AUDIT REPORT

JANUARY 1, 2018 - DECEMBER 31, 2019

Wilson, Phillips & Agin, CPA's, Inc. 1100 Brandywine Blvd. Building G Zanesville, Ohio 43701



88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 IPAReport@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

Board of Trustees Olive Township P.O. Box 242 Tupper Plains, Ohio 45783

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditors' Report* of the Olive Township, Meigs County, prepared by Wilson, Phillips & Agin, CPA's, Inc., for the audit period January 1, 2018 through December 31, 2019. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Olive Township is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

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Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

April 29, 2020

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OLIVE TOWNSHIP MEIGS COUNTY JANUARY 1, 2018 - DECEMBER 31, 2019

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Table of Contents	(i)
Independent Auditors' Report	1-2
Financial Statements	
Combined Statement of Cash Receipts, Cash Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Cash Balances - All Governmental Fund Types For the Year Ended December 31, 2019	3
Combined Statement of Cash Receipts, Cash Disbursements, and Changes Fund Cash Balances – All Fiduciary Fund Types For the Year Ended December 31, 2019	4
2019 Notes to the Financial Statements	5
Combined Statement of Cash Receipts, Cash Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Cash Balances - All Governmental Fund Types For the Year Ended December 31, 2018	12
Combined Statement of Cash Receipts, Cash Disbursements, and Changes Fund Cash Balances – All Fiduciary Fund Types For the Year Ended December 31, 2018	13
2018 Notes to the Financial Statements	14
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Based on an Audit of Financial Statement Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards.	20
Schedule of Audit Findings	22
Schedule of Prior Audit Finding	27

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WILSON, PHILLIPS & AGIN, CPA'S, INC. 1100 BRANDYWINE BLVD. BUILDING G ZANESVILLE, OHIO 43701

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Olive Township Meigs County P.O. Box 242 Tuppers Plains, Ohio 45783

To the Township Trustees:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the cash balances, receipts and disbursements by fund type and related notes of the Olive Township, Meigs County, as of and for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018.

Management's Responsibility For the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit; this responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the Township's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinion.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 2 of the financial statements, the Township prepared these financial statements using the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D), which is an accounting basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, to satisfy these requirements.

Independent Auditors' Report Page Two

Although the effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory accounting basis and GAAP are not reasonably determinable, we presume they are material.

Though the Township does not intend these statements to conform to GAAP, auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America require us to include an adverse opinion on GAAP. However, the adverse opinion does not imply the amounts reported are materially misstated under the accounting basis Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit. Our opinion on this accounting basis permitted is in the *Opinion on Regulatory Basis* of Accounting paragraph below.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the *Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles* paragraph, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of Olive Township, Meigs County as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, or changes in financial position thereof for the years then ended.

Basis for Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

The Township did not adjust the 2013 or 2012 financial statements to reflect the findings for adjustments.

Contrary to the Ohio Revised Code, the Township allocated trustees' salaries to restricted funds without certifying hours spent providing these services to the Township. The Township has declined to adjust its financial statements or accounting records. Had these expenditures been debited to the General Fund, the net effect would be a decrease in the General Fund cash balance at December 31, 2013 of \$55,529 and increases in the Motor Vehicle License Tax, The Gasoline Tax Fund, the Road & Bridge Fund and the Cemetry Special Levy fund cash fund balances of \$13,972, \$35,289, \$2,016 and \$4,252, respectively.

Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter discussed in the *Basis for Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting* paragraph, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the combined cash balances of Olive Township, Meigs County as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, and its combined cash receipts and disbursements for the years then ended in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit, described in Note 2.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated March 17, 2020, on our consideration of Olive Township's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Township's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Wilson, Phillips & Agin, CPA's, Inc. Zanesville, Ohio March 17, 2020

COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Governmental Fund Types			_		
	General		Special Revenue		Totals (Memorandum Only)	
Cash Receipts:	¢	01.500	¢	100 570	¢	104 101
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$	21,523	\$	102,578	\$	124,101
Intergovernmental		39,600		163,813		203,413
Earnings on Investments		998		281		1,279
Miscellaneous		2,998		250		3,248
Total Cash Receipts		65,119		266,922		332,041
Cash Disbursements:						
Current:						
General Government		74,687		-		74,687
Public Safety		-		61,206		61,206
Public Works		-		189,095		189,095
Health		-		10,154		10,154
Capital Outlay		-		38,600		38,600
Debt Service:						
Principal Retirement		-		13,283		13,283
Interest and Fiscal Charges		-		2,473		2,473
Total Cash Disbursements		74,687		314,811		389,498
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements		(9,568)		(47,889)		(57,457)
Other Financing Receipts (Disbursements)						
Transfer In		4,790		-		4,790
Other Debt Proceeds		-	_	26,199		26,199
Total Other Financing Receipts (Disbursements)		4,790		26,199		30,989
Net Change in Fund Cash Balance		(4,778)		(21,690)		(26,468)
Fund Cash Balances, January 1, restated		57,047		196,683		253,730
Fund Cash Balances, December 31						
Restricted		-		174,993		174,993
Assigned		1,181		-		1,181
Unassigned (Deficit)		51,088		-		51,088
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$	52,269	\$	174,993	\$	227,262

See notes to financial statements.

COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES ALL FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

 Fiduciary Fund Type

 Agency

 Transfers-Out
 (4,790)

 Fund Cash Balances, January 1
 4,790

 Fund Cash Balances, December 31
 \$ ____

See notes to financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

1. REPORTING ENTITY

Description of the Entity

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of Olive Township, Meigs County, (the Township) as a body corporate and politic. A publically-elected three-member Board of Trustees directs the Township. The Township provides road and bridge maintenance, cemetery maintenance, and fire protection services.

The Township participates in the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (OTARMA) public entity risk pool. Note 6 to the financial statements provides additional information for this entity.

The Township's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Township is financially accountable.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Basis of Presentation

The Township's financial statements consist of a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) for all governmental fund types and a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) for all proprietary and fiduciary fund types which are organized on a fund type basis.

B. Fund Accounting

The Township uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the Township are presented below:

General Fund

The General Fund accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the Township for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Special Revenue Funds

These funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The Township had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

Gasoline Tax Fund – This fund receives gasoline tax monies to pay for constructing, maintaining, and repairing Township roads.

Road and Bridge Fund – This fund receives property tax monies to pay for constructing, maintaining, and repairing Township roads and bridges.

Fire Department Special Levy Fund – This fund receives property tax monies to pay for fire protection.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds include agency funds. Agency funds are purely custodial in nature and are for holding resources for individuals, organizations or other governments. The Township established the agency fund to account for unclaimed monies.

C. Basis of Accounting

These financial statements follow the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code 117-2-03(D). This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Township recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code 117-2-03(D) permit.

D. Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund be budgeted annually.

Appropriations

Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function and object level of control and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Trustees must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end.

Estimated Resources

Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus unencumbered cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must approve estimated resources.

Encumbrances

The Ohio Revised Code requires the Township to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are carried over, and need not be reappropriated.

A summary of 2019 appear in Note 3.

E. Deposits and Investments

The Township's accounting basis includes investment as assets. This basis does not record disbursement for investment purchases or receipts for investment sales. This basis records gains or losses at the time of sale as receipts or disbursements, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

F. Capital Assets

The Township records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

G. Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. The financial statements do not include a liability for unpaid leave.

H. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Township must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable

The Township classifies assets as *nonspendable* when legally or contractually required to maintain the amounts intact.

Restricted

Fund balance is *restricted* when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed

Trustees can *commit* amounts via formal action (resolution). The Township must adhere to these commitments unless the Trustees amend the resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.

Assigned

Assigned fund balances are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as *restricted* or *committed*. Governmental funds other than the general fund report all fund balances as *assigned* unless they are restricted or committed. In the general fund, *assigned* amounts represent intended uses established by Township Trustees or a Township official delegated that authority by resolution, or by State Statute.

Unassigned

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not included in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The Township applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first, followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

3. BUDGETARY ACTIVITY

	2019 B	udgeted vs. Ac	tual Rece	ipts		
	I	Budgeted		Actual		
Fund Type	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Receipts		Receipts Receipts		 Variance
General	\$	51,751	\$	69,909	\$ 18,158	
Special Revenue		201,702		293,121	91,419	
Total	\$	253,453	\$	363,030	\$ 109,577	
20)19 Budgeted vs	U U				
	Ар	propriation]	Budgetary		
Fund Type	/	Authority	E	xpenditures	 Variance	
General	\$	-	\$	75,868	\$ (75,868)	

-

315,498

391,366

\$

(315, 498)

(391, 366)

\$

Budgetary activity for the years ended December 31, 2019 follows:

Contrary to ORC 5705.41(D), the Township made expenditures prior to certification.

\$

Contrary to ORC 5705.38(A), the Township did not file appropriations with the county auditor.

Contrary to ORC 5705.41(B), all funds had expenditures exceeding appropriations.

4. EQUITY IN POOLED CASH

Special Revenue

Total

The Township maintains a deposit pool all funds use. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of deposits at December 31 was as follows:

	2019
Demand deposits	\$ 227,262
Total Deposits	\$ 227,262

Deposits: Deposits are either insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation or collateralized by the financial institution's public entity deposit pool.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

5. PROPERTY TAX

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which rates are adopted by Township Trustees. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include homestead and rollback amounts the State pays as intergovernmental receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to pay semiannually, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

Public utilities are also taxed on personal and real property located within the Township.

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Township.

6. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Township is a member of the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (The Pool). The Pool assumes the risk of loss up to the limits of the Township's policy. The Pool covers the following risks:

- General liability and casualty
- Public official's liability
- Cyber
- Law enforcement liability
- Automobile liability
- Vehicles
- Property
- Equipment breakdown

The Pool reported the following summary of assets and actuarially-measured liabilities available to pay those liabilities as of December 31 (latest information available):

	2018
Cash and investments	\$33,097,416
Actuarial liabilities	7,874,610

7. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The Township's full-time employees belong to the Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) of Ohio. OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes the plan benefits, which include postretirement healthcare, and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. For 2019, OPERS members contributed 10.0% of their gross wages and the Township contributed an amount equal to 14.0% of participant's gross salaries. The Township has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2019.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

8. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

OPERS offers cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment plans, which include multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage, deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement and Medicare Part B premium reimbursements, to qualifying benefit recipients. OPERS contributes 2 percent of the employer contribution to fund these benefits. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the traditional pension plan and combined plan was 0 percent during calendar year 2019. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the member-directed plan was 4.0 percent during calendar year 2019.

9. DEBT

Debt outstanding at December 31, 2019 was as follows:

	 Principal	Interest rate
Long Arm Mower Loan	\$ 22,862	5.00%
Backhoe Loan	21,280	4.875%
Total	\$ 44,142	

The Township obtained an installment loan for \$43,737 in 2017, payable in semi-annual installments to finance the purchase of a long arm mower for road maintenance. The loan is collateralized with the mower.

The Township obtained an installment loan for \$26,199 in 2019, payable in semi-annual installments to finance the purchase of a backhoe for road maintenance. The loan is collateralized with the backhoe.

Amortization of the above debt, including interest, is scheduled as follows:

Year Ended December 31	Mower Loan						Backhoe Loan
2020	\$	9,850	\$ 5,906				
2021		9,850	5,906				
2022		4,925	5,906				
2023		-	 5,906				
Total	\$	24,625	\$ 23,624				

10. PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOL

The Township belongs to the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (OTARMA), a risksharing pool available to Ohio local governments. OTARMA provides property and casualty coverage for its members. OTARMA is a member of the American Public Entity Excess Pool (APEEP). Member governments pay annual contributions to fund OTARMA. OTARMA pays judgments, settlements and other expenses resulting from covered claims exceeding the member's deductible.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

11. RESTATEMENT OF FUND BALANCE

Fund balances in the Special Revenue Funds have been restated for the year beginning January 1, 2019 as voided checks were added back:

	Special		
	Revenue		
Fund Balance at December 31, 2018	\$ 196,025		
Adjustments	658		
Fund Balance at January 1, 2019	\$ 196,683		
-			

COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Governme			
	General	Special Revenue	Totals (Memorandum Only)	
Cash Receipts:				
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$ 22,932	\$ 95,656	\$ 118,588	
Intergovernmental	41,522	181,093	222,615	
Earnings on Investments	922	248	1,170	
Miscellaneous	2,481	1,618	4,099	
Total Cash Receipts	67,857	278,615	346,472	
Cash Disbursements:				
Current:				
General Government	63,567	3,794	67,361	
Public Safety	-	22,128	22,128	
Public Works	-	142,576	142,576	
Health	-	14,692	14,692	
Capital Outlay	-	21,900	21,900	
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	-	7,969	7,969	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	-	1,881	1,881	
Total Cash Disbursements	63,567	214,940	278,507	
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	4,290	63,675	67,965	
Other Financing Receipts (Disbursements)				
Sale of Capital Assets	-	4,125	4,125	
Other Financing Sources	-	318	318	
Total Other Financing Receipts (Disbursements)	-	4,443	4,443	
Net Change in Fund Cash Balance	4,290	68,118	72,408	
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	52,757	127,907	180,664	
Fund Cash Balances, December 31				
Restricted	-	196,025	196,025	
Assigned	1,040	-	1,040	
Unassigned (Deficit)	56,007	-	56,007	
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$ 57,047	\$ 196,025	\$ 253,072	
,		, -	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

See notes to financial statements.

COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES ALL FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Fiduciary Fund Type

	Agency		
Fund Cash Balances, January 1		4,790	
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$	4,790	

See notes to financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

1. REPORTING ENTITY

Description of the Entity

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of Olive Township, Meigs County, (the Township) as a body corporate and politic. A publically-elected three-member Board of Trustees directs the Township. The Township provides road and bridge maintenance, cemetery maintenance, and fire protection services.

The Township participates in the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (OTARMA) public entity risk pool. Note 6 to the financial statements provides additional information for this entity.

The Township's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Township is financially accountable.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Basis of Presentation

The Township's financial statements consist of a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) for all governmental fund types and a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) for all proprietary and fiduciary fund types which are organized on a fund type basis.

B. Fund Accounting

The Township uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the Township are presented below:

General Fund

The General Fund accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the Township for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Special Revenue Funds

These funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The Township had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

Gasoline Tax Fund – This fund receives gasoline tax monies to pay for constructing, maintaining, and repairing Township roads.

Road and Bridge Fund – This fund receives property tax monies to pay for constructing, maintaining, and repairing Township roads and bridges.

Fire Department Special Levy Fund – This fund receives property tax monies to pay for fire protection.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds include agency funds. Agency funds are purely custodial in nature and are for holding resources for individuals, organizations or other governments. The Township established the agency fund to account for unclaimed monies.

C. Basis of Accounting

These financial statements follow the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code 117-2-03(D). This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Township recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code 117-2-03(D) permit.

D. Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund be budgeted annually.

Appropriations

Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function and object level of control and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Trustees must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end.

Estimated Resources

Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus unencumbered cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must approve estimated resources.

Encumbrances

The Ohio Revised Code requires the Township to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are carried over, and need not be reappropriated.

A summary of 2018 appear in Note 3.

E. Deposits and Investments

The Township's accounting basis includes investment as assets. This basis does not record disbursement for investment purchases or receipts for investment sales. This basis records gains or losses at the time of sale as receipts or disbursements, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

F. Capital Assets

The Township records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

G. Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. The financial statements do not include a liability for unpaid leave.

H. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Township must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable

The Township classifies assets as *nonspendable* when legally or contractually required to maintain the amounts intact.

Restricted

Fund balance is *restricted* when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed

Trustees can *commit* amounts via formal action (resolution). The Township must adhere to these commitments unless the Trustees amend the resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.

Assigned

Assigned fund balances are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as *restricted* or *committed*. Governmental funds other than the general fund report all fund balances as *assigned* unless they are restricted or committed. In the general fund, *assigned* amounts represent intended uses established by Township Trustees or a Township official delegated that authority by resolution, or by State Statute.

Unassigned

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not included in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The Township applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first, followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

3. BUDGETARY ACTIVITY

	2018 H	Budgeted vs. Ad	ctual Rece	ipts	
		Budgeted		Actual	
Fund Type		Receipts		Receipts	Variance
General	\$	51,803	\$	67,857	\$ 16,054
Special Revenue		229,726		283,058	53,332
Total	\$	281,529	\$	350,915	\$ 69,386
20)18 Budgeted v	s. Actual Budge	etary Basis	s Expenditures	
	A	ppropriation		Budgetary	
Fund Type		Authority	E	xpenditures	Variance

_

-

\$

\$

64,607

215,778

280,385

\$

\$

(64, 607)

(215,778)

(280, 385)

Budgetary activity for the years ended December 31, 2018 follows:

Contrary to ORC 5705.41(D), the Township made expenditures prior to certification.

\$

\$

Contrary to ORC 5705.38(A), the Township did not file appropriations with the county auditor.

Contrary to ORC 5705.41(B), all funds had expenditures exceeding appropriations.

4. EQUITY IN POOLED CASH

General

Total

Special Revenue

The Township maintains a deposit pool all funds use. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of deposits at December 31 was as follows:

	2018
Demand deposits	\$ 257,862
Total Deposits	\$ 257,862

Deposits: Deposits are either insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation or collateralized by the financial institution's public entity deposit pool.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

5. PROPERTY TAX

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which rates are adopted by Township Trustees. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include homestead and rollback amounts the State pays as intergovernmental receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to pay semiannually, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

Public utilities are also taxed on personal and real property located within the Township.

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Township.

6. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Township is a member of the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (The Pool). The Pool assumes the risk of loss up to the limits of the Township's policy. The Pool covers the following risks:

- General liability and casualty
- Public official's liability
- Cyber
- Law enforcement liability
- Automobile liability
- Vehicles
- Property
- Equipment breakdown

The Pool reported the following summary of assets and actuarially-measured liabilities available to pay those liabilities as of December 31:

	2018
Cash and investments	\$33,097,416
Actuarial liabilities	7,874,610

7. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The Township's full-time employees belong to the Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) of Ohio. OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes the plan benefits, which include postretirement healthcare, and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. For 2018, OPERS members contributed 10.0% of their gross wages and the Township contributed an amount equal to 14.0% of participant's gross salaries. The Township has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2018.

8. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

OPERS offers cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment plans, which include multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage, deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement and Medicare Part B premium reimbursements, to qualifying benefit recipients. OPERS contributes 2 percent of the employer contribution to fund these benefits.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

9. DEBT

Debt outstanding at December 31, 2018 was as follows:

	Principal	Interest rate
Long Arm Mower Loan	\$ 31,226	5.00%
Total	\$ 31,226	

The Township obtained an installment loan for \$43,737 in 2017, payable in semi-annual installments to finance the purchase of a long arm mower for road maintenance. The loan is collateralized with the mower.

Amortization of the above debt, including interest, is scheduled as follows:

Year Ended	Installment	
December 31	Loan	
2019	\$	9,850
2020		9,850
2021		9,850
2022		4,925
Total	\$	34,475

10. PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOL

The Township belongs to the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (OTARMA), a risksharing pool available to Ohio local governments. OTARMA provides property and casualty coverage for its members. OTARMA is a member of the American Public Entity Excess Pool (APEEP). Member governments pay annual contributions to fund OTARMA. OTARMA pays judgments, settlements and other expenses resulting from covered claims exceeding the member's deductible. This page intentionally left blank.

WILSON, PHILLIPS & AGIN, CPA'S, INC. 1100 BRANDYWINE BLVD. BUILDING G ZANESVILLE, OHIO 43701

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS.

Olive Township Meigs County PO Box 242 Tuppers Plains, Ohio 45783

To the Township Trustees:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards general accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of Olive Township, Meigs County as of and for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 17, 2020, wherein we noted the Township followed financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered Olive Township's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Therefore, unidentified material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over financial reporting, that we consider a material weakness.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the Township's financial statements. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider Findings 2019-001 and 2019-005 described in the accompanying schedule of findings to be material weaknesses.

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by Government Auditing Standards Page Two

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Olive Township's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed three instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards* described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings as items 2019-002, 2019-003 and 2019-004.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Township's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Wilson, Phillips & Agin, CPA's, Inc. Zanesville, Ohio March 17, 2020

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2019-001

Material Weakness - Reclassifications and Adjustments

All local offices should maintain an accounting system and accounting records sufficient to enable the public office to identify, assemble, analyze, classify, record and report its transactions, maintain accountability for the related assets, document compliance with finance-related legal and contractual requirements and prepare financial statements.

The Ohio Township Handbook provides suggested account classifications. These accounts classify receipts by fund and source (taxes or charges for services, for example) and classify disbursements by fund, program (general government, for example) or object (personal services, for example). Using these classifications will provide the Township with information required to monitor compliance with the budget, and prepare annual reports in the format required by the Auditor of State.

As a result of audit procedures, errors were noted that required reclassification and adjustments to the financial statements as follows which have been made to the financial statements and accounting records:

The following relates to 2019:

- An adjustment was made in the amount of \$4,790 from the Road & Bridge Fund to the General Fund for unclaimed funds held more than 5 years. Unclaimed funds are to be posted to the General Fund after the 5 year holding period.
- A reclassification in the amount of \$3,797, \$16,981,\$4,082 and \$4,891 was made from Property and Other Local Taxes to Intergovernmental Revenue in the General Fund, Road & Bridge Fund, Cemetery Fund and Fire Fund, respectively for Rollbacks.
- A reclassification in the amount of \$26,000 was made from Charges for Services and \$199 from Miscellaneous to Debt Proceeds in the Gasoline Tax Fund for new debt.
- A reclassification in the amount of \$26,000 from Principal Retirement and \$10,000 from Public Works to Capital Outlay in the Gasoline Tax Fund for the purchase of a backhoe.
- A reclassification in the amount of \$12,930 was made from Intergovernmental Revenue to Property and Other Local taxes in the Road & Bridge Fund for property taxes received.
- A reclassification in the amount of \$2,600 was made from Health to Capital Outlay in the Cemetery Fund for a new mower purchased.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2019-001 (Continued)

The following relates to 2018:

- An Adjustment in the amount of \$2,829 was made from the Road & Bridge Fund to the Gasoline Tax Fund for an incorrect posting of gas tax receipts.
- A reclassification in the amount of \$3,814 and \$4,909was made from Property and Other Local Taxes to Intergovernmental Revenue in the General Fund and Fire Fund, respectively for Rollbacks.
- A reclassification in the amount of \$4,125 was made from Miscellaneous Revenue to Sale of Capital Assets in the Fire Fund for the sale of equipment.
- A reclassification in the amount of \$21,900 was made from Public Safety to Capital Outlay for the purchase of equipment.

Sound financial reporting is the responsibility of the Township and is essential to help ensure the information provided to the readers of financial statements is complete and accurate. To help ensure the Township's financial statements and notes to the financial statements are complete and accurate, the Township should adopt policies and procedures to identify and correct errors and omissions. In addition, the Township should review the financial statements and notes prior to submission for audit. The financial statements were adjusted accordingly.

Client Response: We have not yet received a response from the client.

FINDING NUMBER 2019-002

Noncompliance

Ohio Rev. Code Chapter 133 allows various methods for subdivisions to incur debt, § 133.22 allows a subdivision to issue anticipatory securities; § 133.10 allows anticipation securities in anticipation of current property tax revenues or in anticipation of current revenues and for any fiscal year from any source or combination of sources, including distributions of any federal or state monies, other than the proceeds of property taxes levied by the subdivision; § 133.14 allows the issuance of securities for the purpose of paying all or any portion of the costs of any permanent improvement that the subdivision is authorized, alone or in cooperation with other persons, to acquire, improve, or construct; and § 133.18 allows the taxing authority of subdivision by legislation to submit to the electros of the subdivision the question of issuing any general obligation bonds, for one purpose, that the subdivision has power or authority to issue.

In 2019, the Township signed a promissory note in the amount of \$26,199 with the Farmers Bank and Savings Co.to finance the purchase of a backhoe. This type of debt did not meet the requirements set forth in Ohio Rev. Code Chapter 133.

The Ohio Rev. Code contains various methods of incurring debt for Townships. Installment loans and promissory notes with banking institutions are not legal methods debt for Townships. We recommend the Township consult with legal counsel when Trustees anticipate incurring future debt to help ensure it is an allowable type of debt.

Client Response: We have not yet received a response from the client.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2019-003

Noncompliance

Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.41 (D) (1) prohibits a subdivision or taxing authority from making any contract or ordering any expenditure of money unless a certificate signed by the fiscal officer is attached thereto. The fiscal officer must certify that the amount required to meet any such contract or expenditure has been lawfully appropriated and is in the treasury, or is in the process of collection to the credit of an appropriate fund free from any previous encumbrance.

There are several exceptions to the standard requirement stated above that a fiscal officer's certificate must be obtained prior to a subdivision or taxing authority entering into a contract or order involving the expenditure of money. The main exceptions are: "then and now" certificates, blanket certificates, and super blanket certificates, which are provided for in §§ 5705.41 (D) (1) and 5705.41 (D) (3), respectively, of the Ohio Revised Code.

- 1. "Then and Now" Certificate If the fiscal officer can certify that both at the time that the contract or order was made ("then"), and at the time that the fiscal officer is completing the certification ("now"), that sufficient funds were available or in the process of collection, to the credit of a proper fund, properly appropriated and free from any previous encumbrance, the Township can authorize the drawing of a warrant for the payment of the amount due. The Township has thirty days from receipt of the "then and now" certificate to approve payment by ordinance or resolution.
- 2. Amounts of less than \$3,000 may be paid by the fiscal officer without a resolution or ordinance upon completion of the "then and now" certificate, provided that the expenditure is otherwise lawful. This does not eliminate any otherwise applicable requirement for approval of expenditures by the Township.
- 3. Blanket Certificate Fiscal officers may prepare "blanket" certificates for a certain sum of money not in excess of an amount established by resolution or ordinance adopted by a majority of the members of the legislative authority against any specific line item account over a period not running beyond the current fiscal year. The blanket certificates may, but need not, be limited to a specific vendor. Only one blanket certificate may be outstanding at one particular time for any one particular line item appropriation.
- 4. Super Blanket Certificate The Township may also make expenditures and contracts for any amount from a specific line item appropriation account in a specified fund upon certification of the fiscal officer for most professional services, fuel, oil, food items, and any other specific recurring and reasonably predictable operating expense. This certification is not to exceed beyond the current year. More than one super blanket certificate may be outstanding at a particular time for any line item appropriation.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2019-003 (Continued)

The Fiscal Officer did not certify the availability of funds prior to purchase commitments for 18% of the expenditures tested in 2019 and 2018, and there was no evidence the Township followed the aforementioned exceptions.

Unless the exceptions noted above are used, prior certification is not only required by statute but is a key control in the disbursement process to assure that purchase commitments receive prior approval. To improve controls over disbursements and to help reduce the possibility of the Township's funds exceeding budgetary spending limitations, we recommend the Fiscal Officer certify that the funds are or will be available prior to an obligation being incurred by the Township. When prior certification is not possible, "then and now" certification should be used.

We recommend the Fiscal Officer certify purchases to which § 5705.41 (D) applies. The Fiscal Officer should sign the certification at the time the Township incurs a commitment, and only when the requirements of Ohio Revised Code § 5705.41 (D) are satisfied. The Fiscal Officer should post approved purchase commitments to the proper appropriation code, to reduce the available appropriation.

Client Response: We have not yet received a response from the client.

FINDING NUMBER 2019-004

Noncompliance

Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.38(A) requires that on or about the first day of each fiscal year, an appropriation measure is to be passed. Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.41(B) prohibits subdivisions or taxing authorities from expending money unless it has been appropriated,

The Township's minute record documents approval of 2018 and 2019 appropriations, however, no appropriation measures could be found in the Township records and they were not filed with the County Auditor's office. This results in appropriations being considered \$0 due to no evidence existing to support the appropriation amounts approved by the Board.

With no appropriation measures being filed with the County Auditor, all expenditures in all funds have exceeded the appropriations which is in violation of 5705.41(B).

The Fiscal Officer should, after approval of appropriations in the minutes, take that resolution and file it with the County Auditor and to maintain a copy on file, once that is competed, expenditure should not exceed the amounts established by the appropriation measure

Client Response: We have not yet received a response from the client.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2019-005

Material Weakness

All local public offices should integrate the budgetary accounts at the legal level of control or lower, into the financial accounting system. This means designing an accounting system to provide ongoing and timely information on unrealized budgetary receipts and remaining uncommitted balances of appropriations. Since there were no certified appropriation presented in the accounting records or filed with the County Auditor, all appropriation amounts posted to the accounting system are incorrectly stated.

Without information properly entered into the system, the management of the Township lost some degree of budgetary control. This also resulted in adjustments to the budgetary note disclosure.

We recommend the Fiscal Officer accurately post appropriations as approved by the Board of Trustees and filed with the County Auditor into the computer system. This procedure will help ensure more useful comparisons of budget versus actual activity, as well as provide management with an accurate monitoring tool throughout the year.

Client Response: We have not yet received a response from the client.

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2019

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Fully Corrected	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; Explain:
2017-001	ORC Chapter 133 Method of acquiring debt	No	Not Corrected - Refer to Findng 2019-002
2017-002	ORC 5705.38(A) Appropriation measure passed and filed with Auditor	No	Not Corrected - Refer to Findng 2019-004
2017-003	ORC 5705.41(B) Expenditures exceeded appropriations	No	Not Corrected - Refer to Findng 2019-004
2017-004	ORC 5705.41(D)(1) Fiscal Certificates Dated After Invoices	No	Not Corrected- Refer to Finding 2019-003
2017-005	Material Weakness Financial Reporting	No	Not Corrected - Refer to Finding 2019-001
2017-006	Material Weakness Budget amounts not correctly posted to UAN	No	Not Corrected - Refer to Findng 2019-005
2015-001	Finding For Adjustment 2012-2013 audit for payroll incorrectly posted	No	In 2019, the Township started paying small amounts back.



OLIVE TOWNSHIP

MEIGS COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbett

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED MAY 12, 2020

> 88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370 www.ohioauditor.gov