



MARITIME ACADEMY OF TOLEDO LUCAS COUNTY JUNE 30, 2020

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Maritime Academy of Toledo Lucas County 803 Water Street Toledo, Ohio 43604

To the Board of Directors:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Maritime Academy of Toledo, Lucas County, Ohio (the Academy), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Academy's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the Academy's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the Academy's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinion.

Maritime Academy of Toledo Lucas County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Academy, as of June 30, 2020, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 15 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the Academy. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *management's discussion and analysis*, and schedules of net pension and other post-employment benefit liabilities and pension and other post-employment benefit contributions listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 6, 2021, on our consideration of the Academy's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Academy's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

January 6, 2021

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

The management's discussion and analysis of the Maritime Academy of Toledo's (the Academy) financial performance provides an overall review of the Academy's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Academy's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the Academy's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2020 are as follows:

- In total, net position was a deficit of \$1,954,443 at June 30, 2020.
- The Academy had operating revenues of \$2,671,418, operating expenses of \$3,717,960, non-operating revenues of \$556,517 and non-operating expenses of \$70,648 for fiscal year 2020. Total change in net position for the fiscal year was a decrease of \$560,673.

Using these Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the Academy's financial activities. The statement of net position and statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position provide information about the activities of the Academy, including all short-term and long-term financial resources and obligations.

Reporting the Academy's Financial Activities

Statement of Net Position, Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position and the Statement of Cash Flows

These documents look at all financial transactions and ask the question, "How did we do financially during fiscal year 2020?" The statement of net position and the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position answer this question. These statements include *all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues and expenses* using the *accrual basis of accounting* similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Academy's *net position* and changes in that position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the Academy as a whole, the *financial position* of the Academy has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not.

The statement of cash flows provides information about how the Academy finances and meets the cash flow needs of its operations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report as presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Academy's net pension liability and Net OPEB liability/asset.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

The table below provides a summary of the Academy's net position for fiscal year 2020 and 2019.

Net Position

Aggata	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Assets Current assets Net OPEB asset Capital assets, net	\$ 1,060,259 160,865 1,889,558	\$ 702,305 155,180 1,984,081
Total assets	3,110,682	2,841,566
Deferred outflows of resources	972,865	1,359,301
<u>Liabilities</u> Current liabilities Non-current liabilities:	231,764	233,309
Due within one year	242,994	61,413
Net pension liability Net OPEB liability Other amounts due in more than one year	3,107,646 408,963 1,610,351	3,022,911 435,985 1,394,645
Total liabilities	5,601,718	5,148,263
Deferred inflows of resources	436,272	446,374
Net Position Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted (deficit)	494,913 66,213 (2,515,569)	528,023 30,518 (1,952,311)
Total net position (deficit)	\$ (1,954,443)	\$ (1,393,770)

The net pension liability is reported pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27." The net other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability/asset is reported pursuant to GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions." For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the Academy's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability, and the net OPEB liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB and the net OPEB asset.

GASB standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB 45) focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's *net pension liability* or *net OBEP liability*. GASB 68 and GASB 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

GASB 68 and GASB 75 require the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability/asset to equal the Academy's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- Present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service.
- 2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits.

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the Academy is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan as against the public employer. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, the Academy's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability and net OPEB liability, respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

Over time, net position can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2020, the Academy's net position totaled a deficit of \$1,954,443.

Current assets increased primarily in the area of cash and cash equivalents which increased due an influx of cash from the Academy entering into a Paycheck Protection Program (PPP) note. Capital assets, net decreased slightly as depreciation expense exceeded current year additions.

At year-end, capital assets represented 60.74% of total assets. Capital assets consisted of land, land improvements, building and improvements, furniture, fixtures and equipment and vehicles. Net investment in capital assets at June 30, 2020, was \$494,913. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the Academy's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

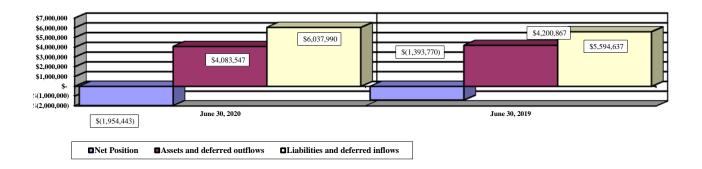
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

Deferred outflows related to pension decreased primarily due to changes in assumptions by the State Teachers Retirement System (STRS). See Note 9 for more detail.

Long-term liabilities increased primarily due to the PPP note payable.

A portion of the Academy's net position, \$66,213 represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The graph below shows the assets plus deferred outflows of resources, liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources and net position of the Academy at June 30, 2020 and 2019.

Net Position



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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

The table below shows the changes in net position for fiscal year 2020 and 2019.

Change in Net Position

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Operating Revenues:		
Foundation payments	\$ 2,221,296	\$ 2,357,577
Special education payments	425,743	474,656
Extracurricular	2,242	8,224
Classroom fees	8,583	10,996
Food services	6,235	3,088
Other	7,319	14,012
Total operating revenue	2,671,418	2,868,553
Operating Expenses:		
Salaries and wages	1,736,035	1,701,812
Fringe benefits	1,001,405	503,019
Purchased services	465,993	535,269
Materials and supplies	284,875	209,465
Other	135,129	95,989
Depreciation	94,523	167,774
Total operating expenses	3,717,960	3,213,328
Non-operating Revenues (Expenses):		
Grants and subsidies	556,517	483,065
Interest and fiscal charges	(70,648)	(73,608)
Total non-operating revenues	485,869	409,457
Change in net position	(560,673)	64,682
Net position (deficit) at beginning of year	(1,393,770)	(1,458,452)
Net position (deficit) at end of year	\$ (1,954,443)	\$ (1,393,770)

The revenue generated by community schools are heavily dependent upon per-pupil allotment given by the State foundation basic aid. State foundation basic aid and special education attributed to 82.00% of total operating and non-operating revenues during fiscal year 2020. Foundation revenue from the State of Ohio decreased in both the opportunity grant funding and targeted assistance funding. Grants and subsidies increased primarily due to School Improvement Stimulus funding from the State of Ohio in fiscal year 2020.

Overall, operating expenses increased \$504,632 or 15.70%. This increase is due to an increase of approximately \$170,000 in pension expense and \$281,148 in OPEB expense. Fluctuations in the pension and OPEB expense makes it difficult to compare financial information between years. Pension and OPEB expense are components of program expenses reported on the statement of activities.

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2020, the Academy had \$1,889,558 invested in land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture, fixtures and equipment and vehicles. See Note 6 to the basic financial statements for more detail on capital assets.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2020, the Academy had \$1,853,345 in a mortgage note payable and a PPP note payable outstanding. Of this total, \$242,994 is due within one year and \$1,610,351 is due in more than one year. See Note 7 to the basic financial statements for more detail on long-term obligations.

Current Financial Related Activities

The Academy is reliant upon State Foundation monies and federal grants to provide a maritime based curriculum to students.

In order to continually provide learning opportunities to the Academy's students, the Academy will apply all financial resources to best meet the needs of its students. It is the intent of the Academy to apply for other State and Federal funds that are made available to finance its operations.

Contacting the Academy's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our clients and creditors with a general overview of the Academy's finances and to show the Academy's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Anthony T. Swartz, Treasurer, Maritime Academy, 803 Water Street, Toledo, Ohio 43604.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

Receivables: 2,727 Accounts 3,350 Prepayments 13,015 Materials and supplies inventory. 268 Total current assets. 1,060,259 Non-current assets. 160,865 Capital assets. 160,865 Capital assets. 1,820,998 Capital assets, net 1,889,558 Total non-current assets, net 2,050,423 Total assets. 3,110,682 Deferred outflows of resources Pension 789,368 OPEB 183,497 Total deferred outflows of resources 972,865 Liabilities: Current liabilities: 11,222 Accounts payable 11,222 Accounts quages and benefits 179,906 Pension and postemployment benefits payable 36,015 Intergovernmental payable 231,764 Non-current liabilities: 242,994 Net pension liability 3,016,46 Net OPEB liability 3,017,646 Net OPEB liability 3,017,646 <td< th=""><th>Assets: Current assets: Cash</th><th>\$ 1,030,749</th></td<>	Assets: Current assets: Cash	\$ 1,030,749
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Itabilities: 972,865 Current liabilities: 11,222 Accounts payable. 11,290 Pension and postemployment benefits payable liner mounts due in more than one year. 24,621 Total current liabilities: 231,764 Non-current liabilities: 242,994 Net pension liability 3,107,646 Net OPEB liability 4,8621 Total non-current liabilities 5,369,954 Total labilities 5,369,954 Total liabilities 5,601,718 Deferred inflows of resources: 128,852 OPEB 307,420 Total deferred inflows of resources: 494,913 Net position: 494,913 Restricted for: 494,913 Student activities. 7,320 Locally funded programs. 494,913 State programs. 7,918 State programs. 3,327 Other purposes. 15,473 Unrestricted (deficit) (2,515,569)	Pension	789,368
Liabilities: Current liabilities: 11,222 Accounts payable. 11,9906 Pension and postemployment benefits payable 36,015 Intergovernmental payable. 4,621 Total current liabilities: 231,764 Non-current liabilities: 242,994 Net pension liability 3,107,646 Net OPEB liability 408,963 Other amounts due in more than one year. 1,610,351 Total non-current liabilities. 5,369,954 Total liabilities. 5,601,718 Deferred inflows of resources: 128,852 OPEB. 307,420 Total deferred inflows of resources. 494,913 Net position: 494,913 Restricted for: 5,360 Student activities. 7,320 Locally funded programs. 494,913 State programs. 3,1,575 Restricted for federal programs. 3,927 Other purposes. 15,473 Unrestricted (deficit). (2,515,569)		
Current liabilities: 11,222 Accounts payable. 179,006 Pension and postemployment benefits payable 36,015 Intergovernmental payable 4,621 Total current liabilities: 231,764 Non-current liabilities: 242,994 Net pension liability 3,107,646 Net OPEB liability 408,963 Other amounts due in more than one year 1,610,351 Total non-current liabilities 5,369,954 Total liabilities 5,601,718 Deferred inflows of resources: 128,852 OPEB 307,420 Total deferred inflows of resources 436,272 Net position: 307,420 Net investment in capital assets. 494,913 Restricted for: 30,227 Student activities. 7,320 Locally funded programs. 31,575 Restricted for federal programs. 31,575 Restricted for federal programs. 3,927 Other purposes. 15,473 Unrestricted (deficit) (2,515,569)	Total deferred outflows of resources	972,865
Accounts payable. 11,222 Accrued wages and benefits 179,906 Pension and postemployment benefits payable 36,015 Intergovernmental payable 4,621 Total current liabilities 231,764 Non-current liabilities: 242,994 Net pension liability 3,107,646 Net OPEB liability 408,963 Other amounts due in more than one year 1,610,351 Total non-current liabilities 5,369,954 Total liabilities 5,601,718 Deferred inflows of resources: 212,852 OPEB 307,420 Total deferred inflows of resources 436,272 Net position: 307,420 Total deferred inflows of resources 494,913 Restricted for: 5 Student activities 7,320 Locally funded programs 7,918 State programs 31,575 Restricted for federal programs 3,927 Other purposes 15,473 Unrestricted (deficit) (2,515,569)		
Accrued wages and benefits 179,906 Pension and postemployment benefits payable 36,015 Intergovernmental payable 4,621 Total current liabilities 231,764 Non-current liabilities: 242,994 Net pension liability 3,107,646 Net OPEB liability 408,963 Other amounts due in more than one year 1,610,351 Total non-current liabilities 5,369,954 Total liabilities 5,601,718 Deferred inflows of resources: 212,852 OPEB 307,420 Total deferred inflows of resources 436,272 Net position: 307,420 Total deferred inflows of resources 307,420 Total deforms 494,913 Restricted for: 307,420 Student activities 7,320 Locally funded programs 7,918 State programs 31,575 Restricted for federal programs 3,927 Other purposes 15,473 Unrestricted (deficit) (2,515,569)		11 222
Pension and postemployment benefits payable 36,015 Intergovernmental payable 4,621 Total current liabilities 231,764 Non-current liabilities: 242,994 Net pension liability 3,107,646 Net OPEB liability 408,963 Other amounts due in more than one year. 1,610,351 Total non-current liabilities 5,369,954 Total liabilities 5,601,718 Deferred inflows of resources: 128,852 OPEB 307,420 Total deferred inflows of resources 494,913 Net investment in capital assets 494,913 Restricted for: 5,320 Student activities 7,320 Locally funded programs 7,918 State programs. 31,575 Restricted for federal programs 3,927 Other purposes. 15,473 Unrestricted (deficit) (2,515,569)		
Intergovernmental payable 4,621 Total current liabilities 231,764 Non-current liabilities: 242,994 Net pension liability 3,107,646 Net OPEB liability 408,963 Other amounts due in more than one year. 1,610,351 Total non-current liabilities 5,369,954 Total liabilities 5,601,718 Deferred inflows of resources: 128,852 OPEB 307,420 Total deferred inflows of resources 436,272 Net position: 494,913 Restricted for: 5,320 Student activities 7,320 Locally funded programs 7,918 State programs. 31,575 Restricted for federal programs 3,927 Other purposes. 15,473 Unrestricted (deficit) (2,515,569)	•	
Non-current liabilities: 242,994 Due within one year. 3,107,646 Net opension liability 408,963 Other amounts due in more than one year. 1,610,351 Total non-current liabilities 5,369,954 Total liabilities 5,601,718 Deferred inflows of resources: 29,601,718 Pension 128,852 OPEB 307,420 Total deferred inflows of resources 436,272 Net position: 494,913 Restricted for: 5,369,954 Student activities 7,320 Locally funded programs 7,918 State programs 31,575 Restricted for federal programs 3,927 Other purposes 15,473 Unrestricted (deficit) (2,515,569)		
Due within one year. 242,994 Net pension liability 3,107,646 Net OPEB liability 408,963 Other amounts due in more than one year. 1,610,351 Total non-current liabilities 5,369,954 Total liabilities 5,601,718 Deferred inflows of resources: 128,852 OPEB 307,420 Total deferred inflows of resources 436,272 Net position: 494,913 Restricted for: 5,369,954 Student activities 7,320 Locally funded programs 7,918 State programs 31,575 Restricted for federal programs 3,927 Other purposes 15,473 Unrestricted (deficit) (2,515,569)	Total current liabilities	231,764
Net pension liability 3,107,646 Net OPEB liability 408,963 Other amounts due in more than one year. 1,610,351 Total non-current liabilities 5,369,954 Total liabilities 5,601,718 Deferred inflows of resources: Pension 128,852 OPEB 307,420 Total deferred inflows of resources 436,272 Net position: \$7,320 Net investment in capital assets 494,913 Restricted for: \$7,918 Stadent activities 7,918 State programs 31,575 Restricted for federal programs 3,927 Other purposes 15,473 Unrestricted (deficit) (2,515,569)	Non-current liabilities:	
Net OPEB liability 408,963 Other amounts due in more than one year. 1,610,351 Total non-current liabilities 5,369,954 Total liabilities 5,601,718 Deferred inflows of resources: Pension 128,852 OPEB 307,420 Total deferred inflows of resources 436,272 Net position: 8 Net investment in capital assets 494,913 Restricted for: 7,320 Locally funded programs 7,918 State programs 31,575 Restricted for federal programs 3,927 Other purposes 15,473 Unrestricted (deficit) (2,515,569)		242,994
Other amounts due in more than one year. 1,610,351 Total non-current liabilities 5,369,954 Total liabilities 5,601,718 Deferred inflows of resources: Pension 128,852 OPEB 307,420 Total deferred inflows of resources 436,272 Net position: Student activities Net investment in capital assets 494,913 Restricted for: 7,320 Locally funded programs 7,918 State programs 31,575 Restricted for federal programs 31,575 Restricted for federal programs 3,927 Other purposes 15,473 Unrestricted (deficit) (2,515,569)		
Total non-current liabilities 5,369,954 Total liabilities 5,601,718 Deferred inflows of resources: Pension 128,852 OPEB 307,420 Total deferred inflows of resources 436,272 Net position: Net investment in capital assets 494,913 Restricted for: 5,320 Student activities 7,320 Locally funded programs 7,918 State programs 31,575 Restricted for federal programs 3,927 Other purposes 15,473 Unrestricted (deficit) (2,515,569)		
Total liabilities 5,601,718 Deferred inflows of resources: Pension 128,852 OPEB 307,420 Total deferred inflows of resources 436,272 Net position: 8 Net investment in capital assets 494,913 Restricted for: 7,320 Locally funded programs 7,918 State programs 31,575 Restricted for federal programs 3,927 Other purposes 15,473 Unrestricted (deficit) (2,515,569)	•	
Deferred inflows of resources: Pension 128,852 OPEB 307,420 Total deferred inflows of resources 436,272 Net position: 8 Net investment in capital assets 494,913 Restricted for: 5 Student activities 7,320 Locally funded programs 7,918 State programs 31,575 Restricted for federal programs 3,927 Other purposes 15,473 Unrestricted (deficit) (2,515,569)	Total non-current liabilities	5,369,954
Pension 128,852 OPEB 307,420 Total deferred inflows of resources 436,272 Net position: Net investment in capital assets 494,913 Restricted for: 7,320 Locally funded programs 7,918 State programs 31,575 Restricted for federal programs 3,927 Other purposes 15,473 Unrestricted (deficit) (2,515,569)	Total liabilities	5,601,718
OPEB 307,420 Total deferred inflows of resources 436,272 Net position: Net investment in capital assets. 494,913 Restricted for: Student activities. 7,320 Locally funded programs. 7,918 State programs. 31,575 Restricted for federal programs 3,927 Other purposes. 15,473 Unrestricted (deficit) (2,515,569)	Deferred inflows of resources:	
Total deferred inflows of resources 436,272 Net position: 494,913 Restricted for: 500,000 Student activities. 7,320 Locally funded programs. 7,918 State programs. 31,575 Restricted for federal programs 3,927 Other purposes. 15,473 Unrestricted (deficit) (2,515,569)	Pension	128,852
Net position: Net investment in capital assets. 494,913 Restricted for: 7,320 Student activities. 7,918 State programs. 31,575 Restricted for federal programs 3,927 Other purposes. 15,473 Unrestricted (deficit) (2,515,569)		
Net investment in capital assets. 494,913 Restricted for: 7,320 Student activities. 7,918 Locally funded programs. 31,575 Restricted for federal programs 3,927 Other purposes. 15,473 Unrestricted (deficit) (2,515,569)	Total deferred inflows of resources	436,272
Restricted for: 7,320 Student activities. 7,918 Locally funded programs. 31,575 Restricted for federal programs 3,927 Other purposes. 15,473 Unrestricted (deficit) (2,515,569)	Net position:	
Student activities. 7,320 Locally funded programs. 7,918 State programs. 31,575 Restricted for federal programs 3,927 Other purposes. 15,473 Unrestricted (deficit) (2,515,569)	<u>.</u>	494,913
Locally funded programs. 7,918 State programs. 31,575 Restricted for federal programs 3,927 Other purposes. 15,473 Unrestricted (deficit). (2,515,569)		7.222
State programs. 31,575 Restricted for federal programs 3,927 Other purposes. 15,473 Unrestricted (deficit). (2,515,569)		
Restricted for federal programs 3,927 Other purposes 15,473 Unrestricted (deficit) (2,515,569)		
Other purposes. 15,473 Unrestricted (deficit) (2,515,569)		
Unrestricted (deficit)		
Total net position (deficit)		(2,515,569)
	Total net position (deficit)	\$ (1,954,443)

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Operating revenues:	
Foundation revenue	\$ 2,221,296
Special education payments	425,743
Extracurricular	2,242
Classroom fees	8,583
Food service	6,235
Other	 7,319
Total operating revenues	2,671,418
Operating expenses:	
Salaries and wages	1,736,035
Fringe benefits	1,001,405
Purchased services	465,993
Materials and supplies	284,875
Other	135,129
Depreciation	94,523
Total operating expenses	3,717,960
Operating (loss)	 (1,046,542)
Non-operating revenues (expenses):	
Grants and subsidies	556,517
Interest and fiscal charges	(70,648)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	485,869
Change in net position	(560,673)
Net position (deficit) at beginning of year	 (1,393,770)
Net position (deficit) at end of year	\$ (1,954,443)

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Cash received from sextate foundation \$ 2,211,863 Cash received from extracurricular activities 2,237 Cash received from tution and fees 8,858 Cash received from tution and fees 8,858 Cash received from tution and fees 1,722,435 Cash received from other operations 1,722,435 Cash payments for rating and wages 1,722,435 Cash payments for rating benefits (557,723) Cash payments for materials and supplies (287,068) Cash payments for outher expenses (160,121) Net cash (used in) operating activities 555,517 Cash received from grants and subsidies 556,517 Cash received from PPP note 458,700 Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities 1,015,217 Cash received from PPP note 458,700 Net cash provided by noncapital and related financing activities (61,413) Interest and fiscal charges (70,648) Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities (132,061) Reconciliation of operating (loss) to net cash (used in) operating (loss) to net cash (used in) operating (loss) to net cash (used in) operating activities (20,004)	Cash flows from operating activities:	
Cash received from textracurricular activities 2,373 Cash received from tution and fees 6,235 Cash received from tution and fees 1,728 Cash received from tution and fees 1,722,435 Cash payments for salaries and wages 1,722,435 Cash payments for ringe benefits (557,723) Cash payments for meterials and supplies (287,068) Cash payments for other expenses (160,121) Net cash (used in) operating activities 555,17 Cash received from grants and subsidies 555,17 Cash received from PPP note 458,700 Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities 1,015,217 Cash now from capital and related financing activities (61,413) Time cash (used in) capital and related financing activities (70,648) Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities (32,061) Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities (32,061) Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities (32,061) Poet cash (used in) operating (loss) (60,481) Cash at beginning of year (60,481) Cash at beginning of year	Cash received from state foundation	\$ 2,211,863
Cash received from tode services. 6.235 Cash received from uition and fees. 8.583 Cash received from other operations. 7.188 Cash payments for stadres and wages. (1,722,435) Cash payments for cintractual services. (447,526) Cash payments for other expenses. (160,121) Net cash (used in) operating activities. (512,888) Cash flows from noneapital financing activities: 556,517 Cash received from provided by noncapital financing activities: 556,517 Cash received from prass and subsidies. 556,517 Cash received from prass and subsidies. (512,888) Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities: 1,015,217 Cash received from prass and subsidies. (70,648) Net cash provided by noncapital and related (61,413) Interest and fiscal charges. (70,648) Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities. (132,061) Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities. (132,061) Net change in cash 370,268 Cash at beginning of year 60,481 Cash at end of year. 94,523	Cash received from special education payments	425,743
Cash received from tuition and fees 8.583 Cash received from tuition and fees 7.188 Cash payments for salaries and wages (1,722,435) Cash payments for ringe benefits (557,723) Cash payments for contractual services (447,526) Cash payments for materials and supplies (287,068) Cash payments for other expenses (160,121) Net cash (used in) operating activities 556,517 Cash received from grants and subsidies 556,517 Cash received from prants and subsidies 556,517 Cash received from prants and subsidies 556,517 Cash received from PPP note 458,700 Net cash provided by noncapital 1,015,217 Cash crecived from PPP note 458,700 Net cash provided by noncapital and related (61,413) financing activities (70,648) Principal retirement on notes payable (61,413) Interest and fisical charges (70,648) Net cash (used in) capital and related (132,061) financing activities (30,304) Reconciliation of operating (loss) to net 9,103,004 <tr< td=""><td>Cash received from extracurricular activities</td><td>2,373</td></tr<>	Cash received from extracurricular activities	2,373
Cash received from other operations 7.188 Cash payments for salaries and wages. (1,722,435) Cash payments for fringe benefits. (557,723) Cash payments for contractual services (447,526) Cash payments for contractual services (160,121) Cash payments for other expenses. (160,121) Net cash (used in) operating activities. 552,888 Cash received from grants and subsidies. 555,517 Cash received from grants and subsidies. 555,517 Cash received from prants and subsidies. 556,517 Cash received from grants and subsidies. 556,517 Cash received from prants and subsidies. 556,517 Cash received from grants and subsidies. 556,517 Cash received from prants and subsidies. 661,413 Interest and fiscal charges. (61,413) Interest principal retirement on notes payable. (61,413) Interest and fiscal charges. (70,648) Net cash (used in) capital and related (132,061) financing activities. (132,061) Sect chart and beginning of year 660,481 Cash at beginning of year	Cash received from food services	6,235
Cash payments for salaries and wages. (1,722,435) Cash payments for ringe benefits. (557,723) Cash payments for rontractual services. (287,068) Cash payments for ornaterials and supplies. (287,068) Cash payments for ornaterials and supplies. (512,888) Cash grown from noncapital financing activities. 555,517 Cash received from grants and subsidies. 556,517 Cash received from grants and subsidies. 556,517 Cash received from PP note. 458,700 Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities. 1,015,217 Cash flows from capital and related financing activities. (61,413) Interest and fiscal charges. (61,413) Interest and fiscal charges. (70,648) Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities. (132,061) Net cash at end of year. 660,481 Cash at end of year. 50,004 Reconciliation of operating (loss) to net cash (used in) operating activities: 94,523 Operating (loss). \$ (1,046,542) Adjustments: 94,523 Opercease in intergovernmental receivable. (6,932)		8,583
Cash payments for fringe benefits. (557,723) Cash payments for contractual services (287,068) Cash payments for other expenses. (160,121) Net cash (used in) operating activities. (512,888) Cash received from grants and subsidies. 556,517 Cash received from grants and subsidies. 556,517 Cash received from grants and subsidies. 556,517 Cash received from grants and subsidies. 1,015,217 Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities. 6(61,413) Principal retirement on notes payable. (61,413) Interest and fiscal charges. (70,648) Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities. (132,061) Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities. (132,061) Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities. (132,061) Reconciliation of operating (loss) to net cash (used in) operating activities. 9(1,004,542) Adjustments: 94,523 Operating (loss) to net cash in intergovermental receivable. 94,523 Changes in assets and liabilities: (2,964) (Increase) in prepayments (2,904) <	Cash received from other operations	7,188
Cash payments for contractual services (447,526) Cash payments for materials and supplies (287,068) Cash payments for other expenses (160,121) Net cash (used in) operating activities. 556,517 Cash received from grants and subsidies. 556,517 Cash received from PPP note 458,700 Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities. 1,015,217 Cash flows from capital and related financing activities. (61,413) Principal retirement on notes payable. (61,413) Interest and fiscal charges (70,648) Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities. (132,061) Net cash deginning of year (61,413) Cash at beginning of year (60,481) Cash at beginning of year (60,481) Cash at beginning of year (60,481) Cash at one of year in gloss) to net cash (used in) operating (loss) to net cash (used in) ope		
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Cash payments for other expenses (160,121) Net cash (used in) operating activities. (512,888) Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: 556,517 Cash received from PPP note 458,700 Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities. 1,015,217 Cash flows from capital and related financing activities. (61,413) Principal retirement on notes payable. (61,413) Interest and fiscal charges. (70,648) Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities. (132,061) Net change in cash 370,268 Cash at end of year 660,481 Cash at end of year 660,481 Cash at end of year 94,523 Operating (loss) to net cash (used in) operating (loss) to net cash (used in) operating activities: 94,523 Operating (loss). \$ (1,046,542) Adjustments: 94,523 Decrease in active and inabilities: (1,046,542) Changes in assets and liabilities: (2,596) Operating (loss) to net case in intergovernmental receivable. (2,596) Decrease in intergovernmental receivable. (2,596) Decrease		
Net cash (used in) operating activities: (512,888) Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: 555,517 Cash received from grants and subsidies. 556,517 Cash received from PPP note 458,700 Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities. 1,015,217 Cash flows from capital and related financing activities. (61,413) Principal retirement on notes payable. (61,413) Interest and fiscal charges. (70,648) Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities. (132,061) Net change in cash 370,268 Cash at beginning of year 660,481 Cash at end of year. 5 1,030,749 Reconciliation of operating (loss) to net cash (used in) operating discipancing disc		
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: 556,517 Cash received from pPPn one 458,700 Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities. 1,015,217 Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: "Topology of the person of the perso	Cash payments for other expenses	 (160,121)
Cash received from PPP note 458,700 Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities. 1,015,217 Cash flows from capital and related financing activities. (61,413) Principal retirement on notes payable (61,413) Interest and fiscal charges (70,648) Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities. (132,061) Net cash deginning of vear 660,481 Cash at beginning of year 660,481 Cash at ed of year 9,452 Operating (loss) \$ (1,046,542) Adjustments: 94,523 Changes in assets and liabilities: (1,046,542) Changes in assets and liabilities: (2,596) Charcase) in accounts receivable (2,596) Decrease in intergovernmental receivable. (2,596) Decrease in materials and supplies inventory 72 (Increase) in prepayments (2,094) Decrease in materials and supplies inventory 3,851 Increase in perpayable. 3,851 Increase in perpayable. 3,851 Increase in pension and postemployment 4,962 Decrease in deferred ouf	Net cash (used in) operating activities	 (512,888)
Cash received from PPP note 458,700 Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities. 1,015,217 Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: 6(1,413) Principal retirement on notes payable (61,413) Interest and fiscal charges (70,648) Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities. (132,061) Net change in cash 370,268 Cash at beginning of year 660,481 Cash at end of year. \$1,030,749 Reconciliation of operating (loss) to net cash (used in) operating activities: Operating (loss). \$1,046,542 Depreciation 94,523 Changes in assets and liabilities: 2 (Increase) in accounts receivable 2,596 Decrease in intergovernmental receivable 2,596 Decrease in materials and supplies inventory 72 (Increase) in prepayments 2,094 (Decrease) in intergovernmental payable 3,851 (Decrease) in intergovernmental payable 3,851 (Increase) in pepayments 2,000 (Decrease in in accounts payable 3,851 (Decre	Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:	
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities. 1,015,217 Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: 8 Principal retirement on notes payable (al. 413) (61,413) Interest and fiscal charges (70,648) Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities. (132,061) Net cash gein cash 370,268 Cash at beginning of year 660,481 Cash at end of year. 5 1,030,749 Reconciliation of operating (loss) to net cash (used in) operating activities: \$ Operating (loss). \$ (1,046,542) Adjustments: \$ Depreciation 94,523 Changes in assets and liabilities: \$ (Increase) in accounts receivable 2,596 Decrease in intergovernmental receivable. 2,596 Decrease in materials and supplies inventory 72 (Increase) in prepayments 2,094 Decrease in materials and supplies inventory 3,851 (Decrease in accrued wages and benefits 2,826 (Decrease) in intergovernmental payable. 3,851 Increase in pension and postemployment 4,925 <t< td=""><td>Cash received from grants and subsidies</td><td>556,517</td></t<>	Cash received from grants and subsidies	556,517
Kash flows from capital and related floaming activities: (61.413) Principal retirement on notes payable (61.413) Interest and fiscal charges (70.648) Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities. (132.061) Net cash genining of year 660.481 Cash at beginning of year 660.481 Cash at end of year. 5 1,030.749 Reconciliation of operating (loss) to net cash (used in) operating activities: \$ (1,046.542) Operating (loss). \$ (1,046.542) Adjustments: \$ (2,596) Depreciation. 94.523 Changes in assets and liabilities: \$ (2,596) (Increase) in accounts receivable 2,596 Decrease in intergovernmental receivable. 16,932 (Increase) in prepayments 2,094 Decrease in materials and supplies inventory 7 (Increase) in accounts payable. 3,815 (Increase) in accounts payable. 3,815 (Increase in accrued wages and benefits 2,826 (Decrease) in intergovernmental payable. 3,815 Increase in pension and postemployment 3,815	Cash received from PPP note	 458,700
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Increase in net pension liability	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
(Decrease) in net OPEB liability		
Net cash (used in) operating activities		
	Net cash (used in) operating activities	\$ (512,888)

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE ACADEMY

Martime Academy of Toledo (the Academy) is a nonprofit corporation established pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Chapters 3314 and 1702. The Academy's mission is to "build better citizens for America." To accomplish this mission, the Academy commits to one-hundred percent student passage of the Ohio Graduation Test and to achieving a one-hundred percent diploma and graduation rate, by providing students a rigorous, high quality middle/junior/high school education (grades 5 through 12) that incorporates Navy Sea Cadet formation and a U.S. Coast Guard Junior Reserved Officers Training Corps. The Academy offers students a challenging Ohio standards-based education that promotes teamwork and moral leadership through maritime/nautical focused themes that are interwoven throughout and integrated across the curriculum. The Academy, which is part of the State's education program, is independent of any school district and is non-sectarian in its programs, admission policies, employment practices and all other operations. The Academy may sue and be sued, acquire facilities as needed and contract for any services necessary for operation of the Academy.

The Academy operates under a Sponsorship Agreement with the Educational Service Center of Central Ohio (previously known as Franklin County Educational Service Center) (the Sponsor). The current Sponsorship Agreement is for the period July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020. The Sponsor is responsible for evaluating the performance of the Academy and has the authority to deny renewal of the contract at its expiration or terminate the contract prior to its expiration. See Note 14 for more information on the Academy's agreement with its Sponsor.

The Academy operates under the direction of a Governing Board (the Board). The Board is responsible for carrying out the provisions of the contract, which include, but are not limited to, State-mandated provisions regarding student population, curriculum, academic goals, performance standards, admission standards and qualifications of teachers. The Governing Board controls the Academy's instructional/support facility staffed by 18 non-certified and 29 certified teaching personnel who provide services to 278 students.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements (BFS) of the Academy have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

The more significant of the Academy's policies are described below.

A. Basis of Presentation

The Academy's basic financial statements consist of a statement of net position, a statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, and a statement of cash flows. The Academy uses enterprise accounting to track and report its financial activities. Enterprise reporting focuses on the determination of the change in net position, financial position and cash flows.

B. Measurement Focus

Enterprise accounting uses a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets plus deferred outflows and all liabilities plus deferred inflows are included on the statement of net position. The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the Academy finances and meets the cash flow needs of its enterprise activities.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the basic financial statements. The Academy's basic financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place.

Revenues resulting from nonexchange transactions, in which the Academy receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include grants, entitlements and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the fiscal year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the Academy must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the Academy on a reimbursement basis.

Expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

D. Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the Academy, see Note 9 and 10 for deferred outflows of resources related to the Academy's net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset, respectively.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the Academy, see Note 9 and 10 for deferred inflows of resources related to the Academy's net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset, respectively.

E. Budgetary Process

Community schools are statutorily required to adopt a budget by Ohio Revised Code (ORC) 3314.032(C). However, unlike traditional public schools located in the State of Ohio, community schools are not required to follow the specific budgetary process and limits set forth in the ORC Chapter 5705, unless specifically provided in the contract between the Academy and its Sponsor. The contract between the Academy and its Sponsor does not require the Academy to follow the provisions ORC Chapter 5705; therefore, no budgetary information is presented in the basic financial statements. The contract between the Academy and its Sponsor does prescribe an annual budget requirement in addition to preparing a five-year forecast which is updated on an annual basis. Chapter 3314.03(A)(11)(d) of the ORC requires the Academy to prepare a five-year forecast, update it annually, and submit it to the Superintendent of Public Instruction at the Ohio Department of Education.

F. Cash

Cash held by the Academy is reflected as "cash" on the statement of net position. All monies received by the Academy are deposited in a demand deposit accounts. During fiscal year 2020, the Academy had no investments.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

G. Intergovernmental Revenues

The Academy currently participates in the State Foundation Basic Aid and Special Education Programs. The foundation funding is recognized as operating revenues in the accounting period in which they are earned, essentially the same as the fiscal year. Federal and State grants and entitlements are recognized as non-operating revenues in the accounting period in which all eligibility requirements of the grants have been met.

Intergovernmental revenues associated with the Foundation Program Basic Aid totaled \$2,221,296 and those associated with Special Education grants from the State of Ohio totaled \$425,743 during fiscal year 2020.

H. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2020, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

I. Capital Assets and Depreciation

Capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition value as of the date received. The Academy maintains a capitalization threshold of \$1,500. The Academy does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; however, the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets except land are depreciated. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

<u>Description</u>	Estimated Lives
Land Improvements	20 years
Buildings and improvements	40 years
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	5 - 15 years
Vehicles	6 - 15 years

J. Accrued Liabilities Payable

The Academy has recognized certain liabilities on the statement of net position relating to expenses, which are due, but unpaid as of June 30, 2020 including:

Accounts payable - payments goods or services rendered or received prior to June 30 that were paid in the subsequent fiscal year.

Accrued wages and benefits payable - salary payments made after year-end to instructional and support staff for services rendered prior to the end of June, but whose payroll continues into the summer months based on the fiscal year 2020 contract.

Pension and postemployment benefits payable - payments for the employer's share of the retirement contributions and SERS surcharge.

Intergovernmental payable - payments for Medicare and amounts due to other governments associated with services rendered during fiscal year 2020 that were paid in the subsequent fiscal year.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

K. Compensated Absences

Full-time administrative employees earn two to four weeks vacation leave each year and may carry-over any unused vacation leave to subsequent school years. Unused vacation leave will not be paid to any other employees upon separation of employment.

Full time professional employees earn five sick days per year and full-time administrative staff earn five to fifteen sick days per year. Sick leave may not be accumulated. Unused sick leave is not paid out to employees upon separation of employment.

Professional employees earn one personal day per year and full-time administrative personnel earn two personal days per year. Personal leave may not be accumulated. Unused personal days are not paid out to employees upon separation of employment.

L. Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability and net OPEB asset, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

M. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows. The net position component "net investment in capital assets," consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Academy or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The Academy applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

N. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly by the Academy's primary mission. For the Academy, these revenues are primarily State of Ohio foundation payments. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the good or service that are the primary activity of the Academy. Operating expenses include, salaries and wages, fringe benefits, purchased services, material and supplies, depreciation and other miscellaneous expenses. Revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as non-operating.

O. Estimates

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

P. Federal Tax Exemption Status

The Academy is a non-profit organization that has been determined by the Internal Revenue Service to be exempt from federal income taxes as a tax-exempt organization under Section 501(C)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. Management is not aware of any course of action or series of events that have occurred that might adversely affect the Academy's tax-exempt status.

Q. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. During fiscal year 2020, the Academy had neither type of transaction.

R. Materials and Supplies Inventory

Purchased inventories are presented at lower of cost or market and are recorded on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed/expended when used. Inventories are accounted for using the consumption method.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY

For fiscal year 2020, the Academy has implemented GASB Statement No. 84, "<u>Fiduciary Activities</u>" and GASB Statement No. 90, "<u>Majority Equity Interests - an amendment to GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61</u>".

GASB Statement No. 84 establishes specific criteria for identifying activities that should be reported as fiduciary activities and clarifies whether and how business-type activities should report their fiduciary activities. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 84 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Academy.

GASB Statement No. 90 improves the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. It defines a majority equity interest and specifies that a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization should be reported as an investment if a government's holding of the equity interest meets the definition of an investment. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 90 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Academy.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

A. Deposits

At June 30, 2020, the carrying amount of Academy deposits was \$1,030,749 and the bank balance of Academy deposits was \$1,088,157. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by the FDIC and \$838,157 was uninsured and collateralized by securities held by the financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the name of the Academy. There are no significant statutory restrictions regarding the deposit and investment of funds by the non-profit corporation.

B. Investments

The Academy had no investments at June 30, 2020.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 5 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2020, consisted of intergovernmental receivables arising from grants and entitlements and accounts receivable related to food service operations and charges for services. All receivables are considered collectable in full. A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

Intergovernmental Receivables:	A	Amount			
State foundation	\$	13,369			
Other amounts		131			
Total	\$	13,500			

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, was as follows:

		Balance						Balance	
		06/30/19		Additions		Deductions		06/30/20	
Governmental activities:									
Capital assets, not being depreciated:									
Land	\$	68,560	\$		\$	_	\$	68,560	
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	_	68,560		=			_	68,560	
Capital assets, being depreciated:									
Land improvements		90,182		-		-		90,182	
Buildings and improvements		2,172,810		-		-		2,172,810	
Furniture, fixtures and equipment		397,217		-		-		397,217	
Vehicles		45,000	_					45,000	
Total capital assets, being depreciated		2,705,209	_				_	2,705,209	
Less: accumulated depreciation:									
Land improvements		(40,194)		(5,066)		-		(45,260)	
Buildings and improvements		(461,761)		(54,499)		-		(516,260)	
Furniture, fixtures and equipment		(267,567)		(31,958)		-		(299,525)	
Vehicles		(20,166)	_	(3,000)				(23,166)	
Total accumulated depreciation	_	(789,688)	_	(94,523)				(884,211)	
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	1,984,081	\$	(94,523)	\$	_	\$	1,889,558	

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The changes in the Academy's long-term obligations during the year consist of the following.

	<u>A</u>	dditions	Re	eductions_				ne Within One Year
\$ 1,456,058	\$	-	\$	(61,413)	\$	1,394,645	\$	64,523
-		458,700		-		458,700		178,471
3,022,911		84,735		-		3,107,646		-
 435,985				(27,022)		408,963		
\$ 4,914,954	\$	543,435	\$	(88,435)	\$	5,369,954	\$	242,994
	3,022,911 435,985	06/30/19 A \$ 1,456,058 \$ 3,022,911 435,985	06/30/19 Additions \$ 1,456,058 \$ - - 458,700 3,022,911 84,735 435,985 -	06/30/19 Additions Res \$ 1,456,058 \$ - \$ - 458,700 3,022,911 84,735 435,985 -	06/30/19 Additions Reductions \$ 1,456,058 \$ - \$ (61,413) - 458,700 - 3,022,911 84,735 - 435,985 - (27,022)	06/30/19 Additions Reductions \$ 1,456,058 \$ - \$ (61,413) \$ - 458,700 - - 3,022,911 84,735 - - 435,985 - (27,022)	06/30/19 Additions Reductions 06/30/20 \$ 1,456,058 \$ - \$ (61,413) \$ 1,394,645 - 458,700 - 458,700 3,022,911 84,735 - 3,107,646 435,985 - (27,022) 408,963	06/30/19 Additions Reductions 06/30/20 C \$ 1,456,058 \$ - \$ (61,413) \$ 1,394,645 \$ - 458,700 - 458,700 3,022,911 84,735 - 3,107,646 435,985 - (27,022) 408,963

See Note 9 for detail on the net pension liability.

See Note 10 for detail on the net OPEB liability/asset.

<u>Note Payable #1</u>: On August 24, 2015, the Academy borrowed a \$1,664,345 mortgage note payable from Farmers & Merchants State Bank to refinance its mortgage note payable from Genoa Bank to take advantage of better interest rates. This note is a 10 year note, bears an interest rate of 4.95 percent, and matures August 24, 2025. The note is being amortized over 240 monthly payments and will require a balloon payment of unpaid principal and interest on August 24, 2025. Principal and interest payments are made by the Academy monthly. The Academy made \$61,413 and \$70,648 in principal and interest payments, respectively, in fiscal year 2020.

The note payable is considered a direct borrowing. Direct borrowings have terms negotiated directly between the Academy and the lender and are not offered for public sale. The property for which monies were borrowed serves as collateral for the debt.

The following is a summary of the future annual debt service requirements to maturity for the mortgage note with Farmers & Merchants State Bank:

Fiscal Year			
Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 64,523	\$ 67,538	\$ 132,061
2022	67,791	64,271	132,062
2023	71,223	60,838	132,061
2024	74,830	57,231	132,061
2025	78,619	53,442	132,061
2026	1,037,659	8,525	1,046,184
Total	\$ 1,394,645	\$ 311,845	\$ 1,706,490

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

Note Payable #2: On May 4, 2020, the Academy entered into a note payable with The Farmers and Merchants State Bank in the amount of \$458,700 under the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act through the Small Business Administration (SBA) under the Payroll Protection Program (PPP). This note is considered a direct borrowing. Direct borrowings have terms negotiated between the Academy and the lender and are not offered for public sale. The note carries an interest rate of 1.00% and has a maturity date of May 4, 2022. Forgiveness of the note is available for principal that is used for the limited purposes that quality for forgiveness under SBA requirements, and that to obtain forgiveness, the Academy must request it and must provide documentation in accordance with the SBA requirements.

The following is a schedule of the future payments due on the note payable:

i iscai i cai Liidilig	Fiscal	Year	Ending
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June 30,	F	rincipal	<u>I</u> 1	nterest	_	Total
2021 2022	\$	178,471 280,229	\$	2,230 1,393	\$	180,701 281,622
Total	\$	458,700	\$	3,623	\$	462,323

NOTE 8 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Insurance Coverage

The Academy is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the Academy contracted with the Hanover Insurance Company for insurance coverage as follows:

Blanket Building & BPP	\$ 9,700,000
Commercial General Liability per occurrence	1,000,000
Commercial General Liability aggregate	2,000,000
Commercial General Liability Personal and	
Advertising Injury	1,000,000
Products/Completed Operations aggregate	2,000,000
Excess/Umbrella per occurrence and aggregate	5,000,000
Sexual/Physical Abuse or Molestation per occurrence	
and aggregate	1,000,000
Employee Benefits Liability per occurrence and aggregate	1,000,000
Stop Gap Liability per occurrence and aggregate	1,000,000
Fire Damage Limit	500,000
Medical Expenses (any one person)	15,000

Settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three years and there have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from fiscal year 2019.

B. Workers' Compensation

The Academy pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium for employee injury coverage. The premium is calculated by multiplying the monthly total gross payroll by a factor that is calculated by the State.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 8 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

C. Employee Medical, Dental and Vision Benefits

The Academy has contracted through an independent agent to provide employee medical, dental and vision insurance to its full time employees who work 25 or more hours per week. The Academy pays 70 percent and the employee pays 30 percent of the monthly premiums for all selected coverage (medical, dental and vision insurance).

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability represents the Academy's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the Academy's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The Academy cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the Academy does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in pension and postemployment benefits payable on the accrual basis of accounting.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description - The Academy non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *	Eligible to Retire after August 1, 2017
Full benefits	Age 65 with 5 years of services credit: or Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially reduced benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit; or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

^{*} Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017 will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.2% for the first thirty years of service and 2.5% for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

Effective January 1, 2018, SERS cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) changed from a fixed 3% annual increase to one based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI-W) with a cap of 2.5% and a floor of 0%. SERS also has the authority to award or suspend the COLA, or to adjust the COLA above or below CPI-W. SERS suspended the COLA increases for 2018, 2019 and 2020 for current retirees, and confirmed their intent to implement a four-year waiting period for the state of a COLA for future retirees.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10% of their annual covered salary and the Academy is required to contribute 14% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10% for plan members and 14% for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14.0%.

The Academy's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$90,397 for fiscal year 2020. Of this amount, \$10,051 is reported as pension and postemployment benefits payable.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description - Licensed teachers participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS website at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307. The DB Plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation will be 2.2% of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. Effective July 1, 2017, the cost-of-living adjustment was reduced to zero. Members are eligible to retire at age 60 with five years of qualifying service credit, or age 55 with 28 years of service, or 33 years of service regardless of age. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.53% of the 14% employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.47% of the 14% employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12% of the 14% member rate goes to the DC Plan and the remaining 2% is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity after termination of employment at age 50 or later.

New members who choose the DC Plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit to apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. For fiscal year 2020, plan members were required to contribute 14% of their annual covered salary. The Academy was required to contribute 14%; the entire 14% was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The fiscal year 2020 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

The Academy's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$151,408 for fiscal year 2020. Of this amount, \$15,008 is reported as pension and postemployment benefits payable.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Academy 's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the Academy 's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

		SERS		STRS	Total
Proportion of the net pension					
liability prior measurement date	0.0	01570620%	0	.00965714%	
Proportion of the net pension					
liability current measurement date	0.0	01604070%	0	.00971269%	
Change in proportionate share	0.0	00033450%	0	.00005555%	
Proportionate share of the net					
pension liability	\$	959,743	\$	2,147,903	\$ 3,107,646
Pension expense	\$	233,724	\$	453,462	\$ 687,186

At June 30, 2020, the Academy reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	SERS	 STRS		Total
Deferred outflows of resources				
Differences between expected and				
actual experience	\$ 24,337	\$ 17,490	\$	41,827
Changes of assumptions	-	252,314		252,314
Difference between employer contributions				
and proportionate share of contributions/				
change in proportionate share	52,773	200,649		253,422
Contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date	 90,397	 151,408		241,805
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 167,507	\$ 621,861	\$	789,368
	SERS	STRS		Total
Deferred inflows of resources				
Differences between expected and				
actual experience	\$ -	\$ 9,298	\$	9,298
Net difference between projected and				
actual earnings on pension plan investments	12,322	104,976		117,298
Difference between employer contributions				
and proportionate share of contributions/				
change in proportionate share		 2,256	_	2,256

\$241,805 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from Academy contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2021.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	SERS	 STRS	Total		
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:					
2021	\$ 76,138	\$ 235,947	\$	312,085	
2022	(17,513)	109,549		92,036	
2023	(820)	(3,743)		(4,563)	
2024	6,983	12,170		19,153	
Total	\$ 64,788	\$ 353,923	\$	418,711	

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2019, are presented below:

Wage inflation 3.00%
Future salary increases, including inflation 3.50% to 18.20%
COLA or ad hoc COLA 2.50%

Investment rate of return 7.50% net of investments expense, including inflation Actuarial cost method Entry age normal (level percent of payroll)

For 2019, the mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age set-back for both males and females. Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries were based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates. Mortality among disabled members was based upon the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major assets class are summarized in the following table:

A G	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00 %	0.50 %
US Equity	22.50	4.75
International Equity	22.50	7.00
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	8.00
Real Assets	15.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	10.00	3.00
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.50%). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Academy's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.50%), or one percentage point higher (8.50%) than the current rate.

			,	Cullellt		
	_1%	Decrease	Disc	count Rate	1%	Increase
Academy's proportionate share						
of the net pension liability	\$	1,344,943	\$	959,743	\$	636,705

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the July 1, 2019, actuarial valuation are presented below:

	July 1, 2019
Inflation	2.50%
Projected salary increases	12.50% at age 20 to
	2.50% at age 65
Investment rate of return	7.45%, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Payroll increases	3.00%
Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA)	0.00%

For the July 1, 2019, actuarial valuation, post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2019 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

STRS Ohio's investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	TargetAllocation*	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return **
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

^{*}Target weights will be phased in over a 24-month period concluding on July 1, 2019.

^{**10-}Year geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.45% as of June 30, 2019. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2019. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.45% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2019.

Sensitivity of the Academy's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table presents the Academy 's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45%, as well as what the Academy 's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.45%) or one-percentage-point higher (8.45%) than the current rate:

	Current					
	1%	Decrease	Discount Rate		19	% Increase
Academy's proportionate share						
of the net pension liability	\$	3,138,921	\$	2,147,903	\$	1,308,956

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS

Net OPEB Liability/Asset

The net OPEB liability/asset reported on the statement of net position represents a liability/asset to employees for OPEB. OPEB is a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for OPEB is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net OPEB liability/asset represents the Academy's proportionate share of each OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net OPEB liability/asset calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the Academy's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The Academy cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which OPEB are financed; however, the Academy does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including OPEB.

GASB 75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because they benefit from employee services. OPEB contributions come from these employers and health care plan enrollees which pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. Any change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net OPEB liability/asset. Resulting adjustments to the net OPEB liability/asset would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded/funded benefits is presented as a long-term *net OPEB liability* or *net OPEB asset* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required OPEB contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in pension and postemployment benefits payable on the accrual basis of accounting.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The GDA contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14% of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, SERS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, prorated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2020, this amount was \$19,600. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2% of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5% of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2020, the Academy's surcharge obligation was \$10,956.

The surcharge added to the allocated portion of the 14% employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The Academy's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$10,956 for fiscal year 2020. Of this amount, \$10,956 is reported as pension and postemployment benefits payable.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued effective January 1, 2021. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14% of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

OPEB Liabilities/Assets, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability/asset was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total OPEB liability/asset used to calculate the net OPEB liability/asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Academy's proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset was based on the Academy 's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

	SERS		STRS		 Total
Proportion of the net OPEB					
liability/asset prior measurement date	0.	01571530%	0	.00965714%	
Proportion of the net OPEB					
liability/asset current measurement date	0.	01626230%	0	.00971269%	
Change in proportionate share	0.	00054700%	0	.00005555%	
Proportionate share of the net					
OPEB liability	\$	408,963	\$	-	\$ 408,963
Proportionate share of the net					
OPEB asset	\$	-	\$	(160,865)	\$ (160,865)
OPEB expense	\$	32,280	\$	(38,343)	\$ (6,063)

At June 30, 2020, the Academy reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	SERS		STRS		Total	
Deferred outflows of resources						
Differences between expected and						
actual experience	\$	6,004	\$	14,583	\$	20,587
Net difference between projected and						
actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		981		-		981
Changes of assumptions		29,870		3,381		33,251
Difference between employer contributions						
and proportionate share of contributions/						
change in proportionate share		71,364		46,358		117,722
Contributions subsequent to the						
measurement date		10,956				10,956
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	119,175	\$	64,322	\$	183,497

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

	SERS		STRS		Total	
Deferred inflows of resources						
Differences between expected and						
actual experience	\$	89,847	\$	8,184	\$	98,031
Net difference between projected and						
actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		-		10,104		10,104
Changes of assumptions		22,915		176,370		199,285
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	112,762	\$	194,658	\$	307,420

\$10,956 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from Academy contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability/asset in the year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	SERS	STRS		Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:				
2021	\$ (5,400)	\$	(27,495)	\$ (32,895)
2022	2,823		(27,495)	(24,672)
2023	3,110		(23,446)	(20,336)
2024	3,064		(22,024)	(18,960)
2025	(3,985)		(30,389)	(34,374)
Thereafter	 (4,155)		513	 (3,642)
Total	\$ (4,543)	\$	(130,336)	\$ (134,879)

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2019 are presented below:

Wage inflation	3.00%
Future salary increases, including inflation	3.50% to 18.20%
Investment rate of return	7.50% net of investments
	expense, including inflation
Municipal bond index rate:	
Measurement date	3.13%
Prior measurement date	3.62%
Single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense,	
including price inflation:	
Measurement date	3.22%
Prior measurement date	3.70%
Medical trend assumption:	
Measurement date	
Medicare	5.25 to 4.75%
Pre-Medicare	7.00 to 4.75%
Prior measurement date	
Medicare	5.375 to 4.75%
Pre-Medicare	7.25 to 4.75%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and Scale BB, 120% of male rates and 110% of female rates. RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates set back five years.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2010 through 2015, and was adopted by the Board on April 21, 2016. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.50%, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as used in the June 30, 2015 five-year experience study, are summarized as follows:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00 %	0.50 %
US Equity	22.50	4.75
International Equity	22.50	7.00
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	8.00
Real Assets	15.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	10.00	3.00
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2019 was 3.22%. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2019 was 3.70%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the state statute contribution rate of 2.00% of projected covered employee payroll each year, which includes a 1.50% payroll surcharge and 0.50% of contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make future benefit payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan assets was used to present value the projected benefit payments through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024 and the Fidelity General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index rate of 3.13%, as of June 30, 2019 (i.e. municipal bond rate), was used to present value the projected benefit payments for the remaining years in the projection. A municipal bond rate of 3.62% was used as of June 30, 2018. The total present value of projected benefit payments from all years was then used to determine the single rate of return that was used as the discount rate. The projection of future benefit payments for all current plan members was until the benefit payments ran out.

Sensitivity of the Academy's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates - The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability of SERS, what SERS' net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.22%) and higher (4.22%) than the current discount rate (3.22%). Also shown is what SERS' net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (6.00% decreasing to 3.75%) and higher (8.00% decreasing to 5.75%) than the current rate.

	Current							
	1% Decrease		Disc	count Rate	1% Increase			
Academy's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	496,403	\$	408,963	\$	339,437		
	1% Decrease		Current Trend Rate		1% Increase			
Academy's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	327,662	\$	408,963	\$	516,829		

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the July 1, 2019, actuarial valuation, compared with July 1, 2018, are presented below:

	July	1, 2019	July 1, 2018				
Inflation	2.50%		2.50%				
Projected salary increases	12.50% at age 20	0 to	12.50% at age 20	Oto			
	2.50% at age 65	5	2.50% at age 65	i			
Investment rate of return	7.45%, net of in expenses, inclu		7.45%, net of investment expenses, including inflation				
Payroll increases	3.00%		3.00%				
Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA)	0.00%		0.00%				
Discounted rate of return	7.45%		7.45%				
Blended discount rate of return	N/A		N/A				
Health care cost trends							
	Initial	Ultimate	Initial	Ultimate			
Medical							
Pre-Medicare	5.87%	4.00%	6.00%	4.00%			
Medicare	4.93%	4.00%	5.00%	4.00%			
Prescription Drug							
Pre-Medicare	7.73%	4.00%	8.00%	4.00%			
Medicare	9.62%	4.00%	-5.23% 4.00%				

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

Assumption Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - There were no changes in assumptions since the prior measurement date of June 30, 2018.

Benefit Term Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - There was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were trended to the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020 to reflect the current price renewals. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2020 from 1.944% to 1.984% per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation*	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return **
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

^{*} Target weights will be phased in over a 24-month period concluding on July 1, 2019.

**10-Year geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB asset was 7.45% as of June 30, 2019. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes STRS Ohio continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care plan investments of 7.45% was used to measure the total OPEB asset as of June 30, 2019.

Sensitivity of the Academy's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate - The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2019, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45%, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.45%) or one percentage point higher (8.45%) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

	Current								
	1%	Decrease	Disc	count Rate	1% Increase				
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$	137,267	\$	160,865	\$	180,707			
	1% Decrease			Current end Rate	1% Increase				
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$	182,414	\$	160,865	\$	134,474			

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 11 - OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Compensated Absences

Full-time administrative staff earn from two to four weeks vacation leave each year. Unused vacation does not carryover to subsequent fiscal years unless specified in the employees' contract and is not paid out to employees upon separation of employment. No liability is recorded at June 30, 2020.

Full time professional employees earn five sick days per year and full-time administrative staff earn five sick days per year. All employees may carryover two sick days to subsequent fiscal years. Unused sick leave is not paid out to employees upon separation of employment. No liability for sick leave is recorded at June 30, 2020.

Professional employees earn two personal days per year and full-time administrative personnel earn two personal days per year. Personal leave may not be accumulated. Unused personal days are not paid out to employees upon separation of employment. No liability for unused personal leave is recorded at June 30, 2020.

NOTE 12 - OPERATING LEASES

A. Toledo-Lucas County Port Authority

On April 28, 2014, the Academy entered into a lease for office space at One Maritime Plaza, Toledo, Ohio from the Toledo-Lucas County Port Authority. The term of the lease is 60 months and commenced on May 1, 2014. On April 17, 2019, the Academy renewed the lease for an additional 60 months and commenced on May 1, 2019 and ends April 30, 2024. Total rent expense for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 was \$112,477.

The following is a schedule of the future payments required under the operating lease as of June 30, 2020.

Fiscal Year	Lease					
Ending June 30,	Payments					
2021	\$	112,913				
2022		115,092				
2023		115,528				
2024		98,091				
	_					
Total	\$	441,624				

On January 31, 2017, the Academy entered into a lease for an additional 1,230 square feet of office space at One Maritime Plaza, Toledo, Ohio from the Toledo-Lucas County Port Authority. The term of the lease is for 36 months and commenced on February 1, 2017. Lease was renewed for an additional 3 years commencing on February 1, 2020 at a monthly rate of \$1,732.50. Total rent expense for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 was \$20,143.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 12 - OPERATING LEASES - (Continued)

The table is a schedule of the future minimum payments required under the operating lease as of June 30, 2020. On February 3, 2017, the Academy entered into a sublease agreement with the Sea School Great Lakes where the Sea School Great Lakes will pay the Academy \$1,640 a month for 36 months. Sublease was renewed for an additional 3 years commencing on February 1, 2020 at a monthly rate of \$1,732.50. The Academy received \$20,143 in rental payments during the fiscal year to offset the Academy's lease payments for the additional space.

Fiscal Year	Building			
Ending June 30,		Rent		
2021	\$	20,790		
2022		20,790		
2023		12,128		
	\$	74,498		

B. VStep Simulator

On September 20, 2013, the Academy entered into a lease for service, software and on-site service from the company VStep for the ongoing use of Nautis MFMBS Maritime Simulators. The term of the lease is ten years and commenced on September 20, 2013. Total expenses for this lease for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 was \$47,920. The following is a schedule of the future minimum payments required under the operating lease as of June 30, 2020:

Fiscal Year	Lease					
Ending June 30,	Payments					
2021	\$	47,920				
2022		47,920				
2023		47,920				
2024		23,960				
Total	\$	167,720				

NOTE 13 - PURCHASED SERVICES

For the year ended June 30, 2020, purchased service expenses were payments for services rendered by various vendors, as follows:

	Amount		
Professional and techincal services	\$	76,520	
Property services		174,336	
Travel milage/meeting expense		11,039	
Communications		76,783	
Utilities		107,129	
Contracted craft or trade		4,236	
Tuition		2,165	
Other		13,785	
Total	\$	465,993	

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 14 - SPONSOR CONTRACT

The Academy entered into a two-year contract with the Sponsor for the period July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2021. Under the contract, the following terms were agreed upon:

- The Academy shall comply with the policies and provisions described in the "Educational Program", which contains the Academy's mission, educational philosophy, the ages and grades of students, the characteristics of the students the Academy is expected to attract, and the focus of the curriculum.
- The Academy shall comply with a "Financial Plan", which details an estimated school budget for
 each year of the period of the contract and shall specify the total estimated per pupil expenditure
 amount for each such year.
- The Academy shall comply with the procedures by which the members of the Academy will be selected in the future as set forth in the "Governance and Administrative Plan".
- The Academy shall agree to assess student achievement of academic goals using the methods of measurement identified in the "Assessment and Accountability Plan".
- The Sponsor shall evaluate the performance of the Academy and agrees to comply with the standards by which the success of the Academy will be evaluated.

The Academy paid \$80,085 in sponsorship fees to the Sponsor during fiscal year 2020.

NOTE 15 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The Academy received financial assistance from federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability. This also encompasses the Auditor of State's ongoing review of student attendance data. However, the effect of any such disallowed claims on the overall financial position of the Academy at June 30, 2020, if applicable, cannot be determined at this time.

B. Litigation

The Academy is not involved in any litigation that, in the opinion of management, would have a material effect on the financial statements.

C. State Foundation Funding

Academy foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. However, there is an important nexus between attendance and enrollment for Foundation funding purposes. Community schools must provide documentation that clearly demonstrates students have participated in learning opportunities. The Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to adjust/reconcile funding as enrollment information is updated by schools throughout the State, which can extend past the fiscal year end.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 15 - CONTINGENCIES - (Continued)

Under Ohio Rev. Code Section 3314.08, ODE may also perform an FTE Review subsequent to the fiscal year end that may result in an additional adjustment to the enrollment information as well as claw backs of Foundation funding due to a lack of evidence to support student participation and other matters of noncompliance.

ODE performed such a review on the Academy for fiscal year 2020. As a result of the fiscal year ended 2020 review, the Academy was underpaid by \$13,369. This amount has been reported as intergovernmental receivable on the statement of net position.

In addition, the Academy's contracts with their Sponsor, require payment based on revenues received from the State. As discussed above, additional FTE adjustments for fiscal year 2020 were required and have been finalized. The impact on the fiscal year 2020 financial statements, related to additional reconciliation necessary with this contract, resulted in an increase of \$401 owed to the Academy's sponsor. This amount is not material to the Academy's financial statements at fiscal year-end and has not been recorded.

D. COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the Academy. The Academy's investment portfolio and the investments of the pension and other employee benefit plan in which the Academy participates fluctuate with market conditions, and due to market volatility, the amount of gains or losses that will be recognized in subsequent periods, if any, cannot be determined. In addition, the impact on the Academy's future operating costs, revenues, and any recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

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SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE ACADEMY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS

	2020		2019		2018		2017	
Academy's proportion of the net pension liability	0.01604070%		0.01570620%		0.01258610%		0.	01212520%
Academy's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	959,743	\$	899,523	\$	751,992	\$	887,453
Academy's covered payroll	\$	558,126	\$	472,763	\$	459,257	\$	414,286
Academy's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		171.96%		190.27%		163.74%		214.21%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		70.85%		71.36%		69.50%		62.98%

Note: Information prior to 2014 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the Academy's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

	2016	2015		2014			
0.	0.01220770% 0.		.01007900%	0.	01007900%		
\$	696,583	\$	510,092	\$	599,366		
\$	367,504	\$	292,872	\$	239,588		
	189.54%		174.17%		250.17%		
	69.16%		71.70%		65.52%		

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE ACADEMY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS

	2020		2019		2018		2017	
Academy's proportion of the net pension liability	0.00971269%		0.00965714%		0.00935225%		C	0.00814205%
Academy's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	2,147,903	\$	2,123,388	\$	2,221,647	\$	2,725,390
Academy's covered payroll	\$	1,085,121	\$	1,142,893	\$	1,106,550	\$	857,521
Academy's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		197.94%		185.79%		200.77%		317.82%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		77.40%		77.31%		75.30%		66.80%

Note: Information prior to 2014 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the Academy's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

	2016		2015	2014			
(0.00780231%		0.00704478%	0.00704478%			
\$	2,156,330	\$	1,713,534	\$	2,041,151		
\$	822,136	\$	719,777	\$	654,777		
	262.28%		238.06%		311.73%		
	72.10%		74.70%		69.30%		

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE ACADEMY'S PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2020		2019		2018		2017	
Contractually required contribution	\$	90,397	\$	75,347	\$	63,823	\$	64,296
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(90,397)		(75,347)		(63,823)		(64,296)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$	_	\$		\$	
Academy's covered payroll	\$	645,693	\$	558,126	\$	472,763	\$	459,257
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		14.00%		13.50%		13.50%		14.00%

2016		2015		2014		 2013		2012	2011		
\$	58,000	\$	48,437	\$	40,592	\$ 33,159	\$ 38,117		\$	38,153	
	(58,000)		(48,437)		(40,592)	 (33,159)		(38,117)		(38,153)	
\$		\$		\$		\$ 	\$		\$		
\$	414,286	\$	367,504	\$	292,872	\$ 239,588	\$	283,398	\$	303,524	
	14.00%		13.18%		13.86%	13.84%		13.45%		12.57%	

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE ACADEMY'S PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2020		 2019	 2018	2017	
Contractually required contribution	\$	151,408	\$ 151,917	\$ 160,005	\$	154,917
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(151,408)	 (151,917)	 (160,005)		(154,917)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	_	\$ _	\$ _	\$	_
Academy's covered payroll	\$	1,081,486	\$ 1,085,121	\$ 1,142,893	\$	1,106,550
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		14.00%	14.00%	14.00%		14.00%

2016			2015	 2014	 2013	 2012	2011		
\$	120,053	\$	115,099	\$ 93,571	\$ 85,121	\$ 79,883	\$	90,682	
	(120,053)		(115,099)	 (93,571)	 (85,121)	 (79,883)		(90,682)	
\$		\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$	-	
\$	857,521	\$	822,136	\$ 719,777	\$ 654,777	\$ 614,485	\$	697,554	
	14.00%		14.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%		13.00%	

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE ACADEMY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS

	2020			2019		2018		2017	
Academy's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.01626230%		0.01571530%		0.01277320%		0.01217425%		
Academy's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	408,963	\$	435,985	\$	342,799	\$	347,011	
Academy's covered payroll	\$	558,126	\$	472,763	\$	459,257	\$	414,286	
Academy's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		73.27%		92.22%		74.64%		83.76%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		15.57%		13.57%		12.46%		11.49%	

Note: Information prior to 2017 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the Academy's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE ACADEMY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY/ASSET STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS

	2020			2019		2018		2017	
Academy's proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset	0.00971269%		(0.00965714%		0.00935225%		0.00814205%	
Academy's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/(asset) Academy's covered payroll	\$ \$	(160,865) 1,085,121	\$ \$	(155,180) 1,142,893	\$	364,890 1.106,550	\$ \$	435,439 857,521	
Academy's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/asset as a percentage of its covered payroll	Ψ	14.82%	ý.	13.58%	Ψ	32.98%	Ψ	50.78%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability/asset		174.70%		176.00%		47.10%		37.33%	

Note: Information prior to 2017 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the Academy's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE ACADEMY'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2020		 2019	 2018	2017	
Contractually required contribution	\$	10,956	\$ 11,891	\$ 9,883	\$	6,967
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(10,956)	 (11,891)	 (9,883)		(6,967)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$	
Academy's covered payroll	\$	645,693	\$ 558,126	\$ 472,763	\$	459,257
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		1.70%	2.09%	1.52%		1.37%

2016		2015		2014		 2013	 2012	2011		
\$	5,674	\$	7,093	\$	4,610	\$ 3,953	\$ 5,546	\$	7,513	
	(5,674)		(7,093)		(4,610)	 (3,953)	 (5,546)		(7,513)	
\$		\$	_	\$		\$ _	\$ _	\$		
\$	414,286	\$	367,504	\$	292,872	\$ 239,588	\$ 283,398	\$	303,524	
	1.93%		1.57%		1.65%	1.96%	2.48%		1.14%	

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE ACADEMY'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2020		 2019	2018	2017	
Contractually required contribution	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		<u> </u>	 			
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$	
Academy's covered payroll	\$	1,081,486	\$ 1,085,121	\$ 1,142,893	\$	1,106,550
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		0.00%

2016		2015		2014		 2013	 2012	2011		
\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,958	\$ 6,548	\$ 6,145	\$	6,976	
					(7,958)	 (6,548)	 (6,145)		(6,976)	
\$		\$		\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$		
\$	857,521	\$	822,136	\$	719,777	\$ 654,777	\$ 614,485	\$	697,554	
	0.00%		0.00%		1.11%	1.00%	1.00%		1.00%	

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

PENSION

SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal years 2014-2017. For fiscal year 2018, SERS changed from a fixed 3% annual increase to a Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) based on the changes in the Consumer Price Index (CPI-W), with a cap of 2.5% and a floor of 0%. There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal years 2019-2020.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2014-2016. For fiscal year 2017, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%, (b) payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%, (c) assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%, (d) Rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality among active members was updated to RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females, (f) mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries was updated to the following RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates, (g) mortality among disabled members was updated to RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement and (h) the discount rate was reduced from 7.75% to 7.50%. There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2018-2020.

STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal years 2014-2017. For fiscal year 2018, STRS decreased the Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) to zero. There were no changes in benefit terms from amounts previously reported for fiscal years 2019-2020.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2014-2017. For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumption affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75% to 7.45%, (b) the inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75% to 2.50%, (c) the payroll growth assumption was lowered to 3.00%, (d) total salary increases rate was lowered by decreasing the merit component of the individual salary increases, in addition to a decrease of 0.25% due to lower inflation (e) the healthy and disabled mortality assumptions were updated to the RP-2014 mortality tables with generational improvement scale MP-2016 and (f) rates of retirement, termination and disability were modified to better reflect anticipated future experience. There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2020.

(Continued)

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal years 2017-2020.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2017. For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%, (b) payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%, (c) assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%, (d) rates of withdrawal, retirement, and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality among active members was updated to the following: RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age set-back for both males and females, (f) mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries was updated to the following: RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates, (g) mortality among disabled members was updated to the following: RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement, (h) the municipal bond index rate increased from 2.92% to 3.56% and (i) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation increased from 2.98% to 3.63%. For fiscal year 2019, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate increased from 3.63% to 3.70%, (b) the health care cost trend rates for Medicare were changed from a range of 5.50%-5.00% to a range of 5.375%-4.75% and Pre-Medicare were changed from a range of 7.50%-5.00% to a range of 7.25%-4.75%, (c) the municipal bond index rate increased from 3.56% to 3.62% and (d) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation increased from 3.63% to 3.70%. For fiscal year 2020, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate decreased from 3.70% to 3.22%, (b) the health care cost trend rates for Medicare were changed from a range of 5.375%-4.75% to a range of 5.25%-4.75% and Pre-Medicare were changed from a range of 7.25%-4.75% to a range of 7.00%-4.75%, (c) the municipal bond index rate decreased from 3.62% to 3.13% and (d) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation decreased from 3.70% to 3.22%.

STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2017. For fiscal year 2018, STRS reduced the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients from 2.1% to 1.9% per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 2019. For fiscal year 2019, STRS increased the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients from 1.9% to 1.944% per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased January 1, 2019 and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020. For fiscal year 2020, STRS increase the subsidy percentage from 1.944% to 1.984% effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2017. For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumption affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from 3.26% to 4.13% based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB), (b) the long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75% to 7.45%, (c) valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified, (d) the percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased and (e) the assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal and future health care cost trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs. For fiscal year 2019, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability/asset since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13% to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45% based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB) and (b) decrease in health care cost trend rates from 6.00%-11.00% initial; 4.50% ultimate down to Medical Pre-Medicare 6.00% and Medicare 5.00% initial; 4.00% ultimate and Prescription Drug Pre-Medicare 8.00% and Medicare (5.23%) initial; 4.00% ultimate. For fiscal year 2020, health care cost trend rates were changed to the following: medical pre-medicare from 6.00% initial - 4.00% ultimate down to 5.87% initial - 4.00% ultimate; medical medicare from 5.00% initial - 4.00% ultimate down to 4.93% initial - 4.00% ultimate; prescription drug pre-medicare from 8.00% initial - 4.00% ultimate down to 7.73% initial - 4.00% ultimate and (5.23%) initial - 4.00% ultimate up to 9.62% initial - 4.00% ultimate.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Maritime Academy of Toledo Lucas County 803 Water Street Toledo, Ohio 43604

To the Board of Directors:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the Maritime Academy of Toledo, Lucas County, Ohio (the Academy) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Academy's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 6, 2021, wherein we noted the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures which may impact subsequent periods of the Academy.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the Academy's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinion on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the Academy's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the Academy's financial statements. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

Maritime Academy of Toledo Lucas County Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Academy's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the financial statements. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the Academy's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Academy's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

January 6, 2021



MARITIME ACADEMY OF TOLEDO

LUCAS COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 1/21/2021

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370