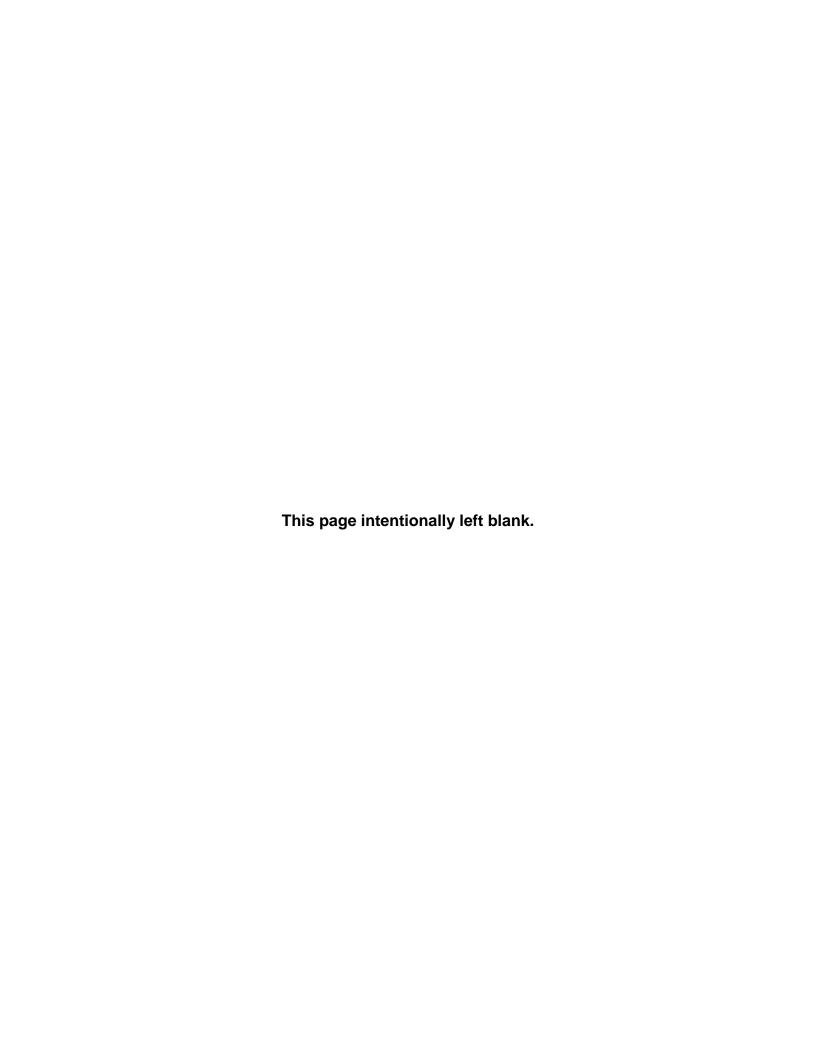




## BLOOMFIELD TOWNSHIP JACKSON COUNTY DECEMBER 21, 2020 AND 2019

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Bloomfield Township Jackson County 686 June Marshall Road Jackson, Ohio 45640

To the Board of Trustees:

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the cash balances, receipts and disbursements for each governmental fund type combined total as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020 and for each governmental fund type as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and related notes of Bloomfield Township, Jackson County, Ohio (the Township).

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code § 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code 117-2-03(D) permit; this responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the Township's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Bloomfield Township Jackson County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

#### Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 2 of the financial statements, the Township prepared these financial statements using the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code § 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code 117-2-03(D), which is an accounting basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), to satisfy these requirements.

Although the effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory accounting basis and GAAP are not reasonably determinable, we presume they are material.

Though the Township does not intend these statements to conform to GAAP, auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America require us to include an adverse opinion on GAAP. However, the adverse opinion does not imply the amounts reported are materially misstated under the accounting basis Ohio Revised Code § 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code 117-2-03(D) permit. Our opinion on this accounting basis is in the *Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting* paragraph below.

#### Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the *Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles* paragraph, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Township, as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the years then ended.

## Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the cash balances, receipts and disbursements for each governmental fund type as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020 and for each governmental fund type as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and related notes of the Township, in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code § 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code 117-2-03(D) permit, described in Note 2.

#### Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 10 to the 2020 financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the Township. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Bloomfield Township Jackson County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 30, 2021, on our consideration of the Township's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Township's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

June 30, 2021

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Jackson County, Ohio Combined Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balances (Regulatory Cash Basis) All Governmental Fund Types For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Cash Receipts	General	Special Revenue	Capital Projects	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$47,904	\$89,443	\$0	\$137,347
Intergovernmental	21,610	152,353	116,822	290,785
Earnings on Investments	43	86	0	129
Miscellaneous	9,973	339,170	0	349,143
Total Cash Receipts	79,530	581,052	116,822	777,404
Cash Disbursements				
Current:				
General Government	68,305	19,529	0	87,834
Public Safety	0	60,293	0	60,293
Public Works	0	146,339	9,900	156,239
Health	0	51,282	0	51,282
Other	0	0	0	0
Capital Outlay	0	0	220,993	220,993
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	0	0	30,040	30,040
Interest and Fiscal Charges	0	0	1,347	1,347
·				
Total Cash Disbursements	68,305	277,443	262,280	608,028
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	11,225	303,609	(145,458)	169,376
Other Financing Receipts				
Other Financing Sources	3,304	0	0	3,304
Total Other Financing Receipts	3,304	0	0	3,304
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances	14,529	303,609	(145,458)	172,680
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	54,174	209,176	308,181	571,531
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$68,703	\$512,785	\$162,723	\$744,211

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

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Jackson County Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

## **Note 1 – Reporting Entity**

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of the Bloomfield Township, Jackson County, (the Township) as a body corporate and politic. A publicly elected three-member Board of Trustees directs the Township. The Township provides road and bridge maintenance, cemetery maintenance, fire protection, and emergency medical services. The Township contracts with Bloomfield Volunteer Fire Department to provide fire and emergency rescue services. The Township has a special tax levy fund to support the volunteer fire department contracted services.

#### Public Entity Risk Pool

The Township participates in Ohio Township Association Risk Authority (OTARMA), a public entity risk pool. Note 6 to the financial statements provide additional information for this entity.

The Township's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Township is financially accountable.

#### Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

## Basis of Presentation

The Township's financial statements consist of a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) for all governmental fund types which are all organized on a fund type basis.

#### Fund Accounting

The Township uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the Township are presented below:

*General Fund* The general fund accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the Township for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

*Special Revenue Funds* These funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The Township had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

Gas Tax Fund The gas tax fund accounts for and reports that portion of the State gasoline tax restricted for maintenance and repair of roads within the Township.

**Special Levy Tax Fund** The Special Levy Tax Fund accounts for and reports the portion of property tax restricted for fire and emergency rescue services within the Township.

*Capital Project Funds* These funds account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. The Township had the following significant capital project fund:

Jackson County Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020 (Continued)

## **Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

Fund Accounting (Continued)

Capital Project Funds (Continued)

*Sales Tax Fund* This fund receives a monthly sales tax distribution from the County restricted for capital improvements and assets.

#### Basis of Accounting

These financial statements follow the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code § 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code 117-2-03 (D). This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Board recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code § 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code 117-2-03 (D) permit.

#### **Budgetary Process**

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund be budgeted annually.

Appropriations Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function or object level of control, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Board of Trustees must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. Appropriations lapse at year end.

**Estimated Resources** Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must approve estimated resources.

*Encumbrances* The Ohio Revised Code requires the Township to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are canceled, and reappropriated in the subsequent year. The Township did not encumber all commitments required by Ohio law.

A summary of 2020 budgetary activity appears in Note 3.

#### **Deposits**

The Township maintains its deposits in an interest-bearing checking account with a local commercial bank.

## Capital Assets

The Township records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

Jackson County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2020
(Continued)

## **Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

#### Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Township must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

**Nonspendable** The Township classifies assets as *nonspendable* when legally or contractually required to maintain the amounts intact. For regulatory purposes, nonspendable fund balance includes unclaimed monies that are required to be held for five years before they may be utilized by the Township and the nonspendable portion of the corpus in permanent funds.

**Restricted** Fund balance is *restricted* when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

**Committed** Trustees can *commit* amounts via formal action (resolution). The Township must adhere to these commitments unless the Trustees amend the resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.

**Assigned** Assigned fund balances are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as *restricted* or *committed*. For regulatory purposes, assigned fund balance in the general fund is limited to encumbrances outstanding at year end.

*Unassigned* Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not included in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The Township applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available.

Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

For regulatory purposes, limited disclosure related to fund balance is included in Note 9.

Jackson County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2020
(Continued)

## Note 3 – Budgetary Activity

Budgetary activity for the year ending December 31, 2020 follows:

2020 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts

	Budgeted	Actual	
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance
General	\$73,757	\$82,834	\$9,077
Special Revenue	560,761	581,052	20,291
Capital Projects	95,000	116,822	21,822
Total	\$729,518	\$780,708	\$51,190

2020 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

	Appropriation	Budgetary	
Fund Type	Authority	_Expenditures	Variance
General	\$91,550	\$68,305	\$23,245
Special Revenue	752,273	277,443	474,830
Capital Projects	397,500	262,280	135,220
Total	\$1,241,323	\$608,028	\$633,295

## Note 4 – Deposits

To improve cash management, cash received by the Township is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. A summary of the Township's deposits are as follows:

	2020
Cash Management Pool:	
Demand deposits	\$744,211
Total carrying amount of deposits held in the Pool (ties to FS)	\$744,211

## Deposits

Deposits are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation; or collateralized through the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

## **Note 5 – Property Taxes**

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Trustees adopted tax rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable non-business, owner occupancy, and homestead exemption credits and/or homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include these credits and/or deduction amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31.

Jackson County Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020 (Continued)

## **Note 5 – Property Taxes (Continued)**

If the property owner elects to pay semiannually, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

The County is responsible for assessing property and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Township.

#### Note 6 – Risk Management

The Township is a member of the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (The Pool). The Pool assumes the risk of loss up to the limits of the (local entity's) policy. The Pool covers the following risks:

- -General liability and casualty
- Public official's liability
- Cyber
- Law enforcement liability
- Automobile liability
- Vehicles
- Property
- Equipment breakdown

The Pool reported the following summary of assets and actuarially-measured liabilities available to pay those liabilities as of December 31 (the latest information available):

2019

Cash and investments \$35,207,320

Actuarial liabilities \$ 10,519,942

#### Note 7 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan

#### Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Township employees and elected officials belong to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes this plan's benefits, which include postretirement health care and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. OPERS members contributed 10 percent of their gross salaries, and the Township contributed an amount equaling 14 percent of participants' gross salaries. The Township has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2020.

Jackson County Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020 (Continued)

## **Note 8 – Postemployment Benefits**

OPERS offers a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment plan, which include multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage, deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement, and Medicare Part B premium reimbursements, to qualifying benefit recipients. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the traditional pension plan and combined plan was 0 percent during calendar year 2020. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the member-directed plan was 4.0 percent during calendar year 2020.

#### Note 9 - Fund Balances

Included in fund balance are amounts the Township cannot spend, including the balance of unclaimed monies, which cannot be spent for five years and the unexpendable corpus of the permanent funds. Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. As of December 31, 2020, there were no nonspendable balances.

The fund balance of special revenue funds is either restricted or committed. The fund balance of debt service funds and capital projects funds are restricted, committed, or assigned. The fund balance of permanent funds that is not part of the nonspendable corpus is either restricted or committed. These restricted, committed, and assigned amounts in the special revenue, debt service, capital projects, and permanent funds would include the outstanding encumbrances. In the general fund, outstanding encumbrances are considered assigned.

### **Note 10 – COVID-19**

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the Township. In addition, the impact on the Township's future operating costs, revenues, and additional recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

Jackson County, Ohio Combined Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balances (Regulatory Cash Basis) All Governmental Fund Types For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	General	Special Revenue	Capital Projects	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Cash Receipts	*			*
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$45,140	\$86,844	\$0	\$131,984
Intergovernmental	21,185	301,397	162,272	484,854
Earnings on Investments Miscellaneous	78 0	156 0	0 1,000	234
Miscenaneous			1,000	1,000
Total Cash Receipts	66,403	388,397	163,272	618,072
Cash Disbursements				
Current:	50.104	20.102	0	<b>50.200</b>
General Government	58,126	20,182	0	78,308
Public Safety Public Works	0	58,821 135,292	20.068	58,821 174,360
Health	8,182	133,292	39,068 0	8,182
Capital Outlay	0,162	0	6,222	6,222
Debt Service:	· ·	· ·	0,222	0,222
Principal Retirement	0	0	28,756	28,756
Interest and Fiscal Charges	0	0	2,632	2,632
Total Cash Disbursements	66,308	214,295	76,678	357,281
Excess of Receipts Over Disbursements	95	174,102	86,594	260,791
Other Financing Receipts (Disbursements)				
Transfers In	0	0	164,373	164,373
Transfers Out	0	(164,373)	0	(164,373)
Other Financing Sources	1,970	0	0	1,970
Total Other Financing Receipts (Disbursements)	1,970	(164,373)	164,373	1,970
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances	2,065	9,729	250,967	262,761
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	52,109	199,447	57,214	308,770
Fund Cash Balances, December 31				
Restricted	0	149,878	308,181	458,059
Committed	0	59,298	0	59,298
Assigned	17,793	0	0	17,793
Unassigned (Deficit)	36,381	0	0	36,381
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$54,174	\$209,176	\$308,181	\$571,531

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

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Jackson County Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

## **Note 1 – Reporting Entity**

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of the Bloomfield Township, Jackson County, (the Township) as a body corporate and politic. A publicly elected three-member Board of Trustees directs the Township. The Township provides road and bridge maintenance, cemetery maintenance, fire protection, and emergency medical services. The Township contracts with Bloomfield Volunteer Fire Department to provide fire and emergency rescue services. The Township has a special tax levy fund to support the volunteer fire department contracted services.

## Public Entity Risk Pool

The Township participates in OTARMA, a public entity risk-sharing pool. Note 6 to the financial statements provides additional information for this entity.

The Township's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Township is financially accountable.

#### Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### Basis of Presentation

The Township's financial statements consist of a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) for all governmental fund types which are all organized on a fund type basis.

## Fund Accounting

The Township uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the Township are presented below:

*General Fund* The general fund accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the Township for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

**Special Revenue Funds** These funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The Township had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

Gasoline Tax Fund The Gasoline Tax Fund accounts for and reports that portion of the State gasoline tax restricted for maintenance and repair of roads within the Township.

**FEMA Fund** The FEMA Fund accounts for and reports the FEMA proceeds received from the February 2018 flooding.

Capital Project Funds These funds account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. The Township had the following significant capital project fund:

Jackson County Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Continued)

## **Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

Fund Accounting (Continued)

Capital Project Funds (Continued)

*Sales Tax Fund* This fund receives a monthly sales tax distribution from the County restricted for capital improvements and assets.

#### Basis of Accounting

These financial statements follow the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code § 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code 117-2-03 (D). This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Board recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code § 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code 117-2-03 (D) permit.

#### **Budgetary Process**

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund be budgeted annually.

Appropriations Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function or object level of control, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Board of Trustees must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. Appropriations lapse at year end.

**Estimated Resources** Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must approve estimated resources.

**Encumbrances** The Ohio Revised Code requires the Township to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are canceled, and reappropriated in the subsequent year. The Township did not encumber all commitments required by Ohio law.

A summary of 2019 budgetary activity appears in Note 3.

#### Deposits

The Township maintains its deposits in an interest-bearing checking account.

### Capital Assets

The Township records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

Jackson County Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Continued)

## **Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

#### Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Township must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

*Nonspendable* The Township classifies assets as *nonspendable* when legally or contractually required to maintain the amounts intact.

**Restricted** Fund balance is *restricted* when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

**Committed** Trustees can *commit* amounts via formal action (resolution). The Township must adhere to these commitments unless the Trustees amend the resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.

Assigned Assigned fund balances are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Governmental funds other than the general fund report all fund balances as assigned unless they are restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by Township Trustees or a Township official delegated that authority by resolution, or by State Statute.

**Unassigned** Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not included in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The Township applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Jackson County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019
(Continued)

## Note 3 – Budgetary Activity

Budgetary activity for the year ending December 31, 2019 follows:

2019 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts

	Budgeted	Actual	
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance
General	\$66,521	\$68,373	(\$1,852)
Special Revenue	353,820	388,397	(34,577)
Capital Projects	314,164	327,645	(13,481)
Total	\$734,505	\$784,415	(\$49,910)

2019 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

	Appropriation	Budgetary	
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance
General	\$130,350	\$66,308	\$64,042
Special Revenue	538,419	378,668	159,751
Capital Projects	369,791	76,678	293,113
Total	\$1,038,560	\$521,654	\$516,906

## Note 4 – Deposits

The Township maintains a deposits pool all funds use. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of deposits at December 31 was as follows:

	2019
Demand deposits	\$571,531

#### Deposits

Deposits are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation; or collateralized through the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

## **Note 5 – Property Taxes**

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Trustees adopted tax rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable non-business, owner occupancy, and homestead exemption credits and/or homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include these credits and/or deduction amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to pay semiannually, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

Jackson County Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Continued)

## **Note 5 – Property Taxes (Continued)**

The County is responsible for assessing property and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Township.

## Note 6 – Risk Management

The Township is a member of the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (The Pool). The Pool assumes the risk of loss up to the limits of the Township's policy. The Pool covers the following risks:

- -General liability and casualty
- Public official's liability
- Cyber
- Law enforcement liability
- Automobile liability
- Vehicles
- Property
- Equipment breakdown

The Pool reported the following summary of assets and actuarially-measured liabilities available to pay those liabilities as of December 31:

<u>2019</u>

Cash and investments \$35,207,320

Actuarial liabilities \$ 10,519,942

#### Note 7 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan

## Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Township employees belong to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes this plan's benefits, which include postretirement health care and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. OPERS members contributed 10 percent of their gross salaries, and the Township contributed an amount equaling 14 percent of participants' gross salaries. The Township has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2019.

## Note 8 – Postemployment Benefits

OPERS offers cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment plans, which include multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage, deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement, and Medicare Part B premium reimbursements, to qualifying benefit recipients. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the traditional pension plan and combined plan was 0 percent during calendar year 2019.

Jackson County Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Continued)

## **Note 8 – Postemployment Benefits (Continued)**

The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the member-directed plan was 4.0 percent during calendar year 2019.

#### Note 9 – Debt

Debt outstanding at December 31, 2019 was as follows:

	Principal	Interest Rate
Alamo Boom Mower Acquisition Loan	\$10,629	2.72%
2016 Ford F550 Ford Truck	19,411	5.45%
Total	\$30,040	

During 2015, the Township entered into a loan agreement with Kansas State Bank for \$50,401 to purchase a boom mower. The loan was issued at 2.72% interest rate with a five year term.

During 2017, the Township entered into a loan agreement with Ford Financing for a 2016 Ford F550 Truck. The lease/loan agreement was issued at 5.45% interest rate with a four year term.

#### Amortization

Amortization of the above debt, including interest, is scheduled as follows:

Year Ending	Ford Motor	Kansas State
December 31:	Credit	Bank
2020	\$20,469	\$10,918



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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Bloomfield Township Jackson County 686 June Marshall Road Jackson, Ohio 45640

#### To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the cash balances, receipts, and disbursements for each governmental fund type as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020 and for each governmental fund type as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and related notes of Bloomfield Township, Jackson County, Ohio (the Township), and have issued our report thereon dated June 30, 2021, wherein we noted the Township followed financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code § 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code 117-2-03(D) permit. We also noted the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures which may impact subsequent periods of the Township.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the Township's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the Township's financial statements. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Therefore, unidentified material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings that we consider material weaknesses. We consider findings 2020-003 and 2020-004 to be material weaknesses.

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## Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Township's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the financial statement. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards* which are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings as items 2020-001 and 2020-002.

### Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Township's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

June 30, 2021

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

## FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

#### **FINDING NUMBER 2020-001**

#### **Noncompliance**

Ohio Rev. Code Chapter 133 authorizes certain methods by which subdivisions may incur debt.

Ohio Rev. Code § 133.22 provides a subdivision may issue anticipatory-securities if it meets the requirements outlined in the statute.

**Ohio Rev. Code § 133.10** permits a subdivision to issue anticipation securities in anticipation of current property tax revenues or in anticipation of current revenues in and for any fiscal year from any source or combination of sources, including distributions of any federal or state monies, other than the proceeds of property taxes levied by the subdivision.

**Ohio Rev. Code § 133.15** provides a subdivision is authorized to issue securities for the purpose of paying all or any portion of the costs of any permanent improvement that the subdivision is authorized, alone or in cooperation with other persons, to acquire, improve, or construct.

**Ohio Rev. Code § 133.18** provides the taxing authority of a subdivision, may by legislation submit to the electors of the subdivision the question of issuing any general obligation bonds, for one purpose, that the subdivision has power or authority to issue.

During 2020 and 2019, the Township made principal payments on outstanding promissory notes in the amount of \$30,040 and \$28,755, respectively. The promissory notes were used by the Township to purchase a truck and mower.

This type of debt is not authorized in Ohio Rev. Code Chapter 133. The Township had no statutory authority to incur debt through either installment loans or promissory notes with any banking institutions. Inadequate policies and procedures related to debt issuance can result in illegal expenditures by the Township.

The Township should consult with legal counsel before incurring debt to determine if the debt is authorized by statute.

#### **FINDING NUMBER 2020-002**

### **Noncompliance**

Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.41(D)(1) provides that no orders or contracts involving the expenditure of money are to be made unless there is attached thereto a certificate of the fiscal officer certifying that the amount required for the order or contract has been lawfully appropriated and is in the treasury or in the process of collection to the credit of an appropriate fund free from any previous encumbrances. Every such contract made without such a certificate shall be void and no warrant shall be issued in payment of any amount due thereon.

There are several exceptions to the standard requirement stated above that treasurer's certificate must be obtained prior to a subdivision or taxing authority entering into a contract or order involving the expenditure of money.

## SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019 (Continued)

## FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS (Continued)

#### **FINDING NUMBER 2020-002 (Continued)**

#### Noncompliance - Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.41(D)(1) (Continued)

The main exceptions are: "then and now" certificates, blanket certificates, and super blanket certificates, which are provided for in §§ 5705.41(D)(1) and 5705.41(D)(3), respectively, of the Ohio Rev. Code.

- 1. "Then and Now" certificate If the chief fiscal officer can certify both at the time the contract or order was made ("then"), and at the time the fiscal officer is completing the certification ("now"), that sufficient funds were available or in the process of collections, to the credit of a proper fund, properly appropriated and free from any previous encumbrance, the Board of Trustees can authorize the drawing of a warrant for the payment of the amount due. The Board of Trustees has thirty days from the receipt of the "then and now" certificate to approve payment by ordinance or resolution.
  - Amounts less than \$100 in counties and less than \$3,000 in all other subdivisions may be paid by the fiscal officer without a resolution or ordinance upon completion of the "then and now" certificate, provided that the expenditure is otherwise lawful. This does not eliminate any otherwise applicable requirement for approval of expenditures by the Township.
- 2. Blanket Certificate The auditor or fiscal officer may prepare "blanket" certificates for a certain sum of money, not in excess of an amount established by resolution or ordinance adopted by a majority of the members of the legislative authority, against any specific line item account over a period not running beyond the end of the current fiscal year. The blanket certificates may, but need not, be limited to a specific vendor. Only one blanket certificate may be outstanding at one particular time for any one particular line item appropriation.
- 3. Super Blanket Certificate The Board of Trustees may also make expenditures and contracts for any amount from a specific line-item appropriation account in a specified fund upon certification of the fiscal officer for most professional services, fuel oil, gasoline, food items, roadway materials, utilities, and any other specific recurring and reasonably predictable operating expense. This certification may, but need not, be limited to a specific vendor. This certification is not to extend beyond the current fiscal year. More than one super blanket certificate may be outstanding at a particular time for any line item appropriation.

Due to deficiencies in internal controls, 100% of the transactions tested at year-end were not certified by the Fiscal Officer at the time the commitment was incurred, and there was no evidence the Township followed the aforementioned exceptions. Failure to properly certify the availability of funds can result in overspending funds and negative cash fund balances.

Unless the exceptions noted above are used, prior certification is not only required by statute but is a key control in the disbursement process to help ensure purchase commitments receive prior approval. To improve controls over disbursements and to help reduce the possibility of the Township's funds exceeding budgetary spending limitations, the Fiscal Officer should certify the funds are or will be available prior to obligation by the Township. When prior certification is not possible, "then and now" certification should be used.

## SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019 (Continued)

## FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS (Continued)

#### **FINDING NUMBER 2020-003**

#### **Material Weakness**

In our audit engagement letter, as required by AU-C Section 210, *Terms of Engagement*, paragraph .06, management acknowledged its responsibility for the preparation and fair presentation of their financial statements; this responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error as discussed in AU-C Section 210 paragraphs .A14 & .A16.

Sound accounting practices require accurately posting estimated receipts and appropriations to the ledgers to provide information for budget versus actual comparison and to allow the Board to make informed decisions regarding budgetary matters.

The Appropriation resolution and subsequent amendments establish the legal spending authority of the Township and the appropriation ledger provides the process by which the Township controls spending, it is therefore necessary the amounts appropriated by the Board are precisely stated and accurately posted to the appropriation ledger.

The original certificate and amendments establish the amounts available for expenditures for the Township and the receipts ledger provides the process by which the Township controls what is available, it is therefore necessary the amounts estimated by the County Budget Commission are posted accurately to the receipts ledger.

At December 31, 2019, approved appropriations did not agree to UAN as follows:

	As	UAN		
	Approved	System	Variance	
General Fund	\$130,350	\$118,311	\$12,039	

In addition, Special Revenue and Capital Project estimated receipts were understated \$170,085 and \$304,664, respectively in the notes to the financial statements at December 31, 2019. General and Special Revenue Fund appropriations were understated \$12,039 and \$166,298, respectively, in the notes to the financial statements at December 31, 2019.

The Township did not have procedures in place to accurately post authorized budgetary measures to the accounting system. The appropriation approved by Board were not properly posted to the accounting system.

Failure to accurately post the appropriations and estimated resources to the ledgers could result in overspending and negative cash balances. In addition, this could lead to inaccurate reporting of the budgetary information in the financial statements.

To effectively control the budgetary cycle and to maintain accountability over receipts and expenditures, the Township should post to the ledgers, on a timely basis, estimated resources as certified by the budget commission and appropriations approved by the Board. The Township should then monitor budget versus actual reports to help ensure amended certificates of resources and appropriations have been properly posted to the ledgers.

## SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019 (Continued)

## FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS (Continued)

#### **FINDING NUMBER 2020-004**

#### **Material Weakness**

In our audit engagement letter, as required by AU-C Section 210, *Terms of Engagement*, paragraph .06, management acknowledged its responsibility for the preparation and fair presentation of their financial statements; this responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error as discussed in AU-C Section 210 paragraphs .A14 & .A16.

The following errors were noted in the financial statements that required audit adjustment or reclassification:

#### In 2019:

- Statement No. 54 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) defines the reporting
  of fund balances on the financial statements and was codified as follows: GASB Cod. 1800.176
  require reporting amounts as assigned when subsequent appropriations exceed estimated
  receipts. The Township improperly reported the assigned portion of the General Fund's cash fund
  balance as unassigned, in the amount of \$17,793;
- Gasoline Tax Fund public works disbursements of \$113,829 were incorrectly posted as general government disbursements;
- Fire Special Levy intergovernmental receipts of \$1,136 were incorrectly posted in the General Fund as intergovernmental receipts:
- Road and Bridge Fund intergovernmental receipts of \$2,346 were incorrectly posted in the General Fund as intergovernmental receipts;
- Statement No. 54 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) defines the reporting
  of fund balances on the financial statements and was codified as follows: GASB Cod. 1800.170
  requires reporting amounts to be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by
  formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority as committed. The
  Township reported the Road and Bridge fund balance as restricted instead of committed, in the
  amount of \$56,952;
- FEMA Fund intergovernmental receipts and transfers out disbursements of \$164,373 were unrecorded;
- Capital Projects Fund debt service principal disbursements of \$28,756 and debt service interest disbursements of \$2,632 were incorrectly posted as capital outlay disbursements; and
- Capital Projects Fund transfers in of \$164,373 were incorrectly posted as intergovernmental receipts.

### In 2020:

- General Fund tax receipts and general governmental disbursements of \$3,239 were unrecorded;
- General Fund intergovernmental receipts of \$1,936 were incorrectly posted as taxes receipts;
- General Fund miscellaneous receipts of \$9,973 were incorrectly posted as intergovernmental receipts in the amount of \$4,022 and other financing sources receipts in the amount of \$5,951;
- Gasoline Tax Fund public works disbursements of \$124,068 were incorrectly posted as general government disbursements;
- Fire Special Levy intergovernmental receipts of \$1,093 were incorrectly posted in the General Fund as intergovernmental receipts;
- Road and Bridge Fund intergovernmental receipts of \$2,347 were incorrectly posted in the General Fund as taxes receipts in the amount of \$1,757 and intergovernmental receipts in the amount of \$590:

## SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019 (Continued)

## FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS (Continued)

## **FINDING NUMBER 2020-004 (Continued)**

## **Material Weakness (Continued)**

- Capital Projects Fund debt service principal disbursements of \$30,040 and debt service interest disbursements of \$1,347 were incorrectly posted as capital outlay disbursements; and
- Capital Projects Fund capital outlay disbursements of \$213,895 were incorrectly posted as other disbursements.

The Fiscal Officer made classification errors in posting of receipts, disbursements and fund balance. This caused the incorrect postings noted above.

The audited financial statements and the Township's UAN accounting system have been adjusted for the items noted above.

The Fiscal Officer should review the Township handbook for guidance to ensure the financial statements are complete and accurate.

Officials' Response: We did not receive a response from Officials to the findings reported above.

## SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Status	Additional Information
2018-001	Ohio Rev. Code § 133 – Unallowable type of debt	Not Corrected.	All debt was cancelled 2/2020.
2018-002	Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.39 – Appropriations exceeded estimated receipts.	Corrected.	
2018-003	Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.41D – Not properly encumbering.	Not Corrected.	Utilized Then and Now PO's more during 2019 and 2020, will continue to improve an awareness to properly encumber future purchases.
2018-004	Material weakness for approved budgetary amounts not agreeing to amounts recorded in UAN system.	Not Corrected.	Will continue to be aware of correct budget amounts.
2018-005	Material weakness for incorrectly posting receipts and disbursements.	Not Corrected.	All receipts are posted through UAN and will continue to be aware to post correctly.



## **BLOOMFIELD TOWNSHIP**

#### **JACKSON COUNTY**

#### **AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 7/13/2021

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