



SOUTHEAST LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT PORTAGE COUNTY JUNE 30, 2020

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Southeast Local School District Portage County 8245 Tallmadge Road Ravenna, Ohio 44266

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Southeast Local School District, Portage County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

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Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Southeast Local School District, Portage County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 16 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the District. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *management's discussion and analysis*, and schedules of net pension and other post-employment benefit liabilities and pension and other post-employment benefit contributions listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the District's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures Schedule presents additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The schedule is management's responsibility, and derives from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this information to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

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Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 5, 2021, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

February 5, 2021

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The discussion and analysis of the Southeast Local School District's (the "School District") financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2020 are as follows:

- Net position decreased \$1,690,784, which represents a 12% decrease from 2019.
- Capital assets decreased \$1,123,969 during fiscal year 2020.
- During the fiscal year, outstanding debt decreased from \$2,241,963 to \$1,827,641.

Using this Annual Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. The statements are organized so the reader can understand the School District as a whole entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The *Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities* provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the School District's finances and a longerterm view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the School District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the School District, the general fund is by far the most significant fund.

Reporting the School District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While the basic financial statements contain the large number of funds used by the School District to provide programs and activities, the view of the School District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during fiscal year 2020?" The *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities* answer this question. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School District's net position and changes in net position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole, the financial position of the School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the School District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio which restrict revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs, and other factors.

In the *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities*, governmental activities include the School District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, extracurricular activities, and non- instructional services, i.e., food service operations.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions; however, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant funds. The School District's only major governmental fund is the general fund.

Governmental Funds Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Proprietary Fund The School District maintains one type of proprietary fund. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the School District's various functions. The School District uses an internal service fund to account for its health insurance benefits. Because this service predominately benefits governmental functions, it has been included within the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Reporting the School District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The School District acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units and/or other funds. These activities are reported in an agency fund. These activities are excluded from the School District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the School District to finance its operations.

The School District as a Whole

Recall that the Statement of Net Position provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net position for 2020 compared to 2019:

	Table 1 Net Position						
	Gov	Governmental Activities					
	2020	Change					
Assets							
Current and Other Assets	\$ 25,599,877	\$ 25,066,575	\$ 533,302				
Net OPEB Asset	1,078,875	1,058,438	20,437				
Capital Assets	16,466,015	17,589,984	(1,123,969)				
Total Assets	43,144,767	43,714,997	(570,230)				
Deferred Outflows of Resources							
Pension & OPEB	4,104,889	5,619,538	(1,514,649)				
Liabilities							
Current and Other Liabilities	2,783,505	2,270,229	513,276				
Long-Term Liabilities:	, ,	, ,	,				
Due Within One Year	485,759	471,620	14,139				
Due Within More Than One Year:			-				
Pension & OPEB	19,967,438	20,283,881	(316,443)				
Other Amounts	3,260,488	3,537,363	(276,875)				
Total Liabilities	26,497,190	26,563,093	(65,903)				
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Property Taxes and Other	5,088,603	5,176,208	(87,605)				
Pension & OPEB	3,340,540	3,581,127	(240,587)				
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	8,429,143	8,757,335	(328,192)				
Net Position							
Net Investment in Capital Assets	14,612,354	15,366,328	(753,974)				
Restricted	2,561,868	2,003,267	558,601				
Unrestricted	(4,850,899)	(3,355,488)	(1,495,411)				
Total Net Position	\$ 12,323,323	\$ 14,014,107	\$ (1,690,784)				

The net pension liability (NPL) is the largest single liability reported by the School District at June 30, 2020, and is reported pursuant to GASB Statement 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27*. In a prior period, the School District also adopted GASB Statement 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the School District's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB and the net OPEB asset.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB 45) focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's net pension/OPEB liability. GASB 68 and GASB 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

GASB 68 and GASB 75 require the net pension liability and the net OPEB asset/liability to equal the School District's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service.
- 2 Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits.

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the School District is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these assets/liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan *as against the public employer*. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. For STRS, the plan's fiduciary net OPEB position was sufficient to cover the plan's total OPEB liability resulting in a net OPEB asset for fiscal year 2019 that is allocated to each school based on its proportionate share. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability reported by the retirement boards. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, the School District's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's change in net pension liability and net OPEB asset/liability, respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

At year end, capital assets represented approximately 38% of total assets. Capital assets include land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, and vehicles. Net investment in capital assets was \$14,612,354 at June 30, 2020. These capital assets are used to provide services to students and are not available for future spending. Although the School District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the School District's net position, \$2,561,868 or 21%, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The deficit balance of government-wide unrestricted net position was \$4,850,899.

Current and other assets decreased. Cash and cash equivalents in segregated accounts showed an increase attributable to premiums exceeding claims in the fiscal year. This was offset by a decrease in equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents as expenditures continue to outpace revenue. Intergovernmental receivables increased due to an increase in funding from federal grant funds, an increase in excess cost, and funds received from Ohio Job & Family Services for FY2017-2018.

Other long-term liabilities decreased as a result of principal payments on long-term debt during fiscal year 2020. Current and other liabilities decreased. Contracts payable showed a decrease during the fiscal year as a result of the School District entering into fewer construction projects.

There was a significant change in net pension/OPEB liability/asset for the School District. These fluctuations are due to changes in the actuarial liabilities/assets and related accruals that are passed through to the School District's financial statements All components of pension and OPEB accruals contribute to the fluctuations in deferred outflows/inflows and NPL/NOL/NOA and are described in more detail in their respective notes.

In order to further understand what makes up the changes in net position for the current year, the following table gives readers further details regarding the results of activities for 2020 and 2019.

Table 2Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities							
		2020		2019		Change		
Revenues								
Program Revenues:								
Charges for Services	\$	1,622,248	\$	1,488,457	\$	133,791		
Operating Grants		2,433,069		1,973,459		459,610		
Capital Grants		0		487		(487)		
Total Program Revenues		4,055,317		3,462,403		592,914		
General Revenues:								
Property Taxes		6,853,772		6,384,932		468,840		
Grants and Entitlements Not Restricted		11,189,986		11,251,356		(61,370)		
Other		356,117		677,989		(321,872)		
Total General Revenues		18,399,875		18,314,277		85,598		
Total Revenues		22,455,192		21,776,680		678,512		
Program Expenses								
Instruction:								
Regular		9,437,451		7,565,617		1,871,834		
Special		3,704,310		2,820,445		883,865		
Vocational		187,305		157,453		29,852		
Student Intervention Services		2,609		2,861		(252)		
Other		1,585,838		1,402,259		183,579		
Support Services:								
Pupils		1,324,794		1,628,393		(303,599)		
Instructional Staff		799,500		698,181		101,319		
Board of Education		32,299	31,783			516		
Administration		1,522,114	1,154,226			367,888		
Fiscal		548,109	448,393		99,71			
Business		60,899		70,408		(9,509)		
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		2,528,652		1,987,391		541,261		
Pupil Transportation		1,164,574		1,642,358		(477,784)		
Central		21,004		26,458		(5,454)		
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:								
Food Service Operations		641,386		635,627		5,759		
Community Services		1,096		0		1,096		
Extracurricular Activities		515,044		454,809		60,235		
Debt Service:		-		-		ŕ		
Interest and Fiscal Charges		68,992		83,660		(14,668)		
Total Expenses		24,145,976		20,810,322		3,335,654		
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position		(1,690,784)		966,358		(2,657,142)		
Net Position at Beginning of Year		14,014,107		13,047,749		966,358		
Net Position at End of Year	\$	12,323,323	\$	14,014,107	\$	(1,690,784)		

During the fiscal year, the decrease in other revenue can be attributed to investment earnings as a result of fluctuations in the market, as well as a refund received by the School District for Real Estate appraisal fees that was received in the previous fiscal year. The increase in operating grants are the result of the increase in federal grants as well as an additional state grant that was rewarded to the School District.

Overall, program expenses increased significantly. The changes in program expenses are primarily associated to changes in the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability, net OPEB liability/asset and related accruals. As previously indicated, these items are explained in detail within their respective notes.

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table 3 shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State entitlements.

Total Cost of Service Net Cost of Service 2020 2019 2020 2019 Instruction: \$ Regular 9,437,451 \$ 7,565,617 \$ 8,347,176 \$ 6,574,550 Special 3,704,310 2,820,445 2,139,933 1,362,373 Vocational 187,305 157,453 104,026 74,109 Student Intervention Services 2,609 2,861 2,609 2,861 Other 1,585,838 1,402,259 1,585,838 1,402,259 Support Services: 829,552 Pupils 1,324,794 1,628,393 1,594,478 Instructional Staff 799,500 698,181 740,553 687,198 Board of Education 32,299 31,783 32,299 31,783 Administration 1,522,114 1,154,226 1,464,012 1,074,531 Fiscal 548,109 448,393 548,086 448.360 60,899 70,408 60,899 70,408 Business Operation and Maintenance of Plant 2,528,652 1,987,391 2,506,824 1,963,162 **Pupil Transportation** 1,164,574 1,086,048 1.571.657 1,642,358 Central 21,004 21,004 26,458 26,458 Operation of Non-Instructional Services: Food Service Operations 641,386 635.627 121.981 4.841 **Community Services** 1,096 0 (167)0 Extracurricular Activities 515,044 454,809 430.994 375,231 Debt Service: Interest and Fiscal Charges 68,992 68,992 83,660 83,660 20,810,322 20,090,659 17.347.919 **Total Expenses** 24,145,976 \$ \$ \$ \$

Table 3Governmental Activities

The dependence upon general revenues for governmental activities is apparent. About 82 percent of governmental activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues; such revenues are 82 percent of total governmental revenues. The community, as a whole, is by far the primary support for the School District students.

Governmental Funds

These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total revenues of \$22,184,905 and expenditures of \$22,157,412 for the fiscal year. The net change in fund balances for the fiscal year was an increase of \$76,606 for all governmental funds with a decrease of \$239,594 in the general fund.

The general fund's net change in fund balance was primarily from the reduction in state funding near year end due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2020, the School District amended its general fund budget. The School District uses site-based budgeting and budgeting systems are designed to tightly control total site budgets but provide flexibility for site management.

Original Budget Compared to Final Budget

Original budget basis revenue was lower than the final budget basis revenue due to an initial underestimation of federal impact-aid and investment earnings. There was no significant variance between original expenditure appropriations and final expenditure appropriations in the general fund.

Final Budget Compared to Actual Results

For the general fund, there was no significant variance between actual budget basis revenue and other financing sources to the final budget. Final expenditure appropriations of were higher than the actual expenditures as cost savings were recognized for all programs throughout the year.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

Table 4 shows fiscal year 2020 balances compared with 2019.

Table 4Capital Assets at June 30(Net of Depreciation)

		Governmental Activities					
		2020		2020		2019	
Land	\$	400,918	\$	400,918			
Construction in Progress		0		0			
Land Improvements		613,930		381,882			
Buildings and Improvements		14,737,914		15,911,820			
Machinery and Equipment		175,036		203,310			
Vehicles		538,217		692,054			
Totals	\$	16,466,015	\$	17,589,984			

The \$1,123,969 decrease in capital assets was attributable to depreciation exceeding additional current year purchases. See Note 5 for more information about the capital assets of the School District.

Debt

Table 5 summarizes bonds outstanding See Note 8 for additional details.

Table 5Outstanding Debt at Year End

	Governmental Activities			ctivities
		2020 2019		
2011 Refunding Bond-Serial, Term and Capital Appreciation Bonds	\$	1,827,641	\$	2,241,963

Current Issues

The Southeast Local School District relies on the State for approximately 60% of its general operating revenues. Fiscal year 2020 is the first year of the biennial budget which freezes the formula aid at FY2019 levels for FY2020 and FY2021. Due to COVID-19, the state enacted a reduction in aid for the final three payments of FY2020 which equated to \$298,886. This cut remains in place for the FY2021 foundation payments.

The School District relies on property taxes for the remaining general operating revenues. The 2019 tax year valuation was \$248,284,380; with 87% of that value coming from residential/agricultural and 13% from all other property values. The District also receives Impact Aid funds from the U.S. Department of Education. These funds are payments in lieu of taxes due to the presence of nontaxable Federal Property in our district. Southeast has three federal properties within our boundaries; the James A. Garfield Training Camp (Ravenna Arsenal), the Michael J. Kirwan Dam & Reservoir, and the Berlin Dam & Reservoir. These funds must be applied for on a yearly basis and are appropriated annually by Congress. For FY2020 the district received \$504,575.98 from Impact Aid funds.

The Board of Education and administration will continue to closely monitor its revenues and expenditures in accordance with its financial forecast. The budgeting and internal controls utilized by the School District are well regarded, and we will continue to work diligently to maximize our resources and stay within the parameters of our budget.

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Mrs. Cassie J. Bergman, Treasurer of Southeast Local School District, 8245 Tallmadge Road, Ravenna, Ohio 44266 or <u>Cbergman@sepirates.org</u>.

Portage County, Ohio

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2020

Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts Receivables:	\$	15,648,101
Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts	\$	
Receivables:		2,098,713
Accounts		59,030
Intergovernmental		750,598
Property Taxes		7,019,801
Prepaid Items		23,634
Net OPEB Asset		1,078,875
Nondepreciable Capital Assets		400,918
Depreciable Capital Assets (Net)		16,065,097
Total Assets		43,144,767
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Pension		3,747,088
OPEB	_	357,801
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		4,104,889
Liabilities		
Accounts Payable		169,706
Accrued Wages and Benefits		1,752,707
Intergovernmental Payable		335,170
Accrued Vacation Leave Payable		178,201
Accrued Interest Payable		5,595
Claims Payable		342,126
Long Term Liabilities:		,
Due Within One Year		485,759
Due In More Than One Year:		,
Net Pension Liability		18,288,984
Net OPEB Liability		1,678,454
Other Amounts Due in More Than One Year		3,260,488
Total Liabilities		26,497,190
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Property Taxes Levied for the Next Year		5,088,603
Pension		1,326,652
OPEB		2,013,888
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		8,429,143
Net Position		
Net Investment in Capital Assets		14,612,354
Restricted For:		
Capital Outlay		18,269
Debt Service		460,157
Set Asides		296,500
Other Purposes		1,786,942
Unrestricted		(4,850,899)
Total Net Position	\$	12,323,323

Portage County, Ohio *Statement of Activities*

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

				Program	Reven	ues		Net (Expense) Revenue and ges in Net Position
	Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants, Contributions and Interest		Governmental Activities	
Governmental Activities								
Instruction:								
Regular	\$	9,437,451	\$	1,025,104	\$	65,171	\$	(8,347,176)
Special	ψ	3,704,310	Ψ	332,944	ψ	1,231,433	ψ	(2,139,933)
Vocational		187,305		0		83,279		(104,026)
Student Intervention Services		2,609		0		0		(2,609)
Other		1,585,838		0		0		(1,585,838)
Support Services:		-,,		-		-		(-, ,)
Pupils		1,324,794		0		495,242		(829,552)
Instructional Staff		799,500		0		58,947		(740,553)
Board of Education		32,299		0		0		(32,299)
Administration		1,522,114		27,918		30,184		(1,464,012)
Fiscal		548,109		0		23		(548,086)
Business		60,899		0		0		(60,899)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		2,528,652		0		21,828		(2,506,824)
Pupil Transportation		1,164,574		0		78,526		(1,086,048)
Central		21,004		0		0		(21,004)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:								
Food Service Operations		641,386		152,232		367,173		(121,981)
Community Services		1,096		0		1,263		167
Extracurricular Activities		515,044		84,050		0		(430,994)
Debt Service:								
Interest and Fiscal Charges		68,992		0		0		(68,992)
Total	\$	24,145,976	\$	1,622,248	\$	2,433,069		(20,090,659)

General Revenues

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Property Taxes Levied for:		
General Purposes		6,320,702
Debt Service		444,745
Classroom Facilities		88,325
Grants and Entitlements Not Restricted to Specific Programs		11,189,986
Insurance Recoveries		49,093
Investment Earnings		214,571
Miscellaneous		92,453
Total General Revenues		18,399,875
Change in Net Position		(1,690,784)
Net Position Beginning of Year		14,014,107
Net Position End of Year	\$	12,323,323
	-	

Portage County, Ohio

Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

	G	eneral	Go	Other overnmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
Assets							
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1	3,079,602	\$	2,271,999	\$	15,351,601	
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents		296,500		0		296,500	
Receivables:		220		0		220	
Accounts		220		0		220	
Intergovernmental		480,707		269,891		750,598	
Property Taxes		6,468,972		550,829		7,019,801	
Prepaid Items	• •	22,964	<u>ф</u>	670	0	23,634	
Total Assets	\$ 2	0,348,965	\$	3,093,389	\$	23,442,354	
Liabilities							
Accounts Payable	\$	153,937	\$	15,769	\$	169,706	
Accrued Wages and Benefits	*	1,628,999	Ψ	123,708	Ψ	1,752,707	
Intergovernmental Payable		312,821		22,349		335,170	
Total Liabilities		2,095,757		161,826		2,257,583	
				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		, ,	
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Property Taxes Levied for the Next Year		4,691,529		397,074		5,088,603	
Unavailable Revenue		542,670		207,230		749,900	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		5,234,199		604,304		5,838,503	
Fund Balances							
Nonspendable		22,964		670		23,634	
Restricted		296,500		2,085,166		2,381,666	
Assigned		2,937,600		2,085,100		3,179,023	
Unassigned		9,761,945		241,423		9,761,945	
Total Fund Balances		3,019,009		2,327,259		15,346,268	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of	1	5,017,007		2,321,237		15,540,200	
Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 2	0,348,965	\$	3,093,389	\$	23,442,354	

Southeast Local School District Portage County, Ohio

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to

Net Position of Governmental Activities

June 30, 2020

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$ 15,346,268
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		16,466,015
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.		
Intergovernmental	\$ 170,484	
Excess Costs	÷, .	
	119,749	740.000
Property Taxes	459,667	749,900
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the		
statement of net position.		1,815,397
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in the governmental funds, an interest expenditure is not reported.		(5,595)
The net pension and OPEB assets/liabilities is not due and payable in the current pe	eriod;	
therefore, the assets/liabilities and related deferred inflows/outflows		
are not reported in governmental funds:		
Net OPEB Asset	1,078,875	
Deferred Outflows - Pension	3,747,088	
Deferred Outflows - OPEB	357,801	
Net Pension Liability	(18,288,984)	
Net OPEB Liability	(1,678,454)	
Deferred Inflows - Pension	(1,326,652)	
Deferred Inflows - OPEB	(2,013,888)	(18,124,214)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and		
payable in the current period and therefore are not		
reported in the funds.		
Refunding Bonds	(1,795,000)	
Bond Premium	(32,641)	
Capital Lease Obligation	(26,020)	
Vacations Payable	(178,201)	
Compensated Absences	(1,892,586)	(3,924,448)
Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 12,323,323

Portage County, Ohio Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Governmental Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	General	Other vernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Revenues				
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$ 6,285,290	\$ 529,982	\$	6,815,272
Intergovernmental	11,822,027	1,620,708		13,442,735
Investment Income	202,725	2,992		205,717
Tuition and Fees	1,322,516	0		1,322,516
Extracurricular Activities	27,918	84,050		111,968
Rentals	3,482	0		3,482
Charges for Services	32,050	152,232		184,282
Contributions and Donations	6,500	0		6,500
Miscellaneous	 89,148	 3,285		92,433
Total Revenues	 19,791,656	 2,393,249		22,184,905
Expenditures Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	7,470,785	16,463		7,487,248
Special	2,971,242	555,700		3,526,942
Vocational	173,559	736		174,295
Student Intervention Services	2,609	0		2,609
Other	1,578,174	0		1,578,174
Support Services:	1,570,174	0		1,070,174
Pupils	1,202,746	54,232		1,256,978
Instructional Staff	680,664	51,830		732,494
Board of Education	31,649	0		31,649
Administration	1,395,700	26,379		1,422,079
Fiscal	527,806	11,229		539,035
Business	55,676	0		55,676
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,190,492	187,709		2,378,201
Pupil Transportation	1,367,932	0		1,367,932
Central	21,004	0		21,004
Extracurricular Activities	391,302	82,380		473,682
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:				
Food Service Operations	0	606,358		606,358
Community Services	0	1,096		1,096
Capital Outlay	4,850	0		4,850
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	12,635	389,999		402,634
Interest and Fiscal Charges	 1,538	 92,938		94,476
Total Expenditures	 20,080,363	 2,077,049		22,157,412
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 (288,707)	 316,200		27,493
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	20	0		20
Insurance Recoveries	 49,093	 0		49,093
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 49,113	 0		49,113
Net Change in Fund Balance	(239,594)	316,200		76,606
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	 13,258,603	 2,011,059		15,269,662
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 13,019,009	\$ 2,327,259	\$	15,346,268

Southeast Local School District Portage County, Ohio

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ 76,606
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the		
statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.		
Capital Asset Additions	\$ 441,163	
Current Year Depreciation	(1,547,020)	(1,105,857)
Governmental funds only report the disposal of capital assets to the extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the statement of activities, a		(10.110)
gain or loss is reported for each disposal.		(18,112)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Property Taxes	38,500	
Excess Costs	9,204	
SERS Reimbursement	(5,058)	
Intergovernmental	167,197	209,843
Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds;		
however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows.		
Pension	1,413,304	1 447 400
OPEB	34,125	1,447,429
Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in net pension and OPEB		
liabilities are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities		
Pension	(2,638,480)	(2.204.(11))
OPEB	253,869	(2,384,611)
Repayment of principal and accreted interest on Capital Appreciation Bonds		
is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces		
long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.		417,634
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, and bond		
premium and gain/loss on refunding are amortized over the term of the bonds,		
whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported		
when bonds are issued.		
Accrued Interest Payable	1,161	
Amortization of Premium on Bonds	10,881	12,042
The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance		
to individual funds is not reported in the district-wide statement of activities.		
Governmental expenditures and related internal service fund revenues are		
eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated		
among the governmental activities.		(163,491)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the		
use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported		
as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Compensated Absences	(164,221)	
Vacations Payable	(16,488)	(180,709)
Accretion on capital appreciation bonds is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but is allocated as an expense over the life of the bonds in the statement of activities.		 (1,558)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ (1,690,784)
Change in Net Fosition of Governmental Activities		

Southeast Local School District Portage County, Ohio Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Over
	Original	Final	Actual	(Under)
Revenues		¢	¢ (142.20.5	¢ 50.640
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$ 5,670,580	\$ 6,092,755	\$ 6,143,395	\$ 50,640
Intergovernmental	10,678,157	11,651,215	11,701,945	50,730
Investment Income	184,221	200,000	202,725	2,725
Tuition and Fees	790,627	1,165,215	1,240,136	74,921
Rentals	2,320	2,475	3,482	1,007
Charges for Services	0	25,000	26,222	1,222
Contributions and Donations	(844)	6,500	6,500	0
Miscellaneous	14,007	23,800	132,289	108,489
Total Revenues	17,339,068	19,166,960	19,456,694	289,734
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	8,880,888	7,702,995	7,494,262	208,733
Special	3,342,324	3,140,224	2,971,467	168,757
Vocational	187,236	189,486	179,299	10,187
Student Intervention Services	11,250	11,250	2,648	8,602
Other	521,578	1,661,575	1,581,004	80,571
Support Services:	0=1,070	1,001,070	1,001,001	00,071
Pupils	1,288,727	1,283,982	1,204,041	79,941
Instructional Staff	791,147	746,413	680,970	65,443
Board of Education	39,714	40,214	31,656	8,558
Administration	1,375,758	1,388,432	1,351,403	37,029
Fiscal	540,145	536,300	520,058	16,242
Business	54,000	88,052	69,443	18,609
	,	2,630,279	2,326,132	304,147
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,576,667		· · · ·	,
Pupil Transportation	1,809,789	1,718,849	1,494,233	224,616
Central	39,000	39,000	21,004	17,996
Extracurricular Activities	510,910	491,915	391,759	100,156
Capital Outlay	<u>58,750</u> 22,027,883	15,000	15,000	0 1,349,587
Total Expenditures	22,027,883	21,083,900	20,334,379	1,549,587
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(4,688,815)	(2,517,006)	(877,685)	1,639,321
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Insurance Recoveries	0	57,000	57,814	814
Refund of Prior Year Receipts	0	(58)	(58)	0
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	0	0	20	20
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0	56,942	57,776	834
Net Change in Fund Balance	(4,688,815)	(2,460,064)	(819,909)	1,640,155
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	13,250,630	13,250,630	13,250,630	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	310,244	310,244	310,244	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$ 8,872,059	\$ 11,100,810	\$ 12,740,965	\$ 1,640,155

Southeast Local School District Portage County, Ohio

Statement of Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund June 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund
Assets	
Current Assets	
Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts	\$ 2,098,713
Accounts Receivable	58,810
Total Assets	2,157,523
Liabilities	
Current Liabilities	
Claims Payable	342,126
Net Position	
Unrestricted	\$ 1,815,397

Southeast Local School District Portage County, Ohio Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund	
Operating Revenues		
Charges for Services	\$ 3,611,931	
Operating Expenses		
Purchased Services	679,001	
Claims	3,106,573	
Other	1,179	
Total Operating Expenses	3,786,753	
Operating Income (Loss)	(174,822)	
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses) Interest	11,331	
Interest	11,551	
Change in Net Position	(163,491)	
Net Position Beginning of Year	1,978,888	
Net Position End of Year	\$ 1,815,397	

Portage County, Ohio Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	A	overnmental Activities - Internal ervice Fund
Cash Flows From Operating Activities Cash Received for Charges for Services Cash Paid for Goods and Services Cash Paid for Claims Other Cash Payments Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities	\$	3,609,966 (679,001) (2,922,671) (1,179) 7,115
Cash Flows From Investing Activities Interest on Investments		11,331
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		18,446
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year		2,080,267
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$	2,098,713
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities		
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(174,822)
Adjustments: (Increase) Decrease Assets:		
Accounts Receivable Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:		(1,965)
Claims Payable		183,902
Total Adjustments		181,937
Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities	\$	7,115

Southeast Local School District Portage County, Ohio Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Fiduciary Funds

June 30, 2020

	A	Agency
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	81,750
Liabilities Due to Students	\$	81,750

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NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

Southeast Local School District, Portage County, Ohio (the "School District") is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The School District is governed by a locally elected five member Board of Education (the Board) which provides educational services.

The accompanying basic financial statements comply with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, and GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No.34*, in that the financial statements include all organizations, activities, functions and component units for which the School District (the reporting entity) is financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of a legally separate organization's governing body and either the School District's ability to impose its will over the organization or the possibility that the organization will provide a financial benefit to, or impose a financial burden on, the School District. There were no potential component units that met the criteria imposed by GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61 to be included in the School District's reporting entity. Based on the foregoing, the reporting entity of the School District includes the following services: instructional (regular, special education, vocational), student guidance, extracurricular activities, food service, pupil transportation and care and upkeep of grounds and buildings.

The School District participates in jointly governed organizations, the Stark-Portage Area Computer Consortium (SPARCC), the Ohio Schools Council, and the Maplewood Career Center. Information regarding these organizations is presented in Note 11.

The financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the School District's accounting policies are shown below.

Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The accounting system is organized and operated on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are grouped into the categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds - These are funds through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of the School District's expendable financial resources and the related current liabilities (except those accounted for in the proprietary funds) are accounted for through governmental funds. The measurement focus is based upon determination of "current financial flow" (sources, uses and balances of current financial resources). The following is the School District's only major governmental fund:

<u>General Fund</u> - This fund is the general operating fund of the School District and is used to account for all financial resources except those accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources.

Proprietary Funds - The proprietary funds are accounted for on an "economic resources" measurement focus. This measurement focus provides that all assets, deferred outflows of resources, all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the proprietary funds are included on the balance sheet. The proprietary fund operating statements present increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net position. The School District's only proprietary fund is an internal service fund.

<u>Internal Service Fund</u> - The internal service fund is used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the School District or to other governments on a cost-reimbursement basis. The only internal service fund of the School District accounts for a self-insurance program that accounts for health and medical claims of School District employees.

Fiduciary Funds - Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the School District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the School District's own programs. The School District has no trust funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The School District's agency funds account for student managed activities and Ohio High School Athletics Association (OHSAA) tournaments.

Basis of Presentation – Financial Statements

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> – The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The internal service fund activity is eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Southeast Local School District Portage County, Ohio Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

Fund Financial Statements – Fund financial statements report detailed information about the School District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Internal service funds are combined and the totals are presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and deferred outflows of resources and current liabilities and deferred inflows and resources, and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, which reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources.

All proprietary fund types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of fund net position. The statement of changes in fund net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the School District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

Agency funds do not report a measurement focus, as they do not report operations.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements and the statements presented for the fiduciary funds are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 3). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the fiscal year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year-end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, fees and rentals.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources In addition to assets, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the School District, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the government-wide statement of net position for pension and OPEB. The deferred outflows of resources resources represented to pension and OPEB plans are explained in Notes 6 and 7.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized until that time. For the School District, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, unavailable revenue, pension and OPEB. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2020, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2021 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow on both the government-wide statement of net position and governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the School District, unavailable revenue may include delinquent property taxes, grants and entitlements and miscellaneous revenue. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available. The details of these unavailable revenues are identified on the Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are reported on the government-wide statement of net position. (See Notes 6 and 7).

Expenses/Expenditures On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The value of donated commodities used during the year is reported on the statement of activities as an expense with a like amount reported within the "operating grants, contributions and interest" program revenue account.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

Budgetary Process

All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution and the certificate of estimated resources, which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at the fund level.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the fiscal year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the certificate when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the budgetary statements were passed by the Board of Education.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the fiscal year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior fiscal years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual, is presented for the general fund on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget.

The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are that:

- 1. Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- 2. Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).

- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures for all funds (budget) rather than as an assignment of fund balance (GAAP).
- 4. Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

GAAP Basis	\$ (239,594)
Net adjustments for revenue accruals	(295,859)
Net adjustments for expenditure accruals	266,633
Funds budgeted elsewhere*	(240)
Adjustments for encumbrances	 (550,849)
Budget Basis	\$ (819,909)

Net Change in Fund Balance

**As part of Governmental Accounting Standards Board No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a GAAP basis. This includes the uniform school supplies and public school support funds.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, all cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through School District records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the balance sheet.

During fiscal year 2020, cash and cash equivalents included amounts in demand deposits, savings accounts, money market accounts and the State Treasury Asset Reserve (STAR Ohio). STAR Ohio is a very liquid investment account which is reported as cash equivalents in the basic financial statements.

The School District pools its cash for investment and resource management purposes. Each fund's equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents represents the balance on hand as if each fund maintained its own cash and investment account. See Note 2, for more detail on the School District's cash and cash equivalents.

The School District has segregated bank accounts for monies held separately from the School District's central bank account. These depository accounts are presented on the financial statements as "cash and cash equivalents in segregated accounts" since they are not required to be deposited into the School District's treasury.

Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted assets when limitations on their use change the normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors, contributors grantors, or laws of other government or imposed by enabling legislation. Restricted assets include the amount required by State statute to be set aside to create a reserve for budget stabilization.

Investments

During fiscal year 2020, the School District invested in STAR Ohio. STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, *Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants*. The School District measures their investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For the fiscal year 2020, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$25 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$100 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$100 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, identified the funds to receive an allocation of interest. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2020 amounted to \$202,725, which includes \$10,252 assigned from other School District funds.

Capital Assets and Depreciation

General capital assets are those assets related to activities reported in the governmental funds. All of the School District's capital assets are classified as general capital assets. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

Capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the fiscal year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition value as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not "capitalized."

All reported capital assets, except land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Estimated Lives
Description	(in years)
Land Improvements	20
Buildings and Improvements	25 - 75
Machinery and Equipment	8 - 20
Vehicles	5 - 10

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, compensated absences and net pension liability that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds and capital leases are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

Long-term liabilities are being repaid from the following funds:

Obligation	Fund
Compensated Absences	General Fund & Food Service Fund
General Obligation Bond	Bond Retirement Fund
Capital Lease	General Fund

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of net position.

Compensated Absences

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 16, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*, vacation benefits are accrued as a liability when an employee's right to receive compensation is attributable to services already rendered, and it is probable that the employee will be compensated through paid time off or some other means, such as cash payments at termination or retirement. Administrators and classified staff who work twelve month contracts are granted vacation leave based on length of service and position. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is an estimate based on the School District's past experience of making termination payments. Employees earn one and one-fourth days of sick leave per month up to a maximum of 15 days per year. Upon retirement, a percentage of unused sick leave is paid based upon years of experience. For classified staff, the percentages are 15% for 0-5 years, 30% for 6-15 years and 35% for 16 years and up. For the certified staff, the percentage received, the maximum number of days payable under this provision per year is 75.

For Professional, Administrative and non-union support staff, the percentages are 20% for 0-5 years, 30% for 6-15 years and 35% for 16 years and up. Regardless of the percentage received, the maximum number of days payable under this provision per year is 76.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. At June 30, 2020, there was no net position restricted by enabling legislation.

The School District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

Interfund Activity

Transfers between governmental activities on the government-wide statements are eliminated. Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Fund Balance

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, the School District classifies its fund balance based on the purpose for which the resources were received and the level of constraint placed on the resources. The following categories can be used:

Nonspendable – The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of loans receivable, as well as property acquired for resale, unless the use of the proceeds from the collection of those receivables or from the sale of those properties is restricted, committed or assigned.

Restricted – Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed – The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the School District Board of Education. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned – Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the School District Board of Education. The Board of Education has by resolution authorized the Treasurer to assign fund balance. The Board of Education may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget.

Unassigned – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed or assigned.

The School District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

<u>Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the School District, these revenues are interfund charges for the internal service funds. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the good or service that are the primary activity of the fund. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB asset/liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense; information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net positon have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. The School District had no extraordinary or special items during fiscal year 2020.

Implementation of New Accounting Principles

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the School District implemented GASB Statement No. 95, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance*. GASB Statement No. 95 postpones the effective dates of certain provisions in the statements that first became effective or are scheduled to become effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018, and later.

The following statements are postponed by one year:

- Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*
- Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period
- Statement No. 90, *Majority Equity Interests*
- Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations

Certain provisions in the following statements are postponed by one year:

- Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*
- Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates

The following statement is postponed by 18 months:

• Statement No. 87, *Leases*

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the School District also implemented paragraphs 4 and 5 of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 97, *Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans.* Paragraph 4 increases consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a government board typically would perform and paragraph 5 mitigates costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements. The implementation of paragraphs 4 and 5 of this Statement did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School District.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the School District has early implemented GASB Statement No. 89, *Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period*, and GASB Statement No. 92 *Omnibus 2020*.

GASB Statement No. 89 requires that interest costs incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. As a result, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period will not be included in the historical cost of a capital asset reported in a business-type activity or enterprise fund. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 89 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School District.

GASB Statement No. 92 enhances comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 92 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School District.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the School District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing no later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies that are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing no more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Protection of the School District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by the financial institutions participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to payment of principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least 2% and marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) or (2) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred and eighty days in an amount not to exceed 40% of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest rating classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Deposits - At year-end, \$5,801,730 of the School District's bank balance of \$6,929,420 was exposed to custodial credit risk. Although the securities were held by the pledging financial institutions' trust department in the School District's name and all statutory requirements for the investment of money had been followed, noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the School District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

Custodial Credit Risk Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party.

The School District has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or protected by:

- Eligible securities pledged to the School District and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose market value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured; or
- Participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS required the total market value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposite being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State.

Investments

Interest Rate Risk – The Ohio Revised Code generally limits security purchases to those that mature within five years of the settlement date. The School District's policy indicates that investments must mature within five years, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District. During the year, the School District's only investment was in STAR Ohio.

Ending investments in STAR Ohio are reported at its net asset value (NAV). This value as of June 30, 2020 was \$11,549,726. STAR Ohio is an investment pool operated by the Ohio State Treasurer. It is unclassified since it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. Ohio law requires STAR Ohio to maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The weighted average of maturity of the portfolio held by STAR Ohio as of June 30, 2020, is 42 days and carries a rating of AAAm by S&P Global Ratings.

Credit Risk - The School District's policy does not address credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The School District places no limit on the amount the School District may invest in any one issuer. During the fiscal year, the School District's only investment was in STAR Ohio.

NOTE 3 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the School District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the School District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar year 2020 represents collections of calendar year 2019 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2020 were levied after April 1, 2019, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2019, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar year 2020 represents collections of calendar year 2019 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2020 became a lien December 31, 2018, were levied after April 1, 2019 and are collected in 2020 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The School District receives property taxes from Portage County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2020, are available to finance fiscal year 2020 operations. The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and delinquent tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2020 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year-end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflows of resources.

On the accrual basis of accounting, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis of accounting the revenue has been reported as a deferred inflow of resources.

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Southeast Local School District Portage County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2020 taxes were collected are:

	2019 Second				2020 Fi	First	
	Half Collections				Half Collec	etions	
	Amount Percent				Amount	Percent	
Real Estate	\$	233,194,130	94.77%	\$	234,759,940	94.55%	
Public Utility Personal Property		12,871,040	5.23%		13,524,440	5.45%	
	\$	246,065,170	100.00%	\$	248,284,380	100.00%	
Tax rate per \$1,000 assessed valuation	\$	38.39		\$	38.32		

NOTE 4 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2020 consisted of accounts, property taxes and intergovernmental receivables. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the relatively stable condition of state programs, and the current year guarantee of federal funds.

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, was as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2019	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2020	
Governmental Activities					
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated					
Land	\$ 400,918	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 400,918	
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	400,918	0	0	400,918	
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated					
Land Improvements	2,703,273	304,078	0	3,007,351	
Buildings and Improvements	38,539,912	87,300	0	38,627,212	
Machinery and Equipment	2,281,358	14,500	0	2,295,858	
Vehicles	3,212,140	35,285	(20,700)	3,226,725	
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	46,736,683	441,163	(20,700)	47,157,146	
Accumulated Depreciation					
Land Improvements	(2,321,391)	(72,030)	0	(2,393,421)	
Buildings and Improvements	(22,628,092)	(1,261,206)	0	(23,889,298)	
Machinery and Equipment	(2,078,048)	(42,774)	0	(2,120,822)	
Vehicles	(2,520,086)	(171,010)	2,588	(2,688,508)	
Total Accumulated Depreciated	(29,547,617)	(1,547,020)	2,588	(31,092,049)	
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	17,189,066	(1,105,857)	(18,112)	16,065,097	
Governmental Activities, Capital Assets, Net	\$ 17,589,984	\$ (1,105,857)	\$ (18,112)	\$ 16,466,015	

Depreciation expenses were charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$ 1,295,218
Vocational	1,330
Support Services:	
Instructional Staff	3,005
Board of Education	650
Administration	3,404
Business	11,747
Operations and Maintenance of Plant	53,305
Pupil Transportation	171,740
Operation of Food Services	2,747
Extracurricular Activities	3,874
Total Depreciation	\$ 1,547,020

NOTE 6 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

Net Pension Liability/Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

Pensions and OPEB are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions/OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) represents the School District's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the School District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The School District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the School District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities (assets) within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension/OPEB liability (asset)* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *intergovernmental payable* on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

The remainder of this note includes the required pension disclosures. See Note 7 for the required OPEB disclosures.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description – School District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a statewide, cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at <u>www.ohsers.org</u> under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire before	Eligible to Retire on or after
	August 1, 2017*	August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or
		Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially Reduced	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or
Benefits	Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

*Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on year of service; 2.2 percent for the first 30 years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

An individual whose benefit effective date is before April 1, 2018, is eligible for a cost of living adjustment (COLA) on the first anniversary date of the benefit. Beginning April 1, 2018, new benefit recipients must wait until the fourth anniversary of their benefit for COLA eligibility. The COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit. A three-year COLA suspension is in effect for all benefit recipients for the years 2018, 2019, and 2020. Upon resumption of the COLA, it will be indexed to the percentage increase in the CPI-W, not to exceed 2.5 percent and with a floor of 0 percent.

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14.0 percent. SERS did not allocate employer contributions to the Health Care Fund for fiscal year 2020.

The School District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$315,504 for fiscal year 2020. Of this amount, \$22,435 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – School District licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan, and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. In April 2017, the Retirement Board made the decision to reduce COLA granted on or after July 1, 2017, to 0 percent to preserve the fiscal integrity of the retirement system. Benefit recipients' base benefit and past cost-of living increases are not affected by this change. Effective August 1, 2017 – July 1, 2019, any member could retire with reduced benefits who had (1) five years of service credit and age 60; (2) 27 years of service credit and age 55; or (3) 30 years of service credit regardless of age. Effective August 1, 2019 – July 1, 2021, any member may retire with reduced benefits who has (1) five years of service credit and age 60; (2) 28 years of service credit and age 55; or (3) 30 years of service credit regardless of age. Eligibility changes will continue to be phased in through August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and at least age 60. Retirement eligibility for reduced benefits will be five years of service credit and at least age 60. Retirement eligibility for generative service for age.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.53 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.47 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12 percent of the 14 percent member rate goes to the DC Plan and the remaining 2 percent goes to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity after termination of employment at age 50 or later.

New members who choose the DC plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit to apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, plan members were required to contribute 14 percent of their annual covered salary. The School District was required to contribute 14 percent; the entire 14 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The fiscal year 2020 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

The School District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$1,097,800 for fiscal year 2020. Of this amount, \$188,896 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Net Pension Liability, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an independent actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's share of employer contributions in the pension plan relative to the total employer contributions of all participating employers. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	SERS			STRS		Total
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability:						
Current Measurement Date	().06490850%		0.06514034%		
Prior Measurement Date	0.06788150%			0.06586837%		
Change in Proportionate Share	-0.00297300%			-0.00072803%		
Proportionate Share of the Net						
Pension Liability	\$	3,883,589	\$	14,405,395	\$	18,288,984
Pension Expense	\$	488,450	\$	2,150,030	\$	2,638,480

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources represent the effect of changes in the net pension liability due to the difference between projected and actual investment earnings, differences between expected and actual actuarial experience, changes in assumptions and changes in the School District's proportion of the collective net pension liability. The deferred outflows and deferred inflows are to be included in pension expense over current and future periods. The difference between projected and actual investment earnings is recognized in pension expense using a straight line method over a five year period beginning in the current year. Deferred outflows and deferred inflows resulting from changes in sources other than differences between projected and actual investment earnings are amortized over the average expected remaining service lives of all members (both active and inactive) using the straight line method. Employer contributions to the pension plan subsequent to the measurement date are also required to be reported as a deferred outflow of resources.

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At June 30, 2020 the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	SERS		STRS		Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources					
Differences between Expected and					
Actual Experience	\$	98,481	\$	117,286	\$ 215,767
Net Difference between Projected and					
Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		0		0	0
Changes of Assumptions		0		1,692,192	1,692,192
Changes in Proportion and Differences between					
School District Contributions and Proportionate					
Share of Contributions		0		425,825	425,825
School District Contributions Subsequent to the					
Measurement Date		315,504		1,097,800	 1,413,304
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	413,985	\$	3,333,103	\$ 3,747,088
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Differences between Expected and					
Actual Experience	\$	0	\$	62,358	\$ 62,358
Net Difference between Projected and					
Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		49,851		704,058	753,909
Changes in Proportion and Differences between					
School District Contributions and Proportionate					
Share of Contributions		141,589		368,796	 510,385
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	191,440	\$	1,135,212	\$ 1,326,652

\$1,413,304 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	 SERS STRS		STRS	Total		
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:						
2021	\$ 128	\$	1,105,228	\$	1,105,356	
2022	(118,044)		153,596		35,552	
2023	(3,316)		(212,977)		(216,293)	
2024	 28,273		54,244		82,517	
	\$ (92,959)	\$	1,100,091	\$	1,007,132	

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations. Future benefits for all current plan members were projected through 2035.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2019, are presented below:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal (Level Percent of Payroll)
Inflation	3.00 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	3.50 percent to 18.20 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.50 percent net of investment expense, including inflation
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA	2.50 percent, on and after April 1, 2018, COLA's for future
	retirees will be delayed for three years following
	commencement

For post-retirement mortality, the table used in evaluating allowances to be paid is the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and Scale BB, with 120 percent of male rates and 110 percent of female rates used. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term return expectation for the investments has been determined by using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating an arithmetic weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes. The asset allocation, as used in the June 30, 2015 five-year experience study, is summarized as follows:

	Target	Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00 %	0.50 %
US Equity	22.50	4.75
International Equity	22.50	7.00
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	8.00
Real Assets	15.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	10.00	3.00
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate Total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent. The discount rate determination does not use a municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employers would contribute the actuarially determined contribution rate of projected compensation over the remaining 25-year amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.50 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what the School District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.50 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate.

	Current						
	1%	Decrease	Discount Rate		1% Increase		
School District's Proportionate Share							
of the Net Pension Liability	\$	5,442,297	\$	3,883,589	\$	2,576,418	

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the July 1, 2019, actuarial valuation, are presented below:

Inflation	2.50 percent
Projected Salary Increases	12.50 percent at age 20 to 2.50 percent at age 65
Investment Rate of Return	7.45 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Discount Rate of Return	7.45 percent
Projected Payroll Growth	3.00 percent
Cost-of-Living Adjustments	0.00 percent

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2019 valuation, were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for July 1, 2011, through June 30, 2016.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

	Target	Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation*	Real Rate of Return**
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

*Target weights will be phased in over a 24-month period concluding on July 1, 2019.

**Ten year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25 percent and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.45 percent as of June 30, 2019. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that employer and member contributions will be made at statutory contribution rates of 14 percent each. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2019. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on investments of 7.45 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2019.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table represents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as of June 30, 2019, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45 percent, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.45 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.45 percent) than the current assumption:

	Current						
	1% Decrease			Discount Rate		1% Increase	
School District's Proportionate Share							
of the Net Pension Liability	\$	21,051,880	\$	14,405,395	\$	8,778,805	

NOTE 7 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS

See Note 6 for a description of the net OPEB liability (asset).

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The School District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at <u>www.ohsers.org</u> under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, SERS did not allocate any employer contributions to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2020, this amount was \$19,600. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2.0 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2020, the School District's surcharge obligation was \$34,125, which is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued effective January 1, 2021. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

Net OPEB Liability (Asset), OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) was based on the School District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

		SERS	 STRS	 Total
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset):				
Current Measurement Date		0.06674300%	0.06514000%	
Prior Measurement Date		0.06896300%	 0.06586800%	
Change in Proportionate Share	-	0.00222000%	 -0.00072800%	
Proportionate Share of the Net				
OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	1,678,454	\$ (1,078,875)	
OPEB Expense	\$	31,940	\$ (285,809)	\$ (253,869)

At June 30, 2020, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between Expected and			
Actual Experience	\$ 24,638	\$ 97,808	\$ 122,446
Net Difference between Projected and			
Actual Earnings on OPEB Plan Investments	4,031	0	4,031
Changes of Assumptions	122,591	22,677	145,268
Changes in Proportion and Differences between			
School District Contributions and Proportionate			
Share of Contributions	3,254	48,677	51,931
School District Contributions Subsequent to the			
Measurement Date	34,125	0	34,125
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 188,639	\$ 169,162	\$ 357,801
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between Expected and			
Actual Experience	\$ 368,743	\$ 54,889	\$ 423,632
Net Difference between Projected and			
Actual Earnings on OPEB Plan Investments	0	67,759	67,759
Changes of Assumptions	94,055	1,182,862	1,276,917
Changes in Proportion and Differences between			
School District Contributions and Proportionate			
Share of Contributions	 129,360	 116,220	 245,580
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 592,158	\$ 1,421,730	\$ 2,013,888

\$34,125 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	 SERS		STRS		Total		
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:							
2021	\$ (119,633)	\$	(268,264)	\$	(387,897)		
2022	(76,081)		(268,262)		(344,343)		
2023	(74,898)		(241,105)		(316,003)		
2024	(75,091)		(231,581)		(306,672)		
2025	(64,778)		(237,866)		(302,644)		
Thereafter	 (27,163)		(5,490)		(32,653)		
	\$ (437,644)	\$	(1,252,568)	\$	(1,690,212)		

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2019, are presented below:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary Increases, including inflation	3.50 percent to 18.20 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.50 percent net of investment expense, including inflation
Municipal Bond Index Rate	
Measurement Date	3.13 percent
Prior Measurement Date	3.62 percent
Single Equivalent Interest Rate	
Measurement Date	3.22 percent, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation
Prior Measurement Date	3.70 percent, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation
Health Care Cost Trend Rate	
Pre-Medicare	7.00 percent - 4.75 percent
Medicare	5.25 percent - 4.75 percent

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates and 110 percent of female rates. RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates set back five years.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2010 through 2015, and was adopted by the Board on April 21, 2016. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.50 percent, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer time frame. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as used in the June 30, 2015 five-year experience study, are summarized as follows:

	Target	Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00 %	0.50 %
US Equity	22.50	4.75
International Equity	22.50	7.00
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	8.00
Real Assets	15.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	10.00	3.00
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2019 was 3.22 percent. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2019 was 3.70 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the plan at the contribution rate of 2.00 percent of projected covered payroll each year, which includes a 1.50 percent payroll surcharge and no contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make future benefit payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2029. However, since SERS' actuaries indicate the fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted at a future measurement date, the single equivalent interest rate is determined as the single rate that will generate a present value of benefit payments equal to the sum of the present value determined by the long-term expected rate of return, and the present value determined by the long-term expected rate of return, and the present value determined by discounting those benefits after the date of depletion by the Fidelity General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index rate of 3.13 percent, as of June 30, 2019 (i.e., municipal bond rate).

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability and what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.22 percent) and higher (4.22 percent) than the current discount rate (3.22 percent). Also shown is what the net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower (6.00 percent decreasing to 3.75 percent) and higher (8.00 percent decreasing to 5.75 percent) than the current rate.

	Current					
	1% Decrease			scount Rate	1% Increase	
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$	2,037,315	\$	1,678,454	\$	1,393,103
	1% Decrease		Current Trend Rate		1% Increase	
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$	1,344,775	\$	1,678,454	\$	2,121,146

Actuarial Assumptions – STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2019, actuarial valuation are presented below:

Inflation	2.50 percent						
Projected Salary Increases	12.50 percent at age 20 to 2.50 percent at age 65						
Payroll Increases	3.00 percent						
Investment Rate of Return	7.45 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation						
Discount Rate of Return	7.45 percent						
Health Care Cost Trend Rates							
Medical	Initial	Ultimate					
Pre-Medicare	5.87 percent	4.00 percent					
Medicare	4.93 percent	4.00 percent					
Prescription Drug							
Pre-Medicare	7.73 percent	4.00 percent					
Medicare	9.62 percent	4.00 percent					

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation, were adopted by the board from the results of an actuarial experience study for July 1, 2011, through June 30, 2016.

Since the prior measurement date, the discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13% to the longterm expected rate of return of 7.45% based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB). Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated.

Also since the prior measurement date, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was increased from 1.9% to 1.944% per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2019 and all remaining Medicare premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020; however, in June of 2019, the STRS Board voted to extend the current Medicare Part B partial reimbursement for one year.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

	Target	Long Term Expected				
Asset Class	Allocation*	Real Rate of Return**				
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %				
International Equity	23.00	7.55				
Alternatives	17.00	7.09				
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00				
Real Estate	10.00	6.00				
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25				
Total	100.00 %					

*Target weights will be phased in over a 24-month period concluding on July 1, 2019.

**Ten year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25 percent and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.45 percent as of June 30, 2019. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed STRS continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care plan investments of 7.45 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2019.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate and Health Care Cost Trend Rate The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2019, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45 percent, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.45 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.45 percent) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB liability as of June 30, 2019, calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower and one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

	Current						
	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase		
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	(920,605)	\$	(1,078,875)	\$	(1,211,943)	
	1%	Decrease	Т	Current Trend Rate	19	% Increase	
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	(1,223,394)	\$	(1,078,875)	\$	(901,873)	

NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM DEBT AND OTHER OBLIGATIONS

Detail of the changes in the long-term general obligation bonds, compensated absences, capital lease and net pension/OPEB liability of the School District for the year ended June 30, 2020, is as follows:

	Balance ne 30, 2019	А	dditions	D	eductions	Balance ne 30, 2020	nount Due Within ne Year
General Obligation Bonds:	 ,					 	
2011 Refunding Bond:							
Refunding Bond	\$ 2,180,000	\$	0	\$	(385,000)	\$ 1,795,000	\$ 420,000
Capital Appreciation Bond	4,999		0		(4,999)	0	0
Accretion on Capital Appreciation Bond	13,442		1,558		(15,000)	0	0
Unamortized Premium	 43,522		0		(10,881)	 32,641	 0
Total General Obligation Bonds	 2,241,963		1,558		(415,880)	 1,827,641	 420,000
Other Long-Term Obligations:							
Net Pension Liability	18,370,675		0		(81,691)	18,288,984	0
Net OBEB Liability	1,913,206		0		(234,752)	1,678,454	0
Compensated Absences	1,728,365		360,944		(196,723)	1,892,586	53,561
Capital Lease	 38,655		0		(12,635)	 26,020	 12,198
Total Other Long Term Obligations	 22,050,901		360,944		(525,801)	21,886,044	65,759
Total Long Term Debt and Other Obligations	\$ 24,292,864	\$	362,502	\$	(941,681)	\$ 23,713,685	\$ 485,759

2011 School Improvement Refunding General Obligation Bond: On June 2, 2011, the School District issued \$5,114,999 in refunded general obligation bond. The proceeds of the bonds were used to refund \$5,115,000 of the School District's outstanding 2001 Classroom Facilities Improvement bond. The bonds were issued for 13 year period with final maturity at December 1, 2023. At the end of the refunding \$5,136,436 (including premium and after underwriting fees) was deposited in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future payments on the refunded bond. As of June 30, 2020, \$1,930,000 of these bonds are considered to be defeased.

This refunding bond was issued with a premium of \$141,449, which is reported as an increase to bonds payable. The amounts are being amortized as interest expense over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. The issuance resulted in an economic gain of \$544,501.

The bond issue consists of serial and capital appreciation bonds. These bonds are not subject to early redemption.

The capital appreciation bond matured December 1, 2019. This bond was purchased at a substantial discount at the time of issuance. At maturity all compounded interest is paid and the bond holder receives the face value of the bond. As the value of the bond increases, the accretion is reflected as an increase in long-term liability. The maturity amount of the bond was \$20,000.

Net Pension/OPEB Liability: There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability and net OPEB liability; however, employer pension and OPEB contributions are made from the General Fund. For additional information related to the net pension liability and net OPEB liability see Notes 6 and 7.

A summary of the School District's future long-term debt funding requirements, including principal and interest payments as of June 30, 2020, follows:

Fiscal Year		General Obligation Bond								
Ending June 30,	l	Principal]	Interest		Total				
2021	\$	420,000	\$	62,587	\$	482,587				
2022		440,000		45,950		485,950				
2023	460,000			28,169		488,169				
2024		475,000		9,500		484,500				
	\$	1,795,000	\$	146,206	\$	1,941,206				

NOTE 9 – STATUTORY RESERVES

The School District is required by State statute to annually set-aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purpose in future years.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the fiscal year end set-aside amounts for capital acquisition and budget stabilization. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Capital Improvement		Budget Stabilization	
		Reserve	BWC Refund	
Set-Aside Restricted Balance, June 30, 2019	\$	0	\$	296,500
Current Year Set-Aside Requirement		278,151		0
Current Year Offset		(149,243)		0
Prior Year Offset From Bond Proceeds		(149,617)	/)	
Total	\$	(20,709)	\$	296,500
Balance Carried Forward to Fiscal Year 2021	\$	0	\$	296,500
Set-Aside Restricted Balance June 30, 2020	\$	0	\$	296,500

The School District has prior year bond proceeds in connection with a refunding bond that may be carried forward to offset future set-aside requirements. The remaining amount of these bond proceeds as of June 30, 2020 is \$1,987,905. This negative balance is therefore not presented as being carried forward to future years. Monies representing BWC refunds that were received prior to April 20, 2001, have been shown as a restricted cash/restricted fund balance in the general fund. The non-BWC portion of the budget stabilization has been returned to the general fund.

NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT

Public Entity Risk Pools

The School District participates in the Ohio Schools Council (OCS) Workers' Compensation Group Retrospective Rating Program (program). The intent of the program is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the program. The workers' compensation experience of the participating districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all districts in the program.

Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the program rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund." This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the program. Participation in the program is limited to districts that can meet the program's selection criteria. The Sheakley Group provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the program.

Other Insurance

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2020, the School District contracted for various insurance coverages, as follows:

Insurance Provider	Coverage	Deductible		
		Description	Amount	
Ohio School Plan	Automobile/Fleet	Buses	\$ 1,000	
		Auto-Comprehensive	250	
		Auto - Collision	500	
Ohio School Plan	Property	General	1,000	
Ohio School Plan	General Liability	General	0	
		Employee Benefits Liability	0	
		Employers Liability	0	
		Educational Legal Liability	2,500	

There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverages as compared to the prior year. In addition, settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverages in any of the past three fiscal years.

The School District also maintains a self-funded health insurance program for employee health coverage. The plan was started in July 2003. The claims are processed by the third party administrator, Mutual Health Services, Inc. An internal service fund is presented in the financial statements and reflects premiums paid into the self-insurance fund by other funds which are available to pay claims and administrative costs, and establish claims reserves. Claims are paid weekly through the third party administrator and fixed costs for administrative and stop loss costs are paid on a monthly basis. The School District purchases stop-loss coverage through Sun Life Insurance Company to protect the plan in the occurrence of catastrophic claims. The outstanding claims at June 30, 2020, for the self-insurance program amounted to \$342,126.

The claims liability reported in the fund at June 30, 2020, is based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Changes in the fund's claim liability amount in 2019 and 2020 were:

	Beg	ginning of	Current		B	Balance at		
Fiscal	Fis	cal Year		Year		Claims	Fis	scal Year
Year	Ι	liability		Claims		Payments		End
2019	\$	158,733	\$	2,580,697	5	6 (2,581,206)	\$	158,224
2020		158,224		3,106,573		(2,922,671)		342,126

NOTE 11 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION

Stark Portage Area Computer Consortium

The Stark Portage Area Computer Consortium (SPARCC) is the computer service organization used by the School District. SPARCC is an association of public districts in a geographic area determined by the Ohio Department of Education. The Stark County Educational Service Center acts as the fiscal agent for the consortium.

The purpose of the consortium is to develop and employ a computer system efficiently and effectively for the needs of the member Boards of Education. All districts in the consortium are required to pay fees, charges and assessments as charged. SPARCC is governed by a board made up of superintendents from all of the participating districts. An elected Executive Board consisting of five members of the governing board is the managerial body of the consortium and meets on a monthly basis. During fiscal year 2020, the amount paid by the School District was \$74,082. The School District does not maintain an ongoing financial interest or an ongoing financial responsibility.

Payments to SPARCC are made from the general fund and the data communications fund. Financial information can be obtained from James Carman, who serves as Treasurer, at 6057 Strip Avenue, NW, North Canton, Ohio 44720.

Maplewood Career Center

Maplewood Area Joint Vocation School (JVS) was formed for the purpose of providing vocational instruction to juniors and seniors in participating districts and is governed by an elected Board consisting of two representatives from each of the ten participating school districts. To obtain financial information, write to the Treasurer, Maplewood Area Joint Vocational School, at 7075 State Route 88, Ravenna, Ohio 44266-9131.

Ohio Schools Council Association

The Ohio Schools Council Association (Council) is a jointly governed organization comprised of school districts, joint vocational district, educational service centers, and county boards of developmental disability. The mission of the Council is to identify, plan, and provide services to members that can be more effectively achieved cooperatively. Each district supports the Council through payment of an annual participation fee. The Council's Board consists of nine superintendents of the participating districts whose term rotates every year. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the Executive Director of the Ohio Schools Council at 6133 Rockside Road, Suite 10, Independence, Ohio 44131.

NOTE 12 - CONTINGENCIES

Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, the effect of any such disallowed claims on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2019, if applicable, cannot be determined at this time.

Litigation

The School District is not party to any claims or lawsuits that would, in the School District's opinion, have a material effect of the basic financial statements.

School Foundation

School district Foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. The Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to adjust/reconcile funding as enrollment information is updated by schools throughout the State, which can extend past the fiscal year end. As of the date of this report, ODE has finalized the impact of enrollment adjustments to the June 30, 2020 Foundation funding for the District. The District has determined that these adjustments are immaterial.

NOTE 13 – CAPITAL LEASE

The School District entered into a lease agreement for copier equipment. This lease meets the criteria of a capital lease as it transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee. \$58,737 has been recorded as capital assets relating to capital leases. The capital lease is classified as equipment with accumulated depreciation of \$11,747. A corresponding liability was recorded in the Statement of Net Position and is reduced for each required principal payment. Capital lease payments in the general fund have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service in the basic financial statements for the general fund.

Principal and interest requirements related the capital lease as of June 30, 2020 are as follows:

Fiscal Year		Capital Lease							
Ending June 30,	P	rincipal	In	Interest		Total			
2021	\$	12,198	\$	884	\$	13,082			
2022		12,736		347		13,083			
2023		1,086		4		1,090			
	\$	26,020	\$	1,235	\$	27,255			

NOTE 14 – FUND BALANCE

Fund balance can be classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in governmental funds.

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Southeast Local School District Portage County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented as follows:

		Other	
	General	Funds	Total
Nonspendable for:			
Prepaids	\$ 22,964	\$ 670	\$ 23,634
Restricted for:			
Budget Stabilization-BWC Refund*	296,500	0	296,500
Debt Service	0	424,216	424,216
Capital Outlay	0	18,269	18,269
Food Service	0	32,366	32,366
Classroom Facilities Maintenance	0	1,053,997	1,053,997
Other Purposes	0	556,318	556,318
Total Restricted	296,500	2,085,166	2,381,666
Assigned for:			
Encumbrances			
Instruction	176,485	0	176,485
Support Services	196,398	0	196,398
Extracurricular Activities	0	0	0
Subsequent Year Appropriations	2,474,179	0	2,474,179
Capital Outlay	6,250	241,423	247,673
Other Purposes	84,288	0	84,288
Total Assigned	2,937,600	241,423	3,179,023
Unassigned	9,761,945	0	9,761,945
Total Fund Balance (Deficit)	\$ 13,019,009	\$2,327,259	\$ 15,346,268

*See Note 9

NOTE 15 – COMMITMENTS

Other Commitments

The School District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end may be reported as part of restricted, committed or assigned classifications of fund balance. At fiscal year-end, the School District's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

Amount		
379,533		
239,332		
\$ 618,865		

NOTE 16 – SUBSEQUENT EVENT

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures have impacted the current period and will continue to impact subsequent periods of the School District. The School District's investments of the pension and other employee benefit plan in which the School District participates have incurred a significant fluctuation in fair value, consistent with the general fluctuation in financial markets. However, because the values of individual investments fluctuate with market conditions, and due to market volatility, the amount of losses that will be recognized in subsequent periods, if any, cannot be determined. In addition, due to the dynamic environment and changes in fiscal policies, the exact impact on the School District's future operating costs, revenues, and any recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be reasonably estimated.

Southeast Local School District

Portage County, Ohio Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Last Seven Fiscal Years (1)

School Employees Retirement System (SERS)	2020	2019	2018	2017
School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.06490850%	0.06788150%	0.07102740%	0.07152200%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 3,883,589	\$ 3,887,699	\$ 4,243,730	\$ 5,234,750
School District's Covered Payroll	\$ 2,228,689	\$ 2,297,356	\$ 2,188,857	\$ 2,408,057
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	174.25%	169.22%	193.88%	217.38%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	70.85%	71.36%	69.50%	62.98%
State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)				
School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.06514034%	0.06586837%	0.06804659%	0.06645377%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 14,405,395	\$ 14,482,976	\$ 16,164,613	\$ 22,244,080
School District's Covered Payroll	\$ 7,584,729	\$ 7,539,579	\$ 7,639,086	\$ 6,832,971
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	189.93%	192.09%	211.60%	325.54%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	77.40%	77.31%	75.30%	66.80%

(1) Information prior to 2014 is not available.

Note: The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date, which is the prior fiscal year.

2016	2015	2014
0.06922010%	0.07163500%	0.07163500%
\$ 3,949,766	\$ 3,625,407	\$ 4,259,904
\$ 2,414,294	\$ 2,251,833	\$ 2,162,760
163.60%	161.00%	196.97%
69.16%	71.70%	65.52%
0.06226224%	0.06387279%	0.06387279%
\$17,207,462	\$15,536,073	\$ 18,506,469
\$ 6,796,286	\$ 6,423,277	\$ 7,128,654
253.19%	241.87%	259.61%

74.70%

69.30%

72.10%

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

Southeast Local School District Portage County, Ohio

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School District's Contributions - Pension Last Ten Fiscal Years

School Employees Retirement System (SERS)	 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 315,504	\$ 300,873	\$ 310,143	\$ 306,440
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	 (315,504)	 (300,873)	 (310,143)	 (306,440)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
School District's Covered Payroll	\$ 2,337,067	\$ 2,228,689	\$ 2,297,356	\$ 2,188,857
Pension Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.00%	13.50%	13.50%	14.00%
State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)				
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 1,097,800	\$ 1,061,862	\$ 1,055,541	\$ 1,069,472
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	 (1,097,800)	 (1,061,862)	 (1,055,541)	 (1,069,472)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
School District's Covered Payroll	\$ 7,841,429	\$ 7,584,729	\$ 7,539,579	\$ 7,639,086
Pension Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%

 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013	 2012	 2011
\$ 337,128	\$ 318,204	\$ 312,104	\$ 299,326	\$ 303,104	\$ 291,689
 (337,128)	 (318,204)	 (312,104)	 (299,326)	 (303,104)	 (291,689)
\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
\$ 2,408,057	\$ 2,414,294	\$ 2,251,833	\$ 2,162,760	\$ 2,253,561	\$ 2,320,517
14.00%	13.18%	13.86%	13.84%	13.45%	12.57%
\$ 956,616	\$ 951,480	\$ 835,026	\$ 926,725	\$ 922,160	\$ 949,028
 (956,616)	 (951,480)	 (835,026)	 (926,725)	 (922,160)	 (949,028)
\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
\$ 6,832,971	\$ 6,796,286	\$ 6,423,277	\$ 7,128,654	\$ 7,093,538	\$ 7,300,215
14.00%	14.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%

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Southeast School District

Southeast School District Portage County, Ohio Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset/Liability Last Four Fiscal Years (1)

School Employees Retirement System (SERS)		2020	 2019	 2018		2017
School District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	1	0.06674300%	0.06896250%	0.07225060%	(0.07163531%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$	1,678,454	\$ 1,913,206	\$ 1,939,016	\$	2,041,871
School District's Covered Payroll	\$	2,228,689	\$ 2,297,356	\$ 2,188,857	\$	2,408,057
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability		75.31% 15.57%	83.28% 13.57%	88.59% 12.46%		84.79% 11.49%
State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)						
School District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)	,	0.06514000%	0.06586837%	0.06804659%	().06645377%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)	\$	(1,078,875)	\$ (1,058,438)	\$ 2,654,927	\$	3,553,965
School District's Covered Payroll	\$	7,584,729	\$ 7,539,579	\$ 7,639,086	\$	6,832,971
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability/(Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		-14.22%	-14.04%	34.75%		52.01%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability/(Asset)		174.70%	176.00%	47.10%		37.30%

(1) Information prior to 2017 is not available.

Note: The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date, which is the prior fiscal year.

Southeast School District

Portage County, Ohio Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School District's Contributions - OPEB Last Ten Fiscal Years

School Employees Retirement System (SERS)		2020	 2019	 2018	 2017
Contractually Required Contribution (1)	\$	34,125	\$ 45,268	\$ 45,612	\$ 33,000
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	_	(34,125)	(45,268)	(45,612)	(33,000)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
School District's Covered Payroll	\$	2,337,067	\$ 2,228,689	\$ 2,297,356	\$ 2,188,857
OPEB Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (1)		1.46%	2.03%	1.99%	1.51%
State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)					
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution		0	 0	 0	 0
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
School District's Covered Payroll	\$	7,841,429	\$ 7,584,729	\$ 7,539,579	\$ 7,639,086
OPEB Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

(1) Includes surcharge

 2016		2015	2014		2013 2012		14		 2011
\$ 32,625	\$	51,672	\$	34,653	\$	35,560	\$ 12,441	\$ 33,184	
 (32,625)		(51,672)		(34,653)		(35,560)	 (12,441)	 (33,184)	
\$ 0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 0	\$ 0	
\$ 2,408,057	\$	2,414,294	\$	2,251,833	\$	2,162,760	\$ 2,253,561	\$ 2,320,517	
1.35%		2.14%		1.54%		1.64%	0.55%	1.43%	
\$ 0	\$	0	\$	64,233	\$	71,287	\$ 70,935	\$ 73,002	
 0		0		(64,233)		(71,287)	 (70,935)	 (73,002)	
\$ 0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 0	\$ 0	
\$ 6,832,971	\$	6,796,286	\$	6,423,277	\$	7,128,654	\$ 7,093,538	\$ 7,300,215	
0.00%		0.00%		1.00%		1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information. $$75\!$

Note 1 - Net Pension Liability

Changes in Assumptions - SERS

Beginning in fiscal year 2018, an assumption of 2.5 percent was used for COLA or Ad Hoc COLA. Prior to 2018, an assumption of 3.0 percent was used.

For fiscal year 2017, the SERS Board adopted the following assumption changes:

- Assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25 percent to 3.00 percent
- Payroll Growth Assumption was reduced from 4.00 percent to 3.50 percent
- Assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75 percent to 0.50 percent
- Rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience.
- Mortality among active members was updated to RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females.
- Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries was updated to RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates, and 110 percent of female rates.
- Mortality among disabled members was updated to RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

Changes in Assumptions – STRS

For fiscal year 2018, the Retirement Board approved several changes to the actuarial assumptions in 2017. The long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75 percent to 7.45 percent, the inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75 percent to 2.50 percent, the payroll growth assumption was lowered to 3.00 percent, and total salary increases rate was lowered by decreasing the merit component of the individual salary increases, in addition to a decrease of 0.25 percent due to lower inflation. The healthy and disabled mortality assumptions were updated to the RP-2014 mortality tables with generational improvement scale MP-2016. Rates of retirement, termination and disability were modified to better reflect anticipated future experience.

Changes in Benefit Terms - SERS

With the authority granted to the Board under SB 8, the Board enacted a three-year COLA delay for future benefit recipients commencing on or after April 1, 2018.

For fiscal year 2018, the cost-of-living adjustment was changed from a fixed 3.00 percent to a cost-of-living adjustment that is indexed to CPI-W not greater than 2.50 percent with a floor of zero percent beginning January 1, 2018. In addition, with the authority granted the Board under HB 49, the Board has enacted a three-year COLA suspension for benefit recipients in calendar years 2018, 2019 and 2020.

Changes in Benefit Terms - STRS

For fiscal year 2018, the cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) was reduced to zero.

Note 2 - Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

Changes in Assumptions – SERS

Amounts reported incorporate changes in key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability as presented as follows:

Municipal Bond Index Rate:	
Fiscal year 2020	3.13 percent
Fiscal year 2019	3.62 percent
Fiscal year 2018	3.56 percent
Fiscal year 2017	2.92 percent

Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation:

	Fiscal year 2020	3.22 percent	
	Fiscal year 2019	3.70 percent	
	Fiscal year 2018	3.63 percent	
	Fiscal year 2017	2.98 percent	
	2		
м	edicare		

Pre-Medicare

Fiscal year 2020	7.00 percent initially, decreasing to 4.75 percent
Fiscal year 2019	7.25 percent initially, decreasing to 4.75 percent
Fiscal year 2018	7.50 percent initially, decreasing to 4.00 percent

Medicare

Fiscal year 2020	5.25 percent initially, decreasing to 4.75 percent
Fiscal year 2019	5.375 percent initially, decreasing to 4.75 percent
Fiscal year 2018	5.50 percent initially, decreasing to 5.00 percent

Changes in Assumptions – STRS

For fiscal year 2019, the discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13 percent to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45 percent. Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated. Health care cost trend rates ranged from 6.00 percent to 11 percent initially and a 4.50 percent ultimate rate for fiscal year 2018 and changed for fiscal year 2019 to a range of -5.20 percent to 9.60 percent, initially and a 4.00 ultimate rate.

For fiscal year 2018, the blended discount rate was increased from 3.26 percent to 4.13 percent. Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified. The percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased. The assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal and future health care cost trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs.

Changes in Benefit Terms - SERS

There have been no changes to the benefit provisions.

Changes in Benefit Terms – STRS

For fiscal year 2020, there was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were trended to the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020 to reflect the current price renewals. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2020 from 1.944 percent to 1.984 percent per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1 percent for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021

For fiscal year 2019, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was increased from 1.9 percent to 1.944 percent per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2019 and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020.

For fiscal year 2018, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was reduced from 2.1 percent to 1.9 percent per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 2019. This was subsequently extended, see above ph.

SOUTHEAST LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT PORTAGE COUNTY

FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

National School Lunch Program N/A 10.555 42,224 42 Cash Assistance: National School Breakfast Program 049221-3L70-20 10.553 42,820 42 COVID-19 National School Breakfast Program 049221-3L70-20 10.555 42,820 42 COVID-19 National School Lunch Program 049221-3L60-20 10.555 189,749 189 COVID-19 National School Lunch Program 049221-3L60-20 10.555 44,547 44 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Direct: 361,294 361 361 Direct: Section 8002 Impact Aid N/A 84.041 509,845 509 Passed Through Ohio Department of Education: Title I, Grants to Local Educational Agencies 049221-3M00-19 84.010 33,468 33 Total Title I 246,104 246 246 246,104 246 Improving Teacher Quality State Grants, Title II-A 049221-3Y60-19 84.367 9,447 5 Improving Teacher Quality 54,077 54 24,630 44 44,630 44 44,630 44 44,630	Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor/ Program Title	Pass Through Entity Number	Federal CFDA Number	Receipts	Expenditures
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education: Child Nutrition Cluster: Non-Cash Assistance: National School Breakfast Program National School Breakfast Program National School Breakfast Program Output National School Breakfast Program Output National School Breakfast Program Output National School Breakfast Program Od9221-3L70-20 No.553 42,820 COVID-19 National School Breakfast Program Od9221-3L00-20 10,553 42,820 11,999 11,999 11,999 11,999 11,990 11,990 11,990 11,990 11,990 11,990 11,990 12,991 12,991 12,991 12,991 13,992 14,992 14,992 15,991 15,991 15,991 15,991 15,991 16,902 <th>U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>	U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE				
Non-Cash Assistance: National School Unch Program N/A 10.553 \$ 11.909 \$ 111 National School Unch Program N/A 10.553 \$ 42.224 42 Cash Assistance: National School Breakfast Program 049221-3L70-20 10.553 42.820 42 COVID-19 National School Breakfast Program 049221-3L70-20 10.555 189,749 185 COVID-19 National School Lunch Program 049221-3L60-20 10.555 149,547 44 Total U.S. Department of Agriculture - Child Nutrition Cluster 361,294 361 361 Diract: Section B002 Impact Aid N/A 84.010 233,468 33 Title I, Grants to Local Educational Agencies 049221-3M00-19 84.010 212.636 212 Total Title I 246,104 246 <th>Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>	Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:				
National School Breakfast Program N/A 10.553 \$ 11.909 \$ 11 National School Lunch Program N/A 10.555 \$ 42.224 \$ 42 Cash Assistance: NA 10.553 \$ 42.820 \$ 42 National School Freakfast Program 049221-3L70-20 10.553 \$ 25,045 25 National School Lunch Program 049221-3L70-20 10.555 \$ 48,547 \$ COVID-19 National School Lunch Program 049221-3L60-20 10.555 \$ 48,547 \$	Child Nutrition Cluster:				
National School Lunch Program N/A 10.555 42,224 42 Cash Assistance: National School Breakfast Program 049221-31.70-20 10.553 42,820 42 COVID-19 National School Breakfast Program 049221-31.70-20 10.555 42,820 42 COVID-19 National School Lunch Program 049221-31.70-20 10.555 189,749 186 COVID-19 National School Lunch Program 049221-31.60-20 10.555 49,547 49 Total U.S. Department of Agriculture - Child Nutrition Cluster 361,294 361 361 US. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Section 8002 Impact Aid N/A 84.041 509,845 509 Passed Through Ohio Department of Education: Title 1, Grants to Local Educational Agencies 049221-3000-19 84.010 212,636 212 Total Title 1 246,104 246 246 246 246 246 Improving Teacher Quality State Grants, Title II-A 049221-3Y60-19 84.367 9,447 5 Inproving Teacher Quality State Grants, Title II-A 049221-3Y60-20 84.367 24,630 44 <tr< td=""><td>Non-Cash Assistance:</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr<>	Non-Cash Assistance:				
Cash Assistance: National School Breakfast Program COVID-19 National School Lunch Program049221-3L70-20 049221-3L70-20 10.55310.553 25,045 25 26 26 27National School Lunch Program049221-3L60-20 049221-3L60-2010.555 149,547188 448Total U.S. Department of Agriculture - Child Nutrition Cluster361,294361U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Diract: Section 8002 Impact AidN/A84.041509,845509Passed Through Ohio Department of Education: Title I, Grants to Local Educational Agencies049221-3100-19 049221-3100-2084.01033,468 2122334Total Title I246,104246246Improving Teacher Quality State Grants, Title II-A Improving Teacher Quality049221-3Y60-19 44,63084.3679,447 44,630Title IV-A Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program049221-3HI0-20 94,221-3Y60-2084.424A14,734144Special Education Cluster: Special Education Grants to States, IDEA-B Special Education-Grants to States, IDEA-B Passed Through Mahoning County Educational Service Center Special Education Cluster049221-3M20-20 84.02784.027 47,742 	National School Breakfast Program	N/A	10.553	\$ 11,909	\$ 11,909
National School Breakfast Program 049221-3L70-20 10.553 42,820 42 COVID-19 National School Lunch Program 049221-3L70-20 10.553 25,045 25 National School Lunch Program 049221-3L60-20 10.555 189,749 188 COVID-19 National School Lunch Program 049221-3L60-20 10.555 49,547 49 Total U.S. Department of Agriculture - Child Nutrition Cluster 361,294 361 361 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION 361,294 361 361 361 Diract: Section 8002 Impact Aid N/A 84.041 509,845 509 Passed Through Ohio Department of Education: Title I, Grants to Local Educational Agencies 049221-3M00-19 84.010 33,468 33 Total Title I 246,104 246 246 246,104 246 Improving Teacher Quality State Grants, Title II-A 049221-3Y60-19 84.367 9,447 9 Improving Teacher Quality State Grants, Title II-A 049221-3H0-20 84.424A 14,734 14 Special Education Cluster: Special Education	National School Lunch Program	N/A	10.555	42,224	42,224
COVID-19 National School Eventfast Program 049221-3L70-20 10.555 25.045 25 National School Lunch Program 049221-3L60-20 10.555 189,749 189 COVID-19 National School Lunch Program 049221-3L60-20 10.555 189,749 189 COVID-19 National School Lunch Program 049221-3L60-20 10.555 189,749 189 COVID-19 National School Lunch Program 049221-3L60-20 10.555 189,749 189 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Direct: 361,294 361 33468 33 Direct: Section 8002 Impact Aid N/A 84.010 23,468 33 Passed Through Ohio Department of Education: Title I, Grants to Local Educational Agencies 049221-3M00-19 84.010 212,636 212 Total Title I 246,104 246 <td>Cash Assistance:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Cash Assistance:				
National School Lunch Program049221-3L60-2010.555189,749189COVID-19 National School Lunch Program049221-3L60-2010.55549,54744Total U.S. Department of Agriculture - Child Nutrition Cluster361,294361U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Direct: Section 8002 Impact AidN/A84.041509,845509Passed Through Ohio Department of Education: Title I, Grants to Local Educational Agencies049221-3M00-1984.010212,636212Total Title I Improving Teacher Quality State Grants, Title II-A049221-3Y60-1984.3679,44744Total Improving Teacher Quality State Grants, Title II-A049221-3Y60-2084.36744,63044Total Improving Teacher Quality54,077545454Title IV-A Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program049221-3M20-1984.02747,74247Special Education-Cluster: Special Education-Grants to States, IDEA-B049221-3M20-1984.027267,831267Passed Through Mahoning County Educational Service Center Special Education - Preschool GrantsMCESC84.17312,28012Total Special Education Cluster327,853327Passed Through Mahoning County Educational Service Center Title III, Limited English ProficiencyMCESC84.365170	National School Breakfast Program	049221-3L70-20	10.553	42,820	42,820
COVID-19 National School Lunch Program 049221-3L60-20 10.555 49,547 49 Total U.S. Department of Agriculture - Child Nutrition Cluster 361,294 361 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Direct: 361,294 361 Direct: Section 8002 Impact Aid N/A 84.041 509,845 509 Passed Through Ohio Department of Education: Title I, Grants to Local Educational Agencies 049221-3M00-19 84.010 33,468 33 Total Title I 246,104 246 246 246,104 246 Improving Teacher Quality State Grants, Title II-A 049221-3Y60-19 84.367 9,447 9 Improving Teacher Quality State Grants, Title II-A 049221-3Y60-20 84.367 44,630 44 Total Improving Teacher Quality 54,077 54 54 56 Title INproving Teacher Quality 54,077 54 56 56 Special Education Cluster: Special Education-Grants to States, IDEA-B 049221-3HI0-20 84.424A 14,734 14 Special Education - Preschool Grants States, IDEA-B 049221-3M20-29<	5	049221-3L70-20	10.553	25,045	25,045
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture - Child Nutrition Cluster 361,294 361 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Diract: Section 8002 Impact Aid N/A 84.041 509,845 509 Passed Through Ohio Department of Education: Title I, Grants to Local Educational Agencies 049221-3M00-19 84.010 33,468 33 Title I, Grants to Local Educational Agencies 049221-3M00-20 84.010 212,636 212 Total Title I 246,104 246 Improving Teacher Quality State Grants, Title II-A 049221-3Y60-19 84.367 9,447 9 Improving Teacher Quality 54,077 54 Total Improving Teacher Quality 54,077 54 Title IV-A Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program 049221-3M20-19 84.027 47,742 47 Special Education-Grants to States, IDEA-B 049221-3M20-19 84.027 267,831 267 Passed Through Mahoning County Educational Service Center MCESC 84.173 12,280 12 Total Special Education Cluster 327,853 327 327 327,853 327	5	049221-3L60-20	10.555	,	189,749
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Direct: Section 8002 Impact Aid N/A 84.041 509,845 509 Passed Through Ohio Department of Education: Title I, Grants to Local Educational Agencies 049221-3M00-19 84.010 33,468 33 Title I, Grants to Local Educational Agencies 049221-3M00-20 84.010 212,636 212 Total Title I 246,104 246 Improving Teacher Quality State Grants, Title II-A 049221-3Y60-19 84.367 9,447 9 Improving Teacher Quality State Grants, Title II-A 049221-3Y60-20 84.367 44,630 44 Total Improving Teacher Quality 54,077 54 Title IV-A Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program 049221-3H0-20 84.424A 14,734 14 Special Education-Grants to States, IDEA-B 049221-3M20-19 84.027 47,742 47 Special Education-Grants to States, IDEA-B 049221-3M20-19 84.027 267,831 267 Passed Through Mahoning County Educational Service Center 327,853 327 Passed Through Mahoning County Educational Service Center 327,853 327 Passed Through Mahonin	COVID-19 National School Lunch Program	049221-3L60-20	10.555	49,547	49,547
Direct: Section 8002 Impact Aid N/A 84.041 509,845 509 Passed Through Ohio Department of Education: Title I, Grants to Local Educational Agencies 049221-3M00-19 84.010 33,468 33 Title I, Grants to Local Educational Agencies 049221-3M00-20 84.010 212,636 212 Total Title I 246,104 246 Improving Teacher Quality State Grants, Title II-A 049221-3Y60-19 84.367 9,447 9 Improving Teacher Quality State Grants, Title II-A 049221-3Y60-20 84.367 44.630 44 Total Improving Teacher Quality 54.077 54 Title IV-A Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program 049221-3M20-19 84.027 47,742 47 Special Education-Grants to States, IDEA-B 049221-3M20-19 84.027 267,831 267 Passed Through Mahoning County Educational Service Center MCESC 84.173 12,280 12 Total Special Education Cluster 327,853 327 Passed Through Mahoning County Educational Service Center MCESC 84.365 170	Total U.S. Department of Agriculture - Child Nutrition Cluster			361,294	361,294
Section 8002 Impact AidN/A84.041509,845509Passed Through Ohio Department of Education: Title I, Grants to Local Educational Agencies049221-3M00-19 049221-3M00-2084.01033,468 212,63633Total Title I246,104246Improving Teacher Quality State Grants, Title II-A049221-3Y60-19 049221-3Y60-2084.3679,447 44,6309Total Improving Teacher Quality State Grants, Title II-A049221-3Y60-20 049221-3Y60-2084.3679,447 44,6309Total Improving Teacher Quality54,07754Total Improving Teacher Quality54,07754Title IV-A Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program049221-3H10-2084.424A14,73414Special Education-Grants to States, IDEA-B049221-3M20-19 049221-3M20-2084.02747,74247Special Education -Grants to States, IDEA-B049221-3M20-20 049221-3M20-2084.027267,831267Passed Through Mahoning County Educational Service Center 	U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education: Title I, Grants to Local Educational Agencies049221-3M00-19 049221-3M00-2084.01033,468 212,63633 212 213 212 212 213 212 212 213 212 213 212 213 212 213 212 213 214<	Direct:				
Title I, Grants to Local Educational Agencies049221-3M00-19 049221-3M00-2084.01033,468 212,63633 212,636Total Title I246,104246Improving Teacher Quality State Grants, Title II-A049221-3Y60-19 049221-3Y60-2084.3679,4479Improving Teacher Quality State Grants, Title II-A049221-3Y60-20 049221-3Y60-2084.3679,4479Total Improving Teacher Quality54,07754Total Improving Teacher Quality54,07754Total Improving Teacher Quality049221-3H10-2084.424A14,734Title IV-A Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program049221-3M20-19 049221-3M20-2084.02747,742Special Education Cluster: Special Education-Grants to States, IDEA-B049221-3M20-20 049221-3M20-2084.027267,831Passed Through Mahoning County Educational Service Center Special Education ClusterMCESC84.17312,28012Passed Through Mahoning County Educational Service Center Title III, Limited English ProficiencyMCESC84.36517010	Section 8002 Impact Aid	N/A	84.041	509,845	509,845
Title I, Grants to Local Educational Agencies049221-3M00-2084.010212,636212Total Title I246,104246Improving Teacher Quality State Grants, Title II-A049221-3Y60-1984.3679,4479Improving Teacher Quality State Grants, Title II-A049221-3Y60-2084.36744,63044Total Improving Teacher Quality54,07754Title IV-A Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program049221-3HI0-2084.424A14,73414Special Education Cluster:Special Education-Grants to States, IDEA-B049221-3M20-1984.02747,74247Passed Through Mahoning County Educational Service CenterMCESC84.17312,28012Passed Through Mahoning County Educational Service CenterMCESC84.36517012Passed Through Mahoning County Educational Service CenterMCESC84.36517010	Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:				
Total Title I246,104246Improving Teacher Quality State Grants, Title II-A049221-3Y60-1984.3679,4479Improving Teacher Quality State Grants, Title II-A049221-3Y60-2084.36744,63044Total Improving Teacher Quality54,07754Total Improving Teacher Quality54,07754Title IV-A Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program049221-3HI0-2084.424A14,73414Special Education Cluster: Special Education-Grants to States, IDEA-B049221-3M20-19 049221-3M20-2084.02747,742 267,83147Passed Through Mahoning County Educational Service Center Total Special Education ClusterMCESC84.17312,28012Passed Through Mahoning County Educational Service Center Title III, Limited English ProficiencyMCESC84.365170170	Title I, Grants to Local Educational Agencies	049221-3M00-19	84.010	33,468	33,468
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants, Title II-A049221-3Y60-1984.3679,4479Improving Teacher Quality State Grants, Title II-A049221-3Y60-2084.36744,63044Total Improving Teacher Quality54,07754Title IV-A Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program049221-3HI0-2084.424A14,73414Special Education Cluster:Special Education-Grants to States, IDEA-B049221-3M20-1984.02747,74247Special Education-Grants to States, IDEA-B049221-3M20-2084.027267,831267Passed Through Mahoning County Educational Service CenterMCESC84.17312,28012Total Special Education Cluster327,853327Passed Through Mahoning County Educational Service CenterMCESC84.365170	Title I, Grants to Local Educational Agencies	049221-3M00-20	84.010	212,636	212,636
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants, Title II-A049221-3Y60-2084.36744,63044Total Improving Teacher Quality54,07754Title IV-A Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program049221-3HI0-2084.424A14,73414Special Education Cluster: Special Education-Grants to States, IDEA-B049221-3M20-1984.02747,74247Special Education-Grants to States, IDEA-B049221-3M20-2084.027267,831267Passed Through Mahoning County Educational Service Center Special Education ClusterMCESC84.17312,28012Total Special Education Cluster327,853327Passed Through Mahoning County Educational Service Center Title III, Limited English ProficiencyMCESC84.365170	Total Title I			246,104	246,104
Total Improving Teacher Quality54,07754Title IV-A Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program049221-3HI0-2084.424A14,73414Special Education Cluster: Special Education-Grants to States, IDEA-B049221-3M20-19 049221-3M20-2084.02747,74247Special Education-Grants to States, IDEA-B049221-3M20-20 049221-3M20-2084.027267,831267Passed Through Mahoning County Educational Service Center Special Education - Preschool GrantsMCESC84.17312,28012Total Special Education Cluster327,853327Passed Through Mahoning County Educational Service Center Title III, Limited English ProficiencyMCESC84.365170	Improving Teacher Quality State Grants, Title II-A	049221-3Y60-19	84.367	9,447	9,447
Title IV-A Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program049221-3HI0-2084.424A14,73414Special Education Cluster: Special Education-Grants to States, IDEA-B049221-3M20-1984.02747,74247Special Education-Grants to States, IDEA-B049221-3M20-2084.027267,831267Passed Through Mahoning County Educational Service Center Special Education - Preschool GrantsMCESC84.17312,28012Total Special Education Cluster327,853327Passed Through Mahoning County Educational Service Center Title III, Limited English ProficiencyMCESC84.365170	Improving Teacher Quality State Grants, Title II-A	049221-3Y60-20	84.367	44,630	44,630
Special Education Cluster: Special Education-Grants to States, IDEA-B 049221-3M20-19 84.027 47,742 47 Special Education-Grants to States, IDEA-B 049221-3M20-20 84.027 267,831 267 Passed Through Mahoning County Educational Service Center MCESC 84.173 12,280 12 Total Special Education Cluster 327,853 327 Passed Through Mahoning County Educational Service Center MCESC 84.365 170	Total Improving Teacher Quality			54,077	54,077
Special Education-Grants to States, IDEA-B049221-3M20-1984.02747,74247Special Education-Grants to States, IDEA-B049221-3M20-2084.027267,831267Passed Through Mahoning County Educational Service Center Special Education - Preschool GrantsMCESC84.17312,28012Total Special Education Cluster327,853327Passed Through Mahoning County Educational Service Center Title III, Limited English ProficiencyMCESC84.365170	Title IV-A Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	049221-3HI0-20	84.424A	14,734	14,734
Special Education-Grants to States, IDEA-B 049221-3M20-20 84.027 267,831 267 Passed Through Mahoning County Educational Service Center MCESC 84.173 12,280 12 Total Special Education Cluster 327,853 327 Passed Through Mahoning County Educational Service Center MCESC 84.365 170	Special Education Cluster:				
Passed Through Mahoning County Educational Service Center Special Education - Preschool Grants MCESC 84.173 12,280 12 Total Special Education Cluster 327,853 327 Passed Through Mahoning County Educational Service Center MCESC 84.365 170	Special Education-Grants to States, IDEA-B	049221-3M20-19	84.027	47,742	47,742
Special Education - Preschool Grants MCESC 84.173 12,280 12 Total Special Education Cluster 327,853 327 Passed Through Mahoning County Educational Service Center MCESC 84.365 170	Special Education-Grants to States, IDEA-B	049221-3M20-20	84.027	267,831	267,831
Total Special Education Cluster 327,853 327 Passed Through Mahoning County Educational Service Center MCESC 84.365 170	Passed Through Mahoning County Educational Service Center				
Passed Through Mahoning County Educational Service Center Title III, Limited English Proficiency MCESC 84.365	Special Education - Preschool Grants	MCESC	84.173	12,280	12,280
Title III, Limited English Proficiency MCESC 84.365 170	Total Special Education Cluster			327,853	327,853
Total U.S. Department of Education1,152,7831,152	Title III, Limited English Proficiency	MCESC	84.365	170	170
	Total U.S. Department of Education			1,152,783	1,152,783
Total Federal Financial Assistance\$ 1,514,077\$ 1,514	Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$ 1,514,077	\$ 1,514,077

The accompanying notes to this schedule are an integral part of this schedule.

SOUTHEAST LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT PORTAGE COUNTY

NOTES TO THE FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE A – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Southeast Local School District (the District) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2020. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the District.

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE C – INDIRECT COST RATE

The District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE D - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the District assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE E – FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the entitlement value. The District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.

NOTE F - TRANSFERS BETWEEN PROGRAM YEARS

Federal regulations require schools to obligate certain federal awards by June 30. However, with ODE's consent, schools can transfer unobligated amounts to the subsequent fiscal year's program. The District transferred the following amounts from 2020 to 2021 programs:

	<u>CFDA</u>		<u>Amt.</u>
Program Title	<u>Number</u>	Tra	nsferred
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	\$	95,036
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	\$	7,114
Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424	\$	18,976
Special Education-Grants to States	84.027	\$	48,310



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Southeast Local School District Portage County 8245 Tallmadge Road Ravenna, Ohio 44266

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Southeast Local School District, Portage County, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 5, 2021, wherein we noted the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the District.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinion on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the District's financial statements. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

Southeast Local School District Portage County Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by Government Auditing Standards Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the financial statements. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

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Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

February 5, 2021



Conference Center, Suite 154 6000 Frank Ave. NW North Canton, OH 44720 EastRegion@ohioauditor.gov (800) 443-9272

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO THE MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Southeast Local School District Portage County 8245 Tallmadge Road Ravenna, Ohio 44266

To the Board of Education:

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

We have audited Southeast Local School District's (the District) compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect Southeast Local School District's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2020. The *Summary of Auditor's Results* in the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the District's major federal program.

Management's Responsibility

The District's Management is responsible for complying with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal program.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the District's compliance for the District's major federal program based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). These standards and the Uniform Guidance require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on the District's major program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Southeast Local School District Portage County Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to the Major Federal Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance Page 2

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Southeast Local School District complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance and corrected. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control over compliance tests and the results of this testing based on Uniform Guidance requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

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Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

February 5, 2021

SOUTHEAST LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT PORTAGE COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 June 30, 2020

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Special Education Cluster
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 750,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR § 200.520?	Yes

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None

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SOUTHEAST LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

PORTAGE COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 3/9/2021

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