

MIAMI METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY

Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019



OHIO AUDITOR OF STATE  
KEITH FABER



88 East Broad Street  
Columbus, Ohio 43215  
IPAReport@ohioauditor.gov  
(800) 282-0370

Board of Directors  
Miami County Metropolitan Housing Authority  
1695 Troy-Sidney Road  
Troy, OH 45373

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Miami County Metropolitan Housing Authority, Miami County, prepared by Salvatore Consiglio, CPA, Inc., for the audit period January 1, 2019 through December 31, 2019. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Miami County Metropolitan Housing Authority is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Keith Faber".

Keith Faber  
Auditor of State  
Columbus, Ohio

November 6, 2020

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MIAMI METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

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14129 State Road  
North Royalton, Ohio 44133  
Phone (440) 877-9870  
Fax (440) 877-9237  
[sal@salecpa.com](mailto:sal@salecpa.com)

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## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Commissioners  
Miami Metropolitan Housing Authority

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities of Miami Metropolitan Housing Authority, Ohio, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### **Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### **Auditor's Responsibility**

My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

### **Opinions**

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities of the Miami Metropolitan Housing Authority as of December 31, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### ***Emphasis of Matter***

As discussed in Note 15 to the financial statements, during 2019, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the Authority. I did not modify my opinion regarding this matter.

### **Other Matters**

#### ***Required Supplementary Information***

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### ***Other Information***

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Miami Metropolitan Housing Authority, Ohio's basic financial statements. The accompanying financial data schedule (FDS) and the PHA's Statement of Certification of Actual Modernization are not required part of the basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditure of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The financial data schedule (FDS) and the PHA's Statement of Certification of Actual Modernization are presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Department of Housing and Urban Development and is the responsibility of management, information was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the Schedule of Expenditure of Federal Awards, the financial data schedule ("FDS") and the PHA's Statement of Certification of Actual Modernization are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.



## **Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards**

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, I have also issued my report dated August 28, 2020, on my consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of my internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Entity's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

*Salvatore Consiglio*

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Salvatore Consiglio, CPA, Inc.  
North Royalton, Ohio  
August 28, 2020

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**MIAMI METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY  
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS  
Year Ended December 31, 2019**

**Unaudited**

It is a privilege to present for you the financial picture of Miami Metropolitan Housing Authority for the fiscal year that ended December 31, 2019. The Miami Metropolitan Housing Authority's (the "Authority") management's discussion and analysis is designed to (a) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, (b) provide an overview of the Authority's financial activity, (c) identify changes in the Authority's financial position (its ability to address the next and subsequent year challenges), and (d) identify the single enterprise fund issues or concerns.

Since the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to focus on the current year's activities, resulting changes and currently known facts, please read it in conjunction with the Authority's basic financial statements.

**FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

The Authority's programs for the single enterprise fund are: Conventional Public-Housing, Capital Fund Program (CFP), and the Housing Choice Voucher Program (HCV).

- Total revenues increased by \$2,209 during 2019, and were \$5,711,596 and \$5,709,387 for 2019 and 2018, respectively.
- Total expenses increased by \$101,823 (or 1.7%). Total expenses were \$6,069,428 and \$5,967,605 for 2019 and 2018, respectively.

**USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT**

The following graphic outlines the format of these financial statements:

<b>MD&amp;A</b> ~ Management's Discussion and Analysis ~
<b>Basic Financial Statements</b> ~ Statement of Net Position ~ ~ Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position ~ ~ Statement of Cash Flows ~ ~ Notes to Financial Statements ~
<b>Other Required Supplementary Information</b> ~ Required Supplementary Information ~

The clearly preferable focus is on the Authority as a single enterprise fund. This format allows the user to address relevant questions, broaden a basis for comparison (year to year or Authority to Authority) and enhance the Authority's accountability.

**MIAMI METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY  
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS  
Year Ended December 31, 2019**

**Unaudited**

**BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The basic financial statements are designed to be corporate-like in that all business-type programs are consolidated into one single enterprise fund for the Authority.

These statements include a Statement of Net Position, which is similar to a Balance Sheet. The Statement of Net Position reports all financial and capital resources for the Authority. The statement is presented in the format where assets, minus liabilities, equals "Net Position", formerly known as Net Assets. Assets and liabilities are presented in order of liquidity and are classified as "Current" (convertible into cash within one year), and "Non-current".

The focus of the Statement of Net Position (the "Unrestricted Net Position") is designed to represent the net available liquid (non-capital) assets, net of liabilities, for the entire Authority. Net Position (formerly Net Assets) is reported in three broad categories (as applicable):

Net Investment in Capital Assets: This component of Net Position consists of all Capital Assets, reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted: This component of Net Position consists of restricted assets, when constraints are placed on the asset by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, laws, regulations, etc.

Unrestricted: This component of Net Position consists of assets that do not meet the definition of "Net Investment in Capital Assets", or "Restricted". This account resembles the old operating reserves account.

The basic financial statements also include a Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position (similar to an Income Statement). This Statement includes Operating Revenues, such as rental income, Operating Expenses, such as administrative, utilities, maintenance, and depreciation, and Non-Operating Revenue and Expenses, such as grant revenue, investment income and interest expense.

The focus of the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position is the "Change in Net Position", which is similar to Net Income or Loss.

Finally, a Statement of Cash Flows is included, which discloses net cash provided by, or used for operating activities, non-capital financing activities, and from capital and related financing activities.

The Authority's programs that are consolidated into a single enterprise fund are as follows:

Project (Conventional Public Housing and Capital Fund Program) – Under the Conventional Public Housing Program, the Authority rents units that it owns to low-income households. The Conventional Public Housing Program is operated under an Annual Contributions Contract (ACC) with HUD, and HUD provides Operating Subsidies to enable the PHA to provide the housing at a rent that is based upon 30% of adjusted gross household income. The Conventional Public Housing Program also includes the Capital Fund Program, which is the primary funding source for the Authority's physical and management improvements. Funds are allocated by a formula allocation and based on size and age of the Authority's units.

**MIAMI METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY  
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS  
Year Ended December 31, 2019**

**Unaudited**

Housing Choice Voucher Program – Under the Housing Choice Voucher Program, the Authority subsidizes rents to independent landlords that own the property. The Authority subsidizes the family's rent through a Housing Assistance Payment (HAP) made to the landlord. The program is administered under an Annual Contributions Contract (ACC) with HUD. HUD provides funding to enable the Authority to structure a lease that requires the participant to pay a rent based on a percentage of their adjusted gross household income, typically 30%, and the Housing Authority subsidizes the balance.

Business Activities – Represents the rental of office space to be used for future capital improvements on the building.

**FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE AUTHORITY**

The following table compares the condensed Statement of Net Position for the current and previous fiscal

**Table 1 - Condensed Statement of Net Position Compared to Prior Year**

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
<u>Assets and Deferred Outflows</u>		
Current and Other Assets	\$ 622,675	\$ 521,949
Current and Other Assets - Restricted	108,935	171,123
Capital Assets	2,464,684	2,650,583
Other Noncurrent Assets	10,622	13,422
Deferred Outflow of Resources	<u>452,841</u>	<u>237,486</u>
 Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	 <u>\$ 3,659,757</u>	 <u>\$ 3,594,563</u>
<u>Liabilities and Deferred Inflows</u>		
Current Liabilities	\$ 164,279	\$ 155,623
Non-Current Liabilities	1,944,203	1,291,450
Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>59,086</u>	<u>297,469</u>
 Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	 <u>\$ 2,167,568</u>	 <u>\$ 1,744,542</u>
<u>Net Position</u>		
Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 2,464,684	\$ 2,650,583
Restricted Net Position	54,921	120,384
Unrestricted Net Position	<u>(1,027,416)</u>	<u>(920,946)</u>
 Total Net Position	 <u>\$ 1,492,189</u>	 <u>\$ 1,850,021</u>

**MAJOR FACTORS AFFECTING THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION**

Restricted equity decreased by \$65,463 mainly due to the Housing Choice Voucher program's use of prior year excess HAP funding that was received in 2018. Net investment in capital assets declined primarily due to net change of depreciation expense and current year CFP additions to Buildings. The reduction in unrestricted net position was primarily due to *GASB Statement No. 68* and *GASB Statement No. 75* pension reporting.

**MIAMI METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY  
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS  
Year Ended December 31, 2019**

**Unaudited**

The following table compares the revenues and expenses for the current and previous fiscal year.

**Table 2 - Statement of Revenue, Expenses & Changes in Net Position**

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
<u>Revenues</u>		
Tenant Revenue - Rents and Other	\$ 691,790	\$ 645,562
Operating Subsidies and Grants	4,823,155	4,984,668
Capital Grants	143,877	34,723
Investment Income/Other Revenues	52,774	44,434
Total Revenues	<u>5,711,596</u>	<u>5,709,387</u>
<u>Expenses</u>		
Administration	785,572	696,901
Tenant services	3,160	3,578
Utilities	282,631	284,471
Maintenance	378,305	322,178
Insurance	32,057	32,410
General	90,299	93,548
Housing Assistance Payments	4,164,619	4,179,980
Depreciation	332,785	354,539
Total Expenses	<u>6,069,428</u>	<u>5,967,605</u>
Change in Net Position	(357,832)	(258,218)
Beginning Net Position	1,850,021	2,108,239
Ending Net Position	<u>\$ 1,492,189</u>	<u>\$ 1,850,021</u>

**MAJOR FACTORS AFFECTING THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGE IN NET POSITION**

Overall revenue was consistent with prior year with only an increase of \$2,209. However, Operating funding for the Housing Choice Voucher Program decreased by \$193,680 due to the usage of excess HAP funding from prior year. Capital grants increased by \$109,154 due to Elevator renovations. Tenant and other revenues increased slightly.

Overall expenses increased by \$1010,823 from prior year which is mainly due to the pension expense for both administration and maintenance. The pension expense increased by changes in balances reported in accordance with GASB 68 and 75. The decrease in HAP expenses was largely caused by the decline in leasing for the program.

**CAPITAL ASSETS**

As of December 31, 2019, the Authority had \$2,464,685 invested in a variety of capital assets as reflected in the following schedule, which represents a net decrease (addition, deductions, and depreciation) of \$185,898 from the end of last fiscal year.

**MIAMI METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY  
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS  
Year Ended December 31, 2019**

**Unaudited**

**TABLE 3 - CAPITAL ASSETS AT YEAR-END (NET OF DEPRECIATION)**

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2018</u>
Land and Land Rights	\$ 357,350	\$ 357,350
Buildings	11,690,329	11,527,147
Equipment - Administrative	93,341	93,341
Equipment - Dwellings	12,559	9,549
Construction in progress	15,417	34,723
Accumulated Depreciation	<u>(9,704,312)</u>	<u>(9,371,527)</u>
TOTAL	<u>\$ 2,464,684</u>	<u>\$ 2,650,583</u>

The following reconciliation summarizes the change in Capital Assets.

**TABLE 4 - CHANGE IN CAPITAL ASSETS**

Beginning Balance - Net	\$ 2,650,583
Additions - Capital fund	146,886
Depreciation Expense	<u>(332,785)</u>
Ending Balance - Net	<u>\$ 2,464,684</u>

**DEBT**

At December 31, 2019, the Authority had no debt.

**ECONOMIC FACTORS**

- Federal funding of the Department of Housing and Urban Development
- Local labor supply and demand, which can affect salary and wage rates
- Local inflationary, recessionary, and employment trends, which can affect resident incomes and therefore the amount of rental income
- Inflationary pressure on utility rates, supplies, and other costs

**IN CONCLUSION**

Miami Metropolitan Housing Authority takes great pride in its financial management and is pleased to report on its consistent and sound financial condition of the Authority.

**FINANCIAL CONTACT**

If you have any questions regarding this report, you may contact Keith GunderKline, Executive Director of the Miami Metropolitan Housing Authority at (937) 339-2111.

**MIAMI METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY**

**Statement of Net Position**

**December 31, 2019**

***ASSETS***

**Current assets**

Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$556,015
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	108,935
Receivables, Net	7,867
Inventories, Net	28,093
Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets	30,700
<b>Total Current Assets</b>	<b><u>731,610</u></b>

**Noncurrent Assets**

Capital Assets:	
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets	372,767
Depreciable Capital Assets	2,091,917
<b>Total Capital Assets</b>	<b><u>2,464,684</u></b>

Other Noncurrent Assets:

Pension Assets	10,622
<b>Total Other Noncurrent Assets</b>	<b><u>10,622</u></b>

**Total Noncurrent Assets** 2,475,306

**Total Assets** \$3,206,916

Deferred Outflows of Resources

Pension	\$400,247
OPEB	52,594

**Total Deferred Outflows of Resources** \$452,841

**Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources** \$3,659,757

***LIABILITIES***

**Current Liabilities**

Accounts Payable	\$18,140
Accrued Wages/Payroll Taxes	16,063
Accrued Compensated Leave Current	32,347
Intergovernmental Payables	43,599
Tenant Security Deposits	54,014
Unearned Revenue	9
Other current liabilities	107

**Total Current Liabilities** 164,279

**Noncurrent liabilities**

Accrued Pension Liability	1,292,712
Accrued OPEB Liability	651,491

**Total Noncurrent Liabilities** 1,944,203

**Total Liabilities** \$2,108,482

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.



**MIAMI METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY**  
**Statement of Net Position - Continued**  
**Proprietary Fund**  
**December 31, 2019**

Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Pension	\$42,238
OPEB	16,848
<b>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>	<u><u>\$59,086</u></u>
<b><i>NET POSITION</i></b>	
Investment in Capital Assets	\$2,464,684
Restricted	54,921
Unrestricted	(1,027,416)
<b>Total Net Position</b>	<u><u>1,492,189</u></u>
<b>Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Net Position</b>	<u><u>\$3,659,757</u></u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**MIAMI METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY**  
**Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position**  
**For the Year Ended December 31, 2019**

***OPERATING REVENUES***

Tenant Revenue	\$691,790
Government Operating Grants	4,823,155
Other Revenues	50,289
<b>Total Operating Revenues</b>	<b><u>5,565,234</u></b>

***OPERATING EXPENSES***

Administrative	785,572
Tenant Services	3,160
Utilities	282,631
Maintenance	378,305
Insurance	32,057
General	90,299
Housing Assistance Payments	4,164,619
Depreciation	332,785
<b>Total Operating Expenses</b>	<b><u>6,069,428</u></b>
<b>Operating Income (Loss)</b>	<b><u>(504,194)</u></b>

***NON-OPERATING REVENUES***

Interest Income	2,485
Capital Grants	143,877
<b>Total Non-Operating Revenues</b>	<b><u>146,362</u></b>
Change in Net Position	(357,832)
Total Net Position, Beginning of Year	1,850,021
<b>Total Net Position - End of Year</b>	<b><u><u>\$1,492,189</u></u></b>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

**MIAMI METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY**  
**Statement of Cash Flows**  
**For the Year Ended December 31, 2019**

**CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES**

Cash Received from Federal Operating Grants	\$4,823,155
Cash Received from Tenants	695,109
Cash Received from Other Revenue	48,058
Cash Payments for General and Administrative expenses	(1,340,561)
Cash Payments for Housing Assistance	<u>(4,164,619)</u>
<b>Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities</b>	<b><u>61,142</u></b>

**CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES**

Interest earned	<u>2,485</u>
<b>Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities</b>	<b><u>2,485</u></b>

**CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED ACTIVITIES**

Capital Grants	143,877
Property and Equipment Purchased	<u>(146,887)</u>
<b>Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Activities</b>	<b><u>(3,010)</u></b>

Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash	60,617
Cash and cash equivalents - Beginning of year	<u>604,333</u>
<b>Cash and cash equivalents - End of year</b>	<b><u><u>\$664,950</u></u></b>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**MIAMI METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY**  
**Statement of Cash Flows (Continued)**  
**Proprietary Fund**  
**For the Year Ended December 31, 2019**

**RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES**

Net Operating Income (Loss)	(\$504,194)
Adjustment to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	
- Depreciation	332,785
- (Increases) Decreases in Accounts Receivable	(1,975)
- (Increases) Decreases in Prepaid Assets	17,242
- Increases (Decreases) in Inventory	6,813
- Increases (Decreases) in Pension Asset	2,800
- (Increases) Decreases in Deferred Outflows	(215,355)
- Increases (Decreases) in Accounts Payable	(4,652)
- Increases (Decreases) in Accounts Payable - Intergovernmental	4,329
- Increases (Decreases) in Accrued Wages/Payroll Taxes	2,978
- Increases (Decreases) in Compensated Absence Payable	2,938
- Increases (Decreases) in Tenant Security Deposits	3,275
- Increases (Decreases) in Pension Liability	557,256
- Increases (Decreases) in OPEB Liability	95,497
- Increases (Decreases) in Deferred Inflows	(238,383)
- Increases (Decreases) in Unearned Revenue	(212)
<b>Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities</b>	<b><u><u>\$61,142</u></u></b>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**MIAMI METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY  
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURE OF FEDERAL AWARDS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018**

**1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Miami Metropolitan Housing Authority (the “Authority”) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Authority’s accounting policies are described below.

Reporting Entity

The Authority was created under the Ohio Revised Code, Section 3735.27. The Authority contracts with the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) to provide low and moderate income persons with safe and sanitary housing through subsidies provided by HUD. The Authority depends on the subsidies from HUD to operate.

Oversight of the Miami Metropolitan Housing Authority is provided by a five (5) member board called the Board of Commissioners representing one (1) appointee of the Common Pleas Court, one (1) appointee of the County commissioners, one (1) appointee of the Probate Court and two (2) appointees of the largest municipality of the county, including one (1) appointee resident member nominated by the Resident Advisory Council.

The accompanying Basic Financial Statements comply with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 61, *the Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34*; in that the financial statements include all organizations, activities and functions for which the Authority is financially accountable. This report includes all activities considered by management to be part of the Authority by virtue of Section 2100 of the Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards.

Section 2100 indicates that the reporting entity consists of a) the primary government, b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity’s financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on the notion of financial accountability. A primary government is financially accountable for the organizations that make up its legal entity. It is also financially accountable for legally separate organizations if its officials appoint a voting majority of an organization’s government body and either it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. A primary government may also be financially accountable for governmental organizations that are fiscally dependent on it.

A primary government has the ability to impose its will on an organization if it can significantly influence the programs, projects, or activities of, or the level of services performed or provided by, the organization. A financial benefit or burden relationship exists if the primary government a) is entitled to the organization’s resources; b) is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the obligation to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or c) is obligated in some manner for the debt of the organization.

Management believes the financial statements included in this report represent all of the funds for the Authority over which the Authority is financially accountable.

Basis of Presentation

The Authority’s basic financial statements consist of a statement of net position, a statement of revenues, expenses and change in net position, and a statement of cash flows.

**MIAMI METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY  
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURE OF FEDERAL AWARDS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019**

Fund Accounting

The Authority uses the enterprise fund to report on its financial position and results of its operations for the HUD programs. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities. The enterprise fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

Measurement Focus

The enterprise fund is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the Authority are included on the statement of net position. The statement of changes in net assets presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the Authority finances and meets the cash flow needs of its enterprise activity.

Enterprise Fund

The Authority uses the proprietary fund to report on its financial position and the results of its operations for the Section 8 and Public Housing programs. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. The Authority uses the proprietary category for its programs.

The following are the various programs which are included in the single enterprise fund:

Project (Conventional Public Housing and Capital Fund Program) – Under the Conventional Public Housing Program, the Authority rents units that it owns to low-income households. The Conventional Public Housing Program is operated under an Annual Contributions Contract (ACC) with HUD, and HUD provides Operating Subsidies to enable the PHA to provide the housing at a rent that is based upon 30% of adjusted gross household income. The Conventional Public Housing Program also includes the Capital Fund Program, which is the primary funding source for the Authority’s physical and management improvements. Funds are allocated by a formula allocation and based on the size and age of the Authority’s units.

Housing Choice Voucher Program – Under the Housing Choice Voucher Program, the Authority subsidizes rents to independent landlords that own the property. The Authority subsidizes the family’s rent through a Housing Assistance Payment (HAP) made to the landlord. The program is administered under an Annual Contributions Contract (ACC) with HUD. HUD provides funding to enable the Authority to structure a lease that requires the participant to pay a rent based on a percentage of their adjusted gross household income, typically 30%, and the Housing Authority subsidizes the balance.

Business Activities – Represents the rental of office space to be used for future capital improvements on the building as well as a Payroll Cost Pool.

Accounting and Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions

Nonexchange transactions occur when the Public Housing Authority (PHA) receives (or gives) value without directly giving equal value in return. GASB 33 identifies four classes of nonexchange transactions as follows:

- Derived tax revenues: result from assessments imposed on exchange transactions (i.e., income taxes, sales taxes and other assessments on earnings or consumption).
- Imposed nonexchange revenues: result from assessments imposed on nongovernmental entities, including individuals, other than assessments on exchange transactions (i.e. property taxes and fines).
- Government-mandated nonexchange transactions: occur when a government at one level provides resources to a government at another level and requires the recipient to use the resources for a specific purpose (i.e., federal programs that state or local governments are mandated to perform).

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- Voluntary nonexchange transactions: result from legislative or contractual agreements, other than exchanges, entered into willingly by the parties to the agreement (i.e., certain grants and private donations).

PHA grants and subsidies will be defined as a government-mandated or voluntary nonexchange transaction.

GASB 33 establishes two distinct standards depending upon the kind of stipulation imposed by the provider.

- Time requirements specify (a) the period when resources are required to be used or when use may begin (for example, operating or capital grants for a specific period) or (b) that the resources are required to be maintained intact in perpetuity or until a specified date or event has occurred (for example, permanent endowments, term endowments, and similar agreements). Time requirements affect the timing of recognition of nonexchange transactions.
- Purpose restrictions specify the purpose for which resources are required to be used. (i.e. capital grants used for the purchase of capital assets). Purpose restrictions do not affect when a nonexchange transaction is recognized. However, PHAs that receive resources with purpose restrictions should report resulting net position, equity, or fund balance as restricted.

The PHA will recognize assets (liabilities) when all applicable eligibility requirements are met or resources received, whichever is first. Eligibility requirements established by the provider may stipulate the qualifying characteristics of recipients, time requirements, allowable costs, and other contingencies.

The PHA will recognize revenues (expenses) when all applicable eligibility requirements are met. For transactions that have a time requirement for the beginning of the following period, PHAs should record resources received prior to that period as deferred revenue and the provider of those resources would record an advance.

The PHA receives government-mandated or voluntary nonexchange transactions, which do not specify time requirements. Upon award, the entire subsidy should be recognized as a receivable and revenue in the period when applicable eligibility requirements have been met.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include all highly liquid debt instruments with original maturities of three months or less.

Prepaid expenses

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond the year end, are recorded as prepaid expenses using the consumption method. A current asset for the amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and expense is reported in the year in which the services are consumed.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are stated at cost and depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over an estimated useful life of the assets. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset life, are not capitalized. The Authority's capitalization policy is \$1,000. The following are the useful lives used for depreciation purposes:

Buildings	40
Building improvements	15
Furniture – dwelling	5
Furniture – non-dwelling	5
Equipment – dwelling	5
Equipment – non-dwelling	7

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Autos and trucks	7
Computer hardware	5
Computer software	5
Leasehold improvements	15

Accrued Liabilities

All payables and accrued liabilities are reported in the basic financial statements.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is recorded as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either by internal or external restrictions.

Compensated Absences

The liability for Compensated Absences balances are accounted for by The Authority in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

Sick Leave – Regular employees accrue sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Accrual is unlimited and not a claim against the Agency, except an employee will be paid upon disability or service retirement equal to 25% of the value of their accumulated sick leave with a 30-day maximum liability.

Annual Leave – Regular employees accrue annual leave at the rate of one through five years of service equals ten days of earned vacation a year; six through ten years of service equals fifteen days of earned vacation a year; eleven years of service and over equals twenty-one days of earned vacation a year. Annual leave may be carried over for up to one year.

The following is a summary of changes in compensated absences for the year ended December 31, 2019:

	<b>Balance</b>	<b>Increases</b>	<b>Decreases</b>	<b>Balance</b>	<b>Due</b>
	<b>12/31/18</b>	<b>Increases</b>	<b>Decreases</b>	<b>12/31/19</b>	<b>Within</b>
Compensated Absences Payable	\$ 29,409	\$ 38,488	\$ 35,550	\$32,347	\$32,347

Operating/Non-Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary fund. For the Authority, these revenues are tenant revenues, operating grants from HUD and other miscellaneous revenue. Nonoperating revenues are HUD capital grants and interest income. HUD capital grants are the amounts received by the Authority for capital improvements and administration of the Public Housing program.

Operating expenses are those expenses that are generated from the primary activity of the proprietary fund. For the Authority, these expenses are administrative, utilities, maintenance, PILOT, insurance, depreciation, bad debt, and housing assistance payments.

Capital Contributions

This represents contributions made available by HUD with respect to all federally aided projects under an annual contribution contract.

Budgetary Accounting

The Authority annually prepares its budget as prescribed by the Department of Housing and Urban Development. This budget is submitted to the Department of Housing and Urban Development and once approved is adopted by the Board of the Housing Authority.



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Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Tenant Receivables – net of allowance

Bad debts are provided on the allowance method based on management's evaluation of the collectability of outstanding tenant receivable balances at the end of the year. The allowance for doubtful accounts was \$548 on December 31, 2019.

Inventories

Inventories are comprised of maintenance materials and supplies and are stated at cost. The allowance for obsolete inventory was \$3,121 on December 31, 2019.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. For the Authority, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the statement of net position for pension and OPEB. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are explained in Notes 5 and 6.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized until that time. For the Authority, deferred inflows of resources are reported on the statement of net position for pension and OPEB. The deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are explained in Notes 5 and 6.

Pensions/Other Post-employment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

**2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

Deposits

State statutes classify monies held by the Authority into three categories.

1. Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the Authority's Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.
2. Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Authority has identified as not required for use within the current two-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to passbook accounts.
3. Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for

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immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Protection of Authority's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

The carrying amount of the Authority's deposits was \$664,950 on December 31, 2019. The corresponding bank balances were \$701,785. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "*Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosure*," on December 31, 2019, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance, while \$451,785 was exposed to custodial risk.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the Authority will not be able to recover the deposits. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at the Federal Reserve Banks or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository banks and pledged as a pool of collateral against all the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the Authority.

#### Investments

In accordance with the Ohio Revised Code and HUD investment policy, the Authority is permitted to invest in certificates of deposit, savings accounts, money market accounts, certain highly rated commercial paper, obligations of certain political subdivisions of Ohio and the United States government and its agencies and repurchase agreements with any eligible depository or any eligible dealers. Public depositories must give security for all public funds on deposit. Repurchase agreements must be secured by the specific qualifying securities upon which the repurchase agreements are based.

The Authority is prohibited from investing in any financial instruments, contracts, or obligations whose value or return is based upon or linked to another asset or index, or both, separate from the financial instrument, contract or obligation itself (commonly known as a derivative). The Authority is also prohibited from investing in reverse purchase agreements.

*Interest Rate Risk* – The Authority does not have a formal investment policy that limits investments as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

*Credit Risk* – HUD requires specific collateral on individual accounts in excess of amounts insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. The Authority's depository agreement specifically requires compliance with HUD requirements.

*Concentration of Credit Risk* – The Authority places no limit on the amount that may be invested with any one issuer.

On December 31, 2019, the Authority did not have any investments.

### **3. RESTRICTED CASH**

Restricted cash balance on December 31, 2019 of \$108,935 represents cash on hand for the following:

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Tenant Security Deposits	\$ 54,014
Cash on hand for Housing assistance payments	54,921
Total Restricted Cash	\$ 108,935

**4. CAPITAL ASSETS**

The following is a summary of capital assets:

	Balance 12/31/2018	Additions	Deletions/ Adjustment	Balance 12/31/2019
<b>CAPITAL ASSETS, NOT BEING DEPRECIATED</b>				
Land	\$ 357,350	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 357,350
Construction in Progress	\$ 34,723	\$ 15,417	\$ (34,723)	\$ 15,417
TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS NOT BEING DEPRECIATED	\$ 392,073	\$ 15,417	\$ (34,723)	\$ 372,767
<b>CAPITAL ASSETS BEING DEPRECIATED</b>				
Building and Improvements	\$ 11,527,147	\$ 128,460	\$ 34,722	\$ 11,690,329
Furniture and equipment	102,890	3,010	-	105,900
Totals at Historical Costs	11,630,037	131,470	34,722	11,796,229
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(9,371,527)	(332,785)	-	(9,704,312)
TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS, BEING DEPRECIATED, NET	\$ 2,258,510	\$ (201,315)	\$ 34,722	\$ 2,091,917
TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	\$ 2,650,583	\$ (185,898)	\$ (1)	\$ 2,464,684
Accumulated Depreciation by Class:				
Buildings				\$ 9,613,554
Furniture and Equipment				90,758
TOTAL ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION				\$ 9,704,312

**5. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN**

*Net Pension Liability*

The net pension liability/(asset) reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability represents the Authority's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this

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estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the Authority's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The Authority cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the Authority does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *intergovernmental payable* on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

*Plan Description – Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)*

Plan Description - Authority employees participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The traditional pension plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan and the combined plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with defined contribution features. While members (e.g. Authority employees) may elect the member-directed plan and the combined plan, substantially all employee members are in OPERS' traditional plan; therefore, the following disclosure focuses on the traditional pension plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits, and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional plan. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about OPERS' fiduciary net position that may be obtained by visiting <https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml>, by writing to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling 800-222-7377.

Senate Bill (SB) 343 was enacted into law with an effective date of January 7, 2013. In the legislation, members were categorized into three groups with varying provisions of the law applicable to each group. The following table provides age and service requirements for retirement and the retirement formula applied to final average salary (FAS) for the three member groups under the traditional plan as per the reduced benefits adopted by SB 343 (see OPERS' CAFR referenced above for additional information):

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<b>Group A</b> Eligible to retire prior to January 7, 2013 or five years after January 7, 2013	<b>Group B</b> 20 years of service credit prior to January 7, 2013 or eligible to retire ten years after January 7, 2013	<b>Group C</b> Members not in other Groups and members hired on or after January 7, 2013
<b>State and Local</b>	<b>State and Local</b>	<b>State and Local</b>
<b>Age and Service Requirements:</b> Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	<b>Age and Service Requirements:</b> Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	<b>Age and Service Requirements:</b> Age 57 with 25 years of service credit or Age 62 with 5 years of service credit
<b>Formula:</b> 2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30	<b>Formula:</b> 2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30	<b>Formula:</b> 2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 35 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 35

Final average Salary (FAS) represents the average of the three highest years of earnings over a member's career for Groups A and B. Group C is based on the average of the five highest years of earnings over a member's career.

Members who retire before meeting the age and years of service credit requirement for unreduced benefits receive a percentage reduction in the benefit amount.

When a traditional plan benefit recipient has received benefits for 12 months, an annual cost of living adjustment (COLA) is provided. This COLA is calculated on the base retirement benefit at the date of retirement and is not compounded. For those retiring prior to January 7, 2013, the COLA will continue to be a 3 percent simple annual COLA. For those retiring subsequent to January 7, 2013, beginning in calendar year 2019, the COLA will be based on the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, capped at 3 percent.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

	<b>State and Local</b>
<b>2019 Statutory Maximum Contributions Rates</b>	
Employer	14%
Employee*	10%
 <b>2019 Actual Contributions Rates</b>	
Employer	
Pension **	10%
Post-employment Health Care Benefits**	4%
Total Employer	14%
 Employee:	 10%

\* Member contributions within combined plan are not used to fund the defined benefit retirement allowance.

\*\*These pension and employer health care rates are for the traditional and combined plans. The employer contribution rates for the member-directed plan is allocated 4 percent for health care with the remainder going to pension.

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Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The Authority's contractually required contributions to OPERS for fiscal year 2019 was \$104,182 for the Traditional, Combined and Member Direct Plans. The full amount was contributed during the fiscal year.

*Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions*

The net pension liability/(asset) was measured as of December 31, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Authority's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the Authority's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

<u>Net Pension Liability (Assets)</u>	<u>Traditional</u>	<u>Combined</u>	<u>Member-Directed</u>	<u>Total</u>
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Assets)	\$ 1,292,712	\$ (10,433)	\$ (189)	\$ 1,282,090
Percentage of Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Assets)	0.004720%	0.0093300%	0.0082900%	
Change in Proportion from Prior Measurement Date	-0.000032%	0.0002210%	0.0037430%	
Pension Expense	\$ 238,014	\$ 6,703	\$ 58	\$ 244,775

On December 31, 2019, the Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Traditional</u>	<u>Combined</u>	<u>Member-Directed</u>	<u>Total</u>
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments	\$ 175,457	\$ 2,247	\$ 63	\$ 177,767
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 60	\$ -	\$ 786	\$ 846
Changes in assumptions	\$ 112,534	\$ 2,330	\$ 59	\$ 114,923
Changes in proportion and differences between Authority contributions and proportionate share of contributions	3,517	217	296	\$ 4,030
Authority contributions subsequent to the measurement date	93,233	5,697	3,751	\$ 102,681
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>\$ 384,801</u>	<u>\$ 10,491</u>	<u>\$ 4,955</u>	<u>\$ 400,247</u>

<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>	<u>Traditional</u>	<u>Combined</u>	<u>Member-Directed</u>	<u>Total</u>
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$ 16,974	\$ 4,261	\$ -	21,235
Changes in proportion and differences between Authority contributions and proportionate share of contributions	15,316	3,368	2,319	21,003
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>\$ 32,290</u>	<u>\$ 7,629</u>	<u>\$ 2,319</u>	<u>\$ 42,238</u>

\$102,681 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from Authority contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending December 31, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

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Year Ending December 31:	OPERS	OPERS	OPERS	Total
	Traditional Pension Plan	Combined Pension Plan	Member-Directed Pension Plan	
2020	\$ 103,146	\$ (204)	\$ (120)	\$ 102,822
2021	58,256	(655)	(132)	57,469
2022	16,276	(604)	(130)	15,542
2023	81,600	98	(107)	81,591
2024	-	(831)	(143)	(974)
Thereafter	-	(639)	(480)	(1,120)
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 259,278</b>	<b>\$ (2,835)</b>	<b>\$ (1,115)</b>	<b>\$ 255,328</b>

*Actuarial Assumptions - OPERS*

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the values of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018, using the following key actuarial assumptions and methods applied to all prior periods included in the measurement in accordance with the requirements of GASB 67:

Actuarial Information	Traditional	Combined	Member-Directed Plan
<b>Valuation Date</b>	<b>December 31, 2018</b>	<b>December 31, 2018</b>	<b>December 31, 2018</b>
<b>Experience Study</b>	<b>5 Year Period Ended December 31, 2015</b>	<b>5 Year Period Ended December 31, 2015</b>	<b>5 Year Period Ended December 31, 2015</b>
<b>Actuarial Cost Method</b>	<b>Individual entry age</b>	<b>Individual entry age</b>	<b>Individual entry age</b>
<b>Actuarial Assumptions:</b>			
<b>Investment Rate of Return</b>	<b>7.20%</b>	<b>7.20%</b>	<b>7.20%</b>
<b>Wage Inflation</b>	<b>3.25%</b>	<b>3.25%</b>	<b>3.25%</b>
<b>Projected Salary Increases</b>	<b>3.25% - 10.75% (includes wage inflation at 3.25%)</b>	<b>3.25% - 8.25% (includes wage inflation at 3.25%)</b>	<b>3.25% - 8.25% (includes wage inflation at 3.25%)</b>
<b>Cost-of-living Adjustments</b>	<b>Pre 1/7/2013 Retirees: 3.00% Simple Post 1/7/2013 Retirees: 3.00% Simple through 2018, then 2.15% Simple</b>	<b>Pre 1/7/2013 Retirees: 3.00% Simple Post 1/7/2013 Retirees: 3.00% Simple through 2018, then 2.15% Simple</b>	<b>Pre 1/7/2013 Retirees: 3.00% Simple Post 1/7/2013 Retirees: 3.00% Simple through 2018, then 2.15% Simple</b>

Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Employees mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the RP-2014 Disabled mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010,

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respectively. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to all of the above described tables.

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.2% for the Traditional Pension Plan, Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the Traditional Pension Plan, Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The following table presents the net pension liability or asset calculated using the discount rate of 7.2%, and the expected net pension liability or asset if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1.0% lower or 1.0% higher than the current rate.

*Sensitivity of the Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate*

The following table presents the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.2 percent, as well as what the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.2 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.2 percent) than the current rate:

<b>Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset)</b>	<b>1% Decrease (6.2%)</b>	<b>Current Discount Rate (7.2%)</b>	<b>1% Increase (8.2%)</b>
Traditional Plan	\$ 1,909,712	\$ 1,292,714	\$ 779,980
Combined Plan	(3,452)	(10,450)	(15,488)
Member-Directed Plan	(83)	(166)	(332)
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 1,906,177</b>	<b>\$ 1,282,098</b>	<b>\$ 764,161</b>

The allocation of investment assets with the Defined Benefit portfolio is approved by the Board of Trustees as outlined in the annual investment plan. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined benefit pension plans. The table below displays the Board-approved asset allocation policy for 2018 and the long-term expected real rates of return:

<b>Asset Class</b>	<b>Target Allocation for 2018</b>	<b>Weighted Average Long- Term Expected Real Rate of Return</b>
Fixed Income	23.00%	2.79%
Domestic Equities	19.00%	6.21%
Real Estate	10.00%	4.90%
Private Equity	10.00%	10.81%
International Equities	20.00%	7.83%
Other Investments	18.00%	5.50%
	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>5.95%</b>



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**6. DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS**

***Net OPEB Liability***

The net OPEB liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for OPEB. OPEB is a component of exchange transactions, between an employer and its employees, of salaries and benefits for employee services. OPEB are provided to an employee on a deferred-payment basis as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for OPEB is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net OPEB liability represents the Authority's proportionate share of each OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net OPEB liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the Authority's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The Authority cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which OPEB are financed; however, the Authority does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including OPEB.

GASB 75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because they benefit from employee services. OPEB contributions come from these employers and health care plan enrollees which pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. The Ohio Revised Code permits but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. Any change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net OPEB liability. Resulting adjustments to the net OPEB liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term net OPEB liability on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required OPEB contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in intergovernmental payable on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

***Plan Description – Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)***

The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) administers three separate pension plans: the traditional pension plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; the member-directed plan, a defined contribution plan; and the combined plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

OPERS maintains a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care trust, which funds multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage and deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement to qualifying benefit recipients of both the traditional pension and the combined plans. This trust is also used to fund health care for member-directed plan participants, in the form of a Retiree Medical Account (RMA). At retirement or refund, member directed plan participants may be eligible for reimbursement of qualified medical expenses from their vested RMA balance.

In order to qualify for postemployment health care coverage, age and service retirees under the traditional pension and combined plans must have twenty or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. The health care

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coverage provided by OPERS meets the definition of Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement 75. See OPERS' CAFR referenced below for additional information.

The Ohio Revised Code permits but does not require OPERS to provide health care to its eligible benefit recipients. Authority to establish and amend health care coverage is provided to the Board in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Disclosures for the health care plan are presented separately in the OPERS financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by visiting <https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml>, by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling (614) 222-5601 or 800-222-7377.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority requiring public employers to fund postemployment health care through their contributions to OPERS. When funding is approved by OPERS Board of Trustees, a portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside to fund OPERS health care plans.

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the earnable salary of active members. In 2019, state and local employers contributed at a rate of 14.0 percent of earnable salary. These are the maximum employer contribution rates permitted by the Ohio Revised Code. Active member contributions do not fund health care.

Each year, the OPERS Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside to fund health care plans. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for members in the Traditional Pension Plan and Combined Plan was 0 percent during calendar year 2018. As recommended by OPERS' actuary, the portion of employer contributions allocated to health care beginning January 1, 2019 remained at 0 percent for both plans. The OPERS Board is also authorized to establish rules for the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries to pay a portion of the health care provided. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected. The employer contribution as a percentage of covered payroll deposited into the RMA for participants in the Member-Directed Plan for 2018 was 4.0 percent.

Funding Policy – The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

<b><u>Total Employer Contribution:</u></b>	
<b>Traditional and Combined Plans</b>	
Basic Benefits	14%
Health Care (OPEB)	0%
 <b>Member Directed Plan</b>	
Pension	10%
Post-employment Health Care Benefits	4%
Total Employer	14%
<b>Employee Contribution</b>	10%

The employer contribution as a percent of covered payroll deposited for Member-Directed Plan health care accounts was 4.0 percent for 2018. The Authority's contractually required contribution was \$1,501 for fiscal year ending December 31, 2019.

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*OPEB Liability, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB*

The net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2018, by incorporating the expected value of health care cost accruals, the actual health care payments, and interest accruals during the year. The Authority's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the Authority's share of total contributions relative to the total contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

	OPERS
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	
Prior Measurement Date	0.005120%
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	
Current Measurement Date	0.004997%
Change in Proportionate Share	-0.000123%
Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$ 651,491
OPEB Expense	\$ 48,469

On December 31, 2019, the Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	OPERS
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$ 29,867
Differences between expected and actual experience	221
Changes of assumptions	21,005
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,501
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 52,594
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 1,768
Changes in proportion and differences between Authority contributions and proportionate share of contributions	15,080
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$16,848

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

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Year Ending December 31:			
	2020	\$	13,124
	2021		1,155
	2022		4,920
	2023		15,046
Total			34,245

*Actuarial Assumptions - OPERS*

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the values of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of health care costs for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of coverage provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of costs between the System and plan members. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2016, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2017. The total OPEB liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement in accordance with the requirements of GASB 74. In 2016, the Board of Trustees' actuarial consultants conducted an experience

study for the period 2011 through 2015, comparing assumptions to actual results. The experience study incorporates both a historical view and forward-looking projections to determine the appropriate set of assumptions to keep the plan on a path toward full funding. Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results, are presented below:

Wage Inflation	3.25 percent
Projected Salary Increases, including inflation	3.25 to 10.75 percent including wage inflation
Single Discount Rate:	
Current measurement date	3.96 percent
Prior Measurement date	3.85 percent
Investment Rate of Return	6.00 percent
Municipal Bond Rate	3.71 percent
Health Care Cost Trend Rate	10.0 percent, initial 3.25 percent, ultimate in 2029
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age

Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Employees mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the RP-2014 Disabled mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to all of the above described tables.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2015.

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The long-term expected rate of return on health care investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation.

During 2018, OPERS managed investments in three investment portfolios: the Defined Benefit portfolio, the Health Care portfolio and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Health Care portfolio includes the assets for health care expenses for the Traditional Pension Plan, Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan eligible members. Within the Health Care portfolio, contributions into the plans are assumed to be received continuously throughout the year based on the actual payroll payable at the time contributions are made, and health care-related payments are assumed to occur mid-year. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual money-weighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investment expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Health Care portfolio was a loss of 5.60 percent for 2018.

The allocation of investment assets with the Health Care portfolio is approved by the Board of Trustees as outlined in the annual investment plan. Assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of continuing to offer a sustainable health care program for current and future retirees. OPERS' primary goal is to achieve and maintain a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined pension plans. Health care is a discretionary benefit. The table below displays the Board-approved asset allocation policy for 2018 and the long-term expected real rates of return:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Fixed Income	34.00%	2.42%
Domestic Equities	21.00%	6.21%
Real Estate Investment Trust	6.00%	5.98%
International Equities	22.00%	7.83%
Other Investments	17.00%	5.57%
	100.00%	5.16%

*Discount Rate*

A single discount rate of 3.96 percent was used to measure the OPEB liability on the measurement date of December 31, 2018. Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present value using a single discount rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments (to the extent that the health care fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate are not met). This single discount rate was based on an expected rate of return on the health care investment portfolio of 6.00 percent and a municipal bond rate of 3.71 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the health care fiduciary net position and future contributions were sufficient to finance health care costs through 2031. As a result, the long-term expected rate of return on health care investments was applied to projected costs through the year 2031, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all health care costs after that date.

*Sensitivity of the Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate*

The following table presents the Authority's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the single discount rate of 3.96 percent, as well as what the Authority's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (2.96 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (4.96 percent) than the current rate:

**MIAMI METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY  
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	<b>1% Decrease (2.96%)</b>	<b>Current Discount Rate (3.96%)</b>	<b>1% Increase (4.96%)</b>
Authority's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 833,500	\$ 651,491	\$ 506,746

*Sensitivity of the Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate*

Changes in the health care cost trend rate may also have a significant impact on the net OPEB liability. The following table presents the net OPEB liability calculated using the assumed trend rates, and the expected net OPEB liability if it were calculated using a health care cost trend rate that is 1.0 percent lower or 1.0 percent higher than the current rate.

Retiree health care valuations use a health care cost-trend assumption that changes over several years built into the assumption. The near-term rates reflect increases in the current cost of health care; the trend starting in 2019 is 10.0 percent. If this trend continues for future years, the projection indicates that years from now

virtually all expenditures will be for health care. A more reasonable alternative is that in the not-too-distant future, the health plan cost trend will decrease to a level at, or near, wage inflation. On this basis, the actuaries project premium rate increases will continue to exceed wage inflation for approximately the next decade, but by less each year, until leveling off at an ultimate rate, assumed to be 3.25 percent in the most recent valuation.

	<b>Current Health Care Cost Trend Rate</b>		
	<b>1% Decrease</b>	<b>Assumption</b>	<b>1% Increase</b>
Authority's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 626,224	\$ 651,491	\$ 680,591

## 7. CONTINGENCIES

The Authority received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the Authority. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the Authority at December 31, 2019.

## 8. COMMITMENTS

The authority has, under its normal operations, entered into commitments for the purchase of maintenance, cleaning, and other services. Such commitments are monthly and annually.

## 9. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft to, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During 2019, the Authority was insured through the State Housing Authority Risk Pool Association, Inc. (SHARP), a public entity risk pool operating a common risk management and insurance program for its housing authority members. The State Housing Authority Risk Pool Association, Inc. is self-sustaining through member premiums and reinsures through

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commercial insurance companies.

The Authority carried commercial insurance for risk of loss for employee health and accident insurance. There has been no significant reduction in coverage from last year. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the last three years.

**10. PAYMENT IN LIEU OF TAXES**

The Authority has cooperation agreements with certain municipalities under which it makes payment in lieu of real estate taxes for various public services. Expense recognized for payment in lieu of taxes for the year ended December 31, 2019 totaled \$43,599.

**11. FDS SCHEDULE SUBMITTED TO HUD**

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019, the Authority electronically submitted an unaudited version of the balance sheet, statement of revenues, expenses and change in net asset and other data to HUD as required on the accrual basis of accounting. The audited version of the entity wide balance sheet summary and entity wide revenue and expense summary are included as supplemental data. The schedules are presented in the manner prescribed by U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Development.

**12. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTION**

The Miami Metropolitan Housing Authority has an “Employer of Record” contract with Miami County Community Action Council. This contract provides staffing services in which a contract is signed to provide services as determined by the Housing Authority. The Community Action Council has a separate audit of its financial records under the same guidelines as Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance).

**13. ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY**

Both the Low Rent Public Housing Program and the Housing Choice Voucher Program are economically dependent on annual contributions and grants from HUD.

**14. NOTE TO SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES**

The accompanying schedule of federal awards expenditures is a summary of the activity of the Authority's federal award programs. The schedule has been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting.

**15. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the Authority. The investments of the pension and other employee benefit plan in which the Authority participates have incurred a significant decline in fair value, consistent with the general decline in financial markets. However, because the values of individual investments fluctuate with market conditions, and due to market volatility, the amount of losses that will be recognized in subsequent periods, if any, cannot be determined. In addition, the impact on the Authority’s future operating costs, revenues, and any recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

**MIAMI METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY  
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURE OF FEDERAL AWARDS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019**

<b>FEDERAL GRANTOR/ PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/ PROGRAM TITLE</b>	<b>CFDA NUMBER</b>	<b>EXPENDITURES</b>
<b><u>U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT</u></b>		
<b>DIRECT PROGRAMS</b>		
<u>PHA Owned Housing:</u>		
Public and Indian Housing	14.850	\$ 154,286
Public Housing Capital Fund	14.872	143,877
<u>Housing Assistance Payments:</u>		
Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher	14.871	<u>4,668,869</u>
<b>Total Expenditure of Federal Awards</b>		<b><u><u>\$ 4,967,032</u></u></b>



**MIAMI METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY  
NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019**

**NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of the Authority and is presented on the full accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Authority, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Authority.

The Authority has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

**NOTE B – SUBRECIPIENTS**

The Authority provided no federal awards to subrecipients during the year ended December 31, 2019.

**NOTE C – DISCLOSURE OF OTHER FORMS OF ASSISTANCE**

The Authority received no federal awards of non-monetary assistance that are required to be disclosed for the year ended December 31, 2019.

The Authority had no loans, loan guarantees, or federally restricted endowment funds required to be disclosed for the year ended December 31, 2019.

**MIAMI METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY**  
 Certification of Actual Modernization Costs  
 Fiscal Year Ending December 31, 2019

	<b>CFP 501-17</b>
Funds approved	\$129,880
Funds expended	129,880
Excess of (deficiency) of funds approved	\$ -
Funds advanced	\$129,880
Funds expended	129,880
Excess of (deficiency) of funds advanced	\$ -

1. All modernization work in connection with the Capital Fund Program has been completed.
2. The entire Actual Modernization cost or liabilities incurred by the Authority have been fully paid.
3. There are no discharged mechanics, laborers, contractors, or material-mens liens against such modernization work on file in any public office where the same should be filed in order to be valid against such modernization work.

**MIAMI METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY**  
**SCHEDULE OF THE AUTHORITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY/(ASSETS)**  
**OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM**  
**LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS (1)**

<b>Traditional Plan</b>	<b>2019</b>	<b>2018</b>	<b>2017</b>	<b>2016</b>	<b>2015</b>	<b>2014</b>
Authority's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	0.004720%	0.004688%	0.004937%	0.005678%	0.004994%	0.004994%
Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 1,292,712	\$ 735,456	\$ 1,121,109	\$ 983,501	\$ 602,310	\$ 588,705
Authority's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 665,950	\$ 637,488	\$ 619,538	\$ 638,223	\$ 706,685	\$ 612,243
Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a percentage of its Covered Employee Payroll	194.12%	115.37%	180.96%	154.10%	85.23%	96.16%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	74.70%	84.66%	77.25%	81.08%	86.45%	86.36%
<b>Combined Plan</b>	<b>2019</b>	<b>2018</b>	<b>2017</b>	<b>2016</b>	<b>2015</b>	<b>2014</b>
Authority's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	0.009330%	0.009551%	0.009851%	0.009164%	0.026125%	0.026125%
Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ (10,433)	\$ (13,002)	\$ (5,483)	\$ (4,459)	\$ (10,059)	\$ (2,741)
Authority's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 40,693	\$ 39,907	\$ 39,114	\$ 38,343	\$ 33,343	\$ 91,986
Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a percentage of its Covered Employee Payroll	25.64%	32.58%	14.02%	11.63%	30.17%	2.98%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	126.64%	137.28%	116.55%	116.90%	114.83%	104.56%
<b>Member-Directed Plan</b>	<b>2019</b>	<b>2018</b>	<b>2017</b>	<b>2016</b>	<b>2015</b>	<b>2014</b>
Authority's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	0.008290%	0.012033%	0.011206%	0.011947%	0.000000%	0.000000%
Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ (189)	\$ (420)	\$ (47)	\$ (46)	\$ -	\$ -
Authority's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 37,516	\$ 47,393	\$ 65,950	\$ 58,172	\$ 57,036	\$ 56,629
Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a percentage of its Covered Employee Payroll	0.50%	0.89%	0.07%	0.08%	0.00%	0.00%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	113.42%	124.46%	103.40%	103.91%	0.00%	0.00%

(1) Information prior to 2014 is not available. Schedule is intended to show ten years of information, and additional years will be displayed as the information becomes available.

**MIAMI METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY  
SCHEDULE OF THE AUTHORITY'S CONTRIBUTIONS  
OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM  
LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS (1)**

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
<u>Contractually Required Contributions</u>						
Traditional Plan	\$ 93,233	\$ 89,248	\$ 86,735	\$ 89,351	\$ 98,936	\$ 85,714
Combined Plan	5,697	5,587	5,476	5,368	4,668	12,878
Member-Direct Plan	3,751	6,635	9,233	8,144	7,985	7,928
Total Required Contributions	<u>\$ 102,681</u>	<u>\$ 101,470</u>	<u>\$ 101,444</u>	<u>\$ 102,863</u>	<u>\$ 111,589</u>	<u>\$ 106,520</u>
Contributions In Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions	<u>(102,681)</u>	<u>(101,470)</u>	<u>(101,444)</u>	<u>(102,863)</u>	<u>(111,589)</u>	<u>(106,520)</u>
Contribution Deficiency / (Excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
 <u>Authority's Covered Payroll</u>						
Traditional Plan	\$ 665,950	\$ 637,487	\$ 619,536	\$ 638,227	\$ 706,688	\$ 612,244
Combined Plan	\$ 40,693	\$ 39,907	\$ 39,113	\$ 38,336	\$ 33,336	\$ 91,986
Member-Direct Plan	\$ 37,516	\$ 47,393	\$ 65,953	\$ 58,175	\$ 57,040	\$ 56,628
 <u>Pension Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll</u>						
Traditional Plan	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%
Combined Plan	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%
Member-Direct Plan	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%

(1) Information prior to 2014 is not available. Schedule is intended to show ten years of information, and additional years will be displayed as the information becomes available.

**MIAMI METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY**  
**SCHEDULE OF THE AUTHORITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY**  
**OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM**  
**LAST THREE FISCAL YEARS (1)**

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Authority's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	0.004997%	0.005120%	0.005317%
Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$ 651,491	\$ 555,994	\$ 537,035
Authority's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 744,159	\$ 637,487	\$ 619,538
Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Employee Payroll	87.55%	87.22%	86.68%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	47.80%	46.33%	54.14%

(1) Information prior to 2017 is not available. Schedule is intended to show ten years of information, and additional years will be displayed as it becomes available.

**MIAMI METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY  
SCHEDULE OF THE AUTHORITY'S CONTRIBUTIONS - OPEB  
OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM  
LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS (1)**

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 1,501	\$ 1,896	\$ 9,224	\$ 15,858	\$ 14,801	\$ 15,533
Contributions In Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions	<u>(1,501)</u>	<u>(1,896)</u>	<u>(9,224)</u>	<u>(15,858)</u>	<u>(14,801)</u>	<u>(15,533)</u>
Contribution Deficiency / (Excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Authority's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 744,159	\$ 724,787	\$ 724,602	\$ 734,738	\$ 797,064	\$ 760,858
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee	0.20%	0.26%	1.00%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%

(1) Information prior to 2014 is not available. Schedule is intended to show ten years of information, and additional years will be displayed as the information becomes available.

**MIAMI METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY  
NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019**

***OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (OPERS)***

***Net Pension Liability***

*Changes in benefit terms:* There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2014-2019.

*Changes in assumptions:* There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for 2014-2016 and 2018. For 2017, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the expected investment return was reduced from 8.00% to 7.50%, (b) the expected long-term average wage inflation rate was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%, (c) the expected long-term average price inflation rate was reduced from 3.00% to 2.50%, (d) Rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality rates were updated to the RP-2014 Health Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observant period base year of 2006 and then established the base year as 2015 (f) mortality rates used in evaluating disability allowances were updated to the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality tables, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation base year of 2006 and a base year of 2015 for males and 2010 for females (g) Mortality rates for a particular calendar year for both healthy and disabled retiree mortality tables are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to the above described tables. For 2019, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the expected investment return was reduced from 7.50% to 7.20%.

***Net OPEB Liability***

*Changes in benefit terms:* There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2018-2019.

*Changes in assumptions:* There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for 2018. For 2019, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the expected investment return was reduced from 6.50% to 6.00%.

MIAMI METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY  
FINANCIAL DATA SCHEDULE  
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Project Total	1 Business Activities	14.871 Housing Choice Vouchers	Subtotal	ELIM	Total
111 Cash - Unrestricted	\$166,053	\$77,123	\$312,839	\$556,015	\$0	\$556,015
113 Cash - Other Restricted	\$0	\$0	\$54,921	\$54,921	\$0	\$54,921
114 Cash - Tenant Security Deposits	\$54,014	\$0	\$0	\$54,014	\$0	\$54,014
100 Total Cash	\$220,067	\$77,123	\$367,760	\$664,950	\$0	\$664,950
125 Accounts Receivable - Miscellaneous	\$0	\$5,673	\$0	\$5,673	\$0	\$5,673
126 Accounts Receivable - Tenants	\$2,742	\$0	\$0	\$2,742	\$0	\$2,742
126.1 Allowance for Doubtful Accounts -Tenants	-\$548	\$0	\$0	-\$548	\$0	-\$548
120 Total Receivables, Net of Allowances for Doubtful Accounts	\$2,194	\$5,673	\$0	\$7,867	\$0	\$7,867
142 Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets	\$19,157	\$8,166	\$3,377	\$30,700	\$0	\$30,700
143 Inventories	\$31,214	\$0	\$0	\$31,214	\$0	\$31,214
143.1 Allowance for Obsolete Inventories	-\$3,121	\$0	\$0	-\$3,121	\$0	-\$3,121
150 Total Current Assets	\$269,511	\$90,962	\$371,137	\$731,610	\$0	\$731,610
161 Land	\$357,350	\$0	\$0	\$357,350	\$0	\$357,350
162 Buildings	\$11,690,329	\$0	\$0	\$11,690,329	\$0	\$11,690,329
163 Furniture, Equipment & Machinery - Dwellings	\$12,559	\$0	\$0	\$12,559	\$0	\$12,559
164 Furniture, Equipment & Machinery - Administration	\$93,341	\$0	\$0	\$93,341	\$0	\$93,341
166 Accumulated Depreciation	-\$9,704,312	\$0	\$0	-\$9,704,312	\$0	-\$9,704,312
167 Construction in Progress	\$15,417	\$0	\$0	\$15,417	\$0	\$15,417
160 Total Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	\$2,464,684	\$0	\$0	\$2,464,684	\$0	\$2,464,684
174 Other Assets	\$4,674	\$0	\$5,948	\$10,622	\$0	\$10,622
180 Total Non-Current Assets	\$2,469,358	\$0	\$5,948	\$2,475,306	\$0	\$2,475,306
200 Deferred Outflow of Resources	\$199,250	\$0	\$253,591	\$452,841	\$0	\$452,841



MIAMI METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY  
FINANCIAL DATA SCHEDULE  
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Project Total	1 Business Activities	14.871 Housing Choice Vouchers	Subtotal	ELIM	Total
290 Total Assets and Deferred Outflow of Resources	\$2,938,119	\$90,962	\$630,676	\$3,659,757	\$0	\$3,659,757
312 Accounts Payable <= 90 Days	\$8,664	\$4,619	\$4,857	\$18,140	\$0	\$18,140
321 Accrued Wage/Payroll Taxes Payable	\$7,045	\$0	\$9,018	\$16,063	\$0	\$16,063
322 Accrued Compensated Absences - Current Portion	\$13,758	\$0	\$18,589	\$32,347	\$0	\$32,347
333 Accounts Payable - Other Government	\$43,599	\$0	\$0	\$43,599	\$0	\$43,599
341 Tenant Security Deposits	\$54,014	\$0	\$0	\$54,014	\$0	\$54,014
342 Unearned Revenue	\$9	\$0	\$0	\$9	\$0	\$9
345 Other Current Liabilities	\$0	\$107	\$0	\$107	\$0	\$107
310 Total Current Liabilities	\$127,089	\$4,726	\$32,464	\$164,279	\$0	\$164,279
357 Accrued Pension and OPEB Liabilities	\$855,450	\$0	\$1,088,753	\$1,944,203	\$0	\$1,944,203
350 Total Non-Current Liabilities	\$855,450	\$0	\$1,088,753	\$1,944,203	\$0	\$1,944,203
300 Total Liabilities	\$982,539	\$4,726	\$1,121,217	\$2,108,482	\$0	\$2,108,482
400 Deferred Inflow of Resources	\$25,999	\$0	\$33,087	\$59,086	\$0	\$59,086
508.4 Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$2,464,684	\$0	\$0	\$2,464,684	\$0	\$2,464,684
511.4 Restricted Net Position	\$0	\$0	\$54,921	\$54,921	\$0	\$54,921
512.4 Unrestricted Net Position	-\$535,103	\$86,236	-\$578,549	-\$1,027,416	\$0	-\$1,027,416
513 Total Equity - Net Assets / Position	\$1,929,581	\$86,236	-\$523,628	\$1,492,189	\$0	\$1,492,189
600 Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Equity - Net	\$2,938,119	\$90,962	\$630,676	\$3,659,757	\$0	\$3,659,757

MIAMI METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY  
FINANCIAL DATA SCHEDULE  
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Project Total	1 Business Activities	14.871 Housing Choice Vouchers	Subtotal	ELIM	Total
70300 Net Tenant Rental Revenue	\$679,927	\$0	\$0	\$679,927	\$0	\$679,927
70400 Tenant Revenue - Other	\$11,863	\$0	\$0	\$11,863	\$0	\$11,863
70500 Total Tenant Revenue	\$691,790	\$0	\$0	\$691,790	\$0	\$691,790
70600 HUD PHA Operating Grants	\$154,286	\$0	\$4,668,869	\$4,823,155	\$0	\$4,823,155
70610 Capital Grants	\$143,877	\$0	\$0	\$143,877	\$0	\$143,877
71100 Investment Income - Unrestricted	\$520	\$0	\$1,965	\$2,485	\$0	\$2,485
71500 Other Revenue	\$10,103	\$111,697	\$2,149	\$123,949	-\$73,660	\$50,289
70000 Total Revenue	\$1,000,576	\$111,697	\$4,672,983	\$5,785,256	-\$73,660	\$5,711,596
91100 Administrative Salaries	\$95,538	\$0	\$262,235	\$357,773	\$0	\$357,773
91200 Auditing Fees	\$836	\$0	\$6,766	\$7,602	\$0	\$7,602
91500 Employee Benefit contributions - Administrative	\$90,424	\$0	\$223,308	\$313,732	\$0	\$313,732
91600 Office Expenses	\$50,287	\$535	\$90,021	\$140,843	-\$73,660	\$67,183
91700 Legal Expense	\$2,125	\$0	\$1,953	\$4,078	\$0	\$4,078
91800 Travel	\$2,336	\$0	\$2,970	\$5,306	\$0	\$5,306
91900 Other	\$5,373	\$0	\$24,525	\$29,898	\$0	\$29,898
91000 Total Operating - Administrative	\$246,919	\$535	\$611,778	\$859,232	-\$73,660	\$785,572
92400 Tenant Services - Other	\$3,160	\$0	\$0	\$3,160	\$0	\$3,160
92500 Total Tenant Services	\$3,160	\$0	\$0	\$3,160	\$0	\$3,160
93100 Water	\$40,472	\$2,129	\$0	\$42,601	\$0	\$42,601
93200 Electricity	\$154,497	\$14,124	\$0	\$168,621	\$0	\$168,621
93300 Gas	\$30,970	\$8,903	\$0	\$39,873	\$0	\$39,873
93600 Sewer	\$29,664	\$1,872	\$0	\$31,536	\$0	\$31,536
93000 Total Utilities	\$255,603	\$27,028	\$0	\$282,631	\$0	\$282,631

MIAMI METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY  
FINANCIAL DATA SCHEDULE  
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Project Total	1 Business Activities	14.871 Housing Choice Vouchers	Subtotal	ELIM	Total
94100 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Labor	\$73,957	\$3,599	\$0	\$77,556	\$0	\$77,556
94200 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Materials and Other	\$34,000	\$3,100	\$0	\$37,100	\$0	\$37,100
94300 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations Contracts	\$90,034	\$45,083	\$0	\$135,117	\$0	\$135,117
94500 Employee Benefit Contributions - Ordinary Maintenance	\$80,476	\$1,806	\$0	\$82,282	\$0	\$82,282
94000 Total Maintenance	\$278,467	\$53,588	\$0	\$332,055	\$0	\$332,055
96110 Property Insurance	\$16,121	\$6,872	\$0	\$22,993	\$0	\$22,993
96120 Liability Insurance	\$1,920	\$819	\$339	\$3,078	\$0	\$3,078
96140 All Other Insurance	\$1,963	\$836	\$3,187	\$5,986	\$0	\$5,986
96100 Total insurance Premiums	\$20,004	\$8,527	\$3,526	\$32,057	\$0	\$32,057
96200 Other General Expenses	\$0	\$0	\$1,262	\$1,262	\$0	\$1,262
96210 Compensated Absences	\$15,447	\$0	\$23,040	\$38,487	\$0	\$38,487
96300 Payments in Lieu of Taxes	\$43,599	\$0	\$0	\$43,599	\$0	\$43,599
96400 Bad debt - Tenant Rents	\$6,951	\$0	\$0	\$6,951	\$0	\$6,951
96000 Total Other General Expenses	\$65,997	\$0	\$24,302	\$90,299	\$0	\$90,299
96900 Total Operating Expenses	\$870,150	\$89,678	\$639,606	\$1,599,434	-\$73,660	\$1,525,774
97000 Excess of Operating Revenue over Operating Expenses	\$130,426	\$22,019	\$4,033,377	\$4,185,822	\$0	\$4,185,822
97100 Extraordinary Maintenance	\$38,881	\$7,369	\$0	\$46,250	\$0	\$46,250
97300 Housing Assistance Payments	\$0	\$0	\$4,162,831	\$4,162,831	\$0	\$4,162,831
97350 HAP Portability-In	\$0	\$0	\$1,788	\$1,788	\$0	\$1,788
97400 Depreciation Expense	\$332,785	\$0	\$0	\$332,785	\$0	\$332,785
90000 Total Expenses	\$1,241,816	\$97,047	\$4,804,225	\$6,143,088	-\$73,660	\$6,069,428

MIAMI METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY  
 FINANCIAL DATA SCHEDULE  
 FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Project Total	1 Business Activities	14.871 Housing Choice Vouchers	Subtotal	ELIM	Total
10100 Total Other financing Sources (Uses)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
10000 Excess (Deficiency) of Total Revenue Over (Under) Total Expenses	-\$241,240	\$14,650	-\$131,242	-\$357,832	\$0	-\$357,832
11030 Beginning Equity	\$2,170,821	\$71,586	-\$392,386	\$1,850,021	\$0	\$1,850,021
11170 Administrative Fee Equity	\$0	\$0	-\$578,549	-\$578,549	\$0	-\$578,549
11180 Housing Assistance Payments Equity	\$0	\$0	\$54,921	\$54,921	\$0	\$54,921
11190 Unit Months Available	1,524	0	11,820	13,344	0	13,344
11210 Number of Unit Months Leased	1,520	0	11,602	13,122	0	13,122
11620 Building Purchases	\$143,877	\$0	\$0	\$143,877	\$0	\$143,877



14129 State Road  
North Royalton, Ohio 44133  
Phone (440) 877-9870  
Fax (440) 877-9237  
[sal@salcpa.com](mailto:sal@salcpa.com)

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**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER  
FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS  
REQUIRED BY *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS***

Board of Commissioners  
Miami Metropolitan Housing Authority

I have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities of the Miami Metropolitan Housing Authority, Ohio, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Miami Metropolitan Housing Authority, Ohio's basic financial statements, and have issued my report thereon dated August 28, 2020, wherein I noted the Authority considered the financial impact of COVID-19 as disclosed in Note 15.

**Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered Miami Metropolitan Housing Authority, Ohio's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Miami Metropolitan Housing Authority, Ohio's, internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Miami Metropolitan Housing Authority, Ohio's internal control.

*A deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during my audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Miami Metropolitan Housing Authority, Ohio's financial statements are free from material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

*Salvatore Consiglio*

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Salvatore Consiglio, CPA, Inc.  
North Royalton, Ohio  
August 28, 2020



14129 State Road  
North Royalton, Ohio 44133  
Phone (440) 877-9870  
Fax (440) 877-9237  
[sal@salcpa.com](mailto:sal@salcpa.com)

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**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH  
REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO THE MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND  
ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE  
UNIFORM GUIDANCE**

Board of Commissioners  
Miami Metropolitan Housing Authority

**Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program**

I have audited Miami Metropolitan Housing Authority's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the Miami Metropolitan Housing Authority's major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2019. The Authority's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

***Management's Responsibility***

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

***Auditor's Responsibility***

My responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for the Miami Metropolitan Housing Authority's major federal program based on my audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. I conducted my audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirement of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Authority's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as I considered necessary in the circumstances.

I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, my audit does not provide a legal determination of the Authority's compliance.

## **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

In my opinion, Miami Metropolitan Housing Authority, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2019.

## **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

Management of the Miami Metropolitan Housing Authority is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing my audit of compliance, I considered the Authority's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over compliance.

*A deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

*Salvatore Consiglio*

Salvatore Consiglio, CPA, Inc.

North Royalton, Ohio

August 28, 2020



Miami Metropolitan Housing Authority  
 Schedule of Findings  
 2 CFR § 200.515  
 December 31, 2019

**1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS**

Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
Were there any material weakness reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
Were there any other significant control deficiencies reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
Was there any reported non-compliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
Were there any material internal control weakness reported for any major federal programs?	No
Were there any other significant internal control deficiency reported for the major federal programs?	No
Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?	No
Major Programs (list):	CFDA # 14.871 Housing Choice Voucher Program
Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: > \$750,000 Type B: All Others
Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR § 200.520?	Yes

**2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
 REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS**

There are no findings or questioned costs for the year ended December 31, 2019.

**3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS**

There are no findings or questioned costs for the year ended December 31, 2019.

**Miami Metropolitan Housing Authority  
Schedule of Prior Audit Findings  
December 31, 2019**

The audit report for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2018 contained no audit findings.

# OHIO AUDITOR OF STATE KEITH FABER



**MIAMI COUNTY METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY**

**MIAMI COUNTY**

**AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



**Certified for Release 11/19/2020**

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215  
Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370

This report is a matter of public record and is available online at  
[www.ohioauditor.gov](http://www.ohioauditor.gov)