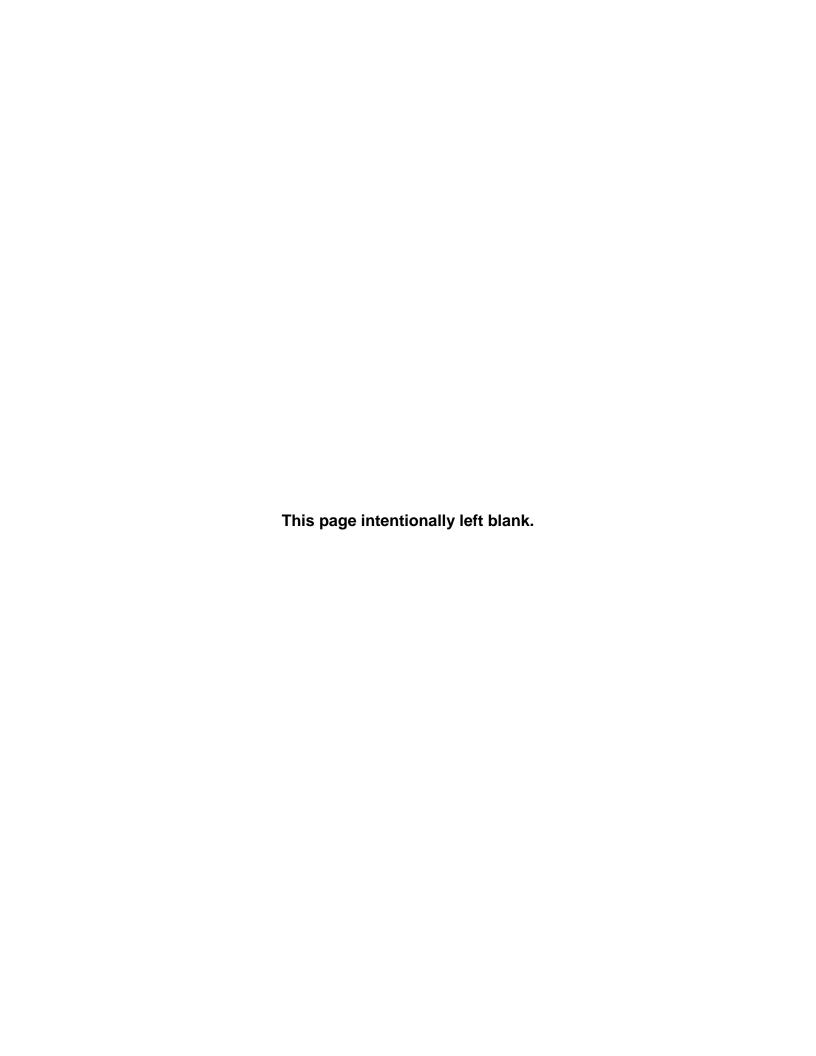




SUMMIT EDUCATIONAL SERVICE CENTER SUMMIT COUNTY JUNE 30, 2020

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Summit Educational Service Center Summit County 420 Washington Avenue Cuyahoga Falls, Ohio 44221

To the Board of Governors:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying cash-basis financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Summit Educational Service Center, Summit County, Ohio (the Service Center), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Service Center's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with the cash accounting basis Note 2A describes. This responsibility includes determining that the cash accounting basis is acceptable for the circumstances. Management is also responsible for designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the Service Center's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the Service Center's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Efficient • Effective • Transparent

Summit Educational Service Center Summit County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective cash financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Service Center, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in cash financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting basis described in Note 2A

Accounting Basis

Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(B) requires the Service Center to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We draw attention to Note 2A of the financial statements, which describes the basis applied to these statements. The financial statements are prepared on the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis other than generally accepted accounting principles. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 2P to the financial statements, during 2020, the Service Center has elected to change its financial presentation to a cash basis comparable to the requirements of *Governmental Accounting Standards*, and made changes to the fund classification. In addition, as discussed in Note 15 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the Service Center. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Other Matters

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the financial statements taken as a whole.

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Schedule) presents additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The schedule is management's responsibility, and derives from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this schedule to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this schedule directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this schedule is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Information

We applied no procedures to management's discussion & analysis, the letter of transmittal, trend information as listed in the table of contents. Accordingly, we express no opinion or any other assurance on them.

Summit Educational Service Center Summit County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 23, 2021, on our consideration of the Service Center's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Service Center's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

February 23, 2021

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Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)

The discussion and analysis of the Summit Educational Service Center's (the "Service Center") financial performance provides an overall review of the Service Center's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Service Center's performance as a whole; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the Service Center's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2020 are as follows:

- Net position increased \$1,192,085, which represents a 58% increase from restated 2019.
- During the fiscal year, outstanding lease purchase agreements decreased from \$412,661 to \$306,655.
- The Service Center changed from the GAAP Basis of accounting to the Cash Basis of Accounting for fiscal year 2020, resulting in a restatement of the fiscal year 2019 financial statements. In addition, the Service Center evaluated certain fund classifications that resulted in a change in classifications that required a restatement to the beginning fund balances/net position. See Note 2.

Using this Annual Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. The statements are organized so the reader can understand the Service Center as a whole entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole Service Center, presenting both an aggregate view of the Service Center's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the Service Center's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the Service Center, the general fund and the educational regional service system fund are the most significant funds.

Basis of Accounting

The Service Center has elected to present its financial statements on the cash basis of accounting. This cash basis of accounting is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. The cash basis of accounting involves the measurement of cash and cash equivalents and changes in cash and cash equivalents resulting from cash receipt and disbursement transactions.

Essentially, the only assets reported on this strictly cash receipt and disbursement basis presentation in a statement of net position will be cash and cash equivalents. The statement of activities reports cash receipts and disbursements, or in other words, the sources and uses of cash and cash equivalents. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this annual report, the reader should keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the cash basis of accounting.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)

Reporting the Service Center as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While the basic financial statements contain the large number of funds used by the Service Center to provide programs and activities, the view of the Service Center as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during fiscal year 2020?" The *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities* answer this question.

These two statements report the Service Center's net position and changes in net position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the Service Center as a whole, the financial position of the Service Center has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the mandated educational programs, as well as locally requested programs.

In the *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities*, Governmental Activities include the Service Center's programs and services, including instruction, support services, extracurricular activities, and debt service.

Reporting the Service Center's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the Service Center's major funds. The Service Center uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions; however, these fund financial statements focus on the Service Center's most significant funds. The Service Center's major governmental funds are the general fund and educational regional service system fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the Service Center's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using the cash basis of accounting. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Service Center's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs.

Reporting the Service Center's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The Service Center is the trustee, or fiduciary, for some of its scholarship and foundation programs. This activity is presented as a private purpose trust fund. The Service Center's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Position and Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. These activities are excluded from the Service Center's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the Service Center to finance its operations.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)

The Service Center as a Whole

Recall that the Statement of Net Position provides the perspective of the Service Center as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the Service Center's net position for 2020 compared to 2019:

Table 1 Net Position

		Governmental Activities							
	Restated								
		2020		2019		Change			
Assets		_		_					
Current Assets	\$	3,264,941	\$	2,072,856	\$	1,192,085			
Net Position									
Restricted		4,678		33,354		(28,676)			
Unrestricted		3,260,263		2,039,502		1,220,761			
Total Net Position	\$	3,264,941	\$	2,072,856	\$	1,192,085			

A portion of the Service Center's net position, \$4,678, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The balance of government-wide unrestricted net position of \$3,260,263 may be used to meet the Service Center's ongoing obligations.

The large increase in current assets is due to an increase in cash and cash equivalents, which was primarily caused by the timing of receipt recognition related services provided.

Table 2 shows the changes in net position for fiscal year 2020. Since this is the first year the Service Center has prepared financial statements on a cash basis, receipts and disbursements comparisons to fiscal year 2019 are not available. This table will present two fiscal years in side-by-side comparisons in successive reporting years. This will enable the reader to draw further conclusion about the Service Center's financial status and possibly project future problems.

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Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)

Table 2 Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities
	2020
Receipts	
Program Cash Receipts:	
Charges for Services and Sales	\$15,511,778
Operating Grants and Contributions	1,982,945
Total Program Cash Receipts	17,494,723
General Receipts:	
Grants and Entitlements Not Restricted	1,018,823
Other	242,333
Total General Receipts	1,261,156
Total Receipts	18,755,879
Program Disbursements	
Instruction:	
Regular	1,424,175
Special	5,170,585
Vocational	30,952
Support Services:	
Pupils	4,474,952
Instructional Staff	3,221,743
Board of Governors	52,308
Administration	2,138,739
Fiscal	349,525
Business	157,872
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	386,106
Central	23,885
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:	
Community Services	2,446
Extracurricular Activities	8,516
Debt Service:	106.006
Principal Retirement	106,006
Interest and Fiscal Charges	15,984
Total Disbursements	17,563,794
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	1,192,085
Net Position at Beginning of Year (Restated, See Note 2.)	2,072,856
Net Position at End of Year	\$ 3,264,941

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services, grants and contributions offsetting those services. Table 3 shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by charges for services and restricted grants and entitlements and contributions. Since this is the first year the Service Center has prepared financial statements on a cash basis, receipts and disbursements comparisons to fiscal year 2019 are not available. This table will present two fiscal years in side-by-side comparisons in successive reporting years. This will enable the reader to draw further conclusion about the Service Center's financial status and possibly project future problems.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)

Table 3
Governmental Activities

	Total	Cost of Service	Net C	Cost of Service
		2020		2020
Instruction:				
Regular	\$	1,424,175	\$	(904,455)
Special		5,170,585		(855,045)
Vocational		30,952		(19,680)
Support Services:				
Pupils		4,474,952		86,178
Instructional Staff		3,221,743		(66,976)
Board of Governors		52,308		52,308
Administration		2,138,739		1,104,566
Fiscal		349,525		268,173
Business		157,872		157,872
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		386,106		124,053
Central		23,885		3,056
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:				
Community Services		2,446		2,446
Extracurricular Activities		8,516		(5,415)
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement		106,006		106,006
Interest and Fiscal Charges		15,984		15,984
Total Disbursements	\$	17,563,794	\$	69,071

The primary support of the Service Center is contracted fees and services provided to member districts; however, it is the intention of the Board of Governors not to overcharge the districts served and to utilize the general receipts to offset the cost of programs to member districts.

Governmental Funds

The Service Center's major funds are accounted for using the cash basis of accounting.

The general fund's net change in fund balance for fiscal year 2020 was an increase of \$1,220,761. This was primarily caused by the timing of receipt recognition related to services provided.

The educational regional service system fund's net change in fund balance for fiscal year 2020 was a decrease of \$16,659.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)

Debt Administration

See Note 9 to the basic financial statements for detail on the Service Center's long-term obligation.

	Governmental Activities						
	2020			2019			
Lease-Purchases	\$	306,655	\$	412,661			

Current Issues

House Bill 115 established the Educational Regional Service System (ERSS) in 2006. This system requires a coordinated, integrated and aligned system to support state and school district efforts to improve school effectiveness and student achievement. The system consists of sixteen regions. Each region has a fiscal agent. The selection of a fiscal agent was through a RFP (request for proposal) process. Fiscal Agents in each region have the responsibility of allocating resources to provide regional services and also assuring that the state-sponsored regional improvement initiatives are deployed according to Ohio Department of Education guidance. The Summit Educational Service Center is the Region 8 fiscal agent. The Summit Educational Service Center will work hard to ensure our districts are involved and benefit from Region 8 services.

While the Regional Service System has slightly changed the landscape of the Summit Educational Service Center, we are still creating new services that assist our community and school districts. During the Fall of 2010, Kids First, located in Copley Township, was opened to provide educational services for students with autism. There was a demand by school districts seeking to serve autistic students and this demand has continued to grow. Our Kids First program serves students in kindergarten through elementary school and is currently in year ten of operation. While the goal of the school is to return students to their home school, it became necessary to open a program that created continued support for students who were not ready to return to their home school. The TOPS program was added to the Copley Township location, to provide services for middle and high school aged students with autism.

Changes in legislation over the years, currently allows school districts to choose the Educational Service Center (ESC) with which they wish to align. This change can be made every two years. Current member districts need to inform their current ESC of their intention to make a change. The next opportunity for districts to choose a different Educational Service Center will be no later than December 31, 2021, which would be effective for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2022. The district must inform the Ohio Department of Education which ESC they have chosen. This freedom to choose has only increased the organization's efforts to improve. We feel confident the Summit Educational Service Center will become better in the long run.

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. While the exact impact on the Service Center's future operating costs, and revenues cannot be reasonably estimated, the Service Center does not expect COVID-19 to have any significant impact.

Contacting the Service Center's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, customers, and creditors with a general overview of the Educational Service Center's finances and to show the Service Center's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Summit Educational Service Center Treasurer/CFO Office at 420 Washington Avenue, Suite 200, Cuyahoga Falls, Ohio 44221.

Statement of Net Position - Cash Basis June 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities					
Assets	¢	2 264 041				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	<u> </u>	3,264,941				
Net Position						
Restricted For:						
Federally Funded Programs		1,721				
Local Grants		2,957				
Unrestricted		3,260,263				
Total Net Position	\$	3,264,941				

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Summit Educational Service Center

Summit County, Ohio
Statement of Activities - Cash Basis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

				P	l. D -		R	Disbursements) Receipts and
	<u>D:</u>	Cash sbursements		Program Control Charges for Services and Sales		Operating Grants, and ontributions		es in Net Position overnmental Activities
Governmental Activities								
Instruction:								
Regular	\$	1,424,175	\$	2,328,630	\$	0	\$	904,455
Special		5,170,585		5,913,903		111,727		855,045
Vocational		30,952		50,632		0		19,680
Support Services:								
Pupils		4,474,952		4,323,035		65,739		(86,178)
Instructional Staff		3,221,743		1,769,486		1,519,233		66,976
Board of Governors		52,308		0		0		(52,308)
Administration		2,138,739		1,020,525		13,648		(1,104,566)
Fiscal		349,525		0		81,352		(268,173)
Business		157,872		0		0		(157,872)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		386,106		72,652		189,401		(124,053)
Central		23,885		18,984		1,845		(3,056)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:								
Community Services		2,446		0		0		(2,446)
Extracurricular Activities		8,516		13,931		0		5,415
Debt Service:								
Principal Retirement		106,006		0		0		(106,006)
Interest and Fiscal Charges		15,984		0		0		(15,984)
Total	\$	17,563,794	\$	15,511,778	\$	1,982,945		(69,071)
	Gene	eral Receipts						
		ts and Entitleme	nts No	t Restricted to S	necific	Programs		1,018,823
		stment Earnings	1165 1 10	t resultited to 5	Poemic	1105141113		19,592
Miscellaneous								222,741
		l General Receip	ots					1,261,156
	Change in Net Position							1,192,085
	Net I	Position Beginni	2,072,856					
	Net I	Position End of 1	Year				\$	3,264,941

Balance Sheet - Cash Basis Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

	General		General		General		General		General		Regiona	ational al Service stem	Gove	Other ernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	3,260,263	\$	0	\$	4,678	\$	3,264,941								
Fund Balances Restricted		0		0		4,678		4,678								
Assigned		632,983		0		4,078		632,983								
Unassigned		2,627,280		0		0		2,627,280								
Total Fund Balances	\$	3,260,263	\$	0	\$	4,678	\$	3,264,941								

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balances - Cash Basis Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Postur	General	Educational Regional Service System		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Receipts	61.010.022	e.	1 004 040	6	170.007	e	2 001 760
Intergovernmental	\$1,018,823	\$	1,804,848	\$	178,097	\$	3,001,768
Investment Income	19,592		0		0		19,592
Tuition and Fees	6,176,782		0		0		6,176,782
Rentals	50		0		0		50
Charges for Services	9,724,685		0		0		9,724,685
Miscellaneous	221,972		769		0		222,741
Total Receipts	17,161,904		1,805,617		178,097		19,145,618
Disbursements							
Current:							
Instruction:							
Regular	1,424,175		0		0		1,424,175
Special	4,989,778		0		180,807		5,170,585
Vocational	30,952		0		0		30,952
Support Services:							
Pupils	4,452,728		3,293		95,981		4,552,002
Instructional Staff	1,646,489		1,568,499		26,065		3,241,053
Board of Governors	52,308		0		0		52,308
Administration	2,136,830		14,126		0		2,150,956
Fiscal	349,525		84,201		0		433,726
Business	157,872		0		0		157,872
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	387,032		196,035		0		583,067
Central	21,975		1,910		0		23,885
Extracurricular Activities	8,516		0		0		8,516
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:	- ,						- ,-
Community Services	2,446		0		0		2,446
Debt Service:	=,						_,
Principal Retirement	102,738		3,268		0		106,006
Interest and Fiscal Charges	15,876		108		0		15,984
Total Disbursements	15,779,240		1,871,440		302,853		17,953,533
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	1,382,664		(65,823)		(124,756)		1,192,085
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Advances In	107,729		144,144		125,488		377,361
Advances Out	(269,632)		(94,980)		(12,749)		(377,361)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(161,903)		49,164		112,739		0
Total onle, I marteng bourees (oses)	(101,203)		17,101		112,707		
Net Change in Fund Balance	1,220,761		(16,659)		(12,017)		1,192,085
Fund Balance (Deficit) Beginning of Year (Restated, See Note 2.)	2,039,502		16,659		16,695		2,072,856
Fund Balance (Deficit) End of Year	\$ 3,260,263	\$	0	\$	4,678	\$	3,264,941

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Cash Basis Fiduciary Fund June 30, 2020

	Priv	ate Purpose Trust
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	106,459
Net Position Held in Trust for Scholarships	\$	106,459

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Cash Basis Private Purpose Trust Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Private Purp Trust	ose
Net Position Beginning of Year	\$ 106	5,459
Net Position End of Year	\$ 100	5,459

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SERVICE CENTER

The Summit Educational Service Center (the "Service Center") is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio.

The Service Center is a County Educational Service Center as defined by Section 3313.01 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Service Center operates under an elected Board of Governors (5 members). Board members must be residents of the local school systems located in Summit County. The Service Center provides educational services to the local school systems in Summit County as well as nine city school districts, which have a contractual relationship with the Service Center.

Reporting Entity

The reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements of the Service Center are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the Service Center.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the Service Center is financially accountable. The Service Center is financially accountable for an organization if the Service Center appoints a voting majority of the organizations' governing board and (1) the Service Center is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the Service Center is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the Service Center is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the Service Center is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the Service Center in that the Service Center approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. The Service Center does not have any component units.

During the fiscal year the Service Center was associated with the Metropolitan Regional Service Council (MRSC) also known as Northeast Ohio Network for Educational Technology (NEOnet), which is defined as a jointly governed organization. Representatives from each of the member governments govern jointly, but there is no ongoing financial interest or responsibility by the participating governments. Information regarding this organization is presented in Note 10.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Basis of Accounting

The Service Center's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting. Except for modifications having substantial support, receipts are recorded in the Service Center's financial records and reported in the financial statements when cash is received rather than when earned and disbursements are recorded when cash is paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Any such modifications made by the Service Center are described in the appropriate section in this note.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

As a result of the use of this cash basis of accounting, certain assets and deferred outflows of resources and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements. These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, in accordance with the basis of accounting described in the preceding paragraph.

B. Basis of Presentation

The Service Center's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position, and statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Service Center as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The effect of interfund activity, within governmental funds, has been removed from these statements.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the Service Center at fiscal year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between disbursements and program receipts for each program or function of the Service Center's governmental activities. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operations of a particular program. Receipts which are not classified as program receipts are presented as general receipts of the Service Center, with certain limitations. The comparison of disbursements with program receipts identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general receipts of the Service Center.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the Service Center at a more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. The major funds are presented in separate columns. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

C. Fund Accounting

The Service Center uses fund accounting to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to certain Service Center functions or activities. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The various funds of the Service Center are grouped into the categories of governmental and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the Service Center are financed. Governmental funds focus on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. The following are the Service Center's major governmental funds:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

General Fund The general fund is the operating fund of the Service Center and is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the Service Center for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Educational Regional Service System Special Revenue Fund This fund is used to account for grant receipts used to support state and regional education initiatives and efforts to improve school effectiveness and student achievement. The state system consists of sixteen regions. The Service Center is the fiscal agent for the State Support Team Region 8 which includes Portage, Medina and Summit Counties.

The other governmental funds of the Service Center account for grants and other resources to which the Service Center is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the Service Center under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the Service Center's own programs. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal net position) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The private purpose trust fund accounts for assets held by the Service Center for its scholarship and foundation program.

D. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, all cash received by the Service Center is pooled in a central bank account. Monies for all funds are maintained in this account or temporarily used to purchase short-term investments. Individual fund integrity is maintained through Service Center records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents."

During fiscal year 2020, the Service Center invested in STAR Ohio. STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants. The Service Center measures their investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For the fiscal year 2020, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$25 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$100 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$100 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the Service Center are presented on the financial statements as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents." Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months that are not purchased from the pool are reported as "investments." The Service Center did not have any of these types of investments at year-end.

E. Inventory and Prepaid Items

The Service Center reports disbursements for inventory and prepaid items when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

F. Capital Assets

Acquisitions of property, plant and equipment are recorded as disbursements when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

G. Interfund Receivables/Payables

The Service Center reports advances-in and advances-out for interfund loans. These items are not reflected as assets and liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

H. Compensated Absences

Employees are entitled to cash payments for unused vacation and sick leave in certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment. Unpaid vacation and sick leave are not reflected as liabilities under the cash basis of accounting used by the Service Center.

I. Employer Contributions to Cost-Sharing Pension Plans

The Service Center recognizes disbursements for employer contributions to cost-sharing plans when they are paid. As described in Notes 7 and 8, the employer contributions include portions for pension benefits and for post-retirement health care benefits.

J. Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt arising from cash basis transactions of governmental funds is not reported as a liability on the cash basis financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported when cash is received and payment of principal and interest are reported as disbursements when paid.

K. Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB asset/liability information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

L. Net Position

Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position restricted for other purposes include instructional activities and grants.

The Service Center applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

M. Fund Balance

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, the Service Center classifies its fund balance based on the purpose for which the resources were received and the level of constraint placed on the resources. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable – The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

Restricted – Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed – The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the Service Center Board of Governors. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Service Center Board of Governors removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned – Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the Service Center for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the Service Center Board of Governors. The Board of Governors has by resolution authorized the treasurer to assign fund balance.

Unassigned – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed or assigned.

The Service Center applies restricted resources first when disbursements are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned and then unassigned amounts when disbursements are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

N. Interfund Transactions

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as receipts in the seller funds and as disbursements in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses for governmental funds. All transfers between governmental funds have been eliminated on the statement of net position. Repayments from funds responsible for particular disbursements to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements.

O. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in the nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Governors and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal year 2020.

P. Implementation of New Accounting Principles, Change in Basis of Accounting and Restatement of Fund Balance/Net Position

Implementation of New Accounting Principles

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the Service Center has (to the extent it applies to cash basis of accounting) implement Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 95, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance*. GASB Statement No. 95 postpones the effective dates of certain provisions in the statements that first became effective or are scheduled to become effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018, and later.

The following statements are postponed by one year:

- Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities
- Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period
- Statement No. 90, Majority Equity Interests
- Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations

Certain provisions in the following statements are postponed by one year:

- Statement No. 92, Omnibus 2020
- Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates

The following statement is postponed by 18 months:

• Statement No. 87, Leases

The fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the Service Center has (to the extent it applies to the cash basis of accounting) early implemented, GASB Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period, GASB Statement No. 92 Omnibus 2020, and GASB Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

GASB Statement No. 89 requires that interest costs incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. As a result, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period will not be included in the historical cost of a capital asset reported in a business-type activity or enterprise fund. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 89 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Service Center.

GASB Statement No. 92 enhances comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 92 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Service Center.

GASB Statement No. 97 results in more consistent financial reporting of defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution OPEB plans, and other employee benefit plans, while mitigating the costs associated with reporting those plans. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 97 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Service Center.

Change in Basis of Accounting

For fiscal year 2020, the Service Center ceased to report using generally accepted accounting principles and reported on the cash basis as described in Note 2.

Change in Fund Classification

As noted below, the Service Center evaluated certain fund classifications and based on the current use of these funds, certain agency funds were reclassified as governmental funds during fiscal year 2020. See the following Restatement of Fund Equity disclosure.

Restatement of Fund Equity

The Service Center changed from the GAAP Basis of accounting to the Cash Basis of Accounting for fiscal year 2020, resulting in a restatement of the fiscal year 2019 financial statements. In addition, the Service Center evaluated certain fund classifications that resulted in a change in classifications that required a restatement to the beginning fund balances/net position. The effect on fund balances/net position of is below:

				A	All Other	
	General	E	duc Reg	Gov	vernmental	
	 Fund	Sv	vc Center		Funds	Total
Fund Balances, June 30, 2019	\$ 2,006,278	\$	(37,188)	\$	(3,010)	\$1,966,080
Restatement to convert to Cash basis	(113,544)		53,847		19,705	(39,992)
Restatement of fund classification	146,768		0		0	146,768
Restated Fund Balances, July 1, 2019	\$ 2,039,502	\$	16,659	\$	16,695	\$2,072,856

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities
Net Position, June 30, 2019	\$(14,048,292)
Restatement to convert to Cash basis	15,974,380
Restatement of fund classification	146,768
Restated Net Position, July 1, 2019	\$ 2,072,856

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

Ohio Administrative Code, Section 117-2-03 (B) requires the Service Center to file annual financial reports, which are prepared using generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). For fiscal year 2020, the Service Center prepared financial statements that, although formatted similar to financial statements prescribed by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, report on the basis of cash receipts and cash disbursements, rather than GAAP. The accompanying financial statements and notes omit assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, fund equities, and disclosures that, while material, cannot be determined at this time. Pursuant to Ohio Rev. Code Section 117.38, the Service Center may be fined and subject to various other administrative remedies for its failure to file the required financial report.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the Service Center into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the Service Center Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Governors has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including pass book accounts.

Protection of the Service Center's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by the financial institution's participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Interim monies may be invested in the following obligations provided they mature or are redeemable within five years from the date of settlement:

1. United States Treasury Bills, Notes, Bonds, or any other obligations or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above, provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least 2% and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in item (1) or (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain bankers' acceptances and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed 180 and 270 days, respectively, from the purchase date, in an amount not to exceed 40 percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest rating classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the Service Center, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Deposits - At year-end, \$654,264 of the Service Center's bank balance of \$904,264 was exposed to custodial credit risk. Although the securities were held by the pledging financial institutions' trust department in the Service Center's name and all statutory requirements for the investment of money had been followed, noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the Service Center to a successful claim by the FDIC.

Custodial Credit Risk Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Service Center will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. The Service Center has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or protected by:

- Eligible securities pledged to the Service Center and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose market value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured; or
- Participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities
 deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of
 all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS required the total market value of
 the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer
 of State.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Investments

As of June 30, 2020, the Service Center had the following investment:

]	Investment	
S&P]	Maturity in	
Global		N	l easurement		Months	
Rating	Investment		Amount		0 - 12	% Total
	Net Asset Value (NAV):					
AAAm	Star Ohio	\$	2,521,082	\$	2,521,082	100.0%

Interest Rate Risk The Ohio Revised Code generally limits security purchases to those that mature within five years of the settlement date. It is the Service Center's policy to evaluate market conditions, interest rate forecasts, and cash flow requirements to consider the term of an investment, with the goal being to buy where relative value exists along the maturity spectrum.

Credit Risk STAR Ohio is an investment pool operated by the Ohio State Treasurer. It is unclassified since it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. Ohio law requires STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The weighted average of maturity of the portfolio held by STAR Ohio as of June 30, 2020, is 42 days.

Concentration of Credit Risk The Service Center investment policy is to be diversified in it's holdings of investments by avoiding concentrations of specific users.

Interest is legally required to be placed in the general fund. Interest receipts credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2020 amounted to \$19,592, which includes \$1,720 assigned from other Service Center funds.

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND ACTIVITY

A. Interfund Advances

During fiscal year 2020, the General Fund advanced \$144,144 to the Educational Regional Service System fund to support the council of governments' operations and \$125,488 to various nonmajor governmental funds to support grant programs until grant monies are received. Additionally, the Educational Regional Service System fund advanced \$94,980 and various nonmajor governmental funds advanced \$12,749 to the General Fund, which represented the repayment of outstanding fiscal year 2019 advances.

NOTE 6 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Property and Liability

The Service Center is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters.

These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. There have been no settlements paid in excess of insurance coverage nor has insurance coverage been significantly reduced.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

B. Workers' Compensation

The Service Center participates in the Ohio School Comp Worker's Compensation Group Retrospective Rating Program (GRRP), an insurance pool. This represents a merger of individual pooling programs for the Ohio School Boards Association (OSBA) and the Ohio Association of School Business Officials (OASBO). Each year, the participating governments pay an enrollment fee to the GRRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

The intent of the GRRP, is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the Service Center by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating governments is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all governments in the GRRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRRP, rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRRP. Participation in the GRRP is limited to governments that can meet the GRRP's selection criteria. The firm of Comp Management, Inc. provides administrative, cost control, and actuarial services to the GRRP.

C. Ohio School Plan

The Service Center participates in the Ohio School Plan (the "Plan"), an insurance purchasing pool established under Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Plan is an unincorporated nonprofit association of its members which enables the participants to provide for a formalized joint insurance purchasing programs for maintaining adequate insurance protection and provides risk management programs and other administrative services. The Plan's business affairs are conducted by a eleven member board consisting of superintendents, business managers, treasurers, and the executive directors of the Buckeye Association of School Administrators (BASA), Ohio Association of School Business Officials (OASBO) and the Ohio School Boards Association (OSBA). Hylant Group, Inc. is the Plan's administrator and is responsible for processing claims. Love Insurance Agency serves as the sales and marketing representative which establishes agreements between the Plan and its members. Financial information can be obtained from Love Insurance Agency, 373 Center Street, Suite A, Chardon, Ohio 44024.

D. Employee Medical Benefits

The Service Center is a member of the Stark County Schools Council of Government (the "Council"), through which a cooperative Health Benefit Program was created for the benefit of its members. The Health Benefit Program (the "Program") is an employee health benefit plan which covers the participating members' employees. This Council acts as a fiscal agent for the cash funds paid into the program by the participating governments. These funds are pooled together for the purpose of paying health benefit claims for employees and their covered dependents, administrative expenses of the program, and premiums for stop-loss insurance coverage. The Service Center accounts for the premiums paid as disbursements in the general or applicable fund.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 7 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

Net Pension Liability/Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

Pensions and OPEB are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions/OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) represents the Service Center's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the Service Center's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The Service Center cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the Service Center does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities (assets) within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

The remainder of this note includes the required pension disclosures. See Note 8 for the required OPEB disclosures.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description – Service Center non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a statewide, cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Eligible to Retire before August 1, 2017*	Eligible to Retire on or after August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or
		Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially Reduced	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or
Benefits	Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

^{*}Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on year of service; 2.2 percent for the first 30 years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

An individual whose benefit effective date is before April 1, 2018, is eligible for a cost of living adjustment (COLA) on the first anniversary date of the benefit. Beginning April 1, 2018, new benefit recipients must wait until the fourth anniversary of their benefit for COLA eligibility. The COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit. A three-year COLA suspension is in effect for all benefit recipients for the years 2018, 2019, and 2020. Upon resumption of the COLA, it will be indexed to the percentage increase in the CPI-W, not to exceed 2.5 percent and with a floor of 0 percent.

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the Service Center is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14.0 percent. SERS did not allocate employer contributions to the Health Care Fund for fiscal year 2020.

The Service Center's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$412,748 for fiscal year 2020.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – Service Center licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan, and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. In April 2017, the Retirement Board made the decision to reduce COLA granted on or after July 1, 2017, to 0 percent to preserve the fiscal integrity of the retirement system. Benefit recipients' base benefit and past cost-of living increases are not affected by this change. Effective August 1, 2019 – July 1, 2021, any member may retire with reduced benefits who has (1) five years of service credit and age 60; (2) 28 years of service credit and age 55; or (3) 30 years of service credit regardless of age. Eligibility changes will continue to be phased in through August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60. Retirement eligibility for reduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit regardless of service credit regardless of age.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.53 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.47 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12 percent of the 14 percent member rate goes to the DC Plan and the remaining 2 percent goes to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity after termination of employment at age 50 or later.

New members who choose the DC plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit to apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, plan members were required to contribute 14 percent of their annual covered salary. The Service Center was required to contribute 14 percent; the entire 14 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The fiscal year 2020 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

The Service Center's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$1,290,055 for fiscal year 2020.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an independent actuarial valuation as of that date. The Service Center's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's share of employer contributions in the pension plan relative to the total employer contributions of all participating employers. Following is information related to the proportionate share:

	 SERS	STRS	Total
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability:			
Current Measurement Date	0.08119510%	0.07703285%	
Prior Measurement Date	 0.07552880%	0.07050375%	
Change in Proportionate Share	0.00566630%	0.00652910%	
Proportionate Share of the Net			
Pension Liability	\$ 4,858,045	\$ 17,035,352	\$ 21,893,397

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations. Future benefits for all current plan members were projected through 2035.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2019, are presented below:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal (Level Percent of Payroll)

Inflation 3.00 percent

Future Salary Increases, including inflation 3.50 percent to 18.20 percent

Investment Rate of Return 7.50 percent net of investment expense, including inflation COLA or Ad Hoc COLA 2.50 percent, on and after April 1, 2018, COLA's for future

retirees will be delayed for three years following

commencement

For post-retirement mortality, the table used in evaluating allowances to be paid is the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and Scale BB, with 120 percent of male rates and 110 percent of female rates used. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term return expectation for the investments has been determined by using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating an arithmetic weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes. The asset allocation, as used in the June 30, 2015 five-year experience study, is summarized as follows:

	Target	Long Term Expected			
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return			
Cash	1.00 %	0.50 %			
US Equity	22.50	4.75			
International Equity	22.50	7.00			
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50			
Private Equity	10.00	8.00			
Real Assets	15.00	5.00			
Multi-Asset Strategies	10.00	3.00			
Total	100.00 %				

Discount Rate Total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent. The discount rate determination does not use a municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employers would contribute the actuarially determined contribution rate of projected compensation over the remaining 25-year amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.50 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Sensitivity of the Service Center's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the Service Center's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what the Service Center's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.50 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate.

		Current						
	19	6 Decrease	Di	scount Rate	1% Increase			
Service Center's Proportionate Share								
of the Net Pension Liability	\$	6,807,858	\$	4,858,045	\$	3,222,883		

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the July 1, 2019, actuarial valuation, are presented below:

Inflation	2.50 percent
Projected Salary Increases	12.50 percent at age 20 to 2.50 percent at age 65
Investment Rate of Return	7.45 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Discount Rate of Return	7.45 percent
Projected Payroll Growth	3.00 percent
Cost-of-Living Adjustments	0.00 percent

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2019 valuation, were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for July 1, 2011, through June 30, 2016.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

	Target	Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation*	Real Rate of Return**
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

^{*}Target weights will be phased in over a 24-month period concluding on July 1, 2019.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

**Ten year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25 percent and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.45 percent as of June 30, 2019. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that employer and member contributions will be made at statutory contribution rates of 14 percent each. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2019. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on investments of 7.45 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2019.

Sensitivity of the Service Center's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table represents the Service Center's proportionate share of the net pension liability as of June 30, 2019, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45 percent, as well as what the Service Center's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.45 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.45 percent) than the current assumption:

		Current						
	1% Decrease Discount Rate			iscount Rate	1% Increase			
Service Center's Proportionate Share				_				
of the Net Pension Liability	\$	24,895,269	\$	17,035,352	\$	10,381,529		

NOTE 8 – DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS

See Note 7 for a description of the net OPEB liability (asset).

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The Service Center contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, SERS did not allocate any employer contributions to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2020, this amount was \$19,600. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2.0 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2020, the Service Center's surcharge obligation was \$52,265.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued effective January 1, 2021. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

The net OPEB liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Service Center's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) was based on the Service Center's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	SERS	STRS
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset):	 	
Current Measurement Date	0.08201800%	0.07703300%
Prior Measurement Date	 0.07564300%	 0.07050400%
Change in Proportionate Share	 0.00637500%	0.00652900%
Proportionate Share of the Net	 	
OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ 2,062,583	\$ (1,275,851)

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2019, are presented below:

Inflation 3.00 percent

Salary Increases, including inflation 3.50 percent to 18.20 percent

Investment Rate of Return 7.50 percent net of investment expense, including inflation

Municipal Bond Index Rate

Measurement Date 3.13 percent Prior Measurement Date 3.62 percent

Single Equivalent Interest Rate

Measurement Date 3.22 percent, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation Prior Measurement Date 3.70 percent, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation

Health Care Cost Trend Rate

Pre-Medicare 7.00 percent - 4.75 percent Medicare 5.25 percent - 4.75 percent

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates and 110 percent of female rates. RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates set back five years.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2010 through 2015, and was adopted by the Board on April 21, 2016. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.50 percent, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer time frame. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as used in the June 30, 2015 five-year experience study, are summarized as follows:

	Target	Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00 %	0.50 %
US Equity	22.50	4.75
International Equity	22.50	7.00
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	8.00
Real Assets	15.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	10.00	3.00
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2019 was 3.22 percent. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2019 was 3.70 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the plan at the contribution rate of 1.50 percent of projected covered payroll each year, which includes a 1.50 percent payroll surcharge and no contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make future benefit payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2029. However, since SERS' actuaries indicate the fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted at a future measurement date, the single equivalent interest rate is determined as the single rate that will generate a present value of benefit payments equal to the sum of the present value determined by the long-term expected rate of return, and the present value determined by discounting those benefits after the date of depletion by the Fidelity General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index rate of 3.13 percent, as of June 30, 2019 (i.e., municipal bond rate).

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Sensitivity of the Service Center's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability and what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.22 percent) and higher (4.22 percent) than the current discount rate (3.22 percent). Also shown is what the net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower (6.00 percent decreasing to 3.75 percent) and higher (8.00 percent decreasing to 5.75 percent) than the current rate.

				Current		
	19	% Decrease	Di	scount Rate	1	% Increase
Service Center's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$	2,503,581	\$	2,062,583	\$	1,711,933
	19	√₀ Decrease	7	Current Frend Rate	1'	% Increase
Service Center's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$	1,652,545	\$	2,062,583	\$	2,606,598

Actuarial Assumptions – STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2019, actuarial valuation are presented below:

Inflation	2.50 percent						
Projected Salary Increases	12.50 percent at age 20 to 2.50 percent at age 65						
Payroll Increases	3.00 percent						
Investment Rate of Return	7.45 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation						
Discount Rate of Return	7.45 percent						
Health Care Cost Trend Rates							
Medical	<u>Initial</u>	<u>Ultimate</u>					
Pre-Medicare	5.87 percent	4.00 percent					
Medicare	4.93 percent	4.00 percent					
Prescription Drug							
Pre-Medicare	7.73 percent	4.00 percent					
Medicare	9.62 percent	4.00 percent					

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation, were adopted by the board from the results of an actuarial experience study for July 1, 2011, through June 30, 2016.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

	Target	Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation*	Real Rate of Return**
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

^{*}Target weights will be phased in over a 24-month period concluding on July 1, 2019.

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.45 percent as of June 30, 2019. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed STRS continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care plan investments of 7.45 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2019.

Sensitivity of the Service Center's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate and Health Care Cost Trend Rate The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2019, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45 percent, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.45 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.45 percent) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB liability as of June 30, 2019, calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower and one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

				Current		
	19	% Decrease	D	iscount Rate	1% Increase	
Service Center's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	(1,088,685)	\$	(1,275,851)	\$	(1,433,214)
	19	% Decrease	,	Current Trend Rate	1	% Increase
Service Center's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	(1,446,757)	\$	(1,275,851)	\$	(1,066,533)

^{**}Ten year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25 percent and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 9 - LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS

Changes in long-term obligations of the Service Center during the current fiscal year were as follows:

									Amo	unt Due
		Balance						Balance		Within
	Jun	e 30, 2019	Additions Deductions		Deductions	June 30, 2020		One Year		
Governmental Activities:				_						
Direct Borrowing:										
2008 Lease-Purchase Agreement	\$	399,987	\$	0	\$	(94,333)	\$	305,654	\$	98,012
2017 Lease-Purchase Agreement		12,674		0		(11,673)		1,001		1,001
Total Long Term Obligations	\$	412,661	\$	0	\$	(106,006)	\$	306,655	\$	99,013

In fiscal year 2008, the Service Center entered into a lease-purchase agreement for HVAC improvements for heating and cooling. In the event of default, as defined by the lease agreement, the Lessor has the right to exercise all rights and remedies, including the rights to declare all sums due during the Service Center's current fiscal period and/or take possession of the HVAC equipment.

In fiscal year 2017, the Service Center entered into a lease-purchase agreement five copiers. In the event of default, as defined by the lease agreement, the amounts payable by the Service Center may become due. If payments are not made, the lessor may retake possession of the copiers and hold the Service Center liable for amounts payable.

Principal and interest requirements to retire the lease-purchase agreements outstanding at June 30, 2020 are as follows:

	 Lease-Purchase Agreements							
Year	Principal		Interest		Total			
2021	\$ 99,013	\$	11,924	\$	110,937			
2022	101,835		8,098		109,933			
2023	 105,807		4,128		109,935			
	\$ 306,655	\$	24,150	\$	330,805			

NOTE 10 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION

Metropolitan Regional Service Council (MRSC)

MRSC is also known as Northeast Ohio Network for Educational Technology (NEOnet), which is the name used exclusively prior to their reorganization from a consortium to a council of governments. The jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions for members. All districts in MRSC are required to pay fees, charges, and assessments as charged. The MRSC assembly consists of a superintendent or designated representative from each participating member and a representative from the fiscal agent. MRSC is governed by a board of directors, chosen from the general membership of the MRSC assembly. The board of directors consists of a representative from the fiscal agent, the chairman of each operating committee, and at least one assembly member from each county from which participating members are located. Financial information can be obtained by contacting Northeast Ohio Network for Educational

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Technology, located at 700 Graham Road, Cuyahoga Falls, Ohio 44221. During the current fiscal year, the Service Center paid \$119,637 to MRSC for fees.

NOTE 11 – CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The Service Center received financial assistance from Federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The disbursements of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, the effect of any such disallowed claims on the overall financial position of the Service Center at June 30, 2020, if applicable, cannot be determined at this time.

B. Litigation

The Service Center is a party to legal proceedings. Although management cannot presently determine the outcome of these suits, they believe the resolution of these matters will not materially adversely affect the Service Center's financial statements.

NOTE 12 – FUND BALANCE

Fund balance can be classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the Service Center is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in governmental funds.

The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented as follows:

		Educ	ational	(Other		
		Region	al Service	Gov	ernmental		
	General	System		Funds		Total	
Restricted for:							
Local Grants	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	2,957	\$	2,957
Federal Grants	0		0		1,721		1,721
Total Restricted	0		0		4,678		4,678
Assigned for:							
Encumbrances:							
Instructional	\$ 19,287	\$	0	\$	0	\$	19,287
Support Services	604,964		0		0		604,964
Other Purposes:							
Public School Support	8,732		0		0		8,732
Total Assigned	632,983		0		0		632,983
Unassigned (Deficit)	 2,627,280				0		2,627,280
Total Fund Balance	\$ 3,260,263	\$	0	\$	4,678	\$	3,264,941

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 13 – ENCUMBRANCE COMMITMENTS

The Service Center utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end may be reported as part of restricted, committed or assigned classifications of fund balance. At fiscal year-end, the Service Center commitments for encumbrances in the general fund, Educational Regional Service System fund and other governmental funds were \$624,251, \$106,986 and \$1,144 respectively.

NOTE 14 – STATE AND LOCAL FUNDING

A. State Funding

The Service Center, under state law, provides supervisory services to the local school districts within its territory. Each city and exempted village school district that entered into an agreement with the Service Center is considered to be provided supervisory services. The cost of the supervisory services is determined by formula under State law. The State Department of Education apportions the costs for all supervisory services among the Service Center's local school districts based on each school's total student count.

The Department of Education deducts each school district's amount from their State Foundation Program settlements and remits the amount to the Service Center. The Service Center may provide additional supervisory services if the majority of local school districts agree to the services and the apportionment of the costs to all of the local school districts.

The Service Center also receives funding from the State Department of Education in the amount of \$26.00 times the average daily membership of the Service Center. Average daily membership includes the total student counts of all local school districts within the Service Center's territory and all of the Service Center's client school districts. This amount is paid from State resources.

The Service Center may contract with city, exempted village, local, joint vocational, or cooperative education school districts to provide special education and related services or career-technical education services. The individual boards of education pay the costs for these services directly to the Service Center.

B. Local Funding

Approximately 6 percent of the funding for Service Center's comes from the member districts they serve through deductions or transfers that the Ohio Department of Education (ODE) makes out of state foundation to the Service Centers. A number of calculations comprise this deduction.

Special education extended service – Since the State stopped paying for extended service, special education extended service has become a local responsibility. It is paid based on total costs of the program allocated on a per pupil basis.

\$6.50 per pupil deduction – The ODE annually deducts from each local and client school district of each Service Center, pursuant to Division (E) of Section 3317.023 of the Ohio Revised Code, and pays to the Service Center an amount equal to \$6.50 times the school district's total student count. The Board of Education of any local or client school may agree to pay an amount in excess of \$6.50 per student in total student count. The Board of Education of any local or client school must notify ODE with a signed resolution of agreement of any per pupil amounts in excess of \$6.50 so proper deductions can be made.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Service contracts – Districts may set up service contracts with Service Centers to pay for services above and beyond those covered by the above described funding sources. To receive payment pursuant to such contracts, or agreements, a Service Center must furnish to the State a copy of the contract or written statement that clearly indicates the payments owed and is signed by the superintendent or treasurer of the responsible school district. These deductions are included in the Service Center deduction of the foundation payment form. Instead of having contract amounts deducted by the State, Service Centers may bill the districts directly. Service Centers can also enter into agreements under Section 3313.844 of the Ohio Revised Code to provide services to community schools.

NOTE 15 – SUBSEQUENT EVENT

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Due to the dynamic environment and change in fiscal policies, the exact impact on the Service Center's future operating costs, revenues, and any recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be reasonably estimated however the Service Center does not expect COVID-19 to have any significant impact.

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SUMMIT EDUCATIONAL SERVICE CENTER SUMMIT COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

FEDERAL GRANTOR	Federal		
Pass Through Grantor	CFDA	Grant	
Program / Cluster Title	Number	Year	Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education			
Special Education Cluster:			
Special Education Grants to States - Early Literacy SSIP	84.027	2019	\$ 7,759
Special Education Grants to States - Early Literacy SSIP	84.027	2020	64,549
Special Education Grants to States	84.027	2018	1,882
Special Education Grants to States	84.027	2019	199,114
Special Education Grants to States	84.027	2020	1,241,269
Total Special Education Cluster - Grants to States			1,514,573
Special Education Preschool Grants - ELD Grant	84.173	2019	10,525
Special Education Preschool Grants - ELD Grant	84.173	2020	51,723
Special Education Preschool Grants - Early Literacy SSIP (ELSR)	84.173	2019	2,731
Special Education Preschool Grants - Early Literacy SSIP (ELSR)	84.173	2020	19,176
Special Education Preschool Grants - Pre K SE	84.173	2019	12,735
Special Education Preschool Grants - Pre K SE	84.173	2020	37,165
Total Special Education Cluster - Preschool Grants			134,055
Total Special Education Cluster			1,648,628
10.00.000.000.000.000.000.000.000.000.0			
Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies	84.010	2019	3,460
Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies	84.010	2020	64,440
Total Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies			67,900
Title III Grant - English Language Learner	84.365	2020	3,170
Special Education - State Personnel Development	84.323	2019	258
Special Education - State Personnel Development	84.323	2020	2,178
Total Special Education - State Personnel Development	04.020	2020	2,436
Supporting Effective Instruction	84.367A	2020	16,992
Total U.S. Department of Education			1,739,126
Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$1,739,126

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

SUMMIT EDUCATIONAL SERVICE CENTER SUMMIT COUNTY

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Summit Educational Service Center (the Service Center's) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2020. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Service Center, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the Service Center.

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE C - INDIRECT COST RATE

The Service Center has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Summit Educational Service Center Summit County 420 Washington Avenue Suite Cuyahoga Falls, Ohio 44221

To the Board of Governors:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Summit Educational Service Center, Summit County, (the Service Center) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Service Center's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 23, 2021, wherein we noted the Service Center changed fund classifications and their accounting framework, which means they now use a special purpose framework other than generally accepted accounting principles. In addition, we noted the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures that may impact subsequent periods.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the Service Center's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the Service Center's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the Service Center's financial statements. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Therefore, unidentified material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings that we consider a significant deficiency. We consider finding 2020-002 to be a significant deficiency.

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Summit Educational Service Center
Summit County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Required by Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Service Center's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the financial statement. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards* which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2020-001.

Service Center's Response to Findings

The Service Center's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and corrective action plan. We did not subject the Service Center's response to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the Service Center's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Service Center's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

February 23, 2021



Conference Center, Suite 154 6000 Frank Ave. NW North Canton, OH 44720 EastRegion@ohioauditor.gov (800) 443-9272

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO THE MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Summit Educational Service Center Summit County 420 Washington Avenue Cuyahoga Falls, Ohio 44221

To the Board of Governors:

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

We have audited the Summit Educational Service Center's (the Service Center) compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect the Summit Educational Service Center's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2020. The *Summary of Auditor's Results* in the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the Service Center's major federal program.

Management's Responsibility

The Service Center's Management is responsible for complying with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal program.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the Service Center's compliance for the Service Center's major federal program based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). These standards and the Uniform Guidance require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Service Center's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on the Service Center's major program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Service Center's compliance.

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Summit Educational Service Center
Summit County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to the Major Federal Program and On Internal Control Over
Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance
Page 2

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Summit Educational Service Center complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The Service Center's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the Service Center's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the Service Center's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control over compliance tests and the results of this testing based on Uniform Guidance requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

February 23, 2021

SUMMIT EDUCATIONAL SERVICE CENTER SUMMIT COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 JUNE 30, 2020

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Special Education Grants to States Cluster - CFDA #84.027 and #84.173
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 750,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR § 200.520?	No

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2020-001

Noncompliance - Ohio Rev. Code § 117.38 - Financial Statement Reporting

Ohio Rev. Code § 117.38 provides that each public office shall file a financial report for each fiscal year. The Auditor of State may prescribe forms by rule or may issue guidelines, or both, for such reports. If the Auditor of State has not prescribed a rule regarding the form for the report, the public office shall submit its report on the form utilized by the public office.

Ohio Admin. Code § 117-2-03(B), which further clarifies the requirements of Ohio Rev. Code § 117.38, requires the Service Center to file annual financial reports which are prepared using generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

The Service Center prepared financial statements that, although formatted similar to financial statements prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, report on the basis of cash receipts and cash disbursements, rather than GAAP. The accompanying financial statements and notes omit certain assets, liabilities, deferred inflows/outflows of resources, fund equities/net position, and disclosures that, while presumed material, cannot be determined at this time.

Pursuant to Ohio Rev. Code § 117.38 the Service Center may be fined and subject to various other administrative remedies for its failure to file the required financial report. Failure to report on a GAAP basis compromises the Service Center's ability to evaluate and monitor the overall financial condition of the Service Center. To help provide the users with more meaningful financial statements, the Service Center should prepare its annual financial statements according to generally accepted accounting principles.

Official's Response: Please see the Corrective Action Plan.

FINDING NUMBER 2020-002

Significant Deficiency - Financial Reporting

In our audit engagement letter, as required by AU-C Section 210, *Terms of Engagement*, paragraph .06, management acknowledged its responsibility for the preparation and fair presentation of their financial statements; this responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error as discussed in AU-C Section 210 paragraphs .A14 & .A16

The following exceptions were noted resulting in adjustments to the financial statements to reflect the proper reporting indicating a deficiency in the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements.

Summit County Educational Service Center Summit County Schedule of Findings Page 2

FINDING NUMBER 2020-002 (Continued)

- The Other Governmental Fund (OGF) opinion unit Intergovernmental Receipts were overstated and the Educational Regional Service System (ERSS) opinion unit Intergovernmental Receipts were understatement by \$17,316 and the corresponding expenditures were overstated and understated by \$19,175, respectively, due to the improperly recording an ERSS fund account to the OGF opinion unit. As a result, during the compilation process to eliminate the negative cash position in the ERSS and the OGF opinion units, the Advance Ins were overstated and understated, respectively, by the \$1,859.
- The ERSS and the OGF opinion units Advances In / Advances Out were understated by \$94,980 and \$12,749, respectively, due to the amounts being reported net of the repayment of prior year interfund balances. In addition, advances were made to the Financial Statements to correct negative fund balances at year end. As the advances were performed as adjustments during the compilation process, the advances were not approved by formal resolution as required by Auditor of State Bulletin 97-003 and were not recorded by the Treasurer in the accounting records.

To help ensure the financial statements are presented properly, the Service Center should review the design, implementation and maintenance of internal controls relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements and update and/or clarify the procedures and expected practices regarding proper Financial Statement reporting and compliance.

In addition, the Service Center should review the trial balance classifications of receipts (expenditures) as well as adjustments made during the compilation process to help ensure accurate reporting of receipts, disbursements and interfund activity. Improper classifications of transactions can lead to misleading financial statements and prevent management from receiving accurate information with which to manage the operation of the Service Center

Official's Response: Please see the Corrective Action Plan.

	S FOR FEDERAL AWARDS	COST	ID QUESTIONED	. FINDINGS	3.
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None

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SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS 2 CFR 200.511(b) JUNE 30, 2020

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Status	Additional Information
2019-001	Material Weakness – Financial Reporting Accrued Wages & Benefits were incorrectly calculated in the General Fund, the Educational Regional Service System, and Other Governmental Funds.	Fully Corrected	The Service Center worked with our ITC to correct the calculation of the accrued wages obtained from the eFinance Plus software system to reflect an accurate calculation.
	In addition, improperly reported the General Fund Intergovernmental Receivable as Deferred Inflows-Unavailable Revenue instead of Charges for Services Revenue.	Fully Corrected	The Service Center reviewed the coding of receipts to ensure that they are properly reported in the financial statements.

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CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN 2 CFR § 200.511(c) JUNE 30, 2020

Finding Number:

2020-001

Planned Corrective Action:

The Service Center prepared a cost benefit analysis between the preparation of GAAP financial statements and OCBOA financial statements. We determined that the savings in fees is beneficial. The Service Center will review this decision prior to the end of

this fiscal year.

Anticipated Completion Date:

June 30, 2021

Responsible Contact Person:

Laurel Young

Finding Number:

2020-002

Planned Corrective Action:

The Service Center will review and evaluate adjustments and reclassifications of funds made by the compilers of the financial statements for correctness, prior to the report being submitted for

audit.

Anticipated Completion Date: Responsible Contact Person:

June 30, 2021 Laurel Young

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SUMMIT COUNTY EDUCATIONAL SERVICE CENTER

SUMMIT COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 3/23/2021

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370