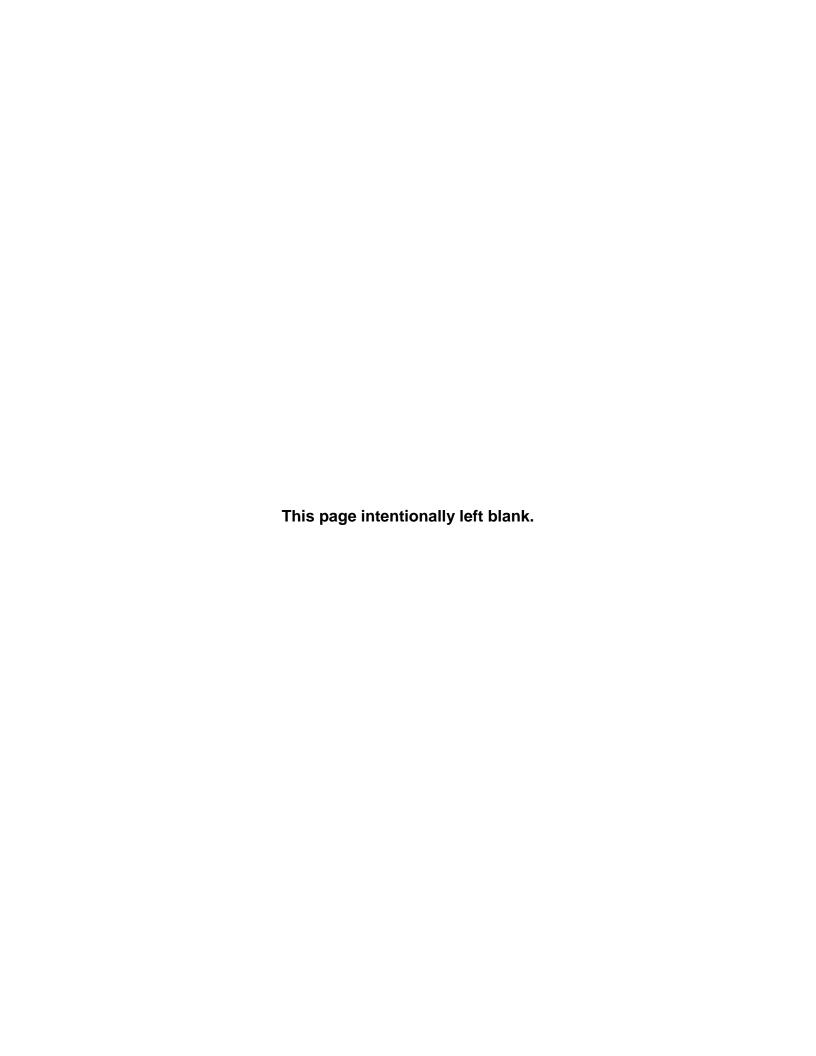




FINDLAY CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT HANCOCK COUNTY JUNE 30, 2019

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FINDLAY CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT HANCOCK COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

FEDERAL GRANTOR Pass Through Grantor Program / Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Entity Identifying Number	Total Federal Expenditures
- rogram, classe, the	1141111001		
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education			
Child Nutrition Cluster:			
School Breakfast Program	10.553	2019	\$ 142,495
National School Lunch Program	10.555		
Cash Assistance		2019	771,385
Non-Cash Assistance (Commodities)		2019	112,848
Total National School Lunch Program			884,233
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			1,026,728
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			1,026,728
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education			
Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies	84.010	2018	36,965
Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies	84.010	2019	1,171,577
Total Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies			1,208,542
Special Education Cluster;			
Special Education Grants to States	84.027	2018	85,671
Special Education Grants to States	84.027	2019	1,201,202
Total Special Education Grants to States			1,286,873
Special Education Preschool Grants	84.173	2019	60,460
Total Special Education Cluster			1,347,333
1000 00000 2000000000000000000000000000			.,0,000
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	2019	199,475
Rural Education	84.358	2018	8,734
Rural Education	84.358	2019	3,928
Total Rural Education			12,662
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	2019	14,578
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	2019	183,935
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	2018	760
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	2019	55,101
Total Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program			55,861
Total U.S. Department of Education			3,022,386
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$4,049,114

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

FINDLAY CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT HANCOCK COUNTY

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Findlay City School District, Hancock County, Ohio (the District) under programs of the federal government for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the District.

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE C - INDIRECT COST RATE

The District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE D - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the District assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE F - FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the entitlement value. The District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.



One Government Center, Suite 1420 Toledo, Ohio 43604-2246 (419) 245-2811 or (800) 443-9276 NorthwestRegion@ohioauditor.gov

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Findlay City School District Hancock County 2019 Broad Avenue Findlay, Ohio 45840-2651

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Findlay City School District, Hancock County, Ohio (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 27, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the District's financial statements. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

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Findlay City School District
Hancock County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Required by Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keith Faber Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

December 27, 2019



One Government Center, Suite 1420 Toledo, Ohio 43604-2246 (419) 245-2811 or (800) 443-9276 NorthwestRegion@ohioauditor.gov

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Findlay City School District Hancock County 2019 Broad Avenue Findlay, Ohio 45840-2651

To the Board of Education:

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

We have audited Findlay City School District, Hancock County, Ohio's (the District) compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect Findlay City School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. The *Summary of Auditor's Results* in the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the District's major federal programs.

Management's Responsibility

The District's Management is responsible for complying with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the District's compliance for the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). These standards and the Uniform Guidance require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on the District's major programs. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Findlay City School District complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

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Findlay City School District
Hancock County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control over
Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance
Page 2

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control over compliance tests and the results of this testing based on Uniform Guidance requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have also audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely-presented component unit, the major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Findlay City School District, Hancock County, Ohio (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. We issued our unmodified report thereon dated December 27, 2019. We conducted our audit to opine on the District's basic financial statements as a whole. We have not performed any procedures to the audited financial statements subsequent to December 27, 2019. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards presents additional analysis required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule is management's responsibility, and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records management used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this schedule to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this schedule directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this schedule is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Findlay City School District
Hancock County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to the Major Federal Program and on Internal Control over
Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance
Page 3

Keith Faber Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

February 12, 2020

FINDLAY CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT HANCOCK COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Special Education Cluster – CFDA # 84.027 and CFDA # 84.173 Career and Technical Education – CFDA # 84.048
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 750,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR § 200.520?	Yes

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None.

None.

Findlay City School District Findlay, Ohio COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019



(Pictured above are Findlay High School graduates that currently work for the District)

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

OF THE

FINDLAY, OHIO

CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

FOR THE

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

PREPARED BY
TREASURER'S DEPARTMENT
MICHAEL T. BARNHART, CPA, TREASURER

2019 BROAD AVENUE FINDLAY, OHIO 45840

FINDLAY CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT HANCOCK COUNTY, OHIO

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

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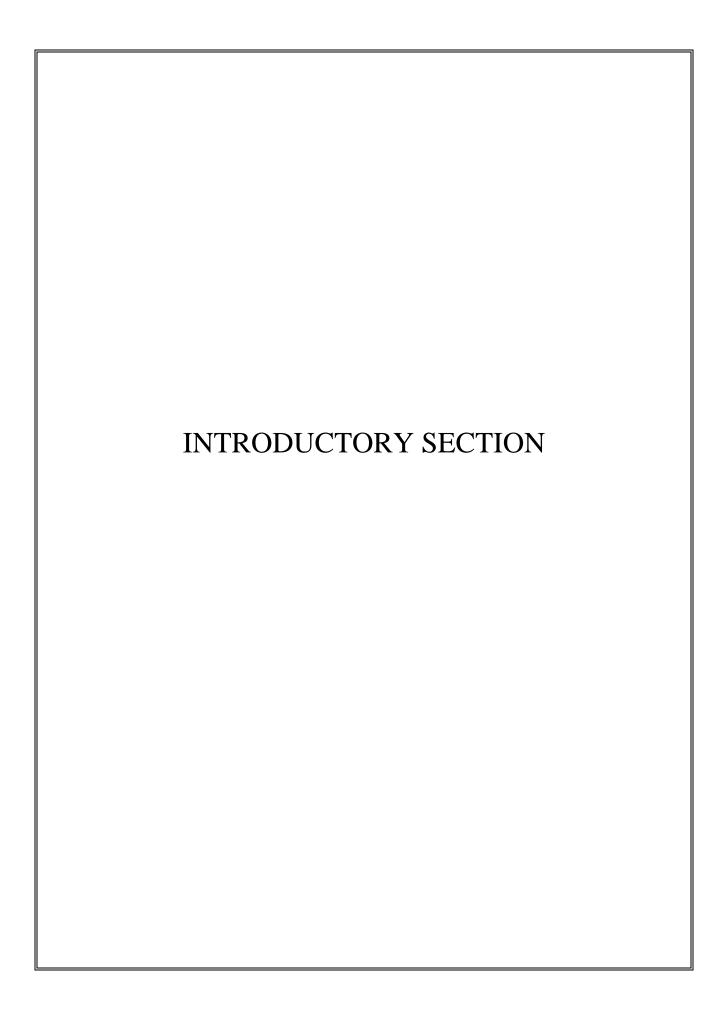
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findlaycityschools.org

Phone: 419.425.8237 Fax: 419.425.3628

December 27, 2019

Members of the Board of Education and Residents of the Findlay City School District:

We are pleased to submit to you the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the Findlay City School District. This Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) provides full disclosure of the financial operation of the Findlay City School District (the "District") for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. The CAFR, which includes an opinion from the Ohio Auditor of State's Office which performed the District's audit, conforms to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental entities. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data presented and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the District. This CAFR will provide the taxpayers of the District with comprehensive financial data in a format which will enable them to gain an understanding of the District's financial affairs. Copies will be made available to the Chamber of Commerce, the Findlay Public Library, financial rating services, and other interested parties.

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is presented in three sections:

- The Introductory Section, which is unaudited, includes a Table of Contents, this Letter of Transmittal, a List of Principal Officials, an Organizational Chart, the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting from the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) for the 2018 CAFR, and the Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting from the Association of School Business Officials International (ASBO) for the 2018 CAFR.
- 2. The Financial Section, which includes the Independent Auditor's Report, the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Basic Financial Statements, the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Required Supplementary Information, and the Combining Statements and Individual Fund Schedules.
- 3. The Statistical Section, which is unaudited, includes various tables which reflect financial and demographic information, financial trends, and the fiscal capacity of the District.

SCHOOL DISTRICT ORGANIZATION

Findlay City School District is one of 930 public school districts and community schools in the State of Ohio and one of eight school districts in Hancock County. It provides education to approximately 5,655 students in pre-kindergarten through grade 12. The District is located in northwestern Ohio, approximately 65 miles south of the City of Toledo. 98 percent of the District's territory is within the City of Findlay, the county seat. The District serves an area of approximately 37 square miles.

Statutorily, the District operates under standards prescribed by the Ohio State Board of Education as provided in Division (D) of Section 3301.47 and Section 110.01 of the Ohio Revised Code, to provide educational services authorized and mandated by State or Federal agencies.

The Board of Education serves as the taxing authority, contracting body, and policy maker for the District. The Board adopts the annual operating budget and approves all expenditures of District monies. The superintendent is the chief administrative officer of the District, responsible for both education and support operations. The treasurer is the chief financial officer, responsible for maintaining records of all financial matters, issuing warrants in payment of liabilities incurred by the District, acting as custodian of all District funds, and investing of funds as specified by Ohio law.

THE REPORTING ENTITY

The District has reviewed its reporting entity definition in order to ensure conformance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity", and as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units" and GASB Statement No. 61, "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34". In evaluating how to define the District for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all agencies, departments, and organizations making up the District (the primary government) and its potential component units.

Excluded from the reporting entity, because they are fiscally independent of the District, are the City of Findlay, the Parent-Teacher Association, and the Booster Clubs. The Northwest Ohio Area Computer Services Cooperative (NOACSC) is reported as a jointly governed organization.

ECONOMIC OUTLOOK

With a total assessed valuation of \$825,967,890 and a tax rate of \$64.95 per \$1,000.00 of assessed valuation, the District has a sound financial base. A sexennial reappraisal of all real property was completed in 2016. This resulted in a valuation increase of approximately four percent. The Findlay community continues to explore solutions to frequent flooding issues that were most notable from the August 2007 flood and another large flood that hit in February 2008. The District is concerned with the ability and willingness of its taxpayers to support future levies given the financial hardships that voters may be experiencing as a result of past and future flooding; however, taxpayers did step up to approve a 5.9 mill replacement levy in November 2008; and a 4.3 mill, 28 year bond levy in November 2009 after a failed attempt in August 2009. Voters also passed a 4.9 mill continuing levy in May 2017, as well as a 5.9 mill continuing levy in May 2014—both were previously 5 year levies and both passed by historically large margins. Conversely an attempt to pass a 1.5 mill safety and security levy was soundly rejected by voters in November 2018.

The District's financial condition continues to be an area of focus for the Board of Education and Administration and is closely monitored through the five-year forecast. State funding has remained flat for the district and has not kept up with expenditures. The State also continues to reduce a large portion of property tax allocation that is being phased out at a rate of \$495,000 per year. The District continues to be locally proactive in cost containment and is not optimistic for any solutions from the State given the history of school funding.

Ohio school districts cannot generate significant additional revenue from taxes except by the vote of the people. On May 6, 2014, voters renewed an expiring 5.9 mill levy for a continuous basis. On May 2, 2017, the voters elected to replace an expiring 4.9 mill levy for a continuous basis as well. The District will likely seek a new 5.9 mill operating levy in 2020. Resources of the general fund will be impacted in the future by the local economy and past Ohio tax reforms including the past elimination of tangible personal property taxes, as well as increasing health care costs and declining enrollment, although the District continually looks for ways to contain those increasing costs.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

The District focuses on the six strategic objectives approved by the Board of Education as part of its Strategic Plan, which was redeveloped in 2015:

- Strategic Objective 1: 100% of students will graduate on time.
- <u>Strategic Objective 2:</u> 100% of graduates will be enrolled in post-secondary or in the workforce within six months of their program.
- <u>Strategic Objective 3:</u> Findlay City Schools will provide safe educational facilities that foster positive learning environments.
- <u>Strategic Objective 4:</u> Findlay City Schools will develop and implement plans to ensure sufficient funding for current and future operations, programs, and facilities.
- <u>Strategic Objective 5:</u> Findlay City Schools will create learning environments in which all students, staff and families will feel physically and emotionally safe, valued, and engaged.
- <u>Strategic Objective 6:</u> Findlay City Schools will serve as a partner in addressing root issues in Hancock County through collaborative efforts.

The District continues to implement solutions to its facility needs. The passage of a 2.5 mill permanent improvement levy in May 2006 has helped to alleviate many facility needs. However, the biggest improvement to the District's facility needs was made possible in November 2009, when voters approved a 4.3 mill, 28-year bond levy which pays the debt service on \$54,195,000 that was needed to cover the local share and locally funded initiatives used to build two (2) middle schools and a career tech building. The District consolidated the south, north, and east campuses of Millstream Career Center into one location. The District also converted its three (3) small middle schools into two (2) larger, more efficient, newly constructed middle schools. The Millstream Career Center was completed for the start of the 2012-13 school year, while the new middle schools first accepted students in January 2013.

The District now supports one high school, two middle schools, and eight elementary buildings along with Millstream Career Center for vocational education, and a former elementary school that now serves as a preschool and houses the Findlay Learning Center, which offers blended learning. The District also owns and operates a newly renovated transportation facility. These district buildings range in age from 48 to 104 years old, except for those that are newly built. The District's enrollment is steady.

RELEVANT FINANCIAL POLICIES

The District's primary management tool for monitoring its fiscal health is the Five-Year Forecast, which is a document that focuses on the general fund's past three years of actual expenditures, the current fiscal year, and the following four fiscal years. The District has set targets for certain financial ratios based on this document. A key ratio is the District's "true days cash" ratio. True days cash is the concept that calculates how many days the District can operate with the amount of cash available at the end of the year. The calculation takes the available cash balance at the end of the year and divides it by the year's average daily operating expense. The District has set a target to maintain sixty true days cash. This ratio is used when negotiating future labor contracts and in determining the need for future levies.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The District's accounting system is organized on a fund basis. Each fund is a distinct self-balancing accounting entity. Governmental funds are presented on the modified accrual basis, whereby revenues are recognized when measurable and available, and expenditures are recognized when goods and services are received. Proprietary and fiduciary funds are presented on the accrual basis, whereby revenues are recognized when earned and expenses when incurred.

In developing the District's accounting system, much consideration was given to the adequacy of internal accounting controls. Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance regarding the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets. The concept of reasonable assurance is based on the assumption that the cost of internal accounting controls should not exceed the benefits expected to be derived from the implementation.

The District utilizes a fully automated accounting system as well as an automated system of control for capital assets and payroll. These systems, coupled with the manual auditing of each voucher prior to payment, ensures that the financial information generated is both accurate and reliable.

At the beginning of each fiscal year, the Board of Education adopts either a temporary appropriation measure or a permanent appropriation measure for that fiscal year. If a temporary appropriation measure is first adopted, the permanent appropriation measure must be adopted upon receipt from the County Auditor of an amended official certificate of estimated resources based on final assessed values and tax rates, which is usually within the first three months of the fiscal year.

Annual appropriations may not exceed the County Budget Commission's official estimate of resources. The County Auditor must certify that the Board of Education's appropriation measures, including any supplements or amendments, do not exceed the amount set forth in the latest of those official estimates.

All disbursements and transfers of cash between funds require appropriation authority from the Board. Budgets are controlled at the fund and function level of expenditures in the general fund and at the fund level of expenditures for all other funds. All purchase order requests must be approved by the Superintendent or his designee and certified by the Treasurer; necessary funds are then encumbered and purchase orders released to vendors. Those requests which exceed the available appropriation are rejected until additional appropriations are secured.

The accounting system used by the District provides interim financial reports which detail year-to-date expenditures and encumbrances versus the original appropriation, plus any additional appropriations made to date. In addition to interim financial statements, each administrator and school principal has access to ongoing reports showing the status of the budget accounts for which they are responsible.

As an additional safeguard, all employees are covered by a blanket bond, and the treasurer is covered by a separate, higher limit bond.

The basis of accounting and the funds utilized by the District are fully described in Note 2 to the Basic Financial Statements. Additional information on the District's budgetary accounting can also be found in Note 2 to the Basic Financial Statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Management is responsible for preparing a Management's Discussion and Analysis of the District. This discussion follows this letter of transmittal, providing an assessment of the District's finances for fiscal year 2019 and the outlook for the future. Because that discussion focuses on major funds, the financial highlights provided in this letter focus on certain nonmajor funds of the District.

<u>Internal Service Fund</u> - The only internal service fund of the District is the Employee Benefits Self Insurance Fund. This internal service fund had a deficit net position balance of \$446,264 at June 30, 2019, compared to a deficit net position of \$356,949 at June 30, 2018, reflecting a decrease in net position of \$89,315.

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u> - The fiduciary funds account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity, or as an agent, for other funds, governments, organizations, or individuals. The District maintains a private-purpose trust fund and an agency fund. The private-purpose trust fund had net position of \$55,977 at June 30, 2019, compared to net position of \$47,976 at June 30, 2018.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

The District will continue to implement new courses of study in an ongoing effort to meet, and exceed, the national and state standards to affect student outcomes in order to achieve an A grade on the Ohio Report Card. Part of this effort is the adoption of a more rigorous high school program, all day every day kindergarten and the expansion of preschool to serve a larger population. However, the District will remain financially prudent and will not offer courses without sufficient demand.

Full implementation of the overall Strategic Plan will keep the District focused on student learning through high-quality instruction, efficiency and effectiveness of district operations and vibrant school-community partnerships.

Ongoing support through permanent improvement tax dollars and the Ohio Facilities Construction Commission will help ensure the viability of the physical plants within the District. With the full implementation of these plans and directives, the District will remain poised to retain the full academic excellence and fiscal accountability standards that the community has come to expect of the Findlay City School District.

USE OF THIS REPORT

This report is published to provide to the Board of Education, as well as our citizens and other interested persons, detailed information concerning the financial condition of the District, with particular emphasis placed on the utilization of resources during the past fiscal year. It is also intended that this report will serve as a guide in formulating policies and in conducting the District's future day-to-day activities. We believe the information, as presented, is accurate in all material aspects, that it is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial activity of its various funds, and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the District's financial affairs have been included.

In today's bond market environment, it is increasingly important that public agencies prepare soundly conceived annual financial reports which are independently audited by a qualified firm or agency. It has become almost required practice that such reports are prepared in accordance with GAAP, and the major bond rating agencies review the data presented in such reports before determining a public agency's bond rating. The District's bond rating is A1 from Moody's.

INDEPENDENT AUDIT

Provisions of State statute require the District's Basic Financial Statements to be subjected to an annual examination by an independent auditor. Those provisions have been satisfied and the opinion of the District's independent auditors is included herein. The single audit report is not included in this CAFR, but is located in a separate report.

Pursuant to statute, the State prescribes a uniform accounting system to standardize accounting classification and financial reporting for all units of local education agencies in Ohio. The District adopted and has been in conformance with that system effective with its annual financial report for the 1979 fiscal year.

AWARDS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Findlay City School District for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. The District has received this award for the past twenty-eight (28) years. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The District has also received a Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting in School Districts from the Association of School Business Officials International (ASBO) for the District's CAFR for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. The award is granted only after an intensive review of financial reports by an expert panel of certified public accountants and practicing school business officials. The District has received this award for the past twenty-eight (28) years. We believe that our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Excellence program requirements, and we are submitting it to ASBO to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The publication of this report significantly increases the accountability of the District to the taxpayers. This accomplishment would not have been possible without the support and efforts of the staff of the Treasurer's office and various administrators and employees of the District. Assistance of the County Auditor's office staff and other outside agencies made possible the fair presentation of statistical data.

Special appreciation is expressed to Ms. Brandi Smart, of Julian & Grube, Inc., who compiled this report in compliance with GAO guidance, and to the auditors of the Ohio Auditor of State's Office, who audited this report.

Finally, sincere appreciation is extended to the Board of Education for its interest in and support of this project, and to the taxpayers and voters of the District, who have continued to show their faith in education and in the Findlay City School District.

Respectfully,

Michael T. Barnhart, CPA

Treasurer

Ed Kurt,

Superintendent

Edward P. Kint

FINDLAY CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

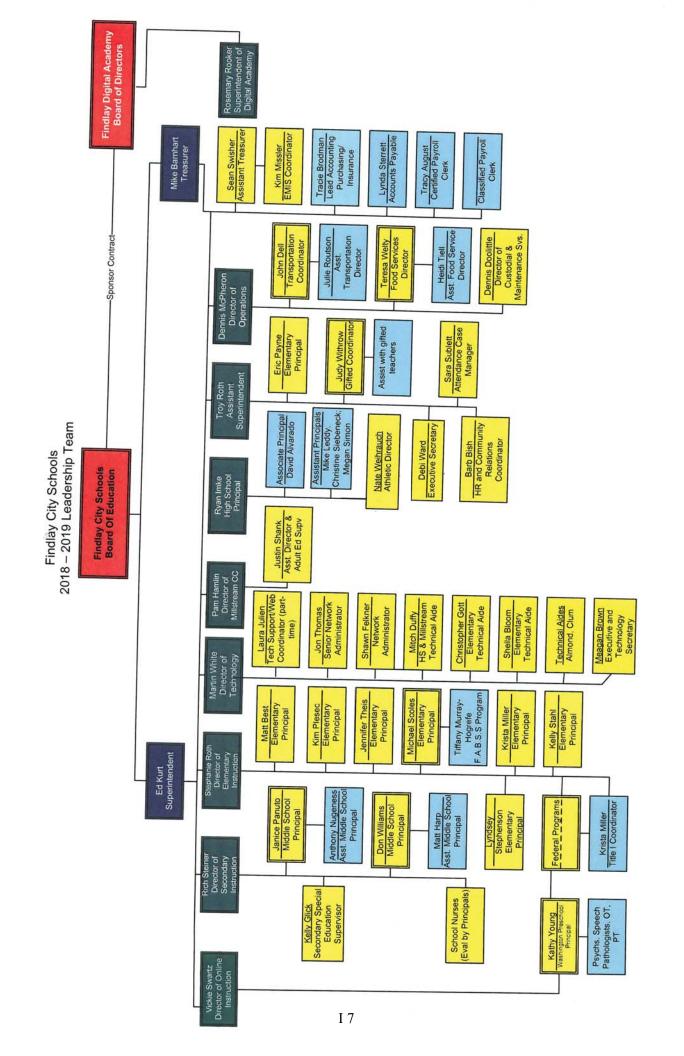
JUNE 30, 2019

BOARD OF EDUCATION

Mr. Chris Aldrich	
Dr. Kathy Siebenaler Wilson	Vice-President
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Mr. Troy Roth	
Mr. Michael T. Barnhart	Treasurer
Ms. Stephanie Roth	Director of Elementary Curriculum
Mr. Richard Steiner	Director of Secondary Curriculum
Mr. Martin White	Director of Technology
Mr. Dennis McPheron	Director of Facilities





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Findlay City School District Ohio

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2018

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



The Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented to

Findlay City School District

for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018.

The CAFR meets the criteria established for ASBO International's Certificate of Excellence.



Tom Wohlleber, CSRM

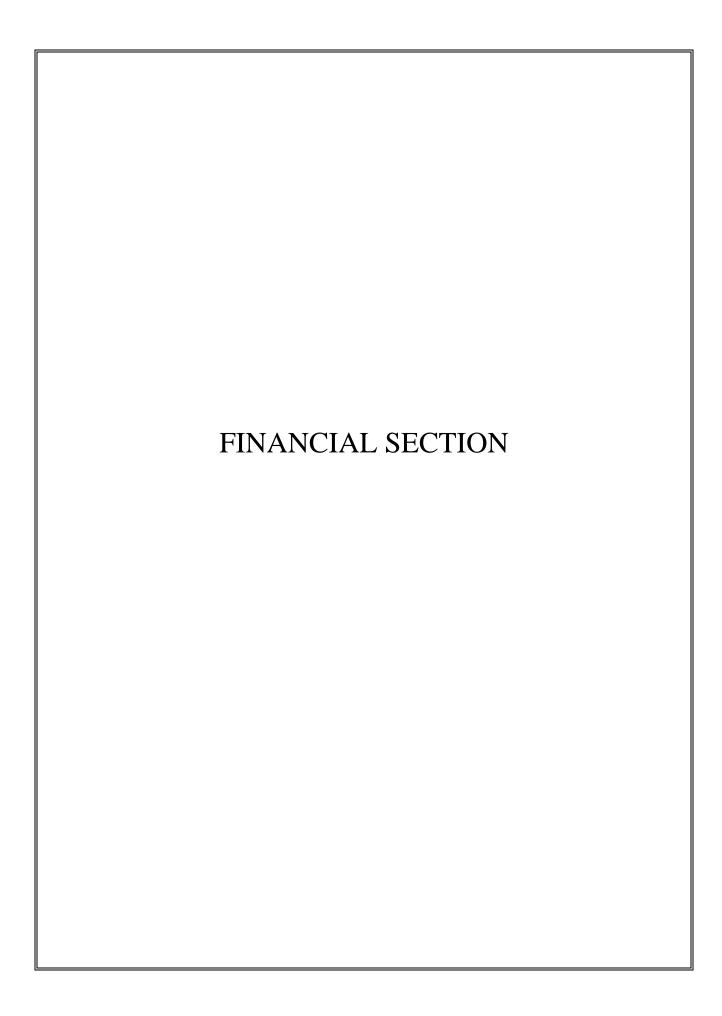
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President

Siobhán McMahon, CAE Chief Operating Officer

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One Government Center, Suite 1420 Toledo, Ohio 43604-2246 (419) 245-2811 or (800) 443-9276 NorthwestRegion@ohioauditor.gov

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Findlay City School District Hancock County 2019 Broad Avenue Findlay, Ohio 45840-2651

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Findlay City School District, Hancock County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

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Findlay City School District Hancock County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Findlay City School District, Hancock County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General fund thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *management's discussion and analysis*, and schedules of net pension and other post-employment benefit liabilities and pension and other post-employment benefit contributions listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the District's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The introductory section, the financial section's combining statements, individual fund statements and schedules and the statistical section information present additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The statements schedules are management's responsibility, and derive from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this information to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

We did not subject the introductory section and statistical section information to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion or any other assurance on them.

Findlay City School District Hancock County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 27, 2019, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Keith Faber Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

December 27, 2019

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

The management's discussion and analysis of the Findlay City School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the transmittal letter, basic financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2019 are as follows:

- In total, net position of governmental activities increased \$3,893,716 which represents a 24.71% increase from the 2018 net position. This increase is primarily from a reduction in the net pension and net OPEB liability.
- General revenues accounted for \$60,850,858 in revenue or 80.44% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$14,801,113 or 19.56% of total revenues of \$75,651,971.
- The District had \$71,758,255 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$14,801,113 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$60,850,858 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District's major governmental fund is the general fund. The general fund had \$61,868,958 in revenues and other financing sources and \$64,110,720 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2019, the general fund's fund balance decreased \$2,241,762 from a balance of \$6,700,417 to a balance of \$4,458,655.

Using these Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The statement of net position and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, the general fund is the most significant fund, and the only governmental fund reported as a major fund.

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2019?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, revenues and expenses using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

These two statements report the District's *net position* and changes in that position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the *financial position* of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, the governmental activities include the District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operation of non-instructional services, extracurricular activities, interest on fiscal charges, and food service operations.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major fund. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental fund is the general fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial assets* that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed *short-term* view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the basic financial statements.

Proprietary Funds

The District maintains a proprietary fund. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the District's various functions. The District's internal service fund accounts for self-insurance.

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its scholarship programs. This activity is presented as a private-purpose trust fund. The District also acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals. These activities are reported in an agency fund. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net position and changes in fiduciary net position. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the District's net pension liability and net OPEB asset/liability.

The District as a Whole

The table below provides a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018.

	Net	Position
	Governmental	Governmental
	Activities	Activities
	2019	2018
<u>Assets</u>		
Current and other assets	\$ 57,207,405	\$ 54,834,923
Capital assets, net	91,960,814	94,284,979
Total assets	149,168,219	149,119,902
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>		
Pension	20,650,564	24,957,347
OPEB	1,269,571	963,955
Total deferred outflows of resources	21,920,135	25,921,302
<u>Liabilities</u>		
Current liabilities	9,902,663	10,492,769
Long-term liabilities:		
Due within one year	2,584,835	2,394,815
Due in more than one year:		
Net pension liability	74,962,306	78,489,257
Net OPEB liability	8,605,855	18,103,041
Other amounts	46,467,312	47,930,213
Total liabilities	142,522,971	157,410,095
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Property taxes and PILOTs levied for next year	28,864,905	28,795,325
Pension	4,341,391	2,571,957
OPEB	7,223,483	2,021,939
Total deferred inflows of resources	40,429,779	33,389,221
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	47,393,471	48,369,602
Restricted	8,258,640	7,967,684
Unrestricted (deficit)	(67,516,507)	(72,095,398)
Total net position (deficit)	\$ (11,864,396)	\$ (15,758,112)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

The net pension liability (NPL) is the largest single liability reported by the District at June 30, 2019 and is reported pursuant to GASB Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27." The District adopted GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions," which significantly revises accounting for costs and liabilities related to other postemployment benefits (OPEB). For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the District's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB 45) focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's *net pension liability* or *net OPEB liability*. GASB 68 and GASB 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

GASB 68 and GASB 75 require the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to equal the District's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- Present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service.
- 2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits.

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the District is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan as against the public employer. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, the District's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability and net OPEB liability, respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

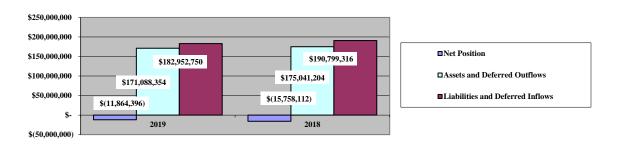
Over time, net position can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2019, the District's liabilities and deferred inflows exceeded assets and deferred outflows by \$11,864,396. Of this total \$8,258,640 is restricted in use. This includes \$3,235,039 restricted for capital projects.

At year-end, capital assets represented 61.65% of total assets. Capital assets include land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements, equipment and furniture, vehicles and infrastructure. The District's net investment in capital assets at June 30, 2019, was \$47,393,471. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the District's net position, \$8,258,640, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used.

The graph below shows the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position at June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018.

Governmental Activities



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

31,489,408

28,248,140

269,459

293,651

542,070

75,651,971

8,130

The table below shows the change in net position for fiscal years 2019 and 2018.

Revenues
Program revenues:

General revenues: Property taxes

Payments in lieu of taxes

Grants and entitlements

Investment earnings

Miscellaneous

Total revenues

Charges for services and sales

Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions

Change in fair value of investments

Governmental	Governmental					
Activities	Activities					
2019	2018					
\$ 5,449,613 9,087,759 263,741	\$ 5,322,391 9,278,637 334,824					

29,283,381

28,904,401

364,507

289,133

(411,200)

985,231

74,351,305

Change in Net Position

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Change in Net Position

	Change in Net I osition						
	Governmental	Governmental					
	Activities	Activities					
	2019	2018					
<u>Expenses</u>							
Program expenses:							
Instruction:							
Regular	\$ 25,583,856	\$ 14,882,418					
Special	10,139,896	5,184,025					
Vocational	3,288,177	2,616,170					
Adult/continuing	11,596	9,392					
Other	5,538,094	5,949,491					
Support services:							
Pupil	3,126,831	1,704,517					
Instructional staff	2,816,771	1,563,946					
Board of education	239,522	190,311					
Administration	4,124,021	2,328,662					
Fiscal	1,286,722	1,127,219					
Business	28,539	140,567					
Operations and maintenance	5,871,446	4,728,957					
Pupil transportation	2,984,491	1,529,225					
Central	182,389	95,211					
Other non-instructional services	710,210	577,932					
Food service operations	1,592,437	1,222,446					
Extracurricular activities	1,623,440	974,264					
Interest and fiscal charges	2,609,817	2,743,854					
Total expenses	71,758,255	47,568,607					
Change in net position	3,893,716	26,782,698					
Net position (deficit), beginning of year	(15,758,112)	(42,540,810)					
Net position (deficit), end of year	\$ (11,864,396)	\$ (15,758,112)					

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Governmental Activities

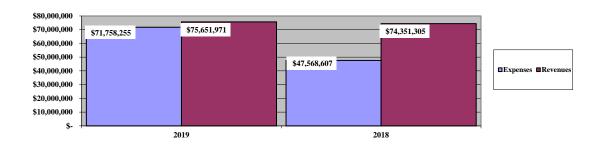
Net position of the District's governmental activities increased \$3,893,716. Total governmental expenses of \$71,758,255 were offset by program revenues of \$14,801,113 and general revenues of \$60,850,858. Program revenues supported 20.63% of the total governmental expenses.

Expenses of the governmental activities increased \$24,189,648 or 50.85%. This increase is primarily the result of an increase in the recognized STRS pension expense between years; in fiscal year 2018, the STRS pension expense was (\$22,887,218), while in fiscal year 2019, the expense increased to \$6,134,183. This increase was offset by a decrease in the STRS OPEB expense between years, decreasing from (\$3,016,676) in fiscal year 2018 to (\$9,041,150) in fiscal year 2019.

The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property taxes, and grants and entitlements. These revenue sources represent 78.94% of total governmental revenue. Real estate property is reappraised every six years.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenues and expenses for fiscal years 2019 and 2018.

Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements.

Governmental Activities

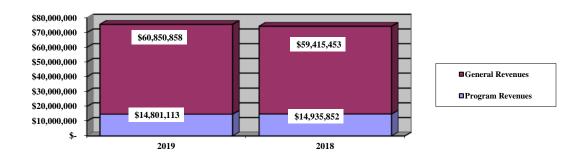
	Total Cost of Services 2019	f Net Cost of Services 2019	Total Cost of Services 2018	Net Cost of Services 2018
Program expenses				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$ 25,583,8	\$ 22,400,108	\$ 14,882,418	\$ 11,860,737
Special	10,139,89	96 4,149,469	5,184,025	(990,575)
Vocational	3,288,1	1,888,389	2,616,170	1,587,699
Adult/continuing	11,59	96 (63,404)	9,392	(2,891)
Other	5,538,09	5,472,170	5,949,491	5,908,501
Support services:				
Pupil	3,126,8	3,038,591	1,704,517	1,492,939
Instructional staff	2,816,7	71 2,540,990	1,563,946	1,073,012
Board of education	239,5	22 239,522	190,311	190,311
Administration	4,124,0	4,105,870	2,328,662	2,310,604
Fiscal	1,286,7	22 1,286,722	1,127,219	1,127,053
Business	28,5	39 21,295	140,567	106,791
Operations and maintenance	5,871,4	5,149,737	4,728,957	3,995,477
Pupil transportation	2,984,49	2,697,471	1,529,225	1,342,500
Central	182,3	39 164,821	95,211	89,521
Operation of non-instructional services:				
Other non-instructional services	710,2	10 310,094	577,932	17,194
Food service operations	1,592,43	37 (19,996)	1,222,446	(434,349)
Extracurricular activities	1,623,4	40 965,476	974,264	214,377
Interest and fiscal charges	2,609,8		2,743,854	2,743,854
Total expenses	\$ 71,758,2	\$ 56,957,142	\$ 47,568,607	\$ 32,632,755

The dependence upon tax and other general revenues for governmental activities is apparent; as 75.95% of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. For all governmental activities, general revenue support is 79.37%. The District's taxpayers, and unrestricted grants and entitlements are the primary support for District's students.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue for fiscal years 2019 and 2018.

Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues



The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$12,917,511, which is less than last year's total of \$14,883,910. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2019 and 2018.

	Fund Balance June 30, 2019	Fund Balance June 30, 2018	Increase (Decrease)		
General Other Governmental	\$ 4,458,655 8,458,856	\$ 6,700,417 8,183,493	\$ (2,241,762) 275,363		
Total	\$ 12,917,511	\$ 14,883,910	\$ (1,966,399)		

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

General Fund

The District's general fund balance decreased \$2,241,762. Although expenditures decreased and revenues increased from the prior year, the District still spent more than it received in fiscal year 2019, resulting in the overall decrease in fund balance.

	2019	2018	Percentage
	Amount	Amount	Change
Revenues			
Taxes and payments in lieu of taxes	\$ 26,409,455	\$ 25,106,124	5.19 %
Tuition	3,217,208	3,080,099	4.45 %
Earnings on investments	289,602	230,903	25.42 %
Intergovernmental	30,250,398	31,341,165	(3.48) %
Other revenues	1,695,413	1,308,535	29.57 %
Total	\$ 61,862,076	\$ 61,066,826	1.30 %
Expenditures			
Instruction	\$ 43,495,130	\$ 43,271,785	0.52 %
Support services	19,482,826	19,741,840	(1.31) %
Operation of non-instructional services	187,658	189,995	(1.23) %
Extracurricular activities	945,106	954,496	(0.98) %
Total	\$ 64,110,720	\$ 64,158,116	(0.07) %

Tax revenues increased from fiscal year 2018 to fiscal year 2019 due to a fluctuation in the amount of tax available for advance and an increase in the amount of delinquencies at fiscal year-end by the Hancock County Auditor. Tax advances available are recorded as revenue under GAAP. The amount of tax advance available at year-end can vary depending upon when the county distributes tax bills. Tuition revenue increased due to an increase in tuition received from open enrollment. Earnings on investments increased from fiscal year 2018 to fiscal year 2019 due to the number of investments that matured during the current fiscal year. Expenditures related to instruction and support services varied due to fluctuations in personnel costs. All other revenues and expenditures remained consistent with the prior year.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2019, the District amended its general fund budget numerous times. For the general fund, final budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$61,999,507, which was more than the original budget estimate of \$61,857,418. This increase is due to higher estimates regarding property taxes. Actual revenues and other financing sources for fiscal year 2019 were \$59,769,042. This represents a \$2,230,465 decrease from final budgeted revenues. The decrease was primarily due to actual tax revenues being less than estimated amounts.

General fund original appropriations (appropriated expenditures plus other financing uses) of \$65,009,226 were increased to \$65,030,226 in the final budget. Actual budget basis expenditures and other financing uses for fiscal year 2019 totaled \$63,867,491, which was \$1,162,735 less than the final budget appropriations. The decrease was primarily a result of decreases in instruction and support service expenditures.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2019, the District had \$91,960,814 invested in land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements, equipment and furniture, vehicles and infrastructure, net of accumulated depreciation. This entire amount is reported in governmental activities. The following table shows fiscal year 2019 balances compared to 2018:

Capital Assets at June (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities				
	2019	2018			
Land	\$ 1,722,570	\$ 1,722,570			
Construction in progress	267,806	-			
Land improvements	2,691,717	2,862,819			
Buildings and improvements	78,945,500	80,958,992			
Equipment and Furniture	5,019,358	5,605,590			
Vehicles	2,002,715	1,776,411			
Infrastructure	1,311,148	1,358,597			
Total	\$ 91,960,814	\$ 94,284,979			

Total additions to capital assets for fiscal year 2019 were \$856,666. The overall decrease in capital assets of \$2,324,165 is primarily due to \$3,180,831 in depreciation expense exceeding the additions relating to ongoing projects recording of \$856,666 for fiscal year 2019. See Note 9 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's capital assets.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2019, the District had \$44,110,000 in general obligation bonds outstanding. Of this total, \$1,555,000 is due within one year and \$42,555,000 is due in greater than one year. The following table summarizes the debt obligations outstanding.

Outstanding Debt, at Year End

	Activities	Activities
	2019	2018
General obligation bonds	\$ 44,110,000	\$ 45,560,000

Moody's Investors Service published its Annual Issuer Comment which shows the District's credit position is of a very high quality and is now stronger at Aa2 than its initial rating in 2010 of Aa3 when the District issued bonds for its middle school and Millstream construction projects. The District's Aa2 rating slightly exceeds the median rating of Aa3 for school districts nationwide.

See Note 10 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's debt administration.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Current Financial Related Activities

The District has carefully managed its finances in order to maximize the dollars spent on educating students; however, unpredictable costs and limited revenue streams continue to make it difficult. The biggest challenge for the District is its enrollment and the ability to attract and retain students while adjusting operations accordingly. For instance the District has added modular classrooms and teachers to reduce teacher ratios in the primary grades while enrollments are dropping from the high school which may lead to fewer class offerings.

The passage of a 2.5 mill permanent improvement levy in May 2006 has helped to alleviate many facility needs. However, the biggest improvement to the District's facility needs was made possible in November 2011, when voters approved a 4.3 mill, 28-year bond levy which will pay the debt service on \$54,195,000 that was needed to cover the local share and locally funded initiatives to build two middle schools and a career tech building. The District has consolidated the south, north, and east campuses of Millstream Career Center into one location. The District has also converted its three small middle schools into two larger, more efficient, newly constructed middle schools. The Millstream Career Center was completed for the start of the 2012-13 school year while both new middle schools accepted students in January 2013.

In May 2015 the District's five-year 5.9 mill operating levy collections was renewed on a continuous basis. This levy amounts to \$4.5 million per year. Similarly, in May 2017, the District's five-year 4.9 mill operating levy was renewed on a continuous basis. This levy amounts to \$3.9 million per year. The District no longer has any operating levies that will expire. The District has not passed a new general fund operating levy in over 15 years. Current expectations are that voters will be asked to pass a 5.9 mill operating levy in calendar year 2020 so that revenues may be received in calendar year 2021.

In order to meet ongoing challenges, the District developed and implemented a fiscal health plan in 2006 and continues to update it with the last update presented to the Board in December 2017. The plan includes strategies for diversifying revenue sources and reducing expenditures. The District will continue to implement and update the plan as it remains fiscally vigilant. The District has committed itself to educational and financial excellence, and the District's Board and management team will continue to work with the community it serves to provide the best education and the best resources possible to its students, teachers, employees and community.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Mr. Michael T. Barnhart, Treasurer, Findlay City School District, 2019 Broad Avenue, Findlay, Ohio 45840.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities	Component Unit		
Assets:				
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 18,803,421	\$ 1,472,467		
Property taxes	32,817,874	-		
Payment in lieu of taxes	208,708	-		
Accounts	498,706	-		
Accrued interest	113,514	1,435		
Intergovernmental	371,095	12,268		
Prepayments	149,616	-		
Materials and supplies inventory	7,515	-		
Inventory held for resale	15,898	-		
Net OPEB asset	4,193,514	-		
Security deposit	15,000	-		
Due from component unit	12,544	-		
Capital assets:	1.000.274			
Nondepreciable capital assets	1,990,376	-		
Depreciable capital assets, net	89,970,438	61,658		
Capital assets, net	91,960,814	61,658		
Total assets	149,168,219	1,547,828		
Deferred outflows of resources:				
Pension	20,650,564	-		
OPEB	1,269,571	-		
Total deferred outflows of resources	21,920,135			
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	203,944	2,195		
Contracts payable	120,269	-		
Accrued wages and benefits payable	5,979,754	-		
Intergovernmental payable	125,165	3,445		
Due to primary government	-	12,544		
Pension and postemployment benefits payable	946,951	-		
Accrued interest payable	206,039	-		
Claims payable	2,320,541	-		
Long-term liabilities:				
Due within one year	2,584,835	48,198		
Net pension liability	74,962,306	-		
Net OPEB liability	. 8,605,855	-		
Other amounts due in more than one year	46,467,312	530,178		
Total liabilities	142,522,971	596,560		
Deferred inflows of resources:				
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year	28,707,287	-		
Payment in lieu of taxes levied for the next fiscal year	157,618	-		
Pension	4,341,391	-		
OPEB	7,223,483			
Total deferred inflows of resources	40,429,779			
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	47,393,471	61,658		
Restricted for:				
Capital projects	3,235,039	-		
Permanent fund - expendable	61,623	-		
Permanent fund - nonexpendable	618,000	-		
Classroom facilities maintenance	1,600,009	-		
Debt service	1,225,904	-		
Locally funded programs	365,790	35		
State funded programs	35,691	-		
Federally funded programs	25,230	938		
Student activities	417,319	-		
Other purposes	674,035	000 627		
Unrestricted (deficit)	(67,516,507)	888,637		
Total net position (deficit)	\$ (11,864,396)	\$ 951,268		

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Program Revenues						Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position			
	Expenses		harges for Services and Sales	G	perating rants and ntributions	Capital Grants Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities		Component Unit	
Governmental activities:	-						•				
Instruction:											
Regular	\$ 25,583,856	\$	2,522,476	\$	547,075	\$	114,197	\$	(22,400,108)	\$	-
Special	10,139,896		576,265		5,407,556		6,606		(4,149,469)		-
Vocational	3,288,177		759,350		640,438		-		(1,888,389)		-
Adult/continuing	11,596		75,000		-		-		63,404		-
Other	5,538,094		-		65,924		-		(5,472,170)		-
Support services:											
Pupil	3,126,831		-		88,240		-		(3,038,591)		-
Instructional staff	2,816,771		-		275,781		-		(2,540,990)		-
Board of education	239,522		-		-		-		(239,522)		-
Administration	4,124,021		7,547		10,604		-		(4,105,870)		-
Fiscal	1,286,722		-		-		-		(1,286,722)		-
Business	28,539		-		-		7,244		(21,295)		-
Operations and maintenance	5,871,446		386,368		333,684		1,657		(5,149,737)		-
Pupil transportation	2,984,491		8,049		148,423		130,548		(2,697,471)		-
Central	182,389		4,964		12,604		-		(164,821)		-
Operation of non-instructional services:											
Other non-instructional services	710,210		-		400,116		-		(310,094)		-
Food service operations	1,592,437		561,491		1,050,942		-		19,996		-
Extracurricular activities	1,623,440		548,103		106,372		3,489		(965,476)		-
Interest and fiscal charges	2,609,817								(2,609,817)		-
Total governmental activities	71,758,255		5,449,613		9,087,759		263,741		(56,957,142)		
Component unit:											
Findlay Digital Academy	920,006				982,518	-	-			-	62,512
Total component unit	920,006				982,518						62,512
Totals	\$ 72,678,261	\$	5,449,613	\$	10,070,277	\$	263,741		(56,957,142)		62,512
		Pro G	eral revenues operty taxes le eneral purpos	evied t					26,630,634		-
		C	ebt service apital outlay. ants and entitl						3,080,972 1,777,802		-
			specific prog						28,248,140		137,280
		Inv	estment earni	ngs .					293,651		30,259
			rease in fair v						8,130		-
			yments in-lieu						269,459		-
		Mi	scellaneous .				•		542,070		
		Tota	l general reve	nues .					60,850,858		167,539
		Char	nge in net posi	tion .					3,893,716		230,051
		Net]	position (defi	cit) at	beginning o	f year.	• • • • •		(15,758,112)		721,217
		Net]	position (defi	cit) at	end of year.			\$	(11,864,396)	\$	951,268

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	General			Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
Assets:		General		Tunus		Tulius	
Equity in pooled cash							
and investments	\$	8,704,104	\$	8,386,313	\$	17,090,417	
Receivables:							
Property taxes		27,740,565		5,077,309		32,817,874	
Payment in lieu of taxes		182,356		26,352		208,708	
Accounts		326,066		-		326,066	
Accrued interest		113,056		458		113,514	
Intergovernmental		182,960		188,135		371,095	
Prepayments		147,945		1,671		149,616	
Materials and supplies inventory		-		7,515		7,515	
Inventory held for resale		15,000		15,898		15,898	
Security deposit		12,544		-		15,000 12,544	
Total assets	\$	37,424,596	\$	13,703,651	\$	51,128,247	
Total assets	<u>Ψ</u>	37,121,370	Ψ	13,703,031	Ψ	31,120,217	
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	105,182	\$	87,395	\$	192,577	
Contracts payable		-		120,269		120,269	
Accrued wages and benefits payable		5,735,254		244,500		5,979,754	
Compensated absences payable		286,068		-		286,068	
Intergovernmental payable		120,782		4,383		125,165	
Pension and postemployment							
benefits payable		908,560		38,391		946,951	
Total liabilities		7,155,846		494,938		7,650,784	
Deferred inflows of resources:							
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year		24,266,645		4,440,642		28,707,287	
Payment in lieu of taxes levied for							
the next fiscal year		137,717		19,901		157,618	
Delinquent property tax revenue not available		1,220,684		226,922		1,447,606	
Intergovernmental revenue not available		131,548		62,392		193,940	
Accrued interest not available		40,957		-		40,957	
Tuition revenue not available		12,544		_		12,544	
Total deferred inflows of resources		25,810,095		4,749,857		30,559,952	
Total liabilities and				.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		23,007,702	
deferred inflows of resources		22.065.041		5 244 705		38,210,736	
uciciteu iiiiows oi iesources		32,965,941		5,244,795		30,210,730	

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2019

				Nonmajor		Total		
			Go	Governmental		overnmental		
Fund balances:	General			Funds		Funds		
Nonspendable:								
Materials and supplies inventory	\$	_	\$	7,515	\$	7,515		
Prepaids	_	147,945	_	1,671	_	149,616		
Permanent fund		_		618,000		618,000		
Restricted:								
Debt service		-		1,287,971		1,287,971		
Capital improvements		-		3,152,089		3,152,089		
Classroom facilities maintenance		-		1,600,009		1,600,009		
Food service operations		-		329,888		329,888		
Non-public schools		-		11,275		11,275		
Other purposes		-		859,148		859,148		
Extracurricular		_		417,319	417,319			
Scholarships		_		61,623		61,623		
Committed:								
Capital improvements		-		230,573		230,573		
Assigned:								
Student instruction		56,312		-		56,312		
Student and staff support		898,944		-		898,944		
Extracurricular activities		4,738		-		4,738		
Subsequent year's appropriations		2,432,861		-		2,432,861		
School supplies		467,657		-		467,657		
Career center		58,463		-		58,463		
Before school and after school care		69,763		-		69,763		
Future claims		183,814		-		183,814		
Other purposes		138,158		-		138,158		
Unassigned (deficit)				(118,225)		(118,225)		
Total fund balances		4,458,655		8,458,856		12,917,511		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows								
and fund balances	\$	37,424,596	\$	13,703,651	\$	51,128,247		

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2019

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 12,917,511
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		91,960,814
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred inflows in the funds. Property taxes receivable Tuition receivable Accrued interest receivable Intergovernmental receivable Total	\$ 1,447,606 12,544 40,957 193,940	1,695,047
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities on the statement of net position.		(446,264)
Unamortized premiums on bonds issued are not recognized in the funds.		(337,074)
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the funds.		(206,039)
The net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period; therefore, the liability and related deferred inflows/ outflows are not reported in governmental funds: Deferred outflows of resources - pension Deferred inflows of resources - pension Net pension liability Total	20,650,564 (4,341,391) (74,962,306)	(58,653,133)
The net OPEB asset/liability is not due and payable in the current period; therefore, the asset/liability and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in governmental funds: Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB Net OPEB asset Net OPEB liability Total	1,269,571 (7,223,483) 4,193,514 (8,605,855)	(10,366,253)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. General obligation bonds Compensated absences Total	(44,110,000) (4,319,005)	(48,429,005)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ (11,864,396)
-		

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Nonmajor Governmental	Total Governmental
	General	Funds	Funds
Revenues:			
From local sources:			
Property taxes	\$ 26,173,995	\$ 4,773,890	\$ 30,947,885
Payment in lieu of taxes	235,460	33,999	269,459
Tuition	3,217,208	-	3,217,208
Earnings on investments	289,602	23,083	312,685
Charges for services	-	561,491	561,491
Extracurricular	13,327	561,361	574,688
Classroom materials and fees	419,093	267.500	419,093
Rental income	12,700	367,500	380,200
Contributions and donations	12,203	360,875	373,078
Contract services	138,531	- 515 150	138,531
Intergovernmental - state	687,910	515,159	1,203,069
•	30,039,221	1,054,892	31,094,113
Intergovernmental - federal	211,177 411,649	4,998,235	5,209,412 419,779
Total revenues	61,862,076	8,130 13,258,615	75,120,691
Total levelues	01,802,070	13,236,013	73,120,091
Expenditures: Current:			
Instruction:			
Regular	26,209,413	946,048	27,155,461
Special	8,719,643	2,284,498	11,004,141
Vocational	3,070,572	183,964	3,254,536
Adult/continuing	12,789	-	12,789
Other	5,482,713	59,343	5,542,056
Support services:			
Pupil	3,302,325	87,456	3,389,781
Instructional staff	2,675,842	244,412	2,920,254
Board of education	239,522	-	239,522
Administration	4,388,276	10,577	4,398,853
Fiscal	1,281,087	-	1,281,087
Business	-	28,539	28,539
Operations and maintenance	5,005,768	988,176	5,993,944
Pupil transportation	2,410,066	562,409	2,972,475
Central	179,940	8,032	187,972
Operation of non-instructional services:			
Other non-instructional services	187,658	402,572	590,230
Food service operations	-	1,659,958	1,659,958
Extracurricular activities	945,106	738,206	1,683,312
Facilities acquisition and construction	-	690,004	690,004
Debt service:			
Principal retirement	-	1,450,000	1,450,000
Interest and fiscal charges		2,633,348	2,633,348
Total expenditures	64,110,720	12,977,542	77,088,262
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)	_	_	_
expenditures	(2,248,644)	281,073	(1,967,571)
_			
Other financing sources (uses):	< 000	20.022	44.004
Transfers in	6,882	38,022	44,904
Transfers (out)		(44,904)	(44,904)
Total other financing sources (uses)	6,882	(6,882)	
Net change in fund balances	(2,241,762)	274,191	(1,967,571)
Fund balances at beginning of year	6,700,417	8,183,493	14,883,910
Increase in reserve for inventory		1,172	1,172
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 4,458,655	\$ 8,458,856	\$ 12,917,511

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

TOR THE PISCAL TEAR ENDED JOI	NE 30, 2019		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	(1,967,571)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.			
Capital asset additions Current year depreciation Total	\$ (3	856,666 ,180,831)	(2,324,165)
Governmental funds report expenditures for inventory when purchased. However, in the statement of activities, they are			, , , ,
reported as an expense when consumed.			1,172
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in			
the funds. Property taxes Tuition		541,523 359	
Earnings on investments		(5,354)	
Intergovernmental Total		126,300	662,828
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds,			
but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position.			1,450,000
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. The following items resulted in additional interest being reported in the statement of activities:			
Decrease in accrued interest payable Amortization of bond premiums Total		5,228 18,303	23,531
Contractually required pension contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows.			5,379,577
Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension liability are reported as pension expense in the statement of activities.			(7,928,843)
Contractually required OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports			(7,720,043)
these amounts as deferred outflows.			215,311
Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net OPEB asset/liability are reported as OPEB expense in the statement of activities.			8,579,461
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			(108,270)
An internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the district-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund			
expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net expense of the internal service fund			
is allocated among the governmental activities.			(89,315)
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$	3,893,716

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

•	Budgeted Amounts			
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues:				
From local sources:				
Property taxes	\$ 27,140,861	\$ 27,282,950	\$ 25,929,375	\$ (1,353,575)
Payment in lieu of taxes	-	-	206,067	206,067
Tuition	2,575,000	2,575,000	2,397,499	(177,501)
Earnings on investments	250,000	250,000	277,422	27,422
Classroom materials and fees	9,000	9,000	7,202	(1,798)
Rental income	25,000	25,000	12,700	(12,300)
Contributions and donations	5,000	5,000	7,786	2,786
Contract services	50,000	50,000	-	(50,000)
Other local revenues	950,000	950,000	554,324	(395,676)
Intergovernmental - state	30,352,557	30,352,557	29,996,184	(356,373)
Intergovernmental - federal	250,000	250,000	211,177	(38,823)
Total revenues	61,607,418	61,749,507	59,599,736	(2,149,771)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	25,842,554	25,842,554	25,840,297	2,257
Special	8,323,011	8,633,011	8,631,048	1,963
Vocational	3,087,057	3,087,057	2,965,258	121,799
Other	6,360,557	6,010,557	5,506,979	503,578
Support services:				
Pupil	3,144,966	3,184,966	3,174,695	10,271
Instructional staff	2,259,879	2,259,879	2,136,378	123,501
Board of education	234,466	279,466	277,666	1,800
Administration	4,435,991	4,435,991	4,409,388	26,603
Fiscal	1,487,884	1,487,884	1,368,893	118,991
Operations and maintenance	5,836,578	5,837,578	5,826,500	11,078
Pupil transportation	2,653,485	2,652,485	2,579,413	73,072
Central	189,379	189,379	177,385	11,994
Extracurricular activities	1,023,919	999,919	953,256	46,663
Facilities acquisition and construction	5,000	5,000		5,000
Total expenditures	64,884,726	64,905,726	63,847,156	1,058,570
Excess of expenditures over revenues	(3,277,308)	(3,156,219)	(4,247,420)	(1,091,201)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Refund of prior year's expenditures	195,000	195,000	158,192	(36,808)
Refund of prior year's receipts	(24,500)	(24,500)	(20,335)	4,165
Transfers in	-	-	2,882	2,882
Transfers (out)	(50,000)	(50,000)	-	50,000
Advances in	50,000	50,000	-	(50,000)
Advances (out)	(50,000)	(50,000)	-	50,000
Sale of capital assets	5,000	5,000	8,232	3,232
Total other financing sources (uses)	125,500	125,500	148,971	23,471
Net change in fund balance	(3,151,808)	(3,030,719)	(4,098,449)	(1,067,730)
Fund balance at beginning of year	9,480,081	9,480,081	9,480,081	-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	1,428,173	1,428,173	1,428,173	-
Fund balance at and of year	\$ 7.756.446	\$ 7,977,525	\$ 6,900,905	\$ (1.067.720)

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

7,877,535

6,809,805

\$

(1,067,730)

7,756,446

Fund balance at end of year

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund		
Assets:			
Current assets:			
Equity in pooled cash			
and investments	\$	1,713,004	
Receivables:			
Accounts		172,640	
Total assets		1,885,644	
Liabilities: Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable		11,367	
Claims payable		2,320,541	
Total liabilities		2,331,908	
Net position:			
Unrestricted (deficit)		(446,264)	
Total net position (deficit)	\$	(446,264)	
SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS			

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund	
Operating revenues:		
Charges for services	\$	9,508,818
Total operating revenues		9,508,818
Operating expenses:		
Personal services		274,819
Purchased services		1,366,801
Claims		7,956,513
Total operating expenses		9,598,133
Operating loss		(89,315)
Change in net position		(89,315)
Net position (deficit) at beginning of year		(356,949)
Net position (deficit) at end of year	\$	(446,264)
		•

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund
Cash flows from operating activities:	
Cash received from charges for services	\$ 9,336,178
Cash payments for personal services	(274,819)
Cash payments for purchased services	(1,355,434)
Cash payments for claims	(7,805,054)
Net cash used in	
operating activities	(99,129)
Net decrease in cash and cash	
cash equivalents	(99,129)
Cash and investments at beginning of year	1,812,133
Cash and investments at end of year	\$ 1,713,004
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used in operating activities:	
Operating loss	\$ (89,315)
Changes in assets and liabilities:	
Increase in accounts receivable	(172,640)
Increase in accounts payable	11,367
Increase in claims payable	151,459
Net cash used in	
operating activities	\$ (99,129)

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Private-Purpose Trust			
	Scholarship		Agency	
Assets:				
Current assets:				
Equity in pooled cash				
and investments	\$	55,977	\$	136,623
Total assets		55,977	\$	136,623
Liabilities:				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable		-	\$	36
Due to students				136,587
Total liabilities		-	\$	136,623
Net position:				
Held in trust for scholarships		55,977		
Total net position	\$	55,977		

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Private-Purpose Trust	
Additions:	Scholarship	
Gifts and contributions	\$	18,500
Total additions		18,500
Deductions: Scholarships awarded		10,499
Change in net position		8,001
Net position at beginning of year		47,976
Net position at end of year	\$	55,977

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Findlay City School District (the "District") is located in Hancock County in northwest Ohio. The District is located in a prosperous community, which includes most of the City of Findlay.

The District operates under a locally elected, five-member Board and provides educational services as authorized by its charter or further mandated by State and/or federal agencies. The Board controls the District's fourteen instructional facilities and one support facility staffed by 431 certified teaching personnel, 399 classified support personnel, and 42 administrators.

The District is organized under Sections 2 and 3, Article VI of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The legislative power of the District is vested in the Board of Education, consisting of five members elected at large for staggered four-year terms.

It currently operates 9 elementary schools, 2 middle schools, 1 high school, and a vocational center, to provide services to approximately 5,655 students in grades pre-K-12 and various community groups.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>" and GASB Statement No. 61, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34</u>". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government and component units. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion by the primary government would render the primary government's financial statements incomplete or misleading. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has one component unit. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government) and the component unit.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District:

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT

Findlay Digital Academy

The Findlay Digital Academy (the "Academy") is a Conversion Community School established pursuant to Ohio Revised Code, Chapter 3314. The Academy is sponsored by the District to serve ninth through twelfth grade students living in the District. The Academy's mission is to enhance and facilitate student learning by combining state-of-the-art digital curriculum with access to local school resources to complement that instruction and prepare students to become lifelong learners and productive citizens. The Academy is governed by a seven-member Board of Directors, the majority of which are public officials or public sector employees who have a professional interest in furthering the establishment of the Academy, the District's Superintendent, who serves as the non-voting Board President, and can also include one or more parents of enrolled students and community civic leaders. The Academy's Treasurer serves as a non-voting ex-officio member of the Board. The Academy issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes basic financial statements and supplementary information. This report may be obtained by writing to Steve Earnest, Treasurer, Findlay Digital Academy at, 1219 West Main Cross, Suite 101, Findlay, Ohio 45840.

The Academy is included as a component unit of the District because the District appoints the Academy's Board of Directors. Therefore, the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization. In addition, through contractual arrangements, the District is able to access a significant portion of the Academy's resources. Based on the District's relationship with the Academy and due to the significant resources and services provided by the District to the Academy, it would be misleading to exclude the Academy from the District's financial reporting entity and as such, the Academy warrants inclusion in the District's financial statements as a discretely presented component unit.

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION

Northwest Ohio Area Computer Services Cooperative

The District is a participant in the Northwest Ohio Area Computer Services Cooperative (NOACSC) which is a computer consortium. NOACSC is an association of public school districts within the boundaries of Allen, Hancock, Paulding, Putnam, Auglaize, Mercer, Hardin, Wyandot, Seneca, Wood and Van Wert counties. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology (with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment) to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts.

The Governing Board of NOACSC consists of two representatives from Hancock, Paulding, Allen, Mercer, Putnam, and Van Wert counties and two at large members. Financial information can be obtained from Ray Burden, who serves as Director, at 4277 East Rd Elida, Ohio 45807.

PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOL

Workers' Compensation Retrospective Ratings Plan

The District participates in the Bureau of Workers' Compensation Retrospective Rating Plan. See Note 11.B. for further details on this alternative rating plan.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows is reported as fund balance. The following is the District's major governmental fund:

<u>General fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets, (b) specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to an expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects, (c) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest and (d) resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the District's programs.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The District has no enterprise funds. The following is a description of the District's internal service fund:

<u>Internal service fund</u> - The internal service fund is used to account for the financing of services provided by one fund or department to other funds or departments of the District, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis. The only internal service fund of the District accounts for a self-insurance program which provides insurance benefits to employees.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The District's fiduciary funds include a private-purpose trust fund and agency funds. Trust funds account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's programs. The District's only trust fund is a private-purpose trust which accounts for scholarship programs for students. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's agency funds account for student activities and activities of individuals, private organizations, and other governmental units.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus

<u>Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. Internal service fund operating activity is eliminated to avoid overstatement of revenues and expenses.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities of the District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows and all liabilities and deferred inflows associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net position.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and deferred outflows and current liabilities and deferred inflows generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, the internal service fund is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows and all liabilities and deferred inflows associated with the operation of this fund are included on the statement of fund net position. The statement of changes in fund net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activity.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operation. The principal operating revenues of the District's internal service fund are charges for services. Operating expenses for internal service funds include claims and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The private-purpose trust fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The agency fund does not report a measurement focus as it does not report operations.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

<u>Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions</u> - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6).

Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> - In addition to assets, the government-wide statement of net position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the District, see Notes 12 and 13 for deferred outflows of resources related to the District's net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset, respectively.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

In addition to liabilities, both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the District, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, payments in lieu of taxes and unavailable revenue. Property taxes and payments in lieu of taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2019, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2020 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow of resources on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the District unavailable revenue includes, but is not limited to, delinquent property taxes and intergovernmental grants. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available.

For the District, see Notes 12 and 13 for deferred inflows of resources related to the District's net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset, respectively. This deferred inflow of resources is only reported on the government-wide statement of net position.

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The entitlement value of donated commodities received during the fiscal year is reported in the financial statements as an expense with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgets

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriation resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified. All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The legal level of budgetary control is at the fund and function level for the general fund and at the fund level for all other funds. Any budgetary modifications at these levels may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education.

Tax Budget:

A budget of estimated cash receipts is submitted to the County Auditor, as Secretary of the County Budget Commission, by January 20 of each year, for the period July 1 to June 30 of the following year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Estimated Resources:

By April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's certificate of estimated resources, which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to July 1, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate is amended to include any unencumbered cash balances from the preceding year. The certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the original and final amended certificate of estimated resources issued during the fiscal year.

Appropriations:

Upon receipt from the County Auditor of an amended certificate of estimated resources based on final assessed values and tax rates or a certificate saying no new certificate is necessary, the annual appropriation resolution is enacted by the Board of Education. Prior to the passage of the annual appropriation measure, the Board may pass a temporary appropriation measure to meet the ordinary expenses of the District. The appropriation resolution, by fund, must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures may not exceed the appropriation totals at the legal level of control. Any revisions that alter the function level in the general fund or the fund level for all other funds must be approved by the Board of Education.

The Board may pass supplemental fund appropriations as long as the total appropriations by fund do not exceed the amounts set forth in the most recent certificate of estimated resources. During the year, all supplemental appropriations were legally enacted.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the fiscal year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budget amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund which covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior year. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated. Cash disbursements may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the legal level of control.

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and investments" on the basic financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

During fiscal year 2019, investments were limited to nonnegotiable certificates of deposits, negotiable certificates of deposit, federal agency securities, U.S. government money market mutual funds, and investments in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio). Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts, such as nonnegotiable certificates of deposit, are reported at cost.

During fiscal year 2019, the District invested in STAR Ohio. STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The District measures its investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For fiscal year 2019, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$25 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$100 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$100 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund or the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2019 amounted to \$289,602, which includes \$136,326 assigned from other District funds.

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District's investment account at fiscal year-end is provided in Note 4.

G. Inventory

On government-wide financial statements, supply inventories are presented at cost, inventories held for resale are presented at the lower of cost or market and donated commodities are presented at their entitlement value. Inventory is presented at cost on first-in, first-out basis and is expended/expensed when used. Inventories are accounted for using the consumption method on the government-wide statements and the fund financial statements.

On the fund financial statements, reported material and supplies inventory is equally offset by nonspendable fund balance in the governmental funds, which indicates that it does not constitute available spending resources even though it is a component of net current assets. Inventory consists of donated and purchased food.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

H. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets specifically related to governmental activities. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and deletions during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition value. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$2,500. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

All reported capital assets except land and construction in progress are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental
	Activities
Description	Estimated Lives
Land improvements	20 years
Buildings and improvements	25 - 50 years
Equipment and furniture	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	5 - 10 years
Infrastructure	30 years

I. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and sick leave to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination (severance) payments. A liability for sick leave is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at June 30, 2019, by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future. For purposes of establishing a liability for sick leave on employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, employees age 50 with at least 10 years of service and any employees with at least 15 years of service regardless of their age were considered expected to become eligible to retire in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

The total liability for vacation and sick leave payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at June 30, 2019 and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any applicable additional salary related payments.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported in the government-wide financial statements. For governmental fund financial statements, the amount of accumulated vacation and sick leave of employees has been recorded as a current liability to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations or retirements. The balance of the liability is not recorded.

J. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from the internal service fund are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds, loans and capital lease obligations are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due. Net pension / OPEB liability should be recognized in the governmental funds to the extent that benefit payments are due and payable and the pension / OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is not sufficient for payment of those benefits.

K. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of loans receivable.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the District Board of Education (the highest level of decision making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Board of Education has by resolution authorized the treasurer to assign fund balance, the Board of Education may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

L. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows. The net position component "net investment in capital assets," consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. The amount restricted for other purposes represents amounts restricted for food service operations and a special trust.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

M. Prepayments

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

N. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

O. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the government-wide statement of activities. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in the proprietary fund. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements.

P. Parochial Schools

St. Michael's Elementary and Heritage Christian School are operated within the District boundaries. Current state legislation provides funding to state chartered parochial schools. These monies are received and disbursed on behalf of the parochial schools by the Treasurer of the District, as directed by the parochial school. The receipt and expenditure of these state monies by the District are reflected in a nonmajor governmental fund for financial reporting purposes.

Q. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. During the current fiscal year, the District reported neither transaction.

R. Bond Premium

Bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bond premiums are presented as an addition to the face amount of the bonds.

On the government-wide and fund financial statements, bond issuance costs are expensed during the fiscal year in which they are incurred.

S. Security Deposit

At June 30, 2019, the District had a deposit of \$15,000 with Great Scot, Inc. as security for the faithful performance of all lease covenants and conditions of the property leased. The deposit is recorded on the accompanying statement of net position as a non-current asset.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

T. Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability, net OPEB asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

U. Fair Value

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2019, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 83, "<u>Certain Asset Retirement Obligations</u>" and GASB Statement No. 88, "<u>Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements</u>".

GASB Statement No. 83 addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. A government that has legal obligations to perform future asset retirement activities related to its tangible capital assets should recognize a liability. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 83 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 88 improves the information that is disclosed in notes to the basic financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 88 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

B. Deficit Fund Balances / Net Position

Fund balances / net position at June 30, 2019 included the following individual fund deficits:

Nonmajor governmental funds	Deficit
IDEA Part-B grants	\$ 37,195
Vocational education	600
Title I - disadvantaged children	80,430
Internal service fund	
Employee benefits self insurance	446,264

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

The general fund is liable for any deficit in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than five years from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the fair value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) and (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio) investment pool;

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one-hundred-eighty days and two-hundred-seventy days, respectively, from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed forty percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Cash on Hand

At fiscal year end, the District had \$1,427 in undeposited cash on hand which is included on the financial statements of the District as part of "equity in pooled cash and investments".

B. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2019, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$2,200,819 and the bank balance of all District deposits was \$3,094,969. Of the bank balance, \$1,380,666 was covered by the FDIC and \$1,714,303 was covered by the Ohio Pooled Collateral System.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or protected by (1) eligible securities pledged to the District and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose fair value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured, or (2) participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total fair value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State. For 2019, the District's financial institutions were approved for a reduced collateral rate of 50 percent through the OPCS. Although all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

C. Investments

As of June 30, 2019, the District had the following investments and maturities:

			Investment Maturities									
Measurement/	M	easurement	61	months or		7 to 12	1	13 to 18		19 to 24	N	More than
<u>Investment type</u>		Value		less		months		months	_	months	2	4 months
Fair Value:												
FHLB	\$	2,109,111	\$	-	\$	143,544	\$	-	\$	113,659	\$	1,851,908
FFCB		896,751		-		-		-		896,751		-
FHLMC		6,604,602		-		-		-		-		6,604,602
U.S. Government money markets		150,454		150,454		-		-		-		-
Negotiable CD's		6,160,234		408,720		244,324		488,756		1,184,892		3,833,542
Amortized Cost:												
STAR Ohio	_	872,623		872,623			_		_			<u>-</u>
Total	\$	16,793,775	\$	1,431,797	\$	387,868	\$	488,756	\$	2,195,302	\$	12,290,052

The weighted average maturity of investments is 3.16 years.

The District's investments in U.S. Government money market mutual funds are valued using quoted market prices in active markets (Level 1 inputs). The District's investments in federal agency securities (FFCB, FHLB, FHLMC), and negotiable CD's are valued using quoted prices in markets that are not considered to be active, dealer quotations or alternative pricing sources for similar assets or liabilities for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly (Level 2 inputs).

Interest Rate Risk: Interest rate risk arises because potential purchasers of debt securities will not agree to pay face value for those securities if interest rates subsequently increase. The Ohio Revised Code generally limits security purchases to those that mature within five years of the settlement date. The District's investment policy addresses interest rate risk by requiring the consideration of cash flow requirements and market conditions in determining the term of an investment and limiting investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk: The District's investments, except for STAR Ohio, were rated AA+ and AAA by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services, respectively. Standard & Poor's has assigned STAR Ohio an AAAm money market rating. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The negotiable CDs are fully covered by the FDIC. The District's investment policy does not specifically address credit risk beyond the adherence to Chapter 135 of the Ohio Revised Code, of which all relevant provisions are described previously in this note disclosure (Note 4).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The federal agency securities and U.S. Treasury notes are exposed to custodial credit risk in that they are uninsured, unregistered and held by the counterparty's trust department or agent, but not in the District's name. State statute prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee. The District's investment policy does not specifically address custodial credit risk beyond the adherence to this requirement.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District's investment policy addresses concentration of credit risk by requiring investments to be diversified in order to reduce the risk of loss resulting from the over concentration of assets in a specific type of security, the erosion of fair value, or by default. However, the District's investment policy does not place any limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2019:

Measurement	Measurement	Percent
<u>Investment type</u>	Value	of Total
Fair Value:		
FHLB	\$ 2,109,111	12.55
FFCB	896,751	5.34
FHLMC	6,604,602	39.33
U.S. Government money markets	150,454	0.90
Negotiable CD's	6,160,234	36.68
Amortized Cost:		
STAR Ohio	872,623	5.20
Total	\$ 16,793,775	100.00

D. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Position

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note disclosure above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net position as of June 30, 2019:

Cash and investments per note disclosure	
Carrying amount of deposits	\$ 2,200,819
Investments	16,793,775
Cash on hand	 1,427
Total	\$ 18,996,021
Cash and investments per statement of net position	
Governmental activities	\$ 18,803,421
Private-purpose trust funds	55,977
Agency funds	 136,623
Total	\$ 18,996,021

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund transfers for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 consisted of the following transfers, as reported in the fund financial statements:

	_ A	<u>Amount</u>
Transfers from nonmajor governmental fund to:		
General fund	\$	6,882
Nonmajor governmental fund		38,022
	\$	44,904

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget required to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and to use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. The \$38,022 transfer from the permanent improvement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund) to the classroom facilities maintenance fund (a nonmajor governmental fund) is in accordance with the OFCC agreement requirement. The \$2,882 in transfers to the general fund were to close-out special centers of special revenue funds. The \$4,000 in transfers to the general fund was a Board approved transfer of donated funds used to support educational programs.

Transfers were made in compliance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.14, 5705.15 and 5705.16. Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property and public utility property located within the District. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2019 represent the collection of calendar year 2018 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2019 were levied after April 1, 2018, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2018, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised fair value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2019 represent the collection of calendar year 2018 taxes. Public utility real and personal property taxes received in calendar year 2019 became a lien on December 31, 2017, were levied after April 1, 2018, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

The District receives property taxes from Hancock County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2019, are available to finance fiscal year 2019 operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2019 was \$2,253,236 in the general fund, \$259,819 in the bond retirement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund) and \$149,926 in the permanent improvement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). This amount is recorded as revenue. The amount available for advance at June 30, 2018 was \$2,008,616 in the general fund, \$244,544 in the bond retirement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund) and \$140,848 in the permanent improvement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and delinquent tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2019 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year-end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflows.

On the accrual basis of accounting, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis of accounting the revenue has been reported as a deferred inflow.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2019 taxes were collected are:

	2018 Seco	ond	2019 Firs	st
	Half Collect	tions	Half Collect	ions
	Amount	Percent	Amount	<u>Percent</u>
Agricultural/residential				
and other real estate	\$ 769,150,440	94.04	\$ 777,412,590	94.12
Public utility personal	48,755,000	5.96	48,555,300	5.88
Total	\$ 817,905,440	100.00	\$ 825,967,890	100.00
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation for:				
General operations	\$58.25		\$58.25	
Permanent improvements	2.50		2.50	
Bond retirement	4.20		4.20	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 7 - PAYMENTS IN LIEU OF TAXES

According to State law, Hancock County has entered into agreements with property owners under which Hancock County has granted property tax abatements to those property owners and agreed to construct certain infrastructure improvements. The property owners have agreed to make payments to Hancock County to help pay the costs of the infrastructure improvements. The amount of those payments generally reflects all or a portion of the property taxes which the property owners would have paid if their taxes had not been abated. The property owners' contractual promise to make these payments in lieu of taxes generally continues until the costs of the improvement have been paid or the agreement expires, whichever occurs first. Future development by those owners or others may result in subsequent agreements to make payments in lieu of taxes and may therefore spread the costs of the improvements to a larger number of property owners. The District received \$269,459 in payments in lieu of taxes during fiscal year 2019, and a receivable of \$208,708 has been reported on the statement of net position.

NOTE 8 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2019 consisted of property taxes, payments in lieu of taxes (PILOT), accounts (billings for user charged services and student fees), accrued interest and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds. A summary of the receivables reported on the statement of net position follows:

Governmental activities:

Property taxes	\$	32,817,874
PILOT		208,708
Accounts		498,706
Intergovernmental		371,095
Accrued interest	<u> </u>	113,514
Total	\$	34,009,897

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected in the subsequent year.

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows.

	Balance			Balance
Governmental activities:	06/30/18	Additions	Deductions	06/30/19
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,722,570	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,722,570
Construction in progress		267,806		267,806
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	1,722,570	267,806		1,990,376
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	4,639,890	31,000	-	4,670,890
Buildings and improvements	107,535,154	-	-	107,535,154
Equipment and furniture	13,797,218	167,578	-	13,964,796
Vehicles	4,045,599	390,282	-	4,435,881
Infrastructure	1,406,047			1,406,047
Total capital assets, being depreciated	131,423,908	588,860		132,012,768
Less: accumulated depreciation:				
Land improvements	(1,777,071)	(202,102)	-	(1,979,173)
Buildings and improvements	(26,576,162)	(2,013,492)	-	(28,589,654)
Equipment and furniture	(8,191,628)	(753,810)	-	(8,945,438)
Vehicles	(2,269,188)	(163,978)	-	(2,433,166)
Infrastructure	(47,450)	(47,449)		(94,899)
Total accumulated depreciation	(38,861,499)	(3,180,831)		(42,042,330)
Total capital assets, net	\$ 94,284,979	\$ (2,324,165)	\$ -	\$ 91,960,814

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

<u>Instruction</u> :		
Regular	\$	1,452,751
Special		293,767
Vocational		354,488
Support services:		
Pupil		76,644
Instructional staff		95,897
Administration		148,297
Fiscal		66,666
Operations and maintenance		233,242
Pupil transportation		214,923
Other non-instructional services		149,379
Extracurricular activities		72,996
Food service operations	_	21,781
Total depreciation expense	\$	3,180,831

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. During fiscal year 2019, the following changes occurred in governmental activities long-term obligations.

Governmental activities:	Balance 06/30/18	Increases	Decreases	Balance 06/30/19	Amount Due in One Year
General obligation bonds G.O. current interest bonds payable - 2010	\$ 45,560,000	<u>\$</u>	\$ (1,450,000)	\$ 44,110,000	\$ 1,555,000
Total general obligation bonds	45,560,000		(1,450,000)	44,110,000	1,555,000
Other long-term obligations					
Net pension liability	78,489,257	-	(3,526,951)	74,962,306	-
Net OPEB liability	18,103,041	450,337	(9,947,523)	8,605,855	-
Compensated absences	4,409,651	1,122,108	(926,686)	4,605,073	1,029,835
Total other long-term obligations	101,001,949	1,572,445	(14,401,160)	88,173,234	1,029,835
Total governmental activities	\$ 146,561,949	\$ 1,572,445	\$ (15,851,160)	132,283,234	\$ 2,584,835
		Unamortized pr	remium on bonds	337,074	
		Total on stateme	nt of net position	\$ 132,620,308	

Net pension liabilities will be paid out of the fund from which the employee is paid, which is primarily the general fund for the District. See Note 12 for details of the Net Pension Liability.

Net OPEB liabilities will be paid out of the fund from which the employee is paid, which is primarily the general fund for the District. See Note 13 for details of the Net OPEB Liability/Asset.

Compensated absences will be paid out of the fund from which the employee is paid, which is primarily the general fund for the District.

B. General obligation bonds

On January 21, 2010, the District issued general obligation bonds (Series 2010, School Facilities Improvement Bonds) for construction and renovation of District buildings as part of the Ohio School Facilities Commission project. These bonds are general obligations of the District, for which its full faith and credit is pledged for repayment. On the fund financial statements, payments of principal and interest relating to these bonds will be recorded as expenditures in the bond retirement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). On the government-wide financial statements, principal payments reduce the liability reported on the statement of net position.

This issue was comprised of current interest bonds, present value \$53,975,000, and capital appreciation bonds, par value \$217,135. The final capital appreciation bonds matured December 1, 2017 (stated interest 20%) at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date.

Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated on this issue is December 1, 2037.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

Principal and interest requirements to retire the long-term bonds are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Current Interest Bonds					
Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total			
2020	\$ 1,555,000	\$ 2,563,818	\$ 4,118,818			
2021	1,600,000	2,488,475	4,088,475			
2022	1,650,000	2,408,425	4,058,425			
2023	1,835,000	2,319,923	4,154,923			
2024	1,895,000	2,222,455	4,117,455			
2025 - 2029	10,560,000	9,401,518	19,961,518			
2030 - 2034	12,790,000	5,878,925	18,668,925			
2035 - 2038	12,225,000	1,566,093	13,791,093			
Total	\$ 44,110,000	\$ 28,849,632	\$ 72,959,632			

C. Legal Debt Margins

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District.

The assessed valuation used in determining the District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations.

The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2019 are a voted debt margin of \$31,515,081 (including available funds of \$1,287,971), and an unvoted debt margin of \$825,968.

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Comprehensive

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft or damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2019, the District contracted with the Liberty Mutual Insurance for property and general liability insurance.

Professional liability is provided by Liberty Mutual Insurance with a \$7,000,000 annual aggregate (includes \$4,000,000 umbrella coverage) / \$1,000,000 single occurrence limit and a \$5,000 deductible. Vehicles are covered by Liberty Mutual Insurance and carry a \$1,000 deductible for comprehensive and a \$1,000 deductible for collision. Automobile liability has a \$1,000,000 combined single limit liability.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has been no significant reduction in the amount of insurance coverage from last year.

B. Workers' Compensation

The District has participated in the Ohio Bureau of Workers' Compensation (Bureau) Retrospective Rating Plan since 2006. The alternative rating program requires the District to pay only administrative charges to the Bureau, and in turn the District assumes the responsibility of paying all claims incurred during the policy period for up to ten years. After the tenth year, the Bureau will assume any existing claim for its duration. The District's stop-loss coverage through the plan is limited to \$200,000 per claim stop-loss coverage with an annual aggregate.

C. Employee Health Insurance

The District's health insurance is funded through a self-insurance program. The District maintains a self-insurance internal service fund to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss in this program. The District offered three comprehensive medical/surgical plans: Original Plan, Option B Plan and Option C (HSA) Plan. Beginning January 1, 2019, the Original Plan was no longer offered. The District purchases stop-loss coverage of \$150,000 per employee. The District and employees pay into the self-insurance internal service fund. The District's monthly portion of the Original Plan is \$1,936 for family coverage, except for non-union employees, which is \$1,874, and \$797 for single coverage, except for non-union employees, which is \$1,285. The employee's monthly portion of the Original Plan is \$562 for family coverage, except for non-union employees, which is \$625, and \$231 for single coverage, except for non-union employees, which is \$257. The District's monthly portion of the Option B Plan is \$1,794 for family coverage, except for non-union employees, which is \$1,741, and \$738 for single coverage, except for non-union employees, which is \$717. The employee's monthly portion of the Option B Plan is \$329 for family coverage, except for non-union employees, which is \$382, and \$135 for single coverage, except for non-union employees, which is \$157. For Option C (HSA) the District's monthly portion is \$1,624 for family coverage and \$668 for single coverage. However, employees are responsible for a \$2,000 per individual deductible with a \$4,000 per family out-of-pocket maximum. The premiums are paid by the fund that pays the salary for the employees and is based on historical cost information.

Dental and vision coverage is also provided on self-insured basis through Employee Benefit Consultants (EBC). Premiums for its coverage are \$107 monthly for family coverage and \$44 for single coverage. The District is responsible for payment of all claim amounts in excess of the employee payment percentages established in the plan document.

The claims payable liability of \$2,320,541 reported in the Employee Benefits Self Insurance fund at June 30, 2019 is based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues", and as amended by GASB Statement No. 30, "Risk Financing Omnibus", which requires that a liability be reported for unpaid claims costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not reported claims. The claims liability is based on an estimate supplied by the District's third party administrator.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

Changes in the claims payable liability for the current and prior fiscal years are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Balance at Beginning of Year	Current Year Claims and Changes in Estimates	Claims Payments	Balance at End of Year
2019	\$ 2,169,082	\$ 7,956,513	\$ (7,805,054)	\$ 2,320,541
2018	1,908,890	8,170,145	(7,909,953)	2,169,082

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability represents the District's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *pension and postemployment benefits payable* on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description - The District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *		Eligible to Retire after August 1, 2017		
Full benefits	Age 65 with 5 years of service credit: or Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit		
Actuarially reduced benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit; or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit		

^{*} Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.2% for the first thirty years of service and 2.5% for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

Effective January 1, 2018, SERS cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) changed from a fixed 3% annual increase to one based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI-W) with a cap of 2.5% and a floor of 0%. SERS also has the authority to award or suspend the COLA, or to adjust the COLA above or below CPI-W. SERS suspended the COLA increases for 2018, 2019 and 2020 for current retirees, and confirmed their intent to implement a four-year waiting period for the state of a COLA for future retirees.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10% of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10% for plan members and 14% for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 13.5%. The remaining 0.5% of the employer contribution rate was allocated to the Health Care Fund.

The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$1,145,094 for fiscal year 2019. Of this amount, \$48,506 is reported as pension and postemployment benefits payable.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description - Licensed teachers participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS website at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307. The DB Plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation will be 2.2% of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. Effective July 1, 2017, the cost-of-living adjustment was reduced to zero. Members are eligible to retire at age 60 with five years of qualifying service credit, or age 55 with 26 years of service, or 31 years of service regardless of age. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.53% of the 14% employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.47% of the 14% employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12% of the 14% member rate goes to the DC Plan and the remaining 2% is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity after termination of employment at age 50 or later.

New members who choose the DC Plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit to apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Funding Policy - Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. For fiscal year 2019, plan members were required to contribute 14% of their annual covered salary. The District was required to contribute 14%; the entire 14% was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The fiscal year 2019 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

The District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$4,234,483 for fiscal year 2019. Of this amount, \$714,960 is reported as pension and postemployment benefits payable.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities.

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportion of the net pension			
liability prior measurement date	0.29998470%	0.25495806%	
Proportion of the net pension			
liability current measurement date	0.30697390%	<u>0.26096954</u> %	
Change in proportionate share	<u>0.00698920</u> %	0.00601148%	
Proportionate share of the net			
pension liability	\$ 17,580,964	\$ 57,381,342	\$ 74,962,306
Pension expense	\$ 1,794,660	\$ 6,134,183	\$ 7,928,843

At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Deferred outflows of resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$ 964,206	\$ 1,324,539	\$ 2,288,745
Changes of assumptions	397,017	10,169,057	10,566,074
Difference between employer contributions			
and proportionate share of contributions/			
change in proportionate share	466,146	1,950,022	2,416,168
Contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	1,145,094	4,234,483	5,379,577
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 2,972,463	\$ 17,678,101	\$ 20,650,564

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

	SERS	STRS	Total
Deferred inflows of resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$ -	\$ 374,734	\$ 374,734
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on pension plan investments	487,117	3,479,540	3,966,657
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ 487,117	\$3,854,274	\$4,341,391

\$5,379,577 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2020.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	SERS	STRS		Total	
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:					
2020	\$ 1,615,152	\$	5,543,420	\$	7,158,572
2021	451,455		3,879,204		4,330,659
2022	(576,960)		694,977		118,017
2023	(149,395)		(528,257)		(677,652)
Total	\$ 1,340,252	\$	9,589,344	\$	10,929,596

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2018, are presented below:

Wage inflation 3.00%
Future salary increases, including inflation 3.50% to 18.20%
COLA or ad hoc COLA 2.50%
Investment rate of return 7.50% net of investments expense, including inflation

Actuarial cost method

7.30% net of investments expense, including infrational field investments expense in the field investment expense in the

For 2018, the mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age set-back for both males and females. Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries were based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates. Mortality among disabled members was based upon the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted average of the expected return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major assets class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00 %	0.50 %
US Equity	22.50	4.75
International Equity	22.50	7.00
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	8.00
Real Assets	15.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	10.00	3.00
Total	100.00 %	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Discount Rate - The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.50%). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.50%), or one percentage point higher (8.50%) than the current rate.

	Current					
	1% Decrease	1% Decrease Discount Rate				
	(6.50%)	(7.50%)	(8.50%)			
District's proportionate share						
of the net pension liability	\$ 24,764,113	\$ 17,580,964	\$ 11,558,374			

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the July 1, 2018, actuarial valuation are presented below:

	July 1, 2018
Inflation	2.50%
Projected salary increases	12.50% at age 20 to
	2.50% at age 65
Investment rate of return	7.45%, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Discount rate of return	7.45%
Payroll increases	3.00%
Cost-of-living adjustments	0.0%, effective July 1, 2017

For the July 1, 2018, actuarial valuation, post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2018 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

STRS Ohio's investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

A CI	Target	Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return *
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

*10-Year geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.45% as of June 30, 2018. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2018. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.45% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2018.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.45%) or one-percentage-point higher (8.45%) than the current rate:

	Current					
	1% Decrease	1% Decrease Discount Rate				
	(6.45%) $(7.45%)$		(7.45%)	(8.45%)		
District's proportionate share						
of the net pension liability	\$ 83,797,897	\$	57,381,342	\$ 35,023,313		

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS

Net OPEB Liability/Asset

The net OPEB liability/asset reported on the statement of net position represents a liability/asset to employees for OPEB. OPEB is a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for OPEB is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net OPEB liability/asset represents the District's proportionate share of each OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net OPEB liability/asset calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which OPEB are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including OPEB.

GASB 75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because they benefit from employee services. OPEB contributions come from these employers and health care plan enrollees which pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. Any change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net OPEB liability/asset. Resulting adjustments to the net OPEB liability/asset would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net OPEB liability* or *net OPEB asset* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required OPEB contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *pension and postemployment benefits payable* on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14% of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For fiscal year 2019, 0.5% of covered payroll was made to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2019, this amount was \$21,600. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2% of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5% of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2019, the District's surcharge obligation was \$172,900.

The surcharge added to the allocated portion of the 14% employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$215,311 for fiscal year 2019. Of this amount, \$174,697 is reported as pension and postemployment benefits payable.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued effective January 1, 2020. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14% of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities/Assets, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability/asset was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total OPEB liability/asset used to calculate the net OPEB liability/asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset was based on the District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

	SERS			STRS	 Total
Proportion of the net OPEB					
liability prior measurement date	0	.30388660%	(0.25495806%	
Proportion of the net OPEB					
liability/asset current measurement date	0	.31020250%	(0.26096954 <u></u> %	
Change in proportionate share	0.00631590%		(0.00601148%	
Proportionate share of the net	_		-		
OPEB liability	\$	8,605,855	\$	-	\$ 8,605,855
Proportionate share of the net					
OPEB asset	\$	-	\$	(4,193,514)	\$ (4,193,514)
OPEB expense	\$	461,689	\$	(9,041,150)	\$ (8,579,461)

At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	SERS		STRS		Total	
Deferred outflows of resources						
Differences between expected and						
actual experience	\$	140,478	\$	489,810	\$	630,288
Difference between employer contributions						
and proportionate share of contributions/						
change in proportionate share		115,896		308,076		423,972
Contributions subsequent to the						
measurement date		215,311				215,311
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	471,685	\$	797,886	\$	1,269,571

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

	SERS			STRS		Total	
Deferred inflows of resources			'				
Differences between expected and							
actual experience	\$	-	\$	244,328	\$	244,328	
Net difference between projected and							
actual earnings on pension plan investments		12,911		479,075		491,986	
Changes of assumptions		773,172		5,713,997		6,487,169	
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	786,083	\$	6,437,400	\$	7,223,483	

\$215,311 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability/asset in the year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	SERS STRS		STRS	 Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:				_
2020	\$ (277,808)	\$	(1,010,369)	\$ (1,288,177)
2021	(214,605)		(1,010,369)	(1,224,974)
2022	(14,453)		(1,010,369)	(1,024,822)
2023	(8,957)		(901,570)	(910,527)
2024	(9,850)		(863,403)	(873,253)
Thereafter	(4,036)		(843,434)	 (847,470)
Total	\$ (529,709)	\$	(5,639,514)	\$ (6,169,223)

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2018, are presented below:

Wage inflation	3.00%
Future salary increases, including inflation	3.50% to 18.20%
Investment rate of return	7.50% net of investments
	expense, including inflation
Municipal bond index rate:	
Measurement date	3.62%
Prior measurement date	3.56%
Single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense,	
including price inflation:	
Measurement date	3.70%
Prior measurement date	3.63%
Medical trend assumption:	
Medicare	5.375 to 4.75%
Pre-Medicare	7.25 to 4.75%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and Scale BB, 120% of male rates and 110% of female rates. RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates set back five years.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2010 through 2015, and was adopted by the Board on April 21, 2016. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.50%, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as used in the June 30, 2015 five-year experience study, are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00 %	0.50 %
US Equity	22.50	4.75
International Equity	22.50	7.00
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	8.00
Real Assets	15.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	10.00	3.00
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2018 was 3.70%. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2018 was 3.63%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the state statute contribution rate of 2.00% of projected covered employee payroll each year, which includes a 1.50% payroll surcharge and 0.50% of contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make future benefit payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2026. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan assets was used to present value the projected benefit payments through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025 and the Fidelity General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index rate of 3.62%, as of June 30, 2018 (i.e. municipal bond rate), was used to present value the projected benefit payments for the remaining years in the projection. A municipal bond rate of 3.56% was used as of June 30, 2017. The total present value of projected benefit payments from all years was then used to determine the single rate of return that was used as the discount rate. The projection of future benefit payments for all current plan members was until the benefit payments ran out.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates - The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability of SERS, what SERS' net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.70%) and higher (4.70%) than the current discount rate (3.70%). Also shown is what SERS' net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (6.25% decreasing to 3.75%) and higher (8.25% decreasing to 5.75%) than the current rate.

				Current		
	1 1		Discount Rate (3.70%) \$ 8,605,855		1% Increase (4.70%) \$ 7,151,554	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability						
		% Decrease 6 % decreasing	_	Current Frend Rate 6 decreasing	_	% Increase 5 % decreasing
	*	0 3.75 %)	`	o 4.75 %)	•	to 5.75 %)
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	6,943,346	\$	8,605,855	\$	10,807,315

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the July 1, 2018, actuarial valuation, compared with July 1, 2017, are presented below:

	July 1, 2018		July 1, 2017
Inflation	2.50%		2.50%
Projected salary increases	12.50% at age 20 to		12.50% at age 20 to
	2.50% at age 65		2.50% at age 65
Investment rate of return	7.45%, net of investr	ment	7.45%, net of investment
	expenses, including	inflation	expenses, including inflation
Payroll increases	3.00%		3.00%
Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA)	0.00%		0.00%, effective July 1, 2017
Discounted rate of return	7.45%		N/A
Blended discount rate of return	N/A		4.13%
Health care cost trends			6 to 11% initial, 4.50% ultimate
	Initial	Ultimate	
Medical			
Pre-Medicare	6.00%	4.00%	
Medicare	5.00%	4.00%	
Prescription Drug			
Pre-Medicare	8.00%	4.00%	
Medicare	-5.23%	4.00%	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

Assumption Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - The discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13% to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45% based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB). Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated.

Benefit Term Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - The subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was increased from 1.90% to 1.944% per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2019 and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return *
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

^{*10-}Year geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB asset was 7.45% as of June 30, 2018. A discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 4.13% as of June 30, 2017. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes STRS Ohio continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care plan investments of 7.45% was used to measure the total OPEB asset as of June 30, 2018.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate - The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2018, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45%, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.45%) or one percentage point higher (8.45%) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

	1% Decrease (6.45%)		Current Discount Rate (7.45%)		1% Increase (8.45%)	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$	3,594,234	\$	4,193,514	\$	4,697,180
	19	% Decrease		Current Trend Rate	1	% Increase
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$	4,668,748	\$	4,193,514	\$	3,710,877

NOTE 14 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to assigned or committed fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis);

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 14 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - (Continued)

- (d) Investments are reported at fair value (GAAP basis) rather than cost (budget basis); and,
- (e) Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	General fund
Budget basis	\$ (4,098,449)
Net adjustment for revenue accruals	666,860
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals	401,069
Net adjustment for other sources/uses	(146,089)
Funds budgeted elsewhere*	10,931
Adjustment for encumbrances	923,916
GAAP basis	\$ (2,241,762)

^{*}Certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a GAAP basis. This includes the special trust fund, the uniform school supplies fund, the special services rotary fund, the public school support fund, the special enterprises fund and the internal services rotary fund.

NOTE 15 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, State and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds; however, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District at June 30, 2019.

B. Litigation

The District is not involved in pending litigation that would have a material effect on the financial condition of the District.

C. Foundation Funding

District foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. The Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to adjust/reconcile funding as enrollment information is updated by schools throughout the State, which can extend past the fiscal year end. As of the date of this report, ODE adjustments for fiscal year 2019 have been finalized and resulted in a payable on behalf of the District totaling \$1,505, which has since been repaid.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 16 - SET-ASIDES

The District is required by State law to annually set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statutory formula, for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end. This amount must be carried forward to be used for the same purpose in future years. Expenditures exceeding the set-aside requirement may not be carried forward to the next fiscal year.

The following cash-basis information describes the change in the fiscal year-end set-aside amount for capital improvements. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	(Capital
	<u>Impi</u>	ovements
Set-aside balance June 30, 2018	\$	-
Current year set-aside requirement		971,649
Current year offsets		(971,649)
Total	\$	
Balance carried forward to fiscal year 2020	\$	_
Set-aside balance June 30, 2019	\$	

NOTE 17 - OTHER COMMITMENTS

The District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the District's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

	7	Year-End			
Fund Type	En	cumbrances			
General fund	\$	899,391			
Nonmajor governmental funds		2,171,200			
Total	\$	3.070.591			

NOTE 18 - TAX ABATEMENTS ENTERED INTO BY OTHER GOVERNMENTS

The City of Findlay entered into property tax abatement agreements with property owners under the Ohio Community Reinvestment Area ("CRA") program with the taxing districts of the District. The CRA program is a directive incentive tax exemption program benefiting property owners who renovate or construct new buildings. Under this program, the other governments designated areas to encourage revitalization of the existing housing stock and the development of new structures. Within the taxing districts of the District, the City of Findlay has entered into such agreements. Under these agreements, the District's property taxes were reduced by \$691,091.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 19 - FINDLAY DIGITAL ACADEMY

Findlay Digital Academy (the "Academy") is a Conversion Community School established pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3314, and sponsored by the Findlay City School District (FCSD) to serve ninth through twelfth grade students living in the Findlay City School District. The Academy's mission is to enhance and facilitate student learning by combining state-of-the-art digital curriculum with access to local school resources to complement that instruction and prepare students to become lifelong learners and productive citizens.

A. Description of the Digital Academy

The Academy is an innovative program operated as a cooperative effort between the Digital Academy Board of Directors and the Findlay City School District. The Academy was approved for operation under a contract with the Findlay City School District (the "Sponsor") commencing on April 1, 2004 and expiring on June 30, 2008. Three additional contracts have been signed. The most recent contract was signed in June 2018 and expires June 30, 2021. The Academy enrolled its first students in January 2005. The Sponsor is responsible for evaluating the performance of the Academy and has the authority to deny renewal of the contract at its expiration or terminate the contract prior to its expiration.

The Academy is governed by a seven-member Board of Directors. The majority of the Board is composed of public officials or public sector employees who have a professional interest in furthering the establishment of the Academy. The Board may also include one or more parents of enrolled students and community civic leaders. The FCSD Treasurer serves as a Sponsor Representative.

The Academy uses distance-learning technology to deliver instruction via computers to students, either in their homes or a group-learning environment such as a computer classroom at school. Although the Academy cannot exercise control over the home environments in which instruction will be received, it attempts to take reasonable steps to ensure compliance with health and safety standards deemed available to its students and within the Academy's control.

The Academy has entered into a purchased services agreement contract with the TRECA Digital Academy for technology and services. See Note 19.I for detail on the Academy's purchased services agreement contract with TRECA Digital Academy.

B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Academy have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units and nonprofit organizations. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The Academy's significant accounting policies are described below.

<u>Basis of Presentation:</u> The Academy's basic financial statements consist of a statement of net position; a statement of revenue, expenses, and changes in net position; and a statement of cash flows. Enterprise fund reporting focuses on the determination of the change in net position, financial position, and cash flows.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 19 - FINDLAY DIGITAL ACADEMY - (Continued)

<u>Measurement Focus:</u> Enterprise accounting uses a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities are included on the statement of net position. The statement of changes in net position presents increases (i.e. revenues) and decreases (i.e. expenses) in total net position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the Academy finances and meets the cash flow needs of its enterprise activities.

<u>Basis of Accounting:</u> Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. The Academy's financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the Academy receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the Academy must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the Academy on a reimbursement basis.

Expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

<u>Budgetary Process:</u> Community schools are statutorily required to adopt a budget by Ohio Revised Code 3314.032(C). However, unlike traditional public schools located in the State of Ohio, community schools are not required to follow the specific budgetary process and limits set forth in the Ohio Revised Code Chapter 5705, unless specifically provided in the contract between the Academy and its Sponsor. The contract between the Academy and its Sponsor does not require the Academy to follow the provisions Ohio Revised Code Chapter 5705; therefore, no budgetary information is presented in the basic financial statements.

<u>Cash and Investments:</u> To improve cash management, cash received by the Academy is pooled and reported as "cash and cash equivalents" or "investments". Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the Academy's records.

During fiscal year 2019, investments were limited to Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA) notes, negotiable certificates of deposit (negotiable CD's), and investments in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio). Investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices.

During fiscal year 2019, the Academy invested in STAR Ohio. STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The Academy measures its investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 19 - FINDLAY DIGITAL ACADEMY - (Continued)

For fiscal year 2019, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$25 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$100 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$100 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

For presentation on the financial statements, investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the Academy are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments. Investments are further classified on the statement of net position as either current or non-current. Current investments have a maturity date in the subsequent fiscal year while non-current investments have a maturity date beyond the subsequent fiscal year.

At June 30, 2019, investments are reported at fair value. The fluctuation in the fair value of investments is reported as a component of interest revenue. From June 30, 2018 to June 30, 2019, the fair value of investments decreased \$12,245 and accrued interest receivable on investments decreased \$1,989. Interest revenue reported on the statement of revenue, expenses and changes in net position was \$30,259 while interest receipts reported on the statements of cash flows was \$20,003. Although the fair value of investments can fluctuate, it's the Academy's policy to hold investments till maturity.

An analysis of the Academy's deposits and investments at fiscal year-end is provided in Note 19.D.

<u>Prepaid Items</u>: Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2019, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

<u>Capital Assets:</u> Capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition value. The Academy maintains a capitalization threshold of one thousand dollars. The Academy does not possess any infrastructure. Depreciation of furniture and equipment is computed using the straight-line method over an estimated useful life of five years.

<u>Net Position:</u> Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. The net position component "investment in capital assets," consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation. The Academy had no outstanding balances of borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of its capital assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Academy or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The Academy applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 19 - FINDLAY DIGITAL ACADEMY - (Continued)

Operating Revenues and Expenses: Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activities. For the Academy, these revenues are primarily foundation payments from the State. Operating expenses are necessary costs which are incurred to provide the good or service that is the primary activity of the Academy. Revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating.

<u>Intergovernmental Revenues:</u> The Academy currently participates in the State Foundation Program, the IDEA Part B grant, the Title I-A Improving Basic Programs grant, Title II-A Supporting Effective Instruction grant and the Title IV-A Student Support grant. Revenue from the State Foundation Program is recognized as operating revenue in the accounting period in which all eligibility requirements have been met. Amounts awarded under the State Foundation Program for fiscal year 2019, excluding all other State and Federal grants, totaled \$936,564.

Revenues received from the remaining programs are recognized as non-operating revenues in the accompanying financial statements. Grants and entitlements are recognized as non-operating revenues in the accounting period in which all eligibility requirements have been met. State and Federal grants revenue for fiscal year 2019 was \$137,280.

<u>Estimates:</u> The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

<u>Fair Value</u>: The Academy categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

C. Changes in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2019, the Academy has implemented GASB Statement No. 83, "<u>Certain Asset Retirement Obligations</u>" and GASB Statement No. 88, "<u>Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements</u>".

GASB Statement No. 83 addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. A government that has legal obligations to perform future asset retirement activities related to its tangible capital assets should recognize a liability. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 83 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Academy.

GASB Statement No. 88 improves the information that is disclosed in notes to the basic financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 88 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Academy.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 19 - FINDLAY DIGITAL ACADEMY - (Continued)

D. Deposits and Investments

The Academy's investment policy allows the Treasurer to invest in instruments authorized by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 135. The Academy had the following deposits and investments at year-end:

Deposits: At June 30, 2019, the carrying amount of Academy deposits was \$669,556 and the bank balance of Academy deposits was \$827,518. Of the bank balance, \$251,400 was covered by the FDIC and \$576,118 was uninsured and uncollateralized. There are no significant statutory restrictions regarding the deposit and investment of funds by the non-profit corporation.

Investments: At June 30, 2019, the Academy had the following investment and maturities:

			Investment Maturities									
Measurement/	Me	asurement	61	months or		7 to 12	13	to 18	19	9 to 24	Gr	eater than
Investment type		Value		less		months	m	onths	n	nonths	24	4 months
Fair Value: Negotiable CD's	\$	99,598	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	99,598
FNMA Notes Amortized Cost: STAR Ohio		322,348 380,965	_	380,965		173,948		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	_	148,400
Total	\$	802,911	\$	380,965	\$	173,948	\$		\$		\$	247,998

The weighted average maturity of investments is 0.61 years. Investments in negotiable CD's and federal agency securities can be sold prior to maturity on the secondary market if immediate cash flow is needed.

The Academy's investments in federal agency securities (FNMA Notes) and negotiable CD's are valued using quoted prices in markets that are not considered to be active, dealer quotations or alternative pricing sources for similar assets or liabilities for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly (Level 2 inputs).

Interest Rate Risk - Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. In accordance with the investment policy, the Academy manages its exposure to declines in fair value of an investment.

Credit Risk - The Academy's investments in federal agency securities were rated AA+ and Aaa by Standards & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services, respectively. The Academy's investment in STAR Ohio obtained an AAAm money market rating by Standard & Poor's. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized rating agency. The negotiable certificates of deposit were fully covered by the FDIC. The Academy's investment policy does not specifically address credit risk beyond requiring the Academy to only invest in securities authorized by State statute.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 19 - FINDLAY DIGITAL ACADEMY - (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk - For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Academy will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The federal agency securities are exposed to custodial credit risk in that they are uninsured, unregistered and held by the counterparty's trust department or agent. The Academy's investment policy does not specifically address custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute.

Concentration of Credit Risk - Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The Academy places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the Academy at June 30, 2019:

Measurement/	Measurement	
<u>Investment type</u>	<u>Value</u>	% to Total
Fair Value:		
Negotiable CD's	\$ 99,598	12.40
FNMA Notes	322,348	40.15
Amortized Cost:		
STAR Ohio	380,965	47.45
Total	\$ 802,911	100.00
Amortized Cost: STAR Ohio	380,965	47.45

Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Position

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net position as of June 30, 2019:

Coch	and	investments per ne	oto
Casn	ana	investments per n	ore.

Carrying amount of deposits	\$ 669,556
Investments	 802,911
Total	\$ 1,472,467

Cash and investments per statement of net position

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,050,521
Investments - currrent	173,948
Investments - noncurrrent	 247,998
Total	\$ 1,472,467

E. Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2019 consisted of accrued interest in the amount of \$1,435 and an intergovernmental receivable in the amount of \$12,268. These receivables are expected to be collected in the subsequent year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 19 - FINDLAY DIGITAL ACADEMY - (Continued)

F. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 follows:

	Balance 06/30/18	Additions	Reductions	Balance 06/30/19
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Furniture and equipment	\$ 314,693	\$ 8,495	\$ -	\$ 323,188
Less: accumulated depreciation	(220,046)	(41,484)		(261,530)
Capital assets, net	\$ 94,647	\$ (32,989)	\$ -	\$ 61,658

G. Long-Term Obligations

Long-term obligations at June 30, 2019 consist of \$578,376 owed to the Ohio Department of Education as a result of the full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment review for fiscal year 2016. This amount will be repaid over a five-year period by reducing the Academy's Foundation revenue by \$4,017 monthly. The reductions will begin with the July 1, 2019 foundation payment. See Note 19.K for more detail on the FTE review.

During fiscal year 2019, the Academy had the following activity in long-term obligations:

	Balance			Balance	Due in
	06/30/2018	Additions	Disposals	06/30/2019	One Year
Intergovernmental payable	\$ 578,376	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 578,376	\$ 48,198

H. Risk Management

The Academy is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Academy is covered under the liability and property policies of the Findlay City School District.

Insurance coverage for the Academy follows:

Property:	\$ 204,448,316
General Liability:	
Per Occurrence	1,000,000
Aggregate	3,000,000
Educators Legal Liability	3,000,000

Settled claims have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years and there has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the previous year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 19 - FINDLAY DIGITAL ACADEMY - (Continued)

I. Purchased Service Expenses

For fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, purchased services expenses were as follows:

Professional and technical services	\$ 797,277
Property services	47,013
Travel mileage/meeting expenses	8,235
Communications	2,093
Tuition and similar payments	 7,669
Total	\$ 862,287

J. Payments to Sponsor / Related Party Transaction

The Academy has entered into a Sponsorship Contract with the Findlay City School District, its Sponsor, as described in Note 19.A. The Sponsorship Contract states that the Findlay City School District may direct its Treasurer to serve as the Academy's fiscal officer. However, for fiscal year 2019, the Academy contracted with Steve Earnest to be the Treasurer. The Treasurer of the Academy performs the following functions for the Academy:

- A. Assumes responsibility for receipt, safekeeping and disbursement of all Academy funds;
- B. Directs and manages all financial accounting programs and systems; and
- C. Completes and files all forms, reports, papers and other requirements as prescribed by the Auditor of State, Department of Education, or other state or local agencies.

In addition to the Treasurer, the Academy contracts through the Hancock County Educational Service Center the services of the Executive Director through July 31, 2019, Academy Coordinator, Administrative Assistant and the EMIS Coordinator.

The Academy contracts with the Sponsor for almost all of its services, except those mentioned above.

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the Academy incurred \$479,917 in expenses payable to its Sponsor, the Findlay City School District, for:

Salaries and benefits	\$ 375,723
Other (computers/rent/supplies)	14,191
Millstream Career Center	63,130
Sponsor fees	 26,873
Total	\$ 479,917

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 19 - FINDLAY DIGITAL ACADEMY - (Continued)

K. Contingencies

<u>Grants:</u> The Academy receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, State and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the Academy. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the Academy.

<u>State Funding:</u> Academy foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. However, there is an important nexus between attendance and enrollment for Foundation funding purposes. Community schools must provide documentation that clearly demonstrates students have participated in learning opportunities. The Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to adjust/reconcile funding as enrollment information is updated by schools throughout the State, which can extend past the fiscal year end.

Under Ohio Rev. Code Section 3314.08, ODE may also perform a FTE Review subsequent to the fiscal year end that may result in an additional adjustment to the enrollment information as well as claw backs of Foundation funding due to a lack of evidence to support student participation and other matters of noncompliance. As of the date of this report, ODE has performed such a review on the Academy for fiscal year 2019.

<u>Litigation:</u> The Academy is not a party to legal proceedings that, in the opinion of management, would have a material adverse effect on the financial statements.

L. Contract with TRECA Digital Academy

The Academy entered into a contract on June 19, 2018, for fiscal year 2019, with TRECA Digital Academy (TDA). Under the contract, the following terms were agreed upon:

- TDA shall provide, via online delivery, its standardized digital curriculum, as described at the website of the TRECA Digital Academy.
- TDA shall cooperate with the Academy in conducting assessments and in developing a draft evaluation team report as part of any required initial evaluation of a Suspected Disabled Student or reevaluation of a Suspected Disabled Student.
- TDA shall conduct the IEP or related meetings and shall ensure the participation of the teacher(s) of the Disabled Student, in person or by telephone, to said IEP or related meetings.
- TDA shall communicate with the Academy regarding educational or related service that are mandated by a Disabled Student's IEP but which TDA has reasons to believe are not being provided.
- TDA shall provide such other services, including but not limited to the standard hardware and software package, and the standard technical and administrative services, as are provided generally by TDA to students.
- TDA shall promptly notify the Academy if, at any time, TDA has reason to believe it (or any contractor) is not fulfilling its obligations hereunder to Disabled or Suspected Disabled Students.
- All personnel providing services on behalf of-TDA shall possess any certification, licensure training and experience that may be required by law.

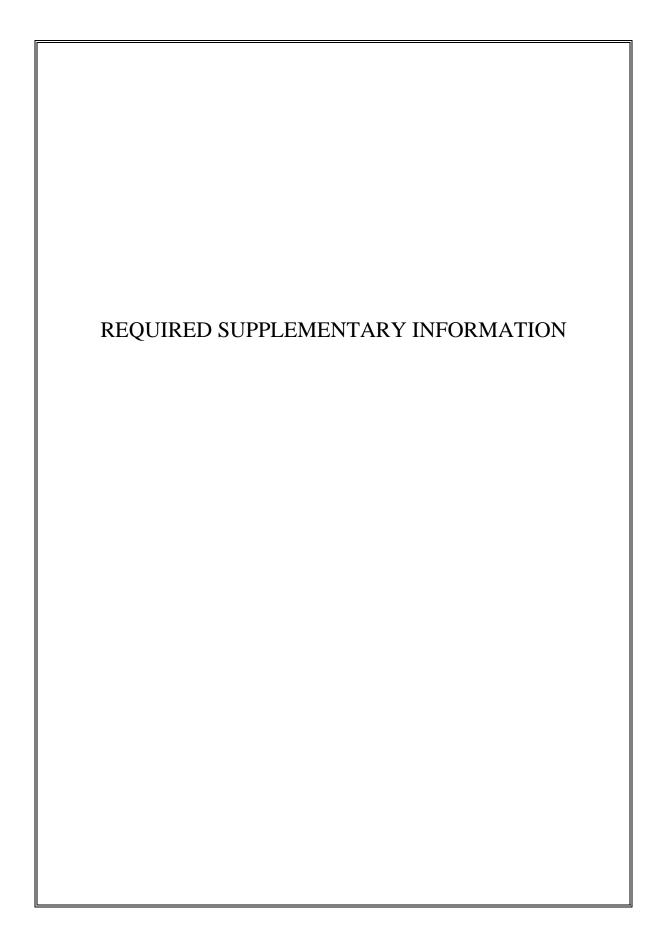
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 19 - FINDLAY DIGITAL ACADEMY - (Continued)

For fiscal year 2019, \$17,607 was paid to TDA. On June 6, 2019, the Academy Board of Directors approved entering into a new contract with TDA for fiscal year 2020. To obtain TDA's audited June 30, 2019 financial statements please contact Jessica Wake, Treasurer, at 107 N. Main St. Suite 100, Marion, Ohio 43302.

M. Operating Lease

The Findlay Digital Academy entered into a lease agreement on July 7th, 2016 with TLB Corporate Center, LLC to lease office space located at the TLB Corporate Center at 1219 West Main Cross Street, Findlay, Ohio. The agreement is for three years, ending on September 30, 2019 and requiring a monthly lease payment of \$4,233. On September 11, 2019, the Academy entered into a new lease agreement for the period October 1, 2019 through September 30, 2020. In accordance with the lease agreement, the Academy shall have use of leased space for office purposes only. The Academy makes payments related to the lease agreement directly to the TLB Corporate Center, LLC.



SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS

	 2019	 2018	 2017	 2016
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.30697390%	0.29998470%	0.29663630%	0.29175810%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 17,580,964	\$ 17,923,423	\$ 21,711,040	\$ 16,648,000
District's covered payroll	\$ 10,360,104	\$ 10,258,343	\$ 9,906,671	\$ 8,783,445
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	169.70%	174.72%	219.16%	189.54%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	71.36%	69.50%	62.98%	69.16%

Note: Information prior to 2014 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

	2015		2014
(0.28344800%	(0.28344800%
\$	14,345,142	\$	16,855,743
\$	8,236,450	\$	7,787,168
	174.17%		216.46%
	174.1770		210.40/0
	71.70%		65.52%

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS

	2019			2018		2017	2016		
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.26096954%		0.25495806%		0.25250113%			0.24742744%	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	57,381,342	\$	60,565,834	\$	84,519,739	\$	68,381,707	
District's covered payroll	\$	30,184,950	\$	28,109,257	\$	27,235,021	\$	25,814,907	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		190.10%		215.47%		310.33%		264.89%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		77.31%		75.30%		66.80%		72.10%	

Note: Information prior to 2014 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

 2015		2014
0.24652338%	(0.24652338%
\$ 59,963,018	\$	71,427,554
\$ 25,187,877	\$	24,787,677
238.06%		288.16%
74.70%		69.30%

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2019		2018			2017	2016	
Contractually required contribution	\$	1,145,094	\$	1,398,614	\$	1,436,168	\$	1,386,934
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(1,145,094)		(1,398,614)		(1,436,168)		(1,386,934)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	_	\$		\$		\$	_
District's covered payroll	\$	8,482,178	\$	10,360,104	\$	10,258,343	\$	9,906,671
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		13.50%		13.50%		14.00%		14.00%

 2015	 2014	 2013	 2012	 2011	 2010
\$ 1,157,658	\$ 1,141,572	\$ 1,077,744	\$ 1,081,230	\$ 1,057,230	\$ 1,151,236
 (1,157,658)	 (1,141,572)	(1,077,744)	 (1,081,230)	 (1,057,230)	 (1,151,236)
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
\$ 8,783,445	\$ 8,236,450	\$ 7,787,168	\$ 8,038,885	\$ 8,410,740	\$ 8,502,482
13.18%	13.86%	13.84%	13.45%	12.57%	13.54%

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	 2019	 2018	 2017	 2016
Contractually required contribution	\$ 4,234,483	\$ 4,225,893	\$ 3,935,296	\$ 3,812,903
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (4,234,483)	 (4,225,893)	 (3,935,296)	 (3,812,903)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
District's covered payroll	\$ 30,246,307	\$ 30,184,950	\$ 28,109,257	\$ 27,235,021
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%

 2015	 2014	2013		 2012		2011	2010	
\$ 3,614,087	\$ 3,274,424	\$	3,222,398	\$ 3,335,090	\$	3,524,123	\$	3,535,033
 (3,614,087)	(3,274,424)		(3,222,398)	 (3,335,090)		(3,524,123)		(3,535,033)
\$ _	\$ _	\$		\$ 	\$		\$	
\$ 25,814,907	\$ 25,187,877	\$	24,787,677	\$ 25,654,538	\$	27,108,638	\$	27,192,562
14.00%	13.00%		13.00%	13.00%		13.00%		13.00%

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST THREE FISCAL YEARS

	 2019	 2018		2017
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.31020250%	0.30388660%	().29966242%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 8,605,855	\$ 8,155,518	\$	8,541,488
District's covered payroll	\$ 10,360,104	\$ 10,258,343	\$	9,906,671
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	83.07%	79.50%		86.22%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	13.57%	12.46%		11.49%

Note: Information prior to 2017 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY/ASSET STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST THREE FISCAL YEARS

	 2019	 2018	 2017
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset	0.26096954%	0.25495806%	0.25250113%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/(asset)	\$ (4,193,514)	\$ 9,947,523	\$ 13,503,826
District's covered payroll	\$ 30,184,950	\$ 28,109,257	\$ 27,235,021
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/asset as a percentage of its covered payroll	13.89%	35.39%	49.58%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability/asset	176.00%	47.10%	37.30%

Note: Information prior to 2017 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	 2019	 2018	 2017	 2016
Contractually required contribution	\$ 215,311	\$ 213,956	\$ 163,181	\$ 147,572
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(215,311)	(213,956)	(163,181)	 (147,572)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
District's covered payroll	\$ 8,482,178	\$ 10,360,104	\$ 10,258,343	\$ 9,906,671
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	2.54%	2.07%	1.59%	1.49%

 2015	 2014	 2013	2012		2011		2010	
\$ 211,212	\$ 143,976	\$ 145,191	\$	171,068	\$	248,163	\$	161,169
 (211,212)	(143,976)	(145,191)		(171,068)		(248,163)		(161,169)
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$		\$	
\$ 8,783,445	\$ 8,236,450	\$ 7,787,168	\$	8,038,885	\$	8,410,740	\$	8,502,482
2.40%	1.75%	1.86%		2.13%		2.95%		1.90%

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	 2019	 2018	 2017	 2016
Contractually required contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		 <u>-</u>		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ _	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered payroll	\$ 30,246,307	\$ 30,184,950	\$ 28,109,257	\$ 27,235,021
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

 2015	 2014	 2013		2012		2011		2010
\$ -	\$ 251,879	\$ 247,877	\$	256,545	\$	271,086	\$	271,926
	(251,879)	 (247,877)		(256,545)		(271,086)		(271,926)
\$ 	\$ _	\$ _	\$		\$		\$	
\$ 25,814,907	\$ 25,187,877	\$ 24,787,677	\$	25,654,538	\$	27,108,638	\$	27,192,562
0.00%	1.00%	1.00%		1.00%		1.00%		1.00%

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

PENSION

SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal years 2014-2017. For fiscal year 2018, SERS changed from a fixed 3% annual increase to a Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) based on the changes in the Consumer Price Index (CPI-W), with a cap of 2.5% and a floor of 0%. There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2019.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2014-2016. For fiscal year 2017, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%, (b) payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%, (c) assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%, (d) Rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality among active members was updated to RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females, (f) mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries was updated to the following RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates, (g) mortality among disabled members was updated to RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement and (h) the discount rate was reduced from 7.75% to 7.50%. There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2018-2019.

STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal years 2014-2017. For fiscal year 2018, STRS decreased the Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) to zero. There were no changes in benefit terms from amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2019.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2014-2017. For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumption affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75% to 7.45%, (b) the inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75% to 2.50%, (c) the payroll growth assumption was lowered to 3.00%, (d) total salary increases rate was lowered by decreasing the merit component of the individual salary increases, in addition to a decrease of 0.25% due to lower inflation (e) the healthy and disabled mortality assumptions were updated to the RP-2014 mortality tables with generational improvement scale MP-2016 and (f) rates of retirement, termination and disability were modified to better reflect anticipated future experience. There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2019.

(Continued)

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

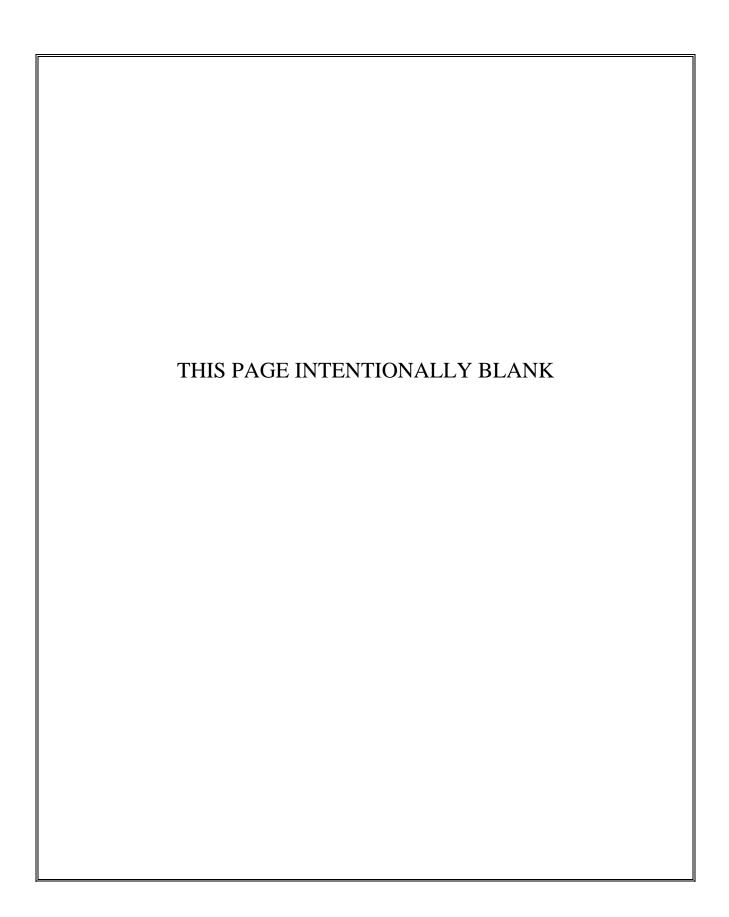
Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal years 2017-2019.

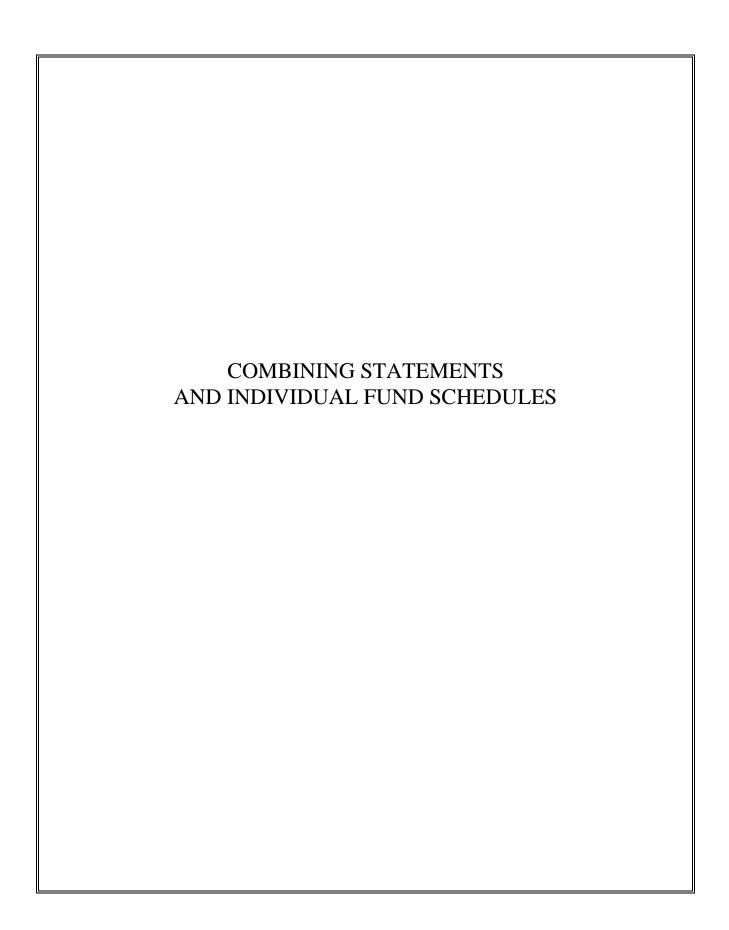
Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2017. For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%, (b) payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%, (c) assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%, (d) rates of withdrawal, retirement, and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality among active members was updated to the following: RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age set-back for both males and females, (f) mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries was updated to the following: RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates, (g) mortality among disabled members was updated to the following: RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement, (h) the municipal bond index rate increased from 2.92% to 3.56% and (i) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation increased from a range of 5.50%-5.00% to a range of 5.375%-4.75% and Pre-Medicare was changed from a range of 7.50%-5.00% to a range of 7.25%-4.75%, (c) the municipal bond index rate increased from 3.63% to 3.70%.

STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2017. For fiscal year 2018, STRS reduced the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients from 2.1% to 1.9% per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 2019. For fiscal year 2019, STRS increased the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients from 1.9% to 1.944% per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased January 1, 2019 and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2017. For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumption affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from 3.26% to 4.13% based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB), (b) the long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75% to 7.45%, (c) valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified, (d) the percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased and (e) the assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal and future health care cost trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs. For fiscal year 2019, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13% to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45% based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB) and (b) decrease in trend rates from 6.00%-11.00% initial; 4.50% ultimate down to Medical Pre-Medicare 6.00% and Medicare 5.00% initial; 4.00% ultimate and Prescription Drug Pre-Medicare 8.00% and Medicare (5.23%) initial; 4.00% ultimate.





MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

General Fund

The general fund accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. These general fund activities include, but are not limited to, general instruction, pupil services, operation and maintenance of facilities, student transportation and administration.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The term proceeds of specific revenue sources establishes that one or more specific restricted or committed revenues should be the foundation for a special revenue fund. A description of the District's special revenue funds follows:

Food Service Fund Section 3313.81, Revised Code

A fund used to account for financial transactions related to food service operations.

Special Trust Fund - Special Revenue

Section 5705.09, Revised Code

A fund used to account for assets held by a school system in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, or other funds.

Other Grants Fund Sections 5705.09 and 5705.13, Revised Code

A fund used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (except for state and federal grants) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Classroom Facilities Maintenance Fund

Section 3318.06, Revised Code

A fund used to account for the proceeds of a levy for the maintenance of facilities.

District Managed Activity Fund

Section 3313.062, Revised Code

A fund used to account for those student activity programs which have student participation in the activity but do not have student management of the programs. This fund usually includes athletic programs but could also include the band, cheerleaders, flag corps, and other similar types of activities.

Auxiliary Services Fund

Current Budget Bill. appropriation line item 200-511

A fund used to account for receipts and expenditures incurred in providing services and materials to pupils attending non-public schools within the District.

Data Communication Fund

Section 5705.09, Revised Code

A fund used to account for monies appropriated for the costs incurred in connecting schools to the Ohio Educational Computer Network.

SchoolNet Professional Development Fund

State Line Item Appropriations 200-426

A fund used to account for a limited number of professional development subsidy grants.

Miscellaneous State Grants Fund

Section 5705.12, Revised Code

A fund used to account for various monies received from State agencies not classified elsewhere.

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds - (Continued)

IDEA Part B Grants Fund

Education of the Handicapped Act, PL 91-230

CFDA #84.027

A fund used to account for Federal monies which assist states in the identification of handicapped children, and provision of full educational opportunities to handicapped children at the preschool, elementary, and secondary levels.

Vocational Education Fund

Carl D. Perkins Vocational Education Act of 1984, PL 98-524

CFDA #84.048

A fund used to account for the provision of funds to boards of education, teacher training institutions, and the state administering agency for cooperating in development of vocational education programs in the following categories: secondary, post-secondary, adult, disadvantaged and handicapped persons, exemplary programs, cooperative education, construction of area vocational schools, ancillary services, research, advisory committees, and work-study projects, including sex equity grants. Funds are administered by the Ohio Department of Education, Division of Vocational and Career Education.

Stimulus Title II D Fund

American Recovery and Reinvestment Act

CFDA #84.318

Grant focus on Professional Development and Student Learning. Through sustained, collaborative, job-embedded professional development and the use of research-based methods, teachers will experience new models and strategies for teaching and learning.

Limited English Proficiency Fund

CFDA #84.365

A fund to develop and carry out elementary and secondary school programs, including activities at the pre-school level, to meet the educational needs of children of limited English proficiency.

Title I Disadvantaged Children Fund

PL 97-35; Title I ESEA 1965

CFDA #84.010

A fund used to provide financial assistance to State and Local educational agencies to meet the special needs of educationally deprived children. Included are the Even Start and Comprehensive School Reform programs.

IDEA Preschool-Handicapped Fund

Education of the Handicapped Act Amendments,

PL 99-457. Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance #84.173

A fund used to account for the improvement and expansion of services for handicapped children ages three (3) through five (5) years.

Improving Teacher Quality Fund

CFDA #84.367

A fund used to account for monies to hire additional classroom teachers in grades 1 through 3, so that the number of students per teacher will be reduced.

Miscellaneous Federal Grants Fund

Section 5705.12, Revised Code

A fund used to account for various monies received from the federal government directly or through state agencies which are not classified elsewhere.

The following funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis). These funds are not included in the combining statements for the nonmajor special revenue funds since they are reported in the general fund (GAAP basis); however, the budgetary schedules for these funds are presented in this section.

Uniform School Supplies Fund

Section 3313.81, Revised Code

A fund used to account for the purchase and sale of school supplies for use in the District. Profits derived from such sales are used for school purposes or activities connected with the school.

Special Services Rotary Fund

Section 5705.12, Revised Code

A fund used to account for income and expenses made in connection with goods and services provided by the District. Activities using this fund tend to be curricular in nature.

Internal Services Rotary Fund

Section 5705.12, Revised Code

A fund provided to account for operations that provide goods or services to other governmental units on a cost-reimbursement basis. The use of the fund may be applied to situations where the district acts as fiscal agent for a multi-district program.

Public School Support Fund

Section 5705.12, Revised Code

A fund used to account for specific local revenue sources (i.e.: profits from vending machines, etc.), other than taxes or expendable trusts, that are restricted to expenditures for specified purposes approved by Board resolution. Such expenditures may include curricular and extra-curricular related purposes.

Special Enterprise Fund

Section 755.14, Revised Code

A fund used to account for the financial transactions related to before and after school childcare operations.

Special Trust Fund - General

Section 5705.09, Revised Code

A fund used to account for assets for specific local revenue sources that are used for expenditures for specified purposes assigned by the District treasurer.

Nonmajor Debt Service Fund

Debt service funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest. Debt service funds should be used to report resources if legally mandated (i.e. debt payable from property taxes). Financial resources that are being accumulated for principal and interest maturing in future years also should be reported in debt service funds. A description of the District's nonmajor debt service fund follows:

Bond Retirement Fund

Section 5705.09, Revised Code

The bond retirement fund is used to account for the retirement of serial bonds and short term loans. All revenues derived from general or special levies, either within or exceeding the statutory unvoted ten-mill limitation, which is levied for debt service on bonds or loans are paid into this fund. Since the District maintains only one debt service fund, no combining statements are presented.

Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund

Capital projects funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. Capital projects funds exclude those types of capital-related outflows financed by proprietary funds or for assets that will be held in trust for individuals, private organizations, or other governments. A description of the District's nonmajor capital projects funds follows:

Permanent Improvement Fund

Section 5705.10, Revised Code

A fund used to account for all transactions related to the acquisition or construction of such permanent improvements as are authorized by Chapter 5705 of the Revised Code.

<u>Building Fund</u> Section 5705.09, Revised Code

This building fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities or and other capital assets.

Nonmajor Permanent Fund

Permanent funds should be used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting government's programs - that is, for the benefit of the government or its citizenry. Permanent funds do not include private-purpose trust funds, which should be used to report situations in which the government is required to use the principal or earnings for the benefit of individuals, private organizations, or other governments. A description of the District's nonmajor permanent fund follows:

Endowment Fund Section 5705.09, Revised Code

The endowment fund is used to account for revenues which have been set aside as an investment for public school purposes. Interest revenue may be expended, but the principal must remain intact. The interest revenue is used to support scholarships. Since the District maintains only one permanent fund, no combining statements are presented.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds		Nonmajor Debt Service Fund		Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds		Nonmajor Permanent Fund		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Assets:										
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	3,319,026	\$	1,024,088	\$	3,363,576	\$	679,623	\$	8,386,313
Receivables: Property taxes		_		3,220,239		1,857,070		_		5,077,309
Payment in lieu of taxes		_		16,600		9,752		_		26,352
Accrued interest		-		-		458		-		458
Intergovernmental		188,135		-		-		-		188,135
Prepayments		1,671		-		-		-		1,671
Materials and supplies inventory		7,515		-		-		-		7,515
Inventory held for resale		15,898		-	· —			-		15,898
Total assets	\$	3,532,245	\$	4,260,927	\$	5,230,856	\$	679,623	\$	13,703,651
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	73,979	\$	-	\$	13,416	\$	-	\$	87,395
Contracts payable		-		-		120,269		-		120,269
Accrued wages and benefits payable		244,500		-		-		-		244,500
Intergovernmental payable		4,383		-		-		-		4,383
Pension and postemployment benefits payable		38,391		-				-		38,391
Total liabilities		361,253		-		133,685		-		494,938
Deferred inflows of resources:										
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year				2,816,448		1,624,194				4,440,642
Payment in lieu of taxes levied for the next fiscal year.		_		12,536		7,365		-		19,901
Deliquent property tax revenue not available		_		143,972		82,950		_		226,922
Intergovernmental revenue not available		62,392		-		-		-		62,392
Total deformed inflores of measuress		62.202		2 072 056		1 714 500				4 740 957
Total deferred inflows of resources		62,392		2,972,956		1,714,509				4,749,857
Fund balances:										
Nonspendable:										
Materials and supplies inventory		7,515		-		-		-		7,515
Prepaids		1,671		-		-		618,000		1,671
Restricted:		-		-		-		018,000		618,000
Debt service		_		1,287,971		_		_		1,287,971
Capital improvements		_		-,,		3,152,089		-		3,152,089
Classroom facilities maintenance		1,600,009		-		-		-		1,600,009
Food service operations		329,888		-		-		-		329,888
Non-public schools		11,275		-		-		-		11,275
Other purposes		859,148		-		-		-		859,148
Extracurricular		417,319		-		-		-		417,319
Scholarships		-		-		-		61,623		61,623
Capital improvements		_		_		230,573		_		230,573
Unassigned (deficit)		(118,225)		-		230,313		-		(118,225)
• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		,)							_	· ·,/
Total fund balances		3,108,600	_	1,287,971		3,382,662		679,623		8,458,856
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$	3,532,245	\$	4,260,927	\$	5,230,856	\$	679,623	\$	13,703,651

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Nonmajor Debt Service Fund	Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	Nonmajor Permanent Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Revenues:						
From local sources:	A	ф 2.027. 000	A 1715010	A	A 4 553 000	
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ 3,027,080	\$ 1,746,810	\$ -	\$ 4,773,890	
Payment in lieu of taxes	4.700	21,406	12,593	0.002	33,999	
Earnings on investments	4,788	=	9,403	8,892	23,083	
Charges for services	561,491	=	=	-	561,491	
Extracurricular	561,361	=	=	-	561,361	
Rental income	367,500	=	-	-	367,500	
Contributions and donations	332,134	=	28,741	-	360,875	
Other local revenues	515,159	-	-	-	515,159	
Intergovernmental - state	437,505	392,798	224,589	-	1,054,892	
Intergovernmental - federal	4,133,707	629,528	235,000	-	4,998,235	
Change in fair value of investments			8,130		8,130	
Total revenues	6,913,645	4,070,812	2,265,266	8,892	13,258,615	
Expenditures: Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular	496,179	-	449,869	-	946,048	
Special	2,258,475	-	26,023	-	2,284,498	
Vocational	183,964	-	-	-	183,964	
Other	59,343	=	=	-	59,343	
Support services:						
Pupil	87,456	=	=	-	87,456	
Instructional staff	244,412	-	-	-	244,412	
Administration	10,577	=	=	-	10,577	
Business	-	-	28,539	-	28,539	
Operations and maintenance	981,650	-	6,526	-	988,176	
Pupil transportation	48,125	-	514,284	-	562,409	
Central	8,032	-	-	-	8,032	
Operation of non-instructional services:						
Other non-instructional services	402,572	-	-	-	402,572	
Food service operations	1,659,958	-	-	-	1,659,958	
Extracurricular activities	724,463	-	13,743	-	738,206	
Facilities acquisition and construction	-	-	690,004	-	690,004	
Debt service:						
Principal retirement	-	1,450,000	-	-	1,450,000	
Interest and fiscal charges		2,633,348			2,633,348	
Total expenditures	7,165,206	4,083,348	1,728,988		12,977,542	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	(251,561)	(12,536)	536,278	8,892	281,073	
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in	38,022	-	-	-	38,022	
Transfers (out)	(2,882)		(42,022)		(44,904)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	35,140		(42,022)		(6,882)	
Net change in fund balances	(216,421)	(12,536)	494,256	8,892	274,191	
Fund balances at beginning of year	3,323,849	1,300,507	2,888,406	670,731	8,183,493	
Increase in reserve for inventory	1,172		ф 2.202.111	ф сто сто	1,172	
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 3,108,600	\$ 1,287,971	\$ 3,382,662	\$ 679,623	\$ 8,458,856	

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

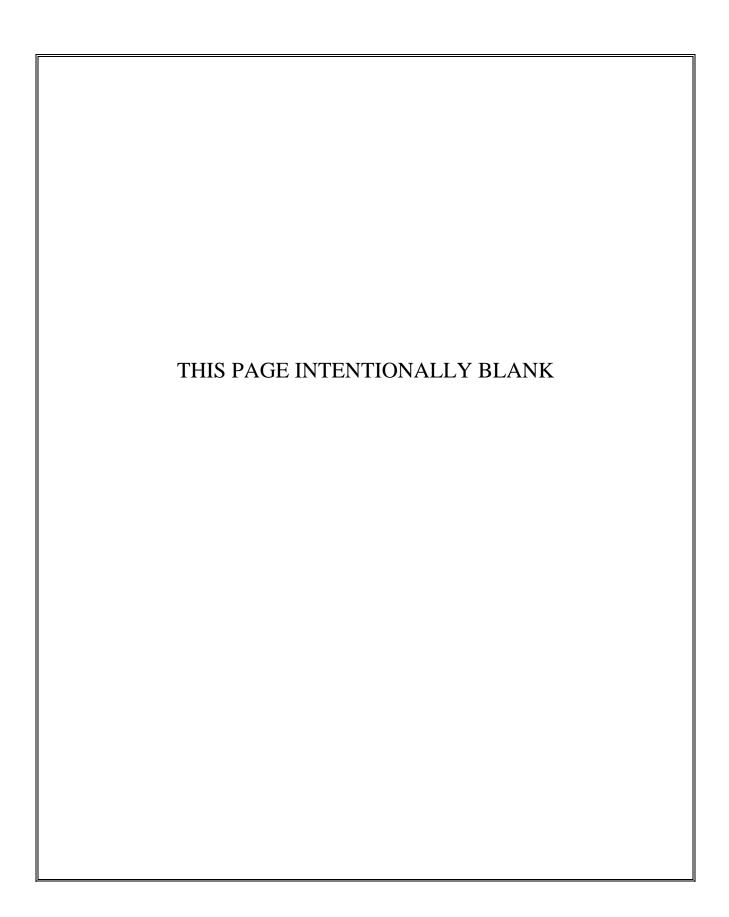
	Food Service		Special Trust		Other Grants		Classroom Facilities Maintenance	
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	345,613	\$	434,459	\$	387,129	\$	1,641,711
Intergovernmental		1,404 7,515 15,898		- 84 - -		- - -		- - -
Total assets	\$	370,430	\$	434,543	\$	387,129	\$	1,641,711
Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$	309 28,416 61 2,837	\$	1,196 - - -	\$	2,907 16,303 183 1,946	\$	41,702
Total liabilities		31,623		1,196		21,339		41,702
Deferred inflows of resources: Intergovernmental revenue not available		<u> </u>						<u> </u>
Fund balances: Nonspendable: Materials and supplies inventory. Prepaids. Restricted: Classroom facilities maintenance. Food service operations.		7,515 1,404 329,888		- 84 - -		- - -		1,600,009
Non-public schools		- - -		433,263		365,790		- - -
Total fund balances (deficit)		338,807		433,347		365,790		1,600,009
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$	370,430	\$	434,543	\$	387,129	\$	1,641,711

N	District Ianaged Activity	uxillary ervices	Miscellaneous State Grants		IDEA Part B Grants		Vocational Education		Title I Disadvantaged Children	
\$	423,123	\$ 22,279	\$	35,765	\$	6,070	\$	-	\$	22,877
	- - -	- 142 -		267 41		50,168		- - -		105,964
\$	423,123	\$ 22,421	\$	36,073	\$	56,238	\$	-	\$	128,841
\$	2,531 - - 3,273	\$ 9,532 138 1,334	\$	162	\$	9,834 30,494 104 2,833	\$	- - - 600	\$	15,338 159,755 3,897 19,062
	5,804	11,004		162		43,265		600		198,052
		 		267		50,168		<u>-</u> _		11,219
	- -	142		41		-		-		- -
	- - -	11,275		- - - 35,603		- - -		- - -		- - -
	417,319	 - -		-		(37,195)		(600)		(80,430)
	417,319	 11,417		35,644		(37,195)		(600)		(80,430)
\$	423,123	\$ 22,421	\$	36,073	\$	56,238	\$		\$	128,841

(continued)

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	cellaneous ral Grants	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds		
Assets:				
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ -	\$	3,319,026	
Intergovernmental	31,736		188,135	
Prepayments	-		1,671	
Materials and supplies inventory	-		7,515	
Inventory held for resale	 		15,898	
Total assets	\$ 31,736	\$	3,532,245	
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$	73,979	
Accrued wages and benefits payable	-		244,500	
Intergovernmental payable	-		4,383	
Pension and postemployment benefits payable	 6,506		38,391	
Total liabilities	 6,506		361,253	
Deferred inflows of resources:				
Intergovernmental revenue not available	 738		62,392	
Fund balances:				
Nonspendable:				
Materials and supplies inventory	-		7,515	
Prepaids	-		1,671	
Restricted:				
Classroom facilities maintenance	-		1,600,009	
Food service operations	-		329,888	
Non-public schools	-		11,275	
Other purposes	24,492		859,148	
Extracurricular	-		417,319	
Unassigned (deficit)	 		(118,225)	
Total fund balances (deficit)	 24,492		3,108,600	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$ 31,736	\$	3,532,245	



COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Food Service	Special Trust	Other Grants	Classroom Facilities Maintenance
Revenues:				
From local sources:				
Earnings on investments	\$ 3,906	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Charges for services	561,491	-	-	-
Extracurricular	-	-	-	-
Rental income	-	-	-	367,500
Contributions and donations	-	332,134	-	-
Other local revenues	500	2,141	403,346	-
Intergovernmental - state	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental - federal	1,046,536			
Total revenues	1,612,433	334,275	403,346	367,500
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	-	1,000	263,220	1,496
Special	-	-	-	-
Vocational	-	995	-	-
Other	-	-	28,715	-
Support services:				
Pupil	-	-	10,730	-
Instructional staff	-	-	-	-
Administration	-	-	-	-
Operations and maintenance	-	338,386	-	633,948
Pupil transportation	-	-	38,374	-
Central	-	-	-	-
Operation of non-instructional services:				
Other non-instructional services	-	-	9,338	-
Food service operations	1,659,958	-	-	-
Extracurricular activities				
Total expenditures	1,659,958	340,381	350,377	635,444
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(47,525)	(6,106)	52,969	(267,944)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in				38,022
Transfers (out)	_	_	(2,882)	36,022
Total other financing sources (uses)			(2,882)	38,022
Total other financing sources (uses)			(2,002)	30,022
Net change in fund balances	(47,525)	(6,106)	50,087	(229,922)
Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year	385,160	439,453	315,703	1,829,931
Increase in reserve for inventory	1,172	-	-	· · ·
Fund balances (deficit) at end of year	\$ 338,807	\$ 433,347	\$ 365,790	\$ 1,600,009
•				

N	District Managed Activity		auxiliary Services	Da Commu		Miscellaneous State Grants			IDEA Part B Grants
\$	-	\$	882	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	561,361		-		-		-		-
	-		_		-		_		-
	-		-		-		-		-
	109,172		- 251.506		-		- (2.510		-
	-		351,586		23,400		62,519 2,996		1,246,242
	670,533		352,468		23,400		65,515		1,246,242
	-		-		23,400		-		-
	-		-		-		2,996		1,118,211
	-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-
	_		_		_		137		71,173
	-		-		-		24,594		84,710
	-		-		-		-		-
	9,316		-		-		-		-
	9,751		-		-		8,032		-
	-		-		-		0,032		-
	-		359,328		_		-		_
	-		-		-		-		-
	724,463								
	743,530		359,328		23,400		35,759		1,274,094
	(72,997)		(6,860)		_		29,756		(27,852)
	-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		
	(72,997)		(6,860)		-		29,756		(27,852)
	490,316		18,277		-		5,888		(9,343)
\$	417,319	\$	11,417	\$		\$	35,644	\$	(37,195)
Ψ	117,017	Ψ	11,71/	¥		Ψ	55,017	Ψ	(37,173)

(continued)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Vocational Education	Limited English Proficiency	Title I Disadvantaged Children	IDEA Preschool- Handicapped
Revenues:				
From local sources:				
Earnings on investments	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Charges for services	-	-	-	-
Extracurricular	-	-	-	-
Rental income	-	-	-	-
Contributions and donations	-	-	-	-
Other local revenues	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental - state	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental - federal	199,475	14,578	1,289,199	60,460
Total revenues	199,475	14,578	1,289,199	60,460
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	-	14,057	-	-
Special	-	-	1,076,808	60,460
Vocational	182,969	-	-	-
Other	-	-	30,628	-
Support services:				
Pupil	5,416	-	-	-
Instructional staff	-	521	82,812	-
Administration	10,577	-	-	-
Operations and maintenance	-	-	-	-
Pupil transportation	-	-	-	-
Central	-	-	-	-
Operation of non-instructional services:				
Other non-instructional services	-	-	21,548	-
Food service operations	-	-	-	-
Extracurricular activities	-			
Total expenditures	198,962	14,578	1,211,796	60,460
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	513	_	77,403	_
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	-	-	-	-
Transfers (out)	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	_		-
Net change in fund balances	513	-	77,403	-
Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year Increase in reserve for inventory	(1,113)	-	(157,833)	-
	(600)	<u>-</u>	¢ (90.420)	<u>-</u>
Fund balances (deficit) at end of year <u>\$</u>	(600)	\$ -	\$ (80,430)	<u> </u>

Improving	Missellansans	Nonmajor
Teacher	Miscellaneous	Special Revenue
Quality	Federal Grants	Funds
Ф	Φ.	Φ. 4.700
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,788
-	-	561,491
-	-	561,361
-	-	367,500
-	-	332,134
-	-	515,159
-	-	437,505
183,935	90,286	4,133,707
183,935	90,286	6,913,645
177,478	15,528	496,179
-	-	2,258,475
-	-	183,964
-	-	59,343
-	-	87,456
-	51,775	244,412
-	-	10,577
-	-	981,650
-	-	48,125
-	-	8,032
6,457	5,901	402,572
· -	-	1,659,958
_	_	724,463
183,935	73,204	7,165,206
	17,082	(251,561)
	17,002	(231,301)
-	-	38,022
-	-	(2,882)
		35,140
-	17,082	(216,421)
_	7,410	3,323,849
_	-,	1,172
\$ -	\$ 24,492	\$ 3,108,600
Ψ -	Ψ 27,772	φ 5,100,000

	Budgeted Amounts						
		Original		Final	 Actual		riance with nal Budget
Food Service Fund							
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	\$	2,000,000	\$	2,000,000	\$ 1,499,585	\$	(500,415)
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		1,968,560		1,968,560	 1,696,495		272,065
Net Change in Fund Balance		31,440		31,440	(196,910)		(228,350)
Fund Balance, July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		246,196 168,560		246,196 168,560	 224,451 168,560	-	(21,745)
Fund Balance, June 30	\$	446,196	\$	446,196	\$ 196,101	\$	(250,095)
Special Trust Fund - Special Revenue							
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	\$	356,961	\$	356,961	\$ 334,275	\$	(22,686)
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		461,177		461,177	 423,220		37,957
Net Change in Fund Balance		(104,216)		(104,216)	(88,945)		15,271
Fund Balance, July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		110,682 52,440		110,682 52,440	 386,930 52,440		276,248
Fund Balance, June 30	\$	58,906	\$	58,906	\$ 350,425	\$	291,519
Other Grants Fund							
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	\$	374,000	\$	374,000	\$ 413,832	\$	39,832
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		391,095		391,095	 353,581		37,514
Net Change in Fund Balance		(17,095)		(17,095)	60,251		77,346
Fund Balance, July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		288,485 8,095		288,485 8,095	 309,207 8,095		20,722
Fund Balance, June 30	\$	279,485	\$	279,485	\$ 377,553	\$	98,068

	Budgeted Amounts						
		Original		Final	 Actual		iance with al Budget
Classroom Facilities Maintenance Fund							
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	\$	414,021	\$	414,021	\$ 405,522	\$	(8,499)
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		844,508		944,508	 943,155		1,353
Net Change in Fund Balance		(430,487)		(530,487)	(537,633)		(7,146)
Fund Balance, July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		1,412,592 245,508		1,412,592 245,508	 1,643,309 245,508	-	230,717
Fund Balance, June 30	\$	1,227,613	\$	1,127,613	\$ 1,351,184	\$	223,571
District Managed Activity Fund							
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	\$	500,000	\$	500,000	\$ 670,533	\$	170,533
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		770,920		820,920	 791,459		29,461
Net Change in Fund Balance		(270,920)		(320,920)	(120,926)		199,994
Fund Balance, July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		138,411 71,920		138,411 71,920	424,537 71,920		286,126
Fund Balance (deficit), June 30	\$	(60,589)	\$	(110,589)	\$ 375,531	\$	486,120
Auxiliary Services Fund							
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	\$	390,000	\$	390,000	\$ 352,468	\$	(37,532)
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		417,238		417,238	 381,517		35,721
Net Change in Fund Balance		(27,238)		(27,238)	(29,049)		(1,811)
Fund Balance, July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		2,261 27,238		2,261 27,238	 1,812 27,238		(449)
Fund Balance, June 30	\$	2,261	\$	2,261	\$ 1	\$	(2,260)

	Budgeted Amounts					
)riginal		Final	 Actual	iance with al Budget
Data Communication Fund						
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	\$	30,000	\$	30,000	\$ 23,400	\$ (6,600)
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		30,000		30,000	23,400	 6,600
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		-	-	-
Fund Balance, July 1						
Fund Balance, June 30	\$		\$		\$ 	\$
SchoolNet Professional Development Fund						
Total Revenues and Other Sources	\$	9,000	\$	9,000	\$ -	\$ (9,000)
Total Expenditures and Other Uses		1,000		1,000	 	 1,000
Net Change in Fund Balances		8,000		8,000	-	(8,000)
Fund Balance, July 1					 	
Fund Balance, June 30	\$	8,000	\$	8,000	\$ 	\$ (8,000)
Miscellaneous State Grants Fund						
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	\$	90,000	\$	90,000	\$ 65,515	\$ (24,485)
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		101,696		101,696	 44,233	 57,463
Net Change in Fund Balance		(11,696)		(11,696)	21,282	32,978
Fund Balance, July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		875 2,696		875 2,696	10,808 2,696	9,933
Fund Balance (deficit), June 30	\$	(8,125)	\$	(8,125)	\$ 34,786	\$ 42,911

	Budgeted Amounts							
		Original		Final		Actual		riance with nal Budget
IDEA Part B Grants Fund								
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	\$	1,370,000	\$	1,370,000	\$	1,246,242	\$	(123,758)
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		1,353,794		1,353,794		1,311,366		42,428
Net Change in Fund Balance		16,206		16,206		(65,124)		(81,330)
Fund Balance, July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		42,908 3,794		42,908 3,794		42,908 3,794		- -
Fund Balance (deficit), June 30	\$	62,908	\$	62,908	\$	(18,422)	\$	(81,330)
Vocational Education Fund								
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	\$	239,000	\$	239,000	\$	199,475	\$	(39,525)
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		195,000		199,500		199,476		24
Net Change in Fund Balance		44,000		39,500		(1)		(39,501)
Fund Balance, July 1		1		1		1_		
Fund Balance, June 30	\$	44,001	\$	39,501	\$		\$	(39,501)
Stimulus Title II D Fund								
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	\$	1,000	\$	1,000	\$	-	\$	(1,000)
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		1,000		1,000				1,000
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		-		-		-
Fund Balance, July 1								
Fund Balance, June 30	\$		\$		\$		\$	

	Budgeted Amounts					
		Original		Final	 Actual	riance with nal Budget
Limited English Proficiency Fund						
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	\$	25,000	\$	25,000	\$ 14,578	\$ (10,422)
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		25,000		25,000	 14,578	 10,422
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		-	-	-
Fund Balance, July 1					 	
Fund Balance, June 30	\$	<u> </u>	\$		\$ 	\$
Title I Disadvantaged Children Fund						
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	\$	1,560,000	\$	1,560,000	\$ 1,207,864	\$ (352,136)
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		1,395,182		1,395,182	 1,238,850	 156,332
Net Change in Fund Balance		164,818		164,818	(30,986)	(195,804)
Fund Balance (deficit), July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		(12,628) 36,182		(12,628) 36,182	 (12,628) 36,182	-
Fund Balance (deficit), June 30	\$	188,372	\$	188,372	\$ (7,432)	\$ (195,804)
IDEA Preschool-Handicapped Fund						
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	\$	49,000	\$	60,500	\$ 60,460	\$ (40)
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		49,000		60,500	 60,460	 40
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		-	-	-
Fund Balance, July 1					 	
Fund Balance, June 30	\$		\$		\$ 	\$

	Budgeted Amounts							
		Original		Final	Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
Improving Teacher Quality Fund								
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	\$	230,000	\$	230,000	\$	183,935	\$	(46,065)
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		185,000		185,000		183,935		1,065
Net Change in Fund Balance		45,000		45,000		-		(45,000)
Fund Balance, July 1								
Fund Balance, June 30	\$	45,000	\$	45,000	\$		\$	(45,000)
Miscellaneous Federal Grants Fund								
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	\$	169,000	\$	169,000	\$	59,288	\$	(109,712)
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		178,234		178,234		70,676		107,558
Net Change in Fund Balance		(9,234)		(9,234)		(11,388)		(2,154)
Fund Balance, July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		1 9,234		1 9,234		1 9,234		- -
Fund Balance (deficit), June 30	\$	1_	\$	1	\$	(2,153)	\$	(2,154)

	Budgeted Amounts					
		Original		Final	 Actual	iance with al Budget
Uniform School Supplies Fund						
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	\$	300,000	\$	300,000	\$ 390,604	\$ 90,604
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		424,302		426,302	 412,043	 14,259
Net Change in Fund Balance		(124,302)		(126,302)	(21,439)	104,863
Fund Balance, July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		362,671 74,302		362,671 74,302	 362,671 74,302	 - -
Fund Balance, June 30	\$	312,671	\$	310,671	\$ 415,534	\$ 104,863
Special Services Rotary Fund						
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	\$	125,000	\$	125,000	\$ 115,649	\$ (9,351)
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		187,542		187,542	 108,223	 79,319
Net Change in Fund Balance		(62,542)		(62,542)	7,426	69,968
Fund Balance, July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		54,192 12,542		54,192 12,542	 54,192 12,542	 <u>-</u>
Fund Balance, June 30	\$	4,192	\$	4,192	\$ 74,160	\$ 69,968
Internal Services Rotary Fund						
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	\$	940,000	\$	815,000	\$ 743,448	\$ (71,552)
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		926,479		926,479	 756,452	 170,027
Net Change in Fund Balance		13,521		(111,479)	(13,004)	98,475
Fund Balance, July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		153,076 5,479		153,076 5,479	153,076 5,479	<u>-</u>
Fund Balance, June 30	\$	172,076	\$	47,076	\$ 145,551	\$ 98,475

	Budgeted Amounts					
		Original		Final	Actual	iance with al Budget
Public School Support Fund						
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	\$	150,000	\$	150,000	\$ 171,107	\$ 21,107
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		211,084		211,084	 187,891	 23,193
Net Change in Fund Balance		(61,084)		(61,084)	(16,784)	44,300
Fund Balance, July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		126,063 11,084		67,535 11,084	 126,063 11,084	 58,528
Fund Balance, June 30	\$	76,063	\$	17,535	\$ 120,363	\$ 102,828
Special Enterprise Fund						
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	\$	170,000	\$	170,000	\$ 157,114	\$ (12,886)
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		210,000		210,000	 189,666	 20,334
Net Change in Fund Balance		(40,000)		(40,000)	(32,552)	7,448
Fund Balance, July 1		111,363		111,363	111,363	 <u>-</u>
Fund Balance, June 30	\$	71,363	\$	71,363	\$ 78,811	\$ 7,448
Special Trust Fund - General						
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	\$	27,284	\$	27,284	\$ 25,550	\$ (1,734)
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		22,733		22,733	 23,539	 (806)
Net Change in Fund Balance		4,551		4,551	2,011	(2,540)
Fund Balance, July 1		60,836		60,836	60,836	<u>-</u>
Fund Balance, June 30	\$	65,387	\$	65,387	\$ 62,847	\$ (2,540)

		Budgeted	Amo					
	Original			Final		Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
Bond Retirement Fund								
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	\$	4,015,203	\$	4,032,641	\$	4,052,857	\$	20,216
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		4,083,348		4,083,348		4,083,348		<u> </u>
Net Change in Fund Balance		(68,145)		(50,707)		(30,491)		20,216
Fund Balance, July 1		1,054,579		1,054,579		1,054,579		
Fund Balance, June 30	\$	986,434	\$	1,003,872	\$	1,024,088	\$	20,216

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Permanent aprovement Fund	I	Building Fund	Total Nonmajor Capital Project Funds		
Assets:						
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 2,966,372	\$	397,204	\$	3,363,576	
Property taxes	1,857,070		-		1,857,070	
Payment in lieu of taxes	9,752		-		9,752	
Accrued interest	 		458		458	
Total assets	\$ 4,833,194	\$	397,662	\$	5,230,856	
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	13,416		-		13,416	
Contracts payable	 120,269				120,269	
Total liabilities	133,685				133,685	
Deferred inflows of resources:						
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year	1,624,194		-		1,624,194	
Payment in lieu of taxes levied for the next fiscal year	7,365		-		7,365	
Deliquent property tax revenue not available	 82,950				82,950	
Total deferred inflows of resources	 1,714,509				1,714,509	
Fund balances:						
Restricted:						
Capital improvements	2,754,427		397,662		3,152,089	
Committed:						
Capital improvements	 230,573				230,573	
Total fund balances	 2,985,000		397,662		3,382,662	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$ 4,833,194	\$	397,662	\$	5,230,856	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Revenues: From local sources: \$ 1,746,810 \$ \$ 1,746,810 Property taxes \$ 1,746,810 \$ \$ 1,746,810 Payment in lieu of taxes 12,593 \$ 12,593 Earnings on investments \$ 9,403 9,403 Contributions and donations 28,741 \$ 224,589 Intergovernmental - state 224,589 \$ 224,589 Intergovernmental - federal 235,000 \$ 8,130 8,130 Change in fair value of investments \$ 2,247,733 17,533 2,265,266 Expenditures: Current: Instruction: \$ 2,247,733 17,533 2,265,266 Expenditures: Current: Instruction: \$ 2,247,733 17,533 2,265,266 Expenditures: Support services: \$ 28,539 \$ 26,023 \$ 26,023 Support services: \$ 28,539 \$ 28,539 \$ 28,539 \$ 28,539 \$ 28,539 \$ 28,539 \$ 28,539 \$ 28,539 \$ 28,539 \$ 28,539 \$ 28,539		Permanent Improvement Fund	Building Fund	Total Nonmajor Capital Project Funds
Property taxes \$ 1,746,810 \$ 1,746,810 Payment in lieu of taxes 12,593 - 12,593 - 12,593 Earnings on investments - 9,403 9,403 9,403 Contributions and donations 28,741 - 28,741 - 224,589 224,589 Intergovernmental - state 224,589 - 235,000 - 335,000 Change in fair value of investments - 8,130 8,130 8,130 Change in fair value of investments - 8,130 8,130 8,130 8,130 Total revenues 2,247,733 17,533 2,265,266 Expenditures: Current: Instruction: 8 449,869 449,869 449,869 59,266 50,266 50,266 50,266 50,262 60,233 26,023 26,023 26,023 28,539 28,539 28,539 28,539 28,539 28,539 28,539 28,526 6,526 6,526 6,526 6,526 6,526 6,526 6,526 6,526 6,526 6,526 7,28,988	Revenues:			
Payment in lieu of taxes 12,593 - 12,593 Earnings on investments - 9,403 9,403 Contributions and donations 28,741 - 28,741 Intergovernmental - state 224,589 - 224,589 Intergovernmental - federal 235,000 - 235,000 Change in fair value of investments - 8,130 8,130 Total revenues 2,247,733 17,533 2,265,266 Expenditures: - 8,130 8,130 Current: Instruction: - 8,130 8,130 Regular 449,869 - 449,869 - 26,023 Special 26,023 - 26,023 - 26,023 Support services: - - 8,139 - 28,539 - 28,539 - 28,539 - 28,539 - 28,539 - 28,539 - 42,622 - 6,526 - 6,526 - 6,526 - 6,	From local sources:			
Earnings on investments - 9,403 9,403 Contributions and donations 28,741 - 28,741 Intergovernmental - state 224,589 - 224,580 Intergovernmental - federal 235,000 - 235,000 Change in fair value of investments - 8,130 8,130 Total revenues 2,247,733 17,533 2,265,266 Expenditures: Current: Instruction: - 449,869 - 449,869 Special 26,023 - 26,023 - 26,023 Support services: - 28,539 - 28,539 - 28,539 - 28,539 - 28,539 - 28,539 - 6,526 - 6,526 - 6,526 - 6,526 - 6,526 - 6,526 - 6,526 - 13,743 - 13,743 - 13,743 - 13,743 - 13,743 - 1,728,988 -	Property taxes	\$ 1,746,810	\$ -	\$ 1,746,810
Contributions and donations 28,741 - 28,741 Intergovernmental - state 224,589 - 224,589 Intergovernmental - federal 235,000 - 235,000 Change in fair value of investments - 8,130 8,130 Total revenues 2,247,733 17,533 2,265,266 Expenditures: Current: Instruction: - 849,869 - 449,869 Special 26,023 - 26,023 Support services: - 28,539 - 28,539 Operations and maintenance 6,526 - 6,526 Pupil transportation 514,284 - 514,284 Extracurricular activities 13,743 - 13,743 Facilities acquisition and construction 690,004 - 690,004 Total expenditures 1,728,988 - 1,728,988 Excess of revenues over expenditures. 518,745 17,533 536,278 Other financing (uses). <		12,593	-	12,593
Intergovernmental - state 224,589 - 224,589 Intergovernmental - federal 235,000 - 235,000 Change in fair value of investments - 8,130 8,130 Total revenues 2,247,733 17,533 2,265,266 Expenditures: Current: Instruction: - 449,869 Special 26,023 - 26,023 Support services: - - 449,869 - 449,869 - 449,869 - 449,869 - 26,023 Support services: - - 26,023 - 26,023 Support services: - - - 28,539 - 28,539 - 28,539 - 28,539 - 28,539 - 28,539 - 28,539 - 28,539 - 28,539 - 28,539 - 28,539 - 28,539 - 13,743 - 13,743 - 13,743 - 13,743	Earnings on investments	-	9,403	9,403
Intergovernmental - federal 235,000 - 235,000 Change in fair value of investments - 8,130 8,130 Total revenues 2,247,733 17,533 2,265,266 Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular 449,869 - 449,869 Special 26,023 - 26,023 Support services: Business 28,539 - 28,539 Operations and maintenance 6,526 - 6,526 Pupil transportation 514,284 - 514,284 Extracurricular activities 13,743 - 13,743 Facilities acquisition and construction 690,004 - 690,004 Total expenditures 1,728,988 - 1,728,988 Excess of revenues over expenditures 518,745 17,533 536,278 Other financing (uses) (42,022) - (42,022) Total other financing (uses) (42,022) - (42,022) Net change in fund balances	Contributions and donations	28,741	-	28,741
Change in fair value of investments - 8,130 8,130 Total revenues 2,247,733 17,533 2,265,266 Expenditures: Urrent: Separation of the property of the propert	_	224,589	-	224,589
Total revenues 2,247,733 17,533 2,265,266 Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular 449,869 - 449,869 Special 26,023 - 26,023 Support services: Business 28,539 - 28,539 Operations and maintenance 6,526 - 6,526 Pupil transportation 514,284 - 514,284 Extracurricular activities 13,743 - 13,743 Facilities acquisition and construction 690,004 - 690,004 Total expenditures 1,728,988 - 1,728,988 Excess of revenues over expenditures. 518,745 17,533 536,278 Other financing (uses): Transfer out. (42,022) - (42,022) Total other financing (uses). (42,022) - (42,022) Net change in fund balances. 476,723 17,533 494,256 Fund balances at beginning of year 2,508,277 380,129 </td <td></td> <td>235,000</td> <td>-</td> <td>235,000</td>		235,000	-	235,000
Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular 449,869 449,869 Special 26,023 26,023 Support services: 3 28,539 28,539 Operations and maintenance 6,526 6,526 6,526 Pupil transportation 514,284 514,284 514,284 Extracurricular activities 13,743 13,743 690,004 Facilities acquisition and construction 690,004 690,004 690,004 Total expenditures 1,728,988 1,728,988 Excess of revenues over expenditures. 518,745 17,533 536,278 Other financing (uses): (42,022) - (42,022) Total other financing (uses). (42,022) - (42,022) Net change in fund balances. 476,723 17,533 494,256 Fund balances at beginning of year 2,508,277 380,129 2,888,406	Change in fair value of investments		8,130	8,130
Current: Instruction: 449,869 449,869 449,869 Special 26,023 26,023 26,023 Support services: 28,539 - 28,539 Operations and maintenance 6,526 - 6,526 Pupil transportation 514,284 - 514,284 Extracurricular activities 13,743 - 13,743 Facilities acquisition and construction 690,004 - 690,004 Total expenditures 1,728,988 - 1,728,988 Excess of revenues over expenditures. 518,745 17,533 536,278 Other financing (uses): Transfer out. (42,022) - (42,022) Total other financing (uses). (42,022) - (42,022) Net change in fund balances. 476,723 17,533 494,256 Fund balances at beginning of year 2,508,277 380,129 2,888,406	Total revenues	2,247,733	17,533	2,265,266
Instruction: Regular 449,869 - 449,869 Special 26,023 - 26,023 Support services: 30,000 - 28,539 - 28,539 - 28,539 - 28,539 - 28,539 - 6,526 - 6,526 - 6,526 - 6,526 - 6,526 - 13,743 - 13,743 - 13,743 - 13,743 - 13,743 - 690,004 - 690,004 - 690,004 - 690,004 - 690,004 - 690,004 - 7,728,988 - 1,728,988 - 1,728,988 - 1,728,988 - 1,728,988 - 1,728,988 - 1,728,988 - 1,728,988 - 1,728,988 - 1,728,988 - 1,728,988 - 1,728,988 - 1,728,988 - 1,728,988 - 1,728,988 - 1,728,988 - 1,728,988 - 1,728,988 - 1,7533 536,278 - 1,728,988 -	Expenditures:			
Regular 449,869 - 449,869 Special 26,023 - 26,023 Support services: Business 28,539 - 28,539 Operations and maintenance 6,526 - 6,526 Pupil transportation 514,284 - 514,284 Extracurricular activities 13,743 - 13,743 Facilities acquisition and construction 690,004 - 690,004 Total expenditures 1,728,988 - 1,728,988 Excess of revenues over expenditures 518,745 17,533 536,278 Other financing (uses): (42,022) - (42,022) Total other financing (uses) (42,022) - (42,022) Net change in fund balances 476,723 17,533 494,256 Fund balances at beginning of year 2,508,277 380,129 2,888,406	Current:			
Special 26,023 - 26,023 Support services: Business. 28,539 - 28,539 Operations and maintenance 6,526 - 6,526 Pupil transportation 514,284 - 514,284 Extracurricular activities 13,743 - 13,743 Facilities acquisition and construction 690,004 - 690,004 Total expenditures 1,728,988 - 1,728,988 Excess of revenues over expenditures 518,745 17,533 536,278 Other financing (uses): Transfer out (42,022) - (42,022) Total other financing (uses) (42,022) - (42,022) Net change in fund balances 476,723 17,533 494,256 Fund balances at beginning of year 2,508,277 380,129 2,888,406	Instruction:			
Support services: Business. 28,539 - 28,539 Operations and maintenance 6,526 - 6,526 Pupil transportation 514,284 - 514,284 Extracurricular activities 13,743 - 13,743 Facilities acquisition and construction 690,004 - 690,004 Total expenditures 1,728,988 - 1,728,988 Excess of revenues over expenditures 518,745 17,533 536,278 Other financing (uses): (42,022) - (42,022) Total other financing (uses). (42,022) - (42,022) Net change in fund balances 476,723 17,533 494,256 Fund balances at beginning of year 2,508,277 380,129 2,888,406	Regular	449,869	-	449,869
Business. 28,539 - 28,539 Operations and maintenance 6,526 - 6,526 Pupil transportation 514,284 - 514,284 Extracurricular activities 13,743 - 13,743 Facilities acquisition and construction 690,004 - 690,004 Total expenditures 1,728,988 - 1,728,988 Excess of revenues over expenditures 518,745 17,533 536,278 Other financing (uses): (42,022) - (42,022) Total other financing (uses) (42,022) - (42,022) Net change in fund balances 476,723 17,533 494,256 Fund balances at beginning of year 2,508,277 380,129 2,888,406	Special	26,023	-	26,023
Operations and maintenance 6,526 - 6,526 Pupil transportation 514,284 - 514,284 Extracurricular activities 13,743 - 13,743 Facilities acquisition and construction 690,004 - 690,004 Total expenditures 1,728,988 - 1,728,988 Excess of revenues over expenditures 518,745 17,533 536,278 Other financing (uses): (42,022) - (42,022) Total other financing (uses) (42,022) - (42,022) Net change in fund balances 476,723 17,533 494,256 Fund balances at beginning of year 2,508,277 380,129 2,888,406	Support services:			
Pupil transportation 514,284 - 514,284 Extracurricular activities 13,743 - 13,743 Facilities acquisition and construction 690,004 - 690,004 Total expenditures 1,728,988 - 1,728,988 Excess of revenues over expenditures 518,745 17,533 536,278 Other financing (uses): (42,022) - (42,022) Total other financing (uses) (42,022) - (42,022) Net change in fund balances 476,723 17,533 494,256 Fund balances at beginning of year 2,508,277 380,129 2,888,406	Business	28,539	-	28,539
Extracurricular activities 13,743 - 13,743 Facilities acquisition and construction 690,004 - 690,004 Total expenditures 1,728,988 - 1,728,988 Excess of revenues over expenditures 518,745 17,533 536,278 Other financing (uses): Transfer out (42,022) - (42,022) Total other financing (uses) (42,022) - (42,022) Net change in fund balances 476,723 17,533 494,256 Fund balances at beginning of year 2,508,277 380,129 2,888,406	Operations and maintenance	6,526	-	6,526
Facilities acquisition and construction 690,004 - 690,004 Total expenditures 1,728,988 - 1,728,988 Excess of revenues over expenditures 518,745 17,533 536,278 Other financing (uses): Transfer out (42,022) - (42,022) Total other financing (uses) (42,022) - (42,022) Net change in fund balances 476,723 17,533 494,256 Fund balances at beginning of year 2,508,277 380,129 2,888,406		514,284	-	514,284
Total expenditures 1,728,988 - 1,728,988 Excess of revenues over expenditures 518,745 17,533 536,278 Other financing (uses): Transfer out (42,022) - (42,022) Total other financing (uses) (42,022) - (42,022) Net change in fund balances 476,723 17,533 494,256 Fund balances at beginning of year 2,508,277 380,129 2,888,406		,	-	13,743
Excess of revenues over expenditures. 518,745 17,533 536,278 Other financing (uses): Transfer out. (42,022) - (42,022) Total other financing (uses). (42,022) - (42,022) Net change in fund balances. 476,723 17,533 494,256 Fund balances at beginning of year. 2,508,277 380,129 2,888,406	Facilities acquisition and construction	690,004		690,004
Other financing (uses): Transfer out. (42,022) - (42,022) Total other financing (uses). (42,022) - (42,022) Net change in fund balances. 476,723 17,533 494,256 Fund balances at beginning of year. 2,508,277 380,129 2,888,406	Total expenditures	1,728,988		1,728,988
Transfer out. (42,022) - (42,022) Total other financing (uses). (42,022) - (42,022) Net change in fund balances. 476,723 17,533 494,256 Fund balances at beginning of year. 2,508,277 380,129 2,888,406	Excess of revenues over expenditures	518,745	17,533	536,278
Total other financing (uses). (42,022) - (42,022) Net change in fund balances. 476,723 17,533 494,256 Fund balances at beginning of year. 2,508,277 380,129 2,888,406	Other financing (uses):			
Net change in fund balances. 476,723 17,533 494,256 Fund balances at beginning of year. 2,508,277 380,129 2,888,406	Transfer out	(42,022)	<u> </u>	(42,022)
Fund balances at beginning of year	Total other financing (uses)	(42,022)		(42,022)
	Net change in fund balances	476,723	17,533	494,256
	Fund balances at beginning of year	2,508,277	380,129	2,888,406
			\$ 397,662	

		Budgeted	Amo	unts			
	Original			Final	 Actual		iance with al Budget
Permanent Improvement Fund							
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	\$	2,191,440	\$	2,200,333	\$ 2,237,084	\$	36,751
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		3,999,413		4,299,413	 3,944,716		354,697
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,807,973)		(2,099,080)	(1,707,632)		391,448
Fund Balance, July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		1,960,101 1,018,913		1,960,101 1,018,913	1,960,101 1,018,913	-	- -
Fund Balance, June 30	\$	1,171,041	\$	879,934	\$ 1,271,382	\$	391,448
Building Fund							
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	\$ 9,403	\$	(597)
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		395,000		395,000			395,000
Net Change in Fund Balance		(385,000)		(385,000)	9,403		394,403
Fund Balance, July 1		387,391		387,391	 387,391		
Fund Balance, June 30	\$	2,391	\$	2,391	\$ 396,794	\$	394,403

		Budgeted	Amou	ınts			
	Original Final		 Actual	Variance with Final Budget			
Endowment Fund							
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	\$	30,000	\$	30,000	\$ 8,892	\$	(21,108)
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		33,500		33,500	 21,000		12,500
Net Change in Fund Balance		(3,500)		(3,500)	(12,108)		(8,608)
Fund Balance, July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		667,231 3,500		667,231 3,500	 667,231 3,500		- -
Fund Balance, June 30	\$	667,231	\$	667,231	\$ 658,623	\$	(8,608)

FINDLAY CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPRIETARY FUND DESCRIPTION

Nonmajor Internal Service Fund

Employee Benefits Self Insurance Fund

Section 5705.09, Revised Code

The employee benefits self insurance fund is used to account for monies received from other funds as payment for providing medical, hospitalization, life, dental, vision, and any other similar employee benefits. Since the District maintains only one internal service fund, no combining statements are presented.

		Budgeted	Amo				
	Original			Final	 Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
Employee Benefits Self Insurance Fund							
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	\$	9,000,000	\$	9,000,000	\$ 9,977,247	\$	977,247
Total Expenses and Other Financing Uses		9,500,000	-	10,100,000	 10,099,997		3
Net Change in Fund Balance		(500,000)		(1,100,000)	(122,750)		977,250
Fund Balance, July 1		1,812,133	-	1,812,133	 1,812,133		-
Fund Balance, June 30	\$	1,312,133	\$	712,133	\$ 1,689,383	\$	977,250

FINDLAY CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT FIDUCIARY FUND DESCRIPTIONS

Private Purpose Trust Fund

Section 5705.09, Revised Code

The scholarship fund is used to account for local revenues donated to support scholarships. Since the District maintains only one private purpose trust fund, no combining statements are presented.

Agency Fund

District Agency Fund

Section 3313.062, Revised Code

A fund used to account for assets held by the District as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and other governmental units.

Student Managed Activity Fund

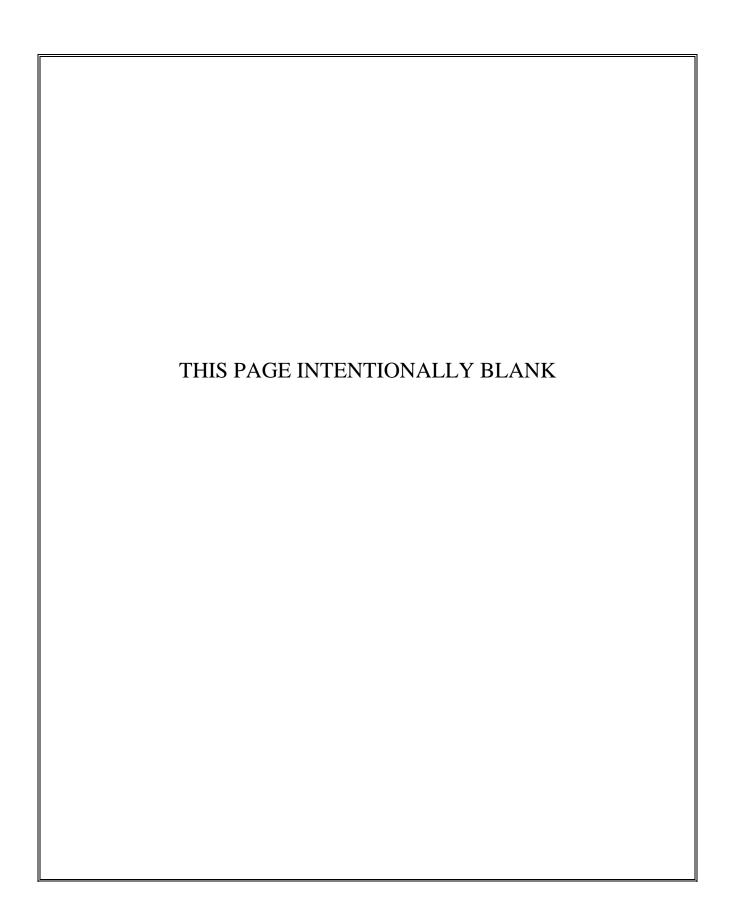
Section 3313.062, Revised Code

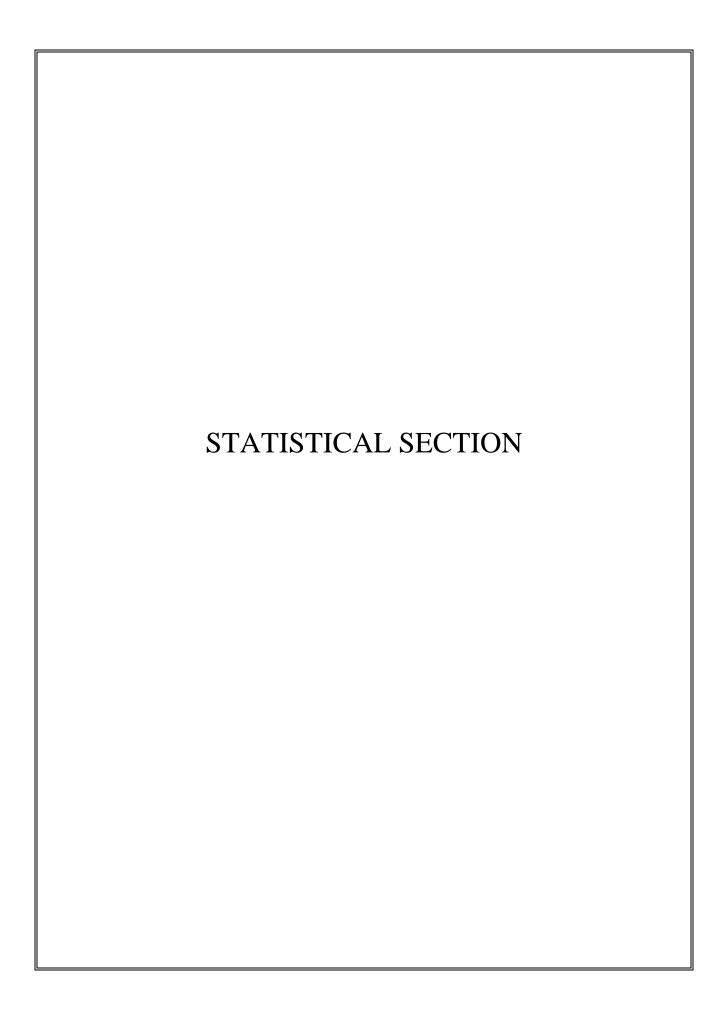
A fund used to account for those student activity programs which have student participation in the activity and have student involvement in the management of the program. This fund typically includes those student activities which consist of a student body, student president, student treasurer, and faculty advisor.

		Budgeted	Amou	nts				
	Original		Final		Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
Scholarship Fund								
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	\$	19,755	\$	19,755	\$	18,500	\$	(1,255)
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		25,744		25,744		14,009		11,735
Net Change in Fund Balance		(5,989)		(5,989)		4,491		10,480
Fund Balance, July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		38,272 12,214		38,272 12,214		38,272 12,214		- -
Fund Balance, June 30	\$	44,497	\$	44,497	\$	54,977	\$	10,480

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Beginning Balance June 30, 2018			dditions	D	eductions	Ending Balance June 30, 2019		
District Agency Fund		,							
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	101,347	\$	(99,123)	\$	2,224	
Total assets	\$		\$	101,347	\$	(99,123)	\$	2,224	
Liabilities: Due to students				101,347		(99,123)		2,224	
Total liabilities	\$		\$	101,347	\$	(99,123)	\$	2,224	
Student Managed Activity Fund									
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	126,759	\$	97,274	\$	(89,634)	\$	134,399	
Total assets	\$	126,759	\$	97,274	\$	(89,634)	\$	134,399	
Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$	2,209 124,550	\$	36 97,238	\$	(2,209) (87,425)	\$	36 134,363	
Total liabilities	\$	126,759	\$	97,274	\$	(89,634)	\$	134,399	
Total Agency Funds									
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	126,759	\$	198,621	\$	(188,757)	\$	136,623	
Total assets	\$	126,759	\$	198,621	\$	(188,757)	\$	136,623	
Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$	2,209 124,550	\$	36 198,585	\$	(2,209) (186,548)	\$	36 136,587	
Total liabilities	\$	126,759	\$	198,621	\$	(188,757)	\$	136,623	







STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the District's overall financial position.

<u>Contents</u>	<u>Page</u>
Financial Trends: These schedules present trend information to demonstrate how the District's financial position and financial performance have changed over time.	S2 - S13
Revenue Capacity: These schedules present information to identify the capacity of the District's most significant local revenue source, property taxes.	S14 - S21
Debt Capacity: These schedules present information to assess the capacity of the District's current levels of outstanding debt and the District's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	S22 - S25
Demographic and Economic Information: These schedules present information to show demographic and economic indicators of the environment within which the District's financial operations occur.	S26 - S27
Operating Information: These schedules present information about how the District's basic financial statements relate to the programs and services the District provides and the activities it performs.	S28 - S36

Sources: Sources are noted on the individual schedules.

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Governmental Activities		2019		2018		2017	2016		
Net Position:									
Net investment in capital assets	\$	47,393,471	\$	48,369,602	\$	49,016,340	\$	47,538,520	
Restricted		8,258,640		7,967,684		7,138,085		6,411,757	
Unrestricted (deficit)		(67,516,507)		(72,095,398)		(98,695,235)		(71,189,360)	
Total governmental activities net position (deficit)	\$	(11,864,396)	\$	(15,758,112)	\$	(42,540,810)	\$	(17,239,083)	

Source: Findlay CSD, Treasurer's Office.

Notes:

2012 amounts have been restated due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 65.

2014 amounts have been restated due to implementation of GASB Statements No. 68 and No. 71.

2017 amounts have been restated due to implementation of GASB Statements No. 75.

_	2015		2014		2014		2013		2013		2013		2012	2011	 2010
\$	43,804,562	\$	40,058,592	\$	36,707,854	\$	33,870,976	\$ 17,194,091	\$ 15,084,461						
	9,259,238		11,663,339		11,034,090		9,747,567	24,592,513	22,508,530						
	(70,709,656)		(72, 178, 719)		9,369,113		10,025,932	6,919,739	4,627,370						
\$	(17,645,856)	\$	(20,456,788)	\$	57,111,057	\$	53,644,475	\$ 48,706,343	\$ 42,220,361						

CHANGES IN NET POSITION ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Governmental Activities		2019	 2018	 2017	 2016
Expenses:					
Instruction:					
Regular	\$	25,583,856	\$ 14,882,418	\$ 29,049,482	\$ 24,498,426
Special		10,139,896	5,184,025	11,027,071	8,993,961
Vocational		3,288,177	2,616,170	3,945,264	3,530,574
Adult/continuing		11,596	9,392	29,835	30,268
Other		5,538,094	5,949,491	6,477,905	6,028,071
Support services:					
Pupil		3,126,831	1,704,517	3,334,374	2,811,482
Instructional staff		2,816,771	1,563,946	3,307,013	2,767,588
Board of education		239,522	190,311	191,696	178,336
Administration		4,124,021	2,328,662	4,662,980	4,042,315
Fiscal		1,286,722	1,127,219	1,446,548	1,354,689
Business		28,539	140,567	-	32,028
Operations and maintenance		5,871,446	4,728,957	6,772,689	8,987,724
Pupil transportation		2,984,491	1,529,225	2,871,394	2,392,247
Central		182,389	95,211	172,565	138,237
Operation of non-instructional services:					
Other non-instructional services		710,210	577,932	852,959	718,193
Food service operations		1,592,437	1,222,446	1,906,801	1,709,784
Extracurricular activities		1,623,440	974,264	1,762,566	1,309,874
Interest and fiscal charges		2,609,817	2,743,854	2,843,954	2,869,740
Total governmental activities expenses	\$	71,758,255	\$ 47,568,607	\$ 80,655,096	\$ 72,393,537

Note: 2012 amounts have been restated due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 65.

 2015	 2014	2013	2012	 2011	2010		
\$ 24,614,019	\$ 24,083,569	\$ 22,985,792	\$ 23,783,570	\$ 24,035,747	\$	24,815,455	
8,667,445	8,265,718	6,886,178	6,927,703	7,731,994		7,632,767	
3,261,293	3,200,325	2,849,763	2,671,736	2,847,494		2,980,116	
48,764	71,734	95,473	92,038	112,119		128,224	
5,868,375	6,202,914	5,561,892	5,027,978	4,233,845		3,399,411	
2,623,398	2,558,309	3,883,659	2,715,860	2,945,192		3,148,186	
2,689,001	2,441,485	4,451,017	4,571,308	4,829,089		4,926,352	
191,883	147,509	135,643	133,632	181,030		162,047	
4,259,706	3,746,934	3,730,286	3,818,259	4,209,417		4,105,906	
1,325,530	1,235,660	1,383,421	1,467,637	1,543,490		1,488,289	
251,543	338,924	-	-	-		-	
7,031,705	5,594,361	3,248,967	5,412,920	5,365,383		5,958,054	
2,279,661	2,271,051	2,185,744	2,131,581	2,113,301		2,126,078	
160,818	257,891	117,913	151,120	165,664		156,585	
651,026	602,798	649,898	577,016	596,615		659,606	
1,802,043	1,367,641	1,625,835	1,911,192	1,881,937		2,081,952	
1,374,947	1,656,885	1,267,489	1,154,589	1,421,284		1,360,886	
2,889,685	2,916,386	2,942,525	2,962,353	2,994,671		1,257,804	
\$ 69,990,842	\$ 66,960,094	\$ 64,001,495	\$ 65,510,492	\$ 67,208,272	\$	66,387,718	

CHANGES IN NET POSITION - (Continued) ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Governmental Activities	2019		2018		 2017	 2016
Program Revenues:						
Charges for services:						
Instruction:						
Regular	\$	2,522,476	\$	2,097,803	\$ 2,434,671	\$ 1,909,417
Special		576,265		640,415	950,681	368,081
Vocational		759,350		384,974	145,419	285,536
Adult/continuing		75,000		12,283	29,561	25,564
Other		-		-	15	-
Support services:						
Pupil		_		51,012	95,075	57,551
Instructional staff		_		361,671	539,949	458,285
Board of education		_		-	-	-
Administration		7,547		7,475	10,492	7,445
Fiscal		_		166	146	-
Business		_		_	_	4,204
Operations and maintenance		386,368		376,011	393,548	415,064
Pupil transportation		8,049		1,298	5,112	5,489
Central		4,964		5,690	5,507	5,602
Operation of non-instructional services:		.,,, .		2,070	2,207	2,002
Other non-instructional services		_		152,608	217,058	206,365
Food service operations		561,491		570,330	557,316	574,497
Extracurricular activities		548,103		660,655	574,992	598,620
		5 10,105		000,033	371,332	370,020
Operating grants and contributions:						
Instruction:		5.47.075		cc0.245	5.45.104	445.065
Regular		547,075		668,245	547,126	445,267
Special		5,407,556		5,534,185	5,469,236	4,974,263
Vocational		640,438		643,497	683,699	563,460
Adult/continuing		-		-	-	-
Other		65,924		40,990	8,958	121,112
Support services:						
Pupil		88,240		160,566	182,352	197,766
Instructional staff		275,781		129,263	278,038	243,707
Administration		10,604		10,583	11,720	8,235
Operations and maintenance		333,684		314,259	320,119	325,578
Pupil transportation		148,423		185,427	160,367	158,838
Central		12,604		-	-	-
Operation of non-instructional services:						
Other non-instructional services		400,116		408,130	433,863	419,623
Food service operations		1,050,942		1,086,465	1,152,071	1,207,150
Extracurricular activities		106,372		97,027	102,053	58,168
Capital grants and contributions:						
Instruction:						
Regular		114,197		255,633	191,768	108,396
Special		6,606		-	-	-
Support services:						
Board of education		-		-	-	-
Administration		-		-	-	-
Fiscal		_		-	-	-
Business		7,244		33,776	-	1,938
Operations and maintenance		1,657		43,210	3,843	14,344
Pupil transportation		130,548		-	-	,
Extracurricular activities		3,489		2,205	5,889	4,109
Total governmental activities program revenues	\$	14,801,113	\$	14,935,852	\$ 15,510,644	\$ 13,773,674
Net Revenue/(Expense)	\$	(56,957,142)	\$	(32,632,755)	\$ (65,144,452)	\$ (58,619,863)

2015		2014		2013		2012	2011	2010		
\$	2,022,101	\$	1,847,438	\$	1,580,078	\$ 1,781,710	\$ 1,988,965	\$	1,986,350	
	76,735		526,559		517,515	672,592	435,144		448,454	
	381,012		785,502		743,312	716,532	929,015		1,058,036	
	42,285		-		-	290	-		-	
	1.545									
	1,545		-		-	-	-		-	
	426,753 276		439		-	-	-		2	
	10,618		12,099		-	-	-		1,748	
	157		12,055		_	_	_		1,740	
	-		-		_	_	_		_	
	421,842		412,041		289,108	160,018	37,051		70,474	
	4,313		20,487		7,170	´ <u>-</u>	· -		459	
	3,653		7,082		-	-	-		952	
	195,906		181,632		159,904	_	_		157,449	
	608,977		528,281		520,556	624,541	736,579		894,769	
	516,143		688,814		467,293	554,939	520,371		479,054	
	,		ŕ		,	,	,		,	
	567,485		387,026		581,536	546,041	2,119,682		938,302	
	5,153,370		4,708,837		3,324,901	3,077,825	3,759,551		1,944,128	
	450,782		392,353		393,492	411,411	303,867		381,644	
	-		-		-	-	-		86,920	
	112,991		184,879		16,800	42,058	242,953		-	
	229,965		250,377		244,165	284,880	295,454		309,615	
	307,107		290,662		1,019,780	1,008,606	1,254,666		1,072,593	
	9,304		11,530		17,956	17,279	17,972		18,939	
	308,462		294,957		312,536	314,011	276,576		282,329	
	117,438		111,015		100,728	93,044	173,935		73,492	
	-		-		-	20,960	5,000		23,485	
	425,164		439,458		480,775	429,531	409,875		475,578	
	1,196,485		1,114,686		1,068,542	1,239,951	1,108,268		1,217,708	
	61,318		52,304		112,994	54,889	706,197		580,973	
	120,071		590,524		-	11,000	-		-	
	-		-		-	-	-		-	
	-		77,678		-	-	-		_	
	-		140,845		-	-	-		-	
	-		444,078		-	-	-		-	
	2,171		-		-	-	-		-	
	3,453		-		-	-	-		-	
	1,105		13,540		100,000	-	-		-	
\$	13,778,987	\$	14,515,246	\$	12,059,141	\$ 12,062,108	\$ 15,321,121	\$	12,503,453	
\$	(56,211,855)	\$	(52,444,848)	\$	(51,942,354)	\$ (53,448,384)	\$ (51,887,151)	\$	(53,884,265)	

CHANGES IN NET POSITION - (Continued) ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Governmental Activities		2019	 2018	 2017	2016
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position:					
Property taxes levied for:					
General purposes	\$	26,630,634	\$ 24,773,900	\$ 26,466,556	\$ 25,079,958
Debt service		3,080,972	2,857,665	3,041,848	2,861,429
Capital projects		1,777,802	1,651,816	1,770,793	1,701,291
Grants and entitlements					
not restricted to specific programs		28,248,140	28,904,401	29,344,856	28,752,689
Grants and entitlements restricted for					
Ohio School Facilities Commission		-	-	-	-
Investment earnings		293,651	289,133	241,396	269,681
Increase (decrease) in fair value of investments		8,130	(411,200)	47,786	154,578
Payments in-lieu of taxes		269,459	364,507	171,444	170,058
Gain on sale of assets		-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous		542,070	985,231	640,179	772,909
Total governmental activities general revenues	\$	60,850,858	\$ 59,415,453	\$ 61,724,858	\$ 59,762,593
Special Item:					
Repayment of OFCC funding	\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$ (735,957)
Change in Net Position	\$	3,893,716	\$ 26,782,698	\$ (3,419,594)	\$ 406,773

Source: Findlay CSD, Treasurer's Office.

Note: 2012 amounts have been restated due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 65.

	2015		2014		2013		2012		2011	2010		
\$	24,777,271	\$	25,863,927	\$	24,466,445	\$	26,068,254	\$	25,022,687	\$	22,896,396	
Ψ	2,835,907	Ψ	2,978,497	Ψ	2,864,622	Ψ	3,148,655	Ψ	2,891,446	Ψ	1,702,134	
	1,684,842		1,770,634		1,687,333		1,825,682		1,743,558		1,622,185	
	28,843,874		26,971,165		25,516,833		26,451,719		27,200,127		27,944,202	
	-		-		-		-		-		18,410,485	
	272,024		314,511		780,537		673,443		788,385		854,036	
	31,773		165,012		(812,351)		-		-		-	
	170,693		174,910		-		-		-		-	
	-		-		-		-		-		144,042	
	406,403		505,648		905,517		693,998		726,930		560,085	
\$	59,022,787	\$	58,744,304	\$	55,408,936	\$	58,861,751	\$	58,373,133	\$	74,133,565	
\$		\$	-	\$		\$		\$	-	\$	_	
\$	2,810,932	\$	6,299,456	\$	3,466,582	\$	5,413,367	\$	6,485,982	\$	20,249,300	

FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Governmental Funds		2019	 2018	 2017	2016		
General Fund:							
Fund Balance:							
Nonspendable	\$	147,945	\$ 146,312	\$ 153,880	\$	124,996	
Committed		-	-	189,310		-	
Assigned		4,310,710	3,743,852	6,559,230		4,803,067	
Unassigned		-	2,810,253	3,972,968		7,840,529	
Reserved		-	-	-		-	
Unreserved			 	 			
Total general fund	\$	4,458,655	\$ 6,700,417	\$ 10,875,388	\$	12,768,592	
Other Governmental Funds:							
Fund Balance:							
Nonspendable	\$	627,186	\$ 627,405	\$ 626,102	\$	614,910	
Restricted		7,719,322	7,499,377	7,332,159		6,508,323	
Committed		230,573	225,000	88,000		168,000	
Unassigned (deficit)		(118,225)	(168,289)	(152,010)		(255,949)	
Reserved		-	-	-		-	
Unreserved, reported in:							
Special revenue funds		-	-	-		-	
Capital projects funds		-	-	-		-	
Permanent fund			 	 			
Total other governmental funds	\$	8,458,856	\$ 8,183,493	\$ 7,894,251	\$	7,035,284	
Total governmental funds	\$	12,917,511	\$ 14,883,910	\$ 18,769,639	\$	19,803,876	

Source: Findlay CSD, Treasurer's Office.

Note: The District implemented GASB Statement No. 54 in 2011, which changed the fund balance classifications.

 2015	 2014	 2013	 2012	 2011 2010		2010
\$ 89,854	\$ 88,850	\$ 118,446	\$ 118,456	\$ 153,624	\$	-
3,820,944 8,909,353	2,145,977 9,814,605	3,401,843 5,889,856	1,236,841 8,660,868	1,964,729 5,122,427		- -
 -	 - -	 -	 - -	 - -		2,881,936 3,335,028
\$ 12,820,151	\$ 12,049,432	\$ 9,410,145	\$ 10,016,165	\$ 7,240,780	\$	6,216,964
\$ 618,000 9,212,582 180,000 (124,702)	\$ 637,756 11,302,752 100,000 (601)	\$ 636,057 12,357,926 228,736 (83,806)	\$ 634,886 36,614,180 707,531 (64,758)	\$ 641,382 70,597,302 200,000 (61,130)	\$	2,807,585
- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -		1,649,729 54,459,468 96,811
\$ 9,885,880	\$ 12,039,907	\$ 13,138,913	\$ 37,891,839	\$ 71,377,554	\$	59,013,593
\$ 22,706,031	\$ 24,089,339	\$ 22,549,058	\$ 47,908,004	\$ 78,618,334	\$	65,230,557

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Governmental Funds	2019)	 2018 2017		2016		
Revenues:							
From local sources:							
Taxes	\$ 30,94	47,885	\$ 29,299,531	\$	31,234,489	\$	29,984,910
Payment in lieu of taxes		59,459	364,507		171,444		170,058
Tuition		17,208	3,080,099		3,686,288		2,739,118
Earnings on investments		12,685	281,439		238,155		282,990
Charges for services		51,491	570,330		557,316		574,497
Extracurricular		74,688	670,176		586,282		608,638
Classroom materials and fees Rental income		19,093	381,179		383,768		366,140
Contributions and donations		80,200 73,078	376,011 487,158		393,548 445,184		415,064 487,956
Contract services		38,531	110,054		165,205		106,306
Other local revenues		03,069	1,678,802		1,185,495		1,156,043
Intergovernmental - Intermediate	1,20	-	663,186		1,105,475		1,130,043
Intergovernmental - State	31.09	94,113	31,500,871		32,465,146		31,652,781
Intergovernmental - Federal		09,412	5,395,807		5,578,863		5,277,136
Change in fair value of investments		19,779	(411,200)		47,786		154,578
Total revenues		20,691	74,447,950		77,138,969		73,976,215
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Instruction:							
Regular		55,461	27,094,351		27,347,160		25,120,565
Special		04,141	10,695,096		9,963,828		8,741,792
Vocational		54,536	3,709,450		3,487,720		3,329,692
Adult/continuing Other		12,789	17,666		28,000		30,523
Other Support services:	3,34	42,056	6,058,427		6,463,638		5,997,447
Pupil	3 39	89,781	3,240,635		3,032,569		2,781,717
Instructional staff		20,254	2,668,938		3,009,427		2,716,480
Board of education		39,522	190,311		191,696		178,336
Administration		98,853	4,365,655		4,218,250		3,931,083
Fiscal		31,087	1,386,680		1,320,033		1,262,799
Business		28,539	140,567		253,487		32,028
Operations and maintenance		93,944	6,328,177		7,118,322		8,996,967
Pupil transportation		72,475	2,476,011		2,858,691		2,215,245
Central		87,972	170,717		160,510		135,994
Operation of non-instructional services:							
Other non-instructional services	59	90,230	600,086		690,361		589,586
Food service operations	1,65	59,958	1,598,158		1,756,110		1,747,512
Extracurricular activities	1,68	83,312	1,582,997		1,651,230		1,557,840
Facilities acquisition and construction	69	90,004	810,280		451,993		2,773,463
Debt service:							
Principal retirement	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	50,000	687,135		1,395,000		1,245,000
Interest and fiscal charges	2,63	33,348	2,676,440		2,715,143		2,766,150
Accretion on capital appreciation bonds		-	747,865		-		-
Bond issuance costs Total expenditures	77.09	88.262	 77,245,642		78,113,168		76,150,219
•		36,202	 77,243,042	_	70,113,100		70,130,219
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(1.0	(7 571)	(2.707.602)		(974,199)		(2.174.004)
	(1,90	57,571)	 (2,797,692)		(974,199)		(2,174,004)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):		14.004	40 471		40.200		2 256 427
Transfers in		14,904 14,904)	48,471		40,288		2,256,437
Transfers (out) Sale of capital assets	(-	+4,904)	(1,048,471)		(40,288)		(2,256,437)
Sale of bonds							_
Premium on bonds		_					
Total other financing sources (uses)	·		 (1,000,000)				
Canadal Itama							
Special Item: Repayment of OFCC funding		-	_		-		(735,957)
Net change in fund balances	\$ (1,96	57,571)	\$ (3,797,692)	\$	(974,199)	\$	(2,909,961)
_							
Debt service as a percentage		5.000	= 20c:		a		# coo:
of noncapital expenditures		5.30%	5.38%		5.52%		5.69%

	2015	_	2014	 2013	_	2012		2011		2010
\$	29,366,155	\$	30,706,695	\$ 29,016,594	\$	31,115,695	\$	29,657,440	\$	26,173,376
	170,693		174,910	202,827		164,014		160,004		2 200 512
	2,446,199		2,775,017	2,584,716		2,754,251		2,922,363		3,200,512
	259,501		282,481	797,745		895,844		692,126		692,725
	608,977		528,281	520,556 484,423		624,541		736,579		833,365 493,079
	526,340 374,768		720,617 406,042	367,008		565,694 375,215		533,387 372,291		493,079
	421,842		412,041	270,014		160,018		165,277		48,655
	430,433		1,581,188	494,554		366,731		377,333		355,576
	105,689		60,069	58,219		30,903		45,454		60,152
	856,912		759,346	756,389		677,759		438,692		557,258
	31,172,018		29,213,125	28,028,512		29,970,887		41,535,537		30,197,993
	6,075,959		5,801,140	5,649,228		6,410,389		7,994,456		6,884,097
	31,773		165,012	(812,351)		-		-		-
	72,847,259		73,585,964	68,418,434		74,111,941		85,630,939		69,897,368
	24,944,049		24,081,493	23,021,813		23,527,813		24,239,559		24,749,868
	8,533,770		8,068,212	6,773,630		6,842,708		7,860,250		7,685,426
	2,986,698		2,957,248	2,634,910		2,568,092		2,827,020		2,999,561
	49,227		71,287	96,140		92,651		112,271		128,340
	5,911,925		6,202,914	5,561,892		5,028,013		4,233,845		3,399,411
	2,661,930		2,524,652	5,090,474		4,218,995		2,949,238		3,239,492
	2,571,724		2,400,412	4,384,397		4,572,768		4,914,694		4,911,676
	191,883		147,509	135,643		133,632		181,030		162,047
	4,230,431		3,634,690	3,847,219		3,787,213		4,142,449		4,050,210
	1,261,457		1,200,695	1,406,882		1,457,419		1,528,310		1,472,052
	251,543		338,924	-,,		-		-,,		-,,
	6,953,020		5,913,734	5,631,954		5,645,094		5,664,620		5,936,118
	2,123,938		2,600,092	2,076,964		2,057,066		2,375,884		2,029,893
	126,967		173,464	121,610		161,638		183,106		158,250
	589,435		540,297	607,178		549,242		595,773		623,539
	1,738,087		1,638,844	1,625,328		1,879,055		1,839,679		2,089,882
	1,357,825		1,609,160	1,412,382		1,463,091		1,432,812		1,364,871
	3,717,892		3,489,851	25,055,954		36,606,836		2,949,104		3,286,354
	1,220,000		1,560,548	1,499,571		1,295,510		1,258,396		401,812
	2,807,165		2,852,534	2,892,806		2,923,859		2,948,324		1,014,501
	-		-	-		-		-		-
				 						500,721
	74,228,966		72,006,560	 93,876,747		104,810,695		72,236,364		70,204,024
	(1,381,707)		1,579,404	 (25,458,313)		(30,698,754)		13,394,575		(306,656)
	27,167		22,574	150,624		271,394		348,273		39,591,629
	(27,167)		(22,574)	(150,624)		(271,394)		(348,273)		(39,591,629)
	(27,107)		(22,57.)	92,972		(2,1,5,1)		20		152,500
	_		_			_				54,192,135
	_		_	_		_		_		509,424
				92,972			_	20	_	54,854,059
	-		_	_		_		_		_
_		_		 					_	
\$	(1,381,707)	\$	1,579,404	\$ (25,365,341)	\$	(30,698,754)	\$	13,394,595	\$	54,547,403
	5.83%		6.62%	6.80%		6.40%		6.14%		2.87%

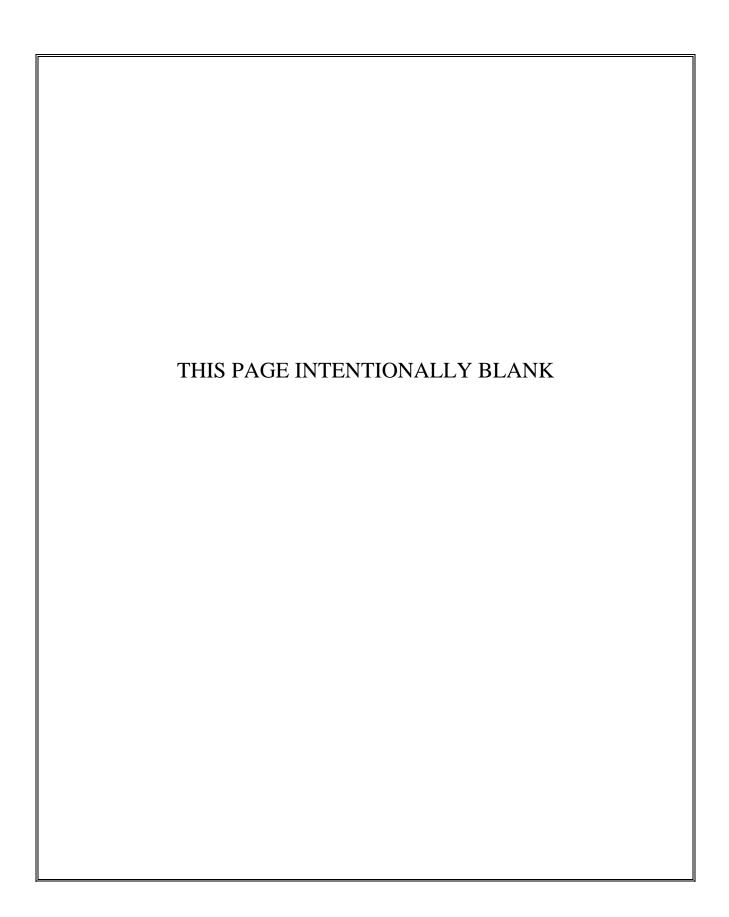
ASSESSED VALUATION AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUATION OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

		Estate perty	Public Utility Tangible Personal Property					
Calendar Year	Assessed Valuation	Estimated Actual Valuation (a)	Assessed Valuation	Estimated Actual Valuation (a)				
2019	\$ 777,412,590	2,221,178,829	\$ 48,555,300	\$ 55,176,477				
2018	769,150,440	2,197,572,686	48,755,000	55,403,409				
2017	772,328,730	2,206,653,514	44,265,910	50,302,170				
2016	744,674,000	2,127,640,000	38,702,510	43,980,125				
2015	739,502,700	2,112,864,857	33,679,160	38,271,773				
2014	736,299,030	2,103,711,514	32,567,900	37,008,977				
2013	745,725,300	2,130,643,714	24,973,460	28,378,932				
2012	741,894,780	2,119,699,371	23,297,920	26,474,909				
2011	745,637,250	2,130,392,143	22,501,820	25,570,250				
2010	784,269,630	2,240,770,371	21,541,150	24,478,580				

Source: Hancock County Auditor.

⁽a) These amounts are calculated based on the following percentages: Real estate property is assessed at 35 percent of estimated actual value for 2014. Public utility tangible personal property is assessed at 88 percent of estimated actual value for 2014.

	Total copert	y	Assessed Valuation			
Assessed Valuation		Estimated Actual Valuation	as a Percent of Estimated Actual Valuation	Direct Property Tax Rate		
\$ 825,967,890	\$	2,276,355,306	36.28%	\$	64.95	
817,905,440		2,252,976,095	36.30%		64.95	
816,594,640		2,256,955,685	36.18%		64.95	
783,376,510		2,171,620,125	36.07%		64.94	
773,181,860		2,151,136,630	35.94%		64.95	
768,866,930		2,140,720,492	35.92%		64.95	
770,698,760		2,159,022,646	35.70%		64.95	
765,192,700		2,146,174,281	35.65%		64.95	
768,139,070		2,155,962,393	35.63%		64.99	
805,810,780		2,265,248,951	35.57%		64.18	



PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS (PER \$1,000 OF ASSESSED VALUATION)

LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

Direct Rates Overlapping Rates Voted Hancock Findlay Calendar Permanent Total City of Hancock County Hancock Park District Public Library Year General Bond Improvement Unvoted Direct Findlay County Total 2019 52.95 \$ 4.20 \$ 2.50 \$ 5.30 \$ 64.95 \$ 3.20 \$ 8.40 \$ 0.80 0.50 77.85 2018 52.95 4.20 2.50 5.30 64.95 3.20 8.40 0.80 0.50 77.85 2017 52.95 4.20 2.50 5.30 64.95 7.80 0.80 0.50 77.25 3.20 2016 52.95 4.19 2.50 5.30 64.94 3.20 7.80 0.80 0.50 77.24 52.95 0.50 2015 4.20 2.50 5.30 64.95 3.20 7.80 0.80 77.25 2014 52.95 4.20 2.50 5.30 64.95 3.20 7.80 0.80 0.50 77.25 2013 52.95 4.20 2.50 5.30 64.95 3.20 7.80 0.80 0.50 77.25 64.95 7.80 0.50 77.25 2012 52.95 4.20 2.50 5.30 3.20 0.80 2011 52.95 4.24 2.50 5.30 64.99 3.20 7.80 0.80 0.50 77.29 5.30 64.18 3.20 7.80 0.80 75.98 2010 52.95 3.43 2.50

Source: Hancock County Auditor.

PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS REAL ESTATE PROPERTY

DECEMBER 31, 2018 AND DECEMBER 31, 2009

T		2010
Decemb	or 41	71118

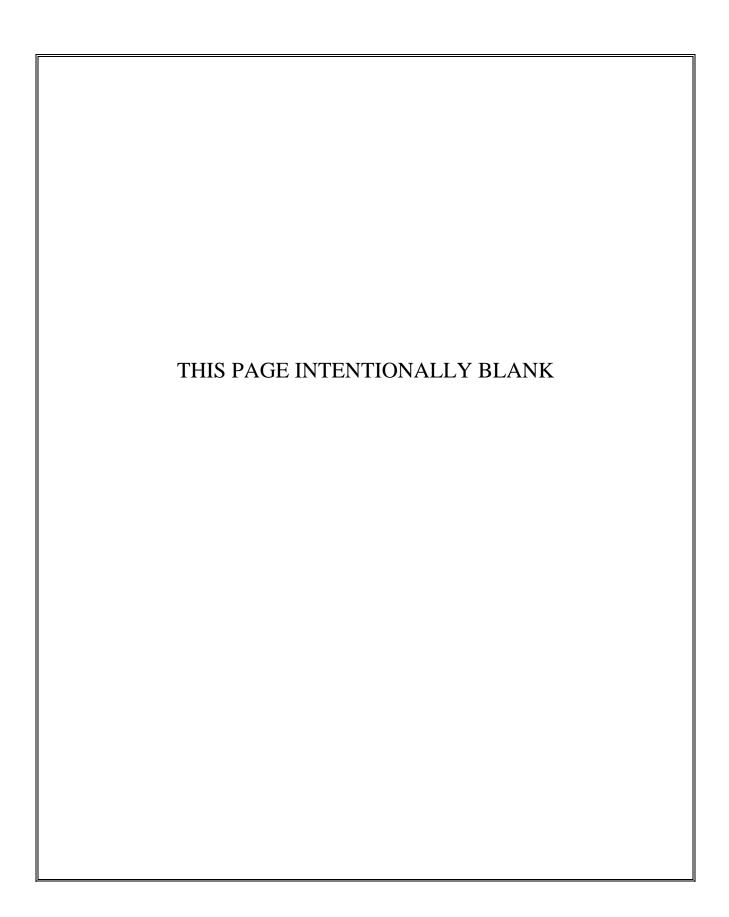
Taxpayer	_	Assessed Valuation	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation		
Marathon Petroleum Company LP	\$	27,473,130	1	3.36%	
Findlay Shopping Center, Inc.		13,492,450	2	1.65%	
LP Investment Company		9,172,020	3	1.12%	
Campbell Soup Supply Company		8,941,550	4	1.09%	
Ohio Logistics II, LLC		7,465,210	5	0.91%	
DDC Hotels, Inc.		6,557,070	6	0.80%	
Lowe's Home Center, Inc.		6,039,560	7	0.74%	
Primrose Senior Holdings LLC		6,000,000	8	0.73%	
Blanchard Valley Port Authority		5,712,160	9	0.70%	
Nickolas II LLC		5,400,430	10	0.66%	
Total	\$	96,253,580		\$ 817,905,440	

December 31, 2009

Taxpayer	 Assessed Valuation	Rank	P	ercentage of Total Assessed Valuation
Marathon Oil Co.	\$ 10,677,620	1		1.36%
Cooper Tire & Rubber Co.	8,950,190	2		1.14%
Findlay Shopping Center	6,460,380	3		0.82%
Logistics Solutions	3,844,010	4		0.49%
Lowe's Home Center, Inc.	2,348,110	5		0.30%
LP Investment Company	2,285,420	6		0.29%
DDC Hotels, Inc. (Drury Inn)	2,057,460	7		0.26%
Garden, Phillip	1,933,310	8		0.25%
Massillon Apartments	1,858,540	9		0.24%
Arbors of Findlay	 1,786,680	10		0.23%
	\$ 42,201,720		\$	784,269,630

Source: Hancock County Auditor.

Note: Tax information is available on a calendar year basis. Therefore, principal taxpayer information for real estate property taxes is presented for December 31, 2018 (the most recent information available) and December 31, 2009 (nine years prior, in accordance with GASB Statement No. 44).



PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

Calendar Year	Current Taxes Levied		Delinquent Taxes Levied		_	Total Taxes Levied	Current Taxes Collected		Percent of Current Tax Levy Collected	
2018	\$	30,850,245	\$	1,197,653	\$	32,047,898	\$	30,419,360	98.60%	
2017		31,320,194		1,221,822		32,542,016		30,290,535	96.71%	
2016		31,124,453		1,151,676		32,276,129		29,466,542	94.67%	
2015		30,197,809		1,210,915		31,408,724		28,806,150	95.39%	
2014		29,646,307		1,619,180		31,265,486		28,666,392	96.69%	
2013		29,426,706		1,928,138		31,354,844		28,088,483	95.45%	
2012		29,184,426		1,687,688		30,872,114		28,026,040	96.03%	
2011		28,946,533		1,629,467		30,576,000		28,039,998	96.87%	
2010		28,973,886		1,787,797		30,761,683		27,474,394	94.82%	
2009		25,476,595		1,581,190		27,057,785		24,393,739	95.75%	

Source: Hancock County Auditor.

An adjustment was made to 2009 and 2010 total taxes collected due to an estimate made by the treasurer of amounts paid ahead, Board of Revision adjustments and penalty fees.

elinquent Taxes Collected	Total Taxes Collected	Total Taxes Collected as a Percent of Total Tax Levy				
\$ 838,988	\$ 31,258,348	97.54%				
795,855	31,086,390	95.53%				
871,460	30,338,002	94.00%				
929,475	29,735,625	94.67%				
1,180,537	29,846,929	95.46%				
880,527	28,969,010	92.39%				
863,835	28,889,875	93.58%				
926,797	28,966,795	94.74%				
994,922	28,469,316	92.55%				
789,927	25,183,666	93.07%				

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE $\mbox{LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS}$

		Long-Term D	ebt				Percentage of Total
Fiscal Year	Asbestos Removal Loans	Capital Leases	General Obligation Bonds	Total Long-Term Debt	Total Long-Term Debt Per Student	Total Long-Term Debt Per Capita	Long-Term Debt to Total Personal Income
2019	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 44,447,074	\$ 44,447,074	7,860	1,076	4.25%
2018	-	-	45,915,377	45,915,377	8,104	1,102	3.02%
2017	-	-	47,281,362	47,281,362	8,299	1,141	4.68%
2016	-	-	48,543,019	48,543,019	8,316	1,178	4.83%
2015	-	-	49,680,878	49,680,878	8,485	1,209	4.88%
2014	-	-	50,815,409	50,815,409	8,718	1,167	4.70%
2013	-	355,548	51,952,871	52,308,419	9,086	1,260	4.81%
2012	30,700	694,419	53,030,165	53,755,284	9,268	1,305	5.31%
2011	103,101	1,017,528	53,889,727	55,010,356	9,642	1,335	5.43%
2010	203,415	1,325,610	54,709,439	56,238,464	9,610	1,443	5.94%

RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING $\mbox{LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS}$

General Obligation Net Bonded Debt

		Genera	ո Ծույթ	auon Net Dono	ieu Dei	<u>) </u>				
 Fiscal Year	- · · · ·			Debt Service Available Balance (a)		et Bonded Debt	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property	Net Bonded Debt Per Capita		
2019	\$	44,447,074	\$	1,287,971	\$	43,159,103	1.90%	\$	1,044	
2018		45,915,377		1,300,507		44,614,870	1.98%		1,071	
2017		47,281,362		1,479,953		45,801,409	2.03%		1,106	
2016		48,543,019		1,355,578		47,187,441	2.17%		1,145	
2015		49,680,878		1,341,762		48,339,116	2.25%		1,176	
2014		50,815,409		1,394,652		49,420,757	2.31%		1,135	
2013		51,952,871		1,225,964		50,726,907	2.35%		1,222	
2012		53,030,165		1,252,581		51,777,584	2.41%		1,257	
2011		53,889,727		1,246,050		52,643,677	2.44%		1,278	
2010		54,709,439		1,023,729		53,685,710	2.37%		1,378	

Source: Findlay CSD, Treasurer's Office.

(a) Modified accrual fund balance of the debt service fund.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT JUNE 30, 2019

Government Entity	overnmental Activities Outstanding Debt	Percentage Applicable to the District (a)	Amount Applicable to the District		
Direct debt:					
Findlay City School District	\$ 44,447,074	100.00%	\$	44,447,074	
Total direct debt	 44,447,074			44,447,074	
Overlapping debt:					
City of Findlay	5,445,000	86.39%		4,703,936	
Hancock County	9,797,585	41.92%		4,107,148	
Total overlapping debt	 15,242,585			8,811,083	
Total direct and overlapping debt	\$ 59,689,659		\$	53,258,157	

Sources: Findlay CSD, Treasurer's Office; City of Findlay; and Hancock County 2018 CAFRs.

⁽a) Percentages applicable to the District were determined by dividing the 2018 assessed valuation of the government entity located within the boundaries of the District by the 2018 assessed valuation of the government entity in total.

LEGAL VOTED DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION $\mbox{LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS}$

Fiscal Year	Legal Voted Debt Limitation (a)	Total Debt Applicable to Limitation	Debt Service Available Balance	Net Debt Applicable to Limitation	Legal Voted Debt Margin	Net Debt Applicable to Limitation as a Percent of Voted Debt Limitation
2019	\$ 74,337,110	\$ 44,110,000	\$ 1,287,97	1 \$ 42,822,029	\$ 31,515,081	57.61%
2018	73,611,490	45,560,000	1,300,50	7 44,259,493	29,351,997	60.13%
2017	73,493,518	46,247,135	1,479,95	3 44,767,182	28,726,336	60.91%
2016	70,503,886	47,642,135	1,355,578	8 46,286,557	24,217,329	65.65%
2015	69,586,367	48,887,135	1,341,76	2 47,545,373	22,040,994	68.33%
2014	69,198,024	50,107,135	1,394,652	2 48,712,483	20,485,541	70.40%
2013	69,362,888	51,312,135	1,225,96	50,086,171	19,276,717	72.21%
2012	68,867,343	52,442,135	1,252,58	1 51,189,554	17,677,789	74.33%
2011	69,132,516	53,342,135	1,246,050	0 52,096,085	17,036,431	75.36%
2010	72,517,597	54,192,135	1,023,729	9 53,168,406	19,349,191	73.32%

⁽a) Ohio Revised Code states that the legal voted debt limitation is 9% of the total assessed valuation.

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Average		Total	Pe	r Capita		Unei	mployment Rate	es
Fiscal	Daily		Personal	P	ersonal	Median	Hancock		United
Year	Membership	Population	 Income	1	ncome	Age	County	Ohio	States
2019	5,655	41,324	\$ 1,046,075,736	\$	25,314	36.8	3.3%	4.0%	3.7%
2018	5,666	41,652	1,522,172,340		36,545	36.7	3.6%	5.0%	4.4%
2017	5,697	41,422	1,010,406,846		24,393	36.6	4.4%	6.0%	4.8%
2016	5,837	41,200	1,004,991,600		24,393	34.9	4.4%	5.7%	5.1%
2015	5,855	41,098	1,018,531,734		24,783	34.7	4.6%	5.2%	5.5%
2014	5,829	43,537	1,081,676,765		24,845	35.9	4.0%	5.7%	5.9%
2013	5,757	41,526	1,086,693,894		26,169	35.9	5.6%	7.5%	7.3%
2012	5,800	41,202	1,012,291,938		24,569	36.0	8.4%	7.2%	8.2%
2011	5,705	41,202	1,012,291,938		24,569	35.9	8.9%	9.7%	9.7%
2010	5,852	38,967	946,742,232		24,296	34.8	9.5%	10.1%	9.6%

Sources: Findlay CSD, Treasurer's Office; City of Findlay; Hancock County; Ohio Department of Education; Ohio Department Of Development; and U.S. Census Bureau, ODJFS

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

DECEMBER 31, 2018 AND DECEMBER 31, 2009

T 1	21	2010
December	41	711 I X
December	J1.	

Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Employment
Blanchard Valley Health Assocation	2,600	1	5.74%
Whirlpool Corporation	2,500	2	5.52%
Marathon Petroleum Company LLC	2,280	3	5.03%
Cooper Tire and Rubber Company	1,700	4	3.75%
Hearthside Foods (aka Consolidated Biscuit)	1,226	5	2.70%
Findlay City School District	841	6	1.86%
The University of Findlay	761	7	1.68%
Lowes Home Centers, Inc	750	8	1.65%
Nissin Brakes (dba Findlex Corporation)	522	9	1.15%
Kohls Distribution Center	520	10	1.15%
Total	13,700		30.23%
Total employment	45,330		

December 31, 2009

	Б. 1	ъ.,	Percentage of Total
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment
Cooper Tire & Rubber Company	2,040	1	5.43%
Whirlpool Corporation	1,670	2	4.44%
Marathon Oil Company	1,565	3	4.16%
Blanchard Valley Regional Health Center	1,282	4	3.41%
Consolidated Biscuit	1,100	5	2.93%
Findlay City School District	859	6	2.28%
Nissan Brakes	670	7	1.78%
Hancock County	582	8	1.55%
The University of Findlay	542	9	1.44%
Best Buy	287	10	0.76%
Total	10,597		28.18%
Total employment	37,600		

Source: City of Findlay.

STAFFING STATISTICS FULL TIME EQUIVALENTS BY TYPE AND FUNCTION

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Staff Type	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Teaching Staff:					
Elementary School	179	177	180	175	155
Middle School	83	86	83	83	81
High School	108	107	111	111	118
Administration:					
District	41	43	43	46	49
Auxiliary Staff:					
Counselors	15	16	16	16	12
Librarians	1	1	1	1	1
Psychologists	6	6	6	6	4
Speech, Physical and Occupational Therapists	11	11	10	10	8
Nurses and Mental Health Specialists	11	10	9	7	1
Support Staff:					
Secretarial, Finance Clerks, EMIS	41	43	42	44	44
Aides	103	102	106	96	80
Program Directors (After / Before School & Alumni)	4	4	5	5	5
Food Services	27	27	32	33	32
Monitors and Security	25	27	29	31	33
Custodial	37	40	44	43	42
Maintenance	6	6	7	8	6
Bus Drivers	32	34	34	33	23
Mechanics	2	2	2	2	2
Extracurricular Coaches (non-teachers effective 2016)	39	43	47	52	101
Total	771	785	807	802	797

Staff Function	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	
Instruction:						
Regular	370	370	374	372	364	
Other	141	143	150	142	110	
Support Services:						
Pupil	29	28	26	24	28	
Administration	82	86	85	89	83	
Fiscal	6	6	6	6	6	
Operations and maintenance	70	73	83	82	80	
Pupil transportation	34	36	36	35	25	
Extracurricular activities	39	43	47	52	101	
Total	771	785	807	802	797	

2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
152	149	145	153	180
82	81	80	91	95
106	115	112	118	127
49	49	52	52	53
.,	.,	32	32	55
12	12	12	13	14
1	1	1	1	1
4	4	6	6	6
8	9	8	10	8
1	1	1	1	7
44	45	46	46	47
80	81	87	99	74
5	5	5	5	6
30	38	30	44	33
33	21	21	28	20
42	37	40	43	44
6	6	7	7	8
23	26	25	23	22
2	2	2	3	3
99	110	106	126	96
779	792	786	869	844

2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
347	322	315	386	380
115	122	127	87	125
28	31	32	34	38
83	84	83	91	80
6	6	7	7	7
78	83	83	107	89
23	32	31	29	29
99	112	108	128	96
779	792	786	869	844

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Governmental Activities	 2019	2018		 2017	2016	
Capital Assets:						
Land	\$ 1,722,570	\$	1,722,570	\$ 1,722,570	\$	1,722,570
Land improvements	2,691,717		2,862,819	3,062,421		3,053,071
Buildings and improvements	78,945,500		80,958,992	82,248,233		82,313,846
Equipment and furniture	5,019,358		5,605,590	5,386,509		5,075,369
Vehicles	2,002,715		1,776,411	1,923,352		1,844,232
Infrastructure	1,311,148		1,358,597	-		-
Construction in progress	 267,806			 2,163,908		1,862,968
Total	\$ 91,960,814	\$	94,284,979	\$ 96,506,993	\$	95,872,056

Source: Findlay CSD, Treasurer's Office.

Note: Capital asset amounts reported above are presented net of accumulated depreciation.

	2015		2014		2013		2012		2011		2010
\$	1,646,894	\$	903,313	\$	903,313	\$	903,313	\$	903,313	\$	903,313
φ	3,238,288	φ	3,352,387	φ	3,468,709	φ	1,337,825	φ	1,114,696	φ	1,173,880
	82,557,868		81,068,090		10,487,397		10,837,623		11,050,215		10,707,832
	3,728,190		2,974,232		2,237,965		1,933,872		1,782,181		1,793,395
	1,869,787		1,893,753		1,534,134		1,635,930		1,747,985		1,549,718
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	60,955		402,539		68,304,656		42,097,591		4,392,858		2,010,671
\$	93,101,982	\$	90,594,314	\$	86,936,174	\$	58,746,154	\$	20,991,248	\$	18,138,809

BUILDING INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Building	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
High School Square footage Student enrollment	246,608 1,513	246,608 1,465	246,608 1,617	246,608 1,617	246,608 1,887
Central Middle School Square footage Student enrollment	- -	-	-		-
<u>Donnell Middle School</u> Square footage Student enrollment	116,884 554	116,884 560	116,884 587	116,884 587	116,884 608
Glenwood Middle School Square footage Student enrollment	112,545 552	112,545 574	112,545 603	112,545 603	112,545 570
Bigelow Hill Elementary School Square footage Student enrollment	31,645 246	31,645 264	31,645 250	31,645 250	31,645 281
Chamberlin Hill Elementary School Square footage Student enrollment	31,645 336	31,645 319	31,645 275	31,645 275	31,645 228
Jacobs Elementary School Square footage Student enrollment	31,645 247	31,645 268	31,645 323	31,645 323	31,645 306
Jefferson Elementary School Square footage Student enrollment	25,509 320	25,509 319	25,509 325	25,509 325	25,509 241
<u>Lincoln Elementary School</u> Square footage Student enrollment	57,892 324	57,892 346	57,892 374	57,892 374	57,892 397
Northview Elementary School Square footage Student enrollment	36,246 322	36,246 305	36,246 351	36,246 351	36,246 355
Washington Elementary School Square footage Student enrollment	31,645 248	31,645 240	31,645 203	31,645 203	31,645 148
Whittier Elementary School Square footage Student enrollment	31,930 310	31,930 329	31,930 337	31,930 337	31,930 428
Wilson Vance Elementary School Square footage Student enrollment	38,193 316	38,193 308	38,193 316	38,193 316	38,193 406
Bus Garage Square footage	8,580	8,580	3,000	3,000	3,000
Maintenance Building Square footage	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000
Millstream East Square footage	_	_	_	-	-
Millstream South Square footage	-	-	-	-	-
Millstream Career Center Square footage	85,467	85,467	85,467	85,467	85,467
Source: Findley CSD, Transurer's Office					

2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
246,608	246,608	246,608	246,608	246,608
1,895	1,916	2,020	1,859	1,924
		105.012	105.012	105.012
-	-	105,912 821	105,912 429	105,912 435
116,884	116,884	70,605	70,605	70,605
576	595	-	461	467
112,545	112,545 620	70,605	70,605	70,605
617	020	437	396	383
31,645	31,645	31,645	31,645	31,645
288	202	198	227	266
31,645 248	31,645 249	31,645 243	31,645 235	31,645 253
240	249	243	233	233
31,645	31,645	31,645	31,645	31,645
348	276	287	289	271
25,509 237	25,509 224	25,509 222	25,509 219	25,509 221
231	224	222	21)	221
57,892	57,892	57,892	57,892	57,892
349	334	357	391	432
36,246 339	36,246 370	36,246 346	36,246 243	36,246 253
31,645	31,645	31,645	31,645	31,645
110	211	203	208	228
21.020	21.020	21.020	21.020	21.020
31,930 414	31,930 395	31,930 402	31,930 408	31,930 372
38,193	38,193	38,193	38,193	38,193
408	365	362	340	346
3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000
3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000
5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000
-	-	28,152	28,152	28,152
-	-	21,000	21,000	21,000
85,467	85,467	-	-	-

OPERATING STATISTICS
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Governmental Activities		Governmen	Governmental Funds		ADM	
Fiscal Year	Expenses	Expense Per Pupil	Expenditures	Expenditure Per Pupil	Daily Membership	Percent Change
2019	71,758,255	\$ 12,689	\$ 77,088,262	13,632	5,655	-0.19%
2018	47,568,607	8,395	77,245,642	13,633	5,666	-0.54%
2017	80,655,096	14,157	78,113,168	13,711	5,697	-2.40%
2016	72,393,537	12,403	76,150,219	13,046	5,837	-0.31%
2015	69,990,842	11,954	74,228,966	12,678	5,855	0.45%
2014	66,960,094	11,487	72,006,560	12,353	5,829	1.25%
2013	64,001,495	11,117	93,876,747	16,307	5,757	3.02%
2012	65,528,482	11,726	104,810,695	18,756	5,588	-2.05%
2011	67,208,272	11,781	72,236,364	12,662	5,705	-2.51%
2010	66,387,718	11,344	70,204,024	11,997	5,852	-1.75%

Source: Findlay CSD, Treasurer's Office. Attendance is from ODE Report Card.

Student Attendance Percentage	Students on Free & Reduced Lunches	Percentage of Students on Free & Reduced Lunches	Teaching Staff	Student/Teacher Ratio
96.6%	2,157	38.1%	393	14.39
95.8%	2,170	38.3%	407	13.92
95.4%	2,180	38.3%	403	14.14
95.9%	2,378	40.7%	404	14.45
95.6%	2,544	43.5%	354	16.54
95.7%	2,390	41.0%	340	17.14
95.4%	2,280	39.6%	345	16.69
95.5%	2,488	44.5%	337	16.58
95.6%	2,269	39.8%	362	15.76
95.5%	1,855	31.7%	418	14.00

CERTIFIED STAFF STATISTICS JUNE 30, 2019

Education	Number of Certified Staff	Percentage of Certified Staff	Salary Range	Average Salary	
Bachelor's Degree	54	13.74%	\$35,597-\$59,764	\$ 42,638	
Bachelor's Degree plus 15 hours	24	6.11%	\$36,462-\$61,885	48,877	
Bachelor's Degree plus 30 hours	18	4.58%	\$37,323-\$66,104	55,370	
Master's Degree	128	32.57%	\$39,053-\$70,315	57,100	
Master's Degree plus 15 hours	52	13.23%	\$47,376-\$75,825	65,709	
Master's Degree plus 30 hours	110	27.99%	\$44,891-\$80,303	71,838	
Non-Degree	7	1.78%	\$37,793-\$57,575	49,708	
Total	393	100.00%			

Experience	Number of Teachers	Percentage of Teachers	Salary Range	Average Salary	
0 - 5 years	67	17.05%	\$35,597-\$49,654	\$ 40,613	
6 - 10 years	101	25.70%	\$27,412-\$63,939	52,147	
11 - 20 years	134	34.10%	\$50,288-\$74,291	65,799	
Over 20 years	91	23.16%	\$57,073-\$80,303	71,389	
Total	393	100.00%			

Source: Findlay CSD, Treasurer's Office.

Note: Certified staff include teachers, librarians, speech therapists, psychologist and other auxillary positions



FINDLAY CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

HANCOCK COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED MARCH 3, 2020