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Members of City Council City of Warrensville Heights 4743 Richmond Road Warrensville Heights, Ohio 44128

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the City of Warrensville Heights, Cuyahoga County, prepared by James G. Zupka, CPA, Inc., for the audit period January 1, 2020 through December 31, 2020. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The City of Warrensville Heights is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

August 19, 2021

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CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Prepared by:

Karen Howse, Director of Finance

and Department of Finance

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City of Warrensville Heights

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> Karen A. Howse Finance Director

Bradley D. Sellers Mayor

June 28, 2021

Honorable Members of City Council and Citizens of Warrensville Heights Warrensville Heights, Ohio 44128

We are pleased to submit the *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City of Warrensville Heights* for the year end of December 31, 2020. This report enables the City to comply with the Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (B), which requires reporting on a Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) basis. It is also in compliance with the Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38, which requires the cities that are reporting on a GAAP basis to file unaudited basic financial statements with the Auditor of State. This report is submitted to satisfy that requirement.

Management assumes full responsibility for both the completeness and reliability of the information contained within this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal controls that has been established for this purpose. The cost of internal controls should not exceed anticipated benefits; therefore, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

James G. Zupka, C.P.A., Inc., a CPA firm, has issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the City of Warrensville Heights' financial statements for the year end of December 31, 2020. The *Independent Auditor's Report* is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the *Independent Auditor's Report* and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. The *MD&A* complements this letter of transmittal, and should be read in conjunction with it as a document of reference.

The City and Form of Government

The City of Warrensville Heights, Ohio is located in the southeast portion of Cuyahoga County, eight miles from downtown Cleveland. The City was incorporated as a village in 1927, and became a city in 1960. The City has 13,542 residents (10.4% less than 2000 data) according to the 2010 data from the United States Census Bureau.

The City is in the Cleveland Primary Metropolitan Statistical Area, which is comprised of the six counties of Ashtabula, Cuyahoga, Geauga, Lake, Lorain, and Medina. The City is also in the Cleveland-Akron-Lorain Consolidated Metropolitan Statistical Area, which is the 11th most populous in the country.

The City operates under, and is governed by, its Charter which was adopted in 1958 by its voters, and was last amended in 2010. The City is also subject to certain general laws applicable to all Ohio cities. Under the Ohio Constitution, the City may exercise all local self-government and police powers to the extent that none are in conflict with applicable general laws.

The Charter provides for a mayor-council form of government.

Legislative authority is vested in a seven member Council. Formerly, the seven Council members were elected-at-large every two years, and served staggered terms so that no more than four members of Council would be elected at any biennial election. At the municipal election in November 2002, the electors of the City voted to amend the City Charter to require the election of members of Council by specified wards for terms of four years. Thus, at the municipal election in November 2003, the voters of the City elected seven members of Council by wards---each to serve for a term of four years. The Council fixes compensation of City officials and employees and enacts ordinances and resolutions

relating to the City's services: including tax levies, appropriating and borrowing money, licensing and regulating businesses and trades, and other municipal purposes. The Council President is elected by a majority of the Council for a one-year term. The Charter establishes certain administrative departments. The Council may establish divisions of those departments and additional departments.

The City's chief executive and administrative officer is the Mayor who is elected by the voters for a fouryear term and serves in a part-time capacity. The Mayor also serves as the City's Safety Director. The Mayor presides over all Council meetings, and may veto any legislation passed by Council. A two-third vote of all members of Council is required to override a veto.

The Mayor appoints, subject to the approval of Council, the directors of the City's departments, the Chiefs of Police and Fire, as well as police and fire personnel after competitive civil service examinations. Additionally, the Mayor appoints members to a number of boards and commissions and, in accordance with civil service requirements, may remove all appointed officials and employees - except Council officers and employees.

The City provides basic services to its residents, including police and fire protection, planning, zoning, street maintenance and repair, rubbish collection, and general administrative services. The City's residents receive water services from the City of Cleveland and sewer services from the Northeast Ohio Regional Sewer District and the City of Bedford Heights. The City is a member of the Northeast Ohio Public Energy Council (NOPEC) and participates in a program for natural gas and electricity for further benefits to the residents.

In addition to the basic services, the City makes available to its resident recreational activities through the YMCA of Greater Cleveland. The City constructed the 40,000 square foot facility in 2012 and engaged the services of the YMCA to manage and operate the facility as a branch for a period of twenty years. The annual membership fees are discounted for the residential and business communities.

The Bedford Municipal Court provides judicial services for the City of Warrensville Heights. The jurisdiction of the court, as established by the Ohio Revised Code, handles cases from fourteen different municipalities.

The annual operating budgets serve as the basis for the City's financial planning and control. The City's Charter requires the Mayor, with the assistance of the Finance Director, to submit a draft of the following year's proposed budget not less than forty-five days (November 16) prior to the end of each fiscal year. The Finance Director is responsible for preparing the budget based upon information submitted by each Department director. Council is required to adopt either an annual budget for the ensuing year or a temporary budget covering the first ninety days of the ensuing year by no later than December 31 of the ninetieth (90) day of the budget year, normally March 31. In recent years, Council has adopted an annual budget prior to December 31 of the preceding year.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, department, and category (personal services and all other expenditures). Council must authorize transfers between departments and between categories within departments and transfers or advances of moneys between funds.

Operating budgets expire on December 31. Budget-to actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. For the General Fund, this comparison is presented as part of the basic financial statements for the governmental funds. For governmental funds, other than the General Fund, with appropriated annual budgets, this comparison is presented in the governmental fund subsection of this report.

Economic Condition and Outlook

The City is an inner-ring suburb of the City of Cleveland and is primarily a residential community of beautifully maintained neighborhoods, as well as a thriving and robust business community. The City is home to one of the most technologically advanced hospitals in Northeast Ohio, South Pointe Hospital, and an affiliate of Cleveland Clinic that provides quality health care to the City's residents as well as the neighboring communities. The City is diverse and has a growing local economy that maintains a solid tax base through a thriving commercial sector.

The following industries continues to be vital to the City's financial condition and contribute to the stable economic condition of the City: Sherwin-Williams Automotive Finishes Corporation's Research and Development facility and training center; Heinens, Incorporated, a retail food chain, headquarters and warehouse facility; Henkel Corporation manufactures and markets a broad range of high-performance adhesives, sealants and coatings; and Marcus Thomas, a leading advertising firm. All of these have their corporate headquarters in our friendly City. In addition, Harvard Park features Cleveland Marriott East and numerous retail businesses and high-end restaurants. The top ten employers have over 4,200 employees working in the City. (A list of the ten largest employers is featured in the Statistical section.)

Sherwin-Williams Automotive Finishes Corporation's Research and Development facility and training center is a dynamic business to the City. However, the City learned the latter part of 2020 that they will be relocating to another community in Cuyahoga County in three to five years. The loss will have a financial impact to the City and the City School District. Sherwin-Williams is a vital business base to the City of Warrensville Heights community so, they will be sorely missed.

The City has consistently enjoyed the benefits of a strong commercial employment base that has provided for a consistent level of withholding tax collection. However, the City was impacted by the Coronavirus causing a slight drop in the City's revenues. In spite of the challenges the City faced in 2020 the administration will continue to strive to make significant progress in its efforts to strengthen its economic base and community development.

Each day, approximately 13,500 people come to work in the City and are responsible for approximately 79% of the City's revenue through income tax withholding in 2020. Property tax revenues for 2020 represented <u>6.</u> % and <u>13</u>% of the revenue balance makes up fines, permits, services and other miscellaneous revenue sources. As mentioned previously, on a cash basis, the City income tax revenues experiences a slight decrease in 2020 by 4% compared to 2019.

Economic Highlights

The City Administration is working on the following community and economic opportunities:

Hub District (adjacent parcels to the Library and YMCA) that would have the following features:

- Intergenerational living, socialization, dining and entertainment
- Neighborhood concept unique to the city offering apartments, townhomes, senior living, retail and park

Sherwin Williams

• Currently in discussions about potential opportunities

- Former Little Sisters of the Poor site
- Working on agreement that would serve as outline for future development

Current Year Challenges/Issues

The mission of the City of Warrensville Heights, its mayor, council, and employees, is to enhance the quality of life for all residents by providing the highest level of service in an efficient and cost effective manner. However, in 2020 the nation and around the world was impacted by the Coronavirus Pandemic that shook the world. Due to the virus, states such as Ohio declared a health state of an emergency causing requiring a Stay at Home Order, social distancing and to wear face mask covering the nose and mouth. Although the measures taken was for the good of the State is caused stress, anxiety and financial hardships for individuals and businesses.

At the end of December 2020, the Cuyahoga County Department of Health and CoronavirusOhio.ohio.gov website indicated that the Coronavirus-19 impacted the State of Ohio, Cuyahoga County, and the City of Warrenville Heights in the following manner:

Government Level	Coronavirus Cases	Hospitalization	Deaths
State of Ohio	629,354	35,048	8,122
Cuyahoga County	63,047	4,265	863
City of Warrensville Heights	172	N/A	N/A

The City Administration does not know exactly how the pandemic effected the residents and the business basis of the community but, the City of Warrensville Heights realized a reduction in local income tax collection, paid social events and a significant decrease in the hotel/motel tax. Sadly, some retail businesses in the City were impacted significantly were they had to close their doors permanently.

Other Challenges

Due to the Coronavirus Pandemic—the City had to close the City's public buildings and canceled all City sponsored events and programs. They City made adjusts and enhanced its ability to conduct business through technology and virtual communications such as ZOOM.

Public Safety in the field had complex decontamination practices, expanded challenges with target hazards in the first-due response areas. The essential department's personnel were at much higher personal risk, increase emergency calls, and roles were expanded to cover staffing shortfalls.

Several retirements occurred in various departments in 2020 causing staff shortage and an increase in workload until staff replacement occurred.

2020 Highlights

Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES Act)

Fortunately, the City of Warrensville Heights was a recipient of Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES Act) in the amount of \$1,227,168. The City benefited greatly from the funding and helped financially by offsetting revenue loss due to the Coronavirus Pandemic.

The City used the funds in the following manner:

- Public Safety salaries and wages
- APR Filters, Plexiglas for public barrier for COVID protection, Mask Signage
- Personal Protective Equipment (PPE), gloves, thermometer stands, thermal temperature screeners
- Installation of touchless restroom fixtures, toilets and paper towel dispensers throughout the City's public buildings, automatic light sensors, automatic front entrance door openers
- Chest compression Lucas Devices
- Masks for all City employees and residents
- Disinfectant cleaning products and antibacterial soap

Fire Department Enhancements

• The Fire Department responded to 3544 calls relating to fires, EMS, and hazardous materials. The Department also conducted 65 fire inspections at commercial buildings, hospitals, daycare centers, foster homes, and the City's School District buildings. The Department also provided mutual aid 64 times during the year.

Highlights

Man Power New Hires

The Fire Department hired 3 new firefighters/ paramedic in 2020. That brought the department total to 28 full time firefighters with 27 of them being paramedics. With the retirement of one fire fighter and the potential of losing 2 more firefighters to retirement, the Fire Dept. is looking to hire 2-3 Firefighters in the upcoming year.

Equipment

In 2020, a new rescue squad was placed in service. We also were able to purchase 2 Multigas meters. Two grants were obtained one from Fire House Subs which was used to purchase 5 Thermal imaging cameras. The other was a grant from FEMA used to purchase S.C.B.A (self-contained-breathing-apparatus)and purchase Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCB

Police Department

As always the Warrensville Heights Police Department is dedicated to provide the residents and business community with the best overall police service possible. This agency continues to incorporate the latest technology in the ever changing Law Enforcement profession. During this difficult time with the pandemic (Covid-19) the Warrensville Heights Police Department has made many changes to provide a healthy atmosphere and work environment for its employees with the issuing of personal protective equipment (PPE) to all employees, touchless faucets, glass dividers at every workstation and digitals thermometers.

In 2020 the Warrensville Heights Police Department received 17,668 total calls with 9,435 of them being 911 calls. We issued 912 moving citations which is extremely low due to the pandemic (Covid-19). We also issued 1,428 parking citations. This agency has responded to 1,508 residential/commercial alarms and maintained a response time of 3-5 minutes.

The Warrensville Heights Police Department is extremely pleased with the new Police and Jail facility located at 4743 Richmond Rd and looks forwarded to the New Year.

Highlights

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Building Department

The Building and Housing Department is very proud of the residential and business components of our community. All residents and businesses are encouraged to maintain a clean, healthy, and safe environment. The Building and Housing Department is responsible for the enforcement of Building, Housing, Zoning, and planning ordinances of the City.

Our Building and Housing Department is a State Certified Department recognized by the Board of Building Standards. One of our main purposes is to ensure that residential and commercial structures are constructed to safeguard the health, safety, property, and public welfare of the community. We manage all construction activities within the City through review and approval of all residential and commercial plans for new construction, additions/alterations to existing structures. Inspections will be conducted through permit approval for Building, Electrical Plumbing, and HVAC work by State Certificated Inspectors

This year we updated our entire Planning and Zoning Code and Map. This update was very necessary with portions of previous code going back as far as 1931. Our new code and map is more user friendly for the residents, business, and development communities, and more compliant with today's standards which will spur future development.

Highlights

The Building and Housing Department is excited to invest in a new software system called Citizenserve Software system replace the HTS Community Development System. The software application timeline to be up and running is summer of 2021. The features are as follows:

- Code Enforcement technology to perform inspections and do reporting digitally in the field
- Inspectors will be able to view real-time applications and permits submitted
- Online Customer Portal will give residents and business owners the ability to submit permit applications, payments, apply for inspections, file complaints, and view inspection reports
- Residents and business owners will be able to submit construction drawings, applications and payments for review
- Contractors will have the ability to submit registration applications and payments
- Rental Registration that will give property owners the ability to submit registration applications and payments through the online portal

Our 2020 Community Impact for the Building and Housing Department:

- 615 Permits Issued
- \$64,861,292 in permit applications valuations
- 21 Projects came through Plan Review for new construction, additions/alterations
- 191 Point of Sale Inspections performed
- 945 Rental Occupancy Inspections performed

The Civic & Senior Center

The Civic & Senior Center is a municipal facility whose primary mission is to provide services and activities for the senior and adult community of the City. The Center currently offers a variety of activities and classes. There are opportunities for seniors to go on group outings i.e. Cleveland Playhouse, Karamu Theater, CAV's game and other events, depending on interest.

The Center also serves as an Emergency Crisis Center. The Crisis Centers serves as a confidential support, referral and crisis evaluation location with the support of Red Cross and other local agencies during a time of crisis within the City of Warrensville Heights.

The Center also offers a variety of room rentals at the Center, and the Chateaux of Emery Woods Clubhouse also. The rooms can be rented by the residents of the City of Warrensville Heights for adult events.

Highlights

- Due to the COVID-19 Pandemic the Civic Center has been closed to the public since March, 2020. Also, all Civic Center classes are cancelled until further notice.
- Mind Challenge

The Northeast Ohio (NEO) Mind Challenge for the New Majority is a senior friendly trivia competition between approximately 36 local municipalities and Senior Centers in NEO. Cash prizes (and bragging rights) will be awarded to the winning municipality and team members.

• AARP Foundation Tax-Aide offers free tax preparation assistance Feb. 1 through April 15. Tax preparation is provided free of charge to anyone make an appointment.

Major Initiatives

Capital Projects and Asset Improvement Highlights

New Municipal Complex Center

One of the City's Master Plan was to construct a new City Administration Building. Although the plan stated "NEW", the City fulfill a portion of that plan by entering into building lease to own agreement with the Cleveland Port Authority. The lease is for twenty-five years and at maturity of the lease the city; the City will be the owner. The building located at 4743 Richmond Road, Warrensville Heights, Ohio once housed South University. The five year old brick building is approximately forty thousand square feet. The

interior structure of the building was completely deconstructed to meet the needs and specifications of the City's Administration, Council, Building Department, Police Department and Jail Facility.

The Warrensville Heights City School District (WHCSD) entered a sublease agreement with the City of Warrensville Heights making it a unique partnership and first of its kind in Cuyahoga County.

As a tenant, WHCSD utilizes over six thousand square feet of office space and shares areas with the City such as the council chambers, executive conference, training room, break room, fitness room just to name a few providing an additional two thousand square feet of space. The City moved into the building in August of 2020 and the WHCSD moved in September. This is an exciting time for the City and School Administration in that services to the community will soon be conducted under one roof as oppose to various locations throughout the City. The commitment to serve is why this arrangement will be a success for years to come.

The lower level of the existing Old City Hall building located on Warrensville Center Road, Warrensville Heights, Ohio will continue to house the City's excellent Fire Department. The department will have more office space and provide an area to conduct training exercises and education. The upper level will be used for storage.

Mayor's Initiatives

The Mayor's major initiative and focus will continue to be "Growth through Development and Innovation". Through several strategic programs, partnerships and initiatives, the goal is to move the City toward an ultimate objective of continued economic growth through sustainable development and innovation. The Mayor and the Administration have been working on this mission through a three-pronged approach for several years now. They are as follows:

- 1. Implementation and Retention of Vital City Programs
- 2. Continued Technological Advances
- 3. Housing Initiatives.

The City's vision continues to be the redevelopment of areas that have been demolished for mix-use commercial, residential development and park setting. As you drive around the City it will notice the vision is moving towards reality. It is exciting times for the City of Warrensville Heights and more is sure to come.

Long-Term Financial Planning

The Northfield Road Corridor is an area most in need of enhancements according to the City's Master Plan. The Plan recommends improvements between Clarkwood Parkway and Emery Road. In an effort to follow the Master Plan, the City proved its commitment by purchasing two buildings on the corridor that remained vacant for many years. The buildings purchased were once the home of a new and used auto dealership that sat on approximately 5.7 acres.

To strengthen the City's reserve balance for years to come, the City plans to adopt a formal minimum fund balance policy for the General Fund in 2021, as well as establish new reserve funds for capital improvement, infrastructure, and for employee retirement payout by 2021. It has always been the City's goal to maintain fund balances that would finance at least a minimum of three months (25 percent) of operations. The Finance Department reviews all transactions on an on-going basis, balances bank accounts daily, and works diligently to manage and monitor revenues and expenditures to ensure that adequate fund balances are maintained.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The City takes great pride in committing itself to financial excellence. This is evident in the City receiving once again a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Report consecutively since 2003 from the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA). City of Warrensville Heights will continue to make strong financial strides for many years to come.

Award---The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a **'Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting'** to the City of Warrensville Heights for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the year end December 31, 2019.

The criteria established to be awarded a **'Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting'**, a government unit must publish a reader friendly and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which satisfies all program standards. Such a report must also conform to generally accepted accounting principles and must satisfy all applicable legal requirements respective to the reporting entity.

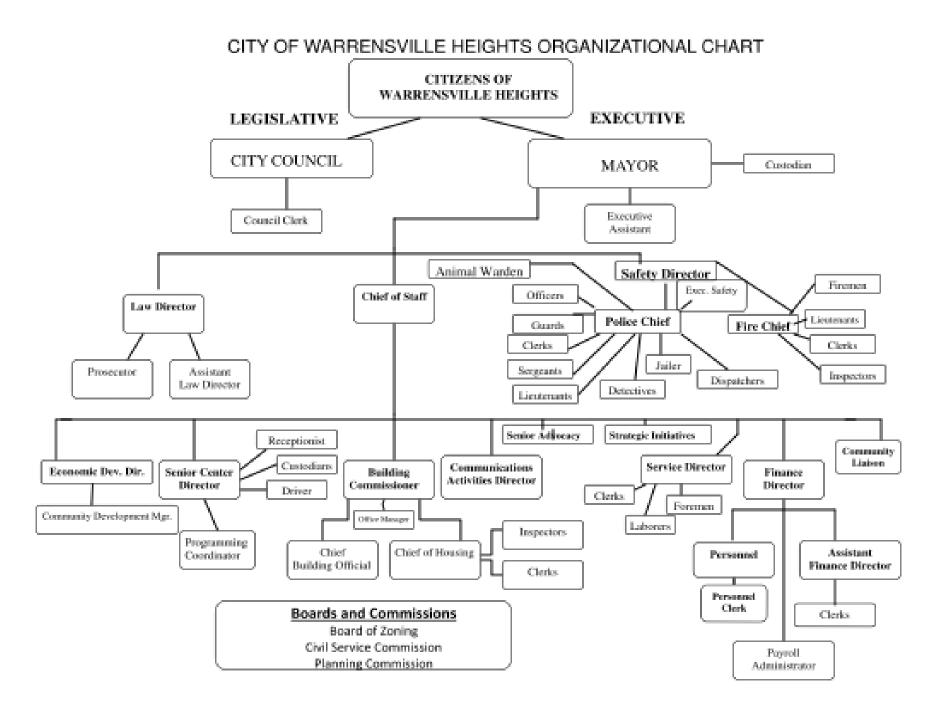
The Award is valid for only one year. We believe that our report for the year end of December 31, 2019 continues to meet the standards of the Award. Therefore, we are submitting it to GFOA at this time.

Acknowledgments This Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) was prepared by the Finance Department with the efficient and dedicated services of its entire staff. Sincere gratitude goes to City Council for its enthusiastic support and its granting of funds for this project. Appreciation is also expressed to all City Hall Department Heads for their cooperation and assistance.

submitted Respectfully Bradley D. Sellers Mayor

ar Karen A. Howse

Director of Finance



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Warrensville Heights Ohio

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2019

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS

ELECTED AND APPOINTED CITY OFFICIALS

HONORABLE MAYOR BRADLEY D. SELLERS

CITY COUNCIL

Dorise Hagwood, Ward 1

Andrea Mitchell, Ward 2

Elona C. White, Ward 3

Walter Stewart, Ward 4

Matthew Howard, Ward 5

Stanley Anderson, Ward 6

Kimberly Hodge-Edwards, Ward 7

APPOINTED OFFICIALS

Kelli Wilson, Chief of Staff

Teresa Metcalf Beasley. Director of Law Karen Howse, Director of Finance Ted Sims, Director of Service Wesley Haynes, Chief of Police Herb Waugh, Chief of Fire Nicole Johnson, Personnel Director Jerome DuVal, Economic Development Director Ben Brown, Interim Building Commissioner

GPD Associates, City Engineer

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FINANCIAL SECTION

JAMES G. ZUPKA, C.P.A., INC.

Certified Public Accountants 5240 East 98th Street Garfield Hts., Ohio 44125

Member American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

(216) 475 - 6136

Ohio Society of Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of City Council City of Warrensville Heights Warrensville Heights, Ohio The Honorable Keith Faber Auditor of State State of Ohio

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Warrensville Heights, Cuyahoga County, Ohio, (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Warrensville Heights as of December 31, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 23 to the basic financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the City. Also, as discussed in Note 3 to the basic financial statements, the City adopted new accounting guidance in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, and the City changed its accounting policy and restated capital assets. Our opinion is not modified with respect to these matters.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and Schedules of Net Pension and Postemployment Benefit Liabilities and Pension and Postemployment Benefit Contributions, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 28, 2021, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

James H. Zupka, CPA, Inc.

James G. Zupka, CPA, Inc. Certified Public Accountants

June 28, 2021

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The discussion and analysis of the City of Warrensville Heights' (the City) financial performance provides an overall review of the City's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2020. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the City's financial performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to consider information presented here in conjunction with the additional information contained in the transmittal letter, as well as the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the City's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

• The liabilities and deferred inflows of the City exceeded assets and deferred outflows at December 31, 2020 by \$11,090,996.

• Total assets increased by \$19,688,130 and deferred outflows of resources decreased by \$3,004,272 in 2020. The largest increases were in depreciable capital assets due to the inception of a capital lease. The decrease in deferred outflows of resources was related to the pension and OPEB plans.

• Total liabilities increased by \$14,091,614 and deferred inflows of resources increased by \$3,091,052 in 2020. The main fluctuations in liabilities are related to net pension and the inception of a lease liability. The increase in deferred inflows of resources was related to the pension and OPEB plans.

• Net position in total decreased by \$498,808 during 2020.

Using this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are prepared and organized so the reader can understand the City of Warrensville Heights as a financial whole or as an entire operating entity. The statements proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at our specific financial condition.

The *Statement of Net Position* and *Statement of Activities* provide information about the activities of the whole City. They provide both an aggregate view of the City's finances in addition to a longer-term view of those assets. Major fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what dollars remain for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the City's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column.

The City as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The Statement of Net Position presents information, excluding fiduciary funds, on all the City's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. This change is important because it serves as a useful indicator of whether the City's financial position is improving or diminishing. However, in evaluating the overall position of the City, non-financial information such as changes in the City's tax base, change in the tax law, and the condition of capital assets should also be considered.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, all of the City's activities are reported as governmental activities, which include all of the City's services including police, fire, administration, and all other departments. The City does not operate any business-type activities and has no component units. Both the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities use the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting methods used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are divided into the following categories:

- Assets
- Deferred outflows of resources
- Liabilities
- Deferred inflows of resources
- Net position (Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources minus Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources)
- Program revenues and expenses
- General revenues
- Net position beginning of year and year-end

Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the City's major funds begins on page 11. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the City's major funds. The City has established many funds that account for the multitude of services, facilities, and infrastructure provided to our residents. However, these fund financial statements focus on the City's most significant funds. In the case of the City of Warrensville Heights, the major governmental funds are the General Fund, General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund, and Street Improvements Fund.

Governmental Funds

The governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of available resources, as well as on balances of resources available at the end of the year.

All City activities are reported in the governmental funds focusing on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. The City's funds are reported using the accounting method called modified accrual accounting which measures cash and all other financial assets that are expected to be readily converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's operations and the basic services it provides.

Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate a comparison between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds.

Government-wide Financial Analysis – The City as a Whole

As noted earlier, the Statement of Net Position looks at the City as a whole and can be used as an indicator of the City's financial position. Table 1 provides a summary of the City's net position for 2020 compared to 2019.

Table 1 – Net	Pos	ition	
		2020	 2019*
ASSETS			
Current and other assets	\$	20,237,429	\$ 18,014,696
Capital assets, net		41,635,955	24,170,558
Total Assets		61,873,384	 42,185,254
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCE	c		
Pension	3	2 127 502	7.045.015
OPEB		3,427,503	7,045,915
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		2,027,673 5,455,176	 1,413,533 8,459,448
Total Delerred Outliows of Resources		3,433,170	 8,439,448
LIABILITIES			
Current and other liabilities		5,931,231	3,725,317
Long-term liabilities:			
Due within one year		2,418,417	2,031,348
Due in more than one year			
Net pension liability		21,099,009	25,948,117
Net OPEB liability		6,196,033	5,657,745
Other amounts		35,766,703	 19,957,252
Total Liabilities		71,411,393	57,319,779
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Property taxes		1,447,793	1,432,127
Pension		3,498,237	1,049,820
OPEB		2,062,133	1,435,164
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		7,008,163	 3,917,111
		7,000,100	 5,717,111
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets		5,597,454	4,282,309
Restricted		4,862,970	3,954,464
Unrestricted	1	(21,551,420)	(18,828,961)
Total Net Position	\$	(11,090,996)	\$ (10,592,188)

* Restated

The net pension liability (NPL) is reported pursuant to GASB Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27." The City has previously adopted GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions," which significantly revises accounting for costs and liabilities related to other postemployment benefits (OPEB). For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the City's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB 45) focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's *net pension liability* or *net OPEB liability*. GASB 68 and GASB 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

GASB 68 and GASB 75 require the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to equal the City's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service
- 2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the City is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan *as against the public employer*. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, the City's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability and net OPEB liability, respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

The largest portion of the City's net position reflects its restricted funds available to pay down the City's debt. At December 31, 2020, total net position had a deficit of \$11,090,996. The deficit net position was due to the recording of the net pension and net OPEB liability. Total assets increased by \$19,688,130 from 2019 to 2020. Of that increase, the most significant changes were in depreciable capital assets which increased by \$17,465,397 due to the City entering into a capital lease agreement for the City Hall property which increased the City's capital assets. Total liabilities increased by \$14,091,614 in 2020. The increase is mainly due to the new lease obligation as mentioned above. The changes in net pension liability, net OPEB liability, deferred outflows and inflows in resources is due to the recording of GASB statement Nos. 68 and 75.

The implementation of GASB Statement No. 68 and 75 requires the reader to perform additional calculations to determine the City's Total Net Position at December 31, 2020 without the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68 and 75. This is an important exercise, as the State Pension Systems (OPERS & OP&F) collect, hold, invest, and distribute pensions to our employees, not the City of Warrensville Heights. These calculations are as follows:

	Governmental Activities
Total Net Position at December 31, 2020 (with GASB 68 and 75)	\$ (11,090,996)
GASB 68 Calculations:	
Add:	
Deferred Inflows related to Pension	3,498,237
Deferred Inflows related to OPEB	2,062,133
Net Pension Liability	21,099,009
Net OPEB Liability	6,196,033
Less:	
Deferred Outflows related to Pension	(3,427,503)
Deferred Outflows related to OPEB	(2,027,673)
Total Net Position (without GASB 68 and 75)	\$ 16,309,240

Table 2 shows the change in net position for the year ended December 31, 2020 compared to 2019.

Table 2 – Statement of Activities

	2020	2019
REVENUES		
Program Revenues:		
Charges for services	\$ 876,548	\$ 1,500,358
Operating grants and contributions	1,595,717	771,260
Capital grants and contributions	348,445	1,212,877
Total Program Revenues	2,820,710	3,484,495
General Revenues:		
Property taxes	1,537,016	1,336,819
Municipal income taxes	17,201,265	17,751,071
Other Taxes	338,557	515,671
Grants and entitlements	1,829,896	1,751,634
Investment income	57,390	201,320
All other revenues	2,072,587	438,648
Total General Revenues	23,036,711	21,995,163
Total Revenues	25,857,421	25,479,658
EXPENSES		
Program Expenses:		
Security of persons and property	11,573,873	1,357,449
General government	7,303,586	4,745,170
Public works	3,810,021	3,986,195
Leisure time activities	459,579	1,133,371
Transportation	970,145	2,018,172
Community development	1,130,627	1,412,006
Public health and welfare	73,804	64,189
Interest and fiscal charges	1,034,594	793,590
Total Expenses	26,356,229	15,510,142
Change in Net Position	(498,808)	9,969,516
Net Position - Beginning of Year, Restated	(10,592,188)	(20,561,704)
Net Position - End of Year	\$ (11,090,996)	\$ (10,592,188)

Governmental Activities

Several revenue sources mainly fund the governmental activities with the City municipal income tax being the largest contributor. Under the accrual basis of accounting, the City's municipal income tax accounted for \$17,201,265 or 66.52 percent of total revenues. The municipal income tax rate is 2.60 percent.

Property taxes of \$1,537,016 accounted for 5.94 percent of total revenues. Other taxes of \$338,557 accounted for 1.31 percent of total revenues. Charges for services of \$876,548 accounted for 3.39 percent of total revenue. Operating grants and contributions of \$1,595,717 accounted for 6.17 percent of total revenue. Grants and entitlements of \$1,829,896 accounted for 7.08 percent of total revenues. All other revenue sources of \$2,478,422 accounted for the remaining 9.59 percent of the City's 2020 revenue. The City monitors its sources of revenue very closely for fluctuations throughout the year, especially municipal income taxes.

Capital grants and contributions decreased from 2019 due to an OPWC loan issued in 2019. Charges for services decreased due the City discontinued social activities in 2020 due to the Coronavirus-19 Pandemic. However, operating revenue increased due to the C.A.R.E.S revenue receive from the federal government to help offset revenue loss due to the pandemic. All other revenues increased in 2020 due to multiple refunds from Bureau of Workers Compensation (BWC).

The provisions of GASB Statements 68 and 75 required the City to recognize a pension/OPEB adjustment that increased expenses in the amount of \$1,707,400 and reduced expenses in the amount of \$7,127,132 in 2019. As a result, it is difficult to ascertain the true operational cost of services and the changes in the cost of services from year to year. The table below shows the total cost of services by function with the GASB Statements 68 and 75 pension and OPEB costs removed.

	 2020	 2019
EXPENSES		
Program Expenses:		
Security of persons and property	\$ 10,883,294	\$ 9,897,900
General government	6,954,206	4,275,960
Public works	3,350,770	3,458,767
Leisure time activities	390,594	998,978
Transportation	970,145	1,915,806
Community development	991,422	1,232,084
Public health and welfare	73,804	64,189
Interest and fiscal charges	 1,034,594	793,590
Total Expenses	\$ 24,648,829	\$ 22,637,274

Using, the table above, Security of persons and property, including the Police and Fire departments, accounted for program expenses of \$10,883,294, which is 44.15 percent of total City expenses for 2020 and experienced an increase in expenses in 2020 in part due to cost associated with PPE and safety cost applicable to the pandemic. The City also experienced an increase in salary and wages in Public Safety due to attrition payouts. The general government expenses accounted for \$6,954,206, or 28.21 percent of total expenses. General Government expenses increased due to the expenses related to the City moving buildings as well. The public works expenses, primarily the Service Department, accounted for \$3,350,770, or 13.59 percent of total expenses.

The Police and Fire departments continue to provide the public with informative programs in a professional manner. The departments will continue to look for ways to expand our services and develop new public education programs for the community.

The City's Funds

Information about the City's major funds starts on page 17. These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had revenues of \$26,252,006 and expenditures of \$43,761,714 (not including other financing sources and uses). The most significant fu,=nd is the General Fund with a fund balance at year-end of \$6,659,874. In 2020, the fund balance of the General Fund decreased by \$1,055,132. This decrease is due to expenditures exceeding revenues.

The City's other major fund is the General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund. The General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund is used to pay the City's outstanding general obligation debt and also accounts for property tax and special assessment revenues which help to make it a major fund. The General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund's fund balance increased by slightly \$89,134 from 2019, with a deficit fund balance of \$1,499,399 at December 31, 2020. The City's third major fund is the Street Improvement Fund. The Street Improvement Fund is used to accounts for loan proceeds from the Ohio Department of Transportation for rehabilitation of local roads. The Street Improvement Fund's fund balance increased by \$1,882,557 from 2019, with a fund balance of \$756,861 at December 31, 2020. The fund balance increased due to the issuance of an OPWC loan, an increase in transfers in, and a decrease in expenditures.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The City's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on the basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund. An annual appropriation budget is legally required to be prepared for all funds of the City other than agency funds.

City Council is provided with a detailed line item budget for all departments and after a discussion at a Finance Committee meeting, which is open to the public, the budget is adopted by City Council at a regularly held City Council meeting at the object level for all other funds. The Finance Director has been authorized to allocate appropriations within the object level within each fund.

The General Fund supports many of our major activities including the police department, fire department, and most legislative and executive activities. The General Fund is monitored closely, looking for possible revenue shortfalls or overspending by individual departments.

Both the original revenue and expenditure budget is designed to be very conservative, requiring additional spending requests to be approved by City Council throughout the year. During the course of 2020, the City amended its General Fund budget in response to departmental needs. The original and final budgeted revenue, excluding other financing sources and uses, amounted to \$19,668,190 and \$22,873,146, respectively. Actual revenues, excluding other financing sources and uses, of \$21,914,924 were \$958,222 less than the final budgeted revenues. This decrease is mainly due to a lesser amount of municipal income taxes received than budgeted.

The original and final budgeted expenditures, excluding other financing sources and uses, amounted to \$21,714,446 and \$23,303,725, respectively. Actual expenditures of \$21,693,658 were \$1,610,067 less than the final budgeted expenditures. See Notes 4 and 5 of the basic financial statements for additional information.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of 2020, the City had \$41,635,955 invested in land, buildings, land improvements, machinery and equipment, vehicles, furniture and fixtures, and infrastructure. Table 3 shows 2020 balances of capital assets as compared to 2019.

Table 3 – Capital Assets at December 31 (Net of Depreciation)

		Restated
	2020	2019
Land	\$ 4,636,810	\$ 3,641,410
Construction in progress	697,999	-
Buildings	27,275,808	11,275,467
Land Improvements	115,896	133,482
Machinery and Equipment	285,372	207,340
Vehicles	691,893	770,212
Infrastructure:		
Roads	6,248,774	6,392,449
Sanitary Sewers	790,755	825,200
Storm Sewers	892,648	924,998
Total Capital Assets	\$ 41,635,955	\$ 24,170,558
Infrastructure: Roads Sanitary Sewers Storm Sewers	6,248,774 790,755 892,648	6,392,449 825,200 924,998

Capital assets increased by \$17,465,397 in 2020. The main reason for the increase was the increase in lands and buildings due to the City entering into a new lease.

The City Engineer maintains a comprehensive listing of all the roads, sanitary sewers, and storm sewers within the City. Each spring, this inventory is updated with current conditions and recommendations made for repair or replacement. The City has taken an aggressive approach in pursuing funding to assist in the financing of infrastructure projects. See Notes 2 and 11 of the basic financial statements for additional information on capital assets.

Long-Term Obligations

At December 31, 2020, the City had \$65,480,162 in outstanding long-term obligations, of which debt obligations primarily consisted of \$9,024,196 in certificates of participation and \$7,453,257 in various purpose general obligation bonds. Table 4 summarizes the long-term obligations outstanding.

	2020	2019
General obligation bonds	\$ 7,453,257	\$ 8,207,818
Certificate of Paticipation	9,024,196	9,408,266
Loans Payable	2,297,741	2,185,408
Compensated Absences	2,141,096	2,072,597
Claims Payable	5,523	27,754
Capital leases	17,263,307	86,757
Net Pension Liability	21,099,009	25,948,117
Net OPEB Liability	6,196,033	5,657,745
Total outstanding long term liabilities	\$ 65,480,162	\$ 53,594,462

Table 4 – Outstanding Long-Term Obligations at December 31

The City's overall legal debt margin was \$18,198,891 with an unvoted legal debt margin of \$5,983,582 on December 31, 2020. For more information about the City's long-term obligations and short-term note activity, see Notes 12, 13, 14, 17, and 18 to the basic financial statements.

Current Financial Related Activities

The year 2020 was a challenging and difficult year but, despite the obstacles the City of Warrensville Heights continued striving to be proactive in the face of it all. The City managed to have a healthy year in balance. If the City had not received the C.A.R.E.S Act funding during most turbulent time of the year; the City could have faced a significant shortfall. Ending the year with a strong reserve balance strengthens the City's ability to pay for infrastructure projects, capital improvements, continue to enhance the City's Public Safety and Public Works Division. Additionally, it allows the City the ability to act on emergencies and unforeseen expenditures, should they arise. Hence, the City will continue to assess cost savings measures while addressing the needs of the community.

The finances are closely monitored monthly by the Mayor, Administration and City Council ensuring the City is operating fiscally responsibly. Warrensville carries a favorable credit rating of an A-2 assigned by Moody's Investors Services.

Contacting the City of Warrensville Heights' Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Finance Director Karen Howse, at the City of Warrensville Heights, 4301 Warrensville Center Road, Warrensville Heights, Ohio 44128, (216) 587-1135, or e-mail to khowse@cityofwarrensville.com.

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 10,186,072
Cash and Cash Equivalents:	
In Segregated Accounts	7,237
Materials and Supplies Inventory	121,246
Accounts Receivable	355,466
Accrued Interest Receivable	7,810
Intergovernmental Receivable	717,014
Prepaid Items	65,373
Municipal Income Taxes Receivable	3,906,584
Property Taxes Receivable	1,803,569
Special Assessments Receivable	3,067,058
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	5,334,809
Depreciable Capital Assets	36,301,146
Total Assets	61,873,384
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension	3,427,503
OPEB	2,027,673
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	5,455,176
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	307,927
Contracts Payable	320,010
Accrued Wages and Benefits	237,580
Intergovernmental Payable	190,906
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	88,465
Accrued Interest Payable	77,824
Retainage Payable	31,658
Unearned Revenue	881,861
Notes Payable	3,795,000
Long-term Liabilities:	- , ,
Due within one year	2,418,417
Due in more than one year:	
Net Pension Liability	21,099,009
Net OPEB Liability	6,196,033
Other amounts due in more than one year	35,766,703
Total Liabilities	71,411,393
DEEEDDED INFLOWS OF DESCLIDCES	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Property Taxes	1,447,793
Pension	3,498,237
OPEB	2,062,133
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	7,008,163
	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	5,597,454
Restricted for:	
Debt Services	1,640,057
Capital Projects	839,943
Street construction, maintenance and repair	687,740
Building Levy	260,591
Police programs	146,440
Fire	116,169
Other Purpose	1,172,030
Unrestricted	(21,551,420)
Total Net Position	\$ (11,090,996)

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

			_		Prog	gram Revenue	es		R	et (Expense) Revenue and nanges in Net
					(Operating		Capital		Position
			Cl	harges for	G	rants and	G	rants and	G	overnmental
		Expenses		Services	Co	ntributions	Co	ntributions		Activities
Primary Government:										
Governmental activities:										
Security of Persons and Property										
Police and Others	\$	6,554,403	\$	111,461	\$	234,549	\$	-	\$	(6,208,393
Fire		5,019,470		187,537		377,153		-		(4,454,780
Public Health and Welfare		73,804		-		-		-		(73,804
Leisure Time Activities		459,579		8,225		-		-		(451,354
Community Development		1,130,627		459,788		-		-		(670,839
Public Works		3,810,021		3,884		-		-		(3,806,137
Transportation		970,145		528		729,372		348,445		108,200
General Government		7,303,586		105,125		254,643		-		(6,943,818
Interest and Fiscal Charges		1,034,594		-		-		-		(1,034,594
Total Governmental activities	\$	26,356,229	\$	876,548	\$	1,595,717	\$	348,445		(23,535,519
		neral Revenue								
		roperty Taxes		d for:						
		General Purpo	oses							460,144
		Debt Service	Purpo	ose						456,153
		Other Purpose	es							620,719
	N	Iunicipal Incon	ne Ta	axes levied f	or:					
		General Purpo	oses							17,201,265
	0	ther Taxes								338,557
	G	rants & Entitle	ement	ts not restric	ted to	specific progr	ams			1,829,896
	Ir	vestment Inco	me							57,390
	G	ain on Sale of	Capi	tal Assets						248,207
	А	ll Other Rever	nues							1,824,380
		Total General	Reve	enues						23,036,711
	C	hange in Net F	Positio	on						(498,808
		et Position - B	-	-	Resta	ated				(10,592,188
	Ν	et Position - I	End o	of Year					\$	(11,090,996

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2020

	General Fund	General Obligation Bond Retirement	Street Improvement Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmenta Funds
Assets: Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 5,884,240	\$ 6,301	\$ 1,108,529	\$ 2,197,002	\$ 10.186.07
1 5 1	\$ 5,884,240	\$ 0,501	\$ 1,108,529	\$ 3,187,002	\$ 10,186,07
Cash and Cash Equivalents: In Segregated Accounts	7,237		-		7,23
Materials and Supplies Inventory	121,246	-	-	-	121,24
Accrued Interest Receivable	7,810	-	-	-	7,81
Accounts Receivable	314,621	25,087	-	15,758	355,46
nterfund Receivable	716,216	23,087	-	13,738	716,21
	299,053	-	-	404,341	,
ntergovernmental Receivable	65,373	13,620	-	404,341	717,01 65,37
Prepaid Items	3,906,584	-	-	-	
Municipal Income Taxes Receivable		-	-	-	3,906,58
Property Taxes Receivable	538,010	545,610 3,067,058	-	719,949	1,803,56 3,067,05
Special Assessments Receivable	- \$ 11,860,390	\$ 3,657,676	\$ 1,108,529	\$ 4,327,050	\$ 20,953,64
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities:					
Accounts Payable	\$ 231,685	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 76,242	\$ 307,92
Accrued Wages and Benefits	237,580	φ -	φ - -	\$ 70,242	237,58
Contracts Payable	-	-	320.010	_	320,01
ntergovernmental Payable	190,906	-		_	190,90
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	88,465	-	_	_	88,46
Accrued Interest Payable	16,082	3,833	_	303	20,21
Retainage Payable	-	-	31,658	-	31,65
nterfund Payable	_	46,954	-	669,262	716,21
Unearned Revenue	377,950	-	_	503,911	881,80
Notes Payable	1,900,000	1,480,000	-	415,000	3,795,00
Fotal Liabilities	3,042,668	1,530,787	351,668	1,664,718	6,589,84
Deferred Inflows of Resources:					
Property Taxes	431,828	438,693		577,272	1,447,79
Jnavailable Revenue - Delinquent Property Taxes	106,182	106,917		142,677	355,77
Jnavailable Revenue - Income Taxes	1,283,711	100,917	-	142,077	1,283,71
Jnavailable Revenue - Other	336,127	3,080,678	-	294,578	3,711,38
Fotal Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,157,848	3,626,288		1,014,527	6,798,60
E					
Fund Balances:	916,540				916,54
Vonspendable Restricted	910,540	-	756,861	2,038,035	2,794,89
Committed	-	-	/50,001	2,038,035	2,794,85
Assigned	- 880,604	-	-	230,141	238,12
Jnassigned (Deficit)	4,862,730	(1,499,399)	-	(628,371)	2,734,96
Fotal Fund Balances (Deficit)		(1,499,399)	756,861	1,647,805	
Fotal Liabilities, Deferred Inflows	6,659,874	(1,499,399)	/30,801	1,047,003	7,565,14
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 11,860,390	\$ 3,657,676	\$ 1,108,529	\$ 4,327,050	\$ 20,953,64

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DECEMBER 31, 2020

Cotal Governmental Funds Balance		\$ 7,565,14
mounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital Assets used in Governmental Activities are not financial resources		
and, therefore, are not reported in the funds		41,635,95
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are unavailable revenues in the funds:		
Delinquent property taxes	355,776	
Municipal income taxes	1,283,711	
Special assessments	3,067,058	
Intergovernmental	436,042	
Charges for services	208,283	
Total		5,350,87
In the Statement of Activities, interest is accrued on outstanding		
bonds, whereas in Governmental funds, an interest expenditure		
is reported when due.		(57,60
The net pension liability and net OPEB liability are not due and payble		
in the current period; therefore, the liability and related deferred		
inflows/outflows are not reported in governmental funds:		
Deferred Outflows - Pension	3,427,503	
Deferred Inflows - Pension	(3,498,237)	
Net Pension Liability	(21,099,009)	
Deferred Outflows - OPEB	2,027,673	
Deferred Inflows - OPEB	(2,062,133)	
Net OPEB Liability	(6,196,033)	
Total		(27,400,23
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
General obligation bonds	(7,195,000)	
Loans Payable	(2,297,741)	
Certificate of Participation	(8,955,000)	
Unamortized bond and note premiums	(327,453)	
Claims Payable	(5,523)	
Capital leases	(17,263,307)	
Accrued compensated absences	(2,141,096)	
Total		 (38,185,12
Vet Position of Governmental Activities		\$ (11,090,99

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	General Fund	General Obligation Bond Retirement	Street Improvement Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES	\$ 455,332	¢ 456 152	¢	¢ (00.77)	¢ 1.501.061
Property Taxes)	\$ 456,153	\$ -	\$ 609,776	\$ 1,521,261
Municipal Income Taxes	16,484,233	-	-	-	16,484,233
Hotel Taxes	200,800	-	-	137,748	137,748
Franchise Taxes	200,809	-	-	-	200,809
Intergovernmental	1,765,877	35,539	1,050,000	1,638,181	4,489,597
Interest Licenses and Permits	57,390 228,980	-	-	-	57,390 228,980
Fines and Forfeitures	,	-	-		,
	118,639	-	-	19,000	137,639
Rentals	254,315	-	-	-	254,315
Charges for Services	475,149	-	-	22,495	497,644
Special Assessments	-	418,010	-	-	418,010
All Other Revenues	1,744,927	38,572	39,141	1,740	1,824,380
Total Revenues	21,785,651	948,274	1,089,141	2,428,940	26,252,006
EXPENDITURES					
Security of Persons and Property:					
Police and Others	5,710,447	-	-	590,426	6,300,873
Fire	3,980,054	-	-	536,613	4,516,667
Public Health and Welfare	73,804	-	-	-	73,804
Leisure Time Activities	389,808	-	-	-	389,808
Community Development	908,937	-	-	80,836	989,773
Public Works	3,181,801	-	-	-	3,181,801
Transportation	-	-	8,931	816,481	825,412
General Government	6,405,231	4,262	-	264,879	6,674,372
Capital Outlay	17,486,088	-	501,903	31,425	18,019,416
Debt Service:					
Principal Retirement	273,450	1,110,000	-	337,667	1,721,117
Interest and Fiscal Charges	341,305	642,183	-	72,233	1,055,721
Bond Issuance Costs	-	12,950	-	-	12,950
Total Expenditures	38,750,925	1,769,395	510,834	2,730,560	43,761,714
Excess of Revenues (Under) Expenditures	(16,965,274)	(821,121)	578,307	(301,620)	(17,509,708
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Sale of Capital Assets	248,207	_	_		248,207
Inception of Capital Lease	17,450,000	-	-	-	17,450,000
OPWC Loan Issued	-	-	450.000	_	450,000
Transfers In	_	910,255	854,250	23,560	1,788,065
Transfers Out	(1,788,065)	710,233	054,250	23,300	(1,788,065
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	15,910,142	910,255	1,304,250	23,560	18,148,207
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,055,132)	89,134	1,882,557	(278,060)	638,499
-	,				
Fund Balances (Deficits) - Beginning of Year, Restated	7,715,006	(1,588,533)	(1,125,696)	1,925,865	6,926,642
Fund Balances (Deficits) - End of Year	\$ 6,659,874	\$ (1,499,399)	\$ 756,861	\$ 1,647,805	\$ 7,565,141

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

mounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities		
are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciaton in the current period.		
Capital Outlay	\$ 18,408,466	
Depreciation Total	(943,069)	17,465,397
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Delinquent property taxes Municipal income taxes Special assessments	15,755 717,032 (69,565)	
Intergovernmental Charges for services	(1,061,768) (244,246)	
Total	(21,210)	(642,792)
Other financing sources in the Governmental funds increase long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. These sources were attributed		(17.000.000)
to the issuance of a loan and capital lease.		(17,900,000)
Repayment of bond and loan principal and capital leases are expenditures in the Governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.		1,721,117
Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports		
these amounts as deferred outflows		
Pension OPEB		1,707,148 26,718
Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB liability are reported as pension/OPEB		
expense in the statement of activities. Pension		(2,924,869)
OPEB		(577,835)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in Governmental funds.		
Claims Payable	22,231	
Compensated Absences	(68,499)	
Amortization of Premium	28,631	
Accrued Interest On Bonds	5,446	(10.101)
Total		(12,191)
hange in Net Position of Governmental Activities		(498,808)

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Property Taxes	\$ 459,991	\$ 458,332	\$ 455,332	\$ (3,000)
Income Taxes	15,413,782	17,967,564	17,204,539	(763,025)
Other Taxes	179,070	209,879	200,809	(9,070)
Intergovernmental	1,218,934	1,428,654	1,366,911	(61,743)
Interest	61,872	72,517	69,383	(3,134)
Licenses and Permits	206,168	241,639	231,196	(10,443)
Fines and Forfeitures	99,360	116,455	111,422	(5,033)
Rentals	226,271	265,201	253,740	(11,461)
Charges for Services	420,508	492,857	471,557	(21,300)
All Other Revenues	1,382,234	1,620,048	1,550,035	(70,013)
Total Revenues	19,668,190	22,873,146	21,914,924	(958,222)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Security of Persons and Property	9,993,733	9,879,553	9,290,707	588,846
Public Health and Welfare	60,000	75,000	73,804	1,196
Leisure Time Activities	575,775	420,326	398,300	22,026
Community Development	943,100	999,753	927,123	72,630
Public Works	3,620,349	3,646,700	3,557,451	89,249
General Government	6,521,489	8,282,393	7,446,273	836,120
Total Expenditures	21,714,446	23,303,725	21,693,658	1,610,067
Excess of Revenues Over			,.,.,.,	
(Under) Expenditures	(2,046,256)	(430,579)	221,266	651,845
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Sale of Capital Assets	250,000	250,000	248,207	(1,793)
Bond Anticipation Note Issued	1,900,000	1,900,000	1,900,000	-
Transfers Out	(1,920,003)	(1,788,065)	(1,788,065)	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	229,997	361,935	360,142	(1,793)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,816,259)	(68,644)	581,408	650,052
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	2,966,877	2,966,877	2,966,877	-
Prior Year Encumbrances	505,315	505,315	505,315	-
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 1,655,933	\$ 3,403,548	\$ 4,053,600	\$ 650,052

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Custodial Fund		
ASSETS			
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	422,309	
Receivables:			
Taxes for Other Governments		363,160	
Total Assets		785,469	
LIABILITIES			
Due to External Parties		785,469	
Total Liabilities		785,469	
NET POSITION			
Restricted For:			
Individuals, Organizations, and Other Governments		-	
Total Net Position	\$	-	
See accompany notes to the basic financial statements.			

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS	
Income Tax Collections for External Parties	365,556
Total Additions	365,556
DEDUCTIONS	
Distributions to External Parties	365,556
Total Deductions	365,556
Net Increase (Decrease) in Fiduciary Net Position	-
Net Position - Beginning of Year	-
Net Position - End of Year	\$ -

See accompany notes to the basic financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

NOTE 1: DESCRIPTION OF THE CITY AND REPORTING ENTITY

The City of Warrensville Heights (the "City") is a home rule municipal corporation established under the laws of the State of Ohio which operates under its own Charter. The current Charter, which provides for a Mayor-Council form of government, was adopted May 6, 1958. Legislative authority is vested in a seven member City Council. City Council members are elected for a four year term. The Mayor is elected for a four year term and serves as the City's chief executive and administrative officer.

Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the City consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the City. For the City, this includes the agencies and departments that provide the following services: police and fire protection, parks and recreation, planning, zoning, street maintenance and repair, and general administrative services. The City's department, a Public Safety Department, a Public Service Department, a Street Maintenance Department, a Parks and Recreation Department, a Planning and Zoning Department, and a staff to provide support (i.e., payroll processing, accounts payable, and revenue collection) to the service providers. The operations of each of these activities and entities are directly controlled by the City Council through the budgetary process.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the City is financially accountable. The City is financially accountable for an organization if the City appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and 1) the City is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or 2) the City is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or 3) the City is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the City in that the City approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. The City has no component units.

The City is associated with four jointly governed organizations. These organizations are the First Suburbs Consortium of Northeast Ohio Council of Governments, the Northeast Ohio Public Energy Council (NOPEC), Chagrin/Southeast Council of Government, and Valley Enforcement Regional Council of Government. These organizations are presented in Note 20 to the basic financial statements.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial reporting practices of the City conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to local governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial principles. The most significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

A. **Basis of Presentation**

The City's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the City as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements usually distinguish between those activities that are governmental and those that are considered business-type; the City, however, has no business-type activities.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the City at year-end. The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and therefore are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants, and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program, and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the City, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the City.

Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the City segregates transactions related to certain City functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the City at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

B. Fund Accounting

The City uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The City's funds are classified as either governmental or fiduciary.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. **<u>Fund Accounting</u>** (Continued)

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The following are the City's major governmental funds:

General Fund – The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund's fund balance is available to the City for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the charter of the City and/or the general laws of Ohio.

General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund – The General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund accounts for property tax collections and special assessments revenue which are used to pay the voted general obligation refunding bonds and special assessment bonds principal, interest, and related costs.

Street Improvement Fund

The Street Improvement Fund accounts for grant monies and note proceeds used for the improvement of streets and curbs within the City.

The other governmental funds of the City account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted, committed, or assigned to a particular purpose.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investments trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the City under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the City's own programs. The City has no trust funds. Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in a trust fund.

The City's fiduciary funds are custodial funds. The custodial fund of the City is the Tax Incentive Fund.

C. <u>Measurement Focus</u>

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the City are included on the statement of net position. The Statement of Activities presents increases (i.e., revenue) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. <u>Measurement Focus</u> (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements and the statement for the fiduciary funds are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred inflows/outflows of resources, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. For the City, available means expected to be received within 60 days of year-end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include municipal income taxes, property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from municipal income taxes is recognized in the year in which the income is earned. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 8). Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. On the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. <u>Basis of Accounting</u> (Continued)

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year-end: municipal income tax, state-levied locally shared taxes (including gasoline tax and motor vehicle license fees), licenses and permits, fines and forfeitures, interest, grants, and rentals.

Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the City, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the government-wide statement of net position for pension and OPEB. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are explained in Notes 17 and 18.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized until that time. For the City, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, pension, OPEB and unavailable revenue. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of December 31, 2020, but which were levied to finance year 2021 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow on both the government-wide statement of net position and governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the City, unavailable revenue includes delinquent property taxes, municipal income taxes, special assessments, intergovernmental grants and entitlements, and charges for services. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available. The details of these unavailable revenues are identified on the Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities fund on page 18. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are reported on the government-wide statement of net position. (See Notes 17 and 18)

Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, cash received by the City is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through City records. Interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents."

During the year, the City's investments were limited to STAROhio, negotiable certificates of deposits and money market mutual funds.

During fiscal year 2020, the City invested in STAR Ohio, negotiable certificates of deposits and money market mutual funds. STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79 "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The City measures their investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides a NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For 2020, there were no limitation or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$100 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$100 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$100 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Following the Charter and Codified Ordinances of the City as well as Ohio statutes, the City has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the General Fund during 2020 amounted to \$57,390, which includes \$24,237 assigned from other City funds.

Investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase and investments of the cash management pool are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents. Investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices, with the exception of nonparticipating certificates of deposits, which are reported at cost.

F. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond December 31, 2020, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method by recording a current asset for the prepaid amount at the time of purchase and reflecting the expenditure/expense in the year in which the services are consumed.

G. <u>Inventory</u>

Inventories are presented at cost on a first-in, first-out basis and are expended/expensed when used. Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

H. Capital Assets

The City's only capital assets are general capital assets. General capital assets are capital assets which are associated with and generally arise from governmental activities. They generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. General capital assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the governmental-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. The City was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of infrastructure by back-trending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the infrastructure to be capitalized and using the appropriate price level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year). Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition values as of the date received. The City increased its capitalization threshold from one thousand dollars to five thousand dollars during 2020. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All capital assets are depreciated except for land and construction in progress. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Useful lives for infrastructure were estimated based on the City's historical records of necessary improvements and replacement.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives
Buildings	50 years
Land improvements	30 years
Machinery and equipment	5 to 15 years
Furniture and fixtures	7 years
Vehicles	3 to 15 years
Infrastructure	75 years

The City's infrastructure consists of roads, sanitary sewers, waterlines, storm sewers, and includes infrastructure acquired prior to December 31, 1980.

I. Interfund Balances

On the fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from transactions between funds for services provided or goods received and from short-term interfund loans are classified as "Interfund Receivables/Payables." Interfund loans which do not represent available expendable resources should have an equal offset which would be included in nonspendable fund balance unless the proceeds from their collection are restricted, committed, or assigned. Interfund balance amounts between governmental funds are eliminated in the Statement of Net Position.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

J. <u>Compensated Absences</u>

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employee's rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and are probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The City records a liability for all accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those that the City has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employee wage rates at year-end taking into consideration any limits specified in the City's termination policy. The City records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for all employees after five years of service.

K. <u>Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)</u>

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

L. Payables, Accrued Liabilities, and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current fiscal year. Bonds, capital leases, and long-term loans are recognized as a liability on the governmental fund financial statements when due.

Net pension/OPEB liability should be recognized in the governmental funds to the extent that benefit payments are due and payable and the pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is not sufficient for payment of those benefits.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

M. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable – The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not spendable in form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of loans receivable, as well as property acquired for resale, unless the use of the proceeds from the collection of those receivables or from the sale of those properties is restricted, committed, or assigned.

Restricted – Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation (City Council's resolutions). Enabling legislation authorizes the City to assess, levy, charge, or otherwise mandate payment of resources (from external resource providers) and includes a legally enforceable requirement that those resources be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation. Legal enforceability means that the City can be compelled by an external party, such as citizens, public interest groups, or the judiciary to use resources created by enabling legislation only for the purposes specified by the legislation.

Committed – The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (ordinance) of City Council. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless City Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance) it employed to previously commit those amounts. In contrast to fund balance that is restricted by enabling legislation, committed fund balance classification may be redeployed for other purposes with appropriate due process.

Constraints imposed on the use of committed amounts are imposed by City Council, separate from the authorization to raise the underlying revenue; therefore, compliance with these constraints are not considered to be legally enforceable. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned – Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts would represent intended uses established by City Council.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

M. **Fund Balance** (Continued)

Unassigned – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In the other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The City applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

N. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The City applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

O. <u>Internal Activity</u>

Internal allocations of overhead expenses from one function to another or within the same function are eliminated on the statement of activities. Interfund payments for services provided and used are not eliminated.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

P. Bond Premiums and Discounts

On the government-wide financial statements, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight line method. Bond premiums are presented as an increase of the face amount of the general obligation bonds payable. On fund financial statements, bond premiums are receipted in the year the bonds are issued.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Q. <u>Extraordinary and Special Items</u>

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the City Administration and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence.

R. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

S. <u>Budgetary Process</u>

All funds, except agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates.

The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount City Council may appropriate. The appropriations ordinance is City Council's authorization to spend resources and set annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by City Council. The legal level of control has been established by City Council at the object level. The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the Finance Director. The amounts reported as the original and final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original and final appropriations were enacted by City Council.

The appropriation ordinance is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation ordinance for that fund that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by City Council during the year.

NOTE 3: <u>CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES AND RESTATEMENT OF NET</u> <u>POSITION/FUND BALANCE</u>

A. Changes in Accounting Principles

During the year, the City implemented the following Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements:

GASB Statement No. 83, *Certain Asset Retirement Obligations*. This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). The implementation of this Statement did not have an effect on the financial statements of the City.

GASB Statement No. 88, *Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements.* The objective of this Statement is to improve the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. These changes were incorporated in the City's 2020 financial statements; however, there was no effect on the beginning net position/fund balance.

GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. This Statement established specific criteria for identifying activities that should be reported as fiduciary activities and clarifies whether and how business-type activities should report their fiduciary activities. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84, the City will no longer be reporting agency funds. The City reviewed its fiduciary funds and certain funds will be reported in the new fiduciary fund classification of custodial funds while other funds have been reclassified as governmental funds. These changes were incorporated in the City's 2020 financial statements and had an effect on the beginning net position/fund balance.

B. Restatement in Net Position/Fund Balance

During 2020, the City changed their accounting policy to a capitalization threshold of \$5,000 and also removed any assets that were not in the possession of the City. The change in capital assets and implementation of GASB Statement No. 84 had the following effect on net position/fund balance.

	G	overnmental Activities
Net Position December 31, 2019	\$	(7,549,334)
Adjustments:		
Capital Assets, Net		(3,305,647)
GASB Statement No. 84		262,793
Restated Net Position December 31, 2019	\$	(10,592,188)
		General
		Fund
Fund Balance December 31, 2019	\$	7,452,213
Adjustments:		
GASB Statement No. 84		262,793
Restated Fund Balance December 31, 2019	\$	7,715,006

NOTE 4: ACCOUNTABILITY

The following funds had deficit fund balances as of December 31, 2020:

<u>Major Funds</u>	
General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund	\$ 1,499,399
Nonmajor Funds	
Special Revenue Funds:	
Community Development and Building Grant	10,087
COPS Grant	16,748
2007 Nature Works Grant	19,589
Ohio Department of Transportation State Infrastructure Bank Loan Fund	581,947

The deficits in the nonmajor special revenue funds are caused by the recognition of expenditures on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The General Fund is liable for any deficits in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit in the General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund is the result of the issuance of anticipation notes which are used to finance projects until bonds are issued. Once the notes are retired or the bonds are issued, the deficits will be eliminated.

NOTE 5: BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual for the General Fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis are as

follows:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP);
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP);
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budgetary) rather than as a part of restricted, committed, and assigned fund balances (GAAP);
- 4. Advances in and advances out are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis).
- 5. Other funds are included in the General Fund (GAAP basis), but have a separate legally adopted budget (budget basis).

NOTE 5: BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (Continued)

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the GAAP basis to the budgetary basis for the General Fund are as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance	
	 General Fund
GAAP Basis	\$ (1,055,132)
Increase (Decrease) Due to:	
Revenue Accruals	2,231,161
Expenditure Accruals	587,049
Funds with Separate Legally Adopted Budgets	(261,896)
Net Impact of Encumbrances	 (919,774)
Budgetary Basis	\$ 581,408

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NOTE 6: FUND BALANCES

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

	General	General Bond Retirement	Street Improvement Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total
Nonspendable					
Prepaid Items	\$ 65,373	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 65,373
Inventories	121,246	j –	-	-	121,246
Interfund Balance	716,216	j –	-	-	716,216
Unclaimed Funds	13,705		-	-	13,705
Total Nonspendable	916,540	-		-	916,540
Restricted					
Fire Pension	-	-	-	17,350	17,350
Police Pension	-	-	-	19,464	19,464
Police and Fire Services	-	-	-	98,953	98,953
Other Law Enforcement	-	-	-	53,893	53,893
Master Plan Grant	-	-	-	25,353	25,353
BJA Grant	-	-	-	13,876	13,876
Great Grant	-	-	-	3,668	3,668
Streets and Highways	-	-	756,861	451,238	1,208,099
Building Levy	-	-	-	241,102	241,102
Residential Demolition	-	-	-	206,878	206,878
Community	-	-	-	59,879	59,879
SIB Loan	-	-	-	746,379	746,379
Capital Improvements	-	-	-	83,082	83,082
Other Purposes				16,920	16,920
Total Restricted	-		756,861	2,038,035	2,794,896
Committed					
CRA monitoring fees	-	-	-	167,275	167,275
Economic development	-	-	-	28,150	28,150
Occupancy Program	-			42,716	42,716
Total Committed				238,141	238,141
Assigned Purchases on Order:					
Police Programs and services	8,695	-	-	-	8,695
Fire Programs and services	50,631	-	-	-	50,631
Community and Leisure Time Activities	45,924	-	-	-	45,924
Streets and Public Works	329,784		-	-	329,784
General Government	445,570		-	-	445,570
Total Assigned	880,604		-	-	880,604
Unassigned (Deficit)	4,862,730			(628,371)	2,734,960
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)	\$ 6,659,874	\$ (1,499,399)	\$ 756,861	\$ 1,647,805	\$ 7,565,141

NOTE 7: **DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

The City follows State statute and classifies held monies into three categories.

Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the City treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the City treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the City Council has identified as not required for use within the current five-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Interim monies held by the City can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio or Ohio local governments;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations.; and
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAROhio).

NOTE 7: **<u>DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS</u>** (Continued)

The City may also invest any monies not required to be used for a period of six months or more in the following:

- 1. Bonds of the State of Ohio;
- 2. Bond of any municipal corporation, village, county, township or other political subdivision of this state, as to which there is not of principal, interest, or coupon; and,
- 3. Obligations of the City.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions.

Cash on Hand

At year-end, the City had \$600 in undeposited cash on hand, which in included on the balance sheet of the City as part of equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents.

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the City will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

At December 31, 2020, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$5,013,782 (not including \$7,237 in cash in segregated accounts). Based on criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposits and Investments Risk Disclosures*, as of December 31, 2020, \$711,388 of the City's bank balance of \$5,277,663 was covered by Federal Depository Insurance and \$3,023,485 was uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the City's name, and \$1,542,790 was uninsured and uncollateralized. The City's financial institutions were approved for a reduced collateral rate of 50 percent through the Ohio Pooled Collateral System, resulting in the uninsured and uncollateralized balance.

The City has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits be either insured or protected by:

Eligible securities pledged to the City and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose fair value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured; or

Participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total fair value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State. The City's financial institution had enrolled in OPCS as of December 31, 2020.

NOTE 7: **DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS** (Continued)

Investments

As of December 31, 2020, the City had the following investments:

				Investment Maturities (in Years)
	Measurement	Level	Credit	
	Value	Input	Rating (*)	<1
Investment Type				
Money Market Mutual Funds	\$ 2,183,672	N/A	AA+	\$2,183,672
Negotiable CD's	993,792	1	N/A	993,792
STAR Ohio	2,416,535	N/A	AAAm	2,416,535
Total Investments	5,593,999			\$ 5,593,999
Carrying Amount of Deposits	5,013,782			
Petty Cash	600			
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 10,608,381			

* Credit Ratings were obtained from Standard & Poor's, respectively, for all investments.

Star Ohio is measured at net asset value per share while all other investments are measured at fair value. The City has categorized its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The Negotiable CD's are measured at fair value and is valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs). All other investments measured at fair value are valued using methodologies that incorporate market inputs such as benchmark yields, reported trades, broker/dealer quotes, issuer spreads, two-sided markets, benchmark securities, bids, offers and reference data including market research publications. Market indicators and industry and economic events are also monitored, which could require the need to acquire further market data. (Level 2 inputs). The above chart identifies the City's recurring fair value measurements as of December 31, 2020. As previously discussed, Star Ohio is reported at its net asset value.

Interest Rate Risk – The City has no investment policy that addresses interest rate risk. State statute requires that an investment mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the City, and that an investment must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Repurchase agreements are limited to 30 days and the fair value of the securities must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily.

Credit Risk – STAROhio carries a rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's. Ohio law requires that STAROhio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The negotiable certificates of deposits were not rated. The credit ratings for the money market mutual fund were AA+ by Standard and Poor's. The City has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

NOTE 7: **<u>DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS</u>** (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk – For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Securities backed by a federal government agency or instrumentality are exposed to custodial credit risk in that they are uninsured, unregistered, and held by the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the City's name. At the year end, the City's investments in negotiable certificates of deposit was fully covered by the FDIC. The City has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in state statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee.

NOTE 8: **<u>RECEIVABLES</u>**

A. **Property Taxes**

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal property located in the City. Property tax revenue received during 2020 for real and public utility property taxes represents collections for 2019 taxes. Property tax payments received during 2020 for tangible personal property, except for public utility property, are for prior year unpaid tangible personal property taxes.

Real property taxes (other than public utility property) are levied after October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, the lien date. Assessed values are established by the County Auditor at 35 percent of the appraised market value, and reappraisal of all property is required every six years with a triennial update. The last reappraisal was completed for tax year 2018.

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, the payment is due December 31, if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Taxes not paid become delinquent after December 31 of the year in which payable. Under certain circumstances, state statute permits later payment dates to be established.

Public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value; public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes collected during the calendar year were levied in the preceding calendar year based on assessed values as of January 1 of that preceding year, the lien date.

Real and public utility property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31. If paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 30. Under certain circumstances, state statute permits earlier or later payment dates to be established.

Public utility tangible personal property taxes paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20.

NOTE 8: **<u>RECEIVABLES</u>** (Continued)

A. **<u>Property Taxes</u>** (Continued)

The Cuyahoga County Fiscal Officer collects property tax on behalf of all taxing districts within the County. The Cuyahoga County Fiscal Officer periodically remits to the taxing districts their portions of the taxes collected.

The full tax rate for all City operations for the year ended December 31, 2020, was \$9.70 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed values of real and tangible personal property upon which 2020 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

Category	Assessed Value		
Real Property	\$	233,994,440	
Public Property		10,311,730	
Total	\$	244,306,170	

Property taxes receivable represents real and tangible personal property taxes and public utility taxes which are measurable as of December 31, 2020 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. In the General Fund, the General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund, the Police Salary and Equipment, the Fire Salary and Equipment, the Street Lighting, the Building Levy, the Fire Pension, and the Police Pension special revenue funds, the entire receivable has been offset by deferred inflows of resources since the current taxes were not levied to finance 2020 operations and the collections of delinquent taxes during the available period is not subject to reasonable estimation. On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as revenue while the remainder of the receivable is deferred inflows of resources.

B. <u>Municipal Income Taxes</u>

The City levies a municipal income tax of 2.60 percent on income earned within the City. Residents of the City who work and pay taxes in another community receive a fifty percent credit of their Warrensville Heights City income tax. Employers within the City are required to withhold income tax on employee earnings and remit the tax to the Central Collection Agency (CCA) at least quarterly. Corporations and other individual taxpayers are also required to pay estimated tax quarterly and file a return annually. Taxes collected by CCA in one month are remitted to the City on the tenth of the following month. Municipal income tax revenue is credited entirely to the General Fund.

The City passed legislation number 2020-078 on June 16, 2020 to enter into a contract with Regional Income Tax Agency (RITA) for the purpose of administration and collection of municipal income taxes, with the effective date of January 1, 2020.

NOTE 8: **<u>RECEIVABLES</u>** (Continued)

C. Intergovernmental Receivables

A summary of intergovernmental receivables follows:

Revenue Description	 Amount	
Local Government	\$ 200,095	
Cents Per Gallon and Excise Tax	380,278	
Homestead and Rollback	51,320	
Permissive Tax	1,814	
JEDD	 83,507	
Total Intergovernmental Receivable	\$ 717,014	

NOTE 9: INTERFUND TRANSFERS

The transfers among City funds were made to provide additional resources for current operations and for the payment of debt. The following transfers were made during the year ended December 31, 2020:

	Tra	Transfer From		
Transfer To		General Fund		
General Obligation Bond Retirement Street Improvement Fund Non-Major Governmental Funds	\$	910,255 854,250 23,560		
Total	\$	1,788,065		

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them; distribute unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations; to segregate money for anticipated capital projects; to provide additional resources for current operations or debt service; and to return money approved by council to the fund from which it was originally provided once a project is completed.

NOTE 10: **INTERFUND BALANCES**

Interfund balances at December 31, 2020, consist of the following interfund receivable and payables:

	Interfund Receivable	
Interfund Payable	General Fund	
Major Governmental Funds:		
General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund	\$	46,954
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:		
Bereau of Justice Grant		148
Community Development Block Grant		27,919
COPS Grant		21,566
2007 Nature Works Grant		19,589
Town Center Project Fund		5,973
State Infrastructure Bank Loan Fund		594,067
Total	\$	716,216

The loans to the other major and other governmental funds from the General Fund were made to cover expenditures until reimbursements are received.

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NOTE 11: CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2020, was as follows:

	Restated Balances 12/31/2019	Additions	Disposals	Balances 12/30/2020
Governmental Activities				
Nondepreciable Assets:				
Land	\$ 3,641,410	\$ 995,400	\$-	\$ 4,636,810
Construction in progress		697,999		697,999
Total Nondepreciable Assets	3,641,410	1,693,399	-	5,334,809
Depreciable Assets:				
Land Improvements	351,728	-	-	351,728
Buildings	14,142,471	16,454,600	-	30,597,071
Machinery and Equipment	379,173	138,744	-	517,917
Vehicles	1,585,306	121,723	-	1,707,029
Infrastructure:				
Roads	10,775,602	-	-	10,775,602
Sanitary Sewers	2,583,416	-	-	2,583,416
Storm Sewers	2,426,227	-	-	2,426,227
Total Depreciable Assets	32,243,923	16,715,067	-	48,958,990
Less Accumulated Depreciation				
Land Improvements	(218,246)	(17,586)	-	(235,832)
Buildings	(2,867,004)	(454,259)	-	(3,321,263)
Machinery and Equipment	(171,833)	(60,712)	-	(232,545)
Vehicles	(815,094)	(200,042)	-	(1,015,136)
Infrastructure:				
Roads	(4,383,153)	(143,675)	-	(4,526,828)
Sanitary Sewers	(1,758,216)	(34,445)	-	(1,792,661)
Storm Sewers	(1,501,229)	(32,350)		(1,533,579)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(11,714,775)	(943,069) *	-	(12,657,844)
Total Depreciable Assets, Net	20,529,148	15,771,998	-	36,301,146
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 24,170,558	\$ 17,465,397	\$-	\$ 41,635,955

* Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

Security of Persons and Property:	
Police and Others	\$ 41,366
Fire	110,905
Public Works	149,640
Transportation	143,674
General Government	 497,484
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 943,069

NOTE 12: LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Original issuance amounts and interest rates of the City's debt issues are as follows:

Debt Issue	Interest Rate	Original Issue	Year of Maturity
General obligation bonds:			
2013 Various purpose			
improvement refunding bonds	2.00%-3.125%	9,055,000	2032
2013 Various purpose			
improvement refunding bonds	2.00%-4.00%	1,725,000	2029
Unamortized Premium	n/a	304,219	2032
2014 Cinema Park			
improvement bonds	1.500% - 4.00%	2,095,000	2030
Unamortized Premium	n/a	142,163	2030
Certificates of participation:			
2013 Certificates of participation	3.125%-4.50%	9,800,000	2037
Unamortized premiums	n/a	145,419	2013-2037
Loans payable:			
State Infrastructure Bank Loan	3.00%	2,529,893	2025
OPWC Loan	n/a	450,000	2030

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NOTE 12: LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

		Balances 2/31/2019		Issued		Retired		Balances 12/30/2020		Amounts Due in Dne Year
General Obligation Bonds:										
Various Purpose Bonds										
Series 2013-1	\$	4,965,000	\$	-	\$	(490,000)	\$	4,475,000	\$	495,000
Various Purpose Bonds										
Series 2013-2		1,025,000		-		(90,000)		935,000		90,000
Cinema Park Improvement								*		,
Bond Series 2014		1,935,000		-		(150,000)		1,785,000		150,000
Unamortized Premium		282,818				(24,561)		258,257		-
Total General Obligation Bonds		8,207,818				(754,561)		7,453,257		735,000
Total General Congation Donds		0,207,010				(754,501)		1,435,251		755,000
Certificates of Participation - Direct Placement:										
2013 Certificates of Participation		9,335,000		-		(380,000)		8,955,000		395,000
Unamortized Premium		73,266		-		(4,070)		69,196		-
Total Certificates of Participation:		9,408,266		-		(384,070)		9,024,196		395,000
L.						· · · ·				
Loans Payable - Direct Borrowings:										
OPWC		-		450,000		-		450,000		45,000
State Infrastructure Bank Loan		2,185,408		-		(337,667)		1,847,741		347,873
Total Loans Payable:		2,185,408		450,000		(337,667)		2,297,741		392,873
Other Long-Term Obligations:		2 072 507		501 502		(512.024)		0 1 4 1 00 6		410 704
Compensated Absences		2,072,597		581,523		(513,024)		2,141,096		418,794
Claims Payable Capital Leases		27,754 86,757		1,225 17,450,000		(23,456) (273,450)		5,523 17,263,307		5,368 471,382
Net Pension Liability:		80,737		17,430,000		(275,450)		17,205,507		4/1,582
OPERS		8,310,606				(2,157,353)		6,153,253		
OP&F		17,637,511		-		(2,137,333) (2,691,755)		14,945,756		-
Total Net Pension Liability		25,948,117				(4,849,108)		21,099,009		-
Net Pension OPEB:		23,946,117		-		(4,049,100)		21,099,009		-
OPERS		3,690,043		314,505				4,004,548		
		, ,		,		-				-
OP&F Total Nat OPER Liakility		1,967,702		<u>223,783</u> 538,288		-		2,191,485		-
Total Net OPEB Liability		5,657,745		,		-		6,196,033		-
Total Other Long-Term Obligations: Total Governmental Activities	\$	33,792,970 53,594,462	\$	18,571,036	\$	(5,659,038) (7,135,336)	\$	46,704,968 65,480,162	\$	895,544 2,418,417
i otai Ooveriiinentai Activities	¢	55,594,402	¢	19,021,030	¢	(7,155,550)	¢	03,400,102	¢	2,410,41/

The voted general obligation, special assessment refunding bonds for various purpose improvements and the street improvement general obligation bonds, and the certificate of participation will be paid with property tax revenue and special assessment revenue from the General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund.

Compensated absences, employer pension contributions, claims payable, and capital leases (see Notes 14 and 16 for additional detail on capital leases and claims payable) will be paid from the General Fund. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability. See Notes 17 and 18 for further information regarding net pension liability and net OPEB liability.

As of December 31, 2020, the City's overall legal debt margin was \$18,198,891 and the unvoted legal debt margin was \$5,983,582.

NOTE 12: LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

The City's total direct borrowing from OPWC contains a provision that in an event of default the amount of such default shall bear interest thereafter at the rate of 8 percent per annum until the date of payment, and outstanding amounts become immediately due. Also, OPWC may direct the county treasurer to pay the outstanding amount from the portion of the local government fund that would otherwise be remitted to the City.

The City's total direct borrowing from ODOT for the State Infrastructure Bank Loan contains provisions that in an event of default any of the following may apply: (a) the entire unpaid balance of the indebtedness is immediately due and payable (b) ODOT may inspect, examine and copy the books, records and financial data of the City (c) ODOT may purse all remedies to collect all amounts due.

The City's total direct placement of from Certificates or Participation contains provisions that in the event of default the Trustee may pursue any available remedy to enforce the payment of Certificate payments. However, the Trustee may not declare any lease payment not then past due or in default to be immediately due and payable.

The annual requirements to amortize all long-term debt outstanding as of December 31, 2020 are as follows:

				G	overnmental	Activ	rities						
	General Obl	igation	Bonds		Certificates of	f Part	icipation	Sta	te Infrastructu	ire Ba	ank Loan	0	PWC Loan
Year	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal]	interest	P	rincipal
2021	\$ 735,000	\$	234,799	\$	395,000	\$	342,863	\$	347,873	\$	52,842	\$	45,000
2022	760,000		215,900		-		327,062		358,388		42,328		45,000
2023	720,000		192,506		-		314,250		369,221		31,496		45,000
2024	645,000		168,862		1,270,000		300,969		380,380		20,335		45,000
2025	650,000		147,387		450,000		287,375		391,879		8,839		45,000
2026-2030	3,105,000		404,131		1,440,000		1,205,575		-		-		225,000
2031-2035	580,000		27,031		2,755,000		701,881		-		-		-
2036-2037	-		-		2,645,000		93,825		-		-		-
Total	\$ 7,195,000	\$	1,390,616	\$	8,955,000	\$	3,573,800	\$	1,847,741	\$	155,840	\$	450,000

NOTE 13: NOTES PAYABLE

		Balances 2/31/2019	Issued	Retired		Balances 12/30/2020
2019 Bond Anticipation Notes						
Emery Wood Improvements	\$	415,000	\$ -	\$ (415,000)	\$	-
2019 Emery Woods General Obligation Notes						
Series 2019-1		600,000	-	(600,000)		-
2019 Certificates of Participation						
Series 2019-1		1,000,000	-	(1,000,000)		-
2020 Bond Anticipation Notes						
Emery Wood Improvements		-	415,000	-		415,000
2020 Emery Woods General Obligation Notes			,			,
Series 2020-1		-	580.000	-		580.000
2020 Certificates of Participation			,			,
Series 2020-1		-	900,000	-		900.000
2020 Bond Anticipation Notes			,			,
City Hall		-	1,900,000	-		1,900,000
Fotal Governmental Activities	\$	2,015,000	\$ 3,795,000	\$ (2,015,000)	\$	3,795,000
	_				_	

NOTE 12: LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

The City issued \$415,000 Emery Woods Improvements bond anticipation notes on December 11, 2020 at 1.27 percent and maturing on December 10, 2021.

The City issued \$580,000 in General Obligation Emery Woods Improvement bond anticipation notes on August 6, 2020 at 1.08 percent and maturing June 29, 2021.

The City issued \$900,000 in certificates of participation (COPs) on December 10, 2020 to retire COPs issued in previous years. These COPs were issued to provide funds for constructing, furnishing and equipping the City's Community Center.

The City issued \$1,900,000 in Various Purpose, Series 2020 bond anticipation notes on June 29, 2020 at 1.67 percent and maturing June 29, 2021 for project cost overruns applicable to the new municipal building, technology, and the purchase and installation of two new traffic lights located in front of the new municipal building on 4743 Richmond Road, Warrensville Heights, Ohio.

All the notes are backed by the full faith and credit of the City and mature within one year. The note liability is reflected in the funds which received the proceeds. The notes will be paid off from the debt service funds.

NOTE 14: LEASES

Capital Leases

In 2020, the City has entered into a lease agreement in the amount of \$26,875,000 with Hemingway at Richmond III, LLC for the leasehold interest in the land, building and all other improvements located at 4743 Richmond Road, Warrensville Heights, Ohio 44128. This property will be the new location of city hall, police, and building department. The fire department will remain at the old City Hall. In previous years, the City had entered into a lease agreements for a fire engine. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and therefore, have been recorded at the present value of their minimum lease payments as of inception date and are secured by the above-mentioned property.

	Governmental Activities		
Capital Leases, being depreciated			
Buildings	\$	16,454,600	
Vehicles		349,770	
Total Capital Leases, being depreciated		16,804,370	
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(386,067)	
Capital Leases, Net	\$	16,418,303	

In the event of default for the City Hall lease, the lessor may declare all amounts due under this lease agreement to become immediately due and payable, may declare the term of this lease ended and enter into the possession of the premises and sue for and recover all damages arising of such default.

NOTE 14: **LEASES** (Continued)

For all other leases, in the event of a default the lender may require the City, at the City's cost, to promptly deliver possession of the collateral to the lender, and may recover all expenses and collection costs which the lender has incurred.

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the capital lease and present value of the minimum lease payments is as follows:

Year	Payment Payment
2021	\$ 1,104,143
2022	1,075,000
2023	1,075,000
2024	1,075,000
2025	1,075,000
Thereafter	 20,962,500
	 26,366,643
Less Interest	 (9,103,336)
Future Minimum Lease	\$ 17,263,307

Capital lease payments have been presented as part of the General Fund's program expenditures on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances, and principal payments reduce liabilities rather than being an expense on the statement of activities.

NOTE 15: CONTINGENCIES

A. Litigation

The City is party to legal proceedings. The City management is of the opinion that the ultimate disposition of these claims and legal proceedings are still in litigation and unable to state at this time if they will have a material effect, if any, on the financial condition of the City.

B. Grants

The City received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the City at December 31, 2020.

NOTE 16: **<u>RISK MANAGEMENT</u>**

A. **Property and Liability**

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees, and natural disasters. During 2020, the City contracted with U.S. Specialty Insurance Company for various types of insurance as follows:

Company	Coverage	Amount
U.S. Specialty Insurance Co.	General Liability (per occurrence/aggregate)	\$1,000,000/\$3,000,000
	Damage to Premises Rented to You	1,000,000
	Premises Medical Payments (per person)	10,000
	Employee Benefits Liability (per occurrence/aggregate)	1,000,000/3,000,000
	Ohio Stop Gap Liability	1,000,000
	Employment Practice Liability	1,000,00/1,000,000
	Automobile Liability and Physical Damage Coverage:	
	Combined Bodily Injury and Property Damage	1,000,000
	Medical Payments	5,000
	Law Enforcement Liability (per occurrence/aggregate)	1,000,000/3,000,000
	Public Officials Liability (per occurrence/aggregate)	1,000,00/1,000,000
	Sexual Abuse Liability	1,000,00/1,000,000
	Crime:	
	Forgery and Alterations	250,000
	Computer Fraud	250,000
	Theft, Disappearance, and Destruction	25,000
	Employee Dishonesty	500,000
	Flood	500,000
	Earthquake	500,000
	Property (Building and Contents) Coverage	27,655,943
	Inland Marine Coverage	2,588,698
	Umbrella Liability	5,000,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years and there have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year.

B. Workers' Compensation

The City participates in the State Workers' Compensation Retrospective Rating and Payment Plan. This Plan involves the payment of a minimum premium for administrative services and stop-loss coverage plus the actual claims cost for injured employees. The balance of claims payable at December 31, 2020, represents an estimate of the liability for unpaid claims costs provided by Bureau of Workers' Compensation. The claims liability for the Workers' Compensation retrospective rating and payment system at December 31, 2020, was \$5,523. All of the claims are paid from the General Fund.

The claims liability reported at December 31, 2020 for workers' compensation is based on the requirements of Governmental Standards Board Statement No. 30, which requires that a liability for unpaid claims costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not reported claims, be reported. The estimate was not affected by incremental claim adjustment expenses and does not include other allocated or unallocated adjustment expenses.

NOTE 16: **<u>RISK MANAGEMENT</u>** (Continued)

B. Workers' Compensation (Continued)

Changes in claims activity for the last three years are as follows:

	Be	eginning					End
	of Year		Claims		Payments		 of Year
2018	\$	19,252	\$	49,460	\$	42,262	\$ 26,450
2019		26,450		11,735		10,431	27,754
2020		27,754		1,225		23,456	5,523

NOTE 17: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

The net pension liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees— of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability represents the City's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the City's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The City cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the City does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension. GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers.

A. Plan Description – Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *intergovernmental payable* on both the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting.

NOTE 17: **DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN** (Continued)

A. Plan Description – Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) (Continued)

Plan Description - City employees participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administer three separate pension plans. The traditional pension plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan and the combined plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with defined contribution features. While members (e.g. City employees) may elect the member-directed plan and the combined plan, substantially all employee members are in OPERS' traditional plan; therefore, the following disclosure focuses on the traditional pension plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits, and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional plan. City to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about OPERS' fiduciary net position that may be obtained by visiting https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml, by writing to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling 800-222-7377.

Senate Bill (SB) 343 was enacted into law with an effective date of January 7, 2013. In the legislation, members were categorized into three groups with varying provisions of the law applicable to each group. The following table provides age and service requirements for retirement and the retirement formula applied to final average salary (FAS) for the three member groups under the traditional plan as per the reduced benefits adopted by SB 343 (see OPERS' Comprehensive Annual Financial Report referenced above for additional information):

Group A	Group B	Group C
Eligible to retire prior to	20 years of service credit prior to	Members not in other Groups
January 7, 2013 or five years	January 7, 2013 or eligible to retire	and members hired on or after
after January 7, 2013	ten years after January 7, 2013	January 7, 2013
State and Local	State and Local	State and Local
Age and Service Requirements:	Age and Service Requirements:	Age and Service Requirements:
Age 60 with 60 months of service credit	Age 60 with 60 months of service credit	Age 62 with 60 months of service credit
or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	or Age 57 with 25 years of service credit
Formula:	Formula:	Formula:
2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of	2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of	2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of
service for the first 30 years and 2.5%	service for the first 30 years and 2.5%	service for the first 35 years and 2.5%
for service years in excess of 30	for service years in excess of 30	for service years in excess of 35

Final average Salary (FAS) represents the average of the three highest years of earnings over a member's career for Groups A and B. Group C is based on the average of the five highest years of earnings over a member's career.

Members who retire before meeting the age and years of service credit requirement for unreduced benefits receive a percentage reduction in the benefit amount. The base amount of a member's pension benefit is locked in upon receipt of the initial benefit payment for calculation of the annual cost-of-living adjustment.

NOTE 17: **DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN** (Continued)

A. Plan Description – Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) (Continued)

When a traditional plan benefit recipient has received benefits for 12 months, an annual cost of living adjustment (COLA) is provided. This COLA is calculated on the base retirement benefit at the date of retirement and is not compounded. For those retiring prior to January 7, 2013, the COLA will continue to be a 3 percent simple annual COLA.

For those retiring subsequent to January 7, 2013, beginning in calendar year 2019, the COLA will be based on the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, capped at 3 percent.

A death benefit of \$500 - \$2,500, determined by the number of years of service credit of the retiree, is paid to the beneficiary of a deceased retiree or disability benefit recipient under the Tradition pension plan and the Combined Plan.

The OPERS Board of Trustees approved a proposal at its October 2019 meeting to create a new tier of membership in the OPERS traditional pension plan. OPERS currently splits its non-retired membership into Group A, B or C depending on age and service criteria. Retirement Group D would consist of OPERS contributing members hired in 2022 and beyond. Group D will have its own eligibility standards, benefit structure and unique member features designed to meet the changing needs of Ohio public workers. It also will help OPERS address expected investment market volatility and adjust to the lack of available funding for health care.

Defined contribution plan benefits are established in the plan documents, which may be amended by the Board. Member-directed plan and combined plan members who have met the retirement eligibility requirements may apply for retirement benefits. The amount available for defined contribution benefits in the combined plan consists of the members' contributions plus or minus the investment gains or losses resulting from the members' investment selections. Combined plan members wishing to receive benefits must meet the requirements for both the defined benefit and defined contribution plans. Member-directed participants must have attained the age of 55, have money on deposit in the defined contribution plan and have terminated public service to apply for retirement benefits. The amount available for defined contribution benefits in the member-directed plan consists of the members' contributions, vested employer contributions and investment gains or losses resulting from the members' investment selections. Employer contributions and associated investment earnings vest over a five-year period, at a rate of 20 percent each year. At retirement, members may select one of several distribution options for payment of the vested balance in their individual OPERS accounts. Options include the purchase of a monthly defined benefit annuity from OPERS (which includes joint and survivor options), partial lump-sum payments (subject to limitations), a rollover of the vested account balance to another financial institution, receipt of entire account balance, net of taxes withheld, or a combination of these options.

NOTE 17: **DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN** (Continued)

A. Plan Description – Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) (Continued)

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory City for member and employer contributions as follows:

G4...4

	State
	and Local
2020 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates	
Employer	14.0 %
Employee *	10.0 %
2020 Actual Contribution Rates	
Employer:	
Pension **	14.0 %
Post-Employment Health Care Benefits **	0.0
Total Employer	14.0 %
Employee	10.0 %

* Member contributions within combined plan are not used to fund the defined benefit retirement allowance

** These pension and employer health care rates are for the traditional and combined plans. The employer contributions rate for the member-directed plan is allocated 4 percent for health care with remainder going to pension.

The portion of employer contributions used to fund pension benefits is net of postemployment health care benefits. The portion of the employer's contribution allocated to health care was 0% for 2020 for the Traditional and Combined plans. The portion of the employer's contribution allocated to health care was 4% for the Member-Directed plan for 2020. Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The City's contractually required contributions was \$579,710 for fiscal year ending December 31, 2020. Of this amount, \$57,292 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

B. Plan Description – Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund (OP&F)

Plan Description - City full-time police and firefighters participate in Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by OP&F. OP&F provides retirement and disability pension benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information and detailed information about OP&F fiduciary net position. The report may be obtained by visiting the OP&F website at www.op-f.org or by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

NOTE 17: **DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN** (Continued)

B. Plan Description – Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund (OP&F) (Continued)

Upon attaining a qualifying age with sufficient years of service, a member of OP&F may retire and receive a lifetime monthly pension. OP&F offers four types of service retirement: normal, service commuted, age/service commuted and actuarially reduced. Each type has different eligibility guidelines and is calculated using the member's average annual salary. The following discussion of the pension formula relates to normal service retirement.

For members hired after July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 52 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit. For members hired on or before July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 48 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit.

The annual pension benefit for normal service retirement is equal to a percentage of the allowable average annual salary. The percentage equals 2.5 percent for each of the first 20 years of service credit, 2.0 percent for each of the next five years of service credit and 1.5 percent for each year of service credit in excess of 25 years. The maximum pension of 72 percent of the allowable average annual salary is paid after 33 years of service credit.

Under normal service retirement, retired members who are at least 55 years old and have been receiving OP&F benefits for at least one year may be eligible for a cost-of-living allowance adjustment. The age 55 provision for receiving a COLA does not apply to those who are receiving a permanent and total disability benefit and statutory survivors. Members participating in the DROP program have separate eligibility requirements related to COLA.

Members retiring under normal service retirement, with less than 15 years of service credit on July 1, 2013, and members whose pension benefit became effective on or after July 1, 2013, will receive a COLA equal to a percentage of the members' base pension benefit where the percentage is the lesser of three percent or the percentage increase in the consumer price index, if any, over the 12 month period that ends on the thirtieth day of September of the immediately preceding year, rounded to the nearest one-tenth of one percent.

	Police	Firefighters
2020 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates		
Employer	19.50 %	24.00 %
Employee	12.25 %	12.25 %
2020 Actual Contribution Rates		
Employer:		
Pension	19.00 %	23.50 %
Post-employment Health Care Benefits	0.50	0.50
Total Employer	19.50 %	24.00 %
Employee	12.25 %	12.25 %

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

<u>NOTE 17:</u> **DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN** (Continued)

B. Plan Description – Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund (OP&F) (Continued)

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The City's contractually required contribution to OP&F was \$1,127,438 for 2020. Of this amount, \$112,564 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

C. <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Assets, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources</u> and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability for OPERS was measured as of December 31, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. OP&F's total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2019, and was determined by rolling forward the total pension liability as of January 1, 2019, to December 31, 2019. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	-	OPERS Fraditional ension Plan		OP&F Police		OP&F Fire		Total
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability Prior Measurement Date Proportion of the Net Pension Liability		0.030344%		0.1012100%		0.1148660%		
Current Measurement Date Change in Proportionate Share		0.031131% 0.000787%		0.1037371% 0.0025271%		0.1181241% 0.0032581%		
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Pension Expense	\$ \$	6,153,253 1,106,852	\$ \$	6,988,286 808,707	\$ \$	7,957,470 1,009,310	\$ \$	21,099,009 2,924,869

NOTE 17: **DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN** (Continued)

C. <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Assets, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources</u> and <u>Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u> (Continued)

At December 31, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	OPERS		OP&F Police		OP&F Fire	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 328,655	\$	264,530	\$	301,215	\$ 894,400
Changes of assumptions	-		171,543		195,334	366,877
Changes in proportion and differences between City contributions and						
proportionate share of contributions	117,278		146,590		195,210	459,078
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 579,710		541,892		585,546	 1,707,148
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 1,025,643	\$	1,124,555	\$	1,277,305	\$ 3,427,503
	 , , ,	_	, ,	_	, ,	
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$ 1,227,436	\$	337,592	\$	384,409	\$ 1,949,437
Changes of assumptions						
Differences between expected and actual experience	77,799		360,412		410,401	848,612
Changes in proportion and differences between City contributions and						
proportionate share of contributions	 -		440,754		259,434	700,188
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 1,305,235	\$	1,138,758	\$	1,054,244	\$ 3,498,237

\$1,707,148 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending December 31, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending December 31:	OPERS	OP&F Police	OP&F Fire	Total
2021	(\$63,044)	(\$157,763)	(\$91,193)	(\$312,000)
2022	(359,712)	(113,945)	(55,479)	(\$529,136)
2023	50,826	34,920	128,966	\$214,712
2024	(487,372)	(300,118)	(324,809)	(\$1,112,299)
2025		(19,189)	(19,970)	(39,159)
Total	(\$859,302)	(\$556,095)	(\$362,485)	(\$1,777,882)

NOTE 17: **DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN** (Continued)

D. Actuarial Assumptions - OPERS

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the values of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2019, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement in accordance with the requirements of GASB 67. Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results, are presented below:

Wage Inflation	3.25 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	3.25 to 10.75 percent including wage inflation
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA	Pre 1/7/2013 retirees; 3 percent, simple
	Post 1/7/2013 retirees; 1.40 percent, simple
	through 2020, then 2.15 percent simple
Investment Rate of Return	7.2 percent
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age

Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Employees mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the RP-2014 Disabled mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the RP-2014 Disabled mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to all of the previously described tables.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended December 31, 2015.

The long-term rate of return on defined benefit investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation.

NOTE 17: **DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN** (Continued)

D. <u>Actuarial Assumptions – OPERS</u> (Continued)

OPERS manages investments in three investment portfolios: the Defined Benefits portfolio, the Health Care portfolio, and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Defined Benefit portfolio includes the investment assets of the Traditional Pension Plan, the defined benefit component of the Combined Plan, the annuitized accounts of the Member-Directed Plan. Within the Defined Benefit portfolio, contributions into the plans are all recorded at the same time, and benefit payments all occur on the first of the month. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual money weighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investments expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Defined Benefit portfolio was at a gain of 17.23 percent for 2019.

The allocation of investment assets with the Defined Benefit portfolio is approved by the Board of Trustees as outlined in the annual investment plan. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined benefit pension plans. The table below displays the Board-approved asset allocation policy for 2019 and the long-term expected real rates of return:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return (Arithmetic)
Fixed Income	25.00 %	1.83 %
Domestic Equities	19.00	5.75
Real Estate	10.00	5.20
Private Equity	12.00	10.70
International Equities	21.00	7.66
Other investments	13.00	4.98
Total	100.00 %	5.61 %

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.2 percent, postexperience study results. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefits payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTE 17: **DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN** (Continued)

D. <u>Actuarial Assumptions – OPERS</u> (Continued)

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount *Rate* The following table presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.2 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.2 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.2 percent) than the current rate:

	Current					
	1% Decrease (6.20%)		Discount Rate		1% Increase	
		(6.20%)		(7.20%)	(8.20%)	
City's proportionate share						
of the net pension liability	\$	10,148,706	\$	6,153,253	\$	2,561,459

Changes Between Measurement Date and Report Date

Subsequent to December 31, 2019, the global economy was impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic and market volatility increased significantly. It is likely that 2020 investment market conditions and other economic factors will be negatively impacted; however, the overall impact on the OPERS investment portfolio and funding position is unknown at this time.

E. <u>Actuarial Assumptions – OP&F</u>

OP&F's total pension liability as of December 31, 2019 is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of January 1, 2019, and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The total pension liability is determined by OP&F's actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual valuation. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of reported amounts and assumptions about probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment mortality, salary increases, disabilities, retirements and employment terminations. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Assumptions considered were: withdrawal rates, disability retirement, service retirement, DROP elections, mortality, percent married and forms of the payment, DROP interest rate, CPI-based COLA, investment returns, salary increases and payroll growth.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of January 1, 2019, are presented on the next page:

NOTE 17: **DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN** (Continued)

E. <u>Actuarial Assumptions – OP&F</u> (Continued)

Valuation Date	January 1, 2019, with actuarial liabilities
	rolled forward to December 31, 2019
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Investment Rate of Return	8.00 percent
Projected Salary Increases	3.75 percent to 10.5 percent
Payroll Growth	Inflation rate of 2.75 percent plus
	productivity increase rate of 0.5 percent
Cost of Living Adjustments	3.00 percent simple, 2.2 percent simple for
	increases based on the lesser of the increase
	in CPI and 3 percent
Investment Rate of Return Projected Salary Increases Payroll Growth	Entry Age Normal 8.00 percent 3.75 percent to 10.5 percent Inflation rate of 2.75 percent plus productivity increase rate of 0.5 percent 3.00 percent simple, 2.2 percent simple fo increases based on the lesser of the increase

Mortality for non-disabled participants is based on the RP-2014 Total Employee and Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, adjusted according to the rates in the following table, and projected with the Conduent Modified 2016 Improvement Scale. Rates for surviving beneficiaries are adjusted by 120 percent.

Age	Police	Fire
(7		
67 or less	77 %	68 %
68-77	105	87
78 and up	115	120

Mortality for disabled retirees is based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, adjusted according to the rates in the following table, and projected with the Conduent Modified 2016 Improvement Scale. Mortality rates for active members were based on the RP2014 Total employee and Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, and projected with the Conduent Modified 2016 Improvement Scale.

Age	Police	Fire
59 or less	35 %	35 %
60-69	60	45
70-79	75	70
80 and up	100	90

The most recent experience study was completed December 31, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in the Statement of Investment Policy. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class.

NOTE 17: **DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN** (Continued)

E. <u>Actuarial Assumptions – OP&F</u> (Continued)

The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes. Best estimates of the long-term expected geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in OP&F's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2019 are summarized below:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	10 year Expected Real Rate of Return **	30 year Expected Real Rate of Return **
Cash and Cash Equivalents	0.00 %	0.10 %	1.00 %
Domestic Equity	16.00	3.90	5.40
International Equity	16.00	4.70	5.80
Core Fixed Income *	23.00	1.10	2.70
U.S. Inflation Linked Bonds *	17.00	0.40	2.50
High Yield Fixed Income	7.00	2.50	4.70
Private Real Estate	12.00	5.40	6.40
Private Markets	8.00	6.10	8.00
Midstream Energy Infrastructure	8.00	5.80	6.60
Private Credit	5.00	4.80	5.50
Real Assets	8.00	6.90	7.40
Total	120.00 %		

Note: Assumptions are geometric * levered 2x

** numbers are net of expected inflation

OP&F's Board of Trustees has incorporated the "risk parity" concept into OP&F's asset liability valuation with the goal of reducing equity risk exposure, which reduces overall Total Portfolio risk without sacrificing return, and creating a more risk-balanced portfolio based on their relationship between asset classes and economic environments. From the notional portfolio perspective above, the Total Portfolio may be levered up to 1.2 times due to the application of leverage in certain fixed income asset classes.

Discount Rate The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 8.00 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the longer-term assumed investment rate of return 8.00 percent. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

NOTE 17: **DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN** (Continued)

E. <u>Actuarial Assumptions – OP&F</u> (Continued)

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount *Rate* Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 8.00 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (7.00 percent), or one percentage point higher (9.00 percent) than the current rate.

				Current		
	1	% Decrease	D	iscount Rate	1	% Increase
		(7.00%)		(8.00%)		(9.00%)
City's proportionate share					_	
of the net pension liability	\$	20,714,298	\$	14,945,756	\$	10,120,943

Changes Between Measurement Date and Report Date

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of OP&F, including the fair value of OP&F's investment portfolio. However, because the values of individual investments fluctuate with market conditions, and due to market volatility, the amount of losses that may be recognized in subsequent periods cannot be determined with half of the fiscal year remaining. In addition, the impact on the OP&F's future operating costs, revenues, and any recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

NOTE 18: **DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS**

A. Net OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for OPEB. OPEB is a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for OPEB is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net OPEB liability represents the City's proportionate share of each OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each OPEB plan's fiduciary net position.

The net OPEB liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

NOTE 18: **DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS** (Continued)

A. <u>Net OPEB Liability</u> (Continued)

Ohio Revised Code limits the City's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The City cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which OPEB are financed; however, the City does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including OPEB.

GASB 75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because they benefit from employee services. OPEB contributions come from these employers and health care plan enrollees which pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. Any change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net OPEB liability. Resulting adjustments to the net OPEB liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net OPEB liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required OPEB contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *intergovernmental payable* on both the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting.

B. Plan Description – Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Plan Description - The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) administers three separate pension plans: the traditional pension plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; the member-directed plan, a defined contribution plan; and the combined plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

OPERS maintains a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care trust, which funds multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage and deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement to qualifying benefit recipients of both the traditional pension and the combined plans. This trust is also used to fund health care for member-directed plan participants, in the form of a Retiree Medical Account (RMA). At retirement or refund, member directed plan participants may be eligible for reimbursement of qualified medical expenses from their vested RMA balance.

In order to qualify for postemployment health care coverage, age and service retirees under the traditional pension and combined plans must have twenty or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by OPERS meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement 75. See OPERS' Comprehensive Annual Financial Report referenced below for additional information.

The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require OPERS to provide health care to its eligible benefit recipients. Authority to establish and amend health care coverage is provided to the Board in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

NOTE 18: **DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS** (Continued)

B. Plan Description – Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) (Continued)

Disclosures for the health care plan are presented separately in the OPERS financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by visiting <u>https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml</u>, by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling (614) 222-5601 or 800-222-7377.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority requiring public employers to fund postemployment health care through their contributions to OPERS. When funding is approved by OPERS Board of Trustees, a portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside to fund OPERS health care plans. Beginning in 2018, health care was no longer being funded.

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the earnable salary of active members. In 2020, state and local employers contributed at a rate of 14.0 percent of earnable salary and public safety and law enforcement employers contributed at 18.1 percent. These are the maximum employer contribution rates permitted by the Ohio Revised Code. Active member contributions do not fund health care.

Each year, the OPERS Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside to fund health care plans. As recommended by OPERS' actuary, beginning January 1, 2018, OPERS no longer allocated a portion of its employer contributions to health care for the traditional plan and the combined plan. The OPERS Board is also authorized to establish rules for the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries to pay a portion of the health care provided. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected. The employer contribution as a percentage of covered payroll deposited into the RMA for participants in the Member-Directed Plan for 2020 was 4.0 percent.

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The City's contractually required contribution was \$0 for 2020.

C. <u>Plan Description – Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund (OP&F)</u>

Plan Description – The City contributes to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F)) a costsharing, multiple-employer defined post-employment healthcare plan that provides various levels of health care to retired, disabled and beneficiaries, as well as their dependents. On January 1, 2019, OP&F changed the way it supports retiree health care. A stipend-based health care model has replaced the selfinsured group health care plan that had been in place. A stipend funded by OP&F is available to these members through a Health Reimbursement Arrangement and can be used to reimburse retirees for qualified health care expenses. As a result of this change, it is expected that the solvency of the Health Care Stabilization Fund (HCSF) will be extended allowing OP&F to provide stipends to eligible participants.

NOTE 18: **DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS** (Continued)

C. Plan Description – Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund (OP&F) (Continued)

OP&F provides access to postretirement health care coverage for any person who receives or is eligible to receive a monthly service, disability, or statutory survivor benefit, or is a spouse or eligible dependent child of such person. The health care coverage provided by OP&F meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75.

The Ohio Revised Code allows, but does not mandate, OP&F to provide OPEB benefits. Authority for the OP&F Board of Trustees to provide health care coverage to eligible participants and to establish and amend benefits is codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code.

OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information for the plan. The report may be obtained by visiting the OP&F website at <u>www.op-f.org</u> or by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Funding Policy – The Ohio Revised Code provides for contribution requirements of the participating employers and of plan members to the OP&F defined benefit pension plan. Participating employers are required to contribute to the pension plan at rates expressed as percentages of the payroll of active pension plan members, currently 19.5 percent and 24 percent of covered payroll for police and fire employer units, respectively. The Ohio Revised Code states that the employer contribution may not exceed 19.5 percent of covered payroll for police employer units and 24 percent of covered payroll for fire employer units. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB Plan.

OP&F maintains funds for health care in two separate accounts. There is one account for health care benefits and one account for Medicare Part B reimbursements. A separate health care trust accrual account is maintained for health care benefits under IRS Code Section 115 trust. An Internal Revenue Code 401(h) account is maintained for Medicare Part B reimbursements.

The Board of Trustees is authorized to allocate a portion of the total employer contributions made into the pension plan to the Section 115 trust and the Section 401(h) account as the employer contribution for retiree health care benefits. For 2020, the portion of employer contributions allocated to health care was 0.5 percent of covered payroll. The amount of employer contributions allocated to the health care plan each year is subject to the Trustees' primary responsibility to ensure that pension benefits are adequately funded and is limited by the provisions of Sections 115 and 401(h).

The City's contractually required contribution to OP&F was \$26,718 for 2020. Of this amount, \$2,523 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

NOTE 18: **DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS** (Continued)

D. <u>OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows</u> of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability and total OPEB liability for OPERS were determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2019, by incorporating the expected value of health care cost accruals, the actual health care payment, and interest accruals during the year. OP&F's total OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2019, and was determined by rolling forward the total OPEB liability as of January 1, 2019, to December 31, 2019. The City's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the City's share of contributions to the retirement plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

	OPERS	OP&F	Total
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability			
Prior Measurement Date	0.028303%	0.2160758%	
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability			
Current Measurement Date	0.028992%	0.2218612%	
Change in Proportionate Share	 0.000689%	0.0057854%	
Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB			
Liability	\$ 4,004,548	\$ 2,191,485	\$ 6,196,033
OPEB Expense	\$ 489,679	\$ 88,156	\$ 577,835

NOTE 18: **DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS** (Continued)

D. <u>OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows</u> <u>of Resources Related to OPEB</u> (Continued)

At December 31, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	OPERS	OP&F	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$ 106	\$-	\$ 106
Changes of assumptions	633,878	1,281,228	1,915,106
Changes in proportion and differences			
between City contributions and			
proportionate share of contributions	51,605	34,138	85,743
City contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	_	26,718	26,718
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 685,589	\$ 1,342,084	\$ 2,027,673
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$ 366,235	\$ 235,673	\$ 601,908
Changes of assumptions	-	467,039	467,039
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	203,910	100,813	304,723
Changes in proportion and differences			
between City contributions and proportionate			
share of contributions		688,433	688,433
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 570,145	\$ 1,491,958	\$ 2,062,103

\$26,718 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	OPERS	OP&F	Total
Year Ending December 31:			
2021	\$134,755	(\$49,653)	\$85,102
2022	67,658	(49,652)	18,006
2023	164	(28,965)	(28,801)
2024	(87,133)	(61,581)	(148,714)
2025	-	(37,707)	(37,707)
Thereafter		50,936	50,936
Total	\$115,444	(\$176,622)	(\$61,178)

NOTE 18: **DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS** (Continued)

E. Actuarial Assumptions - OPERS

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the values of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan and include the types of coverage provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of costs between OPERS and plan members. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2019. The actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions applied to all prior periods included in the measurement in accordance with the requirements of GASB 74:

Wage Inflation	3.25 percent
Projected Salary Increases,	3.25 to 10.75 percent
including inflation	including wage inflation
Single Discount Rate:	
Current measurement date	3.16 percent
Prior Measurement date	3.96 percent
Investment Rate of Return	6.00 percent
Municipal Bond Rate	2.75 percent
Health Care Cost Trend Rate	10.5 percent, initial
	3.25 percent, ultimate in 2030
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age

Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Employees mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the RP-2014 Disabled mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the RP-2014 Disabled mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to all of the above described tables.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended December 31, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on health care investment assets was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation.

NOTE 18: **DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS** (Continued)

E. <u>Actuarial Assumptions – OPERS</u> (Continued)

During 2019, OPERS managed investments in three investment portfolios: the Defined Benefit portfolio, the Health Care portfolio and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Health Care portfolio includes the assets for health care expenses for the Traditional Pension Plan, Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan eligible members. Within the Health Care portfolio, contributions into the plans are assumed to be received continuously throughout the year based on the actual payroll payable at the time contributions are made, and health care-related payments are assumed to occur mid-year. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual money-weighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investment expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Health Care portfolio is 19.59 percent for 2019.

The allocation of investment assets with the Health Care portfolio is approved by the Board of Trustees as outlined in the annual investment plan. Assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of continuing to offer a sustainable health care program for current and future retirees. OPERS' primary goal is to achieve and maintain a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined pension plans. Health care is a discretionary benefit.

The table below displays the Board-approved asset allocation policy for 2019 and the long-term expected real rates of return:

		Weighted Average Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return (Arithmetic)
Fixed Income	36.00 %	1.53 %
Domestic Equities	21.00	5.75
Real Estate Investment Trust	6.00	5.69
International Equities	23.00	7.66
Other investments	14.00	4.90
Total	100.00 %	4.55 %

Discount Rate A single discount rate of 3.16 percent was used to measure the OPEB liability on the measurement date of December 31, 2019. A single discount rate of 3.96 percent was used to measure the OPEB liability on the measurement date of December 31, 2018. Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present value using a single discount rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments (to the extent that the health care fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate are not met). This single discount rate was based on an expected rate of return on the health care investment portfolio of 6.00 percent and a municipal bond rate of 2.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rate.

NOTE 18: **DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS** (Continued)

E. <u>Actuarial Assumptions – OPERS</u> (Continued)

Based on these assumptions, the health care fiduciary net position and future contributions were sufficient to finance health care costs through 2034. As a result, the long-term expected rate of return on health care investments was applied to projected costs through the year 2034, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all health care costs after that date.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount *Rate* The following table presents the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the single discount rate of 3.16 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (2.16 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (4.16 percent) than the current rate:

		Current		
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase	
	(2.16%)	(3.16%)	(4.16%)	
City's proportionate share				
of the net OPEB liability	\$5,240,594	\$4,004,548	\$3,014,878	

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate Changes in the health care cost trend rate may also have a significant impact on the net OPEB liability. The following table presents the net OPEB liability calculated using the assumed trend rates, and the expected net OPEB liability if it were calculated using a health care cost trend rate that is 1.0 percent lower or 1.0 percent higher than the current rate.

Retiree health care valuations use a health care cost-trend assumption that changes over several years built into the assumption. The near-term rates reflect increases in the current cost of health care; the trend starting in 2020 is 10.50 percent. If this trend continues for future years, the projection indicates that years from now virtually all expenditures will be for health care. A more reasonable alternative is that in the not-too-distant future, the health plan cost trend will decrease to a level at, or near, wage inflation. On this basis, the actuaries project premium rate increases will continue to exceed wage inflation for approximately the next decade, but by less each year, until leveling off at an ultimate rate, assumed to be 3.50 percent in the most recent valuation.

		Current Health Care	
	Cost Trend Rate		
	1% Decrease	Assumption	1% Increase
City's proportionate share			
of the net OPEB liability	\$3,886,378	\$4,004,548	\$4,121,213

NOTE 18: **DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS** (Continued)

E. <u>Actuarial Assumptions – OPERS</u> (Continued)

Changes between Measurement Date and Report Date

On January 15, 2020, the Board approved several changes to the health care plan offered to Medicare and pre-Medicare retirees in efforts to decrease costs and increase the solvency of the health care plan. These changes are effective January 1, 2022, and include changes to base allowances and eligibility for Medicare retirees, as well as replacing OPERS-sponsored medical plans for pre-Medicare retirees with monthly allowances, similar to the program for Medicare retirees. These changes are not reflected in the current year financial statements but are expected to decrease the associated OPEB liability.

F. Actuarial Assumptions – OP&F

OP&F's total OPEB liability as of December 31, 2019, is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of January 1, 2019 and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The total OPEB liability is determined by OP&F's actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual valuation. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of reported amounts and assumptions about probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment mortality, salary increases, disabilities, retirements and employment terminations. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

NOTE 18: **DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS** (Continued)

F. <u>Actuarial Assumptions – OP&F</u> (Continued)

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results, are presented below.

Valuation Date	January 1, 2019, with actuarial liabilities
	rolled forward to December 31, 2019
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Investment Rate of Return	8.0 percent
Projected Salary Increases	3.75 percent to 10.5 percent
Payroll Growth	Inflation rate of 2.75 percent plus
	productivity increase rate of 0.5 percent
Single discount rate:	
Current measurement date	3.56 percent
Prior measurement date	4.66 percent
Cost of Living Adjustments	3.00 percent simple; 2.2 percent simple
	for increased based on the lesser of the
	increase in CPI and 3 percent

Mortality for non-disabled participants is based on the RP-2014 Total Employee and Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, adjusted according to the rates in the following table, and projected with the Conduent Modified 2016 Improvement Scale. Rates for surviving beneficiaries are adjusted by 120 percent.

Age	Police	Fire
67 or less 68-77	77 % 105	68 % 87
78 and up	115	120

Mortality for disabled retirees is based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, adjusted according to the rates in the following table, and projected with the Conduent Modified 2016 Improvement Scale.

Age	Police	Fire	
59 or less	35 %	35 %	
60-69	60	45	
70-79	75	70	
80 and up	100	90	

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended December 31, 2016.

NOTE 18: **DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS** (Continued)

F. <u>Actuarial Assumptions – OP&F</u> (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in the Statement of Investment Policy. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expected. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes. Best estimates of the long-term expected geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in OP&F's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2019, are summarized below:

	Target	10 year Expected	30 year Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return **	Real Rate of Return **
Cash and Cash Equivalents	0.00 %	0.10 %	1.00 %
Domestic Equity	16.00	3.90	5.40
Non-US Equity	16.00	4.70	5.80
Core Fixed Income *	23.00	1.10	2.70
U.S. Inflation Linked Bonds *	17.00	0.40	2.50
High Yield Fixed Income	7.00	2.50	4.70
Real Estate	12.00	6.90	7.40
Private Markets	8.00	6.10	8.00
Master Limited Partnerships	8.00	5.80	6.60
Private Credit	5.00	4.80	5.50
Real Assets	8.00	6.90	7.40
Total	120.00 0/		
Total	120.00 %		

Note: Assumptions are geometric

** numbers are net of expected inflation

OP&F's Board of Trustees has incorporated the risk parity concept into OP&F's asset liability valuation with the goal of reducing equity risk exposure, which reduces overall Total Portfolio risk without sacrificing return, and creating a more risk-balanced portfolio based on the relationship between asset classes and economic environments. From the notional portfolio perspective above, the Total Portfolio may be levered up to 1.2 times due to the application of leverage in certain fixed income asset classes.

Discount Rate The total OPEB liability was calculated using the discount rate of 3.56 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contribution from employers and from members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by state statute. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the longer-term assumed investment rate of return 8 percent. Based on those assumptions, OP&F's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members.

^{*} levered 2x

NOTE 18: **DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS** (Continued)

F. <u>Actuarial Assumptions – OP&F</u> (Continued)

Therefore, a municipal bond rate of 2.75 percent at December 31, 2019 and 4.13 percent at December 31, 2018, was blended with the long-term rate of 8 percent, which resulted in a blended discount rate of 3.56 percent. The municipal bond rate was determined using the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index. The OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected OPEB payments until 2031. The long-term expected rate of return on health care investments was applied to projected costs through 2031, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all health care costs after that date.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount *Rate* Net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.56 percent, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.56 percent), or one percentage point higher (4.56 percent) than the current rate.

	Current		
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(2.56%)	(3.56%)	(4.56%)
City's proportionate share			
of the net OPEB liability	\$2,717,300	\$2,191,485	\$1,754,570

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate Net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the health care cost trend rate because it is based on a medical benefit that is a flat dollar amount.

NOTE 19: COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. All City employees earn vacation ranging from two to six weeks based upon length of service.

General administration employees not covered by a collective bargaining agreement earn sick leave of 120 hours annually, without limit on the amount they can accumulate. General administration employees may carry forward a maximum of 336 hours of vacation leave unless the employee's department head certifies to the Mayor that the employee has exceeded the maximum vacation hours allowed as a result of the employee's inability to use vacation leave due to staffing requirements. Upon separation from the City, a maximum of 25 percent of accumulated sick leave up to 240 hours and up to 336 hours of vacation leave shall be paid.

Fire department employees earn 168 hours of sick leave annually and may carry forward an unlimited amount. Upon separation from the City, fire department employees will be paid for 37.5 percent of their accumulated sick balance up to 1,080 hours and up to 120 hours of vacation leave shall be paid. The maximum amount of vacation leave that may be carried forward annually is 120 hours.

NOTE 19: COMPENSATED ABSENCES (Continued)

Police officers earn 120 hours of sick leave per year and may carry forward an unlimited amount of sick leave annually. However, only 480 hours of vacation time may be carried forward annually. Police officers separating from employment will be paid for any unused vacation balance with a maximum of 480 hours. Police officers with at least ten years of continuous City service will be paid 30 percent of their accumulated sick leave balance upon separation from the City, with a maximum of 400 hours.

Police dispatchers earn 120 hours of sick leave annually and may carry forward an unlimited amount; the maximum amount of vacation leave that may be carried forward is 336 hours. Upon separation from employment, dispatchers may be paid for all accumulated vacation leave up to 336 hours; however they are only paid for accumulated sick leave at 30 percent of total or a maximum of 232 hours if separation is by retirement and with at least ten years of continuous service with the City.

NOTE 20: JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

First Suburbs Consortium of Northeast Ohio Council of Governments

The City is a member of the First Suburbs Consortium of Northeast Ohio Council of Government ("Council"). The Council is a regional council of governments formed under Chapter 167 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Council is currently comprised of 19 communities. The Council was formed to foster cooperation between municipalities in matters of mutual concern including but not limited to, initiation and support of policies and practices which protect, maintain and redevelop mature communities and other matters which affect health, safety, welfare, education, economic conditions, and regional development.

The Council is governed by an Assembly made up of one representative from each member community. The representatives then elect the Governing Board made up of a Chair, Vice Chair, and other members elected in annual elections. The Governing Board oversees and manages the Council.

The degree of control exercised by any participating government is limited to its representation in the Assembly and on the Governing Board.

The City did not contribute to the Council during 2020. Financial information can be obtained by contacting First Suburbs Consortium of Northeast Ohio Council of Governments, 40 Severance Circle, Cleveland Heights, Ohio 44118.

Northeast Ohio Public Energy Council

The City is a member of the Northeast Ohio Public Energy Council (NOPEC). NOPEC is a regional council of governments formed under Chapter 167 of the Ohio Revised Code. NOPEC was formed to serve as a vehicle for communities wishing to proceed jointly with an aggregation program for the purchase of energy. NOPEC is currently comprised of members of 240 communities in 174 communities in 10 counties who have been authorized by ballot to purchase energy on behalf of their citizens. The intent of NOPEC is to provide energy at the lowest possible rates while at the same time ensuring stability in prices by entering into long-term contracts with suppliers to provide energy to the citizens of its member communities.

NOTE 20: JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS (Continued)

NOPEC is governed by a General Assembly made up of one representative from each member community. The representatives from each county then elect one person to serve on the eight-member NOPEC Board of Directors. The Board of Directors oversees and manages the operation of the aggregation program. The degree of control exercised by any participating government is limited to its representation in the General Assembly and on the Board of Directors.

The City of Warrensville Heights did not contribute to NOPEC during 2020. Financial information can be obtained by contacting NOPEC, 31320 Solon Rd, Suite 20, Solon, Ohio 44139.

Chagrin/Southeast Council of Government

The Chagrin/Southeast Council of Government operates the Chagrin/Southeast HazMat Response Team. The team was formed in 1990 to assist local fire departments in responding to incidents involving industrial chemicals. The Council of Government has established two subsidiary organizations, the West Shore Hazardous Materials Committee which provides hazardous material protection and assistance, and the West Shore Enforcement Bureau which provides extra assistance to cities in the form of a Swat Team. During 2020, the City contributed \$3,500 to the organization. The Chagrin/Southeast Council of Government financial statements may be obtained by contacting the Finance Director of the Village of Glenwillow, 29555 Pettibone Road, Glenwillow, Ohio 44139.

The City is a member of Valley Enforcement Regional Council of Government ("VERCOG"), a jointly governed organization. VERCOG is a regional council of government formed under Chapter 167 of the Ohio Revised Code. VERCOG was formed to continue to foster cooperation among political subdivisions through sharing of facilities for their common benefit. It includes the supervision and control of the Valley Enforcement Group ("VEG"), which has been a mutual aid organization providing the mutual interchange and sharing of police personnel and police equipment.

VERCOG is comprised of communities located within the Chagrin Valley which exercise law enforcement authority under Ohio law and whose law enforcement agency consists of four or more fulltime, sworn law enforcement officers. VERCOG is authorized to acquire and own police equipment and other property, to be used by all participating members, and may do any other thing permitted by law to accomplish its general purposes. During 2020, the City paid \$10,000 to VERCOG. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the City of Pepper Pike, 28000 Shaker Boulevard, Pepper Pike, Ohio 44124.

NOTE 21: OTHER SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS

Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. At year-end, the amount of encumbrances expected to be honored upon performance by the vendor in the next year were as follows:

	Enc	Encumbrances	
General Fund	\$	880,604	
Street Improvement Fund		454,270	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		565,407	
Total Encumbrances-Governmental Funds	\$	1,900,281	

NOTE 22: TAX ABATEMENT DISCLOSURE

Income tax abatement program

As of December 31, 2020, the City of Warrensville Heights continues to pursue new and efficient economic development strategies that are fiscally responsible, support the creation of new jobs, and grow the City's economic tax base.

The Warrensville Heights Occupancy Program (W.H.O.P.) provides a monetary grant to businesses occupying or looking to occupy, whether buying or leasing, existing vacant industrial and/or commercial property within the City of Warrensville Heights, where such occupancy results in new jobs in the City of Warrensville Heights. The grant is an annual payment from the City's non-tax revenues, which is equal to a percentage of the businesses total annual payroll. Retail and food service businesses are not eligible program participants.

The business must currently employ at least twenty-five (25) full time or full-time equivalent employees with a current payroll, excluding benefits, exceeding \$500,000 and is creating at least ten (10) new jobs that will result in at least \$320,000 in new annual payroll within a three (3) year period beginning at the commencement date of the agreement.

An eligible grant recipient will receive an annual grant payment equal to no more than fifty percent (50%) of the total annual payroll taxes paid to the City of Warrensville Heights for the duration of the W.H.O.P. agreement. The duration of the agreement may not exceed the lease term if the benefiting business is leasing space.

NOTE 22: TAX ABATEMENT DISCLOSURE (Continued)

Real Estate Tax abatement

The City of Warrensville Heights Community Reinvestment Areas was created in 1977. The program underwent major revisions in 1994. In fact, there are two types of CRAs – those created prior to July 1, 1994 and those after. The City Council passed legislative authority with designated area determined the size, the number of areas as well as the term and extent of the real property exemptions. Designations includes Northeast, Southeast and West boundaries of the City of Warrensville Heights.

The City's Reinvestment Area program is an economic development tool administered by City of Warrensville Heights and county government that provides real property tax exemptions for property owners who renovate existing or construct new buildings. For residential property, a tax exemption on the increase in the assessed valuation resulting from improvements. Residential application must be filed with the Housing Officer no later than six months after construction completion.

- A. Ten (10) years, for the remodeling of dwellings containing not more than two housing units and upon which the cost of remodeling is at least \$2,500;
- B. Twelve (12) years for remodeling of existing residential dwelling containing more than two housing units and upon which the cost of remodeling is at least \$5,000;
- C. Fifteen (15) years for new residential, commercial, and industrial facilities shall be negotiated on a case-by-case basis in advance of construction occurring.

Warrensville Heights Tax Increment Financing (TIF) is another economic development mechanism used by the city to apply payments derived from the increased assessed value of improvements to real property beyond that amount are directed towards a separate fund to finance the construction of infrastructure defined within the TIF legislation.

The City Council designate a Housing Officer to review applications and serve as the program lead. The city created a Tax Incentive Review Council (TIRC) to review performance of all agreements and projects.

City Council's incentive criteria for decision making

The City of Warrensville Heights has offered Community Reinvestment Area abatement and tax incentives programs to businesses based upon substantial investment into the City. All projects requires an application to the Office of Community and Economic Development, Mayoral review, Council approval and is filed with the County.

The City's Health Neighborhood Initiative housing development projects continues to rehabilitate areas of the city needing improvement. In 2020, we have continued to see increases in real estate values, particularly since the triannual appraisal occurred.

The total amount of tax abated for tax year 2019/collection year 2020 is \$67,653.

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (CONTINUED)

NOTE 23: COVID 19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the City. The investments of the pension and other employee benefit plan in which the City participates fluctuate with market conditions, and due to market volatility, the amounts of gains or losses that will be recognized in subsequent periods, if any, cannot be determined. In addition, the impact of the City's future operating costs, revenues, and any recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

NOTE 24: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On June 15, 2021, Council approved the issuance of notes in the amounts of \$300,000 for the purpose of improving the City's traffic control system, \$580,000 for the purpose of various improvements, and \$1,600,000 for a portion of the costs of constructing, furnishing and equipping the City's municipal buildings.

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM – TRADITIONAL PLAN LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS (1)

Traditional Plan	 2020	 2019	2018			2017
City's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.031131%	0.030344%		0.030069%		0.029823%
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 6,153,253	\$ 8,310,606	\$	4,717,243	\$	6,772,296
City's Covered Payroll	\$ 4,379,136	\$ 4,100,364	\$	3,973,692	\$	3,865,858
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	140.51%	202.68%		118.71%		175.18%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	82.17%	74.70%		84.66%		77.25%

(1) Information prior to 2014 is not available. Schedule is intended to show ten years of information, and additional years' will be displayed as it becomes available.

Amounts presented as of the City's measurement date which is the prior year end.

 2016	 2015	 2014
0.028017%	0.027299%	0.027299%
\$ 4,852,897	\$ 3,292,564	\$ 3,218,196
\$ 3,533,442	\$ 3,375,283	\$ 3,507,777
137.34%	97.55%	91.74%
81.08%	86.45%	86.36%

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY OHIO POLICE AND FIRE PENSION FUND LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS (1)

Police		2020		2019		2018		2017
City's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability		0.1037371%		0.1012100%		0.1097825%		0.1142500%
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	6,988,286	\$	8,261,410	\$	6,737,849	\$	7,236,487
City's Covered Payroll	\$	2,735,316	\$	2,552,432	\$	2,749,674	\$	2,970,400
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		255.48%		323.67%		245.04%		243.62%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		63.07%		63.07%		70.91%		68.36%
Fire		2020		2019		2018		2017
City's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability		0.1181241%		0.1148660%		0.1152646%		0.1229520%
Citale Descention at Change of the Nat Descion Lightlites	¢	7 057 470	¢	0.276.101	\$	7,074,311	¢	7,787,669
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	7,957,470	\$	9,376,101	φ	7,074,311	\$	7,787,009
City's Covered Payroll	\$ \$	7,957,470 2,524,681	\$ \$	9,376,101 2,347,915	\$	2,366,579	\$ \$	2,557,613
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(1) Information prior to 2014 is not available. Schedule is intended to show ten years of information, and additional years' will be displayed as it becomes available.

Amounts presented as of the City's measurement date which is the prior year end.

2016	 2015	2014				
0.1144450%	0.1145327%		0.1145327%			
\$ 7,362,327	\$ 5,933,271	\$	5,578,102			
\$ 2,690,837	\$ 2,523,995	\$	3,093,713			
273.61%	235.07%		180.30%			
66.77%	71.71%		73.00%			
2016	 2015		2014			
0.1252940%	0.1232648%		0.1232648%			
\$ 0.1252940% 8,060,251	\$ 0.1232648% 6,385,631	\$	0.1232648% 6,003,382			
\$ 8,060,251	\$ 6,385,631	\$	6,003,382			

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S CONTRIBUTIONS - PENSION OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM – TRADITIONAL PLAN LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS (1)

	 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017
Contractually Required Contributions	\$ 579,710	\$ 613,079	\$ 574,051	\$ 516,580
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	 (579,710)	 (613,079)	 (574,051)	 (516,580)
Contribution Deficiency / (Excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
City's Covered Payroll	\$ 4,140,786	\$ 4,379,136	\$ 4,100,364	\$ 3,973,692
Pension Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	13.00%

(1) Information prior to 2013 is not available. Schedule is intended to show ten years of information, and additional years' will be displayed as it becomes available.

 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013
\$ 463,903	\$ 424,013	\$ 405,034	\$ 456,011
 (463,903)	 (424,013)	 (405,034)	 (456,011)
\$ 	\$ _	\$ 	\$
\$ 3,865,858	\$ 3,533,442	\$ 3,375,283	\$ 3,507,777
12.00%	12.00%	12.00%	13.00%

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S CONTRIBUTIONS - PENSION OHIO POLICE AND FIRE PENSION FUND LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017
Contractually Required Contributions Police	\$ 541,892	\$ 519,710	\$ 484,962	\$ 522,438
Fire	 585,546	 593,300	 551,760	 556,146
Total Required Contributions	\$ 1,127,438	\$ 1,113,010	\$ 1,036,722	\$ 1,078,584
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	 (1,127,438)	 (1,113,010)	 (1,036,722)	 (1,078,584)
Contribution Deficiency / (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
City's Covered Payroll				
Police	\$ 2,852,063	\$ 2,735,316	\$ 2,552,432	\$ 2,749,674
Fire	\$ 2,491,685	\$ 2,524,681	\$ 2,347,915	\$ 2,366,579
Pension Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Pavroll				
Police	19.00%	19.00%	19.00%	19.00%
Fire	23.50%	23.50%	23.50%	23.50%

[1] – The portion of the City's contributions to fund pension obligations from January 1, 2013 thru May 31, 2013, for both police officers and firefighters was 14.81 percent and 19.31 percent, respectively. The portion of the City's contributions to fund pension obligations from June 1, 2013 thru December 31, 2013 for both police officers and firefighters was 16.65 percent and 21.15 percent, respectively.

2016	 2015	 2014	 2013	 2012	 2011
\$ 564,376	\$ 511,259	\$ 479,559	\$ 486,641	\$ 332,201	\$ 315,146
601,039	 539,688	 516,938	 531,591	 399,714	 403,288
\$ 1,165,415	\$ 1,050,947	\$ 996,497	\$ 1,018,232	\$ 731,915	\$ 718,434
(1,165,415)	 (1,050,947)	 (996,497)	 (1,018,232)	(731,915)	 (718,434
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
\$ 2,970,400	\$ 2,690,837	\$ 2,523,995	\$ 3,093,713	\$ 2,605,498	\$ 2,471,733
\$ 2,557,613	\$ 2,296,545	\$ 2,199,736	\$ 2,627,736	\$ 2,317,183	\$ 2,337,901
19.00%	19.00%	19.00%	[1]	12.75%	12.75%
23.50%	23.50%	23.50%	[1]	17.25%	17.25%

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS (1)

	 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017
City's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	0.028992%	0.028303%	0.028150%	0.027990%
City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$ 4,004,548	\$ 3,690,043	\$ 3,056,883	\$ 2,827,085
City's Covered Payroll	\$ 4,379,135	\$ 4,107,257	\$ 3,847,733	\$ 3,810,666
City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	91.45%	89.84%	79.45%	74.19%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	47.80%	46.33%	54.14%	54.04%

(1) Information prior to 2017 is not available. Schedule is intended to show ten years of information, and additional years' will be displayed as it becomes available.

Amounts presented as of the City's measurement date, which is the prior calendar year end.

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY OHIO POLICE AND FIRE PENSION FUND LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS (1)

	 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017
City's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	0.2218612%	0.2160758%	0.2250472%	0.2372000%
City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$ 2,191,485	\$ 1,967,702	\$ 12,750,857	\$ 11,259,351
City's Covered Payroll	\$ 5,259,997	\$ 4,900,347	\$ 5,116,253	\$ 5,528,013
City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	41.66%	40.15%	249.22%	203.68%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	47.08%	46.57%	14.13%	15.96%

(1) Information prior to 2017 is not available. Schedule is intended to show ten years of information, and additional years' will be displayed as it becomes available.

Amounts presented as of the City's measurement date, which is the prior calendar year end.

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S CONTRIBUTIONS - OPEB OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS (1)

	 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 276	\$ 40,298	\$ 79,192	\$ 71,970
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	 	 	 (276)	 (40,298)	 (79,192)	 (71,970)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ _	\$ -	\$ 	\$ _	\$ _	\$ _
City Covered Payroll	\$ 4,140,783	\$ 4,379,135	\$ 4,107,257	\$ 3,847,733	\$ 3,810,666	\$ 3,789,838
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.01%	1.05%	2.08%	1.90%

(1) Information prior to 2015 is not available. Schedule is intended to show ten years of information, and additional years' will be displayed as it becomes available.

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CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S CONTRIBUTIONS - OPEB OHIO POLICE AND FIRE PENSION FUND LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	 2020	 2019	 2018	2017		
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 26,718	\$ 26,333	\$ 24,502	\$	25,581	
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	 (26,718)	 (26,333)	 (24,502)		(25,581)	
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ _	\$ _	\$ _	\$	_	
City Covered Payroll	\$ 5,343,748	\$ 5,259,997	\$ 4,900,347	\$	5,116,253	
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%		0.50%	

 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013	 2012	 2011
\$ 25,580	\$ 26,425	\$ 23,846	\$ 170,997	\$ 331,969	\$ 325,549
 (25,580)	 (26,425)	 (23,846)	 (170,997)	 (331,969)	 (325,549)
\$ -	\$ -	\$ _	\$ _	\$ _	\$ -
\$ 5,528,013	\$ 4,987,382	\$ 4,723,731	\$ 5,721,449	\$ 4,922,681	\$ 4,809,634
0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	3.62%	6.75%	6.75%

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (OPERS)

Net Pension Liability

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2014-2020.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for 2014-2016 and 2018. For 2017, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the expected investment return was reduced from 8.00% to 7.50%, (b) the expected long-term average wage inflation rate was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%, (c) the expected long-term average price inflation rate was reduced from 3.00% to 2.50%, (d) Rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality rates were updated to the RP-2014 Health Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observant period base year of 2006 and then established the base year as 2015 (f) mortality rates used in evaluating disability allowances were updated to the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality tables, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation base year of 2006 and a base year of 2015 for males and 2010 for females (g) Mortality rates for a particular calendar year for both healthy and disabled retiree mortality tables are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to the above described tables. For 2019, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the expected investment return was reduced from 7.50% to 7.20%. For 2020, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the cost-of-living adjustments for post-1/7/2013 retirees were reduced from 3.00% simple through 2018 to 1.40% simple through 2020, then 2.15% simple.

Net OPEB Liability

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2018-2020.

Changes in assumptions: For 2018, the single discount rate changed from 4.23% to 3.85%. For 2019, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the expected investment return was reduced from 6.50% to 6.00% (b) In January 2019, the Board adopted changes to health care coverage for Medicare and pre-Medicare retirees. It will include discontinuing the PPO plan for pre-Medicare retirees and replacing it with a monthly allowance to help participants pay for a health care plan of their choosing. The base allowance for Medicare eligible retirees will be reduced. The specific effect of these changes on the net OPEB liability and OPEB expense are unknown at this time (c) the single discount rate changed from 3.85% to 3.96%. For 2020, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the single discount rate changed from 3.96% to 3.16%.

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

OHIO POLICE AND FIRE (OP&F) PENSION FUND

Net Pension Liability

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2014-2020. *Changes in assumptions:* There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for 2014-2017. For 2018, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the investment rate of return was reduced from 8.25 percent to 8.00 percent (b) the projected salary increases was reduced from 4.25% to 3.75% (c) the payroll increases was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25% (d) the inflation assumptions was reduced from 3.25% to 2.75% (e) the cost of living adjustments was reduced from 2.60% to 2.20% (f) rates of withdrawal, disability and service retirement were updated to reflect recent experience (g) mortality rates were updated to the RP-2014 Total Employee and Health Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observant period base year of 2006 and then established the base year as 2016 (h) mortality rates used in evaluating disability allowances were updated to the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality tables, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation base year of 2006 and a base year of 2016. For 2019-2020, there have been no OP&F pension plan amendments adopted or changes in assumptions between the measurement date and the report date that would have impacted the actuarial valuation of the pension plan as of the measurement date.

Net OPEB Liability

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2018 and 2020. For 2019, see below regarding changes to stipend-based model.

Changes in assumptions: For 2018, the single discount rate changed from 3.79 percent to 3.24 percent. For 2019, the changes of assumptions were: (a) beginning January 1, 2019 OP&F changed its retiree health care model and the current self-insured health care plan is no longer offered. In its place will be a stipend-based health care model. OP&F has contracted with a vendor who will assist eligible retirees in choosing health care plans from their marketplace (both Medicare-eligible and pre-Medicare populations). A stipend funded by OP&F will be placed in individual Health Reimbursement Accounts that retirees will use to be reimbursed for health care expenses. As a result of changing from the current health care model to the stipend-based health care model, management expects that it will be able to provide stipends to eligible participants for the next 15 years (b) beginning in 2020 the Board approved a change to the Deferred Retirement Option Plan. The minimum interest rate accruing will be 2.5% (c) the single discount rate changed from 3.24 percent to 4.66 percent. For 2020, the single discount rate changed from 4.66 to 3.56.

Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedule

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are established to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. A description of the City's special revenue funds follows:

Street Construction, Maintenance, and Repair Fund

The Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund accounts for ninety-two and one half percent (92.5%) of the state gasoline tax and motor vehicle registration fees restricted for street maintenance and repair.

State Highway Fund

The State Highway Fund accounts for seven and one half percent (7.5%) of the state gasoline tax and motor vehicle registration fees restricted for maintenance and repair of state highways within the City.

Police Levy Fund

The Police Salary and Equipment Fund accounts for property tax revenue levied for the payment of salaries and for the purchase of equipment in the police department.

Fire Levy Fund

The Fire Salary and Equipment Fund accounts for property tax revenue levied for the payment of salaries and for the purchase of equipment in the fire department.

Street Lighting Fund

The Street Lighting Fund accounts for property tax revenue levied to provide street lighting within the City.

Building Levy Fund

The Building Levy Fund accounts for property tax revenue levied for the payment of repairs to City owned buildings.

Fire Pension Fund

The Fire Pension Fund accounts for the accumulation of property taxes levied for the payment of employer's pension contributions.

Police Pension Fund

The Police Pension Fund accounts for the accumulation of property taxes levied for the payment of employer's pension contributions.

DARE Grant Fund

The DARE Grant Fund accounts for grant monies received which are used to educate the public regarding drug abuse and drug abuse prevention. This fund did not have any activity or a budget in 2020 and therefore no budgetary schedule has been provided.

Master Plan Grant Fund

The Master Plan Grant Fund accounts for revenues received from the Cuyahoga County Department of Development to be used for maintaining the City's master plan which is a plan to create and maintain a quality way of life for the City's residents and businesses in both the immediate and longer-term future.

Bureau of Justice Grant Fund

The Bureau of Justice Grant Fund accounts for monies to be expended for safety equipment in the police department.

Community Development Block Grant Fund

The Community Development Block Grant Fund accounts for revenues received from the federal government and City matching funds and expenditures as prescribed under the Community Development Block Grant Program.

Law Enforcement Trust Fund

The Law Enforcement Trust Fund accounts for confiscated monies from criminals that are restricted, by state statute, for expenditures that would enhance the police department.

Juvenile Diversion Program Fund

The Juvenile Diversion Program Fund accounts for monies received from Cuyahoga County to be used to establish or expand community policing programs.

Fire Department Child Safety Grant Fund

The Fire Department Child Safety Grant Fund accounts for monies to be used for fire safety programs for children. This fund did not have any activity or a budget in 2020 and therefore no budgetary schedule has been provided.

EMS Computer Grant Fund

The EMS Computer Grant Fund accounts for monies from the state to be used for the purchase of equipment, computer software, and other costs associated with EMS mobile computing.

EMS Training and Equipment Grant Fund

The EMS Training and Equipment Grant Fund accounts for monies used for the purchase of computers in the fire department. This fund did not have any activity or a budget in 2020 and therefore no budgetary schedule has been provided.

Local Law Enforcement Block Grant Fund

The Local Law Enforcement Block Grant Fund accounts for monies used for the purchase of equipment in the police department. This fund did not have any activity or a budget in 2020 and therefore no budgetary schedule has been provided.

CDBG Sidewalk Fund

The CDBG Sidewalk Fund accounts for monies received from the Cuyahoga County Community Development department for the inspection and improvement of sidewalks within the City.

COPS Grant Fund

The COPS Grant Fund accounts for monies from the federal government to be used for the purchase of equipment, computer software, and other costs associated with police mobile computing.

FEMA Grant Fund

The FEMA Grant Fund accounts for monies received from the Federal Emergency Management Agency to be expended on personal protective equipment for use by the fire department.

Cleveland Browns Foundation Fund

The Cleveland Browns Foundation Fund accounts for monies to be used for youth crime prevention programs. This fund did not have any activity or a budget in 2020 and therefore no budgetary schedule has been provided.

CRA Monitoring Fee Fund

The CRA Monitoring Fee Fund accounts for monies received from companies that have a Community Reinvestment Agreement with the City. Funds are to be used exclusively for the purpose of complying with Section 3735.671 (D) of the Ohio Revised Code.

The Cleveland Foundation Fund

The Cleveland Foundation Fund accounts for monies received from the Cleveland Foundation to be used for a summer and after school family based prevention program within the City.

Economic Development Stimulus Incentive Grant Fund

The Economic Development Stimulus Incentive Grant Fund accounts for monies received from building permits issued to developers of the Emery Woods Housing Project.

Grass Refuse Fund

The Grass Refuse Fund accounts for monies received from a special assessment to be used for various expenses incurred by the City for upkeep on unkempt lots and/or lawns.

Homeland Security Grant Fund

The Homeland Security Grant Fund accounts for federal grant monies received to provide overtime payments to the service department employees participating in emergency preparedness. This fund did not have any activity or a budget in 2020 and therefore no budgetary schedule has been provided.

Civic Center Park Restoration Grant Fund

The Civic Center Park Restoration Grant Fund accounts for local grant monies used for the assessment, consultation, and implementation of sewer and drainage requirements; sidewalk repairs, and reconstruction; provision of recreation facilities; and rehabilitation of community housing and code enforcement. This fund did not have any activity or a budget in 2020 and therefore no budgetary schedule has been provided.

G.R.E.A.T. Grant Fund

The G.R.E.A.T. Grant Fund accounts for federal grant monies used to implement gang-prevention education activities and programming for elementary school students.

Fire Reporting Grant Fund

The Fire Reporting Grant Fund accounts for revenues received from the State of Ohio's Fire Marshall's office to be used towards computers, printers, and accessories to assist in the department's fire reporting requirements, and provide fire protection to the citizens for the community. This fund did not have any activity or a budget in 2020 and therefore no budgetary schedule has been provided.

2007 Nature Works Grant Fund

The Nature Works Grant Fund accounts for revenues received from the Ohio Department of Natural Resources and City's matching funds. The fund expends funds in compliance with the NatureWorks Local Grant Program State/Local Project Agreement, which includes: new playground equipment and various other improvements at the Green Road Civic Center and Park. This fund did not have any activity or a budget in 2020 and therefore no budgetary schedule has been provided.

2008 G.R.E.A.T. Grant Fund

The G.R.E.A.T. Grant Fund accounts for federal grant monies used to implement gang prevention education activities and programming for elementary school students. The 2008 grant is a subsequent grant to the 2007 G.R.E.A.T. Grant.

Warrensville Heights Occupancy Program Fund

The Warrensville Heights Occupancy Program Fund accounts for fees received to be used for compliance monitoring of companies participating in the program.

Residential Demolition Fund

The Residential Demolition Fund accounts for monies to be used for asbestos remediation and demolition of properties deemed blighted by the City.

Community Recycling Grant Fund

The Community Recycling Grant Fund accounts for funds received from the Cuyahoga County Solid Waste District to be used for community recycling programs.

Continuing Professional Training Program Fund

The Continuing Professional Training Program Fund accounts for funds received from the State of Ohio Continuing Professional Training Program to be used for law enforcement continuing professional training.

Coronavirus Relief Intervention Fund

Coronavirus Relief Intervention Fund accounts for grant proceeds provided to the local governments who have been financially impacted by the outbreak of COVID-19. The Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act (CARES Act) funding may only be used to cover costs that are necessary expenditures incurred in response to the COVID-19 outbreak.

Ohio Bureau Workers Compensation Intervention Grant Fund

The Ohio Bureau Workers Compensation Intervention Grant Fund accounts for funds received from the State of Ohio Bureau of Workers Compensation to be used for capital outlay equipment. This fund did not have any activity or a budget in 2020 and therefore no budgetary schedule has been provided.

Ohio Department of Aging Grant Fund

The Ohio Department of Aging Grant Fund accounts for funds received from the Department of Aging to be used for the senior community services. This fund did not have any activity or a budget in 2020 and therefore no budgetary schedule has been provided.

Ohio Department of Aging Grant 2016-2017 Fund

The Ohio Department of Aging Grant Fund accounts for funds received from the Department of Aging to be used for the senior community services for 2016-2017 period. This fund did not have any activity or a budget in 2020 and therefore no budgetary schedule has been provided.

Ohio Department of Transportation State Infrastructure Bank Loan Fund – The Ohio Department of Transportation State Infrastructure Bank Loan Fund is a special revenue fund that accounts for loan proceeds received from the Ohio Department of Transportation for the rehabilitation of local roads.

State Infrastructure Repayment Loan Fund

The State Infrastructure Repayment Loan Fund accounts for the funds received for hotel and motel taxes to be used for the repayment of state infrastructure bank loan.

Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds

Capital project funds are established to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. A description of the City's capital project funds follows:

Information Technology System Fund

The Information Technology System Fund accounts for resources to be used for purchasing computer hardware, application software, network telephone systems and other technology system upgrades.

Land Acquisition Fund

The Land Acquisition Fund accounts for resources set aside for future economic growth and development.

Emery Woods Project Fund

The Emery Woods Project Fund accounts for note proceeds used to pay for the costs of constructing a new development in the City which will consist of new houses.

Town Center Project Fund The Town Center Project Fund accounts for note proceeds used to pay for the costs of constructing projects within the City's Town Center project.

Generators Fund

The Generator Fund accounts for monies received from a note issuance to be used for the purchase and installation of a generator at City Hall. This fund did not have any activity of a budget in 2020 and therefore no budgetary schedule has been provided.

Cinema Park Fund

The Cinema Park Fund accounts for note proceeds used to pay for the costs of the infrastructure improvements at a housing development project. This fund did not have any activity of a budget in 2020 and therefore no budgetary schedule has been provided.

City Hall Boiler Replacement Fund

The City Hall Boiler Replacement Fund accounts for monies received from a NOPEC "Powering Our Communities" grant that will be used to replace the City Hall's boiler. This fund did not have any activity of a budget in 2020 and therefore no budgetary schedule has been provided.

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	I	onmajor Capital Projects Funds	Total Nonmajor vernmental Funds
ASSETS				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,682,644	\$	504,358	\$ 3,187,002
Accounts Receivable	15,758		-	15,758
Intergovernmental Receivable	404,341		-	404,341
Property Taxes Receivable	 719,949		-	 719,949
Total Assets	\$ 3,822,692	\$	504,358	\$ 4,327,050
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	\$ 76,242	\$	-	\$ 76,242
Accrued Interest Payable	-		303	303
Interfund Payable	663,289		5,973	669,262
Unearned Revenue	503,911		-	503,911
Notes Payable	 -		415,000	 415,000
Total Liabilities	 1,243,442		421,276	 1,664,718
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
Property Taxes	577,272		-	577,272
Unavailable Revenue - Delinquent Property Taxes	142,677		-	142,677
Unavailable Revenue - Other	 294,578		-	 294,578
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 1,014,527		-	 1,014,527
Fund Balances:				
Restricted	1,954,953		83,082	2,038,035
Committed	238,141		-	238,141
Unassigned (Deficit)	(628,371)		-	(628,371)
Total Fund Balances	 1,564,723		83,082	 1,647,805
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows	 			
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 3,822,692	\$	504,358	\$ 4,327,050

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES			
Property Taxes	\$ 609,776	\$ -	\$ 609,776
Hotel Taxes	137,748	-	137,748
Intergovernmental	1,638,181	-	1,638,181
Fines and Forfeitures	19,000	-	19,000
Charges for Services	22,495	-	22,495
All Other Revenues	1,740	-	1,740
Total Revenues	2,428,940	-	2,428,940
EXPENDITURES			
Security of Persons and Property:			
Police and Others	590,426	-	590,426
Fire	536,613	-	536,613
Community Development	75,717	5,119	80,836
Transportation	816,481	-	816,481
General Government	264,879	-	264,879
Capital Outlay	28,744	2,681	31,425
Debt Service:			
Principal Retirement	337,667	-	337,667
Interest and Fiscal Charges	63,049	9,184	72,233
Total Expenditures	2,713,576	16,984	2,730,560
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(284,636)	(16,984)	(301,620)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES			
Transfer In	23,560	-	23,560
Total Other Financing Sources	23,560		23,560
Net Change in Fund Balances	(261,076)	(16,984)	(278,060)
Fund Balances (Deficits) - Beginning of Year	1,825,799	100,066	1,925,865
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 1,564,723	\$ 83,082	\$ 1,647,805

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Co Ma	Street nstruction, intenance, nd Repair	н	State (ighway	Police Levy	 Fire Levy	Street	1	3uilding Levy
ASSETS									
OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Assets:									
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents Accounts Receivable	\$	269,115	\$	37,622	\$ 48,733	\$ 50,220	\$ 54,862	\$	241,102
Intergovernmental Receivable		353,435		28,657	3,184	3,184	7,866		2,683
Property Taxes Receivable		-		-	 120,673	 120,673	 232,729		84,680
Total Assets	\$	622,550	\$	66,279	\$ 172,590	\$ 174,077	\$ 295,457	\$	328,465
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES									
Liabilities:									
Accounts Payable	\$	1,090	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 19,034	\$	-
Interfund Payable		-		-	-	-	-		-
Unearned Revenue		-		-	-	-	-		-
Total Liabilities		1,090		-	 -	 -	 19,034		-
Deferred Inflows of Resources:									
Property Taxes		-		-	96,962	96,962	186,356		67,874
Unavailable Revenue - Delinq. Property Taxes		-		-	23,711	23,711	46,373		16,806
Unavailable Revenue - Other		251,904		20,425	3,184	3,184	7,866		2,683
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		251,904		20,425	 123,857	123,857	 240,595		87,363
Fund Balances:									
Restricted		369,556		45,854	48,733	50,220	35,828		241,102
Committed		-		-	-	-	-		-
Unassigned (Deficit)		-		-	-	-	-		-
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)		369,556		45,854	 48,733	 50,220	 35,828		241,102
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of									
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	622,550	\$	66,279	\$ 172,590	\$ 174,077	\$ 295,457	\$	328,465

Continued

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (Continued) DECEMBER 31, 2020

	1	Fire Pension		Police Pension		ster Plan Grant		BJA Grant		CDBG Grant
ASSETS										
OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Assets:										
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	17.350	\$	19,464	\$	25,353	\$	14,024	\$	17,832
Accounts Receivable	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	φ	-
Intergovernmental Receivable		2,666		2,666		-		-		-
Property Taxes Receivable		80,597		80,597		-		-		-
Total Assets	\$	100,613	\$	102,727	\$	25,353	\$	14,024	\$	17,832
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES										
Liabilities:										
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Interfund Payable	φ	_	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	148	Ψ	27,919
Unearned Revenue		-		-		-		- 1		-
Total Liabilities	_	-		-		-	_	148		27,919
Deferred Inflows of Resources:										
Property Taxes		64,559		64,559		-		-		-
Unavailable Revenue - Delinq. Property Taxes		16,038		16,038		-		-		-
Unavailable Revenue - Other		2,666	_	2,666		-		-		-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		83,263		83,263		-		-		-
Fund Balances:										
Restricted		17,350		19,464		25,353		13,876		-
Committed		-		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		-		-		-		-		(10,087)
Total Fund Balances		17,350		19,464		25,353		13,876		(10,087)
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of										
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	100,613	\$	102,727	\$	25,353	\$	14,024	\$	17,832

Law orcement Trust	uvenile iversion	EMS mputer	DBG lewalk	COPS Grant	FEMA Grant		M	CRA onitoring
\$ 15,125 - - -	\$ 17,519 - - -	\$ 3,000	\$ 7,104 - - -	\$ 4,818 - - -	\$	30,537 - - -	\$	167,275 - -
\$ 15,125	\$ 17,519	\$ 3,000	 7,104	 4,818	_	30,537		167,275
\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ 21,566 - 21,566	\$	- - -	\$	- - -
 - - -	 - - - -	 - - -	 - - -	 - - -		- - -		- - -
 15,125 - - 15,125	 17,519 - - 17,519	 3,000 - - 3,000	 7,104 - - 7,104	 - - (16,748) (16,748)		30,537 - - 30,537		- 167,275 - 167,275
\$ 15,125	\$ 17,519	\$ 3,000	\$ 7,104	\$ 4,818	\$	30,537	\$	167,275

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (Continued) DECEMBER 31, 2020

	-	eveland Indation		EDSI Grant		Grass Refuse		R.E.A.T. Grant		2007 Nature Works	G.]	2008 R.E.A.T. Grant
ASSETS												
OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES												
Assets: Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	4,819	\$	28,150	\$	1.114	\$	3,668	\$		\$	29,342
Accounts Receivable	φ	4,019	φ	26,150	φ	1,114	ф	3,008	φ	-	φ	29,342
Intergovernmental Receivable		-		_		-		-		-		
Property Taxes Receivable		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total Assets		4,819		28,150		1,114	\$	3,668		-		29,342
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF												
RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES												
Liabilities:												
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Interfund Payable		-		-		-		-		19,589		-
Unearned Revenue		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total Liabilities		-		-		-		-		19,589		-
Deferred Inflows of Resources:												
Property Taxes		-		-		-		-		-		-
Unavailable Revenue - Delinq. Property Taxes		-		-		-		-		-		-
Unavailable Revenue - Other		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-		-		-		-		-		-
Fund Balances:												
Restricted		4,819		-		1,114		3,668		-		29,342
Committed		-		28,150		-		-		-		
Unassigned (Deficit)		-				-		-		(19,589)		-
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)		4,819		28,150		1,114		3,668		(19,589)		29,342
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of		<u> </u>		·		<u> </u>		·				
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	4,819	\$	28,150	\$	1,114	\$	3,668	\$	-	\$	29,342

Oce	nsville Hts. cupancy ogram	esidential emolition	Rec	nmunity cycling Frant		CPT rogram		ronavirus Relief ervention	ODOT Lo		SIB Loan epayment		Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
\$	42,716 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 206,878 - - - 206,878	\$	883 - - - 883	\$ \$	21,249 - - 21,249	\$	560,029 - - 560,029	\$ 12,120 - - 12,120	\$	730,621 15,758 - - 746,379	\$	2,682,644 15,758 404,341 719,949 3,822,692
\$	- - -	\$ - - - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	56,118 - 503,911 560,029	\$ - 594,067 - 594,067	\$	- - -	\$	76,242 663,289 503,911 1,243,442
	- - -	 - - -		- - -		- - -	_	- - -	 - - -		- - -	_	577,272 142,677 294,578 1,014,527
	42,716	 206,878 - - 206,878		883 - - 883		21,249		- - - -	 - (581,947) (581,947)		746,379 - - 746,379		1,954,953 238,141 (628,371) 1,564,723
\$	42,716	\$ 206,878	\$	883	\$	21,249	\$	560,029	\$ 12,120	\$	746,379	\$	3,822,0

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Cor Ma	Street astruction, intenance, d Repair	State Highway	Police Levy	 Fire Levy	Street .ighting
REVENUES						
Property Taxes	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 101,951	\$ 101,951	\$ 197,312
Hotel Taxes		-	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental		670,743	54,384	6,367	6,367	15,731
Fines and Forfeitures		-	-	-	-	-
Charges for Services		-	-	-	-	-
All Other Revenues		-			 -	 -
Total Revenues		670,743	54,384	108,318	 108,318	 213,043
EXPENDITURES Security of Persons and Property:						
Police and Others		_	_	100,000	_	202,223
Fire		_	_	-	107,858	-
Community Environment		_	_	_	-	_
Transportation		766.481	50,000	_	-	_
General Government		-	-	_	-	-
Capital Outlay		-	-	-	-	-
Debt Service:						
Principal Retirement		-	-	-	-	-
Interest and Fiscal Charges		-	-	-	-	-
Total Expenditures		766,481	50,000	100,000	 107,858	 202,223
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(95,738)	4,384	8,318	 460	 10,820
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Transfer In		_	_	_	_	_
Total Other Financing Sources					 	
Net Change in Fund Balances		(95,738)	4,384	8,318	 460	 10,820
The change in I and Datanees		(75,750)	7,507	0,510	400	10,020
Fund Balances (Deficit) - Beginning of Year		465,294	41,470	40,415	 49,760	 25,008
Fund Balances (Deficit) - End of Year	\$	369,556	\$ 45,854	\$ 48,733	\$ 50,220	\$ 35,828

	uilding Levy	F	Fire Pension	Police Pension	ster Plan Grant	 BJA Grant	 CDBG Grant	Enf	Law orcement Trust
\$	71,704	\$	68,429	\$ 68,429	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
	-		-	-	-	-	-		-
	5,366		5,331	5,331	-	-	-		-
	-		-	-	-	-	-		-
	-		-	-	-	-	-		-
	-		-	 -	 -	 -	 -		200
	77,070		73,760	 73,760	 	 -	 -		200
	-		-	70,000	-	900	-		-
	-		70,000	-	-	-	-		-
	-		-	-	-	-	-		-
	-		-	-	-	-	-		-
	-		-	-	-	-	-		-
	-		-	-	-	-	-		-
	-		-	-	-	-	-		-
	-		-	-	-	-	-		-
	-		-	 -	 -	 -	 -		-
	-		70,000	 70,000	 -	 900	 -		-
	77,070		3,760	 3,760	 -	 (900)	 -		200
	-		-	-	-	-	-		-
	-		-	 -	 -	 -	 -		-
	77,070		3,760	 3,760	 -	 (900)	 -		200
	164,032		13,590	 15,704	 25,353	 14,776	 (10,087)		14,925
\$ 1	241,102	\$	17,350	\$ 19,464	\$ 25,353	\$ 13,876	\$ (10,087)	\$	15,125

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Juvenile Diversion	EMS Computer	CDBG Sidewalk	COPS Grant	FEMA Grant
REVENUES					
Property Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Hotel Taxes	-	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	1,350	-	-	-	143,954
Fines and Forfeitures	-	-	-	-	-
Charges for Services	-	-	-	-	-
All Other Revenues	40			-	
Total Revenues	1,390				143,954
EXPENDITURES					
Security of Persons and Property:					
Police and Others	2,486	-	-	-	-
Fire	-	-	-	-	143,938
Community Environment	-	-	-	-	-
Transportation	-	-	-	-	-
General Government	-	-	-	-	-
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	-	-
Debt Service:	-	-	-	-	-
Principal Retirement	-	-	-	-	-
Interest and Fiscal Charges	-	-	-	-	-
Total Expenditures	2,486	-	-	-	143,938
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,096)				16
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
Transfer In	-	-	-	-	-
Total Other Financing Sources		-	-	-	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,096)	-	-	-	16
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	18,615	3,000	7,104	(16,748)	30,521
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 17,519	\$ 3,000	\$ 7,104	\$ (16,748)	\$ 30,537
	\$ 17,017	- 2,000	÷ ,,101	÷ (10,710)	- 20,207

	CRA onitoring	Cleveland ng Foundation					Grass Refuse		.E.A.T. Frant		2007 Nature Works	G.]	2008 R.E.A.T. Grant
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	19,000		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		20,995		-		-		-
	1,500		-		-		-		-		-		-
	20,500		-		-		20,995		-		-		-
	- - - - - -				- - - - -		- 43,544 - - - - - -		- - - - -				
	-		-		-		43,544		-		-		-
	20,500		-		-		(22,549)		-		-		-
_			- - -		 		23,560 23,560 1,011				- - -		- - -
	146,775		4,819		28,150		103		3,668		(19,589)		29,342
\$	167,275	\$	4,819	\$	28,150	\$	1,114	\$	3,668	\$	(19,589)	\$	29,342
ψ	107,273	Ψ	, ,017	Ψ	20,130	Ψ	1,117	ψ	5,000	Ψ	(17,507)	Ψ	27,372

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Warrensville Hts. Occupancy Program		Residential Demolition		Community Recycling Grant		CPT Program		Coronavirus Relief Intervention		ODOT SIB Loan		SIB Loan Repayment		Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	
REVENUES	<u>^</u>										÷		<u>^</u>		٨	
Property Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	609,776
Hotel Taxes		-		-		-		-		-		-		137,748		137,748
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		-		723,257		-		-		1,638,181
Fines and Forfeitures		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		19,000
Charges for Services		1,500		-		-		-		-		-		-		22,495
All Other Revenues		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		1,740
Total Revenues		1,500				-		-		123,257		-		137,748		2,428,940
EXPENDITURES Security of Persons and Property:																
Police and Others		-		-		-		-	2	214,817		-		-		590,426
Fire		-		-		-		-	2	214,817		-		-		536,613
Community Environment		32,173		-		-		-		-		-		-		75,717
Transportation		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		816,481
General Government		-		-		-		-	2	264,879		-		-		264,879
Capital Outlay		-		-		-		-		28,744		-		-		28,744
Debt Service:		-		-				-		-		-		-		
Principal Retirement		-		-				-		-	1	337,667		-		337,667
Interest and Fiscal Charges		-		-				-		-		63,049		-		63,049
Total Expenditures		32,173		-		-		-	1	723,257	4	400,716		-	1	2,713,576
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(30,673)		-		-		-		-	(4	400,716)		137,748		(284,636)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES																
Transfer In		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		23,560
Total Other Financing Sources		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		23,560
Net Change in Fund Balances		30,673)		-		-		-		-	(4	400,716)		137,748		(261,076)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		73,389	206,8	878		883	2	1,249		-		181,231)		608,631		1,825,799
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$	42,716	\$ 206,8	378	\$	883	\$ 2	1,249	\$	-	\$ (581,947)	\$	746,379	\$	1,564,723

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Tech	mation nology stem	Land quisition	Emery Woods Project	Town Center Project	Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds
ASSETS OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Assets:						
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	305	\$ 446,762	\$ 40,519	\$ 16,772	\$ 504,358
Total Assets	\$	305	\$ 446,762	\$ 40,519	\$ 16,772	\$ 504,358
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Contracts Payable Accrued Interest Payable Retainage Payable Interfund Payable Notes Payable Total Liabilities		- - - -	 - 303 - 415,000 415,303	- - - - - -	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- 303 - 5,973 415,000 421,276
Fund Balances:						
Restricted		305	 31,459	40,519	10,799	83,082
Total Fund Balances		305	 31,459	40,519	10,799	83,082
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of						
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	305	\$ 446,762	\$ 40,519	\$ 16,772	\$ 504,358

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Tech	rmation mology /stem		Land quisition	Emo Woo Proj	ods	Ce	own enter oject	Nor C Pr	Fotal nmajor apital cojects `unds
EXPENDITURES										
Community Environment	\$	-	\$	5,119	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,119
Capital Outlay		-		2,681		-		-		2,681
Debt Service:										
Interest and Fiscal Charges		-		9,184		-		-		9,184
Total Expenditures		-		16,984		-		-		16,984
Excess of Revenues (Under) Expenditures		-		(16,984)		-		-		(16,984)
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		(16,984)		-		-		(16,984)
Fund Balances (Deficit) - Beginning of Year		305		48,443	40	.519	1	0,799		100,066
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$	305	\$	31,459		,519		0,799	\$	83,082
	ψ	505	Ψ	51,157	φ 40	,517	ψı	0,777	Ψ	00,002

Individual Fund Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget (Non – GAAP Basis) and Actual

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Budgete	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:	Oliginar		Tietuur	(i toguti to)
Property Taxes	\$ 459,991	\$ 458,332	\$ 455,332	\$ (3,000)
Income Taxes	15,413,782	17,967,564	17,204,539	(763,025)
Other Taxes	179,070	209,879	200,809	(9,070)
Intergovernmental	1,218,934	1,428,654	1,366,911	(61,743)
Interest	61,872	72,517	69,383	(3,134)
Licenses and Permits	206,168	241,639	231,196	(10,443)
Fines and Forfeitures	99,360	116,455	111,422	(5,033)
Rentals	226,271	265,201	253,740	(11,461)
Charges for Services	420,508	492,857	471,557	(21,300)
All Other Revenues	1,382,234	1,620,048	1,550,035	(70,013)
Total Revenues	19,668,190	22,873,146	21,914,924	(958,222)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Security of Persons and Property				
Fire Department				
Personal Services	3,838,901	3,709,641	3,529,453	180,188
Capital Outlay	15,000	89,500	89,500	-
Other Expenses	291,471	269,951	266,144	3,807
Total Fire Department	4,145,372	4,069,092	3,885,097	183,995
Police Department				
Personal Services	5,201,859	5,098,245	4,784,107	314,138
Capital Outlay	90,550	119,599	106,451	13,148
Other Expenses	555,952	592,617	515,052	77,565
Total Police Department	5,848,361	5,810,461	5,405,610	404,851
Total Security of Persons and Property	9,993,733	9,879,553	9,290,707	588,846

Continued

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Budgeted A	mounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Public Health & Welfare				
Public Health				
Other Expenses	60,000	75,000	73,804	1,196
Total Public Health and Welfare	60,000	75,000	73,804	1,196
Leisure Time Activities				
Senior Services				
Personal Services	342,870	341,870	319,844	22,026
Capital Outlay	100,000	-	-	-
Other Expenses	132,905	78,456	78,456	-
Total Senior Services	575,775	420,326	398,300	22,026
Total Leisure Time Activates	575,775	420,326	398,300	22,026
Community Development				
Personal Services	140,907	135,730	132,579	3,151
Other Expenses	101,521	118,542	99,601	18,941
Total Community Development	242,428	254,272	232,180	22,092
Board and Commission Department				
Personal Services	21,065	19,705	18,758	947
Other Expenses	1,350	1,350	32	1,318
Total Board of Zoning Appeals	22,415	21,055	18,790	2,265
Building Department				
Personal Services	566,124	584,043	547,345	36,698
Other Expenses	112,133	140,383	128,808	11,575
Total Building Department	678,257	724,426	676,153	48,273
Total Community Development	943,100	999,753	927,123	72,630

Continued

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Budgeted A	mounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Basic Utility Services				
Personal Services	2,017,465	2,074,470	2,004,939	69,531
Capital Outlay	17,000	-	-	-
Other Expenses	1,585,884	1,572,230	1,552,512	19,718
Total Basic Utility Services	3,620,349	3,646,700	3,557,451	89,249
General Government				
City Council				
Personal Services	203,069	207,032	202,318	4,714
Other Expenses	156,880	79,157	36,094	43,063
Total City Council	359,949	286,189	238,412	47,777
Mayors Office				
Personal Services	412,065	453,226	449,810	3,416
Other Expenses	72,880	45,733	43,160	2,573
Total Clerk of Council	484,945	498,959	492,970	5,989
Legal				
Personal Services	152,422	167,617	166,258	1,359
Other Expenses	214,200	192,410	178,838	13,572
Total Legal	366,622	360,027	345,096	14,931
Community Liason				
Personal Services	98,050	77,178	74,196	2,982
Total Community Liason	324,250	120,078	106,054	14,024
Human Resources				
Personal Services	152,582	157,133	155,800	1,333
Other Expenses	98,039	80,339	69,510	10,829
Total Human Resources	250,621	237,472	225,310	12,162
Information Systems				
Personal Services	123,278	126,329	125,907	422
Capital Outlay	270,000	270,000	239,440	30,560
Other Expenses	347,509	697,510	697,510	-
Total Public Properties	740,787	1,093,839	1,062,857	30,982

Continued

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Finance Department					
Personal Services	498,648	607,892	601,757	6,135	
Other Expenses	391,544	251,600	242,932	8,668	
Total Finance Department	890,192	859,492	844,689	14,803	
Engineering					
Supplies and Materials	160,000	210,000	187,458	22,542	
Total Engineering	160,000	210,000	187,458	22,542	
Lands and Buildings					
Supplies and Materials	1,509,895	3,394,030	2,820,303	573,727	
Total Lands and Buildings	1,509,895	3,394,030	2,820,303	573,727	
Other General Government					
Personal Services	83,230	450	386	64	
Other Expenses	1,350,998	1,221,857	1,122,738	99,119	
Total Other General Government	1,434,228	1,222,307	1,123,124	99,183	
Total General Government	6,521,489	8,282,393	7,446,273	836,120	
Total Expenditures	21,714,446	23,303,725	21,693,658	1,610,067	
Excess of Revenues Over					
(Under) Expenditures	(2,046,256)	(430,579)	221,266	651,845	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Sale of Capital Assets	250,000	250,000	248,207	(1,793)	
Bond Anticipation Note Issued	1,900,000	1,900,000	1,900,000	-	
Transfers Out	(1,920,003)	(1,788,065)	(1,788,065)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	229,997	361,935	360,142	(1,793)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,816,259)	(68,644)	581,408	650,052	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	2,966,877	2,966,877	2,966,877	-	
Prior Year Encumbrances	505,315	505,315	505,315		
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 1,655,933	\$ 3,403,548	\$ 4,053,600	\$ 650,052	

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL – GENERAL OBLIGATION BOND RETIREMENT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Budgeted AmountsPositive (Negative)Revenues: Property Taxes Intergovernmental Special Assessments All Other Revenues\$ 456,153 ($35,539$) ($35,539$) ($35,539$) ($35,539$) ($31,485$) ($31,486$) ($31,480,000$) ($31,$						ce with I Budget
Final Actual (Negative) Property Taxes \$ 456,153 \$ 456,153 \$ - Intergovernmental 35,539 35,539 - Special Assessments 418,010 418,010 - All Other Revenues 13,485 13,485 - Total Revenues 923,187 923,187 - Expenditures: Current: General Government - Other 4,262 4,262 - Debt Service: Principal 2,710,000 2,710,000 - Principal 2,712,3 12,950 4,263 Total Expenditures 3,377,124 3,372,861 4,263 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (2,453,937) (2,449,674) 4,263 Other Financing Sources 1,480,000 1,480,000 - - Note Proceeds 1,480,000 1,480,000 - - Itansfers In 910,255 910,255 - - Net Change in Fund Balance (63,682)		Bı	udgeted			
Revenues: 3 $456,153$ 5 $456,153$ 5 -1 Property Taxes $35,539$ $35,539$ -1 Special Assessments $418,010$ -1 All Other Revenues $13,485$ $13,485$ -1 Total Revenues $923,187$ $923,187$ -1 Expenditures: $923,187$ $923,187$ -1 Current: General Government 0 ther $4,262$ $4,262$ -1 Debt Service: Principal $2,710,000$ $2,710,000$ -1 Bond Issuance Costs $11,213$ $12,950$ $4,263$ Total Expenditures $3,377,124$ $3,372,861$ $4,263$ Excess of Revenues Over $(2,453,937)$ $(2,449,674)$ $4,263$ Other Financing Sources $1,480,000$ $1,480,000$ -1 Note Proceeds $1,480,000$ $1,480,000$ -1 Transfers In $910,255$ -1 -1 Net Change in Fund Balance $(63,682)$ $(59,419)$ $4,263$ Fund Balance- Beginning of Year $65,720$		A	mounts		Positive	
Property Taxes \$ 456,153 \$ 456,153 \$ - Intergovernmental $35,539$ $35,539$ - Special Assessments $418,010$ $418,010$ - All Other Revenues $13,485$ $13,485$ - Total Revenues $923,187$ $923,187$ - Expenditures: $923,187$ $923,187$ - Current: General Government 0 ther $4,262$ $4,262$ - Debt Service: Principal $2,710,000$ $2,710,000$ - Interest & Fiscal Charges $645,649$ $645,649$ - Bond Issuance Costs $17,213$ $12,950$ $4,263$ Total Expenditures $3,377,124$ $3,372,861$ $4,263$ Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures $(2,453,937)$ $(2,449,674)$ $4,263$ Other Financing Sources $1,480,000$ $1,480,000$ $-$ Note Proceeds $1,480,000$ $1,480,000$ $-$ Transfers In $910,255$ $910,255$ $-$ Net Change in Fund Balance $(63,682)$ $(59,419)$			Final	 Actual	(Ne	gative)
Intergovernmental $35,539$ $35,539$ $-$ Intergovernmental $35,539$ $35,539$ $-$ Special Assessments $418,010$ $418,010$ $-$ All Other Revenues $13,485$ $13,485$ $-$ Total Revenues $923,187$ $923,187$ $-$ Expenditures: $923,187$ $923,187$ $-$ Current: General Government 0 ther $4,262$ $4,262$ $-$ Debt Service: Principal $2,710,000$ $2,710,000$ $-$ Interest & Fiscal Charges $645,649$ $645,649$ $-$ Bond Issuance Costs $17,213$ $12,950$ $4,263$ Excess of Revenues Over $(2,453,937)$ $(2,449,674)$ $4,263$ Excess of Revenues Over $(2,453,937)$ $(2,449,674)$ $4,263$ Other Financing Sources $910,255$ $910,255$ $-$ Note Proceeds $1,480,000$ $ -$ Transfers In $910,255$ $910,255$ $-$ Net Change in Fund Balance $(63,682)$ $(59,419)$ $4,26$						
Special Assessments 418,010 418,010 - All Other Revenues $13,485$ $13,485$ - Total Revenues $923,187$ $923,187$ - Expenditures: $923,187$ $923,187$ $-$ Current: General Government 0 ther $4,262$ $4,262$ $-$ Debt Service: Principal $2,710,000$ $2,710,000$ $-$ Interest & Fiscal Charges $645,649$ $645,649$ $-$ Bond Issuance Costs $17,213$ $12,950$ $4,263$ Total Expenditures $3,377,124$ $3,372,861$ $4,263$ Excess of Revenues Over $(2,453,937)$ $(2,449,674)$ $4,263$ Other Financing Sources $910,255$ $910,255$ $-$ Note Proceeds $1,480,000$ $1,480,000$ $-$ Transfers In $910,255$ $910,255$ $-$ Net Change in Fund Balance $(63,682)$ $(59,419)$ $4,263$ Fund Balance- Beginning of Year $65,720$ $ -$		\$		\$	\$	-
All Other Revenues $13,485$ $13,485$ $-$ Total Revenues $923,187$ $923,187$ $-$ Expenditures: Current: $923,187$ $923,187$ $-$ Current: General Government 0 ther $4,262$ $4,262$ $-$ Debt Service: Principal $2,710,000$ $2,710,000$ $-$ Interest & Fiscal Charges $645,649$ $645,649$ $-$ Bord Issuance Costs $17,213$ $12,950$ $4,263$ Total Expenditures $3,377,124$ $3,372,861$ $4,263$ Excess of Revenues Over $(2,453,937)$ $(2,449,674)$ $4,263$ Other Financing Sources $910,255$ $910,255$ $-$ Note Proceeds $1,480,000$ $1,480,000$ $-$ Transfers In $910,255$ $910,255$ $-$ Net Change in Fund Balance $(63,682)$ $(59,419)$ $4,263$ Fund Balance- Beginning of Year $65,720$ $ -$						-
Total Revenues $923,187$ $923,187$ $-$ Expenditures: $2023,187$ $923,187$ $-$ Expenditures: $2023,187$ $923,187$ $-$ Expenditures: $2023,187$ $923,187$ $-$ Current: $3023,187$ $923,187$ $-$ Other $4,262$ $4,262$ $4,262$ $-$ Debt Service: $717,0000$ $2,710,000$ $-$ Principal $2,710,000$ $2,710,000$ $-$ Interest & Fiscal Charges $645,649$ $645,649$ $-$ Bond Issuance Costs $17,213$ $12,950$ $4,263$ Total Expenditures $3,377,124$ $3,372,861$ $4,263$ Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures $(2,453,937)$ $(2,449,674)$ $4,263$ Other Financing Sources $910,255$ $910,255$ $-$ Note Proceeds $1,480,000$ $ -$ Transfers In $910,255$ $2,390,255$ $-$ Net Change in Fund Balance $(63,682)$ $(59,419)$ $4,263$ Fund Balance- Beginning of						-
Expenditures: Current: General Government Other $4,262$ Debt Service: Principal $2,710,000$ Interest & Fiscal Charges $645,649$ Bond Issuance Costs $17,213$ Total Expenditures $3,377,124$ Excess of Revenues Over $(2,453,937)$ (Under) Expenditures $(2,453,937)$ Other Financing Sources $910,255$ Note Proceeds $1,480,000$ Transfers In $910,255$ Total Other Financing Sources $2,390,255$ Net Change in Fund Balance $(63,682)$ $(59,419)$ Fund Balance- Beginning of Year $65,720$ $-$						-
Current: General Government Other $4,262$ $4,262$ $-$ Debt Service: Principal $2,710,000$ $2,710,000$ $-$ Interest & Fiscal Charges $645,649$ $645,649$ $-$ Bond Issuance Costs $17,213$ $12,950$ $4,263$ Total Expenditures $3,377,124$ $3,372,861$ $4,263$ Excess of Revenues Over $(2,453,937)$ $(2,449,674)$ $4,263$ Other Financing Sources $(2,453,937)$ $(2,449,674)$ $4,263$ Note Proceeds $1,480,000$ $1,480,000$ $-$ Transfers In $910,255$ $910,255$ $-$ Net Change in Fund Balance $(63,682)$ $(59,419)$ $4,263$ Fund Balance- Beginning of Year $65,720$ $ -$	Total Revenues		923,187	923,187		-
General Government Other $4,262$ $4,262$ $-$ Debt Service: Principal Interest & Fiscal Charges $2,710,000$ $2,710,000$ $-$ Interest & Fiscal Charges $645,649$ $645,649$ $-$ Bond Issuance Costs $17,213$ $12,950$ $4,263$ Total Expenditures $3,377,124$ $3,372,861$ $4,263$ Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures $(2,453,937)$ $(2,449,674)$ $4,263$ Other Financing Sources Note Proceeds $1,480,000$ $ -$ Total Other Financing Sources $2,390,255$ $2,390,255$ $-$ Net Change in Fund Balance $(63,682)$ $(59,419)$ $4,263$ Fund Balance- Beginning of Year $65,720$ $ -$	Expenditures:					
Other $4,262$ $4,262$ $-$ Debt Service: Principal Interest & Fiscal Charges $2,710,000$ $2,710,000$ $-$ Interest & Fiscal Charges $645,649$ $645,649$ $-$ Bond Issuance Costs $17,213$ $12,950$ $4,263$ Total Expenditures $3,377,124$ $3,372,861$ $4,263$ Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures $(2,453,937)$ $(2,449,674)$ $4,263$ Other Financing Sources Note Proceeds $1,480,000$ $-$ Transfers In Transfers In $910,255$ $910,255$ $-$ Total Other Financing Sources $2,390,255$ $2,390,255$ $-$ Net Change in Fund Balance $(63,682)$ $(59,419)$ $4,263$ Fund Balance- Beginning of Year $65,720$ $ -$	Current:					
Debt Service: Principal Interest & Fiscal Charges Bond Issuance Costs $2,710,000$ $4,263$ $2,710,000$ $4,263$ Total Expenditures $17,213$ $3,377,124$ $12,950$ $3,377,124$ $4,263$ Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures $(2,453,937)$ $(2,449,674)$ $(2,449,674)$ $4,263$ Other Financing Sources Note Proceeds $1,480,000$ $1,480,000$ $-$ $1,480,000$ Transfers In Transfers In Total Other Financing Sources $2,390,255$ $2,390,255$ $-$ $2,390,255$ Net Change in Fund Balance $(63,682)$ $65,720$ $(59,419)$ $4,263$	General Government					
Principal Interest & Fiscal Charges Bond Issuance Costs $2,710,000$ $44,263$ $-1645,649$ $17,213$ $-12,950$ $12,950$ $-12,950$ $4,263$ Total Expenditures $3,377,124$ $3,372,861$ $4,263$ Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures $(2,453,937)$ $(2,449,674)$ $(2,449,674)$ $4,263$ Other Financing Sources Note Proceeds Transfers In Total Other Financing Sources $1,480,000$ $910,255$ -16255 $910,255$ Net Change in Fund Balance $(63,682)$ $(59,419)$ $(59,419)$ $4,263$ $4,263$	Other		4,262	 4,262		-
Principal Interest & Fiscal Charges Bond Issuance Costs $2,710,000$ $44,263$ $-1645,649$ 	Daht Samiaa					
Interest & Fiscal Charges $645,649$ $645,649$ $-$ Bond Issuance Costs $17,213$ $12,950$ $4,263$ Total Expenditures $3,377,124$ $3,372,861$ $4,263$ Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures $(2,453,937)$ $(2,449,674)$ $4,263$ Other Financing Sources $(2,453,937)$ $(2,449,674)$ $4,263$ Note Proceeds $1,480,000$ $1,480,000$ $-$ Transfers In $910,255$ $910,255$ $-$ Total Other Financing Sources $2,390,255$ $-$ Net Change in Fund Balance $(63,682)$ $(59,419)$ $4,263$ Fund Balance- Beginning of Year $65,720$ $65,720$ $-$,	710.000	2 710 000		
Bond Issuance Costs $17,213$ $12,950$ $4,263$ Total Expenditures $3,377,124$ $3,372,861$ $4,263$ Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures $(2,453,937)$ $(2,449,674)$ $4,263$ Other Financing Sources Note Proceeds $1,480,000$ $1,480,000$ $-$ Transfers In Total Other Financing Sources $2,390,255$ $2,390,255$ $-$ Net Change in Fund Balance $(63,682)$ $(59,419)$ $4,263$ Fund Balance- Beginning of Year $65,720$ $65,720$ $-$		-				-
Total Expenditures $3,377,124$ $3,372,861$ $4,263$ Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures $(2,453,937)$ $(2,449,674)$ $4,263$ Other Financing Sources $(2,453,937)$ $(2,449,674)$ $4,263$ Note Proceeds $1,480,000$ $-$ Transfers In $910,255$ $910,255$ $-$ Total Other Financing Sources $2,390,255$ $-$ Net Change in Fund Balance $(63,682)$ $(59,419)$ $4,263$ Fund Balance- Beginning of Year $65,720$ $-$	-					-
Excess of Revenues Over (2,453,937) (2,449,674) 4,263 Other Financing Sources (2,453,937) (2,449,674) 4,263 Note Proceeds 1,480,000 - Transfers In 910,255 910,255 - Total Other Financing Sources 2,390,255 - - Net Change in Fund Balance (63,682) (59,419) 4,263 Fund Balance- Beginning of Year 65,720 65,720 -						
(Under) Expenditures (2,453,937) (2,449,674) 4,263 Other Financing Sources 1,480,000 - Note Proceeds 1,480,000 1,480,000 - Transfers In 910,255 910,255 - Total Other Financing Sources 2,390,255 2,390,255 - Net Change in Fund Balance (63,682) (59,419) 4,263 Fund Balance- Beginning of Year 65,720 65,720 -	Total Experiments		5,577,124	 3,372,001		4,205
Other Financing Sources Note Proceeds Transfers In 910,255 910,255 910,255 2,390,255 2,390,255 2,390,255 Net Change in Fund Balance (63,682) Fund Balance- Beginning of Year 65,720 65,720	Excess of Revenues Over					
Note Proceeds 1,480,000 1,480,000 - Transfers In 910,255 910,255 - Total Other Financing Sources 2,390,255 2,390,255 - Net Change in Fund Balance (63,682) (59,419) 4,263 Fund Balance- Beginning of Year 65,720 65,720 -	(Under) Expenditures	(2	2,453,937)	 (2,449,674)		4,263
Note Proceeds 1,480,000 1,480,000 - Transfers In 910,255 910,255 - Total Other Financing Sources 2,390,255 2,390,255 - Net Change in Fund Balance (63,682) (59,419) 4,263 Fund Balance- Beginning of Year 65,720 65,720 -	Other Financing Sources					
Transfers In 910,255 910,255 - Total Other Financing Sources 2,390,255 2,390,255 - Net Change in Fund Balance (63,682) (59,419) 4,263 Fund Balance- Beginning of Year 65,720 65,720 -	-		1 480 000	1 480 000		_
Total Other Financing Sources 2,390,255 2,390,255 - Net Change in Fund Balance (63,682) (59,419) 4,263 Fund Balance- Beginning of Year 65,720 65,720 -						_
Net Change in Fund Balance (63,682) (59,419) 4,263 Fund Balance- Beginning of Year 65,720 65,720 -						-
Fund Balance- Beginning of Year 65,720 -	8		, ,	 , ,		
	Net Change in Fund Balance		(63,682)	(59,419)		4,263
Fund Balance - End of Year \$ 2,038 \$ 6,301 \$ 4,263	Fund Balance- Beginning of Year		65,720	 65,720		-
	Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	2,038	\$ 6,301	\$	4,263

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL – STREET IMPROVEMENTS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Expenditures: Current:	Budg	eted Amounts Final	 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Transportation						
Capital Outlay	\$	1,050,000	\$ 854,232	\$	195,768	
Excess of Revenues Over						
(Under) Expenditures		(1,050,000)	(854,232)		195,768	
Other Financing Sources						
Transfers In		2,393,391	 2,393,391		-	
Net Change in Fund Balance		1,343,391	1,539,159		195,768	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		(1,294,550)	(1,294,550)		-	
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	48,841	\$ 244,609	\$	195,768	

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL – STREET CONSTRUCTION, REPAIR, AND MAINTENANCE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Ū	d Amounts Final	F	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental	\$	680,869	\$	682,841	\$	1,972
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Transportation						
Personal Services		350,000		350,000		-
Other		544,838		419,332		125,506
Total Expenditures		894,838		769,332		125,506
Net Change in Fund Balance		(213,969)		(86,491)		127,478
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		337,996		337,996		-
Prior Year Encumbrances		13,669		13,669		-
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	137,696	\$	265,174	\$	127,478

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL – STATE HIGHWAY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts Final			Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:							
Intergovernmental	\$	55,206	\$	55,365	\$	159	
Expenditures: Current: Transportation Personal Services		50,000		50,000			
Net Change in Fund Balance		5,206		5,365		159	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	32,257 37,463	\$	32,257 37,622	\$	- 159	

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL – POLICE LEVY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Budge	ted Amounts Final	Actual	Final Pos	nce with Budget sitive gative)
Revenues:					
Property Taxes	\$	101,951	\$ 101,951	\$	-
Intergovernmental		6,367	6,367		-
Total Revenues		108,318	108,318		-
Expenditures: Current: Security of Persons and Property: Police and Others: Personal Services		100,000	 100,000		
Net Change in Fund Balance		8,318	8,318		-
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		40,415	40,415		-
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	48,733	\$ 48,733	\$	-
	-				

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL – FIRE LEVY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	0	geted Amounts Final		Actual		ance with l Budget ositive egative)
Revenues:						
Property Taxes	\$	101,951	\$	101,951	\$	-
Intergovernmental		6,367		6,367		-
Total Revenues		108,318		108,318		-
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Security of Persons and Property:						
Fire						
Personal Services		100,000		107,858		(7,858)
Other		8,000		-		8,000
Total Expenditures		108,000		107,858		142
Net Change in Fund Balance		318		460		142
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		49,760		49,760		-
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	50,078	\$	50,220	\$	142

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL – STREET LIGHTING FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

_	Budgeted Amounts Final			Actual	Fina Po	ance with l Budget ositive egative)
Revenues:	*		<u>.</u>		<u>.</u>	
Property Taxes	\$	197,312	\$	197,312	\$	-
Intergovernmental		15,730		15,731		1
Total Revenues		213,042		213,043		1
Expenditures: Current:						
Community Development						
Other		200,000		194,366		5,634
Net Change in Fund Balance		13,042		18,677		5,635
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		25,008		25,008		-
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	38,050	\$	43,685	\$	5,635

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL – BUILDING LEVY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts Final			Actual	Fina P	ance with Il Budget ositive egative)
Revenues:						
Property Taxes	\$	71,704	\$	71,704	\$	-
Intergovernmental		5,366		5,366		-
Total Revenues		77,070		77,070		-
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Community Development						
Capital Outlay		90,000		-		90,000
Other		5,556		-		5,556
Total Expenditures		95,556		-		95,556
Net Change in Fund Balance		(18,486)		77,070		95,556
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		164,032		164,032		-
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	145,546	\$	241,102	\$	95,556

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL – FIRE PENSION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	 d Amounts Final	 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:				
Property Taxes	\$ 68,429	\$ 68,429	\$	-
Intergovernmental	 5,331	 5,331		-
Total Revenues	 73,760	 73,760		-
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Security of Persons and Property:				
Fire				
Personal Services	 70,000	 70,000		
Net Change in Fund Balance	3,760	3,760		-
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	13,590	13,590		-
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 17,350	\$ 17,350	\$	-

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL – POLICE PENSION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts Final			Actual	Final Po:	nce with Budget sitive gative)
Revenues:						
Property Taxes	\$	68,429	\$	68,429	\$	-
Intergovernmental		5,331		5,331		-
Total Revenues		73,760		73,760		-
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Security of Persons and Property:						
Police and Others:						
Personal Services		70,000		70,000		-
Net Change in Fund Balance		3,760		3,760		-
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		15,704		15,704		-
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	19,464	\$	19,464	\$	-

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL – MASTER PLAN GRANT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts Final		 Actual	Fina Po	unce with l Budget ositive egative)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	25,353 25,353	\$ 25,353 25,353	\$	-

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL – BUREAU OF JUSTICE GRANT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Budgete	 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Security of Persons and Property					
Police Safety Equipment					
Other	\$	5,000	\$ 900	\$	4,100
Net Change in Fund Balance		(5,000)	(900)		4,100
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		14,924	14,924		-
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	9,924	\$ 14,024	\$	4,100

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL – COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts Final			Actual	Final Po	nce with Budget sitive gative)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	17,832 17,832	\$	17,832 17,832	\$	-

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL – LAW ENFORCEMENT TRUST FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

-	U	ed Amounts Final	А	Actual	Final Pos	nce with Budget sitive gative)
Revenues: All Other Revenues	\$	200	\$	200	\$	
Net Change in Fund Balance		200		200		-
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	14,925 15,125	\$	14,925 15,125	\$	-

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL – JUVENILE DIVERSION PROGRAM FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts Final			Actual	Fina P	ance with Il Budget ositive egative)
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental	\$	1,350	\$	1,350	\$	-
All Other Revenues		40		40		-
Total Revenues		1,390		1,390		-
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Security of Persons and Property:						
Mandatory Drug Law						
Personal Services		4,000		-		4,000
Other		7,625		563		7,062
Total Expenditures		11,625		563		11,062
Net Change in Fund Balance		(10,235)		827		11,062
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		18,053		18,053		-
Prior Year Encumbrances		562		562		-
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	8,380	\$	19,442	\$	11,062

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL – EMS COMPUTER GRANT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts Final			Actual	Variano Final E Posi (Nega	Budget tive
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		3,000		3,000		-
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	3,000	\$	3,000	\$	-

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL – CDBG SIDEWALK FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Budget			Final	nce with Budget sitive	
		Final			(Negative)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Cash Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		7,104		7,104		
Cash Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	7,104	\$	7,104	\$	-

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL – COPS GRANT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Budgeted Amounts Final			Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	4,818 4,818	\$	4,818 4,818	\$	-	

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL – FEMA GRANT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	 udgeted Amounts Final Actual				e with udget ive tive)
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental	\$ 143,954	\$	143,954	\$	-
Expenditures: Current: Security of Persons and Property: Fire					
Other	 143,955		143,938		17
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1)		16		17
Cash Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	30,521		30,521		-
Cash Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 30,520	\$	30,537	\$	17

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL – CRA MONITORING FEE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

-	Budgeted Amounts Final Actual				Fina Po	ance with l Budget ositive egative)
Revenues: Fines, Licenses and Permits	\$	19,000	\$	19,000	\$	_
All Other Revenues	Ψ	19,000	φ	1,500	Ψ	-
Total Revenues		20,500		20,500		-
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General Government		10.000				10.000
Other		10,000		-		10,000
Net Change in Fund Balance		10,500		20,500		10,000
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		146,775		146,775		-
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	157,275	\$	167,275	\$	10,000

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL – THE CLEVELAND FOUNDATION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

		Budgeted					Fina Po	nce with l Budget ositive
	O	Original		Final	Actual		(Negative)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Cash Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		4,819		4,819		4,819		-
Cash Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	4,819	\$	4,819	\$	4,819	\$	-

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL – ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT STIMULUS GRANT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

-	Budgeted A Fin		1	Actual	Final I Pos	ce with Budget itive ative)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	28,150 28,150	\$	28,150 28,150	\$	-

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL – GRASS REFUSE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Budgeted An Final		A	Actual	Final Pos	nce with Budget sitive gative)
Revenues:						
Charges for Services	\$	20,995	\$	20,995	\$	-
Expenditures: Current: Community Development Other		44,650		44,650		
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(23,655)		(23,655)		
Other Financing Sources Transfers In		23,560		23,560		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(95)		(95)		-
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	103 8	\$	103 8	\$	-

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL – G.R.E.A.T GRANT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Budgeted An Final	nounts	A	Actual	Final I Pos	ce with Budget itive ative)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Cash Fund Balance - Beginning of Year Cash Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	3,668 3,668	\$	3,668 3,668	\$	-

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL – 2008 G.R.E.A.T GRANT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts Final		 Actual	Varianc Final B Posit (Nega	Budget tive
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Cash Fund Balance - Beginning of Year Cash Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	29,342 29,342	\$ 29,342 29,342	\$	-

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL – WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS OCCUPANCY PROGRAM FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Budgeted A		F	Actual	Variance wit Final Budge Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:							
Charges for Services	\$	1,500	\$	1,500	\$	-	
Expenditures: Current: Community Development Other		32,200		32,173		27	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(30,700)		(30,673)		27	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	73,389 42,689	\$	73,389 42,716	\$	- 27	

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL – RESIDENTIAL DEMOLITION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts Final			Actual	Final Po	nce with Budget sitive gative)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	206,878 206,878	\$	206,878 206,878	\$	-

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL – COMMUNITY RECYCLING GRANT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Budgeted A	A	ctual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	883 883	\$	883 883	\$	-	

C CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL – CONTINUING PROFESSIONAL TRAINING PROGRAM FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts Final			Actual	Final Pos	nce with Budget sitive gative)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year Fund Balance - End of Year	¢	21,249	¢	21,249	¢	_
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	21,249	\$	21,249	\$	-

C CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL – CORONAVIRUS RELIEF INTERVENTION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts Final Actual					nce with Budget sitive gative)
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental	\$	1,227,168	\$	1,227,168	\$	-
Total Revenues		1,227,168		1,227,168		-
Expenditures: Current: Security of Persons and Property:						
Police and Others:						
Personal Services		215,322		214,817		505
Fire						
Personal Services		215,322		215,011		311
Total Security of Persons & Property		430,644		429,828		816
General Government						
Other		796,524		796,524		-
Total Expenditures	-	1,227,168		1,226,352		816
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		816		816
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		-		-		-
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	-	\$	816	\$	816

C CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL – OHIO DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION STATE INFRASTRUCTURE BANK LOAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Budget	ed Amounts Final		Actual	Final Pos	nce with Budget sitive gative)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Debt Service						
Principal	\$	337,667	\$	337,667	\$	-
Interest & Fiscal Charges		63,053		63,049		4
Total Expenditures	400,720			400,716	4	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(400,720)	\$	(400,716)	\$	4
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		430,581		430,581		-
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	29,861	\$	29,865	\$	4

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL – STATE INFRASTRUCTURE BANK LOAN REPAYMENT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts Final				Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$	141,810	\$	141,810	\$	-
Net Change in Fund Balance		141,810		141,810		-
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	989,529 1,131,339	\$	989,529 1,131,339	\$	-

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL – INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY SYSTEM FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts Final			ıal	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	305 305	\$	305 305	\$	-

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL – LAND AQUISITION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	<u> </u>	Budgeted Amounts Final Actual			Fin F	iance with al Budget Positive legative)
Expenditures: Current:						
Capital Outlay						
Capital Outlay	\$	2,920	\$	2,681	\$	239
Debt Service						
Principal		415,000		415,000		-
Interest & Fiscal Charges		9,000		8,881		119
Total Expenditures		426,920		426,562		358
Other Financing Sources						
Bond Anticipation Notes Issued		427,000		415,000		(12,000)
Net Change in Fund Balance		80		(11,562)		(11,642)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		463,123		463,123		-
Prior Year Encumbrances		320		320		-
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	463,523	\$	451,881	\$	(11,642)

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL – EMERY WOODS PROJECT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Budge	ted Amounts Final	 Actual		ance with al Budget ositive egative)
Revenues:					
All Other Revenues	\$	1,647	\$ -	\$	(1,647)
Expenditures: Current: Debt Service Interest & Fiscal Charges		40,519	 		40,519
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(38,872)	\$ -	\$	38,872
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		40,519	 40,519		-
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	1,647	\$ 40,519	\$	38,872

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL – TOWN CENTER PROJECT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts Final Actual					Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Community Development								
Other	\$	2,500	\$	2,500	\$	-		
Total Expenditures		2,500		2,500		-		
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(2,500)	\$	(2,500)	\$	-		
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		16,772		16,772		-		
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	14,272	\$	16,772	\$	2,500		

STATISTICAL SECTION

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO STATISTICAL SECTION DECEMBER 31, 2020

This part of City's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents	Page(s)
Financial Trends	
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how	
the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	S2-S13
Revenue Capacity	
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's	
most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	S14-S20
Debt Capacity	
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of	
the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's	
ability to issue additional debt in the future.	S21-S27
Economic and Demographic Information	
These schedules offer economic and demographic indicators to help the reader	
understand the environment within which the City's financial activities	
take place.	S28
Operating Information	
These schedules contain service data to help the reader understand how the	
information in the City's financial report relates to the services the	
City provides and the activities it performs.	S29-S33
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Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO NET POSITION BY COMPONENT ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING LAST TEN YEARS

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015 (2)
Governmental activities:					
Net investment in					
Capital assets (1)	\$ (1,396,664)	\$ 4,741,934	\$ (2,719,265)	\$ (1,660,356)	\$ (413,445)
Restricted for:					
Capital projects	133,539	200,257	229,630	306,185	643,180
Streets	477,528	616,951	632,092	409,723	394,833
Police	130,420	100,840	122,122	39,637	41,910
Fire	147,844	129,579	166,035	33,550	42,567
Building Levy	183,607	203,745	126,547	45,891	23,996
Debt Services	1,553,049	1,136,956	1,296,384	1,675,502	4,645,437
Other Purposes	430,731	469,722	612,974	597,939	274,504
Unrestricted	1,119,275	(2,676,263)	3,661,396	(5,058,960)	(6,447,325)
Total net position -					
governmental activities	\$ 2,779,329	\$ 4,923,721	\$ 4,127,915	\$ (3,610,889)	\$ (794,343)

(1) – Item reported as Invested in capital assets, net of related debt through December 31, 2017.

(2) - Restated for GASB Statement No. 68 Implementation

(3) - Restated for GASB Statement No. 75 Implementation

2016	2017 (3)	2018	2019	2020
\$ 4,413,884	\$ 1,531,320	\$ 3,702,183	\$ 7,587,956	\$ 5,597,454
74,795	637,366	862,412	116,306	839,943
396,076	573,835	472,601	774,848	687,740
89,401	153,193	129,266	133,457	146,440
53,494	128,812	103,202	110,148	116,169
19,506	61,988	114,428	182,758	260,591
1,861,294	4,128,029	1,766,666	1,617,354	1,640,057
1,064,971	937,486	1,195,779	1,019,593	1,172,030
(7,929,908)	(24,267,918)	(25,865,387)	(19,091,754)	(21,551,420)

Table 1

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO CHANGES IN NET POSITION ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING LAST TEN YEARS

		2011		2012	2013	2014	
Program revenues:					 		
Charges for services							
Security of persons and property							
Police and others	\$	599,807	\$	117,895	\$ 84,406	\$	102,818
Fire		453,935		291,371	494,087		485,032
Leisure time activities		18,912		16,793	55,235		58,434
Community development		18,387		20,937	25,210		21,991
Public works		50		220	520		60
Transportation		1,518		-	-		-
General government		373,205		749,238	420,821		818,026
Total charges for services		1,465,814	-	1,196,454	 1,080,279		1,486,361
Operating grants and contributions			-				
Security of persons and property							
Police and others		204,041		24,253	19,962		12,080
Fire		403,087		806,566	530,135		-
Leisure time activities		-		-	-		-
Community development		37,833		2,790	5,643		3,680
Transportation		469,914		476,258	482,840		482,853
General government		-		25,353	-		-
Total operating grants and contributions		1,114,875		1,335,220	 1,038,580		498,613
Capital grants and contributions							
Security of persons and property							
Police and others		-		-	-		-
Community development		33,766		-	-		165,260
Transportation		-		-	-		-
General government		262,014		270,779	137,309		2,670,483
Total capital grants and contributions		295,780		270,779	137,309		2,835,743
Total program revenues		2,876,469		2,802,453	 2,256,168		4,820,717
	-						

2015	2016	2017	2010		2010	2020	Table 2
2015	 2016	 2017	 2018		2019	 2020	
\$ 72,121	\$ 253,964	\$ 137,773	\$ 252,645	\$	119,311	\$ 111,461	
419,462	505,002	499,474	315,974		529,635	187,537	
63,865	67,561	71,246	77,379		73,467	8,225	
19,714	574,943	589,967	425,083		613,072	459,788	
68	62,000	9,000	-		91,019	3,884	
-	2,250	12,200	480		1,754	528	
 750,044	 36,989	 42,079	 74,259		72,100	 105,125	
1,325,274	1,502,709	1,361,739	 1,145,820		1,500,358	876,548	
17,050	6,166	6,000	20,502		-	234,549	
40,000	-	-	-		-	377,153	
-	409,863	90,137	-		-	-	
146,180	5,607	4,185	75,394		5,000	-	
489,380	227,320	36,995	779,706		764,296	729,372	
-	15,740	4,229	815		1,964	254,643	
692,610	664,696	141,546	 876,417		771,260	1,595,717	
_	_	_	_		5,400	_	
559	_	_	_		-	_	
-	363,141	131,869	31,966		1,207,477	348,445	
581,364	-	-	-		-	-	
 581,923	363,141	 131,869	 31,966		1,212,877	 348,445	
 2,599,807	 2,530,546	 1,635,154	 2,054,203		3,484,495	2,820,710	
 ,	 ,	 ,,	 , ,	-	, - ,	 ,,- •	

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO CHANGES IN NET POSITION ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (Continued) LAST TEN YEARS

	2011	2012	2012	2014
P.	2011	2012	2013	2014
Expenses:				
Security of persons and property	5 373 ((0)	4 005 001	1 52 1 0 60	5 1 60 401
Police and others	5,372,668	4,905,321	4,734,068	5,163,481
Fire	3,626,904	3,677,433	4,062,419	3,603,854
Public health and welfare	55,903	52,001	52,001	65,183
Leisure time activities	266,661	291,803	664,913	697,906
Community development	882,581	470,806	528,141	873,757
Public works	1,024,141	1,201,675	1,298,203	1,173,154
Transportation	1,697,499	1,680,189	2,429,523	2,637,135
General government	3,730,870	4,745,370	4,364,751	2,411,281
Interest and Fiscal Charges	849,472	534,465	1,606,014	876,751
Total primary government expenses	17,506,699	17,559,063	19,740,033	17,502,502
Net (expense)/revenue	(14,630,230)	(14,756,610)	(17,483,865)	(12,681,785)
General revenues				
Property taxes levied for:				
General purposes	611,674	681,322	597,335	560,635
Debt service	661,791	539,409	387,121	317,748
Other purposes	662,777	658,505	516,621	456,484
Municipal income taxes levied for:	,	,	*	*
General purposes	13,185,755	14,228,423	14,526,593	16,169,998
Other Taxes	-	-	-	-
Grants and entitlements				
not restricted to specific programs	1,091,130	586,783	306,927	659,957
Investment income	7,054	26,502	7,879	6,872
Gain on the sale of capital assets	_	- ,	_	_
All other revenues	72,301	180,058	345,583	231,000
Total general revenues	16,292,482	16,901,002	16,688,059	18,402,694
Change in net position	\$ 1,662,252	\$ 2,144,392	\$ (795,806)	\$ 5,720,909

					Table 2 (Continued)
2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
5,421,417	6,480,372	6,764,289	6,362,593	1,801,291	6,554,403
3,925,081	4,250,869	4,365,946	4,402,676	(443,842)	5,019,470
53,085	53,085	53,085	58,020	64,189	73,804
495,965	1,142,545	1,103,575	1,032,162	1,133,371	459,579
961,571	865,269	1,035,567	1,675,338	1,412,006	1,130,627
1,527,105	2,948,804	4,042,109	3,853,307	3,986,195	3,810,021
2,004,180	2,670,273	2,004,261	1,582,197	2,018,172	970,145
4,164,107	3,447,287	4,907,339	4,497,280	4,745,170	7,303,586
781,460	505,598	525,353	624,390	793,590	1,034,594
19,333,971	22,364,102	24,801,524	24,087,963	15,510,142	26,356,229
(16,734,164)	(19,833,556)	(23,166,370)	(22,033,760)	(12,025,647)	(23,535,519)
687,313	405,700	463,538	417,337	401,580	460,144
335,894	283,752	392,932	391,614	450,152	456,153
490,916	650,621	671,723	575,572	485,087	620,719
16,576,878	17,824,264	17,607,661	17,797,030	18,916,565	17,201,265
-	-	-	-	515,671	338,557
679,693	1,276,788	1,729,668	534,019	586,140	1,829,896
14,054	37,654	74,099	129,037	201,320	57,390
-	128,686	-	245,998	245,189	248,207
171,522	63,947	87,904	807,744	193,459	1,824,380
18,956,270	20,671,412	21,027,525	20,898,351	21,995,163	23,036,711
\$ 2,222,106	\$ 837,856	\$ (2,138,845)	\$ (1,135,409)	\$ 9,969,516	\$ (498,808)

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS -MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING LAST TEN YEARS

	2011	2012	2013	2014
General fund:				
Nonspendable	\$ 373,140	\$ 346,317	\$ 224,285	\$ 240,079
Assigned	600,805	40,900	144,018	165,860
Unassigned	2,871,394	4,859,616	4,926,154	6,663,466
Total general fund	3,845,339	5,246,833	5,294,457	7,069,405
All other governmental				
funds:				
Restricted	4,394,852	2,204,901	1,253,835	925,964
Committed	232,940	168,120	159,588	214,296
Unassigned (Deficit)	(5,650,602)	(88,578)	(3,089,735)	(882,616)
Total all other				
governmental funds	(1,022,810)	2,284,443	(1,676,312)	257,644
Total governmental				
funds	\$ 2,822,529	\$ 7,531,276	\$ 3,618,145	\$ 7,327,049

Note: In 2011, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 54. As a result, the 2010 fund balances were reclassified to reflect the effects of GASB Statement No. 54.

2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
\$ 372,040	\$ 944,501	\$ 857,919	\$ 1,012,638	\$ 1,909,519	\$ 916,540
1,735,968	935,889	301,710	1,543,313	1,852,800	880,604
6,035,565	6,741,663	6,622,333	5,517,741	3,689,894	4,862,730
8,143,573	8,622,053	7,781,962	8,073,692	7,452,213	6,659,874
1,365,745 194,996	1,362,755 190,361	1,368,376 176,271	1,859,606 169,287	1,905,206 248,314	2,794,896 238,141
(2,386,056)	(2,543,979)	(2,153,944)	(2,172,492)	(2,941,884)	(2,127,770)
(825,315)	(990,863)	(609,297)	(143,599)	(788,364)	905,267
\$ 7,318,258	\$ 7,631,190	\$ 7,172,665	\$ 7,930,093	\$ 6,663,849	\$ 7,565,141

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS -MODIFIED BASIS OF ACCOUNTING LAST TEN YEARS

	2011	2012	2013	2014
Revenues:				
Property Taxes and Other Local Taxes	\$ 1,824,328	\$ 1,669,752	\$ 1,920,190	\$ 1,707,323
Income Taxes	13,326,443	14,165,018	14,233,365	15,872,496
Intergovernmental	2,261,416	2,084,485	1,628,155	1,266,054
Interest	7,054	26,502	7,879	6,872
Licenses and Permits	385,966	256,690	351,843	812,181
Fines and Forfeitures	597,017	586,020	221,822	170,812
Rentals	-	-	-	-
Charges for Services	433,371	490,120	458,069	498,852
Special Assessments	222,362	184,610	107,969	341,708
All Other Revenues	210,301	55,646	352,009	233,527
Total Revenues	19,268,258	19,518,843	19,281,301	20,909,825
Expenditures: Current:				
Security of persons and property				
Police and others	5,454,369	4,909,799	4,652,818	5,177,961
Fire	4,063,276	3,726,203	4,000,675	3,552,650
Public health and welfare	55,903	52,001	52,001	53,085
Leisure time activities	227,370	276,706	437,558	470,772
Community development	882,581	488,755	506,859	736,622
Public works	995,680	1,186,379	1,274,543	1,186,403
Transportation	1,739,710	2,290,622	2,705,284	2,809,577
General government	3,264,306	3,470,257	3,808,277	3,536,088
Capital Outlay	7,233,855	3,611,711	318,538	358,256
Debt Service:				
Principal retirement	4,030,000	20,605,060	28,977,060	2,625,000
Interest and fiscal charges	491,367	894,883	1,161,616	934,422
Bond issuance costs	86,600	44,227	584,403	
Total expenditures	28,525,017	41,556,603	48,479,632	21,440,836
Excess of revenues over				
(under) expenditures	(9,256,759)	(22,037,760)	(29,198,331)	(531,011)

2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Table 4
\$ 1,595,845	\$ 1,744,604	\$ 1,677,400	\$ 1,893,496	\$ 2,014,837	\$ 1,859,818	
16,689,455	17,800,538	17,829,418	17,802,827	18,992,918	16,484,233	
1,311,829	1,632,792	1,543,486	1,396,971	1,271,550	4,489,597	
14,054	26,828	74,544	129,037	201,320	57,390	
603,691	380,903	380,380	263,303	397,779	228,980	
138,794	253,846	137,641	279,017	133,826	137,639	
-	193,250	196,600	170,550	228,205	254,315	
603,209	672,962	575,551	581,680	695,861	497,644	
520,889	430,546	176,004	202,499	414,638	418,010	
149,447	66,136	87,904	297,239	193,459	1,824,380	
21,627,213	23,202,405	22,678,928	23,016,619	24,544,393	26,252,006	
5,353,511	5,867,392	6,011,557	5,451,431	5,789,119	6,300,873	
3,774,899	3,860,674	4,049,991	3,721,429	4,168,269	4,516,667	
53,085	53,085	53,085	58,020	64,189	73,804	
445,491	888,433	769,368	712,525	745,003	389,808	
1,002,863	850,694	928,466	1,590,050	1,238,312	989,773	
1,485,708	2,602,683	3,654,007	3,488,250	3,332,570	3,181,801	
2,221,014	2,175,556	1,943,116	1,531,068	1,899,566	825,412	
4,194,991	3,219,241	3,989,601	3,811,516	3,900,967	6,674,372	
105,879	4,031,299	478,837	185,505	2,533,816	18,019,416	
2,621,541	821,131	1,080,547	1,118,474	1,556,521	1,721,117	
827,848	757,822	755,615	805,221	790,118	1,055,721	
	17,686	26,760	31,700	37,376	12,950	
22,086,830	25,145,696	23,740,950	22,505,189	26,055,826	43,761,714	
(459,617)	(1,943,291)	(1,062,022)	511,430	(1,511,433)	(17,509,708)	

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS -MODIFIED BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (Continued) LAST TEN YEARS

	2011	2012	2013	2014
Other financing sources (uses):				
Sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-
Inception of Capital lease	705,826	305,000	318,538	187,290
Certificates of Participation issued	11,200,000	11,717,000	11,700,000	1,800,000
Bond anticipation notes issued	-	14,550,060	2,610,000	-
Land acquisition notes issued	-	-	100,000	-
SIB Loan Issued	-	-	-	-
OPWC Loan Issued	-	-	-	-
Refunding notes issed	8,680,060	-	-	-
General obligation bonds issued	-	-	10,070,000	2,095,000
Premium on debt issuance	94,976	174,447	486,662	157,625
Current refunding	(8,935,060)	-	-	-
Transfers in	1,617,682	6,756,346	1,385,857	1,989,457
Transfers out	(1,617,682)	(6,756,346)	(1,385,857)	(1,989,457)
Total other financing				
sources (uses)	11,745,802	26,746,507	25,285,200	4,239,915
Net change in				
fund balances	\$ 2,489,043	\$ 4,708,747	\$ (3,913,131)	\$ 3,708,904

Debt service as a percentage of

					Table 4	(Continued)
2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	
-	251,802	1,000	245,998	245,189	248,207	
-	77,025	17,450,000	-	-	17,450,000	
1,700,000	-	-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	
450,000	-	-	-	-	-	
-	1,927,396	602,497	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	450,000	
-	-	-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	
16,745	-	-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	
2,378,807	2,066,814	2,088,033	2,268,798	3,229,260	1,788,065	
(2,378,807)	(2,066,814)	(2,088,033)	(2,268,798)	(3,229,260)	(1,788,065)	
2,166,745	2,256,223	18,053,497	245,998	245,189	18,148,207	
\$ 1,707,128	\$ 312,932	\$ 16,991,475	\$ 757,428	\$ (1,266,244)	\$ 638,499	

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO ASSESSED VALUATIONS AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUES OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN YEARS

		Real Property	Tangible Perosnal Property			
	Assesse	d Value		Public	Utility	
Collection Year	Residential/ Agricultural			Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value	
2011	\$ 115,140,720	\$ 146,856,870	\$ 748,564,543	\$ 6,107,320	\$ 6,940,136	
2012	114,113,300	148,000,100	748,895,429	6,363,060	7,230,750	
2013	80,562,990	138,384,370	625,563,886	6,897,690	7,838,284	
2014	80,172,290	141,778,880	634,146,200	7,924,770	9,005,420	
2015	79,884,880	134,848,560	613,524,114	8,154,550	9,266,534	
2016	73,126,970	130,974,830	583,148,000	8,299,220	9,430,932	
2017	73,739,210	135,432,590	597,633,714	8,768,870	9,964,625	
2018	74,993,660	131,051,340	588,700,000	9,303,430	10,572,080	
2019	84,615,600	149,297,660	668,323,600	9,655,450	10,972,102	
2020	84,197,110	149,797,330	668,555,543	10,311,730	11,717,875	

Real property is reappraised every six years with a state mandated update of the current market in the third year following each reappraisal.

The assessed value of real property (including public utility real property) is 35% of estimated true value. The assessed value of public utility personal property ranges from 25% of true value for railroad property to 88% for electric transmission and distribution property. General business tangible personal property was assessed in previous years at 25% for machinery and equipment and 23% for inventories.

The tangible personal property values associated with each year are the values that, when multiplied by the applicable rates, generated the property tax revenue billed in that year. For real property, the amounts generated by multiplying the assessed values by the applicable rates would be reduced by the 10%, 2 1/2% and homestead exemptions before being billed. Beginning in the 2006 collection year, the 10% rollback for commercial/industrial property has been eliminated.

Source: Cuyahoga County, Ohio; County Fiscal Office

Table 5

 Total								
A 1		Estimated		Total				
Assessed		Actual		Direct Tax				
 Value		Value	Ratio	Rate				
\$ 268,104,910	\$	755,504,679	35.49	9.70				
268,476,460		756,126,179	35.51	9.70				
225,845,050		633,402,170	35.66	9.70				
229,873,940		623,434,276	36.87	9.70				
222,887,990		622,790,648	35.78	9.70				
212,401,020		592,578,932	35.84	9.70				
217,940,670		607,598,339	35.87	9.70				
215,348,430		599,272,080	35.94	9.70				
243,568,710		679,295,702	35.86	9.70				
244,306,170		680,273,418	35.91	9.70				

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES (Per \$1,000 of Assessed Valuation) LAST TEN YEARS

		City of Warren	sville Heights		Warrensville	Orange City		Special (2)	Table 6
Collection Year	General Fund	Special Funds (1)	Debt Service	Total Levy	Heights School District	School District	Cuyahoga County	Taxing Districts	Total Tax Levy
2011	3.40	3.60	2.70	9.70	89.00	91.10	13.22	7.58	210.60
2012	2.90	4.10	2.70	9.70	89.00	91.10	13.22	7.58	210.60
2013	3.60	4.10	2.00	9.70	89.00	91.10	13.22	7.58	210.60
2014	3.60	4.10	2.00	9.70	91.80	91.10	14.05	8.48	215.13
2015	3.60	4.10	2.00	9.70	91.70	91.20	14.05	9.38	216.03
2016	3.60	4.10	2.00	9.70	92.40	91.20	14.05	9.38	216.73
2017	3.60	4.10	2.00	9.70	92.40	91.20	14.05	9.38	216.73
2018	3.60	3.60	2.50	9.70	93.20	91.20	14.05	9.88	218.03
2019	3.60	3.60	2.50	9.70	99.70	91.00	14.05	9.88	224.33
2020	3.60	3.60	2.50	9.70	98.40	91.00	14.05	10.28	223.43

Source: Cuyahoga County, Ohio; County Fiscal Office

(1) Policy Levy, Fire Levy, Street Lighting, Building Levy, Fire Pension, and Police Pension special revenue funds

(2) Cleveland Metro Parks, Cuyahoga County Library, Cuyahoga Community College and Cleveland-Cuyahoga Port Authority

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN YEARS

Year	Current Tax Levy	Current Collections	To Current Levy	Tax Collection	Tax Collection	To Tax Levy	Delinquent Taxes	Table 7 To Total Tax Levy
2011	\$ 1,683,572	\$ 1,473,818	87.54%	\$ 114,013	\$ 1,587,831	94.31%	\$ 840,918	49.95%
2012	1,671,028	1,291,783	77.30%	139,276	1,431,059	85.64%	950,335	56.87%
2013	2,455,753	1,220,594	49.70%	395,845	1,616,439	65.82%	662,824	26.99%
2014	2,264,718	1,352,331	59.71%	153,636	1,505,967	66.50%	447,462	19.76%
2015	2,061,817	1,393,725	67.60%	132,815	1,526,540	74.04%	358,650	17.39%
2016	1,991,939	1,436,198	72.10%	104,700	1,540,898	77.36%	347,356	17.44%
2017	1,886,663	1,633,483	86.58%	87,209	1,720,692	91.20%	500,834	26.55%
2018	1,897,393	1,630,432	85.93%	246,283	1,876,715	98.91%	502,367	26.48%
2019	1,968,151	1,870,994	95.06%	248,583	2,119,577	107.69%	340,020	17.28%
2020	1,979,160	1,881,047	95.04%	366,060	2,247,107	113.54%	355,774	17.98%

Source: Cuyahoga County, Ohio; County Fiscal Office

Note: The County does not identify delinquent collections by the year for which the tax was levied.

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS – REAL ESTATE TAX 2020 AND 2011

Table 8

	December	31, 2020
		Percent of
	Assessed	Total Assessed
Name of Taxpayer	Value (1)	Value
Cleveland East Hotel	\$ 12,213,260	5.22%
JP JLP Harvard Park, LLC	11,643,280	4.98%
Cleveland Illuminating Company	7,640,370	3.27%
Highlands Woods NS, LLC	6,787,280	2.90%
Clarkwood Apartment Ltd	5,944,680	2.54%
Granada Apartments LTD	5,792,340	2.48%
Ellacott Parkway Holdings LLC	3,968,850	1.70%
LBMK Properties LLC	3,776,120	1.61%
Sherwin-Williams Automotive	3,290,010	1.41%
Highlands Business Park Property LLC	2,993,420	1.28%
Total	\$ 64,049,610	27.39%
Assessed Value	\$ 233,994,440	
	December	31, 2011
		Percent of
	Assessed	Total Assessed
Name of Taxpayer	Value	Value
JP JLP Harvard Park, LLC	\$ 13,009,150	4.97%
Cleveland East Hotel	10,510,710	4.01%
Meridia Health System	7,131,530	
Highlands Woods NS, LLC	6,346,600	2.42%
Cleveland Illuminating Company	5,422,650	2.07%
Clarkwood Appartments	4,987,570	1.90%
Granada Apartments Company	4,460,770	1.70%
Overlook Court, LP	4,086,580	1.56%
Sherwin-Williams Automotive	3,133,550	1.20%
Galaxy Dev. Limited	2,825,010	1.08%
Total	\$ 61,914,120	23.63%
Assessed Value	\$ 261,997,590	

Source: Cuyahoga County, Ohio; County Fiscal Office (1) Latest information available

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO INCOME TAX REVENUE BASE COLLECTIONS LAST TEN YEARS

Tax Year	Tax Rate (1)	Total Tax Collected	Taxes from Withholding	Percentage of Taxes from Withholding	Taxes from Net Profits	Percentage of Taxes from Net Profits	Taxes from Individuals	Table 9 Percentage of Taxes from Individuals
2011	2.60	\$ 13,185,755	\$ 11,020,654	83.58%	\$ 995,525	7.55%	\$ 1,169,576	8.87%
2012	2.60	13,398,636	10,805,480	80.65%	1,230,748	9.19%	1,360,394	10.15%
2013	2.60	13,696,569	11,364,475	82.97%	1,324,053	9.67%	1,008,041	7.36%
2014	2.60	15,103,264	11,854,771	78.49%	1,926,434	12.76%	1,322,058	8.75%
2015	2.60	15,968,752	12,401,242	77.66%	2,187,643	13.70%	1,379,866	8.64%
2016	2.60	16,607,036	12,223,229	73.60%	2,154,043	12.97%	1,445,887	8.71%
2017	2.60	16,558,002	13,341,371	80.57%	1,844,681	11.14%	1,371,950	8.29%
2018	2.60	17,346,368	13,839,779	79.78%	2,250,732	12.98%	1,255,856	7.24%
2019	2.60	17,552,442	14,087,855	80.26%	2,100,002	11.96%	1,364,584	7.77%
2020	2.60	16,946,162	14,105,584	83.24%	1,737,047	10.25%	1,103,531	6.51%

(1) The City is statutorily prohibited from presenting individual taxpayers.

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO RATIO OF OUTSTANDING DEBT TO TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME AND DEBT PER CAPITA LAST TEN YEARS

Table 10

											14	
			Governmenta	al Activities								
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Special Assessment Bonds	C.O.P.s	Long-term Notes	Long-term Loans	Capital Leases	Total		Personal Income	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Population	Per Capita
2011	\$ 658,572	\$ 55,000	\$ 11,215,829	\$ 8,680,06	0 -	\$ 720,684	\$ 21,330	,145 \$	263,432,526	8.10%	\$ 13,542	\$ 1,575
2012	-	-	11,730,214	14,581,78	1 -	877,710	27,189	,705	263,432,526	10.32%	13,542	2,008
2013	10,358,021	-	11,833,077	-	-	992,469	23,183	,567	255,293,784	9.08%	13,542	1,712
2014	11,845,623	-	11,708,443	-	-	879,018	24,433	,084	268,551,402	9.10%	13,542	1,804
2015	11,081,062	-	11,605,465	-	368,459	605,607	23,660	,593	275,728,662	8.58%	13,542	1,747
2016	10,321,501	-	9,885,476	-	2,209,828	442,830	22,859	,635	280,387,110	8.15%	13,542	1,688
2017	9,526,940	-	9,881,406	-	2,722,395	222,213	22,352	,954	282,079,860	7.92%	13,542	1,651
2018	8,942,379	-	9,777,336	-	2,611,557	142,129	21,473	,401	285,682,032	7.52%	13,542	1,586
2019	8,207,818		9,408,266	-	2,185,408	86,757	19,888	,249	291,329,046	6.83%	13,542	1,469
2020	7,453,257	-	9,024,196	-	1,847,741	17,263,307	35,588	,501	309,976,380	11.48%	13,542	2,628

Note: Population and Personal Income data are presented in Table 15.

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO RATIO OF GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT TO ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY AND BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA LAST TEN YEARS

Year	Population (1)	Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property (2)	Actual Value General Re of Taxable Obligation Ava		Net General Bonded Debt	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	Table 11 Bonded Debt per Capita
2011	13,542	\$ 755,504,679	\$ 11,874,401	\$ 812,585	\$ 11,061,816	1.46%	\$ 817
2012	13,542	756,126,179	11,730,214	-	11,730,214	1.55%	866.21
2013	13,542	633,402,170	22,191,098	-	22,191,098	3.50%	1,638.69
2014	13,542	623,434,276	23,554,066	-	23,554,066	3.78%	1,739.33
2015	13,542	622,790,648	22,686,527	-	22,686,527	3.64%	1,675.27
2016	13,542	592,578,932	20,206,977	-	20,206,977	3.41%	1,492.17
2017	13,542	607,598,339	19,408,346	-	19,408,346	3.19%	1,433.20
2018	13,542	599,272,080	18,719,715	-	18,719,715	3.12%	1,382.34
2019	13,542	679,295,702	17,616,084	-	17,616,084	2.59%	1,300.85
2020	13,542	680,273,418	16,477,453	-	16,477,453	2.42%	1,216.77

Sources:

(1) U. S. Bureau of Census, Census of Population, 2010

(2) Cuyahoga County, Ohio; County Fiscal Office

(3) Includes all general obligation bonded debt with the exception of Special Assessment debt.

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO LEGAL DEBT MARGIN LAST TEN YEARS

	 2011	 2012	 2013	 2014
Assessed Valuation	\$ 268,104,910	\$ 268,476,460	\$ 225,845,050	\$ 229,873,940
Overall debt limit - 10.5%	 			
of assessed value	\$ 28,151,016	\$ 28,190,028	\$ 23,713,730	\$ 24,136,764
Debt Outstanding:				
General obligation bonds	658,572	-	10,358,021	11,845,623
Special assessment bonds	55,000	-	-	-
Certificate of participation	11,215,829	11,730,885	11,833,077	11,708,443
Real property acquisition notes	-	-	100,000	215,000
Bond anticipation notes	 14,387,060	 14,565,060	 3,655,000	 1,560,000
Total gross indebtedness	26,316,461	 26,295,945	 25,946,098	 25,329,066
Less: Notes issued in anticipation of the levy or collection of municipal income taxes Bonds and notes issued in anticipation of the levy or collection of special	(8,935,060)	(9,170,060)	(3,755,000)	(1,775,000)
assessments (excluding city's portion)	(5,357,000)	(5,241,000)	-	-
Certificates of participation	(11,215,829)	(11,730,885)	(11,833,077)	(11,708,443)
General obligation bond retirement fund balance	(812,585)			
Total net debt applicable to	 (812,383)	 	 	
debt limit	 (4,013)	 154,000	 10,358,021	 11,845,623
Legal Debt Margin within				
10 1/2% limitations	\$ 28,155,029	\$ 28,036,028	\$ 13,355,709	\$ 12,291,141
Legal debt margin as a percentage of the debt limit	100.01%	99.45%	56.32%	50.92%

 2015	 2016	 2017	 2018	 2019	 2020
\$ 222,887,990	\$ 212,401,020	\$ 217,940,670	\$ 215,348,430	\$ 243,568,710	\$ 244,306,170
\$ 23,403,239	\$ 22,302,107	\$ 22,883,770	\$ 22,611,585	\$ 25,574,715	\$ 25,652,148
11,081,062	10,321,501	9,526,940	8,942,379	8,207,818	7,453,257
11,605,465	9,885,476	9,881,406	9,777,336	9,408,266	9,024,196
- 1,515,000	- 2,790,389	- 2,659,000	- 2,399,000	- 2,015,000	- 3,795,000
 24,201,527	 22,997,366	 22,067,346	 21,118,715	 19,631,084	 20,272,453
(1,515,000)	(2,790,389)	(2,659,000)	(2,399,000)	(2,015,000)	(3,795,000)
- (11,605,465)	(9,885,476)	- (9,881,406)	- (9,777,336)	- (9,408,266)	- (9,024,196)
-	 -	 -	 	 -	 -
11,081,062	 10,321,501	 9,526,940	 8,942,379	 8,207,818	 7,453,257
\$ 12,322,177	\$ 11,980,606	\$ 13,356,830	\$ 13,669,206	\$ 17,366,897	\$ 18,198,891
52.65%	53.72%	58.37%	60.45%	67.91%	70.94%

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO LEGAL DEBT MARGIN (Continued) LAST TEN YEARS

	 2011	 2012	 2013	2014
Debt Limit - 5.5% of assessed unvoted value	\$ 14,745,770	\$ 14,766,205	\$ 12,421,478	\$ 12,643,067
Gross indebtedness authorized				
by council:	26,316,461	26,295,945	25,946,098	25,329,066
Notes issued in anticipation of the levy or collection of municipal income taxes	(8,935,060)	(9,170,060)	(3,755,000)	(1,775,000)
Bonds and notes issued in anticipation of the levy or collection of special				
assessments (excluding city's portion)	(5,357,000)	(5,241,000)	-	-
Certificates of participation	(11,215,829)	(11,730,885)	(11,833,077)	(11,708,443)
General obligation bond retirement	(010 505)			
fund balance Net debt within	 (812,585)	 -	 	 -
5.5% limit	 (4,013)	 154,000	 10,358,021	 11,845,623
Unvoted legal debt margin within	\$ 14,749,783	\$ 14,612,205	\$ 2,063,457	\$ 797,444
5 1/2% limitations	 	 	 	
Unvoted legal debt margin as a percentage of the unvoted				
debt limitation	100.03%	98.96%	16.61%	6.31%

Source: City Financial Records

 2015	 2016	 2017	 2018	 2019	Table 12 (Continued 2020
\$ 12,258,839	\$ 11,682,056	\$ 11,986,737	\$ 11,844,164	\$ 13,396,279	\$ 13,436,839
24,201,527	22,997,366	22,067,346	21,118,715	19,631,084	20,272,453
(1,515,000)	(2,790,389)	(2,659,000)	(2,399,000)	(2,015,000)	(3,795,000)
 - (11,605,465) -	- (9,885,476) -	- (9,881,406) -	- (9,777,336) -	 - (9,408,266) -	- (9,024,196) -
 11,081,062	 10,321,501	 9,526,940	 8,942,379	 8,207,818	 7,453,257
\$ 1,177,777	\$ 1,360,555	\$ 2,459,797	\$ 2,901,785	\$ 5,188,461	\$ 5,983,582

9.61%	11.65%	20.52%	24.50%	38.73%	44.53%

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT DECEMBER 31, 2020

Table 13

			(1)		
		overnmental ctivities Debt	Percentage Applicable to City of	Appli	Amount cable to City of
Jurisdiction	(Outstanding	Warrensville Heights	Warre	ensville Heights
Direct Debt:					
City of Warrensville Heights					
General Obligation Bonds	\$	7,453,257	100.00%	\$	7,453,257
Certificates of Participation		9,024,196	100.00%		9,024,196
Capital leases		17,263,307	100.00%		17,263,307
Loans Payable		1,847,741	100.00%		1,847,741
Total Direct Debt		35,588,501			35,588,501
Overlapping Debt:					
Warrensville Heights City School District		77,069,704	64.63%		49,808,222
Orange City School District		8,490,221	0.71%		60,645
Cuyahoga County		266,975,000	0.80%		2,126,556
Cuyahoga Community College		201,500,000	0.80%		1,605,023
Total overlapping debt		554,034,925			53,600,446
Total	\$	589,623,426		\$	89,188,947

Source: Cuyahoga County, Ohio; County Fiscal Office

(1) Percentages were determined by dividing each overlapping subdivision's assessed valuation within the City by its total assessed valuation.

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN YEARS

Table 14

	202	0(1)
Employer	Employees	Percentage of
Cleveland Clinic Foundation	1601	11.59%
University Hospital Health System	669	4.84%
Heinen's Inc.	509	3.68%
Sherwin-Williams Co.	438	3.17%
One Source Employee Management	358	2.59%
Warrensville Heights Board of Education	323	2.34%
Physical Medical Transport	263	1.90%
Henkel Corp	198	1.43%
Ameri Serv LLC	186	1.35%
Group Management Services	139	1.01%
Total	4684	33.90%
Total City Employment	13815	100.00%
	2	011
Employer	2 Employees	011 Percentage of
Employer Cleveland Clinic Foundation		
	Employees	Percentage of
Cleveland Clinic Foundation	Employees 1,644	Percentage of 15.74%
Cleveland Clinic Foundation Warrensville Heights City School District	Employees 1,644 345	Percentage of 15.74% 3.30%
Cleveland Clinic Foundation Warrensville Heights City School District Heinen's Inc.	Employees 1,644 345 342	Percentage of 15.74% 3.30% 3.28%
Cleveland Clinic Foundation Warrensville Heights City School District Heinen's Inc. University Hospital Health System	Employees 1,644 345 342 332	Percentage of 15.74% 3.30% 3.28% 3.18%
Cleveland Clinic Foundation Warrensville Heights City School District Heinen's Inc. University Hospital Health System Sherwin-Williams Co.	Employees 1,644 345 342 332 310	Percentage of 15.74% 3.30% 3.28% 3.18% 2.97%
Cleveland Clinic Foundation Warrensville Heights City School District Heinen's Inc. University Hospital Health System Sherwin-Williams Co. Henkel Corporation	Employees 1,644 345 342 332 310 158	Percentage of 15.74% 3.30% 3.28% 3.18% 2.97% 1.51%
Cleveland Clinic Foundation Warrensville Heights City School District Heinen's Inc. University Hospital Health System Sherwin-Williams Co. Henkel Corporation City of Warrensville Heights	Employees 1,644 345 342 332 310 158 145	Percentage of 15.74% 3.30% 3.28% 3.18% 2.97% 1.51% 1.39%
Cleveland Clinic Foundation Warrensville Heights City School District Heinen's Inc. University Hospital Health System Sherwin-Williams Co. Henkel Corporation City of Warrensville Heights Horizons, Inc.	Employees 1,644 345 342 332 310 158 145 135	Percentage of 15.74% 3.30% 3.28% 3.18% 2.97% 1.51% 1.39% 1.29%
Cleveland Clinic Foundation Warrensville Heights City School District Heinen's Inc. University Hospital Health System Sherwin-Williams Co. Henkel Corporation City of Warrensville Heights Horizons, Inc. General Electric Co.	Employees 1,644 345 342 332 310 158 145 135 127	Percentage of 15.74% 3.30% 3.28% 3.18% 2.97% 1.51% 1.39% 1.29% 1.22%

Source: (1) Information not available from the City of Cleveland Central Collection Agency

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN YEARS

Table 15

Year	Population (1)	Total Personal Income (4)	Personal Income Per Capita (1)	Median Household Income (1)	Median Age (1)	Educational Attainment: Bachelor's Degree or Higher	School Enrollment (2)	Cuyahoga County Unemployment Rate (3)	 Total Assessed Property Value
2011	13,542	\$ 263,432,526	\$ 19,453	\$ 36,461	39.2	14.40	1,956	8.0%	\$ 268,104,910
2012	13,542	263,432,526	19,453	36,461	39.2	14.40	1,700	6.6%	268,476,460
2013	13,542	255,293,784	18,852	35,926	39.2	15.50	1,657	7.0%	225,845,060
2014	13,542	268,551,402	19,831	35,461	39.6	15.40	1,432	6.9%	229,873,940
2015	13,542	275,728,662	20,361	35,143	39.6	17.60	1,416	4.0%	222,887,990
2016	13,542	280,387,110	20,705	35,181	38.3	19.40	1,531	5.3%	212,401,020
2017	13,542	282,079,860	20,830	35,733	37.8	17.20	1,539	5.9%	217,940,670
2018	13,542	285,682,032	21,096	35,871	37.8	18.80	1,640	5.0%	215,348,430
2019	13,542	291,329,046	21,513	34,814	37.8	17.00	1,647	3.6%	243,568,710
2020	13,542	309,976,380	22,890	38,433	37.8	17.00	1,673	8.3%	244,306,170

Sources: (1) U. S. Bureau of Census, Census of Population, 2010

(2) Ohio Department of Education for Warrensville Heights City School District

(3) U. S. Bureau of Labor Statistics

(4) Total Personal Income is calculated by multiplying Population times Personal Income per Capita

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN YEARS

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Table 16
Function/program:	 2011	 2012	 2013	 2014	 2015	 2010	 2017	 2010	 2017	 2020
Security of persons and property:										
Police and others:										
Total calls for services	14,012	14,470	15,514	15,842	19,245	20,691	20,715	20,068	21,638	17,668
Number of traffic citations issued	1,698	1,765	1,951	1,809	1,483	2,921	3,084	2,239	2,112	2,112
Number od parking citations issued	820	762	768	811	1,919	1,716	1,457	1,535	1,725	1,725
Number of criminal arrests	639	593	642	670	783	379	896	674	688	211
Number of accident reports completed	744	763	725	1,018	1,154	1,225	1,367	1,251	1,320	506
Part 1 offenses (major offenses)	575	554	560	568	7	774	869	783	765	64
DUI arrests	12	17	12	24	112	30	39	42	33	13
Prisoners	142	76	43	40	-	496	619	653	630	301
Prisoner meal costs	\$ 149	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,836	\$ 12,234	8,795	6,083	3,450
Motor vehicle accidents	744	763	725	1,018	1,154	1,225	1,367	1,345	1,412	506
Property damage accident	651	684	680	725	630	191	247	327	355	278
Fatalities from motor vehicle accident	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	2	2
Gasoline costs of fleet	\$ 60,000	\$ 28,211	\$ 59,474	\$ 51,591	\$ -	\$ -		-	-	-
Community diversion program youths	21	18	16	14	15	20	30	16	14	3
Community diversion program -										
service hours	470	490	478	385	425	450	467	389	425	40
Fire:										
EMS calls	1,902	1,899	1,950	2,037	2,227	2,494	2,587	2,781	3,006	2,900
Ambulance billing collections (net)	\$ 353,557	\$ 353,520	\$ 411,455	\$ 385,632	\$ 403,302	\$ 441,205	\$ 430,752	\$ 461,781	\$ 411,849	\$ 412,299
Fire calls	360	519	509	498	668	635	649	666	540	644
Fires with loss	23	41	12	14	3	7	35	41	36	30
Fires with losses exceeding \$10k	13	12	7	6	1	5	31	17	22	8
Fire losses	\$ 514,850	\$ 580,000	\$ 672,300	\$ 687,000	\$ 96,430	\$ 148,699	\$ 1,200,900	\$ 1,155,000	\$ 1,300,000	\$ 316,500
Fire safety inspections	192	49	83	85	211	171	125	212	207	103
Number of times mutual aid given										
to fire and EMS	44	4	14	27	19	16	19	23	36	64
Number of times mutual aid received										
for fire and EMS	90	19	18	38	56	61	78	107	92	105

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM (Continued) LAST TEN YEARS

								Та	bl	e 16 (C	on	tinued)
	 2011	2012	2013	2014	 2015	2016	2017	 2018		2019		2020
Basic Utility Services:							 					
Refuse disposal per year (in tons)	4,708	3,987	4,051	4,070	3,051	3,010	2,718	2,921		2,586		3,088
Refuse disposal costs per year												
(calendar year)	\$ 164,043	\$ 147,021	\$ 189,566	\$ 153,703	\$ 161,650	\$ 419,379	\$ 554,896	\$ 523,524	\$	526,803	\$	540,565
Annual recycling tonnage												
(excluding leaf and compost items)	n/a	107	112	88	76	398	534	551		471		597.61
Percntage of waste recycled	n/a	2.61%	2.75%	2.13%	2.16%	13.23%	5.20%	16.00%		15.40%		16.00%
Transportation:												
Street repair (curbs, aprons, berms,												
asphalt) (hours)	320	520	2,116	1,950	877	973	720	630		1808		968
Guardrail repair (hours)	16	60	10	5	2	3	16	3		5		0
Paint striping (hours)	40	150	200	150	256	328	1,260	480		1136		760
Street sweeper (hours)	112	625	400	350	317	784	560	556		920		400
Cold patch (hours)	392	725	800	620	344	398	144	640		948		720
Snow and ice removal												
overtime hours	2,456	2,145	1,500	1,800	3,265	1,534	1,856	1,233		636		700
Landscaping stump-chipper												
service (hours)	32	50	754	800	1,789	1,238	2,064	1,054		2,100		2,840
Holiday lights setup (hours)	80	86	196	200	261	181	144	732		336		308
Sign department (hours)	40	60	200	220	180	120	1,004	552		708		400
Number of trees planted												
per year	-	-	5	10	5	28	30	10		2		1
Tons of snow melting salt												
purchased (Nov - Mar)	4.835	5,600	7.000	7.000	4.525	4.066	6.000	6.000		4.200		4.200
Cost of salt purchased	\$ 220,444	\$ 190,512	\$ 230,388	\$ 161,313	\$ 295,216	\$ 205,081	\$ 168,000	291,420		310,800		229,488
General government:												
Council and clerk:												
Number of ordinances passed	104	188	134	139	165	179	166	127		175		184
Number of resolutions passed	60	50	30	23	66	77	57	49		56		71
runnoer of resolutions passed	00	50	50	25	00		57	47		50		/1

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM (Continued) LAST TEN YEARS

									Tabl	e 1	6 (Cor	ti	nued)
	2011	2012	2013	2014		2015	2016	2017	2018		2019		2020
Finance department:					_								
Number of checks/vouchers													
issued	2,452	2,407	2,621	2,736		2,887	2,976	2,988	3,185		3,198		2,698
Amount of checks written	\$ 11,008,059	\$ 10,442,701	\$ 7,238,615	\$ 5,348,674	\$	7,076,524	\$ 10,530,470	\$ 8,627,601	\$ 8,714,435	\$	10,321,888	\$	9,622,638
General fund interest earnings													
for fiscal year (cash basis)	\$ 7,054	\$ 8,476	\$ 7,878	\$ 6,639	\$	123,553	\$ 30,085	\$ 76,597	\$ 139,990	\$	166,651	\$	69,383
Number of receipts issued	330	3,502	3,427	3,869		4,795	4,619	4,290	3,997		4,344		3,270
Number of budget adjustments													
issued	16	30	50	6		3	5	83	13		18		23
Agency rating - Moody's													
financial services	A-1	A-1	A-1	A-1		A-1	A-1	A-1	A-1		A-2		A-2
Health insurance costs vs.													
general fund expenditures													
(cash basis)	8.61%	8.56%	9.40%	9.10%		10.09%	9.88%	9.47%	10.78%		12.00%		10.00%
General Fund receipts (cash basis)	\$ 15,748,605	\$ 15,559,787	\$ 16,516,049	\$ 17,984,776	\$	19,584,225	\$ 19,635,744	\$ 20,478,751	\$ 20,639,441	\$	21,554,286	\$	23,751,092
General Fund expenditures													
(cash basis)	\$ 14,899,241	\$ 14,716,911	\$ 15,815,121	\$ 16,555,825	\$	18,480,253	\$ 19,450,905	\$ 20,651,242	\$ 21,099,041	\$	20,595,931	\$	22,818,640
General Fund cash balances	\$ 1,739,885	\$ 2,911,044	\$ 3,089,881	\$ 4,291,087	\$	5,396,290	\$ 4,988,658	\$ 4,930,484	\$ 4,621,605	\$	3,362,970	\$	4,295,422
Building department indicators:													
Construction permits issued	647	609	282	667		932	795	625	589		639		615
Estimated value of construction	\$ 14,970,841	\$ 4,515,733	\$ 41,779,964	\$ 86,106,191	\$	25,462,710	\$ 26,797,000	\$ 25,437,749	\$ 10,187,805	\$	54,756,373	\$	64,861,292
Number of plumbin and electrical													
permits issued	193	206	243	126		301	288	211	184		182		162
Amount of revenue generated													
from permits	\$ 422,070	\$ 222,617	\$ 427,684	\$ 613,841	\$	593,877	\$ 359,996	\$ 264,014	\$ 140,677	\$	376,284	\$	145,780
Number of contract registrations													
issued	408	249	282	255		259	266	225	280		331		449
Number of rental inspections													
performed	572	662	718	1,206		2,018	315	1,298	908		1,081		945
Number of point of sale													
inspections	1,831	662	717	102		203	177	159	134		165		191

Source: Information for operating indicators was obtained from the various departments within the City.

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO CAPITAL ASSETS STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN YEARS

									Tab	le 17
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Function/program: Security of persons and property: Police:										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Square footage of building	4,840	4,840	4,840	4,840	4,840	4,840	4,840	4840	4840	7437
Vehicles	29	29	29	29	29	14	18	17	16	18
Fire:										
Stations	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Square footage of building	13,460	13,460	13,460	13,460	13,460	13,460	13,460	13,460	13,460	13,460
Vehicles	11	11	11	11	11	8	8	8	8	6
Leisure time activities:										
Recreation:										
Number of parks	6	6	6	6	6	7	7	7	7	8
YMCA square footage Senior Community Center:	-	40,000	40,000	40,000	40,000	40,000	40,000	40,000	40,000	40,000
Square footage of building	13,300	13,300	13,300	13,300	13,300	13,300	13,300	13,300	13,300	13,300
Vehicles	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	1	1
Transportation:										
Public works:										
Square footage of building	41,360	41,360	41,360	41,360	41,360	41,360	41,360	41,360	41,360	41,360
Vehicles	37	37	40	40	40	21	39	41	29	29
Streets (miles)	52	52	52	52	52	52	52	52	52	52
General government:										
Square footage occupied	25,515	25,515	25,515	25,515	25,515	25,515	25,515	25,515	25,515	40,000
Administrative vehicles	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	2	2
Inspection vehicles	7	7	7	7	7	8	4	4	5	5

Source: City's capital asset records

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENTAL EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN YEARS

									Та	ble 18
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Function/program:										
Security of persons and property:										
Police	33.00	33.00	33.00	29.00	31.00	32.00	30.00	31.00	28.00	27.00
Police - auxiliary/guards	4.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	-	-	3.50
Police - dispatchers/office/other	9.00	9.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	11.00
Police - jailers	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.00	1.00	1.00
Police - animal wardens	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Fire	32.00	31.00	29.00	27.00	28.00	28.00	27.00	28.00	29.00	28.00
Fire - secretary - other	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Leisure time activities:										
Senior and civic center	4.00	4.00	5.50	5.00	5.00	5.50	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00
Comminuty liason	-	-	-	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	-
Community Development:										
Building	8.50	8.50	8.50	8.50	8.50	8.50	6.50	7.50	8.50	8.50
Economic Development	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	1.00
Transportation:										
Service	27.00	28.00	28.00	28.00	28.00	28.00	28.00	27.00	27.00	25.00
General government										
Council	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00
Executive administration	4.00	5.00	4.00	4.00	5.50	6.50	6.00	6.00	6.00	5.00
Finance	4.00	5.00	4.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
Municipal income tax	1.00	1.00	0.50	0.50	0.55	0.50	0.50	1.00	1.00	1.00
Legal	1.50	1.00	1.00	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50
Human reaources	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Planning	2.50	2.50	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Civil service	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.00
Community activities	-	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	2.00	2.00	1.00	1.00
Totals	145.00	146.50	142.00	137.50	143.05	147.50	144.50	143.00	141.00	139.50

Source City Payroll Department Payroll Register

Method: Using 1.0 for each full-time employee and 0.50 for each part-time and seasonal employee at year-end.

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CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO

SINGLE AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

James G. Zupka, CPA, Inc. Certified Public Accountants

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SINGLE AUDIT REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

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CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program/Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Number	Total Federal Expenditures
<u>U.S. Department of the Treasury</u> Passed through Ohio Office of Budget and Management Coronavirus Relief Fund Total U.S. Department of the Treasury	21.019	HB481-CRF-Local	\$ 667,139 667,139
U.S. Department of Homeland Security Passed through the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency Disaster Grants-Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters) Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security	97.036	N/A	143,938 143,938
U.S. Department of Justice Direct Program Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program Total U.S. Department of Justice	16.607	N/A	900 900
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 811,977

See notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 1: BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the City of Warrensville Heights (the City) under programs of the Federal government for the year ended December 31, 2020. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City of Warrensville Heights, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the City of Warrensville Heights.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE 3: **INDIRECT COST RATE**

The City of Warrensville Heights has elected not to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE 4: MATCHING REQUIREMENTS

Certain Federal programs require the City to contribute non-Federal funds (matching funds) to support the Federally-funded programs. The City has met its matching requirements. The Schedule does not include the expenditure of non-Federal matching funds.

JAMES G. ZUPKA, C.P.A., INC.

Certified Public Accountants 5240 East 98th Street Garfield Hts., Ohio 44125

Member American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

(216) 475 - 6136

Ohio Society of Certified Public Accountants

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Members of City Council City of Warrensville Heights Warrensville Heights, Ohio The Honorable Keith Faber Auditor of State State of Ohio

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Warrensville Heights, Cuyahoga County, Ohio, (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 28, 2021, wherein we noted the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the City. Also, the City adopted new accounting guidance in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, and the City changed its accounting policy and restated capital assets.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

James L. Zupka, CPA, Inc.

James G. Zupka, CPA, Inc. Certified Public Accountants

June 28, 2021

JAMES G. ZUPKA, C.P.A., INC.

Certified Public Accountants 5240 East 98th Street Garfield Hts., Ohio 44125

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REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM; REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE; AND REPORT ON THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Members of City Council City of Warrensville Heights Warrensville Heights, Ohio The Honorable Keith Faber Auditor of State State of Ohio

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Warrensville Heights, Cuyahoga County, Ohio's (the City) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on the City's major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2020. The City's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for the City's major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the City of Warrensville Heights complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2020.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for the major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency or combination of deficience is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have also audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated June 28, 2021, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements, wherein we noted the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the City. Also, the City adopted new accounting guidance in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities, and the City changed its accounting policy and restated capital assets. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for the purpose of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

James H. Zupka, CPA, Inc.

James G. Zupka, CPA, Inc. Certified Public Accountants

June 28, 2021

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

ARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS	
Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major Federal programs?	No
Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major Federal programs?	No
Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	No
Major Programs (list):	
Coronavirus Relief Fund - CFDA #21.019	
Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: \$750,000 Type B: All Others
Low Risk Auditee?	No
	IN ACCORDANCE
INGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS	
	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)? Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major Federal programs? Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major Federal programs? Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR 200.516(a)? Major Programs (list):

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

The prior audit report, as of December 31, 2019, included instances of material noncompliance.

Finding Number 2019-001	Finding Summary Negative Cash Fund Balance	Status Corrected.	Additional Information None.
2019-002	Appropriations Exceeding Estimated Resources	Corrected.	None.
2019-003	Expenditures Plus Encumbrances Exceeding Appropriations	Corrected.	None.

Management letter recommendations have been corrected, repeated, or procedures instituted to prevent occurrences in this audit period.

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CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS

CUYAHOGA COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 8/31/2021

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370