GREEN INSPIRATION ACADEMY

CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO

REGULAR AUDIT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020





88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 IPAReport@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

Board of Directors Green Inspiration Academy 4265 Northfield Road Highland Hills, Ohio 44128

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of Green Inspiration Academy, Cuyahoga County, prepared by Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2020. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. Green Inspiration Academy is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

April 08, 2021

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GREEN INSPIRATION ACADEMY CUYAHOGA COUNTY REGULAR AUDIT For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

TABLE OF CONTENTS

TITLE	PAGE
Independent Auditor's Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3
Basic Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	8
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position	9
Statement of Cash Flows	10
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	11
Required Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of the School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	37
Schedule of the School's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)	38
Schedule of School Contributions - Pensions	39
Schedule of School Contributions - OPEB	40
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information	41
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in	
Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	43
Schedule of Findings	45
Prepared by Management: Corrective Action Plan	46

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Green Inspiration Academy Cuyahoga County 4265 Northfield Road Highland Hills, Ohio 44128

To the Board of Directors:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Green Inspiration Academy, Cuyahoga County, Ohio (the Academy), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Academy's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Academy's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Academy's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Green Inspiration Academy, Cuyahoga County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2020, and the changes in financial position and cash flows thereof, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Green Inspiration Academy Cuyahoga County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 10, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the Academy. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming the Academy will continue as a going concern. As disclosed in Note 22 to the financial statements, the Academy has previously suffered recurring losses from operations and has a net position deficit of \$3,402,085 that raises substantial doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern. This deficit net position included the effect of the net pension liability, net OPEB liability/asset and related accruals totaling \$1,780,220. Note 23 describes management's plan regarding these issues. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, and schedules of net pension liabilities, other postemployment benefit liabilities/assets, and pension and other postemployment benefit contributions listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 18, 2021, on our consideration of the Academy's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Academy's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Academy's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Charlens Having Association

Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc. January 18, 2021

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (Unaudited)

The discussion and analysis of the Green Inspiration Academy (the School) financial performance provides an overall review of the School's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School's financial performance.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is an element of the reporting model adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in their Statement No. 34 Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments issued June 1999. Certain comparative information between the current year and the prior year is required to be presented in the MD&A.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2020 are as follows:

- Total net position was \$(3,402,085) in fiscal year 2020.
- Total operating and non-operating revenues were \$2,788,824 in fiscal year 2020.
- Total expenses were \$3,141,097 in fiscal year 2020.
- Current liabilities were \$1,726,404 in fiscal year 2020.
- The School had \$2,737,928 of long-term liabilities as of June 30, 2020.

Using this Financial Report

This report consists of three parts, the MD&A, the basic financial statements, and notes to those statements. The basic financial statements include a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position, and a Statement of Cash Flows.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position reflect how the School did financially during fiscal year 2020. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting includes all of the current year revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These statements report the School's net position and changes in net position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader whether the financial position of the School has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the School's student enrollment, per-pupil funding as determined by the State of Ohio, change in technology, required educational programs and other factors.

The School uses enterprise presentation for all of its activities.

Statement of Net Position

The Statement of Net Position answers the question of how the School did financially during 2020. This statement includes all assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term using the accrual basis of accounting and economic resources focus, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when the cash is received or paid.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (Unaudited)

Table 1 provides a summary of the School's net position for 2020.

(Table 1) Statement of Net Position

	2020	2019
Assets		
Current Assets	\$ 92,187	\$ 40,927
Non-Current Assets	234,514	194,348
Total Assets	326,701	235,275
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Pension Requirements	1,032,175	566,945
OPEB	90,043	19,733
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,122,218	586,678
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities	1,726,404	1,554,184
Long Term Liabilities	2,737,928	1,932,725
Total Liabilities	4,464,332	3,486,909
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Pension Requirements	128,120	172,201
OPEB	258,552	212,655
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	386,672	384,856
Net Position		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	19,319	23,185
Unrestricted	(3,421,404)	(3,072,997)
Total Net Position	\$(3,402,085)	\$(3,049,812)

Total assets were \$326,701, while total liabilities were \$4,464,332. Cash and cash equivalents were \$23,476 while receivables and other current assets were \$68,711.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

Table 2, below, demonstrates the net position for fiscal year 2020, as well as a listing of revenues and expenses. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the School as a whole, the financial position of School has improved or diminished. The cause of this may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the current laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (Unaudited)

(Table 2) Change in Net Position

	2020	2019
Operating Revenues		
State Aid	\$2,103,927	\$2,020,532
Casino Aid	14,046	11,738
Facilities Aid	65,245	48,445
Non-Operating Revenue		
Grants	580,830	415,349
Interest Income	11	8
Miscellaneous	24,765	6,968
Total Revenues	2,788,824	2,503,040
Operating Expenses		
Salaries	1,217,400	1,335,719
Fringe Benefits	372,476	447,708
Change in Net Pension and OPEB Liability	234,972	(282,007)
Purchased Services	1,043,849	1,236,127
Materials and Supplies	116,452	22,949
Depreciation	19,479	16,447
Other	12,964	5,528
Non-Operating Expenses		
Interest and Fiscal Charges	123,505	108,526
Total Expenses	3,141,097	2,890,997
Change in Net Position	\$(352,273)	\$(387,957)

The net pension liability (NPL) is the largest single liability reported by the School at June 30, 2020 and is reported pursuant to GASB Statement 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27*. For fiscal year 2019, the School adopted GASB Statement 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, which significantly revises accounting for costs and liabilities related to other postemployment benefits (OPEB). For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the School's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability/asset to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB 45) focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's *net pension liability* or *net OPEB liability/asset*. GASB 68 and GASB 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (Unaudited)

GASB 68 and GASB 75 require the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability/asset to equal the School's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service
- 2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the School is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio Revised Code permits but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan *as against the public employer*. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability/asset. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability/asset are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, the School's statements include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset, respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (Unaudited)

Budgeting Highlights

Unlike other public schools located in the State of Ohio, community schools are not required to follow budgetary provisions set forth in Ohio Rev. Code Chapter 5705, unless specifically provided in the community school's contract with its Sponsor. The contract between the School and its Sponsor does prescribe a budgetary process. The School has developed a one year spending plan and a five-year projection that is reviewed periodically by the Board of Directors. The five-year projections are also submitted to the Sponsor and the Ohio Department of Education.

Debt

At June 30, 2020, the School had \$821,350 in current notes payable, \$528,000 was attributed to Charter School Capital and the remainder was attributed to the Paycheck Protection Program grant/loan in the amount of \$293,350.

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2020, the School had \$40,052 in capital assets.

For more information on capital assets, see Note 6 in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

Current Financial Issues

The Green Inspiration Academy received revenue for 270 students in 2020. State law governing community schools allows for the School to have open enrollment across traditional school district boundaries. The School receives its support almost entirely from State Aid. Per pupil revenue from State Aid for the School averaged \$ 10,456 in fiscal year 2020. The School receives additional revenues from grant subsidies.

On July 1, 2005, the School contracted with the Ohio Council of Community Schools as its sponsor. State law allows sponsors to assess the schools up to 3 percent of State revenues as an oversight fee, a cost that was not incurred through the sponsorship by ODE. In June of 2013, the School contracted with St. Aloysius Orphanage (SAO) for three years (ending June 30, 2016) to be its sponsor. The School paid SAO three percent of State Aid as its sponsorship fee in fiscal year 2020. The contract with SAO was renewed and is effective through June 30, 2020. The School's contract was renewed beginning July 1, 2020 for five years.

Currently Known Facts

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures has impacted the current period and will continue to impact subsequent periods of the School. Due to the dynamic environment and change in fiscal policies, the exact impact on the School's future operating costs, revenues, and any recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be reasonably estimated.

Contacting the School's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our readers with a general overview of the School's finances and to show the School's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact Darlene C Holt, Fiscal Officer for Green Inspiration Academy, 4265 Northfield Rd Highland Hills, Ohio 44128 or e-mail at holtbiz.consult@gmail.com..

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

ASSETS

Current Assets:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$23,476
State Funding Receivable	10,010
Grants Receivable	58,701
Total Current Assets	92,187
Noncurrent Assets:	
Lease Deposits	33,790
Net OPEB Asset Depreciable Capital Assets, net	160,672 40,052
Total Non-Current Assets	
Total Assets	<u>234,514</u> 326,701
	320,701
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension Requirements	1,032,175
OPEB	90,043
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,122,218
LIABILITIES	, , -
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable	430.223
Continuing Fees Payable	237,363
Sponsor Fees Payable	36,453
Payable to Schools	20,500
School Note Payable Notes Payable	48,221 821,350
Capital Lease Payable, due within one year	15,613
Accrued Wages and Benefits	106,072
Intergovernmental Payable	10,609
Total Current Liabilities	1,726,404
Long-Term Liabilities:	
Capital Lease Payable	5,120
School Note Payable	56,370
Net OPER Liability	2,521,389 155,049
Net OPEB Liability Total Long Term Liabilities	
Total Liabilities	2,737,928
	4,464,332
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension Requirements	128,120
OPEB	258,552
Total Deferred Inflows	386,672
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	19,319
Unrestricted	(3,421,404)
Total Net Position	\$(3,402,085)

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

OPERATING REVENUES	¢ 0 400 007
State Aid Casino Aid	\$ 2,103,927 14,046
Facilities Funding	65,245
Total Operating Revenues	2,183,218
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Salaries	1,217,400
Fringe Benefits	372,476
Change in Net Pension and OPEB Liability	234,972
Purchased Services	1,043,849
Materials and Supplies	116,452
Depreciation	19,479
Other	12,964
Total Operating Expenses	3,017,592
Operating Income/(Loss)	(834,374)
	(834,374)
Operating Income/(Loss) NON-OPERATING REVENUE/(EXPENSES) Grants	(834,374)
NON-OPERATING REVENUE/(EXPENSES)	
NON-OPERATING REVENUE/(EXPENSES) Grants	580,830
NON-OPERATING REVENUE/(EXPENSES) Grants Interest and Fiscal Charges	580,830 (123,505)
NON-OPERATING REVENUE/(EXPENSES) Grants Interest and Fiscal Charges Interest Income	580,830 (123,505) 11
NON-OPERATING REVENUE/(EXPENSES) Grants Interest and Fiscal Charges Interest Income Miscellaenous	580,830 (123,505) 11 24,765
NON-OPERATING REVENUE/(EXPENSES) Grants Interest and Fiscal Charges Interest Income Miscellaenous Total Non-Operating Revenue/(Expenses)	580,830 (123,505) 11 <u>24,765</u> 482,101

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Cash Received from State of Ohio Cash Payments to Employees for Services Cash Payments for Employee Benefits Cash Payments for Goods and Services Other Cash Payments Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities	·	2,199,232 1,325,822) (372,476) 1,199,025) (12,964) (711,055)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Cash Received from Notes Payable Cash Payments for Interest and Fiscal Charges Cash Payments for Principal Payments Net Cash Provided By Noncapital Financing Activities	(1,905,400 (118,553) <u>1,614,113)</u> 172,734
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Cash Received from Grants Other Cash Received		536,305 24,765
Net Cash Provided By Capital Financing Activities		561,070
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		22,749
Cash and Cash Equivalents Beginning of Year		727
Cash and Cash Equivalents End of Year	\$	23,476
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH USED FOR OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating Loss ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE OPERATING INCOME TO NET	\$	(834,374)
CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		40.470
Depreciation		19,479
Changes in Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Res State Funding Receivable Net OPEB Asset Accounts Payable Sponsor Fee Payable Payable to Schools Intergovernmental Payable Accrued Wages and Benefits Net Pension Liability Deferred Outflows-Pension Deferred Inflows-Pension Net OPEB Liability Deferred Outflows-OPEB Deferred Inflows-OPEB	sources:	16,014 (59,645) (50,971) 17,247 (5,000) (70,591) (37,831) 819,871 (465,230) (44,081) 8,470 (70,310) 45,897
Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities	\$	(711,055)

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (Continued)

1. DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL AND REPORTING ENTITY

Green Inspiration Academy, (the School) is a federal 501(c)(3) tax-exempt, state nonprofit corporation established pursuant to Ohio Rev. Code Chapters 3314 and 1702 to maintain and provide a school exclusively for any educational, literary, scientific and related teaching service. The School, which is part of the State's education program, is independent of any school district. The School may sue and be sued, acquire facilities as needed, and contract for any services necessary for the operation of the School.

The School is overseeing the day-to-day operations directly and has hired all teaching and administrative positions directly as a result of the non-renewal with White Hat Management Company of Ohio, LLC.

The School was originally approved for operation under contract with the Ohio State Board of Education for a period of five years from August 20, 1998 through June 30, 2003. The contract was subsequently renewed for a two year period from July 1, 2003 through June 30, 2005. Effective July 1, 2005, House Bill 364 required schools sponsored by the Ohio Department of Education to have new sponsorship in place by June 30, 2005. From July 1, 2005 through June 30, 2010, the School signed a contract with Ohio Council of Community Schools (Sponsor). In June of 2010, the School contracted with Buckeye Community Hope Foundation (BCHF) for two years (ending June 30, 2012) to be its sponsor. The School subsequently is sponsored by St Aloysius Orphanage (SAO) for a three year term ending June 30, 2016 for a fee of 3% of state revenues. The contract with SAO was renewed and is effective through June 30, 2020. The School's contract was renewed beginning July 1, 2020 for five years.

The School operates under a self-appointing, seven-member Board of Directors (the Board). The School's Code of Regulations specify that vacancies that arise on the Board will be filled by the appointment of a successor director by a majority vote of the then existing directors. The Board is responsible for carrying out the provisions of the contract with the Sponsor, which include, but are not limited to, state-mandated provisions regarding student population, curriculum, academic goals, performance standards, admission standards, and qualifications of teachers. The facility is staffed with teaching personnel employed by the School, who provide services to 270 students.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the School have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles as applied to governmental nonprofit organizations. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the School's accounting policies are described below.

A. Basis of Presentation

The School's basic financial statements consist of a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position, and a Statement of Cash Flows. Enterprise fund reporting focuses on the determination of the change in Net Position, financial position and cash flows.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

A. Basis of Presentation (continued)

Auditor of State of Ohio Bulletin No. 2000-005 requires the presentation of all financial activity to be reported within one enterprise fund for year-end reporting purposes. Enterprise accounting is used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent is that the costs (expenses) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

B. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Enterprise accounting uses a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and all liabilities are included on the Statement of Net Position. Operating statements present increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in Net Position. The accrual basis of accounting is utilized for reporting purposes. Revenues are recognized when they are earned, and expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

C. Budgetary Process

Unlike traditional public schools located in the State of Ohio, community schools are not required to follow budgetary provisions set forth in Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705, unless specifically provided in the School's contract with its Sponsor. The contract between the School and its Sponsor requires a detailed school budget for each year of the contract. In addition, the Board adopted an operating budget at the beginning of fiscal year 2020. However, the budget does not have to follow the provisions of Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705, except for section 5705.391 as it relates to five-year forecasts.

D. Cash and Cash Equivalents

All cash received by the School is maintained in a demand deposit account and STAROhio. For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows and for presentation on the Statement of Net Position, investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased are considered to be cash equivalents.

During fiscal year 2020, the School invested in STAR Ohio. STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio) is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 79, "Certain Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The School measures its investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For the fiscal year 2020, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, twenty-four hours advance notice is appreciated for deposits and withdrawals of \$100 million or more. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transactions to \$100 million per day, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$100 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Intergovernmental Revenues

The School currently participates in the State Foundation Program, the State Disadvantaged Pupil Impact Aid (DPIA) Program, and the Career Based Intervention (CBI) Program, which are reflected under "State Aid" on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position. Revenues received from these programs are recognized as operating revenues in the accounting period in which all eligibility requirements have been met.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the School receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include grants, entitlements, and contributions. Grants, entitlements, and contributions are recognized as non-operating revenues in the accounting period in which all eligibility requirements have been met.

Eligibility requirements, include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the School must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School on a reimbursement basis. Amounts awarded under the above programs for the 2020 school year totaled \$2,764,048.

F. Capital Assets and Depreciation

For purposes of recording capital assets, the Board has a capitalization threshold of \$5,000.

The capital assets are recorded on the accompanying Statement of Net Position at cost, net of accumulated depreciation, of \$40,052. Depreciation is computed by the straight-line method over five years for "Equipment" and ten years for "Leasehold Improvements".

G. Use of Estimates

In preparing the financial statements, management is sometimes required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows resources, and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

H. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between (all assets plus deferred outflows of resources) less (all liabilities, plus deferred inflows of resources). Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use, either through enabling legislation adopted by the School or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or contracts. The School applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

I. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the School's primary activities. For the School, these revenues are primarily State facilities and Casino Aid payments. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the goods and services that are the primary activities of the School. Revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating.

J. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense; information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

K. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the School, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the statement of net position for pension/OPEB. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension/OPEB are explained in Notes 12 and 13.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension are reported on the statement of net position (see Notes 12 and 13).

3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

A. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2020, the carrying amount of all School deposits was \$23,449, and its bank balance of \$27,168. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "<u>Deposits and</u> <u>Investment Risk Disclosures</u>", as of June 30, 2020 all of the bank balance was covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (Continued)

3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

B. Investments

As of June 30, 2020, the School had the following investments and maturities:

		Investment Maturities
	Measurement	
Investment Type	<u>Value</u>	6 months or less
STAROhio	\$27	\$27

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the School, will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The School's investment policy does not deal with investment custodial credit risk beyond the requirements in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to delivery of the securities representing such investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee.

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to measurement value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to state law, the School's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less. The weighted average of maturity of the portfolio held by STAR Ohio as of June 30, 2020, is 49 days.

Credit Risk: The School's investments at June 30, 2020 in STAROhio are rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The School places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the School at June 30, 2020:

	Measurement	
Investment Type	Value	Percent to Total
STAROhio	\$27	100.00

4. GRANTS FUNDING RECEIVABLE AND STATE FUNDING RECEIVABLE

The School has recorded "Grants Funding Receivable" and "State Funding Receivable" in the amount of \$58,701 and \$10,010 to account for the remainder of State and Federal awards allocated to the School, but not received as of June 30, 2020.

5. CONTINUING FEES PAYABLE

A "Continuing Fees Payable" to former management company White Hat Management Company, (WHLS, LLC) has been recorded by the School in the amount of \$237,363, and reported in the Statement of Net Position. The balance was due to an underpayment of management fees not paid, and awaiting final reconciliation.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (Continued)

6. CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the School's capital assets consisted of the following:

	Balance			Balance
Capital Assets Being Depreciated	<u>6/30/2019</u>	Additions	Deletions	<u>6/30/2020</u>
Equipment	\$210,092	\$-	\$-	\$210,092
Leasehold Improvements	770,036			770,036
Total Assets Being Depreciated	980,128	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	980,128
Less: Accumulated Depreciation				
Equipment	(150,561)	(19,479)	-	(170,040)
Leasehold Improvements	(770,036)			(770,036)
Total Assets Being Depreciated	(920,597)	(19,479)	<u>-</u>	<u>(940,076)</u>
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	<u>\$ 59,531</u>	<u>\$ (19,479)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 40,052

7. RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Property and Liability - The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft or damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. For the year ended 2020, the School contracted with the First Insurance Company for the following insurance coverage:

Commercial General Liability per occurrence	\$ 1,000,000
Commercial General Liability aggregate	4,000,000
Director and Officers Liability	1,000,000
Employment Practices Liability	1,000

Settled claims have not exceeded commercial coverage in any year of the past three fiscal years, and there has not been a significant reduction in coverage from the prior fiscal year.

B. Worker's Compensation

The School pays the State Worker's Compensation System a premium for employee injury coverage. The premium is calculated by multiplying the monthly total gross payroll by a factor that is calculated by the State. The School had paid all premiums as of June 30, 2020.

C. Employee Medical, Dental and Vision Benefits

The School has contracted through an independent agent to provide employee medical, dental, and vision insurance to its full-time employees who work 40 or more hours per week.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (Continued)

8. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE/RECEIVABLE

Accounts Payable consists of obligations consists of obligations totaling \$430,223, which incurred during the normal course of conducting business at June 30, 2020. The School has recorded "Continuing Fees Payable" to WHLS, LLC in the amount of \$237,363 for State and Federal monies uncollected or unpaid as of June 30, 2013, as the School and the management company reconcile outstanding balances. The School also has "Payable to Schools" of \$20,500 due to Invictus High School for a short-term zero interest loan to cover the June 30, 2019 payroll.

9. ACCRUED WAGES AND BENEFITS

Accrued wages and benefits were \$106,072 at June 30, 2020, which represents wages, with associated benefits earned and not paid at June 30, 2020 for certain school teachers paid over a 12-month period of time.

10. INTERGOVERNMENTAL PAYABLE

Intergovernmental payables were \$10,609 at June 30, 2020, which consists of outstanding liabilities to various agencies related to payroll.

11. PURCHASED SERVICES

For the period July 1, 2019 to June 30, 2020, purchased service expenses were for the following services.

	2020
Professional Services	\$ 363,116
Property Services	366,334
Travel and Professional Development	301
Communications	47,313
Utilities	22,419
Trade Services	169,757
Transportation	48,000
Insurance	26,610
Total	\$1,043,849

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (Continued)

12. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

Net Pension Liability/Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

Pensions and OPEB are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions/OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) represents the School's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the School's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The School cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the School does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities (assets) within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension/OPEB liability (asset)*. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *intergovernmental payable*.

The remainder of this note includes the required pension disclosures. See Note 13 for the required OPEB disclosures.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description – School non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a statewide, cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at <u>www.ohsers.org</u> under Employers/Audit Resources.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (Continued)

12. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire before	Eligible to Retire on or after
	August 1, 2017*	August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or
		Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially Reduced	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or
Benefits	Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

*Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on year of service; 2.2 percent for the first 30 years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

An individual whose benefit effective date is before April 1, 2018, is eligible for a cost of living adjustment (COLA) on the first anniversary date of the benefit. Beginning April 1, 2018, new benefit recipients must wait until the fourth anniversary of their benefit for COLA eligibility. The COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit. A three-year COLA suspension is in effect for all benefit recipients for the years 2018, 2019, and 2020. Upon resumption of the COLA, it will be indexed to the percentage increase in the CPI-W, not to exceed 2.5 percent and with a floor of 0 percent.

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14 percent. SERS did not allocate employer contributions to the Health Care Fund for fiscal year 2020.

The School's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$14,385 for fiscal year 2020.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – School licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a costsharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at www.strsoh.org.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (Continued)

12. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. In April 2017, the Retirement Board made the decision to reduce COLA granted on or after July 1, 2017, to 0 percent to preserve the fiscal integrity of the retirement system. Benefit recipients' base benefit and past cost-of living increases are not affected by this change. Effective August 1, 2017 – July 1, 2019, any member could retire with reduced benefits who had (1) five years of service credit and age 60; (2) 27 years of service credit and age 55; or (3) 30 years of service credit regardless of age. Effective August 1, 2019 – July 1, 2021, any member may retire with reduced benefits who has (1) five years of service credit regardless of age. Eligibility changes will continue to be phased in through August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 60, or 30 years of service credit regardless of age.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.53 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.47 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12 percent of the 12 percent member rate goes to the DC Plan and the remaining 2 percent is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity after termination of employment at age 50 or later.

New members who choose the DC plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit to apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (Continued)

12. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, plan members were required to contribute 14 percent of their annual covered salary. The School was required to contribute 14 percent; the entire 14 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The fiscal year 2020 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

The School's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$163,105 for fiscal year 2020.

Net Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an independent actuarial valuation as of that date. The School's employer allocation percentage of the net pension liability was based on the employer's share of employer contributions in the pension plan relative to the total employer contributions of all participating employers. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	SERS			STRS		Total
Proportion of the net pension						
liability prior measurement date	0.0	0557220%	0	.00628708%		
Proportion of the net pension						
liability current measurement date	<u>0.00628630</u> %			.00970078%		
Change in proportionate share	<u>0.00071410</u> %		<u>0.00341370</u> %			
Proportionate share of the net						
pension liability	\$	376,120	\$	2,145,269	\$2	2,521,389
Pension expense	\$	61,013	\$	427,037	\$	488,050

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources represent the effect of changes in the net pension liability due to the difference between projected and actual investment earnings, differences between expected and actual actuarial experience, changes in assumptions and changes in the School's proportion of the collective net pension liability. The deferred outflows and deferred inflows are to be included in pension expense over current and future periods. The difference between projected and actual investment earnings is recognized in pension expense using a straight line method over a five year period beginning in the current year. Deferred outflows and deferred inflows resulting from changes in sources other than differences between projected and actual investment earnings service lives of all members (both active and inactive) using the straight line method. Employer contributions to the pension plan subsequent to the measurement date are also required to be reported as a deferred outflow of resources.

At June 30, 2020 the School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (Continued)

12. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

	S	SERS	STRS		Total	
Deferred outflows of resources						
Differences between expected and						
actual experience	\$	9,539	\$	17,464	\$	27,003
Changes of assumptions		-		252,002		252,002
Changes in proportionate share and difference						
between School contributions and						
proportionate share of contributions		22,285		553,395		575,680
Contributions subsequent to the						
measurement date		14,385		163,105		177,490
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	46,209	\$	985,966	\$	1,032,175
Deferred inflows of resources						
Differences between expected and						
actual experience	\$	-	\$	9,287	\$	9,287
Net difference between projected and						
actual earnings on pension plan investments		4,827		104,848		109,675
Difference between employer contributions						
and proportionate share of contributions/		4 500		4 = 00		0.450
change in proportionate share		4,589		4,569		9,158
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	9,416	\$	118,704	\$	128,120

\$177,490 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from School contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	5	SERS		STRS	Total		
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:							
2021	\$	20,990	\$	294,149	\$	315,139	
2022		(1,001)		155,778		154,777	
2023		(321)		112,520		112,199	
2024		2,738		141,714		144,452	
Total	\$	22,406	\$	704,161	\$	726,567	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (Continued)

12. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2019, are presented below:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal (Level Percent of Payroll)
Inflation	3.00 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	3.50 percent to 18.20 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.50 percent net of investment expense, including inflation
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA	2.50 percent, on and after April 1, 2018, COLA's for future retirees will be delayed for three years following commencement

For post-retirement mortality, the table used in evaluating allowances to be paid is the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and Scale BB, with 120 percent of male rates and 110 percent of female rates used. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined by using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating an arithmetic weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes. The asset allocation, as used in the June 30, 2015 five-year experience study, is summarized as follows:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (Continued)

12. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

	Target	Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00 %	0.50 %
US Equity	22.50	4.75
International Equity	22.50	7.00
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	8.00
Real Assets	15.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	10.00	3.00
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate Total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employers would contribute the actuarially determined contribution rate of projected compensation over the remaining 26-year amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.50 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what the School's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.50 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate.

	Current							
	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase			
School's Proportionate Share								
of the Net Pension Liability	\$	527,079	\$	376,120	\$	249,523		

Actuarial Assumptions – STRS

Key methods and assumptions are used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the July 1, 2019 actuarial valuation are presented below:

Inflation	2.50 percent
Projected Salary Increases	12.50 percent at age 20 to 2.50 percent at age 65
Investment Rate of Return	7.45 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Discount Rate of Return	7.45 percent
Projected Payroll Growth	3.00 percent
Cost-of-Living Adjustments	0.00 percent

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (Continued)

12. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2019 valuation, were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for July 1, 2011, through June 30, 2016.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Assat Class	Target	Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation*	Real Rate of Return**
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

*Target weights will be phased in over a 24-month period concluding on July 1, 2019.

**Ten year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25 percent and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.45 percent as of June 30, 2019. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that employer and member contributions will be made at statutory contribution rates of 14 percent each. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2019. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.45 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2019.

Sensitivity of the School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability as of June 30, 2019, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45 percent, as well as what the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.45 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.45 percent) than the current assumption:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (Continued)

12. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

				Current		
	19	6 Decrease	Di	scount Rate	1	% Increase
School's Proportionate Share						
of the Net Pension Liability	\$	3,135,071	S	2,145,269	S	1,307,350

13. DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS

See Note 12 for a description of the net OPEB liability (asset).

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The School contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For fiscal year 2020, SERS did not allocate any employer contributions to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2020, this amount was \$19,600. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2.0 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2020, the School's surcharge obligation was \$15,896, but due to credits the intergovernmental payable was only \$1,850.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (Continued)

13. DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued effective January 1, 2021. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting <u>www.strsoh.org</u> or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

OPEB Assets/Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB asset/liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB asset/liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School's proportion of the net OPEB asset/liability was based on the School's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

	SERS		STRS		 Total
Proportion of the net OPEB					
liability/asset prior measurement date	0.0	0528400%	0.0	00628700%	
Proportion of the net OPEB					
liability/asset current measurement date	<u>0.00616600</u> %		<u>0.00970100</u> %		
Change in proportionate share	<u>0.00088200</u> %		0.00341400%		
Proportionate share of the net					
OPEB liability	\$	155,049	\$	-	\$ 155,049
Proportionate share of the net					
OPEB asset	\$	-	\$	(160,672)	\$ (160,672)
OPEB expense	\$	(13,829)	\$	(45,863)	\$ (59,692)

At June 30, 2020, the School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (Continued)

13. DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

	;	SERS	STRS		Total
Deferred outflows of resources					
Differences between expected and					
actual experience	\$	2,276	\$	14,565	\$ 16,841
Net difference between projected and					
actual earnings on pension plan investments		372		-	372
Changes of assumptions		11,325		3,377	14,702
Difference between employer contributions					
and proportionate share of contributions/		~~ ~~~			
change in proportionate share		20,922		21,310	42,232
Contributions subsequent to the		45 000			45.000
measurement date		15,896			 15,896
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	50,791	\$	39,252	\$ 90,043
Deferred inflows of resources					
Differences between expected and					
actual experience	\$	34,066	\$	8,174	\$ 42,240
Net difference between projected and					
actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		10,092	10,092
Changes of assumptions		8,688		176,158	184,846
Difference between employer contributions					
and proportionate share of contributions/					
change in proportionate share		20,585		789	 21,374
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	63,339	\$	195,213	\$ 258,552

\$15,896 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from School contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense.

	 SERS	 STRS	Total		
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:					
2021	\$ (23,980)	\$ (35,026)	\$	(59,006)	
2022	(1,258)	(35,026)		(36,284)	
2023	(1,149)	(30,982)		(32,131)	
2024	(1,167)	(29,563)		(30,730)	
2025	(729)	(29,097)		(29,826)	
Thereafter	 (159)	 3,740		3,581	
Total	\$ (28,442)	\$ (155,954)	\$	(184,396)	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (Continued)

13. DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2019, are presented below:

Inflation	3.00 percent	
Salary Increases, including inflation	3.50 percent to 18.20 percent	
Investment Rate of Return	7.50 percent net of investment expense, including inflation	
Municipal Bond Index Rate		
Measurement Date	3.13 percent	
Prior Measurement Date	3.62 percent	
Single Equivalent Interest Rate		
Measurement Date	3.22 percent, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation	
Prior Measurement Date	3.70 percent, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation	
Health Care Cost Trend Rate		
Pre-Medicare	7.00 percent - 4.75 percent	
Medicare	5.25 percent - 4.75 percent	

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates and 110 percent of female rates. RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates set back five years.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2010 through 2015, and was adopted by the Board on April 21, 2016. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (Continued)

13. DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.50 percent, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer time frame. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as used in the June 30, 2015 five-year experience study, are summarized as follows:

	Target	Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00 %	0.50 %
US Equity	22.50	4.75
International Equity	22.50	7.00
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	8.00
Real Assets	15.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	10.00	3.00
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2019 was 3.22 percent. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2019 was 3.70 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the plan at the contribution rate of 2.00 percent of projected covered payroll each year, which includes a 1.50 percent payroll surcharge and no contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make future benefit payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. However, since SERS' actuaries indicate the fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted at a future measurement date, the single equivalent interest rate is determined as the single rate that will generate a present value of benefit payments equal to the sum of the present value determined by the long-term expected rate of return, and the present value determined by discounting those benefits after the date of depletion by the Fidelity General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index rate of 3.13 percent, as of June 30, 2019 (i.e., municipal bond rate).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (Continued)

13. DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

Sensitivity of the School's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability and what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.22 percent) and higher (4.22 percent) than the current discount rate (3.22 percent). Also shown is what the net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are one percent lower (6.00 percent decreasing to 3.75 percent) and one percent higher (8.00 percent decreasing to 5.75 percent) than the current rate.

	1%	Decrease		Current count Rate	1%	Increase
School's Proportionate Share	¢	100.010	¢	155.040	¢	100 701
of the Net OPEB Liability	\$	188,216	\$	155,049	\$	128,701
	40/	Deersee			4.0/	
	1%	Decrease	Ir	end Rate	1%	Increase
School's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$	124,236	\$	155,049	\$	195,960

Actuarial Assumptions – STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2019, actuarial valuation are presented below:

Inflation	2.50 percent	
Projected Salary Increases	12.50 percent at age	20 to 2.50 percent at age 65
Payroll Increases	3.00 percent	
Investment Rate of Return	7.45 percent, net of i	nvestment expenses, including inflation
Discount Rate of Return	7.45 percent	
Health Care Cost Trend Rates		
Medical	Initial	<u>Ultimate</u>
Pre-Medicare	5.87 percent	4.00 percent
Medicare	4.93 percent	4.00 percent
Prescription Drug		
Pre-Medicare	7.73 percent	4.00 percent
Medicare	9.62 percent	4.00 percent

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (Continued)

13. DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation, were adopted by the board from the results of an actuarial experience study for July 1, 2011, through June 30, 2016.

In 2019, non-Medicare retirees receive a subsidy of 1.944% per year of service to a maximum of 30 years, and Medicare AMA retirees receive a subsidy of 2.1% per year of service to a maximum of 30 years. In 2020, non-Medicare retirees receive a subsidy of 1.984% per year of service to a maximum of 30 years.

Beginning in 2021, the STRS Ohio subsidy dollar amount for non-Medicare plans will be frozen at the current 2020 levels. Annual increases in the STRS Ohio subsidy dollar amount for Medicare plans will be based on the annual percentage increase in the Aetna Medicare Advantage Plan, limited at 6%. For those who retire on or after August 2023, the first five years of service do not count towards the subsidy, so subsidy percentages are shifted five years, and those with less than 20 years of service receive no subsidy. STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset	Target	Long term expected
<u>class</u>	allocation **	real rate of return*
Domestic equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed income	21.00	3.00
Real estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	<u>100.00</u> %	

*10 year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30 year period, STRS's investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

**Target weights will be phased in over a 24 month Period concluding on July 1, 2019.

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB asset was 7.45 percent as of June 30, 2019. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed STRS continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care plan investments of 7.45 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB asset as of June 30, 2019.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (Continued)

13. DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

Sensitivity of the School's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate and Health Care Cost Trend Rate The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2019, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45 percent, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.45 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.45 percent) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2019, calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower and one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

	1%	Decrease	Dis	Current count Rate	19	6 Increase
School's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset)	\$	(137,101)	\$	(160,672)	\$	(180,489)
	1%	Decrease	T	Current rend Rate	19	6 Increase
School's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset)	\$	(182,194)	\$	(160,672)	\$	(134,312)

14. CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The School received financial assistance from Federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the School. However, the effect of any such disallowed claims on the overall financial position of the School at June 30, 2020, if applicable, cannot be determined at this time.

B. Full Time Equivalency

Foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. However, there is an important nexus between attendance and enrollment for Foundation funding purposes. Community schools must provide documentation that clearly demonstrates students have participated in learning opportunities. The Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to adjust/reconcile funding as enrollment information is updated by schools throughout the State, which can extend past the fiscal year end.

Under Ohio Rev. Code Section 3314.08, ODE may also perform a FTE Review subsequent to the fiscal year end that may result in an additional adjustment to the enrollment information as well as claw backs of Foundation funding due to a lack of evidence to support student participation and other matters of noncompliance. ODE performed such a review on the School for fiscal year 2020 and determined the School was owed from ODE \$10,010. This amount is reported as state funding receivable on the statement of net position.

As of the date of this report, additional ODE adjustments for fiscal year 2020 are not finalized. As a result, the impact of future FTE adjustments on the fiscal year 2020 financial statements is not determinable, at this time. Management believes this may result in either an additional receivable to, or a liability of, the School.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (Continued)

14. CONTINGENCIES (continued)

In addition, the School's contract with their Sponsor requires payment based on revenues received from the State. As discussed above, additional FTE adjustments for fiscal year 2020 are not finalized. Until such adjustments are finalized by ODE, the impact on the fiscal year 2020 financial statements, related to additional reconciliation necessary with this contract, is not determinable. Management believes this may result in either an additional receivable to, or liability of, the School.

C. Litigation

In February 2009, the School Filed a Lawsuit against the WHLS and its affiliates for matters related to the management agreement. The effect of this lawsuit is presently not determinable.

D. COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the School. The School's investments of the pension and other employee benefit plan in which the School participates have incurred a significant decline in fair value, consistent with the general decline in financial markets. However, because the values of individual investments fluctuate with market conditions, and due to market volatility, the amount of losses that will be recognized in subsequent periods, if any, cannot be determined. In addition, the impact on the School's future operating costs, revenues, and any recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

15. SPONSORSHIP FEES

The School contracted with the St. Aloysius Orphanage as its sponsor effective July 1, 2013. The School pays SAO three percent of the State Aid. Total fee expense for fiscal year 2020 was \$62,737. SAO provides oversight, monitoring and technical assistance for the School. The contract with SAO was renewed and is effective through June 30, 2020. The School's contract was renewed beginning July 1, 2020 for five years.

16. TAX EXEMPT STATUS

The School was approved under (501(c))(3) of the Internal Revenue Code as a tax exempt organization.

17. LEASE DEPOSIT AND OPERATING LEASES – LESSEE DISCLOSURE

The School entered into a facility lease agreement for fiscal year 2014 with Mt. Zion Community Development Center. The term of the lease is for four years. The School paid a lease deposit of \$21,790 to secure the facility. In June 2018, the School renewed the lease for an additional three years for \$15,500 (year 1), \$16,500 (year 2), and \$17,500 (year 3). In August 2020, the lease was amended from \$17,500.00 to \$10,000.00 a month.

In July 2018, the School entered into a facility lease agreement with Galaxy Corporate Center. The term of the lease is for three years with monthly rents of \$12,000 (year 1), \$13,000 (year 2), and \$13,500 (year 3). The School paid a lease deposit of \$12,000 to secure the facility. In August 2020, the lease was amended from \$13,500 to \$8,000 per month if the FTE is below 280. If the FTE reaches 280 or more the rent will revert to \$13,500 per month.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (Continued)

18. AGREEMENT WITH AJ HART MANAGEMENT LLC.

The School entered into a management agreement with AJ Hart Management LLC. The term of the contract is for 3 years beginning July 1, 2013, and ending June 30, 2017. This contract was extended through June 30, 2019. For fiscal year 2020, another one year agreement was approved. AJ Hart is responsible and accountable to the School's Board of Directors for the administration and day-to-day operations of the School. Responsibilities include (but not limited to) student recruitment, budget development, personnel management, curriculum development/oversight, and facilities management. The School pays AJ Hart a fixed percentage of 8 percent per month of all State Aid, plus direct expenses. Total fees earned for fiscal year 2020 were \$120,000. Cumulative accounts payable to AJ Hart management of \$ 232,015 was still due at June 30, 2020.

19. NOTES PAYABLE

A summary of short-term note payable for the School at June 30, 2020, is as follows:

<u>Charter School Capital</u> - In August 2015, the School entered into an agreement with Charter School Capital to borrow against its future foundation payments. The amount borrowed and repaid was \$1,136,200 and \$1,059,900, respectfully, with a balance due \$303,600 at June 30, 2020. The terms of the loan are amounts borrowed are to be repaid over the course of the next three months, therefore the entire amount is due within one year. Total interest paid was \$39,031. The imputed interest rate is 18% per annum.

		Principal			F	Principal
	(Outstanding			Οι	utstanding
		6/30/2019	Additions	Reductions		6/30/2020
Charter School Capital	\$	514,100	\$ 1,612,400	\$ (1,598,500)	\$	528,000
Huntington Bank-PPP		-	293,350	-		293,350
	\$	514,100	\$ 1,905,750	\$ (1,598,500)	\$	821,350

<u>Paycheck Protection Program</u> – In May 2020, the School received a Paycheck Protection Program in the amount of \$293,500 loan extended pursuant to Sections 1102 and 1106 of the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (the "CARES Act"), any implementing regulations and U.S. Small Business Administration (the "SBA") rules. Pursuant to Section 1106 of the CARES Act, some or all of the loan may be forgiven subject to satisfaction of certain conditions. As a result, the School is required to follow an application process to receive any loan forgiveness. Thus the School will be eligible for forgiveness of the loan only in an amount equal to the sum of the following costs incurred and payments made during the 8-week period beginning on the date the loan is made. As of June 30 ,2020, the application for forgiveness has been deferred, however we do expect the loan to be forgiven.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (Continued)

20. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A summary of long-term obligation at June 30, 2020, is as follows:

<u>Invictus High School</u> – The School has a loan outstanding with Invictus High School, dated April 7, 2019, in the amount of \$100,000. This Note was for operating purposes. Terms of the loan provide for monthly payments of \$4,563, principal and interest, for 24 months at an annual interest rate of 6.0%.

	Principal			Principal	Amounts
	Outstanding			Outstanding	Due Within
	6/30/2019	Additions	Reductions	6/30/2020	One Year
Invictus High School	\$100,000	\$4,591	\$ -	\$104,591	\$48,221
Capital Leases	36,346	-	(15,613)	20,733	7,165
Total	\$136,346	\$4,591	\$ (15,613)	\$125,324	\$55,386

Capital Leases - See Note 21 for related information

21. CAPITALIZED LEASE OBLIGATIONS

The School entered into a capitalized lease for the acquisition of equipment. The lease meets the criteria of a capital lease as defined by the accounting standards, which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefit and risk of ownership to the lessee. This capital lease has been recorded as a capital asset at the present value of the minimum lease payments as of the inception date. The capital lease is recorded as Equipment of \$75,978 with accumulated depreciation of \$35,926. The School paid \$15,613 in principal and \$6,382 in interest for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

Fiscal Year	Capital Lease
2021	\$10,861
2022	7,176
2023	7,176
2024	3,577
Total	28,790
Less: Amount Representing Interest	(8,057)
Present Value of Minimum Payments	\$20,733

22. MANAGEMENT'S PLAN REGARDING DEFICIT NET POSITION

For fiscal year 2020, the School had an operating loss of \$834,374, a decrease in net position of \$352,273, and a cumulative net position deficit of \$3,402,085.

Management continues to take steps towards increasing student enrollment and containing costs, which would provide additional State funding and reduce expenses respectively, enabling the School to return to financial stability.

Green Inspiration Academy

Cuyahoga County, Ohio Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Last Seven Fiscal Years (1)

School Employees Retirement System (SERS)	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
School's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.00628630%	0.00557220%	0.00577210%	0.00558660%	0.00671170%	0.00478807%	0.00478800%
School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 376,120	\$ 319,130	\$ 344,870	\$ 408,888	\$ 382,976	\$ 242,318	\$ 284,727
School's Covered Payroll	\$ 204,363	\$ 188,726	\$ 20,821	\$ 233,143	\$ 516,684	\$ 122,706	\$ 422,081
School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	184.05%	169.10%	1656.32%	175.38%	74.12%	197.48%	67.46%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	70.85%	71.36%	69.50%	62.98%	69.16%	71.70%	65.52%
State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)							
School's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.00970078%	0.00628708%	0.00631364%	0.00625989%	0.00567229%	0.00642540%	0.00642540%
School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 2,145,269	\$ 1,382,388	\$ 1,499,819	\$ 2,095,374	\$ 1,567,656	\$ 1,562,880	\$ 1,861,672
School's Covered Payroll	\$ 1,138,907	\$ 714,736	\$ 694,100	\$ 602,100	\$ 797,486	\$ 753,946	\$ 1,071,385
School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	188.36%	193.41%	216.08%	348.01%	196.57%	207.29%	173.76%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	77.40%	77.31%	75.30%	66.80%	72.10%	74.70%	69.30%

(1) Information prior to 2014 is not available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the Academy's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

Green Inspiration Academy Cuyahoga County, Ohio

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability/(Asset) Last Four Fiscal Years (1)

	2020	2019	2018	2017
School Employees Retirement System (SERS)				
School's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	0.006166%	0.00528350%	0.00524490%	0.00831951%
School's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$ 155,049	\$ 146,579	\$ 140,759	\$ 237,137
School's Covered Payroll	\$ 204,363	\$ 188,726	\$ 20,821	\$ 233,143
School's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	75.87%	77.67%	676.03%	101.71%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	15.57%	13.57%	12.46%	11.49%
State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)				
School's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)	0.009701%	0.00628708%	0.00631364%	0.00625989%
School's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)	\$ (160,672)	\$ (101,027)	\$ 246,335	\$ 334,781
School's Covered Payroll	\$ 1,138,907	\$ 714,736	\$ 694,100	\$ 602,100
School's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability/(Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	-14.11%	-14.13%	35.49%	55.60%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability/(Asset)	174.70%	176.00%	47.10%	37.30%
(1) Information prior to 2017 is not available.				

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the Academy's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

Green Inspiration Academy Cuyahoga County, Ohio Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School's Contributions - Pension Last Ten Fiscal Years

School Employees Retirement System (SERS)	 2020	 2019	:	2018	 2017	2	016	:	2015	2	014		2013		2012	 2011
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 14,385	\$ 27,589	\$	25,478	\$ 2,915	\$	32,640	\$	68,099	\$	17,007	\$	58,416	\$	45,483	\$ 48,623
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	 (14,385)	 (27,589)		(25,478)	 (2,915)	(32,640)		(68,099)	(*	7,007)		(58,416)		(45,483)	 (48,623)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$	0	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 0
School's Covered Payroll	\$ 102,750	\$ 204,363	\$ 1	88,726	\$ 20,821	\$ 2	33,143	\$ 5	516,684	\$ 12	2,706	\$	422,081	\$	338,164	\$ 386,818
Pension Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.00%	13.50%		13.50%	14.00%		14.00%		13.18%		3.86%		13.84%		13.45%	12.57%
State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)																
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 163,105	\$ 159,447	\$ 1	00,063	\$ 97,174	\$	84,294	\$ 1	11,648	\$ 9	98,013	\$	139,280	\$	133,774	\$ 146,974
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	 (163,105)	 (159,447)	(1	00,063)	 (97,174)	(84,294)	(1	11,648)	(9	98,013)		(139,280)		(133,774)	 (146,974)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$	0	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 0
School's Covered Payroll	\$ 1,165,036	\$ 1,138,907	\$7	14,736	\$ 694,100	\$6	02,100	\$7	97,486	\$ 7	53,946	\$1	,071,385	\$1	,029,031	\$ 1,130,569
Pension Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.00%	14.00%		14.00%	14.00%		14.00%		14.00%		3.00%		13.00%		13.00%	13.00%

Green Inspiration Academy Cuyahoga County, Ohio Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School's Contributions - OPEB Last Ten Fiscal Years

School Employees Retirement System (SERS)		2020	 2019		2018		2017	:	2016	2	015	 2014		2013	 2012	 2011
Contractually Required Contribution (1)	\$	15,896	\$ 3,488	\$	970	\$	26	\$	15,614	\$	797	\$ 4,082	\$	0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution		(15,896)	 (3,488)		(970)		(26)		(15,614 <u>)</u>		(797)	 (4,082)		0	 0	 0
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	0	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 0	\$	0	\$ 0	\$ 0
School's Covered Payroll	\$	102,750	\$ 204,363	\$1	88,726	\$	20,821	\$ 2	233,143	\$5	16,684	\$ 122,706	\$	422,081	\$ 338,164	\$ 386,818
OPEB Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (1)		14.73%	1.71%		0.51%		0.12%		6.70%		0.15%	3.33%		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)																
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	0	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 7,539	\$	10,714	\$ 10,290	\$ 11,306
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution		0	 0		0		0		0		0	 (7,539)		(10,714)	 (10,290)	 (11,306)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	0	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 0	\$	0	\$ 0	\$ 0
School's Covered Payroll	\$ 1	,165,036	\$ 1,138,907	\$7	14,736	\$ 6	694,100	\$6	602,100	\$ 7	97,486	\$ 753,946	\$ ^	1,071,385	\$ 1,029,031	\$ 1,130,569
OPEB Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		0.00%	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	1.00%		1.00%	1.00%	1.00%

(1) Includes surcharge

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

PENSION

SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal years 2014-2017. For fiscal year 2018, SERS changed from a fixed 3% annual increase to a Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) based on the changed in the Consumer Price Index (CPI-W), with a cap of 2.5% and a floor of 0%. There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal years 2019-2020.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2014-2016. For fiscal year 2017, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%, (b) payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%, (c) assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%, (d) Rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality among active members was updated to RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females, (f) mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries was updated to the following RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates, (g) mortality among disabled members was updated to RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement and (h) the discount rate was reduced from 7.75% to 7.50%. There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2018-2020.

STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal years 2014-2017. For fiscal year 2018, STRS decreased the Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) to zero. There were no changes in benefit terms from amounts previously reported for fiscal years 2019-2020.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2014-2017. For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumption affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75% to 7.45%, (b) the inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75% to 2.50%, (c) the payroll growth assumption was lowered to 3.00%, (d) total salary increases rate was lowered by decreasing the merit component of the individual salary increases, in addition to a decrease of 0.25% due to lower inflation (e) the healthy and disabled mortality assumptions were updated to the RP-2014 mortality tables with generational improvement scale MP-2016 and (f) rates of retirement, termination and disability were modified to better reflect anticipated future experience. There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2020.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal years 2017-2020.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2017. For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%, (b) payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%, (c) assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%, (d) rates of withdrawal, retirement, and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality among active members was updated to the following: RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age set-back for both males and females, (f) mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries was updated to the following: RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates, (g) mortality among disabled members was updated to the following: RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement, (h) the municipal bond index rate increased from 2.92% to 3.56% and (i) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation increased from 2.98% to 3.63%. For fiscal year 2019, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate increased from 3.63% to 3.70%, (b) the health care cost trend rates for Medicare were changed from a range of 5.50%-5.00% to a range of 5.375%-4.75% and Pre-Medicare were changed from a range of 7.50%-5.00% to a range of 7.25%-4.75%, (c) the municipal bond index rate increased from 3.56% to 3.62% and (d) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation increased from 3.63% to 3.70%. For fiscal year 2020, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate decreased from 3.70% to 3.22%, (b) the health care cost trend rates for Medicare were changed from a range of 5.375%-4.75% to a range of 5.25%-4.75% and Pre-Medicare were changed from a range of 7.25%-4.75% to a range of 7.00%-4.75%, (c) the municipal bond index rate decreased from 3.62% to 3.13% and (d) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation decreased from 3.70% to 3.22%.

STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2017. For fiscal year 2018, STRS reduced the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients from 2.1% to 1.9% per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 2019. For fiscal year 2019, STRS increased the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients from 1.9% to 1.944% per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased January 1, 2019 and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020. For fiscal year 2020, STRS increase the subsidy percentage from 1.944% to 1.984% effectice January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2017. For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumption affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from 3.26% to 4.13% based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB), (b) the long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75% to 7.45%, (c) valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified, (d) the percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased and (e) the assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal and future health care cost trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs. For fiscal year 2019, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability/asset since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13% to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45% based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB) and (b) decrease in health care cost trend rates from 6.00%-11.00% initial; 4.50% ultimate down to Medical Pre-Medicare 6.00% and Medicare 5.00% initial; 4.00% ultimate and Prescription Drug Pre-Medicare 8.00% and Medicare (5.23%) initial; 4.00% ultimate. For fiscal year 2020, health care cost trend rates were changed to the following: medical pre-medicare from 6.00% initial - 4.00% ultimate down to 5.87% initial - 4.00% ultimate; medical medicare from 5.00% initial - 4.00% ultimate down to 4.93% initial - 4.00% ultimate; prescription drug pre-medicare from 8.00% initial - 4.00% ultimate down to 7.73% initial - 4.00% ultimate and (5.23%) initial - 4.00% ultimate up to 9.62% initial -4.00% ultimate.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN <u>ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS</u>

Green Inspiration Academy Cuyahoga County 4265 Northfield Road Highland Hills, Ohio 44128

To the Board of Directors:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Green Inspiration Academy, Cuyahoga County, Ohio (the Academy), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Academy's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 18, 2021. We noted the financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the Academy. We also noted that the School suffered recurring losses from operations and has a net position deficit of \$3,402,085, including the net effect of net pension liability, net OPEB liability/asset and related accruals totaling \$1,780,220, that raises substantial doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Academy's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Academy's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Academy's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Academy's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Therefore, unidentified material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings that we consider a material weakness. We consider finding 2020-001 to be a material weakness.

Green Inspiration Academy Cuyahoga County Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Academy's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*, which is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings as item 2020-002.

We also noted certain matters not requiring inclusion in this report that we reported to the Academy's management in a separate letter dated January 18, 2021.

Entity's Responses to Findings

The Academy's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Corrective Action Plan. We did not audit the Academy's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Academy's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Academy's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Charles Having Association

Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc. January 18, 2021

Green Inspiration Academy Cuyahoga County Schedule of Findings June 30, 2020

Findings Related to the Financial Statements Required to be Reported in Accordance with GAGAS

Finding Number: 2020-001 – Material Weakness

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

During testing of pension and OPEB accruals, we noted the following calculation errors. The Academy utilized the incorrect change in proportionate share amount for pension and OPEB. This caused the calculation of deferred outflows of resources related to pension to be overstated by \$211,619, the deferred inflows of resources related to pension to be understated by \$4,713, the deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB to be overstated by \$57,607, the deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB to be understated by \$7,570, and the pension/OPEB expense to be understated by \$281,509.

We recommend the Treasurer work with the contracted accountant completing the calculations to ensure they are correct and that the financial statements are thoroughly reviewed by the Treasurer prior to submitting them for audit.

Management's Response:

See Corrective Action Plan.

Finding Number: 2020-002 – Material Noncompliance

EMIS Testing Documentation

ORC §3314.03 (A) (28) states that "the school's attendance and participation records shall be made available to the department of education, auditor of state, and school's sponsor to the extent permitted under and in accordance with the "Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974," 88 Stat. 571, 20 U.S.C. 1232g, as amended, and any regulations promulgated under that act, and section 3319.321 of the Revised Code."

During testing, we noted that the School did not provide us with adequate documentation for multiple requests. Notably, the School did not provide backup supporting the withdrawal code used for all five selections. In addition, the School did not provide a signed enrollment form for three out of ten selections.

We recommend that the School review its policies for retaining student documentation and inform its staff of the required procedures for compliance with the Ohio Revised Code.

Management's Response:

See Corrective Action Plan.

Green Inspiration Academy Cuyahoga County Corrective Action Plan (Prepared by Management) June 30, 2020

Finding Number	Planned Corrective Action	Anticipated Completion Date	Responsible Contact Person
2020-001	Management understands the miscalculation and will work with the auditors on the next audit to correct. The correction was made to the financial statements to assist with next years' beginning balances.	June 30, 2021	Darlene Holt, Treasurer
2020-002	School enrollment personnel have had extensive training on proper required documentation for enrollment in school in order to comply with rules set forth by the School and State requirements. Staff have also been trained on proper retention of student data files and completeness of documents required to be maintained in the cumulative files. The staff will complete records checks to ensure proper information is maintained in the student's files as well as proper coding is reporting in EMIS for completeness.	June 30, 2021	Darlene Holt, Treasurer



GREEN INSPIRATION ACADEMY

CUYAHOGA COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 4/20/2021

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370