



## CANFIELD LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT MAHONING COUNTY JUNE 30, 2020

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## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Canfield Local School District Mahoning County 100 Wadsworth Street Canfield, Ohio 44406

To the Board of Education:

## Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Canfield Local School District, Mahoning County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

## Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

## Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Canfield Local School District Mahoning County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

## Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General fund thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## **Emphasis of Matter**

As discussed in Note 19 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the District. We did not modify our opinion regarding these matters.

## **Other Matters**

## Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *management's discussion and analysis*, and schedules of net pension and other post-employment benefit liabilities and pension and other post-employment benefit contributions listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

## Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the District's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The schedule is management's responsibility, and derives from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this information to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Canfield Local School District Mahoning County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 19, 2021, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

March 19, 2021

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Mahoning County, Ohio

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 Unaudited

This discussion and analysis of Canfield Local School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review the financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

## **Financial Highlights**

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2020 are as follows:

- In total, Net Position decreased by \$1,811,395 due in large part to a decrease in cash and cash equivalents on hand.
- Revenues for governmental activities totaled \$31,697,744 in fiscal year 2020. Of this total, 93 percent consisted of general revenues while program revenues accounted for the balance of 7 percent.
- Program expenses totaled \$33,509,139. Instructional expenses made up 64 percent of this total while support services accounted for 30 percent. Other expenses rounded out the remaining 6 percent.
- The general fund balance was \$16,088,996 on a budget basis at fiscal year-end, down from \$16,265,345 at June 30, 2019.
- The District's total net pension liability increased to \$31,348,149 from \$31,103,341 and the net OPEB liability decreased from \$1,397,826 to \$1,081,252, for a total net decrease of \$71,766 between the two. For more information on these liabilities see Notes 12 and 13 to the basic financial statements.

## **Using this Annual Financial Report**

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes pertaining to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand Canfield Local School District as a financial whole, or complete operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate and longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements explain how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the School District's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column. In the case of Canfield Local School District, the general fund is the most significant fund.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 Unaudited

#### **Reporting the School District as a Whole**

#### Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains all the funds used by the School District to provide programs and activities, the view of the School District as a whole considers all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially in fiscal year 2020?" The *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities* answer this question. These statements include all non-fiduciary assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. Accrual accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School District's net position and the changes in that position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole, the financial position of the School District has improved or diminished. The cause of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the School District's performance, demographic and socioeconomic factors and willingness of the community to support the School District.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, all activities of the School District are classified as governmental. Most of the School District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, operation of food service and extracurricular activities.

## **Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds**

## Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the School District's major funds begins on page 9. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant funds. The School District's major governmental fund is the general fund.

**Governmental Funds** Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at fiscal year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 Unaudited

#### The School District as a Whole

Recall that the statement of Net Position provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's Net Position for 2020 compared to 2019:

#### Net Position (Table 1) Governmental Activities

	2020	2019	Change
Assets			
Current and Other Assets	\$39,541,490	\$38,696,094	\$845,396
Capital Assets, Net	11,611,824	11,481,682	130,142
Total Assets	51,153,314	50,177,776	975,538
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>			
Pension	6,096,175	8,690,765	(2,594,590)
OPEB	570,608	364,646	205,962
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	6,666,783	9,055,411	(2,388,628)
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities	2,297,864	2,302,669	(4,805)
Long-Term Liabilities			
Due within One Year	211,957	319,106	(107,149)
Due in More than One Year:			
Net Pension Liability	31,348,149	31,103,341	244,808
Net OPEB Liability	2,919,238	1,397,826	1,521,412
Other Amounts	3,670,298	3,777,005	(106,707)
Total Liabilities	40,447,506	38,899,947	1,547,559
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Property Taxes	19,106,263	19,703,275	(597,012)
Pension	1,954,686	2,467,809	(513,123)
OPEB	3,151,635	3,190,754	(39,119)
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	24,212,584	25,361,838	(1,149,254)
Net Position			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	11,073,538	10,734,474	339,064
Restricted	852,968	1,700,789	(847,821)
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(18,766,499)	(17,463,861)	(1,302,638)
Total Net Position	(\$6,839,993)	(\$5,028,598)	(\$1,811,395)

The net pension liability (NPL) is the largest single liability reported by the School District at June 30, 2020 and is reported pursuant to GASB Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27." The School District also adopted GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions," which significantly revises accounting for costs and liabilities related to other postemployment benefits (OPEB). For reasons discussed below, many end users of this

Mahoning County, Ohio

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 Unaudited

financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the School District's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB 45) focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's *net pension liability* or *net OBEP liability*. GASB 68 and GASB 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

GASB 68 and GASB 75 require the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to equal the School District's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service.
- 2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits.

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the School District is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio Revised Code permits but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan as against the public employer. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required

Mahoning County, Ohio

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 Unaudited

payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, the School District's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability and net OPEB liability, respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

Total liabilities increased by \$1,547,559 due to the net OPEB asset being included as an asset this year. By comparing assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, one can see the overall position of the School District has decreased as evidenced by the decrease in net position of \$1,811,395.

Table 2 shows the changes in Net Position for fiscal year 2020.

# Table 2Change in Net Position

Governmental Activities

			Increase
_	2020	2019	(Decrease)
Revenues			
Program Revenues			
Charges for Services and Sales	\$947,217	\$1,195,355	(\$248,138)
Operating Grants and Contributions	1,196,264	1,075,246	121,018
Capital Grants and Contributions	9,000	26,350	(17,350)
Total Program Revenues	2,152,481	2,296,951	(144,470)
General Revenues			
Property Taxes	20,728,260	19,763,722	964,538
Intergovernmental	8,338,685	9,012,398	(673,713)
Investment Earnings	357,124	379,099	(21,975)
Miscellaneous	121,194	109,657	11,537
Total General Revenues	29,545,263	29,264,876	280,387
Total Revenues	31,697,744	31,561,827	135,917
Program Expenses			
Instruction	21,375,025	16,615,977	(4,759,048)
Support Services	10,124,978	9,252,683	(872,295)
Operation of Non-Instructional/Food Service	1,078,629	1,057,124	(21,505)
Extracurricular Activities	911,738	1,031,662	119,924
Interest and Fiscal Charges	18,769	9,018	(9,751)
Total Program Expenses	33,509,139	27,966,464	(5,542,675)
Change in Net Position	(1,811,395)	3,595,363	(5,406,758)
Net Position Beginning of Year	(5,028,598)	(8,623,961)	3,595,363
Net Position End of Year	(\$6,839,993)	(\$5,028,598)	(\$1,811,395)

Mahoning County, Ohio

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 Unaudited

#### **Governmental Activities**

The School District has carefully planned its financial existence by forecasting its revenues and expenses over the next five fiscal years. Although the School District relies heavily upon local property taxes to support its operations, the School District does actively solicit and receive additional grant and entitlement funds to help offset some operating costs. Approximately 67 percent of the School District's budget is used to fund instructional expenses. Additional supporting services for pupils, staff and business operations encompass 31 percent. The remaining amount of program expenses, 2 percent, is budgeted to pay for other obligations of the School District such as interest and fiscal charges, the food service program and numerous extracurricular activities.

As one can see, the reliance upon local tax revenues for governmental activities is crucial. The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property taxes and grants and entitlements. These two revenue sources represent 92 percent of total governmental revenue. Total revenues increased \$135,197 while expenses increased \$5.5 million. The effects of GASB 68 and 75 greatly distort this comparative analysis due to the significant impact changes made to cost of living adjustments enacted by the state pension board had on the District's share of the total pension/OPEB liability.

The Statement of Activities shows the total net cost of program services. Table 3 shows the total cost of services for governmental activities and the net cost of those services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State entitlements.

Total and their cost of Frogram bervices					
	2020		2019		
	Total Cost	Net Cost	Total Cost	Net Cost	
	of Services	of Services	of Services	of Services	
Program Expenses					
Instruction	\$21,375,025	\$20,686,083	\$16,615,977	\$15,966,013	
Support Services	10,124,978	9,149,043	9,252,683	8,150,909	
Operation of Non-Instructional					
and Food Services	1,078,629	601,552	1,057,124	833,560	
Extracurricular Activities	911,738	901,211	1,031,662	710,013	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	18,769	18,769	9,018	9,018	
Total Expenditures	\$33,509,139	\$31,356,658	\$27,966,464	\$25,669,513	

# Table 3 Total and Net Cost of Program Services

The table above reflects how the District funds its programs through program revenues. Instructional services, support services, co-curricular activities, and interest charges rely heavily on general revenues, while non-instructional and food services were partially funded by program revenues during the fiscal year. The large increase in instructional and support services is the byproduct of GASB 68 and 75 as previously discussed. To gain a better understanding of operations, please refer to the fund analysis on the next following pages.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 Unaudited

#### The School District's Funds

Information regarding the School District's major funds begins on page 15. These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total revenues of \$31,800,571, excluding other financing sources, to offset expenditures of \$32,093,337. The net change in fund balance for the year was most significant in the general fund, which increased by \$554,031.

Within the general fund revenues increased by \$331,289, and expenditures also increased by \$625,547 from the prior year, however revenues continue to exceed expenditures, resulting in the overall increase to fund balance. Prior to the passage of the 5.9 mill, five-year current operating expense levy in 2013, District expenditures outpaced revenues within the general fund. For fiscal year 2020, revenues exceeded expenditures by \$554,031.

As one can see from the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -Governmental Funds, property taxes are the largest revenue source, accounting for nearly 66 percent of total governmental revenue. Clearly, the community is the greatest source of financial support for the students of the Canfield Local School District.

## General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant fund to be budgeted is the main operating fund of the School, the General fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2020, the School District amended its original budget as needed. The School District uses an operational unit budget process and has in place systems that are designed to tightly control expenses but provide flexibility for program based decision and management.

For the general fund, actual revenue nearly equaled the final estimate. Actual expenditures of \$28,422,580 were \$267,070 less than original appropriations and final appropriations.

## **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

## Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2020, the School District had \$11,611,824 invested in land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture, fixtures and equipment and vehicles.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 Unaudited

Table 4 shows fiscal year 2020 balances compared to fiscal year 2019:

# Table 4 Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

	2020	2019
Land	\$441,370	\$441,370
Construction in Progress	116,284	152,804
Land Improvements	762,011	0
Buildings and Improvements	8,758,918	9,146,729
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	458,751	483,080
Vehicles	1,074,490	1,257,699
Total	\$11,611,824	\$11,481,682

All capital assets, except land, are reported net of depreciation. As one can see, an overall increase in capital assets of \$130,142 occurred during the fiscal year. The majority of this increase is due to capital outlays of \$871,785 exceeding annual depreciation of \$738,406 and net deletions of \$3,237. For more information about the School District's capital assets, see Note 8 to the basic financial statements.

## Debt

Table 5 summarizes the School District's long-term obligations outstanding at fiscal year end.

Table 5				
Outstanding Debt at Year End				
2020 2019				
2017 Bus Acquisition Note	\$0	\$119,208		
2019 Stadium Improvement Note	538,286	628,000		
Total	\$538,286	\$747,208		

The 2018 bus acquisition note was issued to finance the cost of new busses for the District. The 2019 stadium improvement note was issued to finance synthetic turf and other improvements at the high school stadium. For more information about the School District's debt, see Note 11 to the basic financial statements.

## **Current Financial Issues**

The Canfield Local School District has continued to maintain a high level of service to our students, parents and community. This has been accomplished while maintaining an average cost per pupil well below the state average. The Board of Education and administration closely monitor its revenue and expenditures in accordance with its financial forecast and are working diligently to make sure tax dollars are being used efficiently and effectively.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 Unaudited

However, this report has been prepared during a period of substantial economic volatility and uncertainty due to the novel coronavirus ("COVID-19") which has resulted in a worldwide pandemic. As unprecedented events continue to unfold on a daily basis it is extremely difficult to ascertain the long-term financial implications to the Canfield Local School District. Most immediate has been statewide revenue cuts. These have only been partially offset through federal grants and the cuts are expected to continue into the future. We will continue our practice of being prudent and frugal in the use of our limited resources while seeking new ways of obtaining grants and other funds.

The School District is very grateful to the community for their continued financial support which will now be needed more than ever to help toward reaching the District's vision to create an educational environment which challenges each student to achieve at the highest potential, leading to top 10 rankings in Ohio by 2022.

## **Contacting the School District's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Patricia L. Prince, Treasurer, Canfield Local School District, 100 Wadsworth Street, Canfield, Ohio 44406 or email at pprince@canfieldschools.net.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

AssetsEquity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents\$17,019,679Accounts Receivable72,533Accounts Receivable72,533Property Taxes Receivable20,822,279Inventory Held for Resale22,886Materials and Supplies Inventory65,201Net OPEB Asset1,837,986Nondepreciable Capital Assets557,654Depreciable Capital Assets, Net11,054,170Total Assets6,096,175Other Postemployment Benefits570,608Total Deferred Outflows of Resources6,666,783Liabilities45,449Accounts Payable45,449Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable31,705Accrued Interest Payable31,705Accrued Interest Payable31,961Due In More Than One Year:211,957Due In More Than One Year:19,106,263Pension1,954,686Other Postemployment Benefits Liability2,919,238Other Postemployment Benefits Liability2,919,238Other Postemployment Benefits Liability2,919,238Other Amounts Due in More than One Year3,670,288Property Taxes1,964,686Other Postemployment Benefits3,196,133,14,633Total Liabilities40,447,506Deferred Inflows of Resources24,212,584Net Position1,954,686Other Postemployment Benefits3,196,333Total Liabilities1,073,538Pesticit On:26,530Capital Projects365,530Debit Service173,186<	- /	Governmental Activities
Accured Interest Receivable10.926Accounts Receivable72.533Property Taxes Receivable20.522.279Inventory Held for Resale22.886Materials and Supplies Inventory55.201Net OPEB Asset1.837,986Nondepreciable Capital Assets557.654Depreciable Capital Assets, Net11.054,170Total Assets51.163,314Deferred Outflows of Resources6.096,175Pension6.096,175Other Postemployment Benefits570.608Total Deferred Outflows of Resources6.666,783Liabilities45,449Accurued Wages and Benefits Payable1.859,023Intergovernmental Payable31.705Accurued Interest Payable31.96Long-Term Liabilities:211.957Due In More Than One Year:211.957Due In More Than One Year:1.9106,283Persion3.1705Other Postemployment Benefits Liability2.919,238Other Postemployment Benefits3.131,348,149Other Postemployment Benefits3.151,655Deferred Inflows of Resources24.212,584Net Persion Liabilities40,447,506Deferred Inflows of Resources24.212,584Net Postemployment Benefits3.151,655Total Liabilities40,447,506Deferred Inflows of Resources24.212,584Net Postemployment Benefits3.151,655Total Liabilities40,447,506Deferred Inflows of Resources23.894Instructional Materials and Supplies:3	Assets	¢17.010.670
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Long-Term Liabilities: Due Within One Year211,957Due In More Than One Year: Net Pension Liability31,348,149Other Postemployment Benefits Liability2,919,238Other Amounts Due in More than One Year3,670,298Total Liabilities40,447,506Deferred Inflows of Resources19,106,263Pension1,984,686Other Postemployment Benefits3,151,635Total Deferred Inflows of Resources24,212,584Net Position11,073,538Net Investment in Capital Assets11,073,538Restricted for: Capital Projects365,530Debt Service173,186Other Purposes231,894Instructional Materials and Supplies: Expendable7,306 NonexpendableVerstricted (Deficit)(18,766,499)	Matured Compensated Absences Payable	31,705
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Capital Projects365,530Debt Service173,186Other Purposes231,894Instructional Materials and Supplies:7,306Expendable7,306Nonexpendable75,052Unrestricted (Deficit)(18,766,499)		,,500
Debt Service173,186Other Purposes231,894Instructional Materials and Supplies:7,306Expendable7,306Nonexpendable75,052Unrestricted (Deficit)(18,766,499)		365 530
Other Purposes231,894Instructional Materials and Supplies:7,306Expendable7,306Nonexpendable75,052Unrestricted (Deficit)(18,766,499)		
Instructional Materials and Supplies:7,306Expendable75,052Nonexpendable75,052Unrestricted (Deficit)(18,766,499)		
Expendable7,306Nonexpendable75,052Unrestricted (Deficit)(18,766,499)	-	201,004
Nonexpendable75,052Unrestricted (Deficit)(18,766,499)		7 306
Unrestricted (Deficit) (18,766,499)	-	
Total Net Position (\$6,839,993)		(18,100,499)
	Total Net Position	(\$6,839,993)

Mahoning County, Ohio

# Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

			Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
-	Expenses	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
<b>Governmental Activities</b>					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular	\$16,813,165	\$138,502	\$180,698	\$0	(\$16,493,965)
Special	4,374,151	11,016	358,726	0	(4,004,409)
Vocational	187,709	0	0	0	(187,709)
Support Services:					
Pupils	1,620,533	0	175,364	0	(1,445,169)
Instructional Staff	839,342	0	97,609	0	(741,733)
Board of Education	67,538	0	0	0	(67,538)
Administration	2,198,029	0	118,072	0	(2,079,957)
Fiscal	649,303	0	0	0	(649,303)
Business	90,269	0	0	0	(90,269)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,462,539	577,690	0	0	(1,884,849)
Pupil Transportation	2,116,711	0	0	0	(2,116,711)
Central	80,714	0	7,200	0	(73,514)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	1,078,629	220,009	257,068	0	(601,552)
Extracurricular Activities	911,738	0	1,527	9,000	(901,211)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	18,769	0	0	0	(18,769)
Total Governmental Activities	\$33,509,139	\$947,217	\$1,196,264	\$9,000	(31,356,658)

#### **General Revenues**

Property Taxes Levied for:	
General Purposes	20,082,322
Debt Service	113,718
Capital Outlay	532,220
Grants and Entitlements not	
Restricted to Specific Programs	8,338,685
Investment Earnings	357,124
Miscellaneous	121,194
Total General Revenues	29,545,263
Change in Net Position	(1,811,395)
Net Position (Deficit) Beginning of Year	(5,028,598)
Net Position (Deficit) End of Year	(\$6,839,993)

Mahoning County, Ohio

## Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

		Other Governmental	Total Governmental
	General	Funds	Funds
Assets			
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$16,138,406	\$881,273	\$17,019,679
Accrued Interest Receivable	10,926	0	10,926
Accounts Receivable	15,234	57,299	72,533
Property Taxes Receivable	19,882,288	639,991	20,522,279
Inventory Held for Resale	0	22,886	22,886
Materials and Supplies Inventory	52,450	2,751	55,201
Total Assets	\$36,099,304	\$1,604,200	\$37,703,504
Liabilities			
Accounts Payable	\$0	\$45,449	\$45,449
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	1,832,814	26,209	1,859,023
Intergovernmental Payable	354,504	3,987	358,491
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	31,705	0	31,705
Total Liabilities	2,219,023	75,645	2,294,668
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Property Taxes	18,510,702	595,561	19,106,263
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	396,287	13,229	409,516
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	18,906,989	608,790	19,515,779
Fund Balances			
Nonspendable	52,450	76,377	128,827
Restricted	0	829,085	829,085
Committed	11,000	14,303	25,303
Assigned	1,331,800	0	1,331,800
Unassigned	13,578,042	0	13,578,042
Total Fund Balances	14,973,292	919,765	15,893,057
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of			
Resources and Fund Balances	\$36,099,304	\$1,604,200	\$37,703,504

Mahoning County, Ohio

## Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$15,893,057
Amounts reported for governmental activitie statement of net position are different beca		
Capital assets used in governmental activities resources and therefore are not reported in		11,611,824
Other long-term assets are not available to pa period expenditures and therefore are repo unavailable revenue in the funds.	-	
Property Taxes		409,516
The net pension and OPEB liabilities are not d in the current period and, therefore, are not Deferred Outflows - Pension Deferred Inflows - Pension Net Pension Liability Deferred Outflows - OPEB Deferred Inflows - OPEB OPEB Asset OPEB Liability		
Total		(30,868,939)
In the statement of net position, interest is acc loans, whereas in governmental funds an interest expenditure is reported when du	-	(3,196)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable period and therefore are not reported in the Long-Term Notes Compensated Absences		
Total		(3,882,255)
Net Position of Governmental Activities		(\$6,839,993)

Mahoning County, Ohio

#### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	General	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues			
Property Taxes	\$20,181,819	\$649,268	\$20,831,087
Tuition and Fees	149,518	0	149,518
Interest	347,586	9,538	357,124
Charges for Services	0	562,978	562,978
Extracurricular Activities	8,024	211,985	220,009
Rentals	14,712	0	14,712
Contributions and Donations	10,369	32,864	43,233
Intergovernmental	8,250,256	1,250,460	9,500,716
Miscellaneous	28,059	93,135	121,194
Total Revenues	28,990,343	2,810,228	31,800,571
Expenditures			
Current:			
Instruction:			
Regular	15,006,499	455,720	15,462,219
Special	3,728,443	359,881	4,088,324
Vocational	169,685	000,001	169,685
Support Services:	100,000	Ŭ	100,000
Pupils	1,474,388	99,371	1,573,759
Instructional Staff	699,727	87.054	786,781
Board of Education	67,538	01,004	67,538
Administration	1,904,176	107,703	2,011,879
Fiscal	633,536	11,766	645,302
Business	89,460	0	89,460
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,109,703	229,144	2,338,847
Pupil Transportation	1,850,634	32,519	1,883,153
Central	68,359	7,200	75,559
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	0	945,029	945,029
Extracurricular Activities	634,164	220,442	854,606
Capital Outlay	0	871,785	871,785
Debt Service:	0	011,100	011,100
Principal Retirement	0	208,922	208,922
Interest and Fiscal Charges	0	20,489	20,489
interest and i ison enarges			
<i>Total Expenditures</i>	28,436,312	3,657,025	32,093,337
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	554,031	(846,797)	(292,766)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	0	3,100	3,100
Transfers In	0	366,653	366,653
Transfers Out	0	(366,653)	(366,653)
Thisiers out	Ū	(000,000)	(000,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0	3,100	3,100
Net Change in Fund Balances	554,031	(843,697)	(289,666)
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	14,419,261	1,763,462	16,182,723
Fund Balances End of Year	\$14,973,292	\$919,765	\$15,893,057

Mahoning County, Ohio

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		(\$289,666)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlay and capital donations in the current period. Capital Outlay Current Year Depreciation	871,785 (738,406)	
Total		133,379
The net effect of various transactions involving capital assets (i.e.; disposals, sales and donations) is a reduction in net position. Assets Disposed Accumulated Depreciation on Disposals	(916,304) 913,067	
Total		(3,237)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Property Taxes		(102,827)
Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows. Pension OPEB		
Total		2,481,866
Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in net pension/OPEB liability are reported as pension/OPEB expenses statement of activities. Pension OPEB		
Total		(4,246,486)
Repayment of long-term debt and loan principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.		208,922
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Accrued Interest on Bonds	1	1,720
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		4,934
-		
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		(\$1,811,395)
See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements		

Mahoning County, Ohio

#### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Revenues	<b>*</b> 10 <b>555</b> 005	<b>*</b> 10 / <b>F</b> 0 /00	<b>*</b> 10 450 400	<b>*</b> 0
Property Taxes	\$19,755,985	\$19,459,429	\$19,459,429	\$0
Tuition and Fees Interest	150,487	148,228	148,228	0 0
Rentals	358,311 14,759	352,932 14,537	352,932 14,537	0
Intergovernmental	8,377,651	8,251,894	8,251,894	0
Miscellaneous	2,407	2,372	2,634	262
Miscellatieous	2,401	2,012	2,004	202
Total Revenues	28,659,600	28,229,392	28,229,654	262
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	15,045,240	15,045,240	15,024,951	20,289
Special	3,725,790	3,725,790	3,712,209	13,581
Vocational	183,120	183,120	177,069	6,051
Support Services:	1 400 200	1 400 200	1 407 020	0 161
Pupils Instructional Staff	1,499,200 727,130	1,499,200 727,130	1,497,039 691,516	2,161 35,614
Board of Education	69.090	69,090	67,538	1,552
Administration	1,899,855	1,899,855	1,860,002	39,853
Fiscal	635,745	635,745	633,107	2,638
Business	113,500	113,500	89,460	24,040
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,161,540	2,161,540	2,101,067	60,473
Pupil Transportation	1,861,325	1,861,325	1,841,977	19,348
Central	68,465	68,465	67,946	519
Extracurricular Activities	699,650	699,650	658,699	40,951
Total Expenditures	28,689,650	28,689,650	28,422,580	267,070
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(30,050)	(460,258)	(192,926)	267,332
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	0	16,577	16,577	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0	16,577	16,577	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	(30,050)	(443,681)	(176,349)	267,332
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	16,265,345	16,265,345	16,265,345	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$16,235,295	\$15,821,664	\$16,088,996	\$267,332

Mahoning County, Ohio

## Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2020

	Private Purpose Trust	
	Scholarship	Agency
Assets		
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$39,308	\$93,443
Liabilities		
Due to Students	0	\$93,443
<b>Net Position</b> Held in Trust for Scholarships	\$39,308	

Mahoning County, Ohio

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Private Purpose Trust Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Scholarship
Additions Interest	\$1,218
	ψ1,210
Deductions Scholarships Awarded	1,750
-	
Change in Net Position	(532)
Net Position Beginning of Year	39,840
Net Position End of Year	\$39,308

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

#### Note 1 - Description of the School District and Reporting Entity

The Canfield Local School District (the "School District") is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio.

The School District operates under a locally-elected five member Board form of government. Each member is elected to a four-year term. The School District provides educational services as mandated by state and/or federal agencies. The Board of Education controls the School District's four instructional support facilities staffed by 140 non-certificated and 177 certified teaching personnel and 9 administrators who provide services to students and other community members.

The School District is located in Canfield Ohio, Mahoning County. The average daily membership for the School District during the 2020 fiscal year was 2,598. The School District operates two elementary schools (K-4), one middle school (5-8), and one high school (9-12).

## **Reporting Entity**

A reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure that the basic financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the School District consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For Canfield Local School District, this includes the agencies and departments that provide the following services: general operations, food service and student related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. There are no component units of the Canfield Local School District.

The School District participates in two jointly governed organizations and one public entity risk pool. These organizations are the Area Cooperative Computerized Educational Service System Council of Governments, the Mahoning County Career and Technical Center and the Mahoning County Schools Employee Insurance Consortium. These organizations are presented in Notes 16 and 17 to the basic financial statements.

## Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

## A. Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

**Government-wide Financial Statements** The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The activity of the internal service fund is eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses. These statements usually distinguish between those activities of the School District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type. The School District, however, has no business-type activities.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the School District at fiscal year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

**Fund Financial Statements** During the year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

## **B.** Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

**Governmental Funds** Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The following is the School District's major governmental fund:

**General Fund** The general fund is the operating fund of the School District and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources, whose use is restricted, committed or assigned to a particular purpose.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

**Fiduciary Fund Types** Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the School District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the School District's own programs. The School District's only trust fund is a private purpose trust fund. The money in the fund is used to grant college scholarships to certain eligible students of the School District. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The School District's agency funds account for student activities.

## C. Measurement Focus

**Government-wide Financial Statements** The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net position. The statement of activities presents increases (e.g. revenues) and decreases (e.g. expenditures) in total net position.

**Fund Financial Statements** All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and deferred outflows of resources and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, the internal service fund is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of this fund are included on the statement of net position. The statement of changes in fund net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the School District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its internal service fund.

The private purpose trust fund is accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus.

## D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements and the statements for the proprietary and fiduciary funds are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual bases of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred inflows/outflows of resources and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

**Revenues** - **Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions** Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal values, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, fees and rentals.

The entitlement value of donated commodities received during the year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances as an expenditure with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue.

**Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources** In addition to assets, the statements of net position and balance sheets will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the District, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the government-wide statement of net position for pension and OPEB. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB are explained in Notes 11 and 12.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of net position and balance sheets report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the District, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, pension, OPEB and unavailable revenue. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2021, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2020 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the District unavailable revenue includes delinquent property taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are reported on the government-wide of statement of net position (see Notes 11 and 12).

*Expenses/Expenditures* On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

## E. Budgetary Data

All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution and the certificate of estimated resources, which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at the fund level. The Treasurer has been given authority to allocate board appropriations to the function and object levels within each fund.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original and final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the certificate when the original and final appropriations were passed by the Board of Education.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

## F. Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, all cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the School District's records. Interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the financial statements.

During fiscal year 2020, investments were limited to certificates of deposit, money market accounts, and STAR Ohio.

STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 79' "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The District measures their investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides a NAV per share that approximates fair value.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

For fiscal year 2020, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$25 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$50 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business days(s), but only to the \$50 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, identified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2020 amounted to \$347,586, a negative \$3,595 of which was assigned from other School District funds.

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents.

## G. Inventory

Inventories are presented at cost on a first-in, first-out basis and are expended/expensed when used. Inventories consist of materials and supplies held for consumption and donated and purchased food held for resale.

## H. Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change in nature or normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either externally imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. See Note 15 for additional information regarding set asides.

## I. Capital Assets

The School District's only capital assets are general capital assets. General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary fund. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. The School District was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of assets by backtrending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the asset to be capitalized and using an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year.) Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition value as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of two thousand five hundred dollars. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets, except land, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Description	Estimated Lives
Land Improvements	10 years
Buildings and Improvements	45 years
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	5 - 10 years
Vehicles	10 years

## J. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the School District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the School District has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at fiscal year end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the School District's termination policy. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for classified and certified employees and administrators after ten years of service.

## K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current fiscal year. Bonds and long-term notes are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due. Net pension/OPEB liability should be recognized in the governmental funds to the extent that benefit payments are due and payable and the pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is not sufficient for payment of those benefits.

## L. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between all other elements in a statement of financial position. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position restricted for other purposes include operation of instructional services, food service operations and extracurricular activities.

The School District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net positions are available.

## M. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

**Nonspendable** The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of loans receivable, as well as property acquired for resale, unless the use of the proceeds from the collection of those receivables or from the sale of those properties is restricted, committed, or assigned.

**Restricted** Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

**Committed** The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the District Board of Education. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

**Assigned** Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the District Board of Education, which may be expressed by a motion but need not be passed by formal action, such as a Board Resolution.

**Unassigned** Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

## N. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

## **O.** Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net positon have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB systems report investments at fair value.

## P. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

## Note 3 – Change in Accounting Principles

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) recently issued GASB Statement No. 95, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance*. The District evaluated implementing these certain GASB pronouncements based on the guidance in GASB 95.

For fiscal year 2020, the District implemented the Governmental Accounting Standards Board's (GASB) Statement No. 90, "Majority Equity Interest—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14 and No. 61" and *Implementation Guide No. 2018-1*. These changes were incorporated in the School District's 2020 financial statements; however, there was no effect on beginning net position/fund balance.

GASB Statement No. 90, Majority Equity Interest - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14 and No. 61, aims to improve the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units.

## Note 4 - Budgetary Basis of Accounting

While the School District is reporting its financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual presented for the General Fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP (modified accrual) basis are as follows:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget) as opposed to when the fund liability is incurred (GAAP).

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget) rather than restricted, committed or assigned fund balances (GAAP).
- 4. \*Certain funds have legally separate adopted budgets (budget) but are included in the General Fund (GAAP).

\*As part of Governmental Accounting Standards Board No. 54 "Fund Balance Reporting", certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the General fund on a GAAP basis. These include the public school support, community television and underground storage special revenue funds.

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements for the general fund.

Net Change in Fund Balance	
GAAP Basis	\$554,031
Net Adjustment for Revenue Accruals	(748,941)
Net Adjustment for Funds Budgeted as Special Revenue	4,829
Net Adjustment for Expenditure Accruals	13,732
Adjustment for Encumbrances	0
Budget Basis	(\$176,349)

## Note 5 - Deposits and Investments

Monies held by the School District are classified by State statute into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the School District treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies held by the School District can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to payment of principal and interest by the United States;

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in securities listed above;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio or Ohio local governments;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 8. Commercial paper and bankers acceptances if training requirements have been met.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions.

At year end, the District had \$842 in undeposited cash on hand which is included as part of "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents."

#### Deposits

At June 30, 2020, the carrying value amount of all the District's deposits was \$16,841,073. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investments Risk Disclosures", as of June 30, 2020, \$14,955,855 of the District's bank balance of \$17,965,855 was exposed to custodial risk as described below. \$3,010,000 was covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

#### Investments

As of June 30, 2020, the School District had the following investments. All investments are in an internal investment pool.

	Fair Value	Maturity
STAR Ohio	\$310,515	6 months or less

STAR Ohio is measured at net asset value per share.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

**Interest Rate Risk** As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses caused by rising interest rates, the School District's investment policy requires that operating funds be invested primarily in short-term investments maturing within one year from the date of purchase and that the School District's investment portfolio be structured so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations and/or long-term debt payments. The stated intent of the policy is to avoid the need to sell securities prior to maturity.

**Credit Risk** STAR Ohio carries a rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's. Ohio law requires that STAROhio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The School District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

**Custodial Credit Risk** For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the School District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The School District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee.

**Concentration of Credit Risk** The School District places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. The following is the School District's allocation as of June 30, 2020:

Investment	Percent of Total
STAR Ohio	100.00%

#### Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Position

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the footnote above to cash and investments as reported on the Statement of Net position as of June 30, 2020:

Cash and Investments per Note I	ash and Investments per Note Disclosure Cash and Investments per Statement o		t of Net Position
Carrying amount of deposits	\$16,841,073	<b>Governmental Activities</b>	\$17,019,679
Investments	310,515	Private Purpose Trust Fund	39,308
Cash on Hand	842	Agency Fund	93,443
Total	\$17,152,430	=	\$17,152,430

#### Note 6 - Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the school district fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the school district in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property and public utility property located in the School District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar 2020 represent collections of calendar year 2019 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2020 were levied after April 1, 2019, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2019, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar 2020 represents collections of calendar year 2019 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2019 became a lien December 31, 2017, were levied after April 1, 2019 and are collected in 2020 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The District receives property taxes from Mahoning County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2020, are available to finance fiscal year 2020 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property and public utility property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2020 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflows of resources – property taxes.

The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2020 was \$975,299 in the general fund, \$5,032 in the bond retirement debt service fund, and \$26,169 in the permanent improvement capital projects fund.

On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis the revenue has been made unavailable.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2020 taxes were collected are:

	2019 Second Half Collections		2020 Fir Half Collec	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Agricultural/Residential and Other Real Estate	\$613,147,820	97.62 %	\$616,655,690	97.52 %
Public Utility Personal	14,962,700	2.38	15,653,220	2.48
Total	\$628,110,520	100.00 %	\$632,308,910	100.00 %
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$59.80		\$59.80	

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

#### Note 7 – Fund Balances

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the government funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

	Nonmajor		
Fund Balances	General	Governmental	Total
Nonspendable:			
Inventory	\$52,450	\$2,751	\$55,201
Permanent Fund Principal	0	73,626	73,626
Total Nonspendable	52,450	76,377	128,827
Restricted for:			
Food Service Operations	0	90,754	90,754
Athletics & Music	0	102,818	102,818
Auxiliary Services	0	7,577	7,577
Student Achievement	0	9,246	9,246
Student Wellness	0	90,007	90,007
Debt Service Payments	0	170,853	170,853
Capital Improvements	0	357,830	357,830
Total Restricted	0	829,085	829,085
Committed to:			
College Scholarships	0	14,303	14,303
Underground Storage	11,000	0	11,000
Total Committed	11,000	14,303	25,303
Assigned to:			
Other Purposes	1,331,800	0	1,331,800
Unassigned	13,578,042	0	13,578,042
Total Fund Balances	\$14,973,292	\$919,765	\$15,893,057

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

### Note 8 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, was as follows:

	Balance 6/30/19	Additions	Reductions	Balance 6/30/20
Governmental Activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$441,370	\$0	\$0	\$441,370
Construction in progress	152,804	116,284	(152,804)	116,284
Total capital assets not being depreciated	594,174	116,284	(152,804)	557,654
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Land improvements	751,158	802,117	(751,158)	802,117
Buildings and improvements	24,633,668	0	0	24,633,668
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	3,547,995	69,593	(7,422)	3,610,166
Vehicles	3,749,908	36,595	(157,724)	3,628,779
Total capital assets being depreciated	32,682,729	908,305	(916,304)	32,674,730
Accumulated depreciation:				
Land improvements	(751,158)	(40,106)	751,158	(40,106)
Buildings and improvements	(15,486,939)	(387,811)	0	(15,874,750)
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	(3,064,915)	(93,394)	6,894	(3,151,415)
Vehicles	(2,492,209)	(217,095)	155,015	(2,554,289)
Total accumulated depreciation	(21,795,221)	(738,406) *	913,067	(21,620,560)
Capital assets being depreciated, net	10,887,508	169,899	(3,237)	11,054,170
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$11,481,682	\$286,183	(\$156,041)	\$11,611,824

\* Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$331,643
Special	26,271
Vocational	6,417
Support Services:	
Pupil	15,483
Instructional Staff	477
Administration	11,162
Fiscal	809
Business	809
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	58,045
Pupil Transportation	213,250
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	28,246
Extracurricular	45,794
Total Depreciation Expense	\$738,406

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

#### Note 9 - Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2020, consisted of taxes, accounts (rent, student fees and tuition) and accrued interest. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs and the current fiscal year guarantee of Federal funds. All receivables are expected to be collected within one year.

At June 30, 2020, the School District did not record any intergovernmental receivables.

#### Note 10 - Risk Management

#### A. Property and Liability

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2020, the School District contracted for the following insurance coverage:

Type of Coverage	Coverage
Coverage provided by Liberty Mutual Insurance:	
Property/Boiler and Machinery (\$1,000 deductible)	\$86,921,257
Fleet Insurance (\$1,000 deductible - comprehensive)	1,000,000
(\$1,000 deductible - collision)	
General Liability	
General aggregate	\$2,000,000
Per occurrence	1,000,000
Excess Liability Coverage	
in aggregate	\$5,000,000
Per occurrence	5,000,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years, and there has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from last year.

#### **B.** Workers' Compensation

The School District pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs.

#### C. Employee Medical Benefits

The School District has contracted with the Mahoning County School Employees Insurance Consortium to provide employee medical, prescription drugs, vision and dental benefits. The Mahoning County School Employees Insurance Consortium is a shared risk pool comprised of thirteen Mahoning County school districts. Rates are set through an annual calculation process. The Canfield Local School District pays a monthly contribution, which is placed in a common fund from which claim payments are made for all participating school districts. Claims are paid for all participants regardless of claims flow. The board of directors has the right to return monies to an exiting district subsequent to the settlement of all expenses and claims. The School District pays ninety percent of the monthly medical/surgical premiums, including prescription drug for all

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

employees. Premiums for all groups are \$2,019 for family, \$1,234 for employee and children, \$1,516 for employee and spouse and \$726 for single.

#### Note 11 - Long-term Obligations

The changes in the School District's long-term obligations during fiscal year 2020 were as follows:

	Principal Outstanding 6/30/19	Additions	Deductions	Principal Outstanding 6/30/20	Amounts due in One Year
<b>Governmental-Type Activities</b>				·	
2017 Bus Acquisition Note 2.173%	\$119,208	\$0	(\$119,208)	\$0	\$0
2019 Stadium Imp. Note 2.85%	628,000	0	(89,714)	538,286	89,714
Compensated Absences	3,348,903	105,250	(110,184)	3,343,969	122,243
Total Before Net Pension & OPEB Liability	4,096,111	105,250	(319,106)	3,882,255	211,957
Net Pension Liability:					
STRS	24,571,927	0	(30,831)	24,541,096	0
SERS	6,531,414	275,639	0	6,807,053	0
Total Net Pension Liability	31,103,341	275,639	(30,831)	31,348,149	0
Net OPEB Liability (Asset):					
STRS	(1,795,753)	(42,233)	0	(1,837,986)	0
SERS	3,193,579	0	(274,341)	2,919,238	0
Total Net OPEB Liability	1,397,826	(42,233)	(274,341)	1,081,252	0
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$36,597,278	\$338,656	(\$624,278)	\$36,311,656	\$211,957

The \$357,626, 2018 Bus Acquisition Note issued at 2.173 percent, was issued to finance the cost of purchasing four new busses for the District. The Note matured January 18, 2020 and is backed by the full faith of Canfield Local School District.

The \$628,000, 2019 Stadium Improvement Note issued at 2.85 percent, was issued to finance the cost of purchasing and installing new synthetic turf and other necessary improvements to the high school stadium. The Note matures April 25, 2026 and is backed by the full faith of Canfield Local School District.

The bus acquisition and stadium improvement notes were paid from the bond retirement debt service fund. Compensated absences will be paid from the general fund and the food service special revenue fund.

There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability and net OPEB liability; however, employer pension and OPEB contributions are made from the General Fund. For additional information related to the net pension liability and net OPEB liability see Notes 12 and 13.

The School District's overall legal debt margin was \$57,078,655 with an unvoted debt margin of \$94,023 at June 30, 2020.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Principal and interest requirements to retire the stadium improvement note outstanding at June 30, 2020, are as follows:

	2019 Stadium		
Fiscal year	Improvement Note		
Ending			
June 30,	Principal	Interest	
2021	\$89,714	\$15,341	
2022	89,714	12,784	
2023	89,714	10,227	
2024	89,714	7,671	
2025	89,714	4,114	
2026 - 2029	89,716	2,557	
Total	\$538,286	\$52,694	

#### Note 12 – Defined Benefits Pension Plans

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

#### A. Net Pension Liability/Net OPEB Liability

The net pension liability and the net OPEB liability (asset) reported on the statement of net position represent liabilities to employees for pensions and OPEB, respectively. Pensions/OPEB are a component of exchange transactions-between an employer and its employees-of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions/OPEB are provided to an employee-on a deferred-payment basis-as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) represent the District's proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires funding to come from these employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes pension costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded pension liabilities within 30 years. If the pension amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio Revised Code permits but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a *net OPEB asset* or longterm *net pension/OPEB liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractuallyrequired pension/OPEB contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *intergovernmental payable* on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting. The remainder of this note includes the required pension disclosures. See Note 14 for the required OPEB disclosures.

#### **B. School Employees Retirement System**

<u>Plan Description</u> - District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at <u>www.ohsers.org</u> under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or Before August 1, 2017*	Eligible to Retire on or After August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially Reduced Benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

\* Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.2 percent for the first thirty years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

An individual whose benefit effective date is before April 1, 2019, is eligible for a cost of living adjustment (COLA) on the first anniversary date of the benefit. Beginning April 1, 2018, new benefit recipients must wait until the fourth anniversary of their benefit for COLA eligibility. The COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit. A three-year COLA suspension is in effect for all benefit recipients for the years 2018, 2019, and 2020. Upon resumption of the COLA, it will be indexed to the percentage increase in the CPI-W, not to exceed 2.5 percent and with a floor of 0 percent.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14.0 percent. For fiscal year 2020, the Retirement Board did not allocate any employer contribution to the Health Care Fund.

The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$534,167 for fiscal year 2020. Of this amount \$18,978 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

#### C. State Teachers Retirement System

<u>Plan Description</u> - District licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information, and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at <u>www.strsoh.org</u>.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan, and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. In April 2017, the Retirement Board made the decision to reduce COLA granted on or after July 1, 2017, to 0 percent to preserve the fiscal integrity of the retirement system. Benefit recipients' base benefit and past cost-of living increases are not affected by this change. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

Eligibility changes for DB Plan members who retire with actuarially reduced benefits will be phased in until August 1, 2023, when retirement eligibility will be five years of qualifying service credit and age 60, or 30 years of service credit at any age.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.53 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. The member determines how to allocate the member and employer money among various investment choices offered by STRS. The remaining 4.47 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12 percent of the 14 percent member rate is deposited into the member's DC account and the remaining 2 percent is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age fifty and after termination of employment.

New members who choose the DC plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. New members must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit that apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. The fiscal year 2020 employer and employee contribution rate of 14 percent was equal to the statutory maximum rates. For fiscal year 2020, the full employer contribution was allocated to pension.

The District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$1,876,043 for fiscal year 2020. Of this amount \$313,248 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

## D. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability Prior Measurement Date Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.11404230%	0.11175278%	
Current Measurement Date	0.11376990%	0.11097338%	
Change in Proportionate Share	-0.00027240%	-0.00077940%	
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$6,807,053	\$24,541,096	\$31,348,149
Pension Expense	\$1,083,344	\$3,653,135	\$4,736,479

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	SERS	STRS	Total
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$172,612	\$199,804	\$372,416
Change of Assumptions	0	2,882,825	2,882,825
Change in Proportionate Share	9,830	420,894	430,724
District contributions subsequent to			
the measurement date	534,167	1,876,043	2,410,210
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$716,609	\$5,379,566	\$6,096,175
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$0	\$106,233	\$106,233
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on pension plan investments	87,376	1,199,437	1,286,813
Change in Proportionate Share	8,741	552,899	561,640
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$96,117	\$1,858,569	\$1,954,686

\$2,410,210 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:			
2021	\$196,162	\$1,495,504	\$1,691,666
2022	(153,577)	352,339	198,762
2023	(5,814)	(318,637)	(324,451)
2024	49,554	115,748	165,302
Total	\$86,325	\$1,644,954	\$1,731,279

#### Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2019, are presented below:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal (Level Percent of Payroll)
Investment Rate of Return	7.50 Percent Net of Investment Expense, Including Inflation
COLA or Ad hoc COLA	2.50 Percent
Future Salary Increases, Including Inflation	3.50 Percent to 18.20 Percent
Wage Inflation	3.00 Percent

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age set-back for both males and females. Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries were based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates, and 110 percent of female rates. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined by using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating an arithmetic weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalanced uncorrelated asset classes.

	Target	Long-Term Expected	
Asset Class	Allocation	<b>Real Rate of Return</b>	
Cash	1.00	0.50	%
U.S. Stocks	22.50	4.75	
Non-U.S. Stocks	22.50	7.00	
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50	
Private Equity	10.00	8.00	
Real Assets	15.00	5.00	
Multi-Asset Strategies	10.00	3.00	
Total	100.00	%	

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

**Discount Rate** The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.50 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.50 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate.

	Current		
	1% Decrease Discount Rate 1% Incr		
	(6.50%)	(7.50%)	(8.50%)
District's Proportionate Share of the			
Net Pension Liability	\$9,539,114	\$6,807,053	\$4,515,877

#### Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2019, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50 Percent
Projected Salary Increases	12.50 Percent at Age 20 to 2.50 Percent at Age 65
Investment Rate of Return	7.45 Percent, Net of Investment Expenses, Including Inflation
Discount Rate of Return	7.45 Percent
Payroll Increases	3.00 Percent
Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA)	0 Percent, Effective July 1, 2017

Post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2019 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Asset Class	Target Allocation*	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return **	_
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35	%
International Equity	23.00	7.55	
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00	
Alternatives	17.00	7.09	
Real Estate	10.00	6.00	
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25	_
Total	100.00 %	7.45	%

\*Target weights will be phased in over a 24-month period concluding July 1, 2019.

\*\*10-Year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25 percent and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS Ohio's investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

**Discount Rate** The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.45 percent as of June 30, 2019. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2019. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.45 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2019.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.45 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.45 percent) than the current rate:

	Current		
	1% Decrease (6.45%)	Discount Rate (7.45%)	1% Increase (8.45%)
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$35,864,078	\$24,541,096	\$14,955,612

#### E. Social Security System

Effective, July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the School Employees Retirement System/State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio. As of June 30, 2020, certain members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The District's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

#### Note 13 - Defined Benefit Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Plans

See note 12 for a description of the net OPEB liability (asset).

#### Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For fiscal year 2020, no allocation was made to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2020, this amount was \$19,600. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2020, the District's surcharge obligation was \$71,656.

The surcharge, added to the allocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$71,656 for fiscal year 2020, all of which was reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

#### Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued effective January 1, 2021. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting <u>www.strsoh.org</u> or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

## **OPEB** Liabilities (Asset), **OPEB** Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total OPEB liability (asset) used to calculate the net OPEB liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) was based on the District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) Prior Measurement Date Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	0.11511420%	0.11175278%	
Current Measurement Date	0.11608280%	0.11097338%	
Change in Proportionate Share	0.00096860%	-0.00077940%	
Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$2,919,238	(\$1,837,986)	\$1,081,252
OPEB Expense	\$94,606	(\$584,599)	(\$489,993)

At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	SERS	STRS	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$42,852	\$166,627	\$209,479
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	7,008	0	7,008
Change of Assumptions	213,217	38,634	251,851
Change in Proportionate Share	30,614	0	30,614
District contributions subsequent to			
the measurement date	71,656	0	71,656
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$365,347	\$205,261	\$570,608
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$641,337	\$93,510	\$734,847
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on pension plan investments	0	115,438	115,438
Change of Assumptions	163,585	2,015,136	2,178,721
Change in Proportionate Share	24,161	98,468	122,629
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$829,083	\$2,322,552	\$3,151,635

\$71,656 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:			
2021	(\$162,142)	(\$460,623)	(\$622,765)
2022	(87,328)	(460,623)	(547,951)
2023	(85,274)	(414,357)	(499,631)
2024	(85,606)	(398,124)	(483,730)
2025	(79,644)	(388,097)	(467,741)
Thereafter	(35,398)	4,533	(30,865)
Total	(\$535,392)	(\$2,117,291)	(\$2,652,683)

#### Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2019, are presented below:

Wage Inflation Future Salary Increases, including inflation Investment Rate of Return	3.00 percent 3.50 percent to 18.20 percent 7.50 percent net of investments expense, including inflation
Municipal Bond Index Rate:	
Measurement Date	3.13 percent
Prior Measurement Date	3.62 percent
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense,	
including price inflation	
Measurement Date	3.22 percent
Prior Measurement Date	3.70 percent
Medical Trend Assumption	
Medicare	5.25 to 4.75 percent
Pre-Medicare	7.00 to 4.75 percent

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates and 110 percent of female rates. RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates set back five years.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2010 through 2015 and was adopted by the Board on April 21, 2016. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.50 percent, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

The SERS health care plan follows the same asset allocation and long-term expected real rate of return for each major asset class as the pension plan, see Note 12 for details.

**Discount Rate** The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2019 was 3.22 percent. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2019 was 3.70 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the state statute contribution rate of 1.50 percent of projected covered employee payroll each year, which includes a 1.50 percent payroll surcharge and no contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make future benefit payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2029. However, since SERS' actuaries indicate the fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted at a future measurement date, the single equivalent interest rate is determined as the single rate that will generate a present value of benefit payments equal to the sum of the present value determined by the long-term expected rate of return, and the present value determined by discounting those benefits after the date of depletion by the Fidelity General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index rate of 3.13%, as of June 30, 2019 (i.e., municipal bond rate).

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability of SERS, what SERS' net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.22%) and higher (4.22%) than the current discount rate (3.22%). Also shown is what SERS' net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (6.0% decreasing to 3.75%) and higher (8.0% decreasing to 5.75%) than the current rate.

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(2.22%)	(3.22%)	(4.22%)
District's proportionate share			
of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$3,543,402	\$2,919,238	\$2,422,955
	1% Decrease	<b>Current Trend</b>	1% Increase
	(6.0 %	Rate (7.0%	(8.0 %
	decreasing	decreasing	decreasing
	to 3.75 %)	to 4.75 %)	to 5.75 %)
District's proportionate share			
of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$2,338,901	\$2,919,238	\$3,689,205

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

#### Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2019, actuarial valuation are presented below:

Projected salary increases	12.50 percent at age 20 to 2.50 percent at age 65
Investment Rate of Return	7.45 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Payroll Increases	3 percent
Discount Rate of Return - Current Year	7.45 percent
Health Care Cost Trends:	
Medical	
Pre-Medicare	5.87 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate
Medicare	4.93 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate
Prescription Drug	
Pre-Medicare	7.73 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate
Medicare	9.62 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

Since the prior measurement date, there was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were trended to the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020 to reflect the current price renewals. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2020 from 1.944 percent to 1.984 percent per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1 percent for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021.

The STRS health care plan follows the same asset allocation and long-term expected real rate of return for each major asset class as the pension plan, see Note 13.

**Discount Rate** The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.45 percent as of June 30, 2019. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes STRS continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2019. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care plan investments of 7.45 percent was used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2019.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2019, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45 percent, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.45 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.45 percent) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

		Current	
	1% Decrease	<b>Discount Rate</b>	1% Increase
	(6.45%)	(7.45%)	(8.45%)
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$1,568,355	\$1,837,986	\$2,064,682
		Current	
	1% Decrease	<b>Trend Rate</b>	1% Increase
District's proportionate share			
of the net OPEB asset	\$2,084,191	\$1,837,986	\$1,536,443

#### Note 14 - Other Employee Benefits

#### A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn ten to twenty days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service and hours worked. Teachers do not earn vacation time. Administrators earn twenty days of vacation annually. Accumulated unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment.

Each employee earns sick leave at the rate of one and one-quarter days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated to a maximum of 260 days for all employees. Upon retirement, classified employees, bus drivers and teachers receive payments for fifty percent of the total sick leave accumulation up to a maximum of 60 days. Administrators receive payment for fifty percent of the total sick leave accumulation up to 75 days.

#### B. Life Insurance

The School District provides life insurance to all regular employees. Coverage is equal to the annual salary for administrators, the annual salary for certified employees with a minimum of \$37,000 and a maximum of \$50,000, \$40,000 for non-union classified employees, and \$25,000 for classified employees. Life insurance coverage is provided through American United Life.

#### Note 15 - Set-Asides

The District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

The following cash basis information describes the change in the fiscal year end set aside amount for capital acquisition. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Capital
	Improvements
Set-Aside Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2019	\$0
Current Year Set-Aside Requirement	468,182
Qualifying Disbursements	(1,911,369)
Total	(\$1,443,187)
Set-Aside Balance Carried Forward to	
Future Fiscal Years	\$0

Although the School District had qualifying disbursements during the fiscal year that reduced the setaside amount to below zero for the capital acquisition set-aside, this amount may not be used to reduce the set-aside requirement for future years. This negative balance is therefore not presented as being carried forward to future years.

#### Note 16 - Jointly Governed Organizations

#### A. Area Cooperative Computerized Educational Service System Council of Governments

The Area Cooperative Computerized Educational Service System/ACCESS Assembly (ACCESS) is a consortium of twenty-six school districts in Mahoning and Columbiana Counties, two educational service centers, twenty non-public schools and two Special Education Regional Resource Centers.

The jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of utilizing computers and other electronic equipment for administrative and instructional functions among member districts. These include educational management information system services, fiscal services, library services, network services and student services.

ACCESS is governed by an Assembly, which makes all decisions regarding programs, fees, budget and policy. The Assembly is composed of the Superintendent of each of the member districts. Assembly members may designate proxy attendees at meetings for voting purposes. The Assembly meets twice per year, once in November and once in May. Budgets and fees are discussed at the fall meeting, while the Board of Directors are chosen at the spring meeting.

While the Assembly has overall governance for ACCESS, the Board of Directors is selected to make the majority of the day to day operational decisions. Everything from equipment purchases, contracts, personnel action and financial oversight is handled by the Board. The Board is made up of two superintendents each from both Mahoning and Columbiana counties, and the superintendents from both the Mahoning County and Columbiana County Educational Service Centers. The ACCESS Executive Director and the Treasurer are also part of the Board of Directors but are non-voting members.

All ACCESS revenues are generated from charges for services and State funding. Each of the members supports the ACCESS Assembly based upon a per pupil charge. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the Treasurer, Brian Stidham, at 493 Bev Road, Unit 1, Boardman, Ohio 44512.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

#### **B.** Mahoning County Career and Technical Center

The Mahoning County Career and Technical Center is a political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of the five members of the Mahoning County Educational Service Center Governing Board, representing the eleven local school district's and one representative from each of the two city school districts. During fiscal year 2020, no monies were received from the School District. To obtain financial information write to the Treasurer at the Mahoning County Career and Technical Center, 7300 North Palmyra Road, Canfield, Ohio, 44406.

#### Note 17 - Public Entity Risk Pool

Mahoning County School Employees Insurance Consortium - The Mahoning County School Employees Insurance Consortium is a shared risk pool comprised of thirteen Mahoning County School Districts. The Consortium is governed by an assembly which consists of one representative from each participating school district (usually the superintendent or designee). The assembly exercises control over the operation of the Consortium. All Consortium revenues are generated from charges for services. To obtain the financial information write to Mahoning County School Employees Insurance Consortium, P.O. Box 549, New Middletown, Ohio 44442.

#### Note 18 - Contingencies

#### A. Grants

The District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, the effect of any such disallowed claims on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2020, if applicable, cannot be determined at this time.

#### **B.** Litigation

The School District is not currently party to any legal proceedings.

#### C. School District Foundation

School District foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. The Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to adjust/reconcile funding as enrollment information is updated by schools throughout the State, which can extend past the fiscal year- end. As of the date of this report, additional ODE adjustments for fiscal year 2020 have been finalized, which did not result in a material receivable to, or a liability of, the District.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

#### Note 19 - COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID- 19 pandemic. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the District. The District's investment portfolio and the investments of the pension and other employee benefit plans in which the District participates fluctuate with market conditions, and due to market volatility, the amount of gains or losses that will be recognized in subsequent periods, if any, cannot be determined. In addition, the impact on the District's future operating costs, revenues, and additional recovery from emergency funding, either Federal or State, cannot be estimated.

#### Note 20 – Subsequent Event

On November 3, 2020, the District passed a 1.4 mill, ten-year renewal levy for emergency requirements of the District.

## Canfield Local School District Mahoning County, Ohio

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS) Last Seven Fiscal Years (1)

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.11376990%	0.11404230%	0.11416580%	0.11327500%	0.11091570%	0.11309500%	0.11309500%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$6,807,053	\$6,531,414	\$6,821,154	\$8,290,685	\$6,328,957	\$5,723,674	\$6,725,397
School District's Employee Payroll	\$3,906,519	\$3,712,800	\$3,785,079	\$3,407,350	\$3,166,973	\$3,187,801	\$3,213,890
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Employee Payroll	174.25%	175.92%	180.21%	243.32%	199.84%	179.55%	209.26%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	70.85%	71.36%	69.50%	62.98%	69.16%	71.70%	65.52%

(1) Information prior to 2014 is not available.

Amounts presented as of the District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

## Canfield Local School District Mahoning County, Ohio

# Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) Last Seven Fiscal Years (1)

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.110973380%	0.111752780%	0.114917430%	0.111331250%	0.112751000%	0.108565920%	0.108565920%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$24,541,096	\$24,571,927	\$27,298,882	\$37,265,925	\$31,161,078	\$26,406,989	\$31,455,833
School District's Employee Payroll	\$13,028,707	\$12,704,407	\$12,633,764	\$11,714,186	\$11,763,979	\$11,325,923	\$11,916,166
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Employee Payroll	188.36%	193.41%	216.08%	318.13%	264.89%	233.16%	263.98%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	77.40%	77.30%	75.30%	66.80%	72.10%	74.70%	69.30%

(1) Information prior to 2014 is not available.

Amounts presented as of the District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

Mahoning County, Ohio

#### Required Supplementary Information Schedule of School District Pension Contributions School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2020	2019	2018	2017
Contractually Required Pension Contribution	\$534,167	\$527,380	\$519,792	\$529,911
Pension Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(\$534,167)	(\$527,380)	(\$519,792)	(\$529,911)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
School District Employee Payroll	\$3,815,479	\$3,906,519	\$3,712,800	\$3,785,079
Contributions as a Percentage of Employee Payroll	14.00%	13.50%	14.00%	14.00%

2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
\$477,029	\$417,407	\$441,829	\$444,803	\$427,891	\$465,917
(\$477,029)	(\$417,407)	(\$441,829)	(\$444,803)	(\$427,891)	(\$465,917)
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
\$3,407,350	\$3,166,973	\$3,187,801	\$3,213,890	\$3,181,350	\$3,706,579
14.00%	13.18%	13.86%	13.84%	13.45%	12.57%

Mahoning County, Ohio

#### Required Supplementary Information Schedule of School District Pension Contributions State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2020	2019	2018	2017
Contractually Required Pension Contribution	\$1,876,043	\$1,824,019	\$1,778,617	\$1,768,727
Pension Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(\$1,876,043)	(\$1,824,019)	(\$1,778,617)	(\$1,768,727)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
School District Employee Payroll	\$13,400,307	\$13,028,707	\$12,704,407	\$12,633,764
Contributions on a Demonstration of				
Contributions as a Percentage of Employee Payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%

2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
\$1,639,986	\$1,646,915	\$1,472,370	\$1,549,102	\$1,617,744	\$1,687,246
(\$1,639,986)	(\$1,646,915)	(\$1,472,370)	(\$1,549,102)	(\$1,617,744)	(\$1,687,246)
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
\$0 \$11,714,186	\$0 \$11,763,979	\$0 \$11,325,923	\$0 \$11,916,166	<u>\$0</u> \$12,444,188	\$0 \$12,978,815

Mahoning County, Ohio

#### Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS) Last Four Fiscal Years (1)

	2020	2019	2018	2017
School District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	0.11608280%	0.11511420%	0.11568340%	0.11327500%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$2,919,238	\$3,193,579	\$3,104,639	\$3,297,405
School District's Employee Payroll	\$3,906,519	\$3,712,800	\$3,785,079	\$3,407,350
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Employee Payroll	74.73%	86.02%	82.02%	96.77%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	15.57%	13.57%	12.46%	11.49%

(1) Information prior to 2017 is not available.

Amounts presented as of the District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

Mahoning County, Ohio

#### Required Supplementary Information

## Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS)

Last Four Fiscal Years (1)

	2020	2019	2018	2017
School District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	0.110973380%	0.111752780%	0.114917430%	0.111331250%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	(\$1,837,986)	(\$1,795,753)	\$4,483,654	\$6,145,814
School District's Employee Payroll	\$13,028,707	\$12,704,407	\$12,633,764	\$11,714,186
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Employee Payroll	-14.11%	-14.13%	35.49%	52.46%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability (Asset)	174.74%	176.00%	47.10%	37.30%

(1) Information prior to 2017 is not available.

Amounts presented as of the District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

Mahoning County, Ohio

#### Required Supplementary Information Schedule of School District OPEB Contributions School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2020	2019	2018	2017
Contractually Required OPEB Contribution	\$71,656	\$87,501	\$59,606	\$62,271
OPEB Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(\$71,656)	(\$87,501)	(\$59,606)	(\$62,271)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
School District Employee Payroll	\$3,815,479	\$3,906,519	\$3,712,800	\$3,785,079
Contributions as a Percentage of Employee Payroll	1.88%	2.24%	1.61%	1.65%

2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
\$3,829	\$25,969	\$28,960	\$28,925	\$41,357	\$127,837
(\$3,829)	(\$25,969)	(\$28,960)	(\$28,925)	(\$41,357)	(\$127,837)
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
\$3,407,350	\$3,166,973	\$3,187,801	\$3,213,890	\$3,181,350	\$3,706,579
0.11%	0.82%	0.91%	0.90%	1.30%	3.45%

Mahoning County, Ohio

#### Required Supplementary Information Schedule of School District OPEB Contributions State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2020	2019	2018	2017
Contractually Required OPEB Contribution	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
OPEB Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
School District Employee Payroll	\$13,400,307	\$13,028,707	\$12,704,407	\$12,633,764
Contributions as a Percentage of Employee Payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
\$0	\$0	\$113,259	\$119,162	\$124,442	\$129,788
\$0	\$0	(\$113,259)	(\$119,162)	(\$124,442)	(\$129,788)
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
\$11,714,186	\$11,763,979	\$11,325,923	\$11,916,166	\$12,444,188	\$12,978,815
0.00%	0.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended Iune 30. 2020

#### **Net Pension Liability**

#### **Changes in Assumptions – SERS**

Beginning in fiscal year 2018, an assumption of 2.5 percent was used for COLA or Ad Hoc Cola. Prior to 2018, an assumption of 3 percent was used.

Beginning with fiscal year 2017, amounts reported incorporate changes in assumptions used by SERS in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation. These assumptions compared with those used in fiscal year 2016 and prior are presented below:

	Fiscal Year 2017	Fiscal Year 2016 & Prior
Wage Inflation	3.00 Percent	3.25 Percent
Future Salary Increases, Including Inflation	3.50 Percent to 18.20 Percent	4.00 Percent to 22.00 Percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.50 Percent Net of Investment	7.75 Percent Net of Investment
	Expense, Including Inflation	Expense, Including Inflation

Beginning with fiscal year 2017, mortality assumptions use mortality rates that are based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females. Amounts reported for fiscal year 2016 and prior, use mortality assumptions that are based on the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table set back one year for both men and women. Special mortality tables were used for the period after disability retirement.

#### **Changes in Assumptions - STRS**

Beginning with fiscal year 2018, amounts reported incorporate changes in assumptions and changes in benefit terms used by STRS in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation. These new assumptions compared with those used in fiscal year 2017 and prior are presented below:

	Fiscal Year 2018		
Inflation	2.50 Percent		
Projected Salary Increases	12.50 Percent at Age 20 to 2.50 Percent at Age 65		
Investment Rate of Return	7.45 Percent, Net of Expenses, Including Inflation		
Payroll Increases	3.00 Percent		
Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA)	0 Percent, Effective July 1, 2017		

	Fiscal Year 2017 & Prior		
Inflation	2.75 Percent		
Projected Salary Increases	12.25 Percent at Age 20 to 2.75 Percent at Age 70		
Investment Rate of Return	7.75 Percent, Net of Expenses, Including Inflation		
Payroll Increases	3.50 Percent		
Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA)	2 Percent Simple applied as follows:		
	For Members Retiring Before August 1, 2013		
	3 percent per year.		
	For Members retiring August 1, 2013 or later,		
	2 percent COLA commences on 5th anniversary date		

### Canfield Local School District Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended Iune 30. 2020

Beginning with fiscal year 2018, post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality rates are based on RP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

For fiscal year 2017 and prior actuarial valuation, mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table (Projection 2022—Scale AA) for Males and Females. Males' ages are setback two years through age 89 and no set-back for age 90 and above. Females younger than age 80 are set back four years, one year set back from age 80 through 89, and no set back from age 90 and above.

#### Net OPEB Liability

#### **Changes in Assumptions – SERS**

Amounts reported incorporate changes in key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability as presented below:

Municipal Bond Index Rate:	
Fiscal year 2020	3.13 percent
Fiscal year 2019	3.62 percent
Fiscal year 2018	3.56 percent
Fiscal year 2017	2.92 percent
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment	
expense, including price inflation	
Fiscal year 2020	3.22 percent
Fiscal year 2019	3.70 percent
Fiscal year 2018	3.63 percent
Fiscal year 2017	2.98 percent

#### **Changes in Assumptions – STRS**

For fiscal year 2018, the discount rate was increased from 3.26 percent to 4.13 percent based on the methodology defined under GASB *Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB)* and the long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75 percent to 7.45 percent. Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified. The percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased. The assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal and future health care cost trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs.

For fiscal year 2019, the discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13 percent to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended Iune 30. 2020

#### **Changes in Benefit Terms – STRS OPEB**

For fiscal year 2018, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was reduced from 2.1 percent to 1.9 percent per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 2020.

For fiscal year 2019, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was increased from 1.9 percent to 1.944 percent per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2019 and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020.

For fiscal year 2020, there was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were trended to the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020 to reflect the current price renewals. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2020 from 1.944 percent to 1.984 percent per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1 percent for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021.

## CANFIELD LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT MAHONING COUNTY

## SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Entity Number	Disbursements
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed Through Ohio Department of Education: Child Nutrition Cluster:			
Non-Cash Assistance: National School Lunch Program	10.555	N/A	\$ 68,459
Cash Assistance: COVID-19 National School Lunch Program National School Lunch Program	10.555 10.555	100866-3L60 100866-3L60	24,463 <u>113,612</u> 138,075
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			206,534
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			206,534
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	100866-3M00	201,045 201,045
Special Education Cluster (IDEA) Special Education Grants to States Special Education Preschool Grants Special Education Preschool Grants <i>Total Special Education Grants to States</i>	84.027 84.173 84.173	100866-3M20 MCESC 100866-3C50	493,807 12,942 <u>5,971</u> 512,720
English Language Acquisition Grants Total English Language Acquisition Grants	84.365	MCESC	1,022
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	100866-3HI0	14,993
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants Total Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	100866-3Y60	51,786 51,786
Total U.S. Department of Education			781,566
Totals			\$988,100

The accompanying notes to this schedule are an integral part of this schedule.

#### CANFIELD LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT MAHONING COUNTY

#### NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

## NOTE A – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Canfield Local School District (the District's) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2020. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the District.

## NOTE B – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement.

## NOTE C – INDIRECT COST RATE

The District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

## NOTE D - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the District assumes it expends federal monies first.

#### NOTE E – FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the fair value. The District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.



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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Canfield Local School District Mahoning County 100 Wadsworth Street Canfield, Ohio 44406

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Canfield Local School District, Mahoning County, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 19, 2021, wherein we noted the District referred to the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures that my impact subsequent periods.

## Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinion on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the District's financial statements. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

Canfield Local School District Mahoning County Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* 

Page 2

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the financial statements. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

March 19, 2021



Conference Center, Suite 154 6000 Frank Ave. NW North Canton, OH 44720 EastRegion@ohioauditor.gov (800) 443-9272

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO THE MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Canfield Local School District Mahoning County 100 Wadsworth Street Canfield, Ohio 44406

To the Board of Education:

## Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

We have audited the Canfield Local School District's (the District) compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect the Canfield Local School District's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2020. The *Summary of Auditor's Results* in the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the District's major federal program.

#### Management's Responsibility

The District's Management is responsible for complying with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal program.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the District's compliance for the District's major federal program based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). These standards and the Uniform Guidance require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on the District's major program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Canfield Local School District Mahoning County Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to the Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance Page 2

#### **Opinion on the Major Federal Program**

In our opinion, the Canfield Local School District complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2020.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control over compliance tests and the results of this testing based on Uniform Guidance requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Canfield Local School District Mahoning County Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to the Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance Page 2

### Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have also audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Canfield Local School District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. We issued our unmodified report thereon dated March 19, 2021, wherein we noted the District referred to the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures that may impact subsequent periods. We conducted our audit to opine on the District's basic financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards presents additional analysis required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule is management's responsibility, and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records management used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this schedule to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this schedule directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this schedule is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

March 19, 2021

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#### CANFIELD LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT MAHONING COUNTY

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 JUNE 30, 2020

## 1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies – CFDA #84.010
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 750,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR § 200.520?	Yes

# 2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

## 3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None

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# CANFIELD LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

## MAHONING COUNTY

# AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 4/6/2021

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