## CITY OF UPPER ARLINGTON FRANKLIN COUNTY REGULAR AUDIT JANUARY 1, 2019 – DECEMBER 31, 2019





88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 IPAReport@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

Members of Council City of Upper Arlington 3600 Tremont Road Upper Arlington, Ohio 43221

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the City of Upper Arlington, Franklin County, prepared by Wilson, Shannon & Snow, Inc., for the audit period January 1, 2019 through December 31, 2019. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The City of Upper Arlington is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

August 19, 2020



## CITY OF UPPER ARLINGTON FRANKLIN COUNTY

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## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

City of Upper Arlington Franklin County 3600 Tremont Road Upper Arlington, Ohio 43221

To the City Council and Management:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Upper Arlington, Franklin County, (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated July 22, 2020, wherein we noted the City adopted GASB Statement No. 84 "Fiduciary Activities" as disclosed in Note 17, and the City's considered the financial impact of COVID-19 as disclosed in Note 18.

## Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the City's financial statements. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

City of Upper Arlington Franklin County Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required By Government Auditing Standards

## **Compliance and Other Matters**

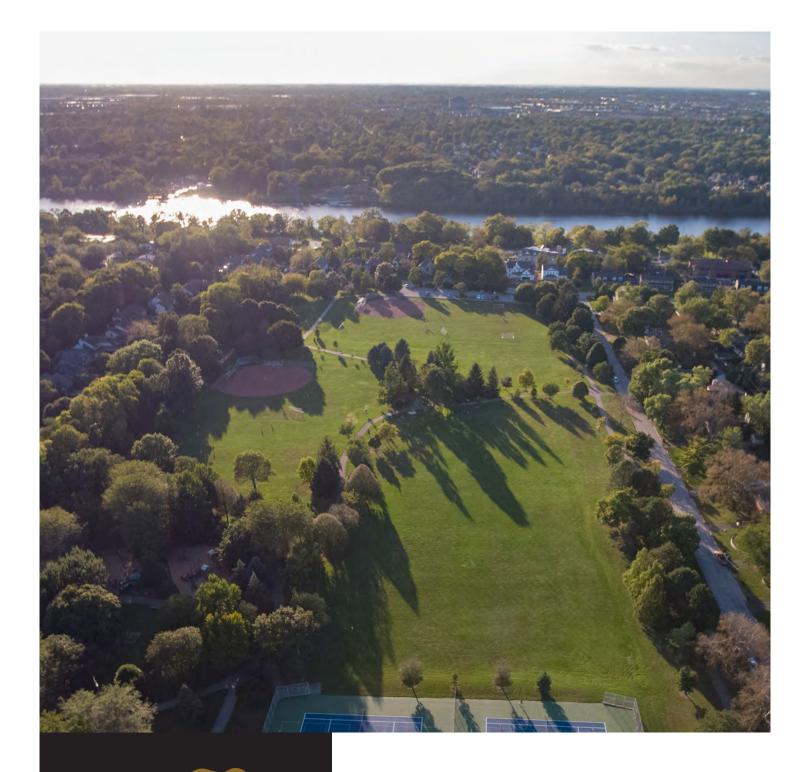
As part of reasonably assuring whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under Government Auditing Standards.

## Purpose of this Report

Wilson, Shanna E Sur, Inc.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under Government Auditing Standards in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Newark, Ohio





## COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019



## COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

## **ISSUED BY:**

## CITY OF UPPER ARLINGTON, OHIO FINANCE DEPARTMENT

Brent W. Lewis, CPA
Finance Director

Jonathan M. Lindow, CPA Assistant Finance Director

Barbara K. Podnar Purchasing Administrator

Margot L. Sandler, CPA Finance Manager

Laura A. Lynde Accounting Assistant

Michelle Y. Sexton Payroll Administrator

Lana Dennis
Management Assistant

Donald A. Edens Examiner

Lisa M. Bolt Fiscal Technician

Melissa K. Kohler Clerk of Court

Brea L. Frey Deputy Clerk of Court







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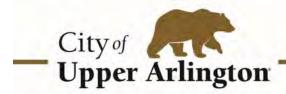
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3600 Tremont Road | Upper Arlington, OH 43221 614-583-5000 | upperarlingtonoh.gov

July 22, 2020

To the Honorable Kip Greenhill and Members of City Council, And Citizens of the City of Upper Arlington:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Upper Arlington, Ohio (City), for the year ended December 31, 2019, is submitted herewith. The report has a complete set of financial statements presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by Wilson, Shannon & Snow, Inc. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report. The MD&A provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements and complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

The City's Finance Department is responsible for management's representations concerning the finances of the City. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal controls that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed its anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

In developing and revising the City's accounting and reporting control systems, consideration is given to the adequacy of internal controls to provide reasonable but not absolute assurance regarding the safeguarding of assets from loss, theft, or misuse and reliability of financial records for preparing the City's financial statements in conformity with GAAP and maintaining accountability for assets. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived, and the evaluation of costs and benefits require estimates and judgments by management.

As management, we believe the data presented is accurate in all material aspects and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to acquire the maximum understanding of the City's financial activity have been included.

## **Profile of the Government**

Upper Arlington was founded March 20, 1918. On February 8, 1941, the City of Upper Arlington was organized as a homerule, Municipal Corporation organized under the laws of the State of Ohio. The City covers 9.77 square miles, located just northwest of downtown Columbus. The City operates under a Council-Manager form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety; public service; parks and recreation; and community development.

As required by GAAP, the accompanying financial statements include all the organizations, activities and functions in which the City (primary government) and its component unit exercise financial accountability. The component unit discussed below is included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of its operations and/or financial relationship with the City.

Discretely Presented Component Unit – A 13-member board governs the Upper Arlington Community Improvement Corporation (CIC). For financial reporting purposes, the CIC is reported separately from the City's operations because its purpose is to assist the City as a whole in the revitalization and enhancement of property within the City, and its governing body is not the same as that of the primary government.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. The City complies with the requirements of the Ohio Revised Code in the adoption of the budget. Appropriations for the operation of various City departments are established through the passage of an ordinance by City Council. Budgetary control is facilitated through the maintenance of an encumbrance system for purchase orders, and through the use of the City's automated financial system. The Council is required to hold public hearings on the proposed budget and to adopt the budget by no later than December 31, the close of the City's fiscal year.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, (e.g., General Fund), department (e.g., Police) and line item (e.g., Personal Services). The City Council may pass supplemental appropriations at any time by ordinance. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. The General Fund is presented in the required supplementary section, beginning on page 102. For governmental funds, other than the General Fund, with appropriated annual budgets, this comparison is presented in the governmental fund subsection of this report, which starts on page 144.

## **Factors Affecting Financial Condition**

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City operates.

## **Local Economy**

The Bureau of Economic Analysis indicates that Ohio's economy grew by 1.7%. The Ohio economy is currently valued at \$676.1 billion. Economic growth in the Columbus region has been strong, with the Columbus region continues to be ranked as one of the fastest growing metropolitan areas in the Midwest.

Reinvestment in Upper Arlington remained strong in 2019. Within the business and development arena, the Economic Development Office continued its focus on efforts to attract and grow a mix of professional office and medical users to strengthen and diversify the overall business base. Plans for several significant projects evolved throughout 2019, including:

- The Lane II this project is comprised of a 116-room hotel, surface parking and housing units, and a five-story mixed-use building with apartments to the east of Westmont, and west of Westmont two restaurants, 20,000 square feet of office, apartments and structured parking wrapped by townhomes to the north that front a new access road between Westmont and Chester. Construction began in the summer of 2019, with the hotel scheduled to open in the fall of 2020, and the mixed-use project scheduled for completion by the spring of 2021.
- Upper Arlington Schools began implementation of its facilities master plan. This entails building a replacement High School, replacing two elementary schools and expanding/renovating the remaining three elementary schools. High School construction began in March of 2019 with completion anticipated by August of 2021 in time for the 2021-22 school year. The new Wickliffe Elementary School is slated for completion in time for the 2020-21 school year. Students from Windermere Elementary will be temporarily relocated to the old Wickliffe building for the 2020-21 school year since the new Windermere building will sit on the site of the previous facility.

- Arlington Gateway plans for this project, located on the southeast side of Lane Avenue and North Star Road, were expanded to encompass property all the way to the corner of North Star Road. In the summer of 2019, the developer made some updates to the Final Development Plan. This latest version of the project includes 27,000 square feet of ground floor retail and restaurant space, 225 apartments on the 2nd-6th floors that wrap around a seven-story parking garage with 866 spaces, and an additional five stories east of the apartments, with 139,000 square feet of office space. A tentative construction schedule is pending.
- Heartland Bank a new, two-story bank with offices for financial planning operations at the northwest corner of Lane Avenue and Northwest Boulevard, was completed late Spring 2019.
- First Community Village a five-story, 70-unit independent living apartment complex, with a 70-space parking garage is under construction, with a 2020 completion date.
- COhatch the conversion of second floor space at the Shops on Lane Avenue into shared working space was completed in 2019.
- Upper Arlington Veterinary Hospital this local small animal veterinary practice consolidated its operations by renovating and expanding an office building at 1515 Lane Avenue. This project was completed in the second quarter of 2019.

The combined review and inspection of commercial and residential construction projects generated a construction value of \$407.6 million for 2019, approximately four times recent trends which have averaged \$100 million.

## Long-term Financial Planning

The City of Upper Arlington's Master Plan, first adopted in 2001—and updated and re-adopted in 2013—serves as the community's vision for its future, and comprehensively addresses a wide range of goals and considerations within the areas of land use, housing, community facilities and appearance, economic development, transportation and infrastructure, technology, sustainability and implementation. The Master Plan's ultimate goal is to preserve and enhance the community's quality of life, while assuring fiscal stability over the long term.

A significant portion of the City's role in reinvesting in Upper Arlington is to protect those investments already made as the community grew and took shape over the course of many decades—our underground and surface infrastructure, public facilities and parks. The City remains committed to improving its aging infrastructure through its Capital Improvement Program (CIP). The most recent CIP is a 10-year plan of approximately \$133.7 million for years 2019 through 2029.

In 2014, Upper Arlington voters supported a 0.5% increase in the income tax rate—which went into effect in January 2015—with these funds restricted for the City's Capital Improvement Program, providing a long-term, critical funding source. With this funding source in place, the City is continuing to use the adopted financial and debt policies for capital investments, which call for the Capital Improvement Program to be funded using a combination of cash and financing. The City issues general obligation bonds for financing capital improvement projects. The bonds are primarily paid with income tax receipts. In addition to the 0.5%, the City Council approved setting aside an additional 8% of the income tax to retire existing debt. For 2019, \$6.7 million of the \$29.7 million in income tax revenues can be attributed to the tax increase, representing a 5% increase from the previous year.

### **Relevant Financial Policies**

A debt policy was adopted on September 8, 2003 to establish conditions for the use of debt and to create policies that minimize the City's debt service and issuance costs, retain the highest credit rating and maintain full and complete financial disclosure and reporting.

In addition, City financial policies dictate that a reserve will be maintained in the Unrestricted Fund Balance at a level for meeting the day-to-day obligations of the City equal to 30% of the General Fund operating budget.

## **Major Initiatives**

The City has successfully maintained Triple A financial ratings from Moody's Investors Service, and S&P Global since 2008. These are the highest ratings available and reaffirm that the City takes its fiscal responsibilities seriously. It also means the City can expect to benefit from the lowest possible interest rates in the marketplace at any given time for future bond sales.

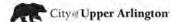
The sixth year of the City's 10-year Capital Improvement Program was implemented in 2019. This included: full street reconstruction projects on sections of 12 streets; Henderson Road improvements from Sawmill to Riverside, including new curb and gutter, storm sewer and sanitary infrastructure improvements, and bicycle/pedestrian accommodations; waterline replacements on Ainwick and Haviland roads; street resurfacing and spot curb & gutter repairs on sections of nine streets; two storm sewer replacement projects; sanitary sewer improvements on six streets; and two traffic signal replacements.

City Council formed the 2019 Citizen Financial Review Task Force per a recommendation of the 2014 Task Force. The group of nine residents met from April—June, reporting back to Council early in July, with its report accepted by Council in August. The Task Force's charge included reviewing the progress made implementing recommendations from the 2014 Task Force, taking a high-level review of the City's current financial standing and service levels, assessing the status of the Capital Improvement Program, and identifying any program areas that might benefit from a fuller review. The 2019 Task Force concluded that a majority of the 2014 recommendations had been implemented or were ongoing, and the City's financial position remained strong, positioning the City to maintain its 10-year Capital Improvement Program. It was recommended that the City continue to explore partnership and privatization opportunities, and that some programming areas might benefit from a fuller review relative to best practices and efficiencies.

Following an eight-year dispute process, the City prevailed in its efforts to preserve the professional office complex on Arlington Centre Boulevard owned by Tree of Life Christian Schools for commercial use only. This is a significant result for the City, since the site once represented approximately 35% of the City's income tax revenues. As one of the largest parcels of land zoned for office use, it's a critical site from an economic development perspective. The City looks forward to good faith conversations with the current and prospective owners to maximize the site's potential.

The Parks & Recreation Department began implementing recommendations from the 2018 Parks & Recreation Comprehensive Plan. Progress has been made addressing access to and the condition of sports fields—such as securing the use of sports fields at Northcrest Park in Columbus, and expanding the City's turf management program, with plans to begin renovating the Northam Park athletic and tennis facilities in 2020 and 2021. Plans were developed for installing a new playground at Reed Road Park over the winter. A new pool house was unveiled at Devon Pool at the start of the summer swim season. In May, many gathered to celebrate the completion of a privately funded tribute to internationally renowned golfer, Jack Nicklaus, at Jack Nicklaus Park.

A key issue emerging from the Parks & Recreation Comprehensive Plan is residents' desire for the City to revisit the issue of indoor community and recreation space. Most notably, the findings of a statistically valid survey indicated that 81% of respondents supported a feasibility study on a multi-generational indoor recreation facility. In response, in July of 2019 City Council formed a 16-resident-member Community Center Feasibility Task Force to study the issue. The Task Force selected



a consultant team to guide a two-part process designed to include extensive community engagement opportunities. In the first phase of the study, the Task Force has been seeking answers to three core questions: What kind of community center makes sense? Do we want a community center? Do we need a community center? If the answers to the last two questions are yes, the Task Force will transition to the second phase of the study, drilling into details such as what facilities to include, where a community center might be located, and the costs for construction, operations and ongoing maintenance. The work of the Task Force is expected to run through much of 2020.

A related project initiated as the Parks & Recreation Comprehensive Plan process drew to a close in 2018, was to develop an Arts and Culture Master Plan for the City. This year-long process is now nearing its conclusion, with a draft plan emerging that will help guide the future of cultural arts in the community, expand the presence of public art in our parks and public spaces, and support and enhance existing programming such as the Labor Day Arts Festival, Concourse Galley exhibits, summer concerts, arts and theater camps for youth and more.

Another study begun in 2019—which includes several phases of community engagement and is expected to run into 2020—is the Lane Avenue Planning Study. As the City's most rapidly evolving commercial district, the study was commissioned to better understand the impacts of growth and to put in place a comprehensive framework to guide this growth for the community's benefit. This was to include a review of commercial streetscape standards, pedestrian and bicycle access, commercial design standards, and a comprehensive traffic and parking evaluation.

## Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded the 32nd consecutive Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Upper Arlington for its comprehensive annual report for the year ended December 31, 2018.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Additionally, the City received its 14th consecutive Award for Outstanding Achievement in Popular Annual Financial Reporting from GFOA for the 2018 Popular Annual Financial Report, which provides a reader-friendly summary of the City's financial standing from year to year.

The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated efforts of the entire Staff of the Finance Department. We wish to express our appreciation to everyone who contributed to its preparation.

Respectfully submitted,

Finance Director

Steven R. Schoeny City Manager



Government Finance Officers Association

# Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

## City of Upper Arlington Ohio

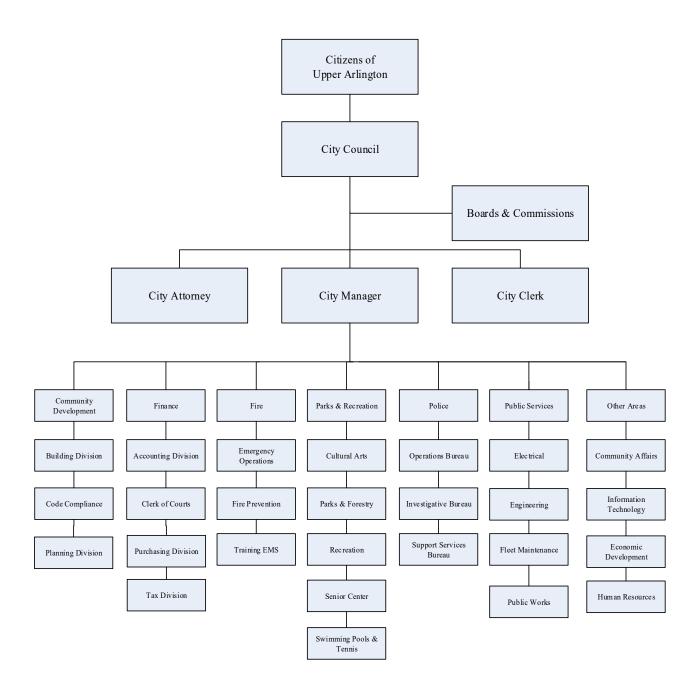
For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2018

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

## CITY OF UPPER ARLINGTON, OHIO ORGANIZATIONAL CHART For the Year Ended December 31, 2019



## CITY OF UPPER ARLINGTON, OHIO LIST OF CITY OFFICIALS

## **December 31, 2019**

## **City Council**

Kip Greenhill

Jacolyn C. Thiel

Abby M. Cochran

Chad D. Gibson

Emma J. Speight

Granville L. Harris

Joseph P. Henderson

President/Mayor

Public Services Director/City Engineer

Human Resources Director

Community Affairs Director

Economic Development Director

Community Development Director

Information Technology Director

Vice President/Vice Mayor Brendan T. King Council Member Carolyn T. Casper Council Member Susan M. Ralph Council Member Michele M. Hoyle Brian C. Close Council Member Council Member Jim Lynch **Appointed Officials** City Manager Steven R. Schoeny Jeanine A. Hummer City Attorney Ashley M. Ellrod City Clerk **Executive Staff** Assistant City Manager Daniel M. Ralley Finance Director Brent W. Lewis Fire Division Chief Lyndon D. Nofziger Parks and Recreation Director Deborah J. McLaughlin Steven C. Farmer Police Division Chief



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City of Upper Arlington Franklin County 3600 Tremont Road Upper Arlington, Ohio 43221



## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the City Council and Management:

## Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Upper Arlington, Franklin County, Ohio (the City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

## Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

## Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

## **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Upper Arlington, Franklin County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

City of Upper Arlington Franklin County Independent Auditor's Report

## **Emphasis of Matter**

As discussed in Note 17 to the financial statements, during 2019, the City adopted new accounting guidance in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84 "Fiduciary Activities". As discussed in Note 18 to the financial statements, during 2019, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the City. We did not modify our opinion regarding these matters.

## Other Matters

## Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *management's discussion and analysis*, *required budgetary comparison schedule*, and schedules of net pension liability/asset and other post-employment benefit liability and pension and other post-employment benefit contributions listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

## Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the City's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The introductory section, the financial section's combining statements, individual fund statements and schedules and the statistical section information present additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The statements and schedules are management's responsibility, and derive from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this information to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

We did not subject the introductory section and statistical section information to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion or any other assurance on them.

City of Upper Arlington Franklin County Independent Auditor's Report

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## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated July 22, 2020, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

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Newark, Ohio



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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 (UNAUDITED)

As management of the City of Upper Arlington (the City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Upper Arlington for the year ended December 31, 2019. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found at the front of this report.

## **Financial Highlights**

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent year by \$121.2 million (net position).
- The City's total net position increased by \$24.5 million, or 25%.
- At the end of the current year, the unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$21.9 million, or 61% of the total General Fund expenditures.
- As of the close of the current year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$85.2 million, an increase of \$17.1 million in comparison with the prior year. Of this total amount:
  - o \$4.2 million, or 5%, represents non-spendable balances for inventories, advances, unclaimed monies and assets held for resale.
  - o \$49.2 million, or 58%, of the fund balance is categorized as restricted. Restricted fund balances have constraints externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.
  - \$10.3 million, or 12%, of the fund balance is categorized as committed. Committed fund balances have constraints as to use imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. These constraints can only be removed or changed by taking the same type of action it employed to commit those amounts.
  - \$2.0 million, or 2%, of the fund balance is categorized as assigned. Assigned fund balances are constrained by the government's intent to use the funds for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed.
  - o \$19.5 million, or 23%, of the fund balance is categorized as unassigned. The unassigned fund balance represents fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned.

## **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This management's discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 (UNAUDITED)

**Government-wide financial statements.** The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad view of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference being reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the cash flows. Thus, revenue and expenses reported in this statement for some items will only result in cash flows for future periods (e.g., uncollected taxes, and earned-but-unused vacation leave).

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees or charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include public safety, general government, public services, parks and recreation, and community development. The business-type activities of the City include five enterprise activities: a sanitary sewer system, a stormwater system, a water management system, solid waste collection, and three swimming pool facilities.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 19-21 of this report.

**Fund financial statements**. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements focus on the near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements.

By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in funds balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 (UNAUDITED)

The City of Upper Arlington maintains 30 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund, Bonded Improvement Fund, Infrastructure Improvement Fund, and the Lane Avenue II TIF Fund, all of which are considered major funds. Data from the other 25 governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* in the supplemental section of this report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 22-29 of this report.

**Proprietary funds.** The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water, sanitary sewer, stormwater, swimming pools, and solid waste collection operations. *Internal service* funds are an accounting devise used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City maintains two internal service funds to recover costs and pay premiums for employee health and dental benefits; and to recover costs and pay premiums for workers' compensation benefits.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Water Surcharge, Sanitary Sewer Surcharge, Stormwater, Swimming Pools, and Solid Waste funds, which are considered to be major funds of the City. Additionally, the internal service funds are presented in the proprietary fund financial statements in one column.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 30-37 of this report.

**Fiduciary funds.** Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 38-39 of this report.

**Notes to the basic financial statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 41-99 of this report.

**Other information.** In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 101 - 118 of this report.

Other Supplementary Information, including additional budgetary schedules, the combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds and major business-type funds, are presented immediately following the other required supplemental information. The additional budgetary schedules and combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 119-191 of this report.

Additionally, the Statistical Section of this report, which can be used to enhance the understanding of the economic condition of the City as a whole, can be found on pages 193-235.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 (UNAUDITED)

## **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

## **Net Position**

Governmental Activities		Business-type Actvities	
2019	Restated 2018	2019	2018
\$ 109,866,020	\$ 92,923,128	\$ 7,645,600	\$ 6,596,813
123,661,754	112,897,773	51,722,218	48,213,587
13,500	17,304	1,764	2,059
233,541,274	205,838,205	59,369,582	54,812,459
20,457,485	12,479,977	822,820	575,045
4,140,307	2,837,372	84,760	294,230
168,818,627	152,530,690	4,895,277	3,873,318
172,958,934	155,368,062	4,980,037	4,167,548
14,944,564	16,988,641	136,832	505,115
62,875,298	56,030,022	49,837,992	46,219,776
35,232,944	34,267,584	-	_
(32,012,981)	(44,336,127)	5,236,941	4,495,065
\$ 66,095,261	\$ 45,961,479	\$ 55,074,933	\$ 50,714,841
	2019 \$ 109,866,020 123,661,754 13,500 233,541,274 20,457,485  4,140,307 168,818,627 172,958,934 14,944,564  62,875,298 35,232,944 (32,012,981)	Restated         2019       2018         \$ 109,866,020       \$ 92,923,128         123,661,754       112,897,773         13,500       17,304         233,541,274       205,838,205         20,457,485       12,479,977         4,140,307       2,837,372         168,818,627       152,530,690         172,958,934       155,368,062         14,944,564       16,988,641         62,875,298       56,030,022         35,232,944       34,267,584         (32,012,981)       (44,336,127)	Restated         2019           \$ 109,866,020         \$ 92,923,128         \$ 7,645,600           \$ 123,661,754         \$ 112,897,773         \$ 51,722,218           \$ 13,500         \$ 17,304         \$ 1,764           \$ 233,541,274         \$ 205,838,205         \$ 59,369,582           \$ 20,457,485         \$ 12,479,977         \$ 822,820           \$ 4,140,307         \$ 2,837,372         \$ 84,760           \$ 168,818,627         \$ 152,530,690         \$ 4,895,277           \$ 172,958,934         \$ 155,368,062         \$ 4,980,037           \$ 14,944,564         \$ 16,988,641         \$ 136,832           \$ 62,875,298         \$ 56,030,022         \$ 49,837,992           \$ 35,232,944         \$ 34,267,584         \$ -           \$ (32,012,981)         \$ (44,336,127)         \$ 5,236,941

Current and other assets increased significantly in comparison with the prior year-end. This increase is primarily the result of an increase in cash and investments resulting from operations and new bond issuances related to capital projects.

Capital assets, net, also increased significantly. This increase represents the amount in which capital asset acquisitions exceeded current year depreciation expense.

Long-term liabilities also increased significantly. This increase is primarily the result of increases in bonds payable and net pension liability, offset by a significant decrease in the net OPEB liability.

The net pension and net OPEB liabilities and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources all fluctuated significantly in comparison with the prior year. These fluctuations are primarily the result of the lower than expected returns on pension plan investments for both pension systems and changes to postemployment healthcare benefits in the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 (UNAUDITED)

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The City's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceed liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$121.2 million at the close of 2019.

A large portion of the City's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, construction in progress, buildings, improvements other than buildings, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding plus any significant unspent bond proceeds. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; therefore, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's net position, (29.1%) represents resources that are subject to restrictions on how they may be used.

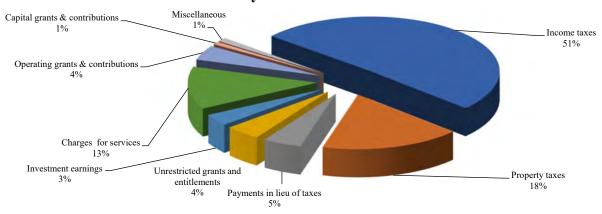
Overall net position of the City increased \$24.5 million (25%) in 2019. Net position for governmental activities increased \$20.1 million (44%), while the net position for business-type activities increased \$4.4 million (9%).

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 (UNAUDITED)

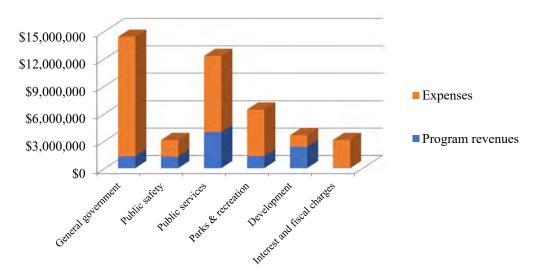
**Governmental activities**. As stated previously, Governmental activities net position increased by \$20.1 million. General revenues increased by \$720,753 primarily due to a \$786,377 increase in investment earnings due to improved market conditions.

The following charts illustrate both the 2019 revenues and expenses for governmental activities.

## **Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities**



## **Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities**



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 (UNAUDITED)

The table below provides a comparative analysis of changes in net position for 2019 and 2018:

## **Changes in Net Position**

	Government	tal Activities	Business-type Activities		
	2019	Restated 2018	2019	2018	
Davanuage	2019	2018	2019	2018	
Revenues:					
Program revenues:	\$ 7,254,722	\$ 6,446,026	\$ 6,427,298	\$ 5.845.261	
Charges for services	+ ') - ).	+ -) -)	\$ 0,427,298	\$ 5,845,261	
Operating grants & contributions	2,500,784	1,737,016	-	-	
Capital grants & contributions	481,495	220,984	-	-	
General revenues:	20 201 541	20.720.445			
Income taxes	29,291,541	29,730,445	-	-	
Property taxes	10,127,226	10,172,251	-	-	
Payment in lieu of taxes	2,802,827	2,769,190	-	-	
Unrestricted grants and entitlements	2,562,718	2,539,148	-	-	
Unrestricted investment earnings	2,023,069	1,236,692	91,673	57,809	
Other miscellaneous revenues	684,204	323,106			
Total revenues	57,728,586	55,174,858	6,518,971	5,903,070	
_					
Expenses:	12.056.554	11.066.050			
General government	13,076,554	11,266,953	-	-	
Public safety	1,818,847	22,222,757	-	-	
Public services	8,322,708	7,399,842	-	-	
Parks and recreation	5,101,656	4,345,543	-	-	
Community development	1,263,002	1,001,633	-	-	
Interest and fiscal charges	3,040,548	2,103,408	-	-	
Bond issuance costs	-	-	-	-	
Solid waste	_	_	2,861,459	2,852,544	
Water surcharge	-	-	804,521	697,378	
Sanitary sewer surcharge	_	_	1,279,066	1,288,678	
Stormwater	_	_	931,154	723,338	
Swimming pools	_	_	1,254,168	1,154,728	
Total expenses	32,623,315	48,340,136	7,130,368	6,716,666	
Change in net position before transfers	25,105,271	6,834,722	(611,397)	(813,596)	
Transfers	(4,971,489)	(4,108,111)	4,971,489	4,108,111	
Change in net position	20,133,782	2,726,611	4,360,092	3,294,515	
			-0		
Net position, beginning of year	45,961,479	N/A	50,714,841	47,420,326	
Net position, end of year, restated	\$ 66,095,261	\$ 45,961,479	\$ 55,074,933	\$ 50,714,841	

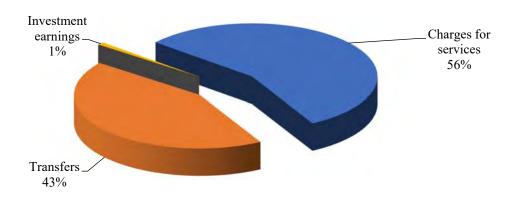
Public safety expenses decreased significantly in comparison with the prior year. This decrease is the result of a decrease in OPEB expense from \$2.8 million in 2018 to negative \$20.3 million in 2019. This decrease in the result of the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund changing its retiree health care model from a self-insured model to a stipend-based health care mode.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 (UNAUDITED)

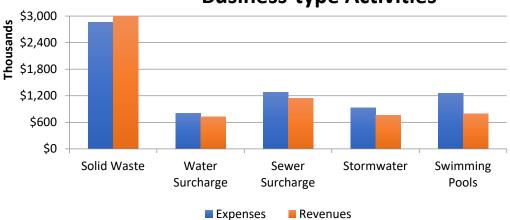
**Business-type activities.** Business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$4.4 million. The key element of the increase was the current year subsidies and transfers of capital assets from governmental sources of \$5.0 million.

The following charts illustrate 2019 revenues and expenses for the business type activities.

## **Revenues by Source - Business-type Activities**



# **Expenses and Program Revenues - Business-type Activities**



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 (UNAUDITED)

## Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental funds**. The focus of the City's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the year.

As of the close of the current year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$85.2 million, an increase of \$17.1 million in comparison with the prior year. Of this total amount:

- o \$4.2 million, or 5%, represents non-spendable balances for inventories, advances, unclaimed monies and assets held for resale.
- o \$49.2 million, or 58%, of the fund balance is categorized as restricted. Restricted fund balances have constraints externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.
- \$10.3 million, or 12%, of the fund balance is categorized as committed. Committed fund balances have constraints as to use imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. These constraints can only be removed or changed by taking the same type of action it employed to commit those amounts.
- o \$2.0 million, or 2%, of the fund balance is categorized as assigned. Assigned fund balances are constrained by the government's intent to use the funds for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed.
- o \$19.5 million, or 23%, of the fund balance is categorized as unassigned. The unassigned fund balance represents fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current year, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$21.9 million, while the total fund balance was \$47.2 million. The remaining fund balance consists of \$17.1 million restricted for pension obligations and capital improvements; \$2.2 million committed for capital improvements and/or payment of debt issued for capital improvements and general liability insurance; \$4.0 million in non-spendable balance for unclaimed funds, inventories, and advances not expected to be returned within one year; and, \$2.0 million assigned for future appropriations and expenditures.

During 2019, the City saw fund balances in the General Fund, General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund, Bonded Improvement Fund, Infrastructure Improvement Fund, and Lane Avenue II TIF Fund increase by \$6.0 million, \$1.5 million, \$1.0 million, \$3,565, and \$11.1 million, respectively. These increases were attributable to the following:

o The increase in the General Fund was primarily the result of increased income tax and licenses and permits revenues.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 (UNAUDITED)

- The increase in the General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund was primarily the result of the issuance of debt for the purpose of capital improvements.
- o The increase in the Bonded Improvement Fund was primarily the result decreases in capital outlay expenditures offset by a decrease in bond proceeds.
- o The increase in the Infrastructure Improvement Fund was primarily the result of decreases in capital outlay expenditures.
- o The increase in the Lane Avenue II TIF Fund was the result of the establishment of the fund and the issuance of debt for the purpose of capital improvements.

**Proprietary funds.** The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the business-type activities of the government-wide financial statements, with the exception of the allocation of the internal service fund net position and related net income, but in more detail.

As of the close of the current year, the City's proprietary funds reported combined ending net position of \$55.1 million, an increase of \$4.4 million in comparison with the prior year. Of this total amount, \$49.8 million represents investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding plus any significant unspent bond proceeds. The remaining \$5.2 million is unrestricted.

As mentioned above, net position increased \$4.4 million during 2019. During 2019, the Sanitary Sewer Surcharge, and Internal Service funds saw decreases in net position of \$63,697, and \$566,042, respectively. The decrease in the Sanitary Sewer Surcharge Fund was primarily the result of a decrease in the portion of capital assets that were completed during 2019 and paid for out of governmental funds activity funds. The decrease in the Internal Service funds is primarily the result of an increase in self-insurance expenses.

During 2019, the Solid Waste Fund, Water Surcharge Fund, Stormwater Fund, and Swimming Pools Fund saw increases in net position of \$175,709, \$2.8 million, \$212,465, and \$1.3 million, respectively. The large increases in the Water Surcharge Fund and the Swimming Pool Fund were primarily the result of receiving its portion of capital assets that were completed during 2019 and paid for out of governmental activity funds.

## **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

Capital assets. The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2019, amounts to \$175.4 million, net of accumulated depreciation. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, infrastructure and construction in progress. The City's overall investment in capital assets, increased \$14.3 million, or 9%.

## Major capital asset events during the current year included the following:

□ **Key construction-in-progress infrastructure projects included:** The City continued to invest in the 10-year capital improvements plan for its aging infrastructure. Construction, engineering and studies for street, waterline, and stormwater projects that have begun and will continue into future years include: park improvements, street maintenance and street reconstruction programs, and various other street, waterline, bridge, sewer, and stormwater projects.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 (UNAUDITED)

□ Key completed construction and infrastructure projects included: park renovations, street maintenance and street reconstruction programs, street light replacements, waterlines projects, and stormwater projects.

## Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation

	Govern Activ			ess-type tivities			
	2019	2018	2018 2019				
Land	\$ 4,461,752	\$ 4,461,752	\$ 1,236,573	\$ 1,236,573			
Construction in progress	18,589,070	12,198,688	-	-			
Building	8,006,523	8,002,483	1,696,530	-			
Improvements	9,242,665	9,084,765	9,732,576	9,960,963			
Machinery and equipment	3,886,488	4,053,979	320,714	411,548			
Infrastructure	79,475,256	75,096,106	38,735,825	36,604,503			
Total	\$ 123,661,754	\$ 112,897,773	\$ 51,722,218	\$ 48,213,587			

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 4 to the basic financial statements.

**Long-term debt.** At the end of the current year, the City had total bonded debt outstanding of \$95.0 million. The general obligation bonds are backed by the full faith and credit of the City. The City's special obligation bonds are limited special revenue obligations of the City, payable solely from nontax revenues.

## **Outstanding Bonded General Obligation Debt**

	Govern Activ			ss-type vities		
	2019	2018	2019	2018		
General obligation bonds	\$ 72,801,816	\$ 72,456,100	\$ 1,818,184	\$ 1,908,900		
Special obligation bonds	20,340,000	<u> </u>				
Total	\$ 93,141,816	\$ 72,456,100	\$ 1,818,184	\$ 1,908,900		

During the current year, the City's total bonded debt increased by \$20.6 million as a result of the issuance of \$5.4 million in various purpose bonds and \$20.3 million in nontax revenue bonds for the purpose of funding capital improvements offset by regular debt payments.

The City has received an "Aaa" rating from Moody's and an "AAA" rating from Standard & Poor's for general obligation debt. These are the highest ratings available, and Upper Arlington is one of a small number of Ohio communities to have achieved this distinction.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 to the basic financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 (UNAUDITED)

## **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

During 2019, the City increased its original General Fund revenues and other financing sources estimates by \$2.5 million. In addition, actual revenues and other financing sources exceeded the final estimate by \$1.1 million. These variances are both the result of greater than expected income tax receipts.

During 2019, the City increased original appropriations by \$2.1 million highlighted by a \$1.2 million advance to the Horizon TIF Fund. Other increases were made in relation to the higher than expected expenditures. Actual expenditures were \$2.5 million less than final appropriations as a result of conservative budgeting practices.

## **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

- □ In 2019, Upper Arlington's average unemployment rate was 2.7%, which compares favorably to the state's average unemployment rate of 4.1%.
- □ The median household income in Upper Arlington is \$115,093, which is significantly higher the state's average of \$54,533.
- □ The Development Department issued 655 residential and commercial permits in 2019. The continued high level of home renovations speaks to business' and residents' continued confidence in the City as a stable and desirable community.
- □ During the current year, the unrestricted budgetary fund balance in the General Fund operating account increased \$1.4 million to a fund balance of \$18.2 million. The City has appropriated \$39.8 million for General Fund account operating expenditures in the 2020 year budget, which includes the 2020 budgeted revenues of \$38.8 million.
- □ Self-insured workers compensation claims were .25% of payroll. This is lower than the .5% anticipated in 2019. Health insurance costs remained stable during the current year. The City continues its efforts to contain costs by requiring employed spouses to be secondary on the City's health care plan as well as evaluating premium contributions. The City also continued to operate a wellness program in 2019.

## **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Director, 3600 Tremont Road, Upper Arlington, Ohio, 43221. This report is also available on the City's website at <a href="https://upperarlingtonoh.gov">https://upperarlingtonoh.gov</a>.

## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2019

		Component Unit		
Acceta	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Upper Arlington Community Improvement Corporation
Assets  Cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$ 83,345,176	\$ 6,876,050	\$ 90,221,226	\$ -
Cash, cash equivalents and investments  Cash, cash equivalents in segregated accounts	\$ 65,545,170	. 5 0,870,030	\$ 90,221,220	1,932
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):				1,732
Income taxes	7,386,646	-	7,386,646	-
Property and other taxes	10,426,129		10,426,129	-
Special assessments	640,633	-	640,633	-
Payments in lieu of taxes	3,109,405	-	3,109,405	-
Accounts	416,985	749,370	1,166,355	-
Accrued interest	306,428	· ·	318,040	-
Intergovernmental	3,428,866		3,428,866	-
Internal balances	(8,568		-	-
Materials and supplies inventory	308,595		308,595	-
Asset held for resale	505,725	-	505,725	-
Capital assets:	22.050.922	1 226 572	24 297 205	
Non-depreciable Depreciable	23,050,822 100,610,932		24,287,395 151,096,577	-
Net pension asset	13,500		151,090,577	-
Total assets				1,932
Total assets	233,541,274	59,369,582	292,910,856	1,932
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Deferred amount on refunding	711,869	_	711,869	_
Pension	15,641,126		16,311,497	_
OPEB	4,104,490	,	4,256,339	_
Total deferred outflows of resources	20,457,485		21,279,705	
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	2,070,677		2,133,499	-
Retainage Payable	617,072		617,072	-
Accrued wages and benefits	531,154		545,325	-
Due to other governments	623,392		625,582	-
Accrued interest payable	298,012	5,577	303,589	-
Long-term liabilities:	( 070 (10	150,000	7 120 700	
Due within one year  Due in more than one year:	6,979,610	150,098	7,129,708	-
Other amounts due in more than one year	96,176,109	1,783,074	97,959,183	
Net pension liability	54,118,121		56,135,519	_
Net OPEB liability	11,544,787		12,489,494	- -
Total liabilities	172,958,934		177,938,971	
Total natifics	172,730,734	4,760,037	177,730,771	
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Property and other local taxes	12,292,979	_	12,292,979	_
Pension	1,155,855		1,246,372	_
OPEB	1,495,730		1,542,045	-
Total deferred inflows of resources	14,944,564		15,081,396	
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	62,875,298	49,837,992	112,713,290	-
Restricted for:	20.212.5		00.010.55	
Capital projects	28,212,555		28,212,555	-
Debt service	654,218		654,218	-
Street maintenance and repairs	2,255,070		2,255,070	=
Law enforcement and education	813,787		813,787	-
Pension obligations	2,834,686		2,834,686	-
Other purposes Unrestricted	462,628 (32,012,981		462,628 (26,776,040)	1,932
Total net position			\$ 121,170,194	\$ 1,932
rotal het position	\$ 66,095,261	\$ 33,074,933	\$ 121,170,194	φ 1,932

## STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

		-	Program Revenues					
Functions/Programs Governmental activities:	Expen	ises	Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		G	Capital rants and ntributions
:	\$ 13.07	6,554	\$	1 202 772	\$		\$	
General government	* - )	8,847	Ф	1,293,773	Ф	205,133	Ф	-
Public safety Public services	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,		1,062,792 1,226,358		2,248,507		481,495
Parks and recreation		22,708 01,656		1,320,559		2,248,307 787		481,493
		53,002		2,351,240		767		-
Community development	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,		2,331,240		46,357		-
Interest and fiscal charges		10,548		7.254.722				491 405
Total governmental activities	32,02	23,315		7,254,722		2,500,784		481,495
Business-type activities:								
Solid waste	2,86	51,459		3,008,380		-		-
Water surcharge	80	04,521		723,167		-		-
Sanitary sewer surcharge	1,27	79,066		1,138,418		-		-
Stormwater	93	31,154		765,542		-		-
Swimming pools	1,25	54,168		791,791		-		-
Total business-type activities		30,368		6,427,298		_		-
Total primary government	\$ 39,75	53,683	\$	13,682,020	\$	2,500,784	\$	481,495
Component unit:								
Upper Arlington Community								
Improvement Corporation	\$	4,024	\$		\$		\$	

General Revenues:

Income taxes

Property taxes

Payments in lieu of taxes

Unrestricted grants and entitlements

Investment earnings

Miscellaneous

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position at beginning of year, restated

Net position at end of year

I	Component Unit		
Net (Expense) R			
Governmental	Upper Arlington Community Improvement		
Activities	Activities	Total	Corporation
\$ (11,782,781)	\$ -	\$ (11,782,781)	\$ -
(550,922)	-	(550,922)	-
(4,366,348)	-	(4,366,348)	-
(3,780,310)	-	(3,780,310)	-
1,088,238	-	1,088,238	-
(2,994,191)		(2,994,191)	
(22,386,314)		(22,386,314)	
_	146,921	146,921	_
_	(81,354)	(81,354)	_
_	(140,648)	(140,648)	_
_	(165,612)	(165,612)	_
_	(462,377)	(462,377)	_
	(703,070)	(703,070)	
	(,,,,,,,)	(,,,,,,,,	
(22,386,314)	(703,070)	(23,089,384)	-
_	_	_	(4,024)
			(1,021)
29,291,541		29,291,541	
10,127,226	-	10,127,226	-
2,802,827	-	2,802,827	-
2,562,718	-	2,562,718	-
2,023,069	91,673	2,114,742	4
684,204	91,075	684,204	12
(4,971,489)	4,971,489	007,204	12
42,520,096	5,063,162	47,583,258	16
72,320,070	3,003,102	77,303,230	
20,133,782	4,360,092	24,493,874	(4,008)
45,961,479	50,714,841	96,676,320	5,940
\$ 66,095,261	\$ 55,074,933	\$ 121,170,194	\$ 1,932

## BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2019

		General		General Obligation d Retirement	Ir	Bonded mprovement	Infrastructure Improvement		
Assets:									
Cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$	38,146,351	\$	2,382,388	\$	13,867,168	\$	6,789,554	
Receivables (net of allowances):									
Income taxes		7,386,646		-		-		-	
Property and other taxes		10,075,835		346,526		-		-	
Special assessments		412,789		207		-		227,637	
Payments in lieu of taxes		-		-		-		-	
Accounts		406,642		-		-		-	
Accrued interest		280,690		-		17,377		-	
Intergovernmental		1,290,437		23,323		26,291		542,918	
Advances to other funds		3,373,335		-		_		-	
Due from other funds		1,074,000		-		-		-	
Materials and supplies inventory		66,088		-		-		-	
Asset held for resale		505,725		-		-		-	
Total assets	\$	63,018,538	\$	2,752,444	\$	13,910,836	\$	7,560,109	
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$	649,517	\$	_	\$	330,211	\$	92,287	
Retainage payable	Ψ	56,651	Ψ		Ψ	188,745	Ψ	172,501	
Accrued wages and benefits		502,508		_		100,743		172,301	
Due to other governments		618,739		-		-		-	
Accrued vacation and sick leave				-		-		-	
Advances from other funds		122,810		-		_		-	
Due to other funds		9 120		-		-		-	
		8,130				- - -		264.799	
Total liabilities		1,958,355				518,956		264,788	
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>									
Property and Other Local Taxes		9,213,531		317,226		-		-	
Unavailable Revenue		4,665,792		29,756		8,333		525,035	
Total deferred inflows of resources		13,879,323		346,982		8,333		525,035	
Fund Balances:									
Nonspendable		3,951,424		-		-		-	
Restricted		17,135,644		2,405,462		13,383,547		-	
Committed		2,226,646		-		-		6,770,286	
Assigned		2,007,381		-		-		-	
Unassigned (deficit)		21,859,765		-		-		-	
Total fund balances		47,180,860		2,405,462		13,383,547		6,770,286	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of									
resources, and fund balances	\$	63,018,538	\$	2,752,444	\$	13,910,836	\$	7,560,109	

La	Lane Avenue II		Other		Total
	TIF	G	overnmental	_(	Governmental
\$	11,443,424	\$	8,046,322	\$	80,675,207
	-		-		7,386,646
	-		3,768		10,426,129
	-		-		640,633
	-		3,109,405		3,109,405
	-		10,343		416,985
	-		8,361		306,428
	-		1,545,897		3,428,866
	-		-		3,373,335
	-		-		1,074,000
	-		242,507		308,595
	-				505,725
\$	11,443,424	\$	12,966,603	\$	111,651,954
\$	380,985	\$	130,543	\$	1,583,543
	-		199,175		617,072
	-		28,646		531,154
	-		4,653		623,392
	-		-		122,810
	-		3,373,335		3,373,335
	_		949,372		957,502
	380,985		4,685,724		7,808,808
	-		2,762,222		12,292,979
	-		1,166,709		6,395,625
	-		3,928,931		18,688,604
	-		242,507		4,193,931
	11,062,439		5,202,929		49,190,021
	- -		1,271,938		10,268,870
	_		- -		2,007,381
	-		(2,365,426)		19,494,339
	11,062,439		4,351,948		85,154,542
	-		-		<u> </u>
\$	11,443,424	\$	12,966,603	\$	111,651,954



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# RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DECEMBER 31, 2019

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$ 85,154,542

Amounts reported for	r governmenta	l activities in t	he statement o	of net	position are	different	due to the	following:

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of het position are different aue to	the following:
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	123,661,754
therefore are not reported in the rands.	123,001,731
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.	
Income taxes receivable	2,714,357
Property taxes receivable	187,066
Special assessments receivable	493,113
Payments in lieu of taxes receivable	347,183
Intergovernmental receivable	2,346,606
Accounts receivable	196,370
Interest receivable	110,930
In the statement of activities interest is accrued on outstanding loans payable, whereas	
in governmental funds, interest expenditures are reported when due.	(298,012)
	(=, =,==)
The net pension asset, net pension liability and net OPEB liability are not due and	
payable in the current period; therefore, the asset, liability and related deferred	
inflows/outflows are not reported in governmental funds.	
Net pension asset	13,500
Deferred outflows - pension	15,641,126
Deferred outflows - OPEB	4,104,490
Net pension liability	(54,118,121)
Net OPEB liability	(11,544,787)
Deferred inflows - pension	(1,155,855)
Deferred inflows - OPEB	(1,495,730)
Long-Term liabilities, including bonds and loans payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:	
Accrued vacation and sick leave	(2,635,538)
Bonds and loans payable	(96,073,820)
Deferred outflows - bond refundings, net	711,869
Premium on bonds, net	(4,584,277)
Discount on bonds, net	260,726
Internal service fund activity is used to account for insurance cost on a reimbursement basis activity by fund and department. The assets and liabilities are recorded in the governmental activities in the statement of net position.	2,057,769
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 66,095,261

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

Revenues:         Contraction         Bonded propression         Bonded propression         Infrastructure improvement           Revenues:         \$30,494,715         \$ \$2,285.8         \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$					G 1					
Revenues:         General         Bond Retirement         Improvement         Improvement           Municipal income taxes         \$ 30,494,715         \$ 1.02         \$ 1.02         \$ 1.02           Special assessments         46,906         1,025          323,760           Payments in licu of taxes         1,929,573				General				T. C		
Revenues:         Municipal income taxes         \$ 30,494,715         \$ 1.         \$ .			G 1		-					
Municipal income taxes         \$ 30,494,715         \$ - \$ \$ - \$         S - 3 323,760           Property and other taxes         9,717,637         327,858         - 323,760           Special assessments         46,906         1,025         - 323,760           Payments in lieu of taxes	D.		General	Bo	nd Retirement	Improvement	In	provement		
Property and other taxes         9,717,637         327,858         -         323,760           Special assessments         46,906         1,025         -         323,760           Payments in lieu of taxes         -         -         -         -           Charges for services         1,929,573         -         -         -           Licenses and permits         2,765,289         -         -         -           Fines and forfeitures         307,229         -         -         -           Intergovernmental         2,532,855         46,356         26,291         336,438           Investment earnings         1,511,449         -         427,159         -           Miscellaneous         5,822,045         375,239         621,780         845,424           Expenditures           Current:           General government         9,890,976         6,610         -         -           Current:         -         -         -         -           General government         9,890,976         6,610         -         -         -           Public service:         2,004,472         -         -         -         -         -         -		Ф	20 404 715	Ф		Ф	Ф			
Special assessments         46,906         1,025         3 323,760           Payments in lieu of taxes         -         -         -         -           Charges for services         1,929,573         -         -         -           Licenses and permits         2,765,289         -         -         -           Fines and forfeitures         307,229         -         -         -           Intergovernmental         2,532,825         46,356         26,291         336,438           Investment earnings         1,510,449         -         427,159         -           Miscellaneous         1,517,392         -         168,330         185,226           Total revenues         50,822,045         375,239         621,780         845,424           Expenditures:           Current:         Current:         -         -         -           General government         9,890,976         6,610         -         -           Public safety         17,992,548         -         -         -           Public services         2,004,472         -         -         -           Parks and recreation         3,717,447         -         -         -	•	\$		\$	-	\$ -	\$	_		
Payments in lieu of taxes					· ·	=		-		
Charges for services			46,906		1,025	=		323,760		
Licenses and permits         2,765,289         -         -         -           Fines and forfeitures         307,229         -         -         -           Intergovernmental         2,532,855         46,356         26,291         336,338           Investment earnings         1,517,392         -         168,330         185,226           Total revenues         50,822,045         375,239         621,780         845,424           Expenditures:           Current:           General government         9,890,976         6,610         -         -           General government         9,890,976         6,610         -         -           Public services         2,004,472         -         -         -           Pursicial recreation         3,717,447         -         -         -           Capital outlay         1,076,051         -         5,033,897         4,091,859           Debt service:         Principal retirement         -         5,236,178         -         -           Principal retirement         -         5,236,178         -         -           Interest and fiscal charges         -         2,494,243         -         - <td>•</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>=</td> <td></td> <td>-</td>	•		-		-	=		-		
Fines and forfeitures   307,229   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -					-	-		-		
Intergovernmental   2,532,855   46,356   26,291   336,438   Investment earnings   1,510,449   - 427,159   - Miscellaneous   1,517,392   - 168,330   185,226   Total revenues   50,822,045   375,239   621,780   845,424	÷				-	-		-		
Investment earnings   1,510,449   - 427,159   - 168,330   185,226			-		-	-		-		
Miscellaneous         1,517,392         -         168,330         185,226           Total revenues         50,822,045         375,239         621,780         845,424           Expenditures:           Current:         Current:         -         -         -           General government         9,890,976         6,610         -         -           Public safety         17,992,548         -         -         -           Public services         2,004,472         -         -         -           Parks and recreation         3,717,447         -         -         -           Community development         977,585         -         -         -           Capital outlay         1,076,051         -         5,033,897         4,091,859           Debt service:         -         -         5,236,178         -         -           Principal retirement         -         5,236,178         -         -           Interest and fiscal charges         -         2,494,243         -         -           Bond issuance costs         -         -         7,737,031         5,109,624         4,091,859           Excess (deficiency) of revenues         -         -<	_				46,356			336,438		
Expenditures:         50,822,045         375,239         621,780         845,424           Expenditures:           Current:           General government         9,890,976         6,610         -         -           Public safety         17,992,548         -         -         -           Public services         2,004,472         -         -         -           Parks and recreation         3,717,447         -         -         -           Community development         977,585         -         -         -         -           Capital outlay         1,076,051         -         5,033,897         4,091,859           Debt service:         -         -         5,236,178         -         -         -           Principal retirement         -         5,236,178         -         -         -         -           Interest and fiscal charges         -         2,494,243         -         -         -           Bond issuance costs         -         -         75,727         -         -           Total expenditures         35,659,079         7,737,031         5,109,624         4,091,859           Excess (deficiency) of revenues	<u> </u>				=			-		
Expenditures:  Current:  General government 9,890,976 6,610 Public safety 17,992,548 Public services 2,004,472 Parks and recreation 3,717,447 Community development 977,585 Capital outlay 1,076,051 - 5,033,897 4,091,859  Debt service:  Principal retirement - 5,236,178 Interest and fiscal charges - 2,494,243 Total expenditures 35,659,079 7,737,031 5,109,624 4,091,859  Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 15,162,966 (7,361,792) (4,487,844) (3,246,435)  Other Financing Sources (Uses): Sale of capital assets 74,806 Sale of bonds - 1,781,000 5,370,000 Sale of bonds - 1,781,000 5,370,000 Discount on issuance of bonds and notes - (177,258) Premium on issuance of bonds and notes - (680,977 84,106 Premium on issuance of bonds - 680,977 84,106 Transfers in - 6,576,921 - 3,250,000  Transfers out (9,270,642) Total other financing sources (uses) (9,195,836) 8,861,640 5,454,106 3,250,000  Net change in fund balances 5,967,130 1,499,848 966,262 3,565								185,226		
Current:         General government         9,890,976         6,610         -         -           Public safety         17,992,548         -         -         -           Public services         2,004,472         -         -         -           Parks and recreation         3,717,447         -         -         -           Community development         977,585         -         -         -           Capital outlay         1,076,051         -         5,033,897         4,091,859           Debt service:         -         -         5,236,178         -         -         -           Principal retirement         -         5,236,178         -         -         -           Interest and fiscal charges         -         2,494,243         -         -         -           Bond issuance costs         -         -         75,727         -         -           Total expenditures         35,659,079         7,737,031         5,109,624         4,091,859           Excess (deficiency) of revenues         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         - <t< td=""><td>Total revenues</td><td></td><td>50,822,045</td><td></td><td>375,239</td><td>621,780</td><td></td><td>845,424</td></t<>	Total revenues		50,822,045		375,239	621,780		845,424		
General government         9,890,976         6,610         -         -           Public safety         17,992,548         -         -         -           Public services         2,004,472         -         -         -           Parks and recreation         3,717,447         -         -         -           Community development         977,585         -         -         -           Capital outlay         1,076,051         -         5,033,897         4,091,859           Debt service:         -         -         5,033,897         4,091,859           Debt service:         -         -         -         -           Principal retirement         -         5,236,178         -         -           Interest and fiscal charges         -         2,494,243         -         -           Bond issuance costs         -         -         7,737,031         5,109,624         4,091,859           Excess (deficiency) of revenues         -         -         7,737,031         5,109,624         4,091,859           Excess (deficiency) of revenues         -         -         -         -         -         -           over (under) expenditures         15,162,966         (7,36	Expenditures:									
Public safety         17,992,548         -         -         -           Public services         2,004,472         -         -         -           Parks and recreation         3,717,447         -         -         -           Community development         977,585         -         -         -           Capital outlay         1,076,051         -         5,033,897         4,091,859           Debt service:         -         -         5,236,178         -         -         -           Principal retirement         -         5,236,178         -         -         -           Interest and fiscal charges         -         2,494,243         -         -         -           Bond issuance costs         -         -         7,737,031         5,109,624         4,091,859           Excess (deficiency) of revenues         -         -         -         75,727         -           Total expenditures         15,162,966         (7,361,792)         (4,487,844)         (3,246,435)           Other Financing Sources (Uses):           Sale of capital assets         74,806         -         -         -         -           Sale of bonds         -         1,781,000	Current:									
Public services         2,004,472         -         -         -           Parks and recreation         3,717,447         -         -         -           Community development         977,585         -         -         -           Capital outlay         1,076,051         -         5,033,897         4,091,859           Debt service:         -         -         5,236,178         -         -           Principal retirement         -         5,236,178         -         -         -           Interest and fiscal charges         -         -         75,727         -         -           Bond issuance costs         -         -         75,727         -         -           Total expenditures         35,659,079         7,737,031         5,109,624         4,091,859           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures         15,162,966         (7,361,792)         (4,487,844)         (3,246,435)           Other Financing Sources (Uses):         Sale of capital assets         74,806         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -<	General government		9,890,976		6,610	=		-		
Parks and recreation         3,717,447         -         -         -           Community development         977,585         -         -         -           Capital outlay         1,076,051         -         5,033,897         4,091,859           Debt service:         -         -         5,236,178         -         -           Principal retirement         -         5,236,178         -         -           Interest and fiscal charges         -         2,494,243         -         -           Bond issuance costs         -         -         75,727         -           Total expenditures         35,659,079         7,737,031         5,109,624         4,091,859           Excess (deficiency) of revenues         over (under) expenditures         15,162,966         (7,361,792)         (4,487,844)         (3,246,435)           Other Financing Sources (Uses):           Sale of capital assets         74,806         -         -         -         -           Sale of bonds         -         1,781,000         5,370,000         -         -           Discount on issuance of bonds and notes         -         (177,258)         -         -         -           Premium on issuance of bonds         <	Public safety		17,992,548		-	-		-		
Community development         977,585         -         -         -           Capital outlay         1,076,051         -         5,033,897         4,091,859           Debt service:         Principal retirement         -         5,236,178         -         -           Interest and fiscal charges         -         2,494,243         -         -           Bond issuance costs         -         -         75,727         -           Total expenditures         35,659,079         7,737,031         5,109,624         4,091,859           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures         15,162,966         (7,361,792)         (4,487,844)         (3,246,435)           Other Financing Sources (Uses):           Sale of capital assets         74,806         -         -         -         -           Sale of bonds         -         1,781,000         5,370,000         -         -           Discount on issuance of bonds and notes         -         (177,258)         -         -         -           Premium on issuance of bonds         -         680,977         84,106         -         -           Transfers in         -         6,576,921         -         -         -         -	Public services		2,004,472		-	-		-		
Capital outlay         1,076,051         -         5,033,897         4,091,859           Debt service:         Principal retirement         -         5,236,178         -         -           Interest and fiscal charges         -         2,494,243         -         -           Bond issuance costs         -         -         75,727         -           Total expenditures         35,659,079         7,737,031         5,109,624         4,091,859           Excess (deficiency) of revenues         over (under) expenditures         15,162,966         (7,361,792)         (4,487,844)         (3,246,435)           Other Financing Sources (Uses):         Sale of capital assets         74,806         -         -         -         -           Sale of bonds         -         1,781,000         5,370,000         -         -           Discount on issuance of bonds and notes         -         (177,258)         -         -           Premium on issuance of bonds         -         680,977         84,106         -           Transfers in         -         6,576,921         -         3,250,000           Transfers out         (9,270,642)         -         -         -         -	Parks and recreation		3,717,447		-	-		-		
Debt service:         Principal retirement         -         5,236,178         -         -           Interest and fiscal charges         -         2,494,243         -         -           Bond issuance costs         -         -         -         75,727         -           Total expenditures         35,659,079         7,737,031         5,109,624         4,091,859           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures         15,162,966         (7,361,792)         (4,487,844)         (3,246,435)           Other Financing Sources (Uses):           Sale of capital assets         74,806         -         -         -         -           Sale of bonds         -         1,781,000         5,370,000         -           Discount on issuance of bonds and notes         -         (177,258)         -         -           Premium on issuance of bonds         -         680,977         84,106         -           Transfers in         -         6,576,921         -         3,250,000           Transfers out         (9,270,642)         -         -         -         -           Total other financing sources (uses)         (9,195,836)         8,861,640         5,454,106         3,250,000           Ne	Community development		977,585		_	-		_		
Debt service:         Principal retirement         -         5,236,178         -         -           Interest and fiscal charges         -         2,494,243         -         -           Bond issuance costs         -         -         -         75,727         -           Total expenditures         35,659,079         7,737,031         5,109,624         4,091,859           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures         15,162,966         (7,361,792)         (4,487,844)         (3,246,435)           Other Financing Sources (Uses):           Sale of capital assets         74,806         -         -         -         -           Sale of bonds         -         1,781,000         5,370,000         -           Discount on issuance of bonds and notes         -         (177,258)         -         -           Premium on issuance of bonds         -         680,977         84,106         -           Transfers in         -         6,576,921         -         3,250,000           Transfers out         (9,270,642)         -         -         -         -           Total other financing sources (uses)         (9,195,836)         8,861,640         5,454,106         3,250,000           Ne	Capital outlay		1,076,051		=	5,033,897		4,091,859		
Interest and fiscal charges	÷									
Interest and fiscal charges	Principal retirement		_		5,236,178	_		_		
Total expenditures   35,659,079   7,737,031   5,109,624   4,091,859			_			_		_		
Total expenditures         35,659,079         7,737,031         5,109,624         4,091,859           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures         15,162,966         (7,361,792)         (4,487,844)         (3,246,435)           Other Financing Sources (Uses):         Sale of capital assets         74,806         -         -         -         -           Sale of bonds         -         1,781,000         5,370,000         -         -           Discount on issuance of bonds and notes         -         (177,258)         -         -         -           Premium on issuance of bonds         -         680,977         84,106         -         -         -         3,250,000           Transfers in         -         6,576,921         -			_		-	75,727		_		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures       15,162,966       (7,361,792)       (4,487,844)       (3,246,435)         Other Financing Sources (Uses):         Sale of capital assets       74,806       -       -       -       -         Sale of bonds       -       1,781,000       5,370,000       -       -         Discount on issuance of bonds and notes       -       (177,258)       -       -       -         Premium on issuance of bonds       -       680,977       84,106       -       -         Transfers in       -       6,576,921       -       3,250,000         Transfers out       (9,270,642)       -       -       -       -         Total other financing sources (uses)       (9,195,836)       8,861,640       5,454,106       3,250,000         Net change in fund balances       5,967,130       1,499,848       966,262       3,565         Fund balance at beginning of year, restated       41,213,730       905,614       12,417,285       6,766,721			35,659,079		7,737,031			4.091.859		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):         74,806         -	<u> -</u>		20,000,075		7,707,001	0,100,02		.,051,005		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):         Sale of capital assets       74,806       -       -       -       -         Sale of bonds       -       1,781,000       5,370,000       -         Discount on issuance of bonds and notes       -       (177,258)       -       -         Premium on issuance of bonds       -       680,977       84,106       -         Transfers in       -       6,576,921       -       3,250,000         Transfers out       (9,270,642)       -       -       -       -         Total other financing sources (uses)       (9,195,836)       8,861,640       5,454,106       3,250,000         Net change in fund balances       5,967,130       1,499,848       966,262       3,565         Fund balance at beginning of year, restated       41,213,730       905,614       12,417,285       6,766,721			15.162.966		(7.361.792)	(4.487.844)		(3.246.435)		
Sale of capital assets       74,806       -       -       -         Sale of bonds       -       1,781,000       5,370,000       -         Discount on issuance of bonds and notes       -       (177,258)       -       -         Premium on issuance of bonds       -       680,977       84,106       -         Transfers in       -       6,576,921       -       3,250,000         Transfers out       (9,270,642)       -       -       -       -         Total other financing sources (uses)       (9,195,836)       8,861,640       5,454,106       3,250,000         Net change in fund balances       5,967,130       1,499,848       966,262       3,565         Fund balance at beginning of year, restated       41,213,730       905,614       12,417,285       6,766,721	- · · · · ( · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		,,-		(1,000,1100)	(1,101,011)		(-,- :-, :)		
Sale of bonds       -       1,781,000       5,370,000       -         Discount on issuance of bonds and notes       -       (177,258)       -       -         Premium on issuance of bonds       -       680,977       84,106       -         Transfers in       -       6,576,921       -       3,250,000         Transfers out       (9,270,642)       -       -       -       -         Total other financing sources (uses)       (9,195,836)       8,861,640       5,454,106       3,250,000         Net change in fund balances       5,967,130       1,499,848       966,262       3,565         Fund balance at beginning of year, restated       41,213,730       905,614       12,417,285       6,766,721	Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Discount on issuance of bonds and notes         -         (177,258)         -         -           Premium on issuance of bonds         -         680,977         84,106         -           Transfers in         -         6,576,921         -         3,250,000           Transfers out         (9,270,642)         -         -         -           Total other financing sources (uses)         (9,195,836)         8,861,640         5,454,106         3,250,000           Net change in fund balances         5,967,130         1,499,848         966,262         3,565           Fund balance at beginning of year, restated         41,213,730         905,614         12,417,285         6,766,721	Sale of capital assets		74,806		-	-		-		
Premium on issuance of bonds         -         680,977         84,106         -           Transfers in         -         6,576,921         -         3,250,000           Transfers out         (9,270,642)         -         -         -           Total other financing sources (uses)         (9,195,836)         8,861,640         5,454,106         3,250,000           Net change in fund balances         5,967,130         1,499,848         966,262         3,565           Fund balance at beginning of year, restated         41,213,730         905,614         12,417,285         6,766,721	Sale of bonds		-		1,781,000	5,370,000		-		
Transfers in Transfers out         - 6,576,921         - 3,250,000           Transfers out         (9,270,642)	Discount on issuance of bonds and notes		-		(177,258)	-		-		
Transfers out         (9,270,642)         -         -         -           Total other financing sources (uses)         (9,195,836)         8,861,640         5,454,106         3,250,000           Net change in fund balances         5,967,130         1,499,848         966,262         3,565           Fund balance at beginning of year, restated         41,213,730         905,614         12,417,285         6,766,721	Premium on issuance of bonds		-		680,977	84,106		-		
Total other financing sources (uses)         (9,195,836)         8,861,640         5,454,106         3,250,000           Net change in fund balances         5,967,130         1,499,848         966,262         3,565           Fund balance at beginning of year, restated         41,213,730         905,614         12,417,285         6,766,721	Transfers in		-		6,576,921	-		3,250,000		
Total other financing sources (uses)         (9,195,836)         8,861,640         5,454,106         3,250,000           Net change in fund balances         5,967,130         1,499,848         966,262         3,565           Fund balance at beginning of year, restated         41,213,730         905,614         12,417,285         6,766,721	Transfers out		(9,270,642)		_	-		_		
Fund balance at beginning of year, restated 41,213,730 905,614 12,417,285 6,766,721	Total other financing sources (uses)				8,861,640	5,454,106		3,250,000		
	Net change in fund balances		5,967,130		1,499,848	966,262		3,565		
	Fund balance at beginning of year, restated		41,213,730		905,614	12,417,285		6,766,721		
		\$		\$			\$			

Lane Avenue II TIF	Other Governmental	Total Governmental			
	Governmentar	Governmentar			
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 30,494,715			
Ψ -	64,962	10,110,457			
_		371,691			
-	3,044,716	3,044,716			
-	199,948	2,129,521			
-	-	2,765,289			
-	54,922	362,151			
-	2,177,349	5,119,289			
-	63,304	2,000,912			
-	213,744	2,084,692			
	5,818,945	58,483,433			
_	1,272,099	11,169,685			
-	413,437	18,405,985			
-	2,159,589	4,164,061			
-	161,502	3,878,949			
-	, -	977,585			
7,496,061	3,820,246	21,518,114			
-	, ,				
-	-	5,236,178			
-	-	2,494,243			
582,814	-	658,541			
8,078,875	7,826,873	68,503,341			
(8,078,875)	(2,007,928)	(10,019,908)			
_	119,842	194,648			
18,559,000	-	25,710,000			
-	-	(177,258)			
582,314	-	1,347,397			
-	193,400	10,020,321			
	(749,679)	(10,020,321)			
19,141,314	(436,437)	27,074,787			
11,062,439	(2,444,365)	17,054,879			
_	6,796,313	68,099,663			
\$ 11,062,439	\$ 4,351,948	\$ 85,154,542			



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# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 17,054,879
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.	
Capital outlays	20,003,827
Depreciation expense	(4,268,357)
The effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets	
(i.e. sales, trade-ins, donations and disposals) is to decrease net position.  Contributions, donations, and transfers of construction in progress	(4.071.490)
Contributions, donations, and transfers of construction in progress	(4,971,489)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources	(0.40.40.5)
are not reported as revenues in the funds.	(949,495)
Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amount as deferred outflows.	
Pension	3,598,442
OPEB	55,596
Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB liability/(asset) are reported as pension/OPEB expense on the statement of activities.	
Pension	(8,731,419)
OPEB	20,451,064
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.	
Repayment of debt	5,236,178
Issuance of debt Premium on issuance of debt	(25,710,000) (1,347,397)
Discount on issuance of debt	177,258
Accretion and amortization of premiums	,
and deferred amount on refunding, etc.	232,266
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Compensated absences	(44,946)
Accrued interest	(120,030)
The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds, including the internal balance, is allocated among governmental activities.	(532,595)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 20,133,782

## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2019

Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds

	Solid Waste	Water Surcharge	Sanitary Sewer Surcharge	Stormwater	Swimming Pools
Assets:					
Current assets:					
Cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$ 766,356	\$ 1,205,866	\$ 1,559,736	\$ 2,790,949	\$ 553,143
Receivables (net of allowances): Accounts	309,362	152 664	219 240	68,004	
Accounts Accrued interest	2,550	153,664	218,340	9,062	-
Due from other funds	2,330	-	-	9,002	-
Total current assets	1,078,268	1,359,530	1,778,076	2,868,015	553,143
Noncurrent assets:		51.4			1 22 ( 050
Nondepreciable capital assets	-	514	0.262.746	- 12 147 202	1,236,059
Depreciable capital assets, net	-	18,209,673	8,263,746	13,147,393	10,864,833
Net pension asset		130	674	299	661
Total noncurrent assets	1.070.260	18,210,317	8,264,420	13,147,692	12,101,553
Total assets	1,078,268	19,569,847	10,042,496	16,015,707	12,654,696
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>					
Pension	-	44,946	290,243	121,391	213,791
OPEB		5,461	72,966	18,747	54,675
Total deferred outflows of resources		50,407	363,209	140,138	268,466
Liabilities:					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	9,465	1,473	39,370	11,954	560
Accrued wages and benefits	-	1,400	7,962	4,203	606
Due to other governments	-	216	1,230	649	95
Due to other funds	125,000	18	103	55	8
Accrued vacation and sick leave	-	4,497	25,236	6,657	-
Loans payable	-	18,869	-	-	-
Bonds payable	-	52,750	4,508	37,581	-
Accrued interest payable		3,102	265	2,210	
Total current liabilities	134,465	82,325	78,674	63,309	1,269
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Accrued vacation and sick leave	=	1,552	8,707	2,297	_
Loans payable	-	47,173			-
Bonds payable	-	958,538	81,904	682,903	-
Net pension liability	-	148,717	771,519	341,528	755,634
Net OPEB liability	-	69,621	361,403	159,841	353,842
Total noncurrent liabilities		1,225,601	1,223,533	1,186,569	1,109,476
Total liabilities	134,465	1,307,926	1,302,207	1,249,878	1,110,745
Deferred Inflows of Resources:					
Pension	_	58,949	10,585	4,656	16,327
OPEB	_	38,987	981	434	5,913
Total deferred inflows of resources		97,936	11,566	5,090	22,240
Net Position:					
Net investment in capital assets		17,132,857	8,177,334	12,426,909	12,100,892
Unrestricted	943,803	1,081,535	914,598	2,473,968	(310,715)
Total net position	\$ 943,803	\$ 18,214,392	\$ 9,091,932	\$ 14,900,877	\$ 11,790,177
Position	- 713,003	- 10,211,372	,071,732	2 1,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	2 11,770,177

Adjustment to consolidate the internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds

Net position of business-type activities

	Governmental Activities -
Total	Internal Service
\$ 6,876,050	0 \$ 2,669,969
749,37	0 -
11,61	2 -
	- 8,686
7,637,03	2 2,678,655
1,236,57	2
50,485,64	
1,76	
51,723,98	
59,361,01	
	_
670,37	
151,849	
822,220	
62,82	2 487,134
14,17	
2,19	
125,18	
36,39	
18,86	
94,839	
5,57° 360,04°	
300,04.	407,134
12,55	6 -
47,17	
1,723,34	
2,017,39	
944,70	
4,745,17	
5,105,22	1 487,134
90,51	7 -
46,31	
136,83	2 -
49,837,99	
5,103,189	9 2,191,521
54,941,18	1 \$ 2,191,521
133 75	2.
\$ 55,074,933	<del>-</del> 3
= 23,071,73.	<u>-</u>

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds

	_			•		_		
	S	olid Waste	Water Surcharge		nitary Sewer Surcharge		Stormwater	Swimming Pools
Operating Revenues:			 					
Charges for services	\$	3,008,380	\$ 723,167	\$	1,136,487	\$	765,542	\$ 791,691
Miscellaneous					1,931		-	100
Total operating revenues		3,008,380	 723,167		1,138,418		765,542	 791,791
Operating Expenses:								
Personal services		-	98,705		711,466		411,921	782,327
Materials and supplies		873	49,936		64,077		17,828	46,032
Contractual services		2,860,586	83,050		111,309		136,667	185,973
Self-insurance		-	-		-		-	-
Depreciation, net		-	525,445		370,936		331,720	234,757
Miscellaneous		-	54		3,125		-	3,207
Total operating expenses		2,861,459	757,190		1,260,913		898,136	1,252,296
Operating income (loss)		146,921	(34,023)		(122,495)		(132,594)	(460,505)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)								
Investment earnings		28,788	-		-		62,885	-
Interest expense		-	(37,226)		(3,180)		(26,521)	-
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		28,788	(37,226)		(3,180)		36,364	-
Income (loss) before contributions		175,709	(71,249)		(125,675)		(96,230)	(460,505)
Capital contributions, net			2,886,428		61,978		308,695	 1,714,388
Change in net position		175,709	2,815,179		(63,697)		212,465	1,253,883
Net position at beginning of year		768,094	15,399,213		9,155,629		14,688,412	10,536,294
Net position at end of year	\$	943,803	\$ 18,214,392	\$	9,091,932	\$	14,900,877	\$ 11,790,177

Adjustment to consolidate the internal service fund activities related to the enterprise funds.

Change in net position in business-type activities.

	Governmental Activities -
Total	Internal Service
10141	Internal Service
\$ 6,425,26	7 \$ 3,373,487
2,03	1 102,892
6,427,29	8 3,476,379
2,004,41	9 -
178,74	-
3,377,58	5 -
, ,	- 4,042,421
1,462,85	8 -
6,38	-
7,029,99	4,042,421
(602,69	6) (566,042)
01.67	2
91,67	
(66,92	
24,74	<u> </u>
(577,95	0) (566,042)
4,971,48	9
4,393,53	9 (566,042)
	2,757,563
	\$ 2,191,521
(33,44	7)
\$ 4,360,09	2

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds Water Sanitary Sewer Swimming Solid Waste Surcharge Surcharge Stormwater Pools **Cash flow from Operating Activities** 656,119 1,082,698 765,847 Receipts from customers and users 3,003,058 791,791 Payments to suppliers and contractual services (3,091,260)(131,567)(148,587)(163,403)(235,199)(162,662)(466,034)(338,683) (522,845)Payments to employees Net cash provided (used) by operating activities (88,202) 361,890 468,077 263,761 33,747 Cash flow for Noncapital Financing Activities (125,000)Advances out Net cash used by non-capital (125,000)financing activities Cash flow from Capital and Related Financing Principal paid on capital debt (69,325)(4,313)(35,947)Interest paid on capital debt (26,521) (37,226)(3,180)Net cash used by capital and related financing activities (106,551)(7,493)(62,468)Cash flow from investing activities Interest and dividends received 29,469 62,417 Net cash provided by investing activities 29,469 62,417 Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (183,733)255,339 460,584 263,710 33,747 Cash and cash equivalents, January 1 950,089 950,527 1.099,152 2,527,239 519,396 Cash and cash equivalents, December 31 766,356 1,205,866 1,559,736 2,790,949 553,143

Total	Governmental Activities - Internal Service
\$ 6,299,513	\$ 3,476,093
(3,770,016)	(4,017,961)
(1,490,224)	
 1,039,273	(541,868)
 (125,000)	
 (125,000)	
(109,585) (66,927)	<u>-</u>
 (00,727)	
 (176,512)	
 91,886	
 91,886	
829,647	(541,868)
 6,046,403	3,211,837
\$ 6,876,050	\$ 2,669,969
	(Continued)

## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds									
	So	lid Waste		Water Surcharge		itary Sewer Jurcharge	St	ormwater	S	wimming Pools
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net										
cash provided (used) by operating activities:										
Operating income (loss)	\$	146,921	\$	(34,023)	\$	(122,495)	\$	(132,594)	\$	(460,505)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income										
(loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:										
Depreciation expense		-		525,445		370,936		331,720		234,757
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(5,322)		(67,048)		(55,720)		305		-
Increase in due from other funds		-		-		-		-		-
(Increase) decrease in net pension asset										
and deferred outflows		-		(19,817)		(186,684)		(52,159)		11,780
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(229,801)		1,473		29,924		(8,908)		(763)
Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll liabilities		-		64		(2,747)		1,037		236
Increase (decrease) in accrued										
vacation and sick leave		-		(1,853)		5,930		833		-
Increase (decrease) in net pension/OPEB liability										
and deferred inflows		-		(42,351)		428,933		123,527		248,242
Total adjustments		(235,123)		395,913		590,572		396,355		494,252
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	(88,202)	\$	361,890	\$	468,077	\$	263,761	\$	33,747
Non cash investing, capital, and financing activities:										
Contributions of capital assets from										
governmental activities	\$		\$	2,886,428	\$	61,978	\$	308,695	\$	1,714,388

Total	Α	vernmental activities - ernal Service
\$ (602,696)	\$	(566,042)
1,462,858 (127,785)		(286)
(246,880) (208,075) (1,410)		24,460 -
4,910		-
\$ 758,351 1,641,969 1,039,273	\$	24,174 (541,868)
\$ 4,971,489	\$	-

## STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Cust	odial Funds
Assets Cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$	148,544
Total assets		148,544
Liabilities Due to others		103,465
Total liabilities		103,465
Net Position Restricted for individuals and other governments		45,079
Total Net Position	\$	45,079

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Custodial Funds			
Additions				
Fines and forfeitures for other governments	\$	160,092		
Fees for other organizations		298,026		
Total additions		458,118		
Deductions				
Fines and forfeitures distributions to other governments		157,129		
Fees distributions to other organizations		298,026		
Total deductions		455,155		
Change in fiduciary net position		2,963		
Net position at beginning of year, restated		42,116		
Net position at end of year	\$	45,079		



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# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

## Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

## (a) Reporting Entity

The City of Upper Arlington (City) was organized on February 8, 1941 and is a home-rule, municipal corporation organized under the laws of the State of Ohio. The City operates under the Council-Manager form of government. Elected officials include seven council members.

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the City consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the City. For the City of Upper Arlington this includes the departments that provide the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety, public service, parks and recreation, and community development.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the City is financially accountable. The City is financially accountable for an organization if the City appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board, and (1) the City is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the City is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the City is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance deficits of or provide financial support to the organization; or the City is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations for which the City approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. The City has one component unit, the Upper Arlington Community Improvement Corporation (CIC).

The CIC was formed pursuant to Resolution 19-93 passed December 13, 1993. The CIC was designated as a not-for-profit organization of the City to assist in the revitalization and enhancement of property through advancing, encouraging, and promoting industrial, economic, commercial, and civic development. The CIC is governed by a thirteen-member board. The Code of Regulations for the CIC calls for six members to be appointed by the City, including: the City Manager, the President of City Council or designee, up to two additional City Council members, and the remaining nine seats by citizens recommended by the Mayor and confirmed by City Council. Thus, the City appoints and or approves appointment of 100% of the Board. Additionally, the City has provided 100% of the past financial support of the CIC. The CIC does not operate with substantively the same governing body as the primary government. In addition, the CIC through its economic development activities exists to benefit the citizens of Upper Arlington. The CIC is discretely presented as a component unit of the City. Financial statements can be obtained from Brent Lewis, Finance & Administrative Services Director, 3600 Tremont Road, Upper Arlington, Ohio 43221.

The City is associated with an organization, which is defined as a Jointly Governed Organization. This organization is presented in Note 14 to the basic financial statements.

## (b) Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Beginning January 1, 2003, the City changed its financial reporting to comply with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments*. Financial information of the City, including the City's discretely presented component unit, is presented in the accompanying statements in the following format:

 Management's discussion and analysis, a part of the required supplementary information, introduces the basic financial statements and provides analytical overview of the City's financial statements.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

## Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the basic financial statements. The government-wide financial statements report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units.

The statement of net position and statement of activities measure and report all the assets, liabilities, deferred inflows/outflows of resources, revenues and expenses, gains, and losses. Governmental activities are reported separately from the business-type activities. Taxes and intergovernmental revenues support governmental activities while revenues such as fees and charges support business-type activities. Interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function, and therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function.

Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by programs and grants and/or contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund financial statements consist of a series of statements focusing on information about the City's major governmental funds, enterprise funds, and fiduciary funds.

Notes to the financial statements provide information that is essential to a user's understanding of the basic financial statements.

Required supplementary information (RSI) is comprised of budgetary comparison schedules and pension and OPEB trend data required by GASB.

## (c) Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting policies and financial reporting practices of the City conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and disclose contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds where each is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. The basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures (expenses) are recognized in the accounts of the financial statements and relates to the timing of the measurements made.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

## Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The government-wide and the proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the time of related cash flows.

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The City considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, claims and judgments, compensated absences, and net pension liability which are recognized as expenditures when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt are reported as other financing sources.

Non-exchange transactions, where the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from income tax is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are earned. Revenues from grants, entitlements and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Intergovernmental revenue is also recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the government's water, sewer, solid waste and stormwater functions and other various functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include: charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, operating grants and contributions, and capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes and unrestricted intergovernmental revenues. Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues primarily include Homestead and Rollback taxes related to the collection of property taxes in Ohio.

Amounts reported as operating revenues and operating expenses in proprietary funds generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's proprietary funds are charges for services. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of commodities, and operating and administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and nonoperating expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

## Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – This fund accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund – This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for the payment of general obligation long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

Bonded Improvement Fund – This fund accounts for issuance of bonds for the purchase of significant capital projects with useful lives of more than five years.

*Infrastructure Improvement Fund* – This fund accounts for a seven-year capital project program. The General Fund provides an annual fund transfer to fund the program.

Lane Avenue II Tax Increment Financing (TIF) Fund – This fund accounts for any incremental increases in value and expenditure related to the redevelopment of several parcels of real property located on the north side of West Lane Avenue, between Chester Road and Westmont Boulevard (known as the Lane II project).

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

*Solid Waste Fund* – This fund accounts for the receipts generated from the refuse collection fees charged to the City's residents. Disbursements are for operating costs.

Water Surcharge Fund – This fund accounts for the surcharge applied to the consumption of water by all users within the City for the purpose of paying the cost of maintaining the City's water distribution system. These monies may be used for the construction and reconstruction of the water distribution system, including the repair/replacement of fire hydrants.

Sanitary Sewer Surcharge Fund – This fund accounts for the surcharge applied to the consumption of water by all users within the City for the purpose of paying the cost of maintaining the City's sanitary sewer system. These monies may be used for enlargement or replacement of the system and construction and reconstruction of main and interceptor sewers.

Stormwater Fund – This fund accounts for all receipts from stormwater drainage service charges, permit and inspection fees, direct charges, and investment earnings for the purpose of paying the cost of operating the stormwater management utility. These monies may be used for the purchase of capital equipment and capital improvements, including the payment of principal and interest on debt issued for such purposes.

Swimming Pools Fund – This fund accounts for all receipts generated from admission to the City's two pools and the related disbursements associated with operating these pools.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

## Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Other Special Revenue Funds – These funds are used to account for revenues derived from specific taxes, grants, or other restricted or committed revenue sources. The use and limitation of the special revenue funds are specified by City ordinance or federal and state statutes.

Other Capital Project Funds – These funds are used to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned and used for acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

Internal Service Funds – These funds are used to account for financing services provided by one department to other departments of the City generally on a cost-reimbursement basis. The City's Internal Service funds report on the self-insurance program.

Custodial Funds – These funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in a trust fund. The City's custodial funds account for amounts collected and distributed on behalf of another government or organization.

## (d) Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Fund Balance

## 1. Deposits and Investments

City funds are pooled and invested to improve cash management. The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand and demand deposits. The proprietary funds consider all highly liquid investments to be cash equivalents when purchased.

During 2019, investments were limited to Federal agency securities, municipal securities, U.S. Treasuries, corporate bonds, commercial paper, the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio), and money market funds. Federal agency securities, municipal securities, and U.S. Treasuries, corporate bonds, and commercial paper are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices. STAR Ohio and money market accounts are reported at the net asset value (NAV) per share. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides a NAV per share that approximates fair value.

STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." For 2019, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$25 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$100 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$100 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

## Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

## 2. Receivables and Payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" for the current portion of the interfund activity or "advances to/from other funds" for the non-current portion of the interfund activity. Any residual balances outstanding between governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible (used in business) property located in the City. Real property tax revenues received in 2019 represent the collection of 2018 taxes. Real property taxes received in 2019 were levied after October 1, 2018, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2018, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are taxes established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due January 20th, with the remainder payable by June 20th.

Public utility property tax revenues received in 2019 represent the collection of 2018 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in 2018 became a lien on December 31, 2018, were levied after October 1, 2018, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The Franklin County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts within the County, including the City of Upper Arlington. The County Auditor periodically remits to the City its portion of the taxes collected.

Accrued property taxes receivable represents real property and public utility property taxes which were measurable as of December 31, 2019, and for which there was an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next year are measurable, amounts to be received during the available period are not subject to reasonable estimation at December 31 and are not intended to finance 2019 operations.

Collectible delinquent real property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue on the full accrual basis. On the modified accrual basis, the entire receivable is deferred.

The full tax rate for all City operations for the year ended December 31, 2019 was \$6.17 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed values of real and tangible personal property upon which 2019 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

	Assessed Valuat			
Real Property Public Utility Property	\$	1,888,194,220 27,231,410		
Total	\$	1,915,425,630		

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

# Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The City levies an income tax of 2.5% on substantially all income earned within the City. In addition, residents of the City are required to pay City income tax on income they earn outside the City. However, a credit is allowed for income taxes paid to other municipalities. Employers within the City are required to withhold income tax on employee compensation and remit this tax at least quarterly. Corporation and other individual taxpayers are required to pay their estimated tax quarterly and file a declaration annually. The City utilizes the Regional Income Tax Agency (RITA) to administer and collect taxes for the City with the guidance of the City's finance department. The income tax receivable includes both balances already filed by taxpayers and tax estimates, net of non-collectible taxes and refunds.

### 3. Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost using the first in/first out (FIFO) method. The costs of governmental fund-types inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

### 4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund statements. The City defines capital assets as assets with an estimated useful life in excess of five years and an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Pursuant to the implementation of GASB Statement 34, the historical costs of governmental infrastructure assets (retroactive to January 1, 1980) are included as part of the governmental capital assets reported in the government-wide statements. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the time of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities and proprietary funds are included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Capital assets of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset description	Estimated useful life (years)
Machinery and equipment	
(Autos and trucks, computer equipment)	5 - 8
(Other equipment, furniture & fixtures)	10 - 25
Buildings	40
Infrastructure (water/sewer/stormwater lines)	50
Infrastructure (streets, lights)	15 - 30
Improvements	8 - 50

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

## Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### 5. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the City, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the government-wide statement of net position for deferred charges on refunding, pension and OPEB. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are explained in Notes 10 and 11.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the City, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, payments in lieu of taxes, pension, OPEB and unavailable revenue. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of December 31, 2019, but which were levied to finance 2020 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the City unavailable revenue includes delinquent property taxes, income taxes, special assessments and intergovernmental grants. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are reported on the government-wide statement of net position. (See Notes 10 and 11)

### 6. Compensated Absences

City employees are granted vacation and sick leave in varying amounts. In the event of termination, an employee is reimbursed for accumulated vacation at varying rates. In the event of retirement, an employee is reimbursed for accumulated vacation in full and sick leave at varying levels.

Vacation and sick leave accumulated by governmental fund type and proprietary fund type employees is recorded as an expense when incurred in the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund types. Vacation and sick leave accumulated by governmental fund type employees are recorded as expenditures when due in the governmental fund financial statements. When paid, compensated absences for governmental activities are paid from the fund to which the employee's payroll is charged.

The City uses the vesting method in determining the liability of sick leave recorded. The timing of future payments for vacation and sick leave is dependent on many factors and therefore not readily determinable. However, management believes that sufficient resources will be made available for the payment of vacation and sick leave when such payments become due.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

### **Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

#### 7. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable unamortized bond premium or discount. Net pension/OPEB liability is also included in the long-term obligations and recalculated on an annual basis.

In the governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, are recognized during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

### 8. Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

#### 9. Fund Balance

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is "bound to honor constraints on specific purposes for which amounts in the fund can be spent" in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. The five fund classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> – The nonspendable classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in a spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

<u>Restricted</u> – Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

<u>Committed</u> – The committed classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (passage of an ordinance) of the City Council. The committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (passage of a new ordinance) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

# Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

<u>Assigned</u> – Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted nor committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. City Council has established fund balance policies that allow the Director of Finance to assign fund balance for specific purposes. Council may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's budget.

<u>Unassigned</u> – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report the deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts have been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The City first applies restricted resources when expenditure is incurred for purposed for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications can be used.

#### 10. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position restricted for other purposes primarily include resources restricted for recreation and various mayor's court activities.

The City applies restricted resources first, when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

### Note 2 – Deposits and Investments

### Deposit and Investment Policies

The City pools its cash, except for that held by trustees, and fiscal and escrow agents, for maximum investing efficiency. Earnings on the pool are allocated to individual funds according to Chapter 221 of the Upper Arlington City Code. In management's opinion, all statutory requirements were met in distributing earnings of the pool to various funds.

The City Code, Chapter 221, Depositories and Investments, provides the City with its authorized investment instruments, which do not include derivatives. In addition, the City is prohibited from using reverse repurchase agreements and does not leverage its investment portfolio in any manner. During 2019, the City invested in STAR Ohio. Management of STAR Ohio states that its policy also prohibits investing in derivatives and/or engaging in the use of reverse repurchase agreements. Average days to maturity of the STAR Ohio portfolio at December 31, 2019 were 55.7 days.

The City purchases investments, except for certificates of deposit, only through its investment advisor, Meeder Investment Management (Meeder). Meeder is contracted by the City to make investment recommendations and must acknowledge in writing their comprehension and receipt of the City policies.

The City's investment code and practices have consistently protected the portfolio from unnecessary credit risk (safety) and market risks (liquidity) while providing a competitive yield. The investments permitted by the City Code as well as limitations on investments are described in detail below.

Investments as permitted by Chapter 221 of the Upper Arlington City Code are as follows:

- (a) U.S. Treasury Bills, Notes, and Bonds; various federal agency securities including issues of Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA), Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp. (FHLMC), Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB), Federal Farm Credit Bank (FFCB), Government National Mortgage Association (GNMA), Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA) and other agencies or instrumentalities of the United States. GNMA mortgage-backed, pass-through securities are considered as eligible investments of the city and are not derivative securities, as defined under ORC § 135.14(C). Eligible investments include securities that may be "called", by the issuer, prior to the final maturity date. Any eligible investment may be purchased at a premium or a discount. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities.
- (b) General obligations of the State of Ohio.
- (c) General obligations of any county, township, school district, municipal corporation, or other legally constituted taxing subdivision of Ohio, which is not at the time of such investment, in default in the payment of principal on any of its obligations, provided that all of the following apply:
  - 1. The debt is payable from the general revenues and backed by the full faith and credit of the political subdivision,
  - 2. The debt is rated at the time of purchase in the three highest classifications of at least one nationally recognized rating agency and purchased through a registered securities broker or dealer,
  - 3. The aggregate value of the bonds/obligations does not exceed twenty percent (20%) of the portfolio, and
  - 4. The City is not the sole buyer of the issue.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

# Note 2 – Deposits and Investments (continued)

- (d) Certificates of deposit issued by institutions whose deposits are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). Certificates of deposit shall be collateralized using eligible securities or instruments as defined under ORC § 135.18 or 135.181. The selection of ORC § 135.18 or 135.181 for purposes of collateralization, shall be determined by the finance director. Under either method, the finance director may require an additional percentage of eligible collateral to compensate for any depreciation of market value of such pledged collateral, less any portion insured by the FDIC.
- (e) Repurchase agreements with any eligible institution mentioned in ORC § 135.03, or any eligible securities dealer pursuant to ORC § 135.14(M). Repurchase agreements transacted with eligible securities dealers shall be executed on a delivery versus payment basis. Eligible repurchase agreement collateral is restricted to securities listed in C.O. § 221.06(A), limited to final maturity dates of ten (10) years. The market value of securities subject to a repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the repurchase agreement amount by at least two (2) percent and marked to market daily. Term repurchase agreements shall be limited to a maximum of thirty (30) days.
- (f) Banker's acceptances issued by any domestic bank rated in the highest category by one of two nationally recognized rating agencies.
- (g) No load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in ORC § 135.14(B)(1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions mentioned in ORC § 135.03.
- (h) Commercial paper notes issued by an entity that is defined in ORC § 1705.01(D) and that has assets exceeding five hundred million dollars (\$500,000,000.00), to which notes all of the following apply:
  - 1. The notes are rated at the time of purchase in the highest classification established by at least two (2) nationally recognized standard rating services.
  - 2. The aggregate value of the notes does not exceed ten (10) percent of the aggregate value of the outstanding commercial paper of the issuing corporation.
  - 3. The notes mature not later than two hundred seventy (270) days after purchase.
  - 4. The investment in commercial paper notes of a single issuer shall not exceed in the aggregate five (5) percent of interim moneys available for investment at the time of purchase.
- (i) Medium term notes issued by a corporation, domiciled within the United States and having assets in excess of \$500 million, provided that such medium term notes have a maximum maturity of five (5) years and are highly rated, at the time of purchase, by Standard & Poor's, Moody's, or Fitch.
  - If a security has a split rating, the higher of the two ratings shall be used to determine the eligibility for investment purposes. In no event shall a corporate security, at the time of purchase, be rated less than A- by Standard & Poor's or less than an A3 by Moody's.
- (j) The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR OHIO), pursuant to Ohio Revised Code § 135.45.

Limitations on Investments by Chapter 221 of the Upper Arlington City Code are as follows:

- (a) Limitations on investments of any single institution or issuer:
  - 1. The City's investment with any individual issuer shall not constitute more than five percent (5%) of such issuer's total outstanding issue in banker's acceptances, commercial paper or corporate medium term notes.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

## Note 2 – Deposits and Investments (continued)

- 2. The total value of certificates of deposit, purchased from any individual financial institution, shall not exceed three percent (3%) of that institution's total time deposits, provided that such total deposits do not exceed five percent (5%) of the City's average portfolio at the time of purchase.
- (b) Limitations on the investment of interim funds:

The aggregate investments in banker's acceptances and commercial paper shall not exceed twenty five percent (25%) of the City's average portfolio, at the time of purchase.

- 1. The aggregate total of all corporate medium term notes shall not exceed fifteen percent (15%) of the average portfolio, based upon purchase cost or book value, at the time of purchase. Commercial paper and bankers' acceptances shall not be considered when calculating the maximum holdings in any single issuer.
- 2. The use of derivative securities, as defined in Ohio Revised Code §135.14(C), is expressly prohibited.
- 3. Collateralized mortgage obligations (CMOs) of any kind are expressly prohibited.
- (c) All eligible investments will mature within five (5) years from the date of settlement, unless the investment is matched to a specific obligation or debt of the City and the investment is specifically approved by the Finance Director.

All of the City's deposits and investments comply with State statutes, City ordinances, and applicable bond indentures.

#### **Deposits**

At December 31, 2019, the carrying value of all the City's cash deposits was \$6,259,672 and the bank balance was \$6,608,341. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and the remaining was uninsured and collateralized. The City's financial institution was approved for a reduced collateral rate of 50 percent through the Ohio Pooled Collateral System.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned. The City has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or be protected by:

- 1. Eligible securities pledged to the District and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose market value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured; or
- 2. Participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total market value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

### Note 2 – Deposits and Investments (continued)

#### Investments

At year-end, the City had investments with maturities as follows:

				Investment maturities						
	Measurement			1 year		1 to 3		3 to 5		
Investment type	Value		or less		years			years		
STAR Ohio	\$	13,695,597	\$	13,695,597	\$	-	\$	-		
Commercial Paper		13,387,499		13,387,499		-		-		
Money market mutual fund		10,331,278		10,331,278		-		-		
Municipal securities		991,736		124,401		-		867,335		
FFCB		18,030,029		2,894,669		809,954	]	14,325,406		
FHLB		2,899,593		898,353	,	2,001,240		-		
FHLMC		2,252,853		-		1,001,020		1,251,833		
FMAE		3,498,905		-		1,496,625		2,002,280		
FMAC		12,177,546		3,500,640	,	3,502,425		5,174,481		
Corporate bonds		2,120,773		1,714,737		406,036		-		
US treasuries		4,724,289		3,451,051				1,273,238		
Total investments	\$	84,110,098	\$	49,998,225	\$ 9	9,217,300	\$ 2	24,894,573		

STAR Ohio and money market accounts are reported at the net asset value (NAV) per share. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides a NAV per share that approximates fair value. All other investments are reported at fair value. The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets, for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. All of the City's investments, with the exception of STAR Ohio and money market mutual funds, are reported at fair value and are valued using significant other observable inputs (Level 2 inputs). Institutional bond quotes and evaluations based on various market and industry inputs are used in the valuation of the City's level 2 investments

*Interest Rate Risk*. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the City's investment policy generally limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk. The City's investment policy limits investments held to those issued by the U.S. Government or any of its agencies; STAR Ohio, and only very highly-rated money market funds, commercial paper, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio, bonds and other obligations of any county, township, school district, municipal corporation, or other legally constituted taxing subdivision of Ohio, which is not at the time of such investment, in default in the payment of principal on any of its obligations. Additionally, the City may invest in medium term notes issued by a corporation, domiciled within the United States and having assets in excess of \$500 million provided that they are highly rated by Standard & Poor's, Moody's, or Fitch.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

## Note 2 – Deposits and Investments (continued)

The City's investments in federal agency securities, US treasuries, STAR Ohio, and money market mutual funds were rated AAA. \$867,335 of the City's investments in municipal securities were rated AAA and \$124,401 were rated AA. Of the City's investments in commercial paper, \$3,120,280 were rated A1, \$5,170,615 were rated A2, and \$5,096,604 were rated AA. Of the City's investments in corporate bonds, \$500,035 were rated AAA, \$1,214,702 were rated A2, and \$406,036 were rated P-1.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The City through its investment policy limits investments with any individual issuer to 5% of such issuer's total outstanding issue in banker's acceptances, commercial paper, or corporate medium notes, and limits the value of certificates of deposits to 3% of that institution's total time deposits, provided that such total deposits do not exceed 5% of the City's average portfolio at the time of purchase.

Custodial Credit Risk. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City's investments are not exposed to custodial credit risk, as defined by GASB Statement No. 40 as they are either insured, registered, held by the City, or held by an agent in the name of the City.

Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Position: The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments to the statement of net position as of December 31, 2019:

Cash and investments per note		
Carrying amount of deposits	\$	6,259,672
Investments		84,110,098
Total	\$	90,369,770
Cash and investments per statements	of n	et position
<u>Cash and investments per statements</u> Governmental activities	of n \$	83,345,176
•	<u>of n</u> \$	
Governmental activities	<u>of n</u> \$	83,345,176

Interest revenue credited to the General Fund as of December 31, 2019 consisted of \$1,366,224 in interest earnings and \$144,225 in unrealized fair value gains. Of the \$1,366,224 in interest earnings credited to the General Fund as of December 31, 2019, \$568,372 represents the amount assigned from other funds not entitled to earn interest per Ohio statute.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

#### Note 3 – Receivables and Deferred Inflows of Resources

#### (a) Receivables

Receivables at December 31, 2019 consisted of income taxes, property and other taxes, special assessments, payments in lieu of taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services), accrued interest and intergovernmental receivables arising from grants, entitlements, and shared revenue. Receivables have been recorded to the extent that they are measurable at December 31, 2019. A summary of the items of receivables reported on the statement of net position follows:

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities		
Income taxes	\$ 7,386,646	\$	-	
Property and other taxes	10,426,129		-	
Special assessments	640,633		-	
Payments in lieu of taxes	3,109,405		-	
Accounts	416,985		749,370	
Accrued interest	306,428		11,612	
Intergovernmental	3,428,866		_	

Receivables have been separately identified on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected within the subsequent year.

# (b) <u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>

On the statement of net position, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes and payments in lieu of taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of December 31, 2019, which were levied to finance year 2019 operations, pension and OPEB (see Notes 10 and 11).

	Governmental Activities	siness-type Activities
Property and other taxes	\$ 9,530,757	\$ -
Payments in lieu of taxes	2,762,222	-
Pension/OPEB	2,651,585	136,832
	\$ 14,944,564	\$ 136,832

On the modified accrual basis of accounting, the City has recorded certain receivables where the related revenue is unavailable. Unavailable revenues have been reported as deferred inflows of resources on the governmental fund balance sheet for the following:

			General							
		Oblig	ation Bond	F	Bond	Infi	rastructure		Other	
Deferred inflows:	General	Re	tirement	Impi	ovement	Im	provement	Go	vernmental	Total
Income tax	\$ 2,714,357	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 2,714,357
Property tax	180,840		6,226		-		-		-	187,066
Special assessments	412,789		207		-		80,117		-	493,113
Payments in lieu of taxes	-		-		-		-		347,183	347,183
Intergovernmental	1,067,806		23,323		-		444,918		810,559	2,346,606
Accrued interest	99,632		-		8,333		-		2,965	110,930
Accounts	190,368		-						6,002	196,370
Total deferred inflows	\$ 4,665,792	\$	29,756	\$	8,333	\$	525,035	\$	1,166,709	\$ 6,395,625

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

**Note 4 – Capital Assets** 

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2019 was as follows:

Governmental Activities	Beginning balance	Additions	Deductions	Transfers	Ending balance
Nondepreciable capital assets					
Land	\$ 4,461,752	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,461,752
Construction in progress	12,198,688	18,619,986	-	(12,229,604)	18,589,070
Total nondepreciable assets	16,660,440	18,619,986		(12,229,604)	23,050,822
Depreciable capital assets					
Buildings	18,490,718	275,335	-	-	18,766,053
Improvements other than buildings	12,066,354	-	-	391,908	12,458,262
Machinery and equipment	17,741,738	871,728	(504,903)	-	18,108,563
Infrastructure	109,205,078	236,778	_	6,866,207	116,308,063
Total depreciable assets	157,503,888	1,383,841	(504,903)	7,258,115	165,640,941
Less accumulated depreciation					
Buildings	(10,488,235)	(271,295)	-	-	(10,759,530)
Improvements other than buildings	(2,981,589)	(234,008)	-	-	(3,215,597)
Machinery and equipment	(13,687,759)	(1,039,219)	504,903	-	(14,222,075)
Infrastructure	(34,108,972)	(2,723,835)	-	-	(36,832,807)
Total accumulated depreciation	(61,266,555)	(4,268,357)	504,903		(65,030,009)
Depreciable capital assets, net					
of accumulated depreciation	96,237,333	(2,884,516)		7,258,115	100,610,932
Total capital assets, net	\$ 112,897,773	\$ 15,735,470	\$ -	\$ (4,971,489)	\$ 123,661,754

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of governmental activities as follows:

# **Governmental Activities:**

General government	\$ 398,938
Public safety	541,146
Public services	2,995,366
Parks and recreation	326,032
Community development	6,875
Total depreciation expense	\$ 4,268,357

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

**Note 4 – Capital Assets (continued)** 

	Beginning				Ending	
Business-type Activities	balance	Additions	Deductions	Transfers	balance	
Nondepreciable capital assets						
Land	\$ 1,236,573	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,236,573	
Total nondepreciable assets	1,236,573				1,236,573	
Depreciable capital assets						
Buildings	-	-	-	1,714,388	1,714,388	
Improvements other than buildings	11,649,747	-	-	-	11,649,747	
Machinery and equipment	1,462,942	-	(137,461)	-	1,325,481	
Infrastructure	60,917,843			3,257,101	64,174,944	
Total depreciable assets	74,030,532		(137,461)	4,971,489	78,864,560	
Less accumulated depreciation						
Buildings	-	(17,858)	-	-	(17,858)	
Improvements other than buildings	(1,688,784)	(228,387)	-	-	(1,917,171)	
Machinery and equipment	(1,051,394)	(90,834)	137,461	-	(1,004,767)	
Infrastructure	(24,313,340)	(1,125,779)			(25,439,119)	
Total accumulated depreciation	(27,053,518)	(1,462,858)	137,461		(28,378,915)	
Depreciable capital assets, net						
of accumulated depreciation	46,977,014	(1,462,858)		4,971,489	50,485,645	
Total capital assets, net	\$ 48,213,587	\$ (1,462,858)	\$ -	\$ 4,971,489	\$ 51,722,218	

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of business-type activities as follows:

# **Business-type Activities:**

Water Surcharge	\$ 525,445
Sanitary Sewer Surcharge	370,936
Stormwater	331,720
Swimming Pools	234,757
Total depreciation expense	\$ 1,462,858

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

### Note 4 – Capital Assets (continued)

<u>Construction Commitments</u> - The City has active construction projects as of December 31, 2019. The projects include reconstruction/maintenance of streets, waterlines, sewer lines and stormwater systems, installing fiber optic cable, sidewalks, replacing traffic signals, and various park-related projects. At year-end, the City's commitments with contractors are as follows:

		Amount
	Contract	Remaining
Company	Amount	on Contract
Arcadis U.S.	\$ 909,906	\$ 302,152
Burgess and Niple	1,881,576	299,511
Decker Construction	2,542,618	177,903
EMH & T	245,640	11,028
Strawser Paving	4,057,218	418,308
U.S. Utility Contractor	439,940	53,799
Performance Pipelining	1,407,541	856,246
Lane Ave Commercial Holdings	19,923,000	12,736,773
Elite Excavating	3,189,035	38,135
United Survey	1,331,946	213,361
DWA Recreation	247,500	75,500
Newcomer Concrete Services	731,082	165,725
Double Z Construction	563,147	10,664
Inland Water Pollution Control	410,158	259,120
EVUnited	415,499	415,499
Korda Nemeth Engineering	195,900	101,089

<u>Encumbrances</u> - Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed by all funds on a budgetary basis of accounting. On the GAAP basis of accounting, encumbrances do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. Outstanding encumbrances, net of related payables, in the governmental funds at December 31, 2019 were as follows:

	Encumbrances,
Fund	net payables
General	\$ 1,540,039
Bonded Improvement	1,607,631
Infrastructure Improvement	1,350,416
Lane Avenue II TIF	10,945,698
Other Governmental	2,308,386
Total	\$ 17,752,170

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

# **Note 5 – Interfund Activity**

#### (a) Due from/to Other Funds

During the course of operations, transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services and to cover costs in specific funds where revenues were not received in the fund financial statements, these receivables and payables are reported as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" on the balance sheet, and are normally expected to be liquidated in a year or less.

"Due from/to other funds" balances at December 31, 2019 represent the premium charges payable to the BWC administration fund for the funding of worker's compensation claims totaling \$8,686. Additionally, the Due from/to other funds" balances in the General, Other Governmental funds and Proprietary funds include \$1,074,000 in interfund balances that are expected to be repaid within one year. See the table in 5(b) for further detail.

# (b) Interfund Balances

During the course of operations advances are made from the General Fund to cover costs in specific funds where revenues were not received by December 31. As mentioned in note 5(a) above, the portion of the advances expected to be repaid within a year or less are reported as "Due from/to other funds" on the balance sheet. The portion of the advances expected to be repaid in more than one year are reported as "advances from other funds" or "advances to other funds" on the balance sheet. Accordingly, a nonspendable fund balance has been established in the General Fund.

Interfund balances at December 31, 2019 as reported on the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet, consist of the following individual interfund advances:

					Balance	Sheet
	Beginning	New	Advance	Ending	Due from/to	Advances
Fund	balance	advances	repayments	balance	other funds	from/to
General	\$ 3,252,335	\$ 1,660,000	\$ (465,000)	\$ 4,447,335	\$ 1,074,000	\$ 3,373,335
Other Governmental:						
Tremont Road TIF	(291,135)	-	40,000	(251,135)	(40,000)	(211,135)
Kingsdale Core TIF	(718,000)	-	200,000	(518,000)	(309,000)	(209,000)
Lane Ave TIF	-	(100,000)	-	(100,000)	(50,000)	(50,000)
Lane Ave Mixed Use TIF	-	(360,000)	-	(360,000)	(60,000)	(300,000)
Horizon TIF	-	(1,200,000)	-	(1,200,000)	(375,000)	(825,000)
W. Lane Northwest TIF	(218,200)	-	-	(218,200)	(15,000)	(203,200)
Community Fiber Optic	(1,775,000)		100,000	(1,675,000)	(100,000)	(1,575,000)
Total Other Governmental	(3,002,335)	(1,660,000)	340,000	(4,322,335)	(949,000)	(3,373,335)
Proprietary Funds:						
Solid Waste	(250,000)		125,000	(125,000)	(125,000)	
Total	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

Interfund balances between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

# **Note 5 – Interfund Activity (continued)**

### (c) Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2019, consisted of the following, as reported in the fund financials:

	Transfers to						
	Gene	ral Obligation	Inf	rastructure		Other	
Transfers from	Bon	d Retirement	Im	provement	Gov	ernmental	Total
General	\$	5,827,242	\$	3,250,000	\$	193,400	\$ 9,270,642
Other Governmental		749,679					 749,679
Total	\$	6,576,921	\$	3,250,000	\$	193,400	\$ 10,020,321

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted for debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

All transfers were made in accordance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.14, 5705.15 and 5705.16 and the City's Charter.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

# Note 6 – Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities of the Governmental and Business-type Activities for the year ended December 31, 2019:

# Governmental Activities

	Beginning	A dditions	Daduations	Ending	Due Within
General obligation bonds:	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year
2009A Building renovation					
refunding bonds 2%-4%	\$ 295,000	\$ -	\$ (145,000)	\$ 150,000	\$ 150,000
2009C Various purpose bonds 2%-4%	725,000	-	(355,000)	370,000	370,000
2011 Refunding bonds 2%-3.5%	3,230,000	_	(620,000)	2,610,000	630,000
2012 Lane Ave mixed use	, ,		( , ,	, ,	,
development bonds 2%-3.125%	6,225,000	-	(195,000)	6,030,000	200,000
2012 Various purpose bonds 2%-3%	2,670,000	-	(140,000)	2,530,000	140,000
2013 Refunding bonds 3%-4%	5,975,000	-	(455,000)	5,520,000	470,000
2014 Refunding bonds 1.5%-3.5%	6,220,000	-	(500,000)	5,720,000	500,000
2015 Various purpose bonds 1.5%-4%	14,294,100	-	(679,284)	13,614,816	710,161
2015 Refunding bonds 1.5%-4%	5,927,000	-	(510,000)	5,417,000	525,000
2016 Various purpose bonds 2.45%-3.11%	9,815,000	-	(5,000)	9,810,000	5,000
2017 Various purpose bonds 3%	7,565,000	-	(850,000)	6,715,000	865,000
2018 Various purpose bonds 3%-4%	9,515,000	-	-	9,515,000	5,000
2019 Various Purpose		5,370,000	(570,000)	4,800,000	530,000
Total general obligation bonds	72,456,100	5,370,000	(5,024,284)	72,801,816	5,100,161
Special obligation nontax revenue bonds: 2019 Lane Ave mixed use development bonds II 2%-4%		20,340,000		20,340,000	
Loans - Direct Borrowings:					
OPWC Tremont Road 0%	2,353,143	-	(104,584)	2,248,559	104,584
FCIB Community Fiber Network 1.7%	790,755	_	(107,310)	683,445	109,142
Total loans	3,143,898	_	(211,894)	2,932,004	213,726
Unamortized premium on bonds	3,611,995	1,347,397	(375,115)	4,584,277	
Unamortized discount on bonds	(92,096)	(177,258)	8,628	(260,726)	-
Total bonds and notes payable	79,119,897	26,880,139	(5,602,665)	100,397,371	5,313,887
Net pension liability:					
OPERS	9,149,591	6,288,461		15,438,052	_
OP&F	28,721,064	9,959,005	_	38,680,069	_
Total net pension liability:	37,870,655	16,247,466		54,118,121	
Net OPEB Liability					
OPERS	6,268,836	960,665		7,229,501	
OP&F	26,514,185	(22,198,899)	-	4,315,286	-
Total net OPEB liability	32,783,021	(21,238,234)		11,544,787	
•					
Accrued vacation and sick leave Total Governmental Activities	2,757,117	3,640,289	(3,639,058)	2,758,348	1,665,723
long-term liabilities	\$ 152,530,690	\$ 25,529,660	\$ (9,241,723)	\$ 168,818,627	\$ 6,979,610

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

# **Note 6 – Long-term Liabilities (continued)**

# Business-type Activities

Water Surcharge Fund	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
General obligation bonds:					
2015 Various purpose bonds 1.5%-4%	\$ 1,061,744	\$ -	\$ (50,456)	\$ 1,011,288	\$ 52,750
Total general obligation bonds	1,061,744		(50,456)	1,011,288	52,750
OPWC loans - Direct Borrownigs:					
Arlington Avenue waterline 0%	84,911	-	(18,869)	66,042	18,869
Total OPWC loans	84,911		(18,869)	66,042	18,869
Net pension liability - OPERS	91,775	56,942	_	148,717	_
Net OPEB liability - OPERS	62,875	6,746	_	69,621	_
Accrued vacation and sick leave	7,902	21,817	(23,670)	6,049	4,497
Total Water Surcharge Fund	1,309,207	85,505	(92,995)	1,301,717	76,116
Sewer Surcharge Fund General obligation bonds:					
2015 Various purpose bonds 1.5%-4%	90,725	_	(4,313)	86,412	4,508
Total general obligation bonds	90,725		(4,313)	86,412	4,508
Net pension liability - OPERS	362,865	408,654	_	771,519	_
Net OPEB liability - OPERS	248,677	112,726	-	361,403	-
Accrued vacation and sick leave	28,013	83,050	(77,120)	33,943	25,236
Total Sewer Surcharge Fund	730,280	604,430	(81,433)	1,253,277	29,744
Stormwater Fund General obligation bonds:					
2015 Various purpose bonds 1.5%-4%	756,431		(35,947)	720,484	37,581
Total general obligation bonds	756,431		(35,947)	720,484	37,581
Net pension liability - OPERS	193,591	147,937	-	341,528	-
Net OPEB liability - OPERS	132,592	27,249	-	159,841	-
Accrued vacation and sick leave	8,121	41,911	(41,078)	8,954	6,657
Total Stormwater Fund	1,090,735	217,097	(77,025)	1,230,807	44,238
Swimming Pools Fund					
Net pension liability - OPERS	440,991	314,643	-	755,634	-
Net OPEB liability - OPERS	302,105	51,737		353,842	
Swimming Pools Fund	743,096	366,380		1,109,476	
Total Business-type Activities					
long-term liabilities	\$ 3,873,318	\$ 1,273,412	\$ (251,453)	\$ 4,895,277	\$ 150,098

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

## **Note 6 – Long-term Liabilities (continued)**

The City pays obligations related to employee compensation from the fund benefitting from their service. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension/OPEB liability. However, employer pension/OPEB contributions are made from the following funds; the General Fund, the Bonded Improvement Fund, the Infrastructure Improvement Fund, Other Governmental Funds, and the Water Surcharge Fund, the Sewer Surcharge Fund, the Stormwater Fund, and the Swimming Pools fund.

General Obligation Bonds and Notes are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City. The City issues general obligation bonds and notes to provide funds for acquisition and construction of major capital equipment, infrastructure, and facilities. General obligation bonds have been issued for both governmental and business-type activities.

Special Obligation bonds are limited special revenue obligations of the City, payable solely from Nontax Revenues. Neither the general credit of the City, nor that of the State of Ohio or of any political subdivision thereof, is pledged to the payment of the principal of, or premium, if any, or interest on the Special Obligation Nontax Revenue bonds. Special Obligation bonds have been issued for governmental activities.

General Obligation Bonds:

#### 2019 Various Purpose Bonds

On January 8, 2019, the City issued \$5,370,000 in Various Purpose Limited Tax Bonds for the purpose of acquiring, constructing, installing, and equipping capital projects and public infrastructure with related equipment.

The bond issues included serial bonds, in the amount of \$5,370,000. The bonds were issued for an eight year period with final maturity at December 1, 2027. Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. Payments of principal and interest are recorded as disbursements of the General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund.

#### 2018 Various Purpose Bonds

On December 19, 2018, the City issued \$9,515,000 in Various Purpose Limited Tax Bonds for the purpose of acquiring, constructing, installing, and equipping capital projects and public infrastructure with related equipment.

The bond issues included serial and term bonds, in the amounts of \$4,715,000 and \$4,800,000, respectively. The bonds were issued for a twenty year period with final maturity at December 1, 2038. Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. Payments of principal and interest are recorded as disbursements of the General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund.

The \$4,800,000 term bonds maturing on December 1, 2038, are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price of 100 percent of the principal amount to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, on December 1 in the years and in the respective principal amounts as follows:

	Princ	Principal amount		
Fiscal year	to be	eredeemed		
2034	\$	900,000		
2035		925,000		
2036		960,000		
2037		990,000		

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

### **Note 6 – Long-term Liabilities (continued)**

The remaining principal amount of such Series 2018 Bonds (\$1,025,000) will be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2038.

## 2017 Various Purpose Bonds

On January 10, 2017, the City issued \$9,280,000 in Various Purpose Limited Tax Bonds for the purpose of acquiring, constructing, installing, and equipping capital projects and public infrastructure with related equipment.

The bond issues included serial bonds, in the amounts of \$9,280,000. The bonds were issued for an eleven year period with final maturity at December 1, 2027. Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. Payments of principal and interest are recorded as disbursements of the General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund.

# 2016 Various Purpose Bonds

On December 15, 2016, the City issued \$9,825,000 in Various Purpose Limited Tax Bonds for the purpose of acquiring, constructing, installing, and equipping capital projects and public infrastructure with related equipment.

The bond issues included serial and term bonds, in the amounts of \$5,520,000 and \$4,305,000, respectively. The bonds were issued for a twenty year period with final maturity at December 1, 2036. Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. Payments of principal and interest are recorded as disbursements of the General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund.

The \$530,000 term bonds maturing on December 1, 2027, are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price of 100 percent of the principal amount to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, on December 1 in the years and in the respective principal amounts as follows:

	Princi	pal amount
Fiscal year	to be	redeemed
2026	\$	50,000

The remaining principal amount of such Series 2015 Bonds (\$480,000) will be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2027.

The \$3,775,000 term bonds maturing on December 1, 2036, are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price of 100 percent of the principal amount to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, on December 1 in the years and in the respective principal amounts as follows:

	Princ	Principal amount		
Fiscal year	to be	e redeemed		
2033	\$	540,000		
2034		1,060,000		
2035		1,080,000		

The remaining principal amount of such Series 2015 Bonds (\$1,095,000) will be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2036.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

### Note 6 – Long-term Liabilities (continued)

#### 2015 Various Purpose and Refunding Bonds

On April 14, 2015, the City issued \$24,995,000 in Various Purpose Limited Tax Bonds. The bonds were broken into the following two components based on the intended use of the proceeds: (1) 2015 Various Purpose Bonds (\$18,913,000) were issued for the purpose of retiring the Land Acquisition Bond Anticipation Notes and for acquiring, constructing, installing, and equipping capital projects and public infrastructure with related equipment, and; (2) 2015 Refunding Bonds (\$6,082,000) were issued to advance refund the callable portion of the City's outstanding 2008 Fire Station and Infrastructure Bonds. The advance refunded debt is considered defeased (insubstance) and accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net position.

As mentioned above, the 2015 Various Purpose Bonds (\$18,913,000) were issued for the purpose of financing various capital improvements. These could include improvements to streets, parks, water lines, sewer lines, stormwater lines, etc. Due to the broadness in scope of the potential projects, the proceeds were deposited into the Bonded Improvement Fund. However, it is the intent of the City to repay the potion of the debt used to improve enterprise fund related assets (water lines, sewer lines, storm water line, etc.) out of the corresponding enterprise fund. Therefore, once the enterprise-related asset is completed, the capital asset will be contributed to the appropriate enterprise fund.

The reacquisition price of the 2015 Refunding Bonds exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$736,297 for governmental-type activities. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which equal to the life of the 2015 Refunding Bonds issued. This refunding was undertaken to reduce the combined total debt service payments by \$349,571 and resulted in an economic gain of \$299,949.

The bond issues included serial and term bonds, in the amounts of \$22,760,000 and \$2,235,000, respectively. The bonds were issued for a twenty year period with final maturity at December 1, 2034. Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. Payments of principal and interest are recorded as disbursements of the General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund.

The \$2,235,000 term bonds maturing on December 1, 2030, are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price of 100 percent of the principal amount to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, on December 1 in the years and in the respective principal amounts as follows:

	Prin	cipal amount
Fiscal year	to b	e redeemed
2029	\$	1,100,000

The remaining principal amount of such Series 2015 Bonds (\$1,135,000) will be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2030.

# 2014 Refunding Bonds

On July 22, 2014, the City issued \$6,265,000 in Various Purpose Limited Tax Refunding Bonds for the purpose of currently refunding the remaining maturities of the Series 2010B Various Purpose Build America bonds.

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$48,263. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is equal to the life of the Series 2013 bonds issued. This current refunding was undertaken to reduce the combined total debt service payments by \$48,487 and resulted in an economic gain of \$44,186.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

# **Note 6 – Long-term Liabilities (continued)**

Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is December 1, 2030. Payments of principal and interest are recorded as disbursements of the general obligation bond retirement fund.

### 2013 Refunding Bonds

On June 12, 2013, the City issued \$8,640,000 in Various Purpose Limited Tax Refunding Bonds for the purpose of currently refunding the Series 2009 Various Purpose Build America bonds (\$7,320,000) and a portion (\$1,900,000) of the Series 2010B Various Purpose Build America bonds.

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$53,050. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is equal to the life of the Series 2013 bonds issued. This current refunding was undertaken to reduce the combined total debt service payments by \$509,691 and resulted in an economic gain of \$413,839.

Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is December 1, 2029. Payments of principal and interest are recorded as disbursements of the general obligation bond retirement fund.

## 2012 Various Purpose and Lane Ave Mixed Use Development Bonds

On November 20, 2012, the City issued \$10,000,000 in Various Purpose Bonds for infrastructure improvements in the Lane Avenue Mixed Use Development district (\$6,685,000) and for various infrastructure improvements (\$3,315,000).

The bond issue included serial and term bonds, in the amounts of \$6,240,000 and \$3,760,000, respectively. The bonds were issued for a thirty year period with final maturity at December 1, 2042.

The term bonds were issued at \$3,760,000 in total. \$955,000 of the term bonds maturing on December 1, 2032, are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price of 100 percent of the principal amount to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, on December 1 in the years and in the respective principal amounts as follows:

	Princ	ipal amount
Fiscal year	to be	redeemed
2031	\$	470,000

The remaining principal amount of such bonds (\$485,000) will be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2032.

The \$560,000 term bonds maturing on December 1, 2035, are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price of 100 percent of the principal amount to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, on December 1 in the years and in the respective principal amounts as follows:

	Principal amount		
Fiscal year	to be	redeemed	
2034	\$	275,000	

The remaining principal amount of such bonds (\$285,000) will be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2035.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

# **Note 6 – Long-term Liabilities (continued)**

The \$2,245,000 term bonds maturing on December 1, 2042, are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price of 100 percent of the principal amount to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, on December 1 in the years and in the respective principal amounts as follows:

	Princ	Principal amount		
Fiscal year	to be	redeemed		
2036	\$	295,000		
2037		300,000		
2038		310,000		
2039		320,000		
2040		330,000		
2041		340 000		

The remaining principal amount of such bonds (\$350,000) will be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2042.

Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is December 1, 2042. Payments of principal and interest are recorded as disbursements of the general obligation bond retirement fund.

## 2011 Refunding Bonds

On December 21, 2011, the City issued \$6,000,000 in Capital Improvement Refunding Bonds for the purpose of advance refunding the callable portion of the Series 2003 Various Purpose Bonds (principal \$5,905,000). The refunded debt is fully defeased.

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$451,391. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which equal to the life of the Series 2011 issued. This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce the combined total debt service payments by \$531,503 and resulted in an economic gain of \$480,017.

Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is December 1, 2023. Payments of principal and interest are recorded as disbursements of the general obligation bond retirement fund.

### 2009 Various Purpose, Build America and Refunding Bonds

On December 1, 2009, the City issued \$5,295,000 (Series 2009A) in Various Purpose General Obligation Bonds, \$7,320,000 (Series 2009B) in Various Purpose Build America Bonds and \$5,489,994 (Series 2009C) in Refunding Bonds. Series 2009A was issued for the purpose of currently refunding the 1998 Turkey Run Bonds (\$1,275,000), advance refunding the 2001 Building Renovation Bonds (\$1,135,000) and for capital improvements (\$2,785,000). Series 2009B was issued for infrastructure and capital improvements. Series 2009C was issued for the purpose of currently refunding the 1998 Voted Issue 4 Bonds (\$2,715,000) and advance refunding the 2001 Voted Issue 4 Bonds (\$2,775,000). The refunded debt is fully defeased.

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$433,023 and \$29,595 for governmental-type and business-type activities, respectively. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which equal to the life of the Series 2009 issued. This refunding was undertaken to reduce the combined total debt service payments by \$435,175 and \$126,777 for Governmental and Business-type Activities, respectively and resulted in an economic gain of \$517,793.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

### **Note 6 – Long-term Liabilities (continued)**

The bond issue included serial, term and capital appreciation bonds, in the amounts of \$12,485,000, \$5,385,000 and \$264,994, respectively. The bonds were issued for a twenty year period with final maturity at December 1, 2030. The Capital appreciation bonds matured on December 1, 2017 (approximate initial offering yield to maturity of 3.5%) at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bonds matured December 1, 2017 was \$725,000.

The term bonds were issued at \$5,385,000 and were currently refunded with the issuance of the 2013 Refunding bonds.

Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is December 1, 2020. Payments of principal and interest are recorded as disbursements of the General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund and the Stormwater Fund.

Special Obligation Bonds:

## 2019 Lane Avenue Mixed-Use Development II Nontax Revenue Bonds

On November 7, 2019, the City issued \$20,340,000 in Lane Avenue Mixed-Use Development II Special Obligation Nontax Revenue Bonds for the purpose of paying costs of constructing the Lane Avenue Mixed-Use Development II Project.

The bond issues included serial and term bonds, in the amounts of \$8,945,000 and \$11,395,000, respectively. The serial bonds were issued for a twenty-one year period with final maturity at December 1, 2040. Term bonds in the amount of \$3,370,000 were issued for a twenty-five year period with final maturity at December 1, 2044. Term bonds in the amount of \$8,025,000 were issued for a thirty-three year period with final maturity at December 1, 2052. Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. Payments of principal and interest are recorded as disbursements of the General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund.

The \$3,370,000 term bonds maturing on December 1, 2044, are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price of 100 percent of the principal amount to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, on December 1 in the years and in the respective principal amounts as follows:

	Princ	Principal amount		
Fiscal year	to be	redeemed		
2041	\$	780,000		
2042		840,000		
2043		860,000		

The remaining principal amount of such Series 2019 Bonds (\$890,000) will be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2044.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

## **Note 6 – Long-term Liabilities (continued)**

The \$8,025,000 term bonds maturing on December 1, 2052, are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price of 100 percent of the principal amount to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, on December 1 in the years and in the respective principal amounts as follows:

	Princ	Principal amount				
Fiscal year	to b	e redeemed				
2045	\$	950,000				
2046		980,000				
2047		1,005,000				
2048		1,075,000				
2049		1,110,000				
2050		1,135,000				
2051		1,210,000				

The remaining principal amount of such Series 2019 Bonds (\$560,000) will be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2052.

#### OPWC Loans:

The City has entered into three debt financing arrangements through the Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) to finance road, water and sewer infrastructure improvement projects. The amounts due to the OPWC are payable solely from general revenues. The loan agreements function similar to a line-of-credit agreement. The OPWC loans are being repaid from the Capital Asset Management Fund and Water Surcharge Fund. The loan agreements require semi-annual payments based on the actual amount loaned. The two loans are scheduled to fully mature: January 1, 2023 (Arlington Avenue); and January 1, 2041 (Tremont Road).

### Franklin County Infrastructure Bank Loan:

The City has entered into a debt financing arrangements through the Franklin County Infrastructure Bank (FCIB) to finance a community fiber network improvement project. The amount due to FCIB is payable solely from general revenues. The loan agreement function similar to a line-of-credit agreement. The loan is being repaid from the Community Fiber Optic Fund. The loan agreements require semi-annual payments with an interest rate of 1.7 percent. The loan is scheduled to fully mature October 1, 2025.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

# **Note 6 – Long-term Liabilities (continued)**

# Future Debt Service Requirements

Principal and interest requirements to retire long-term obligations outstanding at December 31, 2019 are follows:

Governmental Activities									
	General C	Obligation	Special O	Obligation	Loans				
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	]	Principal	Iı	nterest	
2020	\$ 5,100,161	\$ 2,367,031	\$ -	\$ 706,080	\$	213,726	\$	11,156	
2021	4,626,626	2,211,326	=	661,950		215,589		9,293	
2022	4,729,861	2,092,479	-	661,950		217,484		7,398	
2023	4,827,504	1,968,134	275,000	661,950		219,412		5,471	
2024	4,383,381	1,817,207	310,000	653,700		221,372		3,511	
2025-2029	23,319,989	6,723,750	1,820,000	3,089,000		641,702		1,517	
2030-2034	17,209,294	3,122,681	2,505,000	2,687,200		522,920		-	
2035-2039	7,585,000	746,623	3,280,000	2,146,950		522,922		-	
2040-2044	1,020,000	64,376	4,125,000	1,585,500		156,877		-	
2045-2049	-	-	5,120,000	909,000		_		-	
2050-2052			2,905,000	157,050					
Total	\$ 72,801,816	\$ 21,113,607	\$ 20,340,000	\$ 13,920,330	\$	2,932,004	\$	38,346	

	Business-type Activities									
		General C	Obliga	ation		OPWC Loans				
	F	Principal	I	nterest	P	Principal		erest		
2020	\$	94,839	\$	63,299	\$	18,869	\$	_		
2021		98,374		59,506		18,869		-		
2022		100,139		57,539		18,869		-		
2023		102,496		55,535		9,435		-		
2024		106,619		51,436		-		-		
2025-2029		600,011		189,731		-		-		
2030-2034		715,706		73,911						
Total	\$	1,818,184	\$	550,957	\$	66,042	\$			

### **Debt Limitation**

The Ohio Revised Code provides that the net debt of a municipal corporation, whether or not approved by the electors, shall not exceed 10.5% of the total value of all property in the municipal corporation as listed and assessed for taxation. In addition, the unvoted net debt of municipal corporations cannot exceed 5.5% of the total taxation value of property. The assessed valuation used in determining the City's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in calculating the City's legal debt margin calculation excludes tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The statutory limitations on debt are measured by a direct ratio of net debt to tax valuation and expressed in terms of a percentage. At December 31, 2019, the City's total debt limit was \$203.1 million and the unvoted debt limit was \$106.4 million.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

#### Note 7 – Risk Management

On October 1, 1997, the City established membership in the Central Ohio Risk Management Agency (CORMA) Self-Insurance Pool, Inc. CORMA was formed pursuant to ORC Section 2744.081. Members consist of the cities of Upper Arlington, Westerville, Pickerington, Dublin, Powell, Grove City, Groveport, Canal Winchester, and Grandview Heights. Each member has two representatives on the Board of Trustees. This Board establishes its own budget, hires and fires personnel and determines annual rates for its members. Membership in CORMA enables the City to take advantage of any economies to be realized from an insurance pool with other cities and also provides the City with more control over claims than what is normally available with traditional insurance coverage.

As part of participating in CORMA, coverage is provided for up to \$15,000,000 per occurrence and \$20,000,000 annual aggregate umbrella/excess liability for all liability claims and \$430,228,288 limit for property claims for the pool. Coverage is provided for general liability (\$1,000,000/\$2,000,000), law enforcement liability (\$1,000,000/\$1,000,000), public official liability (\$1,000,000/\$1,000,000), employment practices liability (\$1,000,000/\$1,000,000) and automobile liability (\$1,000,000). Pool retentions are \$25,000 per loss for property, \$750,000 for umbrella and \$150,000 for liability. A third-party broker, with expertise in public entity pools, markets the program, identifies coverage lines and limits, and recommends the best insurer and insurance for procurement.

The City self-administers deductible amounts and any other amounts not covered by CORMA. Claims liabilities and expenses are estimated through a case by case review of all claims.

Settled claims have not exceeded insurance coverage in the past three years. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage for the prior year.

The City is self-insured for the employees' health care, dental, and worker's compensation claims. To account for and finance its health, dental, and worker's compensation claims, the City established the Employee Benefit Fund and the BWC Administration Fund (internal service funds). Operating funds of the City participate in the program and make payments to the Employee Benefit Fund and BWC Administration Fund based on actuarial estimates of the amounts needed to pay prior and current year claims. The City purchases specific stop loss insurance for health care claims, which exceed \$90,000 per covered individual in one year and aggregate stop loss coverage at 125% of annual expected claims. The City purchases stop loss insurance for worker's compensation claims, which exceeds \$350,000 per occurrence.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

### Note 7 – Risk Management (continued)

Changes in the balances of claims liabilities during the past two years are as follows:

			Не	alth/Dental/	
	General		Workers		
	Liability			mpensation	
		<u>201</u>	8		
Unpaid claims - January 1, 2018	\$	2,210	\$	403,147	
Incurred claims		29,491		3,492,808	
Payment of claims		(31,486)		(3,433,281)	
Unpaid claims - December 31, 2018	\$	215	\$	462,674	
		<u>201</u>	9		
Unpaid claims - January 1, 2019	\$	215	\$	462,674	
Incurred claims		11,723		4,042,421	
Payment of claims		(11,938)		(4,017,961)	
Unpaid claims - December 31, 2019	\$	-	\$	487,134	

A claims liability of \$487,134 (health/dental/workers compensation) in the Internal Service Fund accounts payable balance represents an estimate for incurred but unpaid claims liabilities and incurred but not reported claims liabilities.

#### **Note 8 – Joint Operating Agreement**

In 2003, the City of Upper Arlington and the Upper Arlington City School District (District) entered into a joint operating agreement to provide recreational facilities at Burbank Park for the benefit of the residents of the City. Whereas, pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Section 755.16, this agreement shall establish the working partnership between the City and the District regarding joint acquisition and construction of the project, as well as its shared operation and maintenance. The agreement establishes a four (4) member operations committee consisting of the Superintendent of the School District, the City Manager, the School District's Athletic Director, and the Parks and Recreation Director of the City.

The Agreement shall exist until: One year from date of certificate of establishment (July 11, 2003), and shall automatically renew for consecutive periods of one (1) year each for so long as the project is used for public athletic and recreational uses for the benefit of the residents of the City.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

# **Note 9 – Contingent Liabilities**

#### (a) Grants

The City receives financial assistance from federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on any of the financial statements of the individual fund types included herein or on the overall financial position of the City at December 31, 2019.

# (b) Litigation

The City is a defendant in a number of lawsuits pertaining to matters, which are incidental to performing routine governmental functions. City management is of the opinion that ultimate settlement of such claims will not result in a material adverse effect on the City's financial position as of December 31, 2019.

#### Note 10 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans

### Net Pension (Asset)/Liability

The net pension (asset)/liability reported on the statement of net position represents a (asset)/liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension (asset)/liability represents the City's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension (asset)/liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the City's obligation for this (asset)/liability to annually required payments. The City cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the City does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the (asset)/liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded (assets)/liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension (asset)/liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension (asset)/liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term net pension (asset)/liability on the accrual basis of accounting. Any (asset)/liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in due to other governments on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

## **Note 10 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)**

### Plan Description – Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Plan Description - City employees, other than full-time police and firefighters, participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The traditional pension plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan and the combined plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with defined contribution features.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits, and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional plan. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about OPERS' fiduciary net position that may be obtained by visiting <a href="https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml">https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml</a>, by writing to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling 800-222-7377.

Senate Bill (SB) 343 was enacted into law with an effective date of January 7, 2013. In the legislation, members were categorized into three groups with varying provisions of the law applicable to each group. The following table provides age and service requirements for retirement and the retirement formula applied to final average salary (FAS) for the three member groups under the traditional plan as per the reduced benefits adopted by SB 343 (see OPERS CAFR referenced above for additional information):

Group A					
Eligible to retire prior to					
January 7, 2013 or five years					
after January 7, 2013					

#### State and Local

# **Age and Service Requirements:**Age 60 with 5 years of service credit

or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit

#### Traditional Plan Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30

#### **Combined Plan Formula:**

1.0% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 1.25% for service years in excess of 30

#### Group B

20 years of service credit prior to January 7, 2013 or eligible to retire ten years after January 7, 2013

#### State and Local

# Age and Service Requirements:

Age 60 with 5 years of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit

#### Traditional Plan Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30

#### **Combined Plan Formula:**

1.0% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 1.25% for service years in excess of 30

#### Group C

Members not in other Groups and members hired on or after January 7, 2013

## State and Local

#### Age and Service Requirements:

Age 57 with 25 years of service credit or Age 62 with 5 years of service credit

#### Traditional Plan Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 35 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 35

#### **Combined Plan Formula:**

1.0% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 35 years and 1.25% for service years in excess of 35

Final average Salary (FAS) represents the average of the three highest years of earnings over a member's career for Groups A and B. Group C is based on the average of the five highest years of earnings over a member's career.

Members who retire before meeting the age and years of service credit requirement for unreduced benefits receive a percentage reduction in the benefit amount.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

### **Note 10 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)**

When a benefit recipient has received benefits for 12 months, an annual cost of living adjustment (COLA) is provided. For members retiring under the Combined Plan, an annual COLA will be provided on the defined benefit portion of their benefit. This COLA is calculated on the base retirement benefit at the date of retirement and is not compounded. For those retiring prior to January 7, 2013, the COLA will continue to be a 3 percent simple annual COLA. For those retiring subsequent to January 7, 2013, beginning in calendar year 2019, the COLA will be based on the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, capped at 3 percent.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

2019 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates		
Employer	14.0	<b>%</b>
Employee	10.0	<b>%</b>
2019 Actual Contribution Rates		
Employer:		
Pension	14.0	%
Postemployment Health Care Benefits	0.0	%
Total Employer	14.0	%
Employee	10.0	<u>%</u>

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The City's contractually required contribution was \$1,318,120 for 2019. Of this amount, \$127,077 is reported as due to other governments.

### Plan Description – Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund (OP&F)

Plan Description - City full-time police and firefighters participate in Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by OP&F. OP&F provides retirement and disability pension benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information and detailed information about OP&F fiduciary net position. The report that may be obtained by visiting the OP&F website at <a href="https://www.op-f.org">www.op-f.org</a> or by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Upon attaining a qualifying age with sufficient years of service, a member of OP&F may retire and receive a lifetime monthly pension. OP&F offers four types of service retirement: normal, service commuted, age/service commuted and actuarially reduced.

Each type has different eligibility guidelines and is calculated using the member's average annual salary. The following discussion of the pension formula relates to normal service retirement.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

### **Note 10 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)**

For members hired after July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 52 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit. For members hired on or before July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 48 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit.

The annual pension benefit for normal service retirement is equal to a percentage of the allowable average annual salary. The percentage equals 2.5 percent for each of the first 20 years of service credit, 2.0 percent for each of the next five years of service credit and 1.5 percent for each year of service credit in excess of 25 years. The maximum pension of 72 percent of the allowable average annual salary is paid after 33 years of service credit.

Under normal service retirement, retired members who are at least 55 years old and have been receiving OP&F benefits for at least one year may be eligible for a cost-of-living allowance adjustment. The age 55 provision for receiving a COLA does not apply to those who are receiving a permanent and total disability benefit and statutory survivors.

Members retiring under normal service retirement, with less than 15 years of service credit on July 1, 2013, will receive a COLA equal to either three percent or the percent increase, if any, in the consumer price index (CPI) over the 12-month period ending on September 30 of the immediately preceding year, whichever is less. The COLA amount for members with at least 15 years of service credit as of July 1, 2013 is equal to three percent of their base pension or disability benefit.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

	Police	Firefighters
2019 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates	_	
Employer	19.50 %	24.00 %
Employee	12.25 %	12.25 %
2019 Actual Contribution Rates		
Employer:		
Pension	19.00 %	23.50 %
Postemployment Health Care Benefits	0.50	0.50
Total Employer	19.50 %	24.00 %
Employee	12.25 %	12.25 %

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The City's contractually required contribution to OP&F was \$2,374,212 for 2019. Of this amount \$292,410 is reported as due to other governments.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

### **Note 10 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)**

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension (asset)/liability for OPERS was measured as of December 31, 2018, and the total pension (asset)/liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. OPF's total pension (asset)/liability was measured as of December 31, 2018 and was determined by rolling forward the total pension (asset)/liability as of January 1, 2018, to December 31, 2018. The City's proportion of the net pension (asset)/liability was based on the City's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

		OPERS	(	OPERS		
	Tra	ditional Plan	Com	bined Plan	OP&F	Total
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset)				_		
Current Measurement Date		0.063734%		0.013651%	0.473867%	
Prior Measurement Date		0.065265%		0.014224%	0.467964%	
Change in Proportionate Share		-0.0015310%	-0	.0005730%	0.00590300%	
Proportionate Share of the Net						
Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$	17,455,450	\$	(15,264)	\$38,680,069	\$ 56,120,255
Pension Expense	\$	4,026,177	\$	4,186	\$ 5,201,187	\$ 9,231,550

At December 31, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	OPERS Traditional Plan		OPERS Combined Plan		OP&F		Total	
Deferred Outflows of Resources								
Differences between expected and								
actual experience	\$	804	\$	-	\$	1,589,210	\$ 1,590,014	
Net difference between projected and								
actual earnings on pension plan investments		2,369,190		3,285		4,765,352	7,137,827	
Changes of assumptions		1,519,531		3,411		1,025,461	2,548,403	
Change in proportionate share		185,541		647		1,156,733	1,342,921	
City contributions subsequent to the								
measurement date		1,309,241		8,879		2,374,212	3,692,332	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	5,384,307	\$	16,222	\$	10,910,968	\$ 16,311,497	
Deferred Inflows of Resources Differences between expected and								
actual experience	\$	229,200	\$	6,226	\$	36,119	\$ 271,545	
Change in proportionate share		286,303		2,648		685,876	974,827	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	515,503	\$	8,874	\$	721,995	\$ 1,246,372	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

### **Note 10 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)**

\$3,692,332 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending December 31, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

		OPERS		PERS		
	Tra	ditional Plan	Com	bined Plan	OP&F	Total
Year Ending December 31:						
2020	\$	1,556,393	\$	133	\$2,335,670	\$ 3,892,196
2021		681,530		(525)	1,293,632	1,974,637
2022		219,789		(456)	1,571,303	1,790,636
2023		1,101,851		577	2,428,501	3,530,929
2024		-		(773)	185,655	184,882
Therafter				(487)		(487)
Total	\$	3,559,563	\$	(1,531)	\$7,814,761	\$11,372,793

# **Actuarial Assumptions - OPERS**

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the values of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018, using the following actuarial assumptions and methods applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

	Traditional Plan	Combined Plan
Wage Inflation	3.25 percent	3.25 percent
Future Salary Increases,	3.25 to 10.75 percent including wage	3.25 to 8.25 percent including wage
Including Inflation	inflation	inflation
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA	Pre-1/7/13 Retirees: 3 percent, simple	Pre-1/7/13 Retirees: 3 percent, simple
	Post-1/7/13 Retirees: 3 percent simple	Post-1/7/13 Retirees: 3 percent simple
	through 2018, then 2.15 percent simple	through 2018, then 2.15 percent simple
Investment Rate of Return	7.2 percent	7.2 percent
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age	Individual Entry Age

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

### **Note 10 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)**

Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Employees mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the RP-2014 Disabled mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to all of the above described tables.

**Discount Rate** The discount rate used to measure the total pension (asset)/liability was 7.2 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefits payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension (asset)/liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension (Asset)/Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension (asset)/liability calculated using a discount rate of 7.2 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.2 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.2 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.2%)	Di	scount Rate (7.2%)	1% Increase (8.2%)
City's proportionate share				
of the net pension (asset)/liability				
Traditional Plan	\$ 25,786,776	\$	17,455,450	\$ 10,532,044
Combined Plan	(5,051)		(15,264)	(22,661)

The allocation of investment assets with the Defined Benefit portfolio is approved by the OPERS Board of Trustees as outlined in the annual investment plan. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined benefit pension plans.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

# Note 10 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)

The following table displays the OPERS Board-approved asset allocation policy for 2018 and the long-term expected real rates of return:

		Weighted Average
		Long-Term Expected
	Target	Real Rate of Return
Asset Class	Allocation	(Arithmetic)
Fixed Income	23.00 %	2.79 %
Domestic Equities	19.00	6.21
Real Estate	10.00	4.90
Private Equity	10.00	10.81
International Equities	20.00	7.83
Other investments	18.00	5.50
Total	100.00 %	5.95 %

The long-term rate of return on defined benefit investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation.

During 2018, OPERS managed investments in three investment portfolios: the Defined Benefit portfolio, the Health Care portfolio, and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Defined Benefit portfolio contains the investment assets for the Traditional Pension Plan, the defined benefit component of the Combined Plan and the annuitized accounts of the Member-Directed Plan. Within the Defined Benefit portfolio, contributions into the plans are all recorded at the same time, and benefit payments all occur on the first of the month. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual money-weighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investment expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Defined Benefit portfolio was 2.94% for 2018.

# Actuarial Assumptions - OP&F

OPF's total pension liability as of December 31, 2018 is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of January 1, 2018 and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The total pension liability is determined by OPF's actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual valuation. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of reported amounts and assumptions about probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment mortality, salary increases, disabilities, retirements and employment terminations. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

# Note 10 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of January 1, 2018, are presented below:

Valuation Date

January 1, 2018 with actuarial liabilities rolled forward

to December 31, 2018

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal (Level Percent of Payroll)

Actuarial Assumption

Experience Study Date 5 year period ended December 31, 2016

Investment Rate of Return 8.00 percent

Cost of Living Increases (COLA) 3.00 percent simple; 2.2 percent simple for increases

based on the lesser of the increase in CPI and 3.00

percent

Salary Increases 3.75 percent to 10.50 percent

Payroll Growth Inflation rate of 2.75 percent plus productivity increase

rate of 0.50 percent

Mortality for non-disabled participants is based on the RP-2014 Total Employee and Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, adjusted according to the rates as follows, and projected with the Conduent Modified 2016 Improvement Scale. Rates for surviving beneficiaries are adjusted by 120 percent. For ages 67 or less, rates for police and fire are 77 percent and 68 percent, respectively. For ages 68 to 77, rates for police and fire are 105 percent and 87 percent, respectively. For ages 78 and up, rates for police and fire are 115 percent and 120 percent, respectively. Mortality for disabled retirees is based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, adjusted according to the following rates and projected with the Conduit Modified 2016 Improvement Scale. Rates for ages 59 or less for police and fire are 35 percent. Rates for ages 60 to 69 for police and fire are 60 percent and 45 percent, respectively. Rates for ages 70 to 79 for police and fire are 75 percent and 70 percent, respectively. Rates for ages 80 and up for police and fire are 100 percent and 90 percent, respectively.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in the Statement of Investment Policy. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

# **Note 10 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)**

Best estimates of the long-term expected geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in OPF's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2018 are summarized below:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return
	·	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	- %	0.80 %
Domestic Equity	16.00	5.50
Non-US Equity	16.00	5.90
Private Markets	8.00	8.40
Core Fixed Income *	23.00	2.60
High Yield Fixed Income	7.00	4.80
Private Credit	5.00	7.50
US Inflation Linked Bonds*	17.00	2.30
Master Limited Partnerships	8.00	6.40
Real Assets	8.00	7.00
Private Real Estate	12.00	6.10
Total	120.00 %	

Note: Assumptions are geometric

OPF's Board of Trustees has incorporated the "risk parity" concept into OPF's asset liability valuation with the goal of reducing equity risk exposure, which reduces overall Total Portfolio risk without sacrificing return, and creating a more risk-balanced portfolio based on their relationship between asset classes and economic environments. From the notional portfolio perspective above, the Total Portfolio may be levered up to 1.20 times due to the application of leverage in certain fixed income asset classes.

**Discount Rate** The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 8.00 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the longer-term assumed investment rate of return 8.00 percent. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 8.00 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (7.00 percent), or one percentage point higher (9.00 percent) than the current rate.

	Current					
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase			
	(7.00%)		(9.00%)			
City's proportionate share						
of the net pension liability	\$50,842,285	\$38,680,069	\$28,516,781			

<sup>\*</sup> levered 2x

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

#### Note 11 – Defined Benefit OPEB Plans

#### Net OPEB Liability

OPEB is a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

The net OPEB liability represents the City's proportionate share of each OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net OPEB liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the City's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The City cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which OPEB are financed; however, the City does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including OPEB.

GASB 75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because they benefit from employee services. OPEB contributions come from these employers and health care plan enrollees which pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. Any change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net OPEB liability. Resulting adjustments to the net OPEB liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term net OPEB liability on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required OPEB contribution outstanding at the end of the year would be included in due to other governments on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

# Plan Description – Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Plan Description – The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) administers three separate pension plans: The Traditional Pension Plan—a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; the Member-Directed Plan—a defined contribution plan; and the Combined Plan—a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

OPERS maintains a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care trust, which funds multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage and deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement to qualifying benefit recipients of both the Traditional Pension and the Combined plans. This trust is also used to fund health care for Member-Directed Plan participants, in the form of a Retiree Medical Account (RMA). At retirement or refund, member directed plan participants may be eligible for reimbursement of qualified medical expenses from their vested RMA balance.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

# **Note 11 – Defined Benefit OPEB Plans (continued)**

In order to qualify for postemployment health care coverage, age-and-service retirees under the Traditional Pension and Combined plans must have twenty or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by OPERS meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement 45. See OPERS' CAFR referenced below for additional information.

The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, OPERS to provide health care to its eligible benefit recipients. Authority to establish and amend health care coverage is provided to the Board in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Disclosures for the health care plan are presented separately in the OPERS financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by visiting <a href="https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml">https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml</a>, by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, OH 43215-4642, or by calling 614-222-5601 or 800-222-7377.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority requiring public employers to fund postemployment health care through their contributions to OPERS. When funding is approved by OPERS' Board of Trustees, a portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside to fund OPERS health care plans. Beginning in 2019, health care is not being funded.

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the earnable salary of active members. In 2019, State and Local employers contributed at a rate of 14.0 percent of earnable salary and Public Safety and Law Enforcement employers contributed at 18.10 percent. These are the maximum employer contribution rates permitted by the Ohio Revised Code. Active member contributions do not fund health care.

With the assistance of OPERS' actuary and OPERS Board approval, a portion of each employer contribution to OPERS may be set aside for the funding of post-employment health care coverage. The portion of Traditional Pension Plan and Combined Plan employer contributions allocated to health care was zero for 2019. The employer contribution as a percent of covered payroll deposited for Member-Directed Plan health care accounts for 2019 was 4.0 percent.

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The City's contractually required contribution was \$0 for 2019.

# Plan Description – Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund (OP&F)

Plan Description - The City contributes to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F) sponsored health care program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined postemployment health care plan administered by a third-party provider. This program is not guaranteed and is subject to change at any time upon action of the Board of Trustees. OP&F provides healthcare benefits including coverage for medical, prescription drugs, dental, vision, Medicare Part B Premium and long term care to retirees, qualifying benefit recipients and their eligible dependents.

OP&F provides access to post-retirement health care coverage for any person who receives or is eligible to receive a monthly service, disability, or statutory survivor benefit or is a spouse or eligible dependent child of such person. The health care coverage provided by OP&F meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

# Note 11 – Defined Benefit OPEB Plans (continued)

The Ohio Revised Code allows, but does not mandate OP&F to provide OPEB benefits. Authority for the OP&F Board of Trustees to provide health care coverage to eligible participants and to establish and amend benefits is codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code.

OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information for the Plan. The report may be obtained by visiting the OP&F website at <a href="www.op-f.org">www.op-f.org</a> or by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code provides for contribution requirements of the participating employers and of plan members to the OP&F defined benefit pension plan. Participating employers are required to contribute to the pension plan at rates expressed as percentages of the payroll of active pension plan members, currently, 19.5 percent and 24.0 percent of covered payroll for police and fire employers, respectively. The Ohio Revised Code states that the employer contribution may not exceed 19.5 percent of covered payroll for police employer units and 24.0 percent of covered payroll for fire employer units. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB Plan.

OP&F maintains funds for health care in two separate accounts. There is one account for health care benefits and one account for Medicare Part B reimbursements. A separate health care trust accrual account is maintained for health care benefit under IRS Code Section 115 trust. An Internal Revenue Code 401(h) account is maintained for Medicare Part B reimbursements.

The Board of Trustees is authorized to allocate a portion of the total employer contributions made into the pension plan to the Section 115 trust and the Section 401(h) account as the employer contribution for retiree health care benefits. For 2018, the portion of employer contributions allocated to health care was .50 percent of covered payroll. The amount of employer contributions allocated to the health care plan each year is subject to the Trustees' primary responsibility to ensure that pension benefits are adequately funded and is limited by the provisions of Sections 115 and 401(h).

The OP&F Board of Trustees also is authorized to establish requirements for contributions to the health care plan by retirees and their eligible dependents, or their surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected.

Beginning January 1, 2019, OP&F is changing its retiree health care model and the current self-insured health care plan will no longer be offered. In its place is a stipend-based health care model. A stipend funded by OP&F will be placed in individual Health Reimbursement Accounts that retirees will use to be reimbursed for health care expenses.

The City's contractually required contribution to OP&F was \$55,596 for 2019.

# Net OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability and total OPEB liability for OPERS were determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2018, by incorporating the expected value of health care cost accruals, the actual health care payment, and interest accruals during the year. OP&F's total OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2018 and was determined by rolling forward the total OPEB liability as of January 1, 2018, to December 31, 2018. The City's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the City's share of contributions to the retirement plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

# **Note 11 – Defined Benefit OPEB Plans (continued)**

Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

		OPERS		OP&F	Total
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability					
Current Measurement Date		0.0626980%		0.47386700%	
Prior Measurement Date		0.0646000%		0.46796400%	
Change in Proportionate Share		-0.0019020%		0.00590300%	
Proportionate Share of the Net					
OPEB Liability	\$	8,174,208	\$	4,315,286	\$ 12,489,494
ODED Evenonge	¢	720.455	¢	(21.066.290)	\$ (20.245.924)
OPEB Expense	\$	720,455	Ф	(21,066,289)	\$ (20,345,834)

At December 31, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	(	OPERS	OP&F		Total	
Deferred Outflows of Resources	,					
Differences between expected and						
actual experience	\$	2,767	\$	-	\$	2,767
Net difference between projected and						
actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		374,739		146,076		520,815
Changes of assumptions		263,546		2,236,836		2,500,382
Change in proportionate share		123,340		1,053,439		1,176,779
City contributions subsequent to the						
measurement date				55,596		55,596
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	764,392	\$	3,491,947	\$	4,256,339
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Differences between expected and						
actual experience	\$	22,180	\$	115,616	\$	137,796
Changes of assumptions		-		1,194,675		1,194,675
Change in proportionate share		209,574				209,574
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	231,754	\$	1,310,291	\$	1,542,045

\$55,596 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending December 31, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

Note 11 – Defined Benefit OPEB Plans (continued)

	(	OPERS	OP&F		Total	
Year Ending December 31:						
2020	\$	272,694	\$	370,308	\$ 643,002	
2021		11,523		370,308	381,831	
2022		59,644		370,306	429,950	
2023		188,777		414,490	603,267	
2024		-		344,834	344,834	
Therafter				255,814	255,814	
Total	\$	532,638	\$	2,126,060	\$ 2,658,698	

# Actuarial Assumptions - OPERS

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the values of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan and include the types of coverage provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of costs between OPERS and plan members. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2016, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2017, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2018.

The actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions applied to all prior periods included in the measurement in accordance with the requirements of GASB 74:

Wage Inflation	3.25 percent
Projected Salary Increases,	3.25 to 10.75 percent
including inflation	(including wage inflation
	at 3.25 percent)
Single Discount Rate:	
Current measurement date	3.96 percent
Prior Measurement date	3.85 percent
Investment Rate of Return	6.00 percent
Municipal Bond Rate	3.71 percent
Health Care Cost Trend Rate	10.0 percent, initial
	3.25 percent, ultimate in 2029
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

# **Note 11 – Defined Benefit OPEB Plans (continued)**

Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Employees mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the RP-2014 Disabled mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to all of the above described tables.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended December 31, 2015.

Discount Rate A single discount rate of 3.96 percent was used to measure the OPEB liability on the measurement date of December 31, 2018. Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present value using a single discount rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments (to the extent that the health care fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate are not met). This single discount rate was based on an expected rate of return on the health care investment portfolio of 6.00 percent and a municipal bond rate of 3.71 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the health care fiduciary net position and future contributions were sufficient to finance health care costs through 2031. As a result, the long-term expected rate of return on health care investments was applied to projected costs through the year 2031, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all health care costs after that date.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the single discount rate of 3.96 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (2.96 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (4.96 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease		Di	Discount Rate		% Increase
		(2.96%) (3.96%)		(4.96%)		
City's proportionate share						
of the net OPEB liability	\$	10,458,026	\$	8,174,208	\$	6,358,204

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate Changes in the health care cost trend rate may also have a significant impact on the net OPEB liability. The following table presents the net OPEB liability calculated using the assumed trend rates, and the expected net OPEB liability if it were calculated using a health care cost trend rate that is 1.0 percent lower or 1.0 percent higher than the current rate.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

# **Note 11 – Defined Benefit OPEB Plans (continued)**

Retiree health care valuations use a health care cost-trend assumption that changes over several years built into the assumption. The near-term rates reflect increases in the current cost of health care; the trend starting in 2019 is 10.0 percent. If this trend continues for future years, the projection indicates that years from now virtually all expenditures will be for health care. A more reasonable alternative is that in the not-too-distant future, the health plan cost trend will decrease to a level at, or near, wage inflation. On this basis, the actuaries project premium rate increases will continue to exceed wage inflation for approximately the next decade, but by less each year, until leveling off at an ultimate rate, assumed to be 3.25 percent in the most recent valuation.

	Current Health Care						
	Trend Rate						
	1% Decrease	Assumption	1% Increase				
City's proportionate share							
of the net OPEB liability	\$ 7,857,313	\$ 8,174,208	\$ 8,539,468				

The allocation of investment assets with the Health Care portfolio is approved by the Board of Trustees as outlined in the annual investment plan. Assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of continuing to offer a sustainable health care program for current and future retirees. OPERS' primary goal is to achieve and maintain a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined pension plans. Health care is a discretionary benefit. The table below displays the Board-approved asset allocation policy for 2018 and the long-term expected real rates of return:

		Weighted Average				
		Long-Term Expected				
	Target	Real Rate of Return				
Asset Class	Allocation	(Arithmetic)				
Fixed Income	34.00 %	2.42 %				
Domestic Equities	21.00	6.21				
Real Estate Investment Trust	6.00	5.98				
International Equities	22.00	7.83				
Other investments	17.00	5.57				
Total	100.00 %	5.16 %				

The long-term expected rate of return on health care investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

# **Note 11 – Defined Benefit OPEB Plans (continued)**

During 2018, OPERS managed investments in three investment portfolios: the Defined Benefit portfolio, the Health Care portfolio and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Health Care portfolio includes the assets for health care expenses for the Traditional Pension Plan, Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan eligible members. Within the Health Care portfolio, contributions into the plans are assumed to be received continuously throughout the year based on the actual payroll payable at the time contributions are made, and health care-related payments are assumed to occur mid-year. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual money-weighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investment expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Health Care portfolio is a loss of 5.6 percent for 2018.

# Actuarial Assumptions - OP&F

The total OPEB liability is determined by OP&F's actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual valuation. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing retirement plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment mortality, salary increases, disabilities, retirements and employment terminations. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

# Note 11 – Defined Benefit OPEB Plans (continued)

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results, are presented below.

Valuation Date January 1, 2018, with actuarial liabilities

rolled forward to December 31, 2018

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal (Level Percent of Payroll)

Investment Rate of Return 8.0 percent

Projected Salary Increases 3.75 percent to 10.5 percent

Payroll Growth Inflation rate of 2.75 percent plus

productivity increase rate of 0.5 percent

Cost of Living Adjustments 3.00 percent simple; 2.2 percent simple

for increased based on the lesser of the increase in CPI and 3 percent

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2016.

Mortality for non-disabled participants is based on the RP-2014 Total Employee and Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, adjusted according to the rates as follows, and projected with the Conduent Modified 2016 Improvement Scale. Rates for surviving beneficiaries are adjusted by 120 percent.

For ages 67 or less, rates for police and fire are 77 percent and 68 percent, respectively. For ages 68 to 77, rates for police and fire are 105 percent and 87 percent, respectively. For ages 78 and up, rates for police and fire are 115 percent and 120 percent, respectively.

Mortality for disabled retirees is based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, adjusted according to the following rates and projected with the Conduit Modified 2016 Improvement Scale. Rates for ages 59 or less for police and fire are 35 percent. Rates for ages 60 to 69 for police and fire are 60 percent and 45 percent, respectively. Rates for ages 70 to 79 for police and fire are 75 percent and 70 percent, respectively. Rates for ages 80 and up for police and fire are 100 percent and 90 percent, respectively.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in the Statement of Investment Policy. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expected. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

# Note 11 – Defined Benefit OPEB Plans (continued)

Best estimates of the long-term expected geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in OP&F's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2018, are summarized below:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return
	·	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	- %	0.80 %
Domestic Equity	16.00	5.50
Non-US Equity	16.00	5.90
Private Markets	8.00	8.40
Core Fixed Income *	23.00	2.60
High Yield Fixed Income	7.00	4.80
Private Credit	5.00	7.50
US Inflation Linked Bonds*	17.00	2.30
Master Limited Partnerships	8.00	6.40
Real Assets	8.00	7.00
Private Real Estate	12.00	6.10
Total	120.00 %	

Note: Assumptions are geometric

OP&F's Board of Trustees has incorporated the risk parity concept into OP&F's asset liability valuation with the goal of reducing equity risk exposure, which reduces overall Total Portfolio risk without sacrificing return, and creating a more risk-balanced portfolio based on their relationship between asset classes and economic environments. From the notional portfolio perspective above, the Total Portfolio may be levered up to 1.2 times due to the application of leverage in certain fixed income asset classes.

Discount Rate The total OPEB liability was calculated using the discount rate of 4.66 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contribution from employers and from members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by state statute. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the longer-term assumed investment rate of return 8 percent. Based on those assumptions, OP&F's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, a municipal bond rate of 4.13 percent at December 31, 2018 and 3.16 percent at December 31, 2017, was blended with the long-term rate of 8 percent, which resulted in a blended discount rate of 4.66 percent.

<sup>\*</sup> levered 2x

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

# Note 11 – Defined Benefit OPEB Plans (continued)

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 4.66 percent, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (3.66 percent), or one percentage point higher (5.66 percent) than the current rate.

	Current					
	1%	o Decrease	Dis	scount Rate	1% Increase	
		(3.66%)		(4.66%)	(5.66%)	
City's proportionate share					_	
of the net OPEB liability	\$	5,257,196	\$	4,315,286	\$ 3,524,633	

Changes to Retiree Health Care Model Beginning January 1, 2019, OP&F is changing its retiree health care model and the current self-insured health care plan will no longer be offered. In its place will be a stipend-based health care model. OP&F has contracted with a vendor who will assist eligible retirees in choosing health care plans from their marketplace (both Medicare-eligible and pre-Medicare populations). A stipend funded by OP&F will be placed in individual Health Reimbursement Accounts that retirees will use to be reimbursed for health care expenses. As a result of changes from the current health care model to the stipend-based health care model, OP&F expects that it will be able to provide stipends to eligible participants for the next 15 years.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

# **Note 12 – Fund Balance Classification**

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on specific purposes for which amounts in the fund can be spent. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

Fund Balances	General	General Obligation Bond Retirement	Bonded Improvement	Infrastructure Improvement	Lane Avenue II TIF	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Nonspendable:							
Inventory	\$ 66,088	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 242,507	\$ 308,595
Unclaimed funds	6,276	-	-	-	-	-	6,276
Advances	3,373,335	-	-	-	-	-	3,373,335
Assets held for resale	505,725						505,725
Total Nonspendable	3,951,424					242,507	4,193,931
Restricted:							
Capital projects	14,508,457	-	13,383,547	-	11,062,439	2,727,256	41,681,699
Debt service	-	2,405,462	-	-	-	-	2,405,462
Streeet maintenance and repairs	-	-	-	-	-	1,212,999	1,212,999
Pensions	2,627,187	-	-	-	-	-	2,627,187
Law enforcement and education	-	-	-	-	-	963,226	963,226
Other purposes	-	-	-	-	-	299,448	299,448
Total Restricted	17,135,644	2,405,462	13,383,547		11,062,439	5,202,929	49,190,021
Committed:							
Capital projects	6,606	-	-	6,770,286	-	1,095,520	7,872,412
Emergency medical services	407,121	-	-	-	-	-	407,121
Economis development	653,143	-	-	-	-	-	653,143
Civil service	59,161	-	-	-	-	-	59,161
Self insurance	871,214	-	-	-	-	-	871,214
Technology	229,401	-	-	-	-	-	229,401
Parks and recreation	-	-	-	-	-	176,418	176,418
Total Committed	2,226,646			6,770,286		1,271,938	10,268,870
Assigned:							
Future appropriations	1,027,500	-	-	-	-	-	1,027,500
General government	570,765	-	-	-	-	-	570,765
Public safety	76,885	-	-	-	-	-	76,885
Parks and recreation	218,689	-	-	-	-	-	218,689
Community development	94,912	-	-	-	-	-	94,912
Public services	18,630	-	-	-	-	-	18,630
Total Assigned	2,007,381	-		_			2,007,381
Unassigned (deficit):	21,859,765					(2,365,426)	19,494,339
Total Fund Balances	\$ 47,180,860	\$ 2,405,462	\$ 13,383,547	\$ 6,770,286	\$ 11,062,439	\$ 4,351,948	\$ 85,154,542

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

#### Note 13 – Tax Abatements

#### Northwest CRA

Description – The City of Upper Arlington by Ordinance No. 127-99 adopted June 14, 1999, designated a portion of the City as a Community Reinvestment Area (CRA) pursuant to chapter 3735 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Director of Development for the State of Ohio determined that the area designated in that ordinance contains the characteristics set forth in Section 3735.66 of the Ohio Revised Code and confirmed the area as a CRA.

The City's CRA, "Northwest CRA" is approximately 50.84 acres north of Henderson Road, between SR 33 to the west and Sawmill Road to the east. The legislation creating the CRA was done to permit only commercial office projects as applicable uses for the CRA, and would not permit single family residential, multi-family residential, or retail commercial uses as projects which would qualify for the City's CRA incentive program.

The specific tax being abated is the property tax. The taxes are abated through a reduction in assessed value. For the "Northwest CRA", each exemption is done on a case-by-case basis in advance of construction or remodeling. Existing Commercial and industrial facilities shall not exceed twelve (12) years while new commercial and industrial facilities shall not exceed fifteen (15) years.

The City of Upper Arlington does have a revenue sharing agreement with the Dublin City School District as outlined in Ordinance No. 129-99.

The gross dollar amount for the total abated value of the parcels for the tax year 2019 is \$5,426.

The City of Upper Arlington will not be disclosing these abatement agreements individually. The City will also not be disclosing the individual company tax incentive payments pursuant to ORC 718.13.

In tax year 2019, the City of Upper Arlington had three (3) active CRA agreements in the Northwest CRA. City Staff found all active CRA agreements to be in compliance. The active CRA agreements are viewed by the Tax Incentive Review Council on an annual basis. Since the creation of the Northwest CRA there have been ten (10) CRA agreements.

Recipient Commitment – The company is committed to purchasing, remodeling, and/or constructing properties within the CRA that will improve property value and bring jobs to the City.

Provisions for recapturing abated taxes – There are no provisions for recapturing abated taxes as each abatement is reviewed by the Tax Incentive Review Council on an annual basis. Abatements may be cancelled if property owners are not in compliance with their Reinvestment Area Agreement.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

# Note 14 – City of Upper Arlington Community Improvement Corporation (CIC)

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

# Organization

The City of Upper Arlington CIC was formed pursuant to Resolution 19-93 passed on December 13, 1993 and incorporated as a corporation not-for-profit under Section 1702 and 1724 of the Ohio Revised Code. The CIC was created to assist the City in the revitalization and enhancement of property, and to advance, encourage, and promote industrial, economic, commercial and civic development of the City of Upper Arlington. The CIC has been designated as the City of Upper Arlington's agent for economic development.

# **Basis of Accounting**

The accounts are maintained, and these financial statements are presented on the accrual basis and in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# **Basis of Presentation**

The financial statement presentation follows the recommendations of the Financial Accounting Standards Board ASC 958, Financial Statement for Not-For-Profit Organizations. Under ASC 958, the CIC is required to report information regarding its financial position and activities according to three classes of net assets: assets without donor restrictions and asset with donor restrictions. At December 31, 2019, the net assets of the CIC are without donor restrictions.

# Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows and for presentation of the Statement of Financial Position, all cash in checking accounts is considered to be cash and cash equivalents.

# Concentration of Credit Risk

The CIC maintains its cash account in one commercial bank in Ohio. The cash balance is fully insured within the limits guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

# **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

# Tax Exempt Status

The CIC is exempt from federal income tax under Section 501 (c) (6) of the Internal Revenue Code.

#### Restriction of Net Position

In August 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2016-14, Presentation of Financial Statements for Not-for-Profit Entities (Topic 958). The update addresses the complexity and understandability of net asset classification, deficiencies in information about liquidity and availability of resources, and the lack of consistency in the type of information provided about expenses and investment return. The Corporation has adjusted the presentation of these statements accordingly.

# Restriction of Net Position

The CIC did not have any restrictions on cash as of December 31, 2019.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

# Note 14 – City of Upper Arlington Community Improvement Corporation (CIC) (continued)

#### Contingent Liabilities

Management believes there are no pending claims or lawsuits.

#### Risk Management

The CIC is subjected to certain types of risk related to torts and errors and omissions in the performance of its normal functions. The CIC has in place Director's and Officers' liability insurance coverage of up to \$1,000,000 per occurrence and \$2,000,000 in aggregate. Settlements did not exceed insurance coverage in the past three years. There was no reduction in insurance coverage from the prior year.

# Functional Expense

The CIC has determined the costs incurred for the year ending December 31, 2019 are all management and general in nature and has been reflected as such on the Statement of Activities.

# Note 15 – Jointly Governed Organization

The Central Ohio Interoperable Radio System (COIRS) is a jointly governed organization between the City of Dublin, City of Worthington, Delaware County, and the City of Hilliard (the "members"). The intent of the COIRS is for the members to share in providing the financial resources and infrastructure needed to operate a digital 800MHZ public safety radio system used for dispatching emergency response and law enforcement services across the member jurisdictions. The COIRS is contracted by a Governing Board consisting of the County Administrator and the city managers for each city, or their representative. Each member's ability to influence the operations of COIRS is limited to its representation on the Governing Board. Appropriations are adopted by the Governing Board who exercised control over the operation and maintenance of COIRS. Each member initially contributed radio system infrastructure assets, and annually, are assessed a required contribution based on its utilization of the system and related operating costs. For 2019, the City contributed \$78,125. The City of Dublin serves as the fiscal agent. Financial information may be obtained from the City of Dublin, 5200 Emerald Parkway, Dublin, Ohio 43017.

#### Note 16 - Fund Deficit

At December 31, 2019, deficit fund balances were as follows:

		Deficit
Fund	Fui	nd Balance
Other Governmental:		
Tremont Road TIF	\$	(229,916)
Horizon TIF		(530,798)
Kingsdale CORE TIF		(166,386)
West Lane Northwest TIF		(164,401)
Community Fiber Optic		(1,273,925)

These funds complied with Ohio State law, which does not permit a cash basis deficit at year end. The deficit fund balance in these funds resulted from an adjustment for accrued liabilities. The General Fund is responsible for any deficits in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, rather than when accruals occur.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

# Note 17 - Changes in Accounting Principles and Restatement of Net Position

For fiscal year 2019, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 83, "Certain Asset Retirement Obligations" which enhances comparability of financial statements among governments by establishing uniform criteria for governments to recognize and measure certain asset retirement obligations, including obligations that may not have been previously reported. The implementation of this statements did not have an effect on the financial statements of the City.

For fiscal year 2019, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 88, "Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements" which improves the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. The implementation of this statement did not have a significant effect on the financial statements of the City.

For fiscal year 2019, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 90, "Majority Equity Interests-an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14, and No. 61" which improves consistency and comparability of reporting a government's major equity interest in a legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. The implementation of this statement did not have an effect on the financial statements of the City.

For fiscal year 2019, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 84, "Fiduciary Activities" which enhances consistency and comparability by establishing specific criteria for identifying activities that should be reported as fiduciary activities and clarifying whether and how business-type activities should report their fiduciary activities. The implementation of this statement required a restatement of the financial statements of the City.

Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84, the City will no longer be reporting agency funds. The City reviewed its agency funds and certain funds will be reported with the new fiduciary fund classification of custodial funds while other funds have been reclassified as governmental funds. These reclassifications had the following effects on beginning fund balance/net position as reported December 31, 2018:

	 General Fund	G	overnmental Activities		Custodial Funds	
Fund Balance/Net Position						
December 31, 2018	\$ 41,206,841	\$	45,954,590		\$	-
GASB Statement No. 84 Adjustments	 6,889		6,889	_	42,11	6
Restated Net Position December 31, 2018	\$ 41,213,730	\$	45,961,479	_	\$ 42,11	6

# Note 18 – Subsequent Event

In March 2020, the United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the City. The City's investment portfolio and the investments of the pension and other employee benefit plan in which the City participates have incurred a significant decline in fair value, consistent with the general decline in financial markets. However, because the values of individual investments fluctuate with market conditions, and due to market volatility, the amount of losses that will be recognized in subsequent periods, if any, cannot be determined. In addition, the impact on the City's future operating costs, revenues, and any recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.



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# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – OTHER THAN MD&A

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Adopted	Revised		
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Variance
REVENUES:				
Income tax	\$ 28,043,100	\$ 28,293,100	\$ 29,722,211	\$ 1,429,111
Property and other local taxes	11,051,112	10,021,112	9,908,201	(112,911)
Special assessments	-	-	46,906	46,906
Charges for services	1,200,000	1,200,000	1,281,277	81,277
Licenses and permits	1,200,000	2,800,000	2,735,289	(64,711)
Fines and forfeitures	300,000	300,000	282,830	(17,170)
Intergovernmental	1,355,973	2,385,973	2,501,188	115,215
Investment earnings	608,000	1,008,000	1,109,431	101,431
Miscellaneous	1,755,000	1,973,500	1,431,791	(541,709)
Total revenues	45,513,185	47,981,685	49,019,124	1,037,439
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
Police				
Personal services	7,751,800	7,751,800	7,399,630	352,170
Other than personal services	1,490,800	1,525,800	1,315,679	210,121
Capital outlay	132,900	171,700	159,738	11,962
Fire				
Personal services	8,948,200	8,948,200	8,527,844	420,356
Other than personal services	347,000	347,000	327,671	19,329
Capital outlay	47,800	91,900	83,510	8,390
Board of Health	,	,	,	,
Other than personal services	303,000	317,150	317,117	33
Parks and recreation	,	- ,,	, -	
Personal services	2,619,000	2,619,000	2,543,626	75,374
Other than personal services	1,194,200	1,421,800	1,353,816	67,984
Capital outlay	142,000	146,100	142,348	3,752
Development	- :=,***	,	- 1-,- 10	-,
Personal services	868,200	868,200	818,855	49,345
Other than personal services	190,300	286,300	228,141	58,159
Public Service Administration	-, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,	,	,
Personal services	867,000	867,000	854,920	12,080
Other than personal services	101,500	101,500	91,831	9,669
Capital outlay	180,000	80,000	70,575	9,425
Public Works	100,000	00,000	, 0,0 ,0	>,.20
Personal services	970,800	880,800	831,909	48,891
Other than personal services	233,900	233,900	215,003	18,897
Capital outlay	366,000	370,000	369,923	77
City Manager	300,000	370,000	30,,,23	, ,
Personal services	1,133,300	1,086,000	924,312	161,688
Other than personal services	176,300	176,300	100,926	75,374
City Attorney	170,500	170,500	100,720	13,314
Personal services	610,000	611,020	611,013	7
Other than personal services	146,000	144,980	77,519	67,461
other than personal services	170,000	177,700	11,519	07,701

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND (Continued)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

City Clerk         Personal services       214,200       214,200       212,409         Other than personal services       35,500       35,500       34,354         City Council         Personal services       136,400       136,400       119,162         Other than personal services       10,300       71,650       70,232         Clerk of Court         Personal services       180,700       180,700       179,911         Other than personal services       297,400       297,400       152,855         Finance         Personal services       894,500       894,500       819,120         Other than personal services       126,100       138,100       125,157         Facilities Maintenance         Personal services       91,100       91,100       84,722	
City Clerk           Personal services         214,200         214,200         212,409           Other than personal services         35,500         35,500         34,354           City Council           Personal services         136,400         136,400         119,162           Other than personal services         10,300         71,650         70,232           Clerk of Court           Personal services         180,700         180,700         179,911           Other than personal services         297,400         297,400         152,855           Finance           Personal services         894,500         894,500         819,120           Other than personal services         126,100         138,100         125,157           Facilities Maintenance           Personal services         91,100         91,100         84,722           Other than personal services         2,696,600         2,519,150         2,229,801           Capital outlay         -         6,690         6,690           Information Technology         516,800         524,800         524,077	
Personal services         214,200         214,200         212,409           Other than personal services         35,500         35,500         34,354           City Council           Personal services         136,400         136,400         119,162           Other than personal services         10,300         71,650         70,232           Clerk of Court           Personal services         180,700         180,700         179,911           Other than personal services         297,400         297,400         152,855           Finance           Personal services         894,500         894,500         819,120           Other than personal services         126,100         138,100         125,157           Facilities Maintenance           Personal services         91,100         91,100         84,722           Other than personal services         2,696,600         2,519,150         2,229,801           Capital outlay         -         6,690         6,690           Information Technology         Personal services         516,800         524,800         524,077	iance
Other than personal services       35,500       35,500       34,354         City Council       Personal services       136,400       136,400       119,162         Other than personal services       10,300       71,650       70,232         Clerk of Court         Personal services       180,700       180,700       179,911         Other than personal services       297,400       297,400       152,855         Finance         Personal services       894,500       894,500       819,120         Other than personal services       126,100       138,100       125,157         Facilities Maintenance         Personal services       91,100       91,100       84,722         Other than personal services       2,696,600       2,519,150       2,229,801         Capital outlay       -       6,690       6,690         Information Technology       Personal services       516,800       524,800       524,077	
City Council         Personal services       136,400       136,400       119,162         Other than personal services       10,300       71,650       70,232         Clerk of Court         Personal services       180,700       180,700       179,911         Other than personal services       297,400       297,400       152,855         Finance         Personal services       894,500       894,500       819,120         Other than personal services       126,100       138,100       125,157         Facilities Maintenance         Personal services       91,100       91,100       84,722         Other than personal services       2,696,600       2,519,150       2,229,801         Capital outlay       -       6,690       6,690         Information Technology       Personal services       516,800       524,800       524,077	1,791
Personal services       136,400       136,400       119,162         Other than personal services       10,300       71,650       70,232         Clerk of Court         Personal services       180,700       180,700       179,911         Other than personal services       297,400       297,400       152,855         Finance         Personal services       894,500       894,500       819,120         Other than personal services       126,100       138,100       125,157         Facilities Maintenance         Personal services       91,100       91,100       84,722         Other than personal services       2,696,600       2,519,150       2,229,801         Capital outlay       -       6,690       6,690         Information Technology       Personal services       516,800       524,800       524,077	1,146
Other than personal services       10,300       71,650       70,232         Clerk of Court         Personal services       180,700       180,700       179,911         Other than personal services       297,400       297,400       152,855         Finance         Personal services       894,500       894,500       819,120         Other than personal services       126,100       138,100       125,157         Facilities Maintenance         Personal services       91,100       91,100       84,722         Other than personal services       2,696,600       2,519,150       2,229,801         Capital outlay       -       6,690       6,690         Information Technology       516,800       524,800       524,077	
Clerk of Court         Personal services       180,700       180,700       179,911         Other than personal services       297,400       297,400       152,855         Finance         Personal services       894,500       894,500       819,120         Other than personal services       126,100       138,100       125,157         Facilities Maintenance         Personal services       91,100       91,100       84,722         Other than personal services       2,696,600       2,519,150       2,229,801         Capital outlay       -       6,690       6,690         Information Technology       Personal services       516,800       524,800       524,077	17,238
Personal services         180,700         180,700         179,911           Other than personal services         297,400         297,400         152,855           Finance           Personal services         894,500         894,500         819,120           Other than personal services         126,100         138,100         125,157           Facilities Maintenance           Personal services         91,100         91,100         84,722           Other than personal services         2,696,600         2,519,150         2,229,801           Capital outlay         -         6,690         6,690           Information Technology         Personal services         516,800         524,800         524,077	1,418
Other than personal services         297,400         297,400         152,855           Finance         894,500         894,500         819,120           Other than personal services         126,100         138,100         125,157           Facilities Maintenance           Personal services         91,100         91,100         84,722           Other than personal services         2,696,600         2,519,150         2,229,801           Capital outlay         -         6,690         6,690           Information Technology         516,800         524,800         524,077	
Finance           Personal services         894,500         894,500         819,120           Other than personal services         126,100         138,100         125,157           Facilities Maintenance           Personal services         91,100         91,100         84,722           Other than personal services         2,696,600         2,519,150         2,229,801           Capital outlay         -         6,690         6,690           Information Technology         516,800         524,800         524,077	789
Personal services         894,500         894,500         819,120           Other than personal services         126,100         138,100         125,157           Facilities Maintenance           Personal services         91,100         91,100         84,722           Other than personal services         2,696,600         2,519,150         2,229,801           Capital outlay         -         6,690         6,690           Information Technology         516,800         524,800         524,077	144,545
Other than personal services       126,100       138,100       125,157         Facilities Maintenance         Personal services       91,100       91,100       84,722         Other than personal services       2,696,600       2,519,150       2,229,801         Capital outlay       -       6,690       6,690         Information Technology         Personal services       516,800       524,800       524,077	
Facilities Maintenance           Personal services         91,100         91,100         84,722           Other than personal services         2,696,600         2,519,150         2,229,801           Capital outlay         -         6,690         6,690           Information Technology         516,800         524,800         524,077	75,380
Personal services         91,100         91,100         84,722           Other than personal services         2,696,600         2,519,150         2,229,801           Capital outlay         -         6,690         6,690           Information Technology         516,800         524,800         524,077	12,943
Other than personal services       2,696,600       2,519,150       2,229,801         Capital outlay       -       6,690       6,690         Information Technology         Personal services       516,800       524,800       524,077	
Capital outlay         -         6,690         6,690           Information Technology         Fersonal services         516,800         524,800         524,077	6,378
Information TechnologyPersonal services516,800524,800524,077	289,349
Information TechnologyPersonal services516,800524,800524,077	_
Personal services 516,800 524,800 524,077	
	723
	29,797
Capital outlay 478,700 478,700 445,069	33,631
General Government	,
Personal services 507,300 507,300 373,048	134,252
Other than personal services 1,852,000 2,308,000 2,253,736	54,264
	484,188
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures	
· · · · · · · ·	521,627
THER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):	
Proceeds from sale of capital assets - 74,806	74,806
Transfers out (9,138,600) (9,373,600) (9,354,433)	19,167
Advances in 450,000 465,000 465,000	-
Advances out (360,000) (1,660,000) (1,660,000)	-
Total other financing sources (uses) (9,048,600) (10,568,600) (10,474,627)	93,973
Net change in fund balance (1,280,515) (925,055) 2,690,545 3,	615,600
Fund balances at beginning of year 31,550,793 31,550,793 31,550,793	_
Lapsed encumbrances 141,857 141,857 141,857	-
Fund balances at end of year \$ 30,412,135 \$ 30,767,595 \$ 34,383,195 \$ 3,	615,600
	ntinued)

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

Reconciliation of the major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are as follows:

# Net Change in Fund Balance

Budget Basis	\$ 2,690,545
Emergency Medical Services Fund change	71,369
Economic Development Venture Fund change	261,490
Civil Service fund change	13,595
Unclaimed Funds Fund change	183
Flexible Benefits Fund change	(1,277)
Payroll Clearing Account Fund change	6,606
Net Adjustment for Revenue Accruals	1,025,330
Net Adjustment for Expenditure Accruals	(1,289,300)
Net Adjustment for Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,195,000
Adjustment for Encumbrances	1,993,589
GAAP Basis	\$ 5,967,130

Note: GASB 84 was implemented in 2019. As a result, former Custodial Funds were not required to be budgeted in 2019.

NOTES TO THE BUDGETARY SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

# Note (1) – Budgetary process

The City adopts annual expenditure budgets for all governmental, proprietary, and agency fund types, with the exception of the Flexible Benefits Fund. The CIC, a component unit of the City, does not adopt an annual expenditure budget. The City Council follows procedures outlined below in establishing the expenditure budget data reported in the Municipal Program of Services Adopted Budget for 2018 - 2019.

In October, the City Manager submits to City Council an estimate of the expenditures necessary to conduct the affairs of the City for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1. Budget estimates are distributed throughout the City including newspapers and libraries. Public hearings are held to obtain taxpayers' comments.

Subsequent to January 1, and after publication of the proposed budget ordinance, the budget is legally enacted through passage of the ordinance. The budget specifies expenditure amounts by character for each activity within each fund.

No transfer of appropriations can be made without City Council action, with the exception of certain transfers within a department's appropriation, within a fund, if the amounts are less than \$10,000. Expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations at the character level. During 2019, various transfers of appropriations, supplemental appropriations, and reductions in appropriation were made in the following amounts:

	Increase/
<b>Fund Type</b>	(Decrease)
General Fund	\$ 2,128,040
Special Revenue Funds	193,618
Debt Service Fund	704,800
Capital Projects Funds	24,118,208
Enterprise Funds	(151,000)
Internal Service Funds	422,000

Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end and encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the next fiscal year.

The City's budgetary process is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances (e.g., purchase orders, contracts) outstanding at year-end are reported as commitments or assignments of fund balances and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be reappropriated and honored during the subsequent year.

# Note (2) – General fund budgetary highlights

During 2019, the City amended its original General Fund revenue estimates by \$2,468,500 and appropriations by \$2,128,040. The revenue estimate increase was highlighted by a \$1.6 million increase in licenses and permits revenues and a \$1.0 million increase in intergovernmental revenues. The increases to the original appropriations were highlighted by a \$1.2 million advance to the Horizon TIF Fund. Other increases were made in relation to the higher than expected expenditures.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION (ASSET)/LIABILITY OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEE'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Last Six Years (1)

		2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
City's Proportion of the Net Pension							
(Asset)/Liability		0.060=0.404	0.05=2.5=0.6	0.05405=0/	0.000000	0.05404007	0.05404007
Traditional Plan		0.063734%	0.065265%	0.064067%	0.060318%	0.064049%	0.064049%
Combined Plan		0.013651%	0.014224%	0.014310%	0.011180%	0.002335%	0.002335%
City's Proportionate Share of the Net							
Pension (Asset)/Liability							
Traditional Plan	\$	17,455,450	\$ 10,238,813	\$ 14,548,526	\$ 10,447,838	\$ 7,725,025	\$ 7,550,542
Combined Plan	Ψ	(15,264)	(19,363)	(7,964)	(5,440)	(899)	(245)
Comonica i ian		(15,201)	(17,505)	(7,501)	(3,110)	(0))	(213)
City's Covered Payroll	\$	9,109,085	\$ 9,155,141	\$ 8,753,602	\$ 7,845,468	\$ 7,854,017	\$ 7,970,038
City's Proportionate Share of the Net							
Pension (Asset)/Liability as a							
Percentage of its Covered Payrol		191.46%	111.63%	166.11%	133.10%	98.35%	94.73%
reformings of the covered ruytor.		1,711.070	11110070	10011170	155.1070	30.0070	3.17570
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a							
Percentage of the Total Pension							
Traditional Plan		74.70%	84.66%	77.25%	81.08%	86.45%	86.36%
Combined Plan		126.64%	137.28%	116.55%	116.90%	114.83%	104.56%
Comonica i mii		120.01/0	137.2370	110.5570	110.2070	111.0570	101.5070

<sup>(1)</sup> This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Information prior to 2014 is not available.

Amounts presented as of the City's measurement date, which is the prior year-end.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY OHIO POLICE AND FIRE PENSION FUND

# Last Six Years (1)

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
City's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.473867%	0.467964%	0.445592%	0.462669%	0.4750351%	0.4750351%
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 38,680,069	\$ 28,721,064	\$ 28,223,350	\$ 29,763,821	\$ 24,608,799	\$ 23,135,700
City's Covered Payroll	\$ 10,644,341	\$10,551,438	\$ 9,589,115	\$ 9,338,241	\$ 7,393,927	\$ 7,851,553
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	363.39%	272.20%	294.33%	318.73%	332.82%	294.66%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension	63.07%	70.91%	68.36%	66.77%	72.20%	73.00%

<sup>(1)</sup> This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Information prior to 2014 is not available.

Amounts presented as of the City's measurement date, which is the prior year-end.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CITY PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEE'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Last Seven Years (1)

	 2019	 2018	2017	2016
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 1,318,120	\$ 1,275,271	\$ 1,190,168	\$ 1,050,432
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 1,318,120	\$ 1,275,271	\$ 1,190,168	\$ 1,050,432
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ _	\$ _	\$ _	\$ -
Covered Payroll	\$ 9,415,146	\$ 9,109,085	\$ 9,155,141	\$ 8,753,602
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.00%	14.00%	13.00%	12.00%

<sup>(1)</sup> This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Information prior to 2013 is not available.

 2015	 2014	 2013				
\$ 941,457	\$ 942,482	\$ 1,036,105				
\$ 941,457	\$ 942,482	\$ 1,036,105				
\$ _	\$ 	\$ _				
\$ 7,845,468	\$ 7,854,017	\$ 7,970,038				
12.00%	12.00%	13.00%				

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CITY PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS OHIO POLICE AND FIRE PENSION FUND

# Last Nine Years (1)

		2019	2018	2017	2016
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	2,374,212	\$ 2,274,593	\$ 2,264,705	\$ 2,045,318
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	\$	2,374,212	\$ 2,274,593	\$ 2,264,705	\$ 2,045,318
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	_	\$ 	\$ _	\$ -
Covered Payroll	\$ 1	1,119,173	\$ 10,644,341	\$ 10,551,438	\$ 9,589,115
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		21.35%	21.37%	21.46%	21.33%

<sup>(1)</sup> This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Information prior to 2011 is not available.

2015	 2014 2013 2012		 2011		
\$ 1,995,536	\$ 1,607,027	\$	1,714,578	\$ 1,991,719	\$ 1,996,404
\$ 1,995,536	\$ 1,607,027	\$	1,714,578	\$ 1,991,719	\$ 1,996,404
\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 	\$ _
\$ 9,338,241	\$ 7,393,927	\$	7,851,553	\$ 9,128,185	\$ 9,155,982
21.37%	21.73%		21.84%	21.82%	21.80%

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEE'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM

# Last Three Years (1)

	 2019	 2018	 2017
City's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	0.062698%	0.064600%	0.063132%
City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$ 8,174,208	\$ 7,015,085	\$ 6,376,547
City's Covered Payroll	\$ 9,109,085	\$ 9,155,141	\$ 8,753,602
City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	89.74%	76.62%	72.84%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	46.33%	54.14%	54.05%

<sup>(1)</sup> This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Information prior to 2017 is not available.

Amounts presented as of the City's measurement date, which is the prior year-end.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY OHIO POLICE AND FIRE PENSION FUND

# Last Three Years (1)

	2019	2018	2017
City's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	0.473867%	0.467964%	0.445592%
City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$ 4,315,286	\$ 26,514,185	\$ 21,151,269
City's Covered Payroll	\$ 10,644,341	\$ 10,551,438	\$ 9,589,115
City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	40.54%	251.29%	220.58%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	46.57%	14.13%	18.96%

<sup>(1)</sup> This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Information prior to 2017 is not available.

Amounts presented as of the City's measurement date, which is the prior year-end.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CITY OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEE'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM

# Last Seven Years (1)

	 2019	 2018	 2017	2016
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 91,551	\$ 175,072
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 91,551	\$ 175,072
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ _	\$ -	\$ -
Covered Payroll	\$ 9,415,146	\$ 9,109,085	\$ 9,155,141	\$ 8,753,602
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	0.00%	0.00%	1.00%	2.00%

<sup>(1)</sup> This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Information prior to 2013 is not available.

 2015	 2014	 2013				
\$ 156,909	\$ 157,080	\$ 79,666				
\$ 156,909	\$ 157,080	\$ 79,666				
\$ 	\$ _	\$ 				
\$ 7,845,468	\$ 7,854,017	\$ 7,970,038				
2.00%	2.00%	1.00%				

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CITY OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS OHIO POLICE AND FIRE PENSION FUND

Last Nine Years (1)

	 2019		2018		2017	 2016
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 55,596	\$	53,222	\$	52,757	\$ 47,946
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 55,596	\$	53,222	\$	52,757	\$ 47,946
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ _	\$		\$	_	\$ _
Covered Payroll	\$ 11,119,173	\$ 10	0,644,341	\$ 10	0,551,438	\$ 9,589,115
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	0.50%		0.50%		0.50%	0.50%

<sup>(1)</sup> This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Information prior to 2011 is not available.

2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
\$ 46,691	\$ 36,970	\$ 283,441	\$ 616,152	\$ 618,029
\$ 46,691	\$ 36,970	\$ 283,441	\$ 616,152	\$ 618,029
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ _	\$ 
\$ 9,338,241	\$ 7,393,927	\$ 7,851,553	\$ 9,128,185	\$ 9,155,982
0.50%	0.50%	3.61%	6.75%	6.75%

# NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

# **Ohio Public Employees Retirement System**

# Net Pension Liability

Changes of benefit terms. There were no significant changes of benefit terms in 2019.

Changes of assumptions. Amounts reported in 2019 reflect changes in both demographic and economic assumptions, with the most notable being a reduction in the actuarially assumed rate of return from 7.5% down to 7.2%, for the defined benefit investments.

#### Net OPEB Liability

Changes of benefit terms. There were no significant changes of benefit terms in 2019.

Changes of assumptions. For 2019, the single discount rate changed from 3.85 percent to 3.96 percent and the municipal bond rate changed from 3.31 percent to 3.71 percent. There was also a reduction in the actuarial assumed rate of return from 6.50 percent down to 6.00 percent.

# **Ohio Police and Fire Pension System**

# Net Pension Liability

Changes of benefit terms. There were no significant changes of benefit terms in 2019.

Changes of assumptions. There were no significant changes of assumptions in 2019.

# Net OPEB Liability

Changes of benefit terms. There were no significant changes of benefit terms in 2019.

Changes of assumptions. For 2019, the single discount rate changed from 3.24 percent to 4.66 percent.

# OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### FUND DESCRIPTIONS – MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### **General Fund**

The General Fund receives funds, which are not accounted for in any other fund of the City. The revenues are used to finance the general operations of the City. Due to legal requirements, activities of the General Fund are accounted for in the following accounts:

General Operating Account - This account is used for revenues that are not restricted as to use, and funds the general operations of the City.

Capital Asset Management Account - Codified Ordinance Section 211.01 provides that 13 1/3% of net income tax collections are to be used only for the payment of obligations incurred in connection with the City's capital improvements program or for the payment of interest and principal of bonds and notes issued by the City.

Police and Fire Pension Account - One and six-tenths of a mill of the property tax has been set aside for the purpose of paying police and fire pensions. In accordance with state law, the funds are required to be placed in a separate account. Transfers are made to the General Operating Account to pay the cost of pensions.

Capital Equipment Account - The City's Charter provides that one-half mill of the property tax be used for the City's capital outlay program.

Self-Insured Loss Account - By ordinance, City Council has established this account in order to provide for a reserve to fund losses as a result of assuming the risk for general liabilities. Transfers are periodically made to the account from the General Operating Account.

Communications and Technology Account - By ordinance, City Council has established this account in order to provide for the maintenance and upgrade of the City's communication and technology equipment and software.

Emergency Medical Services (EMS) Account – By ordinance, City Council has established this account in order to pay the cost of activities for emergency medical service supplies and capital needs for the Fire Division. The fees received are from insurance companies and Medicare for providing emergency medical services to the Community. The EMS account is shown as a special revenue fund in the budgetary statements but as a general fund account in the GAAP statements.

Civil Service Account – Established in 1995 pursuant to C.O. Section 225.04, this Fund is used to pay the expenses associated with the Civil Service Commission. The money is transferred from the General Fund and used to pay the Civil Service Commission Secretary and the cost of tests that are required for promotional examinations. For financial reporting purposes, other than budgetary, this fund is reported within the General Fund. The Civil Service account is shown as a special revenue fund in the budgetary statements but as a general fund account in the GAAP statements.

Economic Development Venture Account – Established by C.O. 225.06 the fund commenced in January 1999 to stimulate investment in Upper Arlington by providing incentives and maintaining an attractive economic climate for business and expansion and new business recruitment. The Economic Development Venture account is shown as a special revenue fund in the budgetary statements but as a general fund account in the GAAP statements.

Unclaimed Funds Fund - The fund accounts for monies owed to citizens that cannot be immediately located.

Flexible Benefits Fund - The Flexible Benefits Fund accounts for funds on deposits for payment of Employee's health care claims by a third party administrator.

Payroll Clearing Fund - The fund accounts for payroll and deduction checks of employees.

#### FUND DESCRIPTIONS – MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

## **General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund**

The fund, a debt service fund, receives property taxes and other receipts for the retirement of debt issued by the City. The funds are used for the payment of interest and principal on outstanding debt.

#### Capital Projects Funds

### **Bonded Improvement Fund**

Sources of revenue are the proceeds of bonds and notes issued for the purpose of undertaking the construction and repair of capital facilities including infrastructure. Funds are used to pay the cost of the improvements.

#### **Infrastructure Improvement Fund**

Created by C.O. 137.10, the Infrastructure Improvement Fund was created to account for a seven- year capital project program. The General Fund provides an annual fund transfer to fund the program.

## **Lane Avenue II Tax Increment Financing Fund**

The Lane Avenue II Tax Increment Financing Fund was created to account for incremental increases in value and expenditure related to the redevelopment of several parcels of real property located on the north side of West Lane Avenue, between Chester Road and Westmont Boulevard (known as the Lane II project).

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL OPERATING ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	(	GENERAL OPER	ATING ACCOUN	ΙΤ
	Adopted	Revised		
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Variance
REVENUES:	<del></del>			
Income tax	\$ 20,191,000	\$ 20,371,000	\$ 21,415,351	\$ 1,044,351
Property and other local taxes	7,715,584	6,802,584	6,714,780	(87,804)
Special assessments	-	-	46,906	46,906
Charges for services	1,200,000	1,200,000	1,281,277	81,277
Licenses and permits	1,200,000	2,800,000	2,735,289	(64,711)
Fines and forfeitures	300,000	300,000	282,830	(17,170)
Intergovernmental	1,029,000	1,942,000	2,050,253	108,253
Investment earnings	600,000	1,000,000	1,094,423	94,423
Miscellaneous	1,541,000	1,641,000	1,226,744	(414,256)
Total revenues	33,776,584	36,056,584	36,847,853	791,269
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
Police				
Personal services	7,751,800	7,751,800	7,399,630	352,170
Other than personal services	1,490,800	1,525,800	1,315,679	210,121
Fire				
Personal services	8,948,200	8,948,200	8,527,844	420,356
Other than personal services	347,000	347,000	327,671	19,329
Board of Health				
Other than personal services	303,000	317,150	317,117	33
Parks and recreation				
Personal services	2,619,000	2,619,000	2,543,626	75,374
Other than personal services	1,194,200	1,421,800	1,353,816	67,984
Development				
Personal services	868,200	868,200	818,855	49,345
Other than personal services	190,300	286,300	228,141	58,159
Public Service Administration				
Personal services	867,000	867,000	854,920	12,080
Other than personal services	101,500	101,500	91,831	9,669
<b>Public Works Division</b>				
Personal services	970,800	880,800	831,909	48,891
Other than personal services	233,900	233,900	215,003	18,897
City Manager				
Personal services	1,133,300	1,086,000	924,312	161,688
Other than personal services	176,300	176,300	100,926	75,374
City Attorney				
Personal services	610,000	611,020	611,013	7
Other than personal services	146,000	144,980	77,519	67,461
City Clerk				
Personal services	214,200	214,200	212,409	1,791
Other than personal services	35,500	35,500	34,354	1,146

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL OPERATING ACCOUNT (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	GENER	RAL OPERATING	GACCOUNT (Cor	ntinued)
	Adopted	Revised		
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Variance
City Council				
Personal services	136,400	136,400	119,162	17,238
Other than personal services	10,300	71,650	70,232	1,418
Clerk of Court				
Personal services	180,700	180,700	179,911	789
Other than personal services	297,400	297,400	152,855	144,545
Finance				
Personal services	894,500	894,500	819,120	75,380
Other than personal services	126,100	138,100	125,157	12,943
Facilities Maintenance				
Personal services	91,100	91,100	84,722	6,378
Other than personal services	2,696,600	2,519,150	2,229,801	289,349
Information Technology				
Personal services	516,800	524,800	524,077	723
Other than personal services	796,500	796,500	787,278	9,222
General Government				
Personal services	507,300	507,300	373,048	134,252
Other than personal services	1,802,000	2,258,000	2,241,798	16,202
Total expenditures	36,256,700	36,852,050	34,493,736	2,358,314
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures				
over revenues	(2,480,116)	(795,466)	2,354,117	3,149,583
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	74,806	74,806
Transfers out	(1,728,400)	(1,963,400)	(1,963,400)	-
Advances in	450,000	465,000	465,000	-
Advances out	(360,000)	(1,660,000)	(1,660,000)	-
Interaccount transfers in	2,800,000	2,800,000	2,427,468	(372,532)
Interaccount transfers-out	(315,000)	(315,000)	(315,000)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	846,600	(673,400)	(971,126)	(297,726)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing				
sources over expenditures and other uses	(1,633,516)	(1,468,866)	1,382,991	2,851,857
Fund balances at beginning of year	16,724,553	16,724,553	16,724,553	-
Lapsed encumbrances	133,596	133,596	133,596	-
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 15,224,633	\$ 15,389,283	\$ 18,241,140	\$ 2,851,857

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) CAPITAL ASSET MANAGEMENT ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	CAPITAL ASSET MANAGEMENT ACCOUNT							
		Adopted		Revised				
	Budget		Budget		Actual		Variance	
REVENUES:								
Income tax	\$	7,852,100	\$	7,922,100	\$	8,306,860	\$	384,760
Total revenues		7,852,100		7,922,100		8,306,860		384,760
EXPENDITURES:								
Total expenditures		-		-		-		-
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures								
over revenues		7,852,100		7,922,100		8,306,860		384,760
OTHER FINANCING (USES):								
Transfers out		(7,410,200)	(	(7,410,200)		(7,391,033)		19,167
Total other financing (uses)		(7,410,200)	(	(7,410,200)		(7,391,033)		19,167
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing								
sources over expenditures and other uses		441,900		511,900		915,827		403,927
Fund balances at beginning of year		10,975,172	1	0,975,172		10,975,172		_
Fund balances at end of year	\$	11,417,072		1,487,072		11,890,999	\$	403,927

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) POLICE AND FIRE PENSION ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	POLICE AND FIRE PENSION ACCOUNT							
		Adopted		Revised				
	Budget		Budget		Actual		Variance	
REVENUES:								
Property and other local taxes	\$	2,376,137	\$	2,376,137	\$	2,357,257	\$	(18,880)
Intergovernmental		326,973		326,973		325,022		(1,951)
Total revenues		2,703,110		2,703,110		2,682,279		(20,831)
EXPENDITURES:								
Total expenditures				-				-
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures								
over revenues		2,703,110		2,703,110		2,682,279		(20,831)
OTHER FINANCING (USES):								
Interaccount transfers out		(2,800,000)		(2,800,000)		(2,427,468)		372,532
Total other financing (uses)		(2,800,000)		(2,800,000)	_	(2,427,468)		372,532
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing								
sources over expenditures and other uses		(96,890)		(96,890)		254,811		351,701
Fund balances at beginning of year		2,209,628		2,209,628		2,209,628		_
Fund balances at end of year	\$	2,112,738	\$	2,112,738	\$	2,464,439	\$	351,701

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) CAPITAL EQUIPMENT ACCOUNT

	C	CAPI	TAL EQUIP	MEN	T ACCOUN	Γ	
	Adopted	Revised					
	Budget		Budget		Actual	V	<sup>7</sup> ariance
REVENUES:							
Property and other local taxes	\$ 959,391	\$	842,391	\$	836,164	\$	(6,227)
Intergovernmental	-		117,000		125,913		8,913
Miscellaneous	 109,000		157,500		29,167		(128,333)
Total revenues	1,068,391		1,116,891		991,244		(125,647)
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Police							
Capital outlay	132,900		171,700		159,738		11,962
Fire							
Capital outlay	47,800		91,900		83,510		8,390
Parks and recreation							
Capital outlay	142,000		146,100		142,348		3,752
<b>Public Service Administration</b>							
Capital outlay	180,000		80,000		70,575		9,425
Public Works Division							
Capital outlay	366,000		370,000		369,923		77
Facilities Maintenance							
Capital outlay	-		6,690		6,690		-
Information Technology							
Capital outlay	390,700		390,700		371,775		18,925
Total expenditures	1,259,400	_	1,257,090		1,204,559		52,531
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures							
over revenues	(191,009)		(140,199)		(213,315)		(73,116)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Interaccount transfers-in	240,000		240,000		240,000		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	 240,000		240,000		240,000		-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing							
sources over expenditures and other uses	48,991		99,801		26,685		(73,116)
Fund balances at beginning of year	656,995		656,995		656,995		-
Lapsed encumbrances	8,261		8,261		8,261		-
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 714,247	\$	765,057	\$	691,941	\$	(73,116)

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) SELF-INSURED LOSS ACCOUNT

			SELF	-INSURED	LOSS	ACCOUNT	Γ	
	Adopted		Revised					
		Budget		Budget		Actual		ariance
REVENUES:								
Investment earnings	\$	8,000	\$	8,000	\$	15,008	\$	7,008
Miscellaneous		10,000		10,000		9,836		(164)
Total revenues		18,000		18,000		24,844		6,844
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
General Government								
Other than personal services		50,000		50,000		11,938		38,062
Total expenditures		50,000		50,000		11,938		38,062
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures								
over revenues		(32,000)		(32,000)		12,906		44,906
Fund balances at beginning of year		845,184		845,184		845,184		-
Fund balances at end of year	\$	813,184	\$	813,184	\$	858,090	\$	44,906

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) COMMUNICATIONS AND TECHNOLOGY ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

Total revenues         95,000         165,000         166,044         1,0           EXPENDITURES: Current: Information Technology Other than personal services         91,000         91,000         70,425         20,5           Capital outlay         88,000         88,000         73,294         14,7           Total expenditures         179,000         179,000         143,719         35,2           Excess (deficiency) of expenditures	
REVENUES:           Miscellaneous         \$ 95,000         \$ 165,000         \$ 166,044         \$ 1,0           Total revenues         95,000         165,000         166,044         1,0           EXPENDITURES:           Current:         Information Technology           Other than personal services         91,000         91,000         70,425         20,5           Capital outlay         88,000         88,000         73,294         14,7           Total expenditures         179,000         179,000         143,719         35,2           Excess (deficiency) of expenditures	
Miscellaneous         \$ 95,000         \$ 165,000         \$ 166,044         \$ 1,0           Total revenues         95,000         165,000         166,044         1,0           EXPENDITURES:           Current:         Information Technology           Other than personal services         91,000         91,000         70,425         20,5           Capital outlay         88,000         88,000         73,294         14,7           Total expenditures         179,000         179,000         143,719         35,2           Excess (deficiency) of expenditures	e
Total revenues 95,000 165,000 166,044 1,0  EXPENDITURES: Current: Information Technology Other than personal services 91,000 91,000 70,425 20,5 Capital outlay 88,000 88,000 73,294 14,7 Total expenditures 179,000 179,000 143,719 35,2  Excess (deficiency) of expenditures	
EXPENDITURES: Current: Information Technology Other than personal services 91,000 91,000 70,425 20,5 Capital outlay 88,000 88,000 73,294 14,7 Total expenditures 179,000 179,000 143,719 35,2  Excess (deficiency) of expenditures	)44
Current:           Information Technology           Other than personal services         91,000         91,000         70,425         20,5           Capital outlay         88,000         88,000         73,294         14,7           Total expenditures         179,000         179,000         143,719         35,2           Excess (deficiency) of expenditures	)44
Information Technology           Other than personal services         91,000         91,000         70,425         20,5           Capital outlay         88,000         88,000         73,294         14,7           Total expenditures         179,000         179,000         143,719         35,2           Excess (deficiency) of expenditures	
Other than personal services         91,000         91,000         70,425         20,5           Capital outlay         88,000         88,000         73,294         14,7           Total expenditures         179,000         179,000         143,719         35,2           Excess (deficiency) of expenditures	
Capital outlay         88,000         88,000         73,294         14,7           Total expenditures         179,000         179,000         143,719         35,2           Excess (deficiency) of expenditures	
Total expenditures         179,000         179,000         143,719         35,2           Excess (deficiency) of expenditures	75
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures	06
	81
over revenues $(84.000)$ $(14.000)$ $22.325$ $36.3$	
(ot,000) (17,000) 22,323 30,5	325
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):	
Interaccount transfers-in 75,000 75,000 75,000	-
Total other financing sources (uses)         75,000         75,000         75,000	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing	
sources over expenditures and other uses (9,000) 61,000 97,325 36,3	25
Fund balances at beginning of year 139,261 139,261 139,261	_
Fund balances at end of year \$ 130,261 \$ 200,261 \$ 236,586 \$ 36,3	25

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) TOTAL GENERAL FUND ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	TOTAL GENERAL FUND ACCOUNTS					
	Adopted	Revised				
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Variance		
REVENUES:						
Income tax	\$ 28,043,100	\$ 28,293,100	\$ 29,722,211	\$ 1,429,111		
Property and other local taxes	11,051,112	10,021,112	9,908,201	(112,911)		
Special assessments	-	-	46,906	46,906		
Charges for services	1,200,000	1,200,000	1,281,277	81,277		
Licenses and permits	1,200,000	2,800,000	2,735,289	(64,711)		
Fines and forfeitures	300,000	300,000	282,830	(17,170)		
Intergovernmental	1,355,973	2,385,973	2,501,188	115,215		
Investment earnings	608,000	1,008,000	1,109,431	101,431		
Miscellaneous	1,755,000	1,973,500	1,431,791	(541,709)		
Total revenues	45,513,185	47,981,685	49,019,124	1,037,439		
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Police						
Personal services	7,751,800	7,751,800	7,399,630	352,170		
Other than personal services	1,490,800	1,525,800	1,315,679	210,121		
Capital outlay	132,900	171,700	159,738	11,962		
Fire						
Personal services	8,948,200	8,948,200	8,527,844	420,356		
Other than personal services	347,000	347,000	327,671	19,329		
Capital outlay	47,800	91,900	83,510	8,390		
Board of Health						
Other than personal services	303,000	317,150	317,117	33		
Parks and recreation						
Personal services	2,619,000	2,619,000	2,543,626	75,374		
Other than personal services	1,194,200	1,421,800	1,353,816	67,984		
Capital outlay	142,000	146,100	142,348	3,752		
Development						
Personal services	868,200	868,200	818,855	49,345		
Other than personal services	190,300	286,300	228,141	58,159		
Public Service Administration						
Personal services	867,000	867,000	854,920	12,080		
Other than personal services	101,500	101,500	91,831	9,669		
Capital outlay	180,000	80,000	70,575	9,425		
Public Works Division						
Personal services	970,800	880,800	831,909	48,891		
Other than personal services	233,900	233,900	215,003	18,897		
Capital outlay	366,000	370,000	369,923	77		
City Manager						
Personal services	1,133,300	1,086,000	924,312	161,688		
Other than personal services	176,300	176,300	100,926	75,374		
City Attorney						
Personal services	610,000	611,020	611,013	7		
Other than personal services	146,000	144,980	77,519	67,461		

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) TOTAL GENERAL FUND ACCOUNTS (Continued)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	TOTAL	GENERAL FUNI	ACCOUNTS (C	ontinued)
	Adopted	Revised		
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Variance
City Clerk				
Personal services	214,200	214,200	212,409	1,791
Other than personal services	35,500	35,500	34,354	1,146
City Council				
Personal services	136,400	136,400	119,162	17,238
Other than personal services	10,300	71,650	70,232	1,418
Clerk of Court				
Personal services	180,700	180,700	179,911	789
Other than personal services	297,400	297,400	152,855	144,545
Finance				
Personal services	894,500	894,500	819,120	75,380
Other than personal services	126,100	138,100	125,157	12,943
Facilities Maintenance				
Personal services	91,100	91,100	84,722	6,378
Other than personal services	2,696,600	2,519,150	2,229,801	289,349
Capital outlay	_	6,690	6,690	-
Information Technology				
Personal services	516,800	524,800	524,077	723
Other than personal services	887,500	887,500	857,703	29,797
Capital outlay	478,700	478,700	445,069	33,631
General Government	ŕ	ŕ	ŕ	ŕ
Personal services	507,300	507,300	373,048	134,252
Other than personal services	1,852,000	2,308,000	2,253,736	54,264
Total expenditures	37,745,100	38,338,140	35,853,952	2,484,188
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures				
over revenues	7,768,085	9,643,545	13,165,172	3,521,627
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	74,806	74,806
Transfers out	(9,138,600)	(9,373,600)	(9,354,433)	19,167
Advances in	450,000	465,000	465,000	-
Advances out	(360,000)	(1,660,000)	(1,660,000)	-
Interaccount transfers in	3,115,000	3,115,000	2,742,468	(372,532
Interaccount transfers out	(3,115,000)	(3,115,000)	(2,742,468)	372,532
Total other financing sources (uses)	(9,048,600)	(10,568,600)	(10,474,627)	93,973
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing				
sources over expenditures and other uses	(1,280,515)	(925,055)	2,690,545	3,615,600
Fund balances at beginning of year	31,550,793	31,550,793	31,550,793	-
Lapsed encumbrances	141,857	141,857	141,857	
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 30,412,135	\$ 30,767,595	\$ 34,383,195	\$ 3,615,600

Note: GASB 84 was implemented in 2019. As a result, former Custodial Funds were not required to be budgeted in 2019.

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL OBLIGATION BOND RETIREMENT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	GENERAL OBLIGATION BOND RETIREMENT							JND
		Adopted		Revised				
	Budget		Budget		Actual		Variance	
REVENUES:				_				
Property and other local taxes	\$	383,755	\$	325,255	\$	334,400	\$	9,145
Special assessments		-		-		1,024		1,024
Intergovernmental		-		58,500		46,356		(12,144)
Total revenues		383,755		383,755		381,780		(1,975)
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Finance								
Other than personal services		8,192,500		8,897,300		7,894,674		1,002,626
Total expenditures		8,192,500		8,897,300		7,894,674		1,002,626
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures								
over revenues	(	(7,808,745)		(8,513,545)		(7,512,894)		1,000,651
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Sale of bonds		-		-		1,781,000		1,781,000
Premium on issuance of bonds		-		-		680,977		680,977
Discount issuance of bonds and notes		-		-		(177,258)		(177,258)
Transfers in		8,864,500		11,919,265		6,734,566		(5,184,699)
Total other financing sources (uses)		8,864,500		11,919,265		9,019,285		(2,899,980)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing								
sources over expenditures		1,055,755		3,405,720		1,506,391		(1,899,329)
Fund balances at beginning of year		875,997		875,997		875,997		_
Fund balances at end of year	\$	1,931,752	\$	4,281,717	\$	2,382,388	\$	(1,899,329)

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) BONDED IMPROVEMENT FUND

	BONDED IMPROVEMENT FUND							
	_	Adopted	Revised Budget					
		Budget			Actual		Variance	
REVENUES:	_							
Investment Earnings	\$	85,000	\$	300,000	\$	398,561	\$	98,561
Miscellaneous		-		-		168,330		168,330
Total revenues		85,000		300,000		566,891		266,891
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Parks and recreation								
Personal services		25,000		25,000		4,634		20,366
Capital outlay		1,143,400		1,143,400		-		1,143,400
Public Service Administration								
Personal services		318,900		318,900		190,191		128,709
Public Works Division								
Capital outlay		6,059,100		6,249,600		5,380,618		868,982
Finance								
Other than personal services				84,200		75,727		8,473
Total expenditures		7,546,400		7,821,100		5,651,170		2,169,930
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures								
over revenues		(7,461,400)		(7,521,100)		(5,084,279)		2,436,821
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Sale of bonds		5,948,000		5,454,200		5,370,000		(84,200)
Premium on issuance of bonds		-		-		84,106		
Total other financing sources (uses)		5,948,000		5,454,200		5,454,106		(84,200)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing								
sources over expenditures and other uses		(1,513,400)		(2,066,900)		369,827		2,436,727
Fund balances at beginning of year		10,821,394		10,821,394		10,821,394		-
Lapsed encumbrances		529,805		529,805		529,805		-
Fund balances at end of year	\$	9,837,799	\$	9,284,299	\$	11,721,026	\$	2,436,727

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) INFRASTRUCTURE IMPROVEMENT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	INFRASTRUCTURE IMPROVEMENT FUND							
	Adopted	Revised						
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Variance				
REVENUES:								
Intergovernmental	\$ 150,000	\$ 150,000	\$ 306,069	\$ 156,069				
Miscellaneous	-	180,000	365,596	185,596				
Total revenues	150,000	330,000	671,665	341,665				
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Parks and recreation								
Personal services	91,100	66,100	19,029	47,071				
Capital outlay	731,900	877,000	381,024	495,976				
Public Service Administration								
Personal services	124,000	149,525	149,522	3				
Public Works Division								
Capital outlay	2,377,100	3,130,075	3,069,043	61,032				
Total expenditures	3,324,100	4,222,700	3,618,618	604,082				
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures								
over revenues	(3,174,100	(3,892,700)	(2,946,953)	945,747				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Operating transfers-in	3,250,000	3,250,000	3,250,000	-				
Total other financing sources (uses)	3,250,000	3,250,000	3,250,000					
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing								
sources over expenditures	75,900	(642,700)	303,047	945,747				
Fund balances at beginning of year	4,544,280	4,544,280	4,544,280	-				
Lapsed encumbrances	327,023	327,023	327,023	-				
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 4,947,203	\$ 4,228,603	\$ 5,174,350	\$ 945,747				

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) LANE AVENUE II TIF FUND

		LANE AVENU	E II TIF FUND	
	Adopted	Revised		
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Variance
REVENUES:				
Total revenues	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
Public Works Division				
Capital outlay	-	18,443,000	18,441,760	1,240
Finance				
Capital outlay	-	615,800	582,814	32,986
Total expenditures	-	19,058,800	19,024,574	34,226
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures				
over revenues	-	(19,058,800)	(19,024,574)	34,226
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Sale of Bonds	_	19,174,300	18,559,000	(615,300)
Premium on issuance of bonds	-	· · ·	582,314	582,314
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	19,174,300	19,141,314	(32,986)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing				
sources over expenditures	-	115,500	116,740	1,240
Fund balances at beginning of year	_	_	_	-
Fund balances at end of year	\$ -	\$ 115,500	\$ 116,740	\$ 1,240
-				

### FUND DESCRIPTIONS - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

## Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

#### **Tax Incentive Review Fund**

Created by C.O. 225.07, the fund receives deposits of fees required when agreements are entered into under Section 3735 of the Ohio Revised Code. These fees are used exclusively for the purpose of performing the duties of the Tax Incentive Review Board.

#### **Street Maintenance and Repair Fund**

The Ohio Revised Code Sections 4501.04 and 5735.27 requires this separate fund to account for receipts from the licensing of motor vehicles and receipts from fuel taxes. The funds are used for the construction, maintenance and repair of the City's streets.

#### **Law Enforcement Fund**

Established pursuant to Ohio Revised Section 2981.13, the fund accounts for the deposit of monies received from the seizure of tangible property relinquished in accordance with the Contraband Seizure Forfeiture Act. Funds are used solely for law enforcement purposes.

#### **Tree Planting Fund**

Established pursuant to C.O. Section 158.05 to receive money given to the Tree Commission, the fund's expenditures are to be made for the furtherance of tree planting and care and related arboricultural activities, subject to appropriations made by City Council.

#### **Enforcement Education Fund**

Established in 1995 pursuant to C.O. Section 225.03, the revenue of this fund derived from Operating a Motor Vehicle Intoxicated (OVI) convictions, is used to pay the costs incurred in both enforcing and informing the public of the laws governing operation of a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol.

### **Mayor's Court Computer Fund**

Established in 1995 pursuant to C.O. Section 171.05, the Mayor's Court collects a \$3.00 fee on each case. Revenues are to be used to pay the cost of computerization of the Mayor's Court and for computerized legal research services.

## Mayor's Court Special Project Fund

Established in 2013 pursuant to C.O. Section 171.08, the Mayor's Court collects a \$10.00 fee on each case as allowed by Ohio Revised Code 1901.26(B)(1). Revenues are to be used to pay the cost of special projects of the court including, but not limited to, the acquisition of additional facilities or rehabilitation of existing facilities, the acquisition of equipment, the hiring and training of staff, community service programs, mediation or dispute resolution services, the employment of magistrates, the training and education of magistrates, and other related services.

#### FUND DESCRIPTIONS – NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

## **Life Long Learning and Leisure Fund**

The Life Long Learning and Leisure Fund created by C.O. Section 225.02, accounts for the operations of continuing education classes.

### **FEMA Fund**

This fund was established to account for public assistance grant revenues from the Federal Emergency Management Agency.

## **Neighborhood Lighting Fund**

This fund is used to account for the maintenance of neighborhood lights of which a yearly maintenance fee is charged.

#### **Clerk of Court Fund**

Enacted by C.O. 171.06, the Clerk of Court Fund was created to account for fees established by the Rules of Court. The revenue is to be used to pay the cost of computerization of the Clerk of Court's office. The current fee is \$3.00.

### **Upper Arlington Visitor's Bureau Fund**

Established in 2013 pursuant to C. O. Section 202, this fund collects 50% of the 3% hotel/motel excise tax levied in accordance with Ohio Revised Code Section 5379.09. Revenues are to be used solely to make contributions to convention and visitors' bureaus operating within Franklin County as directed by City Council.

#### FUND DESCRIPTIONS - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

## Nonmajor Capital Project Funds

## **Tax Increment Financing (TIF) Districts**

The City, pursuant to the Ohio Revised Code and City ordinances, has established nine tax increment financing (TIF) districts. A TIF represents a geographic area wherein property values created after the commencement date of the TIF are exempt, in whole or in part, from property taxes. Owner of such property, however, must pay amounts equal to the property taxes, known as "service fees," as though the TIF had not been established. These "service fees" will then repay the City for capital outlay expenditures relating to public improvements within or adjacent to the TIF area. Property values existing before the commencement date of a TIF continue to be subjected to property taxes. The City has created the following capital project funds to account for its eleven TIFs: Arlington Centre TIF, Tremont Road TIF, Lane Avenue Mixed Use TIF Fund, Lane Avenue TIF Fund, Arlington Crossing TIF Fund, Horizon TIF Fund, Kingsdale West TIF Fund, Kingsdale Core TIF Fund, Riverside North TIF Fund, Riverside South TIF Fund, and West Lane Northwest TIF Fund.

## **Estate Tax Capital Projects Fund**

Created by C.O. 137.12, this fund is used to account for estate tax revenues in excess of \$2.1 million for the purpose of capital needs.

#### **Community Fiber Optic Fund**

This fund was established in 2015 and accounts for the installation and repayment of the construction for the Upper Arlington fiber optic network. The fiber optic network will serve the Upper Arlington School District, the Upper Arlington Libraries and the City government as well as provide fiber to the Ohio State University Medical building. The network will also provide accessibility to fiber for local businesses.

## CITY OF UPPER ARLINGTON, OHIO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Nonmajor Special Revenue	Nonmajor Capital Projects	Total Nonmajor Governmental
Assets:			
Cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$ 2,684,138	\$ 5,362,184	\$ 8,046,322
Receivables (net of allowances):			
Property and other taxes	3,768	-	3,768
Payments in lieu of taxes	-	3,109,405	3,109,405
Accounts	10,343	-	10,343
Accrued interest	6,777	1,584	8,361
Intergovernmental	1,282,413	263,484	1,545,897
Materials and supplies inventory	242,507		242,507
Total assets	\$ 4,229,946	\$ 8,736,657	\$ 12,966,603
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 50,314	\$ 80,229	\$ 130,543
Retainage payable	-	199,175	199,175
Accrued wages and benefits	28,646	-	28,646
Due to other governments	4,653	-	4,653
Advances from other funds	-	3,373,335	3,373,335
Due to other funds	372	949,000	949,372
Total liabilities	83,985	4,601,739	4,685,724
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>			
Property and Other Local Taxes	-	2,762,222	2,762,222
Unavailable Revenue	806,949	359,760	1,166,709
Total deferred inflows of resources	806,949	3,121,982	3,928,931
Fund Balance:			
Nonspendable			
Inventory	242,507	-	242,507
Restricted			
Capital projects	-	2,727,256	2,727,256
Street maintenance and repairs	1,212,999	-	1,212,999
Law enforcement and education	963,226	-	963,226
Other purposes	299,448	-	299,448
Committed			
Capital projects	444,414	651,106	1,095,520
Parks and recreation	176,418	-	176,418
Unassigned (deficit)		(2,365,426)	(2,365,426)
Total fund balance	3,339,012	1,012,936	4,351,948
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,			
and fund balances	\$ 4,229,946	\$ 8,736,657	\$ 12,966,603

# CITY OF UPPER ARLINGTON, OHIO COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Nonmajor Special Revenue		Nonmajor Capital Projects		Total Nonmajor overnmental	
Revenues:						
Property and other taxes	\$ 64,962	\$	-	\$	64,962	
Payments in lieu of taxes	-		3,044,716		3,044,716	
Charges for services	199,948		-		199,948	
Fines and forfeitures	54,922		-		54,922	
Intergovernmental	2,158,291		19,058		2,177,349	
Investment earnings	47,845		15,459		63,304	
Miscellaneous	17,899		195,845		213,744	
Total revenues	2,543,867		3,275,078		5,818,945	
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government	33,528		1,238,571		1,272,099	
Public safety	413,437		-		413,437	
Public services	2,159,589		-		2,159,589	
Parks and recreation	161,502		-		161,502	
Capital outlay	-		3,820,246		3,820,246	
Total expenditures	 2,768,056		5,058,817		7,826,873	
Excess (deficiency) of						
revenues over (under) expenditures	(224,189)		(1,783,739)		(2,007,928)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Sale of capital assets	119,842		-		119,842	
Transfers in	125,000		68,400		193,400	
Transfers out	-		(749,679)		(749,679)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	244,842		(681,279)		(436,437)	
Net change in fund balances	20,653		(2,465,018)		(2,444,365)	
Fund balance at beginning of year	 3,318,359	3,477,954			6,796,313	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 3,339,012	\$	1,012,936	\$ 4,351,948		

### CITY OF UPPER ARLINGTON, OHIO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Tax ncentive Review	Street faintenance and Repair	En	Law forcement	P	Tree lanting	orcement lucation
Assets:							
Cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$ 20,270	\$ 864,299	\$	728,220	\$	96,637	\$ 18,364
Receivables (net of allowances):							
Property and other taxes	-	-		-		-	-
Accounts	-	-		-		-	150
Accrued interest	-	2,876		2,423		-	-
Intergovernmental	-	1,180,370		102,043		-	-
Materials and supplies inventory	-	242,507		-		-	-
Total assets	\$ 20,270	\$ 2,290,052	\$	832,686	\$	96,637	\$ 18,514
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$ _	\$ 8,683	\$	32,390	\$	-	\$ _
Accrued wages and benefits	_	22,525		4,109		_	_
Due to other governments	_	3,481		861		-	_
Due to other funds	_	293		53		_	_
Total liabilities	 -	34,982		37,413		-	-
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Unavailable Revenue	-	799,564		859		-	-
Total deferred inflows of resources	 	799,564		859		-	
Fund Balance:							
Nonspendable							
Inventory	-	242,507		-		-	-
Restricted							
Street maintenance and repairs	-	1,212,999		-		-	-
Law enforcement and education	-	-		794,414		-	18,514
Other purposes	20,270	-		-		-	-
Committed							
Capital projects	-	-		-		-	-
Parks and recreation	 	 =				96,637	 
Total fund balances	 20,270	1,455,506		794,414		96,637	 18,514
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of							
resources, and fund balances	\$ 20,270	\$ 2,290,052	\$	832,686	\$	96,637	\$ 18,514

	Aayor's Court omputer		Mayor's Court cial Project	L	ife Long earning d Leisure		FEMA	Neighborhood Lighting		Clerk of Court					Total Nonmajor cial Revenue Funds
\$	51,832	\$	106,842	\$	88,821	\$	-	\$	444,231	\$	31,346	\$	233,276	\$	2,684,138
	_		_		_		-		-		-		3,768		3,768
	783		2,625		-		-		6,002		783		-		10,343
	-		-		-		-		1,478		-		-		6,777
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		1,282,413
	-	_											-		242,507
\$	52,615	\$	109,467	\$	88,821	\$	-	\$	451,711	\$	32,129	\$	237,044	\$	4,229,946
\$	49	\$	1,120	\$	7,226	\$	_	\$	771	\$	75	\$	_	\$	50,314
Ψ	-	Ψ.		Ψ.	1,554	Ψ	_	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	458	Ψ	28,646
	-		_		240		-		_		_		71		4,653
	-		-		20		-		-		-		6		372
	49		1,120		9,040		-		771		75		535		83,985
									6,526						806,949
	<u>-</u>		<del></del>				<del></del>		6,526						806,949
						-			0,320						000,515
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		242,507
	-		-		-		-		_		_		-		1,212,999
	52,566		65,678		-		-		-		32,054		-		963,226
	-		42,669		-		-		-		-		236,509		299,448
	_		_		_		_		444,414		_		_		444,414
	-		-		79,781		-				-		_		176,418
	52,566		108,347		79,781		-		444,414		32,054		236,509		3,339,012
\$	52,615	\$	109,467	\$	88,821	\$		\$	451,711	\$	32,129	\$	237,044	\$	4,229,946

# CITY OF UPPER ARLINGTON, OHIO COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Tax		Street						
	Incer Rev			aintenance nd Repair	En	Law forcement	Tree Planting		orcement ucation
Revenues:									
Property and other taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Charges for services		-		-		-		23,897	-
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		-		-	2,033
Intergovernmental		-		1,972,382		129,081		-	-
Investment earnings		-		18,518		17,611		-	-
Miscellaneous		1,500		16,149				250	 -
Total revenues		1,500		2,007,049		146,692		24,147	 2,033
Expenditures:									
Current:									
General government		5,000		-		-		-	-
Public safety		-		-		252,203		-	1,067
Public services		-		2,020,528		-		-	-
Parks and recreation		-		-		-		23,458	-
Total expenditures		5,000		2,020,528		252,203		23,458	1,067
Excess (deficiency) of									
revenues over (under) expenditures		(3,500)		(13,479)		(105,511)		689	966
Other Financing Sources:									
Sale of capital assets		-		-		119,842		-	-
Transfers in		-		125,000		-		-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)				125,000		119,842		-	-
Net change in fund balances		(3,500)		111,521		14,331		689	966
Fund balance at beginning of year		23,770		1,343,985		780,083		95,948	17,548
Fund balance at end of year	\$	20,270	\$	1,455,506	\$	794,414	\$	96,637	\$ 18,514

	Mayor's Court Computer	Mayor's Court Special Project	Life Long Learning and Leisure	FEMA	Neighborhood Lighting	Clerk of Court	Upper Arlington Visitor's Bureau	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
\$	_	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 64,962	\$ 64,962
	-	-	112,134	-	63,917	-	-	199,948
	9,900	33,088	-	-	-	9,901	-	54,922
	-	10,000	-	46,828	-	-	-	2,158,291
	-	-	-	-	11,716	-	-	47,845 17,899
	9,900	43,088	112,134	46,828	75,633	9,901	64,962	2,543,867
_	23,501	63,655	138,044 138,044	46,828	139,061	26,183	28,528	33,528 413,437 2,159,589 161,502 2,768,056
	(13,601)	(20,567)	(25,910)	-	(63,428)	(16,282)	36,434	(224,189)
	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	119,842
	_	-	-	_	-	_	-	125,000
					-		-	244,842
	(13,601)	(20,567)	(25,910)	-	(63,428)	(16,282)	36,434	20,653
	66,167	128,914	105,691	-	507,842	48,336	200,075	3,318,359
\$	52,566	\$ 108,347	\$ 79,781	\$ -	\$ 444,414	\$ 32,054	\$ 236,509	\$ 3,339,012

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) TAX INCENTIVE REVIEW FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	TAX INCENTIVE REVIEW FUND										
	A	Adopted	Revised Budget								
	]	Budget			Actual		Var	iance			
REVENUES:											
Miscellaneous	\$	1,500	\$	1,500	\$	1,500	\$	-			
Total revenues		1,500		1,500		1,500		-			
EXPENDITURES:											
Current:											
Finance											
Other than personal services		5,000		5,000		5,000		-			
Total expenditures		5,000		5,000		5,000		-			
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures											
over revenues		(3,500)		(3,500)		(3,500)		-			
Fund balances at beginning of year		23,770		23,770		23,770		_			
Fund balances at end of year	\$	20,270	\$	20,270	\$	20,270	\$				

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) STREET MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	STREE	ЕТ М	IAINTENANO	CE A	ND REPAIR	FUN	D
	Adopted		Revised				
	Budget	Budget		Actual		7	Variance Variance
REVENUES:							
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,625,000	\$	1,800,000	\$	1,854,346	\$	54,346
Investment Earnings	7,000		7,000		14,111		7,111
Miscellaneous	8,000		8,000		16,149		8,149
Total revenues	1,640,000		1,815,000		1,884,606		69,606
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
<b>Public Service Administration</b>							
Personal services	429,800		439,355		439,354		1
Other than personal services	335,950		298,690		224,803		73,887
Public Works Division							
Personal services	800,000		912,705		912,702		3
Other than personal services	507,000		507,000		486,423		20,577
Total expenditures	2,072,750		2,157,750		2,063,282		94,468
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures							
over revenues	(432,750)		(342,750)		(178,676)		164,074
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Operating transfers-in	250,000		250,000		125,000		(125,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	250,000		250,000		125,000		(125,000)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing							
sources over expenditures	(182,750)		(92,750)		(53,676)		39,074
Fund balances at beginning of year	886,446		886,446		886,446		-
Lapsed encumbrances	2,611		2,611		2,611		-
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 706,307	\$	796,307	\$	835,381	\$	39,074

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) LAW ENFORCEMENT FUND

		LA	AW ENFORC	EME	NT FUND		
	 Adopted		Revised				
	Budget		Budget	Actual		7	/ariance
REVENUES:							
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$	-	\$	27,038	\$	27,038
Investment Earnings	9,000		9,000		13,925		4,925
Miscellaneous	115,000		115,000		-		(115,000)
Total revenues	 124,000		124,000		40,963		(83,037)
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Police							
Personal services	207,300		207,300		206,863		437
Other than personal services	74,300		74,300		59,832		14,468
Total expenditures	 281,600		281,600		266,695		14,905
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures							
over revenues	(157,600)		(157,600)		(225,732)		(68,132)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-		-		119,842		119,842
Total other financing sources (uses)	-		-		119,842		119,842
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures	(157,600)		(157,600)		(105,890)		51,710
sources over expenditures	(137,000)		(137,000)		(103,890)		51,/10
Fund balances at beginning of year	 786,278		786,278		786,278		
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 628,678	\$	628,678	\$	680,388	\$	51,710

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) ${\it TREE\ PLANTING\ FUND}$

	TREE PLANTING FUND											
	Α	dopted	I	Revised								
	]	Budget		Budget		Actual	V	ariance				
REVENUES:												
Charges for services	\$	20,000	\$	20,000	\$	23,897	\$	3,897				
Miscellaneous		-		-		250		250				
Total revenues		20,000		20,000		24,147		4,147				
EXPENDITURES:												
Current:												
Parks and recreation												
Other than personal services		20,000		27,500		23,458		4,042				
Total expenditures		20,000		27,500		23,458		4,042				
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures												
over revenues		-		(7,500)		689		8,189				
Fund balances at beginning of year		95,948		95,948		95,948		_				
Fund balances at end of year	\$	95,948	\$	88,448	\$	96,637	\$	8,189				

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) ENFORCEMENT EDUCATION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

		E	NFOR	CEMENT I	EDUC	ATION FUI	ND	
	A	dopted	I	Revised				
	]	Budget	]	Budget		Actual		riance
REVENUES:								
Fines and forfeitures	\$	2,500	\$	2,500	\$	1,883	\$	(617)
Total revenues		2,500		2,500		1,883		(617)
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Police								
Other than personal services		2,500		2,500		1,097		1,403
Total expenditures		2,500		2,500		1,097		1,403
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures								
over revenues		-		-		786		786
Fund balances at beginning of year		17,578		17,578		17,578		-
Fund balances at end of year	\$	17,578	\$	17,578	\$	18,364	\$	786

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) MAYOR'S COURT COMPUTER FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	MAYOR'S COURT COMPUTER FUND								
	Adopted Budget		Revised Budget						
					Actual		Variance		
REVENUES:									
Fines and forfeitures	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	\$	9,117	\$	(883)	
Total revenues		10,000		10,000		9,117		(883)	
EXPENDITURES:									
Current:									
Clerk of Court									
Other than personal services		11,850		17,580		16,635		945	
Total expenditures		11,850		17,580		16,635		945	
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures									
over revenues		(1,850)		(7,580)		(7,518)		62	
Fund balances at beginning of year		53,620		53,620		53,620		-	
Fund balances at end of year	\$	51,770	\$	46,040	\$	46,102	\$	62	

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) MAYOR'S COURT SPECIAL PROJECT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	MAYOR'S COURT SPECIAL PROJECT FUND									
	Adopted Budget		Revised Budget							
					Actual		V	ariance		
REVENUES:										
Fines and forfeitures	\$	30,000	\$	30,000	\$	30,463	\$	463		
Intergovernmental		-		-		10,000		10,000		
Total revenues		30,000		30,000		40,463		10,463		
EXPENDITURES:										
Current:										
Clerk of Court										
Other than personal services		18,750		74,580		71,721		2,859		
Total expenditures		18,750		74,580		71,721		2,859		
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures										
over revenues		11,250		(44,580)		(31,258)		13,322		
Fund balances at beginning of year		129,304		129,304		129,304		_		
Fund balances at end of year	\$	140,554	\$	84,724	\$	98,046	\$	13,322		

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) LIFE LONG LEARNING AND LEISURE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	LIFE LONG LEARNING AND LEISURE FUND							
		Adopted		Revised				
		Budget		Budget		Actual	7	Variance Variance
REVENUES:								
Charges for services	\$	145,000	\$	145,000	\$	112,134	\$	(32,866)
Total revenues		145,000		145,000		112,134		(32,866)
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Parks and recreation								
Personal services		72,900		75,900		74,462		1,438
Other than personal services		83,900		80,900		60,543		20,357
Total expenditures		156,800		156,800		135,005		21,795
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures								
over revenues		(11,800)		(11,800)		(22,871)		(11,071)
Fund balances at beginning of year		111,692		111,692		111,692		_
Fund balances at end of year	\$	99,892	\$	99,892	\$	88,821	\$	(11,071)

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FEMA FUND

	FEMA FUND										
	Ado	Revised									
	Budget		]	Budget	Actual		Var	iance			
REVENUES:											
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	46,828	\$	46,828	\$	-			
Total revenues				46,828		46,828		-			
EXPENDITURES:											
Current:											
<b>Public Works Division</b>											
Other than personal services		-		46,828		46,828		-			
Total expenditures				46,828		46,828		-			
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures											
over revenues		-		-		-		-			
Fund balances at beginning of year		_		_		-		-			
Fund balances at end of year	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-			

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) NEIGHBORHOOD LIGHTING FUND

	NEIGHBORHOOD LIGHTING FUND								
		Adopted	Revised						
	Budget		Budget		Actual		V	ariance	
REVENUES:									
Charges for services	\$	63,000	\$	63,000	\$	63,917	\$	917	
Investment Earnings		5,000		5,000		9,435		4,435	
Total revenues		68,000		68,000		73,352		5,352	
EXPENDITURES:									
Current:									
<b>Public Service Administration</b>									
Personal services		30,900		30,900		10,194		20,706	
Other than personal services		160,100		160,100		123,467		36,633	
Total expenditures		191,000		191,000		133,661		57,339	
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures									
over revenues		(123,000)		(123,000)		(60,309)		62,691	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing									
sources over expenditures and other uses		(123,000)		(123,000)		(60,309)		62,691	
Fund balances at beginning of year		503,780		503,780		503,780		_	
Fund balances at end of year	\$	380,780	\$	380,780	\$	443,471	\$	62,691	

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) CLERK OF COURT FUND

	CLERK OF COURT FUND								
		Adopted	Revised Budget						
	Budget				Actual		Va	riance	
REVENUES:									
Fines and forfeitures	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	\$	9,118	\$	(882)	
Total revenues		10,000		10,000		9,118		(882)	
EXPENDITURES:									
Current:									
Clerk of Court									
Other than personal services		17,000		22,730		22,009		721	
Total expenditures		17,000		22,730		22,009		721	
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures									
over revenues		(7,000)		(12,730)		(12,891)		(161)	
Fund balances at beginning of year		32,064		32,064		32,064		_	
Lapsed encumbrances		1,843		1,843		1,843		-	
Fund balances at end of year	\$	26,907	\$	21,177	\$	21,016	\$	(161)	

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) UPPER ARLINGTON VISITOR'S BUREAU FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	UPPER ARLINGTON VISITOR'S BUREAU FUND									
	A	Adopted		Revised						
		Budget		Budget		Actual	V	ariance		
REVENUES:										
Property and other local taxes	\$	62,000	\$	62,000	\$	65,177	\$	3,177		
Total revenues		62,000		62,000		65,177		3,177		
EXPENDITURES:										
Current:										
City Manager										
Other than personal services		35,000		35,000		4,984		30,016		
Information Technology										
Personal services		24,200		24,200		23,455		745		
Total expenditures		59,200		59,200		28,439		30,761		
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures										
over revenues		2,800		2,800		36,738		33,938		
Fund balances at beginning of year		196,538		196,538		196,538		_		
Fund balances at end of year	\$	199,338	\$	199,338	\$	233,276	\$	33,938		

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES FUND											
	1	Adopted		Revised								
		Budget		Budget		Actual	V	<sup>7</sup> ariance				
REVENUES:												
Charges for services	\$	600,000	\$	600,000	\$	692,623	\$	92,623				
Intergovernmental		-		-		787		787				
Total revenues		600,000		600,000		693,410		93,410				
EXPENDITURES:												
Current:												
Fire												
Other than personal services		213,500		213,500		175,440		38,060				
Total expenditures		213,500		213,500		175,440		38,060				
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures												
over revenues		386,500		386,500		517,970		131,470				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):												
Operating transfers-out		(436,300)		(436,300)		(436,209)		91				
Total other financing sources (uses)		(436,300)		(436,300)		(436,209)		91				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing												
over expenditures and other uses		(49,800)		(49,800)		81,761		131,561				
Fund balances at beginning of year		242,379		242,379		242,379		-				
Lapsed encumbrances		2		2		2		-				
Fund balances at end of year	\$	192,581	\$	192,581	\$	324,142	\$	131,561				

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) CIVIL SERVICE FUND

	CIVIL SERVICE FUND									
	A	dopted	I	Revised						
	]	Budget	]	Budget		Actual	V	ariance		
REVENUES:				_						
Total revenues	\$		\$		\$	-	\$			
EXPENDITURES:										
Current:										
General Government										
Other than personal services		20,000		20,000		4,455		15,545		
Total expenditures		20,000		20,000		4,455		15,545		
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures										
over revenues		(20,000)		(20,000)		(4,455)		15,545		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):										
Operating transfers-in		20,000		20,000		20,000		-		
Total other financing sources (uses)		20,000		20,000		20,000		-		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing										
sources over expenditures		-		-		15,545		15,545		
Fund balances at beginning of year		45,566		45,566		45,566		_		
Fund balances at end of year	\$	45,566	\$	45,566	\$	61,111	\$	15,545		

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT VENTURE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT VENTURE FUND									
	Adopted	Revised								
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Variance						
REVENUES:										
Total revenues	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -						
EXPENDITURES:										
Current:										
City Manager										
Other than personal services	500,000	487,000	238,869	248,131						
Total expenditures	500,000	487,000	238,869	248,131						
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures										
over revenues	(500,000	(487,000)	(238,869)	248,131						
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):										
Operating transfers-in	500,000	500,000	500,000	-						
Total other financing sources (uses)	500,000	500,000	500,000							
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing										
sources over expenditures	-	13,000	261,131	248,131						
Fund balances at beginning of year	392,028	392,028	392,028	_						
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 392,028	\$ 405,028	\$ 653,159	\$ 248,131						



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#### CITY OF UPPER ARLINGTON, OHIO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2019

	A	rlington	Tre	mont Road	La	ane Avenue	La	ne Avenue	Α	rlington	Horizon
	Ce	entre TIF		TIF	Mi	xed Use TIF		TIF	Cro	ossing TIF	 TIF
Assets:											
Cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$	30,983	\$	21,219	\$	1,482,074	\$	585,936	\$	758,632	\$ 837,644
Receivables (net of allowances):		,				, ,		, i			,
Payments in lieu of taxes		36,312		34,394		948,198		112,180		120,634	483,382
Accrued interest		-		-		-		-		-	-
Intergovernmental		-		-				-		11,586	<u> </u>
Total assets	\$	67,295	\$	55,613	\$	2,430,272	\$	698,116	\$	890,852	\$ 1,321,026
Liabilities:											
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,356	\$	-	\$	=	\$ -
Retainage payable		-		-		-		-		-	168,442
Advances from other funds		-		211,135		300,000		50,000		-	825,000
Due to other funds		-		40,000		60,000		50,000		-	 375,000
Total liabilities		-		251,135		362,356		100,000			 1,368,442
Deferred Inflows of Resources											
Property and Other Local Taxes		24,289		34,394		948,198		112,180		116,739	413,966
Unavailable Revenue		12,023		-		-				15,481	69,416
Total deferred inflows of resources		36,312		34,394		948,198		112,180		132,220	 483,382
Fund Balance:											
Restricted											
Capital projects		30,983		-		1,119,718		485,936		758,632	-
Committed											
Capital projects		-		-		-		-		-	-
Unassigned (deficit)		-		(229,916)				-		-	 (530,798)
Total fund balances		30,983		(229,916)		1,119,718		485,936		758,632	 (530,798)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of											
resources, and fund balances	\$	67,295	\$	55,613	\$	2,430,272	\$	698,116	\$	890,852	\$ 1,321,026

Lingsdale West TIF		Kingsdale Core TIF	iverside orth TIF	iverside outh TIF	W. Lane Northwest TIF		Estate Tax Capital Projects		Community Fiber Optic		Total Nonmajor Capital Projects
\$ 243,002	\$	351,614	\$ 11,876	\$ 77,109	\$ 70,154	\$	490,339	\$	401,602	\$	5,362,184
43,274		1,307,338	1,465	22,228	-		1,584 251,469		-		3,109,405 1,584 263,484
\$ 286,705	\$	1,658,952	\$ 13,341	\$ 99,337	\$ 70,154	\$	743,392	\$	401,602	\$	8,736,657
\$ 43,274 429 43,703	\$	209,000 309,000 518,000 1,045,489 261,849 1,307,338	\$ 1,465	\$ 22,228	\$ 16,355 203,200 15,000 234,555	\$	77,346 14,378 - 91,724 - 562 562	\$	527 - 1,575,000 100,000 1,675,527	\$	80,229 199,175 3,373,335 949,000 4,601,739 2,762,222 359,760 3,121,982
 243,002	_	(166,386) (166,386)	 11,876	 77,109	 (164,401)	_	651,106	_	(1,273,925) (1,273,925)	_	2,727,256 651,106 (2,365,426) 1,012,936
\$ 286,705	\$	1,658,952	\$ 13,341	\$ 99,337	\$ 70,154	\$	743,392	\$	401,602	\$	8,736,657

# CITY OF UPPER ARLINGTON, OHIO COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	lington ntre TIF	Tre	emont Road TIF	Lane Avenue Mixed Use TIF		Lane Avenue TIF		0		Horizon TIF
Revenues:										
Payments in lieu of taxes	\$ 12,048	\$	56,772	\$ 950,377	\$	110,660	\$	127,420	\$	346,423
Intergovernmental	-		-	-		-		18,205		-
Investment earnings	-		-	-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous	 		-	 -		-				-
Total revenues	 12,048		56,772	 950,377		110,660		145,625		346,423
Expenditures:										
Current:										
General government	136		641	425,434		1,248		2,192		63,279
Capital outlay	 -		-	330,499		-		-		2,928,026
Total expenditures	 136		641	 755,933		1,248		2,192		2,991,305
Excess (deficiency) of										
revenues over (under) expenditures	11,912		56,131	194,444		109,412		143,433		(2,644,882)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Transfers in	-		-	-		-		-		-
Transfers out	-		-	(360,531)		-		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	 -		-	(360,531)		-		-		-
Net change in fund balances	11,912		56,131	(166,087)		109,412		143,433		(2,644,882)
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year	 19,071		(286,047)	1,285,805		376,524		615,199		2,114,084
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$ 30,983	\$	(229,916)	\$ 1,119,718	\$	485,936	\$	758,632	\$	(530,798)

Kingsdale West TIF	Kingsdale Core TIF	Riverside North TIF	Riverside South TIF	W. Lane Northwest TIF	Estate Tax Capital Projects	Community Fiber Optic	Total Nonmajor Capital Projects
\$ 43,090 853	\$ 1,374,422 -	\$ 1,453	\$ 22,051	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,044,716 19,058
-	-	-	-	-	15,459	105.516	15,459
 43,943	1,374,422	1,453	22,051		329 15,788	195,516 195,516	195,845 3,275,078
 496 496	744,880 	16 1.437	249 249 21,802	164,401 164,401	195,069 195,069	202,251 202,251 (6,735)	1,238,571 3,820,246 5,058,817
-	-	-	-	-	-	68,400	68,400
 <del></del>	(268,850)					(120,298) (51,898)	(749,679) (681,279)
 43,447	360,692	1,437	21,802	(164,401)	(179,281)	(58,633)	(2,465,018)
 199,555	(527,078)	10,439	55,307		830,387	(1,215,292)	3,477,954
\$ 243,002	\$ (166,386)	\$ 11,876	\$ 77,109	\$ (164,401)	\$ 651,106	\$ (1,273,925)	\$ 1,012,936

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) ARLINGTON CENTRE TIF FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	ARLINGTON CENTRE TIF FUND											
	A	Adopted	]	Revised								
	]	Budget		Budget		Actual	7	/ariance				
REVENUES:												
Payments in lieu of taxes	\$	24,100	\$	24,100	\$	12,048	\$	(12,052)				
Total revenues		24,100		24,100		12,048		(12,052)				
EXPENDITURES:												
Current:												
Finance												
Other than personal services		700		700		136		564				
Total expenditures		700		700		136		564				
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures												
over revenues		23,400		23,400		11,912		(11,488)				
Fund balances at beginning of year		19,071		19,071		19,071		-				
Fund balances at end of year	\$	42,471	\$	42,471	\$	30,983	\$	(11,488)				

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) ${\tt TREMONT\ ROAD\ TIF\ FUND}$

TREMONT ROAD TIF FUND											
A	dopted	F	Revised								
I	Budget	]	Budget		Actual	Va	riance				
\$	26,000	\$	56,500	\$	56,772	\$	272				
	26,000		56,500		56,772		272				
	800		800		641		159				
	800		800		641		159				
	25,200		55,700		56,131		431				
	(25,000)		(40,000)		(40,000)		-				
	(25,000)		(40,000)		(40,000)						
	200		15,700		16,131		431				
	5,088		5,088		5,088		_				
\$	5,288	\$	20,788	\$	21,219	\$	431				
	\$	26,000 800 800 25,200 (25,000) (25,000) 200 5,088	Adopted Budget S 26,000 \$ 26,000 \$ 25,200 \$ 25,000 \$ 200 \$ 5,088	Adopted Budget         Revised Budget           \$ 26,000         \$ 56,500           26,000         56,500           800         800           800         800           25,200         55,700           (25,000)         (40,000)           (25,000)         (40,000)           200         15,700           5,088         5,088	Adopted Budget         Revised Budget           \$ 26,000         \$ 56,500           \$ 26,000         \$ 56,500           \$ 800         \$ 800           \$ 800         \$ 800           \$ 25,200         \$ 55,700           \$ (25,000)         \$ (40,000)           \$ (25,000)         \$ (40,000)           \$ 200         \$ 15,700           \$ 5,088         \$ 5,088	Adopted Budget         Revised Budget         Actual           \$ 26,000         \$ 56,500         \$ 56,772           26,000         56,500         56,772           800         800         641           800         800         641           25,200         55,700         56,131           (25,000)         (40,000)         (40,000)           (25,000)         (40,000)         (40,000)           200         15,700         16,131           5,088         5,088         5,088	Adopted Budget         Revised Budget         Actual         Va           \$ 26,000         \$ 56,500         \$ 56,772         \$           26,000         \$ 56,500         \$ 56,772         \$           800         800         641         \$           25,200         \$ 55,700         \$ 56,131         \$           (25,000)         (40,000)         (40,000)         (40,000)           (25,000)         (40,000)         (40,000)         \$           200         15,700         16,131         \$           5,088         5,088         5,088         \$				

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) LANE AVENUE MIXED USE TIF FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	LANE AVENUE MIXED USE TIF FUND										
		Adopted		Revised							
		Budget		Budget		Actual	V	ariance			
REVENUES:											
Payments in lieu of taxes	\$	974,800	\$	974,800	\$	950,377	\$	(24,423)			
Total revenues		974,800		974,800		950,377		(24,423)			
EXPENDITURES:											
Current:											
Public Works Division											
Capital outlay		-		1,195,000		1,163,233		31,767			
Finance											
Other than personal services		435,000		435,000		425,434		9,566			
Total expenditures		435,000	_	1,630,000		1,588,667		41,333			
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures											
over revenues		539,800		(655,200)		(638,290)		16,910			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):											
Operating transfers-out		(360,600)		(360,600)		(360,531)		69			
Advances in		-		360,000		360,000		-			
Total other financing sources (uses)		(360,600)		(600)		(531)		69			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing											
sources over expenditures and other uses		179,200		(655,800)		(638,821)		16,979			
Fund balances at beginning of year		1,285,805		1,285,805		1,285,805		_			
Fund balances at end of year	\$	1,465,005	\$	630,005	\$	646,984	\$	16,979			

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) LANE AVENUE TIF FUND

	LANE AVENUE TIF FUND										
	- 1	Adopted		Revised							
		Budget		Budget		Actual	Va	riance			
REVENUES:											
Payments in lieu of taxes	\$	110,000	\$	110,000	\$	110,660	\$	660			
Total revenues		110,000		110,000		110,660		660			
EXPENDITURES:											
Current:											
Public Works Division											
Capital outlay		-		575,000		575,000		-			
Finance											
Other than personal services		2,000		2,000		1,249		751			
Total expenditures		2,000		577,000		576,249		751			
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures											
over revenues		108,000		(467,000)		(465,589)		1,411			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):											
Advances in		-		100,000		100,000		-			
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		100,000		100,000		-			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing											
sources over expenditures and other uses		108,000		(367,000)		(365,589)		1,411			
Fund balances at beginning of year		376,524		376,524		376,524		_			
Fund balances at end of year	\$	484,524	\$	9,524	\$	10,935	\$	1,411			

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) ARLINGTON CROSSING TIF FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	ARLINGTON CROSSING TIF FUND									
		Adopted Budget		Revised Budget						
						Actual		Variance Variance		
REVENUES:										
Payments in lieu of taxes	\$	157,500	\$	157,500	\$	127,420	\$	(30,080)		
Intergovernmental		-		-		18,205		18,205		
Total revenues		157,500		157,500		145,625		(11,875)		
EXPENDITURES:										
Current:										
Finance										
Other than personal services		4,000		4,000		2,192		1,808		
Total expenditures		4,000		4,000		2,192		1,808		
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures										
over revenues		153,500		153,500		143,433		(10,067)		
Fund balances at beginning of year		615,199		615,199		615,199		_		
Fund balances at end of year	\$	768,699	\$	768,699	\$	758,632	\$	(10,067)		

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) HORIZON TIF FUND

	HORIZON TIF FUND									
	- A	Adopted		Revised						
		Budget	Budget		Actual		V	ariance		
REVENUES:										
Payments in lieu of taxes	\$	333,000	\$	345,000	\$	346,423	\$	1,423		
Total revenues		333,000		345,000		346,423		1,423		
EXPENDITURES:										
Current:										
Public Service Administration										
Personal services		-		65,000		56,646		8,354		
Public Works Division										
Capital outlay		2,172,400		3,335,000		3,309,161		25,839		
Finance										
Other than personal services		10,000		7,000		6,633		367		
Total expenditures		2,182,400		3,407,000		3,372,440		34,560		
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures										
over revenues	(	(1,849,400)		(3,062,000)		(3,026,017)		35,983		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):										
Advances in		-		1,200,000		1,200,000		-		
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		1,200,000		1,200,000		-		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing										
sources over expenditures and other uses	(	(1,849,400)		(1,862,000)		(1,826,017)		35,983		
Fund balances at beginning of year		2,114,084		2,114,084		2,114,084		_		
Fund balances at end of year	\$	264,684	\$	252,084	\$	288,067	\$	35,983		

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) KINGSDALE WEST TIF FUND

	KINGSDALE WEST TIF FUND									
		Adopted	Revised Budget							
		Budget			Actual		Va	ariance		
REVENUES:		-								
Payments in lieu of taxes	\$	42,900	\$	42,900	\$	43,090	\$	190		
Intergovernmental		-		-		853		853		
Total revenues		42,900		42,900		43,943		1,043		
EXPENDITURES:										
Current:										
Finance										
Other than personal services		600		600		496		104		
Total expenditures		600		600		496		104		
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures										
over revenues		42,300		42,300		43,447		1,147		
Fund balances at beginning of year		199,555		199,555		199,555		_		
Fund balances at end of year	\$	241,855	\$	241,855	\$	243,002	\$	1,147		

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) KINGSDALE CORE TIF FUND

	KINGSDALE CORE TIF FUND									
		Adopted		Revised						
		Budget	Budget		Actual		V	ariance		
REVENUES:										
Payments in lieu of taxes	\$	1,051,000	\$	1,371,000	\$	1,374,422	\$	3,422		
Total revenues		1,051,000		1,371,000		1,374,422		3,422		
EXPENDITURES:										
Current:										
Finance										
Other than personal services		573,000		745,000		744,880		120		
Total expenditures		573,000		745,000		744,880		120		
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures										
over revenues		478,000		626,000		629,542		3,542		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):										
Operating transfers-out		(468,900)		(468,900)		(268,850)		200,050		
Advances out		(200,000)		(200,000)		(200,000)		-		
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	(668,900)		(668,900)		(468,850)		200,050		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing										
sources over expenditures and other uses		(190,900)		(42,900)		160,692		203,592		
Fund balances at beginning of year		190,922		190,922		190,922		_		
Fund balances at end of year	\$	22	\$	148,022	\$	351,614	\$	203,592		

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) RIVERSIDE NORTH TIF FUND

	RIVERSIDE NORTH TIF FUND									
	Α	dopted	F	Revised						
	Budget		Budget		Actual		Var	riance		
REVENUES:										
Payments in lieu of taxes	\$	1,450	\$	1,450	\$	1,453	\$	3		
Total revenues		1,450		1,450		1,453		3		
EXPENDITURES:										
Current:										
Finance										
Other than personal services		50		50		16		34		
Total expenditures		50		50		16		34		
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures										
over revenues		1,400		1,400		1,437		37		
Fund balances at beginning of year		10,439		10,439		10,439		_		
Fund balances at end of year	\$	11,839	\$	11,839	\$	11,876	\$	37		

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) RIVERSIDE SOUTH TIF FUND

	RIVERSIDE SOUTH TIF FUND								
	A	dopted	F	Revised					
	]	Budget	]	Budget		Actual		riance	
REVENUES:	<del></del>								
Payments in lieu of taxes	\$	22,050	\$	22,050	\$	22,051	\$	1	
Total revenues		22,050		22,050		22,051		1	
EXPENDITURES:									
Current:									
Finance									
Other than personal services		300		300		249		51	
Total expenditures		300		300		249		51	
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures									
over revenues		21,750		21,750		21,802		52	
Fund balances at beginning of year		55,307		55,307		55,307		_	
Fund balances at end of year	\$	77,057	\$	77,057	\$	77,109	\$	52	

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) W. LANE - NORTHWEST TIF FUND

	W. LANE - NORTHWEST TIF FUND									
	Ado	pted	Rev	rised						
	Buc	dget	Buc	dget	Act	tual	Varia	ance		
REVENUES:										
Total revenues	\$		\$		\$		\$			
EXPENDITURES:										
Total expenditures		-		-		-		-		
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures										
over revenues		-		-		-		-		
Fund balances at beginning of year		_		_		_		-		
Fund balances at end of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_		

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) ESTATE TAX CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	ESTATE TAX CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND								
		Adopted	]	Revised Budget					
		Budget				Actual		ariance	
REVENUES:									
Investment Earnings	\$	-	\$	11,910	\$	12,680	\$	770	
Miscellaneous		-		-		329		329	
Total revenues		-		11,910		13,009		1,099	
EXPENDITURES:									
Current:									
Parks and recreation									
Capital outlay		-		333,053		333,053		-	
<b>Public Service Administration</b>									
Personal services		-		300		23		277	
<b>Public Works Division</b>									
Capital outlay		143,500		400,655		373,474		27,181	
Total expenditures		143,500		734,008		706,550		27,458	
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures									
over revenues		(143,500)		(722,098)		(693,541)		28,557	
Fund balances at beginning of year		725,298		725,298		725,298		_	
Lapsed encumbrances		22,164		22,164		22,164		-	
Fund balances at end of year	\$	603,962	\$	25,364	\$	53,921	\$	28,557	

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) COMMUNITY FIBER OPTIC FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	COMMUNITY FIBER OPTIC FUND									
		Adopted	]	Revised						
		Budget	Budget		Actual		Va	riance		
REVENUES:										
Miscellaneous	\$	194,700	\$	194,700	\$	195,516	\$	816		
Total revenues		194,700		194,700		195,516		816		
EXPENDITURES:										
Current:										
Information Technology										
Other than personal services		25,000		37,000		31,680		5,320		
Capital outlay		-		102,000		101,652		348		
Total expenditures		25,000		139,000		133,332		5,668		
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures										
over revenues		169,700		55,700		62,184		6,484		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):										
Operating transfers-in		68,400		68,400		68,400		-		
Operating transfers-out		(120,300)		(120,300)		(120,298)		2		
Advances out		(100,000)		(100,000)		(100,000)		-		
Total other financing sources (uses)		(151,900)		(151,900)		(151,898)		2		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing										
sources over expenditures		17,800		(96,200)		(89,714)		6,486		
Fund balances at beginning of year		423,758		423,758		423,758		_		
Lapsed encumbrances		11,323		11,323		11,323		-		
Fund balances at end of year	\$	452,881	\$	338,881	\$	345,367	\$	6,486		

#### **FUND DESCRIPTIONS – ENTERPRISE FUNDS**

#### **Solid Waste Fund**

Revenues are generated from the refuse collection fees charged to the City's residents. Expenses are for operating costs

#### **Water Surcharge Fund**

For the purpose of paying the cost of maintaining the City's water distribution system, a surcharge is applied to the consumption of water by all users within the City. Established pursuant to C.O. Section 137.07, funds may be used for the construction and reconstruction of the water distribution system, including the repair/replacement of fire hydrants.

#### **Sanitary Sewer Surcharge Fund**

For the purpose of paying the cost of maintaining the City's sanitary sewer system, a surcharge is applied to the consumption of water by all users within the City. Established pursuant to C.O. Section 137.06, funds may be used for enlargement or replacement of the system and construction and reconstruction of main and interceptor sewers.

#### **Stormwater Fund**

Pursuant to C.O. Section 937.13, all revenues from stormwater drainage service charges, permit and inspection fees, direct charges and investment earnings are deposited into this fund. Funds are used to pay the operating expenses of the stormwater management utility, including the purchase of capital equipment, and capital improvements, including the payment of principal and interest on debt issued for such purposes.

#### **Swimming Pools Fund**

Pursuant to C.O. Section 225.01, the fund was established by a management agreement between the City and the Upper Arlington Board of Education (Board). Revenues are generated from admission to the Pool. Expenses are for operating costs and capital equipment.

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGE IN FUND EQUITY BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) SOLID WASTE FUND

	SOLID WASTE FUND										
	Adopted	Revised									
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Variance							
<b>OPERATING REVENUES:</b>		-									
Charges for services	\$ 3,000,000	\$ 3,000,000	\$ 3,003,058	\$ 3,058							
Total operating revenues	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,003,058	3,058							
OPERATING EXPENSES:											
Current:											
Solid Waste											
Other than personal services	2,987,000	2,987,000	2,876,235	110,765							
Total operating expenses	2,987,000	2,987,000	2,876,235	110,765							
Excess (deficiency) of operating expenses											
over (under) operating revenues	13,000	13,000	126,823	113,823							
NONOPERATING REVENUES:											
Investment earnings	8,000	8,000	25,056	17,056							
Advances out	(125,000)	(125,000)	(125,000)	-							
Total nonoperating revenues	(117,000)	(117,000)	(99,944)	17,056							
Net change in fund equity	(104,000)	(104,000)	26,879	130,879							
Fund equity at beginning of year	718,901	718,901	718,901	-							
Lapsed encumbrances	3,272	3,272	3,272	-							
Fund equity at end of year	\$ 618,173	\$ 618,173	\$ 749,052	\$ 130,879							

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGE IN FUND EQUITY BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) WATER SURCHARGE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	WATER SURCHARGE FUND									
		Adopted	Revised							
	Budget			Budget		Actual		ariance		
<b>OPERATING REVENUES:</b>										
Charges for services	\$	735,000	\$	660,000	\$	656,120	\$	(3,880)		
Total operating revenues		735,000		660,000		656,120		(3,880)		
OPERATING EXPENSES:										
Current:										
Public Works Division										
Personal services		164,700		169,700		162,662		7,038		
Other than personal services		268,800		168,800		131,567		37,233		
Finance										
Other than personal services		18,900		18,900		18,869		31		
Total expenses	_	452,400		357,400		313,098		44,302		
Excess (deficiency) of operating expenses										
over (under) operating revenues		282,600		302,600		343,022		40,422		
NONOPERATING REVENUES:										
Transfers out		(432,500)		(432,500)		(87,682)		344,818		
Total nonoperating (expenses)		(432,500)		(432,500)		(87,682)		344,818		
Net change in fund equity		(149,900)		(129,900)		255,340		385,240		
Fund equity at beginning of year		950,527		950,527		950,527		_		
Fund equity at end of year	\$	800,627	\$	820,627	\$	1,205,867	\$	385,240		

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGE IN FUND EQUITY BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) SANITARY SEWER SURCHARGE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	SANITARY SEWER SURCHARGE FUND								
	Adopted	Revised							
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Variance					
<b>OPERATING REVENUES:</b>									
Charges for services	\$ 1,118,000	\$ 1,050,000	\$ 1,080,767	\$ 30,767					
Miscellaneous	1,500	1,500	1,931	431					
Total operating revenues	1,119,500	1,051,500	1,082,698	31,198					
<b>OPERATING EXPENSES:</b>									
Current:									
Public Works Division									
Personal services	503,400	503,400	466,034	37,366					
Other than personal services	367,100	279,100	266,696	12,404					
Total expenses	870,500	782,500	732,730	49,770					
Excess (deficiency) of operating expenses									
over (under) operating revenues	249,000	269,000	349,968	80,968					
NONOPERATING REVENUES:									
Transfers out	(364,700)	(364,700)	(7,493)	357,207					
Total nonoperating (expenses)	(364,700)	(364,700)	(7,493)	357,207					
Net change in fund equity	(115,700)	(95,700)	342,475	438,175					
Fund equity at beginning of year	1,079,346	1,079,346	1,079,346	_					
Fund equity at end of year	\$ 963,646	\$ 983,646	\$ 1,421,821	\$ 438,175					

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGE IN FUND EQUITY BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) STORMWATER FUND

	STORMWATER FUND									
		Adopted Revised								
	Budget			Budget		Actual	7	<sup>7</sup> ariance		
OPERATING REVENUES:	_				_		_			
Charges for services	\$	753,000	\$	753,000	\$	765,847	\$	12,847		
Total revenues		753,000		753,000		765,847		12,847		
OPERATING EXPENSES:										
Current:										
Public Works Division										
Personal services		317,800		338,685		338,683		2		
Other than personal services		248,700		247,815		159,815		88,000		
Total expenses		566,500		586,500		498,498		88,002		
Excess (deficiency) of operating expenses										
over (under) operating revenues		186,500		166,500		267,349		100,849		
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):										
Investment earnings		25,000		25,000		49,506		24,506		
Transfers out		(230,000)		(130,000)		(62,468)		67,532		
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(205,000)		(105,000)		(12,962)		92,038		
Net change in fund equity		(18,500)		61,500		254,387		192,887		
Fund equity at beginning of year, restated		2,505,768		2,505,768		2,505,768		-		
Lapsed encumbrances		8,597		8,597		8,597		-		
Fund equity at end of year	\$	2,495,865	\$	2,575,865	\$	2,768,752	\$	192,887		

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGE IN FUND EQUITY BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) SWIMMING POOLS FUND

	SWIMMING POOLS FUND								
	Adopted		]	Revised					
		Budget		Budget	Actual		V	ariance	
<b>OPERATING REVENUES:</b>									
Charges for services	\$	722,000	\$	789,000	\$	791,691	\$	2,691	
Miscellaneous		-		-		100		100	
Total operating revenues		722,000		789,000		791,791		2,791	
OPERATING EXPENSES:									
Current:									
Parks and recreation									
Personal services		495,100		525,100		522,845		2,255	
Other than personal services		177,800		259,800		236,654		23,146	
Total expenses		672,900		784,900		759,499		25,401	
Net change in fund equity		49,100		4,100		32,292		28,192	
Fund equity at beginning of year		513,046		513,046		513,046		-	
Fund equity at end of year	\$	562,146	\$	517,146	\$	545,338	\$	28,192	

#### FUND DESCRIPTIONS - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

#### **Employee Benefits Fund**

Pursuant to Codified Ordinances Section 137.05, monies are deposited into the fund for the purpose of paying the cost of employee benefits, including but not limited to health care, prescriptions, dental care, life insurance, and long and short-term disability benefits. Revenues come from the proportionate cost of employee benefits contained in the operating budgets of departments of other funds, third party reimbursements and refunds for employee benefits.

#### **BWC Administration Fund**

Pursuant to Codified Ordinances Section 137.05, monies are deposited into the fund for the purpose of paying the cost of and pay claims for workers' compensation benefits of the employees of the City. Revenues come from the proportionate cost of employee benefits contained in the operating budgets of departments of other funds, third party reimbursements and refunds for employee benefits.

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Employee Benefits Fund		Adn	BWC ninistration Fund	Total
Assets:					
Current assets:					
Cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$	1,866,186	\$	803,783	\$ 2,669,969
Receivables (net of allowances):					
Due from other funds		-		8,686	8,686
Total current assets		1,866,186		812,469	2,678,655
Total assets		1,866,186	-	812,469	2,678,655
Liabilities:					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable		299,192		187,942	487,134
Total current liabilities		299,192		187,942	487,134
Total liabilities		299,192		187,942	487,134
Net Position:					
Unrestricted		1,566,994		624,527	2,191,521
Total net position	\$	1,566,994	\$	624,527	\$ 2,191,521

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Employee Benefits Fund		Adı	BWC ministration Fund	 Total
<b>Operating Revenues:</b>		_		_	 _
Charges for services	\$	3,095,014	\$	278,473	\$ 3,373,487
Miscellaneous		102,892			 102,892
Total operating revenues		3,197,906		278,473	3,476,379
Operating Expenses:					
Self-insurance		3,912,887		129,534	4,042,421
Total operating expenses		3,912,887		129,534	4,042,421
Operating income (loss)		(714,981)		148,939	(566,042)
Change in net position		(714,981)		148,939	(566,042)
Net position at beginning of year		2,281,975		475,588	 2,757,563
Net position at end of year	\$	1,566,994	\$	624,527	\$ 2,191,521

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Employ Benefi Fund		Adr	BWC Administration Fund		Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	Φ.	2 107 006	Φ.	250 105	Φ.	2.456.002
Receipts from customers and users	\$	3,197,906	\$	278,187	\$	3,476,093
Payments to suppliers and contractual services Payments to employees		(3,858,235)		(159,726)		(4,017,961)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		(660,329)		118,461		(541,868)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(660,329)		118,461		(541,868)
Cash and cash equivalents, January 1		2,526,515		685,322		3,211,837
Cash and cash equivalents, December 31	\$	1,866,186	\$	803,783	\$	2,669,969
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:  Operating income (loss)  Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	\$	(714,981)	\$	148,939	\$	(566,042)
Increase in due from other funds		-		(286)		(286)
Increase in accounts payable		54,652		(30,192)		24,460
Total adjustments		54,652		(30,478)		24,174
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	(660,329)	\$	118,461	\$	(541,868)

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGE IN FUND EQUITY BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) EMPLOYEE BENEFITS FUND

	EMPLOYEE BENEFITS FUND							
	Adopted	Revised						
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Variance				
<b>OPERATING REVENUES:</b>								
Charges for services	\$ 3,390,000	\$ 3,390,000	\$ 3,095,014	\$ (294,986)				
Miscellaneous	100,000	100,000	102,892	2,892				
Total operating revenues	3,490,000	3,490,000	3,197,906	(292,094)				
OPERATING EXPENSES: Current:								
Finance								
Personal services	2,920,000	3,320,000	3,176,002	143,998				
Other than personal services	700,000	722,000	716,071	5,929				
Total expenses	3,620,000	4,042,000	3,892,073	149,927				
Net change in fund equity	(130,000)	(552,000)	(694,167)	(142,167)				
Fund equity at beginning of year	2,496,797	2,496,797	2,496,797	-				
Lapsed encumbrances	25,721	25,721	25,721	-				
Fund equity at end of year	\$ 2,392,518	\$ 1,970,518	\$ 1,828,351	\$ (142,167)				

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGE IN FUND EQUITY BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) BWC ADMINISTRATION FUND

	BWC ADMINISTRATION FUND								
	Adopted		Revised						
	Budget		Budget		Actual		V	ariance	
<b>OPERATING REVENUES:</b>	-								
Charges for services	\$	270,000	\$	270,000	\$	278,187	\$	8,187	
Total operating revenues		270,000		270,000		278,187		8,187	
OPERATING EXPENSES:									
Current:									
Finance									
Personal services		100,000		100,000		52,871		47,129	
Other than personal services		156,000		156,000		122,262		33,738	
Total expenses		256,000		256,000		175,133		80,867	
Net change in fund equity		14,000		14,000		103,054		89,054	
Fund equity at beginning of year		675,873		675,873		675,873		-	
Lapsed encumbrances		9,449		9,449		9,449		-	
Fund equity at end of year	\$	699,322	\$	699,322	\$	788,376	\$	89,054	

#### **FUND DESCRIPTIONS – FIDUCIARY FUNDS**

#### Custodial Funds

#### Mayor's Court Fund

The fund receives fines and forfeitures from citizens as a result of violating City laws.

#### **Revolving Fund**

The fund accounts for miscellaneous deposits of funds collected by the City and due to other governments.

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2019

	N	/layor's			
	Court Fund		Revolving		
				Fund	Totals
ASSETS					
Cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$	45,079	\$	103,465	\$ 148,544
Total assets		45,079		103,465	148,544
LIABILITIES					
Due to others		-		103,465	103,465
Total liabilities		-		103,465	103,465
NET POSITION					
Restricted for individuals and other governments		45,079		-	45,079
Total net position		45,079		-	45,079
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$	45,079	\$	103,465	\$ 148,544

### CITY OF UPPER ARLINGTON, OHIO FRANKLIN COUNTY

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Mayor's		
	Court	Revolving	
	Fund	Fund	Totals
Additions			
Fines and forfeitures for other governments	\$ 160,092	\$ -	\$ 160,092
Fees for other organizations	-	298,026	298,026
Total additions	160,092	298,026	458,118
D.L. c			
Deductions			
Fines and forfeitures distributions to other governments	157,129	-	157,129
Fees distributions to other organizations	-	298,026	298,026
Total deductions	157,129	298,026	455,155
Change in fiduciary net position	2,963	-	2,963
Net position at beginning of year, restated	42,116	-	42,116
Net position at end of year	\$ 45,079	\$ -	\$ 45,079



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#### CITY OF UPPER ARLINGTON

#### STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health. These tables are presented in accordance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 44, *Economic Condition Reporting: The Statistical Section*.

Contents	<b>Tables</b>
Financial Trends  These schedules contain trend information to help understand how the City's financial performance and wellbeing has changed over time.	1-4
Revenue Capacity  These schedules contain information to help assess the City's most significant revenue sources.	5-15
Debt Capacity  These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	16-19
Demographic and Economic Information  This schedule contains service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial activities take place.	20
Operating Information  These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	21-23

#### City of Upper Arlington, Ohio Net Position by Component Last Ten Years (accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Year							
		2019	R	Restated 2018	R	estated <b>2017</b>		2016
		<u>2019</u>		<u>2016</u>		<u> 2017</u>		<u>2010</u>
Governmental Activities								
Net investment in capital assets	\$	62,875	\$	56,030	\$	50,937	\$	44,989
Restricted for:								
Capital projects		28,212		27,543		26,143		20,585
Debt service		654		935		597		686
Street construction, maintenance & repair		2,255		1,894		1,796		1,814
Law enforcement (public safety)		814		799		801		919
Economic development		-		-		-		-
Pension obligations		2,835		2,622		2,215		1,673
Other purposes		463		474		532		456
Unrestricted		(32,013)		(44,336)		(39,793)		4,227
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$	66,095	\$	45,961	\$	43,228	\$	75,349
Business-type activities								
Net investment in capital assets	\$	49,838	\$	46,220	\$	43,064	\$	34,284
Unrestricted		5,237		4,495		4,356		4,544
Total Business-Type Activities Net Position	\$	55,075	\$	50,715	\$	47,420	\$	38,828
Primary Government								
Net investment in capital assets	\$	112,713	\$	102,250	\$	94,001	\$	79,273
Restricted		•				*		,
Capital projects		28,212		27,543		26,143		20,585
Debt service		654		935		597		686
Street construction, maintenance & repair		2,255		1,894		1,796		1,814
Law enforcement and education		814		799		801		919
Economic development		_		_		-		_
Pension obligations		2,835		2,622		2,215		1,673
Other purposes		463		474		532		456
Unrestricted		(26,776)		(39,841)		(35,437)		8,771
Total Primary Government Net Position	\$	121,170	\$	96,676	\$	90,648	\$	114,177

#### Source:

City of Upper Arlington Finance Department

Note:

GASB 68 was implemented in 2015 and the 2014 amounts have been restated. Effects of this implementation can not fully be shown for prior years.

GASB 75 was implemented in 2018 and the 2017 amounts have been restated. Effects of this implementation can not fully be shown for prior years.

GASB 84 was implemented in 2019 and the 2018 amounts have been restated. Effects of this implementation can not fully be shown for prior years.

	Year												
		R	estated										
	<u>2015</u>		<u>2014</u>		<u>2013</u>		<u>2012</u>		<u>2011</u>		<u>2010</u>		
\$	41,505	\$	38,329	\$	37,816	\$	40,921	\$	33,668	\$	35,574		
	5,882		4,759		3,057		976		5,216		3,817		
	466		496		468		365		284		222		
	1,733		1,497		1,371		1,365		1,478		1,565		
	922		1,105		1,099		1,426		1,115		1,062		
	509		528		62		639		403		353		
	1,143		739		532		253		316		322		
	540		427		319		184		65		47		
	20,540		16,482		50,027		48,603 43,7				37,753		
\$	73,240	\$	64,362	\$	94,751	\$	94,732	\$	86,265	\$	80,715		
\$	31,740	\$	31,672	\$	27,573	\$	22,426	\$	20,905	\$	19,329		
\$	3,444	\$	2,797 34,469	\$	3,477 31,050	\$	3,573 25,999	\$	3,529 24,434	\$	3,458 22,787		
φ	33,104	φ	34,409	Ф	31,030	φ	23,333	φ	24,434	φ	22,767		
\$	73,245	\$	70,001	\$	65,389	\$	63,347	\$	54,573	\$	54,903		
	5,882		4,759		3,057		976		5,216		3,817		
	466		496		468		365		284		222		
	1,733		1,497		1,371		1,365		1,478		1,565		
	922		1,105		1,099		1,426		1,115		1,062		
	509		528		62		639		403		353		
	1,143		739		532		253		316		322		
	540		427		319		184	65			47		
	23,984		19,279		53,504		52,176	47,249			41,211		
\$	108,424	\$	98,831	\$	125,801	\$	120,731	\$	110,699	\$	103,502		

#### City of Upper Arlington, Ohio Changes in Net Position, Last Ten Years (accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Year							
		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>		2016
Expenses								
Governmental Activities:								
General Government	\$	13,076	\$	11,267	\$	11,299	\$	10,491
Public Safety		1,819		22,223		19,472		18,922
Public Services		8,323		7,400		7,265		6,688
Parks and Recreation		5,102		4,345		4,363		3,657
Community Development		1,263		1,002		1,015		912
Interest on long-term debt		3,040		2,103		2,335		1,855
Total Governmental Activities Expenses		32,623		48,340		45,749		42,525
Business-Type activities:								
Solid Waste		2,862		2,852		2,042		2,153
Water		804		697		854		881
Sewer		1,279		1,289		1,069		869
Stormwater		931		723		726		610
Swimming pool		1,254		1,155		835		440
Total Business-Type Activities Expenses		7,130		6,716		5,526		4,953
Total Primary Government Expenses	\$	39,753	\$	55,056	\$	51,275	\$	47,478
Program Revenues								
Governmental Activities:								
Charges for services:								
General Government	\$	1,294	\$	1,231	\$	1,251	\$	1,214
Public Safety		1,063		1,129		815		1,021
Public Services		1,226		1,630		528		373
Parks and Recreation		1,321		1,283		1,288		1,240
Community Development		2,351		1,173		1,130		1,117
Operating grants and contributions		2,501		1,737		1,976		1,847
Capital grants and contributions		481		221		1,944		536
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues		10,237		8,404		8,932		7,348
Business-Type Activities:								
Charges for services:								
Solid Waste		3,008		2,985		2,276		2,457
Water		723		466		484		541
Sewer		1,138		869		875		959
Stormwater		766		767		755		759
Swimming pools		792		758		712		600
Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenues		6,427		5,845		5,102		5,316
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	\$	16,664	\$	14,249	\$	14,034	\$	12,664

 Year												
<u>2015</u>		<u>2014</u>		<u>2013</u>		<u>2012</u>		<u>2011</u>		<u>2010</u>		
\$ 16,812     16,20       5,524     4,97       3,233     3,14       864     89       1,857     1,66		11,744 16,206 4,977 3,143 892 1,666 38,628	\$	8,333 16,031 5,561 3,085 1,005 1,814 35,829	\$	7,492 16,570 4,996 3,137 1,045 2,108 35,348	\$	7,981 15,973 4,649 3,147 935 1,822 34,507	\$	7,903 15,724 5,159 3,052 953 1,464 34,255		
\$ 2,063 741 636 560 775 4,775 43,108	\$	2,109 656 632 487 673 4,557 43,185	\$	2,077 527 579 494 694 4,371 40,200	\$	2,051 481 701 587 708 4,528 39,876	\$	2,041 567 676 1,027 658 4,969 39,476	\$	2,009 453 651 1,069 667 4,849 39,104		
\$ 1,256 1,169 556 1,308 1,047 1,905 2,085 9,326	\$	1,092 1,178 162 1,208 1,100 2,032	\$	1,131 1,066 267 1,196 923 1,941	\$	652 1,347 124 1,068 797 2,177 388 6,553	\$	793 1,507 2,340 1,983 762 410 - 7,795	\$	818 1,391 80 879 1,053 2,060		
\$ 2,006 447 834 737 541 4,565	\$	1,917 431 788 758 566 4,460 11,232	\$	1,961 454 818 748 588 4,569 11,093	\$	1,986 484 850 752 646 4,718 11,271	\$	1,954 415 791 761 638 4,559 12,354	\$	1,685 400 774 548 628 4,035		

#### City of Upper Arlington, Ohio Changes in Net Position, Last Ten Years - (Continued) (accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

		Y	ear		
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Net(Expense)Revenue Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities	\$ (22,386) (703)	\$ (39,936) (871)	\$	(36,817) (424)	\$ (35,177) 363
Total Primary Government Net Expense	\$ (23,089)	\$ (40,807)	\$	(37,241)	\$ (34,814)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities:					
Taxes Income taxes Property taxes Intergovernmental (1) Unrestricted investment earnings	29,292 10,127 5,365 2,023	29,730 10,172 5,308 1,237		25,448 10,602 3,813 735	23,946 10,503 4,841 564
Miscellaneous Transfers	684 (4,971)	323 (4,108)		470 (9,654)	687 (3,255)
Total governmental activities Business-type activities: Investment earnings Miscellaneous	 42,520 92	42,662 58		28	37,286 25
Transfers  Total Business-Type Activities	 4,971 5,063	4,108 4,166		9,654 9,682	 3,255 3,280
Total Primary Government	\$ 47,583	\$ 46,828	\$	41,096	\$ 40,566
Change in Net Position Governmental activities Business-type activities	 20,134 4,360	 2,726 3,295		(5,403) 9,258	 2,109 3,643
Total Primary Government Change in Net Position	\$ 24,494	\$ 6,021	\$	3,855	\$ 5,752

#### Note:

(1) For comparison purposes, payments in lieu of taxes (current year) and estate tax revenue (prior years) have been included with intergovernmental revenue.

#### Sources:

City of Upper Arlington Finance Department

Year													
<u>2015</u>		<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>			<u>2012</u>		<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>				
\$ (29,007) (210)	\$	(31,856) (97)	\$	(29,305) 198	\$	\$ (28,795) 190		(26,712) (410)	\$	(27,974) (814)			
\$ (29,217)	\$	(31,953)	\$	(29,107)	\$	(28,605)	\$	(27,122)	\$	(28,788)			
22,863		16,830		18,474		15,663		16,045		13,165			
9,819		9,294		9,245		8,936		9,043		9,122			
5,219		5,260		5,824		12,195		8,245		8,879			
526		922		(90)		703		609		866			
363		400		723		1,117		355		293			
 (905)		(4,132)		(4,852)		(1,352)		(2,035)		(1,365)			
37,885		28,574		29,324		37,262		32,262		30,960			
20		29		_		23		22		51			
_		-		1		_		_		_			
905		4,132		4,852		1,352		2,036		1,365			
925		4,161		4,853		1,375		2,058		1,416			
\$ 38,810	\$	32,735	\$	34,177	\$	38,637	\$	34,320	\$	32,376			
8,878		(3,282)		19		8,467		5,550		2,986			
715		4,064		5,051		1,565		1,648		602			
\$ 9,593	\$	782	\$	5,070	\$	10,032	\$	7,198	\$	3,588			

# City of Upper Arlington, Ohio Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

			7	Year		
		R	estated			
	<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
General fund						
Reserved	N/A		N/A		N/A	N/A
Unreserved	N/A		N/A		N/A	N/A
Nonspendable	\$ 3,951	\$	3,378	\$	3,324	\$ 3,148
Restricted	17,136		15,512		14,524	13,173
Committed	2,227		1,778		1,489	1,320
Assigned	2,007		2,286		2,023	4,281
Unassigned (deficit)	 21,860		18,260		17,410	 17,561
Total General Fund	\$ 47,181	\$	41,214	\$	38,770	\$ 39,483
All other governmental funds						
Reserved	N/A		N/A		N/A	N/A
Unreserved, reported in:						
Special revenue funds	N/A		N/A		N/A	N/A
Capital projects funds	N/A		N/A		N/A	N/A
Debt service funds	N/A		N/A		N/A	N/A
Nonspendable	\$ 242	\$	151	\$	126	\$ 131
Restricted	32,054		20,456		19,115	18,426
Committed	8,042		8,307		9,152	11,253
Assigned	-		-		-	-
Unassigned	 (2,365)		(2,028)		(2,026)	(1,886)
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$ 37,973	\$	26,886	\$	26,367	\$ 27,924

#### Sources:

City of Upper Arlington Finance Department

Note: The City implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions* . As a result fund balance classifications were changed as of December 31, 2011.

GASB 84 was implemented in 2019 and the 2018 amounts have been restated. Effects of this implementation can not fully be shown for prior years.

 Year													
<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>		<u>2014</u> <u>2013</u>			<u>2012</u>		<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>				
\$ N/A N/A 3,586 1,568 10,314 617 18,799	\$	N/A N/A 1,962 959 8,465 491 18,586	\$	N/A N/A 2,023 1,021 8,788 3,468 16,594	\$	N/A N/A 2,559 1,026 8,877 - 21,867	N/A N/A \$ \$ \$ \$		\$	1,817 26,258 N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A			
\$ 34,884	\$	30,463	\$	31,894	\$	34,329	\$	31,123	\$	28,075			
\$ N/A N/A N/A N/A 67 16,452 15,504	\$	N/A N/A N/A N/A 114 4,295 15,960	\$	N/A N/A N/A N/A 34 9,247 16,600	\$	N/A N/A N/A N/A 4,925 11,108 12,617	N/A N/A N/A N/A \$ \$ \$ \$	4,922 9,403 9,192	\$	3,181 2,196 19,506 358 N/A N/A N/A N/A			
\$ (1,592) 30,431	\$	(270) 20,099	\$	(801) 25,080	\$	(5,723) 22,927	\$	(4,749) 18,768	\$	N/A 25,241			

## City of Upper Arlington, Ohio Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Year							
Revenues		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>
Taxes	\$	40,977	\$	38,563	\$	37,563	\$	35,778
Intergovernmental (1)	φ	8,164	Φ	7,092	Ф	6,990	Φ	7,232
Licenses and permits		2,765		1,360		1,244		1,213
Charges for services		2,703		2,063		1,930		2,014
Fines and forfeits		362		328		362		463
Investment earnings		2,001		1,190		779		533
Miscellaneous		2,085		2,133		1,729		1,083
Total Revenues		58,483		52,729		50,597		48,316
Expenditures								
General Government		11,170		10,210		9,940		9,819
Public Safety		18,406		17,688		17,010		15,991
Public Services		4,164		3,857		3,756		3,915
Parks and Recreation		3,879		3,708		3,539		3,265
Community Development		977		898		867		814
Capital outlay		21,518		16,622		20,054		20,839
Debt services								
Principal		5,236		4,701		5,159		3,810
Interest		2,494		2,122		2,194		1,720
Other charges		659		152		212		171
Total Expenditures		68,503		59,958		62,731		60,344
Excess of Revenues Over(Under)								
Expenditures		(10,020)		(7,229)		(12,134)		(12,028)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in		10,020		10,343		11,749		7,052
Transfers out		(10,020)		(10,343)		(11,749)		(7,052)
Bonds/Notes issued		25,710		9,515		9,280		13,335
Refunding bonds and escrow transfer		-		-		-		-
Premium on bonds/notes issued		1,347		484		458		171
Discount on bonds/notes issued		(177)		-		-		-
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		-		-		-		-
Sale of capital assets		195		186		126		613
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		27,075		10,185		9,864		14,119
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	17,055	\$	2,956	\$	(2,270)	\$	2,091
Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital Expenditures		15.94%		15.36%		16.55%		13.80%

Sources

City of Upper Arlington Finance Department

#### Note:

(1) For comparison purposes, payments in lieu of taxes is included with intergovernmental revenue

	Year													
	<u>2015</u>		<u>2014</u>		<u>2013</u>		<u>2012</u>		<u>2011</u>		<u>2010</u>			
\$	31,989	\$	26,710	\$	26,131	\$	33,890	\$	28,344	\$	28,433			
	10,425		7,200		7,831		5,450		5,624		4,632			
	1,181		1,115		1,066		877		945		922			
	2,102		2,004		1,994		2,014		1,899		1,891			
	398		373		345		362		430		416			
	510		899		(106)		703		609		866			
	1,561		1,299		1,683		1,660		1,493		1,128			
	48,166		39,600		38,944		44,956		39,344		38,288			
	9,637		11,359		6,532		7,332		7,557		7,880			
	15,547		15,646		15,930		15,527		15,784		15,651			
	2,788		2,697		4,081		3,135		2,913		3,190			
	2,963		2,925		2,866		3,008		3,017		3,040			
	844		958		994		994		956		991			
	12,562		10,763		5,272		10,830		16,095		8,923			
	7,375		3,092		2,850		2,595		2,480		1,985			
	1,577		1,530		1,735		1,819		1,743		1,393			
	288		152		154		151		131		148			
	53,581		49,122		40,414		45,391		50,676		43,201			
	(5,415)		(9,522)		(1,470)		(435)		(11,332)		(4,913)			
	5,053		4,919		9,851		7,285		5,036		6,661			
	(5,292)		(6,058)		(9,861)		(7,297)		(5,036)		(7,111)			
	18,800		3,800		-		10,000		6,000		10,000			
	6,082		6,265		8,640		-		-		-			
	2,064		217		775		247		284		25			
	(6.760)		(6.249)		(0.272)		-		(6.151)		-			
	(6,760) 221		(6,348)		(9,273)		333		(6,151)		201			
	20,168		315 3,110		1,188		10,568		208 341		9,956			
\$	14,753	\$	(6,412)	\$	(282)	\$	10,133	\$	(10,991)	\$	5,043			
φ	14,733	Φ	(0,712)	Φ	(202)	Φ	10,133	φ	(10,991)	Φ	3,043			
	21.82%		12.05%		13.05%		12.77%		12.21%		9.85%			

# City of Upper Arlington, Ohio Governmental Activities Tax Revenues by Source Last Ten Years (accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

<u>Year</u>	Income <u>Tax</u>		Property <u>Tax</u>		Estate <u>Tax</u>		Motor Fuel <u>Tax</u>	<u>Total</u>
2019	\$	29,292	\$	10,127	\$	-	1,414	\$ 40,833
2018		29,730		10,172		1	1,173	41,076
2017		25,448		10,602		3	1,204	37,257
2016		23,946		10,503		8	1,177	35,634
2015		22,863		9,818		65	1,215	33,961
2014		16,830		9,294		216	1,172	27,512
2013		18,474		9,245		2,430	1,152	31,301
2012		15,663		8,936		8,235	1,146	33,980
2011		16,045		9,044		3,652	1,134	29,875
2010		13,165		9,122		4,462	1,141	27,890

Source:

City of Upper Arlington Finance Department

City of Upper Arlington, Ohio Principal Property Taxpayers Current and Nine Years Ago (amounts expressed in thousands)

	2019		2010			
D. I. Veller	Assessed <u>Valuation (1)</u>	% of Total Assessed Valuation	Assessed <u>Valuation</u>	% of Total Assessed Valuation		
Public Utilities Columbus Southern Power Co.	\$ 14.546.850	0.75%	\$ 10,172,660	0.64%		
AEP Ohio Transmission	\$ 14,546,850 7,156,790	0.73%	\$ 10,172,660	0.04%		
Columbia Gas of Ohio Inc.	6,988,200	0.36%	1,371,400	0.09%		
Real Estate						
First Community Village	8,154,830	0.42%	2,143,960	0.14%		
Berkley House LLC	8,400,000	0.43%				
Lane Avenue 450 LLC	5,526,720	0.29%	7,509,380	0.47%		
Orthopaedic Medical Properties LLC	5,075,010	0.26%				
GGRE Son Central II Arlington LLC	4,753,010	0.25%				
Scioto Country Club Inc.	3,873,100	0.20%	3,872,680	0.24%		
Echo/Contenental Kingsdale LLC	3,609,240	0.19%	7,746,100	0.49%		
Centro NP Greentree SC LLC	3,447,510	0.18%				
Kenbrook Village Company	3,405,500	0.18%	2,541,000	0.16%		
National Church Residences	2,681,850	0.14%				
Tremont Center Company	2,336,540	0.12%				
Lane Avenue Office Building LLC	2,153,340	0.11%	2,156,000	0.14%		
Arlington Court Nursing Home	1,995,000	0.10%				
Kroger Co.	1,910,650	0.10%				
Investment Land Holdings II	1,739,120	0.09%				
F9 UA LLC	1,675,800	0.09%				
Upper Arlington Medical LP	1,645,010	0.09%				
CBC Companies Inc.	1,603,030	0.08%				
DO-AN Investments LTD	1,505,000	0.08%				
GB One LLC	1,502,000	0.08%				
Festival Partners LLC	1,433,390	0.07%				
Hamilton Square Limited Partnership	1,379,000	0.07%				
Time Warner Entertainment Company LP			8,050,040	0.51%		
Kingsdale Condominiums			3,977,210	0.25%		
New Plan Financing I Inc.			3,903,760	0.25%		
Kimco Development Corp.			3,850,640	0.24%		
Tangible Personal Property						
Ohio Bell Telephone			1,037,810	0.07%		
New Par			138,670	0.01%		
Sprintcom Inc.			54,190	0.00%		
Time Warner Entertainment Company LP			27,210	0.00%		
TWC Digital Telephone LLC			21,330	0.00%		
T Mobile Central LLC			14,700	0.00%		
Sprint Nextel Cop.			14,360	0.00%		
Cincinnati SMSA Ltd Partnership			13,830	0.00%		
Dieca Communications Inc.			7,570	0.00%		
Choice One Communications of Ohio Inc.			5,510	0.00%		
XO Communications Services Inc.			3,410	0.00%		
ALL OTHERS	\$ 1,836,233,950	94.90%	1,522,803,230	96.30%		
TOTAL ASSESSED VALUATION	\$ 1,934,730,440	100.00%	\$ 1,581,436,650	100.00%		

#### Notes

<sup>(1)</sup> Amounts for 2019 excludes any abated values or any values included with in a tax increment financing district. Source: Franklin County, Ohio; County Auditor

#### City of Upper Arlington, Ohio Property Tax Rates Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Years

					Overlapping Rates						
		City of	f Upper Ar	·lington		Franklin County					
			Police &								
		Debt	Fire	Capital	Total		Specialty	Metro	Total		
	Operating	Service	Pension	Equipment	City	Operating	Service	Parks	County		
<u>Year</u>	<b>Millage</b>	<u>Millage</u>	<u>Millage</u>	<b>Millage</b>	<u>Millage</u>	<u>Millage</u>	Millage1	<u>Millage</u>	<u>Millage</u>		
2010	2.00	0.20	1 57	0.50	6 17	1 47	16.70	0.05	10.12		
2019	3.90	0.20	1.57	0.50	6.17	1.47	16.70	0.95	19.12		
2018	3.90	0.20	1.57	0.50	6.17	1.47	16.70	0.75	18.92		
2017	3.90	0.25	1.57	0.50	6.22	1.47	16.70	0.75	18.92		
2016	3.90	0.50	1.68	0.50	6.58	1.47	16.25	0.75	18.47		
2015	3.90	0.50	1.68	0.50	6.58	1.47	16.25	0.75	18.47		
2014	3.90	0.50	1.68	0.50	6.58	1.47	16.25	0.75	18.47		
2013	3.90	0.54	1.68	0.50	6.62	1.47	16.25	0.75	18.47		
2012	3.90	0.54	1.68	0.50	6.62	1.47	16.25	0.75	18.47		
2011	3.90	0.54	1.54	0.50	6.48	1.47	15.85	0.75	18.07		
2010	3.90	0.54	1.54	0.50	6.48	1.47	15.85	0.75	18.07		

#### Notes:

(1) Specialty service includes: Children Services, ADAMH Board, MR & DD, Zoological Park, Office on Aging

Source: Franklin County, Ohio; County Auditor

**Overlapping Rates** 

Upper A	Arlington S	Schools	Libra	ary			
Operating Millage	Debt Service <u>Millage</u>	Total School <u>Millage</u>	Operating <u>Millage</u>	Total Library <u>Millage</u>	Total Direct & Overlapping Rates		
107.86	6.90	114.76	2.00	2.00	142.05		
107.86	6.90	114.76	2.00	2.00	141.85		
107.86	6.90	114.76	2.00	2.00	141.90		
104.11	1.90	106.01	2.00	2.00	133.06		
104.11	1.85	105.96	2.00	2.00	133.01		
104.11	1.97	106.08	2.00	2.00	133.13		
104.11	1.97	106.08	2.00	2.00	133.17		
100.11	1.97	102.08	2.00	2.00	129.17		
100.11	1.97	102.08	2.00	2.00	128.63		
100.11	1.97	102.08	2.00	2.00	128.63		

#### City of Upper Arlington, Ohio Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Years

Year			Rea	al Property				sonal perty	]	Total Taxable
Ended	Residential		Commercial		<b>Public Utility</b>					Assessed
December 31		<b>Property</b>	ty Property Property		<u>General</u>			<u>Value</u>		
2019	\$	1,750,096,450	\$	156,007,890	\$	28,626,100	\$	_	\$	1,934,730,440
2018		1,739,970,960		156,768,900		27,231,410	\$	-		1,923,971,270
2017		1,740,706,620		161,580,020		25,185,610		-		1,927,472,250
2016		1,546,531,670		139,964,160		24,528,820		-		1,711,024,650
2015		1,539,456,620		139,457,060		24,165,400		-		1,703,079,080
2014		1,533,958,110		149,341,880		23,905,680		-		1,707,205,670
2013		1,405,652,200		133,744,520		22,872,510		-		1,562,269,230
2012		1,405,147,490		137,151,530		21,922,850		-		1,564,221,870
2011		1,410,425,940		149,473,060		14,095,190		-		1,573,994,190
2010		1,432,981,270		135,734,450		12,720,930		-		1,581,436,650
2009		1,429,916,090		139,163,160		11,480,320	6	98,120		1,581,257,690

Source: Franklin County, Ohio; County Auditor

Total Direct	Estimated Actual	Assessed Value as a
Tax <u>Rate</u>	Taxable <u>Value</u>	Percentage of Actual Value
6.17	\$ 5,527,801,257	35.00%
6.17	5,497,060,771	35.00%
6.22	5,507,063,571	35.00%
6.58	4,888,641,857	35.00%
6.58	4,865,940,229	35.00%
6.58	4,877,730,486	35.00%
6.62	4,463,626,371	35.00%
6.62	4,469,205,343	35.00%
6.48	4,497,126,257	35.00%
6.48	4,518,390,429	35.00%
6.48	4,518,676,966	35.00%

## City of Upper Arlington, Ohio Principal Employers Ranked by Number of Full-time Employees Last Ten Years

	2	2019		2018		2017		2016		2015	
Familiana	F1	Percentage of Total City									
Employer	Employees	Employment									
UA Board of Education	795	4.5%	809	4.6%	854	4.9%	852	4.6%	849	5.0%	
AOL Midwest	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	
First Community Village	166	0.9%	173	1.0%	176	1.0%	239	1.3%	231	1.4%	
City of Upper Arlington	227	1.3%	227	1.3%	221	1.3%	220	1.2%	216	1.3%	
Kroger	114	0.6%	108	0.6%	112	0.6%	107	0.6%	99	0.6%	
Giant Eagle	149	0.8%	115	0.7%	143	0.8%	143	0.8%	143	0.9%	
Scioto Country Club	94	0.5%	250	1.4%	206	1.2%	228	1.2%	200	1.2%	
Wellington School	132	0.8%	125	0.7%	124	0.7%	124	0.7%	130	0.8%	
National Church Residences	405	2.3%	409	2.3%	396	2.3%	454	2.5%	232	1.4%	
Willis HRH	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	
Ohio State University	544	3.1%	497	2.8%	472	2.7%	525	2.8%	325	1.9%	
CBC Companies	216	1.2%	215	1.2%	212	1.2%	200	1.1%	202	1.2%	
Ohio Orthopaedic Center	161	0.9%	180	1.0%	177	1.0%	172	0.9%	186	1.1%	
Total	3,003	16.90%	3,108	17.60%	3,093	17.70%	3,264	17.70%	2,813	16.80%	
Total City Familian	17.567	(1)	17.567	(1)	17.567		10 422		16 822		

Total City Employees 17,567 (1) 17,567 (1) 17,567 18,423 16,823

	2014		2013		2012		2011		2010	
		Percentage of Total City								
Employer	<b>Employees</b>	<b>Employment</b>	<b>Employees</b>	<b>Employment</b>	<b>Employees</b>	<b>Employment</b>	<b>Employees</b>	<b>Employment</b>	<b>Employees</b>	Employment
UA Board of Education	838	4.8%	812	4.7%	850	5.0%	860	5.1%	880	5.0%
AOL Midwest	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%
First Community Village	225	1.3%	225	1.3%	378	2.2%	352	2.1%	360	2.1%
City of Upper Arlington	216	1.2%	218	1.3%	224	1.3%	241	1.4%	246	1.4%
Kroger	99	0.6%	94	0.5%	107	0.6%	107	0.6%	107	0.6%
Giant Eagle	128	0.7%	175	1.0%	200	1.2%	201	1.2%	201	1.1%
Scioto Country Club	200	1.1%	200	1.2%	200	1.2%	173	1.0%	173	1.0%
Wellington School	160	0.9%	160	0.9%	160	0.9%	160	0.9%	160	0.9%
National Church Residences	211	1.2%	174	1.0%	184	1.1%	194	1.1%	177	1.0%
Willis HRH	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	106	0.6%
Ohio State University	325	1.9%	325	1.9%	325	1.9%	325	1.9%	290	1.7%
CBC Companies	203	1.2%	170	1.0%	198	1.2%	175	1.0%	175	1.0%
Ohio Orthopaedic Center	175	1.0%	243	1.4%	214	1.3%	158	0.9%	185	1.1%
Total	2,780	15.90%	2,796	16.20%	3,040	17.90%	2,946	17.20%	3,060	17.50%
Total City Employees	17,489		17,378		17,018		17,018		17,552	

Sources: City of Upper Arlington Finance Department Regional Income Tax Authority

Notes: (1) Total City Employees data for 2018 was used as data from 2019 was not yet available.



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City of Upper Arlington, Ohio
Income Tax Statistics
Income Averages for Upper Arlington Tax Years 2019-2010
Last Ten Years

Tax Year	Income Range Tax Year	Individual Resident Filers	Percent of Filers	Local Taxable Income	Percent of Taxable Income
2019	0-19,999	2,689	21.0%	\$ 19,276,369	1.0%
2019	20,000-49,999	1,694	13.3%	58,619,445	3.0%
2019	50,000-74,999	1,264	9.9%	78,391,660	4.0%
2019	75,000-99,999	1,108	8.7%	96,909,039	5.0%
2019	Over 100,000	6,023	47.1%	1,699,126,330	87.0%
	Total	12,778		\$ 1,952,322,843	
2018	0-19,999	2,986	22.4%	\$ 21,017,521	1.1%
2018	20,000-49,999	1,858	14.0%	63,682,573	3.3%
2018	50,000-74,999	1,307	9.8%	81,083,773	4.2%
2018	75,000-99,999	1,210	9.1%	105,040,606	5.5%
2018	Over 100,000	5,940	44.7%	1,651,689,904	85.9%
2010	Total	13,301	77.770	\$ 1,922,514,377	03.770
	10141	15,501		Ψ 1,922,511,577	
2017	0-19,999	3,188	23.4%	\$ 23,500,651	1.2%
2017	20,000-49,999	1,985	14.6%	68,620,900	3.6%
2017	50,000-74,999	1,350	9.9%	83,844,581	4.4%
2017	75,000-99,999	1,230	9.0%	106,799,533	5.7%
2017	Over 100,000	5,855	43.0%	1,607,422,427	85.0%
	Total	13,608		\$ 1,890,188,092	
2016	0-19,999	2,756	22.4%	\$ 20,555,204	1.2%
2016	20,000-49,999	1,761	14.3%	61,052,036	3.4%
2016	50,000-74,999	1,195	9.7%	74,422,516	4.2%
2016	75,000-99,999	1,201	9.8%	104,291,144	5.9%
2016	Over 100,000	5,400	43.9%	1,518,995,981	85.4%
	Total	12,313		\$ 1,779,316,881	
2015	0-19,999	2,884	23.1%	\$ 21,594,351	1.3%
2015	20,000-49,999	1,876	15.1%	64,481,885	3.9%
2015	50,000-74,999	1,268	10.2%	78,878,817	4.8%
2015	75,000-99,999	1,235	9.9%	107,265,158	6.5%
2015	Over 100,000	5,200	41.7%	1,372,204,630	83.4%
	Total	12,463		\$ 1,644,424,841	

Sources: Regional Income Tax Authority

Tax Year	Income Range Tax Year	Individual Resident Filers	Percent of Filers	Local Taxable Income	Percent of Taxable Income
2014	0-19,999	2,971	24.2%	\$ 22,095,174	1.4%
2014	20,000-49,999	1,849	15.1%	64,080,477	4.1%
2014	50,000-74,999	1,282	10.4%	79,711,821	5.2%
2014	75,000-99,999	1,259	10.3%	109,807,642	7.1%
2014	Over 100,000	4,914	40.0%	1,272,099,979	82.2%
	Total	12,275		\$ 1,547,795,093	
2013	0-19,999	2,971	24.2%	\$ 22,095,174	1.4%
2013	20,000-49,999	1,849	15.1%	64,080,477	4.1%
2013	50,000-74,999	1,282	10.4%	79,711,821	5.2%
2013	75,000-99,999	1,259	10.3%	109,807,642	7.1%
2013	Over 100,000	4,914	40.0%	1,272,099,979	82.2%
	Total	12,275		\$ 1,547,795,093	
2012	0-19,999	2,961	24.1%	\$ 21,196,023	1.4%
2012	20,000-49,999	1,964	16.0%	68,089,408	4.5%
2012	50,000-74,999	1,370	11.1%	85,085,775	5.6%
2012	75,000-99,999	1,212	9.9%	105,334,609	6.9%
2012	Over 100,000	4,789	38.9%	1,249,530,060	81.7%
	Total	12,296		\$ 1,529,235,875	
•	0.40.000	• 040	<b>2.1 -</b> 2.1		1.50/
2011	0-19,999	2,910	24.7%	\$ 21,326,493	1.5%
2011	20,000-49,999	1,897	16.1%	65,075,294	4.6%
2011	50,000-74,999	1,285	10.9%	79,842,261	5.6%
2011	75,000-99,999	1,237	10.5%	107,598,014	7.6%
2011	Over 100,000	4,463	37.8%	1,139,965,891	80.6%
	Total	11,792		\$ 1,413,807,953	
2010	0-19,999	3,167	23.5%	\$ 22,421,688	1.6%
2010	20,000-49,999	2,063	15.3%	71,104,776	5.1%
2010	50,000-74,999	1,448	10.8%	90,036,981	6.5%
2010	75,000-99,999	1,274	9.5%	110,848,623	8.0%
2010	Over 100,000	4,389	32.6%	1,094,467,390	78.8%
2010	Total	13,469	52.070	\$ 1,388,879,458	70.070
	10441	13,107		\$ 1,500,075,750	

## City of Upper Arlington, Ohio Income Tax Statistics Local Taxes Paid by Upper Arlington Residents for Tax Years 2018 -2009 Last Ten Years

Tax	Taxes Paid by Upper Arlington		Taxes credited to other		Total Local Income tax Paid by
Year	Residents	%	municipalities	%	Residents
2018	7,967,418	19.1%	33,775,836	80.9%	41,743,254
2017	5,720,716	12.2%	41,300,186	87.8%	47,020,902
2016	7,657,599	15.9%	40,507,619	84.1%	48,165,218
2015	6,775,590	17.9%	31,016,747	82.1%	37,792,337
2014	4,317,783	15.7%	23,231,790	84.3%	27,549,573
2013	4,247,356	16.6%	21,354,249	83.4%	25,601,605
2012	4,187,114	16.6%	21,038,943	83.4%	25,226,057
2011	3,971,038	16.5%	20,086,924	83.5%	24,057,962
2010	3,608,055	15.6%	19,450,755	84.4%	23,058,810
2009	3,455,776	15.1%	19,413,911	84.9%	22,869,687

Source: Regional Income Tax Agency, Brecksville, Ohio

#### Notes:

- (1) Income reported represents income taxable at the local level. Local taxable income excludes some revenue sources taxable at the federal level, such as pensions, investment earnings, and capital gains.
- (2) While the City imposes a 2.5% income tax on its residents (effective January 1, 2015), a credit of up to 2.5% is allowed for income earned outside the City. Thus, the City's actual income tax collections are substantially less than 2.5% of local taxable income. In addition local taxable income includes income tax received from non-resident individuals who work within the jurisdiction, and are not required to file an annual return.
- (3) Differences in amounts reported as local tax collected by Upper Arlington residents and "Taxes from Individuals" amounts reported in Table 11 result from timing differences in collection and distribution of tax by the Regional Income Tax Agency (RITA), along with payments by non-resident individuals who remit payments payments for taxes from work performed inside the City.
- (4) Information for 2019 was not available.

#### City of Upper Arlington, Ohio Income Tax Revenue Base and Collections (Cash Basis) Last Ten Years (amounts expressed in thousands)

Tax Year	Tax Rate	Total Tax Collected	Taxes From Withholding	Percentage of Taxes From Withholding	Taxes From Net Profits	Percentage of Taxes From Net Profits	Taxes From Individuals	Percentage of Taxes From Individuals
2019	2.5%	\$ 29,722	\$ 17,885	60%	\$ 3,883	13%	\$ 7,954	27%
2018	2.5%	28,737	17,047	59%	3,835	13%	7,855	27%
2017	2.5%	26,108	16,136	62%	3,209	12%	6,763	26%
2016	2.5%	25,262	15,275	60%	2,957	12%	7,030	28%
2015	2.5%	21,491	13,644	63%	2,108	10%	5,739	27%
2014	2.0%	16,907	10,668	63%	1,844	11%	4,395	26%
2013	2.0%	16,789	10,210	61%	2,064	12%	4,515	27%
2012	2.0%	15,253	10,043	66%	1,587	10%	3,623	24%
2011	2.0%	14,662	9,485	65%	1,706	12%	3,471	24%
2010	2.0%	13,595	8,823	65%	1,654	12%	3,118	23%

#### Sources:

<sup>1.</sup> City of Upper Arlington Finance Department

#### City of Upper Arlington, Ohio Special Assessment Billings and Collections Last Ten Years

Year	 ssessment Billings	 ssessment ollections
2019	\$ 416,807	\$ 393,088
2018	274,537	262,354
2017	269,049	257,173
2016	257,677	247,258
2015	263,168	250,319
2014	256,684	248,133
2013	264,847	256,662
2012	264,759	258,840
2011	227,378	221,385
2010	227,806	221,426

Source: Franklin County, Ohio; County Auditor

#### City of Upper Arlington, Ohio Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Years (amounts expressed in thousands)

Collected within the

Year Total Tax Year of the Levy			Total	Col	llections	to Date	Outstanding					
Ended December 31	L	evy for <u>Year</u>	<u>A</u>	mount	Percenta of Levy	0	nquent nount		Total ollected	Percentage of Levy		inquent Γaxes
2019	\$	11,558	\$	11,227	97	.1%	\$ 182	\$	11,409	98.7%	\$	175
2018		11,670		11,473	98	.3%	226		11,699	100.2%		167
2017		10,926		10,084	92	.3%	243		10,327	94.5%		599
2016		11,068		10,819	97	.8%	215		11,034	99.7%		193
2015		11,092		10,659	96	.1%	335		10,994	99.1%		201
2014		10,628		10,114	95	.2%	218		10,332	97.2%		225
2013		10,539		9,873	93	.7%	212		10,085	95.7%		306
2012		10,263		9,814	95	.6%	201		10,015	97.6%		331
2011		10,331		9,959	96	.4%	139		10,098	97.7%		297
2010		10,319		10,039	97	.3%	280		10,039	97.3%		280

#### Sources:

<sup>1.</sup> Franklin County, Ohio Auditor's Office

#### City of Upper Arlington, Ohio Enterprise Funds Summary Data Last Ten Years (accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

				Year		
	2010	2010	I	Restated	2017	2015
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Water Surcharge Fund						
Assets	\$ 19,570	\$ 16,887	\$	17,232	\$ 16,168	\$ 14,865
Net Position	18,214	15,399		15,632	14,722	14,265
Operating Revenue	723	465		484	541	447
Operating (Expense)	(757)	(665)		(821)	(856)	(718)
Non-operating						
Interest expense	(37)	(38)		(40)	(23)	(22)
Capital contributions	2,886	5		1,445	795	117
Transfers in	-	(222)		-	-	-
Changes in net position	2,815	(233)		1,068	457	(176)
Rate per 1000 cubic feet (MCF)	-	-		-	-	-
Surcharge rate on commodity	10%	10%		10%	10%	10%
Sewer Surcharge Fund						
Assets	\$ 10,042	\$ 9,835	\$	5,932	\$ 6,019	\$ 5,822
Net Position	9,092	9,156		5,318	5,722	5,629
Operating Revenues	1,138	869		875	959	834
Operating (Expense)	(1,261)	(1,294)		(1,076)	(801)	(634)
Non-operating						
Investment income	_	-		_	_	_
Interest expense	(3)	(3)		(2)	(26)	(1)
Other, net	-	-		-	(39)	-
Capital contributions	62	4,266		-	-	-
Transfers in	- (64)	2 020		(202)	- 02	100
Changes in net position	(64)	3,838		(203)	93	199
Rate per 1000 cubic feet (MCF)	n/a	n/a		n/a	n/a	n/a
Surcharge rate on commodity	18%	18%		18%	18%	18%
Stormwater Fund						
Assets	\$ 16,016	\$ 15,775	\$	15,836	\$ 13,989	\$ 10,767
Net Position	14,901	14,688		14,769	12,836	10,205
Operating Revenue	765	767		755	760	737
Operating (Expense)	(898)	(699)		(698)	(546)	(498)
Non-operating	62	4.1		20	10	1.7
Investment income	63	41		20	19	17
Interest expense	(27)	(27)		(31)	(62)	(49)
Other, net	200	(162)		1.993	2 460	(13)
Capital contributions Changes in net position	309 212	(163) (81)		2,039	2,460 2,631	549 743
Changes in het position	212	(01)		2,039	2,031	/43
Annual residential rate	\$ 45	\$ 45	\$	45	\$ 45	\$ 45

	Year												
Ι	Restated 2014		<u>2013</u>		<u>2012</u>		<u>2011</u>		<u>2010</u>				
\$	14,977 14,441 431 (650)	\$	13,078 12,683 454 (518)	\$	8,467 7,959 484 (470)	\$	7,946 7,518 415 (553)	\$	7,411 6,882 401 (441)				
	(5) 1,149 916		(9) 4,798		(12) 438		(15) 790		(19) 341				
	1,841		4,725		440		637		282				
	10%		10%		10%		10%		10%				
\$	5,694 5,430 788 (625)	\$	5,697 5,432 818 (567)	\$	5,883 5,192 850 (687)	\$	5,361 4,803 792 (656)	\$	4,733 3,992 774 (640)				
	(6) - -		(12) 1 -		(17) 1 242		(23) (2) 699		2 (28) - 20				
	157		240		389		810		128				
	n/a 18%		n/a 18%		n/a 18%		n/a 18%		n/a 18%				
\$	10,189 9,462 758 (467)	\$	8,187 7,448 748 (471)	\$	8,104 7,151 753 (753)	\$	7,451 6,300 760 (1,000)	\$	7,244 6,008 547 (1,049)				
	28 (20) - 1,843		(1) (23) - 44		20 (26) - 658		17 (29)		45 (32) (1) 554				
	2,142		297		652		(252)		64				
\$	45	\$	45	\$	45	\$	45	\$	33				

#### City of Upper Arlington, Ohio Enterprise Funds Summary Data - Continued Last Ten Years (accrual basis of accounting)

			Year		
	2019	2018	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Swimming Pools Fund					
Assets	\$ 12,655	\$ 11,141	\$ 11,365	\$ 5,239	\$ 5,187
Net Position	11,790	10,536	10,934	5,042	4,882
Operating Income	792	758	712	600	541
Operating (Expense)	(1,252)	(1,156)	(836)	(440)	(720)
Non-operating					
Other, net	-	-	-	-	(55)
Capital contributions	1,714	-	-	-	-
Changes in net position	1,254	(398)	(124)	160	(234)
Cost of a resident family membership (family of four)	\$ 260.00	\$ 260.00	\$ 220.00	\$ 220.00	\$ 220.00
Solid Waste Fund					
Assets	\$ 1,078	\$ 1,257	\$ 802	\$ 549	\$ 239
Net Position	944	768	618	376	67
Operating Income	3,008	2,985	2,276	2,457	2,006
Operating (Expense)	(2,861)	(2,852)	(2,042)	(2,153)	(2,063)
Non-operating					
Investment income	29	17	8	5	3
Other, net	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	240
Transfers out	-	-	-	-	-
Changes in net position	176	150	242	309	186
Cost of a single trash sticker	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2.90	\$ 2.90	\$ 2.90
Annual base charge per unit	\$ 227.00	\$ 227.00	\$ 64.00	\$ 64.00	\$ 40.00

Source: City of Upper Arlington Finance Department

#### Note:

GASB 68 was implemented in 2015 and the 2014 amounts have been restated. Effects of this implementation can not fully be shown for prior years.

GASB 75 was implemented in 2018 and the 2017 amounts have been restated. Effects of this implementation can not fully be shown for prior years.

	Year													
	<u>2014</u>		2013		2012		2011		<u>2010</u>					
\$	5,396	\$	5,500	\$	5,608	\$	5,673	\$	5,692					
	5,116		5,498		5,606		5,670		5,688					
	566		588		646		638		628					
	(673)		(693)		(711)		(657)		(666)					
	_		_		(1)		-		(5)					
	-		-		2		-		-					
	(107)		(105)		(64)		(19)		(43)					
\$	210.00	\$	210.00	\$	210.00	\$	200.00	\$	200.00					
\$	56	\$	39	\$	123	\$	174	\$	255					
Ψ	(119)	Ψ	(152)	Ψ	(47)	Ψ	4	Ψ	86					
	1,917		1,961		1,986		1,954		1,685					
	(2,109)		(2,077)		(2,052)		(2,041)		(2,009)					
	1		1		3		5		4					
	_		_		-		-		_					
	-		10		12		-		450					
	224		-		-		-		-					
	33		(105)		(51)		(82)		130					
\$	2.90	\$	2.90	\$	2.90	\$	2.90	\$	2.40					
\$	40.00	\$	40.00	\$	40.00	\$	40.00	\$	30.00					

#### City of Upper Arlington, Ohio Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Years

(amounts expressed in thousands, except percentage of personal income and per capita amount)

**Other Governmental** 

728

4,800

4,800

4,800

**General Bonded Debt Outstanding Activities Debt** General **Build America &** Special **Bond** Non-Tax Obligation Anticipation **Recovery Zone** Assessment Revenue Capital Bonds **Total Year Bonds Bonds Note Bonds** Loans Leases 2019 \$ 72,802 \$ \$ 20,340 2,932 72,802 3,144 2018 75,976 75,976 2017 70,634 70,634 3,354 135 3,510 2016 65,813 65,813 260 187 2015 61,358 61,358 380 370 2014 44,288 44,288 495 4,800 551

605

710

810

905

#### Notes:

2013

2012

2011

2010

(1) See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics on table 20 for personal income and population data.

46,998

49,428

41,764

43,567

6,300

15,520

15,520

15,520

#### Sources:

City of Upper Arlington Finance Department

40,698

33,908

26,244

28,047

#### **Business-Type Activities**

Ob	eneral ligation Bonds	<u>Loans</u>		Total rimary <u>vernment</u>	Percentage of Personal <u>Income (1)</u>	<u>Ca</u>	Per pita (1)
\$	1,818	\$	66	\$ 97,958	4.26%	\$	2,781
	1,909		85	81,114	3.84%		2,321
	1,998		104	76,225	3.83%		2,198
	2,264		123	72,157	3.80%		2,094
	726		177	63,011	3.41%		1,843
	528		332	50,994	2.89%		1,499
	691		590	54,412	2.97%		1,608
	855		872	56,665	3.19%		1,677
	1,018		947	49,339	2.86%		1,460
	1,171		1,201	46,844	2.70%		1,387

#### City of Upper Arlington, Ohio General Bonded Debt Outstanding as a Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable Value of Property and per Capita Last Ten Years

(amounts expressed in thousands, except per capita amount)

Per Capita		
2,696		
2,229		
2,095		
1,975		
1,816		
1,318		
1,409		
1,488		
1,266		
1,325		

Source: City of Upper Arlington Finance Department

Notes: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

- (1) Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.
- (2) See Table 8 for taxable property value data.
- (3) Population and personal income data can be found in Table 20.
- (4) General bonded debt outstanding Includes general obligation bonds and notes, Build America and Recovery Zone bonds, and business-type activities general obligation bonds.

## City of Upper Arlington, Ohio Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of December 31, 2019

Governmental Unit	Assessed Valuation	Gross General Obligation	Estimated Percentage Applicable to Upper Arlington <sup>1</sup>	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt
Direct City of Upper Arlington	\$ 1,934,730,440	\$ 100,397,371	100.00%	\$ 100,397,371
Overlapping				
Franklin County	30,882,217,570	187,355,000	6.26%	11,737,545
Columbus City School District	10,405,117,890	439,879,896	0.03%	145,235
Dublin City School District	3,551,711,040	198,035,587	0.49%	979,614
Upper Arlington City School District	1,948,243,810	223,345,000	98.23%	219,387,896
	8,073,095,220	1,534,928	0.22%	3,340
Solid Waste Authority of Central Ohio	32,467,293,290	63,005,000	5.96%	3,754,477
Subtotal, overlapping debt		1,113,155,411		236,008,107
Total direct and overlapping debt		\$1,213,552,782		\$ 336,405,478

Source: Auditor, Franklin County; Settlement Division

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the city. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City of Upper Arlington. This process recognizes that, when considering the city's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> For debt repaid with property taxes, the percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of another governmental unit's taxable assessed value that is within the city's boundaries and dividing it by each unit's total taxable assessed value.

#### City of Upper Arlington, Ohio Legal Debt Margin Information, Last Ten Years (accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Year									
		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>		2015
Overall debt limit	\$	203,147	\$	202,017	\$	202,385	\$	179,658	\$	178,823
Total net debt applicable to limit		72,215		73,459		68,742		63,893		39,080
Legal debt margin		130,932		128,558		133,643		115,765		139,743
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit		35.55%		36.36%		33.97%		35.56%		21.85%
Unvoted Debt limit	\$	106,410	\$	105,818	\$	106,011	\$	94,106	\$	93,669
Total net debt applicable to limit		92,185		72,734		67,677		62,563		37,620
Legal debt margin		14,225		33,084		38,334		31,543		56,049
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit		86.63%		68.73%		63.84%		66.48%		40.16%
Overall (Voted and Unvoted) Debt Limitation: Total assessed value		\$1,934,730								
Debt limit (10 1/2% of total assessed value) Debt applicable to limit:		203,147								
General obligation bonds and notes  Less: Amount set aside for repayment of		74,620	(1)							
general obligation debt  Total net debt applicable to limit		2,405 72,215	-							

130,932

Source: City of Upper Arlington Finance Department

Notes

Legal debt margin

(1) Excludes accretion on deep discount debt per state law.

					Year		
	2014	2	<u> 2013</u>		2012	<u>2011</u>	2010
\$	179,257	\$	164,038	\$	164,243	\$ 165,269	\$ 166,051
	43,902		43,931		54,764	46,750	43,542
	135,355		120,107		109,479	118,519	122,509
	24.49%		26.78%		33.34%	28.29%	26.22%
\$	93,896	\$	85,925	\$	86,032	\$ 86,570	\$ 86,979
	41,730		37,066		47,589	42,025	38,187
	52,166		48,859		38,443	44,545	48,792
	44.44%		43.14%		55.32%	48.54%	43.90%
	oted Debt 1		tion:				
Tota	l assessed	value				\$ 1,934,730	
	t limit (5 1/ t applicable			ssec	d value)	106,410	
	General ob	ligatio	n bonds a	nd 1	notes	74,620	
	Special ob			20,340			
	Less: Deb			370			
	Debt with:		payment of	94,590			
		gation deb	payment of	2,405			
	Total net of	lebt ap	plicable t	o lir		92,185	
Lega	al debt mar	gin for	unvoted	debi	t	\$ 14,225	

#### City of Upper Arlington, Ohio Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Years (amounts expressed in thousands)

		Personal Income (amounts	Per Capita			Unempl	oyment
<u>Year</u>	Population (1)	expressed in thousands)	Personal Income (1)	Median Age (1)	School Enrollment (2)	Local Rate (3)	State Rate (4)
2019	35,223	\$ 2,298,266	\$ 65,249	40.9	6,174	2.7%	4.1%
2018	34,943	2,111,431	60,425	41.4	6,134	3.1%	4.6%
2017	34,675	1,987,952	57,331	42.1	6,093	4.0%	4.9%
2016	34,465	1,897,850	55,066	42.2	5,935	3.3%	5.0%
2015	34,191	1,845,288	53,970	42.8	5,894	4.4%	5.2%
2014	34,008	1,766,103	51,932	41.8	5,786	4.8%	5.7%
2013	33,848	1,830,229	54,072	42.9	5,812	6.2%	7.1%
2012	33,785	1,776,787	52,591	42.8	5,847	6.1%	7.2%
2011	33,785	1,724,690	51,049	42.8	5,521	7.5%	8.6%
2010	33,771	1,735,289	51,384	41.8	5,521	7.7%	9.5%

#### Sources:

- 1. U.S. Census Bureau, American Fact Finder.
- 2. Ohio Department of Education, Enrollment by District.
- 3. U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Local Area Unemployment Statistics
- 4. U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, State and Local Unemployment Rates

#### City of Upper Arlington, Ohio Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function Last Ten Years

**Full-time Equivalent Employees as of December 31** 

	Fun-time Equivalent Employees as of December 31						
_	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>		
Function							
Public Safety							
Police	58.2	55.8	63.0	63.0	63.0		
Fire	58.0	57.0	57.0	57.0	57.0		
General Government	33.5	33.7	38.1	37.7	36.5		
Public Services (3)	51.4	50.9	43.8	42.2	41.2		
Parks and Recreation (2)	59.2	59.0	55.4	55.1	54.4		
Community Development	8.8	7.8	7.8	7.8	8.8		
Utilities (1)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
Total	269.1	264.1	265.1	262.8	260.8		

Full-time Equivalent Employees as of December 31	
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	run-time Equivalent Employees as of December 31						
	2014	2013	2012	<u>2011</u>	2010		
Function							
Public Safety							
Police	63.0	63.0	65.0	65.0	65.0		
Fire	60.0	60.0	60.0	64.0	64.0		
General Government	35.8	36.6	40.1	40.1	46.5		
Public Services	41.9	44.4	33.0	33.3	34.2		
Parks and Recreation (2)	55.1	52.2	56.3	56.3	50.8		
Community Development	8.8	9.8	9.8	9.3	10.0		
Utilities (1)	0.0	0.0	9.8	9.8	12.2		
Total	264.5	266.0	274.1	277.8	282.7		

#### Notes:

- (1) Includes water, sewer and stormwater
- (2) Includes seasonal employees for parks and recreation programs and swimming pools
- (3) Public services and utilities functions combined during 2013.

#### Source

City of Upper Arlington Finance Department

#### City of Upper Arlington, Ohio Capital Asset Statistics Last Ten Years

	Year				
Function	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	
Public Safety - Police					
Number of police stations	1	1	1	1	
Number of police cruisers	18	15	15	15	
Number of pieces of equipment	256	302	304	304	
Public Safety - Fire					
Number of fire stations	2	2	2	2	
Number of fire engines	3	3	2	3	
Number of medics	4	4	4	3	
Number of pieces of equipment	240	287	285	252	
Public Services					
Miles of roads	346	346	346	346	
Number of traffic signals	51	51	52	52	
Number of streetlights	1,811	1,811	1,727	1,581	
Parks and Recreation					
Number of parks	23	23	23	26	
Acres of parkland	183	183	183	186	
Number of swimming pools	3	3	3	2	
Number of tennis courts	21	21	21	21	
Number of senior centers	1	1	1	1	
Utilities					
Number of fire hydrants	1,979	1,979	1,965	1,958	
Number of catch basins	3,416	3,416	3,416	3,400	
Miles of sanitary sewer	162	162	146	145	

#### Sources:

1. City of Upper Arlington departments

			Year		
<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>
1	1	1	1	1	1
15	15	15	15	15	15
257	257	257	257	257	257
2	2	2	2	2	3
3	3	3	3 3	3	3
3	3	3		3	4
264	253	275	298	288	272
356	204		204	204	204
51	51	52	52	52	52
1,491	1,491	1,491	1,497	1,497	1,427
28	28	28	28	28	28
170	170	170	170	170	180
2	2	3	3	3	3
21	21	21	21	20	20
1	1	1	1	1	1
1,958	1,958	1,958	1,958	1,958	1,958
3,400	3,400	3,400	3,400	3,400	3,400
145	145	145	145	145	145

#### City of Upper Arlington, Ohio Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Years

**Operating Indicators by Function** 2019 2018 2017 2016 **Function General Government** 199 Number of probation cases (Adults) 167 271 368 Number of traffic cases 2,782 2,697 2,711 3,151 Number of fleet management repairs 1,277 1,310 1,172 1,158 **Public Services** Roadway repairs-surface (sq. ft.) 35,448 53,503 47,277 23,558 Street cleaning-leaf collection (cu. Yds.) 20,539 23,792 17,765 22,053 Street cleaning-snow removal (hours) 2,730 2,642 2,400 772 Parks and Recreation Number of registrations for programs 28,778 22,263 25,690 20,411 Number of programs/classes 1,930 1,721 1,770 1,672 Number of trees planted (less removed trees) 199 305 274 194 Community Development 650 724 596 Number of building permits issued 655 Number of building inspections conducted 6,113 5,868 5,100 3,039 Number of code investigations 825 647 658 691 **Utilities** 179 Number of fire hydrant repairs (water) 167 81 66 Number of catch basin repairs (stormwater) 260 119 299 114 Number of manhole repairs (sewer) 3 4 0 3 Solid Waste 9,970 9.013 4,547 5,570 Number of refuse collected (tons) Number of yard waste collected (tons) 2,537 1.964 306 119 Number of recyclables collected (tons) 4,255 4,531 4,143 4,747

#### Sources:

1. City of Upper Arlington departments

Onei	∙atino	Indicate	rs hv	<b>Function</b>
ODG	aunz	inuicau	11 3 W Y	T uncuvn

<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>
291	270	293	251	269	289
2,802	2,728	2,560	2,900	2,977	3,459
1,182	1,795	1,667	2,034	2,210	2,328
25,312	13,861	2,955	23,110	21,051	35,336
20,838	21,819	20,946	16,123	17,503	18,312
2,997	2,741	2,462	519	1,207	2,787
13,551	18,906	14,330	11,806	16,415	67,628
966	2,039	1,996	1,918	1,934	5,183
123	210	80	221	194	210
514	624	521	426	463	370
2,374	3,050	2,249	2,645	5,069	3,210
735	627	827	894	817	1,121
154	107	77	60	57	92
195	170	50	92	108	200
2	5	16	45	64	-
5,526	6,459	5,945	6,116	6,618	6,209
100	1,185	298	182	205	282
4,652	4,608	4,615	4,662	4,956	4,805



#### FINANCE DEPARTMENT

3600 Tremont Road, Upper Arlington, OH 43221 614-583-5921 | **upperarlingtonoh.gov** 





#### **CITY OF UPPER ARLINGTON**

#### **FRANKLIN COUNTY**

#### **AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 9/1/2020

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370