# **MASSILLON PUBLIC LIBRARY**

# STARK COUNTY, OHIO

# **REGULAR AUDIT**

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020





88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 IPAReport@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

Board of Trustees Massillon Public Library 208 Lincoln Way East Massillon, OH 44646

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Massillon Public Library, Stark County, prepared by Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc., for the audit period January 1, 2020 through December 31, 2020. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Massillon Public Library is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

June 17, 2021



# MASSILLON PUBLIC LIBRARY

# STARK COUNTY, OHIO

# Regular Audit For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

# **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

TITLE	PAGE
Independent Auditor's Report	1-2
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3-8
Statement of Net Position – Cash Basis	9
Statement of Activities – Cash Basis	10
Statement of Cash Basis Assets and Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	11
Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes In Cash Basis Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	12
Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes In Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Budget Basis General Fund	13
Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes In Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Budget Basis McClymonds Library Fund	14
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	15-30
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in	
Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	31-32



Fax - (216) 436-2411

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Massillon Public Library Stark County 208 Lincoln Way East Massillon, Ohio 44646

To the Board of Trustees:

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying cash-basis financial statements of governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Massillon Public Library, Stark County, Ohio (the Library) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Library's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with the cash accounting basis Note 2 describes. This responsibility includes determining that the cash accounting basis is acceptable for the circumstances. Management is also responsible for designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the Library's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the Library's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Massillon Public Library Stark County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

# **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective cash financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Massillon Public Library, Stark County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2020 and the respective changes in cash financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting basis described in Note 2.

### Accounting Basis

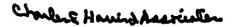
We draw attention to Note 2 of the financial statements, which describes the accounting basis. The financial statements are prepared on the cash basis of accounting, which differs from generally accepted accounting principles. We did not modify our opinions regarding this matter.

### Emphasis of Matters

As discussed in Note 9 to the financial statements. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the Library. We did not modify our opinions regarding this matter.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 14, 2021, on our consideration of the Library's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance *with Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Library's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc. May 14, 2021

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2020 Unaudited

This discussion and analysis of the Massillon Public Library's (the Library) financial performance provides an overall review of the Library's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2020, within the limitations of the Library's cash basis accounting. Readers should also review the basic financial statements and notes to enhance their understanding of the Library's financial performance.

#### Highlights

Key highlights for 2020 are as follows:

- Net position of governmental activities increased \$504,223, or 25 percent, from the prior year.
- The Library's general receipts are primarily property taxes and public library funding (PLF).
   These receipts represent respectively 40 percent and 50 percent of the total cash received for governmental activities during the year. Property tax receipts increased approximately 4 percent and PLF decreased less than 1 percent.

#### **Using the Basic Financial Statements**

This annual report is presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, as applicable to the Library's cash basis of accounting.

#### **Report Components**

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the cash activities of the Library as a whole.

Fund financial statements provide a greater level of detail. Funds are created and maintained on the financial records of the Library as a way to segregate money whose use is restricted to a particular specified purpose. These statements present financial information by fund, presenting funds with the largest balances or most activity in separate columns.

The Library adopts an annual appropriated budget. A budgetary comparison report demonstrates compliance with this budget.

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the government-wide and fund financial statements and provide expanded explanation and detail regarding the information reported in the statements.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

The basis of accounting is a set of guidelines that determine when financial events are recorded. The Library has elected to present its financial statements on a cash basis of accounting. This basis of accounting is a basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. Under the Library's cash basis of accounting, receipts and disbursements are recorded when cash is received or paid.

As a result of using the cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable) are not recorded in the financial statements. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this report, the reader must keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the cash basis of accounting.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2020 Unaudited

#### Reporting the Library as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities reflect how the Library did financially during 2020, within the limitations of cash basis accounting. The Statement of Net Position presents the cash balances and investments of the governmental activities of the Library at year end. The Statement of Activities compares cash disbursements with program receipts for each governmental program activity. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services and grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts. The comparison of cash disbursements with program receipts identifies how each governmental function draws from the Library's general receipts.

These statements report the Library's cash position and the changes in cash position. Keeping in mind the limitations of the cash basis of accounting, you can think of these changes as one way to measure the Library's financial health. Over time, increases or decreases in the Library's cash position is one indicator of whether the Library's financial health is improving or deteriorating. When evaluating the Library's financial condition, you should also consider other nonfinancial factors as well such as the Library's property tax base, the condition of the Library's capital assets and infrastructure, the extent of the Library's debt obligations, the reliance on non-local financial resources for operations, and the need for continued growth in the major local revenue sources such as property taxes and the PLF.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the Library reports all financial activity as governmental activities. This activity includes all the Library's basic activities, including library services and capital outlay. Benefits provided through governmental activities are not necessarily paid by the people receiving them.

#### Reporting the Library's Most Significant Funds

Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the Library's major funds – not the Library as a whole. The Library establishes separate funds to better manage its many activities and to help demonstrate that money that is restricted as to how it may be used is being spent for the intended purpose. The funds of the Library are categorized as governmental funds.

The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed view of the Library's governmental operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent to finance the Library's programs. The Library's significant governmental funds are presented on the financial statements in separate columns. The information for non-major funds (funds whose activity or balances are not large enough to warrant separate reporting) is combined and presented in total in a single column. The Library's major governmental funds are the General Fund, the McClymonds Library Fund, the Building and Repair Fund, and the Bookmobile Repair/Replace Fund. The programs reported in governmental funds are closely related to those reported in the governmental activities section of the entity-wide statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2020 Unaudited

#### The Library as a Whole

Table 1 provides a summary of the Library's net position for 2020 compared to 2019 on a cash basis.

# (Table 1) Net Position

	Government	Governmental Activities		
	2020	2019		
Assets				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$2,507,521	\$2,003,298		
Total Assets	\$2,507,521	\$2,003,298		
Net Position				
Restricted for:				
Permanent Fund Purpose:				
Nonexpendable	\$20,000	\$20,000		
Unrestricted	2,487,521	1,983,298		
Total Net Position	\$2,507,521	\$2,003,298		

As mentioned previously, net position of governmental activities increased \$504,223 or 25 percent during 2020. The primary reasons contributing to the change in cash balances are as follows:

- In 2017, the Library began collecting property taxes levied at our new millage rate of \$2.90 per \$1,000 of assessed property values, up from our previous levy millage rate of \$1.90 per \$1,000. This increase in funding allowed us to appropriate less than total anticipated revenues for the year, resulting in a carryover rather than a deficit for the current year.
- Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, many projects and discretionary spending were put on hold as we anticipated a potential reduction in our PLF revenues. During this time, we also had a period of closure to the public. Additionally, we administered a furlough of most staff for an average of 3-8 weeks, with the eventual permanent separation of several staff. The combination of these factors resulted in a higher than normal level of appropriated, unexpended resources at year-end.
- At year-end, the Library had \$567,378 of appropriated, unexpended resources still available in the General Fund. The Library Board approved the transfer of these appropriated, unexpended funds to the Building and Repair Fund and the Bookmobile Repair/Replacement Fund to reimburse the funds for current year expenses totaling \$78,762 and to save for future capital expenditures.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2020 Unaudited

Table 2 reflects the changes in net position on a cash basis in 2020 and 2019 for governmental activities.

# (Table 2) Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities		
	2020	2019	
Receipts:			
Program Receipts:			
Charges for Services and Sales	\$17,857	\$27,668	
Operating Grants and Contributions	79,985	4,999	
Capital Grants and Contributions	10,000	3,000	
Total Program Receipts:	107,842	35,667	
General Receipts:			
Property Taxes	1,187,062	1,141,538	
Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to Specific Programs	1,602,946	1,606,252	
Unrestricted Gifts and Contributions Grants	9,865	29,900	
Interest	12,911	44,355	
Miscellaneous	36,272	30,961	
Total General Receipts	2,849,056	2,853,006	
Total Receipts	2,956,898	2,888,673	
Cash Disbursements:			
Library Services	2,229,322	2,520,802	
Capital Outlay	223,353	275,284	
Total Disbursements	2,452,675	2,796,086	
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	504,223	92,587	
Net Position January 1	2,003,298	1,910,711	
Net Position December 31	\$2,507,521	\$2,003,298	

Program receipts represent only 4 percent of total receipts and are primarily comprised of charges for services, operating grants and contributions, and capital grants and contributions.

General receipts represent 96 percent of the Library's total receipts, and of this amount, 98 percent are unrestricted state entitlements (PLF) and property taxes. Other receipts are very insignificant and somewhat unpredictable revenue sources.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2020 Unaudited

#### **Governmental Activities**

If you look at the Statement of Activities on page 10, you will see that the first column listed on the statement of activities shows the major services provided by the Library. The next column identifies the cost of providing these services. The major program disbursements for governmental activities are for library services which account for 91 percent of all governmental disbursements. The next three columns of the Statement entitled Program Cash Receipts identify amounts paid by people who are directly charged for the service and grants received by the Library that must be used to provide a specific service. The Net Receipt (Disbursement) column compares the program receipts to the cost of the service. This "net cost" amount represents the cost of the service which ends up being paid from money provided by local taxpayers. These net costs are paid from the general receipts which are presented at the bottom of the Statement.

A comparison between the total cost of services and the net cost is presented in Table 3.

# (Table 3) Governmental Activities

	Total Cost	Net Cost	Total Cost	Net Cost
	of Services	of Services	of Services	of Services
	2020	2020	2019	2019
Library Services	\$2,229,322	\$2,131,480	\$2,520,802	\$2,488,135
Capital Outlay	223,353	213,353	275,284	272,284
Total	\$2,452,675	\$2,344,833	\$2,796,086	\$2,760,419

The dependence upon PLF and property and other tax receipts is apparent as approximately 86 percent of governmental activities are supported through these general receipts. Typically, this percentage is nearly 100 percent, but the CARES Act Coronavirus Relief Fund receipts of \$75,000 this year diluted the figure in 2020.

#### The Library's Funds

Total General Fund receipts were \$2,866,591 and disbursements were \$2,298,913. This represents an excess in receipts over disbursements of \$567,678. These figures include the activity of a small ancillary fund that is combined with the General Fund for presentation on the financial statements.

The General Fund made \$567,378 of total transfers to capital funds as follows:

- \$567,378 of year-end fund transfers referenced in Table 1
- No mid-year transfers for operations due to uncertainty of PLF receipts due to the pandemic

The Library therefore appropriated and spent or transferred all funds received in the General Fund for the current year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2020 Unaudited

#### **General Fund Budgeting Highlights**

The Library's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

During 2020, the Library amended its General Fund budget several times to reflect changing circumstances. Actual receipts were \$78,122 less than budgeted receipts. Actual disbursements equaled final budgeted disbursements. The Library transferred all \$567,378 of its final budgeted transferable funds from the General Fund to the Building and Repair Fund and the Bookmobile Repair/Replacement Fund at year-end.

#### **Current Issues**

The challenge for all Libraries is to provide quality services to the public while staying within the restrictions imposed by limited, and in some cases shrinking, funding. The Library relies heavily on the PLF and its operating levy to provide quality service to its patrons, while planning for future needs.

#### **Contacting the Library's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Massillon Public Library's finances and to reflect the Library's accountability for the monies it receives. Questions concerning any of the information in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Fiscal Officer, Massillon Public Library, 208 Lincoln Way East, Massillon, Ohio 44646.

Statement of Net Position - Cash Basis December 31, 2020

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$2,507,521
Net Position Restricted for:	
Permanent Fund Purpose:	
Nonexpendable	20,000
Unrestricted	2,487,521
Total Net Position	\$2,507,521

# Massillon Public Library Stark County Statement of Activities - Cash Basis

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

		Pro	Net (Disbursements) Receipts and Changes in Net Position		
	Cash Disbursements	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities Library Services Capital Outlay	\$2,229,322 223,353	\$17,857	\$79,985	\$10,000	(\$2,131,480) (213,353)
Total Governmental Activities	\$2,452,675	\$17,857	\$79,985	\$10,000	(\$2,344,833)
		General Receipts: Property and Other Unrestricted Gifts a Grants/Entitlements Earnings on Investm Miscellaneous	nd Contributions not Restricted to	Specific Programs	1,187,062 9,865 1,602,946 12,911 36,272
		Total General Receipt	is		2,849,056
		Change in Net Position	n		504,223
		Net Position Beginning	g of Year		2,003,298
		Net Position End of Yo	ear		\$2,507,521

Statement of Assets and Fund Balances- Cash Basis Governmental Funds December 31, 2020

	General Fund	McClymonds Library Fund	Building and Repair Fund	Bookmobile Repair/ Replace Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
<b>Assets</b> Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$1,003,704	\$429,432	\$599,132	\$363,111	\$112,142	\$2,507,521
Fund Balances Nonspendable Committed Unassigned	\$1,003,704	\$429,432	\$599,132	\$363,111	\$20,000 92,142	\$20,000 1,483,817 1,003,704
Total Fund Balances	\$1,003,704	\$429,432	\$599,132	\$363,111	\$112,142	\$2,507,521

Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balances - Cash Basis Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	General	McClymonds Library Fund	Building and Repair Fund	Bookmobile Repair/Replace Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Receipts	01 107 072					¢1 107 072
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$1,187,062					\$1,187,062
Public Library	1,483,825				¢75.000	1,483,825
Intergovernmental Patron Fines and Fees	122,121 5,782				\$75,000	197,121 5,782
Services Provided to Other Entities	12,075					12,075
Contributions, Gifts and Donations	11,850			\$10,000		21,850
Earnings on Investments	7,604	\$3,142		1,521	644	12,911
Miscellaneous	36,272	\$3,142		1,321	044	36,272
Wiscenancous	30,272					30,272
Total Receipts	2,866,591	3,142	0	11,521	75,644	2,956,898
Disbursements						
Library Services	2,229,322					2,229,322
Capital Outlay	69,591		71,506	7,256	75,000	223,353
Total Disbursements	2,298,913	0	71,506	7,256	75,000	2,452,675
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	567,678	3,142	(71,506)	4,265	644	504,223
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers In Transfers Out	(567,378)		417,378	150,000		567,378 (567,378)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(567,378)	0	417,378	150,000	0	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	300	3,142	345,872	154,265	644	504,223
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	1,003,404	426,290	253,260	208,846	111,498	2,003,298
Fund Balances End of Year	\$1,003,704	\$429,432	\$599,132	\$363,111	\$112,142	\$2,507,521

Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budget Basis General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Budgeted A			Variance with Final Budget Positive
Descinte	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Receipts	¢1 171 052	¢1 100 250	¢1 107 063	(\$1. <b>2</b> 00)
Property and Other Local Taxes Public Library	\$1,171,053 1,500,000	\$1,188,350 1,500,000	\$1,187,062 1,483,825	(\$1,288) (16,175)
Intergovernmental	130,000	130,000	119,121	(10,173) $(10,879)$
Patron Fines and Fees	12,000	12,000	5,782	(6,218)
Services Provided to Other Entities	12,075	12,075	12,075	0,210)
Contributions, Gifts and Donations	55,000	55,000	9,865	(45,135)
Earnings on Investments	30,200	12,903	7,604	(5,299)
Miscellaneous	29,400	29,400	36,272	6,872
Total Receipts	2,939,728	2,939,728	2,861,606	(78,122)
Disbursements				
Library Services	2,746,428	2,227,637	2,227,637	0
Capital Outlay	59,160	66,591	66,591	0
Total Disbursements	2,805,588	2,294,228	2,294,228	0
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	134,140	645,500	567,378	(78,122)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers Out	(134,140)	(645,500)	(567,378)	78,122
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(134,140)	(645,500)	(567,378)	78,122
Net Change in Fund Balance	0	0	0	0
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	1,003,404	1,003,404	1,003,404	0
Unencumbered Fund Balance End of Year	\$1,003,404	\$1,003,404	\$1,003,404	\$0

Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budget Basis McClymonds Library Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Receipts Earnings on Investments	\$10,500	\$10,500	\$3,142	(\$7,358)
Total Receipts	10,500	10,500	3,142	(7,358)
Net Change in Fund Balance	10,500	10,500	3,142	(7,358)
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	426,290	426,290	426,290	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$436,790	\$436,790	\$429,432	(\$7,358)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

# Note 1 - Description of the Library and Reporting Entity

Massillon Public Library, Stark County, Ohio, (the Library) was organized as a school district public library in 1922 under the laws of the State of Ohio. The Library has its own Board of Trustees of seven members who are appointed by the Massillon City School's Board of Education, as established by Ohio Revised Code section 3375.15. Appointments are for seven-year terms and members serve without compensation. Under Ohio statutes, the Library is a body politic and corporate capable of suing and being sued, contracting, acquiring, holding, possessing, and disposing of real property, and of exercising such other powers and privileges conferred upon it by law. The Library also determines and operates under its own budget. Control and management of the Library is governed by sections 3375.33 to 3375.41 of the Ohio Revised Code with the administration of the day-to-day operations of the Library being the responsibility of the Director and financial accountability being solely that of the Fiscal Officer.

The Library is fiscally independent of the Massillon City School's Board of Education, although the Board of Education serves in a ministerial capacity as the taxing authority for the Library. The determination to request approval of a tax levy, the role and purpose of the levy, are discretionary decisions made solely by the Board of Library Trustees. Once those decisions are made, the Board of Education must put the levy on the ballot. There is no potential for the Library to provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the Board of Education.

Under the provisions of Statement No. 14 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, "The Financial Reporting Entity," the Library is considered to be a related organization of the Massillon City School's Board of Education.

#### Joint Ventures

The Library participated in a joint venture for the Barry Askren Memorial Branch. This organization is described in Note 10 of the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

The Library participates in one public entity risk pool, the Stark County Schools' Council of Governments (the "Council"). The Council has a health benefits program which is a shared risk pool comprised of 145 entities as of December 31, 2020, most of which are school districts. The Library provides health insurance coverage through the Council. The Council is governed by an assembly which consists of one representative from each participating school district or other entity (usually the superintendent, director, or designee). The assembly elects officers for one year terms to serve as the Board of Directors. The assembly exercises control over the operation of the Council. All Council revenues are generated from charges for services. This organization is further described in Note 6 of the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

The Friends of Massillon Public Library is a not-for-profit organization with a self-appointing board. The Library is not financially accountable for the organization, nor does the Library approve the budget or the issuance of debt of the organization. The funds maintained by the organization are not significant in amount to the Library's total resources. Therefore, this organization has been excluded from the reporting entity of the Library.

The Library's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Library is financially accountable.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020 (continued)

### Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

As discussed further in Note 2.C, these financial statements are presented on a cash basis of accounting. This cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, which have been applied to the extent they are applicable to the cash basis of accounting. Following are the more significant of the Library's accounting policies.

#### A. Basis of Presentation

The Library's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the Library as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental receipts, and other non-exchange transactions.

The Statement of Net Position presents the cash balance of the governmental activities of the Library at year's end. The Statement of Activities compares disbursements with program receipts for each of the Library's governmental activities. Disbursements are reported by function. A function is a group of related activities designed to accomplish a major service or regulatory program for which the Library is responsible. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services, grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program, and receipts of interest earned on grants that are required to be used to support a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct disbursements with program receipts identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing on a cash basis or draws from the Library's general receipts.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

During the year, the Library segregates transactions related to certain Library functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the Library at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. The Library's major funds are presented in separate columns. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

# **B.** Fund Accounting

The Library uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The Library's funds are all classified as governmental.

#### Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are financed primarily from taxes, intergovernmental receipts (e.g. grants), and other non-exchange transactions. Monies are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. The following are the Library's major governmental funds:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020 (continued)

### Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### B. Fund Accounting (continued)

#### Governmental Funds (continued)

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the Library for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>McClymonds Library Fund</u> – The McClymonds Library Fund accounts for expendable monies received for the benefit of the citizens of the Massillon Public Library. Per the original bequest, the monies can be spent for the purchase, repair, and re-binding of library materials.

<u>Building and Repair Fund</u> – The Building and Repair Fund accounts for and reports resources committed by the Board of Library Trustees and/or applicable donor, specifically for capital repairs and improvements.

<u>Bookmobile Repair/Replacement Fund</u> – The Bookmobile Repair/Replacement Fund accounts for and reports resources committed by the Board of Library Trustees and/or applicable donor, specifically for the repair of and/or replacement of the Library's bookmobile.

The other governmental funds of the Library account for and report grants and other resources whose use is restricted, committed, or assigned to a particular purpose.

#### C. Basis of Accounting

The Library's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting. Except for modifications having substantial support, receipts are recorded in the Library's financial records and reported in the financial statements when cash is received rather than when earned and disbursements are recorded when cash is paid rather than when a liability is incurred.

As a result of the use of this cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued liabilities and the related expenses) are not recorded in these financial statements.

#### D. Budgetary Process

The Library's funds are legally required to be appropriated. The appropriations resolution is the Trustees' authorization to spend resources and sets limits on cash disbursements plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Trustees. The legal level of control has been established at the fund level for all funds. Budgetary modifications at the legal level of control may only be made by resolution of the Board of Library Trustees.

For control purposes, the Library estimates cash receipts for the year. These estimated receipts, together with the unencumbered carry-over balances from the prior year, set a limit on the amount the Trustees may appropriate. The estimated receipts may be revised during the year if projected increases or decreases in receipts are identified by the Fiscal Officer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts of estimated resources when the original

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020 (continued)

### Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### D. Budgetary Process (continued)

appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts of estimated resources at the time final appropriations were enacted by the Trustees.

The appropriations resolution is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations should not exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation resolution for that fund that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Trustees during the year.

#### E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, cash received by the Library is pooled and invested. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the Library's records. Interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents."

Investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased and investments of the cash management pool are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months that were not purchased from the pool are reported as investments.

Investments are reported as assets. Accordingly, purchases of investments are not recorded as disbursements, and sales of investments are not recorded as receipts. Gains or losses at the time of sale are recorded as receipts or negative receipts, respectively.

During 2020, the Library's investments were held in STAR Ohio.

STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The Library measures their investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For 2020, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$100 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$100 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$100 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Interest earnings are allocated to Library funds according to State statutes, grant requirements, or debt related restrictions. Interest receipts credited to the General Fund during 2020 were \$7,604.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020 (continued)

### Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### F. Inventory and Prepaid Items

The Library reports disbursements for inventories and prepaid items when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

#### G. Capital Assets

Acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment are recorded as disbursements when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

#### H. Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment or retirement, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. Unpaid leave is not reflected as a liability under the Library's cash basis of accounting.

#### I. Employer Contributions to Cost-Sharing Pension Plans

The Library recognizes the disbursement for their employer contributions to cost-sharing pension plans when they are paid. As described in Notes 7 and 8, the employer contributions include portions for pension benefits and for other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

#### J. Net Position

Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position restricted for other purposes includes the revenue sources that are restricted for the Library's own programs.

The Library's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an obligation is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

#### K. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Library is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

**Nonspendable** The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

**Restricted** Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020 (continued)

### Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

### K. Fund Balance (continued)

**Committed** The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by formal action (resolution) of Library Trustees. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Library Trustees remove or change the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the Library for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the Library Trustees or a Library official delegated that authority by resolution, or by State Statute. State Statute authorizes the Fiscal Officer to assign fund balance for purchases on order, provided such amounts have been lawfully appropriated. The Library may also assign fund balance as a result when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget in the General Fund.

**Unassigned** Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The Library applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

#### L. Interfund Transactions

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as receipts in the seller funds and as disbursements in the purchaser funds. Subsidies from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular disbursements to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements. The Library had the following interfund transfers:

From	То	Amount
General Fund	Capital Projects - Building and Repair Fund	\$417,378
General Fund	Capital Projects - Bookmobile Repair/Replacement Fund	150,000
		\$567,378

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020 (continued)

### Note 3 - Budgetary Basis of Accounting

The budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on the basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Budgetary Basis presented for the General Fund and the McClymonds Library Fund are prepared on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget.

The difference between the budgetary basis and the cash basis are as follows:

- Outstanding year end encumbrances are treated as cash disbursements (budgetary basis) rather than as restricted, committed, or assigned fund balance (cash basis). There were no outstanding encumbrances at year end.
- 2. The Donations/Sales Rotary Fund is legally budgeted in a separate Special Revenue Fund, but is considered part of the General Fund for cash basis reporting in combined statements. In 2020, this results in a \$300 difference in the ending fund balance between the cash basis combined statements and the budgetary statements for the General Fund.

#### Note 4 - Deposits and Investments

Monies held by the Library are classified by State statute into three categories.

Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the Library treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the Library treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Interim monies held by the Library can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Government National Mortgage Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020 (continued)

### Note 4 - Deposits and Investments (continued)

- 3. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 4. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts:
- 5. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio, and, with certain limitations including a requirement for maturity within ten years from the date of settlement, bonds and other obligations of political subdivisions of the State of Ohio, if training requirements have been met;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain bankers' acceptances (for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days) and commercial paper notes (for a period not to exceed two hundred seventy days) in an amount not to exceed 40 percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time, if training requirements have been met; and
- 8. Written repurchase agreements in the securities described in (1) or (2) provided the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the Library, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Fiscal Officer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

At year end, the Library had \$1,800 in undeposited, petty cash on hand which is included as part of "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the financial statements.

#### A. Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the Library will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At year end, the carrying amount of the Library's deposits was \$823,535 and the bank balances were \$888,192. The Library's entire bank balance of \$888,192 was covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020 (continued)

# Note 4 - Deposits and Investments (continued)

#### A. Deposits (continued)

The Library has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits be either insured or be protected by:

- 1. Eligible securities pledged to the Library and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose market value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured; or
- 2. Participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total market value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or at a rate set by the Treasurer of State.

The Library's deposits are held by Huntington National Bank, which has a reduced collateral rate of 50 percent through the Ohio Pooled Collateral System. As of December 31, 2020, the entire bank balance was covered by the FDIC, leaving zero dollars exposed to custodial credit risk.

#### B. Investments

The Library reports their investments at cost or net asset value per share. The net asset value of this investment is not materially different from cost. As of December 31, 2020, the Library had the following investment:

	Net Asset Value Per Share	<u>Maturity</u>
STAR Ohio	\$1,682,186	Average 55.8 days

Interest rate risk arises because the fair value of investment changes as interest rates change. The Library's investment policy addresses interest rate risk by requiring that the Library's investment portfolio be structured so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations and/or long-term debt payments, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity, and by investing operating funds primarily in short-term investments.

STAR Ohio carries a rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's. The Library has no investment policy dealing with investment credit risk beyond the requirements in state statutes. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020 (continued)

### Note 5 - Grants in Aid, Property Taxes, and Tax Abatements

#### Grants in Aid

The primary source of revenue for Ohio public libraries is the Public Library Fund (PLF). The State allocates PLF to each county based on the total tax revenue credited to the State's general revenue fund during the preceding month using the statutory allocation method. Estimated entitlement figures were issued to County Auditors. The actual current year entitlements were computed in December of the current year. The difference between the estimate and actual will be adjusted evenly in the PLF distributions made from January-June of the subsequent year.

The Stark County Budget Commission allocates these funds to the Library based on formula which incorporates square footage, full-time equivalent employees, circulation, service area population, number of cardholders, door count, website visits, expenditures for library materials and expenditures on technology. The Budget Commission cannot reduce its allocation of these funds to the Library based on any additional revenues the Library receives.

#### **Property Taxes**

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property and public utility property located in the Massillon City School District and the Villages of Navarre and Brewster.

Property tax receipts received in 2020 for real and public utility property taxes represents collections of the 2019 taxes. 2020 real property taxes are levied after October 1, 2020 on the assessed values as of January 1, 2020, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. 2020 real property taxes are collected in and intended to finance 2021. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility tangible personal property is assessed at varying percentages of true value; public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value. 2020 public utility property taxes which became a lien on December 31, 2019, are levied after October 1, 2020, and are collected in 2021 with real property taxes.

The full tax rate for all Library operations for the year ended December 31, 2020, was \$2.90 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed values of real and public utility tangible property upon which 2020 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

Real Property	\$487,147,930
Public Utility Property	32,436,380
Total Assessed Values	\$519,584,310

The County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts in the county, including the Library. The County Auditor periodically remits to the Library its portion of the taxes collected.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020 (continued)

### Note 5 - Grants in Aid, Property Taxes, and Tax Abatements

#### Tax Abatements

Tax abatement agreements made by the City of Massillon and the Villages of Brewster and Navarre reduce the Library's property tax revenues. In 2019, total forgone property taxes for all impacted entities resulting from these agreements was \$109,358, of which \$4,519 reduced the Library's property tax receipts. Data for 2020 was not available at the time this report was filed.

#### Note 6 - Risk Management

The Library is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During 2020, the Library contracted with several companies for various types of insurance coverage as follows:

Company	Type of Coverage	Amount of Coverage
Westfield Insurance	Commercial Property	\$9,700,026
	General Liability	3,000,000
	Vehicle	1,000,000
	Cyber & Privacy Liability	1,000,000 aggregate
Chubb Group	Errors and Omissions	5,000,000 aggregate

Settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the last three years and there was no significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

The Library participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Group Rating Plan (GRP) for worker's compensation. The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of reduced premiums for the participants, foster safer working conditions and foster cost-effective claims management skills by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating entities is calculated as one experience and a common premium is applied to all entities in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the state based on the rate for all entities in the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund." This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. CompManagement provides administrative, cost control, and actuarial services to the GRP.

The Library has contracted with the Stark County Schools' Council of Governments to provide employee medical benefits. The Stark County Schools' Council of Governments' health benefits program is a shared risk pool comprised of 145 entities as of December 31, 2020, most of which are school districts. Rates are set through an annual calculation process. The Library pays a monthly contribution which is paid into a common fund from which claim payments are made for all participants, regardless of claims flow. The Board of Directors has the right to return monies to an existing entity subsequent to the settlement of all expenses and claims. Financial information can be obtained from the Stark County Schools' Council of Governments, 6057 Strip Avenue NW, North Canton, OH 44720.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020 (continued)

### Note 7 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

The employees of the Library participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) which administers three separate pension plans. The Traditional Pension Plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The Member-Directed Plan is a defined contribution plan and the Combined Plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with defined contribution features. Participating employers are divided into state, local, law enforcement, and public safety divisions. While members may elect the Member-Directed Plan and the Combined Plan, substantially all members are in the OPERS' Traditional Plan; therefore, the following disclosure focuses on the Traditional Pension Plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to members of the Traditional and Combined Plans. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by state statute per Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information, and detailed information about OPERS' fiduciary net position that may be obtained by visiting <a href="http://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml">http://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml</a>, by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling (800) 222-7377.

Senate Bill (SB) 343 was enacted into law with an effective date of January 7, 2013. In the legislation, members were categorized into three groups with varying provisions of the law applicable to each group. The following table provides age and service requirements for retirement and the retirement formula applied to final average salary (FAS) for the three member groups under the Traditional and Combined Plans as per the reduced benefits adopted by SB 343 (see OPERS CAFR referenced above for the additional information, including requirements for reduced and unreduced benefits):

Group A	Group B	Group C	
Eligible to retire prior to	20 years of service credit prior to	Members not in other Groups	
January 7, 2013 or five years	January 7, 2013 or eligible to retire	and members hired on or after	
after January 7, 2013	ten years after January 7, 2013	January 7, 2013	
State and Local	State and Local	State and Local	
Age and Service Requirements:	Age and Service Requirements:	Age and Service Requirements:	
Age 60 with 60 months of service credit	Age 60 with 60 months of service credit	Age 57 with 25 years of service credit	
or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	or Age 62 with 5 years of service credit	
Formula:	Formula:	Formula:	
2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of	2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of	2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of	
service for the first 30 years and 2.5%	service for the first 30 years and 2.5%	service for the first 35 years and 2.5%	
for service years in excess of 30	for service years in excess of 30	for service years in excess of 35	

Final average Salary (FAS) represents the average of the three highest years of earnings over a member's career for Groups A and B. Group C is based on the average of the five highest years of earnings over a member's career.

Members who retire before meeting the age and years of service credit requirement for unreduced benefits receive a percentage reduction in the benefit amount. The initial amount of a member's pension benefit is vested upon receipt of the initial benefit payment for calculation of an annual cost-of-living adjustment.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020 (continued)

# Note 7 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

When a Traditional Plan benefit recipient has received benefits for 12 months, an annual cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) is provided. This COLA is calculated on the base retirement benefit at the date of retirement and is not compounded. Members retiring under the Combined Plan receive a cost-of-living adjustment of the defined benefit portion of their pension benefit. For those retiring prior to January 7, 2013, the COLA will continue to be a 3 percent simple annual COLA. For those retiring subsequent to January 7, 2013, beginning in calendar year 2019, the COLA will be based on the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, capped at 3 percent.

Defined Contribution Plan benefits are established in the plan documents, which may be amended by the Board. Member-Directed Plan and Combined Plan members who have met the retirement eligibility requirements may apply for retirement benefits. The amount available for defined contribution benefits in the Combined Plan consists of the member's contributions plus or minus the investment gains or losses resulting from the member's investment selections. Combined Plan members wishing to receive benefits must meet the requirements for both the defined benefit and defined contribution plans. Member-Directed participants must have attained the age of 55, have money on deposit in the defined contribution plan and have terminated public service to apply for retirement benefits. The amount available for defined contribution benefits in the Member-Directed Plan consists of the members' contributions, vested employer contributions, and investment gains or losses resulting from the members' investment selections. Employer contributions and associated investment earnings vest over a five-year period, at a rate of 20 percent each year. At retirement, members may select one of several distribution options for payment of the vested balance in their individual OPERS accounts. Options include the purchase of a monthly defined benefit annuity from OPERS (which includes joint and survivor options), partial lump-sum payments (subject to limitations), a rollover of the vested account balance to another financial institution, receipt of entire account balance, net of taxes withheld, or a combination of these options.

Beginning in 2022, the Combined Plan will be consolidated under the Traditional Pension Plan (defined benefit plan) and the Combined Plan option will no longer be available for new hires beginning in 2022.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

		State	Т
		- 10.15	٠.
		and Local	
2020 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates			
Employer		14.0	%
Employee *		10.0	%
2020 Actual Contribution Rates			
Employer:			
Pension		14.0	%
Post-employment Health Care Benefits **		0.0	
Total Employer	_	14.0	%
Employee		10.0	%

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020 (continued)

### Note 7 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

- \* Member contributions within the Combined Plan are not used to fund the defined benefit retirement allowance.
- \*\* This employer health care rate is for the Traditional and Combined Plans. The employer contribution for the Member-Directed plan is 4 percent.

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The Library's contributions to OPERS for the year ended December 2020 was \$162,442. All required contributions were made prior to the end of the year.

#### Note 8 - Post-employment Benefits

Plan Description - Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) administers three separate pension plans: The Traditional Pension Plan—a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; the Member-Directed Plan—a defined contribution plan; and the Combined Plan—a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

OPERS maintains a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care trust, which funds multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage and deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement to qualifying benefit recipients of both the Traditional Pension and the Combined Plans. This trust is also used to fund health care for Member-Directed Plan participants, in the form of a Retiree Medical Account (RMA). At retirement or refund, Member-Directed Plan participants may be eligible for reimbursement of qualified medical expenses from their vested RMA balance.

In order to qualify for postemployment health care coverage, age-and-service retirees under the Traditional Pension and Combined Plans must have 20 or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit with a minimum age of 60, or generally 30 years of qualifying service at any age. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by OPERS meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement 75. Please see the Plan Statement in the OPERS CAFR for details.

The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, OPERS to provide health care to its eligible benefit recipients. Authority to establish and amend health care coverage is provided to the OPERS Board of Trustees (OPERS Board) in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by visiting <a href="https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml">https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml</a>, by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, OH 43215-4642, or by calling (614) 222-5601 or (800) 222-7377.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority requiring public employers to fund post-employment health care through their contributions to OPERS. When funding is approved by OPERS Board of Trustees, a portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside to fund OPERS health care plans.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020 (continued)

#### Note 8 – Post-employment Benefits (continued)

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the earnable salary of active members. In 2020, State and Local employers contributed at a rate of 14.0 percent of earnable salary. These are the maximum employer contribution rates permitted by the Ohio Revised Code. Active member contributions do not fund health care.

Each year, the OPERS Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside to fund health care plans. For 2020, OPERS did not allocate any employer contribution to health care for members in the Traditional Pension Plan and Combined Plan. The OPERS Board is also authorized to establish rules for the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries to pay a portion of the health care provided. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected. The employer contribution as a percentage of covered payroll deposited into the RMA for participants in the Member-Directed Plan for 2020 was 4.0 percent.

#### Note 9 - Leases

The Library leases buildings and other equipment. The Library disbursed \$10,655 to pay lease costs for the year ended December 31, 2020. Future lease payments are as follows:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2021	\$10,598
2022	10,598
2023	9,767
2024	100
2025	100
2026-2030	500
2031-2035	500
2036-2040	500
2041-2045	500
2046-2050	500
2051-2055	<u>500</u>
Total	<u>\$ 34,163</u>

#### Note 10 – Joint Ventures

The Barry Askren Memorial Branch is a joint venture with the Towpath-YMCA. According to the lease agreement, the Library leases the building at a cost of \$100 per year. The Library is responsible for staffing the building while open to the public. The Library is also responsible for general maintenance and repair of the facility, including but not limited to proportionate share of utilities and 10 percent of common area maintenance charges, invoiced by the Towpath-YMCA.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020 (continued)

### Note 11 - Fund Balances

Fund Balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the Library is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the government funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

		McClymonds	Building and	Bookmobile	Other	
		Library	Repair	Repair/Replace	Governmental	
Fund Balances	General	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Total
Nonspendable						
McClymonds Endowment					\$20,000	\$20,000
Total Nonspendable	0	0	0	0	20,000	20,000
Committed to						
Purchase of Materials		\$429,432				429,432
Capital Improvements			\$599,132			599,132
Vehicle Repair/Replacement					51,524	51,524
Bookmobile Repair/Replacement				363,111		363,111
Dome Restoration					40,618	40,618
Total Committed	0	429,432	599,132	363,111	92,142	1,483,817
Unassigned	\$1,003,704					1,003,704
Total Fund Balances	\$1,003,704	\$429,432	\$599,132	\$363,111	\$112,142	\$2,507,521

#### Note 12 - COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the Library. The Library's investment portfolio fluctuates with market conditions, and due to market volatility, the amount of gains or losses that will be realized in subsequent periods, if any, cannot be determined. In addition, the impact on the Library's future operating costs, revenues, and any recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

Parma, OH 44129-2527 Office phone - (216) 575-1630 Fax - (216) 436-2411

### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Massillon Public Library Stark County 208 Lincoln Way East Massillon, Ohio 44646

To the Executive Library:

We have audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' Government Auditing Standards, the cash-basis financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Massillon Public Library, Stark County, Ohio (the Library) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Library's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated May 14, 2021. We also noted the financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the Library.

### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the Library's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the Library's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the Library's financial statements. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

Massillon Public Library
Stark County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Required by Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Library's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the financial statements. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

# Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Library's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Library's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Charles Having Assaciation

Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc. May 14, 2021



# **MASSILLON PUBLIC LIBRARY**

#### STARK COUNTY

#### **AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 6/29/2021

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370