HUDSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

SUMMIT COUNTY

SINGLE AUDIT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020





88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 IPAReport@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

Board of Education Hudson City School District 2386 Hudson-Aurora Road Hudson, Ohio 44236

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Hudson City School District, Summit County, prepared by Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2020. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. Hudson City School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

March 02, 2021



HUDSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMIT COUNTY

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HUDSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMIT COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

(Prepared by Management)

FEDERAL GRANTOR Pass Through Grantor Program / Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Total Federal Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
Direct Program			
Child Nutrition Cluster			
National School Lunch Program - Non-cash Donated Commodities	10.555	\$ -	\$ 104,037
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education Child Nutrition Cluster			
School Breakfast Program	10.553	_	12,660
National School Lunch Program	10.555	_	140,384
6			- 7
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			257,081
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		-	257,081
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed Through Ohio Department of Education Title I Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies	84.010	_	199,844
•			,
Special Education Cluster	04.027		1.056.150
Special Education Grants to States - IDEA Part B Special Education Grants to States - Parent Mentor	84.027 84.027	-	1,256,150 24,914
Special Education Preschool Grants	84.173	- -	19,541
Total Special Education Cluster	0.1175		1,300,605
Title III			
English Language Acquisition Grants - Language Instruction	84.365	-	4,753
English Language Acquisition Grants - Immigrant	84.365		1,685
Total Title III		-	6,438
Carl D. Perkins Grant	84.048	253,576	253,576
Title II-A Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	-	59,356
Title IV-A Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424		14,649
Total U.S. Department of Education		253,576	1,834,468
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$ 253,576	\$ 2,091,549

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

HUDSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMIT COUNTY

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (Prepared by Management)

NOTE A – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the Hudson City School District (the District) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2020. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the District.

NOTE B – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE C - INDIRECT COST RATE

The District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE D - SUBRECIPIENTS

The District passes certain federal awards received from the Ohio Department of Education to other governments or not-for-profit agencies (subrecipients). As Note B describes, the District reports expenditures of federal awards to subrecipients when paid in cash.

As a subrecipient, the District has certain compliance responsibilities, such as monitoring its subrecipients to help assure they use these subawards as authorized by laws, regulations, and the provisions of contracts or grant agreements, and that subrecipients achieve the award's performance goals.

NOTE E - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the District assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE F – FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the entitlement value. The District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.

HUDSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMIT COUNTY

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (Prepared by Management) (Continued)

NOTE G – TRANSFERS BETWEEN PROGRAM YEARS

Federal regulations require schools to obligate certain federal awards by June 30. However, with ODE's consent, schools can transfer unobligated amounts to the subsequent fiscal year's program. The District transferred the following amounts from 2020 to 2021 programs:

Program Title	CFDA Number	Amount Transferred
Title I Gants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	\$ 7,081
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	41,009
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	3,158
Title IV-A Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.358	10,604
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	54,528

Office phone - (216) 575-1630 Fax - (216) 436-2411

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Hudson City School District Summit County 2386 Hudson-Aurora Road Hudson, Ohio 44236

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Hudson City School District, Summit County, Ohio (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 20, 2020. We noted the District adopted new accounting guidance in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. We also noted the financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the District.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Hudson City School District
Summit County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in
Accordance with Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Charles Having Association

Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc. December 20, 2020

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR THE MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Hudson City School District Summit County 2386 Hudson-Aurora Road Hudson, Ohio 44236

To the Board of Education:

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

We have audited the Hudson City School District, Summit County, Ohio's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the District's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2020. The District's major federal program is identified in the Summary of Auditor's Results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for the District's major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Hudson City School District
Summit County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for the
Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance
Required by the Uniform Guidance
Page 2

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Hudson City School District, Summit County, Ohio complied, in all material respects with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for the major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Hudson City School District
Summit County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for the
Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance
Required by the Uniform Guidance
Page 3

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have also audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Hudson City School District, Summit County, Ohio (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated December 20, 2020, which contained an unmodified opinion on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Schedule) is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures we applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule is fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Charles Having Association

Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc. December 20, 2020

HUDSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMIT COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 JUNE 30, 2020

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Special Education Cluster – CFDA #84.027 & #84.173
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 750,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR §200.520?	Yes

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None.

3	FINDINGS	FOR	EEDED	AT A	WADDG	
J.	THIMINITO	run	FRURK	ALIP	A W A N D S	

None.







Front entrance of newly constructed Hudson Middle School which opened in 2020

Hudson City Schools

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

OF THE

HUDSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

FOR THE

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020



Hudson City Schools®

Board of Education

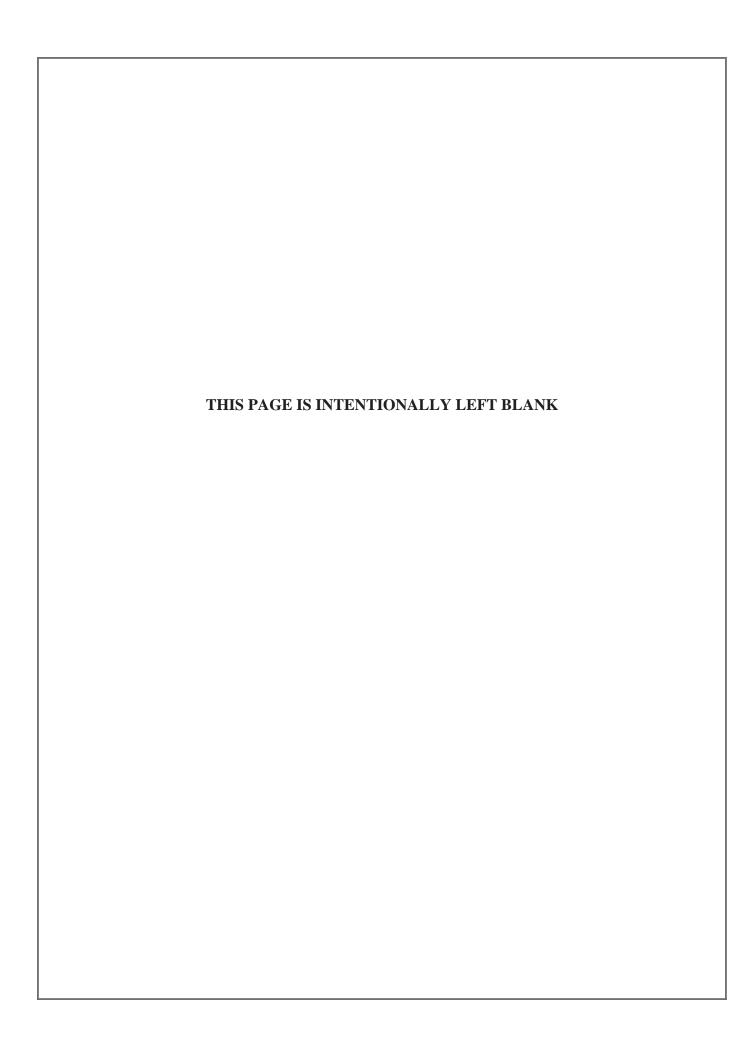
David Zuro, President Steven DiMauro, Vice President James Field, Member Tom Tobin, Member Alisa Wright, Member

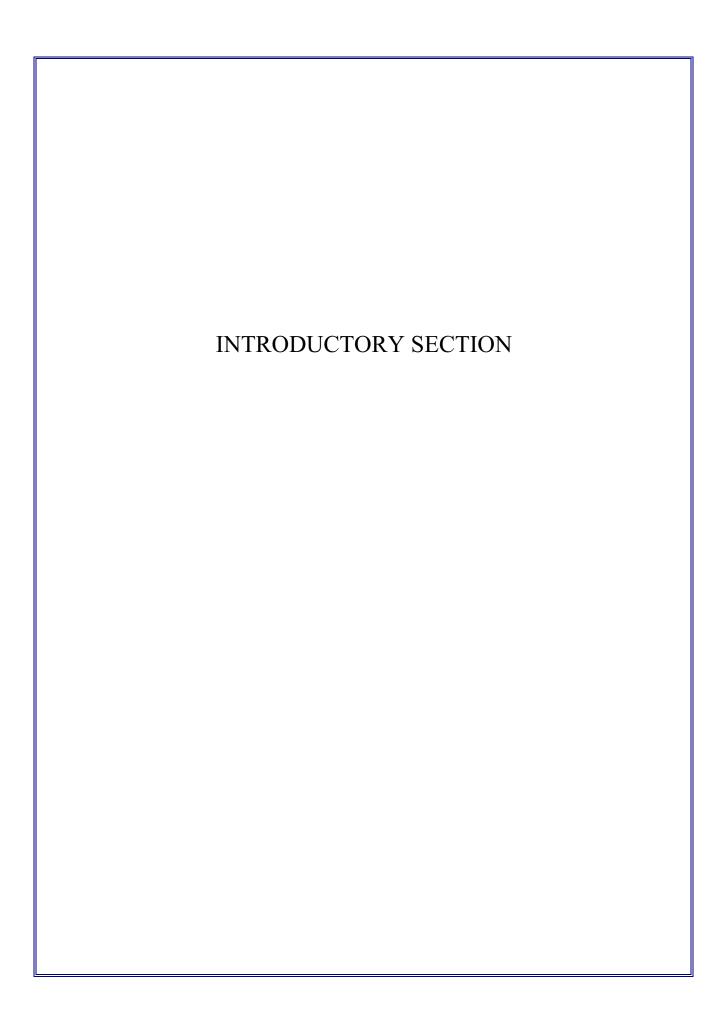
PREPARED BY THE OFFICE OF THE TREASURER

Phillip D. Butto IV, Treasurer/CFO

HUDSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

2386 Hudson-Aurora Road Hudson, Ohio 44236





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HUDSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMIT COUNTY, OHIO

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

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Hudson City School District

TREASURER'S OFFICE 2386 Hudson-Aurora Road Hudson, OH 44236-2322 330-653-1270 330-656-2292 FAX



December 20, 2020

Citizens and Board of Education, Hudson City School District:

We are pleased to submit to you the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the Hudson City School District (the "District") for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. This CAFR, which includes an opinion from the Independent Auditors, conforms to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental entities. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data presented and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the District. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the District. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the District's financial activities have been included.

The report provides the taxpayers of the District, bond rating agencies, and other interested parties with comprehensive financial information, enabling them to gain a clear understanding of the District's finances. This report is intended to meet the accountability requirements of the District to the public.

Copies of this report will be widely distributed throughout the District. A copy will be sent to all school buildings, the Chamber of Commerce, major taxpayers, Hudson Public Library, banks, the District's Financial Advisory Committee, and any other interested parties.

The District provides a full range of traditional and non-traditional educational programs and services. These include elementary and secondary curriculum offerings at the general, college preparatory and vocational levels; a broad range of co-curricular and extracurricular activities; adult and community education and recreation offerings; and special education programs and facilities.

The Reporting Entity

The District has reviewed its reporting entity definition in order to insure conformance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units" and GASB Statement No. 61, "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34". In evaluating how to define the District for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all agencies, departments and organizations making up the District, the primary government and its potential component units.

The District has administrative responsibility for state funds distributed to private schools located within District boundaries. The private schools served are: Cuyahoga Valley Christian Academy, Seton Catholic School, and Walsh Jesuit High School. While these organizations share operational and service similarity with the District, all are separate and distinct entities. Because of their independent nature, none of these organizations' financial statements are included in this report. Their Boards are not appointed by the District, nor are they fiscally dependent on the District.



The District And Its Facilities

The District serves an area of approximately 31 square miles in and around the City of Hudson (the "City"). It is located in Summit County, approximately 28 miles southeast of downtown Cleveland and 14 miles north of Akron. The District is an affluent suburban district that grew rapidly from 1980 to 2000 but has since leveled off. Nearly 100 percent of the City of Hudson and portions of two other municipalities and a township are located within the District. They are: the City of Cuyahoga Falls, the Village of Boston Heights and Boston Township. Hudson's population in 1980 was 12,645 residents. By 1990, according to the U.S. Census Bureau, Hudson's population had grown to 17,125 and the 2000 Census showed the population of the City of Hudson was 22,439. The 2010 Census showed a population of 22,262.

Because of the rapid growth of Hudson and the surrounding area, the District recorded more than 19 consecutive years of increasing enrollment until fiscal year 2000 when enrollment slowed. The District's enrollment for fiscal year 2020 was 4,737 students. With the exception of 2021, the District expects enrollment to grow slightly over the next few years.

The District's facilities include four elementary schools, one middle school (grades six to eight), one high school (grades nine to twelve), a maintenance building, a bus garage, central offices residing in four houses, athletic fields and field houses. The ages of the buildings vary from the oldest built in 1927 to the newest built in 2020. The majority of the District's school buildings were built before 1967. The District has recently engaged a new Master Facilities Plan to address the problem of aging buildings. The Master Facilities Plan includes construction of a new Middle School, realigning grades and renovating McDowell, East Woods, and Ellsworth Hill elementary schools, as well as renovating the High School Media Center. In addition, improvements will be made to Lavelli Field, Ada Cooper Natatorium, and Evamere Elementary which will consolidate the District central office facilities.

Economic Condition And Outlook

Ohio's unemployment rate was 10.9 percent in June 2020, and the nation's unemployment rate for the same period was 11.2 percent. Additionally, June 2020 employment in the Akron area was 354,500 with an unemployment rate of 11 percent. Specific employment figures for the Hudson City School District are not available. (Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.)

Hudson is the headquarters for JoAnn Stores, Inc., for Meyer DC, and is also home to the division headquarters of Little Tikes Co., Caliber Logistics, Inc. (Federal Express), and Allstate Insurance. Arhaus Corporation headquarters is located in Boston Heights within the Hudson City School District boundaries.

On a budgetary-basis, the District receives approximately 79 percent of its total general operating fund revenues from local property tax collections. Therefore, the long-term financial health of the District is very dependent on its tax base. Tax rates are certified by the Summit County Auditor's Office and Board of Education approved. This year's rates were Board approved on February 24, 2020.

The District has an excellent relationship with the City of Hudson, which assures that commercial development projects selected by the City are also highly desirable for the District. When the City of Hudson uses an incentive to attract a business, the City seeks the input of the School District to see the impact an abatement would cause. The District will continue to work with the City of Hudson to attract desirable development to the community.

Long-Term Financial Planning

The District prepares a five-year financial forecast annually for use as a tool for long range planning. The five-year forecast contains projected local and state revenues, spending patterns within each area of the budget, and cash balances in the District's operating fund. The five-year forecast provides early warning signs of potential financial problems.

The District uses the five-year forecast to provide a basis for making financial decisions, including the construction of the annual budget, adjustments to staffing levels, collective bargaining, and the placement of tax levies on the ballot. A specific example of long range planning is the facilities study committee which made recommendations to the superintendent and Board of Education regarding the 2018 Master Facilities Plan www.hudson.k12.oh.us/domain/1498. The Master Facilities Plan is currently under construction.



Organization Of The District

The District is governed by the Constitution of the State of Ohio and various statutes enacted by the Ohio General Assembly through the State Department of Education. Under Ohio law, the District is a separate and distinct unit of government. The Hudson City School District Board of Education is a five-member board elected at-large, with staggered four-year terms. The Board serves as the taxing authority, contracting body, policy maker, approves the annual appropriation resolution and tax budget and ensures that all other general laws of the State of Ohio are followed in the expenditure of the District's tax dollars.

Principal Officials

BOARD MEMBERS – as of 6-30-20

<u>Name</u>	<u>Began</u>	Expires	Profession
David Zuro (President)	01-01-10	12-31-21	Telecommunications Manager, Retired
Steven DiMauro (Vice-President)	01-01-08	12-31-21	Associate Director, Accenture
James Field	01-01-12	12-31-23	Business Analyst, Heinen's Fine Foods
Tom Tobin	01-01-16	12-31-23	Charitable Foundation Executive, Retired
Alisa Wright	01-01-18	12-31-21	Attorney

<u>ADMINISTRATION – as of 6-30-20</u>

<u>Name</u>	<u>Position</u>
Phillip Herman	Superintendent
Phillip D. Butto IV	Treasurer/CFO
Doreen Osmun	Assistant Superintendent and Director of Curriculum & Instruction
Lisa Hunt	Director of Human Resources
Kelly Kempf	Director of Pupil Services
Steve Marlow	Director of Operations
Natalie Wininger	Supervisor of Special Services



Employee Relations

The District currently has approximately 651 employees. Two labor organizations represent District employees. Certified employees, including teachers and educational specialists, are represented for collective bargaining purposes by the Hudson Education Association (HEA). Support employees, including cooks, custodians, educational aides and clerical staff, are represented for collective bargaining purposes by the Ohio Association of Public School Employees Local 372 (OAPSE).

Services Provided

The District provides a wide variety of educational and support services as mandated by the Ohio Revised Code or Board directives. The District contracts out its transportation of students. During the 2019-20 fiscal year, the District's fleet of buses traveled 3,240 miles each day providing transportation services to 2,640 public and 72 private and parochial students. The Nutrition Services Department served an average of 2,396 meals daily for a total of 395,401 meals annually through the District's school lunch program.

In addition to transportation and school lunch support services offered to children in the District, guidance, special education, (including school psychology services) and health services are available free of charge. Guidance services support the school environment and are designed to help students achieve a well-adjusted social life. Special education services, including school psychology services, are provided for all federal disability categories ranging from preschool-age students through high school. Health services consist of the staffing of school clinics with R.N. or L.P.N. level nurses and health promotion classes.

At the center of the District's services are the instructional programs. The District offers regular instructional programs daily to students in grades pre-kindergarten to twelve. The District served approximately 661 identified students who need specially designed programs. These students received services through the wide array of special education programs offered in the District.

Finally, there are numerous academic and athletic programs for students, providing them with a number of enriching experiences. Hudson Schools is known not only for its academic excellence but also the focus and importance placed on the arts, leadership, community service, and athletics. The District provides, through its Community Education and Recreation Department, a community-wide recreation program during the school year and throughout the summer months. The programs and activities provide a lifetime of memories for Hudson's students.

Academic Programming - Fiscal Year 2020

Our district's academic program provides opportunities for all students to reach their full potential. Some of our celebrations include:

Hudson High School often represents the culmination of the strong student experience beginning in preschool through grade 12.

- 13th ranked public High School in Ohio, and ranked #1 in Summit County.
- o 10 Hudson High School students have posted perfect "36" Composite Scores on the ACT in the past 2 years.
- o 25 Advanced Placement courses are offered. All AP students must take the Advanced Placement test.
- o 165 Hudson High School students were inducted into membership in the National Honor Society.
- o 198 Hudson High School graduates in the class of 2020 earned the State of Ohio Honors Diploma.
- 214 seniors graduated with designated honors in 2020: 79 earned Cum Laude honors (3.67-3.99); 71 earned Magna Cum Laude honors (4.00-4.32); 64 earned Summa Cum Laude honors (4.33 and above).
- o 93 % of our High School students took the ACT. The overall Hudson composite on the ACT was 26.1 with the state of Ohio Composite at 20.0.
- o 17 seniors in the class of 2020 have been recognized as National Merit Scholars: 8 as semi-finalists and 9 as commended.
- o 26 Six District Compact career programs include work experience in skilled and technical occupations through cooperation with five other area school districts.
- Class of 2020: 89% attending four-year institutions, 4% attending two-year technical/career college, 1% Military (enlisted), and 6% employed.



- o Project Based Learning has been an area of focus for the students of Hudson. It is important for our students to be able to engage in learning that is authentic and can potentially solve real-world problems.
- o Hudson Middle School consistently ranks in the top 2% Middle Schools in the state.
- O Technology: Curriculum incorporates digital learning and technology beginning with the youngest students. Students have access to computer labs and workstations in all of the media centers. Chromebooks are available in the K-2 classrooms and students in grades 3-5 are 1:1 with Chromebooks. The Middle School and High School students use iPads.
- o Environmental Sustainability: Recycling responsibility takes place K-12. HHS curriculum includes use of the Environmental Land Lab. The McDowell Arboretum provides an outdoor environmental science education resource for elementary students. Our schools also have Energy Star ratings.
- o Entrepreneurship Education: East Woods students participate in "Lemonade Day," a national program that teaches students entrepreneurial and business skills. Fifth grade students create and launch their own business. Ellsworth Hill students work with high school students on entrepreneurship projects.
- o Evamere, East Woods, and the High School Teams of teachers were awarded approximately \$35,000 in grant writing monies from the GAR Foundation to support student learning.
- o Curricular lessons and units are being designed to design and build using technology such as a laser-cutter, incorporating 3-D printing, and Makerspace in grades 3-12.
- o Students using 3-D technologies, VR goggles and resources that help students emerge in their learning, literally (virtually), augmentative reality sandboxes, and Virtual Reality tools to further engage in learning and problem-solving.
- o Examples of unique Hudson High School programs that provide rigor and meaning for students:
 - Service Learning Recognized by Ohio as the model program, this course combines the disciplines of Social Studies and English with application in service to the community. Students receive a "hands-on" experience through real-world experience.
 - New Dimensions Interdisciplinary humanities course that includes psychology, philosophy, anthropology and sociology.
 - o Honors Biology and Honors English 9-This is a co-taught freshman level class where these two disciplines are integrated. Students engage in backpacking, camping, and hiking in Ohio and Pennsylvania.
 - o Geometric Design- Is a new course started in the 2018-2019 school year. Math and Art intersect in this co-taught course for freshmen.
 - World Language HHS offers six World Languages, including Spanish, Latin, French, German, Mandarin Chinese, and American Sign Language.
 - o Offering College Credit Plus courses at Hudson High School and at local universities.

Highlighting Learning:

In the Middle School Service Learning Class students engage in a variety of service research projects. The focus project is *Hands of Gratitude*. Students help to assemble prosthetic hands for children around the world. This is one way to connect with the world around them. Community member sponsors make it possible to keep the project sustainable.

With the facility projects around the district, students were able to explore sustainability through the design of the new Middle School, landscape architecture, and being involved in the design.

Fine and performing arts are an important and integral part of the curriculum and extracurricular student activities. Arts and music touches nearly all students K-12.

Many Hudson High School students garnered Scholastic Art Awards. The art electives include Graphics, Drawing, AP
art, photography (advanced and beginner), ceramics, mixed media, painting (advanced and beginner), art I, advanced art,
AP studio art, and yearbook.



- General music is incorporated into the curriculum at all elementary grades. Orchestra begins in 4th grade; band begins in 5th grade. Vocal performance groups offered at East Woods include 4th grade choir, East Woods Singers, and East Woods Ensemble. The middle school offers middle school choir and a middle school play.
- o Hudson Middle School offers electives in the arts that go beyond band, choir, and orchestra.
- Video: Video is an important component of 21st century communications. HHS offers Digital Video Production. At the High School, Middle School and East Woods, students program and present morning announcements using studio and video technology.

A well-rounded education includes a wide variety of opportunities including student leadership, real-world learning, cocurricular and extracurricular opportunities.

- Hudson High School emphasizes student leadership in all aspects of student life, including but not limited to 46 clubs,
 Student Government, Junior Leadership, Student to Student programs, such as HUDDLE, and the Hudson Leadership
 Conference (which is student led).
- o Peer Collaboration is an initiative at Hudson High School that offers students the opportunity to engage as mentors, and tutors, while working with teachers for course credit.
- o High school activities such as Mock Trial, Model UN, Science Olympiad, Academic Challenge, Mu Alpha Theta Math Honor Society, and the JA Titan Challenge provide opportunities for students to excel beyond the classroom.
- o Middle School Clubs include Student Council, Drama Club, Ski Club, Student-to-Student, and Yearbook.
- o Middle School Student Council emphasizes student leadership and service.
- Leader In Me Develops leadership skills through the implementation of the 7 Habits of Happy Kids and the 7 Habits of Highly Effective Teens in preschool through grade 8.
- Advisor/Advisee program Hudson Middle School program that assigns small groups of students to a single staff member for all three years.
- o Strong athletics participation: Over 50% of the students in grades 7-12 are student athletes.
- o HHS boasts 27 High School Boys and Girls Sports, a Rugby Club and a Boys Volleyball Club.

A variety of services provide options to ensure all students receive individualized instruction, enrichment and support.

- o Gifted programming for students in grades 3-8 provided by a Gifted Intervention Specialist.
- o Diversity, equity, and inclusion profession development to support student well-being at school.
- Diversity learning opportunities for all high school students and students in grades 5 and 6.
- o English as a Second Language programming and support.
- O Using Panorama (social emotional student survey) to design supports responsiveness to students' needs.
- o Preschool for students with and without disabilities.
- o Hudson Preschool earned the Five-Star Step Up To Quality Rating, a very high distinction.
- Mental wellness programs: Red Flags Program assists staff to identify students who may be struggling with social or emotional problems; Positive Behavior Intervention Support, K-12, Zones of Regulation, PBIS (Positive Behavior, Intervention, Supports).
- o Partnered with the community to bring education, awareness, resources, and expand parent partnerships to advocate for students who struggle or could potentially struggle with drug and alcohol addictions.
- Providing counseling services through partner agencies to provide more intensive mental health counseling to individual students.
- Partnered with Community First to host the viewing and panel discussion of the documentary Anxiety.
- o Guidance Counselors for all students (12.5 counselors).
- o Health Services for all students RN, LPN, and Medical Assistants.
- Speech & Language Therapy, Occupational Therapy, Physical Therapy, and adaptive programs such as in physical education.
- Real-life experiences: Functional Living Labs, High School Cottage Industry, including woodworking, High School Sweet Sensations Café.



- o Vocational and Transition to Work Programs both in-house and within the community
- o Help for students or student enrichment:
 - o Explorer Period, Grades 9-12.
 - o Focus Periods, K-8 which provides systemic academic intervention.
 - o Response to Intervention (RTI), Reading, Math, Behavior, pre-K-12.
 - Academic Resource Centers, Grades 6-12.
 - o Math and Writing Labs, Grades 9-12.
 - o APEX on-line, virtual learning courses for high school students.
 - o Elementary Supplemental Reading program, "Reading Club."

Financial Reporting

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the District continued to report in accordance with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, "Basic Financial Statements-and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for the State and Local Governments." The basic financial statements for reporting on the District's financial activities are as follows:

- Government-wide financial statements: These statements are prepared on an accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the basis of accounting followed by business enterprises. The government-wide statements distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.
- Fund financial statements: These statements present information for individual major funds rather than by fund type. Non-major funds are presented in total in one column. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting and include a reconciliation to the governmental activities accrual information presented in the government-wide financial statements. Proprietary and fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting.
- Statement of budgetary comparisons: These statements present comparisons of actual information to the legally adopted budget. The budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances.

As part of this reporting model, management is responsible for preparing a Discussion and Analysis of the District. This discussion appears after the Independent Accountants' Report in the financial section of this report. The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) provides an assessment of the District's finances for 2020. The letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it.

Financial Information

Internal Accounting and Budgetary Control

The District's accounting system is organized on a "fund" basis. Each fund is a distinct self-balancing accounting entity. Governmental fund operations are presented on the modified accrual basis, whereby revenues are recognized when measurable and available, and expenditures are recognized when goods and services are received. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined. "Available" means collectable within the current fiscal period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal period, which the District considers to be sixty days after fiscal year-end. Proprietary funds and the custodial fund operations are presented on the accrual basis, whereby revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses when incurred.

In developing the District's accounting system, much consideration was given to the adequacy of internal accounting controls. Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance regarding the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and the reliability of financial records for preparing the financial statements and maintaining the accountability of assets. The concept of reasonable assurance is based on the assumption that the cost of internal accounting controls should not exceed the benefits expected to be derived from their implementation. Management believes that the District's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

The District utilizes a fully-automated accounting system as well as an automated system of control for capital assets and payroll. These systems, coupled with the manual auditing of each voucher prior to payment, ensure that the financial information generated is both accurate and reliable.

At the beginning of each fiscal year, the Board of Education adopts a permanent appropriation measure for all funds for the fiscal year. The permanent appropriation measure is adopted upon receipt from the County Fiscal Officer of an Amended Certificate of Estimated Resources based on final assessed values and tax rates, which is usually received before the beginning of the fiscal year. Annual appropriations may not exceed the County Budget Commission's Official Certificate of Estimated Resources. The County Fiscal Officer must certify that the Board of Education's appropriation measures, including any supplements or amendments, do not exceed the amount set forth in the latest of those official estimates.

All disbursements and transfers of cash between funds require appropriation authority from the Board. Budgets are managed at the object account level within a function but controlled at the fund level. All purchase order requests must be approved by the purchasing agent and certified, as to the availability of funds, by the Treasurer. Following certification, the necessary funds are encumbered and purchase orders released to vendors.

The accounting system used by the District provides interim financial reports which detail year-to-date expenditures and encumbrances versus the original appropriation plus any additional appropriations to date. In addition to interim financial statements, each administrator and school principal can access monthly reports showing the status of the budget accounts for which they are responsible. As an additional safeguard, all employees are covered by a blanket bond and certain individuals in policy-making roles are covered by a separate, higher limit bond. The basis of accounting and the various funds utilized by the District are fully described in Note 1 of the basic financial statements. Additional information on the District's budgetary accounting can also be found in Note 1.

As demonstrated by the statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report, the District continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management. As with the financial section, all amounts presented in the remainder of this letter are expressed in rounded dollar amounts.

Independent Audit

State statutes require an annual audit by independent accountants. Charles E. Harris & Associates conducted the District's 2020 fiscal year audit. In addition to meeting the requirements set forth in state statutes, the audit also was designed to meet the requirements of the Federal Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 and U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133 *Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations*. The auditor's report on the basic financial statements and combining and individual fund statements and schedules is included in the financial section of this report.

Other Information

Awards:

GFOA Certificate of Achievement

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Hudson City School District for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. This was the twenty-first consecutive year that the District has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current Comprehensive Annual Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.



ASBO Certificate of Excellence

The District received the Association of School Business Officials (ASBO) International Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting award for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. This was the twenty-first consecutive year that the District has achieved this prestigious award. The award represents a significant achievement by the District and reflects the District's commitment to the highest standards of school system financial reporting. The District is also submitting this report to the Association of School Business Officials (ASBO) International for consideration of the Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting award. This award will certify that the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report conforms to the principles and standards of financial reporting as recommended and adopted by the Association of Schools Business Officials. This award is granted only after an intensive review of the financial report by an expert panel of certified public accountants and practicing school business officials. Management believes the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, which will be submitted to ASBO for review, will continue to conform to ASBO's principles and standards.

Acknowledgments

The continued publication of this report is an indication of the District's commitment to be accountable to our investors, the residents of the Hudson City School District, and to our customers, the students.

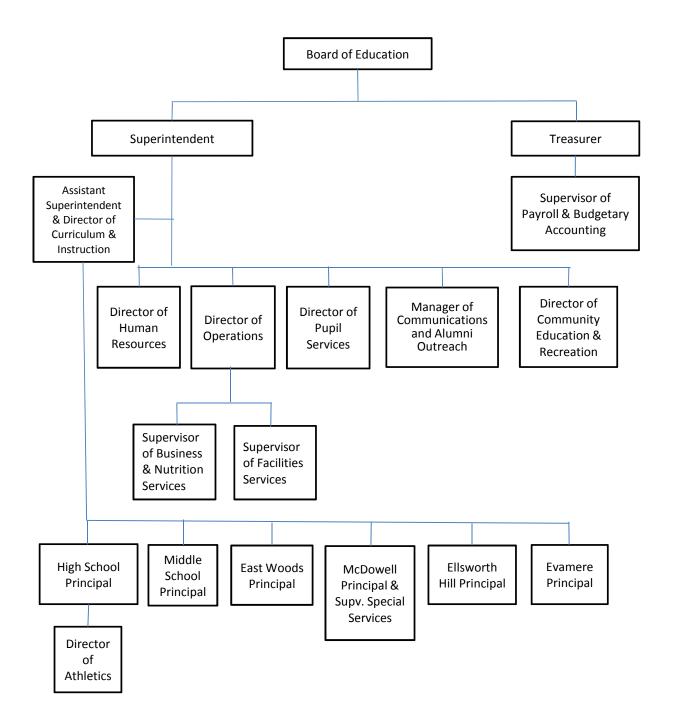
The preparation and publication of this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report on a timely basis could not have been possible without the cooperation of the entire staff of the Treasurer's Office. Additional appreciation is extended to Doreen Osmun, Assistant Superintendent and Director of Curriculum & Instruction, for her contributions to the Curricular Initiatives section; to Steve Marlow, Director of Operations, for maintaining the District's Capital Asset Records; and to Sheryl Sheatzley, Manager of Communications and Alumni Outreach, for her work on the cover and design; and also to Julian & Grube, Inc. for their expert guidance and assistance.

Respectfully submitted,

Phillip D. Butto IV Treasurer/CFO Phillip Herman Superintendent



HUDSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT ORGANIZATION CHART





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Hudson City School District Ohio

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2019

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



The Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented to

Hudson City School District

for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019.

> The CAFR meets the criteria established for ASBO International's Certificate of Excellence.

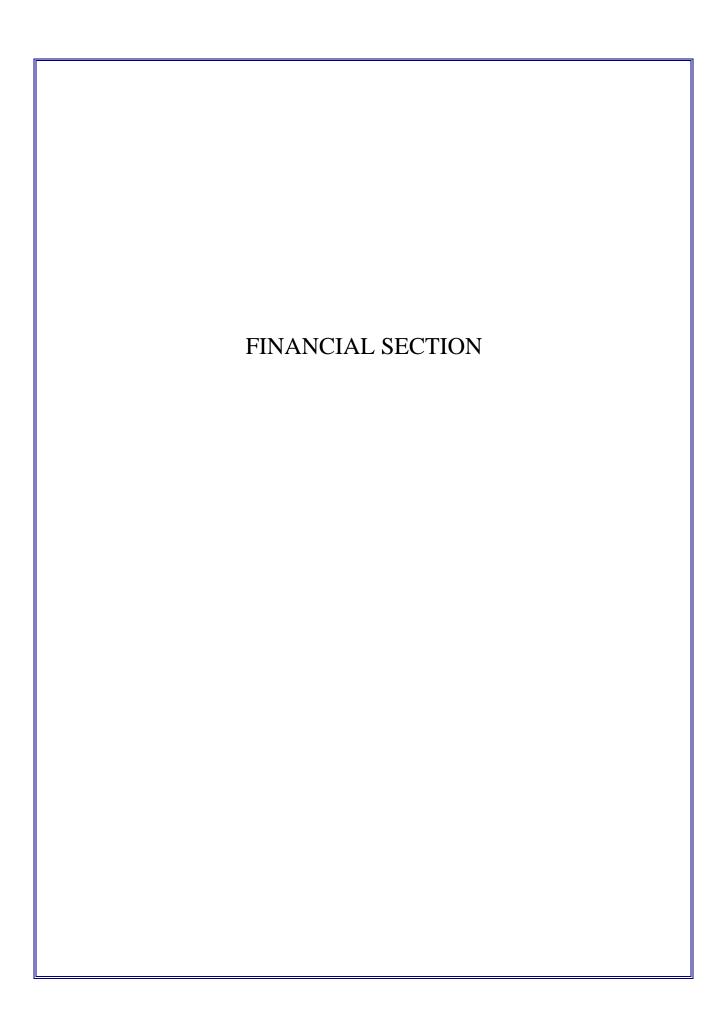


Claire Hertz, SFO

Plane Hert

President

David J. Lewis **Executive Director**



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Certified Public Accountants

5510 Pearl Road, Suite 102 Parma, Ohio 44129-2527 Office phone - (216) 575-1630

Fax - (216) 436-2411

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Hudson City School District Summit County 2386 Hudson-Aurora Road Hudson, Ohio 44236

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Hudson City School District, Summit County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Hudson City School District Summit County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Hudson City School District, Summit County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, cash flows, thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements, the District adopted new guidance in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

As discussed in Note 20 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the District. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedules of net pension liabilities, net OPEB assets/liabilities, pension contributions and OPEB contributions listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Hudson City School District Summit County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 20, 2020, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Charles Having Association

Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc.

December 20, 2020

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

The management's discussion and analysis of Hudson City School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the transmittal letter, the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2020 are as follows:

- In total, net position decreased \$1,329,885 from fiscal year 2019's net position. Net position of governmental activities decreased \$901,096 and net position of business-type activities decreased \$428,789.
- Total governmental activities revenues were \$79,465,596. General revenues related to governmental activities accounted for \$70,449,111 or 88.65% of all revenues. Program specific revenues related to governmental activities in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$9,016,485 or 11.35% of total revenues.
- The District had \$80,658,563 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$9,016,485 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$70,449,111 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District had \$1,242,780 in expenses related to business-type activities; program specific revenues in the form of charges for services amounted to \$985,309. Business-type activities also received general revenues of \$120,553 in the form of grants, and had transfers to the governmental activities of \$291,871.
- The District's major governmental funds are the general fund and the building fund. The general fund had \$65,308,349 in revenues and other financing sources and \$67,296,599 in expenditures and other financing uses. This resulted in a decrease in fund balance from \$32,174,196 to \$30,185,946.
- The building fund had \$3,638,062 in revenues and other financing sources and \$37,675,818 in expenditures and other financing uses. The total change in fund balance for the year was a decrease of \$34,037,756 as the District continues the building construction and renovation projects.

Using the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR)

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, or as an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The *statement of net position* and *statement of activities* provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, the general fund and the building are the most significant funds, and the only governmental funds reported as major funds.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2020?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include all non-fiduciary assets, liabilities, deferred inflows and outflows of resources, revenues and expenses using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's *net position* and changes in that position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the *financial position* of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, the District is divided into two distinct kinds of activities:

Governmental activities - Most of the District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities and food service operations.

Business-type activities - These services are provided on a charge for goods or services basis to recover all or a significant portion of the expenses of the goods or services provided. The District's community education program is reported as a business-type activity.

The District's statement of net position and statement of activities can be found on pages F 21 - F 23 of this report.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major governmental fund begins on page F 15. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental funds are the general fund and the building fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial assets* that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed *short-term* view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the financial statements. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages F 24 - F 28 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds use the same basis of accounting as business-type activities; therefore, these statements will essentially match information provided in the statements for the District as a whole. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages F 29 - F 31 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds

The District acts in a trustee capacity as fiscal agent for individuals, private organizations, or other governmental entities. These activities are reported in a custodial fund. The District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net position and changes in fiduciary net position on pages F 32 - F 33. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages F 35 - F 79 of this report.

Required Supplementary Information

The required supplementary information provides detailed information regarding the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability/asset of the retirement systems. It also includes a ten year schedule of the District's contributions to the retirement systems to fund pension and OPEB obligations. The required supplementary information can be found on pages F 82 - F 97 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

The District as a Whole

The statement of net position provides the perspective of the District as a whole. The following table provides a summary of the District's net position for fiscal years 2020 and 2019. Net position for 2019 has been restated as described in Note 3 in the notes to the basic financial statements.

Net Position

	Governmental Activities		Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total	
		(Restated)				(Restated)
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019
<u>Assets</u>						
Current assets	\$139,838,277	\$170,827,497	\$ 889,081	\$ 1,310,484	\$140,727,358	\$172,137,981
Net OPEB asset	4,304,607	4,161,587	6,727	14,341	4,311,334	4,175,928
Capital assets, net	100,823,309	65,932,594			100,823,309	65,932,594
Total assets	244,966,193	240,921,678	895,808	1,324,825	245,862,001	242,246,503
Deferred outflows of resources						
Other amounts	1,129,022	1,210,150	-	-	1,129,022	1,210,150
Pension	14,100,653	18,655,587	120,219	225,566	14,220,872	18,881,153
OPEB	1,784,851	968,755	44,451	35,645	1,829,302	1,004,400
Total deferred						
outflows of resources	17,014,526	20,834,492	164,670	261,211	17,179,196	21,095,703
Liabilities						
Current liabilities	11,798,834	11,319,868	73,111	95,571	11,871,945	11,415,439
Long-term liabilities:						
Due within one year	3,805,714	3,400,834	20,652	18,533	3,826,366	3,419,367
Net pension liability	74,423,987	72,511,884	816,640	962,504	75,240,627	73,474,388
Net OPEB liability	7,283,108	7,643,645	312,337	376,239	7,595,445	8,019,884
Other amounts	96,609,912	99,517,071	8,133	20,518	96,618,045	99,537,589
Total liabilities	193,921,555	194,393,302	1,230,873	1,473,365	195,152,428	195,866,667
Deferred inflows of resources						
Other amounts	49,281,583	45,594,769	-	-	49,281,583	45,594,769
Pension	4,061,420	6,143,501	141,899	74,537	4,203,319	6,218,038
OPEB	7,607,563	7,614,904	161,522	83,161	7,769,085	7,698,065
Total deferred						
inflows of resources	60,950,566	59,353,174	303,421	157,698	61,253,987	59,510,872
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets	43,815,206	41,081,236	-	-	43,815,206	41,081,236
Restricted	12,357,052	11,518,481	-	-	12,357,052	11,518,481
Unrestricted (deficit)	(49,063,660)	(44,590,023)	(473,816)	(45,027)	(49,537,476)	(44,635,050)
Total net position (deficit)	\$ 7,108,598	\$ 8,009,694	\$ (473,816)	\$ (45,027)	\$ 6,634,782	\$ 7,964,667

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

The net pension liability (NPL) is the largest single liability reported by the District at June 30, 2020 and is reported pursuant to GASB Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27." The District has adopted GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions," which significantly revises accounting for costs and liabilities related to other postemployment benefits (OPEB). For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the District's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB 45) focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's *net pension liability* or *net OPEB liability*. GASB 68 and GASB 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

GASB 68 and GASB 75 require the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to equal the District's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service.
- 2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits.

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange"—that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the District is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan as against the public employer. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, the District's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability and net OPEB liability, respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

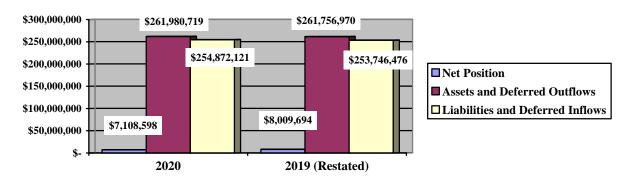
As the table on page F 8 illustrates, some of the more significant changes in net position were related to the District's net pension liability, net OPEB liability/asset and the related deferred inflows/outflows of resources. See Note 12 and Note 13 in the notes to the basic financial statements for additional information regarding these components of net position. These can fluctuate from year-to-year depending, in part, on the different actuarial assumptions used by the pension systems.

For the governmental activities, most of the other significant changes are a result of the District's ongoing construction projects. The District spent available resources from the bonds issued in fiscal year 2018 which accounts for the decrease in current assets (cash and investments) and the corresponding increase in net capital assets (primarily construction in progress).

A portion of the District's net position, or \$12,357,052, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The net investment in capital assets makes up another \$43,815,206. The remaining unrestricted portion of the District's net position is a deficit of \$49,537,476. This represents a decrease of \$4,902,426 compared to the prior year's deficit, which is mostly due to the changes in the pension and OPEB calculations.

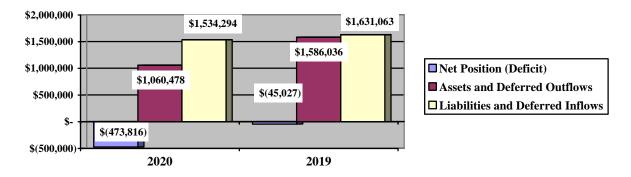
The following graphs present the District's governmental and business-type assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, and net position at June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019.

Governmental Activities



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Business-Type Activities



The table that follows shows the changes in net position for fiscal years 2020 and 2019. Due to practicality, the 2019 revenues and expenses in the table have not been adjusted to reflect the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84 (see Note 3). Rather, the cumulative impact of applying the Statement is reflected in the beginning net position for 2019.

Change in Net Position

	Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities		Total	
	(Restated)					(Restated)	
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	
Revenues							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services and sales	\$ 3,143,024	\$ 3,606,527	\$ 985,309	\$1,593,018	\$ 4,128,333	\$ 5,199,545	
Operating grants and contributions	5,843,531	5,619,036	-	-	5,843,531	5,619,036	
Capital grants and contributions	29,930	34,188	-	-	29,930	34,188	
General revenues:							
Property taxes	50,478,535	49,927,311	-	-	50,478,535	49,927,311	
Payments in lieu of taxes	477,283	379,593	-	-	477,283	379,593	
Unrestricted grants and entitlements	16,577,309	16,757,875	120,553	101,448	16,697,862	16,859,323	
Investment earnings	2,460,174	3,404,435	-	-	2,460,174	3,404,435	
Gain on sale of capital assets	-	489,929	-	-	-	489,929	
Miscellaneous	455,810	569,166			455,810	569,166	
Total revenues	79,465,596	80,788,060	1,105,862	1,694,466	80,571,458	82,482,526	

⁻ Continued

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Change in Net Position (Continued)

	Governmental		Busines	ss-Type			
	Activ	vities	Activ	vities	То	al	
		(Restated)				(Restated)	
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	
Expenses							
Instruction:							
Regular	34,009,196	27,725,631	-	-	34,009,196	27,725,631	
Special	11,860,105	8,549,067	-	-	11,860,105	8,549,067	
Vocational	356,923	329,507	-	-	356,923	329,507	
Other	1,427,557	1,605,879	-	-	1,427,557	1,605,879	
Support services:							
Pupil	5,338,291	4,643,823	-	-	5,338,291	4,643,823	
Instructional staff	2,514,585	2,145,863	-	-	2,514,585	2,145,863	
Board of education	83,586	56,997	-	-	83,586	56,997	
Administration	4,734,030	3,530,486	-	-	4,734,030	3,530,486	
Fiscal	1,616,905	1,977,521	-	-	1,616,905	1,977,521	
Business	710,630	525,670	-	-	710,630	525,670	
Operations and maintenance	5,783,679	5,340,037	-	-	5,783,679	5,340,037	
Pupil transportation	4,140,849	4,409,145	-	-	4,140,849	4,409,145	
Central	562,919	517,371	-	-	562,919	517,371	
Operation of non-instructional services:							
Food service operations	1,505,827	1,464,407	-	-	1,505,827	1,464,407	
Other non-instructional services	274,182	62,834	-	-	274,182	62,834	
Extracurricular activities	2,180,885	2,024,703	-	-	2,180,885	2,024,703	
Interest and fiscal charges							
on long-term debt	3,558,414	3,700,893	-	-	3,558,414	3,700,893	
Community education			1,242,780	1,522,741	1,242,780	1,522,741	
Total expenses	80,658,563	68,609,834	1,242,780	1,522,741	81,901,343	70,132,575	
Change in net position before transfers	(1,192,967)	12,178,226	(136,918)	171,725	(1,329,885)	12,349,951	
Transfers	291,871	208,129	(291,871)	(208,129)			
Change in net position	(901,096)	12,386,355	(428,789)	(36,404)	(1,329,885)	12,349,951	
Net position (defcit) at beginning of year	8,009,694	(4,376,661)	(45,027)	(8,623)	7,964,667	(4,385,284)	
Net position (deficit) at end of year	\$ 7,108,598	\$ 8,009,694	\$ (473,816)	\$ (45,027)	\$ 6,634,782	\$ 7,964,667	

Governmental Activities

Net position of the District's governmental activities decreased \$901,096. Total governmental expenses of \$80,658,563 were offset by program revenues of \$9,016,485 and general revenues of \$70,449,111.

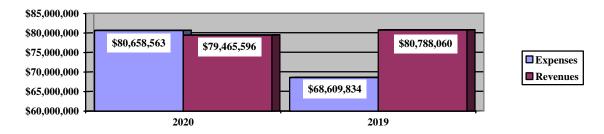
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Total revenues for governmental activities decreased \$1,322,464 or 1.64%. Property taxes revenue saw a slight (1.10%) increase; however, most other revenue sources decreased in fiscal year 2020. The decrease in charges for services and sales is, broadly speaking, a by-product of the COVID-19 pandemic as schools were shut-down and various activities cancelled or reduced. In particular, extracurricular activities and food service operations saw the most significant declines, and those are two of the largest fee-generating programs for the District. Investment earnings also decreased, which is partially due to a decrease in cash and investments held as the District continues to pay for the ongoing construction projects. Also, investment earnings are reported net of any change in the fair value of investments, which for the District in fiscal year 2020 resulted in lower investment earnings. Finally, another reason for the decrease in revenues was the gain on sale of capital assets in fiscal year 2019 which resulted from the sale of land that was not being used by the District.

Expenses of the governmental activities increased \$12,048,729 or 17.56%. This increase is largely attributable to the effects of accounting for pension and OPEB expense, in accordance with GASB Statements 68 and 75. On an accrual basis, the governmental activities reported \$10,135,281 and \$5,675,164 in pension expense for fiscal years 2020 and 2019, respectively. In addition, the governmental activities reported \$(1,143,676) and \$(8,771,219) in OPEB expense for fiscal years 2020 and 2019, respectively. The total net increase in pension expense and OPEB expense from fiscal year 2019 to fiscal year 2020 was \$12,087,660. Fluctuations in the pension expense and OPEB expense makes it difficult to compare financial information between years since both of these are components of program expenses reported on the statement of activities.

The following graph presents the District's governmental activities revenues and expenses for fiscal years 2020 and 2019.

Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses



The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services for 2020 and 2019. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by taxes revenue and unrestricted grants and entitlements.

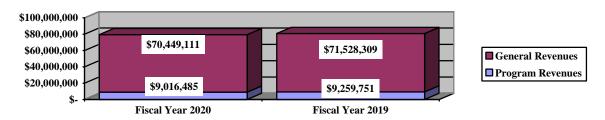
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Т	Cotal Cost of Services 2020	 Net Cost of Services 2020		Т	otal Cost of Services 2019	 Net Cost of Services 2019
Program expenses:							
Instruction:							
Regular	\$	34,009,196	\$ 30,983,870		\$	27,725,631	\$ 24,697,476
Special		11,860,105	9,574,197			8,549,067	6,395,847
Vocational		356,923	321,220			329,507	298,917
Other		1,427,557	1,408,680			1,605,879	1,586,473
Support services:							
Pupil		5,338,291	4,285,246			4,643,823	3,569,533
Instructional staff		2,514,585	2,403,387			2,145,863	1,984,035
Board of education		83,586	83,586			56,997	56,997
Administration		4,734,030	4,596,365			3,530,486	3,351,645
Fiscal		1,616,905	1,616,905			1,977,521	1,977,521
Business		710,630	710,630			525,670	525,670
Operations and maintenance		5,783,679	5,719,687			5,340,037	5,325,327
Pupil transportation		4,140,849	4,125,499			4,409,145	4,409,145
Central		562,919	562,919			517,371	517,371
Operation of non-instructional services:							
Food service operations		1,505,827	139,114			1,464,407	(169,252)
Other non-instructional services		274,182	10,646			62,834	(1,256)
Extracurricular activities		2,180,885	1,541,713			2,024,703	1,123,741
Interest on long-term debt		3,558,414	 3,558,414	•		3,700,893	 3,700,893
Total expenses	\$	80,658,563	\$ 71,642,078		\$	68,609,834	\$ 59,350,083

The dependence upon tax revenues during fiscal year 2020 for governmental activities is apparent, as 88.74% of 2020 instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. For all governmental activities, general revenue support was 88.82% in 2020. The District's taxpayers and unrestricted grants and entitlements are by far the primary support for the District's students.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue for fiscal years 2020 and 2019.

Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Business-Type Activities

Business-type activities include the District's community education program which had operating revenues of \$985,309 and operating expenses of \$1,242,780 for fiscal year 2020, resulting in an operating loss of \$257,471. Operating revenues decreased 38.15% compared to the prior year, whereas operating expenses decreased 18.39%. These decreases can be attributed to a reduction in community recreation and childcare programs due to the outbreak of COVID-19. Other changes in net position include nonoperating revenue (grants) of \$120,553 and nonoperating expenses (capital outlay for governmental activities) of \$291,871. These operations are self-supporting through user fees and charges. Management assesses its performance to ensure that they are run efficiently.

The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$76,419,877, which is \$35,751,396 lower than last year's total, as restated. See Note 3 in the notes to the basic financial statements for more detail regarding the restatement of fund balances. The schedule below indicates the fund balance as of June 30, 2020 and 2019, and the total change in fund balance.

		(Restated)	
	Fund Balance	Fund Balance	
	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	Change
General fund	\$ 30,185,946	\$ 32,174,196	\$ (1,988,250)
Building fund	41,305,959	75,343,715	(34,037,756)
Nonmajor governmental funds	4,927,972	4,653,362	274,610
Total	\$ 76,419,877	\$112,171,273	\$ (35,751,396)

General Fund

Fund balance for the general fund decreased \$1,988,250 or 6.18%. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it is useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 42.25% of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 45.06% of that same amount.

The following table assists in illustrating the revenues of the general fund.

	2020 Amount	2019 <u>Amount</u>	Percentage Change
Revenues		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Property taxes	\$ 44,627,781	\$ 44,258,639	0.83 %
Payments in lieu of taxes	477,283	379,593	25.74 %
Tuition	1,120,922	990,805	13.13 %
Earnings on investments	1,321,896	601,675	119.70 %
Intergovernmental	15,996,772	16,191,667	(1.20) %
Other revenues	967,495	1,367,362	(29.24) %
Total	\$ 64,512,149	\$ 63,789,741	1.13 %

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

The overall change in general fund revenues was minimal, although there were several notable increases and decreases. Payments in lieu of taxes increased as the District began receiving compensation payments from a new tax abatement program in fiscal year 2020. Tuition revenue represents payments from other districts for their students attending classes in Hudson City School District. The increase in earnings on investments is primarily due to a higher allocation of investments for the general fund. The only significant decrease in general fund revenues was extracurricular revenue (shown in "other revenues" on the previous table). This was mostly due to issuing refunds for field trips that were cancelled due to COVID-19.

The following table assists in illustrating the expenditures of the general fund.

	2020	2019	Percentage
	Amount	Amount	Change
Expenditures			
Instruction	\$ 41,921,666	\$ 39,750,352	5.46 %
Support services	22,545,302	23,238,403	(2.98) %
Other non-instructional services	17,261	17,758	(2.80) %
Extracurricular activities	1,312,287	1,273,639	3.03 %
Debt service	1,191,283	871,347	36.72 %
Total	\$ 66,987,799	\$ 65,151,499	2.82 %

The overall increase in general fund expenditures is primarily due to higher wages and employee benefits costs, particularly for the District's certified teaching staff. In addition, the District entered into a capital lease transaction during fiscal year 2020 to acquire iPads, and made the first payment on the lease which is included in debt service expenditures in the general fund.

Building Fund

The building fund is reported as a major fund and is used to account for receipts and expenditures involved in the construction and replacement of instructional facilities. This fund had revenues of \$3,338,062 and expenditures of \$36,380,818 in fiscal year 2020. In addition, the building fund reported other financing sources (transfers in) of \$300,000 and other financing uses (transfers out) of \$1,295,000, resulting in a net decrease in fund balance of \$34,037,756. The building fund continued to make payments to contractors in fiscal year 2020 for work done on the District-wide building improvement projects.

Enterprise Fund

The District maintains an enterprise fund to account for the community education program. Since the enterprise fund is accounted for on the same basis of accounting as business-type activities (the accrual basis of accounting), the statement of net position and the results of operations on the fund financial statements mirror those reported as business-type activities on the District-wide financial statements. See page F 15 for a discussion of the District's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The District uses site-based budgeting and the budgeting systems are designed to tightly control total site budgets but provide flexibility for site management. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

For the general fund, original budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$70,067,292. This was increased slightly to \$71,160,491 in the final budget. Actual revenues and other financing sources were \$65,990,915, or \$5,169,576 (7.26%) less than the final budget, primarily due to lower than projected property tax collections and intergovernmental revenue from the State.

General fund original and final budget appropriations (expenditures and other financing uses) were \$68,331,741. The actual budget basis expenditures and other financing uses for fiscal year 2020 totaled \$66,788,388, which is \$1,543,353 (2.26%) less than the final budget appropriations.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2020, the District had \$100,823,309 invested in land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, vehicles and computer software. This entire amount is reported in governmental activities.

The following table shows fiscal year 2020 balances compared to 2019:

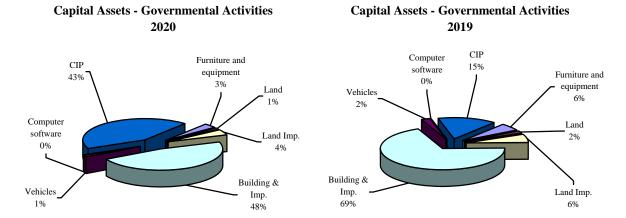
Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

		Governmental Activities				
		2020	-	2019		
Land	\$	1,022,386	\$	1,022,386		
Construction in progress (CIP)		43,213,059		10,048,035		
Land improvements		4,107,628		4,253,777		
Building and improvements		47,761,617		45,473,733		
Furniture and equipment		3,483,284		3,679,702		
Vehicles		1,226,410		1,441,573		
Computer software	_	8,925	_	13,388		
Total	\$	100,823,309	\$	65,932,594		

The overall increase in capital assets is a result of capital asset additions of \$37,342,847 exceeding depreciation expense of \$2,452,132. Most of the asset additions were for various construction in progress (CIP) projects for a new middle school and other building improvements throughout the District. Two of these projects were completed in fiscal year 2020; improvements to the natatorium and bus garage facility.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

The following graphs show the breakdown of governmental activities capital assets by category for fiscal years 2020 and 2019.



See Note 7 in the notes to the basic financial statements for more information on the District's capital assets.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2020, the District had \$92,988,487 in general obligation bonds, certificates of participation and capital leases outstanding. Of this total, \$3,372,569 is due within one year and \$89,615,918 is due in greater than one year. The following table summarizes the District's outstanding debt.

Outstanding Debt, at Year End

		vernmental Activities 2020	Governmental Activities 2019		
Energy Conservation Bonds	\$	470,000	\$	690,000	
Qualified School Construction Bonds		825,000		980,000	
Certificates of Participation		14,170,000	1	14,860,000	
School Improvement Bonds - Series 2018		76,305,000	7	77,840,000	
Capital Leases		1,218,487		1,167,106	
Total	\$	92,988,487	\$ 9	95,537,106	

All bonds are general obligations of the District for which the full faith and credit of the District is pledged for repayment. Additions to long-term debt in fiscal year 2020 included a capital lease in the amount of \$792,167 to acquire iPads for students. Total debt retirements for the year amounted to \$3,340,786.

See Note 8 in the notes to the basic financial statements for more information on the District's debt administration.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Current Financial Related Activities

The District has carefully managed its general fund budgets in order to optimize the dollars available for educating the students it serves, and to minimize the levy millage amounts needed periodically from the community's citizens. The general fund cash balance was \$33,959,909 at June 30, 2020. Fiscal year-end general fund cash balances were \$33,624,513, \$35,140,285, \$32,302,679 and \$29,016,141 at June 30 in fiscal years 2019, 2018, 2017 and 2016, respectively. Sound fiscal management by the Board of Education and Administration has enabled the District to maintain a healthy cash balance and continue a quality, comprehensive educational program.

Property taxes revenue is the District's main source of revenue, comprising approximately 71% of all cash receipts for the general fund in fiscal year 2020. Property taxes are largely dependent upon assessed property values, which are determined by the Summit County Fiscal Officer. The County conducted a reappraisal in 2017 which went into effect for calendar year 2018 tax collections. The reappraisal resulted in an increase in property values of approximately \$133.7 million (14%). Appraisals are done every six years, with an update occurring every three years.

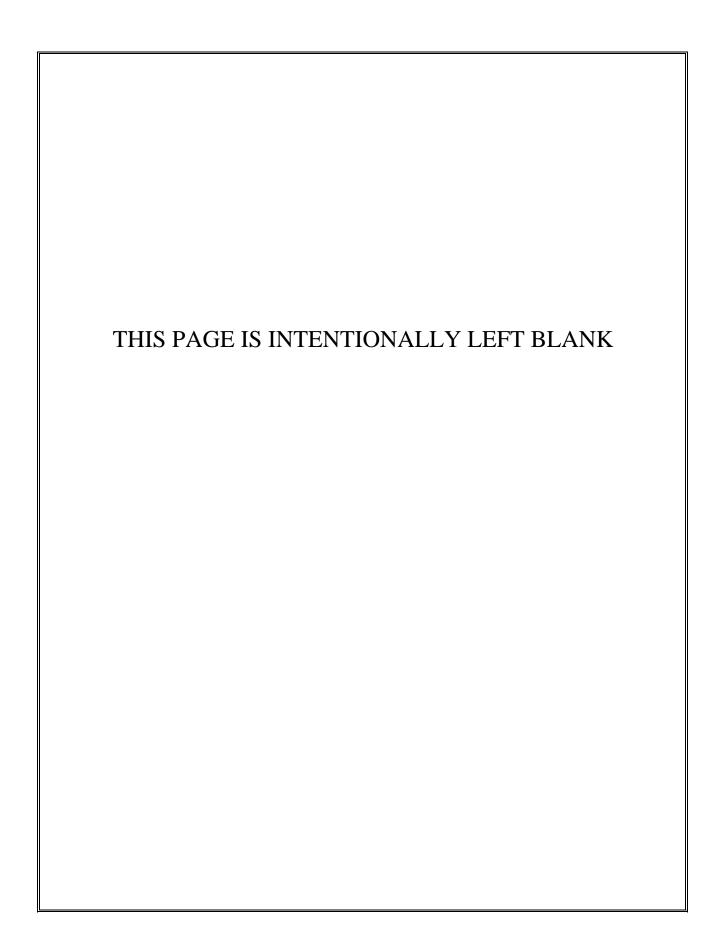
The voters of the District passed an additional 4.9 mill operating levy in May 2011. Collections on this levy began in calendar year 2012. The District's 1.5 mill permanent improvement tax levy was renewed in May 2017 for another five years. With Board guidance, the recent fiscal year budgets have been carefully managed in order to maintain the integrity of the financial planning process, while being cognizant of future tax levy levels that are reasonable and in accordance with the expected educational excellence of our community.

The District's second largest revenue source is State aid from the State Foundation program. These revenues comprised 15% of total general fund cash receipts in fiscal year 2020. State Foundation revenue for fiscal year 2021 is budgeted at approximately \$10 million, or roughly the same as received in fiscal year 2020.

The District has committed itself to educational and financial excellence for many years. The budgeting and internal controls utilized by the District have resulted in unmodified audit opinions. Each challenge identified in this section is viewed simultaneously as an opportunity for the District to foray down paths not previously traveled to continue its commitment to excellence. The District is committed to living within its financial means, and working with the community it serves in order to garner adequate resources to support the educational program. The Board will continue to evaluate all aspects of its operations, making prudent decisions where appropriate, in order to maximize its resources and offer excellent educational offerings.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. Questions about this report or requests for additional financial information can be made by writing to Mr. Phillip D. Butto IV, Treasurer/CFO, Hudson City School District, 2386 Hudson-Aurora Road, Hudson, Ohio 44236 or by calling (330) 653-1270.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Assets:			
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 84,957,935	\$ 888,596	\$ 85,846,531
Property taxes	53,457,689	-	53,457,689
Payment in lieu of taxes	401,824	-	401,824
Accrued interest	204,088	-	204,088
Intergovernmental	464,658	-	464,658
Prepayments	297,021	485	297,506
Materials and supplies inventory	1,017	-	1,017
Inventory held for resale	54,045	-	54,045
Net OPEB asset	4,304,607	6,727	4,311,334
Nondepreciable capital assets	44,235,445	-	44,235,445
Depreciable capital assets, net	56,587,864	-	56,587,864
Capital assets, net	100,823,309		100,823,309
Total assets	244,966,193	895,808	245,862,001
Deferred outflows of resources:			
Unamortized deferred charges on debt refunding	1,129,022	-	1,129,022
Pension	14,100,653	120,219	14,220,872
OPEB	1,784,851	44,451	1,829,302
Total deferred outflows of resources	17,014,526	164,670	17,179,196
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	682,796	40,390	723,186
Contracts payable	2,486,893	-	2,486,893
Accrued wages and benefits payable	6,340,389	23,664	6,364,053
Intergovernmental payable	132,086	309	132,395
Pension and postemployment benefits payable	1,016,181	8,748	1,024,929
Accrued interest payable	296,384	-	296,384
Claims payable	844,105	-	844,105
Long-term liabilities:			
Due within one year	3,805,714	20,652	3,826,366
Net pension liability (See Note 12)	74,423,987	816,640	75,240,627
Net OPEB liability (See Note 13)	7,283,108	312,337	7,595,445
Other amounts due in more than one year	96,609,912	8,133	96,618,045
Total liabilities	193,921,555	1,230,873	195,152,428
Deferred inflows of resources:			
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year	48,879,759	-	48,879,759
Payment in lieu of taxes levied for the next fiscal year .	401,824	-	401,824
Pension	4,061,420	141,899	4,203,319
OPEB	7,607,563	161,522	7,769,085
Total deferred inflows of resources	60,950,566	303,421	61,253,987
Net position:			
Net investment in capital assets	43,815,206	-	43,815,206
Capital projects	8,322,139	-	8,322,139
Debt service	3,115,815	_	3,115,815
Locally funded programs	138,717	-	138,717
State funded programs	181,131	_	181,131
Federally funded programs	85,145	-	85,145
Student activities	324,520	-	324,520
Other purposes	189,585	- -	189,585
Unrestricted (deficit).	(49,063,660)	(473,816)	(49,537,476)
Total net position (deficit)	\$ 7,108,598	\$ (473,816)	\$ 6,634,782

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

				Prog	ram Revenues		
			charges for		rating Grants		tal Grants
	 Expenses	Serv	ices and Sales	and	Contributions	and Co	ontributions
Governmental activities:							
Instruction:							
Regular	\$ 34,009,196	\$	1,178,066	\$	1,843,130	\$	4,130
Special	11,860,105		135,903		2,150,005		-
Vocational	356,923		5,268		30,435		-
Other	1,427,557		8,077		10,800		-
Support services:							
Pupil	5,338,291		133,129		919,916		-
Instructional staff	2,514,585		8,034		103,164		-
Board of education	83,586		-		-		-
Administration	4,734,030		1,837		135,828		-
Fiscal	1,616,905		-		-		-
Business	710,630		-		-		-
Operations and maintenance	5,783,679		18,951		45,041		-
Pupil transportation	4,140,849		-		15,350		-
Central	562,919		-		-		-
Operation of non-instructional							
services:							
Food service operations	1,505,827		1,116,264		250,449		-
Other non-instructional services	274,182		4,109		259,427		-
Extracurricular activities	2,180,885		533,386		79,986		25,800
Interest and fiscal charges	 3,558,414						-
Total governmental activities	 80,658,563		3,143,024	-	5,843,531		29,930
Business-type activities:							
Community education	 1,242,780		985,309		<u>-</u> _		
Totals	\$ 81,901,343	\$	4,128,333	\$	5,843,531	\$	29,930

General revenues:

Property taxes levied for:
General purposes
Debt service
Capital outlay
Payments in lieu of taxes.
Grants and entitlements not restricted
to specific programs
Investment earnings.
Miscellaneous.
Total general revenues
Transfers.
Change in net position.
Net position (deficit) at beginning of year (restated).
Net position (deficit) at end of year

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

			anges in Net Positi	on	
G	overnmental]	Business-Type		
	Activities		Activities		Total
\$	(30,983,870)	\$		\$	(30,983,870)
φ	(9,574,197)	φ	-	φ	(9,574,197)
	(321,220)		-		(321,220)
	(1,408,680)		-		(1,408,680)
	(1,400,000)		-		(1,400,000)
	(4,285,246)		-		(4,285,246)
	(2,403,387)		-		(2,403,387)
	(83,586)		-		(83,586)
	(4,596,365)		-		(4,596,365)
	(1,616,905)		-		(1,616,905)
	(710,630)		-		(710,630)
	(5,719,687)		_		(5,719,687)
	(4,125,499)		-		(4,125,499)
	(562,919)		_		(562,919)
	(139,114)				(139,114)
	(10,646)		-		(10,646)
	(1,541,713)		-		(1,541,713)
	(3,558,414)		-		(3,558,414)
	(3,336,414)				(3,336,414)
	(71,642,078)				(71,642,078)
			(257,471)		(257,471)
	(71,642,078)		(257,471)		(71,899,549)
	44,805,866		-		44,805,866
	4,400,343		-		4,400,343
	1,272,326		-		1,272,326
	477,283		-		477,283
	16,577,309		120,553		16,697,862
	2,460,174		-		2,460,174
	455,810				455,810
	433,810				
	70,449,111		120,553		70,569,664
	291,871		(291,871)		-
	(901,096)		(428,789)		(1,329,885)
	8,009,694		(45,027)		7,964,667
\$	7,108,598	\$	(473,816)	\$	6,634,782

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

		General		Building		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Assets:		301101111				1 41145		1 41145
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	33,959,909	\$	43,776,187	\$	4,843,737	\$	82,579,833
Property taxes		47,484,605		_		5,973,084		53,457,689
Payment in lieu of taxes		401,824		_		-		401,824
Accrued interest		123,214		80,874		_		204,088
Intergovernmental		12,937		-		451,721		464,658
Prepayments		294,750		117		2,154		297,021
Materials and supplies inventory		294,730		117		1,017		1.017
		40,870		-		*		54,045
Inventory held for resale		*		-		13,175		
Due from other funds	ф.	195,440	ф.	42.057.170	ф.	11 204 000	ф	195,440
Total assets	\$	82,513,549	\$	43,857,178	\$	11,284,888	\$	137,655,615
Liabilities:				12.012		202 -07		50 0 4 7 4
Accounts payable	\$	465,643	\$	12,843	\$	203,685	\$	682,171
Contracts payable		-		2,486,893		-		2,486,893
Accrued wages and benefits payable		6,092,846		2,643		244,900		6,340,389
Compensated absences payable		145,239		-		1,994		147,233
Intergovernmental payable		128,941		-		3,145		132,086
Pension and postemployment benefits payable		968,194		2,802		45,185		1,016,181
Due to other funds		-		-		195,440		195,440
Claims payable		87,764		-		-		87,764
Total liabilities		7,888,627		2,505,181		694,349		11,088,157
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year		43,397,357		_		5,482,402		48,879,759
Payment in lieu of taxes levied for the next fiscal year.		401,824		_		5,102,102		401,824
Delinquent property tax revenue not available		513,686		_		52,650		566,336
Intergovernmental revenue not available		233		_		127,515		127,748
Accrued interest not available				16.029		127,313		159,296
		113,258		46,038		-		
Miscellaneous revenue not available		12,618 44,438,976	-	46,038	-	5,662,567		12,618 50,147,581
		44,436,970		40,038		3,002,307		30,147,381
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable:								
Materials and supplies inventory		40,870		-		1,017		41,887
Prepayments		294,750		117		2,154		297,021
Restricted:								
Debt service		-		-		3,367,082		3,367,082
Capital improvements		-		41,305,842		729,914		42,035,756
Food service operations		-		-		219,342		219,342
Non-public schools		-		-		181,131		181,131
Targeted academic assistance		-		-		3,256		3,256
Extracurricular activities		-		-		324,507		324,507
Other purposes		-		-		149,870		149,870
Assigned:								
Student instruction		215,421		-		-		215,421
Student and staff support		1,001,512		-		-		1,001,512
Rotary services		306,347		-		-		306,347
Other purposes		26,915		-		-		26,915
Unassigned (deficit)		28,300,131		-		(50,301)		28,249,830
Total fund balances		30,185,946		41,305,959		4,927,972		76,419,877
Tread link iller of the model of								
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,	ф	92 512 540	ø	12 057 170	ø	11 204 000	Ф	127 655 615
and fund balances	\$	82,513,549	\$	43,857,178	\$	11,284,888	\$	137,655,615

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2020

Total governmental fund balances		\$	76,419,877
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net position are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.			100,823,309
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred inflows of resources in the funds.			
Property taxes receivable Accrued interest receivable Intergovernmental receivable Total	\$ 566,336 159,296 140,366		865,998
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities on the statement of net position.			1,621,136
Unamortized premiums on bonds issued are not recognized			
in the funds.			(3,337,699)
Deferred amounts on refundings are not recognized in the funds.			1,129,022
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the funds.			(296,384)
The net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period; therefore, the liability and related deferred inflows and outflows of resources are not reported in governmental funds. Deferred outflows of resources - pension Deferred inflows of resources - pension Net pension liability Total	14,100,653 (4,061,420) (74,423,987)		(64,384,754)
The net OPEB liability and asset are not due and payable in the current period or available to pay for current-period expenditures; therefore, the liability, asset and related deferred inflows and outflows of resources are not reported in governmental funds. Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB Net OPEB asset Net OPEB liability Total	1,784,851 (7,607,563) 4,304,607 (7,283,108)		(8,801,213)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. General obligation bonds Certificates of participation Capital lease obligations Compensated absences Total	(77,600,000) (14,170,000) (1,218,487) (3,942,207)		(96,930,694)
		•	
Net position of governmental activities		\$	7,108,598

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	General	Building	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:				
From local sources:				
Property taxes	\$ 44,627,781	\$ -	\$ 5,656,994	\$ 50,284,775
Payment in lieu of taxes	477,283	· _	-	477,283
Tuition	1,120,922	_	_	1,120,922
Earnings on investments	1,321,896	1,639,756	27,881	2,989,533
Charges for services	337	-,,	1,116,264	1,116,601
Extracurricular	162,798	_	380,369	543,167
Classroom materials and fees	336,279	_	3,260	339,539
Other local revenues	468,081	_	405,719	873,800
Intergovernmental - intermediate	-	1,698,306	318	1,698,624
Intergovernmental - state	15,996,772	1,070,300	2,506,126	18,502,898
Intergovernmental - federal	13,770,772	_	1,833,115	1,833,115
Total revenues	64,512,149	3,338,062	11,930,046	79,780,257
Expenditures: Current:				
Instruction:				
	29,585,549		1,888,192	31,473,741
Regular	10,594,088	-	836,734	11,430,822
Vocational	325,272	-	630,734	325,272
		-	10.000	*
Other	1,416,757	-	10,800	1,427,557
Pupil	4,233,942	_	891,316	5,125,258
Instructional staff	2,252,519	_	107,575	2,360,094
Board of education	83,115	_	-	83,115
Administration	4,334,309	_	130,423	4,464,732
Fiscal	1,456,130	_	136,236	1,592,366
Business.	655,233	_		655,233
Operations and maintenance	5,054,910	_	48,093	5,103,003
Pupil transportation	3,930,848	_	28,663	3,959,511
Central	544,296	_	20,003	544,296
Operation of non-instructional services:	311,290			311,270
Food service operations	_	_	1,501,995	1,501,995
Other non-instructional services	17,261	_	256,921	274,182
Extracurricular activities	1,312,287	_	476,522	1,788,809
Facilities acquisition and construction	1,312,207	36,380,818	884,665	37,265,483
Debt service:	_	30,300,010	004,003	37,203,403
Principal retirement	1,115,786	_	2,225,000	3,340,786
Interest and fiscal charges	75,497	_	3,536,101	3,611,598
Total expenditures	66,987,799	36,380,818	12,959,236	116,327,853
Excess of expenditures over revenues	(2,475,650)	(33,042,756)	(1,029,190)	(36,547,596)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Proceeds from sale of assets	4,033			4,033
	4,055	300,000	1,303,800	· ·
Transfers in	(200 000)	•	1,303,800	1,603,800
Transfers (out)	(308,800)	(1,295,000)	-	(1,603,800)
Inception of capital lease	792,167 487,400	(995,000)	1,303,800	792,167 796,200
_				
Net change in fund balances	(1,988,250)	(34,037,756)	274,610	(35,751,396)
Fund balances at beginning of year (restated).	32,174,196	75,343,715	4,653,362	112,171,273
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 30,185,946	\$ 41,305,959	\$ 4,927,972	\$ 76,419,877

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	(35,751,396)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Capital asset additions Current year depreciation Total	\$ 37,342,847 (2,452,132)	-	34,890,715
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Property taxes Earnings on investments Intergovernmental Total	 193,760 (501,478) (5,154)		(312,872)
Repayment of principal on, and other retirements of, long-term debt are expenditures in governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position.			3,340,786
The inception of a capital lease is recorded as other financing sources in the funds; however, in the statement of activities, it is not reported as a financing source as it increases liabilities on the statement of net position.			(792,167)
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on long-term debt obligations, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. The following items resulted in less interest being reported in the statement of activities: Decrease in accrued interest payable Amortization of bond premiums Amortization of deferred charges on refunding Total	 7,980 126,332 (81,128)	-	53,184
Contractually required pension contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, they are reported as deferred outflows of resources on the statement of net position.			5,750,325
Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows of resources, changes in the net pension liability are reported as pension expense in the statement of activities.			(10,135,281)
Contractually required OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, they are reported as deferred outflows of resources on the statement of net position.			183,318
Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows of resources, changes in the net OPEB liability are reported as OPEB expense in the statement of activities.			1,143,676
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			(155,842)
An internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of medical and dental insurance to individual funds is not reported in the statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is			
allocated among the governmental activities.			884,458
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$	(901,096)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Variance with

	Budgeted Amounts					Variance with Final Budget Positive		
		Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)
Revenues:		9						<u> </u>
From local sources:								
Property taxes	\$	49,586,227	\$	50,359,875	\$	46,559,956	\$	(3,799,919)
Payment in lieu of taxes		343,510		348,870		477,283		128,413
Tuition		909,748		923,942		1,019,458		95,516
Earnings on investments		554,048		562,693		1,156,955		594,262
Extracurricular		294,200		298,790		216,101		(82,689)
Classroom materials and fees		106,488		108,150		107,188		(962)
Other local revenues		103,053		104,661		108,010		3,349
Intergovernmental - state		17,940,642		18,220,555		15,995,783		(2,224,772)
Total revenues		69,837,916		70,927,536		65,640,734		(5,286,802)
			-				-	<u> </u>
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction:		20.004.504		20.004.504		20.254.05		72 0 000
Regular		29,994,584		29,994,584		29,256,495		738,089
Special		9,583,936		9,583,936		10,417,269		(833,333)
Vocational		323,208		323,208		313,537		9,671
Other		1,680,534		1,680,534		1,509,142		171,392
Support services:								
Pupil		4,344,016		4,344,016		4,036,203		307,813
Instructional staff		2,416,389		2,416,389		2,323,311		93,078
Board of education		75,996		75,996		94,618		(18,622)
Administration		4,492,195		4,492,195		4,436,049		56,146
Fiscal		1,681,826		1,681,826		1,457,856		223,970
Business		689,909		689,909		657,882		32,027
Operations and maintenance		5,573,336		5,573,336		5,494,904		78,432
Pupil transportation		4,452,209		4,452,209		3,957,540		494,669
Central		754,216		754,216		580,333		173,883
Extracurricular activities		1,322,087		1,322,087		1,305,966		16,121
Debt service:								
Principal		375,000		375,000		375,000		-
Interest and fiscal charges		38,469		38,469		38,452		17
Total expenditures		67,797,910		67,797,910		66,254,557		1,543,353
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures		2,040,006		3,129,626		(613,823)		(3,743,449)
expenditures		2,040,000	-	3,127,020		(013,023)	-	(3,743,447)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Proceeds from sale of assets		7,757		7,878		4,033		(3,845)
Refund of prior year's expenditures		221,619		225,077		346,148		121,071
Refund of prior year's receipts		(31)		(31)		(31)		-
Transfers (out)		(533,800)		(533,800)		(533,800)		
Total other financing sources (uses)		(304,455)		(300,876)		(183,650)		117,226
Net change in fund balance		1,735,551		2,828,750		(797,473)		(3,626,223)
Fund balance at beginning of year		32,153,005		32,153,005		32,153,005		_
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		831,741		831,741		831,741		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	34,720,297	\$	35,813,496	\$	32,187,273	\$	(3,626,223)
·								

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	Business-Type Activities - Community Education Fund		
Assets:			
Current assets:			
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 888,596	\$ 2,378,102	
Prepayments	485		
Total current assets	889,081	2,378,102	
Noncurrent assets:			
Net OPEB asset	6,727	_	
		2.270.102	
Total assets	895,808	2,378,102	
Deferred outflows of resources:			
Pension	120,219	_	
OPEB.	44,451	_	
Total deferred outflows of resources	164,670	<u> </u>	
Liabilities:			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	40,390	625	
Accrued wages and benefits	23,664	-	
Compensated absences payable	20,652	-	
Pension and postemployment benefits payable.	8,748	-	
Intergovernmental payable	309	-	
Claims payable		756,341	
Total current liabilities	93,763	756,966	
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Compensated absences payable	8,133	-	
Net pension liability	816,640	-	
Net OPEB liability	312,337	-	
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,137,110		
Total liabilities	1,230,873	756,966	
Deferred inflows of resources:	1.41.000		
Pension	141,899	-	
OPEB	161,522	-	
Total deferred inflows of resources	303,421	<u> </u>	
Net position:			
Unrestricted (deficit)	(473,816)	1,621,136	
,			
Total net position (deficit)	\$ (473,816)	\$ 1,621,136	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Ao Co	iness-Type ctivities - mmunity cation Fund	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds		
Operating revenues:					
Sales/charges for services	\$	985,309	\$	11,161,294	
Total operating revenues		985,309		11,161,294	
Operating expenses:					
Personal services		528,921		23,175	
Purchased services		647,373		1,626,387	
Materials and supplies		20,215		21,724	
Claims		-		8,604,925	
Other		46,271		625	
Total operating expenses		1,242,780		10,276,836	
Operating income (loss)		(257,471)		884,458	
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):					
Grants		120,553		-	
Capital outlay for governmental activities		(291,871)			
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(171,318)			
Change in net position		(428,789)		884,458	
Net position (deficit) at beginning of year		(45,027)		736,678	
Net position (deficit) at end of year	\$	(473,816)	\$	1,621,136	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Business-Type Activities - Community Education Fund	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Cash received from sales/charges for services	\$ 985,309	\$ 11,161,294
Cash payments for personal services	(520,422)	(23,175)
Cash payments for contractual services	(644,948)	(1,626,387)
Cash payments for materials and supplies	(25,607)	(21,724)
Cash payments for claims	-	(8,589,075)
Cash payments for other expenses	(44,191)	
Net cash provided by (used in)		
operating activities	(249,859)	900,933
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:		
Cash received from grants	120,553	_
Capital outlay for governmental activities	(291,871)	
Net cash used in noncapital		
financing activities	(171,318)	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and investments	(421,177)	900,933
Cash and investments at beginning of year	1,309,773	1,477,169
Cash and investments at end of year	\$ 888,596	\$ 2,378,102
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Operating income (loss)	\$ (257,471)	\$ 884,458
Changes in assets defermed outflows of assessment		
Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources:		
Decrease in prepayments	226	
Decrease in net OPEB asset	7,614	-
Decrease in deferred outflows - pension	105,347	_
(Increase) in deferred outflows - OPEB	(8,806)	_
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(887)	625
(Decrease) in accrued wages and benefits	(19,200)	-
(Decrease) in intergovernmental payable	(163)	_
(Decrease) in compensated absences payable	(10,266)	_
(Decrease) in pension and postemployment	(1, 11,	
benefits payable	(2,210)	_
Increase in claims payable	-	15,850
(Decrease) in net pension liability	(145,864)	· =
(Decrease) in net OPEB liability	(63,902)	-
Increase in deferred inflows - pension	67,362	-
Increase in deferred inflows - OPEB	78,361	
Not such associated by (see 12.)		
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ (249,859)	\$ 000.022
operating activities	\$ (249,859)	\$ 900,933

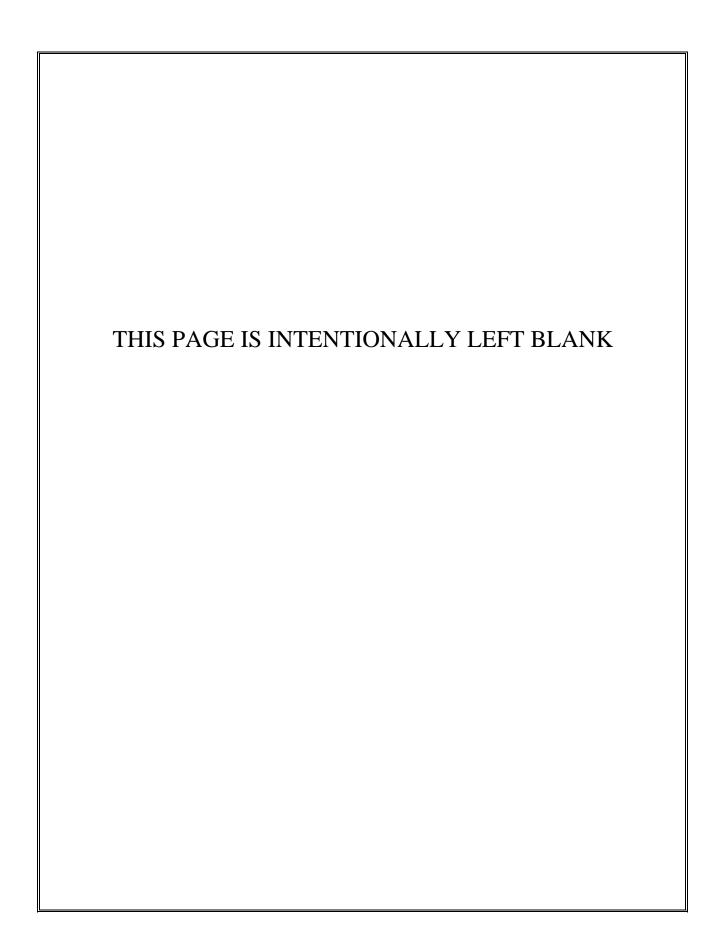
STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	 Custodial
Assets:	
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 229,664
Due from other governments	25,600
Prepayments	 281
Total assets	 255,545
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	4,149
Accrued wages and benefits	4,318
Pension obligation payable	 3,852
Total liabilities	 12,319
Net position:	
Restricted for individuals, organizations and other governments .	 243,226
Total net position	\$ 243,226

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Custodial	
Additions: Amounts received as fiscal agent	\$	578,487
Deductions: Distributions as fiscal agent		588,339
Change in net position		(9,852)
Net position at beginning of year (restated)		253,078
Net position at end of year	\$	243,226

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Hudson City School District (the "District") is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio.

The District operates under a locally-elected five-member Board of Education and provides educational services as mandated by state and/or federal agencies. This Board controls the District's nine instructional/support facilities. The District provides more than instruction to its students. These additional services include student guidance, extracurricular activities, educational media, and care and upkeep of grounds and buildings. The operation of each of these activities is directly controlled by the Board of Education through the budgetary process. These District operations will be included as part of the reporting entity.

The District employs 260 non-certified and 391 certified employees (including administrators) to provide services to approximately 4,737 students and community members.

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>" and GASB Statement No. 61, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34</u>". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government and component units. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion by the primary government would render the primary government's financial statements incomplete or misleading. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION

Six District Educational Compact (the "Compact")

The Compact is a jointly governed organization to provide for the vocational needs of the students of six participating school districts. The six member Board consists of the superintendent from each of the participating school districts. Students may attend any vocational class offered by any of the six school districts. Hudson City School District serves as fiscal and administrative agent for the Compact, collecting and distributing payments pertaining to the administrative portion of the agreement. The Board exercises total control over the operations of the compact, including budgeting, appropriating, contracting and designating management.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance.

The following are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Building fund</u> - This fund is used to account for receipts and expenditures involved in the construction and replacement of instructional facilities. Expenditures in this fund represent the costs of acquiring and improving capital facilities.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets; (b) resources restricted for the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs, and (c) specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to an expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector where the determination of net income is necessary or useful to sound financial administration. The District's proprietary funds consist of an enterprise fund and an internal service fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Enterprise fund</u> - The enterprise fund is used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises-where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The District's major enterprise fund is the Community Education fund which accounts for all financial activities related to the Community Education and Recreation Center operations.

<u>Internal service fund</u> - The internal service fund is used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the district, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis. The internal service fund accounts for operations of the District's self-insurance program for medical and dental benefits.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and custodial funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The District has no trust funds. Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in a trust fund. The District's custodial fund accounts for the fiscal agent activity for the Six District Educational Compact.

C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

<u>Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. Internal service fund activity is eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. The statements distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements, but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Internal service funds are combined and the totals are presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and deferred outflows of resources and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, which reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources.

All proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and deferred outflows and all liabilities and deferred inflows associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net position. The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operation. The principal operating revenues of the District's proprietary funds are charges for services and sales. Operating expenses for the enterprise fund include personnel and other expenses related to the operations of the Community Education and Recreation Center and operating expenses for the internal service fund include primarily claims and purchased services expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Custodial funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

<u>Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions</u> - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, payments in lieu of taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 5).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, interest and grants.

<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> - In addition to assets, the government-wide statement of net position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. See Note 12 and Note 13 for deferred outflows of resources related the District's net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset, respectively. In addition, deferred outflows of resources include a deferred charge on debt refunding. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the District, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, payments in lieu of taxes and unavailable revenue. Property taxes and payments in lieu of taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2020, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2021 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow of resources on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the District unavailable revenue includes, but is not limited to, delinquent property taxes and intergovernmental grants. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available.

See Note 12 and Note 13 for deferred inflows of resources related to the District's net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset, respectively. These deferred inflows of resources are only reported on the government-wide statement of net position.

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The entitlement value of donated commodities received during the year is reported in the financial statements as an expense/expenditure with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

E. Budgets

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax alternate budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriation resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified. All funds, other than custodial funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The legal level of budgetary control has been established by the Board of Education at the fund level. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education. Although the legal level of budgetary control was established at the fund level of expenditures, the District has elected to present the budgetary statement comparison for the general fund at the fund and function level of expenditures.

Advances in and advances out are not required to be budgeted since they represent a temporary cash flow resource and are intended to be repaid.

Tax Budget:

Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased tax) rates. By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with Summit County Budget Commission for rate determination. The Summit County Budget Commission waived this requirement for fiscal year 2020.

Estimated Resources:

By April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's certificate of estimated resources, which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to July 1, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate is amended to include any unencumbered cash balances from the preceding year. The certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statement reflects the amounts from the certificate of estimated resources that was in effect at the time the original permanent appropriations covering the entire fiscal year were passed by the Board of Education. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statement reflects the amounts from the certificate of amended resources that was in effect at the time the final appropriations were passed by the Board of Education.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Appropriations:

Upon receipt from the County Fiscal Officer of an amended certificate of estimated resources based on final assessed values and tax rates or a certificate saying no new certificate is necessary, the annual appropriation resolution is enacted by the Board of Education. Prior to the passage of the annual appropriation measure, the Board may pass a temporary appropriation measure to meet the ordinary expenses of the District. The appropriation resolution, at the fund level, must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures may not exceed the appropriation totals at the legal level of control. Any revisions that alter the level of budgetary control must be approved by the Board of Education.

The Board may pass supplemental fund appropriations so long as the total appropriations by fund do not exceed the amounts set forth in the most recent certificate of estimated resources. During the year, all supplemental appropriations were legally enacted.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budget amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund covering the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior year. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the year.

Lapsing of Appropriations:

Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level.

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled into central bank accounts. Monies for all funds, including proprietary and fiduciary funds, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and investments" on the basic financial statements.

During fiscal year 2020, investments were limited to negotiable and non-negotiable certificates of deposit, commercial paper, U.S. Treasury Notes, U.S. Treasury Bills, U.S. Government agency securities, U.S. Government money market funds, and investments in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio). Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts, such as repurchase agreements and non-negotiable certificates of deposit, are reported at cost. The District's investment in STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company and is recognized as an external investment pool by the District. The District measures their investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides a NAV per share that approximates fair value.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

For fiscal year 2020, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$25 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$100 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$100 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund or the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2020 amounted to \$1,321,896, which includes \$248,383 assigned from other District funds.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows and for presentation on the basic financial statements, investments purchased by the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District's investment account at fiscal year end is provided in Note 3.

G. Prepayments

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2020, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

H. Inventory

On government-wide and fund financial statements, inventory held for consumption is reported at cost and inventory held for resale is presented at the lower of cost or market. Donated commodities are presented at their entitlement value. Inventories are recorded on a first-in, first-out basis and are expended/expensed when used. Inventories are accounted for using the consumption method.

On the fund financial statements, material and supplies inventory is equally offset by a nonspendable fund balance in the governmental funds which indicates that it does not constitute available spendable resources even though it is a component of net current assets. Inventory held for resale is reported as nonspendable fund balance unless the proceeds from the sales are restricted, committed or assigned.

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, donated food and purchased food held for resale, and bookstore inventory held for resale.

I. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets specifically related to governmental activities. These assets result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition values as of the date received. The District's maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. Interest is not capitalized in the governmental funds and the District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets except land and construction in progress are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description:	Estimated Lives
Land improvements	15 - 20 years
Buildings and improvements	10 - 50 years
Furniture and equipment	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	6 - 8 years
Computer software	3 - 9 years

J. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "due to/from other funds". Interfund balances between governmental funds are eliminated in the governmental activities column on the statement of net position.

K. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and sick leave liability to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

The District reports compensated absences and salary related payments in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences". The total liability for vacation and sick leave payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at the balance sheet date and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any applicable additional salary related payments. Vacation leave and other compensated absences with similar characteristics should be accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned by the employees if both of the following conditions are met:

- 1. The employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered.
- It is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means.

Other compensated absences with characteristics similar to vacation leave are those which are not contingent on a specific event outside the control of the employer and employee.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Further, sick leave and other similar compensated absences are those which are contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee. The District has accrued a liability for these compensated absences using the termination method which is based on the District's past experience of making termination payments for sick leave.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid matured compensated absences is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported.

L. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from the proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds and certificates of participation are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due. A net pension liability and net OPEB liability is recognized in the governmental funds to the extent that benefit payments are due and payable and the pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is not sufficient for payment of those benefits.

M. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the District Board of Education (the highest level of decision making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted nor committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the Treasurer. The District Board of Education has by resolution authorized the Treasurer to assign fund balance. The Board may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget in the general fund.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

N. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows. The net position component "net investment in capital assets," consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position. See Note 7 for the calculation of net investment in capital assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. The amount restricted for other purposes represents amounts restricted for food service operations and miscellaneous grants.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

O. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

P. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in the proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements. Transfers between governmental funds are eliminated for reporting on the government-wide statement of activities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Q. Nonpublic Schools

Within the District boundaries, there are six private or parochial schools which receive funding from the State of Ohio through current State legislation. These monies are received and disbursed on behalf of the private or parochial schools by the Treasurer of the District, as directed by the schools. The fiduciary responsibility of the District for these monies is reflected in a special revenue fund (a nonmajor governmental fund) for financial reporting purposes.

R. Unamortized Bond Premiums and Deferred Charges on Debt Refunding

On the government-wide financial statements, bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bond premiums are presented as an addition to the face amount of the bonds. On the governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums are recognized in the current period.

For advance refundings resulting in the defeasance of debt, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt is deferred and amortized as component of interest expense. This accounting gain or loss is amortized over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter and is presented as a deferred outflow of resources on the statement of net position.

A reconciliation between the bonds face value and the amount reported on the statement of net position is presented in Note 8.

S. Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability, net OPEB asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

T. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal year 2020.

U. Fair Value

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 2 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2020, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 84, "<u>Fiduciary Activities</u>" and GASB Statement No. 90, "<u>Majority Equity Interests - an amendment to GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61".</u>

GASB Statement No. 84 establishes specific criteria for identifying activities that should be reported as fiduciary activities and clarifies whether and how business-type activities should report their fiduciary activities. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84, the District will no longer be reporting agency funds or private purpose trust funds. The District reviewed its fiduciary funds and certain funds are reported in the new fiduciary classification of custodial funds, while other funds have been reclassified as governmental funds. These fund reclassifications resulted in the restatement of the District's financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 90 improves the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and improves the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. It defines a majority equity interest and specifies that a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization should be reported as an investment if a government's holding of the equity interest meets the definition of an investment. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 90 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

B. Restatement of Net Position and Fund Balances

The implementation of GASB 84 had the following effect on fund balance as reported at June 30, 2019:

	General	Building	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Fund balance as previously reported	\$ 32,174,196	\$ 75,343,715	\$ 4,539,419	\$ 112,057,330
GASB Statement No. 84	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	113,943	113,943
Restated fund balance, at June 30, 2019	\$ 32,174,196	\$ 75,343,715	\$ 4,653,362	\$ 112,171,273

The implementation of the GASB 84 pronouncement had the following effect on the net position as reported at June 30, 2019:

	Go	Governmental		
		Activities		
Net position as previously reported	\$	7,895,751		
GASB Statement No. 84		113,943		
Restated net position at June 30, 2019	\$	8,009,694		

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 2 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84, the new classification of custodial funds is reporting a beginning net position of \$253,078. Also, related to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84, the District will no longer be reporting agency funds or private purpose trust funds. At June 30, 2019, agency funds reported assets and liabilities of \$381,022 and private purpose trust funds reported net position of \$2,750.

C. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2020 included the following individual fund deficits:

Nonmajor funds	<u>Deficit</u>
Title VI-B	\$ 34,668
Title I	11,806
EHA preschool grant	2,571

The general fund is liable for any deficit in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Government National Mortgage Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the fair value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio, and with certain limitations including a requirement for maturity within ten years from the date of settlement, bonds and other obligations of political subdivisions of the State of Ohio, if training requirements have been met;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool, the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio); and,
- 8. Certain banker's acceptance for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days) and commercial paper notes (for a period not to exceed two hundred seventy days) in an amount not to exceed 40 percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time if training requirements have been met.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by the financial institutions participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledge to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. Except as noted above, an investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Cash on Hand

At fiscal year end, the District had \$1,300 of undeposited cash on hand which is included on the financial statements of the District as part of "equity in pooled cash and investments".

B. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2020, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$4,240,262 and the bank balance of was \$4,914,609. Of the bank balance, \$570,385 was covered by the FDIC and \$4,344,224 was potentially exposed to custodial credit risk discussed below because those deposits were uninsured and could be uncollateralized. Although all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. The District has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or protected by: (1) eligible securities pledged to the District and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose fair value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured; or (2) participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total fair value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State. For 2020, the District's financial institutions were approved for a reduced collateral rate of 50 percent through the OPCS.

C. Investments

As of June 30, 2020, the District had the following investments and maturities:

					Maturities		
Measurement/ Investment Type	M	leasurement Value		Less than 1 year	 1-2 years]	More than 2 years
Fair value:							
Commercial paper	\$	499,493	\$	499,493	\$ -	\$	-
U.S. Treasury notes		4,710,339		2,447,819	2,262,520		-
U.S. Treasury bills		379,887		379,887	-		-
Negotiable CDs		10,368,760		2,747,116	3,784,209		3,837,435
U.S. Government agency securities		17,635,746		15,139,430	1,792,543		703,773
U.S. Government money market		6,079,758		6,079,758	-		-
Amortized cost:							
STAR Ohio	_	42,160,650	_	42,160,650	 		
Total	\$	81,834,633	\$	69,454,153	\$ 7,839,272	\$	4,541,208

The District's investments measured as fair value are valued using quoted market prices in markets that are not considered to be active, dealer quotations or alternative pricing sources for similar assets or liabilities for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly (Level 2 inputs).

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District. The weighted average maturity of investments is 0.53 years, or approximately 195 days.

Credit Risk: The commercial paper investments are rated A-1 to A-1+ and P-1 by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services, respectively. Standard & Poor's has assigned STAR Ohio an AAAm money market rating. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The District's investment policy does not specifically address credit risk beyond requiring the District to only invest in securities authorized by State statute.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held at June 30, 2020:

Measurement/	Measurement		
Investment type		Value	% of Total
Fair value:			
Commercial paper	\$	499,493	0.61
U.S. Treasury notes		4,710,339	5.76
U.S. Treasury bills		379,887	0.46
Negotiable CDs		10,368,760	12.67
U.S. Government agency securities		17,635,746	21.55
U.S. Government money market		6,079,758	7.43
Amortized cost:			
STAR Ohio		42,160,650	51.52
Total	\$	81,834,633	100.00

D. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Position

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net position as of June 30, 2020:

Cash and investments per note	
Carrying amount of deposits	\$ 4,240,262
Investments	81,834,633
Cash on hand	 1,300
Total	\$ 86,076,195
Cash and investments per statement of net position	
Governmental activities	\$ 84,957,935
Business type activities	888,596
Custodial funds	 229,664
Total	\$ 86,076,195

NOTE 4 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Interfund balances at June 30, 2020, as reported on the fund statements consist of the following amounts due to/from other funds:

Receivable fund:	Payable fund:	Amount
General fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	\$ 195,440

The primary purpose of the due to/from other funds is to cover deficit cash balances due to the advance spending of approved grant monies. The interfund balances will be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received, which is expected to be within one year. Interfund balances between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements; therefore, no internal balances at June 30, 2020 are reported on the statement of net position.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 4 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS - (Continued)

B. Interfund transfers for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, consisted of the following, as reported on the fund statements:

<u>Transfers from</u> :	<u>Transfer to</u> :	Amount
General fund	Building fund	\$ 300,000
General fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	8,800
Building fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	1,295,000
Total		\$ 1,603,800

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget required to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and to use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements. All transfers were made in compliance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.14, 5705.15 and 5705.16.

NOTE 5 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property and public utility property. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2020 represent the collection of calendar year 2019 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2020 were levied after April 1, 2019, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2019, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised fair value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2020 represent the collection of calendar year 2019 taxes. Public utility real and personal property taxes received in calendar year 2020 became a lien on December 31, 2018, were levied after April 1, 2019, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The District receives property taxes from Summit County. The County Fiscal Officer periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2020, are available to finance fiscal year 2020 operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2020 was \$3,573,562 in the general fund, \$331,668 in the bond retirement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund), and \$106,364 in the permanent improvement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). This amount is recorded as revenue. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2019 was \$5,505,737 in the general fund, \$518,752 in the bond retirement fund, and \$164,523 in the permanent improvement fund. The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 5 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and delinquent tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2020 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflows.

On the accrual basis of accounting, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis of accounting the revenue has been reported as a deferred inflow of resources.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2020 taxes were collected are:

	2019 Second				t		
	I	Half Collect	ions		Half Collecti	lf Collections	
	A	mount	<u>Percent</u>	_	Amount	Percent	
Agricultural/residential							
and other real estate	\$ 1,08	39,291,000	98.14	\$	1,120,929,440	98.12	
Public utility personal	2	20,598,140	1.86		21,466,960	1.88	
Total	\$ 1,10	9,889,140	100.00	\$	1,142,396,400	100.00	
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation for:							
General operations	\$	86.93		\$	86.93		
Debt service		4.10			4.05		
Permanent improvement		1.50			1.50		

NOTE 6 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2020, as reported on the statement of net position, consisted of property taxes, payments in lieu of taxes, accrued interest, and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds. All receivables are expected to be collected within the subsequent year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	07/01/19	Additions	Deductions	06/30/20
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,022,386	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,022,386
Construction in progress	10,048,035	36,278,643	(3,113,619)	43,213,059
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	11,070,421	36,278,643	(3,113,619)	44,235,445
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	6,656,395	15,092	-	6,671,487
Buildings and improvements	80,342,344	3,847,261	-	84,189,605
Furniture and equipment	14,392,101	315,470	-	14,707,571
Vehicles	5,587,039	-	-	5,587,039
Computer software	390,819			390,819
Total capital assets, being depreciated	107,368,698	4,177,823		111,546,521
Less: accumulated depreciation				
Land improvements	(2,402,618)	(161,241)	-	(2,563,859)
Buildings and improvements	(34,868,611)	(1,559,377)	-	(36,427,988)
Furniture and equipment	(10,712,399)	(511,888)	-	(11,224,287)
Vehicles	(4,145,466)	(215,163)	-	(4,360,629)
Computer software	(377,431)	(4,463)		(381,894)
Total accumulated depreciation	(52,506,525)	(2,452,132)		(54,958,657)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	54,862,173	1,725,691		56,587,864
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 65,932,594	\$ 38,004,334	\$ (3,113,619)	\$100,823,309

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

<u>Instruction</u> :	
Regular	\$ 1,553,861
Special	56,549
Vocational	21,842
Support services:	
Pupil	22,495
Instructional staff	63,490
Administration	35,811
Operations and maintenance	139,222
Pupil transportation	181,360
Central	4,463
Extracurricular activities	343,671
Food service operations	 29,368
Total depreciation expense	\$ 2,452,132

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS - (Continued)

The following table illustrates the calculation of the District's net investment in capital assets. As discussed in Note 1 N., only debt and deferred inflows or outflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition of capital assets are included below.

Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	\$ 100,823,309
Less capital-related debt:	
Certificates of participation	(14,170,000)
Qualified school construction bonds	(825,000)
School improvement bonds	(76,305,000)
Capital leases	(569,060)
Unamortized premium on debt issuances	(41,003)
Capital assets on account	(2,486,893)
Add: unspent bond proceeds Add: deferred outflows of resources - unamortized	36,259,831
deferred charges on debt refunding	1,129,022
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 43,815,206

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. During fiscal year 2020, the following changes occurred in the District's long-term obligations.

		alance			Balance	Amount		
		tstanding				Outstanding		Due in
	0	6/30/19	Additions	_	Deletions	06/30/20	_(One Year
Governmental activities:								
Certificates of participation:								
Series 2012 refunding	\$ 1	4,860,000	\$ -	\$	(690,000)	\$ 14,170,000	\$	715,000
General obligation bonds:								
Energy conservation bonds		690,000	-		(220,000)	470,000		230,000
Qualified school								
construction bonds		980,000	-		(155,000)	825,000		160,000
School improvement bonds	7	77,840,000		_	(1,535,000)	76,305,000	_	1,600,000
Total bonds and								
certificates of participation	9	4,370,000		_	(2,600,000)	91,770,000	_	2,705,000
Capital leases		1,167,106	792,167		(740,786)	1,218,487		667,569
Compensated absences		3,916,768	558,438		(385,766)	4,089,440		433,145
Net pension liability	7	2,511,884	1,912,103		-	74,423,987		-
Net OPEB liability		7,643,645			(360,537)	7,283,108	_	
Total, governmental activities	17	79,609,403	3,262,708		(4,087,089)	178,785,022	_	3,805,714
Unamortized premium on bonds		3,464,031			(126,332)	3,337,699	_	
Total on statement of net position	\$ 18	33,073,434	\$ 3,262,708	\$	(4,213,421)	\$ 182,122,721	\$	3,805,714

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

Balance Outstanding								Balance Outstanding		Amount Due in
		06/30/19	A	dditions	_1	Deletions		06/30/20	(ne Year
Business-type activities:										
Compensated absences	\$	39,051	\$	8,267	\$	(18,533)	\$	28,785	\$	20,652
Net pension liability		962,504		-		(145,864)		816,640		-
Net OPEB liability		376,239				(63,902)	_	312,337		
Total, business-type activities	\$	1,377,794	\$	8,267	\$	(228,299)	\$	1,157,762	\$	20,652

All bonds and certificates of participation are backed by the full faith and credit of the District and are paid from the general fund or bond retirement fund. The capital leases are paid from the general fund; see Note 9 for more detail. Compensated absences, the net pension liability, and the net OPEB liability will be paid from the fund from which the employee is paid, which is primarily the general fund and the food service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). See Note 12 for more detail on the net pension liability. See Note 13 for more detail on the net OPEB liability.

Certificates of Participation, Series 2012 Refunding

The refunding certificates of participation (COPs) were issued on July 10, 2012 in order to advance refund the previously outstanding COPs, which were issued to finance various construction projects throughout the District. The refunding issue consisted of serial COPs, par value \$13,570,000, and term COPs, par value \$5,155,000. The refunding COPs range in interest rates from 2.0% - 4.0% and the final maturity date stated in the issue is June 1, 2034.

The issuance proceeds of \$18,725,000 were used to purchase securities which were placed in an irrevocable trust to provide resources for all future debt service payments on the refunded debt. This refunded debt in considered defeased (in substance) and accordingly has been removed from the statement of net position. At June 30, 2020, \$16,545,000 of this debt was outstanding.

Energy Conservation Bonds

The energy conservation bonds were issued during fiscal year 2010 in the amount of \$2,440,000. The proceeds were used to finance improvements throughout the District for the purpose of reducing future energy costs. These improvements are not capital in nature and were not added to the District's capital assets; therefore, the bonds are not included in the District's net investment in capital assets. The bonds bear an interest rate ranging from 2.5% to 5% and mature on December 1, 2021. Debt payments are made from the general fund from the savings on energy costs resulting from the improvements.

Qualified School Construction Bonds

The qualified school construction bonds were issued during fiscal year 2010 in the amount of \$2,274,257. The proceeds were used to finance various energy improvements throughout the District. The bonds bear an interest rate of 1.69%. Payments on the bonds, which mature on September 15, 2024, are made from the general fund.

School Improvement Bonds

The school improvement bonds were issued on March 6, 2018 in the amount of \$81,550,000. The proceeds are being used to finance construction of a new middle school and improvements to other District facilities. As of June 30, 2020, \$36,259,831 of the bond proceeds had not yet been spent. The bonds bear an interest rate ranging from 2% to 5% and mature on December 1, 2047. Debt payments are made from the bond retirement fund with the proceeds from a voted property tax levy.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

B. Principal and interest requirements to retire the certificates of participation outstanding at June 30, 2020, are as follows:

Fiscal Year		Certificates of Participation							
Ending June 30,	_	Principal	_	Interest	_	Total			
2021	\$	715,000	\$	535,801	\$	1,250,801			
2022		745,000		517,033		1,262,033			
2023		775,000		496,173		1,271,173			
2024		820,000		465,173		1,285,173			
2025		865,000		432,373		1,297,373			
2026 - 2030		5,095,000		1,621,152		6,716,152			
2031 - 2034		5,155,000		529,600		5,684,600			
Total	\$	14,170,000	\$	4,597,305	\$	18,767,305			

C. Principal and interest requirements to retire the general obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2020, are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Energy Conservation Bonds						Qualified School Construction Bonds					
Ending June 30,	_ I	Principal	I	nterest	Total		F	Principal	_I	nterest		Total
2021	\$	230,000	\$	14,200	\$	244,200	\$	160,000	\$	12,591	\$	172,591
2022		240,000		4,800		244,800		160,000		9,887		169,887
2023		-		-		-		165,000		7,140		172,140
2024		-		-		-		170,000		4,310		174,310
2025		_		_				170,000		1,436		171,436
Total	\$	470,000	\$	19,000	\$	489,000	\$	825,000	\$	35,364	\$	860,364

Fiscal Year	School Improvement Bonds									
Ending June 30,	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Total							
2021	\$ 1,600,000	\$ 2,921,213	\$ 4,521,213							
2022	1,660,000	2,872,613	4,532,613							
2023	1,695,000	2,839,063	4,534,063							
2024	1,730,000	2,800,488	4,530,488							
2025	1,770,000	2,756,738	4,526,738							
2026 - 2030	9,835,000	12,691,377	22,526,377							
2031 - 2035	12,255,000	10,253,690	22,508,690							
2036 - 2040	14,910,000	7,545,590	22,455,590							
2041 - 2045	18,145,000	4,250,490	22,395,490							
2046 - 2048	12,705,000	709,895	13,414,895							
Total	\$ 76,305,000	\$ 49,641,157	\$ 125,946,157							

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

D. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The assessed valuation used in determining the District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2020, are a voted debt margin of \$28,582,758 (including available funds of \$3,367,082) and an unvoted debt margin of \$1,142,396.

NOTE 9 - CAPITALIZED LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

The District has entered into lease agreements to acquire copiers and copier equipment and computers. Capital assets consisting of equipment have been capitalized in the amount of \$1,190,970. Accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2020 was \$655,033, leaving a current book value of \$535,937. Lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the financial statements for the governmental funds. Principal and interest payments of \$740,786 and \$37,045, respectively, were paid from the general fund.

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the lease agreement and the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2020:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Amount
2021	\$ 702,242
2022	500,029
2023	66,831
Total minimum lease payments	1,269,102
Less: amount representing interest	(50,615)
Total	\$ 1,218,487

NOTE 10 - COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees working 11 or 12 months per year are entitled to an annual vacation, with pay, based on length of service in the District. Accumulated unused vacation time is paid to employees upon termination of employment. Teachers and administrators working fewer than ten months per year do not earn vacation time. Teachers, administrators and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated for an unlimited number of days. For both certified and classified employees, payment is made at retirement for accumulated sick leave and is determined by taking one-fourth of the first 144 days and adding to that one day for every eight days in excess of 144 days to a maximum of 36 additional days of severance. Maximum severance in total is 72 days. See Note 1.K. for further detail on the financial reporting of the District's compensated absences.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. General Insurance

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage to or destruction of assets, errors and omissions, employee injuries, and natural disasters. The District has a comprehensive property and casualty policy with deductibles that vary from \$0 to \$50,000 depending on the type of coverage. The District's vehicle liability insurance policy limit is \$5,000,000 with a \$1,000 collision deductible. All Board Members, administrators and employees are covered under a District liability policy. The limits of this coverage are \$5,000,000 per occurrence and \$7,000,000 in aggregate. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There was no significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

B. Fidelity Bond

The Treasurer is covered under a surety bond in the amount of \$50,000. Selected other employees are covered for faithful performance in the District's property and casualty liability policy for \$100,000, subject to a \$1,000 deductible.

C. Employee Health Insurance

The District has elected to provide employee medical and prescription benefits through a self-insurance program. The District maintains a self-insurance internal service fund to account for and finance its uninsured risk of loss in this program. This plan provides a medical plan with a \$400 family and \$200 single deductible. A third party administrator reviews and processes all claims for payment. Medical Mutual of Ohio is the claims administrator for medical and prescription claims. The District provides fully insured dental coverage through Delta Dental of Ohio preferred provider organization. Employees are offered two plan options, a High and a Low plan. Both plans have a \$25 deductible per person annual deductible capped at \$50 per family. The District purchases stop-loss coverage for the medical/prescription coverage of \$125,000 per individual and \$1,000,000 for the aggregate maximum limit of reimbursement liability.

The District pays into the self-insurance internal service fund for full-time medical and prescription drug family coverage \$1,712 per month for certified, classified and administrative employees. Single coverage full-time costs are \$781 for certified, classified and administrative employees. Employees are considered part-time if they work 17.5 or more hours per week for certified staff or 25 or more hours per week for classified staff and administrators and less than 35 hours per week. Part-time employees are eligible for family and single coverage. The premiums for part-time employees are prorated according to hours worked per week for certified employees and classified employees.

The District provides prescription drug insurance to its employees through a self-insured program. The District pays the cost of prescription drugs above the employee co-payment for a 34 day supply. The employee co-payment for a 34 day supply is: generic \$25, preferred \$30 and non-preferred \$40. The District pays the cost of mail order prescriptions above the employee co-payment for a 90 day supply. The employee co-payment for a 90 day mail order supply is: generic \$50, preferred \$60 and non-preferred \$80. The third party administrator, Medical Mutual of Ohio, reviews and processes the claims. The premium for this coverage is included in the medical plan premium amounts stated above.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

Dental coverage is provided on a fully-insured basis through Delta Dental of Ohio. There are two dental plans; Low plan and High plan. For this coverage, the District pays \$57 and \$109 per month under the Low and High plans, respectively, for family coverage and \$19 and \$39 per month under the Low and High plans, respectively, for single coverage for certified employees. Premiums for classified employees are prorated according to hours worked per 35-hour week with premiums ranging from \$10 to \$74 for family coverage and \$3 to \$27 for single coverage. Employees working 17.5 or more hours per week for certified staff or 25 hours per week for classified and administrative staff are eligible for dental coverage. The District is responsible for payment of all claim amounts in excess of the employee payment percentages of fixed rates established in each plan.

The premiums are paid by the funds that pay the salary for the employees, except for those grant funds whose agreements do not fund employee health insurance, and is based on historical cost information.

The claims liability of \$756,341 reported in the internal service fund at June 30, 2020, is based on an estimate provided by the third party administrators and the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues", as amended by GASB Statement No. 30, "Risk Financing Omnibus", which requires that a liability for unpaid claims costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not reported claims, be accrued at the estimated ultimate cost of settling the claims. The estimate was not affected by incremental claim adjustment expenses and does not include other allocated or unallocated claim adjustment expenses.

Changes in claims activity for the past two fiscal years are as follows:

Fiscal	Beginning	Current	Claims	Ending
<u>Year</u>	Balance	Year Claims	<u>Payments</u>	Balance
2020	\$ 740,491	\$ 8,604,925	\$ (8,589,075)	\$ 756,341
2019	706,857	9,101,296	(9,067,662)	740,491

Post-employment health care is provided to plan participants or their beneficiaries through the respective retirement systems discussed in Note 13.

D. Workers' Compensation

The District participates in the Ohio SchoolComp Group Rating Program (GRP), a group rating pool. The GRP is co-sponsored by the Ohio School Boards Association and the Ohio Association of School Business Officials. The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the state based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "equity pooling fund".

This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of CompManagement, Inc. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

Prior to January 1, 2012, the District participated in the Ohio Bureau of Workers' Compensation (Bureau) Individual Retrospective Rating program. In the program, the District assumed a portion of the risk in return for a reduction in premium.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

The District's Retrospective Rating program is accounted for in the general fund which pays for all claims, claim reserves and administrative costs of the program. The general fund generates revenues by charging each fund a percentage rate determined by the Bureau for the payroll during the reporting period.

The District is liable for a portion of claims incurred while under the Retrospective Rating program. The claims liability is recorded based on an actuarial determination of future claims, review of five years of claim liabilities and claim payment trends. The change in claims activity for the past two fiscal years is as follows:

Fiscal Year	eginning Balance	s and Changes Estimates	_	Claims ayments	Ending Balance		
2020	\$ 35,925	\$ 114,386	\$	(62,547)	\$	87,764	
2019	18,529	45,479		(28,083)		35,925	

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability represents the District's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included as pension and postemployment benefits payable both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Plan Description - District Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description - The District's non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to	Eligible to
	Retire on or before	Retire after
	August 1, 2017 *	August 1, 2017
Full benefits	Age 65 with 5 years of services credit; or Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially reduced benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit; or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

^{*} Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017 will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.2% for the first thirty years of service and 2.5% for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

Effective January 1, 2018, SERS cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) changed from a fixed 3% annual increase to one based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI-W) with a cap of 2.5% and a floor of 0%. SERS also has the authority to award or suspend the COLA, or to adjust the COLA above or below CPI-W. SERS suspended the COLA increases for 2018, 2019 and 2020 for current retirees, and confirmed their intent to implement a four-year waiting period for the state of a COLA for future retirees.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10% of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10% for plan members and 14% for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14.0%.

The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$1,418,472 for fiscal year 2020. Of this amount, \$77,484 is reported as pension and postemployment benefits payable.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description - Licensed teachers participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS website at www.strsoh.org.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307. The DB Plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation will be 2.2% of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. Effective July 1, 2017, the cost-of-living adjustment was reduced to zero. Members are eligible to retire at age 60 with five years of qualifying service credit, or age 55 with 28 years of service, or 33 years of service regardless of age. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.53% of the 14% employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.47% of the 14% employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12% of the 14% member rate goes to the DC Plan and the remaining 2% is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity after termination of employment at age 50 or later.

New members who choose the DC Plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit to apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. For fiscal year 2020, plan members were required to contribute 14% of their annual covered salary. The District was required to contribute 14%; the entire 14% was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The fiscal year 2020 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

The District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$4,397,044 for fiscal year 2020. Of this amount, \$754,178 is reported as pension and postemployment benefits payable.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District 's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District 's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities.

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

		SERS		STRS	 Total
Proportion of the net pension					
liability prior measurement date	(0.28519554%	(0.25987515%	
Proportion of the net pension					
liability current measurement date	(0.29541091%	(0.26030856%	
Change in proportionate share	(0.01021537%	(0.00043341%	
Proportionate share of the net	_		_		
pension liability	\$	17,674,953	\$	57,565,674	\$ 75,240,627
Pension expense	\$	2,588,699	\$	7,703,358	\$ 10,292,057

At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Deferred outflows of resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$ 448,197	\$ 468,681	\$ 916,878
Changes of assumptions	-	6,762,200	6,762,200
Difference between employer contributions			
and proportionate share of contributions/			
change in proportionate share	378,250	348,028	726,278
Contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	1,418,472	4,397,044	5,815,516
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 2,244,919	\$11,975,953	\$14,220,872
Deferred inflows of resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$ -	\$ 249,191	\$ 249,191
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on pension plan investments	226,881	2,813,498	3,040,379
Difference between employer contributions			
and proportionate share of contributions/			
change in proportionate share	277,884	635,865	913,749
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ 504,765	\$ 3,698,554	\$ 4,203,319

\$5,815,516 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2021.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	 SERS STRS		STRS	Total	
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:			_		
2021	\$ 494,505	\$	3,193,849	\$	3,688,354
2022	(286,394)		624,414		338,020
2023	(15,096)		(238,218)		(253,314)
2024	128,667		300,310		428,977
Total	\$ 321,682	\$	3,880,355	\$	4,202,037

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2019, are presented below:

Wage inflation 3.00%
Future salary increases, including inflation 3.50% to 18.20%
COLA or ad hoc COLA
Investment rate of return 7.50% net of investments expense, including inflation

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal (level percent of payroll)

For 2019, the mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age set-back for both males and females. Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries were based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates. Mortality among disabled members was based upon the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted average of the expected return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major assets class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00 %	0.50 %
US Equity	22.50	4.75
International Equity	22.50	7.00
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	8.00
Real Assets	15.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	10.00	3.00
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.50%). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.50%), or one percentage point higher (8.50%) than the current rate.

		Current				
	1%		Discount Rate		1% Increase	
District's proportionate share	·	_				
of the net pension liability	\$	24,768,928	\$	17,674,953	\$ 11,725,767	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the July 1, 2019, actuarial valuation are presented below:

	July 1, 2019		
Inflation	2.50%		
Projected salary increases	12.50% at age 20 to		
	2.50% at age 65		
Investment rate of return	7.45%, net of investment expenses, including inflation		
Payroll increases	3.00%		
Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA)	0.00%		

For the July 1, 2019, actuarial valuation, post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2019 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

STRS Ohio's investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation*	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return **
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

^{*}Target weights will be phased in over a 24-month period concluding on July 1, 2019.

^{**10-}Year geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.45% as of June 30, 2019. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2019. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.45% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2019.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table presents the District 's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45%, as well as what the District 's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.45%) or one-percentage-point higher (8.45%) than the current rate:

	Current			
	1% Decrease Discount Rate		1% Increase	
District's proportionate share				
of the net pension liability	\$ 84,125,820	\$ 57,565,674	\$ 35,081,151	

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS

Net OPEB Liability/Asset

The net OPEB liability/asset reported on the statement of net position represents a liability/asset to employees for OPEB. OPEB is a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for OPEB is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net OPEB liability/asset represents the District's proportionate share of each OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net OPEB liability/asset calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which OPEB are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including OPEB.

GASB 75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because they benefit from employee services. OPEB contributions come from these employers and health care plan enrollees which pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. Any change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net OPEB liability/asset. Resulting adjustments to the net OPEB liability/asset would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded/funded benefits is presented as a long-term *net OPEB liability* or *net OPEB asset* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required OPEB contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in pension and postemployment benefits payable on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

Plan Description - District Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14% of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, SERS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, prorated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2020, this amount was \$19,600. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2% of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5% of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2020, the District's surcharge obligation was \$191,180.

The surcharge added to the allocated portion of the 14% employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$191,180 for fiscal year 2020. This entire amount is reported as pension and postemployment benefits payable.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued effective January 1, 2021. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14% of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

OPEB Liabilities/Assets, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability/asset was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total OPEB liability/asset used to calculate the net OPEB liability/asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset was based on the District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

		SERS		STRS	 Total
Proportion of the net OPEB					
liability/asset prior measurement date	0	0.28908086%	(0.25987515%	
Proportion of the net OPEB					
liability/asset current measurement date	0	0.30203100%	(0.26030856%	
Change in proportionate share	0	0.01295014%	(0.00043341%	
Proportionate share of the net	_		•		
OPEB liability	\$	7,595,445	\$	-	\$ 7,595,445
Proportionate share of the net					
OPEB asset	\$	-	\$	4,311,334	\$ 4,311,334
OPEB expense	\$	178,444	\$	(1,300,989)	\$ (1,122,545)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Deferred outflows of resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$ 111,495	\$ 390,856	\$ 502,351
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	18,233	-	18,233
Changes of assumptions	554,762	90,623	645,385
Difference between employer contributions			
and proportionate share of contributions/			
change in proportionate share	351,092	121,061	472,153
Contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	191,180	<u> </u>	191,180
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 1,226,762	\$ 602,540	\$ 1,829,302
Deferred inflows of resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$ 1,668,667	\$ 219,345	\$ 1,888,012
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	-	270,779	270,779
Changes of assumptions	425,626	4,726,878	5,152,504
Difference between employer contributions			
and proportionate share of contributions/			
change in proportionate share	395,497	62,293	457,790
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ 2,489,790	\$ 5,279,295	\$ 7,769,085

\$191,180 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability/asset in the year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	SERS		STRS		Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:					
2021	\$	(488,896)	\$	(1,025,118)	\$ (1,514,014)
2022		(240,078)		(1,025,117)	(1,265,195)
2023		(234,728)		(916,592)	(1,151,320)
2024		(235,599)		(878,523)	(1,114,122)
2025		(185,103)		(842,072)	(1,027,175)
Thereafter		(69,804)		10,667	 (59,137)
Total	\$	(1,454,208)	\$	(4,676,755)	\$ (6,130,963)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2019 are presented below:

Wage inflation	3.00%
Future salary increases, including inflation	3.50% to 18.20%
Investment rate of return	7.50% net of investments
	expense, including inflation
Municipal bond index rate:	
Measurement date	3.13%
Prior measurement date	3.62%
Single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense,	
including price inflation:	
Measurement date	3.22%
Prior measurement date	3.70%
Medical trend assumption:	
Measurement date	
Medicare	5.25 to 4.75%
Pre-Medicare	7.00 to 4.75%
Prior measurement date	
Medicare	5.375 to 4.75%
Pre-Medicare	7.25 to 4.75%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and Scale BB, 120% of male rates and 110% of female rates. RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates set back five years.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2010 through 2015, and was adopted by the Board on April 21, 2016. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.50%, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as used in the June 30, 2015 five-year experience study, are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00 %	0.50 %
US Equity	22.50	4.75
International Equity	22.50	7.00
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	8.00
Real Assets	15.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	10.00	3.00
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2019 was 3.22%. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2019 was 3.70%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the state statute contribution rate of 2.00% of projected covered employee payroll each year, which includes a 1.50% payroll surcharge and 0.50% of contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make future benefit payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan assets was used to present value the projected benefit payments through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024 and the Fidelity General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index rate of 3.13%, as of June 30, 2019 (i.e. municipal bond rate), was used to present value the projected benefit payments for the remaining years in the projection. A municipal bond rate of 3.62% was used as of June 30, 2018. The total present value of projected benefit payments from all years was then used to determine the single rate of return that was used as the discount rate. The projection of future benefit payments for all current plan members was until the benefit payments ran out.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates - The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability of SERS, what SERS' net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.22%) and higher (4.22%) than the current discount rate (3.22%). Also shown is what SERS' net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (6.00% decreasing to 3.75%) and higher (8.00% decreasing to 5.75%) than the current rate.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

				Current		
	1%	6 Decrease	Dis	count Rate	19	% Increase
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	9,219,429	\$	7,595,445	\$	6,304,186
	1%	6 Decrease	T	Current rend Rate	19	% Increase
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	6,085,489	\$	7,595,445	\$	9,598,789

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the July 1, 2019, actuarial valuation, compared with July 1, 2018, are presented below:

	July 1, 2019		July 1	1, 2018	
Inflation	2.50%		2.50%		
Projected salary increases	12.50% at age 20	0 to	12.50% at age 20	0 to	
J	2.50% at age 65		2.50% at age 65		
Investment rate of return	7.45%, net of in	vestment	7.45%, net of in	vestment	
	expenses, inclu	ding inflation	expenses, inclu	ding inflation	
Payroll increases	3.00%		3.00%		
Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA)	0.00%		0.00%		
Discounted rate of return	7.45%		7.45%		
Blended discount rate of return	N/A		N/A		
Health care cost trends					
	Initial	Ultimate	Initial	Ultimate	
Medical					
Pre-Medicare	5.87%	4.00%	6.00%	4.00%	
Medicare	4.93%	4.00%	5.00%	4.00%	
Prescription Drug					
Pre-Medicare	7.73%	4.00%	8.00%	4.00%	
Medicare	9.62%	4.00%	-5.23%	4.00%	

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Assumption Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - There were no changes in assumptions since the prior measurement date of June 30, 2018.

Benefit Term Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - There was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were trended to the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020 to reflect the current price renewals. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2020 from 1.944% to 1.984% per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation*	Real Rate of Return **
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

^{*} Target weights will be phased in over a 24-month period concluding on July 1, 2019.

**10-Year geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB asset was 7.45% as of June 30, 2019. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes STRS Ohio continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care plan investments of 7.45% was used to measure the total OPEB asset as of June 30, 2019.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate - The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2019, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45%, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.45%) or one percentage point higher (8.45%) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

		Current				
	1%	Decrease	Dis	count Rate	19	% Increase
District's proportionate share						
of the net OPEB asset	\$	3,678,866	\$	4,311,334	\$	4,843,093

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

		Current				
	1%	Decrease	T	rend Rate	19	6 Increase
District's proportionate share						
of the net OPEB asset	\$	4,888,855	\$	4,311,334	\$	3,604,011

NOTE 14 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District received financial assistance from federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, the effect of any such disallowed claims on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2020, if applicable, cannot be determined at this time.

B. Litigation

In the normal course of operations, the District may be subject to litigation and claims. While the outcome of such matters cannot presently be determined, management believes that their ultimate resolution will not have a material adverse effect on the financial statements.

C. Foundation Funding

District Foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. Effective for the 2019-2020 school year, traditional Districts must comply with minimum hours of instruction, instead of a minimum number of school days each year. The funding formula the Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to follow will continue to adjust as enrollment information is updated by the District, which can extend past the fiscal year-end. The final FTE adjustment did not have a material effect on the District's financial statements.

NOTE 15 - SET-ASIDES

The District is required by State law to annually set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statutory formula, for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end. This amount must be carried forward to be used for the same purpose in future years. Expenditures exceeding the set-aside requirement may not be carried forward to the next fiscal year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 15 - SET-ASIDES - (Continued)

The following cash-basis information describes the change in the fiscal year-end set-aside amount for capital improvements. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	_	Capital provements
Set-aside balance June 30, 2019	\$	-
Current year set-aside requirement		806,401
Current year offsets	((1,486,711)
Total	\$	(680,310)
Balance carried forward to fiscal year 2021	\$	
Set-aside balance June 30, 2020	\$	

NOTE 16 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to assigned or committed fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis);
- (d) Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis); and,
- (e) Investments are recorded at fair value (GAAP basis) instead of at cost (budget basis).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 16 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - (Continued)

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	General fund
Budget basis	\$ (797,473)
Net adjustment for revenue accruals	(1,766,245)
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals	(985,071)
Net adjustment for other sources/uses	671,050
Funds budgeted elsewhere	(76,289)
Adjustment for encumbrances	965,778
GAAP basis	\$ (1,988,250)

Certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a GAAP basis. This includes the rotary fund, public school support fund and special trust fund.

NOTE 17 - COOPERATIVE AGREEMENT

In 2004, the City of Hudson and the District entered into a cooperative agreement to dedicate 13.5 percent of the revenues that are collected annually from an additional 1 percent municipal income tax levy to provide for the acquisition, construction, equipping, furnishing, financing, and the operation and maintenance of Community Learning Centers. The District is considered the owner of the improvements to the Community Learning Centers. The agreement shall remain for so long as a portion of the municipal income tax is being levied for the purpose of providing dedicated tax revenues, or for such time as debt issued to finance costs associated with the Community Learning Centers is outstanding, whichever period ends later.

The City of Hudson shall make payments to the District in an amount sufficient to enable the District to make timely debt service payments on the Certificates of Participation that were issued by the District to finance improvement costs associated with the Community Learning Centers. The City of Hudson shall also make payments to the District in which the funds will be applied to pay costs of improvements to the Community Learning Centers, as detailed in the agreement. The District received \$1,698,624 from the City of Hudson during fiscal year 2020 as a result of this agreement. This revenue is reported in the building fund and the debt service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

NOTE 18 - OTHER COMMITMENTS

The District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end, which include outstanding construction contracts, may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. The following table shows the District's outstanding encumbrances, net of any amounts reported as a liability.

	Year-End
<u>Fund</u>	Encumbrances
General fund	\$ 929,741
Building fund	35,386,865
Nonmajor governmental funds	297,778
Total	\$ 36,614,384

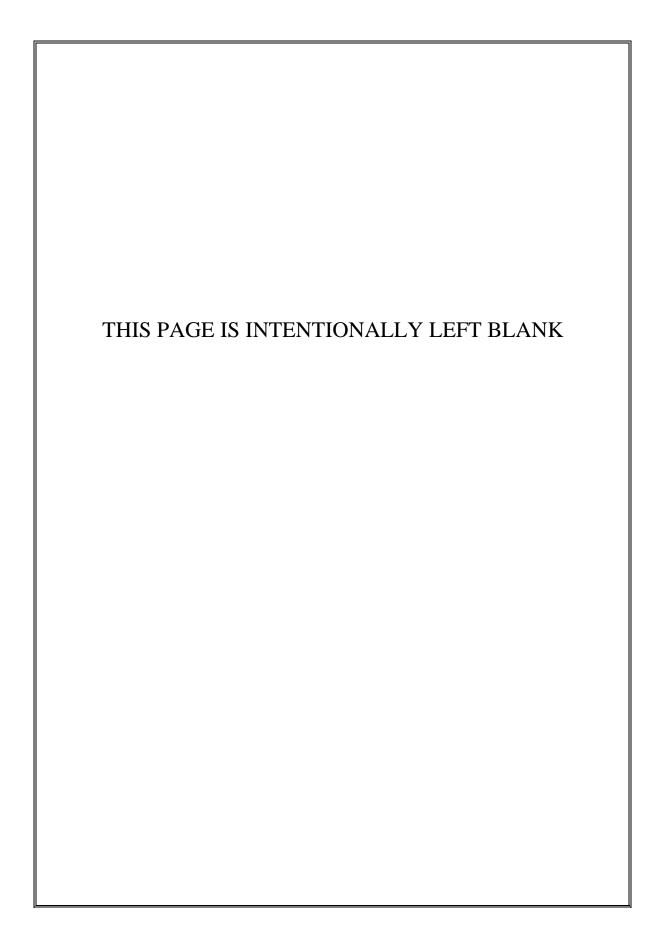
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

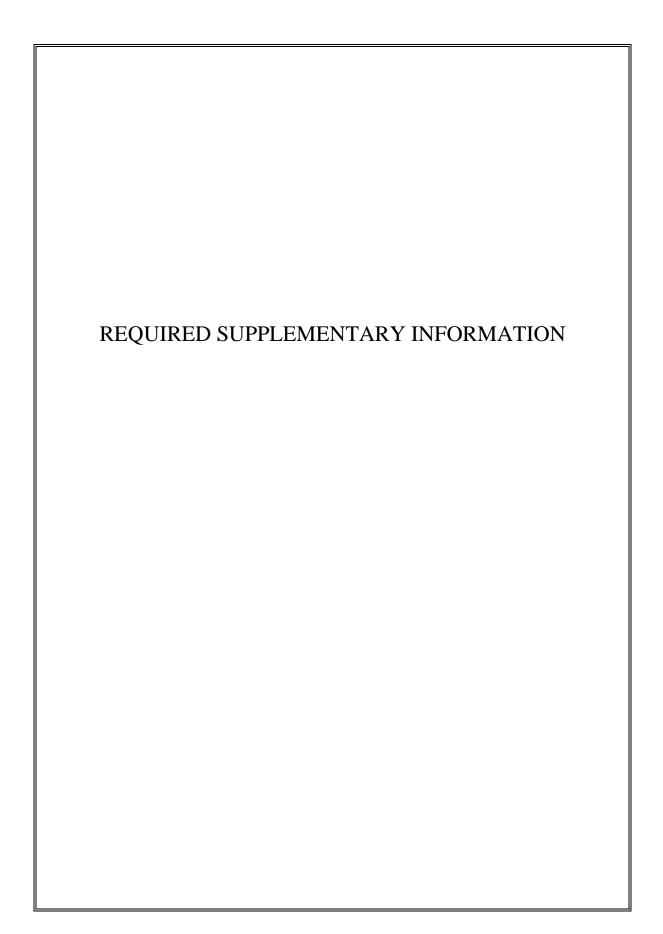
NOTE 19 - TAX ABATEMENTS ENTERED INTO BY OTHER GOVERNMENTS

The City of Hudson and the Village of Boston Heights have entered into agreements with local businesses for the abatement of property taxes to bring jobs and economic development into the area. These agreements affect the property tax receipts collected and distributed to the District. As a result of the agreements, the District's property tax revenues were reduced by \$736,336 during fiscal year 2020. The District received \$477,283 as compensation for the foregone taxes, which is recorded as payment in lieu of taxes revenue in the general fund.

NOTE 20 - COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the District. The District's investment portfolio and the investments of the pension and other employee benefit plans are subject to increased market volatility, which could result in a significant decline in fair value, consistent with the general decline in financial markets. However, because the values of individual investments fluctuate with market conditions, the amount of losses that will be recognized in subsequent periods, if any, cannot be determined. In addition, the impact on the District's future operating costs, revenues, and any recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.





SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS

		2020		2019		2018	 2017
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.29541091%		0.28519554%		0.29791068%		0.30361027%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	17,674,953	\$	16,333,677	\$	17,799,504	\$ 22,221,471
District's covered payroll	\$	10,138,222	\$	9,670,867	\$	9,503,179	\$ 9,477,429
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		174.34%		168.90%		187.30%	234.47%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		70.85%		71.36%		69.50%	62.98%

Note: Information prior to 2014 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

 2016		2015		2014
0.30686400%	,	0.30701700%	(0.30701700%
\$ 17,509,957	\$	15,537,956	\$	18,257,316
\$ 9,238,209	\$	8,921,306	\$	7,335,853
189.54%		174.17%		248.88%
69.16%		71.70%		65.52%

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS

		2020		2019		2018	 2017
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.26030856%		0.25987515%		0.25609999%		0.25761786%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	57,565,674	\$	57,140,711	\$	60,837,103	\$ 86,232,462
District's covered payroll	\$	30,750,714	\$	30,104,143	\$	28,118,971	\$ 27,306,064
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		187.20%		189.81%		216.36%	315.80%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		77.40%		77.31%		75.30%	66.80%

Note: Information prior to 2014 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

2016		2015	2014						
0.26310210%	5310210% 0.2			0.26831696%					
\$ 72,713,725	\$	65,263,971	\$	77,742,015					
\$ 27,781,386	\$	27,414,577	\$	28,446,892					
261.74%		238.06%		273.29%					
72.10%		74.70%		69.30%					

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2020			2019	2018	2017		
Contractually required contribution	\$	1,418,472	\$	1,368,660	\$ 1,305,567	\$	1,330,445	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(1,418,472)		(1,368,660)	 (1,305,567)		(1,330,445)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$ 	\$		
District's covered payroll	\$	10,131,943	\$	10,138,222	\$ 9,670,867	\$	9,503,179	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		14.00%		13.50%	13.50%		14.00%	

 2016	 2015	2014		 2013	 2012	 2011
\$ 1,326,840	\$ 1,217,596	\$	1,236,493	\$ 1,015,282	\$ 971,580	\$ 947,504
 (1,326,840)	 (1,217,596)		(1,236,493)	 (1,015,282)	 (971,580)	 (947,504)
\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$
\$ 9,477,429	\$ 9,238,209	\$	8,921,306	\$ 7,335,853	\$ 7,223,643	\$ 7,537,820
14.00%	13.18%		13.86%	13.84%	13.45%	12.57%

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2020			2019	 2018	2017		
Contractually required contribution	\$	4,397,044	\$	4,305,100	\$ 4,214,580	\$	3,936,656	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(4,397,044)		(4,305,100)	 (4,214,580)		(3,936,656)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$ 	\$		
District's covered payroll	\$	31,407,457	\$	30,750,714	\$ 30,104,143	\$	28,118,971	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		14.00%		14.00%	14.00%		14.00%	

 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013	 2012	 2011
\$ 3,822,849	\$ 3,889,394	\$ 3,563,895	\$ 3,698,096	\$ 3,792,759	\$ 4,014,133
 (3,822,849)	 (3,889,394)	 (3,563,895)	 (3,698,096)	 (3,792,759)	 (4,014,133)
\$ 	\$ 	\$ _	\$ 	\$ 	\$ -
\$ 27,306,064	\$ 27,781,386	\$ 27,414,577	\$ 28,446,892	\$ 29,175,069	\$ 30,877,946
14.00%	14.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS

	2020			2019		2018	2017	
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability		0.30203100%	(0.28908086%	(0.30216347%	().30907880%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	7,595,445	\$	8,019,884	\$	8,109,274	\$	8,809,889
District's covered payroll	\$	10,138,222	\$	9,670,867	\$	9,503,179	\$	9,477,429
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		74.92%		82.93%		85.33%		92.96%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		15.57%		13.57%		12.46%		11.49%

Note: Information prior to 2017 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY/ASSET STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS

	 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset	0.26030856%	0.25987515%	0.25609999%	0.25926828%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/(asset)	\$ (4,311,334)	\$ (4,175,928)	\$ 9,992,076	\$ 13,865,735
District's covered payroll	\$ 30,750,714	\$ 30,104,143	\$ 28,118,971	\$ 27,306,064
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/asset as a percentage of its covered payroll	14.02%	13.87%	35.53%	50.78%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability/asset	174.70%	176.00%	47.10%	37.30%

Note: Information prior to 2017 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

				2019	 2018	2017		
Contractually required contribution	\$	191,180	\$	231,742	\$ 203,392	\$	164,889	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(191,180)		(231,742)	(203,392)		(164,889)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$ 	\$		
District's covered payroll	\$	10,131,943	\$	10,138,222	\$ 9,670,867	\$	9,503,179	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		1.89%		2.29%	2.10%		1.74%	

 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013	 2012	 2011
\$ 155,709	\$ 230,709	\$ 164,656	\$ 142,798	\$ 174,066	\$ 228,248
 (155,709)	(230,709)	(164,656)	 (142,798)	(174,066)	 (228,248)
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
\$ 9,477,429	\$ 9,238,209	\$ 8,921,306	\$ 7,335,853	\$ 7,223,643	\$ 7,537,820
1.64%	2.50%	1.85%	1.95%	2.41%	3.03%

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2020			2019		2018		2017	
Contractually required contribution	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		<u> </u>				<u>-</u>		<u> </u>	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$		
District's covered payroll	\$	31,407,457	\$	30,750,714	\$	30,104,143	\$	28,118,971	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	

 2016	 2015	2014	 2013	 2012	 2011
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 279,199	\$ 284,469	\$ 291,751	\$ 308,779
	 	(279,199)	(284,469)	 (291,751)	 (308,779)
\$ _	\$ 	\$ _	\$ _	\$ 	\$
\$ 27,306,064	\$ 27,781,386	\$ 27,414,577	\$ 28,446,892	\$ 29,175,069	\$ 30,877,946
0.00%	0.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%



NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

PENSION

SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal years 2014-2017. For fiscal year 2018, SERS changed from a fixed 3% annual increase to a Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) based on the changes in the Consumer Price Index (CPI-W), with a cap of 2.5% and a floor of 0%. There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal years 2019-2020.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2014-2016. For fiscal year 2017, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%, (b) payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%, (c) assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%, (d) Rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality among active members was updated to RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females, (f) mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries was updated to the following RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates, (g) mortality among disabled members was updated to RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement and (h) the discount rate was reduced from 7.75% to 7.50%. There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2018-2020.

STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal years 2014-2017. For fiscal year 2018, STRS decreased the Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) to zero. There were no changes in benefit terms from amounts previously reported for fiscal years 2019-2020.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2014-2017. For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumption affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75% to 7.45%, (b) the inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75% to 2.50%, (c) the payroll growth assumption was lowered to 3.00%, (d) total salary increases rate was lowered by decreasing the merit component of the individual salary increases, in addition to a decrease of 0.25% due to lower inflation (e) the healthy and disabled mortality assumptions were updated to the RP-2014 mortality tables with generational improvement scale MP-2016 and (f) rates of retirement, termination and disability were modified to better reflect anticipated future experience. There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2020.

(Continued)

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal years 2017-2020.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2017. For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%, (b) payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%, (c) assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%, (d) rates of withdrawal, retirement, and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality among active members was updated to the following: RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age set-back for both males and females, (f) mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries was updated to the following: RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates, (g) mortality among disabled members was updated to the following: RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement, (h) the municipal bond index rate increased from 2.92% to 3.56% and (i) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation increased from 2.98% to 3.63%. For fiscal year 2019, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate increased from 3.63% to 3.70%, (b) the health care cost trend rates for Medicare were changed from a range of 5.50%-5.00% to a range of 5.375%-4.75% and Pre-Medicare were changed from a range of 7.50%-5.00% to a range of 7.25%-4.75%, (c) the municipal bond index rate increased from 3.56% to 3.62% and (d) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation increased from 3.63% to 3.70%. For fiscal year 2020, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate decreased from 3.70% to 3.22%, (b) the health care cost trend rates for Medicare were changed from a range of 5.375%-4.75% to a range of 5.25%-4.75% and Pre-Medicare were changed from a range of 7.25%-4.75% to a range of 7.00%-4.75%, (c) the municipal bond index rate decreased from 3.62% to 3.13% and (d) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation decreased from 3.70% to 3.22%.

STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2017. For fiscal year 2018, STRS reduced the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients from 2.1% to 1.9% per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 2019. For fiscal year 2019, STRS increased the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients from 1.9% to 1.944% per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased January 1, 2019 and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020. For fiscal year 2020, STRS increase the subsidy percentage from 1.944% to 1.984% effectice January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2017. For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumption affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from 3.26% to 4.13% based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB), (b) the long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75% to 7.45%, (c) valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified, (d) the percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased and (e) the assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal and future health care cost trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs. For fiscal year 2019, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability/asset since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13% to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45% based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB) and (b) decrease in health care cost trend rates from 6.00%-11.00% initial; 4.50% ultimate down to Medical Pre-Medicare 6.00% and Medicare 5.00% initial; 4.00% ultimate and Prescription Drug Pre-Medicare 8.00% and Medicare (5.23%) initial; 4.00% ultimate. For fiscal year 2020, health care cost trend rates were changed to the following: medical pre-medicare from 6.00% initial - 4.00% ultimate down to 5.87% initial - 4.00% ultimate; medical medicare from 5.00% initial - 4.00% ultimate down to 4.93% initial - 4.00% ultimate; prescription drug pre-medicare from 8.00% initial - 4.00% ultimate down to 7.73% initial - 4.00% ultimate and (5.23%) initial - 4.00% ultimate up to 9.62% initial - 4.00% ultimate.

COMBINING STATEMENTS AND INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES	

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FUND DESCRIPTIONS GENERAL FUND

The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. These activities include, but are not limited to, general instruction, pupil services, operation and maintenance of facilities, student transportation, and administration.

Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis):

Rotary - This fund is used to account for the District's activities for which a fee is charged to users for goods and services.

Public School Support - This fund accounts for school site sales projects; field trips, assemblies and other activity costs. These funds have been developed at each school with purpose and policy statements.

Special Trust - Special fund that is used to account for contributions for school district programs that are not restricted in use.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Final Budget		 Actual		Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)	
Rotary						
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	\$	889,134	\$ 445,532	\$	(443,602)	
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		884,904	 621,031		263,873	
Net Change in Fund Balance		4,230	(175,499)		(179,729)	
Fund Balance, July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		224,473 234,904	224,473 234,904		<u>-</u>	
Fund Balance, June 30	\$	463,607	\$ 283,878	\$	(179,729)	
Public School Support						
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	\$	403,546	\$ 394,347	\$	(9,199)	
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		666,532	 359,102		307,430	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(262,986)	35,245		298,231	
Fund Balance, July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		276,554 9,532	 276,554 9,532		<u>-</u>	
Fund Balance, June 30	\$	23,100	\$ 321,331	\$	298,231	
Special Trust						
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	\$	33,028	\$ 23,169	\$	(9,859)	
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		64,465	 30,087		34,378	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(31,437)	(6,918)		24,519	
Fund Balance, July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		14,142 17,295	14,142 17,295		- -	
Fund Balance, June 30	\$		\$ 24,519	\$	24,519	

FUND DESCRIPTIONS MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

Building - This fund is used to account for the receipts and expenditures involved in the construction and replacement of instructional facilities. Expenditures recorded here represent the costs of acquiring and improving capital facilities.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	 Final Budget	 Actual	Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)		
Building					
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	\$ 1,999,988	\$ 4,380,960	\$	2,380,972	
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	 76,797,333	 76,139,256		658,077	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(74,797,345)	(71,758,296)		3,039,049	
Fund Balance, July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	 67,798,282 9,678,904	 67,798,282 9,678,904		- -	
Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 2,679,841	\$ 5,718,890	\$	3,039,049	

FUND DESCRIPTIONS NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

The special revenue funds are established to account for revenues from specific sources, which legally, or otherwise, are restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. A description of the District's special revenue funds are as follows:

Other Grants - This fund accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources except for State and federal grants that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Student Activities - This fund accounts for resources that belong to the student bodies of the various schools, accounting for sales and other revenue generating activities.

Athletics and Music - This fund accounts for gate receipts and other revenues from athletic events and all costs (except supplemental coaching contracts) of the District's athletic programs.

Auxiliary Services - This fund is used to account for monies which provide services and materials to pupils attending non-public schools within the District.

Data Communications - This fund accounts for money appropriated for Ohio Educational Computer Network Connections.

Student Wellness and Success - This fund accounts for a State grant used to support students' academic achievement through mental health counseling, wraparound services, mentoring and after-school programs.

Other State Grants - A miscellaneous fund to account for certain State grants not accounted for in other funds.

Title VI-B - This fund accounts for federal revenues which assist states in the identification of handicapped children and provision of full educational opportunities of handicapped children at the pre-school, elementary and secondary levels.

Title III - Used to account for federal grant monies provided to develop and carry out elementary and secondary school programs, including activities at the preschool level, to meet the educational needs of children of limited English proficiency.

Title I - To provide financial assistance to State and local educational agencies to meet the special needs of educationally deprived children.

EHA Preschool Grant - A federal grant fund that addresses the improvement and expansion of services for handicapped children ages three to five years.

Classroom Reduction - To account for grant monies used for the hiring of additional classroom teachers in grades one through three, so that the number of students per teacher will be reduced.

Other Federal Grants - This fund accounts for various monies received through State agencies from the federal government or directly from the federal government which are not classified elsewhere.

Food Service - To account for monies received and used that are related to the food service operations of the District.

Other Special Revenue - A fund used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, except for State and federal grants, that are legally restricted for specified purposes.

FUND DESCRIPTIONS NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

DEBT SERVICE FUND

The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

The capital projects funds account for the receipts and disbursements of monies used for the acquisition, construction or major renovation of capital facilities (other than those financed by enterprise funds).

Permanent Improvement - The permanent improvement fund may be used for acquiring real estate for school purposes; for constructing, adding to, remodeling and improving school buildings. Such expenditures shall add permanently to the school land or buildings, or extend the useful life of existing buildings for five years or more. The fund may also be used for landscaping and making other school site improvements which have an anticipated useful life of five years or more.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

		Nonmajor cial Revenue Funds		Nonmajor ebt Service Fund		Nonmajor pital Projects Fund		Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
Assets:	·			_				
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	1,128,097	\$	3,035,414	\$	680,226	\$	4,843,737
Receivables:								
Property taxes		-		4,625,594		1,347,490		5,973,084
Intergovernmental		451,721		-		-		451,721
Prepayments		2,154		-		-		2,154
Materials and supplies inventory		1,017		-		-		1,017
inventory field for resale		13,175						13,175
Total assets	\$	1,596,164	\$	7,661,008	\$	2,027,716	\$	11,284,888
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	147,009	\$	-	\$	56,676	\$	203,685
Accrued wages and benefits payable		244,900		-		-		244,900
Compensated absences payable		1,994		-		-		1,994
Intergovernmental payable		3,145		-		-		3,145
Pension and postemployment benefits payable		45,185		-		-		45,185
Due to other funds		195,440				-		195,440
Total liabilities		637,673				56,676		694,349
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year		-		4,254,442		1,227,960		5,482,402
Delinquent property tax revenue not available		-		39,484		13,166		52,650
Intergovernmental revenue not available		127,515						127,515
Total deferred inflows of resources		127,515		4,293,926		1,241,126		5,662,567
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable:								
Materials and supplies inventory		1,017		-		-		1,017
Prepayments		2,154		-		-		2,154
Restricted:								
Debt service		-		3,367,082				3,367,082
Capital improvements		210.242		-		729,914		729,914
Food service operations		219,342		-		-		219,342
Non-public schools		181,131 3,256		-		-		181,131 3,256
Extracurricular activities		324,507		_		_		324,507
Other purposes		149,870		_		_		149,870
Unassigned (deficit)		(50,301)		-		-		(50,301)
Total fund balances		830,976		3,367,082		729,914		4,927,972
		_		_		_		_
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	1,596,164	\$	7,661,008	\$	2,027,716	\$	11,284,888
and rain outdirect	Ψ	1,570,107	Ψ	7,001,000	Ψ	2,027,710	Ψ	11,207,000

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Total

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Nonmajor Debt Service Fund	Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues:				
From local sources:				
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ 4,388,732	\$ 1,268,262	\$ 5,656,994
Earnings on investments	27,881	-	-	27,881
Charges for services	1,116,264	-	-	1,116,264
Extracurricular	380,369	-	-	380,369
Classroom materials and fees	3,260	-	-	3,260
Other local revenues	375,789	-	29,930	405,719
Intergovernmental - intermediate	-	318	-	318
Intergovernmental - state	2,311,399	34,437	160,290	2,506,126
Intergovernmental - federal	1,833,115			1,833,115
Total revenues	6,048,077	4,423,487	1,458,482	11,930,046
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	1,752,817	-	135,375	1,888,192
Special	836,734	-	-	836,734
Other	10,800	-	-	10,800
Support services:				
Pupil	891,316	-	_	891,316
Instructional staff	107,575	-	_	107,575
Administration	130,423	-	_	130,423
Fiscal	-	117,051	19,185	136,236
Operations and maintenance	48,093	-	-	48,093
Pupil transportation	15,363	_	13,300	28,663
Operation of non-instructional services:	,		,	
Food service operations	1,501,995	_	_	1,501,995
Other non-instructional services	256,921	_	_	256,921
Extracurricular activities	476,522	_	_	476,522
Facilities acquisition and construction		_	884,665	884,665
Debt service:	_		004,003	004,003
Principal retirement	_	2,225,000	_	2,225,000
Interest and fiscal charges.	_	3,536,101	_	3,536,101
Total expenditures	6,028,559	5,878,152	1,052,525	12,959,236
Total expenditures	0,020,337	3,070,132	1,032,323	12,737,230
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)				
expenditures	19,518	(1,454,665)	405,957	(1,029,190)
Other financing sources:				
Transfers in	8,800	1,295,000	-	1,303,800
Total other financing sources	8,800	1,295,000		1,303,800
Net change in fund balances	28,318	(159,665)	405,957	274,610
Fund balances at beginning of year (restated).	802,658	3,526,747	323,957	4,653,362
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 830,976	\$ 3,367,082	\$ 729,914	\$ 4,927,972

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	Other Grants			Student Activities		Athletics and Music		Auxiliary Services		itle VI-B
Assets:										
Equity in pooled cash										
and investments	\$	139,017	\$	113,847	\$	220,170	\$	279,870	\$	-
Receivables:										
Intergovernmental		-		_		_		_		368,553
Prepayments		_		_		13		_		1,026
Materials and supplies inventory		_		_		_		_		-
Inventory held for resale		_		_		_		_		_
						<u>.</u>				
Total assets	\$	139,017	\$	113,847	\$	220,183	\$	279,870	\$	369,579
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	_	\$	_	\$	7,110	\$	98,596	\$	32
Accrued wages and benefits payable		_		_		2,250		_		118,985
Compensated absences payable		_		_		-		_		_
Intergovernmental payable		300		_		32		_		1,620
Pension and postemployment benefits payable		_		_		118		143		18,866
Due to other funds		_		_		-		-		153,887
Due to other runds										133,007
Total liabilities		300				9,510		98,739		293,390
Deferred inflows of resources:										
										110.957
Intergovernmental revenue not available								<u>-</u>		110,857
Total deferred inflows of resources										110,857
Fund balances:										
Nonspendable:										
Materials and supplies inventory		-		-		-		-		-
Prepayments		-		-		13		-		1,026
Restricted:										
Food service operations		-		-		-		-		-
Non-public schools		-		-		-		181,131		-
Targeted academic assistance		-				_		-		-
Extracurricular activities		-		113,847		210,660		-		-
Other purposes		138,717		-		-		-		-
Unassigned (deficit)										(35,694)
Total fund balances (deficits)		138,717		113,847		210,673		181,131		(34,668)
T . 1 . 1										
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources	¢	120.017	¢	112 047	¢	220 192	¢	270 970	¢	260.570
and fund balances	\$	139,017	\$	113,847	D	220,183	\$	279,870	\$	369,579

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COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2020

	Title III		Title I		EHA Preschool Grant		Classroom Reduction		Other Federal Grants	
Assets:										
Equity in pooled cash										
and investments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Receivables:										
Intergovernmental		123		50,416		2,898		15,203		14,528
Prepayments		-		230		_		5		_
Materials and supplies inventory		_		_		-		_		_
Inventory held for resale										
Total assets	\$	123	\$	50,646	\$	2,898	\$	15,208	\$	14,528
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,080
Accrued wages and benefits payable		-		24,619		3,166		258		_
Compensated absences payable		_		_		_		-		_
Intergovernmental payable		_		275		35		4		_
Pension and postemployment benefits payable		_		3,307		443		37		_
Due to other funds				23,204		1,825		8,680		7,844
Total liabilities				51,405		5,469		8,979		11,924
Deferred inflows of resources:										
Intergovernmental revenue not available		123		11,047				2,968		2,520
Total deferred inflows of resources		123		11,047				2,968		2,520
Fund balances:										
Nonspendable:										
Materials and supplies inventory		-		-		-		-		-
Prepayments		-		230		-		5		-
Food service operations		_		_		_		_		_
Non-public schools		_		_		_		_		_
Targeted academic assistance		_		_		_		3,256		_
Extracurricular activities		_		_		_		-		_
Other purposes		_		_		_		_		84
Unassigned (deficit)				(12,036)		(2,571)				
Total fund balances (deficits)				(11,806)		(2,571)		3,261		84
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources										
and fund balances	\$		\$	50,646	\$	2,898	\$	15,208	\$	14,528

 Food Service	\$ Other Special Levenue		Total Nonmajor cial Revenue Funds
\$ 364,124	\$ 11,069	\$	1,128,097
_	_		451,721
880	-		2,154
1,017	-		1,017
13,175	-		13,175
\$ 379,196	\$ 11,069	\$	1,596,164
\$ 37,191	\$ -	\$	147,009
95,622	-		244,900
1,994	-		1,994
879	-		3,145
22,271	-		45,185
 	 		195,440
 157,957	_		637,673
 			127,515
 	 		127,515
1,017	_		1,017
880	-		2,154
219,342	-		219,342
-	-		181,131
-	-		3,256
-	11.000		324,507
-	11,069		149,870
 	 	-	(50,301)
 221,239	11,069		830,976
\$ 379,196	\$ 11,069	\$	1,596,164

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Other Grants	Student Activities	Athletics and Music	Auxiliary Services	Data Communications	
Revenues:						
From local sources:						
Earnings on investments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 15,196	\$ -	
Charges for services	-	-	-	-	-	
Extracurricular	-	57,781	322,588	-	-	
Classroom materials and fees	-	-	3,260	-	-	
Other local revenues	76,472	675	82,323	-	-	
Intergovernmental - state	-	-	-	2,111,898	10,800	
Intergovernmental - federal						
Total revenues	76,472	58,456	408,171	2,127,094	10,800	
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular	43,412	2,849	_	1,704,718	-	
Special	-	-	-	-	_	
Other	-	-	-	-	10,800	
Support services:						
Pupil	1,929	_	-	261,827	-	
Instructional staff	15,329	_	-	· -	-	
Administration	2,731	_	_	56,010	_	
Operations and maintenance	-	-	_		_	
Pupil transportation	-	-	-	-	-	
Operation of non-instructional services:						
Food service operations	-	-	-	-	-	
Other non-instructional services	-	-	-	-	-	
Extracurricular activities	3,053	52,953	420,516	-	-	
Total expenditures	66,454	55,802	420,516	2,022,555	10,800	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	10.018	2,654	(12,345)	104,539	-	
			(==,= :=)			
Other financing sources:						
Transfers in			8,800			
Total other financing sources			8,800			
Net change in fund balances	10,018	2,654	(3,545)	104,539	-	
Fund balances (deficits)						
at beginning of year (restated)	128,699	111,193	214,218	76,592		
Fund balances (deficits) at end of year	\$ 138,717	\$ 113,847	\$ 210,673	\$ 181,131	\$ -	

W	ellness Success	9	Other State Frants	Tit	le VI-B	Title III		Title I		EHA Preschool Grant		assroom eduction	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	126,374		60,442		_		- -		_		-		_
	-		-		1,287,558		6,438		202,932		19,335		62,720
	126,374		60,442		1,287,558		6,438		202,932		19,335		62,720
	_		_		_		1,838		_		_		_
	_		_		638,229		-		178,508		19,997		_
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	126,374		51		490,475		-		-		-		-
	-		-		42,280		50		2,580		241		43,955
	-		45.050		71,682		-		-		-		-
	-		45,079 15,363		-		-		-		-		-
	-		15,505		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		18,733		4,231		5,788		-		15,156
	126,374		60,493		1,261,399		6,119		186,876		20,238		59,111
	-		(51)		26,159		319		16,056		(903)		3,609
	-		(51)		26,159		319		16,056		(903)		3,609
	_		51		(60,827)		(319)		(27,862)		(1,668)		(348)
\$	-	\$	-	\$	(34,668)	\$	-	\$	(11,806)	\$	(2,571)	\$	3,261

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COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Other Federal Grants	Food Service	Other Special Revenue	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
Revenues:				
From local sources:				
Earnings on investments	\$ -	\$ 12,685	\$ -	\$ 27,881
Charges for services	-	1,116,264	-	1,116,264
Extracurricular	-	-	-	380,369
Classroom materials and fees	-	-	-	3,260
Other local revenues	-	-	216,319	375,789
Intergovernmental - state	-	1,885	-	2,311,399
Intergovernmental - federal	18,253	235,879	-	1,833,115
Total revenues	18,253	1,366,713	216,319	6,048,077
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	-	-	-	1,752,817
Special	-	-	-	836,734
Other	-	-	-	10,800
Support services:				
Pupil	10,660	-	-	891,316
Instructional staff	3,140	-	-	107,575
Administration	-	-	-	130,423
Operations and maintenance	-	3,014	-	48,093
Pupil transportation	-	-	-	15,363
Operation of non-instructional services:				
Food service operations	-	1,501,995	-	1,501,995
Other non-instructional services	4,369	-	208,644	256,921
Extracurricular activities				476,522
Total expenditures	18,169	1,505,009	208,644	6,028,559
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	84	(138,296)	7,675	19,518
Other financing sources:				
Transfers in	_	_	-	8,800
Total other financing sources			-	8,800
Net change in fund balances	84	(138,296)	7,675	28,318
Fund balances (deficits)				
at beginning of year (restated)		359,535	3,394	802,658
Fund balances (deficits) at end of year	\$ 84	\$ 221,239	\$ 11,069	\$ 830,976

	Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)		
Other Grants						
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	\$	159,544	\$ 76,472	\$	(83,072)	
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		178,290	 74,013		104,277	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(18,746)	2,459		21,205	
Fund Balance, July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		121,734 7,215	 121,734 7,215		- -	
Fund Balance, June 30	\$	110,203	\$ 131,408	\$	21,205	
Student Activities						
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	\$	175,283	\$ 58,456	\$	(116,827)	
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		135,300	 59,136		76,164	
Net Change in Fund Balance		39,983	(680)		(40,663)	
Fund Balance, July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		110,900 300	 110,900 300		-	
Fund Balance, June 30	\$	151,183	\$ 110,520	\$	(40,663)	
Athletics and Music						
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	\$	597,604	\$ 417,146	\$	(180,458)	
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		601,139	 428,060		173,079	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(3,535)	(10,914)		(7,379)	
Fund Balance, July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		219,651 1,139	 219,651 1,139		-	
Fund Balance, June 30	\$	217,255	\$ 209,876	\$	(7,379)	

	Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)	
Auxiliary Services						
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	\$	2,682,350	\$	2,127,535	\$	(554,815)
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		2,246,136		2,103,491		142,645
Net Change in Fund Balance		436,214		24,044		(412,170)
Fund Balance, July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		6,705 112,136		6,705 112,136		- -
Fund Balance, June 30	\$	555,055	\$	142,885	\$	(412,170)
Data Communications						
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	\$	10,800	\$	10,800	\$	-
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		10,800		10,800		
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		-		-
Fund Balance, July 1		<u>-</u> _				
Fund Balance, June 30	\$		\$		\$	
Student Wellness & Success						
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	\$	127,000	\$	126,374	\$	(626)
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		126,374		126,374		-
Net Change in Fund Balance		626		-		(626)
Fund Balance, July 1						
Fund Balance, June 30	\$	626	\$		\$	(626)

	Final Budget			Actual	Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)		
Other State Grants							
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	\$	119,737	\$	63,165	\$	(56,572)	
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		60,442		60,442			
Net Change in Fund Balance		59,295		2,723		(56,572)	
Fund Balance (Deficit), July 1		(2,723)		(2,723)			
Fund Balance, June 30	\$	56,572	\$		\$	(56,572)	
<u>Title VI-B</u>							
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	\$	1,729,064	\$	1,230,731	\$	(498,333)	
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		1,284,045		1,371,425		(87,380)	
Net Change in Fund Balance		445,019		(140,694)		(585,713)	
Fund Balance (Deficit), July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		(190,934) 87,380		(190,934) 87,380		- -	
Fund Balance (Deficit), June 30	\$	341,465	\$	(244,248)	\$	(585,713)	
<u>Title III</u>							
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	\$	14,880	\$	7,792	\$	(7,088)	
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		913		6,438		(5,525)	
Net Change in Fund Balance		13,967		1,354		(12,613)	
Fund Balance (Deficit), July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		(6,880) 5,526		(6,880) 5,526		- -	
Fund Balance, June 30	\$	12,613	\$		\$	(12,613)	

	Final Budget		 Actual		Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)	
Title I						
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	\$	281,418	\$ 190,208	\$	(91,210)	
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		199,845	 199,845			
Net Change in Fund Balance		81,573	(9,637)		(91,210)	
Fund Balance (Deficit), July 1		(13,567)	(13,567)			
Fund Balance (Deficit), June 30	\$	68,006	\$ (23,204)	\$	(91,210)	
EHA Preschool Grant						
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	\$	35,065	\$ 18,996	\$	(16,069)	
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		19,542	19,541		1	
Net Change in Fund Balance		15,523	(545)		(16,068)	
Fund Balance (Deficit), July 1		(1,280)	 (1,280)			
Fund Balance (Deficit), June 30	\$	14,243	\$ (1,825)	\$	(16,068)	
<u>Classroom Reduction</u>						
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	\$	126,275	\$ 65,331	\$	(60,944)	
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		65,626	 65,624		2	
Net Change in Fund Balance		60,649	(293)		(60,942)	
Fund Balance (Deficit), July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		(21,379) 6,724	 (21,379) 6,724		<u>-</u>	
Fund Balance (Deficit), June 30	\$	45,994	\$ (14,948)	\$	(60,942)	

	 Final Budget	 Actual	Fin	riance with al Budget- Positive Negative)
Other Federal Grants				
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	\$ 33,377	\$ 6,805	\$	(26,572)
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	 25,717	 25,717		
Net Change in Fund Balance	7,660	(18,912)		(26,572)
Fund Balance (Deficit), July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	 (1,377) 1,377	(1,377) 1,377		- -
Fund Balance (Deficit), June 30	\$ 7,660	\$ (18,912)	\$	(26,572)
Food Service				
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	\$ 1,850,266	\$ 1,283,987	\$	(566,279)
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	 1,700,634	 1,417,246		283,388
Net Change in Fund Balance	149,632	(133,259)		(282,891)
Fund Balance, July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	 459,525 634	459,525 634		- -
Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 609,791	\$ 326,900	\$	(282,891)
Other Special Revenue				
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	\$ 215,906	\$ 216,319	\$	413
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	 220,550	 211,657		8,893
Net Change in Fund Balance	(4,644)	4,662		9,306
Fund Balance, July 1	 4,644	 4,644		
Fund Balance, June 30	\$ -	\$ 9,306	\$	9,306

	 Final Budget	Actual	Fi	riance with nal Budget- Positive Negative)
Debt Service				
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	\$ 4,837,802	\$ 5,905,571	\$	1,067,769
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	 7,000,000	 5,879,652		1,120,348
Net Change in Fund Balance	(2,162,198)	25,919		2,188,117
Fund Balance, July 1	 3,009,495	 3,009,495		<u>-</u>
Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 847,297	\$ 3,035,414	\$	2,188,117
Permanent Improvement				
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	\$ 1,944,891	\$ 1,916,641	\$	(28,250)
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	 2,167,747	 1,744,321		423,426
Net Change in Fund Balance	(222,856)	172,320		395,176
Fund Balance, July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	 305,109 17,747	305,109 17,747		- -
Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 100,000	\$ 495,176	\$	395,176

FUND DESCRIPTIONS

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUND

The enterprise fund is used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is approriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The District's major enterprise fund is the community education fund which accounts for all the financial activities related to the community education and recreation center operations.

INTERNAL SERVICE FUND

The internal service fund is used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the District, on a cost-reimbursement basis. The internal service fund accounts for operations of the District's self-insurance program for medical and dental benefits.

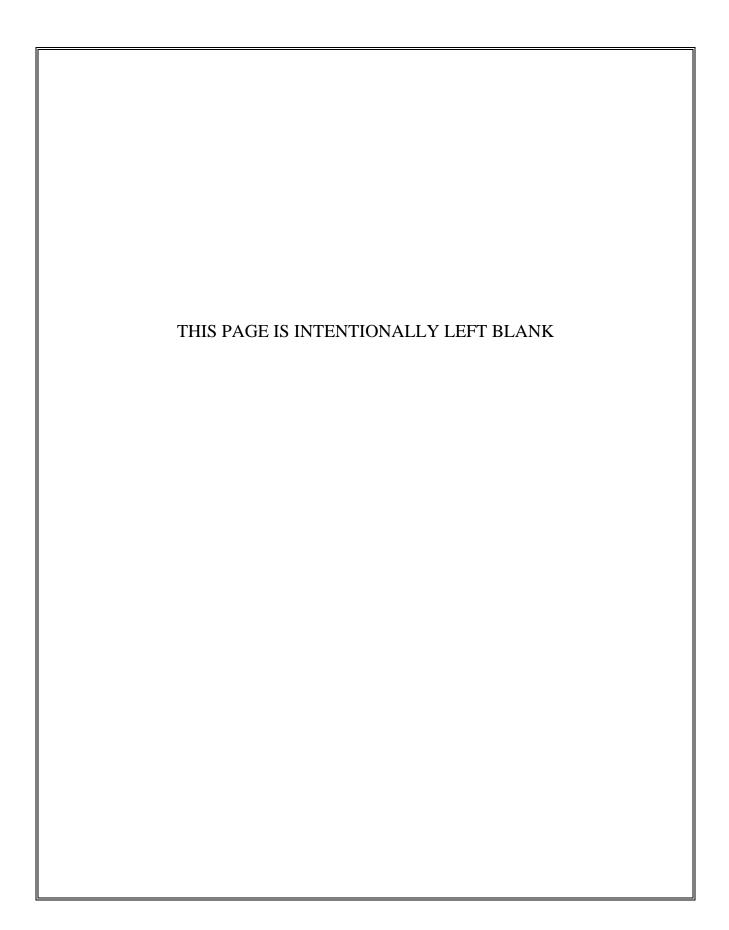
	Final Budget	Actual	Fi	ariance with nal Budget- Positive (Negative)
Community Education				
Total Revenues	\$ 2,160,128	\$ 1,105,862	\$	(1,054,266)
Total Expenses	 2,343,657	 1,540,414		803,243
Net Change in Fund Balance	(183,529)	(434,552)		(251,023)
Fund Balance, July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	866,116 443,657	 866,116 443,657		-
Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 1,126,244	\$ 875,221	\$	(251,023)
Self-Insurance				
Total Revenues	\$ 12,727,211	\$ 11,161,857	\$	(1,565,354)
Total Expenses	 12,624,980	 11,179,547		1,445,433
Net Change in Fund Balance	102,231	(17,690)		(119,921)
Fund Balance, July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	 852,189 624,980	852,189 624,980		- -
Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 1,579,400	\$ 1,459,479	\$	(119,921)

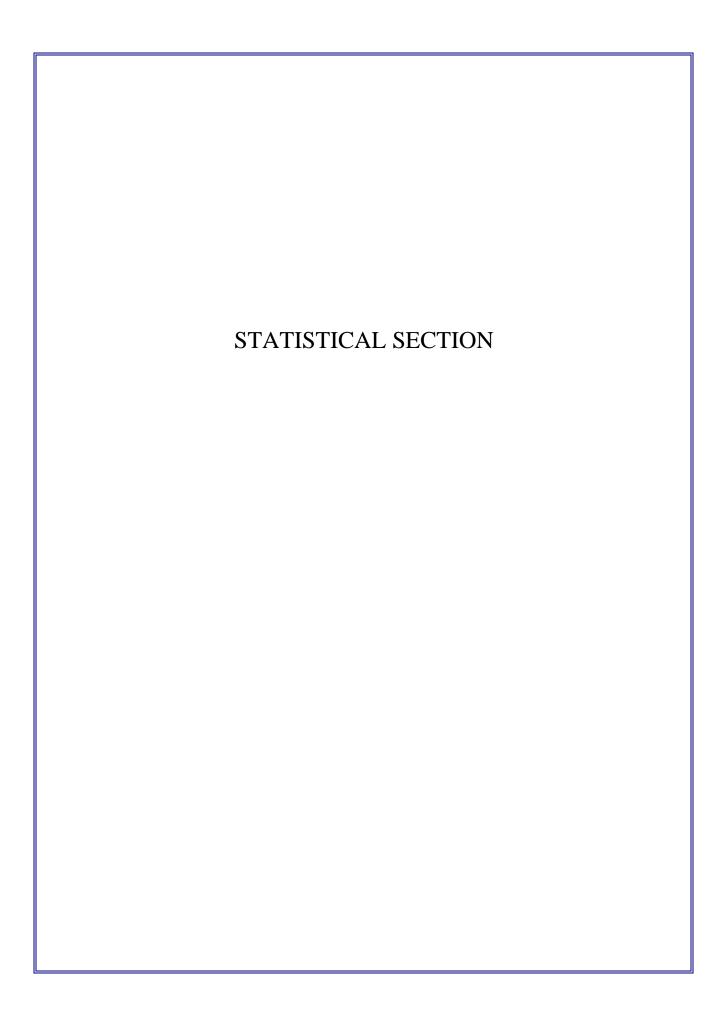
FUND DESCRIPTIONS FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the District on behalf of individuals, private organizations, or other governments, and therefore are not available to support the District's own operations.

CUSTODIAL FUND

Six District Educational Compact - To account for the activity of the Six District Educational Compact for which the District is the fiscal agent.





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STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the Hudson City School District's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the District's overall financial health.

<u>Contents</u>	Page
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the District's financial performance and wellbeing have changed over time.	S2 - S13
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the District's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	S14 - S19
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the District's current levels of outstanding debt and the District's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	S20 - S23
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the District's financial activities take place.	S24 - S25
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the District's financial report relates to the services the District provides and the activities it performs.	S26 - S33

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year. Sources are noted on the individual schedules.

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2020		2019 (c)		2018	2017 (b)	2016
Governmental activities							
Net investment in capital assets	\$	43,815,206	\$ 41,081,236	\$	39,999,721	\$ 40,576,526	\$ 39,524,689
Restricted		12,357,052	11,518,481		7,341,961	1,694,486	2,167,394
Unrestricted (deficit)		(49,063,660)	(44,590,023)		(51,832,286)	(83,956,110)	(57,583,840)
Total governmental activities net position	\$	7,108,598	\$ 8,009,694	\$	(4,490,604)	\$ (41,685,098)	\$ (15,891,757)
							
Business-type activities							
Unrestricted (deficit)	\$	(473,816)	\$ (45,027)	\$	(8,623)	\$ (270,350)	\$ 114,896
Total business-type activities net position	\$	(473,816)	\$ (45,027)	\$	(8,623)	\$ (270,350)	\$ 114,896
Primary government							
Net investment in capital assets	\$	43,815,206	\$ 41,081,236	\$	39,999,721	\$ 40,576,526	\$ 39,524,689
Restricted		12,357,052	11,518,481		7,341,961	1,694,486	2,167,394
Unrestricted (deficit)		(49,537,476)	(44,635,050)		(51,840,909)	(84,226,460)	(57,468,944)
Total primary government net position	\$	6,634,782	\$ 7,964,667	\$	(4,499,227)	\$ (41,955,448)	\$ (15,776,861)

Source: School District financial records.

⁽a) The District implemented GASB Statement No. 68 in 2015 which had the effect of restating 2014 net position.

⁽b) The District implemented GASB Statement No. 75 in 2018 which had the effect of restating 2017 net position.

⁽c) The District implemented GASB Statement No. 84 in 2020 which had the effect of restating 2019 net position.

	2015		2014 (a)		2013		2012		2011
\$	38,781,982	\$	36,460,488	\$	33,552,876	\$	23,427,664	\$	22,009,927
Ψ	2,510,271	Ψ	3,842,694	Ψ	4,604,254	Ψ	6,910,143	Ψ	6,330,508
	(62,406,391)		(69,963,967)		10,365,649		10,747,276		9,465,979
ф.		ф.		Ф.		-		Ф.	
\$	(21,114,138)	\$	(29,660,785)	\$	48,522,779	\$	41,085,083	\$	37,806,414
\$	17,732	\$	(87,398)	\$	734,376	\$	614,762	\$	469,428
\$	17,732	\$	(87,398)	\$	734,376	\$	614,762	\$	469,428
Ф	20.701.002	Ф	26 460 400	Φ.	22.552.056	ф	00 407 664	Ф	22 000 027
\$	38,781,982	\$	36,460,488	\$	33,552,876	\$	23,427,664	\$	22,009,927
	2,510,271		3,842,694		4,604,254		6,910,143		6,330,508
	(62,388,659)		(70,051,365)		11,100,025		11,362,038		9,935,407
\$	(21,096,406)	\$	(29,748,183)	\$	49,257,155	\$	41,699,845	\$	38,275,842

CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2020		2019	2018	2017	2016
Expenses	_			 	 	
Governmental activities:						
Instruction:						
Regular	\$	34,009,196	\$ 27,725,631	\$ 14,523,016	\$ 30,223,535	\$ 28,113,267
Special		11,860,105	8,549,067	4,090,861	10,092,995	8,951,438
Vocational		356,923	329,507	181,299	369,409	283,061
Other		1,427,557	1,605,879	1,578,566	1,261,399	1,285,813
Support services:						
Pupil		5,338,291	4,643,823	2,678,981	4,996,693	4,853,110
Instructional staff		2,514,585	2,145,863	1,086,954	2,293,445	2,224,870
Board of education		83,586	56,997	145,139	78,835	38,520
Administration		4,734,030	3,530,486	1,111,112	4,414,001	3,927,626
Fiscal		1,616,905	1,977,521	931,623	1,411,686	1,410,351
Business		710,630	525,670	219,975	663,107	622,463
Operations and maintenance		5,783,679	5,340,037	3,861,761	5,786,325	5,382,831
Pupil transportation		4,140,849	4,409,145	4,200,710	3,890,981	3,786,842
Central		562,919	517,371	313,408	568,679	560,192
Operation of non-instructional services:						
Food service operations		1,505,827	1,464,407	1,008,011	1,615,311	1,417,360
Other non-instructional services		274,182	62,834	39,015	50,180	29,891
Extracurricular activities		2,180,885	2,024,703	1,250,184	1,978,779	1,839,597
Interest on long-term debt		3,558,414	3,700,893	 2,257,648	 766,121	 797,635
Total governmental activities expenses		80,658,563	 68,609,834	 39,478,263	 70,461,481	 65,524,867
Business-type activities:						
Community education		1,242,780	1,522,741	1,318,933	1,467,886	1,366,536
Total business-type activities expenses		1,242,780	1,522,741	1,318,933	1,467,886	1,366,536
Total primary government expenses	\$	81,901,343	\$ 70,132,575	\$ 40,797,196	\$ 71,929,367	\$ 66,891,403

2015	 2014	2013		2012	 2011
\$ 27,692,555	\$ 28,005,316	\$	28,142,699	\$ 27,296,776	\$ 29,603,309
8,739,661	8,800,972		6,518,659	6,198,419	7,012,389
288,761	290,652		265,708	263,974	380,359
1,290,104	1,283,858		1,211,810	1,327,522	1,395,007
4,516,471	4,681,004		4,959,355	5,029,365	4,660,098
1,995,041	1,772,770		4,475,298	4,744,431	5,055,553
70,122	41,731		44,337	48,947	34,423
3,789,299	4,059,710		4,294,431	4,201,741	4,140,062
1,198,288	1,627,077		2,029,663	1,488,463	1,472,350
593,218	320,399		599,758	583,773	562,450
5,363,794	5,076,162		5,820,731	4,758,948	5,715,952
3,898,262	3,281,271		4,122,142	3,818,376	3,052,413
565,003	642,675		495,129	422,134	456,023
1,374,636	1,423,600		1,489,944	1,485,582	1,562,149
18,097	19,033		22,872	16,603	41,313
1,707,800	1,672,664		1,408,146	1,287,632	1,386,725
842,430	885,321		1,579,616	1,377,679	1,585,230
63,943,542	63,884,215		67,480,298	64,350,365	68,115,805
				4 40 4 = 5 -	==.
1,315,393	 1,345,070		1,216,037	 1,196,799	 1,173,451
1,315,393	 1,345,070		1,216,037	 1,196,799	 1,173,451
\$ 65,258,935	\$ 65,229,285	\$	68,696,335	\$ 65,547,164	\$ 69,289,256

^{- -} Continued

CHANGES IN NET POSITION - (Continued) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

Program Revenues		2020		2019		2018		2017	2016	
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:										
Instruction:										
Regular	\$	1,178,066	\$	1,270,368	\$	1,177,962	\$	998,820	\$	1,026,119
Special		135,903		72,133		50,544		33,694		68,808
Vocational		5,268		-		-		6,095		10,466
Other		8,077		8,606		12,258		8,207		13,509
Support services:										
Pupil		133,129		134,784		207,697		248,149		188,906
Instructional staff		8,034		7,643		13,244		11,872		31,707
Administration		1,837		_		-		-		_
Business		-		_		-		-		-
Operations and maintenance		18,951		14,710		17,703		22,785		9,640
Pupil transportation		, -		· -		-		-		-
Operation of non-instructional services:										
Food service operations		1,116,264		1,362,879		1,295,372		1,262,575		1,206,111
Other non-instructional services		4,109		15,149		3,650		3,258		4,939
Extracurricular activities		533,386		720,255		797,509		698,237		688,980
Operating grants and contributions:		222,200		, 20,200		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		0,0,20,		000,>00
Instruction:										
Regular		1,843,130		1,750,299		1,736,959		2,048,298		1,972,255
Special		2,150,005		2,081,087		2,133,439		1,896,391		2,010,468
Vocational		30,435		30,590		29,481		29,713		31,033
Other		10,800		10,800		10,800		10,800		10,800
Support services:		10,000		10,000		10,000		10,000		10,000
Pupil		919,916		939,506		786,571		920,434		815,137
Instructional staff		103,164		154,185		64,770		51,206		98,975
Administration		135,828		178,841		187,698		181,419		181,611
		45,041		1/0,041		2,961		161,419		101,011
Operations and maintenance				-		2,901		-		-
Pupil transportation Central		15,350		-		-		-		-
		-		-		-		610		-
Operation of non-instructional services:		250 440		270.700		240,000		247.247		226 202
Food service operations		250,449		270,780		249,998		247,247		226,392
Other non-instructional services		259,427		48,941		29,045		23,154		12,534
Extracurricular activities		79,986		154,007		72,836		31,911		33,169
Capital grants and contributions:										
Instruction:				= 400				= 00.4		0.445
Regular		4,130		7,488		6,867		7,884		8,445
Extracurricular activities		25,800		26,700		67,078		62,721		28,250
Total governmental program revenues		9,016,485		9,259,751		8,954,442		8,805,480		8,678,254
Business-type activities:										
Charges for services		985,309		1,593,018		1,492,116		1,443,154		1,415,488
Total business-type activities program revenues		985,309		1,593,018		1,492,116		1,443,154		1,415,488
Total primary government program revenue	\$	10,001,794	\$	10,852,769	\$	10,446,558	\$	10,248,634	\$	10,093,742
Net (Expense)/Revenue										
Governmental activities	\$	(71,642,078)	\$	(59,350,083)	\$	(30,523,821)	\$	(61,656,001)	\$	(56,846,613)
Business-type activities	Ψ	(257,471)	Ψ	70,277	Ψ	173,183	Ψ	(24,732)	Ψ	48,952
Total primary government net expense	\$	(71,899,549)	\$	(59,279,806)	\$	(30,350,638)	\$	(61,680,733)	\$	(56,797,661)
Total primary government net expense	Ψ	(11,077,547)	Ψ	(57,217,000)	Ψ	(50,550,050)	Ψ	(01,000,733)	Ψ	(55,777,001)

\$ 882,386 \$ 888,626 \$ 798,724 \$ 330,894 \$ 316,116 60,560 141,314 141,021 116,880 743 1,007 5,025 855 568 25,825 6,697 9,339 8,847 7,812 14,886 183,095 217,724 257,276 243,287 264,389 24,205 43,048 35,663 35,307 34,140	 2015	 2014	 2013	 2012	 2011
60,560 141,314 141,021 116,880 743 1,007 5,025 855 568 25,825 6,697 9,339 8,847 7,812 14,886 183,095 217,724 257,276 243,287 264,389 24,205 43,048 35,663 35,307 34,140 - - - - - - - - - - - - - 10,052 3.960 9,646 11,608 18,930 - - - - - 766 1,460 1,201,321 1,203,971 1,276,922 1,285,541 1,373,250 4,573 6,582 8,279 6,314 6,893 713,817 713,453 579,007 896,877 703,439 2,093,950 1,838,264 1,763,997 1,719,629 2,429,755 1,931,359 2,406,823 789,698 576,943 1,030,356 34,774 42,573 31,019 31,019 <td< th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></td<>					
1,007 5,025 855 568 25,825 6,697 9,339 8,847 7,812 14,886 183,095 217,724 257,276 243,287 264,389 24,205 43,048 35,663 35,307 34,140 - - - - - 85 10,052 3,960 9,646 11,608 18,930 - - - 766 1,460 1,201,321 1,203,971 1,276,922 1,285,541 1,373,250 4,573 6,582 8,279 6,314 6,893 713,817 713,453 579,007 896,877 703,439 2,093,950 1,838,264 1,763,997 1,719,629 2,429,755 1,931,359 2,406,823 789,698 576,943 1,030,356 34,774 42,573 31,019 31,019 31,019 10,800 10,800 10,800 31,239 673,613 820,753 705,350 688,718	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
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2.093,950 1,838,264 1,763,997 1,719,629 2,429,755 1,931,359 2,406,823 789,698 576,943 1,030,356 34,774 42,573 31,019 31,019 31,019 10,800 10,800 10,800 10,800 31,239 673,613 820,753 705,350 688,718 712,165 99,498 99,534 278,238 316,312 563,627 168,967 173,782 227,220 323,655 371,120 40,369 - - 25,068 438,013 - - - 226,068 438,013 - - - 225,068 438,013 - - - - 5,000 226,121 186,608 231,386 207,699 224,050 5,953 4,443 11,061 10,602 37,502 39,188 20,828 42,312 45,651 35,655 46,474 36,645 25,566 35,181	4,573				
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1,931,359 2,406,823 789,698 576,943 1,030,356 34,774 42,573 31,019 31,019 31,019 10,800 10,800 10,800 10,800 31,239 673,613 820,753 705,350 688,718 712,165 99,498 99,534 278,238 316,312 563,627 168,967 173,782 227,220 323,655 371,120 40,369 - - 25,068 438,013 - - - 292,609 - - - 292,609 - - - 5,000 226,121 186,608 231,386 207,699 224,050 5,953 4,443 11,061 10,602 37,502 39,188 20,828 42,312 45,651 35,655 46,474 36,645 25,566 35,181 46,931 208,617 1,168,836 6,034,097 - - - 8,667,396 10,042,931 13,266,984 6,927,131 9,009,197 1,369,879 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
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168,967 173,782 227,220 323,655 371,120 40,369 - - 25,068 438,013 - - - - 292,609 - - - - 5,000 226,121 186,608 231,386 207,699 224,050 5,953 4,443 11,061 10,602 37,502 39,188 20,828 42,312 45,651 35,655 46,474 36,645 25,566 35,181 46,931 208,617 1,168,836 6,034,097 - - - 8,667,396 10,042,931 13,266,984 6,927,131 9,009,197 1,369,879 1,402,122 1,291,244 1,342,133 1,244,446 1,369,879 1,402,122 1,291,244 1,342,133 1,244,446 \$ 10,037,275 \$ 11,445,053 \$ 14,558,228 \$ 8,269,264 \$ 10,253,643 \$ (55,276,146) \$ (53,841,284) \$ (54,213,314) \$ (57,423,234) \$ (59,106,608) 54,486 57,052 75,207 145,334 70,995 <td>673,613</td> <td>820,753</td> <td>705,350</td> <td>688,718</td> <td>712,165</td>	673,613	820,753	705,350	688,718	712,165
40,369 - - 25,068 438,013 - - - - 292,609 - - - - 5,000 226,121 186,608 231,386 207,699 224,050 5,953 4,443 11,061 10,602 37,502 39,188 20,828 42,312 45,651 35,655 46,474 36,645 25,566 35,181 46,931 208,617 1,168,836 6,034,097 - - - 8,667,396 10,042,931 13,266,984 6,927,131 9,009,197 1,369,879 1,402,122 1,291,244 1,342,133 1,244,446 1,369,879 1,402,122 1,291,244 1,342,133 1,244,446 \$ 10,037,275 \$ 11,445,053 \$ 14,558,228 \$ 8,269,264 \$ 10,253,643 \$ (55,276,146) \$ (53,841,284) \$ (54,213,314) \$ (57,423,234) \$ (59,106,608) 54,486 57,052 75,207 145,334 70,995		99,534	278,238	316,312	
- - - - 292,609 5,000 5,000 5,000 226,121 186,608 231,386 207,699 224,050 5,953 4,443 11,061 10,602 37,502 39,188 20,828 42,312 45,651 35,655 46,474 36,645 25,566 35,181 46,931 208,617 1,168,836 6,034,097 - - 8,667,396 10,042,931 13,266,984 6,927,131 9,009,197 1,369,879 1,402,122 1,291,244 1,342,133 1,244,446 1,369,879 1,402,122 1,291,244 1,342,133 1,244,446 \$ 10,037,275 \$ 11,445,053 \$ 14,558,228 \$ 8,269,264 \$ 10,253,643 \$ (55,276,146) \$ (53,841,284) \$ (54,213,314) \$ (57,423,234) \$ (59,106,608) 54,486 57,052 75,207 145,334 70,995		173,782	227,220	323,655	371,120
- - - - 5,000 226,121 186,608 231,386 207,699 224,050 5,953 4,443 11,061 10,602 37,502 39,188 20,828 42,312 45,651 35,655 46,474 36,645 25,566 35,181 46,931 208,617 1,168,836 6,034,097 - - 8,667,396 10,042,931 13,266,984 6,927,131 9,009,197 1,369,879 1,402,122 1,291,244 1,342,133 1,244,446 1,369,879 1,402,122 1,291,244 1,342,133 1,244,446 \$ 10,037,275 \$ 11,445,053 \$ 14,558,228 \$ 8,269,264 \$ 10,253,643 \$ (55,276,146) \$ (53,841,284) \$ (54,213,314) \$ (57,423,234) \$ (59,106,608) 54,486 57,052 75,207 145,334 70,995	40,369	-	-	25,068	
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39,188 20,828 42,312 45,651 35,655 46,474 36,645 25,566 35,181 46,931 208,617 1,168,836 6,034,097 - - 8,667,396 10,042,931 13,266,984 6,927,131 9,009,197 1,369,879 1,402,122 1,291,244 1,342,133 1,244,446 1,369,879 1,402,122 1,291,244 1,342,133 1,244,446 \$ 10,037,275 \$ 11,445,053 \$ 14,558,228 \$ 8,269,264 \$ 10,253,643 \$ (55,276,146) \$ (53,841,284) \$ (54,213,314) \$ (57,423,234) \$ (59,106,608) 54,486 57,052 75,207 145,334 70,995	226,121	186,608	231,386	207,699	224,050
46,474 36,645 25,566 35,181 46,931 208,617 1,168,836 6,034,097 - - 8,667,396 10,042,931 13,266,984 6,927,131 9,009,197 1,369,879 1,402,122 1,291,244 1,342,133 1,244,446 1,369,879 1,402,122 1,291,244 1,342,133 1,244,446 \$ 10,037,275 \$ 11,445,053 \$ 14,558,228 \$ 8,269,264 \$ 10,253,643 \$ (55,276,146) \$ (53,841,284) \$ (54,213,314) \$ (57,423,234) \$ (59,106,608) 54,486 57,052 75,207 145,334 70,995	5,953	4,443	11,061	10,602	37,502
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208,617 1,168,836 6,034,097 -					
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1,369,879 1,402,122 1,291,244 1,342,133 1,244,446 \$ 10,037,275 \$ 11,445,053 \$ 14,558,228 \$ 8,269,264 \$ 10,253,643 \$ (55,276,146) \$ (53,841,284) \$ (54,213,314) \$ (57,423,234) \$ (59,106,608) 54,486 57,052 75,207 145,334 70,995					
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54,486 57,052 75,207 145,334 70,995	\$ 10,037,275	\$ 11,445,053	\$ 14,558,228	\$ 8,269,264	\$ 10,253,643
54,486 57,052 75,207 145,334 70,995	 	 		 	
	\$ (55,276,146)	\$ (53,841,284)	\$ (54,213,314)	\$ (57,423,234)	\$ (59,106,608)
\$ (55,221,660) \$ (53,784,232) \$ (54,138,107) \$ (57,277,900) \$ (59,035,613)	 54,486	 57,052		 145,334	 70,995
	\$ (55,221,660)	\$ (53,784,232)	\$ (54,138,107)	\$ (57,277,900)	\$ (59,035,613)

- - Continued

CHANGES IN NET POSITION - (Continued)
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

General Revenues and Other Changes in

Net Position	et Position		0 2019			2018	2017	2016	
Governmental activities:							 		
Property taxes levied for:									
General purposes	\$	44,805,866	\$	43,943,803	\$	44,520,840	\$ 37,455,272	\$	41,995,699
Debt service		4,400,343		4,722,713		3,456,419	-		-
Capital outlay		1,272,326		1,260,795		1,288,278	1,096,477		1,225,365
Payments in lieu of taxes		477,283		379,593		658,751	566,274		472,588
Grants and entitlements not restricted									
to specific programs		16,577,309		16,757,875		16,768,399	17,952,080		18,019,970
Investment earnings		2,460,174		3,404,435		634,979	332,259		30,630
Gain on sale of capital assets		-		489,929		-	-		-
Miscellaneous		455,810		569,166		390,649	421,053		324,742
Special item		-		-		-	-		-
Transfers		291,871		208,129			 		
Total governmental activities		70,740,982		71,736,438		67,718,315	 57,823,415		62,068,994
Business-type activities:									
Grants not restricted to specific programs		120,553		101,448		88,544	56,635		48,212
Transfers		(291,871)		(208,129)		-	-		-
Total business-type activities		(171,318)		(106,681)		88,544	 56,635		48,212
Total primary government	\$	70,569,664	\$	71,629,757	\$	67,806,859	\$ 57,880,050	\$	62,117,206
Change in Net Position									
Governmental activities	\$	(901,096)	\$	12,386,355	\$	37,194,494	\$ (3,832,586)	\$	5,222,381
Business-type activities		(428,789)		(36,404)		261,727	31,903		97,164
Total primary government	\$	(1,329,885)	\$	12,349,951	\$	37,456,221	\$ (3,800,683)	\$	5,319,545

Source: School District financial records.

 2015	 2014	 2013	2012			2011	
\$ 42,824,517	\$ 44,934,135	\$ 38,656,261	\$	36,431,621	\$	37,602,792	
139,736	1,237,233	2,138,611		2,116,209		2,249,137	
1,266,821	1,319,845	1,128,041		1,132,961		1,268,003	
984,788	515,367	349,063		314,000		314,000	
18,210,293	17,664,962	19,104,616		19,770,571		20,657,581	
125,658	62,124	58,911		174,389		184,402	
-	-	-		-		-	
270,980	194,817	215,507	251,152			225,537	
-	-	-		511,000		-	
 -	 -	 -					
 63,822,793	 65,928,483	 61,651,010		60,701,903		62,501,452	
50,644	49,354	44,407		-		-	
-	· -	-		-		-	
50,644	49,354	44,407		-		-	
\$ 63,873,437	\$ 65,977,837	\$ 61,695,417	\$	60,701,903	\$	62,501,452	
\$ 8,546,647	\$ 12,087,199	\$ 7,437,696	\$	3,278,669	\$	3,394,844	
105,130	106,406	119,614		145,334		70,995	
\$ 8,651,777	\$ 12,193,605	\$ 7,557,310	\$	3,424,003	\$	3,465,839	

FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	 2020	 2019	2018		2017		 2016
General Fund:							
Nonspendable	\$ 335,620	\$ 111,419	\$	134,433	\$	135,143	\$ 41,658
Assigned	1,550,195	1,421,923		1,304,837		1,058,137	949,697
Unassigned	 28,300,131	 30,640,854		32,080,771		29,656,843	 30,597,837
Total general fund	\$ 30,185,946	\$ 32,174,196	\$	33,520,041	\$	30,850,123	\$ 31,589,192
All Other Governmental Funds:							
Nonspendable	\$ 3,288	\$ 3,055	\$	3,245	\$	5,285	\$ 2,076
Restricted	46,280,944	79,972,447		89,175,131		1,603,298	2,052,730
Unassigned (deficit)	 (50,301)	 (92,368)		(99,631)		(92,868)	 (112,889)
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 46,233,931	\$ 79,883,134	\$	89,078,745	\$	1,515,715	\$ 1,941,917

Source: School District financial records.

2015		2014		2013		 2012	2011		
\$	43,680 1,344,677	\$	41,583 860,100	\$	36,931 1,026,273	\$ 35,225 884,086	\$	34,833 1,220,404	
	24,668,107		18,603,913		9,179,798	 7,485,045		6,036,453	
\$	26,056,464	\$	19,505,596	\$	10,243,002	\$ 8,404,356	\$	7,291,690	
\$	2,229 2,544,142 (25,386)	\$	11,322 3,885,169 (15,543)	\$	10,782 4,581,991 (27,479)	\$ 21,563 7,951,968 (41,594)	\$	22,726 7,131,615 (20,266)	
\$	2,520,985	\$	3,880,948	\$	4,565,294	\$ 7,931,937	\$	7,134,075	

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Revenues					
From local sources:					
Property taxes	\$ 50,284,775	\$ 50,275,952	\$ 49,466,124	\$ 38,638,804	\$ 43,368,939
Payments in lieu of taxes	477,283	379,593	658,751	566,274	472,588
Tuition	1,120,922	990,805	1,000,995	814,892	792,968
Transportation fees	-	-	-	-	-
Earnings on investments	2,989,533	3,150,382	284,914	309,301	141,723
Charges for services Extracurricular	1,116,601 543,167	1,363,824 912,605	1,296,826 929,092	1,264,343 857,199	1,208,133 846,655
Classroom materials and fees	339,539	319,968	334,060	338,123	363,532
Other local revenues	873,800	861,830	648,354	628,552	480,490
Intergovernmental - Intermediate	1,698,624	1,665,238	1,525,838	1,403,079	1,405,451
Intergovernmental - State	18,502,898	18,475,778	18,574,053	20,166,871	20,174,136
Intergovernmental - Federal	1,833,115	1,960,289	1,798,717	1,716,766	1,649,257
Total revenues	79,780,257	80,356,264	76,517,724	66,704,204	70,903,872
Expenditures					
Current:					
Instruction:	21 472 741	20.540.010	20.510.260	27.041.725	26.624.674
Regular	31,473,741	30,549,019 9,997,656	29,518,260	27,041,736 9,320,195	26,634,674
Special Vocational	11,430,822 325,272	9,997,030	9,733,614 296,134	9,320,193	8,766,022 290,227
Other	1,427,557	1,605,879	1,578,566	1,261,399	1,285,813
Support services:	1,127,557	1,005,075	1,570,500	1,201,377	1,203,013
Pupil	5,125,258	5,216,987	5,059,803	4,933,413	4,826,657
Instructional staff	2,360,094	2,379,582	2,212,400	2,100,786	2,171,807
Board of education	83,115	58,316	150,458	78,386	38,630
Administration	4,464,732	4,356,204	4,340,166	4,028,833	3,867,128
Fiscal	1,592,366	2,105,964	1,460,354	1,361,659	1,410,151
Business	655,233	624,717	653,470	613,035	623,359
Operations and maintenance	5,103,003	5,175,003	5,206,194	5,095,194	4,971,577
Pupil transportation Central	3,959,511 544,296	4,374,324 583,691	4,195,685 596,109	4,027,925 531,625	3,708,416 459,386
Operation of non-instructional services:	344,290	363,091	390,109	331,023	439,360
Food service operations	1,501,995	1,566,123	1,475,061	1,537,420	1,397,609
Other non-instructional services	274,182	62,834	39,015	37,412	18,080
Extracurricular activities	1,788,809	1,894,574	1,902,859	1,652,700	1,567,433
Facilities acquisition and construction	37,265,483	11,438,285	1,780,665	2,095,139	2,025,949
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	-
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	3,340,786	5,152,733	1,187,129	1,154,911	1,179,033
Interest and fiscal charges Debt issue costs	3,611,598	4,498,063	681,304 543,833	693,924	725,382
Total expenditures	116,327,853	91,953,380	72,611,079	67,877,564	65,967,333
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(36,547,596)	(11,597,116)	3,906,645	(1,173,360)	4,936,539
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in	1,603,800	1,820,000	1,784,000	1,796,000	1,781,000
Transfers (out)	(1,603,800)	(1,820,000)	(1,784,000)	(1,796,000)	(1,781,000)
Proceeds from sale of assets	4,033	506,709	25,019	8,089	17,121
Inception of capital lease	792,167	548,951	1,190,970	-	-
Inception of software license obligation	-	-	-	-	-
Premium on debt issuance	-	-	3,560,314	-	-
Issuance of bonds Payment to refunded debt escrow agent	-	-	81,550,000	-	-
Issuance of certificates of participation	<u> </u>				
Total other financing sources (uses)	796,200	1,055,660	86,326,303	8,089	17,121
Special item	_				
Net change in fund balances	\$ (35,751,396)	\$ (10,541,456)	\$ 90,232,948	\$ (1,165,271)	\$ 4,953,660
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	8.80%	11.99%	2.67%	2.80%	3.04%
Source: School District financial records.					

2015	 2014		2013	2012			2011	
\$ 44,766,636	\$ 47,389,754	\$	42,122,419	\$	40,745,914	\$	40,697,004	
984,788	515,367		349,063		314,000		314,000	
641,669	800,280		703,700		205,244		102,236	
-	-		-		-		33,815	
38,680	57,818		51,472		180,591		221,277	
1,203,390	1,206,450		1,279,995		1,288,685		1,378,231	
848,935	849,924		769,849		1,086,564		911,328	
361,002	346,964		346,101		328,148		302,976	
681,522	1,531,441		452,473		396,017 1,156,822		332,259	
1,335,218 20,366,537	1,307,311 20,072,709		1,278,479 20,078,720		20,820,684		1,260,719 21,447,166	
1,693,478	1,760,248		1,856,419		2,253,792		3,752,699	
 	 •	-				-		
 72,921,855	 75,838,266		69,288,690		68,776,461		70,753,710	
27 121 221	27 104 690		26.755.411		06.547.675		20.020.212	
27,131,221 8,943,676	27,194,680 8,615,372		26,755,411 6,406,501		26,547,675 6,186,526		29,920,213 7,160,628	
269,533	254,736		241,724		244,846		395,679	
1,290,104	1,283,858		1,211,810		1,327,522		1,394,094	
	. =0							
4,567,464	4,706,665		4,908,661		5,026,641		4,744,635	
1,988,037	1,846,576		4,319,163		4,773,005		5,205,729	
70,249	41,731		44,201		49,083		34,423	
3,868,836	4,020,237		4,259,944	4,215,459			4,178,672	
1,206,874 591,359	1,619,261 559,490		2,023,839 593,078	1,488,408 586,663			1,482,001 573,689	
4,937,486	4,882,939		4,772,810	4,776,440			5,161,634	
3,915,887	3,233,565		3,954,783	3,663,230			3,484,103	
453,604	525,875		499,551	426,422			464,868	
1 200 002	1 265 227		1 425 672		1,543,380		1 570 724	
1,388,802 11,306	1,365,327 17,864		1,435,672 23,995		35,185		1,572,734 51,019	
1,479,062	1,458,495		1,241,538		1,220,646		1,314,292	
3,367,929	2,312,691		1,002,774		1,011,533		1,308,126	
3,301,727	2,312,091		340,880		1,011,555		1,300,120	
			2.0,000					
1,495,843	3,425,296		3,306,932		1,910,778		1,127,382	
770,613	816,437		847,026		2,362,798		3,111,002	
 -	 -		302,738		-			
 67,747,885	 68,181,095		68,493,031		67,396,240		72,684,923	
5,173,970	7,657,171		795,659		1,380,221		(1,931,213)	
1 645 000	1 007 000		1 007 000		1 227 000		1 220 217	
1,645,000 (1,645,000)	1,006,000 (1,006,000)		1,006,000 (1,006,000)		1,326,000 (1,326,000)		1,229,317	
16,935	2,686		20,674		19,307		(1,229,317) 61,291	
10,933	918,391		20,074		19,307		854,187	
_	710,371		340,880		_		-	
-	- -		64,451		-		_	
-	-		-		-		-	
-	-		(21,474,661)		-		-	
 	 -		18,725,000					
 16,935	 921,077		(2,323,656)		19,307		915,478	
 	 		511,000					
\$ 5,190,905	\$ 8,578,248	\$	(1,016,997)	\$	1,399,528	\$	(1,015,735)	
3.51%	6.26%		6.23%		6.56%		5.97%	

ASSESSED VALUATION AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN YEARS

	Real Property (a)			Public U	J tility	(b)	Total		
Collection Year	Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value	Assessed Value		Estimated Actual Value		Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value	
2020	\$ 1,120,929,440	\$ 3,202,655,543	\$	21,466,960	\$	61,334,171	\$ 1,142,396,400	\$ 3,263,989,714	
2019	1,089,291,000	3,112,260,000		20,598,140		58,851,829	1,109,889,140	3,171,111,829	
2018	1,077,345,980	3,078,131,371		13,613,760		38,896,457	1,090,959,740	3,117,027,829	
2017	948,759,150	2,710,740,429		8,461,030		24,174,371	957,220,180	2,734,914,800	
2016	928,703,860	2,653,439,600		7,238,320		20,680,914	935,942,180	2,674,120,514	
2015	919,449,390	2,626,998,257		7,450,040		21,285,829	926,899,430	2,648,284,086	
2014	890,931,340	2,545,518,114		6,390,820		18,259,486	897,322,160	2,563,777,600	
2013	885,645,250	2,530,415,000		5,718,170		16,337,629	891,363,420	2,546,752,629	
2012	880,837,040	2,516,677,257		4,697,110		13,420,314	885,534,150	2,530,097,571	
2011	949,773,800	2,713,639,429		4,990,800		14,259,429	954,764,600	2,727,898,857	

Source: Summit County Fiscal Officer

⁽a) The assessed value of real property is fixed at 35% of true value and is determined pursuant to the State Tax Commissioner.

⁽b) Assumes public utilities are assessed at true value which is 35%.

⁽c) Rate per \$1,000 of assessed value.

	Total Direct	Assessed Value as a Percentage of Estimated
Tax	Rate (c)	Actual Value
\$	92.48	35.00%
	92.53	35.00%
	93.40	35.00%
	88.43	35.00%
	88.43	35.00%
	88.43	35.00%
	89.01	35.00%
	91.24	35.00%
	91.33	35.00%
	86.03	35.00%

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES (RATE PER \$1,000 OF ASSESSED VALUE) LAST TEN YEARS

		Overlapping Rates				Direct Rates					
Tax Year/ Collection Year	Government	School	County	City	Total	School Levy	County Levy	City/ Village Township	Valley Fire District	Union Cem. Assoc. of Boston Twp.	Total
2019/2020	Boston Township	\$ 4.05	\$ 0.66	\$ -	\$ 4.71	\$ 92.48	\$ 15.16	\$ 7.98	\$ 8.80	\$ 1.00	\$ 125.42
	Boston Heights Village	4.05	0.66	-	4.71	92.48	15.16	6.10	-	-	113.74
	Hudson City	4.05	0.66	-	4.71	92.48	15.16	6.47	-	-	114.11
	Cuyahoga Falls City	4.05	0.66	-	4.71	92.48	15.16	11.00	-	-	118.64
2018/2019	Boston Township	4.97	0.74	-	5.71	92.53	14.16	7.98	8.80	1.00	124.47
	Boston Heights Village	4.97	0.74	-	5.71	92.53	14.16	6.10	-	-	112.79
	Hudson City	4.97	0.74	1.08	6.79	92.53	14.16	7.27	-	-	113.96
	Cuyahoga Falls City	4.97	0.74	-	5.71	92.53	14.16	11.00	-	-	117.69
2017/2018	Boston Township	4.97	0.74	-	5.71	93.40	14.16	7.98	8.80	1.00	125.34
	Boston Heights Village	4.97	0.74	-	5.71	93.40	14.16	6.10	-	-	113.66
	Hudson City	4.97	0.74	1.08	6.79	93.40	14.16	7.55	-	-	115.11
	Cuyahoga Falls City	4.97	0.74	-	5.71	93.40	14.16	11.00	-	-	118.56
2016/2017	Boston Township	-	0.68	-	0.68	88.43	14.16	7.98	8.80	1.00	120.37
	Boston Heights Village	-	0.68	-	0.68	88.43	14.16	6.10	-	-	108.69
	Hudson City	-	0.68	1.86	2.54	88.43	14.16	8.31	-	-	110.90
	Cuyahoga Falls City	-	0.68	-	0.68	88.43	14.16	11.00	-	-	113.59
2015/2016	Boston Township	-	0.68	-	0.68	88.43	14.16	7.98	8.80	1.00	120.37
	Boston Heights Village	-	0.68	-	0.68	88.43	14.16	6.10	-	-	108.69
	Hudson City	-	0.68	1.86	2.54	88.43	14.16	7.73	-	-	110.32
	Cuyahoga Falls City	-	0.68	-	0.68	88.43	14.16	11.00	-	-	113.59
2014/2015	Boston Township	-	0.59	-	0.59	88.43	14.16	7.98	8.80	1.00	120.37
	Boston Heights Village	-	0.59	-	0.59	88.43	14.16	6.10	-	-	108.69
	Hudson City	-	0.59	1.92	2.51	88.43	14.16	7.79	-	-	110.38
	Cuyahoga Falls City	-	0.59	-	0.59	88.43	14.16	11.00	-	-	113.59
2013/2014	Boston Township	0.58	0.59	-	1.17	89.01	14.16	7.98	8.80	1.00	120.95
	Boston Heights Village	0.58	0.59	-	1.17	89.01	14.16	6.10	-	-	109.27
	Hudson City	0.58	0.59	1.89	3.06	89.01	14.16	7.76	-	-	110.93
	Cuyahoga Falls City	0.58	0.59	-	1.17	89.01	14.16	11.00	-	-	114.17
2012/2013	Boston Township	2.81	0.59	-	3.40	91.24	14.16	7.98	8.80	1.00	123.18
	Boston Heights Village	2.81	0.59	-	3.40	91.24	14.16	6.10	-	-	111.50
	Hudson City	2.81	0.59	1.94	5.34	91.24	14.16	7.81	-	-	113.21
	Cuyahoga Falls City	2.81	0.59	-	3.40	91.24	14.16	11.00	-	-	116.40
2011/2012	Boston Township	2.90	0.59	-	3.49	91.33	14.16	7.98	8.80	1.00	123.27
	Boston Heights Village	2.90	0.59	-	3.49	91.33	14.16	6.10	-	-	111.59
	Hudson City	2.90	0.59	2.10	5.59	91.33	14.16	7.97	-	-	113.46
	Cuyahoga Falls City	2.90	0.59	-	3.49	91.33	14.16	11.00	-	-	116.49
2010/2011	Boston Township	2.50	0.59	-	3.09	86.03	14.16	7.98	8.80	1.00	117.97
	Boston Heights Village	2.50	0.59	-	3.09	86.03	14.16	6.10	-	-	106.29
	Hudson City	2.50	0.59	2.05	5.14	86.03	14.16	7.22	-	-	107.41
	Cuyahoga Falls City	2.50	0.59	-	3.09	86.03	14.16	11.00	-	-	111.19

Source: Summit County Fiscal Officer

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND DECEMBER 31, 2010

		Percentage of
le		Total District
ed		Taxable
e	Rank	Assessed Value
648,770	1	1.07%
511,690	2	0.96%
	•	0 = 401

December 31, 2019

Taxpayer	 Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Total District Taxable Assessed Value	
Laurel Lake Retirement Community Inc.	\$ 11,648,770	1	1.07%	
Little Tikes, Inc.	10,511,690	2	0.96%	
East Ohio Gas Company	5,910,850	3	0.54%	
Hudson Senior Living Inc.	5,634,880	4	0.52%	
Allstate Insurance Co.	5,414,360	5	0.50%	
Hudson Senior Housing LLC	5,156,210	6	0.47%	
Premier Arhaus LLC	4,877,320	7	0.45%	
JoAnn Stores Support Center Inc.	4,702,330	8	0.43%	
Hudson Senior Apartments LLC	4,630,390	9	0.42%	
Hudson Village Finance Co. LLC	3,371,760	10	0.31%	
Total	\$ 61,858,560		5.67%	

December 31, 2010

Taxpayer	 Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total District Taxable Assessed Value
Allstate Insurance Company	\$ 7,399,200	1	0.78%
JoAnn Stores Support Center, Inc.	7,096,040	2	0.75%
Little Tikes, Inc.	5,840,040	3	0.62%
Georgetown Development Co.	2,972,630	4	0.31%
Bath Technology Associates LTD	2,764,780	5	0.29%
Hudson MOB LLC	2,248,970	6	0.24%
Albrecht, Inc.	1,999,300	7	0.21%
Laurel Lake Retirement Community, Inc.	1,921,580	8	0.20%
Avaria Properties LLC	1,850,710	9	0.19%
Kobelco Stewart Bolling, Inc.	1,828,680	10	0.19%
Total	\$ 35,921,930		3.78%

Source: Summit County Fiscal Officer

Note: Information is available on a calendar year basis only

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Tax Year/ Collection Year	 Current Levy	D	elinquent Levy	 Total Levy	 Current Collection	Percent of Current Levy Collected
2019/2020	\$ 58,425,042	\$	2,543,336	\$ 60,968,378	\$ 56,418,187	96.57%
2018/2019	56,714,148		1,036,532	57,750,680	55,457,495	97.78%
2017/2018	56,397,008		1,643,165	58,040,173	55,373,692	98.19%
2016/2017	48,899,723		2,072,180	50,971,903	47,707,712	97.56%
2015/2016	47,883,426		1,910,315	49,793,741	47,189,956	98.55%
2014/2015	47,581,891		2,045,216	49,627,107	46,698,052	98.14%
2013/2014	47,466,864		3,154,378	50,621,242	45,987,842	96.88%
2012/2013	49,050,090		3,309,349	52,359,439	47,415,431	96.67%
2011/2012	48,570,508		3,531,347	52,101,855	46,783,723	96.32%
2010/2011	44,564,731		4,788,842	49,353,573	42,622,064	95.64%

Source: Summit County Fiscal Officer

Delinquent Collection	 Total Collection	Total Collection As a Percent of Total Levy
\$ 2,006,855	\$ 58,425,042	95.83%
1,256,653	56,714,148	98.21%
1,023,316	56,397,008	97.17%
1,192,010	48,899,722	95.93%
693,469	47,883,425	96.16%
883,839	47,581,891	95.88%
1,479,022	47,466,864	93.77%
1,634,659	49,050,090	93.68%
1,786,784	48,570,507	93.22%
1,150,492	43,772,556	88.69%

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Governmental Activities

Fiscal Year	(a) General Obligation Bonds	Capital Leases	Software License Obligation	(a) Total Primary Government	(b) Percentage of Personal Income	(b) Per Capita	(b) Per ADM
2020	\$ 95,107,699	\$ 1,218,487	\$ -	\$ 96,326,186	7.08%	\$ 4,332	\$20,335
2019	97,834,031	1,167,106	-	99,001,137	7.74%	4,443	20,904
2018	102,705,364	1,025,888	-	103,731,252	8.46%	4,663	22,033
2017	18,631,599	355,113	-	18,986,712	1.55%	853	4,074
2016	19,608,257	540,024	-	20,148,281	1.71%	898	4,327
2015	20,559,916	712,899	61,158	21,333,973	1.81%	950	4,640
2014	21,786,574	874,520	175,380	22,836,474	2.00%	1,016	4,946
2013	24,933,232	367,512	283,549	25,584,293	2.30%	1,146	5,466
2012	28,930,317	537,113	-	29,467,430	2.74%	1,328	6,205
2011	31,677,808	697,927	-	32,375,735	3.05%	1,454	6,621

Sources:

⁽a) Includes certificates of participation and unamortized premiums. See notes to the financial statements regarding the District's outstanding debt information.

⁽b) See schedule "Demographic and Economic Statistic, Last Ten Fiscal Years" for personal income, population and enrollment information.

RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	General	Less Fund Balances	Net	Percentage of Actual Taxable		
Fiscal Year	Obligation Bonds (a)	Restricted for Debt Service	General Obligation Debt Outstanding	Value of	Per	
<u> 1 eai</u>	Donus (a)	Debt Service	Debt Outstanding	Property	<u>Capita</u>	
2020	\$ 95,107,699	\$ (3,367,082)	\$ 91,740,617	2.81%	\$ 4,126	
2019	97,834,031	(3,526,747)	94,307,284	2.97%	4,232	
2018	102,705,364	(6,394,498)	96,310,866	3.09%	4,330	
2017	18,631,599	-	18,631,599	0.68%	837	
2016	19,608,257	-	19,608,257	0.73%	874	
2015	20,559,916	-	20,559,916	0.78%	916	
2014	21,786,574	(302,335)	21,484,239	0.84%	956	
2013	24,933,232	(1,311,307)	23,621,925	0.93%	1,058	
2012	28,930,317	(4,469,722)	24,460,595	0.97%	1,103	
2011	31,677,808	(3,828,701)	27,849,107	1.02%	1,251	

⁽a) Includes certificates of participation. Details regarding the District's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT AS OF JUNE 30, 2020

Governmental Unit	(Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable (a)	Estin	rect Debt and mated Share of erlapping Debt
Direct debt:					
Hudson City School District	\$	96,326,186 (b)	100.00%	\$	96,326,186
Total direct debt		96,326,186			96,326,186
Overlapping debt:					
City of Hudson		42,765,000	99.71%		42,640,982
City of Cuyahoga Falls		10,100,000	4.08%		412,080
Summit County		38,830,000	8.84%		3,432,572
Boston Heights Village		3,590,000	58.23%		2,090,457
Total overlapping debt		95,285,000			48,576,091
Total direct and overlapping debt	\$	191,611,186		\$	144,902,277

Source: Ohio Municipal Advisory Council

⁽a) The District's share of the overlapping debt is calculated as the debt outstanding for each noted governmental unit multiplied by the estimated percentage applicable to the District. The estimated percentage applicable to the District is calculated as the assessed valuation of the District's area contained within the noted governmental unit divided by the total assessed valuation of the governmental unit.

⁽b) Details regarding the District's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Unvoted Debt Limit	Voted Debt Limit	Total Debt Applicable to Limit	Debt Service Available Balance	Net Debt Applicable to Limit	Voted Legal Debt Margin	Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit as a Percentage of Debt Limit
2020	\$1,142,396	\$102,815,676	\$ 77,600,000	\$ 3,367,082	\$ 74,232,918	\$ 28,582,758	72.20%
2019	1,109,889	99,890,023	79,510,000	3,526,747	75,983,253	23,906,770	76.07%
2018	1,090,960	98,186,377	83,590,000	6,394,498	77,195,502	20,990,875	78.62%
2017	957,220	86,149,816	18,555,000	-	18,555,000	67,594,816	21.54%
2016	935,942	84,234,796	19,525,000	-	19,525,000	64,709,796	23.18%
2015	926,899	83,420,949	20,470,000	-	20,470,000	62,950,949	24.54%
2014	897,322	80,758,994	21,690,000	302,335	21,387,665	59,371,329	26.48%
2013	891,363	80,222,708	24,830,000	1,311,307	23,518,693	56,704,015	29.32%
2012	885,534	79,698,074	28,885,000	4,469,722	24,415,278	55,282,796	30.63%
2011	891,363	85,479,642	30,634,964	3,828,701	26,806,263	58,673,379	31.36%
Legal Debt	Margin Calcula	ation for Fiscal Ye	ear 2020				
Assessed va	llue				\$1,142,396,400		
Add: debt se	9% of assessed vervice fund equit pplicable to limi	y			102,815,676 3,367,082 (77,600,000)		
Legal debt 1	nargin				\$ 28,582,758		

Source: Summit County Fiscal Officer and District financial records

Note: Ohio Bond Law sets a limit of 9% for voted debt and 1/10 of 1% for unvoted debt.

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

			Per Capita			Unem	ployment Ra	tes (c)
Fiscal		Personal	Personal	Median	School	Summit		United
Year	Population (a)	Income (a)	Income (a)	Age (a)	Enrollment (b)	County	Ohio (d)	States (d)
2020	22,237	\$ 1,360,637,556	\$ 61,188	41.3	4,737	11.4%	11.0%	11.1%
2019	22,285	1,278,958,435	57,391	41.3	4,736	4.3%	4.0%	3.7%
2018	22,245	1,226,700,525	55,145	41.3	4,708	5.2%	4.5%	4.0%
2017	22,251	1,223,871,753	55,003	41.3	4,661	5.3%	5.0%	4.4%
2016	22,437	1,179,916,956	52,588	41.3	4,656	4.9%	5.0%	4.9%
2015	22,448	1,180,495,424	52,588	41.3	4,598	5.0%	5.2%	5.3%
2014	22,474	1,143,881,652	50,898	41.3	4,617	5.5%	5.5%	6.1%
2013	22,323	1,111,283,586	49,782	41.3	4,681	7.1%	7.2%	7.6%
2012	22,182	1,074,141,168	48,424	41.3	4,749	7.1%	7.2%	8.2%
2011	22,262	1,060,472,632	47,636	41.3	4,890	8.7%	8.8%	9.2%

Sources/Notes:

⁽a) U.S. Census Bureau; City of Hudson estimates for the calendar year prior to the fiscal year listed (information is available on a calendar year basis only). Median age is from the latest census (2020 not yet available).

⁽b) District records

⁽c) June Ohio Labor Market Information, Ohio Department of Job and Family Services

⁽d) Seasonally adjusted

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND DECEMBER 31, 2010

	Decemb	December 31, 2019			
Employer	Employees	Percentage of Total City Employment			
Allstate Insurance Company	1,412	7.48%			
Jo-Ann Stores LLC	1,101	5.83%			
Hudson City School District	963	5.10%			
Jo-Ann Stores Support Center	918	4.86%			
Little Tikes Company	645	3.41%			
Leaffilter North Inc	635	3.36%			
City of Hudson	337	1.78%			
Laurel Lake Retirement Community	312	1.65%			
University Hospitals Heatlh System	308	1.63%			
Boxout LLC	243	1.29%			
Total	6,874	36.39%			
Total Employment within the City	18,889				
	December 31, 2010				
Employer	Employees	Percentage of Total City Employment			
Allstate Insurance Company	1,460	9.67%			
Jo-Ann Stores Inc.	1,252	8.29%			
Hudson City School District	1,051	6.96%			
Little Tikes Company	440				
	443	2.93%			
Laurel Lake Retirement Community	443	2.93% 2.79%			
Laurel Lake Retirement Community Windstream Communications Inc.					
	421	2.79%			
Windstream Communications Inc. Western Reserve Academy	421 244	2.79% 1.62%			
Windstream Communications Inc.	421 244 237	2.79% 1.62% 1.57%			
Windstream Communications Inc. Western Reserve Academy City of Hudson	421 244 237 236	2.79% 1.62% 1.57% 1.56%			
Windstream Communications Inc. Western Reserve Academy City of Hudson Lexi-Comp Inc.	421 244 237 236 172	2.79% 1.62% 1.57% 1.56% 1.14%			

Source: City of Hudson records.

Note: Information is available on a calendar year basis only.

STAFFING STATISTICS FULL TIME EQUIVALENTS (FTE) BY TYPE AND FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Туре	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Professional Staff:										
Teaching Staff:										
Elementary	116	120	115	113	111	106	109	116	116	128
Middle	67	65	70	69	68	76	67	69	71	82
High	94	95	95	95	93	93	95	94	99	106
Tutors	25	19	23	21	28	29	25	20	19	19
Others	6	6	4	4	3	3	4	4	4	3
Administration:										
District	27	27	26	26	25	25	25	25	26	27
Auxiliary Positions:										
Counselors	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	12
Speech	8	8	8	9	9	9	10	9	9	9
Mental Health Specialists	6	6	5	7	7	11	10	8	6	7
Other	31	29	29	32	33	27	29	27	27	29
Support Staff:										
Secretarial	42	45	44	44	45	44	45	48	46	46
Aides	96	95	92	93	92	91	90	92	89	94
Hall monitor/Security	12	11	11	11	11	10	13	11	11	11
Food service	20	20	20	20	19	19	21	21	21	23
Custodial	31	31	29	30	31	31	32	32	34	33
Maintenance	10	9	10	8	10	10	10	9	10	10
Other	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3
Total	606	601	596	597	600	599	600	600	604	642
Function	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Instruction:	220	225	225	22.5	225	221	222	22.6	220	27.4
Regular	228	227	225	225	227	231	223	226	228	254
Special	75	73	77	72	72	72	73	73	76	78
Vocational	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3
Other	4	4	4	4	3	3	3	3	4	3
Support Services:		4.0		4.0						
Pupil	50	48	47	48	47	50	54	49	47	50
Instructional staff	118	115	112	118	119	111	109	109	107	112
Administration	54	58	57	57	57	58	61	65	64	64
Fiscal	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Business	6	6	5	5	4	4	4	4	4	4
Operations and maintenance	42	41	40	39	42	41	43	41	44	43
Central	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Food service	20	20	20	20	20	20	21_	21	21	23
Total Governmental Activities	606	601	596	597	600	599	600	600	604	642

Source: School District records

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Function	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Instruction: Regular and Special Enrollment (students) Graduates	4,737 373	4,736 374	4,708 389	4,661 391	4,656 401	4,598 410	4,617 398	4,681 405	4,749 416	4,890 427
Support services: Administration Student attendance rate	96.8%	96.0%	95.9%	96.0%	95.8%	96.2%	96.3%	96.0%	96.4%	96.1%
Food service operations: Number of students with free or reduced lunches	221	240	243	254	218	243	249	241	231	245

Source: District records and Ohio Department of Education

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Land	\$ 1,022,386	\$ 1,022,386	\$ 1,032,204	\$ 1,032,204	\$ 1,032,204
Construction in progress	43,213,059	10,048,035	444,165	-	-
Land improvements	4,107,628	4,253,777	4,322,623	4,482,595	4,568,776
Buildings and improvements	47,761,617	45,473,733	45,748,796	46,896,497	46,598,621
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	3,483,284	3,679,702	3,871,362	3,191,443	3,478,148
Vehicles	1,226,410	1,441,573	1,456,567	1,431,092	1,280,307
Computer software	8,925	13,388	18,828	25,245	31,663
Total Governmental Activities					
Capital Assets, net	\$ 100,823,309	\$ 65,932,594	\$ 56,894,545	\$ 57,059,076	\$ 56,989,719

Source: School District financial records.

Note: Amounts above are presented net of accumulated depreciation.

 2015	2014		2014 2013		 2012		2011	
\$ 1,032,204	\$	1,032,204	\$ 1,032,204	\$ 1,032,204	\$	1,032,204		
322,179		523,955	-	-		-		
4,325,124		4,329,314	4,375,993	705,203		620,291		
46,912,197		45,605,270	45,512,554	44,852,263		45,681,260		
3,414,797		3,425,574	3,098,322	2,880,583		2,622,006		
1,252,617		1,138,088	1,131,940	1,299,524		1,127,057		
123,301		243,345	352,637	-		-		
 			 _	 				
\$ 57,382,419	\$	56,297,750	\$ 55,503,650	\$ 50,769,777	\$	51,082,818		

SCHOOL BUILDING INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Evamere Elementary							
Square feet	59,847	59,847	59,847	59,847	59,847	59,847	59,847
Enrollment	629	622	604	594	580	563	556
McDowell Elementary							
Square feet	56,800	56,800	56,800	56,800	56,800	56,800	56,800
Enrollment	329	337	309	327	317	288	344
Ellsworth Hill Elementary							
Square feet	64,411	64,411	64,411	64,411	64,411	64,411	64,411
Enrollment	446	433	424	381	390	364	328
East Woods School							
Square feet	139,900	139,900	139,900	139,900	139,900	139,900	139,900
Enrollment	673	673	682	663	683	661	660
Hudson Middle School							
Square feet	190,432	190,432	190,432	190,432	190,432	190,432	190,432
Enrollment	1,076	1,107	1,086	1,122	1,081	1,101	1,089
Hudson High School							
Square feet	342,620	342,620	342,620	342,620	342,620	342,620	342,620
Enrollment	1,584	1,564	1,603	1,574	1,605	1,621	1,640

Source: District records

Notes:

Evamere Elementary School's enrollment includes Kindergarten students attending on a half-time basis.

2013	2012	2011
59,847	59,847	59,847
518	568	564
56,800	56,800	56,800
287	329	330
64,411	64,411	64,411
405	352	396
139,900	139,900	139,900
688	679	718
190,432	190,432	190,432
1,121	1,165	1,193
342,620	342,620	342,620
1,662	1,656	1,689

TEACHER STATISTICS AS OF JUNE 30, 2020

	Number of	Percentage of	
Degree	Teachers (FTE)	Total	Pay Range
Associates and/or High School Diploma	1	0.36%	(a)
Bachelor's Degree	30	10.83%	\$44,058 - \$84,909
Master's Degree	243	87.73%	\$48,063 - \$105,739
Ph.D.	3	1.08%	\$54,469 - \$110,145
	277	100.00%	
	Number	Percentage	
	of	of	
Years of Experience	Teachers (FTE)	Total	
0 - 5	53	19.13%	
6 - 10	36	13.00%	
11 and over	188	67.87%	
	277	100.00%	

Source: School District Personnel Records

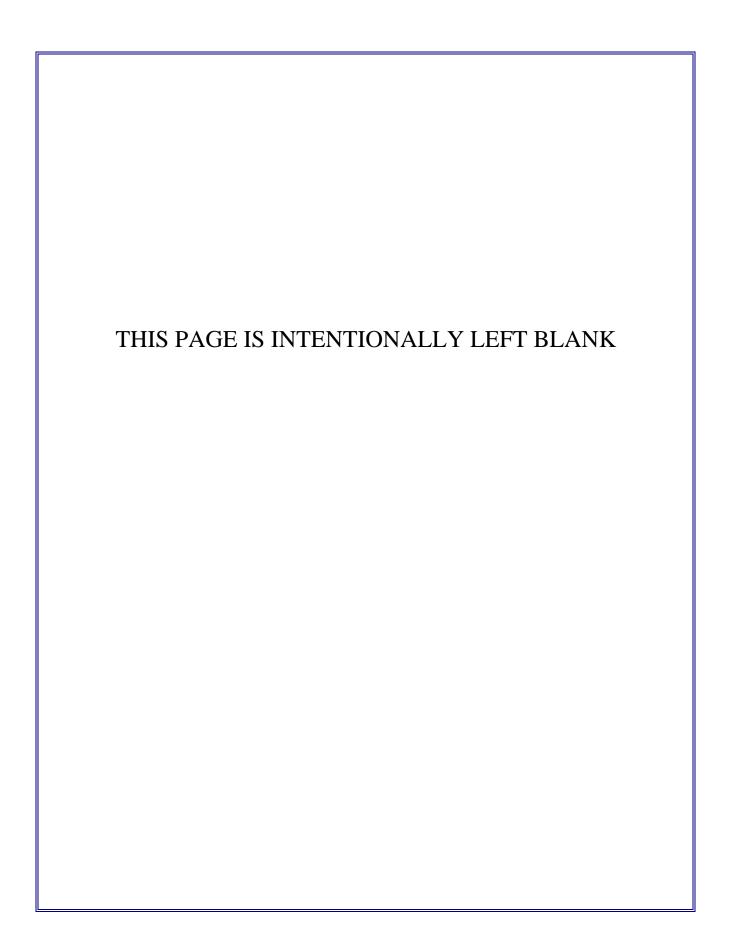
⁽a) The salary schedule contained in the current teachers' union collective bargaining agreement does not recognize degrees less than a bachelor's.

OPERATING STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	General Gove	rnment	Governmental Activities					Student
Fiscal Year	Expenditures (a)	Cost per pupil	Expenses (a)	Cost per pupil	Enrollment	Percent Change	Teaching Staff	Attendance Percentage
2020	\$ 109,375,469	\$23,090	\$ 77,100,149	\$16,276	4,737	0.02%	349	96.8%
2019	82,302,584	17,378	64,908,943	1 13,705	4,736	0.59%	347	96.0%
2018	70,742,646	15,026	37,220,615	5 7,906	4,708	1.01%	344	95.9%
2017	66,028,729	14,166	69,695,360	14,953	4,661	0.11%	342	96.0%
2016	64,062,918	13,759	64,727,232	2 13,902	4,656	1.26%	338	95.8%
2015	65,481,429	14,241	63,101,112	2 13,724	4,598	-0.41%	342	96.2%
2014	63,939,362	13,849	62,998,894	13,645	4,617	-1.37%	342	96.3%
2013	64,339,073	13,745	65,900,682	2 14,078	4,681	-1.43%	342	96.0%
2012	63,122,664	13,292	62,972,686	5 13,260	4,749	-2.88%	345	96.4%
2011	68,446,539	13,997	66,530,575	5 13,605	4,890	-1.65%	381	96.1%

Source: District records

⁽a) Debt service totals have been excluded.





HUDSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

SUMMIT COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 3/16/2021

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370