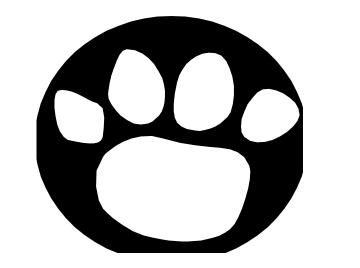


Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2020

Twinsburg City School Districtwhere the schools and the communities are one.

TWINSBURG, OHIO



OHIO AUDITOR OF STATE KEITH FABER

88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 IPAReport@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

Board of Education Twinsburg City School District 11136 Ravenna Road Twinsburg, Ohio 44087

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Twinsburg City School District, Summit County, prepared by Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2020. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Twinsburg City School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

April 08, 2021

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020



where the schools and the communities are one.

Prepared By: Martin Aho, Director of Finance/Treasurer and Treasurer's Office Staff

> 11136 Ravenna Road Twinsburg, Ohio 44087

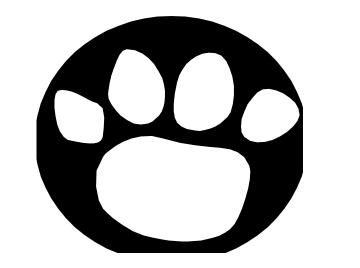


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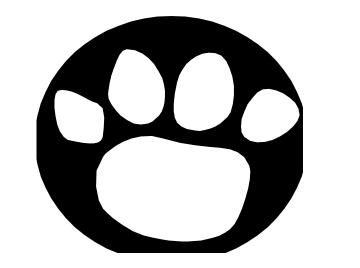
Twinsburg City School District Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION





Kathryn Powers, Superintendent Martin Aho, Treasurer Jennifer Farthing, Director of Curriculum Timothy Sullen, Director of Human Resources Denise Traphagen, Director of Pupil Personnel Andrea Walker, Director of Student Wellness Chad Welker, Business Manager

February 5, 2021

To the Citizens and Board of Education of the Twinsburg City School District:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the Twinsburg City School District, (the School District) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, is hereby submitted. This report, prepared by the Fiscal Office, includes financial statements, supplemental statements, and other financial and statistical information to provide complete and full disclosure of all material financial aspects of the School District for the 2019-2020 fiscal year. This report is presented in compliance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, "Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments" and is representative of the School District's commitment to provide meaningful information to its stakeholders.

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data presented, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including the disclosures, rests with the School District's management. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the CAFR and enclosed data are accurate in all material respects and are reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds of the School District.

State law requires the School District's financial statements to be subjected to a biennial examination by the Auditor of State of Ohio (Auditor) or an independent auditor contracted by the Auditor unless an annual Federal Single Audit is required. In addition, the law requires the School District to prepare and file, within 150 days following the close of their fiscal period, a financial statement prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) with the Auditor. The financial statements, at a minimum, should be the basic financial statements of the School District and include the notes to those statements. Although not required by law, management of the School District has decided to prepare this CAFR. A further discussion of the audit can be found later in this letter.

This CAFR, which includes an opinion from Charles E. Harris & Associates Inc., conforms to generally accepted accounting principles as set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and is representative of the School District's commitment to provide meaningful information to the citizens of the School District.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A), immediately follows the independent auditor's report, provides a narrative introduction, overview and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

Description of the School District

The School District serves an area of approximately 30 square miles. It is comprised of the City of Twinsburg, Twinsburg Township, the Village of Reminderville and a portion of the City of Macedonia. It is located in the Northeast corner of Summit County and is approximately 21 miles southeast of downtown Cleveland and 24 miles northwest of Akron. Residents are from a broad range of socioeconomic and ethnic backgrounds. According to the 2010 Census, the population of the School District was 24,137.

As of October 2019, there were 4,089 students attending the five schools in the School District. They are: Wilcox Primary built in 1960, Bissell Elementary built in 1963, Dodge Intermediate built in 1969, Chamberlin Middle School built in 1958, and Twinsburg High School built in 1999. The School District also owns a central office building built in 1957, a bus garage, a football stadium, and various athletic fields. To date Twinsburg residents have invested over \$75 million in School District buildings, land, furniture, equipment and vehicles.

There has been overall growth in student population. The 1992-93 enrollment was 2,431 students. Since then the student population has increased nearly 70%. However, enrollment projections indicate stagnate student population census over the next ten years. Projections indicate the School District's student population should flatten at approximately 4,200 students over the next ten years.

Organization of the School District

The Board of Education of the School District is comprised of five members elected at-large by the citizens of the School District. The Board serves as the taxing authority, contracting body, and policy initiator for the operation of the School District. The Board is responsible for the adoption of the tax budget, the annual operating budget and approves all expenditures of the School District. The Board is a body politic and corporate, as defined by Section 3313.02 of the Ohio Revised Code, and has only those powers and authority conferred upon it by the law.

The Superintendent is the Chief Executive Officer of the School District and is directly responsible to the Board for all operations within the School District. Effective August 1, 2011, Mrs. Kathryn Powers was hired as Superintendent. Mrs. Powers served as Director of Human Resources with the Brecksville-Broadview Heights City School District from 2008 to 2011 and as the Director of Instruction with the South Euclid-Lyndhurst City School District. Mrs. Powers also served as an elementary and middle school principal. She replaced Mr. Stephen Marlow who served as superintendent until he tendered his resignation at the February 2, 2011 board meeting.

The Treasurer is the Chief Fiscal Officer of the School District and is responsible directly to the Board for all financial operations, investments, custody of School District funds and assets, and serves as Secretary to the Board. Mr. Martin Aho has served in this capacity since July 2002. He has over twenty eight years of public sector employment experience. After seven years of service with the State Auditor's Office, he was an Assistant Treasurer for three years. He has an MBA from the University of Akron. The Treasurer's office employs four staff members.

All other School District employees are responsible to the Superintendent and are employed by the Board upon the recommendation of the Superintendent.

The Reporting Entity

The School District has reviewed its reporting entity definition in order to insure conformance with the GASB Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity" as amended by GASB Statement No 39 "Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units" and GASB Statement No. 61, "The Financing Reporting Entity: Omnibus an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14 and No. 34." In evaluating how to define the School District for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all agencies, departments and organizations making up the School District (the primary government) and its potential component units.

A complete discussion of the School District's reporting entity is provided in Note 1 to the basic financial statements.

Economic Conditions

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the School District operates.

Local Economy

The City of Twinsburg is an enviable location as part of the metropolitan Cleveland-Akron area. The two entrances to Interstate 480 are in very close proximity to Interstate 271 and Interstate 80 (Ohio Turnpike). The easy access to interstate highways has enabled the vitality of a large industrial park. Located within this park was a large Chrysler stamping plant that closed March 2010. The property has been cleared and is being redeveloped as warehouse/shipping space for FedEx, Amazon, O'Reilly Auto Parts and several other large companies.

Four State-supported and six private colleges and universities are located within a convenient driving distance from Twinsburg. The Twinsburg Public Library has been nationally recognized when compared to similar size libraries. The Twinsburg Public Library's consistently receives top ratings and has received several number one rating as measured by Hennen's American Public Library Ratings. In 2006 the Library surpassed the circulation milestone of one million items and in 2014 surpassed 1.25 million items. The Library celebrated its 100 birthday on May 2, 2010 and serves a population of just over 24,000.

Twinsburg hosts the Twins Days Festival on the first full weekend of August each year. The Twins Days Festival is the largest annual gathering of twins and multiples in the world! It annually attracts twins, multiples and their families from all over the globe.

Twinsburg City, Twinsburg Township and the Village of Reminderville have experienced a vibrant business sector over the past two decades. Limited growth is expected to continue as space remains available for this use. Tax incentive programs have assisted the growth. The benefits of the plans are being realized as businesses are committed to their partnership and remain in the community. The School District is deeply affected by the local economy as well as the overall economic health of the country. Property taxes and intergovernmental revenues, prime indicators of the strength or weaknesses of the local economy, are closely tracked.

In monitoring property tax revenues, the School District takes in account several factors, including tax collections, the values of new construction, foreclosures and reappraisals. Having declined 8% after the mortgage-meltdown-fueled-national-recession; Summit County real estate valuations for the School District have regained and surpassed their pre-meltdown values.

Long-term financial planning

During these uncertain economic times the administration and Board of Education endeavor to hold down expenditures and continue to examine areas to make future resource reallocations. Our goal is to create dynamic curriculum and learning environments that challenge all students' creative, analytical and critical thinking abilities and skills beyond standardized requirements. The Twinsburg City School District focuses on developing the "whole child" by implementing a focused curriculum, social/emotional supports, community partnerships and high quality professional development. With the continued support of our community and the dedication of our staff, we will provide an exceptional education so each student can reach their fullest potential.

The litigation now referred to as the "DeRolph Case" began in 1991 ultimately found the State's method of funding school districts to be unconstitutional. Subsequently the Ohio Supreme Court relinquished jurisdiction over the case and directed the Ohio General Assembly to enact a school-funding scheme that is thorough and efficient. Under the guise of education reform, charter schools, online schools in addition to voucher programs deleteriously divert funds from traditional public schools. And in most cases charters perform substantially below their public counterparts and lack accountability and transparency giving rise to concerns over their fiscal stewardship.

The Ohio Legislature enacted in 1976, House Bill 920, severely limiting school funding. This law prohibits school districts from realizing any additional revenue on a previously approved levy via inflationary pressures. Historically, millage rates have been rolled back as reappraisals boost property values. In 1972, taxpayers were promised Real Estate tax relief when the State put forth a State-wide income tax. In 2013 HB59 ended this promise by denying homeowners the Homestead and Roll Back discount on all new levies.

House Bill 95 passed in June 2003 and House Bill 66 passed in June 2005 have eliminated the collection of taxes on tangible personal property. Tangible personal property is the machinery, inventory, furniture and fixtures owned by businesses. As the tax on tangible personal property was eliminated, the State provided a limited reimbursement for a short period of time. An ebbing flow of revenue came from a Commercial Activity Tax. Interestingly, revenue that once originated from local sources were relabeled and appear as if the State has increased funding to education. *The net effect is an overall reduction of revenue to the School Districts and consequently many Ohio schools were forced to seek voter-approved levies more frequently*. Instead of the State of Ohio assisting public schools, as directed by the DeRolph decisions, the State has and continues to limit and/or reduce public school funding. The State is further shifting the tax burden from the State to the local level by shifting State foundation funding from traditional public schools to charter school, scholarship programs and voucher to private schools.

Financial Policy

The School District is required by Ohio law to complete a five-year financial forecast annually. The School District completed the forecast in November as required and updated the forecast in May. Per the ODE the forecast is designed to engage the local board of education and community in the long range planning and discussion of financial issues facing the school district based on information currently available and serves as a basis for determining school district's ability to sign the "412 certificate". The five-year forecast is the primary process for the Department of Education and Auditor of State to identify school districts with potential financial problems. Events and circumstances frequently do not occur as expected and will significantly alter the outcomes and results of the forecast and assumptions. The forecast numbers, and assumptions while made in good faith, *can, will and do* change over time and cannot be guaranteed.

The financial forecast of general fund operations for the next five years demonstrates the School District's eroding financial position. The School District adopted an Operational Change Plan in fiscal year 2013 reducing expenditures by \$3.2 million paired with a new operating levy, however, expenditures are expected to exceeded revenues in fiscal years 2020 through 2025. Although the School District has a carry-over cash balance and has made expenditure reductions, negative ending operating results are projected for the near future. State legislative decisions, consequently resulted in the School District experiencing flat revenues for the ten year span from fiscal years 2007 through 2017.

As measured by the Ohio Department of Education, the School District's FY20 per-pupil expenditures (\$12,344) are consistently lower than the State average (\$12,692), similar districts (\$12,502) and most of the neighboring school districts. The focus on academics results in the School District being among the top 20% of public districts with superior academic performance index scores.

Initiatives and Accomplishments

Across the School District a number of major accomplishments have taken place. The following are examples of those initiatives that directly impact teaching and learning.

Instruction

Curriculum and Instruction

The School District offers approximately twenty Advanced Placement courses permitting students to earn college level credits. Additionally, Duel Credit, Credit Flex and College Credit Plus options are available to students. The Academy at Twinsburg High School is designed for students to shadow and/or participate in internships with over 60 surrounding businesses while they explore future career pathways.

Curriculum leaders and teachers have continued to work hard on refining curriculum maps and develop quality formative assessments. The School District emphasis on professional development ensures the coherent and rigorous implementation of Ohio's Learning Standards and Next Generation Assessments. Professional development opportunities support teachers' use of the data to improve instruction. Additionally, Professional Learning Communities (PLCs) enhance teaching, learning and collaboration. The School District has implemented Makerspaces environments which challenge students to create and learn through hands-on, personalized experiences. Also, Blended Learning classrooms combine online educational materials and traditional classroom methods. Students can, to a degree, choose their path and pace in the classroom during instruction.

➤ Activities

Many activities support student learning such as Vocal/Orchestra/Band Music Programs, Cub Community Program, Interactive Media Program, Toast Masters, RBC Honor Corps, and iLead. Instrumental and vocal music programs excel for example Great Expectations Show Choir has earned numerous Grand Champion awards. The School District offers a variety athletic opportunities for student athletes. Students participated in regional and state competitions. Activities have also been designed to facilitate parental involvement in the schools. These include Family Focus Nights and Parent Workshops, Father's Walk, Veteran's/Grandparents Days, and Parent-to-Parent Support Group. In partnership with a local hospital CPR training has been rolled out to many students and all staff have been trained and certified.

> Recognition

U.S. News & World Report ranks Twinsburg High School (THS) number 44 out of 691 Ohio high schools in 2020! THS also ranked number 1197 in the U.S. out of more than 17,000 high schools. That is the top 6 percent. It is based on their performance on state assessments and how well they prepare students for college.

All Day Kindergarten and Preschool

The School District has offered All-Day Kindergarten for many years in an effort to ensure all students are reading at grade level or better as they progress to first grade. For the sixth year in a row, 100% of our third grade students met the requirements of the Third Grade Reading Guarantee. Numerous summer reading intervention programs are provided by the School District to assist struggling readers achieve success.

The preschool program provides services to a population of special education and typical peer students. Wilcox Primary School's Five Star Step Up to Quality Program was expanded through the addition of a new project-based Kindergarten Preparatory Program.

Student Supports

Positive Behavioral Interventions and Supports (PBIS) is a School District initiative that encompasses preschool through 12th grade. PBIS promotes positive relationships, clear expectations, while consistently acknowledging and correcting behaviors. The focus is for all students to "Be Respectful, Be Responsible, Be Safe and Be Caring".

The School District is committed to providing both academic and social-emotional services for students in order to support the whole child. The School District is very fortunate to have a School-Based Program to support the social-emotional needs of our students.

Nutrition and Wellness

All of the District's schools are USDA certified as HealthierUS Schools. The School District in the top 4% of schools nationwide that exceed all current USDA guidelines for food served in our schools. We strive for food that is fresh, healthy and appealing.

> Planning

The process of developing the Strategic Plan started October 2018 with the assembly of the Action Teams enlisting community members, teachers, staff and administrators. The planning process focused on six areas; 1. 21st Century Teaching & Learning, 2. Financial, 3. Communications, 4. Climate & Culture, 4. Safety, and 6. Facilities. The completed Strategic Plan was presented to the Board of Education for their approval.

Annually the Board of Education's approves the Continuous Improvement Plan that was developed with input from various stakeholders. In addition to the overall plan, each building developed its annual goals within the plan to improve student outcomes.

Plant and Educational Support

➢ Facilities

All school buildings are in excellent physical condition. A Permanent Improvement levy supports the building maintenance program. An architectural firm made a thorough assessment of all School District facilities and from this assessment; the Facilities Strategic Plan was presented to the Board of Education on June 29, 2016 and updated in 2019. The Twinsburg High School was opened January 1999. Attached to it is a Fitness Center operated by the City of Twinsburg Parks and Recreation Department. An artificial-grass surface was initially installed at our Tiger Stadium during the summer of 2006 and replaced in 2015. It has been positively received by the athletes and community alike.

Energy Conservation

A House Bill 264 Energy Conservation Project at the High School (built in 1999) was completed in 2011. It has reduced energy consumption by approximately 46% and earned the High School an Energy Star Rating. At R.B. Chamberlin, the energy conservation project completed in 2015 replaced a boiler and upgraded lighting and HVAC controls.

Technology

All buildings are wired, networked, and have internet access. The School District has over 4,000 computers for student and staff use. All staff and Board of Education members have e-mail access. Other technologies that support education are also available. The School District has repurposed underutilized space into computer labs. The School District has program to rollout Chromebooks one-to-one for students and teachers. The roll-out started at the High School in 2018 for two grade levels and was to progress with additional grade levels. However, this year due to the Covid-19 pandemic the program was accelerated to ensure any student needing a device received one. Chromebooks have been a valuable tool to facilitate teaching and learning in both the classroom and remote settings.

> Security

The School District has implemented a School District-wide security plan to protect the students and the staff in case of an emergency. All buildings have security equipment and procedures in place. All staff members as well as students in grades 4-12 have been trained in A.L.I.C.E., an intruder response program. The School District staff and area safety forces have participated in safety response drills. Building Welcome Centers and guest access solutions have been installed in all five educational buildings.

➢ Buses

The School District has a fleet of 44 buses. The School District has developed a replacement schedule to refresh the fleet over a ten year cycle.

Financial Information

The management of the School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the School District are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of the control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived from its implementation; and (2) the valuation of cost and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timeframe. All funds, other than agency funds are required to be budgeted and appropriated. Encompassed in this process expenditures and encumbrances must be within appropriations and appropriations must be with in estimated resources. The level of budgetary control for the School District is at the object level for the general fund and the fund level for all other funds. The School District utilizes a fully automated accounting system. Each fund is a distinct self-balancing accounting entity.

Other Information

GFOA Certificate of Achievement

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Twinsburg City School District for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. This is the twentieth consecutive year that the School District has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized report. The report must satisfy Generally Accepted Accounting Principles and applicable legal requirements

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for one year only. We believe our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Auditor of State's Award

The School District has received multiple Auditor of the State of Ohio Awards. Upon the completion of a financial audit, The Auditor of State Award is presented to school districts for the timely filing of the annual financial report in the form of a CAFR. Additionally, the audit report is "clean" and does not contain any findings for recovery, material citations, material weaknesses, significant deficiencies, questioned costs, or Single Audit findings. Fewer than five percent of all Ohio government agencies are eligible for this award.

<u>Additional Information</u>

For a more in depth discussion of the financial condition of the School District, please refer to the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Acknowledgements

The publication of this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report significantly increases the accountability of the Twinsburg City School District and is a significant step toward elevating professional standards for the Twinsburg City School District's financial reporting. It's preparation and publication would not have been possible without the commitment of the Board of Education and administration and the tireless efforts of the Treasurer's Department and building staff. I wish to express my deepest appreciation and thanks to the individuals who assisted with the preparation of this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. It is with great pride that the Twinsburg City School District presents the 2020 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report to the citizens and taxpayers of the School District.

Finally, a special thanks to the Board of Education where the commitment to excellence begins. Respectfully Submitted,

Martin Aho, M.B.A. Treasurer

what the Kathup M. Powers

Kathryn Powers Superintendent

Board of Education

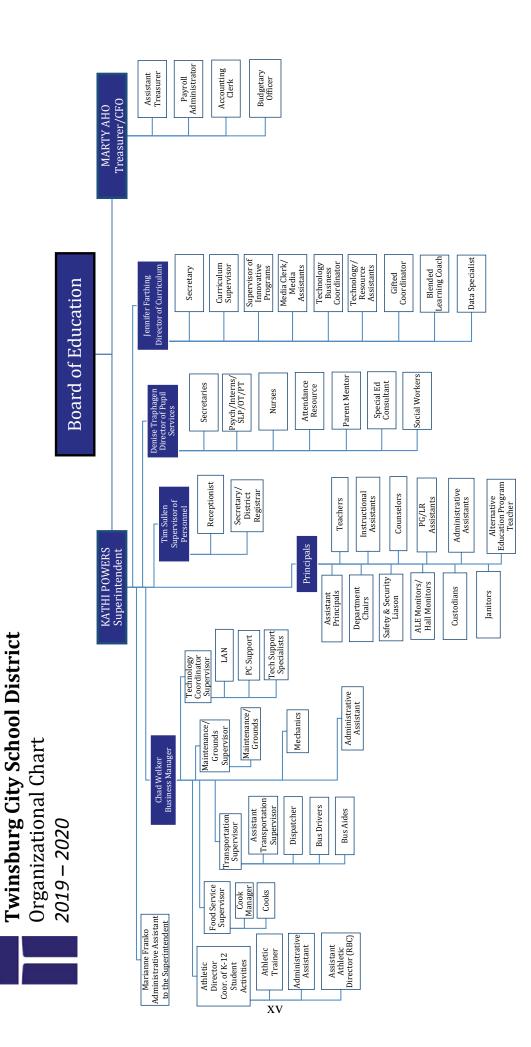
Mr. Mark Curtis	President
Mr. Tina Davis	Vice President
Mrs. Angela DeFabio	Member
Mr. Rob Felber	Member
Mrs. Adrienne Gordon	Member

Treasurer

Mr. Martin Aho

Administration

Mrs. Kathryn Powers	Superintendent
Mrs. Jennifer Farthing	Director of Curriculum
Mrs. Denise Traphagen	Director of Pupil Personnel
Mr. Chad Welker	Director of Business Services
Mr. Timothy Sullen	Director of Human Resources
Mrs. Andrea Walker	Director of Student Wellness



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Twinsburg City School District Ohio

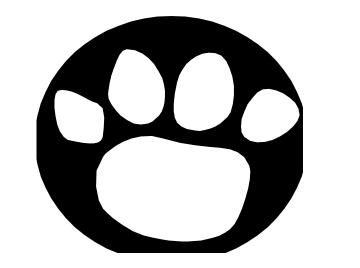
For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2019

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Twinsburg City School District Summit County 11136 Ravenna Road Twinsburg, Ohio 44087

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Twinsburg City School District, Summit County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Twinsburg City School District Summit County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Twinsburg City School District, Summit County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and budgetary comparison of the General Fund thereof, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 20 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the District. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedules of net pension liabilities, other postemployment benefit assets/liabilities, and pension and other postemployment benefit contributions listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and the statistical section information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Twinsburg City School District Summit County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

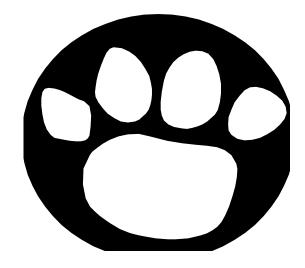
The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 5, 2021, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Charles Having Association

Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc. February 5, 2021



Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 Unaudited

This discussion and analysis of Twinsburg City School District's (the School District) financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2020 are as follows:

- General revenues accounted for \$51,550,601 in revenue or 93.1% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services, operating grants, contributions and interest accounted for \$3,804,944 or 6.9% of total revenues of \$55,355,545.
- The School District had \$60,509,720 in expenses related to governmental activities; program revenues offset \$3,804,944 of these expenses. \$51,550,601 of general revenues was not adequate to provide for these programs resulting in a decrease in net position of \$5,154,175.
- Of the total governmental expenses of \$60,509,720, the amount related to instruction amounted to \$37,315,282 or 61.7% of this total.
- The School District had three major governmental funds, the general fund, the bond retirement fund and the permanent improvement fund. The general fund's balance decreased \$2,484,601 to \$30,575,973 at June 30, 2020. The bond retirement's fund balance decreased \$30,625 to \$1,835,779 at June 30, 2020. The permanent improvement's fund balance decreased \$930,772 to \$4,093,122 at June 30, 2020.
- The net pension and net other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability combined decreased \$1,850,104 from 2019. This decrease is mainly due to less than expected investment returns by the public retirement systems.

Using this Annual Financial Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements, notes to those statements and the required supplementary information. These statements are organized so the reader can understand Twinsburg City School District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The statement of net position and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the School District's finances and a longerterm view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements present how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the School District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 Unaudited

Reporting the School District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While these statements contain information about a large number of funds used by the School District to provide programs and activities, the view of the School District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and helps answer the question, "How did we do financially during 2020?" These statements include all non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting, takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School District's net position and changes in this position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole, the financial position of the School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the School District's current property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors. In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, the School District's activities are considered to be all governmental activities.

Governmental Activities - Most of the School District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operation of non-instructional services, extracurricular activities and food service operations.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the School District's major funds begins on page 11. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant funds. The School District's major governmental funds are the general, bond retirement debt service and permanent improvement capital projects funds.

Governmental Funds Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 Unaudited

The School District as a Whole

Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net position for 2020 compared to 2019.

Table 1 Net Position				
		Governmental Activities		
		<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>
Assets	<i>•</i>		¢	00.0 0.000
Current and other assets	\$	66,328,078	\$	80,925,546
Net OPEB asset		3,423,680		3,255,055
Capital assets, net of depreciation		29,870,470	-	30,865,297
Total assets		99,622,228		115,045,898
Deferred outflows of resources				
Deferred charge on refunding		9,586		18,970
Pension		12,396,031		15,848,668
OPEB		1,217,627		757,950
Total deferred outflows of resources		13,623,244		16,625,588
Liabilities				
Current and other liabilities		6,505,613		5,624,923
Long-term liabilities:				
Due within one year		2,981,732		2,851,891
Due in more than one year:				
Net pension liability		57,768,359		55,569,579
Net OPEB liability		5,087,653		5,436,329
Other amounts due in more than one year		6,420,995		8,908,746
Total liabilities		78,764,352		78,391,468
Deferred inflows of resources				
Property taxes		21,732,673		33,971,141
Pension		3,071,355		4,423,685
OPEB		6,018,562		6,072,487
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	30,822,590		44,467,313
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets		23,487,722		21,955,190
Restricted		6,386,959		7,285,148
Unrestricted		(26,216,151)		(20,427,633)
Total net position	\$	3,658,530	\$	8,812,705

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 Unaudited

Recall that the statement of net position provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. Over time, net position can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2020, the School District had a decrease in net position of \$5,154,175.

Net investment in capital assets reported on the government-wide statements represents a large component of net position. Capital assets include land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture, fixtures and equipment and vehicles, and are used to provide services to students and are not available for future spending. Although the School District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the School District's net position, \$6,386,959, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how the funds may be used. Of the total restricted net position, \$1,852,910 is restricted for debt service payments, \$4,327,018 is restricted for capital projects, \$61,141 is restricted for extracurricular activities, and \$145,890 is restricted for other purposes. Restricted for other purposes for the School District is net position restricted for special revenue funds which are used for educational services.

The School District's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense equal to its proportionate share of each plan's change in net pension liability and net OPEB liability or asset, respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

As a result of implementing the accounting standard for pension and OPEB, the School District is reporting a significant net pension liability, net OPEB liability, related deferred inflows of resources and an increase in pension expense for the fiscal year which have a negative effect on net position. In addition, the School District is reporting a net OPEB asset, deferred outflows of resources and a decrease in expenses related to OPEB, which have a positive impact on net position. The increase and decrease in pension and OPEB expense is the difference between the contractually required contributions and the pension and OPEB expense resulting from the change in the liability or asset that is not reported as deferred inflows or outflows. These amounts can be found in the reconciliation of the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances of governmental funds to the statement of activities. To further explain the impact of these accounting standards on the School District's net position, additional information is presented below.

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Deferred outflows - pension	\$ 12,396,031	\$ 15,848,668
Deferred outflows - OPEB	1,217,627	757,950
Deferred inflows - pension	(3,071,355)	(4,423,685)
Deferred inflows - OPEB	(6,018,562)	(6,072,487)
Net pension liability	(57,768,359)	(55,569,579)
Net OPEB liability	(5,087,653)	(5,436,329)
Net OPEB asset	3,423,680	3,255,055
Impact of GASB 68 and GABB 75 on net position	\$ (54,908,591)	\$ (51,640,407)

Table 2 shows change in net position for fiscal year 2020 as compared to 2019:

Twinsburg City School District Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 Unaudited

Table 2 Change in Net Position

Change	Governm	Governmental Activities		
	2020	2019		
Revenues				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 1,853,10	58 \$ 2,150,724		
Operating grants, contributions and inte				
General revenues:	, , ,	, ,		
Property taxes	38,522,54	47 38,758,978		
Grants and entitlements	12,118,7			
Payments in lieu of taxes	99,3			
Investment earnings	711,69	90 519,879		
Miscellaneous	98,27	77 90,918		
Total revenues	55,355,54	45 57,002,198		
Program Expenses				
Instruction:				
Regular	28,779,63	30 22,013,355		
Special	7,658,03	36 5,710,241		
Vocational	32	29 36,072		
Student intervention services	514,82	457,351		
Other	362,40	50 202,783		
Support services:				
Pupils	3,691,27	2,980,545		
Instructional staff	1,215,46	69 830,517		
Board of education	396,02	25 360,390		
Administration	4,127,32	3,165,988		
Fiscal	1,198,80	06 1,067,552		
Business	325,33	31 277,956		
Operation and maintenance of plant	4,684,53	33 3,965,886		
Pupil transportation	3,170,21	19 2,950,209		
Central	1,552,59	98 1,117,623		
Operation on non-instructional services	1,33	33 1,827		
Operation of food services	1,241,20	51 1,197,027		
Extracurricular activities	1,374,09	90 1,141,250		
Interest and fiscal charges	216,17	71 276,027		
Total expenses	60,509,72	47,752,599		
Increase in net position	(5,154,17	75) 9,249,599		
Net position beginning of the year	8,812,70	05 (436,894)		
Net position end of the year	\$ 3,658,53	<u>30</u> <u>\$ 8,812,705</u>		

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 Unaudited

Governmental Activities

Several revenue sources fund our governmental activities with property taxes and State foundation revenues being the largest contributors. Property tax levies generated over \$38.5 million in 2020. The decrease in property tax is due partially to varying amounts available as an advance each year that are recognized as revenue. General revenues from grants and entitlements, such as the school foundation program, generated over \$12.1 million. With the combination of taxes and intergovernmental funding 91.5% of all revenues, the School District monitors both of these revenue sources very closely for fluctuations.

A review of Table 2 reflects that the total cost of instructional services was \$37,315,282 or 61.7% of governmental program expenses. Instructional expenses include activities directly related to the teaching of pupils and the interaction between teacher and pupil. As compared to the prior year, these expenses increased \$8,895,480 or 31.3% mainly due to an increase in regular instruction. This increase is due to significant changes in the net pension liability, net OPEB liability and net OPEB asset from one year to the next.

Pupil services and instructional staff include the activities involved in assisting staff and the content and process of teaching pupils. These expenses represent \$4,906,747 of the total governmental program expenses, or 8.1%. These expenses increased from the prior year in the amount of \$1,095,685, or 28.8% again due to the change in the net pension and net OPEB liabilities.

Board of Education, administration, fiscal and business classifications reflect expenses associated with establishing and administering school operation policies, financial operations and activities concerned with purchasing, receiving and maintaining goods and services for the School District. The total cost was \$6,047,486 or 10.0% of governmental program expenses. Expenses of these programs increased \$1,175,600, or 24.1%, as compared to fiscal year 2019, driven mostly by increases in administration expenses.

Operation and maintenance of plant expenses refer to the care and upkeep of the buildings, grounds, equipment and the safety of the School District's operations. The total cost for the operation and maintenance services was \$4,684,533 or 7.7% of the governmental program expenses.

Pupil transportation expenses are expenses related to the transportation of students to and from school, as well as the service and maintenance of those vehicles. Total transportation cost was 3,170,219 or 5.2% of the total governmental program expenditures. Expenses for providing this program increased 220,010, or 7.5% as compared to the prior year.

Overall, expenses for governmental activities increased \$12,757,121 or 26.7% from fiscal year 2019 reported amounts. As seen above, the most significant cause of this increase was due changes in the net pension and net OPEB liabilities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 Unaudited

The School District's Funds

The School District's governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The total revenues and other financing sources for governmental funds were \$55,239,368 and total expenditures and other financing uses were \$58,738,355. Fund balance of the general fund decreased by \$2,484,601 as compared to the 2019 ending balance. For the bond retirement debt service fund, fund balance decreased by \$30,625. The only other major governmental fund, the permanent improvement capital projects fund, fund balance decreased by \$930,772 from the prior year. The decrease in the general fund is primarily due to a decrease in property taxes and intergovernmental revenue for the current year. The decrease in the bond retirement fund is primarily due to an increase in capital related expenditures during the fiscal year.

	e		
	Fund	Fund	
	Balance June 30, 2020	Balance June 30, 2019	Increase (Decrease)
General	\$ 30,575,973	\$ 33,060,574	\$ (2,484,601)
Bond retirement	1,835,779	1,866,404	(30,625)
Permanent improvement	4,093,122	5,023,894	(930,772)
Other governmental	319,018	372,007	(52,989)
Total	\$ 36,823,892	\$ 40,322,879	\$ (3,498,987)

Table 3 Change in Fund Balance

General Fund

The School District's general fund balance decreased by \$2,484,601 this was due to several factors. The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities and fund balance of the general fund.

Table 4 General Fund - Change in Revenue

	2020 Amount	2019 Amount	Percent <u>Change</u>
Taxes	\$ 34,847,617	\$ 35,310,829	(1.31%)
Intergovernmental	11,387,236	12,818,692	(11.17%)
Interest	711,795	520,357	36.79%
Tuition and fees	868,049	750,055	15.73%
Extracurricular activities	163,294	203,884	(19.91%)
Gifts and donations	476	589	(19.19%)
Rent	24,558	51,402	(52.22%)
Payment in lieu of taxes	99,374	87,124	14.06%
Miscellaneous	116,850	94,213	24.03%
Total	\$ 48,219,249	\$ 49,837,145	

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 Unaudited

Overall revenues with in the general fund decreased \$1,617,896 for the fiscal year. This is mainly due to a decrease in property taxes and intergovernmental revenues as mentioned above.

The table that follows assists in illustrating the expenditures of the general fund.

Table 5
General Fund - Change in Expenditures by Type

	2020		2019	Percent
<u>Expenditures</u>	Amount		Amount	Change
Instruction	\$ 32,420,012	\$	30,390,293	6.68%
Support services	16,707,184		16,151,488	3.44%
Extracurricular activities	1,066,513		1,019,377	4.62%
Capital outlay	8,502		295,152	(97.12%)
Debt service	 366,639	_	392,251	(6.53%)
Total	\$ 50,568,850	\$	48,248,561	

General fund expenditures increased \$2,320,289 or 4.8 percent from the previous year. The overall increase in expenditures over the prior year is due to an increase in instructional related expenditures specifically regular and special instruction expenditures.

Bond Retirement Fund

The School District's bond retirement fund balance decreased by \$30,625 due to an increase in debt service expenditures and a decrease in property tax revenues. The revenues of the fund are property taxes, calculated by the county fiscal officer, state homestead and rollback money computed as a percentage of the tax due to the fund and miscellaneous. The expenditures of the fund include debt principal and interest payments as well as county fiscal officer fees. The remaining fund balance will be used to make upcoming debt payments as they become due.

Permanent Improvement Fund

The School District's permanent improvement fund balance decreased by \$930,772 due to an increase in capital related expenditures during the fiscal year. The revenues of the fund are property taxes, calculated by the county fiscal officer, and state homestead and rollback money computed as a percentage of the tax due to the fund. The expenditures of the fund include capital related expenditures for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital facilities.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During fiscal year 2020, the School District amended its general fund budget as expenditure priorities changed according to student, building and operational needs. Budget revisions are presented to the Board of Education for approval.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 Unaudited

For the general fund, the final budget basis revenue estimate was \$49,895,833 which was a \$689,249 increase from the original budget estimate of \$49,206,584. This estimate is provided by the County Budget Commission, which changed the estimate based on additional information that became available during the fiscal year. Actual revenue received was \$49,712,633 which was \$183,200 less than final budgeted amounts due to a decrease in revenue not known during the budgeting process.

The original expenditure appropriation amount of \$52,876,390 was revised during the fiscal year to a final amount of \$51,768,842. The reduction of \$1,107,548 was necessary with the need to cut operating costs in order to conserve resources to help offset a budget deficit. Actual expenditures were \$294,407 less than final budgeted amounts.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2020, the School District had \$29,870,470 invested in land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture, fixtures and equipment, and vehicles. Table 6 shows fiscal year 2020 balances compared to fiscal year 2019.

> Table 6 Capital Assets, at Fiscal Year End

	Governmen	tal A	ctivities
	2020		2019
Land	\$ 1,147,310	\$	1,147,310
Construction in progress	277,609		106,206
Land improvements	1,787,735		1,944,052
Buildings and improvements	23,222,275		24,362,735
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	1,775,619		1,832,701
Vehicles	 1,659,922		1,472,293
Total capital assets	\$ 29,870,470	\$	30,865,297

(Net of Depreciation)

The most significant capital assets acquired during the year were new HVAC units and six Blue Bird school buses. The total carrying value of capital assets decreased \$994,827 for the current fiscal year due to current year depreciation expense exceeding capital asset additions. See Note 7 to the basic financial statements for detail on the School District's capital assets.

Debt

At June 30, 2020 the School District had \$6,392,334 in bonds and capital leases outstanding with \$2,537,350 due within one year. Table 7 summarizes debt outstanding as of June 30:

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 Unaudited

Table 7 Outstanding Debt at Fiscal Year End

	G	overnmental	Governmental			
		Activities	Activities			
	<u>2020</u> <u>2019</u>			<u>2019</u>		
General obligation bonds	\$	6,132,601	\$	8,565,580		
Capital leases		259,733		363,497		
Total outstanding	\$	6,392,334	\$	8,929,077		

See Notes 13 and 14 to the basic financial statements for detail on the School District's long-term obligations.

Current Issues Affecting Financial Condition

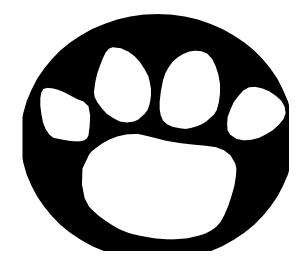
The Board of Education and administration closely monitor its revenues and expenditures in accordance with its financial forecast. The financial future of the School District is not without its challenges. These challenges stem from issues that are at the local and State level. The local challenges will continue to exist, as the School District must rely heavily on property taxes to fund its operations. State level challenges continue to evolve as the State of Ohio determines the outcome of the Ohio Supreme Court case dealing with the unconstitutionality of the State's educational funding system. Although the School District relies heavily on its property taxpayers to support its operations, the community support for the schools is quite strong.

Due to the unsettled issues in the school funding, management is required to plan carefully and prudently to provide the resources to meet student needs over the next several years.

In conclusion, the School District's system of budgeting and internal controls is well regarded. All of the School District's financial abilities will be needed to meet the challenges of the future.

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions or need additional financial information, contact Martin Aho, Treasurer, at Twinsburg City School District, 11136 Ravenna Road, Twinsburg, OH 44087-1022.



Twinsburg City School District Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

June 30, 2020	Governmental
	Activities
<u>Assets:</u>	
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 39,973,820
Cash and cash equivalents:	
In segregated accounts	9,630
Receivables:	
Accounts	40,560
Intergovernmental	491,821
Taxes	25,720,468
Accrued interest	58,381
Inventory held for resale	33,398
Net OPEB asset	3,423,680
Capital assets:	
Nondepreciable capital assets	1,424,919
Depreciable capital assets	82,592,143
Accumulated depreciation	(54,146,592)
Total capital assets	29,870,470
Total assets	99,622,228
Deferred outflows of resources:	
Deferred charge on refunding	9,586
Pension	12,396,031
OPEB	1,217,627
Total deferred outflows of resources	13,623,244
	15,025,244
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	565,921
Accrued wages	4,590,765
Intergovernmental payable	1,217,026
Matured compensated absences payable	99,248
Undistributed monies	11,279
Accrued interest payable	21,374
Long-term liabilities:	
Due within one year	2,981,732
Due in more than one year:	
Net pension liability	57,768,359
Net OPEB liability	5,087,653
Other amounts due in more than one year	6,420,995
Total liabilities	78,764,352
Deferred inflows of resources:	
Property taxes	21,732,673
Pension	3,071,355
OPEB	6,018,562
Total deferred inflows of resources	30,822,590
Net position:	22,487,722
Net investment in capital assets	23,487,722
Restricted for:	
Capital projects	4,327,018
Debt service	1,852,910
Extracurricular activities	61,141
Other purposes	145,890
Unrestricted	(26,216,151)
Total net position	\$ 3,658,530

Twinsburg City School District Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

			Program	Rever	nues		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	
Expenses		Expenses	 Charges for Services	0	perating Grants, ontributions and Interest	Governmental Activities		
Governmental Activities:		1	 					
Instruction:								
Regular	\$	28,779,630	\$ 595,316	\$	84,318	\$	(28,099,996)	
Special		7,658,036	242,108		366,185		(7,049,743)	
Vocational		329	-		-		(329)	
Student intervention services		514,827	-		-		(514,827)	
Other		362,460	-		303,636		(58,824)	
Support services:								
Pupils		3,691,278	-		516,336		(3,174,942)	
Instructional staff		1,215,469	8,000		61,678		(1,145,791)	
Board of education		396,025	-		-		(396,025)	
Administration		4,127,324	-		197,323		(3,930,001)	
Fiscal		1,198,806	-		-		(1,198,806)	
Business		325,331	-		-		(325,331)	
Operation and maintenance of plant		4,684,533	54,556		-		(4,629,977)	
Pupil transportation		3,170,219	-		-		(3,170,219)	
Central		1,552,598	-		9,000		(1,543,598)	
Operation of non-instructional services		1,333	-		-		(1,333)	
Operation of food services		1,241,261	647,760		383,848		(209,653)	
Extracurricular activities		1,374,090	305,428		-		(1,068,662)	
Interest and fiscal charges		216,171	 -		29,452		(186,719)	
Total governmental activities	\$	60,509,720	\$ 1,853,168	\$	1,951,776		(56,704,776)	

General Revenues:	
Property taxes levied for:	
General purposes	35,066,298
Debt service	1,702,420
Capital outlay	1,753,829
Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs	12,118,713
Payment in lieu of taxes	99,374
Investment earnings	711,690
Miscellaneous	 98,277
Total general revenues	 51,550,601
Change in net position	(5,154,175)
Net position beginning of year	 8,812,705
Net position end of year	\$ 3,658,530

Twinsburg City School District Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

	General	Bond Retirement	Permanent Improvement	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets:	¢ 22.222.025	¢ 1.004.410	¢ 4164507	ф <u>БС1 БС</u> А	¢ 20 (22 502
Equity in pooled cash and investments Cash and cash equivalents:	\$ 33,222,935	\$ 1,684,416	\$ 4,164,587	\$ 561,564	\$ 39,633,502
In segregated accounts	_	_	_	9,630	9,630
Receivables:				,,050	9,050
Taxes	22,033,892	1,813,271	1,873,305	-	25,720,468
Accounts	27,723	-	12,500	337	40,560
Intergovernmental	390,333	-	-	101,488	491,821
Interfund	26,366	-	-	-	26,366
Accrued interest	58,381	-	-	-	58,381
Inventory held for resale	-	-	-	33,398	33,398
Total assets	\$ 55,759,630	\$ 3,497,687	\$ 6,050,392	\$ 706,417	\$ 66,014,126
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ 322,892	\$ -	\$ 226,791	\$ 16,238	\$ 565,921
Accrued wages	4,391,217	-	-	199,548	4,590,765
Interfund payable	-	-	-	26,366	26,366
Intergovernmental payable	1,173,317	-	-	43,709	1,217,026
Matured compensated absences payable	99,248	-	-	-	99,248
Undistributed monies	11,279				11,279
Total liabilities	5,997,953		226,791	285,861	6,510,605
Deferred inflows of resources:					
Property taxes	18,411,529	1,632,001	1,689,143	-	21,732,673
Unavailable revenue	196,659	-	12,500	101,538	310,697
Unavailable revenue - delinquent property taxes	577,516	29,907	28,836		636,259
Total deferred inflows of resources	19,185,704	1,661,908	1,730,479	101,538	22,679,629
Fund balances:					
Restricted	-	1,835,779	4,093,122	421,708	6,350,609
Assigned	8,369,570	-	-	-	8,369,570
Unassigned	22,206,403	-		(102,690)	22,103,713
Total fund balances	30,575,973	1,835,779	4,093,122	319,018	36,823,892
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of				<u>,</u>	<u>, , , </u>
resources and fund balances	\$ 55,759,630	\$ 3,497,687	\$ 6,050,392	\$ 706,417	\$ 66,014,126

Twinsburg City School District Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities June 30, 2020

Total governmental funds balances			\$ 36,823,892
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.			29,870,470
Other long-term assets that are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are unavailable revenue in the funds:			
Property taxes	\$	636,259	
Extracurricular activities	-	144	
Intergovernmental		101,488	
Tuition and fees		196,565	
Customer sales and services		12,500	
Total			946,956
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The			
assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement	ıt		
of net position.			340,318
The net pension liability and the net OPEB liability or asset are not due and payable in the current period;			
therefore the asset, the liability and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in the funds:			
Deferred outflows - pension	\$	/ /	
Deferred inflows - pension		(3,071,355)	
Net pension liability		(57,768,359)	
Deferred outflows - OPEB		1,217,627	
Deferred inflows - OPEB		(6,018,562)	
Net OPEB liability		(5,087,653)	
Net OPEB asset Total		3,423,680	(54,908,591)
10141			(34,908,391)
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an			
interest expenditure is reported when due.			(21,374)
Long-term liabilities that are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:	e		
General obligation bonds	\$	(6,132,601)	
Compensated absences		(3,010,393)	
Capital leases		(259,733)	
Total			(9,402,727)
Deferred charges on refunding related to the issuance of long-term refunding debt will be amortized over the life of the debt on the statement of net position.			9,586
			 - ,- ~ ~
Net position of governmental activities			\$ 3,658,530
See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.			

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Governmental Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 202	20			0.1	T (1
	General	Bond Retirement	Permanent Improvement	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$ 34,847,617	\$ 1,691,733	\$ 1,742,939	\$ -	\$ 38,282,289
Intergovernmental	11,387,236	618,996	183,339	1,800,585	13,990,156
Interest	711,795	-	-	808	712,603
Tuition and fees	868,049	-	-	-	868,049
Extracurricular activities	163,294	-	-	142,050	305,344
Gifts and donations Charges for services	476	-	21,590	15,498 647,569	15,974 669,159
Rent	24,558	-	21,390	047,509	24,558
Payment in lieu of taxes	99,374	_	_	_	99,374
Miscellaneous	116,850	-	-	20,012	136,862
Total revenues	48,219,249	2,310,729	1,947,868	2,626,522	55,104,368
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular	25,044,652	-	137,665	67,884	25,250,201
Special	6,866,317	-	-	349,067	7,215,384
Student intervention services	509,043	-	-	6,590	515,633
Other	-	-	-	298,463	298,463
Support services:					
Pupils	3,012,282	-	-	468,523	3,480,805
Instructional staff	852,736	-	23,414	74,890	951,040
Board of education	393,723	-	-	-	393,723
Administration	3,633,359	-	-	197,653	3,831,012
Fiscal	1,125,683	26,589	-	-	1,152,272
Business	303,335	-	-	-	303,335
Operation and maintenance of plant	3,686,406	-	759,829	-	4,446,235
Pupil transportation	2,704,244	-	11,801	-	2,716,045
Central	995,416	-	479,991	26,625	1,502,032
Operation of non-instructional services	-	-	-	540	540
Operation of food services	-	-	-	1,181,468	1,181,468
Extracurricular activities	1,066,513	-	-	142,808	1,209,321
Capital outlay	8,502	-	1,395,694	-	1,404,196
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	262,274	2,125,000	65,318	-	2,452,592
Interest and fiscal charges	104,365	189,765	4,928		299,058
Total expenditures	50,568,850	2,341,354	2,878,640	2,814,511	58,603,355
Excess of revenues (under) expenditures	(2,349,601)	(30,625)	(930,772)	(187,989)	(3,498,987)
Other financing sources (uses):				125.000	125 000
Transfers in	-	-	-	135,000	135,000
Transfers out	(135,000)		-	125.000	(135,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(135,000)			135,000	-
Net change in fund balances	(2,484,601)	(30,625)	(930,772)	(52,989)	(3,498,987)
Fund balances beginning of year	33,060,574	1,866,404	5,023,894	372,007	40,322,879
Fund balances end of year	\$ 30,575,973	\$ 1,835,779	\$ 4,093,122	\$ 319,018	\$ 36,823,892

Twinsburg City School District Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds			\$ (3,498,987)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cos of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:	st		
Capital asset additions	\$	1,404,196	
Depreciation expense		(2,171,747)	
Excess of depreciation expense over net capital asset additions		<u>()))</u>	(767,551)
Governmental funds only report the disposal of capital assets to the extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the statement of activities, a gain or loss is reported for each disposal.			(227,276)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. These activities consist of:			
Property taxes	\$	240,258	
Extracurricular activities		84	
Intergovernmental		63,446	
Tuition and fees		(42,516)	
Customer sales and services		12,500	
Rent		(4,092)	
Miscellaneous		(18,503)	
Net change in deferred inflows of resources during the year			251,177
Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds; however, the statement of activities reports these amounts as deferred outflows.			
Pension			4,467,206
OPEB			93,013
Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB liability are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities.			
Pension			(8,766,293)
OPEB			937,890
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.			2,452,592
Some items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. These activities consist of:			
Increase in compensated absences	\$	(178,833)	
Decrease in accrued interest		8,120	
Amortization of:			
Premium		84,151	
Deferred cost of refunding		(9,384)	
Total additional expenditures			 (95,946)
Change in net position of governmental activities			\$ (5,154,175)
See accommon vine motor to the basis financial statements			

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance-

Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual

General Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Original Budget	Final Budget	 Actual	Fin F	ance with al Budget ositive regative)
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$ 35,695,584	\$ 36,547,602	\$ 36,547,602	\$	-
Intergovernmental	11,901,137	11,586,944	11,386,945		(199,999)
Interest	538,000	461,403	474,383		12,980
Tuition and fees	670,000	695,578	697,681		2,103
Rent	55,608	27,153	27,153		-
Extracurricular activities	155,648	112,464	112,487		23
Payment in lieu of taxes	90,000	99,374	99,374		-
Miscellaneous	 94,607	 115,240	 116,933		1,693
Total revenues	 49,200,584	 49,645,758	 49,462,558		(183,200)
Expenditures: Current:					
Instruction:	25.016.525	25 412 050	25 155 459		259 501
Regular	25,816,525	25,413,959	25,155,458		258,501
Special Vocational	6,334,065	6,871,128	6,871,128		-
Student intervention services	17,383	-	505,193		-
Support services:	511,286	505,193	505,195		-
Pupils	3,398,221	3,241,455	3,239,871		1,584
Instructional staff	894,539	859,516	857,886		1,584
Board of education	596,493	449,416	441,571		7,845
Administration	3,788,429	3,673,703	3,664,437		9,266
Fiscal	5,788,429 1,361,863	1,140,043	1,138,932		9,200
Business	312,217	307,703	307,144		559
Operation and maintenance of plant	4,270,727	3,893,108	3,883,118		9,990
Pupil transportation	2,993,110	2,807,227	2,803,924		3,303
Central	1,158,347	1,124,466	1,124,170		3,303 296
Extracurricular activities	1,138,347	1,031,518	1,124,170		322
Debt service:	1,055,165	1,051,510	1,051,170		522
Principal retirement	223,850	223,828	223,828		_
Interest and fiscal charges	90,400	81,279	81,279		_
Total expenditures	 52,800,640	 51,623,542	 51,329,135		294,407
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	 (3,600,056)	 			111,207
· · · •	 (3,000,030)	 (1,977,784)	 (1,866,577)		111,207
Other financing sources (uses):					
Refund of prior year expenditures	1,000	245,075	245,075		-
Advances in	5,000	5,000	5,000		-
Advances out	(25,000)	(10,300)	(10,300)		-
Transfers out	 (50,750)	 (135,000)	 (135,000)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (69,750)	 104,775	 104,775		-
Net change in fund balance	(3,669,806)	(1,873,009)	(1,761,802)		111,207
Fund balances at beginning of year	31,992,427	31,992,427	31,992,427		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	 856,004	 856,004	 856,004		-
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 29,178,625	\$ 30,975,422	\$ 31,086,629	\$	111,207

Twinsburg City School District Statement of Fund Net Position Internal Service Fund June 30, 2020

	Self Insurance		
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	340,318	
Net position:			
Unrestricted		340,318	
Total net position	\$	340,318	

Twinsburg City School District Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Internal Service Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Self Insurance		
Operating revenues:			
Total operating revenues	\$	-	
Operating expenses:			
Total operating expenses		-	
Change in net position		-	
Net position beginning of year		340,318	
Net position end of year	\$	340,318	

Twinsburg City School District Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2020

		te Purpose Trust			
	Sch	olarships	Agency		
Assets:					
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	10,851	\$	493,454	
Accounts receivable		-		3,508	
Total assets	\$	10,851	\$	496,962	
Liabilities:					
Undistributed monies	\$	-	\$	20,205	
Due to students		-		476,757	
Total liabilities			\$	496,962	
Net position:					
Held in trust for scholarships	\$	10,851			

Twinsburg City School District Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Private Purpose Trust Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Scholarships	
Additions:		
Interest	\$	111
Gifts and donations		500
Total additions		611
Deductions: Payments in accordance with trust agreements		632
Change in net position		(21)
Net position beginning of year		10,872
Net position end of year	\$	10,851

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Description of the School District

The Twinsburg City School District (the "School District") is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio.

The School District operates under a locally elected five-member Board form of government and provides educational services as mandated by state and/or federal agencies. The Board controls the School District's five instructional/support facilities staffed by 225 non-certificated employees and 293 certificated (including administrators) teaching and support personnel that provide services to 4,040 students and other community members.

The financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting entity for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

B. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements of the School District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For the School District, this includes general operations, food service, preschool and student-related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organizations' governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organizations' resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization.

Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. Based on the above criteria, the School District had no component units at June 30, 2020.

The School District is associated with the Metropolitan Regional Service Council (MRSC) also known as Northeast Ohio Network for Educational Technology (NEOnet), the Cuyahoga Valley Career Center, and the Ohio Schools Council. These organizations are presented in Note 15 to the basic financial statements.

C. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The activity of the internal service fund and other interfund activity of governmental funds are eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses of governmental activities. However, the services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the School District at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

D. Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The various funds of the School District are grouped into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental Fund Types:

Governmental funds focus on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The School District has three major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u>: The general fund is the operating fund of the School District and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

<u>Bond Retirement Fund</u>: The bond retirement fund is a debt service fund and is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

<u>Permanent Improvement Fund</u>: The permanent improvement fund is a capital projects fund and is used to account for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary and trust funds.

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources whose uses are restricted, committed or assigned to a particular purpose.

Proprietary Fund Type

Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position and cash flows. Proprietary funds are classified as enterprise or internal service; the School District has no enterprise funds.

<u>Internal Service Fund</u>: The internal service fund accounts for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the School District on a cost reimbursement basis. The School District's only internal service fund accounts for revenue received from other funds and the settlement expenses for medical, surgical, prescription drug, and dental and vision claims of School District employees. As of October 1, 2005 the School District is no longer self-insured. There was no current year activity in this fund. Balances remaining are from a prior year.

Fiduciary Fund Types

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the School District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the School District's own programs. The School District's only trust fund is a private purpose trust, which accounts for scholarships. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The School District's two agency funds account for student activities managed by the student body and money temporarily held for Ohio High School Athletic Association (OHSAA) tournaments.

E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All non-fiduciary assets, liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the School District are included on the statement of net position. The statement of activities presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets, deferred outflows of resources, current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources.

This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, the internal service fund is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets, liabilities and deferred outflows and inflows of resources associated with the operation of the fund are included on the statement of net position. The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position present increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total position.

The private purpose trust fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus.

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting and the internal service, private purpose trust and agency funds use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred inflows of resources, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenue - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On the modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, investment earnings, tuition, grants and entitlements, and student fees.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the School District, deferred outflows of resources include a deferred charge on refunding, for pension and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. This amount is related to a debt refunding in the current fiscal year. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB are explained in Notes 11 and 12.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the School District, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes and unavailable revenues. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2020, but which were levied to finance year 2021 operations. These amounts have been recorded as deferred inflows on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported on the governmental funds balance sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the School District, unavailable revenue includes delinquent property taxes and intergovernmental grants. These amounts are deferred and recognized as inflows of resources in the period the amounts become available. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are reported on the government-wide statement of net position. (See Notes 11 and 12)

Expenditures/Expenses

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the fund financial statements as intergovernmental revenue and an expenditure of food service operations. In addition, this amount is reported on the statement of activities as an expense with a like amount reported within the "Operating Grants, Contributions and Interest" program revenue account. Unused donated commodities are reported in the account "Inventory held for resale" within the basic financial statements.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

F. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The primary level of budgetary control is at the object level for the general fund and at the fund level for all other funds. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriation resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified. All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The amounts reported as the original budget revenue in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the certificate when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted revenue amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts reflect the amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted expenditure amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the year.

At the close of each year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriation. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and are not reappropriated.

G. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, all cash received by the School District is pooled in a central bank account. Monies for all funds are maintained in this account or temporarily used to purchase short-term investments. Individual fund integrity is maintained through School District records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in pooled cash and investments". During the fiscal year, investments were limited to certificates of deposit, instruments of government sponsored mortgage-backed securities, commercial paper, a money market mutual fund, U.S. Treasury Notes and interest in Star Ohio, the State Treasurer's Investment Pool. Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts, such as repurchase agreements and certificates of deposit, are reported at cost. All investments of the School District had a maturity of five years or less.

The School District's investment in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio) is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company and is recognized as an external investment pool by the School District. The School District measures their investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides a NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For the fiscal year 2020, there were no limitation or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice is appreciated 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$25 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$100 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$100 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

The School District maintains segregated accounts for the district managed student activity special revenue fund, which are presented as "Cash and cash equivalents in segregated accounts".

Under existing Ohio statutes, all investment earnings accrue to the general fund except those specifically related to certain trust funds; required by a grant agreement; or when approved by the Board of Education to be recorded in another fund. The Board of Education has passed a resolution to allow interest to also be recorded in other funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with a maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months that are not purchased from the pool are reported as investments.

H. Interfund Balances

On the fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column of the statement of net position.

I. Inventory

Within the basic financial statements, inventories are presented at cost on a first-in, first-out basis and are expended/expensed when used. Inventories of the food service special revenue fund consist of donated food, purchased food and supplies held for resale. Inventories of supplies are reported at cost, whereas inventories held for resale are reported at lower of cost or market.

J. Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted assets when limitations on their use change the normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, and laws of other governments or by enabling legislation. Restricted assets may include unexpended revenues restricted for the purchase of school buses, and amounts required to be set aside by the School District for the acquisition or construction of capital assets. Restricted assets may also include amounts set aside as a reserve or designated for budget stabilization, which is now optional as determined by the School District. The School District spent all restricted assets in accordance with specific restrictions during the fiscal year, see Note 17.

K. Bond Premiums

In governmental fund types, bond premiums are recognized in the current period. On the statement of net position, bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the bonds outstanding method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bond premiums are presented as an addition to the face amount of bonds payable.

L. Deferred Charge on Refunding

On the government-wide financial statements, the difference between the reacquisition price (funds required to refund the old debt) and the net carrying amount of the old debt, the gain/loss on the refunding, is being amortized as a component of interest expense. This deferred amount is amortized over the life of the old or new debt, whichever is shorter, using the bonds outstanding method and is presented as deferred outflows of resources on the statement of net position.

M. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets resulting from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported on the fund financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition value as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of five thousand dollars. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized.

All reported capital assets, other than land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives
Land improvements	5 - 20 years
Buildings and improvements	20 - 50 years
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	3 - 20 years
Vehicles	5 - 10 years

N. Pension and other postemployment benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability or asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

The current accounting standard requires school districts to report their proportionate share of the net pension/OPEB liability or asset using the earning approach to pension and OPEB accounting instead of the funding approach as previously used. The funding approach limited pension and postemployment costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's net pension/OPEB liability or asset. Under the new standards, the net pension/OPEB liability or asset equals the School District's proportionate share of each plan's collective present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service minus plan assets available to pay these benefits.

Pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the employment exchange. The employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. The unfunded portion of this benefit of exchange is a liability of the School District. However, the School District is not responsible for key factors affecting the balance of this liability. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Benefit provisions and both employer and employee contribution rates are determined by State statute. The employee and employer enter the employment exchange with the knowledge that the exchange is limited by law. The pension system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. The School District has no control over the changes in the benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affecting the balance of the liabilities or assets. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the pension liability and the OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

O. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employee's rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the School District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination payment method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent it is probable that benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is an estimate based on the School District's past experience of making termination payments. The entire compensated absences liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For the governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences (including early retirement incentives) are recognized as liabilities and expenditures to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "matured compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid.

P. Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds are recognized as a liability on the governmental fund financial statements when due. Net pension/OPEB liability should be recognized in the governmental funds to the extent that benefit payments are due and payable and the pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is not sufficient for payment of those benefits.

Q. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

<u>Nonspendable</u> fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of loans receivable, as well as property acquired for resale, unless the use of the proceeds from the collection of those receivables or from the sale of those properties is restricted, committed, or assigned.

<u>Restricted</u> fund balance category includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purpose stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation. Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

<u>Committed</u> fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the School District Board of Education. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> fund balance classifications are intended to be used by the School District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. The purpose constraint that represents the intended use is established by the Board of Education or by their designated official. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the School District or by State statute. The Treasurer is authorized to assign fund balance using encumbrances for planned purchases, provided such amounts have been lawfully appropriated. The Board of Education may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget.

<u>Unassigned</u> fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The School District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used. Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

R. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, laws, or regulations of other governments. Net position restricted for other purposes primarily includes amounts generated by individual school buildings to supplement co-curricular and extra-curricular programs.

The School District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

S. Interfund Transactions

Interfund transactions are reported as other financing sources/uses for governmental funds in the fund financial statements. All transfers between governmental funds have been eliminated within the governmental activities column of the statement of net position.

T. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary fund. For the School District, these revenues are charges for services for the self-insurance program. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the goods or service that are the primary activity of the fund.

U. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 – FUND BALANCES

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the government funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Fund Balances	General	Bond Retirement	Permanent Improvement	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Restricted for					
Instructional programs	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 102,418	\$ 102,418
Athletics and music	-	-	-	61,091	61,091
Food service	-	-	-	15,703	15,703
Student wellness	-	-	-	47,621	47,621
Permanent improvements	-	-	4,093,122	-	4,093,122
Building improvements and repairs	-	-	-	194,875	194,875
Debt service payments		1,835,779			1,835,779
Total restricted		1,835,779	4,093,122	421,708	6,350,609
Assigned					
Public school support	297,602	-	-	-	297,602
Various purchases on order*	1,062,343	-	-	-	1,062,343
Next year's budget	7,009,625				7,009,625
Total assigned	8,369,570				8,369,570
Unassigned (deficit)	22,206,403			(102,690)	22,103,713
Total fund balances	\$ 30,575,973	\$ 1,835,779	\$ 4,093,122	\$ 319,018	\$ 36,823,892

*Purchases on order consist primarily of supplies and purchased services used for instructional and support services.

NOTE 3 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law and described above is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual presentation for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are that:

- 1. Revenues and other sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- 2. Expenditures and other uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
- 3. Advances in and advances out are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis).
- 4. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget basis) rather than assigned fund balance (GAAP basis).

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

5. The revenues, expenditures and other financing sources and uses of the general fund include activity that is budgeted within special revenue funds (GAAP basis). However, on the budgetary basis, the activity of the special revenue funds is excluded resulting in perspective differences.

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements for the general fund.

	General
GAAP basis	\$ (2,484,601)
Revenue accruals	1,708,142
Advances in	5,000
Expenditure accruals	470,016
Advances out	(10,300)
Budgeted as part of special revenue fund:	
Revenues	(219,758)
Expenditures	211,761
Encumbrances (Budget Basis)	
outstanding at year end	 (1,442,062)
Budget basis	\$ (1,761,802)

Net Change in Fund Balance

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the School District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing within five years from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be invested in the following obligations provided they mature or are redeemable within five years from the date of settlement, unless the investment is matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District and the investment is not a commercial paper note, a banker's acceptance or a repurchase agreement:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

- 1. United States Treasury bills, notes, bonds, or any other obligations or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements for a period not to exceed thirty days in securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in item (1) or (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- Commercial paper notes, limited to 40% (5% for a single issuer) in total of the interim monies available for investment at any one time and for a period not to exceed two hundred seventy days; and
- 8. Bankers acceptances, limited to 40% of the interim monies available for investment at any one time and for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

<u>Deposits</u>:

<u>Custodial credit risk</u> is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the School District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. According to state law, public depositories must provide security for the repayment of all public deposits. These institutions shall give security for all public funds on deposit in excess of those funds that are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). The security for these deposits will be made under an agreement using a surety bond and/or by means of pledging allowable securities as collateral to be held by a qualified trustee. The pledged collateral can be held for each public depositor and must have a market value of at least 105% of the total value of public monies on deposit at the institution. In addition, the financial institution can participate in a pooled collateral arrangement with the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS). If the institution participates in the OPCS, the total market value of the securities pledged can be 102% or lower if permitted by the Treasurer of State.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

The carrying value of the School District's deposits totaled \$18,878,218. At June 30, 2020, \$7,665,853 of the School Districts bank balance of \$19,061,440 was exposed to custodial credit risk. The School District's financial institution participates in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS) and was approved for a reduced collateral floor of 50 percent resulting in the uninsured and uncollateralized balance.

Investments:

As of June 30, the School District had the following investments and maturities:

				Percentage	Investment	Maturities
			Fair	of	(in ye	ears)
Investment type	2		Value	Investments	<u><1 year</u>	<u>3-5 years</u>
Federal Farm Credit Bank		\$	1,783,338	8.25%	\$ 1,783,338	\$-
Federal Home Loan Mortgag	e Corporatio	n	150,011	0.69%	-	150,011
Federal Home Loan Bank			456,843	2.11%	220,959	235,884
Commerical paper			1,998,821	9.25%	1,998,821	-
First American Government	Obligation		18,809	0.09%	18,809	-
U.S. Treasury Notes			993,281	4.60%	498,516	494,765
STAR Ohio			10,942,237	50.64%	10,942,237	
		\$	16,343,340	<u>75.63</u> %	\$ 15,462,680	\$ 880,660
Investment	Fair		Percentage of	of	<u>Maturity</u>	
Type	Value		Investments	<u>s <1 year</u>	\leq 2 years	3-5 years
Negotiable certificates of deposit	\$ 5,266	,197	24.37%	\$ 250,83	38 \$ 2,346,992	\$ 2,668,367

All of the School District's negotiable CD's were covered in full by FDIC insurance.

The School District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs. Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The above table identifies the School District's recurring fair value measurement as of June 30, 2020. As previously discussed Star Ohio is reported at its net asset value. All other investments of the School District are valued using quoted market prices in markets that are not considered to be active, dealer quotations or alternative pricing sources for similar assets or liabilities for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly (Level 2 inputs).

All interest is legally required to be placed in the general fund, the food service and public support special revenue funds and the scholarships private purpose trust fund. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2020 amount to \$711,795, which includes \$122,227 assigned from other School District funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Custodial credit risk for an investment is the risk that in the event of failure of the counterparty, the School District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The investments in Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC), Federal Farm Credit Bank (FFCB), Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB) and commercial paper are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent and not in the School District's name. The School District's negotiable certificate of deposit is a registered security and covered in full by FDIC insurance. The School District's policy is to invest money with financial institutions that are able to abide by the laws governing insurance and collateral of public funds.

Interest rate risk is the possibility that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The School District's investment policy does not address limits on investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit risk is the possibility that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligation. Standard and Poor's has assigned STAR Ohio and the First American Government Obligation an AAAm rating, the FHLMC, FHLB and FFCB bonds an AA+ rating and commercial paper an A-1 rating. The School District's investment policy requires certain credit ratings for some investments as allowed by state law.

Concentration of credit risk is the possibility of loss attributed to the magnitude of the School District's investment in a single issuer. The investments are presented in the table on the previous page. The investment in STAR Ohio is a pooled investment and not of a single issuer. The investments in negotiable CD's are all individually below the 5 percent. The School District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer.

NOTE 5 - PROPERTY TAX

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the School District's fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal property (used for public utilities) located in the School District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar 2020 represents collections of calendar year 2019 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2020 were levied after April 1, 2019, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2019, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar 2020 represents collections of calendar year 2019 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2020 became a lien December 31, 2018, were levied after April 1, 2019 and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

The School District receives property taxes from Summit County. The County Fiscal Officer periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2020, are available to finance fiscal year 2021 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property and public utility property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2020 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflows of resources – property taxes.

The amount available as an advance at year-end was \$3,044,847 in the general fund, \$151,363 in the bond retirement debt service fund and \$155,326 in the permanent improvement capital projects fund, and is recognized as revenue on the fund financial statements.

On the accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as revenue on the statement of activities.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2020 taxes were collected are:

		2019		2018
Property Category	As	ssessed Value	As	ssessed Value
Real Property				
Residential and agricultural	\$	653,511,620	\$	646,146,040
Commercial, industrial				
and minerals		250,128,460		241,886,980
Tangible Personal Property				
Public utilities		22,880,960		21,369,320
Total	\$	926,521,040	\$	909,402,340

NOTE 6 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at year-end consisted of taxes, accounts (tuition and excess costs), interfund, and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of state programs, and the current year guarantee of federal funds. The general fund and nonmajor governmental funds reported intergovernmental receivables as follows:

Twinsburg City School District Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Governmental Activities	Amounts
General:	
Workers' compensation refund	\$ 158,920
State Employees Retirement refund	579
State Teachers Retirement refund	37
School foundation adjustments	194,252
Utility reimbursements	36,545
Total general	390,333
Other governmental funds:	
Grants	101,488
Total	\$ 491,821

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 was as follows:

Governmental Activities	<u>Jı</u>	Balance ine 30, 2019	Increases		Decreases		Balance June 30, 2020	
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	1,147,310	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,147,310
Construction in progress		106,206		340,594		(169,191)		277,609
Total capital assets, not being								
depreciated		1,253,516		340,594		(169,191)		1,424,919
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Land improvements		6,335,490		7,480		-		6,342,970
Buildings and improvements		66,032,614		362,139		-		66,394,753
Furniture, fixtures and equipment		6,209,786		377,404		(460,068)		6,127,122
Vehicles		3,464,649		485,770		(223,121)		3,727,298
Total capital assets, being								
depreciated		82,042,539	·	1,232,793		(683,189)		82,592,143
Less: Accumulated depreciation								
Land improvements		(4,391,438)		(163,797)		-		(4,555,235)
Buildings and improvements		(41,669,879)		(1,502,599)		-		(43,172,478)
Furniture, fixtures and equipment		(4,377,085)		(229,523)		255,105		(4,351,503)
Vehicles		(1,992,356)		(275,828)		200,808		(2,067,376)
Total accumulated depreciation		(52,430,758)	. <u> </u>	(2,171,747)		455,913		(54,146,592)
Total capital assets being								
depreciated, net		29,611,781		(938,954)	. <u> </u>	(227,276)		28,445,551
Governmental activities capital								
assets, net	\$	30,865,297	\$	(598,360)	\$	(396,467)	\$	29,870,470

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	Amount
Regular	\$ 1,697,783
Vocational	403
Support services:	
Instructional staff	4,391
Administration	20,389
Fiscal	1,258
Operation and maintenance of plant	70,479
Pupil transportation	263,535
Central	21,515
Operation of non-instructional services	793
Operation of food services	7,801
Extracurricular activities	 83,400
	\$ 2,171,747

NOTE 8 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund balances at June 30, 2020 consisted of the following:

	Interfund		Interfund	
	<u>Receivable</u>		Payable	
General fund	\$	26,366	\$	-
Nonmajor governmental funds		_		26,366
Totals	\$	26,366	\$	26,366

All balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, or (3) payments between funds are made. As of June 30, 2020, all interfund loans outstanding are anticipated to be repaid in fiscal year 2021.

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the fund collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. During fiscal year 2020, the general fund transferred a total of \$135,000 to other nonmajor governmental funds for these purposes.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 9 – ACCOUNTABILITY

As of June 30, 2020, several funds had deficit fund balances. These deficits were caused by the application of GAAP; namely in the reporting of various liabilities attributable to the fiscal year. These deficit balances will be eliminated by anticipated future intergovernmental revenues or other subsidies not recognized and recorded at June 30. The following funds had deficit balances:

Fund	Amount
Title VI-B	\$ 60,235
Title III	1,266
Title I	38,099
Miscellaneous federal grants	840
Improving teacher quality	2,250

NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. There have been no settlements paid in excess of insurance nor has insurance coverage been significantly reduced in the past three years.

The School District maintains a self-insurance fund (an internal service fund) to account for and finance its employee health benefits plan. As of October 1, 2005 the School District is no longer self-insured. They now purchase commercial insurance for all School District employees.

The School District has contracted with the Stark County Schools Council of Governments (COG) to provide medical/surgical, dental, vision, life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance for its employees and their covered dependents. Established in 1987, the COG is a shared risk pool comprised of one hundred member school districts, educational service centers, libraries, colleges and related agencies. Although, the School Districted has contracted with the COG they do not have a controlling vote since they are not located within Stark County. The employer participants pay monthly contributions that are placed in a common fund from which eligible claims and expenses are paid for employees and their covered dependents. This plan includes both individual and aggregate stop-loss provisions. Premium contributions are determined annually in a manner that ensures the pool is funded up to the aggregate stop loss attachment point. Premium holidays may be declared by the COG to ensure reserves do not exceed thirty percent.

The School District pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 11 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions between an employer and its employees of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee on a deferred-payment basis as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability represents the School District's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the School District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The School District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the School District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term net pension liability on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in intergovernmental payable on both the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting.

A. School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description – School District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Eligible to Retire on or before	Eligible to Retire after
	<u>August 1, 2017 *</u>	<u>August 1, 2017</u>
Full benefits	Age 65 with 5 years of service credit or Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially reduced benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit; or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

* Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017 will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.2 percent for the first thirty years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

An individual whose benefit effective date is before April 1, 2018, is eligible for a cost of living adjustment (COLA) on the first anniversary date of the benefit. Beginning April 1, 2018, new benefit recipients must wait until the fourth anniversary of their benefit for COLA eligibility. The COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit. A three-year COLA suspension is in effect for all benefit recipients for the years 2018, 2019, and 2020. Upon resumption of the COLA, it will be indexed to the percentage increase in the CPI-W, not to exceed 2.5 percent and with a floor of 0 percent.

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14.0 percent.

The School District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$955,710 for fiscal year 2020. Of this amount \$106,313 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

B. State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – School District licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at <u>www.strsoh.org</u>.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. In April 2017, the Retirement Board made the decision to reduce COLA granted on or after July 1, 2017, to 0 percent to preserve the fiscal integrity of the retirement system. Benefit recipients' base benefit and past cost-of living increases are not affected by this change. Members are eligible to retire at age 60 with five years of age. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.53 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.47 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12 percent of the 14 percent member rate goes to the DC Plan and the remaining 2 percent goes to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity after termination of employment at age 50 or later.

New members who choose the DC plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit to apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, plan members were required to contribute 14 percent of their annual covered salary. The School District was required to contribute 14 percent; the entire 14 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The fiscal year 2020 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

The School District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$3,511,496 for fiscal year 2020. Of this amount \$534,638 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the School District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	<u>SERS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
Proportion of the net pension			
liability - prior measurement date	0.192582%	0.2025676%	
Proportion of the net pension			
liability - current measurement date	0.201478%	0.2067140%	
Change in proportionate share	0.008897%	0.004146%	
Proportionate share of the net			
pension liability	\$12,054,794	\$45,713,565	\$57,768,359
Pension expense	\$1,624,904	\$7,141,389	\$8,766,293

At June 30, 2020, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Deferred outflows of resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$ 305,683	\$ 372,185	\$ 677,868
Changes of assumptions	-	5,369,941	5,369,941
Changes in proportionate share and difference			
between School District contributions			
and proportionate share of contributions	363,704	1,517,312	1,881,016
School District contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	955,710	3,511,496	4,467,206
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 1,625,097	\$10,770,934	\$12,396,031
Deferred inflows of resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$ -	\$ 197,885	\$ 197,885
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on pension plan investments	154,738	2,234,231	2,388,969
Changes in proportionate share and difference			
between School District contributions and			
proportionate share of contributions	242,181	242,320	484,501
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ 396,919	\$ 2,674,436	\$ 3,071,355

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

\$4,467,206 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal			
Year	<u>SERS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	Total
2021	\$ 366,701	\$ 3,575,910	\$ 3,942,611
2022	(171,691)	658,380	486,689
2023	(10,297)	(78,309)	(88,606)
2024	 87,755	 429,021	 516,776
Total	\$ 272,468	\$ 4,585,002	\$ 4,857,470

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2019, are presented below:

Wage inflation	3 percent
Future salary increases, including inflation	3.5 percent to 18.2 percent
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA	2.5 percent
Investment rate of return	7.5 percent net of investments expense, including inflation
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an experience study that was completed June 30, 2015.

With the authority granted the Board under Senate Bill 8, the Board enacted a three year COLA delay for future recipients commencing benefits on or after April 1, 2018.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Mortality among active members was updated to RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females. Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries was updated to the following RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates, and 110 percent of female rates. Mortality among disabled members was updated to RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a buildingblock approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset	Target	Long-term expected
<u>class</u>	allocation	real rate of return
Cash	1.00 %	0.50 %
US stocks	22.50	4.75
Non-US stocks	22.50	7.00
Fixed income	19.00	1.50
Private equity	10.00	8.00
Real assets	15.00	5.00
Multi-asset strategies	10.00	3.00
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.5 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.5 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.5 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.5 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.5 percent) than the current rate.

	Current			
	1% Decrease discount rate 1% Incre			
	<u>(6.5%)</u>	<u>(7.5%)</u>	<u>(8.5%)</u>	
School District's proportionate				
share of the net pension liability	\$ 16,893,076	\$12,054,794	\$7,997,289	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2019, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.5 percent
Projected salary increases	2.5 percent at age 65 to 12.5 percent at age 20
Investment rate of return	7.45 percent, net of investment expenses,
	including inflation
Discount rate of return	7.45 percent
Payroll increases	3 percent
Cost of living adjustments (COLA)	0 percent, effective July 1, 2017

Post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2018 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

STRS's investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset	Target	Long term expected
<u>class</u>	allocation **	* real rate of return*
Domestic equity	28.00 %	<i>7.35</i> %
International equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed income	21.00	3.00
Real estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	⁄o

*10 year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30 year period, STRS's investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

**Target weights will be phased in over a 24 month Period concluding on July 1, 2019.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.45 percent as of June 30, 2019. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2019. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.45 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2019.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45 percent, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.45 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.45 percent) than the current rate:

	Current			
	1% Decrease discount rate 1% Increas			
	<u>(6.45%)</u>	(7.45%)	<u>(8.45%)</u>	
School District's proportionate				
share of the net pension liability	\$ 66,805,283	\$45,713,565	\$27,858,346	

NOTE 12 – DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS

Net OPEB Liability or Asset

The net OPEB liability or asset reported on the statement of net position represents a liability or asset to employees for OPEB. OPEB is a component of exchange transactions between an employer and its employees of salaries and benefits for employee services. OPEB are provided to an employee on a deferred payment basis as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for OPEB is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net OPEB liability or asset represents the School District's proportionate share of each OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net OPEB liability or asset calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the School District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The School District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which OPEB are financed; however, the School District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including OPEB.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

GASB 75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because they benefit from employee services. OPEB contributions come from these employers and health care plan enrollees which pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. Any change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net OPEB liability or asset. Resulting adjustments to the net OPEB liability or asset would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The proportionate share of each plan's funded/unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term net OPEB liability or asset on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually required OPEB contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in intergovernmental payable on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

A. School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The School District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14% of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, SERS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, prorated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2020, this amount was \$19,600. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2% of that employer's SERS covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5% of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2020, the School District's surcharge obligation was \$93,013.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

The surcharge, added to the allocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The School District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$93,013 for fiscal year 2020. Of this amount \$93,013 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

B. State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued effective January 1, 2020. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting <u>www.strsoh.org</u> or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

OPEB Liability or Asset, **OPEB** Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability or asset was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability or asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability or asset was based on the School District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share:

	SERS	<u>STRS</u>	Total
Proportion of the net OPEB liability			
or asset - prior measurement date	0.1959553%	0.2025676%	
Proportion of the net OPEB liability			
or asset - current measurement date	0.2023093%	0.2067140%	
Change in proportionate share	0.0063540%	0.0041464%	
Proportionate share of the net			
OPEB liability (asset)	\$5,087,653	(\$3,423,680)	\$1,663,973
OPEB expense	\$119,640	(\$1,057,530)	(\$937,890)

At June 30, 2020, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	SERS	STRS	<u>Total</u>
Deferred outflows of resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$ 74,683	\$ 310,381	\$ 385,064
Changes of assumptions	371,595	71,965	443,560
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on pension plan investments	12,212	-	12,212
Changes in proportionate share and difference			
between School District contributions			
and proportionate share of contributions	194,239	89,539	283,778
School District contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	93,013		93,013
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 745,742	\$ 471,885	\$ 1,217,627
Total defended outflows of resources	φ 7 1 3,742	\$ 471,005	<u> </u>
Deferred inflows of resources			
Net difference between expected and actual			
experience	\$ 1,117,723	\$ 174,183	\$ 1,291,906
Changes of assumptions	285,097	3,753,664	4,038,761
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	215,032	215,032
Changes in proportionate share and difference			
between School District contributions and			
proportionate share of contributions	409,766	63,097	472,863
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ 1,812,586	\$ 4,205,976	\$ 6,018,562

\$93,013 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal			
Year	SERS	<u>STRS</u>	Total
2021	\$ (321,855)	\$ (820,274)	\$ (1,142,129)
2022	(213,963)	(820,276)	(1,034,239)
2023	(210,379)	(734,095)	(944,474)
2024	(210,963)	(703,861)	(914,824)
2025	(151,381)	(669,406)	(820,787)
2026	(51,316)	13,821	(37,495)
Total	\$ (1,159,857)	\$ (3,734,091)	\$ (4,893,948)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2019, are presented below:

Wage inflation Future salary increases, including inflation Investment rate of return	3 percent 3.5 percent to 18.2 percent 7.5 percent net of investments expense, including inflation
Municipal bond index rate:	
Measurement date	3.13 percent
Prior measurement date	3.62 percent
Single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation	
Measurement date	3.22 percent
Prior measurement date	3.70 percent
Medical trend assumption	
Pre-Medicare	7.00 to 4.75 percent
Medicare	5.25 to 4.75 percent

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates and 110 percent of female rates. RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates set back five years.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2010 through 2015, and was adopted by the Board on April 21, 2016. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.50 percent, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as used in the June 30, 2015 five-year experience study, are summarized as follows:

Asset	Target	Long term expected				
<u>class</u>	allocation	real rate of return				
Cash	1.00 %	0.50 %				
US stocks	22.50	4.75				
Non-US stocks	22.50	7.00				
Fixed income	19.00	1.50				
Private equity	10.00	8.00				
Real assets	15.00	5.00				
Multi-asset strategies	10.00	3.00				
Total	100.00 %					

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2019 was 3.22 percent. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2019 was 3.70 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the state statute contribution rate of 1.50 percent of projected covered employee payroll each year, which includes a 1.50 percent payroll surcharge and no contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make future benefit payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2029. However, since SERS' actuaries indicate the fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted at a future measurement date, the single equivalent interest rate is determined as the single rate that will generate a present value of benefit payments equal to the sum of the present value determined by the long-term expected rate of return, and the present value determined by the long-term expected rate of return, and the present value determined by discounting those benefits after the date of depletion by the Fidelity General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index rate of 3.13%, as of June 30, 2019 (i.e., municipal bond rate).

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability of SERS, what SERS' net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.22%) and higher (4.22%) than the current discount rate (3.22%). Also shown is what SERS' net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (6.00% decreasing to 3.75%) and higher (8.00% decreasing to 5.75%) than the current rate.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	1%	6 Decrease	discount rate	1% Increase
		<u>(2.70%)</u>	<u>(3.70%)</u>	<u>(4.70%)</u>
School District's proportionate				
share of the net OPEB liability	\$	6,175,446	\$5,087,653	\$4,222,731
			Current	
	1%	6 Decrease	trend rate	1% Increase
	(6.00	% decreasing	(7.00% decreasing	(8.00% decreasing
	<u>t</u>	<u>to 3.75%)</u>	<u>to 4.75%)</u>	to 5.75%)
School District's proportionate				
share of the net OPEB liability	\$	4,076,241	\$5,087,653	\$6,429,553

Actuarial Assumptions – STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2019, actuarial valuation are presented below:

Projected salary increases	12.50 percent at age 20 to 2.50 percent at age 65
Investment rate of return	7.45 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Payroll increases	3 percent
Discount rate of return	7.45 percent
Health care cost trends:	
Medical	
Pre-Medicare	5.87 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate
Medicare	4.93 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate
Prescription drug	
Pre-Medicare	7.73 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate
Medicare	9.62 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

In 2019, non-Medicare retirees receive a subsidy of 1.944% per year of service to a maximum of 30 years, and Medicare AMA retirees receive a subsidy of 2.1% per year of service to a maximum of 30 years. In 2020, non-Medicare retirees receive a subsidy of 1.984% per year of service to a maximum of 30 years.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Beginning in 2021, the STRS Ohio subsidy dollar amount for non-Medicare plans will be frozen at the current 2020 levels. Annual increases in the STRS Ohio subsidy dollar amount for Medicare plans will be based on the annual percentage increase in the Aetna Medicare Advantage Plan, limited at 6%. For those who retire on or after August 2023, the first five years of service do not count towards the subsidy, so subsidy percentages are shifted five years, and those with less than 20 years of service receive no subsidy. STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset	Target	Long term expected				
<u>class</u>	allocation	real rate of return*				
Domestic equity	28.00 %	7.35 %				
International equity	23.00	7.55				
Alternatives	17.00	7.09				
Fixed income	21.00	3.00				
Real estate	10.00	6.00				
Liquidity reserves	1.00	2.25				
Total	100.00 %					

*10 year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30 year period, STRS's investment consultant indicated that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.45 percent as of June 30, 2019. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes STRS Ohio continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care plan investments of 7.45 percent was used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2019.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2018, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45 percent, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.45 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.45 percent) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Current	
	1% Decrease	discount rate	1% Increase
	<u>(6.45%)</u>	<u>(7.45%)</u>	<u>(8.45%)</u>
School District's proportionate	¢ (2.021.420)		(*** *** ***
share of the net OPEB asset	\$ (2,921,429)	(\$3,423,680)	(\$3,845,956)
		Current	
	<u>1% Decrease</u>	trend rate	1% Increase
School District's proportionate			
share of the net OPEB asset	\$ (3,882,296)	(\$3,423,680)	(\$2,861,987)

NOTE 13 - BONDED DEBT AND OTHER LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The changes in long-term obligations of the School District during the fiscal year were as follows:

		Balance July 1		Additions		Deletions	Balance June 30		Due within <u>one year</u>	
Governmental Long-term Obligation	IS									
General Obligation Bonds										
2013 School Facilities Refunding										
Bonds, 4.25-5.0%, maturing										
December 1, 2021	\$	6,595,000	\$	-	\$	(2,125,000)	\$	4,470,000	\$	2,200,000
Unamortized premium		170,111		-		(84,151)		85,960		-
2010 Energy conservation Improvement	ıt									
Bonds, 5.375%, maturing										
December 1, 2025		1,225,000		-		(175,000)		1,050,000		175,000
2014 Energy conservation Improvement	nt									
Bonds, 3.60%, maturing										
December 1, 2028		575,469		-		(48,828)		526,641		50,585
Total bonds		8,565,580	_	-		(2,432,979)		6,132,601		2,425,585
Other Long-term Obligations										
Capital lease payable		363,497		-		(103,764)		259,733		111,765
Long-term compensated absences		2,831,560		505,230		(326,397)		3,010,393		444,382
Total other long-term obligations		3,195,057	_	505,230	_	(430,161)		3,270,126		556,147
Net pension liability										
STRS		44,540,074		1,173,491		-		45,713,565		_
SERS		11,029,505		1,025,289		-		12,054,794		-
Total net pension liability		55,569,579		2,198,780	_	-		57,768,359	_	-
Net OPEB liability (asset)										
STRS		(3,255,055)		-		(168,625)		(3,423,680)		-
SERS		5,436,329		-		(348,676)		5,087,653		-
Total net OPEB liability (asset)		2,181,274		-		(517,301)		1,663,973		-
Total governmental										
long-term obligations	\$	69,511,490	\$	2,704,010	\$	(3,380,441)	\$	68,835,059	\$	2,981,732

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

<u>General Obligation Bonds</u>: General obligation bonds are direct obligations of the School District for which its full faith and credit are pledged for repayment. General obligation bonds are to be repaid from voted and unvoted general property taxes. Property tax monies will be received in and the debt will be repaid from the bond retirement debt service fund.

In fiscal year 2014, the School District issued \$14,525,000 in general obligation bonds to be used for the refunding of a portion of the 2004 School Facilities Refunding Bonds. The 2013 School Facilities Refunding Bonds proceeds consisted of bond principal and \$1,131,062 of premium. The net proceeds of \$15,507,360 (after payment of underwriting fees, insurance, and other issuance costs) was deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for future debt service payments of the portion of the 2004 School District. The difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt is reported as a deferred outflow of resources on the Statements of Net Position. The premium of the new debt was significant and is amortized over the life of the new bonds using the bonds outstanding method of amortization. The School District advance refunded the School Facilities Refunding Bonds to reduce their total debt service payments over the next eight years and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$929,271.

On April 13, 2004, the School District issued \$27.8 million in general obligation bonds which include serial and capital appreciation bonds with interest rates varying between 2.0-5.0% to refund \$27.8 million of outstanding School Improvement Bonds with an average interest rate of 5.8%. The final amount of the 2004 capital appreciation bonds was \$2,124,925. The net proceeds of the refunding bonds were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments of the portion of the bonds refunded. As a result, the bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability is not reported by the School District. All of the old bonds that were advance refunded were called and subsequently redeemed.

On August 23, 2010, the School District issued \$2,592,180 in energy conservation improvement bonds at an interest rate of 5.375%. These improvement bonds were issued to fund energy conservation related projects within the School District. The bonds and interest are to be repaid by the general fund. The bonds are Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCB's) whereas the interest paid on the bonds has been 95.07% subsidized by the federal government. The federal government will remit the interest paid by the School District through a direct pay reimbursement. For 2020 this reimbursement was in the amount of \$29,452.

On November 19, 2014, the School District issued \$753,519 in energy conservation improvement bonds at an interest rate of 3.60%. These improvement bonds were issued to fund energy conservation related projects within the School District. The bonds and interest are to be repaid by the general fund.

At June 30, 2020, the School District's overall legal debt margin was \$79,107,203 with an unvoted debt limit of \$926,521. The School District bond rating was unchanged during the year.

<u>Compensated absences</u>: Sick leave benefits will be paid from the fund from which the person is paid. In prior years this fund has primarily been the general fund.

<u>Net pension/OPEB liability:</u> There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability and net OPEB liability; however the School District pays pension and OPEB obligations related to employee compensation from the fund benefitting from their service. In prior years this fund has primarily been the general fund.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Principal and interest requirements to amortize all bonds and notes outstanding at June 30, 2020 are as follows:

Fiscal	2013 Schoo <u>Refunding I</u>				2010 Energy Conservation Improvement Bonds			2	2014 Energy <u>Improvem</u>			
Year		Principal	Interest		Principal	al Interest			Principal		Interest	
2021	\$	2,200,000	\$	115,591	\$	175,000	\$	51,734	\$	50,585	\$	18,049
2022		2,270,000		38,930		175,000		42,328		52,406		16,195
2023		-		-		175,000		32,922		54,293		14,274
2024		-		-		175,000		23,516		56,248		12,284
2025		-		-		175,000		14,109		58,272		10,223
2026-2029		-				175,000		4,703		254,837		18,753
Total	\$	4,470,000	\$	154,521	\$	1,050,000	\$	169,312	\$	526,641	\$	89,778

NOTE 14 - CAPITALIZED LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

During the current fiscal year, the School District entered into a capitalized lease agreement for the acquisition of copiers. The School District entered into a capitalized lease agreement for the acquisition of copiers, a scoreboard and a truck in a prior fiscal year. The terms of each agreement provide options to purchase the equipment. Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the fund financial statements of the general fund. These expenditures are reflected as program/function expenditures on a budgetary basis.

Capital assets acquired by the lease have been capitalized as equipment in the amount of \$486,160, which is equal to the present value of the future minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition. Principal payments in the current fiscal year totaled \$103,764.

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments required under the capital leases and the present value of the minimum lease payments at year-end.

Fiscal		Lease
Year	<u>P</u>	ayments
2021	\$	132,078
2022		124,903
2023		36,069
Total minimum lease payments		293,050
Less: amount representing interest		(33,317)
Total	\$	259,733

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 15 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

The Metropolitan Regional Service Council (MRSC) is the computer service organization or Information Technology Center (ITC) used by the School District. MRSC is also known as Northeast Ohio Network for Educational Technology (NEOnet), which is the name used exclusively prior to their reorganization from a consortium to a council of governments. The superintendent from each member entity is appointed to the legislative body of MRSC known as the assembly. The assembly elects a board of directors consisting of nine members. These members comprise the managerial body of the council and meet at least five times yearly. The operations of MRSC are under the control of the board of directors and the executive director. The purpose of the MRSC is to develop and employ a computer system efficiently and effectively for the needs of the member school districts. All members are required to pay fees, charges and assessments as charged. The School District does not maintain an ongoing financial interest or an ongoing financial responsibility. During fiscal year 2020, the School District contributed \$468,742 to MRSC. This contribution includes purchases of software and related items as well as payment for services. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the fiscal agent at 700 Graham Road Cuyahoga Falls, Ohio 44221.

Cuyahoga Valley Career Center is a vocational school district which is a separate body politic and corporate, established by the Ohio Revised Code (ORC) to provide vocational and special education needs of the students. The school accepts non-tuition students from the School District as a member school; however, it is considered a separate political subdivision and is not considered to be part of the School District.

The Ohio Schools Council (Council) is a jointly governed organization among 249 school districts, educational service centers, joint vocational school districts, and developmental disabilities boards in 33 northern Ohio counties. The jointly governed organization was formed to purchase quality products and services at the lowest possible cost to the member districts. Each district supports the Council by paying an annual participation fee. The Council's Board consists of nine superintendents of the participating districts whose term rotates every year. The degree of control exercised by any school district is limited to its representation on the Board. During fiscal year 2020, the School District paid \$10,712 for membership fees and \$105,670 to the Council in the form of natural gas purchases, respectively. Financial information can be obtained by contacting William Zelei, the Executive Director of the Ohio Schools Council at 6393 Oak Tree Blvd., Suite 377, Independence, Ohio 44131.

NOTE 16 - CONTINGENCIES

Grants

The School District received financial assistance from Federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, the effect of any such disallowed claims on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2020, if applicable, cannot be determined at this time.

In the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2020.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

School Foundation Adjustments

School District foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. The Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to adjust/reconcile funding as enrollment information is updated by schools throughout the State, which can extend past the fiscal year end. The ODE's final FTE adjustments did not have a material impact on the School District's financial statements

Litigation

The School District is involved in certain litigation and claims that arise in the ordinary course of business. Management and its legal counsel periodically review the probable outcome of pending claims and proceedings, the costs and expenses reasonably expected to be incurred, the availability and limits of the School District's insurance coverage, and the School District's accruals for uninsured liabilities. While the ultimate legal and financial liability with respect to the claims and proceedings cannot be estimated with certainty, management believes, based on its reviews and experience to date, that any liability in excess of amounts covered by insurance will not have a material effect on the School District's financial statements.

NOTE 17 - STATUTORY RESERVES

The School District is required by the state law to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. The School District may replace using general fund revenues with proceeds from various sources (offsets), such as bond or levy proceeds related to the acquisition, replacement, enhancement, maintenance or repair of permanent improvements. Amounts not spent by fiscal year end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the fiscal year must be held in cash at fiscal year end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future fiscal years.

Although the School District had current year offsets during the fiscal year that reduced the set-aside amount to below zero for the capital maintenance reserve, this amount may not be used to reduce the set aside requirement for future years. This negative balance is, therefore, not presented as being carried forward to future years.

The following information describes the change in the year-end set-aside amounts for capital maintenance.

	Capital		
	Maintenance		
	Reserve		
Set-aside cash balance as of			
June 30, 2019	\$	-	
Current year set-aside requirement		735,566	
Current year offset		(2,012,446)	
Total	\$	(1,276,880)	
Balance carried forward to future years	\$	-	

NOTE 18 – COMMITMENTS/ENCUMBRANCES

As of June 30, 2020, the School District had a commitment in the permanent improvement fund for roofing and technology upgrades in the amount of \$231,210.

Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. The School District had outstanding encumbrances at June 30, 2020 in the following funds:

General fund	\$ 1,448,255
Permanent improvement	393,976
Other governmental funds	 128,778
Total encumbrances at year end	\$ 1,971,009

NOTE 19 – TAX ABATEMENTS

Pursuant to Ohio Revised Code (ORC) Section 3735, the City of Twinsburg (the City) established a Community Reinvestment Area (CRA) program. The CRA program is an economic development tool administered by municipal and county governments that provides real property tax exemptions for property owners who renovate existing or construct new buildings. CRA's are areas of land in which property owners can receive tax incentives for investing in real property improvements. Under the CRA program, local governments petition to the Ohio Development Services Agency (ODSA) for confirmation of a geographical area in which investment in housing has traditionally been discouraged. Once an area is confirmed by the ODSA, local governments may offer real property tax exemptions to taxpayers that invest in that area. Property owners in the CRA can receive temporary tax abatements for the renovation of existing structures and new construction in these areas. Property owners apply to the local legislative authority for approval to renovate or construct in the CRA. Upon approval and certification of completion, the amount of the abatement is deducted from the individual or entity's property tax bill.

Pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Chapter 5709, the City established enterprise zones to encourage new investment. Property tax abatements are obtained through application by the property owner, including proof that the improvements have been made, and equal to 100 percent of the additional property tax resulting from the increase in assessed values as a result of the improvement. The abatement is realized as a reduction in assessed value on the recipient's tax bill. The City also contracts with the School District for payments in lieu of taxes when required by the Ohio Revised Code.

The total value of the School District's share of taxes abated within the CRA and enterprise zone areas for fiscal year 2020 totaled \$449,445.

Pursuant to ORC Section 5709.82, the City and the School District have entered into various Community Reinvestment Area Compensation Agreements. These agreements require compensation to the School District for a specified portion of the property tax revenues forgone as a result of the tax incentives granted. Compensation agreement payments are made to the School District from the City. The School District received \$99,374 for compensation agreement during fiscal year 2020.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 20 – SUBSEQUENT EVENT

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures have impacted the current period and will continue to impact subsequent periods of the School District. The School District's investment portfolio and the investments of the pension and other employee benefit plans are subject to increased market volatility, which could result in a significant decline in fair value, consistent with the general decline in financial markets. Furthermore, due to the dynamic environment and changes in fiscal policies, the exact impact on the School District's future operating costs, revenues, and any recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be reasonably estimated. **Required Supplementary Information**

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Twinsburg City School District Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Last Seven Fiscal Years (1)

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
School Employees Retirement System (SERS) of Ohio					
School District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.201478%	0.192582%	0.213844%	0.207873%	0.212381%
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 12,054,794	\$ 11,029,505	\$ 12,776,731	\$ 15,214,371	\$ 12,118,654
School District's covered payroll	\$ 6,779,941	\$ 6,664,719	\$ 6,630,157	\$ 6,411,429	\$ 6,371,191
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	177.80%	165.49%	192.71%	237.30%	190.21%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	70.85%	71.36%	69.50%	62.98%	69.16%
	2020	2019	2018	2017	 2016
State Teachers Retirement System (STRS) of Ohio					
School District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.2067140%	0.2025676%	0.2003568%	0.2024215%	0.1911735%
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 45,713,565	\$ 44,540,074	\$ 47,595,187	\$ 67,756,564	\$ 52,834,772
School District's covered payroll	\$ 24,138,371	\$ 22,812,250	\$ 22,045,771	\$ 21,302,193	\$ 20,229,507
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	189.38%	195.25%	215.89%	318.07%	261.18%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	77.40%	77.30%	75.30%	66.80%	72.10%

(1) Ten years of information will be presented as information becomes available. Information prior to 2014 is not available. The amounts presented are as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

 2015	2014				
0.220615%		0.220615%			
\$ 11,165,200	\$	13,119,266			
\$ 6,308,932	\$	6,409,270			
176.97%		204.69%			
71.70%		65.52%			
2015		2014			

 2015	 2014
0.1911363%	0.1911363%
\$ 46,490,953	\$ 55,379,719
\$ 19,805,638	\$ 19,472,554
234.74%	284.40%
74.70%	69.30%

Twinsburg City School District Required Supplementary Information Schedule of School District Contributions - Pension Last Eight Fiscal Years (1)

	 2020	2020 2019		 2018	2017		2016	
School Employees Retirement System (SERS) of Ohio								
Contractually required contribution	\$ 955,710	\$	915,292	\$ 899,737	\$	928,222	\$	897,600
Contributions in relation to contractually required contribution	 (955,710)		(915,292)	 (899,737)		(928,222)		(897,600)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$		\$ 	\$		\$	
School District covered payroll	\$ 6,826,500	\$	6,779,941	\$ 6,664,719	\$	6,630,157	\$	6,411,429
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	14.00%		13.50%	13.50%		14.00%		14.00%
	2020		2019	2018		2017		2016
State Teachers Retirement System (STRS) of Ohio	 			 				
Contractually required contribution	\$ 3,511,496	\$	3,379,372	\$ 3,193,715	\$	3,086,408	\$	2,982,307
Contributions in relation to contractually required contribution	 (3,511,496)		(3,379,372)	 (3,193,715)		(3,086,408)		(2,982,307)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$		\$ 	\$		\$	
School District covered payroll	\$ 25,082,114	\$	24,138,371	\$ 22,812,250	\$	22,045,771	\$	21,302,193
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	14.00%		14.00%	14.00%		14.00%		14.00%

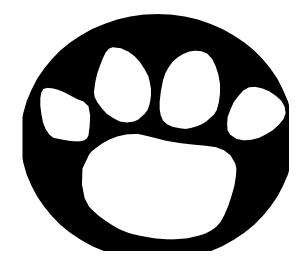
(1) Ten years of information will be presented as information becomes available. Information prior to 2013 is not available.

2015	2014	2013
\$ 839,723	\$ 874,418	\$ 887,043
(839,723)	(874,418)	(887,043)
<u>\$</u> -	\$-	<u>\$ -</u>
\$ 6,371,191	\$ 6,308,932	\$ 6,409,270
13.18%	13.86%	13.84%
2015	2014	2013
\$ 2,832,131	\$ 2,574,733	\$ 2,531,432
(2,832,131)	(2,574,733)	(2,531,432)
<u>\$</u> -	\$-	<u>\$ -</u>
\$ 20,229,507	\$ 19,805,638	\$ 19,472,554
14.00%	13.00%	13.00%

Twinsburg City School District Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) Last Four Fiscal Years (1)

	2020	2019	2018	2017
School Employees Retirement System (SERS) of Ohio				
School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.202309%	0.195955%	0.216176%	0.210278%
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 5,087,653	\$ 5,436,329	\$ 5,801,596	\$ 5,993,698
School District's covered payroll	\$ 6,779,941	\$ 6,664,719	\$ 6,630,157	\$ 6,411,429
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	75.04%	81.57%	87.50%	93.48%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability	15.57%	13.57%	12.46%	11.49%
	2020	2019	2018	2017
State Teachers Retirement System (STRS) of Ohio				
School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability or asset	0.2067140%	0.2025676%	0.2003568%	0.2024215%
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ (3,423,680)	\$ (3,255,055)	\$ 7,817,183	\$ 10,825,552
School District's covered payroll	\$ 24,138,371	\$ 22,812,250	\$ 22,045,771	\$ 21,302,193
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	(14.18%)	(14.27%)	35.46%	50.82%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability or asset	174.70%	176.00%	47.10%	37.30%

(1) Ten years of information will be presented as information becomes available. Information prior to 2017 is not available. The amounts presented are as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.



Twinsburg City School District Required Supplementary Information Schedule of School District Contributions - OPEB Last Eight Fiscal Years (1)

	 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017	 2016
School Employees Retirement System (SERS) of Ohio					
Contractually required contribution (2)	\$ 93,013	\$ 137,858	\$ 141,769	\$ 113,997	\$ 104,778
Contributions in relation to contractually required contribution	 (93,013)	 (137,858)	 (141,769)	 (113,997)	 (104,778)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
School District covered payroll	\$ 6,826,500	\$ 6,779,941	\$ 6,664,719	\$ 6,630,157	\$ 6,411,429
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	1.36%	2.03%	2.13%	1.72%	1.63%
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
State Teachers Retirement System (STRS) of Ohio		 	 	 	
Contractually required contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions in relation to contractually required contribution	 -	 -	 -	 	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
School District covered payroll	\$ 25,082,114	\$ 24,138,371	\$ 22,812,250	\$ 22,045,771	\$ 21,302,193
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

(1) Ten years of information will be presented as information becomes available. Information prior to 2013 is not available.

(2) Includes surcharge

2015	2014	2013
\$ 159,025	\$ 106,974	\$ 115,552
(159,025)	(106,974)	(115,552)
\$ -	\$-	<u>\$ -</u>
\$ 6,371,191	\$ 6,308,932	\$ 6,409,270
2.50%	1.70%	1.80%
2015	2014	2013
\$ -	\$ 198,056	\$ 194,726
	(198,056)	(194,726)
\$ -	\$-	<u>\$ -</u>
\$ 20,229,507	\$ 19,805,638	\$ 19,472,554
0.00%	1.00%	1.00%

Twinsburg City School District Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Net Pension Liability

School Employees Retirement System (SERS) of Ohio

Changes in benefit terms: There was no change in benefit terms for fiscal year 2020. See the notes to the basic financial for benefit terms.

Changes in assumptions: There was no change in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2020. See the notes to the basic financials for the methods and assumptions in this calculation.

State Teachers Retirement System (STRS) of Ohio

Changes in benefit terms: There was no change in benefit terms for fiscal year 2020. See the notes to the basic financial for benefit terms.

Changes in assumptions: There was no change in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2020. See the notes to the basic financials for the methods and assumptions in this calculation.

Net OPEB Liability

School Employees Retirement System (SERS) of Ohio

Changes in benefit terms: There was no change in benefit terms for fiscal year 2020. See the notes to the basic financial for benefit terms.

Changes in assumptions: There was a change in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2020. See the notes to the basic financials for the methods and assumptions in this calculation.

State Teachers Retirement System (STRS) of Ohio

Changes in benefit terms: There was a change in benefit terms for fiscal year 2020. See the notes to the basic financial for benefit terms.

Changes in assumptions: There was a change in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2020. See the notes to the basic financials for the methods and assumptions in this calculation.

Combining Statements for Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Combining Statements and Individual Fund Schedules

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

The special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes. The title of each special revenue fund is descriptive of the activities accounted for therein. A description of the School District's nonmajor special revenue funds follows:

Food Service

To account for all revenues and expenditures restricted to the provision of food services, including breakfast and lunch, for the School District students and staff.

Miscellaneous Local Grants

To account for funds received from private organizations that are restricted for specific purposes.

District Managed Student Activity

To account for those student activity programs which are restricted for student participation in the activity, but do not have student management of the programs. This fund includes athletic programs as well as band, cheerleaders, drama clubs, and other similar types of activities.

Data Communications

To account for revenues restricted from the State to be used to install and provide support costs for data communication links to connect any school to the local A-site.

Student Wellness and Success

To account for monies to support students' academic achievement through mental health counseling, wraparound services, mentoring, and after-school programs.

Miscellaneous State Grants

To account for monies restricted from state agencies which are not classified elsewhere.

Title VI-B

To account for federal funds restricted for the provision of full educational opportunities to handicapped children at the preschool, elementary and secondary levels; assist in the training of teachers, supervisors and other specialists in providing educational services to the handicapped.

<u>Title III</u>

To account for federal funds restricted to develop and carry out elementary and secondary school programs, including activities at the pre-school level, to meet the educational needs of children of limited English proficiency.

<u>Title I</u>

To account for federal funds restricted for services provided to meet special educational needs of educationally deprived children.

EHA Preschool Grant

To account for federal funds restricted for the improvement and expansion of services for handicapped children ages three through five years.

Improving Teacher Quality

To account for monies restricted to hire additional classroom teachers in grades one through three, so that the number of students per teacher will be reduced.

Miscellaneous Federal Grants

To account for various monies received through state agencies from the federal government or directly from the federal government which are not classified elsewhere. A separate cost center must be used for each grant.

Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds

Capital project funds are established to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds). The capital projects funds are:

Building

To account for restricted receipts and expenditures related to all special bond funds in the School District.

Replacement

A fund provided to account for restricted monies used in the rebuilding, restoration or improvement of property which has been totally or partially destroyed due to any cause. Such property may have become unfit for use necessitating its demolition in whole or in part, and may require repair or restoration before it can again be used.

Twinsburg City School District Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds			lonmajor Capital Projects Funds		Total Ionmajor vernmental Funds		
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	366,689	\$	194,875	\$	561,564		
Cash and cash equivalents:	Ψ	500,007	Ψ	191,075	Ψ	501,501		
In segregated accounts		9,630		-		9,630		
Receivables:								
Accounts		337		-		337		
Intergovernmental		101,488		-	101,488			
Inventory held for resale		33,398			33,398			
Total assets	\$ 511,542		\$ 194,875		\$	706,417		
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	16,238	\$	-	\$	16,238		
Accrued wages		199,548		-		199,548		
Interfund payable		26,366		-		26,366		
Intergovernmental payable		43,709		-		43,709		
Total liabilities		285,861				285,861		
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Unavailable revenue		101,538				101,538		
Fund balances:								
Restricted		226,833		194,875		421,708		
Unassigned		(102,690)		-		(102,690)		
Total fund balances		124,143		194,875		319,018		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources								
and fund balances	\$	511,542	\$	194,875	\$	706,417		

Twinsburg City School District Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Revenues: Intergovernmental Interest Extracurricular activities Gifts and donations Charges for services Miscellaneous Total revenues	\$ 1,800,585 808 142,050 15,498 647,569 20,012 2,626,522	\$ - - - - - -	\$ 1,800,585 808 142,050 15,498 647,569 20,012 2,626,522	
Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular Special	67,884 349,067	-	67,884 349,067	
Student intervention services Other Support services: Pupils Instructional staff	6,590 298,463 468,523 74,890	- - -	6,590 298,463 468,523 74,890	
Administration Central Operation of non-instructional services Operation of food services Extracurricular activities	197,653 26,625 540 1,181,468 142,808	- - - -	197,653 26,625 540 1,181,468 142,808	
Total expenditures Excess of revenues under expenditures	2,814,511 (187,989)		2,814,511 (187,989)	
Other financing sources: Transfers in Net change in fund balance	135,000 (52,989)		135,000 (52,989)	
Fund balances at beginning of year Fund balances at end of year	177,132 \$ 124,143	194,875 \$ 194,875	372,007 \$ 319,018	

Twinsburg City School District Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2020

	Food Service		Miscellaneous Local Grants		District Managed Student Activity		Data Comm- unications		Student Wellness and Success	
Assets:							•		÷	
Equity in pooled cash and investments Cash and cash equivalents:	\$	104,150	\$	59,757	\$	59,925	\$	-	\$	50,953
In segregated accounts		8,630		-		1,000		-		-
Receivables:		0,050				1,000				
Accounts		-		-		337		-		-
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		-		-
Inventory held for resale		33,398		-	·	-		-		-
Total assets	\$	146,178	\$	59,757	\$	61,262	\$	-	\$	50,953
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	16,117	\$	-	\$	121	\$	-	\$	-
Accrued wages	*	76,522	*	-	+	-	*	-	+	2,886
Interfund payable		15,800		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental payable		22,036		-		-		-		446
Total liabilities		130,475		-		121		-		3,332
Deferred inflows of resources:										
Unavailable revenue		-				50		-		-
Fund balances:										
Restricted		15,703		59,757		61,091		-		47,621
Unassigned		-		-		-		-		-
Total fund balances		15,703		59,757		61,091		-		47,621
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of										
resources and fund balances	\$	146,178	\$	59,757	\$	61,262	\$	-	\$	50,953

cellaneous State Grants	T	itle VI-B	1	itle III	 Title I	Pres	HA chool rant]	nproving Feacher Quality	scellaneous Federal Grants	Total Ionmajor Special Revenue Funds
\$ 42,661	\$	28,494	\$	-	\$ 12,289	\$	-	\$	7,500	\$ 960	\$ 366,689
-		-		-	-		-		-	-	9,630
- 590		61,131		- 1,112	- 34,411		-		- 4,244 -	-	337 101,488 33,398
\$ 43,251	\$	89,625	\$	1,112	\$ 46,700	\$	-	\$	11,744	\$ 960	\$ 511,542
\$ - - -	\$	76,495 - 12,234 88,729	\$	- 1,266 - 1,266	\$ 43,645 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$		\$	7,500 2,250 9,750	\$ - 1,800 - 1,800	\$ 16,238 199,548 26,366 43,709 285,861
 590		61,131		1,112	 34,411		-		4,244		 101,538
 42,661 - 42,661		(60,235) (60,235)		- (1,266) (1,266)	 (38,099) (38,099)		- - -		(2,250) (2,250)	- (840) (840)	 226,833 (102,690) 124,143
\$ 43,251	\$	89,625	\$	1,112	\$ 46,700	\$	_	\$	11,744	\$ 960	\$ 511,542

Twinsburg City School District Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Food Service	Miscellaneous Local Grants	District Managed Student Activity	Data Comm- unications	Student Wellness and Success
<u>Revenues:</u>	¢ 202.040	¢	Φ	¢ 0.000	ф 10 2 411
Intergovernmental Interest	\$ 383,040 808		\$ -	\$ 9,000	\$ 183,411
Interest Extracurricular activities	808	-	- 142,050	-	-
Gifts and donations	-	15,498	142,030	-	-
Charges for services	- 647,569		-	-	-
Miscellaneous	191		-	-	-
			1 42 050		102 411
Total revenues	1,031,608	35,319	142,050	9,000	183,411
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular	-	39,427	-	-	-
Special	-	3,286	-	-	-
Student intervention services	-	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-	-
Support services:					
Pupils	-	-	-	-	135,790
Instructional staff	-	8,393	-	-	-
Administration	-	-	-	-	-
Central	-	-	-	18,000	-
Operation of non-instructional services	540	-	-	-	-
Operation of food services	1,181,468	-	-	-	-
Extracurricular activities			142,808		
Total expenditures	1,182,008	51,106	142,808	18,000	135,790
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(150,400) (15,787)	(758)	(9,000)	47,621
Other financing sources:					
Transfers in	135,000				
Net change in fund balance	(15,400) (15,787)	(758)	(9,000)	47,621
Fund balances (deficit) at	31,103	75 544	61,849	9,000	
beginning of year				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-
Fund balances (deficit) at end of year	\$ 15,703	\$ 59,757	\$ 61,091	\$ -	\$ 47,621

	cellaneous State Grants	Title VI-B	Title III	Title I	EHA Preschool Grant	Improving Teacher Quality	Miscellaneous Federal Grants	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
\$	32,860	\$ 785,797	\$ 12,538	\$ 284,649	\$ 19,633	\$ 73,604	\$ 16,053	\$ 1,800,585
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	808
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	142,050
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15,498
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	647,569
	-					-	-	20,012
	32,860	785,797	12,538	284,649	19,633	73,604	16,053	2,626,522
	14,787	300,959 332,733 197,653	13,804	6,590 298,463 1,572	16,231 - - - - - - -	21,812 - - 55,535 - - -	6,645 - - 9,390 - -	67,884 349,067 6,590 298,463 468,523 74,890 197,653 26,625 540 1,181,468 142,808
	23,412	831,345	13,804	306,625	16,231	77,347	16,035	2,814,511
	9,448	(45,548)	(1,266)	(21,976)	3,402	(3,743)		(187,989)
	9,448	(43,348)	(1,200)	(21,976)		(3,/43)	18	<u> </u>
	-						-	135,000
	9,448	(45,548)	(1,266)	(21,976)	3,402	(3,743)	18	(52,989)
	33,213	(14,687)	-	(16,123)	(3,402)	1,493	(858)	177,132
\$	42,661	\$ (60,235)	\$ (1,266)	\$ (38,099)	\$ -	\$ (2,250)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$ 124,143
Ψ	.2,001	÷ (00,233)	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>*</u>	÷ (2,230)		<i> </i>

Twinsburg City School District Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds June 30, 2020

June 30, 2020	Building			blacement	Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds		
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	93,297	\$	101,578	\$	194,875	
<u>Fund balances:</u> Restricted Total fund balances	\$	93,297 93,297	\$	101,578 101,578	\$	194,875 194,875	

Twinsburg City School District Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Building	Replacement	Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds
Revenues:			
Total revenues	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Expenditures:			
Total expenditures			
Net change in fund balance	-	-	-
Fund balances at beginning of year	93,297	101,578	194,875
Fund balances at end of the year	\$ 93,297	\$ 101,578	\$ 194,875

Individual Fund Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Governmental Funds – Major and Nonmajor

Major General Fund

The general fund is the operating fund of the School District and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Funds being reported as part of the general fund

The following funds are legally budgeted as separate special revenue funds but are being reported as part of the general fund for GAAP reporting purposes.

Uniform School Supplies

To account for the purchase and sale of school supplies as adopted by the Board of Education for resale to students of the School District.

Adult Education

To account for all revenues and expenditures related to the provision of credit and non-credit classes to the general public.

Public School Support

To account for specific local revenue sources (other than taxes) generated by individual school buildings (i.e. sales of pictures, profits from vending machines, etc.). Expenditures include field trips, materials, equipment and other items to supplement co-curricular and extra-curricular programs.

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
<u>Revenues:</u>	¢ 26.547.602	¢ 26.547.602	¢
Taxes	\$ 36,547,602	\$ 36,547,602	\$- (199,999)
Intergovernmental Interest	11,586,944 461,403	11,386,945 474,383	(199,999) 12,980
Tuition and fees	695,578	697,681	2,103
Rent	27,153	27,153	2,105
Extracurricular activities	112,464	112,487	23
Payments in lieu of taxes	99,374	99,374	-
Miscellaneous	115,240	116,933	1,693
Total revenues	49,645,758	49,462,558	(183,200)
Expenditures: Current: Instruction:			
Regular:			
Salaries and wages	17,108,837	17,011,257	97,580
Fringe benefits	6,916,604	6,769,174	147,430
Purchased services	757,587	756,953	634
Materials and supplies	339,142	326,286	12,856
Capital outlay	254,458	254,457	1
Other	37,331	37,331	-
Total regular	25,413,959	25,155,458	258,501
Special:			
Salaries and wages	3,668,945	3,668,945	-
Fringe benefits	1,658,373	1,658,373	-
Purchased services	1,543,049	1,543,049	-
Materials and supplies	761	761	
Total special	6,871,128	6,871,128	
Student intervention services:			
Salaries and wages	364,395	364,395	-
Fringe benefits	140,798	140,798	-
Total student intervention services	505,193	505,193	-
Total instruction	32,790,280	32,531,779	258,501

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Support services:			(1(0)
Pupils: Salaries and wages	1,725,182	1,725,182	-
Fringe benefits	629,695	628,510	1,185
Purchased services	869,204	869,205	(1)
Materials and supplies	17,374	16,974	400
Total pupils	3,241,455	3,239,871	1,584
Instructional staff:			
Salaries and wages	385,034	385,034	-
Fringe benefits	189,749	189,749	-
Purchased services	268,515	267,261	1,254
Materials and supplies	15,694	15,318	376
Other	524	524	-
Total instructional staff	859,516	857,886	1,630
Board of education:			
Salaries and wages	48,785	48,785	_
Fringe benefits	15,973	15,973	_
Purchased services	287,722	280,689	7,033
Materials and supplies	10,318	10,036	282
Other	86,618	86,088	530
Total board of education	449,416	441,571	7,845
Administration:			
Salaries and wages	2,277,436	2,277,436	_
Fringe benefits	1,125,676	1,120,739	4,937
Purchased services	227,737	225,579	2,158
Materials and supplies	38,999	36,828	2,150
Other	3,855	3,855	
Total administration	3,673,703	3,664,437	9,266
Fiscal: Salaries and wages	358,126	358,126	_
Fringe benefits	138,854	137,743	1,111
Purchased services	23,724	23,724	1,111
Materials and supplies	4,197	4,197	_
Other	615,142	615,142	-
Total fiscal	1,140,043	1,138,932	1,111
		· · ·	,
Business:	101 771	101 771	
Salaries and wages	191,761	191,761	-
Fringe benefits	68,143	67,584	559
Purchased services	2,547	2,547	-
Materials and supplies	45,252	45,252	
Total business	307,703	307,144	559 (Continued)
			(Continued)

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Operation and maintenance of plant:	1 552 024	1 552 024	
Salaries and wages Fringe benefits	1,553,034 646,378	1,553,034 645,682	- 696
Purchased services	1,444,564	1,435,866	8,698
Materials and supplies	249,132	248,536	596
Total operation and maintenance of plant	3,893,108	3,883,118	9,990
Pupil transportation:			
Salaries and wages	1,620,942	1,620,942	-
Fringe benefits	661,286	660,829	457
Purchased services	191,764	189,317	2,447
Materials and supplies	333,235	332,836	399
Total pupil transportation	2,807,227	2,803,924	3,303
Central:			
Salaries and wages	273,367	273,367	-
Fringe benefits	111,459	111,161	298
Purchased services Materials and supplies	686,096 53,544	686,098 52 544	(2)
		53,544	
Total central	1,124,466	1,124,170	296
Total support services	17,496,637	17,461,053	35,584
Extracurricular activities: Academic and subject oriented activities:			
Salaries and wages	164,186	164,186	_
Fringe benefits	23,633	23,633	-
Total academic and subject oriented activities	187,819	187,819	
	10,,017	107,017	
Sports oriented activities:	(22,520)	(22,520)	
Salaries and wages Fringe benefits	632,520 152,516	632,520 152,516	-
Purchased services	38,308	37,986	322
Materials and supplies	12,093	12,093	522
Other	8,262	8,262	-
Total sports oriented activities	843,699	843,377	322
Total extracurricular activities	1,031,518	1,031,196	322
Debt service:			
Principal retirement	223,828	223,828	-
Interest and fiscal charges	81,279	81,279	-
Total expenditures	51,623,542	51,329,135	294,407
Excess of revenues under expenditures	(1,977,784)	(1,866,577)	111,207

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Other financing sources (uses):			
Refund of prior year expenditures	245,075	245,075	-
Advances in	5,000	5,000	-
Advances out	(10,300)	(10,300)	-
Transfers out	(135,000)	(135,000)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	104,775	104,775	
Net change in fund balance	(1,873,009)	(1,761,802)	111,207
Fund balance at beginning of year	31,992,427	31,992,427	-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	856,004	856,004	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 30,975,422	\$ 31,086,629	\$ 111,207

Uniform School Supplies Fund

	Final Budget			Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
<u>Revenues:</u> Tuition and fees	\$	3,893	\$	3,893	\$	-
Expenditures: Current: Instruction:						
Regular		3,870		3,870		-
Net change in fund balance		23		23		-
Fund balance at beginning of year		9,250		9,250		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		500		500		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	9,773	\$	9,773	\$	-

Adult Education Fund

	Final Budget	 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
<u>Revenues:</u> Rent	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Expenditures: Current: Total expenditures	 -	-	
Net change in fund balance	-	-	-
Fund balance at beginning of year	 89,816	 89,816	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 89,816	\$ 89,816	\$ -

Public School Support Fund

	Final Budget Actual				Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
<u>Revenues:</u> Interest	\$	105	\$	105	\$	_
Tuition and fees	Ψ	164,455	Ψ	164,455	Ψ	-
Extracurricular activities		50,742		50,893		151
Gifts and donations		476		476		-
Miscellaneous		70		70		-
Total revenues		215,848		215,999		151
Expenditures: Current: Instruction:						
Special		159,826		159,826		-
Support services:		,		,		
Administration		2,000		2,000		-
Extracurricular activities		40,903		40,788		115
Total expenditures		202,729		202,614		115
Net change in fund balance		13,119		13,385		266
Fund balance at beginning of year		303,851		303,851		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		8,428		8,428		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	325,398	\$	325,664	\$	266

Bond Retirement Fund

Fina Budg		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
	786,183 \$	1,786,183	\$ -
<u> </u>	618,996	618,996	-
Total revenues 2,	405,179	2,405,179	-
Expenditures:			
Debt service:			
Principal retirement 2,	151,589	2,151,589	-
Interest and fiscal charges	189,765	189,765	-
Total expenditures 2,	341,354	2,341,354	-
Net change in fund balance	63,825	63,825	-
Fund balance at beginning of year1,	620,591	1,620,591	
Fund balance at end of year \$ 1,	684,416 \$	1,684,416	\$ -

Permanent Improvement Fund

	Final Budget Actual			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
<u>Revenues:</u>	¢	1 000 107	¢	1 000 107	¢	
Taxes	\$	1,829,107	\$	1,829,107 183,339	\$	-
Intergovernmental Customer services		183,339 34,090		34,090		-
Total revenues		2,046,536		2,046,536		
<u>Expenditures:</u> Current: Regular		178,780		143,333		35,447
Support services:						
Instructional staff		23,871		23,675		196
Operation and maintenance of plant		58,548		58,548		-
Pupil transportation		504,745		504,745		-
Central		809,796		809,796		-
Capital outlay		1,644,720		1,644,709		11
Total expenditures		3,220,460		3,184,806		35,654
Net change in fund balance		(1,173,924)		(1,138,270)		35,654
Fund balance at beginning of year		4,148,140		4,148,140		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		760,741		760,741		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	3,734,957	\$	3,770,611	\$	35,654

Food Service Fund

	Final Budget Actual			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
<u>Revenues:</u> Intergovernmental	\$	312,404	\$	312,404	\$	
Interest	φ	808	φ	808	φ	-
Charges for services		643,267		647,569		4,302
Miscellaneous		191		191		-
Total revenues		956,670		960,972		4,302
Expenditures: Current:						
Operation of non-instructional services		690		690		-
Operation of food services		1,177,285		1,177,027		258
Total expenditures		1,177,975		1,177,717		258
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(221,305)		(216,745)		4,560
Other financing sources:						
Transfers in		135,000		135,000		-
Net change in fund balance		(86,305)		(81,745)		4,560
Fund balance at beginning of year		93,789		93,789		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		2,368		2,368		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	9,852	\$	14,412	\$	4,560

Miscellaneous Local Grants Fund

Revenues: Gifts and donations\$ $15,498$ 19,320\$ $15,498$ 19,821\$Miscellaneous $19,320$ $19,821$ \$ 501 Total revenues $34,818$ $35,319$ 501 Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular $41,127$ 3,286 $41,127$ 3,286 $-$ Support services: Instructional staff $8,393$ 52,806 $-$ Net change in fund balance $(17,988)$ $(17,487)$ 501 Fund balance at beginning of year $73,572$ \$ $73,572$ \$ $-$ Prior year encumbrances appropriated Fund balance at end of year $1,973$ \$ $1,973$ \$ $-$		inal ıdget	Actual	Final Po	nce with Budget sitive gative)
Miscellaneous 19,320 19,821 501 Total revenues $34,818$ $35,319$ 501 Expenditures: 34,818 $35,319$ 501 Current: Instruction: $41,127$ $41,127$ $-$ Special $3,286$ $3,286$ $-$ Support services: $3,286$ $3,286$ $-$ Instructional staff $8,393$ $8,393$ $-$ Total expenditures $52,806$ $52,806$ $-$ Net change in fund balance $(17,988)$ $(17,487)$ 501 Fund balance at beginning of year $73,572$ $73,572$ $-$ Prior year encumbrances appropriated $1,973$ $1,973$ $-$					
Total revenues $34,818$ $35,319$ 501 Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular Special Support services: Instructional staff $41,127$ $3,286$ $41,127$ $3,286$ $-$ Support services: Instructional staff $8,393$ $52,806$ $-$ Net change in fund balance $(17,988)$ $(17,487)$ $(17,487)$ Fund balance at beginning of year $73,572$ $1,973$ $-$ Prior year encumbrances appropriated $1,973$ $1,973$ $1,973$ $-$		\$,	\$,	\$	-
Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular Special $41,127$ $3,286$ $41,127$ $3,286$ Support services: 	Miscellaneous	 19,320	 19,821		501
Current: Instruction: Regular 41,127 41,127 - Special 3,286 3,286 - Support services: 8,393 8,393 - Instructional staff 8,393 8,393 - Total expenditures 52,806 52,806 - Net change in fund balance (17,988) (17,487) 501 Fund balance at beginning of year 73,572 73,572 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 1,973 1,973 -	Total revenues	 34,818	 35,319		501
Special3,2863,286-Support services:Instructional staff8,393-Total expenditures52,80652,806-Net change in fund balance(17,988)(17,487)501Fund balance at beginning of year73,57273,572-Prior year encumbrances appropriated1,9731,973-	Current:				
Special3,2863,286-Support services:Instructional staff8,393-Total expenditures52,80652,806-Net change in fund balance(17,988)(17,487)501Fund balance at beginning of year73,57273,572-Prior year encumbrances appropriated1,9731,973-	Regular	41,127	41,127		-
Instructional staff8,393-Total expenditures52,80652,806Net change in fund balance(17,988)(17,487)Fund balance at beginning of year73,57273,572Prior year encumbrances appropriated1,9731,973		3,286	3,286		-
Total expenditures52,80652,806Net change in fund balance(17,988)(17,487)Fund balance at beginning of year73,57273,572Prior year encumbrances appropriated1,9731,973	Support services:				
Net change in fund balance(17,988)(17,487)501Fund balance at beginning of year73,57273,572-Prior year encumbrances appropriated1,9731,973-	Instructional staff	 8,393	 8,393		-
Fund balance at beginning of year73,57273,572-Prior year encumbrances appropriated1,9731,973-	Total expenditures	 52,806	 52,806		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated 1,973 -	Net change in fund balance	(17,988)	(17,487)		501
	Fund balance at beginning of year	73,572	73,572		-
Fund balance at end of year \$ 57,557 \$ 58,058 \$ 501	Prior year encumbrances appropriated	 1,973	1,973	_	-
	Fund balance at end of year	\$ 57,557	\$ 58,058	\$	501

District Managed Student Activity Fund

		Final Budget		Actual	Final Po	nce with Budget sitive gative)
<u>Revenues:</u> Extracurricular activities	\$ 141,797 \$ 141,798				\$	1
	φ	141,797	Φ	141,798	Φ	1
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Extracurricular activities		139,367		139,367		-
Net change in fund balance		2,430		2,431		1
Fund balance at beginning of year		57,576		57,576		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		26		26		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	60,032	\$	60,033	\$	1

Data Communications Fund

		Final Budget	1	Actual	Final Pos	nce with Budget sitive gative)
Revenues:	*	0.000	<u>_</u>	0.000	¢	
Intergovernmental	\$	9,000	\$	9,000	\$	-
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Support services:						
Central		18,000		18,000		-
Net change in fund balance		(9,000)		(9,000)		-
Fund balance at beginning of year		9,000		9,000		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

Student Wellness and Success Fund

]	Final Budget	Actual	Fin I	iance with al Budget Positive Jegative)
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental	\$	183,411	\$ 183,411	\$	-
<u>Expenditures:</u> Current: Support services: Pupils		183,328	132,458		50,870
Net change in fund balance		83	50,953		50,870
Fund balance at beginning of year		-	-		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	83	\$ 50,953	\$	50,870

Miscellaneous State Grants Fund

	Final Budget	 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
<u>Revenues:</u> Intergovernmental	\$ 44,654	\$ 33,721	\$	(10,933)
Expenditures: Current: Instruction:	15 101	15 101		
Special Support services: Central	15,101 8,625	15,101 8,625		-
Total expenditures	23,726	 23,726		-
Net change in fund balance	20,928	9,995		(10,933)
Fund balance at beginning of year	23,502	23,502		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	 8,850	8,850	_	-
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 53,280	\$ 42,347	\$	(10,933)

Title VI-B Fund

	1	Final Budget	Actual			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:							
Intergovernmental	\$	861,698	\$	831,504	\$	(30,194)	
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Instruction:							
Special		298,101		298,101		-	
Support services:							
Pupils		332,067		332,067		-	
Instructional staff		18,794		18,794		-	
Administration		196,814		196,814	_	-	
Total expenditures		845,776		845,776		-	
Net change in fund balance		15,922		(14,272)		(30,194)	
Fund balance at beginning of year		23,972		23,972		-	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	39,894	\$	9,700	\$	(30,194)	

Title III Fund

	Final Budget		A	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental	\$	12,839	\$	12,538	\$	(301)
Expenditures: Current: Instruction:						
Special		13,805		13,804		1
Excess of revenues under expenditures		(966)		(1,266)		(300)
Other financing sources: Advances in		1,000		1,000		
Net change in fund balance		34		(266)		(300)
Fund balance at beginning of year Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$	- 34	\$	(266)	\$	(300)

Title I Fund

		Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
<u>Revenues:</u> Intergovernmental	\$	312,123	\$	312,123	\$	_	
intergovernmentar	Ψ	512,125	ψ	512,125	Ψ		
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Instruction:							
Student intervention services		10,840		10,590		250	
Other		303,722		303,722		-	
Support services:							
Instructional staff		2,643		1,572		1,071	
Total expenditures		317,205		315,884		1,321	
Net change in fund balance		(5,082)		(3,761)		1,321	
Fund balance at beginning of year		10,650		10,650		-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		1,400		1,400		-	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	6,968	\$	8,289	\$	1,321	

EHA Preschool Grant Fund

		Final Budget		Actual	Final Po	nce with Budget sitive gative)
Revenues:	¢	20.401	¢	20.401	¢	
Intergovernmental	\$	20,401	\$	20,401	\$	-
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Special		20,456		20,456		-
Net change in fund balance		(55)		(55)		-
Fund balance at beginning of year		55		55		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

Improving Teacher Quality Fund

		Final Judget	1	Actual	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
<u>Revenues:</u> Intergovernmental	\$	80,399	\$	76,487	\$	(3,912)
0	-			,		(-)-)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction:		21 012		21 012		
Regular Support services:		21,812		21,812		-
Instructional staff		65,090		58,200		6,890
Total expenditures		86,902		80,012		6,890
Excess of revenues under expenditures		(6,503)		(3,525)		2,978
Other financing sources (uses):						
Advances in		7,500		7,500		-
Advances out		(3,500)		(3,500)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		4,000		4,000		-
Net change in fund balance		(2,503)		475		2,978
Fund balance at beginning of year		1,955		1,955		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		1,320		1,320		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	772	\$	3,750	\$	2,978

Miscellaneous Federal Grants

		Final Budget		Actual	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
Revenues:	¢		<i>•</i>	1 < 0 = 0	¢	(1.0.(0))
Intergovernmental	\$	17,115	\$	16,053	\$	(1,062)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular		7,468		7,308		160
Support services:						
Instructional staff		10,224		9,687		537
Total expenditures		17,692	_	16,995		697
Excess of revenues under expenditures		(577)		(942)		(365)
Other financing sources (uses):						
Advances in		1,800		1,800		-
Advances out		(1,500)		(1,500)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		300		300		-
Net change in fund balance		(277)		(642)		(365)
Fund balance at beginning of year		319		319		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		323		323		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	365	\$	-	\$	(365)

Building Fund

	Final Budget	Actual	Varianc Final B Posit (Nega	udget ive
Revenues:	 			
Total revenues	\$ -	\$ 	\$	
Expenditures:				
Total expenditures	 -	 -		-
Net change in fund balance	-	-		-
Fund balance at beginning of year	93,297	93,297		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 93,297	\$ 93,297	\$	-

Replacement Fund

	Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	 0			
Total revenues	\$ -	\$	-	\$
Expenditures:				
Total expenditures	 		-	
Net change in fund balance	-		-	-
Fund balance at beginning of year	101,578	_	101,578	 -
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 101,578	\$	101,578	\$ -

Internal Service Fund

Individual Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Employee Benefits Self-Insurance Fund

Fiduciary Funds

Individual Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Scholarships Private Purpose Trust Fund

Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Agency Funds

Employee Benefits Self Insurance Fund

	 Final Budget	 Actual	Fina Pc	nce with l Budget ositive gative)
Revenues:				
Total revenues	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
Expenses:				
Total expenses	 	 -		
Net change in fund balance	-	-		-
Fund balance at beginning of year	340,318	340,318		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 340,318	\$ 340,318	\$	-

Scholarships Private Purpose Trust Fund

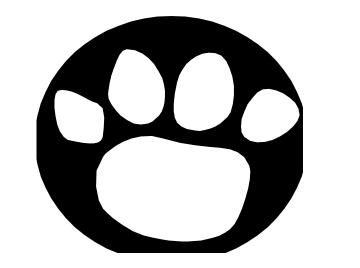
Budget Actual (Negative	/e)
Revenues:	
Interest \$ 111 \$ 111 \$	-
Gifts and donations 500 500	-
Total revenues 611	-
Expenses: Current: Payments in accordance with trust agreements632632	
Net change in fund balance (21) (21)	-
Fund balance at beginning of year10,87210,872	-
Fund balance at end of year \$ 10,851 \$	-

Twinsburg City School District Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

		eginning Balance ly 1, 2019	A	Additions	Dec	luctions]	Ending Balance e 30, 2020
Student Managed Activity								
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments Accounts receivable	\$	346,416 455	\$	126,833 3,508	\$	455	\$	473,249 3,508
Total assets	\$	346,871	\$	130,341	\$	455	\$	476,757
<u>Liabilities:</u> Accounts payable Due to students Total liabilities	\$ \$	22 346,849 346,871	\$ \$	130,341 130,341	\$\$	22 433 455	\$ \$	476,757 476,757
<u>District Agency</u> <u>Assets:</u> Equity in pooled cash and investments Total assets	<u>\$</u> \$	<u>18,187</u> 18,187	\$	2,018 2,018	<u>\$</u>	<u> </u>	<u>\$</u>	20,205 20,205
<u>Liabilities:</u> Undistributed monies Total liabilities	\$ \$	18,187 18,187	\$ \$	2,018 2,018	\$ \$		\$ \$	20,205 20,205
<u>Total All Agency Funds</u> <u>Assets:</u> Equity in pooled cash and investments Accounts receivable Total assets	\$ \$	364,603 455 365,058	\$	128,851 3,508 132,359	\$ 	455 455	\$	493,454 3,508 496,962
<u>Liabilities:</u> Accounts payable Undistributed monies Due to students Total liabilities	\$ <u>\$</u>	22 18,187 346,849 365,058	\$ \$	2,018 130,341 132,359	\$ <u>\$</u>	22 433 455	\$ \$	20,205 476,757 496,962



STATISTICAL SECTION



Statistical Section

This part of the School District's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the School District's overall financial health.

<u>Contents</u>	Page(s)
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the School District's financial position has changed over time.	<u>82 - 813</u>
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader understand and assess the factors affecting the School District's ability to generate its most significant local revenue source.	S14 - S18
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the School District's current levels of outstanding debt and the School District's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	S19 - S23
Economic and Demographic Information These schedules offer economic and demographic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the School District's financial activities take place and to provide information that facilitates comparisons of financial information over time and among governments.	S24 - S25
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the School District's	S26 - S31

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

financial report relates to the services the School District provides

and the activities it performs.

Twinsburg City School District

Net Position by Component (1)

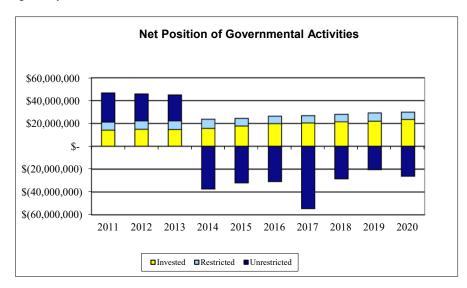
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	<u>2011</u>	Restated 2012	<u>2013</u>	Restated 2014	<u>2015 (2)</u>
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 14,128,078	\$ 14,909,061	\$ 14,716,989	\$ 15,687,483	\$ 17,773,614
Restricted for:					
Capital projects	4,602,751	5,573,709	6,025,272	6,073,241	4,612,245
Debt service	2,290,640	1,546,770	1,365,517	1,769,351	1,841,316
Food services	-	22,654	-	-	-
Extracurricular activities	128,059	148,588	131,756	113,147	104,054
Other purposes	73,443	67,175	56,314	80,385	81,246
Unrestricted (deficit)	25,506,956	23,639,080	 22,755,563	(37,362,785)	 (31,996,615)
Total net position	\$ 46,729,927	\$ 45,907,037	\$ 45,051,411	\$ (13,639,178)	\$ (7,584,140)

(1) Accrual basis of accounting.

(2) The School District implemented GASB 68 during fiscal year 2015.

(2) The School District implemented GASB 75 during fiscal year 2018.



2016	Restated <u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	2019	<u>2020</u>
\$ 19,838,437	\$ 20,433,304	\$ 21,436,921	\$ 21,955,190	\$ 23,487,722
4,365,324 1,919,088	4,380,370 1,852,374	4,427,616 1,885,391	5,233,285 1,866,773	4,327,018 1,852,910
99,378 181,236 (30,864,263)	- 62,454 102,445 (54,549,951)	- 67,376 185,595 (28,439,793)	61,889 123,201 (20,427,633)	61,141 145,890 (26,216,151)
\$ (4,460,800)	\$ (27,719,004)	\$ (436,894)	\$ 8,812,705	\$ 3,658,530

Twinsburg City School District Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities (1)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

P	2011	2012	2013	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>
Expenses	¢ 22.565.252	¢ 22 210 459	¢ 22.000.065	¢ 21.070.962	¢ 21 421 691
Regular instruction Special instruction	\$ 22,565,253 2,879,214	\$ 22,319,458 3,230,989	\$ 22,000,065 3,071,338	\$ 21,970,863 5,141,797	\$ 21,421,681 4,664,830
Vocational instruction	2,879,214 227,431	5,250,989 198,687	3,071,338 114,721	115,859	4,004,830
Student intervention services	70,895	67,693	133,387	200,530	300,763
Other	319,268	390,852	295,566	362,409	313,030
Pupil support	2,776,729	2,703,374	2,377,141		
			1,620,694	2,429,833 480,140	2,325,386 601,582
Instructional staff support Board of education	2,649,453 291,636	2,074,706	374,348	325,433	474,628
		384,137			
Administration	3,405,245	3,176,089	2,945,174	3,082,993	3,188,848
Fiscal	1,137,742	1,106,318	1,204,727	1,498,996	1,000,576
Business	95,686	131,066	104,712	148,681	464,993
Operation and maintenance of plant	4,282,262	3,955,087	3,887,992	4,156,449	4,210,957
Pupil transportation	3,057,280	2,904,778	2,809,153	3,004,242	2,958,993
Central	992,250	910,173	1,241,916	1,140,320	834,858
Operation of non-instructional	0.547	1.010	2 (7(2.000	5 122
services	2,547	1,918	2,676	3,006	5,132
Operation of food services	1,365,418	1,292,913	1,216,009	1,095,152	1,131,311
Extracurricular activities	1,341,620	1,308,438	1,247,144	1,165,457	1,589,245
Interest and fiscal charges	1,100,034	856,912	751,999	450,305	498,489
Total expenses	\$ 48,559,963	\$ 47,013,588	\$ 45,398,762	\$ 46,772,465	\$ 46,098,041
Program Revenues					
Charges for services:					
Regular instruction	\$ 654,706	\$ 618,977	\$ 545,321	\$ 346,579	\$ 623,241
Special instruction	9,095	98,282	244,875	345,512	187,722
Adult/continuing	5,075	-	-	-	-
Student intervention services instruction	5,669	7,253	417	-	-
Other instruction	-	-	-	-	-
Pupil support	236,514	377,523	202,309	125,598	53,465
Instructional staff	-	-	-	-	-
Administration	24,522	24,603	33,523	8,760	-
Operation and maintenance of plant	65,666	61,845	87,575	55,165	59,738
Pupil transportation	6,200	4,761	6,800	-	-
Operation of non-instructional services	-	-	2,510	-	-
Operation of food service	856,883	848,940	684,692	626,537	649,772
Extracurricular activities	438,230	375,706	436,589	396,259	433,862
Operating grants and contributions:					
Regular instruction	129,870	123,358	116,711	200,238	105,955
Special instruction	398,902	180,160	317,261	327,522	341,446
Student intervention services instruction	54,342	54,558	56,658	27,522	28,674
Other instruction	294,137	405,787	301,741	337,562	326,251
Pupil support	522,726	442,338	190,185	255,653	290,048
Instructional staff support	487,864	110,297	73,806	10,795	17,398
Board of education	101,518	-	-	-	-
Administration	126,984	123,467	93,093	158,298	164,325
Central	13,267	9,000	9,000	9,000	9,000
Operation of food services	422,610	424,383	453,780	481,179	481,204
Extracurricular activities	-	-	-	93	-
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	-	94,739

<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	2020	
\$ 22,631,660	\$ 25,623,470	\$ 8,571,185	\$ 22,013,355	\$ 28,779,630	
5,128,091	5,955,024	3,364,318	5,710,241	7,658,036	
117,285	82,481	16,062	36,072	329	
308,870	448,514	137,909	457,351	514,827	
309,545	369,714	-	202,783	362,460	
2,471,817	3,116,383	1,604,100	2,980,545	3,691,278	
732,106	771,001	673,385	830,517	1,215,469	
451,277	392,974	441,697	360,390	396,025	
3,292,794	3,758,837	1,595,418	3,165,988	4,127,324	
1,036,002	994,755	991,646	1,067,552	1,198,806	
168,342	323,752	244,348	277,956	325,331	
3,765,911	3,868,798	3,684,799	3,965,886	4,684,533	
2,633,294	3,524,834	2,769,000	2,950,209	3,170,219	
1,127,150	868,625	1,074,458	1,117,623	1,552,598	
2,923	2,783	1,878	1,827	1,333	
1,140,255	1,173,056	1,105,437	1,197,027	1,241,261	
1,258,294	1,333,139	806,942	1,141,250	1,374,090	
430,667	372,022	316,813	276,027	216,171	
\$ 47,006,283	\$ 52,980,162	\$ 27,399,395	\$ 47,752,599	\$ 60,509,720	
\$ 521,296	\$ 456,648	\$ 510,281	\$ 561,147	\$ 595,316	
267,792	248,417	225,629	326,983	242,108	
-	-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	
-	-	600	-	-	
-	-	-	-	8,000	
-	-	-	-	8,000	
53,374	76,492	97,826	97,994	54,556	
-	-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	
611,663	636,001	729,986	793,759	647,760	
427,538	389,010	380,479	370,841	305,428	
	100 -0 (100 0.05			
84,111	100,736	102,065	101,945	84,318	
356,553	350,791	335,598	368,288	366,185	
29,059	29,440	-	-	-	
420,201 298,698	320,200 179,546	287,780 265,178	346,435 294,688	303,636 516,336	
298,698 35,004	10,758	205,178 7,790	294,688 59,241	61,678	
168,187	187,512	189,234	185,054	197,323	
9,000	9,000	9,000	9,000	9,000	
495,746	460,692	467,851	459,694	383,848	
770		230	589		
87,155	78,973	70,995	62,910	29,452	
				(continued)	

Twinsburg City School District Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities (1)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Total program revenues	\$ 4,854,780	\$ 4,291,238	\$ 3,856,846	\$ 3,712,272	\$ 3,866,840
Net expense	\$ (43,705,183)	\$ (42,722,350)	\$ (41,541,916)	\$ (43,060,193)	\$ (42,231,201)
General revenues					
Property taxes levied for:					
General purposes	\$ 24,565,437	\$ 23,483,020	\$ 23,114,175	\$ 30,483,600	\$ 29,334,955
Debt service	2,069,686	1,894,214	1,648,599	2,057,158	1,772,225
Capital outlay	1,659,029	1,609,440	1,451,552	1,840,074	1,769,984
Grants and entitlements not					
restricted to specific programs	15,764,529	14,813,873	14,335,878	14,834,282	15,186,749
Payment in lieu taxes	-	96,607	63,290	-	87,564
Gain on the sale of capital asset	-	-	-	91,563	2,540
Investment earnings	59,960	34,627	35,871	27,605	20,206
Miscellaneous	76,689	97,604	36,925	85,156	112,016
Total general revenues	\$ 44,195,330	\$ 42,029,385	\$ 40,686,290	\$ 49,419,438	\$ 48,286,239
Restatement		(129,925)		(65,049,834)	
Change in net position	\$ 490,147	\$ (822,890)	\$ (855,626)	\$ (58,690,589)	\$ 6,055,038

(1) Accrual basis of accounting.

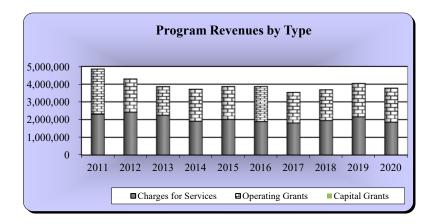
<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	2019	<u>2020</u>
\$ 3,866,147	\$ 3,534,216	\$ 3,680,522	\$ 4,038,568	\$ 3,804,944
\$ (43,140,136)	\$ (49,445,946)	\$ (23,718,873)	\$ (43,714,031)	\$ (56,704,776)
\$ 27,462,404 1,808,403 1,663,753	\$ 24,510,194 1,642,774 1,489,328	\$ 33,074,608 1,754,338 1,777,110	\$ 35,277,048 1,710,728 1,771,202	\$ 35,066,298 1,702,420 1,753,829
14,936,152 281,893 - 26,226 84,645	14,798,671 55,558 - 75,076 321,394	14,026,160 96,129 - 195,103 77,535	13,506,731 87,124 - 519,879 90,918	12,118,713 99,374 - 711,690 98,277
\$ 46,263,476	\$ 42,892,995	\$ 51,000,983	\$ 52,963,630	\$ 51,550,601
	(16,705,253)			
\$ 3,123,340	\$ (23,258,204)	\$ 27,282,110	\$ 9,249,599	\$ (5,154,175)

Program Revenues of Governmental Activities by Function (1)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2011	2012	2013		2014		2015
Governmental activities:							
Function							
Regular instruction	\$ 784,576	\$ 742,335	\$	662,032	\$	546,817	\$ 729,196
Special instruction	407,997	278,442		562,136		673,034	529,168
Adult/continuing	5,075	-		-		-	-
Student intervention	60,011	61,811		57,075		27,522	28,674
Other	294,137	405,787		301,741		337,562	326,251
Pupil support	759,240	819,861		392,494		381,251	343,513
Instructional staff support	487,864	110,297		73,806		10,795	17,398
Board of education	101,518	-		-		-	-
Administration	151,506	148,070		126,616		167,058	164,325
Operation and maintenance							
of plant	65,666	61,845		87,575		55,165	59,738
Pupil transportation	6,200	4,761		6,800		-	-
Central	13,267	9,000		9,000		9,000	9,000
Operation of non-instructional							
services	-	-		2,510		-	-
Operation of food service	1,279,493	1,273,323		1,138,472		1,107,716	1,130,976
Extracurricular activities	438,230	375,706		436,589		396,352	433,862
Interest and fiscal charges	 -	-	_	-		-	 94,739
Total program revenues	\$ 4,854,780	\$ 4,291,238	\$	3,856,846	\$	3,712,272	\$ 3,866,840

(1) Accrual basis of accounting.



<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
\$ 605,407	\$ 557,384	\$ 612,346	\$ 663,092	\$ 679,634
624,345	599,208	561,227	695,271	608,293
-	-	-	-	-
29,059	29,440	-	-	-
420,201	320,200	288,380	346,435	303,636
298,698	179,546	265,178	294,688	516,336
35,004	10,758	7,790	59,241	69,678
-	-	-	-	-
168,187	187,512	189,234	185,054	197,323
53,374	76,492	97,826	97,994	54,556
9,000	9,000	9,000	9,000	9,000
-	-	-	-	-
1,107,409	1,096,693	1,197,837	1,253,453	1,031,608
428,308	389,010	380,709	371,430	305,428
 87,155	 78,973	 70,995	62,910	 29,452
\$ 3,866,147	\$ 3,534,216	\$ 3,680,522	\$ 4,038,568	\$ 3,804,944

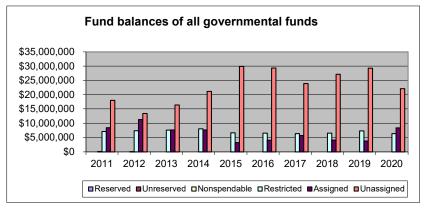
Fund Balances, Governmental Funds (1)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	<u>2011 (2)</u>	2012	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>
General fund					
Assigned	\$ 8,398,103	\$ 11,251,798	\$ 7,625,557	\$ 7,628,790	\$ 3,184,483
Unassigned	18,018,387	13,457,929	16,474,481	21,533,588	29,949,027
Total general fund	26,416,490	24,709,727	24,100,038	29,162,378	33,133,510
All other governmental funds					
Nonspendable	66,194	4 50,145	-	-	-
Restricted	7,084,312	2 7,323,157	7,588,629	8,023,687	6,643,414
Unassigned (deficit)	(52,073	3) (80,613)	(124,738)	(383,825)	(91,852)
Total all other					
governmental funds	7,098,433	7,292,689	7,463,891	7,639,862	6,551,562
Total governmental funds	\$ 33,514,923	\$ 32,002,416	\$ 31,563,929	\$ 36,802,240	\$ 39,685,072

(1) Modified accrual basis of accounting.

(2) The School District Implemented GASB 54 in fiscal year 2011.



<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>		<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	
\$ 4,046,827 29,354,179	\$ 5,659,675 23,963,362	\$	\$ 4,087,183 27,200,783		3,768,368 29,292,206	\$ 8,369,570 22,206,403
 33,401,006	 29,623,037		31,287,966		33,060,574	 30,575,973
- 6,502,187	- 6,370,708		- 6,521,824		- 7,297,375	- 6,350,609
 (27,106)	 (69,901)		(89,348)		(35,070)	 (102,690)
 6,475,081	 6,300,807		6,432,476		7,262,305	 6,247,919
\$ 39,876,087	\$ 35,923,844	\$	37,720,442	\$	40,322,879	\$ 36,823,892

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds (1)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

S - 12

	<u>2011</u>	2012	2013	2014	2015	<u>2016</u>	2017	<u>2018</u>	2019	2020
Revenues										
Property and other local taxes	\$ 28,007,105	\$ 27,128,145	\$ 26,404,695	\$ 34,380,396	\$ 32,844,348	\$ 31,257,023	\$ 27,542,523	\$ 36,645,598	\$ 38,794,930	\$ 38,282,289
Intergovernmental	18,455,628	16,632,397	15,897,634	16,319,453	17,409,943	16,834,276	16,477,708	15,726,663	15,484,084	13,990,156
Interest	63,300	39,057	36,060	27,662	20,270	26,432	75,354	196,353	521,099	712,603
Tuition and fees	782,171	1,008,564	1,082,238	864,203	798,153	784,487	867,343	730,400	750,055	868,049
Extracurricular activities	377,144	375,584	436,589	396,259	433,522	427,517	389,010	380,381	370,805	305,344
Contributions and donations	14,500	25,424	18,275	6,643	23,500	27,191	12,967	10,730	5,089	15,974
Charges for services	853,213	846,636	684,692	621,969	629,116	611,163	634,161	770,427	834,703	669,159
Rentals	51,260	51,318	71,665	56,028	59,738	53,374	75,992	55,826	51,402	24,558
Payment in lieu of taxes	-	96,607	63,290	-	87,564	63,247	218,646	151,687	87,124	99,374
Miscellaneous	84,311	115,791	45,554	110,905	130,148	94,406	288,254	114,178	108,019	136,862
Total revenues	48,688,632	46,319,523	44,740,692	52,783,518	52,436,302	50,179,116	46,581,958	54,782,243	57,007,310	55,104,368
Expenditures										
Current:										
Instruction:										
Regular	21,350,250	21,178,848	20,021,764	20,141,611	20,601,212	21,560,926	21,739,522	22,738,524	24,013,112	25,250,201
Special	2,810,573	3,172,690	3,082,834	5,083,367	4,769,509	5,223,075	5,587,238	6,128,927	6,413,073	7,215,384
Vocational	2,810,575	223,833	112,695	114,094	114,678	118,783	82,217	73,872	45,413	7,215,504
Student intervention services	70,895	67,693	133,387	200,530	286,639	312,885	455,748	418,372	453,868	515,633
Other	319,268	390,852	294,877	350,122	340,005	323,928	306,613	262,967	353,065	298,463
Support services:	519,200	570,052	294,077	550,122	540,005	525,720	500,015	202,907	555,005	270,405
Pupil	2,802,849	2,701,530	2,383,821	2,448,095	2,378,487	2,513,443	2,931,955	3,125,917	3,400,805	3,480,805
Instructional staff	2,450,373	1,886,245	1,621,060	501,277	623,435	737,838	738,142	757,308	812,414	951,040
Board of education	291,636	384,137	374,348	325,433	475,273	451,999	389,113	452,820	364,151	393,723
Administration	3,225,043	3,011,085	2,947,827	3,130,508	3,204,099	3,309,269	3,411,825	3,522,299	3,589,599	3,831,012
Fiscal	1,132,134	1,102,440	1,199,051	1,500,554	1,016,964	1,049,865	966,525	1,057,422	1,092,296	1,152,272
Business	94,966	99,556	127,481	111,955	345,028	331,653	296,296	283,689	286,219	303,335
Operation and maintenance	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	127,101	111,900	515,020	551,055	290,290	200,000	200,217	505,555
of plant	3,995,489	3,698,426	3,705,695	4,070,502	4,160,174	3,706,149	3,527,347	3,947,123	4,008,962	4,446,235
Pupil transportation	2,844,935	2,691,596	2,606,306	2,824,835	2,731,991	2,570,517	2,827,257	2,826,305	2,816,504	2,716,045
Central	812,400	729,061	1,155,137	1,088,156	837,769	1,143,925	850,880	1,175,818	1,141,745	1,502,032
Operation of non-instructional		,_,,,,,,,	1,100,107	1,000,100	001,103	1,1 10,7 20	000,000	1,170,010	1,1 11,7 10	1,002,002
services	2,547	1,918	2,676	3,006	5,132	2,923	2,783	1,481	1,035	540
Operation of food services	1,304,931	1,245,608	1,196,116	1,083,443	1,127,073	1,154,428	1,145,943	1,166,666	1,217,696	1,181,468
Extracurricular activities	1,206,277	1,191,840	1,162,813	1,114,913	1,182,583	1,270,291	1,226,240	1,242,871	1,191,825	1,209,321
Capital outlay	2,787,577	406,929	219,633	1,161,940	3,444,702	1,461,967	1,339,120	1,303,701	603,080	1,404,196
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										(

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds (1)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
Debt service: Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges Issuance costs	3,101,765 1,200,823	2,542,394 1,105,349	1,827,191 1,004,467	2,025,273 687,319 148,702	2,028,492 666,872	2,143,764 600,473	2,222,301 520,916	2,360,314 439,595	2,402,025 382,010	2,452,592 299,058
Total expenditures	52,029,660	47,832,030	45,179,179	48,115,635	50,340,117	49,988,101	50,567,981	53,285,991	54,588,897	58,603,355
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(3,341,028)	(1,512,507)	(438,487)	4,667,883	2,096,185	191,015	(3,986,023)	1,496,252	2,418,413	(3,498,987)
Other financing sources (use Inception of capital lease General obligation bonds issue Sale of capital assets Proceeds of refunding bonds Premium on debt issuance Payment to refunded bond	-	- - - -	- - -	372,091 49,635 14,525,000 1,131,062	753,519 33,128	- - -	33,780	300,346 - - - -	184,024 - - - -	- - - -
escrow agent Transfers in Transfers out	- 2,008,130 (2,008,130)	-	- - -	(15,507,360) 3,961 (3,961)	- 64,022 (64,022)	- 92,909 (92,909)	6,235 (6,235)	- 107,764 (107,764)	-	- 135,000 (135,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,592,180			570,428	786,647		33,780	300,346	184,024	
Net change in fund balances	\$ (748,848)	\$ (1,512,507)	\$ (438,487)	\$ 5,238,311	\$ 2,882,832	\$ 191,015	\$ (3,952,243)	\$ 1,796,598	\$ 2,602,437	\$ (3,498,987)
Debt service as a percentage o noncapital expenditures	f 8.7%	7.7%	6.3%	5.8%	5.7%	5.66%	5.57%	5.39%	5.16%	4.81%

(1) Modified accrual basis of accounting.

Note: Governmental Funds includes general,

debt service, special revenue, capital projects and permanent funds.

Twinsburg City School District Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property

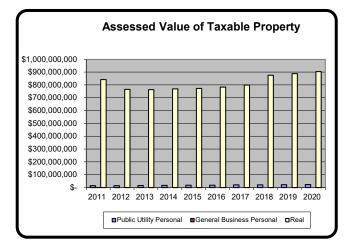
Last Ten Collection Years

			Real Property		Tangible Perso	nal Property				
					Public U	Jtility		Total		
		Assessed	d Value	Estimated		Estimated		Estimated		Total
	Collection	Residential/	Commercial/	Actual	Assessed	Actual	Assessed	Actual		Direct
	Year	Agricultural	Industrial/PU	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value	Ratio	Tax Rate
-	2011	590,734,210	251,321,590	2,405,873,714	13,697,530	15,565,375	855,753,330	2,421,439,089	35.34%	60.45
	2012	552,207,870	213,749,370	2,188,449,257	14,371,670	16,331,443	780,328,910	2,204,780,700	35.39%	61.53
	2013	555,860,160	207,391,480	2,180,718,971	15,708,750	17,850,852	778,960,390	2,198,569,824	35.43%	66.31
	2014	561,417,970	207,431,330	2,196,712,286	17,091,010	19,421,602	785,940,310	2,216,133,888	35.46%	66.23
' N	2015	554,729,190	218,170,140	2,208,283,800	17,870,400	20,307,273	790,769,730	2,228,591,073	35.48%	65.80
14	2016	564,864,660	218,257,290	2,237,491,286	18,265,210	21,488,482	801,387,160	2,258,979,768	35.48%	66.10
	2017	575,834,960	223,404,770	2,283,542,086	19,781,960	23,272,894	819,021,690	2,306,814,980	35.50%	65.83
	2018	633,746,150	241,983,390	2,502,084,400	20,553,900	24,181,059	896,283,440	2,526,265,459	35.48%	71.62
	2019	646,146,040	241,886,980	2,537,237,200	21,369,320	25,140,376	909,402,340	2,562,377,576	35.49%	71.62
	2020	653,511,620	250,128,460	2,581,828,800	22,880,960	26,918,776	926,521,040	2,608,747,576	35.52%	72.15

Real property is reappraised every six years with a State mandated update of the current market value in the third year following each reappraisal.

The assessed value of real property including public utility real property is 35% of estimated true value. The assessed value of public utility personal property ranges from 0% of true value for railroad property to 85% for electric transmission and distribution property. General business tangible personal property was assessed in previous years at 25% for machinery and equipment. General business inventory tangible personal property tax was phased out beginning in 2006. The listing percentages during the phase out were 18.75% for 2006, 12.5% for 2007, 6.25% for 2008 and zero for 2009. Beginning in 2007, House Bill 66 switched telephone companies from being public utilities to general business taxpayers and began a four year phase out of the tangible personal property tax on local and inter-exchange telephone companies. No tangible personal property taxes were levied or collected in 2009 from general business taxpayers (except telephone companies whose last year to pay tangible personal property tax was in 2010).

The tangible personal property values associated with each year are the values that, when multiplied by the applicable rates, generated the property tax revenue billed in that year. For real property, the amounts generated by multiplying the assessed values by the applicable rates would be reduced by the 10%, the 2 1/2% and the homestead exemptions before being billed. Beginning in the 2006 collection year, the 10% rollback for commercial/industrial property was eliminated.



Source: Summit County Fiscal Officer.

Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments

Last Ten Collection Years

Direct Rates Overlapping Rates											
			Permanent	Debt	Total	City,	Cuyahoga				
Collection		Operating	Improvement	Service	School	Township,	Valley	Twinsburg	County of	Metro	
Year		Millage	Millage	Millage	District	or Village	JVSD	Library	Summit	Parks	Total
2020	Macedonia City	67.29	2.75	2.11	72.15	7.90	2.00	2.00	13.70	1.46	99.21
	Twinsburg Twp	67.29	2.75	2.11	72.15	20.17	2.00	2.00	13.70	1.46	111.48
	Twinsburg City	67.29	2.75	2.11	72.15	1.91	2.00	2.00	13.70	-	91.76
	Reminderville Village	67.29	2.75	2.11	72.15	5.20	2.00	2.00	13.70	1.46	96.51
2019	Macedonia City	67.10	2.75	2.16	72.01	7.90	2.00	2.00	12.70	1.46	98.07
	Twinsburg Twp	67.10	2.75	2.16	72.01	20.17	2.00	2.00	12.70	1.46	110.34
	Twinsburg City	67.10	2.75	2.16	72.01	1.91	2.00	2.00	12.70	-	90.62
	Reminderville Village	67.10	2.75	2.16	72.01	5.20	2.00	2.00	12.70	1.46	95.37
2018	Macedonia City	66.87	2.75	2.00	71.62	8.90	2.00	2.00	12.70	1.46	98.68
	Twinsburg Twp	66.87	2.75	2.00	71.62	17.37	2.00	2.00	12.70	1.46	107.15
	Twinsburg City	66.87	2.75	2.00	71.62	1.93	2.00	2.00	12.70	-	90.25
	Reminderville Village	66.87	2.75	2.00	71.62	5.20	2.00	2.00	12.70	1.46	94.98
2017	Macedonia City	60.52	2.75	2.56	65.83	8.90	2.00	2.00	12.70	1.46	92.89
	Twinsburg Twp	60.52	2.75	2.56	65.83	17.37	2.00	2.00	12.70	1.46	101.36
	Twinsburg City	60.52	2.75	2.56	65.83	2.05	2.00	2.00	12.70	-	84.58
	Reminderville Village	60.52	2.75	2.56	65.83	5.20	2.00	2.00	12.70	1.46	89.19
2016	Macedonia City	60.72	2.75	2.63	66.10	8.90	2.00	2.00	12.70	1.46	93.16
	Twinsburg Twp	60.72	2.75	2.63	66.10	14.61	2.00	2.00	12.70	1.46	98.87
	Twinsburg City	60.72	2.75	2.63	66.10	2.05	2.00	2.00	12.70	-	84.85
	Reminderville Village	60.72	2.75	2.63	66.10	5.20	2.00	2.00	12.70	1.46	89.46
2015	Macedonia City	60.85	2.75	2.20	65.80	8.90	2.00	2.00	12.70	1.46	92.86
	Twinsburg Twp	60.85	2.75	2.20	65.80	14.61	2.00	2.00	12.70	1.46	98.57
	Twinsburg City	60.85	2.75	2.20	65.80	2.13	2.00	2.00	12.70	-	84.63
	Reminderville Village	60.85	2.75	2.20	65.80	5.20	2.00	2.00	12.70	1.46	89.16
2014	Macedonia City	60.86	2.75	2.62	66.23	8.90	2.00	2.00	12.70	1.46	93.29
	Twinsburg Twp	60.86	2.75	2.62	66.23	14.61	2.00	2.00	12.70	1.46	99.00
	Twinsburg City	60.86	2.75	2.62	66.23	2.06	2.00	2.00	12.70	-	84.99
	Reminderville Village	60.86	2.75	2.62	66.23	5.20	2.00	2.00	12.70	1.46	89.59
2013	Macedonia City	61.00	2.75	2.56	66.31	8.90	2.00	2.00	12.70	1.46	93.37
	Twinsburg Twp	61.00	2.75	2.56	66.31	14.61	2.00	2.00	12.70	1.46	99.08
	Twinsburg City	61.00	2.75	2.56	66.31	2.14	2.00	2.00	12.70	-	85.15
	Reminderville Village	61.00	2.75	2.56	66.31	5.20	2.00	2.00	12.70	1.46	89.67
2012	Macedonia City	44.83	2.75	13.95	61.53	8.90	2.00	2.00	12.70	1.46	88.59
	Twinsburg Twp	44.83	2.75	13.95	61.53	14.61	2.00	2.00	12.70	1.46	94.30
	Twinsburg City	44.83	2.75	13.95	61.53	2.10	2.00	2.00	12.70	-	80.33
	Reminderville Village	44.83	2.75	13.95	61.53	5.20	2.00	2.00	12.70	1.46	84.89
2011	Macedonia City	44.33	2.75	13.37	60.45	8.90	2.00	2.00	12.70	1.46	87.51
	Twinsburg Twp	44.33	2.75	13.37	60.45	12.86	2.00	2.00	12.70	1.46	91.47
	Twinsburg City	44.33	2.75	13.37	60.45	1.70	2.00	2.00	12.70	-	78.85
	Reminderville Village	44.33	2.75	13.37	60.45	5.20	2.00	2.00	12.70	1.46	83.81

Source: Summit County Fiscal Officer.

Note: Data is presented on a collection year basis (not fiscal year) because that is the manner in which the information is maintained by the County Fiscal Officer. Property tax rates are per \$1,000 of assessed valuation.

Property Tax Levies and Collections (1) Last Ten Collection Years

Collection Year (2)	Current Tax Levy	Current Tax Collections (2)	Percent of Current Tax Collections to Current Tax Levy	Delinquent Tax Ilections (3)	Total Tax ollections (4)	Percent of Total Tax Collections to Current Tax Levy (3)
		i .			 	
2010	\$ 30,405,915	\$ 29,332,444	96.47%	\$ 1,137,379	\$ 30,469,823	100.21%
2011	30,262,067	28,710,672	94.87	1,140,964	29,851,636	98.64
2012	30,011,730	28,939,904	96.43	1,631,939	30,571,843	101.87
2013	33,957,463	32,951,558	97.04	1,005,904	33,957,462	100.00
2014	34,005,915	33,263,008	97.82	742,907	34,005,915	100.00
2015	33,868,053	33,087,996	97.70	780,057	33,868,053	100.00
2016	34,505,987	33,799,546	97.95	706,440	34,505,986	100.00
2017	34,998,002	34,184,827	97.68	813,174	34,998,001	100.00
2018	41,751,979	40,865,438	97.88	886,541	41,751,979	100.00
2019	42,746,082	41,870,043	97.95	876,039	42,746,082	100.00

Source: Summit County Fiscal Officer.

(1) Includes homestead exemptions and rollback of locally assessed taxes which is reimbursed by the State and reported as intergovernmental revenue.

(2) The 2020 information cannot be presented because all collections have not been made by June 30, 2020.

(3) The County does not identify delinquent tax collections by tax year.

(4) The County's current reporting system does not track delinquent tax collections by tax year. Outstanding delinquencies are tracked in total by the date the parcel is first certified delinquent. Penalties and interest are applied to the total outstanding delinquent balance. The presentation will be updated as new information becomes available.

Principal Taxpayers

Real Estate Tax

2020 and 2011 (1)

	<u>2020</u>							
				Percent of				
		Assessed		Real Property				
Name of Taxpayer		Value	<u>Rank</u>	Assessed Value				
Deer Run LLC	\$	7,349,920	1	0.81%				
HGG Twinsburg Residential LTD		5,044,110	2	0.56%				
Aveni Twinsburg I LTD		4,613,750	3	0.51%				
ET IIII Twinsburg FX LLC		4,331,140	4	0.48%				
Twinsburg Ohio Property LLC		4,225,350	5	0.47%				
Pepsi Cola General Bottlers of Ohio, Inc.		4,021,380	6	0.45%				
GL Edison Blvd Propco LLC		3,642,810	7	0.40%				
Apple Nine Hospitality Ownership, Inc.		3,558,390	8	0.39%				
Twinsburg Owners LLC		3,239,610	9	0.36%				
Twinsville Associates		3,159,630	10	0.35%				
Totals	\$	43,186,090	:	4.78%				
Total assessed valuation	\$	903,640,080						

Name of Taxpayer	Assessed <u>Value</u>	<u>2011</u> <u>Rank</u>	Percent of Real Property <u>Assessed Value</u>
Chrysler Corporation	\$ 11,685,220	1	1.39%
Deer Run Apartments Limited	8,014,420	2	0.95%
Twinsburg Residential Associates	6,881,900	3	0.82%
GV Rental Properties LLC	3,852,640	4	0.46%
Twinsburg Equities Group LLC	3,674,140	5	0.44%
Twinsville Associates	3,662,610	6	0.43%
Pepsi Cola General Bottlers of Ohio, Inc.	3,573,570	7	0.42%
Aveni-Twinsburg I LTD	3,426,160	8	0.41%
Coca Cola Bottling Company	3,247,820	9	0.39%
USF Propco I LLC	 3,208,640	10	0.38%
Totals	\$ 51,227,120	:	6.08%
Total assessed valuation	\$ 842,055,800	:	

Source: Summit County Fiscal Officer.

(1) The amounts presented represent the assessed values upon which 2020 and 2011 collections were based.

Principal Taxpayers

Public Utilities Tax

2020 and 2011 (1)

	<u>2020</u>									
		Percent of								
	Assessed	Public Utility								
Name of Taxpayer	Value Rank	Assessed Value								
Ohio Edison	\$ 13,575,950 1	59.33%								
American Transmission	5,830,100 2	25.48%								
East Ohio Gas	2,908,680 3	12.71%								
Cleveland Electric Illuminating	559,000 4	2.44%								
Buckeye Pipeline Company LP	7,230 5	0.03%								
Totals	\$ 22,880,960	100.00%								
Total assessed valuation	\$ 22,880,960									

	<u>2011</u>									
		Assessed		Percent of Public Utility						
Name of Taxpayer		Value	<u>Rank</u>	Assessed Value						
Ohio Edison	\$	9,938,780	1	72.55%						
East Ohio Gas		1,351,860	2	9.87%						
American Transmission		1,281,640	3	9.36%						
Cleveland Electric Illuminating		393,090	4	2.87%						
Totals	\$	12,965,370	: :	94.65%						
Total assessed valuation	\$	13,697,530								

Source: Summit County Fiscal Officer.

(1) The amounts presented represent the assessed values upon which 2020 and 2011 collections were based.

Twinsburg City School District Ratio of Outstanding Debt By Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Governmental	l Acti	vities			
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds		Capital Leases		 Total Primary Jovernment	Percentage of Personal Income	 Per Capita
2011	\$	25,908,974	\$	324,780	\$ 26,233,754	3.20%	\$ 1,086.87
2012		23,185,070		239,566	23,424,636	2.68%	970.49
2013		21,204,884		147,375	21,352,259	2.39%	884.63
2014		19,250,794		339,193	19,589,987	2.08%	811.62
2015		17,859,384		270,701	18,130,085	1.90%	751.13
2016		15,603,733		198,451	15,802,184	1.60%	654.69
2017		13,304,436		148,842	13,453,278	1.30%	557.37
2018		10,958,103		299,367	11,257,470	1.02%	466.40
2019		8,565,580		363,497	8,929,077	n/a	369.93
2020		6,132,601		259,733	6,392,334	n/a	264.84

Source: School District Financial Records.

n/a - information is not available at this time.

Twinsburg City School District Ratio of Debt to Assessed Value and Debt per Capita

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Last Ten	riscal l'ears					Gener	al Bonded Debt		
Fiscal Year	Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Population (1) Property (2)		GeneralResourcesBonded DebtAvailable toOutstandingPay Principal			vailable to	Net General Bonded Debt	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Estimated Actual Value	Net Bonded Debt per Capita
2011	24,137 b \$	2,421,439,089	\$	25,908,974	\$	2,290,640	\$ 23,618,334	0.98%	\$ 978.51
2012	24,137 b	2,204,780,700		23,185,070		1,546,770	21,638,300	0.98%	896.48
2013	24,137 b	2,198,569,824		21,204,884		1,365,517	19,839,367	0.90%	821.95
2014	24,137 b	2,216,133,888		19,250,794		1,769,351	17,481,443	0.79%	724.26
2015	24,137 b	2,228,591,073		17,859,384		1,841,316	16,018,068	0.72%	663.63
2016	24,137 b	2,258,979,768		15,603,733		1,919,088	13,684,645	0.61%	566.96
2017	24,137 b	2,306,814,980		13,304,436		1,852,374	11,452,062	0.50%	474.46
2018	24,137 b	2,526,265,459		10,958,103		1,885,391	9,072,712	0.36%	375.88
2019	24,137 b	2,562,377,576		8,565,580		1,866,773	6,698,807	0.26%	277.53
2020	18,856 a	2,608,747,576		6,132,601		1,852,910	4,279,691	0.16%	226.97

Sources: (1) U.S. Bureau of Census, Census of Population.

(a) 2020 Federal Census

(b) 2010 Federal Census

(2) Summit County Fiscal Officer

Twinsburg City School District Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt June 30, 2020

Jurisdiction	Net General Tax Supported Debt (1)	Percent Overlapping (3)	Amount Applicable Twinsburg City School District
Direct:			
Twinsburg City School District	\$ 6,132,601	100.00%	\$ 6,132,601
Overlapping:			
City of Twinsburg	8,786,000	100.00%	8,786,000
City of Macedonia	11,425,000	1.71%	195,368
Reminderville Village	2,738,838	78.39%	2,146,975
Summit County	38,830,000	7.17%	2,784,111
Total overlapping:	61,779,838		13,912,454
Total direct and overlapping debt:	\$ 67,912,439		\$ 20,045,055

Sources: Ohio Municipal Advisory Council.

(1) All debt reported as of December 31, 2019, except for Twinsburg City School District which is reported as of June 30, 2020.

(2) Cuyahoga Valley Career Center; Summit County Valuation only.

(3) Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of another governmental unit's taxable value that is within the School District's boundaries and dividing it by each unit's total taxable assessed value.

Computation of Legal Debt Margin

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	<u>2011</u>		<u>2012</u>		<u>2013</u>		<u>2014</u>
Tax Valuation	\$	842,055,800	\$ 780,328,910	\$	778,960,390	\$	785,940,310
Debt Limit - 9% of Taxable Valuation (1)		75,785,022	 70,229,602		70,106,435		70,734,628
Amount of Debt Applicable to Debt Limit							
General Obligation Bonds		25,908,974	23,185,070		21,204,884		19,250,794
Less Amount Available in Debt Service		(2,308,469)	 (1,559,093)		(1,393,267)		(1,774,388)
Amount of Debt Subject to Limit		23,600,505	 21,625,977		19,811,617		17,476,406
Legal Debt Margin	\$	52,184,517	\$ 48,603,625	\$	50,294,818	\$	53,258,222
Legal Debt Margin as a Percentage of the Debt Limit		68.86%	69.21%		71.74%		75.29%
Unvoted Debt Limit - .10% of Taxable Valuation (1)	\$	842,056	\$ 780,329	\$	778,960	\$	785,940
Amount of Debt Subject to Limit		-	 -		-		
Unvoted Legal Debt Margin	\$	842,056	\$ 780,329	\$	778,960	\$	785,940
Unvoted Legal Debt Margin as a Percentage of the Unvoted Debt Limit		100.00%	100.00%		100.00%		100.00%

Source: School District Financial Records.

(1) Ohio Bond Law sets a limit of 9% for overall debt and 1/10 of 1% for unvoted debt.

(2) Beginning in fiscal year 2006, HB530 changed the assessed valuation utilized in the legal debt margin calculation to exclude tangible personal property as well as railroad and telephone tangible property.

<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>		<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	
\$ 790,769,730	\$ 801,387,160	\$	819,021,690	\$ 896,283,440	\$ 909,402,340	\$ 926,521,040	
 71,169,276	 72,124,844		73,711,952	 80,665,510	 81,846,211	 83,386,894	
17,859,384	15,603,733		13,304,436	10,958,103	8,565,580	6,132,601	
 (1,845,665)	 (1,919,088)		(1,852,374)	 (1,885,391)	 (1,866,773)	 (1,852,910)	
 16,013,719	 13,684,645		11,452,062	 9,072,712	 6,698,807	 4,279,691	
\$ 55,155,557	\$ 58,440,199	\$	62,259,890	\$ 71,592,798	\$ 75,147,404	\$ 79,107,203	
77.50%	81.03%		84.46%	88.75%	91.82%	94.87%	
\$ 790,770	\$ 801,387	\$	819,022	\$ 896,283	\$ 909,402	\$ 926,521	
-	-		-	-	-	-	
\$ 790,770	\$ 801,387	\$	819,022	\$ 896,283	\$ 909,402	\$ 926,521	
100.00%	100.00%		100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	

Twinsburg City School District Demographic and Economic Statistics

Last Ten Years

Year	Population (1)	 Personal Income (2)			Unemployment Rate (3)
2011	24,137	\$ 820,680,954	\$	34,001	8.9%
2012	24,137	872,746,012		36,158	7.1%
2013	24,137	894,077,909		37,042	7.1%
2014	24,137	939,984,438		38,944	5.5%
2015	24,137	954,585,538		39,549	5.0%
2016	24,137	985,116,764		40,814	4.9%
2017	24,137	1,036,452,756		42,940	5.3%
2018	24,137	1,104,779,519		45,771	5.2%
2019	24,137	n/a		n/a	4.3%
2020	18,856	n/a		n/a	4.0%

Sources: (1) U.S. Bureau of Census, Census of Population.

(2) Ohio Department of Taxation.

(3) U.S. Department of Labor.

n/a - information is not available at this time.

Twinsburg City School District Principal Employers

Current Year and Nine Years Ago (1)

			2019		2011			
				Percentage			Percentage	
Erenlessen	Nature of Business	Number of	Doult	of Total	Number of	Doult	of Total	
Employer	Nature of Business	Employees	Kank	Employment	Employees	Kank	Employment	
RGH Enterprises	Medical Supplies	900	1	21.38%	-		0.00%	
RX Options	Medical	550	2	13.06%	-		0.00%	
The School District	Education	496	3	11.78%	512	4	13.11%	
Rockwell Automation	Programmable controls	425	4	10.09%	536	2	13.73%	
Cleveland Clinic Hospital	Hospital Care Facility	425	5	10.09%	-		0.00%	
Pepsi-Cola Bottlers	Soft drink bottling	400	6	9.50%	521	3	13.35%	
Windstream	Communications provider	400	7	9.50%	274	7	7.02%	
Hitachi Medical Systems America	Medical Supplies	230	8	5.46%	219	9	5.61%	
CellCo Partnership (Verizon)	Communications provider	200	9	4.75%	364	5	9.32%	
The City	Government	185	10	4.39%	226	8	5.79%	
GE Energy	Power Industry	-		0.00%	328	6	8.40%	
Fasteners for Retail	Retail	-		0.00%	174	10	4.46%	
Edgepark Surgical	Medical supplies			0.00%	750	1	19.21%	
Total		4,211		100.00%	3,904		100.00%	

Source: The City of Twinsburg

(1) 2020 information is unavailable, the employee count is unceritain due to the impact from the Coronavirus.

School District Employees by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
Regular instruction										
Elementary classroom teachers	106	102	104	104	104	99	99	98	108	114
Intermediate classroom teachers	36	34	32	32	34	34	36	33	35	33
High school classroom teachers	62	67	62	62	68	64	63	63.5	65.5	64
Special instruction										
Multi handicapped teachers	18	16	16	16	12	13	13	13	14	12
Severe behavior handicapped teachers	5	5	5	5	4	4	4	4	5	5
Developmentally handicapped teachers	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	5	5
Specific learning disabled teachers	9	9	9	9	5	6	6	7	6	6
Other	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	6	4	6
Vocational instruction										
High school classroom teachers	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0
Pupil support services										
Guidance counselors	8	8	7	7	8	8	8	10	10	10
Librarians	6	6	6	6	5	5	5	5	5	5
Psychologists	5	4	3	3	3.5	4	4	4	4	4
Speech and language pathologists	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	5
Aides	40	40	33	33	37	41	44	43	45	51
Computer	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	3	5
Other	43	45	64	65	64	62	63	69	66	70
Administrators										
Elementary	2	2	2	2	4	4	4	4	4	4
Intermediate	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	4
Middle School	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
High school	5	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Operation of plant										
Custodians & Maintenance	34	30	29	29	28	27	28	29	28	29
Security	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2
Pupil transportation										
Bus drivers	48	48	47	47	44	45	44	43	42	42
Bus aides	5	5	5	5	5	4	5	5	5	6
Maintenance	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Food service program										
Director	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Cooks	33	33	31	31	30	26	26	24	23	23
Totals:	490	483	483	484	483.5	475	481	487.5	496.5	518

Method: Using 1.0 for each full-time employee and 0.50 for each part-time and seasonal employee. The count is performed on September 1 of each year.

Source: School District records.

Twinsburg City School District Operating Statistics

Last Ten Fiscal Years

						Pupil/	Percentage of students receiving
Fiscal			Cost	Percentage	Teaching	Teacher	free or reduced
Year	Expenses	Enrollment	Per Pupil	Change	Staff	Ratio	lunches
2011	\$ 48,559,963	4,233	\$11,472	0.35%	239.2	17.7	18.69%
2012	\$ 47,013,588	4,266	\$11,021	-3.93%	234.0	18.2	18.66%
2013	\$ 45,398,762	4,319	\$10,511	-4.62%	238.0	18.1	18.94%
2014	\$ 46,772,465	4,234	\$11,047	5.09%	242.0	17.5	18.79%
2015	\$ 46,098,041	4,158	\$11,087	0.36%	243.0	17.1	18.27%
2016	\$ 47,006,283	4,100	\$11,465	3.41%	244.0	16.8	18.81%
2017	\$ 52,980,162	4,112	\$12,884	12.38%	243.0	16.9	17.78%
2018	\$ 53,285,992	4,141	\$12,868	-0.13%	248.5	16.7	16.80%
2019	\$ 53,871,267	4,131	\$13,041	1.34%	260.5	15.9	16.10%
2020	\$ 56,810,883	4,140	\$13,722	5.23%	263.0	15.7	17.30%

Source: School District Records, Ohio Department of Education.

Twinsburg City School. Building Statistics

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
Wilcox Primary										
Constructed in 1960	05 250	05 250	05 250	05 250	05.250	05 250	05 250	05.250	05 250	05.250
Total building square footage	85,350	85,350	85,350	85,350	85,350	85,350	85,350	85,350	85,350	85,350
Enrollment grades Pre K-1	626	634	657	657	640	637	636	635	635	738
Student capacity	1,075	1,075	1,075	1,075	1,075	1,075	1,075	1,075	1,075	1,075
Regular instruction classroom	43	43	43	43	43	43	43	43	43	43
Regular instruction teachers	30	30	30	30	31	27	28	28	33	35
Special instruction classrooms	4	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	4	4
Special instruction teachers	4	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	4
Bissell Elementary										
Constructed in 1963	72 (04	72 (04	72 (04	72 (04	72 (04	72 (04	72 (04	72 (04	72 (04	72 (04
Total building square footage	73,684	73,684	73,684	73,684	73,684	73,684	73,684	73,684	73,684	73,684
Enrollment grades 2-3	607 075	611	633	633	617	612	594	588	582	554
Student capacity	975	975	975	975	975	975	975	975	975	975
Regular instruction classroom	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34
Regular instruction teachers	30	27	27	27	28	26	26	26	30	31
Special instruction classrooms	6	4	4	4 4	4 5	5 5	4 5	4 5	4 5	4 5
Special instruction teachers	6	4	4	4	3	3	5	3	3	3
Dodge Intermediate School										
Constructed in 1969										
Total building square footage		119,410	119,410	119,410	119,410	119,410	119,410	119,410	119,410	119,410
Enrollment grades 4-6	987	991	970	970	950	948	976	963	953	957
Student capacity	1,045	1,045	1,045	1,045	1,045	1,045	1,045	1,045	1,045	1,045
Regular instruction classroom	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	45
Regular instruction teachers	46	45	45	45	45	46	45	44	49	48
Special instruction classrooms	9	8	8	8	8	7	7	7	7	7
Special instruction teachers	9	8	8	8	8	8	8	9	8	8
RB Chamberlin Middle School										
Constructed in 1958										
Total building square footage	128,994	128,994	128,994	128,994	128,994	128,994	128,994	128,994	128,994	128,994
Enrollment grades 7-8	654	659	677	677	645	630	633	671	671	632
Student capacity	1,032	1,032	1,032	1,032	1,032	1,032	1,032	1,032	1,032	1,032
Regular instruction classroom	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55
Regular instruction teachers	36	34	34	34	34	34	36	33	33	33
Special instruction classrooms	8	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Special instruction teachers	8	6	6	6	6	6	7	7	8	8
Twinsburg High School										
Constructed in 1999										
Total building square footage	286,719	286,719	286,719	286,719	286,719	286,719	286,719	286,719	286,719	286,719
Enrollment grades 9-12	1,359	1,371	1,382	1,382	1,306	1,273	1,273	1,284	1,290	1,259
Student capacity	1,717	1,717	1,717	1,717	1,717	1,717	1,717	1,717	1,717	1,717
Regular instruction classroom	64	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69
Regular instruction teachers	64	69	69	69	68	64	63	64	64	64
Special instruction classrooms	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Special instruction teachers	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	9	9	9

Source: School District Records.

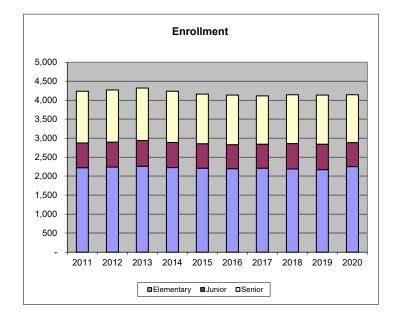
Twinsburg City School District Teachers' Salaries rs

Fiscal Year	Scho A	asburg City ool District average Salary	А	atewide verage Salary
2011	\$	65,612	\$	56,715
2012		67,069		57,904
2013		71,162		57,904
2014		70,585		55,916
2015		70,964		57,916
2016		73,019		59,074
2017		74,375		58,849
2018		76,476		60,433
2019		77,327		63,916
2020		79,002		65,754

Source: Ohio Department of Education.

Twinsburg City School District Enrollment Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Elementary Junior Senior Schools High School Year High School Total 2011 2,220 654 1,359 4,233 2012 2,236 659 1,371 4,266 2013 2,260 677 1,382 4,319 2014 2,223 664 1,347 4,234 2015 645 2,207 1,306 4,158 2016 2,197 630 1,273 4,100 2017 2,206 633 4,112 1,273 2018 2,186 671 1,284 4,141 2019 2,170 671 1,290 4,131 2020 2,249 632 1,259 4,140



Source: Ohio Department of Education.

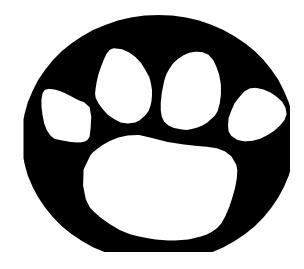
Twinsburg City School District Attendance and Graduation Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Twinsburg City School District Attendance Rate	State Average	Twinsburg City School District Graduation Rate	State Average
2011	96.4%	94.5%	98.8%	84.3%
2012	96.2%	95.2%	96.2%	80% *
2013	96.1%	94.2%	94.8%	81.3%
2014	95.0%	94.3%	96.8%	82.2%
2015	96.0%	94.5%	97.1%	82.4%
2016	95.5%	94.4%	98.3%	84.9%
2017	96.3%	93.9%	98.5%	83.5%
2018	95.7%	93.6%	99.0%	84.1%
2019	95.7%	93.5%	98.5%	85.3%
2020	96.6%	94.2%	97.5%	85.9%

Source: Ohio Department of Education Local Report Cards.

* Graduation rates have new calculation rate in 2012

Beginning with the 2011-2012 Local Report Card, the Ohio Department of Education implemented changes that affect the manner in which the graduation rate is reported. The graduation rate disclosed in the new Local Report Card represents a 4-year longitudinal graduation rate that takes into consideration the amount of time it takes an incoming freshman to successfully complete high school.



TWINSBURG CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

SUMMIT COUNTY, OHIO

SINGLE AUDIT

For the year ended June 30, 2020



TWINSBURG CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMIT COUNTY, OHIO SINGLE AUDIT For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

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TWINSBURG CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMIT COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 Prepared by Management

FEDERAL GRANTOR Pass Through Grantor Program / Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Entity Identifying Number	Total Federal Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
Nutrition Cluster			
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education			
Cash Assistance:			
National School Lunch Program	10.555	N/A	\$ 198,022
National School Lunch Program - COVID-19	10.555	N/A	40,569
School Breakfast Program	10.553	N/A	50,105
School Breakfast Program - COVID-19	10.553	N/A	17,611
Non-Cash Assistance:	10 555	N1/A	70.000
National School Lunch Program (Commodities - Note E)	10.555	N/A	70,636
Total Nutrition Cluster			376,943
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			376,943
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	050070-C1S1	311,884
······································			
Special Education Cluster			
Special Education (IDEA, Part B)	84.027	0500703-6BSF	826,982
ECSE IDEA	84.173	0500703-PGS1	20,456
Total Special Education Cluster			847,438
Title II-A, Impr Teach Quality	84.367	0500703-TRS1	76,262
Title III LEP	84.365	N/A	13,805
Title IV-A	84.424	N/A	16,035
Total U.S. Department of Education			1,265,424
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			<u>\$ 1,642,367</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

TWINSBURG CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMIT COUNTY

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 Prepared by Management

NOTE A – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the Twinsburg City School District (the District) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2020. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the District.

NOTE B – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE C – INDIRECT COST RATE

The District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE D – CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the District assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE E – FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the entitlement value. The District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN <u>ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS</u>

Twinsburg City School District Summit County 11136 Ravenna Road Twinsburg, Ohio 44087

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Twinsburg City School District, Summit County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 5, 2021. We noted the financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the District.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Twinsburg City School District Summit County Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Charles Having Association

Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc. February 5, 2021

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR THE MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Twinsburg City School District Summit County 11136 Ravenna Road Twinsburg, Ohio 44087

To the Board of Education:

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

We have audited the Twinsburg City School District's, Summit County, Ohio (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the District's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2020. The District's major federal program is identified in the *Summary of Auditor's Results* section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings.

Management's Responsibility

The District's management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for the District's major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in according with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance. Twinsburg City School District Summit County Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for the Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance Page 2

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Twinsburg City School District, Summit County, Ohio complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for the major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Twinsburg City School District Summit County Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for the Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance Page 3

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Twinsburg City School District, Summit County, Ohio, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated February 5, 2021, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Schedule) is presented for purposes of additional analysis required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this Schedule is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Charles Having Association

Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc. February 5, 2021

TWINSBURG CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMIT COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 JUNE 30, 2020

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Special Education Cluster: Special Education (IDEA, Part B) -CFDA# 84.027 Early Childhood Special Education (ECSE IDEA) -CFDA # 84.173
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 750,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR §200.520?	Yes

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

3. FINDINGS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None



TWINSBURG CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

SUMMIT COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 4/20/2021

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370