ALGER & ASSOCIATES, Inc.



PROFESSIONAL FINANCIAL AND COMPLIANCE AUDIT SERVICES

MEDINA COUNTY DISTRICT LIBRARY MEDINA COUNTY



For the Year Ended

December 31, 2018



88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 IPAReport@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

Board of Trustees Medina County District Library 210 South Broadway Street Medina, Ohio 44256

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Medina County District Library, Medina County, prepared by Alger & Associates, Inc., for the audit period January 1, 2018 through December 31, 2018. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Medina County District Library is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

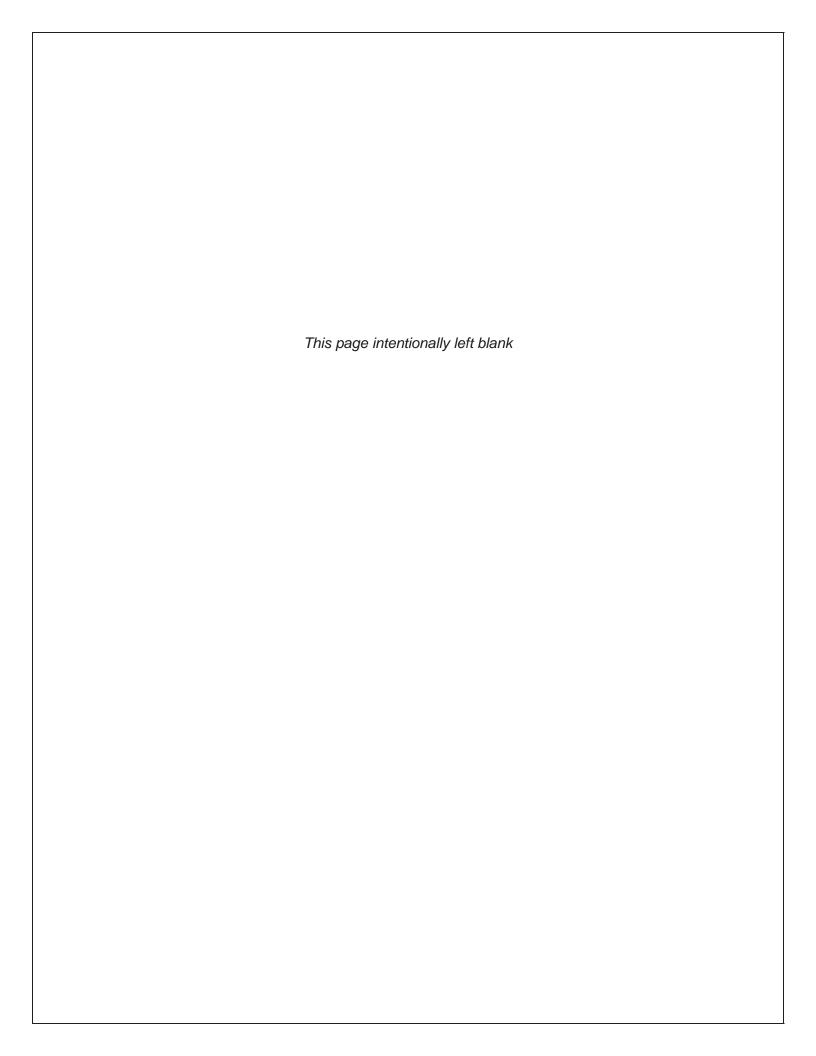
Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

April 29, 2020

MEDINA COUNTY DISTRICT LIBRARY MEDINA COUNTY

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Medina County District Library Medina County 210 South Broadway Street Medina, Ohio 44256

To the Board of Trustees:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying cash-basis financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Medina County District Library, Medina County, Ohio (the Library), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Library's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with the cash accounting basis Note 2 describes. This responsibility includes determining that the cash accounting basis is acceptable for the circumstances. Management is also responsible for designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' Government Auditing Standards. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the Library's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the Library's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Medina County District Library Medina County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective cash financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Medina County District Library, Medina County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2018, and the respective changes in cash financial position and budgetary comparison for the General Fund and Virginia W. Martin Trust Fund thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting basis described in Note 2.

Accounting Basis

We draw attention to Note 2 of the financial statements, which describes the accounting basis. The financial statements are prepared on the cash basis of accounting, which differs from generally accepted accounting principles. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Other Matters

Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the financial statements taken as a whole.

We applied no procedures to management's discussion & analysis, as listed in the table of contents. Accordingly, we express no opinion or any other assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 2, 2020, on our consideration of the Library's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Library's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Karen S Alger, CPA Digitally signed by Karen S Alger, CPA DN: cn=Karen S Alger, CPA, o=Alger & Associates, Inc, ou, email=ksalger46@att.net, c=US Date: 2020.04.04 18:40:58 -04'00'

Alger & Associates, Inc.
Certified Public Accountants
North Canton, Ohio

April 2, 2020

This discussion and analysis of the Medina County District Library's (Library) financial performance provides an overall review of the Library's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2018, within the limitations of the Library's cash basis accounting. Readers should also review the basic financial statements and notes to enhance their understanding of the Library's financial performance.

Highlights

Key highlights for 2018 are as follows:

In 2018, net position of governmental activities increased \$1,933,207 or 24.3 percent. This is due to increased property tax revenues, unrestricted donations received, a restricted trust distribution to the Library, increased earnings on investments and overall prudent fiscal management.

The Library's general receipts are primarily the Public Library Fund, Property Taxes, and Unrestricted Grants and Entitlements and a Restricted Gift. These receipts represent 98 percent of the total cash received for governmental activities in 2018. Public Library Fund receipts increased by \$140,113 in 2018 over 2017. This fluctuation is due to the return of public library funding as a percentage of the State's General Revenue Fund receipts in July of 2013 along with higher state revenue collections in 2018.

In 2018, Property Taxes increased \$371,232 or 4.9 percent due to the renewal with an increase in the library's property tax levy that was approved by voters in 2017, new construction, a strengthening housing market, and increased tax collections by the county auditor.

Using the Basic Financial Statements

This annual report is presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, as applicable to the Library's cash basis of accounting.

Report Components

The statement of net position and the statement of activities provide information about the cash activities of the Library as a whole.

Fund financial statements provide a greater level of detail. Funds are created and maintained on the financial records of the Library as a way to segregate money whose use is restricted to a particular specified purpose. These statements present financial information by fund, presenting funds with the largest balances or most activity in separate columns.

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the government-wide and fund financial statements and provide expanded explanation and detail regarding the information reported in the statements.

Using the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Basis of Accounting

The basis of accounting is a set of guidelines that determine when financial events are recorded. The Library has elected to present its financial statements on a cash basis of accounting. This basis of accounting is a basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. Under the Library's cash basis of accounting, receipts and disbursements are recorded when cash is received or paid.

As a result of using the cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable) are not recorded in the financial statements. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this report, the reader must keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the cash basis of accounting.

Reporting the Library as a Whole

The statement of net position and the statement of activities reflect how the Library did financially during 2018, within the limitations of cash basis accounting. The statement of net position presents the cash balances and investments of the governmental activities of the Library at year end. The statement of activities compares cash disbursements with program receipts for each governmental program. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services and grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts. The comparison of cash disbursements with program receipts identifies how each governmental function draws from the Library's general receipts.

These statements report the Library's cash position and the changes in cash position. Keeping in mind the limitations of the cash basis of accounting, you can think of these changes as one way to measure the Library's financial health. Over time, increases or decreases in the Library's cash position is one indicator of whether the Library's financial health is improving or deteriorating. When evaluating the Library's financial condition, you should also consider other nonfinancial factors as well such as the state's funding levels, the increase/decrease of memberships, the extent of participation in the Library's activities from members and non-members. All these factors considered, give a good picture of the strengths and weaknesses of the organization.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, the Library has one type of activity:

Governmental activities - All of the Library's basic services are reported here, including library services, support services, and capital outlay. The Public Library Fund finances most of these activities. Benefits provided through governmental activities are not necessarily paid for by the people receiving them.

Reporting the Library's Most Significant Funds

Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the Library's major funds – not the Library as a whole. The Library establishes separate funds to better manage its many activities and to help demonstrate that money that is restricted as to how it may be used is being spent for the intended purpose. The funds of the Library are all in the governmental category.

Reporting the Library's Most Significant Funds (Continued)

Governmental Funds - All of the Library's activities are reported in governmental funds. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed view of the Library's governmental operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent to finance the Library's programs. The Library's significant governmental funds are presented on the financial statements in separate columns. The Library had four major governmental funds in 2018 – the General Fund, the Virginia W Martin Trust Fund, the Debt Service Fund, and the Building/Repair Fund. The information for nonmajor funds (funds whose activity or balances are not large enough to warrant separate reporting) is combined and presented in total in a single column.

The Library as a Whole

Table 1 provides a summary of the Library's net position for 2018 compared to 2017 on a cash basis:

	(Table 1)	
	Net Position	
	Governme	ental Activities
	2018	2017
Assets		
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash		
Equivalent	\$ 9,882,065	\$ 7,948,858
Total Assets	\$ 9,882,065	\$ 7,948,858
Net Position		
Restricted for:		
Debt Service	\$ 843,554	\$ 1,072,116
Genealogical Activities	2,397,804	230,403
Permanent Fund:		
Nonexpendable	12,373	12,373
Grant Fund	0	5,536
Unrestricted	6,628,334	6,628,430
Total Net Position	\$ 9,882,065	\$ 7,948,858

As mentioned previously, net assets of governmental activities increased \$1,933,207 or 24.3 percent in 2018. This is primarily due to the receipt of a distribution of a trust in which the Library was the benefactor along with the increase in library's property tax levy approved by voters in 2017.

The Library as a Whole (Continued)

Table 2 reflects the changes in net position in 2018 compared to 2017:

(Table 2) **Changes in Net Position**

-		Governmental	l Acti	vities
		2018		2017
Receipts:				
Program Receipts				
Charges for Services and Sales	\$	289,320	\$	303,838
Operating Grants and Contributions		1,092		10,432
Total Program Receipts	\$	290,412	\$	314,270
General Receipts:				
Public Library Fund		3,628,458		3,488,345
Property Taxes Levied for General Purposes		5,502,350		4,400,348
Property Taxes Levied for Debt Service		2,477,708		3,208,478
Unrestricted Gifts and Contributions		56,452		64,511
Restricted Gifts and Contributions		2,230,391		250,000
Grants and Entitlements not Restricted		1,124,236		1,028,649
Earnings on Investments		196,845		97,746
Miscellaneous		97,655		101,233
Total General Receipts		15,314,095		12,639,309
Total Receipts	\$	15,604,507	\$	12,953,579
Disbursements:				
Current:				
Library Services:				
Public Services and Programs	\$	4,049,245	\$	3,744,074
Collection Development and Processing	Ψ	2,393,910	Ψ	2,336,307
Support Services:		2,3,3,310		2,550,507
Facilities Operations and Maintenance		684,164		759,284
Information Services		338,593		494,652
Business Administration		2,284,483		2,007,874
Capital Outlay		866,242		303,583
Debt Service:		,		,
Principal Retirement		2,375,000		2,290,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges		679,663		771,263
Total Disbursements	1	3,671,300		12,707,037
Change in Net Position		1,933,207		(246,541)
Net Position Beginning of Year		7,948,858		7,702,317
Net Position End of Year	\$	9,882,065	\$	7,948,858

The Library as a Whole (Continued)

Program receipts represent 2 percent in 2018 (excluding revenues for debt service payments) of total receipts and are primarily composed of fees associated with library services and overdue library materials fines.

Public Library Fund and Property Tax receipts, respectively, represent 28.3 and 42.9 percent in 2018 of total receipts (excluding revenues for debt service payments).

Governmental Activities

On the Statement of Activities on page 10, the first column lists the major services provided by the Library. The next column identifies the costs of providing these services. In 2018, the major program disbursements for governmental activities are for Public Services and Programs, Collection Development and Processing, and Business Administration which account for 38, 22 and 21 percent (excluding debt service) of all governmental disbursements, respectively. The next column of the Statement entitled Program Cash Receipts identify amounts paid by people who are directly charged for the service. The Net Receipt (Disbursement) column compares the program receipts to the cost of the service. This "net cost" amount represents the cost of the service, which ends up being paid from money provided by local taxpayers. These net costs are paid from the general receipts, which are presented at the bottom of the Statement. A comparison between the total cost of services and the net cost is presented in Table 3.

(Table 3)

Governmental Activities

	Total Cost		Net Cost	
	of Services		of Services	
	2018	_	2018	_
Library Services:				
Public Services and Programs	\$ 4,049,245	\$	(3,758,833)	
Collection Development and				
Processing	2,393,910		(2,393,910)	
Support Services:				
Facilities Operations and				
Maintenance	684,164		(684,164)	
Information Services	338,593		(338,593)	
Business Administration	2,284,483		(2,284,483)	
Capital Outlay	866,242		(866,242)	
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	2,375,000		(2,375,000)	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	 679,663	_	(679,663)	
Total Expenses	\$ 13,671,300	\$	(13,380,888)	

The dependence upon tax receipts and the Public Library Fund and other general revenues for governmental activities is demonstrated in the above tables. About 98 percent of disbursements are supported through the Public Library Fund, tax receipts and other general revenues in 2018.

The Library as a Whole (Continued)

In 2018, the Library's total government funds had receipts of \$15.6 million and disbursements of \$13.6 million. The greatest change within governmental funds occurred within the Virginia W. Martin Trust and Debt Service Funds. The fund balance of the Virginia W. Fund increased by \$2,167,402, due to the final distribution to the Library from a restricted trust fund naming the Library as the benefactor. The fund balance in the Debt Service Fund decreased by \$228,563 due to lower property taxes collected since the fund balance was significantly higher than required to cover the Library's debt payments.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The Library's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted funds is the General Fund. Under GASB 34 presentation requirements, the Library is not required to present budgetary statements for Debt Service and Capital Project funds.

During 2018, the Library amended its General Fund budget, increasing it by \$218,800. Final disbursements were budgeted at \$10.7 million and actual disbursements were \$10.3 million in 2018. The difference between final budgeted receipts and actual receipts was \$583,379 in 2018. The Library kept spending well within total budgeted amounts and had budgetary fund balances of \$4.5 million at December 31, 2018.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The Library does not currently record or account for depreciation of its capital assets.

Debt

As of December 31, 2018, the Library's outstanding debt included \$15,293,250 in general obligation and capital appreciation bonds for renovations to three buildings and construction of three new buildings. For further information regarding the Library's debt, refer to Note 9 to the basic financial statements.

Current Issues

The challenge for all libraries is to provide quality services to the public while staying within the restrictions imposed by limited, and in some cases shrinking, funding. The Library heavily depends on receipts from the Public Library Fund and Property Taxes. With the uncertainty of the Public Library Fund distribution, the Library must continue to be fiscally responsible with its taxpayer dollars and at the same time provide great services to the public.

Contacting the Library's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Library's finances and to reflect the Library's accountability for the monies it receives. Questions concerning any of the information in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Kelly Kroll, Business Manager/ Fiscal Officer, Medina County District Library, 210 South Broadway Street, Medina, Ohio 44256.

Statement of Net Position - Cash Basis For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Governmental Activities				
Assets					
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalent	\$	9,882,065			
Total Assets	\$	9,882,065			
Net Position					
Restricted for:					
Debt Service	\$	843,553			
Genealogical Activities		2,397,804			
Permanent Fund:					
Nonexpendable		12,373			
Unrestricted		6,628,335			
Total Net Position	\$	9,882,065			

Statement of Activities - Cash Basis For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

				Program C	ash Recei	pts	Recei	Disbursements) pts and Changes Net Position	
	Cash Disbursements					perating ants and tributions	Governmental Activities		
Governmental Activities									
Current:									
Library Services: Public Services and Programs	\$	4 040 245	\$	200 220	\$	1,092	\$	(2.750.022)	
Collection Development and Processing	Ф	4,049,245 2,393,910	Э	289,320	Ф	1,092	Ф	(3,758,833) (2,393,910)	
Support Services:		2,393,910						(2,393,910)	
Facilities Operation and Maintenance		684,164		_		_		(684,164)	
Information Services		338,593		_		_		(338,593)	
Business Administration		2,284,483		_		_		(2,284,483)	
Capital Outlay		866,242		_		_		(866,242)	
Debt Service:		ŕ						, , ,	
Principal Retirement		2,375,000		-		-		(2,375,000)	
Interest and Fiscal Charges		679,663						(679,663)	
Total Governmental Activities	\$	13,671,300	\$	289,320	\$	1,092	\$	(13,380,888)	
	Pul Pro Pro Gra Un Res Eas	eral Receipts: blic Library Fun perty Taxes Lev perty Taxes Lev perty Taxes Lev ants/Entitlement restricted Gifts and crinings on Investi- scellaneous	vied for vied for s s not Re and Con d Contri	Debt Service stricted to Spec tributions		rams		3,628,458 5,502,350 2,477,708 1,124,236 56,452 2,230,391 196,845 97,655	
								15,314,095	
	Chan	ge in Net Position	on					1,933,207	
	Net F	osition Beginni	ng of Ye	ar				7,948,858	
	Net F	Position End of Y	lear .				\$	9,882,065	

Medina County District Library, Medina County Statement of Assets and Fund Balances - Cash Basis Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	General	Virginia W. Martin Trust Fund	De	bt Service Fund	Bu	ilding/Repair Fund	Gov	Other vernmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Assets										
Equity in Pooled Cash/Equivalents	\$ 5,179,558	\$ 2,397,805	\$	843,552	\$	1,417,941	\$	43,208	\$	9,882,065
Total Assets	\$ 5,179,558	\$ 2,397,805	\$	843,552	\$	1,417,941	\$	43,208	\$	9,882,065
Fund Balances										
Nonspendable	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	12,373	\$	12,373
Restricted	-	2,397,805		843,552		-		-		3,241,357
Committed	-	-		-		602,624		-		602,624
Assigned	1,269,597	-		-		815,317		30,835		2,115,749
Unassigned	3,909,961	-		-				-		3,909,961
Total Fund Balances	\$ 5,179,558	\$ 2,397,805	\$	843,552	\$	1,417,941	\$	43,208	\$	9,882,065

Medina County District Library, Medina County Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balances - Cash Basis Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	General	Virginia W. Martin Trust Fund	Debt Service Fund	Building/Repair Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Receipts Property and Other Local Taxes Public Library Fund Intergovernmental	\$ 5,502,350 3,628,458 734,799	\$ - -	\$ 2,477,708 - 389,437	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ 7,980,058 3,628,458 1,124,236
Grants Patron Fines and Fees Contributions, Gifts and Donations	289,320 56,452	2,230,391	-	-	1,092	1,092 289,320 2,286,843
Earnings on Investments Miscellaneous	138,396 97,655	33,781		23,745	923	196,845 97,655
Total Receipts	10,447,430	2,264,172	2,867,145	23,745	2,015	15,604,507
Disbursements Current: Library Services:						
Public Services and Programs Collection Development and Processing Support Services:	\$ 3,985,469 2,393,036	\$ 96,770	\$ -	\$ - -	\$ 6,628	\$ 4,088,867 2,393,036
Facilities Operation and Maintenance Information Services Business Administration	683,457 337,950 2,137,040	- - -	41,045	- - 69,000	- - -	683,457 337,950 2,247,085
Capital Outlay Debt Service:	174,847	-	-	691,395	-	866,242
Principal Retirement Interest and Fiscal Charges			2,375,000 679,663			2,375,000 679,663
Total Disbursements	9,711,799	96,770	3,095,708	760,395	6,628	13,671,300
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	735,631	2,167,402	(228,563)	(736,650)	(4,613)	1,933,207
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers In Transfers Out	(600,000)	-	-	600,000	-	600,000 (600,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(600,000)			600,000		
Net Change in Fund Balances	135,631	2,167,402	(228,563)	(136,650)	(4,613)	1,933,207
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	5,043,927	230,403	1,072,116	1,554,591	47,821	7,948,858
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 5,179,558	\$ 2,397,805	\$ 843,553	\$ 1,417,941	\$ 43,208	\$ 9,882,065

Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budget Basis General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts					A -40-1	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
Receipts	Original			Final		Actual	(1	Negative)
Property and Other Local Taxes Public Library Fund Intergovernmental Patron Fines and Fees Contributions, Gifts and Donations Earnings on Investments Miscellaneous	\$	5,336,100 3,490,000 600,000 276,000 36,950 65,000 60,000	\$	5,336,100 3,490,000 600,000 276,000 36,950 65,000 60,000	\$	5,502,350 3,628,458 734,799 289,320 56,452 138,395 97,656	\$	166,250 138,458 134,799 13,320 19,502 73,395 37,656
Total Receipts		9,864,050		9,864,050		10,447,430		583,380
Disbursements Current: Library Services: Public Services and Programs Collection Development and Processing Support Services: Facilities Operation and Maintenance	\$	4,184,161 2,810,131 777,226	\$	4,200,511 2,810,131 777,226	\$	4,077,353 2,693,836 730,298	\$	123,158 116,295 46,928
Information Services Business Administration Capital Outlay		356,010 2,417,469 212,500		356,010 2,417,469 214,950		347,060 2,278,939 211,313		8,951 138,531 3,636
Total Disbursements		10,757,497		10,776,297		10,338,798		437,500
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements		(893,447)		(912,247)		108,632		(1,020,879)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers Out	\$	(400,000)	\$	(600,000)		(600,000)		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(400,000)		(600,000)		(600,000)		-
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,293,447)		(1,512,247)		(491,368)		(1,020,879)
Unencumbered Fund Balance Beginning of Year		4,438,591		4,438,591		4,438,591		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		605,340		605,340		605,340		-
Unencumbered Fund Balance End of Year See accompanying notes to the basic financial statement	\$ s	3,750,484	\$	3,531,684	\$	4,552,563	\$	(1,020,879)

Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budget Basis Virginia W Martin Trust Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
Receipts		Original		Tillal		Actual	(Negative)		
Contributions, Restricted	\$	2,350,000	\$	2,350,000	\$	2,230,391	\$	(119,609)	
Earnings on Investments	ψ	2,330,000	Ψ	2,330,000	Ψ	33,781	Ψ	33,781	
Lamings on investments						33,761		33,761	
Total Receipts		2,350,000		2,350,000		2,264,172		(85,828)	
Disbursements									
Current:									
Library Services:									
Public Services and Programs	\$	113,800	\$	145,300	\$	96,770	\$	48,530	
Collection Development and Processing		3,000		3,000		0		3,000	
Support Services:									
Facilities Operation and Maintenance		-		-		-		-	
Information Services		-		-		-		-	
Business Administration		-		-		-		-	
Capital Outlay		5,000		5,000		-		5,000	
Total Disbursements		121,800		153,300		96,770		56,530	
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements		2,228,200		2,196,700		2,167,402		29,298	
								<u> </u>	
Net Change in Fund Balance		2,228,200		2,196,700		2,167,402		29,298	
U 1 IF ID 1 D		150 403		150 402		150 403			
Unencumbered Fund Balance Beginning of Year		158,403		158,403		158,403		-	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		72,000		72,000		72,000			
Unencumbered Fund Balance End of Year See accompanying notes to the basic financial statement	\$	2,458,603	\$	2,427,103	\$	2,397,805	\$	29,298	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Note 1 – Description of the Library and Reporting Entity

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of the Medina County District Library, Medina County, Ohio, (the Library) as a body corporate and politic. Medina County District Library is a Library as defined by Section 3375.19 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A seven-member Board governs the Library, which provides the community with various educational and literacy resources. Of the seven Board members, three are appointed by the Judge of the Court of Common Pleas and four are appointed by the Board of the County Commissioners. All Board members are qualified electors of the Library District. Each trustee serves a term of seven years. The officers of the Board are the president, vice president and secretary, who are all elected and serve a term of one year.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the Library is financially accountable. The Library is financially accountable for an organization if the Library appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the Library is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the Library is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the Library is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the Library is obligated for the debt of the organization. The Library is also financially accountable for any organizations for which the Library approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Component units also include legally separate, tax-exempt entities whose resources are for the direct benefit of the Library, are accessible to the Library and are significant in amount to the Library. The Library has no component units.

The Library's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Library is financially accountable.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

As discussed further in the Basis of Accounting section of this note, the financial statements of the Medina County District Library have been prepared on a cash basis of accounting. This cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, which have been applied to the extent they are applicable to the cash basis of accounting. The most significant of the Library's accounting policies are described below.

Basis of Presentation

The Library's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Library as a whole. These statements include all financial activities of the Library. Governmental activities generally are financed through the Public Library Fund and property taxes.

The statement of net position presents the cash basis financial condition of governmental activities of the Library at year end. The statement of activities compares disbursements with program receipts for each of the Library's governmental activities. Disbursements are reported by function. A function is a group of related activities designed to accomplish a major service or regulatory program for which the Library is responsible. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services, grants and

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Note 2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Basis of Presentation (Continued)

contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program, and receipts of interest earned on grants that are required to be used to support a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct disbursements with program receipts identifies the extent to which each governmental function activity is self-financing on a cash basis or draws from the Library's general receipts.

Fund Financial Statements During the year, the Library segregates transactions related to certain Library functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the Library at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

Fund Accounting

The Library uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The Library's funds are all classified as governmental.

Governmental Funds Governmental funds are those through which most government functions typically are financed. Governmental funds reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balance of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purpose for which they may or must be used. Cash disbursements are assigned to the fund from which they are paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and cash disbursements is reported as fund balance. The following are the Library's major governmental funds:

General Fund The general fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the Library for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Virginia W. Martin Trust Fund This fund is used to account for receipts that are restricted for genealogy and related activity expenses at the Library.

Debt Service Fund This fund is used to account for receipts that are restricted for the payment of general obligation bonds.

Building/Repair Fund This fund is used to account for receipts that are restricted for the repair and renovation of buildings, grounds and facilities.

The other governmental funds of the Library account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted, committed or assigned to a particular purpose.

Basis of Accounting

The Library's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting. Except for modifications having substantial support, receipts are recorded in the Library's financial records and reported in the financial statements when cash is received rather than when earned and disbursements are recorded when cash is paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Any such modifications made by the Library are described in the appropriate section in this note.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Basis of Accounting (Continued)

As a result of the use of this cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

Budgetary Process

The Library Board of Trustees must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end. Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at fund, function and object level of control.

For control purposes, the Library estimates cash receipts for the year. These estimated receipts, together with the unencumbered carry-over balances from the prior year, set a limit on the amount the Trustees may appropriate. The estimated receipts may be revised during the year if projected increases or decreases in receipts are identified by the Fiscal Officer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts of estimated resources at the time final appropriations were enacted by the Trustees.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations should not exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation resolution for that fund that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Trustees during the year.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, cash received by the Library is pooled and invested. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the Library's records. Interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents."

Investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased and investments of the cash management pool are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months that were not purchased from the pool are reported as investments.

Investments are reported as assets. Accordingly, purchases of investments are not recorded as disbursements and sales of investments are not recorded as receipts. Gains or losses at the time of sale are recorded as receipts or negative receipts (contra revenue), respectively.

During 2018, investments were limited to STAR Ohio.

STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on December 31, 2018.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Cash and Cash Equivalents (Continued)

Investment procedures are restricted by the provisions of the Ohio Revised Code. Interest receipts credited to the General Fund during 2018 amounted to \$138,395. Per the Library Board's policy, interest on investments are also receipted to other library Funds as well.

Restricted Assets

Cash, cash equivalents, and investments are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change the nature or normal understanding of their use. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The Library has no restricted assets.

Inventory and Prepaid Items

The Library reports disbursements for inventories and prepaid items when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

Capital Assets

Acquisitions of property, plant and equipment are recorded as disbursements when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Library is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

Restricted Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by formal action (resolution) of Library Trustees. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Library Trustees remove or change the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fund Balance (Continued)

Assigned Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the Library for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed.

In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the Library Trustees or a Library official delegated that authority by resolution, or by State Statute.

Unassigned Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The Library applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Interfund Transactions

Transfers between governmental activities on the government-wide financial statements are reported in the same manner as general receipts. The Library had one interfund transfer in 2018 from the General Fund to the Building/Repair Fund (Capital Fund) in the amount of \$600,000.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as receipts in the seller funds and as disbursements in the purchaser funds. Subsidies from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular disbursements to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements.

Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment or retirement, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. Unpaid leave is not reflected as a liability under the Library's cash basis of accounting.

Employer Contributions to Cost-Sharing Pension Plans

The Library recognizes the disbursement for their employer contributions to cost-sharing pension plans when they are paid. As described in Notes 7 and 8, the employer contributions include portions for pension benefits and for postretirement health care benefits.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Long-Term Obligations

The Library's cash basis financial statements do not report liabilities for long-term obligations. Proceeds of debt are reported when the cash is received and principal and interest payments are reported when paid. Since recording a capital asset when entering into a capital lease is not the result of a cash transaction, neither other financing source nor a capital outlay expenditure are reported at inception. Lease payments are reported when paid. For more detail refer to Note 9 of these financial statements.

Net Position

Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. In 2018, net assets were restricted for \$843,553 in the debt service fund, \$2,397,804 in the Virginia W. Martin Trust Fund, and \$12,373 in the permanent fund.

Note 3 – Budgetary Basis of Accounting

The budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on the basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Budget Basis presented for the General Fund and Virginia W. Martin Trust Fund are prepared on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget.

The difference between the budgetary basis and the cash basis is outstanding year-end encumbrances are treated as disbursements (budgetary basis) rather than as a restricted, committed or assigned fund balance (cash basis). The encumbrances outstanding at year-end December 31, 2018 amounted to \$626,997 for the General Fund and \$37,936 for the Virginia W. Martin Trust Fund.

Note 4 – Deposits and Investments

State statutes classify monies held by the Library into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the Library treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the Library treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Library has identified as not required for use within the current five-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must be evidenced by depositories.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts. Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Note 4 – Deposits and Investments (Continued)

- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least 2 percent and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio or Ohio local governments;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts:
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio).

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the Library, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

At year-end 2018, the Library had \$1,317 in undeposited cash on hand, which is included on the balance sheet of the Library as part of "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents."

Deposits

Effective July 1, 2017, the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS) was implemented by the Office of the Ohio Treasurer of State. Financial institutions have the option of participating in OPCS or collateralizing utilizing the specific pledge method. Financial institutions are transitioning to OPCS, but some have been granted extensions that may carry over year end and will be collateralizing with their own collateral pool until they join OPCS. Some of the financial institutions where the Library has deposits are participating in OPCS, while other financial institutions are utilizing specific securities to collateralize deposits.

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the Library will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At December 31, 2018, \$3,671,369 of the Library's bank balance of \$10,108,759, which includes \$4,415,107 of non-negotiable certificates of deposit was exposed to custodial credit risk as those deposits were uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the Library's name.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Note 4 – Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Deposits (Continued)

The Library has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits be either insured or be protected by eligible securities pledged to and deposited either with the Library or a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution whose market value at all times shall be at least one hundred five percent of the deposits being secured, unless the institution participates in the Treasurer of State's OPCS program.

Investments

As of December 31, 2018, the Library had the following investments and maturities:

	Fair Value		
Investment Type	12/31/2018	Maturity(1)	Rating(2)
STAR OHIO (investment pool)	\$3,033,539	Daily	Aaa
(1) Weighted Maturity - Days		(2) S&P	

Interest rate risk arises because potential purchasers of debt securities will not agree to pay face value for those securities if interest rates subsequently increase. The Library's investment policy addresses interest rate risk by requiring that the Library's investment portfolio be structured so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations and/or long-term debt payments, thereby avoiding that need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity, and by investing operating funds primarily in short-term investments.

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Library will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The money markets and Star Ohio are exposed to custodial credit risk as they are uninsured, unregistered, and held by the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the Library's name. The Library has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirements in ORC 135.14(M)(2) which states, "Payment for investments shall be made only upon the delivery of securities representing such investments to the treasurer, investing authority, or qualified trustee. If the securities transferred are not represented by a certificate, payment shall be made only upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian by the treasurer, governing board, or qualified trustee."

Note 5 – Public Library Fund, Tax Receipts and Tax Abatements

The primary source of revenue for Ohio public libraries is the Public Library Fund (PLF). The State allocates PLF to each county based on the county's PLF revenues and its population. The two library systems in the county have an agreed-upon schedule of allocation of the county's PLF revenues through 2027 that is provided to the County Budget Commission. The Budget Commission allocates the PLF funds to the Library based on this formula. The Budget Commission cannot reduce its allocation of these funds to the Library

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Note 5 – Public Library Fund, Tax Receipts and Tax Abatements (Continued)

based on any additional revenues the Library receives.

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the taxing authority of the subdivision to whose jurisdiction the Library is subject adopts rates. The State Department of Taxation, Division of Tax Equalization, adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include homestead and rollback amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Revenue. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to pay semiannually, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

Public utilities are also taxed on personal and real property located within the taxing district.

Property owners assess tangible personal property tax. These owners must file a list of tangible property to the County by each April 30.

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Library.

Tax Abatements

For 2016, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 77, "Tax Abatement Disclosures" was effective.

A tax abatement is a reduction in tax revenues that results from an agreement between one or more governments and an individual or entity in which (a) one or more governments promise to forgo tax revenues to which they are otherwise entitled and (b) the individual or entity promises to take a specific action after the agreement has been entered into that contributes to economic development or otherwise benefits the governments or the citizens of those governments

Certain local governments including municipalities, townships and villages in the Library's service district may have entered into abatement agreements that reduced the 2018 tax revenue received by the Library. According to the Medina County Auditor's office, there were 12 different taxing districts that had abatement agreements in place, and the Library's portion of abated taxes totaled \$101,908 for the 2017 tax year that was abated in 2018.

Note 6 - Risk Management

The Library is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Library maintains comprehensive insurance coverage with private carriers for real property, building contents, and vehicles. Vehicle policies include liability coverage for bodily injury and property damage. Real property and contents are 100% insured.

There were no significant reductions in coverage from prior years and claims have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Note 7 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description – Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Plan Description – All Library employees participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The traditional pension plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan and the combined plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with defined contribution features. While members (e.g. Library employees) may elect the member-directed plan and the combined plan, the majority of employee members are in OPERS' traditional plan; therefore, the following disclosure focuses on the traditional pension plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits, and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional plan. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about OPERS' fiduciary net position that may be obtained by visiting https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml, by writing to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling 800-222-7377.

Senate Bill (SB) 343 was enacted into law with an effective date of January 7, 2013. In the legislation, members were categorized into three groups with varying provisions of the law applicable to each group. The following table provides age and service requirements for retirement and the retirement formula applied to final average salary (FAS) for the three member groups under the traditional plan as per the reduced benefits adopted by SB 343 (see OPERS CAFR referenced above for additional information, including requirements for reduced and unreduced benefits):

Group A	Group B	Group	
e to retire prior to	20 years of service credit prior to	Members not in or	

Eligible to retire prior to January 7, 2013 or five years after January 7, 2013

State and Local Age and Service Requirements:

Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit

Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30

January 7, 2013 or eligible to retire ten years after January 7, 2013 State and Local

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit

Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30 Members not in other Groups and members hired on or after January 7, 2013

C

State and Local Age and Service Requirements:

Age 57 with 25 years of service credit or Age 62 with 5 years of service credit

Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 35 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 35

Final average Salary (FAS) represents the average of the three highest years of earnings over a member's career for Groups A and B. Group C is based on the average of the five highest years of earnings over a member's career.

Members who retire before meeting the age and years of service credit requirement for unreduced benefits receive a percentage reduction in the benefit amount.

When a benefit recipient has received benefits for 12 months, an annual cost of living adjustment (COLA) is provided. This COLA is calculated on the base retirement benefit at the date of retirement and is not compounded. For those retiring prior to January 7, 2013, the COLA will continue to be a 3 percent simple

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Note 7 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

annual COLA. For those retiring subsequent to January 7, 2013, beginning in calendar year 2019, the COLA will be based on the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, capped at 3 percent.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

	State and Local
2018 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates	
Employer	14.0%
Employee	10.0%
2018 Actual Contribution Rates Employer: Pension:	14.00/
Employee	14.0%

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll.

The Library's contractually required contribution was \$597,864 for year 2018.

Note 8 - Postemployment Benefits

Plan Description - The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) administers three separate pension plans: the traditional pension plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; the member-directed plan, a defined contribution plan; and the combined plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

In March 2016, OPERS received two favorable rulings from the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) allowing OPERS to consolidate all health care assets into the OPERS 115 Health Care Trust. Transition to the new health care trust structure was completed July 1, 2016. OPERS maintains a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care trust, which funds multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage and deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement to qualifying benefit recipients of both the Traditional Pension and the Combined plans. Members of the Member-Directed Plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits, including OPERS sponsored health care coverage. OPERS funds a Retiree Medical Account (RMA) for participants in the Member-Directed Plan. At retirement or refund, participants can be reimbursed for qualified medical expenses from their vested RMA balance.

In order to qualify for postemployment health care coverage, age and service retirees under the traditional pension and combined plans must have twenty or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by OPERS meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement 45. See OPERS' CAFR referenced below for additional information.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Note 8 - Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

Disclosures for the health care plan are presented separately in the OPERS financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by visiting https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml, by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling (614) 222-5601 or 800-222-7377.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority requiring public employers to fund postemployment health care through their contributions to OPERS. A portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside to fund OPERS health care plans.

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the earnable salary of active members. In 2018, state and local employers contributed at a rate of 14.0 percent of earnable salary. These are the maximum employer contribution rates permitted by the Ohio Revised Code. Active member contributions do not fund health care.

Each year, the OPERS Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside to fund health care plans. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for members in the Traditional Pension Plan and Combined Plan was 1.0 percent during calendar year 2017, and was 0 percent during calendar year 2018. The OPERS Board is also authorized to establish rules for the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries to pay a portion of the health care provided. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected. The employer contribution as a percentage of covered payroll deposited into the RMA for participants in the Member-Directed Plan for 2018 was 4.0 percent.

In March 2016, OPERS received two favorable rulings from the IRS allowing OPERS to consolidate all health care assets into the 115 Trust. Transition to the new health care trust structure occurred during 2016. OPERS Combining Statements of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position for the year ended December 31, 2017, will reflect a partial year of activity in the 401(h) Trust and VEBA Trust prior to the termination of these trusts as of end of business day June 30, 2016, and the assets and liabilities, or net position, of these trusts being consolidated into the 115 Trust on July 1, 2016.

Substantially all of the Library's contribution allocated to fund postemployment health care benefits relates to the cost-sharing, multiple employer trusts. The corresponding contribution for the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017, and 2016 was \$0, \$40,524 and \$79,880, respectively. The full amount has been contributed for all three years.

Note 9 – Long – Term Liabilities

The changes in the Library's long-term obligations during 2018 consist of the following:

Long-Term Liabilities	Principal		Principal	Amounts
	Outstanding		Outstanding	Due in
	1/1/2018	Reductions	12/31/2018	One Year
Governmental Activities 2018				
2011 Current Interest Bonds	\$ 15,849,993	\$ 2,375,000	\$ 13,474,993	\$ 2,319,993
2011 Capital Appreciation Bonds	45,000		45,000	
Total	\$ 15,894,993	\$ 2,375,000	\$ 13,519,993	\$ 2,319,993

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Note 9 – Long – Term Liabilities (Continued)

In 2003, the Library issued \$42,300,000 in general obligation bonds, at rates from 2% - 5.25% and maturity dates from 2004 through 2023, for renovations to three buildings and construction of three new buildings. The voters approved a tax levy to pay off the bonds over 20 years.

In 2011, the Library refunded a portion of the above 2003 Series Bond for \$25,020,000, at rates from 2%-5% and maturity dates from 2012 through 2023. The bonds are to be paid over 12 years. The amount paid to the escrow agent was \$27,445,710, which is the amount left in its account held by its financial institution as of December 31, 2011. This amount is not reported in the Library's cash balance.

This issue is comprised of both current interest bonds, par value \$24,975,000, and capital appreciation bonds, par value \$45,000. The interest rates on the current interest bonds range from 2%-5%. The capital appreciation bonds mature on December 1, 2019 (approximate initial offering yield at maturity 2.81%) at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus interest at the redemption date. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bonds is \$225,005.

Principal and interest requirements to retire long-term liabilities outstanding at Dec. 31, 2018, are as follows:

	Current Interest Bonds		Cap	Capital Appreciation Bonds	
Year Ending					
Dec. 31	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Total
2019	2,319,993	740,919			3,060,913
2020	2,610,000	447,163			3,057,163
2021	2,745,000	316,663			3,061,663
2022	2,875,000	179,412			3,054,413
2023	2,925,000		45,000	89,100	3,059,100
Total	\$13,474,993	\$1,684,157	\$45,000	\$89,100	\$15,293,250

Bonds will be paid from the Debt Service Fund.

Note 10 – Fund Balances

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the Library is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the government funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

Medina County District Library Medina County, Ohio Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Note 10 – Fund Balances (Continued)

December 31, 201	l8
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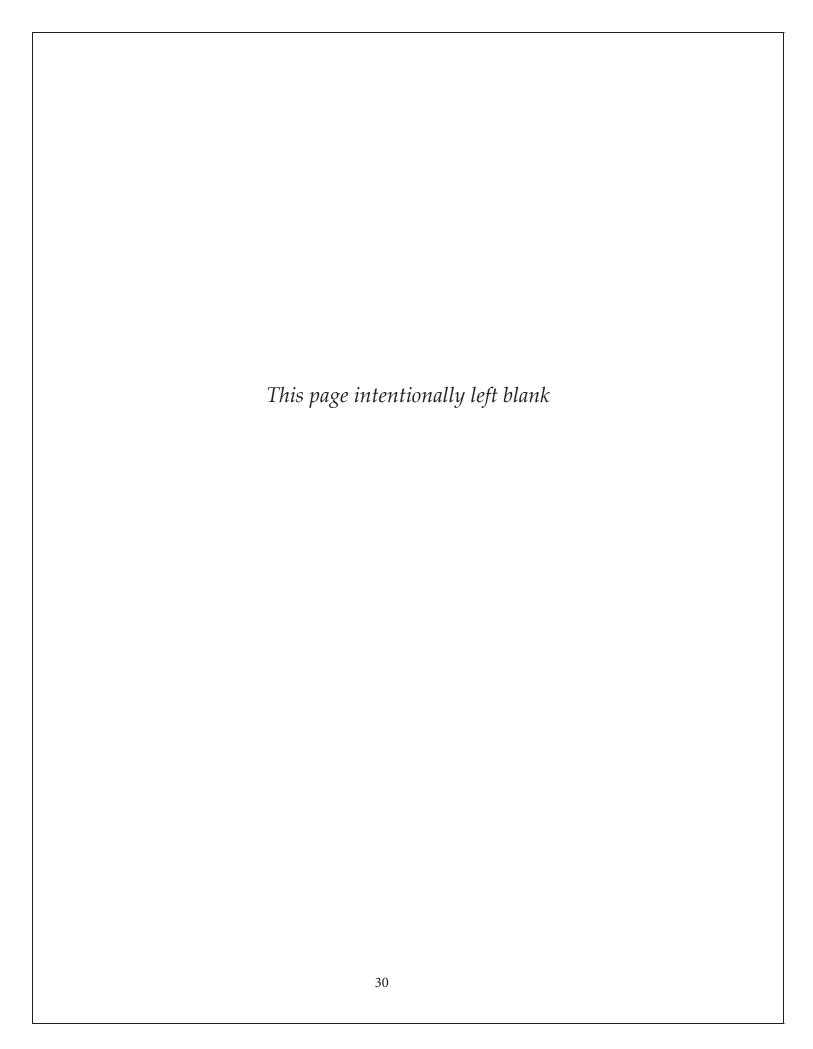
December 31, 2018		Virginia W. <u>Martin</u>	Debt Service	Bldg/Repair	Other Governmental	Total Governmental
Fund Balances	General	Trust Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
Nonspendable: Endowment for Non- Expendable Trust					12,373	12,373
Total Nonspendable					12,373	12,373
Restricted for:						
Debt Service	-	-	843,553	-	-	843,554
Genealogy Activities		2,397,805				2,397,804
Total Restricted		2,397,805	843,553			3,241,358
Committed to:						
Construction Contracts				602,624		602,624
Total Committed				602,624		602,624
Assigned to:						
Vendors Other -Carryover used	626,997	-	-	815,317	-	1,442,314
for 2019 Budget Endowment Fund	642,600	-	-	-	-	642,600
Interest Accrued					30,835	30,835
Total Assigned	1,269,597			815,317	30,835	2,115,749
Unassigned:	3,909,961					3,909,961
Total Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$ 5,179,558	\$ 2,397,805	\$ 843,553	\$ 1,417,941	\$ 43,208	\$ 9,882,065

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Note 11 – Leases

The Library leases equipment under non-cancelable leases. The Library made lease payments of \$41,143 in 2018. Future lease payments are as follows:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2019	\$41,143
2020	39,871
2021	39,871
Total	\$120,885



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Medina County District Library Medina County 210 South Broadway Street Medina, Ohio 44256

To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the cash-basis financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Medina County District Library, Medina County, (the Library) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Library's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated April 2, 2020, wherein we noted the Library uses a special purpose framework other than generally accepted accounting principles.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the Library's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinion on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the Library's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the Library's financial statements. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Therefore, unidentified material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings that we consider a significant deficiency. We consider finding 2018-001 to be a significant deficiency.

Medina County District Library
Medina County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Required by Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Library's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the Library's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Library's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Karen S

Digitally signed by Karen S Alger, CPA
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0=Alger & Associates, Inc, ou,
email=ksalger46@att.net, c=US
Date: 2020.04.04 18:41:25-04'00'

Alger & Associates, Inc.
Certified Public Accountants
North Canton, Ohio

April 2, 2020

MEDINA COUNTY DISTRICT LIBRARY MEDINA COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF AUDIT FINDING DECEMBER 31, 2018

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2018-001

Significant Deficiency – Major Special Revenue Budgetary Comparison Statement

Medina County District Library's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund. Under GASB 34 presentation requirements, the Library is not required to present budgetary statements for Debt Service and Capital Project funds, however GASB 34 does require a budgetary statement be presented for any major Special Revenue Fund.

The Library's Virginia W. Martin Fund is a Special Revenue fund presented on the Statement of Assets and Fund Balances and the Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balances however the budgetary statement was not presented.

We recommend the Library to report the budgetary comparison statements and be consistent with the presentation for the General Fund and the major Special Revenue Fund.





MEDINA COUNTY DISTRICT LIBRARY

MEDINA COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED MAY 12, 2020