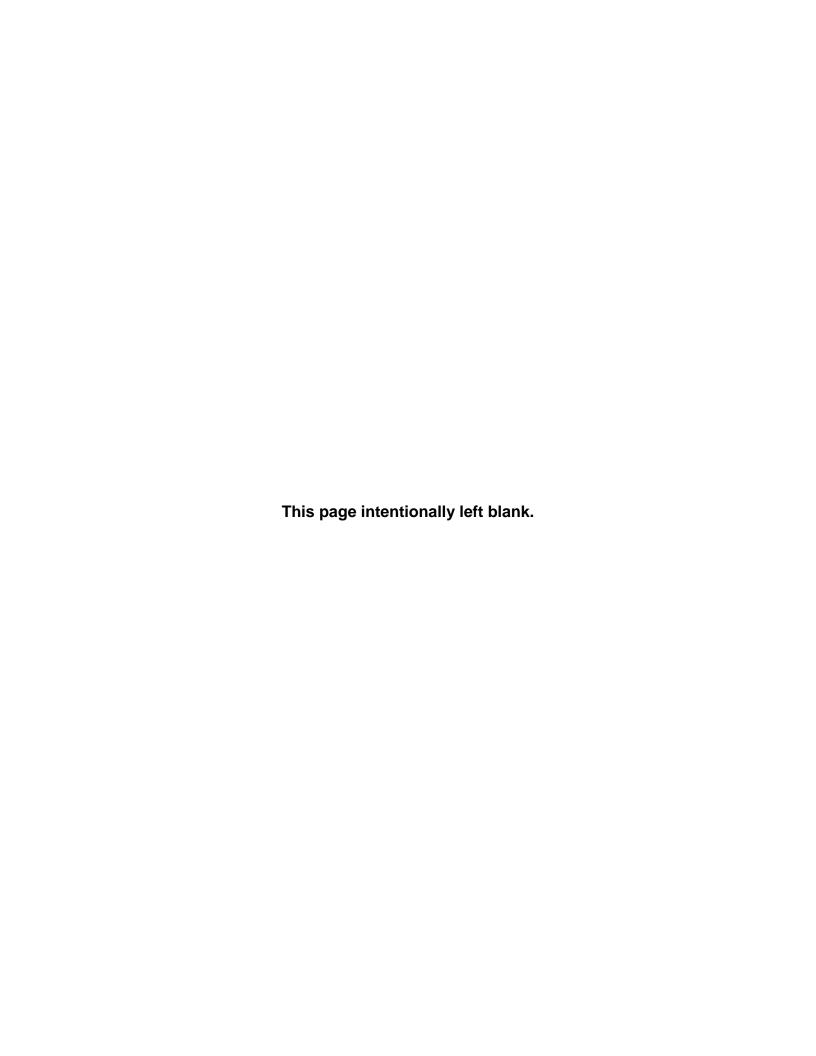




NORTHWEST LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STARK COUNTY JUNE 30, 2020

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Northwest Local School District Stark County 2309 Locust Street South Canal Fulton, Ohio 44614

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying cash-basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Northwest Local School District, Stark County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with the cash accounting basis Note 2B describes. This responsibility includes determining that the cash accounting basis is acceptable for the circumstances. Management is also responsible for designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Efficient • Effective • Transparent

Northwest Local School District Stark County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective cash financial position of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in cash financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting basis described in Note 2B.

Accounting Basis

Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(B) requires the District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We draw attention to Note 2B of the financial statements, which describes the basis applied to these statements. The financial statements are prepared on the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis other than generally accepted accounting principles. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 3A to the financial statements, during the year ended June 30, 2020, the District adopted new accounting guidance in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. In addition, as discussed in Note 14D to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the District. We did not modify our opinion regarding these matters.

Other Matters

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the financial statements taken as a whole.

The Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal Awards (Schedule) presents additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The schedule is management's responsibility, and derives from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this schedule to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this schedule directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this schedule is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Information

We applied no procedures to management's discussion & analysis as listed in the table of contents. Accordingly, we express no opinion or any other assurance on it.

Northwest Local School District Stark County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 15, 2020, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

December 15, 2020

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

The management's discussion and analysis of the Northwest Local School District's ("the District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 within the limitations of the District's cash basis of accounting. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the cash basis financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2020 are as follows:

- The total net cash position of the District increased \$2,512,296 or 18.14% from fiscal year 2019 net cash position, as restated.
- General cash receipts accounted for \$27,027,969 or 88.60% of all governmental activities cash receipts. Program specific cash receipts in the form of charges for services and sales, and operating grants and contributions accounted for \$3,478,557 or 11.40% of total cash receipts.
- The District had \$27,994,230 in cash disbursements related to governmental activities; only \$3,478,557 of these cash disbursements were offset by program specific charges for services and sales, or operating grants and contributions. General cash receipts supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$27,027,969 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District's only major governmental fund is the general fund. The general fund had \$21,527,211 in cash receipts and other financing sources and \$19,399,790 in cash disbursements. During fiscal year 2020, the general fund's cash balance increased from \$12,450,910 to \$14,578,331.

Using these Cash Basis Basic Financial Statements (BFS)

This annual report is presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, as applicable to the District's cash basis of accounting. The District has elected to present its financial statements on the cash basis of accounting. This basis of accounting is a basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. Basis of accounting is a reference to when financial events are recorded, such as the timing for recognizing revenues, expenses, and the related assets and liabilities. Under the District's cash basis of accounting, receipts and disbursements and the related assets and liabilities are recorded when they result in cash transactions.

As a result of using the cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable) are not recorded in the financial statements. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this report, the reader must keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the cash basis of accounting.

The statement of net position - cash basis and statement of activities - cash basis provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting an aggregate view of the District's cash basis finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, the general fund is by far the most significant fund, and the only governmental fund reported as a major fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2020?" The statement of net position - cash basis and the statement of activities - cash basis answer this question. These statements include only net position using the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. This basis of accounting will take into account only the current year's receipts and disbursements if the cash is actually received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net cash position and changes in that position on a cash basis. This change in net cash position is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the cash basis financial position of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

The statement of net position - cash basis and the statement of activities - cash basis include the District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of facilities, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, and food service operations.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major governmental funds begins on page 11. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's only major governmental fund is the general fund; all other governmental funds are considered non-major.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer cash basis financial resources that can be readily spent to finance various District programs.

Since the District is reporting on the cash basis of accounting, there are no differences in the net cash position and fund cash balances or changes in net cash position and changes in fund cash balances. Therefore, no reconciliation is necessary between such financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for other organizations. These activities are reported in a custodial fund. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net position - cash basis and statement of changes in fiduciary net position - cash basis. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The District as a Whole

The statement of net position - cash basis provides the perspective of the District as a whole. The table below provides a summary of the District's net cash position at June 30, 2020 and 2019. Net position for fiscal year 2019 has been restated as described in Note 3.

Net Cash Position

Acceta	Governmental Activities 2020	Restated Governmental Activities 2019
Assets Equity in peopled each and each equivalents	\$ 15,339,629	\$ 12,942,333
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents		, ,- ,
Restricted assets: cash in segregated accounts	1,025,000	910,000
Total assets	16,364,629	13,852,333
Net cash position		
Restricted	2,728,048	2,407,785
Unrestricted	13,636,581	11,444,548
Total net cash position	\$ 16,364,629	\$ 13,852,333

At June 30, 2020, the District's net cash position was \$16,364,629. A portion of this amount, or \$2,728,048, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net cash position of \$13,636,581 may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to its students and creditors.

The table on the following page shows the change in net cash position for fiscal years 2020 and 2019.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

Change in Net Cash Position

		Restated
	Governmental	Governmental
	Activities	Activities
Code and the	2020	2019
Cash receipts		
Program cash receipts:	ф. 1.400.414	¢ 1.226.066
Charges for services and sales	\$ 1,482,414	\$ 1,326,966
Operating grants and contributions	1,996,143	2,278,720
General cash receipts:	0.106.022	0.750.072
Property taxes	9,196,922	8,750,872
Income taxes	3,265,858	3,190,611
Unrestricted grants and entitlements	9,002,862	9,359,577
Investment earnings	161,659	120,125
Issuance of refunding bonds	5,230,000	100.452
Miscellaneous	170,668	109,453
Total cash receipts	30,506,526	25,136,324
<u>Cash disbursements</u>		
Program disbursements:		
Instruction:		
Regular	8,885,389	8,472,656
Special	3,435,513	3,380,468
Vocational	42,378	46,113
Other	188,415	187,512
Support services:		
Pupil	765,408	727,904
Instructional staff	374,953	290,282
Board of education	47,274	50,361
Administration	1,865,421	1,875,609
Fiscal	501,002	491,522
Operations and maintenance	2,014,595	2,090,863
Pupil transportation	1,277,859	1,505,751
Central	391,684	281,520
Food service operations	497,360	551,065
Other non-instructional services	140,248	87,869
Extracurricular activities	588,842	461,529
Facilities acquisition and construction	35,819	55,266
Principal retirement	281,849	1,127,000
Interest and fiscal charges	1,408,588	570,869
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	5,251,633	· -
Total cash disbursements	27,994,230	22,254,159
Change in net cash position	2,512,296	2,882,165
Net cash position at beginning of year	13,852,333	N/A
Net cash position at end of year	\$ 16,364,629	\$ 13,852,333

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

Governmental Activities

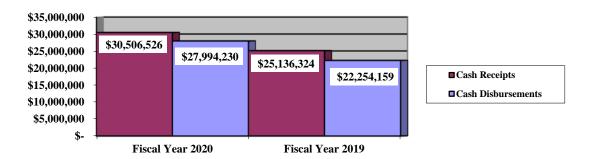
Net cash position of the District's governmental activities increased \$2,512,296. As the preceding table shows, the overall increase in both receipts and disbursements in fiscal year 2020 was primarily a result of the issuance of refunding bonds of approximately \$5.2 million. Total governmental cash disbursements of \$27,994,230 were offset by program cash receipts of \$3,478,557 and general cash receipts of \$27,027,969. Program cash receipts supported 12.43% of the total governmental disbursements.

The primary sources of receipts for governmental activities are derived from taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements. These sources represent 70.36% of total governmental cash receipts. Other than the bond issuance, total receipts in fiscal year 2020 were comparable to the prior year.

Total cash disbursements in fiscal year 2020 increased \$5,740,071, primarily due to the payment to refunded bond escrow agent. The largest disbursement of the District is for instructional programs. Instruction disbursements totaled \$12,551,695 or 44.84% of total governmental cash disbursements for fiscal year 2020.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities cash receipts and disbursements for fiscal years 2020 and 2019.

Governmental Activities - Cash Receipts and Cash Disbursements



The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and sales and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax receipts and unrestricted grants and entitlements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

Governmental Activities

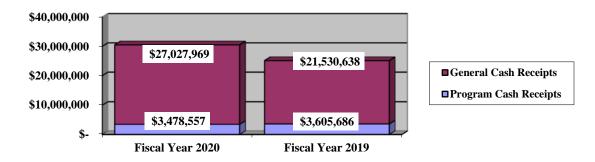
	Total Cost of	Net Cost of	Total Cost of	Net Cost of
	Services	Services	Services	Services
	2020	2020	2019	2019
Program cash disbursements				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$ 8,885,389	\$ 7,943,283	\$ 8,472,656	\$ 7,651,822
Special	3,435,513	2,119,845	3,380,468	1,906,670
Vocational	42,378	31,089	46,113	34,824
Other	188,415	188,415	187,512	187,512
Support services:				
Pupil	765,408	614,509	727,904	727,257
Instructional staff	374,953	374,953	290,282	290,282
Board of education	47,274	47,274	50,361	50,361
Administration	1,865,421	1,864,575	1,875,609	1,875,515
Fiscal	501,002	501,002	491,522	491,522
Operations and maintenance	2,014,595	2,002,640	2,090,863	2,079,531
Pupil transportation	1,277,859	1,212,588	1,505,751	1,200,829
Central	391,684	314,689	281,520	177,313
Food service operations	497,360	(3,264)	551,065	(46,546)
Other non-instructional services	140,248	9,020	87,869	(33,593)
Extracurricular activities	588,842	317,166	461,529	302,039
Facilities acquisition and construction	35,819	35,819	55,266	55,266
Principal retirement	281,849	281,849	1,127,000	1,127,000
Interest and fiscal charges	1,408,588	1,408,588	570,869	570,869
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	5,251,633	5,251,633	<u>-</u>	_
Total	\$ 27,994,230	\$ 24,515,673	\$ 22,254,159	\$ 18,648,473

The dependence upon general cash receipts for governmental activities is apparent, with 87.57% and 83.80% of cash disbursements supported through taxes and other general cash receipts during fiscal years 2020 and 2019, respectively.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities cash receipts for fiscal years 2020 and 2019.

Governmental Activities - General and Program Cash Receipts



The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds reported a combined fund cash balance of \$16,364,629, compared to last year's combined fund cash balance of \$13,852,333, as restated. See Note 3 for more information about the restatement of fund cash balances. The schedule below indicates the fund cash balance and the total change in fund cash balance as of June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019, for all major and nonmajor governmental funds.

		Restated	
	Fund Cash Balance <u>June 30, 2020</u>	Fund Cash Balance <u>June 30, 2019</u>	Change
General fund Nonmajor governmental funds	\$ 14,578,331 1,786,298	\$ 12,450,910 1,401,423	\$ 2,127,421 384,875
Total	\$ 16,364,629	\$ 13,852,333	\$ 2,512,296

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

General Fund

The table that follows assists in illustrating the cash receipts and disbursements of the general fund.

		2020 Amount		2019 Amount	Increase Decrease)	Percentage Change	•
Cash receipts	_		_		 		_
Property taxes	\$	7,474,781	\$	7,023,420	\$ 451,361	6.43	%
Income taxes		3,265,858		3,190,611	75,247	2.36	%
Tuition and fees		921,614		780,531	141,083	18.08	%
Earnings on investments		148,480		96,259	52,221	54.25	%
Intergovernmental		9,560,239		9,897,118	(336,879)	(3.40)	%
Other		154,039		184,686	 (30,647)	(16.59)	%
Total	\$	21,525,011	\$	21,172,625	\$ 352,386	1.66	%
Cash disbursements							
Instruction	\$	12,000,689	\$	11,418,982	\$ 581,707	5.09	%
Support services		6,989,207		6,871,034	118,173	1.72	%
Operation of non-instructional services		1,979		1,319	660	50.04	%
Extracurricular activities		321,307		306,705	14,602	4.76	%
Debt service		86,608		86,608	 	-	%
Total	\$	19,399,790	\$	18,684,648	\$ 715,142	3.83	%

As the preceding table shows, the main sources of revenue for the general fund are property taxes, income taxes, and intergovernmental receipts. An increase in assessed property values led to an increase in property tax collections. This was largely offset, however, by a decrease in intergovernmental receipts, which is primarily a result of State budget cuts brought on by the COVID-19 pandemic towards the end of the fiscal year. The increase in tuition and fees is mostly due to an increase in tuition received from other districts for open enrollment. Earnings on investments increased as a result of the improving interest rates on District investments.

Total cash disbursements increased slightly in fiscal year 2020. This was primarily due to increases in wages and benefits costs, particularly for the District's regular instruction programs.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

For the general fund, original budgetary basis receipts and other financing sources of \$18,385,793 remained unchanged during the year. The actual budgetary basis receipts and other financing sources were \$21,448,722 or \$3,062,929 higher than the final budget. This variance is a result of the District's conservative budget estimates.

Original and final budgetary basis disbursements were \$22,289,026. The actual budgetary basis disbursements of \$19,979,950 were \$2,309,076 less than the final budget estimates. As mentioned above, the District uses a conservative budgeting process, which includes using a "worst case scenario" to account for unforeseen disbursements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The District does not record capital assets in the accompanying cash basis basic financial statements, but records payments for capital assets as disbursements. The District had facilities acquisition and construction disbursements of \$35,819 during fiscal year 2020.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2020, the District had \$15,182,483 in general obligation bonds, an energy conservation note, and a lease-purchase obligation outstanding. Of the total outstanding debt, \$1,130,480 is due within one year and \$14,052,003 is due in more than one year. Total debt additions during the year (including accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds) were \$5,466,475 and reductions were \$6,383,000. The District issued general obligation bonds in the amount of \$5,230,000 in fiscal year 2020 in order to refund a previous bond issuance at a lower interest rate.

The following table summarizes the District's outstanding debt.

Outstanding Debt at Year End

	Governmental Activities 2020	Governmental Activities 2019		
General obligation bonds	\$ 11,719,483	\$ 12,503,008		
Energy conservation note	1,715,000	1,715,000		
Lease-purchase obligation	1,748,000	1,881,000		
Total	\$ 15,182,483	\$ 16,099,008		

See Notes 7 and 8 in the notes to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's debt administration.

Current Financial Related Activities

The Ohio Department of Education requires that each school district prepare and submit a revenue and disbursement projection each May and October. The five year forecast presents a three year historical look at what the District's revenues and disbursements were and then forecasts what we believe our anticipated revenues and disbursements will be for the next five years. Fiscal year 2020 disbursements included an allocation for busses, an appropriation for closed-circuit television surveillance, and an amount to replace and add student Chromebooks in all buildings. In connection with a mandate from our Board of Education we have partnered with First Energy to redesign our electric supply in a way that we believe will ultimately save the District thousands of dollars for years to come. When the campus was built, each building including the annex and stadium were given an electric meter. Utility companies typically charge for electricity based on the highest demand that a meter may incur and with multiple meters this is expensive for the District. After some research, we determined that we could realize a significant cost savings if we combined all of the meters into one main meter. There was a cost to the project, but in time we will begin to see significant savings. Finally, we are approaching the completion of an Ohio Facilities Construction Commission (OFCC) Corrective Action Plan that will resolve issues with our building automation controls in the Middle School and Stinson Elementary.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

Fiscal year 2021 will be extremely demanding on disbursements because of the costs associated with reopening school during the COVID-19 pandemic. One-time purchases of supplies, materials, personal protective equipment and educational technology will be a significant disbursement. The disbursements will also include additional personnel costs when the need is determined.

Revenues for the District have remained mostly consistent. The Ohio Biennial budget has not yet been passed but projections indicate that our funding should stay consistent due to receiving an amount from the Transitional Aid Guarantee. The Stark County Real Estate Re-Appraisal increased the valuations in the District which will increase real estate tax revenues in the second half of fiscal year 2019 and beyond. The School District Earned Income Tax, first collected in 2011, remains strong and is a vital source of income for the continued success of the District. The Board of Education passed a resolution to put a renewal of the 1% School District Income on the November 5, 2019 ballot. The renewal levy passed and will now continue for an additional five (5) years.

Revenues for fiscal year 2021 are projected to be reduced because of the pandemic. Of the three main revenue sources that the District has, the school district income tax is projected to have the largest reduction. Real estate tax collections and State Foundation funds are also projected at lower amounts than the just completed year. At this time it is too early to see the impact on real estate collections.

On the positive side, fiscal year 2021 revenues will include additional grant funding in the form of Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) money from the State. These funds are allocated to school districts across the state using money from the CARES Act passed by Congress in March 2020 in response to the COVID-19 pandemic. The District's allocation for fiscal year 2021 is \$204,425.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Dan Levengood, Treasurer, Northwest Local School District, 2309 Locust Street S., Canal Fulton, Ohio 44614.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - CASH BASIS JUNE 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities	
Assets:		
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	15,339,629
Restricted assets:		
Cash in segregated accounts		1,025,000
Total assets		16,364,629
Net position:		
Restricted for:		
Classroom facilities maintenance		129,871
Debt service		1,985,772
State funded programs		265,492
Federally funded programs		54,249
Student activities		80,725
Other purposes		211,939
Unrestricted		13,636,581
Total net position	\$	16,364,629

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - CASH BASIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

				Prograi	m Receij	nts	(I a	Net Receipts Disbursements) nd Changes in et Cash Position
			C	narges for		rating Grants		Governmental
	Di	Disbursements		ces and Sales	-	Contributions	`	Activities
Governmental activities:				ees und sures			-	11001/10100
Instruction:								
Regular	\$	8,885,389	\$	882,738	\$	59,368	\$	(7,943,283)
Special		3,435,513		38,876		1,276,792		(2,119,845)
Vocational		42,378		-		11,289		(31,089)
Other		188,415		-		-		(188,415)
Support services:								
Pupil		765,408		_		150,899		(614,509)
Instructional staff		374,953		-		-		(374,953)
Board of education		47,274		-		-		(47,274)
Administration		1,865,421		-		846		(1,864,575)
Fiscal		501,002		-		-		(501,002)
Operations and maintenance		2,014,595		11,955		-		(2,002,640)
Pupil transportation		1,277,859		-		65,271		(1,212,588)
Central		391,684		50,094		26,901		(314,689)
Operation of non-instructional services:								
Food service operations		497,360		248,018		252,606		3,264
Other non-instructional services		140,248		972		130,256		(9,020)
Extracurricular activities		588,842		249,761		21,915		(317,166)
Facilities acquisition and construction		35,819		-		-		(35,819)
Principal retirement		281,849		-		-		(281,849)
Interest and fiscal charges		1,408,588		-		-		(1,408,588)
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent.		5,251,633						(5,251,633)
Total governmental activities	\$	27,994,230	\$	1,482,414	\$	1,996,143		(24,515,673)
			Proper Ger	ral receipts: ty taxes levied f neral purposes .				7,474,781
				ot service				1,303,036
				oital outlay				279,546
								139,559
				e taxes levied fo				2.265.050
				neral purposes .				3,265,858
				and entitlement				0.002.962
				pecific program ment earnings .				9,002,862 161,659
				_				5,230,000
				_				
				llaneous general receipts				170,668
			`	e in net position				27,027,969 2,512,296
			_	_		ear (restated) .		13,852,333
			_	osition at end of			\$	16,364,629

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND FUND BALANCES - CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS ${\tt JUNE~30,~2020}$

			Nonmajor Governmental		Total Governmental	
A		General	-	Funds	-	Funds
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	13,553,331	\$	1,786,298	\$	15,339,629
Restricted assets:	Ф	13,333,331	Ф	1,760,296	Ф	13,339,029
Cash in segregated accounts		1,025,000		_		1,025,000
Total assets	\$	14,578,331	\$	1,786,298	\$	16,364,629
		7 7	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
Fund balances:						
Restricted:						
Debt service	\$	1,025,000	\$	960,772	\$	1,985,772
Classroom facilities maintenance		-		129,871		129,871
Food service operations		-		206,584		206,584
Non-public schools		-		111,733		111,733
Special education		-		10,292		10,292
Targeted academic assistance		-		38,357		38,357
Other purposes		-		14,206		14,206
Extracurricular activities		-		80,725		80,725
Student wellness and success		-		150,508		150,508
Committed:						
Capital improvements		-		395,369		395,369
Assigned:						
Student instruction		369,706		-		369,706
Student and staff support		222,279		-		222,279
Extracurricular activities		720		-		720
Discretionary assigned		32		-		32
Unassigned (deficit)		12,960,594		(312,119)		12,648,475
Total fund balances	\$	14,578,331	\$	1,786,298	\$	16,364,629

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	General	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Receipts:			
From local sources:			
Property taxes	\$ 7,474,781	\$ 1,722,141	\$ 9,196,922
Income taxes	3,265,858	-	3,265,858
Tuition	859,083	-	859,083
Earnings on investments	148,480	17,644	166,124
Charges for services	-	248,018	248,018
Extracurricular	93,163	202,505	295,668
Classroom materials and fees	62,531	-	62,531
Other local revenues	60,876	83,317	144,193
Intergovernmental - intermediate	82,677	-	82,677
Intergovernmental - state	9,398,014	541,744	9,939,758
Intergovernmental - federal	79,548	933,946	1,013,494
Total receipts	21,525,011	3,749,315	25,274,326
Disbursements:			
Current:			
Instruction:			
Regular	8,832,593	52,796	8,885,389
Special	2,937,303	498,210	3,435,513
Vocational	42,378	-	42,378
Other	188,415	-	188,415
Support services:			
Pupil	765,025	383	765,408
Instructional staff	374,953	-	374,953
Board of education	47,274	-	47,274
Administration	1,864,941	480	1,865,421
Fiscal	474,366	26,636	501,002
Operations and maintenance	1,796,105	218,490	2,014,595
Pupil transportation	1,277,859	-	1,277,859
Central	388,684	3,000	391,684
Operation of non-instructional services:			
Food service operations	-	497,360	497,360
Other non-instructional services	1,979	138,269	140,248
Extracurricular activities	321,307	267,535	588,842
Facilities acquisition and construction	-	35,819	35,819
Debt service:			
Principal retirement	-	281,849	281,849
Interest and fiscal charges	86,608	1,271,980	1,358,588
Bond issuance costs	-	50,000	50,000
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		71,633	71,633
Total disbursements	19,399,790	3,414,440	22,814,230
Excess of receipts over disbursements	2,125,221	334,875	2,460,096
Other financing sources (uses):			
Issuance of refunding bonds	-	5,230,000	5,230,000
Proceeds from sale/loss of assets	2,200	-	2,200
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	-	(5,180,000)	(5,180,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,200	50,000	52,200
Net change in fund balances	2,127,421	384,875	2,512,296
Fund balances at beginning of year (restated).	12,450,910	1,401,423	13,852,333
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 14,578,331	\$ 1,786,298	\$ 16,364,629

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Receipts Prinal Final Actual Constances Promolocal sources: 5 6.295.885 \$ 7,474.747 \$ 1,178.896 Income taxos 2.801.006 32.01.006 32.05.881 46.742.80 Income taxos 2.801.006 637.500 859.03 221.83 Earnings on investments 66.399 66.399 44.080 2.05.31 44.076 Chastroom materials and fees 47.860 47.800 2.34.53 4.96.70 Other local revenues 83.20 33.453 4.96.70 Intergovernmental - state 8.57.546 57.546 2.03.98.04 1.04.09 Intergovernmental - state 8.853 8.853 7.96.8 7.06.00 Total receipts 8.853 8.853 7.96.8 7.00.00 Total receipts 8.853 8.853 7.96.8 7.00.00 Total receipts 8.853 8.914.987 7.73.11 8.90.00 8.914.987 7.73.11 8.00.00 8.914.987 7.73.11 9.00.00 9.00.00 9.00.00		Budgeted Amounts				Variance with Final Budget		
Prom local sources: Promogray taxes. \$ 6,295,885 \$ 6,295,885 \$ 7,474,781 \$ 1,178,896 \$ 1,000 \$ 2,801,096 \$ 2,801,096 \$ 3,265,885 \$ 464,762 \$ 1,000 \$ 2,801,096 \$ 3,265,885 \$ 2,1583			Original	Final		Actual		Positive Negative)
Property taxes. \$ 6,93,885 \$ 7,474,781 \$ 1,178,896 Income taxes. 2,801,096 2,2801,096 3,265,8983 221,583 Tuttion. 637,500 637,900 859,083 221,583 Earnings on investments. 66,399 66,399 148,480 82,081 Class room materials and fees 47,860 47,860 62,531 14,671 Other local revenues 33,220 33,235 (49,767) Intergovernmental intermediate 8,352,021 8,320,02 3,938,014 1,045,993 Intergovernmental - federal 8,853 8,853 79,948 70,698 Total receipts 18,384,908 18,384,908 21,446,522 3,061,614 Dispursements: Current: Instruction: 8,000 8,000 2,1446,522 3,061,614 Poblescements: 8,001 9,688,298 8,914,987 773,311 Instruction: 8,001 64,500 44,502 181,759 Vocational. 64,500 64,500	Receipts:		<u> </u>	 		1100000		(cguez (c)
December Company Com	From local sources:							
Putition	Property taxes	\$	6,295,885	\$ 6,295,885	\$	7,474,781	\$	1,178,896
Earnings on investments 66.399 148,480 82,081 Extracurricular 34,528 34,528 42,097 7,569 Classroom materials and fees 47,860 47,860 62,531 14,671 Other local revenues 83,220 83,220 33,453 (49,675) Intergovernmental - state 8,352,021 8,352,021 9,398,014 1,045,993 Intergovernmental - federal 8,853 8,853 79,548 70,695 Total receipts 18,384,908 18,384,908 21,446,522 3,061,614 Disbursements: Current: Instruction 8,853 8,853 79,588 70,695 Current: Instruction 8,814,908 21,446,522 3,061,614 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 14,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000	Income taxes		2,801,096	2,801,096		3,265,858		464,762
Retracurricular	Tuition		637,500	637,500		859,083		221,583
Retracurricular	Earnings on investments		66,399	66,399		148,480		82,081
Other local revenues 83,220 83,220 33,453 (49,767) Intergovernmental intermediate 57,546 57,546 82,677 25,131 Intergovernmental intermediate 8,852 18,382,021 9,398,014 1,045,993 Intergovernmental - federal 8,853 8,853 79,548 70,695 Total receipts 18,384,908 18,384,908 21,446,522 3,061,614 Dispursements Current: Instruction: Regular 9,688,298 8,948,987 773,311 Special 3,407,112 3,407,112 3,225,353 181,759 Vocational 64,500 64,500 42,378 22,122 Other 174,000 174,000 188,415 (14,415) Support services: Pupil. 749,600 749,600 767,661 (18,061) Instructional staff 337,202 337,202 387,544 (50,342) Board of education 58,000 58,000 58,500 52,574			34,528	34,528		42,097		7,569
Intergovernmental - intermediate	Classroom materials and fees		47,860	47,860		62,531		14,671
Intergovernmental - state	Other local revenues		83,220	83,220		33,453		(49,767)
Intergovernmental - state	Intergovernmental - intermediate		57,546	57,546		82,677		25,131
Name			8,352,021	8,352,021		9,398,014		1,045,993
Disbursements: Current: Cur	Intergovernmental - federal		8,853	8,853		79,548		70,695
Current: Instruction: Regular	_		18,384,908	18,384,908		21,446,522		3,061,614
Instruction: Regular	Disbursements:							
Regular. 9,688,298 9,688,298 8,914,987 773,311 Special. 3,407,112 3,407,112 3,225,353 181,759 Vocational. 64,500 64,500 42,378 22,122 Other. 174,000 174,000 188,415 (14,415) Support services: Pupil. 749,600 749,600 767,661 (18,061) Instructional staff 337,202 337,202 387,544 (50,342) Board of education 58,000 58,000 52,574 5,426 Administration. 1,907,418 1,907,418 1,889,384 18,034 Fiscal 475,472 475,472 487,478 (12,006) Operations and maintenance. 2,410,008 2,410,008 1,886,162 252,846 Pupil transportation 1,420,986 1,283,781 137,205 Central. 1,000,122 1,000,122 330,598 669,524 Extracurricular activities. 394,700 394,700 322,027 72,673 Debt service: <	Current:							
Special. 3,407,112 3,407,112 3,225,353 181,759 Vocational. 64,500 64,500 42,378 22,122 Other. 174,000 174,000 188,415 (14,415) Support services: Pupil. 749,600 749,600 767,661 (18,061) Instructional staff 337,202 337,202 387,544 (50,342) Board of education 58,000 58,000 52,574 5,426 Administration. 1,907,418 1,907,418 1,889,384 18,034 Fiscal 475,472 475,472 487,478 (12,006) Operations and maintenance. 2,410,008 2,410,008 1,886,162 523,846 Pupil transportation 1,420,986 1,283,781 137,205 Central. 1,000,122 1,000,122 330,598 669,524 Extracurricular activities. 394,700 394,700 322,027 72,673 Debt service: Principal 115,000 115,000 115,000 19,979,950 2,309,	Instruction:							
Vocational. 64,500 64,500 42,378 22,122 Other. 174,000 174,000 188,415 (14,415) Support services: 174,000 749,600 767,661 (18,061) Instructional staff 337,202 337,202 387,544 (50,342) Board of education 58,000 58,000 52,574 5,426 Administration. 1,907,418 1,907,418 1,889,384 18,034 Fiscal 475,472 487,478 (12,006) Operations and maintenance. 2,410,008 2,410,008 1,886,162 523,846 Pupil transportation 1,420,986 1,420,986 1,283,781 137,205 Central. 1,000,122 1,000,122 330,598 669,524 Extracurricular activities. 394,700 394,700 322,027 72,673 Debt service: Principal 115,000 115,000 15,000 1 Interest and fiscal charges. 86,608 86,608 86,608 1 2 Excess			9,688,298	9,688,298		8,914,987		,-
Other. 174,000 174,000 188,415 (14,415) Support services: 749,600 749,600 767,661 (18,061) Instructional staff 337,202 337,202 387,544 (50,342) Board of education 58,000 58,000 52,574 5,426 Administration. 1,907,418 1,907,418 1,888,384 18,034 Fiscal 475,472 475,472 487,478 (12,006) Operations and maintenance. 2,410,008 2,410,008 1,886,162 523,846 Pupil transportation 1,420,986 1,420,986 1,283,781 137,205 Central. 1,000,122 1,000,122 330,598 669,524 Extracurricular activities 394,700 394,700 322,027 72,673 Debt service: Principal 115,000 115,000 115,000 1 Interest and fiscal charges 86,608 86,608 86,608 7 2,309,076 Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) disbursements (3,904,118) (3,904,118) <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>								
Support services: Pupil. 749,600 749,600 767,661 (18,061) Pupil. 337,202 337,202 387,544 (50,342) Board of education 58,000 58,000 52,574 5,426 Administration. 1,907,418 1,907,418 1,889,384 18,034 Fiscal 475,472 475,472 487,478 (12,006) Operations and maintenance. 2,410,008 2,410,008 1,886,162 523,846 Pupil transportation 1,420,986 1,420,986 1,283,781 137,205 Central. 1,000,122 1300,122 330,598 669,524 Extracurricular activities. 394,700 394,700 322,027 72,673 Debt service: Principal 115,000 115,000 15,000 15,000 1 Princepal of fiscal charges. 86,608 86,608 86,608 - - Total disbursements. (3,904,118) (3,904,118) 1,466,572 5,370,690 Other financing sources:				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				22,122
Instructional staff 337,202 337,202 387,544 (50,342) Board of education 58,000 \$8,000 \$2,574 5,426 Administration 1,907,418 1,907,418 1,889,384 18,034 Fiscal 475,472 475,472 487,478 (12,006) Operations and maintenance 2,410,008 2,410,008 1,886,162 523,846 Pupil transportation 1,420,986 1,420,986 1,283,781 137,205 Central 1,000,122 1,000,122 330,598 669,524 Extracurricular activities 394,700 394,700 322,027 72,673 Debt service: Principal 115,000 115,000 15,000			174,000	174,000		188,415		(14,415)
Board of education 58,000 58,000 52,574 5,426 Administration. 1,907,418 1,907,418 1,889,384 18,034 Fiscal 475,472 475,472 487,478 (12,006) Operations and maintenance. 2,410,008 2,410,008 1,886,162 523,846 Pupil transportation 1,420,986 1,420,986 1,283,781 137,205 Central. 1,000,122 1,000,122 330,598 669,524 Extracurricular activities. 394,700 394,700 322,027 72,673 Debt service: Principal 115,000 115,000 115,000 - Interest and fiscal charges. 86,608 86,608 86,608 - - Total disbursements 22,289,026 22,289,026 19,979,950 2,309,076 Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) disbursements (3,904,118) (3,904,118) 1,466,572 5,370,690 Other financing sources: Proceeds from sale/loss of assets 885 885 2,200 1,315 <td>Pupil</td> <td></td> <td>749,600</td> <td>749,600</td> <td></td> <td>767,661</td> <td></td> <td>(18,061)</td>	Pupil		749,600	749,600		767,661		(18,061)
Administration. 1,907,418 1,907,418 1,889,384 18,034 Fiscal 475,472 475,472 487,478 (12,006) Operations and maintenance. 2,410,008 2,410,008 1,886,162 523,846 Pupil transportation 1,420,986 1,420,986 1,283,781 137,205 Central. 1,000,122 1,000,122 330,598 669,524 Extracurricular activities. 394,700 394,700 322,027 72,673 Debt service: Principal 115,000 115,000 115,000 - Interest and fiscal charges. 86,608 86,608 86,608 - - Total disbursements 22,289,026 22,289,026 19,979,950 2,309,076 Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) disbursements (3,904,118) (3,904,118) 1,466,572 5,370,690 Other financing sources: Proceeds from sale/loss of assets 885 885 2,200 1,315 Total other financing sources 885 885 2,200 1,315	Instructional staff		337,202	337,202		387,544		(50,342)
Fiscal 475,472 475,472 487,478 (12,006) Operations and maintenance. 2,410,008 2,410,008 1,886,162 523,846 Pupil transportation 1,420,986 1,420,986 1,283,781 137,205 Central. 1,000,122 1,000,122 330,598 669,524 Extracurricular activities. 394,700 394,700 322,027 72,673 Debt service: Principal 115,000 115,000 115,000 - Interest and fiscal charges. 86,608 86,608 86,608 - - Total disbursements 22,289,026 22,289,026 19,979,950 2,309,076 Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) disbursements (3,904,118) (3,904,118) 1,466,572 5,370,690 Other financing sources: Proceeds from sale/loss of assets 885 885 2,200 1,315 Total other financing sources 885 885 2,200 1,315 Net change in fund balance (3,903,233) (3,903,233) 1,468,772	Board of education		58,000	58,000		52,574		5,426
Operations and maintenance. 2,410,008 2,410,008 1,886,162 523,846 Pupil transportation 1,420,986 1,420,986 1,283,781 137,205 Central. 1,000,122 1,000,122 330,598 669,524 Extracurricular activities. 394,700 394,700 322,027 72,673 Debt service: Principal 115,000 115,000 115,000 - Interest and fiscal charges. 86,608 86,608 86,608 86,608 - Total disbursements. 22,289,026 22,289,026 19,979,950 2,309,076 Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) disbursements. (3,904,118) (3,904,118) 1,466,572 5,370,690 Other financing sources: Proceeds from sale/loss of assets 885 885 2,200 1,315 Total other financing sources 885 885 2,200 1,315 Net change in fund balance (3,903,233) (3,903,233) 1,468,772 5,372,005 Fund balance at beginning of year 11,029,039 11,029,039 11,029,039	Administration		1,907,418	1,907,418		1,889,384		18,034
Pupil transportation 1,420,986 1,420,986 1,283,781 137,205 Central. 1,000,122 1,000,122 330,598 669,524 Extracurricular activities. 394,700 394,700 322,027 72,673 Debt service: 70,000 115,000 115,000 115,000 115,000 115,000 115,000 115,000 115,000 115,000 115,000 115,000 115,000 10,001,000	Fiscal		475,472	475,472		487,478		(12,006)
Central. 1,000,122 1,000,122 330,598 669,524 Extracurricular activities. 394,700 394,700 322,027 72,673 Debt service: Principal 115,000 115,000 115,000 - Interest and fiscal charges. 86,608 86,608 86,608 - Total disbursements. 22,289,026 22,289,026 19,979,950 2,309,076 Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) disbursements. (3,904,118) (3,904,118) 1,466,572 5,370,690 Other financing sources: Proceeds from sale/loss of assets 885 885 2,200 1,315 Total other financing sources. 885 885 2,200 1,315 Net change in fund balance. (3,903,233) (3,903,233) 1,468,772 5,372,005 Fund balance at beginning of year 11,029,039 11,029,039 11,029,039 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 462,783 462,783 462,783 462,783	Operations and maintenance		2,410,008	2,410,008		1,886,162		523,846
Extracurricular activities. 394,700 394,700 322,027 72,673 Debt service: Principal	Pupil transportation		1,420,986	1,420,986		1,283,781		137,205
Debt service: Principal	Central		1,000,122	1,000,122		330,598		669,524
Principal 115,000 115,000 115,000 - Interest and fiscal charges 86,608 86,608 86,608 - Total disbursements 22,289,026 22,289,026 19,979,950 2,309,076 Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) disbursements (3,904,118) (3,904,118) 1,466,572 5,370,690 Other financing sources: Proceeds from sale/loss of assets 885 885 2,200 1,315 Total other financing sources 885 885 2,200 1,315 Net change in fund balance (3,903,233) (3,903,233) 1,468,772 5,372,005 Fund balance at beginning of year 11,029,039 11,029,039 11,029,039 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 462,783 462,783 462,783 -			394,700	394,700		322,027		72,673
Interest and fiscal charges. 86,608 86,608 - Total disbursements 22,289,026 22,289,026 19,979,950 2,309,076 Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) disbursements (3,904,118) (3,904,118) 1,466,572 5,370,690 Other financing sources: Proceeds from sale/loss of assets 885 885 2,200 1,315 Total other financing sources 885 885 2,200 1,315 Net change in fund balance (3,903,233) (3,903,233) 1,468,772 5,372,005 Fund balance at beginning of year 11,029,039 11,029,039 11,029,039 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 462,783 462,783 462,783 -			115,000	115.000		115,000		
Total disbursements 22,289,026 22,289,026 19,979,950 2,309,076 Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) disbursements (3,904,118) (3,904,118) 1,466,572 5,370,690 Other financing sources: Proceeds from sale/loss of assets 885 885 2,200 1,315 Total other financing sources 885 885 2,200 1,315 Net change in fund balance (3,903,233) (3,903,233) 1,468,772 5,372,005 Fund balance at beginning of year 11,029,039 11,029,039 11,029,039 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 462,783 462,783 462,783 -	•							-
Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) disbursements	_			 				
disbursements (3,904,118) (3,904,118) 1,466,572 5,370,690 Other financing sources: Proceeds from sale/loss of assets 885 885 2,200 1,315 Total other financing sources 885 885 2,200 1,315 Net change in fund balance (3,903,233) (3,903,233) 1,468,772 5,372,005 Fund balance at beginning of year 11,029,039 11,029,039 11,029,039 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 462,783 462,783 462,783 -	Total disbursements		22,289,026	 22,289,026		19,979,950		2,309,076
Other financing sources: Proceeds from sale/loss of assets								
Proceeds from sale/loss of assets	disbursements		(3,904,118)	 (3,904,118)		1,466,572		5,370,690
Total other financing sources 885 885 2,200 1,315 Net change in fund balance (3,903,233) (3,903,233) 1,468,772 5,372,005 Fund balance at beginning of year 11,029,039 11,029,039 11,029,039 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 462,783 462,783 462,783 -	Other financing sources:							
Net change in fund balance	Proceeds from sale/loss of assets		885	885		2,200		1,315
Fund balance at beginning of year 11,029,039 11,029,039 11,029,039 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 462,783 462,783 462,783 -	Total other financing sources		885	885		2,200		1,315
Prior year encumbrances appropriated 462,783 462,783 -	Net change in fund balance		(3,903,233)	(3,903,233)		1,468,772		5,372,005
Prior year encumbrances appropriated 462,783 462,783 -	Fund balance at beginning of year		11,029,039	11,029,039		11,029,039		_
	~ ·							_
		\$		\$ 	\$		\$	5,372,005

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - CASH BASIS FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	Custodial	
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,679
Total assets		5,679
Net position: Restricted for:		
Individuals, organizations and other governments		5,679
Total net position	\$	5,679

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - CASH BASIS FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Custodial	
Additions: Collections on behalf of OHSAA	\$	4,747
Deductions: Distributions on behalf of OHSAA		5,717
Change in net position		(970)
Net position at beginning of year (restated)		6,649
Net position at end of year	\$	5,679

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Northwest Local School District (the "District") is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The District is a local district as defined by Section 3311.03 of the Ohio Revised Code. The District is governed by a five-member board of education (the Board) elected by its citizens, which is responsible for the provision of public education to residents of the District.

The District employs 82 non-certified and 142 certified employees to provide services to approximately 1,774 students in grades K through 12 and various community groups. The District operates two elementary schools, one middle school and a high school.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

As discussed in Note 2.B., these financial statements are presented on the cash basis of accounting. The cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. In cases where these cash basis statements contain items that are the same as, or similar to, those items in financial statements prepared in conformity with GAAP, similar informative disclosures are provided.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>" and GASB Statement No. 61, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34</u>". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government and component units. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion by the primary government would render the primary government's financial statements incomplete or misleading. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District:

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Stark/Portage Area Computer Consortium (SPARCC)

SPARCC is a jointly governed organization created as a regional council of governments pursuant to State Statutes made up of public school districts and county boards of education from Stark, Portage, and Carroll Counties. The primary function of SPARCC is to provide data processing services to its member districts with an emphasis being placed on accounting, inventory control and payroll services. Other areas of service provided by SPARCC include student scheduling, registration, grade reporting, and test scoring. Each member district pays an annual fee for the services provided by SPARCC.

SPARCC is governed by a Board of Directors comprised of each Superintendent within the Consortium. The Stark County Educational Service Center serves as the fiscal agent of the Consortium and receives funding from the State Department of Education. Each district has one vote in all matters and each member district's control over budgeting and financing of SPARCC is limited to its voting authority and any representation it may have on the Board of Directors. The continued existence of SPARCC is not dependent on the District's continued participation and no equity interest exists. Financial information can be obtained by writing the Stark/Portage Area Computer Consortium, 6057 Strip Avenue NW, North Canton, Ohio 44720.

Stark County Area Vocational School District (JVS)

The JVS is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a seven member Board, consisting of one representative from each of the six participating districts' Boards and one Board Member that rotates from each participating district, and has its own budgeting and taxing authority. The JVS provides vocational education programs to students of the District. The financial information can be obtained by writing the Stark County Joint Vocational School, 2800 Richville Drive SE, Massillon, Ohio 44646.

PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOLS

Risk Sharing Pool

The Stark County Schools Council of Governments Health Benefits Plan (the "Consortium") is a shared risk pool created pursuant to State statute for the purpose of administering health care benefits. The consortium is governed by an assembly which consists of one representative from each participating school district (usually the superintendent or designee). The assembly elects officers for one year terms to serve on the Board of Directors. The assembly exercises control over the operation of the Consortium. All Consortium revenues are generated from charges for services. Financial information can be obtained by writing to the Stark County Educational Service Center, 6057 Strip Avenue NW, North Canton, Ohio 44720.

Insurance Purchasing Pool

The Stark County Schools Council of Governments Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan has created a group insurance pool for the purpose of creating a group rating plan for workers' compensation. The group is comprised of the treasurers of the member schools who have been appointed by the respective governing body of each member school.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The intent of the pool is to achieve a reduced rate for the District by grouping with other members of the group. The injury claim histories of all participating members are used to calculate a common rate for the group. An annual fee is paid to CompManagement, Inc. to administer the group and to manage any injury claims. Premium savings created by the group are prorated to each member annually based on its payroll percent of the group.

B. Basis of Accounting

Although required by Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(B) to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with GAAP, the District chooses to prepare its financial statements and notes on the cash basis of accounting. The cash basis of accounting is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than GAAP. Receipts are recognized when received in cash rather than when earned, and disbursements are recognized when paid rather than when a liability is incurred.

Budgetary presentations report budgetary cash disbursements when a commitment is made (i.e. when an encumbrance is approved). The difference between disbursements reported in the fund and entity wide statements and disbursements reported in the budgetary statements are due to current year encumbrances being added to disbursements reported on the budgetary statements.

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, in accordance with the cash basis of accounting.

C. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. The following is the District's major governmental fund:

<u>General fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets, (b) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest, and (c) specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to an expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The District has no proprietary funds.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net cash position and changes in net cash position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and custodial funds. Trust funds are used to account for cash assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The District has no trust funds. Custodial funds account for monies held on behalf of others that do not meet the definition of a trust fund. The District's custodial fund accounts for athletic tournament monies collected and distributed on behalf of the Ohio High School Athletics Association.

D. Basis of Presentation

The government-wide Statement of Activities compares disbursements with program receipts for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. These disbursements are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Receipts which are not classified as program receipts are presented as general receipts of the District. The comparison of direct disbursements with program receipts identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing on the cash basis or draws from the general receipts of the District.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

E. Budgets

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the alternate tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriation resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified. All funds, other than custodial funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The legal level of budgetary control has been established at the first digit of the object for all functions for the general fund and at the fund level for all other funds. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education. Although the legal level of budgetary control was established at the first digit of the object for all functions for the general fund, the District has elected to present the general fund's budgetary statement comparison at the fund and function level of expenditures.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Tax Budget:

On October 25, 2005, the Stark County Budget Commission voted to waive the requirement that school districts adopt a tax budget as required by Section 5705.28 of the Ohio Revised Code, by January 15th and the filing by January 20th. The Budget Commission now requires an alternate tax budget be submitted by January 20th, which no longer requires specific Board approval.

Estimated Resources:

By April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's certificate of estimated resources, which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to July 1, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate is amended to include any unencumbered cash balances from the preceding year. The certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts from the certificate of estimated resources that was in effect at the time the original and final appropriations were passed by the Board of Education.

Appropriations:

Upon receipt from the County Auditor of an amended certificate of estimated resources based on final assessed values and tax rates or a certificate saying no new certificate is necessary, the annual appropriation resolution is enacted by the Board of Education. Prior to the passage of the annual appropriation measure, the Board may pass a temporary appropriation measure to meet the ordinary expenses of the District. The appropriation resolution, at the fund level for all funds, must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures may not exceed the appropriation totals at any level of control. Any revisions that alter the level of budgetary control must be approved by the Board of Education.

The Board may pass supplemental fund appropriations so long as the total appropriations by fund do not exceed the amounts set forth in the most recent certificate of estimated resources. During the year, all supplemental appropriations were legally enacted.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budget amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund covering the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior year. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the year.

Lapsing of Appropriations:

At the close of each fiscal year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriation. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and are not reappropriated.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the basic financial statements. The District also reports "cash in segregated accounts" which represents monies maintained separately from the District's internal cash pool.

During fiscal year 2020, investments were limited to investments in negotiable certificates of deposit, U.S. Government money market accounts and the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio). Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices.

During fiscal year 2020, the District invested in STAR Ohio. STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The District measures its investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For fiscal year 2020, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, 24 hours advance notice is appreciated for deposits and withdrawals of \$25 million or more. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$100 million per day, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$100 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. The Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2020 amounted to \$148,480, which includes \$1,837 assigned from other District funds.

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District's investment account at fiscal year end is provided in Note 4.

G. Capital Assets

Acquisition of property, plant, and equipment purchased are recorded as disbursements when paid. These items are not reflected as assets on the accompanying financial statements under the cash basis of accounting. Depreciation has not been reported for any capital assets.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

H. Unpaid Vacation and Sick Leave

Employees are entitled to cash payments for unused vacation and sick leave in certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment. Unpaid vacation and sick leave are not reflected as liabilities under the cash basis of accounting.

I. Long-Term Obligations

Bonds and other long-term obligations are not recognized as a liability in the financial statements under the cash basis of accounting. These statements report proceeds of debt when cash is received, and debt service disbursements for debt principal payments.

J. Fund Cash Balance

Fund cash balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the District Board of Education (the highest level of decision making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted nor committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the District Board of Education, which includes giving the Treasurer the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The District applies restricted resources first when disbursements are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when disbursements are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

K. Net Cash Position

Net cash position is reported as restricted when enabling legislation or creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments have imposed limitations on its use. Net cash position restricted for other purposes consists of amounts restricted for food service operations and scholarships. The District first applies restricted resources when a disbursement is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net cash position is available. The District did not have any assets restricted by enabling legislation at June 30, 2020.

L. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements. Interfund activities between governmental funds are eliminated in the statement of activities.

M. Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted assets when limitations on their use change the normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments or imposed by enabling legislation. See Notes 8.A. and 4.B. for further detail on restricted assets related to energy conservation note sinking fund deposits maintained by the District.

N. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal year 2020.

O. Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability and net OPEB asset, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles/Restatement of Fund Balances/Restatement of Net Position

For fiscal year 2020, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 84 "<u>Fiduciary Activities</u>" and GASB Statement No. 90 "<u>Majority Equity Interests an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61</u>".

GASB Statement No. 84 establishes specific criteria for identifying activities that should be reported as fiduciary activities and clarifies whether and how business-type activities should report their fiduciary activities. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84, the District will no longer be reporting agency funds or private purpose trust funds. The District reviewed its fiduciary funds and one fund will be reported in the new fiduciary classification of custodial funds, while the other funds have been reclassified as governmental funds. These fund reclassifications resulted in the restatement of the District's financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 90 improves consistency in the measurement and comparability of the financial statement presentation of majority equity interests in legally separate organizations. This Statement also provides guidance for reporting a component unit if a government acquires a 100 percent equity interest in that component unit. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 90 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

A fund cash balance restatement is required in order to implement GASB Statement No 84. The June 30, 2019, fund cash balances have been restated as follows:

		Other	Total	
		Governmental	Governmental	
	General	Funds	Funds	
Fund cash balance				
previously reported	\$ 12,450,910	\$ 1,317,030	\$ 13,767,940	
GASB Statement No. 84		84,393	84,393	
Restated fund cash balance				
at June 30, 2019	\$ 12,450,910	\$ 1,401,423	\$ 13,852,333	

A net cash position restatement is required in order to implement GASB Statement No 84. The governmental activities at June 30, 2019 have been restated as follows:

	Governmental Activities
Net cash position	
as previously reported	\$ 13,767,940
GASB Statement No. 84	84,393
Restated net cash position	
at June 30, 2019	\$ 13,852,333

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84, the new classification of custodial funds is reporting a beginning net cash position of \$6,649. Also related to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84, the District will no longer be reporting agency funds or private purpose trust funds. At June 30, 2019, assets and net cash position in the agency funds and private purpose trust funds were \$85,687 and \$5,355, respectively.

B. Compliance

Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(B) requires the District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. However, the District prepared its basic financial statements on a cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The accompanying basic financial statements omit assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position/fund balances, and disclosures that, while material, cannot be determined at this time. The District can be fined and various other administrative remedies may be taken against the District.

C. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2020 included the following individual fund deficits:

Nonmajor funds		<u>Deficit</u>	
Other grants	\$	708	
District managed student activity		81,161	
Elementary and secondary school emergency relief		3,000	
Building		170,754	
Classroom facilities		56,496	

The general fund is liable for any deficit in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required. These funds did not comply with State law which does not allow a negative cash balance.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the fair value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) and (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool, the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one-hundred-eighty days and two-hundred-seventy days, respectively, from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed forty percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate note interests rated in either of the three highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by the financial institutions participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledge to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

A. Cash on Hand

At fiscal year end, the District had \$1,395 in undeposited cash on hand which is included on the financial statements of the District as part of "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents".

B. Cash in Segregated Accounts

At fiscal year end, \$1,025,000 was on deposit with an escrow agent for required sinking fund deposits relating to the District's energy conservation notes. These funds are not included in "deposits with financial institutions" below.

C. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2020, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$8,777,105 and the bank balance was \$8,790,887. Of the bank balance, \$500,000 was covered by the FDIC, \$4,912,266 was covered by the Ohio Pooled Collateral System, and \$3,378,621 was exposed to custodial credit risk because this amount was uninsured and uncollateralized. Although all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. The District has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or protected by: (1) eligible securities pledged to the District and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose fair value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured; or (2) participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total fair value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State. For 2020, the District's financial institution was approved for a reduced collateral rate of 50% through OPCS.

D. Investments

As of June 30, 2020, the District had the following investments and maturities:

			Investment Maturity			
	Carrying	Fair	12 months or	13 to 24	More than	
Investment type	Value	Value	less	months	24 months	
Negotiable CD's STAR Ohio U.S. Government	\$ 2,710,000 3,546,779	\$ 2,746,736 3,546,779	\$ 1,227,957 3,546,779	\$ 255,140	\$ 1,263,639	
money market	310,029	310,029	310,029			
Total	\$ 6,566,808	\$ 6,603,544	\$ 5,084,765	\$ 255,140	\$ 1,263,639	

The weighted average maturity of investments is 0.75 years.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk: Interest rate risk arises as potential purchasers of debt securities will not agree to pay face value for those securities if interest rates subsequently increase. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk: STAR Ohio was rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2020:

<u>Investment type</u>	Carrying Value	% of Total
Negotiable CDs	\$ 2,710,000	41.27
STAR Ohio	3,546,779	54.01
U.S. Government money market	310,029	4.72
Total	\$ 6,566,808	100.00

E. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Position

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net position as of June 30, 2020:

Cash and investments per note		
Carrying amount of deposits	\$	8,777,105
Investments		6,566,808
Cash in segregated accounts		1,025,000
Cash on hand		1,395
Total	\$	16,370,308
Cash and investments per statement of net posit	ion_	
Governmental activities	\$ 1	16,364,629
Custodial fund		5,679
Total	\$ 1	16,370,308

NOTE 5 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 5 - PROPERTY TAXES – (Continued)

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property and public utility property. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2020 represent the collection of calendar year 2019 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2020 were levied after April 1, 2019, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2019, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised fair value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2020 represent the collection of calendar year 2019 taxes. Public utility real and personal property taxes received in calendar year 2020 became a lien on December 31, 2018, were levied after April 1, 2019, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The District receives property taxes from Stark, Summit and Wayne Counties. The County Auditors/Fiscal Officer periodically advance to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the Counties by June 30, 2020 are available to finance fiscal year 2020 operations. The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2020 taxes were collected are:

	2019 Second Half Collection	-	2020 First Half Collections			
	Amount F	Percent	Amount	Percent		
Agricultural/residential and other real estate Public utility personal	\$ 291,211,850 19,677,480	93.67 6.33	\$ 294,896,260 33,258,780	89.86 10.14		
Total	\$ 310,889,330	100.00	\$ 328,155,040	100.00		
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$54.40		\$53.30			

NOTE 6 - INCOME TAX

Effective January 1, 2011, the District levies a voted tax of 1% for general operations on the earned income of residents and of estates. Employers of residents are required to withhold income tax on compensation and remit the tax to the State. Taxpayers are required to file an annual return. The State makes quarterly distributions to the District after withholding amounts for administrative fees and estimated refunds. Income tax receipts are credited to the general fund and totaled \$3,265,858.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 7 - LEASE-PURCHASE AGREEMENTS - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

On August 16, 2007, the District entered into a \$1,318,000 lease-purchase agreement with the Columbus Regional Airport Authority to finance the acquisition of a bus garage. On August 6, 2009, the District entered into a \$1,630,000 lease-purchase agreement with the Columbus Regional Airport Authority to finance improvements to the District's buildings. Lease payments are reflected as debt service disbursements in the financial statements for the governmental funds. Principal and interest payments in fiscal year 2020 totaled \$133,000 and \$86,591, respectively, paid by the permanent improvement fund (a non-major governmental fund).

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the lease-purchase agreements and the present value of the minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2020.

Fiscal Year	
Ending June 30,	 Amount
2021	\$ 220,034
2022	219,164
2023	219,958
2024	219,392
2025	220,440
2026 - 2030	887,564
2031 - 2032	 229,377
Total	2,215,929
Less: amount representing interest	 (467,929)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$ 1,748,000

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. During the fiscal year 2020, the following changes occurred in governmental activities long-term obligations:

	C	Balance Outstanding 06/30/19	Additions	Reductions	Balance Outstanding 06/30/20	Amounts Due in One Year
Governmental activities:						
General obligation bonds:						
Series 2010 refunding						
Current interest bonds	\$	2,570,000	\$ -	\$ (45,000)	\$ 2,525,000	\$ 455,000
Capital appreciation bonds		78,682	-	-	78,682	78,682
Accreted interest		330,848	85,950	_	416,798	416,798
Series 2011 refunding						
Current interest bonds		3,415,000	-	_	3,415,000	-
Capital appreciation bonds		83,849	-	(83,849)	-	-
Accreted interest		738,666	132,485	(871,151)	-	-
Series 2012 refunding						
Current interest bonds		5,230,000	-	(5,230,000)	-	-
Capital appreciation bonds		7,093	_	_	7,093	-
Accreted interest		48,870	18,040	-	66,910	-
Series 2019 refunding						
Current interest bonds			5,230,000	(20,000)	5,210,000	 40,000
Total general obligation bonds		12,503,008	5,466,475	(6,250,000)	11,719,483	 990,480
Other obligations:						
Energy conservation note		1,715,000	-	_	1,715,000	-
Lease-purchase obligations		1,881,000		(133,000)	1,748,000	 140,000
Total other obligations		3,596,000		(133,000)	3,463,000	 140,000
Total governmental activities						
long-term liabilities	\$	16,099,008	\$ 5,466,475	\$ (6,383,000)	\$ 15,182,483	\$ 1,130,480

The lease-purchase obligations will be paid from the permanent improvement fund. See Note 7 for more detail.

Series 2010 Refunding General Obligation Bonds

On October 6, 2010, the District issued general obligation bonds to advance refund a portion of the Series 2002 bond issue. These bonds are general obligations of the District, for which its full faith and credit is pledged. The source of payment is derived from proceeds of a 5.2 mil bonded debt tax levy.

The issuance proceeds of \$3,362,660 were used to purchase securities which were placed in an irrevocable trust to provide resources for all future debt service payments on the refunded debt. This refunded debt is considered defeased (in substance). At June 30, 2020, \$3,015,000 of this debt was outstanding.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The refunding bond issue is comprised of current interest bonds, par value \$2,935,000 and capital appreciation bonds, par value \$78,682. The capital appreciation bonds mature December 1, 2020, (stated interest 20.00%) at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bonds is \$545,000.

Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is December 1, 2022.

Series 2011 Refunding General Obligation Bonds

On October 12, 2011, the District issued general obligation bonds to advance refund a portion of the Series 2002 bond issue. These bonds are general obligations of the District, for which its full faith and credit is pledged. The source of payment is derived from proceeds of a 5.2 mil bonded debt tax levy.

The issuance proceeds of \$9,757,917 were used to purchase securities which were placed in an irrevocable trust to provide resources for all future debt service payments on the refunded debt. This refunded debt is considered defeased (in substance). At June 30, 2020, \$3,480,000 of this debt was outstanding.

This issue is comprised of current interest bonds, par value \$9,085,000 and capital appreciation bonds, par value \$83,849. The capital appreciation bonds matured December 1, 2019, (stated interest 32.25%) at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bonds was \$955,000.

Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is December 1, 2025.

Series 2012 Refunding General Obligation Bonds

On January 12, 2012, the District issued general obligation bonds to advance refund a portion of the Series 2002 bond issue. This issue was currently refunded during fiscal year 2020.

Series 2019 Refunding General Obligation Bonds

On July 9, 2019 the District issued general obligation bonds to currently refund the remaining Series 2012 bond issue, which was issued to advance refund a portion of the Series 2002 bond issue. These bonds are general obligations of the District, for which its full faith and credit is pledged. The source of payment is derived from proceeds of a 5.2 mil bonded debt tax levy.

Issuance proceeds of \$5,180,000, plus an additional \$71,633 contributed by the District, were used to purchase securities which were placed in an irrevocable trust to provide resources for all future debt service payments on the refunded debt. The Series 2012 refunded bonds were redeemed on December 1, 2019. At June 30, 2020, \$5,455,000 of the Series 2002 debt was outstanding. The total cash flow savings and economic gain as a result of the refunding was \$363,427.

This issue is comprised of current interest bonds, par value \$5,230,000 and 2.39% interest rate. Interest payments are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is December 1, 2029.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

Energy Conservation Notes

On October 6, 2010, the District issued notes for the purpose of purchasing and installing energy conservation improvements throughout the District. The notes bear an interest rate of 5.05%, with interest payable each June 1 and December 1. Payments are made from the general fund. The notes mature on December 1, 2025.

The District is required to make mandatory sinking fund deposits on each December 1, through 2025, in the amount of \$115,000.

Fiscal Year		
Ending June 30,		Amount
2021	\$	115,000
2022		115,000
2023		115,000
2024		115,000
2025		115,000
2026	_	115,000
Total	\$	690,000

The District receives a reimbursement from the United States Treasury equal to 100% of the lesser of the interest payments on the energy conservation notes or the federal tax credits that would have otherwise been available to the holders of the energy conservation notes. The District records this reimbursement as federal intergovernmental revenue in the general fund.

B. Principal and interest requirements to retire the general obligation bonds and notes outstanding at June 30, 2020 are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30		General Obligati rrent Interest Bo Interest				al A	al Obligati ppreciation Interest		onds Total
2021	\$ 495,000	\$ 319,897	\$ 814,89	7 \$	78,682	\$	466,318	\$	545,000
2022	1,050,000	292,445	1,342,44	15	-		-		-
2023	1,095,000	250,149	1,345,14	19	-		-		-
2024	1,145,000	211,518	1,356,51	.8	-		-		-
2025	1,180,000	176,175	1,356,17	15	-		-		-
2026 - 2030	6,185,000	396,336	6,581,33	<u> </u>	7,093		447,907	_	455,000
Total	\$ 11,150,000	\$ 1,646,520	\$ 12,796,52	<u>20</u> <u>\$</u>	85,775	\$	914,225	\$	1,000,000

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

Fiscal Year		Energy Conservation Notes				
Ending June 30,	_	Principal	_	Interest	_	Total
2021	\$	-	\$	86,608	\$	86,608
2022		-		86,608		86,608
2023		-		86,608		86,608
2024		-		86,608		86,608
2025		-		86,608		86,608
2026		1,715,000		43,304		1,758,304
Total	\$	1,715,000	\$	476,344	\$	2,191,344

C. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The assessed valuation used in determining the District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2020, are a voted debt margin of \$19,258,951 (including available funds of \$960,772) and an unvoted debt margin of \$328,155.

NOTE 9 - OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave components are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Administrative and 260 day employees earn ten to thirty days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time. Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Upon retirement, classified employees are entitled to one-third of unused sick leave for the first 120 days of unused sick leave and one-tenth of unused sick leave for the first 120 days of unused sick leave and one-tenth of unused sick leave for the first 120 days of unused sick leave and one-tenth of unused sick leave in excess of 120 days, up to a maximum of 60 days.

B. Insurance Benefits

The District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to all employees through Stark County Schools Council of Governments Health Benefits Program. Coverage in the amount of \$50,000 is provided for classified employees and \$70,000 for certified and non-represented employees.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Property

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2020, the District maintained comprehensive insurance coverage with private carriers for real property, building contents and vehicles. Vehicle policies include liability coverage for bodily injury and property damage. Real property and contents are 90% coinsured.

Settled claims have not exceeded the commercial coverage in any of the past three years and there have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from last year.

B. Employee Health Benefits

The District has contracted with Stark County Schools Council of Governments (a shared risk pool) (see Note 2) to provide employee medical/surgical benefits. Rates are set through an annual calculation process. The District pays a monthly contribution which is placed in a common fund from which claim payments are made for all participating districts. The District's Board of Education pays 87% of the cost of a monthly premium for certified and classified employees. For fiscal year 2020, the District's monthly premium for family coverage and single coverage was \$1,858 and \$765, respectively, for medical and \$231 and \$93, respectively, for dental.

Claims are paid for all participants regardless of claims flow. Upon termination, all District claims would be paid without regard to the District's account balance. The Directors have the right to hold monies for an exiting district subsequent to the settlement of all expenses and claims.

C. Workers' Compensation

The District participates in the Stark County Schools Council of Governments Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (see Note 2). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all districts in the GRP.

Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performances is compared to the overall savings percent of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "equity pooling fund". This "equity pooling fund" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of CompManagement, Inc. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

Net Pension Liability

Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability represents the District's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description - The District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to	Eligible to
	Retire on or before	Retire after
	August 1, 2017 *	August 1, 2017
Full benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially reduced benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit; or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

^{*} Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017 will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.2% for the first thirty years of service and 2.5% for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

Effective January 1, 2018, SERS cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) changed from a fixed 3% annual increase to one based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI-W) with a cap of 2.5% and a floor of 0%. SERS also has the authority to award or suspend the COLA, or to adjust the COLA above or below CPI-W. SERS suspended the COLA increases for 2018, 2019 and 2020 for current retirees, and confirmed their intent to implement a four-year waiting period for the state of a COLA for future retirees.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10% of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10% for plan members and 14% for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14.0%. For fiscal year 2020, the Retirement Board did not allocate any employer contributions to the Health Care Fund.

The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$345,443 for fiscal year 2020.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description - Licensed teachers participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS website at www.strsoh.org.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307. The DB Plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation will be 2.2% of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. Effective July 1, 2017, the cost-of-living adjustment was reduced to zero. Members are eligible to retire at age 60 with five years of qualifying service credit, or age 55 with 28 years of service, or 33 years of service regardless of age. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.53% of the 14% employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.47% of the 14% employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12% of the 14% member rate goes to the DC Plan and the remaining 2% is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity after termination of employment at age 50 or later.

New members who choose the DC Plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit to apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. For fiscal year 2020, plan members were required to contribute 14% of their annual covered salary. The District was required to contribute 14%; the entire 14% was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The fiscal year 2020 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

The District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$1,178,717 for fiscal year 2020.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities.

Following is information related to the proportionate share:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportion of the net pension			
liability prior measurement date	0.07382170%	0.07407571%	
Proportion of the net pension			
liability current measurement date	0.07281200%	0.07240219%	
Change in proportionate share	-0.00100970%	- <u>0.00167352</u> %	
Proportionate share of the net			
pension liability	\$ 4,356,470	\$ 16,011,309	\$ 20,367,779

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2019, are presented below:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Actuarial cost method

Wage inflation 3.00%
Future salary increases, including inflation 3.50% to 18.20%
COLA or ad hoc COLA 2.50%
Investment rate of return 7.50% net of investments expense, including inflation

For 2019, the mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age set-back for both males and females. Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries were based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates. Mortality among disabled members was based upon the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

Entry age normal (level percent of payroll)

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major assets class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00 %	0.50 %
US Equity	22.50	4.75
International Equity	22.50	7.00
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	8.00
Real Assets	15.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	10.00	3.00
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.50%). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.50%), or one percentage point higher (8.50%) than the current rate.

		Current				
	1%	Decrease	Dis	count Rate	19	% Increase
District's proportionate share						
of the net pension liability	\$	6,104,971	\$	4,356,470	\$	2,890,132

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the July 1, 2019, actuarial valuation are presented below:

	July 1, 2019
Inflation	2.50%
Projected salary increases	12.50% at age 20 to
	2.50% at age 65
Investment rate of return	7.45%, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Payroll increases	3.00%
Cost-of-living adjustments	0.00%
(COLA)	

For the July 1, 2019, actuarial valuation, post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2019 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

STRS Ohio's investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation*	Real Rate of Return **
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

^{*}Target weights will be phased in over a 24-month period concluding on July 1, 2019.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.45% as of June 30, 2019. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2019. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.45% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2019.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.45%) or one-percentage-point higher (8.45%) than the current rate:

		Current				
	19	% Decrease	Dis	scount Rate	1% Increase	
District's proportionate share						
of the net pension liability	\$	23,398,745	\$	16,011,309	\$	9,757,467

^{**10-}Year geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS

Net OPEB Liability/Asset

OPEB is a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for OPEB is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net OPEB liability/asset represents the District's proportionate share of each OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net OPEB liability/asset calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which OPEB are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including OPEB.

GASB 75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because they benefit from employee services. OPEB contributions come from these employers and health care plan enrollees which pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. Any change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net OPEB liability/asset. Resulting adjustments to the net OPEB liability/asset would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14% of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, SERS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, prorated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2020, this amount was \$19,600. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2% of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5% of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2020, the District's surcharge obligation was \$44,769.

The surcharge added to the allocated portion of the 14% employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$44,769 for fiscal year 2020.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued effective January 1, 2021. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14% of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

Net OPEB Liability/Asset

The net OPEB liability/asset was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total OPEB liability/asset used to calculate the net OPEB liability/asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset was based on the District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Following is information related to the proportionate share:

		SERS		STRS	Total
Proportion of the net OPEB					
liability/asset prior measurement date	0	.07475430%	C	0.07407571%	
Proportion of the net OPEB					
liability/asset current measurement date	0	.07447160%	0	0.07240219%	
Change in proportionate share	- <u>0</u>	.00028270%	- <u>O</u>	0.00167352%	
Proportionate share of the net	_		_		
OPEB liability	\$	1,872,804	\$	-	\$ 1,872,804
Proportionate share of the net					
OPEB as set	\$	-	\$	1,199,154	\$ 1,199,154

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2019 are presented below:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Wage inflation	3.00%
Future salary increases, including inflation	3.50% to 18.20%
Investment rate of return	7.50% net of investments
	expense, including inflation
Municipal bond index rate:	
Measurement date	3.13%
Prior measurement date	3.62%
Single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense,	
including price inflation:	
Measurement date	3.22%
Prior measurement date	3.70%
Medical trend assumption:	
Measurement date	
Medicare	5.25 to 4.75%
Pre-Medicare	7.00 to 4.75%
Prior measurement date	
Medicare	5.375 to 4.75%
Pre-Medicare	7.25 to 4.75%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and Scale BB, 120% of male rates and 110% of female rates. RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates set back five years.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2010 through 2015, and was adopted by the Board on April 21, 2016. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.50%, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as used in the June 30, 2015 five-year experience study, are summarized as follows:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00 %	0.50 %
US Equity	22.50	4.75
International Equity	22.50	7.00
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	8.00
Real Assets	15.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	10.00	3.00
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2019 was 3.22%. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2019 was 3.70%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the state statute contribution rate of 2.00% of projected covered employee payroll each year, which includes a 1.50% payroll surcharge and 0.50% of contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make future benefit payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan assets was used to present value the projected benefit payments through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024 and the Fidelity General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index rate of 3.13%, as of June 30, 2019 (i.e. municipal bond rate), was used to present value the projected benefit payments for the remaining years in the projection. A municipal bond rate of 3.62% was used as of June 30, 2018. The total present value of projected benefit payments from all years was then used to determine the single rate of return that was used as the discount rate. The projection of future benefit payments for all current plan members was until the benefit payments ran out.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates - The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability of SERS, what SERS' net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.22%) and higher (4.22%) than the current discount rate (3.22%). Also shown is what SERS' net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (6.00% decreasing to 3.75%) and higher (8.00% decreasing to 5.75%) than the current rate.

				Current		
	19	6 Decrease	Dis	count Rate	19	% Increase
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	2,273,229	\$	1,872,804	\$	1,554,419
	1%	6 Decrease	T	Current rend Rate	19	% Increase
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	1,500,495	\$	1,872,804	\$	2,366,768

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the July 1, 2019, actuarial valuation, compared with July 1, 2018, are presented below:

	July 1, 2019		July	1, 2018	
Inflation	2.50%		2.50%		
Projected salary increases	12.50% at age 2	0 to	12.50% at age 2	0 to	
	2.50% at age 65	5	2.50% at age 65	5	
Investment rate of return	7.45%, net of in expenses, inclu		7.45%, net of investment expenses, including inflation		
Payroll increases	3.00%		3.00%		
Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA)	0.00%		0.00%		
Discounted rate of return	7.45%		7.45%		
Blended discount rate of return	N/A		N/A		
Health care cost trends					
	Initial	Ultimate	Initial	Ultimate	
Medical					
Pre-Medicare	5.87%	4.00%	6.00%	4.00%	
Medicare	4.93%	4.00%	5.00%	4.00%	
Prescription Drug					
Pre-Medicare	7.73%	4.00%	8.00%	4.00%	
Medicare	9.62%	4.00%	-5.23%	4.00%	

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

Assumption Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - There were no changes in assumptions since the prior measurement date of June 30, 2018.

Benefit Term Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - There was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were trended to the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020 to reflect the current price renewals. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2020 from 1.944% to 1.984% per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation*	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return **
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

^{*} Target weights will be phased in over a 24-month period concluding on July 1, 2019.

**10-Year geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB asset was 7.45% as of June 30, 2019. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes STRS Ohio continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care plan investments of 7.45% was used to measure the total OPEB asset as of June 30, 2019.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate - The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2019, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45%, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.45%) or one percentage point higher (8.45%) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

				Current		
	1%	Decrease	Dis	count Rate	1%	6 Increase
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$	1,023,239	\$	1,199,154	\$	1,347,057
	1%	Decrease	T	Current rend Rate	1%	6 Increase
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$	1,359,786	\$	1,199,154	\$	1,002,419

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 13 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the District is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the cash basis, the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The statement of receipts, disbursements and change in fund balance - budget and actual - budgetary basis presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budgetary basis and the cash basis are that:

- (a) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of a disbursement, as opposed to assigned or committed fund balance (cash basis);
- (b) Some funds are included in the general fund (cash basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis); and,
- (c) Required sinking fund deposits of the principal on the District's energy conservation notes are recorded as disbursements (budget basis), as opposed to restricted cash in segregated accounts (cash basis).

The adjustments necessary to reconcile the budget basis statement to the cash basis statement are as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	General fund
Budget basis	\$ 1,468,772
Net adjustment for disbursements	115,000
Funds budgeted elsewhere	13,345
Adjustment for encumbrances	530,304
Cash basis	\$ 2,127,421

Certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a cash basis. This includes the uniform school supplies fund and the public school support fund.

NOTE 14 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, state and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 14 - CONTINGENCIES - (Continued)

B. Litigation

The District is party to legal proceedings seeking damages generally incidental to its operations. The District management is of the opinion that disposition of the claim and legal proceedings will not have a material effect, if any, on the financial condition of the District.

C. Foundation Funding

District Foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. The Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to adjust/reconcile funding as enrollment information is updated by schools throughout the State, which can extend past the fiscal year end. ODE's final FTE adjustments did not have a material impact on the District's financial statements.

D. COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the District. The District's investment portfolio and the investments of the pension and other employee benefit plans are subject to increased market volatility, which could result in a significant decline in fair value, consistent with the general decline in financial markets. However, because the values of individual investments fluctuate with market conditions, the amount of losses that will be recognized in subsequent periods, if any, cannot be determined. In addition, the impact on the District's future operating costs, revenues, and any recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

NOTE 15 - SET-ASIDES

The District is required by State law to annually set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statutory formula, for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end. This amount must be carried forward to be used for the same purpose in future years. Expenditures exceeding the set-aside requirement may not be carried forward to the next fiscal year.

The following cash-basis information describes the change in the fiscal year-end set-aside amount for capital improvements. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Capital Improvements	
Set-aside balance June 30, 2019	\$	-
Current year set-aside requirement		336,044
Current year offsets		(508,667)
Total	\$	(172,623)
Set-aside balance June 30, 2020	\$	_

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 15 - SET-ASIDES - (Continued)

Current year offsets include proceeds from the District's permanent improvement and classroom facilities maintenance property tax levies.

During fiscal year 2003, the District issued \$22,999,986 in capital related school improvement bonds. These proceeds may be used to offset the required capital improvements set-aside amount for future years. The District is responsible for tracking the amount of bond proceeds that may be used as an offset in future periods, which was \$22,687,348 at June 30, 2020.

NOTE 16 - OTHER COMMITMENTS

The District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the District's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Y	Year-End	
<u>Fund</u>	Enc	<u>umbrances</u>	
General Nonmajor governmental	\$	530,837 225,241	
Total	\$	756,078	

NOTE 17 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On November 19, 2020, the District issued Refunding Bonds, Series 2020A (Tax Exempt) in the amount of \$7,240,000 for the purpose of currently refunding the District's outstanding Refunding Bonds, Series 2010, dated October 6, 2010 and currently refunding the District's outstanding Refunding Bonds, Series 2019, dated July 9, 2019. Also on November 19, 2020, the District issued Refunding Bonds, Series 2020B (Federally Taxable) in the amount of \$3,415,000 for the purpose of advance refunding the District's outstanding Refunding Bonds, Series 2011, dated October 12, 2011.

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SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

FEDERAL GRANTOR Pass Through Grantor	Federal CFDA	Pass Through Entity		Non-Cash		Non-Cash
Program / Cluster Title	Number	Identifying Number	Receipts	Receipts	Expenditures	Expenditures
- regram, order rino	Hambon		receipte	rtocolpto	Ехропакагоо	Experience
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE						
Passed Through the Ohio Department of Education:						
Child Nutrition Cluster:	40.550	40000 01 70 0000	(00 404	•	Ф 00.404	Φ.
COVID-19 School Breakfast Program School Breakfast Program	10.553 10.553	49908-3L70-2020 49908-3L70-2020	\$ 22,424 21,131	\$ -	\$ 22,424 21,131	\$ -
COVID-19 National School Lunch Program	10.555	49008-3L60-2020	45,217	-	45,217	-
National School Lunch Program	10.555	49008-3L60-2020 49008-3L60-2020	156,217	36,851	156,217	36,851
National School Eulich Flogram	10.555	49000-3L00-2020	130,217	30,031	130,217	30,031
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture/Child Nutrition C	luster		244,989	36,851	244,989	36,851
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION						
Passed Through the Ohio Department of Education:						
Special Education Cluster:						
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	49908-3M20-2019	81,960	-	69,726	-
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	49908-3M20-2020	311,915		316,206	
Total Special Education Cluster			393,874	=	385,932	-
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	49908-3M00-2019	24,459	_	_	_
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	49908-3M00-2020	218,239	_	217,167	_
Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	0		242,698		217,167	
· ·			•		·	
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	49908-3Y60-2019	4,576	=	=	-
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	49908-3Y60-2020	38,386		40,195	
Total Improving Teacher Quality State Grants			42,962	-	40,195	-
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	49908-3H10-2019	9,423	=	-	-
		•	•			
COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School						
Emergency Relief Fund	84.425D	49908-2020	-	-	3,000	-
Total U.S. Department of Education			688,956	-	646,294	
Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$ 933,945	\$ 36,851	\$ 891,283	\$ 36,851

The accompanying notes to this schedule are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Northwest Local School District (the District) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2020. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the District.

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE C - INDIRECT COST RATE

The District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE D - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the District assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE E - FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the entitlement value. The District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.

NOTE F - TRANSFERS BETWEEN PROGRAM YEARS

Federal regulations require schools to obligate certain federal awards by June 30. However, with ODE's consent, schools can transfer unobligated amounts to the subsequent fiscal year's program. The District transferred the following amounts from 2020 to 2021 programs:

	<u>CFDA</u>		Amt.
Program Title	<u>Number</u>	<u>Tra</u>	nsferred
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	\$	5,649
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	\$	64,748
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	\$	3,239
Student Support & Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	\$	26,164



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Northwest Local School District Stark County 2309 Locust Street South Canal Fulton, Ohio 44614

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Northwest Local School District, Stark County, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 15, 2020, wherein we noted the District uses a special purpose framework other than generally accepted accounting principles. In addition, we noted the District adopted new accounting guidance in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, and referred to the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures that may impact subsequent periods.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the District's financial statements. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

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Northwest Local School District
Stark County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Required by Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the financial statement. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards* which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings as items 2020-001 and 2020-002.

District's Response to Findings

The District's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and / or corrective action plan. We did not subject the District's responses to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

December 15, 2020



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO THE MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Northwest Local School District Stark County 2309 Locust Street South Canal Fulton, Ohio 44614

To the Board of Education:

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

We have audited Northwest Local School District's (the District) compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement that could directly and materially affect Northwest Local School District's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2020. The Summary of Auditor's Results in the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the District's major federal program.

Management's Responsibility

The District's Management is responsible for complying with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal program.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the District's compliance for the District's major federal program based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). These standards and the Uniform Guidance require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on the District's major program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

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Northwest Local School District
Stark County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to The Major Federal Program and on Internal
Control Over Compliance Required by the *Uniform Guidance*Page 2

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Northwest Local School District complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control over compliance tests and the results of this testing based on Uniform Guidance requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

December 15, 2020

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 JUNE 30, 2020

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Special Education Grants to States Cluster – CFDA # 84.027
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 750,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR § 200.520?	No

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2020-001

Noncompliance - Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.10(I) - Negative Fund Balances

Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.10(I) requires that money paid into any fund shall be used only for the purposes for which such fund is established.

Therefore, a negative fund cash balance in any fund indicates that money from another fund or funds has been used to pay the obligations of the fund carrying the deficit balance.

The following funds had a deficit fund balance:

September 2019

Capital Projects Building Fund (\$170,754)

Capital Projects Classroom Facilities Fund (\$28,597)

Special Revenue Other Grants Fund (\$1,543)

Special Revenue District Managed Student Activity Fund (\$5,654)

Special Revenue Miscellaneous Federal Grants Fund (\$4,506)

February 2020

Capital Projects Building Fund (\$170,754)

Capital Projects Classroom Facilities Fund (\$41,611)

Special Revenue Other Grants Fund (\$2,068)

Special Revenue District Managed Student Activity Fund (\$44,934)

June 2020

Capital Projects Building Fund (\$170,754)

Capital Projects Classroom Facilities Fund (\$56,496)

Special Revenue Other Grants Fund (\$708)

Special Revenue District Managed Student Activity Fund (\$81,161)

Special Revenue Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Fund (\$3,000)

Negative fund balances could result in the use of restricted receipts for unallowable purposes. Procedure(s) and control(s), such as the Management and/or Board's periodic review of reports that show cash fund balances, and budgeted versus actual receipts and disbursements, should be implemented to identify those funds that may potentially develop a negative balance.

Advances or transfers should be made or appropriations modified to prevent negative cash balances. The District should refer to the Ohio Compliance Supplement (OCS) Chapter 1 and/or Auditor of State Bulletin 97-003 for information regarding the accounting treatment and approval process for advances.

Official's Response: See Corrective Action Plan

Northwest Local School District Stark County Schedule of Findings Page 2

FINDING NUMBER 2020-002

Noncompliance - Ohio Rev. Code §117.38 - GAAP Mandated Files OCBOA

Ohio Rev. Code §117.38 provides that each public office shall file a financial report for each fiscal year. The Auditor of State may prescribe forms by rule or may issue guidelines, or both, for such reports. If the Auditor of State has not prescribed a rule regarding the form for the report, the public office shall submit its report on the form utilized by the public office.

Ohio Admin. Code § 117-2-03(B), which further clarifies the requirements of Ohio Rev. Code § 117.38, requires the Entity to file annual financial reports which are prepared using generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

The District prepared financial statements that, although formatted similar to financial statements prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, report on the basis of cash receipts and cash disbursements, rather than GAAP. The accompanying financial statements and notes omit certain assets, liabilities, deferred inflows/outflows of resources, fund equities/net position, and disclosures that, while presumed material, cannot be determined at this time.

Pursuant to Ohio Rev. Code § 117.38 the District may be fined and subject to various other administrative remedies for its failure to file the required financial report. Failure to report on a GAAP basis compromises the District's ability to evaluate and monitor the overall financial condition of the District. To help provide the users with more meaningful financial statements, the District should prepare its annual financial statements according to generally accepted accounting principles.

Official's Response: See Corrective Action Plan

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None

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NORTHWEST LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

2309 Locust Street S, Canal Fulton, OH 44614 P: (330) 854-2291 F: (330) 854-3591 www.northwest.sparcc.org

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTION COSTS 2 CFR 200.511(b) JUNE 30, 2020

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Status	Additional Information
2019-001	Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.10(D) — The District improperly posted all of the August 2018 Stark County Real Estate Advances for the Bond Retirement and Permanent Improvement Levies to the General Fund.	Fully Corrected	None
2019-002	Ohio Rev. Code § 117.38 – The District did not report the financial activity of the District in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.	Not Corrected	Not corrected due to cost benefit analysis performed by the District. Refer to Finding Number 2020-002.
2019-003	Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.10(I) — The District had deficit fund balances in various funds throughout the fiscal year as well as year-end.	Not Corrected	Refer to Finding Number 2020-001.
2019-004	Financial Statement Preparation Internal Controls - Fund Cash Balance - The General Fund Assigned Fund Balance did not properly report the subsequent year's appropriations at fiscal year- end.	Fully Corrected	None
2019-005	2 CFR § 400.1 and 2 CFR § 3474.1 – The District improperly charged employee pays to the Child Nutrition Cluster and Special Education Cluster.	Fully Corrected	None
2019-006	2 CFR. § 3485.12 – The District did not perform a search of the ELPS or otherwise verify that vendors were not suspended or debarred.	Fully Corrected	None

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CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN 2 CFR § 200.511(c) JUNE 30, 2020

Finding Number:

2020-001

Planned Corrective Action:

The District will request cash reimbursements more frequently and

plans to make necessary transfers to cover costs in the Capital

Projects Building Fund

Anticipated Completion Date:

May 31, 2021

Responsible Contact Person:

Dan Levengood

Finding Number:

2020-002

Planned Corrective Action:

A cost benefit was done when the District was in Fiscal Caution and it was determined that the savings in fees was beneficial at the time. The District has reviewed this decision and will do so again before

the end of this fiscal year.

Anticipated Completion Date:

June 30, 2021

Responsible Contact Person:

Dan Levengood





NORTHWEST LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

STARK COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 1/5/2021