BOWLING GREEN STATE UNIVERSITY

(a component unit of the State of Ohio)

WOOD COUNTY FINANCIAL REPORT WITH SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022-2021



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Board of Trustees Bowling Green State University 1851 North Research Drive Bowling Green, Ohio 43403

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Bowling Green State University, Wood County, prepared by Plante & Moran, PLLC, for the audit period July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Bowling Green State University is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

November 08, 2022



Report Letter	1-3
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4-21
Financial Statements	
Statements of Net Position – Bowling Green State University	22
Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – Bowling Green State University	23
Statements of Cash Flows – Bowling Green State University	24-25
Consolidated Statements of Financial Position – The Bowling Green State University Foundation, Inc. and Subsidiary	26
Consolidated Statement of Activities – The Bowling Green State University Foundation, Inc. and Subsidiary	27-28
Consolidated Statements of Financial Position – Centennial Falcon Properties, Inc. and Subsidiaries	29
Consolidated Statements of Activities and Changes in Net Assets – Centennial Falcon Properties, Inc. and Subsidiaries	30
Notes to Financial Statements	31-84
Required Supplemental Information	85-89
Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Governmental Auditing Standards</i>	90-91
Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control over Compliance	92-94
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	95-97
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	98
Schedule of Findings and Ouestioned Costs	99-101

Contents





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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Trustees Bowling Green State University

Report on the Audits of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the business-type activities and the discretely presented component units of Bowling Green State University (the "University"), a component unit of the State of Ohio, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Bowling Green State University's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audits and the report of other auditors, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities, and the discretely presented component units of Bowling Green State University as of June 30, 2022 and 2021 and the respective changes in its financial position and, where applicable, cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of Bowling Green State University Foundation, Inc. and Subsidiary (the "Foundation"), which represents 95 percent, 98 percent, and 98 percent of the assets, net position, and revenue, respectively, of the discretely presented component units. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors, whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Foundation, is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audits of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the University and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the University's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.



To the Board of Trustees Bowling Green State University

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audits of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that audits conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing audits in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audits.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audits in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the University's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audits, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audits.

Required Supplemental Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedules of pension and OPEB funding progress, and schedules of contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplemental information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audits of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

To the Board of Trustees Bowling Green State University

Supplemental Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the University's basic financial statements. The other supplemental information, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (the "Uniform Guidance"), is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplemental information, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 12, 2022 on our consideration of Bowling Green State University's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Bowling Green State University's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Bowling Green State University's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Plante & Moran, PLLC

October 12, 2022

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Overview of the Financial Statements and Financial Analysis

This section of Bowling Green State University's (the "University") annual financial report presents management's discussion and analysis of the financial performance of the University during the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022, 2021 and 2020. This discussion provides an overview of the University's financial activities and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements and footnotes.

Using the Annual Financial Statements

This annual report consists of financial statements prepared in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 35, Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for Public Colleges and Universities and GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position. GASB Statement No. 63 establishes standards for reporting deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and net position. The financial statements prescribed by GASB Statement No. 63 (the statement of net position, statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, and the statement of cash flows) are prepared under the accrual basis of accounting, whereby revenues and assets are recognized when the service is provided and expenses and liabilities are recognized when others provide the service, regardless of when cash is exchanged.

Under the provisions of GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus*, the Bowling Green State University Foundation, Inc. and Subsidiary (the "Foundation") and Centennial Falcon Properties, Inc. and Subsidiaries (the "Corporation") have been determined to be component units of the University. Accordingly, the Foundation and the Corporation are discretely presented in the University's financial statements. The Foundation and the Corporation are excluded from management's discussion and analysis. Complete financial statements for the Foundation can be obtained from the vice president for university advancement at Mileti Alumni Center, Bowling Green, Ohio 43403. Complete financial statements for the Corporation can be obtained from the vice president, 230 McFall Center, Bowling Green, Ohio 43403.

Noteworthy Financial Activity

During a challenging academic year, the University's financial position remained strong at June 30, 2022, with total assets of \$917.1 million, net deferred inflows of \$84.6 million, and total liabilities of \$433.9 million, for a total net position of \$398.6 million. Net position increased by \$10.6 million from \$388.0 million at June 30, 2021.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued)

In October 2011, the University's Board of Trustees approved the planning, programming and schematic design work supporting a \$200 million reinvestment in core academic buildings on the Bowling Green campus. The scope of the capital project renewal included renovations in four of the campus' oldest, historical buildings.

Initial funding for this major capital project renewal was approved by the Board of Trustees in February 2013. On May 7, 2014, the University issued \$40,000,000 General Receipts, Series 2014, tax exempt, variable interest rate bonds.

Additional funding for this major project was approved by the Board of Trustees in September, 2015. On February 11, 2016, the University issued \$70,000,000 General Receipts, Series 2016A, tax exempt, variable interest rate bonds.

In December 2016, the Board of Trustees approved additional funding for the project. On June 29, 2017, the University issued \$35,000,000 General Receipts, Series 2017A, tax exempt, fixed rate bonds.

In February 2017, the Board of Trustees approved funding that was used to acquire two student housing facilities from the Corporation. On August 10, 2017, the University issued \$73,560,000 General Receipts, Series 2017B, tax exempt, fixed rate bonds.

In September 2019, the Board of Trustees approved a new bond issuance, which would refund the remaining 2010 bonds and fund various construction projects and campus improvements. In January 2020, the University issued \$53,685,000 General Receipts, Series 2020A, tax exempt, fixed rate bonds.

In September 2020, the Board of Trustees approved a new bond issuance, which would refund the remaining 2014 bonds. In October 2020, the University issued \$39,245,000 of General Receipts Bonds, Series 2020B, tax exempt, variable rate bonds.

In November 2021, the Board of Trustees approved a new bond issuance, which would refund the 2020B bonds. In November 2021, the University issued \$38,640,000 of General Receipts Bonds, Series 2020B, tax exempt, variable rate bonds.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued)

In June 2015, the University adopted GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. GASB Statement No. 68 requires governments providing defined benefit pensions to recognize their unfunded pension benefit obligation as a liability, and to more comprehensively and comparably measure the annual costs of pension benefits. The Statement also enhances accountability and transparency through revised note disclosures and required supplementary information (RSI). Throughout the following discussion, the impact of GASB Statement No. 68 is highlighted.

In June 2018, the University adopted GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. GASB Statement No. 75 requires governments providing postemployment benefits other than pensions (e.g. healthcare) to recognize their unfunded benefit obligation as a liability, and to more comprehensively and comparably measure the annual costs of these other postemployment benefits ("OPEB"). The Statement also enhances accountability and transparency through revised note disclosures and required supplementary information (RSI). Throughout the following discussion, the impact of GASB Statement No. 75 is highlighted.

In June 2022, the University adopted GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. GASB Statement No. 87 establishes a single model for lease accounting, substantially changing all prior lease accounting and financial statement footnote disclosures. In accordance with the statement, the University reported a change in accounting principle adjustment to its Unrestricted Net Position as of July 1, 2020 and fiscal year 2021 has been restated to reflect this new accounting standard.

In March 2020, the global outbreak of COVID-19, a respiratory disease caused by a new strain of coronavirus was declared a pandemic by the World Health Organization, and a national emergency by the President of the United States. In response, federal and state governments have implemented measures to combat the outbreak which have impacted business operations worldwide. Effective March 16, 2020, the University cancelled all in-person classes for the remainder of the spring semester and remote instruction began for all classes on March 23, 2020. For the remainder of fiscal year 2020 and throughout all of fiscal year 2021, the University reduced the scope of its onsite operations and certain courses were converted to hybrid or online delivery. Where possible, certain employees teleworked from their homes or minimized their presence on campus.

The University received funding from the Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund ("HEERF") via the Federal Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act ("CARES Act"), the Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act ("CRRSAA") and the American Rescue Plan ("ARP"). The University also received funds from the State of Ohio, as a passthrough of the State's Coronavirus Relief Fund ("CRF") award under the CARES Act. These grant funds offset a portion of costs associated with mitigating the economic consequences of health and safety protocols necessary to operate during the pandemic as well as provide direct emergency relief aid to students in 2020, 2021 and 2022. The University largely repopulated campus and returned to in-person classes for fall 2021 and continues to implement safety and health initiatives to combat new variants of COVID-19.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued)

Statement of Net Position

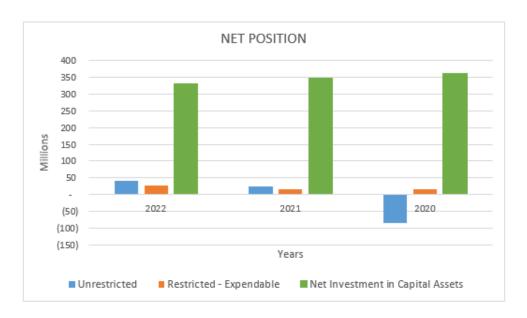
The Statement of Net Position includes all assets and liabilities. Over time, an increase or decrease in net position (the difference between assets and liabilities) is one indicator of the improvement or erosion of the University's financial health when considered with non-financial facts such as enrollment levels and the condition of facilities.

Bowling Green State University Condensed Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2022, 2021 and 2020 (in thousands)

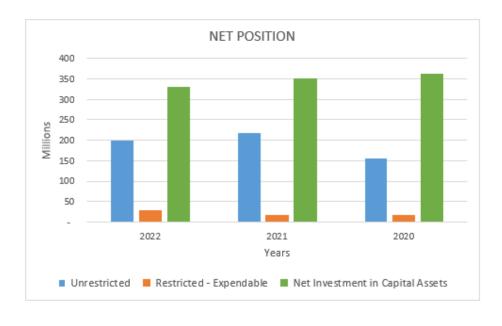
	2022	2021	2020
Assets			
Current assets	\$ 296,677	\$ 321,850	\$ 243,152
Non-current assets:			
Capital assets	570,794	593,961	600,359
Other	49,581	49,026	50,846
Total non-current assets	620,375	642,987	651,205
Total assets	917,052	964,837	894,357
Deferred outflows	41,006	32,715	41,468
Liabilities			
Current liabilities	54,965	71,019	54,243
Non-current liabilities	378,917	476,179	543,320
Total liabilities	433,882	547,198	597,563
Deferred inflows	125,606	62,335	46,010
Net position			
Net investment in			
capital assets	329,772	348,604	361,997
Restricted, expendable	26,764	14,901	15,528
Unrestricted	42,034	24,514	(85,273)
Total net position	\$ 398,570	\$ 388,019	\$ 292,252

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued)

The following chart provides a graphical breakdown of net position by category for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022, 2021 and 2020 – *with* the impact of GASB Statement No. 68 and GASB Statement No. 75 adoption:



The following chart provides a graphical breakdown of net position by category for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022, 2021 and 2020 – *without* the impact of GASB Statement No. 68 and GASB Statement No. 75 adoption:



Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued)

2022 Versus 2021

University assets totaled \$917.1 million at June 30, 2022, compared to \$964.8 million at June 30, 2021, reflecting a decrease of \$47.7 million.

- In fiscal year 2022, the University's current assets of \$296.7 million were sufficient to cover current liabilities of \$54.9 million (current ratio of 5.4).
- Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts were \$10.0 million at June 30, 2022, reflecting an overall decrease of \$33.0 million from the prior year. This decrease is related to Federal COVID relief grant dollars that were drawn in fiscal year 2022.
- Current investments were \$270.3 million, or 29.5 percent of total assets at June 30, 2022, and increased by \$6.1 million over 2021. Increase was due to the purchase of additional investments. A net investment loss of \$26.8 million was recorded during the year.
- Cash and cash equivalents were \$10.4 million at June 30, 2022 and increased \$0.9 million over 2021 primarily due to the timing of transfers between the investment pool and the operating cash account at the fiscal year end.
- Restricted assets are funds held by trustees from long-term debt issues. At June 30, 2022, restricted investments were \$19.7 million and decreased by \$2.8 million over 2021, related to bond drawdowns throughout the year.
- Capital assets (net of depreciation) were \$570.8 million (62.2 percent of total assets) at June 30, 2022 compared to \$594.0 million (61.6 percent of total assets) at June 30, 2021, reflecting a decrease of \$23.2 million from the prior year. This reflects the slowing of construction as the University nears completion of its 2011 master plan.
- The University reported net deferred inflows of \$84.6 million at June 30, 2022 related to GASB Statement No. 68, GASB Statement No. 75 and GASB Statement No. 87. Certain amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, post-retirement benefits and leases are subject to amortization and will be expensed through recognition of annual amortization amounts in subsequent years' pension, OPEB and lease expense. Employer contributions to pension and OPEB plans subsequent to the measurement date are recognized as a reduction in the liability balances in the following year. The University's net deferred inflows increased by \$55.0 million from the prior year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued)

University liabilities totaled \$433.9 million at June 30, 2022 compared to \$547.2 million at June 30, 2021.

- Total current liabilities at June 30, 2022 of \$55.0 million reflect a decrease over June 30, 2021 current liabilities of \$71.0 million due to a decrease in unearned revenue related to federal grants that were not recognized until certain spending requirements were met in 2022.
- Long-term debt and other obligations decreased in 2022 by \$9.5 million due to debt payments made throughout the year.
- Net pension and OPEB obligations at June 30, 2022 were \$71.5 million compared to \$165.1 million at June 30, 2021. The decrease of \$93.6 million is the result of the change in the net pension and OPEB liabilities directly related to GASB Statement No. 68 and GASB Statement No. 75.

The University's total net position at June 30, 2022 is \$398.6 million, compared to the prior year of \$388.0 million, an increase of \$10.6 million. This increase is attributable to a number of factors including:

- Operating revenues for 2021 and 2022 were affected by the COVID-19 pandemic that began in March of 2020. In 2021, as a result of a reduced number of students living on campus in an effort to limit the spread of COVID-19, there was a significant decrease in auxiliary enterprise revenue. Fiscal year 2022 saw a return to more typical on campus housing levels, and auxiliary enterprise revenue increased by \$19.7 million over 2021.
- Operating expenses increased by \$36.0 million in 2022 compared to 2021. Approximately \$6.9 million of this increase is directly related to GASB Statement No. 68 and GASB Statement No. 75 pension and OPEB expense (2022 results include expense reduction of \$38.6 million related to GASB 68/75 while 2021 includes expense reduction of \$45.5 million). Auxiliary expenses increased by \$8.5 million in 2022 due to increased operations on campus in 2022 as compared to 2021. Educational and general expenditures increased by \$18.6 million in 2022 and other operating expenses increased by \$1.4 million.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued)

- An increase in state appropriations of approximately \$1.1 million.
- A \$66.0 million decrease in net investment earnings due to market performance in 2022.

Of the total net assets, \$356.5 million is invested in capital assets or is restricted. The remaining \$42.0 million in unrestricted net assets has been designated or allocated for specific academic, research and support purposes, reserves, and quasi-endowments.

2021 Versus 2020

University assets totaled \$964.8 million at June 30, 2021, compared to \$894.4 million at June 30, 2020, reflecting an increase of \$70.4 million.

- In fiscal year 2021, the University's current assets of \$321.9 million were sufficient to cover current liabilities of \$71.0 million (current ratio of 4.5).
- Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts were \$43.0 million at June 30, 2021, reflecting an overall increase of \$33.3 million from the prior year. This increase is related to Federal COVID relief grant dollars that will be drawn in fiscal year 2022.
- Current investments were \$264.2 million, or 27.3 percent of total assets at June 30, 2021, and increased by \$45.2 million over 2020. Net investment income of \$39.2 million was recorded during the year.
- Cash and cash equivalents were \$9.5 million at June 30, 2021 and decreased \$0.7 million over 2020 primarily due to the timing of transfers between the investment pool and the operating cash account at the fiscal year end.
- Restricted assets are funds held by trustees from long-term debt issues. At June 30, 2021, restricted investments were \$22.5 million and decreased by \$7.9 million over 2020, related to bond drawdowns throughout the year.
- Capital assets (net of depreciation) were \$594.0 million (61.6 percent of total assets) at June 30, 2021 compared to \$600.4 million (67.1 percent of total assets) at June 30, 2020, reflecting a decrease of \$6.4 million from the prior year. This reflects the slowing of construction as the University nears completion of its 2011 master plan.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued)

• The University reported net deferred inflows of \$29.6 million at June 30, 2021 related to GASB Statement No. 68, GASB Statement No. 75 and GASB Statement No. 87. Certain amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, post-retirement benefits and leases are subject to amortization and will be expensed through recognition of annual amortization amounts in subsequent years' pension, OPEB and lease expense. Employer contributions to pension and OPEB plans subsequent to the measurement date are recognized as a reduction in the liability balances in the following year.

University liabilities totaled \$547.2 million at June 30, 2021 compared to \$597.6 million at June 30, 2020.

- Total current liabilities at June 30, 2021 of \$71.0 million reflect an increase over June 30, 2020 current liabilities of \$54.2 million primarily due to a large increase in unearned revenue related to federal grants that will not be recognized as earned until certain spending requirements have been met.
- Long-term debt and other obligations decreased in 2021 by \$4.5 million due to debt payments made throughout the year.
- Net pension and OPEB obligations at June 30, 2021 were \$165.1 million compared to \$235.1 million at June 30, 2020. The decrease of \$70.0 million is the result of the change in the net pension and OPEB liabilities directly related to GASB Statement No. 68 and GASB Statement No. 75.

The University's total net position at June 30, 2021 is \$388.0 million, compared to the prior year of \$292.3 million, an increase of \$95.7 million. This increase is attributable to a number of factors including:

- Operating revenues for 2021 were affected by the COVID-19 pandemic that began in March of 2020. As a result of reducing the number of students living on campus, in an effort to limit the spread of COVID-19, decreases in auxiliary enterprise net revenue of \$11.8 million were seen in 2021. This was offset by an increase of approximately \$5.6 million in tuition and fees.
- Operating expenses decreased by \$57.1 million in 2021 compared to 2020. Approximately \$56.7 million of this decrease is directly related to GASB Statement No. 68 and GASB Statement No. 75 pension and OPEB expense (2021 results include expense reduction of \$45.5 million related to GASB 68/75 while 2020 includes additional expense of \$11.2 million). Auxiliary expenses decreased by \$9.8 million in 2021 due to reduced operations on campus during the fall 2020 and spring 2021 semesters as a result of the University's response to implement health and safety protocols related to the COVID-19 outbreak.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued)

Public service expense increased by \$14.2 million and student aid expense increased by \$5.5 million, primarily related to COVID relief grants expenditures funded via the CARES Act, CRRSAA, ARP, and CRF grants. Operations and maintenance of plant expenses decreased \$1.7 million, offset by an increase in depreciation and amortization of \$2.3 million.

- An increase in state appropriations of approximately \$5.0 million.
- A \$28.7 million increase in net investment earnings due to market performance in 2021.

Of the total net assets, \$363.5 million is invested in capital assets or is restricted. The remaining \$24.5 million in unrestricted net assets has been designated or allocated for specific academic, research and support purposes, reserves, and quasi-endowments.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued)

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position presents the revenues earned and expenses incurred during the year. Activities are reported as either operating or non-operating. A public university's dependency on state aid and gifts typically results in operating deficits because the financial reporting model classifies state appropriations and gifts as non-operating revenues. The utilization of capital assets is reflected in the financial statements as depreciation, which amortizes the cost of an asset over its expected useful life.

Bowling Green State University Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position For years ended June 30, 2022, 2021 and 2020 (in thousands)

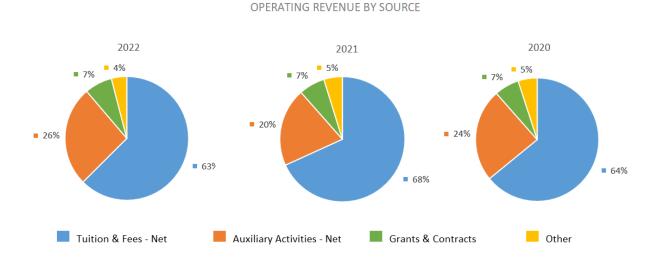
	2022	2021	2020
Operating revenues:			
Student tuition and fees	\$ 165,743	\$ 167,432	\$ 161,804
Auxiliary enterprises	69,451	49,743	61,532
Grants and contracts	19,114	16,529	16,439
Sales and service	2,998	2,487	3,252
Other operating revenues	7,689	9,241	9,372
Total operating revenues	264,995	245,432	252,399
Operating expenses:			
Educational and general	273,505	248,484	292,982
Auxiliary enterprises	57,665	48,657	62,522
Depreciation and amortization	41,191	40,571	38,235
Other expenses	3,610	2,258	3,376
Total operating expenses	375,971	339,970	397,115
Operating loss	(110,976)	(94,538)	(144,716)
Non-operating revenues (expenses):			
State appropriations	84,034	82,919	77,916
Other non-operating revenues and expenses	28,651	97,007	39,180
Total non-operating revenues	112,685	179,926	117,096
(Loss) Income before other changes	1,709	85,388	(27,620)
Capital appropriations, grants and gifts	8,842	10,454	10,021
Change in net position	10,551	95,842	(17,599)
Net position			
Net position at the beginning of the year	388,019	292,252	309,851
Adjustment for change in accounting principle		(75)	
Net position at the end of year	\$ 398,570	\$ 388,019	\$ 292,252

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued)

Operating Revenues

Operating revenues include all transactions that result from the sales and/or receipts of goods and services such as tuition and fees, student housing, and other auxiliary units. In addition, certain federal, state and private grants are considered operating if they are a contract for services and not for capital purposes.

Following is a graphic illustration of operating revenue by source at June 30:



2022 versus 2021

The most significant sources of operating revenues for the University are tuition and fees of \$165.7 million, which decreased \$1.7 million, or 1.0 percent over 2021.

Auxiliary enterprises, another significant source of University revenues, increased from \$49.7 million in 2021 to \$69.5 million in 2022. The increase in auxiliary revenue was primarily due to increased housing, dining and parking services in academic year 2021-2022, as compared to academic year 2020-2021, which was during the peak of the COVID-19 pandemic.

Grants and contracts revenue of \$19.1 million for the year ending June 30, 2022 reflect an increase of \$2.6 million over 2021 and is due to timing fluctuations of grant expenditures year over year, and the timing of grant end dates and the beginning dates of renewals/new grants.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued)

2021 versus 2020

The most significant sources of operating revenues for the University are tuition and fees of \$167.4 million, which increased \$5.6 million, or 3.5 percent over 2020. Increases in student tuition and fees are due to enrollment increases in online and graduate students, which offset a decrease in undergraduate enrollment from the prior year.

Auxiliary enterprises, another significant source of University revenues, decreased from \$61.5 million in 2020 to \$49.7 million in 2021. The decline in auxiliary revenue was primarily due to reduced housing, dining and parking services in fall 2020 and spring 2021, due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

Grants and contracts revenue of \$16.5 million for the year ending June 30, 2021 reflect an increase of \$0.1 million over 2020 and is due to timing fluctuations of grant expenditures year over year, and the timing of grant end dates and the beginning dates of renewals/new grants.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued)

Operating Expenses

Operating expenses are all costs necessary to perform and conduct the programs and primary purposes of the University.

2022 versus 2021

Total operating expenditures of \$376.0 million for 2022 increased overall by \$36.0 million, or 10.6 percent over 2021.

- Educational and general expenditures consist of instruction, research, public services, academic support, student services, institutional support, operations and maintenance of plant and student aid totaled \$273.5 million for 2022 compared to \$248.5 million for 2021, reflecting an overall increase of \$25.0 million, of which \$6.9 million is related to pension and OPEB expense due to GASB Statement No. 68 and GASB Statement No. 75.
- Auxiliary enterprise expenses increased \$8.5 million in 2022 due to increased housing, dining and parking services in academic year 2021-2022.
- Other operating expenses increased \$1.4 million in 2022 due to an increase in campus maintenance projects.

2021 versus 2020

Total operating expenditures of \$340.0 million for 2021 decreased overall by \$57.1 million, or 14.4 percent over 2020.

- Educational and general expenditures consist of instruction, research, public services, academic support, student services, institutional support, operations and maintenance of plant and student aid totaled \$248.5 million for 2021 compared to \$293.0 million for 2020, reflecting an overall decrease of \$43.5 million, of which \$52.7 million is related to pension and OPEB expense due to GASB Statement No. 68 and GASB Statement No. 75.
- In other operating expense categories, depreciation and amortization expense increased approximately \$2.3 million directly related to ongoing construction initiatives.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued)

Non-operating Revenues

Non-operating revenues are all revenue sources that are primarily non-exchange in nature. They consist primarily of state appropriations, Pell and other grant reimbursements, and investment income (including realized and unrealized gains and losses).

Non-operating revenue was impacted by the following factors:

- State appropriations remain the most significant source of non-operating revenue, and totaled \$84.0 million in the current year, reflecting an increase of \$1.1 million, or 1.3 percent over 2021.
- Non-exchange grants and contracts had an overall decrease of \$2.4 million in 2022, primarily due to the exhaustion of the CARES Act, CRRSAA, ARP and CRF grants awarded to the University.
- Net investment loss of \$26.8 million reflects a decrease of \$66.0 million over prior year due to market performance during fiscal year 2022.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

At June 30, 2022, the University had \$570.8 million of capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation), compared to \$594.0 million of net capital assets for the prior fiscal year. In the current year, there was a decrease of \$23.2 million to capital assets. This is due to the slowing of construction, as the University nears completion of its 2011 master plan. The charges for depreciation and amortization included in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position were \$41.2 million for 2022 and \$40.6 million for 2021. Detailed information about the University's capital assets is presented in Note 5 to the financial statements.

In January 2020, the University issued \$53,685,000 of General Receipts Bonds, Series 2020A, fixed rate bonds. The proceeds were used to refund the remaining 2010 bonds and to fund various construction projects and campus improvements.

In October 2020, the University issued \$39,245,000 of General Receipts Bonds, Series 2020B, variable rate bonds. The proceeds were used to refund the remaining 2014 bonds.

In November 2021, the University issued \$38,640,000 of General Receipts Bonds, Series 2021A, variable rate bonds. The proceeds were used to refund the remaining 2020B bonds.

More detailed information about the University's long-term debt is presented in Note 7 to the financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued)

Statement of Cash Flows

The Statement of Cash Flows presents information related to cash inflows and outflows summarized by operating, non-capital financing activities, capital financing activities and investing activities, and helps measure the ability to meet financial obligations as they mature.

Bowling Green State University Condensed Statement of Cash Flows For years ended June 30, 2022, 2021 and 2020 (in thousands)

	2022		2021		 2020
Cash provided (used) by:					
Operating activities	\$	(94,284)	\$ ((119,316)	\$ (90,547)
Non-capital financing activities		147,139		148,382	115,666
Capital financing activities		(23,986)		(32,143)	(34,295)
Investing activities		(27,981)		2,321	10,766
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		888		(756)	1,590
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		9,466		10,222	8,632
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	10,354	\$	9,466	\$ 10,222

For the year ended June 30, 2022:

- Major sources of cash provided by operating activities included student tuition and fees of \$163.9 million, auxiliary enterprises of \$69.4 million, and research grants and contracts of \$31.6 million. Major uses of cash in operations included payments to employees and benefits of \$227.6 million, payments to vendors for supplies and services of \$106.9 million, and payments for scholarships and fellowships of \$35.9 million.
- Non-capital financing activities included cash provided from state appropriations of \$84.0 million and grants received for other than capital purposes (primarily from the CARES Act, CRRSAA, ARP, CRR grants and the Federal Pell Grant Program) of \$63.7 million.
- Primary sources of cash from capital financing activities were new debt proceeds of \$38.5 million, state capital appropriations of \$6.4 million and capital grants received of \$2.5 million. Cash used to purchase capital assets was \$17.8 million, principal paid on long-term debt was \$43.9 million, and interest paid on long-term debt was \$9.6 million.
- Investing activities included proceeds from sales and maturities of investments of \$37.4 million and investment income of \$4.4 million. Purchases of investments were \$69.8 million.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2021:

- Major sources of cash provided by operating activities included student tuition and fees of \$171.0 million, auxiliary enterprises of \$46.2 million, and research grants and contracts of \$3.1 million. Major uses of cash in operations included payments to employees and benefits of \$221.1 million, payments to vendors for supplies and services of \$100.9 million, and payments for scholarships and fellowships of \$27.5 million.
- Non-capital financing activities included cash provided from state appropriations of \$82.9 million and grants received for other than capital purposes (primarily from the CARES Act, CRRSAA, ARP, CRR grants and the Federal Pell Grant Program) of \$66.1 million.
- Primary sources of cash from capital financing activities were new debt proceeds of \$39.2 million, state capital appropriations of \$7.5 million and capital grants received of \$2.9 million. Cash used to purchase capital assets was \$27.6 million, principal paid on long-term debt was \$44.5 million, and interest paid on long-term debt was \$9.7 million.
- Investing activities included proceeds from sales and maturities of investments of \$121.9 million and investment income of \$10.1 million. Purchases of investments were \$129.7 million.

Economic Factors That Will Affect the Future

The University's ability to successfully fulfill its mission and execute its strategic plan is directly influenced by enrollment, legislative restrictions on tuition, changes in state support, and the cost of employee compensation, health care, technology and utilities.

The economic position of the University is closely tied to the economic condition of the state, as all state universities in Ohio receive state financial support for both operations and capital improvements through appropriations by the legislature. These appropriations contribute substantially to the successful maintenance and operation of the University.

Although the COVID pandemic had a negative impact on the incoming first year class size in fall of 2020 (-300) and again in the fall of 2021 (-200), the incoming first year class in the fall of 2022 has increased (+200) while face-to-face graduate enrollment is expected to be flat for fall of 2022. As the pandemic concludes, the University intends to remain focused on recovering lost enrollments and growing specific undergraduate and graduate programs with high student and employer demand.

In the spring of 2022, the University opened a 11,000 sq. ft. addition to the Bowling Green Flight Center on campus to help support the continued growth in the Aviation Studies major. The expansion will house several flight simulators including a jet simulator as well as additional

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued)

classrooms, flight instructor offices and flight operations. BGSU's Aviation Studies program is now the largest in Ohio. Students graduating from the program with experience in a jet simulator and a multi-person cockpit will be well prepared to join the commercial aviation industry.

Recognizing the critical nursing shortage, the University launched a School of Nursing in June of 2020. To help support the dramatic demand and growth in the program, the University completed a large nursing skills lab and simulation center which provides BGSU students, and practicing nurses in need of continuing professional education, access to state-of the-art computerized mannequins and mock patient scenarios in a realistic healthcare environment. In addition, development of a master's level degree is in progress.

Recognizing the growing need nationally for health care professionals, the University began exploring several professional masters and doctoral level program opportunities in late 2018. A School of Physical Therapy was approved by the Board of Trustees in June of 2020. Following approval from the Ohio Department of Higher Education and all required accrediting authorities, an accelerated 24 month Doctor of Physical Therapy program was announced and the inaugural class of 100 students from 27 different states began their studies in August of 2022.

Finally, with the demolition of the Administration Building and fall 2022 completion of a new Alumni Gateway on the redeveloped site, the University's ten-year Campus Master Plan work is concluded. Preparation has already begun to select a professional consulting team to begin the work of developing the University's second campus master plan which will provide a prioritized capital improvement roadmap for the next decade and beyond.

Statements of Net Position

	June 30			
		2022	2021 -	
			As restated	
Assets				
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$	10 252 702	\$ 9,466,178	
	Ф	10,353,793	\$ 9,466,178 264,207,351	
Investments Accounts receivable, net		270,270,576 9,607,718	42,657,607	
Inventories		553,161	609,216	
Notes receivable		1,307,869	1,500,918	
Prepaid and other assets		4,583,969	3,409,160	
Total current assets		296,677,086	321,850,430	
Noncurrent assets:				
Investments		5,038,050	7,168,700	
Assets - restricted		19,657,258	22,450,411	
Accounts receivable, net		364,374	325,548	
Cash surrender value of life insurance and annuities		628,827	600,761	
Notes receivable		2,114,734	2,582,963	
Capital assets, net		570,794,238	593,961,000	
OPEB asset		21,778,218	15,898,102	
Total noncurrent assets		620,375,699	642,987,485	
Total assets	\$	917,052,785	\$ 964,837,915	
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Deferred outflows related to pensions		39,836,529	28,177,447	
Deferred outflows related to OPEB		1,169,593	4,537,811	
Total deferred outflows of resources		41,006,122	32,715,258	
Total deferred outflows of resources		11,000,122	32,713,230	
Liabilities				
Current liabilities:		25 221 021	20.554.924	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Unearned revenue		25,321,031	20,554,834	
Deposits		12,215,440 1,260,223	34,811,465 11,305	
Current portion of long-term debt and other obligations		16,168,268	15,641,465	
Total current liabilities		54,964,962	71,019,069	
Total current flaofinites		34,704,702	71,019,009	
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Long-term debt and other obligations		285,637,199	295,175,274	
Net pension liability		93,279,218	181,003,356	
Total noncurrent liabilities		378,916,417	476,178,630	
Total liabilities		433,881,379	547,197,699	
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Deferred inflows related to pensions		101,555,072	29,109,289	
Deferred inflows related to OPEB		23,497,851	32,678,909	
Deferred inflows related to leases		553,465	547,152	
Total deferred inflows of resources		125,606,388	62,335,350	
Net position				
Net investment in capital assets		329,771,815	348,604,404	
Restricted for expendable:		527,771,013	2 10,00 1, 104	
Loans		1,400,361	1,533,201	
Capital projects		25,363,364	13,367,719	
Unrestricted		42,035,600	24,514,800	
Total net position	\$	398,571,140	\$ 388,020,124	
		, , ,	, -,	

See accompanying notes.

Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

	Year Ende	d June 30
	 2022	2021 - As Restated
Revenues		
Operating revenues:		
Student tuition and fees (net of scholarship allowances of \$64,705,549 for 2022		
and \$61,353,189 for 2021)	\$ 165,742,652 \$	167,432,333
Federal grants and contracts	8,136,453	7,435,510
State grants and contracts	3,869,507	3,776,875
Nongovernmental grants and contracts	7,108,342	5,316,945
Sales and services of educational departments	2,998,081	2,486,834
Auxiliary enterprises (net of scholarship allowances of \$2,664,808 for 2022		
and \$2,576,179 for 2021)	69,450,763	49,742,616
Other operating revenues	 7,689,256	9,241,084
Total operating revenues	264,995,054	245,432,197
Expenses		
Operating expenses:		
Educational and general:		
Instruction	123,774,681	114,543,751
Research	10,795,881	9,143,424
Public services	5,058,986	18,930,734
Academic support	20,988,967	20,250,539
Student services	17,854,650	13,697,093
Institutional support	35,687,084	28,332,237
Operations and maintenance of plant	23,402,951	16,053,472
Student aid	35,941,414	27,532,287
Auxiliary enterprises	57,664,967	48,656,536
Depreciation and amortization	41,190,797	40,571,443
Other expenses	3,610,345	2,257,776
Total operating expenses	 375,970,723	339,969,292
Operating loss	 (110,975,669)	(94,537,095)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):		
State appropriations	84,033,695	82,918,915
Non-exchange grants and contracts	63,701,887	66,060,346
Investment (loss) income, net	(26,835,315)	39,219,575
Interest on capital asset-related debt	(7,618,983)	(7,676,246)
In-kind support – Centennial Falcon Properties, Inc.	(596,800)	(596,800)
Net nonoperating revenues	 112,684,484	179,925,790
Gain before other changes	 1,708,815	85,388,695
Other changes:		
Capital appropriations	6,362,969	7,541,584
	2,479,232	
Capital grants and gifts		2,912,414
Total other changes	 8,842,201	10,453,998
Change in net position	10,551,016	95,842,693
Net position		
Net position at the beginning of year	388,020,124	292,252,055
Adjustment for change in accounting principle GASB 87	 	(74,624)
Net position at the end of year	\$ 398,571,140 \$	388,020,124

Statements of Cash Flows

	Year Ended June 30			
	2022	2021 - As Restated		
Operating activities		_		
Tuition and fees	\$ 163,931,991	\$ 171,034,544		
Research grants and contracts	31,621,179	3,071,764		
Payments to vendors for supplies and services	(106,872,853)	(100,883,198)		
Payments to employees and benefits	(227,615,094)	(221,139,325)		
Payments for scholarships and fellowships	(35,941,414)	(27,532,287)		
Student loans granted, net of repayments	645,551	1,116,541		
Auxiliary enterprises	69,449,390	46,244,820		
Sales and services of educational departments	2,996,446	2,502,113		
Direct lending receipts	110,941,085	117,741,654		
Direct lending disbursements	(111,025,484)	(117,956,825)		
Other receipts	7,585,320	6,484,225		
Net cash used in operating activities	(94,283,883)	(119,315,974)		
Noncapital financing activities				
State appropriations	84,033,695	82,918,915		
Grants received for other than capital purposes	63,701,887	66,060,346		
In-kind support – Centennial Falcon Properties, Inc.	(596,800)	(596,800)		
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	147,138,782	148,382,461		
Capital financing activities				
Proceeds from capital debt	38,460,000	39,245,000		
Capital appropriations	6,362,969	7,541,584		
Capital grants received	2,479,232	2,912,414		
Purchases of capital assets	(17,822,165)	(27,597,599)		
Principal paid on long-term debt	(43,895,000)	(44,500,000)		
Interest paid on long-term debt	(9,571,004)	(9,744,822)		
Net cash used in capital financing activities	(23,985,968)	(32,143,423)		
Turned to a contraction	•	,		
Investing activities	27 250 512	121 007 210		
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments	37,350,513	121,896,218		
Investment income	4,445,051	10,113,361		
Purchase of investments	 (69,776,880)	(129,688,198)		
Net cash (used) provided by investing activities	 (27,981,316)	2,321,381		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	887,615	(755,555)		
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	9,466,178	10,221,733		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 10,353,793	\$ 9,466,178		

See accompanying notes

Statements of Cash Flows (continued)

	Ye 202	ear Ended 2	d June 30 2021 - As Restated		
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used					
in operating activities:					
Operating loss	\$ (110,9	75,669) \$	(94,537,095)		
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash					
used in operating activities:					
Depreciation and amortization	41,1	90,797	40,571,443		
Pension and OPEB gain	(38,6	30,392)	(45,486,667)		
Lease expense	(1,7	98,164)	(1,296,584)		
Changes in assets and liabilities:					
Accounts receivable, net	33,0	11,064	(32,698,204)		
Inventories		56,055	32,097		
Other assets	(1,1	74,809)	(1,244,848)		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	4,7	70,592	(2,796,084)		
Unearned revenue	(22,5	96,025)	19,608,113		
Deposits held for others	1,2	48,917	(1,995,281)		
Compensated absences	5	83,164	(609,722)		
Loans to students		30,587	1,136,858		
Net cash used in operating activities	\$ (94,2	83,883) \$	(119,315,974)		

See accompanying notes.

THE BOWLING GREEN STATE UNIVERSITY FOUNDATION, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION June 30, 2022 and 2021

ASSETS		<u>2022</u>		<u>2021</u>
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,728,607	\$	1,671,854
Contributions receivable, net of allowance	Ψ	1,720,007	Ψ	1,07 1,004
for uncollectible contributions of \$2,313,793 in 2022				
and \$2,535,096 in 2021		4,456,998		3,857,466
Total current assets		6,185,605		5,529,320
Investments				
Fixed income funds		44,347,547		68,176,724
Mutual funds		150,740,911		150,988,700
Alternative investments		33,372,844		30,290,580
Corporate stocks		703,099		817,453
Money market funds		23,709,919		28,402,817
Total investments		252,874,320		278,676,274
Drawaid and ather assets		0.000		20.470
Prepaid and other assets		2,228		32,479
Long-term contributions receivable, net of allowance				
for uncollectible contributions of \$403,735 in 2022 and		7 005 005		E 00E 00E
\$315,284 in 2021		7,225,895		5,825,305
Beneficial interest in trust held by others		1,774,364		1,740,338
Cash value of life insurance		1,693,375		1,797,223
Total assets	\$	269,755,787	\$	293,600,939
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS				
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS Current liabilities				
	\$	460.074	ф	249 546
Accounts payable Total current liabilities	Φ	469,971 469,971	\$	348,546 348,546
Total current liabilities		409,971		340,340
Annuities payable		3,137,502		3,655,184
Total liabilities		3,607,473		4,003,730
Net assets				
Without donor restrictions		19,928,873		28,923,225
With donor restrictions		246,219,441		260,673,984
Total net assets		266,148,314		289,597,209
Total liabilities and net assets	Φ	269,755,787	\$	293,600,939
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THE BOWLING GREEN STATE UNIVERSITY FOUNDATION, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION Year Ended June 30, 2022

		ithout Donor Restrictions				<u>Total</u>
Support, revenue, and gains Contributions and gifts	\$	536,614	\$	20,883,497	\$	21,420,111
Contributions and gifts - nonfinancial	Ψ	-	Ψ	172,686	Ψ	172,686
Provision for uncollectible contributions		-		(485,365)		(485,365)
University support		4,247,100		-		4,247,100
Interest and dividends		1,544,009		3,473,742		5,017,751
Net realized and unrealized gains (losses)		(9,187,003)		(19,514,753)		(28,701,756)
Other revenue		4,485		356,711		361,196
Net assets released from restriction		19,539,941		(19,539,941)		
Total support, revenue, and gains		16,685,146		(14,653,423)		2,031,723
Expenses						
Program services		19,826,351		-		19,826,351
Fund-raising		2,679,738		-		2,679,738
Operating		3,173,409		-		3,173,409
Total expenses		25,679,498		-		25,679,498
Change in net assets from operations		(8,994,352)		(14,653,423)		(23,647,775)
Change in split interest agreements		<u>-</u> _		198,880		198,880
Change in net assets		(8,994,352)		(14,454,543)		(23,448,895)
Net assets at beginning of year		28,923,225		260,673,984		289,597,209
Net assets at end of year	\$	19,928,873	\$	246,219,441	\$	266,148,314

THE BOWLING GREEN STATE UNIVERSITY FOUNDATION, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Without Donor With Donor Restrictions Restrictions			<u>Total</u>	
Support, revenue, and gains					
Contributions and gifts	\$	420,899	\$	47,736,285	\$ 48,157,184
Contributions and gifts - nonfinancial		-		310,342	310,342
Provision for uncollectible contributions		-		(940,155)	(940,155)
University support		4,097,300		-	4,097,300
Interest and dividends		395,368		3,727,551	4,122,919
Net realized and unrealized gains (losses)	1	4,252,616		36,515,431	50,768,047
Other revenue		2,275		230,124	232,399
Transfers		(321,446)		321,446	-
Net assets released from restriction	1	6,425,328		(16,425,328)	
Total support, revenue, and gains	3	5,272,340		71,475,696	106,748,036
Expenses					
Program services	1	6,897,958		-	16,897,958
Fund-raising		2,690,487		-	2,690,487
Operating		2,504,598		-	 2,504,598
Total expenses	2	2,093,043		-	22,093,043
Change in net assets from operations	1	3,179,297		71,475,696	84,654,993
Change in split interest agreements		<u>-</u>		(200,009)	 (200,009)
Change in net assets	1	3,179,297		71,275,687	84,454,984
Net assets at beginning of year	1	5,743,928		189,398,297	205,142,225
Net assets at end of year	\$ 2	8,923,225	\$	260,673,984	\$ 289,597,209

Centennial Falcon Properties, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Statements of Financial Position

	June 30		
	2022		2021
Assets			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,148,752	\$	1,164,107
Funds held by Bowling Green State University	118,029		143,315
Deposit	 7,500		_
Total current assets	1,274,281		1,307,422
Other assets:			
Capital assets, net	 12,839,155		13,522,343
Total other assets	12,839,155		13,522,343
Total assets	\$ 14,113,436	\$	14,829,765
Liabilities and net assets			
Short-term liabilities:	506.000		506,000
Construction funding payable – current portion	 596,800	\$	596,800
Total short-term liabilities	596,800		596,800
Long-term liabilities:			
Construction funding payable – net of current portion	 9,360,618		9,957,418
Total long-term liabilities	 9,360,618		9,957,418
Total liabilities	9,957,418		10,554,218
Net assets:			
Without donor restriction	 4,156,018		4,275,547
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 14,113,436	\$	14,829,765

See accompanying notes.

Centennial Falcon Properties, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Statements of Activities and Changes in Net Assets

	Year Ended June 30		
		2022	2021
Revenues:			
In-kind support from Bowling Green State University	\$	7,532 \$	6,646
Total revenues		7,532	6,646
Expenses:			
Operating and administrative		40,673	47,200
Depreciation		683,188	683,187
Total operating expenses		723,861	730,387
Operating loss		(716,329)	(723,741)
Nonoperating revenue:			
In-kind support from Bowling Green State University		596,800	596,800
Net nonoperating revenue		596,800	596,800
Change in net assets		(119,529)	(126,941)
Net assets:			
Net assets at the beginning of year - without donor restriction		4,275,547	4,402,488
Net assets at the end of year - without donor restriction	\$	4,156,018 \$	4,275,547

See accompanying notes.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2022 and 2021

1. Organization, Basis of Presentation, and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of Operations

Bowling Green State University is an instrumentality of the State of Ohio that serves the state, national, and international communities by providing its students with opportunities in learning, leadership, and research by providing expert faculty, premier facilities, and modern resources.

Reporting Entity

Bowling Green State University (the "University"), founded in 1910, is a component unit of the State of Ohio as established by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio under Chapter 3341 of the Revised Code of the State of Ohio. The University offers degrees at the undergraduate, masters, and doctoral levels.

The accompanying financial statements comply with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus*, in that the financial statements include those activities and functions over which the University is financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board and either (1) the University's ability to impose its will over the component unit or (2) the possibility that the component unit will provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the University.

Financial Statement Presentation

The accompanying financial statements consist of the University, Bowling Green State University Foundation, Inc. and subsidiary (collectively, the "Foundation") and Centennial Falcon Properties, Inc. and subsidiaries (collectively, the "Corporation"). GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units*, requires the University to reflect the Foundation and the Corporation as discretely presented component units in the financial statements based on the significance of their respective relationships with the University. The Foundation and the Corporation are private nonprofit organizations that report under Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") standards that have been codified in Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) No. 958, *Not-for-Profit Entities*. As such, certain revenue recognition criteria and presentation features are different from GASB revenue recognition criteria and presentation features. No modifications have been made to the Foundation's or Corporation's financial information in the University's financial reporting entity for these differences.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2022 and 2021

1. Organization, Basis of Presentation, and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The Foundation is a legally separate, tax-exempt component unit of the University. The Foundation acts primarily as a fundraising organization to supplement the resources that are available to the University in support of its programs. The 26-member board of the Foundation is self-perpetuating and consists of graduates and friends of the University. Although the University does not control the timing and amount of receipts from the Foundation, the majority of resources or income the Foundation holds and invests is restricted to the activities of the University by the donors. Because these restricted resources held by the Foundation can only be used by, or for the benefit of, the University, the Foundation is considered a component unit of the University and is discretely presented in the University's financial statements.

During the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, the Foundation distributed \$18,093,874 and \$15,258,692, respectively, to the University for both restricted and unrestricted purposes. Complete financial statements for the Foundation can be obtained from the controller, Huntington Building, Bowling Green, Ohio 43403.

The Corporation is a legally separate component unit of the University formed in 2010 as a nonprofit corporation under the laws of the State of Ohio and determined by the Internal Revenue Service to be exempt from federal income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Corporation is further classified as a public charity type II supporting organization under Section 509(a)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Corporation was organized for the benefit of the University for various purposes, including acquiring, developing, and maintaining property to be used for University purposes. Complete financial statements for the Corporation can be obtained from the vice president, McFall Center, Bowling Green, Ohio 43403.

CFP I LLC ("CFP I") is a nonprofit single-member limited liability company formed in 2010 under the laws of the State of Ohio. The Corporation organized CFP I specifically to develop, own, and manage certain housing facilities for students of the University. The Corporation is the sole member of CFP I.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2022 and 2021

1. Organization, Basis of Presentation, and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The Corporation is also the sole member of CFP II LLC ("CFP II"). CFP II is a nonprofit single-member limited liability company formed in 2010 under the laws of the State of Ohio. On January 31, 2011, CFP II entered into a Project Agreement with Compass Group USA Inc., Chartwells Division ("Chartwells"). Chartwells was engaged to design, finance, construct, and equip a full-service dining facility on the main campus of the University, known as The Oaks. The Oaks replaced the existing McDonald Hall dining facility.

Pursuant to an Amended and Restated Food Service Agreement, dated June 25, 2010 (the "Management Agreement"), by and between Chartwells and the University, Chartwells has provided funds for The Oaks in the amount of \$10,350,000, which is recorded as capital assets of the Corporation to be paid back to Chartwells through the construction funding payable in Note 8. The loan does not have an interest component and matures on June 30, 2039. The Corporation has provided funds of approximately \$23,000 and CFP II has provided funds of approximately \$1,125,000.

The Corporation is also the sole member of CFP III LLC ("CFP III"). CFP III is a nonprofit single-member limited liability company formed in 2010 under the laws of the State of Ohio. On May 12, 2011, CFP III entered into a Development Agreement with Capstone Development for the design, construction, and equipping of a full-service dining facility on the main campus of the University, known as Carillon Place dining facility ("Carillon"). Carillon replaced the former Commons dining facility.

On March 31, 2011, CFP III entered into a funding agreement with the manager of The Oaks, Chartwells. Pursuant to an Amended and Restated Food Service Agreement dated June 25, 2010 (the "Management Agreement"), by and between Chartwells and the University, Chartwells has provided funds for the project in the amount of \$6,062,000, which are recorded as capital assets of the Corporation to be paid back to Chartwells through the construction funding payable in Note 8. The loan does not have an interest component and matures on June 30, 2039. The Corporation provided funds of approximately \$707,000, and CFP III has provided funds of approximately \$1,973,000.

The Corporation is also the sole member of CFP IV LLC ("CFP IV"). CFP IV is a nonprofit single-member limited liability company formed in 2020 under the laws of the State of Ohio. Effective June 15, 2020, CFP IV was transferred ownership of five real estate parcels previously owned by the Corporation.

The Corporation is also the sole member of CFP V LLC ("CFP V"). CFP V is a nonprofit single-member limited liability company formed in June 2020 under the laws of the State of Ohio. Effective June 15, 2020, CFP V was granted 5,691 shares of stock in Satelytics, Inc.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2022 and 2021

1. Organization, Basis of Presentation, and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Basis of Accounting

For financial reporting purposes, the University is considered a special-purpose government entity engaged only in business-type activities. Accordingly, the University's financial statements have been presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis, revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recorded when an obligation has been incurred. All significant inter-fund transactions have been eliminated.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System ("OPERS") and State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio ("STRS Ohio") Pension Plan and additions to/deductions from OPERS/STRS Ohio's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by OPERS/STRS Ohio. OPERS/STRS Ohio uses the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Contribution revenue is recorded as contributions are due, pursuant to legal requirements. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized as expense when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Postemployment Benefit Costs

For purposes of measuring the net other postemployment benefits ("OPEB") liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of OPERS/STRS Ohio and additions to/deductions from OPERS/STRS Ohio's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by OPERS/STRS Ohio. OPERS/STRS Ohio uses the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, OPERS/STRS Ohio recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2022 and 2021

1. Organization, Basis of Presentation, and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Uncertainties and Risks

To date, the University has been awarded funding from the Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund ("HEERF") via the Federal Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act ("CARES Act"), the Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act ("CRRSAA") and the American Rescue Plan ("ARP") totaling approximately \$71.3 million, of which \$31.9 million was awarded to students. The University was also awarded funds from the State of Ohio, as a passthrough of the State's Coronavirus Relief Fund ("CRF") award under the CARES Act totaling approximately \$16.4 million. In fiscal years 2022 and 2021, \$37.1 million and \$39.8 million, respectively, of revenue was recognized related to these grants. This revenue is included in nonexchange grants and contracts revenue on the University's Statements of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets. These grant funds offset a portion of costs associated with mitigating the economic consequences of health and safety protocols necessary to operate during the pandemic as well as provide direct emergency relief aid to students. The University has largely repopulated campus and returned to in-person classes and will continue to implement safety and health initiatives to combat new variants of COVID-19.

No impairments were recorded as of the balance sheet date; however, due to significant uncertainty surrounding the situation, management's judgment regarding this could change in the future. In addition, while the University's results of operations, cash flows and financial condition could be negatively impacted, the extent of the impact cannot be reasonably estimated at this time.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2022 and 2021

1. Organization, Basis of Presentation, and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Upcoming Pronouncements

In March 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*, to bring a uniform guidance on how to report public-private and public-public partnership arrangements. As a result, transferors in public-private or public-public arrangements will recognize receivables for installment payments, deferred inflows of resources, and, when applicable, capital assets. Operators will recognize liabilities for installment payments and intangible right-to-use assets, and when applicable, deferred outflows of resources and liabilities for assets being transferred. This statement also provides guidance for accounting and financial reporting for availability payment arrangements, in which a government compensates an operator for services such as designing, constructing, financing, maintaining, or operating an underlying asset for a period of time in an exchange of exchange-like transaction. The provisions of this statement are effective for the University's financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2023.

In May 2020, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, which provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). Under this standard, end users in SBITAs are required to recognize a right-to-use subscription asset and a corresponding subscription liability. The new SBITA standard is not expected to have a significant impact on the University's financial statements as a result of the limited prevalence of SBITAs in the University's operations. The effects on the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position is not expected to be significant. The provisions of this statement are effective for the University's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2023.

In June 2022, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences, which updates the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences under a unified model. This statement requires that liabilities for compensated absences be recognized for leave that has not been used and leave that has been used but not yet paid in cash or settled through noncash means and establishes guidance for measuring a liability for leave that has not been used. It also updates disclosure requirements for compensated absences. The provisions of this statement are effective for the University's financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2025.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2022 and 2021

1. Organization, Basis of Presentation, and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The University considers funds immediately available to be cash and cash equivalents. All investments with maturities less than 90 days are considered cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents totaled \$10,353,793 and \$9,466,178 at June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are reported at net realizable value and consist of tuition and fee charges to students and auxiliary enterprise services provided to students, faculty, and staff. Accounts receivable also include amounts due from the federal government, state and local governments, or private sources, in connection with reimbursement of allowable expenditures made pursuant to the University's grants and contracts.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of average cost or market (net realizable value) on a first-in, first-out basis (FIFO).

Investments

All investments are stated at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. Investments in publicly traded securities are stated at fair value as established by major securities markets. Changes in unrealized gain (loss) on the carrying value of investments are reported as a component of investment income in the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position.

Limited partnerships, hedge funds, multi-asset credit and collective trust funds are also included in investments and are not necessarily readily marketable. The components of the individual investments within these funds are not readily determinable. The estimated fair value is based on valuations provided by external investment managers. The valuation is based on independent appraisals and estimates that represent the net asset value of shares held by the University or based on periodic financial information (including annual audited financial statements) obtained from the funds. The University believes the carrying amount of these financial instruments is a reasonable estimate of fair value. Because these investments are not readily marketable, their estimated value is subject to uncertainty and, therefore, may significantly differ from the value that would have been used had a ready market for such investments existed.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2022 and 2021

1. Organization, Basis of Presentation, and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Restricted Assets

Restricted assets represent unspent bond proceeds and consist of money markets and U.S. government obligations.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost at the date of acquisition or estimated acquisition value at the date of donation in the case of gifts. For equipment, the University's capitalization policy includes all items with a cost of \$10,000 or more and an estimated useful life of greater than one year. Infrastructure and improvements other than to buildings are capitalized if the cost exceeds \$100,000. Routine repairs and maintenance are charged to operating expense in the year the expense is incurred. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 89 guidelines, interest costs related to construction are expensed when incurred.

The University does not capitalize works of art or historical treasures that are held for exhibition, education, research, and public service. These collections are neither disposed of for financial gain, nor encumbered in any way. Accordingly, such collections are not recognized or capitalized for financial statement purposes.

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue includes amounts received for tuition and fees and certain auxiliary activities prior to the end of the fiscal year but related to the subsequent accounting period. Summer term revenue and expenditures are allocated to the appropriate accounting period. Unearned revenues also include amounts received from grant and contract sponsors that have not yet been earned.

Noncurrent Liabilities

Noncurrent liabilities include (1) principal amounts of revenue and general receipts bonds and notes payable with contractual maturities greater than one year, (2) estimated amounts for accrued compensated absences that will not be paid within the next fiscal year, (3) federal student loan deposits and (4) the University's net pension and OPEB liabilities related to the OPERS/STRS Ohio retirement plans. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of bonds using the effective interest rate method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed at the time they are incurred.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2022 and 2021

1. Organization, Basis of Presentation, and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System ("OPERS") and State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio ("STRS Ohio") Pension Plan and additions to/deductions from OPERS/STRS Ohio's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by OPERS/STRS Ohio. OPERS/STRS Ohio uses the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Contribution revenue is recorded as contributions are due, pursuant to legal requirements. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized as expense when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Postemployment Benefit Costs

For purposes of measuring the net other postemployment benefits ("OPEB") liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of OPERS/STRS Ohio and additions to/deductions from OPERS/STRS Ohio's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by OPERS/STRS Ohio. OPERS/STRS Ohio uses the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, OPERS/STRS Ohio recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Deferred Inflows: In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The University deferred inflows of resources are for certain pension-related and OPEB-related amounts, such as the difference between projected and actual earnings of the plan's investments (see Note 9 for more details).

Deferred Outflows: In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a reduction of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until that time. The University reports deferred outflows of resources for certain pension-related and OPEB-related amounts, such as change in expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions, and certain contributions made to the plan subsequent to the measurement date (see Note 9 for more details).

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2022 and 2021

1. Organization, Basis of Presentation, and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Compensated Absences

University employees earn vacation and sick leave benefits based, in part, on length of service. Vacation pay is fully vested when earned. Upon separation from service, employees are paid accumulated vacation and sick pay based upon the nature of separation (death, retirement, or termination). Certain limitations have been placed on the hours of vacation and sick leave that employees may accumulate and carry over for payment at termination, retirement, or death.

Unused hours exceeding their limitations are forfeited. The liability and expense incurred are recorded at year end as liabilities in the statements of net position and as a component of operating expense in the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position.

Scholarship Discounts and Allowances

Student tuition and fee revenues, and certain other revenues from students, are reported net of scholarship discounts and allowances in the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position. Scholarship discounts and allowances are the difference between the stated charge for goods and services provided by the University and the amount that is paid by students and/or third parties making payments on the students' behalf. Certain governmental grants, such as Pell grants, and other federal, state, or nongovernmental programs are recorded as either operating or nonoperating revenues in the University's financial statements.

To the extent that revenues from such programs are used to satisfy tuition and fees and other student charges, the University has recorded a scholarship discount and allowance.

Income Tax

The University, as an instrumentality of the State of Ohio, is excluded from federal income taxes under Section 115 of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended. Certain activities of the University may be subject to taxation as unrelated business income.

Eliminations

In preparing the financial statements, the University eliminates inter-fund assets and liabilities that would otherwise be reflected twice in the statements of net position. Similarly, revenues and expenses related to internal activities are also eliminated from the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2022 and 2021

1. Organization, Basis of Presentation, and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Auxiliary Enterprises

Auxiliary activities mainly represent revenues generated from certain residence halls and dining services, intercollegiate athletics, ice arena, and various other activities that provide services to the student body, faculty, staff, and general public.

Net Position

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 35 guidelines, the University's resources are classified into the following four net position categories:

Net Investment in Capital Assets: Capital assets, including right of use assets, net of accumulated depreciation and outstanding debt obligations related to those capital assets. To the extent debt has been incurred but not yet expended for capital assets, such amounts are not included as a component of net investment in capital assets.

Restricted - Expendable: Component of net position that includes resources the University is legally or contractually obligated to spend in accordance with restrictions imposed by external third parties for loans, capital projects, and debt service.

Restricted - Nonexpendable: Component of net position whose use is subject to externally imposed stipulations that may be maintained permanently by the University.

Unrestricted: Component of net position that is not subject to externally imposed restrictions and includes resources derived from student tuition and fees, state appropriations, and sales and services of educational departments and auxiliary enterprises. These resources are used for transactions relating to the educational and general obligations of the University and may be used at the discretion of the Board of Trustees to meet current expenses for any purpose. These resources also include auxiliary enterprises that are substantially self-supporting activities that provide services for students, faculty, and staff.

When an expense is incurred that can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources, the University's policy is to first apply the expense toward restricted resources, and then toward unrestricted resources.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2022 and 2021

1. Organization, Basis of Presentation, and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Revenues

The University has classified its revenues as either operating or nonoperating according to the following criteria:

Operating Revenues: Operating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of exchange transactions, such as (1) student tuition and fees, net of scholarship discounts and allowances; (2) sales and services of auxiliary enterprises, net of agency payments; and (3) most federal, state, and local grants and contracts.

Nonoperating Revenues: Nonoperating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of nonexchange transactions that are defined as nonoperating revenues by GASB Statement No. 9, Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Nonexpendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting, and GASB Statement No. 35, Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for Public Colleges and Universities, such as state appropriations for instruction, state capital grants, federal Pell grant revenue, federal COVID relief funding through the CARES Act, CRRSAA, ARP and CRF grants, and investment income.

Change in Accounting Policy

Effective for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the University adopted GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, ("GASB 87"). GASB 87 establishes a single model for lease accounting, substantially changing all prior lease accounting and financial statement footnote disclosures. In accordance with the statement, the University reported a change in accounting principle to its unrestricted net position as of July 1, 2020 and fiscal year 2021 results have been restated to reflect this new accounting standard.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2022 and 2021

2. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

Deposits

Amounts available for deposit at June 30, 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

	2022		2021
Cash and cash equivalents (carrying amounts)	\$ 10,224,702	\$	9,357,083
Reconciling items (net) to arrive at bank			
balances of deposit	 (334,592)	-	(377,303)
Total available for deposit and investment			
(bank balances of deposits)	\$ 9,890,110	\$	8,979,780

The carrying amount shown above does not include \$129,091 and \$109,095 held in cash funds at June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Approximately \$275,841 and \$284,938 at June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, was covered by federal depository insurance and \$5,388,506 and \$5,208,275 at June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, was covered by collateral held by third-party trustees pursuant to paragraph 135.181 of the Ohio Revised Code in collateral pools securing all public funds on deposit with specific depository institutions; the remainder was not collateralized or insured, leaving it exposed to custodial credit risk. Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the University may not be able to recover its deposits or collateral securities. The University maintains active relationships with multiple cash equivalent accounts to reduce its exposure to custodial credit risk at any single institution.

Investments

The University's investment policy authorizes the University to invest operating funds.

All common stocks, corporate bonds, money market instruments, mutual funds, and other investments are invested through a trust agreement with US Bank Institutional Trust and Custody, which is the custodian and money manager. Short-term investments with Huntington Bank are secured with internally designated securities as pledged to the University.

The University invests in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio). STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office that allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted GASB Statement No. 79, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants*, which establishes accounting and financial reporting standards for qualifying external investment pools that elect to measure for financial reporting purposes all of their investment at amortized cost. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price, which is the price at which the investment could be sold on June 30, 2022 and 2021.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2022 and 2021

2. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments (continued)

The values of investments held by the University at June 30 are as follows:

	2022	2021
Equity mutual funds	\$ 104,106,710	\$ 114,656,793
Fixed income mutual funds	69,240,884	53,816,494
U.S. government obligations	14,582,397	12,359,939
Money market funds	29,279,221	23,625,050
Municipal bonds	5,038,050	7,168,700
Common and preferred stocks	399,803	454,479
STAR Ohio	15,523,630	8,007,078
Alternative investments:		
Collective trust funds	-	18,320,238
Hedge funds	36,109,596	37,086,772
Multi-asset credit	12,924,485	9,892,095
Limited partnerships	7,761,108	8,438,824
Total	\$ 294,965,884	\$ 293,826,462

The components of net investment (loss) income at June 30 are as follows:

	2022	2021
Interest and dividends, net	\$ 5,564,017	\$ 4,292,423
Net appreciation (depreciation) in		
market value of investments	(32,399,332)	34,914,407
Total	\$ (26,835,315)	\$ 39,206,830

Net (depreciation) appreciation in the fair value of investments includes both realized and unrealized gains and losses on investments. During the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, the University realized a net (loss) gain from the sale of investments of (\$1,107,845) and \$5,820,894, respectively. The unrealized (depreciation) appreciation during the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 was (\$31,291,487) and \$29,093,513, respectively. This resulted in net (depreciation) appreciation in the fair value of investments during the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 of (\$32,399,332) and \$34,914,407, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2022 and 2021

2. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments (continued)

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Investments with interest rates that are fixed for longer periods are likely to be subject to more variability in their fair values as a result of future changes in interest rates.

As of June 30, 2022, the University had the following interest-bearing investments and maturities:

	Fair	Less Than			Greater Than
Investment Type	Value	1 Year	1-5 Years	6-10 Years	10 Years
U.S. government obligations	\$ 14,582,397	\$ 7,694,906	\$ 6,887,491	\$ -	\$ -
Municipal bonds	5,038,050	-	-	-	5,038,050
STAR Ohio	15,523,630	15,523,630	-	-	-
Fixed income securities	69,240,884	69,240,884			
Total	\$104,384,961	\$ 92,459,420	\$ 6,887,491	\$ -	\$ 5,038,050

As of June 30, 2021, the University had the following interest-bearing investments and maturities:

Investment Type	Fair Value	Less Than 1 Year	1-5 Years	6-10 Years	Greater Than 10 Years
U.S. government obligations	\$ 12,359,939	\$ 10,342,236	\$ 2,017,703	\$ -	\$ -
Municipal bonds	7,168,700	-	-	-	7,168,700
STAR Ohio	8,007,078	8,007,078	-	-	-
Fixed income securities	53,816,494	53,816,494			_
Total	\$ 81,352,211	\$ 72,165,808	\$ 2,017,703	\$ -	\$ 7,168,700

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Credit quality information, as commonly expressed in terms of the credit ratings issued by the nationally recognized statistical rating organizations such as Moody's Investors Service, Standard & Poor's, or Fitch Ratings, provides a current depiction of potential variable cash flows and credit risk.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2022 and 2021

2. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments (continued)

The credit ratings of the University's interest-bearing investments at June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Credit Rating	Other				
(Standard & Poor's)	Investments				
AAA	\$ 30,106,027				
AA	5,038,050				
Not rated	69,240,884				
Total	\$ 104,384,961				

The credit ratings of the University's interest-bearing investments at June 30, 2021 are as follows:

Credit Rating	Other				
(Standard & Poor's)	Investments				
AAA	\$ 20,367,017				
AA	7,168,700				
Not rated	53,816,494				
Total	\$ 81,352,211				

Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or deposit. The University facilitates several study abroad programs in Austria and Spain with a total cash balance of \$34,164 and \$14,384 at June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Fair Value Measurements

The University categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient are not classified in the fair value hierarchy below.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2022 and 2021

2. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments (continued)

In instances whereby inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the above fair value hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. The University's assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements requires judgment and considers factors specific to each asset or liability.

The University has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2022 and 2021:

Assets Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

			Fair Value Measurements Using					
			Qu	oted Prices	S	Significant		
			I	n Active		Other	Sig	nificant
			M	arkets for	C	Observable	Unol	oservable
		Balance at	Ider	ntical Assets		Inputs (Level 2)		nputs
	Ju	ne 30, 2022	(Level 1)				evel 3)
Investments by fair value level								
International coporate stock	\$	399,803	\$	399,803	\$	-	\$	-
Debt securities:								
U.S. Treasury securities		14,582,397		14,582,397		-		-
Municipal bonds		5,038,050				5,038,050		-
Total debt securities		19,620,447		14,582,397		5,038,050		-
Equity securities:								
Mutual funds:								
Domestic		131,727,114	1.	31,727,114		-		-
International		41,620,480		41,620,480				-
Total equity securities		173,347,594	1′	73,347,594				-
Total investments by fair value level	\$	193,367,844	\$ 13	88,329,794	\$	5,038,050	\$	-

Investments measured at the net asset value (NAV)

Multi-strategy hedge funds	36,109,596
Multi-asset credit	12,924,485
Limited partnerships	7,761,108
Total investments measured at the NAV	56,795,189
Total investments measured at fair value	\$ 250,163,033

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2022 and 2021

2. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments (continued)

Assets Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

			Fair Value Measurements Using					g
			Qι	Quoted Prices Significant				
				In Active		Other	Sig	nificant
			N	Markets for	О	bservable	Unol	oservable
]	Balance at	Ide	ntical Assets		Inputs	I	nputs
	Jυ	ine 30, 2021		(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(L	evel 3)
Investments by fair value level								
International coporate stock	\$	454,479	\$	454,479	\$	-	\$	-
Debt securities:								
U.S. Treasury securities		12,359,939		12,359,939		-		-
Municipal bonds		7,168,700				7,168,700		-
Total debt securities		19,528,639		12,359,939		7,168,700		-
Equity securities:								
Mutual funds:								
Domestic		122,321,562		122,321,562		-		-
International		46,151,725		46,151,725				-
Total equity securities		168,473,287		168,473,287		-		-
Total investments by fair value level	\$	188,456,405	\$	181,287,705	\$	7,168,700	\$	-

Investments measured at the net asset value (NAV)

Multi-strategy hedge funds	37,086,772
Multi-asset credit	9,892,095
Collective trust funds	18,320,238
Limited partnerships	8,438,824
Total investments measured at the NAV	73,737,929
Total investments measured at fair value	\$ 262,194,334

International corporate stock, equity securities, and U.S. Treasury debt securities classified in Level 1 are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities.

The remaining debt securities at June 30, 2022 and 2021 were determined primarily based on Level 2 inputs. The University estimates the fair value of these investments using other inputs such as interest rates and yield curves that are observable at commonly quoted intervals.

Short-term investment on the statement of net position at June 30, 2022 and 2021 include investments in STAR Ohio of \$15,523,630 and \$8,007,078, respectively. The investments in STAR Ohio are measured at amortized cost; therefore, they are not included in the tables above. There are no limitations or restrictions on any STAR Ohio participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given to STAR Ohio 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$25 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transactions to \$50 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$50 million limit. All accounts of the STAR Ohio investors will be combined for these purposes.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2022 and 2021

2. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments (continued)

Investments in Entities that Calculate Net Asset Value per Share

The University holds shares or interests in investment companies whereby the fair value of the investments is measured on a recurring basis using net asset value per share (or its equivalent) of the investment companies as a practical expedient.

At year end, the fair value, unfunded commitments, and redemption rules of those investments are as follows:

	June 30, 2022	Jυ	ine 30, 2021	June 30, 2022			
				Unfunded		Redemption	Redemption
	Fair Value		Fair Value	Co	mmitments	Frequency, if	Notice Period
Multi-strategy hedge funds	\$ 36,109,596	\$	37,086,772	\$	-	Quarterly	100 days
Multi-asset credit	12,924,485		9,892,095		-	Quarterly	60 days
Collective trust funds	-		18,320,238			N/A	N/A
Limited partnership	7,761,108		8,438,824		4,627,948	N/A	N/A
Total	\$ 56,795,189	\$	73,737,929	\$	4,627,948		

The multi-strategy hedge funds class invests in hedge funds that pursue multiple strategies to diversify risks and reduce volatility. The fair values of the investments in this class have been estimated using the net asset value per share of the investment or its equivalent. Due to current market conditions as well as the limited trading activity of these securities, the market value of the securities is highly sensitive to assumption changes and market volatility. The multi-asset credit invests in risk-adjusted investments using multi-sector approach to diversify risks and reduce volatility. The collective trust fund category includes private debt, primarily in the senior secured segment of the market. The investment purpose is portfolio growth, and diversification of the growth exposures beyond equity risk to include credit exposure with a yield component. The limited partnership assets are invested in fixed income securities with a purpose of capital preservation and stable income yield.

Concentration Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of investment in a single issuer. The University held the following alternative investments that had fair values of 5 percent or more of total investments as of June 30:

	2022	2021
Mercer hedge fund	\$ 36,109,596	\$ 37,086,772
JP Morgan core bond trust	\$ -	\$ 18,320,238

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2022 and 2021

2. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments (continued)

Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the University will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The University's investment in the state treasurer's investment program that is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form was \$15,523,630 and \$8,007,078 at June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. The remaining investments are uninsured and unregistered with securities held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the University's name.

The values of investments held by the Foundation at June 30, 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

Assets Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

			Fair Value Measurements Using					
			Ç	ouoted Prices	Sign	ificant		
				In Active		Other		Significant
				Markets for	Observable		Ur	observable
		Balance at	Id	entical Assets	In	puts	Inputs	
	Jı	ine 30, 2022		(Level 1)	(Le	vel 2)	(Level 3)	
Investments by fair value level		_		_				_
Cash equivalents and money market funds	\$	23,512,013	\$	23,512,013	\$	-	\$	-
Domestic corporate stock		703,099		703,099		-		-
Equity securities:								
Mutual funds:								
Domestic funds		115,203,016		115,203,016		-		-
International funds		33,397,812		33,397,812		-		-
Fixed income funds		41,946,054		41,946,054	-	-		
Total equity securities		190,546,882		190,546,882		-		-
Split interest agreements:								
Cash equivalents and money market funds		197,906		197,906		-		-
Mutual funds		2,140,083		2,140,083		-		-
Fixed income funds		2,401,493		2,401,493		-		-
Beneficial interest in trust held by others		1,774,364		-	-	-		1,774,364
Total split interest agreements		6,513,846		4,739,482		-		1,774,364
Total investments by fair value level	\$	221,275,840	\$	219,501,476	\$	-	\$	1,774,364

Investments measured at the net asset level (NAV)

Hedge funds

Treage fullus	
Private investment funds	32,761,959
Real estate funds and other	610,885
Total investments at the NAV	33,372,844
Total investments at fair value	\$ 254,648,684

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2022 and 2021

2. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments (continued)

Assets Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

	Fair Value Measurements Using							ng
			Q	Quoted Prices		Significant		
				In Active		Other		ignificant
			1	Markets for	Obs	ervable	Un	observable
		Balance at	Ide	entical Assets	Ir	puts		Inputs
	Jı	ine 30, 2021		(Level 1)	(Le	evel 2)	(Level 3)
Investments by fair value level								
Cash equivalents and money market funds	\$	28,286,733	\$	28,286,733	\$	-	\$	-
Domestic corporate stock		817,453		817,453		-		-
Equity securities:								
Mutual funds:								
Domestic funds		110,187,710		110,187,710		-		-
International funds		37,938,232		37,938,232		-		-
Fixed income funds		65,453,753		65,453,753		-		-
Total equity securities		213,579,695		213,579,695		-		-
Split interest agreements:								
Cash equivalents and money market funds		116,084		116,084		-		-
Mutual funds		2,862,758		2,862,758		-		-
Fixed income funds		2,722,971		2,722,971		-		-
Beneficial interest in trust held by others		1,740,338		-		-		1,740,338
Total split interest agreements		7,442,151		5,701,813		-		1,740,338
Total investments by fair value level	\$	250,126,032	\$	248,385,694	\$	_	\$	1,740,338
							_	

Investments measured at the net asset level (NAV)

Hedge funds	902,121
Private investment funds	28,766,164
Real estate funds and other	622,295
Total investments at the NAV	30,290,580
Total investments at fair value	\$ 280,416,612

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2022 and 2021

2. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments (continued)

The following is a reconciliation of beginning and ending balances of recurring fair value measurements recognized in the Foundation balance sheet using significant observable (Level 3) inputs:

	Funds Held				
	ir	Trust by			
		Others			
Beginning balance, July 1, 2021	\$	1,740,338			
Total net gains (realized/					
unrealized) included in earnings		47,100			
Change in split interest agreements		(13,074)			
Ending balance, June 30, 2022	\$	1,774,364			
	F	unds Held			
	ir	Trust by			
		Others			
Beginning balance, July 1, 2020	\$	1,676,873			
Total net gains (realized/					
unrealized) included in earnings		51,311			
Change in split interest agreements		12,154			
Ending balance, June 30, 2021	\$	1,740,338			

The Foundation realized a net gain from the sale of investment securities of \$1,020,607 and \$4,785,143 for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. The net (depreciation) appreciation on the fair value of investments totaled \$(29,722,363) and \$45,982,904 for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

The Foundation has outstanding commitments to invest in various alternative investments at June 30, 2022 and 2021, amounting to approximately \$19,163,500 and \$18,689,000, respectively.

Certain Foundation investment securities are held by independent custodial and management agents. Custodial and management fees paid approximated \$118,000 and \$106,000 in 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2022 and 2021

3. Accounts Receivable

The composition of accounts receivable for the University at June 30 is as follows:

	2022	2021
Student receivable for fees, room and board	\$ 6,033,304	\$ 8,107,359
Research, sponsored programs and COVID relief funding	3,634,575	34,851,389
Other	 1,804,213	 1,524,408
Subtotal	11,472,092	44,483,156
Less allowance for doubtful accounts	1,500,000	1,500,000
Totals	\$ 9,972,092	\$ 42,983,156

4. Notes Receivable

Principal repayment and interest rate terms of federal and University loans vary considerably. Federal loan programs are funded principally with federal contributions to the University under the Perkins and Nursing Loan programs. The Perkins loan program expired on September 30, 2017, which ended the issuance of new loans under this program and disallowed any new disbursement after June 30, 2018. The University continues to service outstanding loans in accordance with program specifications as permitted by the Federal government. All amounts recorded are believed collectible.

The University distributed \$93,248,651 and \$100,077,097 for student loans in 2022 and 2021, respectively, through the U.S. Department of Education federal direct lending program. These distributions and related funding sources are not included as revenues or expenses in the accompanying financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2022 and 2021

5. Capital Assets

Capital assets and accumulated depreciation and amortization of the University as of June 30, 2022 are summarized as follows:

	Beginning					
	Balance - As			Re	etirements	Ending
	Restated	A	dditions	or	Transfers	Balance
Land (non-depreciable)	\$ 10,166,92	7 \$	-	\$	-	\$ 10,166,927
Buildings	725,555,03	1	8,063,330		(3,887,940)	729,730,421
Infrastructure	258,218,27	5	6,043,930		-	264,262,206
Equipment	101,724,35	3	4,255,072		(2,312,127)	103,667,303
Library materials	23,599,07	1	1,870,213		(2,622,891)	22,846,393
Construction in progress						
(non-depreciable)	14,088,79	7	9,855,812		(11,674,165)	12,270,444
Right to use asset	9,491,16	3	217,044		(87,054)	9,621,153
Total capital assets	1,142,843,62	3	30,305,401		(20,584,177)	1,152,564,847
Less accumulated depreciation						
and amortization	(548,882,62	3) ((41,190,797)		8,302,811	(581,770,609)
Net capital assets	\$ 593,961,00) \$ ((10,885,396)	\$	(12,281,366)	\$ 570,794,238

Capital assets and accumulated depreciation and amortization of the University as of June 30, 2021 are summarized as follows:

		Beginning					Ending
	E	Balance - As		F	Retirements	В	salance - As
		Restated	Additions	o	r Transfers		Restated
Land (non-depreciable)	\$	10,166,927	\$ -	\$	-	\$	10,166,927
Buildings		682,858,137	42,696,894		-		725,555,031
Infrastructure		242,527,269	15,691,007		-		258,218,276
Equipment		100,383,949	2,910,872		(1,570,463)		101,724,358
Library materials		23,873,717	1,826,211		(2,100,857)		23,599,071
Construction in progress							
(non-depreciable)		49,494,327	9,898,472		(45,304,002)		14,088,797
Right to use asset		6,484,731	3,006,432		-		9,491,163
Total capital assets		1,115,789,057	76,029,888		(48,975,322)		1,142,843,623
Less accumulated depreciation							
and amortization		(511,892,689)	(40,571,444)		3,581,510		(548,882,623)
Net capital assets	\$	603,896,368	\$ 35,458,444	\$	(45,393,812)	\$	593,961,000

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2022 and 2021

5. Capital Assets (continued)

The University has commitments of approximately \$25.4 million on various construction projects in progress as of June 30, 2022.

Capital assets and accumulated depreciation of the Corporation as of June 30, 2022 are summarized as follows:

	Beginning				Ending
	Balance	Additions	F	Retirements	Balance
Land (non-depreciable)	\$ 1,496,148	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 1,496,148
Land improvements	428,712	-		-	428,712
Buildings	18,337,964	-		-	18,337,964
Furniture	909,767	-		_	909,767
Chartwells renovation	 1,588,000	-		-	1,588,000
Total capital assets	22,760,591	-		-	22,760,591
Less accumulated depreciation					
and amortization	 (9,238,248)	(683,188)		-	(9,921,436)
Net capital assets	\$ 13,522,343	\$ (683,188)	\$	_	\$ 12,839,155

Capital assets and accumulated depreciation of the Corporation as of June 30, 2021 are summarized as follows:

	Beginning				Ending
	 Balance	Additions	R	Letirements	Balance
Land (non-depreciable)	\$ 1,496,148	\$ _	\$	-	\$ 1,496,148
Land improvements	428,712	-		-	428,712
Buildings	18,337,964	-		-	18,337,964
Furniture	909,767	_		-	909,767
Chartwells renovation	 1,588,000	-		=	1,588,000
Total capital assets	22,760,591	-		=	22,760,591
Less accumulated depreciation					
and amortization	 (8,555,061)	(683,187)		=	(9,238,248)
Net capital assets	\$ 14,205,530	\$ (683,187)	\$	-	\$ 13,522,343

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2022 and 2021

6. Leases

The University leases certain assets from various third parties. The assets leased include land, buildings (classroom and office space), and equipment (office equipment, information technology equipment and vehicles). Payments are generally fixed monthly.

Lease activity of the University in fiscal year 2022 was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance
Land	\$ -	\$ 4,119	\$ -	\$ 4,119
Buildings	313,161	19,402	-	332,563
Equipment	9,178,002	193,523	(87,054)	9,284,471
Total leased assets	9,491,163	217,044	(87,054)	9,621,153
Less accumulated amortization	(4,173,706)	(1,701,995)	87,054	(5,788,647)
Net book value of leased assets	\$ 5,317,457	\$ (1,484,951)	\$ -	\$ 3,832,506

Lease activity of the University in fiscal year 2021 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Red	luctions	Ending Balance
Land	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -
Buildings	89,422	223,739		-	313,161
Equipment	6,395,309	2,782,693			9,178,002
Total leased assets	6,484,731	3,006,432		-	9,491,163
Less accumulated amortization	(2,947,081)	(1,226,625)		-	(4,173,706)
Net book value of leased assets	\$ 3,537,650	\$ 1,779,807	\$	-	\$ 5,317,457

Future principal and interest payment requirements related to the University's lease liability at June 30, 2022 are as follows:

	Principal		Interest	Total		
2023	\$	1,502,185	\$ 83,219	\$	1,585,404	
2024		942,356	51,222		993,578	
2025		752,942	31,150		784,092	
2026		540,205	26,399		566,604	
2027		30,320	3,606		33,926	
2028 and thereafter		138,967	28,860		167,827	
	\$	3,906,975	\$ 224,456	\$	4,131,431	

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2022 and 2021

6. Leases (continued)

The University leases certain assets to various third parties. The assets leased include land, space on campus, and tower space. Payments are generally fixed monthly.

During the year ended June 30, 2022 the University recognized the following related to its lessor agreements:

	 2022	2021
Lease revenue	\$ 229,880	\$ 224,961
Interest income related to leases	 11,121	12,746
Totals	\$ 241,001	\$ 237,707

Future principal and interest payment requirements related to the University's lease receivable at June 30, 2022 are as follows:

	 Principal	Interest	Total		
2023	\$ 192,323	\$ 12,102	\$	204,425	
2024	131,715	8,006		139,721	
2025	111,353	5,200		116,553	
2026	61,396	2,829		64,225	
2027	38,891	1,521		40,412	
2028 and thereafter	 32,507	692		33,199	
	\$ 568,185	\$ 30,350	\$	598,535	

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2022 and 2021

7. Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses

The composition of accounts payable and accrued expenses of the University at June 30 is as follows:

	2022	 2021
Accounts payable	\$ 12,362,198	\$ 8,647,859
Accrued payroll and withholdings	9,658,435	8,702,182
Accrued health claims	2,500,000	2,400,000
Accrued interest on bonds	 800,398	 804,793
Total	\$ 25,321,031	\$ 20,554,834

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2022 and 2021

8. Long-Term Debt and Other Obligations

Long-term debt and other obligations of the University for June 30, 2022 are summarized as follows:

			Beginning		Ending	Due in	
Bonds	Rates	Maturity	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year
Public bonds:							
2016 Bond Series A	3.75-5.00	2021-2046	\$ 68,575,000	\$ -	\$ 1,485,000	\$ 67,090,000	\$ 1,555,000
2017 Bond Series B	3.00-5.00	2018-2045	67,240,000	-	1,590,000	65,650,000	1,670,000
2020 Bond Series A	3.00-5.00	2021-2050	52,150,000	-	1,545,000	50,605,000	1,545,000
Bond premium			22,111,059	-	2,029,194	20,081,865	1,909,732
Direct placement bonds:							
2017 Bond Series A	1.51	2025-2050	35,000,000	-	-	35,000,000	-
2020 Bond Series B	Variable	2021-2048	38,460,000		38,460,000	-	-
2021 Bond Series A	Variable	2022-2048		38,460,000	815,000	37,645,000	850,000
Total bonds payable			283,536,059	38,460,000	45,924,194	276,071,865	7,529,732
Other liabilities							
Vacation pay			8,743,944	6,594,999	6,123,911	9,215,032	6,584,075
Sick leave			8,383,349	112,077	-	8,495,426	469,205
Lease liability			5,406,527	217,044	1,716,596	3,906,975	1,585,256
Federal student loan deposits			4,746,860	-	630,691	4,116,169	-
Total other liabilities			27,280,680	6,924,120	8,471,198	25,733,602	8,638,536
Total long-term liabilities			\$310,816,739	\$ 45,384,120	\$54,395,392	\$301,805,467	\$ 16,168,268

Long-term debt and other obligations of the University for June 30, 2021 are summarized as follows:

ionows.								
			Beginning			Ending	Due in	
Bonds	Rates	Maturity	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year	
Public bonds:								
2016 Bond Series A	3.75-5.00	2021-2046	\$ 70,000,000	\$ -	\$ 1,425,000	\$ 68,575,000	\$ 1,485,000	
2017 Bond Series B	3.00-5.00	2018-2045	68,750,000	-	1,510,000	67,240,000	1,590,000	
2020 Bond Series A	3.00-5.00	2021-2050	53,685,000	-	1,535,000	52,150,000	1,545,000	
Bond premium			24,244,487	-	2,133,428	22,111,059	2,029,194	
Direct placement bonds:								
2014 General Receipts Bonds	Variable	2019-2048	39,245,000	-	39,245,000	-	-	
2017 Bond Series A	1.51	2025-2050	35,000,000	-	-	35,000,000	-	
2020 Bond Series B	Variable	2021-2048		39,245,000	785,000	38,460,000	815,000	
Total bonds payable			290,924,487	39,245,000	46,633,428	283,536,059	7,464,194	
Other liabilities								
Vacation pay			8,281,721	6,480,034	6,017,811	8,743,944	5,913,253	
Sick leave			8,312,071	71,278	-	8,383,349	465,854	
Lease liability			3,634,204	3,006,431	1,234,108	5,406,527	1,798,164	
Federal student loan deposits			5,890,084	-	1,143,224	4,746,860	-	
Total other liabilities			26,118,080	9,557,743	8,395,143	27,280,680	8,177,271	
Total long-term liabilities			\$317,042,567	\$ 48,802,743	\$55,028,571	\$310,816,739	\$ 15,641,465	

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2022 and 2021

8. Long-Term Debt and Other Obligations (continued)

The scheduled maturities and interest of the University's bonds for the five fiscal years subsequent to June 30, 2022 and subsequent periods thereafter are as follows:

		Bonds					Bonds from Direct Placements					
	Principal	Interest	Total		Principal		Interest		Total			
2023	4,770,000	8,411,612	13,181,612		850,000		900,222		1,750,222			
2024	4,930,000	8,173,112	13,103,112		885,000		891,829		1,776,829			
2025	5,105,000	7,926,612	13,031,612		2,080,000		883,090		2,963,090			
2026	5,245,000	7,708,162	12,953,162		2,135,000		856,490		2,991,490			
2027-2031	29,415,000	34,406,562	63,821,562		11,550,000		3,860,571		15,410,571			
2032-2036	41,235,000	26,310,893	67,545,893		13,200,000		3,092,805		16,292,805			
2037-2041	43,985,000	16,647,200	60,632,200		15,140,000		2,224,930		17,364,930			
2042-2046	43,190,000	6,309,375	49,499,375		17,430,000		1,240,500		18,670,500			
2047-2050	5,470,000	416,254	5,886,254		9,375,000		216,001		9,591,001			
	\$ 183,345,000 \$	116,309,782	\$ 299,654,782	\$	72,645,000	\$	14,166,438	\$	86,811,438			

On May 7, 2014, the University issued \$40,000,000 of variable rate, tax exempt General Receipts Bonds, Series 2014. The proceeds were used to finance the costs of various improvements to the University's campus, including (i) improvements to fully or partially renovate five academic classroom and instruction laboratory buildings and the supporting campus infrastructure, and also including improved replacement parking; (ii) partial renovation of the campus recreation and wellness facility; (iii) demolition, utility relocation, and other site preparation work associated with one or more existing academic and residential buildings in preparation for future site-specific capital projects; and (iv) acquisition and installation of all related fixtures, furnishings, and equipment.

The Series 2014 Bond has a stated maturity date of June 1, 2048 and bear interest at an adjustable rate, payable on the first business day of each month. The variable rate resets on the first of each month; in 2018 the rate calculation was modified to 68.50 percent of LIBOR plus a number of basis points (currently 38 basis points) that are assigned based on the University's then-current bond rating. The rate in effect at June 30, 2020 was 0.63 percent. At no time will the interest rate borne by this Series 2014 Bond exceed a maximum interest rate of 12 percent per year. The Series 2014 Bonds were retired in October 2020 with the proceeds of the Series 2020B bonds.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2022 and 2021

8. Long-Term Debt and Other Obligations (continued)

On February 11, 2016, the University issued \$70,000,000 of fixed rate General Receipts Bonds, Series 2016A with interest rates ranging from 3.75 percent to 5.00 percent, and maturities ranging from 2021 to 2046. The proceeds were used to finance the costs of various improvements to the University's campus, including (i) improvements to fully or partially renovate five academic classroom and instruction laboratory buildings and the supporting campus infrastructure, and also including improved replacement parking; (ii) partial renovation of the campus recreation and wellness facility; (iii) demolition, utility relocation, and other site preparation work associated with one or more existing academic and residential buildings in preparation for future site-specific capital projects; and (iv) acquisition and installation of all related fixtures, furnishings, and equipment.

On June 29, 2017, the University issued \$35,000,000 of fixed rate General Receipts Bonds, Series 2017A with a fixed interest rate of 1.60 percent and a maturity in 2050. The proceeds were used to finance the cost of various improvements to the University's campus including (i) improvements to fully or partially renovate five academic classroom and instruction laboratory buildings and the supporting campus infrastructure, and also including improved replacement parking; (ii) partial renovation of the campus recreation and wellness facility; (iii) demolition, utility relocation, and other site preparation work associated with one or more existing academic and residential buildings in preparation for future site-specific capital projects; and (iv) acquisition and installation of all related fixtures, furnishings, and equipment. On May 14, 2020, the University agreed to updated terms for this debt, including a fixed interest rate of 1.51 percent through June 1, 2030.

On August 10, 2017, the university issued \$73,560,000 of fixed rate General Receipts Bonds, Series 2017B, with interest rates ranging from 3.00 percent to 5.00 percent, and maturities ranging from 2018 to 2045. Proceeds from the bonds were used to advance refund the Series 2010 Bonds held by CFP I. As a result of this transaction, the University acquired two student housing facilities and their contents known as Falcon Heights and Centennial Hall from CFP I.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2022 and 2021

8. Long-Term Debt and Other Obligations (continued)

On March 3, 2020, the University issued \$53,685,000 of fixed rate General Receipts Bonds, Series 2020A, with interest rates ranging from 3.00 percent to 5.00 percent, and maturities ranging from 2021 to 2050. A portion of the proceeds (\$33,685,000) from the bonds were used to advance refund the Series 2010B bonds. As a result, the bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability for the 2010B bonds has been removed from the general long-term debt account group. The advanced refunding reduced total debt service payments over the next 19 years by approximately \$7.8 million, which represents an economic gain of approximately \$7.8 million. The remaining portion of the proceeds (\$20,000,000) from the bonds will be used to finance the cost of various improvements to the University's campus including (i) preliminary planning and infrastructure development costs related to east campus; (ii) construction, furnishing, and equipping of a portion of the Robert W. and Patricia A. Maurer center; (iii) improvements relating to the University's information technology network infrastructure; (iv) development and construction of a nursing skills lab; (v) construction and rehabilitation of the Slater Family Ice Arena; and (vi) acquisition, development, and installation of all related real estate, infrastructure, fixtures, furnishings and equipment and other improvements to the University facilities approved by the University Board of Trustees.

On October 29, 2020, the University issued \$39,245,000 of variable rate, tax exempt General Receipts Bonds, Series 2020B. The proceeds were used to refinance the remaining Series 2014 bonds. The Series 2020B Bonds were retired in November 2021 with the proceeds of the Series 2021A bonds.

On November 1, 2021, the University issued \$38,460,000 of variable rate, tax exempt General Receipts Bonds, Series 2021A. The proceeds were used to refinance the remaining Series 2020B bonds. This Series 2021A Bond has a stated maturity date of June 1, 2048 and bears interest at an adjustable rate, payable on the first business day of each month. The variable rate resets on the first of each month to 79.00 percent of the Bloomberg Overnight Short Term Bank Yield Index ("BSBYON") plus 48 basis points. The rate in effect at June 30, 2022 was 1.73 percent. At no time will the interest rate borne by this Series 2021A Bond feature a BSBYON rate used in calculation less than 0.50 percent or exceed a maximum interest rate of 12.00 percent per year. The interest calculation for the Series 2021A Bond included in the above table of scheduled maturities is based upon the rate in effect on July 1, 2022. This Series 2021A Bond is subject to redemption at the option of the University prior to the stated maturity date in whole or in part, at the redemption price of 100 percent of the principal amount redeemed, plus accrued interest up to the redemption date.

The principal and interest payments of all Bonds are collateralized by the pledge of the general receipts of the University under a master trust agreement. The master trust agreement has various restrictive covenants with which the University is in compliance.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2022 and 2021

8. Long-Term Debt and Other Obligations (continued)

Events of default on the University's Bonds, subject to the master trust agreement, may result from failure to pay principal and interest when due, or failure to perform under bond covenants and agreements as identified by the Bond Trustee. The Bonds contain a subjective acceleration clause in which in the event of the occurrence of any event of default, the Trustee may, and upon the request of the holders of at least 25 percent of the principal amount of the then outstanding bonds must, so long as property indemnified, by appropriate notice to the University declare the principal of all bonds then outstanding (if not then due and payable) and the interest accrued on those bonds to be due and payable immediately.

Interest expense related to long-term debt of the University for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 was \$7,618,983 and \$7,676,246, respectively.

The University had unspent bond proceeds, which are classified as restricted assets, at June 30, 2022 and 2021 of \$19,657,258 and \$22,450,411, respectively.

Long-term liabilities of the Corporation for June 30, 2022 are summarized as follows:

	Beginning				Ending	Due in
	Balance	Additions	I	Reductions	Balance	One Year
Construction funding payable	\$ 10,554,218	\$ -	\$	(596,800) \$	9,957,418	\$ 596,800
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 10,554,218	\$ -	\$	(596,800) \$	9,957,418	\$ 596,800

Long-term liabilities of the Corporation for June 30, 2021 are summarized as follows:

	Beginning				Ending	Due in
	Balance	Additions	F	Reductions	Balance	One Year
Construction funding payable	\$ 11,151,018	\$ -	\$	(596,800) \$	10,554,218	\$ 596,800
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 11,151,018	\$ -	\$	(596,800) \$	10,554,218	\$ 596,800

The construction funding payable amounts of the Corporation for the five fiscal years subsequent to June 30, 2022 and thereafter are as follows:

	The Oaks	Carillon	
	(CFP II)	(CFP III)	Total Due
2023	\$ 376,364	\$ 220,436	\$ 596,800
2024	376,364	220,436	596,800
2025	376,364	220,436	596,800
2026	376,364	220,436	596,800
2027	376,364	220,436	596,800
Thereafter	4,328,179	2,645,239	6,973,418
	\$ 6,209,999	\$ 3,747,419	\$ 9,957,418

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2022 and 2021

9. Employee Benefit Plans

Employee benefits are available for substantially all employees under contributory retirement plans. The University faculty is covered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio ("STRS Ohio"). All other employees are covered by the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System of Ohio ("OPERS"). Both plans provide retirement, disability, annual cost-of-living adjustments, death benefits, and healthcare benefits to vested retirees.

STRS Ohio and OPERS offer three separate retirement plans:

Defined benefit plan – traditional pension plan. This is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. This plan provides disability, annual cost-of-living adjustments, death benefits, and healthcare benefits. Healthcare benefits are based on years of service.

Defined contribution plan – member-directed plan. Employee contributions are invested in self-directed investments. Benefits are dependent upon contributions and investment earnings. This plan does not include disability, annual cost-of-living adjustments, death benefits, or healthcare benefits.

Combined plan – has elements of the traditional pension plan and member-directed plan. Employee contributions are invested in self-directed investments. The employer contributions are used to fund a reduced defined benefit plan. This plan provides disability, annual cost-of-living adjustments, death benefits, and healthcare benefits. Healthcare benefits are based on years of service.

Both STRS Ohio and OPERS issue separate, publicly available financial reports that include financial statements and required supplemental information. Reports can be obtained by contacting the two agencies.

The STRS Ohio Comprehensive Annual Financial Report can be downloaded from the STRS website at www.strsoh.org. The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for employer and employee contributions. The University contributes 14 percent of covered payroll and the employee pretax contribution rate is 14 percent of covered payroll.

The OPERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report can be downloaded from the OPERS website at www.opers.org. The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for employer and employee contributions. The University contributes 14 percent of covered payroll and the employee pretax contribution rate is 10 percent of covered payroll.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2022 and 2021

9. Employee Benefit Plans (continued)

Employees may opt out of STRS Ohio or OPERS and participate in the Alternative Retirement Program ("ARP"), a defined contribution plan. The University contributes 14 percent of covered payroll and the employee pretax contribution rate is 10 percent of covered payroll for employees who opt out of OPERS and 14 percent for employees who opt out of STRS. Benefits are dependent upon contributions and investment earnings. This plan does not include disability, annual cost-of-living adjustments, death benefits, or healthcare benefits.

STRS Ohio – Plan benefits are established under Chapter 3307 of the Revised Code, as amended by Substitute Senate Bill 342 in 2012, gives the Retirement Board the authority to make future adjustments to the member contribution rate, retirement age and service requirements, and the COLA as the need or opportunity arises, depending on the retirement system's funding progress.

Any member may retire who has (1) five years of service credit and attained age 60; (2) 25 years of service credit and attained age 55; or (3) 30 years of service credit regardless of age. Beginning on August 1, 2015, eligibility requirements for an unreduced benefit will change. The maximum annual retirement allowance, payable for life, considers years of credited service, final average salary (3-5 years), and multiplying by a factor ranging from 2.2 percent to 2.6 percent with 0.1 percent incremental increases for years greater than 30-31, depending on retirement age.

A defined benefit plan or combined plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled (illness or injury preventing the individual's ability to perform regular job duties for at least 12 months) may receive a disability benefit. Additionally, eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013 must have at least 10 years of qualifying service credit to apply for disability benefits.

A death benefit of \$1,000 is payable to the beneficiary of each deceased retired member who participated in the plan. Death benefit coverage up to \$2,000 can be purchased by participants in all three of the plans. Various other benefits are available to members' beneficiaries.

STRS Ohio provides access to healthcare coverage to retirees who participated in the Defined Benefit or Combined Plans, and their dependents. Coverage under the current program includes hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs, and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Pursuant to the ORC, the State Teachers Retirement Board (the "Board") has discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the healthcare costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. All benefit recipients pay a portion of the healthcare cost in the form of a monthly premium.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2022 and 2021

9. Employee Benefit Plans (continued)

OPERS – Plan benefits are established under Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code, as amended by Substitute Senate Bill 343 in 2012. The requirements to retire depend on years of service (5 to 30 years) and from attaining the age of 48 to 62, depending on when the employee became a member. Members retiring before age 65 with less than 30 years of service credit receive a percentage reduction in benefit. Member retirement benefits are calculated on a formula that considers years of service (5-30 years), age (48-62 years), and final average salary, using a factor ranging from 1.0 percent to 2.5 percent.

A plan member who becomes disabled before age 60 or at any age, depending on when the member entered the plan, and has completed 60 contributing months is eligible for a disability benefit.

A death benefit of \$500 - \$2,500 is determined by the number of years of service credit of the retiree. Benefits may transfer to a beneficiary upon death with 1.5 years of service credits with the plan obtained within the last 2.5 years, except for law enforcement and public safety personnel who are eligible immediately upon employment.

Benefit terms provide for annual cost-of-living adjustments to each employee's retirement allowance subsequent to the employee's retirement date. The annual adjustment, if applicable, is 3 percent, or an amount based on the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, capped at 3 percent.

Postemployment healthcare – In addition to pension benefits, the Ohio Revised Code provides authority for public employers to fund postemployment healthcare benefits through their contributions to STRS Ohio and OPERS.

Under Ohio law, postemployment healthcare benefits under STRS Ohio are permitted, but not mandated; therefore, a portion of employer contributions is set aside for funding for the postemployment health. Of the 14 percent employer contribution rate, 0 percent of covered payroll was allocated to postemployment health care for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021. The 14 percent employer contribution rate is the maximum rate established under Ohio law.

OPERS maintains a cost-sharing, multiple-employer healthcare plan to retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined plan with 10 or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Coverage includes a medical plan, prescription drug program, and Medicare Part B premium reimbursement.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2022 and 2021

9. Employee Benefit Plans (continued)

Under Ohio law, postemployment healthcare benefits under OPERS are permitted, but not mandated; therefore, a portion of employer contributions is set aside for funding postemployment health care. Effective January 1, 2018, the portion of employer contributions allocated to health care decreased to 0 percent, as recommended by the OPERS actuary. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and coverage selected.

Ohio Public Employees Deferred Compensation Program – The University's employees may elect to participate in the Ohio Public Employees Deferred Compensation Program (the "Program"), created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The Program permits deferral of a portion of an employee's compensation until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. The deferred compensation and any income earned thereon are not subject to income taxes until actually received by the employee.

In 1998, the Program's board implemented a trust to hold the assets of the Program in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The Program assets are the property of the trust, which holds the assets on behalf of the participants.

Therefore, in accordance with GASB Statement No. 32, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans, the assets of this Program are not reported in the accompanying financial statements.

The amounts on deposit with the Program's board at June 30, 2022 and 2021 were \$25,568,055 and \$29,995,867, respectively, which represents the fair value at such dates.

Contributions – State retirement law requires contributions by covered employees and their employers, and Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code ("ORC") limits the maximum rate of contributions. The retirement boards of the systems individually set contributions rates within the allowable limits. The adequacy of employer contribution rates is determined annually by actuarial valuation using the entry age normal cost method. Under these provisions, each University's contribution is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance a portion of the unfunded accrued liability.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2022 and 2021

9. Employee Benefit Plans (continued)

Member contributions are set at the maximums authorized by the ORC. The plans' 2022 and 2021 employer and member contribution rates on covered payroll to each system are:

				Member Contribution
	Emp.	Rate		
		Post-		
		Retirement		
	Pension	Healthcare	Total	Total
STRS Ohio	14.00%	0.00%	14.00%	14.00%
OPERS - State/Local	14.00%	0.00%	14.00%	10.00%
OPERS - Law Enforcement	18.10%	0.00%	18.10%	13.00%

Employer contributions to the following retirement benefit programs for June 30 are summarized as follows:

	20	22		2021			
	Pension	OPEB		Pension	OPEB		
STRS Ohio	\$ 8,810,712	\$	-	\$ 8,555,700	\$	-	
OPERS	8,687,151		-	8,223,630		-	
ARP	5,467,370	_	-	5,050,184		_	
Total	\$ 22,965,233	\$	_	\$ 21,829,514	\$	-	

Net Pension Liability, Deferrals, and Pension Expense – At June 30, 2022 and 2021, the University reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of STRS/OPERS. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021 for the STRS Ohio plan and December 31, 2021 for the OPERS plan. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020 for the STRS Ohio plan and December 31, 2020 for the OPERS plan. The University's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of its long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating reporting units, actuarially determined.

	Measurement	Net Pension Liability		Proportion	nate Share	Percent Change		
Plan	Date	2022	2021	2022	2021	2021-22	2020-21	
STRS Ohio	June 30	\$ 63,193,798	\$126,469,431	0.4942%	0.5227%	-5.4396%	2.1653%	
OPERS	December 31	\$ 30,085,420	\$ 54,533,925	0.3626%	0.3794%	-4.4142%	-3.0741%	

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2022 and 2021

9. Employee Benefit Plans (continued)

For the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, the University recognized pension (income) expense related the STRS Ohio and OPERS plans of \$(11,440,378) and \$12,003,627, respectively. The University reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources at June 30, 2022 and 2021:

_	University Total			
		Deferred	Deferred	
June 30, 2022		Outflows	Inflows	
	of	Resources	of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	3,635,370	\$ 1,244,355	
Changes of assumptions		21,548,798	-	
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments		-	92,302,828	
Changes in proportion and differences between				
University contributions and proportionate				
share of contributions		1,763,697	8,007,889	
University contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		12,888,664		
Total	\$	39,836,529	\$101,555,072	

		University Total			
]	Deferred		Deferred	
June 30, 2021	(Outflows		Inflows	
	of	Resources	of	Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	326,484	\$	3,372,040	
Changes of assumptions		6,866,481		-	
Net difference between projected and actual					
earnings on pension plan investments		6,150,222		21,939,844	
Changes in proportion and differences between					
University contributions and proportionate					
share of contributions		2,354,257		3,797,405	
University contributions subsequent to the					
measurement date		12,480,003			
Total	\$ 2	28,177,447	\$	29,109,289	

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2022 and 2021

9. Employee Benefit Plans (continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	
June 30	Amount
2023	\$ (16,703,854)
2024	(22,101,396)
2025	(17,823,369)
2026	(18,044,853)
2027	16,172
Thereafter	50,093

In addition, the contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be included as a reduction of the net pension liability in the next year.

Net OPEB Asset, Deferrals, and OPEB Expense – At June 30, 2022 and 2021, the University reported an asset for its proportionate share of the net OPEB asset of STRS Ohio/OPERS. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the net OPEB asset was measured as of June 30, 2021 for the STRS Ohio plan and December 31, 2021 for the OPERS plan. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the net OPEB asset was measured as of June 30, 2020 for the STRS Ohio plan and December 31, 2020 for the OPERS plan. The total OPEB asset used to calculate the net OPEB asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of those dates, except OPERS which used an actuarial valuation dated December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively, rolled forward to the measurement date by incorporating the expected value of health care cost accruals, the actual health care payments, and interest accruals during the year for the defined benefit health care plans. Typically, the University's proportion of the net OPEB asset would be based on a projection of its long-term share of contributions to the benefit plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating reporting units, actuarially determined.

For plan years ending June 30, 2021 and 2020, STRS Ohio did not allocate employer contributions to the OPEB plan. Therefore, STRS Ohio's calculation of the employers' proportionate share is based on total contributions to the plant for both pension and OPEB.

For plan years ending December 31, 2021 and 2020, OPERS did not allocate employer contributions to the OPEB plan. Therefore, OPERS' calculation of the employers' proportionate share is based on total contributions to the plan for both pension and OPEB.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2022 and 2021

9. Employee Benefit Plans (continued)

	Measurement	Net OPEI	3 A	sset	Proportion	nate Share	Percent	Change
Plan	Date	2022		2021	2022	2021	2021-22	2020-21
STRS Ohio	June 30	\$ (10,421,000)	\$	(9,186,000)	0.4942%	0.5227%	-5.4396%	2.1653%
OPERS	December 31	\$ (11,357,218)	\$	(6,712,102)	0.3626%	0.3768%	-3.7555%	-3.6445%

For the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, the University recognized OPEB income of \$11,692,956 and \$42,612,239. The University reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources at June 30, 2022 and 2021:

	University Total			
	I	Deferred		Deferred
June 30, 2022	(Outflows		Inflows
	of	Resources	of	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	371,000	\$	3,631,716
Changes of assumptions		666,000		10,814,273
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on OPEB plan investments		_		8,302,322
Changes in proportion and differences between				
University contributions and proportionate				
share of contributions		132,593		749,540
University contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		_		-
Total	\$	1,169,593	\$	23,497,851

	University Total			otal
		Deferred		Deferred
June 30, 2021	(Outflows		Inflows
	of	Resources	of	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	589,000	\$	7,887,634
Changes of assumptions		3,451,746		19,600,617
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on OPEB plan investments		322,000		3,574,958
Changes in proportion and differences between				
University contributions and proportionate				
share of contributions		175,065		1,615,700
University contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		_		-
Total	\$	4,537,811	\$	32,678,909

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2022 and 2021

9. Employee Benefit Plans (continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended	
June 30	Amount
2023	\$ (10,699,803)
2024	(5,345,054)
2025	(3,884,764)
2026	(1,996,479)
2027	(410,059)
Thereafter	7,901

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2022 and 2021

9. Employee Benefit Plans (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions – The total pension liability and OPEB (asset)/liability is based on the results of an actuarial valuation and were determined using the following actuarial assumptions for 2021, applied to all periods included in the measurement for fiscal year ended June 30, 2022:

	STRS Ohio	OPERS
Valuation date - Pension	June 30, 2021	December 31, 2021
Valuation date - OPEB	June 30, 2021	December 31, 2020
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal	Individual entry age
Cost of living	None	2.50 percent - 3.00 percent
Salary increases, including inflation	2.50 percent - 12.50 percent	2.75 percent - 10.75 percent
Inflation	2.50 percent	2.75 percent
Investment and discount rate of	7.00 percent, net of investment expenses,	6.90 percent, net of pension plan investment
return - pension	including inflation	expense, including inflation
Investment and discount rate of	7.00 percent, net of investment expenses,	6.00 percent, net of pension plan investment
return - OPEB	including inflation	expenses, including inflation
Health care cost trend rates	16.20 percent to 30.00 percent initial, 4.00 percent ultimate	5.50 percent initial, 3.50 percent ultimate in 2034
Experience study date	Period of 5 years ended June 30, 2016	Period of 5 years ended December 31, 2020
Mortality basis	RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50% of	Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on
•	rates through age 69, 70% of rates between	130% of the Pub-2010 General Employee
	ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80	Mortality tables (males and females) for State
	and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected	and Local Government divisions and 170% of
	forward generationally using mortality	the Pub-2010 Safety Employee Mortality tables
	improvement scale MP-2016	(males and females) for the Public Safety and
	improvement searc ivii -2010	Law Enforcement divisions. Post-retirement
		mortality rates are based on 115% of the PubG-
		•
		2010 Retiree Mortality Tables (males and
		females) for all divisions. Post-retirement
		mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on
		the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Mortality
		Tables (males and females) for all divisions. For
		all of the previously described tables, the base
		year is 2010 and mortality rates for a particular
		calendar year are determined by applying the
		MP-2020 mortality improvement scales (males
		and females) to all of these tables.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2022 and 2021

9. Employee Benefit Plans (continued)

The following are actuarial assumptions for 2020, applied to all periods included in the measurement for fiscal year ended June 30, 2021:

	STRS Ohio	OPERS
Valuation date - Pension	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2020
Valuation date - OPEB	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal	Individual entry age
Cost of living	None	0.50 percent - 3.00 percent
Salary increases, including inflation	2.50 percent - 12.50 percent	3.25 percent - 10.75 percent
Inflation	2.50 percent	3.25 percent
Investment and discount rate of	7.45 percent, net of investment expenses,	7.20 percent, net of pension plan investment
return - pension	including inflation	expense, including inflation
Investment and discount rate of	7.45 percent, net of investment expenses,	6.00 percent, net of pension plan investment
return - OPEB	including inflation	expenses, including inflation
Health care cost trend rates	-6.69 percent to 11.87 percent initial, 4.00 percent ultimate	8.50 percent initial, 3.50 percent ultimate in 2035
Experience study date	Period of 5 years ended June 30, 2016	Period of 5 years ended December 31, 2015
Mortality basis	RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016	RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2022 and 2021

9. Employee Benefit Plans (continued)

Pension Discount Rate – The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at contractually required rates for all plans. Based on those assumptions, each pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments for current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The discount rates used to measure the total pension liabilities for STRS Ohio were 7.00 percent and 7.45 percent for the plan years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. The discount rates used to measure the total pension liability for OPERS were 6.90 percent and 7.20 percent for the plan years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

OPEB Discount Rate – The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at contractually required rates for all plans. Plans that project fiduciary net position to be insufficient to make all projected future benefit payments for current active and inactive employees used a blended discount rate between the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments and a 20-year municipal bond rate applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability/(asset).

STRS Ohio – OPEB Discount Rate: The discount rates used to measure the total OPEB assets were 7.00 percent and 7.45 percent for the plan years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. At June 30, 2021 and 2020, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments for current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB asset.

OPERS – OPEB Discount Rate: The discount rates used to measure the total OPEB assets were 6.00 percent for the plan years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020. At December 31, 2021 and 2020, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments for current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB asset.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2022 and 2021

9. Employee Benefit Plans (continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan and OPEB investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. OPERS has two different portfolios of investment, a defined benefit portfolio for pension and health care portfolio for OPEB. As a result, there are different target allocations and long-term expected real rates of return disclosed for each portfolio. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic (geometric for STRS Ohio) real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table as of the dates listed below:

	STRS Ohio	as of 6/30/21			OPERS as o	of 12/31/21	
				Defined Ber	nefit Portfolio	Health Ca	re Portfolio
		Long-term		<u> </u>	Long-term		Long-term
	Target	Expected Real		Target	Expected Real	Target	Expected Real
Investment Category	Allocation	Rate of Return	Investment Category	Allocation	Rate of Return	Allocation	Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	28.00%	7.35%	Fixed Income	24.00%	1.32%	34.00%	1.07%
International Equity	23.00%	7.55%	Domestic Equity	21.00%	5.64%	25.00%	5.64%
Alternatives	17.00%	7.09%	Real Estate	11.00%	5.39%	0.00%	0.00%
Fixed Income	21.00%	3.00%	Private Equity	12.00%	10.42%	0.00%	0.00%
Real Estate	10.00%	6.00%	International Equity	23.00%	7.36%	25.00%	7.36%
Liquidity Reserves	1.00%	2.25%	Risk Parity	5.00%	2.92%	2.00%	2.92%
Total	100.00%		REITs	0.00%	0.00%	7.00%	3.71%
			Other Investments	4.00%	2.85%	7.00%	1.93%
			Total	100.00%	·-	100.00%	

	STRS Ohio	as of 6/30/20			OPERS as o	of 12/31/20	
				Defined Ber	nefit Portfolio	Health Ca	re Portfolio
		Long-term		'	Long-term		Long-term
	Target	Expected Real		Target	Expected Real	Target	Expected Real
Investment Category	Allocation	Rate of Return	Investment Category	Allocation	Rate of Return	Allocation	Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	28.00%	7.35%	Fixed Income	25.00%	1.32%	34.00%	1.07%
International Equity	23.00%	7.55%	Domestic Equity	21.00%	5.64%	25.00%	5.64%
Alternatives	17.00%	7.09%	Real Estate	10.00%	5.39%	0.00%	0.00%
Fixed Income	21.00%	3.00%	Private Equity	12.00%	10.42%	0.00%	0.00%
Real Estate	10.00%	6.00%	International Equity	23.00%	7.36%	25.00%	7.36%
Liquidity Reserves	1.00%	2.25%	REITs	0.00%	0.00%	7.00%	6.48%
Total	100.00%		Other Investments	9.00%	4.75%	9.00%	4.02%
			Total	100.00%	-	100.00%	

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2022 and 2021

9. Employee Benefit Plans (continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the net pension liability of the University at June 30, 2022 and 2021, calculated using the discount rate listed below, as well as what the University's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1.00 percentage point lower or 1.00 percentage point higher than the current rate:

June 30, 2022							
Plan	1.00 Perc	cent Decrease	Curren	nt Dis	count Rate	1.00 Pero	ent Increase
STRS	6.00%	\$ 118,338,335	7.00%	\$	63,193,798	8.00%	\$ 16,596,785
OPERS	5.90%	82,080,316	6.90%		30,085,420	7.90%	(13,162,907)
		\$ 200,418,651		\$	93,279,218		\$ 3,433,878
June 30, 2021							
Plan	1.00 Perc	cent Decrease	Currei	nt Dis	count Rate	1.00 Perc	ent Increase
STRS	6.45%	\$ 180,070,454	7.45%	\$	126,469,431	8.45%	\$ 81,047,031
OPERS	6.20%	105,556,720	7.20%		54,533,925	8.20%	12,140,579
		\$ 285,627,174		\$	181,003,356		\$ 93,187,610

Sensitivity of the OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the net OPEB asset of the University at June 30, 2022 and 2021, calculated using the discount rate listed below, as well as what the University's net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1.00 percentage point lower or 1.00 percentage point higher than the current rate:

June 30, 2022 Plan	1.00 Pe	ercent Decrease	Curren	t Discount Rate	1.00 Pe	rcent Increase
STRS Ohio	6.00%	\$ (8,793,522)	7.00%	\$ (10,421,000)	8.00%	\$ (11,780,097)
OPERS	5.00%	(6,679,110)	6.00%	(11,357,218)	7.00%	(15,240,120)
		\$ (15,472,632)		\$ (21,778,218)		\$ (27,020,217)
June 30, 2021 Plan		ercent Decrease		t Discount Rate		rcent Increase
STRS Ohio	6.45%	\$ (7,992,465)	7.45%	\$ (9,186,000)	8.45%	\$ (10,198,772)
OPERS	5.00%	(1,669,003)	6.00%	(6,712,102)	7.00%	(10,857,935)
		\$ (9,661,468)		\$ (15,898,102)		\$ (21,056,707)

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2022 and 2021

9. Employee Benefit Plans (continued)

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate – The following presents the net OPEB asset of the University at June 30, 2022 and 2021, calculated using the healthcare cost trend rate listed below, as well as what the University's net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a health care cost trend rate that is 1.00 percentage point lower or 1.00 percentage point higher than the current rate:

June 30, 2022			
Plan	1.00 Percent Decrease	Current Trend Rate	1.00 Percent Increase
STRS Ohio	\$ (11,725,019)	\$ (10,421,000)	\$ (8,807,954)
OPERS	(11,479,948)	(11,357,218)	\$ (11,211,623)
	\$ (23,204,967)	\$ (21,778,218)	\$ (20,019,577)
June 30, 2021			
Plan	1.00 Percent Decrease	Current Trend Rate	1.00 Percent Increase
STRS Ohio	\$ (10,135,909)	\$ (9,186,000)	\$ (8,028,990)
OPERS	(6,875,688)	(6,712,102)	(6,529,078)
	\$ (17,011,597)	\$ (15,898,102)	\$ (14,558,068)

Pension Plan and OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued STRS Ohio/OPERS financial report.

Assumption Changes – During the measurement periods ended June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2021, respectively, certain assumption changes were made by the plans. The OPERS pension discount rate was reduced from 7.20 percent to 6.90 percent, which impacted the annual actuarial valuation for the pension liability as of December 31, 2021. The STRS pension and OPEB discount rates were reduced from 7.45 percent to 7.00 percent, which impacted the annual actuarial valuation for the pension and OPEB liabilities as of the June 30, 2021 measurement date.

During the measurement periods ended June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2020, respectively, certain assumption changes were made by the plans. The OPERS OPEB discount rate was increased from 3.16 percent to 6.00 percent, and its health care cost trend rate was decreased from 10.50 percent to 8.50 percent, which impacted the annual actuarial valuation for OPEB prepared as of December 31, 2020.

Benefit changes – There were no significant benefit terms changes for the pension or OPEB plans since the prior two measurement dates for STRS Ohio. Effective in 2022, OPERS will replace the current self-insured group plan with a marketplace concept for pre-Medicare retirees.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2022 and 2021

9. Employee Benefit Plans (continued)

Changes since the measurement date – STRS Ohio had a new experience study completed for the period July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2021 which will be used for the 2022 valuation. The experience study indicates changes in assumptions, including updating mortality tables from RP-2014 to PubT-2010 (and related improvement factors), retirement rates, and OPEB participation assumptions which will impact the STRS Ohio net pension liability and net OPEB (asset)/liability.

Payable to the Pension Plan – At June 30, 2022, the University reported a payable of \$1,294,222 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended June 30, 2022. At June 30, 2021, the University reported a payable of \$1,240,841 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Defined Contribution Pension Plan – The Alternative Retirement Plan ("ARP") is a defined contribution pension plan, under IRS Section 401(a), and established by Ohio Amended Substitute House Bill 586 (ORC 3305.02) on March 31, 1998, for public institutions of higher education. The University's Board of Trustees adopted the University's plan on April 18, 1998. Full-time employees are eligible to choose a provider, in lieu of STRS Ohio or OPERS, from the list of four providers currently approved by the Ohio Department of Higher Education and who hold agreements with the University. Employee and employer contributions equal to those required by STRS Ohio and OPERS are required for the ARP, less any amounts required to be remitted to the state retirement system in which the employee would otherwise have been enrolled.

Eligible employees have 120 days from their date of hire to make an irrevocable election to participate in the ARP. Under this plan, employees who would have otherwise been required to be in STRS Ohio or OPERS, and who elect to participate in the ARP, must contribute the employee's share of retirement contributions to one of nine private providers approved by the Ohio Department of Insurance. The legislation mandates that the employer must contribute an amount to the state retirement system to which the employee would have otherwise belonged, based on an independent actuarial study commissioned by the Ohio Retirement Study Council and submitted to the Ohio Board of Regents. That amount is 4.47 percent for STRS Ohio and 2.44 percent for OPERS for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021. The employer also contributes what would have been the employer's contribution under STRS Ohio or OPERS, less the aforementioned percentages, to the private provider selected by the employee. The University plan provides these employees with immediate plan vesting. The ARP does not provide disability benefits, survivor benefits, or postretirement health care. Benefits are entirely dependent on the sum of contributions and investment returns earned by each participant's choice of investment options. For the year ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, employee contributions to the ARP totaled \$6,729,829 and \$6,362,744, and the University recognized pension expense of \$7,468,175 and \$6,951,458, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2022 and 2021

10. Risk Management

The University self-insures its healthcare program up to a specific limit of \$300,000 per individual event. The University has specific stop-loss coverage.

Changes in the balances of claims liabilities for the years indicated for the health coverage are as follows:

	2022	2021	 2020
Unpaid claims, July 1	\$ 2,400,000	\$ 2,400,000	\$ 2,400,000
Incurred claims	23,277,556	21,732,628	20,407,275
Paid claims	(23,177,556)	(21,732,628)	 (20,407,275)
Unpaid claims, June 30	\$ 2,500,000	\$ 2,400,000	\$ 2,400,000

This actuarially determined liability for estimates of losses retained by the University for outstanding claims and claims incurred but not reported is the University's best estimate based on past experience and current claims outstanding. Actual claims experience may differ from the estimate.

Risk financing methods for property and casualty exposures include a combination of insurance, self-insurance, and risk pooling via a joint program formed with other four-year publicly funded universities in the state. This program is referred to as the Inter-University Council Risk Management & Insurance Consortium and it obligates member institutions to realize the first \$100,000 per covered loss for nearly all exposures before the claim reaches the pool and eventually the insured layers of the program. Thirteen member institutions participate in the program. The operation of the pool is managed by a Board of Governors consisting of one member representative and one alternate from each institution.

The University participates in a state pool of agencies and universities that pays workers' compensation premiums into the State Insurance Fund (the "Plan") on a pay-as-you-go basis, which pays workers' compensation benefits to beneficiaries who have been injured on the job. Losses from asserted and unasserted claims for the participating state agencies and universities in the Plan are accrued by the Ohio Bureau of Workers' Compensation (the "Bureau") based on estimates that incorporate the past experience, as well as other considerations, including the nature of each claim or incident and relevant trend factors. Participants in the Plan annually fund the workers' compensation liability based on rates set by the Bureau to collect the cash needed in subsequent fiscal years to pay the workers' compensation claims of participating state agencies and universities.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2022 and 2021

11. Contingencies

During the normal course of operations, the University has become a defendant in various legal and administrative actions. Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. However, in the opinion of legal counsel and University management, the disposition of all pending litigation will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the University.

The University receives grants and contracts from certain federal, state, and local agencies to fund research and other activities. Revenues from government grants and contracts are recognized when all eligibility requirements have been met. The University records indirect costs related to such grants and contracts at predetermined rates that are negotiated with the University's federal cognizant agency. Both direct and indirect costs charged to the grants or contracts are subject to audit and approval by the granting agencies. University management believes any adjustments of costs resulting from such examination by the granting agency would be insignificant.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2022 and 2021

12. Foundation Net Assets

The Foundation's net assets with donor restriction at June 30, 2022 and 2021 were available for the following purposes:

	2022	2021
Scholarships	\$ 136,870,619	\$ 150,132,798
General and operational support	71,552,790	69,768,752
Professorships	16,666,727	18,295,284
Capital and equipment	10,663,670	11,195,729
Centers and institutes	4,060,329	4,377,305
Chair	3,228,847	3,624,824
Faculty and staff	1,468,937	1,636,027
Research	1,265,663	1,393,190
Fellowships	441,859	250,075
Total	\$ 246,219,441	\$ 260,673,984

The Foundation's summary of the net assets released from restrictions during the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 is as follows:

	 2022	 2021
Scholarships	\$ 9,461,848	\$ 8,739,976
General and operational support	6,885,583	4,823,633
Professorships	388,545	339,656
Capital and equipment	2,387,649	2,117,828
Centers and institutes	176,345	195,746
Chair	126,375	118,705
Faculty and staff	63,654	42,311
Research	27,917	26,448
Fellowships	22,025	 21,025
Total	\$ 19,539,941	\$ 16,425,328

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2022 and 2021

13. Related Party Transactions

The University leased land comprising the site on which The Oaks is constructed to the Corporation under a Ground Lease between the State of Ohio, acting by, through, and for the University, as lessor, and the Corporation, as lessee. The Corporation subleased this site to CFP II in consideration of the agreement of CFP II to develop The Oaks on that land and the payment of nominal lump-sum rent. The lease commenced on June 30, 2010 and will expire on June 30, 2045.

The University leased land comprising the site on which Carillon is constructed to the Corporation under a Ground Lease between the State of Ohio, acting by, through, and for the University, as lessor, and the Corporation, as lessee. The Corporation subleased this site to CFP III in consideration of the agreement of CFP III to develop Carillon on that land and the payment of nominal lump-sum rent. The lease commenced on November 1, 2010 and will expire on June 30, 2045.

The University incurred costs during different stages of start-up and implementation of the Corporation and its subsidiaries. The University also incurred costs on behalf of the Corporation and its subsidiaries for various outside services related to the Series 2010 Project, The Oaks, and Carillon. These outside services include consulting, legal, engineering, architectural, and construction. In addition, certain salaries and fringe benefits of financial, accounting, development, and information technology personnel are incurred by the University but relate to the Corporation. These expenses are paid by the University on behalf of the Corporation and are shown in the accompanying financial statements as in-kind support and operating and administrative expense of \$7,532 and \$6,646 for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

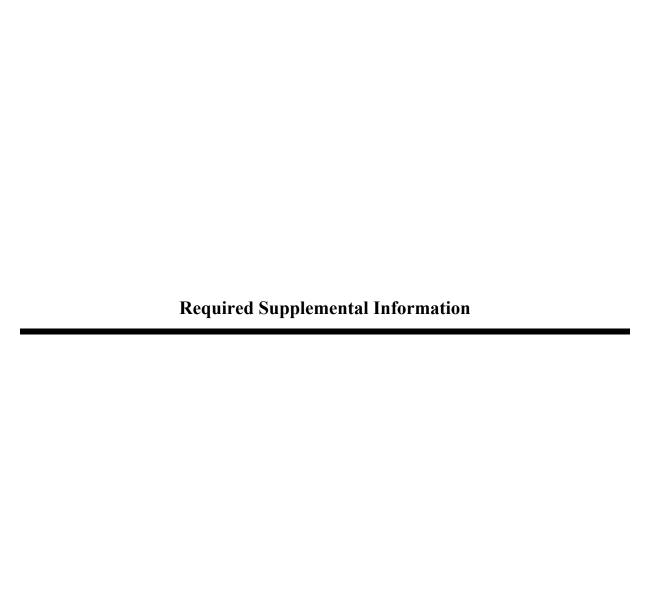
Chartwells provided approximately \$18,000,000 of funding for these projects during the year ended June 30, 2012. The Chartwells construction funding payable will be paid in annual installments, ranging from \$409,000 to \$857,000 over 27.5 years, through June 30, 2039. Due to the University's Management Agreement with Chartwells for the dining program and in exchange for the use of the dining facilities, the University repays the construction funding payable on behalf of the Corporation, as these are of approximate equal value. As such, the Corporation recognizes this non-cash transaction as a decrease to the construction funding payable and as in-kind support nonoperating revenue. For the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, the repayment and in-kind support revenue totaled \$596,800. The University recognized in-kind nonoperating expense of \$596,800 for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2022 and 2021

13. Related Party Transactions (continued)

The University can pay off the construction funding payable of \$18,000,000 early without penalty. The University also has a Food Services Agreement with Chartwells in which the University pays a management fee to Chartwells to manage the dining halls through fiscal year 2025. The Food Services Agreement can be renewed for three additional successive five-year periods. If the Food Services Agreement with Chartwells is terminated or not renewed, the University would be required to pay Chartwells interest on the construction funding payable until full payoff at a rate equal to the 12-month U.S. Treasury rate. Payment in full of the construction funding payable would be required in one year from termination of agreement or within 30 days after the University hires another third party to run its dining services.



Required Supplemental Information

Schedule of Pension Funding Progress

		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018	_	2017		2016		2015
OPERS: University's proportion of the net pension liability University's proportionate share of the net pension		0.3626%		0.3794%		0.3914%		0.4060%		0.4089%		0.4220%		0.4131%		0.4245%
liability University's covered payroll		30,085,421 56,543,861	\$ \$	54,533,925 \$ 56,977,850 \$		76,454,269 \$ 75,013,542 \$		10,725,047 \$ 76,206,086 \$		63,558,676 \$ 74,061,634 \$		96,270,704 74,474,934	\$ \$	71,389,662 \$ 62,112,087 \$		51,032,379 53,363,875
University's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll Fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total		53.21%		95.71%		101.92%		145.30%		85.82%		129.27%		114.94%		95.63%
pension liability		93.01%		86.88%		82.17%		74.91%		84.85%		77.38%		81.19%		86.53%
STRS Ohio: University's proportion of the net pension liability University's proportionate share of the net pension		0.4942%		0.5227%		0.5116%		0.5192%		0.5125%		0.5162%		0.5256%		0.5362%
liability University's covered payroll		63,193,798 49,926,546		126,469,432 \$ 49,626,136 \$		113,128,183 \$ 50,166,515 \$		14,156,933 50,328,992		121,738,071 \$ 48,957,254 \$		172,801,507 46,828,962	\$ \$	145,252,543 \$ 46,225,751 \$		30,415,104 46,606,816
University's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll Fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total		126.57%		254.84%		225.51%		226.82%		248.66%		369.01%		314.22%		279.82%
pension liability		87.80%		75.50%		75.50%		77.31%		75.29%		66.80%		72.10%		74.70%
Schedule of Contributions		2022		2021		2020		2010		2010		2017		2016		2015
OPERS:	_	2022		2021		2020		2019		2018	_	2017		2016		2015
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required	\$	8,155,903	\$	7,848,606	\$	8,269,955	\$	8,475,085	\$	8,128,775	5	8,293,880	\$	7,934,000 \$	7	7,679,000
contribution	\$	8,155,903	_	,,	\$	-,,	~	-,,	\$	8,128,775	Ψ	8,293,880	\$	7,934,000 \$	7	7,679,000
Contribution deficiency (excess) University's covered payroll	\$	57.803.517	\$	*	\$		7		\$	- \$	Υ	-	\$	- \$	(1	1 (02 245
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	\$	57,803,517 14.119		5 55,700,928 14.09%	\$	5 58,678,024 5 14.09%	\$ (14.12%	\$	57,625,045 \$ 14.11%)	58,800,542 14.11%	\$	55,472,339 \$ 14.30%	01	1,602,245 12.47%
considerable as a personage of covered payton		1	•	1110770		1110770		111270		111170		111170		1115070		1211,70
STRS Ohio: Contractually required contribution	\$	7,220,918	§	5 7,023,444	\$	6,947,659	\$	6,820,371	\$	6,877,222 \$	S	6,566,167	\$	6,284,849 \$	6	6,304,000
Contributions in relation to the contractually required	·	, ,		, ,		, , .		, ,								,
contribution	\$	-) -)	\$	-))	\$	-))	\$ \$	-))	\$ \$	6,877,222 \$	•	-,,	\$ \$	6,284,849 \$	6	6,304,000
Contribution deficiency (excess) University's covered payroll	\$		_		\$		~		\$ \$	49,123,014	Ψ		\$ \$	44.891.777 \$	46	6,225,751
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	~	13.98%		14.07%	*	14.00%	•	14.00%	_	14.00%		14.00%	*	14.00%		13.64%

Required Supplemental Information

Notes to required supplemental information:

Changes of benefit terms: There were no changes affecting STRS Ohio and OPERS plans.

Changes of assumptions:

STRS Ohio: During the plan year ended June 30, 2021, the investment rate of return decreased from 7.45 percent to 7.00 percent.

During the plan year ended June 30, 2017, there were changes to several assumptions for STRS Ohio. The cost-of-living adjustment dropped from 2.00 percent to 0.00 percent. The wage inflation dropped from 2.75 percent to 2.50 percent. The investment rate of return decreased from 7.75 percent to 7.45 percent. The mortality tables used changed from RP-2000 to PR-2014.

OPERS: During the plan year ended December 31, 2021, there were changes to several assumptions for OPERS. The discount rate was reduced from 7.50 percent to 6.90 percent. The wage inflation dropped from 3.25 percent to 2.75 percent. The projected salary increase range changed from 3.25-10.75 percent to 2.75-10.75 percent. The experience study changed from the 5 year period ended December 31, 2015 to the 5 year period ended December 31, 2020. The mortality tables used changed from RP-2014 to PUB-2010.

During the plan year ended December 31, 2018, the discount rate was reduced from 7.5 percent to 7.2 percent.

During the plan year ended December 31, 2016, there were changes to several assumptions for OPERS. The wage inflation dropped from 3.75 percent to 3.25 percent. The projected salary increase range changed from 4.25-10.05 percent to 3.25-10.75 percent. The mortality tables used changed from RP-2000 to PR-2014.

Required Supplemental Information

Schedule of OPEB Funding Progress

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
OPERS:					
University's proportion of the net OPEB liability/(asset)	0.3626%	0.3768%	0.3910%	0.4030%	0.4062%
University's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/(asset)	\$ (11,357,218)	\$ (6,712,102)	\$ 54,013,197	\$ 52,547,293	\$ 44,112,500
University's covered payroll	\$ 56,543,861	\$ 56,977,850	\$ 75,013,542	\$ 76,206,086	\$ 74,061,634
University's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/(asset) as a					
percentage of its covered payroll	-20.09%	-11.78%	72.00%	68.95%	59.56%
Fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability/(asset)	128.23%	115.57%	47.08%	46.33%	77.25%
STRS Ohio:					
University's proportion of the net OPEB liability/(asset)	0.4942%	0.5227%	0.5116%	0.5192%	0.5125%
University's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/(asset)	\$ (10,421,000)	\$ (9,186,052)	\$ (8,473,000)	\$ (8,343,000)	\$ 19,994,643
University's covered payroll	\$ 49,926,546	\$ 49,626,136	\$ 50,166,515	\$ 50,328,992	\$ 48,957,254
University's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/(asset) as a					
percentage of its covered payroll	-20.87%	-18.51%	-16.89%	-16.58%	40.84%
Fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability/(asset)	174.70%	182.10%	-592.08%	176.99%	47.11%

Schedule of Contributions

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
OPERG	 2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
OPERS:					
Contractually required contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 624,385
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 624,385
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$
University's covered payroll	\$ 57,803,517	\$ 55,700,928	\$ 58,678,024	\$ 60,033,251	\$ 57,625,045
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	1.08%
STRS Ohio:					
Contractually required contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$
University's covered payroll	\$ 51,650,346	\$ 49,926,546	\$ 49,626,136	\$ 48,716,936	\$ 49,123,014
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Required Supplemental Information

Notes to required supplemental information:

Changes of benefit terms:

There were no benefit changes affecting OPERS and STRS Ohio plans for the plan years ended June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2021, respectively.

Changes of assumptions:

STRS Ohio: During the plan year ended June 30, 2021, the investment rate of return decreased from 7.45 percent to 7.00 percent. The health care cost trend rates also decreased from 4.93 percent to 9.62 percent initial and 4.00 percent ultimate for plan year ended June 30, 2020, to 16.20 percent to 30.00 percent initial and 4 percent ultimate for plan year ended June 30, 2021.

During the plan year ended June 30, 2018, there were changes to several assumptions for STRS Ohio. The health care cost trend rates decreased from 6.00 percent to 11.00 percent initial and 4.50 percent ultimate for plan year ended June 30, 2017, to (5.23) percent to 9.62 percent initial and 4.00 percent ultimate for plan year ended June 30, 2018. The discount rate increased from a blended rate between the long-term expected rate of return and a 20-year municipal bond rate of 4.13 percent to the investment rate of return of 7.45 percent based on the cash flow analysis.

OPERS: During the year ended December 31, 2021, there were changes to several assumptions for OPERS. The experience study changed from the 5-year period ended December 31, 2015 to the 5-year period ended December 31, 2020. The municipal bond rate decreased from 2.00 percent to 1.84 percent. Wage inflation decreased from 3.25 percent to 2.75 percent. The projected salary increase range changed from 3.25-10.75 percent to 2.75-10.75 percent. Health care cost trend rate decreased from 8.50 percent initial, 3.50 percent ultimate in 2035 to 5.50 percent initial, 3.50 percent ultimate in 2034.

During the plan year ended December 31, 2020, there were changes to several assumptions for OPERS. The health care cost trend rates decreased from 10.5 percent initial and 3.5 percent ultimate to 8.5 percent initial and 3.5 percent ultimate. The discount rate was increased from 3.16 percent to 6.00 percent.

During the plan year ended December 31, 2019, there were changes to several assumptions for OPERS. The health care cost trend rates decreased from 10.0 percent initial and 3.25 percent ultimate to 10.5 percent initial and 3.5 percent ultimate. The discount rate was reduced from 3.96 percent to 3.16 percent.



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Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditor's Report

To Management, the Audit Committee, and the Board of Trustees Bowling Green State University

We have audited the financial statements of the business-type activities and the discretely presented component units of Bowling Green State University (the "University"), a component unit of the State of Ohio, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the University's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of Bowling Green State University Foundation, Inc. and Subsidiary, as described in our report on the University's financial statements, which were not audited in accordance with Government Auditing Standards. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the University's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the University's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the University's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.



To Management, the Audit Committee, and the Board of Trustees
Bowling Green State University

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the University's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Plante & Moran, PLLC

October 12, 2022



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Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Audit Committee and the Board of Trustees Bowling Green State University

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Bowling Green State University's (the "University") compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the University's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The University's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the University complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of the major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (the "Uniform Guidance"). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the University and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the University's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the University's federal programs.



To the Audit Committee and the Board of Trustees Bowling Green State University

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the University's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the University's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and
 perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis,
 evidence regarding the University's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and
 performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the University's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to
 design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control
 over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion
 on the effectiveness of the University's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance* section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

To the Audit Committee and the Board of Trustees Bowling Green State University

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Plante & Moran, PLLC

October 12, 2022

	Assistance				
Federal Agency/Pass-through Agency/Program Title	Listing Number	Pass-through Entity	Federal Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Total Amount Provided to Subrecipients	Federal Expenditures
STUDENT FINANCIAL AID CLUSTER					
U.S. Department of Education Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants	84.007			s - 5	825,352
Federal Work-Study Program	84.033			-	398,878
Federal Perkins Loans Federal Pell Grant Program	84.038 84.063			=	3,401,900 18,678,520
Federal Direct Subsidized Student Loans	84.268			-	22,158,610
Federal Direct Unsubsidized Student Loans	84.268			-	45,614,216
Federal Direct PLUS Loans	84.268			=	25,475,825
Teacher Education Assistance for College and Higher Education Grants Total U.S. Department of Education	84.379				571,651 117,124,952
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services					
Federal Nursing Student Loans	93.364				746,771 746,771
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services TOTAL STUDENT FINANCIAL AID CLUSTER				-	117,871,723
RESEARCH & DEVELOPMENT CLUSTER					
U.S. Department of Agriculture					
Specialty Crop Block Grant Program - Farm Bill Pesticide-Free Management of Pythium Pathogens in Hydroponic Greenhouses	10.17	Ohio State University Research	60079915		16.052
		Foundation		-	16,953
Strategic Positioning Plan for Lake Sediments as Specialty Crop Amendment Small Business Innovation Research	10.17	Ohio Department of Agriculture	AGR-SCBG-21-05	14,171	38,539
Investigation of Passive Phosphorus Reduction Through Use of an Innovative Hydrogel Technology Agriculture and Food Research Initiative:	10.212	Applied Environmental Solutions, LLC	2021-33530-34405	=	20,132
Where is Pollination in Peril? Evaluating Climate Risks	10.310		2020-67013-31916	58,623	131,370
Partnership Agreements: Senior Hunger and the Food Security Infrastructure	10.RD	University of Kentucky	PO780004827		2,842
Ash Monitoring to Inform Resistance Breeding for Resistance to EAB	10.699	USDA Forest Service	20-CR-11242316-027		13,097
Environmental Quality Incentives Program Aquaponics on the Edge: Coupling Aquaponics to Tile Drai	10.912		GRANT13119876	_	14,342
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture	10.712		GKA113117670	72,794	237,275
U.S. Department of Commerce					
Economic Development Technical Assistance: Rural Universities Consortium University Center	11.303		ED16CHI3030034	46,301	37,689
Rural Universities Consortium University Center	11.303		ED10CHI3030034 ED21CHI3030031	10,521	61,842
Sea Grant Support: Development of an Efficient Approach to Quantify and Control a Fish Disease Caused by Saprolegnia sp	11.417	Ohio State University Research Fndn	RF01506037 Proj 60063782		4,521
Role of Wetlands in Controlling Nutrient Loading to Lake Erie	11.417	Ohio State University Research Fndn	60071937		7,235
Variation in Contaminant Concentrations in Wastewater and in Biota of Streams of NW Ohio Dredged Material Blended with Organic Rich Sources to Amend Farm Soils	11.417 11.417	Ohio State University Research Fndn Ohio State University Research Fndn	RF01614086 Proj 60074858 60074856		48,124 47,875
Assessing Nitrogen Dynamics in a Closed, Integrated Aquaponics Systems	11.417	Wright State University	Sub 6711141, PO 064696		4,542
Strategies to Increase Consumer Perceptions and Attitudes Towards Integrated Multi-Trophic Aquaponics CRISPR-Based Portable Biosensor System for On-Site Detection of Fish Pathogens	11.417 11.417	Ohio State University Research Fndn	NA19OAR4170342 NA22OAR4170099; SPC-1000006440 GR126913		64,485 30,466
Coastal Zone Management Administration Awards:	11.417		14A22OAR4170099, SI C-1000000440 GR120913		30,400
Sandusky Bay Monitoring and Data Phase 4	11.419	Ohio State University Research Fndn/ODNR	RF01620478 Proj 60079040	=	8,891
Sandusky Bay Monitoring and Data Phase 4 - Year 2	11.419	Ohio State University Research	SPC-1000005877 GR125458	-	13,647
Coastal Zone Management Administration Awards:		Fndn/ODNR		-	
Dynamics of Lake Erie Wetlands: Effects on Northern Pike Populations OWC NERR Management Plan Development	11.420 11.420	Ohio Department of Natural Resources Ohio Department of Natural Resources	DNRFHN18B 315-13-01-01 DNRFHN18B 315-12	=	47,546 32,671
OWC Graduate Fellowship (Ritzenhaler)	11.420	Ohio Department of Natural Resources	DNRFHN18B 315-13	-	37,737
Center for Sponsored Coastal Ocean Research Coastal Ocean Program MERHAB19: Portable Toxin Detection Technology to Support Great Lakes Decision Support Tools	11.478		NA19NOS4780190	95.373	126,742
PCMHAB20: Rapid, Portable, Multiplexed Detection of Harm	11.478	Mbio Diagnostics	NA20NOS4780190 NA20NOS4780186-BGSU		19,198
Total U.S. Department of Commerce				152,195	593,211
U.S. Department of Defense					
Air Force Defense Research Sciences Program Electronically Dimmable Eyewear Protection Devices Phase II	12.800	AlphaMicron Inc.	EDEPD STTR PII-01	-	58,088
Total U.S. Department of Defense		•		-	58,088
U.S. Department of Justice					
National Institute of Justice Research, Evaluation, Development Project Grants: Pathways Linking Parental Incarceration and Child Well-Being	16.560		2016-IJ-CX-0012	-	(142)
Mechanisms Underlying Desistance from Crime: Individual and Social Pathways	16.560		2019-R2-CX-0032	16,122	220,849
Second Chance Act Reentry Initiative: FY19 Second Chance Act Youth Offender Reentry Program	16.812	Lucas County Juvenile Court	2019-CZ-BX-0015	-	2,804
TASC of Northwest Ohio Reentry Program for Opioid Use Disorders	16.812	TASC of Northwest Ohio, Inc.	2014-BJ-SCA-1416		38,220
Total U.S. Department of Justice				16,122	261,731
Library of Congress					
Teaching with Primary Sources: Midwest Regional Center for Teaching with Primary Sources	42.010	Illinois State University	SO-276940-21; MO21-073	=	9,938
Total Library of Congress					9,938
National Aeronautics and Space Administration					
Science: Constraining Earth Structure Around the Great Lakes Using Loading Deformation	43.001		80NSSC19K0361	40,693	74,638
Total National Aeronautics and Space Administration	15.001		00.10301710301	40,693	74,638
National Science Foundation					
Engineering Grants:					
Type II: The University of Akron I-Corps Site - Solar Cell Nanosheets (F20-013) (Sun) RET Site: Mission Rebuild Workforce through Advanced Manufacturing Training of K-14 Educators	47.041 47.041	University of Akron	03433-BGSU01 2206952	-	1,800 190
Mathematical and Physical Sciences:					
Photochemistry, Spin, and Molecular Motion: Connections CAREER: Controlling Mechanical Properties of Materials U	47.049 47.049		CHE-1464817 CHE-1653892	-	(665) 101,563
Reaction Limited Synthesis of Atomically-Defined Semicon	47.049 47.049		DMR-1710063 CHF-1710191	-	5,599
Deciphering and Reprogramming Light Induced Double Bond New Developments at the Interface of Banach Algebras and	47.049		DMS-1856010	-	126,218 51,865
Probes, Labels, Traps, and Reporters: Exploring the Mode	47.049		1900541	-	36,994
Exciton Dynamics in Colloidal PbS Nanosheets Enforcing Excited State Reactivity by Altering Chromopho	47.049 47.049		1905217 CHE-1955524	-	93,135 76,742
Collaborative Research: Bridging the Atomic Scale and th COVID-19 - RAPID: Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome Coronavirus 2 (47.049 47.049		DMR-2005064 617407325	=	40,543 11,210
Multianalyte Fluorescence Sensing of Phosphates	47.049		2102581	-	104,197
Femtosecond Time-Resolved Studies of the First 200 fs Ph LEAPS-MPS: Photodynamic Hybrid Polymer Network Sponges a	47.049 47.049		2102619 2137672	-	85,179 60,654
Geosciences:				-	
Lake Eric Center for Fresh Waters and Human Health GP-EXTRA: Geoscience Education Through Authentic Research	47.050 47.050		OCE-1840715 ICER-1911577	431,537	641,225 8,442
Collaborative Research: GP-GO: Integrating Spatial Literacy into Geoscience: Bridging the Gap Between Education and Work	47.050		2119967	=	30,861

					Ten Ended vane 50, 2022
Federal Agency/Pass-through Agency/Program Title	Assistance Listing Number	Pass-through Entity	Federal Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Total Amount Provided to Subrecipients	Federal Expenditures
Computer and Information Science and Engineering: SaTC: Core: Small: Collaborative: Data-Driven Approaches for Large-Scale Security Analysis of Mobile Applications Biological Sciences:	47.070		CNS-1718214	s -	S (304)
Collaborative Research: Navigation and the Neural Integration of Multimodal Sensory Information in the Brain of an Arthropot Collaborative Research: Expression and Dynamics of Reproductive Tactics in a Wild Population of Smallmouth Bass Collaborative Proposal: MRA: Teleconnections Among Green Plains NEON Sites by Wind and Wing	47.074 47.074 47.074		HRD-1432921 IOS-1755421 DEB-1926555	- - -	6,024 13,335 32,043
Social, Behavioral, and Economie Sciences: COVID-19 - ARPID: The Coronavirus Pandemie: Predictors and Conseque FAI: Using Explainable At to Increase Equity and Transpa Education and Human Resources:	47.075 47.075		FAIN: 2028429 FAIN: 2147256	- -	37,022 975
Collaborative Research: AGEP-T: Northern Ohio AGEP Alliance (NOA-AGEP) Project SEA Change: Using Social Connectivity to Improve Quantitative Literacy and Transform Undergraduate Science Teach Collaborative Research: Developing & Evaluating Assessments of Problem Solving (DEAP) Collaborative Research: Markentack Graduate Student Peer-Mentorship Program: Impact and Adaptability Collaborative Research: Validity Evidence and Measurement in Mathematics Education (V-MZED) Determining the Barriers to Colosing a STEM Education and Career, Perspectives from Students and Teachers Elevating Equal Educational Opportunity in Advanced Manufacturing for Underrepresented Minority Students Collaborative Research: Developing and Evaluations, Assessments of Problem-Solving in Computer Adaptive Testing Environment	47.076 47.076 47.076 47.076 47.076 47.076 47.076 47.076 47.076	Chicago State University Chicago State University	HRD.1432921 DUE-1525623 DRL-1725646 DUE-1725646 HRD-1760359 DRL-1920621 53112, P00066402 53112 2100988	24,805 	15,390 298,053 456,714 19,840 301,580 62,344 1,234 49,704
Office of International Science and Engineering IRES Track II: Advanced Studies Institute on Water Quality and Harmful Algal Blooms in Lake Victoria, Kenya Total National Science Foundation	47.079		1953468	456,342	96,459 2,867,400
Department of Energy Office of Science Financial Assistance Program: Solution-Processed Photovollusic Devices Utilizing Semiconductor Excitonic Nanoshells (SENS)	81.049		DE-SC0016872	-	207.964
Fundamental Understanding of Transport Under Reactor Extremes (FUTURE) Renewable Energy Research and Development:	81.049	Triad National Security	89233218CNA000001	-	187,341
LOS - Voltage Determination in CdTe Devices using COMSOL	81.RD	National Renewable Energy Laboratory	SUB-2022-10012; DE-AC36-08GO2838	-	12,140
Chytrid Control Advancing Algal Targets (ChytCAAT)	81.RD	Lawrence Livermore National Security LLC	DE-AC52-07NA2734; B641410		43,898
Total Department of Energy				-	451,343
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Healthy Marriage Promotion and Responsible Fatherhood Grants Marriage Strengthening Research & Dissemination Center	93.086	Child Trends, Inc	90PR0012-01-00	-	144,686
Environmental Health Lake Eric Center for the Great Lakes and Human Health	93.113		P01ES028939	158,608	247.360
Injury Prevention and Control Research and State and Community Based Programs Exposure to Violence and Subsequent Weapons Use: Integrative Data Analysis across Two Urban High-Risk Communities Evaluation of CCOED	93.136 93.136	University of Michigan ProMedica	SBK00013040; PO3006268942 100313	- - - -	41,329 70,726
Occupational Safety and Health Program: Education and Research Center (ERC - Cincinnati) Work Stress, Poor Recovery, and Burnout in Nurses Pressure to Attend Work when Unwell: Health and Safety C	93.262 93.262 93.262	University of Cincinnati University of Cincinnati University of Cincinnati	013704-00015 PO4600007489 013704-00011 PO4600009024 013704-00011 PO4600007443	- - -	6,913 3,360 5,181
Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC) COVID-19 - COVID: OH Wastewater SARS-CoV-2 Surveillance Project	93.323	Ohio State University Research Fndn	GR124410 / SPC-1000005259	-	109,436
Integrated Naloxone Access and Infrastructure: Project PAIN: ProMedica Prescribing Alternatives Instead PEND V3: Evaluation of ProMedica Emergency Dept Naloxone Project PAIN: ProMedica Prescribing Alternatives Instead PEND V4: Evaluation of ProMedica Emergency Dept Naloxone PEND V4: Evaluation of ProMedica Emergency Dept Naloxone	93.788 93.788 93.788 93.788	ProMedica ProMedica ProMedica ProMedica	1002105-3013-158; 100303 100305; 1002105-3030-169 1002105-3240-196; 1202101 1002105-3287-203; 1202101	- - - -	11,839 1,750 26,654 4,345
Biomedical Research and Research Training: Computational Design of Highly Pitorescent Rhodopsins Genetic Basis of Metabolite Production Against Clinical Integrated Resource for Nucleic Acid Structures Determinants of SINE Mobilization in the Domestic Dog Genetic Basis of Metabolite Production Against Clinical	93.859 93.859 93.859 93.859 93.859		1R15GM126627-01 1R15GM124585-01A1 2R01GM085328-09A1 1R15GM139146-01 2R15GM124585-02	175,033	52,609 45,266 365,025 140,477 35,107
Child Health and Human Development Extramural Research: Exposure to Violence and Subsequent Weapons Use: Mediating and Moderating Processes Center for Family and Demographic Research CFDR carryover Archiving Contemporary County and State Nuptiality Data Consistency of Retrospectively Reported Individual Fertility Data Across Time	93.865 93.865 93.865 93.865 93.865	University of Michigan	Subaward 3004115607 P2CHD050959 R24HD050959 1R03HD10383 1R03HD104885-01	- - - -	1,634 207,041 84,781 73,248 32,767
Mechanisms Underlying Sexual Minority Health Dispurities in the United States U.S. Fertility and the Pandemic: Changing Fertility Plans in an Ear of Uncertainty and Stress Unequal Parenthoods: Population Perspectives on Gender, Race and Sexual Minority Dispurities in Family Stress and Health L Asime Research.	93.865 93.865	University of Minnesota University of Minnesota	H008512502 R03HD105848 A009471601; 1U01HD108779-01	- - -	15,402 5,243 4,334
Health and Well-Being Effects on Later-Life Divorce and Subsequent Repartnering Children's Help to Aging Pærents in the Face of Health and Economic Challenges from the COVID-19 Pandemic Rural Communities Opioid Response Program-Planning:	93.866 93.866	Syracuse University	2R15AG047588-02 32119-06022-S01		95,313 6,233
RCORP Implementation - Lenawec Opioid Response Project Preventive Health and Health Services Block Grant: Child Injury Prevention Program (CIPP) V3	93.912 93.991	ProMedica ProMedica	1002105-3111-162; 80163 100298; 1002105-3118-157	-	33,921 12,646
Older Adult Falls Program (OAFP) Y3 Child Injury Prevention Program (CIPP) Y4 Older Adult Falls Program (OAFP) Y4	93.991 93.991 93.991	ProMedica ProMedica ProMedica	10029; 1002105-3117-156 1002105-3286-201; 1202101 1002105-3285-202; 1202101	<u> </u>	9,573 19,962 15,120
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services TOTAL RESEARCH & DEVELOPMENT CLUSTER				333,641 1,071,787	1,929,281 6,482,905
TRIO CLUSTER U.S. Department of Education					
Student Support Services Educational Talent Search Program Educational Talent Search Program	84.042 84.044 84.044		P042A201444 P044A160537 P044A210637	- - -	536,972 159,917 236,286
Upwar Bound Program McNair Program TOTAL TRIO CLUSTER	84.047 84.217		P047A170206 P217A170157	<u> </u>	391,379 269,997 1,594,551
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CLUSTER					
U.S. Department of Commerce Economic Adjustment Assistance: COVID-19 - COVID: University Center CARES Act Project COVID-19 - COVID: Northwest Oflio Workforce Development Strategy and Recovery Plan	11.307 11.307		ED20CHI3070038 06-69-06289 URI:115864	149,370 77,384	210,165 251,205
COVID-19 - COVID: Northwest Unit ownstorere Everyorisment Strategy and recovery Plan COVID-19 - COVID: North Central ObioU.S. 30 Corridor CEDS TOTAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CLUSTER	11.307		06-69-06274	226,754	54,345 515,715

	Selec				
Federal Agency/Pass-through Agency/Program Title	Assistance Listing Number	Pass-through Entity	Federal Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Total Amount Provided to Subrecipients	Federal Expenditures
HIGHWAY SAFETY CLUSTER	зчитьет				
U.S Department of Transportation State and Community History	20.600	OL' D CD.II' C.C.	GC 2020 PCSH : 00012	s -	s (97)
Safe Communities FY 2020 Safe Communities FY 2021	20.600	Ohio Department of Public Safety Ohio Department of Public Safety	SC-2020-BGSUnive-00013 SC-2021-BGSUnive-00011		11,548
Safe Communities FY 2022 National Priority Safety Programs:	20.600	Ohio Department of Public Safety	SC-2022-BGSUnive-00030	-	25,176
Evaluation of the Stability of Oral Fluid Samples Stored in a Variety of Temperatures Comparison of Active vs Passive Methods of Oral Fluid Collection	20.616 20.616	Ohio Department of Public Safety Ohio Department of Public Safety	GG-2021-BGSU-00025 69A3752GG-2022-BGSU-00001	-	33,730 70,582
TOTAL HIGHWAY SAFETY CLUSTER		,		-	140,939
SPECIAL EDUCATION CLUSTER (IDEA)					
U.S. Department of Education Special Education-Grants to States					
Project EDUCATE (Educators of Diversity: Unified and Collaborative to Aspire Teacher Education) TOTAL SPECIAL EDUCATION CLUSTER (IDEA)	84.027A	University of Cincinnati	H027A210111		83,479 83,479
CHILD CARE DEVELOPMENT BLOCK FUND CLUSTER U.S. Department of Health and Human Services					
Child Care Develoment Block Grant					59.618
Ohio Ready to Learn TOTAL CHILD CARE DEVELOPMENT BLOCK FUND CLUSTER	93.575	Ohio Educational Television Stations	G-2223-17-0438		59,618
MEDICAID CLUSTER U.S. Department of Health and Human Services					
Medical Assistance Program:		Ohio State University Research			*****
2022 Ohio Medicaid Assessment Survey (OMAS) TOTAL MEDICAID CLUSTER	93.778	Foundation	SPC-1000005466		24,386 24,386
					24,380
OTHER GRANTS AND CONTRACTS U.S. Department of Agriculture					
Rural Community Development Initiative Northwest Ohio Rural Community Development Initiative	10.446		41-087-311278133 # 1	-	18,308
Rural Development Cooperative Agreement Program The Reimagining Rural Regions (R3) Initiative	10.890		FED22CHI3020029	_	48,326
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture	10.090		1ED22CHI3020029	-	66,634
U.S. Department of Defense					
Basic, Applied and Advanced Research in Science and Engineering: USACE BAA: Rapid, Portable and Multiplexed Detection of Freshwater Harmful Algal Bloom-Forming Genera	12.630		W912HZ2020044	15,372	66,113
Ohio Junior Science and Humanities Symposium 2020-2021	12.630	National Science Teachers Association	21-871-020		12,931
Total U.S. Department of Defense				15,372	79,044
U.S. Department of the Interior National Cooperative Geologic Mapping:					
State View Program Development and Operations for the State of Ohio	15.810	AmericaView	AV18-OH-01	-	22,887
National Center for Preservation Technology and Training Tri-Cure Hybrid Organo-Silicon Coatings for Monument Preservation	15.923		617407325		13,989
Total U.S. Department of the Interior				=	36,876
U.S. Department of Justice STOP School Violence					
LEAD WELL: Leadership for School Safety and Well-being	16.839		2020-YS-BX-0057		193,892
Total U.S. Department of Justice				≘	193,892
National Endowment for the Humanities Promotion of the Humanities Federal/State Partnership					
Stories in the Woods: A Community-Based History Told Along the Trails of Wintergarden/St. John's Woods Trailblazing Women in Ohio Politics	45.129 45.129	Ohio Humanities Council Ohio Humanities Council	QU20-014 SO-276940-21; MO21-073	=	(66) 1,880
Visible Man: Art and Black Male Subjectivity Music in Arab America	45.129 45.129	Ohio Humanities Council Ohio Humanities Council	SO-276940-21; QU21-100 SO-276940-21; QU22-005	-	10,650 3,970
Promotion of the Humanities Division of Preservation and Access				=	
Street & Smith Dime Novel Digitization Project Total National Endowment for the Humanities	45.149	Northern Illinois University	G2B66828-4		718 17,152
U.S. Department of Education					
Vocational Education Basic Grants: FY 2020-2021 CTE Teacher Education Program	84.048	Ohio Department of Education	VEPD-CB-11-IRN	_	17,128
FY 2021-2022 CTE Teacher Education Program	84.048	Ohio Department of Education	EDUF2021	=	110,118
Twenty-First Century Community Learnings Centers: Evaluation of Leipsic 21st Century Grant	84.287	Putnam County Educational Service	S287C170035	_	6,075
Child Care Access Means Parents in School		Center			-,
BGSU CCAMPIS Student Parent Program	84.335		P335A210075	-	14,062
Teacher Quality Partnership Grants: Project IMPACT: Improving Motivation, Pedagogy, Assessment and Collaboration for Teachers	84.336		U336S180041		586,288
Comprehensive Literacy Development	04.550		03303100041	-	360,286
Development of a Statewide Support Mechanism for Building the Capacity of the Faculty and IHE School District Teams in Us Economic Stabilization Fund:	84.371	Walsh University	Deans Compact FY21	-	7,398
COVID-19 - Governor's Emergency Education Relief Fund	84.425C	Ohio Department of Higher Education	S425C200040	-	292,616
COVID-19 - Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund - Student Aid Portion COVID-19 - American Rescue PlanElementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief	84.425E 84.425U		P425E203775 P425F202969		18,704,443 9,722
Total U.S. Department of Education				-	19,747,850
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services CMHS Child Mental Health Service Initiative:					
Evaluation of ENGAGE 2.0	93.104	Ohio Dept of Mental Health/Addiction	DMHF18NGAG	-	52,022
Substance Abuse & Mental Health Services Projects of Regional & Natl Significance:		Srv			
Harbor Primary and Behavioral Health Care Integration (HPBHCI) Evaluation of Youth Treatment-Implementation (YT-I) Yr 2	93.243 93.243	Harbor Ohio Dept of Mental Health/Addiction	1H79SM062202-01 2100331	-	82 45,841
		Srv Ohio Dept of Mental Health/Addiction			
Evaluation of Youth Treatment-Implementation (YT-I) Yr 3 Mental and Behavioral Health Education and Training Grants	93.243	Srv	2200492, 2100331, 2000551	-	26,950
Opioid-Impacted Family Support Program	93.732	Mercy College of Ohio	T26HP39449	-	10,817
Primary Care Training and Enhancement Evaluation of PCTE-CPMH	93.884	ProMedica	1002105-32-42-189; 120210	÷	19,913
Block Grants for Community Mental Health Services ENGAGE/Evaluation of MRSS	93.958	Ohio Dept of Mental Health/Addiction	Order no: PO00027944	-	119,279
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services		Srv	1 300021711		274,904
Corporation for National and Community Service					
AmeriCorps Toledo Partners for Student Success (TOPSS)	94 006	Partners in Education	21 AC225774		37,489
Toledo Partners for Student Success (TOPSS) Total U.S.	94.006	Partners in Education	21AC235774		37,489
U.S. Department of Treasury					
Coronavirus Relief Fund: COVID-19 - CARES Act CRF for Mental Health	21.019	Ohio Department of Higher Education	Application ID 10611	-	=
COVID-19 - State of Ohio Wastewater SARS-CoV-2 Surveillance Project	21.019	Ohio State University Research Fndn	RF01619689 Proj 60079589		44,811
Total U.S. Department of Treasury		,	•		44,811
TOTAL OTHER GRANTS AND CONTRACTS				15,372	20,498,652
TOTAL FEDERAL EXPENDITURES				\$ 1,313,913	\$ 147,271,968

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Year Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal grant activity of Bowling Green State University (the "University") under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in the Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (the "Uniform Guidance"). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the University, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the University.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported in the Schedule are reported on the same basis of accounting as the basic financial statements. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement except for expenditures related to CFDA 21.019, Coronavirus Relief Fund (CRF), CRF do not apply the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards but rather applies the U.S. Department of Treasury's guidance. and frequently asked questions as outlined in the 2022 Compliance Supplement Addendum. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. The pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

Note 3 - Indirect Costs

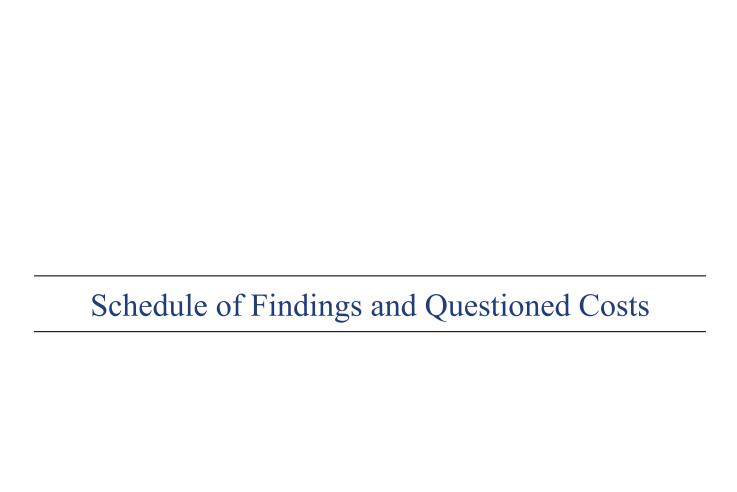
The University recovers indirect costs by means of provisional fixed indirect cost rates. The provisional fixed rates are a result of negotiated agreements with the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. The predetermined fixed rate for on-campus research is 42 percent of modified total direct costs, and the off-campus predetermined rate is 21 percent of modified total direct costs effective July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2022.

The University has elected not to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate to recover indirect costs, as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Note 4 - Federal Direct Student Loans and Other Loans

The University acts as an intermediary for students receiving Federal Direct Student Loans (CFDA #84.268), which include Direct Loans and Parents' Loans for Undergraduate Students, from the federal government. The federal government is responsible for billings and collections of the loans. The University assists the federal government by processing the applications and applying funds to student accounts from the federal government. Since this program is administered by the federal government, new loans made in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 related to Federal Direct Loans are considered current year federal expenditures, whereas the outstanding loan balance is not.

The outstanding balances on the Federal Perkins Loans and the Federal Nursing Loans at June 30, 2022 are \$2,713,201 and \$670,865, respectively.



Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

Year Ended June 30, 2022

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements							
Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified						
Internal control over financial reporti	ng:						
Material weakness(es) identified?			_Yes	X	No		
 Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? 			_Yes	X	None reported		
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?			_Yes	X	None reported		
Federal Awards							
Internal control over major programs	S:						
Material weakness(es) identified?			Yes	X	No		
 Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? 			_Yes	X	None reported		
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:			Unmodified				
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 2 CFR 200.516(a)?			_Yes	X	No		
Identification of major programs:							
CFDA Number	CFDA Number Name of Federal Program or Cluster						
Various 84.425 Various	Student Financial Aid Cluster Education Stabilization Fund Research and Developement C	Cluster					
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$							
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?			Yes		No		

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued)

Year Ended June 30, 2022

Section II - Financial Statement Audit Findings

Current Year None

Section III - Federal Program Audit Findings

Current Year None





BOWLING GREEN STATE UNIVERSITY

WOOD COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 11/22/2022

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370