City of Defiance, Ohio



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

for the year ended December 31, 2020



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City Council City of Defiance 631 Perry Street Defiance, Ohio 43512

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the City of Defiance, Defiance County, prepared by Julian & Grube, Inc., for the audit period January 1, 2020 through December 31, 2020. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The City of Defiance is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

September 09, 2021



CITY OF DEFIANCE, OHIO COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020
JOHN W. LEHNER
FINANCE DIRECTOR PREPARED BY THE CITY FINANCE DEPARTMENT

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

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CITY OF DEFIANCE, OHIO COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

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City of Defiance | Finance Department

John W. Lehner, Finance Director | jlehner@cityofdefiance.com

July 29, 2021

Honorable Mayor Mike McCann Members of City Council Citizens of Defiance, Ohio

Transmittal Letter

I am pleased to submit the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the City of Defiance, Ohio (the "City") for the year ended December 31, 2020. The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is the official report of the City's operations and financial position for the year, and has been developed for the benefit of Defiance residents and elected officials, investment banks, underwriters and all other interested parties. The financial statements are presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for these representations, the management of the City has established comprehensive internal controls that are designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's comprehensive internal controls have been designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The City is required by State law to have an annual audit performed by the Auditor of State's Office or an independent public accounting firm, if permitted by the Auditor of State. Julian & Grube, Inc. performed the audit for the year ended December 31, 2020, and they have issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion. The Independent Auditor's Report on the City's financial statements is included in the Financial Section of this report.

In addition to the financial audit, a single audit was performed as required by the Single Audit Act Amendment of 1996 and the provisions of Uniform Guidance, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. The single audit report is not included in this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

As part of the City's independent audit, tests are made to determine the adequacy of the internal controls, as well as to determine that the City has complied with applicable laws and regulations. The results of the City's independent audit for the year ended December 31, 2020 provided no instances of material weaknesses in internal controls or significant violations of applicable laws and regulations.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of a Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The MD&A can be found immediately following the Independent Auditor's Report.

Profile of the Government

The City of Defiance is located in the northwest corner of Ohio and serves as the county seat of Defiance County. It was named for Fort Defiance, built at the confluence of the Auglaize and Maumee Rivers as a frontier outpost in 1794 and utilized as a staging area for attacks against the British in the War of 1812. The City was founded in 1823.



Today, the City of approximately 16,990 residents serves as a significant commercial center for a five-county, predominantly agricultural area, and is home to numerous industrial operations, including those of General Motors (automotive) and Johns Manville (construction materials/insulation). It is also home to Defiance College, an independent liberal arts college founded in 1850.

The City of Defiance is a home-rule municipal corporation operating under the laws of the State of Ohio. The City's charter was adopted in its original form on November 8, 1983 and provides for a "Mayor-Council" form of government. The laws of the State of Ohio prevail when conflicts exist between the charter and the State Constitution and in matters where the charter is silent. The charter can only be amended by a majority vote of the City's registered voters.

The Mayor is elected to a four-year term that begins on the first day of January following the election. According to the charter, the Mayor is the chief executive officer of the City and is responsible to the electors for enforcement of all laws and ordinances, and for control and proper operation of all departments and divisions. The Mayor appoints a City Administrator, Law Director, and Finance Director with the advice and consent of a majority of City Council. The City Administrator serves as the principal managerial aide to the Mayor.

Legislative authority is vested in a seven-member City Council, three of whom are elected at-large and four from existing wards. City Council members are elected to staggered four-year terms in the odd numbered years, and terms begin on the first day of January following the election. The City Council enacts legislation in the form of ordinances and resolutions relative to City services, appropriating and borrowing monies, and other municipal purposes. The President of City Council is elected at-large to a four-year term. The President presides over all City Council meetings, renders a vote only in case of a tie, and serves as the acting Mayor when the Mayor is absent or for any reason unable to perform the duties of the office.

The City Council is required to adopt an annual appropriation measure, which serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. The legal level of budgetary control as established in the appropriation ordinance is at the fund, department, and object level ("personnel", "operating", etc.). Budgetary modifications at the legal level of control may only be made by a subsequent ordinance of City Council.

The City provides a full range of municipal services including police, fire, and emergency medical services; water and sewer utilities; street maintenance; parks and recreation; planning and zoning; a municipal court; and general administrative services.

Local Economy

The City of Defiance is a commercial hub for the surrounding five-county area, offering abundant shopping and dining opportunities. The economy is also fueled by several significant manufacturing facilities, two hospitals, Defiance College, and many other small businesses. In addition, two regional banks make their headquarters in Defiance.

The local economy in 2020 was impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic in ways similar to those seen throughout the country: high unemployment and reduced income tax revenue, but along with unprecedented relief from the federal government and strong retail sales. Income tax receipts, the City's largest single source of revenue, were down 3.5%, but were much better than worst-case scenarios contemplated early in the pandemic. In keeping with momentum of the last several years, multiple new retail enterprises were planned during 2020, and have since opened. Unemployment rates in Defiance County peaked at 21.9% in 2020, but ended the year at 4.5%. Comparable numbers for the State of Ohio were 16.7% and 5.3%, respectively. Nationwide unemployment peaked at 14.8% and ended the year at 6.7%.

The City maintains a AA- bond rating from Standard & Poor's Ratings Services. The City's current income tax rate of 1.8%, established in 2013, continues to be a source of projected long-term stability in the City's general fund.

Long-Term Financial Planning

The General Fund balance increased \$1,183,477 in 2020 to \$5.67 million, a 26.4% increase. The increase was attributable to an influx of federal and state stimulus funds in response to the COVID-19 pandemic. Without it, the General Fund balance would have been down nearly 10%. The City anticipates that income tax revenue will rebound in 2021, and the new year brings the promise of even more federal stimulus dollars. That said, the City Council and Administration recognize the one-time nature of stimulus dollars and will plan operating budgets from the position of "business-as-usual". Much discussion is happening around how to best use stimulus dollars on projects that will yield long-term benefit.

The City will continue to aggressively invest in its parks, trails and other public lands, in an ongoing effort to bolster its abundant natural resource assets. These efforts are deemed important to the City's economic development strategy.

The City continues to work with the Ohio EPA through a multi-year process to evaluate strategies for addressing combined sewer overflows into the Maumee and Auglaize Rivers, and whether a cost-effective strategy can be developed that would also help with deteriorating warm-weather water conditions in Lake Erie. The Maumee River watershed is the largest watershed of any of the rivers feeding the Great Lakes. Costs associated with the City's initial plan, as proscribed by the original consent order, became prohibitive after an investment of over \$30 million in the first eight years of a twenty-year plan. Results of the evaluation effort are promising, offering projected costs over 40 percent less than the initial plan costs of \$118 million.

The City has no plans to issue new debt in 2021.

Awards and Acknowledgments

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Defiance, Ohio for its comprehensive annual financial report for the year ended December 31, 2019. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award that recognizes conformance with the highest standard of preparation of state and local government financial reports. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

The Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. The City has received it for each of the last ten years. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement Program requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

In addition, the City received, for a seventh consecutive year, the *Ohio Auditor of State Award with Distinction* for its "clean" audit report for the year ended December 31, 2019.

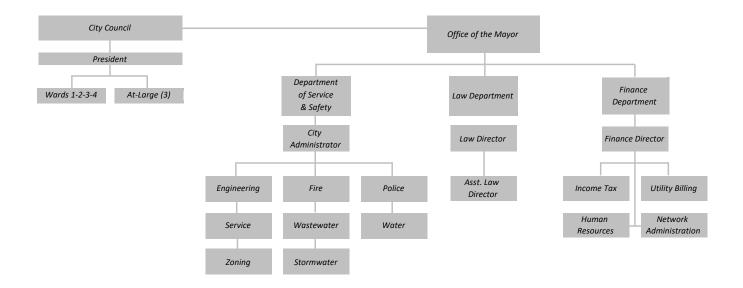
I would like to express my appreciation to the employees of the Defiance Finance Department for their hard work and professionalism. The successful preparation of this document would not be possible without their efforts. I would also like to thank the Mayor and Members of City Council for their ongoing support of excellence in financial reporting and disclosure, and to Julian & Grube, Inc. for their assistance with the preparation of this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Respectfully submitted,

John W. Lehner Finance Director

ORGANIZATIONAL CHART





LIST OF ELECTED AND APPOINTED OFFICIALS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2020

Elected Officials

Mayor	Mike McCann
-------	-------------

City Council:

President	David McMaster
At-Large	Joe Eureste
At-Large	Steve Waxler
At-Large	Jill Krutsch
1 st Ward	Steve Corbitt
2 nd Ward	John Hancock
3 rd Ward	John Mast
4 th Ward	Chris Engel

Municipal Court Judge John T. Rohrs, III

Appointed Officials

City Administrator	Jeffery S. Leonard
Law Director	Sean O'Donnell
Finance Director	John W. Lehner
Council Clerk	Lisa Elders
Municipal Court Clerk	Casey Linebrink



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Defiance Ohio

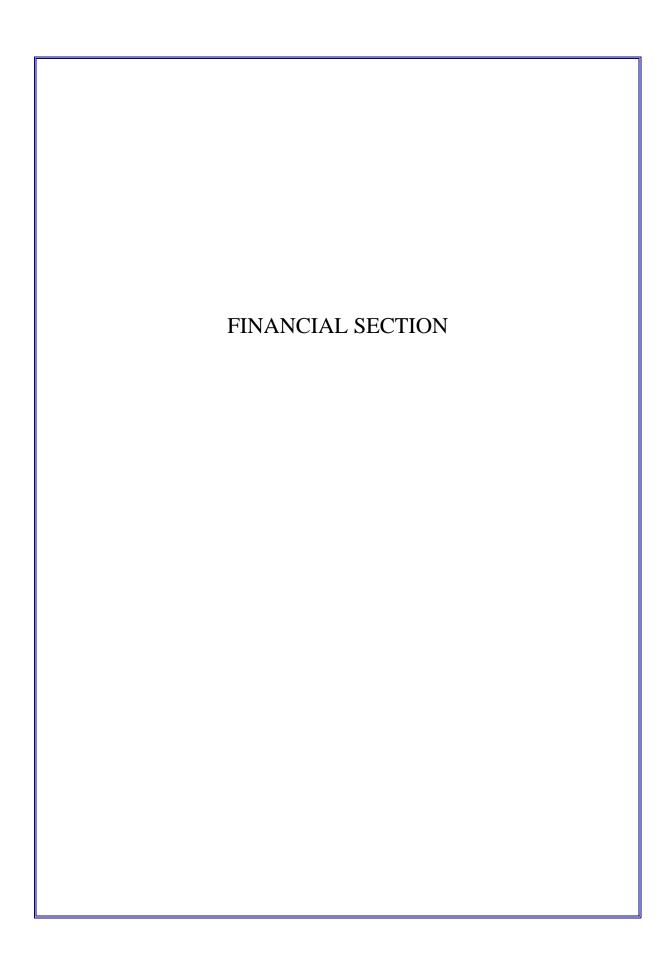
For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2019

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

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333 County Line Road, West Westerville, OH 43082 614-846-1899

jginc.biz

Independent Auditor's Report

City of Defiance Defiance County 631 Perry Street Defiance, Ohio 43512

To the Members of Council and Mayor:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Defiance, Defiance County, Ohio, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Defiance's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City of Defiance's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Defiance's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

City of Defiance Defiance County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Defiance, Defiance County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and the Police and Fire Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matters

As described in Note 3 to the financial statements, in 2020, the City of Defiance adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. As described in Note 23 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the City of Defiance. Our opinions are not modified with respect to these matters.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, and schedules of net pension and other postemployment benefit assets and liabilities and pension and other postemployment benefit contributions listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Defiance's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

City of Defiance Defiance County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated July 29, 2021, on our consideration of the City of Defiance's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Defiance's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City of Defiance's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Julian & Grube, Inc.

Julian & Sube, Elne.

July 29, 2021

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

The management's discussion and analysis of the City of Defiance's (the "City") financial performance provides an overall review of the City's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2020. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to provide a narrative that describes the City's performance as a whole. To obtain a more detailed understanding, one should also review the transmittal letter, the notes to the basic financial statements, and the basic financial statements.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2020 are as follows:

- ➤ The total net position of the City increased \$6,572,944. Net position of governmental activities increased \$3,936,786 from 2019's net position, and net position of business-type activities increased \$2,636,158 from 2019's net position.
- ➤ General revenues accounted for \$13,439,020 or 65.05% of total governmental activities revenue. Program specific revenues accounted for \$7,221,930 or 34.95% of total governmental activities revenue.
- The City had \$16,739,653 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$7,221,930 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants, or contributions. The remaining expenses of the governmental activities were offset by general revenues (primarily property taxes, income taxes, and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$13,439,020.
- The City has three major governmental funds, the general fund, the police and fire fund, and the capital improvements fund. The general fund had revenues and other financing sources of \$10,425,866 in 2020, while the expenditures and other financing uses totaled \$9,242,389. The net increase in fund balance for the general fund was \$1,183,477.
- > The police and fire fund had revenues and other financing sources in the amount of \$5,847,218 in 2020, and expenditures totaling \$5,430,962. The net increase in fund balance for the police and fire fund was \$416,256.
- The capital improvements fund had revenues and other financing sources of \$5,176,320 and expenditures and other financing uses of \$4,204,058 in 2020. The net increase in fund balance for the capital improvements fund was \$972,262.
- Net position for the business-type activities, which is made up of the sewer, water, refuse, and utility deposit enterprise funds, increased in 2020 by \$2,636,158. The increase in business-type activities net position is a result of revenues from charges for services and sales continuing to outpace the operating expenses of the City's enterprise funds.
- ➤ In the general fund, the actual revenues and other financing sources came in \$392,621 less than the amounts reported in the final budget and other financing sources, and actual expenditures and other financing uses were \$1,198,298 less than the amounts reported in the final budget as a result of closely monitored spending practices. Original budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$35,151 less than the final budget and other financing sources. Budgeted expenditures and other financing uses increased \$208,750 from the original to the final budget.

Using this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to these statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the City as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

The statement of net position and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the City as a whole, presenting both an aggregate view of the City's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the City's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column.

Reporting the City as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities

While this document contains a large number of funds used by the City to provide programs and activities, the view of the City as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did the City do financially during 2020?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues and expenses using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the City's net position and changes in net position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the City as a whole, the financial position of the City has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the City's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required community programs and other factors.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, the City is divided into two distinct kinds of activities:

Governmental activities - Most of the City's programs and services are reported here including police, fire and rescue, street maintenance, capital improvements, and general administration. These services are funded primarily by property and income taxes and intergovernmental revenues including federal and State grants and other shared revenues.

Business-type activities - These services are provided on a charge for goods or services basis to recover all or a significant portion of the expenses of the goods or services provided. The City's sewer, water, refuse, and utility deposits operations are reported here.

Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other State and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the City's major funds. The City uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the City's most significant funds.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of the governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains a multitude of individual governmental funds. The City has segregated these funds into major funds and nonmajor funds. The City's major governmental funds are the general fund, the police and fire fund, and the capital improvements fund. Information for major funds is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

Proprietary Funds

The City maintains one type of proprietary fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its sewer, water, refuse, and utility deposits management functions. The City's major enterprise funds are the sewer fund and the water fund.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the City. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. Custodial funds are the City's only fiduciary fund type.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes to the basic financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's net pension/OPEB liabilities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The table below provides a summary of the City's assets, deferred inflows of resources, liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and net position at December 31, 2020 and 2019.

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2020	2020 2019		2019	2020	2019	
<u>Assets</u>							
Current and other assets	\$ 16,519,706	\$ 13,064,635	\$ 8,009,374	\$ 8,864,494	\$ 24,529,080	\$ 21,929,129	
Capital assets, net	31,486,966	28,186,525	83,910,683	80,515,751	115,397,649	108,702,276	
Total assets	48,006,672	41,251,160	91,920,057	89,380,245	139,926,729	130,631,405	
Deferred outflows of resources							
Unamortized deferred charges	18,137	-	67,383	53,101	85,520	53,101	
Pension	3,555,621	5,480,181	496,768	1,235,902	4,052,389	6,716,083	
OPEB	1,760,174	1,230,551	372,483	195,062	2,132,657	1,425,613	
Total deferred							
outflows of resources	5,333,932	6,710,732	936,634	1,484,065	6,270,566	8,194,797	
Liabilities							
Current liabilities	911,708	724,947	857,440	1,719,506	1,769,148	2,444,453	
Long-term liabilies:	311,700	7 = 1,5 17	007,	1,713,000	1,,00,110	2, ,	
Due within one year	1,291,911	1,085,978	3,355,764	3,766,775	4,647,675	4,852,753	
Net pension liability	15,910,240	18,536,976	2,824,976	3,892,622	18,735,216	22,429,598	
Net OPEB liability	4,724,286	4,339,541	2,106,420	1,968,334	6,830,706	6,307,875	
Other amounts	7,781,960	7,270,267	36,390,014	35,680,145	44,171,974	42,950,412	
Total liabilities	30,620,105	31,957,709	45,534,614	47,027,382	76,154,719	78,985,091	
Deferred inflows of resources							
Property taxes	824,300	777,300	-	-	824,300	777,300	
Pension	2,187,880	129,040	611,853	57,079	2,799,733	186,119	
OPEB	1,151,808	478,118	299,932	5,715	1,451,740	483,833	
Total deferred							
inflows of resources	4,163,988	1,384,458	911,785	62,794	5,075,773	1,447,252	
Net position							
Net investment in capital assets	26,012,948	22,525,710	44,812,994	41,221,061	70,825,942	63,746,771	
Restricted	5,440,665	4,231,411	-	,,	5,440,665	4,231,411	
Unrestricted (deficit)	(12,897,102)		1,597,298	2,553,073	(11,299,804)	(9,584,323)	
Total net position	\$ 18,556,511	\$ 14,619,725	\$ 46,410,292	\$ 43,774,134	\$ 64,966,803	\$ 58,393,859	

The net pension liability/asset is reported pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27." The net other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability is reported pursuant to GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions." For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the City's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability, and the net OPEB liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB and the net pension asset.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB 45) focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's net pension liability/asset or net OPEB liability. GASB 68 and GASB 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

GASB 68 and GASB 75 require the net pension liability/asset and the net OPEB liability to equal the City's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- Present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service.
- 2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits.

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the City is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan as against the public employer. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, the City's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability/asset and net OPEB liability, respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

Over time, net position can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At December 31, 2020, the City's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$64,966,803. At December 31, 2020, net position was \$18,556,511 and \$46,410,292 for the governmental activities and the business-type activities, respectively.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

Capital assets reported on the government-wide statements represent the largest portion of the City's net position. At December 31, 2020, capital assets represented 82.47% of total assets. Capital assets include land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements, improvements other than buildings, equipment, vehicles, and infrastructure. Capital assets of the governmental activities equaled 65.59% of total assets, while capital assets of the business-type activities represented 91.29% of total assets. The net investment in capital assets at December 31, 2020 was \$26,012,948 and \$44,812,994 in governmental activities and business-type activities, respectively. These capital assets are used to provide services to citizens and are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the City's net position, \$5,440,665, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used.

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

The table below shows the changes in net position for 2020 and 2019.

Change in Net Position

	Governmental Activities 2020	Business-type Activities 2020	Governmental Activities 2019	Business-type Activities 2019	2020 Total	2019 Total
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services and sales	\$ 1,963,924	\$ 14,678,913	\$ 2,259,966	\$ 14,173,442	\$ 16,642,837	\$ 16,433,408
Operating grants and contributions	3,238,068	-	1,762,295	-	3,238,068	1,762,295
Capital grants and contributions	2,019,938	27,083	1,065,338	187,930	2,047,021	1,253,268
Total program revenues	7,221,930	14,705,996	5,087,599	14,361,372	21,927,926	19,448,971
General revenues:						
Property taxes	1,043,273	-	1,151,126	-	1,043,273	1,151,126
Income taxes	10,582,549	-	10,831,730	-	10,582,549	10,831,730
Unrestricted grants and entitlements	347,125	-	314,117	-	347,125	314,117
Investment earnings	123,741	96,399	163,562	152,184	220,140	315,746
Change in fair value of investments	314,194	-	249,100	-	314,194	249,100
Miscellaneous	1,028,138	136,787	304,351	70,638	1,164,925	374,989
Total general revenues	13,439,020	233,186	13,013,986	222,822	13,672,206	13,236,808
Total revenues	20,660,950	14,939,182	18,101,585	14,584,194	35,600,132	32,685,779
Expenses:						
General government	3,804,175	-	4,271,614	-	3,804,175	4,271,614
Security of persons and property	8,462,178	-	1,838,646	-	8,462,178	1,838,646
Public health and welfare	395,628	-	463,193	-	395,628	463,193
Transportation	2,158,810	-	2,186,816	-	2,158,810	2,186,816
Community environment	746,462	-	981,167	-	746,462	981,167
Leisure time activity	616,210	-	863,666	-	616,210	863,666
Economic development	327,664	-	145,816	-	327,664	145,816
Interest and fiscal charges	228,526	-	200,761	-	228,526	200,761
Water	-	5,481,227	-	5,560,402	5,481,227	5,560,402
Sewer	-	5,757,708	-	6,012,562	5,757,708	6,012,562
Other business-type activities		1,048,600		990,111	1,048,600	990,111
Total expenses	16,739,653	12,287,535	10,951,679	12,563,075	29,027,188	23,514,754
Change in net position before transfers	3,921,297	2,651,647	7,149,906	2,021,119	6,572,944	9,171,025
Transfers	15,489	(15,489)	15,489	(15,489)		
Change in net position	3,936,786	2,636,158	7,165,395	2,005,630	6,572,944	9,171,025
Net position, beginning of year	14,619,725	43,774,134	7,454,330	41,768,504	58,393,859	49,222,834
Net position, end of year	\$ 18,556,511	\$ 46,410,292	\$ 14,619,725	\$ 43,774,134	\$ 64,966,803	\$ 58,393,859

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities net position increased \$3,936,786.

During 2020, the City's income tax revenue decreased \$249,181 over 2019's. The income tax revenues were the result of increasing unemployment during 2020 because of the COVID-19 pandemic.

Security of persons and property, which primarily supports the operations of the police and fire departments, accounted for \$8,462,178 of the total expenses of the City. These expenses were partially funded by \$1,171,351 in direct charges to users of the services, and \$1,322,260 in operating grants and contributions. Transportation expenses totaled \$2,158,810 in 2020. Transportation expenses were partially funded by \$1,315,263 in operating grants and contributions and \$1,305,000 in capital grants and contributions.

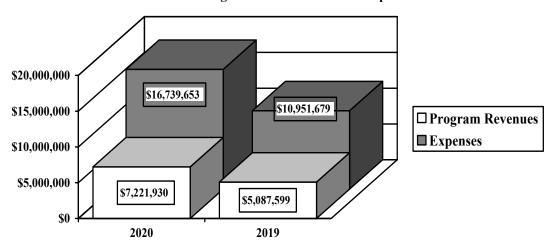
The State and federal government contributed to the City a total of \$3,238,068 in operating grants and contributions and \$2,019,938 in capital grants and contributions. These revenues are restricted to a particular program or purpose. Of the total operating grants and contributions, \$246,071 subsidized public health and welfare operations, \$167,826 subsidized general government operations and \$186,648 subsidized economic development programs. Of the total capital grants and contributions, \$1,305,000 subsidized transportation expenses and \$643,660 subsidized public health and welfare.

Security of persons and property expenses increased \$6,623,532 primarily due to the implementation of a new stipend-based health care model by Ohio Police & Fire (OP&F), which caused a large decrease in the City's net OPEB liability in 2019.

General revenues totaled \$13,439,020 and amounted to 65.05% of total governmental activities revenue. These revenues primarily consist of property and income tax revenue totaling \$11,625,822. The other primary source of general revenues is grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs, including local government revenue and property tax reimbursements, making up \$347,125.

The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services for 2020 and 2019. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by general revenues (such as tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements). The graph and table that follow illustrate the City's dependence upon general revenues, as program revenues are not sufficient to cover total governmental expenses.

Governmental Activities - Program Revenues vs. Total Expenses



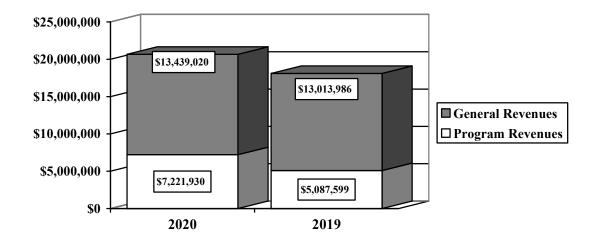
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of		No	Net Cost of		Total Cost of		Net Cost of	
	Services		9	Services		Services		Services	
	2020		_	2020		2019		2019	
Program Expenses:									
General government	\$	3,804,175	\$	3,022,670	\$	4,271,614	\$	3,609,558	
Security of persons and property		8,462,178		5,968,567		1,838,646		88,771	
Public health and welfare		395,628		(577,749)		463,193		390,715	
Transportation		2,158,810		(461,453)		2,186,816		359,207	
Community environment		746,462		653,214		981,167		834,364	
Leisure time activity		616,210		542,932		863,666		361,745	
Economic development		327,664		141,016		145,816		18,959	
Interest and fiscal charges		228,526		228,526		200,761		200,761	
Total	\$	16,739,653	\$	9,517,723	\$	10,951,679	\$	5,864,080	

The dependence upon general revenues for governmental activities is apparent, with 43.14% of expenses supported through taxes and other general revenues.

Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues

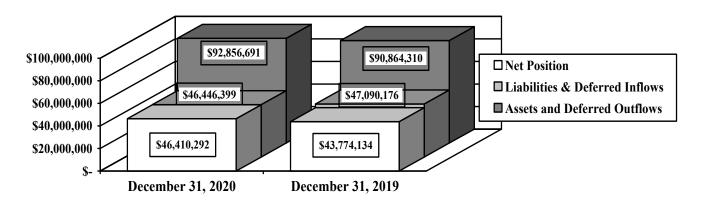


Business-type Activities

Business-type activities include the sewer, water, refuse, and utility deposit enterprise funds. These programs had program revenues of \$14,705,996, general revenues of \$233,186, expenses of \$12,287,535, and \$15,489 in transfers out in 2020. Business-type activities net position increased \$2,636,158, primarily due to a \$625,017 increase in the water funds charges for services during 2020 and changes made to the pension and OPEB liability calculations on a statewide level in 2019. The graph on the following page shows the business-type activities assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and net position at December 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

Net Position of Business-type Activities



Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements.

The City's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$13,453,512, which is a \$2,852,721 increase from last year's fund balance total of \$10,600,791. The table below indicates the fund balances and the total change in fund balances as of December 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019 for all major and nonmajor governmental funds.

	Fund Balances December 31, 2020	Fund Balances December 31, 2019	Increase (Decrease)
Major funds:			
General	\$ 5,665,833	\$ 4,482,356	\$ 1,183,477
Police and fire	685,193	268,937	416,256
Capital improvements	2,146,431	1,174,169	972,262
Nonmajor governmental funds	4,956,055	4,675,329	280,726
Total	\$ 13,453,512	\$ 10,600,791	\$ 2,852,721

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

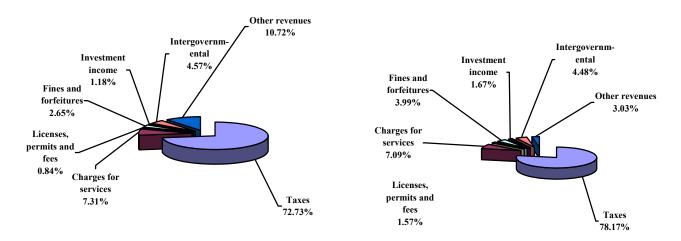
General Fund

The City's general fund balance increased \$1,183,477. The table that follows assists in illustrating the revenues of the general fund for 2020 and 2019.

	2020	2019	Increase/	Percentage	
	Amount	Amount	(Decrease)	Change	
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 7,506,069	\$ 7,828,885	\$ (322,816)	(4.12) %	
Charges for services	756,636	710,456	46,180	6.50 %	
Licenses, permits and fees	86,697	157,178	(70,481)	(44.84) %	
Fines and forfeitures	273,038	399,831	(126,793)	(31.71) %	
Investment income	122,069	166,956	(44,887)	(26.89) %	
Intergovernmental	471,333	448,415	22,918	5.11 %	
Other	1,104,774	303,115	801,659	264.47 %	
Total	\$ 10,320,616	\$ 10,014,836	\$ 305,780	3.05 %	

Overall revenues of the general fund increased \$305,780 or 3.05%. Investment income decreased \$44,887 or 26.89% primarily due to lower interest rates on City investments during 2020. Charges for services increased \$46,180 or 6.22% due to greater revenue from EMS runs. Fines and forfeitures decreased \$126,793, primarily due to decreased criminal and civil fines during 2020. Licenses, permits, and fees decreased 44.84% due to decreased City permit request during 2020. Tax revenue decreased \$322,816 or 4.12% primarily due to decreases in income tax collected in fiscal year 2020. Other revenue increased 264.47% due to several sizable dividends received from the Ohio Bureau of Workers' Compensation.

Revenues - 2020 Revenues - 2019

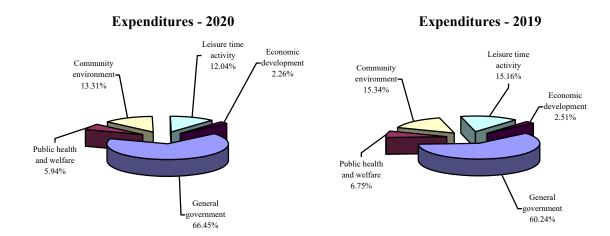


MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

The table that follows assists in illustrating the expenditures of the general fund for 2020 and 2019.

	2020 Amount	2019 Amount	Increase/ (Decrease)	Percentage Change	
Expenditures					
General government	\$ 3,105,005	\$ 2,793,438	\$ 311,567	11.15 %	
Public health and welfare	277,633	313,033	(35,400)	(11.31) %	
Community environment	621,839	711,550	(89,711)	(12.61) %	
Leisure time activity	562,795	703,068	(140,273)	(19.95) %	
Economic development	105,597	116,185	(10,588)	(9.11) %	
Total	\$ 4,672,869	\$ 4,637,274	\$ 35,595	0.77 %	

Overall expenditures of the general fund increased \$35,595 or 0.77%. General government expenditures increased \$311,567 or 11.15%, primarily due to increases in expenses in the finance and income tax departments. Leisure time activities decreased by \$140,273, primarily due to decreases in the Parks and Recreation department as a result of programs being suspended due to the COVID-19 pandemic.



Police and Fire Fund

The police and fire fund had revenues and other financing sources in the amount of \$5,847,218 in 2020, and expenditures totaling \$5,430,962. The net increase in fund balance for the police and fire fund was \$416,256. The expenditures of the police and fire fund were subsidized by income tax revenues of \$1,734,187, grants of \$304,759, and transfers of \$3,800,000 from the general fund.

Capital Improvements Fund

The capital improvements fund had revenues and other financing sources of \$5,176,320 and expenditures and other financing uses of \$4,204,058 in 2020. The net increase in fund balance for the capital improvements fund was \$972,262.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

Budgeting Highlights

The City's budgeting process is prescribed by the Ohio Revised Code (ORC). Essentially the budget is the City's appropriations which are restricted by the amounts of anticipated revenues certified by the Budget Commission in accordance with the ORC. Therefore, the City's plans or desires cannot be totally reflected in the original budget. If budgeted revenues are adjusted due to actual activity, then the appropriations can be adjusted accordingly. Budgetary information is presented for the general fund and the police and fire fund. In the general fund, the actual revenues and other financing sources were \$11,079,000, which was \$392,621 greater than the final revenues and other financing sources of \$10,686,379. Original budgeted revenues and other financing uses were \$9,932,366, which was \$1,198,298 less than the final budgeted expenditures and other financing uses were \$9,932,366, which was \$1,198,298 less than the final budgeted expenditures and other financing uses of \$11,130,664 due to the City's conservative budgeting practices. Original budgeted expenditures and other financing uses were \$10,921,914, which is \$208,750 less than the final budgeted amounts.

Proprietary Funds

The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements for business-type activities, except in more detail. The only interfund activity reported in the government-wide statements are those between business-type activities and governmental activities (reported as transfers), whereas interfund amounts between various enterprise funds are reported in the proprietary fund statements.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

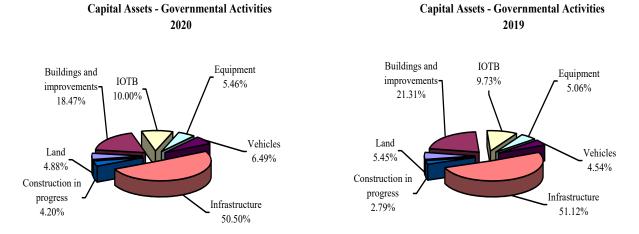
At December 31, 2020, the City had \$115,397,649 (net of accumulated depreciation) invested in land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements, improvements other than buildings, equipment, vehicles, and infrastructure. Of this total, \$31,486,966 was reported in governmental activities and \$83,910,683 was reported in business-type activities. The following table shows December 31, 2020 balances compared to December 31, 2019.

Capital Assets at December 31 (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)

		Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities					Total		
	_	2020	_	2019	_	2020	_	2019	_	2020	_	2019
Land	\$	1,537,708	\$	1,537,708	\$	662,207	\$	662,207	\$	2,199,915	\$	2,199,915
Construction in progress		1,322,044		785,019		5,913,847		3,604,226		7,235,891		4,389,245
Land improvements		-		-		201,411		238,270		201,411		238,270
Buildings and improvements		5,816,555		6,005,302		13,489,190		14,203,151		19,305,745		20,208,453
IOTB		3,149,494		2,742,391		-		-		3,149,494		2,742,391
Equipment		1,719,030		1,425,568		3,574,166		3,553,454		5,293,196		4,979,022
Vehicles		2,043,395		1,279,986		617,458		512,298		2,660,853		1,792,284
Infrastructure		15,898,740		14,410,551	_	59,452,404		57,742,145		75,351,144		72,152,696
Totals	\$	31,486,966	\$	28,186,525	\$	83,910,683	\$	80,515,751	\$	115,397,649	\$	108,702,276

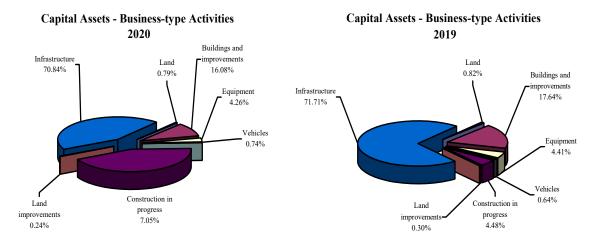
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

The following graphs show the breakdown of governmental activities capital assets by category at December 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019.



The infrastructure capital asset category includes roads, bridges, culverts, sidewalks, and curbs. These items are immovable and of value only to the City, however, the annual cost of purchasing these items is quite significant. The net book value of the City's infrastructure (cost less accumulated depreciation) represents approximately 50.50% of the City's total governmental activities capital assets at December 31, 2020.

The following graphs show the breakdown of business-type activities capital assets by category at December 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019.



The City's largest business-type activities capital asset category is infrastructure, which primarily includes sewer lines and water lines. These items play a vital role in the income producing ability of the business-type activities. The net book value of the City's infrastructure (cost less accumulated depreciation) represents approximately 70.84% of the City's total business-type activities capital assets at December 31, 2020.

See Note 9 for additional detail on the City's capital assets.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

Debt Administration

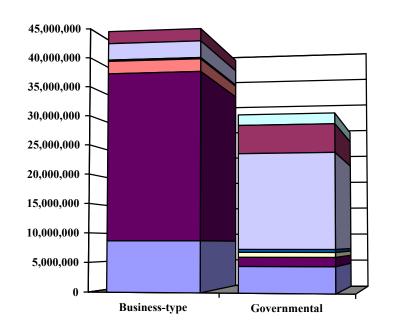
The City had the following long-term obligations outstanding at December 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019.

	Governmental	Activities
	2020	2019
General obligation bonds	\$ 4,412,000	\$ 3,807,000
Land acquisition bonds	1,777,952	1,890,482
OWDA loans	1,515,267	1,631,826
Capital lease obligations	481,460	196,924
Net pension liability	15,910,240	18,536,976
Net OPEB liability	4,724,286	4,339,541
Compensated absences	806,996	804,948
Total long-term obligations	\$ 29,628,201	\$ 31,207,697
	Business-type	Activities
	2020	2019
General obligation bonds	\$ 8,647,000	\$ 9,584,914
OWDA loans	28,470,646	27,249,919
OPWC loans	2,164,916	2,164,916
Net pension liability	2,824,976	3,892,622
Net OPEB liability	2,106,420	1,968,334
Compensated absences	217,451	224,759
Total long-term obligations	\$ 44,431,409	\$ 45,085,464

See Note 12 for additional detail on the City's debt administration.

A comparison of the long-term obligations by category is depicted in the graph below.

Long-term Obligations at December 31, 2020





MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

The following economic factors currently affect the City of Defiance, and were considered in developing the City's 2021 budget:

- The COVID-19 pandemic affected City finances in a number of unusual ways. Early on, tax revenues were anticipated to drop by as much as 10 percent; the City imposed a hiring freeze, trimmed operating budgets wherever possible, and delayed planned capital projects. As the year wore on, the pessimistic predictions of revenue shortfalls never materialized, and state and federal stimulus funds helped bolster General Fund balances to near all-time highs. Budget preparation for 2021 proceeded conservatively, as in years past, in acknowledgment of the one-time "windfall" nature of stimulus funds.
- Income tax revenues did fall in 2020, but by only 3.5%, or \$383,438, from 2019. (For perspective, receipts in 2019 were an all-time high.) Employee withholding increased 0.7%, which was very interesting given that unemployment numbers were up; corporate and individual filings were down 24.6% and 0.7%, respectively.
- The local unemployment rate in 2020 averaged 8.2% (but ended the year at 4.5%). This was up from the prior year (4.2%) and was somewhat higher than the State of Ohio (8.1%) and the comparable national rate (8.1%)
- City employee health insurance rates increased 4.5% for 2021. For the 3-year period 2019-2021, the City's health insurance premium increases have averaged 5.6%. As for most employers, the rising cost of health insurance continues to be a constraint on operating budgets and will continue to be scrutinized in future budget years.
- Wage increases for AFSCME and Police bargaining unit employees were budgeted at 2.0% for 2021; wage increases for Fire and non-bargaining unit employees were budgeted at 2.5% for 2021.
- The weighted-average-yield on investments at December 31, 2020 was 1.2%. Posted interest earnings in 2020 totaled approximately \$269,000.
- City water and sewer rates were adjusted for 2021. While the impact varies by type of customer and level of consumption, generally speaking, water rates were increased slightly, while sewer rates were decreased slightly. The net effect on most users will be nominal.

In 2020, the local economy struggled through the pandemic, with higher unemployment and reduced taxable earnings; however, it fared better than indicated by early-pandemic projections. By year-end, tax revenues had largely recovered, and the local retail sector showed signs of expansion. While promising commercial and industrial development projects stalled through the pandemic, signs of growth appear to have only been placed on hold, not canceled. The City, including Council and the current Administration, continues to hold economic development as one of its highest priorities. Expanding the employment base, especially in manufacturing and professional service industries, is a key to the City's future prosperity. As resources allow, efforts to address infrastructure maintenance needs, including streets, parks beautification, and expansion of park lands and recreational opportunities along the City's river front will continue. Attention to such "quality of life" issues is believed to be an important aspect of the City's economic development efforts.

Contacting the City's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Director, City of Defiance, 631 Perry Street, Defiance, Ohio 43512.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Ge	overnmental Activities	Business-type Activities		 Total
Assets:					
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents Cash in segregated accounts	\$	11,510,085 663,241	\$ 6,809,4	78 -	\$ 18,319,563 663,241
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)					
Income taxes		1,688,543		-	1,688,543
Property and other local taxes		918,860		-	918,860
Accounts		184,462	537,8	12	722,274
Loans receivable		518,132		-	518,132
Special assessments		106,109	14,1		120,238
Accrued interest		19,744	21,7	44	41,488
Due from other governments		797,627	50.5	-	797,627
Materials and supplies inventory		57,094	73,5		130,609
Prepaid bond insurance		8,749	8,4		17,198
Net pension asset		47,060	33,3	01	80,361
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents		-	434,1		434,111
Cash in segregated accounts		-	76,8	35	76,835
Capital assets:					
Land and construction in progress		2,859,752	6,576,0		9,435,806
Depreciable capital assets, net		28,627,214	77,334,6		 105,961,843
Total capital assets, net		31,486,966	83,910,6		 115,397,649
Total assets		48,006,672	91,920,0	57	139,926,729
Deferred outflows of resources:					
Unamortized deferred charges on debt refunding		18,137	67,3	83	85,520
Pension		3,555,621	496,7	68	4,052,389
OPEB		1,760,174	372,4		2,132,657
Total deferred outflows of resources		5,333,932	936,6	34	 6,270,566
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable		447,028	294,4	65	741,493
Accrued wages and benefits payable		234,411	72,0		306,510
Due to other governments		184,351	41,0		225,438
Accrued interest payable		45,918	15,6		61,596
Payable from restricted assets - refundable deposits.		-	434,1	11	434,111
Long-term liabilities:					
Due within one year		1,291,911	3,355,7	64	4,647,675
Due in more than one year:					
Due in more than one year - net pension liability.		15,910,240	2,824,9	76	18,735,216
Due in more than one year - net OPEB liability		4,724,286	2,106,4	20	6,830,706
Other amounts due in more than one year		7,781,960	36,390,0		 44,171,974
Total liabilities		30,620,105	45,534,6	14	 76,154,719
Deferred inflows of resources:					
Property taxes levied for the next year		824,300		_	824,300
Pension		2,187,880	611,8	53	2,799,733
OPEB		1,151,808	299,9	32	1,451,740
Total deferred inflows of resources		4,163,988	911,7	85	5,075,773
Net position:		_			-
Net investment in capital assets		26,012,948	44,812,9	94	70,825,942
Capital projects		1,013,383		_	1,013,383
Debt service		766,012		_	766,012
Transportation projects		260,362		_	260,362
Safety projects		367,872		-	367,872
Special projects		478,583		-	478,583
Community environment projects		34,824		-	34,824
Economic development projects		1,356,350		-	1,356,350
Health projects		5,287		-	5,287
Museum trust		663,389		-	663,389
Covid-19 related purposes		45,600		-	45,600
Other purposes		449,003		-	449,003
Unrestricted (deficit)		(12,897,102)	1,597,2	98	 (11,299,804)
Total net position	\$	18,556,511	\$ 46,410,2	92	\$ 64,966,803

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

				Progr	ram Revenues		
		C	harges for	Oper	rating Grants	Cap	ital Grants
	Expenses	Serv	ices and Sales	and (Contributions	and C	Contributions
Governmental activities:	 						
General government	\$ 3,804,175	\$	613,679	\$	167,826	\$	-
Security of persons and property	8,462,178		1,171,351		1,322,260		-
Public health and welfare	395,628		83,646		246,071		643,660
Transportation	2,158,810		_		1,315,263		1,305,000
Community environment	746,462		93,248		_		-
Leisure time activity	616,210		2,000		-		71,278
Economic development	327,664		-		186,648		-
Interest and fiscal charges	228,526		-		-		-
Total governmental activities	16,739,653		1,963,924		3,238,068		2,019,938
Business-type activities:							
Sewer	5,757,708		7,108,089		-		27,083
Water	5,481,227		6,440,487		_		-
Other business-type activities:							
Refuse	1,048,600		1,130,337		_		-
Total business-type activities	 12,287,535		14,678,913		=		27,083
Total primary government	\$ 29,027,188	\$	16,642,837	\$	3,238,068	\$	2,047,021

General revenues: Income taxes levied for: General purposes. Special purposes Capital purposes Property taxes levied for: General purposes. Special purposes Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs Investment earnings Increase in fair value of investments. Miscellaneous Total general revenues. Total general revenues and transfers Change in net position Net position at beginning of year. Net position at end of year

Governmental	Business-type				
Activities	Activities	Total			
\$ (3,022,670)	\$ -	\$ (3,022,67)			
(5,968,567)	-	(5,968,56			
577,749	=	577,74			
461,453	-	461,45			
(653,214)	-	(653,21			
(542,932)	-	(542,93			
(141,016)	-	(141,01			
(228,526)		(228,52			
(9,517,723)		(9,517,72			
-	1,377,464	1,377,46			
-	959,260	959,26			
	81,737	81,73			
	2,418,461	2,418,46			
(9,517,723)	2,418,461	(7,099,26			
7,110,922 1,787,636 1,683,991		7,110,92 1,787,63 1,683,99			
1,063,991	-	1,003,99			
589,906	-	589,90			
453,367	-	453,36			
347,125	-	347,12			
123,741	96,399	220,14			
314,194	=	314,19			
1,028,138	136,787	1,164,92			
13,439,020	233,186	13,672,20			
15,489	(15,489)				
13,454,509	217,697	13,672,20			
3,936,786	2,636,158	6,572,94			
14,619,725	43,774,134	58,393,85			
18,556,511	\$ 46,410,292	\$ 64,966,80			

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2020

	General			Police and Fire	<u>In</u>	Capital		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Assets:		- 11 6 0 6 1		0.55.000				2.54.046		44.540.005
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,116,864	\$	857,080	\$	1,971,195	\$	3,564,946	\$	11,510,085
Cash in segregated accounts		-		8,272		-		654,969		663,241
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):		1 120 055		201 400		201 400		4.720		1 (00 542
Income taxes		1,120,855		281,480		281,480		4,728		1,688,543
Property and other local taxes		684,179		-		-		234,681		918,860
Accounts		114,819		-		-		69,643		184,462
Loans receivable		-		-		-		518,132		518,132
Special assessments		15 704		-		-		106,109		106,109
Accrued interest		15,784		- 55 107		-		3,960		19,744
Due from other governments		177,086		55,107		-		565,434		797,627
Materials and supplies inventory	•	7,229,587	•	1,201,939	•	2,252,675	•	57,094	•	57,094
Total assets	<u> </u>	1,229,381	\$	1,201,939	\$	2,232,673	\$	5,779,696	\$	16,463,897
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	283,384	\$	106,855	\$	576	\$	56,213	\$	447,028
Accrued wages and benefits payable		76,145		141,066		-		17,200		234,411
Due to other governments		41,521		108,050				34,780		184,351
Total liabilities		401,050		355,971		576		108,193		865,790
Deferred inflows of resources:										
Property taxes levied for the next year		640,900		-		-		183,400		824,300
Delinquent property tax revenue not available		43,279		-		-		-		43,279
Accrued interest not available		6,816		-		-		1,829		8,645
Special assessments revenue not available		-		-		-		106,109		106,109
Miscellaneous revenue not available		-		-		-		52,257		52,257
Income tax revenue not available		366,417		105,668		105,668		1,775		579,528
Intergovernmental revenue not available		105,292		55,107		-		370,078		530,477
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,162,704		160,775		105,668		715,448		2,144,595
Fund balances:										
Nonspendable		16,132		-		-		57,094		73,226
Restricted		, -		685,193		-		4,893,898		5,579,091
Committed		-		, <u>-</u>		2,146,431		5,061		2,151,492
Assigned		935,795		_		-		2		935,797
Unassigned		4,713,906		-		-		_		4,713,906
Total fund balances		5,665,833		685,193		2,146,431		4,956,055		13,453,512
Total liabilities, deferred inflows										
of resources and fund balances	\$	7,229,587	\$	1,201,939	\$	2,252,675	\$	5,779,696	\$	16,463,897

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DECEMBER 31, 2020

Total governmental fund balances		\$	13,453,512
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net position are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.			31,486,966
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditure and therefore are deferred inflows of resources in the funds. Income taxes receivable Property and other local taxes receivable Accounts receivable Special assessments receivable Intergovernmental receivable Accrued interest receivable Total	\$ 579,528 43,279 52,257 106,109 530,477 8,645	-	1,320,295
Prepaid bond insurance is not recorded as an asset in the funds, however, on the statement of net position it is report as an asset and amortized over the life of the bonds.			8,749
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the funds.			(45,918)
Unamortized deferred amounts on refundings are not recognized in the governmental funds.			18,137
Unamortized premiums on bond issuances are not recognized in the funds.			(80,196)
The net pension asset and net pension liability are not available to pay for current period expenditures and are not due and payable in the current period, respectively; therefore, the asset, liability and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in governmental funds Net pension asset Deferred outflows of resources Deferred inflows of resources Net pension liability Total	47,060 3,555,621 (2,187,880) (15,910,240)		(14,495,439)
The net OPEB liability is not available to pay for current period expenditures and are not due and payable in the current period, respectively; therefore, the liability and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in governmental funds. Deferred outflows of resources Deferred inflows of resources Net OPEB liability Total	1,760,174 (1,151,808) (4,724,286)		(4,115,920)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, loans payable, and compens absences payable are not due and payable in the current period and therefor are not reported in the funds. General obligation bonds payable Land acquisition bonds payable OWDA loans payable Capital lease obligations payable Compensated absences payable))	
Total			(8,993,675)
Net position of governmental activities		\$	18,556,511

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	General	Police and Fire	Capital Improvement	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:					
Income taxes	\$ 6,915,707	\$ 1,734,187	\$ 1,660,073	\$ 29,129	\$ 10,339,096
Property and other local taxes	590,362	-	-	453,367	1,043,729
Charges for services	756,636	-	-	-	756,636
Licenses, permits and fees	86,697	-	-	206,714	293,411
Fines and forfeitures	273,038	-	-	210,793	483,831
Intergovernmental	471,333	304,759	1,979,938	2,858,099	5,614,129
Special assessments	-	-	-	118,686	118,686
Investment income	122,069	-	-	32,405	154,474
Donations	2,500	-	86,136	97,011	185,647
Increase in fair value of investments	246,988	-	· -	67,206	314,194
Other	855,286	8,272	19,896	136,239	1,019,693
Total revenues	10,320,616	2,047,218	3,746,043	4,209,649	20,323,526
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government	3,105,005	-	-	567,883	3,672,888
Security of persons and property	-	5,430,962	-	1,935,079	7,366,041
Public health and welfare	277,633	=	=	237,444	515,077
Transportation	-	=	=	1,099,409	1,099,409
Community environment	621,839	-	-	-	621,839
Leisure time activity	562,795	-	-	132	562,927
Economic development	105,597	-	-	222,067	327,664
Capital outlay	-	-	3,829,489	138,087	3,967,576
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	-	-	114,809	605,089	719,898
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	66,086	85,379	151,465
Bond issuance costs	-	-	24,474	62,341	86,815
Total expenditures	4,672,869	5,430,962	4,034,858	4,952,910	19,091,599
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	5,647,747	(3,383,744)	(288,815)	(743,261)	1,231,927
Other financing sources (uses):					
Bond issuance	_	-	1,005,000	2,560,000	3,565,000
Sale of capital assets	105,250	_	79,961	2,500,000	185,211
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	103,230	_	77,701	(2,546,709)	(2,546,709)
Capital lease transaction	_		320,345	(2,540,707)	320,345
Transfers in	_	3,800,000	320,343	954,209	4,754,209
Transfers (out)	(4,569,520)	5,000,000	(169,200)	754,207	(4,738,720)
Premium on bond issuance	(4,307,320)		24,971	56,487	81,458
Total other financing sources (uses)	(4,464,270)	3,800,000	1,261,077	1,023,987	1,620,794
Net change in fund balances	1,183,477	416,256	972,262	280,726	2,852,721
Fund balances at beginning of year	4,482,356	268,937	1,174,169	4,675,329	10,600,791
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 5,665,833	\$ 685,193	\$ 2,146,431	\$ 4,956,055	\$ 13,453,512
i una valances at enu oi year	Ψ 2,002,033	ψ 000,170	φ 2,170,731	Ψ Τ,930,033	ψ 13,733,312

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RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 2,852,721
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeds depreciation expense in the current period. Capital asset additions Current year depreciation \$ 5,444,187 (1,795,956)	
Total	3,648,231
The net effect of various transactions involving capital assets is to decrease net position.	(347,790)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Income tax revenue 243,453 Property and other local tax revenue (456) Special assessments revenue (11,014) Intergovernmental revenue 103,913 Investment income 2,105 Other revenue (577) Total	337,424
The issuance of leases are reported as other financing sources in the governmental funds; however, in the statement of activities they are not reported as revenues	
as they increase the liabilities on the statement of net position.	(320,345)
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position.	719,898
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent for the retirement of bonds is an other financing use in the governmental funds but the payment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position. Deferred charges related to bond refundings are amortized over the life of the issuance in the statement of activities.	
Bonds refunded 2,505,000 Deferred charges on refundings 41,709 Total	2,546,709
Premiums on general obligation bonds are recognized as other financing sources in the governmental funds, however, they are amortized over the life of the issuance in the statement	
of activities.	(81,458)
Prepaid bond insurance is amortized over the life of the issuance in the statement of activities.	8,886
Issuance of bonds are recorded as other financing sources in the funds; however, in the statement of activities, they are not reported as other financing sources as they increase liabilities on the statement of	
net position.	(3,565,000)
	Continued

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Increase in accrued interest payable \$ (1,750) Amortization of prepaid bond insurance (137) Amortization of deferred amounts on refunding (277) Amortization of bond premium 3,032	In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas, in the governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. The following items resulted in more interest being reported in the statement of activities.			
Amortization of prepaid bond insurance (137) Amortization of deferred amounts on refunding (277) Amortization of bond premium 3,032		\$	(1.750)	
Amortization of deferred amounts on refunding Amortization of bond premium (277) 3,032		Ψ		
Amortization of bond premium 3,032	1 1		\ /	
<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	1			\$ 868
Contractually required pension/OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows.	governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts			
Pension 1,269,954	Pension	1.	,269,954	
OPEB 32,423	OPEB			
Total 1,302,377	Total			1,302,377
Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension asset/liability and net OPEB liability are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities.	pension asset/liability and net OPEB liability are reported as pension/OPEB			
Pension (2,602,452)	1	(2.	.602.452)	
OPEB (561,235)	OPEB			
	Total	·	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	(3,163,687)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore				
are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (2,048)	are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			 (2,048)
Change in net position of governmental activities \$ 3,936,786	Change in net position of governmental activities			\$ 3,936,786

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Revenues: State State
Revenues: Income taxes \$ 7,203,082 \$ 7,226,853 \$ 6,980,033 \$ (246,820) Property and other local taxes 604,555 606,550 590,362 (16,188) Charges for services 725,700 728,095 719,084 (9,011) Licenses, permits and fees 103,459 103,800 86,697 (17,102) Fines and forfeitures 411,761 413,120 282,612 (130,508) Intergovernmental 457,800 459,311 460,816 1,500 Investment income 153,493 154,000 123,223 (30,777) Donations - - 2,500 2,500 Other 98,525 98,850 842,623 743,773 Total revenues 9,758,375 9,790,579 10,087,950 297,371 Expenditures: Current: -
Revenues: Income taxes \$ 7,203,082 \$ 7,226,853 \$ 6,980,033 \$ (246,820) Property and other local taxes 604,555 606,550 590,362 (16,188) Charges for services 725,700 728,095 719,084 (9,011) Licenses, permits and fees 103,459 103,800 86,697 (17,102) Fines and forfeitures 411,761 413,120 282,612 (130,508) Intergovernmental 457,800 459,311 460,816 1,502 Investment income 153,493 154,000 123,223 (30,777) Donations - - 2,500 2,500 Other 98,525 98,850 842,623 743,773 Total revenues 9,758,375 9,790,579 10,087,950 297,371 Expenditures: Current:
Property and other local taxes 604,555 606,550 590,362 (16,188 charges for services) Charges for services 725,700 728,095 719,084 (9,011 charges) Licenses, permits and fees 103,459 103,800 86,697 (17,102 charges) Fines and forfeitures 411,761 413,120 282,612 (130,508 charges) Intergovernmental 457,800 459,311 460,816 1,502 charges) Investment income 153,493 154,000 123,223 (30,777 charges) Other 98,525 98,850 842,623 743,773 charges) Total revenues 9,758,375 9,790,579 10,087,950 297,371 charges) Expenditures: Current:
Charges for services 725,700 728,095 719,084 (9,011) Licenses, permits and fees 103,459 103,800 86,697 (17,102) Fines and forfeitures 411,761 413,120 282,612 (130,508) Intergovernmental 457,800 459,311 460,816 1,502 Investment income 153,493 154,000 123,223 (30,777) Donations - - 2,500 2,500 Other 98,525 98,850 842,623 743,773 Total revenues 9,758,375 9,790,579 10,087,950 297,371 Expenditures: Current:
Licenses, permits and fees 103,459 103,800 86,697 (17,103) Fines and forfeitures 411,761 413,120 282,612 (130,508) Intergovernmental 457,800 459,311 460,816 1,503 Investment income 153,493 154,000 123,223 (30,777) Donations - - - 2,500 2,500 Other 98,525 98,850 842,623 743,773 Total revenues 9,758,375 9,790,579 10,087,950 297,371 Expenditures: Current:
Fines and forfeitures 411,761 413,120 282,612 (130,508 Intergovernmental 457,800 459,311 460,816 1,506 Investment income 153,493 154,000 123,223 (30,777 Donations - - 2,500 2,500 Other 98,525 98,850 842,623 743,773 Total revenues 9,758,375 9,790,579 10,087,950 297,373 Expenditures: Current:
Intergovernmental 457,800 459,311 460,816 1,500 Investment income 153,493 154,000 123,223 (30,777 Donations - - 2,500 2,500 Other 98,525 98,850 842,623 743,773 Total revenues 9,758,375 9,790,579 10,087,950 297,373 Expenditures: Current:
Investment income 153,493 154,000 123,223 (30,777) Donations - - - 2,500 2,500 Other. 98,525 98,850 842,623 743,777 Total revenues 9,758,375 9,790,579 10,087,950 297,371 Expenditures: Current:
Donations - - 2,500 2,500 Other. 98,525 98,850 842,623 743,777 Total revenues 9,758,375 9,790,579 10,087,950 297,371 Expenditures: Current: - - 2,500 2,500 2,500 743,772 743,7
Other. 98,525 98,850 842,623 743,773 Total revenues 9,758,375 9,790,579 10,087,950 297,373 Expenditures: Current:
Total revenues
Expenditures: Current:
Current:
General government
g ::::::: =; =; =; =; =; =; =; =; =; =; =; =; =;
Public health and welfare
Community environment
Leisure time activity
Economic development
Total expenditures
Excess of revenues over expenditures
Other financing sources (uses):
Sale of capital assets
Transfers in
Transfers (out)
Total other financing sources (uses)
Net change in fund balances
Fund balances at beginning of year 3,067,506 3,067,506 3,067,506
Prior year encumbrances appropriated 109,661 109,661 109,661
Fund balance at end of year. \$ 2,906,481 \$ 2,732,882 \$ 4,323,801 \$ 1,590,919

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) POLICE AND FIRE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Budgete	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Income taxes	\$ 1,821,593	\$ 1,822,861	\$ 1,752,895	\$ (69,966)
Intergovernmental	380,119	380,384	307,424	(72,960)
Total revenues	2,201,712	2,203,245	2,060,319	(142,926)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Security of persons and property	6,628,098	6,667,633	5,379,193	1,288,440
Total expenditures	6,628,098	6,667,633	5,379,193	1,288,440
Excess of expenditures over revenues	(4,426,386)	(4,464,388)	(3,318,874)	1,145,514
Other financing sources:				
Transfers in	4,097,149	4,100,000	3,800,000	(300,000)
Total other financing sources	4,097,149	4,100,000	3,800,000	(300,000)
Net change in fund balances	(329,237)	(364,388)	481,126	845,514
Fund balances at beginning of year	284,971	284,971	284,971	-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	45,263	45,263	45,263	
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$ 997	\$ (34,154)	\$ 811,360	\$ 845,514

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2020

Business-type	Activities -	Enterprise	Funds

	Sewer	Water	Nonmajor	Total
Assets:			·	
Current assets:				
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):	\$ 3,658,082	\$ 2,983,488	\$ 167,908	\$ 6,809,478
Accounts	240,146	189,272	108,394	537,812
Accrued interest	11,983	9,761	100,574	21,744
Special assessments	11,505	14,129	_	14,129
Materials and supplies inventory	12,509	61,006	_	73,515
Prepayments	3,123	5,326	·	8,449
Total current assets	3,925,843	3,262,982	276,302	7,465,127
Noncurrent assets:				
Restricted equity in pooled cash				
and cash equivalents	-	-	434,111	434,111
Restricted cash in segregated accounts	-	-	76,835	76,835
Net pension asset	16,193	17,108	-	33,301
Capital assets:				
Land and construction in progress	4,323,848	2,252,206	=	6,576,054
Depreciable capital assets, net	51,981,114	25,353,515	=	77,334,629
Total capital assets, net	56,304,962	27,605,721	=	83,910,683
Total noncurrent assets	56,321,155	27,622,829	510,946	84,454,930
Total assets	60,246,998	30,885,811	787,248	91,920,057
Deferred outflows of resources:				
Unamortized deferred charges on refunding	13,088	54,295	-	67,383
Pension	238,216	258,552	-	496,768
OPEB	179,038	193,445	=	372,483
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 430,342	\$ 506,292	\$ -	\$ 936,634

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2020

Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds

		V 1		
	Sewer	Water	Nonmajor	Total
Liabilities:				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 99,422	\$ 114,800	\$ 80,243	\$ 294,465
Accrued wages and benefits payable	40,390	31,709	-	72,099
Due to other governments	19,654	21,433	-	41,087
Accrued interest payable	10,837	4,841	-	15,678
Payable from restricted assets:				
Refundable deposits	-	-	434,111	434,111
Compensated absences payable - current	68,067	88,601	-	156,668
General obligation bonds payable - current	754,500	707,500	-	1,462,000
OWDA loans payable - current	1,381,212	227,126	-	1,608,338
OPWC loans payable - current	5,355	123,403		128,758
Total current liabilities	2,379,437	1,319,413	514,354	4,213,204
Long-term liabilities:				
Compensated absences payable	22,972	37,811	_	60,783
General obligation bonds payable	4,281,066	3,149,699	_	7,430,765
OWDA loans payable	21,865,010	4,997,298	_	26,862,308
OPWC loans payable	21,000,010	2,036,158	_	2,036,158
Net OPEB liability	1,024,250	1,082,170	_	2,106,420
Net pension liability	1,373,649	1,451,327		2,824,976
Total noncurrent liabilities	28,566,947	12,754,463		41,321,410
Total liabilities	30,946,384	14,073,876	514,354	45,534,614
Deferred inflows of resources:				
Pension.	297,797	314,056	-	611,853
OPEB	145,858	154,074	-	299,932
Total deferred inflows of resources	443,655	468,130	-	911,785
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	28,030,907	16,782,087	-	44,812,994
Unrestricted	1,256,394	68,010	272,894	1,597,298
Total net position	\$ 29,287,301	\$ 16,850,097	\$ 272,894	\$ 46,410,292

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds Total Sewer Water Nonmajor **Operating revenues:** Charges for services \$ 7,108,089 \$ 6,415,511 \$ 1,130,337 \$ 14,653,937 24,976 24,976 63,099 136,787 73,688 Total operating revenues 7,181,777 6,503,586 1,130,337 14,815,700 **Operating expenses:** 2,407,349 2,411,237 4,818,586 Contract services 544,565 901,258 356,693 Materials and supplies 269,359 1,093,590 824,231 48,839 Administrative costs 13,063 61,902 305,364 287,120 1,048,600 1,641,084 1,679,905 1,001,893 2,681,798 1,546 1,546 1,048,600 5,067,509 Total operating expenses 5,083,655 11,199,764 1,419,931 81,737 2,114,268 3,615,936 Nonoperating revenues (expenses): 59,174 37,225 96,399 Loss on sale of capital assets (28,571)(18,122)(46,693)Interest and fiscal charges (956,334) (630,275)(326,059)(53,391)(84,744) Bond issuance costs. (31,353)Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) (631,025)(360,347)(991,372) Income before transfers and capital contributions 1,483,243 1,059,584 81,737 2,624,564 (15,489)(15,489)Capital contributions 27,083 27,083 Change in net position. 1,494,837 1,059,584 81,737 2,636,158 Net position at beginning of year 27,792,464 191,157 15,790,513 43,774,134

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

16,850,097

\$

272,894

46,410,292

29,287,301

\$

Net position at end of year.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Cash flows from operating activities: \$ 7,083,840 \$ 6,382,873 \$ 1,076,593 \$ 14,543,306 Cash received from charges for services. \$ 7,083,840 \$ 6,382,873 \$ 1,076,593 \$ 14,543,306 Cash received from ther operations. 73,688 63,510 \$ 34,679 Cash payments for personal services. (305,658) (509,296) \$ (814,954) Cash payments for contractual services. (305,658) (509,296) \$ (813,936) Cash payments for outhinitistrative costs. (48,465) (10,888) \$ (93,633) Cash payments for materials and supplies. (264,063) (812,100) \$ (1,042,200) (1,546) Cash payments for utilities. (321,097) (287,033) (1,042,200) (1,546) Net cash provided by operating activities. (15,489) \$ 34,393 6,776,062 Cash Rows from capital financing activities. (15,489) \$ (15,489) \$ (15,489) Net cash used in noncapital financing activities. (15,489) \$ (28,899) \$ (15,489) Cash from sapital and related financing activities. 10,364 18,535 \$ (28,899)		Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds					
Cash received from tharges for services. \$ 7,083,840 \$ 6,382,873 \$ 1,076,593 \$ 14,543,306 Cash received from them themselves. 24,679 24,679 24,679 24,679 Cash received from other operations. 73,688 63,510 137,198 Cash payments for personal services. (2,157,945) (2,168,820) - (4,326,765) Cash payments for contractual services (305,658) (509,296) - (814,954) Cash payments for contractual services (305,658) (509,296) - (814,954) Cash payments for administrative costs (48,465) (10,898) - (10,761,63) (2,681,394) (1,680,330) (2,681,369) - (1,650,330) (2,681,369)		Sewer		Water	Nonmajor	Total	
Cash received from tap-in fees. 73,688 63,510 1317,198 Cash received from other operations 73,688 63,510 - 1317,198 Cash payments for personal services (21,57,945) (2,168,820) - (4,326,765) Cash payments for contractual services (305,658) (509,296) - (814,954) Cash payments for materials and supplies (264,063) (812,100) - (1,076,163) Cash payments for materials and supplies (264,063) (812,100) - (1,076,163) Cash payments for utilities. (321,097) (287,033) (1,042,200) (1,650,330) Cash payments for other operations - (1,546) Net cash provided by operating activities 4,060,300 2,681,369 34,393 6,776,062 Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Cash payments for transfers out (15,489) - (15,489) Net cash used in noncapital financing activities. (15,489) - (15,489) Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Cash neceived from sale of capital assets (5,284,311) (1,898,499) - (7,182,810) Cash received from issuance of loans 3,279,400 - 3,279,400 Cash received from issuance of loans 3,279,400 - 3,279,400 Cash received from issuance of loans (3,279,400) - 3,480,000 Cash received from issuance of loans (3,287,500) 2,192,500 - 3,480,000 Cash received from issuance of loans (3,363,05) 59,547 - (95,852) Cash payments for interest and fiscal charges (648,727) (277,804) - (926,531) Cash payments for interest and fiscal charges (648,727) (277,804) - (926,531) Cash payments for interest and fiscal charges (648,727) (277,804) - (926,531) Cash payments for brinterest and fiscal charges (648,727) (277,804) - (926,531) Cash payments for interest and fiscal charges (648,727) (277,804) - (7,890,134) Cash received from interest carned (69,015) 41,134 - (10,149) Net cash used in capital and related franceived from interest carned (69,015) 41,134 - (10,149) Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 4,751,680 2,943,695 644,461 8,339,836	Cash flows from operating activities:						
Cash received from other operations. 73,688 63,510 - 137,198 Cash payments for personal services. (2,157,945) (2,168,820) - (43,26,765) Cash payments for contractual services. (305,658) (509,296) - (814,954) Cash payments for administrative costs. (48,465) (10,988) - (59,363) Cash payments for administrative costs. (264,063) (812,100) - (1,076,633) Cash payments for other operations. - (1,546) - (1,546) Net cash provided by operating activities. 4,060,300 2,681,369 34,393 6,776,062 Cash flows from noncapital financing activities. Cash payments for transfers out. (15,489) - - (15,489) Net cash payments for transfers out. (15,489) - - (15,489) Net cash payments for transfers out. (15,489) - - (15,489) Cash flows from capital and related flows from capital and related flows from capital and related <		\$ 7,083,8	40 \$	6,382,873	\$ 1,076,593	\$ 14,543,3	06
Cash payments for personal services. (2,157,945) (2,168,820) - (4,326,765) (2sh payments for contractual services (305,658) (509,296) - (814,954) (2sh payments for administrative costs (48,465) (10,898) - (59,363) (2sh payments for materials and supplies (264,063) (812,100) - (1,076,163) (2sh payments for materials and supplies (321,097) (287,033) (1,042,200) (1,650,330) (2sh payments for other operations - (1,546) (1,			-	24,679	-	/	
Cash payments for contractual services (305,658) (509,296) - (814,954) Cash payments for administrative costs (48,465) (10,898) - (59,363) (28) payments for materials and supplies (264,063) (812,100) - (1,076,163) Cash payments for utilities. (321,097) (287,033) (1,042,200) (1,650,330) Cash payments for other operations. (321,097) (287,033) (1,042,200) (1,650,330) Cash payments for other operations. (1,546) - (1,546) Net cash provided by operating activities . 4,060,300 2,681,369 34,393 6,776,062 **Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:** **Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:** **Cash payments for transfers out (15,489) (15,489) Net cash used in noncapital financing activities:** **Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:** **Cash received from sale of capital assets. 10,364 18,535 - 28,899 Cash payments for the acquisition of capital assets. (5,284,311) (1,898,499) - (7,182,810) Cash received from issuance of loans. 3,279,400 3,279,400 Cash received from issuance of loans. 1,287,500 2,192,500 - 3,480,000 Cash received from issuance of bonds. 1,287,500 2,192,500 - 3,480,000 Cash received from issuance of bonds. 1,287,500 2,192,500 - 3,480,000 Cash received from premium on debt issuances. 36,305 59,547 9,5852 Cash payments for principal retirement (2,441,849) (1,108,114) - (3,549,963) Cash payments for principal retirement (2,441,849) (1,108,114) - (3,549,963) Cash payments for principal retirement (14,28,356) (1,610,055) - (3,338,411) Cash received from capital and related financing activities. (5,207,424) (2,682,710) - (7,890,134) Net cash payments for principal activities. (5,207,424) (2,682,710) - (7,890,134) Net cash provided by investing activities. (5,207,424) (2,682,710) - (7,890,134) Cash payments for principal and related financing activities. (5,207,424) (2,682,710) - (7,890,134) Net cash provided by investing activities. (5,207,424) (2,682,710) - (7,890,134) Net cash provided by investing activities. (5,207,424) (2,682,710) - (7,890,134) Cash rec		73,6	88	63,510	-	137,1	98
Cash payments for administrative costs (48,465) (10,898) - (59,363) Cash payments for materials and supplies (264,063) (812,100) - (1,076,163) (1650,330) (1,042,200) (1,650,330) Cash payments for other operations (321,097) (287,033) (1,042,200) (1,650,330) Cash payments for other operations (1,546) - (1,546) (1,546) Net cash provided by operating activities (4,060,300) (2,681,369) (34,393) (6,776,062) Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Cash payments for transfers out (15,489) - (15,489) - (15,489) Net cash used in noncapital financing activities: Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Cash received from sale of capital assets (5,284,311) (1,898,499) - (7,182,810) Cash received from issuance of bonds (1,287,500) (2,192,500) - (3,279,400) Cash received from issuance of bonds (1,287,500) (2,192,500) - (3,480,000) Cash received from premium on debt issuances (36,305) (59,547) - (9,585) Cash payments for interest and fiscal charges (648,727) (277,804) (926,531) Cash payments for interest and fiscal charges (648,727) (277,804) (926,531) Cash payments for bond issuance costs (34,537) (58,820) (93,557) Net cash used in capital and related financing activities: Cash received from remium on debt issuances (1,428,356) (1,610,055) - (3,338,411) Cash payments for principal retirement (1,428,356) (1,610,055) - (3,038,411) Cash payments for principal retirement (1,428,356) (1,610,055) - (7,890,134) Cash payments for principal and related financing activities: Cash received from investing activities: Cash received from investing activities: Cash received from interest carned (69,015) 41,134 - (10,149) Net cash provided by investing activities (5,207,424) (2,682,710) - (7,890,134) Net cash provided by investing activities (69,015) 41,134 - (10,149) Net cash provided by investing activities (69,015) 41,134 - (10,149) Net cash provided by investing activities (69,015) 41,134 - (10,149) Net cash provided by investing activities (69,015) 41,134 - (10,149) Net cash provided by investing activi	Cash payments for personal services	(2,157,9	45)	(2,168,820)	-	(4,326,7	65)
Cash payments for materials and supplies (264,063) (812,100) - (1,076,163) Cash payments for other operations - (1,246) - (1,546) - (1,546) Net cash provided by operating activities - (1,546) 34,393 6,776,062 Cash flows from noneapital financing activities: Cash payments for transfers out (15,489) - (15,489) - (15,489) Net cash used in noneapital financing activities: Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Cash received from sale of capital assets 10,364 18,535 - 28,899 Cash received from sale of capital assets (5,284,311) (1,898,499) - (7,182,810) Cash received from issuance of loans 3,279,400 3,279,400 3,279,400 Cash received from issuance of bonds 1,287,500 2,192,500 - 3,480,000 Cash received from issuance of bonds 1,287,500 2,192,500 - 3,480,000 Cash received from issuance of bonds 1,287,500 2,192,500 - 3,480,0	Cash payments for contractual services	(305,6	58)	(509,296)	-	(814,9	54)
Cash payments for utilities. (321,097) (287,033) (1,042,200) (1,550,330) Cash payments for other operations - (1,546) - (1,546) Net cash provided by operating activities 4,060,300 2,681,369 34,393 6,776,062 Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Cash payments for transfers out (15,489) - - (15,489) Net cash used in noncapital financing activities: Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: 10,364 18,535 28,899 Cash received from sale of capital assets 10,364 18,535 28,899 Cash received from susuance of loans 3,279,400 - 3,279,400 Cash received from issuance of bonds 1,287,500 2,192,500 3,480,000 Cash received from premium on debt issuances 36,305 59,547 - 95,852 Cash payments for principal retirement (2,441,849) (1,108,114) - (3,549,963) Cash payments for interest and fiscal charges (648,727) <td>Cash payments for administrative costs</td> <td>(48,4</td> <td>65)</td> <td>(10,898)</td> <td>-</td> <td>(59,3</td> <td>63)</td>	Cash payments for administrative costs	(48,4	65)	(10,898)	-	(59,3	63)
Cash payments for other operations	Cash payments for materials and supplies	(264,0	63)	(812,100)	-	(1,076,1	63)
Net cash provided by operating activities 4,060,300 2,681,369 34,393 6,776,062	Cash payments for utilities	(321,0	97)	(287,033)	(1,042,200)	(1,650,3	30)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: (15,489) - - (15,489) Cash payments for transfers out (15,489) - - (15,489) Net cash used in noncapital financing activities: (15,489) - - (15,489) Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: (15,489) - - (15,489) Cash received from sale of capital assets 10,364 18,535 - 28,899 Cash payments for the acquisition of capital assets (5,284,311) (1,898,499) - (7,182,810) Cash received from issuance of loans 3,279,400 - - 3,279,400 Cash received from premium on debt issuances 36,305 59,547 - 95,852 Cash payments for principal retirement (2,441,849) (1,108,114) - (3,549,963) Cash payments for interest and fiscal charges (648,727) (277,804) - (926,531) Cash payments for bond issuance costs (34,537) (58,820) - (93,357) Cash payments for ond capital and related financing activities (5,207,424)			<u> </u>	(1,546)		(1,5	46)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Cash payments for transfers out (15,489) - - (15,489) Net cash used in noncapital financing activities (15,489) - - (15,489) Cash flows from capital and related Financing activities: Cash received from sale of capital assets 10,364 18,535 - 28,899 Cash payments for the acquisition of capital assets (5,284,311) (1,898,499) - (7,182,810) Cash received from issuance of loans 3,279,400 - - 3,279,400 Cash received from issuance of bonds 1,287,500 2,192,500 - 3,480,000 Cash received from premium on debt issuances 36,305 59,547 - 95,852 Cash payments for principal retirement (2,441,849) (1,108,114) - (3,549,963) Cash payments for interest and fiscal charges (648,727) (277,804) - (926,531) Cash payments for bond issuance costs (34,537) (58,820) - (93,357) Cash payments for bond issuance	Net cash provided by						
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Cash received from interest earned. 69,015 41,134 - 110,149 Net cash provided by investing activities. 69,015 41,134 - 110,149 Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (1,093,598) 39,793 34,393 (1,019,412) Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 4,751,680 2,943,695 644,461 8,339,836	•	(5,207,4	24)	(2,682,710)		(7,890,1	34)
Cash received from interest earned. 69,015 41,134 - 110,149 Net cash provided by investing activities. 69,015 41,134 - 110,149 Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (1,093,598) 39,793 34,393 (1,019,412) Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 4,751,680 2,943,695 644,461 8,339,836	Cash flows from investing activities:						
Net cash provided by investing activities. 69,015 41,134 - 110,149 Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents. (1,093,598) 39,793 34,393 (1,019,412) Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year. 4,751,680 2,943,695 644,461 8,339,836		69.0	15	41 134	_	110.1	49
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents							
cash equivalents		07,0		71,137		110,1	1)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 4,751,680 2,943,695 644,461 8,339,836							
	cash equivalents	(1,093,5	98)	39,793	34,393	(1,019,4	12)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year \$ 3,658,082 \$ 2,983,488 \$ 678,854 \$ 7,320,424				2,943,695	644,461	8,339,8	36
	Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 3,658,0	82 \$	2,983,488	\$ 678,854	\$ 7,320,4	24

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds						
	Sewer		Water	N	Nonmajor		Total
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:					,		
Operating income	2,114,268	\$	1,419,931	\$	81,737	\$	3,615,936
Adjustments:							
Depreciation	1,679,905		1,001,893		-		2,681,798
Changes in assets and liabilities:							
Change in accounts receivable	(24,249)		(36,170)		(108,394)		(168,813)
Change in special assessments receivable			3,532		-		3,532
Change in materials and supplies inventory	6,394		6,722		-		13,116
Change in due from other governments	-		411		-		411
Change in net pension asset	(8,628)		(9,211)		-		(17,839)
Change in deferred outflows - pension	368,968		370,166		-		739,134
Change in deferred outflows - OPEB	(81,990)		(95,431)		-		(177,421)
Change in accounts payable	51,841		66,659		30,925		149,425
Change in accrued wages and benefits	3,021		(2,790)		-		231
Change in compensated absences payable	6,965		(14,273)		-		(7,308)
Change in due to other governments	829		(6,525)		-		(5,696)
Change in utility deposits payable	-		_		30,125		30,125
Change in net pension liability	(530,942)		(536,704)		-		(1,067,646)
Change in net OPEB liability	61,179		76,907		-		138,086
Change in deferred inflows - pension	269,869		284,905		-		554,774
Change in deferred inflows - OPEB	142,870		151,347				294,217
Net cash provided by operating activities \$	4,060,300	\$	2,681,369	\$	34,393	\$	6,776,062

Non-cash transactions:

At December 31, 2019, the sewer fund purchased \$649,841 in capital assets on account.

At December 31, 2019, the water fund purchased \$380,647 in capital assets on account.

During 2020, sewer fund OWDA loan 7392 had a reduction in principal of \$5,710.

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FIDUCIARY FUND DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Cı	ustodial
Assets: Cash in segregated accounts	\$	89,162
Total assets	\$	89,162
Liabilities: Due to other governments	\$	89,162
Total liabilities	\$	89,162

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	C	ustodial
Additions:		
Fines and forfeitures collected for other governments.	\$	926,592
Total additions		926,592
Deductions: Fines and forfeitures distributed to other governments. Total deductions		926,592 926,592
Change in net position		-
Net position at beginning of year (restated)		
Net position at end of year	\$	

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE CITY

The City of Defiance, Ohio (the "City"), located in Defiance County, is a politic and corporate body established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the Constitution and laws of the State of Ohio and its charter. The City operates under a Council/Mayor form of government and provides the following services to its residents: public safety, highways and streets, water, sewer, health and social services, culture-recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements (BFS) of the City have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to local governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial principles. The City's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, the City's BFS include all funds, agencies, boards, commissions, and departments for which the City is financially accountable. Financial accountability, as defined by the GASB, exists if the City appoints a voting majority of an organization's Governing Board and is either able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific burdens on, the City. The City may also be financially accountable for governmental organizations with a separately elected Governing Board, a Governing Board appointed by another government, or a jointly appointed Governing Board that is fiscally dependent on the City. The City also took into consideration other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that exclusion would cause the City's basic financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Based upon the foregoing criteria, the City has no component units.

The primary government consists of all funds, agencies, departments, and offices that are not legally separate from the City. The primary government includes the City departments and agencies that provide the following services: police protection, fire fighting and prevention, emergency medical services, street maintenance and repair, parks and recreation, water, sanitary sewer, public service, and planning and zoning.

The following organizations are described due to their relationship with the City:

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

<u>Maumee Valley Planning Organization (MVPO)</u> - The City is a member of the MVPO, which is a jointly governed organization between Defiance, Fulton, Henry, Paulding, and Williams Counties and the respective townships and municipalities in each of those counties. The purpose of the MVPO is to act as a joint regional planning commission to write and administer Community Development Block Grants (CDBG) and help with housing rehabilitation in the area.

The MVPO is governed by a Board consisting of fifteen members. The Board is made up of one County Commissioner from each member county, as well as one township representative and one municipal representative for each of the five member counties. The main source of revenue is fees charged by the MVPO to administer CDBG grants, and a per capita amount from each participating city.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The City provides resources to the Executive Council based on a membership fee and services provided to the City. The MVPO exercises total control over the operation of the MVPO including budgeting, contracting, and designating management. The City has no ongoing financial interest or responsibility for the MVPO. In 2020, the City contributed \$62,311 for the MVPO's operations. Information can be obtained from Brett J. Kolb, Fulton County Auditor, 152 South Fulton Avenue, Suite 165, Wauseon, Ohio 43567.

<u>Noble Township - City of Defiance Joint Economic Development District</u> - The City and Noble Township agreed to create a joint economic development district (JEDD). The JEDD is wholly situated within Noble Township, Defiance County. The purpose of the JEDD is to facilitate economic development to create and preserve employment opportunities within the JEDD.

The JEDD is governed by a Board of Directors consisting of five members. The Board of Directors is made up of one representative appointed by the City, Noble Township, the JEDD business owners' association, the JEDD employees' association, and one "at-large member". The main source of revenue is a tax levied upon the income earned by persons working in the JEDD, and the net profits of businesses located in the JEDD. The tax is at rates equal to those levied upon earned income and profits by the City.

JOINT VENTURES WITHOUT EQUITY INTEREST

<u>Multi-Area Narcotics Task Force (MANTF)</u> - The City is a member of the MANTF, which is a joint venture between Defiance, Paulding, and Putnam Counties, and the Cities of Defiance and Bryan. The purpose of the drug task force is to act as a joint task force in the fight against narcotics. The MANTF is jointly controlled by the Chief Law Enforcement Officer of each respective entity.

The main source of revenue for the MANTF is from federal grants and local matching shares from the entities. The City has no ongoing financial responsibility to the MANTF. The City has indirect access to the net resources of the MANTF since the City is able to influence the MANTF to use its surplus resources to undertake projects of interest to the City's residents. This access to the net resources of the Governing Board has not been explicitly defined, nor is it currently measurable. Financial statements for the MANTF can be obtained through the Defiance County Sheriff's Office located at 113 Biede Street, Defiance, Ohio 43512.

<u>Community Improvement Corporation of Defiance County (Corporation)</u> - The Corporation shall be exercised, conducted, and controlled by the Board of Trustees and the Board of Trustees shall name a minimum of nine and a maximum of fifteen trustees with forty percent of the trustees to be elected officials. Further, each shall be a member of the Corporation and all of whom shall be citizens of the United States. Defiance County, the City of Defiance, and the villages and townships of Defiance County participate in the operation of the Corporation. The Corporation duties are to advance, encourage, and promote the industrial, economic, commercial, and civic development.

The Defiance County Economic Development Employment Agreement between the Board of Trustees of the Corporation and the Defiance County Director of Economic Development states that the County's Director of Economic Development may serve as Executive Director of the Corporation, as such the Corporation has agreed to furnish Defiance County with the funds needed to pay his salary. The City of Defiance partially funds the Corporation to pay the salary of the Director of the Defiance County Economic Development. The City's degree of control over the Board of Trustees is limited to its representation on the Board of Trustees. Information can be obtained from Jerry Hayes, Executive Director, 1300 East Second Street, Suite 201, Defiance, Ohio 43512.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

RELATED ORGANIZATION

<u>Defiance Public Library (Library)</u> - The Library is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio created under Chapter 3375 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Library is governed by a Board of Trustees appointed by City Council. The Board of Trustees possesses its own contracting and budgeting authority, hires and fires personnel, and does not depend on the City for operational subsidies. Although the City does serve as the taxing authority and may issue tax related debt on behalf of the Library, its role is limited to a ministerial function. The determination to request approval of a tax, the rate, and the purpose are discretionary decisions made solely by the Board of Trustees. Financial information can be obtained from the Defiance Public Library, Charlene Lee, Chief Fiscal Officer, 320 Fort Street, Defiance, Ohio 43512.

B. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The City's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-Wide Financial Statements - The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the City as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the City that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the City at year end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the City's governmental activities and for the business-type activities of the City. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program, and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the City, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental functions are self-financing or draw from the general revenues of the City. The City does not eliminate interfund services provided and used when consolidating activities.

Fund Financial Statements - During the year, the City segregates transactions related to certain City functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the City at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

C. Fund Accounting

The City uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Governmental Funds - Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The following are the City's major governmental funds:

<u>General fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Police and fire fund</u> - The police and fire fund accounts for and reports financial resources resulting from the City's additional 0.3% income tax levy that are restricted for use in the operations of the police and fire departments.

<u>Capital improvements fund</u> - The capital improvements fund accounts for financial resources that are committed to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

Other governmental funds of the City are used to account for (a) financial resources that are restricted for expenditures related to improvements of the City, (b) specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to an expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects, and (c) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

Proprietary Funds - Proprietary fund reporting focuses on changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows. Enterprise funds are the City's only type of proprietary fund.

Enterprise Funds - The enterprise funds may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. The following are the City's major enterprise funds:

 $\underline{\textit{Sewer fund}}$ - This fund accounts for the provision of sanitary sewer service to the residents and commercial users located within the City.

<u>Water fund</u> - This fund accounts for the provision of water treatment and distribution to the residential and commercial users located within the City.

Other enterprise funds of the City are used to account for refuse collection and utility deposits. These funds are nonmajor funds whose activity has been aggregated and presented in a single column in the basic financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds - Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and custodial funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the City under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the City's own programs. Custodial funds report fiduciary activities not required to be reported in a trust fund. The City's only fiduciary fund is a custodial fund that accounts for municipal court activity.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-Wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the City are included on the statement of net position. The statement of activities presents increases (e.g. revenues) and decreases (e.g. expenses) in total net position.

Fund Financial Statements - All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets, current deferred outflows of resources, current liabilities, and current deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the financial statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, all proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net position. The statement of changes in fund net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the City finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

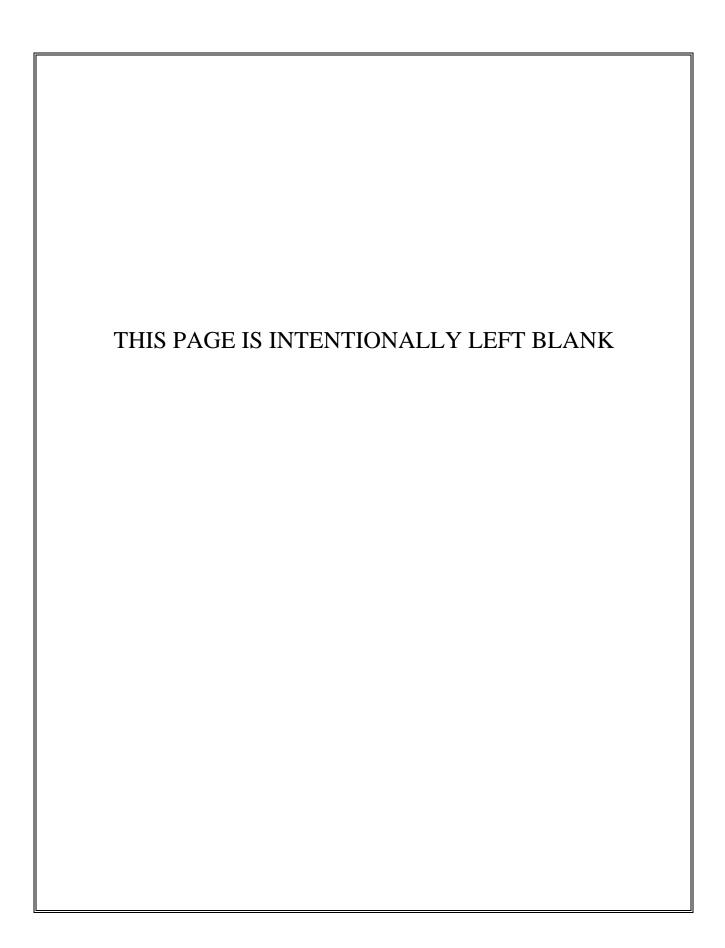
Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operation. The principal operating revenues of the City's proprietary funds are charges for services. Operating expenses from the enterprise funds include personnel and other expenses related to sewer, water, refuse, and utility deposits. All revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Fiduciary funds present a statement of changes in fiduciary net position which reports additions to and deductions from custodial funds.

E. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions - Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, are recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On the modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. For the City, available means expected to be received within sixty days of year end.



NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Nonexchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include income taxes, property taxes, grants and entitlements, and donations. On the accrual basis, revenue from income taxes is recognized in the period in which the income is earned (See Note 7). Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6). Revenue from grants and entitlements and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis.

On the modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year end: income taxes, State-levied locally shared taxes (including gasoline tax, local government funds, and permissive tax), fines and forfeitures, fees, and special assessments.

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources - In addition to assets, the government-wide statement of net position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. See Notes 14 and 15 for deferred outflows of resources related the City's net pension asset/liability and net OPEB liability, respectively. In addition, deferred outflows of resources include a deferred charge on debt refunding. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the City, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes and unavailable revenue. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of December 31, 2020, but which were levied to finance 2021 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow of resources on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the City, unavailable revenue includes, but is not limited to, income taxes, delinquent property taxes and intergovernmental grants. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available.

See Notes 14 and 15 for deferred inflows of resources related to the City's net pension asset/liability and net OPEB liability, respectively. This deferred inflow of resources is only reported on the government-wide statement of net position.

Expenses/Expenditures - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

F. Budgetary Data

All funds, except custodial funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations resolution, both of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount City Council may appropriate. The appropriations resolution is City Council's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by City Council. The legal level of budgetary control as established in the appropriations ordinance is at the fund, department, and object level ("personnel," "operating," etc.). Budgetary modifications at the legal level of control may only be made by a subsequent resolution of City Council.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the Finance Director. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the amended certificate of estimated resources in effect at the time the final appropriations were enacted by City Council.

The appropriations resolution is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriations resolution for that fund that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by City Council during the year.

G. Health Care

The Comprehensive Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (COBRA) of 1986 required the City to offer and provide terminated or retired employees continued participation in the City's employee health care benefits program, provided that the employees pay the rate established by the plan administrator. The City incurred no expenditures or revenues in providing these services. The participating former employees make premium payments directly to the City's insurance provider and the insurance provider is responsible for all claims.

H. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the City, other than cash in segregated accounts, is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the City's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the basic financial statements.

During 2020, investments were limited to the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio), negotiable certificates of deposit, commercial paper, a U.S. Government money market mutual fund, a U.S. Government Treasury note, and federal agency securities. Except for investments in STAR Ohio, investments are reported at fair value.

During 2020, the City invested in STAR Ohio. STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The City measures its investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

For 2020, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$100 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$100 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$100 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Following Ohio statutes, City Council has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue earned and credited to the general fund during 2020 amounted to \$122,069, which included \$65,688 assigned from other funds of the City.

The City has segregated bank accounts for monies held separate from the City's central bank account. These monies are held for a museum trust, a environmental trust, police property, and municipal court operations. These interest bearing depository accounts are presented on the basic financial statements as "cash in segregated accounts" since they are not required to be deposited into the City treasury.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows and for presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the City are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the City's investment account at year end is provided in Note 4.

I. Restricted Assets

Customer deposits and environmental trust resources in the nonmajor enterprise funds are classified as restricted assets because these funds are being held for specified purposes.

J. Inventories of Materials and Supplies

Inventory is stated at cost (first-in, first-out) in the governmental funds, and at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out) or market in the proprietary funds. The costs of inventory items are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds when purchased and expenses in the proprietary funds when used.

On the governmental fund financial statements, reported materials and supplies inventory is equally offset by nonspendable fund balance, which indicates that it does not constitute available spendable resources even though it is a component of net current assets.

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption.

K. Capital Assets

General capital assets are capital assets that are associated with, and generally arise from, governmental activities. They generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. General capital assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the governmental fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and disposals during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition values as of the date received. The City maintains a capitalization threshold of \$2,500. The City's infrastructure consists primarily of roads, bridges, culverts, and sanitary sewers. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. Interest incurred during the construction of capital assets is also capitalized for the business-type activities.

All reported capital assets are depreciated except for land and construction in progress. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Useful lives for infrastructure were estimated based on the City's historical records of necessary improvements and replacements. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental Activities Estimated Lives	Business-type Activities Estimated Lives
Improvements other than buildings	15 - 30 years	N/A
Land improvements	N/A	15 - 20 years
Buildings and improvements	15 - 45 years	15 - 50 years
Equipment	10 - 20 years	10 - 30 years
Infrastructure	30 years	30 - 50 years
Vehicles	6 - 15 years	6 - 15 years

L. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the City consist of vacation leave and sick leave to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the City and the employee.

In conformity with GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", vacation leave benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the City will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at year end by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination payments and by those employees for whom it is probable they will become eligible to receive termination benefits in the future.

American Federation of State, County and Municipal Employees (AFSCME) and non-bargaining employees with a minimum of ten years of service are paid one day for every two days sick leave for the first 120 days of accumulated sick leave, and one day for every seven days for accumulated sick leave in excess of 120 days upon retirement, if hired prior to August 1, 1998. Non-bargaining employees with a minimum of ten years of service hired after August 1, 1998 are paid one day for every two days accumulated sick leave, not to exceed 120 days.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

International Union of Police Associations (IUPA) bargaining unit employees who retire after ten years of continuous service will be compensated at one day's pay for every two days of accumulated, but unused sick leave, not to exceed 120 days. However, IUPA bargaining unit individuals employed for ten years or more as of December 31, 1991 shall be eligible for sick leave conversion upon retirement at one day for each two days accumulation without limit. Beginning January 1, 1992, an IUPA bargaining unit individual with 22 or more years of service who resigns shall be eligible for payment for one day's pay for every two days of accumulated, but unused sick leave, not to exceed 120 days.

International Association of Firefighters (IAFF) bargaining unit individuals with ten or more years of service shall, upon retirement under provision of the Police & Firefighters Pension Fund, be eligible for payment of one-half of the employee's accrued, but unused sick leave earned up to a maximum payment for 50 24-hour days. An IAFF bargaining unit individual with 22 or more years of service who retires or resigns from the City shall be eligible for payment for one-half of accrued, but unused sick leave up to a maximum payment for 50 24-hour days.

The total liability for vacation leave and sick leave payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at the balance sheet date, and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus applicable additional salary related payments. City employees are granted vacation leave and sick leave in varying amounts. In the event of termination, an employee is reimbursed for accumulated vacation leave and sick leave at various rates.

The entire compensated absences liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded, when applicable, in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported.

M. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported on the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences, and claims and judgements that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as liabilities on the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds, loans, and capital lease obligations are recognized as liabilities on the governmental fund financial statements when due. Net pension/OPEB liability should be recognized in the governmental funds to the extent that benefit payments are due and payable and the pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is not sufficient for payment of those benefits.

On the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of applicable bond premiums.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

N. Interfund Activity

Transfers between governmental activities and business-type activities on the government-wide financial statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues. The net residual amounts due between governmental activities and business-type activities are presented as internal balances.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements.

O. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (ordinance) of City Council (the highest level of decision-making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless City Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes, but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. City Council has, by ordinance, authorized the Finance Director to assign fund balance. The City may also assign fund balance in the general fund when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated receipts and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The City applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

P. Contributions of Capital

Contributions of capital in governmental activities and proprietary fund financial statements arise from outside contributions of capital assets, tap-in fees to the extent they exceed the cost of the connection to the system, from grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction, or from other funds within the City.

During 2020, the sewer fund received \$27,083 in capital contributions in the form of grants restricted to capital acquisition and construction.

O. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

R. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources. The net position component "net investment in capital assets," consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing or liabilities used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, laws, or regulations of other governments. Net position restricted for other purposes consists of resources restricted to court computerization, cable television franchise fees, and peace officer training.

The City applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

S. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of management and are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. The City reported neither type of transaction during 2020.

T. Bond Issuance Costs/Bond Premiums and Discounts/Deferred Charges on Refunding/Prepaid Bond Insurance

On both the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements, bond issuance costs are recognized in the period in which these items are incurred.

On the government-wide financial statements, bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bond premiums are presented as an addition to the face amount of the bonds and bond discounts are presented as a reduction to the face amount of the bonds.

On the governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums and discounts are recognized in the period in which these items are incurred. The reconciliation between the face value of bonds and the amount reported on the statement of net position is presented in Note 12.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Prepaid bond insurance is amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method.

For current and advance refundings resulting in the defeasance of debt reported in the government-wide financial statements and enterprise funds, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt is amortized as a component of interest expense. This accounting gain or loss is amortized over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter, and is presented as a deferred inflow of resources or a deferred outflow of resources.

U. Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability, net pension/OPEB asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

V. Fair Value Measurements

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles

For 2020, the City has implemented GASB Statement No. 83, "<u>Certain Asset Retirement Obligations</u>", GASB Statement No. 84, "<u>Fiduciary Activities</u>", GASB Statement No. 88, "<u>Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements</u>", and GASB Statement No. 90, "<u>Majority Equity Interests - an amendment to GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61.</u>"

GASB Statement No. 83 addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. A government that has legal obligations to perform future asset retirement activities related to its tangible capital assets should recognize a liability. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 83 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the City.

GASB Statement No. 84 establishes specific criteria for identifying activities that should be reported as fiduciary activities and clarifies whether and how business-type activities should report their fiduciary activities. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84, the City will no longer be reporting agency funds. The City reviewed its agency funds and certain funds will be reported in the new fiduciary classification of custodial funds. These fund reclassifications resulted in the restatement of the City's financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 88 improves the information that is disclosed in notes to the basic financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 88 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the City.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 90 improves the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. It defines a majority equity interest and specifies that a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization should be reported as an investment if a government's holding of the equity interest meets the definition of an investment. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 90 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the City.

For 2020, the City has applied GASB Statement No. 95, "Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance" to GASB Statement Nos. 87 and 89, which were originally due to be implemented in 2020. GASB Statement No. 95 provides temporary relief to governments and other stakeholders in light of the COVID-19 pandemic. This objective is accomplished by postponing the effective dates of certain provisions in Statements and Implementation Guides that first became effective or are scheduled to become effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018, and later.

The following pronouncement is postponed by one year and the City has elected delaying implementation until the year ended December 31, 2021:

• Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period

The following pronouncements are postponed by eighteen months and the City has elected delaying implementation until the year ended December 31, 2022:

- Statement No. 87, *Leases*
- Implementation Guide No. 2019-3, Leases

B. Restatement of Fiduciary Net Position

Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84, the new classification of custodial funds is reporting a beginning net position of \$0. Also, related to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84, the City will no longer be reporting agency funds. At December 31, 2019, agency funds reported assets and liabilities of \$102,465.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the City into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the City treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the City Council has identified as not required for use within the current five-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Government National Mortgage Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio, and with certain limitations including a requirement for maturity within ten years from the date of settlement, bonds and other obligations of political subdivisions of the State of Ohio, if training requirements have been met;
- Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts:
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) and (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool, the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio);
- 8. Certain bankers' acceptances (for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days) and commercial paper notes (for a period not to exceed two hundred seventy days) in an amount not to exceed 40 percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time if training requirements have been met.

The City may also invest any monies not required to be used for a period of six months or more in the following:

- 1. Bonds of the State of Ohio;
- 2. Bonds of any municipal corporation, village, county, township, or other political subdivision of this State, as to which there is no default of principal, interest or coupons; and,
- 3. Obligations of the City.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Protection of the deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by the financial institutions participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. Except as noted above, an investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the City, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the City, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Cash on Hand

At December 31, 2020, the City had \$2,250 in undeposited cash on hand, which is included on the basic financial statements of the City as part of "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents".

B. Cash in Segregated Accounts

At December 31, 2020, the City had \$829,238 in cash in segregated accounts held for a museum trust, an environmental trust, police property, and municipal court operations. This amount is not included in "Deposits with Financial Institutions" below.

C. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At December 31, 2020, the carrying amount of all City deposits was \$7,825,998. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of December 31, 2020, \$7,050,375 of the City's bank balance of \$9,574,042 was exposed to custodial credit risk as discussed below, while \$2,523,667 was covered by the FDIC.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the City will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or protected by (1) eligible securities pledged to the City's and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose market value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured, or (2) participation in the OPCS, a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total market value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State. Although all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the City to a successful claim by the FDIC.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

D. Investments

At December 31, 2020, the City had the following investments and maturities:

		Investment Maturities							
Measurement\ Investment Type	Measurement Value	6 Months or Less	7 to 12 Months	13 to 18 Months	19 to 24 Months	Greater than 24 Months			
Amortized cost:									
STAR Ohio	\$ 98,386	\$ 98,386	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
Fair value:									
FHLMC	849,264	-	-	-	350,056	499,208			
FNMA	463,575	-	-	-	-	463,575			
FFCB	1,802,545	-	-	-	-	1,802,545			
FHLB	293,662	-	-	-	-	293,662			
Negotiable CDs	5,771,628	-	-	968,540	1,058,729	3,744,359			
Commercial paper	1,489,047	1,389,234	99,813	-	-	-			
U.S. Treasury note	144,708	-	-	-	-	144,708			
U.S. Government									
money market	12,611	12,611							
Total	\$ 10,925,426	\$ 1,500,231	\$ 99,813	\$ 968,540	\$ 1,408,785	\$ 6,948,057			

The weighted average maturity of investments is 2.45 years.

The City's investment in a U.S. Government money market and a U.S. Treasury note are valued using quoted prices in active markets (Level 1 inputs). The City's investments in federal agency securities, commercial paper and negotiable certificates of deposit are valued using quoted market prices in markets that are not considered to be active, dealer quotations or alternative pricing sources for similar assets or liabilities for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly (Level 2 inputs).

Interest Rate Risk: Interest rate risk arises as potential purchasers of debt securities will not agree to pay face value for those securities if interest rates subsequently increase. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the City's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less except for investments in City owned bonds, which extend beyond five years.

Credit Risk: Standard & Poor's has assigned STAR Ohio an AAAm money market rating. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The U.S. Government money market mutual fund and U.S. Treasury note carries ratings of AAAm by Standard & Poor's. The City's investments in federal agency securities were rated AA+ and Aaa by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services, respectively. The City's investments in commercial paper were rated A-1 by Standard & Poor's. The City's investments in negotiable certificates of deposit are fully insured by the FDIC. The City's investment policy does not specifically address credit risk beyond requiring the City to only invest in securities authorized by State statute.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City's investment policy does not specifically address custodial credit risk beyond the adherence to all relevant sections of the Ohio Revised Code.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk: The City places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The percentage of each investment type held by the City at December 31, 2020 follows:

Measurement\	M	easurement	
Investment Type	Value		% of Total
Amortized cost:			
STAR Ohio	\$	98,386	0.90
Fair value:			
FHLMC		849,264	7.77
FNMA		463,575	4.24
FFCB		1,802,545	16.50
FHLB		293,662	2.69
Negotiable CDs		5,771,628	52.83
Commercial paper		1,489,047	13.63
U.S. Treasury note		144,708	1.32
U.S. Government money			
market		12,611	0.12
Total	\$	10,925,426	100.00

E. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Position

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and cash equivalents as reported on the statement of net position at December 31, 2020:

Cash and investments per note		
Carrying amount of deposits	\$	7,825,998
Investments		10,925,426
Cash in segregated accounts		829,238
Cash on hand		2,250
Total	\$	19,582,912
Cash and cash equivalents per statement of net position		
Governmental activities	\$	12,173,326
Business-type activities		7,320,424
Custodial fund	_	89,162
Total	\$	19,582,912

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

During 2020, interfund transfers consisted of the following, as reported in the fund financial statements:

<u>Transfers from the general fund to:</u>		
Police and fire fund	\$	3,800,000
Nonmajor governmental funds		769,520
Transfer from capital improvement fund to: Nonmajor governmental funds		169,200
Transfer from the sewer fund to:		
Nonmajor bond retirement funds	_	15,489
Total transfers	\$	4,754,209

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget required to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the funds making debt service payments as the payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Transfers between governmental funds are eliminated for reporting on the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between enterprise funds are eliminated for reporting on the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between governmental activities and business-type activities are reported as transfers in the statement of activities.

All transfers made were in accordance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.14, 5705.15, and 5705.16.

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the City. Taxes collected from real property taxes (other than public utility) in one calendar year are levied in the preceding calendar year on the assessed value as of January 1 of that preceding year, the lien date. Assessed values are established by the County Auditor at 35 percent of appraised market value. All property is required to be revaluated every six years. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits later payment dates to be established.

Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes collected in one calendar year are levied in the preceding calendar year on assessed values determined as of December 31 of the second year preceding the tax collection year, the lien date. Public utility tangible personal property is assessed at varying percentages of true value; public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value. 2020 public utility property taxes became a lien December 31, 2019, are levied after October 1, 2020, and are collected in 2021 with real property taxes. Public utility property taxes are payable on the same dates as real property taxes described previously.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

The County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts in the County, including the City of Defiance. The County Auditor periodically remits to the City its portion of the taxes collected. Property taxes receivable represents real property taxes, public utility taxes, delinquent tangible personal property taxes and other outstanding delinquencies which are measurable as of December 31, 2020 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. In the governmental funds, property and other local taxes receivable has been offset by a deferred inflow of resources for the current portion, since the current taxes were not levied to finance 2020 operations, and the delinquent portion, since the collection of the taxes during the available period is not subject to reasonable estimation. On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis the revenue is unavailable.

The full tax rate for all City operations for the year ended December 31, 2020 was \$3.00 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed values of real property and public utility personal property upon which 2020 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

Real property

Residential/agricultural	\$ 204,873,920
Commercial/industrial/mineral	93,533,320

Public utility

Real	60,090
Personal	 31,716,380
Total assessed value	\$ 330,183,710

NOTE 7 - LOCAL INCOME TAX

The locally levied income tax rate of 1.5 percent was increased to 1.8 percent effective January 1, 2014, and is applied to gross salaries, wages, and other personal service compensation earned by residents both within and outside of the City, and to earnings of nonresidents (except certain transients) earned within the City. It also applies to net income of for-profit organizations conducting business within the City. Income tax revenues are reported to the extent that they are measurable and available to finance current operations at December 31, 2020. Income tax revenue for 2020 was \$10,339,096 on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 8 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at December 31, 2020 consisted of income taxes, property and other local taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services), loans receivable, special assessments, accrued interest, and intergovernmental receivables arising from grants, entitlements, and shared revenue. All intergovernmental receivables have been classified as "due from other governments" on the basic financial statements. Receivables have been recorded to the extent that they are measurable at December 31, 2020.

A list of the principal items of receivables reported on the statement of net position follows:

Governmental activities:

Income taxes	\$1,688,543
Property and other local taxes	918,860
Accounts	184,462
Loans receivable	518,132
Special assessments	106,109
Accrued interest	19,744
Due from other governments	797,627

Business-type activities:

Accounts	537,812
Special assessments	14,129
Accrued interest	21,744

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. The only receivables not expected to be collected within the subsequent year are the special assessments, which are collected over the life of the assessments, and loans receivable, which are collected over the term of the loans.

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL ASSETS

The following activity occurred in the City's governmental activities capital assets during 2020:

	Balance					
Governmental activities:	<u>January 1, 2020</u>	Additions	Disposals	<u>December 31, 2020</u>		
Capital assets, not being depreciated:						
Land	\$ 1,537,708	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,537,708		
Construction in progress	785,019	2,968,181	(2,431,156)	1,322,044		
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	2,322,727	2,968,181	(2,431,156)	2,859,752		
Capital assets, being depreciated:						
Buildings and improvements	11,304,174	221,538	(97,500)	11,428,212		
Improvements other than buildings	4,227,035	597,438	-	4,824,473		
Equipment	3,692,790	590,897	(307,660)	3,976,027		
Vehicles	3,662,741	1,175,087	(496,432)	4,341,396		
Infrastructure	28,121,375	2,322,202	<u>-</u>	30,443,577		
Total capital assets, being depreciated	51,008,115	4,907,162	(901,592)	55,013,685		
Less: accumulated depreciation:						
Buildings and improvements	(5,298,872)	(324,080)	11,295	(5,611,657)		
Improvements other than buildings	(1,484,644)	(190,335)	-	(1,674,979)		
Equipment	(2,267,222)	(204,884)	215,109	(2,256,997)		
Vehicles	(2,382,755)	(242,644)	327,398	(2,298,001)		
Infrastructure	(13,710,824)	(834,013)	<u>-</u> _	(14,544,837)		
Total accumulated depreciation	(25,144,317)	(1,795,956)	553,802	(26,386,471)		
Total capital assets, net	\$ 28,186,525	\$ 6,079,387	\$ (2,778,946)	\$ 31,486,966		

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

Governmental activities:

General government	\$	264,977
Security of persons and property		214,331
Public health and welfare		109,075
Transportation		67,333
Community environment		216,367
Leisure time activity		923,873
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	1,795,956

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL ASSETS - (Continued)

The following activity occurred in the City's business-type activities capital assets during 2020:

	E	Balance				Balance
Business-type activities:		ary 1, 2020	 Additions	Disposals	Dece	ember 31, 2020
Capital assets, not being depreciated:						
Land	\$	662,207	\$ -	\$ -	\$	662,207
Construction in progress		3,604,226	5,773,901	(3,464,280)		5,913,847
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		4,266,433	 5,773,901	(3,464,280)		6,576,054
Capital assets, being depreciated:						
Land improvements		1,085,561	=	(4,461)		1,081,100
Buildings and improvements	3	0,841,926	-	(31,500)		30,810,426
Equipment		6,519,993	418,086	(45,407)		6,892,672
Vehicles		1,451,905	243,282	(299,357)		1,395,830
Infrastructure	7	8,033,645	3,181,333			81,214,978
Total capital assets, being depreciated	11	7,933,030	 3,842,701	(380,725)		121,395,006
Less: accumulated depreciation:						
Land improvements		(847,291)	(35,298)	2,900		(879,689)
Buildings and improvements	(1	6,638,776)	(689,888)	7,427		(17,321,237)
Equipment	(2,966,538)	(384,726)	32,759		(3,318,505)
Vehicles		(939,607)	(100,812)	262,047		(778,372)
Infrastructure	(2	0,291,500)	(1,471,074)			(21,762,574)
Total accumulated depreciation	(4	1,683,712)	 (2,681,798)	305,133	_	(44,060,377)
Total capital assets, net	\$ 8	30,515,751	\$ 6,934,804	\$ (3,539,872)	\$	83,910,683

Depreciation expense was charged to business-type activities as follows:

Business-type activities:

Sewer	\$ 1,679,905
Water	 1,001,893
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 2,681,798

NOTE 10 - OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Compensated Absences

Accumulated Unpaid Vacation Leave

City employees earn vacation leave at varying rates based upon length of service. In the case of death or retirement, an employee (or his estate) is paid for his unused vacation leave. The total obligation for vacation leave for the City as a whole amounted to \$540,071 at December 31, 2020. Amounts are recorded as a fund liability and/or on the government-wide financial statements, as applicable.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 10 - OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS – (Continued)

Accumulated Unpaid Sick Leave

City employees earn sick leave at varying rates based upon length of service. Upon retirement, an employee is paid a percentage of his accumulated sick leave within various limits. The total obligation for sick leave for the City as a whole amounted to \$484,376 at December 31, 2020. Amounts are recorded as a fund liability and/or on the government-wide financial statements, as applicable.

NOTE 11 - CAPITAL LEASES

In 2020, the City entered into capital lease agreements for a leaf vacuum and fire equipment. In a prior year the City entered into a capital lease agreement for a tractor. These lease agreements meet the criteria of a capital lease as defined by generally accepted accounting principles, which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee. Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the basic financial statements for the governmental funds.

The capital assets have been capitalized in the governmental activities. The cost of the capital assets resulting from the capital leases in the governmental activities totals \$517,269, which represents the present value of the minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition. As of December 31, 2020, accumulated depreciation was \$45,556, resulting in a net book value of \$471,713. A corresponding liability has been recorded in the governmental activities long-term obligations. The capital lease payments will be made from the capital improvements fund.

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the capital lease agreements, and the present value of the minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2020:

Year Ending	
December 31,	 Amount
2021	\$ 121,839
2022	121,838
2023	121,838
2024	121,839
2025	 47,922
Total	535,276
Less: amount representing interest	 (53,816)
Present value of net minimum lease payments	\$ 481,460

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 12 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. Governmental Activities Long-Term Obligations

During 2020, the following changes occurred in governmental activities long-term obligations.

Governmental activities:	Balance 1/1/20	Additions	Reductions	Balance 12/31/20	Amount Due in One Year
General obligation bonds:					
Series 2011 Bonds - 2.00-4.00%	\$ 2,695,00	0 \$ -	\$ (2,695,000)	\$ -	\$ -
Series 2018 Bonds - Ambulance - 2.86%	165,00	0 -	(39,000)	126,000	41,000
Series 2018 Bonds - S. Clinton St 2.86%	206,00	0 -	(49,000)	157,000	51,000
Series 2018 Bonds - Splash Pad - 2.86%	741,00	0 -	(177,000)	564,000	182,000
Series 2020 Bonds - Various Purpose - 1.00-2.00%		- 1,005,000	-	1,005,000	90,000
Series 2020 Bonds - Refunding - 1.00-2.00%		2,560,000		2,560,000	210,000
Total general obligation bonds	3,807,00	0 3,565,000	(2,960,000)	4,412,000	574,000
Land acquisition bonds - 2.75% - direct borrowing	1,890,48	-	(112,530)	1,777,952	115,625
OWDA loan - 0% - direct borrowing	1,631,82	-	(116,559)	1,515,267	116,559
Capital lease obligations	196,92	4 320,345	(35,809)	481,460	102,324
Net pension liability	18,536,97	-	(2,626,736)	15,910,240	-
Net OPEB liability	4,339,54	1 384,745	-	4,724,286	-
Compensated absences	804,94	8 395,766	(393,718)	806,996	383,403
Total	\$ 31,207,69	7 \$ 4,665,856	\$ (6,245,352)	29,628,201	\$ 1,291,911
Add: unamortized bond premium				80,196	
Total on statement of net position				\$ 29,708,397	

General Obligation Bonds:

<u>Series 2011 general obligation bonds</u> - On October 4, 2011, the City issued general obligation bonds (Municipal Court Improvement Bonds, Series 2011). These bonds are general obligations of the City, for which its full faith and credit is pledged for repayment. The bonds were issued to provide resources for building renovations and improvements to the City's courthouse. The bonds have an annual interest rate ranging from 2.00% to 4.00% and are scheduled to mature on December 1, 2031. Principal and interest payments on the general obligation bonds are being made from the capital improvements fund and the special projects fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

On October 22, 2020, the City issued \$2,560,000 (series 2020 refunding bonds) to currently refund the series 2011 general obligation bonds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 12 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

<u>Series 2018 general obligation bonds</u> - On September 5, 2018, the City issued various purpose general obligation bonds (series 2018 bonds). These bonds are general obligations of the City, for which its full faith and credit is pledged for repayment. The bonds were issued to provide resources to retire the 2017 bond anticipation notes and to provide additional funds for an ambulance and splash pad construction. The bonds have an annual interest rate of 2.86% and are scheduled to mature on December 1, 2023. Principal and interest payments on the general obligation bonds will be made from the capital improvements fund, the splash pad trust fund (a nonmajor governmental fund), and the permissive tax fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

<u>Series 2020 various purpose general obligation bonds</u> - On October 22, 2020, the City issued various purpose general obligation bonds, par value \$1,005,000 (series 2020 various purpose bonds). These bonds are general obligations of the City, for which its full faith and credit is pledged for repayment. The bonds were issued to provide resources for improving the intersection of Ottawa Avenue and Cleveland Avenue. The bonds have an annual interest rate ranging from 1.00% to 2.00% and are scheduled to mature on December 1, 2030. Principal and interest payments on the general obligation bonds will be made from the capital improvements fund. At December 31, 2020, \$996,768 of this bond remains unspent.

<u>Series 2020 refunding general obligation bonds</u> - On October 22, 2020, the City issued general obligation bonds (series 2020 refunding bonds) to currently refund the series 2011 general obligation bonds. The issuance proceeds of \$2,616,487 were used to pay for the cost of the issuance and to retire the outstanding series 2011 general obligation bonds.

The 2020 refunding issue is comprised of current interest bonds, par value \$2,560,000. The interest rate on the current interest bonds ranges from 1.00-2.00% and mature on December 1, 2031. The bonds will be retired through the capital improvement fund and the special projects fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$18,137. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt. This refunding was undertaken to reduce total debt service payments by \$340,531 and resulted in an economic gain of \$341,577.

Land Acquisition Bonds

During 2018, the City issued \$2,000,000 in land acquisition bonds, which were purchased by ProMedica, in order to provide funds to the Community Improvement Corporation of Defiance County to purchase land for the development of a business park. The City did not purchase any capital assets with the proceeds of these bonds. The bonds bear an interest rate of 2.75% and are scheduled to mature on August 1, 2033. Payment of principal and interest on the bonds will be made from the commerce drive fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

The land acquisition bonds are direct borrowings that have terms negotiated directly between the City and the lender and are not offered for public sale. In the event of default, the lender may declare the full amount of the then unpaid bonds amount to be immediately due and payable and/or require the City to pay any fines, penalties, interest, or late charges associated with the default.

OWDA Loan

In 2012, the City entered into an interest free debt financing arrangement to fund Richland Township sanitary sewer improvements through the Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA). The City's total borrowing on this loan was \$2,331,180. Loan repayments began in 2014 and are scheduled to continue through 2033. The debt service payments are reported in the bond retirement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 12 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

OWDA loans are direct borrowings that have terms negotiated directly between the City and the OWDA and are not offered for public sale. In the event of default, the OWDA may declare the full amount of the then unpaid original loan amount to be immediately due and payable and/or require the City to pay any fines, penalties, interest, or late charges associated with the default.

Capital Lease Obligations

The capital lease obligations is described in Note 11.

Compensated Absences

The compensated absences will be paid primarily out of the general fund and the police and fire fund.

Net Pension Liability and Net OPEB Liability

The net pension liability and net OPEB liability is described in Notes 14 and 15. These liabilities will be primarily paid out of the general fund, police pension fund, and the fire pension fund.

Future Debt Service Requirements

The following is a summary of the City's future annual debt service requirements for the governmental activities long-term obligations:

							<u>E</u>	Direct Borrowing		
General Obligation Bonds								OWDA Loan		
Year Ending	I	Principal		Interest Tot		Total		Principal		
2021	\$	574,000	\$	82,356	\$	656,356	\$	116,559		
2022		597,000		62,837		659,837		116,559		
2023		611,000		48,492		659,492		116,559		
2024		325,000		33,750		358,750		116,559		
2025		335,000		27,250		362,250		116,559		
2026 - 2030		1,720,000		68,600		1,788,600		582,795		
2031 - 2033		250,000		3,000		253,000		349,677		
Total	\$	4,412,000	\$	326,285	\$	4,738,285	\$	1,515,267		

		Direct Borrowing						
	-	Land Acquisition Bonds						
Year Ending	Principal			Interest		Total		
2021	\$	115,625	\$	48,894	\$	164,519		
2022		118,804		45,714		164,518		
2023		122,071		42,447		164,518		
2024		125,429		39,090		164,519		
2025		128,878		35,640		164,518		
2026 - 2030		699,541		123,051		822,592		
2031 - 2033		467,604		25,950		493,554		
Total	\$	1,777,952	\$	360,786	\$	2,138,738		

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 12 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that the net debt of a municipal corporation, whether or not approved by the electors, shall not exceed 10.5% of the total value of all property in the municipal corporation as listed and assessed for taxation. In addition, the unvoted net debt of municipal corporations cannot exceed 5.5% of the total taxation value of property. The assessed valuation used in determining the City's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in calculating the City's legal debt margin calculation excludes tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The statutory limitations on debt are measured by a direct ratio of net debt to tax valuation and expressed in terms of a percentage. At December 31, 2020, the City's voted debt margin was \$29,116,284 and the unvoted debt margin was \$18,160,104.

B. Business-Type Activities Long-Term Obligations

During 2020, the following changes occurred in business-type activities long-term obligations.

Business-type activities:	Interest Rate		Balance 1/1/20	Additions	Reductions	_	Balance 12/31/20		nount Due One Year
General obligation bonds:									
Waterworks - Series 2016 Refunding:									
Current interest bonds	0.75-2.23%	\$	1,510,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$	1,510,000	\$	490,000
Capital appreciation bonds	2.15%		209,999	-	(209,999)		-		-
Accreted interest			190,915	89,086	(280,001)		-		-
Waterworks - Series 2016A Refunding	3.00%		400,000	-	(400,000)		-		
Sewer - Series 2016B Improvement	3.00%		1,360,000	-	(325,000)		1,035,000		335,000
Sewer - Series 2018 CSO	2.86%		2,904,000	-	(282,000)		2,622,000		292,000
Sewer - Water Meter Sewer Portion 2019	2.41%		955,000	-	(955,000)		-		-
Water - Water Meter Bond 2019	2.41%		955,000	-	(955,000)		-		-
Water - Water Utility 2019	2.41%		640,000	-	(640,000)		-		-
Sewer - Sewer Utility 2019	2.41%		460,000	-	(460,000)		-		-
Sewer - Water Meter Sewer Portion 2020 Refunding	1.00-2.00%		-	867,500	-		867,500		87,500
Water - Water Meter Water Portion 2020 Refunding	1.00-2.00%		-	867,500	-		867,500		87,500
Water - Water Utility 2020 Refunding	1.00-2.00%		-	580,000	-		580,000		60,000
Sewer - Sewer Utility 2020 Refunding	1.00-2.00%		-	420,000	-		420,000		40,000
Water - Various Purpose 2020	1.00-2.00%		<u>-</u>	745,000		_	745,000	_	70,000
Total general obligation bonds			9,584,914	3,569,086	(4,507,000)		8,647,000		1,462,000
Other long-term obligations:									
OWDA loans	0.00-4.14%		27,249,919	3,279,400	(2,058,673)		28,470,646		1,608,338
OPWC loans	0.00%		2,164,916	-	-		2,164,916		128,758
Net pension liability			3,892,622	-	(1,067,646)		2,824,976		-
Net OPEB liability			1,968,334	138,086	-		2,106,420		-
Compensated absences			224,759	159,120	(166,428)		217,451		156,668
Total other long-term obligations		_	35,500,550	3,576,606	(3,292,747)		35,784,409		1,893,764
Total		\$	45,085,464	\$ 7,145,692	\$ (7,799,747)		44,431,409	\$	3,355,764
Add: unamortized bond premium						_	245,765		
Total on statement of net position						\$	44,677,174		

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 12 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

General Obligation Bonds:

General obligation bonds are expected to be retired with revenues of the enterprise funds. General obligation bonds are secured by the City's ability to levy a voted or unvoted property tax within limitations of Ohio law.

<u>Series 2016 waterworks system improvement refunding bonds</u> - On September 13, 2016, the City issued Series 2016 Waterworks System Improvement Refunding Bonds to advance refund the outstanding balance of the Series 2007 Waterworks System Improvement Refunding Bonds. The proceeds issued for the advance refunding were used to purchase State and Local Government Series (SLGS) securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of generating resources for all future debt service payments of the refunded debt.

The Series 2016 Bonds are comprised of both current interest bonds, par value \$2,970,000, and capital appreciation bonds, par value \$209,999. The interest rates on the current interest bonds range from 0.75% to 2.23%. The capital appreciation bonds matured on December 1, 2020 (approximate initial offering yield to maturity 2.15%) at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bonds was \$490,000.

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$97,727. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt.

Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is December 1, 2023.

<u>Series 2016A waterworks system improvement refunding bonds</u> - On February 18, 2016, the City issued Series 2016A Waterworks System Improvement Refunding Bonds to currently refund the outstanding balance of the Series 2005 Waterworks System Improvement Refunding Bonds.

The Series 2016A Bonds are comprised of current interest bonds, par value \$1,875,000. The interest rate on the current interest bonds is 3.00%. Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issue was December 1, 2020.

<u>Series 2016B sanitary sewerage system improvement bonds</u> - On February 18, 2016, the City issued Series 2016B Sanitary Sewerage System Improvement Bonds, par value \$2,620,000. The proceeds of this issue were used to retire \$2,704,000 in bond anticipation notes. The interest rate on the Series 2016B Bonds is 3.00%. Interest payments are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in this issue is December 1, 2023.

<u>Series 2018 CSO bonds</u> - On September 5, 2018, the City issued Series 2018 CSO Bonds, par value \$3,157,000. These bonds were used to retire the 2017 bond anticipation note and to provide additional funds for construction. The interest rate on the Series 2018 Bonds is 2.86%. Interest payments are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in this issue is December 1, 2028.

<u>Series 2019 bonds</u> - On April 26, 2019, the City issued the 2019 Bonds - 3 Purpose (Water Meter Project, Water Utility, and Sewer Utility), par value \$3,345,000. These bonds were used to provide funds for new water meters, sewer utilities, and water utilities. The interest rate on the Series 2019 Bonds is 2.41%. Interest payments are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in this issue is December 1, 2028.

On October 22, 2020, the City issued \$2,735,000 (series 2020 refunding bonds) to currently refund the series 2019 general obligation bonds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 12 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

<u>Series 2020 refunding general obligation bonds</u> - On October 22, 2020, the City issued general obligation bonds (series 2020 refunding bonds) to currently refund the series 2019 general obligation bonds. The issuance proceeds of \$2,812,279, along with a \$302,832 contribution from the City, were used to pay for the cost of the issuance and to retire the outstanding series 2019 general obligation bonds.

The 2020 refunding issue is comprised of current interest bonds, par value \$2,735,000. The interest rate on the current interest bonds ranges from 1.00-2.00% and mature on December 1, 2029. The bonds will be retired through the water and sewer funds.

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$28,411. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt. This refunding was undertaken to reduce total debt service payments by \$427,312 and resulted in an economic gain of \$137,813.

<u>Series 2020 various purpose general obligation bonds</u> - On October 22, 2020, the City issued various purpose general obligation bonds, par value \$745,000 (series 2020 various purpose bonds). These bonds are general obligations of the City, for which its full faith and credit is pledged for repayment. The bonds were issued to provide resources for constructing improvements to stabilize an embankment abutting the City's water treatment plant. The bonds have an annual interest rate ranging from 1.00% to 2.00% and are scheduled to mature on December 1, 2030. Principal and interest payments on the general obligation bonds will be made from the water fund. At December 31, 2020, \$363,255 of this bond remains unspent.

Compensated Absences

The compensated absences will be paid out of the sewer fund and the water fund.

Net Pension Liability and Net OPEB Liability

The net pension liability and net OPEB liability is described in Notes 14 and 15. These liabilities will be paid out of the sewer fund and the water fund.

Future Debt Service Requirements

The following is a summary of the City's future annual debt service requirements for the business-type activities bonds:

	Ge	General Obligation Bonds							
		Current Interest Bonds							
Year Ending	Principal	Principal Interest							
2021	\$ 1,462,000	\$ 195,924	\$ 1,657,9	924					
2022	1,511,000		1,666,8						
2023	1,541,000	119,144	1,660,1	144					
2024	697,000	80,915	777,9	€15					
2025	712,000	64,206	776,2	206					
2026 - 2030	2,724,000	105,668	2,829,6	668					
Total	\$ 8,647,000	\$ 721,663	\$ 9,368,6	563					

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 12 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

OWDA Loans

The City constructed a wastewater treatment facility in 1990. The project was financed through expenditure by the Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA). In 1999, the City began making major improvements to its wastewater treatment facility, which was also partially financed by OWDA. Beginning in 2008, the City borrowed money through the OWDA to finance water reservoir construction and sewer improvement construction. Any OWDA loan currently classified as "open" relates to a project where final disbursements have not been made from the OWDA, and therefore future debt service requirements have not been finalized and are not presented in the schedule of future debt service requirements.

OWDA loans are direct borrowings that have terms negotiated directly between the City and the OWDA and are not offered for public sale. In the event of default, the OWDA may declare the full amount of the then unpaid original loan amount to be immediately due and payable and/or require the City to pay any fines, penalties, interest, or late charges associated with the default.

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 12 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

At December 31, 2020, the City had the following OWDA loans outstanding:

			Balance
	Interest	Maturity	Outstanding
Purpose	Rate	Date	12/31/2020
Sewer Fund:			
Group 6 sewer planning	3.25%	7/1/2029	\$ 253,038
Group 4 sewer design	3.25%	1/1/2029	406,896
Group 1/3 combined sewer separation	3.36%	1/1/2030	2,288,293
Group 2 express sewer	3.36%	1/1/2030	1,300,326
Group 5 sewer planning/SSES	3.25%	1/1/2031	265,421
Group 6 sewer design	3.25%	1/1/2030	219,192
Group 4 sewer separation	3.53%	1/1/2031	3,802,961
Group 5 design	4.14%	1/1/2031	111,261
Group 31A river intrusion elimination project	4.14%	1/1/2031	299,845
Group 6 sewer separation	3.70%	1/1/2031	1,245,126
Group 5 sewer separation	3.25%	1/1/2031	1,970,619
Group 12/14 sewer planning	2.62%	7/1/2031	321,829
LTCP planning	3.28%	1/1/2034	345,231
Group 14/15 sewer separation	2.45%	1/1/2034	1,544,961
2012 CSO long-term control planning	2.69%	1/1/2034	301,836
CSO LTCP planning pace - year 2013	2.38%	7/1/2035	391,346
Group 13 inflow reduction	3.40%	7/1/2034	256,587
CSO LTCP planning - year 2015	2.03%	1/1/2036	295,530
College Place inflow reduction CSO	0.00%	1/1/2039	1,079,400
"Open" OWDA Loan			
Auglaize interceptor sewer rehab	1.83%	1/1/2037	470,387
East High Street inflow reduction CSO	0.00%	1/1/2039	2,544,353
Group 9.1 & 9.3 inflow reduction CSO	0.00%	1/1/2041	1,393,374
UV Disinfection Improvements	1.22%	7/1/2040	2,138,410
			23,246,222
Water Fund:			
Reservoir construction	4.09%	7/1/2037	5,224,424
Total OWDA loans			\$ 28,470,646

The City has pledged future sewer revenues and water revenues to repay OWDA loans. The loans are payable solely from sewer fund revenues and water fund revenues, and are payable through 2041. Annual principal and interest payments on the loans are expected to require 42.95 percent of net revenues and 19.67 percent of total revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the loans is \$33,057,960. Principal and interest paid for the current year was \$2,711,059, total net revenues were \$6,312,396 and total revenues were \$13,781,762.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 12 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

Future Debt Service Requirements

The following is a summary of the City's future annual debt service requirements for the business-type activities OWDA loans (the schedule below will not agree to the balance of OWDA loans outstanding in the schedule of long-term obligations due to various loans still being "open" at December 31, 2020):

	Direct Borrowing						
	 OWDA Loans Payable						
Year Ending	 Principal		Interest		Total		
2021	\$ 1,608,338	\$	659,160	\$	2,267,498		
2022	1,661,612		610,252		2,271,864		
2023	1,716,753		559,633		2,276,386		
2024	1,773,826		507,240		2,281,066		
2025	1,832,902		453,012		2,285,914		
2026 - 2030	9,456,520		1,390,091		10,846,611		
2031 - 2035	3,062,526		382,485		3,445,011		
2036 - 2039	811,645		25,441		837,086		
Total	\$ 21,924,122	\$	4,587,314	\$	26,511,436		

OPWC Loans

Improvements to the City's water treatment facilities were financed through expenditures by the Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC). At December 31, 2020, the City has the following loans outstanding with OPWC:

	Interest Rate	Maturity <u>Date</u>	Balance Outstanding 12/31/2020
Water Fund: OPWC loan	0.00%	1/1/2038	\$ 2,159,561
Sewer Fund: OPWC loan	0.00%	1/1/2021	5,355
Total OPWC loans			\$ 2,164,916

The OPWC loans are payable in semi-annual installments of principal and interest (if applicable).

OPWC loans are direct borrowings that have terms negotiated directly between the City and the OPWC and are not offered for public sale. In the event of default, the OPWC may declare the full amount of the then unpaid original loan amount to be immediately due and payable and/or require the City to pay any fines, penalties, interest, or late charges associated with the default.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 12 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

Future Debt Service Requirements

The following is a summary of the City's future annual debt service requirements for the business-type activities OPWC loans:

		Direct Borrowing					
		OPWC Loans Payable					
Year Ending	I	Principal		Interest		Total	
2021	\$	128,758	\$	-	\$	128,758	
2022		123,404		-		123,404	
2023		123,403		-		123,403	
2024		123,404		-		123,404	
2025		123,403		-		123,403	
2026 - 2030		617,018		-		617,018	
2031 - 2035		617,018		-		617,018	
2036 - 2038		308,508				308,508	
Total	\$	2,164,916	\$		\$	2,164,916	

NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; natural disasters, and injuries to employees. To manage these risks, the City participates in various jointly funded pools, both risk sharing and group rated, to provide separate and distinct coverage for each type of risk, as described below.

A. BORMA Property and Casualty Pool

During 2020, the City participated in the Buckeye Ohio Risk Management Agency (BORMA), Inc. and Public Entity Risk Consortium (PERC) joint risk sharing pools for property, liability, and crime insurance. Member contributions to the pools are calculated annually to produce a sufficient sum of money within the pools to fund loss payment obligations for claims and administrative expenses. The City's contributions in 2020 totaled \$165,033.

For the plan year, which includes December 31, 2020, BORMA, Inc. is subject to a \$25,000 per occurrence retention for any property or liability loss. The loss amount in excess of BORMA, Inc.'s \$25,000 retention is covered through PERC and various excess insurance companies up to the following amounts:

Property	\$500,000,000
Boiler & Machinery	100,000,000
General Liability	10,000,000
Auto Liability	10,000,000
Law Enforcement Liability	10,000,000
Public Officials Liability	10,000,000
Employee Dishonesty	500,000
Depositors Forgery	500,000
Money & Securities	500,000

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

The City's individual liability is \$1,000 per occurrence for property and crime losses. The limits are inclusive of the above noted retentions.

Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three years, and there has not been a significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

B. BORMA Benefits Pool

The BORMA Benefits Pool (the "Pool") is for employee benefits and includes life insurance, accidental death and dismemberment insurance, health insurance, and prescription drug insurance. Plan options and levels of coverage are established independently by each Pool member for its employees. Premiums paid into the Pool by each member are based on the level of coverage within each respective plan. The Pool includes twelve public entities in the State of Ohio. Member contributions are calculated annually to produce a sufficient sum of money within the Pool to fund administrative expenses and to create reserves for claims.

As of December 31, 2020, the Pool had total reported assets of \$9,482,475. The 2020 monthly premiums paid by the City per covered employee were \$2,120 for family coverage, \$1,396 for two-party coverage with spouse, \$1,247 for two-party coverage with child, and \$671 for single coverage. The monthly life insurance premium was \$1.74. The cost of coverage for premiums is paid out of each respective fund and division that pays the salary of the individuals covered under the plan. Employees contribute a portion of each monthly premium through payroll withholding. During 2020, the City paid \$3,440,661 into the Pool for all covered benefits. The amount of risk retained by the Pool in 2020 was \$275,000 per individual; coverage in excess of this amount was provided by Sun Life Financial.

BORMA, Inc., PERC and the BORMA Benefits Pool each have the ability to require member entities to make supplemental payments in the event reserves are not adequate to cover claims. The probability of this occurring is considered remote due to the adequacy of the reserves and premium levels. Therefore, no additional amounts have been disclosed in the basic financial statements. Audited financial statements are maintained separately by each pool.

C. Workers' Compensation

The City participates in the State of Ohio Bureau of Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program through its membership in the Ohio Municipal League. The City pays the State Workers' Compensation System an annual premium that is a computed percentage of the previous year's payroll, plus administrative costs. Annual premiums are based on the previous five years' loss history.

D. State Unemployment Benefits

Political subdivisions in Ohio are not required to pay the State's unemployment tax. Instead, the City pays unemployment benefits claims directly to the Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, as they occur. During 2020, the City paid \$11,630 to the Ohio Department of Job and Family Services for unemployment benefits claims.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

Net Pension Liability/Asset and Net OPEB Liability

Pensions and OPEB are a component of exchange transactions - between an employer and its employees - of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee - on a deferred-payment basis - as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

The net pension liability/asset and the net OPEB liability represent the City's proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability/asset calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost-of-living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the City's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The City cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the City does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability/asset is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires funding to come from these employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes pension costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded pension liabilities within 30 years. If the pension amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide health care to eligible benefit recipients.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term net pension liability/asset on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in due to other governments on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

The remainder of this note includes the pension disclosures. See Note 15 for the OPEB disclosures.

Plan Description - Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Plan Description - City employees, other than full-time police and firefighters, participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The traditional pension plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan and the combined plan is a combination cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit/defined contribution pension plan. Participating employers are divided into state, local, law enforcement and public safety divisions. While members in the state and local divisions may participate in all three plans, law enforcement and public safety divisions exist only within the traditional plan.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits, and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional and combined plans. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about OPERS' fiduciary net position that may be obtained by visiting https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml, by writing to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling 800-222-7377.

Senate Bill (SB) 343 was enacted into law with an effective date of January 7, 2013. In the legislation, members in the traditional and combined plans were categorized into three groups with varying provisions of the law applicable to each group. The following table provides age and service requirements for retirement and the retirement formula applied to final average salary (FAS) for the three member groups under the traditional and combined plans as per the reduced benefits adopted by SB 343 (see OPERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report referenced above for additional information, including requirements for reduced and unreduced benefits):

Group	A

Eligible to retire prior to January 7, 2013 or five years after January 7, 2013

Group B

20 years of service credit prior to January 7, 2013 or eligible to retire ten years after January 7, 2013

Group C

Members not in other Groups and members hired on or after January 7, 2013

State and Local

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit

Traditional Plan Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30

Combined Plan Formula:

1% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 1.25% for service years in excess of 30

State and Local

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit

Traditional Plan Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30

Combined Plan Formula:

1% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 1.25% for service years in excess of 30

State and Local

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 57 with 25 years of service credit or Age 62 with 5 years of service credit

Traditional Plan Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 35 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 35

Combined Plan Formula:

1% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 35 years and 1.25% for service years in excess of 35

Final Average Salary (FAS) represents the average of the three highest years of earnings over a member's career for Groups A and B. Group C is based on the average of the five highest years of earnings over a member's career.

Members who retire before meeting the age and years of service credit requirement for unreduced benefits receive a percentage reduction in the benefit amount. The initial amount of a member's pension benefit is vested upon receipt of the initial benefit payment for calculation of an annual cost-of-living adjustment.

When a traditional plan benefit recipient has received benefits for 12 months, current law provides for an annual cost of living adjustment (COLA). This COLA is calculated on the base retirement benefit at the date of retirement and is not compounded. Members retiring under the combined plan receive a cost—of—living adjustment on the defined benefit portion of their pension benefit. For those who retired prior to January 7, 2013, the cost of living adjustment is 3 percent. For those retiring subsequent to January 7, 2013, beginning in calendar year 2019, current law provides that the COLA will be based on the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, capped at 3.00%.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Defined contribution plan benefits are established in the plan documents, which may be amended by the Board. Member-directed plan and combined plan members who have met the retirement eligibility requirements may apply for retirement benefits. The amount available for defined contribution benefits in the combined plan consists of the member's contributions plus or minus the investment gains or losses resulting from the member's investment selections. Combined plan members wishing to receive benefits must meet the requirements for both the defined benefit and defined contribution plans. Member-directed participants must have attained the age of 55, have money on deposit in the defined contribution plan and have terminated public service to apply for retirement benefits. The amount available for defined contribution benefits in the member-directed plan consists of the members' contributions, vested employer contributions and investment gains or losses resulting from the members' investment selections. Employer contributions and associated investment earnings vest over a five-year period, at a rate of 20 percent each year. At retirement, members may select one of several distribution options for payment of the vested balance in their individual OPERS accounts. Options include the annuitization of the benefit (which includes joint and survivor options), partial lump-sum payments (subject to limitations), a rollover of the vested account balance to another financial institution, receipt of entire account balance, net of taxes withheld, or a combination of these options.

Beginning in 2022, the Combined Plan will be consolidated under the Traditional Pension Plan (defined benefit plan) and the Combined Plan option will no longer be available for new hires beginning in 2022.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

	State	
	and Loc	al
2020 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates		
Employer	14.0	%
Employee *	10.0	%
2020 Actual Contribution Rates		
Employer:		
Pension	14.0	%
Post-employment Health Care Benefits **	0.0	%
Total Employer	14.0	%
Employee	10.0	%

- * This rate is determined by OPERS' Board and has no maximum rate established by ORC.
- ** This employer health care rate is for the traditional and combined plans. The employer contribution for the member-directed plan is 4.00%.

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll.

The City's contractually required contribution for the Traditional Pension Plan, the Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan was \$747,391 for 2020. Of this amount, \$83,965 is reported as due to other governments.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Plan Description - Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund (OP&F)

Plan Description - City full-time police and firefighters participate in Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by OP&F. OP&F provides retirement and disability pension benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information and detailed information about OP&F fiduciary net position. The report that may be obtained by visiting the OP&F website at www.opf.org or by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Upon attaining a qualifying age with sufficient years of service, a member of OP&F may retire and receive a lifetime monthly pension. OP&F offers four types of service retirement: normal, service commuted, age/service commuted and actuarially reduced. Each type has different eligibility guidelines and is calculated using the member's average annual salary. The following discussion of the pension formula relates to normal service retirement.

For members hired after July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 52 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit. For members hired on or before July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 48 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit.

The annual pension benefit for normal service retirement is equal to a percentage of the allowable average annual salary. The percentage equals 2.5 percent for each of the first 20 years of service credit, 2.00% for each of the next five years of service credit and 1.50% for each year of service credit in excess of 25 years. The maximum pension of 72.00% of the allowable average annual salary is paid after 33 years of service credit (see OP&F Comprehensive Annual Financial Report referenced above for additional information, including requirements for Deferred Retirement Option Plan provisions and reduced and unreduced benefits).

Under normal service retirement, retired members who are at least 55 years old and have been receiving OP&F benefits for at least one year may be eligible for a cost-of-living allowance adjustment. The age 55 provision for receiving a COLA does not apply to those who are receiving a permanent and total disability benefit, surviving beneficiaries, and statutory survivors. Members participating in the DROP program have separate eligibility requirements related to COLA.

Members retiring under normal service retirement, with less than 15 years of service credit on July 1, 2013, will receive a COLA equal to either 3.00% or the percent increase, if any, in the consumer price index over the 12 month period ending on September 30th of the immediately preceding year, whichever is less. The COLA amount for members with at least 15 years of service credit as of July 1, 2013, is equal to 3.00% of their base pension or disability benefit.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

	Police	Firefighters
2020 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates		
Employer	19.50 %	24.00 %
Employee	12.25 %	12.25 %
2020 Actual Contribution Rates		
Employer:		
Pension	19.00 %	23.50 %
Post-employment Health Care Benefits	0.50 %	0.50 %
Total Employer	19.50 %	24.00 %
Employee	12.25 %	12.25 %

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The City's contractually required contribution to OP&F was \$832,275 for 2020. Of this amount, \$103,548 is reported as due to other governments.

Net Pension Liabilities/Assets, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability and net pension asset for the OPERS were measured as of December 31, 2019, and the total pension liability or asset used to calculate the net pension liability or asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. OP&F's total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2019, and was determined by rolling forward the total pension liability as of January 1, 2019, to December 31, 2019. The City's proportion of the net pension liability or asset was based on the City's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

			OPERS -		
	OPERS -	OPERS -	Member-		
	Traditional	Combined	Directed	OP&F	Total
Proportion of the net pension liability/asset prior measurement date	0.03525800%	6 0.03240600%	0.09298200%	0.15648300%	
Proportion of the net pension liability/asset					
current measurement date	0.03449000%	6 0.03688200%	0.09134100%	0.17691640%	
Change in proportionate share	- <u>0.00076800</u> %	<u>0.00447600</u> %	- <u>0.00164100</u> %	0.02043340%	
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 6,817,182	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,918,034	\$ 18,735,216
Proportionate share of the net pension asset	-	76,908	3,453	-	80,361
Pension expense	1,220,327	8,811	(2,034)	1,893,483	3,120,587

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

At December 31, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

					(OPERS -		
	(OPERS -	C	PERS -]	Member-		
	T	raditional	C	ombined		Directed	OP&F	 Total
Deferred outflows								
of resources								
Differences between								
expected and								
actual experience	\$	-	\$	-	\$	11,536	\$ 451,136	\$ 462,672
Changes of assumptions		364,118		7,932		560	292,558	665,168
Changes in employer's								
proportionate percentage/								
difference between								
employer contributions		37,869		-		-	1,307,014	1,344,883
Contributions								
subsequent to the								
measurement date		668,309		24,951		54,131	832,275	1,579,666
Total deferred							 	
outflows of resources	\$	1,070,296	\$	32,883	\$	66,227	\$ 2,882,983	\$ 4,052,389
Deferredinflows								
of resources								
Differences between								
expected and								
actual experience	\$	86,193	\$	18,058	\$	-	\$ 614,658	\$ 718,909
Net difference between								
projected and actual earnings								
on pension plan investments		1,359,872		9,976		1,088	575,735	1,946,671
Changes in employer's								
proportionate percentage/								
difference between								
employer contributions		111,377		-		-	22,776	134,153
Total deferred								
inflows of resources	\$	1,557,442	\$	28,034	\$	1,088	\$ 1,213,169	\$ 2,799,733

^{\$1,579,666} reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability/asset in the year ending December 31, 2021.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

					OPERS -		
		OPERS -	(OPERS -	Member-		
	Γ	raditional	C	Combined	Directed	OP&F	Total
Year Ending December 31:							
		(10.5 = 0.5)					.=
2021	\$	(196,782)	\$	(4,900)	\$ 1,360	\$ 247,510	\$ 47,188
2022		(475,027)		(4,715)	1,378	284,722	(193,642)
2023		56,311		(1,934)	1,652	523,045	579,074
2024		(539,957)		(5,587)	1,236	(236,638)	(780,946)
2025		-		(1,042)	1,476	18,900	19,334
Thereafter				(1,924)	3,906		1,982
Total	\$	(1,155,455)	\$	(20,102)	\$ 11,008	\$ 837,539	\$ (327,010)

Actuarial Assumptions - OPERS

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the values of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial-reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019, using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement in accordance with the requirements of GASB 67. Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results, prepared as of December 31, 2019, are presented below.

Wage inflation	3.25%
Future salary increases, including inflation	3.25% to 10.75% including wage inflation
COLA or ad hoc COLA	Pre 1/7/2013 retirees: 3.00%, simple
	Post 1/7/2013 retirees: 1.40%, simple
	through 2020, then 2.15% simple
Investment rate of return	

Current measurement date 7.20%
Prior measurement date 7.20%
Actuarial cost method Individual entry age

In October 2019, the OPERS Board adopted a change in COLA for Post-January 7, 2013 retirees, changing it from 3.00% simple through 2018 then 2.15% simple to 1.40% simple through 2020 the 2.15% simple.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Employees mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the RP-2014 Disabled mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to all of the above described tables.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2015.

During 2019, OPERS managed investments in three investment portfolios: the Defined Benefit portfolio, the Health Care portfolio, and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Defined Benefit portfolio contains the investment assets for the Traditional Pension Plan, the defined benefit component of the Combined Plan and the annuitized accounts of the Member-Directed Plan. Within the Defined Benefit portfolio, contributions into the plans are all recorded at the same time, and benefit payments all occur on the first of the month. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual money-weighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investment expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Defined Benefit portfolio was 17.20% for 2019.

The allocation of investment assets with the Defined Benefit portfolio is approved by the Board of Trustees as outlined in the annual investment plan. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined benefit pension plans. The long-term expected rate of return on defined benefit investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return were provided by the Board's investment consultant. For each major asset class that is included in the Defined Benefit portfolio's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2019, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

		Weighted Average
		Long-Term Expected
	Target	Real Rate of Return
Asset Class	Allocation	(Arithmetic)
Fixed income	25.00 %	1.83 %
Domestic equities	19.00	5.75
Real estate	10.00	5.20
Private equity	12.00	10.70
International equities	21.00	7.66
Other investments	13.00	4.98
Total	100.00 %	5.61 %

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability/asset was 7.20%, post-experience study results, for the Traditional Pension Plan, the Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan. The discount rate used to measure total pension liability prior to December 31, 2019 was 7.20%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefits payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the Traditional Pension Plan, Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table presents the proportionate share of the net pension liability/asset calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.20%, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability/asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.20%) or one-percentage-point higher (8.20%) than the current rate:

				Current		
	19	6 Decrease	Dis	count Rate	19	% Increase
City's proportionate share		_				
of the net pension liability (asset):						
Traditional Pension Plan	\$	11,243,740	\$	6,817,182	\$	2,837,837
Combined Plan		(46,471)		(76,908)		(98,844)
Member-Directed Plan		(1,827)		(3,453)		(4,567)

Actuarial Assumptions - OP&F

OP&F's total pension liability as of December 31, 2019, is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of January 1, 2019, and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The total pension liability is determined by OP&F's actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual valuation. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment mortality, salary increases, disabilities, retirements and employment terminations. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Assumptions considered were: withdrawal rates, disability retirement, service retirement, DROP elections, mortality, percent married and forms of the payment, DROP interest rate, CPI-based COLA, investment returns, salary increases and payroll growth.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of January 1, 2019, are presented below.

Valuation date	1/1/19 with actuarial liabilities rolled forward to 12/31/19
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Investment rate of return	8.00%
Projected salary increases	3.75% - 10.50%
Payroll increases	3.25% per annum, compounded annually, consisting of

inflation rate of 2.75% plus productivity increase rate of 0.50% 3.00% simple; 2.20% simple for increases based on the lesser of the increase in CPI and 3.00%

Cost of living adjustments

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Mortality for non-disabled participants is based on the RP-2014 Total Employee and Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, adjusted and projected with the Buck Modified 2016 Improvement Scale. Rates for surviving beneficiaries are adjusted by 120%.

Age	Police	Fire
67 or less	77%	68%
68-77	105%	87%
78 and up	115%	120%

Mortality for disabled retirees is based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, adjusted according to the rates in the following table, and projected with the Buck Modified 2016 Improvement Scale.

Age	_Police_	Fire
59 or less	35%	35%
60-69	60%	45%
70-79	75%	70%
80 and up	100%	90%

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in the Statement of Investment Policy and Guidelines. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expected. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

Best estimates of the long-term expected geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in OP&F's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2019 are summarized below:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return **
Cash and Cash Equivalents	- %	1.00 %
Domestic Equity	16.00	5.40
Non-US Equity	16.00	5.80
Private Markets	8.00	8.00
Core Fixed Income *	23.00	2.70
High Yield Fixed Income	7.00	4.70
Private Credit	5.00	5.50
U.S. Inflation		
Linked Bonds *	17.00	2.50
Master Limited Partnerships	8.00	6.60
Real Assets	8.00	7.40
Private Real Estate	12.00	6.40
Total	120.00 %	

Note: assumptions are geometric.

^{*} levered 2x

^{**} numbers include inflation

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

OP&F's Board of Trustees has incorporated the risk parity concept into OP&F's asset liability valuation with the goal of reducing equity risk exposure, which reduces overall Total Portfolio risk without sacrificing return and creating a more risk-balanced portfolio based on the relationship between asset classes and economic environments. From the notional portfolio perspective above, the Total Portfolio may be levered up to 1.20 times due to the application of leverage in certain fixed income asset classes.

Discount Rate - The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 8.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the longer-term assumed investment rate of return 8.00%. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 8.00%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (7.00%), or one percentage point higher (9.00%) than the current rate.

	Current				
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase		
City's proportionate share					
of the net pension liability	\$ 16,517,980	\$ 11,918,034	\$ 8,070,634		

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS

Net OPEB Liability

See Note 14 for a description of the net OPEB liability.

Plan Description - Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Plan Description - The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) administers three separate pension plans: the traditional pension plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; the member-directed plan, a defined contribution plan; and the combined plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

OPERS maintains a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care trust, which funds multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage and deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement to qualifying benefit recipients of both the traditional pension and the combined plans. This trust is also used to fund health care for member-directed plan participants, in the form of a Retiree Medical Account (RMA). At retirement or refund, member directed plan participants may be eligible for reimbursement of qualified medical expenses from their vested RMA balance.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

In order to qualify for postemployment health care coverage, age and service retirees under the traditional pension and combined plans must have twenty or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by OPERS meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement 75. See OPERS' Comprehensive Annual Financial Report referenced below for additional information.

The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require OPERS to provide health care to its eligible benefit recipients. Authority to establish and amend health care coverage is provided to the Board in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Disclosures for the health care plan are presented separately in the OPERS financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by visiting https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml, by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling (614) 222-5601 or 800-222-7377.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority allowing public employers to fund postemployment health care through their contributions to OPERS. When funding is approved by OPERS' Board of Trustees, a portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside to fund OPERS health care plans. Beginning in 2018, OPERS no longer allocated a portion of its employer contributions to health care for the traditional plan and the combined plan.

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the earnable salary of active members. In 2020, state and local employers contributed at a rate of 14.00% of earnable salary and public safety and law enforcement employers contributed at 18.10%. These are the maximum employer contribution rates permitted by the Ohio Revised Code. Active member contributions do not fund health care.

Each year, the OPERS Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside to fund health care plans. As recommended by OPERS' actuary, the portion of employer contributions allocated to health care was 0.00% for the Traditional and Combined plans. The OPERS Board is also authorized to establish rules for the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries to pay a portion of the health care provided. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected. The employer contribution as a percentage of covered payroll deposited into the RMA for participants in the Member-Directed Plan for 2020 was 4.00%.

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll.

The City's contractually required contribution was \$21,653 for 2020. Of this amount, \$2,433 is reported as due to other governments.

Plan Description - Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund (OP&F)

Plan Description - The City contributes to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F) sponsored healthcare program, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined post-employment health care plan administered by a third-party provider. This program is not guaranteed and is subject to change at any time upon action of the Board of Trustees. On January 1, 2019, OP&F implemented a new model for health care. Under this new model, OP&F provides eligible retirees with a fixed stipend earmarked to pay for health care and Medicare Part B reimbursements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

A retiree is eligible for the OP&F health care stipend unless they have access to any other group coverage including employer and retirement coverage. The eligibility of spouses and dependent children could increase the stipend amount. If the spouse or dependents have access to any other group coverage including employer or retirement coverage, they are not eligible for stipend support from OP&F. Even if an OP&F member or their dependents are not eligible for a stipend, they can use the services of the third-party administrator to select and enroll in a plan. The stipend provided by OP&F meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75.

The Ohio Revised Code allows, but does not mandate, OP&F to provide OPEB benefits. Authority for the OP&F Board of Trustees to provide health care coverage to eligible participants and to establish and amend benefits is codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code.

OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information for the plan. The report may be obtained by visiting the OP&F website at www.op-f.org or by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code provides for contribution requirements of the participating employers and of plan members to the OP&F defined benefit pension plan. Participating employers are required to contribute to the pension plan at rates expressed as percentages of the payroll of active pension plan members, currently 19.50% and 24.00% of covered payroll for police and fire employer units, respectively. The Ohio Revised Code states that the employer contribution may not exceed 19.50% of covered payroll for police employer units and 24.00% of covered payroll for fire employer units. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB Plan.

The Board of Trustees is authorized to allocate a portion of the total employer contributions for retiree health care benefits. For 2020, the portion of employer contributions allocated to health care was 0.50% of covered payroll. The amount of employer contributions allocated to the health care plan each year is subject to the Trustees' primary responsibility to ensure that pension benefits are adequately funded.

The OP&F Board of Trustees is also authorized to establish requirements for contributions to the health care plan by retirees and their eligible dependents or their surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected.

The City's contractually required contribution to OP&F was \$19,743 for 2020. Of this amount, \$2,456 is reported as due to other governments.

Net OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows or Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability and total OPEB liability for OPERS were determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2019, by incorporating the expected value of health care cost accruals, the actual health care payment, and interest accruals during the year. OP&F's total OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2019, and was determined by rolling forward the total OPEB liability as of January 1, 2019, to December 31, 2019. The City's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the City's share of contributions to the retirement plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

		OPERS		OP&F	Total
Proportion of the net OPEB liability					
prior measurement date	0	.03745200%	0	.15648300%	
Proportion of the net					
OPEB liability					
current measurement date	0	.03680100%	0	.17691640%	
Change in proportionate share	<u>-0</u>	.00065100%	0	.02043340%	
Proportionate share of the net					
OPEB liability	\$	5,083,174	\$	1,747,532	\$ 6,830,706
OPEB expense	\$	616,252	\$	208,838	\$ 825,090

At December 31, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	OPERS	OP&F		Total	
Deferred outflows					
of resources					
Differences between					
expected and					
actual experience	\$ 137	\$	-	\$	137
Changes of assumptions	804,612		1,021,675		1,826,287
Changes in employer's					
proportionate percentage/					
difference between					
employer contributions	44,604		220,233		264,837
Contributions					
subsequent to the					
measurement date	21,653		19,743		41,396
Total deferred					
outflows of resources	\$ 871,006	\$	1,261,651	\$	2,132,657

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

OPERS		OP&F		Total	
_		·			
\$ 464,882	\$	187,930	\$	652,812	
258,833		80,417		339,250	
-		372,425		372,425	
56,158		31,095		87,253	
\$ 779,873	\$	671,867	\$	1,451,740	
\$	\$ 464,882 258,833 -	\$ 464,882 \$ 258,833 -	\$ 464,882 \$ 187,930 258,833 80,417 - 372,425 56,158 31,095	\$ 464,882 \$ 187,930 \$ 258,833 80,417 - 372,425 56,158 31,095	

\$41,396 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending December 31, 2021.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	 OPERS		OP&F		Total	
Year Ending December 31:						
2021	\$ 134,866	\$	98,944	\$	233,810	
2022	45,009		98,944		143,953	
2023	206		115,436		115,642	
2024	(110,601)		89,433		(21,168)	
2025	_		100,122		100,122	
Thereafter			67,162		67,162	
Total	\$ 69,480	\$	570,041	\$	639,521	

Actuarial Assumptions - OPERS

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the values of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Projections of health care costs for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of coverage provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of costs between OPERS and plan members. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2019. The actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions applied to all prior periods included in the measurement in accordance with the requirements of GASB 74:

Wage Inflation	3.25%
Projected Salary Increases,	3.25 to 10.75%
including inflation	including wage inflation
Single Discount Rate:	
Current measurement date	3.16%
Prior Measurement date	3.96%
Investment Rate of Return	
Current measurement date	6.00%
Prior Measurement date	6.00%
Municipal Bond Rate	
Current measurement date	2.75%
Prior Measurement date	3.71%
Health Care Cost Trend Rate	
Current measurement date	10.50% initial,
	3.50% ultimate in 2030
Prior Measurement date	10.00%, initial
	3.25%, ultimate in 2029
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal

Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Employees mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the RP-2014 Disabled mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to all of the above described tables.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on health care investment assets was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

During 2019, OPERS managed investments in three investment portfolios: the Defined Benefit portfolio, the Health Care portfolio and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Health Care portfolio includes the assets for health care expenses for the Traditional Pension Plan, Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan eligible members. Within the Health Care portfolio, if any contribution are made into the plans, the contributions are assumed to be received continuously throughout the year based on the actual payroll payable at the time contributions are made. Health care-related payments are assumed to occur mid-year. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual money-weighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investment expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Health Care portfolio was 19.70% for 2019.

The allocation of investment assets within the Health Care portfolio is approved by the Board of Trustees as outlined in the annual investment plan. Assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of continuing to offer a sustainable health care program for current and future retirees. OPERS' primary goal is to achieve and maintain a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined pension plans. Health care is a discretionary benefit. The long-term expected rate of return on health care investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation.

For each major asset class that is included in the Health Care's portfolio's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2019, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

		Weighted Average Long-Term Expected
	Target	Real Rate of Return
Asset Class	Allocation	(Arithmetic)
Fixed Income	36.00 %	1.53 %
Domestic Equities	21.00	5.75
Real Estate Investment Trust	6.00	5.69
International Equities	23.00	7.66
Other investments	14.00	4.90
Total	100.00 %	4.55 %

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Discount Rate - A single discount rate of 3.16% was used to measure the OPEB liability on the measurement date of December 31, 2019. A single discount rate of 3.96% was used to measure the OPEB liability on the measurement date of December 31, 2018. Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present value using a single discount rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments (to the extent that the health care fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate are not met). This single discount rate was based on an expected rate of return on the health care investment portfolio of 6.00% and a municipal bond rate of 2.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the health care fiduciary net position and future contributions were sufficient to finance health care costs through 2034. As a result, the long-term expected rate of return on health care investments was applied to projected costs through the year 2034, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all health care costs after that date.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table presents the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the single discount rate of 3.16%, as well as what the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (2.16%) or one-percentage-point higher (4.16%) than the current rate:

Current

		Cullent				
	1%	6 Decrease	Dis	count Rate	19	% Increase
City's proportionate share		_		_		
of the net OPEB liability	\$	6,652,149	\$	5,083,174	\$	3,826,936

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate - Changes in the health care cost trend rate may also have a significant impact on the net OPEB liability. The following table presents the net OPEB liability calculated using the assumed trend rates, and the expected net OPEB liability if it were calculated using a health care cost trend rate that is 1.00% lower or 1.00% higher than the current rate.

Retiree health care valuations use a health care cost-trend assumption that changes over several years built into the assumption. The near-term rates reflect increases in the current cost of health care; the trend starting in 2020 is 10.50%. If this trend continues for future years, the projection indicates that years from now virtually all expenditures will be for health care. A more reasonable alternative is that in the not-too-distant future, the health plan cost trend will decrease to a level at, or near, wage inflation. On this basis, the actuaries project premium rate increases will continue to exceed wage inflation for approximately the next decade, but by less each year, until leveling off at an ultimate rate, assumed to be 3.50% in the most recent valuation.

	Current Health					
	Care Trend Rate					
	19⁄	6 Decrease	A	ssumption	19	6 Increase
City's proportionate share						
of the net OPEB liability	\$	4,933,174	\$	5,083,174	\$	5,231,262

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Changes between Measurement Date and Reporting Date

On January 15, 2020, the Board approved several changes to the health care plan offered to Medicare and pre-Medicare retirees in efforts to decrease costs and increase the solvency of the health care plan. These changes are effective January 1, 2022, and include changes to base allowances and eligibility for Medicare retirees, as well as replacing OPERS-sponsored medical plans for pre-Medicare retirees with monthly allowances, similar to the program for Medicare retirees. These changes are not reflected in the current year financial statements but are expected to decrease the associated OPEB liability.

Actuarial Assumptions - OP&F

OP&F's total OPEB liability as of December 31, 2019, is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of January 1, 2019, and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The total OPEB liability is determined by OP&F's actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual valuation. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, salary increases, disabilities, retirements and employment terminations. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results, are presented below.

Valuation Date January 1, 2019, with actuarial liabilities

rolled forward to December 31, 2019

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal
Investment Rate of Return 8.00%
Projected Salary Increases 3.75% to 10.50%
Payroll Growth 3.25%

Single discount rate:

Current measurement date 3.56% Prior measurement date 4.66%

Cost of Living Adjustments 3.00% simple; 2.20% simple for increases based on the lesser of the

increase in CPI and 3.00%

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Mortality for non-disabled participants is based on the RP-2014 Total Employee and Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, adjusted according to the rates in the following table, and projected with the Conduent Modified 2016 Improvement Scale. Rates for surviving beneficiaries are adjusted by 120%.

Age	Police	Fire
67 or less	77%	68%
68-77	105%	87%
78 and up	115%	120%

Mortality for disabled retirees is based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, adjusted according to the rates in the following table, and projected with the Conduent Modified 2016 Improvement Scale.

Age	Police	Fire
59 or less	35%	35%
60-69	60%	45%
70-79	75%	70%
80 and up	100%	90%

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in the Statement of Investment Policy. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expected. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

Best estimates of the long-term expected geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in OP&F's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2019, are summarized below:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return **
Cash and Cash Equivalents	- %	1.00 %
Domestic Equity	16.00	5.40
Non-US Equity	16.00	5.80
Private Markets	8.00	8.00
Core Fixed Income *	23.00	2.70
High Yield Fixed Income	7.00	4.70
Private Credit	5.00	5.50
U.S. Inflation		
Linked Bonds *	17.00	2.50
Master Limited Partnerships	8.00	6.60
Real Assets	8.00	7.40
Private Real Estate	12.00	6.40
Total	120.00 %	

Note: assumptions are geometric.

^{*} levered 2x

^{**} numbers include inflation

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

OP&F's Board of Trustees has incorporated the risk parity concept into OP&F's asset liability valuation with the goal of reducing equity risk exposure, which reduces overall Total Portfolio risk without sacrificing return, and creating a more risk-balanced portfolio based on their relationship between asset classes and economic environments. From the notional portfolio perspective above, the Total Portfolio may be levered up to 1.20 times due to the application of leverage in certain fixed income asset classes.

Discount Rate - For 2019, the total OPEB liability was calculated using the discount rate of 3.56%. For 2018, the total OPEB liability was calculated using the discount rate of 4.66%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contribution from employers and from members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the longer-term assumed investment rate of return of 8.00%. Based on those assumptions, OP&F's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, a municipal bond rate of 2.75% at December 31, 2019 and 4.13% at December 31, 2018, was blended with the long-term rate of 8.00%, which resulted in a blended discount rate of 3.56% for 2019 and 4.66% for 2018. The municipal bond rate was determined using the Bond Buyers General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rate. The OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected OPEB payments until 2034. The long-term expected rate of return on health care investments was applied to projected costs through 2034, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all health care costs after that date.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.56%, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.56%), or one percentage point higher (4.56%) than the current rate.

		Current							
	1%	Decrease	Discount Rate			1% Increase			
City's proportionate share						_			
of the net OPEB liability	\$	2,166,828	\$	1,747,532	\$	1,399,128			

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate - The total OPEB liability is based on a medical benefit that is a flat dollar amount; therefore, it is unaffected by a health care cost trend rate. An increase or decrease in the trend rate would have no effect on the total OPEB liability.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 16 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances.

The statements of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the general fund and for the police and fire fund are presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to assigned or committed fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis);
- (d) Advances-in and advances-out are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis);
- (e) Investments are reported at fair value (GAAP basis) rather than cost (budget basis); and,
- (f) Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis).

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements (as reported in the fund financial statements) to the budgetary basis statements for all governmental funds for which a budgetary basis statement is presented:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	General	Polic	e and Fire	
Budget basis	\$ 1,146,634	\$	481,126	
Net adjustment for revenue accruals	213,796		(13,101)	
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals	701,051		(97,489)	
Net adjustment for other sources/uses	(885,800)		-	
Funds budgeted elsewhere	(136,189)		-	
Adjustment for encumbrances	143,985		45,720	
GAAP basis	\$ 1,183,477	\$	416,256	

The unclaimed monies fund and health care trust fund are legally budgeted in a separate fund classification, but are considered part of the general fund on a GAAP basis.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 17 - LOANS RECEIVABLE

Loans receivable represent low interest loans made by the City for development projects and businesses under the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Program. A summary of the loans receivable activity is as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	1/1/2020	Additions	Deletions	12/31/2020
CDBG loans	\$ 732,441	\$ 90,000	\$ (304,309)	\$ 518,132

The loans receivable are reported in the nonmajor governmental funds. Fund balance has been restricted for the outstanding balance due at year end.

NOTE 18 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The City received financial assistance from federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the City at December 31, 2020.

B. Litigation

At December 31, 2020, the City is party to legal proceedings. The amount of the liability, if any, cannot be reasonably estimated at this time. However, in the opinion of the City's management, any such claims and lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the City at December 31, 2020.

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 19 - CONTRACTUAL COMMITMENTS

At December 31, 2020, the City had the following outstanding contractual commitments:

Vendor	Contract Amount	An	nount Paid	Amount Outstanding		
Mannik & Smith Group	\$ 338,776	\$	303,141	\$ 35,635		
Treasurer of State of Ohio	114,637		2,252	112,385		
TOMCO2 Equipment Co.	217,605		65,282	152,323		
Mannik & Smith Group, Inc	55,296		29,448	25,848		
Sand Ridge Excavating, Inc.	7,000		4,500	2,500		
Orr, James D.	9,750		3,104	6,646		
Hoff Consulting Services, LLC	7,500		2,813	4,687		
Burgess & Niple, Inc.	199,850		198,905	945		
Vernon Nagel, Inc.	1,741,488		1,523,267	218,221		
Jones & Henry Engineers, Ltd.	249,000		203,540	45,460		
Stantec Consulting Services, Inc.	 862,550		488,402	 374,148		
Total contractual commitments	\$ 3,803,452	\$	2,824,654	\$ 978,798		

NOTE 20 - OTHER COMMITMENTS

The City utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the City's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Year End				
<u>Fund</u>	Encu	umbrances			
General	\$	14,599			
Capital improvements		323,170			
Nonmajor governmental funds		175,174			
Total	\$	512,943			

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 21 - FUND BALANCE

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of resources in the governmental funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all nonmajor governmental funds are presented below:

, ,	Police						Nonmajor Total			
				and		Capital	Gov	ernmental	Go	vernmental
Fund Balance	Ge	neral		Fire	Im	provements		Funds		Funds
Nonspendable:										
Materials and supplies inventory	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	57,094	\$	57,094
Unclaimed monies		16,132		_		<u>-</u>				16,132
Total nonspendable		16,132		_		_		57,094		73,226
Restricted:										
Debt service		-		-		-		636,944		636,944
Capital projects		-		-		-		16,615		16,615
Street construction, maintenance & repair		-		-		-		540,396		540,396
Police and fire pension		-		-		-		56,032		56,032
Court programs		-		-		-		389,475		389,475
Community development programs		-		-		-		34,824		34,824
Probation programs		-		-		-		187,739		187,739
Police and fire programs		-		685,193		-		126,295		811,488
Revolving loan program		-		-		-		1,165,529		1,165,529
Museum trust		-		-		-		663,389		663,389
Covid-19 purposes		-		-		-		45,600		45,600
Other purposes				_	_			1,031,060		1,031,060
Total restricted				685,193				4,893,898		5,579,091
Committed:										
Capital projects		-		-		2,146,431		-		2,146,431
Other purposes					_			5,061		5,061
Total committed						2,146,431		5,061		2,151,492
Assigned:										
Subsequent year appropriations		609,075		_		_		_		609,075
Debt Service		-		_		_		2		2
Health Care Trust		312,121		_		_		_		312,121
Other purposes		14,599		_		<u>-</u>				14,599
Total assigned		935,795		_				2		935,797
Unassigned	4,	713,906		_	_	_				4,713,906
Total fund balances	\$ 5,	665,833	\$	685,193	\$	2,146,431	\$	4,956,055	\$	13,453,512

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 22 - TAX ABATEMENTS

The City was part of multiple Enterprise Zone (EZ) tax abatement agreements with local businesses. Enterprise zones are designated areas of land in which businesses can receive tax incentives in the form of tax exemptions on eligible new investment. The Enterprise Zone Program provides tax exemptions for a portion of the value of new real property when the investment is made in conjunction with a project that includes job creation or job retention. These tax abatements reduce assessed value by a percentage agreed upon by all parties that authorize these types of agreements. Taxes can be abated up to 100% for up to 12 years. A majority of the City's abatements are for 10 years or less and are 70-75% abated. The total assessed value of real property subject to exemption for 2020 was \$8,089,370. The total value of taxes abated for 2020 was \$24,268.

NOTE 23 - COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the City. The City's investment portfolio and the pension and other employee benefits plan in which the City participate fluctuates with market conditions, and due to market volatility, the amount of gains or losses that will be realized in subsequent periods, if any, cannot be determined. In addition, the impact on the City's future operating costs, revenues, and additional recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.



SCHEDULES OF THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY/NET PENSION ASSET OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (OPERS)

LAST SEVEN YEARS

	2020	 2019	2018	 2017
Traditional Plan:		 	 	
City's proportion of the net pension liability	0.034490%	0.035258%	0.034730%	0.033093%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 6,817,182	\$ 9,656,450	\$ 5,448,464	\$ 7,514,858
City's covered payroll	\$ 4,918,264	\$ 4,746,564	\$ 4,650,831	\$ 4,316,075
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	138.61%	203.44%	117.15%	174.11%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	82.17%	74.70%	84.66%	77.25%
Combined Plan:				
City's proportion of the net pension asset	0.036882%	0.032406%	0.032495%	0.051442%
City's proportionate share of the net pension asset	\$ 76,908	\$ 36,237	\$ 44,236	\$ 28,631
City's covered payroll	\$ 164,179	\$ 138,600	\$ 133,085	\$ 200,242
City's proportionate share of the net pension asset as a percentage of its covered payroll	46.84%	26.15%	33.24%	14.30%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension asset	145.28%	126.64%	137.28%	116.55%
Member Directed Plan:				
City's proportion of the net pension asset	0.091341%	0.092982%	0.090880%	0.092801%
City's proportionate share of the net pension asset	\$ 3,453	\$ 2,119	\$ 3,172	\$ 387
City's covered payroll	\$ 542,960	\$ 531,520	\$ 498,100	\$ 381,383
City's proportionate share of the net pension asset as a percentage of its covered payroll	0.64%	0.40%	0.64%	0.10%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension asset	118.84%	113.42%	124.45%	103.40%

Note: Information prior to 2014 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the City's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

 2016	 2015	2014		
0.032196%	0.032678%		0.032678%	
\$ 5,576,753	\$ 3,941,332	\$	3,852,309	
\$ 4,056,008	\$ 3,871,183	\$	3,809,092	
137.49%	101.81%		101.13%	
81.08%	86.45%		86.36%	
0.057060%	0.054957%		0.054957%	
\$ 27,767	\$ 21,160	\$	5,767	
\$ 193,458	\$ 200,892	\$	173,162	
14.35%	10.53%		3.33%	
116.90%	114.83%		104.56%	
0.088535%	n/a		n/a	
\$ 338	n/a		n/a	
\$ 493,075	n/a		n/a	
0.07%	n/a		n/a	
103.91%	n/a		n/a	

SCHEDULES OF THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY OHIO POLICE AND FIRE (OP&F) PENSION FUND

LAST SEVEN YEARS

	2020			2019		2018		2017	
City's proportion of the net pension liability	0.17691640%		0.15648300%		0.15382600%		0.15463300%		
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	11,918,034	\$	12,773,148	\$	9,440,974	\$	9,794,294	
City's covered payroll	\$	4,305,269	\$	3,553,488	\$	3,400,922	\$	3,380,349	
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		276.82%		359.45%		277.60%		289.74%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		69.89%		63.07%		70.91%		68.36%	

Note: Information prior to 2014 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the City's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

 2016		2015	2014				
0.15285400%	().14738390%	0.14738390				
\$ 9,833,171	\$	7,635,101	\$	7,178,059			
\$ 3,147,448	\$	2,851,291	\$	2,710,020			
312.42%		267.78%		264.87%			
66.77%		72.20%		73.00%			

SCHEDULES OF THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CITY PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (OPERS)

LAST TEN YEARS

	2020	2019	2018	2017
Traditional Plan:	 	 	 	
Contractually required contribution	\$ 668,309	\$ 688,557	\$ 664,519	\$ 604,608
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (668,309)	 (688,557)	(664,519)	 (604,608)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
City's covered payroll	\$ 4,773,636	\$ 4,918,264	\$ 4,746,564	\$ 4,650,831
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	13.00%
Combined Plan:				
Contractually required contribution	\$ 24,951	\$ 22,985	\$ 19,404	\$ 17,301
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (24,951)	 (22,985)	 (19,404)	 (17,301)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
City's covered payroll	\$ 178,221	\$ 164,179	\$ 138,600	\$ 133,085
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	13.00%
Member Directed Plan:				
Contractually required contribution	\$ 54,131	\$ 54,296	\$ 53,152	\$ 49,810
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (54,131)	 (54,296)	(53,152)	 (49,810)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
City's covered payroll	\$ 541,310	\$ 542,960	\$ 531,520	\$ 498,100
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	10.00%	10.00%	10.00%	10.00%

Note: Information prior to 2015 for the City's member directed plan was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013	 2012	 2011
\$ 517,929	\$ 486,721	\$ 464,542	\$ 495,182	\$ 379,087	\$ 405,857
 (517,929)	 (486,721)	 (464,542)	 (495,182)	 (379,087)	 (405,857)
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ _
\$ 4,316,075	\$ 4,056,008	\$ 3,871,183	\$ 3,809,092	\$ 3,790,870	\$ 4,058,570
12.00%	12.00%	12.00%	13.00%	10.00%	10.00%
\$ 24,029	\$ 23,215	\$ 24,107	\$ 22,511	\$ 13,518	\$ 13,546
(24,029)	(23,215)	(24,107)	(22,511)	(13,518)	(13,546)
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
\$ 200,242	\$ 193,458	\$ 200,892	\$ 173,162	\$ 170,038	\$ 170,390
12.00%	12.00%	12.00%	13.00%	7.95%	7.95%
\$ 45,766	\$ 59,169				
 (45,766)	 (59,169)				
\$ <u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>				
\$ 381,383	\$ 493,075				
12.00%	12.00%				

SCHEDULES OF THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CITY PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS OHIO POLICE AND FIRE (OP&F) PENSION FUND

LAST TEN YEARS

Police:	2020		 2019	2018		2017	
rouce.							
Contractually required contribution	\$	403,773	\$ 413,167	\$	374,164	\$	357,329
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(403,773)	(413,167)		(374,164)		(357,329)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$ 	\$		\$	
City's covered payroll	\$	2,125,121	\$ 2,174,563	\$	1,969,284	\$	1,880,679
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		19.00%	19.00%		19.00%		19.00%
Fire:							
Contractually required contribution	\$	428,502	\$ 500,716	\$	372,288	\$	357,257
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(428,502)	 (500,716)		(372,288)		(357,257)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$ 	\$		\$	
City's covered payroll	\$	1,823,413	\$ 2,130,706	\$	1,584,204	\$	1,520,243
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		23.50%	23.50%		23.50%		23.50%

2016	2015	2014	2013		2012		2011	
\$ 356,195	\$ 326,523	\$ 304,580	\$ 253,276	\$	200,811	\$	210,059	
 (356,195)	 (326,523)	 (304,580)	 (253,276)		(200,811)		(210,059)	
\$ _	\$ _	\$ _	\$ _	\$		\$		
\$ 1,874,711	\$ 1,718,542	\$ 1,603,053	\$ 1,594,602	\$	1,574,988	\$	1,647,522	
19.00%	19.00%	19.00%	15.88%		12.75%		12.75%	
\$ 353,825	\$ 335,793	\$ 293,336	\$ 227,254	\$	200,587	\$	215,516	
(353,825)	 (335,793)	 (293,336)	 (227,254)		(200,587)		(215,516)	
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$		
\$ 1,505,638	\$ 1,428,906	\$ 1,248,238	\$ 1,114,901	\$	1,162,823	\$	1,249,368	
23.50%	23.50%	23.50%	20.38%		17.25%		17.25%	

SCHEDULES OF THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (OPERS)

LAST FOUR YEARS

	2020	 2019	 2018	 2017
City's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.036801%	0.037452%	0.036860%	0.035763%
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 5,083,174	\$ 4,882,857	\$ 4,002,723	\$ 3,612,247
City's covered payroll	\$ 5,625,403	\$ 5,416,684	\$ 5,282,016	\$ 4,897,700
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	90.36%	90.14%	75.78%	73.75%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	47.80%	46.33%	54.14%	54.05%

Note: Information prior to 2017 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the City's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

SCHEDULES OF THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY OHIO POLICE AND FIRE (OP&F) PENSION FUND

LAST FOUR YEARS

		2020		2019		2018		2017
City's proportion of the net OPEB liability	().17691640%	C	0.15648300%	().15826000%	(0.15463300%
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	1,747,532	\$	1,425,018	\$	8,715,549	\$	7,340,081
City's covered payroll	\$	4,305,269	\$	3,553,488	\$	3,400,922	\$	3,380,349
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		40.59%		40.10%		256.27%		217.14%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		47.08%		46.57%		14.13%		15.96%

Note: Information prior to 2017 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the City's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

SCHEDULES OF THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CITY OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (OPERS)

LAST TEN YEARS

	 2020 2019		 2018	2017		
Contractually required contribution	\$ 21,653	\$	21,718	\$ 21,260	\$	67,763
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (21,653)		(21,718)	 (21,260)		(67,763)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$	
City's covered payroll	\$ 5,493,167	\$	5,625,403	\$ 5,416,684	\$	5,282,016
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.39%		0.39%	0.39%		1.28%

_	2016	 2015	 2014	2013		2012		 2011	
\$	112,005	\$ 84,989	\$ 84,007	\$	39,823	\$	161,922	\$ 172,651	
	(112,005)	 (84,989)	 (84,007)		(39,823)		(161,922)	 (172,651)	
\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$		\$ 	
\$	4,897,700	\$ 4,742,541	\$ 4,072,075	\$	3,982,254	\$	3,960,908	\$ 4,228,960	
	2.29%	1.79%	2.06%		1.00%		4.09%	4.08%	

SCHEDULES OF THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CITY OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS OHIO POLICE AND FIRE (OP&F) PENSION FUND

LAST TEN YEARS

Police:	 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017
rouce.				
Contractually required contribution	\$ 10,626	\$ 10,873	\$ 9,846	\$ 9,403
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (10,626)	 (10,873)	 (9,846)	 (9,403)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
City's covered payroll	\$ 2,125,121	\$ 2,174,563	\$ 1,969,284	\$ 1,880,679
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%
Fire:				
Contractually required contribution	\$ 9,117	\$ 10,654	\$ 7,921	\$ 7,601
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (9,117)	 (10,654)	 (7,921)	 (7,601)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ _	\$ 	\$
City's covered payroll	\$ 1,823,413	\$ 2,130,706	\$ 1,584,204	\$ 1,520,243
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%

2016	2015	2014	2013		2012		2011	
\$ 9,374	\$ 8,825	\$ 8,427	\$ 52,900	\$	106,312	\$	111,208	
 (9,374)	 (8,825)	 (8,427)	 (52,900)		(106,312)		(111,208)	
\$ _	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$		\$	_	
\$ 1,874,711	\$ 1,718,542	\$ 1,603,053	\$ 1,594,602	\$	1,574,988	\$	1,647,522	
0.50%	0.50%	0.53%	3.32%		6.75%		6.75%	
\$ 7,528	\$ 7,145	\$ 6,432	\$ 37,212	\$	78,490	\$	84,333	
 (7,528)	(7,145)	(6,432)	(37,212)		(78,490)		(84,333)	
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$		
\$ 1,505,638	\$ 1,428,906	\$ 1,248,238	\$ 1,114,901	\$	1,162,823	\$	1,249,368	
0.50%	0.50%	0.52%	3.34%		6.75%		6.75%	

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

PENSION

OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (OPERS)

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2014-2020.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for 2014-2016. For 2017, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) reduction in the actuarially assumed rate of return from 8.00% down to 7.50%, (b) for defined benefit investments, decreasing the wage inflation from 3.75% to 3.25% and (c) changing the future salary increases from a range of 4.25%-10.05% to 3.25%-10.75%. There were no changes in assumptions for 2018. For 2019, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the assumed rate of return and discount rate were reduced from 7.50% down to 7.20%. There were no changes in assumptions for 2020.

OHIO POLICE AND FIRE (OP&F) PENSION FUND

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2014-2020.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for 2014-2017. For 2018, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total pension since the prior measurement date: (a) reduction in the actuarially assumed rate of return from 8.50% down to 8.00%, (b) changing the future salary increases from a range of 4.25%-11.00% to 3.75%-10.50%, (c) reduction in payroll increases from 3.75% down to 3.25%, (d) reduction in inflation assumptions from 3.25% down to 2.75% and (e) Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA) were reduced from 2.60% and 3.00% simple to 2.20% and 3.00% simple. There were no changes in assumptions for 2019-2020.

(Continued)

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (OPERS)

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2017-2020.

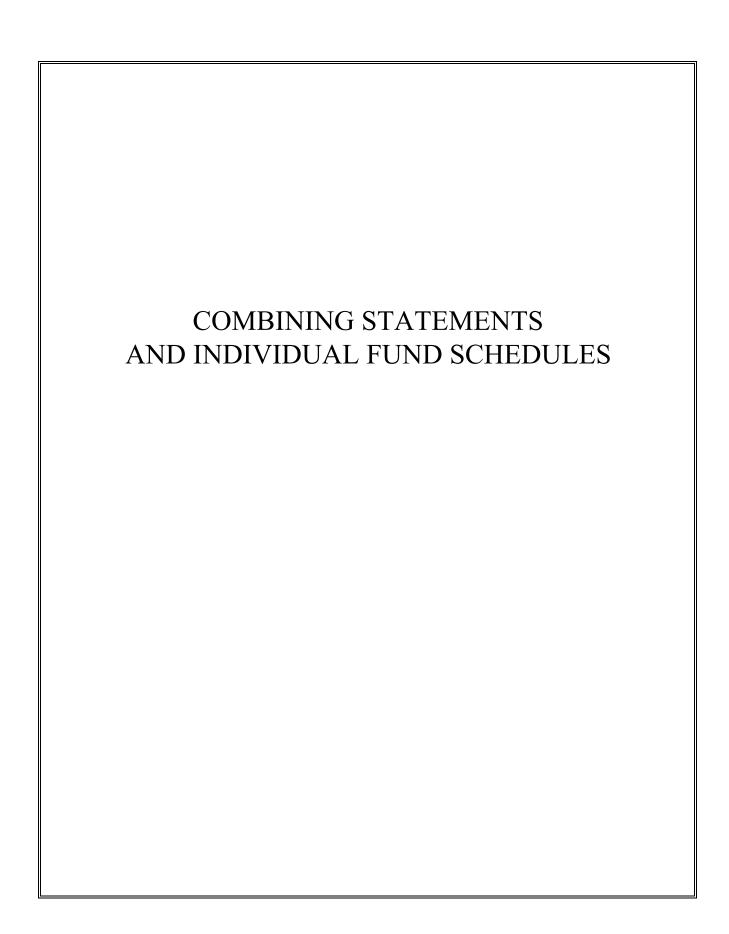
Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for 2017. For 2018, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) reduction in the actuarially assumed rate of return from 4.23% down to 3.85%. For 2019, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from 3.85% up to 3.96%, (b) The investment rate of return was decreased from 6.50% percent down to 6.00%, (c) the municipal bond rate was increased from 3.31% up to 3.71% and (d) the health care cost trend rate was increased from 7.50%, initial/3.25%, ultimate in 2028 up to 10.00%, initial/3.25% ultimate in 2029. For 2020, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was decreased from 3.96% up to 3.16%, (b) the municipal bond rate was decreased from 3.71% up to 2.75% and (c) the health care cost trend rate was increased from 10.00%, initial/3.25%, ultimate in 2029 up to 10.50%, initial/3.50% ultimate in 2030.

OHIO POLICE AND FIRE (OP&F) PENSION FUND

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2017-2018. For 2019, OP&F changed its retiree health care model from a self-insured health care plan to a stipend-based health care model. There were no changes in benefit terms for 2020.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for 2017. For 2018, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) DROP interest rate was reduced from 4.50% to 4.00%, (b) CPI-based COLA was reduced from 2.60% to 2.20%, (c) investment rate of return was reduced from 8.25% to 8.00%, (d) salary increases were reduced from 3.75% to 3.25% and (e) payroll growth was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%. For 2019, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from 3.24% up to 4.66%. For 2020, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was decreased from 4.66% down to 3.56%.

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FUND DESCRIPTIONS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

GENERAL FUND

The general fund accounts for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the City for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the charter of the City and/or the general laws of Ohio.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for all specific financial resources (other than debt service and capital projects) that are legally committed or restricted for specified expenditure purposes. Following is a description of the City's special revenue funds:

Major Special Revenue Fund

Police and Fire Fund

This fund accounts for and reports financial resources resulting from the City's additional 0.3% income tax levy that are restricted for use in the operations of the police and fire departments.

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

State Highway Improvements Fund

This fund accounts for the portion of the State gasoline tax and motor vehicle registration fees designated for maintenance of state highways within the City.

Permissive Tax Fund

This fund accounts for local vehicle license fees designated for the maintenance of streets within the City.

Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund

This fund accounts for the portion of State gasoline tax and motor vehicle registration fees designated for the maintenance of the streets within the City.

Indigent Drivers Fund

This fund accounts for revenues generated from fines imposed by the municipal court for DUI arrests to be used for DUI enforcement training for police officers and other traffic safety programs.

Municipal Probation Services Fund

This fund accounts for fees collected from convicted offenders placed on probation and used to support the operations of the probation department.

Probation Grant Fund

This fund accounts for State grant monies that support the operations of the probation department.

Court Computerization Fund

This fund accounts for monies received for specific court costs that are designated for funding the acquisition and maintenance of computerized equipment or software for courts.

Tree of Life Fund

This fund accounts for monies donated to pay for the planting of trees, shrubs, flowers, etc. on public lands and right-of-ways within the City.

Special Project Fund

This fund accounts for monies received for specific court costs that are designated for various statutorily authorized purposes.

OVI Special Project Fund

This fund accounts for fines and court costs levied against those convicted of driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs and used exclusively for statutorily authorized purposes.

FUND DESCRIPTIONS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds (Continued)

Cable TV - Franchise Fund

This fund accounts for franchise fees collected from local cable television operators and used to support the Defiance Community Cultural Council, whose purpose, among other things, is to record and televise City Council meetings.

Housing Rehabilitation Grant Fund

This fund accounts for monies received from the Community Development Housing Rehabilitation Grant.

Revolving Loan - Industrial Fund

This fund accounts for monies received as development grants that become loans to a qualified industry for the purpose of economic development. As the initial loans are repaid, the money is perpetually "re-loaned" to stimulate growth in the community.

Peace Officer Training Fund

To account for monies received from the State as reimbursement to the police department for qualified training expenses.

Reservoir Enhancement Fund

This fund accounts for monies donated for the purpose of funding projects and enhancements for recreational purposes on the reservoir grounds.

Riverside Cemetery Enhancement Fund

This fund accounts for monies donated for the purpose of funding maintenance and enhancement projects at the municipal cemetery.

Hotel/Motel Tax Fund

This fund accounts for proceeds of the City's transient guest tax, half of which is used to fund the Downtown Defiance Visitors' Bureau, and half of which is used for discretionary municipal purposes.

Museum Trust Fund

This fund accounts for donations received and expenditures incurred in the operation of the City's museum.

Cemetery Trust Fund

This fund accounts for monies received from the sale of cemetery lots, burial permits, and general funds for burial services and upkeep of the City's cemetery.

Police Pension Fund

This fund accounts for property taxes levied and other monies received for the payment of the accrued liability for police disability and pension benefits.

Fire Pension Fund

This fund accounts for property taxes levied and other monies received for the payment of the accrued liability for fire disability and pension benefits.

Law Enforcement Trust Fund

This fund accounts for monies donated to the police department for discretionary equipment and training needs.

East Side Firehouse Fund

This fund accounts for monies donated to restore and maintain the historic East Side Firehouse.

Fire and Rescue Trust Fund

This fund accounts for monies donated to the fire department for the purpose of providing equipment and training related to the City's fire and rescue services.

FUND DESCRIPTIONS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds (Continued)

Fire Damage Repair Fund

This fund accounts for monies received from property insurance providers on behalf of private property owners and held in escrow pending the demolition or reclamation of residential properties damaged by fire.

Park and Recreation Trust Fund

This fund accounts for monies donated for equipment and improvements to enhance the City's parks and recreation programs.

Probation Incentive Grant

This fund accounts for monies received from the Ohio Department of Rehabiliation and Correction for the purpose of adopting and administering evidence-based programs, policies, projects or other practices to reduce the number of offenders on community control who violate the conditions of their supervision and are incarcerated.

Local Coronavirus Relief Fund

This fund accounts for monies related to spending on activities to help mitigate the impact of Covid-19 on the City.

The following fund is included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but has a separate legally adopted budget (budget basis):

Unclaimed Monies Fund

This fund accounts for uncashed checks issued by the City.

Health Care Trust Fund

This fund accounts for the costs of medical benefits provided to the City's employees.

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

Debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources and the payments of principal, interest, and costs related to bond retirement and other debt obligations. Following is a description of the City's debt service funds:

Nonmajor Debt Service Fund

Bond Retirement Fund

This fund accounts for the resources received from special assessments that are restricted for the payment of principal, interest, and other fiscal charges on governmental OWDA loans.

Commerce Drive Fund

This fund accounts for monies received in connection with tax increment financing agreements to pay for land acquisition on East Commerce Drive.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital projects funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by the proprietary fund types. Following is a description of the City's capital projects funds:

Major Capital Projects Fund

Capital Improvements Fund

This fund accounts for resources used to purchase equipment and construct capital assets.

Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds

Splash Pad Trust Fund

This fund accounts for donations made to the City that are restricted for the construction of a splash pad.

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SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

GENERAL FUND

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Income taxes	\$ 7,203,082	\$ 7,226,853	\$ 6,980,033	\$ (246,820)
Property and other local taxes	604,555	606,550	590,362	(16,188)
Charges for services	722,461	724,845	717,084	(7,761)
Licenses, permits and fees	103,459	103,800	86,697	(17,103)
Fines and forfeitures	411,761	413,120	282,612	(130,508)
Intergovernmental	457,800	459,311	460,816	1,505
Investment income	153,493	154,000	123,223	(30,777)
Rental Income	3,239	3,250	2,000	(1,250)
Donations	-	-	2,500	2,500
Other	98,525	98,850	842,623	743,773
Total revenues	9,758,375	9,790,579	10,087,950	297,371
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General Government:				
City Council:				
Salaries and wages	96,751	98,600	90,105	8,495
Operating	36,431	37,127	33,928	3,199
Total city council	133,182	135,727	124,033	11,694
Municipal Court:				
Salaries and wages	870,920	887,565	811,093	76,472
Operating	52,811	53,820	49,183	4,637
Total municipal court	923,731	941,385	860,276	81,109
County Law Library:				
Operating	34,368	35,025	32,007	3,018
Total county law library	34,368	35,025	32,007	3,018
Mayor:				
Salaries and wages	174,819	178,160	162,810	15,350
Operating	9,066	9,239	8,443	796
Total mayor	183,885	187,399	171,253	16,146
City Administrator:				
Salaries and wages	157,422	160,431	146,608	13,823
Operating	28,052	28,588	26,125	2,463
Total city administrator	185,474	189,019	172,733	16,286
Finance Department:				
Salaries and wages	458,209	466,967	426,733	40,234
Operating	105,285	107,298	98,053	9,245
Total finance department	563,494	574,265	524,786	49,479
County and State Charges:				
Operating	67,168	68,452	62,554	5,898
Total county and state charges	67,168	68,452	62,554	5,898
Law Department:				
Salaries and wages	357,663	364,499	333,094	31,405
Operating	9,521	9,703	8,867	836
Total law department	367,184	374,202	341,961	32,241
	207,101	371,202	311,501	32,2 11

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Budgeted	I Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Civil Service:	Ф. 0.700	Φ 0.005	Φ 0.042	Ф 052
Salaries and wages	\$ 9,709 5,884	\$ 9,895 5,997	\$ 9,042 5,480	\$ 853 517
Total civil service	15,593	15,892	14,522	1,370
Land and Buildings:				
Salaries and wages	164,422	167,564	153,127	14,437
Operating	474,120	483,182	441,551	41,631
Total land and buildings	638,542	650,746	594,678	56,068
Insurance Pool:				
Operating	183,068	186,568	170,493	16,075
Total insurance pool	183,068	186,568	170,493	16,075
Income Tax Collection and Distribution:				
Salaries and wages	102,002	103,951	94,995	8,956
Operating	408,733	416,545	380,656	35,889
Total income tax collection and distribution	510,735	520,496	475,651	44,845
Total General Government	3,806,424	3,879,176	3,544,947	334,229
Public Health and Welfare:				· ·
Cemetery:				
Salaries and wages	270,200	275,364	188,318	87,046
Operating	131,554	134,069	91,688	42,381
Total cemetery	401,754	409,433	280,006	129,427
Total Public Health and Welfare	401,754	409,433	280,006	129,427
Community Environment:				
Building Inspection:				
Salaries and wages	130,709	133,207	111,133	22,074
Operating	23,865	24,322	20,291	4,031
Total building inspection	154,574	157,529	131,424	26,105
Engineering:				
Salaries and wages	738,121	752,228	627,573	124,655
Operating	80,197	81,730	68,186	13,544
Total engineering	818,318	833,958	695,759	138,199
Total Community Environment	972,892	991,487	827,183	164,304
Leisure Time Activity:				
Parks and Recreation:				
Salaries and wages	485,496	494,775	350,767	144,008
Operating	316,018	322,058	228,321	93,737
Total parks and recreation	801,514	816,833	579,088	237,745
Total Leisure Time Activity	801,514	816,833	579,088	237,745

- - Continued

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED)

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)		
Economic Development: Development Department:						
Operating	\$ 131,171	\$ 133,678	\$ 131,622	\$ 2,056		
Total development department	131,171	133,678	131,622	2,056		
Total Economic Development	131,171	133,678	131,622	2,056		
Total expenditures	6,113,755	6,230,607	5,362,846	867,761		
Excess of revenues over expenditures	3,644,620	3,559,972	4,725,104	1,165,132		
Other financing sources (uses):						
Sale of capital assets	9,967	10,000	105,250	95,250		
Transfers in	882,886	885,800	885,800	-		
Transfers (out)	(4,808,159)	(4,900,057)	(4,569,520)	330,537		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(3,915,306)	(4,004,257)	(3,578,470)	425,787		
Net change in fund balances	(270,686)	(444,285)	1,146,634	1,590,919		
Fund balances at beginning of year	3,067,506	3,067,506	3,067,506	-		
Prior year encumbrances appropriated .	109,661	109,661	109,661			
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 2,906,481	\$ 2,732,882	\$ 4,323,801	\$ 1,590,919		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

POLICE AND FIRE FUND

		Budgeted	Amo	ints		Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive	
	Original			Final		Actual		Negative)
Revenues:								
Income taxes	\$	1,821,593	\$	1,822,861	\$	1,752,895	\$	(69,966)
Intergovernmental		380,119		380,384		307,424		(72,960)
Total revenues		2,201,712		2,203,245		2,060,319		(142,926)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Security of Persons and Property:								
Police:								
Salaries and wages		3,730,256		3,174,348		3,027,379		146,969
Operating		341,066		398,233		276,800		121,433
Total police		4,071,322		3,572,581		3,304,179		268,402
Fire:								
Salaries and wages		2,231,962		2,749,250		1,811,403		937,847
Operating		324,814		345,802		263,611		82,191
Total fire		2,556,776		3,095,052		2,075,014		1,020,038
Total expenditures		6,628,098		6,667,633		5,379,193		1,288,440
Excess of expenditures over revenues		(4,426,386)		(4,464,388)		(3,318,874)		1,145,514
Other financing sources:								
Transfers in		4,097,149		4,100,000		3,800,000		(300,000)
Total other financing sources		4,097,149		4,100,000		3,800,000		(300,000)
Town outer immining sources vivivivivi		.,057,11.5	-	.,100,000		2,000,000		(200,000)
Net change in fund balances		(329,237)		(364,388)		481,126		845,514
Fund balances at beginning of year		284,971		284,971		284,971		_
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		45,263		45,263		45,263		
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$	997	\$	(34,154)	\$	811,360	\$	845,514

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS FUND

	Budgeted	1 Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Original Final		Actual	Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:				<u> </u>		
Income taxes	\$ 1,822,861	\$ 1,822,861	\$ 1,752,895	\$ (69,966)		
Intergovernmental	2,378,265	2,378,265	1,979,938	(398,327)		
Donations	50,000	50,000	86,136	36,136		
Other			19,896	19,896		
Total revenues	4,251,126	4,251,126	3,838,865	(412,261)		
Expenditures: Current:						
Capital Outlay:						
Operating	4,419,132	4,419,132	3,957,182	461,950		
Total capital outlay	4,419,132	4,419,132	3,957,182	461,950		
•						
Debt Service:						
Principal retirement	79,000	79,000	79,000	-		
Bond issuance cost	26,970	26,970	26,969	1		
Interest and fiscal charges	55,044	55,044	54,217	827		
Total debt service	161,014	161,014	160,186	828		
Total expenditures	4,580,146	4,580,146	4,117,368	462,778		
Excess of expenditures						
over revenues	(329,020)	(329,020)	(278,503)	50,517		
Other financing sources (uses):						
Sale of assets	-	-	79,961	79,961		
Bonds issuance	-	-	1,029,971	1,029,971		
Transfers out	(169,200)	(169,200)	(169,200)			
Total other financing sources (uses)	(169,200)	(169,200)	940,732	1,109,932		
Net change in fund balances	(498,220)	(498,220)	662,229	1,160,449		
Fund balances at beginning of year	553,557	553,557	553,557	_		
Prior year encumbrances appropriated .	431,663	431,663	431,663	-		
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 487,000	\$ 487,000	\$ 1,647,449	\$ 1,160,449		

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2020

		Nonmajor cial Revenue Funds		Nonmajor ebt Service Funds		onmajor tal Projects Fund		al Nonmajor overnmental Funds
Assets:								
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,911,385	\$	636,946	\$	16,615	\$	3,564,946
Cash in segregated accounts		654,969		-		-		654,969
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):		4.700						4.720
Income taxes		4,728		-		-		4,728
Property and other local taxes		234,681		-		-		234,681
Accounts		69,643		-		-		69,643
Loans receivable		518,132		-		-		518,132
Special assessments		-		106,109		-		106,109
Accrued interest		3,960		-		-		3,960
Due from other governments		565,434		-		-		565,434
Materials and supplies inventory		57,094	_				_	57,094
Total assets		5,020,026	\$	743,055	\$	16,615	\$	5,779,696
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	56,213	\$	-	\$	-	\$	56,213
Accrued wages and benefits payable		17,200		-		-		17,200
Due to other governments		34,780		-		-		34,780
Total liabilities		108,193		-		-		108,193
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Property taxes levied for the next year		183,400		-		-		183,400
Accrued interest not available		1,829		-		-		1,829
Special assessments revenue not available		_		106,109		-		106,109
Miscellaneous revenue not available		52,257		· -		-		52,257
Income tax revenue not available		1,775		-		-		1,775
Intergovernmental revenue not available		370,078		-		-		370,078
Total deferred inflows of resources		609,339	-	106,109		-		715,448
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable		57,094		_		_		57,094
Restricted		4,240,339		636,944		16,615		4,893,898
Committed		5,061		-		10,015		5,061
Assigned		5,001		2		-		2,001
Total fund balances.	-	4,302,494	-	636,946		16,615	-	4,956,055
Total fand balances		1,502,77	-	030,740		10,013		1,750,055
Total liabilities, deferred inflows	¢	5.020.026	¢	742.055	¢	16 615	¢	5 770 606
of resources and fund balances	<u> </u>	5,020,026	\$	743,055	\$	16,615	\$	5,779,696

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Revenues:					
Income taxes	\$ 29,129	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 29,129	
Property and other local taxes	453,367	-	-	453,367	
Licenses, permits and fees	206,714	-	-	206,714	
Fines and forfeitures	210,793	-	-	210,793	
Intergovernmental	2,858,099	-	-	2,858,099	
Special assessments	-	118,686	-	118,686	
Investment income	32,405	-	-	32,405	
Donations	57,011	-	40,000	97,011	
Increase in fair value of investments	67,206	-	-	67,206	
Other	136,239	-	-	136,239	
Total revenues	4,050,963	118,686	40,000	4,209,649	
Expenditures: Current:					
General government	565,482	2,401	_	567,883	
Security of persons and property	1,935,079	2,101	_	1,935,079	
Public health and welfare	237,444	_	_	237,444	
Transportation	1,099,409	_	_	1,099,409	
Leisure time activity	132	_	_	132	
Economic development	222,067	_	_	222,067	
Capital outlay	138,087			138,087	
Debt service:	130,007	_	_	130,007	
Principal retirement	199,000	229,089	177,000	605,089	
Interest and fiscal charges	12,264	51,989	21,126	85,379	
Bond issuance costs	62,341			62,341	
Total expenditures	4,471,305	283,479	198,126	4,952,910	
Excess of expenditures over revenues	(420,342)	(164,793)	(158,126)	(743,261)	
Other financing sources (uses):					
Bond issuance	2,560,000	-	-	2,560,000	
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	(2,546,709)	-	-	(2,546,709)	
Premium on bond issuance	56,487	-	-	56,487	
Transfers in	605,000	180,009	169,200	954,209	
Total other financing sources (uses)	674,778	180,009	169,200	1,023,987	
Net change in fund balances	254,436	15,216	11,074	280,726	
Fund balances at beginning of year	4,048,058	621,730	5,541	4,675,329	
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 4,302,494	\$ 636,946	\$ 16,615	\$ 4,956,055	

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COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2020

		State Highway Improvements		Highway Permis		ermissive Tax	Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair		Indigent Drivers	
Assets:		150 412	ф	62.606	Φ.	204.722	Ф	24212		
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents Cash in segregated accounts	\$	159,412	\$	63,696	\$	394,722	\$	34,212		
Income taxes		-		-		4,728		-		
Accounts		_		_		_		659		
Loans receivable		_		_		_		-		
Accrued interest		526		-		1,302		-		
Due from other governments		37,081		-		516,553 57,094		-		
Total assets.	\$	197,019	\$	63,696	\$	974,399	\$	34,871		
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	58	\$	295	\$	14,992	\$	-		
Accrued wages and benefits payable		-		-		17,200		-		
Due to other governments		-		-		8,721		-		
Total liabilities		58		295		40,913				
Deferred inflows of resources:										
Property taxes levied for the next year		-		-		-		-		
Accrued interest not available		243		-		601		-		
Miscellaneous revenue not available		-		-		-		-		
Income tax revenue not available		-		-		1,775		-		
Intergovernmental revenue not available Total deferred inflows of resources		24,658		-		333,620		-		
Total deferred inflows of resources.	-	21,701				333,770				
Fund balances:										
Nonspendable		-		-		57,094		-		
Restricted		172,060		63,401		540,396		34,871		
Total fund balances		172,060		63,401		597,490		34,871		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows										
of resources and fund balances	\$	197,019	\$	63,696	\$	974,399	\$	34,871		

Municipal Probation Probation Services Grant		Probation		ntion Probation		Court Computerization			Tree Special of Life Project		OVI Special Project
\$	164,355	\$	7,023	\$	388,136	\$	5,061	\$	250,686	\$ 229,384	
	-		-		-		-		-	-	
	_		_		_		_		_	_	
	-		-		-		_		-	_	
	4,084		-		3,975		-		7,986	682	
	-		-		-		-		-	-	
	-		-		-		-		-	-	
	-		-		-		-		-	-	
\$	168,439	\$	7,023	\$	392,111	\$	5,061	\$	258,672	\$ 230,066	
\$	654	\$	824	\$	2,636	\$	_	\$	3,700	\$ _	
	-		-		-		-		´ -	-	
	-		-		-		-		-	-	
	654		824		2,636				3,700	-	
	-		-		-		-		-	-	
	-		-		-		-		-	-	
	-		-		-		-		-	-	
	-		-		-		-		-	-	
		-	-							 <u>-</u>	
	-		-		-		-		-	-	
	167,785		6,199		389,475		-		254,972	230,066	
	1.77.705		(100		200 475		5,061		254.072	 220.066	
	167,785		6,199		389,475		5,061	-	254,972	 230,066	
\$	168,439	\$	7,023	\$	392,111	\$	5,061	\$	258,672	\$ 230,066	

- - Continued

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2020

	 ble TV -	Housing Rehabilitation Grant		Revolving Loan - Industrial		Peace Officer Training	
Assets:							
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$	34,824	\$	646,250	\$	7,271
Cash in segregated accounts	-		-		-		-
Income taxes	_		_		_		_
Property and other local taxes	_		_		_		_
Accounts	52,257		-		_		-
Loans receivable	-		-		518,132		-
Accrued interest	-		-		2,132		-
Due from other governments	-		-		-		-
Materials and supplies inventory	 -		-				
Total assets	\$ 52,257	\$	34,824	\$	1,166,514	\$	7,271
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$ _	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Accrued wages and benefits payable	-		-		-		_
Due to other governments	-		-		-		-
Total liabilities	 <u> </u>		<u>-</u>				
Deferred inflows of resources:							
Property taxes levied for the next year	_		-		-		-
Accrued interest not available	-		-		985		-
Miscellaneous revenue not available	52,257		-		-		-
Income tax revenue not available	-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental revenue not available	 -		-		-		-
Total deferred inflows of resources	 52,257				985		
Fund balances:							
Nonspendable	-		-		-		-
Restricted	-		34,824		1,165,529		7,271
Committed	 -		-				
Total fund balances	 		34,824		1,165,529		7,271
Total liabilities, deferred inflows							
of resources and fund balances	\$ 52,257	\$	34,824	\$	1,166,514	\$	7,271

C	verside emetery ancement	Hotel/Motel Tax		Museum Trust		Police Pension	 Fire Pension	Law Enforcement Trust		
\$	5,287	\$	246,490	\$	8,420 654,969	\$ 21,630	\$ 34,402	\$	42,092	
	_		51,281		-	91,700	91,700		_	
	-		-		-	-	-		-	
	-		-		-	-	-		-	
	-		-		-	5,900	5,900		-	
\$	5,287	\$	297,771	\$	663,389	\$ 119,230	\$ 132,002	\$	42,092	
\$	_	\$	1,309	\$	_	\$ _	\$ _	\$	_	
	-		-		-	-	-		-	
			26,059			 	 			
			27,368			 	 			
	-		-		-	91,700	91,700		-	
	-		-		-	-	-		-	
	-		-		-	-	-		-	
	_		-		_	5,900	5,900		_	
	-		-		-	97,600	97,600		-	
	-		-		-	-	-		-	
	5,287		270,403		663,389	21,630	34,402		42,092	
	5,287		270,403		663,389	 21,630	 34,402		42,092	
\$	5,287	\$	297,771	\$	663,389	\$ 119,230	\$ 132,002	\$	42,092	

- - Continued

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2020

		Fire and Rescue Trust		Fire Damage Repair		obation icentive Grant	Local Coronavirus Relief	
Assets:	Ф	60.000	Ф	16.047	e e	14200	Ф	66.705
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents Cash in segregated accounts	\$	69,990	\$	16,947	\$	14,390	\$	66,705
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):		-		-		-		-
Income taxes		_		_		_		_
Property and other local taxes		-		-		-		-
Accounts		-		-		-		-
Loans receivable		-		-		-		-
Accrued interest		-		-		-		-
Due from other governments		-		-		-		-
Materials and supplies inventory	•	69,990	•	16,947	•	14,390	•	66.705
Total assets.	\$	69,990	\$	16,947	\$	14,390	\$	66,705
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	10,005	\$	-	\$	635	\$	21,105
Accrued wages and benefits payable		-		-		-		-
Due to other governments				-		-		-
Total liabilities		10,005				635		21,105
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Property taxes levied for the next year		_		_		_		_
Accrued interest not available		-		-		-		_
Miscellaneous revenue not available		-		-		-		-
Income tax revenue not available		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental revenue not available		-						-
Total deferred inflows of resources								
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable		-		-		-		_
Restricted		59,985		16,947		13,755		45,600
Committed						-		
Total fund balances		59,985		16,947		13,755		45,600
Total liabilities, deferred inflows								
of resources and fund balances	\$	69,990	\$	16,947	\$	14,390	\$	66,705

Total Jonmajor cial Revenue Funds
\$ 2,911,385 654,969
4,728 234,681 69,643 518,132 3,960 565,434
\$ 57,094 5,020,026
\$ 56,213 17,200 34,780 108,193
 183,400 1,829 52,257 1,775 370,078 609,339
 57,094 4,240,339 5,061 4,302,494
\$ 5,020,026

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Name		State Highway Improvements		Permissive Tax		Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair		Indigent Drivers	
Property and other local taxes						_		_	
Licenses, permits and fees		\$	-	\$	-	\$	29,129	\$	-
Fines and forfeitures	1 5		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental			-		-		-		-
Investment income			-		-		-		11,640
Donations. -	•		,		64,359		, ,		-
Increase in fair value of investments			2,234		-		4,022		-
Other - - 58,482 - Total revenues. 79,917 64,359 1,185,317 11,640 Expenditures: Curent: Security of persons and property. -			-		-		-		-
Total revenues. 79,917 64,359 1,185,317 11,640	Increase in fair value of investments		-		-		-		-
Expenditures: Current: General government - <td< td=""><td>Other</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	Other				-				
Current: General government - <td>Total revenues</td> <td></td> <td>79,917</td> <td></td> <td>64,359</td> <td></td> <td>1,185,317</td> <td></td> <td>11,640</td>	Total revenues		79,917		64,359		1,185,317		11,640
General government -	Expenditures:								
Security of persons and property. - - - 16,596 Public health and welfare. - <td>Current:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Current:								
Public health and welfare. - - - Transportation 57,440 6,695 1,006,027 - Leisure time activity - - - - Economic development - - - - Capital outlay. - - - - Debt service: - - - - Principal retirement. - 49,000 - - Interest and fiscal charges. - 5,873 - - Interest and fiscal charges. - - - - Bond issuance costs. - - - - - Total expenditures 57,440 61,568 1,006,027 16,596 Excess (deficiency) of revenues - - - - - over (under) expenditures 22,477 2,791 179,290 (4,956) Other financing sources (uses): Bond issuance - - - - <t< td=""><td>General government</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td></t<>	General government		-		-		-		-
Transportation 57,440 6,695 1,006,027 - Leisure time activity - - - - Economic development - - - - Capital outlay. - - - - Debt service: - - - - - Principal retirement. - 49,000 - - - Interest and fiscal charges. - 5,873 - - - Bond issuance costs. -	Security of persons and property		-		-		-		16,596
Leisure time activity - - - Economic development - - - Capital outlay - - - Debt services - - - - Principal retirement 49,000 - - - Interest and fiscal charges - 5,873 - - Bond issuance costs - - - - - Total expenditures 57,440 61,568 1,006,027 16,596 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 22,477 2,791 179,290 (4,956) Other financing sources (uses): - - - - - Bond issuance - - - - - - Other financing sources (uses): - - - - - - Payment to refunded bond escrow agent - - - - - - - - - Premium on bond issuance <td>Public health and welfare</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td>	Public health and welfare		-		-		-		-
Economic development - - - - Capital outlay. - - - - Debt service: Principal retirement. 49,000 - - - Interest and fiscal charges. 5,873 - - - Bond issuance costs. -	Transportation		57,440		6,695		1,006,027		-
Capital outlay. - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Leisure time activity		-		-		-		-
Debt service: Principal retirement. 49,000 - - Interest and fiscal charges. - 5,873 - - Bond issuance costs. - <t< td=""><td>Economic development</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td></t<>	Economic development		-		-		-		-
Principal retirement. - 49,000 - - Interest and fiscal charges. - 5,873 - - Bond issuance costs. - - - - - Total expenditures. 57,440 61,568 1,006,027 16,596 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures. 22,477 2,791 179,290 (4,956) Other financing sources (uses): Bond issuance. -	Capital outlay		-		-		-		-
Interest and fiscal charges.	Debt service:								
Bond issuance costs.	Principal retirement		-		49,000		-		-
Bond issuance costs.	Interest and fiscal charges		-		5,873		-		-
Total expenditures 57,440 61,568 1,006,027 16,596 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 22,477 2,791 179,290 (4,956) Other financing sources (uses): State of the stat	Bond issuance costs		-		-		-		-
over (under) expenditures 22,477 2,791 179,290 (4,956) Other financing sources (uses): Bond issuance - <td></td> <td></td> <td>57,440</td> <td></td> <td>61,568</td> <td></td> <td>1,006,027</td> <td></td> <td>16,596</td>			57,440		61,568		1,006,027		16,596
over (under) expenditures 22,477 2,791 179,290 (4,956) Other financing sources (uses): Bond issuance - <td>Excess (deficiency) of revenues</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
Bond issuance			22,477		2,791		179,290		(4,956)
Bond issuance	Other financing sources (uses):								
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	0 \ /		_		_		_		_
Premium on bond issuance. - - - - Transfers in . - - - - Total other financing sources (uses) . - - - - Net change in fund balances . 22,477 2,791 179,290 (4,956) Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year . 149,583 60,610 418,200 39,827			_		_		_		_
Transfers in	,		_		_		_		_
Total other financing sources (uses) -			_		_		_		_
Net change in fund balances		-						-	
Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year. 149,583 60,610 418,200 39,827	road other financing sources (uses)					-		-	
	Net change in fund balances		22,477		2,791		179,290		(4,956)
	Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year		149,583		60,610		418,200		39,827
	Fund balances at end of year	\$	172,060	\$	63,401	\$	597,490	\$	34,871

P	Iunicipal robation Services	Probation Grant			Tree f Life	Special Project	OVI special Project
\$	-	\$	- \$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
	-		-	-	-	-	-
	24,726		_	54,983	-	110,222	7,962
	-	61,64	14	5-1,705	_	-	- 7,702
	-	,-	-	-	_	-	_
	-		-	-	-	-	-
	-		-	-	-	-	-
	11,559	1,84		-	 550	 	 10,181
	36,285	63,48	<u> </u>	54,983	 550	 110,222	 18,143
	-		_	43,843	-	3,700	-
	47,831	60,4	40	-	-	-	-
	-		-	-	-	-	-
	-		-	-	-	-	-
	-		-	-	132	-	-
	-		-	-	-	-	-
	-		-	-	-	-	-
	_		-	-	-	150,000	-
	-		-	-	-	6,391	-
		-	<u>-</u>	_	 	62,341	 -
	47,831	60,44	40	43,843	 132	 222,432	 -
	(11,546)	3,04	46	11,140	418	 (112,210)	 18,143
						2.560.000	
	-		-	-	-	2,560,000 (2,546,709)	-
	-		-	-	-	56,487	-
	_		_	_	-	50,467	_
	-			-	-	 69,778	 -
	(11,546)	3,04	46	11,140	418	(42,432)	18,143
	179,331	3,1:	53	378,335	 4,643	 297,404	 211,923
\$	167,785	\$ 6,19	99 \$	389,475	\$ 5,061	\$ 254,972	\$ 230,066

- - Continued

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	 ble TV -	Reha	ousing abilitation Grant	evolving Loan - ndustrial	O	eace fficer aining
Revenues:						<u>.</u>
Income taxes	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Property and other local taxes	-		-	-		-
Licenses, permits and fees	206,714		-	-		-
Fines and forfeitures	-		-	-		-
Intergovernmental	-		31,220	129,705		-
Investment income	-		-	25,541		-
Donations	-		-	-		-
Increase in fair value of investments	-		-	=		=
Other	 		-	 1,457		
Total revenues	 206,714		31,220	 156,703		
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government	206,714		40,147	-		-
Security of persons and property	´ -		´ -	-		-
Public health and welfare	-		-	-		-
Transportation	-		_	-		-
Leisure time activity	-		_	=		_
Economic development	-		-	222,067		-
Capital outlay	-		-	-		-
Debt service:						
Principal retirement	-		-	_		_
Interest and fiscal charges	-		-	-		-
Bond issuance costs	-		-	-		-
Total expenditures	 206,714		40,147	222,067		-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	_		(8,927)	(65,364)		_
over (under) experiences	 		(0,721)	 (03,304)		
Other financing sources (uses):						
Bond issuance	-		-	-		-
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	-		-	-		-
Premium on bond issuance	-		-	-		-
Transfers in			_	_		
Total other financing sources (uses)	 			 		
Net change in fund balances	-		(8,927)	(65,364)		-
Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year	_		43,751	1,230,893		7,271
Fund balances at end of year	\$ -	\$	34,824	\$ 1,165,529	\$	7,271
•						

Reservoir Enhancement		Riverside Cemetery Enhancement		Но	otel/Motel Tax		Auseum Trust	metery Γrust	Police Pension		
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	
	-		-		283,404		-	-		84,982	
	-		-		-		-	-		-	
	-		-		-		-	-		10.622	
	- 11		71		-		-	-		10,622	
	11		760		-		12,880	-		-	
	_		700		_		67,206	-		_	
	_		_		2,158		-	_		_	
	11		831		285,562		80,086	-		95,604	
	920		-		111,183		9,636	-		-	
	-		-		-		-	-		401,133	
	-		-		-		-	1,061		-	
	-		-		-		-	-		-	
	-		-		-		-	-		-	
	-		-		138,007		-	-		-	
	-		-		138,007		-	-		-	
	-		-		-		-	-		-	
	-		-		-		-	-		-	
	-				-		- 0.626	 - 1.061		-	
	920			-	249,190	-	9,636	1,061		401,133	
	(909)		831		36,372		70,450	 (1,061)		(305,529)	
	_		_		_		_	-		_	
	-		-		_		_	-		-	
	_		_		_		_	-		225,000	
	_		-		_			-		225,000	
	(909)		831		36,372		70,450	(1,061)		(80,529)	
	909		4,456		234,031		592,939	1,061		102,159	
\$	_	\$	5,287	\$	270,403	\$	663,389	\$ -	\$ 21,630		

- - Continued

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Fire Pension	Law Enforcement Trust	East Side Firehouse	Fire and Rescue Trust
Revenues:				
Income taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Property and other local taxes	84,981	-	-	-
Licenses, permits and fees	-	-	-	-
Fines and forfeitures	-	1,260	-	-
Intergovernmental	10,622	-	-	52,740
Investment income	-	-	-	-
Donations	-	5,797	-	37,574
Increase in fair value of investments	-	=	-	-
Other	- 05.602			- 00.214
Total revenues	95,603	7,057		90,314
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	-	-	-	-
Security of persons and property	438,799	485	610	56,791
Public health and welfare	-	-	-	-
Transportation	-	-	-	-
Leisure time activity	-	-	-	-
Economic development	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	-	-	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	-
Bond issuance costs				
Total expenditures	438,799	485	610	56,791
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(343,196)	6,572	(610)	33,523
(())		(3-3)	
Other financing sources (uses):				
Bond issuance	-	-	-	-
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	-	-	-	-
Premium on bond issuance	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	380,000			
Total other financing sources (uses)	380,000			
Net change in fund balances	36,804	6,572	(610)	33,523
Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year	(2,402)	35,520	610	26,462
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 34,402	\$ 42,092	\$ -	\$ 59,985

	Damage Repair	Park and Recreation Trust		Probation Incentive Grant		Local onavirus Relief	Total Nonmajor Special Reven Funds		
\$	_	\$	- \$	_	\$	_	\$	29,129	
*	_	*	_	_	*	_	-	453,367	
	_		_	_		_		206,714	
	_		_	_		_		210,793	
	_		_	63,772		1,262,048		2,858,099	
	_		_	-		526		32,405	
	_		_	_		320		57,011	
	_		_	_		_		67,206	
	48,337		-	1,673		-		136,239	
	48,337		<u>-</u> -	65,445		1,262,574		4,050,963	
	_		_	_		149,339		565,482	
	52,080		_	58,309		802,005		1,935,079	
	-		_	-		236,383		237,444	
	_		_	_		29,247		1,099,409	
	_		_	_		27,247		132	
	_		_			_		222,067	
	_	8	0					138,087	
	_	0	U	-		_		130,007	
	_		_	_		_		199,000	
	_		_	_		_		12,264	
	_		_	_		_		62,341	
	52,080		0	58,309		1,216,974		4,471,305	
	(3,743)	(8	0)	7,136		45,600		(420,342)	
	-		-	-		-		2,560,000	
	-		-	_		-		(2,546,709)	
	-		-	_		-		56,487	
	-		-	_		-		605,000	
				-		-		674,778	
	(3,743)	(8	0)	7,136		45,600		254,436	
	20,690	8	0	6,619		-		4,048,058	
\$	16,947	\$	- \$	13,755	\$	45,600	\$	4,302,494	

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Re	Bond etirement	Commerce Drive		Total Nonmajo Debt Service Funds		
Assets:					,		
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	636,944	\$	2	\$	636,946	
Receivables:							
Special assessments		106,109		-		106,109	
Total assets	\$	743,053	\$	2	\$	743,055	
Deferred inflows of resources:							
Special assessments revenue not available	\$	106,109	\$	-	\$	106,109	
Total deferred inflows of resources		106,109				106,109	
Fund balances:							
Restricted		636,944		-		636,944	
Assigned		-		2		2	
Total fund balances		636,944		2		636,946	
Total deferred inflows							
of resources and fund balances	\$	743,053	\$	2	\$	743,055	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Re	Bond etirement	 mmerce Drive	Total Nonmajor Debt Service Funds		
Revenues:						
Special assessments	\$	118,686	\$ 	\$	118,686	
Total revenues	-	118,686	 		118,686	
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government		2,401	-		2,401	
Debt service:						
Principal retirement		116,559	112,530		229,089	
Interest and fiscal charges		-	51,989		51,989	
Total expenditures		118,960	164,519		283,479	
Excess of expenditures over revenues		(274)	 (164,519)		(164,793)	
Other financing sources:						
Transfers in		15,489	164,520		180,009	
Total other financing sources		15,489	164,520		180,009	
Net change in fund balances		15,215	1		15,216	
Fund balances at beginning of year		621,729	1		621,730	
Fund balances at end of year	\$	636,944	\$ 2	\$	636,946	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

STATE HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENTS FUND

		Budgeted	Amour	nts			Fina	ance with
	0	riginal	Final		Actual		Positive (Negative)	
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$	88,000 2,600 90,600	\$	88,000 2,600 90,600	\$	78,250 2,450 80,700	\$	(9,750) (150) (9,900)
Expenditures: Current: Transportation: Capital Improvements: Operating		142,500 142,500 142,500		142,500 142,500 142,500		62,094 62,094 62,094		80,406 80,406 80,406
Net change in fund balances	<u></u>	(51,900) 136,119 84,219	<u> </u>	(51,900) 136,119 84,219	<u> </u>	18,606 136,119 154,725	<u> </u>	70,506

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

PERMISSIVE TAX FUND

	Budgeted Amounts						Fina	ance with l Budget
	Original		Final		Actual		Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental	\$	54,892	\$	54,892	\$	64,359	\$	9,467
Total revenues.		54,892		54,892		64,359		9,467
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Transportation:								
Capital Improvements:								
Operating		18,924		18,924		7,325		11,599
Total capital improvements		18,924		18,924		7,325		11,599
Debt Service:								
Principal retirement		49,000		49,000		49,000		-
Interest and fiscal charges		5,892		5,892		5,873		19
Total debt service		54,892		54,892		54,873		19
Total expenditures		73,816		73,816		62,198		11,618
Net change in fund balances		(18,924)		(18,924)		2,161		21,085
Fund balances at beginning of year		42,611		42,611		42,611		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated .		18,924		18,924		18,924		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	42,611	\$	42,611	\$	63,696	\$	21,085

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

STREET CONSTRUCTION, MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR FUND

Revenues: Sand Translation Final Actual (Negative) Income taxes \$30,447 \$30,447 \$29,443 \$(1,004) Intergovernmental 1,200,000 1,200,000 1,081,173 (118,827) Investment income 1,440 1,440 4,063 2,623 Other 4,000 4,000 59,311 55,311 Total revenues 1,235,887 1,235,887 1,173,990 (61,897)		Budgeted .	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
Income taxes \$ 30,447 \$ 30,447 \$ 29,443 \$ (1,004) Intergovernmental 1,200,000 1,200,000 1,081,173 (118,827) Investment income 1,440 1,440 4,063 2,623 Other 4,000 4,000 59,311 55,311 Total revenues 1,235,887 1,235,887 1,173,990 (61,897)		Original	Final	Actual		
Intergovernmental 1,200,000 1,200,000 1,081,173 (118,827) Investment income 1,440 1,440 4,063 2,623 Other 4,000 4,000 59,311 55,311 Total revenues 1,235,887 1,235,887 1,173,990 (61,897)	Revenues:					
Investment income 1,440 1,440 4,063 2,623 Other 4,000 4,000 59,311 55,311 Total revenues 1,235,887 1,235,887 1,173,990 (61,897)			+, .	* - / -	, ,,,,	
Other 4,000 4,000 59,311 55,311 Total revenues 1,235,887 1,235,887 1,173,990 (61,897)		/ /	, ,	, ,	, , ,	
Total revenues		, -	, -	,	,	
The state of the s	Total revenues	1,233,007	1,233,007	1,175,550	(01,077)	
Expenditures:	Expenditures:					
Current:	Current:					
Transportation:						
Highway and Streets:						
Salaries and wages		/	,	,	,	
Operating						
Total expenditures	Total expenditures	1,293,274	1,293,274	1,002,419	230,833	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	over (under) expenditures	(57,387)	(57,387)	111,571	168,958	
Other financing sources:		20.000	20.000	12 400	(1.6.600)	
					(16,600)	
Total other financing sources	Total other linancing sources	30,000	30,000	13,400	(10,000)	
Net change in fund balances	Net change in fund balances	(27,387)	(27,387)	124,971	152,358	
Fund balances at beginning of year 222,512 222,512 -	Fund balances at beginning of year	222,512	222,512	222,512	-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated . 7,594 7,594 -		7,594	7,594	7,594		
Fund balance at end of year \$ 202,719 \$ 202,719 \$ 355,077 \$ 152,358	Fund balance at end of year	\$ 202,719	\$ 202,719	\$ 355,077	\$ 152,358	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

INDIGENT DRIVERS FUND

	Budgeted Amounts						Fina	ance with al Budget ositive
	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:								
Fines and forfeitures	\$	20,000	\$	20,000	\$	12,210	\$	(7,790)
Total revenues		20,000		20,000		12,210		(7,790)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Security of Persons and Property:								
Municipal Court:								
Operating		40,000		40,000		16,596		23,404
Total expenditures		40,000		40,000		16,596		23,404
Net change in fund balances		(20,000)		(20,000)		(4,386)		15,614
Fund balances at beginning of year		38,598		38,598		38,598		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	18,598	\$	18,598	\$	34,212	\$	15,614

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

MUNICIPAL PROBATION SERVICES FUND

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
								-g
Revenues: Fines and forfeitures	\$	26,000 8,000	\$	26,000 8,000	\$	24,850 11,722	\$	(1,150) 3,722
Total revenues		34,000		34,000		36,572		2,572
Expenditures: Current: Security of Persons and Property: Municipal Probation Service: Salaries and wages		47,315 43,800		47,315 43,800		41,362 5,843		5,953 37,957
Total expenditures		91,115		91,115	-	47,205		43,910
Net change in fund balances		(57,115) 174,988		(57,115) 174,988		(10,633) 174,988		46,482
Fund balance at end of year	\$	117,873	\$	117,873	\$	164,355	\$	46,482

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

PROBATION GRANT FUND

	Budgeted Amounts						Fina	ance with
	Original		Final		Actual		Positive (Negative)	
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$	61,644	\$	61,644	\$	61,644 1,842	\$	- 1,842
Total revenues		61,644		61,644		63,486		1,842
Expenditures: Current: Security of Persons and Property: Municipal Probation Service: Salaries and wages Operating		53,818 7,826 61,644		52,224 9,420 61,644		52,109 7,577 59,686		115 1,843 1,958
Net change in fund balances		-		-		3,800		3,800
Fund balances at beginning of year Fund balance at end of year	\$	3,223 3,223	\$	3,223 3,223	\$	3,223 7,023	\$	3,800

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

COURT COMPUTERIZATION FUND

	Budgeted Amounts						Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:								
Fines and forfeitures	\$	85,000	\$	85,000	\$	56,582	\$	(28,418)
Total revenues		85,000		85,000		56,582		(28,418)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General Government:								
Municipal Court:								
Operating		99,476		99,476		41,492		57,984
Total expenditures		99,476		99,476		41,492		57,984
Net change in fund balances		(14,476)		(14,476)		15,090		29,566
Fund balances at beginning of year		363,426		363,426		363,426		_
Prior year encumbrances appropriated .		9,476		9,476		9,476		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	358,426	\$	358,426	\$	387,992	\$	29,566

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

TREE OF LIFE FUND

		Budgeted	Amoun	ts			Final	nce with I Budget ositive
	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:								
Other	\$		\$		\$	550	\$	550
Total revenues				-		550		550
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Leisure time activity:								
Parks and Recreation:								
Operating		4,600		4,600		132		4,468
Total expenditures		4,600		4,600	-	132		4,468
Net change in fund balance		(4,600)		(4,600)		418		5,018
Fund balances at beginning of year		4,643		4,643		4,643		_
Fund balance at end of year	\$	43	\$	43	\$	5,061	\$	5,018

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

SPECIAL PROJECT FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 $\,$

		Budgeted	l Amou	nts			Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	(Original		Final	Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:								
Fines and forfeitures	\$	170,000	\$	170,000	\$	113,406	\$	(56,594)
Total revenues		170,000		170,000		113,406		(56,594)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General Government: Municipal Court:								
Operating		165,000		83,732		72,432		11,300
Total municipal court		165,000		83,732		72,432		11,300
Debt Service:								
Principal retirement		-		2,655,000		2,655,000		-
Interest and fiscal charges		-		41,709		41,709		-
Total debt service				2,696,709		2,696,709		-
Total expenditures		165,000		2,780,441		2,769,141		11,300
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		5,000		(2,610,441)		(2,655,735)		(45,294)
Other financing sources:								
Proceeds from the sale of bonds		_		2,616,487		2,616,487		_
Total other financing sources				2,616,487		2,616,487		
Net change in fund balances		5,000		6,046		(39,248)		(45,294)
Fund balances at beginning of year		286,234		286,234		286,234		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	291,234	\$	292,280	\$	246,986	\$	(45,294)
						· 		·

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

OVI SPECIAL PROJECT FUND

Revenues: Sevenues: Sevenues: <t< th=""><th></th><th colspan="5">Budgeted Amounts</th><th></th><th>Fina</th><th>ance with Il Budget ositive</th></t<>		Budgeted Amounts						Fina	ance with Il Budget ositive
Fines and forfeitures \$ 9,000 \$ 9,000 \$ 8,460 \$ (540) Other 10,000 10,000 10,623 623 Total revenues 19,000 19,000 19,083 83 Expenditures: Current: Security of Persons and Property: Wunicipal Court: 5,000 5,000 - 5,000 Total expenditures 5,000 5,000 - 5,000 Total expenditures 14,000 14,000 19,083 5,083 Fund balances at beginning of year 210,301 210,301 210,301 -		Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)	
Other 10,000 10,000 10,623 623 Total revenues 19,000 19,000 19,083 83 Expenditures: Current: Security of Persons and Property: Municipal Court: Operating 5,000 5,000 - 5,000 Total expenditures 5,000 5,000 - 5,000 Net change in fund balances 14,000 14,000 19,083 5,083 Fund balances at beginning of year 210,301 210,301 210,301 -	Revenues:								
Total revenues 19,000 19,000 19,083 83 Expenditures: Current: Security of Persons and Property: Municipal Court: Operating 5,000 5,000 - 5,000 Total expenditures 5,000 5,000 - 5,000 Net change in fund balances 14,000 14,000 19,083 5,083 Fund balances at beginning of year 210,301 210,301 210,301 -	Fines and forfeitures	\$	9,000	\$	9,000	\$	8,460	\$	(540)
Expenditures: Current: Security of Persons and Property: Municipal Court: 5,000 5,000 - 5,000 Total expenditures	Other		10,000		10,000		10,623		623
Current: Security of Persons and Property: Municipal Court: 5,000 5,000 - 5,000 Operating	Total revenues		19,000		19,000		19,083		83
Security of Persons and Property: Municipal Court: 5,000 5,000 - 5,000 Operating	Expenditures:								
Municipal Court: 5,000 5,000 - 5,000 Operating	Current:								
Operating 5,000 5,000 - 5,000 Total expenditures 5,000 5,000 - 5,000 Net change in fund balances 14,000 14,000 19,083 5,083 Fund balances at beginning of year 210,301 210,301 210,301 -	Security of Persons and Property:								
Total expenditures	Municipal Court:								
Net change in fund balances	Operating		5,000		5,000		-		5,000
Fund balances at beginning of year 210,301 210,301 210,301 -	Total expenditures		5,000		5,000		-		5,000
	Net change in fund balances		14,000		14,000		19,083		5,083
	Fund balances at beginning of year		210,301		210,301		210,301		-
		\$	224,301	\$	224,301	\$	229,384	\$	5,083

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

CABLE TV - FRANCHISE FUND

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
	Original		<u>Final</u>		Actual			
Revenues:	¢	210.000	¢	210.000	¢.	207.714	¢	(2.296)
Licenses, permits and fees Total revenues	<u> </u>	210,000	\$	210,000 210,000	\$	206,714 206,714	\$	(3,286) (3,286)
Expenditures: Current: General Government: Cable TV:								
Operating		210,000		210,000 210,000		206,714 206,714		3,286 3,286
Net change in fund balances		-		-		-		-
Fund balances at beginning of year Fund balance at end of year	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

HOUSING REHABILITATION GRANT FUND

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	36,220	\$	31,220	\$	(5,000)
Total revenues		-		36,220		31,220		(5,000)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General Government:								
City Council:								
Operating				79,971		40,147		39,824
Total expenditures				79,971		40,147		39,824
Net change in fund balances		-		(43,751)		(8,927)		34,824
Fund balances at beginning of year		43,751		43,751		43,751		_
Fund balance at end of year	\$	43,751	\$	-	\$	34,824	\$	34,824

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

REVOLVING LOAN - INDUSTRIAL FUND

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental	\$ 224,720	\$ 224,720	\$ 129,705	\$ (95,015)	
Investment income	7,100	7,100	9,189	2,089	
Other	<u>-</u> _		60	60	
Total revenues	231,820	231,820	138,954	(92,866)	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Economic Development:					
Capital Improvement:					
Operating	597,641	597,641	358,108	239,533	
Total expenditures	597,641	597,641	358,108	239,533	
Excess of expenditures over revenues	(365,821)	(365,821)	(219,154)	146,667	
Other financing sources:					
Other financing sources	171,543	171,543	247,899	76,356	
Total other financing sources	171,543	171,543	247,899	76,356	
Net change in fund balances	(194,278)	(194,278)	28,745	223,023	
Fund balances at beginning of year	483,395	483,395	483,395	-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated .	12,921	12,921	12,921	-	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 302,038	\$ 302,038	\$ 525,061	\$ 223,023	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

PEACE OFFICER TRAINING FUND

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)		
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Security of Persons and Property:									
Police:									
Operating	\$	7,000	\$	7,000	\$	-	\$	7,000	
Total expenditures		7,000		7,000		-		7,000	
Net change in fund balances		(7,000)		(7,000)		-		7,000	
Fund balances at beginning of year		7,271		7,271		7,271		_	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	271	\$	271	\$	7,271	\$	7,000	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

RESERVOIR ENHANCEMENT FUND

	Budgeted Amounts						Final l	ce with Budget itive
	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:								
Investment income	\$		\$	11	\$	11	\$	-
Total revenues				11		11		
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General Government:								
Reservoir Enhancement:								
Operating		<u> </u>		920		920		
Total expenditures				920		920		
Net change in fund balances		-		(909)		(909)		-
Fund balances at beginning of year		909		909		909		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	909	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

RIVERSIDE CEMETERY ENHANCEMENT FUND

	Budgeted Amounts						Fina	ince with I Budget ositive
	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:								
Investment income	\$	60	\$	60	\$	71	\$	11
Donations						760		760
Total revenues		60		60		831		771
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General Government:								
Cemetery Enhancements:								
Operating		3,600		3,600				3,600
Total expenditures		3,600		3,600				3,600
Net change in fund balances		(3,540)		(3,540)		831		4,371
Fund balances at beginning of year		4,456		4,456		4,456		_
Fund balance at end of year	\$	916	\$	916	\$	5,287	\$	4,371

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

HOTEL/MOTEL TAX FUND

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
	Original	Final	Actual		
Revenues: Property and other local taxes Other	\$ 350,000	\$ 350,000	\$ 299,574 2,158 301,732	\$ (50,426) 2,158 (48,268)	
Expenditures: Current: General Government: General Operating:					
Salaries and wages	42,350 178,295 220,645	42,350 178,295 220,645	42,115 67,901 110,016	235 110,394 110,629	
Capital Improvements: Operating	175,000 175,000	175,000 175,000	138,007 138,007	36,993 36,993	
Total expenditures	395,645	395,645	248,023	147,622	
Net change in fund balances	(45,645)	(45,645)	53,709	99,354	
Fund balances at beginning of year Fund balance at end of year	\$ 192,781 \$ 147,136	192,781 \$ 147,136	192,781 \$ 246,490	\$ 99,354	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

MUSEUM TRUST FUND

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
								<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>
Revenues:								
Donations	\$	7,000	\$	9,500	\$	12,830	\$	3,330
Total revenues		7,000		9,500		12,830		3,330
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General Government:								
Trust Fund:								
Operating		11,400		13,900		9,636		4,264
Total expenditures		11,400		13,900		9,636		4,264
1								
Net change in fund balances		(4,400)		(4,400)		3,194		7,594
Fund balances at beginning of year		5,226		5,226		5,226		_
Fund balance at end of year	\$	826	\$	826	\$	8,420	\$	7,594

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

CEMETERY TRUST FUND

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget		
	Original		Final		Actual		Positive (Negative)		
Expenditures:									
Current:									
General Government:									
Cemetery Perpetual Trust:									
Operating	\$	1,000	\$	1,061	\$	1,061	\$	-	
Total expenditures		1,000		1,061		1,061	-	-	
Net change in fund balances		(1,000)		(1,061)		(1,061)		-	
Fund balances at beginning of year		1,061		1,061		1,061		_	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	61	\$	-	\$		\$	-	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

POLICE PENSION FUND

	Budgete	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
	Original	Final	Actual		
Revenues: Property and other local taxes	\$ 87,160	\$ 87,160	\$ 84,982	\$ (2,178)	
Intergovernmental	11,800	11,800	10,622	(1,178)	
Total revenues	98,960	98,960	95,604	(3,356)	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Security of Persons and Property:					
Police Pension:	421 920	421 920	200 126	22 604	
Salaries and wages	421,820 2,000	421,820 2,008	399,126 2,007	22,694	
Total expenditures	423,820	423,828	401,133	22,695	
Total expenditures	123,020	125,020	101,133	22,073	
Excess of expenditures over revenues	(324,860)	(324,868)	(305,529)	19,339	
Other financing sources:					
Transfers in	255,000	255,000	225,000	(30,000)	
Total other financing sources	255,000	255,000	225,000	(30,000)	
Net change in fund balances	(69,860)	(69,868)	(80,529)	(10,661)	
Fund balances at beginning of year	102,159	102,159	102,159	-	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 32,299	\$ 32,291	\$ 21,630	\$ (10,661)	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

FIRE PENSION FUND

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues: Property and other local taxes Intergovernmental Total revenues	\$ 87,160 11,800 98,960	\$ 87,160 11,800 98,960	\$ 84,981 10,622 95,603	\$ (2,179) (1,178) (3,357)	
Expenditures: Current: Security of Persons and Property: Fire Pension: Salaries and wages	472,000 2,000	472,000 2,008	436,792 2,007	35,208 1	
Total expenditures	474,000	474,008	438,799	35,209	
Excess of expenditures over revenues	(375,040)	(375,048)	(343,196)	31,852	
Other financing sources: Transfers in	410,000 410,000	410,000 410,000	380,000	(30,000)	
Net change in fund balances	34,960	34,952	36,804	1,852	
Fund balances at (deficit) beginning of year Fund balance at end of year	\$ (2,402) \$ 32,558	\$ 32,550	\$ 34,402	\$ 1,852	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

LAW ENFORCEMENT TRUST FUND

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:								
Fines and forfeitures	\$	1,500	\$	1,500	\$	1,260	\$	(240)
Donations		5,000		5,000		5,797		797
Total revenues		6,500		6,500		7,057		557
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Security of Persons and Property:								
Police:								
Operating		12,000		12,000		485		11,515
Total expenditures		12,000		12,000		485		11,515
Net change in fund balances		(5,500)		(5,500)		6,572		12,072
Fund balances at beginning of year		35,520		35,520		35,520		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	30,020	\$	30,020	\$	42,092	\$	12,072

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

EAST SIDE FIREHOUSE FUND

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget	
	Original		Final		Actual		Positive (Negative)	
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Security of Persons and Property:								
Fire:								
Operating	\$	610	\$	610	\$	610	\$	-
Total expenditures		610		610		610		-
Net change in fund balance		(610)		(610)		(610)		-
Fund balances at beginning of year		610		610		610		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

FIRE AND RESCUE TRUST FUND

	Budgeted Amounts						Fina	ance with al Budget ositive
	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental	\$	43,000	\$	43,000	\$	52,740	\$	9,740
Donations				26,890		37,574		10,684
Total revenues		43,000		69,890		90,314		20,424
Expenditures: Current: Security of Persons and Property: Fire:								
Operating		22,500		59,390		56,791		2,599
Total expenditures		22,500		59,390		56,791		2,599
Net change in fund balances		20,500		10,500		33,523		23,023
Fund balances at beginning of year		26,462		26,462		26,462		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	46,962	\$	36,962	\$	59,985	\$	23,023

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

FIRE DAMAGE REPAIR FUND

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues: Other	_\$	<u>-</u>	\$	48,337 48,337	\$	48,337 48,337	\$	<u>-</u>
Expenditures: Current: Security of Persons and Property: Fire: Operating		<u>-</u>		69,027 69,027		69,027 69,027		<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balances		-		(20,690)		(20,690)		-
Fund balances at beginning of year Fund balance at end of year	\$	20,690 20,690	\$	20,690	\$	20,690	\$	<u>-</u>

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

PARK AND RECREATION TRUST FUND

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)		
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Capital Outlay:									
Parks and Recreation:									
Operating	\$	-	\$	80	\$	80	\$	-	
Total expenditures				80		80			
Net change in fund balances		-		(80)		(80)		-	
Fund balances at beginning of year		80		80		80		_	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	80	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

PROBATION INCENTIVE GRANT FUND

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental	\$	63,772	\$	63,772	\$	63,772	\$	-
Other		-		-		1,673		1,673
Total revenues		63,772		63,772		65,445		1,673
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Security of Persons and Property:								
Municipal Probation Service:								
Salaries and wages		63,772		63,772		57,718		6,054
Total expenditures		63,772		63,772		57,718		6,054
Net change in fund balances		-		-		7,727		7,727
Fund balances at beginning of year		6,663		6,663		6,663		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	6,663	\$	6,663	\$	14,390	\$	7,727

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

LOCAL CORONAVIRUS RELIEF FUND

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget	
	Original		<u>Final</u>		Actual		Positive (Negative)	
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$	- - -	\$	1,262,048 526 1,262,574	\$	1,262,048 526 1,262,574	\$	- - -
Expenditures: Current: Public Health and Welfare: Operational Support Grant: Salaries and wages		- - -		1,033,200 229,374 1,262,574		1,003,200 229,374 1,232,574		30,000
Net change in fund balances		-		-		30,000		30,000
Fund balances at beginning of year Fund balance at end of year	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	-	\$	30,000	\$	30,000

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

UNCLAIMED MONIES FUND

Revenues: S - \$ - \$ 10,543 \$ 10,543 \$ 10,543 \$ 10,543 \$ 10,543 \$ 10,543 \$ 10,543 \$ 10,543 \$ 10,543 \$ 10,543 \$ 10,543 \$ 10,543 \$ 10,543 \$ 10,543 \$	h t
Other \$ - \$ - \$ 10,543 \$ 10,543 Total revenues - - - 10,543 10,543	_
Total revenues	
Expenditures:	3
Current:	
Finance Department:	
Operating	1
Total expenditures	1
• — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	_
Net change in fund balances (204) 10,340 10,54	4
Fund balances at beginning of year 5,792 5,792 5,792	_
Fund balance at end of year	4

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

HEALTH CARE TRUST FUND

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
	Original	Final	Actual		
Revenues:					
Investment income	\$ 8,200	\$ 8,200	\$ 10,253	\$ 2,053	
Other	3,592,000	3,592,000	3,318,560	(273,440)	
Total revenues	3,600,200	3,600,200	3,328,813	(271,387)	
Expenditures:					
Current: General Government:					
Insurance Premiums:					
Personal services	3,760,614	3,760,614	3,479,630	280,984	
Total expenditures	3,760,614	3,760,614	3,479,630	280,984	
Total expenditures	3,700,014	3,700,014	3,479,030	200,904	
Net change in fund balances	(160,414)	(160,414)	(150,817)	9,597	
Fund balances at beginning of year	453,838	453,838	453,838	-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated .	7,614	7,614	7,614	-	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 301,038	\$ 301,038	\$ 310,635	\$ 9,597	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

BOND RETIREMENT FUND

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:								
Special assessments	\$	115,280	\$	115,280	\$	118,686	\$	3,406
Total revenues		115,280		115,280		118,686		3,406
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General Government:								
County and State Charges:								
Operating		5,000		5,000		2,401		2,599
Total county and state charges		5,000		5,000		2,401		2,599
Debt Service:								
Principal retirement		101,070		101,070		101,070		-
Total debt service		101,070		101,070		101,070		
Total expenditures		106,070		106,070		103,471		2,599
Net change in fund balances		9,210		9,210		15,215		6,005
Fund balances at beginning of year		621,729		621,729		621,729		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	630,939	\$	630,939	\$	636,944	\$	6,005

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

COMMERCE DRIVE FUND

		Budgeted	Amou	nts			Variance with Final Budget	
	Original		Final		Actual		Positive (Negative)	
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Debt Service:								
Principal retirement	\$	112,531	\$	112,531	\$	112,530	\$	1
Interest and fiscal charges		51,989		51,989		51,989		-
Total debt service		164,520		164,520		164,519		1
Total expenditures		164,520		164,520		164,519		1
Excess of expenditures over revenues		(164,520)		(164,520)		(164,519)		1_
Other financing sources:								
Transfers in		164,520		164,520		164,520		-
Total other financing sources		164,520		164,520		164,520		-
Net change in fund balances		-		-		1		1
Fund balances at beginning of year Fund balance at end of year	\$	1	\$	1	\$	1 2	\$	1

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

SPLASH PAD TRUST FUND

	Budgeted Amounts					Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:								
Donations	\$	90,000	\$	90,000	\$	40,000	\$	(50,000)
Total revenues		90,000	-	90,000	-	40,000		(50,000)
Expenditures: Debt service:								
Principal retirement		177,000		177,000		177,000		-
Interest and fiscal charges		21,193		21,193		21,126		67
Total debt service		198,193		198,193		198,126		67
Total expenditures		198,193		198,193		198,126		67
Excess of expenditures over revenues		(108,193)		(108,193)		(158,126)		(49,933)
Other financing sources:								
Transfers in		108,195		108,195		169,200		61,005
Total other financing sources		108,195		108,195		169,200		61,005
Net change in fund balance		2		2		11,074		11,072
Fund balance at beginning of year		5,541		5,541		5,541		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	5,543	\$	5,543	\$	16,615	\$	11,072

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FUND DESCRIPTIONS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Enterprise funds are used to account for the financing of costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis that are financed or recovered primarily through user charges. Following is a description of the City's enterprise funds:

Major Enterprise Funds

Sewer Fund

This fund accounts for the sanitary sewer services provided to the residents and commercial users of the City. The costs of providing these services are financed primarily through user charges.

Water Fund

This fund accounts for revenues generated from the charges for the treatment and provision of water to the residents and commercial users of the City.

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

Refuse Fund

This fund accounts for the operations of providing refuse waste removal to the residents and commercial users located within the City.

Utility Deposit Fund

This fund accounts for the deposits used to provide water service to the residents and commercial users of the City.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

SEWER FUND

	Budgete	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Operating revenues:					
Charges for services	\$ 6,528,222	\$ 7,405,000	\$ 7,083,840	\$ (321,160)	
Other	71,409	81,000	73,688	(7,312)	
Total operating revenues	6,599,631	7,486,000	7,157,528	(328,472)	
Operating expenses:					
Personal services	1,613,547	1,792,173	1,689,227	102,946	
Contract services	576,491	640,311	603,531	36,781	
Materials and supplies	252,547	280,505	264,392	16,113	
Administrative costs	48,088	53,411	50,343	3,068	
Utilities	345,009	383,203	361,191	22,012	
Capital outlay	5,185,241	5,759,267	5,428,441	330,826	
Total operating expenses	8,020,923	8,908,870	8,397,125	511,746	
Operating loss	(1,421,292)	(1,422,870)	(1,239,597)	183,274	
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):					
Interest revenue	76,478	86,750	74,623	(12,127)	
Intergovernmental	-	-	37,500	37,500	
Sale of capital assets	-	-	10,364	10,364	
Bonds issued	1,167,062	1,323,805	1,323,805	-	
Issuance of loans	1,544,298	1,751,706	3,401,767	1,650,061	
Principal retirement	(3,699,587)	(4,109,145)	(3,873,107)	236,038	
Interest and fiscal charges	(635,218)	(705,539)	(665,011)	40,528	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(1,546,967)	(1,652,423)	309,941	1,962,364	
Loss before capital					
contributions and transfers	(2,968,259)	(3,075,293)	(929,656)	2,145,638	
Capital contributions	-	-	16,787	16,787	
Transfers in	469,177	532,190	532,190	-	
Transfers out	(925,874)	(1,028,372)	(969,300)	59,072	
Net change in fund equity	(3,424,956)	(3,571,475)	(1,349,979)	2,221,497	
Fund equity at beginning of year	1,186,032	1,186,032	1,186,032	-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	3,389,310	3,389,310	3,389,310	-	
Fund equity at end of year	\$ 1,150,386	\$ 1,003,867	\$ 3,225,363	\$ 2,221,497	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

WATER FUND

	Budgete	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
	Original	Final	Actual		
One weating wavenusses					
Operating revenues: Charges for services	\$ 4,829,095	\$ 6,410,000	\$ 6,382,873	\$ (27,127)	
Tap-in fees	15,067	20,000	24,976	4,976	
Other	61,776	82,000	63,511	(18,490)	
Total operating revenues	4,905,938	6,512,000	6,471,360	(40,641)	
Operating expenses:					
Personal services	1,400,803	1,854,716	1,738,921	115,795	
Contract services	662,528	877,212	822,446	54,766	
Materials and supplies	733,085	970,633	910,034	60,599	
Administrative costs	8,938	11,834	11,095	739	
Utilities	299,337	396,334	371,590	24,744	
Capital outlay	1,842,863	2,440,017	2,287,684	152,333	
Other	1,245	1,649	1,546	103	
Total operating expenses	4,948,799	6,552,395	6,143,316	409,079	
Operating income (loss)	(42,861)	(40,395)	328,044	368,439	
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):					
Interest revenue	26,368	35,000	44,160	9,160	
Bonds issued	1,696,622	2,252,047	2,252,047	-	
Sale of capital assets	-	-	18,535	18,535	
Principal retirement	(2,227,220)	(2,948,923)	(2,764,816)	184,107	
Interest and fiscal charges	(235,915)	(312,360)	(292,859)	19,501	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(740,145)	(974,236)	(742,933)	231,303	
Loss before transfers	(783,006)	(1,014,631)	(414,890)	599,742	
Transfers in	250,262	332,190	332,190	-	
Transfers out	(587,977)	(778,504)	(729,900)	48,604	
Net change in fund equity	(1,120,721)	(1,460,945)	(812,600)	648,346	
Fund equity at beginning of year	1,718,228	1,718,228	1,718,228	-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	1,218,238	1,218,238	1,218,238	-	
Fund equity at end of year	\$ 1,815,745	\$ 1,475,521	\$ 2,123,866	\$ 648,346	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2020

		Refuse		Utility Deposit	Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		
Assets:	-	Refuse		Deposit	Effect	prise runus	
Current assets:							
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	167,908	\$	-	\$	167,908	
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):							
Accounts		108,394		-		108,394	
Total current assets		276,302		-		276,302	
Noncurrent assets:							
Restricted assets:							
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents		-		434,111		434,111	
Cash in segregated accounts		76,835		-		76,835	
Total noncurrent assets		76,835	-	434,111	-	510,946	
Total assets		353,137		434,111		787,248	
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable		80,243		-		80,243	
Current liabilities:							
Payable from restricted assets:							
Refundable deposits		-		434,111		434,111	
Total liabilities		80,243		434,111		514,354	
Net position:							
Unrestricted		272,894		-		272,894	
Total net position	\$	272,894	\$	-	\$	272,894	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Refuse		Refuse Utility Deposit			Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds			
Operating revenues:									
Charges for services	\$	1,130,337	\$	-	\$	1,130,337			
Total operating revenues		1,130,337				1,130,337			
Operating expenses:									
Utilities		1,048,600		-		1,048,600			
Total operating expenses		1,048,600				1,048,600			
Change in net position		81,737		-		81,737			
Net position at beginning of year		191,157		-		191,157			
Net position at end of year	\$	272,894	\$		\$	272,894			

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

		Refuse		Utility Deposit	Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		
Cash flows from operating activities:		_	-			•	
Cash received from charges for services	\$	1,021,943	\$	54,650	\$	1,076,593	
Cash payments for utilities		(1,017,675)		(24,525)		(1,042,200)	
Net cash provided by			,		,		
operating activities		4,268		30,125		34,393	
Net change in cash and							
cash equivalents		4,268		30,125		34,393	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		240,475		403,986		644,461	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	244,743	\$	434,111	\$	678,854	
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:							
Operating income	\$	81,737	\$	-	\$	81,737	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:							
Changes in assets and liabilities:							
Change in accounts receivable		(108,394)		-		(108,394)	
Change in accounts payable		30,925		-		30,925	
Change in utility deposits payable				30,125		30,125	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	4,268	\$	30,125	\$	34,393	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) REFUSE FUND

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)	
Operating revenues:								
Charges for services	\$	1,073,000	\$	1,073,000	\$	1,021,943	\$	(51,057)
Total operating revenues		1,073,000		1,073,000		1,021,943		(51,057)
Operating expenses:								
Utilities		1,008,620		1,008,620		953,892		54,728
Total operating expenses		1,008,620		1,008,620		953,892		54,728
Income before transfers		64,380		64,380		68,051		3,671
Transfers out		(64,380)		(64,380)		(64,380)		
Net change in fund equity		-		-		3,671		3,671
Fund equity at beginning of year		164,237		164,237		164,237		_
Fund equity at end of year	\$	164,237	\$	164,237	\$	167,908	\$	3,671

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

UTILITY DEPOSIT FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 $\,$

		Budgeted	l Amoun	its			Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)		
Operating revenues:									
Charges for services	\$	65,000	\$	65,000	\$	54,650	\$	(10,350)	
Total operating revenues		65,000		65,000		54,650		(10,350)	
Operating expenses:									
Utilities		65,000		65,000		24,525		40,475	
Total operating expenses		65,000		65,000		24,525		40,475	
Net change in fund equity		-		-		30,125		30,125	
Fund equity at beginning of year		403,986		403,986		403,986		-	
Fund equity at end of year	\$	403,986	\$	403,986	\$	434,111	\$	30,125	

FUND DESCRIPTIONS - FIDUCIARY FUNDS

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

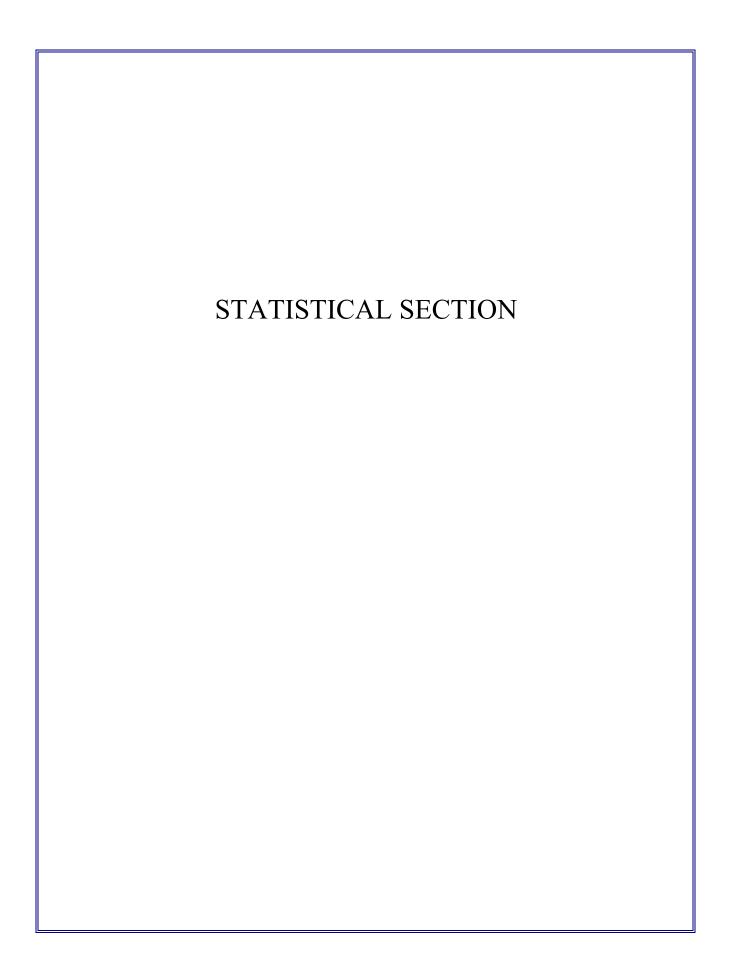
Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity, or as an agency for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. The City's only fiduciary fund is a custodial fund.

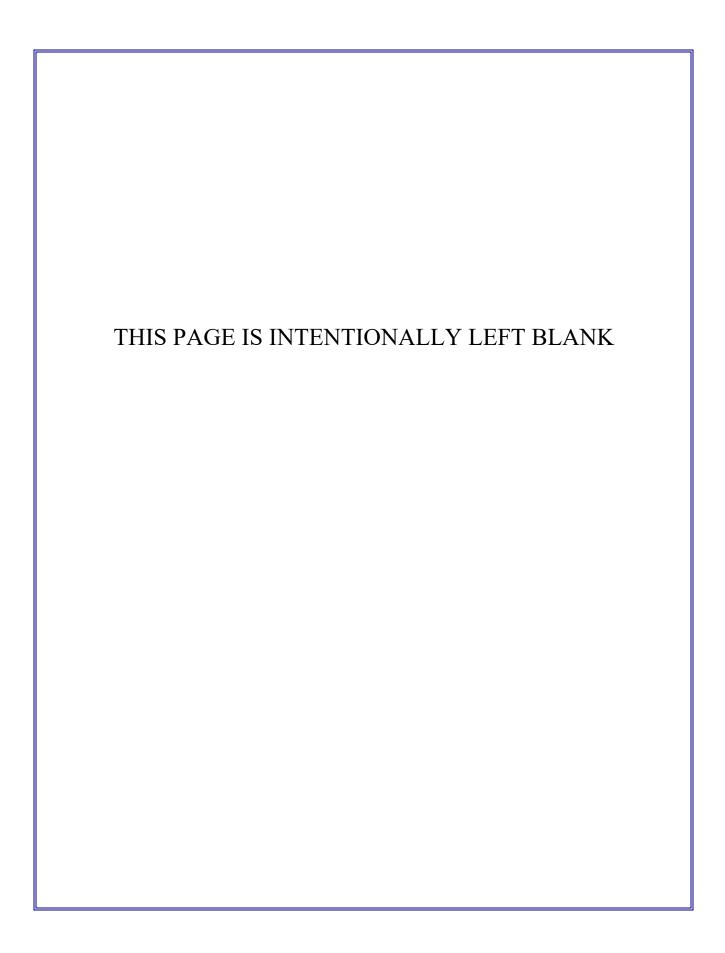
CUSTODIAL FUND

Custodial funds maintain assets held by the City as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds. These funds are purely custodial (assets equal liabilities) and therefore do not involve the measurement of results. Following is a description of the City's custodial fund:

Municipal Court Fund

This fund accounts for assets received and disbursed by the municipal court as an agent or custodian related to various court matters and cases.





CITY OF DEFIANCE, OHIO STATISTICAL SECTION

The Statistical Section presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the preceding sections says about the City's overall financial health. It differs from the financial statements in that it usually covers more than one year and may present non-accounting data. For this reason, the Statistical Section is unaudited.

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Schedules 1-4 reflect financial trends data to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	194-203
Schedules 5-6 reflect revenue capacity and help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the income tax.	204-207
Schedules 7-11 reflect debt capacity and help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	208-217
Schedules 12-13 offer demographic and economic information to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place, and to provide information that facilitates comparisons of financial information over time and among governments.	218-219
Schedules 14-16 contain operating information to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	220-225

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the City's annual financial reports for the relevant year.

SCHEDULE 1 NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2020	2019		2018		2017
Governmental activities:					-	
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 26,012,948	\$	22,525,710	\$ 20,731,337	\$	17,918,840
Restricted for:						
Capital projects	1,013,383		5,541	16,045		230,490
Debt service	766,012		724,312	727,762		715,831
Transportation projects	260,362		234,083	209,713		307,179
Safety projects	367,872		281,348	318,949		374,231
Special projects	478,583		509,327	472,256		428,765
Community environment projects	34,824		43,751	41,132		61,637
Economic development projects	1,356,350		1,396,153	1,461,066		1,469,015
Health projects	5,287		5,517	4,702		3,919
Museum trust	663,389		592,939	510,001		386,049
Other purposes	494,603		438,440	400,524		384,394
Unrestricted (deficit)	(12,897,102)		(12,137,396)	(17,439,157)		(12,862,265)
Total governmental activities	 18,556,511		14,619,725	 7,454,330		9,418,085
Business-type activities:						
Net investment in capital assets	44,812,994		41,221,061	37,714,003		35,185,014
Unrestricted	1,597,298		2,553,073	4,054,501		4,915,912
Total business-type activities	 46,410,292		43,774,134	41,768,504		40,100,926
Total primary government:						
Net investment in capital assets	70,825,942		63,746,771	58,445,340		53,103,854
Restricted	5,440,665		4,231,411	4,162,150		4,361,510
Unrestricted	(11,299,804)		(9,584,323)	(13,384,656)		(7,946,353)
Total primary government	\$ 64,966,803	\$	58,393,859	\$ 49,222,834	\$	49,519,011

 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013	 2012	 2011
\$ 16,547,338	\$ 14,972,611	\$ 14,422,564	\$ 14,481,473	\$ 14,851,497	\$ 14,739,970
178,127	_	48,399	_	7,844	7,820
722,733	720,585	714,360	683,737	844,314	1,085,623
427,612	804,151	892,276	712,739	581,289	497,741
455,825	527,162	506,120	553,081	498,201	618,436
378,716	344,976	315,471	292,143	263,351	234,068
41,220	54,699	16,832	19,132	47,820	4,804
1,774,767	1,943,972	2,214,522	2,134,556	2,114,679	1,909,300
3,161	1,422	526	3,094	6,684	5,861
332,600	-	-	-	-	-
297,697	423,454	261,533	250,264	156,255	247,085
(3,140,465)	(2,901,972)	 (4,364,958)	 3,354,535	 2,850,904	4,013,245
 18,019,331	 16,891,060	 15,027,645	 22,484,754	 22,222,838	 23,363,953
32,132,408	28,739,028	26,579,042	21,292,299	21,768,542	18,422,430
7,059,023	7,495,520	6,746,040	8,057,987	4,474,787	5,003,212
39,191,431	36,234,548	33,325,082	29,350,286	26,243,329	23,425,642
48,679,746	43,711,639	41,001,606	35,773,772	36,620,039	33,162,400
4,612,458	4,820,421	4,970,039	4,648,746	4,520,437	4,610,738
 3,918,558	4,593,548	2,381,082	 11,412,522	 7,325,691	 9,016,457
\$ 57,210,762	\$ 53,125,608	\$ 48,352,727	\$ 51,835,040	\$ 48,466,167	\$ 46,789,595

SCHEDULE 2 CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

		2020		2019		2018		2017
Program revenues:								
Governmental activities:								
Charges for services and sales:								
General government	\$	613,679	\$	639,330	\$	645,560	\$	637,646
Security of persons and property		1,171,351		1,275,018		1,242,279		1,093,831
Public health and welfare		83,646		71,663		63,167		69,450
Community environment		93,248		146,803		94,890		113,649
Leisure time activity		2,000		30,482		26,432		32,492
Economic development		-		96,670		127,841		118,907
Operating grants and contributions		3,238,068		1,762,295		1,437,649		1,340,732
Capital grants and contributions		2,019,938		1,065,338		936,029		793,763
Total governmental activities		7,221,930		5,087,599		4,573,847		4,200,470
Business-type activities:								
Charges for services and sales:								
Sewer		7,108,089		7,412,701		7,289,055		7,274,344
Water		6,440,487		5,826,201		5,587,145		5,559,843
Refuse		1,130,337		934,540		983,244		964,424
Capital grants and contributions		27,083		187,930		166,875		505,586
Total business-type activities		14,705,996		14,361,372		14,026,319		14,304,197
Total primary government	\$	21,927,926	\$	19,448,971	\$	18,600,166	\$	18,504,667
Expenses:								
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$	3,804,175	\$	4,271,614	\$	3,816,649	\$	3,644,171
Security of persons and property	Ψ	8,462,178	Ψ	1,838,646	Ψ	8,250,948	Ψ	7,320,631
Public health and welfare		395,628		463,193		408,324		361,793
Transportation		2,158,810		2,186,816		2,166,138		1,977,817
Community environment		746,462		981,167		881,242		791,726
Leisure time activity		616,210		863,666		869,990		787,699
Economic development		327,664		145,816		2,225,249		363,603
Utility services		-		-		_,,		-
Interest and fiscal charges		228,526		200,761		169,254		117,760
Total governmental activities		16,739,653		10,951,679		18,787,794	-	15,365,200
Business-type activities:		10,755,005		10,501,075		10,707,77	-	10,000,200
Sewer		5,757,708		6,012,562		5,839,400		5,783,646
Water		5,481,227		5,560,402		5,410,444		5,440,424
Refuse		1,048,600		990,111		1,291,284		938,888
Total business-type activities		12,287,535		12,563,075		12,541,128		12,162,958
Total primary government	\$	29,027,188	\$	23,514,754	\$	31,328,922	\$	27,528,158
Not (supplied to the supplied								
Net (expense) revenue:	¢	(0.517.722)	¢	(F. 9(4.090)	ø	(14 212 047)	¢	(11.164.720)
Governmental activities	\$	(9,517,723)	\$	(5,864,080)	\$	(14,213,947)	\$	(11,164,730)
Business-type activities	<u>•</u>	2,418,461	•	1,798,297	Φ.	1,485,191	•	2,141,239
Total primary government	\$	(7,099,262)	\$	(4,065,783)	\$	(12,728,756)	\$	(9,023,491)

	2016		2015		2014		2013		2012		2011
\$	596,553	\$	586,116	\$	442,820	\$	552,784	\$	391,824	\$	367,422
	1,076,534		1,171,564		1,060,229		1,198,534		1,130,824		1,191,219
	85,339		66,674		105,452		69,403		68,467		68,689
	104,629		90,988		98,521		75,598		109,874		73,168
	32,632		22,450		15,065		16,729		25,780		23,133
	116,665		110,454		128,563		20,567		21,715		573
	1,413,213		1,863,760		1,613,806		1,420,889		1,752,458		1,863,347
	2,561,591		677,251		475,707		982,639		489,168		1,056,917
	5,987,156		4,589,257		3,940,163		4,337,143		3,990,110		4,644,468
	7,033,171		7,036,691		6,842,532		6,252,710		6,388,276		6,113,369
	5,919,633		5,931,419		5,800,439		5,900,065		6,031,392		5,415,327
	952,016		945,507		907,542		885,936		876,007		819,619
	287,275		239,844		414,190		158,860		-		-
Φ.	14,192,095	Φ.	14,153,461	Φ.	13,964,703	Φ.	13,197,571	Φ.	13,295,675	_	12,348,315
\$	20,179,251	\$	18,742,718	\$	17,904,866	\$	17,534,714	\$	17,285,785	\$	16,992,783
\$	3,585,624 7,462,722	\$	3,641,100 6,405,325	\$	2,943,207 5,490,081	\$	3,154,896 5,516,843	\$	3,065,260 5,725,571	\$	2,817,789 5,429,001
	413,763		333,559		283,541		259,593		237,991		244,943
	2,875,847		1,785,648		1,726,774		2,070,218		2,257,425		1,746,391
	586,442		424,611		422,575		464,158		600,805		475,458
	878,295		722,802		647,226		777,604		820,217		650,516
	283,231		662,026		458,031		681,350		888,011		903,603
	-		-		-		-		-		5,335
	118,987		119,328		118,383		121,774		124,912		83,200
	16,204,911		14,094,399		12,089,818		13,046,436		13,720,192		12,356,236
	5,358,623		5,386,271		4,955,025		4,769,476		5,313,868		4,691,866
	5,033,472		4,920,630		4,448,309		5,068,496		4,746,280		4,406,534
	1,038,273		1,011,149		973,524		787,148		828,551		785,210
_	11,430,368	_	11,318,050		10,376,858		10,625,120		10,888,699		9,883,610
\$	27,635,279	\$	25,412,449	\$	22,466,676	\$	23,671,556	\$	24,608,891	\$	22,239,846
\$	(10,217,755)	\$	(9,505,142)	\$	(8,149,655)	\$	(8,709,293)	\$	(9,730,082)	\$	(7,711,768)
Ψ	2,761,727	Ψ	2,835,411	Ψ	3,587,845	Ψ	2,572,451	Ψ	2,406,976	Ψ	2,464,705
\$	(7,456,028)	\$	(6,669,731)	\$	(4,561,810)	\$	(6,136,842)	\$	(7,323,106)	\$	(5,247,063)
	(1,100,020)		(0,007,701)		(.,001,010)		(3,120,012)		(1,525,130)		(2,2.7,000)

- - Continued

SCHEDULE 2 CHANGES IN NET POSITION (CONTINUED) LAST TEN YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

		2020	2019	2018	2017
General revenues and other changes in net positio	n:		 		
Governmental activities:					
Income taxes levied for:					
General purposes	\$	7,110,922	\$ 7,159,892	\$ 6,949,666	\$ 6,871,036
Special purposes		1,787,636	1,851,209	1,776,295	1,758,540
Capital purposes		1,683,991	1,820,629	1,746,952	1,729,490
Property taxes levied for:					
General purposes		589,906	611,307	577,777	560,928
Special purposes		453,367	539,819	550,250	540,131
Grants and entitlements not restricted					
to specific programs		347,125	314,117	277,998	256,159
Investment earnings		123,741	163,562	136,595	109,024
Payments in lieu of taxes		-	-	-	-
Change in fair value of investments		314,194	249,100	(76,555)	(8,649)
Miscellaneous		1,028,138	304,351	148,069	204,560
Transfers		15,489	15,489	(15,718)	(48,876)
Total governmental activities		13,454,509	 13,029,475	 12,071,329	11,972,343
Business-type activities:			 	 	
Investment earnings		96,399	152,184	136,321	106,219
Miscellaneous		136,787	70,638	26,237	71,863
Transfers		(15,489)	(15,489)	15,718	48,876
Special items		-	-	-	-
Total business-type activities		217,697	 207,333	 178,276	226,958
Total primary government	\$	13,672,206	\$ 13,236,808	\$ 12,249,605	\$ 12,199,301
Change in net position:					
Governmental activities	\$	3,936,786	\$ 7,165,395	\$ (2,142,618)	\$ 807,613
Business-type activities		2,636,158	2,005,630	1,663,467	2,368,197
Total primary government	\$	6,572,944	\$ 9,171,025	\$ (479,151)	\$ 3,175,810

 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013	 2012	 2011
\$ 6,527,709	\$ 6,481,829	\$ 6,015,181	\$ 5,760,134	\$ 5,540,859	\$ 5,209,705
1,658,961	1,642,395	1,495,912	24,562	23,028	21,871
1,631,555	1,628,533	1,521,532	1,411,401	1,381,685	1,312,258
603,781	593,210	620,421	550,030	523,667	521,650
520,946	487,238	439,290	412,283	403,551	365,707
276,974	249,294	387,599	524,815	768,909	1,096,255
65,862	38,491	5,153	32,216	25,118	19,885
-	-	-	67,034	66,732	82,256
10,967	(17,150)	-	-	-	-
142,151	258,453	431,790	247,289	201,507	101,646
(92,880)	 6,264	 (1,737,268)	(58,555)	(346,089)	(50,409)
 11,346,026	 11,368,557	 9,179,610	 8,971,209	 8,588,967	 8,680,824
74,504	43,082	37,063	30,295	19,942	14,382
27,772	37,237	63,592	107,946	44,680	263,944
92,880	(6,264)	1,737,268	58,555	346,089	50,409
 	 <u> </u>	 	337,710	<u>-</u> _	_
 195,156	 74,055	 1,837,923	534,506	410,711	328,735
\$ 11,541,182	\$ 11,442,612	\$ 11,017,533	\$ 9,505,715	\$ 8,999,678	\$ 9,009,559
\$ 1,128,271	\$ 1,863,415	\$ 1,029,955	\$ 261,916	\$ (1,141,115)	\$ 969,056
 2,956,883	 2,909,466	 5,425,768	3,106,957	 2,817,687	2,793,440
\$ 4,085,154	\$ 4,772,881	\$ 6,455,723	\$ 3,368,873	\$ 1,676,572	\$ 3,762,496

SCHEDULE 3 FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017
General fund:				
Nonspendable	\$ 16,132	\$ 5,792	\$ 5,748	\$ 3,785
Committed	-	-	-	-
Assigned	935,795	691,268	1,420,441	325,076
Unassigned	 4,713,906	 3,785,296	3,297,366	 4,059,005
Total general fund	 5,665,833	 4,482,356	 4,723,555	 4,387,866
All other governmental funds:				
Nonspendable	57,094	57,094	33,990	25,796
Restricted	5,579,091	4,883,331	4,641,501	4,508,700
Committed	2,151,492	1,180,411	479,067	1,080,278
Assigned	2	1	-	-
Unassigned (deficit)	 	 (2,402)	 	 (105,436)
Total all other governmental funds	 7,787,679	6,118,435	 5,154,558	 5,509,338
Total governmental funds	\$ 13,453,512	\$ 10,600,791	\$ 9,878,113	\$ 9,897,204

2016	 2015	2014	 2013	 2012	2011
\$ 3,677	\$ 3,488	\$ 1,414	\$ 93	\$ 93 8,165	\$ 87
351,793 3,505,898	61,305 3,176,273	 81,324 2,538,419	200,750 1,638,857	 535,956 1,050,874	 364,029 1,255,774
 3,861,368	 3,241,066	 2,621,157	 1,839,700	 1,595,088	 1,619,890
45,395	62,290	47,100	33,615	37,124	23,882
4,865,781 535,260	5,080,218 1,200,258	4,651,756 867,404	4,372,647 1,212,727	4,223,607 1,037,169	4,345,580 2,073,285
 -	 -	 (90,666)	 (498,051)	 -	
 5,446,436	 6,342,766	 5,475,594	 5,120,938	 5,297,900	 6,442,747
\$ 9,307,804	\$ 9,583,832	\$ 8,096,751	\$ 6,960,638	\$ 6,892,988	\$ 8,062,637

SCHEDULE 4

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN YEARS

(MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

		2020		2019		2018		2017
Revenues:								
Income taxes	\$	10,339,096	\$	10,895,274	\$	10,449,350	\$	10,525,260
Property and other local taxes	Ψ	1,043,729	Ψ	1,142,991	Ψ	1,145,427	Ψ	1,108,298
Payments in lieu of taxes		-		-,,		-		-,,
Charges for services		756,636		710,456		690,802		654,361
Licenses, permits and fees		293,411		367,730		322,344		303,024
Fines and forfeitures		483,831		717,982		755,519		830,344
Intergovernmental		5,614,129		3,222,914		2,488,778		2,324,995
Special assessments		118,686		124,530		115,280		138,504
Investment income		154,474		200,368		171,684		137,310
Donations		185,647		165,250		299,308		160,970
Change in fair value of investments		314,194		249,100		(76,555)		(8,649)
Other		1,019,693		345,641		453,559		232,926
Total revenues		20,323,526		18,142,236		16,815,496		16,407,343
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government		3,672,888		3,406,703		3,298,065		3,186,798
Security of persons and property		7,366,041		7,700,894		6,867,820		6,498,441
Public health and welfare		515,077		313,033		310,489		275,466
Transportation		1,099,409		973,132		1,044,641		1,065,310
Community environment		621,839		711,550		733,652		639,132
Leisure time activity		562,927		703,338		656,339		624,519
Economic development		327,664		145,816		2,225,249		562,262
Capital outlay		3,967,576		2,772,141		5,000,472		2,514,477
Debt service:		2,507,670		2,7,72,111		2,000,.72		_,01.,.,,
Principal retirement		719,898		712,564		326,312		320,558
Interest and fiscal charges		151,465		201,058		124,779		129,861
Bond issuance costs		86,815		-		13,000		-
Total expenditures		19,091,599		17,640,229		20,600,818		15,816,824
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		1,231,927		502,007		(3,785,322)		590,519
Other financing sources (uses):								
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		(2,546,709)		-		-		-
Premium on notes issued		-		-		-		9,616
Bond issuance		3,565,000		-		3,363,000		-
Premium on bond issuance		81,458		-		-		-
Capital lease transaction		320,345		196,924		-		-
Transfers in		4,754,209		5,743,508		5,543,926		4,748,928
Transfers (out)		(4,738,720)		(5,728,019)		(5,528,437)		(4,777,509)
Issuance of loans		-		-		-		-
Sale of capital assets		185,211		8,258		116,961		17,846
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,620,794		220,671		3,495,450		(1,119)
Net change in fund balances	\$	2,852,721	\$	722,678	\$	(289,872)	\$	589,400
Capital expenditures	\$	5,444,187	\$	2,819,516	\$	4,809,994	\$	2,749,728
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures		6.38%		6.16%		2.86%		3.45%

	2016		2015		2014		2013		2012		2011
\$	9,819,596	\$	9,731,224	\$	9,059,983	\$	6,859,653	\$	6,934,078	\$	6,645,815
Ψ	1,115,263	Ψ	1,093,043	Ψ	1,031,890	Ψ.	967,412	Ψ	937,902	Ψ	907,400
	-,,		-,-,-,-,-		-,,		67,034		66,732		82,256
	682,231		752,932		677,255		752,837		671,448		664,054
	264,417		288,432		303,813		369,843		259,187		280,571
	745,139		736,546		741,019		790,492		796,536		795,442
	3,933,444		2,782,356		2,346,937		2,846,068		2,943,779		3,932,905
	119,791		122,734		34,246		36,196		40,992		41,695
	102,619		87,084		57,564		85,328		88,827		78,555
	415,498		123,066		52,343		7,553		6,480		40,284
	10,967		(17,150)		-		-		-		-
	153,871		285,692		429,910		245,989		198,445		99,346
	17,362,836		15,985,959		14,734,960		13,028,405		12,944,406		13,568,323
	3,091,634		3,400,259		2,845,060		2,740,480		2,624,218		2,729,651
	6,387,578		6,007,907		5,505,787		5,179,234		5,223,915		5,162,340
	291,343		282,332		252,955		224,443		207,560		215,876
	1,401,327		933,455		873,971		845,468		1,003,738		1,090,575
	483,181		385,516		407,403		426,724		506,585		527,416
	650,598		615,564		557,923		552,903		595,366		543,357
	386,731		662,026		492,102		681,350		888,011		903,603
	4,516,353		1,795,440		2,551,370		3,101,258		3,775,372		1,721,528
	319,823		318,923		331,625		184,686		164,543		106,308
	121,399		121,741		120,850		124,250		147,398		52,821
	-		-		-		-		-		75,000
	17,649,967		14,523,163		13,939,046		14,060,796		15,136,706		13,128,475
	(287,131)		1,462,796		795,914		(1,032,391)		(2,192,300)		439,848
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		4,075,000
	-		-		-		-		-		42,588
	-		-		196,890		-		-		42,388
	4,264,652		4,260,305		4,200,300		380,000		410,000		1,459,967
	(4,258,724)		(4,254,041)		(4,167,713)		(388,085)		(499,681)		(1,467,197)
	(4,230,724)		(4,234,041)		110,722		1,108,126		1,112,332		(1,407,177)
	5,175		19.021		110,722		1,100,120		1,112,332		_
	11,103		18,021 24,285		340,199		1,100,041		1,022,651		4,110,358
\$	(276,028)	\$	1,487,081	\$	1,136,113	\$	67,650	\$	(1,169,649)	\$	4,550,206
\$	3,387,670	\$	1,705,584	\$	1,314,436	\$	1,957,981	\$	2,299,108	\$	1,781,679
Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	
	3.09%		3.44%		3.58%		2.55%		2.43%		1.40%

SCHEDULE 5 INCOME TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE LAST TEN YEARS (CASH-BASIS)

	 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017
Income tax rate	1.80%	1.80%	1.80%	1.80%
Income tax receipts:				
Employee withholding	\$ 8,158,736	\$ 8,101,466	\$ 7,936,162	\$ 7,651,716
% of total	77.6%	74.3%	76.8%	73.9%
Corporate	1,325,483	1,758,665	1,411,990	1,693,685
% of total	12.6%	16.1%	13.7%	16.4%
Individuals	1,031,047	1,038,572	979,305	1,004,008
% of total	9.8%	9.5%	9.5%	9.7%
Total income tax receipts	\$ 10,515,266	\$ 10,898,703	\$ 10,327,457	\$ 10,349,409

Source: City of Defiance Income Tax

 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013	 2012	 2011
1.80%	1.80%	1.80%	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%
\$ 7,264,772 73.0%	\$ 6,966,593 72.6%	\$ 6,515,630 73.2%	\$ 5,425,774 79.8%	\$ 5,792,726 83.2%	\$ 5,533,044 82.6%
1,470,360 14.8%	1,561,195 16.3%	1,417,159 15.9%	706,863 10.4%	744,150 10.7%	701,004 10.5%
1,223,337 12.3%	1,072,016 11.2%	962,614 10.8%	668,325 9.8%	427,740 6.1%	461,777 6.9%
\$ 9,958,469	\$ 9,599,804	\$ 8,895,403	\$ 6,800,962	\$ 6,964,616	\$ 6,695,825

SCHEDULE 6 INCOME TAX RATES AND ALLOCATION BY FUND LAST TEN YEARS (CASH-BASIS)

	 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017
Tax Rate Components:				
General operations	1.195%	1.195%	1.195%	1.195%
Police and fire	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%
Capital improvements	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%
Street maintenance	0.005%	0.005%	0.005%	0.005%
Total income tax rate	 1.80%	 1.80%	 1.80%	 1.80%
Allocation of Receipts:				
General fund	\$ 6,980,033	\$ 7,234,559	\$ 6,855,366	\$ 6,869,938
% of total	66.85%	66.38%	66.38%	66.38%
Police and fire fund	1,752,895	1,816,814	1,721,587	1,725,247
% of total	16.79%	16.67%	16.67%	16.67%
Capital improvements fund	1,678,781	1,816,814	1,721,587	1,725,246
% of total	16.08%	16.67%	16.67%	16.67%
SCMR fund (street maintenance)	29,443	30,561	28,917	28,978
% of total	0.28%	0.28%	0.28%	0.28%
Total income tax allocated	\$ 10,441,152	\$ 10,898,748	\$ 10,327,457	\$ 10,349,409

Note: Section 181.01 of the Codified Ordinances of the City of Defiance sets the current income tax rate as follows:

One-half percent (0.5%) for the purposes of general municipal operation, replacement of equipment and the extension, and enlargement and improvement of municipal services and facilities for the City. This portion is allocated to the general fund.

One-half percent (0.5%) to provide funds for the purpose of making capital improvements, improving streets, storm sewers and present recreational facilities, and general improvement of municipal services and facilities for the City. Per Section 181.25, ninety-nine percent of this portion of the tax (0.495%) is allocated to general municipal operations, and one percent of this portion of the tax (0.005%) is allocated to the Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund (SCMR).

Three-tenths percent (0.3%) to provide funds for the purpose of making capital improvements only. This portion is allocated to the capital fund.

Two-tenths percent (0.2%) to provide funds for the purpose of operation of all departments and divisions supported through the general fund. This portion of the tax became effective in June of 2005.

Three-tenths percent (0.3%) to provide funds for the purpose of operation of the police and fire divisions within the department of service and safety. This portion of the tax is allocated to the police and fire fund, and became effective in January of 2014.

Source: City of Defiance Income Tax Division.

	2016	 2015	 2014	 2013	 2012	 2011
	1.195%	1.195%	1.195%	1.195%	1.195%	1.195%
	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%
	0.005%	0.005%	0.005%	0.005%	0.005%	0.005%
-	1.80%	1.80%	1.80%	1.50%	1.50%	 1.50%
\$	6,610,431 66.38%	\$ 6,381,313 66.47%	\$ 6,110,345 68.69%	\$ 5,417,017 79.65%	\$ 5,548,478 79.67%	\$ 5,334,329 79.67%
	1,660,077	1,589,045	1,225,003	_	-	_
	16.67%	16.55%	13.77%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
	1,660,077	1,602,533	1,534,374	1,360,193	1,392,923	1,339,176
	16.67%	16.69%	17.25%	20.00%	20.00%	20.00%
	27,884	26,913	25,681	23,752	23,215	22,320
	0.28%	0.28%	0.29%	0.35%	0.33%	0.33%
\$	9,958,469	\$ 9,599,804	\$ 8,895,403	\$ 6,800,962	\$ 6,964,616	\$ 6,695,825

SCHEDULE 7 RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN YEARS

		2020		2019		2018		2017
Governmental activities:								
General obligation bonds payable Special assessment bonds payable	\$	4,492,196	\$	3,832,065	\$	4,270,189	\$	3,089,313
Land acquisition bonds payable		1,777,952		1,890,482		2,000,000		_
OWDA loans payable		1,515,267		1,631,826		1,748,385		1,864,944
Capital lease obligations		481,460		196,924		50,487		80,240
Business-type activities:								
General obligation bonds payable ⁴		8,892,765		9,807,326		8,240,123		6,270,992
Special assessment bonds payable		-		-		-		-
Bond anticipation notes		-		-		-		-
OWDA loans payable		28,470,646		27,249,919		28,006,203		27,048,372
OPWC loans payable		2,164,916		2,164,916		2,299,029		2,452,740
Total primary government	\$	47,795,202	\$	46,773,458	\$	46,614,416	\$	40,806,601
Debt per capita:								
City population ¹		16,990		16,634		16,653		16,705
Outstanding debt per capita	\$	2,813	\$	2,812	\$	2,799	\$	2,443
Debt as percentage of personal income	:							
Personal income ²	\$	713,630,970	\$	692,181,020	\$	691,765,620	\$	659,212,710
Percentage of personal income	Ψ	6.70%	Ψ	6.76%	Ψ	6.74%	Ψ.	6.19%
Business-type debt per customer:								
Number of customers ³		6,650		6,615		6,611		6,593
Outstanding debt per customer	\$	5,944	\$	5,929	\$	5,830	\$	5,426

Notes and sources:

¹U.S. Census Bureau.

 $^{^2} U.S.\ Department\ of\ Commerce,\ Bureau\ of\ Economic\ Analysis\ (Defiance\ Micropolitan\ Statistical\ Area).$

³Number of water customers per the City of Defiance Utility Billing Office.

⁴Includes unamortized bond premiums.

2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
 		_	 _		
\$ 3,266,437	\$ 3,443,561	\$ 3,620,685	\$ 3,792,809 13,043	\$ 3,964,933 27,729	\$ 4,117,057 42,272
1,981,503 109,239	2,098,062 137,503	2,214,437 165,051	2,220,458	1,112,332	-
7,429,523 44,070 - 28,469,070 1,523,808	 5,743,854 53,631 2,704,000 30,198,958 155,661	6,477,095 62,672 3,139,000 31,533,115 217,232	7,175,337 71,222 3,574,000 32,532,365 289,420	 7,848,578 79,307 2,986,000 31,610,089 371,573	8,486,820 86,952 3,493,000 32,816,389 451,992
\$ 42,823,650	\$ 44,535,230	\$ 47,429,287	\$ 49,668,654	\$ 48,000,541	\$ 49,494,482
\$ 16,671 2,569	\$ 16,763 2,657	\$ 16,862 2,813	\$ 16,926 2,934	\$ 17,044 2,816	\$ 17,152 2,886
\$ 645,567,804 6.63%	\$ 626,567,414 7.11%	\$ 629,121,220 7.54%	\$ 616,614,180 8.06%	\$ 585,461,400 8.20%	\$ 571,298,816 8.66%
\$ 6,654 5,631	\$ 6,649 5,844	\$ 6,635 6,244	\$ 6,669 6,544	\$ 6,619 6,481	\$ 6,641 6,827

SCHEDULE 8 RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN YEARS

	 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017
Population ¹	16,990	16,634	16,653	16,705
Assessed value ²	\$ 330,183,710	\$ 328,938,220	\$ 322,565,510	\$ 309,257,400
General bonded debt: General obligation bonds payable ³	\$ 13,384,961	\$ 13,639,391	\$ 12,510,312	\$ 9,360,305
Ratio of net bonded debt to assessed value	4.05%	4.15%	3.88%	3.03%
Net bonded debt per capita	\$ 788	\$ 820	\$ 751	\$ 560

Note: The amount restricted for debt service on the statement of net position is not for general obligation debt; therefore, it is not included on this schedule.

Sources:

¹U.S. Census Bureau.

²Defiance County Auditor.

³Includes unamortized bond premiums.

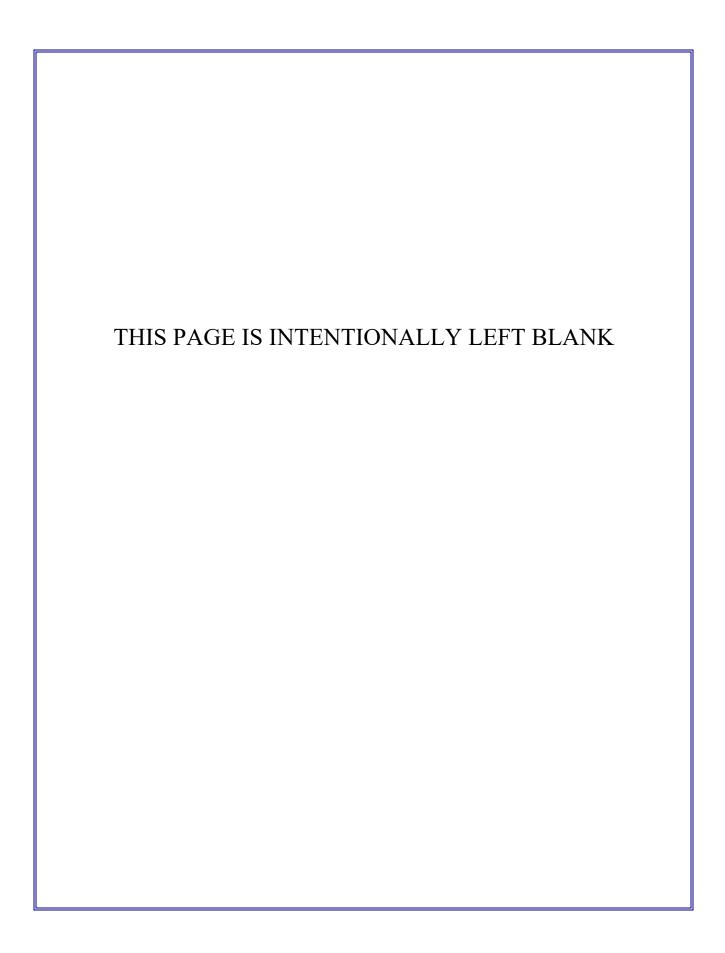
 2016		2015		2014		2013		2012		2011	
16,671		16,763		16,862		16,926		17,044		17,152	
\$ 309,257,400	\$	320,277,520	\$	319,027,680	\$	299,057,480	\$	300,457,400	\$	276,385,000	
\$ 10,695,960	\$	9,187,415	\$	10,097,780	\$	10,968,146	\$	11,813,511	\$	12,603,877	
3.46%		2.87%		3.17%		3.67%		3.93%		4.56%	
\$ 642	\$	548	\$	599	\$	648	\$	693	\$	735	

SCHEDULE 9 DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2020

Jurisdiction		overnmental tivities Debt outstanding	Percentage Applicable to City	 Amount Applicable to City
Direct - City of Defiance	\$	8,266,875	100.00%	\$ 8,266,875
Overlapping Debt:				
Defiance County		1,939,940	30.57%	593,040
Defiance City School District		21,540,000	82.85%	17,845,890
Ayersville Local School District		12,935,976	22.40%	2,897,659
Four County Career Center Joint Vocational School District		2,200,000	8.32%	183,040
Northeastern Local School District		22,805,000	20.78%	4,738,879
Total overlapping debt		61,420,916		 26,258,508
Total direct and overlapping debt	\$	69,687,791		\$ 34,525,383

Note: The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the City's taxable assessed property values that is within the subdivision's boundaries and dividing it by the City's total taxable assessed property values.

Source: Ohio Municipal Advisory Council.



SCHEDULE 10 LEGAL DEBT MARGIN LAST TEN YEARS

	2020	2019	2018	2017
Total assessed property value	\$ 330,183,710	\$ 328,938,220	\$ 322,565,510	\$ 309,257,400
Overall legal debt limit (10 1/2 % of assessed valuation)	34,669,290	34,538,513	33,869,379	32,472,027
Debt outstanding:				
General obligation bonds payable ²	13,059,000	13,391,914	12,188,205	8,963,568
Special assessment bonds payable	-	-	-	-
Land acquisition bonds payable	1,777,952	1,890,482	2,000,000	-
Bond anticipation notes OWDA loans payable	29,985,913	28,881,745	29,754,588	28,913,316
OPWC loans payable	2,164,916	2,164,916	2,299,029	2,452,740
Total gross indebtedness	46,987,781	46,329,057	46,241,822	40,329,624
1				
Less ¹ :				
General obligation bonds payable ²	8,647,000	9,584,914	7,945,205	5,903,568
Special assessment bonds payable	-	-	-	-
Bond anticipation notes OWDA loans payable	29,985,913	28,881,745	29,754,588	28,913,316
OPWC loans payable	2,164,916	2,164,916	2,299,029	2,452,740
or we loans payable	2,104,710	2,104,710	2,277,027	2,432,740
Total net debt applicable to debt limit	6,189,952	5,697,482	6,243,000	3,060,000
Add: debt service fund equity	636,946	621,729	602,796	592,151
Legal debt margin within				
10 1/2 % limitation	\$ 29,116,284	\$ 29,462,760	\$ 28,229,175	\$ 30,004,178
Legal debt margin as a percentage				
of the debt limit	83.98%	85.30%	83.35%	92.40%
Unvoted debt limit	18,160,104	18,091,602	17,741,103	17,009,157
Unvoted legal debt margin within				
5 1/2 % limitation	\$ 18,160,104	\$ 18,091,602	\$ 17,741,103	\$ 17,009,157
Unvoted legal debt margin as a percentag				
of the unvoted debt limit	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

Notes:

¹Self-supporting and enterprise fund debt are not considered in the calculation of legal debt margin.

²Excludes unamortized bond premiums.

 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013	 2012	 2011
\$ 309,257,400	\$ 320,277,520	\$ 319,027,680	\$ 299,057,480	\$ 300,457,400	\$ 276,385,000
32,472,027	33,629,140	 33,497,906	 31,401,035	 31,548,027	 29,020,425
10,224,593	8,860,000	9,725,000	10,550,000	11,350,000	12,095,000
44,070	53,631	62,672	84,265	107,036	129,224
-	2,704,000	3,139,000	3,574,000	2,986,000	3,493,000
30,450,573	32,297,020	33,747,552	34,752,823	31,610,089	32,816,389
1,523,808	155,661	 217,232	 289,420	 371,573	 451,992
 42,243,044	 44,070,312	 46,891,456	 49,250,508	 46,424,698	 48,985,605
6,989,593	5,450,000	6,140,000	6,795,000	7,425,000	8,020,000
44,070	53,631	62,672	84,265	107,036	129,224
, <u>-</u>	2,704,000	3,139,000	3,574,000	2,986,000	3,493,000
30,450,573	32,297,020	33,747,552	34,752,823	31,610,089	32,816,389
1,523,808	155,661	217,232	289,420	371,573	451,992
		 _	 	_	_
 3,235,000	 3,410,000	 3,585,000	 3,755,000	 3,925,000	 4,075,000
570,714	565,440	556,615	620,652	765,828	1,007,820
<u> </u>	<u> </u>				
\$ 29,807,741	\$ 30,784,580	\$ 30,469,521	\$ 28,266,687	\$ 28,388,855	\$ 25,953,245
91.80%	91.54%	90.96%	90.02%	89.99%	89.43%
17,009,157	17,615,264	 17,546,522	 16,448,161	16,525,157	 15,201,175
\$ 17,009,157	\$ 17,615,264	\$ 17,546,522	\$ 16,448,161	\$ 16,525,157	\$ 15,201,175
100.000/	100.000/	100.0007	100.0007	100.0007	100.0007
100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

SCHEDULE 11 PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE LAST TEN YEARS

	 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017
OWDA Loans - Sewer System ¹				
Gross revenues ²	\$ 7,240,951	\$ 7,531,248	\$ 7,396,693	\$ 7,380,647
Direct operating expenses ³	3,387,604	3,811,476	3,724,229	3,779,418
Net revenue available for debt service	3,853,347	3,719,772	3,672,464	3,601,229
Annual debt service requirement ⁴	2,277,403	2,607,941	2,383,430	2,376,078
Coverage	1.69	1.43	1.54	1.52
OWDA Loans - Water Reservoir				
Gross revenues ²	\$ 6,540,811	\$ 5,930,476	\$ 5,642,065	\$ 5,626,240
Direct operating expenses ³	4,081,762	4,230,353	4,148,073	4,205,112
Net revenue available for debt service	2,459,049	1,700,123	1,493,992	1,421,128
Annual debt service requirement ⁴	433,656	433,466	433,283	433,107
Coverage	5.67	3.92	3.45	3.28

Notes:

Source: City of Defiance Finance Department.

¹Includes multiple Ohio Water Development Authority loans used for an ongoing, multi-year combined sewer separation project. ²Gross revenues are derived from sewer and water customer user charges, and include interest revenue.

³Direct operating expenses do not include depreciation expense.
⁴Includes only principal and interest payments associated with pledged revenues.

2016	2015	2014	2013	2012		2011
	_	_	_		·	
\$ 7,091,386	\$ 7,091,366	\$ 6,895,460	\$ 6,270,952	\$ 6,437,330	\$	6,364,585
3,274,574	3,128,395	2,820,670	3,035,848	3,664,100		2,954,268
3,816,812	3,962,971	4,074,790	3,235,104	2,773,230		3,410,317
2,342,678	2,388,868	2,321,512	2,087,309	2,905,438		3,061,015
1.63	1.66	1.76	1.55	0.95		1.11
\$ 5,957,319	\$ 5,957,063	\$ 5,843,398	\$ 6,030,551	\$ 6,045,464	\$	5,442,437
3,729,053	3,484,253	3,061,255	3,712,770	3,328,556		2,885,831
 2,228,266	2,472,810	2,782,143	2,317,781	2,716,908		2,556,606
432,939	438,506	438,506	438,505	438,506		431,761
5.15	5.64	6.34	5.29	6.20		5.92

SCHEDULE 12 DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN YEARS

			Pe	r Capita	Public	Un	employment Rate	es ⁴
		Total Personal		ersonal	School	Defiance	State of	United
Year	Population ¹	Income ²	I	ncome ²	Enrollment ³	County	Ohio	States
2020	16,990	\$ 713,630,970	\$	42,003	2,620	8.2%	8.1%	8.1%
2019	16,634	690,976,360		41,540	2,649	4.2%	4.1%	3.7%
2018	16,653	691,765,620		41,540	2,730	4.4%	4.6%	3.9%
2017	16,705	659,212,710		39,462	2,714	4.3%	4.9%	4.1%
2016	16,671	645,567,804		38,724	2,723	4.8%	4.9%	4.9%
2015	16,763	626,567,414		37,378	2,607	4.3%	4.6%	5.6%
2014	16,862	629,121,220		37,310	2,650	5.4%	5.7%	6.2%
2013	16,926	616,614,180		36,430	2,723	7.2%	7.4%	7.4%
2012	17,044	585,461,400		34,350	2,657	7.4%	7.4%	8.1%
2011	17,152	571,298,816		33,308	2,654	9.2%	8.7%	8.9%

Notes and Sources:

¹U.S. Census Bureau.

²U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis (Defiance Micropolitan Statistical Area).

³Defiance City Schools.

⁴U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics (annual average). Annual average unemployerment is skewed high in 2020 due to a few exceptionally high monthly figures in the early stages of the COVID-19 pandemic/shutdown.

SCHEDULE 13 PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

	Tax Year 2019							
Employer	Employees ¹	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment					
Employer	Employees		City Employment					
Johns Manville Corporation (MFG)	729	1	3.36%					
Mayville Engineering Company - MEC (MFG)	643	2	2.97%					
Defiance City Schools	551	3	2.54%					
Wal Mart (RETAIL)	468	4	2.16%					
Defiance College	454	5	2.09%					
Defiance County	431	6	1.99%					
Meijer (RETAIL)	424	7	1.96%					
Defiance Regional Medical Center	386	8	1.78%					
B&B Molded Plastics (MFG)	384	9	1.77%					
Menard's (RETAIL)	276	10	1.27%					
	4,746		21.89%					

		Tax Year 20	
			Percentage of Total
Employer	Employees ¹	Rank	City Employment
Johns Manville Corporation (MFG)	784	1	4.27%
Defiance Metal Products (MFG)	700	2	3.81%
Defiance College	698	3	3.80%
General Motors Company (MFG)2	592	4	3.22%
Defiance City Schools	528	5	2.88%
Defiance Regional Medical Center	365	6	1.99%
Defiance County	362	7	1.97%
Wal Mart (RETAIL)	353	8	1.92%
Fauster-Cameron (HLTH)	330	9	1.80%
Meijer (RETAIL)	248	10	1.35%
	4,960	=	27.01%
Total Employment Within the City	18 350		

Total Employment Within the City

18,359

Notes:

¹Employee figures are based on the number of W-2 forms filed with the City Income Tax Division and do not necessarily represent full-time equivalent positions. Furthermore, rank is based on this number, and does not necessarily correspond to a ranking by gross wages or amount of employee tax withheld.

Source: City of Defiance Income Tax Division.

²The information for tax year 2019 and tax year 2010 is the most current information covering a ten-year period available as of December 31, 2020.

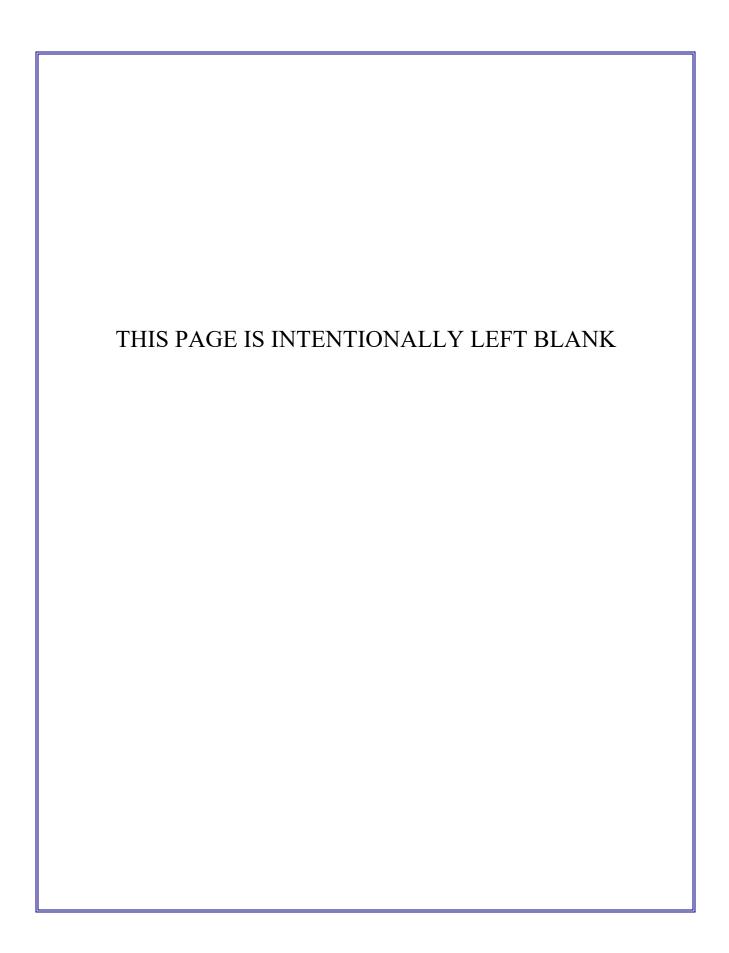
SCHEDULE 14 FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT POSITION BY FUNCTION/DIVISION LAST TEN YEARS

Council*	Function/Division	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Council*	General Government:										
Municipal Court 14.0 13.8 14.0 13.5 13.3 12.9 13.0 12.5 13.5 13.8 Mayor 2.0 3.3 3.8 3.8 3.7 3.8 3.8 3.7 3.8 3.8 3.7 3.8 3.8 3.7 3.8 3.8 3.7 3.8 3.8 3.7 3.8 3.5 3.5 3.4 3.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 <td></td> <td>4.5</td>		4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5
Mayor	Municipal Court										
Administrator 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0	-										
Finance 4.8 4.8 4.8 4.8 4.9 4.3 3.8 3.8 3.7 3.8 Law 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.4 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.4 3.0 3.3 3.8 Civil Service* 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5				1.0	1.0			1.0		1.0	1.0
Law		4.8						3.8			
Civil Service* 0.5 1.0	Law	3.0		3.0							
Income Tax	Civil Service*	0.5			0.5			0.5			
Buildings and Land 2.2 2.6 2.5 2.2 2.1 1.9 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 Engineer 7.9 8.6 9.2 9.1 6.9 5.4 6.6 5.7 6.5 5.6 5.6 40.9 41.8 42.5 42.0 39.6 37.0 37.4 35.6 37.6 38.3 38.3 Security of Persons and Property: Police 34.7 36.8 34.7 33.4 33.9 33.2 34.1 31.3 31.1 31.7 51.2 31.2 31.2 31.3 31.1 31.7 31.2 31.3 31.1 31.7 31.2 31.3 31.1 31.7 31.2 31.3 31.1	Income Tax		1.0	1.0	1.0		1.0	1.0		1.0	
Engineer 7.9 8.6 9.2 9.1 6.9 5.4 6.6 5.7 6.5 5.6 40.9 41.8 42.5 42.0 39.6 37.0 37.4 35.6 37.6 38.3 Security of Persons and Property: Police 34.7 36.8 34.7 33.4 33.9 33.2 34.1 31.3 31.1 31.7 Fire 43.0 48.5 38.9 37.7 38.4 37.8 35.2 29.7 28.7 30.6 77.7 85.3 73.6 71.1 72.3 71.0 69.3 61.0 59.8 62.3 Leisure Time Activities: Parks and Recreation 5.4 8.0 7.9 7.2 8.3 7.1 7.9 7.7 7.8 7.2 Cemetery 3.6 4.8 5.0 4.2 4.4 4.4 4.2 3.8 3.0 2.9 Cultural/Historian* 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 9.5 13.3 13.4 11.9 13.1 12.0 12.6 12.0 11.3 10.6 Community Development: Building Inspections 1.6 1.6 2.2 2.0 2.3 1.8 1.9 2.5 2.1 1.6 Transportation: Streets 10.2 10.5 10.6 10.2 10.3 10.8 11.6 9.6 10.1 11.1 Utility Services: Utility Services: Utility Billing 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 5.8 6.1 6.4 6.8 6.1 6.1 Water Treatment/Distribution 19.0 20.0 19.9 20.1 19.8 19.9 21.5 19.7 20.1 19.9 Wastewater Treatment/Collection 18.1 20.2 19.6 19.9 20.0 18.5 20.3 18.0 18.3 18.9 43.1 46.2 45.5 46.0 45.6 44.5 44.5 44.5 44.5 44.5 44.5 44.8 44.5		2.2		2.5			1.9	1.6		1.6	
Security of Persons and Property: Police		7.9	8.6	9.2	9.1	6.9	5.4	6.6	5.7	6.5	5.6
Police 34.7 36.8 34.7 33.4 33.9 33.2 34.1 31.3 31.1 31.7 Fire 43.0 48.5 38.9 37.7 38.4 37.8 35.2 29.7 28.7 30.6 77.7 85.3 73.6 71.1 72.3 71.0 69.3 61.0 59.8 62.3 Leisure Time Activities: Parks and Recreation 5.4 8.0 7.9 7.2 8.3 7.1 7.9 7.7 7.8 7.2 Cemetery 3.6 4.8 5.0 4.2 4.4 4.4 4.2 3.8 3.0 2.9 Cultural/Historian* 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5	č										
Fire 43.0 48.5 38.9 37.7 38.4 37.8 35.2 29.7 28.7 30.6 77.7 85.3 73.6 71.1 72.3 71.0 69.3 61.0 59.8 62.3 Leisure Time Activities: Parks and Recreation 5.4 8.0 7.9 7.2 8.3 7.1 7.9 7.7 7.8 7.2 Cemetery 3.6 4.8 5.0 4.2 4.4 4.4 4.2 3.8 3.0 2.9 Cultural/Historian* 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5	Security of Persons and Property:										
Leisure Time Activities: Parks and Recreation 5.4 8.0 7.9 7.2 8.3 7.1 7.9 7.7 7.8 7.2		34.7	36.8	34.7	33.4	33.9	33.2	34.1	31.3	31.1	31.7
Leisure Time Activities: Parks and Recreation 5.4 8.0 7.9 7.2 8.3 7.1 7.9 7.7 7.8 7.2 Cemetery 3.6 4.8 5.0 4.2 4.4 4.4 4.2 3.8 3.0 2.9 Cultural/Historian* 0.5 </td <td>Fire</td> <td>43.0</td> <td>48.5</td> <td>38.9</td> <td>37.7</td> <td>38.4</td> <td>37.8</td> <td>35.2</td> <td>29.7</td> <td>28.7</td> <td>30.6</td>	Fire	43.0	48.5	38.9	37.7	38.4	37.8	35.2	29.7	28.7	30.6
Parks and Recreation 5.4 8.0 7.9 7.2 8.3 7.1 7.9 7.7 7.8 7.2 Cemetery 3.6 4.8 5.0 4.2 4.4 4.4 4.2 3.8 3.0 2.9 Cultural/Historian* 0.5 0.2 0.0 0.0		77.7	85.3	73.6	71.1	72.3	71.0	69.3	61.0	59.8	62.3
Cemetery Cultural/Historian* 3.6 4.8 5.0 4.2 4.4 4.4 4.2 3.8 3.0 2.9 Cultural/Historian* 0.5 0.1 1.6 0.2 2.0 10.3 10.8 11.6 9.6 10.1 <td>Leisure Time Activities:</td> <td></td>	Leisure Time Activities:										
Cultural/Historian* 0.5 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.0 2.0 2.3 1.8 1.9 2.5 2.1 1.6 Transportation: Streets 10.2 10.3 10.8 11.6 9.6 10.1 11.1 Utility Services: Utility Billing 6.0 6.0	Parks and Recreation	5.4	8.0	7.9	7.2	8.3	7.1	7.9	7.7	7.8	7.2
P.5 13.3 13.4 11.9 13.1 12.0 12.6 12.0 11.3 10.6	Cemetery	3.6	4.8	5.0	4.2	4.4	4.4	4.2	3.8	3.0	2.9
Community Development: Building Inspections 1.6 1.6 2.2 2.0 2.3 1.8 1.9 2.5 2.1 1.6 Transportation: Streets 10.2 10.5 10.6 10.2 10.3 10.8 11.6 9.6 10.1 11.1 Utility Services: Utility Billing 6.0 6.0 6.0 5.8 6.1 6.4 6.8 6.1 6.1 Water Treatment/Distribution 19.0 20.0 19.9 20.1 19.8 19.9 21.5 19.7 20.1 19.9 Wastewater Treatment/Collection 18.1 20.2 19.6 19.9 20.0 18.5 20.3 18.0 18.3 18.9 43.1 46.2 45.5 46.0 45.6 44.5 48.2 44.5 44.5 44.5	Cultural/Historian*										
Building Inspections 1.6 1.6 2.2 2.0 2.3 1.8 1.9 2.5 2.1 1.6 Transportation: Streets Streets 10.2 10.5 10.6 10.2 10.3 10.8 11.6 9.6 10.1 11.1 Utility Services: Utility Billing 6.0 6.0 6.0 5.8 6.1 6.4 6.8 6.1 6.1 Water Treatment/Distribution 19.0 20.0 19.9 20.1 19.8 19.9 21.5 19.7 20.1 19.9 Wastewater Treatment/Collection 18.1 20.2 19.6 19.9 20.0 18.5 20.3 18.0 18.3 18.9 43.1 46.2 45.5 46.0 45.6 44.5 48.2 44.5 44.5 44.5		9.5	13.3	13.4	11.9	13.1	12.0	12.6	12.0	11.3	10.6
Transportation: Streets 10.2 10.5 10.6 10.2 10.3 10.8 11.6 9.6 10.1 11.1 Utility Services: Utility Billing 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 5.8 6.1 6.4 6.8 6.1 6.1 Water Treatment/Distribution 19.0 20.0 19.9 20.1 19.8 19.9 21.5 19.7 20.1 19.9 Wastewater Treatment/Collection 18.1 20.2 19.6 19.9 20.0 18.5 20.3 18.0 18.3 18.9 43.1 46.2 45.5 46.0 45.6 44.5 48.2 44.5 44.5 44.5	Community Development:										
Streets 10.2 10.5 10.6 10.2 10.3 10.8 11.6 9.6 10.1 11.1 Utility Services: Utility Billing 6.0 6.0 6.0 5.8 6.1 6.4 6.8 6.1 6.1 Water Treatment/Distribution 19.0 20.0 19.9 20.1 19.8 19.9 21.5 19.7 20.1 19.9 Wastewater Treatment/Collection 18.1 20.2 19.6 19.9 20.0 18.5 20.3 18.0 18.3 18.9 43.1 46.2 45.5 46.0 45.6 44.5 48.2 44.5 44.5 44.9	Building Inspections	1.6	1.6	2.2	2.0	2.3	1.8	1.9	2.5	2.1	1.6
Utility Services: Utility Billing 6.0 6.0 6.0 5.8 6.1 6.4 6.8 6.1 6.1 Water Treatment/Distribution 19.0 20.0 19.9 20.1 19.8 19.9 21.5 19.7 20.1 19.9 Wastewater Treatment/Collection 18.1 20.2 19.6 19.9 20.0 18.5 20.3 18.0 18.3 18.9 43.1 46.2 45.5 46.0 45.6 44.5 48.2 44.5 44.5 44.9	Transportation:										
Utility Billing 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 5.8 6.1 6.4 6.8 6.1 6.1 Water Treatment/Distribution 19.0 20.0 19.9 20.1 19.8 19.9 21.5 19.7 20.1 19.9 Wastewater Treatment/Collection 18.1 20.2 19.6 19.9 20.0 18.5 20.3 18.0 18.3 18.9 43.1 46.2 45.5 46.0 45.6 44.5 48.2 44.5 44.5 44.9	Streets	10.2	10.5	10.6	10.2	10.3	10.8	11.6	9.6	10.1	11.1
Water Treatment/Distribution 19.0 20.0 19.9 20.1 19.8 19.9 21.5 19.7 20.1 19.9 Wastewater Treatment/Collection 18.1 20.2 19.6 19.9 20.0 18.5 20.3 18.0 18.3 18.9 43.1 46.2 45.5 46.0 45.6 44.5 44.5 44.5 44.5 44.5 44.5	Utility Services:										
Wastewater Treatment/Collection 18.1 20.2 19.6 19.9 20.0 18.5 20.3 18.0 18.3 18.9 43.1 46.2 45.5 46.0 45.6 44.5 44.5 44.5 44.5 44.5	Utility Billing	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	5.8	6.1	6.4	6.8	6.1	6.1
43.1 46.2 45.5 46.0 45.6 44.5 48.2 44.5 44.5 44.5	Water Treatment/Distribution	19.0	20.0	19.9	20.1	19.8	19.9	21.5	19.7	20.1	19.9
	Wastewater Treatment/Collection	18.1			19.9	20.0					18.9
Total 183.0 198.7 187.8 183.2 183.2 177.1 181.0 165.2 165.3 168.8		43.1	46.2	45.5	46.0	45.6	44.5	48.2	44.5	44.5	44.9
	Total	183.0	198.7	187.8	183.2	183.2	177.1	181.0	165.2	165.3	168.8

^{*} Part-time salaried positions count as 0.5 each.

Note: The numbers shown reflect total annual labor hours divided by annual hours in a full-time schedule--typically 2,080 hours--and include all full-time, part-time, seasonal, and overtime hours worked.

Source: City of Defiance Finance Department.



SCHEDULE 15 OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN YEARS

Function/Program	2020	2019	2018	2017
General Government:				
General fund beginning balance (cash)	\$3,177,167	\$3,546,284	\$3,699,172	\$3,041,951
General fund revenues (cash)	11,079,000	10,803,107	12,298,444	10,394,316
General fund expenditures (cash)	9,788,381	11,172,224	12,451,332	9,737,095
General fund ending balance (cash)	\$4,467,786	\$3,177,167	\$3,546,284	\$3,699,172
Municipal Court:				
Cases heard and closed	6,431	9,047	9,782	10,749
Police:				
Total calls for services	16,678	20,486	17,934	20,434
Traffic violations	778	1,249	1,428	1,509
Motor vehicle accidents	603	769	789	832
Criminal arrests	1,054	1,045	1,110	1,417
Fire/Emergency Medical Services:				
Fire calls	88	508	565	487
EMS calls	2,335	2,111	2,268	2,356
Fire safety inspections	844	1,062	1,176	1,078
Building Inspections:				
Construction permits issued	1,116	1,029	970	1,070
Estimated value of construction	\$10,032,134	\$7,859,091	\$6,817,870	\$8,003,585
Recreation:				
Swimming pool memberships ⁽¹⁾	0	34	35	68
Shelter house rentals	26	62	61	59
Streets:				
Salt usage (tons)	819	706	814	481
Cost of salt purchased	\$59,641	\$59,113	\$54,697	\$31,818
Water:				
Water customers	6,653	6,615	6,611	6,593
Water main breaks repaired	38	10	31	23
Water Pollution Control:				
Sewer lines cleaned/repaired (ft.)	6,525	59,178	65,189	68,220
Sewer customers	52,667	6,484	6,483	6,466

Sources: Various City of Defiance Divisions.

⁽¹⁾ Swimming pool was closed during 2020 due to COVID-19.

2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
\$2,305,035	\$1,929,849	\$1,159,602	\$1,239,095	\$1,376,242	\$1,511,693
9,881,035	9,740,976	9,491,539	8,709,434	8,831,048	8,901,881
9,144,119	9,365,790	8,721,292	8,788,927	8,968,195	9,037,332
\$3,041,951	\$2,305,035	\$1,929,849	\$1,159,602	\$1,239,095	\$1,376,242
9,191	9,163	9,761	9,832	9,688	9,572
17,517	16,964	18,203	18,353	21,030	23,194
1,349	1,236	1,571	1,983	1,485	1,590
830	896	909	805	846	826
1,132	1,322	1,596	2,045	2,031	2,164
410	437	415	603	629	474
2,088	2,189	1,841	1,439	1,477	1,609
1,361	1,409	1,019	1,142	1,296	848
1,151	998	897	925	1,007	937
\$8,078,849	\$5,035,057	\$5,649,615	\$5,902,162	\$6,253,697	\$4,913,011
52	38	51	50	55	40
51	55	61	45	57	54
0.57	401	1.001	010	706	0.52
957	491	1,021	918	706	953
\$73,628	\$45,376	\$55,316	\$42,371	\$47,986	\$64,961
((51	6.640	6.625	((()	((10	(((1
6,654	6,649	6,635	6,669	6,619	6,641
18	30	32	50	0	49
85,143	70,100	84,500	76,000	86,440	32,304
6,513	6,492	6,495	6,523	6,422	6,438
0,313	0,492	0,493	0,323	0,422	0,438

SCHEDULE 16 CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN YEARS

Function/Program	2020	2019	2018	2017
Police:				
Stations	1	1	1	1
Vehicles	17	16	15	14
Fire/EMS:				
Stations	1	2	1	1
Vehicles - Fire	8	9	9	9
Vehicles - EMS	3	3	5	3
Parks and Recreation:				
Parks	10	9	8	8
Pools	1	1	1	1
Splash Pads	1	1	1	0
Tennis courts	8	8	8	8
Sand volleyball courts	2	2	2	2
Basketball courts	5	5	4	4
Ball fields	13	13	12	12
Park shelter houses	15	14	13	13
Streets:				
Streets (miles)	131.3	130.3	128.64	128.50
Vehicles	16	17	18	18
Water:				
Water lines (miles)	184.82	184.82	184.82	184.82
Towers	2	2	2	2
Tower capacity	2.0 mg	2.0 mg	2.0 mg	2.0 mg
Reservoir capacity	350 mg	350 mg	350 mg	350 mg

Sources: Various City of Defiance Divisions.

2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
1	1	1	1	1
13	13	13	12	12
1	1	1	1	1
	9	10	9	9
3	3	3	3	3
8	8	1	8	8
1	1	1	1	1
0	0	0	0	0
8	8	8	8	8
2	2	2	2	2
4	4	4	4	4
13	14	14	14	14
13	13	13	13	13
127.80	122.80	142.00	142.00	110.12
18	17	18	18	17
151.80	151.80	151.80	126.37	125.62
3	3	3	3	3
1.6 mg	1.6 mg	1.6 mg	1.6 mg	1.6 mg
350 mg	350 mg	350 mg	350 mg	350 mg
	1 13 1 9 3 8 1 0 8 2 4 13 13 13 127.80 18	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 9 9 9 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 1.6 mg 1.6 mg	1 1 1 1 13 13 13 13 1 1 1 1 9 9 10 3 3 3 3 3 8 8 1 1 0 0 0 0 8 8 8 8 2 2 2 2 4 4 4 4 13 14 14 14 13 13 13 13 127.80 122.80 142.00 18 151.80 151.80 151.80 3 3 3 3 3 1.6 mg 1.6 mg 1.6 mg	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 9 9 10 9 9 3 1.6 mg 1.6 mg

CITY OF DEFIANCE

DEFIANCE COUNTY, OHIO

SINGLE AUDIT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020



CITY OF DEFIANCE DEFIANCE COUNTY, OHIO

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CITY OF DEFIANCE DEFIANCE COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ PASS THROUGH GRANTOR/ PROGRAM/CLUSTER TITLE	PASS-THROUGH ENTITY IDENTIFYING NUMBER / ADDITIONAL AWARD IDENTIFICATION	FEDERAL CFDA NUMBER	TOTAL FEDERAL EXPENDITURES
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT Passed Through Ohio Development Services Agency Community Development Block Grant (Formula Grant) Community Development Block Grant (Economic Development)	A-F-18-2BD-1 A-E-19-2BD-1	14.228 14.228	\$ 480,000 129,538
Community Development Block Grant (Critical Infrastructure) Total Community Development Block Grant	A-X-18-2BD-1	14.228	500,000 1,109,538
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			1,109,538
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE Direct			
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program		16.607	4,232
Total U.S. Department of Justice			4,232
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION Passed Through Ohio Department of Transportation			
Highway Planning and Construction Cluster: Highway Planning and Construction			
DEF SR 15 16.56 Cleveland Ave Total Highway Planning and Construction Cluster	103689	20.205	120,623 120,623
Total U.S. Department of Transportation			120,623
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY			
Passed Through Ohio Office of Budget and Management COVID-19 - Coronavirus Relief Fund	COVID-19 - HB481-CRF-Local	21.019	1,195,343
Total U.S. Department of Treasury			1,195,343
U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY			
Passed Through Ohio Environmental Protection Agency Great Lakes Program	GLRI 553-2019	66.469	8,700
Total U.S. Environmental Protection Agency			8,700
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Direct			
COVID-19 - Provider Relief Fund	COVID-19	93.498	21,666
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			21,666
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY Direct			
Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP)	FEMA-DR-4360.03R-OH	97.039	643,660
Assistance to Firefighters Grant COVID-19 - Assistance to Firefighters Grant Total Assistance to Firefighters Grant	EMW-2018-FO-00687 EMW-2020-FG-00273	97.044 97.044	2,473 983 3,456
Staffing for Adequate Fire and Emergency Response (SAFER)	EMS-2017-FH-00133	97.083	261,503
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security			908,619
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 3,368,721

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CITY OF DEFIANCE DEFIANCE COUNTY

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION & SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the City of Defiance (the City) under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2020. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Government, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the City. Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE 2 – INDIRECT COST RATE

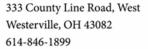
The City has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE 3 - MATCHING REQUIREMENTS

Certain Federal programs require the City to contribute non-Federal funds (matching funds) to support the Federally-funded programs. The City has met its matching requirements. The Schedule does not include the expenditure of non-Federal matching funds.

NOTE 4 – COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT (CDBG) and HOME INVESTMENT PARTNERSHIPS PROGRAM (HOME) GRANT PROGRAMS with REVOLVING LOAN CASH BALANCE

The City has a revolving loan fund (RLF) program to provide low-interest loans to businesses to create jobs for low to moderate income persons and also to lend money to eligible persons to rehabilitate homes. The federal Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) grants money for these loans to the City, passed through the Ohio Department of Development. The Schedule reports loans made and administrative costs as disbursements on the Schedule. Subsequent loans are subject to the same compliance requirements imposed by HUD as the initial loans, but are not included as disbursements on the Schedule. The current cash balance on the City's local program income account as of December 31, 2020, is \$680,215.





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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

City of Defiance Defiance County 631 Perry Street Defiance, Ohio 43512

To the Members of Council and Mayor:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Defiance, Defiance County, Ohio, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Defiance's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated July 29, 2021, wherein we noted as described in Note 3 to the financial statements, the City of Defiance adopted Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. Furthermore, as described in Note 23 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the City of Defiance.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Defiance's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Defiance's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Defiance's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City of Defiance's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

City of Defiance Defiance County

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Defiance's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Defiance's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Defiance's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Julian & Grube, Inc.

Julian & Sube, the.

July 29, 2021



333 County Line Road, West Westerville, OH 43082 614-846-1899

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Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance and on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

City of Defiance Defiance County 631 Perry Street Defiance, Ohio 43512

To the Members of Council and Mayor:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Defiance's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City of Defiance's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2020. The City of Defiance's major federal programs are identified in the *Summary of Auditor's Results* section of the accompanying schedule of findings.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City of Defiance's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City of Defiance's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City of Defiance's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the City of Defiance complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2020.

City of Defiance **Defiance County**

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance and on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance Page 2

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the City of Defiance is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City of Defiance's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Defiance's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Defiance, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Defiance's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated July 29, 2021, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our opinion also explained that the City of Defiance adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities during the year. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Julian & Grube, Inc.

Julian & Sube, the.

July 29, 2021

CITY OF DEFIANCE DEFIANCE COUNTY, OHIO

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 DECEMBER 31, 2020

	1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS				
(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified			
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No			
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No			
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No			
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No			
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No			
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified			
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?	No			
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (listed):	21.019 - COVID-19 - Coronavirus Relief Fund, 14.228 - Community Development Block Grant			
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: >\$750,000 Type B: all others			
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	No			

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None.

3. FINDINGS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None.



CITY OF DEFIANCE

DEFIANCE COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 9/21/2021

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370