EATON COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT PREBLE COUNTY

SINGLE AUDIT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020



EATON COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT PREBLE COUNTY JUNE 30, 2020

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OHIO AUDITOR OF STATE KEITH FABER

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Eaton Community School District Preble County 306 Eaton Lewisburg Road Eaton, Ohio 45320

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying modified cash-basis financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Eaton Community School District, Preble County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash accounting basis Note 1 describes. This responsibility includes determining that the modified cash accounting basis is acceptable for the circumstances. Management is also responsible for designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Eaton Community School District Preble County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Eaton Community School District, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in modified cash financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund thereof for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with the accounting basis described in Note 1.

Accounting Basis

Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(B) requires the District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements, which describes the basis applied to these statements. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis other than generally accepted accounting principles. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 16 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the District. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Other Matters

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the financial statements taken as a whole.

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The schedule is management's responsibility, and derives from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this schedule to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this schedule directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this schedule is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Information

We applied no procedures to management's discussion and analysis and schedules of net pension and other post-employment benefit liabilities and pension and other post-employment benefit contributions as listed in the table of contents. Accordingly, we express no opinion or any other assurance on them.

Eaton Community School District Preble County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 1, 2021, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Talue

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

February 1, 2021

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Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Unaudited

The discussion and analysis of the Eaton Community School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for 2020 are as follows:

- □ In total, net position increased \$523,406. Net position of governmental activities increased \$632,543, which represents a 3% increase from 2019. Net position of business-type activities decreased \$109,137, or 98% from 2019.
- □ General receipts accounted for \$26,445,443 or 92% of all receipts for governmental activities. Program specific receipts in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$2,309,973 or 8% of total governmental receipts of \$28,755,416.
- □ The District had \$28,062,873 in disbursements related to governmental activities; \$2,309,973 of these disbursements were offset by program specific charges for services and operating grants or contributions. General receipts of \$26,445,443 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- □ Among major funds, the General Fund had \$23,418,941 in receipts and \$23,010,297 in disbursements. The General Fund's fund balance decreased \$167,595 to \$13,869,916.
- □ Net position for the enterprise fund decreased \$110,186.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report is presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, as applicable to the District's modified cash basis of accounting.

Report Components

The statement of net position and the statement of activities provide information about the modified cash activities of the District as a whole. Fund financial statements provide a greater level of detail. Funds are created and maintained on the financial records of the District as a way to segregate money whose use is restricted to a particular specified purpose. These statements present financial information by fund, presenting funds with the largest balances or most activity in separate columns. The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the District's government-wide and fund financial statements and provide explanation and detail regarding the information reported in the statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Unaudited

Basis of Accounting

The basis of accounting is a set of guidelines that determine when financial events are recorded. The District has elected to present its financial statements on a modified cash basis of accounting. This basis of accounting is a basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. Under the District's modified cash basis of accounting, receipts and disbursements are recorded when cash is received or paid. As a result of using the modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable) are not recorded in the financial statements. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this report, the reader must keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the modified cash basis of accounting.

Government-Wide Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities reflect how the District did financially during the fiscal year, within the limitations of modified cash basis accounting. The statement of net position presents the cash balances and investments of the governmental activities of the District at fiscal year-end. The statement of activities compares cash disbursements with program receipts for each governmental program. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services and grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. General receipts and interest are all receipts not classified as program receipts. The comparison of cash disbursements with program receipts identifies how each governmental function draws from the District's general receipts. These statements report the District's cash position and the changes in cash position. Keeping in mind the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting, you can think of these changes as one way to measure the District's financial health. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's cash position is one indicator of whether the District's financial health is improving or deteriorating. When evaluating the District's financial condition, you should also consider other nonfinancial factors such as the District's property tax base, the condition of the District's capital assets, the extent of the District's debt obligations, the reliance on non-local financial resources for operations and the need for continued growth in the major local revenue sources such as property taxes.

The government-wide financial statements of the District are divided into two categories:

<u>Governmental Activities</u> – Most of the District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation and extracurricular activities.

<u>Business-Type Activities</u> – These services are provided on a charge for goods or services basis to recover all of the costs of the goods or services provided. The District's food service fund is reported as business-type activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant funds, not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Unaudited

Governmental Funds – Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed view of the District's governmental operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent to finance the District's programs. The District's significant governmental funds are presented on the financial statements in separate columns. The information for nonmajor funds (funds whose activity or balances are not large enough to warrant separate reporting) is combined and presented in total in a single column. The programs reported in governmental funds are closely related to those reported in the governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Proprietary Funds – When the District charges customers for the services it provides, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. When the services are provided to the general public, the activity is reported as an enterprise fund. When the services are provided to other departments of the District, the service is reported as an internal service fund.

Fiduciary Funds – The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for various student managed activity programs, various scholarship programs and other items listed as agency. It is also responsible for other assets that, due to a trust arrangement can only be used for the trust beneficiaries. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Position and Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. We exclude these activities from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

The following table provides a summary of the District's net position for fiscal year 2020 compared to 2019.

	Govern Activ			• •	Το	tal
	2020	2019	2020 2019		2020	2019
Cash and Investments	\$22,883,327	\$22,250,784	\$2,159	\$111,296	\$22,885,486	\$22,362,080
Total assets	22,883,327	22,250,784	2,159	111,296	22,885,486	22,362,080
Net position						
Restricted	9,832,452	9,015,051	0	0	9,832,452	9,015,051
Unrestricted	13,050,875	13,235,733	2,159	111,296	13,053,034	13,347,029
Total net position	\$22,883,327	\$22,250,784	\$2,159	\$111,296	\$22,885,486	\$22,362,080

The District's net position increased 2%. The government-wide unrestricted net position of \$13,053,034 may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Unaudited

Change in Net Position – The following table shows the change in net position for fiscal year 2020 compared to 2019:

-	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total	
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019
Receipts						
Program Receipts:						
Charges for Services and Sales	\$752,574	\$612,744	\$237,799	\$313,648	\$990,373	\$926,392
Operating Grants and Contributions	1,557,399	1,081,408	468,002	448,088	2,025,401	1,529,496
Total Program Receipts	2,309,973	1,694,152	705,801	761,736	3,015,774	2,455,888
General receipts:						
Property Taxes	9,047,263	8,853,602	0	0	9,047,263	8,853,602
Income Taxes	4,947,217	4,808,191	0	0	4,947,217	4,808,191
Grants and Entitlements	11,599,958	12,100,473	0	0	11,599,958	12,100,473
Other	851,005	799,964	0	0	851,005	799,964
Total General Receipts	26,445,443	26,562,230	0	0	26,445,443	26,562,230
Total Receipts	28,755,416	28,256,382	705,801	761,736	29,461,217	29,018,118
Program Disburs ements						
Instruction	14,519,924	13,922,735	0	0	14,519,924	13,922,735
Support Services:						
Pupils	1,556,408	1,472,772	0	0	1,556,408	1,472,772
Instructional Staff	311,762	316,610	0	0	311,762	316,610
Board of Education	21,604	20,692	0	0	21,604	20,692
Administration	2,147,344	2,237,784	0	0	2,147,344	2,237,784
Fiscal Services	746,779	726,494	0	0	746,779	726,494
Business	7,200	0	0	0	7,200	0
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,998,873	2,149,443	0	0	2,998,873	2,149,443
Pupil Transportation	1,589,860	1,472,003	0	0	1,589,860	1,472,003
Central	418,374	182,969	0	0	418,374	182,969
Non-Instructional Services	460	262	0	0	460	262
Extracurricular Activities	618,981	728,730	0	0	618,981	728,730
Capital Outlay	261,964	0	0	0	261,964	0
Debt Service:						
Principal	1,720,000	1,700,000	0	0	1,720,000	1,700,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	1,143,340	1,155,165	0	0	1,143,340	1,155,165
Food Service	0	0	874,938	901,759	874,938	901,759
Total Disbursements	28,062,873	26,085,659	874,938	901,759	28,937,811	26,987,418
Change in Net Position Before Transfers	692,543	2,170,723	(169,137)	(140,023)	523,406	2,030,700
Transfers	(60,000)	0	60,000	0	0	0
Total Change in Net Position	632,543	2,170,723	(109,137)	(140,023)	523,406	2,030,700
Beginning Net Position	22,250,784	20,080,061	111,296	251,319	22,362,080	20,331,380
Ending Net Position	\$22,883,327	\$22,250,784	\$2,159	\$111,296	\$22,885,486	\$22,362,080

Governmental Activities

Net position of the District's governmental activities increased \$632,543. An increase in operating grants and contributions can be attributed to Student Wellness and Success state grant funds. A decrease in general grants and entitlements was the result of a decrease in state foundation receipts.

An increase in instruction can be attributed to instructional supply purchases as well as special education costs. In fiscal year 2020 the District began a transition to contracting with outside parties for information technology support. This resulted in an increase in central support services.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Unaudited

The unique nature of property taxes in Ohio creates the need to routinely seek voter approval for operating funds. In general, the overall revenue generated by the levy will not increase solely as a result of inflation. As an example, a homeowner with a home valued at \$100,000 and taxed at 1.0 mill would pay \$35.00 annually in taxes. If three years later the home were reappraised and increased to \$200,000 (and this inflationary increase in value is comparable to other property owners) the effective tax rate would become .5 mills and the owner would still pay \$35.00. However, the assessed millage for the District has already been reduced to the 20 mill floor. Consequently, the District will receive some increased revenues as property values increase with reappraisals.

Property and income taxes made up 48.67% of receipts for governmental activities in fiscal year 2020. The District's reliance upon tax receipts is demonstrated by the following graph:

	Percent	
2020	of Total	40.34%
\$11,599,958	40.34%	8.03%
2,309,973	8.03%	
13,994,480	48.67%	2.96%
851,005	2.96%	2.90%
\$28,755,416	100.00%	48.67%
	\$11,599,958 2,309,973 13,994,480 851,005	2020 of Total \$11,599,958 40.34% 2,309,973 8.03% 13,994,480 48.67% 851,005 2.96%

Business-Type Activities

Net position of the business-type activities decreased \$109,137. A decrease in receipts and disbursements can be attributed to a shortened school year, due to the Covid-19 pandemic.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FUNDS

The District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$22,399,432, which is above last year's balance of \$21,782,881. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2020 and 2019.

	Fund Balance June 30, 2020	Fund Balance June 30, 2019	Increase (Decrease)
General	\$13,869,916	\$14,037,511	(\$167,595)
Bond Retirement	6,992,598	6,328,518	664,080
Other Governmental	1,536,918	1,416,852	120,066
Total	\$22,399,432	\$21,782,881	\$616,551

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Unaudited

General Fund – The District's General Fund balance change was due to many factors. The tables that follow assist in illustrating the financial activities and balance of the General Fund:

	2020 Receipts	2019 Receipts	Increase (Decrease)
Taxes	\$10,892,056	\$10,621,462	\$270,594
Tuition	428,259	214,914	213,345
Investment Earnings	440,370	316,145	124,225
Extracurricular Activities	16,790	24,921	(8,131)
Class Materials and Fees	58,988	74,639	(15,651)
Intergovernmental - State	11,154,985	11,510,970	(355,985)
Intergovernmental - Federal	48,822	102,824	(54,002)
Contributions and Donations	4,400	58,143	(53,743)
All Other Revenue	374,271	379,738	(5,467)
Total	\$23,418,941	\$23,303,756	\$115,185

General Fund receipts increased \$115,185, or less than 1%. An increase in investment earnings can be attributed to an increase in interest rates as well as an increase in the amount of funds invested. A decrease in intergovernmental receipts was the result of a decrease in state foundation receipts. State-wide open enrollment began in fiscal year 2020, resulting in an increase in tuition receipts.

	2020 Disbursements	2019 Disbursements	Increase (Decrease)
Instruction	\$13,636,192	\$13,020,946	\$615,246
Supporting Services:			
Pupils	1,376,476	1,462,412	(85,936)
Instructional Staff	286,372	291,336	(4,964)
Board of Education	21,604	20,692	912
Administration	2,148,619	2,223,526	(74,907)
Fiscal Services	671,821	653,739	18,082
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,305,017	2,144,511	160,506
Pupil Transportation	1,591,944	1,472,972	118,972
Central	418,514	175,830	242,684
Non-Instructional Services	460	262	198
Extracurricular Activities	433,325	451,445	(18,120)
Debt Service			
Interest and Fiscal Charges	119,953	119,953	0
Total	\$23,010,297	\$22,037,624	\$972,673

General Fund disbursements increased approximately 4% from the prior fiscal year. An increase in instruction can be attributed to instructional supply purchases as well as special education costs. In fiscal year 2020 the District began a transition to contracting with outside parties for information technology support. This resulted in an increase in central support services.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Unaudited

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2020, the District amended its General Fund budget several times. Original, final, and actual budget basis receipts and disbursements were not materially different.

Bond Retirement Fund - The District's Bond Retirement Fund balance increased \$664,080, or 10%. Receipts and disbursements were consistent with the prior year.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

At June 30, 2020, the District had \$28.1 million in bonds outstanding, \$1,590,000 due within one year. The following table summarizes the District's debt outstanding as of June 30, 2020 and 2019:

2020	2019
\$0	\$100,000
20,630,000	21,025,000
2,338,266	2,583,069
22,968,266	23,708,069
0	1,099,550
5,110,000	5,110,000
\$28,078,266	\$29,917,619
	\$0 20,630,000 2,338,266 22,968,266 0 5,110,000

Under current state statutes, the District's general obligation bonded debt issues are subject to a legal limitation based on 9% of the total assessed value of real and personal property. At June 30, 2020, the District's outstanding debt was below the legal limit. Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 10.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Unaudited

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Rachel Tait, Treasurer of Eaton Community School District.

Statement of Net Position – Modified Cash Basis June 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	
Assets:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	7,283,694	\$	2,159	\$	7,285,853
Investments		12,532,875		0		12,532,875
Restricted Assets:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents		343,921		0		343,921
Investments		2,722,837		0		2,722,837
Total Assets		22,883,327		2,159		22,885,486
Net Position:						
Restricted For:						
Debt Service		8,289,183		0		8,289,183
Other Purposes		1,543,269		0		1,543,269
Unrestricted		13,050,875		2,159		13,053,034
Total Net Position	\$	22,883,327	\$	2,159	\$	22,885,486

Statement of Activities – Modified Cash Basis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

			Program Cash Receipts			
	Cash Disbursements		Charges for		Operating Grants	
			Servic	Services and Sales		and Contributions
Governmental Activities:						
Instruction	\$	14,519,924	\$	487,247	\$	1,146,299
Support Services:						
Pupils		1,556,408		0		181,051
Instructional Staff		311,762		0		25,740
Board of Education		21,604		0		0
Administration		2,147,344		0		0
Fiscal Services		746,779		0		0
Business		7,200		0		7,200
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		2,998,873		29,195		197,109
Pupil Transportation		1,589,860		0		0
Central		418,374		0		0
Non-Instructional Services		460		0		0
Extracurricular Activities		618,981		236,132		0
Capital Outlay		261,964		0		0
Debt Service:						
Principal Retirement		1,720,000		0		0
Interest and Fiscal Charges		1,143,340		0		0
Total Governmental Activities		28,062,873		752,574		1,557,399
Business-Type Activities:						
Food Service		874,938		237,799		468,002
Total Business-Type Activities		874,938		237,799		468,002
Totals	\$	28,937,811	\$	990,373	\$	2,025,401

General Cash Receipts and Transfers

Property Taxes Levied for: General Purposes Special Revenue Debt Service Income Taxes Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to Specific Programs Investment Earnings Miscellaneous Transfers Total General Cash Receipts and Transfers

Change in Net Position

Net Position Beginning of Year Net Position End of Year

			sements) Rece	-	
	ar		es in Net Positi	ion	
G	overnmental		ness-Type		
	Activities	A	ctivities		Total
\$	(12,886,378)	\$	0	\$	(12,886,378)
	(1,375,357)		0		(1,375,357)
	(286,022)		0		(286,022)
	(21,604)		0		(21,604)
	(2,147,344)		0		(2,147,344)
	(746,779)		0		(746,779)
	0		0		0
	(2,772,569)		0		(2,772,569)
	(1,589,860)		0		(1,589,860)
	(418,374)		0		(418,374)
	(460)		0		(460)
	(382,849)		0		(382,849)
	(261,964)		0		(261,964)
	(1,720,000)		0		(1,720,000)
	(1,143,340)		0		(1,143,340)
	(25,752,900)		0		(25,752,900)
	0		(169,137)		(169,137)
	0		(169,137)		(169,137)
\$	(25,752,900)	\$	(169,137)	\$	(25,922,037)
	5,944,839		0		5,944,839
	129,527		0		129,527
	2,972,897		0		2,972,897
	4,947,217		0		4,947,217
	11,599,958		0		11,599,958
	476,913		0		476,913
	374,092		0		374,092
	(60,000)		60,000		0
	26,385,443		60,000		26,445,443
	632,543		(109,137)		523,406
	22,250,784		111,296		22,362,080
\$	22,883,327	\$	2,159	\$	22,885,486

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Statement of Assets and Fund Balances – Modified Cash Basis Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

Assets:	 General	Bon	d Retirement	Go	Other wernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 3,635,484	\$	1,627,397	\$	1,536,918	\$	6,799,799
Investments	8,614,076		3,918,799		0		12,532,875
Restricted Assets:							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	338,153		5,768		0		343,921
Investments	 1,282,203		1,440,634		0		2,722,837
Total Assets	\$ 13,869,916	\$	6,992,598	\$	1,536,918	\$	22,399,432
Fund Balances:							
Restricted	1,620,633		6,992,598		1,219,221		9,832,452
Committed	544,693		0		317,697		862,390
Assigned	4,277,477		0		0		4,277,477
Unassigned	 7,427,113		0		0		7,427,113
Total Fund Balances	\$ 13,869,916	\$	6,992,598	\$	1,536,918	\$	22,399,432

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities – Modified Cash Basis June 30, 2020

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$ 22,399,432
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because	
The internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of services to individual funds. The cash and cash equivalents of the internal service funds are included in	
governmental activities in the statement of net position.	 483,895
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 22,883,327

Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds – Modified Cash Basis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	 General	Bon	d Retirement	G	Other overnmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Receipts:							
Taxes	\$ 10,892,056	\$	2,972,897	\$	129,527	\$	13,994,480
Tuition	428,259		0		0		428,259
Investment Earnings	440,370		36,543		0		476,913
Extracurricular Activities	16,790		0		219,342		236,132
Class Materials and Fees	58,988		0		0		58,988
Intergovernmental - State	11,154,985		396,544		557,704		12,109,233
Intergovernmental - Federal	48,822		73,616		896,557		1,018,995
Contributions and Donations	4,400		0		175		4,575
All Other Receipts	 374,271		0		15,056		389,327
Total Receipts	 23,418,941		3,479,600		1,818,361		28,716,902
Disbursements:							
Current:							
Instruction	13,636,192		0		892,734		14,528,926
Supporting Services:							
Pupils	1,376,476		0		181,051		1,557,527
Instructional Staff	286,372		0		25,740		312,112
Board of Education	21,604		0		0		21,604
Administration	2,148,619		0		0		2,148,619
Fiscal Services	671,821		72,133		3,245		747,199
Business	0		0		7,200		7,200
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,305,017		0		182,787		2,487,804
Pupil Transportation	1,591,944		0		0		1,591,944
Central	418,514		0		0		418,514
Non-Instructional Services	460		0		0		460
Extracurricular Activities	433,325		0		185,796		619,121
Capital Outlay	0		0		261,964		261,964
Debt Service:							
Principal Retirement	0		1,720,000		0		1,720,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	 119,953		1,023,387		0		1,143,340
Total Disbursements	 23,010,297		2,815,520		1,740,517		27,566,334
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts							
Over (Under) Disbursements	408,644		664,080		77,844		1,150,568

	General	Bone	l Retirement	Go	Other vernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Sale of Capital Assets	9,385		0		0		9,385
Insurance Proceeds	29,129		0		0		29,129
Transfers In	0		0		556,031		556,031
Transfers Out	(616,031)		0		0		(616,031)
Advances In	303,549		0		182,271		485,820
Advances Out	(302,271)		0		(183,549)		(485,820)
Refund of P/Y Receipts	 0		0		(512,531)		(512,531)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (576,239)		0		42,222		(534,017)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(167,595)		664,080		120,066		616,551
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	 14,037,511		6,328,518		1,416,852		21,782,881
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 13,869,916	\$	6,992,598	\$	1,536,918	\$	22,399,432

Reconciliation of the Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Activities – Modified Cash Basis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 616,551
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because	
The internal service funds, which are used by management to charge the	
costs of services to individual funds, are not included in the statement of activities.	
Governmental fund disbursements and related internal service fund receipts are	
eliminated. The net receipts (disbursements) of the internal service funds are	
allocated among the governmental activities.	 15,992
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 632,543

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Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Receipts:	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Local Sources:				
Taxes	\$ 10,700,000	\$ 10,892,056	\$ 10,892,056	\$ 0
Tuition	214,086	428,259	428,259	0
Investment Earnings	200,000	384,246	440,370	56,124
Extracurricular Activities	200,000	0	0	0
Class Material and Fees	70,800	58,649	58,988	339
Intergovernmental - State	11,503,275	11,154,985	11,154,985	0
Intergovernmental - Federal	102,000	48,822	48,822	0
All Other Receipts	231,340	349,354	349,374	20
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Total Receipts	23,021,523	23,316,371	23,372,854	56,483
Disbursements:				
Current:				
Instruction	13,941,492	13,760,908	13,712,157	48,751
Support Services:				
Pupils	1,313,883	1,381,185	1,381,185	0
Instructional Staff	317,952	295,269	295,269	0
Board of Education	28,968	27,584	27,584	0
Administration	2,233,785	2,139,814	2,139,814	0
Fiscal Services	687,628	677,334	677,334	0
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,768,774	2,626,918	2,626,918	0
Pupil Transportation	1,659,021	1,609,098	1,609,098	0
Central	518,096	519,086	519,086	0
Non-Instructional Services	268	460	460	0
Extracurricular Activities	469,429	433,325	433,325	0
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	140,000	140,000	0	140,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	119,953	119,953	119,953	0
Total Disbursements	24,199,249	23,730,934	23,542,183	188,751
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts				
Over (Under) Disbursements	(1,177,726)	(414,563)	(169,329)	245,234

Other Financing Sources (Uses):	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Proceeds from the Sale of Capital Assets	0	9,385	9,385	0
Insurance Proceeds	0	29,129	29,129	0
Transfers In	994,311	984,984	984,984	0
Transfers Out	(1,080,358)	(1,601,015)	(1,601,015)	0
Advances In	121,277	303,549	303,549	0
Advances Out	(120,000)	(302,271)	(302,271)	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses):	(84,770)	(576,239)	(576,239)	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,262,496)	(990,802)	(745,568)	245,234
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	13,399,818	13,399,818	13,399,818	0
Prior Year Encumbrances	577,033	577,033	577,033	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 12,714,355	\$ 12,986,049	\$ 13,231,283	\$ 245,234

Statement of Fund Net Position – Modified Cash Basis Proprietary Funds June 30, 2020

	Business-			
	Enter	prise Funds		
	Food Service			vernmental ctivities - rnal Service Fund
Assets:				
Current Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	12,473	\$	473,581
Total Assets		12,473		473,581
Net Position:				
Unrestricted		12,473		473,581
Total Net Position	\$	12,473	\$	473,581
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal				
service fund activities related to enterprise funds.		(10,314)		
Total Net Position of Business Type Activities	\$	2,159		

Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Net Position – Modified Cash Basis Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Business Ente			
	Fo	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund		
Operating Receipts: Sales	\$	237,787	\$	0
Interfund Charges	\$	257,787	φ	128,032
Total Operating Receipts		237,787		128,032
Operating Disbursements:				
Salaries and Wages		309,327		0
Fringe Benefits		213,687		0
Contractual Services		22,755		0
Supplies and Materials		321,995		0
Other Operating Disbursements		829		112,858
Capital Outlay		7,394		0
Total Operating Disbursements		875,987		112,858
Operating Income (Loss)		(638,200)		15,174
Nonoperating Receipts (Disbursements):				
Operating Grants		468,002		0
Investment Earnings		12		0
Refund of Prior Years Expenses		0		1,867
Total Nonoperating Receipts (Disbursements)		468,014		1,867
Income (Loss) Before Transfers and Advances		(170,186)		17,041
Transfers In		60,000		0
Advances In		120,000		0
Advances Out		(120,000)		0
Total Transfers and Advances		(60,000)		0
Change in Net Position		(110,186)		17,041
Net Position Beginning of Year		122,659		456,540
Net Position End of Year	\$	12,473	\$	473,581
Change in Net Position of Enterprise Funds	\$	(110,186)		
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal				
service fund activities related to enterprise funds.		1,049		
Change in Net Position of Business Type Activities	\$	(109,137)		

Statement of Net Position – Modified Cash Basis Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2020

	nte Purpose ust Funds Agency Funds		 Total	
Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 115,429	\$	102,957	\$ 218,386
Total Assets	 115,429		102,957	 218,386
Net Position:				
Held in Trust for Scholarships	115,429		0	115,429
Held on Behalf of:				
Others	0		14,114	14,114
Students	0		88,843	 88,843
Total Net Position	\$ 115,429	\$	102,957	\$ 218,386

Statement of Changes in Net Position – Modified Cash Basis Fiduciary Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	te Purpose 1st Funds
Additions:	
Contributions:	
Private Donations	\$ 2,584
Total Contributions	 2,584
Investment Earnings:	
Interest	 9
Total Investment Earnings	 9
Total Additions	 2,593
Deductions:	
Administrative Expenses	35,114
Community Gifts, Awards and Scholarships	 1,750
Total Deductions	 36,864
Change in Net Position	(34,271)
Net Position at Beginning of Year	 149,700
Net Position End of Year	\$ 115,429

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

Eaton Community School District, Ohio (the District) is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio.

The District is governed by a locally elected five member Board of Education (the Board) which provides educational services. The Board controls the District's instructional support facilities staffed by approximately 106 non-certified and approximately 127 certified teaching personnel and 10 administrative employees providing education to 2,074 students.

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the basic financial statements of the District are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For Eaton Community School District, this includes the agencies and departments that provide the following services: general operations, food service and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. The District is also financially accountable for any organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. Component units also include legally separate, tax-exempt entities whose resources are for the direct benefit of the District, are accessible to the District and are significant in amount to the District. The District has no component units.

Eaton Community School District participates in three jointly governed organizations, the Southwestern Ohio Computer Association (SWOCA), the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council (SOEPC) and the Educational Regional Service System (ERSS). SWOCA provides the data processing services needed by the participating school districts. Butler Tech serves as the fiscal agent. SOEPC obtains prices for quality merchandise and services for participating school districts. ERSS provides support services to improve student achievement. See Note 13 for additional information.

As discussed further in the Basis of Accounting Portion of this note, these financial statements are presented on a modified cash basis of accounting. This modified cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, which have been applied to the extent they are applicable to the modified cash basis of accounting. The following is a summary of the District's significant accounting policies.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The accounting system is organized and operated on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts. The various funds are summarized by type in the basic financial statements.

The following fund types are used by the District:

Governmental Funds - The District classifies funds financed primarily from taxes, intergovernmental receipts (e.g. grants), and other nonexchange transactions as governmental funds. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - This fund is the general operating fund of the District and is used to account for all financial resources except those accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Bond Retirement Fund</u> - This fund is used for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest.

The other governmental funds of the District account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

Proprietary Funds - The District classifies funds financed primarily from user charges for goods or services as proprietary. Proprietary funds are classified as either enterprise funds or internal service funds.

<u>Enterprise Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for food service operations for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services.

<u>Internal Service Fund</u> - Internal service funds account for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the District on a cost reimbursement basis. The District's only internal service fund, the Employee Benefits HRA Fund, accounts for the accumulation and allocation of costs associated with the employee Health Reimbursement Account plan.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting (Continued)

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations or other governments and therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The District's two trust funds are private-purpose trusts that account for scholarship programs for students. The agency fund is custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and does not involve the measurement of results of operation. The District's agency funds account for various student-managed activity programs and the District's Section 125 Cafeteria Plan.

C. Basis of Presentation – Financial Statements

The District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. Internal service fund activity is eliminated to avoid "doubling up" receipts and disbursements. The statements distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The government-wide statement of net position presents the cash balance of the District at fiscal year end. The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct disbursements and program receipts for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct disbursements are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Receipts which are not classified as program receipts are presented as general receipts of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct disbursements with program receipts identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general receipts of the District.

Fund Financial Statements – The District segregates transactions related to certain District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Basis of Accounting

The District's financial statements are prepared using the modified cash basis of accounting. Receipts are recorded in the District's financial records and reported in the financial statements when cash is received rather than when earned and disbursements are recorded when cash is paid rather than when a liability is incurred.

As a result of the use of this modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

E. Budgetary Process

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources and the appropriation resolution, all of which are prepared on the basis of budgeting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriation resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year.

All funds other than agency funds are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated; however, only the General Fund is required to be reported. The primary level of budgetary control is at the fund level. Supplemental budgetary modifications may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education.

1. Tax Budget

By January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit an annual operating budget for the following fiscal year to the Board of Education for consideration and passage. The adopted budget is submitted to the County Auditor, as Secretary of the County Budget Commission, by January 20 of each year for the period July 1 to June 30 of the following fiscal year.

2. Estimated Resources

Prior to March 15, the Board accepts by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the County Budget Commission and receives the Commission's Certificate of Estimated Resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to June 30, the District must revise its budget so that the total contemplated disbursements from any fund during the ensuing fiscal year will not exceed the amount available as stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the annual appropriations measure. On or about July 1, the certificate of estimated resources is amended to include any unencumbered fund balances from the preceding year. The certificate may be further amended during the year if a new source of revenue is identified or actual receipts exceed current estimates. The amounts reported on the budgetary statement reflect the amounts in the final amended official certificate of estimated resources issued during fiscal year 2020.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Budgetary Process (Continued)

3. <u>Appropriations</u>

A temporary appropriation measure to control disbursements may be passed on or about July 1 of each year for the period July 1 through September 30. An annual appropriation resolution must be passed by October 1 of each year for the period July 1 through June 30. The appropriation resolution establishes spending controls at the fund level. The appropriation resolution may be amended during the year as additional information becomes available, provided that total fund appropriations do not exceed the current estimated resources as certified. The allocation of appropriations among departments and objects within a fund may be modified during the year with approval of the Board. During the year, several supplemental appropriations were necessary to budget the use of contingency funds. Administrative control is maintained through the establishment of more detailed line-item budgets. The budgetary figures which appear in the "Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balances-Budget and Actual" are provided on the budgetary basis to provide a comparison of actual results to the final budget, including all amendments and modifications.

4. Lapsing of Appropriations

At the close of each fiscal year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriations. The encumbered appropriation balance is carried forward to the subsequent fiscal year and need not be reappropriated.

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NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. <u>Budgetary Process</u> (Continued)

5. Basis of Budgeting

The budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on the basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Budgetary Basis presented for the General Fund is prepared on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The difference between the budgetary basis and the cash basis is outstanding year end encumbrances, which are treated as cash disbursements (budgetary basis) rather than as restricted, committed or assigned fund balance (cash basis). The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the modified cash basis statements to the budgetary basis statements for the General Fund:

Net Change in Fund Balan	ce
	General
	Fund
Cash Basis (as reported)	(\$167,595)
Perspective Difference-	
Budgeted Special Revenue Funds	
reclassified as General Fund	2,426
Encumbrances Outstanding	(580,399)
Budget Basis	(\$745,568)

F. Cash and Cash Equivalents

During fiscal year 2020, cash and cash equivalents included amounts in demand deposits, money market mutual funds, commercial paper and treasury bills with original maturities of three months or less, and the State Treasury Asset Reserve (STAR Ohio). STAR Ohio is a very liquid investment and is reported as a cash equivalent in the basic financial statements. The District also invests in STAR Plus, a federally insured cash account powered by the Federally Insured Cash Account (FICA) program. STAR Plus enables political subdivisions to generate a competitive yield on cash deposits in a network of carefully selected FDIC-insured banks via a single, convenient account. All deposits with STAR Plus have full FDIC insurance, with no term commitment on deposits. The District pools its cash for investment and resource management purposes. See Note 4, "Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments."

G. Investments

Investments are reported as assets. Accordingly, purchases of investments are not recorded as disbursements, and sales of investments are not recorded as receipts. Gains or losses at the time of sale are recorded as receipts or negative receipts (contra revenue), respectively.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

G. Investments (Continued)

Investment procedures and interest allocations are restricted by provisions of the Ohio Constitution and the Ohio Revised Code. During fiscal year 2020, investment purchases were limited to certificates of deposit, STAR Ohio and federal agency securities. The District records all its investments at cost except for STAR Ohio. See Note 4, "Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments."

The District's investment in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio) is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company and is recognized as an external investment pool by the District. The District measures their investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides a NAV per share that approximates fair value. For fiscal year 2020, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$25 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$100 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$100 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

H. Inventory and Prepaid Items

The District reports disbursements for inventory and prepaid items when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

I. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Acquisitions of property, plant and equipment are recorded as disbursements when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

J. Long-Term Obligations

The District's modified cash basis financial statements do not report liabilities for bonds and other long-term obligations. Proceeds of debt are reported when cash is received and principal and interest payments are reported when paid.

K. Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment or retirement, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. Unpaid leave is not reflected as a liability under the District's modified cash basis of accounting.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

L. Net Position

Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The District applies restricted resources when a cash disbursement is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

M. <u>Fund Balance</u>

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable - The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

Restricted – The fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the District Board of Education. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the District Board of Education.

Unassigned - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

M. Fund Balance (Continued)

The District applies restricted resources first when disbursements are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when disbursements are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

N. Employer Contributions to Cost-Sharing Pension Plans

The District recognizes the disbursements for employer contributions to cost-sharing pension plans when they are paid. The employer contributions include portions for pension benefits and for postretirement health care benefits.

O. Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net positon have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

P. Interfund Receivables/Payables

The District reports advances-in and advances-out for interfund loans. These items are not reflected as assets and liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

Q. Interfund Transactions

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as receipts in the seller funds and as disbursements in the purchaser funds. Subsidies from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated on the Statement of Activities. Repayments from funds responsible for particular cash disbursements to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

R. <u>Restricted Assets</u>

Restricted assets in the General Fund and Bond Retirement Fund represent cash and cash equivalents whose use is limited by legal requirements. Restricted assets include amounts required by statute to be set-aside by the District for the acquisition of capital assets and by debt covenants for a sinking fund.

S. Operating Receipts and Disbursements

Proprietary fund statements distinguish operating transactions from nonoperating transactions. Operating receipts generally result from exchange transactions such as charges for services directly relating to the fund's principal services. Operating disbursements include costs of sales and services and administrative costs. The fund statements report all other receipts and disbursements as nonoperating.

NOTE 2 - COMPLIANCE

Financial Reporting - Ohio Administrative Code, Section 117-2-03 (B), requires the District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. However, the District prepared its financial statements on a modified cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The accompanying financial statements omit assets, liabilities, net position/fund balances, deferred inflows/outflows, and disclosures that, while material, cannot be determined at this time. The District can be fined and various other administrative remedies may be taken against the District.

NOTE 3 – FUND BALANCES

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of resources in the government funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

Fund Balances	General Fund	Bond Retirement Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Restricted:				
Capital Acquisition	\$323,771	\$0	\$0	\$323,771
Career Tech	277	0	0	277
Classroom Facilities Maintenance	0	0	789,222	789,222
Extracurricular Activities	0	0	239,817	239,817
Student Wellness and Success	0	0	162,781	162,781
Race to the Top	0	0	9,871	9,871
Special Education	0	0	5,927	5,927
Safety and Security Improvements	0	0	8,579	8,579
Student Support and Enrichment	0	0	1,035	1,035
Support for English Learners	0	0	1,989	1,989
Debt Service Payments	1,296,585	6,992,598	0	8,289,183
Total Restricted	1,620,633	6,992,598	1,219,221	9,832,452
Committed:				
Textbook and Instruction Support	544,693	0	0	544,693
Capital Improvements	0	0	317,697	317,697
Total Committed	544,693	0	317,697	862,390
Assigned:				
Projected Budgetary Deficit	3,301,869	0	0	3,301,869
Encumbrances	417,790	0	0	417,790
Debt Service Payments	557,818	0	0	557,818
Total Assigned	4,277,477	0	0	4,277,477
Unassigned	7,427,113	0	0	7,427,113
Total Fund Balances	\$13,869,916	\$6,992,598	\$1,536,918	\$22,399,432

NOTE 4 – CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

Cash resources of several individual funds are combined to form a pool of cash, cash equivalents and investments.

Statutes require the classification of funds held by the District into three categories. Category 1 consists of "active" funds - those funds required to be kept in a "cash" or "near cash" status for immediate use by the District. Such funds must be maintained either as cash in the District Treasury or in depository accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 4 – CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Category 2 consists of "inactive" funds - those funds not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive funds may be deposited or invested only as certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

Category 3 consists of "interim" funds - those funds which are not needed for immediate use but, which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim funds may be invested or deposited in the following securities:

- United States treasury notes, bills, bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal or interest by the United States;
- Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the federal national mortgage association, federal home loan bank, federal farm credit bank, federal home loan mortgage corporation, government national mortgage association, and student loan marketing association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- Interim deposits in eligible institutions applying for interim funds;
- Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in the first two bullets of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions, and
- The State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio).
- Certain bankers' acceptances for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days) and commercial paper notes (for a period not to exceed two hundred seventy days) in an amount not to exceed 40 percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time if training requirements have been met.

NOTE 4 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

A. Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute.

Ohio law requires that deposits be either insured or be protected by eligible securities pledged to the District and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose market value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured, or participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total market value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State.

At year end the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$2,769,121 and the bank balance was \$2,859,722. Federal Depository Insurance covered \$588,103 of the bank balance and \$2,271,619 was uninsured and exposed to custodial risk and was collateralized with securities held in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System.

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NOTE 4 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

B. Investments

The District's investments at June 30, 2020 were as follows:

			Concentration of	Investment Maturities (in Years)		Years)
	Cost	Credit Rating	Credit Risk	less than 1	1-3 years	3-5 years
STAR Ohio	\$3,153,864	AAAm ²	15.51%	\$3,153,864	\$0	\$0
Money Market Funds	35,270	Aaa ¹ , $AA+^2$	0.17%	35,270	0	0
FHLB	407,843	Aaa ¹ , $AA+^2$	2.01%	0	0	407,843
FFCB	2,626,626	Aaa ¹ , AA ²	12.92%	271,100	190,000	2,165,526
FNMA	1,491,430	Aaa ¹ , $AA+^2$	7.33%	1,092,530	398,900	0
FHLMC	562,021	Aaa ¹ , $AA+^2$	2.76%	162,021	400,000	0
Marketable CD's	9,328,237	AAA ³	45.88%	3,016,445	5,682,203	629,589
Bank Commercial Paper	1,530,027	P-1 ¹ , A-1+ ²	7.52%	1,530,027	0	0
United States Treasury Bills	1,199,433	Aaa ¹ , $AA+^2$	5.90%	1,199,433	0	0
Total Investments	\$20,334,751		100.00%	\$10,460,690	\$6,671,103	\$3,202,958

¹ Moody's Investor Service

² Standard & Poor's

³ All are fully FDIC insured and therefore have an implied AAA credit rating

Interest Rate Risk – The Ohio Revised Code generally limits security purchases to those that mature within five years of settlement date. The District has no policy that limits investment purchases beyond the requirements of the Ohio Revised Code.

Investment Credit Risk – The District has no investment policy that limits its investment choices other than the limitation of State statute for "interim" funds described previously.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The District places no limit on the amount the District may invest in one issuer. The allocation of investments is detailed in the table above.

Custodial Credit Risk – For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Of the District's investment in repurchase agreements, the entire balance is collateralized by underlying securities pledged by the investment's counterparty, not in the name of the District. The District has no policy on custodial credit risk and is governed by Ohio Revised Code as described under Deposits.

NOTE 4 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

C. Reconciliation of Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

The classification of cash, cash equivalents and investments on the financial statements is based on criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 9. Certificates of deposit with an original maturity of three months or less are treated as cash equivalents. The classification of cash and cash equivalents (deposits) for purposes of this note are based on criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 3.

	Cash and Cash	
	Equivalents	Investments
Per Financial Statements	\$7,848,160	\$15,255,712
Commercial Paper		
(with maturities of less than 3 months)	(690,472)	690,472
Money Market Mutual Funds	(35,270)	35,270
US Treasury Bills		
(with maturities of less than 3 months)	(1,199,433)	1,199,433
STAR Ohio	(3,153,864)	3,153,864
Per GASB Statement No. 3	\$2,769,121	\$20,334,751

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NOTE 5 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar year 2020 represents collections of calendar year 2019 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2020 were levied after April 1, 2019, on the assessed values listed as of January 1, 2019, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar year 2020 represents collections of calendar year 2019 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2020 became a lien December 31, 2018, were levied after April 1, 2019 and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The District receives property taxes from Preble County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2020, are available to finance fiscal year 2020 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent. The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2020 receipts were based are:

	2019 Second Half	2020 First Half
	Collections	Collections
Agricultural/Residential and Other Real Estate	\$312,106,740	\$312,938,220
Public Utility Personal	9,987,810	10,373,670
Total Assessed Value	\$322,094,550	\$323,311,890
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$42.90	\$42.90

NOTE 6 - INCOME TAXES

The District levies a voted tax of 1.5 percent for general operations on the income of residents. The tax was effective in 1993 and 0.75 percent will expire on December 31, 2020. Employers of residents are required to withhold income tax on compensation and remit the tax to the State. Taxpayers are required to file an annual return. The State makes quarterly distributions to the District after withholding amounts for administrative fees and estimated refunds. Income tax receipts are recorded in the General Fund.

NOTE 7 - INTERFUND ACTIVITY

A. <u>Transfers</u>

Following is a summary of transfers in and out for all funds for fiscal year 2020:

Fund	Transfers In	Transfers Out
Governmental Funds		
General Fund	\$0	\$616,031
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	556,031	0
Total Governmental Funds	556,031	616,031
Proprietary Funds		
Food Service Fund	60,000	0
Total All Funds	\$616,031	\$616,031

Transfers from the General Fund were used to provide additional resources for the nonmajor governmental funds and food service fund.

In fiscal year 2020 the classroom facilities fund refunded \$512,531 to the State for amounts owed on the District building project. The general fund provided a transfer to the classroom facilities fund for the amount owed.

B. Advances

Following is a summary of advances in and out for all funds for June 30, 2020:

Advances In	Advances Out
\$303,549	\$302,271
182,271	183,549
485,820	485,820
120,000	120,000
\$605,820	\$605,820
	\$303,549 182,271 485,820 120,000

Advances are used to temporarily provide operating resources to funds with the expectation the resources will be repaid once monies are available in the funds receiving the advance.

NOTE 8- DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

All of the District's full-time employees participate in one of two separate retirement systems which are cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans.

Net Pension Liability - The net pension liability is not reported in the accompanying financial statements. The net pension liability has been disclosed below. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 8- DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

The net pension liability represents the District's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportionate Share of the Net			
Pension Liability	\$5,896,677	\$17,153,341	\$23,050,018
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability-2020	0.098554%	0.077566%	
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability-2019	0.104043%	0.079506%	
Change in Proportionate Share	(0.005489%)	(0.001940%)	

A. School Employee Retirement System

Plan Description – School District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

NOTE 8- DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

A. <u>School Employee Retirement System (Continued)</u>

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *	Eligible to Retire on or after August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially Reduced Benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

* Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on year of service; 2.2 percent for the first thirty years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

Effective January 1, 2018, cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) changed from a fixed 3% annual increase to one based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI-W), with a cap of 2.5% and a floor of 0%. The Board has enacted a three-year COLA delay for future benefit recipients commencing benefits on or after April 1, 2018. HB 49 also provided the SERS Retirement Board with the authority to award or suspend the COLA, or to adjust the COLA above or below CPI-W; however, any adjustment above or below CPI-W could only be enacted if the system's actuary determines it would not materially impair the fiscal integrity of the system, or is necessary to preserve the fiscal integrity of the system.

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14 percent. No amount was allocated to the Health Care Fund.

The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$456,096 for fiscal year 2020.

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 8- DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

A. <u>School Employee Retirement System</u> (Continued)

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2019, are presented below:

3.00 percent
3.50 percent to 18.20 percent
2.5 percent
7.50 percent net of investment expense, including inflation
Entry Age Normal

For 2019, the mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females. Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries were based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates, and 110 percent of female rates. Mortality among disable members were based upon the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed June 30, 2015.

Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major assets class are summarized in the following table:

NOTE 8- DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

A. School Employee Retirement System (Continued)

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00 %	0.50 %
US Stocks	22.50	4.75
Non-US Stocks	22.50	7.00
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	8.00
Real Assets	15.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	10.00	3.00
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.50 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.50 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate.

	Current		
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.50%)	(7.50%)	(8.50%)
School District's proportionate share			
of the net pension liability	\$8,263,352	\$5,896,677	\$3,911,923

Assumption and Benefit Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - There were no changes in assumptions or benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 8- DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

B. State Teachers Retirement System

Plan Description –District licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at <u>www.strsoh.org</u>.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation will be 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. Effective July 1, 2017, cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) was reduced to 0%. Members are eligible to retire at age 60 with five year of qualifying service credit, or age 55 with 25 years of service, or 30 years of service regardless of age. Age and service requirements for retirement will increase effective August 1, 2015, and will continue to increase periodically until they reach age 60 with 35 years of service or age 65 with five year of service on August 1, 2026.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.53 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.47 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12 percent of the 14 percent member rate goes to the DC Plan and the remaining 2 percent is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity after termination of employment at age 50 or later.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 8- DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

B. State Teachers Retirement System (Continued)

New members who choose the DC plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit that apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the employer rate was 14% and the member rate was 14% of covered payroll. The fiscal year 2020 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

The District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$1,280,952 for fiscal year 2020.

Actuarial Assumptions - Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the July 1, 2019 actuarial valuation, compared with July 1, 2018 are presented below:

	July 1, 2019	July 1, 2018		
Inflation	2.50 percent	2.50 percent		
Projected salary increases	12.50 percent at age 20 to	12.50 percent at age 20 to		
	2.50 percent at age 65	2.50 percent at age 65		
Investment Rate of Return	7.45 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation	7.45 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation		
Discount Rate	7.45 percent	7.45 percent		
Payroll Increases	3 percent	3 percent		
Cost-of-Living Adjustments (COLA)	0.0 percent, effective July 1, 2017	0.0 percent, effective July 1, 2017		

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 8- DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

B. State Teachers Retirement System (Continued)

Post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality Table.

Actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2019 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

The 10 year expected real rate of return on pension plan investments was determined by STRS' investment consultant by developing best estimates of expected future real rates of return for each major asset class. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

	Target	Long Term Expected			
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return			
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %			
International Equity	23.00	7.55			
Alternatives	17.00	7.09			
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00			
Real Estate	10.00	6.00			
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25			
Total	100.00 %				

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.45 percent as of June 30, 2019. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2019. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.45 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2019.

NOTE 8- DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

B. State Teachers Retirement System (Continued)

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.45 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.45 percent) than the current rate:

	Current			
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase	
	(6.45%)	(7.45%)	(8.45%)	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$25,067,697	\$17,153,341	\$10,453,433	
or the net pension money	\$23,007,097	\$17,100,011	\$10,155,155	

Assumption and Benefit Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - There were no changes in assumptions or benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

NOTE 9- OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Net OPEB Liability (Asset) - The net OPEB liability (asset) is not reported in the accompanying financial statements. The net OPEB liability (asset) has been disclosed below. OPEB is a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. OPEB is provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

The net OPEB liability (asset) represents the District's proportionate share of each plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each plan's fiduciary net position. The net OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which OPEB are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including OPEB.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 9- OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

GASB 75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because they benefit from employee services. OPEB contributions come from these employers and health care plan enrollees which pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. Any change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The net OPEB liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension and OPEB plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$2,446,262	(\$1,284,686)	\$1,161,576
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) -2020	0.097275%	0.077566%	
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) -2019	0.105257%	0.079506%	
Change in Proportionate Share	(0.007982%)	(0.001940%)	

A. School Employee Retirement System

Plan Description – The District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 9- OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

A. <u>School Employee Retirement System</u> (Continued)

The SERS Retirement Board establishes the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy – State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For fiscal year 2020, 0.0 percent of covered payroll was contributed to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2020, this amount was \$19,600. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2020, the District's surcharge obligation was \$41,922.

The surcharge, added to the allocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$41,922 for fiscal year 2020.

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS' total OPEB liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 9- OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

A. <u>School Employee Retirement System</u> (Continued)

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2019, are presented below:

Wage Inflation	3.00 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	3.50 percent to 18.20 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.50 percent net of investments expense, including inflation
Municipal Bond Index Rate:	
Measurement Date	3.13 percent
Prior Measurement Date	3.62 percent
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense,	
including price inflation	
Measurement Date	3.22 percent
Prior Measurement Date	3.70 percent
Medical Trend Assumption	
Medicare - Measurement Date	5.25 to 4.75 percent
Pre-Medicare - Measurement Date	7.00 to 4.75 percent
Medicare - Prior Measurement Date	5.375 to 4.75 percent
Pre-Medicare - Prior Measurement Date	7.25 to 4.75 percent

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates and 110 percent of female rates. RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates set back five years.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2010 through 2015, and was adopted by the Board on April 21, 2016. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.50 percent, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as used in the June 30, 2015 five-year experience study, are summarized as follows:

NOTE 9 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

A. School Employee Retirement System (Continued)

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00 %	0.50 %
US Stocks	22.50	4.75
Non-US Stocks	22.50	7.00
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	8.00
Real Assets	15.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	10.00	3.00
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2019 was 3.22%. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2018 was 3.70%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the state statute contribution rate of 2.00% of projected covered employee payroll each year, which includes a 1.50% payroll surcharge and 0.50% of contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make future benefit payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan assets was used to present value the projected benefit payments through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019 (i.e. municipal bond rate), was used to present value the projected benefit payments for the remaining years in the projection. The total present value of projected benefit payments from all years was then used to determine the single rate of return that was used as the discount rate. The projection of future benefit payments for all current plan members was until the benefit payments ran out.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rates – The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability of SERS, what SERS' net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.22%) and higher (4.22%) than the current discount rate (3.22%). Also shown is what SERS' net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (6.00% decreasing to 3.75%) and higher (8.00% decreasing to 5.75%) than the current rate.

	Current			
	1% Decrease (2.22%)	Discount Rate (3.22%)	1% Increase (4.22%)	
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$2,969,298	\$2,446,262	\$2,030,387	

NOTE 9 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

A. School Employee Retirement System (Continued)

	Current				
	1% Decrease Trend Rate 1% Increase				
	(6.00% Decreasing	(7.00% Decreasing	(8.00% Decreasing		
	to 3.75%)	to 4.75%)	to 5.75%)		
School District's proportionate share					
of the net OPEB liability	\$1,959,951	\$2,446,262	\$3,091,478		

B. State Teachers Retirement System

Plan Description – The District contributes to the cost sharing multiple employer defined benefit Health Plan administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which may be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Plan. All benefit recipients pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For 2020, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to zero percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund.

The District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$0 for fiscal year 2020.

Actuarial Assumptions - The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2019 and 2018 actuarial valuations was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018
Inflation	2.50%	2.50%
Projected salary increases	12.50% at age 20 to	12.50% at age 20 to
	2.50% at age 65	2.50% at age 65
Investment Rate of Return	7.45%, net of investment expenses, including inflation	7.45%, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Payroll Increases	3.00%	3.00%
Cost-of-Living Adjustments (COLA)	0.0%, effective July 1, 2017	0.0%, effective July 1, 2017
Blended Discount Rate of Return Health Care Cost Trends	7.45% 4.93% to 9.62% initial, 4.0% ultimate	7.45% (5.23)% to 8% initial, 4.0% ultimate

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 9 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

B. State Teachers Retirement System (Continued)

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

Benefit Term Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - There was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were trended to the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020 to reflect the current price renewals. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2020 from 1.944% to 1.984% per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021.

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NOTE 9 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

B. State Teachers Retirement System (Continued)

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return *			
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %			
International Equity	23.00	7.55			
Alternatives	17.00	7.09			
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00			
Real Estate	10.00	6.00			
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25			
Total	100.00 %				

* 10 year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25 percent and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actual rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.45 percent as of June 30, 2019. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes STRS Ohio continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan assets of 7.45% was used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2019.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 9 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

B. State Teachers Retirement System (Continued)

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rates – The net OPEB liability (asset) is sensitive to changes in the discount and health care cost trend rates. To illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net OPEB liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.45 percent, as well as what the net OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.45 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.45 percent) than the current rate. Also shown is the net OPEB liability (asset) calculated using a health care cost trend rate this is one percentage point lower and one percentage point higher.

	1% Decrease (6.45%)	Current Discount Rate (7.45%)	1% Increase (8.45%)
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	(\$1,096,223)	(\$1,284,686)	(\$1,443,138)
	1% Decrease in Trend Rate	Current Trend Rate	1% Increase in Trend Rate
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	(\$1,456,774)	(\$1,284,686)	(\$1,073,918)

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NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM DEBT OBLIGATIONS

Detail of the changes in the bonds of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 is as follows:

			Balance June 30, 2019	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2020	Amount Due Within One Year
Gover	rnmental Activities:						
Ge	eneral Obligation Bonds:						
2007	School Improvement Refunding Series						
	Capital Appreciation Bonds		\$100,000	\$0	(\$100,000)	\$0	\$0
	Total 2007 Refunding Bonds		100,000	0	(100,000)	0	0
2014	School Improvement Refunding Series						
	Serial Bonds	1.00-4.00%	1,455,000	0	(395,000)	1,060,000	375,000
	Premium on Bond Refunding		91,478	0	(18,295)	73,183	0
	Total 2014 Refunding Bonds		1,546,478	0	(413,295)	1,133,183	375,000
2016	School Improvement Refunding Series						
	Serial Bonds	2.38%	19,570,000	0	0	19,570,000	1,215,000
	Premium on Bond Refunding		2,491,591	0	(226,508)	2,265,083	0
	Total 2016 Refunding Bonds		22,061,591	0	(226,508)	21,835,083	1,215,000
Тс	otal General Obligation Bonds		23,708,069	0	(739,803)	22,968,266	1,590,000
2007	Interest Accretion	8.26%	1,099,550	125,450	(1,225,000)	0	0
	Total Interest Accretion		1,099,550	125,450	(1,225,000)	0	0
Qi	alified School Construction Bonds:						
2011	School Improvement	5.39%	3,080,000	0	0	3,080,000	0
2011	School Energy Conservation Improvement	5.909%	2,030,000	0	0	2,030,000	0
	Total Governmental Activities	:	\$29,917,619	\$125,450	(\$1,964,803)	\$28,078,266	\$1,590,000

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NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM DEBT OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

A. Principal and Interest Requirements

A summary of the District's future long-term debt funding requirements, including principal and interest payments as of June 30, 2020 follows:

	General Obligation Bonds					
	(Includes Serial, Term, and Capital Appreciation Bonds)					
Years	Principal	Interest	Total			
2021	\$1,590,000	\$820,875	\$2,410,875			
2022	1,685,000	758,575	2,443,575			
2023	1,760,000	691,000	2,451,000			
2024	1,780,000	621,950	2,401,950			
2025	1,865,000	541,475	2,406,475			
2026-2030	11,950,000	1,252,575	13,202,575			
Totals	\$20,630,000	\$4,686,450	\$25,316,450			

Conoral Obligation Panda

Qualified School Construction Bonds

Qualified School Construction Bonds

	So	hool Improvement	nprovement Schoo		ol Energy Conservation Improvement	
Years	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$0	\$166,012	\$166,012	\$0	\$119,953	\$119,953
2022	0	166,012	166,012	0	119,953	119,953
2023	0	166,012	166,012	0	119,953	119,953
2024	0	166,012	166,012	0	119,953	119,953
2025	0	166,012	166,012	0	119,953	119,953
2026-2028	3,080,000	370,760	3,450,760	2,030,000	59,976	2,089,976
Totals	\$3,080,000	\$1,200,820	\$4,280,820	\$2,030,000	\$659,741	\$2,689,741

B. Defeased Debt

In August 2014, the District defeased \$3,770,000 of Build America School Improvement Bonds dated August 11, 2010 (the "2010 Bonds") through the issuance of \$3,760,000 of General Obligation Bonds. The net proceeds of the 2014 Bonds have been invested in obligations guaranteed as to both principal and interest by the United States and placed in irrevocable escrow accounts which, including interest earned, will be used to pay the principal and interest on the refunded bonds. The refunded bonds, which have an outstanding balance of \$3,770,000 at June 30, 2020, are not included in the District's outstanding debt since the District has in-substance satisfied its obligations through the advance refunding.

NOTE 11 - STATUTORY RESERVES

The District is required by state law to set aside certain General Fund revenue amounts, as defined, into various reserves. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the reserve activity (cash-basis) was as follows:

	Capital Acquisition Reserve
Set-aside Cash Balance as of June 30, 2019	\$412,293
Current Year Set-Aside Requirement	362,992
Qualifying Disbursements	(451,514)
Cash Balance Carried Forward to FY 2021	\$323,771
Amount Restricted for Capital Acquisition	\$323,771

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Public Entity Risk Pool

Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Cooperative Benefit Plan Trust – The District participates in the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Cooperative Benefit Plan Trust (Trust), a public entity shared risk pool. The District pays monthly premiums to the Trust for employee medical and dental insurance benefits. The Trust is responsible for the management and operations of the program. Upon withdrawal from the Trust, a participant is responsible for the payment of all Trust liabilities to its employees, dependents, and designated beneficiaries accruing as a result of withdrawal.

The Trust is a public entity shared risk pool. The Trust is organized as a Voluntary Employee Benefit Association under Section 501(c)(9) of the Internal Revenue Code and provides medical, dental, and vision insurance benefits to the employees of the participants. The Trust is governed by the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Cooperative and its participating members. Each participant decides which plans offered by the Trust will be extended to its employees. Participation in the Trust is by written application subject to acceptance by the Trust and payment of the monthly premiums. Financial information can be obtained from the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Cooperative, 303 Corporate Center Drive, Suite 208, Vandalia, Ohio 45377.

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

B. Other Insurance

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2020, the District contracted with Liberty Mutual Insurance Company for various insurance coverages, as follows:

Insurance Provider	Coverage	Deductible	
Liberty Mutual Insurance Company	General Liability	\$0	
Liberty Mutual Insurance Company	Sexual Misconduct	\$1,000	
Liberty Mutual Insurance Company	Building	\$2,500	
Liberty Mutual Insurance Company	Inland Marine	\$500	
Liberty Mutual Insurance Company	Crime	\$500	
Liberty Mutual Insurance Company	School Board Legal Liability	\$2,500	
Liberty Mutual Insurance Company	Automobile	\$1,000 Comprehensive; \$1,000 Collision	

There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverages from coverages in the prior year. In addition, settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverages in any of the past three fiscal years.

Workers' compensation claims are covered through the District's participation in the State of Ohio's program. The District pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based upon a rate per \$100 of payroll. The rate is determined based on accident history and administrative costs.

NOTE 13 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

The Southwest Ohio Computer Association (SWOCA) is a jointly governed organization among a three county consortium of school districts. The jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member districts. Each of the governments of these schools supports SWOCA based upon a per pupil charge dependent upon the software package utilized. SWOCA is governed by a Board of Directors consisting of the superintendents and treasurers of member school districts. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Board. The Board consists of one representative from each of the participating 30 school districts. During fiscal year 2020, the District paid \$191,512 to SWOCA. To obtain financial information write to SWOCA, 3611 Hamilton-Middletown Road, Hamilton, OH 45011.

NOTE 13- JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS (Continued)

The Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council (SOEPC) is a purchasing cooperative made up of nearly 100 school districts in 12 counties. The purpose of the cooperative is to obtain prices for quality merchandise and services commonly used by schools. All member districts are obligated to pay all fees, charges, or other assessments as established by the SOEPC. Each member district has one voting representative. Title to any and all equipment, furniture and supplies purchased by the SOEPC is held in trust for the member district. Any district withdrawing from the SOEPC forfeits its claim to any and all SOEPC assets. One year prior notice is necessary for withdrawal from the group. During this time, the withdrawing member is liable for all member obligations.

Payments to SOEPC are made from the General Fund. During fiscal year 2020, no payment to SOEPC was required. To obtain financial information, write to the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council, Ken Swink, who serves as Director, at 303 Corporate Center Drive, Suite 208 Vandalia, Ohio 45377.

The District participates in the Educational Regional Service System (ERSS) Region 10, a jointly governed organization consisting of educational entities within Clark, Darke, Greene, Miami, Montgomery, and Preble counties. The purpose of the ERSS is to provide support services to school districts, community schools, and chartered nonpublic schools within the region by supporting State and school initiatives and efforts to improve school effectiveness and student achievement with a specific reference to the provision of special education and related services. The ERSS is governed by an advisory council, which is the policymaking body for the educational entities within the region, who identifies regional needs and priorities for educational services and develops corresponding policies to coordinate the delivery of services. They are also charged with the responsibility of monitoring the implementation of State and regional initiatives and school improvement efforts. The Advisory Council is made up of the director of the ERSS, the superintendent of each educational service center within the region, the superintendent of the region's largest and smallest school district, the director and an employee from each education technology center, one representative of a four-year institution of higher education and appointed by the Ohio Board of Regents, one representative of a two-year institution of higher education and appointed by the Ohio Association of Community Colleges, three board of education members (one each from a city, exempted village, and local school district within the region), and one business representative. The degree of control exercised by any participating educational entity is limited to its representation on the Advisory Council. Financial information can be obtained from the Montgomery County Educational Service Center, 200 S. Keowee Street, Dayton, Ohio 45402.

NOTE 14 - CONTINGENCIES

A. <u>Grants</u>

The District receives financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, the effect of any such disallowed claims on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2020, if applicable, cannot be determined at this time.

B. Litigation

The District is not a party to various legal proceedings, which seek damages or injunctive relief generally incidental to its operations and pending projects as of June 30, 2020.

NOTE 15 – CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

For fiscal year 2020, the District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 95, "Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance."

GASB Statement No. 95 provides temporary relief to governments and other stakeholders in light of the COVID-19 pandemic by extending the effective dates of certain accounting and financial reporting provisions in Statements and Implementation Guides that were first effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018. This statement had no effect on beginning net position/fund balance.

NOTE 16 – COVID-19 PANDEMIC

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the District. The investments of the pension and other employee benefit plans in which the District participates may incur a significant decline in fair value, consistent with the general decline in financial markets. However, because the values of individual investments fluctuate with market conditions, and due to market volatility, the amount of losses that will be recognized in subsequent periods, if any, cannot be determined. In addition, the impact on the District's future operating costs, revenues, and any recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

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Supplementary Information

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Last Six Fiscal Years

State Teachers Retirement System

Fiscal Year	2015	2016	2017
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.079031%	0.079688%	0.078121%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$19,223,135	\$22,023,372	\$26,149,460
District's covered payroll	\$8,017,629	\$8,273,057	\$8,572,029
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	239.76%	266.21%	305.06%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	74.70%	72.10%	66.80%

Source: District Treasurer's Office and State Teachers Retirement System

School Employees Retirement System

Fiscal Year	2015	2016	2017
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.094338%	0.099496%	0.097714%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$4,774,392	\$5,677,338	\$7,151,749
District's covered payroll	\$2,707,010	\$2,924,915	\$3,030,193
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	176.37%	194.10%	236.02%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	71.70%	69.16%	62.98%

Source: District Treasurer's Office and School Employees Retirement System

Notes: The District implemented GASB Statement 68 in 2015.

The schedule is intended to show ten years of information. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. Information prior to 2015 is not available. The schedule is reported as of the measurement date of the Net Pension Liability, which is the prior year end.

See notes to the supplementary information.

2018	2019	2020
0.078793%	0.079506%	0.077566%
\$18,717,560	\$17,481,542	\$17,153,341
\$8,599,543	\$8,902,371	\$9,350,657
217.66%	196.37%	183.45%
75.30%	77.30%	77.40%

2018	2019	2020
0.097886%	0.104043%	0.098554%
\$5,848,490	\$5,958,730	\$5,896,677
\$3,279,014	\$3,347,170	\$3,380,726
178.36%	178.02%	174.42%
69.50%	71.36%	70.85%

Schedule of District Pension Contributions Last Six Fiscal Years

State Teachers Retirement System

Fiscal Year	2015	2016	2017
Contractually required contribution	\$1,158,228	\$1,200,084	\$1,203,936
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	1,158,228	1,200,084	1,203,936
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0
District's covered payroll	\$8,273,057	\$8,572,029	\$8,599,543
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%

Source: District Treasurer's Office and State Teachers Retirement System

School Employees Retirement System

Fiscal Year	2015	2016	2017
Contractually required contribution	\$394,154	\$424,227	\$459,062
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	394,154	424,227	459,062
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0
District's covered payroll	\$2,924,915	\$3,030,193	\$3,279,014
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	13.48%	14.00%	14.00%

Source: District Treasurer's Office and School Employees Retirement System

Notes: The District implemented GASB Statement 68 in 2015. Information prior to 2015 is not available. See notes to the supplementary information.

2018	2019	2020
\$1,246,332	\$1,309,092	\$1,280,952
1,246,332	1,309,092	1,280,952
\$0	\$0	\$0
\$8,902,371	\$9,350,657	\$9,149,657
14.00%	14.00%	14.00%

2018	2019	2020
\$451,868	\$456,398	\$456,096
451,868	456,398	456,096
\$0	\$0	\$0
\$3,347,170	\$3,380,726	\$3,257,829
13.50%	13.50%	14.00%

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Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Liability (Asset) Last Four Fiscal Years

State Teachers Retirement Sy	stem			
Fiscal Year	2017	2018	2019	2020
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)	0.078121%	0.078793%	0.079506%	0.077566%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$4,213,896	\$3,074,231	(\$1,277,580)	(\$1,284,686)
District's covered payroll	\$8,572,029	\$8,599,543	\$8,902,371	\$9,350,657
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	49.16%	35.75%	(14.35%)	(13.74%)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	37.30%	47.10%	176.00%	174.74%

Source: District Treasurer's Office and State Teachers Retirement System

School Employees Retirement System

Fiscal Year	2017	2018	2019	2020
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)	0.097375%	0.099273%	0.105257%	0.097275%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$2,782,320	\$2,664,224	\$2,920,122	\$2,446,262
District's covered payroll	\$3,030,193	\$3,279,014	\$3,347,170	\$3,380,726
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	91.82%	81.25%	87.24%	72.36%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	11.49%	12.46%	13.57%	15.57%

Source: District Treasurer's Office and School Employees Retirement System

Notes: The District implemented GASB Statement 75 in 2018.

The schedule is intended to show ten years of information. Additional years

will be displayed as they become available. Information prior to 2017 is not available.

The schedule is reported as of the measurement date of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset),

which is the prior year end.

See notes to the supplementary information.

Schedule of District Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Contributions Last Six Fiscal Years

State Teachers Retirement System

Fiscal Year	2015	2016	2017
Contractually required contribution	\$0	\$0	\$0
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	0	0	0
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0
District's covered payroll	\$8,273,057	\$8,572,029	\$8,599,543
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Source: District Treasurer's Office and State Teachers Retirement System

School Employees Retirement System

Fiscal Year	2015	2016	2017
Contractually required contribution	\$70,407	\$42,827	\$48,974
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	70,407	42,827	48,974
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0
District's covered payroll	\$2,924,915	\$3,030,193	\$3,279,014
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	2.41%	1.41%	1.49%

Source: District Treasurer's Office and School Employees Retirement System

Notes: The District implemented GASB Statement 75 in 2018. Information prior to 2015 is not available. See notes to the supplementary information.

2018	2019	2020
\$0	\$0	\$0
0	0	0
\$0	\$0	\$0
\$8,902,371	\$9,350,657	\$9,149,657
0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

2018	2019	2020
\$70,671	\$72,462	\$41,922
70,671	72,462	41,922
\$0	\$0	\$0
\$3,347,170	\$3,380,726	\$3,257,829
2.11%	2.14%	1.29%

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Notes to the Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NET PENSION LIABILITY

<u>SERS</u>

Changes in benefit terms – For fiscal year 2020 and 2019, there were no changes to benefit terms. For fiscal year 2018, the following were the most significant changes in benefit that affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date:

• The cost-of-living adjustment was changed from a fixed 3.00 percent to a cost-of-living adjustment that is indexed to CPI-W not greater than 2.5 percent with a floor of 0 percenter beginning January 1, 2018. In addition, with the authority granted the Board under HB 49, the Board has enacted a three-year COLA suspension for benefit recipients in calendars 2018, 2019, and 2020.

Changes in assumptions – For fiscal year 2020, 2019, and 2018, there were no changes in assumptions.

<u>STRS</u>

Changes in benefit terms – For fiscal year 2020 and 2019, there were no changes to benefit terms. For fiscal year 2018, the cost of living adjustment (COLA) was reduced to 0 percent effective July 1, 2017.

Changes in assumptions – For fiscal year 2020 and 2019, there were no changes in assumptions. For fiscal year 2018, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date:

- Inflation assumptions were lowered from 2.75 percent to 2.50 percent.
- Investment return assumptions were lowered from 7.75 percent to 7.45 percent.
- Total salary increases rates were lowered by decreasing merit component of the individual salary increases, as well as by 0.25 percent due to lower inflation.
- Payroll growth assumptions were lowered to 3.00 percent.
- Updated the health and disability mortality assumption to the RP-2014 mortality tables with generational improvement scale MP-2016.
- Rates of retirement, termination and disability were modified to better reflect anticipated future experience.

Notes to the Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET)

<u>SERS</u>

Changes in benefit terms – For fiscal year 2020, 2019, and 2018, there were no changes to benefit terms.

Changes in assumptions – For fiscal year 2020, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date:

- The municipal bond index rate decreased from 3.62 percent to 3.13 percent.
- The single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation decreased from 3.70 percent to 3.22 percent.
- The medical trend assumption rate changed as follows:
 - Medicare 2019 5.375 to 4.75 percent, 2020 5.25 to 4.75 percent
 - Pre-Medicare 2019 7.25 to 4.75 percent, 2020 7.00 to 4.75

For fiscal year 2019, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date:

- The municipal bond index rate increased from 3.56 percent to 3.62 percent.
- The single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation increased from 3.63 percent to 3.70 percent.
- The medical trend assumption rate changed as follows:
 - \circ Medicare 2018 5.50 to 5.00 percent, 2019 5.375 to 4.75 percent
 - Pre-Medicare 2018 7.50 to 5.00 percent, 2019 7.25 to 4.75

For fiscal year 2018, the following was the most significant change of assumptions that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date:

• The discount rate was increased from 2.98 percent to 3.63.

<u>STRS</u>

Changes in benefit terms – For fiscal year 2020, the following was the most significant change in benefit terms that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date:

• The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2020 from 1.944% to 1.984% per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021.

Notes to the Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

<u>NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET)</u> (Continued)

STRS (Continued)

For fiscal year 2019, the following was the most significant change in benefit terms that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date:

• The subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients increased from 1.9 percent to 1.944 percent per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium increased effective January 1, 2019 and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were scheduled to be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020, though the STRS Board voted in June 2019 to extent the current Medicare Part B partial reimbursement for one year.

For fiscal year 2018, STRS has the following changes in benefit terms since the previous measurement date:

- The HealthSpan HMO plans were eliminated.
- The subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was reduced to 1.9 percent per year of service from 2.1 percent.
- Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for survivors and beneficiaries who were age 65 by 2008 and either receiving a benefit or named as a beneficiary as of January 1, 2008.
- The remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be phased out over a three-year period.

Changes in assumptions – For fiscal year 2020, there were no changes in assumptions since the prior measurement date.

For fiscal year 2019, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date:

- The discount rate increased from a 4.13 percent blended discount rate to 7.45 percent.
- The health care trend assumption rate changed from 6 to 11 percent initial, 4.5 percent ultimate to:
 - Medical Medicare 6 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate
 - Medical Pre-Medicare 5 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate
 - Prescription Drug Medicare 8 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate
 - Prescription Drug Pre-Medicare -5.23 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate

Notes to the Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET) (Continued)

STRS (Continued)

For fiscal year 2018, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date:

- The discount rate was increased from 3.26 percent to 4.13 percent based on the methodology defined under GASB 74.
- The long-term rate of return was reduced to 7.45 percent.
- Valuation-year per capita health costs were updated.
- The percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data.
- The assumed future trend rates were modified.
- Decrement rates including mortality, disability, retirement, and withdrawal were modified.
- The assumed percentage of future disabled retirees assumed to elect health coverage was decreased from 84 percent to 65 percent, and the assumed percentage of terminated vested participants assumed to elect health coverage at retirement was decreased from 47 percent to 30 percent.
- The assumed salary scale was modified.

EATON COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT PREBLE COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

FEDERAL GRANTOR Pass Through Grantor Program / Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	(1)(2) Total Federal Expenditures	Total Federal Noncash Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education			
Child Nutrition Cluster:			
School Breakfast Program	10.553	\$46,722	\$20,207
COVID-19 School Breakfast Program	10.553	45,729	
National School Lunch Program	10.555	217,770	53,541
COVID-19 National School Lunch Program	10.555	85,040	70.740
Total Child Nutrition Cluster		395,261	73,748
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		395,261	73,748
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	390,469	
Special Education Cluster (IDEA):			
Special Education Grants to States	84.027	406,394	
Special Education Preschool Grants	84.173	14,700	
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)		421,094	
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	62,989	
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	43,373	
COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund - Elementary & Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425D	209,539	
Total U.S. Department of Education		1,127,464	
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$1,522,725	\$73,748

There were no pass through entity identifying numbers.
There were no amounts passed through to subrecipients.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

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EATON COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT PREBLE COUNTY

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE A – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Eaton Community School District (the District's) under programs of the federal government for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the District.

NOTE B – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE C – INDIRECT COST RATE

The District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE D – SUB-RECIPIENTS

The District did not provide funds to sub-recipients during the audit period.

NOTE E - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the District assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE F – FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the entitlement value. The District allocated donated food commodities to the respective programs that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.

NOTE G - TRANSFERS BETWEEN FEDERAL PROGRAMS

During fiscal year 2020, the District made an allowable transfer of \$215 from the Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies (CFDA #84.010) to the Student Support and Academic Enrichment (CFDA #84.424) program. During fiscal year 2020 the District did not expend those funds on the Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies program. The amount transferred to the Student Support and Academic Enrichment program is included as Student Support and Academic Enrichment program expenditures when disbursed.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Eaton Community School District Preble County 306 Eaton Lewisburg Road Eaton, Ohio 45320

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the modified cash-basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Eaton Community School District, Preble County, (the District) as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 1, 2021, wherein we noted the District uses a special purpose framework other than generally accepted accounting principles. We also noted the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the District.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the District's financial statements. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

Eaton Community School District Preble County Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by Government Auditing Standards Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the financial statements. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matter we must report under *Government Auditing Standards* which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2020-001.

District's Response to Findings

The District's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and corrective action plan. We did not subject the District's response to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

tobu

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

February 1, 2021



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Eaton Community School District Preble County 306 Eaton Lewisburg Road Eaton, Ohio 45320

To the Board of Education:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Eaton Community School District's (the District) compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect each of Eaton Community School District's major federal programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The *Summary of Auditor's Results* in the accompanying schedule of findings identifies each of the District's major federal programs.

Management's Responsibility

The District's Management is responsible for complying with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the District's compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). These standards and the Uniform Guidance require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on each of the District's major programs. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Eaton Community School District Preble County Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and On Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance Page 2

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Eaton Community School District complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect each of its major federal programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control over compliance tests and the results of this testing based on Uniform Guidance requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

February 1, 2021

EATON COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT PREBLE COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 JUNE 30, 2020

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(.1)(4)(?)		
(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Child Nutrition Cluster Special Education Cluster
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 750,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR § 200.520?	No

2. FINDING RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2020-001

Noncompliance

Ohio Rev. Code § 117.38(A) provides that each public office "shall file a financial report for each fiscal year. The Auditor of State may prescribe forms by rule or may issue guidelines, or both, for such reports. If the Auditor of State has not prescribed a rule regarding the form for the report, the public office shall submit its report on the form utilized by the public office."

Ohio Admin. Code § 117-2-03(B), which further clarifies the requirements of Ohio Rev. Code § 117.38, requires the District to file annual financial reports which are prepared using generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

Eaton Community School District Preble County Schedule of Findings Page 2

FINDING NUMBER 2020-001 (Continued)

The District prepared financial statements that, although formatted similar to financial statements prescribed by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, report on the basis of cash receipts and cash disbursements, rather than GAAP. The accompanying financial statements and notes omit certain assets, liabilities, deferred inflows/outflows of resources, fund equities/net position, and disclosures that, while presumed material, cannot be determined at this time.

Pursuant to Ohio Rev. Code § 117.38 the District may be fined and subject to various other administrative remedies for its failure to file the required financial report. Failure to report on a GAAP basis compromises the District's ability to evaluate and monitor the overall financial condition of the District. To help provide the users with more meaningful financial statements, the District should prepare its annual financial statements according to generally accepted accounting principles.

Officials' Response:

The Board of Education voted to take the citation to save money with the preparation and audit of the school report.

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None.

BOARD OF EDUCATION

EATON COMMUNITY SCHOOLS

304 Eaton-Lewisburg Rd EATON, OHIO 45320-1105

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS 2 CFR 200.511(b) JUNE 30, 2020

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Status	Additional Information
2019-001	Ohio Rev. Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Admin. Code Section 117-2-03(B) failure to report in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles	Not Corrected	Board of Education elects to take the citation to save money with the preparation and audit of the school report. Reissued as Finding 2020-001.

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PHONE (937) 456-1109 FAX (937) 456-4099

BOARD OF EDUCATION

EATON COMMUNITY SCHOOLS

304 Eaton-Lewisburg Rd EATON, OHIO 45320-1105

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN 2 CFR § 200.511(c) JUNE 30, 2020

Finding Number: Planned Corrective Action: 2020-001

Anticipated Completion Date:

Responsible Contact Person:

Board of Education elects to take the citation to save money with the preparation and audit of the school report. N/A

Treasurer Rachel Tait

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PREBLE COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 3/9/2021

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370