VILLAGE OF YELLOW SPRINGS

GREENE COUNTY, OHIO

REGULAR AUDIT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020





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Village Council Village of Yellow Springs 100 Dayton St Yellow Springs, OH 43587

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Village of Yellow Springs, Greene County, prepared by Julian & Grube, Inc., for the audit period January 1, 2020 through December 31, 2020. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Village of Yellow Springs is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

July 27, 2021



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Independent Auditor's Report

Village of Yellow Springs Greene County 100 Dayton Street Yellow Springs, Ohio 43587

To the Village Council:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the cash balances, receipts, and disbursements for each governmental and propriety fund type and the fiduciary fund type combined total as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020 and related notes of the Village of Yellow Springs, Greene County, Ohio.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D), as described in Note 2. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Village of Yellow Springs's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village of Yellow Springs's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 2, the financial statements are prepared by the Village of Yellow Springs, on the basis of the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D), which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), to meet the requirements of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D).

The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 2 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

Village of Yellow Springs Greene County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Though the Village of Yellow Springs does not intend these statements to conform to GAAP, auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America require us to include an adverse opinion on GAAP. However, the adverse opinion does not imply the amounts reported are materially misstated under the accounting basis Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit. Our opinion on this accounting basis is in the "Unmodified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting" paragraph below.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the "Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles" paragraph, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Village of Yellow Springs, as of December 31, 2020, or changes in net position, or cash flows thereof for the year then ended.

Unmodified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the cash balances, receipts and disbursements for each governmental and proprietary fund type and the fiduciary fund type combined total as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and related notes of the Village of Yellow Springs, in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) as described in Note 2.

Emphasis of Matters

As described in Note 17 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the Village of Yellow Springs. As described in Note 3 to the financial statements, the Village of Yellow Springs adopted a change in accounting principle and removed the fund balance classifications from the Combined Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balances (Regulatory Cash Basis) – All Governmental Fund Types. Our opinions are not modified with respect to these matters.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 7, 2021, on our consideration of the Village of Yellow Springs's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village of Yellow Springs's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village of Yellow Springs's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Julian & Grube, Inc.

Julian & Sube, Elne.

June 7, 2021

COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (REGULATORY CASH BASIS) ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMEBER 31, 2020

Cash Receipts:	 General	 Special Revenue	 Debt Service	 Capital Projects	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Casii Receipts.						
Property and other local taxes	\$ 1,122,651 1,582,375	\$ 30,389	\$ -	\$ -	\$	1,153,040 1,582,375
Intergovernmental	277,722	572,621	_	<u>-</u>		850,343
Charges for services	29,797	-	_	_		29,797
Licenses and permits	12,462	_	_	-		12,462
Fines and forfeitures	7,086	378	_	-		7,464
Investment earnings	88,723	7,463	-	-		96,186
Miscellaneous	280,632	 20,874	_			301,506
Total cash receipts	 3,401,448	631,725	-	-		4,033,173
Cash Disbursements: Current:						
General government	788,374	644	_	13,449		802,467
Security of persons and property	1,237,206	433,331	_	-		1,670,537
Public health services	7,573	-	_	_		7,573
Leisure time activities	399,910	_	_	_		399,910
Community environment	125,075	_	-	-		125,075
Transportation	-	404,011	-	-		404,011
Capital outlay	87,507	97,042	-	60,327		244,876
Debt service:						
Principal retirement	-	12,109	-	-		12,109
Interest and fiscal charges	 5,888	 636	 	 		6,524
Total cash disbursements	 2,651,533	 947,773	 	 73,776		3,673,082
Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under)						
disbursements	 749,915	 (316,048)	 	 (73,776)		360,091
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in	-	640,000	-	-		640,000
Transfers (out)	(640,000)		_	-		(640,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(640,000)	640,000				
Net change in fund balances	109,915	323,952	-	(73,776)		360,091
Fund cash balances, January 1	 2,944,531	 563,926	 15,686	 545,235	-	4,069,378
Fund cash balances, December 31	\$ 3,054,446	\$ 887,878	\$ 15,686	\$ 471,459	\$	4,429,469

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECIEPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (REGULATORY CASH BASIS) PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMEBER 31, 2020

	Proprietary Fund Type
	Enterprise
Operating Cash Receipts:	
Charges for services	\$ 6,902,444
Other operating receipts	622,492
Total operating cash receipts	7,524,936
Operating Cash Disbursements	
Personal services	1,351,039
Travel and training	4,964
Contractual services	4,160,436
Materials and supplies	216,524
Other	3,374
Total operating cash disbursements	5,736,337
Operating income	1,788,599
Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements):	
Capital outlay	(814,074)
Principal retirement	(172,282)
Interest and fiscal charges	(187,778)
Total non-operating receipts (disbursements).	(1,174,134)
Income before transfers	614,465
Transfer in	1,600,000
Transfer out	(1,600,000)
Net change in fund cash balances	614,465
Fund cash balances, January 1	4,800,123
Fund cash balances, December 31	\$ 5,414,588

STATEMENT OF ADDITIONS, DEDUCTIONS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (REGULATORY CASH BASIS) FIDUCIARY FUND TYPE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	F	uciary und ype
	Cus	todial
Additions:		
Collections of fines and fees		8,630
Total Additions		8,630
Deductions:		
Distribution of fines and fees		8,630
Total Deductions		8,630
Net change in fund cash balances	\$	-
Fund cash balances, January 1		
Fund cash balances, December 31	\$	

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

1. Description of the Entity

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of the Village of Yellow Springs, Greene County, Ohio, (the Village) as a body corporate and politic. The Village adopted a home rule municipal charter in 1950. A publicly elected five-member Council directs the Village. The Council appoints the Village Manager who is the chief executive officer and the head of the administrative agencies of the Village. The Village Manager appoints all department heads and employees. The Village provides water, sewer, solid waste and electric utilities, park operations, and police services. The Village contracts with Miami Township to receive fire protection and emergency medical services.

The Village's management believes these financial statements present all the activities for which the Village is financially accountable.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Basis of Presentation

The Village's financial statements consist of a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) for all governmental fund types, and a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) for all proprietary fund types and a statement of additions, deductions and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) for all fiduciary fund types which are all organized on a fund type basis.

B. Accounting Basis

These financial statements follow the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (D). This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Village recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (D) permit.

C. Deposits and Investments

The Village's accounting basis includes investments as assets. This basis does not record disbursements for investment purchases or receipts for investment sales. This basis records gains or losses at the time of sale as receipts or disbursements, respectively.

Money market mutual funds are recorded at share values the mutual funds report. During 2020, the Village invested in STAR Ohio and Certificate of Deposits. STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The Village measures its investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (Continued)

For 2020, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$100 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$100 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$100 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

D. Fund Accounting

The Village uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the Village are presented below:

1. General Fund

The General Fund accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the Village for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

2. Special Revenue Funds

These funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The Village had the following significant Special Revenue Fund:

<u>Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund</u> - This fund receives gasoline tax and motor vehicle tax money for constructing, maintaining, and repairing Village streets.

3. Debt Service Funds

These funds account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest. The Village had the following Debt Service Fund:

<u>Bond Retirement Fund</u> - This fund was used to account for resources received on behalf of repaying the Village's Municipal Building Bond.

4. Capital Project Funds

These funds account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. The Village had the following significant Capital Projects Funds:

<u>Parks and Recreation Capital Improvement Fund</u> - This fund is used for construction, maintenance and repair of the Village's parks and recreation facilities, including the swimming pool.

<u>Facilities Improvement Fund</u> - This fund is used for repair and maintenance of the Bryan Center, Library, Train Depot, and Public Works Facility.

5. Enterprise Funds

These funds account for operations that are similar to private business enterprises, where management intends to recover the significant costs of providing certain goods or services through user charges. The Village had the following significant Enterprise Fund:

<u>Electric Operating Fund</u> - This fund receives charges for services from residents to cover the cost of distributing electricity throughout the Village.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (Continued)

6. Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary Funds include Private Purpose Trust Funds and Custodial Funds. The Village does not have a Private Purpose Trust Fund.

Custodial Funds are purely custodial in nature and are used to hold resources for individuals, organizations, or other governments. The Village disburses these funds as directed by the individual, organization or other government. The Village's Custodial Fund accounts for the Mayor's Court.

For regulatory purposes, certain own source revenues are permitted to flow through clearing funds presented as custodial funds. The amounts distributed to the other funds of the entity are identified on the combined statement of additions, deductions and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) all fiduciary fund types. Also, for regulatory purposes, certain deposits and clearing funds are permitted to be presented as custodial funds.

E. Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund (except the Custodial Funds) be budgeted annually.

1. Appropriations

Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the Village's legal level of budgetary control, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. For the Village, the legal level of budgetary control is at the fund level, for all funds, with personal services and other expenditures appropriated separately by department. The Village Council must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end.

2. Estimated Resources

Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus unencumbered cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must approve estimated resources.

3. Encumbrances

The Ohio Revised Code requires the Village to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are carried over and need not be reappropriated.

A summary of 2020 budgetary activity appears in Note 6.

F. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Village must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (Continued)

The classifications are as follows:

1. Nonspendable

The Village classifies assets as *nonspendable* when legally or contractually required to maintain the amounts intact. For regulatory purposes, nonspendable fund balance includes unclaimed monies that are required to be held for five years before they may be utilized by the Village.

2. Restricted

Fund balance is *restricted* when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

3. Committed

Council can *commit* amounts via formal action (resolution). The Village must adhere to these commitments unless the Council amends the resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.

4. Assigned

Assigned fund balances are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as *restricted* or *committed*. For regulatory purposes, assigned fund balance in the general fund is limited to encumbrances outstanding at year end.

5. Unassigned

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not included in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The Village applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts, if any, are reduced first followed by assigned, if any, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

For regulatory purposes, limited disclosure related to fund balance is included in Note 16.

G. Capital Assets

The Village records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

H. Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. The financial statements do not include a liability for unpaid leave.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

3. Accountability and Compliance

Change in Accounting Principles

i. For 2020, the Village has implemented GASB Statement No. 95, "Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance." GASB Statement No. 95 provides temporary relief to governments and other stakeholders in light of the COVID-19 pandemic. This objective is accomplished by postponing the effective dates of certain provisions in Statements and Implementation Guides that first became effective or are scheduled to become effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018, and later.

Certain provisions contained in the following pronouncements were scheduled to be implemented for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 95, the effective dates of certain provisions contained in these pronouncements are postponed. The following pronouncement is postponed by one year and the Village has elected delaying implementation until the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021:

• Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period

The following pronouncements are postponed by eighteen months and the Village has elected delaying implementation until the year ended December 31, 2022:

- Statement No. 87, Leases
- Implementation Guide No. 2019-3, Leases
- ii. For 2020, the Village has made changes to their cash basis reporting model. These changes include modifications to the definition of fiduciary funds, adding a separate Combined Statement of Additions, Deductions and Changes in Fund Balances (Regulatory Cash Basis) All Fiduciary Fund Types, and removing the fund balance classifications from the Combined Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balances (Regulatory Cash Basis) All Governmental Fund Types.

4. Equity in Pooled Deposits and Investments

The Village maintains a deposit and investments pool all funds use. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of deposits at December 31, 2020 was as follows:

Demand Deposits	\$ 6,924,422
Total Deposits	6,924,422
STAR Ohio	2,430,014
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	488,639
Government Money Market	 982
Total Investments	2,919,635
Total Deposits and Investments	\$ 9,844,057

Deposits: Deposits are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation; collateralized by securities specifically pledged by the financial institution to the Village; or collateralized through the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Investments: Investments in STAR Ohio and mutual funds are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book-entry form.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

5. Property Tax

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Council adopted tax rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include homestead and rollback amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to pay semiannually, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

Public utilities are also taxed on personal and real property located within the Village.

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Village.

6. Budgetary Activity

Budgetary activity for the year ending December 31, 2020 follows:

2020 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts

	Budgeted		Actual			
Fund Type	Receipts		Receipts		Variance	
General	\$	3,745,885	\$	3,401,448	\$	(344,437)
Special Revenue		985,318		1,271,725		286,407
Capital Projects		-		-		-
Enterprise		8,102,525		9,124,936		1,022,411
Total	\$	12,833,728	\$	13,798,109	\$	964,381

2020 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

	0 1	1	
	Appropriation	Budgetary	_
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance
General	\$4,911,902	\$3,448,283	\$1,463,619
Special Revenue	1,262,529	1,078,890	183,639
Capital Projects	193,500	124,986	68,514
Enterprise	10,071,644	9,096,306	975,338
Total	\$16,439,575	\$13,748,465	\$2,691,110

On the financial statements, the General Fund receipts and disbursements include certain Special Revenue Funds activities in accordance with GASB 54. These Special Revenue Funds are included in the General Fund activity presented above.

7. Local Income Tax

The Village levies a municipal income tax of 1.5 percent on substantially all earned income arising from employment, residency, or business activities within the Village as well as certain income of residents earned outside of the Village. The Regional Income Tax Agency (R.I.T.A) collected and distributed income taxes for the Village.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

8. Debt

Debt outstanding at December 31, 2020 was as follows:

	Principal	Interest Rate		
Direct Borrowings:	_			
OWDA Loan 7279	\$5,265,530	2.75%		
OWDA Loan 7136	433,690	3.15%		
OWDA Loan 7035	315,822	2.91%		
WPCLF/OWDA Loan 5326	506,700	2.75%		
WPCLF/OWDA Loan 5844	77,895	3.45%		
OPWC Loan CK12T	1,170,000	0.00%		
Total	\$7,769,637			

At December 31, 2020, the Village had 5 loans outstanding with the Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA). All of these loans were used to finance improvements or expansion of the Village's water and sewer system's infrastructure. In the event of default, the OWDA may declare the full amount of the then unpaid original loan amount to be immediately due and payable and/or require the Village to pay any fines, penalties, interest or late charges associated with the default. In 2017, the Village also received a loan from the Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) for their Water Treatment Plant Replacement project.

In the event of default, the OPWC may (1) charge an 8% default interest rate from the date of the default to the date of the payment and charge the Village for all costs incurred by the OPWC in curing the default, (2) in accordance with Ohio Revised Code 164.05, direct the county treasurer of the county in which the Village is located to pay the amount of the default from funds that would otherwise be appropriated to the Village from such county's undivided local government fund pursuant to ORC 5747.51-5747.53, or (3) at its discretion, declare the entire principal amount of loan then remaining unpaid, together with all accrued interest and other charges, become immediately due and payable.

Amortization

Amortization of the above debt is scheduled as follows:

	OPWC Loan						OWDA Loans					
Year Ending December 31:	P	rincipal	Int	terest		Total		Principal		Interest		Total
2021	\$	43,333	\$	-	\$	43,333	\$	217,992	\$	182,414	\$	400,406
2022		43,333		-		43,333		224,151		176,285		400,436
2023		43,333		-		43,333		230,485		169,982		400,467
2024		43,333		-		43,333		236,998		163,501		400,499
2025		43,333		-		43,333		243,698		156,837		400,535
2026 - 2030		216,667		-		216,667		1,325,784		677,425		2,003,209
2031 - 2035		216,667		-		216,667		1,150,326		502,104		1,652,430
2036 - 2040		216,667		-		216,667		1,191,615		339,968		1,531,583
2041 - 2045		216,667		-		216,667		1,368,240		163,342		1,531,582
2046 - 2048		86,667		-		86,667		410,348		11,335		421,683
Total	\$	1,170,000	\$	-	\$	1,170,000	\$	6,599,637	\$	2,543,193	\$	9,142,830

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

8. Debt - (Continued)

Conduit Debt

In 2002, the Village issued Health Care Facility Revenue Refunding and Improvement Bonds for improvements and acquisition of hospital facilities used by a private healthcare association. These bonds do not constitute general obligations, debtor bonded indebtedness or a pledge of the faith and credit of the Village. At December 31, 2020, the total of these bonds outstanding was approximately \$1,090,000.

9. Leases

The Village leases various vehicles and equipment. The principal and interest payments on the leases are recorded in the Street Maintenance/Repair Fund (Special Revenue Fund Type). The Village disbursed \$12,745 in principal and interest to pay lease costs for the year ended December 31, 2020. Future lease payments are as follows:

Year ending		
December 31:	I	Leases:
2021	\$	12,745
Total minimum lease payments:		12,745
Less amount representing interest:		(322)
Total	\$	12,423

10. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Some of the Village's employees belong to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes this plan's benefits, which include postemployment healthcare and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. OPERS members contributed 10%, of their gross salaries and the Village contributed an amount equaling 14%, of participants' gross salaries. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2020.

Ohio Police and Fire Retirement System

The Village's certified full-time Police Officers belong to the Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F). OP&F is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes this plan's benefits, which include postemployment healthcare and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. OP&F participants contributed 12.25% of their wages. The Village contributed to OP&F an amount equal to 19.50% of full-time police members' wages. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2020.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

10. Defined Benefit Pension Plans - (Continued)

Social Security

Other Village employees contributed to Social Security. This plan provides retirement benefits, including survivor and disability benefits to participants.

Employees contributed 6.2 percent of their gross salaries. The Village contributed an amount equal to 6.2 percent of participants' gross salaries. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2020.

11. Postemployment Benefits

Both OPERS and OP&F offer cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment plans, which include multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage, deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement and Medicare Part B premium reimbursements, to qualifying benefit recipients. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the Traditional Pension Plan and Combined Plan was 0 percent during calendar year 2020. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the Member Directed Plan was 4.0 percent during calendar year 2020. OP&F contributes 0.5 percent to fund these benefits.

Beginning January 1, 2019, OP&F changed its retiree health care model and the current self-insured health care plan will no longer be offered. In its place is a stipend-based health care model. A stipend funded by OP&F will be placed in individual Health Reimbursement Accounts that retirees will use to be reimbursed for health care expenses.

12. Risk Management

The Village has obtained commercial insurance for the following risks:

- Comprehensive property and general liability;
- Vehicles: and
- Errors and omissions.

13. Joint Ventures with Equity Interest

The Village of Yellow Springs is a Non-Financing Participant and an Owner Participant with an ownership percentage of 1.05% and shares participation with thirty-five other subdivisions within the State of Ohio in the Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency (OMEGA JV2). Owner Participants own undivided interests, as tenants in common, in the OMEGA JV2 Project in the amount of their respective Project Shares. Purchaser Participants agree to purchase the output associated with their respective Project shares, ownership of which is held in trust for such Purchaser Participants.

Pursuant to the OMEGA JV2 Agreement, the participants jointly undertook as either Financing Participants or Non-Financing Participants and as either Owner Participants or Purchaser Participants, the acquisition, construction, and equipping of OMEGA JV2, including such portions of OMEGA JV2 as have been acquired, constructed or equipped by AMP and to pay or incur the costs of the same in accordance with the JV2 Agreement.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

13. Joint Ventures with Equity Interest - (Continued)

OMEGA JV2 was created to provide additional sources of reliable, reasonably priced electric power and energy when prices are high or during times of generation shortages or transmission constraints, and to improve the reliability and economic status of the participants' respective municipal electric utility system. The Project consists of 138.65 MW of distributed generation of which 134.081MW is the participants' entitlement and 4.569MW are held in reserve. On dissolution of OMEGA JV2, the net assets will be shared by the participants on a percentage of ownership basis. OMEGA JV2 is managed by AMP, which acts as the joint venture's agent. During 2001, AMP issued \$50,260,000 of 20-year fixed rate bonds on behalf of the Financing Participants of OMEGA JV2. The net proceeds of the bond issue of \$45,904,712 were contributed to OMEGA JV2. On January 3, 2011, AMP redeemed all of the \$31,110,000 OMEGA JV2 Project Distributive Generation Bonds then outstanding by borrowing on AMP's revolving credit facility. As such, the remaining outstanding bond principal of the OMEGA JV2 indebtedness was reduced to zero, with the remaining principal balance now residing on the AMP credit facility. As of December 31, 2019, (the latest information available), the Village's net investment in OMEGA JV2 was \$33,615. Complete financial statements for OMEGA JV2 may be obtained from AMP or from the State Auditor's website at www.ohioauditor.gov.

The thirty-six participating subdivisions and their respective ownership shares at December 31, 2019 (the latest information available) are:

Participants	KW Amount	Percent	Participants	KW Amount	Percent
Hamilton	32,000	23.87%	Grafton	1,056	0.79%
Bowling Green	19,198	14.32%	Brewster	1,000	0.75%
Niles	15,400	11.48%	Monroeville	764	0.57%
Cuyahoga Falls	10,000	7.46%	Milan	737	0.55%
Wadsworth	7,784	5.81%	Oak Harbor	737	0.55%
Painesville	7,000	5.22%	Elmore	364	0.27%
Dover	7,000	5.22%	Jackson Center	300	0.22%
Galion	5,753	4.29%	Napoleon	264	0.20%
Amherst	5,000	3.73%	Lodi	218	0.16%
St. Marys	4,000	2.98%	Genoa	199	0.15%
Montpelier	4,000	2.98%	Pemberville	197	0.15%
Shelby	2,536	1.89%	Lucas	161	0.12%
Versailles	1,660	1.24%	South Vienna	123	0.09%
Edgerton	1,460	1.09%	Bradner	119	0.09%
Yellow Springs	1,408	1.05%	Woodville	81	0.06%
Oberlin	1,217	0.91%	Haskins	73	0.05%
Pioneer	1,158	0.86%	Arcanum	44	0.03%
Seville	1,066	0.80%	Custar	4	0.00%
			Grand Total	134,081	100.00%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

14. Segment Information

To provide electric service to the citizens, the Village is a member of Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency (OMEGA) joint venture as described in Note 13. The Village is liable for debt related to the financing of the OMEGA joint ventures. The activity is accounted for in the Village's Electric Operating Fund, which is reported as part of the combined Enterprise Fund Type in the financial statements. Summary financial information for the Electric Operating Fund is presented below:

	2020
Total Fund Cash Balance	
Condensed Operating Information:	
Operating Receipts	
Charges for Services	4,200,758
Other Operating Receipts	555,905
Total Operating Receipts	4,756,663
Operating Expenses	
Personal Services	498,859
Travel/Training	1,372
Contractual Services	3,414,178
Supplies and Materials	73,058
Miscellaneous	3,374
Total Operating Expenses	3,990,841
Operating Income	765,822
Transfers Out	(650,000)
Change in Fund Cash Balance	115,822
Beginning Fund Cash Balance	1,570,639
Ending Fund Cash Balance	\$1,686,461
Condensed Cash Flows Information:	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by:	
Operating Activities	\$765,822
Noncapital Financing Activities	
Other Noncapital Financing Activities	(650,000)
Net Increase/(Decrease)	115,822
Beginning Fund Cash Balance	1,570,639
Ending Fund Cash Balance	\$1,686,461

15. Contingent Liabilities

A. Litigation

The Village is a party to legal proceedings. However, the outcome of any legal action is unknown at this time and the Village is not able to estimate the financial impact, if any, on the financial condition of the Village.

B. Grants

For the period January 1, 2020 to December 31, 2020, the Village received state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by grantor agencies or their designee. Such audits could lead to a request for reimbursement to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under the terms of the grant. Based on prior experience, the Village believes such disallowances, if any, would be immaterial.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

16. Fund Balances

Included in fund balance are amounts the Village cannot spend, including the balance of unclaimed monies which cannot be spent for five years. Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. At year end, the balances of these amounts were as follows:

Fund Balances	General	Special Revenue	Debt ervice	Capital Projects	Total
Nonspendable: Unclaimed Monies Outstanding Encumbrances	\$ 15,667 156,750	\$ 131,117	\$ - -	\$ 51,210	\$ 15,667 339,077
Total	\$ 172,417	\$ 131,117	\$ -	\$ 51,210	\$ 354,744

The fund balance of special revenue funds is either restricted or committed. The fund balance of debt service funds and capital projects fund are restricted, committed or assigned. These restricted, committed and assigned amounts in the special revenue, debt service and capital projects would include the outstanding encumbrances. In the general fund, outstanding encumbrances are considered assigned.

17. COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the Village. The Village's investment portfolio fluctuates with market conditions, and due to market volatility, the amount of gains or losses that will be realized in subsequent periods, if any, cannot be determined. In addition, the impact on the Village's future operating costs, revenues, and additional recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

During 2020, the Village received \$341,884 from Greene County. These amounts are recorded in the Coronavirus Relief Special Revenue Fund.



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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Village of Yellow Springs Greene County 100 Dayton Street Yellow Springs, Ohio 43587

To the Village Council:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the cash balances, receipts, and disbursements for each governmental and proprietary fund type and fiduciary fund type combined total of the Village of Yellow Springs, Greene County, Ohio, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 7, 2021, wherein we noted as described in Note 2 to the financial statements, the Village of Yellow Springs followed financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit. Furthermore, as discussed in Note 17 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the Village of Yellow Springs. Additionally, as described in Note 3 to the financial statements, the Village of Yellow Springs adopted a change in accounting principle and removed the fund balance classifications from the Combined Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balances (Regulatory Cash Basis) - All Governmental Fund Types.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Village of Yellow Springs's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village of Yellow Springs's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village of Yellow Springs's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Village of Yellow Springs's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Village of Yellow Springs

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village of Yellow Springs's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village of Yellow Springs's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village of Yellow Springs's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Julian & Grube, Inc.

Julian & Sube, Elne.

June 7, 2021

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2020

Finding <u>Number</u>	Year Initially Occurred	Finding <u>Summary</u>	<u>Status</u>	Additional Information
2019-001	2016	Material Weakness: Financial Statement	Partially	Finding repeated in management
		<u>Presentation</u> - The presentation of	Corrected	letter.
		materially correct financial statements and		
		the related notes is the responsibility of		
		management and is an important part of		
		the Village's overall purpose. Financial		
		reporting requires internal controls to help		
		ensure the accuracy of the activity		
		reported. Certain adjustments were posted		
		to the audited financial statements to make		
		them materially correct.		



VILLAGE OF YELLOW SPRINGS

GREENE COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 8/10/2021

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370