Audited Financial Statements

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017



Executive Board Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council 303 Corporate Center Drive, Suite 208 Vandalia, Ohio 45377

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council, Montgomery County, prepared by Rea & Associates, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2017. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

December 28, 2018



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December 4, 2018

To the Executive Board Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council 303 Corporate Center Drive, Suite 208 Vandalia, Ohio 45377

Independent Auditor's Report

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council, Montgomery County, Ohio, (the "Council") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Council's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Independent Auditor's Report Page 2 of 3

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council, Montgomery County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of a Matter

As described in Note 12, the Council restated the fund net position balances to account for presenting for the first time its basic financial statements in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis; Schedule of the Council's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of Council Contributions; Liability, Fleet and Property Insurance Program – Reconciliation or Claims Liability by Type of Contract; Liability, Fleet and Property Insurance Program – Schedule of Claims Development; Self-Insured Medical Insurance Benefits Program - Schedule of Claims Development and Self-Insured Dental and Vision Plan Program – Schedule of Claims Development on pages 5-9, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46 and 47, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Independent Auditor's Report Page 3 of 3

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 4, 2018 on our consideration of the Council's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Council's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Lea & Chrociater, Inc.

Lima, Ohio

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Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 (Unaudited)

The discussion and analysis of Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council's (the Council) financial performance provides an overall review of the financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2017. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues and activities and to identify any significant changes in financial position. We encourage the reader to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2017 are as follows:

- The total net position of the Council decreased \$14,666,156. Net position of governmental activities decreased \$180,454 which represents a 36% decrease over 2016. Net position of business-type activities decreased \$14,485,702 or 34% over 2016.
- The Council converted from reporting on a cash basis to generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America (GAAP), resulting in restating June 30, 2016 balances. See Note 12 for further information.

Using this Annual Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. The statements are organized so the reader can understand the Council as a whole entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole Council, presenting both an aggregate view of the Council's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the Council's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the Council, the general fund is the only governmental fund.

Reporting the Council as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While the basic financial statements contain the large number of funds used by the Council to provide programs and activities, the view of the Council as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during fiscal year 2017?" The *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities* answer this question. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 (Unaudited)

These two statements report the Council's net position and changes in net position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the Council as a whole, the financial position of the Council has improved or diminished.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, the Council is divided into two distinct kinds of activities:

Governmental Activities – This is the Council's operating fund.

Business-Type Activities - These services are provided on a charge for goods or services basis to recover all or a significant portion of the expenses of the goods or services provided.

Reporting the Council's Most Significant Fund

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of major fund begins on page 9. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the Council's major funds. The Council uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions; however, these fund financial statements focus on the Council's most significant funds. The Council's major governmental fund is the general fund.

Governmental Funds The Council's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Council's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Proprietary Fund The Council maintains one type of proprietary fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements.

The proprietary fund financial statements begin on page 16.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside of the government. Fiduciary funds are not reported in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Council's programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The fiduciary fund financial statement can be found on page 19 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 (Unaudited)

The Council as a Whole

Table 1 provides a summary of the Council's net position for fiscal years 2017 and 2016.

Table 1 Net Position

	Government	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total			
	2017	Restated 2016	2017	Restated 2016	2017	Restated 2016		
Assets								
Current and Other Assets	\$ 1,545,613	\$ 1,591,218	\$ 57,617,334	\$ 65,204,921	\$ 59,162,947	\$ 66,796,139		
Deferred Outflows of Resources								
Pension	426,860	114,227	0	0	426,860	114,227		
Liabilities								
Current and Other Liabilities	87,035	38,403	29,032,520	22,134,405	29,119,555	22,172,808		
Long Term Liabilities:								
Due Within One Year	56,271	47,710	0	0	56,271	47,710		
Due in More Than One Year								
Net Pension Liability	1,463,837	1,037,129	0	0	1,463,837	1,037,129		
Other Amounts	31,842	27,829	0	0	31,842	27,829		
Total Liabilities	1,638,985	1,151,071	29,032,520	22,134,405	30,671,505	23,285,476		
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Pension	12,925	53,357	0	0	12,925	53,357		
Net Position								
Restricted	538,653	573,824	0	0	538,653	573,824		
Unrestricted	(218,090)	(72,807)	28,584,814	43,070,516	28,366,724	42,997,709		
Total Net Position	\$ 320,563	\$ 501,017	\$ 28,584,814	\$ 43,070,516	\$ 28,905,377	\$ 43,571,533		

Current assets of business-type activities decreased \$7,587,587 resulting from claims exceeding amounts charged to members.

Deferred outflows of resources and net pension liability increased due to accruals related to GASB 68.

Current liabilities of governmental activities increased due to an increase in accrued wages and benefits resulting from a change in the timing of payroll. Current liabilities of the business-type activities increased \$6,898,115, due to claims payable; these estimates can fluctuate and are based on several variables.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 (Unaudited)

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position:

The table below shows the changes in net position for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2017. This will enable the reader to draw further conclusions about the Council's financial status.

Table 2 Changes in Net Position

	 vernmental Activities 2017	Busines Activ	vities		Total 2017
Revenues					
Program Revenues:					
Charges for Services	\$ 1,204,287	\$ 237,0	677,100	\$ 2	38,881,387
General Revenues:					
Investment Earnings	130,220		1,759		131,979
Miscellaneous	999		13,889		14,888
Total General Revenues	 131,219	15,648			146,867
Total Revenues	1,335,506	237,692,748		2	39,028,254
Program Expenses Instruction:					
General Govt	1,515,960		0		1,515,960
Self Help Gas Fund	0		6,363		6,363
Liability, Fleet and Property Insurance	0	3,0	095,134		3,095,134
Medical Benefits Insurance	0	236,	113,320	2	36,113,320
Dental and Vision Insurance Benefits	 0	12,9	963,633		12,963,633
Total Expenses	 1,515,960	252,178,450		2	53,694,410
Change in Net Position	 (180,454)	\$ (14,4	485,702)	\$ (14,666,156)

No comparable information available as Council financial statements were previously reported on a cash basis. Two years of information will be provided when available.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 (Unaudited)

Governmental Fund

The Council's only governmental fund, the general fund, reported a balance of \$1,458,578, which is lower than the prior year restated balance of \$1,552,815 by \$94,237, primarily due to increases in wages and benefits.

Proprietary Funds

The liability, fleet, and property insurance fund net position balance increased \$644,639 as compared to the ending 2016 net position balance. Subrogation decreased by \$393,491, or 90 percent, for fiscal year 2017 due to third party insurance claims. Total expenses decreased by \$432,658, or 12 percent, compared to those reported for the prior year. Incurred claims and adjustment expense were \$369,219 less than the prior year due to a decrease in the number of members from 59 in 2016

The medical insurance benefits fund net position balance decreased \$14,798,565 as compared to the ending 2016 net position balance. The \$14.8 million decrease in net position is due to an increase in medical claims expense exceeding the increase in medical contributions caused by a significant increase in claims in fiscal year 2017 as a result of an increase in membership.

The dental and vision insurance benefits fund net position balance decreased \$325,413 as compared to the ending 2016 net position balance. The \$2,354,845 increase in participant contributions from those reported in the prior year can be attributed to the increase in number of employees paying contributions under the dental and vision coverages for the current year. Dental rates increased 3 percent and vision coverage premium rates did not change over those of the prior plan year. Participant contributions associated with dental coverage account for approximately 90 percent of the total participant contribution while vision and dental coverage accounts for the remaining 10 percent for dental and vision insurance benefit.

As shown in table 2, approximately 94 percent of the \$12.9 million in expenses reported by the Program for fiscal year 2017 were directly related to the settlement of claims. In addition, another 6 percent of the expenses were paid to the third party administrators of the self-insured plans to process and administer the submitted claims. The increase in claims expense and third party administrator expense can be attributed mainly to the increase in covered employees.

The self-help gas fund net position balance decreased \$6,363 as compared to the ending 2016 net position balance.

Contacting the Council's Financial Management:

This financial report is designed to provide member school districts and other users with a general overview of the Council's finances and to show accountability for the monies it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Ken Swink, Program Administrator at 303 Corporate Center Drive, Suite 208, Vandalia, Ohio 45377 or by calling (937) 890-3725.

Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Montgomery County, Ohio Statement of Net Position June 30, 2017

	 Governmental Activities			 Total
Assets				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 1,540,539	\$	33,105,120	\$ 34,645,659
Receivables:			_	
Accounts	1,679		0	1,679
Accrued Interest	3,395		0	3,395
Investments	 0		24,512,214	 24,512,214
Total Assets	 1,545,613		57,617,334	 59,162,947
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Pension	 426,860		0	 426,860
Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	9,341		0	9,341
Accrued Wages and Benefits	67,337		0	67,337
Intergovernmental Payable	10,357		0	10,357
Unearned Participant Contributions	0		9,584,039	9,584,039
Claims Payable	0		19,448,481	19,448,481
Long Term Liabilities:				
Due Within One Year	56,271		0	56,271
Due In More Than One Year:	,			,
Net Pension Liability	1,463,837		0	1,463,837
Other Amounts Due in More Than One Year	31,842		0	31,842
Total Liabilities	 1,638,985		29,032,520	 30,671,505
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Pension	 12,925		0	 12,925
Net Position				
Restricted For:				
Program Rebates Owed to Members	538,653		0	538,653
Unrestricted	(218,090)		28,584,814	28,366,724
Total Net Position	\$ 320,563	\$	28,584,814	\$ 28,905,377

Statements of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

				Program Revenues		Cha	Rev	(Expense) renue and in Net Position	
	Expens	es		Charges for Services and Sales	(Governmental Activities	В	usiness-Type Activities	 Total
Governmental Activities									
General Government	\$ 1,51	5,960	\$	1,204,287	\$	(311,673)	\$	0	\$ (311,673)
Total Governmental Activities	1,51	5,960		1,204,287		(311,673)		0	 (311,673)
Business-Type Activities Self Help Gas Fund		6,363		0		0		(6,363)	(6,363)
Liability, Fleet and Property Insurance Program		5,134		3,733,499		0		638,365	638,365
Self-Insured Medical Insurance Benefits Program	236,11			221,308,014		0		(14,805,306)	(14,805,306)
Self-Insured Dental and Vision Plan Program	12,96	3,633		12,635,587		0		(328,046)	 (328,046)
Total Business-Type Activities	252,17	8,450	_	237,677,100		0		(14,501,350)	 (14,501,350)
Totals	\$ 253,69	4,410	\$	238,881,387		(311,673)		(14,501,350)	 (14,813,023)
General Revenues									
Investment Income						130,220		1,759	131,979
Miscellaneous						999		13,889	 14,888
Total General Revenues						131,219		15,648	 146,867
Change in Net Position						(180,454)		(14,485,702)	(14,666,156)
Net Position Beginning of Year , Restated See Note 1	2					501,017		43,070,516	 43,571,533
Net Position End of Year					\$	320,563	\$	28,584,814	\$ 28,905,377

Balance Sheet Governmental Fund June 30, 2017

	General Fund		
Assets			
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	1,540,539	
Receivables:			
Accrued Interest		1,679	
Accounts		3,395	
Total Assets	\$	1,545,613	
Liabilities			
Accounts Payable	\$	9,341	
Accrued Wages and Benefits		67,337	
Intergovernmental Payable		10,357	
Total Liabilities		87,035	
Fund Balances			
Restricted for Program Rebates Owed to Members		538,653	
Unassigned		919,925	
Total Fund Balances		1,458,578	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	1,545,613	

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balance to Net Position of Governmental Activities June 30, 2017

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$ 1,458,578
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
The net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period; therefore,		
the liability and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in the funds.	426.960	
Deferred Outflows - Pension	426,860	
Deferred Inflows - Pension	(12,925)	(4.040.000)
Net Pension Liability	(1,463,837)	(1,049,902)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Compensated Absences		 (88,113)
Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 320,563

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	General
Revenues	
Member Events	\$ 72,949
Investment Income	130,220
Charges for Services	1,131,338
Miscellaneous	999
Total Revenues	1,335,506
Expenditures	
Current:	
General Government	1,414,914
Capital Outlay	 14,829
Total Expenditures	 1,429,743
Net Change in Fund Balance	(94,237)
Fund Balances Beginning of Year, Restated See Note 12	 1,552,815
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 1,458,578

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Fund to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (94,237)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds;	
however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows.	107,866
Except for amount reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension	
liability is reported as pension expense in the statement of activities.	(181,509)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of the current	
financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Compensated Absences	 (12,574)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (180,454)

Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council

Montgomery County, Ohio

Statement of Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2017

		Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds									
	Lia	ability, Fleet,		Medical	I	Dental and					
	a	nd Property		Benefits	Vis	ion Insurance	N	Non-Major			
		Insurance		Insurance		Benefits	E	Enterprise			
		Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund		Total	
Assets											
Current Assets											
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,607,477	\$	30,198,283	\$	1,135,488	\$	163,872	\$	33,105,120	
Non-Current Assets:											
Investments		1,320,991		22,243,298		947,925		0		24,512,214	
Total Assets		2,928,468		52,441,581		2,083,413		163,872		57,617,334	
Liabilities											
Current Liabilities											
Unearned Participant Contributions		228,957		8,827,029		528,053		0		9,584,039	
Claims Payable		1,219,481		17,600,000		629,000		0		19,448,481	
Total Liabilities		1,448,438		26,427,029		1,157,053		0		29,032,520	
Net Position											
Unrestricted	\$	1,480,030	\$	26,014,552	\$	926,360	\$	163,872	\$	28,584,814	

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

				Business-	Гуре Activities - Ente	rprise l	Funds		
	Liability, Fleet, and Property Insurance Fund			Medical Benefits Insurance Fund	Dental and Vision Insurance Benefits Fund		Non-Major Enterprise Fund		Total
Operating Revenues									
Member Premiums	\$	3,690,221	\$	0	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	3,690,221
Subrogation		43,278		0	0		0		43,278
Member Contributions:									
Participant Contributions		0		214,711,970	12,635,587		0		227,347,557
Excess Insurance Premiums		0		(2,149,701)	0		0		(2,149,701)
Prescription Rebates		0		7,830,776	0		0		7,830,776
Life Insurance Premium Contributions		0		914,969	0		0		914,969
Other Revenues		0		9,132	4,757		0		13,889
Total Operating Revenues		3,733,499		221,317,146	12,640,344	_	0		237,690,989
Operating Expenses									
Administrator Fees		337,135		11,886,514	757,587		0		12,981,236
Claims Expense		2,727,079		220,649,092	12,127,564		0		235,503,735
Wellness Program		0		1,768,253	0		0		1,768,253
Life Insurance Policy Premiums		0		893,261	0		0		893,261
COBRA Expense		0		0	78,482		0		78,482
Other Contractual Services		30,920		916,200	0		6,363		953,483
Total Operating Expenses		3,095,134		236,113,320	12,963,633	_	6,363		252,178,450
Operating Income (Loss)		638,365		(14,796,174)	(323,289)	(6,363)		(14,487,461)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)									
Investment Income		6,274		(2,391)	(2,124	<u> </u>	0		1,759
Change in Net Position		644,639		(14,798,565)	(325,413)	(6,363)		(14,485,702)
Net Position Beginning of Year, Restated See Note 12		835,391		40,813,117	1,251,773		170,235		43,070,516
Net Position End of Year	\$	1,480,030	\$	26,014,552	\$ 926,360	\$	163,872	\$	28,584,814

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds								
	a	ability, Fleet, nd Property Insurance Fund	Medical Benefits Insurance Fund	Dental and Vision Insurance Benefits Fund		Self Help Gas Fund		Total	
Cash Flows From Operating Activities									
Cash Received from Premium Contributions	\$	3,563,353	\$ 216,122,844	\$	12,661,738	\$	0	\$	232,347,935
Cash Received from Subrogation		43,278	0		0		0		43,278
Cash Received from Prescription Rebates		0	7,830,776		0		0		7,830,776
Cash Received from Life Insurance Premiums		0	914,969		0		0		914,969
Cash Received for Other Purposes		0	9,132		4,757		0		13,889
Cash Payments for Claim Payments		(2,650,121)	(215,135,092)		(12,130,564)		0		(229,915,777)
Cash Payment for Excess Insurance		0	(2,149,701)		0		0		(2,149,701)
Cash Payments for Program Administration and Claims Processing		(337,135)	(11,886,514)		(749,674)		0		(12,973,323)
Cash Payments for Wellness Program		0	(1,768,253)		0		0		(1,768,253)
Cash Payments for Other Contractual Services		0	(916,200)		0		0		(916,200)
Cash Payments for Life Insurance Policy Premiums		0	(893,261)		0		0		(893,261)
Cash Payments for Other Operating Expenses		(30,920)	0		(86,395)		(6,363)		(123,678)
Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities		588,455	(7,871,300)		(300,138)		(6,363)		(7,589,346)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities									
Interest on Investments		582	(2,391)		0		0		(1,809)
Cash Received From Sale of Investments		0	(7,326,159)		0		0		(7,326,159)
Cash Payments for Purchase of Investments		0	2,828,518		0		0		2,828,518
Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Investing Activities		582	(4,500,032)		0	-	0		(4,499,450)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		589,037	(12,371,332)		(300,138)		(6,363)		(12,088,796)
		*			, , ,				
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year		1,018,440	42,569,615	_	1,435,626		170,235		45,193,916
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$	1,607,477	\$ 30,198,283	\$	1,135,488	\$	163,872	\$	33,105,120
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities									
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	638,365	\$ (14,796,174)	\$	(323,289)	\$	(6,363)	\$	(14,487,461)
Adjustments: Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities/Deferred Inflows of Resources:									
Claims Payable		76,958	5,514,000		(3,000)		0		5,587,958
Unearned Participant Contributions		(126,868)	1,410,874		26,151		0		1,310,157
Total Adjustments		(49,910)	6,924,874		23,151		0		6,898,115
Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities	\$	588,455	\$ (7,871,300)	\$	(300,138)	\$	(6,363)	\$	(7,589,346)

Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities
Fiduciary Funds
June 30, 2017

		Agency				
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	217,527				
Liabilities Undistributed Monies	_\$	217,527				

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

NOTE 1 – DESCRIPTION OF THE COUNCIL

The Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council, Montgomery County (the Council), is a not-for-profit regional council of governments established under Chapter 167 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Council is directed by a member-elected eleven member Executive Board. The Council provides joint purchasing and other educational services for approximately 150 school districts in southwest Ohio by the cooperative action of the membership.

Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to insure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the Council consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the Council. For the Council, this includes general operations and enterprise funds of the Council.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the Council is financially accountable. The Council is financially accountable for an organization if the Council appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the Council is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the Council is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the Council is legally obligated or has assumed responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the Council is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations for which the Council approves the budget, the levying of taxes or the issuance of debt. The Council does not have any component units.

The Council's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Council is financially accountable.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Council have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for the establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Council's accounting policies and practices are described below.

Basis of Presentation

The Council's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including the statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Government-Wide Financial Statements - The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Council as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government except for fiduciary funds. These statements distinguish between those activities of the Council that are governmental in nature and those that are considered business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through intergovernmental receipts or other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the Council at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the Council's governmental activities and for the business-type activities of the Council. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function.

Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues, which are not classified as program revenues, are presented as general revenues of the Council, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the Council.

Fund Financial Statements - During the fiscal year, the Council segregates transactions related to certain Council functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the Council at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

Proprietary fund statements distinguish operating transactions from nonoperating transactions. Operating receipts generally result from exchange transactions such as charges for services directly relating to the fund's principal services. Operating disbursements include costs of sales and services and administrative costs. The fund statements report all other receipts and disbursements as nonoperating.

Fund Accounting

The Council uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the Council are divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds - The Council classifies funds financed primarily from intergovernmental receipts (e.g. grants) and other nonexchange transactions as governmental funds. The following is the Council's only governmental fund:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

General Fund - The General Fund is the operating fund of the Council and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Proprietary Funds - Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position and cash flows. Proprietary funds are classified as either enterprise or internal service.

Enterprise Funds - These funds account for the financing of goods and services provided by the Council to member school districts with the intent of recovering the cost of the goods or services through the fees charged to the participating member districts. The following are the significant enterprise funds of the Council:

Liability, Fleet and Property Insurance Fund - This fund accounts for the activity of the insurance pool (risk pool) offered by the Council. Premium rates are set by the Council and remitted on an annual basis by participating districts. The Council has contracted with Arthur J. Gallagher Inc. to provide marketing, excess insurance placement, and support services for the Plan. See Note 6 for additional information on the Liability, Fleet, and Property insurance pool.

Medical Benefits Insurance Fund – This fund accounts for the activity of the medical benefits pools (risk pool) administered by the Council. Premium rates are established by the Council based on the recommendation of the third party administrators (TPA) and are remitted on a monthly basis by participating districts. Medical benefits are offered through two different plan options; Anthem and United HealthCare. Claims are submitted under each option are processed by the respective insurance companies, who are the TPAs, in accordance with benefits established by the participating districts. Effective November 2008, life insurance coverage was added to the benefits provided through the Medical Benefits Program. Life and accidental death and dismemberment coverage is provided to employees of participating districts through fully insured policies with Sun Life Insurance Company. Coverage amounts are determined by the individual participating districts and all insurance contracts are between Sun Life Insurance Company and the districts. See Note 6 for additional information on the Medical Benefits Program.

Dental and Vision Insurance Benefits Fund – This fund accounts for the activity of the dental and vision benefits pools (risk pools) administered by the Council. Premium rates are established by the Council based on the recommendation of the third party administrators (TPA) and are remitted on a monthly basis by participating districts. Claims are processed by the TPA, currently Delta Dental for dental coverage and Vision Service Plan for vision coverage, in accordance with benefits established by the member districts of the Council. See Note 6 for additional information on the Dental and Vision Benefits Program.

Other Enterprise Fund – This fund receives monies for utility services to the participating districts. Previously this fund was used to collect monthly payments from participating districts and then remitting those payments in whole to the energy provider. When the program changed energy providers in 2013, monthly invoices started going directly to the participating districts for payment. The funds remaining are used by the Council to pay the legal costs of operating the energy program.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Fiduciary Funds – These funds are purely custodial in nature and are used to hold resources for individuals, organizations or other governments. The Council disburses these funds as directed by the individual, organization or other governments. The Council's agency fund accounts for activity related to the Association of Educational Purchasing Agencies (AEPA).

Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the Council are included on the statement of net position.

Fund Financial Statements - All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and deferred outflows of resources and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, all proprietary fund types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of fund net position. The statement of changes in fund net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net position. The statement of cash flows provides information about the Council finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the basic financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary funds use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred inflows/outflows of resources, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. For the Council, available means expected to be received within thirty days of year-end.

Nonexchange transactions are those, in which the Council receives value without directly giving equal value in return.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: interest and rebates.

Deferred Inflows of Resources and Deferred Outflows of Resources - In addition to assets, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the Council, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the government-wide statement of net position for deferred charges for pension. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension are explained in Note 4.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized until that time. For the Council, deferred inflows of resources are pension (See Note 4).

Expense/Expenditures - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

Budgetary Process

The Council is not bound by the budgetary laws prescribed by the Ohio Revised Code. The Board annually approves the budget for the Council. The budget includes an estimate of amounts expected to be received and expended (appropriations) by the Council during the fiscal year. Budget amendments are approved by the Board of Trustees during the year as required. The Council reserves (encumbers) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at fiscal year end are carried over, and need not be reappropriated.

Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the Council is pooled. Monies for all funds, including proprietary funds, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the Council's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and investments" on the basic financial statements. Investments with an original maturity of more than 90 days that are not made from the pool are reported as investments.

Investments are carried at stated market value. Realized gains and losses are determined on the identified cost basis. Unrealized gains and (losses) are included as a component of investment earnings.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

The Council's investment policy authorizes the Program to invest in any investment meeting the requirements of the Ohio Revised Code. Permitted investments include obligations of the United States Government, or other investments where the principal and interest are collateralized by the full faith and credit of the United States Government, bonds or other obligations issued by any federal agency or instrumentality, and bonds of the State of Ohio and its political subdivisions.

Under existing Ohio statute, interest earnings are allotted to the general fund unless the Council has, by resolution, specified funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2017 amounted to \$130,220 which includes \$25,420 assigned from other Council funds.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Council is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental fund. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable – The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributions, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed – The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action by the Council's governing board. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the governing board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned – Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the Council for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. The assigned amount in the general fund represents intended uses established by the Council's governing board.

Unassigned – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all amounts not contained in the other classifications.

Property, Plant and Equipment

Governmental capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective fund. The Council maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The Council has no property, plant or equipment.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the Council consist of vacation leave and sick leave liabilities to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the Council and the employee.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported in the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, compensated absences and net pension liability that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year.

Claims Payable

Provision for claims payable is based on information calculated by the TPA and the Council's actuary. This amount represents claims that have been processed but not yet presented for payment and an estimate of reported, unpaid claims, plus a provision for claims incurred but not reported. The Council believes this estimate of its liability for claims payable is reasonable and supported by valid actuarial calculations; however, actual incurred claim expense may not conform to the assumptions inherent in the determination of the liability. Accordingly, the ultimate settlement of claims may vary from the estimated amounts included in the accompanying financial statements.

Should the provisions for claims payable not be sufficient, the Council will utilize unrestricted net position to cover the excess claims. Future member contributions will be adjusted at the next renewal date, if necessary, to ensure adequate reserve coverage is maintained.

Unearned Participant Contributions

Unearned participant contributions represent contributions from member school districts received prior to the end of the fiscal year but are intended to fund required contributions for the subsequent fiscal year.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension systems report investments at fair value.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Interfund Transactions

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the government-wide financial statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues. Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/transfers in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the Council. These revenues represent member premiums that are paid annually by participating entities and are recognized as revenue over the policy period. Operating expenses are necessary costs that have been incurred in order to provide the good or service that is the primary activity of the Council. Any revenues and expenses not meeting the definitions of operating are reported as non-operating.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. At fiscal year-end, there was no net position restricted for enabling legislation.

The Council applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the Council's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Tax Status

The Council is exempt from federal, state and local taxes due to the fact that it is defined as a council of governments under the Ohio Revised Code.

ERISA

Due to the Council being deemed a governmental plan by the Internal Revenue Service, it is not covered by the rules and regulations of ERISA, Title I.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Implementation of New Accounting Principles

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the Council has implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 77, Tax Abatement Disclosures, GASB Statement No. 78, Pensions Provided through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans, GASB Statement No. 80, Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14 and GASB Statement No. 82, Pension Issues - an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73.

GASB Statement No. 77 requires disclosure of tax abatement information about (1) a reporting government's own tax abatement agreements and (2) those that are entered into by other governments and that reduce the reporting government's tax revenues. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 77 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Council.

GASB Statement No. 78 amends the scope of GASB Statement No. 68 to exclude certain multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans provided to employees of state and local governments on the basis that obtaining the measurements and other information required by GASB Statement No. 68 was not feasible. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 78 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Council.

GASB Statement No. 80 amends the blending requirements for the financial statement presentation of component units of all state and local governments. The additional criterion requires blending of a component unit incorporated as a not-for-profit corporation in which the primary government is the sole corporate member. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 80 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Council.

GASB Statement No. 82 improves consistency in the application of pension accounting. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 82 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Council.

NOTE 3 – POOLED CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The Council maintains a cash and investment pool used by all funds. The Constitution and By-Laws prescribe allowable deposits and investments. Information regarding the Council's deposits and investments at June 30, 2017 was as follows:

Deposits

Protection of the Council's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by the financial institutions participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Investments

The following is a summary of the Council's investments, including pooled investments, as of June 30, 2017:

			Percent of M			Matu	rities (in Years			
	Measurement		Total		Less than		1 - 3		Greater Than	
Investment Type		Value	Investments	1 Year		Years		3 Years		
Negotiable Certificate of Deposits	\$	4,979,837	17.0%	\$	3,065,273	\$	1,914,564	\$	0	
Federal National Mortgage Association		9,871,680	33.6%		3,478,938		2,218,556		4,174,186	
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation		5,824,780	19.8%		699,980		1,654,436		3,470,364	
Federal Home Loan Bank		6,662,085	22.7%		1,232,945		4,292,031		1,137,109	
Federal Farm Credit Bank		2,013,212	6.9%		0		1,865,333		147,879	
Total	\$	29,351,594	100.0%	\$	8,477,136	\$	11,944,920	\$	8,929,538	

The Council categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs. Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The above table identifies the Council's recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2017. The Council's investments measured at fair value are valued using methodologies that incorporate market inputs such as benchmark yields, reported trades, broker/dealer quotes, issuer spreads, two-sided markets, benchmark securities, bids, offers, and reference data including market research publications. Market indicators and industry and economic events are also monitored which could require the need to acquire further market data (Level 2 inputs).

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from erosion of market value or change in market conditions, the Council's investment policy requires investments to mature no later than five years from the settlement date or on the date the invested funds are expected to be disbursed in satisfaction of an obligation of the Council, whichever is earlier.

Credit Risk: The Council's investment policy permits investment in all vehicles permitted by State Law. At the end of fiscal year 2017 the Council's investments in government agency securities were rated AA+ by S & P Global Ratings.

Concentration of Credit Risk: While no specific limit is placed on any one issuer, the investment policy of the Council requires the portfolio to be diversified in order to minimize potential losses with respect to individual securities.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

NOTE 4 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability represents the Council's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the Council's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The Council cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the Council does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *intergovernmental payable* on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description – Council participates in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or before	Eligible to Retire on or after
	August 1, 2017*	August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or
		Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially Reduced	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or
Benefits	Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

^{*}Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on year of service; 2.2 percent for the first 30 years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

One year after an effective benefit date, a benefit recipient is entitled to a three percent cost-of-living adjustment (COLA). This same COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit.

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the Council is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14 percent. SERS did not allocate any employer contributions to the Health Care Fund for fiscal year 2017.

The Council's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$107,866 for fiscal year 2017. Of this amount, \$9,427 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of July 1 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an independent actuarial valuation as of that date. The Council's employer allocation percentage of the net pension liability was based on the employer's share of employer contributions in the pension plan relative to the total employer contributions of all participating employers. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

		SERS
Proportionate Share of the Net		
Pension Liability	\$	1,463,837
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability:		
Current Measurement Date	(0.02000030%
Prior Measurement Date	(0.01817580%
Change in Proportionate Share		0.00182450%
Pension Expense	\$	181,509

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources represent the effect of changes in the net pension liability due to the difference between projected and actual investment earnings, differences between expected and actual actuarial experience, changes in assumptions and changes in the Council's proportion of the collective net pension liability. The deferred outflows and deferred inflows are to be included in pension expense over current and future periods. The difference between projected and actual investment earnings is recognized in pension expense using a straight line method over a five year period beginning in the current year. Deferred outflows and deferred inflows resulting from changes in sources other than differences between projected and actual investment earnings are amortized over the average expected remaining service lives of all members (both active and inactive) using the straight line method. Employer contributions to the pension plan subsequent to the measurement date are also required to be reported as a deferred outflow of resources.

At June 30, 2017, the Council reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	SERS
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Differences between Expected and	
Actual Experience	\$ 19,744
Net Difference between Projected and	
Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	120,747
Changes of Assumptions	97,719
Changes in Proportion and Differences between	
Council Contributions and Proportionate	
Share of Contributions	80,784
Council Contributions Subsequent to the	
Measurement Date	 107,866
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 426,860
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Changes in Proportion and Differences between	
Council Contributions and Proportionate	
Share of Contributions	\$ 12,925

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

\$107,866 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from Council contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	 SERS
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:	_
2018	\$ 83,240
2019	83,156
2020	104,962
2021	 34,711
	\$ 306,069

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2016, are presented below:

Wage Inflation 3.00 percent

Future Salary Increases, including Inflation 3.50 percent to 18.20 percent

COLA or Ad Hoc COLA 3.00 percent

Investment Rate of Return 7.50 percent net of investment expense, including inflation

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal (Level Percent of Payroll)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Mortality rates among active members were based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females. Mortality among service retired members and beneficiaries were based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates and 110 percent of female rates. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period ending July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2015. The assumed rate of inflation, payroll growth assumption and assumed real wage growth were reduced in the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation. The rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability updated to reflect recent experience and mortality rates were also updated.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined by using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating an arithmetic weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major assets class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00 %	0.50 %
US Stocks	22.50	4.75
Non-US Stocks	22.50	7.00
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	8.00
Real Assets	15.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	10.00	3.00
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.50 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Sensitivity of the Council's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the Council's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.50 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate.

	Current							
	 Decrease (6.50%)	Dis	scount Rate (7.50%)	1% Increase (8.50%)				
Council's Proportionate Share								
of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 1,938,030	\$	1,463,837	\$	1,066,919			

NOTE 5 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

School Employees Retirement System

Health Care Plan Description - The Council contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 45 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage, and traditional indemnity plans as well as a prescription drug program. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Health care is financed through a combination of employer contributions and retiree premiums, copays and deductibles on covered health care expenses, investment returns, and any funds received as a result of SERS' participation in Medicare programs. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Retirees and their beneficiaries are required to pay a health care premium that varies depending on the plan selected, the number of qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required basic benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. For fiscal year 2017, SERS did not allocate any employer contributions to the Health Care fund. In addition, employers pay a surcharge for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned. For fiscal year 2017, this amount was \$23,500. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

For fiscal years 2016 and 2017, SERS did not allocate employer contributions to the Health Care fund. The Council's contributions for health care for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, was \$0. The full amount has been contributed for fiscal year 2015.

NOTE 6 – COUNCIL PROGRAMS AND CLAIMS RESERVE

Liability, Property and Fleet Insurance Pool

In July 2003, the Council established the Liability, Fleet, and Property Insurance Program (the LFP Program) as authorized by Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code to provide property, general liability, school leader's errors and omissions, automobile, excess liability, crime, surety and bond, inland marine and other coverage to participating members. The LFP Program has agreed to pay judgments, settlements and other expenses resulting from claims arising related to the coverage provided in excess of the member's deductible. There were 51 entities participating in the LFP Program in fiscal year 2017. The LFP Program has chosen to adopt the forms and endorsements of conventional insurance coverage and to purchase specific and aggregate stop loss insurance in excess of a given retention to pay individual and collective losses. Therefore, the individual members are only responsible for their self-insured retention (deductible) amounts that may vary from member to member.

The LFP Program retained the first \$150,000 of each loss for general liability, automobile, crime and surety and property claims for fiscal year 2017 which is the same self-retained risk limit established for the prior year. Each member has a maintenance deductible of \$5,000 for property and crime claims, \$1,000 for automobile physical damage; \$3,500 per occurrence for boiler & machinery deductible; deductible for legal liability is \$10,000 per occurrence; and \$25,000 deductible per occurrence for pollution legal liability. Stop loss insurance is purchased for the Council and coverage amounts were established for claims in excess of \$1,192,000 and \$1,286,032 for fiscal year 2017 and 2016, respectively. Coverage for boiler and machinery, school board legal liability, as well as pollution legal liability are purchased outside of the LFP Program's retention program.

Excess insurance coverage provided by the LFP Program above the \$150,000 retention per loss are \$350 million per occurrence for excess property (\$10 million in the aggregate for flood and \$25 million in aggregate for earthquake); \$3 million per occurrence and \$1 million per aggregate per district for excess liability (general liability, automobile, school board legal, sexual abuse and molestation, and employee benefits); \$250 million per occurrence for boiler and equipment; \$5 million policy aggregate/\$1 million per incident/\$1 million aggregate per district for pollution legal liability; and \$500,000 each and every loss for criminal acts coverage. In the event the aggregate of all losses exceeds the stop loss calculation for the fiscal year, excess insurance is purchased to cover the first \$150,000 of any additional covered loss.

The LFP Program annually establishes a liability for claims that are based on estimates of the ultimate cost of claims that have been reported but not settled ("case reserve") and of claims that have been incurred but not reported ("IBNR reserve"), net of estimated salvage and subrogation. The length of time for which such costs must be estimated varies depending on the coverage involved. The liabilities established for future claim payments were \$1,219,481 at June 30, 2017.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Medical Benefits Pool

The Self-Insured Medical Insurance Benefits Program (the Medical Program) provides group medical benefits for the employees of participating employers through a risk sharing (self-insurance) pool under two separate plan options: one administered by the Community Insurance Company (dba Anthem) and the other administered by United HealthCare Insurance Company. Claims submitted by covered employees are processed by the third party administrators (TPA), currently United HealthCare and Anthem, in accordance with the benefits negotiated by the participating member school districts of the Medical Program. Payments of these claims are settled by the contributions collected and maintained by the Medical Program and, therefore, the majority of the claim risk remains with the Medical Program.

At June 30, 2017 the United HealthCare plan option had 28 participating member school districts with approximately 7,000 covered employees. The Anthem plan option had 61 participating member school districts with approximately 13,000 covered employees.

Participating member school districts contribute an amount that is determined by the number of eligible employees and dependents for that month multiplied by funding amounts established by the Medical Program at the October 1 renewal date. The funding amounts are based on claim experience, claims administration expenses, and needed reserve amounts. Benefit levels are determined by the participating member school districts in consultation with the Medical Program.

The Medical Program has purchased stop-loss insurance to help minimize its total risk exposure. Stop-loss insurance limits were set at \$550,000 specific claims expected for Anthem and United HealthCare, for fiscal year 2017. Each plan option has an effective policy year of October 1 through September 30 of the following calendar year.

The Medical Program annually establishes a provision for claims payable based on information calculated by the TPA and the Medical Program's actuary. This amount represents claims that have been processed but not yet presented for payment and an estimate of reported, unpaid claims, plus a provision for claims incurred but not yet reported. The liabilities established for future claim payments were \$17,600,000 at June 30, 2017.

The Medical Program offers a group life insurance plan option for member school districts. This plan offers life and accidental death and dismemberment coverage to employees of participating districts through fully insured policies with Sun Life Insurance Company. Coverage amounts are determined by the individual participating districts and all insurance contracts are between Sun Life Insurance Company and the districts. The Medical Program collects and remits the flat rate, monthly policy premium to Sun Life Insurance Company for the participating districts. As of June 30, 2017 there were 59 participating districts in the program covering approximately 15,000 employees.

Dental and Vision Benefits Pool

The Self-Insured Dental and Vision Benefits Program (Dental Program) provides dental and vision insurance coverage for employees of participating employers through a risk sharing (self-insurance) pool. Individual benefit coverage limits are set by negotiations between the Dental Program and the participating school districts. With the relatively low individual benefit levels, the Dental Program does not have stop-loss insurance coverage for its dental or vision plans.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

The Dental Program pays the dental and vision claims submitted by covered employees from contributions collected and maintained by the Dental Program, and therefore, the risk remains with the Dental Program. Claims for both types of insurance coverage are processed by a third party administrator (TPA), currently Delta Dental for dental coverage and Vision Service Plan for vision coverage, in accordance with benefits established by the Dental Program.

Participating member school districts contribute an amount that is determined by the number of eligible employees and dependents for that month multiplied by funding amounts established at the renewal date for each plan, which is October 1 for both plans. The funding amounts are based on claim experience, claims administration expenses, and needed reserve amounts. Every other year school districts are reassessed individually to ensure contributions are in line with average claim costs encountered over the previous two years. Historically, in the off year, all participating school districts have received the same renewal percentage change.

As of June 30, 2017, the dental coverage there was 70 participating member school districts covering approximately 8,600 eligible employees and their dependents. Vision coverage was offered by 54 participating member school districts with approximately 5,300 covered employees and dependents.

The Dental Program annually establishes a provision for claims payable based on information calculated by the TPA and the Medical Program's actuary. This amount represents claims that have been processed but not yet presented for payment and an estimate of reported, unpaid claims, plus a provision for claims incurred but not yet reported. The liabilities established for future claim payments were \$629,000 at June 30, 2017.

As discussed in Note 2, the Council establishes a reserve for claims payable which includes both reported and incurred but unreported reported claims. The changes in the reserve for claims payable for the last two fiscal years are as follows:

Liability	Begi	ginning of Year		Beginning of Year		Current Year		Claim		nd of Year
Year		Liability		Claims		Payments		Liability		
Liability, Prop	erty a	nd Fleet Insura	nce							
2017	\$	1,142,523	\$	2,727,079	\$	(2,650,121)	\$	1,219,481		
2016		1,572,476		1,102,384		(1,532,337)		1,142,523		
Medical Bene	efits									
2017	\$	12,086,000	\$	220,649,092	\$	(215,135,092)	\$	17,600,000		
2016		11,572,000		164,400,243		(163,886,243)		12,086,000		
Dental and Vision Benefits										
2017	\$	632,000	\$	12,127,564	\$	(12,130,564)	\$	629,000		
2016		501,000		9,131,096		(9,000,096)		632,000		

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

NOTE 7 – LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS

During the fiscal year 2017, the following changes occurred in governmental activities long-term obligations.

	Restated Balance July 1, 2016		Additions Deductions			eductions		Balance ne 30, 2017	Amount Due Within One Year	
Governmental Activities:		uly 1, 2010		raditions	100	ductions		nc 30, 2017		iic i cai
Net Pension Liability:										
SERS	\$	1,037,129	\$	426,708	\$	0	\$	1,463,837	\$	0
Total Net Pension Liability		1,037,129		426,708		0		1,463,837		0
Other Long-Term Liabilities:										
Compensated Absences		75,539		60,284		47,710		88,113		56,271
Total Other Long-Term Liabilities		75,539		60,284		47,710		88,113		56,271
Total Long Term Liabilities	\$	1,112,668	\$	486,992	\$	47,710	\$	1,551,950	\$	56,271
			_				_		_	

Compensated Absences: Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employee's salary is paid which, for the Council, is the general fund.

Net Pension Liability: There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability however, employer pension is primarily made from the general fund. For additional information related to net pension liability see Note 4.

NOTE 8 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The Council has obtained commercial insurance for the following risks:

- Comprehensive property and general liability
- Errors and omissions
- Cyber liability coverage for \$1 million per occurrence/\$5 million aggregate

Coverage amounts have not significantly decreased since the prior year nor have claims exceeded coverage limits in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 9 – OPERATING LEASE

The Council (the "Lessee") has an operating lease with 303 Corporate Center LLC, Vandalia, Ohio (the "Lessor") for office space. The Council signed a new lease for a five year period commencing on January 1, 2015 and ending on December 31, 2020. Lease payments for fiscal year 2017 amounted to \$72,263 for the operating lease.

The base rent shall be \$6,022 per month for a period of 60 months beginning July 1, 2015 through December 30, 2020. The Council after the initial term has the right to lease on a month to month basis. The lease can be terminated by 30 days written notice to the Lessor.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

The future minimum payments for this lease is as follows:

Fiscal Year ending June 30:	
2018	\$ 72,263
2019	72,263
2020	72,263
2021	 36,131
	\$ 252,920

NOTE 10 – CONTINGENCIES - LITIGATION

The Council is party to various legal proceedings, which normally occur in the course of claims processing operations of the Liability, Fleet and Property Insurance Pool operated by the Council. Such litigation is associated with seeking subrogation judgments against responsible parties as well as representing participating districts against claims filed against them. Management believes that the outcome of such claims has been adequately accounted for in the claims reserve liability and any excess will be covered by insurance carriers that provide excess insurance and reinsurance contracts. Nevertheless, due to uncertainties in the settlement process, it is possible the actual outcome of these claims could change materially from the results currently expected.

NOTE 11 – JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION

The Council is a participant in META Solutions which was created through a merger between Tri-Rivers Education Computer Association (TRECA) and Metropolitan Educational Council (MEC). This organization is a comprehensive educational solutions provider comprised of over 400 school districts, libraries and other public organizations. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school Councils. During fiscal year 2017, the Council paid \$6,413 to META Solutions for various services. Financial information can be obtained from META Solutions, 100 Executive Drive, Marion, Ohio 43302.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

NOTE 12 – RESTATEMENT OF FUND BALANCE/NET POSITION

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the Council has presented for the first time its basic financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). In conjunction with this presentation, the Council has converted its governmental fund to the accrual basis of accounting.

Accrual Basis Adjustments - the conversion of the activities from the cash-basis of accounting to the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting required certain adjustments to be recorded at June 30, 2016 to the net cash position as previously reported to reflect the prior year's effect of adopting these new accounting principles.

	General	Governmental
	Fund	Activities
Beginning cash balances, June 30, 2016	\$ 1,556,218	\$ 1,556,218
Adjustments:		
Accounts Receivable	35,000	35,000
Deferred Outflows of Resources - Pension	0	114,227
Accounts Payable	(10,167)	(10,167)
Accrued Wages	(24,300)	(24,300)
Intergovernmental Payable	(3,936)	(3,936)
Due in One Year - Compensated Absences Payable	0	(47,710)
Due in More Than One Year - Compensated Absences Payable	0	(27,829)
Net Pension Liability	0	(1,037,129)
Deferred Inflows of Resources - Pension	0	(53,357)
Beginning balances, July 1, 2016	\$ 1,552,815	\$ 501,017

Liability, Fleet		et Medical		D	Dental and																																				
an	and Property		and Property		and Property		and Property		and Property		and Property		and Property		and Property		and Property		and Property		and Property		and Property		and Property		and Property		and Property		and Property		d Property Benefits		Benefits	Vision Insurance		Self Help		Total	
Insurance		Insurance		Insurance		Insurance		Insurance Insurance		Benefits		Gas		Business-Type																											
	Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund		Activities																																
\$	2,334,404	\$	60,293,869	\$	2,385,674	\$	170,235	\$	65,184,182																																
	(665)		21,404		0		0		20,739																																
	(1,142,523)		(12,086,000)		(632,000)		0		(13,860,523)																																
	(355,825)		(7,416,156)		(501,901)		0		(8,273,882)																																
\$	835,391	\$	40,813,117	\$	1,251,773	\$	170,235	\$	43,070,516																																
	ar	and Property Insurance Fund \$ 2,334,404 (665) (1,142,523) (355,825)	and Property Insurance Fund \$ 2,334,404 \$ (665) (1,142,523) (355,825)	and Property Insurance Fund \$ 2,334,404 \$ (665) (1,142,523) (12,086,000) (355,825) Benefits Insurance Fund \$ 1,404 (1,142,523) (12,086,000) (7,416,156)	and Property Insurance Fund \$ 2,334,404 \$ 60,293,869 \$ (665) (1,142,523) (12,086,000) (355,825) \$ (7,416,156)	and Property Benefits Vision Insurance Insurance Insurance Benefits Fund Fund Fund \$ 2,334,404 \$ 60,293,869 \$ 2,385,674 (665) 21,404 0 (1,142,523) (12,086,000) (632,000) (355,825) (7,416,156) (501,901)	and Property Benefits Vision Insurance S Insurance Insurance Benefits S Fund Fund Fund Fund \$ 2,334,404 \$ 60,293,869 \$ 2,385,674 \$ (665) 21,404 0 0 (1,142,523) (12,086,000) (632,000) (632,000) (355,825) (7,416,156) (501,901)	and Property Benefits Vision Insurance Self Help Insurance Insurance Benefits Gas Fund Fund Fund Fund \$ 2,334,404 \$ 60,293,869 \$ 2,385,674 \$ 170,235 (665) 21,404 0 0 (1,142,523) (12,086,000) (632,000) 0 (355,825) (7,416,156) (501,901) 0	and Property Benefits Vision Insurance Self Help Insurance Insurance Benefits Gas Bu Fund Fund Fund Fund Fund \$ 2,334,404 \$ 60,293,869 \$ 2,385,674 \$ 170,235 \$ (665) 21,404 0 0 0 (1,142,523) (12,086,000) (632,000) 0 0 (355,825) (7,416,156) (501,901) 0 0																																

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the Council's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Last Four Fiscal Years (1)

	2017	2016	2015	2014
School Employees Retirement System (SERS)				
Council's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.02000030%	0.01817580%	0.01860500%	0.01860500%
Council's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 1,463,837	\$ 1,037,129	\$ 941,588	\$ 1,106,380
Council's Covered Payroll	\$ 696,629	\$ 581,222	\$ 636,068	\$ 481,358
Council's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	210.13%	178.44%	148.03%	229.85%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	62.98%	69.16%	71.70%	65.52%

⁽¹⁾ Information prior to 2014 is not available.

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date, which is the prior fiscal year.

Notes:

School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Changes of Benefit Terms: None.

Changes of Assumptions: Amounts reported in 2017 reflect an adjustment of the rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability to more closely reflect actual experience and the expectation of retired life mortality was based on RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Tables and RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table. The following reductions were also made to the actuarial assumptions:

- Discount rate from 7.75% to 7.50%
- Assumed rate of inflation from 3.25% to 3.00%
- Payroll growth assumption from 4.00% to 3.50%
- Assumed real wage growth from 0.75% to 0.50%

Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Montgomery County, Ohio Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Council Contributions Last Two Fiscal Years

	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
School Employees Retirement System (SERS)					
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 107,866	\$ 97,528	\$ 76,605	\$ 88,159	\$ 66,620
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(107,866)	 (97,528)	 (76,605)	 (88,159)	 (66,620)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Council's Covered Payroll	\$ 770,471	\$ 696,629	\$ 581,222	\$ 636,068	\$ 481,358
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.00%	14.00%	13.18%	13.86%	13.84%

Information for prior years are not available

SOUTHWESTERN OHIO EDUCATIONAL PURCHASING COUNCIL'S LIABILITY, FLEET AND PROPERTY INSURANCE PROGRAM

Montgomery County, Ohio

Reconciliation of Claims Liabilities by Type of Contract Years Ended June 30, 2017 and 2016

		Fiscal Year 2017	
	Casualty Liability	Property Liability	Total
Claims payable - beginning of year	\$ 622,646	\$ 519,877	\$ 1,142,523
Incurred claims and claim adjustments: Provision for insured events of the current year Change in provision for insured events of prior year	534,386 1,112,507	350,500 729,686	884,886 1,842,193
Total incurred claims and claim adjustments	1,646,893	1,080,186	2,727,079
Payments: Claim payments attributable to claims of current year Claim payments attributable to claims of prior years Total payments	118,046 1,436,280 1,554,326	153,749 942,046 1,095,795	271,795 2,378,326 2,650,121
Claims payable - end of year	\$ 715,213	\$ 504,268	\$ 1,219,481
	Casualty Liability	Fiscal Year 2016 Property Liability	Total
Claims payable - beginning of year	\$ 693,052	\$ 879,424	\$ 1,572,476
Incurred claims and claim adjustments: Provision for insured events of the current year Change in provision for insured events of prior year	513,031 145,029	346,400 97,924	859,431 242,953
Total incurred claims and claim adjustments	658,060	444,324	1,102,384
Payments: Claim payments attributable to claims of current year Claim payments attributable to claims of prior years	167,866 560,600	185,242 618,629	353,108 1,179,229
Total payments	728,466	803,871	1,532,337

SOUTHWESTERN OHIO EDUCATIONAL PURCHASING COUNCIL'S LIABILITY, FLEET AND PROPERTY INSURANCE PROGRAM Montgomery County, Ohio Schedule of Claims Development Last Ten Fiscal Years Ended June 30

			Last Ten Fis	Last Ten Fiscal Years Ended June 30	ine 30					
	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
Keduirea contribution and investment revenue: Earned (paid contributions) and interest Ceded (excess insurance) Net earned	3,696,495 (1,993,914) 1,702,581	3,828,699 (2,090,023) 1,738,676	3,809,555 (2,129,961) 1,679,594	3,578,824 (2,051,216) 1,527,608	3,224,784 (1,782,746) 1,442,038	2,636,981 (1,428,597) 1,208,384	2,521,236 (1,473,369) 1,047,867	2,209,885 (1,187,407) 1,022,478	2,019,953 (1,063,466) 956,487	2,143,529 (1,149,880) 993,649
2. Unallocated expenses:	368,055	335,385	390,904	486,702	468,010	418,683	473,774	340,247	338,801	250,579
Estimated claims and expenses, end of fiscal year: Incurred Ceded Net Incurred	2,727,079 0 2,727,079	859,431 0 859,431	1,641,103 (356,302) 1,284,801	1,490,713 (111,536) 1,379,177	1,197,920 0 1,197,920	1,188,042 (52,042) 1,136,000	1,178,887 (54,390) 1,124,497	848,794 0 848,794	2,123,088 (1,078,238) 1,044,850	1,003,304 (62,924) 940,380
4. Net paid claims as of: End of fiscal year One year later Two years later Three years later Four years later Five years later Six years later Seven years later Nine years later	2,650,121	353.108 445,707	390,003 824,860 843,177	483,244 622,838 806,494 826,179	175,084 467,490 810,864 844,810 946,682	167,001 656,406 959,767 1,024,233 1,041,883	197,649 639,379 766,057 885,289 991,168 1,080,258	124,610 551,892 627,816 752,183 752,183 752,183 752,183	832,273 1,329,120 1,045,574 1,054,533 1,051,995 1,042,650 1,042,650 1,042,650 1,525,661	200,324 285,257 378,746 466,485 466,385 466,712 466,117 466,961 461,124
5. Re-estimated net incurred claims and expense, as of: End of fiscal year One year later Two years later Three years later Four years later Five years later Six years later Six years later Six years later Seven years later Seven years later Wine years later	2,727,079	859,431 723,518	1,284,801 1,147,165 1,032,138	1,379,177 947,232 949,421 974,931	1,197,920 887,709 935,498 966,950 946,682	1,136,000 1,107,276 1,125,198 1,130,6436 1,100,65,590	1,124,497 1,124,497 1,093,498 1,083,432 1,118,744 1,080,258 1,080,258	848,794 991,091 926,413 824,275 722,183 752,183 752,183	1,044,850 1,044,850 1,044,850 1,044,850 1,044,850 1,044,850 1,044,850 1,042,650 1,042,650	940,380 481,161 562,557 467,510 467,410 466,760 468,082 467,135 466,961
6. Increase(decrease) in estimated incurred claims and expenses from end of policy year:			(137,636)	(429,756)	(230,970)	(35,943)	(44,239)	(96,611)	(2,200)	(473,419)

SOUTHWESTERN OHIO EDUCATIONAL PURCHASING COUNCIL'S SELF-INSURED MEDICAL INSURANCE BENEFITS PROGRAM Montgomery County, Ohio Schedule of Claims Development For the Last Ten Fiscal Years Ended June 30

	i c				6.00	0.00		9	0000	0000
1. Required medical contributions and other revenues:	7017	7010	2012	2014	2013	7017	7011	7010	7000	7008
Medical Contributions:										
Earned (paid contributions)	\$ 214,711,970		\$ 162,618,485						\$ 96,125,065	\$ 91,703,512
Ceded (excess insurance)	(2,149,701)	(440,080)	(1,658,587)	(1,552,012)	(1,648,570)	(1,594,508)	(1,429,535)	(1,166,122)	(1,038,691)	(1,259,941)
Net medical contributions earned	212,562,269	183,925,689	160,959,898	143,263,971	130,384,992	126,109,260	112,656,570	100,044,391	95,086,374	90,443,571
Prescription rebates	7,830,776	4,610,840	3,440,422	2,905,661	2,618,090	2,253,695	1,609,235	1,254,847	1,106,996	994,918
myesunent levenue and other revenues	(7,241)	077,617	021,001	100,04	104,0/1	127,003	127,491	77,041	144,920	1,113,027
Total medical contributions and other revenues	220,390,654	188,749,749	164,565,446	146,215,293	133,187,153	128,489,960	114,518,296	101,529,079	96,938,298	92,614,116
2. Unallocated expenses:	15,464,228	14,344,706	10,842,500	8,465,803	8,424,833	7,713,628	7,596,840	6,071,660	5,368,800	4,994,738
3. Estimated claims and expenses, end of fiscal year:										
Incurred	220,649,092	165,222,306	147,220,409	129,225,797	121,758,266	122,930,887	105,597,426	102,793,724	93,940,399	86,851,233
Ceded	•	(822,063)	(574,200)	0	(784,819)	(387,558)	(54,679)	(3,034,703)	(540,535)	(428,962)
Net Incurred	220,649,092	164,400,243	146,646,209	129,225,797	120,973,447	122,543,329	105,542,747	99,759,021	93,399,864	86,422,271
4. Net paid claims as of:										
End of fiscal year	199,439,371	152,962,769	137,194,877	118,884,214	111,374,487	115,750,564	98,539,275	91,762,961	84,825,860	79,225,716
One year later	0	168,658,554	148,388,351	128,558,962	120,508,218	123,761,588	105,329,431	98,516,491	92,633,525	87,712,730
Two years later			148,388,351	129,225,797	120,973,447	123,761,588	105,542,747	99,759,021	93,399,864	87,712,730
Three years later				129,225,797	120,973,447	123,761,588	105,542,747	99,759,021	93,399,864	87,712,730
Four years later					120,973,447	123,761,588	105,542,747	99,759,021	93,399,864	87,712,730
Five years later						123,761,588	105,542,747	99,759,021	93,399,864	87,712,730
Six years later							105,542,747	99,759,021	93,399,864	87,712,730
Seven years later								99,759,021	93,399,864	87,712,730
Eight years later									93,399,864	87,712,730
Nine years later										87,712,730
5. Re-estimated net incurred claims and expense, as of:										
End of fiscal year	220,649,092	164,400,243	146,646,209	129,225,797	120,973,447	122,543,329	105,542,747	99,759,021	93,399,864	86,422,271
One year later	0	168,658,554	148,388,351	129,225,797	120,973,447	123,761,588	105,542,747	99,759,021	93,399,864	87,712,730
Two years later			148,388,351	129,225,797	120,973,447	123,761,588	105,542,747	99,759,021	93,399,864	87,712,730
Three years later				129,225,797	120,973,447	123,761,588	105,542,747	99,759,021	93,399,864	87,712,730
Four years later					120,973,447	123,761,588	105,542,747	99,759,021	93,399,864	87,712,730
Five years later						123,761,588	105,542,747	99,759,021	93,399,864	87,712,730
Six years later							105,542,747	99,759,021	93,399,864	87,712,730
Seven years later								99,759,021	93,399,864	87,712,730
Eight years later									93,399,864	87,712,730
Nine years later										87,712,730
6. Increase(decrease) in estimated incurred claims and expenses from end of policy year: (A)	0	4258311	1,742,142	0	0	1218259	0	0	0	1290459
Notes:										

(A) Due to the nature of health claims, it is highly unlikely that any significant claim amount would remain unpaid at the end of the subsequent fiscal year. Therefore, there is no component included in the IBNR calculation for changes in prior years estimated claims and expenses.

SOUTHWESTERN OHIO EDUCATIONAL PURCHASING COUNCIL'S SELF-INSURED DENTAL AND VISION PLAN PROGRAM Montgomery County, Ohio Schedule of Claims Development Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending on June 30

		1	Last Ten Fiscal Teats Enumg on June 50	us Ending on Ju	UC 20					
1. Required contribution and investment revenue:	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
Contributions:										
Earned (paid contributions)	\$ 12,635,587	\$ 10,280,742	\$ 8,273,693	7,720,291	\$ 7,343,646	\$ 7,158,318	\$ 7,077,693	\$ 6,675,194	\$ 6,502,606	\$ 6,596,879
Ceded (excess illsqualice) (A)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Net earned Investment revenue	12,635,587 (2,124)	10,280,742 151	8,273,693 181	7,720,291 189	7,343,646 104	7,158,318	7,077,693	6,675,194 7,062	6,502,606 25,786	6,596,879 73,316
Total contribution and investment revenue	12,633,463	10,280,893	8,273,874	7,720,480	7,343,750	7,158,614	7,077,792	6,682,256	6,528,392	6,670,195
2. Unallocated expenses:	836,069	670,137	579,878	561,313	525,293	499,087	476,358	428,747	375,625	368,384
3. Estimated claims and expenses, end of fiscal year:	12 127 564	0.121.006	7 503 600	300 990 9	001 500	030 355 3	707 650 9	6 310 930	6 201 324	6 106 010
Ceded (A)	12,121,21	0,4151,6	0	0,22,00,22	0,501,060	0,770,900	0,352,191	0,319,630	0,201,324	0,150,515
Net Incurred	12,127,564	9,131,096	7,593,609	6,966,225	6,901,589	6,776,968	6,932,797	6,319,830	6,201,324	6,196,919
4. Net paid claims as of: End of fiscal vear	11.982.870	9.125.780	7.273.593	6.726.616	6.621.117	6.448.311	6.681.405	5.938.084	5.817.920	5.665.130
One year later		9,273,474	7,147,909	6,991,632	6,878,589	6,721,783	7,016,378	6,235,085	6,213,253	6,049,301
Two years later			7,467,925	6,966,225	6,878,589	6,721,783	7,016,378	6,319,830	6,213,253	6,196,919
Three years later				6,966,225	6,878,589	6,721,783	7,016,378	6,319,830	6,213,253	6,196,919
Four years later					6,878,589	6,721,783	7,016,378	6,319,830	6,213,253	6,196,919
Five years later						6,721,783	7,016,378	6,319,830	6,213,253	6,196,919
Six years later							7,016,378	6,319,830	6,213,253	6,196,919
Seven years later								6,319,830	6,213,253	6,196,919
Eigni years Iater Nine years Iater									0,213,233	6,196,919 6,196,919
5. Re-estimated net incurred claims and expense, as of:										
End of fiscal year	12,127,564	9,131,096	7,593,609	6,966,225	6,901,589	896'911'9	6,932,797	6,319,830	6,201,324	6,196,919
One year later		9,273,474	7,467,925	6,966,225	6,878,589	6,721,783	7,016,378	6,319,830	6,213,253	6,196,919
Two years later			7,467,925	6,966,225	6,878,589	6,721,783	7,016,378	6,319,830	6,213,253	6,196,919
Three years later				6,966,225	6,878,589	6,721,783	7,016,378	6,319,830	6,213,253	6,196,919
Four years later					0,8/8,389	0,721,783	7,016,378	6,319,830	6,213,233	6,196,919
Six vears later						0,721,763	7.016,378	6 319 830	6.213,233	6,196,919
Seven years later							2,000	6 319 830	6.213.253	6 196 919
Eight years later								20,717,0	6.213.253	6.196.919
Nine years later										6,196,919
6. Increase(decrease) in estimated incurred claims and										
expenses from end of policy year: (B)	0	142,378	(125,684)	0	(23,000)	(55,185)	83,581	0	11,929	0



December 4, 2018

To the Executive Board Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council 303 Corporate Center Drive, Suite 208 Vandalia, Ohio 45377

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council, Montgomery County, Ohio (the "Council") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Council's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 4, 2018, wherein we noted the Council restated the net position balances to account for presenting for the first time its basic financial statements in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Council's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on
Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements
Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*Page 2 of 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Council's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Lima, Ohio

Rea & Associates, Inc.





SOUTHWESTERN OHIO EDUCATIONAL PURCHASING COUNCIL MONTGOMERY COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED JANUARY 10, 2019