SINGLE AUDIT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020





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Board of Education Warren City School District 105 High Street Northeast Warren, Ohio 44481

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of Warren City School District, Trumbull County, prepared by Rea & Associates, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2020. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. Warren City School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

April 16, 2021

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February 25, 2021

To the Board of Education Warren City School District Trumbull County, Ohio 105 High Street North East Warren, OH 44481

Independent Auditor's Report

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Warren City School District, Trumbull County, Ohio, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

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Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Warren City School District, Trumbull County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of a Matter

As described in Note 3, the District restated the net position and fund balance to account for the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

As described in Note 20, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures will continue to impact subsequent periods of the District. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the *Management's Discussion and Analysis, Schedules of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedules of District Pension Contributions, Schedules of the District's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability/Asset,* and *Schedules of District OPEB Contributions* on pages as listed on the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, are required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Warren City School District Independent Auditor's Report Page 3 of 3

The *Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards* is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the *Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards* is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 25, 2021 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Kea & Associates, Inc.

New Philadelphia, Ohio

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

The management's discussion and analysis of the Warren City School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2020 are as follows:

- The District's net position of governmental activities increased \$1,712,096 which represents a 2.22% increase over 2019's restated net position.
- General revenues accounted for \$68,607,185 in revenue or 73.89% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$24,247,612 or 26.11% of total revenues of \$92,854,797.
- The District had \$91,142,701 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$24,247,612 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$68,607,185 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District's major governmental fund is the general fund. The general fund had \$74,915,595 in revenues and other financing sources, and \$70,561,159 in expenditures and other financing uses. During fiscal year 2020, the general fund's fund balance increased \$4,354,436 from \$32,053,459 to \$36,407,895.

Using these Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The statement of net position and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, the general fund is by far the most significant fund, and the only governmental fund reported as a major fund.

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2020?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, revenues and expenses using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in that position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the financial position of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, the governmental activities include the District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, other non-instructional services, and food service operations.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental fund is the general fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets than can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported on the statement of net position and in the statement of activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the basic financial statements.

Proprietary Funds

The District maintains one type of proprietary fund. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the District's various functions. The District's internal service funds account for self-insurance, warehouse service and parking programs.

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals or other entities. These activities are reported in custodial funds. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the District's net pension liability and net OPEB asset/liability.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

The District as a Whole

The statement of net position provides the perspective of the District as a whole. The table below provides a summary of the District's net position for June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019. Amounts at June 30, 2019 have been restated due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84.

	Net Position	l
		Restated
	Governmental	Governmental
	Activities	Activities
	2020	2019
Assets		
Current and other assets	\$ 93,995,962	\$ 83,906,447
Capital assets, net	118,134,242	120,167,329
Total assets	212,130,204	204,073,776
Deferred outflows of resources		
Unamortized deferred charges on debt refunding	319,995	1,650,275
Pensions	14,531,199	20,501,401
OPEB	1,765,971	1,183,950
Total deferred outflows of resources	16,617,165	23,335,626
Liabilities		
Current liabilities	9,721,245	9,779,738
Long-term liabilities:	-)-) -	-))
Due within one year	2,059,684	1,968,596
Due in more than one year:		
Net pension liability	74,108,053	75,175,655
Net OPEB liability	8,032,693	8,634,999
Other amounts	28,548,895	28,289,476
Total liabilities	122,470,570	123,848,464
Deferred inflows of resources		
Property taxes levied for next fiscal year	14,436,786	13,853,952
Pensions	5,623,080	5,206,979
OPEB	7,499,255	7,494,425
Total deferred inflows of resources	27,559,121	26,555,356
<u>Net position</u>		
Net investment in capital assets	92,832,279	95,524,208
Restricted	9,177,080	7,698,292
Unrestricted	(23,291,681)	(26,216,918)
Total net position	\$ 78,717,678	\$ 77,005,582
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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

The net pension liability is reported pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27." The net other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability/asset is reported pursuant to GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions." For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the District's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability, and the net OPEB liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB and the net OPEB asset.

GASB standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB 45) focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's *net pension liability* or *net OPEB liability*. GASB 68 and GASB 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

GASB 68 and GASB 75 require the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to equal the District's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service.
- 2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits.

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the District is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan *as against the public employer*. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, the District's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset, respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

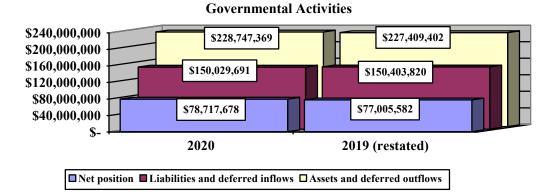
Over time, net position can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2020, the District's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$78,717,678.

At year-end, capital assets represented 55.69% of total assets. Capital assets include land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment and vehicles. The net investment in capital assets at June 30, 2020, was \$92,832,279. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the District's net position, \$9,177,080, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position was a deficit of \$23,291,681.

Current and other assets increased by \$10,089,515, which was primarily due to an increase in cash and investments. The decrease in capital assets of \$2,033,087 was primarily due to current year depreciation expense exceeding current year capital asset additions. The decrease in liabilities is primarily due to a decrease in the District's net pension liability and net OPEB liability.

The graph below illustrates the District's governmental activities assets plus deferred outflows, liabilities plus deferred inflows and net position at June 30, 2020 and 2019. Net position at June 30, 2019 was restated due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84.



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

The table below shows the changes in net position for governmental activities between 2020 and 2019. Amounts for fiscal year 2019 have been restated due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84.

	Government	Governmental Activities		
		Restated		
	2020	2019		
Revenues				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services and sales	\$ 2,068,772	\$ 2,028,767		
Operating grants and contributions	22,178,840	19,504,711		
General revenues:				
Property taxes	14,111,914	14,099,649		
Grants and entitlements	53,888,378	54,800,037		
Investment earnings	568,858	1,141,601		
Miscellaneous	38,035	82,739		
Total revenues	92,854,797	91,657,504		
Expenses				
Program expenses:				
Instruction:				
Regular	35,812,153	30,731,181		
Special	15,012,373	12,969,220		
Vocational	144,149	224,900		
Other	401,424	401,091		
Support services:				
Pupil	5,500,593	5,250,213		
Instructional staff	3,957,363	3,237,738		
Board of education	42,714	45,133		
Administration	6,623,739	5,701,003		
Fiscal	1,184,940	1,185,306		
Business	924,285	849,119		
Operations and maintenance	9,199,774	9,019,554		
Pupil transportation	3,439,101	3,837,018		
Central	1,378,402	1,185,232		
Operation of non-instructional services:				
Food service operations	4,666,381	4,394,750		
Other non-instructional services	540,830	437,678		
Extracurricular activities	1,155,195	1,311,197		
Interest and fiscal charges	1,159,285	1,200,865		
Total expenses	91,142,701	81,981,198		
Changes in net position	1,712,096	9,676,306		
Net position at beginning of year (restated)	77,005,582	67,329,276		
Net position at end of year	\$ 78,717,678	\$ 77,005,582		

Governmental Activities

Net position of the District's governmental activities increased \$1,712,096. Total governmental expenses of \$91,142,701 were offset by program revenues of \$24,247,612 and general revenues of \$68,607,185. Program revenues supported 26.60% of the total governmental expenses.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements. These revenue sources represent 73.23% of total governmental revenue.

Expenses of the governmental activities increased \$9,161,503 or 11.18%. This increase is primarily the result of changes in pension expense and OPEB expense between fiscal year 2020 and fiscal year 2019. On an accrual basis, the District reported \$10,934,543 in pension expense in fiscal year 2020 compared to \$7,254,549 in fiscal year 2019 and (\$976,556) in OPEB expense in fiscal year 2020 compared to (\$8,695,804) in fiscal year 2019. These changes are primarily the result of benefit changes by the retirement systems. Fluctuations in the pension and OPEB expense makes it difficult to compare financial information between years. Pension and OPEB expense are components of program expenses reported on the statement of activities.

The largest expense of the District is for instructional programs. Instruction expenses totaled \$51,370,099 or 56.36% of total governmental expenses for fiscal 2020.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue and expenses for fiscal years 2020 and 2019. Amounts for fiscal year 2019 have been restated due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84.

\$95,000,000 \$90,000,000 \$91,142,701 \$92,854,797 \$91,657,504 Expenses \$80,000,000 Fiscal Year 2020 Fiscal Year 2019 (restated)

Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements.

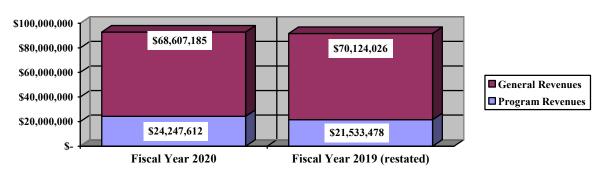
Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of Services 2020	Net Cost of Services 2020	Restated Total Cost of Services 2019	Restated Net Cost of Services 2019
Program expenses				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$ 35,812,153	\$ 34,336,856	\$ 30,731,181	\$ 29,847,019
Special	15,012,373	3,200,688	12,969,220	2,079,906
Vocational	144,149	(141,387)	224,900	(159,151)
Other	401,424	183,409	401,091	393,279
Support services:				
Pupil	5,500,593	4,316,500	5,250,213	4,641,613
Instructional staff	3,957,363	1,758,071	3,237,738	1,211,441
Board of education	42,714	42,714	45,133	45,133
Administration	6,623,739	6,158,186	5,701,003	5,247,255
Fiscal	1,184,940	1,033,556	1,185,306	944,162
Business	924,285	924,285	849,119	849,119
Operations and maintenance	9,199,774	8,946,007	9,019,554	8,886,521
Pupil transportation	3,439,101	2,872,643	3,837,018	3,201,771
Central	1,378,402	1,369,402	1,185,232	1,173,468
Operations of non-instructional services:				
Food service operations	4,666,381	(97,564)	4,394,750	(19,983)
Other non-instructional services	540,830	(1,622)	437,678	(39,103)
Extracurricular activities	1,155,195	834,060	1,311,197	944,405
Interest and fiscal charges	1,159,285	1,159,285	1,200,865	1,200,865
Total expenses	<u>\$91,142,701</u>	\$ 66,895,089	\$ 81,981,198	\$ 60,447,720

The dependence upon tax and other general revenues for governmental activities is apparent, as 73.15% of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. For all governmental activities, general revenue support is 73.40%. The District's taxpayers and unrestricted grants and entitlements from the State are by far the primary support for District's students.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue for fiscal years 2020 and 2019. Amounts for fiscal year 2019 have been restated due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84.



Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues

The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$49,183,143, which is greater than last year's restated total of \$42,197,768. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2020 and 2019.

	Fund Balance June 30, 2020	Restated Fund Balance June 30, 2019	Increase (Decrease)	Percentage Change
Major fund: General Other governmental	\$ 36,407,895 12,775,248	\$ 32,053,459 10,144,309	\$ 4,354,436 2,630,939	13.58 % 25.94 %
Total	\$ 49,183,143	\$ 42,197,768	\$ 6,985,375	16.55 %

General Fund

The District's general fund balance increased because expenditures decreased which offset decreased revenues compared to the prior fiscal year. The most significant change in revenues was in intergovernmental revenue. This revenue decreased approximately \$1.2 million due to cuts in the State Foundation program due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Earnings on investments decreased because the fair value of the District's investments decreased from fiscal year 2019.

Support services expenditures decreased 8.22% from the prior fiscal year. This is primarily due to the District's buildings being closed from mid-March to the end of the school year due to the pandemic.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities and fund balance of the general fund.

	2020 Amount	2019 Amount	Increase (Decrease)	Percentage Change
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 12,455,335	\$ 12,310,964	\$ 144,371	1.17 %
Tuition	1,235,239	1,056,080	179,159	16.96 %
Earnings on investments	605,536	1,146,223	(540,687)	(47.17) %
Intergovernmental	60,257,993	61,464,298	(1,206,305)	(1.96) %
Other revenues	358,600	536,856	(178,256)	(33.20) %
Total	\$ 74,912,703	\$ 76,514,421	\$ (1,601,718)	(2.09) %
<u>Expenditures</u>				
Instruction	\$ 43,043,861	\$ 43,229,288	\$ (185,427)	(0.43) %
Support services	25,766,369	28,073,693	(2,307,324)	(8.22) %
Non-instructional services	10,742	11,654	(912)	(7.83) %
Extracurricular activities	676,300	1,020,604	(344,304)	(33.74) %
Debt service	17,490	104,940	(87,450)	(83.33) %
Total	\$ 69,514,762	\$ 72,440,179	<u>\$ (2,925,417)</u>	(4.04) %

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal 2020, the District amended its general fund budget several times. For the general fund, original budgeted revenues and financing sources were \$74,955,199 and final budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$75,677,269. The majority of the increase in estimated revenues was due to an underestimation of state intergovernmental revenue. Actual revenues and other financing sources for fiscal 2020 were \$75,602,439. This represents a \$74,830 decrease from final budgeted revenues.

General fund original appropriations (appropriated expenditures including other financing uses) of \$68,461,555 were increased to \$76,569,107 in the final appropriations. The actual budget basis expenditures and other financing uses for fiscal year 2020 totaled \$73,829,606 which was \$2,739,501 less than the final budget appropriations. The variances were primarily caused by instructional costs ending the year under budget.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal 2020, the District had \$118,134,242 invested in land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment and vehicles. This entire amount is reported in governmental activities. The following table shows fiscal 2020 balances compared to 2019:

Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities				
	2020	2019			
Land	\$ 7,961,988	\$ 7,961,988			
Construction in progress	743,629	-			
Land improvements	1,465,318	1,382,311			
Building and improvements	105,366,813	108,101,329			
Furniture and equipment	1,579,588	1,826,936			
Vehicles	1,016,906	894,765			
Total	\$ 118,134,242	\$ 120,167,329			

The overall decrease in capital assets of \$2,033,087 is due to depreciation expense of \$3,340,380 exceeding capital outlays of \$1,341,738 and capital asset disposals of \$34,445 (net of accumulated depreciation)

See Note 8 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's capital assets.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2020, the District had \$24,512,167 in general obligation bonds and \$449,000 in tax anticipation notes outstanding. Of this total, \$1,453,167 is due within one year and \$23,508,000 is due in greater than one year. The following table summarizes the debt outstanding.

Outstanding Debt, at Year End

	Governmental Activities <u>2020</u>	Governmental Activities 2019
General obligation bonds Tax anticipation notes Capital lease agreement	\$ 24,512,167 449,000	\$ 24,833,916 518,000 17,317
Total	\$ 24,961,167	\$ 25,369,233

At June 30, 2020, the District had a voted debt margin of \$3,253,763 and an unvoted debt margin of \$289,961.

See Note 10 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's debt administration.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Current Related Financial Activities

Overall, the District remains financially strong. As the preceding information shows, the District depends upon local property taxes, primarily residential class property. The increase in State funding revenue, along with the District's cash balance, will provide the District with the necessary funds to meet its operating expenses in fiscal year 2020. However, the future financial stability of the District is not without challenges as we are heavily dependent on a funding formula that places emphasis on economically disadvantaged districts.

The District currently has a sufficient cash balance to meet operating expenses through fiscal year 2024 (based upon the most recent 5 Year Forecast submitted in May 2020). The District continues its plan to control spending for the future by keeping a watchful eye on the enrollment and staffing levels.

The public schools in Ohio also face the challenges of meeting many unfunded mandates by both the State and Federal government. Examples are the Educational Management Information System (State) and ESSA (Federal) compliance.

The District has carefully managed its general fund budget in order to optimize the dollars available for educating the students it serves and to minimize the levy millage amounts needed periodically from the community. Sound fiscal management by the Board and Administration has enabled the District to maintain, and grow, its cash balance over the last five fiscal years.

The District's voters renewed an emergency levy in the November 5, 2016 election for a period of 10 years. In recent fiscal years the Board and Administration have carefully managed the budget to minimize the size of a potential future request from the community. The District will continue to monitor and cut costs where possible to further decrease the request.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Ms. Karen Sciortino, Treasurer, Warren City School District, 105 High Street, Warren, Ohio 44481.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

Assets:\$ $66,242,058$ Equity in pooled cash and investments.\$ $66,242,058$ Receivables:20,620,133Tarkes20,627,234Accrued interest72,172Prepayments135,876Materials and supplies inventory.25,297Inventory held for resale.70,695Nondepreciable capital assets $8,705,617$ Depreciable capital assets. $8,705,617$ Depreciable capital assets. $212,130,204$ Deferred outflows of resources: $118,134,224$ Unamortized deferred charges on debt refunding $319,995$ Pension $14,531,199$ OPEB $371,960$ Accruced wages and benefits $6,947,084$ Intergovernmental payable. $371,960$ Accruce wages and benefits $6,947,084$ Intergovernmental payable. $20,59,684$ Due within one year. $20,59,684$ Due in more than one year: $22,59,684$ Net pension liabilities. $22,59,684$ Due in more than one year: $14,436,786$ Pension $74,99,225$ Total deferred inflows of resources. $27,559,121$ Net pension liabilities $22,772,580$ State funder for: $22,72,580$ State funded programs. $48,767$ Prestrict		Governmental Activities
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Materials and supplies inventory. $25,297$ Inventory held for resale. $70,695$ Net OPEB Asset. $4,157,489$ Capital assets: $8,705,617$ Depreciable capital assets, net. $109,428,625$ Capital assets, net. $212,130,204$ Deferred outflows of resources: $212,130,204$ Unamortized deferred charges on debt refunding $319,995$ Pension $14,531,199$ Port and deferred outflows of resources. $16,617,165$ Liabilities: $450,752$ Accounts payable. $450,752$ Contracts payable. $371,960$ Accrued wages and benefits $6,947,084$ Intergovernmental payable. $901,435$ Accrued interest payable. $543,183$ Long-term liabilities: $2059,684$ Due within one year. $20,59,684$ Due within one year. $20,59,684$ Due within one year. $22,57,693,700$ Deferred inflows of resources: $74,408,053$ Net OPEB liability. $74,108,053$ Net OPEB liability. $74,108,053$ Net OPEB liability. $74,108,053$ Net OPEB liability. $22,570$ Deferred inflows of resources: $74,499,255$ Total deferred inflows of resources. $27,559,121$ Net position: $2,272,580$ State finded programs. $458,767$ Food service operations. $2,740,071$ Student activities $76,489$ Other purposes. $22,080$ Unrestricted (deficit). $(23,291,681)$	Prepayments	135,876
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Total deferred outflows of resources16,617,165Liabilities: $450,752$ Contracts payable. $371,960$ Accrued wages and benefits $6,947,084$ Intergovernmental payable. $901,435$ Accrued interest payable. $901,435$ Accrued interest payable. $901,435$ Accrued interest payable. $73,729$ Claims payable. $901,435$ Long-term liabilities: $901,435$ Due within one year. $2,059,684$ Due in more than one year: $74,108,053$ Net OPEB liability $8,032,693$ Other amounts due in more than one year. $28,548,895$ Total liabilities $122,470,570$ Deferred inflows of resources: $7,499,255$ Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year. $14,436,786$ Pension $5,623,080$ OPEB $7,499,255$ Total deferred inflows of resources $27,559,121$ Net position: $2,032,806$ Det service. $2,272,580$ State funded programs. $48,767$ Food service operations. $2,747,071$ Student activities $76,489$ Other purposes $22,080$ Unrestricted (deficit). $(23,291,681)$	Pension	14,531,199
Liabilities: $450,752$ Contracts payable. $371,960$ Accrued wages and benefits $6,947,084$ Intergovernmental payable. $901,435$ Accrued interest payable. $901,435$ Accrued interest payable. $73,729$ Claims payable. $901,435$ Accrued interest payable. $73,729$ Claims payable. $901,435$ Accrued interest payable. $73,729$ Claims payable. $543,183$ Long-term liabilities: $901,435$ Due within one year. $2,059,684$ Due in more than one year: $74,108,053$ Net OPEB liability $74,108,053$ Net OPEB liability $8,032,693$ Other amounts due in more than one year $122,470,570$ Deferred inflows of resources: $122,470,570$ Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year. $14,436,786$ Pension $5,623,080$ OPEB $7,499,255$ Total deferred inflows of resources $27,559,121$ Net position: $92,832,279$ Restricted for: $2,032,806$ Debt service.	OPEB	1,765,971
Accounts payable. $450,752$ Contracts payable. $371,960$ Accrued wages and benefits $6,947,084$ Intergovernmental payable $433,102$ Pension obligation payable. $901,435$ Accrued interest payable $73,729$ Claims payable. $543,183$ Long-term liabilities: $2,059,684$ Due within one year. $2,059,684$ Due in more than one year: $74,108,053$ Net pension liability $74,108,053$ Net OPEB liability $8,032,693$ Other amounts due in more than one year . $28,548,895$ Total liabilities $122,470,570$ Deferred inflows of resources: $7,499,255$ Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year. $14,436,786$ Pension $5,623,080$ OPEB $7,499,255$ Total deferred inflows of resources $27,559,121$ Net position: $92,832,279$ Restricted for: $2,032,806$ Capital projects $2,272,580$ State funded programs $488,767$ Food service operations $2,747,071$ Student activities $76,489$ Other purposes $22,080$ Unrestricted (defici) $(23,291,681)$	Total deferred outflows of resources	16,617,165
Accounts payable. $450,752$ Contracts payable. $371,960$ Accrued wages and benefits $6,947,084$ Intergovernmental payable $433,102$ Pension obligation payable. $901,435$ Accrued interest payable $73,729$ Claims payable. $543,183$ Long-term liabilities: $2,059,684$ Due within one year. $2,059,684$ Due in more than one year: $74,108,053$ Net pension liability $74,108,053$ Net OPEB liability $8,032,693$ Other amounts due in more than one year . $28,548,895$ Total liabilities $122,470,570$ Deferred inflows of resources: $7,499,255$ Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year. $14,436,786$ Pension $5,623,080$ OPEB $7,499,255$ Total deferred inflows of resources $27,559,121$ Net position: $92,832,279$ Restricted for: $2,032,806$ Capital projects $2,272,580$ State funded programs $488,767$ Food service operations $2,747,071$ Student activities $76,489$ Other purposes $22,080$ Unrestricted (defici) $(23,291,681)$		
Contracts payable $371,960$ Accrued wages and benefits $6,947,084$ Intergovernmental payable $433,102$ Pension obligation payable $901,435$ Accrued interest payable $73,729$ Claims payable $543,183$ Long-term liabilities: $2,059,684$ Due within one year. $2,059,684$ Due in more than one year: $8,032,693$ Other amounts due in more than one year $28,548,895$ Total liabilities $122,470,570$ Deferred inflows of resources: $7,499,255$ Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year. $27,559,121$ Net position: $2,032,806$ Net investment in capital assets $2,272,580$ State funded programs. $2,747,071$ Student activities $27,749,071$ Student activities $22,080$ Unrestricted (deficit) $22,080$ Unrestricted (deficit) $(23,291,681)$	Liabilities:	
Accrued wages and benefits $6,947,084$ Intergovernmental payable $433,102$ Pension obligation payable $901,435$ Accrued interest payable $73,729$ Claims payable $543,183$ Long-term liabilities: $2,059,684$ Due within one year. $2,059,684$ Due in more than one year: $8,032,693$ Other amounts due in more than one year $28,548,895$ Total liabilities $122,470,570$ Deferred inflows of resources:Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year. $14,436,786$ Pension $5,623,080$ OPEB $7,499,255$ Total deferred inflows of resources. $27,559,121$ Net position: $92,832,279$ Restricted for: $2,032,806$ Capital projects $2,272,580$ State funded programs $488,767$ Food service operations $2,747,071$ Student activities $22,080$ Unrestricted (deficit) $(23,291,681)$		450,752
Accrued wages and benefits $6,947,084$ Intergovernmental payable $433,102$ Pension obligation payable $901,435$ Accrued interest payable $73,729$ Claims payable $543,183$ Long-term liabilities: $2,059,684$ Due within one year. $2,059,684$ Due in more than one year: $8,032,693$ Other amounts due in more than one year $28,548,895$ Total liabilities $122,470,570$ Deferred inflows of resources:Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year. $14,436,786$ Pension $5,623,080$ OPEB $7,499,255$ Total deferred inflows of resources. $27,559,121$ Net position: $92,832,279$ Restricted for: $2,032,806$ Capital projects $2,272,580$ State funded programs $488,767$ Food service operations $2,747,071$ Student activities $22,080$ Unrestricted (deficit) $(23,291,681)$	Contracts payable	371,960
Pension obligation payable $901,435$ Accrued interest payable $73,729$ Claims payable $543,183$ Long-term liabilities: $2,059,684$ Due within one year. $2,059,684$ Due in more than one year: $74,108,053$ Net pension liability $8,032,693$ Other amounts due in more than one year $28,548,895$ Total liabilities $122,470,570$ Deferred inflows of resources:Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year.Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year. $7,499,255$ Total deferred inflows of resourcesProbation:Net position:Net position:Net position:Classroom facilities maintenance $2,032,806$ Debt service. $2,272,580$ State funded programs. $2,040$ YaturesYaturesNet next fixes $2,747,071$ Student activities $2,0480$ Unrestricted (deficit)Unrestricted (deficit) $22,080$		6,947,084
Pension obligation payable $901,435$ Accrued interest payable $73,729$ Claims payable $543,183$ Long-term liabilities: $2,059,684$ Due within one year. $2,059,684$ Due in more than one year: $74,108,053$ Net pension liability $8,032,693$ Other amounts due in more than one year $28,548,895$ Total liabilities $122,470,570$ Deferred inflows of resources:Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year.Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year. $7,499,255$ Total deferred inflows of resourcesProbation:Net position:Net position:Net position:Classroom facilities maintenance $2,032,806$ Debt service. $2,272,580$ State funded programs. $2,040$ YaturesYaturesNet next fixes $2,747,071$ Student activities $2,0480$ Unrestricted (deficit)Unrestricted (deficit) $22,080$		433,102
Accrued interest payable $73,729$ Claims payable $543,183$ Long-term liabilities: $2,059,684$ Due within one year. $2,059,684$ Due in more than one year: $74,108,053$ Net OPEB liability $8,032,693$ Other amounts due in more than one year $28,548,895$ Total liabilities $122,470,570$ Deferred inflows of resources:Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year.Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year. $14,436,786$ Pension $5,623,080$ OPEB $7,499,255$ Total deferred inflows of resources $27,559,121$ Net position: $92,832,279$ Restricted for: $2,032,806$ Debt service. $2,272,580$ State funded programs. $488,767$ Food service operations. $2,747,071$ Student activities $76,489$ Other purposes $22,080$ Unrestricted (deficit) $(23,291,681)$		901,435
Claims payable. $543,183$ Long-term liabilities: $2,059,684$ Due within one year. $2,059,684$ Due in more than one year: $8,032,693$ Net OPEB liability $8,032,693$ Other amounts due in more than one year . $28,548,895$ Total liabilities $122,470,570$ Deferred inflows of resources:Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year.Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year. $14,436,786$ Pension $5,623,080$ OPEB $7,499,255$ Total deferred inflows of resources $27,559,121$ Net position: $92,832,279$ Restricted for: $2,032,806$ Debt service. $2,272,580$ State funded programs. $488,767$ Food service operations. $2,747,071$ Student activities $76,489$ Other purposes $22,080$ Unrestricted (deficit). $(23,291,681)$		73,729
Long-term liabilities: Due within one year. $2,059,684$ Due in more than one year: Net pension liability.Net pension liability. $74,108,053$ $8,032,693$ Other amounts due in more than one year.Total liabilities. $8,032,693$ $8,032,693$ Other amounts due in more than one year.Total liabilities. $122,470,570$ Deferred inflows of resources: Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year.Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year. $14,436,786$ $5,623,080$ OPEB.OPEB. $7,499,255$ Total deferred inflows of resources. $27,559,121$ Net position: Net investment in capital assets. $92,832,279$ Restricted for: $2,272,580$ State funded programs. $488,767$ Food service operations.Food service operations. $2,747,071$ Student activities $488,767$ Fo,489 Other purposesOther purposes $22,080$ Unrestricted (deficit). $(23,291,681)$,
Due within one year. $2,059,684$ Due in more than one year: $74,108,053$ Net pension liability. $74,108,053$ Net OPEB liability. $8,032,693$ Other amounts due in more than one year. $28,548,895$ Total liabilities. $122,470,570$ Deferred inflows of resources:Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year.Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year. $14,436,786$ Pension $5,623,080$ OPEB $7,499,255$ Total deferred inflows of resources $27,559,121$ Net position: $92,832,279$ Restricted for: $2,032,806$ Debt service. $2,272,580$ State funded programs. $488,767$ Food service operations. $2,747,071$ Student activities $76,489$ Other purposes $22,080$ Unrestricted (deficit). $(23,291,681)$,
Due in more than one year: Net pension liability $74,108,053$ $8,032,693$ Other amounts due in more than one yearTotal liabilities $28,548,895$ Total liabilities $122,470,570$ Deferred inflows of resources:Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year.Pension $5,623,080$ OPEB $7,499,255$ Total deferred inflows of resources $27,559,121$ Net position: Capital projects $92,832,279$ Restricted for: Capital projects $1,537,287$ $2,032,806Debt service2,272,580State funded programs488,767Food service operationsFood service operations76,48922,080Unrestricted (deficit)(23,291,681)$	-	2.059.684
Net pension liability74,108,053Net OPEB liability $8,032,693$ Other amounts due in more than one year $28,548,895$ Total liabilities $122,470,570$ Deferred inflows of resources:Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year $14,436,786$ Pension $5,623,080$ OPEB $7,499,255$ Total deferred inflows of resources $27,559,121$ Net position: $92,832,279$ Restricted for: $2,032,806$ Debt service $2,272,580$ State funded programs $488,767$ Food service operations $2,747,071$ Student activities $76,489$ Other purposes $22,080$ Unrestricted (deficit) $(23,291,681)$	•	2,000,001
Net OPEB liability $8,032,693$ Other amounts due in more than one year $28,548,895$ Total liabilities $122,470,570$ Deferred inflows of resources: $122,470,570$ Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year. $14,436,786$ Pension $5,623,080$ OPEB $7,499,255$ Total deferred inflows of resources $27,559,121$ Net position: $92,832,279$ Restricted for: $2,032,806$ Debt service $2,272,580$ State funded programs. $488,767$ Food service operations. $2,747,071$ Student activities $76,489$ Other purposes $22,080$ Unrestricted (deficit) $(23,291,681)$		74 108 053
Other amounts due in more than one year . $28,548,895$ Total liabilities . $122,470,570$ Deferred inflows of resources: $122,470,570$ Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year. $14,436,786$ Pension . $5,623,080$ OPEB . $7,499,255$ Total deferred inflows of resources . $27,559,121$ Net position: $92,832,279$ Restricted for: $2,032,806$ Debt service. $2,272,580$ State funded programs. $488,767$ Food service operations. $2,747,071$ Student activities $76,489$ Other purposes $22,080$ Unrestricted (deficit) $(23,291,681)$		
Total liabilities 122,470,570 Deferred inflows of resources: 14,436,786 Pension 5,623,080 OPEB 7,499,255 Total deferred inflows of resources 27,559,121 Net position: 92,832,279 Restricted for: 2,032,806 Debt service 2,272,580 State funded programs. 488,767 Food service operations. 2,747,071 Student activities 76,489 Other purposes 22,080 Unrestricted (deficit) (23,291,681)		
Deferred inflows of resources: Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year. 14,436,786 Pension 5,623,080 OPEB 7,499,255 Total deferred inflows of resources 27,559,121 Net position: 27,559,121 Net position: 92,832,279 Restricted for: 1,537,287 Classroom facilities maintenance 2,032,806 Debt service 2,272,580 State funded programs. 488,767 Food service operations. 2,747,071 Student activities 76,489 Other purposes 22,080 Unrestricted (deficit) (23,291,681)		
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year. 14,436,786 Pension 5,623,080 OPEB 7,499,255 Total deferred inflows of resources 27,559,121 Net position: 27,559,121 Net position: 92,832,279 Restricted for: 1,537,287 Classroom facilities maintenance 2,032,806 Debt service. 2,272,580 State funded programs. 488,767 Food service operations. 2,747,071 Student activities 76,489 Other purposes 22,080 Unrestricted (deficit) (23,291,681)		122,470,570
Pension 5,623,080 OPEB 7,499,255 Total deferred inflows of resources 27,559,121 Net position: 27,559,121 Net investment in capital assets 92,832,279 Restricted for: 1,537,287 Classroom facilities maintenance 2,032,806 Debt service 2,272,580 State funded programs 488,767 Food service operations 2,747,071 Student activities 76,489 Other purposes 22,080 Unrestricted (deficit) (23,291,681)	Deferred inflows of resources:	
Pension 5,623,080 OPEB 7,499,255 Total deferred inflows of resources 27,559,121 Net position: 27,559,121 Net investment in capital assets 92,832,279 Restricted for: 1,537,287 Classroom facilities maintenance 2,032,806 Debt service 2,272,580 State funded programs 488,767 Food service operations 2,747,071 Student activities 76,489 Other purposes 22,080 Unrestricted (deficit) (23,291,681)	Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year	14,436,786
OPEB 7,499,255 Total deferred inflows of resources 27,559,121 Net position: 92,832,279 Restricted for: 1,537,287 Classroom facilities maintenance 2,032,806 Debt service 2,272,580 State funded programs 488,767 Food service operations 2,747,071 Student activities 76,489 Other purposes 22,080 Unrestricted (deficit) (23,291,681)		5,623,080
Total deferred inflows of resources27,559,121Net position:92,832,279Net investment in capital assets92,832,279Restricted for:1,537,287Classroom facilities maintenance2,032,806Debt service.2,272,580State funded programs.488,767Food service operations.2,747,071Student activities76,489Other purposes22,080Unrestricted (deficit)(23,291,681)		
Net position: 92,832,279 Restricted for: 1,537,287 Classroom facilities maintenance 2,032,806 Debt service. 2,272,580 State funded programs. 488,767 Food service operations. 2,747,071 Student activities 76,489 Other purposes 22,080 Unrestricted (deficit) (23,291,681)		
Net investment in capital assets 92,832,279 Restricted for: 1,537,287 Classroom facilities maintenance 2,032,806 Debt service. 2,272,580 State funded programs. 488,767 Food service operations. 2,747,071 Student activities 76,489 Other purposes 22,080 Unrestricted (deficit) (23,291,681)		
Restricted for: 1,537,287 Classroom facilities maintenance 2,032,806 Debt service. 2,272,580 State funded programs. 488,767 Food service operations. 2,747,071 Student activities 76,489 Other purposes 22,080 Unrestricted (deficit) (23,291,681)	Net position:	
Capital projects 1,537,287 Classroom facilities maintenance 2,032,806 Debt service 2,272,580 State funded programs 488,767 Food service operations 2,747,071 Student activities 76,489 Other purposes 22,080 Unrestricted (deficit) (23,291,681)	Net investment in capital assets	92,832,279
Classroom facilities maintenance 2,032,806 Debt service 2,272,580 State funded programs 488,767 Food service operations 2,747,071 Student activities 76,489 Other purposes 22,080 Unrestricted (deficit) (23,291,681)	Restricted for:	
Classroom facilities maintenance 2,032,806 Debt service. 2,272,580 State funded programs. 488,767 Food service operations. 2,747,071 Student activities 76,489 Other purposes 22,080 Unrestricted (deficit) (23,291,681)	Capital projects	1,537,287
Debt service. 2,272,580 State funded programs. 488,767 Food service operations. 2,747,071 Student activities 76,489 Other purposes 22,080 Unrestricted (deficit) (23,291,681)		2,032,806
State funded programs. 488,767 Food service operations. 2,747,071 Student activities 76,489 Other purposes 22,080 Unrestricted (deficit) (23,291,681)		
Food service operations. 2,747,071 Student activities 76,489 Other purposes 22,080 Unrestricted (deficit) (23,291,681)		
Student activities 76,489 Other purposes 22,080 Unrestricted (deficit) (23,291,681)		,
Other purposes 22,080 Unrestricted (deficit) (23,291,681)		· · ·
Unrestricted (deficit)		
our net position		
		φ /0,/1/,0/δ

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

				Program	Reveni	165	R	et (Expense) evenue and Changes in Vet Position
			Cł	arges for		rating Grants	-	overnmental
		Expenses		ces and Sales	-	Contributions	0	Activities
Governmental activities:		Expenses			unu	contributions		Tiett tites
Instruction:								
Regular	\$	35,812,153	\$	945,199	\$	530,098	\$	(34,336,856)
Special	Ψ	15,012,373	Ŷ	290,040	Ŷ	11,521,645	Ψ	(3,200,688)
Vocational		144,149		1,000		284,536		141,387
Other		401,424		4,466		213,549		(183,409)
Support services:				1,100		210,019		(100,105)
Pupil		5,500,593		-		1,184,093		(4,316,500)
Instructional staff		3,957,363		15,000		2,184,292		(1,758,071)
Board of education		42,714						(42,714)
Administration.		6,623,739		-		465,553		(6,158,186)
Fiscal.		1,184,940		80,100		71,284		(1,033,556)
Business		924,285		-				(924,285)
Operations and maintenance		9,199,774		18,346		235,421		(8,946,007)
Pupil transportation		3,439,101		73,285		493,173		(2,872,643)
Central		1,378,402		-		9,000		(1,369,402)
Operation of non-instructional services:		,,				-)		())
Food service operations		4,666,381		301,932		4,462,013		97,564
Other non-instructional services		540,830		18,369		524,083		1,622
Extracurricular activities.		1,155,195		321,035		100		(834,060)
Interest and fiscal charges		1,159,285		-				(1,159,285)
Total governmental activities	\$	91,142,701	\$	2,068,772	\$	22,178,840		(66,895,089)
				al revenues: ty taxes levied f	or:			
			Gene	ral purposes				12,311,225
			Class	sroom facilities	mainten	ance		99,768
			Debt	service				1,562,725
			Capi	tal outlay				138,196
				and entitlement				
			to sp	ecific programs				53,888,378
			-					568,858
			Miscel	laneous				38,035
				eneral revenues				68,607,185

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Net position at beginning of year (restated) . . 77,005,582

1,712,096

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	General			Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total overnmental Funds
Assets:						
Equity in pooled cash						
and investments	\$	42,733,952	\$	14,098,050	\$	56,832,002
Taxes		17,942,708		2,677,425		20,620,133
Intergovernmental.		226,504		2,445,738		2,672,242
Accrued interest		72,172		-		72,172
Prepayments.		135,876		-		135,876
Materials and supplies inventory.		-		25,297		25,297
Inventory held for resale.		-		70,695		70,695
Due from other funds		703,262		-		703,262
Total assets	\$	61,814,474	\$	19,317,205	\$	81,131,679
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	261,830	\$	188,922	\$	450,752
Contracts payable.	Ψ	201,050	Ψ	371,960	Ψ	371,960
Accrued wages and benefits		5,858,554		1,088,530		6,947,084
Compensated absences payable		169,462		1,000,550		169,462
Intergovernmental payable		421,060		12,042		433,102
Pension obligation payable		697,242		204,193		901,435
Due to other funds		097,242		703,262		703,262
Total liabilities.		7,408,148		2,568,909		9,977,057
		,,100,110		2,000,00		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Deferred inflows of resources:		10.560.000		1 074 540		14 426 796
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year		12,562,238		1,874,548		14,436,786
Delinquent property tax revenue not available .		5,298,522		790,650		6,089,172
Intergovernmental revenue not available		100,402		1,307,850		1,408,252
Accrued interest not available		37,269		3,973,048		37,269
		17,996,191		5,775,010		21,971,179
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable:				25 207		25 207
Materials and supplies inventory Prepaids		135,876		25,297		25,297 135,876
Restricted:		155,870		-		,
Debt service		-		1,664,305		1,664,305
Capital improvements		-		3,151,700		3,151,700
Classroom facilities maintenance		-		1,999,842		1,999,842
Food service operations		-		2,784,009		2,784,009
Non-public schools		-		75,733		75,733
Extracurricular		-		76,489		76,489
		-		313,928		313,928
Other purposes		-		143,953		143,953
Student and staff support		627,193		-		627,193
Other purposes.		11,000		-		11,000
Assigned:		,				,
Student instruction		51,519		-		51,519
Student and staff support		1,565,151		-		1,565,151
BWC payments.		818,733		-		818,733
Subsequent year's appropriations		4,940,540		-		4,940,540
Capital improvements		-		3,685,780		3,685,780
Other purposes		136,974		-		136,974
Unassigned (deficit).		28,120,909		(1,145,788)		26,975,121
Total fund balances		36,407,895		12,775,248		49,183,143
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balance	s <u>\$</u>	61,814,474	\$	19,317,205	\$	81,131,679

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2020

Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net position are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	118,134,242
statement of net position are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	118,134,242
resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	118,134,242
	118,134,242
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred inflows in the funds. 5 6,089,172 Accrued interest receivable 37,269	
Intergovernmental receivable 1,408,252	
Total	7,534,693
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in	
governmental activities on the statement of net position.	8,866,873
Unamortized premiums on bonds issued are not	
recognized in the funds.	(2,331,704)
Unamortized amounts on refundings are not recognized in the funds.	319,995
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the funds.	(73,729)
The net pension/OPEB assets & liabilities are not due and payable in the current period; therefore, the assets & liabilities and related deferred inflows/outflows are	
not reported in governmental funds.	
Deferred outflows - pension14,531,199Deferred inflows - pension(5,623,080)	
Net pension liability (74,108,053)	
Deferred outflows - OPEB 1,765,971	
Deferred inflows - OPEB (7,499,255)	
Net OPEB asset 4,157,489	
Net OPEB liability (8,032,693)	
Total	(74,808,422)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported	
in the funds.	
General obligation bonds (24,512,167)	
Compensated absences (3,146,246)	
Tax anticipation note (449,000) Total	(28,107,413)
	(20,107,713)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 78,717,678

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	General	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:			
From local sources:			
Taxes	\$ 12,455,335	\$ 1,934,763	\$ 14,390,098
Tuition	1,235,239	-	1,235,239
Transportation fees.	73,285	-	73,285
Earnings on investments	605,536	23,094	628,630
Charges for services	-	300,474	300,474
Extracurricular	-	215,890	215,890
Classroom materials and fees	4,466	-	4,466
Other local revenues	280,849	58,809	339,658
Intergovernmental - state	59,506,434	3,181,548	62,687,982
Intergovernmental - federal	751,559	11,751,764	12,503,323
Total revenues	74,912,703	17,466,342	92,379,045
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Instruction:			
Regular	33,371,282	523,745	33,895,027
Special	9,311,062	4,920,752	14,231,814
Vocational	122,752	14,301	137,053
Other	238,765	153,238	392,003
Support services:			
Pupil	4,178,686	916,010	5,094,696
Instructional staff	1,602,088	2,177,385	3,779,473
Board of education	42,714	-	42,714
Administration	5,546,128	471,062	6,017,190
Fiscal	1,004,036	119,436	1,123,472
Business	911,468	-	911,468
Operations and maintenance	7,880,090	878,776	8,758,866
Pupil transportation	3,319,527	154,286	3,473,813
Central	1,281,632	-	1,281,632
Operation of non-instructional services:			
Food service operations.	-	4,424,346	4,424,346
Other non-instructional services.	10,742	505,560	516,302
Extracurricular activities.	676,300	272,692	948,992
Facilities acquisition and construction.	- -	837,423	837,423
Debt service:		,	,
Principal retirement	17,317	364,000	381,317
Interest and fiscal charges.	173	692,054	692,227
Bond issuance costs	-	425,896	425,896
Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds.	-	1,085,000	1,085,000
Payment to refunding bond escrow agent	-	196,200	196,200
Total expenditures.	69,514,762	19,132,162	88,646,924
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)			
expenditures.	\$ 5,397,941	\$ (1,665,820)	\$ 3,732,121

- - Continued

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	General	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Governmental Governmen	
Other financing sources (uses):	 				
Premium on bonds	\$ -	\$	2,450,575	\$	2,450,575
Sale of bonds.	-		24,506,999		24,506,999
Sale of capital assets	2,892		-		2,892
Transfers in	-		1,046,397		1,046,397
Transfers (out)	(1,046,397)		-		(1,046,397)
Payment to refunding bond escrow agent	-		(23,666,050)		(23,666,050)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (1,043,505)		4,337,921		3,294,416
Net change in fund balances	4,354,436		2,672,101		7,026,537
Fund balances at beginning of year (restated) .	32,053,459		10,144,309		42,197,768
Decrease in reserve for inventory	 -		(41,162)		(41,162)
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 36,407,895	\$	12,775,248	\$	49,183,143

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	7,026,537
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Capital asset additions Current year depreciation Total	\$ 1,341,738 (3,340,380)	<u>-</u>	(1,998,642)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, disposals, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net position.			(34,445)
Governmental funds report expenditures for inventory when purchased. However, in the statement of activities, they are reported as an expense when consumed.			(41,162)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds the funds. Taxes Earnings on investments Intergovernmental Total	 (278,184) (36,678) 558,184)	243,322
Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position. Bonds Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds Tax anticipation notes Capital leases Total	 295,000 1,085,000 69,000 17,317	-	1,466,317
Issuance of general obligation bonds are recorded as other financing sources in the funds; however, in the statement of activities, they are not reported as other financing sources as they increase liabilities on the statement of net position.			(24,506,999)
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent for the retirement of bonds is an other financing use in the governmental funds but the payment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position. Deferred charges related to bond refundings are amortized over the life of the issuance in the statement of activities. The following refunding transactions occurred during the year:			
Bonds refunded Deferred charges on refundings Total	 23,590,000 272,250	_	23,862,250
Premiums on bonds are amortized over the life of the issuance in the statement of activities.		\$	(2,450,575)
			Continued

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows. 5,615,842 Pension 5,615,842 OPEB 144,780 Total 5,760,622 Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB asset & liability are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities Pension (10,934,543) OPEB 976,556 Total 976,556 Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (29,534) Internal service funds used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the district-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures. Governmental fund service funds used by management to charge are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund service fund service fund second internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds is allocated among the governmental activities. 2,413,554 Change in net position of governmental activities \$ 1,712,096	In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. The following items resulted in additional interest being reported in the statement of activities: Decrease in accrued interest payable Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds Amortization of bond premiums Amortization of deferred charges Total	\$ 1,265 (141,252) 176,864 (78,039) \$	(41,1	62)
Pension 5,615,842 OPEB 144,780 Total 5,760,622 Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB asset & liability are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities (10,934,543) OPEB 976,556 Total 976,556 OPEB 976,556 Total (29,534) Internal service funds used by management to charge (29,534) Internal service funds used by management to charge (29,534) Internal service funds used by management to charge (29,534) Internal service funds used by management to charge (29,534) service funds is allocated among the governmental fund 2,413,554	governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports			
OPEB Total 144,780 Total 5,760,622 Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB asset & liability are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities Pension (10,934,543) OPEB Total 976,556 Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (29,534) Internal service funds used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the district-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds is allocated among the governmental activities. 2,413,554		5 615 842		
Total5,760,622Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB asset & liability are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities Pension OPEB Total(10,934,543) 976,556Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.(29,534)Internal service funds used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the district-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds is allocated among the governmental activities.2,413,554		, ,		
Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB asset & liability are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities Pension OPEB Total (10,934,543) (9,957,987) Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (29,534) Internal service funds used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the district-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds is allocated among the governmental activities. 2,413,554		 144,700	5,760,6	22
such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Internal service funds used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the district-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds is allocated among the governmental activities.	changes in the net pension/OPEB asset & liability are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities Pension OPEB		(9,957,9	87)
in governmental funds. (29,534) Internal service funds used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the district-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds is allocated among the governmental activities. 2,413,554	such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current			
the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the district-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds is allocated among the governmental activities. 2,413,554			(29,5	34)
	the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the district-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal		2,413,5	54
Change in net position of governmental activities \$ 1,712,096			2,115,5	<u>.</u> .
	Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	1,712,0	96

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		 Budgeted	l Amo	ounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
From local sources: Taxes S 1.2,381,404 \$ 1.2,500,678 \$ 1.2,500,678 \$ - Taxes S 1.2,02,377 1.213,506 1.191,851 (22,109) Transportation fees. 135,049 136,350 83,205 (53,145) Dearmings on investments 655,569 661,884 692,163 30,279 Classroom materials and fees 99 100 - (100) Other local revenues 759,083 766,396 - Total revenues 74,240,248 74,955,431 74,880,601 (74,830) Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular 24,974,852 34,114,869 33,675,291 439,578 Special <th></th> <th>Original</th> <th></th> <th>Final</th> <th>Actual</th> <th></th>		Original		Final	Actual	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Revenues:	 			 	
$ \begin{array}{c} Turinon $	From local sources:					
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Taxes	\$ 12,381,404	\$	12,500,678	\$ 12,500,678	\$ -
Earnings on investments 655,569 661,884 692,163 30,279 Clasroom matrials and fees 99 100 (100) Other local revenues 163,065 59,511,427 99,511,427 Intergovermmental - state 759,083 766,396 766,396 766,396 Total revenues 74,240,248 74,955,431 74,880,601 (74,830) Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular 24,974,852 34,114,869 33,675,291 439,578 Support services: 10,736,617 9,567,197 9,4953 21,1977 34,953 Other. 634,167 657,772 254,610 403,162 Support services: 9 10,048,47 1,760,342 1,612,724 147,818 Board of cucation 62,584 70,877 50,010 20,777 Administration 5,661,022 5,768,704 5,606,033 105,983 115,180 Operations and maintenance 9,876,391 1,017,826 9,393,169 778,657 Pupil transportation 4,284,295 <td>Tuition</td> <td>1,202,377</td> <td></td> <td>1,213,960</td> <td>1,191,851</td> <td>(22,109)</td>	Tuition	1,202,377		1,213,960	1,191,851	(22,109)
$\begin{array}{c} \mbox{Chassroom materials and fees} & 99 & 100 & - & (100) \\ \mbox{Other local revenues} & 163,065 & 164,636 & 134,881 & (29,755) \\ \mbox{Intergovermmental} - state & 58,943,602 & 59,511,427 & 59,511,427 \\ \mbox{Total revenues} & 759,083 & 766,396 & \\ \mbox{Total revenues} & 74,240,248 & 74,955,431 & 74,880,601 & (74,830) \\ \hline \mbox{Expenditures} & 74,240,248 & 74,955,431 & 74,880,601 & (74,830) \\ \hline \mbox{Expenditures} & 10,736,617 & 9,567,197 & 9,445,762 & 121,435 \\ \mbox{Vocational} & 10,736,617 & 9,567,197 & 9,445,762 & 121,435 \\ \mbox{Vocational} & 10,736,617 & 9,567,197 & 9,445,762 & 121,435 \\ \mbox{Vocational} & 133,332 & 156,930 & 121,977 & 34,953 \\ \mbox{Other} & 634,167 & 657,772 & 254,610 & 403,162 \\ \mbox{Support services:} & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & &$	Transportation fees.	135,049		136,350	83,205	(53,145)
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Earnings on investments	655,569		661,884	692,163	30,279
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	Classroom materials and fees	99		100	-	(100)
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	Other local revenues	163,065		164,636	134,881	(29,755)
Total revenues 74,240,248 74,955,431 74,880,601 (74,830) Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular 24,974,852 34,114,869 33,675,291 439,578 Special. 10,736,617 9,567,197 9,445,762 121,435 Vocational. 153,332 156,930 121,977 34,953 Support services: 4,872,397 4,402,986 4,296,003 106,983 Instructional staff 1,670,847 1,760,542 1,612,724 147,818 Board of education 62,584 70,787 50,010 20,777 Administration. 5,661,022 5,768,704 5,666,237 162,467 Fiscal 1,072,470 1,034,394 1,013,836 20,558 Business. 1,076,500 1,074,113 958,933 115,180 Operations and maintenance. 9,876,391 10,171,826 9,393,169 778,657 Pupil transportation 4,284,295 4,330,029 4,038,825 291,204 Central. 1,340,927 1,354,507 1,321,018 33,489 Extracurricular activitites	Intergovernmental - state	58,943,602		59,511,427	59,511,427	-
Total revenues 74,240,248 74,955,431 74,880,601 (74,830) Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular 24,974,852 34,114,869 33,675,291 439,578 Special. 10,736,617 9,567,197 9,445,762 121,435 Vocational. 153,332 156,930 121,977 34,953 Support services: 4,872,397 4,402,986 4,296,003 106,983 Instructional staff 1,670,847 1,760,542 1,612,724 147,818 Board of education 62,584 70,787 50,010 20,777 Administration. 5,661,022 5,768,704 5,666,237 162,467 Fiscal 1,072,470 1,034,394 1,013,836 20,558 Business. 1,076,500 1,074,113 958,933 115,180 Operations and maintenance. 9,876,391 10,171,826 9,393,169 778,657 Pupil transportation 4,284,295 4,330,029 4,038,825 291,204 Central. 1,340,927 1,354,507 1,321,018 33,489 Extracurricular activitites	•	759,083		766,396	766,396	-
$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	-				 	(74,830)
$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	Expenditures					
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$						
Regular24,974,85234,114,86933,675,291439,578Special10,736,6179,567,1979,445,762121,435Vocational153,332156,930121,97734,953Other634,167657,772254,610403,162Support services:4,872,3974,402,9864,296,003106,983Instructional staff1,670,8471,760,5421,612,724147,818Board of education62,58470,78750,01020,777Administration5,661,0225,768,7045,606,237162,467Fiscal1,072,4701,034,3941,013,83620,558Business1,076,5001,074,113958,933115,180Operations and maintenance9,876,39110,171,8269,393,169778,657Pupil transportation4,284,2954,330,0294,038,825291,204Central1,340,9271,354,5071,321,01833,489Extracurricular activities988,154997,582965,59631,986Total expenditures712,086718,946-Refund of prior year's expenditures(2,000)(1,00,000)(1,07,746)29,224Sale of capital assets2,8652,8922,892-Total other financing sources (uses):(387,049)(385,031)(353,777)31,254Net change in fund balance6,493,644(891,838) </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>						
Special. 10,736,617 9,567,197 9,445,762 121,435 Vocational. 153,332 156,930 121,977 34,953 Other. 634,167 657,772 254,610 403,162 Support services: 9upil. 4,872,397 4,402,986 4,296,003 106,983 Instructional staff 1,670,847 1,760,542 1,612,724 147,818 Board of education 62,584 70,787 50,010 20,777 Administration 5,661,022 5,768,704 5,606,237 162,467 Fiscal 1,027,470 1,034,394 1,013,836 20,558 Business 1,076,500 1,074,113 958,933 115,180 Operations and maintenance 9,876,391 10,171,826 9,393,169 778,657 Pupil transportation 4,284,295 4,330,029 4,038,825 291,204 Central 1,340,927 1,354,507 1,321,018 33,489 Total expenditures 67,359,555 75,462,238 72,753,991 2,708,247 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (2,000)		24,974,852		34,114,869	33.675.291	439.578
Vocational.153,332156,930121,97734,953Other. $634,167$ $657,772$ $254,610$ $403,162$ Support services: $9upil.$ $48,72,397$ $4,402,986$ $4,296,003$ $106,983$ Instructional staff $1,670,847$ $1,760,542$ $1,612,724$ $147,818$ Board of education $62,584$ $70,787$ $50,010$ $20,777$ Administration. $5,661,022$ $5,768,704$ $5,606,237$ $162,467$ Fiscal $1,027,470$ $1,034,394$ $1,013,836$ $20,558$ Business $1,076,500$ $1.074,113$ $958,933$ $115,180$ Operations and maintenance. $9,876,391$ $10,171,826$ $9,393,169$ $778,657$ Pupil transportation $4,228,295$ $4,330,029$ $4,038,825$ $291,204$ Central. $1,340,927$ $1,354,507$ $1,321,018$ $33,489$ Extracurricular activities $988,154$ $997,582$ $965,596$ $31,986$ Total expenditures $67,359,555$ $75,462,238$ $72,753,991$ $2,708,247$ Excess (deficiency) of revenues over(under) expenditures $(2,000)$ $(6,869)$ $(4,869)$ $2,000$ Transfers (out) $(1,100,000)$ $(1,100,000)$ $(1,070,746)$ $29,254$ Sale of capital assets $2,865$ $2,892$ $-$ Total other financing sources (uses) $(387,049)$ $(385,031)$ $(353,777)$ $31,254$ Net change in fund balance $6,493,644$ $(891,838)$ $1,772,833$, ,				,
Other. 634,167 657,772 254,610 403,162 Support services: Pupil. 4,872,397 4,402,986 4,296,003 106,983 Instructional staff 1,670,847 1,760,542 1,612,724 147,818 Board of education 62,584 70,787 50,010 20,777 Administration 5,661,022 5,768,704 5,606,237 162,467 Fiscal 1,027,470 1,034,394 1,013,836 20,558 Business 1,076,500 1,074,113 958,933 115,180 Operations and maintenance 9,876,391 10,171,826 9,393,169 778,657 Pupil transportation 4,284,295 4,330,029 4,038,825 291,204 Central 1,340,927 1,354,507 1,321,018 33,489 Extracurricular activities 988,154 997,582 965,596 31,986 Total expenditures 62,806,93 (506,807) 2,126,610 2,633,417 Other financing sources (uses): (2,000) (6,869) (4,869) <	1	, ,		, ,		,
Support services: 4,872,397 4,402,986 4,296,003 106,983 Instructional staff 1,670,847 1,760,542 1,612,724 147,818 Board of education 62,584 70,787 50,010 20,777 Administration 5,661,022 5,768,704 5,606,237 162,467 Fiscal 1,027,470 1,034,394 1,013,836 20,558 Business 1,076,500 1,074,113 958,933 115,180 Operations and maintenance 9,876,391 10,17,826 9,93,169 778,657 Pupil transportation 4,284,295 4,330,029 4,038,825 291,204 Central 1,340,927 1,354,507 1,321,018 33,489 Extracurricular activities 988,154 997,582 965,596 31,986 Total expenditures 6,880,693 (506,807) 2,126,610 2,633,417 Other financing sources (uses): 712,086 718,946 - Refund of prior year's expenditures 712,086 718,946 - Refund of prior year's expenditures 2,865 2,892 - T				<i>,</i>	,	,
Pupil. $4,872,397$ $4,402,986$ $4,296,003$ $106,983$ Instructional staff $1,670,847$ $1,760,542$ $1,612,724$ $147,818$ Board of education $62,584$ $70,787$ $50,010$ $20,777$ Administration $5,661,022$ $5,768,704$ $5,606,237$ $162,467$ Fiscal $1,027,470$ $1,034,394$ $1,013,836$ $20,558$ Business $1,076,500$ $1,074,113$ $958,933$ $115,180$ Operations and maintenance $9,876,391$ $10,171,826$ $9,393,169$ $778,657$ Pupil transportation $4,224,2925$ $4,330,029$ $4,038,825$ $291,204$ Central $1,340,927$ $1,354,507$ $1,321,018$ $33,489$ Extracurricular activities $988,154$ $997,582$ $965,596$ $31,986$ Total expenditures $6,880,693$ $(506,807)$ $2,126,610$ $2,633,417$ Other financing sources (uses):Refund of prior year's expenditures $712,086$ $718,946$ $-18,946$ $-$ Refund of prior year's expenditures $(1,100,000)$ $(1,100,746)$ $29,254$ Sale of capital assets $2,865$ $2,892$ $-$ Total other financing sources (uses) $(387,049)$ $(385,031)$ $(353,777)$ $31,254$ Net change in fund balance $6,493,644$ $(891,838)$ $1,772,833$ $2,664,671$ Fior year encumbrances appropriatedJospi,559,5493 $35,975,493$ $-$		00 1,107		001,112	20 1,010	100,102
Instructional staff		4,872,397		4,402,986	4,296,003	106,983
Board of education $62,584$ $70,787$ $50,010$ $20,777$ Administration $5,661,022$ $5,768,704$ $5,606,237$ $162,467$ Fiscal $1,027,470$ $1.034,394$ $1,013,836$ $20,558$ Business $1,076,500$ $1,074,113$ $958,933$ $115,180$ Operations and maintenance $9,876,391$ $10,171,826$ $9,393,169$ $778,657$ Pupil transportation $4,284,295$ $4,330,029$ $4,038,825$ $291,204$ Central $1,340,927$ $1,354,507$ $1,321,018$ $33,489$ Extracurricular activities $988,154$ $997,582$ $965,596$ $31,986$ Total expenditures $6,880,693$ $(506,807)$ $2,126,610$ $2,633,417$ Other financing sources (uses):Refund of prior year's expenditures $712,086$ $718,946$ $-$ Refund of prior year's expenditures $(2,000)$ $(6,869)$ $(4,869)$ $2,000$ Transfers (out) $(1,100,000)$ $(1,100,000)$ $(1,070,746)$ $29,254$ Sale of capital assets $2,865$ $2,892$ $2,892$ $-$ Total other financing sources (uses) $(387,049)$ $(385,031)$ $(353,777)$ $31,254$ Net change in fund balance $6,493,644$ $(891,838)$ $1,772,833$ $2,664,671$ Fund balance at beginning of year $35,975,493$ $35,975,493$ $-$ Prior year encumbrances appropriated $1,991,454$ $1,991,454$ $-$		1,670,847		1,760,542	1,612,724	147,818
Fiscal $1,027,470$ $1,034,394$ $1,013,836$ $20,558$ Business $1,076,500$ $1,074,113$ $958,933$ $115,180$ Operations and maintenance $9,876,391$ $10,171,826$ $9,393,169$ $778,657$ Pupil transportation $4,284,295$ $4,330,029$ $4,038,825$ $291,204$ Central $1,340,927$ $1,354,507$ $1,321,018$ $33,489$ Extracurricular activities $988,154$ $997,582$ $965,596$ $31,986$ Total expenditures $67,359,555$ $75,462,238$ $72,753,991$ $2,708,247$ Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures $6,880,693$ $(506,807)$ $2,126,610$ $2,633,417$ Other financing sources (uses): $712,086$ $718,946$ $718,946$ $-$ Refund of prior year's receipts $(2,000)$ $(6,869)$ $(4,869)$ $2,000$ Transfers (out) $(1,100,000)$ $(1,100,000)$ $(1,070,746)$ $29,254$ $2,865$ $2,892$ $-$ Sale of capital assets $2,865$ $2,892$ $2,892$ $ -$ <tr< td=""><td></td><td>62,584</td><td></td><td>70,787</td><td>50,010</td><td>20,777</td></tr<>		62,584		70,787	50,010	20,777
Business 1,076,500 1,074,113 958,933 115,180 Operations and maintenance. 9,876,391 10,171,826 9,393,169 778,657 Pupil transportation 4,284,295 4,330,029 4,038,825 291,204 Central. 1,340,927 1,354,507 1,321,018 33,489 Extracurricular activities. 988,154 997,582 965,596 31,986 Total expenditures 67,359,555 75,462,238 72,753,991 2,708,247 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 6,880,693 (506,807) 2,126,610 2,633,417 Other financing sources (uses): 712,086 718,946 718,946 - Refund of prior year's expenditures 712,086 718,946 - 2,000 Transfers (out) (1,100,000) (1,100,000) (1,070,746) 29,254 Sale of capital assets 2,865 2,892 - - Total other financing sources (uses) (387,049) (385,031) (353,777) 31,254 Net change in fund balance 6,493,644 (891,838) 1,772,833 2,664,671 <td< td=""><td></td><td>5,661,022</td><td></td><td>5,768,704</td><td>5,606,237</td><td>162,467</td></td<>		5,661,022		5,768,704	5,606,237	162,467
Operations and maintenance.9,876,39110,171,8269,393,169778,657Pupil transportation4,284,2954,330,0294,038,825291,204Central.1,340,9271,354,5071,321,01833,489Extracurricular activities.988,154997,582965,59631,986Total expenditures $67,359,555$ 75,462,23872,753,9912,708,247Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures $6,880,693$ $(506,807)$ 2,126,6102,633,417Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's expenditures712,086718,946718,946-Refund of prior year's expenditures $(2,000)$ $(6,869)$ $(4,869)$ 2,000Transfers (out) $(1,100,000)$ $(1,100,000)$ $(1,070,746)$ 29,254Sale of capital assets $2,865$ $2,892$ $2,892$ -Total other financing sources (uses) $(387,049)$ $(385,031)$ $(353,777)$ $31,254$ Net change in fund balance $6,493,644$ $(891,838)$ $1,772,833$ $2,664,671$ Fund balance at beginning of year $1,991,454$ $1,991,454$ $1,991,454$ $-$	Fiscal	1,027,470		1,034,394	1,013,836	20,558
Pupil transportation $4,284,295$ $4,330,029$ $4,038,825$ $291,204$ Central. $1,340,927$ $1,354,507$ $1,321,018$ $33,489$ Extracurricular activities $988,154$ $997,582$ $965,596$ $31,986$ Total expenditures $67,359,555$ $75,462,238$ $72,753,991$ $2,708,247$ Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures $6,880,693$ $(506,807)$ $2,126,610$ $2,633,417$ Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's expenditures $712,086$ $718,946$ $-18,946$ $-$ Refund of prior year's expenditures $(2,000)$ $(6,869)$ $(4,869)$ $2,000$ Transfers (out) $(1,100,000)$ $(1,100,000)$ $(1,070,746)$ $29,254$ Sale of capital assets $2,865$ $2,892$ $2,892$ $-$ Total other financing sources (uses) $(387,049)$ $(385,031)$ $(353,777)$ $31,254$ Net change in fund balance $6,493,644$ $(891,838)$ $1,772,833$ $2,664,671$ Fund balance at beginning of year $1,991,454$ $1,991,454$ $1,991,454$ $-$	Business	1,076,500		1,074,113	958,933	115,180
Central. $1,340,927$ $1,354,507$ $1,321,018$ $33,489$ Extracurricular activities. $988,154$ $997,582$ $965,596$ $31,986$ Total expenditures $67,359,555$ $75,462,238$ $72,753,991$ $2,708,247$ Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures $6,880,693$ $(506,807)$ $2,126,610$ $2,633,417$ Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's expenditures $712,086$ $718,946$ $-18,946$ $-18,946$ Refund of prior year's receipts $(2,000)$ $(6,869)$ $(4,869)$ $2,000$ Transfers (out). $(1,100,000)$ $(1,100,000)$ $(1,070,746)$ $29,254$ Sale of capital assets $2,865$ $2,892$ $-$ Total other financing sources (uses) $(387,049)$ $(385,031)$ $(353,777)$ Net change in fund balance $6,493,644$ $(891,838)$ $1,772,833$ $2,664,671$ Fund balance at beginning of year $1,991,454$ $1,991,454$ $1,991,454$ $-$	Operations and maintenance	9,876,391		10,171,826	9,393,169	778,657
Central. $1,340,927$ $1,354,507$ $1,321,018$ $33,489$ Extracurricular activities. $988,154$ $997,582$ $965,596$ $31,986$ Total expenditures $67,359,555$ $75,462,238$ $72,753,991$ $2,708,247$ Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures $6,880,693$ $(506,807)$ $2,126,610$ $2,633,417$ Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's expenditures $712,086$ $718,946$ $-18,946$ $-18,946$ Refund of prior year's receipts $(2,000)$ $(6,869)$ $(4,869)$ $2,000$ Transfers (out). $(1,100,000)$ $(1,100,000)$ $(1,070,746)$ $29,254$ Sale of capital assets $2,865$ $2,892$ $-$ Total other financing sources (uses) $(387,049)$ $(385,031)$ $(353,777)$ Net change in fund balance $6,493,644$ $(891,838)$ $1,772,833$ $2,664,671$ Fund balance at beginning of year $1,991,454$ $1,991,454$ $1,991,454$ $-$	Pupil transportation	4,284,295		4,330,029	4,038,825	291,204
Total expenditures $67,359,555$ $75,462,238$ $72,753,991$ $2,708,247$ Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures $6,880,693$ $(506,807)$ $2,126,610$ $2,633,417$ Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's expenditures $712,086$ $718,946$ $718,946$ $-$ Refund of prior year's receipts $(2,000)$ $(6,869)$ $(4,869)$ $2,000$ Transfers (out) $(1,100,000)$ $(1,100,000)$ $(1,070,746)$ $29,254$ Sale of capital assets $2,865$ $2,892$ $-$ Total other financing sources (uses) $(387,049)$ $(385,031)$ $(353,777)$ Net change in fund balance $6,493,644$ $(891,838)$ $1,772,833$ $2,664,671$ Fund balance at beginning of year $1,991,454$ $1,991,454$ $-$		1,340,927		1,354,507	1,321,018	33,489
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	Extracurricular activities.	988,154		997,582	965,596	31,986
(under) expenditures 6,880,693 (506,807) 2,126,610 2,633,417 Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's expenditures 712,086 718,946 718,946 - Refund of prior year's expenditures 712,086 718,946 718,946 - - Refund of prior year's receipts (2,000) (6,869) (4,869) 2,000 Transfers (out) (1,100,000) (1,100,000) (1,070,746) 29,254 Sale of capital assets 2,865 2,892 2,892 - Total other financing sources (uses) (387,049) (385,031) (353,777) 31,254 Net change in fund balance 6,493,644 (891,838) 1,772,833 2,664,671 Fund balance at beginning of year 35,975,493 35,975,493 35,975,493 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 1,991,454 1,991,454 1,991,454 -	Total expenditures	 67,359,555		75,462,238	 72,753,991	2,708,247
(under) expenditures 6,880,693 (506,807) 2,126,610 2,633,417 Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's expenditures 712,086 718,946 718,946 - Refund of prior year's expenditures 712,086 718,946 718,946 - - Refund of prior year's receipts (2,000) (6,869) (4,869) 2,000 Transfers (out) (1,100,000) (1,100,000) (1,070,746) 29,254 Sale of capital assets 2,865 2,892 2,892 - Total other financing sources (uses) (387,049) (385,031) (353,777) 31,254 Net change in fund balance 6,493,644 (891,838) 1,772,833 2,664,671 Fund balance at beginning of year 35,975,493 35,975,493 35,975,493 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 1,991,454 1,991,454 1,991,454 -	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
Refund of prior year's expenditures 712,086 718,946 718,946 - Refund of prior year's receipts. (2,000) (6,869) (4,869) 2,000 Transfers (out). (1,100,000) (1,100,000) (1,070,746) 29,254 Sale of capital assets 2,865 2,892 2,892 - Total other financing sources (uses) (387,049) (385,031) (353,777) 31,254 Net change in fund balance 6,493,644 (891,838) 1,772,833 2,664,671 Fund balance at beginning of year 35,975,493 35,975,493 35,975,493 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 1,991,454 1,991,454 - -		 6,880,693		(506,807)	 2,126,610	2,633,417
Refund of prior year's expenditures 712,086 718,946 718,946 - Refund of prior year's receipts. (2,000) (6,869) (4,869) 2,000 Transfers (out). (1,100,000) (1,100,000) (1,070,746) 29,254 Sale of capital assets 2,865 2,892 2,892 - Total other financing sources (uses) (387,049) (385,031) (353,777) 31,254 Net change in fund balance 6,493,644 (891,838) 1,772,833 2,664,671 Fund balance at beginning of year 35,975,493 35,975,493 35,975,493 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 1,991,454 1,991,454 - -						
Refund of prior year's receipts. (2,000) (6,869) (4,869) 2,000 Transfers (out). (1,100,000) (1,100,000) (1,070,746) 29,254 Sale of capital assets 2,865 2,892 2,892 - Total other financing sources (uses) (387,049) (385,031) (353,777) 31,254 Net change in fund balance 6,493,644 (891,838) 1,772,833 2,664,671 Fund balance at beginning of year 35,975,493 35,975,493 35,975,493 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 1,991,454 1,991,454 - -		712.000		719.046	719.046	
Transfers (out). (1,100,000) (1,100,000) (1,070,746) 29,254 Sale of capital assets 2,865 2,892 2,892 - Total other financing sources (uses) (387,049) (385,031) (353,777) 31,254 Net change in fund balance 6,493,644 (891,838) 1,772,833 2,664,671 Fund balance at beginning of year 35,975,493 35,975,493 35,975,493 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 1,991,454 1,991,454 - -		,		· · ·	,	2 000
Sale of capital assets 2,865 2,892 2,892 - Total other financing sources (uses) (387,049) (385,031) (353,777) 31,254 Net change in fund balance 6,493,644 (891,838) 1,772,833 2,664,671 Fund balance at beginning of year 35,975,493 35,975,493 35,975,493 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 1,991,454 1,991,454 -					·· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Total other financing sources (uses) (387,049) (385,031) (353,777) 31,254 Net change in fund balance 6,493,644 (891,838) 1,772,833 2,664,671 Fund balance at beginning of year 35,975,493 35,975,493 35,975,493 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 1,991,454 1,991,454 -						29,254
Net change in fund balance 6,493,644 (891,838) 1,772,833 2,664,671 Fund balance at beginning of year 35,975,493 35,975,493 35,975,493 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 1,991,454 1,991,454 - -						
Fund balance at beginning of year 35,975,493 35,975,493 35,975,493 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 1,991,454 1,991,454 1,991,454 -	lotal other financing sources (uses)	 (387,049)		(385,031)	 (353,///)	31,254
Prior year encumbrances appropriated 1,991,454 1,991,454 1,991,454 -	Net change in fund balance	6,493,644		(891,838)	1,772,833	2,664,671
Prior year encumbrances appropriated 1,991,454 1,991,454 1,991,454 -	Fund balance at beginning of year	35,975,493		35,975,493	35,975,493	-
						-
		\$ 	\$		\$	\$ 2,664,671

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds
Assets:	
Current assets:	
Equity in pooled cash	
and investments	\$ 9,410,056
Total assets.	9,410,056
Liabilities:	
Current liabilities:	
Claims payable	543,183
Total liabilities	543,183
Net position:	
Unrestricted.	8,866,873
Total net position.	\$ 8,866,873

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds		
Operating revenues:			
Charges for services	\$	10,793,888	
Other		112,651	
Total operating revenues		10,906,539	
Operating expenses:		944 729	
Purchased services.	844,728		
Materials and supplies	64,206		
Claims	7,584,051		
Total operating expenses		8,492,985	
Operating income		2,413,554	
Change in net position		2,413,554	
Net position at beginning of year	6,453,319		
Net position at end of year	\$ 8,866,873		

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds		
Cash flows from operating activities:Cash received from charges for servicesCash received from other operationsCash payments for purchased services.Cash payments for materials and suppliesCash payments for claims.	\$	10,793,888 112,651 (844,728) (64,817) (7,929,284)	
Net cash provided by operating activities		2,067,710	
Net increase in cash and investments		2,067,710	
Cash and investments at beginning of year Cash and investments at end of year		7,342,346 9,410,056	
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Operating income	\$	2,413,554	
Changes in assets and liabilities: Decrease in accounts payable		(611) (345,233)	
Net cash provided by operating activities.	\$	2,067,710	

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	Custodial	
Additions:		
Extracurricular collections for OHSAA	\$	11,978
Total additions.		11,978
Deductions:		
Extracurricular distributions to OHSAA		11,978
Total deductions		11,978
Change in net position		-
Net position at beginning of year (restated)		-
Net position at end of year	\$	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Warren City School District (the "District") is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The District is a city school district as defined by Section 3311.03 of the Ohio Revised Code. The District operates under an elected Board of Education (five members) and is responsible for the provision of public education to residents of the District.

The District employs 343 non-certified and 458 certified employees to provide services to approximately 4,679 students and community groups. The District provides regular, vocational and special instruction. The District also provides support services for the pupils, instructional staff, general and school administration, business and fiscal services, facilities acquisitions and construction services, operation and maintenance of plant, student transportation, food services, extracurricular activities and non-programmed services.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>" and GASB Statement No. 61, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>: <u>Omnibus an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34</u>". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government and component units. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion by the primary government would render the primary government's financial statements incomplete or misleading. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District:

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Trumbull Career and Technical Center

The Trumbull Career and Technical Center is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from each of the 19 participating school districts' elected boards, which possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the Treasurer at 528 Educational Highway, Warren, Ohio 44483.

Northeast Ohio Management Information Network (NEOMIN)

NEOMIN is a jointly governed organization among thirty school districts in Trumbull and Ashtabula Counties. The jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to the administrative and instructional functions among member districts. Each of the districts supports NEOMIN based upon a per pupil charge.

Superintendents of the participating school districts are eligible to be voting members of the Governing Board, which consists of ten members: the Trumbull and Ashtabula County superintendents (permanent members), three superintendents from Ashtabula County school districts, three superintendents from Trumbull County districts, and a treasurer from each county. The District was not represented on the Governing Board during fiscal year 2020. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Governing Board. A complete set of separate financial statements may be obtained from the Trumbull County Educational Service Center, 6000 Youngstown-Warren Road, Niles, Ohio 44446.

North East Ohio Instructional Media Center (NEOIMC)

NEOIMC is a jointly governed organization among 45 school districts. The jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of providing quality films and/or other media to support the educational curricula of the member school districts. Each member pays a monthly premium based on use of the media materials.

NEOIMC is governed by an advisory committee made up of a member from a parochial school, a joint vocational school, the county superintendent from each participating county, one city superintendent, and two local superintendents rotating every two years. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Board. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the Treasurer at the Trumbull County Educational Service Center, 6000 Youngstown-Warren Road, Niles, Ohio 44446.

Region 12 Professional Development Center (RPDC)

The RPDC is a jointly governed organization among the school districts located in Trumbull, Mahoning, and Columbiana Counties. The jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of establishing an articulated, regional structure for professional development, in which school districts, the business community, higher education and other groups cooperatively plan and implement effective professional development activities that are tied directly to school improvement, and in particular, to improvements in instructional programs.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The RPDC is governed by a board made up of 19 representatives of the participating school districts, the business community, and Youngstown State University whose term rotates every year. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Board. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the Treasurer at the Trumbull County Educational Service Center, 6000 Youngstown-Warren Road, Niles, Ohio 44446.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to report its financial position and the results of its operations. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain school district activities or functions. Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category is divided into separate fund types.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds focus on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets, deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows is reported as fund balance. The following is the District's major governmental fund:

<u>General fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets, (b) specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to an expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects and (c) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The District has no enterprise funds. The following is a description of the District's internal service funds:

<u>Internal service funds</u> - The internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the District, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis. The internal service funds of the District account for self-insurance, warehouse service and parking programs.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and custodial funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The District has no trust funds. Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in a trust fund. The District's custodial fund accounts for monies collected on behalf and disbursed to the Ohio High School Athletic Association.

C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. Internal service funds operating activities are eliminated to avoid overstatement of revenues and expenses.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the District at fiscal year end. The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities of the District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net position.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. The internal service funds are presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and deferred outflows of resources and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Like the government-wide statements, the internal service funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of fund net position. The statement of changes in fund net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activity.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operation. The principal operating revenues of the District's internal service funds are charges for services. Operating expenses for internal service funds include the cost of services, administrative expenses and claims expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Fiduciary funds present a statement of changes in fiduciary net position which reports additions to and deductions from custodial funds.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

<u>Revenues</u> - <u>Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions</u> - Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, are recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> - In addition to assets, the government-wide statement of net position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. See Notes 13 and 14 for deferred outflows of resources related the District's net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset, respectively. In addition, deferred outflows of resources include a deferred charge on debt refunding. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the District, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, accrued interest and unavailable revenue. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2020, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2021 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow of resources on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the District unavailable revenue includes, but is not limited to, delinquent property taxes and intergovernmental grants. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available.

See Notes 13 and 14 for deferred inflows of resources related to the District's net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset, respectively. This deferred inflow of resources is only reported on the government-wide statement of net position.

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The entitlement value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances as an expenditure with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgets

The District is required by State statute to adopt an annual appropriated cash basis budget for all funds. The specific timetable for fiscal year 2020 is as follows.

1. Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

- 2. By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with the Trumbull County Budget Commission for tax rate determination.
- 3. Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's certificate of estimated resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to July 1, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as a basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate of estimated resources is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year as reported by the District Treasurer. The certificate of estimated resources may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amount in the budgetary statement reflect the amounts set forth in the final amended certificate of estimated resources issued for fiscal year 2020.
- 4. By July 1, the annual appropriation resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund level of expenditures, which is the legal level of budgetary control. (State statute permits a temporary appropriation to be effective until no later than October 1 of each year.)

Appropriations by fund must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed appropriations totals.

- 5. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation must be approved by the Board of Education.
- 6. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds consistent with statutory provisions.
- 7. Appropriation amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Education throughout the year by supplemental appropriations, which either reallocated or increased the original appropriated amounts. All supplemental appropriations were legally enacted. The final budget figures, which appear in the statement of budgetary comparisons, represent the permanent appropriation amounts plus all supplemental appropriations legally enacted during the year.
- 8. At the close of each year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriations. The encumbered appropriation balance is carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be re-appropriated.

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled. Monies for all funds, including proprietary funds, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and investments" on the basic financial statements.

During fiscal year 2020, investments were limited to federal agency securities, commercial paper, corporate bonds, U.S. government money market mutual funds and negotiable CDs. Investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenues credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2020 amounted to \$605,536, which includes \$203,247 assigned from other District funds.

For presentation on the financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are reported as "equity in pooled cash and investments." Investments with an original maturity of more than three months that are not made from the pool are reported as "investments."

An analysis of the District's investments at year end is provided in Note 4.

G. Inventory

On government-wide and fund financial statements, purchased inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market and donated commodities are presented at their entitlement value. Inventories are reported on a first-in, first-out basis and are expended when used. Inventories are accounted for using the purchase method on the governmental fund financial statements, and the consumption method on the government-wide financial statements.

H. Capital Assets

General capital assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition cost as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets, except land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Governmental Activities <u>Estimated Lives</u>
Land improvements	20 - 50 years
Buildings and improvements	20 - 50 years
Furniture and equipment	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	8 years

I. Interfund Balances

Interfund loans that are used to cover negative cash balances or are due to another fund for services provided are classified as "due to/from other funds". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of net position.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

J. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and sick leave to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "<u>Accounting for Compensated Absences</u>", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination (severance) payments. A liability for sick leave is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at June 30, 2020, by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future.

For purposes of establishing a liability for sick leave on employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, all employees with at least ten years of service were considered expected to become eligible to retire in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

The total liability for vacation and sick leave has been calculated using pay rates in effect at June 30, 2020 and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any applicable additional salary related payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements.

K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from the internal service funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds, leases and notes are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due. Net pension/OPEB liability should be recognized in the governmental funds to the extent that benefit payments are due and payable and the pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is not sufficient for payment of those benefits.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

L. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the District Board of Education (the highest level of decision making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted nor committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the District Board of Education, which includes giving the Treasurer the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

M. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

N. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows. The net position component "net investment in capital assets," consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. The amount restricted for other purposes represents amounts restricted for a special trust fund.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

O. Bond Premium and Discount/Deferred Charge on Refunding

On the government-wide financial statements, bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bond premiums are presented as an addition to the face amount of the bonds.

For bond refundings resulting in the defeasance of the debt reported in the government-wide financial statements, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense. This accounting gain or loss is amortized over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter, and is presented as a deferred outflow on the government-wide financial statements.

On the governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums and discounts are recognized in the current period. A reconciliation between the bonds face value and the amount reported on the statement of net position is presented in Note 10.A.

P. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Q. Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability, net OPEB asset, deferred outflows of resources an deferred inflows of resources related pension/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

R. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. During fiscal year 2020, the District had no extraordinary or special items.

S. Fair Value

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

T. Prepayments

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the statement of net position and balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2020, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 84, "*Fiduciary Activities*" and GASB Statement No. 90, "*Majority Equity Interests - an amendment to GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61*".

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 84 establishes specific criteria for identifying activities that should be reported as fiduciary activities and clarifies whether and how business-type activities should report their fiduciary activities. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84, the District will no longer be reporting agency funds. The District reviewed its agency funds and certain funds will be reported in the new fiduciary classification of custodial funds, while other funds have been reclassified as governmental funds. These fund reclassifications resulted in the restatement of the District's financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 90 improves the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. It defines a majority equity interest and specifies that a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization should be reported as an investment if a government's holding of the equity interest meets the definition of an investment. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 90 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

B. Restatement of Net Position and Fund Balances

The implementation of GASB Statement No. 84 had the following effect on fund balance as reported at June 30, 2019:

		Other	Total
		Governmental	Governmental
	General	Funds	Funds
Fund Balance as previously reported	\$ 32,053,459	\$ 10,093,370	\$ 42,146,829
GASB Statement No. 84		50,939	50,939
Restated Fund Balance, at June 30, 2019	<u>\$ 32,053,459</u>	<u>\$ 10,144,309</u>	<u>\$ 42,197,768</u>

The implementation of GASB Statement No. 84 had the following effect on the net position as reported at June 30, 2019:

	Governmental Activities				
Net position as previously reported	\$ 76,954,643				
GASB Statement No. 84	50,939				
Restated net position at June 30, 2019	<u>\$ 77,005,582</u>				

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84, the new classification of custodial funds is reporting a beginning net position of \$0. Also, related to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84, the District will no longer be reporting agency funds. At June 30, 2019, agency funds reported assets and liabilities of \$51,088.

C. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2020 included the following individual fund deficits:

Nonmajor funds	Deficit
Public school preschool	\$ 58,070
ESSER	115,313
Title VI-B	245,298
Title I	699,524
Improving teacher quality	18,178
Miscellaneous federal grants	9,405

The general fund is liable for any deficit in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Government National Mortgage Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio, and with certain limitations including a requirement for maturity within ten years from the date of settlement, bonds and other obligations of political subdivisions of the State of Ohio, if training requirements have been met;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made on through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool, the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio); and
- 8. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days and two hundred seventy days, respectively, from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed forty percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time if training requirements have been met.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. Except as noted above, an investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Protection of the deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by the financial institutions participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

A. Cash on Hand

At fiscal year end, the District had \$5,970 in undeposited cash on hand which is included on the financial statements of the District as part of "equity in pooled cash and investments".

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

B. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2020, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$35,767,925. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "<u>Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures</u>", as of June 30, 2020, \$35,431,584 of the District's bank balance of \$35,810,800 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$379,216 was covered by the FDIC.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or protected by (1) eligible securities pledged to the District and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose fair value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured, or (2) participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total fair value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State. For fiscal year 2020, the District's financial institutions were approved for a reduced collateral rate through the OPCS. Although all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

C. Investments

As of June 30, 2020, the District had the following investments and maturities:

			Investment maturities								
Measurement/	Μ	leasurement	e	6 months or		7 to 12		13 to 18	19 to 24	(Greater than
Investment type		value		less		months		months	months		24 months
Fair value:											
FHLB	\$	5,029,250	\$	-	\$	1,018,790	\$	-	\$ -	\$	4,010,460
FAMC		254,845		-		254,845		-	-		-
FHLMC		3,733,894		-		-		424,469	-		3,309,425
FNMA		688,749		-		314,024		374,725	-		-
FFCB		4,503,380		-		-		-	1,001,350		3,502,030
PEFCO		3,716,502		3,716,502		-		-	-		-
Negotiable CD's		3,203,721		-		-		-	-		3,203,721
Commercial paper		3,198,619		3,198,619		-		-	-		-
U.S. Government											
money market		6,139,203		6,139,203		-		-	 -		-
	\$	30,468,163	\$	13,054,324	\$	1,587,659	\$	799,194	\$ 1,001,350	\$	14,025,636

The weighted average maturity of investments is 2.12 years.

The District's investments in U.S. Government money market mutual funds are valued using quoted market prices in active markets (Level 1 inputs). The District's investments in federal agency securities, negotiable CD's, commercial paper and corporate bonds are valued using quoted prices in markets that are not considered to be active, dealer quotations or alternative pricing sources for similar assets or liabilities for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly (Level 2 inputs).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk: U.S. Government money market mutual funds carry a rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's. The District's investments in federal agency securities were rated AA+ and Aaa by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services, respectively. The District's investments in commercial paper were rated A-1+ and P-1 by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services, respectively. PEFCO corporate bonds were rated Aaa by Moody's Investor Services.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The federal agency securities, commercial paper and corporate bonds are exposed to custodial credit risk in that they are uninsured, unregistered and held by the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the District's name. The District's investments in negotiable CDs are insured by the FDIC. The District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2020:

Measurement/	Ν	leasurement	
Investment type		value	<u>% of Total</u>
Fair value:			
FHLB	\$	5,029,250	16.51
FAMC		254,845	0.84
FHLMC		3,733,894	12.26
FNMA		688,749	2.26
FFCB		4,503,380	14.78
PEFCO		3,716,502	12.20
Negotiable CD's		3,203,721	10.51
Commercial paper		3,198,619	10.49
U.S. Government			
money market		6,139,203	20.15
	\$	30,468,163	100.00

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

D. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Position

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net position as of June 30, 2020:

Cash and investments per note		
Carrying amount of deposits	\$	35,767,925
Investments		30,468,163
Cash on hand		5,970
Total	\$	66,242,058
Cash and investments per statement of net pos	sition	
Governmental activities	\$	66,242,058

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Interfund balances consisted of the following due to/from other funds at June 30, 2020, as reported on the fund statements:

Amaginat

	-	Amount
Due to the general fund from:		
Nonmajor governmental funds	\$	703,262

The primary purpose of the interfund loans due to the general fund is to cover negative cash balances in the Public School Preschool fund, the ESSER fund, the Title IV-B fund, Title I fund, IDEA Handicapped Preschool fund, Improving Teacher Quality fund and Miscellaneous Federal Grants fund, all nonmajor governmental funds. These negative cash balances are allowable under Ohio Revised Code Section 3315.20. The interfund balance will be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received.

Amounts due to/from other funds between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.

B. Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2020, consisted of the following, as reported on the fund financial statements:

	Amount
Transfers from general fund to:	
Nonmajor governmental funds	\$ 1,046,397

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget required to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and to use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS - (Continued)

All transfers made in fiscal year 2020 were in accordance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.14, 5705.15 and 5705.16. Transfers between governmental funds are eliminated for reporting on the government-wide financial statements.

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property and public utility property. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2020 represent the collection of calendar year 2019 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2020 were levied after April 1, 2019, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2018, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2020 represent the collection of calendar year 2019 taxes. Public utility real and personal property taxes received in calendar year 2020 became a lien on December 31, 2018, were levied after April 1, 2019, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The District receives property taxes from Trumbull County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2020, are available to finance fiscal year 2020 operations. The amount available for advance at June 30, 2020 was \$81,948 in the general fund, \$10,615 in the debt service fund, a nonmajor governmental fund, \$806 in the permanent improvement fund, a nonmajor governmental fund, and \$806 in the classroom facilities maintenance fund, a nonmajor governmental fund. This amount is recorded as revenue. The amount available for advance at June 30, 2019 was \$127,291 in the general fund, \$19,010 in the debt service fund, a nonmajor governmental fund, \$1,314 in the permanent improvement fund, a nonmajor governmental fund. The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and delinquent tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2020 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year-end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflows.

On the accrual basis of accounting, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis of accounting the revenue has been reported as a deferred inflow.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2020 taxes were collected are:

	2019 Seco Half Collect	2020 First Half Collections			
	 Amount	Percent	Am	nount	Percent
Agricultural/residential and other real estate Public utility personal	\$ 261,035,900 28,322,260	90.21 9.79		423,290 537,340	89.47 10.53
Total	\$ 289,358,160	100.00	<u>\$</u> 289,	960,630	100.00
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$ 66.05		\$	65.80	

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2020 consisted of taxes, accrued interest and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs and the current year guarantee of Federal funds. A summary of the principal items of receivables reported on the statement of net position follows:

Governmental activities:	
Taxes	\$ 20,620,133
Intergovernmental	2,672,242
Accrued interest	 72,172
Total	\$ 23,364,547

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected within the subsequent year.

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, was as follows:

	Balance 6/30/19	Additions	Deductions	Balance 6/30/20
Governmental activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$ 7,961,988	\$	\$	\$
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	7,961,988	743,629		8,705,617
Capital assets, being depreciated: Land improvements Buildings and improvements Furniture and equipment Vehicles	1,930,654 136,357,203 4,762,470 3,120,423	200,130 	(15,395) (393,965)	2,130,784 136,357,203 4,831,708 3,039,804
Total capital assets, being depreciated	146,170,750	598,109	(409,360)	146,359,499
Less: accumulated depreciation:				
Land improvements Buildings and improvements Furniture and equipment Vehicles	(548,343) (28,255,874) (2,935,534) (2,225,658)	(117,123) (2,734,516) (320,810) (167,931)	4,224	(665,466) (30,990,390) (3,252,120) (2,022,898)
Total accumulated depreciation	(33,965,409)	(3,340,380)	374,915	(36,930,874)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 120,167,329	\$ (1,998,642)	<u>\$ (34,445)</u>	\$ 118,134,242

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$ 1,055,840
Special	567,923
Vocational	6,486
Other	3,594
Support services:	
Pupil	224,303
Instructional staff	168,450
Administration	265,439
Fiscal	26,716
Business	18,694
Operations and maintenance	495,337
Pupil transportation	182,240
Central	46,096
Food service operations	136,825
Non-instructional	8,716
Extracurricular activities	 133,721
Total depreciation expense	\$ 3,340,380

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 9 - CAPITALIZED LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

In prior fiscal years, the District entered into a lease agreement for copiers. This lease meets the criteria of a capital lease as defined by generally accepted accounting principles, which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers the benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee at the conclusion of the lease term. Capital lease payments will be reclassified and shown as debt service expenditures in the general fund.

The general capital assets acquired by these capital leases have been capitalized in the governmental activities on the statement of net position in the amount of \$432,176. Accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2020 was \$432,176, leaving a current book value of \$0. The capital lease liability was completely retired during fiscal year 2020.

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. The District's long-term obligations during the year consist of the following:

	Balance 6/30/19	Additions	Deductions	Balance 6/30/20	Amounts Due in One Year
Governmental activities: <u>General obligation bonds</u> 2012 refunding bonds Current interest bonds Capital appreciation bonds Accreted interest	\$ 23,590,000 295,000 948,916	\$ - - 136,084	\$ (23,590,000) (295,000) (1,085,000)	\$ - - -	\$ - - -
2019 refunding bonds Current interest bonds	-	8,930,000	-	8,930,000	-
2020 refunding bonds Current interest bonds	-	12,905,000	-	12,905,000	1,335,000
2020 school imp. bonds Current interest bonds Capital appreciation bonds Accreted interest	- - 	2,630,000 41,999 5,168	- - -	2,630,000 41,999 5,168	41,999
Total general obligation bonds	24,833,916	24,648,251	(24,970,000)	24,512,167	1,382,167
Other long-term obligations: Tax anticipation notes Capital lease agreement Net pension liability Net OPEB liability Compensated absences	518,000 17,317 75,175,655 8,634,999 3,306,355	- 1,105,121 - 695,938	(69,000) (17,317) (2,172,723) (602,306) (686,585)	449,000 - 74,108,053 8,032,693 3,315,708	71,000
Total governmental activities long-term liabilities	\$ 112,486,242	\$ 26,449,310	<u>\$ (28,517,931)</u>	110,417,621	\$ 2,059,684
	Add: unamortize Total on statemen	ed premium on bon nt of net position	d issue	2,331,704 \$ 112,749,325	

<u>Compensated absences</u>: Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employee's salaries are paid, which for the District, is primarily the general fund.

Capital lease agreement: See Note 9 for more detail on the District's capital lease agreement.

<u>Net pension liability</u>: See Note 13 for information on the District's net pension liability. The District pays obligations related to employee compensation from the fund benefitting from their service, which, for the District, is primarily the general fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

<u>Net OPEB liability</u>: See Note 14 for information on the District's net OPEB liability. The District pays obligations related to employee compensation from the fund benefitting from their service, which, for the District, is primarily the general fund.

B. On June 28, 2012, the District issued general obligation bonds (series 2012 refunding bonds) to refund the callable portion of the series 2004 general obligation bonds. The issuance proceeds of \$33,048,365 and a \$750,000 contribution from the District's debt service fund, a nonmajor governmental fund, were used to purchase securities which were placed in an irrevocable trust to provide resources for all future debt service payments on the refunded debt. This refunded debt is considered defeased (in-substance) and accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net position.

The refunding issue is comprised of both current interest bonds, par value \$30,430,000, and capital appreciation bonds, par value \$295,000. The interest rate on the current interest bonds ranges from 2.00-4.00%. The capital appreciation bonds matured on December 1, 2019 (approximate initial offering yield to maturity 2.27%), at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bonds was \$1,380,000. The bonds were retired through the debt service fund, a nonmajor governmental fund.

Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due June 1 and December 1 each year. The final maturity stated on the issue is December 1, 2031.

On October 31, 2019, the District issued \$8,930,000 (series 2019 refunding bonds) to refund a portion of the series 2012 bonds. This refunded debt is considered defeased (in-substance) and accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net position.

On January 15, 2020, the District issued \$12,905,000 (series 2020 refunding bonds) to refund the remaining portion of the series 2012 bonds. This refunded debt is considered defeased (in-substance) and accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net position.

C. On October 31, 2019, the District issued general obligation bonds (series 2019 refunding bonds) to refund a portion of the series 2012 general obligation bonds. The issuance proceeds of \$9,796,712 and a \$196,200 contribution from the District's debt service fund, a nonmajor governmental fund, were used to purchase securities which were placed in an irrevocable trust to provide resources for all future debt service payments on the refunded debt. This refunded debt is considered defeased (in-substance) and accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net position.

The refunding issue is comprised of current interest bonds, par value \$8,930,000. The interest rate on the current interest bonds is 4.00%. The bonds will be retired through the debt service fund, a nonmajor governmental fund.

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$210,347. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt. This refunding was undertaken to reduce total debt service payments by \$1,104,441 and resulted in an economic gain of \$994,834.

Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due June 1 and December 1 each year. The final maturity stated on the issue is December 1, 2029.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

D. On January 15, 2020, the District issued general obligation bonds (series 2020 refunding bonds) to refund a portion of the series 2012 general obligation bonds. The issuance proceeds of \$13,869,338 were used to purchase securities which were placed in an irrevocable trust to provide resources for all future debt service payments on the refunded debt. This refunded debt is considered defeased (insubstance) and accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net position.

The refunding issue is comprised of current interest bonds, par value \$12,905,000. The interest rate on the current interest bonds ranges from 2.00% to 4.00%. The bonds will be retired through the debt service fund, a nonmajor governmental fund.

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$127,210. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt. This refunding was undertaken to reduce total debt service payments by \$1,222,085 and resulted in an economic gain of \$1,082,355.

Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due June 1 and December 1 each year. The final maturity stated on the issue is December 1, 2031.

E. On January 15, 2020, the District issued general obligation bonds (series 2020 school improvement bonds) to finance the construction of new outdoor tennis courts at Lincoln Elementary as well as improvements to the Mollenkopf Athletic Complex and renovations to the east side stands at the high school stadium.

The issue is comprised of both current interest bonds, par value \$2,630,000, and capital appreciation bonds, par value \$41,999. The interest rate on the current interest bonds ranges from 2.00%-4.00%. The capital appreciation bonds mature on December 1, 2020 (approximate initial offering yield to maturity 1.33%) at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bonds is \$55,000. Total accreted interest of \$5,168 has been included in the statement of net position.

Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is December 1, 2047. The bonds are retired from the debt service fund, a nonmajor governmental fund.

\$2,037,705 of these bonds remain unspent at June 30, 2020.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

F. The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds:

Fiscal	Cu	Current Interest Bonds Capital Appreciation B					n Boi	nds		
Year Ended	Principal		Interest		Total	Р	rincipal	 Interest		Total
2021	\$ 1,335,000	\$	882,050	\$	2,217,050	\$	41,999	\$ 13,001	\$	55,000
2022	1,415,000		827,050		2,242,050		-	-		-
2023	1,465,000		784,100		2,249,100		-	-		-
2024	1,495,000		754,500		2,249,500		-	-		-
2025	1,635,000		707,550		2,342,550		-	-		-
2026 - 2030	10,240,000		2,408,375		12,648,375		-	-		-
2031 - 2035	5,300,000		556,800		5,856,800		-	-		-
2036 - 2040	515,000		265,900		780,900		-	-		-
2041 - 2045	625,000		152,500		777,500		-	-		-
2046 - 2048	440,000		27,000		467,000			 		
Total	\$ 24,465,000	\$	7,365,825	\$	31,830,825	\$	41,999	\$ 13,001	\$	55,000

G. On September 1, 2016, the District issued \$719,000 in tax anticipation notes in order to provide funds for on-going permanent improvement projects. The tax anticipation notes are a direct placement. The notes were purchased by Huntington Public Capital Corporation. The terms of the notes did not contain any assets pledged for collateral, events of default with finance-related consequences, termination events with finance-related consequences or subjective acceleration clauses. These tax anticipation notes bear an interest rate of 2.25%. The notes are paid using the proceeds of the permanent improvement tax levy.

Interest payments on the tax anticipation notes are due June 1 and December 1 each year. The final maturity stated on the issue is December 1, 2025; however, the notes may be retired in full on or after December 1, 2020.

The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to maturity for the tax anticipation notes:

Fiscal		Tax Anticipation Notes					
Year Ended	P	rincipal	Interest		Total		
2021	\$	71,000	\$	9,304	\$	80,304	
2022		72,000		7,695		79,695	
2023		74,000		6,052		80,052	
2024		76,000		4,365		80,365	
2025		77,000		2,644		79,644	
2026		79,000		889		79,889	
Total	\$	449,000	\$	30,949	\$	479,949	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

H. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The assessed valuation used in determining the District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2020, are a voted debt margin of \$3,253,763 (including available funds of \$1,664,305) and an unvoted debt margin of \$289,961.

NOTE 11 - COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The criteria for determining vested vacation and sick leave components are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Full-time employees, including full-time hourly rated and per diem employees, are granted vacation with pay as follows:

Years of Service	Vacation Days
0-1	None
1-8 inclusive	2 weeks annually
After 8-12	3 weeks annually
After 12 or more	4 weeks annually

Any vacation days which are not used as of December 31 are not available for use in a subsequent year for classified personnel. Administrators are permitted to carryover 5 unused days to the next calendar year.

Each employee earns sick leave at the rate of one and one-quarter days for each completed month of service, or 15 days for each completed year of service. The maximum number of sick leave days that employees may accumulate is unlimited. Any sick leave earned or unused in prior employment with another public school district or other agency of the state, shall, upon presentation of a certified copy stating the number of sick leave days earned and unused from such employees, be transferred to the employees account at the time of employment in the manner prescribed by State law.

Retirement severance is paid to each employee with 10 or more years of service in the District who elects to retire from active service or who dies while on active service. The employee, or his/her estate shall receive, in one lump sum 1/4 of the value of his/her accrued and unused sick leave to a maximum of 30 days (1/4 of 120 days) multiplied times his/her per diem rate at the time of retirement. Sick leave balances in excess of the 120 days are paid at 1/8 the per diem rate.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. General Risk

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District has addressed these various types of risk by purchasing a comprehensive insurance policy through commercial carriers. Property insurance is maintained with a \$10,000 deductible. General liability insurance is maintained in the amount of \$1,000,000 for each occurrence and \$2,000,000 in the aggregate. In addition, the District maintains a \$6,000,000 umbrella liability policy.

The District maintains fleet insurance in the amount of \$1,000,000 for any one accident or loss.

Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There has been no significant reduction in amounts of insurance coverage from 2019.

B. Workers' Compensation

Workers' compensation coverage is provided by the State of Ohio. The District pays the Bureau of Workers' Compensation a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs.

C. Health Insurance

The District has established an internal service "self-insurance" fund, in conjunction with a formalized risk management program, in an effort to minimize risk exposure and control claims and premium costs.

This self-insurance fund was established for the purpose of accumulating balances sufficient to selfinsure basic medical coverage and permit excess umbrella coverage for claims over a pre-determined level. Board and employee premium contributions are determined by negotiated agreement. Amounts are paid into this fund from the general fund and certain nonmajor governmental funds. Claims payments are made on an as-incurred basis, thus no "reserve" remains with the insurance carrier.

Expenses for claims are recorded as other expenses when it is probable that an asset has been impaired or a liability has been incurred and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimate. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported. Because actual claims liabilities depend on such complex factors as inflation, changes in legal doctrines, and damage awards, the process used in computing claims liability does not necessarily result in an exact amount.

Claims liabilities are re-evaluated periodically to take into consideration recently settled claims, the frequency of claims, and other economic and social factors.

Liabilities for incurred losses to be settled by fixed or reasonably determinable payments over a long period of time are reported at their present value using expected future investment assumptions as determined by the third party administrator. These liabilities are reported at their present value of \$543,183 at June 30, 2020.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

A summary of changes in self-insurance claims for the current and proceeding years follows:

Fiscal	Beginning	Current	Claims	Ending
Year	Balance	<u>Year Claims</u>	Payments	Balance
2020	\$ 888,416	\$ 7,584,051	\$ (7,929,284)	\$ 543,183
2019	828,182	8,926,259	(8,866,025)	888,416

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees— of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability represents the District's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in pension obligation payable on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description - The District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at <u>www.ohsers.org</u> under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *	Eligible to Retire after August 1, 2017
Full benefits	Age 65 with 5 years of services credit: or Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially reduced benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit; or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

* Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017 will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.2% for the first thirty years of service and 2.5% for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

Effective January 1, 2018, SERS cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) changed from a fixed 3% annual increase to one based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI-W) with a cap of 2.5% and a floor of 0%. SERS also has the authority to award or suspend the COLA, or to adjust the COLA above or below CPI-W. SERS suspended the COLA increases for 2018, 2019 and 2020 for current retirees, and confirmed their intent to implement a four-year waiting period for the state of a COLA for future retirees.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10% of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10% for plan members and 14% for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14.0%.

The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$1,490,865 for fiscal year 2020. Of this amount, \$61,252 is reported as pension obligation payable.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description - Licensed teachers participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS website at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307. The DB Plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation will be 2.2% of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. Effective July 1, 2017, the cost-of-living adjustment was reduced to zero. Members are eligible to retire at age 60 with five years of qualifying service credit, or age 55 with 28 years of service, or 33 years of service regardless of age. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.53% of the 14% employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.47% of the 14% employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12% of the 14% member rate goes to the DC Plan and the remaining 2% is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity after termination of employment at age 50 or later.

New members who choose the DC Plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit to apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Funding Policy - Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. For fiscal year 2020, plan members were required to contribute 14% of their annual covered salary. The District was required to contribute 14%; the entire 14% was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The fiscal year 2020 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

The District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$4,124,977 for fiscal year 2020. Of this amount, \$695,404 is reported as pension obligation payable.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities.

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportion of the net pension			
liability prior measurement date	0.30541030%	0.26234712%	
Proportion of the net pension			
liability current measurement date	0.31081380%	<u>0.25101979</u> %	
Change in proportionate share	0.00540350%	- <u>0.01132733</u> %	
Proportionate share of the net			
pension liability	\$ 18,596,535	\$ 55,511,518	\$ 74,108,053
Pension expense	\$ 3,103,646	\$ 7,830,897	\$ 10,934,543

At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	SERS		STRS		Total	
Deferred outflows of resources						
Differences between expected and						
actual experience	\$	471,567	\$	451,954	\$	923,521
Changes of assumptions		-		6,520,899		6,520,899
Difference between employer contributions						
and proportionate share of contributions/						
change in proportionate share		215,403		1,255,534		1,470,937
Contributions subsequent to the						
measurement date		1,490,865		4,124,977		5,615,842
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	2,177,835	\$	12,353,364	\$	14,531,199

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

	 SERS	 STRS	 Total
Deferred inflows of resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$ -	\$ 240,299	\$ 240,299
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on pension plan investments	238,712	2,713,106	2,951,818
Difference between employer contributions			
and proportionate share of contributions/			
change in proportionate share	 	 2,430,963	 2,430,963
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ 238,712	\$ 5,384,368	\$ 5,623,080

\$5,615,842 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2021.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	 SERS	 STRS	 Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:			
2021	\$ 683,528	\$ 3,324,394	\$ 4,007,922
2022	(354,761)	209,069	(145,692)
2023	(15,886)	(551,371)	(567,257)
2024	 135,377	 (138,073)	(2,696)
Total	\$ 448,258	\$ 2,844,019	\$ 3,292,277

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2019, are presented below:

Wage inflation	3.00%
Future salary increases, including inflation	3.50% to 18.20%
COLA or ad hoc COLA	2.50%
Investment rate of return	7.50% net of investments expense, including inflation
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal (level percent of payroll)

For 2019, the mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age set-back for both males and females. Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries were based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates. Mortality among disabled members was based upon the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a buildingblock approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major assets class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return		
Cash	1.00 %	0.50 %		
US Equity	22.50	4.75		
International Equity	22.50	7.00		
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50		
Private Equity	10.00	8.00		
Real Assets	15.00	5.00		
Multi-Asset Strategies	10.00	3.00		
Total	100.00 %			

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Discount Rate - The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.50%). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount **Rate** - Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.50%), or one percentage point higher (8.50%) than the current rate.

	Current			
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate		1% Increase
District's proportionate share				
of the net pension liability	\$ 26,060,393	\$	18,596,535	\$ 12,337,155

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the July 1, 2019, actuarial valuation are presented below:

	July 1, 2019		
Inflation	2.50%		
Projected salary increases	12.50% at age 20 to		
	2.50% at age 65		
Investment rate of return	7.45%, net of investment expenses, including inflation		
Payroll increases	3.00%		
Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA)	0.00%		

For the July 1, 2019, actuarial valuation, post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2019 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

STRS Ohio's investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation*	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return **
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

*Target weights will be phased in over a 24-month period concluding on July 1, 2019.

**10-Year geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.45% as of June 30, 2019. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2019. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.45% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2019.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount *Rate* - The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.45%) or one-percentage-point higher (8.45%) than the current rate:

	Current			
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate		1% Increase
District's proportionate share				
of the net pension liability	\$ 81,123,899	\$	55,511,518	\$ 33,829,325

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS

Net OPEB Liability/Asset

The net OPEB liability/asset reported on the statement of net position represents a liability/asset to employees for OPEB. OPEB is a component of exchange transactions-between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for OPEB is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net OPEB liability/asset represents the District's proportionate share of each OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net OPEB liability/asset calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which OPEB are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including OPEB.

GASB 75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because they benefit from employee services. OPEB contributions come from these employers and health care plan enrollees which pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. Any change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net OPEB liability/asset. Resulting adjustments to the net OPEB liability/asset would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded/funded benefits is presented as a long-term *net OPEB liability* or *net OPEB asset* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required OPEB contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in pension obligation payable on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14% of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, SERS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2020, this amount was \$19,600. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2% of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5% of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2020, the District's surcharge obligation was \$144,780.

The surcharge added to the allocated portion of the 14% employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$144,780 for fiscal year 2020. Of this amount, \$144,780 is reported as pension obligation payable.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description - The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued effective January 1, 2021. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting <u>www.strsoh.org</u> or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy - Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14% of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

OPEB Liabilities/Assets, **OPEB** Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability/asset was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total OPEB liability/asset used to calculate the net OPEB liability/asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset was based on the District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

		SERS		STRS	 Total
Proportion of the net OPEB					
liability/asset prior measurement date	0	.31125300%	().26234712%	
Proportion of the net OPEB					
liability/asset current measurement date	0	.31941810%	().25101979%	
Change in proportionate share	0	.00816510%	-().01132733%	
Proportionate share of the net			_		
OPEB liability	\$	8,032,693	\$	-	\$ 8,032,693
Proportionate share of the net					
OPEB asset	\$	-	\$	4,157,489	\$ 4,157,489
OPEB expense	\$	299,121	\$	(1,275,677)	\$ (976,556)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Deferred outflows of resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$ 117,913	\$ 376,909	\$ 494,822
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	19,280	-	19,280
Changes of assumptions	586,697	87,389	674,086
Difference between employer contributions			
and proportionate share of contributions/			
change in proportionate share	188,387	244,616	433,003
Contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	144,780		144,780
Total deferred outflows of resources	<u>\$ 1,057,057</u>	\$ 708,914	\$ 1,765,971
Deferred inflows of resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$ 1,764,728	\$ 211,518	\$ 1,976,246
Net difference between projected and	· · · · · · ·	+)	*)) -
actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	261,119	261,119
Changes of assumptions	450,129	4,558,205	5,008,334
Difference between employer contributions	,	, ,	, ,
and proportionate share of contributions/			
change in proportionate share	45,962	207,594	253,556
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ 2,260,819	\$ 5,238,436	\$ 7,499,255

\$144,780 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability/asset in the year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	SERS		STRS		Total	
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:						
2021	\$	(425,743)	\$	(995,249)	\$	(1,420,992)
2022		(215,918)		(995,249)		(1,211,167)
2023		(210,262)		(890,597)		(1,100,859)
2024		(211,180)		(853,885)		(1,065,065)
2025		(197,516)		(795,613)		(993,129)
Thereafter		(87,923)		1,071		(86,852)
Total	\$	(1,348,542)	\$	(4,529,522)	\$	(5,878,064)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2019 are presented below:

Wage inflation Future salary increases, including inflation	3.00% 3.50% to 18.20%
Investment rate of return	7.50% net of investments
	expense, including inflation
Municipal bond index rate:	
Measurement date	3.13%
Prior measurement date	3.62%
Single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense,	
including price inflation:	
Measurement date	3.22%
Prior measurement date	3.70%
Medical trend assumption:	
Measurement date	
Medicare	5.25 to 4.75%
Pre-Medicare	7.00 to 4.75%
Prior measurement date	
Medicare	5.375 to 4.75%
Pre-Medicare	7.25 to 4.75%

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and Scale BB, 120% of male rates and 110% of female rates. RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates set back five years.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2010 through 2015, and was adopted by the Board on April 21, 2016. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.50%, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as used in the June 30, 2015 five-year experience study, are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00 %	0.50 %
US Equity	22.50	4.75
International Equity	22.50	7.00
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	8.00
Real Assets	15.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	10.00	3.00
Total	100.00 %	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2019 was 3.22%. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2019 was 3.70%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the state statute contribution rate of 2.00% of projected covered employee payroll each year, which includes a 1.50% payroll surcharge and 0.50% of contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make future benefit payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan assets was used to present value the projected benefit payments through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019 (i.e. municipal bond rate), was used to present value the projected benefit payments during years in the projection. A municipal bond rate of 3.62% was used as of June 30, 2018. The total present value of projected benefit payments from all years was then used to determine the single rate of return that was used as the discount rate. The projection of future benefit payments for all current plan members was until the benefit payments ran out.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates - The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability of SERS, what SERS' net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.22%) and higher (4.22%) than the current discount rate (3.22%). Also shown is what SERS' net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (6.00% decreasing to 3.75%) and higher (8.00% decreasing to 5.75%) than the current rate.

	19	% Decrease	Di	Current scount Rate	1	% Increase
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	9,750,166	\$	8,032,693	\$	6,667,101
	1	% Decrease	,	Current Trend Rate		1% Increase
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	6,435,815	\$	8,032,693	\$	10,151,365

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the July 1, 2019, actuarial valuation, compared with July 1, 2018, are presented below:

	July 1	, 2019	July 1	, 2018	
Inflation	2.50%		2.50%		
Projected salary increases	12.50% at age 20) to	12.50% at age 20) to	
	2.50% at age 65		2.50% at age 65		
Investment rate of return	7.45%, net of inv expenses, includ		7.45%, net of investment expenses, including inflation		
Payroll increases	3.00%		3.00%		
Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA)	0.00%		0.00%		
Discounted rate of return	7.45%		7.45%		
Blended discount rate of return	N/A		N/A		
Health care cost trends					
	Initial	Ultimate	Initial	Ultimate	
Medical					
Pre-Medicare	5.87%	4.00%	6.00%	4.00%	
Medicare	4.93%	4.00%	5.00%	4.00%	
Prescription Drug					
Pre-Medicare	7.73%	4.00%	8.00%	4.00%	
Medicare	9.62%	4.00%	-5.23%	4.00%	

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

Assumption Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - There were no changes in assumptions since the prior measurement date of June 30, 2018.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Benefit Term Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - There was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were trended to the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020 to reflect the current price renewals. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2020 from 1.944% to 1.984% per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation*	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return **
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

* Target weights will be phased in over a 24-month period concluding on July 1, 2019.

**10-Year geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB asset was 7.45% as of June 30, 2019. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes STRS Ohio continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care plan investments of 7.45% was used to measure the total OPEB asset as of June 30, 2019.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate - The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2019, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45%, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.45%) or one percentage point higher (8.45%) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

	19	% Decrease	Di	Current scount Rate	1	% Increase
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$	3,547,590	\$	4,157,489	\$	4,670,273
	1^	% Decrease	1	Current Trend Rate		1% Increase
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$	4,714,403	\$	4,157,489	\$	3,475,407

NOTE 15 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to assigned or committed fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis); and,
- (d) Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 15 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - (Continued)

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	General fund
Budget basis	\$ 1,772,833
Net adjustment for revenue accruals	(118,332)
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals	977,122
Net adjustment for other sources/uses	(714,077)
Funds budgeted elsewhere	(175,867)
Adjustment for encumbrances	2,612,757
GAAP basis	\$ 4,354,436

Certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a GAAP basis. This includes the uniform school supplies fund, the public school support fund, the District agency fund, the District rotary fund, the recreation fund and the underground storage tank fund.

NOTE 16 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous Federal, State and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds; however, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District at June 30, 2020.

B. Litigation

The District is a party to legal proceedings seeking damages or injunctive relief generally incidental to its operations and spending projects. The District management is of the opinion that disposition of the claim and legal proceedings will not have a material effect, if any, on the financial condition of the District.

C. Foundation Funding

District foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. The Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to adjust/reconcile funding as enrollment information is updated by schools throughout the State, which can extend past the fiscal year end. The final adjustment was not material and is not reflected in the accompanying financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 17 - SET-ASIDES

The District is required by State law to annually set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statutory formula, for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end. This amount must be carried forward to be used for the same purpose in future years. Expenditures exceeding the set-aside requirement may not be carried forward to the next fiscal year.

During fiscal years 2004 and 2020, the District issued \$38,000,000 and \$2,671,999, respectively, in capital related school improvement bonds. These proceeds may be used to reduce the capital improvements set-aside amount to below zero for future years. The amount presented for prior year offset from bond proceeds is limited to an amount needed to reduce the capital improvements set-aside balance to \$0. The District is responsible for tracking the amount of bond proceeds that may be used as an offset in future periods, which was \$40,671,999 at June 30, 2020.

The following cash-basis information describes the change in the fiscal year-end set-aside amount for capital improvements. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	_	pital vements
Set-aside balance June 30, 2019	\$	-
Current year set-aside requirement	:	823,699
Current year qualifying expenditures	(•	496,751)
Current year offsets	(1,	501,566)
Total	<u>\$ (1,</u>	174,618)
Balance carried forward to fiscal year 2021	\$	_
Set-aside balance June 30, 2020	\$	_

NOTE 18 - OTHER COMMITMENTS

The District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the District's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Year-End
Fund	Encumbrances
General fund	\$ 2,045,798
Other governmental	973,589
Total	\$ 3,019,387

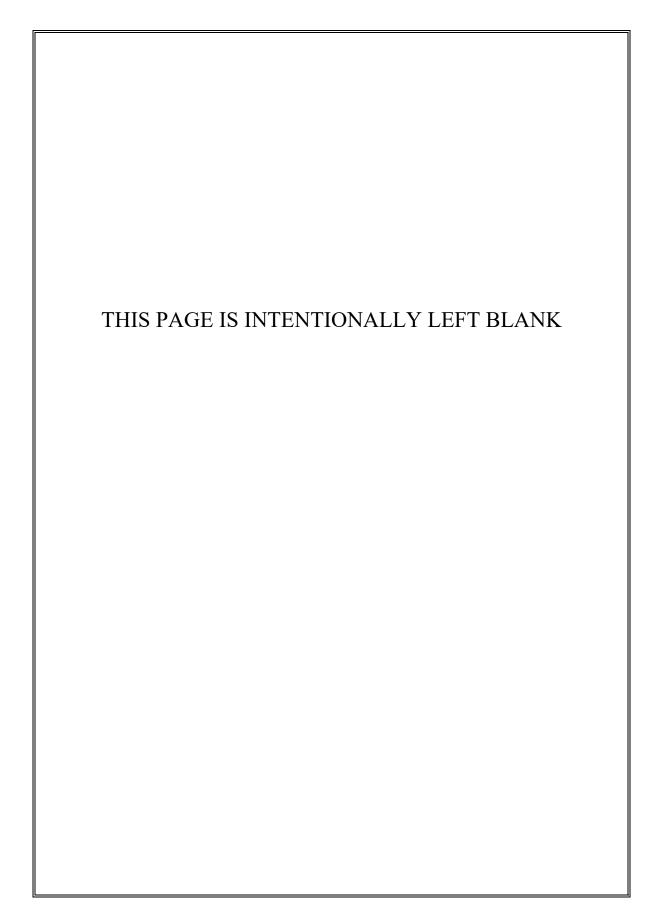
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 19 - TAX ABATEMENTS ENTERED INTO BY OTHER GOVERNMENTS

Other governments entered into property tax abatement agreements with property owners under the Enterprise Zone Agreement ("EZA") program with the taxing districts of the District. The EZA program is a directive incentive tax exemption program benefiting property owners who renovate or construct new buildings. Under this program, the other governments designated areas to encourage revitalization of the existing housing stock and the development of new structures. Within the taxing districts of the District, the City of Warren has entered into such agreements. Under these agreements, the District's property taxes were reduced by \$60,795. The District is not receiving any amounts from these other governments in association with the forgone property tax revenue.

NOTE 20 - COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the District. The District's investment portfolio and the investments of the pension and other employee benefit plans are subject to increased market volatility, which could result in a significant decline in fair value, consistent with the general decline in financial markets. However, because the values of individual investments fluctuate with market conditions, the amount of losses that will be recognized in subsequent periods, if any, cannot be determined. In addition, the impact on the District's future operating costs, revenues, and any recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS

	2020		2019		2018		2017	
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.31081380%		0.30541030%		0.30535220%			0.30236630%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	18,596,535	\$	17,491,414	\$	18,244,119	\$	22,130,423
District's covered payroll	\$	10,669,052	\$	10,402,778	\$	9,790,986	\$	9,410,507
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		174.30%		168.14%		186.34%		235.17%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		70.85%		71.36%		69.50%		62.98%

Note: Information prior to 2014 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

 2016		2015	2014						
0.29934440%		0.30179600%		0.30179600%					
\$ 17,080,882	\$	15,273,724	\$	17,946,840					
\$ 9,011,829	\$	8,769,610	\$	8,351,055					
189.54%		174.17%		214.91%					
69.16%		71.70%		65.52%					

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS

	2020		2019		2018		2017	
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.25101979%		0.26234712%		0.25410981%			0.25876734%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	55,511,518	\$	57,684,241	\$	60,364,330	\$	86,617,229
District's covered payroll	\$	29,259,014	\$	30,477,886	\$	27,872,214	\$	27,613,857
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		189.72%		189.27%		216.58%		313.67%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		77.40%		77.31%		75.30%		66.80%

Note: Information prior to 2014 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

 2016		2015	2014						
0.25283573%		0.25280771%		0.25280771%					
\$ 69,876,400	\$	61,491,584	\$	73,248,373					
\$ 26,677,657	\$	25,829,962	\$	28,375,285					
261.93%		238.06%		258.14%					
72.10%		74.70%		69.30%					

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2020			2019	 2018	2017		
Contractually required contribution	\$	1,490,865	\$	1,440,322	\$ 1,404,375	\$	1,370,738	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(1,490,865)		(1,440,322)	 (1,404,375)		(1,370,738)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	_	
District's covered payroll	\$	10,649,036	\$	10,669,052	\$ 10,402,778	\$	9,790,986	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		14.00%		13.50%	13.50%		14.00%	

 2016	 2015	 2014		2013		2012	2011		
\$ 1,317,471	\$ 1,187,759	\$ 1,215,468	\$	1,155,786	\$	1,177,431	\$	1,096,086	
 (1,317,471)	 (1,187,759)	 (1,215,468)		(1,155,786)		(1,177,431)		(1,096,086)	
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 	\$		\$		\$		
\$ 9,410,507	\$ 9,011,829	\$ 8,769,610	\$	8,351,055	\$	8,754,134	\$	8,719,857	
14.00%	13.18%	13.86%		13.84%		13.45%		12.57%	

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2020			2019	 2018	2017	
Contractually required contribution	\$	4,124,977	\$	4,096,262	\$ 4,266,904	\$	3,902,110
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(4,124,977)		(4,096,262)	 (4,266,904)		(3,902,110)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	
District's covered payroll	\$	29,464,121	\$	29,259,014	\$ 30,477,886	\$	27,872,214
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		14.00%		14.00%	14.00%		14.00%

 2016	 2015	2014		 2013	 2012	2011		
\$ 3,865,940	\$ 3,734,872	\$	3,357,895	\$ 3,688,787	\$ 3,929,104	\$	3,907,441	
 (3,865,940)	 (3,734,872)		(3,357,895)	 (3,688,787)	 (3,929,104)		(3,907,441)	
\$ -	\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$		
\$ 27,613,857	\$ 26,677,657	\$	25,829,962	\$ 28,375,285	\$ 30,223,877	\$	30,057,238	
14.00%	14.00%		13.00%	13.00%	13.00%		13.00%	

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS

	2020			2019		2018		2017	
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.31941810%		0.31125300%		0.31042100%		().30690677%	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	8,032,693	\$	8,634,999	\$	8,330,884	\$	8,747,978	
District's covered payroll	\$	10,669,052	\$	10,402,778	\$	9,790,986	\$	9,410,507	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		75.29%		83.01%		85.09%		92.96%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		15.57%		13.57%		12.46%		11.49%	

Note: Information prior to 2017 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY/ASSET STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS

	2020		 2019		2018		2017
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset		0.25101979%	0.26234712%		0.25410981%		0.25876734%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/(asset)	\$	(4,157,489)	\$ (4,215,650)	\$	9,914,427	\$	13,838,945
District's covered payroll	\$	29,259,014	\$ 30,477,886	\$	27,872,214	\$	27,613,857
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/asset as a percentage of its covered payroll		14.21%	13.83%		35.57%		50.12%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability/asset		174.70%	176.00%		47.10%		37.33%

Note: Information prior to 2017 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2020			2019	 2018	2017		
Contractually required contribution	\$	144,780	\$	224,236	\$ 220,116	\$	171,773	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(144,780)		(224,236)	 (220,116)		(171,773)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	_	
District's covered payroll	\$	10,649,036	\$	10,669,052	\$ 10,402,778	\$	9,790,986	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		1.36%		2.10%	2.12%		1.75%	

 2016	 2015	 2014		2013	 2012	2011		
\$ 157,406	\$ 228,743	\$ 171,193	\$	159,696	\$ 193,879	\$	272,013	
 (157,406)	 (228,743)	 (171,193)		(159,696)	 (193,879)		(272,013)	
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	
\$ 9,410,507	\$ 9,011,829	\$ 8,769,610	\$	8,351,055	\$ 8,754,134	\$	8,719,857	
1.67%	2.54%	1.95%		1.91%	2.21%		3.12%	

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017
Contractually required contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 	 	 	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
District's covered payroll	\$ 29,464,121	\$ 29,259,014	\$ 30,477,886	\$ 27,872,214
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013	 2012	 2011
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 264,471	\$ 283,753	\$ 302,239	\$ 300,572
 -	 	 (264,471)	 (283,753)	 (302,239)	 (300,572)
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
\$ 27,613,857	\$ 26,677,657	\$ 25,829,962	\$ 28,375,285	\$ 30,223,877	\$ 30,057,238
0.00%	0.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%

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NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

PENSION

SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal years 2014-2017. For fiscal year 2018, SERS changed from a fixed 3% annual increase to a Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) based on the changes in the Consumer Price Index (CPI-W), with a cap of 2.5% and a floor of 0%. There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal years 2019-2020.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2014-2016. For fiscal year 2017, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%, (b) payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%, (c) assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%, (d) Rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality among active members was updated to RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females, (f) mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries was updated to the following RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates, (g) mortality among disabled members was updated to RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement and (h) the discount rate was reduced from 7.75% to 7.50%. There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2018-2020.

STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal years 2014-2017. For fiscal year 2018, STRS decreased the Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) to zero. There were no changes in benefit terms from amounts previously reported for fiscal years 2019-2020.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2014-2017. For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumption affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75% to 7.45%, (b) the inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75% to 2.50%, (c) the payroll growth assumption was lowered to 3.00%, (d) total salary increases rate was lowered by decreasing the merit component of the individual salary increases, in addition to a decrease of 0.25% due to lower inflation (e) the healthy and disabled mortality assumptions were updated to the RP-2014 mortality tables with generational improvement scale MP-2016 and (f) rates of retirement, termination and disability were modified to better reflect anticipated future experience. There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2020.

(Continued)

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal years 2017-2020.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2017. For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%, (b) payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%, (c) assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%, (d) rates of withdrawal, retirement, and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality among active members was updated to the following: RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age set-back for both males and females, (f) mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries was updated to the following: RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates, (g) mortality among disabled members was updated to the following: RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement, (h) the municipal bond index rate increased from 2.92% to 3.56% and (i) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation increased from 2.98% to 3.63%. For fiscal year 2019, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate increased from 3.63% to 3.70%, (b) the health care cost trend rates for Medicare were changed from a range of 5.50%-5.00% to a range of 5.375%-4.75% and Pre-Medicare were changed from a range of 7.50%-5.00% to a range of 7.25%-4.75%, (c) the municipal bond index rate increased from 3.56% to 3.62% and (d) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation increased from 3.63% to 3.70%. For fiscal year 2020, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate decreased from 3.70% to 3.22%, (b) the health care cost trend rates for Medicare were changed from a range of 5.375%-4.75% to a range of 5.25%-4.75% and Pre-Medicare were changed from a range of 7.25%-4.75% to a range of 7.00%-4.75%, (c) the municipal bond index rate decreased from 3.62% to 3.13% and (d) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation decreased from 3.70% to 3.22%.

STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2017. For fiscal year 2018, STRS reduced the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients from 2.1% to 1.9% per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 2019. For fiscal year 2019, STRS increased the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients from 1.9% to 1.944% per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased January 1, 2019 and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020. For fiscal year 2020, STRS increase the subsidy percentage from 1.944% to 1.984% effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2017. For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumption affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from 3.26% to 4.13% based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB), (b) the long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75% to 7.45%, (c) valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified, (d) the percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased and (e) the assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal and future health care cost trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs. For fiscal year 2019, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability/asset since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13% to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45% based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB) and (b) decrease in health care cost trend rates from 6.00%-11.00% initial; 4.50% ultimate down to Medical Pre-Medicare 6.00% and Medicare 5.00% initial; 4.00% ultimate and Prescription Drug Pre-Medicare 8.00% and Medicare (5.23%) initial; 4.00% ultimate. For fiscal year 2020, health care cost trend rates were changed to the following: Medical Pre-Medicare from 6.00% initial - 4.00% ultimate down to 5.87% initial - 4.00% ultimate; Medical Medicare from 5.00% initial - 4.00% ultimate down to 4.93% initial - 4.00% ultimate; Prescription Drug Pre-Medicare from 8.00% initial - 4.00% ultimate down to 7.73% initial - 4.00% ultimate and (5.23%) initial - 4.00% ultimate up to 9.62% initial - 4.00% ultimate.



February 25, 2021

To the Board of Education Warren City School District Trumbull County, Ohio 105 High Street North East Warren, OH 44481

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Warren City School District, Trumbull County, Ohio (the "District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 25, 2021, in which we noted the District restated beginning net position and fund balance to account for the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. In addition, we noted in our report that, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures will continue to impact subsequent periods of the District.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Warren City School District
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*Page 2 of 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Kea & Associates, Inc.

New Philadelphia, Ohio



February 25, 2021

To the Board of Education Warren City School District Trumbull County, Ohio 105 High Street North East Warren, OH 44481

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Warren City School District's, Trumbull County, Ohio (the "District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying *Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs*.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of federal statues, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Warren City School District Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance Page 2 of 2

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Warren City School District, Trumbull County, Ohio complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance with a type of compliance with a material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Kea & Associates, Inc.

New Philadelphia, Ohio

Warren City School District Trumbull County, Ohio

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Federal Grantor/Pass Through Grantor Program Title	Grant Year/ Direct Award No.	CFDA Number	Federal Expenditures	Amounts Paid to Subrecipients
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION	-			
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:				
Title I:				
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	2019	84.010	\$ 739,682	\$ 0
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	2020	84.010	3,695,407	0
Title I - School Improvement	2019	84.010	10,468	0
Title I - School Improvement	2020 2019	84.010 84.010	69,387 14,702	0
Title I Neglected Title I Neglected	2019	84.010 84.010	14,703 42,436	(
Title I Delinquent	2020	84.010	13,278	(
Title I Delinquent	2020	84.010	90,257	(
Expanding Opportunties for Each Child	2020	84.010	112,643	(
School Quality Improvement	2020	84.010	363,290	0
Total Title I			5,151,551	(
Special Education Cluster:				
Special Education - Grants to States	2019	84.027	293,645	(
Special Education - Grants to States	2020	84.027	1,100,295	C
Title VI-B Preschool Restoration	2020	84.173	6,790	(
Total Special Education - Grants to States			1,400,730	(
Total Special Education Cluster:			1,400,730	(
21st Century Community Learning Centers	2019	84.287	7,457	(
21st Century Community Learning Centers	2020	84.287	140,799	
Total 21st Century Community Learning Centers			148,256	(
Title II-A - Improving Teacher Quality	2019	84.367	65,747	(
Title II-A - Improving Teacher Quality	2020	84.367	330,304	(
Total Title II-A - Improving Teacher Quality			396,051	0
Title IV-A - Student Support and Academic Enrichment	2019	84.424	13,798	(
Title IV-A - Student Support and Academic Enrichment	2020	84.424	304,199	(
Total Title IV-A - Student Support and Academic Enrichment			317,997	(
McKinney - Vento Homeless Assistance Program	2019	84.196	3,477	(
McKinney - Vento Homeless Assistance Program	2020	84.196	11,755	(
Total McKinney - Vento Homeless Assistance Program			15,232	(
Education Stabilization Fund - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief		04 4250	570 107	
Fund	2020	84.425D	578,127	(
Total U.S. Department of Education			8,007,944	0
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE	-			
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:				
Child Nutrition Cluster:				
Non-Cash Assistance (Food Distribution):				
School Breakfast Program	2020	10.553	91,576	(
National School Lunch Program Non-Cash Assistance Subtotal	2020	10.555	194,600 286,176	(
Cash Assistance Subtotal Cash Assistance:			280,170	(
School Breakfast Program	2020	10.553	894,866	(
School Breakfast Program: COVID-19	2020	10.553	58,676	(
National School Lunch Program	2020	10.555	1,941,472	(
National School Lunch Program: COVID-19	2020	10.555	122,999	·
Summer Food Service Program	2020	10.559	317,612	(
Summer Food Service Program: COVID-19	2020	10.559	785,596	
Cash Assistance Subtotal			4,121,221	(
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			4,407,397	(
			.,,	

Warren City School District Trumbull County, Ohio

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Continued)

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Federal Grantor/Pass Through Grantor Program Title	Grant Year/ Direct Award No.	CFDA Number	Federal Expenditures	Amounts Paid to Subrecipients
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable	2020	10.582	153,887	0
Child and Adult Care Food Program Child and Adult Care Food Program: COVID-19 Total Child and Adult Care Food Program	2020 2020	10.558 10.558	159,289 15,072 174,361	0 0 0
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			4,735,645	0
TOTAL FEDERAL ASSISTANCE			\$ 12,743,589	<u>\$</u> 0

See accompanying notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

NOTE A – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Warren City School District (the District) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2020. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the District.

NOTE B – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards,* wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement. The District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE C - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the District assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE D – FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the entitlement value. The District allocated donated food commodities to the respective programs that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.

Warren City School District Trumbull County, Ohio Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs 2 CFR Section 200.515 June 30, 2020

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d) (1) (i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d) (1) (ii)	Were there any material control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d) (1) (ii)	Were there any other significant deficiency conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	None Reported
(d) (1) (iii)	Was there any reported material non-compliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d) (1) (iv)	Were there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d) (1) (iv)	Were there any other significant deficiencies reported for major federal programs?	None Reported
(d) (1) (v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d) (1) (vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?	No
(d) (1) (vii)	Major Programs (list):	CFDA #
	Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010
	Education Stabilization Fund Program Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425D
(d) (1) (viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: > \$750,000 Type B: All others
(d) (1) (ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR §200.520?	Yes
		•

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None



WARREN CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

TRUMBULL COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 5/6/2021

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