

Certified Public Accountants, A.C.

GROVEPORT MADISON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT FRANKLIN COUNTY SINGLE AUDIT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020



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Board of Education Groveport Madison Local School District 4400 Marketing Place, Suite B Groveport, Ohio 43125

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Groveport Madison Local School District, Franklin County, prepared by Perry & Associates, Certified Public Accountants, A.C., for the audit period July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2020. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Groveport Madison Local School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

March 24, 2021



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

December 29, 2020

Groveport Madison Local School District Franklin County 4400 Marketing Place, Suite B Groveport, Ohio 43125

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of **Groveport Madison Local School District**, Franklin County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

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Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Groveport Madison Local School District, Franklin County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 20 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the District. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's discussion and analysis*, and schedules of net pension and other post-employment benefit liabilities and pension and other post-employment benefit contributions listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the District's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The schedule is management's responsibility, and derives from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected the schedule to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling the schedule directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Groveport Madison Local School District Franklin County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

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In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 29, 2020, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Perry and Associates

Certified Public Accountants, A.C.

Marietta, Ohio

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 UNAUDITED

As management of the Groveport Madison Local School District (the District), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and notes to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

- The liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the District exceeded its assets and deferred outflows
 of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$4.6 million (negative net position), a decrease
 of \$14.1 million during the fiscal year.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$24.8 million, a decrease of \$10 million from the close of the prior fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

All activities of the District are accounted for as governmental activities. These activities include instruction, support services, non-instructional services, co-curricular activities, interest and fiscal charges, and issuance costs.

The reader will also need to consider non-financial factors such as property tax base, current property tax laws, student enrollment growth, and facility conditions in arriving at their conclusion regarding the overall health of the District.

Fund Financial Statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 UNAUDITED

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains 17 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, which is considered to be a major fund. Data from the other 16 governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Proprietary Funds. Proprietary funds use the accrual basis of accounting; the same as on the entity-wide statements. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the District's various funds. The District uses an internal service fund to account for health claims and premiums. Because these services predominately benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the governmental-wide financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used in the private sector.

Notes to the basic financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents required supplementary information concerning the District's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension and other post-employment benefits to its employees.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceed assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$4.6 million at the close of the current fiscal year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 UNAUDITED

A comparative analysis of fiscal year 2020 to 2019 follows for the Statement of Net Position:

Governmental Activities

	2020	2019	Percent Change
Current and Other Assets	\$ 87,902,155	\$ 79,037,179	11.2%
Capital Assets, Net Total Assets	76,694,398 164,596,553	79,944,398 158,981,577	-4.1% 3.5%
Deferred Outflows of Resources	20,181,253	25,976,921	-22.3%
Current Liabilities Long-term Liabilities	9,760,275	10,377,023	-5.9%
Other Long-term Liabilities	50,612,897	52,259,094	-3.2%
Net Pension Liability	74,598,537	72,812,797	2.5%
Net OPEB Liability	6,720,579	7,525,810	-10.7%
Total Liabilities	141,692,288	142,974,724	-0.9%
Deferred Inflows of Resources	47,662,238	32,459,359	46.8%
Net Investment in Capital Assets	31,888,452	33,263,709	-4.1%
Restricted	8,041,971	7,922,370	1.5%
Unrestricted	(44,507,143)	(31,661,664)	-40.6%
Total Net Position	\$ (4,576,720)	\$ 9,524,415	148.1%

Current and Other Assets increased significantly in comparison with the prior fiscal year-end. This increase is primarily due to an increases in cash and cash equivalents related to District's self-insurance program and property taxes receivable related to subsequent year collections. Capital Assets, Net, and Net Investment in Capital Assets both decreased significantly in comparison with the prior fiscal year-end. These decreases primarily represent current year depreciation on capital assets.

Current Liabilities decreased due to a decrease in liabilities related to the OFCC project. Long-term Liabilities decreased due to scheduled principal payments. The net pension and net OPEB liabilities and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources all fluctuated significantly in comparison with the prior fiscal year-end. These fluctuations are primarily the result of changes in benefit terms, changes in actuarial assumptions, and greater than expected returns on pension plan investments.

A portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, furniture and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 UNAUDITED

An additional portion of the District's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

A comparative analysis of fiscal year 2020 to 2019 follows for the Changes in Net Position:

Governmental Activities

	 2020	 2019	Percent Change
Program Revenues	 _	_	
Charges for Services	\$ 1,910,719	\$ 1,957,519	-2.4%
Operating Grants and Contributions	9,874,278	7,747,862	27.4%
General Revenues			
Property Taxes	26,199,861	38,384,139	-31.7%
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	2,389,616	1,887,473	26.6%
Unrestricted Grants and Entitlements	45,026,505	46,081,225	-2.3%
Unrestricted Gifts and Donations	227,569	-	100.0%
Sale of Assets	8,597	-	100.0%
Investment Earnings	844,428	996,374	-15.2%
Miscellaneous	341,065	190,886	78.7%
Total Revenues	86,822,638	97,245,478	-10.7%
Program Expenses			
Instructional	59,225,950	47,704,053	24.2%
Support Services	34,678,713	29,143,691	19.0%
Co-Curricular Activities	1,265,203	1,029,015	23.0%
Non-instructional Services	3,961,679	3,988,785	-0.7%
Interest and Fiscal Charges	1,762,228	1,806,953	-2.5%
Issuance Costs	30,000	-	100.0%
Total Expenses	100,923,773	83,672,497	20.6%
Change in Net Position	(14,101,135)	13,572,981	-203.9%
Net Position, Beginning of Fiscal Year	9,524,415	(4,048,566)	
Net Position, End of Fiscal Year	\$ (4,576,720)	\$ 9,524,415	

Operating grants and contributions increased primarily due to an increase in Title IV-A funding in addition to funding for the new Student Wellness and Success state program. Property taxes decreased significantly due to a \$12 million decrease in amounts available for advance between years. Unrestricted grants and entitlements decreased due to a decrease in state foundation funding as a result of state budget cuts caused by the COVID-19 pandemic.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 UNAUDITED

Total Expenses increased significantly in comparison with the prior fiscal year. This increase is primarily the result of a net expense of \$11.9 million related to pension and OPEB for the current fiscal year compared to a negative net pension/OPEB expense of \$0.2 million in the prior fiscal year. This increase in net pension/OPEB expense, primarily the result of changes in benefit terms, changes in actuarial assumptions, and greater than expected returns on pension plan investments, resulted in an increase in total expenses, allocated amongst the various expense functions, of \$12.1 million. Additionally, there were increases in various functions due to increases in personnel costs, especially as attributed to the additional funding received for Title I and the Student Wellness and Success program.

The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The table below reflects the costs of program services and the net cost of those services after taking into account program revenues. General revenues including tax revenue, unrestricted State entitlements and investment earnings must support the net cost of program services.

A comparative analysis of fiscal year 2020 to 2019 follows:

	Total Cost of Services 2020		Total Cost of Services 2019		Net Cost of Services 2020		Net Cost of Services 2019	
Program Expenses		21 11003 2020		2111003 2010		21 11003 2020		2111003 2010
Instructional	\$	59,225,950	\$	47,704,053	\$	54,849,670	\$	43,873,616
Support Services		34,678,713		29,143,691		31,078,825		27,088,611
Non-instructional Services		3,961,679		3,988,785		400,095		430,076
Co-Curricular Activities		1,265,203		1,029,015		1,017,958		767,860
Interest and Fiscal Charges		1,762,228		1,806,953		1,762,228		1,806,953
Issuance Costs		30,000		-		30,000		
Total	\$	100,923,773	\$	83,672,497	\$	89,138,776	\$	73,967,116

General revenues, consisting primarily of local property taxes and unrestricted state entitlements, comprise 82% of the District's total revenues. The net cost of services column highlights the District's reliance upon general revenues reflecting the need for \$89.1 million in support.

The property tax laws in Ohio create the need to periodically seek voter approval for additional operating funds. Tax revenues generated from a levy do not increase as a result of inflation. An operating levy is approved for a fixed millage rate, but the rate is reduced for inflation with the effect of providing the District the same amount of tax dollars as originally approved. Therefore, school districts such as ours that are dependent upon property taxes as a primary source of revenue must periodically return to the ballot and ask voters for additional resources to maintain current programs. Since the District must rely heavily on voter approval of operating tax issues, management of the resources is of paramount concern to the District's administration and the voting public.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 UNAUDITED

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$24.8 million, a decrease of \$10 million from the prior fiscal year.

The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance for June 30, 2020 and 2019.

	Fund Balance June 30, 2020	Fund Balance June 30, 2019	Change		
General Fund Other Governmental Funds Total	\$ 16,701,340 8,077,605 \$ 24,778,945	\$ 26,258,383 8,548,993 \$ 34,807,376	\$ (9,557,043)		

General Fund

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the District. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance in the General Fund was \$12.3 million, while total fund balance was \$16.7 million.

A comparative analysis of fiscal year 2020 to 2019 General Fund revenues is as follows:

	Fiscal Year 2020	Fiscal Year 2019	Percent Change
Property Taxes	\$ 23,410,111	\$ 34,874,778	-32.9%
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	1,858,279	1,907,698	-2.6%
Intergovernmental	44,879,965	45,928,303	-2.3%
Investment Income	700,935	753,116	-6.9%
Tuition and Fees	1,292,374	842,926	53.3%
Charges for Services	46,271	52,695	-12.2%
Other	604,532	358,288	68.7%
Total	\$ 72,792,467	\$ 84,717,804	-14.1%

Property taxes decreased significantly due to a \$12 million decrease in amounts available for advance between years. Intergovernmental revenue decreased due to a decrease in state foundation funding. Tuition and Fees increased primarily as a result of an increase of tuition funding received through the state foundation.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 UNAUDITED

A comparative analysis of fiscal year 2020 to 2019 General Fund expenditures is as follows:

		Fiscal Year 2020					Percent Change
Instruction	\$	53,909,985	\$	51,926,189	3.8%		
Support Services		26,273,100		27,969,268	-6.1%		
Non-instructional Services		198,396		252,595	-21.5%		
Co-curricular Activities		898,141		849,350	5.7%		
Capital Outlay		22,170		8,667	155.8%		
Debt Service		121,057		121,057	0.0%		
Total	\$	81,422,849	\$	81,127,126	0.4%		

Total Expenses increased slightly in comparison with the prior fiscal year. This increase is primarily the result of increases in employee salary and fringe benefit costs.

General Fund Budget Information

The District's budget is prepared in accordance with Ohio law and is based on the budgetary basis of accounting, utilizing cash receipts and disbursements and encumbrances. Changes are made to the District's budget as changes in revenues and spending patterns are experienced.

The variances between the District's original and final estimated resources and between final estimated resources and actual were both significant, primarily due to fluctuations in estimated property taxes and then actual receipts.

The variances between the District's original and final appropriation measures and final appropriation measure and actual budgetary expenditures were both significant. These variances are the result of conservative budgeting practices employed by the District.

Capital Assets

At fiscal year-end, the District had approximately \$76.7 million in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, a \$3.2 million decrease from the previous fiscal year. This decrease represents the amount by which current year depreciation (\$3.4 million) exceeded capital outlays (\$0.2 million) and deletions, net (\$7,201). Detailed information regarding capital asset activity can be found in Note 9 to the basic financial statements.

Debt

At fiscal year-end, the District had \$48.1 million in outstanding long-term bonds, notes and certificates of participation, a decrease of \$1.5 million in comparison with the prior fiscal year. This decrease represents the amount in which current year principal payments (\$1.8 million), bonds refunded (\$3.0 million) and amortization (\$76,109) exceeded current year issuances (\$3.2 million) and accretion (\$25,688). Detailed information regarding general long-term obligations can be found in Note 10 to the basic financial statements.

Under current state statutes, the District's general obligation bonded debt issues are subject to a legal limitation based on 9% of the total taxable valuation of real and personal property. At fiscal year-end, the District's general obligation debt was below the legal limit.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 UNAUDITED

Currently Known Facts

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the District. The District's investment portfolio and the investments of the pension and other employee benefit plan in which the District participates have incurred a decline in fair value, consistent with the general decline in financial markets. However, because the values of individual investments fluctuate with market conditions, and due to market volatility, the amount of losses that will be recognized in subsequent periods, if any, cannot be determined. In addition, the impact on the District's future operating costs, revenues, and any recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to reflect the District's accountability for the monies it receives. Questions concerning any of the information in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Treasurer's Office, Groveport Madison Local School District, 4400 Marketing Place, Suite B, Groveport, Ohio 43125.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AS OF JUNE 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities
Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Property Taxes Receivable Payments in Lieu of Taxes Receivable	\$ 37,268,527 1,241,172 40,043,140 1,828,418
Accounts Receivable Interest Receivable Due From Other Governments	174,366 36,592 2,839,836
Inventory Held for Resale Net OPEB Asset	54,668 4,415,436
Nondepreciable Capital Assets Depreciable Capital Assets, Net Total Assets	1,801,382 74,893,016 164,596,553
Deferred Outflows of Resources: Deferred Amount on Refunding	862,598
Pension OPEB	17,047,563 2,271,092
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources Liabilities	20,181,253
Accounts Payable Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	493,566 7,156,404
Due To Other Governments Unearned Revenue Accrued Interest Payable	1,155,236 2,696 363,373
Claims Payable Long-Term Liabilities:	589,000
Due Within One Year Due in More Than One Year Other Amounts Due in More Than One Year	2,198,328
Net Pension Liability Net OPEB Liability	48,414,569 74,598,537 6,720,579
Total Liabilities	141,692,288
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Property and Other Local Taxes Pension	36,349,366 3,815,341
OPEB Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	7,497,531 47,662,238
Net Position: Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted:	31,888,452
Food Services Permanent Improvements	820,000 1,706,331
Capital Projects Co-Curricular Activities	3,154,775 149,160
State Funded Programs Federally Funded Programs Debt Service	371,848 13,623
Classroom Facilities Maintenance Unrestricted	1,031,881 794,353 (44,507,143)
Total Net Position	\$ (4,576,720)

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

				Program	Revenu	es	Reve	let (Expense) nue and Changes n Net Position
		Expenses		Charges for Services		erating Grants Contributions	G	Sovernmental Activities
Governmental Activities		Ехропосо		00111000		CONTRIBUTION		71011711100
Instruction								
Regular	\$	40,726,169	\$	942,873	\$	347,107	\$	(39,436,189)
Special		17,889,402		387,169		2,681,316		(14,820,917)
Vocational		604,806		13,367		-		(591,439)
Other		5,573		126		4,322		(1,125)
Support Services Pupils		5,583,553				1,659,144		(3,924,409)
Instructional Staff		1,730,560		-		516,395		(1,214,165)
Board of Education		567,664		_		-		(567,664)
Administration		7,185,504		35,118		793,584		(6,356,802)
Fiscal		1,998,977		-		-		(1,998,977)
Business		51,745		-		-		(51,745)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		9,570,468		-		21,691		(9,548,777)
Pupil Transportation		6,319,450		-		573,956		(5,745,494)
Central		1,670,792		-		-		(1,670,792)
Non-instructional Services		3,961,679		325,300		3,236,284		(400,095)
Co-Curricular Activities		1,265,203		206,766		40,479		(1,017,958)
Interest and Fiscal Charges		1,762,228		-		-		(1,762,228)
Issuance Costs	Ф.	30,000	Ф.	1 010 710	Ф.	0.074.070		(30,000)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	100,923,773	\$	1,910,719	\$	9,874,278	:	(89,138,776)
	Pro G Bo Po Pay Unr Unr Sal	ral Revenues: perty Taxes Levie eneral Purposes and Retirement ermanent Improve ments in Lieu of restricted Grants are estricted Gifts and e of Assets estment Earnings	ements Faxes and Enti					24,460,054 813,664 926,143 2,389,616 45,026,505 227,569 8,597 844,428
		cellaneous						341,065
		General Revenue	:S					75,037,641
	Chan	ge in Net Position						(14,101,135)
	Net P	osition Beginning	of Fisc	al Year				9,524,415
		osition End of Fis					\$	(4,576,720)

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AS OF JUNE 30, 2020

Assetts: Cash and Cash Equivalents \$ 20,897,359 \$ 8,004,946 \$ 28,902,305 Investments 743,045 498,127 1,241,172 Receivables: 1,228,418 498,127 1,241,172 Property Taxes 37,194,148 2,848,992 40,043,140 Payments in Lieu of Taxes 1,828,418 - 1,828,418 Accounts 174,263 103 174,366 Interest 34,248 2,344 36,592 Due From Other Governments 424,893 2,414,943 2,839,836 Interfund Receivable 346,163 - 346,163 Inventory Held for Resale - 5,668 54,668 Total Assets 61,642,537 \$13,824,123 \$75,466,608 Total Liabilities: Current Liabilities - 2,696 2,696 Current Liabilities 4,324,24 11,303,334 118,902 1,155,236 Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable 6,359,237 797,167 7,156,404 Due to Other Governments 1,306,334 118,902 <t< th=""><th>Acceptan</th><th>General Fund</th><th>Other Governmental Funds</th><th>Total Governmental Funds</th></t<>	Acceptan	General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Investments 743,045 498,127 1,241,172 Receivables: 270,045 498,127 40,043,140 2,848,992 40,043,140 2,948,991 40,043,140 2,848,992 40,043,140 2,948,145 1,828,418 - 1,828,418 3,6592 34,248 2,344 36,592 34,248 2,344 36,592 34,248 2,344 36,592 346,163 3,6468 346,163 3,6468 346,163 3,6468 346,163 3,6468 346,163 3,6468 346,163 3,6468 346,163 3,6468 346,163 3,6468 346,163 3,6468 346,163 3,646,163		¢ 20 807 350	\$ 9,004,046	¢ 28 002 305
Receivables:	·			
Property Taxes		7 40,040	400,127	1,231,172
Payments in Lieu of Taxes		37,194,148	2,848,992	40,043,140
Interest 34,248 2,344 36,592 2,839,386 2,414,943 2,839,386 2,414,943 2,839,386 3,46163 3,46163 3,46163 3,46168			-	
Due From Other Governments	Accounts	174,263	103	174,366
Interfund Receivable 346,163 54,668 54,668 10 Inventory Held for Resale - 54,668 54,668 Total Assets \$61,642,537 \$13,824,123 \$75,466,660 Current Liabilities:	Interest	34,248	2,344	36,592
Inventory Held for Resale			2,414,943	
Total Assets		346,163	-	
Liabilities: Current Liabilities: 390,428 \$ 103,138 \$ 493,566 Accounts Payable 6,359,237 797,167 7,156,404 Due to Other Governments 1,036,334 118,902 1,155,236 Unearned Revenue - 2,696 2,696 Compensated Absences Payable 12,110 - 12,110 Interfund Payable - 346,163 346,163 Total Liabilities 7,798,109 1,368,066 9,166,175 Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable Revenue 3,348,019 1,824,155 5,172,174 Property and Other Local Taxes 33,795,069 2,554,297 36,349,366 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 37,143,088 4,378,452 41,521,540 Fund Balances: Restricted: Food Services Festicited: - 820,000 820,000 Permanent Improvements - 820,000 820,000 Permanent Improvements - 1,643,848 1,643,848		-		
Current Liabilities:	Total Assets	\$ 61,642,537	\$ 13,824,123	\$ 75,466,660
Current Liabilities: Accounts Payable \$390,428 \$103,138 \$493,566 Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable 6,359,237 797,167 7,156,404 Due to Other Governments 1,036,334 118,902 1,155,236 Unearned Revenue - 2,696 2,696 Compensated Absences Payable 12,110 - 12,110 Interfund Payable - 346,163 346,163 346,163 Total Liabilities 7,798,109 1,368,066 9,166,175 Total Liabilities 7,798,109 1,368,066 9,166,175 Total Liabilities 7,798,109 1,824,155 5,172,174 Property and Other Local Taxes 33,795,069 2,554,297 36,349,366 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 37,143,088 4,378,452 41,521,540 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources - 820,000 820,000 Permanent Improvements - 1,643,848 1,643,848 Capital Projects - 3,520,474 3,520,474 Co-Curricular Activities - 149,160 149,160 149,160 State Funded Programs - 3,194,160 149,160 State Funded Programs - 3,390 3,390 Debt Service - 959,537 959,537 Classroom Facilities Maintenance - 792,009 792,009 Committed: Severance 265,411 - 265,411 Assigned: Public School Support 165,579 - 165,579 Support Services 346,829 - 346,829 Future Appropriations 3,590,347 - 3,590,347 Unassigned 12,333,174 (182,661) 12,150,513 Total Fund Balances 16,701,340 8,077,605 24,778,945 Total Liabilites, Deferred Inflows of	Linkilition			
Accounts Payable \$ 390,428 \$ 103,138 \$ 493,566 Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable 6,359,237 797,167 7,156,404 Due to Other Governments 1,036,334 118,902 1,155,236 Unearned Revenue - 2,696 2,696 Compensated Absences Payable 12,110 - 12,110 Interfund Payable - 346,163 346,163 Total Liabilities 7,798,109 1,368,066 9,166,175 Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable Revenue 3,348,019 1,824,155 5,172,174 Property and Other Local Taxes 33,795,069 2,554,297 36,349,366 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 37,143,088 4,378,452 41,521,540 Fund Balances: Restricted: - 820,000 820,000 Permanent Improvements - 820,000 820,000 Permanent Improvements - 1,643,848 1,643,848 Capital Projects - 3,520,474 3,520,474 Co-C				
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable 6,359,237 797,167 7,156,404 Due to Other Governments 1,036,334 118,902 1,155,236 Unearned Revenue - 2,696 2,696 Compensated Absences Payable 12,110 - 12,110 Interfund Payable - 346,163 346,163 Total Liabilities 7,798,109 1,368,066 9,166,175 Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable Revenue 3,348,019 1,824,155 5,172,174 Property and Other Local Taxes 33,795,069 2,554,297 36,349,366 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 37,143,088 4,378,452 41,521,540 Fund Balances: Restricted: Food Services - 820,000 820,000 Permanent Improvements - 820,000 820,000 Permanent Improvements - 1,643,848 1,643,848 Capital Projects - 820,000 820,000 Permanent Improvements - 1,643,848		\$ 390 428	\$ 103.138	\$ 493,566
Due to Other Governments 1,036,334 118,902 1,155,236 Unearned Revenue - 2,696 2,696 Compensated Absences Payable Interfund Payable - 346,163 346,163 Total Liabilities 7,798,109 1,368,066 9,166,175 Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable Revenue 3,348,019 1,824,155 5,172,174 Property and Other Local Taxes 33,795,069 2,554,297 36,349,366 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 37,143,088 4,378,452 41,521,540 Fund Balances: Restricted: Food Services - 820,000 820,000 Permanent Improvements - 1,643,848 1,643,848 Capital Projects - 3,520,474 3,520,474 Co-Curricular Activities - 149,160				
Unearned Revenue - 2,696 2,696 Compensated Absences Payable 12,110 - 12,110 Interfund Payable - 346,163 346,163 Total Liabilities 7,798,109 1,368,066 9,166,175 Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable Revenue 3,348,019 1,824,155 5,172,174 Property and Other Local Taxes 33,795,069 2,554,297 36,349,366 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 37,143,088 4,378,452 41,521,540 Fund Balances: Restricted: Food Services - 820,000 820,000 Permanent Improvements - 820,000 820,000 820,000 Permanent Improvements - 1,643,848 1,643,848 1,643,848 Capital Projects - 1,643,848 1,449,160 149,160 149,160 149,160 149,160 149,160 149,160 149,160 149,160 149,160 149,160 149,160 149,160 149,160 149,160 149,160 149,160<				
Interfund Payable	Unearned Revenue	-		
Deferred Inflows of Resources: 7,798,109 1,368,066 9,166,175 Unavailable Revenue 3,348,019 1,824,155 5,172,174 Property and Other Local Taxes 33,795,069 2,554,297 36,349,366 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 37,143,088 4,378,452 41,521,540 Fund Balances: Restricted: Food Services - 820,000 820,000 Permanent Improvements - 1,643,848 1,643,848 1,643,848 Capital Projects - 1,643,848 </td <td>Compensated Absences Payable</td> <td>12,110</td> <td>-</td> <td>12,110</td>	Compensated Absences Payable	12,110	-	12,110
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable Revenue 3,348,019 1,824,155 5,172,174 Property and Other Local Taxes 33,795,069 2,554,297 36,349,366 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 37,143,088 4,378,452 41,521,540 Fund Balances: Restricted: Food Services - 820,000 820,000 Permanent Improvements - 1,643,848 1,643,848 Capital Projects - 3,520,474 3,520,474 Co-Curricular Activities - 149,160 149,160 State Funded Programs - 371,848 371,848 Federally Funded Programs - 3,390 3,390 Debt Service - 959,537 959,537 Classroom Facilities Maintenance - 792,009 792,009 Committed: Severance 265,411 - 265,411 Assigned: - 165,579 - 165,579 Support Services 346,829 - 3,590,3				
Unavailable Revenue 3,348,019 1,824,155 5,172,174 Property and Other Local Taxes 33,795,069 2,554,297 36,349,366 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 37,143,088 4,378,452 41,521,540 Fund Balances: Restricted: Food Services - 820,000 820,000 Permanent Improvements - 1,643,848 1,643,848 Capital Projects - 3,520,474 3,520,474 Co-Curricular Activities - 149,160 149,160 State Funded Programs - 371,848 371,848 Federally Funded Programs - 3,390 3,390 Debt Service - 959,537 959,537 Classroom Facilities Maintenance - 792,009 792,009 Committed: Severance 265,411 - 265,411 Assigned: - 165,579 - 165,579 Support Services 346,829 - 346,829 Future Appropriations 3,590,347 -	Total Liabilities	7,798,109	1,368,066	9,166,175
Unavailable Revenue 3,348,019 1,824,155 5,172,174 Property and Other Local Taxes 33,795,069 2,554,297 36,349,366 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 37,143,088 4,378,452 41,521,540 Fund Balances: Restricted: Food Services - 820,000 820,000 Permanent Improvements - 1,643,848 1,643,848 Capital Projects - 3,520,474 3,520,474 Co-Curricular Activities - 149,160 149,160 State Funded Programs - 371,848 371,848 Federally Funded Programs - 3,390 3,390 Debt Service - 959,537 959,537 Classroom Facilities Maintenance - 792,009 792,009 Committed: Severance 265,411 - 265,411 Assigned: - 165,579 - 165,579 Support Services 346,829 - 346,829 Future Appropriations 3,590,347 -	Defermed Inflance of Decomposit			
Property and Other Local Taxes 33,795,069 2,554,297 36,349,366 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 37,143,088 4,378,452 41,521,540 Fund Balances: Restricted: Food Services - 820,000 820,000 Permanent Improvements - 1,643,848 1,643,848 Capital Projects - 3,520,474 3,520,474 Co-Curricular Activities - 149,160 149,160 State Funded Programs - 371,848 371,848 Federally Funded Programs - 959,537 959,537 Classroom Facilities Maintenance - 792,009 792,009 Committed: Severance 265,411 - 265,411 Assigned: - 165,579 - 165,579 Support Services 346,829 - 346,829 Future Appropriations 3,590,347 - 3,590,347 Unassigned 12,333,174 (182,661) 12,150,513 Total Fund Balances 16,701,340 <t< td=""><td></td><td>2 240 040</td><td>1 924 155</td><td>5 170 17<i>1</i></td></t<>		2 240 040	1 924 155	5 170 17 <i>1</i>
Fund Balances: 37,143,088 4,378,452 41,521,540 Fund Balances: Restricted: Food Services - 820,000 820,000 Permanent Improvements - 1,643,848 1,643,848 Capital Projects - 3,520,474 3,520,474 Co-Curricular Activities - 149,160 149,160 State Funded Programs - 371,848 371,848 Federally Funded Programs - 3,390 3,390 Debt Service - 959,537 959,537 Classroom Facilities Maintenance - 792,009 792,009 Committed: Severance 265,411 - 265,411 Assigned: - 165,579 - 165,579 Support Services 346,829 - 346,829 Future Appropriations 3,590,347 - 3,590,347 Unassigned 12,333,174 (182,661) 12,150,513 Total Fund Balances 16,701,340				
Fund Balances: Restricted: Food Services - 820,000 820,000 Permanent Improvements - 1,643,848 1,643,848 Capital Projects - 3,520,474 3,520,474 Co-Curricular Activities - 149,160 149,160 State Funded Programs - 371,848 371,848 Federally Funded Programs - 3,390 3,390 Debt Service - 959,537 959,537 Classroom Facilities Maintenance - 792,009 792,009 Committed: Severance 265,411 - 265,411 Assigned: Public School Support 165,579 - 165,579 Support Services 346,829 - 346,829 Future Appropriations 3,590,347 - 3,590,347 Unassigned 12,333,174 (182,661) 12,150,513 Total Fund Balances 16,701,340 8,077,605 24,778,945				
Restricted: Food Services - 820,000 820,000 Permanent Improvements - 1,643,848 1,643,848 Capital Projects - 3,520,474 3,520,474 Co-Curricular Activities - 149,160 149,160 State Funded Programs - 371,848 371,848 Federally Funded Programs - 3,390 3,390 Debt Service - 959,537 959,537 Classroom Facilities Maintenance - 792,009 792,009 Committed: Severance 265,411 - 265,411 Assigned: - 265,411 - 265,411 Assigned: - 346,829 - 165,579 Support Services 346,829 - 346,829 Future Appropriations 3,590,347 - 3,590,347 Unassigned 12,333,174 (182,661) 12,150,513 Total Fund Balances 16,701,340 8,077,605 24,778,945				
Food Services - 820,000 820,000 Permanent Improvements - 1,643,848 1,643,848 Capital Projects - 3,520,474 3,520,474 Co-Curricular Activities - 149,160 149,160 State Funded Programs - 371,848 371,848 Federally Funded Programs - 3,390 3,390 Debt Service - 959,537 959,537 Classroom Facilities Maintenance - 792,009 792,009 Committed: Severance 265,411 - 265,411 Assigned: - 165,579 - 165,579 Support Services 346,829 - 346,829 Future Appropriations 3,590,347 - 3,590,347 Unassigned 12,333,174 (182,661) 12,150,513 Total Fund Balances 16,701,340 8,077,605 24,778,945				
Permanent Improvements - 1,643,848 1,643,848 Capital Projects - 3,520,474 3,520,474 Co-Curricular Activities - 149,160 149,160 State Funded Programs - 371,848 371,848 Federally Funded Programs - 3,390 3,390 Debt Service - 959,537 959,537 Classroom Facilities Maintenance - 792,009 792,009 Committed: Severance 265,411 - 265,411 Assigned: Public School Support 165,579 - 165,579 Support Services 346,829 - 346,829 Future Appropriations 3,590,347 - 3,590,347 Unassigned 12,333,174 (182,661) 12,150,513 Total Fund Balances 16,701,340 8,077,605 24,778,945			222 222	222.222
Capital Projects - 3,520,474 3,520,474 Co-Curricular Activities - 149,160 149,160 State Funded Programs - 371,848 371,848 Federally Funded Programs - 3,390 3,390 Debt Service - 959,537 959,537 Classroom Facilities Maintenance - 792,009 792,009 Committed: Severance 265,411 - 265,411 Assigned: Public School Support 165,579 - 165,579 Support Services 346,829 - 346,829 Future Appropriations 3,590,347 - 3,590,347 Unassigned 12,333,174 (182,661) 12,150,513 Total Fund Balances 16,701,340 8,077,605 24,778,945		-		
Co-Curricular Activities - 149,160 149,160 State Funded Programs - 371,848 371,848 Federally Funded Programs - 3,390 3,390 Debt Service - 959,537 959,537 Classroom Facilities Maintenance - 792,009 792,009 Committed: Severance 265,411 - 265,411 Assigned: - 165,579 - 165,579 Support Services 346,829 - 346,829 Future Appropriations 3,590,347 - 3,590,347 Unassigned 12,333,174 (182,661) 12,150,513 Total Fund Balances 16,701,340 8,077,605 24,778,945		-		
State Funded Programs - 371,848 371,848 Federally Funded Programs - 3,390 3,390 Debt Service - 959,537 959,537 Classroom Facilities Maintenance - 792,009 792,009 Committed: Severance 265,411 - 265,411 Assigned: Public School Support 165,579 - 165,579 Support Services 346,829 - 346,829 Future Appropriations 3,590,347 - 3,590,347 Unassigned 12,333,174 (182,661) 12,150,513 Total Fund Balances 16,701,340 8,077,605 24,778,945		-		
Federally Funded Programs - 3,390 3,390 Debt Service - 959,537 959,537 Classroom Facilities Maintenance - 792,009 792,009 Committed: Severance 265,411 - 265,411 Assigned: Public School Support 165,579 - 165,579 Support Services 346,829 - 346,829 Future Appropriations 3,590,347 - 3,590,347 Unassigned 12,333,174 (182,661) 12,150,513 Total Fund Balances 16,701,340 8,077,605 24,778,945		_		
Debt Service - 959,537 959,537 Classroom Facilities Maintenance - 792,009 792,009 Committed: - 265,411 - 265,411 Assigned: - 165,579 - 165,579 Support Services 346,829 - 346,829 Future Appropriations 3,590,347 - 3,590,347 Unassigned 12,333,174 (182,661) 12,150,513 Total Fund Balances 16,701,340 8,077,605 24,778,945		_		
Classroom Facilities Maintenance - 792,009 792,009 Committed: Severance 265,411 - 265,411 Assigned: Public School Support 165,579 - 165,579 Support Services 346,829 - 346,829 Future Appropriations 3,590,347 - 3,590,347 Unassigned 12,333,174 (182,661) 12,150,513 Total Fund Balances 16,701,340 8,077,605 24,778,945	,	-		
Severance 265,411 - 265,411 Assigned: - - 165,579 Public School Support 165,579 - 165,579 Support Services 346,829 - 346,829 Future Appropriations 3,590,347 - 3,590,347 Unassigned 12,333,174 (182,661) 12,150,513 Total Fund Balances 16,701,340 8,077,605 24,778,945	Classroom Facilities Maintenance	-		
Assigned: 165,579 - 165,579 Support Services 346,829 - 346,829 Future Appropriations 3,590,347 - 3,590,347 Unassigned 12,333,174 (182,661) 12,150,513 Total Fund Balances 16,701,340 8,077,605 24,778,945	Committed:			
Public School Support 165,579 - 165,579 Support Services 346,829 - 346,829 Future Appropriations 3,590,347 - 3,590,347 Unassigned 12,333,174 (182,661) 12,150,513 Total Fund Balances 16,701,340 8,077,605 24,778,945		265,411	-	265,411
Support Services 346,829 - 346,829 Future Appropriations 3,590,347 - 3,590,347 Unassigned 12,333,174 (182,661) 12,150,513 Total Fund Balances 16,701,340 8,077,605 24,778,945				
Future Appropriations 3,590,347 - 3,590,347 Unassigned 12,333,174 (182,661) 12,150,513 Total Fund Balances 16,701,340 8,077,605 24,778,945 Total Liabilites, Deferred Inflows of			-	
Unassigned 12,333,174 (182,661) 12,150,513 Total Fund Balances 16,701,340 8,077,605 24,778,945 Total Liabilites, Deferred Inflows of			-	
Total Fund Balances 16,701,340 8,077,605 24,778,945 Total Liabilites, Deferred Inflows of	• • •		- (192 661)	
Total Liabilites, Deferred Inflows of				
	. Ctal Falla Balai1000	10,701,040	0,011,000	21,110,040
Resources and Fund Balances \$ 61,642,537 \$ 13,824,123 \$ 75,466,660				
	Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 61,642,537	\$ 13,824,123	\$ 75,466,660

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2020

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$ 24,778,945
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	76,694,398
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.	
Property Taxes Receivable	1,895,020
Payments in Lieu of Taxes Receivable	1,231,537
Intergovernmental Receivable	2,039,024
Accrued Interest Receivable	6,593
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the cost of insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.	7,777,222
The net OPEB asset, net OPEB liability and net pension liability are not due and payable in the current period; therefore, the asset and liabilities and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in governmental funds:	
Deferred Outflows - Pension	17,047,563
Deferred Outflows - OPEB	2,271,092
Deferred Inflows - Pension	(3,815,341)
Deferred Inflows - OPEB	(7,497,531)
Net Pension Liability	(74,598,537)
Net OPEB Asset Net OPEB Liability	4,415,436 (6,720,579)
Net OFED LIABILITY	(0,720,379)
Long-Term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	
Bonds Payable	(32,114,732)
Unamortized Bond Premium	(1,708,568)
Various Purpose Note	(3,161,687)
Athletic Facility Bond Deferred Amount on Refunding	(182,000) 862,598
Certificates of Participation	(10,878,292)
Accumulated Accretion	(56,837)
Accrued Interest Payable	(363,373)
Compensated Absences	(2,498,671)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (4,576,720)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:			
Property Taxes	\$ 23,410,111	\$ 1,671,498	\$ 25,081,609
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	1,858,279	-	1,858,279
Intergovernmental	44,879,965	10,077,210	54,957,175
Investment Income	700,935	81,483	782,418
Co-Curricular Activities	35,502	206,382	241,884
Tuition and Fees	1,292,374	-	1,292,374
Charges for Services	46,271	325,300	371,571
Rent	5,397	, -	5,397
Donations	252,280	40,479	292,759
Other	311,353	8,484	319,837
Total Revenues	72,792,467	12,410,836	85,203,303
Expenditures: Current:			
Instruction:			
Regular	38,940,833	333,176	39,274,009
Special	14,380,078	2,681,875	17,061,953
Vocational		2,001,073	
	589,074	- 	589,074
Other Support services:	-	5,573	5,573
Pupils	3,663,084	1,579,217	5,242,301
Instructional Staff	1,108,576	493,155	1,601,731
Board of Education		493,133	
School Administration	567,664	764 220	567,664
	5,898,167	764,229	6,662,396
Fiscal Services	1,878,496	40,304	1,918,800
Business Operations	54,049	-	54,049
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	5,871,583	69,758	5,941,341
Pupil Transportation	5,737,716	581,734	6,319,450
Central Services	1,493,765	-	1,493,765
Non-instructional Services	198,396	3,617,202	3,815,598
Co-Curricular Activities	898,141	222,640	1,120,781
Capital Outlay	22,170	133,883	156,053
Debt service:			
Principal Retirement	117,645	1,646,541	1,764,186
Interest and Fiscal Charges	3,412	1,783,920	1,787,332
Issuance Costs		30,000	30,000
Total Expenditures	81,422,849	13,983,207	95,406,056
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(8,630,382)	(1,572,371)	(10,202,753)
Over (Orider) Experiditures	(0,030,302)	(1,372,371)	(10,202,733)
Other Financing Sources/(Uses):			
Sale of Capital Assets	8,597	-	8,597
Payment to Refunding Bond Escrow Agent	-	(2,995,962)	(2,995,962)
Refunding Notes Issued	_	3,026,320	3,026,320
Notes Issued	_	135,367	135,367
Transfers In	_	935,258	935,258
Transfers Out	(935,258)	500,200	(935,258)
Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses)	(926,661)	1,100,983	174,322
	(020,001)	1,100,000	117,022
Net Change in Fund Balances	(9,557,043)	(471,388)	(10,028,431)
Fund Dalaman Danimukan of Standay	00 050 000	0.540.000	24 007 070
Fund Balance Beginning of Fiscal Year	26,258,383	8,548,993	34,807,376
Fund Balance End of Fiscal Year	\$ 16,701,340	\$ 8,077,605	\$ 24,778,945

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (10,028,431)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.	
Capital Outlay Depreciation	185,502 (3,428,300)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e. sales, disposals, trade-ins, and donations). Sales/Disposals	(7,202)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge costs of the employer share of payroll related costs and self insurance to individual funds. The expenditures of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.	2,431,836
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	
Property Taxes	1,118,252
Payments in Lieu of Taxes Intergovernmental Revenues	531,337 (122,089)
Other Revenues	(20,183)
Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred	5,686,796
Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension liability are reported as pension expense in the statement of activities.	(12,693,000)
Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net OPEB asset and net OPEB liability are reported as OPEB expense in the statement of activities.	743,396
	.,
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position.	
Principal Repayments	1,764,186
Refunding Notes Issued	(3,026,320)
Notes Issued Payment to Refunding Bond Escrow Agent	(135,367) 2,995,463
Amortization of Premium and Discount and Deferred Amount on Refunding	40,901
Capital Appreciation Bond Accretion Accrued Interest Payable	(25,688) 10,390
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current	
financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the funds. Compensated Absences	(122,614)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (14,101,135)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over/(Under)
Revenues:				
Property Taxes	\$ 32,688,720	\$ 37,088,720	\$ 35,433,955	\$ (1,654,765)
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	1,750,000	1,750,000	1,709,624	(40,376)
Intergovernmental	45,814,189	45,797,082	44,801,653	(995,429)
Investment Income	240,000	640,000	620,929	(19,071)
Co-Curricular Activities	300	300	384	84
Tuition and Fees	1,346,484	1,346,484	1,291,597	(54,887)
Charges for Services	-	-	46,271	46,271
Rent	5,000	5,000	4,397	(603)
Donations	390,000	390,000	67,218	(322,782)
Other	21,250	21,250	219,329	198,079
Total Revenues	82,255,943	87,038,836	84,195,357	(2,843,479)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:	20 004 000	44 700 740	20 620 207	2 404 424
Regular	39,001,209	41,739,718	38,638,287	3,101,431
Special	13,672,237	15,725,486	14,334,172	1,391,314
Vocational	632,225	612,307	582,474	29,833
Other	33,040	49,501	-	49,501
Support services:	4 000 070	4 544 000	2 004 000	740.007
Pupils	4,689,070	4,514,993	3,801,066	713,927
Instructional Staff	1,307,290	1,223,056	1,069,828	153,228
Board of Education	923,738	924,332	556,949	367,383
School Administration	5,933,780	6,487,831	5,735,242	752,589
Fiscal Services	2,006,221	2,409,695	1,873,964	535,731
Business Operations	12,123	61,279	52,540	8,739
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	7,459,765	7,880,995	6,314,093	1,566,902
Pupil Transportation	5,893,375	6,678,180	5,630,115	1,048,065
Central Services	1,731,210	1,830,615	1,539,563	291,052
Non-instructional Services	528,934	415,927	348,780	67,147
Co-Curricular Activities	701,609	1,071,457	887,935	183,522
Capital Outlay	1,324,188	1,324,188	143,227	1,180,961
Total Expenditures	85,850,014	92,949,560	81,508,235	11,441,325
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditu	(3,594,071)	(5,910,724)	2,687,122	8,597,846
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Sale of Capital Assets	1,000	1,000	8,597	7,597
Transfers Out	(1,399,358)	(1,400,358)	(1,400,358)	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,398,358)	(1,399,358)	(1,391,761)	7,597
,				
Net Change in Fund Balance	(4,992,429)	(7,310,082)	1,295,361	8,605,443
Fund Balances at Beginning of Fiscal Year	17,791,188	17,791,188	17,791,188	-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	1,484,054	1,484,054	1,484,054	-
Fund Balances at End of Fiscal Year	\$ 14,282,813	\$ 11,965,160	\$ 20,570,603	\$ 8,605,443

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND AS OF JUNE 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities -			
	Internal Service			
		Fund		
Current Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	8,366,222		
Total Current Assets		8,366,222		
Total Assets		8,366,222		
Current Liabilities:				
Claims Payable		589,000		
Total Current Liabilities		589,000		
Total Liabilities		589,000		
Net Position:				
Unrestricted		7,777,222		
Total Net Position	\$	7,777,222		

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	,	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund		
Operating Revenues:				
Charges for Services Other	\$	13,308,302 21,228		
Total Operating Revenues		13,329,530		
Operating Expenses:				
Purchased Services		1,014,329		
Materials and Supplies		2,482		
Claims		9,960,465		
Other		2,611		
Total Operating Expenses		10,979,887		
Operating Income		2,349,643		
Non-Operating Revenues:				
Interest Revenue		82,193		
Total Non-Operating Revenues		82,193		
Change in Fund Net Position		2,431,836		
Net Position Beginning of Fiscal Year		5,345,386		
Net Position End of Fiscal Year	\$	7,777,222		

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	A	overnmental Activities - ernal Service Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	•	40.000.450
Cash Received from Charges for Services	\$	13,309,453
Cash Received from Other Operating Receipts		21,228
Cash Payments for Contract Services		(1,014,329)
Cash Payments for Supplies and Materials		(2,482)
Cash Payments for Claims		(9,956,465)
Cash Payments for Other		(2,611)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		2,354,794
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:		
Sale of Investments		1,734,804
Interest on Investments		91,206
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		1,826,010
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		4,180,804
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Fiscal Year		4,185,418
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Fiscal Year	\$	8,366,222
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:		
Operating Income	\$	2,349,643
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Changes in Assets and Liabilities:		
Accounts Receivable		1,151
Claims Payable		4,000
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	2,354,794

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS AS OF JUNE 30, 2020

Assets	Private-Purpose Trust		Agency Fund	
Cash and Cash Equivalents Accounts Receivable	\$	105,138 -	\$	95,766 19
Total Assets	\$	105,138	\$	95,785
Liabilities				
Accounts Payable		-		167
Due To Students		-		95,618
Total Liabilities		-	\$	95,785
Fund Net Position Net Position Held for Scholarships	\$	105,138		

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Priva ———	Private-Purpose Trust	
Additions Investment Income Donations Total Additions	\$	1,693 1,000 2,693	
Deductions Scholarships Awarded		1,244	
Change in Net Position		1,449	
Net Position, Beginning of Fiscal Year Net Position, End of Fiscal Year	\$	103,689 105,138	

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 – REPORTING ENTITY

The Groveport Madison Local School District (the District) is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The District operates under a locally elected five-member Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large staggered four year terms. The first official body designated as the Groveport Madison Board of Education was formed in 1848. The District provides educational services as authorized by state and/or federal guidelines.

The Board controls the District's 11 instructional/support facilities staffed by 206 non-certificated personnel and 471 certificated full time personnel who provide services to 5,981 students and other community members.

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District. The following activities are included within the reporting entity:

Parochial Schools – Within the District Boundaries are Madison Christian and Brice Christian Academy. Current State legislation provides funding to these parochial schools. The monies are received and disbursed on behalf of the parochial schools by the Treasurer of the District, as directed by the parochial schools. The District accounts for these activities in a special revenue fund for financial reporting purposes.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. The District had no component units for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

The following entities which perform activities within the District boundaries for the benefit of its residents are excluded from the accompanying financial statements because the District is not financially accountable for these entities nor are they fiscally dependent on the District.

Parent Teacher Association – The District is not involved in the budgeting or management is not responsible for any debt and has no influence over the organization.

Groveport Community School – The community school began operations in September 2006 and is affiliated with Imagine Schools, a national operator of nonprofit public charter schools. The District is not involved in the budgeting or management of the community school and is not responsible for any debt nor has influence over the community school's operations.

Jointly Governed Organizations

Metropolitan Educational Technology Association – The Metropolitan Educational Technology Association (META), is a jointly governed organization. The organization is composed of over one hundred members including school districts, joint vocational schools, educational service centers, and libraries covering 57 counties in Ohio.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 – REPORTING ENTITY (Continued)

The META helps its members purchase services, insurances, supplies, and other items at a discounted rate. META also provides a variety of services through its data processing center to numerous member districts ("C" sites) around the State of Ohio, with the major emphasis being placed on fiscal services. META also provides services to the District including pupil scheduling, attendance reporting, and grade reporting. The governing board of META is composed of either the superintendent, a designated representative or a member of the board of education for each participating school district in Franklin County (18 school districts) and one representative from each county. META is not dependent upon the continued participation of the District and the District does not maintain an equity interest in or financial responsibility for META. Financial statements for META can be obtained at 2100 City Gate Drive, Columbus, Ohio 43219. The amount paid to META during the fiscal year was \$126,046.

Central Ohio Special Education Regional Resource Center – The Central Ohio Special Education Regional Resource Center (COSERRC) is a jointly governed organization operated by a Governing Board that is composed of superintendents of member school districts in central Ohio which comprise sixty percent of the Board, two parents of children with disabilities, one representative of a chartered nonpublic school, one representative of a county board of Mental Retardation and Developmental Disabilities, representatives of universities and students and persons with disabilities representations. The District participates in the following services of COSERRC: Identification and Program Development Project, Regional Educational Assessment Programming Project, Instructional Resource Center Project, and the Early Childhood Services Project. These projects assist the District in complying with mandates of Public Law 99-456 for educating children with disabilities. There is no financial commitment made by the districts involved in COSERRC. COSERRC is not dependent upon the continued participation of the District and the District does not maintain an equity interest in or financial responsibility for the Council. The amount paid to COSERRC during the fiscal year was \$0.

Eastland-Fairfield Career & Technical Schools – The Eastland-Fairfield Career & Technical Schools is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from each of the participating school districts' elected boards, which possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. To obtain financial information write to the Eastland-Fairfield Career & Technical Schools, Dawn Lemley, who serves as Treasurer, at 4300 Amalgamated Place, P.O. Box 419, Groveport, Ohio 43125-0419. The amount paid to Eastland-Fairfield Career & Technical Schools during the fiscal year was \$5,000.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

(a) Fund Accounting

The District's accounts are maintained on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to specific District functions or activities. The operation of each fund is accounted for within a separate set of self-balancing accounts.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund — The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Other Governmental Funds — The other governmental funds account for food services, co-curricular activities, federal and state grants, and other resources who's use is restricted for a particular purpose.

Proprietary Funds

Internal Service Funds – Funds provided to account for money received from other funds as payment for providing medical and prescription insurance. Payments are made to a third-party administrator for claims payments, claims administration and stop-loss coverage.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary Funds — Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units and/or other funds. The District's fiduciary funds include private purpose trust and agency funds. Private purpose trust funds account for scholarship programs for students. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's agency funds account for student activities, and the District's flexible spending account.

(b) Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements – The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for the fiduciary funds. Internal service fund activity is eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This approach differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities of the District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program, grants, and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus.

With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financial sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in fund balance.

Like the government-wide statements, the internal service fund is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and liabilities associated with the operation of this fund are included on the statement of net position. The statement of changes in net position presents increases (i.e. revenues) and decreases (i.e. expenses) in total net position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets cash flow needs of its proprietary activity.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operation. The principal operating revenues of the District's internal service fund are charges for services. Operating expenses for the internal service fund include claims and purchased service expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

(c) Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in accounts and reported in the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The fund financial statements are prepared using the modified accrual for governmental funds and the accrual basis for proprietary and fiduciary funds.

Revenue Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenues are recognized in the accounting period when they become both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. The available period of the District is sixty days after fiscal year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, payments in lieu of taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the taxes are levied, provided they have been advanced or are available to be advanced to the District. Otherwise, they are reported as a deferred inflow of resources. Revenue from payments in lieu of taxes, grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been met. On the modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are deemed both measurable and available: property taxes available for advance, payments in lieu of taxes, tuition, grants and student fees. Unearned revenue represents amounts under the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting for which asset recognition criteria have not yet been met because such amounts have not yet been earned.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses/expenditure) until then. For the District, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the government-wide statement of net position for pensions, other postemployment benefits (OPEB), and deferred charges on refundings. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are explained in Notes 13 and 14. In addition, deferred outflows of resources include a deferred charge on debt refunding. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. The amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the District, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, unavailable revenue, pension, and OPEB. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2020, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2021 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow of resources on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental funds balance sheet. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. Unavailable revenue includes delinquent property taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are reported on the government-wide statement of net position (See Notes 13 and 14).

Expenditures/Expenses

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recorded at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the fiscal year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenditures changes in fund balances as an expenditure with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue. Unused donated commodities are reported as intergovernmental revenue. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on the flow of current financial resources. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred except for (1) principal and interest on general long-term debt, which is recorded when due, and (2) the costs of accumulated unpaid vacation and sick leave are reported as fund liabilities in the period in which they will be liquidated with available financial resources rather than in the period earned by employees. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation, are not recognized in governmental funds.

(d) Budgetary Process

All funds, except agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriations resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of budgetary control selected by the Board is at the fund level. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by the Board of Education.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if the projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the amended certificate of estimated resources in effect at the time the final appropriations were passed by the Board.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation resolution for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior fiscal years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

(e) Cash and Investments

Monies received by the District are pooled in a central bank account, except for certain construction-related funds, with individual fund balance integrity retained throughout. During the fiscal year, investments consisted of STAR Ohio, money market mutual funds, commercial paper, negotiable certificates of deposit, federal government securities, and federal agency securities.

During fiscal year 2020, the District invested in STAR Ohio. STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The District measures their investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

Investments of the District's cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months that were not purchased from the pool are reported as investments.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of investment earnings. Investment earnings credited to the General Fund during the fiscal year amounted to \$700,935. Other governmental funds were credited \$81,483.

(f) Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond the current fiscal year are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the fiscal year which services are consumed.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(g) Inventory

On government-wide financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market and donated commodities are presented at fair value. Inventories are recorded on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. On fund financial statements, inventories of governmental funds are stated at cost. Cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis. The cost of inventory items is recorded as expenditure when purchased. Inventories of governmental funds consist of donated and purchased food held for resale.

(h) Capital Assets and Depreciation

General capital assets are reported in the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the fiscal year. Capital assets acquired before July 1, 2003 are capitalized at an estimated cost using computerized reverse-trending techniques applied against the estimate of current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition values as of the date received.

The District follows the policy of not capitalizing assets with a cost of less than \$1,000 and a useful life of less than one year. The District does not possess any infrastructure.

All reported capital assets, with the exception of land and construction in progress are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Land Improvements	10 – 40
Buildings and Improvements	10 – 40
Furniture and Equipment	5 – 15
Vehicles	5 – 10

(i) Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditure/expenses in the purchaser funds.

Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. These transfers are eliminated from the statement of activities.

On fund financial statements, short-term interfund loans are classified as due to/from other funds. These amounts are eliminated in the statement of net position.

(j) Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted assets when limitations on their use change the normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments or imposed by enabling legislation. The District's restricted assets balance at fiscal year-end was zero.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(k) Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, compensated absences, and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current fiscal year.

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest rate method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Issuance costs are expensed in the fiscal year of issuance.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

(I) Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits and personal leave are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the District will compensate the employees for benefits through paid time off or some other means. The District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation and personal leave time when earned for all employees.

Compensated absence leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the District has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on the accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at fiscal year-end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the District's termination policy. The District records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for all employees after 15 years of service.

The entire sick leave benefit liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

On the governmental fund financial statements, sick leave benefits are recognized as liabilities and expenditures to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the funds from which these payments will be made.

The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at fiscal year-end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the District's termination policy.

(m) Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB asset, net OPEB liability, net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension systems.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

(n) Net Position

Net Position represent the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. At fiscal year-end, none of the District's net position restrictions were the result of enabling legislation.

The District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

(o) Fund Balance

GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting* became effective for years beginning after June 15, 2010. The objective of this Statement is to enhance the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied and by clarifying the existing governmental fund type definitions. This Statement establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds.

In accordance with this guidance, the District classifies its fund balance based on the purpose for which the resources were received and the level of constraint placed on the resources. The District may use the following categories:

Nonspendable - resources that are not in a spendable form (materials and supplies inventory) or have legal or contractual requirements to maintain the balance intact.

Restricted - resources that have external purpose restraints imposed on them by providers, such as creditors, grantors, or other regulators.

Committed – resources that can be used for the specified purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the District Board of Education (the highest level of decision making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts.

Assigned - resources that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Although no specific resolution has been made, the District Board of Education authorizes the Treasurer to assign fund balance. The Board may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget.

Unassigned - residual fund balance within the General Fund not classified elsewhere above and all other governmental fund balances which have a negative fund balance.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance/net position are available. The District considers committed, assigned and unassigned fund balances, respectively, to be spent when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

(p) Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the District and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. There were no extraordinary events or special items that occurred during the fiscal year.

(q) Management Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reported period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 3 – BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the District is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balances in accordance with GAAP, the budgetary basis, as provided by law, is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) – for the General Fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are as follows:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget basis) rather than an assignment of fund balance (GAAP basis).
- 4. Advances in and advances out are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis).
- 5. Due to the implementation of GASB 54, some funds were reclassified to the General Fund. These funds are not required to be included in the General Fund Budgetary Statement. Therefore, the activity from these funds is excluded with an adjustment for their change in fund balance.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 3 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (Continued)

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements for the General Fund.

Net Change in Fund Balance

GAAP Basis	\$ (9,557,043)
Revenues Expenditures	11,544,527 (112,740)
Other Sources and Uses	(115,100)
Encumbrances	(359,850)
Fund Reclassifications:	
Severance Fund	(92,180)
Public Support Fund	 (12,253)
Budgetary Basis	\$ 1,295,361

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The deposit and investment of the District's monies is governed by the provisions of the Ohio Revised Code (ORC). In accordance with these statutes, the District is authorized to invest in United States and State of Ohio bonds, notes, and other obligations; bank certificates of deposit; banker acceptances; commercial paper notes rated prime and issued by United States corporations; repurchase agreements secured by United States obligations; STAR Ohio; no-load money market mutual funds; and under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests. Earnings on investments are credited to various funds at the discretion of the Board which is in compliance with ORC Section 3315.01.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments, to the treasurer, or qualified trustee, or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by the financial institutions participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 4 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Deposits

Deposits - Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At fiscal year end, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$2,484,292, including \$76,130 in STAR Ohio Plus, and the bank balance was \$2,711,212.

Of the District's bank balance, \$1,044,785 was covered by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and the remaining balance was uninsured and collateralized. The District has no formal policy concerning custodial credit risk. The District's financial institution was approved for a collateral rate of 50 percent through the Ohio Pooled Collateral System.

Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or be protected by:

- Eligible securities pledged to the District and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose market value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured; or
- 2. Participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total market value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State.

Investments

At fiscal year end, the District had the following investments:

			Investment Maturities				
	Measurement	Percent	Within	1 t	ю 3		3 to 5
Investment Type	Amount	of Total	1 Year	Ye	ars		Years
Money Market Funds	\$ 8,843,177	24.4%	\$ 8,843,177	\$	_		-
STAR Ohio	11,700,800	32.3%	11,700,800		-		-
Commercial Paper	1,896,662	5.2%	1,896,662		-		-
Negotiable CDs	10,635,334	29.4%	3,105,059	4,5	21,364		3,008,911
FFCB	1,795,032	5.0%	-	7	50,000		1,045,032
US Treasury Note	1,355,306	3.7%	1,355,306		-		-
Total	\$ 36,226,311	100.0%	\$ 26,901,004	\$ 5,2	71,364	\$	4,053,943

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 79, the District's investment in STAR Ohio is reported at amortized cost. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$25 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$100 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$100 million limit.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

All other investments are reported at fair value. The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The District reports its money market investment as a level 1 input and all other District investments as Level 2 inputs.

Credit Risk – Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or counterparty to an investment will be unable to fulfill its obligations. At fiscal year-end, STAR Ohio and money market funds were rated AAAm, while the federal government securities and federal agency securities were rated AA+ by Standard & Poor's and Aaa by Moody's. The District's negotiable certificates of deposit were unrated. The District has no formal policy concerning credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk – Concentration of credit risk is the risk of inability to recover the value of deposits, investments, or collateral securities in the possession of an outside party caused by a lack of diversification. The District places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer, however, state statute limits investments in commercial paper and bankers' acceptances to 25% of the interim monies available for investment at any one time. The District's exposure to concentration risk is noted in the preceding table.

Interest Rate Risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that an interest rate change could adversely affect an investment's fair value. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from interest rates and according to state law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less. The District's exposure to interest rate risk is noted in the preceding table.

The following is a reconciliation of deposits and investments to the Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2020:

Investments (summarized above) Carrying Amount of District's Deposits	\$ 36,226,311 2,484,292
Total Deposits and Investments per Note Disclosure	\$ 38,710,603
Governmental Activities - Cash and Cash Equivalents Governmental Activities - Investments	\$ 37,268,527 1,241,172
Fiduciary Funds - Cash and Cash Equivalents	200,904
Total Deposits and Investments per Financial Statements	\$ 38,710,603

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 5 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District's fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility located in the school district. Real property tax revenue received in calendar year 2020 represents collections of calendar year 2019 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2020 were levied after April 1, 2019, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2019, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar year 2020 represents collections of calendar year 2019 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2020 became a lien December 31, 2018, were levied after April 1, 2019 and are collected in 2020 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property and public utility property taxes which are measurable as of fiscal year-end and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year-end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflows of resources.

The District receives its property taxes from Franklin County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2020, are available to finance fiscal year 2020 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent. At fiscal year-end, the amount of property taxes that had been advanced, or was available to advance, to the General Fund, Bond Retirement Fund and Permanent Improvement Fund was \$2,087,112, \$85,780 and \$74,088, respectively. On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis the revenue has been deferred inflows of resources.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2020 taxes were collected are:

	<u>2</u>	2019 Second Half Collections		2020 First Half	Collections
		Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Agricultural/Residental		_			
and Other Real Estate	\$	868,121,490	92.9%	\$ 867,608,420	91.8%
Public Utility Personal		66,765,250	7.1%	77,340,670	8.2%
Total	\$	934,886,740	100.0%	\$ 944,949,090	100.0%
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$	64.34		\$ 63.69	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 6 - TAX ABATEMENTS

Under Community Reinvestment Area (CRA) and other property tax abatements entered into by the Village of Obetz, City of Groveport, and the City of Columbus, the District's property tax revenues were reduced by \$3,059,749, \$6,559,206 and \$80,648 during the fiscal year, respectively. During the fiscal year, the District received \$946,613 and \$0 from the City of Groveport and Village of Obetz, respectively.

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2020, consisted of property taxes, payments in lieu of taxes, intergovernmental (due from other governments), interest, and accounts. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current fiscal year guarantee of federal funds. All receivable amounts are expected to be received within one year with the exception of the Ohio Facilities Construction Commission Grant, revenue in lieu of taxes and delinquent property taxes. The Ohio Facilities Construction Commission Grant monies will be collected over the life of the construction of the new facilities. Revenue in lieu of taxes is collected over the term of the agreement. Property and income taxes, although ultimately collectible, include some portion of delinquencies that will not be collected within one year.

During fiscal year 2015, the School District was awarded \$28,285,963 for the construction of a High School from the Ohio Facilities Construction Commission. At June 30, 2020, there was \$1,538,049 still recorded as a receivable.

NOTE 8 – INTERFUND ACTIVITY

(a) Interfund Advances - On an as-needed basis, the District advances cash between funds to eliminate cash deficits. All advances are repaid in the following fiscal year. At fiscal year-end, receivables and payables that resulted from those advance transactions were as follows:

	Due to the
Fund	General Fund
CARES Act	\$14,843
IDEA B	59,880
Title I Disadvantaged Children	230,162
IDEA Early Childhood Education	2,490
Improving Teacher Quality	8,407
Miscellaneous Federal Grants	30,381
	\$346,163

(b) Interfund Transfers - The primary purpose of interfund transfers is to provide supplemental funding other funds in accordance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.14, 5705.15 and 5705.16. During the fiscal year, the District transferred \$935,258 from the general fund to the debt service fund and permanent improvement fund for debt service payments.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of capital asset activity for the fiscal year follows:

Governmental Activities

Nondepreciable Capital Assets Balance Additions Deductions Balance Land \$ 1,801,382 \$ - \$ \$. \$ 1,801,382 \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$.		Beginning			Ending
Land \$ 1,801,382 - \$ - \$ 1,801,382 Construction in Process 53,684,070 - (53,684,070) - Total Nondepreciable Assets 55,485,452 - (53,684,070) 1,801,382 Depreciable Capital Assets 1,729,168 - (35,073) 1,694,095 Buildings 40,831,615 53,722,063 (14,227) 94,539,451 Furniture and Equipment 10,430,090 147,509 (1,380,330) 9,197,269 Vehicles and Buses 533,286 - - - 533,286 Total Depreciable Assets 53,524,159 53,869,572 (1,429,630) 105,964,101 Less accumulated depreciation Land Improvements (1,560,459) (595,638) 35,073 (2,121,024) Buildings (17,548,521) (2,141,725) 12,942 (19,677,304) Furniture and Equipment (9,682,253) (677,639) 1,374,414 (8,985,478) Vehicles and Buses (273,980) (13,298) - (287,278) Total accumulated depreciation		Balance	Additions	Deductions	Balance
Construction in Process 53,684,070 - (53,684,070) - Total Nondepreciable Assets 55,485,452 - (53,684,070) 1,801,382 Depreciable Capital Assets 1,729,168 - (35,073) 1,694,095 Buildings 40,831,615 53,722,063 (14,227) 94,539,451 Furniture and Equipment 10,430,090 147,509 (1,380,330) 9,197,269 Vehicles and Buses 533,286 - - 533,286 Total Depreciable Assets 53,524,159 53,869,572 (1,429,630) 105,964,101 Less accumulated depreciation Land Improvements (1,560,459) (595,638) 35,073 (2,121,024) Buildings (17,548,521) (2,141,725) 12,942 (19,677,304) Furniture and Equipment (9,682,253) (677,639) 1,374,414 (8,985,478) Vehicles and Buses (273,980) (13,298) - (287,278) Total accumulated depreciation (29,065,213) (3,428,300) 1,422,429 (31,071,084) Depreciable Capi	Nondepreciable Capital Assets				_
Total Nondepreciable Assets 55,485,452 - (53,684,070) 1,801,382 Depreciable Capital Assets Land Improvements 1,729,168 - (35,073) 1,694,095 Buildings 40,831,615 53,722,063 (14,227) 94,539,451 Furniture and Equipment 10,430,090 147,509 (1,380,330) 9,197,269 Vehicles and Buses 533,286 - - - 533,286 Total Depreciable Assets 53,524,159 53,869,572 (1,429,630) 105,964,101 Less accumulated depreciation Land Improvements (1,560,459) (595,638) 35,073 (2,121,024) Buildings (17,548,521) (2,141,725) 12,942 (19,677,304) Furniture and Equipment (9,682,253) (677,639) 1,374,414 (8,985,478) Vehicles and Buses (273,980) (13,298) - (287,278) Total accumulated depreciation (29,065,213) (3,428,300) 1,422,429 (31,071,084) Depreciable Capital Assets, Net of accumulated depreciation 24,458,946 50,441,272 <td>Land</td> <td>\$ 1,801,382</td> <td>\$ -</td> <td>\$ -</td> <td>\$ 1,801,382</td>	Land	\$ 1,801,382	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,801,382
Depreciable Capital Assets 1,729,168 - (35,073) 1,694,095 Buildings 40,831,615 53,722,063 (14,227) 94,539,451 Furniture and Equipment 10,430,090 147,509 (1,380,330) 9,197,269 Vehicles and Buses 533,286 - - 533,286 Total Depreciable Assets 53,524,159 53,869,572 (1,429,630) 105,964,101 Less accumulated depreciation Land Improvements (1,560,459) (595,638) 35,073 (2,121,024) Buildings (17,548,521) (2,141,725) 12,942 (19,677,304) Furniture and Equipment (9,682,253) (677,639) 1,374,414 (8,985,478) Vehicles and Buses (273,980) (13,298) - (287,278) Total accumulated depreciation (29,065,213) (3,428,300) 1,422,429 (31,071,084) Depreciable Capital Assets, Net of accumulated depreciation 24,458,946 50,441,272 (7,201) 74,893,017	Construction in Process	53,684,070		(53,684,070)	
Land Improvements 1,729,168 - (35,073) 1,694,095 Buildings 40,831,615 53,722,063 (14,227) 94,539,451 Furniture and Equipment 10,430,090 147,509 (1,380,330) 9,197,269 Vehicles and Buses 533,286 - - 533,286 Total Depreciable Assets 53,524,159 53,869,572 (1,429,630) 105,964,101 Less accumulated depreciation Land Improvements (1,560,459) (595,638) 35,073 (2,121,024) Buildings (17,548,521) (2,141,725) 12,942 (19,677,304) Furniture and Equipment (9,682,253) (677,639) 1,374,414 (8,985,478) Vehicles and Buses (273,980) (13,298) - (287,278) Total accumulated depreciation (29,065,213) (3,428,300) 1,422,429 (31,071,084) Depreciable Capital Assets, Net of accumulated depreciation 24,458,946 50,441,272 (7,201) 74,893,017	Total Nondepreciable Assets	55,485,452		(53,684,070)	1,801,382
Buildings 40,831,615 53,722,063 (14,227) 94,539,451 Furniture and Equipment Vehicles and Buses 10,430,090 147,509 (1,380,330) 9,197,269 Vehicles and Buses 533,286 - - - 533,286 Total Depreciable Assets 53,524,159 53,869,572 (1,429,630) 105,964,101 Less accumulated depreciation Land Improvements (1,560,459) (595,638) 35,073 (2,121,024) Buildings (17,548,521) (2,141,725) 12,942 (19,677,304) Furniture and Equipment (9,682,253) (677,639) 1,374,414 (8,985,478) Vehicles and Buses (273,980) (13,298) - (287,278) Total accumulated depreciation (29,065,213) (3,428,300) 1,422,429 (31,071,084) Depreciable Capital Assets, Net of accumulated depreciation 24,458,946 50,441,272 (7,201) 74,893,017	Depreciable Capital Assets				
Furniture and Equipment 10,430,090 147,509 (1,380,330) 9,197,269 Vehicles and Buses 533,286 - - 533,286 Total Depreciable Assets 53,524,159 53,869,572 (1,429,630) 105,964,101 Less accumulated depreciation Land Improvements (1,560,459) (595,638) 35,073 (2,121,024) Buildings (17,548,521) (2,141,725) 12,942 (19,677,304) Furniture and Equipment (9,682,253) (677,639) 1,374,414 (8,985,478) Vehicles and Buses (273,980) (13,298) - (287,278) Total accumulated depreciation (29,065,213) (3,428,300) 1,422,429 (31,071,084) Depreciable Capital Assets, Net of accumulated depreciation 24,458,946 50,441,272 (7,201) 74,893,017	Land Improvements	1,729,168	-	(35,073)	1,694,095
Furniture and Equipment 10,430,090 147,509 (1,380,330) 9,197,269 Vehicles and Buses 533,286 - - 533,286 Total Depreciable Assets 53,524,159 53,869,572 (1,429,630) 105,964,101 Less accumulated depreciation Land Improvements (1,560,459) (595,638) 35,073 (2,121,024) Buildings (17,548,521) (2,141,725) 12,942 (19,677,304) Furniture and Equipment (9,682,253) (677,639) 1,374,414 (8,985,478) Vehicles and Buses (273,980) (13,298) - (287,278) Total accumulated depreciation (29,065,213) (3,428,300) 1,422,429 (31,071,084) Depreciable Capital Assets, Net of accumulated depreciation 24,458,946 50,441,272 (7,201) 74,893,017	Buildings	40,831,615	53,722,063	(14,227)	94,539,451
Vehicles and Buses 533,286 - - 533,286 Total Depreciable Assets 53,524,159 53,869,572 (1,429,630) 105,964,101 Less accumulated depreciation Land Improvements (1,560,459) (595,638) 35,073 (2,121,024) Buildings (17,548,521) (2,141,725) 12,942 (19,677,304) Furniture and Equipment (9,682,253) (677,639) 1,374,414 (8,985,478) Vehicles and Buses (273,980) (13,298) - (287,278) Total accumulated depreciation (29,065,213) (3,428,300) 1,422,429 (31,071,084) Depreciable Capital Assets, Net of accumulated depreciation 24,458,946 50,441,272 (7,201) 74,893,017	Furniture and Equipment	10,430,090		(1,380,330)	9,197,269
Less accumulated depreciation Land Improvements (1,560,459) (595,638) 35,073 (2,121,024) Buildings (17,548,521) (2,141,725) 12,942 (19,677,304) Furniture and Equipment (9,682,253) (677,639) 1,374,414 (8,985,478) Vehicles and Buses (273,980) (13,298) - (287,278) Total accumulated depreciation (29,065,213) (3,428,300) 1,422,429 (31,071,084) Depreciable Capital Assets, Net of accumulated depreciation 24,458,946 50,441,272 (7,201) 74,893,017	Vehicles and Buses	533,286	-	-	533,286
Land Improvements (1,560,459) (595,638) 35,073 (2,121,024) Buildings (17,548,521) (2,141,725) 12,942 (19,677,304) Furniture and Equipment (9,682,253) (677,639) 1,374,414 (8,985,478) Vehicles and Buses (273,980) (13,298) - (287,278) Total accumulated depreciation (29,065,213) (3,428,300) 1,422,429 (31,071,084) Depreciable Capital Assets, Net of accumulated depreciation 24,458,946 50,441,272 (7,201) 74,893,017	Total Depreciable Assets	53,524,159	53,869,572	(1,429,630)	105,964,101
Land Improvements (1,560,459) (595,638) 35,073 (2,121,024) Buildings (17,548,521) (2,141,725) 12,942 (19,677,304) Furniture and Equipment (9,682,253) (677,639) 1,374,414 (8,985,478) Vehicles and Buses (273,980) (13,298) - (287,278) Total accumulated depreciation (29,065,213) (3,428,300) 1,422,429 (31,071,084) Depreciable Capital Assets, Net of accumulated depreciation 24,458,946 50,441,272 (7,201) 74,893,017	Less accumulated depreciation				
Buildings (17,548,521) (2,141,725) 12,942 (19,677,304) Furniture and Equipment (9,682,253) (677,639) 1,374,414 (8,985,478) Vehicles and Buses (273,980) (13,298) - (287,278) Total accumulated depreciation (29,065,213) (3,428,300) 1,422,429 (31,071,084) Depreciable Capital Assets, Net of accumulated depreciation 24,458,946 50,441,272 (7,201) 74,893,017	•	(1.560.459)	(595,638)	35.073	(2.121.024)
Furniture and Equipment Vehicles and Buses (9,682,253) (677,639) 1,374,414 (8,985,478) Vehicles and Buses (273,980) (13,298) - (287,278) Total accumulated depreciation (29,065,213) (3,428,300) 1,422,429 (31,071,084) Depreciable Capital Assets, Net of accumulated depreciation 24,458,946 50,441,272 (7,201) 74,893,017	•	,	•	•	, ,
Vehicles and Buses (273,980) (13,298) - (287,278) Total accumulated depreciation (29,065,213) (3,428,300) 1,422,429 (31,071,084) Depreciable Capital Assets, Net of accumulated depreciation 24,458,946 50,441,272 (7,201) 74,893,017	<u> </u>	,	, ,		,
Total accumulated depreciation (29,065,213) (3,428,300) 1,422,429 (31,071,084) Depreciable Capital Assets, Net of accumulated depreciation 24,458,946 50,441,272 (7,201) 74,893,017		,	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	-	, ,
of accumulated depreciation 24,458,946 50,441,272 (7,201) 74,893,017	Total accumulated depreciation			1,422,429	
of accumulated depreciation 24,458,946 50,441,272 (7,201) 74,893,017	Denreciable Canital Assets Net				
Total Capital Assets, Net \$ 79,944,398 \$ 50,441,272 \$ (53,691,271) \$ 76,694,399	•	24,458,946	50,441,272	(7,201)	74,893,017
Total Capital Assets, Net <u>\$ 79,944,398</u> <u>\$ 50,441,272</u> <u>\$ (53,691,271)</u> <u>\$ 76,694,399</u>					
	Total Capital Assets, Net	\$ 79,944,398	\$ 50,441,272	\$ (53,691,271)	\$ 76,694,399

Depreciation expense was charged to the governmental functions as follows:

Instruction Regular	\$ 111,658
Instruction Special	16,840
Instruction Vocational	3,539
Pupils	3,415
Instructional staff	34,278
School Administration	68,547
Fiscal Services	2,911
Operations and Maintenance	3,105,830
Noninstructional Services	35,981
Co-Curricular activities	45,301
Total depreciation expense	\$ 3,428,300

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 10 - LONG TERM LIABILITIES

A summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 is as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Series 2011 Energy Note	\$ 3,375,004	\$ -	\$ (3,375,004)	\$ -	\$ -
Series 2014 GO Bonds	24,380,000	-	(315,000)	24,065,000	325,000
Series 2014 GO Bonds Premium	489,301	-	(14,606)	474,695	-
Series 2017 Athletic Facility Bond	364,000	-	(182,000)	182,000	182,000
Series 2017 UTGO Refunding Bond:					
Term Bonds	7,955,000	-	(75,000)	7,880,000	75,000
Capital Appreciation Bonds	169,732	-	-	169,732	-
CABs Accumulated Accretion	31,149	25,688	-	56,837	-
Term Bonds Premium	526,052	-	(20,629)	505,423	-
CABs Premium	768,955	-	(40,505)	728,450	-
Series 2020 LTGO VP Bond	-	3,161,687	-	3,161,687	436,687
Total General Obligation Bonds/Notes	38,059,193	3,187,375	(4,022,744)	37,223,824	1,018,687
Net Pension Liability					
SERS	15,363,844	279,132	-	15,642,976	-
STRS	57,448,953	1,506,608	-	58,955,561	-
Total Net Pension Liability	72,812,797	1,785,740		74,598,537	
Net OPEB Liability					
SERS	7,525,810	_	(805,231)	6,720,579	-
Total Net OPEB Liability	7,525,810		(805,231)	6,720,579	
Series 2015 COPs:					
School Facilities Construction	8,625,000	-	(400,000)	8,225,000	405,000
School Facilities Discount	(9,248)	-	561	(8,687)	· -
Refunding	2,950,000	_	(295,000)	2,655,000	305,000
Refunding Premium	7,909	-	(930)	6,979	-
Total Certificates of Participation	11,573,661	-	(695,369)	10,878,292	710,000
Compensated Absences Capital Lease	2,508,595 117,645	860,152	(857,966) (117,645)	2,510,781	469,641
Total Long Term Liabilities	\$ 132,597,701	\$ 5,833,267	\$ (6,498,955)	\$ 131,932,013	\$ 2,198,328
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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 10 - LONG TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

Series 2011 Energy Conservation Note

On December 28, 2011, the District issued \$5,739,650 in unvoted general obligation notes for the purpose of purchasing energy conservation measures throughout the District. The notes were issued for a fifteen year period with an interest rate of 3% and a final maturity at December 1, 2026. These notes are a general obligation of the District for which the full faith and credit of the District is pledged for repayment. This note was refunded in 2020 with the LTGO Various Purposes Notes issued on June 3, 2020.

Series 2012 Certificates of Participation - HVAC Lease Purchase Agreement

On May 17, 2012, the District entered into a series of one-year renewable lease-purchase agreements with Huntington National Bank (the Bank), whereas the District leases certain parcels of land to the Bank, and subsequently purchases and installs energy conservation measures at the school facilities located on the land (the Project Facilities), and the Bank, in turn, subleases the land, and leases the Project Facilities to the District. The Bank agreed to pre-pay \$4,445,895 in rental payments to fund the construction project. In turn, the District agreed to pay \$4,445,895 under the sublease at an interest rate of 3.15% maturing June 1, 2027. The lease was refunded in November 2015 paying off balance of the amount outstanding.

Series 2014 School Facilities Improvement Bonds

On August 7, 2014, the District issued \$33,303,594 in general obligation bonds for the purpose of carrying out a School Facilities Commission Project in the District. The bonds were issued for a thirty-eight year period with interest rates ranging from .35% to 5.0% and a final maturity at October 1, 2052. These bonds are a general obligation of the District for which the full faith and credit of the District is pledged for repayment. The bonds were issued at a premium in the amount of \$832,795.

Series 2015 Certificates of Participation

On December 1, 2015, the District entered into a series of one-year renewable lease-purchase agreements with Buckeye Leasing Services (the Bank), whereas the District agrees to finance the acquisition, construction, improvement, furnishing, and equipping of school facilities and lease the school facilities to the Bank, and the Bank, in turn, agrees to sublease the school facilities back to the District. The Bank agreed to pre-pay \$13,575,000 in rental payments. Of this amount, \$9,770,000 will be used to fund the acquisition, construction, improvement, furnishing, and equipping of school facilities and \$3,805,000 was used to refund the Series 2012 HVAC Lease Purchase Agreement. In turn, the District agrees to pay \$13,575,000 under the sublease at interest rates ranging from 2.0% to 4.0% maturing December 31, 2035.

In the event of default, the Bank may (i) request the District to promptly return possession of the school facilities to the Bank; (ii) sublease the school facilities for the account of the District and hold the District liable for all applicable lease payments and other payments due during the then current lease term to the effective date of such subleasing and for the difference between rental and other amounts paid by the sublessee pursuant to such sublease and the amount payable during the then current lease term by the District under the lease; and (iii) exercise any other right, remedy or privilege which may be available to it under the applicable laws of the State or any other applicable law or proceed by appropriate court action to enforce the terms of this lease or to recover damages for the breach of this lease or to rescind this lease as to the school facilities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 10 – LONG TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

Series 2017 Athletic Facility Bond

On June 14, 2017, the District issued \$660,800 in general obligation bonds for the purpose of carrying out a Athletic Facility Project in the District. The bonds were issued for a four year period with an interest rate of 3.45% and a final maturity of February 1, 2021. These bonds are a general obligation of the District for which the full faith and credit of the District is pledged for repayment.

Series 2017 UTGO Refunding Bonds

On October 12, 2017, the District issued \$8,229,732 in refunding bond for the purpose of refunding the 2014 School Facilities Improvement Bonds. The bonds were issued for a twenty-seven year period with an interest rate of 3.62% and a final maturity at October 1, 2044. These bonds are a general obligation of the District for which the full faith and credit of the District is pledged for repayment. The bonds were issued at a premium in the amount of \$1,386,709.

Series 2020 Various Purpose Notes

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On June 3, 2020, the District issued \$3,161,687 in unvoted general obligation notes for the purpose of refunding Series 2011 Notes and to purchase server equipment. The notes were issued for a seven year period with an interest rate of 1.75% and a final maturity at December 1, 2026. These notes are a general obligation of the District for which the full faith and credit of the District is pledged for repayment.

Principal and interest requirements to retire long-term debt at June 30, 2020, are as follows:

Fiscal Year			
Ending June 30,	 Principal	 Interest	 Total
2021	\$ 1,728,687	\$ 1,700,579	\$ 3,429,266
2022	1,624,000	1,659,862	3,283,862
2023	1,507,000	1,622,394	3,129,394
2024	1,550,000	1,583,990	3,133,990
2025	1,717,000	1,534,778	3,251,778
2026-2030	7,337,000	6,901,524	14,238,524
2031-2035	6,940,000	5,661,752	12,601,752
2036-2040	3,799,733	4,304,844	8,104,577
2041-2045	6,271,836	3,587,475	9,859,311
2046-2050	8,090,000	2,007,600	10,097,600
2051-2053	 5,830,000	 356,600	6,186,600
Total	\$ 46,395,256	\$ 30,921,398	\$ 77,316,654
			 -

Debt service relating to the notes and the certificates of participation are recorded as expenditures in the Permanent Improvement Fund. The general obligation bonds will be paid from the Bond Retirement Fund. Obligations related to employee compensation are paid from the fund benefitting from their service. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability and net OPEB liability; however, employer pension and OPEB contributions are made from the fund benefiting from the employee's service. For additional information related to the net pension liability and net OPEB liability see Notes 13 and 14.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 10 – LONG TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% and that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the total assessed valuation of the District. At fiscal year-end, the District's voted and unvoted debt limits were \$85,045,418 and \$944,949, respectively, and total applicable debt outstanding was within these limits.

NOTE 11 – CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATIONS

The District has entered into a lease agreement as lessee for financing the acquisition of a modular unit. The lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of future minimum lease payments as of the inception date. The asset acquired through this capital lease had a book value of \$0 at June 30, 2020. The final payment on the lease was made during 2020.

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft or, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. During the fiscal year, the District contracted with Argonaut Insurance Company, administered by McGowan Governmental Underwriters, for general liability insurance with a \$1,000,000 single occurrence limit and a \$3,000,000 aggregate. Property is also protected by Argonaut Insurance Company and holds a \$2,500 deductible. The District contracts with Delta Dental for dental coverage and Prudential to provide life insurance coverage for employees. Settled claims have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior fiscal year.

On January 1, 2015, the District became self-insured for workers' compensation in connection with formalized risk management programs in an effort to minimize risk exposure and control claims and premium costs. The District contracts with Hunter Consulting Co. to be the third-party administrator for the insurance program. The District paid claims in the amount of \$19,214 during the fiscal year from funds benefitting from the employees' service. The District has purchased stop loss coverage for individual employee claim amounts exceeding the contracted threshold.

On January 1, 2018, the District became self-insured for health insurance in an effort to minimize risk exposure and control claims and premium costs. The District contracted with Anthem to be the third party administrator for the program. A claims liability of \$589,000 at fiscal year-end in the self-insurance internal service fund reflects an estimate of incurred but unpaid claims liability. This liability was estimated by a third party based on claims experience. The District has purchased stop loss coverage for individual employee claim amounts exceeding \$175,000. Unpaid claims at fiscal year-end are recorded as current claims payable because they would be due within 60 days from the end of the fiscal year.

A summary of the changes in the self-insurance claims liability for the fiscal year ended June 30 as follows:

	2019	2020
Claims Liability at July 1	\$ 805,000	\$ 585,000
Incurred Claims	8,524,872	9,960,465
Claims Paid	(8,744,872)	(9,956,465)
Claims Liability at June 30	\$ 585,000	\$ 589,000

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

Net Pension Liability/Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

Pensions and OPEB are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions/OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) represents the District's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities (assets) within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension/OPEB liability (asset)* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *due to other governments* on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

The remainder of this note includes the required pension disclosures. See Note 14 for the required OPEB disclosures.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description – District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a statewide, cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 13 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire before	Eligible to Retire on or after
	August 1, 2017*	August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or
		Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially Reduced	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or
Benefits	Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

^{*}Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on year of service; 2.2 percent for the first 30 years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

An individual whose benefit effective date is before April 1, 2018, is eligible for a cost of living adjustment (COLA) on the first anniversary date of the benefit. Beginning April 1, 2018, new benefit recipients must wait until the fourth anniversary of their benefit for COLA eligibility. The COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit. A three-year COLA suspension is in effect for all benefit recipients for the years 2018, 2019, and 2020. Upon resumption of the COLA, it will be indexed to the percentage increase in the CPI-W, not to exceed 2.5 percent and with a floor of 0 percent.

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14.0 percent. SERS did not allocate employer contributions to the Health Care Fund for fiscal year 2020.

The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$951,235 for fiscal year 2020. Of this amount, \$54,486 is reported as a due to other governments.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – District licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan, and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 13 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. In April 2017, the Retirement Board made the decision to reduce COLA granted on or after July 1, 2017, to 0 percent to preserve the fiscal integrity of the retirement system. Benefit recipients' base benefit and past cost-of living increases are not affected by this change. Effective August 1, 2017 – July 1, 2019, any member could retire with reduced benefits who had (1) five years of service credit and age 60; (2) 27 years of service credit and age 55; or (3) 30 years of service credit regardless of age. Effective August 1, 2019 – July 1, 2021, any member may retire with reduced benefits who has (1) five years of service credit and age 60; (2) 28 years of service credit and age 55; or (3) 30 years of service credit regardless of age. Eligibility changes will continue to be phased in through August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 60, or 30 years of service credit regardless of age.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.53 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.47 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12 percent of the 14 percent member rate goes to the DC Plan and the remaining 2 percent goes to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity after termination of employment at age 50 or later.

New members who choose the DC plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit to apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, plan members were required to contribute 14 percent of their annual covered salary. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; the entire 14 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The fiscal year 2020 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 13 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

The District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$4,616,991 for fiscal year 2020. Of this amount, \$694,682 is reported as a due to other governments.

Net Pension Liability, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an independent actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's share of employer contributions in the pension plan relative to the total employer contributions of all participating employers. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	SERS		STRS		 Total
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability:					
Current Measurement Date		0.26144940%		0.26659355%	
Prior Measurement Date		0.26826170%		0.26127703%	
Change in Proportionate Share	-0.00681230%			0.00531652%	
Proportionate Share of the Net					
Pension Liability	\$	15,642,976	\$	58,955,561	\$ 74,598,537
Pension Expense	\$	2,726,549	\$	9,966,451	\$ 12,693,000

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources represent the effect of changes in the net pension liability due to the difference between projected and actual investment earnings, differences between expected and actual actuarial experience, changes in assumptions and changes in the District's proportion of the collective net pension liability. The deferred outflows and deferred inflows are to be included in pension expense over current and future periods. The difference between projected and actual investment earnings is recognized in pension expense using a straight line method over a five year period beginning in the current year. Deferred outflows and deferred inflows resulting from changes in sources other than differences between projected and actual investment earnings are amortized over the average expected remaining service lives of all members (both active and inactive) using the straight line method. Employer contributions to the pension plan subsequent to the measurement date are also required to be reported as a deferred outflow of resources.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 13 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

At June 30, 2020 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	SERS	STRS		Total	
Deferred Outflows of Resources Differences between Expected and					
Actual Experience	\$ 396,674	\$ 479,996	\$	876,670	
Changes of Assumptions	0	6,925,468		6,925,468	
Changes in Proportion and Differences between District Contributions and Proportionate					
Share of Contributions	289,146	3,388,053		3,677,199	
District Contributions Subsequent to the					
Measurement Date	 951,235	 4,616,991		5,568,226	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 1,637,055	\$ 15,410,508	\$	17,047,563	
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Differences between Expected and					
Actual Experience	\$ 0	\$ 255,208	\$	255,208	
Net Difference between Projected and					
Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	200,800	2,881,429		3,082,229	
Changes in Proportion and Differences between District Contributions and Proportionate					
Share of Contributions	477,904	 0		477,904	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 678,704	\$ 3,136,637	\$	3,815,341	

\$5,568,226 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	SERS		STRS		 Total	
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:						
2021	\$	392,566	\$	5,221,767	\$ 5,614,333	
2022		(485,964)		1,794,451	1,308,487	
2023		(13,362)		90,452	77,090	
2024		113,876		550,210	 664,086	
	\$	7,116	\$	7,656,880	\$ 7,663,996	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 13 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations. Future benefits for all current plan members were projected through 2035.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2019, are presented below:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal (Level Percent of Payroll)

Inflation 3.00 percent

Future Salary Increases, including inflation 3.50 percent to 18.20 percent

Investment Rate of Return 7.50 percent net of investment expense, including inflation COLA or Ad Hoc COLA 2.50 percent, on and after April 1, 2018, COLA's for future

retirees will be delayed for three years following

commencement

For post-retirement mortality, the table used in evaluating allowances to be paid is the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and Scale BB, with 120 percent of male rates and 110 percent of female rates used. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 13 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

The long-term return expectation for the investments has been determined by using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating an arithmetic weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes. The asset allocation, as used in the June 30, 2015 five-year experience study, is summarized as follows:

	Target	Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00 %	0.50 %
US Equity	22.50	4.75
International Equity	22.50	7.00
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	8.00
Real Assets	15.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	10.00	3.00
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate Total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent. The discount rate determination does not use a municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employers would contribute the actuarially determined contribution rate of projected compensation over the remaining 25-year amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.50 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what the District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.50 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate.

		Current					
	19	1% Decrease		scount Rate	1	1% Increase	
District's Proportionate Share				_			
of the Net Pension Liability	\$	21,921,402	\$	15,642,976	\$	10,377,730	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 13 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the July 1, 2019, actuarial valuation, are presented below:

Inflation	2.50 percent
Projected Salary Increases	12.50 percent at age 20 to 2.50 percent at age 65
Investment Rate of Return	7.45 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Discount Rate of Return	7.45 percent
Projected Payroll Growth	3.00 percent
Cost-of-Living Adjustments	0.00 percent

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2019 valuation, were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for July 1, 2011, through June 30, 2016.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

	Target	Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation*	Real Rate of Return**
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

^{*}Target weights will be phased in over a 24-month period concluding on July 1, 2019.

^{**}Ten year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25 percent and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 13 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.45 percent as of June 30, 2019. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that employer and member contributions will be made at statutory contribution rates of 14 percent each. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2019. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on investments of 7.45 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2019.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table represents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as of June 30, 2019, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.45 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.45 percent) than the current assumption:

		Current					
	1	1% Decrease		iscount Rate	1% Increase		
District's Proportionate Share							
of the Net Pension Liability	\$	86,156,984	\$	58,955,561	\$	35,928,162	

Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by School Employees Retirement System or State Teachers Retirement System have an option to choose Social Security. As of June 30, 2019, three members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The District's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS

See Note 13 for a description of the net OPEB liability (asset).

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 14 – DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, SERS did not allocate any employer contributions to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, prorated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2020, this amount was \$19,600. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2.0 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2020, the District's surcharge obligation was \$118,570, which is reported as a due to other governments.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued effective January 1, 2021. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 14 – DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)

Net OPEB Liability (Asset), OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) was based on the District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

	SERS		STRS		Total
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset):					
Current Measurement Date		0.26724200%	0.26659400%		
Prior Measurement Date	0.27127200%		 0.26127700%		
Change in Proportionate Share		-0.00403000%	 0.00531700%		
Proportionate Share of the Net					
OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	6,720,579	\$ (4,415,436)		
OPEB Expense	\$	289,419	\$ (1,032,815)	\$	(743,396)

At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	SERS	STRS		Total	
Deferred Outflows of Resources					
Differences between Expected and					
Actual Experience	\$ 98,653	\$	400,294	\$	498,947
Net Difference between Projected and					
Actual Earnings on OPEB Plan Investments	16,132		0		16,132
Changes of Assumptions	490,862		92,811		583,673
Changes in Proportion and Differences between					
District Contributions and Proportionate					
Share of Contributions	502,720		551,050		1,053,770
District Contributions Subsequent to the					
Measurement Date	 118,570		0		118,570
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 1,226,937	\$	1,044,155	\$	2,271,092
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Differences between Expected and					
Actual Experience	\$ 1,476,464	\$	224,642	\$	1,701,106
Net Difference between Projected and					
Actual Earnings on OPEB Plan Investments	0		277,319		277,319
Changes of Assumptions	376,602		4,841,013		5,217,615
Changes in Proportion and Differences between					
District Contributions and Proportionate					
Share of Contributions	 138,373		163,118		301,491
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 1,991,439	\$	5,506,092	\$	7,497,531

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 14 – DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)

\$118,570 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	SERS		STRS		 Total	
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:		_				
2021	\$	(308,819)	\$	(961,026)	\$ (1,269,845)	
2022		(107,187)		(961,027)	(1,068,214)	
2023		(102,450)		(849,880)	(952,330)	
2024		(103,224)		(810,892)	(914,116)	
2025		(164,188)		(864,613)	(1,028,801)	
Thereafter		(97,204)		(14,499)	 (111,703)	
	\$	(883,072)	\$	(4,461,937)	\$ (5,345,009)	

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 14 – DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2019, are presented below:

Inflation 3.00 percent

Salary Increases, including inflation 3.50 percent to 18.20 percent

Investment Rate of Return 7.50 percent net of investment expense, including inflation

Municipal Bond Index Rate

Measurement Date 3.13 percent
Prior Measurement Date 3.62 percent

Single Equivalent Interest Rate

Measurement Date 3.22 percent, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation Prior Measurement Date 3.70 percent, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation

Health Care Cost Trend Rate

Pre-Medicare 7.00 percent - 4.75 percent Medicare 5.25 percent - 4.75 percent

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates and 110 percent of female rates. RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates set back five years.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2010 through 2015, and was adopted by the Board on April 21, 2016. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.50 percent, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer time frame. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 14 – DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as used in the June 30, 2015 five-year experience study, are summarized as follows:

	Target	Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00 %	0.50 %
US Equity	22.50	4.75
International Equity	22.50	7.00
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	8.00
Real Assets	15.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	10.00	3.00
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2019 was 3.22 percent. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2019 was 3.70 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the plan at the contribution rate of 2.00 percent of projected covered payroll each year, which includes a 1.50 percent payroll surcharge and no contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make future benefit payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2029. However, since SERS' actuaries indicate the fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted at a future measurement date, the single equivalent interest rate is determined as the single rate that will generate a present value of benefit payments equal to the sum of the present value determined by the long-term expected rate of return, and the present value determined by discounting those benefits after the date of depletion by the Fidelity General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index rate of 3.13 percent, as of June 30, 2019 (i.e., municipal bond rate).

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability and what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.22 percent) and higher (4.22 percent) than the current discount rate (3.22 percent). Also shown is what the net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower (6.00 percent decreasing to 3.75 percent) and higher (8.00 percent decreasing to 5.75 percent) than the current rate.

	Current						
	1% Decrease		Dis	Discount Rate		% Increase	
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$	8,157,503	\$	6,720,579	\$	5,578,048	
				Current			
	1% Decrease		T	Trend Rate		1% Increase	
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$	5,384,541	\$	6,720,579	\$	8,493,166	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 14 – DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Inflation

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2019, actuarial valuation are presented below:

2.50 percent Projected Salary Increases 12.50 percent at age 20 to 2.50 percent at age 65 **Pavroll Increases** 3.00 percent Investment Rate of Return 7.45 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation

Discount Rate of Return 7.45 percent

Health Care Cost Trend Rates

Medical	<u>Initial</u>	<u>Ultimate</u>
Pre-Medicare	5.87 percent	4.00 percent
Medicare	4.93 percent	4.00 percent
Prescription Drug		
Pre-Medicare	7.73 percent	4.00 percent
Medicare	9.62 percent	4.00 percent

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation, were adopted by the board from the results of an actuarial experience study for July 1, 2011, through June 30, 2016.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 14 – DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

	Target	Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation*	Real Rate of Return**
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

^{*}Target weights will be phased in over a 24-month period concluding on July 1, 2019.

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.45 percent as of June 30, 2019. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed STRS continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care plan investments of 7.45 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2019.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate and Health Care Cost Trend Rate The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2019, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45 percent, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.45 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.45 percent) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB liability as of June 30, 2019, calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower and one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

	Current					
	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase	
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	(3,767,696)	\$	(4,415,436)	\$	(4,960,035)
	1% Decrease		Current Trend Rate		1% Increase	
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	(5,006,902)	\$	(4,415,436)	\$	(3,691,034)

^{**}Ten year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25 percent and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 15 – CONTINGENCIES

- (a) Grants The District received financial assistance from federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds.
- (b) Foundation Funding District foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. The Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to adjust/reconcile funding as enrollment information is updated by schools throughout the State, which can extend past the fiscal year end. As of the date of this report, additional ODE adjustments for fiscal year 2020 have not been finalized.
- (c) Litigation The District is not party to any litigation that, in the opinion of management, would have a material effect on the financial statements.

NOTE 16 – ENCUMBRANCES

The District encumbers funds with purchase orders to assign funds for those purchases of goods and services. Encumbrances as of fiscal year end were as follows:

	Encumbrances		
General Fund	\$	359,850	
Other Governmental Funds		3,109,946	
Total	\$	3,469,796	

NOTE 17 - SET ASIDES

The District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of an equal amount for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. The following cash basis information describes the change in the year end set-aside amounts for each reserve:

Set-aside cash balance as of June 30, 2019	\$	-
Current fiscal year set-aside requirement	1,0	74,590
Offset: Permanent Improvement Levy	(1,3	73,830)
Total	\$ (2	99,240)
Set Aside Restricted Balance June 30, 2020	\$	-

Capital acquisition offsets and qualifying disbursements presented in the table were limited to those necessary to reduce the fiscal year-end balance to zero. During fiscal year 2015, the District issued \$33,303,594 in capital related debt based on a building project undertaken by the District. These proceeds may be used as qualifying disbursements to reduce the capital acquisition to zero for future fiscal years. The District still has \$33,238,391 in qualifying disbursements that may be used to reduce the set-aside requirement for future fiscal years.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 18 - COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Fund Balance Deficits - Fund balances at fiscal year-end included the following individual deficits:

Fund Name	_	Deficit		
Other Governmental Funds		_		
CARES Act	\$	(14,843)		
Title VI-B IDEA		(36,512)		
Title III Limited English Proficiency		(2,696)		
Title I Disadvantaged Children		(99,725)		
IDEA Preschool		(5,068)		
Miscellaneous Federal Grant		(23,817)		
	\$	(182,661)		

These fund deficits resulted from the application of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The General Fund is liable for the deficits in the Other Governmental Funds and provides operating transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur.

NOTE 19 – CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 95, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance*. GASB Statement No. 95 postpones the effective dates of certain provisions in the statements that first became effective or are scheduled to become effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018, and later.

The following statements are postponed by one year:

- Statement No. 90, Majority Equity Interests
- Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations

Certain provisions in the following statements are postponed by one year:

• Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates

The following statement is postponed by 18 months:

• Statement No. 87, Leases

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the District implemented paragraphs 4 and 5 of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans. Paragraph 4 increases consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a government board typically would perform and paragraph 5 mitigates costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements. The implementation of paragraphs 4 and 5 of this Statement did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 19 - CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES - (Continued)

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the District has early implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 89, *Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period*, and GASB Statement No. 92 *Omnibus* 2020.

GASB Statement No. 89 requires that interest costs incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. As a result, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period will not be included in the historical cost of a capital asset reported in a business-type activity or enterprise fund. The early implementation of GASB Statement No. 89 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 92 enhances comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. The early implementation of GASB Statement No. 92 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

NOTE 20 – SUBSEQUENT EVENT

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the District. The District's investment portfolio and the investments of the pension and other employee benefit plan in which the District participates fluctuate with market conditions, and due to market volatility, the amount of gains or losses that will be recognized in subsequent periods, if any, cannot be determined. In addition, the impact on the District's future operating costs, revenues, and any recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

GROVEPORT MADISON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT THE SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF OHIO

LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS (1)

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.2614494%	0.2682617%	0.242875%	0.247206%	0.240902%	0.229231%	0.229231%
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 15,642,976	\$ 15,363,844	\$ 14,511,269	\$ 18,093,169	\$ 13,746,085	\$ 11,601,250	\$ 13,631,633
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 6,500,520	\$ 6,461,607	\$ 7,910,800	\$ 7,780,269	\$ 7,295,735	\$ 6,498,788	\$ 7,258,315
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	240.64%	237.77%	183.44%	232.55%	188.41%	178.51%	187.81%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	70.85%	71.36%	69.50%	62.98%	69.16%	71.70%	65.52%

⁽¹⁾ Information prior to 2014 is not available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date, which is the prior fiscal year-end.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

GROVEPORT MADISON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT THE SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF OHIO

LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS (1)

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.26659355%	0.26127703%	0.253202%	0.243017%	0.234635%	0.232747%	0.232747%
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 58,955,561	\$ 57,448,953	\$ 60,148,578	\$ 81,345,088	\$ 64,846,295	\$ 56,612,065	\$ 67,435,921
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 31,468,727	\$ 29,880,652	\$ 26,371,953	\$ 26,658,538	\$ 25,504,227	\$ 23,047,120	\$ 23,907,742
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	187.35%	192.26%	228.08%	305.14%	254.26%	245.64%	282.07%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	77.40%	77.30%	75.30%	66.80%	72.10%	74.70%	69.30%

⁽¹⁾ Information prior to 2014 is not available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date, which is the prior fiscal year-end.

GROVEPORT MADISON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2020	 2019	2018	2017	
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 951,235	\$ 877,570	\$ 872,317	\$	1,107,512
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 951,235	\$ 877,570	\$ 872,317	\$	1,107,512
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$	
Covered Payroll	\$ 6,794,536	\$ 6,500,520	\$ 6,461,607	\$	7,910,800
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.00%	13.50%	13.50%		14.00%

2016	2015	2014	2013		2012	2011		
\$ 1,089,238	\$ 961,578	\$ 900,732	\$ 1,004,551	\$	1,006,315	\$	910,692	
\$ 1,089,238	\$ 961,578	\$ 900,732	\$ 1,004,551	\$	1,006,315	\$	910,692	
\$ 	\$ 	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$		
\$ 7,780,269	\$ 7,295,735	\$ 6,498,788	\$ 7,258,315	\$	7,481,899	\$	7,244,962	
14.00%	13.18%	13.86%	13.84%		13.45%		12.57%	

GROVEPORT MADISON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2020	2019	2018	2017
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 4,616,991	\$ 4,405,621	\$ 4,183,291	\$ 3,692,073
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 4,616,991	\$ 4,405,621	\$ 4,183,291	\$ 3,692,073
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered Payroll	\$ 32,978,507	\$ 31,468,727	\$ 29,880,652	\$ 26,371,953
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%

2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
\$ 3,732,195	\$ 3,570,592	\$ 2,996,126	\$ 3,108,006	\$ 3,220,548	\$ 3,247,299
\$ 3,732,195	\$ 3,570,592	\$ 2,996,126	\$ 3,108,006	\$ 3,220,548	\$ 3,247,299
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
\$ 26,658,538	\$ 25,504,227	\$ 23,047,120	\$ 23,907,742	\$ 24,773,444	\$ 24,979,222
14.00%	14.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%

GROVEPORT MADISON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT THE SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF OHIO

LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS (1)

		2020		2019		2018		2017
District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	0.	.2672420%	0	2712717%	0	.2464639%	0	2489323%
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$	6,720,579	\$	7,525,810	\$	6,614,444	\$	7,095,490
District's Covered Payroll	\$	6,500,520	\$	6,461,607	\$	7,910,800	\$	7,780,269
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		103.39%		116.47%		83.61%		91.20%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability		15.57%		13.57%		12.46%		11.49%

⁽¹⁾ Information prior to 2017 is not available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date, which is the prior fiscal year-end.

GROVEPORT MADISON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT THE SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB (ASSET) LIABILITY STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF OHIO

LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS (1)

	2020	2019	2018	2017
Districtly Dury ortion of the Net ODED Liebility (Asset)	0.200504000/	0.004077000/	0.050004500/	0.040047000/
District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	0.26659400%	0.26127703%	0.25320158%	0.24301700%
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ (4,415,436)	\$ (4,198,455)	\$ 9,878,992	\$ 12,996,612
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 31,468,727	\$ 29,880,652	\$ 26,371,953	\$ 26,658,538
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	-14.03%	-14.05%	37.46%	48.75%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	174.70%	176.00%	47.10%	37.30%

⁽¹⁾ Information prior to 2017 is not available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date, which is the prior fiscal year-end.

GROVEPORT MADISON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	 2020	 2019	 2018	2017	
Contractually Required Contribution (1)	\$ 118,570	\$ 192,375	\$ 174,952	\$	134,336
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 118,570	\$ 192,375	\$ 174,952	\$	134,336
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$	
Covered Payroll	\$ 6,794,536	\$ 6,500,520	\$ 6,461,607	\$	7,910,800
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (1)	1.75%	2.96%	2.71%		1.70%

(1) Includes Surcharge

 2016	2015	 2014	2013		2012	2011	
\$ 123,453	\$ 179,765	\$ 91,727	\$	100,231	\$ 109,765	\$	164,399
\$ 123,453	\$ 179,765	\$ 91,727	\$	100,231	\$ 109,765	\$	164,399
\$ 	\$ _	\$ _	\$		\$ 	\$	
\$ 7,780,269	\$ 7,295,735	\$ 6,498,788	\$	7,258,315	\$ 7,481,899	\$	7,244,962
1.59%	2.46%	1.41%		1.38%	1.47%		2.27%

GROVEPORT MADISON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2020	2019	2018	2017
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered Payroll	\$ 32,978,507	\$ 31,468,727	\$ 29,880,652	\$ 26,371,953
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

20)16		2015		2014		2013		2012	2011	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	300,953	\$	239,077	\$	247,734	\$	249,792
\$		\$		\$	300,953	\$	239,077	\$	247,734	\$	249,792
\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
\$ 26,6	558,538	\$ 25	,504,227	\$ 2	23,047,120	\$ 2	3,907,742	\$ 2	24,773,444	\$ 2	24,979,222
	0.00%		0.00%		1.31%		1.00%		1.00%		1.00%

GROVEPORT MADISON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT FRANKLIN COUNTY

NOTES TO SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - NET PENSION LIABILITY

Changes in Assumptions - SERS

Beginning in fiscal year 2018, an assumption of 2.5 percent was used for COLA or Ad Hoc COLA. Prior to 2018, an assumption of 3.0 percent was used.

For fiscal year 2017, the SERS Board adopted the following assumption changes:

- Assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25 percent to 3.00 percent
- Payroll Growth Assumption was reduced from 4.00 percent to 3.50 percent
- Assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75 percent to 0.50 percent
- Rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience.
- Mortality among active members was updated to RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females.
- Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries was updated to RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates, and 110 percent of female rates.
- Mortality among disabled members was updated to RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

Changes in Assumptions - STRS

For fiscal year 2018, the Retirement Board approved several changes to the actuarial assumptions in 2017. The long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75 percent to 7.45 percent, the inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75 percent to 2.50 percent, the payroll growth assumption was lowered to 3.00 percent, and total salary increases rate was lowered by decreasing the merit component of the individual salary increases, in addition to a decrease of 0.25 percent due to lower inflation. The healthy and disabled mortality assumptions were updated to the RP-2014 mortality tables with generational improvement scale MP-2016. Rates of retirement, termination and disability were modified to better reflect anticipated future experience.

Changes in Benefit Terms - SERS

With the authority granted to the Board under SB 8, the Board enacted a three-year COLA delay for future benefit recipients commencing on or after April 1, 2018.

For fiscal year 2018, the cost-of-living adjustment was changed from a fixed 3.00 percent to a cost-of-living adjustment that is indexed to CPI-W not greater than 2.50 percent with a floor of zero percent beginning January 1, 2018. In addition, with the authority granted the Board under HB 49, the Board has enacted a three-year COLA suspension for benefit recipients in calendar years 2018, 2019 and 2020.

Changes in Benefit Terms - STRS

For fiscal year 2018, the cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) was reduced to zero.

GROVEPORT MADISON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT FRANKLIN COUNTY

NOTES TO SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 2 - NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET)

Changes in Assumptions - SERS

Amounts reported incorporate changes in key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability as presented as follows:

Municipal Bond Index Rate:

3.13 percent
3.62 percent
3.56 percent
2.92 percent

Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation:

Fiscal year 2020	3.22 percent
Fiscal year 2019	3.70 percent
Fiscal year 2018	3.63 percent
Fiscal year 2017	2.98 percent

Pre-Medicare

Fiscal year 2020	7.00 percent initially, decreasing to 4.75 percent
Fiscal year 2019	7.25 percent initially, decreasing to 4.75 percent
Fiscal year 2018	7.50 percent initially, decreasing to 4.00 percent

Medicare

Fiscal year 2020	5.25 percent initially, decreasing to 4.75 percent
Fiscal year 2019	5.375 percent initially, decreasing to 4.75 percent
Fiscal year 2018	5.50 percent initially, decreasing to 5.00 percent

Changes in Assumptions – STRS

For fiscal year 2019, the discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13 percent to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45 percent. Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated. Health care cost trend rates ranged from 6.00 percent to 11 percent initially and a 4.50 percent ultimate rate for fiscal year 2018 and changed for fiscal year 2019 to a range of -5.20 percent to 9.60 percent, initially and a 4.00 ultimate rate.

For fiscal year 2018, the blended discount rate was increased from 3.26 percent to 4.13 percent. Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified. The percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased. The assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal and future health care cost trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs.

Changes in Benefit Terms - SERS

There have been no changes to the benefit provisions.

GROVEPORT MADISON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT FRANKLIN COUNTY

NOTES TO SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 2 - NET OPEB LIABILITY/ (ASSET) (Continued)

Changes in Benefit Terms - STRS

For fiscal year 2020, there was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were trended to the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020 to reflect the current price renewals. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2020 from 1.944 percent to 1.984 percent per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1 percent for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021

For fiscal year 2019, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was increased from 1.9 percent to 1.944 percent per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2019 and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020.

For fiscal year 2018, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was reduced from 2.1 percent to 1.9 percent per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 2019. This was subsequently extended, see above paragraph.

GROVEPORT MADISON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT FRANKLIN COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/	Federal CFDA	Pass Through EntityIdentifying	Total Federal
Program or Cluster Title	Number	Number	Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:			
Child Nutrition Cluster:			
School Breakfast Program	10.553	N/A	\$ 602,800
COVD-19 School Breakfast Program	10.553	N/A	46,008
Total School Breakfast Program			648,808
National School Lunch Program - Noncash Assistance	10.555	N/A	211,180
National School Lunch Program	10.555	N/A	1,159,848
COVID-19 National School Lunch Program	10.555	N/A	85,308
Total National School Lunch Program			1,456,336
Summer Food Service Program	10.559	N/A	36,375
COVID-19 Summer Food Service Program	10.559	N/A	216,305
Total Summer Food Service Program			252,680
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			2,357,824
Café Equipment Grant	10.579	N/A	11,239
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			2,369,063
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed through Ohio Department of Education:			
Title I, Part A:			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	2020	2,913,918
Total Title I, Part A			2,913,918
Special Education Cluster (IDEA):			
Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	84.027	2020	1,686,102
Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool)	84.173	2020	52,553
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			1,738,655
English Language Acquisition Grants	84.365	2020	11,403
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	2020	272,949
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	2020	163,801
Total U.S. Department of Education			5,100,726
Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$ 7,469,789

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

GROVEPORT MADISON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT FRANKLIN COUNTY

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6)
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Note A - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Groveport Madison Local School District (the District) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2020. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the District.

Note B - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement.

Note C - Indirect Cost Rate

The District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Note D - Child Nutrition Cluster

The District comingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the District assumes it expends federal monies first.

Note E – Food Donation Program

The District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the fair value. The District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.



313 Second St. Marietta, OH 45750 740.373.0056

1907 Grand Central Ave. Vienna, WV 26105 304,422,2203

150 West Main St. St. Clairsville, OH 43950 740.695.1569

1310 Market Street, Suite 300 Wheeling, WV 26003 304.232.1358

749 Wheeling Ave., Suite 300 Cambridge, OH 43725 740.435.3417

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

December 29, 2020

Groveport Madison Local School District Franklin County 4400 Marketing Place, Suite B Groveport, Ohio 43125

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' Government Auditing Standards, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Groveport Madison Local School District, Franklin County, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 29, 2020, wherein we noted the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the District.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the District's financial statements. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

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Groveport Madison Local School District
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Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Required by Government Auditing Standards
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Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Perry and Associates

Certified Public Accountants, A.C.

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Marietta, Ohio



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

February 26, 2021

Groveport Madison Local School District Franklin County 4400 Marketing Place, Suite B Groveport, Ohio 43125

To the Board of Education:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Groveport Madison Local School District's (the District) compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement that could directly and materially affect the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. The Summary of Auditor's Results in the accompanying schedule of audit findings identifies the District's major federal programs.

Management's Responsibility

The District's Management is responsible for complying with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the District's compliance for the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' Government Auditing Standards; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principals, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). These standards and the Uniform Guidance require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on the District's major programs. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

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Groveport Madison Local School District
Franklin County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control
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Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Groveport Madison Local School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Other Matters

This report is replacing a previously issued report dated December 29, 2020 because it was determined the District did not qualify as a low-risk auditee. This report also includes our opinion on the additional program tested and an updated Schedule of Audit Findings.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control over compliance tests and the results of this testing based on Uniform Guidance requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Perry and Associates

Certified Public Accountants, A.C.

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Marietta, Ohio

GROVEPORT MADISON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT FRANKLIN COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF AUDIT FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Special Education Cluster (IDEA), CFDA #84.027 and #84.173 Child Nutrition Cluster, CFDA #10.553, 10.555, and 10.559
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: > \$ 750,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR § 200.520?	No

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

3. FINDINGS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None



Administrative Office

4400 Marketing Place. Suite B Groveport, OH 43125 (phone) 614-492-2520 | (fax) 614-492-2532

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Status	Additional Information
2019-001	Noncompliance and Material Weakness: Procurement, Suspension & Debarment	Corrected	N/A



GROVEPORT MADISON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

FRANKLIN COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 4/6/2021