

Certified Public Accountants, A.C.

WASHINGTON TOWNSHIP MONTGOMERY COUNTY SINGLE AUDIT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020



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Board of Trustees Washington Township 8200 McEwen Road Dayton, Ohio 45458

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of Washington Township, Montgomery County, prepared by Perry & Associates, Certified Public Accountants, A.C., for the audit period January 1, 2020 through December 31, 2020. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. Washington Township is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

November 09, 2021



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

September 17, 2021

Washington Township Montgomery County 8200 McEwen Road Dayton, Ohio 45458

To the Board of Trustees:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying modified cash-basis financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Washington Township, Montgomery County, Ohio (the Township), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash accounting basis Note 2 describes. This responsibility includes determining that the modified cash accounting basis is acceptable for the circumstances. Management is also responsible for designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the Township's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.



Washington Township Montgomery County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Township, as of December 31, 2020, and the respective changes in modified cash financial position and where applicable cash flows and the respective comparison budgetary comparison for the General, Road and Bridge, Police, and Fire Funds thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting basis described in Note 2.

Accounting Basis

We draw attention to Note 2 of the financial statements, which describes the accounting basis. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which differs from generally accepted accounting principles. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 13 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the Township. We did not modify our opinion regarding the matter.

Other Matters

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the financial statements taken as a whole.

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The schedule is management's responsibility, and derives from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this schedule to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this schedule directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this schedule is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Information

We applied no procedures to management's discussion & analysis as listed in the table of contents. Accordingly, we express no opinion or any other assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 17, 2021, on our consideration of the Township's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Township's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Perry and Associates

Very Marourter CoA'S A. C.

Certified Public Accountants, A.C.

Marietta, Ohio

This discussion and analysis of Washington Township's financial performance provides an overall review of the Township's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2020, within the limitations of the Township's modified cash basis accounting. Readers should also review the basic financial statements and notes to enhance their understanding of the Township's financial performance.

Highlights

Key highlights for 2020 are as follows:

Net position of Township activities increased \$7,867,999 or 21.74% from the prior year. For only the governmental funds, the increase was \$7,860,131. The fund most affected by this increase in net position was the Fire Fund. Its net position increased by \$5,416,441. The Fire Funds revenue increased by \$5,554,152. This increase is due to a new 2.85 mill tax levy passed in 2019 for tax year 2020. Overall, the Fire Funds expenses decreased by \$565,474. Operating expenses were up by \$425,709 which is related to the Covid-19 pandemic, while capital expenses decrease by \$991,183 due to the purchase of two new fire engines in 2019. The Road & Bridge Funds net position increased by \$959,243. This increase in net position is due mainly to a decrease in overall expenses of \$2,429,740. The Road & Bridge Funds operating expenses decreased by \$2,059,769 as most of the major thoroughfares in the Township have been rebuilt in the last few years. This increase in net position is a reversal of the last four years of decreases for the Road & Bridge Fund. The General Funds net position increased by \$352,604. The General Funds revenues decreased by \$696,883 which is contributed to the sale of the Hithergreen property in 2019 for \$250,000 and a decrease in the 2020 hotel tax revenue of \$120,671 due to the Covid-19 pandemic. The General Funds expenses staved relatively the same (\$44,727 decrease). The Police Funds change in net position increased by \$304,228. Overall the Police Funds revenue increased by \$26,359 while their overall expenses decreased by \$232,708. This decrease in expense is mostly related to a decrease in capital purchases of \$187,750.

The Township's lone business activity, Recreation Fund, had an increase in its net position of \$17,244. Even though the net position increased in the Recreation Fund, revenues were down \$1,052,939 while their expenses were down \$746,278 when compared to prior year. The decrease in revenue is directly related to the Covid-19 pandemic. The recreation facility was shut down from March 14 through May 25, 2020. For the rest of the 2020 year, the Recreation Center was open by appointment only. The programs for the 2020 year were not operating at full capacity and the Woodland Light show was cancelled. The Recreation Fund is also making a \$50,000 payment, per year, back to the General Fund through 2023 for an advance made to the Recreation Fund in 2017.

The Township's general receipts are primarily property taxes. In 2020, the Township received \$26,506,224 in property and other local taxes. These receipts represent 72.45 percent of the total cash received for Township activities during the year. Compared to 2019, property tax receipts for 2020 increased by \$5,406,456 or 25.62 percent. This increase is due to a new 2.85 mill Fire levy passed in 2019 for collection beginning in 2020.

The Recreation Center, the Township's lone business-type activity, showed a \$17,244 profit or a 1.37 percent increase in net position. This low percentage increase was a direct result of the Covid-19 pandemic which shut down the Recreation Center for approximately two months. Overall, expenses decreased \$746,278 while revenue, other than property taxes, decreased \$1,067,654.

Highlights (Continued)

The township has a contract with GovDeals, Incorporated, to dispose of surplus items via internet auctions. The total received in 2020 for auctions and sales was \$58,967. This is a \$248,606 decrease from the previous year but an increase of \$6,394 when comparing auction only sales. The \$248,606 decrease is due to the sale of the Hithergreen property in 2019 (\$250,000).

In December 2012, the Township approved a three percent hotel lodging tax effective March 1, 2013. There are currently five hotels within the Township. Total received in 2020 from the hotel tax was \$116,796, which is a decrease of \$120,671 or 49.18 percent when compared to 2019. This decrease is directly related to the Covid-19 pandemic.

In the spring of 2019, Ohio passed the 2-year transportation bill that included an increase in the gasoline tax. The tax increase took effect on July 1, 2019. The township received an additional \$157,997 revenue in 2020, when the tax was in effect for the full year.

The Township's tax base for 2020 increased \$19,657,830 to \$1,895,619,180, which is an increase of 0.0105 or 0.01 percent over 2019.

Using the Basic Financial Statements

This annual report is presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, as applicable to the Township's modified cash basis of accounting.

Report Components

The statement of net position and the statement of activities provide information about the cash activities of the Township as a whole.

Fund financial statements provide a greater level of detail. Funds are created and maintained on the financial records of the Township as a way to segregate money whose use is restricted to a particular specified purpose or fund. These statements present financial information by fund, presenting funds with the largest balances or most activity in separate columns.

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the township-wide and fund financial statements, and provide expanded explanation and detail regarding the information reported in the statements.

Basis of Accounting

The basis of accounting is a set of guidelines that determine when financial events are recorded. The Township has elected to present its financial statements on a modified cash basis of accounting. This basis of accounting is a basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. Under the Township's modified cash basis of accounting, receipts and disbursements are recorded when cash is received or paid.

Using the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

As a result of using the modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable) are not recorded in the financial statements. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this report, the reader must keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the modified cash basis of accounting.

Reporting the Township as a Whole

The statement of net position and the statement of activities reflect how well the Township financially performed during 2020, within the limitations of modified cash basis accounting. The statement of net position presents the pooled cash and investment balances of the governmental and business-type activities of the Township at year-end. The statement of activities compares cash disbursements with program receipts for each Township program and business-type activity. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services and grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts. The comparison of cash disbursements with program receipts identifies how each Township function or business-type activity draws from the Township's general receipts.

These statements report the Township's cash position and the changes in cash position. Keeping in mind the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting, you can think of these changes as one way to measure the Township's financial health. Over time, increases or decreases in the Township's cash position is one indicator of whether the Township's financial health is improving or deteriorating. When evaluating the Township's financial condition, you should also consider other non-financial factors as well, such as the Township's property tax base, the condition of the Township's capital assets and infrastructure, the extent of the Township's debt obligations, the reliance on non-local financial resources for operations and the need for continued growth in the major local revenue sources such as property taxes.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, we divide the Township into two types of activities:

Governmental activities. Most of the Township's basic services are reported here, including general government, police, fire, and public works. Property taxes and intergovernmental receipts finance most of these activities. Benefits provided through Township activities are not necessarily paid for by the people receiving them.

Business-type activity. The Township has one business-type activity, the Recreation Department. Business-type activities are generally financed by a fee charged to the customers receiving the service and by property taxes.

Reporting the Township's Most Significant Funds

Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the Township's major funds – not the Township as a whole. The Township establishes separate funds to better manage its many activities and to help demonstrate that money, that is restricted as to how it may be used, is being spent for the intended purpose. The funds of the Township are split into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds - Most of the Township's activities are reported in governmental funds. The governmental funds financial statements provide a detailed view of the Township's governmental operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be used to finance the Township's programs. The Township's significant governmental funds are presented on the financial statements in separate columns. The information for nonmajor funds (funds whose activity or balances are not large enough to warrant separate reporting) are combined and presented in total in a single column. The Township's major funds are the General Fund, Road & Bridge Fund, Police Fund and Fire Fund. The Fire Fund services residents of the unincorporated Township as well as the City of Centerville, excluding that portion of the city within Greene County. Therefore, both residents (township & city) pay for the fire levies that support the fire fund. The Road & Bridge Fund and the Police Fund services residents of the unincorporated Township only. Only Township residents pay for the levies that support the Road & Bridge and Police Funds. The programs reported in governmental funds are closely related to those reported in the governmental activities section of the entity-wide statements.

Proprietary Funds – When the Township charges customers for the services it provides, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. When the services are provided to the general public, the activity is reported as an enterprise fund. The Township has one enterprise fund, the Recreation Department. Residents of both the unincorporated Township and City of Centerville, excluding that portion of the city within Greene County, pay for the recreation levy. When the services are provided to other departments of the Township, the service is reported as an internal service fund. The Township has one internal service fund, vehicle maintenance, to account for maintenance and repair of all Township vehicles and for some maintenance and repairs to Township equipment and buildings.

Fiduciary Funds - Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the Township. Fiduciary funds are not reflected on the township-wide financial statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support the Township's programs. The Township has two fiduciary funds, a cemetery bequest fund for the decoration of four graves in the Centerville Cemetery that the Township maintains and a custodial fund for flexible benefit accounts for full time Township employees.

The Township as a Whole

Table 1 provides a summary of the Township's net position for 2020 compared to 2019 on a modified cash basis:

(Table 1) **Net Position**

	Government	al Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total			
	2020	2019	2020 2019		2020	2019		
Assets	_							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,824,468	\$ 185,877	\$ 1,279,433	\$ 329,403	\$ 3,103,901	\$ 515,280		
Investments	40,961,950	34,749,787	0	932,786	40,961,950	35,682,573		
Total Assets	\$ 42,786,418	\$ 34,935,664	\$1,279,433	\$1,279,433 \$1,262,189		\$ 36,197,853		
Net Assets								
Restricted for:								
Special Revenue	\$ 30,293,494	\$ 22,785,968	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 30,293,494	\$ 22,785,968		
Recreation	-	-	1,279,433	1,262,189	1,279,433	1,262,189		
Unrestricted	12,492,924	12,149,696			12,492,924	12,149,696		
Total Net Assets	\$ 42,786,418	\$ 34,935,664	\$1,279,433	\$ 1,262,189	\$ 44,065,851	\$ 36,197,853		

As mentioned previously, the net position of Township's activities increased \$7,867,999 or 21.74 percent during 2020. The primary reasons contributing to the overall increase in cash balances are as follows:

- The Fire Fund's net position increased \$5,416,441 due to a new 2.85 mill levy and a decrease in capital expenditures.
- The Road & Bridge Fund's net position increased \$959,243 mainly due to a decrease in operating expenses related to road repairs.
- The General Fund's net position increased \$352,604 due to revenues being greater than overall expenses.
- The Police Fund's net position increased \$304,228 due mainly to a decrease in capital expenditures.
- The Recreation Fund's net position increased \$17,244 which was minimal.

Table 2 reflects the changes in net position on a modified cash basis for 2020 and 2019 for governmental activities, business type activities and total primary government.

The Township as a Whole (Continued)

(Table 2) **Changes in Net Assets**

	Gover	nmental	Busine	ess Type		
		ivities		vities		otal
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019
Receipts:						
Program Receipts:						
Charges for Services and Sales	\$ 2,306,054	\$ 2,408,425	\$ 489,024	\$ 1,510,579	\$ 2,795,078	\$ 3,919,004
Operating Grants and Contributions	5,215,185	3,497,329	97,803	81,067	5,312,988	3,578,396
Total Program Receipts	7,521,239	5,905,754	586,827	1,591,646	8,108,066	7,497,400
General Receipts:						
Property and Other Local Taxes	24,662,510	19,273,821	1,843,714	1,825,947	26,506,224	21,099,768
Grants and Entitlements Not Restricted						
to Specific Programs	468,812	484,102	-	-	468,812	484,102
Sale of Capital Assets	58,147	302,926	5,605	8,657	63,752	311,583
Interest	451,225	738,205	-	-	451,225	738,205
Miscellaneous	228,519	104,249	107,337	170,172	335,856	274,421
Total General Receipts	25,869,213	20,903,303	1,956,656	2,004,776	27,825,869	22,908,079
Total Receipts	33,390,452	26,809,057	2,543,483	3,596,422	35,933,935	30,405,479
Disbursements:						
General Government	1,752,190	1,676,572	-	-	1,752,190	1,676,572
Police	4,450,297	4,495,255	-	-	4,450,297	4,495,255
Fire	11,864,307	11,432,485	-	-	11,864,307	11,432,485
Public Works	4,665,103	6,716,585	-	-	4,665,103	6,716,585
Health	174,863	180,954	-	-	174,863	180,954
Conservation Recreation	132,884	122,939	-	-	132,884	122,939
Other	1,188,354	-	-	-	1,188,354	-
Capital Outlay	1,037,472	2,682,192	-	-	1,037,472	2,682,192
Principal Retirement	-	50,000	-	-	-	50,000
Principal Loan Payment	305,157	308,352	-	-	305,157	308,352
Interest and Fiscal Charges	19,070	20,373	-	-	19,070	20,373
Recreation Center	-	-	2,476,239	3,222,517	2,476,239	3,222,517
Total Disbursements	25,589,697	27,685,707	2,476,239	3,222,517	28,065,936	30,908,224
Excess (Deficiency) Before Transfers	7,800,755	(876,650)	67,244	373,905	7,867,999	(502,745)
Advances	50,000	50,000	(50,000)	(50,000)	-,007,555	(002,7.10)
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets	7,850,755	(826,650)	17,244	323,905	7,867,999	(502,745)
Net Assets, January 1	34,935,663	35,762,314	1,262,189	938,284	36,197,852	36,700,598
Net Assets, December 31	\$ 42,786,418	\$ 34,935,663	\$ 1,279,433	\$ 1,262,189	\$ 44,065,851	\$ 36,197,852

The Township as a Whole (Continued)

Program receipts represent only 23 percent of total governmental activities' receipts and are primarily comprised of restricted intergovernmental receipts, such as motor vehicle license, permissive and gas tax money; building permits and inspection fees; fines; franchise fees; EMS receipts for medic transports; and rollback and homestead exemption dollars received from the State for the Road and Bridge, Police, and Fire funds.

Program receipts for business-type activities equals 23 percent of the total business activity receipts and represents receipts collected at the Recreation Center and Town Hall Theater for memberships, participation programs or classes, theater tickets, walk-in fees and rollback and homestead exemption dollars received from the State for the Recreation Fund. The percentage decreased to 23 percent in 2020 from 44 percent in 2019 due to the Covid-19 pandemic.

General receipts represent 77 percent of the total governmental activities receipts and 77 percent of the business-type activities total receipts. Of these amounts, 95 percent represent property taxes for the governmental activities and 94 percent represent property taxes for the business-type activities. For the remainder of the governmental activities, the majority of general receipts include interest, rentals, miscellaneous reimbursements and local government funds, which are in the general fund and received from the State of Ohio.

Disbursements for General Government represent the overhead costs of running the Township and the support services provided for other Township activities. These include the costs of the Board of Trustees, Fiscal Officer, administration department, finance department, zoning department, IT department, human resources department and the internal service fund. We try to limit these costs since they do not represent direct services to residents.

Police and Fire are the costs for providing these services; Public Works is the cost of maintaining roads; Health is the cost of running and maintaining six cemeteries; Conservation-Recreation is the support cost the Administration, Finance and Human Resource Departments provide to the Recreation Center; and Capital Outlay includes payments made in 2020 for street and sidewalk construction, improvement of sites (building and parking lots), the purchase of new vehicles and equipment, protective fire clothing, new office, machinery and communication equipment, firefighting equipment, computer hardware and software and capital improvements. Principal loan repayment includes payments on loans issued for the ESID (Energy Special Improvement District) program. ESID's consist of acquiring, constructing, equipping, improving and installing energy efficiency improvements on properties. ESID's are also assessed to the property owners through their property taxes.

Governmental Activities

If you look at the Statement of Activities (page 13), you will see that the first column lists the major services provided by the Township. The next column identifies the costs of providing these services. The three largest program disbursements for governmental activities are for Fire, Public Works and Police, which account for 46, 18 and 17 percent of all governmental disbursements, respectively. The General Government disbursements also represented a significant cost at about 7 percent. Capital Outlay and Other both account for about 4 percent of costs. Other is the expenses related to the Covid-19 pandemic. The next three columns of the Statement entitled Program Cash Receipts identify amounts paid by people who are directly charged for the service and grants received by the Township that must be used to provide a specific service. The net (Disbursements) Receipts column compares the program receipts to the cost of the service. This "net cost" amount represents the cost of the service, which ends up being paid from money provided by local taxpayers. These net costs are paid from the general receipts, which are presented at the bottom of the Statement. A comparison between the total cost of services and the net cost is presented in Table 3 below.

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(Tuble 3)										
Governmental Activities										
7	Total Cost	Net Cost]	Γotal Cost		Net Cost			
O	f Services	of Services		of Services		O	f Services			
	2020	2020		2019			2019			
\$	1,752,190	\$	1,370,610	\$	1,676,572	\$	1,265,552			
	4,450,297		3,999,138		4,495,255		4,015,720			
	11,864,307		8,760,015		11,432,485		8,521,042			
4,665,103			2,725,691		6,716,585		4,624,079			
	174,863		161,733		180,954		169,704			
	132,884		132,884	122,939			122,939			
	1,188,354		(414,478)		-		-			
	1,037,472		1,008,638		2,682,192		2,682,192			
	-		-		50,000		50,000			
	305,157		305,157		308,352		308,352			
	19,070		19,070		20,373		20,373			
\$	25,589,697	\$	18,068,458	\$	27,685,707	\$	21,779,953			
	0	Governmental Total Cost of Services 2020 \$ 1,752,190 4,450,297 11,864,307 4,665,103 174,863 132,884 1,188,354 1,037,472 305,157 19,070	Governmental Act Total Cost of Services 2020 \$ 1,752,190 \$ 4,450,297 11,864,307 4,665,103 174,863 132,884 1,188,354 1,037,472 - 305,157 19,070	Governmental Activities Total Cost of Services Net Cost of Services 2020 2020 \$ 1,752,190 \$ 1,370,610 4,450,297 3,999,138 11,864,307 8,760,015 4,665,103 2,725,691 174,863 161,733 132,884 132,884 1,188,354 (414,478) 1,037,472 1,008,638 - - 305,157 305,157 19,070 19,070	Governmental Activities Total Cost of Services Net Cost of Services Output 2020 2020 \$ 1,370,610 \$ 1,370,610 \$ 4,450,297 3,999,138 11,864,307 8,760,015 4,665,103 2,725,691 174,863 161,733 132,884 132,884 132,884 1,188,354 (414,478) 1,037,472 1,008,638 \$ 305,157 305,157 19,070	Governmental Activities Total Cost of Services Net Cost of Services Total Cost of Services 2020 2020 2019 \$ 1,752,190 \$ 1,370,610 \$ 1,676,572 4,450,297 3,999,138 4,495,255 11,864,307 8,760,015 11,432,485 4,665,103 2,725,691 6,716,585 174,863 161,733 180,954 132,884 132,884 122,939 1,188,354 (414,478) - 1,037,472 1,008,638 2,682,192 - - 50,000 305,157 305,157 308,352 19,070 19,070 20,373	Governmental Activities Total Cost of Services Net Cost of Services Total Cost of Services of			

The dependence upon property tax receipts is apparent as 71 percent of Township governmental activities are supported through general receipts.

Business-type Activities

The Recreation Center operation of the Township routinely reports receipts and cash disbursements that are relatively equal. For the Recreation Center, program receipts cover 23 percent of these activities while general receipts cover 77 percent. This percentage discrepancy for 2020 is due to the Covid-19 pandemic in which the Recreation Center was closed for approximately two months. Since it's reopening, the Recreation Center has been operating by appointment only.

Budgeting Highlights

The Township's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted funds are the General, Road and Bridge, Police and Fire Funds.

During 2020, the Township amended its budget for the General, Road & Bridge, Police and Fire funds, among others, to be in line with the County Amended Certificate of Resources. Final budgeted receipts were below original budgeted receipts due to a decrease in estimated property tax revenue. The County only certifies 95% of the property tax they estimate the township will receive. Actual receipts for the General, Road and Bridge, Police, and Fire funds were \$1,806,498 or 6.30 percent over final budgeted receipts.

Final disbursements for the four major funds were budgeted at \$60,866,172 while actual disbursements, including encumbrances, were \$25,517,159.

Debt Administration

Debt

At December 31, 2020, the Township's outstanding debt was zero. For further information regarding the Township's debt, refer to Note 9 of the basic financial statements.

Current Issues

The challenge for all Townships is to provide quality services to the public while staying within the restrictions imposed by limited and, in some cases, shrinking funding. We rely heavily on property taxes, so it is imperative that we continue to enhance our property tax base while maintaining an attractive mix of residential, commercial and green space property. The Township is primarily a residential community. The township's tax base increased by 0.0105 (1.05 percent) in 2020.

Due to the State budget cuts made in 2011, the general fund was running a yearly deficit. Over the past several years, the deficit has been eliminated. The general fund has had surpluses four out of the past five years. The surplus average over those five years (2016-2020) is \$353,544. The 2020 deficit was mainly due to the Covid-19 pandemic. A new ventilation system at our Town Hall Theatre was encumbered and partially paid for in 2020. The average deficit the four years prior to the surpluses (2012-2015) was \$655,712. The nine-year average is a \$95,014 deficit per year. Management and staff will continue to monitor expenses to reduce costs, and to look for ways to increase revenue.

Contacting the Township's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Township's finances and to reflect the Township's accountability for the monies it receives. Questions concerning any of the information in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Michael A. Barlow, Finance Director, Washington Township, 8200 McEwen Road, Dayton, OH 45458.

Washington Township, Montgomery County Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis December 31, 2020

	Governmental Activities	Business - Type Activities	Total
Assets			
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,824,468	\$ 1,279,433	\$ 3,103,901
Investments	40,961,950		40,961,950
Total Assets	42,786,418	1,279,433	44,065,851
Net Assets Restricted for:			
Road & Bridge Projects	7,569,023	_	7,569,023
Police	3,456,326	-	3,456,326
Fire	17,099,353	-	17,099,353
Other Programs	2,168,792	-	2,168,792
Recreation	-	1,279,433	1,279,433
Unrestricted	12,492,924		12,492,924
Total Net Position	\$ 42,786,418	\$ 1,279,433	\$ 44,065,851

Washington Township, Montgomery County Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

		Program Cash Rece	ipts	Net (Disbursem	ents) Receipts and Ch	anges in Net Assets
	Cash Disbursements	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants, Contributions and Interest	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Governmental Activities						
General Government	\$ 1,752,190	\$ 381,580	\$ -	\$ (1,370,610)	\$ -	\$ (1,370,610)
Police	4,450,297	20,034	431,125	(3,999,138)	_	(3,999,138)
Fire	11,864,307	1,499,494	1,604,798	(8,760,015)	-	(8,760,015)
Public Works	4,665,103	391,816	1,547,596	(2,725,691)	-	(2,725,691)
Health	174,863	13,130	-	(161,733)	-	(161,733)
Conservation-Recreation	132,884		-	(132,884)	-	(132,884)
Other	1,188,354	-	1,602,832	414,478	_	414,478
Capital Outlay	1,037,472	_	28,834	(1,008,638)	_	(1,008,638)
Debt Service	324,227	_		(324,227)	_	(324,227)
Debt Bel vice	324,227			(324,221)		(324,221)
Total Governmental Activities	25,589,697	2,306,054	5,215,185	(18,068,458)	-	(18,068,458)
Business Type Activity						
Recreation Center	2,476,239	489,024	97,803	_	(1,889,412)	(1,889,412)
recreation conte	2,170,239	100,021	77,005		(1,005,112)	(1,00),112)
Total	\$ 28,065,936	\$ 2,795,078	\$ 5,312,988	\$ (18,068,458)	\$ (1,889,412)	\$ (19,957,870)
		General Receipts				
		Property and Other Local Taxes Levied fo	•••			
		General Purposes	1.	1,285,053		1,285,053
		Road & Bridge		4,348,033	-	4,348,033
		Police		4,484,740	-	4,484,740
		Fire			-	14,544,684
				14,544,684	1 042 714	
		Recreation	a 'a b	460.012	1,843,714	1,843,714
		Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to	Specific Programs	468,812	- 	468,812
		Sale of Capital Assets		58,147	5,605	63,752
		Interest		451,225		451,225
		Miscellaneous		228,519	107,337	335,856
		Total General Receipts		25,869,213	1,956,656	27,825,869
		Advances		50,000	(50,000)	- _
		Total General Receipts and Advances		25,919,213	1,906,656	27,825,869
		Change in Net Position		7,850,755	17,244	7,867,999
		Net Position Beginning of Year		34,935,663	1,262,189	36,197,852
		Net Position End of Year		\$ 42,786,418	\$ 1,279,433	\$ 44,065,851

Washington Township, Montgomery County Statement of Modified Cash Basis Assets and Fund Balances Governmental Funds December 31, 2020

	General	Road & Bridge Jeneral Fund		Police Fund		Fire Fund		Other Governmental Funds		Govern	otal nmental ands	
Assets												
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 490,3	12	\$	300,263	\$	137,112	\$	678,331	\$	86,036	\$ 1,0	592,084
Investments	11,870,1	97		7,268,761		3,319,214		16,421,022		2,082,756	40,9	961,950
Total Assets	12,360,5	39		7,569,024	3,456,326		17,099,353		2,168,792		42,654,034	
	-											
Fund Balances												
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-		29,100		29,100
Restricted		-		-		3,456,326		17,099,353		2,129,103	22,0	584,782
Committed		-		7,569,024		-		-		10,589	7,5	579,613
Assigned	397,7	96		-		-		-		-	3	397,796
Unassigned (Deficit)	11,962,7	13		-		-		-		-	11,9	962,743
Total Fund Balances	\$ 12,360,5	39	\$	7,569,024	\$	3,456,326	\$	17,099,353	\$	2,168,792	\$ 42,0	554,034

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities - Modified Cash Basis December 31, 2020

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$ 42,654,034
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because	
Governmental activities' net position include the internal service funds' cash and cash equivalents. The proprietary funds'	
statements include these assets.	132,384
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 42,786,418

Washington Township, Montgomery County
Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Modified-Cash Basis Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	General	Road & Bridge Fund	Police Fund	Fire Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Receipts	ф. 1.205.052	A 4.240.022	A 404.740	A 14544604	Φ.	A 24 662 510
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$ 1,285,053	\$ 4,348,033	\$ 4,484,740	\$ 14,544,684	\$ -	\$ 24,662,510
Charges for Services	-	-	-	1,503,262	-	1,503,262
Licenses, Permits and Fees	380,641	885	-	920	13,130	395,576
Fines and Forfeitures	20,034	-	-			20,034
Intergovernmental	468,812	619,206	431,125	1,604,798	2,505,604	5,629,545
Special Assessments	939	-	-	-	395,619	396,558
Interest	451,225	-	-	-	54,452	505,677
Other	33,262	126,437	4,144	61,906	2,770	228,519
Total Receipts	2,639,966	5,094,561	4,920,009	17,715,570	2,971,575	33,341,681
Disbursements						
Current:						
General Government	1,752,190	-	-	-	-	1,752,190
Police	-	-	4,450,297	-	-	4,450,297
Fire	150,106	-	-	11,714,201	-	11,864,307
Public Works	44,193	4,035,129	-	-	585,781	4,665,103
Health	160,188	-	-	-	14,675	174,863
Conservation-Recreation	132,884	-	-	-	-	132,884
Other	-	-	-	-	1,188,354	1,188,354
Capital Outlay	97,903	150,160	171,593	586,893	30,923	1,037,472
Debt Service:						
Principal Loan Payment	-	-	-	-	305,157	305,157
Interest and Fiscal Charges					19,070	19,070
Total Disbursements	2,337,464	4,185,289	4,621,890	12,301,094	2,143,960	25,589,697
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	302,502	909,272	298,119	5,414,476	827,615	7,751,984
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Sale of Capital Assets	102	49,971	6,109	1,965	-	58,147
Advances In	50,000					50,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	50,102	49,971	6,109	1,965		108,147
Net Change in Fund Balances	352,604	959,243	304,228	5,416,441	827,615	7,860,131
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	12,007,935	6,609,781	3,152,098	11,682,912	1,341,177	34,793,903
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 12,360,539	\$ 7,569,024	\$ 3,456,326	\$ 17,099,353	\$ 2,168,792	\$ 42,654,034

Reconciliation of the Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$7,860,131
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because	
Internal service funds charge repair and maintenance costs to other funds. The entity-wide statements eliminate governmental fund expenditures and related internal service fund charges. Governmental activities	
report allocated net internal service fund revenues (expenses).	(9,376)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$7,850,755

Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget and Actual -Budget Basis General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Budgeted	Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Receipts Property and Other Legal Tayes	\$ 1.384.902	\$ 1,202,698	¢ 1 205 052	\$ 82,355
Property and Other Local Taxes Licenses, Permits and Fees	\$ 1,384,902 374,500	374,500	\$ 1,285,053 380,641	\$ 82,355 6,141
Fines and Forfeitures	20,000	20,000	20,034	34
Intergovernmental	441,506	441,506	468,812	27,306
Special Assessments	10,000	10,000	939	(9,061)
Interest	500,000	500,000	451,225	(48,775)
Other	35,000	35,000	33,262	(1,738)
Total receipts	2,765,908	2,583,704	2,639,966	56,262
Disbursements				
Current:				
General Government	2,437,169	2,397,534	2,043,732	353,802
Fire	174,484	160,271	150,106	10,165
Public Works	82,476	68,278	49,122	19,156
Health	199,566	199,527	160,217	39,310
Conservation-Recreation	147,024	146,900	132,884	14,016
Capital Outlay	11,646,461	11,335,861	199,199	11,136,662
Total Disbursements	14,687,180	14,308,371	2,735,260	11,573,111
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	(11,921,272)	(11,724,667)	(95,294)	11,629,373
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Sale of Capital Assets	-	-	102	102
Advances In	50,000	50,000	50,000	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	50,000	50,000	50,102	102
Net Change in Fund Balance	(11,871,272)	(11,674,667)	(45,192)	11,629,475
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	11,727,438	11,727,438	11,727,438	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	280,497	280,497	280,497	
Fund Balance End of Year	\$ 136,663	\$ 333,268	\$ 11,962,743	\$ 11,629,475

Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget and Actual -Budget Basis Road & Bridge Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Budgeted	Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Receipts Promorty and Other Legal Toyer	\$ 4.283.969	¢ 4.006.212	¢ 4249.022	¢ 251.920
Property and Other Local Taxes Licenses, Permits and Fees	\$ 4,283,969 1,500	\$ 4,096,213 1,500	\$ 4,348,033 885	\$ 251,820 (615)
Intergovernmental	574,817	574,817	619,206	44,389
Other	-		126,437	126,437
Total receipts	4,860,286	4,672,530	5,094,561	422,031
Disbursements				
Current:				
Public Works	5,761,694	5,625,581	4,291,492	1,334,089
Capital Outlay	5,715,137	5,289,965	334,544	4,955,421
Total Disbursements	11,476,831	10,915,546	4,626,036	6,289,510
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	(6,616,545)	(6,243,016)	468,525	6,711,541
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Sale of Capital Assets	5,000	5,000	49,971	44,971
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	5,000	5,000	49,971	44,971
Net Change in Fund Balance	(6,611,545)	(6,238,016)	518,496	6,756,512
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	6,216,734	6,216,734	6,216,734	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	393,047	393,047	393,047	
Fund Balance End of Year	\$ (1,764)	\$ 371,765	\$ 7,128,277	\$ 6,756,512

Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget and Actual -Budget Basis Police Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Budgeted	Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Receipts Property and Other Local Taxes Intergovernmental Other	\$ 4,420,050 402,981	\$ 4,242,912 402,981	\$ 4,484,740 431,125 4,144	\$ 241,828 28,144 4,144
Total receipts	4,823,031	4,645,893	4,920,009	274,116
Disbursements Current:				
Police	4,798,570	4,706,930	4,499,565	207,365
Capital Outlay	3,368,408	2,915,218	261,157	2,654,061
Total Disbursements	8,166,978	7,622,148	4,760,722	2,861,426
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	(3,343,947)	(2,976,255)	159,287	3,135,542
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Sale of Capital Assets	7,500	7,500	6,109	(1,391)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	7,500	7,500	6,109	(1,391)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(3,336,447)	(2,968,755)	165,396	3,134,151
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	2,902,436	2,902,436	2,902,436	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	249,662	249,662	249,662	
Fund Balance End of Year	\$ (184,349)	\$ 183,343	\$ 3,317,494	\$ 3,134,151

Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget and Actual -Budget Basis Fire Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Budgeted			
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Receipts Property and Other Local Taxes	\$ 13,908,448	\$ 13,233,740	\$ 14,544,684	\$ 1,310,944
Charges for Services Licenses, Permits and Fees	1,425,000 475	1,425,000 475	1,503,262 920	78,262 445
Intergovernmental Other	1,892,913	1,892,913	1,604,798 61,906	(288,115) 61,906
Total receipts	17,226,836	16,552,128	17,715,570	1,163,442
Disbursements Current:				
Fire	14,899,148	14,890,933	12,058,749	2,832,184
Capital Outlay	13,945,912	13,129,174	1,336,392	11,792,782
Total Disbursements	28,845,060	28,020,107	13,395,141	14,624,966
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	(11,618,224)	(11,467,979)	4,320,429	15,788,408
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Sale of Capital Assets	5,000	5,000	1,965	(3,035)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	5,000	5,000	1,965	(3,035)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(11,613,224)	(11,462,979)	4,322,394	15,785,373
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	11,396,275	11,396,275	11,396,275	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	286,637	286,637	286,637	
Fund Balance End of Year	\$ 69,688	\$ 219,933	\$ 16,005,306	\$ 15,785,373

Statement of Fund Net Position - Modified Cash Basis
Proprietary Funds
December 31, 2020

		Business-Ty	pe Acti	vities		vernmental Activity	
	Recreation Total			Total			
	Ent	erprise Fund	Enterprise Funds		Internal Service		
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,279,433	\$	1,279,433	\$	132,385	
Total Assets		1,279,433		1,279,433		132,385	
Net Position Restricted for:							
Recreation		1,279,433		1,279,433		-	
Unrestricted						132,385	
Total Net Position	\$	1,279,433	\$	1,279,433	\$	132,385	

Washington Township, Montgomery County Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Net Position - Modified Cash Basis Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Business-Type Activities Recreation Total Enterprise Fund Enterprise Funds			Governmental Activity Internal Service	
	Enterprise F	unu Ente	iprise ruilus	Inter	nai Sei vice
Operating Receipts					
Charges for Services	\$ 489.	.024 \$	489,024	\$	575,775
Property and Other Local Taxes	1,843		1,843,714		-
Intergovernmental		,803	97,803		6,997
Other Operating Receipts	107,	,337	107,337		1,281
Total Operating Receipts	2,537,	,878	2,537,878		584,053
Operating Disbursements					
Salaries	1,254,	,597	1,254,597		281,547
Employee Fringe Benefits	296,	,740	296,740		103,739
Purchased Services	242,	,461	242,461		-
Materials and Supplies	65,	,269	65,269		74,101
Repairs and Maintenance	102,	,003	102,003		127,059
Communication, Printing and Advertising	82,	,020	82,020		260
Capital Outlay	182,	,581	182,581		-
Other	250,	,568	250,568		6,723
Total Operating Disbursements	2,476,	,239	2,476,239		593,429
Operating Income (Loss)	61,	,639	61,639		(9,376)
Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements)					
Sale of Fixed Assets	5,	,605	5,605		
Total Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements)	5,	,605	5,605		-
Income (Loss) before Transfers and Advances	67,	,244	67,244		(9,376)
Advances Out	(50,	(000,	(50,000)		
Change in Net Assets	17,	,244	17,244		(9,376)
Net Position Beginning of Year	1,262,	,189	1,262,189		141,761
Net Position End of Year	\$ 1,279.	,433 \$	1,279,433	\$	132,385

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Modified Cash Basis Fiduciary Funds December 31, 2020

	P Purp	Custodial		
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	3,222	\$	12,140
1	φ			
Total Assets		3,222		12,140
Net Position Held in Trust for Cemetery Bequests: Expendable Held on Behalf of Township Employees		3,222		12,140
Total Net Position	\$	3,222	\$	12,140

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Modified Cash Basis Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	ivate se Trust	Custodial		
Additions				
Contributions	\$ -	\$	6,973	
Interest	22		-	
Total Additions	22		6,973	
Deductions Payments in Accordance with Trust Agreements Other	125		- 7,491	
Total Deductions	125		7,491	
Change in Net Position	(103)		(518)	
Net Position - Beginning of Year	3,325		12,658	
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 3,222	\$	12,140	

Note 1 – Reporting Entity

Washington Township, Montgomery County, Ohio (the Township), is a body politic and corporate established in 1796 to exercise the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The Township is directed by a publicly elected, three-member Board of Trustees. The Township also has an elected Fiscal Officer.

The Township's management staff believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Township is financially accountable.

A. Primary Government

The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the Township. The Township provides general government services, maintenance of Township roads, fire protection, emergency medical services, recreational facilities and cemetery maintenance. The Township contracts with the Montgomery County Sheriff's Office for police protection.

B. Component Units

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the Township is financially accountable. The Township is financially accountable for an organization if the Township appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and: (1) the Township is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the Township is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the Township is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide support to the organization; or the Township is obligated for the debt of the organization. The Township is also financially accountable for any organizations that are fiscally dependent on the Township in that the Township approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. Component units also include legally separate, tax-exempt entities whose resources are for the direct benefit of the Township, are accessible to the Township and are significant in amount to the Township. Washington Township has no component units.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

As discussed further in Note 2.C, these financial statements are presented on a modified cash basis of accounting. This modified cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, which have been applied to the extent they are applicable to the modified cash basis of accounting. Following are the more significant of the Township's accounting policies.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

A. Basis of Presentation

The Township's basic financial statements consist of township-wide financial statements, including a statement of net position, a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

1. Township-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Township as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The activity of the internal service fund is eliminated to avoid "doubling up" receipts and disbursements. The statements distinguish between those activities of the Township that are governmental and those that are considered business-type. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental receipts and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The statement of net position presents the cash and investment balances of the governmental and business-type activities of the Township at year-end. The statement of activities compares disbursements with program receipts for each of the Township's governmental and business-type activities. Disbursements are reported by function. A function is a group of related activities designed to accomplish a major service or regulatory program for which the Township is responsible. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services, grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and receipts of interest earned on grants that are required to be used to support a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct disbursements with program receipts identifies the extent to which each governmental function or business-type activity is self-financing on a modified cash basis or draws from the Township's general receipts.

2. Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the Township segregates transactions related to certain Township functions or activities in separate funds to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the Township at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The internal service funds are presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

Proprietary fund statements distinguish operating transactions from non-operating transactions. Operating receipts generally result from exchange transactions such as charges for services directly relating to the funds' principal services. Operating disbursements include costs of services and administrative costs. The proprietary fund statements report all other receipts and disbursements as non-operating.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

B. Fund Accounting

The Township uses fund accounting to maintain its' financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Funds are used to segregate resources that are restricted as to use. The funds of the Township are divided into three categories: Governmental, Proprietary and Fiduciary.

1. Governmental Funds

The Township classifies funds financed primarily from property taxes, intergovernmental receipts (e.g. rollback and homestead, Local Government Funds), and other non-exchange transactions as governmental funds. The Township's major governmental funds are as follows: General, Road & Bridge, Police and Fire. The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the Township for any purpose, provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio. The Road & Bridge Fund receives property taxes from two levies for the maintenance and repair of roads and streets, related drainage and right of way functions. The Police Fund receives property taxes from two operating levies in order to provide safety and policing functions. The Fire Fund receives property taxes from three operating levies and fees for ambulance service of residents and non-residents in order to provide fire-related functions plus ambulance and other emergency services.

The other governmental funds of the Township account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

2. Proprietary Funds

The Township classifies funds financed primarily from user charges for goods or services as proprietary. Proprietary funds are classified as either enterprise or internal service.

a. <u>Enterprise Funds</u> - Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are similar to private business enterprises where management intends that the significant costs of providing certain goods or services will be recovered through user fees. The Township had the following significant Enterprise Fund:

Recreation Fund – This fund is used to account for the Recreation Center's activity. It receives funds primarily through user fees, facility rentals and property taxes.

b. <u>Internal Service Fund</u> – Internal Service funds are used to account for the financing of services provided by one department to other departments of the Township on a cost reimbursement basis. The Township had the following significant Internal Service Fund:

Vehicle Maintenance Fund – This fund receives revenues from other funds for routine maintenance and repairs performed on Township vehicles, equipment and buildings.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

B. Fund Accounting (continued)

3. Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds include pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds and custodial funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held under a trust agreement or equivalent agreement that has certain characteristics, for individuals, private organizations, or other governments that are not available to support the Township's own programs. Custodial funds are purely custodial in nature and are used to hold resources for individuals, organizations, or other governments. The Township has the following Fiduciary Funds.

Cemetery Bequest Fund – This fund accounts for monies donated for the decoration of four graves. These funds will be used to maintain the four graves. Investment earnings are used for grave upkeep as specified by the donors.

Flexible Benefit Fund – This fund accounts for monies withheld from employees to reimburse them for medical and childcare expenses.

C. Basis of Accounting

The Township's financial statements are prepared using the modified cash basis of accounting. Except for modifications having substantial support, receipts are recorded in the Township's financial records and reported in the financial statements when cash is received rather than when earned and disbursements are recorded when cash is paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Any such modifications made by the Township are described in the appropriate section in this note.

As a result of the use of this modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

D. Budgetary Process

All funds, except custodial funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations resolution, both of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount the Township may appropriate.

The appropriations resolution is the Township's authorization to spend resources and sets limits on disbursements plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Township. The legal level of control has been established at the object level for all funds.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Budgetary Process (continued)

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in receipts are identified by the Township Fiscal Officer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the amended certificate of estimated resources in effect at the time final appropriations were passed by the Township.

The appropriations resolution is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation ordinance for that fund that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Township during the year.

E. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the Township is pooled and invested. Individual fund integrity is maintained through Township records. Interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents".

Investments are reported as assets. Accordingly, purchases of investments are not recorded as disbursements and sales of investments are not recorded as receipts. Gains or losses at the time of sale are recorded as receipts or negative receipts, respectively.

During 2020, the Township invested in U.S. Agencies, U. S. Treasury Notes, STAR Ohio and STAR Plus. The U.S. Agencies and U. S. Treasury Notes are reported at cost.

STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio) is an investment pool, managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants". The Township also has implemented GASB Statement No. 79. The Township measures their investments in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share that is provided by Star Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

Washington Township also invests in STAR Plus, a federally insured cash account powered by the Federally Insured Cash Account (FICA) program. STAR Plus enables political subdivisions to generate a competitive yield on cash deposits in a network of carefully selected FDIC-insured banks via a single, convenient account. STAR Plus offers attractive yields with no market or credit risk, weekly liquidity and penalty free withdrawals. All deposits with STAR Plus have full FDIC insurance up to \$50 million per account, with no term commitment on deposits.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

E. Cash and Investments (continued)

For 2020, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees or redemption gates. However, 24-hour notice must be given in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$25 million dollars. Star Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$100 million dollars, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$100-million-dollar limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Interest earnings are allocated to Township funds according to State statutes, grant requirements, or debt related restrictions. Interest receipts credited to the General Fund during 2020 were \$451,225, which includes \$319,693 assigned from other Township funds.

F. Capital Assets

Acquisitions of property, plant and equipment are recorded as disbursements when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

G. Interfund Receivables / Payables

The Township reports advances-in and advances-out for interfund loans. These items are not reflected as assets and liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

H. Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment or retirement, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. Unpaid leave is not reflected as a liability under the Township's modified cash basis of accounting.

I. Employer Contributions to Cost-Sharing Pension Plans

The Township recognizes the disbursement for employer contributions to cost-sharing pension plans when they are paid. As described in Notes 7 and 8, the employer contributions include portions for pension benefits and for post-retirement health care benefits.

J. Long-Term Obligations

The Township's modified cash basis financial statements do not report liabilities for bonds or other long-term obligations. Proceeds of debt are reported when the cash is received, and principal and interest payments are reported when paid. Note 9 displays a schedule of the Township's current debt obligations. Since recording a capital asset when entering into a capital lease is not the result of a cash transaction, neither an other financing source nor capital outlay expenditure is reported at inception. Lease payments are reported when paid.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

K. Net Position

Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Restricted net position includes resources restricted for the Police, Fire and Road & Bridge funds.

The Township's policy is to apply restricted resources first, when an obligation is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

L. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Township is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

- 1. <u>Non-spendable:</u> The non-spendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of inter-fund loans.
- 2. <u>Restricted:</u> Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.
- 3. <u>Committed:</u> The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by formal action (resolution) of Township Trustees. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Township Trustees remove or change the specific use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.
- 4. <u>Assigned:</u> Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the Township for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by Township Trustees or a Township official delegated that authority by resolution or by State Statute.
- 5. <u>Unassigned:</u> Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

L. Fund Balance (continued)

The Township applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Note 3 - Budgetary Basis of Accounting

The budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on the basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Budget Basis presented for the General, Police, Fire and Road & Bridge funds are prepared on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The difference between the budgetary basis and the modified cash basis is that outstanding year end encumbrances are treated as disbursements (budgetary basis) rather than as restricted, committed or assigned fund balances (modified cash basis) and outstanding year end advances are treated as an other financing source or use (budgetary basis) rather than as an interfund receivable or payable (modified cash basis). The encumbrances outstanding at year-end (budgetary basis) amounted to \$397,796 for the General Fund, \$138,831 for the Police Fund, \$1,094,047 for the Fire Fund, and \$440,747 for the Road & Bridge Fund. There were no advances made from the General Fund in 2020. The outstanding advances at year-end amounted to \$179,100 for the General Fund.

Note 4 – Deposits and Investments

State Statute classifies monies held by the Township into three categories.

Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the Township's treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the Township's treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Fiscal Officer has identified as not required for use within the current five-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Note 4 – Deposits and Investments (continued)

Interim monies held by the Township can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. U.S. Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Government National Mortgage Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio or Ohio local governments;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio and STAR Plus).

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the Township, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investment to the fiscal officer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Note 4 – Deposits and Investments (continued)

A. Deposits

Effective July 1, 2017, the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS) was implemented by the Office of the Ohio Treasurer of State. Financial institutions have the option of participating in OPCS or collateralizing utilizing the specific pledge method. Township deposits are either (1) insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation, (2) collateralized by securities specifically pledged by the financial institution to the Township, or (3) collateralized by the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS).

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the Township will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At year-end, the Township's bank balance of \$3,769,236 was not exposed to custodial credit risk because those deposits were insured and collateralized through participation in the OPCS. The carrying amount of the Township's deposits amounted to \$3,119,263. Of the Township's \$40,961,950 in investments, \$245,601 is covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), which is the amount held at STAR Plus.

The Township has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits be either insured or be protected by eligible securities pledged to the Township and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose market value at all times be at least one hundred and five percent of the deposits being secured; or participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total market value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State.

B. Investments As of December 31, 2020, the Township had the following investments:

			Maturity (i	n years)		
	Carrying	Less Than			_	Concentration
	Value	One Year	1-2	2-3	3-4	of Credit Risk
Fed Farm Cr	\$4,992,390	1,354,459		3,637,931		12.19
US Treas Notes	4,033,315	2,531,353	1,501,962			9.85
Fannie Mae	3,671,450	711,353		750,013	2,210,084	8.96
FHLB	3,338.502	1,943,819	644,683	750,000		8.15
Freddie Mac	1,490,049			740,049	750,000	3.64
STAR Ohio	23,186,259	23,186,259				56.60
STAR Plus	245,601	245,601				0.60
Money Market	4,384	4,384				0.01
Total Portfolio	\$40,961,950	29,977,228	2,146,645	5,877,993	2,960,084	

Note 4 – Deposits and Investments (continued)

B. Investments (Continued)

- 1. Interest Rate Risk: Interest rate risk arises because potential purchasers of debt securities will not agree to pay face value for those securities if interest rates subsequently increase. The Township's investment policy addresses interest rate risk by requiring that the Township's investment portfolio be structured so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations and/or long-term debt payments, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity, limiting investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.
- 2. Credit Risk: Money Market Fund carries a rating of AAA by Standard and Poor's, STAR Ohio carries a rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's and STAR Plus carries a rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's. The Federal Home Loan Bank Notes and Federal Farm Credit Bank Notes carry a rating of AA+ by Standard and Poor's and AAA by Moody's. The Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp. (Freddie Mac) Notes and Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae) Notes carry a rating of AA+ by Standard and Poor's and AAA by Moody's. The US Treasury Notes carry a rating of AA+ by Standard and Poor's and AAA by Moody's. The Township has no investment policy dealing with investment credit risk beyond the requirements in state statutes. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio and STAR Plus maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service and that the money market fund be rated in the highest category at the time of purchase by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service.
- 3. Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Township will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The repurchase agreement, Federal National Mortgage Association Notes, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation Notes, Federal Farm Credit Bank Notes, Federal Home Loan Bank Notes and the US Treasury Notes are exposed to custodial credit risk as they are uninsured, unregistered, and held by the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the Township's name.
- 4. Concentration of Credit Risk: The Township places no limit on the amount it may invest with any one issuer.

Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statements of Net Position: The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the footnote above to cash and investments as reported on the statements of net position as of December 31, 2020.

Cash and Investments per footnote	
Carrying amounts of deposits	\$ 3,119,263
Investments	40,961,950
Total	\$ 44,081,213
Cash and Investments per Statements of Net Position	
Governmental activities	\$ 42,786,418
Business type activities	1,279,433
Custodial funds	12,140
Private purpose trust funds	3,222
Total	\$44,081,213

Note 5 – Property Taxes

A. Property Tax

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property and public utility real property located in the Township. Real property tax receipts received in 2020 represent the collection of 2019 taxes. Real property taxes received in 2020 were levied after October 1, 2019, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2020, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State Statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31st; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due February 14th, with the remainder payable by July 17th. Under certain circumstances, State Statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax receipts received in 2020 represent the collection of 2019 taxes. Public utility real property taxes received in 2020 became a lien on December 31, 2019, were levied after October 1, 2019, and were collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The full tax rate for all Township operations for the year ended December 31, 2020, was \$19.15 per \$1,000 of assessed value for unincorporated residents. The full tax rate for all operations, (County, School, Township, City, JVS, Library and Park District), was \$131.83 per \$1,000 of assessed value for unincorporated Township residents and \$125.73 per \$1,000 of assessed value for City of Centerville residents. The assessed values of real property and public utility personal property upon which 2020 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

Real Property

Residential/Agricultural	\$1,527,680,480
Commercial/Industrial/Mineral	325,314,210
Public Utility Property	
Real	-
Personal	42,624,490
Total Assessed Value	\$1,895,619,180

Note 5 – Property Taxes (continued)

B. Tax Abatement

For 2020, GASB Statement 77, "Tax Abatement Disclosures" was in effect. This GASB pronouncement had no effect on the beginning net position as reported December 31, 2020.

For purposes of GASB Statement 77, the definition of a tax abatement is: A reduction in tax revenues that results from an agreement between one or more governments and an individual or entity in which (a) one or more governments promise to forgo tax revenues to which they are otherwise entitled to and (b) the individual or entity promises to take a specific action after the agreement has been entered into that contributes to economic development or otherwise benefits the governments or the citizens of those governments.

For the year ending December 31, 2020, all tax abatements were by the City of Centerville. The City of Centerville is the incorporated part of the Township and the tax abatements affect the Fire, Recreation and General Fund levies. The total taxable value abated by the City of Centerville is \$6,329,580. Of this total value, \$2,228,120 is through a TIF. The abated amounts are as follows: Fire Fund \$54,518, General Fund \$4,610 and Recreational Fund \$6,287. Total amount abated is \$65,415.

Note 6 – Risk Management

The Township has obtained commercial insurance for the following risks:

- Comprehensive property;
- General and professional liability:
- Vehicles;
- Umbrella;
- Cyber liability; and
- Errors and omissions.

Settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the last three years and there was no significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

The Township pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based on a rate per \$100.00 of salaries. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs. The System administers and pays all claims.

The Township is a member of the Ohio Benefits Council (OBC) and participates in a self-funded health insurance pool, the Jefferson Health Plan. A health savings account plan (HSA) is available with the insurance carrier Anthem for full-time employees and elected officials. Life insurance, through Standard Life Insurance Company, and dental, through Superior Dental Care, are also provided to all full-time employees, elected officials and eligible part-time employees.

Note 7 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan

A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

<u>Plan Description</u> - The Township participates in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans:

- 1. The Traditional Pension Plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan.
- 2. The Member-Directed Plan is a defined contribution plan in which the member invests both member and employer contributions (employer contributions vest over five years at 20 percent per year). Under the Member-Directed Plan, members accumulate retirement assets equal to the value of the member and (vested) employer contributions plus any investment earnings.
- 3. The Combined Plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. Under the Combined Plan, OPERS invests employer contributions to provide a formula retirement benefit similar in nature to, but less than, the Traditional Pension Plan benefit. Member contributions, the investment of which is self-directed by the member, accumulate retirement assets in a manner similar to the member-directed plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits and annual cost-of-living adjustments to members of the Traditional Pension and Combined Plans. Members of the Member-Directed Plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy of this report by visiting https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml, by writing to OPERS at the following: 277 East Town Street, Columbus, OH 43215-4642, or by calling (614) 222-5601 or (800) 222-7377.

Senate Bill (SB) 343 was enacted into law with an effective date of January 7, 2013. In the legislation, members were categorized into three groups with varying provisions of the law applicable to each group. The following table provides age and service requirements for retirement and the retirement formula applied to final average salary (FAS) for the three member groups under the traditional plan as per the reduced benefits adopted by SB 343 (see OPERS CAFR referenced above for additional information, including requirements for reduced and unreduced benefits):

Note 7 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (continued)

Group	n	A

Eligible to retire prior to January 7, 2013 or five years after January 7, 2013

Group B

20 years of service credit prior to January 7, 2013 or eligible to retire ten years after January 7, 2013

Group C

Members not in other Groups and members hired on or after January 7, 2013

State and Local

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit

Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30

State and Local Age and Service Requirements:

Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit

Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30

State and Local

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 57 with 25 years of service credit or Age 62 with 5 years of service credit

Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 35 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 35

Public Safety

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 48 with 25 years of service credit or Age 52 with 15 years of service credit

Public Safety

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 48 with 25 years of service credit or Age 52 with 15 years of service credit

Public Safety

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 52 with 25 years of service credit or Age 56 with 15 years of service credit

Law Enforcement

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 52 with 15 years of service credit

Law Enforcement

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 48 with 25 years of service credit or Age 52 with 15 years of service credit

Law Enforcement

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 48 with 25 years of service credit or Age 56 with 15 years of service credit

Public Safety and Law Enforcement

Formula:

2.5% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 25 years and 2.1% for service years in excess of 25

Public Safety and Law Enforcement

Formula:

2.5% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 25 years and 2.1% for service years in excess of 25

Public Safety and Law Enforcement

Formula:

2.5% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 25 years and 2.1% for service years in excess of 25

Final average Salary (FAS) represents the average of the three highest years of earnings over a member's career for Groups A and B. Group C is based on the average of the five highest years of earnings over a member's career.

Members who retire before meeting the age and years of service credit requirement for unreduced benefits receive a percentage reduction in the benefit amount.

Once a benefit recipient retiring under the Traditional Pension Plan has received benefits for 12 months, an annual cost of living adjustment (COLA) is provided. This COLA is calculated on the base retirement benefit at the date of retirement and is not compounded. Members retiring under the Combined Plan receive a COLA adjustment on the defined benefit portion of their retirement benefit. For those retiring prior to January 7, 2013, the COLA will continue to be a 3 percent simple annual COLA. For those retiring subsequent to January 7, 2013, beginning in calendar year 2019, the COLA will be based on the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, capped at 3 percent.

Note 7 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (continued)

<u>Funding Policy</u> - The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. For 2020, member and employer contribution rates were consistent across all three plans. While members in the state and local divisions may participate in all three plans, law enforcement and public safety officers participate in only the Traditional Pension Plan. For the year ended December 31, 2020, OPERS members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries (12.0% for public safety and 13.0% for law enforcement). The contribution rate for pension benefits for 2020 was 14.0% of earnable salary for state and local employer units and 18.1% of earnable salary for public safety and law enforcement employer units.

The Township's required contributions for pension obligations to the traditional and combined plans for the years ended December 31, 2020, 2019, and 2018 were \$627,262, \$628,674, and \$652,470 respectively, equal to required contributions for each year.

B. Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

<u>Plan Description</u> - The Township contributes to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. OP&F provides retirement and disability pension benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information for the plan. That report may be obtained by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164. That report is also available on OP&F's website at www.op-f.org.

Upon attaining a qualifying age with sufficient years of service, a member of OP&F may retire and receive a lifetime monthly pension. OP&F offers four types of service retirements: normal, service commuted, age/service commuted and actuarially reduced. Each type has different eligibility guidelines and is calculated using the member's average annual salary. The following discussion of the pension formula relates to normal service retirement.

For members hired after July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 52 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit. For members hired on or before July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 48 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit.

The annual pension benefit for normal service retirement is equal to a percentage of the allowable average annual salary. The percentage equals 2.5 percent for each of the first 20 years of service credit, 2.0 percent for each of the next five years of service credit and 1.5 percent for each year of service credit in excess of 25 years. The maximum pension of 72 percent of the allowable average salary is paid after 33 years of service credit.

Members retiring under normal service retirement, with less than 15 years of service credit on July 1, 2013, will receive a COLA equal to either 3 percent or the percent increase, if any, in the consumer price index (CPI) over the 12-month period ending September 30 of the immediate preceding year, whichever is less. The COLA amount for members with at least 15 years of service credit as of July 1, 2013 is equal to 3 percent of their base pension or disability benefit.

Note 7 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

B. Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (continued)

<u>Funding Policy</u> – The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for members and employer contributions. For the year ended December 31, 2020, plan members were required to contribute 12.25 percent of their annual covered salary. Throughout 2020, The Township was required to contribute 24 percent for firefighters. The Township's contributions to OP&F for firefighters were \$1,617,485 for the year ended December 31, 2020, \$1,361,596 for the year ended December 31, 2019 and \$1,150,957 for the year ended December 31, 2018. These contributions were equal to our required contributions for each year.

C. Social Security

The Township contributes to the social security program for all employees that do not qualify for either OPERS or OP&F. Social Security provides retirement benefits, including survivor and disability, to its participants.

The contribution rate for employees was 6.2% of gross salary. The Township's employer contribution rate was also 6.2% of the employee's gross salary. The Township's contributions to Social Security for the years ended December 31, 2020, 2019 and 2018 were \$23,979, \$42,557 and \$65,242 respectively. The Township has paid all required contributions through December 31, 2020.

Note 8 - Post Employment Benefits

A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

<u>Plan Description</u> – Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) administers three separate pension plans: The Traditional Pension Plan – a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; the Member-Directed Plan – a defined contribution plan; and the Combined Plan – a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

OPERS maintains a cost-sharing, multiple-employee defined benefit post-employment health care trust, which funds multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage and deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement to qualifying benefit recipients of both the Traditional Pension and the Combined plans. This trust is also used to fund health care for member-directed plan participants, in the form of a Retiree Medical Account (RMA). At retirement or refund, member directed plan participants may be eligible for reimbursement of qualified medical expenses from their vested RMA balance.

In order to qualify for postemployment health care coverage, age-and-service retirees under the Traditional Pension and Combined Plans must have twenty years with a minimum age of 60 or generally 30 years of qualifying Ohio service credit at any age. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by OPERS meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in *GASB Statement 75*. Please see OPERS CAFR referenced below for additional information.

Note 8 - Post Employment Benefits (continued)

A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (continued)

The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require OPERS to provide health care to its eligible benefit recipients. Authority to establish and amend health care coverage is provided to the Board in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Disclosures for the health care plan are presented separately in the OPERS financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by visiting https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml, by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling (614) 222-5601 or 1-800-222-7377.

<u>Funding Policy</u> - The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority requiring public employers to fund postemployment health care through their contributions to OPERS. A portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside to fund OPERS health care plans.

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the earnable salary of active members. In 2020, the Township's employer contribution rate was 14 percent of covered payroll (18.10 percent for public safety and law enforcement). These are the maximum employer contribution rates permitted by the Ohio Revised Code. Active members' contributions do not fund health care.

Each year, the OPERS Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside to fund health care plans. For 2020, OPERS did not allocate any employer contribution to health care for members in the Traditional Pension Plan and Combined Plan. The OPERS Board is also authorized to establish rules for the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries to pay a portion of the health care provided. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependants and the coverage selected. The employer contribution as a percentage of the covered payroll deposited into the RMA for participants in the Member-Directed Plan for 2020 was 4.0%.

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. Washington Townships' contractually required contribution was \$627,262 for 2020.

B. Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

<u>Plan Description</u> - Washington Township contributes to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F) sponsored health care program, a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined, post-employment health care plan administered by a third party provider. This program is not guaranteed and is subject to change at any time upon action of the Board of Trustees. OP&F provides health care benefits including coverage for medical, prescription drugs, dental, vision, Medicare Part B Premium to retirees, qualifying benefit recipients, and their eligible dependents.

OP&F provides access to post-retirement health care coverage to any person who receives or is eligible to receive a monthly service, disability, or statutory survivor benefit, or is a spouse or eligible dependent child of such person. The health care coverage provided by OP&F meets the definition of Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in *GASB Statement 75*.

The Ohio Revised Code allows, but does not mandate, OP&F to provide OPEB benefits. Authority for the OP&F Board of Trustees to provide health care coverage to eligible participants and to establish and amend benefits is codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Note 8 - Post Employment Benefits (continued)

B. Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (continued)

OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information for the Plan. That report may be obtained by visiting the OP&F website at www.op-f.org or by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

<u>Funding Policy</u> - The Ohio Revised Code provides for contribution requirements of the participating employers and of plan members to the OP&F defined benefit pension plan. Participating employers are required to contribute to the pension plan at rates expressed as percentages of the payroll of active pension plan members, currently, 19.50% and 24.00% of covered payroll for police and fire employer units, respectively. The Ohio Revised Code states that the employer contribution may not exceed 19.50% of covered police employer units and 24.00% of covered payroll for fire employer units. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB Plan.

OP&F maintains funds for health care in two separate accounts. There is one account for health care benefits and one account for Medicare Part B reimbursements. A separate health care trust accrual account is maintained for health care benefits under IRS Code Section 115 trust. An Internal Revenue Code 401(h) account is maintained for Medicare Part B reimbursements.

The Board of Trustees is authorized to allocate a portion of the total employer contributions made into the pension plan to the Section 115 trust and the Section 401(h) account as the employer contribution for retiree health care benefits. For 2020, the portion of employer contributions allocated to health care was 0.5% of covered payroll. The amount of employer contributions allocated to the health care plan each year is subject to the Trustees' primary responsibility to ensure that pension benefits are adequately funded and is limited by the provisions of Sections 115 and 401(h).

The OP&F Board of Trustees is also authorized to establish requirements for contributions to the health care plan by retirees and their eligible dependents or their surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected.

Beginning January 1, 2019, OP&F changed its retiree health care model and the self-insured health care plan is no longer offered. In its place is a stipend-based health care model. A stipend funded by OP&F will be placed in individual Health Reimbursement Accounts that retirees will use to be reimbursed for health care expenses.

Washington Townships' contractually required contribution to OP&F was \$1,617,485 for 2020.

Note 9 - Debt

The Township had no long-term debt activity for the year ended December 31, 2020.

The following is a summary of the Township's future annual debt service requirements:

		G.O. Bonds		
Year	Princ	cipal	Inte	rest
2021		0		0
	\$	0	\$	0

The Ohio Revised Code provides that net general obligation debt of the Township, exclusive of certain exempt debt, issued without a vote of the electors shall never exceed 5.5 percent of the tax valuation of the Township. The Revised Code further provides that total voted and unvoted net debt of the Township less the same exempt debt shall never exceed an amount equal to 10.5 percent of its tax valuation. The effects of the debt limitations at December 31, 2020, were an overall debt margin of \$199,040,014 and an un-voted debt margin of \$104,259,055.

On March 20, 2017, Washington Township petitioned the City of Dayton to be added to the PACE program. The Dayton - Montgomery County Port Authority issued PACE bonds through the bond fund to allow the owner to make energy improvements. The owner will be assessed through the real estate taxation process to repay the Port Authority bonds. The Port Authority has reported an intergovernmental receivable for the principal and interest less the project cash reserve held at the Port Authority. The township receives special assessment revenues generated through the real estate taxation process and remits the principal and interest payments to the Port Authority. The Township receives \$1,000.00 per installment as an administration fee.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for bonds are as follows:

	SPECIAL ASSESSMENT
YEAR	INSTALLMENT AMOUNTS
2021	\$ 308,672
2022	309,637
2023	310,046
2024	309,908
2025	309,300
2026-2030	1,550,550
2031-2032	623,513
TOTAL	<u>\$ 3,721,626</u>

Note 10 – Fund Balances

Fund balance is classified as non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the Township is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the government funds.

The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

		Road & Bridge	Police	Fire	Other Governmental	
Fund Balances	General	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Total
Nonspendable:	Conora		1 0110	1 0110	1 01100	1000
Advances	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 29,100	\$ 29,100
Total Nonspendable	-	-	-	-	29,100	29,100
Restricted for						
Road and Bridge					1,655,671	1,655,671
Police Services			3,456,326			3,456,326
Fire Services				17,099,353		17,099,353
Cemetery					32,600	32,600
Local Covid-19 Relief					414,477	414,477
Debt Service					26,355	26,355
Total Restricted			3,456,326	17,099,353	2,129,103	22,684,782
Committed to						
Road and Bridge		7,569,024				7,569,024
Lighting District					10,589	10,589
Total Committed		7,569,024			10,589	7,579,613
Assigned to						
Unpaid Obligations	397,796					397,796
Total Assigned	397,796					397,796
Unassigned (Deficit)	11,962,743					11,962,743
Total Fund Balances	\$ 12,360,539	\$ 7,569,024	\$ 3,456,326	\$ 17,099,353	\$ 2,168,792	\$ 42,654,034

Note 11 – Inter Fund Transfers and Inter Fund Receivables / Payables (Advances)

During 2020, there were no inter fund transfers made.

The General Fund did not make any advances in 2020.

In 2020, the Recreation Fund paid back \$50,000 of its \$250,000 advance that it received from the General Fund in 2017. The advance to the Recreation Fund was to cover expenses and capital improvements.

Inter fund balances as of December 31, 2020 consisted of the following individual fund receivables and payables:

Due to General Fund from:

Special Assessment Bond Retirement Fund	\$ 2,000
Lighting Assessment Fund	27,100
Recreation Fund	150,000

Total due General Fund: \$ 179,100

The balance due to the General Fund includes loans made to cover the first year expenses for the Lighting Assessment Fund, a loan to the Special Assessment Bond Retirement Fund to cover delinquent taxes not paid in 2010 and 2011 for property tax assessment on the Sterling Cove Road Project and a loan to the Recreation Fund to cover expenses and capital improvement projects.

The Recreation advance is being paid back over five years, in \$50,000 installments, which began in 2019. The Special Assessment advance will be paid back in 2021 now that the debt obligation has been paid in full and the delinquent taxes have been paid. The Lighting Assessment advance is expected to be repaid in the future.

Note 12 – Contingent Liabilities

As of December 31, 2020, the Township is presently not a defendant in any claims or lawsuits.

Amounts grantor agencies pay to the Township are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor, principally the Federal Government. Grantors may require refunding any disallowed costs. Management cannot presently determine amounts grantors may disallow. However, based on prior experience, management believes any refunds would be immaterial.

Note 13 –Subsequent Events

On January 4th, the Township approved the purchase of air packs and regulators for \$343,754.

On January 4th, the Township approved the purchase and installation of a location system for fire station alerting for a total cost of \$203,261

On February 1st, the Township approved additional funding for the installation of the location system of \$48,283.

The Township received a BWC dividend refund of \$364,495.

The Township received a real estate assessment refund from the County in the amount of \$158,245.

Note 13 –Subsequent Events (continued)

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the Township. The Township's investment portfolio fluctuates with market conditions, and due to market volatility, the amount of gains or losses that will be realized in subsequent periods, if any, cannot be determined. In addition, the impact on the Township's future operating costs, revenues, and additional recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

WASHINGTON TOWNSHIP MONTGOMERY COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

FEDERAL GRANTOR	Federal	m 4	15.1
Pass Through Grantor Program / Cluster Title	CFDA Number		al Federal
Frogram / Cluster Title	Nulliber	LX	penditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY			
CORONAVIRUS RELIEF FUND (CRF)			
Pass through State of Ohio, Office of Budget and Management			
Local Government Assistance Program	21.019	\$	1,217,189
TOTAL: CORONAVIRUS RELIEF FUND (CRF)			1,217,189
FEMA-Recovery-PA-Grant			
Pass through State of OHIO, Ohio EMA			
Emergency Protective measures:			
Materials	97.036		76,488
Contracts-Facility Disinfecton	97.036		48,859
TOTAL: FEMA-Recovery-PA-Grant			125,347
CARES ACT PROVIDER RELIEF FUND			
Direct payment from Department of Health and Human Sevices			
For EMS loss revenue	93.498		49,732
TOTAL: CARES ACT PROVIDER RELIEF FUND			49,732
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security			1,392,268
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$	1,392,268

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

Washington Township, Montgomery County

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

NOTE A – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Washington Township, Montgomery County (the Township) under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2020. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Township, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the Township.

NOTE B – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement. The Township has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.



313 Second St. Marietta, OH 45750 740.373.0056

1907 Grand Central Ave. Vienna, WV 26105 304.422.2203

150 West Main St. St. Clairsville, OH 43950 740.695.1569

1310 Market Street, Suite 300 Wheeling, WV 26003 304.232.1358

749 Wheeling Ave., Suite 300 Cambridge, OH 43725 740.435.3417

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

September 17, 2021

Washington Township Montgomery County 8200 McEwen Road Dayton, Ohio 45458

To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Washington Township, Montgomery County, (the Township) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 17, 2021, wherein we noted the Township uses a special purpose framework other than generally accepted accounting principles and we noted the financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the Township.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the Township's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the Township's financial statements. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

Tax - Accounting - Audit - Review - Compilation - Agreed Upon Procedure - Consultation - Bookkeeping - Payroll - Litigation Support - Financial Investigations
Members: American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

• Ohio Society of CPAs • West Virginia Society of CPAs • Association of Certified Fraud Examiners • Association of Certified Anti-Money Laudering Specialists •

* Unio Society of Gras * west virginia Society of Gras * Association of Certified Fraud Examiners * Association of Certified Anti-money Laudering Special





Washington Township Montgomery County Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Township's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the financial statements. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Township's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Perry and Associates

Certified Public Accountants, A.C.

Very Marcutez CAS A. C.

Marietta, Ohio



313 Second St Marietta, 0H 45750 740.373.0056

1907 Grand Central Ave. Vienna, WV 26105 304.422.2203

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749 Wheeling Ave., Suite 300 Cambridge, 0H 43725 740.435.3417

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO THE MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

September 17, 2021

Washington Township Montgomery County 8200 McEwen Road Dayton, Ohio 45458

To the Board of Trustees:

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

We have audited Washington Township's (the Township) compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement that could directly and materially affect Washington Township's major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2020. The Summary of Auditor's Results in the accompanying schedule of audit findings identifies the Township's major federal program.

Management's Responsibility

The Township's Management is responsible for complying with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal program.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the Township's compliance for the Township's major federal program based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' Government Auditing Standards; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). These standards and the Uniform Guidance require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Township's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on the Township's major program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Township's compliance.

Tax - Accounting - Audit - Review - Compilation - Agreed Upon Procedure - Consultation - Bookkeeping - Payroll - Litigation Support - Financial Investigations

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Washington Township Montgomery County Independent Auditor's Report On Compliance With Requirements Applicable To The Major Federal Program And On Internal Control Over Compliance Required By The Uniform Guidance

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Washington Township complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect its major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2020.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The Township's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the Township's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control over compliance tests and the results of this testing based on Uniform Guidance requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Perry and Associates

Certified Public Accountants, A.C.

Very Marcutez CAS A. C.

Marietta, Ohio

WASHINGTON TOWNSHIP MONTGOMERY COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF AUDIT FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 DECEMBER 31, 2020

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material weakness in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR \$200.516(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	CFDA #21.019 Coronavirus Relief Fund
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 750,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR §200.520?	No

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None





WASHINGTON TOWNSHIP

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 11/23/2021

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370