



# UPPER VALLEY CAREER CENTER MIAMI COUNTY JUNE 30, 2020

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### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Upper Valley Career Center Miami County 8811 Career Drive Piqua, Ohio 45356

To the Board of Education:

### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Upper Valley Career Center, Miami County, Ohio (the Career Center), as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Career Center's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the Career Center's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the Career Center's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Upper Valley Career Center Miami County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Career Center, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 3 to the financial statements, during fiscal year 2020, the Career Center adopted new accounting guidance in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

As discussed in Note 15 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the Career Center. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

### Other Matters

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include management's discussion and analysis, required budgetary comparison schedule, and schedules of net pension and other post-employment benefit liabilities and pension and other post-employment benefit contributions listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

### Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the Career Center's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The schedule is management's responsibility, and derives from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this information to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling the schedule directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Upper Valley Career Center Miami County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 11, 2020, on our consideration of the Career Center's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Career Center's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

December 11, 2020

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### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

The management's discussion and analysis of the Upper Valley Career Center's (the "Career Center") financial performance provides an overall review of the Career Center's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Career Center's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the Career Center's financial performance.

### **Financial Highlights**

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2020 are as follows:

- In total, net position of governmental activities increased \$841,613, which represents a 3.56% increase from fiscal year 2019 restated net position.
- Governmental activities general revenues accounted for \$16,765,841 in revenue or 70.98% of total revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$6,855,309 in revenue or 29.02% of total revenues of \$23,621,150.
- The Career Center had \$22,779,537 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$6,855,309 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$16,765,841 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- The Career Center's only major governmental fund is the general fund. The general fund had \$20,557,514 in revenues and \$18,532,089 in expenditures and other financing uses. The general fund's fund balance increased \$2,025,425 from \$10,561,923 to \$12,587,348.

### **Using the Basic Financial Statements (BFS)**

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the Career Center as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The statement of net position and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole Career Center, presenting both an aggregate view of the Career Center's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the Career Center's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the Career Center, the general fund is by far the most significant fund, and the only governmental fund reported as a major fund.

### Reporting the Career Center as a Whole

### Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the Career Center to provide programs and activities, the view of the Career Center as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did the Career Center do financially during fiscal year 2020?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues and expenses using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

These two statements report the Career Center's net position and changes in net position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the Career Center as a whole, the financial position of the Career Center has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the Career Center's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, the governmental activities include the Career Center's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operations and maintenance, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, and food service operations.

The Career Center's statement of net position and statement of activities can be found on pages 17-18 of this report.

### Reporting the Career Center's Most Significant Funds

### **Fund Financial Statements**

The analysis of the Career Center's major governmental funds begins on page 13. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the Career Center's major funds. The Career Center uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the Career Center's most significant funds. The Career Center's major governmental fund is the general fund.

### Governmental Funds

Most of the Career Center's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Career Center's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the basic financial statements. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 19-22 of this report.

### **Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 23-61 of this report.

### **Required Supplementary Information**

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Career Center's net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset and general fund budgetary information. The required supplementary information can be found on pages 64-80 of this report

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

### The Career Center as a Whole

The statement of net position provides the perspective of the Career Center as a whole. The following table provides a summary of the Career Center's net position at June 30, 2020 and 2019. The net position at June 30, 2019 has been restated as described in Note 3.B.

|                                       | Net Position                 |                                       |  |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
|                                       | Governmental Activities 2020 | Restated Governmental Activities 2019 |  |
| Assets                                |                              |                                       |  |
| Current and other assets              | \$ 25,923,795                | \$ 20,122,059                         |  |
| Net OPEB asset                        | 1,244,250                    | 1,221,108                             |  |
| Capital assets, net                   | 33,609,020                   | 34,084,332                            |  |
| Total assets                          | 60,777,065                   | 55,427,499                            |  |
| <b>Deferred outflows of resources</b> |                              |                                       |  |
| Pension                               | 4,121,506                    | 5,922,660                             |  |
| OPEB                                  | 410,848                      | 308,046                               |  |
| Total deferred outflows of resources  | 4,532,354                    | 6,230,706                             |  |
| <u>Liabilities</u>                    |                              |                                       |  |
| Current liabilities                   | 1,903,577                    | 1,770,548                             |  |
| Long-term liabilities:                |                              |                                       |  |
| Due within one year                   | 201,853                      | 230,842                               |  |
| Due in more than one year:            |                              |                                       |  |
| Net pension liability                 | 21,741,226                   | 21,670,653                            |  |
| Net OPEB liability                    | 1,991,258                    | 2,250,180                             |  |
| Other amounts                         | 2,429,916                    | 2,463,415                             |  |
| Long-term liabilities                 | 26,364,253                   | 26,615,090                            |  |
| Total liabilities                     | 28,267,830                   | 28,385,638                            |  |
| <b>Deferred inflows of resources</b>  |                              |                                       |  |
| Other amounts                         | 8,924,597                    | 5,360,456                             |  |
| Pension                               | 1,420,650                    | 2,097,518                             |  |
| OPEB                                  | 2,220,799                    | 2,180,663                             |  |
| Total deferred inflows of resources   | 12,566,046                   | 9,638,637                             |  |
| Net position                          |                              |                                       |  |
| Net investment in capital assets      | 32,622,231                   | 32,960,943                            |  |
| Restricted                            | 1,780,066                    | 1,693,854                             |  |
| Unrestricted (deficit)                | (9,926,754)                  | (11,020,867)                          |  |
| Total net position                    | \$ 24,475,543                | \$ 23,633,930                         |  |

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

The net pension liability (NPL) is reported pursuant to GASB Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27" and the net OPEB liability/asset is reported pursuant to GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions," which significantly revises accounting for costs and liabilities related to other postemployment benefits (OPEB). For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the Career Center's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB and net OPEB asset.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB 45) focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's *net pension liability* or *net OBEP liability/asset*. GASB 68 and GASB 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

GASB 68 and GASB 75 require the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability/asset to equal the Career Center's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service.
- 2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits.

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the Career Center is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan as against the public employer. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability/asset. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability/asset are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

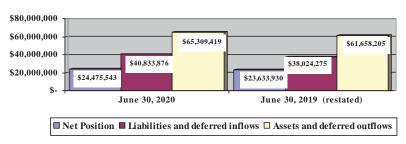
In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, the Career Center's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset, respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows. Over time, net position can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2020, the Career Center's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$24,475,543.

At fiscal year end, capital assets represented 55.30% of total assets. Capital assets include land, buildings and improvements, furniture, fixtures, and equipment, and vehicles. The Career Center's net investment in capital assets at June 30, 2020 was \$32,622,231. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the Career Center's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the Career Center's net position, \$1,780,066, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position is a deficit of \$9,926,754.

The graph below illustrates the Career Center's assets and deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, and net position at June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019. The net position at June 30, 2019 has been restated as described in Note 3.B.

### **Governmental Activities**



### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

The table below shows the change in net position for fiscal years 2020 and 2019. Due to practicality, 2019 revenues and expenses in the table below have not been adjusted to reflect the implementation of GASB No. 84 (see Note 3). Rather, the cumulative impact of applying GASB No. 84 is reflected in the beginning net position for 2019

### **Change in Net Position**

|  | Governmental Activities |              |  |
|--|-------------------------|--------------|--|
|  |                         | Restated     |  |
|  | 2020                    | 2019         |  |
| Revenues                                     |                         |              |  |
| Program revenues:                            |                         |              |  |
| Charges for services and sales               | \$ 2,000,366            | \$ 2,338,822 |  |
| Operating grants and contributions           | 4,854,943               | 4,507,163    |  |
| General revenues:                            | 7 7-                    | , ,          |  |
| Property taxes                               | 8,443,115               | 6,195,396    |  |
| Grants and entitlements                      | 7,653,432               | 7,684,865    |  |
| Investment earnings                          | 601,437                 | 392,597      |  |
| Miscellaneous                                | 67,857                  | 30,561       |  |
| Total revenues                               | 23,621,150              | 21,149,404   |  |
| Expenses                                     |                         |              |  |
| Program expenses:                            |                         |              |  |
| Instruction:                                 |                         |              |  |
| Regular                                      | 2,229,932               | 1,775,405    |  |
| Special                                      | 456,442                 | 497,419      |  |
| Vocational                                   | 10,139,550              | 7,814,531    |  |
| Adult/continuing                             | 973,183                 | 766,192      |  |
| Other  | 126,119                 | 111,449      |  |
| Support services:                            |                         |              |  |
| Pupil  | 2,366,074               | 1,795,327    |  |
| Instructional staff                          | 1,514,104               | 1,346,002    |  |
| Board of education                           | 45,765                  | 46,241       |  |
| Administration                               | 1,101,128               | 731,695      |  |
| Fiscal                                       | 656,278                 | 548,110      |  |
| Business                                     | 258,229                 | 200,468      |  |
| Operations and maintenance                   | 1,720,482               | 1,745,928    |  |
| Pupil transportation                         | 68,233                  | 68,173       |  |
| Central                                      | 392,223                 | 319,542      |  |
| Operation of non-instructional services:     |                         |              |  |
| Other non-instructional services             | 145,219                 | 157,825      |  |
| Food service operations                      | 467,525                 | 470,884      |  |
| Extracurricular activities                   | 93,312                  | 43,991       |  |
| Interest and fiscal charges                  | 25,739                  | 28,534       |  |
| Total expenses                               | 22,779,537              | 18,467,716   |  |
| Change in net position                       | 841,613                 | 2,681,688    |  |
| Net position at beginning of year (restated) | 23,633,930              | 20,952,242   |  |

24,475,543

23,633,930

Net position at end of year

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

### **Governmental Activities**

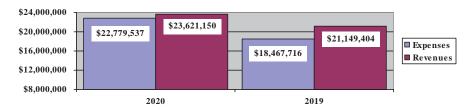
Net position of the Career Center's governmental activities increased \$841,613. Total governmental expenses of \$22,779,537 were offset by program revenues of \$6,855,309 and general revenues of \$16,765,841. Program revenues supported 30.09% of total governmental expenses.

The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property taxes and grants and entitlements. These two revenue sources represent 68.14% of total governmental revenues. The increase in property taxes is primarily due to the approval of a permanent 1.5 mill operating levy for the Career Center.

Overall, expenses of the governmental activities increased \$4,311,821 or 23.35%. This increase is primarily the result of an increase in pension and OPEB expense.

The graph below presents the Career Center's governmental activities revenues and expenses for fiscal years 2020 and 2019.

### Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses



### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services for fiscal years 2020 and 2019. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue, unrestricted State grants and entitlements, and other general revenues.

### **Governmental Activities**

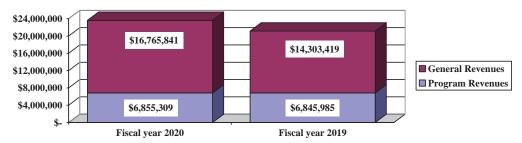
|  | T  | otal Cost of<br>Services<br>2020 | _  | Net Cost of<br>Services<br>2020 | To | otal Cost of<br>Services<br>2019 | <br>Net Cost of<br>Services<br>2019 |
|--|----|----------------------------------|----|---------------------------------|----|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Program expenses:                        |    |                                  |    |                                 |    |                                  |                                     |
| Instruction:                             |    |                                  |    |                                 |    |                                  |                                     |
| Regular                                  | \$ | 2,229,932                        | \$ | 1,450,146                       | \$ | 1,775,405                        | \$<br>892,300                       |
| Special                                  |    | 456,442                          |    | 447,882                         |    | 497,419                          | 486,339                             |
| Vocational                               |    | 10,139,550                       |    | 6,238,061                       |    | 7,814,531                        | 3,959,128                           |
| Adult/continuing                         |    | 973,183                          |    | 148,019                         |    | 766,192                          | (8,161)                             |
| Other                                    |    | 126,119                          |    | 126,119                         |    | 111,449                          | 111,449                             |
| Support services:                        |    |                                  |    |                                 |    |                                  |                                     |
| Pupil                                    |    | 2,366,074                        |    | 2,052,933                       |    | 1,795,327                        | 1,450,070                           |
| Instructional staff                      |    | 1,514,104                        |    | 1,454,149                       |    | 1,346,002                        | 1,321,064                           |
| Board of education                       |    | 45,765                           |    | 45,765                          |    | 46,241                           | 46,241                              |
| Administration                           |    | 1,101,128                        |    | 803,937                         |    | 731,695                          | 404,174                             |
| Fiscal                                   |    | 656,278                          |    | 656,278                         |    | 548,110                          | 548,110                             |
| Business                                 |    | 258,229                          |    | 258,229                         |    | 200,468                          | 200,468                             |
| Operations and maintenance               |    | 1,720,482                        |    | 1,657,302                       |    | 1,745,928                        | 1,717,661                           |
| Pupil transportation                     |    | 68,233                           |    | 68,233                          |    | 68,173                           | 68,173                              |
| Central                                  |    | 392,223                          |    | 318,037                         |    | 319,542                          | 223,199                             |
| Operation of non-instructional services: |    |                                  |    |                                 |    |                                  |                                     |
| Other non-instructional services         |    | 145,219                          |    | 93,463                          |    | 157,825                          | 123,185                             |
| Food service operations                  |    | 467,525                          |    | 79,225                          |    | 470,884                          | 5,806                               |
| Extracurricular activities               |    | 93,312                           |    | 711                             |    | 43,991                           | 43,991                              |
| Interest and fiscal charges              |    | 25,739                           |    | 25,739                          |    | 28,534                           | <br>28,534                          |
| Total expenses                           | \$ | 22,779,537                       | \$ | 15,924,228                      | \$ | 18,467,716                       | \$<br>11,621,731                    |

The dependence upon taxes and other general revenues for governmental activities is apparent, as 60.40% of fiscal year 2020 instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. For all governmental activities, general revenue support was 69.91% in fiscal year 2020. The Career Center's taxpayers and grants and entitlements received from the State of Ohio that are not restricted in use are by far the primary support for the Career Center's students.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

The following graph presents the Career Center's governmental activities revenues for fiscal years 2020 and 2019.

### Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues



### The Career Center's Funds

The Career Center's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$14,914,999, which is greater than last year's total balance of \$12,745,720. The table below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019. The fund balances at June 30, 2019 have been restated as described in Note 3.B.

|                                  | Fund Balance June 30, 2020 | Restated Fund Balance June 30, 2019 | <u>Change</u>           |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| General<br>Nonmajor Governmental | \$ 12,587,348<br>2,327,651 | \$ 10,561,923<br>2,183,797          | \$ 2,025,425<br>143,854 |
| Total                            | \$ 14,914,999              | \$ 12,745,720                       | \$ 2,169,279            |

### General Fund

The Career Center's general fund balance increased \$2,025,425.

The table that follows assists in illustrating the revenues of the general fund.

|                         | 2020<br>Amount   | 2019<br>Amount   | Change          | Percentage<br>Change |
|-------------------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------|----------------------|
| Revenues                | <br>             | <br>             |                 |                      |
| Property taxes          | \$<br>8,078,299  | \$<br>5,646,809  | \$<br>2,431,490 | 43.06 %              |
| Tuition                 | 788,346          | 894,185          | (105,839)       | (11.84) %            |
| Earnings on investments | 569,093          | 338,615          | 230,478         | 68.06 %              |
| Intergovernmental       | 10,891,572       | 10,876,228       | 15,344          | 0.14 %               |
| Other revenues          | <br>230,204      | <br>350,477      | <br>(120,273)   | (34.32) %            |
| Total                   | \$<br>20,557,514 | \$<br>18,106,314 | \$<br>2,451,200 | 13.54 %              |

Overall revenues of the general fund increased \$2,451,200 or 13.54%. Most of this increase can be attributable to an increase in earnings on investments and property taxes. The increase in earnings on investments of \$230,478 is due to an increase in interest rates earned on the Career Center's investments compared to fiscal year 2019. The increase in property taxes is due to the approval of a 1.5 mill operating levy in fiscal year 2020.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

The table that follows assists in illustrating the expenditures of the general fund.

|   | 202<br>Amou |          | 2019<br>Amount | Change          | Percentage <u>Change</u> |
|---|-------------|----------|----------------|-----------------|--------------------------|
| Expenditures                            |             |          |                |                 |                          |
| Instruction                             | \$ 11,53    | 8,572 \$ | 10,720,348     | \$<br>818,224   | 7.63 %                   |
| Support services                        | 6,49        | 4,601    | 6,156,002      | 338,599         | 5.50 %                   |
| Operation of non-instructional services | 12          | 4,134    | 141,127        | (16,993)        | (12.04) %                |
| Extracurricular activities              | 1           | 7,895    | 43,243         | (25,348)        | (58.62) %                |
| Facilities acquisition and construction | 4           | 0,895    | 66,812         | (25,917)        | (38.79) %                |
| Debt service                            | 16          | 5,992    | 169,170        | <br>(3,178)     | (1.88) %                 |
| Total                                   | \$ 18,38    | 2,089 \$ | 17,296,702     | \$<br>1,085,387 | 6.28 %                   |

Overall, general fund expenditures increased \$1,085,387 or 6.28%. While most of the categories remained comparable to the previous year, the largest increase was in the area of instruction which increased \$818,224 or 7.63%. This increase is the result of an increase in wages and benefits.

### General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The Career Center's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

For the general fund, final budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$20,296,492, which were \$2,156,978 more than original budgeted revenues and other financing sources of \$18,139,514. Actual revenues and other financing sources of \$20,296,492 were the same as the final budget.

General fund final appropriations (expenditures and other financing uses) of \$19,957,196 were \$178,410 more than original budgeted expenditures and other financing uses of \$19,778,786. Actual expenditures and other financing uses for fiscal year 2020 totaled \$18,801,621 were \$1,155,575 less than final budgeted expenditures and other financing uses.

### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

### Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2020, the Career Center had \$33,609,020 invested in land, buildings and improvements, furniture, fixtures, and equipment, and vehicles. The total amount was reported in governmental activities.

The following table shows June 30, 2020 balances compared to June 30, 2019.

## Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

|                                    | Governmental Activities |            |    |            |  |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------|------------|----|------------|--|
|                                    |                         | 2020       |    | 2019       |  |
| Land                               | \$                      | 1,381,300  | \$ | 1,361,300  |  |
| Buildings and improvements         |                         | 29,530,886 |    | 30,100,433 |  |
| Furniture, fixtures, and equipment |                         | 2,444,564  |    | 2,337,195  |  |
| Vehicles                           |                         | 252,270    |    | 285,404    |  |
| Total                              | \$                      | 33,609,020 | \$ | 34,084,332 |  |

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

The overall decrease in capital assets is due to additions of \$665,836, depreciation expense of \$1,116,011 and disposals of \$25,137 (net of accumulated depreciation).

See Note 8 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the Career Center's capital assets.

### **Debt Administration**

At June 30, 2020, the Career Center had \$1,075,000 in general obligation bonds outstanding. Of this amount, \$145,000 is due within one year and \$930,000 is due in more than one year. The following table summarizes the long-term obligations outstanding at June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019.

### Outstanding Debt, at Year End

|                          | Governmental Activities | Governmental Activities 2019 |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|
| General obligation bonds | \$ 1,075,000            | \$ 1,215,000                 |

See Note 9 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the Career Center's debt administration.

### **Current Financial Related Activities**

The future finances of the Career Center present several challenges due to changes in the State funding formula and budget model, issues with State legislation and the composition of the Board of Education, and local economic issues and property valuations. These situations, along with potential changes in weighted funding and federal grants, pose significant uncertainty in future revenue streams and the operation of Career Center programs.

### **Contacting the Career Center's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the Career Center's finances and to show the Career Center's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Mr. Anthony Fraley, Treasurer, Upper Valley Career Center, 8811 Career Drive, Piqua, Ohio 45356.

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## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

|  | Governmental<br>Activities |             |  |
|--|----------------------------|-------------|--|
| Assets:  |                            |             |  |
| Equity in pooled cash and investments          | \$                         | 15,743,613  |  |
| Receivables:                                   |                            | 0.024.040   |  |
| Property taxes                                 |                            | 9,934,048   |  |
| Accounts.                                      |                            | 48,094      |  |
| Accrued interest                               |                            | 27,403      |  |
| Intergovernmental                              |                            | 71,936      |  |
| Prepayments                                    |                            | 34,298      |  |
| Materials and supplies inventory               |                            | 50,865      |  |
| Inventory held for resale                      |                            | 13,538      |  |
| Net OPEB asset                                 |                            | 1,244,250   |  |
| Capital assets:                                |                            | 1 201 200   |  |
| Nondepreciable capital assets                  |                            | 1,381,300   |  |
| Depreciable capital assets, net                |                            | 32,227,720  |  |
| Capital assets, net                            |                            | 33,609,020  |  |
| Total assets                                   |                            | 60,777,065  |  |
| Deferred outflows of resources:                |                            |             |  |
| Pension  |                            | 4,121,506   |  |
| OPEB   |                            | 410,848     |  |
| Total deferred outflows of resources           |                            | 4,532,354   |  |
|  |                            | ,,          |  |
| Liabilities:                                   |                            | 42.500      |  |
| Accounts payable                               |                            | 42,590      |  |
| Accrued wages and benefits payable             |                            | 1,625,756   |  |
| Intergovernmental payable                      |                            | 39,723      |  |
| Pension and postemployment benefits payable .  |                            | 193,575     |  |
| Accrued interest payable                       |                            | 1,933       |  |
| Long-term liabilities:                         |                            |             |  |
| Due within one year                            |                            | 201,853     |  |
| Due in more than one year:                     |                            |             |  |
| Net pension liability                          |                            | 21,741,226  |  |
| Net OPEB liability                             |                            | 1,991,258   |  |
| Other amounts due in more than one year .      |                            | 2,429,916   |  |
| Total liabilities                              |                            | 28,267,830  |  |
| Deferred inflows of resources:                 |                            |             |  |
| Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year |                            | 8,924,597   |  |
| Pension  |                            | 1,420,650   |  |
| OPEB   |                            | 2,220,799   |  |
| Total deferred inflows of resources            |                            | 12,566,046  |  |
| Net position:                                  |                            |             |  |
| Net investment in capital assets               |                            | 32,622,231  |  |
| Restricted for:                                |                            | 32,022,231  |  |
| Classroom facilities maintenance               |                            | 1,106,085   |  |
| Debt service                                   |                            |             |  |
|  |                            | 10,399      |  |
| Locally funded programs                        |                            | 54,489      |  |
| State funded programs                          |                            | 257,709     |  |
| Federally funded programs                      |                            | 18,557      |  |
| Student activities                             |                            | 186,809     |  |
| Other purposes                                 |                            | 146,018     |  |
| Unrestricted (deficit)                         | _                          | (9,926,754) |  |
| Total net position                             | \$                         | 24,475,543  |  |

## STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Net (Expense)

|                                  |                  |  | Program  | Revenu      | es            | evenue and<br>es in Net Position                       |
|----------------------------------|------------------|--|--|-------------|---------------|--|
|                                  |                  | Charges for Operating Grants               |  | overnmental |               |  |
|                                  | Expenses         |  | ces and Sales  |             | Contributions | Activities   |
| Governmental activities:         |                  |  |  |             |               |  |
| Instruction:                     |                  |  |  |             |               |  |
| Regular                          | \$<br>2,229,932  | \$   | 779,786  | \$          | -             | \$<br>(1,450,146)                                      |
| Special                          | 456,442          |  | 8,560  |             | -             | (447,882)  |
| Vocational                       | 10,139,550       |  | 108,350  |             | 3,793,139     | (6,238,061)  |
| Adult/continuing                 | 973,183          |  | 425,568  |             | 399,596       | (148,019)  |
| Other                            | 126,119          |  | -  |             | -             | (126,119)  |
| Support services:                |                  |  |  |             |               |  |
| Pupil                            | 2,366,074        |  | 97,629   |             | 215,512       | (2,052,933)  |
| Instructional staff              | 1,514,104        |  | 2,726  |             | 57,229        | (1,454,149)  |
| Board of education               | 45,765           |  | -  |             | -             | (45,765)   |
| Administration                   | 1,101,128        |  | 177,992  |             | 119,199       | (803,937)  |
| Fiscal                           | 656,278          |  | -  |             | -             | (656,278)  |
| Business                         | 258,229          |  | -  |             | -             | (258,229)  |
| Operations and maintenance       | 1,720,482        |  | 15,617   |             | 47,563        | (1,657,302)  |
| Pupil transportation             | 68,233           |  | -  |             | -             | (68,233)   |
| Central                          | 392,223          |  | 49,897   |             | 24,289        | (318,037)  |
| Operation of non-instructional   |                  |  |  |             |               |  |
| services:                        |                  |  |  |             |               |  |
| Other non-instructional services | 145,219          |  | 51,756   |             | -             | (93,463)   |
| Food service operations          | 467,525          |  | 215,455  |             | 172,845       | (79,225)   |
| Extracurricular activities       | 93,312           |  | 67,030   |             | 25,571        | (711)  |
| Interest and fiscal charges      | <br>25,739       |  |  |             | _             | <br>(25,739)   |
| Total governmental activities    | \$<br>22,779,537 | \$   | 2,000,366  | \$          | 4,854,943     | (15,924,228)   |
|                                  |                  | Prop<br>Ge:<br>Cla<br>Gran<br>to s<br>Inve | nts and entitleme<br>specific program<br>stment earnings<br>cellaneous | s mainten   | nance         | 8,105,615<br>337,500<br>7,653,432<br>601,437<br>67,857 |
|                                  |                  | `  | general revenues<br>se in net position                                 |             |               | <br>841,613  |
|                                  |                  |  | osition at begin   |             |               | <br>23,633,930   |
|                                  |                  | Net po                                     | osition at end of  | year        |               | \$<br>24,475,543                                       |

### BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

| Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments \$13,370,043 \$2,373,570 \$15,74 Receivables: Property taxes \$9,934,048 \$- \$9,93 Accounts \$42,800 \$5,294 \$4 Accrued interest \$27,403 \$- \$2 Interfund loans \$25,464 \$- \$2 Intergovernmental \$4,633 \$67,303 \$7 Prepayments \$32,397 \$1,901 \$3 Materials and supplies inventory \$50,132 \$733 \$5 Inventory held for resale \$23,486,920 \$2,462,339 \$25,94   | Total<br>Governmental<br>Funds |  |
|---|--------------------------------|--|
| and investments       \$ 13,370,043       \$ 2,373,570       \$ 15,74         Receivables:       Property taxes.       9,934,048       -       9,93         Accounts       42,800       5,294       4         Accrued interest       27,403       -       2         Interfund loans       25,464       -       2         Intergovernmental.       4,633       67,303       7         Prepayments.       32,397       1,901       3         Materials and supplies inventory.       50,132       733       5         Inventory held for resale.       -       13,538       1         Total assets       \$ 23,486,920       \$ 2,462,339       \$ 25,94         Liabilities:         Accounts payable       \$ 22,578       \$ 20,012       \$ 4         Accrued wages and benefits payable       1,569,859       55,897       1,62                |                                |  |
| Receivables:           Property taxes.         9,934,048         -         9,93           Accounts.         42,800         5,294         4           Accrued interest         27,403         -         2           Interfund loans         25,464         -         2           Intergovernmental.         4,633         67,303         7           Prepayments.         32,397         1,901         3           Materials and supplies inventory.         50,132         733         5           Inventory held for resale.         -         13,538         1           Total assets         \$ 23,486,920         \$ 2,462,339         \$ 25,94           Liabilities:           Accounts payable         \$ 22,578         \$ 20,012         \$ 4           Accrued wages and benefits payable         1,569,859         55,897         1,62 |                                |  |
| Property taxes.         9,934,048         -         9,93           Accounts         42,800         5,294         4           Accrued interest         27,403         -         2           Interfund loans         25,464         -         2           Intergovernmental.         4,633         67,303         7           Prepayments.         32,397         1,901         3           Materials and supplies inventory.         50,132         733         5           Inventory held for resale.         -         13,538         1           Total assets         \$ 23,486,920         \$ 2,462,339         \$ 25,94           Liabilities:           Accounts payable         \$ 22,578         \$ 20,012         \$ 4           Accrued wages and benefits payable         1,569,859         55,897         1,62                         | 43,613                         |  |
| Accounts         42,800         5,294         4           Accrued interest         27,403         -         2           Interfund loans         25,464         -         2           Intergovernmental.         4,633         67,303         7           Prepayments.         32,397         1,901         3           Materials and supplies inventory.         50,132         733         5           Inventory held for resale.         -         13,538         1           Total assets         \$ 23,486,920         \$ 2,462,339         \$ 25,94           Liabilities:           Accounts payable         \$ 22,578         \$ 20,012         \$ 4           Accrued wages and benefits payable         1,569,859         55,897         1,62  |                                |  |
| Accrued interest         27,403         -         2           Interfund loans         25,464         -         2           Intergovernmental.         4,633         67,303         7           Prepayments.         32,397         1,901         3           Materials and supplies inventory.         50,132         733         5           Inventory held for resale.         -         13,538         1           Total assets         \$ 23,486,920         \$ 2,462,339         \$ 25,94           Liabilities:           Accounts payable         \$ 22,578         \$ 20,012         \$ 4           Accrued wages and benefits payable         1,569,859         55,897         1,62  | 34,048                         |  |
| Interfund loans         25,464         -         2           Intergovernmental.         4,633         67,303         7           Prepayments.         32,397         1,901         3           Materials and supplies inventory.         50,132         733         5           Inventory held for resale.         -         13,538         1           Total assets         \$ 23,486,920         \$ 2,462,339         \$ 25,94           Liabilities:           Accounts payable         \$ 22,578         \$ 20,012         \$ 4           Accrued wages and benefits payable         1,569,859         55,897         1,62  | 48,094                         |  |
| Intergovernmental.         4,633         67,303         7           Prepayments.         32,397         1,901         3           Materials and supplies inventory.         50,132         733         5           Inventory held for resale.         -         13,538         1           Total assets         \$ 23,486,920         \$ 2,462,339         \$ 25,94           Liabilities:           Accounts payable         \$ 22,578         \$ 20,012         \$ 4           Accrued wages and benefits payable         1,569,859         55,897         1,62   | 27,403                         |  |
| Prepayments.         32,397         1,901         3           Materials and supplies inventory.         50,132         733         5           Inventory held for resale.         -         13,538         1           Total assets         \$ 23,486,920         \$ 2,462,339         \$ 25,94           Liabilities:           Accounts payable         \$ 22,578         \$ 20,012         \$ 4           Accrued wages and benefits payable         1,569,859         55,897         1,62   | 25,464                         |  |
| Materials and supplies inventory.         50,132         733         5           Inventory held for resale.         -         13,538         1           Total assets         \$ 23,486,920         \$ 2,462,339         \$ 25,94           Liabilities:           Accounts payable         \$ 22,578         \$ 20,012         \$ 4           Accrued wages and benefits payable         1,569,859         55,897         1,62   | 71,936                         |  |
| Inventory held for resale.         -         13,538         1           Total assets         \$ 23,486,920         \$ 2,462,339         \$ 25,94           Liabilities:           Accounts payable         \$ 22,578         \$ 20,012         \$ 4           Accrued wages and benefits payable         1,569,859         55,897         1,62  | 34,298<br>50,865               |  |
| Total assets         \$ 23,486,920         \$ 2,462,339         \$ 25,94           Liabilities:         Accounts payable         \$ 22,578         \$ 20,012         \$ 4           Accrued wages and benefits payable         1,569,859         55,897         1,62  | 13,538                         |  |
| Accounts payable  | 49,259                         |  |
| Accounts payable  |                                |  |
| Accrued wages and benefits payable 1,569,859 55,897 1,62  | 42,590                         |  |
| *   | 25,756                         |  |
| Compensated absences payable  | 6,090                          |  |
| Intergovernmental payable   | 39,723                         |  |
|   | 93,575                         |  |
|   |                                |  |
|   | 25,464<br>33,198               |  |
|   | 73,170                         |  |
| Deferred inflows of resources:  | 24.507                         |  |
|   | 24,597                         |  |
|   | 25,814                         |  |
|   | 25,464                         |  |
|   | 25,187                         |  |
| Total deferred inflows of resources   | 01,062                         |  |
| Fund balances:  |                                |  |
| Nonspendable:   | EO 965                         |  |
| **  | 50,865                         |  |
| A .   | 34,298                         |  |
|   | 2,603                          |  |
| Restricted:   | 10.200                         |  |
|   | 10,399                         |  |
| <u>.</u> .  | 88,211                         |  |
|   | 03,081                         |  |
|   | 06,085                         |  |
|   | 92,171                         |  |
|   | 27,224                         |  |
|   | 86,809                         |  |
|   | 25,000                         |  |
| * *   | 3,128                          |  |
| Adult scholarship   | 8,232                          |  |
| Career enhancement  | 54,489                         |  |
|   | 2,802                          |  |
|   | 15,465                         |  |
| * * * *   | 44,666                         |  |
|   | 59,471                         |  |
| Total fund balances   | 14,999                         |  |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances . \$ 23,486,920 \$ 2,462,339 \$ 25,94   |                                |  |

# RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2020

| Total governmental fund balances  |  | \$<br>14,914,999 |
|---|--|------------------|
| Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net position are different because:  |  |                  |
| Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.   |  | 33,609,020       |
| Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-<br>period expenditures and therefore are deferred inflows in the funds.<br>Property taxes receivable<br>Accrued interest receivable<br>Intergovernmental receivable  | \$ 125,814<br>25,187<br>25,464                     |                  |
| Total   |  | 176,465          |
| Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the funds.   |  | (1,933)          |
| The net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period; therefore, the liability and related deferred inflows/ outflows are not reported in governmental funds:  Deferred outflows of resources - pension  Deferred inflows of resources - pension  Net pension liability  Total            | 4,121,506<br>(1,420,650)<br>(21,741,226)           | (19,040,370)     |
| The net OPEB liability/asset is not due and payable in the current period; therefore, the liability/asset and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in governmental funds:  Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB Net OPEB asset Net OPEB liability Total | 410,848<br>(2,220,799)<br>1,244,250<br>(1,991,258) | (2,556,959)      |
| Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.  General obligation bonds  Compensated absences  Total   | (1,075,000)<br>(1,550,679)                         | <br>(2,625,679)  |
| Net position of governmental activities   |  | \$<br>24,475,543 |
|   |  | <br>, ,- +-      |

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

|  |         | General    | Nonmajor<br>Governmental<br>Funds |                     | Total<br>Governmental<br>Funds |            |
|--|---------|------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------|------------|
| Revenues:  |         |            |                                   |                     |                                |            |
| From local sources:  |         |            |                                   |                     |                                |            |
| Property taxes   | \$      | 8,078,299  | \$                                | 337,500             | \$                             | 8,415,799  |
| Tuition  |         | 788,346    |                                   | 577,501             |                                | 1,365,847  |
| Earnings on investments  |         | 569,093    |                                   | 32,424              |                                | 601,517    |
| Charges for services   |         | -          |                                   | 215,455             |                                | 215,455    |
| Extracurricular  |         | 21,000     |                                   | 67,030              |                                | 88,030     |
| Classroom materials and fees   |         | 81,733     |                                   | 189,687             |                                | 271,420    |
| Rental income  |         | 2,241      |                                   | · <u>-</u>          |                                | 2,241      |
| Contributions and donations  |         | 6,200      |                                   | 48,075              |                                | 54,275     |
| Contract services  |         | 57,373     |                                   | · -                 |                                | 57,373     |
| Other local revenues   |         | 61,657     |                                   | 14,521              |                                | 76,178     |
| Intergovernmental - state  |         | 10,891,572 |                                   | 669,073             |                                | 11,560,645 |
| Intergovernmental - federal  |         | -          |                                   | 900,712             |                                | 900,712    |
| Total revenues   |         | 20,557,514 |                                   | 3,051,978           |                                | 23,609,492 |
| Expenditures:  |         |            |                                   |                     |                                |            |
| Current:   |         |            |                                   |                     |                                |            |
| Instruction:   |         |            |                                   |                     |                                |            |
| Regular  |         | 2,069,821  |                                   | -                   |                                | 2,069,821  |
| Special  |         | 438,725    |                                   | -                   |                                | 438,725    |
| Vocational   |         | 8,914,777  |                                   | 330,354             |                                | 9,245,131  |
| Adult/continuing   |         | -          |                                   | 969,131             |                                | 969,131    |
| Other  |         | 115,249    |                                   | -                   |                                | 115,249    |
| Support services:  |         |            |                                   |                     |                                |            |
| Pupil  |         | 1,886,425  |                                   | 345,408             |                                | 2,231,833  |
| Instructional staff  |         | 1,389,380  |                                   | 62,773              |                                | 1,452,153  |
| Board of education   |         | 44,664     |                                   | -                   |                                | 44,664     |
| Administration   |         | 672,954    |                                   | 356,660             |                                | 1,029,614  |
| Fiscal   |         | 630,817    |                                   | -                   |                                | 630,817    |
| Business   |         | 239,986    |                                   | -                   |                                | 239,986    |
| Operations and maintenance   |         | 1,299,365  |                                   | 384,347             |                                | 1,683,712  |
| Pupil transportation   |         | 47,784     |                                   | _                   |                                | 47,784     |
| Central  |         | 283,226    |                                   | 90,480              |                                | 373,706    |
| Operation of non-instructional services:   |         | ,          |                                   | ,                   |                                | ,          |
| Other non-instructional services   |         | 124,134    |                                   | _                   |                                | 124,134    |
| Food service operations  |         |            |                                   | 444,281             |                                | 444,281    |
| Extracurricular activities   |         | 17,895     |                                   | 74,690              |                                | 92,585     |
| Facilities acquisition and construction  |         | 40,895     |                                   | 74,070              |                                | 40,895     |
| Debt service:  |         | 40,073     |                                   |                     |                                | 40,073     |
| Principal retirement   |         | 140,000    |                                   | _                   |                                | 140,000    |
| Interest and fiscal charges  |         | 25,992     |                                   | _                   |                                | 25,992     |
| Total expenditures   |         | 18,382,089 |                                   | 3,058,124           |                                | 21,440,213 |
| Total experiutures   | _       | 10,302,009 |                                   | 3,036,124           | _                              | 21,440,213 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)   |         |            |                                   |                     |                                |            |
| expenditures   |         | 2,175,425  |                                   | (6,146)             | _                              | 2,169,279  |
| Other financing sources (uses):  |         |            |                                   |                     |                                |            |
| Transfers in   |         | -          |                                   | 150,000             |                                | 150,000    |
| Transfers (out)  |         | (150,000)  |                                   | -                   |                                | (150,000)  |
| Total other financing sources (uses)   |         | (150,000)  | _                                 | 150,000             | _                              |            |
| Net change in fund balances  |         | 2,025,425  |                                   | 143,854             |                                | 2,169,279  |
| Fund halances at hasin-in-af ( |         | 10.561.022 |                                   | 2 102 707           |                                | 12 745 720 |
| Fund balances at beginning of year (restated) Fund balances at end of year   | \$      | 10,561,923 | \$                                | 2,183,797 2,327,651 | \$                             | 12,745,720 |
| runu balances at enu di year   | <b></b> | 12,307,348 | Ф                                 | 2,327,031           | Ф                              | 14,714,999 |

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

| Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds  |    |             | \$ | 2,169,279   |
|---|----|-------------|----|-------------|
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the   |    |             |    |             |
| statement of activities are different because:  |    |             |    |             |
| Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures.  However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as |    |             |    |             |
| depreciation expense.   | ¢. | 665 926     |    |             |
| Capital asset additions Current year depreciation   | \$ | 665,836     |    |             |
| Total   |    | (1,116,011) | -  | (450,175)   |
| Total   |    |             |    | (430,173)   |
| The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, disposals, trade-ins, and donations) is to  |    |             |    |             |
| decrease net position.  |    |             |    | (25,137)    |
| decrease net position.  |    |             |    | (23,137)    |
| Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in   |    |             |    |             |
| the funds.  |    |             |    |             |
| Property taxes  |    | 27,316      |    |             |
| Earnings on investments   |    | 1,169       |    |             |
| Other   |    | (35,358)    |    |             |
| Intergovernmental   |    | (16,827)    | -  | (22.500)    |
| Total   |    |             |    | (23,700)    |
| Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the  |    |             |    |             |
| governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities   |    |             |    |             |
| on the statement of net position.   |    |             |    | 140,000     |
|   |    |             |    |             |
| In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds,   |    |             |    |             |
| whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported  |    |             |    |             |
| when due. The following item resulted in a change in interest being   |    |             |    |             |
| reported in the statement of activities:  |    |             |    |             |
| Change in accrued interest payable  |    |             |    | 253         |
| Contractually required pension contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports                                 |    |             |    |             |
| these amounts as deferred outflows.   |    |             |    |             |
| Pension   |    |             |    | 1,692,624   |
| OPEB  |    |             |    | 5,715       |
|   |    |             |    |             |
| Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes   |    |             |    |             |
| in the net pension liability/net OPEB liability/asset are reported as   |    |             |    |             |
| pension expense/OPEB expense in the statement of activities.  |    |             |    |             |
| Pension   |    |             |    | (2,887,483) |
| OPEB  |    |             |    | 339,015     |
| Some expenses reported in the statement of activities,  |    |             |    |             |
| such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current   |    |             |    |             |
| financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures  |    |             |    |             |
| in governmental funds.  |    |             |    | (118,778)   |
|   |    |             |    |             |
| Change in net position of governmental activities   |    |             | \$ | 841,613     |

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

### **NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE CENTER**

The Upper Valley Career Center (the "Career Center") as defined by Section 3311.18 of the Ohio Revised Code, is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the Constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The Career Center exposes high school and adult students to academic preparation and job training, which lead to employment and/or further education upon graduation from high school. The Career Center's fourteen associate school districts throughout Miami and Shelby Counties, as well as others who are accepted through open enrollment. Additionally, the Career Center reaches students through our associate school satellite programs. The first official body designated as the Upper Valley Career Center Board of Education was formed in 1972. Before the beginning of fiscal year 2012, the Career Center changed its designation from Joint Vocational School District to Career Center.

The Career Center operates under a Board of Education consisting of eleven representatives who are members of the Boards of Education of the participating school districts. One member is appointed from each of the following: Bradford Exempted Village School District, Covington Exempted Village School District, and Miami County Educational Service Center. Two members are appointed from the following: Midwest Regional Educational Service Center, Piqua City Schools, Sidney City Schools, and Troy City Schools. The Board of Education is responsible for providing vocational job training to residents of the participating school districts. The Career Center is staffed by 61 classified employees and 89 certified employees who provide services to 932 students and other community members.

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the Career Center have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The Career Center's significant accounting policies are described below.

### A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>" and GASB Statement No. 61, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34</u>". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government and component units. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the Career Center. For the Career Center, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the Career Center.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the Career Center is financially accountable. The Career Center is financially accountable for an organization if the Center appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the Career Center is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the Career Center is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the Career Center is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the Career Center is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the Career Center in that the Career Center approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion by the primary government would render the primary government's financial statements incomplete or misleading. Based upon the application of these criteria, the Career Center has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the Career Center (the primary government).

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the Career Center:

### JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

### Western Ohio Computer Organization (WOCO)

The Career Center is a participant in the Western Ohio Computer Organization (WOCO), which is a computer consortium. WOCO is an association of various public school districts within the boundaries of Auglaize, Champaign, Hardin, Logan, Shelby, and Miami Counties. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions of member school districts. Each of the governments of these school districts supports WOCO based upon a per-pupil charge dependent on the software package utilized. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, the Career Center does not have an equity interest in WOCO, as the residual interest in net resources of the joint venture upon dissolution is not equivalent to an equity interest. WOCO is governed by a Board of Directors consisting of the Superintendents of the member school districts and the degree of control is limited to the representation on the Board of Directors. The Career Center paid WOCO \$56,065 for services provided during the fiscal year. Financial information can be obtained from the Director at 129 East Court Street, Sidney, Ohio 45365.

### Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council (SOEPC)

The Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council (SOEPC) is a purchasing cooperative made up of over 200 school districts in 18 counties. The purpose of this purchasing cooperative is to obtain prices for quality merchandise and services commonly used by schools. All member districts are obligated to pay all fees, charges, or other assessments as established by the SOEPC. Each member district has one voting representative. Title to any and all equipment, furniture and supplies purchased by the SOEPC is held in trust for the member districts. Any member district withdrawing from the SOEPC forfeits its claim to any and all SOEPC assets. One year prior notice is necessary for withdrawal from the SOEPC. During this time, the withdrawing member district is liable for all member obligations. The Career Center paid the SOEPC \$2,866,315 for services provided during the fiscal year. To obtain financial information, write to the Director at Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council, 303 Corporate Center Drive, Suite 208, Vandalia, Ohio 45377.

### <u>Upper Valley and Buckeye OTC Consortium (UVBOTCC)</u>

The Career Center is a participant in the Upper Valley and Buckeye OTC Consortium (UVBOTCC), which is a joint consortium for the receipt of secondary, adult, and postsecondary Carl D. Perkins grant monies. UVBOTCC is an association of Upper Valley Career Center and Buckeye Career Center. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying for and receipting funds of the Carl D. Perkins Career and Technical Education Grant. UVBOTCC is governed equally by a representative of each of the member career centers.

### INSURANCE PURCHASING POOLS

### Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The Career Center participates in the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by an eleven-member Executive Committee consisting of the Chairperson, the Vice-Chairperson, a representative from the Montgomery County Educational Service Center and eight other members elected by majority vote of all member school districts. The Chief Administrator of the GRP serves as the coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating member school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

### Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Cooperative Benefit Plan Trust

The Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Cooperative Benefit Plan Trust (the "Trust") is a public entity shared risk pool consisting of 55 school districts. The Trust is organized as a Voluntary Employee Benefit Association under Section 501 (c)(9) of the Internal Revenue Code, and offers medical, dental and vision insurance benefits to the employees of the participating members. The Trust is governed by the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council and its participating members. Each participating member decides which plan offered by the Trust will be extended to its employees. Participation in the Trust is by written application subject to acceptance by the Trust and payment of the monthly premiums. Financial information may be obtained from the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council, 303 Corporate Center Drive, Suite 208, Vandalia, Ohio 45377.

### **B.** Fund Accounting

The Career Center uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows is reported as fund balance.

The following is the Career Center's major governmental fund:

<u>General fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Other governmental funds of the Career Center are used to account for (a) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets, (b) specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to an expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects and (c) financial resources restricted for debt service.

### PROPRIETARY FUND

Proprietary funds are used to account for the Career Center's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The Career Center has no proprietary funds.

### FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds and custodial funds. Trust funds are distinguished from custodial funds by the existence of a trust agreement or equivalent arrangements that have certain characteristics. Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in a trust fund. The Career Center has no fiduciary funds.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

### C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

<u>Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Career Center as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities of the Career Center. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the Career Center.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the Career Center are included on the statement of net position.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the Career Center. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and deferred outflows of resources and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

### D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

<u>Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions</u> - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, are recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the Career Center, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Nonexchange transactions, in which the Career Center receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6).

Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the Career Center must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the Career Center on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> - In addition to assets, the government-wide statement of net position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the Career Center, see Notes 12 and 13 for deferred outflows of resources related the Career Center's net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset, respectively.

In addition to liabilities, both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the Career Center, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes and unavailable revenue. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2020, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2021 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow of resources on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the Career Center unavailable revenue includes, but is not limited to, delinquent property taxes and intergovernmental grants. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available.

For the Career Center, see Notes 12 and 13 for deferred inflows of resources related to the Career Center's net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset, respectively. This deferred inflow of resources is only reported on the government-wide statement of net position.

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The entitlement value of donated commodities received during the year is reported in the financial statements as an expenditure with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

### E. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the Career Center is pooled in a central bank account. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the Career Center's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and investments" on the basic financial statements.

During fiscal year 2020, the Career Center invested in Federal Farm Credit Bank (FFCB) securities, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC) securities, negotiable certificates of deposit, commercial paper, U.S. Treasury notes, U.S. government money market accounts and the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio).

Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts such as nonnegotiable certificates of deposit and repurchase agreements are reported at cost.

STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standard Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The Career Center measures their investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For 2020, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$25 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$100 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$100 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Under existing Ohio statute, interest earnings are allotted to the general fund unless the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2020 amounted to \$569,093 which includes \$78,815 assigned from other Career Center funds.

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the Career Center are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the Career Center's investment account at fiscal year end is provided in Note 4.

### F. Prepayments

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2020, are recorded as prepayments using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

### **G.** Inventory

On government-wide and fund financial statements, purchased inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market and donated commodities are presented at their entitlement value. Inventories are recorded on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. Inventories are accounted for using the consumption method.

On the fund financial statements, reported material and supplies inventory is equally offset by a non-spendable fund balance in the governmental funds which indicates that it does not constitute available spendable resources even though it is a component of net current assets.

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, donated food and purchased food.

### H. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets that generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and deductions during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition values as of the date received. The Career Center maintains a capitalization threshold of \$2,500. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. The Career Center does not possess infrastructure.

All reported capital assets except land are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

|                                     | Governmental    |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------|
|                                     | Activities      |
| Description                         | Estimated Lives |
|                                     |                 |
| Buildings and building improvements | 75 years        |
| Furniture, fixtures and equipment   | 8 - 20 years    |
| Vehicles                            | 10 - 12 years   |

### I. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund loans receivable/payable". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column on the statement of net position.

### J. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the Career Center consist of vacation leave and sick leave to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the Career Center and the employee.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination (severance) payments. A liability for sick leave is accrued using the termination method. The liability is an estimate based on the Career Center's past experience of making termination (severance) payments.

The total liability for vacation leave and sick leave payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at June 30, 2020 and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any additional salary related payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid.

### K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Net pension/OPEB liability should be recognized in the governmental funds to the extent that benefit payments are due and payable and the pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is not sufficient for payment of those benefits.

### L. Fund Balances

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Career Center is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of loans receivable.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the Career Center Board of Education (the highest level of decision making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Career Center Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the Career Center for specific purposes, but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted nor committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the Career Center Board of Education, which includes giving the Treasurer the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The Career Center applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

### M. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows. The net position component "net investment in capital assets," consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Career Center or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. The amount restricted for other purposes represents amounts restricted for food service and adult education funds.

The Career Center applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

### N. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

### O. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenses/expenditures in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements.

### P. Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability, net OPEB asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

### Q. Fair Value

The Career Center categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarch established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

### NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

### A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2020, the Career Center has implemented GASB Statement No. 84, "Fiduciary Activities" and GASB Statement No. 90, "Majority Equity Interests - an amendment to GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61".

GASB Statement No. 84 establishes specific criteria for identifying activities that should be reported as fiduciary activities and clarifies whether and how business-type activities should report their fiduciary activities. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84, the Career Center will no longer be reporting agency funds. The Career Center reviewed its agency funds and private-purpose trust fund and have reclassified these funds as governmental funds. These fund reclassifications resulted in the restatement of the Career Center's financial statements.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

### NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 90 improves the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. It defines a majority equity interest and specifies that a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization should be reported as an investment if a government's holding of the equity interest meets the definition of an investment. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 90 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Career Center.

#### B. Restatement of Net Position and Fund Balances

The implementation of GASB 84 had the following effect on fund balance as reported at June 30, 2019:

|   |              | Other        | Total        |
|---|--------------|--------------|--------------|
|   |              | Governmental | Governmental |
|   | General      | Funds        | Funds        |
| Fund Balance as previously reported     | \$10,561,923 | \$ 2,006,453 | \$12,568,376 |
| GASB Statement No. 84                   |              | 177,344      | 177,344      |
| Restated Fund Balance, at June 30, 2019 | \$10,561,923 | \$ 2,183,797 | \$12,745,720 |

The implementation of the GASB 84 pronouncement had the following effect on the net position as reported at June 30, 2019:

|  | Governmental Activities |
|--|-------------------------|
| Net position as previously reported    | \$ 23,456,586           |
| GASB Statement No. 84                  | 177,344                 |
| Restated net position at June 30, 2019 | \$ 23,633,930           |

Related to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84, the Career Center will no longer be reporting agency funds. At June 30, 2019, agency funds reported assets and liabilities of \$172,988. Of this amount, \$170,651 of liabilities was due to school-related activities; therefore, \$170,651 is the impact on beginning governmental fund balance and net position. Also, related to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84, the Career Center's private purpose trust fund has been reclassified from a fiduciary fund to a governmental fund. At June 30, 2019, the private purpose funds reported a net position of \$6,693.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

### NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

#### C. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2020 included the following individual fund deficits:

| Nonmajor funds                        | _I | Deficit |
|---------------------------------------|----|---------|
| Vocational Education Enhancement      | \$ | 4,110   |
| Adult Basic Education                 |    | 22,905  |
| Vocational Education: Carl D. Perkins |    | 9,252   |

The general fund is liable for any deficit in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

#### **NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

State statutes classify monies held by the Career Center into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the Career Center treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Government National Mortgage Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

### NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

- 5. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio, and with certain limitations including a requirement for maturity within ten years from the date of settlement, bonds and other obligations of political subdivisions of the State of Ohio, if training requirements have been met;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) and (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool, the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio), and
- 8. Certain bankers' acceptances (for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days) and commercial paper notes (for a period not to exceed two hundred seventy days) in an amount not to exceed 40 percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time if training requirements have been met.

Protection of the deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by the financial institutions participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. Except as noted above, an investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the Career Center, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

#### A. Cash on Hand

At fiscal year end, the Career Center had \$1,100 in undeposited cash on hand which is included on the financial statements of the Career Center as part of "equity in pooled cash and investments".

### **B.** Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2020, the carrying amount of all Career Center deposits was \$2,056,116 and the bank balance of all Career Center deposits was \$2,252,243. All of the bank balance was covered by the FDIC.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

### **NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)**

#### R. Investments

As of June 30, 2020, the Career Center had the following investments and maturities:

|                     |    |                     | Investment Maturities |           |    |           |    |           |    |           |    |             |
|---------------------|----|---------------------|-----------------------|-----------|----|-----------|----|-----------|----|-----------|----|-------------|
| Measurement/        | N  | <b>l</b> easurement | 6                     | months or |    | 7 to 12   |    | 13 to 18  |    | 19 to 24  | G  | reater than |
| Investment type     | _  | value               |                       | less      | _  | months    | _  | months    |    | months    | 2  | 24 months   |
| Fair value:         |    |                     |                       |           |    |           |    |           |    |           |    |             |
| FFCB                | \$ | 598,981             | \$                    | -         | \$ | -         | \$ | -         | \$ | 598,981   | \$ | -           |
| FHLMC               |    | 1,699,594           |                       | -         |    | 399,526   |    | -         |    | 399,923   |    | 900,145     |
| U.S. Treasury notes |    | 1,011,407           |                       | -         |    | 505,469   |    | 505,938   |    |           |    |             |
| Negotiable CDs      |    | 8,748,756           |                       | -         |    | 1,999,568 |    | 755,976   |    | 1,792,771 |    | 4,200,441   |
| Commercial paper    |    | 1,373,465           |                       | 799,820   |    | 573,645   |    | -         |    | -         |    | -           |
| US Government       |    |                     |                       |           |    |           |    |           |    |           |    |             |
| money market        |    | 13,095              |                       | 13,095    |    | -         |    | -         |    | -         |    | -           |
| Amortized cost:     |    |                     |                       |           |    |           |    |           |    |           |    |             |
| STAR Ohio           | _  | 241,099             |                       | 241,099   | _  |           | _  |           | _  | _         |    |             |
|                     | \$ | 13,686,397          | \$                    | 1,054,014 | \$ | 3,478,208 | \$ | 1,261,914 | \$ | 2,791,675 | \$ | 5,100,586   |

The weighted average of maturity of investments is 1.84 years.

The Career Center's investments in U.S. government money market mutual funds are valued using quoted market prices in active markets (Level 1 inputs). The Career Center's investments in federal agency securities (FFCB, FHLMC) negotiable CDs, U.S. Treasury notes, and commercial paper are valued using quoted market prices in markets that are not considered to be active, dealer quotations or alternative pricing sources for similar assets or liabilities for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly (Level 2 inputs).

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the Career Center's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk: The Career Center's investments in federal agency securities were rated AA+ and Aaa by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services, respectively. The commercial paper was rated P-1 by Moody's. Standard & Poor's has assigned STAR Ohio and the U.S. Government money market an AAAm money market rating. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The Career Center's investment policy does not specifically address credit risk beyond requiring the Career Center to only invest in securities authorized by State statute.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

### **NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)**

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Career Center will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Career Center has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The Career Center places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the Career Center at June 30, 2020:

| Measurement/                      | M  |            |        |
|-----------------------------------|----|------------|--------|
| Investment type                   |    | % of Total |        |
| Fair Value:                       |    |            |        |
| FFCB                              | \$ | 598,981    | 4.38   |
| FHLMC                             |    | 1,699,594  | 12.42  |
| U.S. Treasury notes               |    | 1,011,407  | 7.39   |
| Negotiable CDs                    |    | 8,748,756  | 63.91  |
| Commercial paper                  |    | 1,373,465  | 10.04  |
| U.S. Government money market fund |    | 13,095     | 0.10   |
| Amoritzed Cost:                   |    |            |        |
| STAR Ohio                         |    | 241,099    | 1.76   |
| Total                             | \$ | 13,686,397 | 100.00 |

### D. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Position

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net position as of June 30, 2020:

| Cash and investments per note                      |    |            |
|--|----|------------|
| Carry amount of deposits                           | \$ | 2,056,116  |
| Investments  |    | 13,686,397 |
| Cash on hand                                       | _  | 1,100      |
| Total  | \$ | 15,743,613 |
| Cash and investments per statement of net position |    |            |
| Governmental activities                            | \$ | 15,743,613 |
| Total  | \$ | 15,743,613 |

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### **NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS**

**A.** Interfund loans receivable and payable consisted of the following at June 30, 2020, as reported on the fund financial statements:

| Receivable fund | Payable fund                | Amount    |
|-----------------|-----------------------------|-----------|
| General fund    | Nonmajor governmental funds | \$ 25,464 |

The primary purpose of the interfund balances is to cover costs in specific funds where revenues were not received by June 30. These interfund balances will be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received.

Interfund balances between governmental fund are eliminated on the government-wide statement of net position.

**B.** Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2020, consisted of the following, as reported on the fund statements:

Transfers from general fund to:

Nonmajor governmental funds

\$ 150,000

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget required to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and to use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. Transfers between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financials.

All transfers made during the fiscal year 2020 were made in accordance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.14, 5705.15 and 5705.16.

### **NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES**

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the Career Center fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the Career Center in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property and public utility property. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2020 represent the collection of calendar year 2019 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2020 were levied after April 1, 2019, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2019, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised fair value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2020 represent the collection of calendar year 2019 taxes. Public utility real and personal property taxes received in calendar year 2020 became a lien on December 31, 2018, were levied after April 1, 2019, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

### **NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)**

The Career Center receives property taxes from Miami, Shelby, Logan, Auglaize and Darke Counties. The County Auditor periodically advances to the Career Center its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2020, are available to finance fiscal year 2020 operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2020 was \$883,637 in the general fund. This amount is recorded as revenue. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2019 was \$649,055 in the general fund. The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and delinquent tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2020 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year-end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflows.

On the accrual basis of accounting, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis of accounting the revenue has been reported as a deferred inflow of resources.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2020 taxes were collected are:

|  | 2019 Second<br>Half Collection |               | 2020 First<br>Half Collecti    | -             |
|--|--------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------------|---------------|
|  | Amount                         | Percent       | Amount                         | Percent       |
| Agricultural/residential<br>and other real estate<br>Public utility personal | \$ 2,439,154,850<br>91,563,980 | 96.38<br>3.62 | \$ 2,561,569,870<br>98,428,170 | 96.30<br>3.70 |
| Total  | \$ 2,530,718,830               | 100.00        | \$ 2,659,998,040               | 100.00        |
| Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation                                   | \$4.90                         |               | \$6.40                         |               |

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

### **NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES**

Receivables at June 30, 2020 consisted of property taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services and student fees), accrued interest and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds. A summary of the principal items of receivables reported on the statement of net position follows:

### **Governmental activities:**

| Property taxes    | \$ 9,934,048  |
|-------------------|---------------|
| Accounts          | 48,094        |
| Accrued interest  | 27,403        |
| Intergovernmental | 71,936        |
| Total             | \$ 10,081,481 |

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected in the subsequent year.

#### **NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, was as follows:

|   | Balance       |              |             | Balance       |
|---|---------------|--------------|-------------|---------------|
|   | 06/30/19      | Additions    | Deductions  | 06/30/20      |
| Governmental activities:                    |               |              |             |               |
| Capital assets, not being depreciated:      |               |              |             |               |
| Land  | \$ 1,361,300  | \$ 20,000    | \$ -        | \$ 1,381,300  |
| Total capital assets, not being depreciated | 1,361,300     | 20,000       |             | 1,381,300     |
| Capital assets, being depreciated:          |               |              |             |               |
| Buildings and improvements                  | 36,968,256    | 79,839       | -           | 37,048,095    |
| Furniture, fixtures and equipment           | 5,356,968     | 565,997      | (56,974)    | 5,865,991     |
| Vehicles                                    | 576,206       |              |             | 576,206       |
| Total capital assets, being depreciated     | 42,901,430    | 645,836      | (56,974)    | 43,490,292    |
| Less: accumulated depreciation:             |               |              |             |               |
| Buildings and improvements                  | (6,867,823)   | (649,386)    | -           | (7,517,209)   |
| Furniture, fixtures and equipment           | (3,019,773)   | (433,491)    | 31,837      | (3,421,427)   |
| Vehicles                                    | (290,802)     | (33,134)     |             | (323,936)     |
| Total accumulated depreciation              | (10,178,398)  | (1,116,011)  | 31,837      | (11,262,572)  |
| Governmental activities capital assets, net | \$ 34,084,332 | \$ (450,175) | \$ (25,137) | \$ 33,609,020 |

\$179,745 in furniture, fixtures, and equipment and \$177,003 in corresponding accumulated depreciation have been reclassified in the balance at June 30, 2019 to vehicles.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

### **NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS - (Continued)**

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

| Regular                                  | \$<br>57,125<br>802 |
|--|---------------------|
| Special Vocational                       | 895,839             |
|  | ,                   |
| Adult/continuing                         | 24,118              |
| Support services:                        |                     |
| Pupil                                    | 2,594               |
| Instructional staff                      | 8,438               |
| Administration                           | 16,297              |
| Fiscal                                   | 745                 |
| Business                                 | 695                 |
| Operations and maintenance               | 74,065              |
| Pupil transportation                     | 18,905              |
| Central                                  | 2,771               |
| Operation of non-instructional services: |                     |
| Other non-instructional services         | 190                 |
| Food service operations                  | <br>13,427          |
| Total depreciation expense               | \$<br>1,116,011     |

#### **NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS**

**A.** During the fiscal year 2020, the following activity occurred in governmental activities long-term obligations.

|                                 | Ju | Balance<br>ne 30, 2019 |    | Additions |    | Reductions | Jı | Balance<br>ane 30, 2020 | _  | Amounts Due in One Year |
|---------------------------------|----|------------------------|----|-----------|----|------------|----|-------------------------|----|-------------------------|
| <b>Governmental Activities:</b> |    |                        |    | _         |    | _          |    |                         |    |                         |
| General obligation bonds:       |    |                        |    |           |    |            |    |                         |    |                         |
| Series 2017 bonds BB&T -        |    |                        |    |           |    |            |    |                         |    |                         |
| direct borrowing                | \$ | 1,215,000              | \$ | -         | \$ | (140,000)  | \$ | 1,075,000               | \$ | 145,000                 |
| Net pension liability           |    | 21,670,653             |    | 165,981   |    | (95,408)   |    | 21,741,226              |    | -                       |
| Net OPEB liability              |    | 2,250,180              |    | -         |    | (258,922)  |    | 1,991,258               |    | -                       |
| Compensated absences            |    | 1,479,257              |    | 211,840   |    | (134,328)  |    | 1,556,769               |    | 56,853                  |
| Total governmental activities   |    |                        |    |           |    |            |    |                         |    |                         |
| long-term liabilities           | _  | 26,615,090             | _  | 377,821   | _  | (628,658)  | _  | 26,364,253              |    | 201,853                 |

<u>Series 2017 Bonds BB&T</u>: On July 27, 2017 the Career Center issued \$1,500,000 in Series 2017 general obligation bonds. The bond bears interest of 2.27% with interest payments due June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is December 1, 2026. Principal and interest payments are made from the general fund. The bond issuance is considered a direct borrowing. Direct borrowings have terms negotiated directly between the Career Center and the lender and are not offered for public sale. At June 30, 2020, there were \$88,211 in unspent proceeds.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

### **NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)**

The following is a summary of the Career Center's future annual principal and interest requirements to maturity for its general obligation bonds:

| Fiscal Year     | General Obligation Bonds |    |          |    |           |
|-----------------|--------------------------|----|----------|----|-----------|
| Ending June 30, | Principal                | _  | Interest |    | Total     |
| 2021            | \$<br>145,000            | \$ | 22,757   | \$ | 167,757   |
| 2022            | 145,000                  |    | 19,465   |    | 164,465   |
| 2023            | 150,000                  |    | 16,117   |    | 166,117   |
| 2024            | 155,000                  |    | 12,655   |    | 167,655   |
| 2025            | 155,000                  |    | 9,137    |    | 164,137   |
| 2026 - 2027     | <br>325,000              |    | 7,435    |    | 332,435   |
| Total           | \$<br>1,075,000          | \$ | 87,566   | \$ | 1,162,566 |

Net pension liability - See Note 12 for details.

Net OPEB liability/asset - See Note 13 for details.

<u>Compensated absences</u> - Compensated absences will be paid from the funds from which the employees' salaries are paid, which for the Career Center is primarily the general fund and the adult education fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

#### B. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the Career Center shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the Career Center. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the Career Center. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the Career Center. The assessed valuation used in determining the Career Center's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the Career Center's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2020, are a voted debt margin of \$238,335,223 and an unvoted debt margin of \$1,584,998.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### **NOTE 10 - OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS**

#### A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation leave and sick leave benefits are derived from the Board of Education's administrative regulations and State laws. Full-time classified employees for annual terms on regular contracts are granted two weeks of paid vacation. They are granted one additional day of paid vacation for every full year of service to the Career Center after the completion of five years. After 20 years of service, classified employees are granted 25 days of paid vacation.

Teachers and administrators do not earn vacation time, with the exception of the Superintendent, Directors, and the Treasurer. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees upon termination of employment. Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of 1.25 days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 220 days. Upon retirement, payment is made for one-fourth of the total sick leave accumulation to a maximum of 52.5 days.

#### B. Life Insurance

The Career Center provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to most employees through Unum Insurance Company.

#### **NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

### A. Comprehensive

The Career Center is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft or damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2020, the Career Center contracted with the Britt Insurance Company of Illinois for property, fleet, stop-gap, employee benefits, and liability insurance. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in the past three fiscal years. There have been no significant changes in coverage from the last fiscal year.

#### B. Medical/Dental/Vision Insurance Benefits

For fiscal year 2020, the Career Center participated in the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Cooperative Benefit Plan Trust (the "Trust"), a public entity shared risk pool consisting of 55 school districts (See Note 2). The Career Center pays monthly premiums to the Trust for employee medical and dental insurance benefits. The Trust is responsible for the management and operations of the program. Upon withdrawal from the Trust, a participant is responsible for the payment of all Trust liabilities to its employees, dependents, and designated beneficiaries accruing as a result of withdrawal.

The Career Center also provides vision insurance benefits to employees through Vision Service Plan (VSP).

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

### **NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)**

#### C. Workers' Compensation

For fiscal year 2020, the Career Center participated in the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the Career Center by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is tiered into groups based upon past workers' compensation experience. Within each tiered group, a common premium rate is applied to all school districts within that group. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the state based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of their tiered group. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Corvel Corporation provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

#### **NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS**

#### Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability represents the Career Center's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the Career Center's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The Career Center cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the Career Center does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in pension and postemployment benefits payable on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

### Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description - The Career Center non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at <a href="https://www.ohsers.org">www.ohsers.org</a> under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

|                              | Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *                                      | Eligible to<br>Retire after<br>August 1, 2017  |
|------------------------------|---|--|
| Full benefits                | Age 65 with 5 years of services credit: or<br>Any age with 30 years of service credit | Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit    |
| Actuarially reduced benefits | Age 60 with 5 years of service credit; or<br>Age 55 with 25 years of service credit   | Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or<br>Age 60 with 25 years of service credit |

<sup>\*</sup> Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017 will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.2% for the first thirty years of service and 2.5% for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

Effective January 1, 2018, SERS cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) changed from a fixed 3% annual increase to one based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI-W) with a cap of 2.5% and a floor of 0%. SERS also has the authority to award or suspend the COLA, or to adjust the COLA above or below CPI-W. SERS suspended the COLA increases for 2018, 2019 and 2020 for current retirees, and confirmed their intent to implement a four-year waiting period for the state of a COLA for future retirees.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10% of their annual covered salary and the Career Center is required to contribute 14% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10% for plan members and 14% for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14.0%.

The Career Center's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$408,709 for fiscal year 2020. Of this amount, \$18,578 is reported as pension and postemployment benefits payable.

### Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description - Licensed teachers participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS website at <a href="https://www.strsoh.org">www.strsoh.org</a>.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### **NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)**

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307. The DB Plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation will be 2.2% of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. Effective July 1, 2017, the cost-of-living adjustment was reduced to zero. Members are eligible to retire at age 60 with five years of qualifying service credit, or age 55 with 28 years of service, or 33 years of service regardless of age. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.53% of the 14% employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.47% of the 14% employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12% of the 14% member rate goes to the DC Plan and the remaining 2% is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity after termination of employment at age 50 or later.

New members who choose the DC Plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit to apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. For fiscal year 2020, plan members were required to contribute 14% of their annual covered salary. The Career Center was required to contribute 14%; the entire 14% was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The fiscal year 2020 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

The Career Center's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$1,283,915 for fiscal year 2020. Of this amount, \$167,198 is reported as pension and postemployment benefits payable.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

### NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Career Center's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the Career Center's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities.

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

|                                    | SERS                  | STRS                  | Total         |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|---------------|
| Proportion of the net pension      |                       |                       |               |
| liability prior measurement date   | 0.08663590%           | 0.07599164%           |               |
| Proportion of the net pension      |                       |                       |               |
| liability current measurement date | 0.08570330%           | <u>0.07512502</u> %   |               |
| Change in proportionate share      | - <u>0.00093260</u> % | - <u>0.00086662</u> % |               |
| Proportionate share of the net     |                       |                       |               |
| pension liability                  | \$ 5,127,779          | \$ 16,613,447         | \$ 21,741,226 |
| Pension expense                    | \$ 885,731            | \$ 2,001,752          | \$ 2,887,483  |

At June 30, 2020, the Career Center reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

|   | SERS       | STRS        | Total       |
|---|------------|-------------|-------------|
| Deferred outflows of resources  |            |             |             |
| Differences between expected and  |            |             |             |
| actual experience   | \$ 130,030 | \$ 135,259  | \$ 265,289  |
| Changes of assumptions  | -          | 1,951,570   | 1,951,570   |
| Difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions/ |            |             |             |
| change in proportionate share   | 65,107     | 146,916     | 212,023     |
| Contributions subsequent to the   |            |             |             |
| measurement date  | 408,709    | 1,283,915   | 1,692,624   |
| Total deferred outflows of resources  | \$ 603,846 | \$3,517,660 | \$4,121,506 |
|   | SERS       | STRS        | Total       |
| Deferred inflows of resources   |            |             |             |
| Differences between expected and  |            |             |             |
| actual experience   | \$ -       | \$ 71,917   | \$ 71,917   |
| Net difference between projected and  |            |             |             |
| actual earnings on pension plan investments   | 65,823     | 811,975     | 877,798     |
| Difference between employer contributions   |            |             |             |
| and proportionate share of contributions/   |            |             |             |
| change in proportionate share   | 29,777     | 441,158     | 470,935     |
| Total deferred inflows of resources   | \$ 95,600  | \$1,325,050 | \$1,420,650 |

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

### NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

\$1,692,624 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from Career Center contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2021.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

|                             | SERS          | STRS |          | Total |           |
|-----------------------------|---------------|------|----------|-------|-----------|
| Fiscal Year Ending June 30: |               |      |          |       |           |
| 2021                        | \$<br>187,054 | \$   | 803,080  | \$    | 990,134   |
| 2022                        | (120,463)     |      | 94,010   |       | (26,453)  |
| 2023                        | (4,381)       |      | (76,857) |       | (81,238)  |
| 2024                        | 37,327        |      | 88,462   |       | 125,789   |
| Total                       | \$<br>99,537  | \$   | 908,695  | \$    | 1,008,232 |

### **Actuarial Assumptions - SERS**

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2019, are presented below:

Wage inflation 3.00%
Future salary increases, including inflation 3.50% to 18.20%
COLA or ad hoc COLA 2.50%
Investment rate of return 7.50% net of investments expense, including inflation

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal (level percent of payroll)

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

For 2019, the mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age set-back for both males and females. Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries were based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates. Mortality among disabled members was based upon the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major assets class are summarized in the following table:

|                        | Target     | Long-Term Expected  |
|------------------------|------------|---------------------|
| Asset Class            | Allocation | Real Rate of Return |
| Cash                   | 1.00 %     | 0.50 %              |
| US Equity              | 22.50      | 4.75                |
| International Equity   | 22.50      | 7.00                |
| Fixed Income           | 19.00      | 1.50                |
| Private Equity         | 10.00      | 8.00                |
| Real Assets            | 15.00      | 5.00                |
| Multi-Asset Strategies | 10.00      | 3.00                |
| Total                  | 100.00 %   |                     |

**Discount Rate** - The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.50%). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Career Center's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.50%), or one percentage point higher (8.50%) than the current rate.

|                                     | Current      |    |             |             |  |  |  |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|----|-------------|-------------|--|--|--|
|                                     | 1% Decrease  | Di | scount Rate | 1% Increase |  |  |  |
| Career Center's proportionate share |              |    |             |             |  |  |  |
| of the net pension liability        | \$ 7,185,851 | \$ | 5,127,779   | \$3,401,827 |  |  |  |

#### Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the July 1, 2019, actuarial valuation are presented below:

|                                   | July 1, 2019   |  |  |  |
|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Inflation                         | 2.50%  |  |  |  |
| Projected salary increases        | 12.50% at age 20 to                                    |  |  |  |
|                                   | 2.50% at age 65  |  |  |  |
| Investment rate of return         | 7.45%, net of investment expenses, including inflation |  |  |  |
| Payroll increases                 | 3.00%  |  |  |  |
| Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA) | 0.00%  |  |  |  |

For the July 1, 2019, actuarial valuation, post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2019 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### **NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)**

STRS Ohio's investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

| Asset Class          | Target Allocation* | Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return ** |
|----------------------|--------------------|---|
| Domestic Equity      | 28.00 %            | 7.35 %                                    |
| International Equity | 23.00              | 7.55                                      |
| Alternatives         | 17.00              | 7.09                                      |
| Fixed Income         | 21.00              | 3.00                                      |
| Real Estate          | 10.00              | 6.00                                      |
| Liquidity Reserves   | 1.00               | 2.25                                      |
| Total                | 100.00 %           |   |

<sup>\*</sup>Target weights will be phased in over a 24-month period concluding on July 1, 2019.

\*\*10-Year geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.45% as of June 30, 2019. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2019. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.45% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2019.

Sensitivity of the Career Center's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table presents the Career Center's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45%, as well as what the Career Center's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.45%) or one-percentage-point higher (8.45%) than the current rate:

|                                     | Current      |             |            |              |  |  |  |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|-------------|------------|--------------|--|--|--|
|                                     | 1% Decrease  | 1% Increase |            |              |  |  |  |
| Career Center's proportionate share |              |             |            |              |  |  |  |
| of the net pension liability        | \$24,278,702 | \$          | 16,613,447 | \$10,124,416 |  |  |  |

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### **NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS**

#### Net OPEB Liability/Asset

The net OPEB liability/asset reported on the statement of net position represents a liability/asset to employees for OPEB. OPEB is a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for OPEB is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net OPEB liability/asset represents the Career Center's proportionate share of each OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net OPEB liability/asset calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the Career Center's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The Career Center cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which OPEB are financed; however, the Career Center does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including OPEB.

GASB 75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because they benefit from employee services. OPEB contributions come from these employers and health care plan enrollees which pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. Any change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net OPEB liability/asset. Resulting adjustments to the net OPEB liability/asset would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded/funded benefits is presented as a long-term *net OPEB liability* or *net OPEB asset* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required OPEB contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in pension and postemployment benefits payable on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

### **NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)**

#### Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The Career Center contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at <a href="https://www.ohsers.org">www.ohsers.org</a> under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14% of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, SERS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, prorated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2020, this amount was \$19,600. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2% of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5% of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2020, the Career Center's surcharge obligation was \$5,715.

The surcharge added to the allocated portion of the 14% employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The Career Center's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$5,715 for fiscal year 2020. Of this amount, \$0 is reported as pension and postemployment benefits payable.

### Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued effective January 1, 2021. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

### **NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)**

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14% of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

# OPEB Liabilities/Assets, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability/asset was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total OPEB liability/asset used to calculate the net OPEB liability/asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Career Center's proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset was based on the Career Center's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

|  |       | SERS      |      | STRS              | <br>Total         |
|--|-------|-----------|------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Proportion of the net OPEB               |       |           |      |                   |                   |
| liability/asset prior measurement date   | 0.08  | 8110890%  | 0.0  | 07599164%         |                   |
| Proportion of the net OPEB               |       |           |      |                   |                   |
| liability/asset current measurement date | 0.07  | 7918190%  | 0.0  | <u>07512502</u> % |                   |
| Change in proportionate share            | -0.00 | 0192700%  | -0.0 | 00086662%         |                   |
| Proportionate share of the net           |       |           |      |                   |                   |
| OPEB liability                           | \$ 1  | 1,991,258 | \$   | -                 | \$<br>1,991,258   |
| Proportionate share of the net           |       |           |      |                   |                   |
| OPEB asset                               | \$    | -         | \$   | (1,244,250)       | \$<br>(1,244,250) |
| OPEB expense                             | \$    | 56,391    | \$   | (395,406)         | \$<br>(339,015)   |

At June 30, 2020, the Career Center reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

|   | SERS       | STRS       | Total      |
|---|------------|------------|------------|
| Deferred outflows of resources            |            |            |            |
| Differences between expected and          |            |            |            |
| actual experience                         | \$ 29,230  | \$ 112,802 | \$ 142,032 |
| Net difference between projected and      |            |            |            |
| actual earnings on OPEB plan investments  | 4,781      | -          | 4,781      |
| Changes of assumptions                    | 145,439    | 26,154     | 171,593    |
| Difference between employer contributions |            |            |            |
| and proportionate share of contributions/ |            |            |            |
| change in proportionate share             | 55,276     | 31,451     | 86,727     |
| Contributions subsequent to the           |            |            |            |
| measurement date                          | 5,715      |            | 5,715      |
| Total deferred outflows of resources      | \$ 240,441 | \$ 170,407 | \$ 410,848 |

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

### NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

|   | SERS       | STRS        | Total        |
|---|------------|-------------|--------------|
| Deferred inflows of resources             |            |             |              |
| Differences between expected and          |            |             |              |
| actual experience                         | \$ 437,466 | \$ 63,304   | \$ 500,770   |
| Net difference between projected and      |            |             |              |
| actual earnings on OPEB plan investments  | -          | 78,147      | 78,147       |
| Changes of assumptions                    | 111,585    | 1,364,176   | 1,475,761    |
| Difference between employer contributions |            |             |              |
| and proportionate share of contributions/ |            |             |              |
| change in proportionate share             | 87,752     | 78,369      | 166,121      |
| Total deferred inflows of resources       | \$ 636,803 | \$1,583,996 | \$ 2,220,799 |

\$5,715 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from Career Center contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability/asset in the year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

|                             | <br>SERS        | STRS |             | Total             |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|------|-------------|-------------------|
| Fiscal Year Ending June 30: |                 |      |             |                   |
| 2021                        | \$<br>(120,973) | \$   | (311,481)   | \$<br>(432,454)   |
| 2022                        | (61,600)        |      | (311,479)   | (373,079)         |
| 2023                        | (60,197)        |      | (280,160)   | (340,357)         |
| 2024                        | (60,424)        |      | (269,173)   | (329,597)         |
| 2025                        | (65,954)        |      | (244,038)   | (309,992)         |
| Thereafter                  | <br>(32,929)    |      | 2,742       | <br>(30,187)      |
| Total                       | \$<br>(402,077) | \$   | (1,413,589) | \$<br>(1,815,666) |

### **Actuarial Assumptions - SERS**

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

### **NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)**

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2019 are presented below:

| Wage inflation   | 3.00%                        |
|--|------------------------------|
| Future salary increases, including inflation                     | 3.50% to 18.20%              |
| Investment rate of return  | 7.50% net of investments     |
|  | expense, including inflation |
| Municipal bond index rate:                                       |                              |
| Measurement date   | 3.13%                        |
| Prior measurement date   | 3.62%                        |
| Single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, |                              |
| including price inflation:                                       |                              |
| Measurement date   | 3.22%                        |
| Prior measurement date   | 3.70%                        |
| Medical trend assumption:  |                              |
| Measurement date   |                              |
| Medicare   | 5.25 to 4.75%                |
| Pre-Medicare   | 7.00 to 4.75%                |
| Prior measurement date   |                              |
| Medicare   | 5.375 to 4.75%               |
| Pre-Medicare   | 7.25 to 4.75%                |
|  |                              |

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and Scale BB, 120% of male rates and 110% of female rates. RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates set back five years.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2010 through 2015, and was adopted by the Board on April 21, 2016. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.50%, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

### NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as used in the June 30, 2015 five-year experience study, are summarized as follows:

|                        | Target     | Long-Term Expected  |
|------------------------|------------|---------------------|
| Asset Class            | Allocation | Real Rate of Return |
| Cash                   | 1.00 %     | 0.50 %              |
| US Equity              | 22.50      | 4.75                |
| International Equity   | 22.50      | 7.00                |
| Fixed Income           | 19.00      | 1.50                |
| Private Equity         | 10.00      | 8.00                |
| Real Assets            | 15.00      | 5.00                |
| Multi-Asset Strategies | 10.00      | 3.00                |
| Total                  | 100.00 %   |                     |

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2019 was 3.22%. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2019 was 3.70%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the state statute contribution rate of 2.00% of projected covered employee payroll each year, which includes a 1.50% payroll surcharge and 0.50% of contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make future benefit payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan assets was used to present value the projected benefit payments through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024 and the Fidelity General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index rate of 3.13%, as of June 30, 2019 (i.e. municipal bond rate), was used to present value the projected benefit payments for the remaining years in the projection. A municipal bond rate of 3.62% was used as of June 30, 2018. The total present value of projected benefit payments from all years was then used to determine the single rate of return that was used as the discount rate. The projection of future benefit payments for all current plan members was until the benefit payments ran out.

Sensitivity of the Career Center's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates - The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability of SERS, what SERS' net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.22%) and higher (4.22%) than the current discount rate (3.22%). Also shown is what SERS' net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (6.00% decreasing to 3.75%) and higher (8.00% decreasing to 5.75%) than the current rate.

|   | Current |            |    |                       |             |            |  |  |  |  |
|---|---------|------------|----|-----------------------|-------------|------------|--|--|--|--|
| Career Center's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability |         | % Decrease | Di | scount Rate           | 1% Increase |            |  |  |  |  |
|   |         | 2,417,010  | \$ | 1,991,258             | \$          | 1,652,736  |  |  |  |  |
|   | 19      | % Decrease |    | Current<br>Frend Rate | 1           | % Increase |  |  |  |  |
| Career Center's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability | \$      | 1,595,401  | \$ | 1,991,258             | \$          | 2,516,465  |  |  |  |  |

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

### **NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)**

#### **Actuarial Assumptions - STRS**

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the July 1, 2019, actuarial valuation, compared with July 1, 2018, are presented below:

|                                   | July 1                           | , 2019   | July 1, 2018   |          |  |  |  |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------|--|----------|--|--|--|
| Inflation                         | 2.50%                            |          | 2.50%  |          |  |  |  |
| Projected salary increases        | 12.50% at age 2                  | 20 to    | 12.50% at age 2  | 0 to     |  |  |  |
|                                   | 2.50% at age 63                  | 5        | 2.50% at age 65  | 5        |  |  |  |
| Investment rate of return         | 7.45%, net of ir expenses, inclu |          | 7.45%, net of investment expenses, including inflation |          |  |  |  |
| Payroll increases                 | 3.00%                            |          | 3.00%  |          |  |  |  |
| Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA) | 0.00%                            |          | 0.00%  |          |  |  |  |
| Discounted rate of return         | 7.45%                            |          | 7.45%  |          |  |  |  |
| Blended discount rate of return   | N/A                              |          | N/A  |          |  |  |  |
| Health care cost trends           |                                  |          |  |          |  |  |  |
|                                   | Initial                          | Ultimate | Initial  | Ultimate |  |  |  |
| Medical                           |                                  |          |  |          |  |  |  |
| Pre-Medicare                      | 5.87%                            | 4.00%    | 6.00%  | 4.00%    |  |  |  |
| Medicare                          | 4.93%                            | 4.00%    | 5.00% 4.00%  |          |  |  |  |
| Prescription Drug                 |                                  |          |  |          |  |  |  |
| Pre-Medicare                      | 7.73%                            | 4.00%    | 8.00% 4.00%  |          |  |  |  |
| Medicare                          | 9.62%                            | 4.00%    | -5.23%   | 4.00%    |  |  |  |

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

Assumption Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - There were no changes in assumptions since the prior measurement date of June 30, 2018.

**Benefit Term Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date** - There was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were trended to the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020 to reflect the current price renewals. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2020 from 1.944% to 1.984% per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

### **NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)**

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

|                      | Target      | Long-Term Expected     |
|----------------------|-------------|------------------------|
| Asset Class          | Allocation* | Real Rate of Return ** |
| Domestic Equity      | 28.00 %     | 7.35 %                 |
| International Equity | 23.00       | 7.55                   |
| Alternatives         | 17.00       | 7.09                   |
| Fixed Income         | 21.00       | 3.00                   |
| Real Estate          | 10.00       | 6.00                   |
| Liquidity Reserves   | 1.00        | 2.25                   |
| Total                | 100.00 %    |                        |

<sup>\*</sup> Target weights will be phased in over a 24-month period concluding on July 1, 2019.

*Discount Rate* - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB asset was 7.45% as of June 30, 2019. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes STRS Ohio continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care plan investments of 7.45% was used to measure the total OPEB asset as of June 30, 2019.

Sensitivity of the Career Center's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate - The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2019, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45%, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.45%) or one percentage point higher (8.45%) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

|   | Current |            |    |              |             |           |  |  |  |  |
|---|---------|------------|----|--------------|-------------|-----------|--|--|--|--|
| Career Center's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset |         | % Decrease | Di | scount Rate  | 1% Increase |           |  |  |  |  |
|   |         | 1,061,720  | \$ | \$ 1,244,250 |             | 1,397,716 |  |  |  |  |
|   |         |            |    | Current      |             |           |  |  |  |  |
|   |         | % Decrease | 7  | Trend Rate   | 1% Increase |           |  |  |  |  |
| Career Center's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset | \$      | 1,410,923  | \$ | 1,244,250    | \$          | 1,040,117 |  |  |  |  |

<sup>\*\*10-</sup>Year geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### **NOTE 14 - CONTINGENCIES**

#### A. Grants

The Career Center receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, State and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the Career Center. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the Career Center.

### B. Litigation

The Career Center is involved in no material litigation as either plaintiff or defendant.

### C. Foundation Funding

Career Center Foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. Effective for the 2019-2020 school year, Career Centers must comply with minimum hours of instruction, instead of a minimum number of school days each year. The funding formula the Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to follow will continue to adjust as enrollment information is updated by the Career Center, which can extend past the fiscal year-end. As of the date of this report, ODE has not finalized the impact of enrollment adjustments to the June 30, 2020 Foundation funding for the Career Center; therefore, the financial statement impact is not determinable at this time. ODE and management believe this will result in either a receivable to or liability of the Career Center.

#### **NOTE 15 - COVID-19**

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the Career Center. The Career Center's investment portfolio and the investments of the pension and other employee benefit plans are subject to increased market volatility, which could result in a significant decline in fair value, consistent with the general decline in financial markets. However, because the values of individual investments fluctuate with market conditions, the amount of losses that will be recognized in subsequent periods, if any, cannot be determined. In addition, the impact on the Career Center's future operating costs, revenues, and any recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

### **NOTE 16 - SET-ASIDES**

The Career Center is required by State law to annually set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statutory formula, for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end. This amount must be carried forward to be used for the same purpose in future years. Expenditures exceeding the set-aside requirement may not be carried forward to the next fiscal year.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

### **NOTE 16 - SET-ASIDES - (Continued)**

The following cash-basis information describes the change in the fiscal year-end set-aside amount for capital improvements. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

|   | Capital      |           |  |
|---|--------------|-----------|--|
|   | Improvements |           |  |
| Set-aside balance June 30, 2019             | \$           | -         |  |
| Current year set-aside requirement          |              | 242,085   |  |
| Current year offsets                        |              | (337,500) |  |
| Total                                       | \$           | (95,415)  |  |
| Balance carried forward to fiscal year 2021 | \$           |           |  |
| Set-aside balance June 30, 2020             | \$           | _         |  |

During fiscal year 2010, the Career Center issued \$7,285,000 in capital related school facilities general obligation bonds. During fiscal year 2018, the Career Center issued \$1,500,000 for a new construction project. The Career Center is responsible for tracking the amount of bond proceeds that may be used as an offset in future periods, which was \$8,427,669 at June 30, 2020.

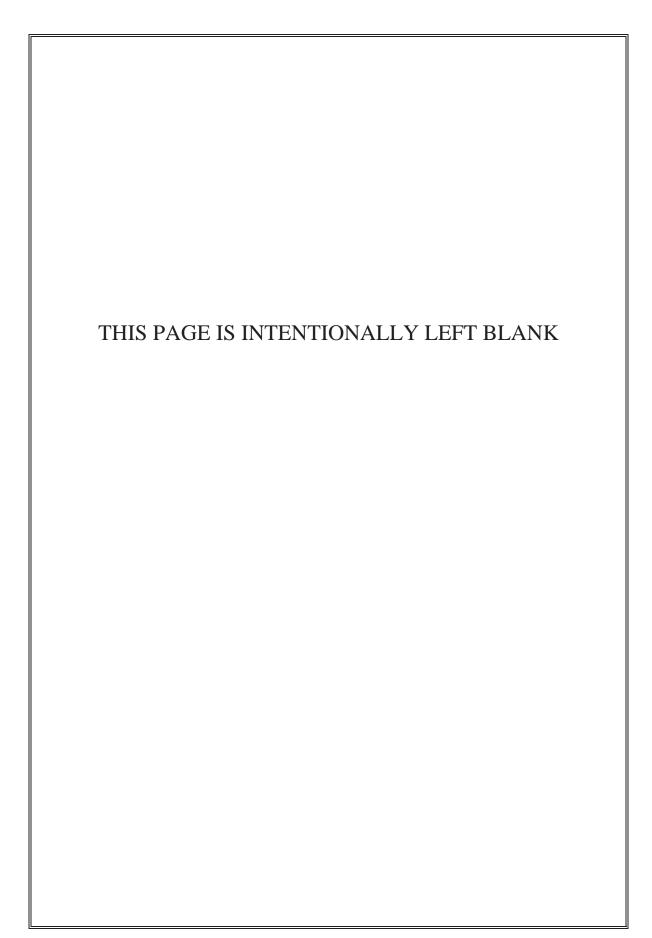
#### **NOTE 17 - OTHER COMMITMENTS**

The Career Center utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reservations of fund balance for subsequent-year expenditures and may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the Career Center had commitments for encumbrances in governmental funds as follows:

|                             | Year-End |                  |  |  |
|-----------------------------|----------|------------------|--|--|
| Fund Type                   | Enc      | <u>umbrances</u> |  |  |
| General fund                | \$       | 136,571          |  |  |
| Nonmajor governmental funds |          | 27,482           |  |  |
| Total                       | \$       | 164,053          |  |  |

### NOTE 18 - TAX ABATEMENTS ENTERED INTO BY OTHER GOVERNMENTS

Other governments entered into property tax abatement agreements with property owners under the Ohio Community Reinvestment Area ("CRA") and Enterprise Zone ("EZ") programs with the taxing districts of the Career Center. The CRA and EZ programs are directive incentive tax exemption programs benefiting property owners who renovate or construct new buildings. Under these programs, the other governments designated areas to encourage revitalization of the existing housing stock and the development of new structures. Within the taxing districts of the Career Center, Miami County and Shelby County have entered into such an agreement. Under this agreement (using latest information available) the Career Center's property taxes were reduced by approximately \$58,116 and \$31,529, respectively. The Career Center is not receiving any amounts from this other government in association with the forgone property tax revenue.



| REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION |
|------------------------------------|
|                                    |
|                                    |

### SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# SCHEDULE OF THE CAREER CENTER'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

### LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS

|   | 2020        |           | 2019        |           | 2018        |           | 2017       |           |
|---|-------------|-----------|-------------|-----------|-------------|-----------|------------|-----------|
| Career Center's proportion of the net pension liability   | 0.08570330% |           | 0.08663590% |           | 0.08100330% |           | 0.08171320 |           |
| Career Center's proportionate share of the net pension liability  | \$          | 5,127,779 | \$          | 4,961,798 | \$          | 4,839,768 | \$         | 5,980,652 |
| Career Center covered payroll   | \$          | 3,066,207 | \$          | 2,825,941 | \$          | 2,675,364 | \$         | 2,537,707 |
| Career Center's proportionate share of<br>the net pension liability as a percentage of<br>its covered payroll |             | 167.24%   |             | 175.58%   |             | 180.90%   |            | 235.67%   |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability                                    |             | 70.85%    |             | 71.36%    |             | 69.50%    |            | 62.98%    |

Note: Information prior to 2014 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the Career Center's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

| 2016        |           |    | 2015        | 2014        |           |  |  |  |
|-------------|-----------|----|-------------|-------------|-----------|--|--|--|
| 0.08239890% |           | (  | 0.08307200% | 0.08307200% |           |  |  |  |
| \$          | 4,701,761 | \$ | 4,204,227   | \$          | 4,940,025 |  |  |  |
| \$          | 2,480,637 | \$ | 2,413,903   | \$          | 1,883,945 |  |  |  |
|             | 189.54%   |    | 174.17%     |             | 262.22%   |  |  |  |
|             | 69.16%    |    | 71.70%      |             | 65.52%    |  |  |  |

### SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# SCHEDULE OF THE CAREER CENTER'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

### LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS

|   | 2020 |             | 2019 |             | 2018 |             | 2017 |             |  |
|---|------|-------------|------|-------------|------|-------------|------|-------------|--|
| Career Center's proportion of the net pension liability   |      | 0.07512502% |      | 0.07599164% |      | 0.07493250% |      | 0.07733354% |  |
| Career Center's proportionate share net pension liability   | \$   | 16,613,447  | \$   | 16,708,855  | \$   | 17,800,376  | \$   | 25,885,867  |  |
| Career Center covered payroll   | \$   | 9,956,364   | \$   | 9,209,964   | \$   | 9,998,743   | \$   | 9,421,421   |  |
| Career Center's proportionate share of<br>net pension liability as a percentage of its<br>covered payroll |      | 166.86%     |      | 181.42%     |      | 178.03%     |      | 274.76%     |  |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability                                |      | 77.40%      |      | 77.31%      |      | 75.30%      |      | 66.80%      |  |

Note: Information prior to 2014 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the Career Center's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

| 2016        |            | <br>2015         | 2014        |            |  |  |  |
|-------------|------------|------------------|-------------|------------|--|--|--|
| 0.07943705% |            | 0.08200887%      | 0.08200887% |            |  |  |  |
| \$          | 21,954,077 | \$<br>19,947,395 | \$          | 23,761,207 |  |  |  |
| \$          | 8,355,100  | \$<br>8,379,046  | \$          | 9,279,715  |  |  |  |
|             | 262.76%    | 238.06%          |             | 256.06%    |  |  |  |
|             | 72.10%     | 74.70%           |             | 69.30%     |  |  |  |

### SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# SCHEDULE OF CAREER CENTER PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

### LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

|  | 2020 |           | 2019 |           | 2018 |           | 2017 |           |
|--|------|-----------|------|-----------|------|-----------|------|-----------|
| Contractually required contribution                                  | \$   | 408,709   | \$   | 413,938   | \$   | 381,502   | \$   | 374,551   |
| Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution |      | (408,709) |      | (413,938) |      | (381,502) |      | (374,551) |
| Contribution deficiency (excess)                                     | \$   |           | \$   | _         | \$   |           | \$   |           |
| Career Center covered payroll  | \$   | 2,919,350 | \$   | 3,066,207 | \$   | 2,825,941 | \$   | 2,675,364 |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll                     |      | 14.00%    |      | 13.50%    |      | 13.50%    |      | 14.00%    |

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

| <br>2016        | <br>2015        | <br>2014        | <br>2013        | <br>2012        | <br>2011        |
|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| \$<br>355,279   | \$<br>326,948   | \$<br>334,567   | \$<br>260,738   | \$<br>275,006   | \$<br>254,196   |
| <br>(355,279)   | (326,948)       | <br>(334,567)   | <br>(260,738)   | <br>(275,006)   | (254,196)       |
| \$<br>          | \$<br>          | \$<br>          | \$<br>          | \$<br>          | \$<br>          |
| \$<br>2,537,707 | \$<br>2,480,637 | \$<br>2,413,903 | \$<br>1,883,945 | \$<br>2,044,654 | \$<br>2,022,243 |
| 14.00%          | 13.18%          | 13.86%          | 13.84%          | 13.45%          | 12.57%          |

### SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## SCHEDULE OF CAREER CENTER PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

### LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

|  | <br>2020        | <br>2019        | <br>2018        | <br>2017        |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Contractually required contribution                                  | \$<br>1,283,915 | \$<br>1,393,891 | \$<br>1,289,395 | \$<br>1,399,824 |
| Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution | <br>(1,283,915) | <br>(1,393,891) | <br>(1,289,395) | <br>(1,399,824) |
| Contribution deficiency (excess)                                     | \$<br>          | \$<br>          | \$<br>          | \$<br>          |
| Career Center covered payroll  | \$<br>9,170,821 | \$<br>9,956,364 | \$<br>9,209,964 | \$<br>9,998,743 |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll                     | 14.00%          | 14.00%          | 14.00%          | 14.00%          |

| <br>2016        | <br>2015        | <br>2014        | <br>2013        | <br>2012         | <br>2011         |
|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|
| \$<br>1,318,999 | \$<br>1,169,714 | \$<br>1,089,276 | \$<br>1,206,363 | \$<br>1,355,441  | \$<br>1,484,754  |
| (1,318,999)     | <br>(1,169,714) | <br>(1,089,276) | (1,206,363)     | (1,355,441)      | <br>(1,484,754)  |
| \$<br>          | \$<br>          | \$<br>          | \$<br>          | \$<br>           | \$<br>           |
| \$<br>9,421,421 | \$<br>8,355,100 | \$<br>8,379,046 | \$<br>9,279,715 | \$<br>10,426,469 | \$<br>11,421,185 |
| 14.00%          | 14.00%          | 13.00%          | 13.00%          | 13.00%           | 13.00%           |

### SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# SCHEDULE OF THE CAREER CENTER'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

### LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS

|  |             | 2020      |             | 2019      |             | 2018      |             | 2017      |
|--|-------------|-----------|-------------|-----------|-------------|-----------|-------------|-----------|
| Career Center's proportion of the net OPEB liability   | 0.07918190% |           | 0.08110890% |           | 0.07657060% |           | 0.07723781% |           |
| Career Center's proportionate share net OPEB liability   | \$          | 1,991,258 | \$          | 2,250,180 | \$          | 2,054,953 | \$          | 2,201,563 |
| Career Center covered payroll  | \$          | 3,066,207 | \$          | 2,825,941 | \$          | 2,675,364 | \$          | 2,537,707 |
| Career Center's proportionate share of<br>net OPEB liability as a percentage of its<br>covered payroll |             | 64.94%    |             | 79.63%    |             | 76.81%    |             | 86.75%    |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability                                |             | 15.57%    |             | 13.57%    |             | 12.46%    |             | 11.49%    |

Note: Information prior to 2017 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the Career Center's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

### SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# SCHEDULE OF THE CAREER CENTER'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY/ASSET STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

### LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS

|  |             | 2020        |             | 2019        |             | 2018      |    | 2017        |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-----------|----|-------------|
| Career Center's proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset   | 0.07512502% |             | 0.07599164% |             | 0.07493250% |           | (  | 0.07733354% |
| Career Center's proportionate share net OPEB liability/(asset)   | \$          | (1,244,250) | \$          | (1,221,108) | \$          | 2,923,590 | \$ | 4,135,818   |
| Career Center covered payroll  | \$          | 9,956,364   | \$          | 9,209,964   | \$          | 9,998,743 | \$ | 9,421,421   |
| Career Center's proportionate share of<br>net OPEB liability/asset as a percentage of its<br>covered payroll |             | 12.50%      |             | 13.26%      |             | 29.24%    |    | 43.90%      |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability/asset                                |             | 174.70%     |             | 176.00%     |             | 47.10%    |    | 37.30%      |

Note: Information prior to 2017 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the Career Center's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

### SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

### SCHEDULE OF CAREER CENTER OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

#### LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS

|  | -  | 2020      | <br>2019        | <br>2018        | <br>2017        | <br>2016        |
|--|----|-----------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Contractually required contribution                                  | \$ | 5,715     | \$<br>23,136    | \$<br>27,823    | \$<br>15,696    | \$<br>16,810    |
| Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution |    | (5,715)   | <br>(23,136)    | <br>(27,823)    | <br>(15,696)    | <br>(16,810)    |
| Contribution deficiency (excess)                                     | \$ |           | \$<br>          | \$<br>          | \$<br>          | \$<br><u>-</u>  |
| Career Center covered payroll  | \$ | 2,919,350 | \$<br>3,066,207 | \$<br>2,825,941 | \$<br>2,675,364 | \$<br>2,537,707 |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll                     |    | 0.20%     | 0.75%           | 0.98%           | 0.59%           | 0.66%           |

Note: Information prior to 2016 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

### SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

### SCHEDULE OF CAREER CENTER OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

### LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS

|  | <br>2020        | <br>2019        | <br>2018        | <br>2017        | 2016            |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Contractually required contribution                                  | \$<br>-         | \$<br>-         | \$<br>-         | \$<br>-         | \$<br>-         |
| Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution | <br>            | <br>            | <br>            | <br>            |                 |
| Contribution deficiency (excess)                                     | \$<br>          | \$<br>          | \$<br>          | \$<br>          | \$<br>          |
| Career Center covered payroll  | \$<br>9,170,821 | \$<br>9,956,364 | \$<br>9,209,964 | \$<br>9,998,743 | \$<br>9,421,421 |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll                     | 0.00%           | 0.00%           | 0.00%           | 0.00%           | 0.00%           |

Note: Information prior to 2016 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

|   | B      | udgeted         | Amo | unts             |                  | Fin | riance with<br>nal Budget<br>Positive |
|---|--------|-----------------|-----|------------------|------------------|-----|---------------------------------------|
|   | Origin | al              |     | Final            | Actual           | (]  | Negative)                             |
| Revenues:   |        |                 |     |                  |                  |     |                                       |
| From local sources:                                     |        |                 |     |                  |                  |     |                                       |
| Property taxes  |        | 6,809           | \$  | 8,181,217        | \$<br>8,181,217  | \$  | -                                     |
| Tuition.  |        | 8,690           |     | 788,106          | 788,106          |     | -                                     |
| Earnings on investments                                 |        | 5,702           |     | 239,874          | 239,874          |     | -                                     |
| Extracurricular   |        | 8,884           |     | 21,000           | 21,000           |     | -                                     |
| Classroom materials and fees                            | 2      | 21,763          |     | 24,202           | 24,202           |     | -                                     |
| Rental income   |        | 2,015           |     | 2,241<br>4,100   | 2,241            |     | -                                     |
| Other local revenues                                    | 1      | 3,687<br>7,504  |     | 19,466           | 4,100<br>19,466  |     | -                                     |
| Intergovernmental - state                               |        | 4,460           |     | 10,892,032       | 10,892,032       |     | _                                     |
| Total revenues  |        | 9,514           |     | 20,172,238       | <br>20,172,238   |     |                                       |
| Total Teverages   | 10,12  | ,,,,,,,         |     | 20,172,230       | <br>20,172,230   |     |                                       |
| Expenditures: Current:                                  |        |                 |     |                  |                  |     |                                       |
| Instruction:  |        |                 |     |                  |                  |     |                                       |
| Regular   | 2.07   | 1,527           |     | 2,081,147        | 2,048,036        |     | 33,111                                |
| Special   |        | 32,085          |     | 458,525          | 452,738          |     | 5,787                                 |
| Vocational  |        | 5,682           |     | 9,697,971        | 8,965,359        |     | 732,612                               |
| Other   |        | 8,095           |     | 144,147          | 135,974          |     | 8,173                                 |
| Support services:                                       |        |                 |     |                  |                  |     |                                       |
| Pupil   | 2,01   | 7,373           |     | 1,997,321        | 1,933,452        |     | 63,869                                |
| Instructional staff                                     | 1,85   | 3,266           |     | 1,442,509        | 1,391,007        |     | 51,502                                |
| Board of education                                      | 8      | 31,095          |     | 55,946           | 44,808           |     | 11,138                                |
| Administration  | 67     | 0,046           |     | 630,724          | 583,284          |     | 47,440                                |
| Fiscal  |        | 5,937           |     | 666,015          | 629,347          |     | 36,668                                |
| Business  |        | 5,560           |     | 244,024          | 240,372          |     | 3,652                                 |
| Operations and maintenance                              |        | 1,508           |     | 1,383,021        | 1,308,454        |     | 74,567                                |
| Pupil transportation                                    |        | 35,296          |     | 63,530           | 47,816           |     | 15,714                                |
| Central   |        | 80,104          |     | 293,316          | 270,061          |     | 23,255                                |
| Other operation of non-instructional services .         |        | 8,421           |     | 47,690           | 25,140           |     | 22,550                                |
| Extracurricular activities                              |        | 60,685<br>7,479 |     | 21,171<br>51,183 | 19,223<br>27,594 |     | 1,948<br>23,589                       |
| Debt service:   | ,      | 7,479           |     | 31,103           | 21,394           |     | 23,369                                |
| Principal   | 13     | 8,849           |     | 140,000          | 140,000          |     | _                                     |
| Interest and fiscal charges                             |        | 25,778          |     | 25,992           | 25,992           |     | _                                     |
| Total expenditures                                      |        | 8,786           |     | 19,444,232       | <br>18,288,657   |     | 1,155,575                             |
| 15th enpenditures 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 |        |                 |     | 12,111,202       | <br>10,200,007   |     | 1,100,070                             |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)            |        |                 |     |                  |                  |     |                                       |
| expenditures  | (1,63  | 9,272)          |     | 728,006          | <br>1,883,581    |     | 1,155,575                             |
| Other financing sources (uses):                         |        |                 |     |                  |                  |     |                                       |
| Refund of prior year's expenditures                     |        | -               |     | 75,250           | 75,250           |     | -                                     |
| Transfers (out)   |        | -               |     | (487,500)        | (487,500)        |     | -                                     |
| Advances in   |        | -               |     | 35,837           | 35,837           |     | -                                     |
| Advances (out)  |        | -               |     | (25,464)         | (25,464)         |     | -                                     |
| Sale of capital assets                                  |        | -               |     | 13,167           | 13,167           |     | -                                     |
| Total other financing sources (uses)                    |        | _               |     | (388,710)        | (388,710)        |     | -                                     |
| Net change in fund balance                              | (1,63  | (9,272)         |     | 339,296          | 1,494,871        |     | 1,155,575                             |
| Fund balance at beginning of year                       | 10 98  | 9,425           |     | 10,989,425       | 10,989,425       |     | _                                     |
| Prior year encumbrances appropriated                    |        | 0,283           |     | 90,283           | 90,283           |     | _                                     |
| Fund balance at end of year                             |        | 0,436           | \$  | 11,419,004       | \$<br>12,574,579 | \$  | 1,155,575                             |
| •   |        |                 |     |                  |                  |     |                                       |

### NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### **NOTE 1 - BUDGETARY PROCESS**

All funds, except custodial funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriations resolution and the certificate of estimated resources which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by Board. The legal level of control has been established by Board at the fund level. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the Career Center Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary schedules reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary schedules reflect the amounts on the final amended certificate of estimated resources issued during the fiscal year 2020.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation resolution for that fund that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by Board during the year.

While the Center is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are as follows:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to assigned or committed fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis);
- (d) Advances-in and advances-out are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis);
- (e) Investments are reported at cost (budget basis) as opposed to fair value (GAAP basis); and,
- (f) Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis).

### NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

### **NOTE 1 - BUDGETARY PROCESS - (Continued)**

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

#### **Net Change in Fund Balance**

|   | General fund |
|---|--------------|
| Budget basis                            | \$1,494,871  |
| Net adjustment for revenue accruals     | 265,994      |
| Net adjustment for expenditure accruals | 6,582        |
| Net adjustment for other sources/uses   | 238,710      |
| Funds budgeted elsewhere                | 19,268       |
| GAAP basis                              | \$2,025,425  |

Certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a GAAP basis. This includes the rotary fund, the uniform school supplies fund, the public school fund and unclaimed monies fund.

### NOTE 2 - REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE CAREER CENTER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY

SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal years 2014-2017. For fiscal year 2018, SERS changed from a fixed 3% annual increase to a Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) based on the changes in the Consumer Price Index (CPI-W), with a cap of 2.5% and a floor of 0%. There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal years 2019-2020.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2014-2016. For fiscal year 2017, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%, (b) payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%, (c) assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%, (d) Rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality among active members was updated to RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females, (f) mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries was updated to the following RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates, (g) mortality among disabled members was updated to RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement and (h) the discount rate was reduced from 7.75% to 7.50%. There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2018-2020.

### NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

### NOTE 2 - REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE CAREER CENTER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY - (Continued)

STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

*Changes in benefit terms:* There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal years 2014-2017. For fiscal year 2018, STRS decreased the Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) to zero. There were no changes in benefit terms from amounts previously reported for fiscal years 2019-2020.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2014-2017. For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumption affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75% to 7.45%, (b) the inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75% to 2.50%, (c) the payroll growth assumption was lowered to 3.00%, (d) total salary increases rate was lowered by decreasing the merit component of the individual salary increases, in addition to a decrease of 0.25% due to lower inflation (e) the healthy and disabled mortality assumptions were updated to the RP-2014 mortality tables with generational improvement scale MP-2016 and (f) rates of retirement, termination and disability were modified to better reflect anticipated future experience. There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2020.

### NOTE 3 - REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE CAREER CENTER'S NET OPEB LIABILITY/ASSET

SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

*Changes in benefit terms:* There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal years 2017-2020.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2017. For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%, (b) payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%, (c) assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%, (d) rates of withdrawal, retirement, and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality among active members was updated to the following: RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age setback for both males and females, (f) mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries was updated to the following: RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates, (g) mortality among disabled members was updated to the following: RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement, (h) the municipal bond index rate increased from 2.92% to 3.56% and (i) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation increased from 2.98% to 3.63%. For fiscal year 2019, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate increased from 3.63% to 3.70%, (b) the health care cost trend rates for Medicare were changed from a range of 5.50%-5.00% to a range of 5.375%-4.75% and Pre-Medicare were changed from a range of 7.50%-5.00% to a range of 7.25%-4.75%, (c) the municipal bond index rate increased from 3.56% to 3.62% and (d) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation increased from 3.63% to 3.70%.

### NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

### NOTE 3 - REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE CAREER CENTER'S NET OPEB LIABILITY/ASSET - (Continued)

For fiscal year 2020, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate decreased from 3.70% to 3.22%, (b) the health care cost trend rates for Medicare were changed from a range of 5.375%-4.75% to a range of 5.25%-4.75% and Pre-Medicare were changed from a range of 7.25%-4.75% to a range of 7.00%-4.75%, (c) the municipal bond index rate decreased from 3.62% to 3.13% and (d) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation decreased from 3.70% to 3.22%.

### STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms. There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2017. For fiscal year 2018, STRS reduced the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients from 2.1% to 1.9% per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 2019. For fiscal year 2019, STRS increased the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients from 1.9% to 1.944% per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased January 1, 2019 and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020. For fiscal year 2020, STRS increase the subsidy percentage from 1.944% to 1.984% effectice January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2017. For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumption affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from 3.26% to 4.13% based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB), (b) the long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75% to 7.45%, (c) valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified, (d) the percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased and (e) the assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal and future health care cost trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs. For fiscal year 2019, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability/asset since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13% to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45% based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB) and (b) decrease in health care cost trend rates from 6.00%-11.00% initial; 4.50% ultimate down to Medical Pre-Medicare 6.00% and Medicare 5.00% initial; 4.00% ultimate and Prescription Drug Pre-Medicare 8.00% and Medicare (5.23%) initial; 4.00% ultimate. For fiscal year 2020, health care cost trend rates were changed to the following: medical pre-medicare from 6.00% initial - 4.00% ultimate down to 5.87% initial - 4.00% ultimate; medical medicare from 5.00% initial - 4.00% ultimate down to 4.93% initial - 4.00% ultimate; prescription drug premedicare from 8.00% initial - 4.00% ultimate down to 7.73% initial - 4.00% ultimate and (5.23%) initial -4.00% ultimate up to 9.62% initial - 4.00% ultimate.

### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

| FEDERAL GRANTOR   | Federal | Passed        |              |              |
|---|---------|---------------|--------------|--------------|
| Pass Through Grantor                                    | CFDA    | Through to    |              | Non-Cash     |
| Program / Cluster Title                                 | Number  | Subrecipients | Expenditures | Expenditures |
| U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE                          |         |               |              |              |
| Passed Through Ohio Department of Education             |         |               |              |              |
| Child Nutrition Cluster:                                |         |               |              |              |
| School Breakfast Program                                | 10.553  |               | 22,868       |              |
| COVID-19 School Breakfast Program                       | 10.553  |               | 1,966        |              |
| National School Lunch Program                           | 10.555  |               | 110,495      | 18,474       |
| COVID-19 National School Lunch Program                  | 10.555  |               | 8,529        | 10, 11       |
| Total Child Nutrition Cluster                           | 10.000  |               | 143,858      | 18,474       |
| Total offina (Valinion official)                        |         |               | 1 10,000     | 10, 11 1     |
| Total U.S. Department of Agriculture                    |         |               | 143,858      | 18,474       |
|   |         |               |              |              |
| U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION                            |         |               |              |              |
| Direct Award  |         |               |              |              |
| Student Financial Assistance Cluster:                   |         |               |              |              |
| Federal Pell Grant Program                              | 84.063  |               | 260,323      |              |
| Federal Direct Student Loans                            | 84.268  |               | 403,107      |              |
| Total Student Financial Assistance Cluster              |         |               | 663,430      |              |
| Passed Through Ohio Department of Higher Education      |         |               |              |              |
| Adult Education - Basic Grants to States                | 84.002  |               | 144,485      |              |
|   |         |               |              |              |
| Passed Through Ohio Department of Education             |         |               |              |              |
| Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States | 84.048  | 93,112        | 459,762      |              |
| Direct Award  |         |               |              |              |
| COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund                   | 84.425E |               | 36,809       |              |
| Total III O. Donastos and of Education                  |         | 00.440        | 4 204 400    |              |
| Total U.S. Department of Education                      |         | 93,112        | 1,304,486    |              |
| Total Expenditures of Federal Awards                    |         | \$93,112      | \$1,448,344  | \$18,474     |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

## NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

### **NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Upper Valley Career Center (the Career Center) under programs of the federal government for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Career Center, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the Career Center.

#### NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement.

#### NOTE C - INDIRECT COST RATE

The Career Center has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

#### **NOTE D - SUBRECIPIENTS**

The Career Center passes certain federal awards received from the Ohio Department of Education to other governments or not-for-profit agencies (subrecipients). As Note B describes, the Career Center reports expenditures of Federal awards to subrecipients when paid in cash.

As a subrecipient, the Career Center has certain compliance responsibilities, such as monitoring its subrecipients to help assure they use these subawards as authorized by laws, regulations, and the provisions of contracts or grant agreements, and that subrecipients achieve the award's performance goals.

#### **NOTE E - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER**

The Career Center commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the Career Center assumes it expends federal monies first.

#### NOTE F - FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The Career Center reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the entitlement value. The Career Center allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.

#### **NOTE G - MATCHING REQUIREMENTS**

Certain Federal programs require the Career Center to contribute non-Federal funds (matching funds) to support the Federally-funded programs. The Career Center has met its matching requirements. The Schedule does not include the expenditure of non-Federal matching funds.



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## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Upper Valley Career Center Miami County 8811 Career Drive Piqua, Ohio 45356

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' Government Auditing Standards, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Upper Valley Career Center, Miami County, (the Career Center) as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Career Center's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 11, 2020, wherein we noted the Career Center adopted new accounting guidance in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities. We also noted the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the Career Center.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the Career Center's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the Career Center's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the Career Center's financial statements. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

Upper Valley Career Center
Miami County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Required by Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Career Center's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the financial statements. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the Career Center's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Career Center's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

December 11, 2020



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## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO THE MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Upper Valley Career Center Miami County 8811 Career Drive Piqua, Ohio 45356

To the Board of Education:

#### Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

We have audited Upper Valley Career Center's (the Career Center) compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect Upper Valley Career Center's major federal program for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The *Summary of Auditor's Results* in the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the Career Center's major federal program.

#### Management's Responsibility

The Career Center's Management is responsible for complying with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the Career Center's compliance for the Career Center's major federal program based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). These standards and the Uniform Guidance require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Career Center's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on the Career Center's major program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Career Center's compliance.

Upper Valley Career Center
Miami County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance With Requirements
Applicable to the Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over
Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance
Page 2

#### Opinion on the Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Upper Valley Career Center complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect its major federal program for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

### Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The Career Center's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the Career Center's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on the major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the Career Center's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control over compliance tests and the results of this testing based on Uniform Guidance requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

December 11, 2020

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 JUNE 30, 2020

### 1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

| (d)(1)(i)    | Type of Financial Statement Opinion  | Unmodified                                 |
|--------------|--|--|
| (d)(1)(ii)   | Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?      | No   |
| (d)(1)(ii)   | Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)? | No   |
| (d)(1)(iii)  | Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?                        | No   |
| (d)(1)(iv)   | Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs?                    | No   |
| (d)(1)(iv)   | Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?               | No   |
| (d)(1)(v)    | Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion   | Unmodified                                 |
| (d)(1)(vi)   | Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?  | No   |
| (d)(1)(vii)  | Major Programs (list):   | Student Financial Assistance<br>Cluster    |
| (d)(1)(viii) | Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs  | Type A: > \$ 750,000<br>Type B: all others |
| (d)(1)(ix)   | Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR § 200.520?  | No   |

## 2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

### 3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None



### **UPPER VALLEY CAREER CENTER**

#### **MIAMI COUNTY**

#### **AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 12/31/2020

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