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## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Springfield Local School District Mahoning County 11335 Youngstown-Pittsburgh Road New Middletown, Ohio 44442

To the Board of Education:

## **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Springfield Local School District, Mahoning County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

## Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

## Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Springfield Local School District Mahoning County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

## Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General fund thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## **Emphasis of Matter**

As discussed in Note 3 to the financial statements, during 2020, the District adopted new accounting guidance in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. Also, as discussed in Note 19 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the District. We did not modify our opinion regarding these matters.

## Other Matters

## Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *management's discussion and analysis*, and schedules of net pension and other post-employment benefit liabilities and pension and other post-employment benefit contributions listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 6, 2021, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

thabu

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

October 6, 2021

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

The management's discussion and analysis of the Springfield Local School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

## **Financial Highlights**

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2020 are as follows:

- In total, net position of governmental activities decreased \$359,005, which represents a 126.77% decrease from June 30, 2019's restated net position.
- General revenues accounted for \$12,052,238 in revenue or 87.50% of total revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$1,720,996 in revenue or 12.50% of total revenues of \$13,773,234.
- The District had \$14,132,239 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$1,720,996 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services and sales, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$12,052,238 were inadequate to provide for these programs.
- The District's major governmental fund is the general fund. The general fund had \$11,363,665 in revenues and other financing sources and \$11,221,980 in expenditures and other financing uses. During fiscal year 2020, the general fund's fund balance increased \$141,685 from \$2,903,297 to \$3,044,982.

## Using the Basic Financial Statements (BFS)

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The statement of net position and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, the general fund is by far the most significant fund, and the only governmental fund reported as a major fund.

## Reporting the District as a Whole

#### Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did the District do financially during fiscal year 2020?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues and expenses using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in net position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the financial position of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, the governmental activities include the District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, and food service operations.

## **Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds**

## Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental fund is the general fund.

## **Governmental Funds**

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the basic financial statements.

## **Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities**

The District acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals and/or other entities. These activities are reported in custodial funds. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes to the basic financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the District's net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### The District as a Whole

The statement of net position provides the perspective of the District as a whole.

The table below provides a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019. The net position at June 30, 2019 has been restated.

**Net Position** 

	INCL I U	sition
		Restated
	Governmental	Governmental
	Activities	Activities
	2020	2019
Assets		
Current and other assets	\$ 11,127,468	\$ 10,678,344
Net OPEB asset	723,695	
		716,140
Capital assets, net	15,750,576	16,215,969
Total assets	27,601,739	27,610,453
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>		
Unamortized deferred charges on refunding	218,056	228,676
Pension	2,253,680	3,167,402
OPEB	205,926	153,399
Total deferred outflows of resources	2,677,662	3,549,477
Liabilities		
Current liabilities	1,174,848	1,236,324
Long-term liabilities:		, ,
Due within one year	435,514	407,559
Due in more than one year:		10,9005
Net pension liability	12,057,028	12,251,549
Net OPEB liability	1,031,587	1,203,589
Other amounts	9,355,737	9,511,222
		),511,222
Total liabilities	24,054,714	24,610,243
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>		
Property taxes levied for next year	4,781,445	4,759,128
Pension	843,833	845,239
OPEB	1,241,597	1,228,503
Total deferred inflows of resources	6,866,875	6,832,870
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	7,486,126	7,653,906
Restricted	1,233,259	846,405
Unrestricted (deficit)	(9,361,573)	(8,783,494)
Total net position (deficit)	<u>\$ (642,188)</u>	<u>\$ (283,183)</u>

The net pension liability is reported pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27." The net other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability/asset is reported pursuant to GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions." For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the District's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability, and the net OPEB liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB and the net OPEB asset.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

GASB standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB 45) focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's *net pension liability* or *net OPEB liability*. GASB 68 and GASB 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

GASB 68 and GASB 75 require the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability/asset to equal the District's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service.
- 2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits.

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the District is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan *as against the public employer*. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, the District's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset, respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

Over time, net position can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2020, the District's liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$642,188.

Deferred outflows related to pension decreased primarily due to changes in assumptions by the State Teachers Retirement System (STRS). See Note 12 for more detail.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Total assets include a net OPEB asset reported by STRS. See Note 13 for more detail.

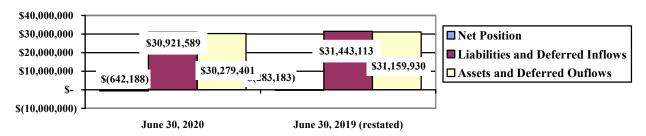
At fiscal year-end, capital assets represented 57.07% of total assets. Capital assets include land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, equipment and furniture, and vehicles. The District's net investment in capital assets at June 30, 2020 was \$7,486,126. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Long-term liabilities decreased primarily due to a decrease in the net pension liability and net OPEB liability. These liabilities are outside of the control of the District. The District contributes its statutorily required contributions to the pension systems; however, it's the pension systems that collect, hold and distribute pensions and OPEB to District employees, not the District.

A portion of the District's net position, \$1,233,259, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position is a deficit of \$9,361,573.

The graph below illustrates the District's assets and deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, and net position at June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019. The net position at June 30, 2019 has been restated as described in Note 3.

#### **Governmental Activities**



The table below shows the changes in net position for governmental activities for fiscal years 2020 and 2019. The net position at June 30, 2019 has been restated as described in Note 3.

	Change in	Net Position
	Governmental Activities 2020	Restated Governmental Activities 2019
Revenues		
Program revenues:	¢ 460.010	φ 44C 101
Charges for services and sales	\$ 469,010	\$ 446,181
Operating grants and contributions	1,250,053	1,050,626
Capital grants and contributions	1,933	36,986
General revenues:		
Property taxes	5,239,342	4,912,835
School district income tax	2,066,502	2,269,541
Grants and entitlements not restricted	4,639,497	4,868,678
Investment earnings	77,805	93,693
Miscellaneous	29,092	111,922
Total revenues	13,773,234	13,790,462
		-Continued

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Change in Net Position (Continued)			
	Governmental Activities 2020	Restated Governmental Activities 2019		
Expenses				
Program expenses:				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$ 6,569,606	\$ 5,319,013		
Special	1,290,079	1,017,202		
Vocational	121,022	94,518		
Other	99,711	99,655		
Support services:				
Pupil	592,340	547,799		
Instructional staff	385,203	328,491		
Board of education	23,368	25,222		
Administration	1,075,733	1,200,944		
Fiscal	477,064	392,256		
Business	357	5,476		
Operations and maintenance	1,427,514	1,312,301		
Pupil transportation	489,063	509,200		
Central	144,299	68,887		
Operation of non-instructional services:				
Other non-instructional services	15,000	22,527		
Food service operations	483,713	458,283		
Extracurricular activities	608,727	558,078		
Interest and fiscal charges	329,440	336,943		
Total expenses	14,132,239	12,296,795		
Change in net position	(359,005)	1,503,769		
Net position (deficit) at beginning of year (restated)	(283,183)	(1,786,952)		
Net position (deficit) at end of year	\$ (642,188)	<u>\$ (283,183)</u>		

## **Governmental Activities**

Net position of the District's governmental activities decreased \$359,005. Total governmental expenses of \$14,132,239 were offset by program revenues of \$1,720,996 and general revenues of \$12,052,238. Program revenues supported 12.18% of the total governmental expenses.

Overall, expenses of the governmental activities increased \$1,835,444 or 14.93%. This increase is primarily the result of the STRS indefinitely suspending the Cost of Living Adjustment ("COLA") and the School Employee Retirement System (SERS) lowering the COLA from 3.00% to 2.50% in fiscal year 2018.

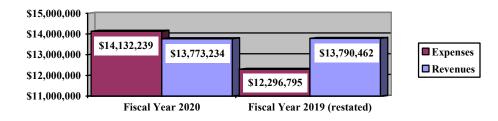
The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property taxes, income taxes, and grants and entitlements. These revenue sources represent 86.73% of the total governmental revenues.

The largest expense of the District is for instructional programs. Instruction expenses totaled \$8,080,418 or 57.18% of the total governmental expenses for fiscal year 2020.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenues and expenses for fiscal years 2020 and 2019. The information for fiscal year 2019 has been restated as described in Note 3.

#### **Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses**



The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services for fiscal years 2020 and 2019. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenues, unrestricted State grants and entitlements, and other general revenues of the District.

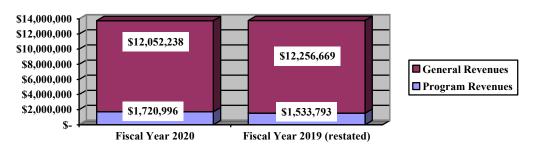
## **Governmental Activities**

	T	otal Cost of Services 2020	1	Vet Cost of Services 2020	Т	Restated otal Cost of Services 2019	1	Restated Net Cost of Services 2019
Program expenses								
Instruction:								
Regular	\$	6,569,606	\$	6,333,082	\$	5,319,013	\$	5,122,462
Special		1,290,079		735,986		1,017,202		469,778
Vocational		121,022		113,531		94,518		87,027
Other		99,711		29,065		99,655		18,414
Support services:								
Pupil		592,340		395,758		547,799		511,471
Instructional staff		385,203		371,358		328,491		310,567
Board of education		23,368		23,368		25,222		25,222
Administration		1,075,733		1,075,253		1,200,944		1,200,654
Fiscal		477,064		477,064		392,256		392,256
Business		357		357		5,476		5,476
Operations and maintenance		1,427,514		1,419,698		1,312,301		1,304,658
Pupil transportation		489,063		486,752		509,200		504,635
Central		144,299		138,899		68,887		63,487
Operation of non-instructional services:								
Other non-instructional services		15,000		(7,271)		22,527		8,006
Food service operations		483,713		19,514		458,283		37,319
Extracurricular activities		608,727		469,389		558,078		357,172
Interest and fiscal charges		329,440		329,440		336,943		336,943
Total expenses	\$	14,132,239	\$	12,411,243	\$	12,296,795	\$	10,755,547

The dependence upon taxes and other general revenues for governmental activities is apparent, as 89.25% of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. For all governmental activities, general revenue support is 87.82%. The District's taxpayers and grants and entitlements from the State are the primary support for the District's students.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue for fiscal years 2020 and 2019. The activity for fiscal year 2019 has been restated as described in Note 3.



## **Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues**

## The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$4,636,026, which is greater than last year's total restated balance of \$4,209,065. The table below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019. The information as of June 30, 2019 has been restated as described in Note 3.

	Fund Balance June 30, 2020	Restated Fund Balance June 30, 2019	Change	Percentage Change
General Nonmajor governmental	\$ 3,044,982 1,591,044	\$ 2,903,297 1,305,768	\$ 141,685 	4.88 % 21.85 %
Total	\$ 4,636,026	\$ 4,209,065	\$ 426,961	10.14 %

## **General Fund**

The District's general fund balance increased \$141,685.

The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities and fund balance of the general fund.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	_	2020 Amount	_	2019 Amount	 Change	Percentage Change
Revenues Taxes Earnings on investments Intergovernmental Other revenues	\$	6,220,751 77,805 4,898,269 152,000	\$	6,192,653 93,693 5,165,097 177,141	\$ 28,098 (15,888) (266,828) (25,141)	0.45 % (16.96) % (5.17) % (14.19) %
Total	\$	11,348,825	\$	11,628,584	\$ (279,759)	(2.41) %
<u>Expenditures</u>						
Instruction	\$	6,854,846	\$	6,582,491	\$ 272,355	4.14 %
Support services		3,951,496		4,347,632	(396,136)	(9.11) %
Non-instructional services		-		1,027	(1,027)	(100.00) %
Extracurricular activities		281,637		330,975	(49,338)	(14.91) %
Facilities acquisition and construction		10,640		21,000	(10,360)	(49.33) %
Debt service		3,361		-	 3,361	100.00 %
Total	\$	11,101,980	\$	11,283,125	\$ (181,145)	(1.61) %

Overall revenues of the general fund decreased \$279,759 or 2.41%. Earnings on investments decreased due to a decrease in investment interest rates of STAR Ohio. Intergovernmental revenue decreased \$266,828 or 5.17% primarily due to a decrease in state foundation money received during fiscal year 2020. State foundation revenue was reduced due to the COVID-19 pandemic. All other revenue classifications remained comparable to the prior fiscal year.

Overall expenditures of the general fund decreased \$181,145 or 1.61%. Support services decreased by \$396,136 or 9.11%, while instructional services increased \$272,355 or 4.14%. Support services primarily decreased due to large decreases in pupil and administrative expenditures.

## General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

For the general fund, original and final budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$11,483,072. Actual revenues and other financing sources for fiscal year 2020 were \$11,647,272. This represents a \$164,200 increase over final budgeted amounts.

General fund original and final appropriations (appropriated expenditures and other financing uses) were \$13,130,573. The actual budget basis expenditures and other financing uses for fiscal year 2020 totaled \$11,662,353, which was \$1,468,220 less than the final budgeted amounts. This decrease is primarily the result of the District's conservative spending approach and spending less on salaries than budgeted for.

## Capital Assets and Debt Administration

## Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2020, the District had \$15,750,576 invested in land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, equipment and furniture, and vehicles. This entire amount is reported in governmental activities. The following table shows June 30, 2020 balances compared to June 30, 2019 balances.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

## Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

	Governme	ntal Activities
	2020	2019
Land	\$ 99,230	\$ 99,230
Land improvements	673,523	762,672
Buildings and improvements	14,232,581	14,648,313
Equipment and furniture	389,025	477,881
Vehicles	356,217	227,873
Total	\$ 15,750,576	\$ 16,215,969

The overall decrease in capital assets of \$465,393 is due to the District's current year depreciation exceeding capital asset additions.

See Note 8 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's capital assets.

## **Debt** Administration

At June 30, 2020, the District had \$1,935,000 in lease-purchase agreement obligations, \$12,161 in capital lease obligations, and \$6,343,610 in general obligation bonds outstanding. Of this total, \$322,656 is due within one year and \$7,968,115 is due in more than one year. The following table summarizes the District's long-term obligations outstanding at June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019.

#### Long-Term Obligations, at Year End

	Governmental Activities	Governmental Activities
	2020	2019
Lease-purchase agreement obligations Capital lease	\$ 1,935,000 12,161	\$ 2,190,000
General obligation bonds	6,343,610	6,361,849
Total	<u>\$ 8,290,771</u>	<u>\$ 8,551,849</u>

See Note 10 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's debt administration.

#### **Current Financial Related Activities**

Overall, the District is financially strong. As the preceding information shows, the District relies heavily upon property taxes, income taxes, and grants and entitlements. On May 7, 2020, the school district income tax was renewed for a period of five years, beginning January 1, 2020. This tax revenue, along with the District's cash balance, has provided the District with the necessary funds to meet its operating expenses and will continue to do so for at least the next two fiscal years. However, the future financial stability of the District is not without challenges. The income tax expires on December 31, 2024 and will require voter approval for an additional five years.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Since the District relies on the State for more than half of the general operating revenues, one of the largest challenges facing the District is that of State funding. State funding for schools is based on several factors, all of which are subject to deliberations and approval of the Ohio General Assembly. With the passage of AM. Sub. H.B. 59 of the 130th Ohio General Assembly in July 2013 the state foundation formula for fiscal years 2014 thru 2019 changed. The state foundation funding for fiscal year 2020 and fiscal year 2021 is flat to fiscal year 2019. No increase in funding year after year means that the District must aggressively manage number of employees and corresponding salaries and fringe benefits. The District will receive Student Wellness and Success funds for fiscal year 2020 and fiscal year 2021 estimated to be \$157,582 and \$152,990 respectively over the two years. Our goal is to utilize these funds to pay for existing programs thus reducing our general fund expense.

The state reduced the State Funding Formula referred to above by \$219,296 during the last half of FY 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Fiscal Year 2021 is expected to incur the same reduction. Although we are receiving additional funds from the Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund and the Coronavirus Relief Fund (CRF) we will also have additional costs which are indeterminable at this time. Also indeterminable at this time is the effect COVID-19 will have on Income Tax Receipts, Casino Tax Receipts, and Real Estate Tax Collections.

The next challenge facing the District is the rapid decline in enrollment over the past several years, especially if these declines continue. The District has thus far been able to manage the decline in enrollment by aggressively adjusting the certified and classified staffing levels as necessary. Should enrollment continue to decline, this will become increasingly more difficult as further reductions would entail that the District consider program reductions and negotiate changes to current labor contracts. Enrollment for fiscal year 2020 showed a decrease from 1,006 funded students to 941 funded students. The District passed a new bond issue on May 7, 2013 for the construction of a new elementary school. The new school opened in the fall of 2015 with the addition of all-day kindergarten services. It is believed that the addition of this service along with the new building will add to the attractiveness of the District to families who are considering which District to live in or where to send their children for education.

On a more positive note, in addition to the renewal of the income tax, the District entered into new labor agreements with both the Springfield Local Classroom Teachers Association and the Springfield Local Classified Employees' Association. These agreements are for a period of three years ending on August 31, 2022. The District considers its strong and trusting relationship between its Board, administrators, and all employees to be its most valuable asset.

In conclusion, the District's system of budgeting and internal controls is well regarded. All of the District's financial abilities and experience will be needed to meet the financial challenges of the future.

## **Contacting the District's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Mr. Edward N. Sobnosky, Treasurer, Springfield Local School District, Box 549 11335 Youngstown-Pittsburgh Road, New Middletown, Ohio 44442.

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#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

Assets:\$4,912,673Receivables: $5,284,363$ Income taxes. $18,389$ Prepayments. $19,266$ Materials and supplies inventory. $2,777$ Inventory held for resole. $5,328$ Net OPEB asset. $723,695$ Capital assets: $99,230$ Depreciable capital assets. $99,230$ Depreciable capital assets. $99,230$ Depreciable capital assets. $90,230$ Depreciable capital assets. $27,601,739$ Poffered outflows of resources: $20,692,626$ Unamortized deferred charges on debt refunding $218,056$ Pension. $2,253,680$ OPEB $205,926$ Total deferred outflows of resources. $20,677,662$ Liabilities: $21,379$ Accounts payable. $21,379$ Accounts payable. $21,379$ Accounts payable. $24,327$ Long-term liabilities: $21,379$ Due within one year. $435,514$ Due within one year. $435,514$ Due within one year. $24,057,028$ Net pension liability. $10,031,587$ Other amounts due in more than one year. $9,355,737$ Total labilities. $24,054,714$ Deferred inflows of resources: $7,486,126$ Net pension. $6,866,875$ Net pension liability. $12,057,028$ <		Governmental Activities
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Income taxes.         784,672           Intergovernmental         118,389           Prepayments         19,266           Materials and supplies inventory.         2,777           Inventory held for resale.         5,328           Net OPEB asset         723,695           Capital assets:         99,230           Depreciable capital assets, net.         15,651,346           Capital assets, net.         15,750,576           Total assets.         227,601,739           Deferred outflows of resources:         22,677,662           Unamortized deferred charges on debt refunding         218,056           Pension         22,677,662           Liabilities:         21,379           Accrued wages and benefits payable.         19,753           Pension and postemployment benefits payable.         19,753           Pension inability.         12,057,028           Net oPEB hiability.         12,057,028           Net OPEB liabilities.         24,054,714           Due in more than one year:         12,057,028           Net OPEB liability.         12,057,028           Net OPEB liability.         12,057,028           Net OPEB liability.         24,054,714           Deferred inflows of resources:         7,486,126 </td <td></td> <td>5 204 2 (2</td>		5 204 2 (2
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Accrued wages and benefits payable $941,933$ Intergovernmental payable $19,753$ Pension and postemployment benefits payable. $149,456$ Accrued interest payable $42,327$ Long-term liabilities: $42,327$ Due within one year. $435,514$ Due in more than one year: $12,057,028$ Net OPEB liability $12,057,028$ Net OPEB liability $12,057,028$ Net OPEB liability $24,054,714$ Deferred inflows of resources:Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year.Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year. $4,781,445$ Pension. $843,833$ OPEB. $1,241,597$ Total deferred inflows of resources. $6,866,875$ Net position: $843,633$ Net position: $7,486,126$ Restricted for: $40,541$ Classroom facilities maintenance $476,976$ Debt service. $534,755$ Locally funded programs $55,307$ State funded programs $55,307$ Federally funded programs $44,881$ Unrestricted (deficit) $(9,361,573)$	Liabilities:	
Intergovernmental payable19,753Pension and postemployment benefits payable.149,456Accrued interest payable42,327Long-term liabilities:42,327Due within one year.435,514Due in more than one year:1,031,587Other amounts due in more than one year .9,355,737Total liabilities24,054,714Deferred inflows of resources:4,781,445Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year.4,781,445Pension.843,833OPEB.1,241,597Total deferred inflows of resources.6,866,875Net position:7,486,126Net investment in capital assets40,541Classroom facilities maintenance476,976Debt service.534,755Locally funded programs55,307Federally funded programs4,585Student activities68,119Other purposes44,481Unrestricted (deficit)(9,361,573)	Accounts payable	21,379
Pension and postemployment benefits payable.149,456Accrued interest payable42,327Long-term liabilities:435,514Due within one year.435,514Due in more than one year:12,057,028Net pension liability1,031,587Other amounts due in more than one year9,355,737Total liabilities24,054,714Deferred inflows of resources:4,781,445Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year.4,781,445Pension6,866,875Net position:6,866,875Net position:40,541Classroom facilities maintenance476,976Debt service.534,755Locally funded programs55,307Federally funded programs55,307Federally funded programs4,585Stude funded programs4,585Stude funded programs4,585Stude differed inflows68,119Other purposes44,481Unrestricted (deficit)(9,361,573)	Accrued wages and benefits payable	941,933
Pension and postemployment benefits payable.149,456Accrued interest payable42,327Long-term liabilities:435,514Due within one year.435,514Due in more than one year:12,057,028Net pension liability1,031,587Other amounts due in more than one year9,355,737Total liabilities24,054,714Deferred inflows of resources:4,781,445Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year.4,781,445Pension6,866,875Net position:6,866,875Net position:40,541Classroom facilities maintenance476,976Debt service.534,755Locally funded programs55,307Federally funded programs55,307Federally funded programs4,585Stude funded programs4,585Stude funded programs4,585Stude differed inflows68,119Other purposes44,481Unrestricted (deficit)(9,361,573)	Intergovernmental payable	19,753
Long-term liabilities:435,514Due within one year.435,514Due in more than one year:12,057,028Net Pension liability12,057,028Net OPEB liability.1,031,587Other amounts due in more than one year9,355,737Total liabilities24,054,714Deferred inflows of resources:Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year.4,781,445Pension.843,833OPEB.1,241,597Total deferred inflows of resources .6,866,875Net position:6,866,875Net position:40,541Classroom facilities maintenance476,976Debt service.534,755Locally funded programs55,307Federally funded programs4,585Student activities68,119Other purposes44,481Unrestricted (deficit)(9,361,573)		149,456
Due within one year. $435,514$ Due in more than one year: $12,057,028$ Net pension liability $1,031,587$ Other amounts due in more than one year $9,355,737$ Total liabilities $24,054,714$ Deferred inflows of resources:Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year. $4,781,445$ Pension. $843,833$ OPEB. $1,241,597$ Total deferred inflows of resources. $6,866,875$ Net position: $6,866,875$ Net position: $40,541$ Classroom facilities maintenance $476,976$ Debt service. $534,755$ Locally funded programs $55,307$ Federally funded programs $4,585$ Student activities $68,119$ Other purposes $44,481$ Unrestricted (deficit) $(9,361,573)$	Accrued interest payable	42,327
Due in more than one year:12,057,028Net OPEB liability1,031,587Other amounts due in more than one year9,355,737Total liabilities24,054,714Deferred inflows of resources:Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year.4,781,445Pension.843,833OPEB.1,241,597Total deferred inflows of resources1,241,597Total deferred inflows of resources6,866,875Net position:7,486,126Restricted for:40,541Classroom facilities maintenance476,976Debt service.534,755Locally funded programs55,307Federally funded programs4,585Student activities68,119Other purposes44,481Unrestricted (deficit)(9,361,573)	Long-term liabilities:	
Net pension liability12,057,028Net OPEB liability1,031,587Other amounts due in more than one year9,355,737Total liabilities24,054,714Deferred inflows of resources:Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year.4,781,445Pension843,833OPEB1,241,597Total deferred inflows of resources1,241,597Total deferred inflows of resources6,866,875Net position:6,866,875Net investment in capital assets7,486,126Restricted for:40,541Classroom facilities maintenance476,976Debt service534,755Locally funded programs55,307Federally funded programs4,585Student activities68,119Other purposes44,481Unrestricted (deficit)(9,361,573)	Due within one year.	435,514
Net OPEB liability. $1,031,587$ Other amounts due in more than one year . $9,355,737$ Total liabilities . $24,054,714$ <b>Deferred inflows of resources:</b> $24,054,714$ Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year. $4,781,445$ Pension. $843,833$ OPEB. $1,241,597$ Total deferred inflows of resources . $6,866,875$ Net position: $6,866,875$ Net investment in capital assets . $7,486,126$ Restricted for: $40,541$ Classroom facilities maintenance . $476,976$ Debt service. $534,755$ Locally funded programs . $8,495$ State funded programs . $4,585$ Student activities . $68,119$ Other purposes . $44,481$ Unrestricted (deficit) . $(9,361,573)$	Due in more than one year:	
Other amounts due in more than one year . $9,355,737$ Total liabilities . $24,054,714$ <b>Deferred inflows of resources:</b> $24,054,714$ Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year. $4,781,445$ Pension. $843,833$ OPEB. $1,241,597$ Total deferred inflows of resources . $6,866,875$ <b>Net position:</b> $6,866,875$ Net investment in capital assets . $7,486,126$ Restricted for: $40,541$ Classroom facilities maintenance . $476,976$ Debt service. $534,755$ Locally funded programs . $8,495$ State funded programs . $4,585$ Student activities . $44,481$ Unrestricted (deficit) . $(9,361,573)$		12,057,028
Total liabilities       24,054,714         Deferred inflows of resources:       4,781,445         Pension       843,833         OPEB       1,241,597         Total deferred inflows of resources       6,866,875         Net position:       6,866,875         Net investment in capital assets       7,486,126         Restricted for:       40,541         Classroom facilities maintenance       476,976         Debt service       534,755         Locally funded programs       55,307         Federally funded programs       4,585         Student activities       68,119         Other purposes       44,481         Unrestricted (deficit)       (9,361,573)	Net OPEB liability	1,031,587
Deferred inflows of resources:           Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year.         4,781,445           Pension.         843,833           OPEB.         1,241,597           Total deferred inflows of resources         6,866,875           Net position:         6,866,875           Net investment in capital assets         7,486,126           Restricted for:         40,541           Classroom facilities maintenance         476,976           Debt service.         534,755           Locally funded programs         8,495           State funded programs         4,585           Student activities         4,585           Student activities         68,119           Other purposes         44,481           Unrestricted (deficit)         (9,361,573)	Other amounts due in more than one year .	9,355,737
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year.       4,781,445         Pension.       843,833         OPEB.       1,241,597         Total deferred inflows of resources       6,866,875         Net position:       6,866,875         Net investment in capital assets       7,486,126         Restricted for:       40,541         Classroom facilities maintenance       476,976         Debt service.       534,755         Locally funded programs       8,495         State funded programs       4,585         Student activities       4,585         Student activities       44,481         Unrestricted (deficit)       (9,361,573)	Total liabilities	24,054,714
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year.       4,781,445         Pension.       843,833         OPEB.       1,241,597         Total deferred inflows of resources       6,866,875         Net position:       6,866,875         Net investment in capital assets       7,486,126         Restricted for:       40,541         Classroom facilities maintenance       476,976         Debt service.       534,755         Locally funded programs       8,495         State funded programs       4,585         Student activities       4,585         Student activities       44,481         Unrestricted (deficit)       (9,361,573)		
Pension.       843,833         OPEB.       1,241,597         Total deferred inflows of resources       6,866,875         Net position:       6,866,875         Net investment in capital assets       7,486,126         Restricted for:       40,541         Classroom facilities maintenance       476,976         Debt service.       534,755         Locally funded programs       8,495         State funded programs       55,307         Federally funded programs       4,585         Student activities       68,119         Other purposes       44,481         Unrestricted (deficit)       (9,361,573)	Deferred inflows of resources:	
OPEB.         1,241,597           Total deferred inflows of resources         6,866,875           Net position:         7,486,126           Restricted for:         40,541           Classroom facilities maintenance         476,976           Debt service.         534,755           Locally funded programs         55,307           Federally funded programs         4,585           Student activities         4,585           Student activities         44,481           Unrestricted (deficit)         (9,361,573)	Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year	4,781,445
Total deferred inflows of resources6,866,875Net position:7,486,126Restricted for:40,541Classroom facilities maintenance476,976Debt service.534,755Locally funded programs8,495State funded programs55,307Federally funded programs4,585Student activities68,119Other purposes44,481Unrestricted (deficit)(9,361,573)	Pension	843,833
Net position:           Net investment in capital assets         7,486,126           Restricted for:         40,541           Classroom facilities maintenance         476,976           Debt service.         534,755           Locally funded programs         8,495           State funded programs.         55,307           Federally funded programs         4,585           Student activities         68,119           Other purposes         44,481           Unrestricted (deficit)         (9,361,573)	OPEB	1,241,597
Net investment in capital assets       7,486,126         Restricted for:       40,541         Classroom facilities maintenance       476,976         Debt service.       534,755         Locally funded programs       8,495         State funded programs       55,307         Federally funded programs       4,585         Student activities       68,119         Other purposes       44,481         Unrestricted (deficit)       (9,361,573)	Total deferred inflows of resources	6,866,875
Net investment in capital assets       7,486,126         Restricted for:       40,541         Classroom facilities maintenance       476,976         Debt service.       534,755         Locally funded programs       8,495         State funded programs       55,307         Federally funded programs       4,585         Student activities       68,119         Other purposes       44,481         Unrestricted (deficit)       (9,361,573)		
Restricted for:       40,541         Capital projects       40,541         Classroom facilities maintenance       476,976         Debt service.       534,755         Locally funded programs       8,495         State funded programs       55,307         Federally funded programs       4,585         Student activities       68,119         Other purposes       44,481         Unrestricted (deficit)       (9,361,573)	-	
Capital projects       40,541         Classroom facilities maintenance       476,976         Debt service.       534,755         Locally funded programs       8,495         State funded programs       55,307         Federally funded programs       4,585         Student activities       68,119         Other purposes       44,481         Unrestricted (deficit)       (9,361,573)	-	7,486,126
Classroom facilities maintenance       476,976         Debt service.       534,755         Locally funded programs       8,495         State funded programs.       55,307         Federally funded programs       4,585         Student activities       68,119         Other purposes       44,481         Unrestricted (deficit)       (9,361,573)		
Debt service.         534,755           Locally funded programs         8,495           State funded programs.         55,307           Federally funded programs         4,585           Student activities         68,119           Other purposes         44,481           Unrestricted (deficit)         (9,361,573)	1 1 5	, ,
Locally funded programs         8,495           State funded programs         55,307           Federally funded programs         4,585           Student activities         68,119           Other purposes         44,481           Unrestricted (deficit)         (9,361,573)		476,976
State funded programs.         55,307           Federally funded programs.         4,585           Student activities         68,119           Other purposes         44,481           Unrestricted (deficit).         (9,361,573)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Federally funded programs       4,585         Student activities       68,119         Other purposes       44,481         Unrestricted (deficit)       (9,361,573)		,
Student activities         68,119           Other purposes         44,481           Unrestricted (deficit)         (9,361,573)		55,307
Other purposes         44,481           Unrestricted (deficit)         (9,361,573)		
Unrestricted (deficit)		,
		,
Total net position (deficit)         \$         (642,188)		
	Total net position (deficit)	\$ (642,188)

## STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	FOR THE FIS	Ch	arges for	0	ram Revenues rating Grants	Сарі	tal Grants	R ( N	et (Expense) evenue and Changes in let Position overnmental
	Expenses		es and Sales		Contributions		ontributions		Activities
Governmental activities:	-								
Instruction:									
Regular	\$ 6,569,606	\$	100,857	\$	133,734	\$	1,933	\$	(6,333,082)
Special	1,290,079		11,413		542,680		-		(735,986)
Vocational	121,022		-		7,491		-		(113,531)
Other	99,711		-		70,646		-		(29,065)
Support services:									
Pupil	592,340		-		196,582		-		(395,758)
Instructional staff	385,203		-		13,845		-		(371,358)
Board of education	23,368		-		-		-		(23,368)
Administration	1,075,733		-		480		-		(1,075,253)
Fiscal	477,064		-		-		-		(477,064)
Business	357		-		-		-		(357)
Operations and maintenance	1,427,514		1,928		5,888		-		(1,419,698)
Pupil transportation	489,063		-		2,311		-		(486,752)
Central	144,299		-		5,400		-		(138,899)
Operation of non-instructional services:									
Other non-instructional services	15,000		-		22,271		-		7,271
Food service operations	483,713		215,474		248,725		-		(19,514)
Extracurricular activities	608,727		139,338		-		-		(469,389)
Interest and fiscal charges	 329,440		-		-		-		(329,440)
Total governmental activities	\$ 14,132,239	\$	469,010	\$	1,250,053	\$	1,933		(12,411,243)

#### General revenues:

Net position (deficit) at end of year	\$ (642,188)
Net position (deficit) at beginning of year (restated) .	 (283,183)
Change in net position	(359,005)
Total general revenues	 12,052,238
Miscellaneous	 29,092
Investment earnings	77,805
to specific programs	4,639,497
General purposes	2,066,502
Income taxes levied for:	2 0 4 4 5 0 2
Special revenue	91,085
Capital outlay.	581,622
Debt service.	349,010
General purposes	4,217,625
Property taxes levied for:	

#### BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

Assets:		General			Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds		
and cash equivalents.       \$ 3,328,258       \$ 1,584,415       \$ 4,912,673         Receivables:       Property taxes.       4,212,589       1,071,774       5,284,363         Income taxes.       77,830       -       77,830         Intergrovermmental.       8,384       110,005       118,389         Prepayments.       18,140       1,126       19,266         Materials and supplies inventory.       -       2,777       2,777         Inventory held for resale.       -       5,328       5,328         Total assets       \$ 8,429,873       \$ 2,775,425       \$ 11,205,298         Compensated absences payable       25,337       -       25,337         Compensated absences payable       19,020       733       19,753         Persoin and postemployment benefits payable       19,020       733       19,753         Persoin and postemployment benefits payable       -       77,830       77,830         Intergovernmental payable       -       77,830       74,802         Intergovernmental payable       -       77,830       74,803         Intergovernmental payable       -       77,830       74,8145         Delinguent property tax revenue not available.       -       77,830       71,155	Assets:								
Receivables:       4.212.589       1,071,774       5.284,363         Income taxes       77,830       -       77,830         Intergovernmental       8.384       110,005       118,389         Prepayments.       18,140       1,126       19,266         Materials and supplies inventory.       -       5,328       5,328         Total assets       \$       8,429,873       \$       2,777       2,777         Intergovernmental       \$       20,755       \$       624       \$       21,379         Accrued wages and benefits payable       \$       20,755       \$       624       \$       21,379         Accrued wages and benefits payable       19,020       733       19,753       Pension and postemployment benefits payable       13,0955       12,501       149,456         Definemental revenue not available       77,830       77,830       77,830       77,830       71,830         Total liabilities       -       77,830       71,830       71,830       71,830       71,830       71,830       71,830       71,830       71,830       71,830       71,830       71,830       71,830       71,830       71,830       71,830       71,830       71,830       71,830       71,830       7	Equity in pooled cash								
Property taxes         4.212.589         1.071,774         5.284,363           Income taxes         77,830         77,830         77,830           Intergovernmental         8,384         110,005         118,389           Prepayments         11,126         19,266           Materials and supplies inventory.         -         5,328         5,328           Total assets         \$         8,429,873         \$         2,775,425         \$         11,205,298           Liabilities:         -         -         5,328         5,337         -         25,337           Compensated absences payable         25,337         -         25,337         -         25,337           Interfund loans payable         19,020         733         19,753         Pension and postemployment benefits payable         136,955         12,501         149,456           Interfund loans payable         -         77,830         77,830         77,830           Total liabilities         -         -         77,830         77,830           Interfund loans payable         -         136,955         12,501         149,456           Interfund loans payable         -         2,581         -         2,581           Probler ty taxes lev	-	\$	3,328,258	\$	1,584,415	\$	4,912,673		
Income taxes.       784.672       77.830       77.830         Intergovernmental.       77.830       77.830       77.830         Intergovernmental.       18.140       1.126       19.266         Materials and supplies inventory.       2.777       2.777       2.777         Inventory held for resale.       5       8.429.873       5       2.775.425       \$       11.205.298         Liabilities:       3       8.00.224       51.709       941.933       25.337       25.337       25.337         Accounts payable       136.955       12.501       149.456       149.456       14.453.997       1.235.688         Deferred inflows of resources:       77.830       77.830       77.830       77.830       77.830         Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year.       3.811.616       969.829       4.781.445         Delinquent property tax revenue not available.       279.963       71.155       351.118         Incergovernmental revenue not available.       2.777       2.777       2.777         Property taxes leviced for the next fiscal year.       3.811.616       969.829       4.781.445         Delinquent property tax revenue not available.       279.963       71.155       351.118         Incergovernmental revenue not			4.212.589		1.071.774		5.284.363		
$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$			, ,		-,		· · ·		
Intergovernmental.       8.384       110,005       118,389         Prepayments.       18,140       1,126       19,266         Materials and supplies inventory.       -       2,777       2,777         Inventory held for resale.       -       5,328       5,328         Cotal assets       \$       8,429,873       \$       2,775,425       \$       11,205,298         Liabilities:       Accounts payable       \$       20,755       \$       624       \$       21,379         Accrued wages and benefits payable       25,337       -       25,337       -       25,337         Intergovernmental payable       136,955       12,501       149,456         Interfund loans payable       -       77,830       77,830         Total liabilities.       1,092,291       143,397       1,225,688         Deferred inflows of resources:       -       77,830       77,830         Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year.       3,811,616       969,829       4,781,445         Deliquent property tax revenue not available.       198,440       -       198,440         Intergovernmental revenue not available.       2,581       -       2,581         Total deferred inflows of resources.       4,292,600					-				
Prepayments.       18,140       1,126       19,266         Materials and supplies inventory.       2,777       2,777         Inventory held for resale.       5,328       5,328         Total assets       \$ 8,429,873       \$ 2,775,425       \$ 11,205,298         Liabilities:       Accounts payable       890,224       51,709       941,933         Compensated absences payable       25,337       25,337       25,333         Intergovernmental payable       19,020       733       19,753         Pension and postemployment benefits payable       136,955       12,501       149,456         Interfund loans payable       1,092,291       143,397       1,235,688         Deferred inflows of resources:       77,830       77,830       77,830         Property taxes leviced for the next fiscal year       3,811,616       969,829       4,781,445         Delinquent property tax revenue not available       2,581       2,581       2,581         Total deferred inflows of resources       4,292,600       1,040,984       5,333,584         Fund balances:       18,140       1,126       19,266         Nonspendable:       2,777       2,777       2,777         Propendis       18,140       1,126       19,266     <			,		110,005		· · ·		
Inventory held for resale.       -       5.328       5.328         Total assets       \$ 8,429,873       \$ 2,775,425       \$ 11,205,298         Liabilities:       Accounts payable       \$ 20,755       \$ 624       \$ 21,379         Accrued wages and benefits payable $890,224$ $51,709$ 941,933         Compensated absences payable $25,337$ - $25,337$ Intergrovernmental payable $19,020$ $733$ $19,753$ Pension and postemployment benefits payable $16,955$ $12,501$ $149,456$ Interfund loans payable $1,092,291$ $143,397$ $1,235,688$ Deferred inflows of resources:       - $77,830$ $77,830$ Property taxes levice for the next fiscal year. $3,811,616$ $969,829$ $4,781,445$ Delinquett property tax verue not available. $279,963$ $71,155$ $531,118$ Income tax revenue not available. $2,581$ - $2,581$ Total deferred inflows of resources $4,292,600$ $1,040,984$ $5,333,584$ Fund balances:       - $2,777$ $2,777$ $2,777$ Nonspendable:       -       2,277 $2$	Prepayments.		18,140		1,126		19,266		
Total assets       §       8,429,873       §       2,775,425       §       11,205,298         Liabilities:       Accounds payable       \$       20,755       \$       624       \$       21,379         Accound wages and benefits payable       25,337       -       25,337       -       25,337         Dension and postemployment benefits payable       19,020       733       19,753         Pension and postemployment benefits payable       -       77,830       77,830         Total liabilities.       -       77,830       77,830         Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year.       3,811,616       969,829       4,781,445         Delinquent property taxe revenue not available.       279,963       71,155       351,118         Intergovernmental revenue not available.       2,581       -       2,581         Total deferred inflows of resources.       -       1040,984       5,333,584         Fund balances:       -       -       2,777       2,777         Nanspendable:       -       -       2,277       2,777         Materials and supplies inventory.       -       2,277       2,777       2,777         Other purposes.       -       31,140       1,126       19,266 <td>Materials and supplies inventory</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>2,777</td> <td></td> <td>2,777</td>	Materials and supplies inventory		-		2,777		2,777		
Liabilities:         S         20,755         S         624         S         21,379           Accrued wages and benefits payable         25,337         -         25,337         -         25,337           Intergovernmental payable         19,020         733         19,753         149,456           Interfund loans payable         -         -         77,830         77,830           Total liabilities         -         -         77,830         77,830           Total liabilities         -         -         77,830         77,830           Deferred inflows of resources:         -         -         77,830         77,830           Property taxes leviced for the next fiscal year.         -         3,811,616         969,829         4,781,445           Delinquent property tax revenue not available.         279,963         71,155         351,118           Income tax revenue not available         2,581         -         2,581           Total deferred inflows of resources         -         2,581         -         2,581           Fund balances:         Nonspendable:         -         1,040,984         5,333,584           Fund balances:         -         -         2,777         2,777           Prepaids <td>Inventory held for resale.</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>5,328</td> <td></td> <td>5,328</td>	Inventory held for resale.		-		5,328		5,328		
Accounts payable       \$ $20,755$ \$ $624$ \$ $21,379$ Accrued wages and benefits payable       25,337       -       25,337       -       25,337         Intergovernmental payable       19,020       733       19,753       Pension and postemployment benefits payable       136,955       12,501       149,456         Interfund loans payable       -       -       77,830       77,830       77,830         Total liabilities       -       -       77,830       77,830       77,830         Deferred inflows of resources:       -       -       -       77,830       77,830       71,155       351,118         Income tax revenue not available       .       .       .       279,963       71,155       351,118         Income tax revenue not available       .       .       .       2,581       -       2,581         Total deferred inflows of resources       .<	Total assets	\$	8,429,873	\$	2,775,425	\$	11,205,298		
Accrued wages and benefits payable $890,224$ $51,709$ $941,933$ Compensated absences payable $25,337$ - $25,337$ Intergovernmental payable $19,020$ $733$ $19,753$ Pension and postemployment benefits payable $136,955$ $12,501$ $149,456$ Interfund loans payable $1,092,291$ $143,397$ $1,235,688$ Deferred inflows of resources: $-77,830$ $77,830$ Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year. $3,811,616$ $969,829$ $4,781,445$ Delinquent property tax revenue not available. $279,963$ $71,155$ $351,118$ Intergovernmental revenue not available. $2,581$ $-2,281$ $-2,581$ Total deferred inflows of resources $4,292,600$ $1,040,984$ $5,333,584$ Fund balances: $8,140$ $1,126$ $19,266$ Restricted: $-2,777$ $2,777$ $2,777$ Debt service operations $-14,687$ $14,687$ Targeted academic assistance $-2,277$ $2,277$ $2,277$ Other purposes $-53,307$ $55,307$ $55,307$ S		<u>_</u>		<u>_</u>	(0)	<i>•</i>	<b>21 25</b> 0		
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		\$	20,755	\$	624	\$	·		
Intergovernmental payable       19,020       733       19,753         Pension and postemployment benefits payable       136,955       12,501       149,456         Interfund loans payable       -       77,830       77,830         Total liabilities       -       77,830       77,830         Total liabilities       -       77,830       77,830         Property tax revenue not available       279,963       71,155       351,118         Income tax revenue not available       279,963       71,155       351,118         Income tax revenue not available       2,581       -       2,581         Total deferred inflows of resources       4,292,600       1,040,984       5,333,584         Fund balances:       -       2,777       2,777         Nonspendable:       -       2,277       2,777         Prepaids       -       14,687       14,687         Food service operations       -       470,687       470,687         Food service operations       -       3,71,74       37,174         Targeted academic assistance       -       2,277       2,277         Other purposes       -       55,307       55,307         Committed:       -       249,971 <td< td=""><td>Accrued wages and benefits payable</td><td></td><td>890,224</td><td></td><td>51,709</td><td></td><td>941,933</td></td<>	Accrued wages and benefits payable		890,224		51,709		941,933		
Pension and postemployment benefits payable . $136,955$ $12,501$ $149,456$ Interfund loans payable.       - $77,830$ $77,830$ Total liabilities. $1,092,291$ $143,397$ $1.235,688$ Deferred inflows of resources:         Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year. $3,811,616$ $969,829$ $4,781,445$ Delinquent property tax revenue not available. $279,963$ $71,155$ $351,118$ Income tax revenue not available. $2,581$ - $2,581$ Total deferred inflows of resources. $4,292,600$ $1,040,984$ $5,333,584$ Fund balances:         Nonspendable: $4,292,600$ $1,040,984$ $5,333,584$ Fund balances:         Materials and supplies inventory.       - $2,777$ $2,777$ Prote prizes.       - $510,430$ $510,430$ Classroom facilities maintenance       - $470,687$ $470,687$ Targeted academic assistance       - $2,277$ $2,277$ $2,277$ Other purposes.       - $53,307$ $55,307$ $55,307$ $55,307$	Compensated absences payable		25,337		-		25,337		
Pension and postemployment benefits payable . $136,955$ $12,501$ $149,456$ Interfund loans payable.       - $77,830$ $77,830$ Total liabilities. $1,092,291$ $143,397$ $1.235,688$ Deferred inflows of resources:         Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year. $3,811,616$ $969,829$ $4,781,445$ Delinquent property tax revenue not available. $279,963$ $71,155$ $351,118$ Income tax revenue not available. $2,581$ - $2,581$ Total deferred inflows of resources. $4,292,600$ $1,040,984$ $5,333,584$ Fund balances:         Nonspendable: $4,292,600$ $1,040,984$ $5,333,584$ Fund balances:         Materials and supplies inventory.       - $2,777$ $2,777$ Prote prizes.       - $510,430$ $510,430$ Classroom facilities maintenance       - $470,687$ $470,687$ Targeted academic assistance       - $2,277$ $2,277$ $2,277$ Other purposes.       - $53,307$ $55,307$ $55,307$ $55,307$	Intergovernmental payable		19,020		733		19,753		
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $					12,501		149.456		
Total liabilities       1,092,291       143,397       1,235,688         Deferred inflows of resources:         Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year.       3,811,616       969,829       4,781,445         Delinquent property tax revenue not available.       279,963       71,155       351,118         Income tax revenue not available.       198,440       198,440       198,440         Intergovernmental revenue not available.       2,581       2,581       2,581         Total deferred inflows of resources       4,292,600       1,040,984       5,333,584         Fund balances:       Nonspendable:       4,292,600       1,040,984       5,333,584         Subsequent factorizes       18,140       1,126       19,266         Restricted:       2,777       2,777       2,777         Debt service operations       -       510,430       510,430         Classroom facilities maintenance       -       470,687       470,687         Food service operations       -       14,687       14,687         Targeted academic assistance       -       2,277       2,277         Other purposes       -       55,307       55,307         Committed:       -       55,307       55,307         <					<i>.</i>		·		
Deferred inflows of resources: $3,811,616$ $969,829$ $4,781,445$ Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year. $3,811,616$ $969,829$ $4,781,445$ Delinquent property tax revenue not available. $279,963$ $71,155$ $351,118$ Income tax revenue not available. $2,581$ - $2,581$ Total deferred inflows of resources $2,581$ - $2,581$ Total deferred inflows of resources $4,292,600$ $1,040,984$ $5,333,584$ Fund balances:         Nonspendable:         - $2,777$ $2,777$ Nonspendable:         - $2,777$ $2,777$ $2,777$ Prepaids         - $2,717$ $2,777$ $2,777$ Prepaids         - $470,687$ $470,687$ Food service operations         - $14,687$ $14,687$ Targeted academic assistance         - $2,277$ $2,277$ Other purposes         - $55,307$ $55,307$ Committed:         - $55,307$ $55,307$ Committed:         -			1 092 291				,		
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year. $3,811,616$ $969,829$ $4,781,445$ Delinquent property tax revenue not available. $279,963$ $71,155$ $351,118$ Income tax revenue not available. $198,440$ $ 198,440$ Intergovernmental revenue not available. $2,581$ $ 2,581$ Total deferred inflows of resources $4,292,600$ $1,040,984$ $5,333,584$ Fund balances:Nonspendable:Materials and supplies inventory. $ 2,777$ $2,777$ Prepaids. $ 510,430$ $510,430$ Classroom facilities maintenance $ 470,687$ $470,687$ Food service operations $ 14,687$ $14,687$ Targeted academic assistance $ 2,277$ $2,277$ Other purposes. $ 55,307$ $55,307$ Committed: $ 68,119$ $68,119$ Student instruction $112,709$ $ 112,709$ Student instruction $112,709$ $ 112,709$ Student instruction $112,709$ $ 112,709$ Other purposes. $4,907$ $ 4,907$ Unassigned (deficit) $1,514,165$ $(33,302)$ $1,480,863$ Total fund balances $3,044,982$ $1,591,044$ $4,636,026$			1,072,271		115,577		1,235,000		
Delinquent property tax revenue not available.       279,963       71,155 $351,118$ Income tax revenue not available.       198,440       -       198,440         Intergovernmental revenue not available.       2,581       -       2,581         Total deferred inflows of resources       4,292,600       1,040,984       5,333,584         Fund balances:       Nonspendable:       -       2,777       2,777         Materials and supplies inventory.       -       2,777       2,777       2,777         Prepaids.       -       510,430       510,430       510,430         Classroom facilities maintenance       -       470,687       470,687       14,687         Food service operations       -       14,687       14,687       14,687         Targeted academic assistance       -       2,277       2,277       0,277         Other purposes       -       37,174       37,174       37,174         Student wellness and success       -       55,307       55,307         Committed:       -       461,762       461,762         Assigned:       -       112,709       -       112,709         Student instruction       112,709       -       112,709         <									
Income tax revenue not available198,440-198,440Intergovernmental revenue not available2,581-2,581Total deferred inflows of resources4,292,6001,040,9845,333,584Fund balances:Materials and supplies inventory2,7772,777Prepaids2,7772,777Prepaids510,430510,430Classroom facilities maintenance-470,687470,687Food service operations-14,68714,687Targeted academic assistance-2,2772,277Other purposes-37,17437,174Extracurricular-68,11968,119Student wellness and success-55,30755,307Committed:-461,762461,762Assigned:-112,709-112,709Student instruction112,709-1,279Student and staff support249,971-249,971Subsequent year's appropriations1,145,090-1,145,090Other purposes4,907-4,907Unassigned (deficit)1,514,165(33,302)1,480,863Total fund balances3,044,9821,591,0444,636,026							· · ·		
Intergovernmental revenue not available. $2,581$ - $2,581$ Total deferred inflows of resources $4,292,600$ $1,040,984$ $5,333,584$ Fund balances:       - $2,777$ $2,777$ $2,777$ Nonspendable:       - $2,777$ $2,777$ $2,777$ Prepaids.       - $2,777$ $2,777$ $2,777$ Prepaids.       - $510,430$ $510,430$ $510,430$ Classroom facilities maintenance       - $470,687$ $470,687$ Food service operations       - $14,687$ $14,687$ Targeted academic assistance       - $2,277$ $2,277$ Other purposes.       - $37,174$ $37,174$ Extracurricular.       - $68,119$ $68,119$ Student wellness and success.       - $55,307$ $55,307$ Committed:       - $461,762$ $461,762$ Assigned:       - $112,709$ - $112,709$ Student instruction       112,709       - $1,145,090$ - $1,145,090$ Other purposes.       -			<i>,</i>		71,155				
Total deferred inflows of resources $4,292,600$ $1,040,984$ $5,333,584$ Fund balances: Materials and supplies inventory. $ 2,777$ $2,777$ Prepaids. $ 2,777$ $2,777$ Prepaids. $ 2,777$ $2,777$ Prepaids. $ 2,777$ $2,777$ Prepaids. $ 2,104$ $1,126$ Bestricted: $ 510,430$ $510,430$ Classroom facilities maintenance $ 470,687$ $470,687$ Food service operations $ 14,687$ $14,687$ Targeted academic assistance $ 2,277$ $2,277$ Other purposes. $ 37,174$ $37,174$ Extracurricular. $ 68,119$ $68,119$ Student wellness and success. $ 55,307$ $55,307$ Committed: $ 461,762$ $461,762$ Assigned: $ 49,971$ $ 249,971$ Student instruction $112,709$ $ 1,145,090$ Other purposes. $ 4,907$ $ 4,907$ Unassigned (deficit) $ 1,514,165$ $(33,302)$ $1,480,863$ Total fund balances $3,044,982$ $1,591,044$ $4,636,026$			,		-		· · · · ·		
Fund balances:         Nonspendable:         Materials and supplies inventory.       -       2,777       2,777         Prepaids.       18,140       1,126       19,266         Restricted:       -       510,430       510,430         Debt service .       -       470,687       470,687         Food service operations       -       14,687       14,687         Targeted academic assistance       -       2,277       2,277         Other purposes.       -       37,174       37,174         Extracurricular.       -       68,119       68,119         Student wellness and success.       -       55,307       55,307         Committed:       -       461,762       461,762         Assigned:       -       112,709       -       112,709         Student and staff support.       249,971       -       249,971         Subsequent year's appropriations       1,145,090       -       1,145,090         Other purposes.       -       4,907       -       4,907         Jubsequent year's appropriations       1,514,165       (33,302)       1,480,863         Total fund balances       3,044,982       1,591,044       4,636,026 <td>e</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td>	e				-				
Nonspendable:-2,7772,777Materials and supplies inventory2,7772,777Prepaids.18,1401,12619,266Restricted:510,430510,430Classroom facilities maintenance-470,687470,687Food service operations14,68714,687Targeted academic assistance-2,2772,277Other purposes37,17437,174Extracurricular68,11968,119Student wellness and success55,30755,307Committed:-461,762461,762Assigned:-112,709-112,709Student and staff support.249,971-249,971Subsequent year's appropriations1,145,090-1,145,090Other purposes4,907-4,907Unassigned (deficit).1,514,165(33,302)1,480,863Total fund balances3,044,9821,591,0444,636,026	Total deferred inflows of resources		4,292,600		1,040,984		3,333,384		
Materials and supplies inventory2,7772,777Prepaids.18,1401,12619,266Restricted:-510,430510,430Debt service-510,430510,430Classroom facilities maintenance-470,687470,687Food service operations-14,68714,687Targeted academic assistance-2,2772,277Other purposes37,17437,174Extracurricular68,11968,119Student wellness and success55,30755,307Committed:-461,762461,762Assigned:-112,709-112,709Student and staff support.249,971-249,971Subsequent year's appropriations1,145,090-1,145,090Other purposes4,907-4,907Unassigned (deficit)1,514,165(33,302)1,480,863Total fund balances3,044,9821,591,0444,636,026	Fund balances:								
Prepaids.18,1401,12619,266Restricted: $ 510,430$ $510,430$ Debt service $ 470,687$ $470,687$ Food service operations $ 14,687$ $14,687$ Targeted academic assistance $ 2,277$ $2,277$ Other purposes $ 37,174$ $37,174$ Extracurricular $ 68,119$ $68,119$ Student wellness and success $ 55,307$ $55,307$ Committed: $ 461,762$ $461,762$ Assigned: $112,709$ $ 112,709$ Student instruction $112,709$ $ 112,709$ Student ad staff support $249,971$ $ 249,971$ Subsequent year's appropriations $1,145,090$ $ 4,907$ Unassigned (deficit) $1,514,165$ $(33,302)$ $1,480,863$ Total fund balances $3,044,982$ $1,591,044$ $4,636,026$	1								
Restricted:       -       510,430       510,430         Debt service .       -       470,687       470,687         Food service operations .       -       14,687       14,687         Targeted academic assistance .       -       2,277       2,277         Other purposes.       -       37,174       37,174         Extracurricular.       -       68,119       68,119         Student wellness and success.       -       55,307       55,307         Committed:       -       461,762       461,762         Assigned:       -       112,709       -       112,709         Student instruction .       112,709       -       112,709         Student and staff support.       249,971       -       249,971         Subsequent year's appropriations       1,145,090       -       1,145,090         Other purposes.       -       4,907       -       4,907         Unassigned (deficit)       -       1,514,165       (33,302)       1,480,863         Total fund balances       -       3,044,982       1,591,044       4,636,026			-		2,777		· · ·		
Debt service- $510,430$ $510,430$ Classroom facilities maintenance- $470,687$ $470,687$ Food service operations-14,68714,687Targeted academic assistance-2,2772,277Other purposes-37,17437,174Extracurricular-68,11968,119Student wellness and success-55,30755,307Committed:-461,762461,762Capital improvements-249,971-249,971Student instruction112,709-112,709Student and staff support249,971-249,971Subsequent year's appropriations1,145,090-1,145,090Other purposes-4,907-4,907Unassigned (deficit)1,514,165(33,302)1,480,863Total fund balances3,044,9821,591,0444,636,026	1		18,140		1,126		19,266		
Classroom facilities maintenance- $470,687$ $470,687$ Food service operations-14,68714,687Targeted academic assistance-2,2772,277Other purposes-37,17437,174Extracurricular-68,11968,119Student wellness and success-55,30755,307Committed:-461,762461,762Assigned:-112,709-112,709Student instruction112,709-112,709Student and staff support249,971-249,971Subsequent year's appropriations1,145,090-1,145,090Other purposes4,907-4,907Unassigned (deficit)1,514,165(33,302)1,480,863Total fund balances3,044,9821,591,0444,636,026			-		510.430		510.430		
Food service operations			-				,		
Targeted academic assistance- $2,277$ $2,277$ Other purposes $37,174$ $37,174$ Extracurricular $68,119$ $68,119$ Student wellness and success $55,307$ $55,307$ Committed:- $461,762$ $461,762$ Capital improvements $461,762$ $461,762$ Assigned:- $112,709$ - $112,709$ Student instruction.112,709- $112,709$ Student and staff support. $249,971$ - $249,971$ Subsequent year's appropriations1,145,090- $1,145,090$ Other purposes.4,907- $4,907$ Unassigned (deficit).1,514,165 $(33,302)$ $1,480,863$ Total fund balances $3,044,982$ $1,591,044$ $4,636,026$			-		,		,		
Other purposes.       -       37,174       37,174         Extracurricular.       -       68,119       68,119         Student wellness and success.       -       55,307       55,307         Committed:       -       461,762       461,762         Capital improvements.       -       -       461,762       461,762         Assigned:       -       112,709       -       112,709         Student instruction.       112,709       -       112,709         Student and staff support.       249,971       -       249,971         Subsequent year's appropriations       1,145,090       -       1,145,090         Other purposes.       4,907       -       4,907         Unassigned (deficit).       1,514,165       (33,302)       1,480,863         Total fund balances       3,044,982       1,591,044       4,636,026	-		-		,		,		
Extracurricular.       -       68,119       68,119         Student wellness and success.       -       55,307       55,307         Committed:       -       461,762       461,762         Capital improvements       -       -       461,762       461,762         Assigned:       -       112,709       -       112,709         Student instruction       .       249,971       -       249,971         Subsequent year's appropriations       .       1,145,090       -       1,145,090         Other purposes       4,907       -       4,907       -       4,907         Unassigned (deficit)       .       1,514,165       (33,302)       1,480,863         Total fund balances       .       3,044,982       1,591,044       4,636,026	-		-				,		
Student wellness and success.       -       55,307       55,307         Committed:       -       461,762       461,762         Capital improvements       -       461,762       461,762         Assigned:       -       112,709       -       112,709         Student instruction       .       249,971       -       249,971         Subsequent year's appropriations       .       1,145,090       -       1,145,090         Other purposes       4,907       -       4,907       -       4,907         Unassigned (deficit)       .       1,514,165       (33,302)       1,480,863         Total fund balances       .       3,044,982       1,591,044       4,636,026			-				68,119		
Committed:       -       461,762       461,762         Capital improvements			-		,		,		
Capital improvements       -       461,762       461,762         Assigned:       112,709       -       112,709         Student instruction       112,709       -       112,709         Student and staff support.       249,971       -       249,971         Subsequent year's appropriations       1,145,090       -       1,145,090         Other purposes.       4,907       -       4,907         Unassigned (deficit)       1,514,165       (33,302)       1,480,863         Total fund balances       3,044,982       1,591,044       4,636,026	Committed:				,		,		
Student instruction       112,709       -       112,709         Student and staff support.       249,971       -       249,971         Subsequent year's appropriations       1,145,090       -       1,145,090         Other purposes.       4,907       -       4,907         Unassigned (deficit)       1,514,165       (33,302)       1,480,863         Total fund balances       3,044,982       1,591,044       4,636,026	Capital improvements		-		461,762		461,762		
Student and staff support.       249,971       -       249,971         Subsequent year's appropriations       1,145,090       -       1,145,090         Other purposes.       4,907       -       4,907         Unassigned (deficit)       1,514,165       (33,302)       1,480,863         Total fund balances       3,044,982       1,591,044       4,636,026	•		112 700				112 700		
Subsequent year's appropriations       1,145,090       -       1,145,090         Other purposes       4,907       -       4,907         Unassigned (deficit)       1,514,165       (33,302)       1,480,863         Total fund balances       3,044,982       1,591,044       4,636,026			,		-		· · ·		
Other purposes.       4,907       -       4,907         Unassigned (deficit).       1,514,165       (33,302)       1,480,863         Total fund balances       3,044,982       1,591,044       4,636,026	•••		,		-				
Unassigned (deficit)         1,514,165         (33,302)         1,480,863           Total fund balances         3,044,982         1,591,044         4,636,026							, ,		
Total fund balances         3,044,982         1,591,044         4,636,026					(33,302)		,		
			3,044,982		1,591,044		4,636,026		
	Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	s \$		\$		\$			

#### RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2020

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 4,636,026
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the		
statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial		
resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		15,750,576
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-		
period expenditures and therefore are deferred inflows in the funds.		
Property taxes receivable	\$ 351,118	
Income taxes receivable	198,440	
Intergovernmental receivable	2,581	
Total		552,139
Unamortized premiums on bonds issued are not		
recognized in the funds.		(325,741)
Unamortized amounts on refundings are not recognized in		
the funds.		218,056
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the		
current period and therefore is not reported in the funds.		(42,327)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and		
payable in the current period and therefore are not reported		
in the funds.		
General obligation bonds	(6,343,610)	
Lease-purchase agreement obligations payable	(1,935,000)	
Capital lease	(12,161)	
Compensated absences	(1,149,402)	
Total		(9,440,173)
The net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period;		
therefore, the liability and related deferred inflows/outflows are not repor	ted	
in governmental funds.		
Deferred outflows - pension	2,253,680	
Deferred inflows - pension	(843,833)	
Net pension liability	(12,057,028)	
Total		(10,647,181)
The net OPEB liability/asset is not due and payable in the current period;		
therefore, the liability/asset and related deferred inflows/outflows are not	reported	
in governmental funds.		
Deferred outflows - OPEB	205,926	
Deferred inflows - OPEB	(1,241,597)	
Net OPEB asset	723,695	
Net OPEB liability	(1,031,587)	(1 242 562)
Total		 (1,343,563)
Net position (deficit) of governmental activities		\$ (642,188)

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		General	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Go	Total vernmental Funds
Revenues:						
From local sources:						
Property taxes	\$	4,206,034	\$	1,018,728	\$	5,224,762
	Ψ	2,014,717	Ψ		Ψ	2,014,717
Tuition		30,380		-		30,380
Earnings on investments		77,805		330		78,135
Charges for services				140,266		140,266
Extracurricular.		9,638		205,836		215,474
Classroom materials and fees		17,461		205,050		17,461
Rental income		1,000				1,000
Contributions and donations		28,345		9,136		37,481
Contract services.		,		9,150		,
Other local revenues		63,822		190		63,822 1,544
		1,354				,
Intergovernmental - intermediate		-		18,613		18,613
Intergovernmental - state		4,786,051		294,938		5,080,989
Intergovernmental - federal		112,218		682,658		794,876
Total revenues		11,348,825		2,370,695		13,719,520
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction:				100 500		
Regular		5,654,645		190,703		5,845,348
Special		1,064,080		176,348		1,240,428
Vocational		114,606		-		114,606
Other		21,515		72,041		93,556
Support services:						
Pupil		439,592		140,775		580,367
Instructional staff		353,387		13,274		366,661
Board of education		22,680		-		22,680
Administration		1,008,267		398		1,008,665
Fiscal		435,250		18,353		453,603
Business		357		-		357
Operations and maintenance		1,138,174		121,586		1,259,760
Pupil transportation		420,507		178,049		598,556
		133,282		5,400		138,682
Operation of non-instructional services:				-,		
Other non-instructional services		-		15,000		15,000
Food service operations.		_		459,424		459,424
Extracurricular activities		281,637		211,465		493,102
Facilities acquisition and construction.		10,640		211,405		10,640
Debt service:		10,040		-		10,040
		2.679		264 219		266 807
Principal retirement.		)		264,218		266,897
Interest and fiscal charges		682		282,603		283,285
Accretion on capital appreciation bonds		-		55,782		55,782
Total expenditures		11,101,980		2,205,419		13,307,399
Excess of revenues over exependitures		246,845		165,276		412,121
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in.		-		122,820		122,820
Transfers (out)		(120,000)		(2,820)		(122,820)
Capital lease transaction		14,840		(_,0_0)		14,840
Total other financing sources (uses)		(105,160)	_	120,000		14,840
Net change in fund balances		141,685		285,276		426,961
Fund halances at heginning of year (restated)		2 903 207		1 305 768		4 200 065
Fund balances at beginning of year (restated).	¢	2,903,297	¢	1,305,768	¢	4,209,065
Fund balances at end of year	\$	3,044,982	\$	1,591,044	\$	4,636,026

#### RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Amounts reported for general activities in the statement of activities or different because:       General funds report capital outlays as expenditures.         However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estatement of activities as depreciation expense.       Second Secon	Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	426,961
However, in the statement of activities, the coar of those as a depreciation expense. Capital asset is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Capital asset and the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Property taxes 14,580 1,785				
Current year depreciation       (672,647)         Total       (465,393)         Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.       14,580         Property taxes       14,580         Income taxes       51,785         Is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position.       9,218         Bonds - current interest and cighial appreciation       9,218         Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds       257,679         Total       257,679         Issuance of capital leases are recorded as other financing sources in the funds; however, in the statement of activities, therest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. The following items resulted in additional interest being reported in the statement of activities:       121         Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds       (46,761)         Amortization of defered charges       (10,620)         Total       (11,103         Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are	However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as			
eurent financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Property taxes 14,580 Intergovernmental (12,651) Total 53,714 Repayment of general obligation bonds and lease-purchase agreement principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position. Bonds - current interest and capital appreciation 9,218 Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds 55,782 Capital leases are recorded as other financing sources in the funds; however, in the statement of activities, they are not reported as other financing sources as they increase liabilities on the statement of net position. Capital leases (14,840) In the statement of activities, they are not reported as other financing sources as they increase liabilities on the statement of net position. Capital leases (14,840) In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. The following items resulted in additional interest being reported in the statement of activities, Change in accrued interest payable (12) Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds (46,761) Amortization of bond premiums (11,105) Amortization of deferred charges (10,620) Total (46,155) Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (137,166) Contractually required OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds, however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows. (137,166) Contractually required OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of activities, (1,642,778) Contractually required OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of activities, (1,642,778) Contractually required OPEB contributions are re	Current year depreciation	\$ -	-	(465,393)
Property taxes       14,580         Income taxes       51,785         Intergovernmental       (12,651)         Total       53,714         Repayment of general obligation bonds and lease-purchase agreement principal       is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term         Isabilities on the statement of net position.       9,218         Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds       55,782         Capital leases       257,679         Total       322,679         Issuance of capital leases are recorded as other financing sources in the funds; however, in the statement of activities, they are not reported as other financing sources as they increase liabilities on the statement of net position.       (14,840)         In the statement of activities, interest expenditure is reported when due. The following items resulted in additional interest being reported interest payable       121         Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds       (46,761)         Amortization of bond premiums       11,105         Amortization of bond premiums       (13,1,166)         Contractually required pension contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds.       (14,2778)         Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, in governmental funds.       (14,2778)         Contractually required DPES contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds.       (1	current financial resources are not reported as revenues in			
Total     53,714       Repayment of general obligation bonds and lease-purchase agreement principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position.     9,218       Bonds - current interest and capital appreciation Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds     9,218       Capital leases     257,679       Total     322,679       Issuance of capital leases are recorded as other financing sources in the funds; however, in the statement of activities, they are not reported as other financing sources as they increase liabilities on the statement of net position. Capital leases     (14,840)       In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. The following items resulted in additional interest being reported in the statement of activities;     (14,840)       In the statement of activities;     121       Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds (46,761) Amortization of bond premiums (10,620)     (10,620)       Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds, however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows.     924,983       Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension liability are reported as ceptonei the statement of activities reports these amounts as deferred outflows.     19,908       Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows,	Property taxes Income taxes	51,785		
is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position. Bonds - current interest and capital appreciation bonds Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds Capital leases Total Journeau and the statement of activities, they are not reported as other financing sources as they increase liabilities on the statement of net position. Capital leases (14,840) In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. The following items resulted in additional interest being reported in the statement of activities, Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds (46,761) Accreted interest payable Total Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows. Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension liability are reported as pension expense in the statement of activities. (1,642,778) Contractually required OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of activities reports these amounts as deferred outflows. Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension liability are reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension liability are topeted as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension liability are topeted as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension liability/net OPEB liability asset are reported as except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflo	Total	 (12,031)	-	53,714
Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds       55,782         Capital leases       257,679         Total       322,679         Issuance of capital leases are recorded as other financing sources in the funds; however, in the statement of activities, they are not reported as other financing sources as they increase liabilities on the statement of net position. Capital leases       (14,840)         In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. The following items resulted in additional interest being reported in the statement of activities: Change in accrued interest payable       121         Accreted interest or apilal appreciation bonds       (46,761)         Amortization of bond premiums       11,105         Amortization of deferred charges       (10,620)         Total       (46,155)         Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.       (137,166)         Contractually required pension contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds, however, the statement of activities reports these amounts as deferred outflows.       924,983         Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension liability are reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension liability are reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension liability/net OPEB liability/asset ar	is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position.	9 2 1 8		
however, in the statement of activities, they are not reported as other       financing sources as they increase liabilities on the statement of net position.         Capital leases       (14,840)         In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds,       (14,840)         In the statement of activities, interest expenditure is reported       when due. The following items resulted in additional interest being         reported in the statement of activities:       121         Accreted interest no capital appreciation bonds       (46,761)         Amortization of bond premiums       11,105         Amortization of deferred charges       (10,620)         Total       (14,810)         Some expenses reported in the statement of activities,       (14,6,155)         Some expenses reported in the statement of activities,       (10,620)         Total       (137,166)         Contractually required pension contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds, however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows.       924,983         Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension liability are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of activities reports these amounts as deferred outflows.       19,008         Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension liability/net OPEB liability/asset are reported as expenditures in governmental funds;	Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds Capital leases	 55,782	-	322,679
whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported         when due. The following items resulted in additional interest being         reported in the statement of activities:         Change in accrued interest payable       121         Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds       (46,761)         Amortization of bond premiums       11,105         Amortization of deferred charges       (10,620)         Total       (46,155)         Some expenses reported in the statement of activities,       (137,166)         Contractually required pension contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows.       924,983         Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension liability are reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension liability/asset are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of activities reports these amounts as deferred outflows.       19,908         Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension liability/net OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of activities reports these amounts as deferred outflows.       19,908         Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension liability/asset are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of activities reports these amounts as deferred outflows.       19,908    <	however, in the statement of activities, they are not reported as other financing sources as they increase liabilities on the statement of net position.			(14,840)
Change in accrued interest payable       121         Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds       (46,761)         Amortization of bond premiums       11,105         Amortization of deferred charges       (10,620)         Total       (46,155)         Some expenses reported in the statement of activities,       (10,620)         such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current       (137,166)         Contractually required pension contributions are reported as expenditures in       governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts         as deferred outflows.       924,983         Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net       (1,642,778)         Contractually required OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in       governmental funds; however, the statement of activities reports these amounts         as deferred outflows.       19,908         Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net       19,908         Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net       19,908         Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net       19,908         Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net       19,908         Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net       199,082	whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. The following items resulted in additional interest being			
Total(46,155)Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.(137,166)Contractually required pension contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows.924,983Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension liability are reported as pension expense in the statement of activities.(1,642,778)Contractually required OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of activities reports these amounts as deferred outflows.19,908Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension liability/net OPEB liability/asset are reported as expendence as deferred as a deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension liability/net OPEB liability/asset are reported as pension expense in the statement of activities.19,908	Change in accrued interest payable Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds Amortization of bond premiums	(46,761) 11,105		
such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.(137,166)Contractually required pension contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows.924,983Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension liability are reported as pension expense in the statement of activities.(1,642,778)Contractually required OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of activities reports these amounts as deferred outflows.19,908Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension liability/net OPEB liability/asset are reported as pension liability/net OPEB liability/asset are reported as pension expense/OPEB expense in the statement of activities.19,908	Total	 (10,020)	-	(46,155)
Contractually required pension contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows.924,983Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension liability are reported as pension expense in the statement of activities.(1,642,778)Contractually required OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of activities reports these amounts as deferred outflows.19,908Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension liability/net OPEB liability/asset are reported as pension liability/net OPEB liability/asset are reported as pension expense in the statement of activities.19,908	such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures			(137 166)
Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension liability are reported as pension expense in the statement of activities.       (1,642,778)         Contractually required OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of activities reports these amounts as deferred outflows.       19,908         Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension liability/net OPEB liability/asset are reported as pension expense in the statement of activities.       199,082	Contractually required pension contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts			
governmental funds; however, the statement of activities reports these amounts as deferred outflows.19,908Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension liability/net OPEB liability/asset are reported as pension expense/OPEB expense in the statement of activities.19,002	Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net			
pension liability/net OPEB liability/asset are reported as         pension expense/OPEB expense in the statement of activities.         199,082	governmental funds; however, the statement of activities reports these amounts			19,908
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	pension liability/net OPEB liability/asset are reported as			199.082
			\$	

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts				Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive	
		Original		Final	 Actual	(	Negative)
Revenues:							
From local sources:							
Property taxes	\$	3,891,575	\$	3,891,575	\$ 4,139,606	\$	248,031
Income taxes.		2,190,000		2,190,000	2,325,521		135,521
Tuition		-		-	30,380		30,380
Earnings on investments		95,000		95,000	77,805		(17,195)
Classroom materials and fees		14,500		14,500	14,061		(439)
Rental income		950		950	1,000 2,100		50 2,100
Contract services.		6,000		6,000	63,822		57,822
Other local revenues		220		220	247		27
Intergovernmental - state		5,188,737		5,188,737	4,783,151		(405,586)
Intergovernmental - federal		64,000		64,000	150,750		86,750
Total revenues		11,450,982		11,450,982	 11,588,443		137,461
		11,100,902		11,100,202	 11,000,110		107,101
Expenditures: Current:							
Instruction:							
Regular		6,331,882		6,331,882	5,594,243		737,639
Special		1,170,403		1,170,403	1,166,234		4,169
Vocational.		145,288		145,288	114,844		30,444
Other		37,528		37,528	26,937		10,591
Support services:		57,520		57,520	20,997		10,091
Pupil		651,578		651,578	446,857		204,721
Instructional staff		386,566		386,566	346,456		40,110
Board of education		31,497		31,497	23,655		7,842
Administration.		1,494,144		1,494,144	1,065,726		428,418
Fiscal		499,223		499,223	477,071		22,152
Business		5,922		5,922	5,357		565
Operations and maintenance		1,328,772		1,328,772	1,229,453		99,319
Pupil transportation		546,676		546,676	506,639		40,037
Central		90,220		90,220	137,232		(47,012)
Extracurricular activities.		309,856		309,856	254,304		55,552
Facilities acquisition and construction		23,520		23,520	 4,200		19,320
Total expenditures		13,053,075		13,053,075	 11,399,208		1,653,867
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures		(1,602,093)		(1,602,093)	 189,235		1,791,328
Other financing sources (uses):							
Refund of prior year's expenditures		25,000		25,000	51,239		26,239
Refund of prior year's receipts.		(345)		(345)	(65,315)		(64,970)
Transfers (out).		(69,000)		(69,000)	(120,000)		(51,000)
Advances in.		7,090		7,090	7,090		-
Advances (out)		(8,153)		(8,153)	(77,830)		(69,677)
Sale of capital assets		-		-	500		500
Total other financing sources (uses)		(45,408)		(45,408)	 (204,316)		(158,908)
Net change in fund balance		(1,647,501)		(1,647,501)	(15,081)		1,632,420
Fund balance at beginning of year		2,845,342		2,845,342	2,845,342		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		94,443		94,443	94,443		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	1,292,284	\$	1,292,284	\$ 2,924,704	\$	1,632,420
-					 		

#### STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	Custodial
Assets: Equity in pooled cash	
and cash equivalents	\$ 16,403,186
Total assets	 16,403,186
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	2,624
Claims payable	 1,951,300
Total liabilities	 1,953,924
Net position:	
Restricted for individuals, organizations and other governments	 14,449,262
Total net position	\$ 14,449,262

## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Custodial
Additions:	
Earnings on investments	\$ 178,728
Extracurricular collections from OHSAA	11,638
Amounts received as fiscal agent	24,844,690
Total additions.	 25,035,056
Deductions:	
Extracurricular distributions to OHSAA	11,638
Distributions as fiscal agent	 22,493,891
Total deductions	 22,505,529
Change in net position	2,529,527
Net position at beginning of year (restated)	 11,919,735
Net position at end of year	\$ 14,449,262

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## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

## NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Springfield Local School District (the "District") is organized under Sections 2 and 3, Article VI of the Constitution of the State of Ohio to provide educational services to the students and other community members of the District. Under such laws, there is no authority for a school district to have a charter or adopt local laws. The legislative power of the District is vested in the Board of Education, consisting of five members elected at large for staggered four-year terms by the citizens of the District.

The District serves an area of approximately 36 square miles in Mahoning County, including all of the Village of New Middletown and portions of surrounding townships.

The District currently operates one elementary school, one middle school, and one comprehensive high school. The District is staffed by 73 certified and 38 classified personnel to provide services to approximately 1,050 students and other community members.

## **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The basic financial statements (BFS) of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

## A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>" and GASB Statement No. 61, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>: <u>Omnibus an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34</u>". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government and component units. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion by the primary government would render the primary government's financial statements incomplete or misleading. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government).

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District:

## JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

#### Area Cooperative Computerized Educational Service System

The Area Cooperative Computerized Educational Service System (ACCESS) is a jointly governed organization among twenty-six school districts and two county educational service centers. ACCESS was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to the administrative and instructional functions among member districts. Each of the governments of these member districts supports ACCESS based upon a per-pupil charge dependent upon the software package utilized. ACCESS is governed by a Board of Directors consisting of Superintendents of the member districts. The degree of control exercised by any member district is limited to its representation on the Board of Directors. The District does not have any equity interest in ACCESS. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the Treasurer at 493 Bev Road Unit 1, Boardman, Ohio 44512.

#### Mahoning County Career & Technical Center

The Mahoning County Career & Technical Center is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of representatives from the participating school districts' elected boards, which possess its own budgeting and taxing authority. To obtain financial information, write to the Treasurer of the Mahoning County Career & Technical Center, at 7300 North Palmyra Road, Canfield, Ohio 44406.

#### PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOL

#### Mahoning County School Employees Insurance Consortium

The Mahoning County School Employees Insurance Consortium is a shared risk pool comprised of thirteen Mahoning County School Districts. The Consortium is governed by an assembly which consists of one representative participating School District (usually the superintendent or a designee). The assembly elects officers for one year terms to serve as the Board of Directors. The assembly exercises controls over the operations of the Consortium. All Consortium revenues are generated from charges for services and remitted to the fiscal agent, Springfield Local School District. The fiscal agent will then remit the charges for services to Medical Mutual of Ohio (MMO), who acts in the capacity of a third-party administer (TPA) for claims processing.

## Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The District participates in a group rating plan for workers' compensation as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP) was established through the Ohio School Boards Association (OSBA) as a group purchasing pool.

The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three-member Board of Directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect, and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the GRP. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

#### B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to report its financial position and the results of its operations. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain District activities or functions. Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category is divided into separate fund types.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

## GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The following is the District's major governmental fund:

<u>General fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to an expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects; (b) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures related to debt service activities and for (c) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

## PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The District has no proprietary funds.

#### FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds and custodial funds. Trust funds are distinguished from custodial funds by the existence of a trust agreement or equivalent arrangements that have certain characteristics. Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in a trust fund. The District has two custodial funds to account for fiscal agent monies held on-behalf of the Mahoning County Insurance Consortium and monies collected on-behalf of and disbursed to the Ohio High School Athletic Association (OHSAA).

#### C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities of the District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

## NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net position.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and deferred outflows of resources and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Fiduciary funds present a statement of changes in fiduciary net position which reports additions to and deductions from custodial funds.

#### **D.** Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting on the fund financial statements. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

<u>Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions</u> - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, income taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6).

Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

## NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, income taxes, interest, tuition, grants, and student fees.

<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> - In addition to assets, the government-wide statement of net position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the District, see Notes 12 and 13 for deferred outflows of resources related the District's net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset, respectively.

In addition to liabilities, both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the District, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes and unavailable revenue. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2020, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2021 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow of resources on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the District unavailable revenue includes, but is not limited to, delinquent property taxes, income taxes, and intergovernmental grants. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available.

For the District, see Notes 12 and 13 for deferred inflows of resources related to the District's net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset, respectively. This deferred inflow of resources is only reported on the government-wide statement of net position.

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The entitlement value of donated commodities received during the year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances as an expenditure with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

#### E. Budgets

The District is required by State statute to adopt an annual appropriated cash basis budget for all funds. The specific timetable for fiscal year 2020 is as follows:

1. The Mahoning County Budget Commission voted to waive the requirement that school districts adopt a tax budget as required by Section 5705.28 of the Ohio Revised Code, by January 15<sup>th</sup> and the filing by January 20<sup>th</sup>.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

## NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

- 2. Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's certificate of estimated resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to July 1, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as a basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate of estimated resources is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year as reported by the District Treasurer. The certificate of estimated resources may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The budget figures, as shown in the accompanying budgetary statement, reflect the amounts set forth in the original and final amended official certificates of estimated resources issued for fiscal year 2020.
- 3. By July 1, the annual appropriation resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund level of expenditures, which is the legal level of budgetary control. State statute permits a temporary appropriation to be effective until no later than October 1 of each year. Appropriations by fund must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriation totals.
- 4. Any revisions that alter the total fund appropriations must be approved by the Board of Education.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds consistent with statutory provisions. All funds completed the year within the amount of their legally authorized cash basis appropriation.
- 6. Appropriation amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Education through the year by supplemental appropriations, which either reallocated or increased the original, appropriated amounts. All supplemental appropriations were legally enacted by the Board of Education prior to July 1, 2016. However, none of these amendments were significant. The budget figures, as shown in the accompanying budgetary statement, reflect the original and final appropriation amounts including all amendments and modifications.
- 7. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated. Expenditures plus encumbrances may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level.

#### F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled in a central bank account. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the basic financial statements.

During fiscal year 2020, the District invested in STAR Ohio. STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The District measures its investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

## NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

For fiscal year 2020, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$25 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$100 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$100 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Under existing Ohio statutes, all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. By policy of the Board of Education, investment earnings are assigned to the general fund. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2020 amounted to \$77,805, which includes \$25,449 assigned from other funds.

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District's investments at fiscal year-end is provided in Note 4.

#### G. Inventory

On government-wide and fund financial statements, purchased inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market and donated commodities are presented at their entitlement value. Inventories are recorded on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed/expended when used. Inventories are accounted for using the consumption method.

On the fund financial statements, reported materials and supplies inventory is equally offset by nonspendable fund balance in the governmental funds, which indicates that it does not constitute available spendable resources even though it is a component of net current assets.

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, donated food and purchased food.

#### H. Capital Assets

Governmental capital assets are those assets specifically related to governmental activities. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and deletions during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition value as of the date received. The District maintains its capitalization threshold at \$5,000. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. The District does not possess infrastructure.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

All reported capital assets except land are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental Activities
Description	Estimated Lives
Land improvements	5 - 20 years
Buildings and improvements	20 - 50 years
Equipment and furniture	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	5 - 10 years

#### I. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund loans receivable" and "interfund loans payable". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities' column on the statement of net position.

#### J. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and sick leave liability to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination (severance) payments. A liability for sick leave is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at June 30, 2020, by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future. For purposes of establishing a liability for sick leave on employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, all employees with at least ten years of service at any age were considered expected to become eligible to retire in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

The total liability for vacation leave and sick leave payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at June 30, 2020 and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any applicable additional salary related payments.

The entire compensated absences liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported.

#### K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds and lease-purchase agreements are recognized as liabilities on the fund financial statements when due. Net pension/OPEB liability should be recognized in the governmental funds to the extent that benefit payments are due and payable and the pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is not sufficient for payment of those benefits.

#### L. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the District Board of Education (the highest level of decision-making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted nor committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the District Board of Education, which includes giving the Treasurer the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

# NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

# M. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources. The net position component "net investment in capital assets," consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing or liabilities used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. The amount restricted for other purposes represents amounts restricted for education foundation fund (a nonmajor governmental fund) activities.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

#### N. Prepayments

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepayments in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported in the financial statements using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expense/expenditure is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

At fiscal year-end, because prepayments are not available to finance future governmental fund expenditures, the fund balance is considered nonspendable in an amount equal to the carrying value of the asset on the fund financial statements.

#### **O.** Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### P. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenses/expenditures in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenses/expenditures to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements.

#### Q. Bond Issuance Costs/Unamortized Bond Premium/Unamortized Deferred Charges

On the government-wide and fund financial statements, bond issuance costs are expensed/expended during the fiscal year in which they are incurred.

On the government-wide financial statements, bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bond premiums are presented as an addition to the face amount of the bonds.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

For bond and lease refundings resulting in the defeasance of debt reported in the government-wide financial statements, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense. This accounting gain or loss is amortized over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter, and is presented as deferred outflows of resources.

On the governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums are recognized in the current period. A reconciliation between the bonds' face value and the amount reported on the statement of net position is presented in Note 10.

#### **R.** Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability, net OPEB asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related pensions/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

#### S. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal year 2020.

# NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

#### A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2020, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 84, "*Fiduciary Activities*" and GASB Statement No. 90, "*Majority Equity Interests - an amendment to GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61*".

GASB Statement No. 84 establishes specific criteria for identifying activities that should be reported as fiduciary activities and clarifies whether and how business-type activities should report their fiduciary activities. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84, the District will no longer be reporting agency funds. The District reviewed its agency funds and certain funds will be reported in the new fiduciary classification of custodial funds, while other funds have been reclassified as governmental funds. These fund reclassifications resulted in the restatement of the District's financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 90 improves the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. It defines a majority equity interest and specifies that a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization should be reported as an investment if a government's holding of the equity interest meets the definition of an investment. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 90 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

#### **B.** Restatement of Net Position and Fund Balances

The implementation of GASB Statement No. 84 had the following effect on fund balance as reported at June 30, 2019:

		Other			Total
		Governmental Gov		vernmental	
	General	Funds Funds		Funds	
Fund Balance as					
previously reported	\$ 2,903,297	\$	1,264,753	\$	4,168,050
GASB Statement No. 84	 		41,015		41,015
Restated Fund Balance,					
at June 30, 2019	\$ 2,903,297	\$	1,305,768	\$	4,209,065

The implementation of GASB Statement No. 84 had the following effect on the net position as reported at June 30, 2019:

	Go	Governmental			
		Activities			
Net position as previously reported	\$	(324,198)			
GASB Statement No. 84		41,015			
Restated net position at June 30, 2019	\$	(283,183)			

Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No.84, the new classification of custodial funds is reporting a beginning net position of \$11,919,735. Also, related to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84, the District will no longer be reporting agency funds. At June 30, 2019, agency funds reported assets and liabilities of \$14,346,051.

#### C. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2020 included the following individual fund deficits:

<u>Nonmajor funds</u>	Deficit
IDEA Part B	\$ 9,440
Title I	23,382

The general fund is liable for any deficit in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

# NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Government National Mortgage Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the fair value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio; and with certain limitations including a requirement for maturity within ten years from the date of settlement, bonds and other obligations of political subdivisions of the State of Ohio, if training requirements have been met;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) and (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool, the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio);
- 8. Certain bankers' acceptances for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days) and commercial paper notes (for a period not to exceed two hundred seventy days) in an amount not to exceed 40 percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time if training requirements have been met; and,

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### **NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)**

Protection of the deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by the financial institutions participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. Except as noted above, an investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

#### A. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2020, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$10,259,133 and the bank balance of all District deposits was \$9,674,873. Of the bank balance, \$5,026,394 was collateralized by the FDIC and \$4,648,479 was either covered by the Ohio Pooled Collateral System or exposed to custodial credit risk as described below as those deposits were uninsured and possibly uncollateralized.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or protected by (1) eligible securities pledged to the District's and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose fair value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured, or (2) participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total fair value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State. For fiscal year 2020, the District's financial institutions were approved for a reduced collateral rate of 50 percent through the OPCS. Although all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

#### **B.** Investments

As of June 30, 2020, the District had the following investment and maturity:

			In	vestment Maturity
Measurement/	Ν	leasurement		6 Months or
Investment type		Value		Less
Amortized Cost:				
STAR Ohio	\$	11,056,726	\$	11,056,726

*Interest Rate Risk:* Interest rate risk arises as potential purchasers of debt securities will not agree to pay face value for those securities if interest rates subsequently increase. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### **NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)**

*Credit Risk:* Standard & Poor's has assigned STAR Ohio an AAAm money market rating. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The District has no investment policy dealing with investment credit risk beyond the requirements in State statutes.

*Custodial Credit Risk*: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District's investment policy does not specifically address custodial credit risk beyond the adherence to all relevant sections of the Ohio Revised Code.

*Concentration of Credit Risk:* The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2020:

Measurement/	Me	easurement	
Investment type		Value	<u>% of Total</u>
Amortized Cost:			
STAR Ohio	\$	11,056,726	100.00

# C. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Position

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net position as of June 30, 2020:

Cash and investments per note	
Carrying amount of deposits	\$ 10,259,133
Investments	 11,056,726
Total	\$ 21,315,859
Cash and investments per statement of net position	
Governmental activities	\$ 4,912,673
Custodial funds	 16,403,186
Total	\$ 21,315,859

# **NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS**

**A.** Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2020, consisted of the following, as reported on the fund financial statements:

Transfer from general fund to:	Amount
Nonmajor governmental fund	\$ 120,000
Transfer from nonmajor governmental fund to:	
Nonmajor governmental fund	2,820
Total	\$ 122,820

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, and (3) to help finance capital improvement projects.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### **NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS - (Continued)**

Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements; therefore, no transfers are reported in the statement of activities.

All transfers were made in compliance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.14, 5705.15 and 5705.16.

**B.** Interfund balances at June 30, 2020 as reported on the fund statements, consist of the following individual interfund loans receivable and payable:

Receivable fund	Payable fund	A	mount
General fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	\$	77,830

The primary purpose of the interfund balances is to cover costs in specific funds where revenues were not received by June 30. These interfund balances will be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received. All interfund balances are expected to be repaid within one year.

Interfund balances between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.

# **NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES**

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property and public utility property. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2020 represent the collection of calendar year 2019 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2020 were levied after April 1, 2019, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2019, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2020 represent the collection of calendar year 2019 taxes. Public utility real and personal property taxes received in calendar year 2020 became a lien on December 31, 2018, were levied after April 1, 2019, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The District receives property taxes from Mahoning County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2020, are available to finance fiscal year 2020 operations. The amounts available for advance at June 30, 2020 were \$121,010 from the general fund, \$10,521 from the bond retirement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund), \$17,535 from the permanent improvement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund), and \$2,734 from the classroom facilities improvement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). The amounts available for advance at June 30, 2019 were \$54,582 from the general fund, \$4,458 from the bond retirement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund), \$7,488 from the permanent improvement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund), and \$1,172 from the classroom facilities improvement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). The amount of the second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### **NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)**

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and delinquent tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2020 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year-end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflows of resources.

On the accrual basis of accounting, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis of accounting the revenue has been reported as a deferred inflow of resources.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2020 taxes were collected are:

	2019 Second Half Collections		2020 First Half Collections		
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent	
Agricultural/residential and other real estate	\$ 175,941,350	87.09	\$ 178,496,940	87.19	
Public utility personal	26,071,990	12.91	26,231,930	12.81	
Total	\$ 202,013,340	100.00	\$ 204,728,870	100.00	
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation for:					
General purposes	\$30.50		\$30.50		
Debt service	1.80		1.80		
Capital projects	3.00		3.00		
Special revenue	0.50		0.50		

# **NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES**

Receivables at June 30, 2020 consisted of property taxes, income taxes, and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current year guarantee of federal funds. A list of the principal items of receivables reported on the statement of net position follows:

Governmental activities:	Amount
Property taxes	\$ 5,284,363
Income taxes	784,672
Intergovernmental	118,389
Total	\$ 6,187,424

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected in the subsequent year.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

# NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
Governmental activities:	<u>July 1, 2019</u>	Additions	<b>Deletions</b>	June 30, 2020
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 99,230	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 99,230
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	99,230			99,230
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	2,636,103	18,710	-	2,654,813
Buildings and improvements	20,952,492	-	-	20,952,492
Equipment and furniture	1,386,258	-	-	1,386,258
Vehicles	1,034,843	188,544	(115,621)	1,107,766
Total capital assets, being depreciated	26,009,696	207,254	(115,621)	26,101,329
Less: accumulated depreciation:				
Land improvements	(1,873,431)	(107,859)	-	(1,981,290)
Buildings and improvements	(6,304,179)	(415,732)	-	(6,719,911)
Equipment and furniture	(908,377)	(88,856)	-	(997,233)
Vehicles	(806,970)	(60,200)	115,621	(751,549)
Total accumulated depreciation	(9,892,957)	(672,647)	115,621	(10,449,983)
Total capital assets, net	<u>\$ 16,215,969</u>	<u>\$ (465,393)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 15,750,576

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$ 352,150
Support services:	
	1 0 1 6
Administration	1,846
Fiscal	1,036
Operations and maintenance	151,181
Pupil transportation	60,985
Food service operations	6,176
Extracurricular activities	 99,273
Total depreciation expense	\$ 672,647

#### NOTE 9 - CAPITAL LEASE & LEASE-PURCHASE AGREEMENT

On June 27, 2002, the District entered into a \$1,200,000 lease-purchase agreement with the Springfield School Building Corporation (SSBC) for the financing of a new athletic facilities complex including an eightlane all-weather track, a home grandstand with seating for approximately 2,000 including a press box, a visitor grandstand with seating for approximately 1,000, a band shell structure and grandstand, home and visitor concession buildings with restroom facilities, ticket booths, fencing, and lighting (hereafter the "Original Project").

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### NOTE 9 - CAPITAL LEASE & LEASE-PURCHASE AGREEMENT - (Continued)

On June 21, 2012, the District entered into a \$3,068,535 lease-purchase agreement with the Ohio School Building Leasing Corporation (OSBLC) for the financing of various renovations and capital improvements on the campuses of Springfield High School and Springfield Middle School (hereafter the "New Project").

As part of the lease-purchase agreement entered into during fiscal year 2012, the remaining debt service requirements on the lease-purchase agreement for the Original Project were refinanced and included in a restructured debt payment schedule.

During fiscal year 2018, the District issued \$2,720,000 in lease purchase refunding obligations to refund \$2,643,388 of the previous lease purchase agreement outstanding. This lease is considered a direct borrowing. Direct borrowings have terms negotiated directly between the District and the lender and are not offered for public sale. The issuance proceeds were used to purchase securities which were placed in an irrevocable trust to provide resources for all future debt service payments on the refunded debt. This refunded debt is considered defeased (in-substance) and accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net position. The interest rates on the lease purchase refunding obligations are 4.50%. Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is December 1, 2027.

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$40,311. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunding debt, which has a final maturity date of December 1, 2027. This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce the combined total debt service payments by \$297,430 and resulted in an economic gain of \$268,156.

The lease-purchase agreement liability in the amount of \$1,935,000 as reported on the statement of net position at June 30, 2020 is therefore a combination of the lease-purchase agreement obligations from both the Original Project and the New Project. As of June 30, 2020, governmental capital assets consisting of land improvements and buildings and improvements resulting from both the Original Project and the New Project have been capitalized by the District in the approximate amount of \$4,268,535 (the total proceeds received from the lease-purchase agreements).

The source of revenue to fund the principal and interest payments on the restructured lease-purchase agreement debt payment schedule is derived from the property tax levy in the permanent improvement fund, a nonmajor governmental fund. During fiscal year 2020, the District made principal and interest payments of \$255,000 and \$44,166, respectively, from the permanent improvement fund, a nonmajor governmental fund.

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum payments required under the lease-purchase agreement and the present value of the minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2020:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	 Amount
2021	\$ 300,341
2022	300,877
2023	300,841
2024	300,151
2025	299,101
2026 - 2027	 603,145
Total future minimum lease payments	2,104,456
Less: amount representing interest	 (169,456)
Present value of future minimum lease payments	\$ 1,935,000

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### NOTE 9 - CAPITAL LEASE & LEASE-PURCHASE AGREEMENT - (Continued)

During the current fiscal year, the District entered into a \$14,840 capital lease for a postage machine. This lease met the criteria of a capital lease as defined by GASB, which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risk of ownership to the lessee at the conclusion of the lease term.

Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the financial statements for the governmental funds. These expenditures are reported as program/function expenditures on the budgetary statements. This asset is beneath the District's capitalization threshold, and therefore has been excluded from capital assets on the financials. Principal payments for this lease in fiscal year 2020 totaled \$2,679.

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the capital lease and the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2020:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Amount				
2021	\$	3,361			
2022		3,361			
2023		3,361			
2024		3,360			
Total		13,443			
Less: amount representing interest		(1,282)			
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	12,161			

In conjunction with the lease-purchase agreement, the District entered into a ground-lease agreement whereby the District subleases the real property upon which the capital projects are being constructed to the OSBLC. The lease is considered a direct borrowing. The District is the lessor and OSBLC is the lessee under the ground-lease agreement. The ground-lease commenced on June 21, 2012 and terminates on December 1, 2032, or earlier upon the termination of the lease-purchase agreement or the District's exercise to take advantage of the purchase option.

The OSBLC entered into an assignment of rents and leases agreement with the Farmers National Bank, whereby the OSBLC, in consideration for the lease-purchase agreement proceeds provided by the Farmers National Bank, assigns to Farmers National Bank all rents, payments and income derived from the lease-purchase agreement during the term of the ground-lease.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### **NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS**

A. During fiscal year 2020, the following changes occurred in governmental activities long-term obligations.

-		Balance					Balance	An	ounts Due
Governmental activities:	J	uly 1, 2019	Increases Decreases		June 30, 2020		<u>In One Ye</u>		
General obligation bonds - series 2013									
Capital appreciation bonds	\$	25,983	\$	-	\$ (9,218)	\$	16,765	\$	7,243
Accreted interest		130,866		46,761	(55,782)		121,845		52,596
Classroom facilities improvement									
refunding bonds - series									
2017 - direct borrowing		6,205,000		-	 <u> </u>		6,205,000		
Total general obligation bonds		6,361,849		46,761	 (65,000)		6,343,610		59,839
Net pension liability		12,251,549		-	(194,521)		12,057,028		-
Net OPEB liability		1,203,589		-	 (172,002)		1,031,587		-
Capital lease		-		14,840	(2,679)		12,161		2,817
Lease-purchase agreement refunding									
- series 2017 - direct borrowing		2,190,000		-	(255,000)		1,935,000		260,000
Compensated absences		1,030,086		241,641	 (96,988)		1,174,739		112,858
Total governmental activities	\$	23,037,073	\$	303,242	\$ (786,190)		22,554,125	\$	435,514
Unamortized bond premiums							325,741		
Total on statement of net position						\$	22,879,866		

<u>Lease-Purchase Agreement</u>: The lease-purchase agreement will be paid from the permanent improvement fund, a nonmajor governmental fund. See Note 9 for details.

Capital lease: The capital lease will be paid from the general fund. See Note 9 for details.

<u>Compensated Absences</u>: Compensated absences will be paid out of the fund from which the employee is paid, which for the District is primarily the general fund.

<u>Net Pension Liability:</u> See Note 12 for more information on net pension liability.

Net OPEB Liability/Asset: See Note 13 for more information on net OPEB liability/asset.

<u>General Obligation Bonds - Series 2013</u>: On September 11, 2013, the District issued \$6,398,259 in general obligation classroom facilities improvement bonds to finance capital improvements associated with the District's OFCC project. The issue is comprised of both current interest bonds, par value \$6,345,000, and capital appreciation bonds, par value \$53,259. The current interest bonds bear interest at rates ranging from 2.00% to 5.00%, and mature on December 1, 2049. The capital appreciation bonds have a stated interest rate of 34.121%, and mature on December 1, 2017, December 1, 2018, December 1, 2019, December 1, 2020, December 1, 2021, and December 1, 2022 at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bonds is \$400,000. Total accreted interest of \$121,845 has been included on the statement of net position at June 30, 2020. Principal and interest payments are made from the debt service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). The District refunded the current interest bonds with the series 2017 refunding bonds during fiscal year 2018.

Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

# **NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)**

The following table summarizes the District's future annual debt service requirements to maturity for the general obligation bonds payable:

		Capital Appreciation - Series 2013							
Fiscal Year	Principal			Interest		Total			
2021	\$	7,243	\$	62,757	\$	70,000			
2022		5,664		69,336		75,000			
2023		3,858		66,142		70,000			
Total	\$	16,765	\$	198,235	\$	215,000			

<u>General Obligation Bonds - Series 2017 Refunding Bonds</u>: During fiscal year 2018, the District issued \$6,225,000 in general obligation bonds to refund \$6,245,000 of the General Obligation Bonds, Series 2013. The issuance proceeds were used to purchase securities which were placed in an irrevocable trust to provide resources for all future debt service payments on the refunded debt. This refunded debt is considered defeased (in-substance) and accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net position.

The issue is comprised of both current interest bonds, par value 6,225,000. The interest rates on the current interest bonds range from 4.00% - 5.00%. Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is December 1, 2049.

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$205,876. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunding debt, which has a final maturity date of December 1, 2049. This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce the combined total debt service payments by \$1,688,550 and resulted in an economic gain of \$1,034,155.

The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to maturity for the series 2017 refunding bonds:

		2017 Refunding Bonds						
Fiscal Year Ending		Current Interest Bonds						
<u>June 30,</u>	_	Principal	-	Interest	-	Total		
2021	\$	-	\$	238,438	\$	238,438		
2022		-		238,438		238,438		
2023		-		238,438		238,438		
2024		85,000		236,738		321,738		
2025		100,000		233,038		333,038		
2026 - 2030		595,000		1,098,690		1,693,690		
2031 - 2035		840,000		955,590		1,795,590		
2036 - 2040		1,145,000		759,490		1,904,490		
2041 - 2045		1,510,000		492,921		2,002,921		
2046 - 2050		1,930,000		175,162		2,105,162		
Total	\$	6,205,000	\$	4,666,943	\$	10,871,943		

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

#### B. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The Code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The Code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation used in determining the District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2020, are a voted debt margin of \$12,714,263 (including available funds of \$510,430) and an unvoted debt margin of \$204,729.

# NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT

#### A. Comprehensive

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District maintains comprehensive commercial insurance coverage for real property, building contents, vehicles, boilers, electronic data processing equipment and instruments.

The Educational Property coverage limits are \$42,855,656 property damage per occurrence with a deductible of \$1,000 per occurrence. Some of the additional limits include \$100,000 accounts receivable, \$250,000 business interruption/rental income, and \$1,000,000 extra expense. Flood limits per occurrence and annual aggregate are \$5,000,000. Earthquake Shock limit is \$10,000,000 per occurrence and annual aggregate.

The business auto coverage now has a combined liability single limit of \$3,000,000 per accident, \$5,000 medical payments - each accident, \$50,000 Uninsured/Underinsured-each accident, and \$75,000 hired auto physical damage. Comprehensive deductibles are \$1,000 for Buses and \$250 for all other autos. Collision deductibles are \$1,000 and \$500 respectively.

The District still has liability insurance coverage limits of \$3,000,000 per claim and \$5,000,000 annual aggregate. However, the employee benefits liability is now included in the basic policy with the policy limits. In addition, the liability policy has a fire damage limit of \$500,000 for any one fire, and a medical expense limit of \$10,000 for any one person.

The District also has violence coverage with a member aggregate limit of \$1,000,000.

The District has cyber coverage with limits up to \$1,000,000.

The District has pollution incident coverage with limits up to \$1,000,000.

There was no reduction in coverage from the prior fiscal year.

#### B. Mahoning County School Employees Insurance Consortium

The District has joined together with other school districts in Mahoning County to form the Mahoning County School Employees Insurance Consortium, a public entity shared risk pool, currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for thirteen member school districts. The plan was organized to provide health care and other benefits to its member organizations.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT – (Continued)

The District pays 90% of the medical, drug, and dental insurance premiums for all full-time employees. This percentage is pro-rated for part-time employees.

The health and dental coverage is administered by Community Insurance Company d.b.a. Anthem Blue Cross and Blue Shield, a third party administrator. American United Life Insurance Company provides the life insurance coverage.

#### C. Workers' Compensation

The District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (See Note 2.A). The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three-member Board of Directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect and the Immediate Past President of the Ohio School Boards Association. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the GRP. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "equity pooling fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of CompManagement, Inc. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

#### **NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS**

#### Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability represents the District's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in pension and postemployment benefits payable on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

#### Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description - The District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at <u>www.ohsers.org</u> under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *	Eligible to Retire after August 1, 2017
Full benefits	Age 65 with 5 years of services credit: or Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially reduced benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit; or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

\* Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017 will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.2% for the first thirty years of service and 2.5% for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

Effective January 1, 2018, SERS cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) changed from a fixed 3% annual increase to one based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI-W) with a cap of 2.5% and a floor of 0%. SERS also has the authority to award or suspend the COLA, or to adjust the COLA above or below CPI-W. SERS suspended the COLA increases for 2018, 2019 and 2020 for current retirees, and confirmed their intent to implement a four-year waiting period for the state of a COLA for future retirees.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10% of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10% for plan members and 14% for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14.0%.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$202,021 for fiscal year 2020. Of this amount, \$10,308 is reported as pension and postemployment benefits payable.

#### Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description - Licensed teachers participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS website at <u>www.strsoh.org</u>.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307. The DB Plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation will be 2.2% of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. Effective July 1, 2017, the cost-of-living adjustment was reduced to zero. Members are eligible to retire at age 60 with five years of qualifying service credit, or age 55 with 28 years of service, or 33 years of service regardless of age. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.53% of the 14% employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.47% of the 14% employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12% of the 14% member rate goes to the DC Plan and the remaining 2% is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity after termination of employment at age 50 or later.

New members who choose the DC Plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit to apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Funding Policy - Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. For fiscal year 2019, plan members were required to contribute 14% of their annual covered salary. The District was required to contribute 14%; the entire 14% was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The fiscal year 2019 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

The District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$722,962 for fiscal year 2020. Of this amount, \$119,240 is reported as pension and postemployment benefits payable.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities.

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	SERS			STRS	 Total
Proportion of the net pension					
liability prior measurement date	C	0.04281940%	C	0.04456664%	
Proportion of the net pension					
liability current measurement date	<u>c</u>	0.04001440%	0	0.04369504%	
Change in proportionate share	-0.00280500%		-0.00087160%		
Proportionate share of the net					
pension liability	\$	2,394,132	\$	9,662,896	\$ 12,057,028
Pension expense	\$	337,768	\$	1,305,010	\$ 1,642,778

At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 SERS		STRS		Total
Deferred outflows of resources					
Differences between expected and					
actual experience	\$ 60,711	\$	78,671	\$	139,382
Changes of assumptions	-	1	,135,093		1,135,093
Difference between employer contributions					
and proportionate share of contributions/					
change in proportionate share	12,212		42,010		54,222
Contributions subsequent to the					
measurement date	 202,021		722,962		924,983
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 274,944	\$ 1	,978,736	\$ 1	2,253,680

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

# NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

	 SERS	 STRS	 Total
Deferred inflows of resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$ -	\$ 41,830	\$ 41,830
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on pension plan investments	30,732	472,271	503,003
Difference between employer contributions			
and proportionate share of contributions/			
change in proportionate share	 91,947	 207,053	 299,000
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ 122,679	\$ 721,154	\$ 843,833

\$924,983 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2021.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	SERS		STRS	Total	
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:					
2021	\$	18,119	\$ 555,061	\$	573,180
2022		(83,259)	57,150		(26,109)
2023		(2,043)	(96,795)		(98,838)
2024		17,427	 19,204		36,631
Total	\$	(49,756)	\$ 534,620	\$	484,864

# **Actuarial Assumptions - SERS**

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### **NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)**

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2019, are presented below:

Wage inflation	3.00%
Future salary increases, including inflation	3.50% to 18.20%
COLA or ad hoc COLA	2.50%
Investment rate of return	7.50% net of investments expense, including inflation
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal (level percent of payroll)

For 2019, the mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age set-back for both males and females. Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries were based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates. Mortality among disabled members was based upon the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a buildingblock approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major assets class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00 %	0.50 %
US Equity	22.50	4.75
International Equity	22.50	7.00
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	8.00
Real Assets	15.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	10.00	3.00
Total	100.00 %	

**Discount Rate** - The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.50%). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount **Rate** - Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.50%), or one percentage point higher (8.50%) than the current rate.

	Current					
	1%	6 Decrease	Discount Rate		1% Increase	
District's proportionate share						
of the net pension liability	\$	3,355,034	\$	2,394,132	\$	1,588,295

#### **Actuarial Assumptions - STRS**

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the July 1, 2019, actuarial valuation are presented below:

	July 1, 2019
Inflation	2.50%
Projected salary increases	12.50% at age 20 to
	2.50% at age 65
Investment rate of return	7.45%, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Payroll increases	3.00%
Cost-of-living adjustments	0.00%
(COLA)	

For the July 1, 2019, actuarial valuation, post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2019 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

STRS Ohio's investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation*	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return **
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

\*Target weights will be phased in over a 24-month period concluding on July 1, 2019.

\*\*10-Year geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

**Discount Rate** - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.45% as of June 30, 2019. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2019. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.45% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2019.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount *Rate* - The following table presents the District 's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45%, as well as what the District 's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.45%) or one-percentage-point higher (8.45%) than the current rate:

	Current				
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase		
District's proportionate share					
of the net pension liability	\$ 14,121,245	\$ 9,662,896	\$ 5,888,674		

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS

# Net OPEB Liability/Asset

The net OPEB liability/asset reported on the statement of net position represents a liability/asset to employees for OPEB. OPEB is a component of exchange transactions-between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for OPEB is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net OPEB liability/asset represents the District's proportionate share of each OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net OPEB liability/asset calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which OPEB are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including OPEB.

GASB 75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because they benefit from employee services. OPEB contributions come from these employers and health care plan enrollees which pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. Any change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net OPEB liability/asset. Resulting adjustments to the net OPEB liability/asset would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded/funded benefits is presented as a long-term *net OPEB liability* or *net OPEB asset* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required OPEB contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in pension and postemployment benefits payable on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

# Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

# NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14% of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, SERS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, prorated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2020, this amount was \$19,600. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2% of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5% of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2020, the District's surcharge obligation was \$19,908.

The surcharge added to the allocated portion of the 14% employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$19,908 for fiscal year 2020. Of this amount, \$19,908 is reported pension and postemployment benefits payable.

#### Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description - The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued effective January 1, 2021. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting <u>www.strsoh.org</u> or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy - Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14% of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

# **OPEB** Liabilities/Assets, **OPEB** Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability/asset was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total OPEB liability/asset used to calculate the net OPEB liability/asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset was based on the District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

# NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

		SERS		STRS	 Total
Proportion of the net OPEB					
liability/asset prior measurement date	0	0.04338400%	0	.04456664%	
Proportion of the net OPEB					
liability/asset current measurement date	0	0.04102080%	0	.04369504%	
Change in proportionate share	-0	0.00236320%	-0	.00087160%	
Proportionate share of the net	_		_		
OPEB liability	\$	1,031,587	\$	-	\$ 1,031,587
Proportionate share of the net					
OPEB as set	\$	-	\$	(723,695)	\$ (723,695)
OPEB expense	\$	25,936	\$	(225,018)	\$ (199,082)

At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		SERS		STRS	 Total
Deferred outflows of resources					
Differences between expected and					
actual experience	\$	15,142	\$	65,609	\$ 80,751
Net difference between projected and					
actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		2,477		-	2,477
Changes of assumptions		75,346		15,212	90,558
Difference between employer contributions					
and proportionate share of contributions/					
change in proportionate share		3,114		9,118	12,232
Contributions subsequent to the					
measurement date		19,908		-	 19,908
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	115,987	\$	89,939	\$ 205,926
	:	SERS	:	STRS	Total
Deferred inflows of resources					
Differences between expected and					
actual experience	\$	226,633	\$	36,819	\$ 263,452
Net difference between projected and					
actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		-		45,453	45,453
Changes of assumptions		57,807		793,448	851,255
Difference between employer contributions					
and proportionate share of contributions/					
change in proportionate share		62,347		19,090	 81,437
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	346,787	\$	894,810	\$ 1,241,597

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

\$19,908 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability/asset in the year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	SERS		STRS		Total	
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:						
2021	\$	(67,563)	\$	(176,202)	\$	(243,765)
2022		(41,909)		(176,202)		(218,111)
2023		(41,183)		(157,985)		(199,168)
2024		(41,301)		(151,597)		(192,898)
2025		(40,158)		(144,131)		(184,289)
Thereafter		(18,594)		1,246		(17,348)
Total	\$	(250,708)	\$	(804,871)	\$	(1,055,579)

#### **Actuarial Assumptions - SERS**

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2019 are presented below:

Wage inflation	3.00%
Future salary increases, including inflation	3.50% to 18.20%
Investment rate of return	7.50% net of investments
	expense, including inflation
Municipal bond index rate:	
Measurement date	3.13%
Prior measurement date	3.62%
Single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense,	
including price inflation:	
Measurement date	3.22%
Prior measurement date	3.70%
Medical trend assumption:	
Measurement date	
Medicare	5.25 to 4.75%
Pre-Medicare	7.00 to 4.75%
Prior measurement date	
Medicare	5.375 to 4.75%
Pre-Medicare	7.25 to 4.75%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and Scale BB, 120% of male rates and 110% of female rates. RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates set back five years.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2010 through 2015, and was adopted by the Board on April 21, 2016. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.50%, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as used in the June 30, 2015 five-year experience study, are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00 %	0.50 %
US Equity	22.50	4.75
International Equity	22.50	7.00
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	8.00
Real Assets	15.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	10.00	3.00
Total	100.00 %	

**Discount Rate** - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2019 was 3.22%. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2019 was 3.70%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the state statute contribution rate of 2.00% of projected covered employee payroll each year, which includes a 1.50% payroll surcharge and 0.50% of contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make future benefit payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan assets was used to present value the projected benefit payments through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019 (i.e. municipal bond rate), was used to present value the projected benefit payments for the remaining years in the projection. A municipal bond rate of 3.62% was used as of June 30, 2018. The total present value of projected benefit payments for all current plan members was until the benefit payments ran out.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates - The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability of SERS, what SERS' net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.22%) and higher (4.22%) than the current discount rate (3.22%). Also shown is what SERS' net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (6.00% decreasing to 3.75%) and higher (8.00% decreasing to 5.75%) than the current rate.

	1%	Decrease	Current count Rate	1%	6 Increase
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	1,252,151	\$ 1,031,587	\$	856,213
	1%	Decrease	Current rend Rate	1%	6 Increase
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	826,510	\$ 1,031,587	\$	1,303,674

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

#### **Actuarial Assumptions - STRS**

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the July 1, 2019, actuarial valuation, compared with July 1, 2018, are presented below:

	July	1, 2019	July	1, 2018	
Inflation	2.50%		2.50%		
Projected salary increases	12.50% at age 20	0 to	12.50% at age 20	) to	
	2.50% at age 65	;	2.50% at age 65		
Investment rate of return	7.45%, net of investment of investment of investment of the second secon		7.45%, net of investment expenses, including inflation		
Payroll increases	3.00%		3.00%		
Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA)	0.00%		0.00%		
Discounted rate of return	7.45%		7.45%		
Blended discount rate of return	N/A		N/A		
Health care cost trends					
	Initial	Ultimate	Initial	Ultimate	
Medical					
Pre-Medicare	5.87%	4.00%	6.00%	4.00%	
Medicare	4.93%	4.00%	5.00%	4.00%	
Prescription Drug					
Pre-Medicare	7.73%	4.00%	8.00%	4.00%	
Medicare	9.62%	4.00%	-5.23%	4.00%	

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

Assumption Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - There were no changes in assumptions since the prior measurement date of June 30, 2018.

**Benefit Term Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date** - There was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were trended to the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020 to reflect the current price renewals. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2020 from 1.944% to 1.984% per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation*	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return **
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

\* Target weights will be phased in over a 24-month period concluding on July 1, 2019.

\*\*10-Year geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

**Discount Rate** - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB asset was 7.45% as of June 30, 2019. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes STRS Ohio continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care plan investments of 7.45% was used to measure the total OPEB asset as of June 30, 2019.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate - The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2019, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45%, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.45%) or one percentage point higher (8.45%) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

	1%	Decrease		Current count Rate	1% Increase		
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$	617,529	\$	723,695	\$	812,955	
	1%	1% Decrease		Current Trend Rate		1% Increase	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$	820,637	\$	723,695	\$	604,964	

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

# NOTE 14 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances.

The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to assigned or committed fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis);
- (d) Advances-in and advances-out are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis); and
- (e) Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

#### Net Change in Fund Balance

	Ge	General fund		
Budget basis	\$	(15,081)		
Net adjustment for revenue accruals		(279,508)		
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals		(20,551)		
Net adjustment for other sources/uses		99,156		
Funds budgeted elsewhere		(1,741)		
Adjustment for encumbrances		359,410		
GAAP basis	\$	141,685		

Certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate fund classifications are considered part of the general fund on a GAAP basis. This includes the uniform school supplies fund, rotary fund, public school support fund, and State/political subdivision fund.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### **NOTE 15 - CONTINGENCIES**

#### A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, State and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District.

#### **B.** Litigation

The District is not involved in material litigation as either plaintiff or defendant.

#### C. Foundation Funding

District foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. The Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to adjust/reconcile funding as enrollment information is updated by schools throughout the State, which can extend past the fiscal year end. As of the date of this report, additional ODE adjustments for fiscal year 2020 have been finalized, which did not result in a material receivable to, or a liability of, the District.

# **NOTE 16 - SET-ASIDES**

The District is required by State law to annually set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statutory formula, for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end. This amount must be carried forward to be used for the same purpose in future years. Expenditures and other applicable offsets exceeding the set-aside requirement may not be carried forward to the next fiscal year.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the fiscal year end set-aside amount for capital improvements. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Capital <u>Improvements</u>			
Set-aside balance June 30, 2019	\$	-		
Current year set-aside requirement		175,621		
Current year offset expenditures		(175,621)		
Total	\$			
Balance carried forward to fiscal year 2021	\$			
Set-aside balance June 30, 2020	\$	_		

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### **NOTE 16 - SET-ASIDES - (Continued)**

During fiscal year 2014, the District issued \$6,398,259 in capital related classroom facilities improvement bonds. These proceeds may be used to reduce the capital improvements set-aside amount for future years. The amount presented for prior year offset from bond proceeds is limited to an amount needed to reduce the capital improvements set-aside balance to \$0. The District is responsible for tracking the amount of bond proceeds that may be used as an offset in future periods, which was \$6,398,259 at June 30, 2020.

# NOTE 17 - SCHOOL DISTRICT INCOME TAX

The voters of the District passed a 1% school district income tax on the November 4, 2014 election that became effective on January 1, 2015. This income tax was effective for five years. On May 7, 2019, the school district income tax was renewed for an additional period of five years, beginning January 1, 2020. Income tax revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2020 was \$2,014,717.

#### **NOTE 18 - OTHER COMMITMENTS**

The District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the District's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Year End				
Fund	Encumbrances				
General fund	\$	341,031			
Nonmajor governmental funds		55,081			
Total	\$	396,112			

#### NOTE 19 - COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the District. The District's investment portfolio and the investments of the pension and other employee benefit plans are subject to increased market volatility, which could result in a significant decline in fair value, consistent with the general decline in financial markets. However, because the values of individual investments fluctuate with market conditions, the amount of losses that will be recognized in subsequent periods, if any, cannot be determined. In addition, the impact on the District's future operating costs, revenues, and any recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

# LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS

		2020		2019		2018		2017
District's proportion of the net pension liability	C	0.04001440%	(	).04281940%	(	0.04234520%	(	0.04171600%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	2,394,132	\$	2,452,346	\$	2,530,032	\$	3,053,226
District's covered payroll	\$	1,369,956	\$	1,391,459	\$	1,368,814	\$	1,331,236
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		174.76%		176.24%		184.83%		229.35%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		70.85%		71.36%		69.50%		62.98%

Note: Information prior to 2014 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

# SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

2016			2015	2014						
(	0.04073710%		).04334500%	0.04334500%						
\$	2,324,498	\$	2,193,666	\$	2,577,588					
\$	1,226,404	\$	1,259,531	\$	1,298,829					
	189.54%		174.17%		198.45%					
	69.16%		71.70%		65.52%					

## SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

# LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS

	2020			2019		2018		2017
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.04369504%		0.04456664%		0.04425963%			0.04471998%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	9,662,896	\$	9,799,203	\$	10,513,970	\$	14,969,125
District's covered payroll	\$	5,139,564	\$	5,101,993	\$	4,890,836	\$	4,777,400
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		188.01%		192.07%		214.97%		313.33%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		77.40%		77.31%		75.30%		66.80%

Note: Information prior to 2014 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

 2016		2015	2014						
0.04447196%		0.04506883%	0.04506883%						
\$ 12,290,749	\$	10,962,299	\$	13,058,219					
\$ 4,688,414	\$	4,604,792	\$	4,926,654					
262.15%		238.06%		265.05%					
72.10%		74.70%		69.30%					

# SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

# LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2020			2019	 2018	2017	
Contractually required contribution	\$	202,021	\$	184,944	\$ 187,847	\$	191,634
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(202,021)		(184,944)	 (187,847)		(191,634)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$ 	\$	
District's covered payroll	\$	1,443,007	\$	1,369,956	\$ 1,391,459	\$	1,368,814
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		14.00%		13.50%	13.50%		14.00%

 2016	 2015	 2014	2013		2012		 2011
\$ 186,373	\$ 161,640	\$ 174,571	\$	179,758	\$	168,282	\$ 146,771
 (186,373)	 (161,640)	 (174,571)		(179,758)		(168,282)	 (146,771)
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$		\$ 
\$ 1,331,236	\$ 1,226,404	\$ 1,259,531	\$	1,298,829	\$	1,251,167	\$ 1,167,629
14.00%	13.18%	13.86%		13.84%		13.45%	12.57%

# SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

# LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2020			2019	 2018	2017	
Contractually required contribution	\$	722,962	\$	719,539	\$ 714,279	\$	684,717
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(722,962)		(719,539)	 (714,279)		(684,717)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$ 	\$	
District's covered payroll	\$	5,164,014	\$	5,139,564	\$ 5,101,993	\$	4,890,836
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		14.00%		14.00%	14.00%		14.00%

 2016	 2015	 2014	2013		2012		 2011
\$ 668,836	\$ 656,378	\$ 598,623	\$	640,465	\$	629,133	\$ 640,241
 (668,836)	 (656,378)	 (598,623)		(640,465)		(629,133)	 (640,241)
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$		\$ 
\$ 4,777,400	\$ 4,688,414	\$ 4,604,792	\$	4,926,654	\$	4,839,485	\$ 4,924,931
14.00%	14.00%	13.00%		13.00%		13.00%	13.00%

## SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

## LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS

	2020		2019		2018		2017	
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.04102080%		0.04338400%		0.04299980%		(	0.04230539%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	1,031,587	\$	1,203,589	\$	1,154,002	\$	1,205,860
District's covered payroll	\$	1,369,956	\$	1,391,549	\$	1,368,814	\$	1,331,236
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		75.30%		86.49%		84.31%		90.58%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		15.57%		13.57%		12.46%		11.49%

Note: Information prior to 2017 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

# SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY/ASSET STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

## LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS

	2020		2019		2018		2017	
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset	C	0.04369504%	(	).04456664%	(	).04425963%	(	).04471998%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/(asset)	\$	(723,695)	\$	(716,140)	\$	1,726,847	\$	2,391,636
District's covered payroll	\$	5,139,564	\$	5,101,993	\$	4,890,836	\$	4,777,400
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/asset as a percentage of its covered payroll		14.08%		14.04%		35.31%		50.06%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability/asset		174.70%		176.00%		47.10%		37.30%

Note: Information prior to 2017 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

# SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

# LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2020		2019		 2018	2017		
Contractually required contribution	\$	19,908	\$	31,953	\$ 30,145	\$	23,571	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(19,908)		(31,953)	 (30,145)		(23,571)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$ 	\$		
District's covered payroll	\$	1,443,007	\$	1,369,956	\$ 1,391,459	\$	1,368,814	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		1.38%		2.33%	2.17%		1.72%	

 2016	 2015	2014		 2013	 2012	2011		
\$ 21,539	\$ 32,237	\$	23,461	\$ 20,760	\$ 30,493	\$	39,899	
 (21,539)	 (32,237)		(23,461)	 (20,760)	 (30,493)		(39,899)	
\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$		
\$ 1,331,236	\$ 1,226,404	\$	1,259,531	\$ 1,298,829	\$ 1,251,167	\$	1,167,629	
1.62%	2.63%		1.86%	1.60%	2.44%		3.42%	

# SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

# LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017
Contractually required contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 	 	 	 -
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 
District's covered payroll	\$ 5,164,014	\$ 5,139,564	\$ 5,101,993	\$ 4,890,836
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

2016		2015		2014		2013		2012		2011		
\$	-	\$	-	\$	47,832	\$	49,267	\$	48,395	\$	49,249	
	-				(47,832)		(49,267)		(48,395)		(49,249)	
\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		
\$	4,777,400	\$	4,688,414	\$	4,604,792	\$	4,926,654	\$	4,839,485	\$	4,924,931	
	0.00%		0.00%		1.00%		1.00%		1.00%		1.00%	

#### NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### PENSION

### SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal years 2014-2017. For fiscal year 2018, SERS changed from a fixed 3% annual increase to a Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) based on the changes in the Consumer Price Index (CPI-W), with a cap of 2.5% and a floor of 0%. There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal years 2019-2020.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2014-2016. For fiscal year 2017, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%, (b) payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%, (c) assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%, (d) Rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality among active members was updated to RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females, (f) mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries was updated to the following RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates, (g) mortality among disabled members was updated to RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement and (h) the discount rate was reduced from 7.75% to 7.50%. There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2018-2020.

#### STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal years 2014-2017. For fiscal year 2018, STRS decreased the Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) to zero. There were no changes in benefit terms from amounts previously reported for fiscal years 2019-2020.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2014-2017. For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumption affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75% to 7.45%, (b) the inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75% to 2.50%, (c) the payroll growth assumption was lowered to 3.00%, (d) total salary increases rate was lowered by decreasing the merit component of the individual salary increases, in addition to a decrease of 0.25% due to lower inflation (e) the healthy and disabled mortality assumptions were updated to the RP-2014 mortality tables with generational improvement scale MP-2016 and (f) rates of retirement, termination and disability were modified to better reflect anticipated future experience. There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2020.

(Continued)

#### NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

#### SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal years 2017-2020.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2017. For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%, (b) payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%, (c) assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%, (d) rates of withdrawal, retirement, and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality among active members was updated to the following: RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age set-back for both males and females, (f) mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries was updated to the following: RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates, (g) mortality among disabled members was updated to the following: RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement, (h) the municipal bond index rate increased from 2.92% to 3.56% and (i) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation increased from 2.98% to 3.63%. For fiscal year 2019, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate increased from 3.63% to 3.70%, (b) the health care cost trend rates for Medicare were changed from a range of 5.50%-5.00% to a range of 5.375%-4.75% and Pre-Medicare were changed from a range of 7.50%-5.00% to a range of 7.25%-4.75%, (c) the municipal bond index rate increased from 3.56% to 3.62% and (d) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation increased from 3.63% to 3.70%. For fiscal year 2020, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate decreased from 3.70% to 3.22%, (b) the health care cost trend rates for Medicare were changed from a range of 5.375%-4.75% to a range of 5.25%-4.75% and Pre-Medicare were changed from a range of 7.25%-4.75% to a range of 7.00%-4.75%, (c) the municipal bond index rate decreased from 3.62% to 3.13% and (d) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation decreased from 3.70% to 3.22%.

#### STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2017. For fiscal year 2018, STRS reduced the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients from 2.1% to 1.9% per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 2019. For fiscal year 2019, STRS increased the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients from 1.9% to 1.944% per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased January 1, 2019 and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020. For fiscal year 2020, STRS increase the subsidy percentage from 1.944% to 1.984% effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2017. For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumption affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from 3.26% to 4.13% based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB), (b) the long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75% to 7.45%, (c) valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified, (d) the percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased and (e) the assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal and future health care cost trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs. For fiscal year 2019, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability/asset since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13% to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45% based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74. Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB) and (b) decrease in health care cost trend rates from 6.00%-11.00% initial; 4.50% ultimate down to Medical Pre-Medicare 6.00% and Medicare 5.00% initial; 4.00% ultimate and Prescription Drug Pre-Medicare 8.00% and Medicare (5.23%) initial; 4.00% ultimate. For fiscal year 2020, health care cost trend rates were changed to the following: medical pre-medicare from 6.00% initial - 4.00% ultimate down to 5.87% initial - 4.00% ultimate; medical medicare from 5.00% initial - 4.00% ultimate down to 4.93% initial - 4.00% ultimate; prescription drug pre-medicare from 8.00% initial - 4.00% ultimate down to 7.73% initial - 4.00% ultimate and (5.23%) initial - 4.00% ultimate up to 9.62% initial -4.00% ultimate.

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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Springfield Local School District Mahoning County 11335 Youngstown-Pittsburgh Road New Middletown, Ohio 44442

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Springfield Local School District, Mahoning County, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 6, 2021, wherein we noted the District adopted new accounting guidance in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities.* We also noted the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures which may impact subsequent periods of the District.

# Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinion on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the District's financial statements. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

Springfield Local School District Mahoning County Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* 

Page 2

## **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the financial statements. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

## Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

thetalus

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

October 6, 2021



# SPRINGFIELD LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

# MAHONING COUNTY

# AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 11/4/2021

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370