

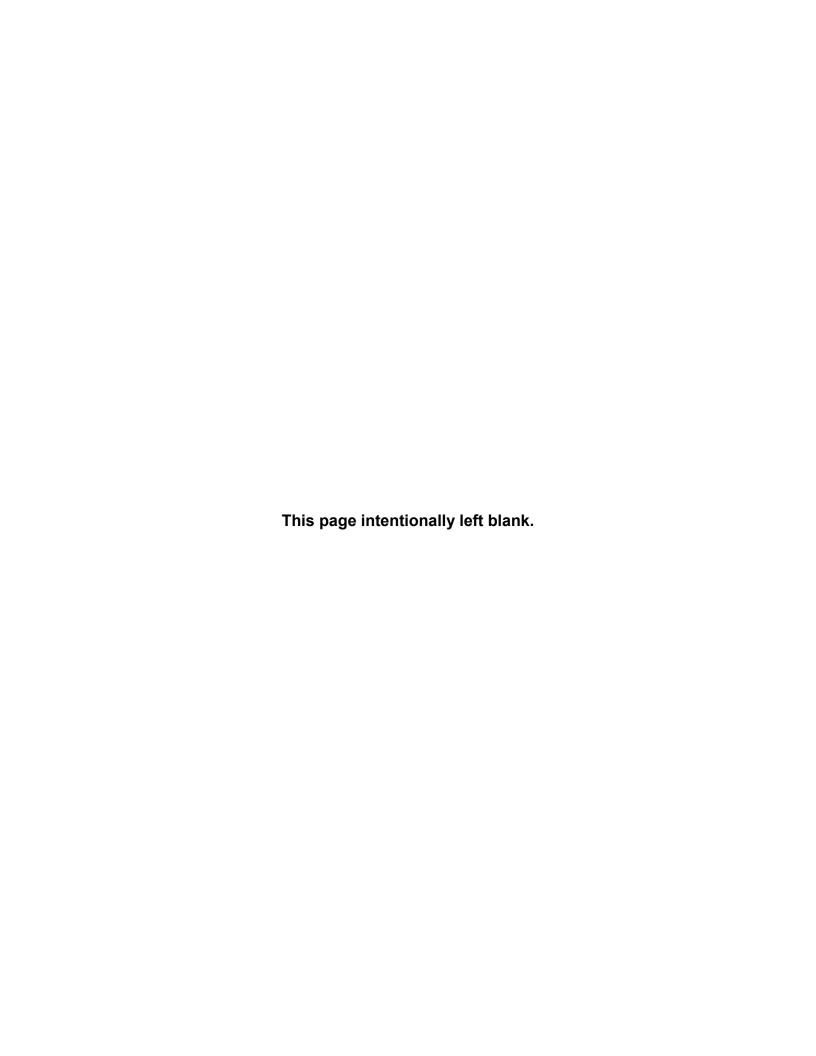


# THE CITY OF BARBERTON SUMMIT COUNTY DECEMBER 31, 2021

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The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report is attached.





88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 ContactUs@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

City of Barberton Summit County 104 Third Street NW Barberton, Ohio 44203

# To the City Council:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Barberton, Summit County, (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 30, 2022, wherein we referred to the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures which may impact subsequent periods of the City.

# Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purposes of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

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City of Barberton Summit County Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by Government Auditing Standards Page 2

# Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

# **Purpose of This Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

June 30, 2022



88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 ContactUs@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE AND ON THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

City of Barberton Summit County 104 Third Street NW Barberton, Ohio 44203

To the City Council:

# Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

# Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Barberton's (the City) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City of Barberton's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2021. The City of Barberton's major federal programs are identified in the *Summary of Auditor's Results* section of the accompanying schedule of findings.

In our opinion, the City of Barberton complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2021.

# Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

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City of Barberton
Summit County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance
and on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance
Page 2

# Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

The City's Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the City's federal programs.

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the City's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
  and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
  test basis, evidence regarding the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to
  above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the City's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order
  to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on
  internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose
  of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.
  Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

# **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

City of Barberton
Summit County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance
and on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance
Page 3

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance* section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of this testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

# Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Barberton (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. We issued our unmodified report thereon dated June 30, 2022, wherein we referred to the financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures that will impact subsequent periods.. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. We have not performed any procedures on the audited financial statements subsequent to June 30, 2022. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records management used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this schedule to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this schedule directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

August 15, 2022

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# CITY OF BARBERTON SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ Sub Grantor /	CFDA	Pass-Through / Entity Grant	Passed Through to	Cash Federal
Program Title	Number	Number	Subrecipient	Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPM	IENT			
Direct				
CDBG - Entitlement Grants Cluster				
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-17MC-39-0028	-	473
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-18MC-39-0028	1,000	11,000
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-19MC-39-0028	-	159,917
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-20MC-39-0028	-	177,142
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-21MC-39-0028	-	141,623
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218	N/A		13,870
<b>Total CDBG - Entitlement Grants Cluster</b>			1,000	504,025
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			1,000	504,025
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE	<u>-</u>			
Direct	4.6.60=	27/		10.005
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program	16.607	N/A		10,888
Total U.S. Department of Justice				10,888
U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY	_			
Direct				
Brownfields Assessment and Cleanup Cooperative Agreements	66.818	2020		156,502
Total U.S. Environmental Protection Agency				156,502
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY	_			
Passed Through Ohio Office of Budget and Management				
COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	HB481-CRF-Local	-	60,644
COVID-19 CRF- Adult Day Service & Senior Center	21.019	N/A		23,931
Total Coronavirus Relief Fund				84,575
Passed Through Ohio Office of Budget and Management				
COVID-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	N/A		228,688
<b>Total U.S. Department of Treasury</b>				313,263
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY	_			
Direct				
FEMA - 14th St Flood Mitigation Grant	97.039	N/A	-	317,927
FEMA - 15th St Flood Mitigation Grant	97.039	N/A	-	21,226
FEMA - Arthur St. Mitigation Grant	97.039	N/A		2,000
Total FEMA Flood Mitigation Grant				341,153
Direct				
Assistance to Firefighters Grant	97.044	EMW-2019-FO-06187		207,052
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security				548,205
<b>Total Federal Financial Assistance</b>			\$ 1,000	\$ 1,532,883

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

#### CITY OF BARBERTON

# NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

# **NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the City of Barberton (the City) under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2021. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the City.

# NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement.

#### NOTE C - INDIRECT COST RATE

The City has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

# **NOTE D - SUBRECIPIENTS**

The City passes certain federal awards received from U.S Department of Housing and Urban Development to other governments or not-for-profit agencies (subrecipients). As Note B describes, the City reports expenditures of Federal awards to subrecipients when paid in cash.

As a Pass-through entity, the City has certain compliance responsibilities, such as monitoring its subrecipients to help assure they use these subawards as authorized by laws, regulations, and the provisions of contracts or grant agreements, and that subrecipients achieve the award's performance goals.

# NOTE E - COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT (CDBG) REVOLVING LOAN PROGRAMS WITHOUT CONTINUING COMPLIANCE REQUIREMENTS

The City has a revolving loan fund (RLF) program to provide low-interest loans to businesses to create jobs for low to moderate income persons and also to lend money to eligible persons to rehabilitate homes. The federal Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) grants money for these loans to the City, passed through the Ohio Developmental Services Agency. The Schedule reports loans made as disbursements on the Schedule. Subsequent loans are subject to the same compliance requirements imposed by HUD as the initial loans.

These loans are collateralized by mortgage on the property and by liens recorded with the City.

# CITY OF BARBERTON SUMMIT COUNTY

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 DECEMBER 31, 2021

# 1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Community Development Block Grants (14.218) American Rescue Plan (21.027)
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 750,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR § 200.520?	No

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS	

None

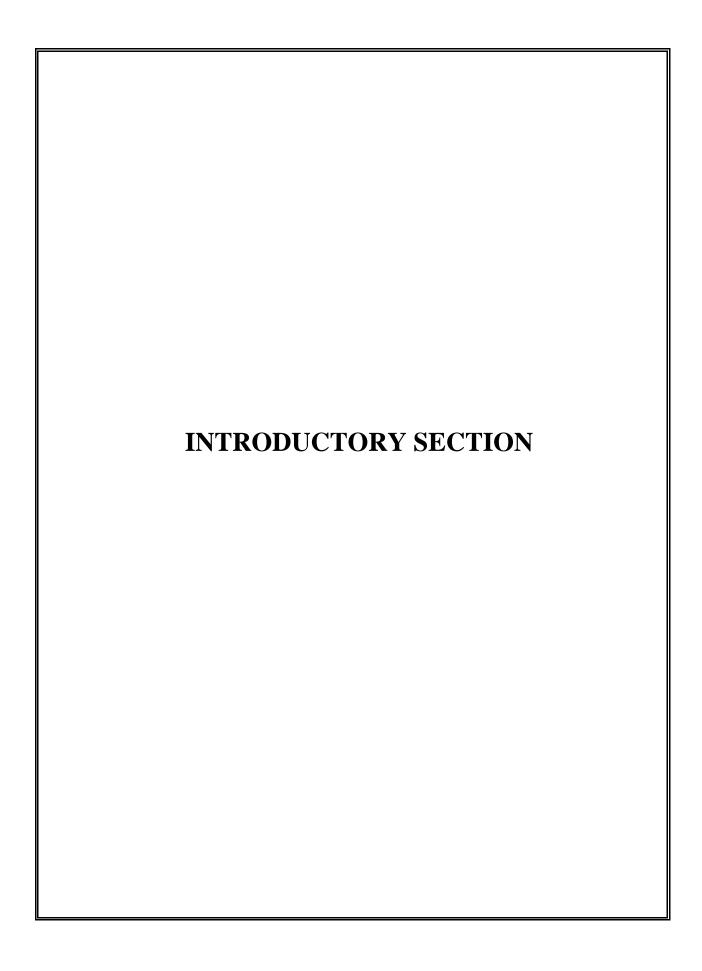
# 3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None

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CITY OF BARBERTON, OHIO
ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021
PREPARED BY:
JEREMY FLAKER DIRECTOR OF FINANCE
104 THIRD STREET NW BARBERTON, OHIO 44203





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# **CITY OF BARBERTON, OHIO**ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

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# City of Barberton

- Finance Department -

June 30, 2022

To the Citizens of Barberton, Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council, City of Barberton, Ohio

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of the City of Barberton, Ohio (City) is hereby presented. This represents the official report of the City of Barberton's operations and financial position for the year ended December 31, 2021, and has been developed to accurately detail the status of the City finances to Barberton residents and elected officials, investment banks and underwriters and all other interested parties. This report is presented in compliance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, "Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments". It is intended to provide all pertinent and necessary information to the citizens of Barberton.

Responsibility for the accuracy of the data contained herein, for the completeness and fairness of the presentation and for all disclosure rests with the City's management. To the best of the City's knowledge, the financial and other data contained in this report fairly present the financial position and results of operations of the City. All necessary disclosures to enable the citizens and other readers to understand the City's financial activities are included in this report.

The City is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to protect its assets from loss, theft or misuse. Furthermore, the accounting system must be adequate to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived and that the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

The City is required by state law to have an annual financial and compliance audit performed by the Auditor of State's Office or his/her designee. The City continues to receive an unqualified opinion. The Independent Auditor's Report on the City's financial statements is included in the Financial Section of this report.

As a part of the City's independent audit, tests are made to determine the adequacy of the internal control structure, including that portion related to federal financial assistance programs, as well as to determine that the City has complied with applicable laws and regulations. The results of the City's independent audit for the year ended December 31, 2021 provided no instances of material weaknesses in the internal control structure or significant violations of applicable laws and regulations.

This transmittal letter is designed to provide historical information about the City, as well as compliment the required Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). Generally accepted accounting principles require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements. The City's MD&A, which focuses on the government-wide statements, can be found immediately following the Independent Auditor's Report.

Finance Department

104 Third Street, N.W. • Barberton, Ohio 44203 • Office: (330) 848-6775 • Fax: (330) 848-6725

www.cityofbarberton.com

# **Community Profile**

The City of Barberton is located in northeast Ohio, adjacent to the City of Akron and approximately 75 miles south of Cleveland. Incorporated in 1891, Barberton operates under a charter form of government which was adopted by its voters in 1973. The City is governed by an elected Mayor and a nine-member City Council. Founded by industrialist Ohio Columbus Barber, Barberton earned the nickname of the Magic City because of its early rapid growth. Today, Barberton covers an area of approximately nine square miles and is the fourth largest city in Summit County with a population of approximately 26,000.

The City provides a full range of municipal services mandated by statute or charter, including police and fire protection, parks, recreation, street maintenance, planning, zoning and other general government services. Health services are provided by the Summit County Health Department. In addition, water, sanitary sewer, storm water management and solid waste disposal services are provided under the enterprise fund concept with user charges set to ensure adequate coverage of operating expenses, payments on outstanding debt and adequate infrastructure maintenance, repair and replacement and expansion.

#### **Economic Condition and Outlook**

#### Local Economy

The City's economy has historically been associated with the manufacturing industry. Major industries with headquarters or divisions within Barberton's boundaries include manufacturers of fossil fuel and nuclear power generating equipment, automobile components, energy products management systems and producers of chemical products. The City's largest employer accounts for approximately 18 percent of the City's total income tax collections.

Employment in the City has been relatively steady over the last several years. Employment levels have remained between 11,500 and 12,100 over the last eight years after falling from a high of 12,900 in 2006 and 2007.

#### Civilian Labor Force Estimates

December 2021	Civilian			Unemployment
Area Name	<u>Labor Force</u>	<b>Employment</b>	<u>Unemployment</u>	Rate
Barberton	12,100	11,400	700	5.8
Summit County	263,300	250,500	12,800	4.9
Ohio Seasonally Adjusted	5,741,300	5,485,400	255,800	4.5
U.S. Seasonally Adjusted	162,294,000	155,975,000	6,319,000	3.9

Source: Ohio Department of Job and Family Services

Due to the continuing slow economic recovery throughout Ohio, the City will continue to have difficulty balancing its budget for the near future. Income tax, the City's largest source of General Fund operating revenue, continued to remain stagnant, though showing signs of slight recovery in 2021. However due to the impacts of COVID-19 and one of the largest employers leaving the City, the City is projecting for income tax revenue to stay relatively the same in 2022 compared to 2021. State of Ohio budget reductions have resulted in cuts to local government support such as the local government fund subsidy. Personal services costs (wages and benefits) are driven by bargaining unit contracts and health care costs. Operating costs, such as fuel, electric and gas power costs continue to be a growing burden. Infrastructure (streets, waterlines, sewer lines and storm water construction), vehicles (police cruisers and snow plows, for example), and other capital replacement requirements are ongoing.

Assessed property values have begun to recover after dropping off from \$396.7 million in tax year 2008 to \$395.5 million in tax year 2021. Total cash basis property tax collections have increased slightly from \$1.62 million in 2011 to \$1.69 million in 2021.

Despite the budgetary challenges over the last several years, there are development projects taking place that are intended to help restore Barberton's long-term economic stability. The Barberton Community Development Corporation (BCDC) is a tax exempt, non-political agency founded for the purpose of enhancing the City's tax base by providing opportunities to create or retain jobs in the City of Barberton. The BCDC, through business financing, gap loans, construction of infrastructure and redevelopment projects have assisted over 500 businesses, facilitating over \$120 million in private sector investment and has around 125 active loan clients. The Barberton Community Foundation invests up to \$4 million in a revolving loan fund administered by BCDC. The BCDC, in collaboration with the City and the Barberton Community Foundation (BCF) have retained or created more than 3,200 jobs generating more than \$1.5 million annually in income and property taxes.

In October of 2011, the BCDC was awarded \$1,000,000 from the Small Business Administration to assist businesses in the City of Barberton. Within a two-year period of time, the BCDC had loaned almost the full \$1,000,000 of the available SBA funds. 2016 brought the approval of the largest loan in the history of the organization. Through a special PRI fund at the BCF, the BCDC was able to issue a \$2,500,000 loan to attract a global business to the City of Barberton. Within the next three years, the company will relocate over 100 new jobs to the city. In addition, the Development Finance Authority was able to assist with PACE financing in 2019 which, helped the company with energy efficient upgrades.

The City Planning Department with Clean Ohio Assistance Fund ("COAF") assistance conducted asbestos abatement and other clean-up along with an environmental assessment of the former Seiberling Industrial property. The City and the Barberton Land Improvement Company (BLIC) are partnering to redevelop the property into commercial or industrial end uses. The BLIC, a wholly owned subsidiary of the BCDC acquired the former Seiberling Tire and Rubber Company property in February 2012. Since the acquisition, the BLIC has continued renovations to the 400,000 plus square foot facility and has successfully executed thirteen active leases. Once fully renovated, the City of Barberton will have ample office and manufacturing space available to accommodate the needs of area businesses as they expand. To date, approximately \$2.8 million has been invested in the facility. Through the BCDC and BLIC business attraction efforts, they have 16 active leases at various properties and additional space will be available for future growth. In addition, the BCDC has assisted approximately 90 active loan clients throughout the City of Barberton.

In 2013, the BLIC acquired the former Shamrock motel and nightclub. Both structures have been razed and the land was sold to the City of Barberton in 2019 for future development. It is anticipated that this property will be fully developed by the end of 2022.

In 2014, Mayor William Judge proposed, and City Council approved, a new "Business Incentive Program". The program offers monetary incentives to businesses occupying new and or existing industrial, commercial, or retail buildings where such occupancy creates new jobs and or eliminates blight from the community to enhance economic development and saves or creates new jobs. Funding comes from income tax revenues and may include Barberton Community Foundation grants.

In 2021, BCDC along with the Barberton Community Foundation partnered to create a zero percent loan fund to assist struggling businesses. 20 loans were issued and provided much needed financial assistance to businesses that were forced to temporarily close their doors. In addition, BCDC received a \$1,000,000 award from the Economic Development Administration to assist with providing capital for businesses looking to expand or purchase equipment. Within one year of the award, the BCDC had nearly loaned out the entire amount to area businesses.

#### Long-Term Financial Planning

Although the City continues to pursue grants and low-interest loans for capital improvements, with reduced operating reserves the City has been required to raise user charges, license and permit fees as well as cutting expenses. An example of this effort is that the full-time staffing levels have been reduced from 257 employees in 2005 to 219 at the end of 2021. The result of the staffing reductions and other cuts has helped minimize expenditure growth in the General Fund, the City's major (non-utility) operating fund.

# Major Initiatives

At the November 2013 general election, the Citizens of Barberton approved a one-quarter of a percent increase in the city income tax. The additional revenue (11.11% of total income tax receipts) is restricted to paving and reconstructing streets. The increase raised approximately \$1.4 million in 2021 for street improvements.

As a result of this tax increase, construction began on the 9<sup>th</sup> Street N.E. Improvement project in 2016. The \$1,710,000 project included the complete reconstruction of the street including curbs, storm sewers, water and sewer lines. The project was financed by the issuance of \$1,710,000 in General Obligation Bond Anticipation Notes. The notes will be retired by using a portion of the additional income tax. The project was completed in early 2018.

The City was also awarded \$8.8 million in federal grants from Akron Metropolitan Transportation Study (AMATS). These grant monies will be used for various projects in the City. Those projects include reconstruction of the intersection at Wooster Road North and State Street, reconstruction of Wooster Road West from Second Street Northwest to Hudson Run Road, resurfacing Van Buren Avenue, resurfacing West Waterloo Road, resurfacing Norton Avenue, and resurfacing Wooster Road North from Burt Street to Norton Avenue. These projects are scheduled to begin in 2021/2022.

A major reconstruction of 31st Street between Wooster Road West and City of Norton Corporation limit has been has been completed using an Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) no interest loan to help finance the waterline portion. At December 31, 2015 the waterline portion, estimated at \$2.164 million, was substantially completed. The roadway reconstruction portion continued through 2016. Roadway funding includes an OPWC grant and ODOT reimbursements for engineering costs, right-of-way and easement expenses and direct construction contractor payments. The project is estimated was \$4.38 million and completed in late 2016.

Design work has also been completed on additional sewage plant improvements financed with a 20-year, low interest loan, also through OWDA. This project is estimated at approximately \$2.8 million.

OWDA and the EPA are also funding with a low interest loan the improvements to the water intake structure and equipment at the Wolf Creek Reservoir. The project is expected to cost approximately \$3.24 million with \$790,000 in loan forgiveness (an EPA grant). The balance of \$2.44 million will be repaid by the City with water user charges over a 30-year period beginning July of 2015.

The Highlands is a single-family housing development on the site of the former Highland Junior High School, the development covers one city block. The development plan calls for a total of 10 new homes to be built. Currently 7 have been constructed and are occupied. Design and preparation continues for the remaining 3 lots. Houses are expected to be priced in the \$130,000 to \$140,000 range.

The East New Haven is a single-family housing development expansion of the original New Haven allotment off of Fairland Road. This expansion will occur in three phases. The first phase was under construction in 2019. The second phase was set to begin in 2021 and the final phase beginning in spring of 2021. The expansion has a total of 154 buildable lots with the houses expected to be priced in the \$175,000 to \$225,000 range.

The City has looked to regionalism as a way to reduce taxpayers cost while maintaining or improving the level of service. The City has purchased the City of Norton's sanitary sewer system from Summit County. The City has agreed to pay Summit County \$175,000 per year for ten years. The City of Barberton will own, operate and maintain the system. City of Norton customers will be billed and pay for costs of the sewer system. During 2016, the Barberton City Council authorized the Mayor to enter into agreement with the City of Norton to authorize the transfer of the Nash Heights Sewer Project to Barberton. This included the transfer of an OWDA loan for the Nash Heights Sewer project. Total cost of the project exceeds \$8 million. Debt service on the OWDA loan will be paid by the City of Norton. The City of Barberton, Copley Township and the City of Norton entered into an agreement for the purpose of creating a shared dispatch safety service center. The Southwest Summit Council of Governments was created to share in the costs of operating and maintaining the dispatch center with the expectation that sharing the services will result in lower dispatch costs and improved service for each member community.

Operation of the center began January 2014. Dispatch employees of each organization were hired by the Southwest Summit Communications Center (SWSCOM). Each organization contributed equally to equip and start up the center. Since operational, each member is billed quarterly for their share of the budgeted expenditures. The City of Barberton's share was \$892,054 for 2021 operations. The City also absorbed the City of Norton Building Department in 2015. This process not only eliminates duplication but allows for expanded services to businesses and residents.

In 2021, the City was awarded approximately \$16.4 million from the Federal Government through the Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds (SLFRF), which was a part of the American Rescue Plan Act. The City received this in two installments; half in 2021 and half in 2022. These funds were given to help fight the pandemic, support families and businesses with public health and economic impacts from the pandemic, and aid in the recovery from the effects of the pandemic. The City is currently working on developing a plan for the use of the funds to ensure the needs of the community are addressed in accordance to the rules and regulations of the SLFRF funding.

# Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Barberton, Ohio for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award, recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report, whose contents conform to program standards. Such a report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. The City of Barberton, Ohio, has received Certificates of Achievement for the last 31 consecutive years (1990-2020). We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements and are submitting it to GFOA for award consideration.

#### Acknowledgements

The publication of this report could not have been accomplished without the efforts of the Finance Department staff. I would also like to express my appreciation to the other city departments directly involved in the preparation of the report and every City employee and manager for their dedicated service to the Citizens of Barberton throughout the year.

Sincerely,

Jeremy Flaker

Director of Finance

# CITY OF BARBERTON, OHIO LIST OF PRINCIPAL CITY OFFICIALS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2021

Elected	<b>Officials</b>	(Four-year	terms):

# ADMINISTRATION AND MUNICIPAL COURT:

Mayor	William B. Judge	12/31/2023
Director of Finance	Jeremy Flaker	12/31/2023
Director of Law	Lisa Okolish Miller	12/31/2023
<b>Municipal Court Judge (Presiding)</b>	Todd McKenney	12/31/2023
Municipal Court Judge	Jill Flagg Lanzinger	12/31/2025
Clerk of Municipal Court	Diana Stevenson	12/31/2021

# CITY COUNCIL:

President	Craig Megyes	12/31/2021
Members:		
At-Large	Thomas Heitic	12/31/2021
At-Large	Carla S. Debevec	12/31/2021
Ward 1	Justin Greer	12/31/2023
Ward 2	Nina Angeloff	12/31/2023
Ward 3	Shorter Griffin	12/31/2023
Ward 4	Shaun Jaber	12/31/2023
Ward 5	Joyce Colburn	12/31/2023
Ward 6	Carol A. Frey	12/31/2023

# Mayor's Staff (Appointed):

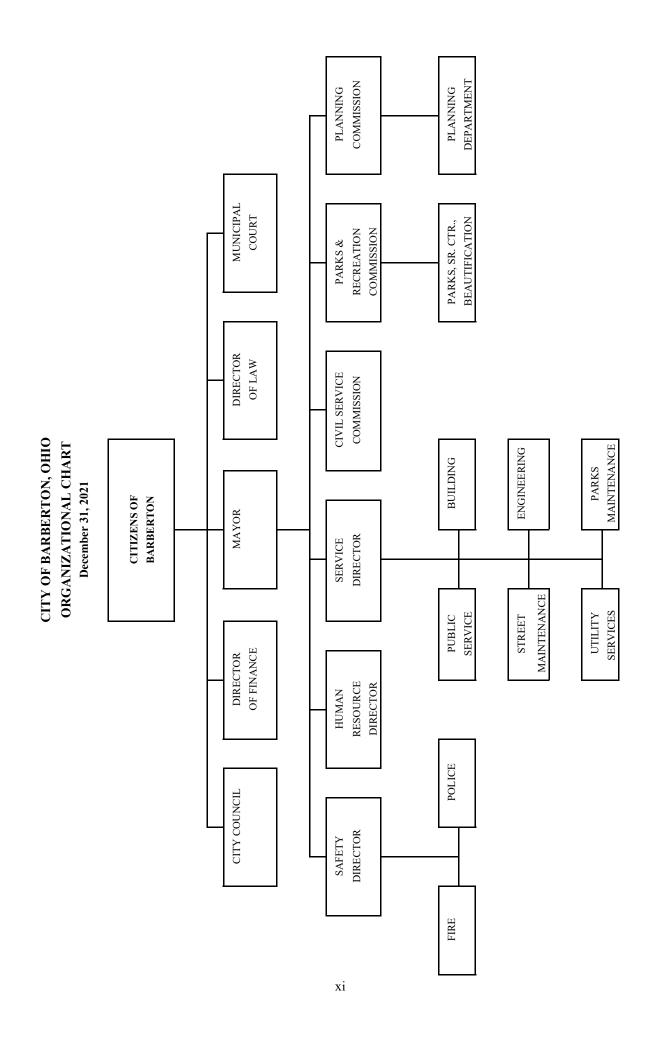
Service Director Greg Tracy

Safety/Human Resources Director Elizabeth Daugherty **Utilities Director** Denny Weaver (Interim)

**Building Commissioner** Vacant

**Department Heads:** 

Police Chief Vince Morber Fire Chief **Rob Pursley** City Engineer Vacant Planning Director Trevor Hunt Parks Director Don Patterson





# Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

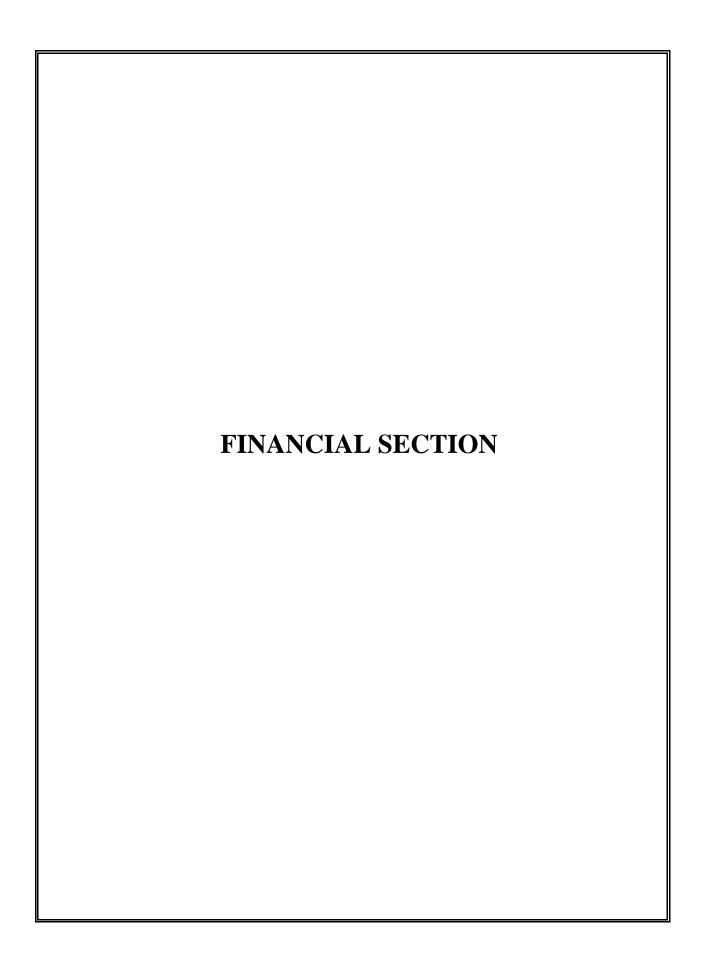
# City of Barberton Ohio

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2020

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



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88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 ContactUs@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

City of Barberton Summit County 104 Third Street NW Barberton, Ohio 44203

To the City Council:

# **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

# **Opinions**

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Barberton, Summit County, Ohio (City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Barberton, Summit County, Ohio as of December 31, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General and American Rescue Plan funds for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

# Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 22 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the City. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Efficient • Effective • Transparent

City of Barberton Summit County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

# Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
  include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
  statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
  raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period
  of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

City of Barberton Summit County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

# Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the *management's discussion and analysis*, and schedules of net pension and other post-employment benefit liabilities and pension and other post-employment benefit contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

# Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual financial report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

City of Barberton Summit County Independent Auditor's Report Page 4

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 30, 2022, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

June 30, 2022

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 (UNAUDITED)

The management's discussion and analysis for the City of Barberton's financial statements provides an overview of the City's financial activities as of December 31, 2021. The intent of this discussion is to provide a narrative that helps to explain and describe the City's financial performance as a whole. To obtain a more detailed understanding, please review the transmittal letter, the notes to the basic financial statements and the basic financial statements in conjunction with this analysis. The Statistical Section can also provide valuable current and historical information.

#### **Financial Summary**

The financial summary for 2021 follows:

- The total assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at December 31, 2021 by \$75,725,406 (net position). Of this amount, \$9,739,470 is considered restricted for various purposes such as capital projects and court operations. Another \$73,414,206 represents the net investment in capital assets and the remaining unrestricted net position is a deficit of \$7,428,270.
- Total net position increased \$8,622,460 during the year. Net position of governmental activities increased \$4,736,388, while the net position of business-type activities increased \$3,886,072.
- The total cost of the City's service programs was \$33,747,314 while total revenues amounted to \$42,369,774. Of these amounts the governmental activities represented \$20,153,161 (59.72%) of the expenses and \$24,889,549 (58.74%) of the revenues. The business-type activities represented the remaining \$13,594,153 (40.28%) of expenses and \$17,480,225 (41.26%) of revenues.
- At the end of 2021, the fund balance for the general fund was \$8,933,636 on a modified accrual basis. This balance provides the City with the equivalent of approximately 180 working days of expenditures.

#### **Using this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report**

This report consists of a series of financial statements and explanatory notes to those statements. These statements are prepared and organized in a manner that allows the reader to look at the financial activities of the City of Barberton as a whole and also allows the reader to obtain a more detailed view of specific city operations, if they prefer.

The statement of net position and the statement of activities provide information from a summary perspective showing the results of the operations for the year 2021 and how they impacted the financial condition of the City as a whole.

Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements show how services were financed in the short-term as well as what dollars remain for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the City's most significant fund with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column.

#### Reporting the City of Barberton as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities

The statement of net position and the statement of activities provide summary information concerning the financial position and operations of the City as an entity. They provide a good resource for an overall evaluation of the City's financial performance "on one page." These statements include all non-fiduciary assets, liabilities and deferred inflows and outflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting. This method takes into account all revenues when they are earned and all expenses when they are incurred. These transactions are booked when they occur and not when the actual cash is received for revenues or when invoices are paid for expenses.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 (UNAUDITED)

From the statement of net position, you can determine what the City's current financial position is by subtracting total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources (what the City owes) from total assets and deferred outflows of resources (what the City owns). Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position are one indicator of whether the City's financial health is improving or deteriorating. From the statement of activities, the reader can determine the cost of various government services and how much of that cost is financed by taxpayers, where the City gets its money from and how it is used, whether the City is better or worse off financially and why, and will the City be able to finance services in the future. Other non-financial factors such as changes in the City's property tax base, income tax base and the condition of the City's capital assets should also be considered when assessing the overall financial health of the City.

#### Reporting on the Most Significant Funds of the City of Barberton

#### Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the City's major funds begins on page 13. Fund financial reports give a detailed accounting of the activities within the funds. The City currently has 54 funds, as presented in this report. These funds are in existence to provide a multitude of services to the citizens of Barberton. For example, some funds provide for police and fire protection, street repair and maintenance as well as water, sewer, storm water and solid waste disposal services. In addition, a number of funds serve a variety of other purposes ranging from accounting for the City's construction of capital and infrastructure assets to providing health care benefits to the City's employees. Each fund is in some ways an entity unto itself. Each fund has a designated revenue stream and specific uses for the monies within the fund.

In this report, the focus is on the six major funds; the general fund, American rescue plan fund, street capital improvement fund, water fund, sewer fund, and solid waste fund.

#### Governmental Funds

All of the City's major activities (excluding the utilities) are reported in the governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of these funds and also depicts the balances available for future expenditures. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting. This method reports cash and like-cash items and shows the level of financial resources that are available to provide general government services in the near future. Examples of these services include police and fire protection, operations of the Municipal Court and street and park maintenance. The relationship (or difference) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and the governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

#### Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds use the same basis of accounting as business-type activities; therefore, these statements will essentially match, except for any internal service fund allocations.

#### Fiduciary Funds

The City's fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the City. Fiduciary funds are not reflected on the government-wide financial statements because the resources from those funds are not available to support the City's programs. The accounting method used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for the proprietary funds.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 (UNAUDITED)

# **Statement of Net Position**

As noted earlier, the statement of net position looks at the City as a whole and therefore, can be a useful indicator of the City's financial position. The table below provides a summary of the City's net position for 2021 compared to 2020.

	Government	al Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	
<u>Assets</u>				·			
Other assets	\$ 35,193,907	\$ 26,310,100	\$ 15,993,973	\$ 14,677,233	\$ 51,187,880	\$ 40,987,333	
Capital assets, net	33,559,848	33,377,639	73,617,144	75,649,596	107,176,992	109,027,235	
Total assets	68,753,755	59,687,739	89,611,117	90,326,829	158,364,872	150,014,568	
<b>Deferred outflows of resources</b>							
Unamortized deferred charges	97,542	109,863	48,117	54,195	145,659	164,058	
Pension	3,195,440	3,320,016	671,648	1,101,631	3,867,088	4,421,647	
OPEB	1,876,999	2,242,844	270,511	769,176	2,147,510	3,012,020	
Total deferred		<u> </u>					
outflows of resources	5,169,981	5,672,723	990,276	1,925,002	6,160,257	7,597,725	
Liabilities							
Current liabilities	9,209,427	1,521,701	942,452	823,708	10,151,879	2,345,409	
Long-term liabilies:			•				
Due within one year	1,552,748	1,395,860	2,522,274	2,239,338	4,075,022	3,635,198	
Net pension liability	20,672,070	22,743,265	4,207,578	5,679,143	24,879,648	28,422,408	
Net OPEB liability	2,710,774	5,614,378	-	3,911,068	2,710,774	9,525,446	
Other amounts	5,825,711	6,263,120	28,727,380	30,769,561	34,553,091	37,032,681	
Total liabilities	39,970,730	37,538,324	36,399,684	43,422,818	76,370,414	80,961,142	
<b>Deferred inflows of resources</b>							
Property taxes	1,436,760	1,445,232	=	=	1,436,760	1,445,232	
Pension	4,906,696	4,156,832	2,019,655	1,470,591	6,926,351	5,627,423	
OPEB	2,434,958	1,781,870	1,631,240	693,680	4,066,198	2,475,550	
Total deferred							
inflows of resources	8,778,414	7,383,934	3,650,895	2,164,271	12,429,309	9,548,205	
Net Position							
Net investment in capital assets	29,861,348	28,753,561	43,552,858	44,234,736	73,414,206	72,988,297	
Restricted	9,549,083	8,873,717	190,387	190,387	9,739,470	9,064,104	
Unrestricted	(14,235,839)	(17,189,074)	6,807,569	2,239,619	(7,428,270)	(14,949,455)	
Total net position	\$ 25,174,592	\$ 20,438,204	\$ 50,550,814	\$ 46,664,742	\$ 75,725,406	\$ 67,102,946	

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 (UNAUDITED)

The net pension liability/asset is reported pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27." The net other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability is reported pursuant to GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions." For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the City's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability, and the net OPEB liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB and the net pension asset.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB 45) focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's net pension liability/asset or net OPEB liability. GASB 68 and GASB 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

GASB 68 and GASB 75 require the net pension liability/asset and the net OPEB liability to equal the City's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service.
- 2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits.

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the City is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan as against the public employer. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 (UNAUDITED)

In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, the City's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability/asset and net OPEB liability, respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows of resources.

As the preceding table illustrates, some of the more significant changes in net position compared to the prior year were a result of reporting the net pension liability/asset and net OPEB liability/asset, and the related deferred inflows and outflows of resources. These will fluctuate annually based on a number of factors including investment returns, actuarial assumptions used, and the City's proportionate share of the net pension and net OPEB cost.

Other significant changes in net position include:

- An increase in other assets for both governmental activities and business-type activities, which is primarily due to higher cash balances on hand as receipts exceeded disbursements for the year. For the governmental activities, this was primarily a result of federal funding from the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) in the amount of \$8 million.
- An increase in current liabilities for governmental activities, mostly due to reporting the unspent ARPA money (\$8 million) as unearned revenue since the City had not met all eligibility requirements as of December 31, 2021.
- A decrease in other long-term liabilities for governmental activities and business-type activities as the City continues to pay off its debt obligations.

Total net position increased \$8,622,460 or 12.85%. The net investment in capital assets of \$73,414,206 represents the City's net capital assets, less any outstanding borrowings used to acquire those assets. Another \$9,739,470 represents net position that is subject to external restrictions on its use. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position is a deficit of \$7,428,270. The deficit is a result of reporting the City's share of the pension systems' net pension liability/asset and net OPEB liability/asset, and the associated deferred inflows and outflows of resources.

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 (UNAUDITED)

# **Statement of Activities**

The table below shows the changes in net position for fiscal years 2021 and 2020.

#### **Change in Net Position**

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	
Revenues							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 4,363,986	\$ 3,844,543	\$ 16,238,831	\$ 14,987,841	\$ 20,602,817	\$ 18,832,384	
Operating grants and contributions	3,340,913	6,220,995	-	-	3,340,913	6,220,995	
Capital grants and contributions	266,968		1,155,278	1,321,495	1,422,246	1,321,495	
Total program revenues	7,971,867	10,065,538	17,394,109	16,309,336	25,365,976	26,374,874	
General revenues:							
Property taxes	1,469,651	1,252,448	-	-	1,469,651	1,252,448	
Income taxes	13,436,898	12,426,378	-	-	13,436,898	12,426,378	
Unrestricted grants and entitlements	2,083,349	1,507,113	26,120	53,100	2,109,469	1,560,213	
Investment earnings	(94,371)	577,696	-	-	(94,371)	577,696	
Other	22,155	1,346,041	59,996	773,624	82,151	2,119,665	
Total general revenues	16,917,682	17,109,676	86,116	826,724	17,003,798	17,936,400	
Total revenues	24,889,549	27,175,214	17,480,225	17,136,060	42,369,774	44,311,274	
Expenses							
Program expenses:							
General government	4,349,392	5,392,984	-	-	4,349,392	5,392,984	
Public safety	11,517,834	12,085,612	-	-	11,517,834	12,085,612	
Transportation	2,392,205	2,534,777	-	-	2,392,205	2,534,777	
Community environment	1,159,030	1,304,834	-	-	1,159,030	1,304,834	
Leisure time activity	651,798	858,094	-	-	651,798	858,094	
Interest and fiscal charges	82,902	119,483	-	-	82,902	119,483	
Water	-	-	5,154,094	6,128,406	5,154,094	6,128,406	
Sewer	-	-	4,993,974	6,732,523	4,993,974	6,732,523	
Lighting	-	-	332,036	371,136	332,036	371,136	
Storm water	-	-	777,126	985,745	777,126	985,745	
Solid waste			2,336,923	2,373,835	2,336,923	2,373,835	
Total expenses	20,153,161	22,295,784	13,594,153	16,591,645	33,747,314	38,887,429	
Change in net position	4,736,388	4,879,430	3,886,072	544,415	8,622,460	5,423,845	
Net position at beginning of year	20,438,204	15,558,774	46,664,742	46,120,327	67,102,946	61,679,101	
Net position at end of year	\$ 25,174,592	\$ 20,438,204	\$ 50,550,814	\$ 46,664,742	\$ 75,725,406	\$ 67,102,946	

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 (UNAUDITED)

#### Governmental Activities

The City's funding for governmental activities comes from a variety of sources, the most significant being the municipal income tax. The City levies an income tax of 2 and ¼ percent on all income earned within the City as well as on the income of residents earned outside of the City. In the latter case, the City allows a credit of 100 percent on the income taxes paid to another municipality by residents of Barberton, up to 2 and ¼ percent of the income. On a full accrual basis, the City received \$13,436,898 in income taxes revenue, or 53.99% of the total governmental revenues in 2021, compared to \$12,426,378 and 45.73% in 2020. Income tax collections increased in 2021 as the local economy gradually recovered from the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic.

Despite the increase in income taxes, total revenues decreased in 2021 due to a decline in both program revenues and general revenues. Program revenues include charges for services and operating and capital grants and contributions that are restricted for specific purposes. The City received approximately \$3.6 million in Federal CARES Act grant funding in 2020 which is reported as operating grants and contributions. Other general revenues were higher in 2020 primarily due to additional dividends and rebates from the Ohio Bureau of Workers' Compensation (BWC). Another decrease in revenues came from investment earnings, which fell dramatically due to lower interest rates and a decline in fair value for the City's investments. Investment earnings are reported net of any changes in fair value for investments, which resulted in a net negative investment earnings for 2021.

The City's governmental activity expenses totaled \$20,153,161 in 2021, which represents a decrease of \$2,142,623 (9.61%) from 2020. This is primarily due to a decrease in OPEB expense for the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). The governmental activities reported OPEB expense of (\$2,228,127) in 2021 compared to \$432,217 in 2020. On January 15, 2020, OPERS approved several changes to the health care plan offered to Medicare and non-Medicare retirees in efforts to decrease costs and increase the solvency of the health care plan. These include changes to base allowances and eligibility for Medicare retirees, as well as replacing OPERS-sponsored medical plans for non-Medicare retirees with monthly allowances, similar to the program for Medicare retirees. These changes along with changes in assumptions related to an increase in discount rate from 3.16% to 6.00% significantly decreased the total OPEB liability for the measurement date December 31, 2020, which is reflected in the County's 2021 financial statements.

General government (city council, mayor, finance, service director, Municipal Court, etc.) represents the second largest portion of governmental activities expenses in 2021 at \$4,349,392 or 21.58%. These activities were funded by program revenues, primarily charges for services and sales, of \$2,841,759.

The public safety classification primarily consists of the Police Department and the Fire Department. As of December 31, 2021, the City employed 43 full-time police officers and 41 full-time firefighters. Public safety expenses accounted for 57.15% of total expenses in 2021. These activities were funded by program revenues of \$1,560,775.

Expenses for community environment include those related to the community development block grant program and the clean Ohio and neighborhood stabilization programs. These operations are primarily financed by direct charges to users and operating grants and contributions. In 2021, community environment expenses accounted for 5.75% of total governmental activities expenses, compared to 5.85% in 2020.

Transportation is the third largest category of expenses in 2021, accounting for 11.87% of total governmental activities expenses. The transportation classification consists of the City's Street Department and the Paint and Signal Division. In addition, the City has several funds established that are used to pay private contractors for road resurfacing and general street maintenance. As of December 31, 2021, the City employed 18 full-time employees in the Street Department and one full-time employee in the Signal Division.

Leisure time activities expenses make up 3.23% of governmental activities expenses. These expenses include the City's recreation programs, parks maintenance, and the operations of the sports complex.

Finally, the last category of expenses is interest and fiscal charges which represents interest and other debt service charges related to the City's long-term debt obligations.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 (UNAUDITED)

The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements.

	-	Total Cost of Services 2021		Net Cost of Services 2021		Total Cost of Services  2020		Net Cost of Services 2020	
Program Expenses:									
General government	\$	4,349,392	\$	1,507,633	\$	5,392,984	\$	2,861,456	
Public safety		11,517,834		9,957,059		12,085,612		7,510,696	
Transportation		2,392,205		698,269		2,534,777		1,057,724	
Community environment		1,159,030		(507,403)		1,304,834		(30,050)	
Leisure time activities		651,798		442,834		858,094		711,037	
Interest and fiscal charges		82,902		82,902	_	119,483	_	119,483	
Total Expenses	\$	20,153,161	\$	12,181,294	\$	22,295,784	\$	12,230,346	

The dependence upon general revenues for governmental activities is apparent, with 60.44 percent of expenses supported through taxes and other general revenues in 2021 and 54.85 percent in 2020.

#### Business-Type Activities

The City of Barberton Utility Department provides water, sewer, storm water, solid waste disposal (garbage collection) and lighting services. Sanitary sewer services are provided to approximately 12,048 customers in and around the Barberton area. Sewer billing rates are set by City Council based on the recommendation of the Service and Utilities Directors. In 2021, the rates were established at \$5.29 per thousand gallons of metered water for residential and commercial users. The sewer treatment plant was originally constructed in 1960 and then completely overhauled in 1988. The City has made several improvements to the plant since 1988 with upgrades in 2002, 2012 and 2021, and additional improvements that are still on-going.

Water distribution and treatment services are provided to approximately 11,868 customers in and around the Barberton area. Water billing rates are set by the Service Director. In 2021, the rates were established at \$7.42 per thousand gallons for residential and commercial users. Over the past year, improvements and upgrades to the water treatment plant, distribution infrastructure and treatment process equipment have continued.

The City established a storm water management fund to account for storm drainage run-off maintenance, repair and replacement costs. Rates were established at and remain \$5.00 per parcel per month for residential properties. The City Engineer's office establishes rates for commercial and industrial users based on run-off surface areas.

The City also contracts for solid waste disposal (garbage collection). The City, in addition to billing and collecting garbage user fees, acts as an agent between the successful competitive bidder for pickup service and City customers. In 2021, the monthly rate charged was \$20.38.

The City established a general lighting fund to account for general lighting maintenance, repair and replacement costs. Rates were established at \$3.00 per parcel per month for all property types.

Revenues for the business-type activities are derived primarily from user charges. In 2021, charges for services revenue was \$16,238,831, which represents an increase of 8.35% from 2020. The other main source of revenue is capital grants and contributions, which represents grant funding and other reimbursements used to help finance capital improvements. Total expenses for all the business-type activities amounted to \$13,594,153 in 2021, compared to \$16,591,645 in 2020, a decrease of 18.07%. Net position of the business-type activities increased \$3,886,072 or 8.33% during the year. See page 13 for further discussion of the City's business-type activities (proprietary funds).

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 (UNAUDITED)

# The City's Funds

The City's governmental fund financial statements begin on page 20. Governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual method of accounting. All governmental funds had revenues and other financing sources of \$26,097,188 and expenditures and other financing uses of \$26,037,351.

#### General Fund

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Barberton. During 2021, the City's general fund's fund balance decreased \$855,623. Total general fund revenues in 2021 were nearly identical to the prior year, decreasing only \$3,380 in total. The general fund's primary source of revenue is the municipal income tax, comprising 65.27 percent of total general fund revenues in 2021. Income tax revenues increased in 2021 by \$663,317 (6.04%) as the local economy continued to recover from the COVID-19 pandemic. Charges for services revenue also saw an uptick in 2021, which is mostly a result of Court fees and EMS transport fees. Another increase in revenues for 2021 was intergovernmental revenues, primarily due to an increase in local government support from the State and Summit County. These increases, however, were offset by decreases in investment income and other revenues. Investment income was lower in 2021 due to a decline in interest rates as well as fluctuations in fair value of the City's investments. Other general fund revenues were higher in 2020 due to supplemental dividends from the Ohio Bureau of Workers' Compensation which amounted to just over \$1 million for general fund.

General fund expenditures in 2021 of \$18,157,041 represents an increase of \$5,123,338 or 39.31% compared to the prior year. The primary reason for this large increase is that the City was able to use CARES Act grant money in 2020 for costs that would normally be paid with general fund money.

#### American Rescue Plan Fund

The American rescue plan fund was created in 2021 to account for monies received from the federal government as part of the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021. \$8,220,575 in funding was received in 2021; however, this fund reports no fund balance at December 31, 2021 since the cash asset for the unspent money is offset by a liability for unearned revenue.

#### Street Capital Improvement Fund

The street capital improvement fund accounts for the proceeds of ½ of one percent municipal income tax restricted for paving and reconstructing City streets. In 2021 this fund had revenues of \$1,514,782, other financing sources (note issuance) of \$740,000 and expenditures of \$2,090,900. As income tax revenue increased in 2021, expenditures also increased correspondingly as the City spent more on street maintenance and repairs. At December 31, 2021 fund balance amounted to \$1,239,758.

#### Proprietary Funds

The City's proprietary fund financial statements start on page 27. These funds are accounted for on an accrual basis. The major proprietary funds are the water, sewer, and solid waste funds. Total enterprise funds had operating revenues of \$16,298,827 and operating expenses of \$12,847,628, resulting in an operating income of \$3,451,199. Operating revenues increased due to a slight increase in utility charges. Operating expenses were lower in 2021 due to a decrease in OPEB expense, as discussed on page 11. Net position increased for all three major funds in 2021.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 (UNAUDITED)

#### **Budgeting Highlights**

The City's budget is prepared according to the laws of the State of Ohio and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a cash basis for receipts, expenditures and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund. The legal level of control is established by City Council at the personal services, operating and capital expenditure level for each department within the general fund and at the personal services, operating, and capital expenditures level for all other funds. Any budget modifications at these levels may only be made through an ordinance of City Council. City policy permits fund transfers within management control levels with the approval of the department head and the Director of Finance. During the course of 2021, City Council amended appropriations and department managers adjusted budgets several times as needed to provide timely services.

In addition to monitoring fund balances on a daily basis, the Finance Department closely examines the budget through the preparation of monthly financial statements and budgetary analysis reports. Furthermore, line-item reports are reviewed on a regular basis by the Finance Director and the department heads to ensure the entire operation of the City is within the approved budget levels.

For the general fund, the 2021 original budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$16,899,744. This was increased slightly to \$17,105,801 in the final budget. The actual revenues and other financing sources were \$15,611,871 or \$1,493,930 (8.73%) less than the final budget. This large variance is primarily due to over estimating resources from property taxes, charges for services, intergovernmental revenue, and other miscellaneous revenue.

During 2021, the City increased general fund appropriations slightly from \$19,775,104 in the original budget to \$20,407,924 in the final budget. Actual expenditures of \$18,614,555 were \$1,793,369 (8.79%) less than the final budget. This is a result of the City's conservative budgeting practice of over-appropriating resources in case additional unforeseen costs arise.

#### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

#### Capital Assets

Total net capital assets at December 31, 2021 amounted to \$107,176,992, which is a decrease of \$1,850,243 or 1.70% from 2020. The following table summarizes the City's net capital assets by asset class for 2021 and 2020.

# Capital Assets at December 31 (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities		Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total			
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020		
Land	\$ 6,237,893	\$ 6,070,298	\$ 1,081,528	\$ 1,081,528	\$ 7,319,421	\$ 7,151,826		
Construction in progress	1,258,810	1,078,357	1,546,362	8,520,323	2,805,172	9,598,680		
Buildings and improvements	1,065,305	1,483,836	35,188,392	29,585,216	36,253,697	31,069,052		
Vehicles and equipment	3,106,241	3,068,997	3,354,958	3,458,536	6,461,199	6,527,533		
Infrastructure								
Street subsystem	21,067,164	20,792,733	-	-	21,067,164	20,792,733		
Storm sewer subsystem	-	-	2,409,847	1,865,734	2,409,847	1,865,734		
Traffic signals subsystem	824,435	883,418	-	-	824,435	883,418		
Water lines	-	-	9,171,256	9,578,701	9,171,256	9,578,701		
Sewer lines			20,864,801	21,559,558	20,864,801	21,559,558		
Totals	\$ 33,559,848	\$ 33,377,639	\$ 73,617,144	\$ 75,649,596	\$ 107,176,992	\$ 109,027,235		

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 (UNAUDITED)

For the governmental activities, the most significant asset additions during the year were for various street infrastructure improvement projects, amounting to approximately \$1.7 million, which includes about \$0.4 million added to construction in progress at December 31, 2021.

For the business-type activities, most of the additions to capital assets were for water and sewer construction projects, and also vehicles and equipment upgrades for the water and sewer funds. The City completed a wastewater treatment plant improvement project for its sewer fund during the year. The total cost of the project was approximately \$7.6 million which was moved from construction in progress to the buildings and improvements asset class.

Additional detail regarding the City's capital assets can be found in Note 7 in the notes to the basic financial statements.

#### Long-Term Debt

Outstanding long-term debt as of December 31, 2021 was \$33,490,826. This balance reflects a decrease of \$2,063,746 from the prior year as the City continues to repay the obligations. The debt increases were a result of the City drawing on OWDA loans for various water and sewer improvements, as well as a new capital lease for both the governmental activities and business-type activities to acquire dump trucks. Additional information regarding the City's debt obligations can be found in Note 10 in the notes to the basic financial statements.

The following table presents the City's outstanding long-term debt obligations at December 31, 2021 and 2020.

	Governmental Activities				Business-type Activities				Total			
	_	2021 2020		2020	2020 2021		2020		2021		_	2020
General obligation bonds	\$	2,630,183	\$	3,034,097	\$	589,817	\$	655,903	\$	3,220,000	\$	3,690,000
Revenue bonds		-		-		3,085,000		3,660,000		3,085,000		3,660,000
Capital leases		276,345		212,842		174,742		-		451,087		212,842
Notes payable		740,000		740,000		400,000		650,000		1,140,000		1,390,000
Loans payable		-		-		24,894,739		25,651,730		24,894,739		25,651,730
Other debt	_		_		_	700,000		950,000	_	700,000	_	950,000
Total long-term debt	\$	3,646,528	\$	3,986,939	\$	29,844,298	\$	31,567,633	\$	33,490,826	\$	35,554,572

#### **Economic Factors and the 2022 General Fund Budget**

Some of the economic trends impacting the City that were considered in developing the 2022 budget include the following:

- The City's unemployment rate for December 2021 was 4.1 percent, compared to 3.7 percent for Summit County, 3.6 percent for the State of Ohio, and 3.7 percent for the United States.
- 2021 income tax cash receipts, net of refunds, amounted to approximately \$12.9 million compared to \$12.5 million in 2020. Income tax receipts through April 2022 are about 10 percent above April 2021 year to date collections.
- The City's assessed property values have increased slightly each year since 2016. The overall increase in that timeframe is approximately \$61.9 million, or 18.5%. A full reappraisal of real property is conducted every six years, and values are updated every third year following each sexennial reappraisal. The latest reappraisal occurred in 2020 and resulted in an increase in property values of approximately \$4.5 million or 1.3%.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 (UNAUDITED)

General fund budgeted revenues for 2022 are \$17.1 million and budgeted expenditures are \$19.7 million.

Despite the City's cost cutting efforts over the last few years, balancing the budget for the foreseeable future will continue to be difficult. At the end of 2019, the City lost one of their largest employers, which accounted for roughly 17% of the City's withholding tax. Other revenues such as shared support from the State are estimated to stay steady while personal services and operating costs such as fuel, electric and gas power continue to increase. Capital replacement continues to be difficult as federal and state grants are reduced or eliminated. As an alternative, the City has pursued and been awarded several no or low-interest state agency loans and also has been awarded several matching grants to assist in improving and maintaining its utility and some roadway infrastructure. It is anticipated that further cost containment efforts, service reductions, and/or revenue enhancement actions may be necessary in the future.

#### **Request for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate accountability for the resources it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Department, 104 Third Street NW, Barberton, Ohio 44203 or you may call us at 330-848-6775 or visit our website at www.cityofbarberton.com/249/Finance-Department.

## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2021

Assetts:         S         27,862,852         S         1,323,6655         S         4,1099,07           Receivaluse:         1,552,041          1,552,041           Property taxes.         1,552,041          1,552,041           Income taxes         2,858,493          2,588,493           Accounts         1,502,041          1,322,641          1,322,641           Income taxes         3,689,79          1,302,741             Loans         1,326,201          1,302,601           Internal balance         (1,302,54) <th></th> <th>G</th> <th>overnmental Activities</th> <th>Business-type Activities</th> <th> Total</th>		G	overnmental Activities	Business-type Activities	 Total
Receivables	Assets:				
	* * *	\$	27,862,852	\$ 13,236,655	\$ 41,099,507
150,766	Property taxes		1,552,041	-	1,552,041
Ligropermental   Light   Society   Society   Common   C	Income taxes		2,585,493	-	2,585,493
Accruci miteriest.	Accounts		150,766	1,223,844	1,374,610
Loss	Intergovernmental		1,261,863	340,379	1,602,242
Internal balance	Accrued interest		36,897	-	36,897
Prepayments         84,937         234,541         31,94,78           Materials and supplies inventory         -         25,126         25,126           Net opension asset.         83,402         108,626         192,028           Net OPEB asset.         379,709         494,548         874,257           Capital assets.         7,496,703         2,627,890         10,124,593           Depreciable capital assets, net.         26,063,145         70,989,224         97,052,399           Total capital assets, net.         33,559,348         73,617,144         107,176,992           Otal capital assets, net.         68,753,755         89,611,117         145,669,92           Total capital assets, net.         33,559,448         48,117         145,699           Deferred outflows of resources           Unamortized deferred charges on debt refunding         97,542         48,117         145,669           Perasion         3,195,440         671,648         3,867,088           OPEB         1,876,999         270,511         2,147,510           Colar date paid deferred charges on debt refunding         97,542         48,117         145,669           Perasion         3,195,440         671,648         3,867,088 <td< td=""><td>Loans</td><td></td><td>1,326,201</td><td>-</td><td>1,326,201</td></td<>	Loans		1,326,201	-	1,326,201
Materials and supplies inventory         225,126         225,126         225,126         Net 209,208         Net OPEB asset.         379,709         494,548         874,257           Capital assets.         379,709         494,548         874,257           Capital assets.         7,496,703         2,627,890         10,124,593           Depreciable capital assets, net.         26,063,148         73,617,144         107,156,992           Total assets.         68,753,755         89,611,117         158,364,872           Deferred outflows of resources:           Unamortized deferred charges on debt refunding         97,542         48,117         145,659           Pension.         3,195,440         671,648         3,867,088           OPEB         1,876,999         270,511         2,147,510           Total deferred charges on debt refunding         97,542         48,117         145,659           Pension.         3,195,440         671,648         3,867,088           OPEB         1,876,999         270,511         2,147,510           Total deferred charges on debt refunding         97,542         48,117         146,659           Pension.         3,159,448         661,124         3,061           Total deferred charges on debt refunding	Internal balance		(130,254)	130,254	-
Net pension asset.	Prepayments		84,937	234,541	319,478
Not OPEB asset.   379,709   494,548   874,257   Capital assets:   S	Materials and supplies inventory		-	225,126	225,126
Not OPEB asset.   379,709   494,548   874,257   Capital assets:   S	Net pension asset		83,402	108,626	192,028
Nondepreciable capital assets.   7,496,703   2,627,890   10,124,593   10   10   10   10   10   10   10   1			379,709	494,548	874,257
Poperciable capital assets, net.   26,063,145   70,989,254   97,052,399   Total capital assets, net.   33,559,848   73,617,144   107,176,992   107,176,092   107,176,092   108,205,205   109,205	Capital assets:		•	•	ŕ
Poperciable capital assets, net.   26,063,145   70,989,254   97,052,399   Total capital assets, net.   33,559,848   73,617,144   107,176,992   107,176,092   107,176,092   108,205,205   109,205	Nondepreciable capital assets		7,496,703	2,627,890	10,124,593
Total capital assets, net         33,559,848         73,617,144         107,176,992           Total assets.         68,753,755         89,611,117         158,364,872           Deferred outflows of resources:         Unamortized deferred charges on debt refunding.         97,542         48,117         145,659           Pension.         3,195,440         671,648         3,867,088           OPEB         1,876,999         270,511         2,147,510           Total deferred outflows of resources.         5,169,981         990,276         6,160,257           Liabilities:         4         2,000         2,000         2,000           Contracts payable.         567,938         580,762         1,148,700           Contracts payable.         16,992         59,990         76,382           Intergovernmental payable.         8,861         11,929         20,799           Accrued wages and benefits payable.         8,861         11,929         20,799           Accrued vages and benefits payable.         8,861         11,9254         30,091           Otter payable.         2,886         11,9254         30,091           Course free payable.         2,350,47         2,520,000         2,500,000         2,248,68         2,522,274         4,075,022			26,063,145	70,989,254	97,052,399
Deferred outflows of resources:   Unamortized deferred charges on debt refunding   97,542					 
Unamortized deferred charges on debt refunding         97,542         48,117         145,659           Pension         3,195,440         671,648         3,867,088           OPEB         1,876,999         270,511         2,147,510           Total deferred outflows of resources         5,169,981         990,276         6,160,257           Liabilities:					
Unamortized deferred charges on debt refunding         97,542         48,117         145,659           Pension.         3,195,440         671,648         3,867,088           OPEB         1,876,999         270,511         2,14/510           Total deferred outflows of resources.         5,169,981         990,276         6,160,257           Liabilities:	Deferred outflows of resources:				
Pension.         3,195,440         671,648         3,867,088           OPEB         1,876,999         270,511         2,147,510           Total deferred outflows of resources.         5169,981         990,276         6,160,257           Liabilities:         8         8         567,938         580,762         1,148,700           Countract payable.         149,514         20,517         170,031           Accrued wages and benefits payable.         16,392         59,990         76,382           Intergovernmental payable.         8,861         11,292         20,790           Accrued interest payable.         235,047         -         250,000         250,000           Accrued interest payable.         235,047         -         235,047           Deposits held and due to others.         224,868         -         224,868           Uncarried revenue         7,995,970         -         7,995,970           Long-term liabilities.         2         2,710,774         -         2,710,774         -         2,710,774         -         2,710,774         -         2,710,774         -         2,710,774         -         2,710,774         -         2,710,774         -         2,710,774         -         2,710,774         - <td></td> <td></td> <td>97 542</td> <td>48 117</td> <td>145 650</td>			97 542	48 117	145 650
OPEB         1,876,999         270,511         2,147,510           Total deferred outflows of resources.         5,169,981         990,276         6,160,237           Liabilities         8         567,938         580,762         1,148,700           Contracts payable.         149,514         20,517         170,031           Accruced wages and benefits payable.         16,392         59,990         76,382           Intergovernmental payable.         8,861         11,929         20,790           Accruced interest payable.         250,000         250,000         250,000           Claims payable.         225,047         -         235,047           Deposits held and due to others.         224,868         -         224,868           Unearmed revenue         7,995,970         -         7995,970           Long-term liabilities         3         2,24,868         -         2,24,868           Unearmed revenue         1,552,748         2,522,274         4,075,022           Due within one year         1,552,748         2,522,274         4,075,022           Due within one year         3,997,0730         36,399,684         76,370,414           Ofter amounts due in more than one year         5,825,711         28,727,380         34,55	e e		,		
Total deferred outflows of resources.   5,169,981   990,276   6,160,257   Liabilities:					
Accounts payable.   S67,938   S80,762   1,148,700   Contracts payable.   149,514   20,517   170,031   Accrued wages and benefits payable.   16,392   59,990   76,382   Intergovernmental payable.   8,861   11,929   20,790   Accrued interest payable.   10,837   19,254   30,091   Notes payable.   255,047   250,000   250,000   Claims payable.   235,047   250,000   250,000   Claims payable.   235,047   250,000   260,000   Claims payable.   235,047   250,000   270,900   Claims payable.   255,047   250,000   270,905   270,905,970   270,974   270,974		-			 
Accounts payable.         567,938         580,762         1,148,700           Contracts payable.         149,514         20,517         170,031           Accrucd wags and benefits payable.         16,392         59,990         76,382           Intergovernmental payable.         8,861         11,929         20,790           Accrucd interest payable.         10,837         19,254         30,091           Notes payable.         235,047         250,000         250,000           Claims payable.         224,868         224,868         224,868           Uncarned revenue         7,995,970         7,995,970         7,995,970           Long-term liabilities:         3         2,522,274         4,075,022           Due in more than one year         1,552,748         2,522,274         4,075,022           Due in more than one year         2,672,070         4,207,578         24,879,648           Net oPEB liability         2,710,774         2,710,774         2,710,774           Other amounts due in more than one year         5,825,711         28,727,380         34,553,091           Total liabilities         39,970,730         36,399,684         76,370,414           Deferred inflows of resources         1,436,760         1,436,760			3,107,761	770,270	 0,100,237
Contracts payable.         149,514         20,517         170,031           Accrued wages and benefits payable.         16,392         59,990         76,382           Intergovernmental payable.         8,861         11,929         20,790           Accrued interest payable.         10,837         19,254         30,091           Notes payable.         250,000         250,000         250,000           Claims payable.         224,868         224,868         224,868           Unearned revenue.         7,995,970         7,995,970         7,995,970           Long-term liabilities.         2         2         2         2         2         4,075,022         2         1         2         2         4,075,022         2         1         2         2         2         4,075,022         2         2         4         4,075,022         2         2         2         4         4,075,022         2         1         2         2         2         2         4         4,075,022         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         4         0         5         2         4,876,648         Net 2,552,171         2         2         2 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>					
Accrued wages and benefits payable.         16,392         59,990         76,382           Intergovernmental payable.         8,861         11,929         20,790           Accrued interest payable.         10,837         19,254         30,091           Notes payable.         235,047         -         250,000           Claims payable.         224,868         -         224,868           Unearned revenue.         7,995,970         -         7,995,970           Long-term liabilities:         0         1,552,748         2,522,274         4,075,022           Due in more than one year         1,552,748         2,522,274         4,075,022           Due in more than one year         2,710,774         -         2,710,774           Other amounts due in more than one year         5,825,711         28,727,380         34,553,091           Total liabilities         39,970,730         36,399,684         76,370,414           Deferred inflows of resources           Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year.         1,436,760         -         1,436,760           Pension.         4,906,696         2,019,655         6,926,351           OPEB         2,434,958         1,631,240         4,066,198           Total deferred inflows of			*		
Intergovernmental payable				· ·	
Accrued interest payable.         10,837         19,254         30,091           Notes payable.         235,047         250,000         250,000           Claims payable         235,047         -         235,047           Deposits held and due to others.         224,868         -         224,868           Unearned revenue         7,995,970         -         7,995,970           Long-term liabilities:         -         -         7,995,970           Due within one year         1,552,748         2,522,274         4,075,022           Due in more than one year         2,710,774         -         27,10,774           Other amounts due in more than one year         5,825,711         28,727,380         34,553,091           Total liabilities         39,970,730         36,399,684         76,370,414           Deferred inflows of resources         1,436,760         -         1,436,760           Pension.         4,906,696         2,019,655         6,926,351           OPEB         2,343,958         1,631,240         4,066,198           Total deferred inflows of resources         8,778,414         3,650,895         12,429,309           Net position:			*	59,990	*
Notes payable.         -         250,000         250,000           Claims payable.         235,047         -         235,047           Deposits held and due to others.         224,868         -         224,868           Unearned revenue         7,995,970         -         7,995,970           Long-term liabilities:         -         -         -         2,522,274         4,075,022           Due within one year         1,552,748         2,522,274         4,075,022         -         -         2,0672,070         4,207,578         24,879,648         Net pension liability         2,710,774         -         2,710,774         -         2,710,774         Other amounts due in more than one year         5,825,711         28,727,380         34,553,091         36,399,684         76,370,414         -         1,436,760         -         1,436,760         -         1,436,760         -         1,436,760         -         1,436,760         -         1,436,760         -         1,436,760         -         1,532,351         09EB         2,434,958         1,631,240         4,066,198         -         1,610,40         4,066,198         -         1,408,404         4,066,198         -         1,408,404         -         1,408,404         -         1,408,404         -			8,861		
Claims payable         235,047         235,047           Deposits held and due to others         224,868         224,868           Unearned revenue         7,995,970         - 7,995,970           Long-term liabilities:         30,000         30,000         4,000         4,000         4,000         224,868         4,000         4,000         20,000         20,000         20,000         20,000         20,000         20,000         20,000         20,000         20,000         20,000         20,000         20,000         20,000         20,000         20,000         20,000         20,000         30,			10,837		30,091
Deposits held and due to others.         224,868         -         224,868           Unearned revenue         7,995,970         -         7,995,970           Long-term liabilities:         -         -         7,995,970           Due within one year         1,552,748         2,522,274         4,075,022           Due in more than one year:         -         2,710,774         -         2,710,774           Net OPEB liability         2,710,774         -         2,710,774           Other amounts due in more than one year         5,825,711         28,727,380         34,553,091           Total liabilities         39,970,730         36,399,684         76,370,414           Deferred inflows of resources:           Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year.         1,436,760         -         1,436,760           Pension.         4,906,696         2,019,655         6,926,351           OPEB         2,434,958         1,631,240         4,066,198           Total deferred inflows of resources         8,778,414         3,650,895         12,429,309           Net position:         29,861,348         43,552,858         73,414,206           Restricted for:         29,861,348         43,552,858         73,414,206           Court			-	250,000	250,000
Unearned revenue         7,995,970         -         7,995,970           Long-term liabilities:         -         1,552,748         2,522,274         4,075,022           Due within one year:         -         -         2,710,772         -         2,710,774           Net pension liability         2,710,774         -         2,710,774         -         2,710,774           Other amounts due in more than one year         5,825,711         28,727,380         34,553,091           Total liabilities         39,970,730         36,399,684         76,370,414           Deferred inflows of resources:         -         1,436,760         -         1,436,760           Pension.         4,906,696         2,019,655         6,926,351         0PEB         2,434,958         1,631,240         4,066,198           Total deferred inflows of resources         8,778,414         3,650,895         12,429,309           Net position:         29,861,348         43,552,858         73,414,206           Restricted for:         -         1,408,404         -         1,408,404           Street construction, maintenance and repair         786,226         -         786,226           Court         4,204,783         -         4,204,783           Recreation </td <td>Claims payable</td> <td></td> <td>235,047</td> <td>-</td> <td>235,047</td>	Claims payable		235,047	-	235,047
Due within one year   1,552,748   2,522,274   4,075,022     Due in more than one year:			224,868	-	224,868
Due in more than one year:         20,672,070         4,207,578         24,879,648           Net OPEB liability         2,710,774         -         2,710,774           Other amounts due in more than one year         5,825,711         28,727,380         34,553,091           Total liabilities         39,970,730         36,399,684         76,370,414           Deferred inflows of resources:           Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year.         1,436,760         -         1,436,760           Pension.         4,906,696         2,019,655         6,926,351           OPEB         2,434,958         1,631,240         4,066,198           Total deferred inflows of resources         8,778,414         3,650,895         12,429,309           Net position:         Streat in capital assets         29,861,348         43,552,858         73,414,206           Restricted for:         Capital projects         1,408,404         -         1,408,404           Street construction, maintenance and repair         786,226         -         786,226           Court         4,204,783         -         4,204,783           Recreation         1,504         -         1,504           Community development and improvements         1,721,727         -         1			7,995,970	-	7,995,970
Net pension liability         20,672,070         4,207,578         24,879,648           Net OPEB liability         2,710,774         -         2,710,774           Other amounts due in more than one year         5,825,711         28,727,380         34,553,091           Total liabilities         39,970,730         36,399,684         76,370,414           Deferred inflows of resources:           Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year         1,436,760         -         1,436,760           Pension         4,906,696         2,019,655         6,926,351           OPEB         2,434,958         1,631,240         4,066,198           Total deferred inflows of resources         8,778,414         3,650,895         12,429,309           Net position:         29,861,348         43,552,858         73,414,206           Restricted for:         29,861,348         43,552,858         73,414,206           Restricted for:         Capital projects         1,408,404         -         1,408,404           Street construction, maintenance and repair         786,226         -         786,226           Court         4,204,783         -         4,204,783           Recreation         1,504         -         1,504           Community develo	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1,552,748	2,522,274	4,075,022
Net OPEB liability         2,710,774         -         2,710,774           Other amounts due in more than one year         5,825,711         28,727,380         34,553,091           Total liabilities         39,970,730         36,399,684         76,370,414           Deferred inflows of resources:           Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year.         1,436,760         -         1,436,760           Pension.         4,906,696         2,019,655         6,926,351           OPEB         2,434,958         1,631,240         4,066,198           Total deferred inflows of resources         8,778,414         3,650,895         12,429,309           Net position:           Net investment in capital assets.         29,861,348         43,552,858         73,414,206           Restricted for:         20,861,348         43,552,858         73,414,206           Restricted for:         1,408,404         -         1,408,404           Street construction, maintenance and repair         786,226         -         786,226           Court         4,204,783         -         4,204,783           Recreation         1,504         -         1,504           Community development and improvements         1,721,727         -         1,721			20 672 070	4 207 578	24 870 648
Other amounts due in more than one year         5,825,711         28,727,380         34,553,091           Total liabilities         39,970,730         36,399,684         76,370,414           Deferred inflows of resources:           Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year.         1,436,760         -         1,436,760           Pension.         4,906,696         2,019,655         6,926,351           OPEB         2,434,958         1,631,240         4,066,198           Total deferred inflows of resources         8,778,414         3,650,895         12,429,309           Net investment in capital assets.         29,861,348         43,552,858         73,414,206           Restricted for:         20,861,348         43,552,858         73,414,206           Restricted for:         1,408,404         -         1,408,404           Street construction, maintenance and repair         786,226         -         786,226           Court         4,204,783         -         4,204,783           Recreation.         1,504         -         1,504           Community development and improvements.         1,721,727         -         1,721,727           Law enforcement         662,543         -         662,543           Fire capital.<				4,207,376	
Total liabilities         39,970,730         36,399,684         76,370,414           Deferred inflows of resources:           Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year.         1,436,760         -         1,436,760           Pension.         4,906,696         2,019,655         6,926,351           OPEB         2,434,958         1,631,240         4,066,198           Total deferred inflows of resources         8,778,414         3,650,895         12,429,309           Net position:           Net investment in capital assets.         29,861,348         43,552,858         73,414,206           Restricted for:         2         3         2         3         3         2         3         3         4         3         4         3         5         2         8         7         3         4         3         6         2         3         4         3         4				20 727 200	
Deferred inflows of resources:           Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year.         1,436,760         -         1,436,760           Pension.         4,906,696         2,019,655         6,926,351           OPEB         2,434,958         1,631,240         4,066,198           Total deferred inflows of resources         8,778,414         3,650,895         12,429,309           Net position:           Net investment in capital assets.         29,861,348         43,552,858         73,414,206           Restricted for:         2         3         2         3         2         3         4         2         3         4         2         3         4         4         4         4         4         4         4         4         4         4         4         4         4         4         4         4	•				
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year.         1,436,760         -         1,436,760           Pension.         4,906,696         2,019,655         6,926,351           OPEB         2,434,958         1,631,240         4,066,198           Total deferred inflows of resources         8,778,414         3,650,895         12,429,309           Net position:           Net investment in capital assets.         29,861,348         43,552,858         73,414,206           Restricted for:         2         Capital projects         1,408,404         -         1,408,404           Street construction, maintenance and repair         786,226         -         786,226           Court         4,204,783         -         4,204,783           Recreation.         1,504         -         1,504           Community development and improvements.         1,721,727         -         1,721,727           Law enforcement         662,543         -         662,543           Fire capital.         160,977         -         160,977           Miscellaneous grants         602,919         -         602,919           Sewer replacement and improvement         -         190,387         190,387           Unrestricted (deficit) <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>39,970,730</td><td>36,399,684</td><td> 76,370,414</td></td<>			39,970,730	36,399,684	 76,370,414
Pension.         4,906,696         2,019,655         6,926,351           OPEB         2,434,958         1,631,240         4,066,198           Total deferred inflows of resources         8,778,414         3,650,895         12,429,309           Net position:           Net investment in capital assets.         29,861,348         43,552,858         73,414,206           Restricted for:         20,861,348         43,552,858         73,414,206           Restricted for:         1,408,404         -         1,408,404           Street construction, maintenance and repair         786,226         -         786,226           Court         4,204,783         -         4,204,783           Recreation.         1,504         -         1,504           Community development and improvements.         1,721,727         -         1,721,727           Law enforcement         662,543         -         662,543           Fire capital.         160,977         -         160,977           Miscellaneous grants         602,919         -         602,919           Sewer replacement and improvement         -         190,387         190,387           Unrestricted (deficit)         (14,235,839)         6,807,569         (7,428,270)			1 427 770		1 426 760
OPEB         2,434,958         1,631,240         4,066,198           Total deferred inflows of resources         8,778,414         3,650,895         12,429,309           Net position:           Net investment in capital assets         29,861,348         43,552,858         73,414,206           Restricted for:         20,861,348         43,552,858         73,414,206           Capital projects         1,408,404         -         1,408,404           Street construction, maintenance and repair         786,226         -         786,226           Court         4,204,783         -         4,204,783           Recreation         1,504         -         1,504           Community development and improvements         1,721,727         -         1,721,727           Law enforcement         662,543         -         662,543           Fire capital         160,977         -         160,977           Miscellaneous grants         602,919         -         602,919           Sewer replacement and improvement         -         190,387         190,387           Unrestricted (deficit)         (14,235,839)         6,807,569         (7,428,270)				2.010.655	
Total deferred inflows of resources         8,778,414         3,650,895         12,429,309           Net position:         Net investment in capital assets.         29,861,348         43,552,858         73,414,206           Restricted for:         Capital projects.         1,408,404         -         1,408,404           Street construction, maintenance and repair         786,226         -         786,226           Court         4,204,783         -         4,204,783           Recreation.         1,504         -         1,504           Community development and improvements.         1,721,727         -         1,721,727           Law enforcement         662,543         -         662,543           Fire capital.         160,977         -         160,977           Miscellaneous grants         602,919         -         602,919           Sewer replacement and improvement         -         190,387         190,387           Unrestricted (deficit)         (14,235,839)         6,807,569         (7,428,270)					
Net position:           Net investment in capital assets.         29,861,348         43,552,858         73,414,206           Restricted for:         Capital projects.         1,408,404         -         1,408,404           Street construction, maintenance and repair         786,226         -         786,226           Court.         4,204,783         -         4,204,783           Recreation.         1,504         -         1,504           Community development and improvements.         1,721,727         -         1,721,727           Law enforcement         662,543         -         662,543           Fire capital.         160,977         -         160,977           Miscellaneous grants         602,919         -         602,919           Sewer replacement and improvement         -         190,387         190,387           Unrestricted (deficit)         (14,235,839)         6,807,569         (7,428,270)					
Net investment in capital assets.       29,861,348       43,552,858       73,414,206         Restricted for:       1,408,404       -       1,408,404         Street construction, maintenance and repair       786,226       -       786,226         Court       4,204,783       -       4,204,783         Recreation.       1,504       -       1,504         Community development and improvements.       1,721,727       -       1,721,727         Law enforcement       662,543       -       662,543         Fire capital.       160,977       -       160,977         Miscellaneous grants       602,919       -       602,919         Sewer replacement and improvement       -       190,387       190,387         Unrestricted (deficit)       (14,235,839)       6,807,569       (7,428,270)			8,778,414	3,030,893	 12,429,309
Street construction, maintenance and repair       786,226       -       786,226         Court       4,204,783       -       4,204,783         Recreation.       1,504       -       1,504         Community development and improvements.       1,721,727       -       1,721,727         Law enforcement       662,543       -       662,543         Fire capital.       160,977       -       160,977         Miscellaneous grants       602,919       -       602,919         Sewer replacement and improvement       -       190,387       190,387         Unrestricted (deficit)       (14,235,839)       6,807,569       (7,428,270)	Net investment in capital assets		29,861,348	43,552,858	73,414,206
Court       4,204,783       -       4,204,783         Recreation.       1,504       -       1,504         Community development and improvements.       1,721,727       -       1,721,727         Law enforcement       662,543       -       662,543         Fire capital.       160,977       -       160,977         Miscellaneous grants       602,919       -       602,919         Sewer replacement and improvement       -       190,387       190,387         Unrestricted (deficit)       (14,235,839)       6,807,569       (7,428,270)	Capital projects		1,408,404	-	1,408,404
Court       4,204,783       -       4,204,783         Recreation.       1,504       -       1,504         Community development and improvements.       1,721,727       -       1,721,727         Law enforcement       662,543       -       662,543         Fire capital.       160,977       -       160,977         Miscellaneous grants       602,919       -       602,919         Sewer replacement and improvement       -       190,387       190,387         Unrestricted (deficit)       (14,235,839)       6,807,569       (7,428,270)	Street construction, maintenance and repair			-	786,226
Community development and improvements.       1,721,727       -       1,721,727         Law enforcement       662,543       -       662,543         Fire capital.       160,977       -       160,977         Miscellaneous grants       602,919       -       602,919         Sewer replacement and improvement       -       190,387       190,387         Unrestricted (deficit)       (14,235,839)       6,807,569       (7,428,270)	Court		4,204,783	-	4,204,783
Community development and improvements.       1,721,727       -       1,721,727         Law enforcement       662,543       -       662,543         Fire capital.       160,977       -       160,977         Miscellaneous grants       602,919       -       602,919         Sewer replacement and improvement       -       190,387       190,387         Unrestricted (deficit)       (14,235,839)       6,807,569       (7,428,270)				-	
Law enforcement       662,543       -       662,543         Fire capital.       160,977       -       160,977         Miscellaneous grants       602,919       -       602,919         Sewer replacement and improvement       -       190,387       190,387         Unrestricted (deficit)       (14,235,839)       6,807,569       (7,428,270)	Community development and improvements		*	-	
Fire capital.       160,977       -       160,977         Miscellaneous grants       602,919       -       602,919         Sewer replacement and improvement       -       190,387       190,387         Unrestricted (deficit)       (14,235,839)       6,807,569       (7,428,270)				-	
Miscellaneous grants       602,919       -       602,919         Sewer replacement and improvement       -       190,387       190,387         Unrestricted (deficit)       (14,235,839)       6,807,569       (7,428,270)				-	
Sewer replacement and improvement	1			-	
Unrestricted (deficit)	<u> </u>		-	190,387	
			(14,235,839)		
	` '	\$			\$ 

# STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

			Program Revenues						
	-		Charges for		Operating Grants		Capital Grants		
	]	Expenses	Servi	Services and Sales		and Contributions		and Contributions	
Governmental activities:									
General government	\$	4,349,392	\$	2,729,481	\$	112,278	\$	-	
Public safety		11,517,834		869,830		423,977		266,968	
Transportation		2,392,205		106,928		1,587,008		-	
Community environment		1,159,030		557,270		1,109,163		-	
Leisure time activities		651,798		100,477		108,487		-	
Interest and fiscal charges		82,902		-		-		_	
Total governmental activities		20,153,161		4,363,986		3,340,913		266,968	
Business-type activities:									
Water		5,154,094		7,199,970		-		41,275	
Sewer		4,993,974		5,435,076		-		1,114,003	
Solid waste		2,336,923		2,435,686		-		_	
Storm water		777,126		789,355		-		_	
Lighting		332,036		378,744		-		_	
Total business-type activities		13,594,153		16,238,831		-		1,155,278	
Total primary government	\$	33,747,314	\$	20,602,817	\$	3,340,913	\$	1,422,246	

# General revenues:

Property taxes levied for:
General purposes
Fire capital levy
Police pension
Fire pension
Municipal income taxes levied for:
General purposes
Capital outlay
Grants and entitlements not restricted
to specific programs
Investment earnings
Other
Total general revenues
<b>g</b>
Change in net position
Net position at beginning of year
Net position at end of year

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

and Changes in Net Position										
G	overnmental	В	usiness-type							
	Activities		Activities		Total					
\$	(1,507,633)	\$		\$	(1,507,633)					
Φ	(9,957,059)	Ф	-	Φ	(9,957,059)					
	(698,269)				(698,269)					
	507,403		-		507,403					
	(442,834)		-		(442,834)					
	,		-		(82,902)					
	(82,902)		<u>-</u>		(12,181,294)					
	(12,181,294)				(12,181,294)					
	-		2,087,151		2,087,151					
	-		1,555,105		1,555,105					
	-		98,763		98,763					
	-		12,229		12,229					
	-		46,708		46,708					
			3,799,956		3,799,956					
	(12 101 204)		2 700 056		(0.201.220)					
-	(12,181,294)		3,799,956		(8,381,338)					
	1,029,144		-		1,029,144					
	227,595		-		227,595					
	106,456		-		106,456					
	106,456		-		106,456					
	11,914,875		_		11,914,875					
	1,522,023				1,522,023					
	1,322,023		_		1,322,023					
	2,083,349		26,120		2,109,469					
	(94,371)		-		(94,371)					
	22,155		59,996		82,151					
	16 017 692		96 116		17 002 700					
-	16,917,682		86,116		17,003,798					
	4,736,388		3,886,072		8,622,460					
	20,438,204		46,664,742	-	67,102,946					
\$	25,174,592	\$	50,550,814	\$	75,725,406					

# BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

	General	A	American Rescue Plan	reet Capital	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets:				 		
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 7,952,066	\$	7,995,970	\$ 1,129,990	\$ 9,260,674	\$ 26,338,700
Property taxes	1,084,509		-	-	467,532	1,552,041
Income taxes	2,298,216		-	287,277	-	2,585,493
Accounts	63,663		-	_	79,106	142,769
Intergovernmental	533,738		-	-	728,125	1,261,863
Accrued interest	36,897		-	-	-	36,897
Due from other funds	382,840		-	-	-	382,840
Loans	-		-	-	1,326,201	1,326,201
Prepayments	73,236		-	-	11,701	84,937
Total assets	\$ 12,425,165	\$	7,995,970	\$ 1,417,267	\$ 11,873,339	\$ 33,711,741
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$ 358,513	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 105,688	\$ 464,201
Contracts payable	34,290		-	13,712	101,512	149,514
Accrued wages and benefits payable	7,885		-	-	8,507	16,392
Compensated absences payable	133,526		-	-	16,523	150,049
Intergovernmental payable	6,944		-	-	1,917	8,861
Due to other funds	-		-	-	382,840	382,840
Unearned revenue	-		7,995,970	-	-	7,995,970
Deposits held and due to others	224,868			 		224,868
Total liabilities	766,026		7,995,970	 13,712	616,987	9,392,695
Deferred inflows of resources:						
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year	1,003,867		-	-	432,893	1,436,760
Delinquent property tax revenue not available	80,642		-	-	34,639	115,281
Accrued interest not available	20,902		-	-	-	20,902
Income tax revenue not available	1,310,376		-	163,797	-	1,474,173
Intergovernmental revenue not available	309,716			 	392,077	701,793
Total deferred inflows of resources	2,725,503			 163,797	859,609	3,748,909
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable	73,236			-	11,701	84,937
Restricted	-			1,239,758	8,897,702	10,137,460
Committed	72,579		-	-	1,864,891	1,937,470
Assigned	4,620,062		-	-	-	4,620,062
Unassigned (deficit)	4,167,759			 -	(377,551)	3,790,208
Total fund balances	8,933,636			 1,239,758	10,396,743	20,570,137
Total liabilities, deferred inflows						
of resources and fund balances	\$ 12,425,165	\$	7,995,970	\$ 1,417,267	\$ 11,873,339	\$ 33,711,741

#### RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DECEMBER 31, 2021

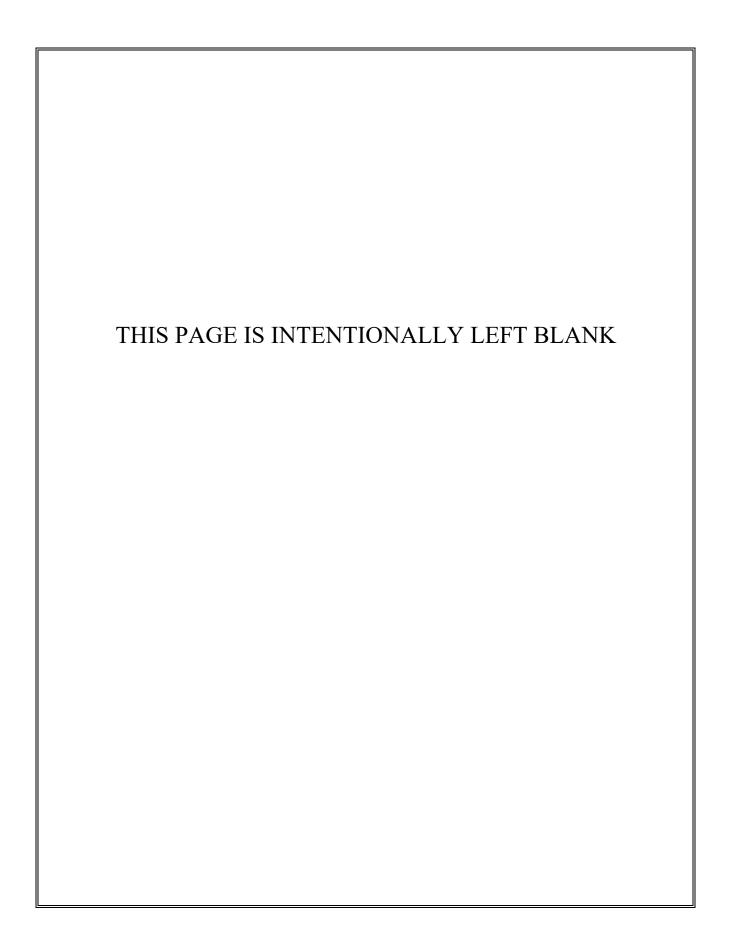
Total governmental fund balances		\$ 20,570,137
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		33,559,848
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred inflows of resources in the funds.		
Delinquent property taxes receivable Municipal income taxes receivable Intergovernmental receivable Accrued interest receivable Total	\$ 115,281 1,474,173 701,793 20,902	2,312,149
The net pension asset and net pension liability are not available to pay for current period expenditures and are not due and payable in the current period, respectively; therefore, the asset, liability and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in governmental funds.  Net pension asset  Deferred outflows of resources	83,402 3,195,440	
Net pension liability Deferred inflows of resources Total	(20,672,070) (4,906,696)	(22,299,924)
The net OPEB liability is not available to pay for current period expenditures; therefore, the liability and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in governmental funds.  Net OPEB asset  Deferred outflows of resources  Net OPEB liability  Deferred inflows of resources  Total	379,709 1,876,999 (2,710,774) (2,434,958)	(2,889,024)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.  Compensated absences General obligation bonds payable Notes payable Capital lease obligation Total	(3,581,155) (2,630,183) (740,000) (276,345)	(7,227,683)
Unamortized deferred amounts on refundings are not recognized in the governmental funds.		97,542
Unamortized premiums on long-term debt issuances are not recognized in the governmental funds.		(727)
On the statement of net position interest is accrued on outstanding bonds and loans payable, whereas in governmental funds interest is accrued when due.		(10,837)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities on the statement of net position.		1,193,365
An internal balance is recorded in governmental activities to reflect overpayments to the internal service funds by the business-type activities.		(130,254)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 25,174,592

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	General	American Rescue Plan	Street Capital Improvement	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:					
Property and other taxes	\$ 1,010,872	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 434,490	\$ 1,445,362
Municipal income taxes	11,650,668	-	1,468,768	-	13,119,436
Charges for services	1,555,417	-	-	175,539	1,730,956
Licenses and permits	682,760	-	-	2,000	684,760
Fines and forfeitures	65,907	-	-	1,121,279	1,187,186
Intergovernmental	2,298,317	224,605	46,014	3,082,714	5,651,650
Special assessments	23,583	-	-	3,304	26,887
Investment income	(98,259)	-	-	35,999	(62,260)
Contributions and donations	-	-	-	115,213	115,213
Other	660,525	_	-	91,356	751,881
Total revenues	17,849,790	224,605	1,514,782	5,061,894	24,651,071
Expenditures:					
Current:	5 000 020			000 201	5 000 121
General government	5,089,920	224.605	-	900,201	5,990,121
Public safety	11,357,272	224,605	44.054	212,879	11,794,756
Transportation	95,464	-	44,954	1,400,614	1,541,032
Community environment	596,294	-	-	1,020,132	1,616,426
Leisure time activities	587,355	-	-	218,311	805,666
Capital outlay	430,736	-	979,959	980,627	2,391,322
Principal retirement	-	-	1,010,000	238,569	1,248,569
Interest and fiscal charges			55,987	33,472	89,459
Total expenditures	18,157,041	224,605	2,090,900	5,004,805	25,477,351
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	(307,251)		(576,118)	57,089	(826,280)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Note issuance	-	-	740,000	-	740,000
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	11,628	-	-	5,604	17,232
Capital lease transaction	-	-	-	168,158	168,158
Transfers in	-	-	-	520,000	520,000
Transfers (out)	(560,000)	-	-	-	(560,000)
Premium on note issuance	-	-	-	727	727
Total other financing sources (uses)	(548,372)		740,000	694,489	886,117
Net change in fund balances	(855,623)	-	163,882	751,578	59,837
Fund balances at beginning of year	9,789,259		1,075,876	9,645,165	20,510,300
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 8,933,636	\$ -	\$ 1,239,758	\$ 10,396,743	\$ 20,570,137

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 202	I		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds			\$ 59,837
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.  Capital asset additions  Current year depreciation  Total	\$	2,288,899 (2,103,371)	185,528
Governmental activities only report the disposal of capital assets to the extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the statement of activities, a gain or loss is reported for each disposal.			(3,319)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.  Delinquent property taxes  Municipal income taxes  Intergovernmental revenues  Investment income  Total		24,289 317,462 (116,511) (3,994)	221,246
Repayment of long-term debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position.			1,248,569
Premiums on long-term debt issuance are recognized as other financing sources in the governmental funds, but they are amortized over the life of the issuance in the statement of activities.			(727)
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, loans and capital leases, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. Less interest expense is reported in the statement of activities due to the following:  Decrease in accrued interest payable  Amortization of deferred amounts on refunding  Amortization of bond premiums  Total		15,238 (12,321) 3,640	6,557
The issuance of notes and capital lease transaction are recorded as an other financing sources in the governmental funds; however, in the statement of activities they are not reported as they increase liabilities on the statement of net position.			(908,158)
Contractually required pension/OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows.  Pension OPEB Total		1,975,926 36,253	2,012,179
Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension asset/liability and net OPEB liability are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities.  Pension OPEB Total		(765,710) 2,228,127	1,462,417
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			(16,686)
Internal service funds used by management to charge the cost of insurance, postage and gasoline to individual funds are not reported in the statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenues (expenses) of the internal			160 015
service funds are allocated among the governmental activities.			 468,945
Change in net position of governmental activities			\$ 4,736,388



# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts							riance with nal Budget Positive
		Original		Final		Actual	(	Negative)
Revenues:					-			3 /
Property and other taxes	\$	1,223,618	\$	1,258,638	\$	1,010,872	\$	(247,766)
Charges for services		1,889,664		1,943,746		1,561,992		(381,754)
Licenses and permits		793,674		816,389		750,357		(66,032)
Fines and forfeitures		79,697		81,978		64,007		(17,971)
Intergovernmental		1,737,930		1,787,670		1,538,137		(249,533)
Special assessments		63,196		65,005		23,583		(41,422)
Investment income		280,871		288,910		214,659		(74,251)
Other		1,131,094		1,163,465		736,636		(426,829)
Total revenues		7,199,744		7,405,801		5,900,243		(1,505,558)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government		5,324,691		5,865,691		5,198,010		667,681
Public safety		12,077,100		12,100,820		11,435,127		665,693
Transportation		99,797		99,797		95,834		3,963
Community environment		930,058		930,058		790,436		139,622
Leisure time activities		705,461		710,561		606,251		104,310
Capital outlay		637,997		700,997		488,897		212,100
Total expenditures		19,775,104		20,407,924		18,614,555		1,793,369
Excesss of expenditures over revenues		(12,575,360)		(13,002,123)	-	(12,714,312)		287,811
Other financing sources:								
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		_		_		11,628		11,628
Transfers in		9,700,000		9,700,000		9,700,000		, <u>-</u>
Total other financing sources		9,700,000		9,700,000		9,711,628		11,628
Net change in fund balance		(2,875,360)		(3,302,123)		(3,002,684)		299,439
Fund balance at beginning of year		7,460,198		7,460,198		7,460,198		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		399,129		399,129		399,129		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	4,983,967	\$	4,557,204	\$	4,856,643	\$	299,439

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts					Variance with Final Budget Positive			
	Ori	ginal		Final	Actual	(Negative)			
Revenues:									
Intergovernmental	\$		\$	8,220,575	\$ 8,220,575	\$ -			
Total revenues				8,220,575	 8,220,575				
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Public safety				228,688	 228,688				
Total expenditures				228,688	 228,688				
Net change in fund balance		-		7,991,887	7,991,887	-			
Fund balances at beginning of year		_		_	-	-			
Fund balance at end of year	\$	-	\$	7,991,887	\$ 7,991,887	\$ -			

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
	Water	Sewer	Solid Waste	Nonmajor Funds	Total	Activities - Internal Service Funds	
Assets:							
Current assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 7,169,910	\$ 2,778,291	\$ 1,936,736	\$ 1,161,331	\$ 13,046,268	\$ 1,524,152	
Receivables: Accounts	598,506	446,413	78,676	100,249	1,223,844	7,997	
Intergovernmental	-	314,259	-	26,120	340,379	-	
Prepayments	181,965	50,487	-	2,089	234,541	-	
Materials and supplies inventory	8,119,011	56,496 3,645,946	2,015,412	1,289,789	225,126 15,070,158	1,532,149	
	0,119,011	3,043,940	2,013,412	1,209,709	13,070,136	1,332,149	
Noncurrent assets:  Net pension asset	52,745	44,964	4,053	6,864	108,626		
Net OPEB asset	240,135	204,709	18,452	31,252	494,548	-	
Equity in pooled cash and investments Capital assets:	-	190,387	-	-	190,387	-	
Nondepreciable capital assets	1,379,631	870,367	-	377,892	2,627,890	-	
Depreciable capital assets, net	32,648,524	35,603,205	234,116	2,503,409	70,989,254		
Total noncurrent assets	34,321,035	36,913,632	256,621	2,919,417	74,410,705		
Total assets	42,440,046	40,559,578	2,272,033	4,209,206	89,480,863	1,532,149	
Deferred outflows of resources:							
Unamortized deferred charges on debt refunding.	43,705	4,412	-	<u>-</u>	48,117	-	
Pension	307,718	262,741	47,820	53,369	671,648	-	
OPEB	120,536 471,959	102,536 369,689	23,866 71,686	23,573 76,942	270,511 990,276		
Liabilities:	171,555	300,000	71,000	70,712		-	
Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable	185,498	192,542	178,965	23,757	580,762	103,737	
Contracts payable	20,517	-	-	-	20,517	-	
Accrued wages and benefits payable	30,229	24,343	1,344	4,074	59,990	-	
Intergovernmental payable	5,962	4,862	307	798	11,929	-	
Accrued interest payable	7,038	4,112	-	8,104	19,254	225.047	
Claims payable	-	50,000	-	200,000	250,000	235,047	
Current portion of general obligation bonds	61,527	6,211	_	-	67,738	_	
Current portion of revenue bonds	590,000	-	-	-	590,000	-	
Current portion of compensated absences	190,752	163,326	18,751	24,324	397,153	-	
Current portion of OWDA loans	505,732	538,082	-	-	1,043,814	-	
Current portion of OPWC loans	75,039	116,164	-	-	191,203	-	
Current portion of due to Summit County Current portion of capital lease obligations	28,683	175,000 28,683	-	-	175,000 57,366	-	
Total current liabilities	1,700,977	1,303,325	199,367	261,057	3,464,726	338,784	
Noncurrent liabilities:	,,,,,,,,,	, ,-					
General obligation bonds	474,205	47,874	-	-	522,079	-	
Revenue bonds	2,495,000	-	-	-	2,495,000	-	
Compensated absences	484,239	414,617	47,600	61,747	1,008,203	-	
OWDA loans	8,911,166	9,869,543	-	-	18,780,709	-	
OPWC loans	1,742,598	3,136,415	-	-	4,879,013	-	
Due to Summit County	58,688	525,000 58,688	-	-	525,000 117,376	-	
Net pension liability	2,043,055	1,741,648 400,000	156,987	265,888	4,207,578 400,000	-	
Total noncurrent liabilities	16,208,951	16,193,785	204,587	327,635	32,934,958		
Total liabilities	17,909,928	17,497,110	403,954	588,692	36,399,684	338,784	
Deferred inflows of resources:							
Pension	1,002,448	794,597	82,407	140,203	2,019,655	-	
OPEB	806,119	650,129	65,094	109,898	1,631,240	=	
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,808,567	1,444,726	147,501	250,101	3,650,895		
Net position:  Net investment in capital assets	19,108,705	21,528,736 190,387	234,116	2,681,301	43,552,858 190,387	-	
Unrestricted	4,084,805	268,308	1,558,148	766,054	6,677,315	1,193,365	
Total net position.	\$ 23,193,510	\$ 21,987,431	\$ 1,792,264	\$ 3,447,355	50,420,560	\$ 1,193,365	
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of the interna				,,	130,254	,120,000	
<u>,                                      </u>	. service rund activiti	es remied to enterpris	o runus.				
Net position of business-type activities					\$ 50,550,814		

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

**Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds** 

	Water	Sewer	Solid Waste	Nonmajor Funds	Total
Operating revenues:					
Charges for services	\$ 7,070,106	\$ 5,419,876	\$ 2,431,913	\$ 1,167,442	\$ 16,089,337
Special assessments	129,864	15,200	3,773	657	149,494
Other	57,101	3	2,641	251	59,996
Total operating revenues	7,257,071	5,435,079	2,438,327	1,168,350	16,298,827
Operating expenses:					
Personal services	1,421,800	1,285,255	125,320	243,241	3,075,616
Contract services	371,057	534,624	2,168,497	118,940	3,193,118
Materials and supplies	1,241,183	892,092	7,559	421,265	2,562,099
Claims	-	-	-	-	-
Other	31,209	4,907	-	-	36,116
Depreciation	1,635,015	2,006,567	32,762	306,335	3,980,679
Total operating expenses	4,700,264	4,723,445	2,334,138	1,089,781	12,847,628
Operating income (loss)	2,556,807	711,634	104,189	78,569	3,451,199
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):					
Interest and fiscal charges	(407,287)	(227,236)	-	(14,556)	(649,079)
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	26,120	26,120
Debt issuance costs	(191)	(191)			(382)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(407,478)	(227,427)		11,564	(623,341)
Income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers	2,149,329	484,207	104,189	90,133	2,827,858
Transfers in	41,275	1,114,003			1,155,278
Change in net position	2,190,604	1,598,210	104,189	90,133	3,983,136
Net position at beginning of year	21,002,906	20,389,221	1,688,075	3,357,222	
Net position at end of year	\$ 23,193,510	\$ 21,987,431	\$ 1,792,264	\$ 3,447,355	
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal	service fund activit	ies related to enterp	orise funds.		(97,064)
Change in net position of business-type activities.					\$ 3,886,072

\$ 5,071,329 3,780 5,075,109 201,289 62,271 525,651 3,947,524 6,493 - 4,743,228 331,881 - - - 331,881 40,000 - 371,881 821,484	A	vernmental ctivities - Internal rvice Funds
5,075,109  201,289 62,271 525,651 3,947,524 6,493 - 4,743,228  331,881  40,000 - 371,881	\$	5,071,329
201,289 62,271 525,651 3,947,524 6,493 - 4,743,228 331,881 - - - - 331,881 40,000		3,780
62,271 525,651 3,947,524 6,493 - 4,743,228 331,881 - - - - 331,881 40,000 - 371,881		5,075,109
331,881 		62,271 525,651 3,947,524
331,881 40,000 371,881		4,743,228
40,000		331,881
40,000		- - -
40,000		-
371,881		331,881
		40,000
821.484		371,881
021,404		821,484
\$ 1,193,365	\$	1,193,365

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

**Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds** 

	Water	Sewer	Solid Waste	Nonmajor Funds	Total
Cash flows from operating activities:					
Cash received from customers	\$ 7,254,665	\$ 5,494,448	\$ 2,444,875	\$ 1,173,304 -	\$ 16,367,292
Cash received from other operations	109,471	1,943	2,789	568	114,771
Cash payments for personal services	(2,515,166)	(2,152,202)	(192,908)	(325,165)	(5,185,441)
Cash payments for contract services	(372,776)	(566,636)	(2,161,419)	(118,906)	(3,219,737)
Cash payments for materials and supplies	(1,163,533)	(856,359)	(7,559)	(413,602)	(2,441,053)
Cash payments for interfund services	(685,408)	(578,368)	(31,498)	(110,884)	(1,406,158)
Cash payments for claims	-	-	-	-	-
Cash payments for other expenses	(27,367)	(6,352)			(33,719)
Net cash provided by (used in)					
operating activities	2,599,886	1,336,474	54,280	205,315	4,195,955
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:  Intergovernmental grants				26,550	26,550
Cash received from transfers in					
Net cash provided by noncapital					
financing activities				26,550	26,550
Cash flows from capital and related					
financing activities:					
Acquisition of capital assets	(278,956)	(812,954)	-	(714,968)	(1,806,878)
Capital contributions	41,275	898,792	-	-	940,067
Principal retirement	(1,368,649)	(1,383,946)	-	(400,000)	(3,152,595)
Interest and fiscal charges	(403,012)	(233,351)	-	(15,000)	(651,363)
Debt issuance costs	(191)	(191)	-	-	(382)
Note issuance	-	450,000	-	200,000	650,000
Loan issuance		560,189			560,189
Net cash used in capital and					
related financing activities	(2,009,533)	(521,461)		(929,968)	(3,460,962)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and					
investments	590,353	815,013	54,280	(698,103)	761,543
Cash and investments at beginning of year	6,579,557	1,963,278	1,882,456	1,859,434	12,284,725
Cash and investments at end of year	\$ 7,169,910	\$ 2,778,291	\$ 1,936,736	\$ 1,161,331	\$ 13,046,268

# Governmental Activities -Internal Service Funds

\$ -5,069,260 3,780 (201,289) (67,271) (437,542) -(3,961,098) (6,493)

399,347

40,000

40,000

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439,347

1,084,805 \$ 1,524,152

- - Continued

## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

**Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds** 

Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net		Water		Sewer	Se	olid Waste		Nonmajor Fund		Total
cash provided by (used in) operating activities:										
Operating income (loss)	\$	2,556,807	\$	711,634	\$	104,189	\$	78,569	\$	3,451,199
Adjustments:										
Depreciation		1,635,015		2,006,567		32,762		306,335		3,980,679
Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources,										
liabilities and deferred inflows of resources:										
Materials and supplies inventory		26,455		10,451		-		-		36,906
Accounts receivable		98,331		38,726		9,189		5,205		151,451
Intergovernmental receivable		2,370		1,940		148		317		4,775
Prepayments		(937)		(1,797)		143		34		(2,557)
Net pension asset		(6,002)		(6,459)		(1,166)		(551)		(14,178)
Net OPEB asset		(240,135)		(204,709)		(18,452)		(31,252)		(494,548)
Deferred outflows - pension		212,067		157,065		4,589		56,262		429,983
Deferred outflows - OPEB		245,583		191,518		12,600		48,964		498,665
Accounts payable		60,619		(4,600)		6,935		7,663		70,617
Accrued wages and benefits		6,449		6,512		205		460		13,626
Intergovernmental payable		547		682		21		6		1,256
Compensated absences payable		(43,882)		9,313		5,303		(6,644)		(35,910)
Claims payable		-		-		-		-		-
Net pension liability		(767,586)		(573,635)		(16,626)		(113,718)		(1,471,565)
Net OPEB liability		(1,935,610)		(1,594,471)		(119,563)		(261,424)		(3,911,068)
Deferred inflows - pension		282,186		211,547		7,307		48,024		549,064
Deferred inflows - OPEB		467,609		376,190		26,696		67,065		937,560
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	2,599,886	\$	1,336,474	\$	54,280	\$	205,315	\$	4,195,955
Reconciliation of cash and investments:										
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	7,169,910	\$	2,778,291	\$	1,936,736	\$	1,161,331	\$	13,046,268
Restricted equity in pooled cash and	•	, ,- •	•	,,	•	) ) · - <del>-</del>	•	<i>y</i> - <i>y</i>	•	,, -
investments				190,387						190,387
Total cash and investments	\$	7,169,910	\$	2,968,678	\$	1,936,736	\$	1,161,331	\$	13,236,655
		.,,-		-,,,		.,,,		-,,		-,

#### Non-cash capital transactions:

The Water and Sewer funds entered into a capital lease transaction in 2021 of \$87,371 each in order to acquire capital assets.

At December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the Water fund purchased \$10,362 and \$20,517, respectively in capital assets on account, consisting of contracts payable.

At December 31, 2020, the Sewer fund purchased \$33,393 in capital assets on account, consisting of contracts payable.

Capital contributions for the Sewer fund consist of reimbursements from other governments for capital asset acquisitions. This includes \$314,259 included in intergovernmental receivables at December 31, 2021.

# Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds

\$ 331,881

-

(2,069)

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-

83,109

-

(13,574)

-

\$ 399,347

\$ 1,524,152

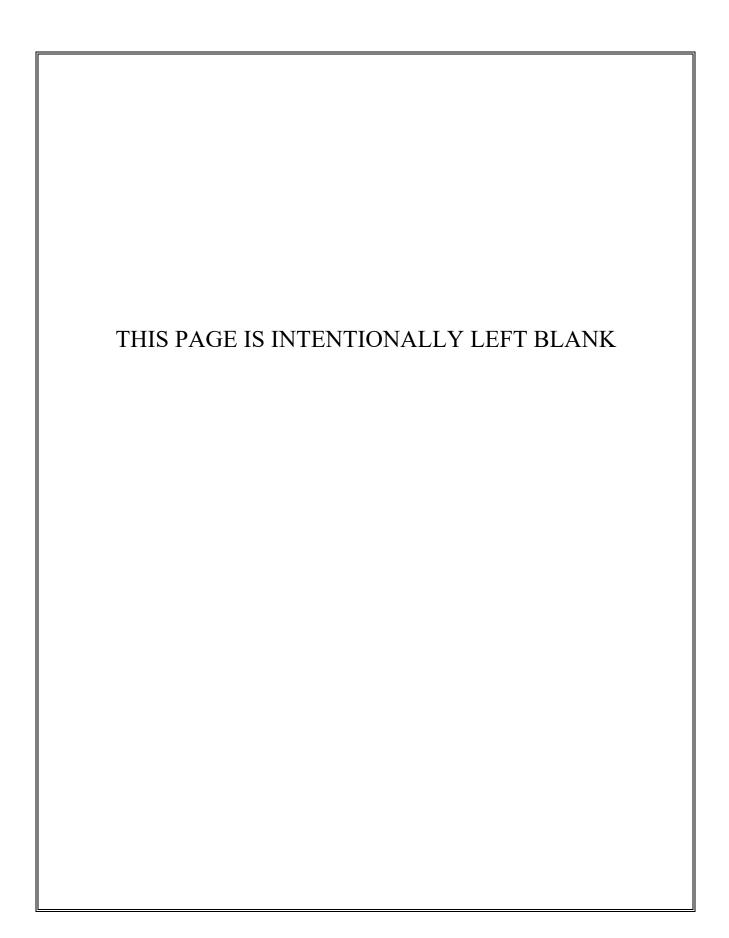
\$ 1,524,152

# STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Custodial
Assets:  Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 22,000 240,524
Total assets	\$ 262,524
Net position: Restricted for other governments and organizations	\$ 262,524
Total net position	\$ 262,524

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	(	Custodial
Additions: Fines and forfeitures for other governments	\$	2,013,299
Total additions		2,013,299
<b>Deductions:</b> Fines and forfeitures distributed to other governments		1,940,798
Total deductions		1,940,798
Change in net position		72,501
Net position at beginning of year		190,023
Net position at end of year	\$	262,524



# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

#### NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE CITY

The City of Barberton, Ohio (the "City") was incorporated in 1891 under the laws of the State of Ohio. The City operates under a "Mayor-Council" form of government as provided by its charter adopted on November 6, 1973. Elected officials include nine Council members, Director of Finance, a Director of Law and a Mayor.

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements (BFS) of the City have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to local governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial principles. The City's significant accounting policies are described below.

#### A. Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the City consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the City. For the City of Barberton this includes police, fire, municipal court, park and recreation department, water, sewage and sanitary services, street and sewer maintenance and any other departments or funds for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that exclusion would cause the financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Included as part of the City's primary government in the determination of the City's reporting entity is the Barberton Municipal Court (the "Court"). Although the Court's territorial jurisdiction extends beyond the boundaries of the City and the Judges of the Court are separately elected, the Court's operations are not legally separate from the City. In addition, the City is responsible for budgeting and appropriating funds for the operation of the Court and is ultimately responsible for any operating deficits sustained by the Court. The City's share of the fines collected by the Court, along with its shares of the Court's administrative and operating costs, is recorded in the City's general fund.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the City is financially accountable. The City is financially accountable for an organization if the City appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the City is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the City is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the City is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the City is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations for which the City approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion by the primary government would render the financial statements incomplete or misleading. The City has no component units.

The City participates in two related organizations, the Barberton Community Development Corporation and the Barberton Community Foundation. These organizations are described in Note 16 to the basic financial statements. The City participates in one jointly governed organization, the Southwest Summit Council of Governments. This organization is described in Note 17 to the basic financial statements.

#### B. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The City's BFS consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Government-Wide Financial Statements - The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the City as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The activities of the internal service funds are eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. The statements distinguish between those activities of the City that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the City at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the City's governmental activities and for the business-type activities of the City. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the City, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the City.

Fund Financial Statements - During the year, the City segregates transactions related to certain City functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the City at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The internal service funds are presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund financial statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operation. The principal operating revenues of the City's proprietary funds are charges for services. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds include personnel and other expenses related to sewer, water, storm water, solid waste and lighting operations and operating expenses for the internal service fund include claims and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

#### C. Fund Accounting

The City uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental funds - Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. Governmental fund assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The following are the City's major governmental funds:

<u>General fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the City for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the charter of the City of Barberton and/or the general laws of Ohio.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

# NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>American rescue plan fund</u> - This fund accounts for monies received from the federal government as part of the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021. This Act provides additional relief to address the continued impact of the COVID-19 pandemic.

<u>Street capital improvement fund</u> - This fund accounts for proceeds of a <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> percent income tax levy which is restricted for road and street improvements.

Other governmental funds of the City are used to account for (a) financial resources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets, (b) specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to an expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects and (c) financial resources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for principal and interest.

**Proprietary funds** - Proprietary fund reporting focuses on changes in net position, financial position and cash flows. Proprietary funds are classified as either enterprise or internal service.

<u>Enterprise funds</u> - The enterprise funds may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. The following are the City's major enterprise funds:

<u>Water fund</u> - This fund accounts for revenues generated from the charges for the treatment and provisions of water to the residents and commercial users of the City.

<u>Sewer fund</u> - This fund accounts for the sanitary sewer services provided to the residents and commercial users of the City. The costs of providing these services are financed primarily through user charges.

<u>Solid waste fund</u> - This fund accounts for refuse and recycling collection services provided to residential users of the City.

The City's nonmajor enterprise funds account for storm drainage and lighting maintenance and repair services to City residents.

<u>Internal service funds</u> - The internal service funds account for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City on a cost-reimbursement basis. The City's internal service funds account for a self-insurance program for employee medical and surgical claims and the purchasing of central supplies such as gasoline and postage.

*Fiduciary funds* - Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and custodial funds. The City's only fiduciary funds are custodial funds. These funds account for deposits held by the City on behalf of external parties, including fines and other revenues collected by the Municipal Court and distributed to others, excluding the City.

#### D. Measurement Focus

Government-Wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All non-fiduciary assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the City are included on the statement of net position. The statement of activities presents increases (e.g. revenues) and decreases (e.g. expenses) in total net position.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

## NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements - All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets, deferred outflows of resources, current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the financial statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, all proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net position. The statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the City finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

#### E. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and custodial funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred inflows of resources and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

**Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions** - Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, are recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the City, available means expected to be received within sixty days of year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include income taxes, property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from income taxes is recognized in the period in which the income is earned (See Note 6). Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year end: income taxes, State-levied locally shared taxes (including gasoline tax, local government funds and permissive tax), fines and forfeitures, interest, grants and reimbursements.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

## NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources - In addition to assets, the government-wide statement of net position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. See Notes 12 and 13 for deferred outflows of resources related the City's net pension liability and net OPEB liability, respectively. In addition, deferred outflows of resources include a deferred charge on debt refunding. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the City, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes and unavailable revenue. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of December 31, 2021, but which were levied to finance 2022 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow of resources on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the City, unavailable revenue includes, but is not limited to, income taxes, delinquent property taxes and intergovernmental grants. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available.

See Notes 12 and 13 for deferred inflows of resources related to the City's net pension liability and net OPEB liability, respectively. This deferred inflow of resources is only reported on the government-wide statement of net position.

Expenses/Expenditures - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

## F. Budgetary Process

All funds, except custodial funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. Annual budgets were adopted for all City funds during 2021.

The major documents prepared are the alternative tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount Council may appropriate. The appropriations resolution is Council's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by Council. The legal level of control has been established by Council at the personal services, operating, and capital expenditure level for all funds of the City. Any budget modifications at these levels may only be made through an ordinance of Council. Budgetary statements are presented beyond that legal level of control for information purposes only.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the Director of Finance. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the amended certificate of estimated resources in effect at the time final appropriations were passed by Council.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

## NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation ordinance for that fund that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by Council during the year.

## G. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the City is pooled. Monies for all funds, including proprietary funds, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the City's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and investments" on the financial statements.

The City has segregated bank accounts for monies held separate from the City's central bank account. These interest bearing depository accounts are presented as "cash in segregated accounts" since they are not required to be deposited into the City treasury.

During 2021, investments were limited to federal agency securities, U.S. Treasury money market accounts, U.S. Treasury Notes, negotiable certificates of deposit, commercial paper and the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio). Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts such as repurchase agreements are reported at cost.

STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The City measures its investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For 2021, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, 24 hours advance notice is appreciated for all deposits and withdrawals of \$100 million or more. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$250 million per day, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$250 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Investment procedures are restricted by the provisions of the Ohio Revised Code. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during 2021, including the change in fair value of investments, amounted to (\$98,259) which includes (\$53,008) assigned from other City funds.

Investments with an original maturity of three months or less and investments of the cash management pool are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents.

An analysis of the City's investment accounts at year end is provided in Note 4.

### H. Materials and Supplies Inventory

Inventories are presented at cost on a first-in, first-out basis and are expended/expensed when used. Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

## NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

#### I. Restricted Assets

Certain cash and investments are classified as restricted cash on the financial statements because these funds are being held by a trustee as designated by the bond indenture. Restricted assets at December 31, 2021 consist of \$190,387 held by the City for sewer replacement and improvement.

## J. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds.

The City maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition value as of the date received. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. Interest incurred during the construction of capital assets is also capitalized for business-type activities.

All reported capital assets are depreciated except for land and construction in progress. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Useful lives for infrastructure were estimated based on the City's historical records of necessary improvements and replacement. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Years
Infrastructure	25 - 80
Buildings and improvements	10 - 40
Vehicles and equipment	3 - 25

The City's infrastructure consists of street subsystems, traffic signal subsystems, storm sewer lines, water lines and sewer lines. The City reports all infrastructure, including that acquired prior to 1980.

### **K.** Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employee's rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the City will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The City records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the City has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees wage rates at year end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the City's termination policy. The City records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for employees as soon as they are hired to work with the City.

For governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. In proprietary funds, the entire amount of compensated absences is reported as a fund liability.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

# NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

### L. Prepayments

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond December 31, 2021, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method by recording a current asset for the prepaid amount at the time of the purchase and the expenditure/expense in the year in which services are consumed.

## M. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds, loans, notes and leases are recognized as a liability on the governmental fund financial statements when due. Net pension/OPEB liability should be recognized in the governmental funds to the extent that benefit payments are due and payable and the pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is not sufficient for payment of those benefits.

## N. Unamortized Bond Premiums and Discounts/Accounting Gain or Loss/Bond Issuance Costs

Bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bond premiums are presented as an addition to the face amount of the bonds. Bond discounts are presented as a reduction to the face amount of the bonds.

For refundings resulting in the defeasance of debt, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense. This accounting gain or loss is amortized over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter, and is presented as a deferred inflow or outflow of resources on the statement of net position.

Bond premiums and discounts and gains/losses from refunding are recognized in the current period on the governmental fund financial statements. Bond issuance costs are expended/expensed when they occur.

### O. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans to cover deficit cash balances are classified as "due to/from other funds". These amounts are eliminated on the statement of net position, except for the net residual amount due between governmental and business-type activities which is presented as an internal balance.

### P. Interfund Activity

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the government-wide statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the BFS.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

## NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

#### Q. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of notes receivable in the general fund.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (ordinance) of City Council (the highest level of decision making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless City Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. City Council has by ordinance authorized the Director of Finance to assign fund balance. The Council may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The City applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

## R. Estimates

The preparation of the BFS in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the BFS and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### S. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets plus deferred outflows of resources less liabilities less deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

## NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The City applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

#### T. Contributions of Capital

Contributions of capital in proprietary fund financial statements arise from contributions of capital assets, or from grants or contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction.

## U. Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability, net pension asset, net OPEB asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

#### V. Fair Value Measurements

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

#### **NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE**

## A. Change in Accounting Principles

For 2021, the City has implemented GASB Statement No. 89, "Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period" and GASB Statement No. 98, "The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report."

GASB Statement No. 89 establishes accounting requirements for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. GASB Statement No. 89 requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. GASB Statement No. 89 also reiterates that financial statements prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period should be recognized as an expenditure on a basis consistent with governmental fund accounting principles. Previously the City had included these interest costs in the acquisition cost of the relevant capital assets.

GASB Statement No. 98 establishes the term *annual comprehensive financial report* and its acronym *ACFR*. That new term and acronym replace instances of *comprehensive annual financial report* and its acronym in general accepted accounting principles for state and local governments.

For 2021, the City has applied GASB Statement No. 95, "Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance" to GASB Statement Nos. 91, 92 and 93, which were originally due to be implemented in 2021 and to GASB Statement No. 87, which was originally due to be implemented in 2020. GASB Statement No. 95 provides temporary relief to governments and other stakeholders in light of the COVID-19 pandemic. This objective is accomplished by postponing the effective dates of certain provisions in Statements and Implementation Guides that first became effective or are scheduled to become effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018, and later.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

# NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

The following pronouncements are postponed by one year and the City has elected delaying implementation until the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022:

- Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations
- Statement No. 92, Omnibus 2020
- Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates

The following pronouncements are postponed by eighteen months and the City has elected delaying implementation until the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022:

- Statement No. 87, *Leases*
- Implementation Guide No. 2019-3, Leases

#### **B.** Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at December 31, 2021 included the following individual fund deficits:

Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	<u>Deficit</u>
Federal Emergency Management Agency	\$327,819
Community development block grant	\$49,732

The general fund is liable for any deficit in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required. These deficits will be eliminated when the anticipated revenues are received.

These funds did not comply with Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.10 which does not allow a fund to accrue a negative cash balance. At December 31, 2021 the negative cash balance was \$281,641 in the Federal Emergency Management Agency fund and \$101,199 in the community development block grant fund. These amounts are reported as a fund liability.

### **NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

State statutes classify monies held by the City into three categories:

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the City Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that Council has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits in interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

## **NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)**

Protection of the deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by the financial institutions participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal or interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Government National Mortgage Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities:
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio, and with certain limitations including a requirement for maturity within ten years from the date of settlement, bonds and other obligations of political subdivisions of the State of Ohio, if training requirements have been met;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items 1 or 2 above, and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool, the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio);
- 8. High grade commercial paper for a period not to exceed 270 days in an amount not to exceed forty percent of the City's interim monies available for investment; and,
- 9. Bankers acceptances for a period not to exceed 180 days and in an amount not to exceed forty percent of the City's interim monies available for investment.

The City may also invest any monies not required to be used for a period of six months or more in the following:

- 1. Bonds of the State of Ohio;
- 2. Bonds of any municipal corporation, village, county, township, or other political subdivision of this State, as to which there is no default of principal, interest or coupons; and,
- 3. Obligations of the City.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. Except as noted above, an investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the City, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the finance director or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

## **NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)**

#### A. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At December 31, 2021, the carrying amount of all City deposits was \$3,918,780 and the bank balance of all City deposits was \$6,423,330. Of the bank balance, \$1,310,055 was covered by the FDIC and \$5,113,275 was potentially exposed to custodial credit risk as discussed below because those deposits were uninsured and could be uncollateralized. Although all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the City to a successful claim by the FDIC.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the City will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or protected by (1) eligible securities pledged to the City's and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose market value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured, or (2) participation in the OPCS, a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total market value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State. Although all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the City to a successful claim by the FDIC.

#### **B.** Investments

As of December 31, 2021, the City had the following investments and maturities:

			Investment Maturities									
Measurement/	M	easurement	6	months or		7 to 12		13 to 18		19 to 24	(	Greater than
Investment type	_	Amount	_	less	_	months	_	months	_	months	_	24 months
Fair value:												
FFCB Notes	\$	2,497,085	\$	399,912	\$	-	\$	-	\$	711,356	\$	1,385,817
FHLB Notes		3,970,401		-		-		-		645,831		3,324,570
FHLMC Notes		1,617,130		-		-		-		495,270		1,121,860
FNMA Notes		1,550,239		-		-		477,984		74,523		997,732
Commercial Paper		4,665,987		3,108,981		1,557,006		-		-		-
Negotiable CDs		7,856,632		1,738,985		912,932		1,238,966		365,875		3,599,874
U.S. Treasury Notes		2,044,439		-		-		398,156		151,817		1,494,466
U.S. Treasury Money Market		23,915		23,915		-		-		-		-
Amortized cost:												
STAR Ohio		13,217,423	_	13,217,423	_		_		_			<u>-</u>
Total	\$	37,443,251	\$	18,489,216	\$	2,469,938	\$	2,115,106	\$	2,444,672	\$	11,924,319

The U.S. Treasury money market investments are valued using quoted market prices in active markets (Level 1 inputs). The City's other investments measured at fair value are valued using fair valuation methodologies that incorporate market inputs such as benchmark yields, reported trades, broker/dealer quotes, issuer spreads, two-sided markets, benchmark securities, bids, and offers (Level 2 inputs). The weighted average maturity of investments is 1.34 years.

Interest Rate Risk: The Ohio Revised Code generally limits security purchases to those that mature within five years of the settlement date. Interest rate risk arises because potential purchasers of debt securities will not agree to pay face value for those securities if interest rates subsequently increase. The City's investment policy addresses interest rate risk by requiring the consideration of market conditions and cash flow requirements in determining the term of an investment.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

# **NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)**

Credit Risk: STAR Ohio carries a rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The City's investments in federal agency securities and U.S. Treasury obligations were rated AA+ and Aaa by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services, respectively. The City's investments in commercial paper were not rated. The negotiable CDs are fully FDIC insured. The City's investment policy does not specifically address credit risk beyond requiring the City to only invest in securities authorized by State statute.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in Ohio law that prohibits payments for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The City's investment policy addresses concentration of credit risk by requiring investments to be diversified to reduce the risk of loss resulting from over concentration of assets in a specific issue or specific class of securities.

The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the City at December 31, 2021:

	Measurement		
Investment type	Amount	% of Total	
FFCB Notes	\$ 2,497,085	6.67%	
FHLB Notes	3,970,401	10.60%	
FHLMC Notes	1,617,130	4.32%	
FNMA Notes	1,550,239	4.14%	
Commercial Paper	4,665,987	12.46%	
Negotiable CDs	7,856,632	20.98%	
U.S. Treasury Notes	2,044,439	5.46%	
U.S. Treasury Money Market	23,915	0.06%	
STAR Ohio	13,217,423	<u>35.30%</u>	
Total	\$ 37,443,251	100.00%	

### C. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Position

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net position as of December 31, 2021:

Cash and investments per note		
Carrying amount of deposits	\$	3,918,780
Investments	_	37,443,251
Total	\$	41,362,031
	_	
Cash and investments per statement of net position		
Governmental activities	\$	27,862,852
Business type activities		13,236,655
Custodial funds		262,524
Total	\$	41,362,031

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

## **NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS**

**A.** Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2021, consisted of the following:

	Transfers from		
Tour	(	General	
<u>Transfers to</u>	-	Fund	
Nonmajor governmental funds	\$	520,000	
Internal service funds		40,000	
Total	\$	560,000	

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them; to move unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations; to provide additional resources for current operations or debt service; reclassification of prior year distributed monies; to segregate money for anticipated capital projects; and to return money to the fund from which it was originally provided once a project is completed. All transfers were made in accordance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.14, 5705.15 and 5705.16.

Transfers between governmental funds and transfers between enterprise funds are eliminated on the governmentwide financial statements.

**B.** Interfund balances at December 31, 2021 as reported on the fund financial statements consist of \$382,840 due to the general fund from nonmajor governmental funds. The purpose of the due to/from other funds is to cover the negative cash balances at year end in the Federal Emergency Management Agency fund and the community development block grant fund. The interfund balances will be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received.

#### **NOTE 6 - RECEIVABLES**

Receivables at December 31, 2021, consisted primarily of municipal income taxes, property and other taxes, accounts (fees, reimbursements, and billings for user charged services), interest, loans and intergovernmental receivables arising from grants, entitlements, and shared revenues. All receivables are deemed collectible in full. Except for loans receivable in the approximate amount of \$1,294,037, all receivables are expected to be collected within one year.

## A. Property Taxes

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the City. Taxes collected from real property taxes (other than public utility) in one calendar year are levied in the preceding calendar year on the assessed value as of January 1 of that preceding year, the lien date. Assessed values are established by the County Fiscal Officer at 35 percent of appraised market value. All property is required to be revaluated every six years. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits later payment dates to be established.

Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes collected in one calendar year are levied in the preceding calendar year on assessed values determined as of December 31 of the second year preceding the tax collection year, the lien date. Public utility tangible personal property is assessed at varying percentages of true value; public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value. 2021 public utility property taxes became a lien December 31, 2020, are levied after October 1, 2021, and are collected in 2022 with real property taxes. Public utility property taxes are payable on the same dates as real property taxes described previously.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

### **NOTE 6 - RECEIVABLES - (Continued)**

The County Fiscal Officer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts in the County, including the City of Barberton. The County Fiscal Officer periodically remits to the City its portion of the taxes collected. Property taxes receivable represents real property taxes, public utility taxes, tangible personal property taxes and outstanding delinquencies which are measurable as of December 31, 2021 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. In the governmental funds, the current portion receivable has been offset by a deferred inflow since the current taxes were not levied to finance 2021 operations. The collection of delinquent taxes has also been offset by a deferred inflow since the collection of the taxes during the available period is not subject to reasonable estimation. On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue while on a modified accrual basis the revenue is reported as a deferred inflow of resources.

The full tax rate for all City operations for the year ended December 31, 2021 was \$4.25 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed values of real and public utility property upon which 2021 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

Real property	\$	376,587,110
Public utility property	_	18,976,870
Total assessed value	\$	395,563,980

# **B.** Municipal Income Taxes

The City levies a municipal income tax of 2 and ¼ percent on all income earned within the City as well as on income of residents earned outside of the City. In the latter case, the City allows a credit of 100 percent on income earned outside of the City and paid to another municipality. Employers within the City are required to withhold income tax on employee earnings and remit the tax to the City at least quarterly. Corporations and other individual taxpayers are required to pay their estimated tax at least quarterly and file a final return annually. Ohio law requires all City income tax rates above 1% to be voted by residents of the City; therefore, any additional increases in the City's income tax rate would require voter approval.

#### C. Intergovernmental Receivables

A summary of the intergovernmental receivables follows:

Governmental activities:		
Local government State support	\$	376,347
Motor vehicle and gas tax		547,833
Ohio building grant		25,000
Homestead and rollback		103,251
Joint Economic Development Zone reimbursements		54,426
CDBG reimbursements		112,874
Other grants and entitlements		42,132
Business-type activities:		
OWDA/OPWC reimbursements from the City of Norton		314,259
Recycle grant	_	26,120
Total	\$	1,602,242

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

# **NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS**

**A.** Governmental activities capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2021, was as follows:

Governmental activities:	Balance 12/31/20	Additions	Disposals	Balance 12/31/21
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$ 6,070,298 1,078,357	\$ 167,595 385,188	\$ - (204,735)	\$ 6,237,893 1,258,810
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	7,148,655	552,783	(204,735)	7,496,703
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Vehicles and equipment Infrastructure: Street subsystem Traffic signals subsystem	7,861,127 13,501,401 37,125,209 1,815,949	57,565 604,615 1,278,671	(25,528) (89,058)	7,893,164 14,016,958 38,403,880 1,815,949
Total capital assets, being depreciated	60,303,686	1,940,851	(114,586)	62,129,951
Less: accumulated depreciation: Buildings and improvements Vehicles and equipment Infrastructure: Street subsystem Traffic signal subsystem	(6,377,291) (10,432,404) (16,332,476) (932,531)	(472,777) (567,371) (1,004,240) (58,983)	22,209 89,058	(6,827,859) (10,910,717) (17,336,716) (991,514)
Total accumulated depreciation	(34,074,702)	(2,103,371)	111,267	(36,066,806)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	26,228,984	(162,520)	(3,319)	26,063,145
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 33,377,639	\$ 390,263	\$ (208,054)	\$ 33,559,848

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

General government	\$ 86,680
Public safety	438,842
Transportation	1,383,121
Community environment	28,891
Leisure time activities	 165,837
Total depreciation expense	\$ 2,103,371

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

# **NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS - (Continued)**

**B.** Business-type activities capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2021 was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
<b>Business-type activities:</b>	12/31/20	Additions	Disposals	12/31/21
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,081,528	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,081,528
Construction in progress	8,520,323	771,248	(7,745,209)	1,546,362
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	9,601,851	771,248	(7,745,209)	2,627,890
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	58,595,618	7,628,141	-	66,223,759
Vehicles and equipment	7,819,909	403,849	(18,480)	8,205,278
Infrastructure				
Water lines	18,024,316	-	-	18,024,316
Sewer lines	36,487,604	106,955	-	36,594,559
Storm sewer lines	7,368,824	783,243		8,152,067
Total capital assets, being depreciated	128,296,271	8,922,188	(18,480)	137,199,979
Less: accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	(29,010,402)	(2,024,965)	-	(31,035,367)
Vehicles and equipment	(4,361,373)	(507,427)	18,480	(4,850,320)
Infrastructure				
Water lines	(8,445,615)	(407,445)	-	(8,853,060)
Sewer lines	(14,928,046)	(801,712)	-	(15,729,758)
Storm sewer lines	(5,503,090)	(239,130)		(5,742,220)
Total accumulated depreciation	(62,248,526)	(3,980,679)	18,480	(66,210,725)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	66,047,745	4,941,509		70,989,254
Business-type activities capital				
assets, net	\$ 75,649,596	\$ 5,712,757	\$ (7,745,209)	\$ 73,617,144

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the City as follows:

Water	\$ 1,635,015
Sewer	2,006,567
Solid waste	32,762
Lighting	1,113
Storm water	305,222
Total depreciation expense	\$ 3,980,679

## **NOTE 8 - CAPITAL LEASES**

The City has entered into capital lease agreements for various equipment and vehicles. The lease agreements meet the criteria of a capital lease as defined by GASB Statement No. 62, which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

# **NOTE 8 - CAPITAL LEASES - (Continued)**

Capital assets consisting of vehicles and equipment have been capitalized in the statement of net position in the amount of \$1,835,388 in the governmental activities and \$147,748 in the business-type activities. A corresponding long-term liability was reported at lease inception, in an amount equal to the present value of the total future principal payments on the leases. The governmental funds made payments of \$104,655 and \$7,186 in principal and interest, respectively, during 2021. The lease payments were paid from the following nonmajor governmental funds: street construction, maintenance and repair fund, and fire capital levy fund. For the business-type activities, there were no lease payments made in 2021 and future lease payments will be paid from the water and sewer funds.

The net capital assets acquired through the capital leases are as follows:

	 overnmental Activities	Business-Type Activities		
Asset:				
Equipment and vehicles	\$ 1,835,388	\$	147,748	
Less: accumulated depreciation	 (1,194,835)		(3,694)	
Total	\$ 640,553	\$	144,054	

The lease agreements provide for minimum, annual payments as follows:

Year Ending <a href="December 31">December 31</a> ,	vernmental Activities	Business-Type Activities		
2022	\$ 169,617	\$	60,038	
2023	57,776		60,038	
2024	 57,776	-	60,038	
Total	285,169		180,114	
Less: amount representing interest	 (8,824)		(5,372)	
Present value of net minimum lease payments	\$ 276,345	\$	174,742	

### NOTE 9 - SHORT-TERM NOTES PAYABLE

The City issued bond anticipation notes in 2020 and 2021 in anticipation of long-term bond financing. Changes in the City's notes payable activity for the year ended December 31, 2021, were as follows:

	Balance 2/31/2020	Issued	Retired	Balance 2/31/2021
Governmental activities: Street improvements	\$ 260,000	\$ 	\$ (260,000)	\$ _
Business-type activities: Sewer metering equipment Storm water improvements	\$ 50,000 200,000	\$ 50,000 200,000	\$ (50,000) (200,000)	\$ 50,000 200,000
Total business-type activities	\$ 250,000	\$ 250,000	\$ (250,000)	\$ 250,000

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

# NOTE 9 - SHORT-TERM NOTES PAYABLE - (Continued)

The 2020 notes were issued on April 15, 2020 and matured on April 15, 2021 with a 3% interest rate. The 2021 notes were issued on April 14, 2021 and mature on April 14, 2022 with a 1.25% interest rate. The governmental activities note will be repaid from the street capital improvements fund and the business-type activities notes will be repaid from the sewer fund and storm water fund (a non-major enterprise fund).

### **NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS**

The City's outstanding long-term debt issuances are summarized below:

Debt Issue/Purpose	Year Issued	Interest Rate	Original Issue Amount	Year of Maturity
Governmental Activities	155404		10040 111110 4111	<u> </u>
General Obligation Bonds:				
Various Purpose Improvement Refunding	2016	1.95%	\$ 1,660,534	2029
Street Improvement	2016	1.85%	2,745,000	2026
Bond Anticipation Notes:	2010	1.0270	2,7 13,000	2020
Street Improvement	2021	1.25%	740,000	2022
Business-Type Activities	2021	1.23/0	740,000	2022
* <del>*</del>				
General Obligation Bonds:	2016	1.050/	910 466	2020
Various Purpose Improvement Refunding	2016	1.95%	819,466	2029
Revenue Bonds:	•		<del>.</del>	• • • •
Waterworks System Revenue, Refunding	2014	2.34%	6,850,000	2026
Bond Anticipation Notes:				
Sewer Radio Metering Equipment	2021	1.25%	400,000	2022
OWDA Loans:				
Wastewater Treatment Plant Improvements	2011	2.16%	2,388,322	2030
Elevated Water Storage Tank	2012	2.00%	2,817,146	2032
Wastewater Treatment Plant Improvements	2014	3.37%	2,627,826	2035
Snyder Avenue Pump Station Improvements	2014	3.37%	2,059,880	2035
Wolf Creek Dam Intake Extension	2014	2.00%	2,372,133	2044
Norton Nash Heights Sewer & Pump Station	2017	1.70%	4,174,442	2048
Frashure Park Package Plant Elimination	2017	3.06%	123,877	2023
Brentwood Package Plant Elimination	2017	3.06%	159,640	2023
Wastewater Treatment Plant Improvements	2018	2.14%	347,056	2039
Water Treatment Plant Reconstruction	2018	2.90%	6,171,695	2040
Norton Acres Package Plant	2019	0.00%	899,390	2040
Barberton-Norton State Rt. 261	2019	0.00%	95,547	2025
Wastewater Treatment Plant Improvements	2020	2.37%	614,906	2025
OPWC Loans:				
Summit Road Water Main Project	2011	0.00%	875,664	2044
31st Street Waterline Replacement	2013	0.00%	1,514,561	2033
Nash Heights Sanitary Sewer Project	2017	0.00%	3,484,906	2050
Due to Summit County:				
Sanitary Sewer Facilities	2016	0.00%	1,750,000	2025
Samary Sewer racinges	2010	0.0070	1,750,000	2023

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

# **NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)**

The following tables present the changes in long-term obligations during the year.

Governmental Activities:	Balance 12/31/20	Increase	Decrease	Balance 12/31/21	Due in One Year
	12/31/20	<u> </u>	Beereuse	12/31/21	One rear
General Obligation Bonds: Various Purpose Refunding Bonds Street Improvement Bonds	\$ 1,329,097 1,705,000	\$ - -	\$ (133,914) (270,000)	\$ 1,195,183 1,435,000	137,262 275,000
Total General Obligation Bonds	3,034,097		(403,914)	2,630,183	412,262
Bond Anticipation Notes: Street Improvement Other Obligations:	740,000	740,000	(740,000)	740,000	-
Capital Leases Compensated Absences Net Pension Liability Net OPEB Liability	212,842 3,668,401 22,743,265	168,158 1,038,748	(104,655) (975,945) (2,071,195) (2,903,604)	276,345 3,731,204 20,672,070 2,710,774	163,391 977,095
·	5,614,378	<u>-</u>			<u>-</u>
Total Other Obligations	32,238,886	1,206,906	(6,055,399)	27,390,393	1,140,486
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 36,012,983	\$ 1,946,906	\$ (7,199,313)	30,760,576	\$ 1,552,748
		Add unamortize	d premium on notes	727	
		Total on states	ment of net position	\$ 30,761,303	
	Balance			Balance	Due in
<b>Business-Type Activities:</b>	12/31/20	Increase	Decrease	12/31/21	One Year
General Obligation Bonds: Various Purpose Refunding	\$ 655,90	03 \$	- \$ (66,086)	\$ 589,817	\$ 67,738
Revenue Bonds: Waterworks System Revenue Bonds, Refunding	3,660,00	00	- (575,000)	3,085,000	590,000
Bond Anticipation Notes: Sewer Metering Equipment Storm Water Improvements	450,00 200,00	00 400,00	, , , ,	400,000	-
Other Obligations: OWDA Loans (direct borrowing) OPWC Loans (direct borrowing)	20,294,70 5,357,02	08 560,18 22	9 (1,030,374) - (286,806)	19,824,523 5,070,216	1,043,814 191,203
Capital Leases Compensated Absences Due to Summit County (direct borrowing) Due to City of Norton (direct borrowing)	1,441,20 875,00 75,00	00		174,742 1,405,356 700,000	57,366 397,153 175,000
Net Pension Liability Net OPEB Liability	5,679,14 3,911,00	43	- (73,000) - (1,471,565) - (3,911,068)	4,207,578	- -
Total Business-Type Activities	\$ 42,599,1	10 \$ 1,510,70	<u>\$ (8,652,582)</u>	\$ 35,457,232	\$ 2,522,274

The net pension liability and net OPEB liability are liquidated by the fund from which the employee is paid, which for the governmental activities is primarily the general fund. See Note 8 for more information on capital leases and Note 12 and Note 13 for more information on the net pension liability and net OPEB liability, respectively.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

## **NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)**

#### General Obligation Bonds

All bonds are secured by the full faith and credit of the City. General obligation bonds will be paid from the street capital improvement fund and the fire capital levy fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). The business-type activities revenue bonds and general obligation bonds will be paid from charges for services revenues in the enterprise funds.

On June 9, 2016, the City issued \$2,480,000 in Various Purpose Refunding Bonds in order to advance refund a portion of the outstanding 2009 bond issue. The City used the proceeds from the refunding to purchase securities which were placed in an irrevocable trust to provide resources for all future debt service payments on the refunded debt. The refunded debt is considered defeased and the applicable liability has been removed from the financial statements. At December 31, 2021, the principal amount of defeased debt outstanding was \$1,695,000.

### **Bond Anticipation Notes**

These notes are general obligation notes which are secured by the full faith and credit of the City. The notes were issued in anticipation of the issuance of bonds, for the purpose of paying the costs of road and street improvements, sewer equipment upgrades and storm water improvements. Prior to the issuance of the financial statements, the 2021 note issue was refinanced and replaced by debt with a maturity that extends at least one year beyond the date of the balance sheet (see Note 21); therefore, the notes are reported in the government-wide statements as a long-term liability.

### **Compensated Absences**

The compensated absences liability for governmental activities will be paid out of the general fund and the following nonmajor funds: street construction, maintenance and repair, community development block grant and beautification funds. For business-type activities, the liability will be paid from the water, sewer, solid waste, lighting and storm water enterprise funds.

### Revenue Bonds

On April 1, 2006, the City issued \$9,305,000 in Waterworks System Improvement Revenue Bonds. The City issued refunding revenue bonds in 2014 to advance refund the outstanding 2006 revenue bond issue. The City used the proceeds from the refunding issue to purchase securities which were placed in an irrevocable trust to provide resources for all future debt service payments on the refunding debt. The refunded debt is considered defeased and the applicable liability has been removed from the financial statements. At December 31, 2021, the principal amount of defeased debt outstanding was \$3,055,000.

The City has pledged future water customer revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to finance water system improvements. The water revenue bonds are payable solely from water customer net revenues and are payable through 2026. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require approximately 10% of available net revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the water revenue bonds is \$3,304,726. Principal and interest paid for the current year and net customer revenues were \$660,607 and \$6,335,279, respectively.

### **OWDA Loans**

The City has entered into debt financing arrangements through the Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA) to fund capital improvements to the City's sewer and water buildings and infrastructure. The amount due to the OWDA is payable solely from sewer and water fund revenues. The loan agreements function similar to a line-of-credit agreement and require semi-annual payments based on the permissible borrowings rather than the actual amount loaned.

OWDA loans are direct borrowings that have terms negotiated directly between the City and the OWDA and are not offered for public sale. In the event of default, the OWDA may declare the full amount of the then unpaid original loan amount to be immediately due and payable and/or require the City to pay any fines, penalties, interest, or late charges associated with the default.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

## **NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)**

The City has pledged future sewer and water customer revenues to repay the loans. The loans are payable solely from sewer and water fund revenues and are payable through 2048. Annual principal and interest payments on the loans are expected to require approximately 11% and 14% of available net revenues for the sewer fund and water fund, respectively. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the loans is approximately \$11,320,928 for the sewer fund and \$10,087,523 for the water fund. Eight of the thirteen loans, having an outstanding balance of \$11,582,561, have not been closed out as of December 31, 2021, therefore, the future annual debt service principal and interest requirements are not available. Principal and interest paid for the current year totaled \$746,405 for the sewer fund and \$807,521 for the water fund.

### **OPWC** Loans

The City has obtained loans from the Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) to help fund water main improvements, a waterline replacement project and sewer plant improvements. The interest-free loans are paid from the water and sewer funds in semi-annual installments over a twenty to thirty-year period.

OPWC loans are direct borrowings that have terms negotiated directly between the City and the OPWC and are not offered for public sale. In the event of default, the OPWC may (1) charge an 8% default interest rate from the date of the default to the date of the payment and charge the County for all costs incurred by the OPWC in curing the default, (2) in accordance with Ohio Revised Code 164.05, direct the county treasurer of the county in which the City is located to pay the amount of the default from funds that would otherwise be appropriated to the City from such county's undivided local government fund pursuant to ORC 5747.51-5747.53, or (3) at its discretion, declare the entire principal amount of loan then remaining unpaid, together with all accrued interest and other charges, become immediately due and payable.

#### Due to Summit County

On January 6, 2016, the City entered into an agreement with Summit County to purchase the sanitary sewer facilities within the City of Norton. This is considered to be a direct borrowing since the terms were negotiated directly between the City and Summit County. The purchase price of \$1,750,000 is payable in ten annual interest-free payments of \$175,000 in the years 2016 through 2025.

## Due to City of Norton

The City has entered into an agreement to acquire the sanitary sewer facilities from the City of Norton. This is considered to be a direct borrowing since the terms were negotiated directly between the City and the City of Norton. The \$300,000 obligation is payable in four annual interest-free payments of \$75,000 in the years 2018 through 2021, with the final payments being made in 2021.

Principal and interest requirements to retire the outstanding debt at December 31, 2021, are as follows:

	Governmental Activities								
Year Ending		Ger	eral	Obligation	ı B	onds			
December 31,	_	Principal	_	Interest	-	Total			
2022	\$	412,262	\$	49,854	\$	462,115			
2023		420,610		42,089		462,699			
2024		428,958		34,168		463,125			
2025		445,653		26,088		471,741			
2026		450,653		17,693		468,346			
2027 - 2029	_	472,047	_	18,475	_	490,522			
Total	\$	2,630,183	\$	188,367	\$	2,818,548			

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

**NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)** 

						Business-Ty	pe Ac	tivities				
Year Ending		Ger	neral	Obligation	ı Bo	nds		Revenue Bonds				
December 31,	P	rincipal	_1	nterest	_	Total	_ <u>I</u>	Principal		Interest	-	Total
2022	\$	67,738	\$	11,501	\$	79,239	\$	590,000	\$	72,189	\$	662,189
2023		69,390		10,181		79,571		605,000		58,383		663,383
2024		71,042		8,827		79,869		615,000		44,226		659,226
2025		74,347		7,442		81,789		630,000		29,835		659,835
2026		74,347		5,992		80,339		645,000		15,093		660,093
2027 - 2029		232,953		9,117	_	242,070			_		_	<u>-</u>
Total	\$	589,817	\$	53,060	\$	642,877	\$	3,085,000	\$	219,726	\$	3,304,726

			Business-Ty	pe Activities				
Year Ending		OWDA Loans		OPWC Loans				
December 31,	Principal	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Total		
2022	\$ 533,519	\$ 198,466	\$ 731,985	\$ 191,203	\$ - \$	191,203		
2023	547,332	185,431	732,763	191,204	-	191,204		
2024	561,524	172,043	733,567	191,204	-	191,204		
2025	576,106	158,290	734,396	191,204	-	191,204		
2026	591,092	144,164	735,256	191,204	-	191,204		
2027 - 2031	3,046,680	495,835	3,542,515	956,021	-	956,021		
2032 - 2036	1,639,893	164,726	1,804,619	956,021	-	956,021		
2037 - 2041	452,135	54,607	506,742	956,021	-	956,021		
2042 - 2046	293,681	10,364	304,045	897,643	-	897,643		
2047 - 2049		<del>_</del>		348,491		348,491		
Total	\$ 8,241,962	\$ 1,583,926	\$ 9,825,888	\$ 5,070,216	<u>\$ -</u> \$	5,070,216		

		Business-Type Activities								
Year Ending		Due to Summit County								
December 31,	F	Principal	_	Interest	_	Total				
2022	\$	175,000	\$	-	\$	175,000				
2023		175,000		-		175,000				
2024		175,000		-		175,000				
2025		175,000	_			175,000				
Total	\$	700,000	\$		\$	700,000				

## Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that the net debt of a municipal corporation, whether or not approved by the electors, shall not exceed 10.5% of the total value of all property in the municipal corporation as listed and assessed for taxation. In addition, the unvoted net debt of municipal corporations cannot exceed 5.5% of the total taxation value of property. The assessed valuation used in determining the City's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in calculating the City's legal debt margin calculation excludes tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The statutory limitations on debt are measured by a direct ratio of net debt to tax valuation and expressed in terms of a percentage. At December 31, 2021, the City's total debt margin was \$38,357,276 (including available funds of \$43,058) and the unvoted debt margin was \$18,536,019.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

### **NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. The City purchases fire and extended coverage insurance on all buildings and contents to \$90,665,707 with a variety of deductibles beginning at \$10,000. Coverage is purchased on City vehicles for a combined single limit liability of \$1,000,000. The City purchases general liability insurance coverage with a \$1,000,000 limit per occurrence. The City also has an umbrella policy which provides an additional \$10,000,000 in coverage over and above listed policies.

No settlements exceeded the insurance coverage in the last three years. There has been no significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

The City pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs.

The City has elected to provide employee medical, dental, prescription drug and vision benefits through a self-insurance program. The City maintains a self-insurance internal service fund to account for and finance its uninsured risks for loss in this program. The plan provides a medical/surgical plan with a \$100 single and \$300 family deductible. The City uses a third-party administrator to review, process, and pay all claims, on behalf of the City.

The City purchases stop-loss coverage for claims in excess of \$100,000 per employee with an aggregate of \$1,000,000 per year. The City pays into the self-insurance internal service fund \$1,714 for family coverage or \$946 for individual coverage per employee per month which represents the entire premium required for the non-bargaining, police and fire employees. For AFSCME employees the City pays \$946 for single coverage and \$1,714 for family coverage. The City also pays \$208 for both single and family coverage for AFSCME employees for prescription, vision, hearing and dental benefits. These premiums are paid by the fund that pays the wage or salary of the employee and is based on historical cost information. AFSCME participating employees contribute 5% of total cost for single (\$57) and family (\$103) coverage per month. All other covered employees paid 15% of the total cost for single (\$71-142) and family (\$143-257) coverage per month.

The claims liability of \$235,047 reported in the internal service fund at December 31, 2021 is estimated by a third party administrator and is based on the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 30 which requires that a liability for unpaid claims costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not reported claims, be reported. The estimate was not affected by incremental claim adjustment expenses and does not include other allocated or unallocated claim adjustment expenses. The claims liability is expected to be paid within one year. Changes in the fund's claims liability amounts in 2021 and 2020 are:

	Balance at			
	Beginning	Current	Claims	Balance at
	of Year	Claims	Payments	End of Year
2021	\$ 248,621	\$ 3,947,524	\$ (3,961,098)	\$ 235,047
2020	466,019	3,809,368	(4,026,766)	248,621

### **NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS**

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

## Net Pension Liability/Asset and Net OPEB Liability/Asset

Pensions and OPEB are a component of exchange transactions – between an employer and its employees – of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee – on a deferred-payment basis – as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

# NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The net pension liability/asset and the net OPEB liability/asset represent the City's proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability/asset calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost-of-living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the City's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The City cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the City does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability/asset is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires funding to come from these employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes pension costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded pension liabilities within 30 years. If the pension amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide health care to eligible benefit recipients.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term net pension/OPEB liability/asset on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension/OPEB contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in intergovernmental payable on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

The remainder of this note includes the pension disclosures. See Note 13 for the OPEB disclosures.

### Plan Description - Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Plan Description - City employees, other than full-time police and firefighters, participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The traditional pension plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan and the combined plan is a combination cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit/defined contribution pension plan. Participating employers are divided into state, local, law enforcement and public safety divisions. While members in the state and local divisions may participate in all three plans, law enforcement and public safety divisions exist only within the traditional plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits, and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional and combined plans. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about OPERS' fiduciary net position that may be obtained by visiting <a href="https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml">https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml</a>, by writing to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling 800-222-7377.

Senate Bill (SB) 343 was enacted into law with an effective date of January 7, 2013. In the legislation, members in the traditional and combined plans were categorized into three groups with varying provisions of the law applicable to each group. The following table provides age and service requirements for retirement and the retirement formula applied to final average salary (FAS) for the three member groups under the traditional and combined plans as per the reduced benefits adopted by SB 343 (see OPERS Annual Report referenced above for additional information, including requirements for reduced and unreduced benefits):

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

## NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Group	A
O. 0 p	

Eligible to retire prior to January 7, 2013 or five years after January 7, 2013

# State and Local

#### Age and Service Requirements:

Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit

#### Traditional Plan Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30

#### Combined Plan Formula:

1% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 1.25% for service years in excess of 30

#### Public Safety

#### Age and Service Requirements:

Age 48 with 25 years of service credit or Age 52 with 15 years of service credit

#### Law Enforcement

#### Age and Service Requirements:

Age 52 with 15 years of service credit

#### Public Safety and Law Enforcement

#### Traditional Plan Formula:

2.5% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 25 years and 2.1% for service years in excess of 25

#### Group B

20 years of service credit prior to January 7, 2013 or eligible to retire ten years after January 7, 2013

#### State and Local

#### Age and Service Requirements:

Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit

#### Traditional Plan Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30

#### **Combined Plan Formula:**

1% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 1.25% for service years in excess of 30

#### Public Safety

#### Age and Service Requirements:

Age 48 with 25 years of service credit or Age 52 with 15 years of service credit

## Law Enforcement

#### Age and Service Requirements:

Age 48 with 25 years of service credit or Age 52 with 15 years of service credit

#### **Public Safety and Law Enforcement**

#### Traditional Plan Formula:

2.5% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 25 years and 2.1% for service years in excess of 25

#### Group C

Members not in other Groups and members hired on or after January 7, 2013

#### State and Local

### Age and Service Requirements:

Age 57 with 25 years of service credit or Age 62 with 5 years of service credit

#### Traditional Plan Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 35 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 35

#### Combined Plan Formula:

1% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 35 years and 1.25% for service years in excess of 35

#### Public Safety

#### Age and Service Requirements:

Age 52 with 25 years of service credit or Age 56 with 15 years of service credit

#### Law Enforcement

#### Age and Service Requirements:

Age 48 with 25 years of service credit or Age 56 with 15 years of service credit

#### Public Safety and Law Enforcement

#### Traditional Plan Formula:

2.5% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 25 years and 2.1% for service years in excess of 25

Final Average Salary (FAS) represents the average of the three highest years of earnings over a member's career for Groups A and B. Group C is based on the average of the five highest years of earnings over a member's career.

Members who retire before meeting the age and years of service credit requirement for unreduced benefits receive a percentage reduction in the benefit amount. The initial amount of a member's pension benefit is vested upon receipt of the initial benefit payment for calculation of an annual cost-of-living adjustment.

When a traditional plan benefit recipient has received benefits for 12 months, current law provides for an annual cost of living adjustment (COLA). This COLA is calculated on the base retirement benefit at the date of retirement and is not compounded. Members retiring under the combined plan receive a cost–of–living adjustment on the defined benefit portion of their pension benefit. For those who retired prior to January 7, 2013, the cost of living adjustment is 3 percent. For those retiring subsequent to January 7, 2013, beginning in calendar year 2019, current law provides that the COLA will be based on the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, capped at 3.00%.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

## NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Defined contribution plan benefits are established in the plan documents, which may be amended by the Board. Memberdirected plan and combined plan members who have met the retirement eligibility requirements may apply for retirement benefits. The amount available for defined contribution benefits in the combined plan consists of the member's contributions plus or minus the investment gains or losses resulting from the member's investment selections. The amount available for defined contribution benefits in the combined plan consists of the member's contributions plus or minus the investment gains or losses resulting from the member's investment selections. Combined plan members wishing to receive benefits must meet the requirements for both the defined benefit and defined contribution plans. Member-directed participants must have attained the age of 55, have money on deposit in the defined contribution plan and have terminated public service to apply for retirement benefits. The amount available for defined contribution benefits in the member-directed plan consists of the members' contributions, vested employer contributions and investment gains or losses resulting from the members' investment selections. Employer contributions and associated investment earnings vest over a five-year period, at a rate of 20 percent each year. At retirement, members may select one of several distribution options for payment of the vested balance in their individual OPERS accounts. Options include the annuitization of the benefit (which includes joint and survivor options), partial lump-sum payments (subject to limitations), a rollover of the vested account balance to another financial institution, receipt of entire account balance, net of taxes withheld, or a combination of these options. When members choose to annuitize their defined contribution benefit, the annuitized portion of the benefit is reclassified to a defined benefit.

Beginning in 2022, the Combined Plan will be consolidated under the Traditional Pension Plan (defined benefit plan) and the Combined Plan option will no longer be available for new hires beginning in 2022.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

	State		Public	Law
	and Loc	al	Safety	Enforcement
2021 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates				
Employer	14.0	%	18.1 %	18.1 %
Employee *	10.0	<b>%</b>	**	***
2021 Actual Contribution Rates				
Employer:				
Pension	14.0	%	18.1 %	18.1 %
Post-employment Health Care Benefits ****	0.0	<b>%</b>	0.0 %	0.0 %
Total Employer	14.0	<u>%</u>	18.1 %	18.1 %
Employee	10.0	%	12.0 %	13.0 %

- \* This rate is determined by OPERS' Board and has no maximum rate established by ORC.
- \*\* This rate is also determined by OPERS' Board, but is limited by ORC to not more than 2 percent greater than the Public Safety rate.
- \*\*\* Member contributions within the combined plan are not used to fund the defined benefit retirement allowance
- \*\*\*\* This employer health care rate is for the traditional and combined plans. The employer contribution for the member-directed plan is 4.00%.

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll.

The City's contractually required contribution for the Traditional Pension Plan, the Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan was \$1,107,203 for 2021. Of this amount, \$10,063 is reported as intergovernmental payable.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

# NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

### Plan Description - Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund (OP&F)

Plan Description - City full-time police and firefighters participate in Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by OP&F. OP&F provides retirement and disability pension benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information and detailed information about OP&F fiduciary net position. The report that may be obtained by visiting the OP&F website at <a href="https://www.op-f.org">www.op-f.org</a> or by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Upon attaining a qualifying age with sufficient years of service, a member of OP&F may retire and receive a lifetime monthly pension. OP&F offers four types of service retirement: normal, service commuted, age/service commuted and actuarially reduced. Each type has different eligibility guidelines and is calculated using the member's average annual salary. The following discussion of the pension formula relates to normal service retirement.

For members hired after July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 52 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit. For members hired on or before July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 48 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit.

The annual pension benefit for normal service retirement is equal to a percentage of the allowable average annual salary. The percentage equals 2.5 percent for each of the first 20 years of service credit, 2.00% for each of the next five years of service credit and 1.50% for each year of service credit in excess of 25 years. The maximum pension of 72.00% of the allowable average annual salary is paid after 33 years of service credit (see OP&F Annual Comprehensive Financial Report referenced above for additional information, including requirements for Deferred Retirement Option Plan provisions and reduced and unreduced benefits).

Under normal service retirement, retired members who are at least 55 years old and have been receiving OP&F benefits for at least one year may be eligible for a cost-of-living allowance adjustment. The age 55 provision for receiving a COLA does not apply to those who are receiving a permanent and total disability benefit, surviving beneficiaries, and statutory survivors. Members participating in the DROP program have separate eligibility requirements related to COLA.

The COLA amount for members who have 15 or more years of service credit as of July 1, 2013, and members who are receiving a pension benefit that became effective before July 1, 2013, will be equal to 3.00% of the member's base pension benefit.

The COLA amount for members who have less than 15 years of service credit as of July 1, 2013, and members whose pension benefit became effective on or after July 1, 2013, will be equal to a percentage of the member's base pension benefit where the percentage is the lesser of 3.00% or the percentage increase in the consumer price index, if any, over the twelve-month period that ends on the thirtieth day of September of the immediately preceding year, rounded to the nearest one-tenth of one percent.

Members who retired prior to July 24, 1986, or their surviving beneficiaries under optional plans are entitled to cost-of-living allowance increases. The annual increase is paid on July 1st of each year. The annual COLA increase is \$360 under a Single Life Annuity Plan with proportional reductions for optional payment plans.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

# NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

	Police	Firefighters	
2021 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates			
Employer	19.50 %	24.00 %	
Employee	12.25 %	12.25 %	
2021 Actual Contribution Rates			
Employer:			
Pension	19.00 %	23.50 %	
Post-employment Health Care Benefits	0.50 %	0.50 %	
Total Employer	19.50 %	24.00 %	
Employee	12.25 %	12.25 %	

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The City's contractually required contribution to OP&F was \$1,495,043 for 2021. Of this amount, \$591 is reported as intergovernmental payable.

# Net Pension Liabilities/Assets, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability and net pension asset for OPERS was measured as of December 31, 2020, and the total pension liability or asset used to calculate the net pension liability or asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. OP&F's total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2020, and was determined by rolling forward the total pension liability as of January 1, 2020, to December 31, 2020. The City's proportion of the net pension liability or asset was based on the City's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

						OPERS -			
	(	OPERS -		OPERS -		Member-			
	T	raditional		Combined		Directed		OP&F	Total
Proportion of the net pension liability/asset prior measurement date	0	.05000900%	0	0.07865400%	(	0.00996500%		0.27518290%	
Proportion of the net pension liability/asset current measurement date	<u>0</u>	.05023100%	<u>0</u>	0.06593300%	<u>(</u>	0.00934600%		0.25585010%	
Change in proportionate share	0	.00022200%	- <u>0</u>	0.01272100%	- <u>(</u>	0.00061900%	-	0.01933280%	
Proportionate share of the net pension liability Proportionate share of the net	\$	7,438,117	\$	-	\$	-	\$	17,441,531	\$ 24,879,648
pension (asset) Pension expense		(95,865)		(190,324) 4,487		(1,704) (1,222)		977,933	(192,028) 885,333

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

# NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

At December 31, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		OPERS - raditional		PERS - ombined	M	DPERS - Member- Directed OP&F		OP&F		Total
Deferred outflows								_		_
of resources										
Differences between expected and										
actual experience	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1,164	\$	729,112	\$	730,276
Changes of assumptions	Ψ	_	Ψ	11,887	Ψ	48	Ψ	292,502	Ψ	304,437
Changes in employer's				ŕ				•		ŕ
proportionate percentage/										
difference between										
employer contributions		99,994		-		-		130,135		230,129
Contributions subsequent to the										
measurement date		1,060,422		39,494		7,287		1,495,043		2,602,246
Total deferred		-,,		,		,,,,		-,,		_,,
outflows of resources	\$	1,160,416	\$	51,381	\$	8,499	\$	2,646,792	\$	3,867,088
	,	DED C		DEDG		PERS -				
		OPERS -		PERS -	M	1ember-		OD %-E		Total
Deferred inflows		OPERS - raditional		PERS -	M			OP&F		Total
Deferred inflows of resources					M	1ember-		OP&F		Total
Deferred inflows of resources Differences between					M	1ember-		OP&F		Total
of resources					M	1ember-		OP&F		Total
of resources Differences between expected and actual experience					M	1ember-	\$	OP&F 679,469	\$	Total 1,026,517
of resources Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between	T:	raditional	Co	mbined		1ember-	\$		\$	
of resources Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual earnings	T:	raditional 311,142	Co	35,906		Member- Directed	\$	679,469	\$	1,026,517
of resources Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	T:	raditional	Co	mbined		1ember-	\$		\$	
of resources Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in employer's	T:	raditional 311,142	Co	35,906		Member- Directed	\$	679,469	\$	1,026,517
of resources Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	T:	raditional 311,142	Co	35,906		Member- Directed	\$	679,469	\$	1,026,517
of resources Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in employer's proportionate percentage/ difference between employer contributions	T:	raditional 311,142	Co	35,906		Member- Directed	\$	679,469	\$	1,026,517
of resources Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in employer's proportionate percentage/ difference between	T:	311,142 2,899,164	Co	35,906		Member- Directed	\$	679,469 846,030	\$	1,026,517 3,773,687

\$2,602,246 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability/asset in the year ending December 31, 2022.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

# NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

					OPERS -		
		OPERS -		OPERS -	Member-		
	1	Traditional	(	Combined	Directed	OP&F	Total
Year Ending December 31:							
2022	\$	(1,379,451)	\$	(13,628)	\$ 132	\$ (490,334)	\$ (1,883,281)
2023		(407,908)		(8,658)	159	(61,618)	(478,025)
2024		(1,181,794)		(15,187)	117	(1,189,290)	(2,386,154)
2025		(395,402)		(7,058)	141	(407,003)	(809,322)
2026		-		(3,029)	149	(97,409)	(100,289)
Thereafter				(4,764)	326		(4,438)
Total	\$	(3,364,555)	\$	(52,324)	\$ 1,024	\$ (2,245,654)	\$ (5,661,509)

### **Actuarial Assumptions - OPERS**

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the values of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial-reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020, using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement in accordance with the requirements of GASB 67. Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results, prepared as of December 31, 2020, are presented below.

Wage inflation	3.25%
Future salary increases, including inflation	3.25% to 10.75% including wage inflation
COLA or ad hoc COLA	Pre 1/7/2013 retirees: 3.00%, simple
	Post 1/7/2013 retirees: 0.50%, simple
	through 2021, then 2.15% simple
Investment rate of return	
Current measurement date	7.20%
Prior measurement date	7.20%
Actuarial cost method	Individual entry age

In October 2020, the OPERS Board adopted a change in COLA for Post-January 7, 2013 retirees, changing it from 1.40% simple through 2020 then 2.15% simple to 0.50% simple through 2021 then 2.15% simple.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

## NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Employees mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the RP-2014 Disabled mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to all of the above described tables.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2015.

During 2020, OPERS managed investments in three investment portfolios: the Defined Benefit portfolio, the Health Care portfolio, and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Defined Benefit portfolio contains the investment assets for the Traditional Pension Plan, the defined benefit component of the Combined Plan and the annuitized accounts of the Member-Directed Plan. Within the Defined Benefit portfolio, contributions into the plans are all recorded at the same time, and benefit payments all occur on the first of the month. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual money-weighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investment expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Defined Benefit portfolio was 11.70% for 2020.

The allocation of investment assets with the Defined Benefit portfolio is approved by the Board of Trustees as outlined in the annual investment plan. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined benefit pension plans. The long-term expected rate of return on defined benefit investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return were provided by the Board's investment consultant.

For each major asset class that is included in the Defined Benefit portfolio's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2020, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

	Towast	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Asset Class	Target Allocation	(Arithmetic)
Fixed income	25.00 %	1.32 %
Domestic equities	21.00	5.64
Real estate	10.00	5.39
Private equity	12.00	10.42
International equities	23.00	7.36
Other investments	9.00	4.75
Total	100.00 %	5.43 %

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

# NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

**Discount Rate** - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability/asset was 7.20%, post-experience study results, for the Traditional Pension Plan, the Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan. The discount rate used to measure total pension liability prior to December 31, 2020 was 7.20%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefits payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the Traditional Pension Plan, Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table presents the proportionate share of the net pension liability/asset calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.20%, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability/asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.20%) or one-percentage-point higher (8.20%) than the current rate:

	Current					
	1% Decrease Discount Rate			1% Increase		
City's proportionate share						
of the net pension liability (asset):						
Traditional Pension Plan	\$14,188,248	\$	7,438,117	\$1,825,395		
Combined Plan	(132,525)		(190,325)	(233,403)		
Member-Directed Plan	(1,495)		(1,704)	(1,869)		

## Actuarial Assumptions - OP&F

OP&F's total pension liability as of December 31, 2020, is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of January 1, 2020, and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The total pension liability is determined by OP&F's actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual valuation. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment mortality, salary increases, disabilities, retirements and employment terminations. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Assumptions considered were: withdrawal rates, disability retirement, service retirement, DROP elections, mortality, percent married and forms of the payment, DROP interest rate, CPI-based COLA, investment returns, salary increases and payroll growth.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of January 1, 2021, are presented below.

Valuation date

1/1/20 with actuarial liabilities rolled forward to 12/31/20

Actuarial cost method

Entry age normal (level percent of payroll)

Investment rate of return

8.00%

Projected salary increases

3.75% - 10.50%

Payroll increases

3.25% per annum, compounded annually, consisting of inflation rate of 2.75% plus productivity increase rate of 0.50%

Cost of living adjustments

2.20% per year simple

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

## NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Mortality for non-disabled participants is based on the RP-2014 Total Employee and Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, adjusted and projected with the Buck Modified 2016 Improvement Scale. Rates for surviving beneficiaries are adjusted by 120%.

Age	Police	Fire
67 or less	77%	68%
68-77	105%	87%
78 and up	115%	120%

Mortality for disabled retirees is based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, adjusted according to the rates in the following table, and projected with the Buck Modified 2016 Improvement Scale.

Age	Police	Fire
59 or less	35%	35%
60-69	60%	45%
70-79	75%	70%
80 and up	100%	90%

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in the Statement of Investment Policy and Guidelines. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expected. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

# NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Best estimates of the long-term expected geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in OP&F's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2020 are summarized below:

	Target	Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return **
Cash and Cash Equivalents	- %	0.00 %
Domestic Equity	21.00	4.10
Non-US Equity	14.00	4.80
Private Markets	8.00	6.40
Core Fixed Income *	23.00	0.90
High Yield Fixed Income	7.00	3.00
Private Credit	5.00	4.50
U.S. Inflation		
Linked Bonds *	17.00	0.70
Midstream Energy Infrastructure	5.00	5.60
Real Assets	8.00	5.80
Gold	5.00	1.90
Private Real Estate	12.00	5.30
Total	125.00 %	

Note: assumptions are geometric.

OP&F's Board of Trustees has incorporated the risk parity concept into OP&F's asset liability valuation with the goal of reducing equity risk exposure, which reduces overall Total Portfolio risk without sacrificing return and creating a more risk-balanced portfolio based on the relationship between asset classes and economic environments. From the notional portfolio perspective above, the Total Portfolio may be levered up to 1.25 times due to the application of leverage in certain fixed income asset classes.

**Discount Rate** - The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 8.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the longer-term assumed investment rate of return 8.00%. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 8.00%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (7.00%), or one percentage point higher (9.00%) than the current rate.

		Current						
	1% Decrease	D	iscount Rate	1% Increase				
City's proportionate share								
of the net pension liability	\$24,280,845	\$	17,441,531	\$11,717,716				

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<sup>\*</sup> levered 2x

<sup>\*\*</sup> numbers include inflation

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

## **NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS**

#### Net OPEB Liability/Asset

See Note 12 for a description of the net OPEB liability/asset.

#### Plan Description - Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Plan Description - The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) administers three separate pension plans: the traditional pension plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; the member-directed plan, a defined contribution plan; and the combined plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

OPERS maintains a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care trust, which funds multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage and deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement to qualifying benefit recipients of both the traditional pension and the combined plans. Currently, Medicare-eligible retirees are able to select medical and prescription drug plans from a range of options and may elect optional vision and dental plans. Retirees and eligible dependents enrolled in Medicare Parts A and B have the option to enroll in a Medicare supplemental plan with the assistance of the OPERS Medicare Connector. The OPERS Medicare Connector is a relationship with a vendor selected by OPERS to assist retirees, spouses and dependents with selecting a medical and pharmacy plan. Monthly allowances, based on years of service and the age at which the retiree first enrolled in OPERS coverage, are deposited into an HRA. For non-Medicare retirees and eligible dependents, OPERS sponsors medical and prescription coverage through a professionally managed self-insured plan. An allowance to offset a portion of the monthly premium is offered to retirees and eligible dependents. The allowance is based on the retiree's years of service and age when they first enrolled in OPERS coverage.

Medicare-eligible retirees who choose to become re-employed or survivors who become employed in an OPERS-covered position are prohibited from participating in an HRA. For this group of retirees, OPERS sponsors secondary coverage through a professionally managed self-insured program. Retirees who enroll in this plan are provided with a monthly allowance to offset a portion of the monthly premium. Medicare-eligible spouses and dependents can also enroll in this plan as long as the retiree is enrolled.

OPERS provides a monthly allowance for health care coverage for eligible retirees and their eligible dependents. The base allowance is determined by OPERS.

The health care trust is also used to fund health care for member-directed plan participants, in the form of a Retiree Medical Account (RMA). At retirement or separation, member directed plan participants may be eligible for reimbursement of qualified medical expenses from their vested RMA balance.

Effective January 1, 2022, OPERS will discontinue the group plans currently offered to non-Medicare retirees and reemployed retirees. Instead, eligible non-Medicare retirees will select an individual medical plan. OPERS will provide a subsidy or allowance via an HRA allowance to those retirees who meet health care eligibility requirements. Retirees will be able to seek reimbursement for plan premiums and other qualified medical expenses.

In order to qualify for postemployment health care coverage, age and service retirees under the traditional pension and combined plans must have twenty or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit with a minimum age of 60, or generally 30 years of qualifying service at any age. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. Current retirees eligible (or who become eligible prior to January 1, 2022) to participate in the OPERS health care program will continue to be eligible after January 1, 2022. Eligibility requirements will change for those retiring after January 1, 2022, with differing eligibility requirements for Medicare retirees and non-Medicare retirees. The health care coverage provided by OPERS meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement 75. See OPERS' Annual Comprehensive Financial Report referenced below for additional information.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

# NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require OPERS to provide health care to its eligible benefit recipients. Authority to establish and amend health care coverage is provided to the Board in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Disclosures for the health care plan are presented separately in the OPERS financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by visiting <a href="https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml">https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml</a>, by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling (614) 222-5601 or 800-222-7377.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority allowing public employers to fund postemployment health care through their contributions to OPERS. When funding is approved by OPERS' Board of Trustees, a portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside to fund OPERS health care plans. Beginning in 2018, OPERS no longer allocated a portion of its employer contributions to health care for the traditional plan and the combined plan.

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the earnable salary of active members. In 2021, state and local employers contributed at a rate of 14.00% of earnable salary and public safety and law enforcement employers contributed at 18.10%. These are the maximum employer contribution rates permitted by the Ohio Revised Code. Active member contributions do not fund health care.

Each year, the OPERS Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside to fund health care plans. For 2021, OPERS did not allocate any employer contribution to health care for members in the Traditional Pension Plan and Combined Plan. The OPERS Board is also authorized to establish rules for the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries to pay a portion of the health care provided. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected. The employer contribution as a percentage of covered payroll deposited into the RMA for participants in the Member-Directed Plan for 2021 was 4.00%.

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The City's contractually required contribution was \$2,915 for 2021. Of this amount, \$26 is reported as intergovernmental payable.

# Plan Description - Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund (OP&F)

Plan Description – The City contributes to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F) sponsored healthcare program, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined post-employment health care plan administered by a third-party provider. This program is not guaranteed and is subject to change at any time upon action of the Board of Trustees. On January 1, 2019, OP&F implemented a new model for health care. Under this new model, OP&F provides eligible retirees with a fixed stipend earmarked to pay for health care and Medicare Part B reimbursements.

OP&F contracted with a vendor who assists eligible retirees in choosing health care plans that are available where they live (both Medicare-eligible and pre-65 populations). A stipend funded by OP&F is available to these members through a Health Reimbursement Arrangement and can be used to reimburse retirees for qualified health care expenses.

A retiree is eligible for the OP&F health care stipend unless they have access to any other group coverage including employer and retirement coverage. The eligibility of spouses and dependent children could increase the stipend amount. If the spouse or dependents have access to any other group coverage including employer or retirement coverage, they are not eligible for stipend support from OP&F. Even if an OP&F member or their dependents are not eligible for a stipend, they can use the services of the third-party administrator to select and enroll in a plan. The stipend provided by OP&F meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75.

OP&F maintains funds for health care in two separate accounts: one account for health care benefits and one account for Medicare Part B reimbursements. A separate health care trust accrual account is maintained for health care benefits under IRS Code Section 115 trust. IRS Code Section 401(h) account is maintained for Medicare Part B reimbursements.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

# NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

The Ohio Revised Code allows, but does not mandate, OP&F to provide OPEB benefits. Authority for the OP&F Board of Trustees to provide health care coverage to eligible participants and to establish and amend benefits is codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code.

OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information for the plan. The report may be obtained by visiting the OP&F website at <a href="www.op-f.org">www.op-f.org</a> or by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Funding Policy – The Ohio Revised Code provides for contribution requirements of the participating employers and of plan members to the OP&F defined benefit pension plan. Participating employers are required to contribute to the pension plan at rates expressed as percentages of the payroll of active pension plan members, currently 19.50% and 24.00% of covered payroll for police and fire employer units, respectively. The Ohio Revised Code states that the employer contribution may not exceed 19.50% of covered payroll for police employer units and 24.00% of covered payroll for fire employer units. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB Plan.

The Board of Trustees is authorized to allocate a portion of the total employer contributions for retiree health care benefits. For 2021, the portion of employer contributions allocated to health care was 0.50% of covered payroll. The amount of employer contributions allocated to the health care plan each year is subject to the Trustees' primary responsibility to ensure that pension benefits are adequately funded.

The OP&F Board of Trustees is also authorized to establish requirements for contributions to the health care plan by retirees and their eligible dependents or their surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected.

The City's contractually required contribution to OP&F was \$34,987 for 2021. Of this amount, \$14 is reported as intergovernmental payable.

# Net OPEB Liabilities/Assets, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows or Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability/asset and total OPEB liability for OPERS were determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2020, by incorporating the expected value of health care cost accruals, the actual health care payment, and interest accruals during the year. OP&F's total OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2020, and was determined by rolling forward the total OPEB liability as of January 1, 2020, to December 31, 2020. The City's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the City's share of contributions to the retirement plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

# NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

	OPERS	OP&F	Total
Proportion of the net			
OPEB liability			
prior measurement date	0.04928300%	0.27518290%	
Proportion of the net			
OPEB liability/asset			
current measurement date	0.04907200%	0.25585010%	
Change in proportionate share	-0.00021100%	-0.01933280%	
Proportionate share of the net			
OPEB liability	\$ -	\$ 2,710,774	\$ 2,710,774
Proportionate share of the net			
OPEB (asset)	(874,257)	-	(874,257)
OPEB expense	(5,438,300)	242,432	(5,195,868)

At December 31, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Č	OPERS		OP&F		Total	
Deferred outflows	_		_		_	
of resources						
Changes of assumptions	\$ 429,796	\$	1,497,555	\$	1,927,351	
Changes in employer's						
proportionate percentage/						
difference between						
employer contributions	52,222		130,035		182,257	
Contributions						
subsequent to the						
measurement date	2,915		34,987		37,902	
Total deferred						
outflows of resources	\$ 484,933	\$	1,662,577	\$	2,147,510	
	OPERS		OP&F		Total	
<b>Deferred inflows</b>						
of resources						
Differences between						
expected and						
actual experience	\$ 789,012	\$	447,132	\$	1,236,144	
Net difference between						
projected and actual earnings						
on OPEB plan investments	465,640		100,739		566,379	
Changes of assumptions	1,416,557		432,149		1,848,706	
Changes in employer's						
proportionate percentage/						
difference between						
employer contributions	181,238		233,731		414,969	
Total deferred	 		1 212 =5:	_	1055100	
inflows of resources	\$ 2,852,447	\$	1,213,751	\$	4,066,198	

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

## NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

\$37,902 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending December 31, 2022.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	OPERS		OP&F		Total
Year Ending December 31:					
2022	\$	(1,289,998)	\$	99,436	\$ (1,190,562)
2023		(823,220)		123,289	(699,931)
2024		(202,346)		85,682	(116,664)
2025		(54,865)		94,240	39,375
2026		-		11,174	11,174
Thereafter				18	 18
Total	\$	(2,370,429)	\$	413,839	\$ (1,956,590)

#### **Actuarial Assumptions - OPERS**

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the values of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of health care costs for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of coverage provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of costs between OPERS and plan members. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2020.

The actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions applied to all prior periods included in the measurement in accordance with the requirements of GASB 74:

Wage Inflation	3.25%
Projected Salary Increases,	3.25 to 10.75%
including inflation	including wage inflation
Single Discount Rate:	
Current measurement date	6.00%
Prior Measurement date	3.16%
Investment Rate of Return	
Current measurement date	6.00%
Prior Measurement date	6.00%
Municipal Bond Rate	
Current measurement date	2.00%
Prior Measurement date	2.75%
Health Care Cost Trend Rate	
Current measurement date	8.50% initial,
	3.50% ultimate in 2035
Prior Measurement date	10.50%, initial
	3.50%, ultimate in 2030
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

## NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Employees mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the RP-2014 Disabled mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to all of the above described tables.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on health care investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation.

During 2020, OPERS managed investments in three investment portfolios: the Defined Benefit portfolio, the Health Care portfolio and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Health Care portfolio includes the assets for health care expenses for the Traditional Pension Plan, Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan eligible members. Within the Health Care portfolio, if any contribution are made into the plans, the contributions are assumed to be received continuously throughout the year based on the actual payroll payable at the time contributions are made. Health care-related payments are assumed to occur mid-year. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual money-weighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investment expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Health Care portfolio was 10.50% for 2020.

The allocation of investment assets within the Health Care portfolio is approved by the Board of Trustees as outlined in the annual investment plan. Assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of continuing to offer a sustainable health care program for current and future retirees. OPERS' primary goal is to achieve and maintain a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined pension plans. Health care is a discretionary benefit. The long-term expected rate of return on health care investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation.

For each major asset class that is included in the Health Care's portfolio's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2020, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return (Arithmetic)
Fixed Income	34.00 %	1.07 %
Domestic Equities	25.00	5.64
Real Estate Investment Trust	7.00	6.48
International Equities	25.00	7.36
Other investments	9.00	4.02
Total	100.00 %	4.43 %

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

## NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Discount Rate - A single discount rate of 6.00% was used to measure the total OPEB liability on the measurement date of December 31, 2020. Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present value using a single discount rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments (to the extent that the health care fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and (2) a tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20- year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate are not met). This single discount rate was based on the actuarial assumed rate of return on the health care investment portfolio of 6.00% and a municipal bond rate of 2.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the health care fiduciary net position and future contributions were sufficient to finance health care costs through the year 2120. As a result, the actuarial assumed long-term expected rate of return on health care investments was applied to projected costs through the year 2120, the duration of the projection period through which projected health care payments are fully funded.

Change in Benefit Terms - On January 15, 2020, the Board approved several changes to the health care plan offered to Medicare and non-Medicare retirees in efforts to decrease costs and increase the solvency of the health care Plan. These changes are effective January 1, 2022 and include changes to base allowances and eligibility for Medicare retirees, as well as replacing OPERS-sponsored medical plans for non-Medicare retirees with monthly allowances, similar to the program for Medicare retirees. These changes are reflected in the December 31, 2020 measurement date health care valuation which are reported by the City at December 31, 2021. These changes significantly decreased the total OPEB liability for the measurement date December 31, 2020.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table presents the proportionate share of the net OPEB asset calculated using the single discount rate of 6.00%, as well as what the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (5.00%) or one-percentage-point higher (7.00%) than the current rate:

		Current				
	1%	_1% Decrease Discount Rate			1% Increase	
City's proportionate share						
of the net OPEB asset	\$	217,389	\$	874,257	\$ 1,414,255	

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate - Changes in the health care cost trend rate may also have a significant impact on the net OPEB asset. The following table presents the net OPEB asset calculated using the assumed trend rates, and the expected net OPEB asset if it were calculated using a health care cost trend rate that is 1.00% lower or 1.00% higher than the current rate.

Retiree health care valuations use a health care cost-trend assumption that changes over several years built into the assumption. The near-term rates reflect increases in the current cost of health care; the trend starting in 2021 is 8.50%. If this trend continues for future years, the projection indicates that years from now virtually all expenditures will be for health care. A more reasonable alternative is that in the not-too-distant future, the health plan cost trend will decrease to a level at, or near, wage inflation. On this basis, the actuaries project premium rate increases will continue to exceed wage inflation for approximately the next decade, but by less each year, until leveling off at an ultimate rate, assumed to be 3.50% in the most recent valuation.

	Current Health Care Trend Rate					
	1%	Decrease	A	ssumption	19	6 Increase
City's proportionate share			•	_	•	
of the net OPEB asset	\$	895,564	\$	874,257	\$	850,418

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

## NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

## Actuarial Assumptions - OP&F

OP&F's total OPEB liability as of December 31, 2020, is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of January 1, 2020, and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The total OPEB liability is determined by OP&F's actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual valuation. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, salary increases, disabilities, retirements and employment terminations. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results, are presented below.

Valuation Date	January 1, 2020, with actuarial liabilities				
	rolled forward to December 31, 2020				
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal (Level Percent of Payroll)				
Investment Rate of Return	8.00%				
Projected Salary Increases	3.75% to 10.50%				
Payroll Growth	3.25%				
Single discount rate:					
Current measurement date	2.96%				
Prior measurement date	3.56%				
Cost of Living Adjustments	2.20% simple per year				

Mortality for non-disabled participants is based on the RP-2014 Total Employee and Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, adjusted according to the rates in the following table, and projected with the Conduent Modified 2016 Improvement Scale. Rates for surviving beneficiaries are adjusted by 120%.

Age	Police	Fire
67 or less	77%	68%
68-77	105%	87%
78 and up	115%	120%

Mortality for disabled retirees is based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, adjusted according to the rates in the following table, and projected with the Conduent Modified 2016 Improvement Scale.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

**NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)** 

Age	Police	Fire
59 or less	35%	35%
60-69	60%	45%
70-79	75%	70%
80 and up	100%	90%

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in the Statement of Investment Policy. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expected. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

Best estimates of the long-term expected geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in OP&F's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2020, are summarized below:

	Target	Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return **
Cash and Cash Equivalents	- %	0.00 %
Domestic Equity	21.00	4.10
Non-US Equity	14.00	4.80
Private Markets	8.00	6.40
Core Fixed Income *	23.00	0.90
High Yield Fixed Income	7.00	3.00
Private Credit	5.00	4.50
U.S. Inflation		
Linked Bonds *	17.00	0.70
Midstream Energy Infrastructure	5.00	5.60
Real Assets	8.00	5.80
Gold	5.00	1.90
Private Real Estate	12.00	5.30
Total	125.00 %	

Note: assumptions are geometric.

OP&F's Board of Trustees has incorporated the risk parity concept into OP&F's asset liability valuation with the goal of reducing equity risk exposure, which reduces overall Total Portfolio risk without sacrificing return, and creating a more risk-balanced portfolio based on their relationship between asset classes and economic environments. From the notional portfolio perspective above, the Total Portfolio may be levered up to 1.25 times due to the application of leverage in certain fixed income asset classes.

<sup>\*</sup> levered 2.5x

<sup>\*\*</sup> numbers include inflation

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

## NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Discount Rate - For 2020, the total OPEB liability was calculated using the discount rate of 2.96%. For 2019, the total OPEB liability was calculated using the discount rate of 3.56%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contribution from employers and from members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the longer-term assumed investment rate of return of 8.00%. Based on those assumptions, OP&F's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, a municipal bond rate of 2.12% at December 31, 2020 and 2.75% at December 31, 2019, was blended with the long-term rate of 8.00%, which resulted in a blended discount rate of 2.96% for 2020 and 3.56% for 2019. The municipal bond rate was determined using the Bond Buyers General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rate. The OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected OPEB payments until 2034. The long-term expected rate of return on health care investments was applied to projected costs through 2034, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all health care costs after that date.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 2.96%, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (1.96%), or one percentage point higher (3.96%) than the current rate.

		Current				
	1% Decrease	1% Decrease Discount Rate		1% Increase		
City's proportionate share						
of the net OPEB liability	\$ 3,380,180	\$	2,710,774	\$ 2,158,592		

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate - The total OPEB liability is based on a medical benefit that is a flat dollar amount; therefore, it is unaffected by a health care cost trend rate. An increase or decrease in the trend rate would have no effect on the total OPEB liability.

#### **NOTE 14 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS**

#### A. Compensated Absences

Vacation leave is earned at rates which vary depending upon length of service. Current policy credits vacation leave on January 1 of each year for all full-time employees. Vacation accumulation may not exceed one week at year end except for 1) firefighters who can carry-over two weeks, and 2) special approval by the department head for additional time to be carried over. Any unused excess is eliminated from the employee's leave balance. In case of death, termination, lay-off, or retirement, an employee (or their estate) is paid for his unused vacation to a maximum of the one-week carry-over from the previous year plus any current year accrual which depends on number of years of service. Employees with a minimum of 12 to 15 years of service (depending on the bargaining unit) may "bank" any amount of unused vacation leave, up to a maximum accumulation of 108 to 120 days to be paid upon retirement except for 1) firefighters with more than 10 years can bank up to 912 hours at retirement, 2) non-bargaining workers who can bank up to 90 days at retirement and 3) AFSCME workers who can bank up to 75 days at retirement.

Sick leave is earned for all full-time employees at the rate of 4.6 hours per 80 hours, except for firefighters working 24-hour shifts earn 8.3 hours per 80 hours. Employees, at the time of retirement, are paid for up to 480-1,200 hours of unused sick leave (depending on bargaining unit).

Employees also receive a tenure payment of 14.4 hours (or 1.8 days) - 17.3 hours up to various maximum amounts (depending on bargaining unit) for each year of service with the City.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

## NOTE 14 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)

#### **B.** Life Insurance

The City provides a life insurance benefit for retired employees based on the negotiated rate in force at the time of their retirement. There is no retiree life insurance coverage provided for any police or fire personnel who retire on or after December 31, 2013, nor ASFCME employees who retire on or after December 31, 2014. The cost of retirees' life insurance is recognized as an expenditure/expense when the insurance premiums are paid.

#### **NOTE 15 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING**

While the City is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance on the basis of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are as follows:

- 1. Revenues and other sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- 2. Expenditures and other uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- 3. In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to assigned or committed fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis);
- 4. Investments are reported at fair value (GAAP basis) rather than cost (budget basis);
- 5. Unreported cash represents amounts received but not included as revenue on the budget basis operating statements. These amounts are included as revenue on the GAAP basis operating statement; and,
- 6. Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis).

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements (as reported in the fund financial statements) to the budgetary basis statements for the general fund and American rescue plan fund.

#### **Net Change in Fund Balance**

	General	American Rescue Plan
Budget basis	\$ (3,002,684)	\$ 7,991,887
Net adjustment for revenue accruals	9,466,030	(7,995,970)
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals	(323,117)	4,083
Net adjustment for other financing sources (uses)	(9,700,000)	-
Funds budgeted elsewhere	1,575,245	-
Adjustment for encumbrances	1,128,903	
GAAP basis	\$ (855,623)	\$ -

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

## NOTE 15 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - (Continued)

Certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a GAAP basis. This includes the fire prevention and education fund, income tax fund, general liability loss fund, emergency reserve fund and deposit fund.

#### **NOTE 16 - RELATED ORGANIZATIONS**

## A. Barberton Community Development Corporation

The City participates in the Barberton Community Development Corporation (the "Corporation"). The City appoints a voting majority of the governing board of the Corporation; however, the City cannot influence the Corporation's operation nor does the Corporation represent a potential financial benefit for or burden to the City.

#### **B.** Barberton Community Foundation

The City participates in the Barberton Community Foundation (the "Foundation"). The City initially appointed a voting majority of the Foundation. The City Council has limited veto abilities over subsequent nominees to the Foundation Board and therefore has limited influence on the Foundation's operation. In 2021, the City received \$53,507 in grants from the Foundation.

#### NOTE 17 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION

The Southwest Summit Council of Governments (the "Council") was formed to share services, promote cooperative arrangements and coordinate action among its members in matters relating to public safety dispatch operations. The Council may also, at its discretion, promote cooperative agreements and contracts among its members or other governmental agencies and private persons, corporations, or agencies. Member entities include the City of Barberton, City of Norton and Copley Township. The Council's affairs are managed by a governing board which consists of one representative from each member entity.

#### **NOTE 18 - CONTINGENCIES**

#### A. Grants

The City receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on any of the financial statements of the individual fund types included herein or on the overall financial position of the City at December 31, 2021.

## B. Litigation

The City of Barberton is not party to any legal proceedings that, in the opinion of management, will have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

#### **NOTE 19 - FUND BALANCE**

Fund balance is classified as non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of resources in the governmental funds.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

## **NOTE 19 - FUND BALANCE - (Continued)**

The constraints placed on fund balance for governmental funds are presented on the following table.

Fund balance	General	Street Capital Improvement	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Nonspendable:				
Prepayments	\$ 73,236	\$ -	<u>\$ 11,701</u>	\$ 84,937
Total nonspendable	73,236		11,701	84,937
Restricted:				
Capital projects	-	1,239,758	-	1,239,758
Street construction, maintenance and repair	-	-	1,372,443	1,372,443
Court	-	-	4,325,213	4,325,213
Recreation	-	-	1,504	1,504
Community development and improvement	-	-	1,761,555	1,761,555
Law enforcement	-	-	641,033	641,033
Police and fire pension	-	-	66,121	66,121
Fire capital	-	-	128,914	128,914
Miscellaneous grants			600,919	600,919
Total restricted		1,239,758	8,897,702	10,137,460
Committed:				
Insurance premiums	72,579	-	_	72,579
Street construction, maintenance and repair	-	-	15,378	15,378
Recreation	-	-	92,205	92,205
Law enforcement	-	-	21,510	21,510
Community development and improvement	-	-	218,850	218,850
Animal control	-	-	11,187	11,187
Capital projects	-	-	1,462,703	1,462,703
General obligation debt service			43,058	43,058
Total committed	72,579		1,864,891	1,937,470
Assigned:				
Subsequent year appropriations	3,611,818	=	-	3,611,818
Police operations	33,345	-	-	33,345
Fire operations	46,453	-	-	46,453
Street construction, maintenance and repair	337	-	-	337
Parks and recreation	10,355	-	-	10,355
Community development and improvement	201,028	-	-	201,028
Capital expenditures	29,624	-	-	29,624
Other purposes	687,102			687,102
Total assigned	4,620,062			4,620,062
Unassigned (deficit)	4,167,759		(377,551)	3,790,208
Total fund balances	\$ 8,933,636	\$ 1,239,758	\$ 10,396,743	\$ 20,570,137

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

## **NOTE 20 - OTHER COMMITMENTS**

The City utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the City's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

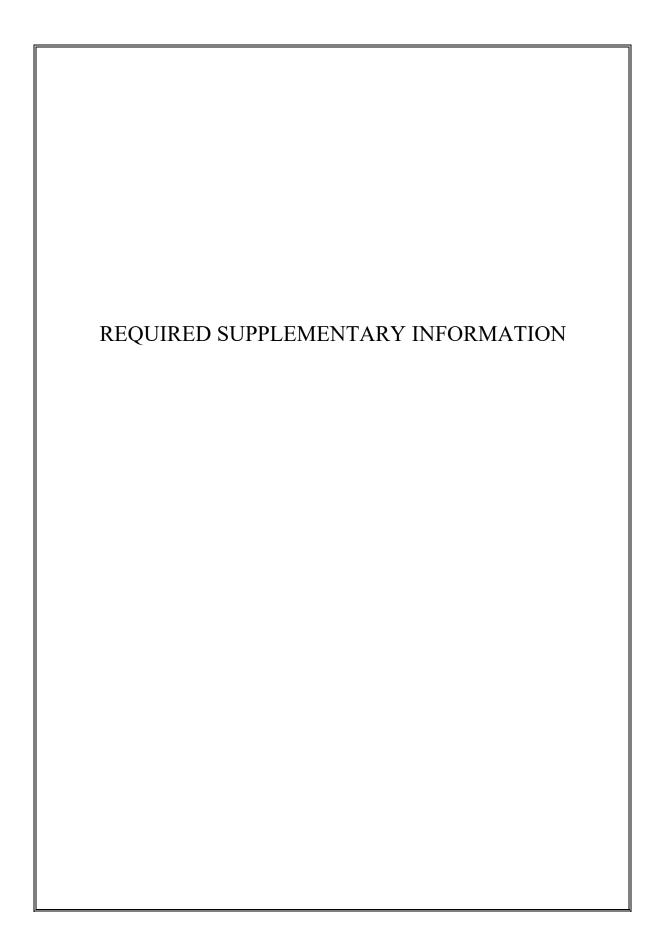
	Year-End
<u>Fund</u>	<b>Encumbrances</b>
General fund	\$ 1,008,244
Street capital improvement fund	113,970
Nonmajor governmental funds	628,573
Total	\$ 1,750,787

## **NOTE 21 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

On April 13, 2022, the City issued bond anticipation notes in the amount of \$1,620,000 for road repairs and improvements, and \$400,000 for sewer system improvements. The notes mature April 13, 2023 with interest at 2.5%.

#### **NOTE 22 - COVID-19**

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Ohio's state of emergency ended in June, 2021 while the national state of emergency continues. During 2021, the City received COVID-19 funding. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the City. The impact on the City's future operating costs, revenues, and additional recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.



## SCHEDULES OF THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY/NET PENSION ASSET OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (OPERS)

#### LAST EIGHT YEARS

	2021		2020		2019		2018	2017	
Traditional Plan:									
City's proportion of the net pension liability		0.050231%		0.050009%	0.533290%		0.052361%	0.052009%	
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	7,438,117	\$	9,884,618	\$ 14,605,732	\$	8,214,426	\$ 11,810,359	
City's covered payroll	\$	6,636,200	\$	6,994,350	\$ 7,092,614	\$	6,815,085	\$ 6,677,283	
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		112.08%		141.32%	205.93%		120.53%	176.87%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		86.88%		82.17%	74.70%		84.66%	77.25%	
Combined Plan:									
City's proportion of the net pension asset		0.065933%		0.078654%	0.077108%		0.081970%	0.082197%	
City's proportionate share of the net pension asset	\$	190,324	\$	164,013	\$ 86,224	\$	111,588	\$ 45,748	
City's covered payroll	\$	290,571	\$	350,129	\$ 329,786	\$	335,708	\$ 319,958	
City's proportionate share of the net pension asset as a percentage of its covered payroll		65.50%		46.84%	26.15%		33.24%	14.30%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension asset		157.67%		145.28%	126.64%		137.28%	116.55%	
Member Directed Plan:									
City's proportion of the net pension asset		0.009346%		0.009965%	0.017675%		0.020626%	0.016732%	
City's proportionate share of the net pension asset	\$	1,704	\$	377	\$ 403	\$	720	\$ 70	
City's covered payroll	\$	56,130	\$	59,240	\$ 101,040	\$	108,090	\$ 68,758	
City's proportionate share of the net pension asset as a percentage of its covered payroll		3.04%		0.64%	0.40%		0.67%	0.10%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension asset		188.21%		118.84%	113.42%		124.46%	103.40%	

Note: Information prior to 2014 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the City's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

 2016	 2015	 2014
0.052637%	0.053172%	0.053172%
\$ 9,117,392	\$ 6,413,136	\$ 6,268,286
\$ 6,116,500	\$ 6,547,517	\$ 6,862,777
149.06%	97.95%	91.34%
81.08%	86.45%	86.36%
0.102640%	0.100251%	0.100251%
\$ 49,946	\$ 38,599	\$ 10,519
\$ 353,008	\$ 366,458	\$ 325,369
14.15%	10.53%	3.23%
116.90%	114.83%	104.56%
0.011559%	n/a	n/a
\$ 44	n/a	n/a
\$ 64,375	n/a	n/a
0.07%	n/a	n/a
103.91%	n/a	n/a

## SCHEDULES OF THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY OHIO POLICE AND FIRE (OP&F) PENSION FUND

## LAST EIGHT YEARS

	 2021		2020		2019		2018		2017
City's proportion of the net pension liability	0.25585010%		0.27518290%		0.29023300%		0.29109500%		0.28498600%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 17,441,531	\$	18,537,790	\$	23,690,682	\$	17,865,818	\$	18,050,757
City's covered payroll	\$ 5,995,310	\$	6,413,583	\$	6,416,454	\$	6,215,125	\$	6,102,045
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	290.92%		289.04%		369.22%		287.46%		295.81%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	70.65%		69.89%		63.07%		70.91%		68.36%

Note: Information prior to 2014 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the City's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

 2016	 2015		2014
0.29257800%	0.28618560%	(	0.28618560%
\$ 18,821,741	\$ 14,825,607	\$	13,938,137
\$ 5,842,665	\$ 5,619,508	\$	5,515,942
322.14%	263.82%		252.69%
66.77%	72.20%		73.00%

## $SCHEDULES\ OF\ THE\ REQUIRED\ SUPPLEMENTARY\ INFORMATION$

## SCHEDULE OF CITY PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (OPERS)

## LAST TEN YEARS

	2021			2020	 2019	2018		
Traditional Plan:								
Contractually required contribution	\$	1,060,422	\$	929,068	\$ 979,209	\$	992,966	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(1,060,422)		(929,068)	 (979,209)		(992,966)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$ 	\$		
City's covered payroll	\$	7,574,443	\$	6,636,200	\$ 6,994,350	\$	7,092,614	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		14.00%		14.00%	14.00%		14.00%	
Combined Plan:								
Contractually required contribution	\$	39,494	\$	40,680	\$ 49,018	\$	46,170	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(39,494)		(40,680)	 (49,018)		(46,170)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$ 	\$		
City's covered payroll	\$	282,100	\$	290,571	\$ 350,129	\$	329,786	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		14.00%		14.00%	14.00%		14.00%	
Member Directed Plan:								
Contractually required contribution	\$	7,287	\$	5,613	\$ 5,924	\$	10,104	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(7,287)		(5,613)	(5,924)		(10,104)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$ 	\$		
City's covered payroll	\$	72,870	\$	56,130	\$ 59,240	\$	101,040	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		10.00%		10.00%	10.00%		10.00%	

 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014	2013		 2012
\$ 885,961	\$ 801,274	\$ 733,980	\$ 785,702	\$	892,161	\$ 674,967
 (885,961)	 (801,274)	 (733,980)	(785,702)		(892,161)	 (674,967)
\$ 	\$ _	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$ 
\$ 6,815,085	\$ 6,677,283	\$ 6,116,500	\$ 6,547,517	\$	6,862,777	\$ 6,749,670
13.00%	12.00%	12.00%	12.00%		13.00%	10.00%
\$ 43,642	\$ 38,395	\$ 42,361	\$ 43,975	\$	42,298	\$ 23,378
 (43,642)	 (38,395)	 (42,361)	 (43,975)		(42,298)	 (23,378)
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$ 
\$ 335,708	\$ 319,958	\$ 353,008	\$ 366,458	\$	325,369	\$ 294,063
13.00%	12.00%	12.00%	12.00%		13.00%	7.95%
\$ 10,809	\$ 8,251	\$ 7,725				
 (10,809)	 (8,251)	 (7,725)				
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 				
\$ 108,090	\$ 68,758	\$ 64,375				
10.00%	12.00%	12.00%				

## SCHEDULES OF THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## SCHEDULE OF CITY PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS OHIO POLICE AND FIRE (OP&F) PENSION FUND

## LAST TEN YEARS

	2021		2020	2019	2018		
Police:			 	 			
Contractually required contribution	\$	630,743	\$ 543,057	\$ 554,462	\$	553,063	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(630,743)	 (543,057)	(554,462)		(553,063)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$		
City's covered payroll	\$	3,319,700	\$ 2,858,195	\$ 2,918,221	\$	2,910,858	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		19.00%	19.00%	19.00%		19.00%	
Fire:							
Contractually required contribution	\$	864,300	\$ 737,222	\$ 821,410	\$	823,815	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(864,300)	(737,222)	(821,410)		(823,815)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ _	\$ _	\$		
City's covered payroll	\$	3,677,872	\$ 3,137,115	\$ 3,495,362	\$	3,505,596	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		23.50%	23.50%	23.50%		23.50%	

 2017	 2016	 2015	2014 2013		 2012	
\$ 550,486	\$ 544,230	\$ 524,819	\$	490,915	\$ 421,155	\$ 316,159
 (550,486)	 (544,230)	 (524,819)		(490,915)	 (421,155)	(316,159)
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$	-	\$ 	\$ -
\$ 2,897,295	\$ 2,864,368	\$ 2,762,205	\$	2,583,763	\$ 2,651,553	\$ 2,479,678
19.00%	19.00%	19.00%		19.00%	15.88%	12.75%
\$ 779,690	\$ 760,854	\$ 723,908	\$	713,400	\$ 583,858	\$ 496,300
(779,690)	 (760,854)	(723,908)		(713,400)	(583,858)	 (496,300)
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$ 
\$ 3,317,830	\$ 3,237,677	\$ 3,080,460	\$	3,035,745	\$ 2,864,389	\$ 2,877,101
23.50%	23.50%	23.50%		23.50%	20.38%	17.25%

## SCHEDULES OF THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (OPERS)

## LAST FIVE YEARS

	 2021	2020		 2019		2018		2017
City's proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset	0.049072%		0.049283%	0.052630%		0.052020%		0.051411%
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ (874,257)	\$	6,807,264	\$ 6,861,710	\$	5,648,989	\$	5,192,683
City's covered payroll	\$ 6,982,901	\$	7,403,719	\$ 7,523,440	\$	7,258,883	\$	7,065,999
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/asset as a percentage of its covered payroll	12.52%		91.94%	91.20%		77.82%		73.49%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability/asset	115.57%		47.80%	46.33%		54.14%		54.05%

Note: Information prior to 2017 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the City's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

## SCHEDULES OF THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY OHIO POLICE AND FIRE (OP&F) PENSION FUND

## LAST FIVE YEARS

		2021		2020		2019	 2018		2017
City's proportion of the net OPEB liability	(	0.25585010%	(	0.27518290%	(	0.29023300%	0.29109500%	,	0.28498600%
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	2,710,774	\$	2,718,182	\$	2,643,017	\$ 16,493,029	\$	13,527,645
City's covered payroll	\$	5,995,310	\$	6,413,583	\$	6,416,454	\$ 6,215,125	\$	6,102,045
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		45.21%		42.38%		41.19%	265.37%		221.69%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		45.42%		47.08%		46.57%	14.13%		15.96%

Note: Information prior to 2017 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the City's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

## $SCHEDULES\ OF\ THE\ REQUIRED\ SUPPLEMENTARY\ INFORMATION$

## SCHEDULE OF CITY OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (OPERS)

## LAST TEN YEARS

	2021		 2020	 2019	2018		
Contractually required contribution	\$	2,915	\$ 2,245	\$ 2,369	\$	4,041	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(2,915)	 (2,245)	 (2,369)		(4,041)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	_	\$ 	\$ 	\$		
City's covered payroll	\$	7,929,413	\$ 6,982,901	\$ 7,403,719	\$	7,523,440	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.04%	0.03%	0.03%		0.05%	

 2017	 2016	 2015		2014		2013		2012	
\$ 75,831	\$ 143,854	\$ 138,280	\$	137,413	\$	71,881	\$	287,777	
 (75,831)	 (143,854)	 (138,280)		(137,413)		(71,881)		(287,777)	
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$		\$		
\$ 7,258,883	\$ 7,065,999	\$ 6,533,883	\$	6,913,975	\$	7,188,146	\$	7,043,733	
1.04%	2.04%	2.12%		1.99%		1.00%		4.09%	

## $SCHEDULES\ OF\ THE\ REQUIRED\ SUPPLEMENTARY\ INFORMATION$

## SCHEDULE OF CITY OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS OHIO POLICE AND FIRE (OP&F) PENSION FUND

## LAST TEN YEARS

	2021			2020	2019	2018	
Police:					 		
Contractually required contribution	\$	16,598	\$	14,291	\$ 14,591	\$	14,554
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(16,598)		(14,291)	(14,591)		(14,554)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$ 	\$	
City's covered payroll	\$	3,319,700	\$	2,858,195	\$ 2,918,221	\$	2,910,858
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.50%		0.50%	0.50%		0.50%
Fire:							
Contractually required contribution	\$	18,389	\$	15,686	\$ 17,477	\$	17,528
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(18,389)		(15,686)	 (17,477)		(17,528)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$ 	\$	
City's covered payroll	\$	3,677,872	\$	3,137,115	\$ 3,495,362	\$	3,505,596
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.50%		0.50%	0.50%		0.50%

2017	2016	2015	2014 20		2013	2012	
\$ 14,486	\$ 14,322	\$ 14,184	\$ 12,918	\$	82,934	\$	167,379
(14,486)	(14,322)	(14,184)	 (12,918)		(82,934)		(167,379)
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$	
\$ 2,897,295	\$ 2,864,368	\$ 2,762,205	\$ 2,583,763	\$	2,651,553	\$	2,479,678
0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%		3.62%		6.75%
\$ 16,589	\$ 16,188	\$ 15,402	\$ 15,091	\$	89,595	\$	194,205
(16,589)	(16,188)	 (15,402)	 (15,091)		(89,595)		(194,205)
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$	
\$ 3,317,830	\$ 3,237,677	\$ 3,080,460	\$ 3,035,745	\$	2,864,389	\$	2,877,101
0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%		3.62%		6.75%

#### NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

#### PENSION

#### OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (OPERS)

#### Changes in benefit terms:

There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2014-2021.

#### Changes in assumptions:

- <sup>a</sup> There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for 2014-2016.
- For 2017, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) reduction in the actuarially assumed rate of return from 8.00% down to 7.50%, (b) for defined benefit investments, decreasing the wage inflation from 3.75% to 3.25% and (c) changing the future salary increases from a range of 4.25%-10.05% to 3.25%-10.75%.
- <sup>n</sup> There were no changes in assumptions for 2018.
- <sup>a</sup> For 2019, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the assumed rate of return and discount rate were reduced from 7.50% down to 7.20%.
- There were no changes in assumptions for 2020.
- There were no changes in assumptions for 2021.

#### OHIO POLICE AND FIRE (OP&F) PENSION FUND

#### Changes in benefit terms:

<sup>a</sup> There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2014-2021.

#### Changes in assumptions:

- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for 2014-2017.
- For 2018, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total pension since the prior measurement date: (a) reduction in the actuarially assumed rate of return from 8.50% down to 8.00%, (b) changing the future salary increases from a range of 4.25%-11.00% to 3.75%-10.50%, (c) reduction in payroll increases from 3.75% down to 3.25%, (d) reduction in inflation assumptions from 3.25% down to 2.75% and (e) Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA) were reduced from 2.60% and 3.00% simple to 2.20% and 3.00% simple.
- <sup>n</sup> There were no changes in assumptions for 2019.
- <sup>n</sup> There were no changes in assumptions for 2020.
- <sup>n</sup> There were no changes in assumptions for 2021.

(Continued)

#### NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

#### OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

#### OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (OPERS)

#### Changes in benefit terms:

- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2017-2020.
- For 2021, the following were the most significant changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date: the Board approved several changes to the health care plan offered to Medicare and non-Medicare retirees in efforts to decrease costs and increase the solvency of the health care Plan. These changes are effective January 1, 2022 and include changes to base allowances and eligibility for Medicare retirees, as well as replacing OPERS-sponsored medical plans for non-Medicare retirees with monthly allowances, similar to the program for Medicare retirees. These changes are reflected in the December 31, 2020 measurement date health care valuation. These changes significantly decreased the total OPEB liability for the measurement date December 31, 2020.

#### Changes in assumptions:

- <sup>a</sup> There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for 2017.
- <sup>a</sup> For 2018, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) reduction in the actuarially assumed rate of return from 4.23% down to 3.85%.
- <sup>a</sup> For 2019, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from 3.85% up to 3.96%, (b) The investment rate of return was decreased from 6.50% percent down to 6.00%, (c) the municipal bond rate was increased from 3.31% up to 3.71% and (d) the health care cost trend rate was increased from 7.50%, initial/3.25%, ultimate in 2028 up to 10.00%, initial/3.25% ultimate in 2029.
- For 2020, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was decreased from 3.96% up to 3.16%, (b) the municipal bond rate was decreased from 3.71% up to 2.75% and (c) the health care cost trend rate was increased from 10.50%, initial/3.25%, ultimate in 2029 up to 10.50%, initial/3.50% ultimate in 2030.
- For 2021, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from 3.16% up to 6.00%, (b) the municipal bond rate was decreased from 2.75% up to 2.00% and (c) the health care cost trend rate was decreased from 10.50%, initial/3.50%, ultimate in 2030 down to 8.50%, initial/3.50% ultimate in 2035.

#### OHIO POLICE AND FIRE (OP&F) PENSION FUND

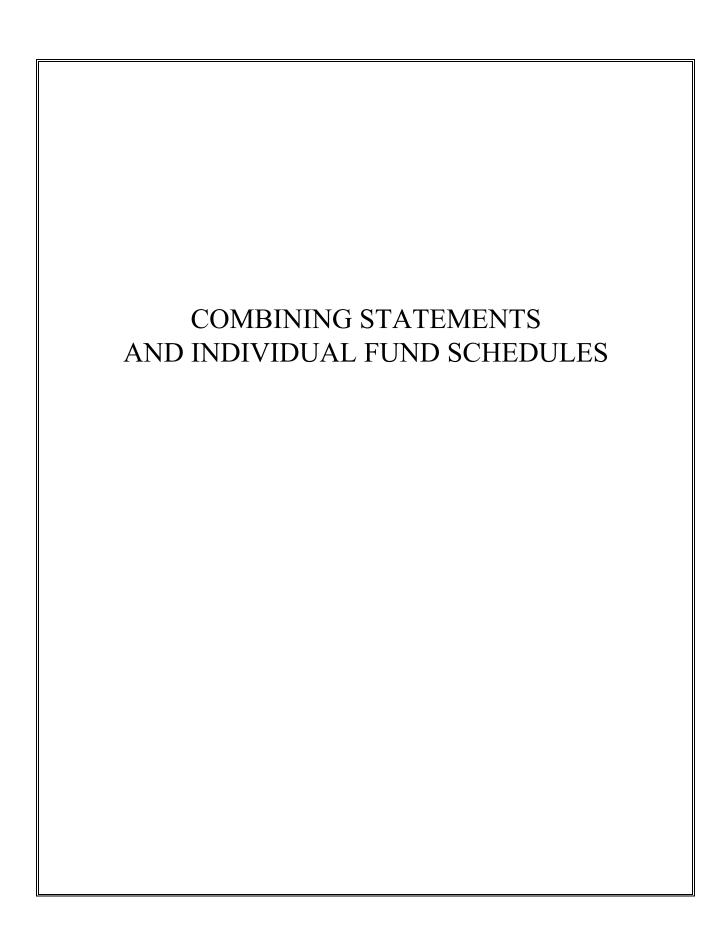
#### Changes in benefit terms:

- <sup>a</sup> There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2017-2018.
- For 2019, OP&F changed its retiree health care model from a self-insured health care plan to a stipend-based health care model.
- <sup>n</sup> There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2020.
- <sup>a</sup> There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2021.

## $Changes\ in\ assumptions:$

- <sup>12</sup> There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for 2017.
- <sup>a</sup> For 2018, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) DROP interest rate was reduced from 4.50% to 4.00%, (b) CPI-based COLA was reduced from 2.60% to 2.20%, (c) investment rate of return was reduced from 8.25% to 8.00%, (d) salary increases were reduced from 3.75% to 3.25% and (e) payroll growth was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.
- <sup>a</sup> For 2019, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from 3.24% up to 4.66%.
- <sup>a</sup> For 2020, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was decreased from 4.66% up to 3.56%.
- <sup>a</sup> For 2021, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was decreased from 3.56% down to 2.96%.

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#### INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES FUND DESCRIPTIONS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### **GENERAL FUND**

The general fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the City for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the charter of the City and/or the general laws of Ohio.

Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis):

#### Income Tax Fund

This fund accounts for the collection of, and fees associated with, the 2.25% municipal income tax.

#### General Liability Loss Fund

This fund accounts for monies received from the income tax fund for the purpose of paying the costs of public liability claims.

#### Emergency Reserve Fund

This fund accounts for monies received from the income tax fund for the purpose of providing for the consistent delivery of public services in the case of a downturn in the City's economy.

#### Fire Prevention and Education Fund

This fund accounts for donations and other revenues that are exected to be used for special projects for the fire department.

## Deposit Fund

To account for monies put on deposit with the City in accordance with various City ordinances.

#### MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

#### American Rescue Plan Fund

This fund accounts for monies received from the federal government as part of the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021. This Act provides additional relief to address the continued impact of the COVID-19 pandemic.

#### NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

The special revenue funds are used to account for all specific financial resources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted for specified expenditure purposes. The following are the special revenue funds which the City operates:

#### Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund

This fund accounts for the portion of state gasoline tax and motor vehicle registration fees designated for the maintenance of the streets within the City.

## State Highway Improvement Fund

This fund accounts for the portion of the state gasoline tax and motor vehicle registration fees designated for maintenance of state highways within the City.

#### Permissive License Tax Fund

This fund accounts for local vehicle license fees designated for the maintenance of streets in the City.

#### Residential Street Fund

This fund was established by City Council to ensure that monies are being allocated for street resurfacing needs throughout the City.

#### Fire Capital Levy Fund

This fund accounts for property tax collections received through a tax levy. Expenditures are for operations and capital expenditures of the fire department.

#### Animal Control Fund

This fund accounts for fines assessed to animal owners for failing to keep their animals properly constrained. Expenditures are devoted solely to furthering animal control purposes within the City.

#### INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES FUND DESCRIPTIONS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED)

#### **Probation Services Fund**

This fund accounts for probation fees and expenditures related to placing offenders under a community control sanction.

#### Court Computer Fund

This fund accounts for additional court fees designated for the computerization of the municipal court.

#### Court Special Projects Capital Fund

This fund accounts for revenues collected from the municipal court to be used on various capital improvement projects of the municipal court.

#### **Indigent Drivers Alcohol Treatment Fund**

This fund accounts for fees and fines to be used as payment of the cost of attendance at an alcohol and drug addiction treatment program.

#### Sports Complex Operating Fund

This fund accounts for the revenue and expenditures associated with operating and maintaining a sports complex along with managing the various athletic leagues that use the facility.

#### Parks Recreation Improvement Fund

This fund accounts for proceeds from the sale of park land in Tuscora Park to Barberton Citizens Hospital. These monies are required to be used in making improvements to the parks throughout the City.

#### Gas and Oil Royalty Fund

This fund accounts for royalty money received from gas wells located on City property. These revenues are used for economic development within the City.

#### D.A.R.E. Program Fund

This fund accounts for monies received from various sources to be used for the continuance of the Drug Abuse Resistance Education Program in the City's schools.

#### Mandatory Drug Fines Fund

This fund accounts for fines received by the City that are restricted under the Ohio Revised Code to subsidize law enforcement efforts that pertain to drug offenses.

#### Local Law Enforcement Trust Fund

This fund accounts for grant monies received from the U.S. Department of Justice to be used for specific law enforcement purposes and proceeds from the sale of contraband that are restricted to subsidize law enforcement efforts.

## Parks Revolving Loan Fund

This fund accounts for parks and recreation user fees utilized for parks and recreation activities.

#### Sidewalk Improvement Program Fund

This fund accounts for the monies used to subsidize the cost of replacing existing sidewalks for homeowners within the City.

#### City Grant Fund

This fund was established by City Council to account for various grant receipts.

#### Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Fund

This fund accounts for grant monies received from the Federal Emergency Management Agency through the State of Ohio Emergency Management Agency Public Assistance Disaster Recovery Grant Program.

#### Rental Registration Program Fund

This fund accounts for the registration and license fees collected from the Rental Registration Program to be used exclusively for the improvement of the housing infrastructure and administration within the City.

## Road Maintenance Fund

This fund accounts for fees charged to certain businesses that are restricted in use to maintaining roads used by the business.

#### INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES FUND DESCRIPTIONS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

## NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED)

#### Local Coronavirus Relief Fund

This fund accounts for monies received from the State under the CARES Act funding from the Federal government. These monies may only be

#### Community Development Block Grant Fund (CDBG)

This fund accounts for monies received from the federal government under the Community Development Block Grant Program which are restricted for City-wide development projects such as the Neighborhood Conservation Services and Barberton Community Development Corportation.

#### Revovlving Loan Fund

This fund accounts for monies received from the federal government under the Community Development Block Grant program which are used for a revolving loan program. This program is principally designed to provide decent housing and a suitable living environment and expanded economic opportunities to persons of low and moderate income.

## Tax Increment Financing Fund

This fund accounts for the annual collection of service payments in lieu of taxes distributed to the City with respect to improvements on downtown property which are declared to be a public purpose.

#### Project Impact Fund

This fund accounts for grant monies and donations received from the Barberton Community Foundation to raze hazardous structures.

#### Beautification Fund

This fund accounts for donations restricted for floral beautification projects within the City.

#### Senior Center Trust Fund

This fund accounts for the monies received and expended for Senior Center Operations.

#### Fire Pension Fund

This fund accounts for property taxes levied and other monies for the payment of the accrued liability for fire disability and pension benefits.

#### **Police Pension Fund**

This fund accounts for property taxes levied and other monies for the payment of the accrued liability for police disability and pension benefits.

#### Court Special Projects Operating Fund

This fund accounts for revenues collected from the municipal court to be used on various special projects of the municipal court.

#### Computer Legal Research Fund

This fund accounts for court fees used to make available computerized legal research services for the municipal court.

#### **Business Incentive Program Fund**

This fund accounts for monies used to assist in economic development; attracting new businesses to the City and the expansion of current businesses.

## Vacant Property Registration Fund

This fund accounts for monies from fees and charges to property owners used for the regulation and maintenance of properties which are in the foreclosure process, abandoned or vacant.

#### NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUND

The debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources and the payments of general obligation and special assessment principal, interest, and related costs.

#### General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund

This fund accounts for the resources that are used for the payment of principal, interest, and other fiscal charges on general obligation debt.

INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES FUND DESCRIPTIONS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

#### Street Capital Improvement Fund

This fund accounts for revenue from a 0.25% income tax levy which is restricted for road and street improvements.

## NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

The capital project funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary fund types. Following is a description of the capital project funds:

## Infrastructure Improvement Reserve Fund

This fund accounts for monies received from the income tax fund which are restricted for the purpose of funding infrastructure improvements identified in the City's Five-Year Capital Improvements Plan.

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

## GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Budgete	ed Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
	Original	Final	Actual		
Revenues:					
Property and other taxes	\$ 1,223,618	\$ 1,258,638	\$ 1,010,872	\$ (247,766)	
Charges for services	1,889,664	1,943,746	1,561,992	(381,754)	
Licenses and permits	793,674	816,389	750,357	(66,032)	
Fines and forfeitures	79,697	81,978	64,007	(17,971)	
Intergovernmental	1,737,930	1,787,670	1,538,137	(249,533)	
Special assessments	63,196	65,005	23,583	(41,422)	
Investment income	280,871	288,910	214,659	(74,251)	
Other	1,131,094	1,163,465	736,636	(426,829)	
Total revenues	7,199,744	7,405,801	5,900,243	(1,505,558)	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government					
City council					
Personal services	170,920	170,920	162,303	8,617	
Operating	31,712	31,712	7,756	23,956	
Municipal court judges					
Personal services	483,825	483,825	447,341	36,484	
Operating	13,968	13,968	10,207	3,761	
Clerk of court					
Personal services	811,900	811,900	744,427	67,473	
Operating	92,637	92,637	57,742	34,895	
Mayor					
Personal services	62,035	62,035	55,154	6,881	
Operating	14,817	14,817	11,791	3,026	
Service director					
Personal services	27,141	28,141	26,920	1,221	
Operating	23,411	23,411	16,016	7,395	
Civil service commission					
Personal services	10,336	11,336	10,242	1,094	
Operating	43,074	43,074	35,119	7,955	
Finance department					
Personal services	195,664	197,664	194,413	3,251	
Operating	105,218	105,218	101,767	3,451	
Law department					
Personal services	514,742	514,742	498,848	15,894	
Operating	343,616	343,616	290,051	53,565	
Safety director					
Personal services	49,722	50,722	49,601	1,121	
Operating	995,695	995,695	945,524	50,171	
Human resources					
Personal services	19,304	21,304	19,741	1,563	
Operating	119,693	119,693	91,166	28,527	
Information systems					
Personal services	47,766	51,266	49,587	1,679	
Operating	115,133	115,133	83,840	31,293	

Continued

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

## GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	<b>Budgeted Amounts</b>						Variance with Final Budget		
	Original			Final		Actual	Positive (Negative)		
Municipal buildings			-					(egaer(e)	
Operating	\$	258,999	\$	258,999	\$	181,942	\$	77,057	
Probation									
Personal services		227,027		227,527		211,516		16,011	
Operating		5,372		5,372		5,245		127	
Other									
Personal services		73,000		103,000		82,974		20,026	
Operating		467,964		967,964		806,777		161,187	
Total general government		5,324,691		5,865,691		5,198,010		667,681	
Public safety									
Police department									
Personal services		5,215,601		5,215,601		5,047,438		168,163	
Operating		622,824		642,824		591,984		50,840	
Fire department									
Personal services		5,770,673		5,770,673		5,323,167		447,506	
Operating		468,002		471,722		472,538		(816)	
Total public safety		12,077,100		12,100,820		11,435,127		665,693	
Transportation									
Paint/signal									
Personal services		86,747		86,747		86,078		669	
Operating		13,050		13,050		9,756		3,294	
Total transportation		99,797		99,797	-	95,834	-	3,963	
Leisure time activities									
Parks administration									
Personal services		258,807		260,807		254,658		6,149	
Operating		17,613		17,613		13,760		3,853	
Senior center									
Personal services		33,925		34,925		33,542		1,383	
Operating		39,715		39,715		34,748		4,967	
Recreation programs									
Personal services		15,856		15,856		-		15,856	
Operating		10,406		12,506		12,018		488	
Parks maintenance									
Personal services		240,190		240,190		181,508		58,682	
Operating		88,949		88,949		76,017		12,932	
Total leisure time activities		705,461		710,561		606,251		104,310	

Continued

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

## GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget		
	Original			Final		Actual	Positive (Negative)		
Community environment		<u> </u>						(oguer (o)	
Building inspection									
Personal services	\$	276,849	\$	276,849	\$	204,269	\$	72,580	
Operating		92,609		92,609		83,938		8,671	
Planning									
Personal services		146,803		146,803		128,252		18,551	
Operating		413,797		413,797		373,977		39,820	
Total community environment		930,058		930,058	-	790,436		139,622	
Capital outlay									
Finance department		10,000		10,000		10,000		-	
Law department		-		-		10,080		(10,080)	
Human resources		174		174		-		174	
Police department		110,850		110,850		100,063		10,787	
Fire department		131,079		194,079		100,000		94,079	
Parks administration		25,000		25,000		22,063		2,937	
Parks maintenance		25,000		25,000		23,801		1,199	
Planning		335,894		335,894		222,890		113,004	
Total capital outlay		637,997		700,997		488,897		212,100	
Total expenditures		19,775,104		20,407,924		18,614,555		1,793,369	
Excess of expenditures over revenues		(12,575,360)		(13,002,123)		(12,714,312)		287,811	
Other financing sources:									
Transfers in		9,700,000		9,700,000		9,700,000		-	
Sale of assets			-	-		11,628		11,628	
Total other financing sources		9,700,000		9,700,000		9,711,628		11,628	
Net change in fund balance		(2,875,360)		(3,302,123)		(3,002,684)		299,439	
Fund balance at beginning of year		7,460,198		7,460,198		7,460,198		-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		399,129		399,129		399,129			
Fund balance at end of year	\$	4,983,967	\$	4,557,204	\$	4,856,643	\$	299,439	

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### INCOME TAX FUND

		Budgeted	Amoı	ints		Fin	iance with
	Original Final				Actual		Positive Vegative)
Revenues:					 		
Municipal income taxes	\$	10,982,777	\$	10,982,777	\$ 11,475,153	\$	492,376
Intergovernmental		417,223		417,223	704,886		287,663
Other				_	 339		339
Total revenues		11,400,000		11,400,000	 12,180,378		780,378
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government							
Operating		355,000		355,000	 325,850		29,150
Total expenditures		355,000		355,000	 325,850		29,150
Excess of revenues over expenditures		11,045,000		11,045,000	 11,854,528		809,528
Other financing uses:							
Transfers out		(11,100,000)		(11,165,000)	(11,160,000)		5,000
Total other financing uses		(11,100,000)		(11,165,000)	(11,160,000)		5,000
Net change in fund balance		(55,000)		(120,000)	694,528		814,528
Fund balance at beginning of year		510,872		510,872	 510,872		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	455,872	\$	390,872	\$ 1,205,400	\$	814,528

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### GENERAL LIABILITY LOSS FUND

		Budgeted	Amour	nts			Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Original			Final		Actual	(Negative)		
Expenditures:									
Current:									
General government									
Operating	\$	50,000	\$	50,000	\$	20,380	\$	29,620	
Total expenditures		50,000		50,000		20,380		29,620	
Net change in fund balance		(50,000)		(50,000)		(20,380)		29,620	
Fund balance at beginning of year		92,959		92,959		92,959			
Fund balance at end of year	\$	42,959	\$	42,959	\$	72,579	\$	29,620	

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### EMERGENCY RESERVE FUND

		Budgeted	Amoun	ts		Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
	O	riginal		Final	Actual	(N	legative)
Revenues:					 		
Investment income	\$	1,000	\$	1,000	\$ 2,229	\$	1,229
Total revenues		1,000		1,000	 2,229		1,229
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Community environment							
Operating		200		300	253		47
Total expenditures		200		300	 253		47
Excess of revenues over expenditures		800		700	 1,976		1,276
Other financing sources:							
Transfers in		-		-	900,000		900,000
Total other financing sources		-		_	 900,000		900,000
Net change in fund balance		800		700	901,976		901,276
Fund balance at beginning of year		63,502		63,502	63,502		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	64,302	\$	64,202	\$ 965,478	\$	901,276

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### FIRE PREVENTION AND EDUCATION FUND

		Budgeted	Amount	S			Final	nce with Budget sitive
	Oı	iginal	Final		A	ctual	(Negative)	
Revenues:		_						
Other	\$	500	\$	500	\$	910	\$	410
Total revenues		500		500		910		410
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Public safety								
Operating		-		1,910		1,789		121
Total expenditures				1,910		1,789		121
Net change in fund balance		500		(1,410)		(879)		531
Fund balance at beginning of year		2,982		2,982		2,982		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	3,482	\$	1,572	\$	2,103	\$	531

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### **DEPOSIT FUND**

	 Budgeted Original	Amour	nts Final	Actual	Fin I	iance with al Budget Positive Jegative)
Revenues:						
Other	\$ 75,000	\$	75,000	\$ 	\$	(75,000)
Total revenues	 75,000		75,000	 		(75,000)
Expenditures:						
Current: General government:						
Operating	129,723		134,723	135,810		(1,087)
Total expenditures	 129,723		134,723	 135,810		(1,087)
Net change in fund balance	(54,723)		(59,723)	(135,810)		(76,087)
Fund balance at beginning of year	 360,678		360,678	 360,678		
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 305,955	\$	300,955	\$ 224,868	\$	(76,087)

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN FUND

		Budgeted	Amou	nts		Final 1	ce with Budget itive
	Ori	ginal	Final		Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:					_	'	
Intergovernmental	\$		\$	8,220,575	\$ 8,220,575	\$	
Total revenues				8,220,575	 8,220,575		
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Public safety							
Personal services		-		102,180	102,180	\$	-
Operating		-		126,508	126,508		-
Total expenditures				228,688	 228,688		
Net change in fund balance		-		7,991,887	7,991,887		-
Fund balance at beginning of year							
Fund balance at end of year	\$		\$	7,991,887	\$ 7,991,887	\$	

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#### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Nonmajor cial Revenue Funds	Ionmajor bt Service Fund	Nonmajor oital Projects Fund	al Nonmajor overnmental Funds
Assets:				
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 7,754,913	\$ 43,058	\$ 1,462,703	\$ 9,260,674
Property taxes	467,532	-	-	467,532
Accounts	79,106	-	-	79,106
Intergovernmental	728,125	-	-	728,125
Loans	1,326,201	-	-	1,326,201
Prepayments	 11,701	 		11,701
Total assets	\$ 10,367,578	\$ 43,058	\$ 1,462,703	\$ 11,873,339
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 105,688	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 105,688
Contracts payable	101,512	-	-	101,512
Accrued wages and benefits payable	8,507	-	-	8,507
Compensated absences payable	16,523			16,523
Intergovernmental payable	1,917	-	-	1,917
Due to other funds	 382,840	 	 	 382,840
Total liabilities	 616,987	 	 	 616,987
Deferred inflows of resources:				
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year	432,893	-	-	432,893
Delinquent property tax revenue not available	34,639	-	-	34,639
Intergovernmental revenue not available	 392,077	 	 	392,077
Total deferred inflows of resources	 859,609		 	 859,609
Fund balances:				
Nonspendable	11,701	-	-	11,701
Restricted	8,897,702	-	-	8,897,702
Committed	359,130	43,058	1,462,703	1,864,891
Unassigned (deficit)	 (377,551)	 	 	 (377,551)
Total fund balances	 8,890,982	 43,058	 1,462,703	 10,396,743
Total liabilities, deferred inflows				
of resources and fund balances	\$ 10,367,578	\$ 43,058	\$ 1,462,703	\$ 11,873,339

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Nonmajor Debt Service Fund	Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues:				
Property and other taxes	\$ 434,490	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 434,490
Charges for services	175,539	-	-	175,539
Licenses and permits	2,000	-	-	2,000
Fines and forfeitures	1,121,279	-	-	1,121,279
Intergovernmental	3,082,714	-	-	3,082,714
Special assessments	3,304	-	-	3,304
Investment income	28,117	-	7,882	35,999
Contributions and donations	115,213	-	-	115,213
Other	91,356			91,356
Total revenues	5,054,012		7,882	5,061,894
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	900,201	-	-	900,201
Public safety	212,879	-	-	212,879
Transportation	1,399,479	-	1,135	1,400,614
Community environment	1,020,132	-	-	1,020,132
Leisure time activities	218,311	-	-	218,311
Capital outlay	980,627	-	-	980,627
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	238,569	-	-	238,569
Interest and fiscal charges	33,472			33,472
Total expenditures	5,003,670		1,135	5,004,805
Excess of revenues over expenditures	50,342		6,747	57,089
Other financing sources (uses):				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	5,604	-	-	5,604
Capital lease transaction	168,158	-	-	168,158
Transfers in	120,000	-	400,000	520,000
Premium on note issuance		727		727
Total other financing sources (uses)	293,762	727	400,000	694,489
Net change in fund balances	344,104	727	406,747	751,578
Fund balances at beginning of year	8,546,878	42,331	1,055,956	9,645,165
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 8,890,982	\$ 43,058	\$ 1,462,703	\$ 10,396,743

#### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

	M	Street onstruction aintenance nd Repair		State ighway rovement		ermissive cense Tax		sidential Street
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	736,795	\$	8,100	\$	425,283	\$	15,378
Receivables:	Φ	130,193	Φ	0,100	φ	423,263	Ф	13,376
Property taxes		-		-		-		-
Accounts		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental		518,138		41,087		-		-
Loans		11 (27		-		-		-
Prepayments	-	11,637				<u> </u>		
Total assets	\$	1,266,570	\$	49,187	\$	425,283	\$	15,378
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	18,949	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Contracts payable		-		-		11,190		-
Accrued wages and benefits payable		8,507		-		-		-
Compensated absences payable		845 1,633		40		-		_
Due to other funds		-		-		_		_
		-	-					
Total liabilities		29,934		40		11,190		-
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year		-		-		-		-
Delinquent property tax revenue not available		- 222 072		27.079		-		-
Intergovernmental revenue not available		333,973		27,078				
Total deferred inflows of resources		333,973		27,078				
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable		11,637		-		-		-
Restricted		891,026		22,069		414,093		-
Committed		-		-		-		15,378
Unassigned (deficit)		902,663		22,069		414,093		15,378
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	1,266,570	\$	49,187	\$	425,283	\$	15,378

 Fire Capital Levy	Animal Control		Probation Services	]	ort Special Projects Operating	 Court Computer	Spe	Court ecial Project
\$ 128,914	\$ 11,187	\$	503,082	\$	251,348	\$ 586,542	\$	2,850,324
243,152	-		-		-	-		-
16,082	-		6,452		43,506	7,915		16,486
-	-		-		-	-		-
 	 					 		-
\$ 388,148	\$ 11,187	\$	509,534	\$	294,854	\$ 594,457	\$	2,866,810
\$ - -	\$ -	\$	2,300	\$	- -	\$ - 44,144	\$	-
-	-		-		-	-		-
-	-		19		27	9		-
 	 					 -		-
 	 <u>-</u>		2,319		27	 44,153		-
225,197	-		-		-	-		-
17,955 16,082	-		-		-	-		-
259,234	 		<u>-</u>		-	<u>-</u>		-
128,914	-		507,215		294,827	550,304		2,866,810
-	11,187		-		-	-		-
128,914	 11,187		507,215		294,827	 550,304		2,866,810
\$ 388,148	\$ 11,187	\$	509,534	\$	294,854	\$ 594,457	\$	2,866,810

- - Continued

## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2021

		omputer Legal Lesearch	]	ndigent Drivers Alcohol reatment	C	Sports Complex perating	Red	Parks creation covement
Assets:	¢.	102.710	ф	(05.505	ф	11.000	Ф	1.504
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	103,719	\$	605,505	\$	11,989	\$	1,504
Property taxes		_		_		_		_
Accounts		2,341		2,400		-		-
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		-
Loans		-		-		-		-
Trepayments								
Total assets	\$	106,060	\$	607,905	\$	11,989	\$	1,504
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	596	\$	-
Contracts payable		-		-		-		-
Accrued wages and benefits payable		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental payable		3		_		2		_
Due to other funds								
Total liabilities		3				598		
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year		-		-		-		-
Delinquent property tax revenue not available		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental revenue not available								
Total deferred inflows of resources								
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-
Restricted		106,057		607,905		11 201		1,504
Committed		-		-		11,391		-
Total fund balances (deficits)		106,057		607,905		11,391		1,504
Total liabilities, deferred inflows								
of resources and fund balances	\$	106,060	\$	607,905	\$	11,989	\$	1,504

Gas and Oil Royalty		D.A.R.E. Program		Mandatory Drug Fines		Local Law Enforcement Trust		Parks lving Loan	Sidewalk Improvement Program	
\$ 21,510	\$	2,980	\$	18,148	\$	11,994	\$	42,446	\$	59,973
-		-		-		-		-		-
-		-		6		-		-		-
-		-		-		-		-		-
\$ 21,510	\$	2,980	\$	18,154	\$	11,994	\$	42,446	\$	59,973
\$ _	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	20	\$	16,718
-		-		-		-		-		-
-		-		-		-		-		-
 - -		- -		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		8 -		-
 								28		16,718
-		-		-		-		-		-
<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		-		-		-		-
				<del>-</del> _		<del>-</del> _		<u> </u>		
_		_		_		_		_		_
-		2,980		18,154		11,994		-		43,255
21,510		-		-		-		42,418		-
21,510		2,980		18,154		11,994		42,418		43,255
\$ 21,510	\$	2,980	\$	18,154	\$	11,994	\$	42,446	\$	59,973

- - Continued

## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2021

	City Grant		Federal Emergency Management Agency		Rental Registration Program		Road Maintenance	
Assets:								
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	575,919	\$	-	\$	95,685	\$	2,000
Receivables:								
Property taxes		-		-		-		-
Accounts		25,000		_		-		_
Loans		23,000		_		_		_
Prepayments		_		_		_		_
Trepayments	-				-			
Total assets	\$	600,919	\$		\$	95,685	\$	2,000
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Contracts payable		-		46,178		-		-
Accrued wages and benefits payable		-		-		-		-
Compensated absences payable		-		-		7,839		-
Intergovernmental payable		-		-		51		-
Due to other funds			281,641					
Total liabilities				327,819		7,890		
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year		-		_		_		_
Delinquent property tax revenue not available		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental revenue not available								_
Total deferred inflows of resources								
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable		_		_		_		_
Restricted		600,919		_		_		2,000
Committed		-		_		87,795		-
Unassigned (deficit)		-		(327,819)		-		-
Total fund balances (deficits)		600,919		(327,819)		87,795		2,000
Total liabilities, deferred inflows								
of resources and fund balances	\$	600,919	\$	-	\$	95,685	\$	2,000

De	Community Development Block Grant		Revolving Loan		Tax Increment Financing		acation operty gistration	Project Impact	Beautification		
\$	3,534	\$	254,855	\$	68,292	\$	85,818	\$ 36,702	\$	85,112	
	- - 112,874 - -		1,326,201		- - - -		- - - -	- - - -		- - - -	
\$	116,408	\$	1,581,056	\$	68,292	\$	85,818	\$ 36,702	\$	85,112	
\$	57,005	\$	5,850	\$	- -	\$	- -	\$ - -	\$	3,742	
	7,839 97 101,199		- - -		- - - -		13	 - - -		- 15 -	
	166,140		5,850				13	 <u>-</u> .		3,757	
	- - - -		- - - -		- - - -		- - -	- - -		- - - -	
	(49,732) (49,732)		1,575,206 - - 1,575,206		- 68,292 - - - 68,292		85,805 - 85,805	 36,702		81,355 - - 81,355	
\$	116,408	\$	1,581,056	\$	68,292	\$	85,818	\$ 36,702	\$	85,112	

- - Continued

## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2021

		Senior iter Trust	1	Fire Pension		Police Pension	Business Incentive Program	
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	38,904	\$	33,570	\$	32,551	\$	45,250
Receivables:	Þ	30,904	Þ	33,370	Φ	32,331	Ф	45,250
Property taxes		_		112,190		112,190		_
Accounts		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental		-		7,472		7,472		-
Loans		-		-		-		-
Prepayments		64						-
Total assets	\$	38,968	\$	153,232	\$	152,213	\$	45,250
Liabilities:	ø.	500	Φ.		¢.		ф	
Accounts payable	\$	508	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Accrued wages and benefits payable		_		-		_		_
Compensated absences payable		_		_		_		_
Intergovernmental payable		_		_		_		_
Due to other funds								
Total liabilities		508						
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year		-		103,848		103,848		-
Delinquent property tax revenue not available		-		8,342		8,342		-
Intergovernmental revenue not available				7,472		7,472		
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		119,662		119,662		
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable		64		-		-		-
Restricted		-		33,570		32,551		-
Committed		38,396		-		-		45,250
Unassigned (deficit)		- 20.460		- 22.570		- 22.551		45.050
Total fund balances (deficits)	-	38,460		33,570		32,551		45,250
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	38,968	\$	153,232	\$	152,213	\$	45,250

Total Nonmajor ecial Revenue Funds
\$ 7,754,913
 467,532 79,106 728,125 1,326,201 11,701
\$ 10,367,578
\$ 105,688 101,512 8,507 16,523 1,917 382,840
 616,987
432,893 34,639 392,077
 859,609
11,701 8,897,702 359,130 (377,551) 8,890,982
\$ 10,367,578

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Street Construction Maintenance and Repair	State Highway Improvement	Permissive License Tax	Residential Street
Revenues:				
Property and other taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Charges for services	-	-	-	-
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	-
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	1,228,514	86,485	258,333	-
Special assessments	4 402	145	2.064	-
Investment income	4,492	145	3,064	-
Contributions and donations	2 (07	140	-	-
Other	2,607	148	·	
Total revenues	1,235,613	86,778	261,397	
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	-	-	-	-
Public safety	-	-	-	-
Transportation	1,249,883	83,799	49,079	-
Community environment	-	-	-	-
Leisure time activities	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	209,578	-	246,566	-
Debt service:	77 (70			
Principal retirement.	77,678		-	-
Interest and fiscal charges	5,917		· <del></del>	
Total expenditures	1,543,056	83,799	295,645	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(307,443)	2,979	(34,248)	_
, ,		<u> </u>		
Other financing sources (uses):				
Capital lease transaction	168,158	-	-	-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	75,000			
Total other financing sources (uses)	243,158		. <u> </u>	
Net change in fund balances	(64,285)	) 2,979	(34,248)	-
Fund balances (deficit)				
at beginning of year	966,948	19,090	448,341	15,378
at segming or jear	700,740	17,070	110,5 11	13,370
Fund balances (deficit) at end of year	\$ 902,663	\$ 22,069	\$ 414,093	\$ 15,378

Fire Capital Levy	Animal Control	obation rvices	P	rt Special Projects perating	Court omputer	Spe	Court	omputer Legal Lesearch
\$ 225,358	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -
-	303	89,698		598,190	109,027		227,022	31,954
32,919	-	99,315		-	-		3,033	-
-	-	-		-	-		-	-
 		 		35				 -
 258,277	 303	 189,013		598,225	 109,027		230,055	 31,954
-	-	87,966		528,440	138,997		46,021	39,123
11,979	-	-		-	-		-	-
-	-	-		-	-		-	-
10,085	-	-		-	-		- -	-
160,891 27,555	-	-		-	-		-	-
210,510		87,966		528,440	138,997		46,021	39,123
 47,767	 303	 101,047		69,785	 (29,970)		184,034	 (7,169)
-	-	-		-	-		-	-
 <u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	 <u> </u>		<u> </u>	 - -
 	 	 			 			 -
47,767	303	101,047		69,785	(29,970)		184,034	(7,169)
 81,147	 10,884	 406,168		225,042	580,274		2,682,776	 113,226
\$ 128,914	\$ 11,187	\$ 507,215	\$	294,827	\$ 550,304	\$	2,866,810	\$ 106,057

- - Continued

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Indigent Drivers Alcohol Treatment	Sports Complex Operating	Parks Recreation Improvement	Gas and Oil Royalty
Revenues:	¢	¢	¢.	¢.
Property and other taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Charges for services	-	22,095	-	-
Fines and forfeitures	64,056	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	04,030	-	-	-
Special assessments	_	_	_	_
Investment income	_	_	9	_
Contributions and donations	_	_	-	_
Other	_	684	_	1,500
Other				1,500
Total revenues	64,056	22,779	9	1,500
Expenditures: Current:				
General government	56,090	_	_	_
Public safety	-	_	_	_
Transportation	_	_	_	_
Community environment	_	_	_	_
Leisure time activities	_	47,626	1	_
Capital outlay	_	-	_	_
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	_	-	_	_
Interest and fiscal charges				
Total expenditures	56,090	47,626	1	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	7,966	(24,847)	8	1,500
Other financing sources (uses):				
Capital lease transaction	-	-	-	-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-
Transfers in		35,000		<u> </u>
Total other financing sources (uses)		35,000		
Net change in fund balances	7,966	10,153	8	1,500
Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year	599,939	1,238	1,496	20,010
ar arguming or jour		1,230		20,010
Fund balances (deficit) at end of year	\$ 607,905	\$ 11,391	\$ 1,504	\$ 21,510

- 16,718 - 127,839 55,117 - 127,839 5,168 - 23,931 463,229 60,285 16,718 151,770 463,229 - 1,029 - 14,974 (11,187) 59,423 (196,261 5,604 5,604 - 1,029 5,604 14,974 (11,187) 59,423 (196,261 - 1,029 5,604 14,974 (11,187) 59,423 (196,261 - 2,980 17,125 6,390 27,444 54,442 541,496 (131,558)	D.A.R.E. Program		Mandatory Drug Fines		Local Law Enforcement Trust		Parks Revolving Loan		Sidewalk Improvement Program		City Grant		Federal Emergency Management Agency	
1,029	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- 10 853	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
	-		-		-		10,655		-		-		-	
	-		1,029		-		-		-		-		-	
	-		-		-		-		3.304		211,193		266,968	
- 1,029 - 75,259 5,531 211,193 266,968  - 1,029 - 75,259 5,531 211,193 266,968  - 1,029 - 16,718 - 127,839	-		-		-		-		-		-		-	
- 1,029 - 75,259 5,531 211,193 266,968  - 1,029 - 75,259 5,531 211,193 266,968  - 1,029 - 14,974 (11,187) 59,423 (196,261)  - 1,029 5,604 14,974 (11,187) 59,423 (196,261)  - 1,029 5,604 14,974 (11,187) 59,423 (196,261)	-		-		-				- 2 227		-		-	
- 16,718 - 127,839 - 127,839 - 55,117 - 127,839 - 55,168 - 23,931 463,229 - 5,604 - 1,029 5,604 14,974 (11,187) 59,423 (196,261 2,980 17,125 6,390 27,444 54,442 541,496 (131,558)	 	-	<del>-</del>			-	57,438		2,221					
	 		1,029				75,259		5,531		211,193		266,968	
	-		- -		- -		-				-		- -	
	-		-		-		-		16,718		-		-	
5,168 - 23,931 463,229 60,285 16,718 151,770 463,229 1,029 - 14,974 (11,187) 59,423 (196,261 5,604 5,604 1,029 5,604 14,974 (11,187) 59,423 (196,261 - 1,029 5,604 14,974 (11,187) 59,423 (196,261	-		-		-		- 55 117		-		127,839		-	
	-		-		_				-		23,931		463,229	
-     1,029     -     14,974     (11,187)     59,423     (196,261)       -     -     -     -     -     -       -     -     5,604     -     -     -       -     -     -     -     -       -     1,029     5,604     14,974     (11,187)     59,423     (196,261)       2,980     17,125     6,390     27,444     54,442     541,496     (131,558)					<u>-</u>				<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	
5,604	 						60,285		16,718		151,770		463,229	
-     - <td> </td> <td></td> <td>1,029</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>14,974</td> <td></td> <td>(11,187)</td> <td></td> <td>59,423</td> <td></td> <td>(196,261)</td>	 		1,029				14,974		(11,187)		59,423		(196,261)	
-     - <td></td>														
-     - <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>- 5 604</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td>	-		-		- 5 604		-		-		-		-	
-     1,029     5,604     14,974     (11,187)     59,423     (196,261)       2,980     17,125     6,390     27,444     54,442     541,496     (131,558)					-									
<u>2,980</u> <u>17,125</u> <u>6,390</u> <u>27,444</u> <u>54,442</u> <u>541,496</u> (131,558	_				5,604						_		-	
	-		1,029		5,604		14,974		(11,187)		59,423		(196,261)	
	 2,980		17,125		6,390		27,444		54,442		541,496		(131,558)	
<u>\$ 2,980  \$ 18,154  \$ 11,994  \$ 42,418  \$ 43,255  \$ 600,919  \$ (327,819)</u>	\$ 2,980	\$	18,154	\$	11,994	\$	42,418	\$	43,255	\$	600,919	\$	(327,819)	

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# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Reg	Rental istration ogram		Road ntenance	Local Coronavirus Relief		Community Development Block Grant	
Revenues:	¢		\$		\$		\$	
Property and other taxes	\$	123,465	Ф	-	Ф	-	Ф	-
Licenses and permits		-		2,000		_		_
Fines and forfeitures		_		-		_		-
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		839,850
Special assessments		-		-		-		-
Investment income		-		-		-		-
Contributions and donations		254		-		-		-
Other		354						25,767
Total revenues		123,819		2,000		-		865,617
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government		_		_		900		_
Transportation		_		_		-		_
Community environment		151,139		_		_		561,087
Leisure time activities		-		_		_		-
Capital outlay		-		-		2,070		-
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		-		-		-		-
Interest and fiscal charges								
Total expenditures		151,139				2,970		561,087
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	-	(27,320)		2,000		(2,970)		304,530
Other financing sources (uses):								
Capital lease transaction		-		-		-		-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-		-		-		-
Transfers in								
Total other financing sources (uses)								
Net change in fund balances		(27,320)		2,000		(2,970)		304,530
Fund balances (deficit)								
at beginning of year		115,115				2,970		(354,262)
Fund balances (deficit) at end of year	\$	87,795	\$	2,000	\$		\$	(49,732)

R	evolving Loan	Business Incentive Program		Tax acrement inancing	P	/acant roperty gistration	Project Impact	Beau	utification	or Center Frust
\$	-	\$	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -
	-	•		-		14,450	-		-	4,676
	-			-		-	-		-	_
	-	-	•	25,612		-	-		-	-
	20,174		•	-		-	-		-	233
	-	-		-		-	-		104,515	3,730
	<u> </u>		<u>.                                    </u>			11	 		594	 1
	20,174		<u>-</u>	25,612		14,451	 		105,109	 8,640
	_									_
	-		•	-		-	-		-	-
	146 621	-		200		22 409	-		-	-
	146,631			298		32,498	640		108,841	6,726
	-			-		-	-		20,000	-
	_			_		_	_		_	-
			<u> </u>				 			 
	146,631		<u> </u>	298		32,498	 640		128,841	 6,726
	(126,457)		<u> </u>	25,314		(18,047)	 (640)		(23,732)	 1,914
	_			-		-	-		_	-
	- -			- -		- -	 -		10,000	 - -
			<u> </u>				 		10,000	 
	(126,457)	-		25,314		(18,047)	(640)		(13,732)	1,914
	1,701,663	45,250	<u> </u>	42,978		103,852	37,342		95,087	 36,546
\$	1,575,206	\$ 45,250	\$	68,292	\$	85,805	\$ 36,702	\$	81,355	\$ 38,460

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# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	1	Fire Pension		Police Pension	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds		
Revenues:	¢	104.566	¢	104.566	ø	424 400	
Property and other taxes	\$	104,566	\$	104,566	\$	434,490 175,539	
Licenses and permits		-		-		2,000	
Fines and forfeitures		_		_		1,121,279	
Intergovernmental		15,246		15,246		3,082,714	
Special assessments		13,240		13,240		3,304	
Investment income		_		_		28,117	
Contributions and donations		_		_		115,213	
Other						91,356	
Total revenues		119,812		119,812		5,054,012	
Expenditures: Current:							
		1 702		1 702		000 201	
General government		1,782		1,782		900,201 212,879	
Public safety		100,000		100,000		1,399,479	
Transportation		-		-		1,020,132	
Leisure time activities		-		-		218,311	
Capital outlay		-		-		980,627	
Debt service:		-		-		980,027	
Principal retirement		_		_		238,569	
Interest and fiscal charges.		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		33,472	
Total expenditures	_	101,782		101,782		5,003,670	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures		18,030		18,030		50,342	
Other financing sources (uses):							
Capital lease transaction		-		-		168,158	
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-		-		5,604	
Transfers in		<del>-</del>		<del>-</del>		120,000	
Total other financing sources (uses)						293,762	
Net change in fund balances		18,030		18,030		344,104	
Fund balances (deficit)							
at beginning of year		15,540		14,521		8,546,878	
Fund balances (deficit) at end of year	\$	33,570	\$	32,551	\$	8,890,982	

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) STREET CONSTRUCTION, MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR FUND

	 Budgeted	Amou	unts			Fin	riance with al Budget Positive
	 Original		Final		Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:							
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,500,432	\$	1,500,432	\$	1,219,825	\$	(280,607)
Investment income	5,992		5,992		4,492		(1,500)
Other	 18,576		18,576		3,146		(15,430)
Total revenues	 1,525,000		1,525,000		1,227,463		(297,537)
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Transportation							
Personal services	1,090,121		1,090,121		831,487		258,634
Operating	501,927		501,927		420,808		81,119
Capital outlay	58,000		58,000		57,596		404
Debt service:							
Principal retirement	77,680		77,680		77,678		2
Interest and fiscal charges	 5,550		5,550	-	5,917		(367)
Total expenditures	 1,733,278		1,733,278		1,393,486		339,792
Excess of expenditures over revenues	 (208,278)		(208,278)		(166,023)		42,255
Other financing sources:							
Transfers in	75,000		75,000		75,000		_
Total other financing sources	75,000		75,000		75,000		
Net change in fund balance	(133,278)		(133,278)		(91,023)		42,255
Fund balance at beginning of year	768,228		768,228		768,228		_
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	 9,773		9,773		9,773		
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 644,723	\$	644,723	\$	686,978	\$	42,255

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### STATE HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT FUND

	Budgeted Amounts						Fina	ance with al Budget ositive
	C	)riginal		Final	Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental	\$	94,582	\$	94,582	\$	85,920	\$	(8,662)
Investment income		236		236		145		(91)
Other		1,182		1,182		148		(1,034)
Total revenues		96,000		96,000		86,213		(9,787)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Transportation								
Personal services		83,375		83,375		83,343		32
Operating		30		30		18		12
Total expenditures		83,405		83,405		83,361		44
Net change in fund balance		12,595		12,595		2,852		(9,743)
Fund balance at beginning of year		4,158		4,158		4,158		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	16,753	\$	16,753	\$	7,010	\$	(9,743)

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### PERMISSIVE LICENSE TAX FUND

		Budgeted	Amoui	nts			Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
	(	Original		Final		Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:					-			
Intergovernmental	\$	350,840	\$	350,840	\$	258,421	\$	(92,419)
Investment income		4,160		4,160		3,064		(1,096)
Total revenues		355,000		355,000		261,485		(93,515)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Transportation								
Operating		60,000		60,500		37,889		22,611
Capital outlay		545,351		545,351		483,799		61,552
Total expenditures		605,351		605,851		521,688		84,163
Net change in fund balance		(250,351)		(250,851)		(260,203)		(9,352)
Fund balance at beginning of year		429,721		429,721		429,721		_
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		175,351		175,351		175,351		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	354,721	\$	354,221	\$	344,869	\$	(9,352)

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### RESIDENTIAL STREET FUND

	Budgeted Amounts  Original Final				 Actual	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
Revenues:							
Special assessments	\$	2,000	\$	2,000	\$ 	\$	(2,000)
Total revenues		2,000		2,000	 		(2,000)
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Transportation							
Operating		8,000		8,000	 _		8,000
Total expenditures		8,000		8,000	 		8,000
Net change in fund balance		(6,000)		(6,000)	-		6,000
Fund balance at beginning of year		15,378		15,378	 15,378		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	9,378	\$	9,378	\$ 15,378	\$	6,000

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### FIRE CAPITAL LEVY FUND

		Budgeted	Amoui	nts			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)  \$ 887	
	C	Original		Final	Actual		_	
Revenues:	-							
Property and other taxes	\$	223,151	\$	224,471	\$	225,358	\$	887
Intergovernmental		32,597		32,790		32,919		129
Total revenues		255,748		257,261		258,277		1,016
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Public safety								
Operating		75,000		75,000		54,646		20,354
Capital outlay		23,757		23,757		23,096		661
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		160,900		160,900		160,891		9
Interest and fiscal charges		27,560		27,560		27,555		5
Total expenditures		287,217		287,217		266,188		21,029
Net change in fund balance		(31,469)		(29,956)		(7,911)		22,045
Fund balance at beginning of year		70,401		70,401		70,401		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		23,757	-	23,757	-	23,757		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	62,689	\$	64,202	\$	86,247	\$	22,045

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### ANIMAL CONTROL FUND

		Budgeted	Amount	ts			Fina	ance with l Budget ositive
	Oı	riginal		Final	1	Actual		egative)
Revenues:								
Fines and forfeitures	\$	1,100	\$	1,100	\$	303	\$	(797)
Total revenues		1,100		1,100		303		(797)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Public safety								
Operating		3,000		3,000				3,000
Total expenditures		3,000		3,000				3,000
Net change in fund balance		(1,900)		(1,900)		303		2,203
Fund balance at beginning of year		10,884	-	10,884		10,884		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	8,984	\$	8,984	\$	11,187	\$	2,203

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### PROBATION SERVICES FUND

		Budgeted	Amour			Fin	iance with al Budget Positive	
	(	Original		Final	Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:								
Fines and forfeitures	\$	104,799	\$	104,799	\$	88,598	\$	(16,201)
Intergovernmental		60,201		60,201		99,315		39,114
Total revenues		165,000		165,000		187,913		22,913
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government								
Personal services		48,235		48,235		47,302		933
Operating		161,124		161,124		64,318		96,806
Total expenditures		209,359		209,359		111,620		97,739
Net change in fund balance		(44,359)		(44,359)		76,293		120,652
Fund balance at beginning of year		397,077		397,077		397,077		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		14,713		14,713		14,713		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	367,431	\$	367,431	\$	488,083	\$	120,652

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### COURT COMPUTER FUND

		Budgeted	Amour	nts		Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	o	riginal		Final	Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues:								
Fines and forfeitures	\$	105,000	\$	105,000	\$ 108,331	\$	3,331	
Total revenues	-	105,000		105,000	 108,331		3,331	
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government								
Personal services		20,670		20,670	19,877		793	
Operating		481,158		481,158	96,750		384,408	
Total expenditures		501,828		501,828	116,627		385,201	
Net change in fund balance		(396,828)		(396,828)	(8,296)		388,532	
Fund balance at beginning of year		569,897		569,897	569,897		-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		3,158		3,158	 3,158			
Fund balance at end of year	\$	176,227	\$	176,227	\$ 564,759	\$	388,532	

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### COURT SPECIAL PROJECTS CAPITAL FUND

	Budgeted Amou			nts Final	Actual	Fin:	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
Revenues:				_			<del>0</del> /
Fines and forfeitures	\$	207,208	\$	207,208	\$ 225,053	\$	17,845
Intergovernmental		2,792		2,792	3,033		241
Total revenues		210,000		210,000	 228,086		18,086
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government							
Operating		1,002,969		1,002,969	52,141		950,828
Total expenditures		1,002,969		1,002,969	52,141		950,828
Net change in fund balance		(792,969)		(792,969)	175,945		968,914
Fund balance at beginning of year		2,665,290		2,665,290	2,665,290		_
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		2,969		2,969	 2,969		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	1,875,290	\$	1,875,290	\$ 2,844,204	\$	968,914

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### INDIGENT DRIVERS ALCOHOL TREATMENT FUND

	 Budgeted Original	Amou	nts Final	Actual	Fin:	iance with al Budget ositive egative)
Revenues:	<b>8</b>			 		- <b>g</b>
Fines and forfeitures	\$ 60,000	\$	60,000	\$ 63,462	\$	3,462
Total revenues	60,000		60,000	 63,462		3,462
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government						
Operating	 314,300		314,300	 90,327		223,973
Total expenditures	314,300		314,300	90,327		223,973
Net change in fund balance	(254,300)		(254,300)	(26,865)		227,435
Fund balance at beginning of year	583,833		583,833	583,833		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	 14,300		14,300	 14,300		
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 343,833	\$	343,833	\$ 571,268	\$	227,435

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### SPORTS COMPLEX OPERATING FUND

		Budgeted	l Amour	nts			Fina	ance with l Budget
	o	riginal		Final	Actual		Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:								<del>0</del> /
Charges for services	\$	24,249	\$	24,249	\$	22,095	\$	(2,154)
Other		751		751		684		(67)
Total revenues		25,000	-	25,000		22,779		(2,221)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Leisure time activities								
Personal services		9,556		9,556		4,685		4,871
Operating		47,000		47,000		45,659		1,341
Total expenditures		56,556		56,556		50,344		6,212
Excess of expenditures over revenues		(31,556)		(31,556)		(27,565)		3,991
Other financing sources:								
Transfers in		35,000		35,000		35,000		-
Total other financing sources		35,000		35,000		35,000		-
Net change in fund balance		3,444		3,444		7,435		3,991
Fund balance at beginning of year		1,345		1,345		1,345		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	4,789	\$	4,789	\$	8,780	\$	3,991

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### PARKS RECREATION IMPROVEMENT FUND

		Budgeted	Amount	s			Final	nce with Budget sitive
	O	riginal	]	Final	A	ctual	(Ne	gative)
Revenues:								
Investment income	\$	1,000	\$	1,000	\$	9	\$	(991)
Total revenues		1,000		1,000		9		(991)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Leisure time activities								
Operating		50		50		1		49
Total expenditures		50		50		1		49
Net change in fund balance		950		950		8		(942)
Fund balance at beginning of year		1,496		1,496		1,496		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	2,446	\$	2,446	\$	1,504	\$	(942)

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### GAS AND OIL ROYALTY FUND

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual	Fina P	ance with I Budget ositive egative)
Revenues:		I Igiliai	Tillai		Actual		(110	gative
Other	\$	1,500 1,500	\$	1,500 1,500	\$	1,500 1,500	\$	-
Expenditures: Current: Community environment								
Operating		10,000 10,000		10,000 10,000		-		10,000 10,000
Net change in fund balance		(8,500)		(8,500)		1,500		10,000
Fund balance at beginning of year		20,010		20,010		20,010		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	11,510	\$	11,510	\$	21,510	\$	10,000

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### D.A.R.E. PROGRAM FUND

		Budgeted	Amount	s			Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	O	riginal	]	Final	A	ctual		gative)
Revenues:								
Other	\$	250	\$	250	\$		\$	(250)
Total revenues		250		250				(250)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Public safety								
Operating		1,000		1,000		-		1,000
Total expenditures		1,000		1,000				1,000
Net change in fund balance		(750)		(750)		-		750
Fund balance at beginning of year		2,980		2,980		2,980		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	2,230	\$	2,230	\$	2,980	\$	750

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### MANDATORY DRUG FINES FUND

	 Budgeted Priginal	ts Final	1	Actual	Fina Po	ance with I Budget ositive gative)
Revenues:	 	 				
Fines and forfeitures	\$ 1,200	\$ 1,200	\$	1,073	\$	(127)
Total revenues	 1,200	 1,200		1,073		(127)
Net change in fund balance	1,200	1,200		1,073		(127)
Fund balance at beginning of year	 17,075	 17,075		17,075		
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 18,275	\$ 18,275	\$	18,148	\$	(127)

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

### $LOCAL\ LAW\ ENFORCEMENT\ TRUST\ FUND$

		Budgeted Priginal		ts Final	Actual	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
Other financing sources:	<u></u>	_	'				
Sale of assets	\$	8,000	\$	8,000	\$ 5,604	\$	(2,396)
Total other financing sources		8,000		8,000	 5,604		(2,396)
Net change in fund balance		8,000		8,000	5,604		(2,396)
Fund balance at beginning of year		6,390		6,390	 6,390		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	14,390	\$	14,390	\$ 11,994	\$	(2,396)

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### PARKS REVOLVING LOAN FUND

		Budgeted	Amou	nts			Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
	Oı	riginal		Final	Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:								
Charges for services	\$	26,713	\$	26,713	\$	10,853	\$	(15,860)
Intergovernmental		63,970		63,970		-		(63,970)
Contributions and donations		28,494		28,494		6,968		(21,526)
Other		25,823		25,823		57,442		31,619
Total revenues		145,000		145,000		75,263		(69,737)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Leisure time activities								
Personal services		38,271		38,271		15,063		23,208
Operating		53,299		69,499		41,266		28,233
Capital outlay		5,168		5,168		5,168		-
Total expenditures		96,738		112,938		61,497		51,441
Net change in fund balance		48,262		32,062		13,766		(18,296)
Fund balance at beginning of year		19,893		19,893		19,893		_
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		7,467		7,467		7,467		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	75,622	\$	59,422	\$	41,126	\$	(18,296)

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

### SIDEWALK IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM FUND

	Budgeted Amounts  Original Final					A -41	Fina Po	nnce with I Budget ositive
D.		riginai		rinai		Actual	(116	gative)
Revenues:								
Special assessments	\$	2,389	\$	2,389	\$	3,304	\$	915
Other		1,611		1,611		2,227		616
Total revenues		4,000		4,000		5,531		1,531
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Transportation								
Operating		40,000		40,000		35,000		5,000
Total expenditures		40,000		40,000		35,000		5,000
Net change in fund balance		(36,000)		(36,000)		(29,469)		6,531
Fund balance at beginning of year		54,442		54,442		54,442		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	18,442	\$	18,442	\$	24,973	\$	6,531

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### CITY GRANT FUND

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual	Fin I	iance with al Budget Positive Jegative)
Revenues:					 		
Intergovernmental	\$	25,000	\$	25,000	\$ 186,193	\$	161,193
Total revenues		25,000		25,000	186,193		161,193
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Community environment							
Operating		228,495		228,495	228,494		1
Capital outlay		-		-	24,501		(24,501)
Total expenditures		228,495		228,495	252,995		(24,500)
Net change in fund balance		(203,495)		(203,495)	(66,802)		136,693
Fund balance at beginning of year		341,664		341,664	341,664		_
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		228,495		228,495	 228,495		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	366,664	\$	366,664	\$ 503,357	\$	136,693

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

### $FEDERAL\ EMERGENCY\ MANAGEMENT\ AGENCY\ FUND$

		Budgeted	Amou	nts				riance with nal Budget Positive
	(	Original		Final		Actual	(	Negative)
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental	\$		\$	2,047,935	\$	266,968	\$	(1,780,967)
Total revenues				2,047,935		266,968		(1,780,967)
Expenditures:								
Capital outlay		777,286		2,047,935		687,949		1,359,986
Total expenditures		777,286		2,047,935		687,949		1,359,986
Net change in fund balance		(777,286)		-		(420,981)		(420,981)
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year .		(196,215)		(196,215)		(196,215)		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		196,215		196,215		196,215		
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$	(777,286)	\$		\$	(420,981)	\$	(420,981)

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

### RENTAL REGISTRATION PROGRAM FUND

		Budgeted Original	Amour	its Final		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
Revenues:	Original			Fillal		Actual		legative)	
Charges for services	\$	64,785	\$	139,536	\$	123,465	\$	(16,071)	
Other	Ψ	215	Ψ	464	Ψ	411	Ψ	(53)	
Total revenues		65,000		140,000		123,876		(16,124)	
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Community environment									
Personal services		171,351		171,351		129,405		41,946	
Operating		23,518		23,518		14,648		8,870	
Total expenditures		194,869		194,869		144,053		50,816	
Net change in fund balance		(129,869)		(54,869)		(20,177)		34,692	
Fund balance at beginning of year		114,013		114,013		114,013		-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		18		18	-	18	-		
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$	(15,838)	\$	59,162	\$	93,854	\$	34,692	

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### ROAD MAINTENANCE FUND

	Ori	Budgeted ginal	Amounts Fir		A	Actual	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
Revenues:								
Licenses and permits	\$		\$		\$	2,000	\$	2,000
Total revenues		-		-		2,000		2,000
Net change in fund balance		-		-		2,000		2,000
Fund balance at beginning of year								
Fund balance at end of year	\$		\$		\$	2,000	\$	2,000

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### LOCAL CORONAVIRUS RELIEF FUND

		Budgeted	Amoun	ts			Varian Final I Posi	Budget
	o	riginal		Final	58,950 59,850		(Negative)	
Expenditures:				<u> </u>			-	
Current:								
Public safety								
Operating	\$	-	\$	900	\$	900	\$	-
Capital outlay		59,850		58,950		58,950		
Total expenditures		59,850		59,850		59,850		
Net change in fund balance		(59,850)		(59,850)		(59,850)		-
Fund balance at beginning of year		-		-		-		_
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		59,850		59,850		59,850		
Fund balance at end of year	\$		\$		\$		\$	

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

### COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT FUND (CDBG)

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual	Fi	ariance with inal Budget Positive Negative)	
Revenues:	Originar				 		(Troguerro)
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	2,328,759	\$ 797,148	\$	(1,531,611)
Other		-		75,888	25,977		(49,911)
Total revenues		-		2,404,647	823,125		(1,581,522)
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Community environment							
Operating		1,305,880		1,976,264	 753,922		1,222,342
Total expenditures		1,305,880		1,976,264	 753,922		1,222,342
Net change in fund balance		(1,305,880)		428,383	69,203		(359,180)
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year		(682,071)		(682,071)	(682,071)		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		253,690		253,690	 253,690		
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$	(1,734,261)	\$	2	\$ (359,178)	\$	(359,180)

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### REVOLVING LOAN FUND

	 Budgeted	Amour	nts		Fin	iance with al Budget Positive	
	 Original		Final	 Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues:							
Investment income	\$ 3,389	\$	3,389	\$ 1,531	\$	(1,858)	
Other	 146,611		146,611	 66,230		(80,381)	
Total revenues	 150,000		150,000	 67,761		(82,239)	
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Community environment							
Operating	 150,115		150,115	 13,870		136,245	
Total expenditures	 150,115		150,115	 13,870		136,245	
Net change in fund balance	(115)		(115)	53,891		54,006	
Fund balance at beginning of year	 222,289		222,289	 222,289			
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 222,174	\$	222,174	\$ 276,180	\$	54,006	

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### TAX INCREMENT FINANCING FUND

		Budgeted	Amoun	ts			Variance with Final Budget Positive				
	Original			Final	1	Actual	(N	egative)			
Revenues:											
Intergovernmental	\$	75,000	\$	75,000	\$	25,612	\$	(49,388)			
Total revenues		75,000		75,000		25,612		(49,388)			
Expenditures:											
Current:											
Community environment											
Operating		11,000		11,000		298		10,702			
Total expenditures		11,000		11,000		298		10,702			
Net change in fund balance		64,000		64,000		25,314		(38,686)			
Fund balance at beginning of year		42,978		42,978	-	42,978					
Fund balance at end of year	\$	106,978	\$	106,978	\$	68,292	\$	(38,686)			

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### PROJECT IMPACT FUND

	Budgeted Amounts  Original Final				Actual	Fin:	iance with al Budget ositive egative)
Revenues:							
Other	\$		\$	25,000	\$ _	\$	(25,000)
Total revenues	-	-		25,000	 		(25,000)
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Community environment							
Operating		45,804		45,804	640		45,164
Total expenditures		45,804		45,804	640		45,164
Net change in fund balance		(45,804)		(20,804)	(640)		20,164
Fund balance at beginning of year		36,538		36,538	36,538		_
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		804		804	 804		
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$	(8,462)	\$	16,538	\$ 36,702	\$	20,164

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### **BEAUTIFICATION FUND**

		Budgeted	Amou			A -41	Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
D		<u>Original</u>		Final		Actual	(1)	egative)
Revenues:	Ф	112 000	Φ.	112 000	Φ.	104.515	Φ.	(5.405)
Donations	\$	112,000	\$	112,000	\$	104,515	\$	(7,485)
Other		5,000		5,000	-	617		(4,383)
Total revenues		117,000		117,000		105,132		(11,868)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Leisure time activities								
Personal services		47,782		47,782		27,956		19,826
Operating		92,194		92,194		83,426		8,768
Capital outlay		20,000		20,000		20,000		· -
Total expenditures		159,976		159,976		131,382		28,594
Excess of expenditures over revenues		(42,976)		(42,976)		(26,250)		16,726
Other financing sources:								
Transfers in		10,000		10,000		10,000		_
Total other financing sources		10,000		10,000		10,000		-
Net change in fund balance		(32,976)		(32,976)		(16,250)		16,726
Fund balance at beginning of year		92,146		92,146		92,146		_
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		2,944		2,944		2,944		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	62,114	\$	62,114	\$	78,840	\$	16,726

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### SENIOR CENTER TRUST FUND

		Budgeted	Amoun	nts			Fina	ance with al Budget
	0	riginal		Final	Actual		Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:			-					<i>y</i>
Charges for services	\$	13,530	\$	13,530	\$	4,676	\$	(8,854)
Investment income		674		674		233		(441)
Contributions and donations		10,793		10,793		3,730		(7,063)
Other		3		3		1_		(2)
Total revenues		25,000		25,000		8,640		(16,360)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Leisure time activities								
Personal services		4,778		4,778		-		4,778
Operating		18,820		18,820		6,799		12,021
Total expenditures		23,598		23,598		6,799		16,799
Net change in fund balance		1,402		1,402		1,841		439
Fund balance at beginning of year		36,400		36,400		36,400		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	37,802	\$	37,802	\$	38,241	\$	439

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### FIRE PENSION FUND

		Budgeted	Amoui	nts			Final	nce with Budget sitive
	Original			Final	Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:								<u> </u>
Property and other taxes	\$	103,561	\$	104,199	\$	104,566	\$	367
Intergovernmental		15,099		15,192		15,246		54
Total revenues		118,660		119,391		119,812		421
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government								
Operating		2,000		2,000		1,782		218
Public safety								
Personal services		100,000		100,000		100,000		_
Total expenditures		102,000		102,000		101,782		218
Net change in fund balance		16,660		17,391		18,030		639
Fund balance at beginning of year		15,540		15,540		15,540		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	32,200	\$	32,931	\$	33,570	\$	639

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### POLICE PENSION FUND

		Budgeted	Amour	nts			Final	nce with Budget sitive
	Original			Final	Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:								<del></del>
Property and other taxes	\$	103,561	\$	104,199	\$	104,566	\$	367
Intergovernmental		15,099		15,192		15,246		54
Total revenues		118,660		119,391		119,812		421
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government								
Operating		2,000		2,000		1,782		218
Public safety								
Personal services		100,000		100,000		100,000		-
Total expenditures		102,000		102,000	-	101,782	-	218
Net change in fund balance		16,660		17,391		18,030		639
Fund balance at beginning of year		14,521		14,521		14,521		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	31,181	\$	31,912	\$	32,551	\$	639

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

### COURT SPECIAL PROJECTS OPERATING FUND

		Budgeted	Amou	nts		Fina	ance with al Budget ositive
	C	)riginal		Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:							<u> </u>
Fines and forfeitures	\$	547,421	\$	547,421	\$ 592,856	\$	45,435
Other		79		79	 86		7
Total revenues		547,500		547,500	 592,942		45,442
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government							
Personal services		75,840		75,840	74,645		1,195
Operating		485,500		485,500	 465,700		19,800
Total expenditures		561,340		561,340	 540,345		20,995
Net change in fund balance		(13,840)		(13,840)	52,597		66,437
Fund balance at beginning of year		180,397		180,397	180,397		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		5,500		5,500	 5,500		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	172,057	\$	172,057	\$ 238,494	\$	66,437

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### COMPUTER LEGAL RESEARCH FUND

		Budgeted	Amoun	ts		Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	O	riginal		Final		Actual		egative)
Revenues:								
Fines and forfeitures	\$	32,000	\$	32,000	\$	31,762	\$	(238)
Total revenues		32,000		32,000		31,762		(238)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government								
Personal services		5,975		7,175		5,887		1,288
Operating		65,122		65,122		35,354		29,768
Total expenditures		71,097		72,297		41,241		31,056
Net change in fund balance		(39,097)		(40,297)		(9,479)		30,818
Fund balance at beginning of year		102,955		102,955		102,955		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		8,122		8,122		8,122		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	71,980	\$	70,780	\$	101,598	\$	30,818

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

### BUSINESS INCENTIVE PROGRAM FUND

		Budgeted	Amoun	ts		Fin	iance with al Budget Positive	
	Original			Final	 Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues:								
Other	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	\$ -	\$	(10,000)	
Total revenues		10,000		10,000			(10,000)	
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Community environment								
Operating		31,000		31,000	-	\$	31,000	
Total expenditures		31,000		31,000	 -		31,000	
Net change in fund balance		(21,000)		(21,000)	-		21,000	
Fund balance at beginning of year		45,250		45,250	 45,250			
Fund balance at end of year	\$	24,250	\$	24,250	\$ 45,250	\$	21,000	

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

### VACANT PROPERTY REGISTRATION FUND

		Budgeted	Amoun	nts			Fina	ance with Il Budget ositive
	O	Original		Final	Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:								
Charges for services	\$	19,996	\$	19,996	\$	14,450	\$	(5,546)
Other		4		4		3		(1)
Total revenues		20,000		20,000		14,453		(5,547)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Community environment								
Personal services		29,320		39,320		32,936		6,384
Operating		10,036		10,036		3,165		6,871
Total expenditures		39,356		49,356		36,101		13,255
Net change in fund balance		(19,356)		(29,356)		(21,648)		7,708
Fund balance at beginning of year		103,443		103,443		103,443		_
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		3,536		3,536		3,536		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	87,623	\$	77,623	\$	85,331	\$	7,708

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

### ${\it GENERAL~OBLIGATION~BOND~RETIREMENT~FUND}$

		Budgeted	Amour	nts			Fina	ance with I Budget ositive
		)riginal		Final		Actual	(Ne	egative)
Expenditures:								
Debt service:								
Debt issuance costs	\$	20,000	\$	20,000	\$	13,548	\$	6,452
Total expenditures		20,000		20,000		13,548		6,452
•						·	-	
Excess of expenditures over revenues		(20,000)		(20,000)		(13,548)		6,452
1								
Other financing sources:								
Premium on debt issuance		10.000		10,000		14,275		4,275
Total other financing sources		10,000		10,000		14,275		4,275
Total other intanents sources	-	10,000		10,000		11,273		1,273
Net change in fund balance		(10,000)		(10,000)		727		10,727
ret change in fund balance		(10,000)		(10,000)		121		10,727
Fund balance at beginning of year		42,331		42,331		42,331		
runu varance at beginning or year		42,331		42,331		42,331		<u>-</u>
Fund halance at and of year	¢	22 221	¢	22 221	¢	12.059	¢	10.727
Fund balance at end of year	Φ	32,331	\$	32,331	Φ	43,058	Φ	10,727

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

### $INFRASTRUCTURE\ IMPROVEMENT\ RESERVE\ FUND$

		Budgeted	Amou	nts			Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:								
Investment income	\$	2,000	\$	2,000	\$	7,882	\$	5,882
Total revenues		2,000		2,000		7,882		5,882
Expenditures:								
Capital outlay:								
Operating		1,000		1,250		1,135		115
Total expenditures		1,000		1,250		1,135		115
Excess of revenues over expenditures		1,000		750		6,747		5,997
Other financing sources:								
Transfers in		-		-		400,000		400,000
Total other financing sources		-		-		400,000		400,000
Net change in fund balance		1,000		750		406,747		405,997
Fund balance at beginning of year		1,055,956		1,055,956		1,055,956		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	1,056,956	\$	1,056,706	\$	1,462,703	\$	405,997

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

### STREET CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS FUND

	————	Budgeted ginal	Amou	nts Final		Actual	Fin I	iance with al Budget Positive Jegative)
Revenues:		gmai		rmai		Actual		regative
Municipal income taxes	\$	542,739	\$	542,739	\$	1,446,817	\$	904,078
Intergovernmental	Ψ	17,261	Ψ	17,261	Ψ	46,014	Ψ	28,753
Total revenues		560,000		560,000		1,492,831		932,831
Expenditures:								
Capital outlay:								
Operating		40,600		50,600		44,954		5,646
Capital outlay	1	,144,184		1,144,184		1,096,584		47,600
Debt service:		, , -		, , -		,,		.,
Principal retirement	1	,270,000		1,270,000		1,270,000		-
Interest and fiscal charges		61,543		61,543		61,543		-
Total expenditures	2	,516,327		2,526,327		2,473,081		53,246
Excess of expenditures over revenues	(1	,956,327)		(1,966,327)		(980,250)		986,077
Other financing sources:								
Note issuance		340,000		740,000		740,000		-
Total other financing sources		340,000		740,000		740,000		-
Net change in fund balance	(1	,616,327)		(1,226,327)		(240,250)		986,077
Fund balance at beginning of year	1	,038,374		1,038,374		1,038,374		_
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		204,184		204,184		204,184		
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$	(373,769)	\$	16,231	\$	1,002,308	\$	986,077

#### INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES FUND DESCRIPTIONS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

#### ENTERPRISE FUNDS

To account for the financing of costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis that are financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

#### **Major Enterprise Funds**

#### Water Fund

This fund accounts for revenues generated from the charges for the treatment and provision of water to the residents and commercial users of the City.

#### Sewer Fund

This fund accounts for the sanitary sewer services provided to the residents and commercial users of the City. The costs of providing these services are financed primarily through user charges.

#### Solid Waste Fund

This fund accounts for refuse and recycling collection services provided to residential users within the City.

#### **Nonmajor Enterprise Funds**

#### Storm Water Fund

This fund accounts for the storm drainage runoff services provided to the residents and commercial users of the City. The costs of providing these services are financed primarily through user charges.

#### Lighting Fund

This fund accounts for the revenues and expenses related to the operations of the City's street lighting program.

#### INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

To account for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City on a cost-reimbursement basis.

#### Health Insurance Fund

This fund accounts for the costs of medical benefits provided to the City's employees.

#### **Internal Allocation Fund**

This fund accounts for the cost of postage and gasoline used by City departments and outside sources.

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

Section   Sect		Storm Water	1	Lighting	Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		
Equity in pooled cash and investments.         \$ 1,034,412         \$ 126,919         \$ 1,161,331           Receivables:         Accounts         67,815         32,434         100,249           Intergovernmental         26,120         -         26,120           Prepayments         2,089         -         2,089           Total current assets         1,130,436         159,353         1,289,789           Noncurrent Assets:         -         8,478         386         6,864           Net OPEB set         29,493         1,759         31,252           Capital assets:         3,77,892         -         377,892           Depreciable capital assets, net         2,471,689         31,720         2,503,090           Total noncurrent assets         2,885,552         33,865         2,919,417           Total assets         4,015,988         193,218         4,209,206           Deferred outflows of resources           Evension         39,640         13,729         53,369           OPEB         15,228         8,345         23,573           Total deferred outflows of resources         54,868         22,074         76,942           Lishifites           Current payabl	Assets:	 					
Accounts         67,815         32,434         100,249           Intergovernmental         26,120         -         26,120           Prepayments         2,089         -         2,089           Total current assets         1,130,436         159,353         1,289,789           Noncurrent Assets         8         6,684           Net pension asset         6,478         386         6,864           Net OPEB asset         29,493         1,759         31,252           Capital assets         377,892         -         377,892           Depreciable capital assets, net         2,471,689         31,720         2,503,409           Total noncurrent assets         2,885,552         33,865         2,919,417           Total assets         4,015,988         193,218         4,209,206           Deferred outflows of resources           Ension         39,640         13,729         53,369           OPEB         15,228         8,345         23,573           Total deferred outflows of resources         54,868         22,074         76,942           Liabilities         2         2,434         21,323         23,757           Accounts payable         2,434         21,323	Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 1,034,412	\$	126,919	\$	1,161,331	
Noncurrent Assets:         6,478         3.86         6,864           Net OPEB asset.         29,493         1,759         31,252           Capital assets:         377,892         377,892         377,892         2,503,409           Depreciable capital assets, net         2,471,689         31,720         2,503,409           Total noncurrent assets         2,885,552         33,865         2,919,417           Total assets         4,015,988         193,218         4,209,206           Deferred outflows of resources:           Pension         39,640         13,729         53,369           OPEB         15,228         8,345         23,573           Total deferred outflows of resources         54,868         22,074         76,942           Liabilities:         Current liabilities:         2         2         4,074         76,942           Liabilities:         3,820         254         4,074<	Accounts	 26,120		32,434		26,120	
Net pension asset         6,478         386         6,864           Net OPEB asset         29,493         1,759         31,252           Capital assets:         377,892         377,892         377,892           Depreciable capital assets, net         2,471,689         31,720         2,503,409           Total noncurrent assets         2,885,552         33,865         2,919,417           Total assets         4,015,988         193,218         4,209,206           Deferred outflows of resources:           Pension         39,640         13,729         53,369           OPEB         15,228         8,345         23,573           Total deferred outflows of resources         54,868         20,074         76,942           Liabilities:         2         2,434         21,323         23,757           Accounts payable         2,434         21,323         23,757           Accounts payable         3,820         254         4,074           Accrued interest payable         749         49         798           Accrued interest payable         20,000         20,000         20,000           Current portion of compensated absences         23,45         22,907         261,057           L	Total current assets	 1,130,436		159,353		1,289,789	
Nondepreciable capital assets.         377,892         377,892         377,892         2,503,409           Depreciable capital assets, net         2,471,689         31,720         2,503,409           Total noncurrent assets         2,885,552         33,865         2,919,417           Total assets         4,015,988         193,218         4,209,206           Deferred outflows of resources:           Pension         39,640         13,729         53,369           OPEB         15,228         8,345         23,573           Total deferred outflows of resources         54,868         22,074         76,942           Liabilities:           Current liabilities:         3,820         254         4,074           Accroud syages and benefits         3,820         254         4,074           Intergovernmental payable         749         49         798           Accrued interest payable         8,104         -         8,104           Notes payable         200,000         -         200,000           Current portion of compensated absences         23,043         1,281         24,324           Total current liabilities:         238,150         22,907         261,057           Long-term liabilitie	Net pension asset						
Total assets.         4,015,988         193,218         4,209,206           Deferred outflows of resources:         2           Pension         39,640         13,729         53,369           OPEB         15,228         8,345         23,573           Total deferred outflows of resources         54,868         22,074         76,942           Liabilities:         Current liabilities:           Current liabilities:         Accounts payable         2,434         21,323         23,757           Accounts payable         2,434         21,323         23,757           Accrued wages and benefits         3,820         254         4,074           Intergovernmental payable         749         49         798           Accrued interest payable         8,104         -         8,104           Notes payable         200,000         -         200,000           Current portion of compensated absences         23,413         1,281         24,324           Total current liabilities         238,150         22,907         261,057           Long-term liabilities         309,220         18,215         327,635           Total long-term liabilities         309,220         18,215         327,635 <t< td=""><td>Nondepreciable capital assets</td><td></td><td></td><td>31,720</td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Nondepreciable capital assets			31,720			
Deferred outflows of resources:           Pension         39,640         13,729         53,369           OPEB         15,228         8,345         23,573           Total deferred outflows of resources         54,868         22,074         76,942           Liabilities:           Current liabilities:         3,820         254         4,074           Accrued wages and benefits         3,820         254         4,074           Intergovernmental payable         749         49         798           Accrued interest payable         8,104         -         8,104           Notes payable         200,000         -         200,000           Current portion of compensated absences         23,043         1,281         24,324           Total current liabilities         238,150         22,907         261,057           Long-term liabilities         309,420         18,215         327,635           Total long-term liabilities         309,420         18,215         327,635           Total liabilities         547,570         41,122         588,692           Deferred inflows of resources           Pension         113,813         26,390         140,203           OPEB	Total noncurrent assets	 2,885,552		33,865		2,919,417	
Pension         39,640         13,729         53,369           OPEB         15,228         8,345         23,573           Total deferred outflows of resources         54,868         22,074         76,942           Liabilities:           Current liabilities:           Accounts payable         2,434         21,323         23,757           Accrued wages and benefits         3,820         254         4,074           Intergovernmental payable         749         49         798           Accrued interest payable         8,104         -         8,104           Notes payable         200,000         -         200,000           Current portion of compensated absences         23,043         1,281         24,324           Total current liabilities         238,150         22,907         261,057           Long-term liabilities         58,496         3,251         61,747           Net pension liability         250,924         14,964         265,888           Total long-term liabilities         309,420         18,215         327,635           Total liabilities         547,570         41,122         588,692           Deferred inflows of resources         206,189         43,	Total assets	 4,015,988		193,218		4,209,206	
OPEB         15,228         8,345         23,573           Total deferred outflows of resources         54,868         22,074         76,942           Liabilities:           Current liabilities:         3         2         2           Accounts payable         2,434         21,323         23,757           Accrued wages and benefits         3,820         254         4,074           Intergovernmental payable         749         49         798           Accrued interest payable         200,000         -         8,104           Notes payable         200,000         -         200,000           Current portion of compensated absences         23,043         1,281         24,324           Total current liabilities         238,150         22,907         261,057           Long-term liabilities         238,150         22,907         261,057           Long-term liabilities         309,420         18,215         327,635           Total long-term liabilities         309,420         18,215         327,635           Total liabilities         547,570         41,122         588,692           Deferred inflows of resources           Pension         113,813         26,390         1	Deferred outflows of resources:						
Liabilities:         Current liabilities:       2,434       21,323       23,757         Accounts payable       2,434       21,323       23,757         Accrued wages and benefits       3,820       254       4,074         Intergovernmental payable       749       49       798         Accrued interest payable       8,104       -       8,104         Notes payable       200,000       -       200,000         Current portion of compensated absences       23,043       1,281       24,324         Total current liabilities       2238,150       22,907       261,057         Long-term liabilities:       22,907       261,057         Compensated absences       58,496       3,251       61,747         Net pension liability       250,924       14,964       265,888         Total long-term liabilities       309,420       18,215       327,635         Total liabilities       347,570       41,122       588,692         Deferred inflows of resources:         Pension       113,813       26,390       140,203         OPEB       92,376       17,522       109,898         Total deferred inflows of resources       206,189       43,912							
Current liabilities:         2,434         21,323         23,757           Accrued wages and benefits         3,820         254         4,074           Intergovernmental payable         749         49         798           Accrued interest payable         8,104         -         8,104           Notes payable         200,000         -         200,000           Current portion of compensated absences         23,043         1,281         24,324           Total current liabilities         238,150         22,907         261,057           Long-term liabilities:         200,000         3,251         61,747           Net pension liability         250,924         14,964         265,888           Total long-term liabilities         309,420         18,215         327,635           Total liabilities         547,570         41,122         588,692           Deferred inflows of resources:           Pension         113,813         26,390         140,203           OPEB         92,376         17,522         109,898           Total deferred inflows of resources         206,189         43,912         250,101           Net investment in capital assets         2,649,581         31,720         2,681,301	Total deferred outflows of resources	 54,868		22,074		76,942	
Accrued wages and benefits       3,820       254       4,074         Intergovernmental payable       749       49       798         Accrued interest payable       8,104       -       8,104         Notes payable       200,000       -       200,000         Current portion of compensated absences       23,043       1,281       24,324         Total current liabilities       238,150       22,907       261,057         Long-term liabilities:       58,496       3,251       61,747         Net pension liability       250,924       14,964       265,888         Total long-term liabilities       309,420       18,215       327,635         Total liabilities       547,570       41,122       588,692         Deferred inflows of resources:       113,813       26,390       140,203         OPEB       92,376       17,522       109,898         Total deferred inflows of resources       206,189       43,912       250,101         Net position:       2,649,581       31,720       2,681,301         Unrestricted       667,516       98,538       766,054	Current liabilities:						
Long-term liabilities:       58,496       3,251       61,747         Net pension liability       250,924       14,964       265,888         Total long-term liabilities       309,420       18,215       327,635         Total liabilities       547,570       41,122       588,692         Deferred inflows of resources:         Pension       113,813       26,390       140,203         OPEB       92,376       17,522       109,898         Total deferred inflows of resources       206,189       43,912       250,101         Net position:       Net investment in capital assets       2,649,581       31,720       2,681,301         Unrestricted       667,516       98,538       766,054	Accrued wages and benefits	3,820 749 8,104 200,000		254 49 -		4,074 798 8,104 200,000	
Compensated absences.       58,496       3,251       61,747         Net pension liability       250,924       14,964       265,888         Total long-term liabilities       309,420       18,215       327,635         Total liabilities       547,570       41,122       588,692         Deferred inflows of resources:         Pension       113,813       26,390       140,203         OPEB       92,376       17,522       109,898         Total deferred inflows of resources       206,189       43,912       250,101         Net position:       Net investment in capital assets       2,649,581       31,720       2,681,301         Unrestricted       667,516       98,538       766,054	Total current liabilities	238,150		22,907		261,057	
Deferred inflows of resources:         Pension       113,813       26,390       140,203         OPEB       92,376       17,522       109,898         Total deferred inflows of resources       206,189       43,912       250,101         Net position:       Net investment in capital assets       2,649,581       31,720       2,681,301         Unrestricted       667,516       98,538       766,054	Compensated absences	58,496 250,924		14,964		265,888	
Pension       113,813       26,390       140,203         OPEB       92,376       17,522       109,898         Total deferred inflows of resources       206,189       43,912       250,101         Net position:         Net investment in capital assets       2,649,581       31,720       2,681,301         Unrestricted       667,516       98,538       766,054	Total liabilities	 547,570		41,122		588,692	
OPEB         92,376         17,522         109,898           Total deferred inflows of resources         206,189         43,912         250,101           Net position:           Net investment in capital assets         2,649,581         31,720         2,681,301           Unrestricted         667,516         98,538         766,054	Deferred inflows of resources:						
Net position:         2,649,581         31,720         2,681,301           Unrestricted.         667,516         98,538         766,054							
Net investment in capital assets.       2,649,581       31,720       2,681,301         Unrestricted.       667,516       98,538       766,054	Total deferred inflows of resources	 206,189		43,912		250,101	
	Net investment in capital assets						
		\$ -	\$		\$	,	

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

		Storm Water		Lighting	Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		
Operating revenues:	Ф	700.255	Ф	270.007	Ф	1 167 440	
Charges for services	\$	789,355	\$	378,087	\$	1,167,442	
Special assessments		222		657		657	
Other		223		28		251	
Total operating revenues		789,578		378,772		1,168,350	
Operating expenses:							
Personal services		227,199		16,042		243,241	
Contract services		118,940		-		118,940	
Materials and supplies		107,448		313,817		421,265	
Depreciation		305,222		1,113	-	306,335	
Total operating expenses		758,809		330,972		1,089,781	
Operating income (loss)		30,769		47,800		78,569	
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):							
Interest expense and fiscal charges		(14,556)		-		(14,556)	
Intergovernmental		26,120				26,120	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		11,564				11,564	
Changes in net position		42,333		47,800		90,133	
Net position at beginning of year		3,274,764		82,458		3,357,222	
Net position at end of year	\$	3,317,097	\$	130,258	\$	3,447,355	

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

		Storm Water		Lighting		Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
Cash flows from operating activities:  Cash received from customers	\$	792,813	\$	380,491	\$	1,173,304
Cash received from other operations	Ф	499	Ф	69	Ф	568
Cash payments for personal services		(306,794)		(18,371)		(325,165)
Cash payments for contract services		(118,906)		-		(118,906)
Cash payments for materials and supplies		(105,043)		(308,559)		(413,602)
Cash payments for interfund services		(106,602)		(4,282)		(110,884)
Net cash provided by operating activities		155,967		49,348		205,315
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:						
Intergovernmental grants		26,550		-		26,550
Net cash provided by noncapital						
financing activities		26,550		-		26,550
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:						
Acquisition of capital assets		(714,968)		-		(714,968)
Principal retirement		(400,000)		-		(400,000)
Interest expense and fiscal charges		(15,000)		-		(15,000)
Note issuance		200,000				200,000
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		(929,968)				(929,968)
Net decrease in cash and investments		(747,451)		49,348		(698,103)
Cash and investments at beginning of year		1,781,863		77,571		1,859,434
Cash and investments at end of year	\$	1,034,412	\$	126,919	\$	1,161,331
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:						
Operating income (loss)	\$	30,769	\$	47,800	\$	78,569
Adjustments: Depreciation		305,222		1,113		306,335
Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources,						
Accounts receivable		3,458		1,747		5,205
Intergovernmental receivable		276		41		317
Prepayments		34		-		34
Net OPER goest		(974)		423		(551)
Net OPEB asset		(29,493) 30,364		(1,759) 25,898		(31,252) 56,262
Deferred outflows - OPEB		33,660		15,304		48,964
Accounts payable		2,405		5,258		7,663
Accrued wages and benefits		804		(344)		460
Intergovernmental payable		80		(74)		6
Compensated absences payable		729		(7,373)		(6,644)
Net pension liability		(80,020)		(33,698)		(113,718)
Net OPEB liability		(227,912) 32,251		(33,512) 15,773		(261,424) 48,024
Deferred inflows - OPEB		54,314		12,751		67,065
Net cash provided by						
operating activities	\$	155,967	\$	49,348	\$	205,315

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### WATER FUND

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Operating revenues:					
Charges for services	\$ 6,646,719	\$ 6,646,719	\$ 7,124,801	\$ 478,082	
Special assessments	121,150	121,150	129,864	8,714	
Other	102,126	102,126	109,471	7,345	
Total revenues	6,869,995	6,869,995	7,364,136	494,141	
Operating expenses:					
Personal services	3,748,544	3,748,544	3,205,552	542,992	
Contractual services	764,811	764,811	523,860	240,951	
Materials and supplies	1,601,662	1,601,662	1,284,195	317,467	
Other	25,878	25,878	27,367	(1,489)	
Capital outlay	1,518,213	1,618,213	1,025,048	593,165	
Total expenses	7,659,108	7,759,108	6,066,022	1,693,086	
Operating income (loss)	(789,113)	(889,113)	1,298,114	2,187,227	
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):  Debt service:					
Principal retirement	(1,237,970)	(1,531,468)	(1,368,649)	162,819	
Interest and fiscal charges	-	(406,311)	(403,012)	3,299	
Debt issuance costs	-	(191)	(191)	-	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(1,237,970)	(1,937,970)	(1,771,852)	166,118	
Net loss before capital contributions	(2,027,083)	(2,827,083)	(473,738)	2,353,345	
Capital contributions	38,505	38,505	41,275	2,770	
Net change in fund equity	(1,988,578)	(2,788,578)	(432,463)	2,356,115	
Fund equity at beginning of year	5,121,425	5,121,425	5,121,425	-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	1,051,797	1,051,797	1,051,797		
Fund equity at end of year	\$ 4,184,644	\$ 3,384,644	\$ 5,740,759	\$ 2,356,115	

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY- BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### SEWER FUND

	Budgete	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
	Original	Final	Actual		
Operating revenues:					
Charges for services	\$ 5,179,742	\$ 5,109,682	\$ 5,460,380	\$ 350,698	
Special assessments	14,419	14,224	15,200	976	
Other	1,844	1,818	1,943	125	
Total revenues	5,196,005	5,125,724	5,477,523	351,799	
Operating expenses:					
Personal services	2,964,654	2,964,654	2,715,339	249,315	
Contractual services	1,232,958	1,284,791	877,002	407,789	
Materials and supplies	1,134,451	1,182,143	945,315	236,828	
Other	11,288	11,763	6,352	5,411	
Capital outlay	872,538	1,635,471	1,388,803	246,668	
Total expenses	6,215,889	7,078,822	5,932,811	1,146,011	
Operating loss	(1,019,884)	(1,953,098)	(455,288)	1,497,810	
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):					
Note issuance	-	450,000	450,000	-	
Loan issuance	531,398	526,622	560,189	33,567	
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	(1,688,725)	(1,479,424)	(1,383,946)	95,478	
Interest and fiscal charges	-	(261,522)	(233,351)	28,171	
Debt issuance costs		(191)	(191)		
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(1,157,327)	(764,515)	(607,299)	157,216	
Net loss before capital contributions	(2,177,211)	(2,717,613)	(1,062,587)	1,655,026	
Capital contributions	852,598	1,092,999	898,792	(194,207)	
Net change in fund equity	(1,324,613)	(1,624,614)	(163,795)	1,460,819	
Fund equity at beginning of year	1,081,015	1,081,015	1,081,015	-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	1,035,999	1,035,999	1,035,999		
Fund equity at end of year	\$ 792,401	\$ 492,400	\$ 1,953,219	\$ 1,460,819	

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### SOLID WASTE FUND

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget Positive	
		Original	Final		Actual		(Negative)	
Operating revenues:								
Charges for services	\$	2,044,504	\$	2,044,504	\$	2,441,102	\$	396,598
Special assessments		3,160		3,160		3,773		613
Other		2,336		2,336		2,789		453
Total revenues		2,050,000		2,050,000		2,447,664		397,664
Operating expenses:								
Personal services		263,694		263,694		225,601		38,093
Contractual services		2,368,703		2,368,703		2,329,185		39,518
Materials and supplies		26,485		26,485		7,559		18,926
Total expenses		2,658,882		2,658,882		2,562,345		96,537
Net change in fund equity		(608,882)		(608,882)		(114,681)		494,201
Fund equity at beginning of year		1,708,328		1,708,328		1,708,328		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		171,329		171,329		171,329		
Fund equity at end of year	\$	1,270,775	\$	1,270,775	\$	1,764,976	\$	494,201

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### STORM WATER FUND

	<b>Budgeted Amounts</b>						Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)	
Operating revenues:								
Charges for services	\$	821,957	\$	821,957	\$	792,813	\$	(29,144)
Other		517		517		499		(18)
Total revenues		822,474		822,474		793,312		(29,162)
Operating expenses:								
Personal services		418,687		423,687		413,947		9,740
Contractual services		97,663		97,663		60,616		37,047
Materials and supplies		138,623		138,623		121,717		16,906
Capital outlay		1,432,531		1,432,531		969,512		463,019
Total expenses		2,087,504	-	2,092,504	-	1,565,792		526,712
Operating loss		(1,265,030)		(1,270,030)		(772,480)	-	497,550
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):								
Intergovernmental		27,526		27,526		26,550		(976)
Principal retirement		(400,000)		(400,000)		(400,000)		-
Interest and fiscal charges		(15,000)		(15,000)		(15,000)		-
Note issuance		200,000		200,000		200,000		-
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(187,474)		(187,474)		(188,450)		(976)
Net change in fund equity		(1,452,504)		(1,457,504)		(960,930)		496,574
Fund equity at beginning of year		953,437		953,437		953,437		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		823,217		823,217		823,217		
Fund equity at end of year	\$	324,150	\$	319,150	\$	815,724	\$	496,574

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### LIGHTING FUND

	 Budgeted	Amou	nts			Fina	ance with al Budget ositive
	 Original	Final		Actual		(Negative)	
Operating revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 334,361	\$	334,361	\$	379,834	\$	45,473
Special assessments	578		578		657		79
Other	61		61		69		8
Total revenues	 335,000		335,000		380,560		45,560
Operating expenses:							
Personal services	21,842		22,842		22,247		595
Materials and supplies	322,330		322,330		317,519		4,811
Capital outlay	200,000		-		-		-
Total expenses	 544,172		345,172	-	339,766		5,406
Net change in fund equity	(209,172)		(10,172)		40,794		50,966
Fund equity at beginning of year	61,474		61,474		61,474		_
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	 15,330		15,330		15,330		
Fund equity (deficit) at end of year	\$ (132,368)	\$	66,632	\$	117,598	\$	50,966

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Health Internal Insurance Allocation				Total Internal Service Funds		
Assets:							
Current assets:  Equity in pooled cash and investments  Receivables:	\$	1,419,350	\$	104,802	\$	1,524,152	
Accounts				7,997		7,997	
Total assets		1,419,350		112,799		1,532,149	
Liabilities: Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable		-		103,737		103,737	
Claims payable		235,047				235,047	
Total liabilities		235,047		103,737		338,784	
Net position:							
Unrestricted		1,184,303		9,062		1,193,365	
Total net position	\$	1,184,303	\$	9,062	\$	1,193,365	

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	I	Health Insurance		Internal Allocation	Total Internal Servic Funds		
Operating revenues:				_		_	
Charges for services	\$	4,429,517	\$	641,812	\$	5,071,329	
Other	-	3,780				3,780	
Total operating revenues		4,433,297		641,812		5,075,109	
Operating expenses:							
Personal services		-		201,289		201,289	
Contract services		51,957		10,314		62,271	
Materials and supplies		-		525,651		525,651	
Claims		3,947,524		-		3,947,524	
Other		6,493				6,493	
Total operating expenses		4,005,974		737,254		4,743,228	
Operating income (loss) before transfers		427,323		(95,442)		331,881	
Transfers in				40,000		40,000	
Changes in net position		427,323		(55,442)		371,881	
Net position at beginning of year		756,980	-	64,504		821,484	
Net position at end of year	\$	1,184,303	\$	9,062	\$	1,193,365	

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

				Total	
	Health Insurance	Internal Allocation	Internal Service Funds		
Cash flows from operating activities:					
Cash received from interfund services	\$ 4,429,517	\$ 639,743	\$	5,069,260	
Cash received from other operations	3,780	-		3,780	
Cash payments for personal services	-	(201,289)		(201,289)	
Cash payments for contract services	(56,957)	(10,314)		(67,271)	
Cash payments for materials and supplies	-	(437,542)		(437,542)	
Cash payments for claims	(3,961,098)	-		(3,961,098)	
Cash payments for other expenses	(6,493)	 -		(6,493)	
Net cash provided by (used in)					
operating activities	 408,749	 (9,402)		399,347	
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:					
Transfers in from other funds	 -	 40,000		40,000	
Net cash provided by noncapital					
financing activities	 	 40,000		40,000	
Net increase (decrease) in					
cash and investments	408,749	30,598		439,347	
Cash and investments at beginning of year	1,010,601	74,204		1,084,805	
Cash and investments at end of year	\$ 1,419,350	\$ 104,802	\$	1,524,152	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:					
Operating income (loss)	\$ 427,323	\$ (95,442)	\$	331,881	
Changes in assets and liabilities: Accounts receivable	(5,000)	(2,069) 88,109		(2,069) 83,109	
Claims payable	 (13,574)	 -		(13,574)	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 408,749	\$ (9,402)	\$	399,347	

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

### HEALTH INSURANCE FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

		Budgeted	Amou	nts			Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
		Original		Final	Actual		(Negative)	
Operating revenues:								
Charges for services	\$	4,346,291	\$	4,346,291	\$	4,429,517	\$	83,226
Other		3,709		3,709		3,780		71
Total revenues	-	4,350,000		4,350,000	-	4,433,297		83,297
Operating expenses:								
Contractual services		98,227		98,827		56,957		41,870
Claims		4,343,960		4,373,137		4,260,426		112,711
Other		33,190		33,413		6,493		26,920
Total expenses		4,475,377		4,505,377		4,323,876		181,501
Net change in fund equity		(125,377)		(155,377)		109,421		264,798
Fund equity at beginning of year		1,001,674		1,001,674		1,001,674		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		8,927		8,927		8,927		-
Fund equity at end of year	\$	885,224	\$	855,224	\$	1,120,022	\$	264,798

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

### INTERNAL ALLOCATION FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

		Budgeted	Amoun	ts			Variance with Final Budget		
	Original		Final		Actual		Positive (Negative)		
Operating revenues:									
Charges for services	\$	700,000	\$	700,000	\$	639,743	\$	(60,257)	
Total revenues		700,000		700,000		639,743		(60,257)	
Operating expenses:									
Personal services		187,734		208,548		201,289		7,259	
Contractual services		10,329		11,474		11,075		399	
Materials and supplies		450,954		500,285		477,064		23,221	
Total expenses		649,017		720,307	-	689,428		30,879	
Operating income (loss)		50,983		(20,307)		(49,685)		(29,378)	
Transfers in		40,000		40,000		40,000			
Net change in fund equity		90,983		19,693		(9,685)		(29,378)	
Fund equity at beginning of year		68,187		68,187		68,187		_	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		6,017		6,017		6,017			
Fund equity at end of year	\$	165,187	\$	93,897	\$	64,519	\$	(29,378)	

### INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES FUND DESCRIPTIONS - CUSTODIAL FUNDS

#### **Custodial Funds**

Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in a trust fund. These funds do not account for the City's own source revenue. The following is a description of the City's custodial funds.

#### Municipal Court Fund

To account for bonds and other resources deposited with the municipal court pending final disposition of the various cases and payments to third parties, excluding the City.

#### New Haven/Forest City Fund

This fund accounts for monies received by the City that are required to be distributed to various entities for use in constructing the New Haven development and making the associated debt payments.

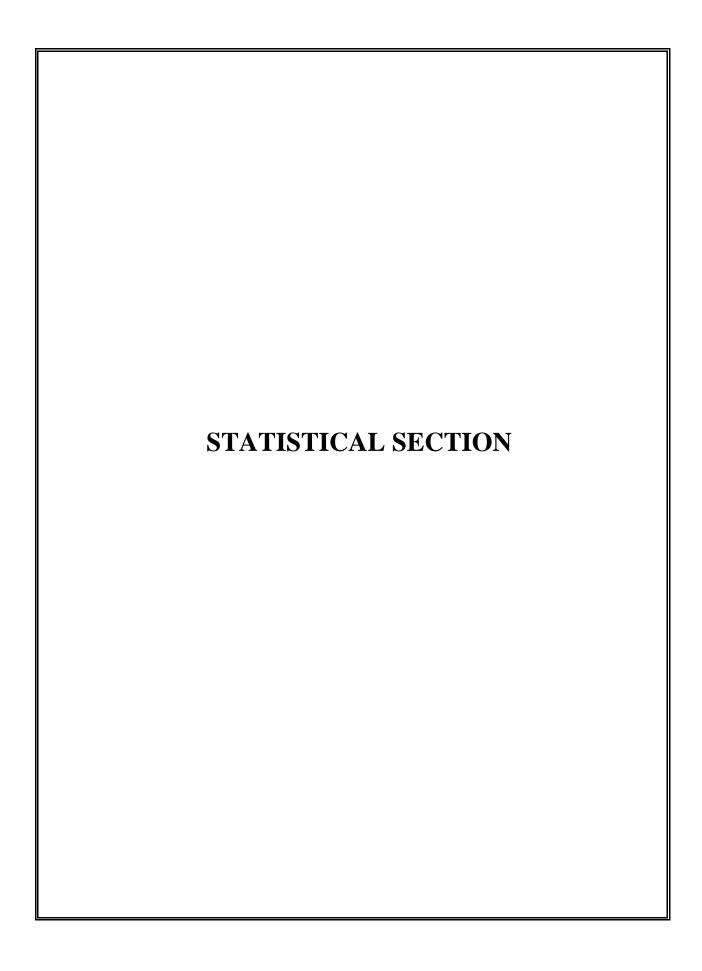
### COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

	 Municipal Court	 w Haven/ orest City	 Total Custodial Funds
Assets:  Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 240,524	\$ 22,000	\$ 22,000 240,524
Total assets	 240,524	 22,000	 262,524
Net position: Restricted for other governments and organizations.	 240,524	22,000	262,524
Total net position	\$ 240,524	\$ 22,000	\$ 262,524

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Municipal Court	New Haven/ Forest City	Total Custodial Funds
Additions:			
Fines and forfeitures for other governments	\$ 2,013,299	\$ -	\$ 2,013,299
Total additions	2,013,299		2,013,299
<b>Deductions:</b> Fines and forfeitures distributed to other governments .	1,940,798		1,940,798
Total deductions	1,940,798		1,940,798
Change in net position	72,501	-	72,501
Net position at beginning of year	168,023	22,000	190,023
Net position at end of year	\$ 240,524	\$ 22,000	\$ 262,524

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STATISTICAL SECTION TABLE OF CONTENTS

This part of the City of Barberton's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

<u>Contents</u>	<u>Page</u>
Financial Trends  These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	194-203
Revenue Capacity  These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue sources; income and property taxes.	204-211
<b>Debt Capacity</b> These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	212-219
<b>Demographic and Economic Information</b> These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	220-221
<b>Operating Information</b> These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	222-227

**Sources:** Sources are noted on the individual schedules.

### NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2021	2020	2019 (c)	2018
<b>Governmental Activities</b>	 		 	
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 29,861,348	\$ 28,753,561	\$ 28,951,487	\$ 29,233,478
Restricted for:				
Capital projects	1,408,404	1,170,587	890,040	820,986
Debt service	-	-	-	-
Transportation projects	786,226	659,602	532,274	458,500
Community development projects	1,721,727	1,818,454	114,130	84,825
Other purposes	5,632,726	5,225,074	4,344,477	4,121,910
Unrestricted (deficit)	 (14,235,839)	(17,189,074)	 (20,963,250)	(33,132,294)
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 25,174,592	\$ 20,438,204	\$ 13,869,158	\$ 1,587,405
<b>Business-type Activities</b>				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 43,552,858	\$ 44,234,736	\$ 43,220,436	\$ 42,931,202
Restricted for:				
Other purposes	190,387	190,387	253,407	321,963
Unrestricted	 6,807,569	2,239,619	 2,646,484	5,501,105
Total business-type activities net position	 50,550,814	\$ 46,664,742	\$ 46,120,327	\$ 48,754,270
Total Primary Government				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 73,414,206	\$ 72,988,297	\$ 72,171,923	\$ 72,164,680
Restricted for:				
Capital projects	1,408,404	1,170,587	890,040	820,986
Debt service	-	-	-	-
Transportation projects	786,226	659,602	532,274	458,500
Community development projects	1,721,727	1,818,454	114,130	84,825
Other purposes	5,823,113	5,415,461	4,597,884	4,443,873
Unrestricted (deficit)	 (7,428,270)	(14,949,455)	 (18,316,766)	(27,631,189)
Total primary government net position	\$ 75,725,406	\$ 67,102,946	\$ 59,989,485	\$ 50,341,675

<sup>(</sup>a) 2014 amounts have been restated to account for the implementation of GASB Statements 68 and 71.

<sup>(</sup>b) 2017 amounts have been restated to account for the implementation of GASB Statement 75.

<sup>(</sup>c) 2019 amounts have been restated to account for the implementation of GASB Statement 84.

 2017 (b)	 2016	 2015	 2014 (a)	 2013		2012
\$ 28,253,025	\$ 27,880,547	\$ 26,141,902	\$ 24,516,073	\$ 23,611,193	\$	20,259,877
702,170	1,214,315	1,667,101	1,272,184	13,989		13,978
-	372,320	371,073	384,276	387,469		388,438
368,973	333,789	156,342	487,752	325,916		673,038
52,231	61,489	103,851	232,228	156,812		90,316
4,003,306	3,437,930	3,183,731	2,773,322	2,051,785		1,667,946
 (30,188,614)	(12,235,878)	(11,295,021)	 (11,738,830)	 4,084,879		4,196,682
\$ 3,191,091	\$ 21,064,512	\$ 20,328,979	\$ 17,927,005	\$ 30,632,043	\$	27,290,275
 _		 _	_			
\$ 36,274,959	\$ 35,869,387	\$ 35,691,780	\$ 35,824,961	\$ 36,308,495	\$	36,273,472
321,963	321,963	321,963	321,963	321,963		345,427
6,194,732	10,084,263	9,913,682	8,756,671	9,425,873		8,676,308
\$ 42,791,654	\$ 46,275,613	\$ 45,927,425	\$ 44,903,595	\$ 46,056,331	\$	45,295,207
\$ 64,527,984	\$ 63,749,934	\$ 61,833,682	\$ 60,341,034	\$ 59,919,688	\$	56,533,349
702,170	1,214,315	1,667,101	1,272,184	13,989		13,978
-	372,320	371,073	384,276	387,469		388,438
368,973	333,789	156,342	487,752	325,916		673,038
52,231	61,489	103,851	232,228	156,812		90,316
4,325,269	3,759,893	3,505,694	3,095,285	2,373,748		2,013,373
(23,993,882)	(2,151,615)	 (1,381,339)	(2,982,159)	 13,510,752		12,872,990
\$ 45,982,745	\$ 67,340,125	\$ 66,256,404	\$ 62,830,600	\$ 76,688,374	\$	72,585,482
					-	

### CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2021 2020		2019	2018
Program Revenues:				
Governmental activities:				
Charges for services:				
General government	\$ 2,729,481	\$ 2,473,147	\$ 3,039,441	\$ 2,908,581
Public safety Transportation	869,830 106,928	723,477 87,615	724,899	797,712
Transportation Community environment	557,270	540,224	106,617 453,054	115,463 446,044
Leisure time activities	100,477	20,080	57,280	140,719
Operating grants and contributions	3,340,913	6,220,995	2,660,003	2,765,416
Capital grants and contributions	266,968	-	-	1,176,486
Total governmental activities program revenues	7,971,867	10,065,538	7,041,294	8,350,421
Business-type activities:				
Charges for services:				
Water	7,199,970	6,518,416	6,497,992	6,270,430
Sewer	5,435,076	5,066,082	5,136,174	5,078,913
Solid Waste	2,435,686	2,249,969	1,927,996	2,186,194
Storm Water	789,355	779,905	782,260	808,201
Lighting Capital grants and contributions	378,744 1,155,278	373,469 1,321,495	370,419 836,328	6,447,180
Total business-type activities program revenues	17,394,109	16,309,336	15,551,169	20,790,918
Total primary government	\$ 25,365,976	\$ 26,374,874	\$ 22,592,463	\$ 29,141,339
Expenses:				
Governmental activities:				
General government	\$ 4,349,392	\$ 5,392,984	\$ 6,359,185	\$ 6,460,971
Public safety	11,517,834	12,085,612	582,211	13,941,625
Transportation	2,392,205	2,534,777	2,900,686	3,053,474
Community environment Leisure time activities	1,159,030 651,798	1,304,834 858,094	998,973 1,069,725	1,817,164 1,379,825
Interest and fiscal charges	82,902	119,483	139,330	134,085
Total governmental activities expenses	20,153,161	22,295,784	12,050,110	26,787,144
Business-type activities:				
Water	5,154,094	6,128,406	7,371,419	5,977,374
Sewer	4,993,974	6,732,523	7,275,742	6,340,368
Solid Waste	2,336,923	2,373,835	2,564,958	1,817,211
Storm Water	777,126	985,745	941,397	875,458
Lighting	332,036	371,136	290,402	
Total business-type activities expenses	13,594,153	16,591,645	18,443,918	15,010,411
Total primary government	\$ 33,747,314	\$ 38,887,429	\$ 30,494,028	\$ 41,797,555
Governmental activities	\$ (12,181,294)	\$ (12,230,246)	\$ (5,008,816)	\$ (18,436,723)
Business-type activities	3,799,956	(282,309)	(2,892,749)	5,780,507
Total primary government net expense	\$ (8,381,338)	\$ (12,512,555)	\$ (7,901,565)	\$ (12,656,216)

2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	
\$ 2,885,996 698,887 116,576 397,945 148,716 2,501,122 650,158 7,399,400	\$ 2,869,310 701,689 103,035 325,641 133,140 2,783,793 756,976 7,673,584	\$ 2,612,322 801,105 88,894 578,647 118,879 2,618,738 2,620,245 9,438,830	\$ 2,643,878 654,036 82,032 242,385 117,156 2,650,831 1,268,540 7,658,858	\$ 2,574,433 703,890 90,413 306,094 95,759 4,402,420 3,016,298 11,189,307	\$ 2,133,191 743,319 85,187 316,971 103,380 4,081,718 250,412 7,714,178	
6,453,317 4,874,435 1,905,330 759,777 130,976	6,181,148 4,589,192 1,881,869 757,575 289,025 13,698,809	6,274,503 4,381,027 1,909,441 774,231 890,093	5,841,318 4,372,354 1,893,792 769,099 363,719	5,751,556 3,991,723 1,926,288 784,719 - 270,164 12,724,450	5,651,426 4,115,822 2,031,897 772,796 - 953,470 13,525,411	
\$ 21,523,235	\$ 21,372,393	\$ 23,668,125	\$ 20,899,140	\$ 23,913,757	\$ 21,239,589	
\$ 5,934,454 12,924,756 3,011,919 1,472,044 1,373,446 135,044 24,851,663	\$ 5,764,628 12,493,616 2,256,377 1,463,504 1,322,359 213,698 23,514,182	\$ 5,960,722 11,042,798 3,144,466 1,478,578 1,353,380 74,699 23,054,643	\$ 4,529,680 10,867,615 1,997,575 1,106,684 1,380,232 134,565 20,016,351	\$ 4,485,947 10,692,505 2,227,248 3,108,590 1,468,383 129,056 22,111,729	\$ 4,150,178 10,221,486 2,725,173 2,109,074 1,334,529 188,459 20,728,899	
6,267,581 6,201,994 1,864,795 837,744 	5,133,511 5,775,809 1,697,077 768,452 	5,152,707 5,559,234 1,649,099 947,090 	4,500,198 5,241,551 1,475,887 807,629 12,025,265 \$ 32,041,616 \$ (12,357,493) 1,215,017 \$ (11,142,476)	4,389,879 5,004,111 1,786,391 892,421 	4,335,601 4,987,464 1,894,645 817,705 	

-- Continued

### CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN YEARS (CONTINUED) (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2021	2020	2019	2018
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position:				
Governmental activities				
Taxes:				
Property taxes levied for:				
General purposes	\$ 1,029,144	\$ 857,807	\$ 855,304	\$ 853,300
Fire capital levy	227,595	217,179	216,972	215,861
Police pension	106,456	88,731	88,469	88,267
Fire pension	106,456	88,731	88,469	88,267
Municipal income taxes levied for:				
General purposes	11,914,875	10,930,589	11,945,594	11,995,446
Capital outlay	1,522,023	1,495,789	1,527,755	1,330,795
Grants and entitlements				
not restricted to specific programs	2,083,349	1,507,113	1,666,750	1,640,479
Investment earnings	(94,371)	577,696	775,465	348,608
Other	22,155	1,346,041	125,791	272,014
Transfers	 -	 	 	 
Total governmental activities	 16,917,682	17,109,676	 17,290,569	 16,833,037
Business-type activities				
Grants and entitlements				
not restricted to specific programs	26,120	53,100	26,550	-
Investment earnings	-	-	-	-
Other	59,996	773,624	232,256	182,109
Transfers	-	-	-	-
Total business-type activities	86,116	826,724	258,806	182,109
Total primary government	\$ 17,003,798	\$ 17,936,400	\$ 17,549,375	\$ 17,015,146
Change in Net Position:				
Governmental activities	\$ 4,736,388	\$ 4,879,430	\$ 12,281,753	\$ (1,603,686)
Business-type activities	3,886,072	544,415	(2,633,943)	5,962,616
Total primary government	\$ 8,622,460	\$ 5,423,845	\$ 9,647,810	\$ 4,358,930

15,619,587       16,576,131       16,017,787       15,364,747       14,264,190       12,984,514         26,550       21,560       21,962       18,686       -       -         -       (15,185)       18,155       6,808       35,066       6,071         104,975       17,853       62,548       56,373       74,410       14,955         5,472       -       -       -       31,146         136,997       24,228       102,665       81,867       109,476       52,172         \$ 15,756,584       \$ 16,600,359       \$ 16,120,452       \$ 15,446,614       \$ 14,373,666       \$ 13,036,686		2017		2016		2015		2014		2013		2012
218,790         211,116         214,886         212,496         211,786         211,858           87,899         84,999         86,700         85,016         84,714         84,744           87,899         84,999         86,700         85,016         84,714         84,744           11,218,426         12,218,127         11,777,925         11,105,638         11,304,650         9,913,010           1,402,821         1,534,219         1,450,801         1,315,595         -         -         -           1,247,376         1,347,149         1,327,145         1,396,374         1,574,050         1,965,699         296,114         74,208         85,109         55,658         17,499         31,249         212,021         199,589         150,347         287,063         167,686         86,748         (5,472)         -         -         (31,146)           15,619,587         16,576,131         16,017,787         15,364,747         14,264,190         12,984,514           26,550         21,560         21,962         18,686         -         -         -           -         (15,185)         18,155         6,808         35,066         6,071           104,975         17,853         62,548         56,3												
87,899         84,999         86,700         85,016         84,714         84,744           87,899         84,999         86,700         85,016         84,714         84,744           11,218,426         12,218,127         11,777,925         11,105,638         11,304,650         9,913,010           1,402,821         1,534,219         1,450,801         1,315,595         -         -         -           1,247,376         1,347,149         1,327,145         1,396,374         1,574,050         1,965,699           296,114         74,208         85,109         55,658         17,499         31,249           212,021         199,589         150,347         287,063         167,686         86,748           (5,472)         -         -         -         (31,146)           15,619,587         16,576,131         16,017,787         15,364,747         14,264,190         12,984,514           26,550         21,560         21,962         18,686         -         -         -           -         (15,185)         18,155         6,808         35,066         6,071           104,975         17,853         62,548         56,373         74,410         14,955           5,472<	\$	853,713	\$	821,725	\$	838,174	\$	821,891	\$	819,091	\$	637,608
87,899         84,999         86,700         85,016         84,714         84,744           11,218,426         12,218,127         11,777,925         11,105,638         11,304,650         9,913,010           1,402,821         1,534,219         1,450,801         1,315,595         -         -         -           1,247,376         1,347,149         1,327,145         1,396,374         1,574,050         1,965,699           296,114         74,208         85,109         55,658         17,499         31,249           212,021         199,589         150,347         287,063         167,686         86,748           (5,472)         -         -         -         (31,146)           15,619,587         16,576,131         16,017,787         15,364,747         14,264,190         12,984,514           26,550         21,560         21,962         18,686         -         -         -           -         (15,185)         18,155         6,808         35,066         6,071           104,975         17,853         62,548         56,373         74,410         14,955           5,472         -         -         -         -         -         31,146           136,997<		,		,				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$												
1,402,821     1,534,219     1,450,801     1,315,595     -     -       1,247,376     1,347,149     1,327,145     1,396,374     1,574,050     1,965,699       296,114     74,208     85,109     55,658     17,499     31,249       212,021     199,589     150,347     287,063     167,686     86,748       (5,472)     -     -     -     -     -     (31,146)       15,619,587     16,576,131     16,017,787     15,364,747     14,264,190     12,984,514       26,550     21,560     21,962     18,686     -     -       -     (15,185)     18,155     6,808     35,066     6,071       104,975     17,853     62,548     56,373     74,410     14,955       5,472     -     -     -     -     31,146       136,997     24,228     102,665     81,867     109,476     52,172       \$ 15,756,584     \$ 16,600,359     \$ 16,120,452     \$ 15,446,614     \$ 14,373,666     \$ 13,036,686       \$ (1,832,676)     \$ 735,533     \$ 2,401,974     \$ 3,007,254     \$ 3,341,768     \$ (30,207,69)       \$ (1,832,676)     \$ 348,188     1,023,830     1,296,884     761,124     1,542,168		87,899		84,999		86,700		85,016		84,714		84,744
1,247,376       1,347,149       1,327,145       1,396,374       1,574,050       1,965,699         296,114       74,208       85,109       55,658       17,499       31,249         212,021       199,589       150,347       287,063       167,686       86,748         (5,472)       -       -       -       (31,146)         15,619,587       16,576,131       16,017,787       15,364,747       14,264,190       12,984,514         26,550       21,560       21,962       18,686       -       -         -       (15,185)       18,155       6,808       35,066       6,071         104,975       17,853       62,548       56,373       74,410       14,955         5,472       -       -       -       -       31,146         136,997       24,228       102,665       81,867       109,476       52,172         \$ 15,756,584       \$ 16,600,359       \$ 16,120,452       \$ 15,446,614       \$ 14,373,666       \$ 13,036,686         \$ (1,832,676)       \$ 735,533       \$ 2,401,974       \$ 3,007,254       \$ 3,341,768       \$ (30,207)         (911,282)       348,188       1,023,830       1,296,884       761,124       1,542,168		11,218,426		12,218,127		11,777,925		11,105,638		11,304,650		9,913,010
296,114         74,208         85,109         55,658         17,499         31,249           212,021         199,589         150,347         287,063         167,686         86,748           (5,472)         -         -         -         -         -         (31,146)           15,619,587         16,576,131         16,017,787         15,364,747         14,264,190         12,984,514           26,550         21,560         21,962         18,686         -         -         -           -         (15,185)         18,155         6,808         35,066         6,071           104,975         17,853         62,548         56,373         74,410         14,955           5,472         -         -         -         -         31,146           136,997         24,228         102,665         81,867         109,476         52,172           \$ 15,756,584         \$ 16,600,359         \$ 16,120,452         \$ 15,446,614         \$ 14,373,666         \$ 13,036,686           \$ (1,832,676)         \$ 735,533         \$ 2,401,974         \$ 3,007,254         \$ 3,341,768         \$ (30,207)           \$ (911,282)         348,188         1,023,830         1,296,884         761,124         1,542,168 <td></td> <td>1,402,821</td> <td></td> <td>1,534,219</td> <td></td> <td>1,450,801</td> <td></td> <td>1,315,595</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td>		1,402,821		1,534,219		1,450,801		1,315,595		-		-
296,114       74,208       85,109       55,658       17,499       31,249         212,021       199,589       150,347       287,063       167,686       86,748         (5,472)       -       -       -       -       -       (31,146)         15,619,587       16,576,131       16,017,787       15,364,747       14,264,190       12,984,514         26,550       21,560       21,962       18,686       -       -         -       (15,185)       18,155       6,808       35,066       6,071         104,975       17,853       62,548       56,373       74,410       14,955         5,472       -       -       -       -       31,146         136,997       24,228       102,665       81,867       109,476       52,172         \$ 15,756,584       \$ 16,600,359       \$ 16,120,452       \$ 15,446,614       \$ 14,373,666       \$ 13,036,686         \$ (1,832,676)       \$ 735,533       \$ 2,401,974       \$ 3,007,254       \$ 3,341,768       \$ (30,207)         (911,282)       348,188       1,023,830       1,296,884       761,124       1,542,168		1,247,376		1,347,149		1,327,145		1,396,374		1,574,050		1,965,699
(5,472)         -         -         -         -         (31,146)           15,619,587         16,576,131         16,017,787         15,364,747         14,264,190         12,984,514           26,550         21,560         21,962         18,686         -         -           -         (15,185)         18,155         6,808         35,066         6,071           104,975         17,853         62,548         56,373         74,410         14,955           5,472         -         -         -         -         31,146           136,997         24,228         102,665         81,867         109,476         52,172           \$ 15,756,584         \$ 16,600,359         \$ 16,120,452         \$ 15,446,614         \$ 14,373,666         \$ 13,036,686           \$ (1,832,676)         \$ 735,533         \$ 2,401,974         \$ 3,007,254         \$ 3,341,768         \$ (30,207)           (911,282)         348,188         1,023,830         1,296,884         761,124         1,542,168		296,114		74,208		85,109		55,658				31,249
15,619,587     16,576,131     16,017,787     15,364,747     14,264,190     12,984,514       26,550     21,560     21,962     18,686     -     -       -     (15,185)     18,155     6,808     35,066     6,071       104,975     17,853     62,548     56,373     74,410     14,955       5,472     -     -     -     31,146       136,997     24,228     102,665     81,867     109,476     52,172       \$ 15,756,584     \$ 16,600,359     \$ 16,120,452     \$ 15,446,614     \$ 14,373,666     \$ 13,036,686       \$ (1,832,676)     \$ 735,533     \$ 2,401,974     \$ 3,007,254     \$ 3,341,768     \$ (30,207)       (911,282)     348,188     1,023,830     1,296,884     761,124     1,542,168		212,021		199,589		150,347		287,063		167,686		86,748
26,550       21,560       21,962       18,686       -       -         -       (15,185)       18,155       6,808       35,066       6,071         104,975       17,853       62,548       56,373       74,410       14,955         5,472       -       -       -       -       31,146         136,997       24,228       102,665       81,867       109,476       52,172         \$ 15,756,584       \$ 16,600,359       \$ 16,120,452       \$ 15,446,614       \$ 14,373,666       \$ 13,036,686         \$ (1,832,676)       \$ 735,533       \$ 2,401,974       \$ 3,007,254       \$ 3,341,768       \$ (30,207),691,242         \$ (911,282)       348,188       1,023,830       1,296,884       761,124       1,542,168		(5,472)										(31,146)
-       (15,185)       18,155       6,808       35,066       6,071         104,975       17,853       62,548       56,373       74,410       14,955         5,472       -       -       -       -       31,146         136,997       24,228       102,665       81,867       109,476       52,172         \$ 15,756,584       \$ 16,600,359       \$ 16,120,452       \$ 15,446,614       \$ 14,373,666       \$ 13,036,686         \$ (1,832,676)       \$ 735,533       \$ 2,401,974       \$ 3,007,254       \$ 3,341,768       \$ (30,207)         (911,282)       348,188       1,023,830       1,296,884       761,124       1,542,168		15,619,587		16,576,131		16,017,787		15,364,747		14,264,190		12,984,514
104,975     17,853     62,548     56,373     74,410     14,955       5,472     -     -     -     -     31,146       136,997     24,228     102,665     81,867     109,476     52,172       \$ 15,756,584     \$ 16,600,359     \$ 16,120,452     \$ 15,446,614     \$ 14,373,666     \$ 13,036,686       \$ (1,832,676)     \$ 735,533     \$ 2,401,974     \$ 3,007,254     \$ 3,341,768     \$ (30,207),691,124       (911,282)     348,188     1,023,830     1,296,884     761,124     1,542,168		26,550		21,560		21,962		18,686		-		_
5,472         -         -         -         -         31,146           136,997         24,228         102,665         81,867         109,476         52,172           \$ 15,756,584         \$ 16,600,359         \$ 16,120,452         \$ 15,446,614         \$ 14,373,666         \$ 13,036,686           \$ (1,832,676)         \$ 735,533         \$ 2,401,974         \$ 3,007,254         \$ 3,341,768         \$ (30,207),691,124           \$ (911,282)         348,188         1,023,830         1,296,884         761,124         1,542,168		-		(15,185)		18,155		6,808		35,066		6,071
136,997         24,228         102,665         81,867         109,476         52,172           \$ 15,756,584         \$ 16,600,359         \$ 16,120,452         \$ 15,446,614         \$ 14,373,666         \$ 13,036,686           \$ (1,832,676)         \$ 735,533         \$ 2,401,974         \$ 3,007,254         \$ 3,341,768         \$ (30,207),600           (911,282)         348,188         1,023,830         1,296,884         761,124         1,542,168		104,975		17,853		62,548		56,373		74,410		
\$ 15,756,584       \$ 16,600,359       \$ 16,120,452       \$ 15,446,614       \$ 14,373,666       \$ 13,036,686         \$ (1,832,676)       \$ 735,533       \$ 2,401,974       \$ 3,007,254       \$ 3,341,768       \$ (30,207),600         (911,282)       348,188       1,023,830       1,296,884       761,124       1,542,168												
\$ (1,832,676) \$ 735,533 \$ 2,401,974 \$ 3,007,254 \$ 3,341,768 \$ (30,207) (911,282) 348,188 1,023,830 1,296,884 761,124 1,542,168		136,997		24,228		102,665		81,867		109,476		
(911,282) 348,188 1,023,830 1,296,884 761,124 1,542,168	\$	15,756,584	\$	16,600,359	\$	16,120,452	\$	15,446,614	\$	14,373,666	\$	13,036,686
(911,282) 348,188 1,023,830 1,296,884 761,124 1,542,168	\$	(1,832,676)	\$	735,533	\$	2,401,974	\$	3,007,254	\$	3,341,768	\$	(30,207)
	•		•		•		•		•		•	,
	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	

### FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
General Fund:						
Nonspendable	\$ 73,236	\$ 71,699	\$ 72,548	\$ 77,799	\$ 75,345	\$ 75,179
Committed	72,579	92,959	92,959	101,595	101,595	61,851
Assigned	4,620,062	2,856,133	1,533,000	206,559	501,277	1,210,471
Unassigned	4,167,759	6,768,468	3,401,285	2,796,367	3,264,651	3,421,410
Total general fund	\$ 8,933,636	\$ 9,789,259	\$ 5,099,792	\$ 3,182,320	\$ 3,942,868	\$ 4,768,911
All Other Governmental Funds:						
Nonspendable	\$ 11,701	\$ 11,604	\$ 12,276	\$ 12,083	\$ 10,690	\$ 10,504
Restricted	10,137,460	9,721,399	6,970,434	6,013,478	5,595,641	5,760,281
Committed	1,864,891	1,473,858	1,272,088	1,333,006	1,127,881	883,736
Unassigned (deficit), reported in:						
Special revenue funds	(377,551)	(485,820)	(91,284)	(37,458)	(20,969)	(54,914)
Capital projects funds						<u> </u>
Total all other governmental funds	\$11,636,501	\$10,721,041	\$ 8,163,514	\$ 7,321,109	\$ 6,713,243	\$ 6,599,607

2015	2014	2013	2012	
\$ 71,604 21,851	\$ 80,673 -	\$ 68,219 11,840	\$ 60,328 21,271	
1,597,877 2,791,757	835,457 3,284,407	742,993 2,697,128	1,257,550 2,901,883	
\$ 4,483,089	\$ 4,200,537	\$ 3,520,180	\$ 4,241,032	
\$ 10,135 5,743,323 922,078	\$ 12,059 4,846,873 951,876	\$ 9,473 2,798,672 1,168,115	\$ 8,202 2,640,966 1,412,462	
(114,795)	(137,620)	(35,005)	(930,972) (83,737)	
\$ 6,560,741	\$ 5,673,188	\$ 3,941,255	\$ 3,046,921	

### CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 14,564,798	\$ 13,631,184	\$ 15,255,005	\$ 14,125,352	\$ 13,865,731
Charges for services	1,730,956	1,489,174	1,485,619	1,671,116	1,549,971
Licenses and permits	684,760	637,345	661,092	589,207	513,332
Fines and forfeitures	1,187,186	1,097,916	1,121,297	1,089,661	1,307,610
Intergovernmental	5,651,650	7,618,422	3,989,648	5,198,159	4,106,401
Special assessments	26,887	39,766	49,922	41,466	57,857
Investment income	(62,260)	624,259	782,615	350,552	289,290
Contributions and donations	115,213	5,930	49,419	35,489	39,003
Other	751,881	1,997,313	1,360,374	1,583,216	1,175,283
Total revenues	24,651,071	27,141,309	24,754,991	24,684,218	22,904,478
Expenditures Current:					
General government	5,990,121	5,051,662	5,641,268	6,049,184	5,447,433
Public safety	11,794,756	11,238,178	10,903,594	11,628,177	11,014,633
Transportation	1,541,032	1,208,047	1,304,388	1,647,841	1,401,003
Community environment	1,616,426	1,234,278	1,185,908	1,702,886	1,427,888
Leisure time activity	805,666	695,025	798,658	1,101,667	1,121,890
Capital outlay	2,391,322	1,288,795	1,521,887	2,202,105	2,041,116
Debt service:	2,371,322	1,200,775	1,521,007	2,202,103	2,041,110
Principal retirement	1,248,569	1,500,151	1,512,595	1,599,502	2,131,672
Interest and fiscal charges	89,459	115,755	128,211	106,367	125,995
Debt issuance costs	-	-	120,211	14,260	2,000
Total expenditures	25,477,351	22,331,891	22,996,509	26,051,989	24,713,630
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(026 200)	4 900 419	1 750 400	(1 267 771)	(1 900 152)
over (under) expenditures	(826,280)	4,809,418	1,758,482	(1,367,771)	(1,809,152)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Notes issued	740,000	740,000	1,000,000	985,000	985,000
Sale of capital assets	17,232	4,320	1,395	10,934	29,215
Capital lease transaction	168,158	-	-	305,624	133,002
Bonds issued	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	520,000	130,000	641,000	487,400	1,066,320
Transfers (out)	(560,000)	(130,000)	(641,000)	(587,400)	(1,116,792)
Premium on debt issuance	727	3,640	-	13,531	-
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent Loans issued	-	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	886,117	747,960	1,001,395	1,215,089	1,096,745
Net change in fund balances	\$ 59,837	\$ 5,557,378	\$ 2,759,877	\$ (152,682)	\$ (712,407)
Capital expenditures	2,288,899	1,361,124	1,926,475	2,185,493	1,799,580
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures.	5.77%	7.71%	7.79%	7.15%	9.85%

2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
\$ 14,730,058	\$ 14,015,406	\$ 13,951,825	\$ 12,368,144	\$ 11,293,820
1,520,685	1,914,225	1,529,314	1,795,854	2,111,961
477,793	490,637	408,808	482,369	494,997
1,216,459	1,157,006	1,254,398	846,510	502,636
4,551,772	6,421,875	4,006,819	8,606,417	5,180,429
86,792	106,712	192,030	94,334	110,140
60,684	78,678	55,559	18,825	33,874
22,977	-	-	548,013	547,490
1,335,246	874,559	1,183,255	1,200,321	580,194
24,002,466	25,059,098	22,582,008	25,960,787	20,855,541
5,649,147	5,122,202	4,349,902	4,381,217	4,075,595
10,398,990	9,903,619	10,292,503	10,511,629	9,856,203
1,255,885	1,417,219	1,260,053	1,529,068	1,336,031
1,557,589	1,427,336	1,497,352	3,120,414	2,040,029
1,126,770	1,126,374	1,193,344	1,281,488	1,126,958
4,055,609	6,643,420	3,209,208	4,057,346	1,809,875
3,900,203	2,191,983	275,445	1,390,388	1,135,496
126,327	94,853	93,688	148,048	182,083
81,662	4,962			
28,152,182	27,931,968	22,171,495	26,419,598	21,562,270
(1.1.0. <b>-</b> 1.0	(2.052.050)	440.540	(4.50.044)	(=0 < =00)
(4,149,716)	(2,872,870)	410,513	(458,811)	(706,729)
1,540,000	3,500,000	2,000,000	_	_
44,398	24,175	1,777	565,053	16,189
109,340	518,800	-	67,240	207,780
4,405,534	-	_	-	-
743,002	555,621	671,000	1,037,100	1,277,944
(743,002)	(555,621)	(671,000)	(1,037,100)	(1,277,944)
-	-	-	-	-
(1,624,868)	-	-	-	3,036
4,474,404	4,042,975	2,001,777	632,293	227,005
\$ 324,688	\$ 1,170,105	\$ 2,412,290	\$ 173,482	\$ (479,724)
4,205,612	6,467,888	4,329,891	4,065,048	974,169
16.81%	10.65%	2.07%	6.88%	6.40%

### $ASSESSED\ VALUATION\ AND\ ESTIMATED\ ACTUAL\ VALUE\ OF\ TAXABLE\ PROPERTY\\ LAST\ TEN\ YEARS$

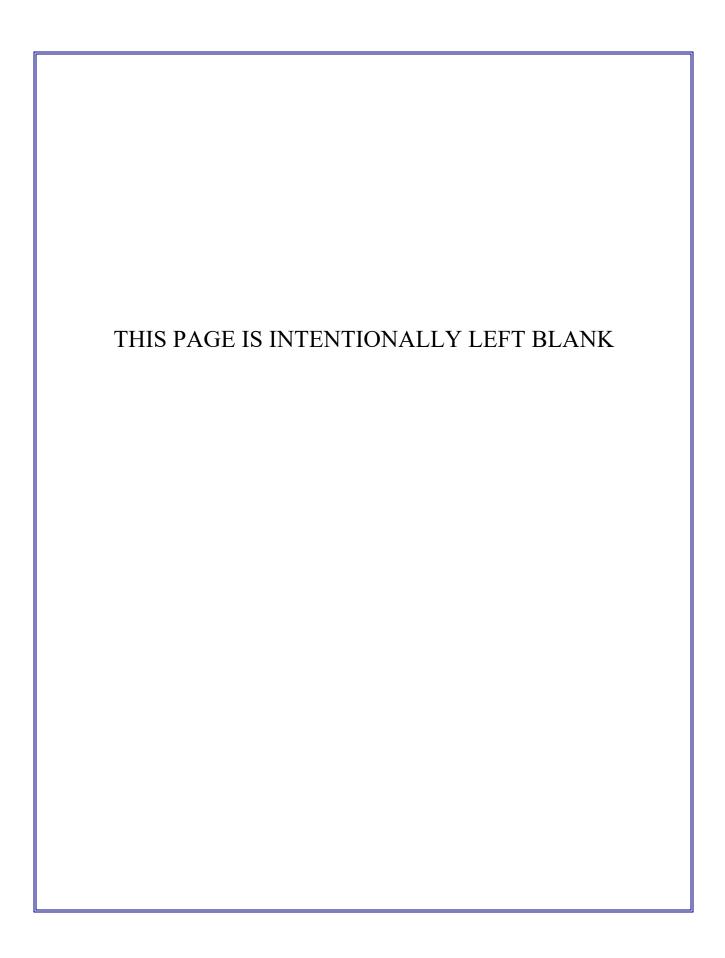
	Real F	Property	Public Util	ity Property Total				
Year	Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value (a)	Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value (b)	Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	Ratio
2021	\$ 376,587,110	\$1,075,963,171	\$ 18,976,870	\$ 21,564,625	\$ 395,563,980	\$1,097,527,796	\$ 4.25	36.04%
2020	327,601,450	936,004,143	16,862,110	19,161,489	344,463,560	955,165,632	4.25	36.06%
2019	323,873,020	925,351,486	16,046,130	18,234,239	339,919,150	943,585,725	4.25	36.02%
2018	323,685,570	924,815,914	15,557,340	17,678,795	339,242,910	942,494,709	4.25	35.99%
2017	319,535,820	912,959,486	15,287,390	17,372,034	334,823,210	930,331,520	4.25	35.99%
2016	320,433,710	915,524,886	13,248,470	15,055,080	333,682,180	930,579,966	4.25	35.86%
2015	324,056,350	925,875,286	12,178,690	13,839,420	336,235,040	939,714,706	4.25	35.78%
2014	337,489,450	964,255,571	11,314,460	12,857,341	348,803,910	977,112,912	4.25	35.70%
2013	343,096,010	980,274,314	10,470,720	11,898,545	353,566,730	992,172,859	4.25	35.64%
2012	341,221,550	974,918,714	9,489,460	10,783,477	350,711,010	985,702,191	4.25	35.58%

<sup>(</sup>a) Real property is assessed at 35% of actual value.

<sup>(</sup>b) Public utility property is assessed at 88% percent of actual value.

### DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES (RATE PER \$1,000 OF ASSESSED VALUE) LAST TEN YEARS

	-	City Direc	t Rates			Overlaj		_	
Collection Year	Operating	Police and Fire Pension	Fire Capital	Total Direct Rate	Summit County	Barberton City School District	Barberton Public Library	Total Overlapping Rates	Total Direct and Overlapping Rates
2021	2.90	0.60	0.75	4.25	13.70	67.36	1.95	83.01	87.26
2020	2.90	0.60	0.75	4.25	13.70	70.23	1.95	85.88	90.13
2019	2.90	0.60	0.75	4.25	12.70	70.30	1.95	84.95	89.20
2018	2.90	0.60	0.75	4.25	12.70	70.15	1.95	84.80	89.05
2017	2.90	0.60	0.75	4.25	12.70	69.99	1.95	84.64	88.89
2016	2.90	0.60	0.75	4.25	12.70	69.86	1.95	84.51	88.76
2015	2.90	0.60	0.75	4.25	12.70	70.21	1.37	84.28	88.53
2014	2.90	0.60	0.75	4.25	12.70	68.83	1.37	82.90	87.15
2013	2.90	0.60	0.75	4.25	14.16	59.74	1.37	75.27	79.52
2012	2.90	0.60	0.75	4.25	14.16	60.04	1.37	75.57	79.82



## PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS REAL PROPERTY TAX CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

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Taxpayer	 Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Assessed Value
SJ Barberton Funding Company LLC	\$ 3,500,030	1	0.93%
ICP Barberton Robinson LLC	3,360,490	2	0.89%
ACS Barberton Shopping Center OH LLC	2,397,030	3	0.64%
B & C Research, Inc.	2,170,320	4	0.58%
Pittsburg Plate Glass Co.	1,961,740	5	0.52%
KL Morris Family Limited Liability	1,921,190	6	0.51%
BWXT Nuclear Operations Group, Inc.	1,805,030	7	0.48%
LRC Magic Investors LTD	1,797,720	8	0.48%
Summa Barberton Citizens Hospital	1,612,930	9	0.43%
Polymer Developments LTD	 1,510,820	10	0.40%
Total, Top Ten Principal Real Property Taxpayers	\$ 22,037,300		5.86%
Total City Real Property Tax Assessed Valuation	\$ 376,587,110		

### December 31, 2012

Taxpayer	 Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Assessed Value
Babcock & Wilcox Power Generation Group	\$ 2,736,500	1	0.80%
Summa Barberton Citizens Hospital	2,280,090	2	0.67%
LRC Magic Investors LTD	1,907,410	3	0.56%
Kimco of Ohio, Inc.	1,771,090	4	0.52%
KL Morris Family Limited Liability	1,707,630	5	0.50%
Babcock & Wilcox Nuclear Operations	1,450,430	6	0.43%
JR Engineering, Inc.	1,208,040	7	0.35%
B & C Research, Inc.	1,048,590	8	0.31%
Malco Products, Inc.	836,810	9	0.25%
Daniel L. Pohl Family Limited Partnership	 822,050	10	0.24%
Total, Top Ten Principal Real Property Taxpayers	\$ 15,768,640		4.63%
Total City Real Property Tax Assessed			
Valuation	\$ 341,221,550		

## PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS PUBLIC UTILITY PROPERTY TAX CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

D	ecem	ber	31,	202	I

Taxpayer	 Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Assessed Value
Ohio Edison Co. American Transmission	\$ 8,443,420 6,996,420	1 2	44.49% 36.87%
East Ohio Gas Co.	 3,537,030	3	18.64%
Total, Top Three Principal Public Utility Property Taxpayers	\$ 18,976,870		100.0%
Total City Public Utility Property Tax Assessed Valuation	\$ 18,976,870		

### December 31, 2012

Taxpayer		Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Assessed Value
Ohio Edison Co.	\$	6,323,290	1	66.64%
East Ohio Gas Co.		1,584,780	2	16.70%
American Transmission		1,581,390	3	16.66%
Total, Top Five Principal Public Utility				
Property Taxpayers	\$	9,489,460		100.00%
Total City Public Utility Property Tax Assessed Valuation	_\$	9,489,460		

### REAL AND PUBLIC UTILITY PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN YEARS

Year	Total Levy	Current Collection (a)	Percent of Current Collections to Tax Levy	Delinquent Collections	Total Collections (b)	Percent of Total Collections to Tax Levy	Outstanding Delinquent Taxes	Percentage of Delinquent Taxes to Tax Levy
2021	\$ 1,642,759	\$ 1,530,956	93.19%	\$ 155,529	\$ 1,686,485	102.66%	\$ 227,085	13.82%
2020	1,458,404	1,379,230	94.57%	107,004	1,486,234	101.91%	170,160	11.67%
2019	1,439,565	1,384,031	96.14%	128,530	1,512,561	105.07%	152,642	10.60%
2018	1,436,565	1,374,351	95.67%	125,358	1,499,709	104.40%	169,580	11.80%
2017	1,422,091	1,411,172	99.23%	6,882	1,418,054	99.72%	114,545	8.05%
2016	1,416,769	1,345,151	94.94%	70,416	1,415,567	99.92%	164,724	11.63%
2015	1,427,048	1,344,319	94.20%	83,641	1,427,960	100.06%	193,248	13.54%
2014	1,482,382	1,396,588	94.21%	85,795	1,482,383	100.00%	195,064	13.16%
2013	1,502,673	1,396,737	92.95%	91,620	1,488,357	99.05%	262,138	17.44%
2012	1,491,751	1,388,023	93.05%	96,881	1,484,904	99.54%	268,189	17.98%

<sup>(</sup>a) Includes homestead/rollback taxes assessed locally but distributed through the State and reported as intergovernmental revenue.

<sup>(</sup>b) Total collections represent the current collections plus delinquent collections for the year noted. The Summit County Fiscal Officer is unable to identify and match delinquent collections to the year such taxes were originally levied and therefore in certain years the percent of total collections to the tax levy may exceed 100%.

### $\begin{tabular}{l} INCOME\ TAX\ REVENUE\ BASE\ AND\ COLLECTIONS\\ LAST\ TEN\ YEARS \end{tabular}$

<u>Year</u>	Tax Rate (a)	Total Tax Collected	Taxes from Withholding	Percentage of Taxes from Withholding	Taxes From Net Profits	Percentage of Taxes from Net Profits
2021	2.25%	\$ 12,997,750	\$ 10,009,843	77.01%	\$ 1,937,614	14.91%
2020	2.25%	12,516,059	9,920,534	79.26%	1,453,831	11.62%
2019	2.25%	13,805,151	10,956,150	79.36%	1,597,153	11.57%
2018	2.25%	12,957,804	10,716,073	82.70%	1,087,201	8.39%
2017	2.25%	12,798,336	10,666,359	83.34%	933,298	7.29%
2016	2.25%	13,821,097	11,169,609	80.82%	1,368,190	9.90%
2015	2.25%	13,050,102	10,868,480	83.28%	953,401	7.31%
2014	2.25%	12,585,576	10,459,696	83.11%	1,171,963	9.31%
2013	2.00%	11,291,939	9,370,791	82.99%	1,051,682	9.31%
2012	2.00%	11,093,167	9,629,279	86.80%	658,530	5.94%

 $Source: \ The \ City \ of \ Barberton \ Income \ Tax \ Department \ and \ the \ City \ of \ Cleveland \ Central \ Collection \ Agency.$ 

Note (a): The Citizens of Barberton approved an increase of 0.25 percent effective Januay 1, 2014. The whole quarter percent is required to be spent on street capital improvements.

<u>I</u>	Taxes from ndividuals	Percentage of Taxes from Individuals
\$	1,050,293	8.08%
	1,141,693	9.12%
	1,251,848	9.07%
	1,154,530	8.91%
	1,198,679	9.37%
	1,283,298	9.29%
	1,228,221	9.41%
	953,917	7.58%
	869,466	7.70%
	805,358	7.26%

### RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN YEARS

				<b>Business-Type Activities</b>					
Year	General Obligation Bonds	Special Assessment Bonds			Notes	Capital Leases	General Obligation Bonds	Revenue Bonds	
2021	\$ 2,630,183	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 740,000	\$ 276,345	\$ 589,817	\$ 3,085,000	
2020	3,034,097	-	-	-	740,000	212,842	655,903	3,660,000	
2019	3,433,011	-	-	-	1,000,000	314,079	721,989	4,225,000	
2018	3,826,925	-	-	-	985,000	447,760	788,075	4,775,000	
2017	4,214,140	-	-	-	985,000	369,423	850,861	5,310,000	
2016	4,593,010	-	-	13,804	1,540,000	435,419	911,990	5,835,000	
2015	1,762,835	-	-	40,803	3,500,000	582,113	870,000	6,350,000	
2014	1,855,747	13,467	-	67,010	2,000,000	121,883	915,854	6,850,000	
2013	1,980,310	26,416	-	92,448	-	233,550	960,687	6,875,394	
2012	2,670,376	38,868	520,000	117,139	-	310,376	1,156,242	7,259,715	

#### Sources:

<sup>(</sup>a) See notes to the financial statements regarding the City's outstanding debt information.

<sup>(</sup>b) See Schedule "Demographic and Economic Statistics - Last Ten Years".

**Business-Type Activities, continued** 

OWDA Loans	OPWC Loans	Notes	Capital Leases	(a) Total Primary Government	(b) Total Personal Income	Percentage of Personal Income	(b) Population	Per Capita
\$ 19,824,523	\$ 5,070,216	\$ 400,000	\$ 174,742	\$ 32,790,826	\$ 634,518,234	5.17%	24,983	\$ 1,313
20,294,708	5,357,022	650,000	-	34,604,572	579,495,120	5.97%	25,815	1,340
19,423,617	5,452,624	750,000	-	35,320,320	582,774,615	6.06%	25,953	1,361
14,606,346	5,103,583	400,000	-	30,932,689	561,330,822	5.51%	26,043	1,188
12,024,498	3,556,278	-	23,732	27,333,932	552,671,745	4.95%	26,115	1,047
10,696,921	2,192,841	1,575,000	47,534	27,841,519	540,906,080	5.15%	26,156	1,064
10,577,083	2,222,030	-	143,172	26,048,036	530,500,416	4.91%	26,252	992
7,919,968	2,134,745	-	236,514	22,115,188	540,005,004	4.10%	26,334	840
4,544,845	875,664	-	214,695	15,804,009	513,869,790	3.08%	26,355	600
4,175,034	875,664	-	267,540	17,390,954	505,915,941	3.44%	26,321	661

### RATIO OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT TO ASSESSED VALUE AND BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA LAST TEN YEARS

Year	Population (a)	Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property (b)	 Bonded Debt (c)	Ratio of Bonded Debt to Estimated Actual Value of Property	Bonded Debt Per Capita
2021	24,983	\$ 1,097,527,796	\$ 3,220,000	0.29%	\$ 129
2020	25,815	955,165,632	3,690,000	0.39%	143
2019	25,953	943,585,725	4,155,000	0.44%	160
2018	26,043	942,494,709	4,615,000	0.49%	177
2017	26,115	930,331,520	5,065,001	0.54%	194
2016	26,156	930,579,966	5,505,000	0.59%	210
2015	26,252	939,714,706	2,632,835	0.28%	100
2014	26,334	977,112,912	2,771,601	0.28%	105
2013	26,355	992,172,859	2,940,997	0.30%	112
2012	26,321	985,702,191	3,826,618	0.39%	145

#### Sources:

<sup>(</sup>a) See Schedule "Demographic and Economic Statistics - Last Ten Years".

<sup>(</sup>b) See Schedule "Assessed Valuation and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property".

<sup>(</sup>c) Includes all general obligation bonded debt with the exception of special assessment debt.

### DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2021

Governmental Unit	0	Debt utstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable (a)	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt		
<b>Direct:</b> City of Barberton	\$	3,646,528	100.00%	\$	3,646,528	
Total direct debt	•	2,0.0,0_0			3,646,528	
Overlapping debt:						
Summit County		27,905,000	2.73%		761,807	
Barberton City School District		24,365,000	97.91%		23,855,772	
Norton City School District		21,399,923	0.09%		19,260	
Coventry Local School District		27,119,202	2.11%		572,215	
Total overlapping debt					25,209,054	
Total direct and overlapping debt				\$	28,855,582	

Source: Ohio Municipal Advisory Council

<sup>(</sup>a) The estimated percentage applicable to the City is calculated as each governmental unit's assessed valuation within the City divided by the governmental unit's total assessed valuation.

### $COMPUTATION\ OF\ LEGAL\ DEBT\ MARGIN$ $LAST\ TEN\ YEARS$

	 2021	2020	 2019	 2018
Assessed Value	\$ 395,563,980	\$ 344,463,560	\$ 339,919,150	\$ 339,242,910
Legal debt margin:				
Debt limitation - 10.5% of Assessed Value	41,534,218	36,168,674	35,691,511	35,620,506
Outstanding Debt Obligations:				
General Obligation Bonds	3,220,000	3,690,000	4,155,000	4,615,000
Revenue Bonds	3,085,000	3,660,000	4,225,000	4,775,000
Special Assessment Bond	-	-	-	-
Notes	1,140,000	1,390,000	1,750,000	1,385,000
Capital Leases	451,087	212,842	314,079	447,760
OPWC/OWDA/SIB/HUD Loans	 24,894,739	 25,651,730	 24,876,241	 19,709,929
Gross Indebtedness				
(Total Voted and Unvoted Debt)	 32,790,826	 34,604,572	 35,320,320	 30,932,689
Less: Debt Outside Limitations				
Revenue Bonds	(3,085,000)	(3,660,000)	(4,225,000)	(4,775,000)
Special Assessment Bond	-	-	-	-
Notes	(1,140,000)	(1,390,000)	(1,750,000)	(1,385,000)
Capital Leases	(451,087)	(212,842)	(314,079)	(447,760)
OPWC/OWDA/SIB/HUD Loans	(24,894,739)	(25,651,730)	(24,876,241)	(19,709,929)
Total Debt Outside Limitations	(29,570,826)	(30,914,572)	(31,165,320)	(26,317,689)
Total Debt Applicable to 10.5% Limitation	3,220,000	3,690,000	4,155,000	4,615,000
Less: Amount Available in Debt Service Fund				
to pay debt applicable to limitation	 (43,058)	 (42,331)	 (38,691)	 (26,504)
Net Debt Within 10.5% Limitation	 3,176,942	3,647,669	 4,116,309	4,588,496
Overall Debt Margin Within 10.5% Limitation	\$ 38,357,276	\$ 32,521,005	\$ 31,575,202	\$ 31,032,010
Unvoted Debt Limitation - 5.5% of				
Assessed Valuation	\$ 21,756,019	\$ 18,945,496	\$ 18,695,553	\$ 18,658,360
Gross Indebtedness Authorized by Council Less: Debt Outside Limitation:	32,790,826	34,604,572	35,320,320	30,932,689
Total Debt Outside Limitation	 (29,570,826)	 (30,914,572)	 (31,165,320)	 (26,317,689)
Debt Within 5.5% Limitation	 3,220,000	 3,690,000	 4,155,000	 4,615,000
Unvoted Debt Margin Within 5.5% Limitation	\$ 18,536,019	\$ 15,255,496	\$ 14,540,553	\$ 14,043,360

Source: City of Barberton financial records

	2017	 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013	 2012
\$	334,823,210	\$ 333,682,180	\$ 336,235,040	\$ 348,803,910	\$ 353,566,730	\$ 350,711,010
	35,156,437	35,036,629	35,304,679	36,624,411	37,124,507	36,824,656
	5,065,001 5,310,000	5,505,000 5,835,000	2,650,005 6,350,000	2,790,005 6,850,000 13,467	2,960,005 6,755,000 26,416	3,845,005 7,130,000 38,868
	11,650,000 393,155 15,580,776	1,540,000 482,953 14,478,566	3,500,000 725,285 12,839,916	2,000,000 358,397 10,121,723	160,000 448,245 5,372,576	330,000 577,916 5,687,837
	37,998,932	 27,841,519	26,065,206	22,133,592	 15,722,242	 17,609,626
	(5,310,000)	(5,835,000)	(6,350,000)	(6,850,000) (13,467)	(6,755,000) (26,416)	(7,130,000) (38,868)
	(11,650,000) (393,155)	(1,540,000) (482,953)	(3,500,000) (725,285)	(2,000,000) (358,397)	(160,000) (448,245)	(330,000) (577,916)
_	(15,580,776) (32,933,931)	 (14,478,566) (22,336,519)	 (12,839,916) (23,415,201)	 (10,121,723) (19,343,587)	(5,372,576) (12,762,237)	 (5,687,837) (13,764,621)
	5,065,001	5,505,000	2,650,005	2,790,005	2,960,005	3,845,005
	(26,166)	 (27,666)	 (32,665)	 (37,627)	(37,627)	(1,067)
	5,038,835	 5,477,334	 2,617,340	 2,752,378	 2,922,378	 3,843,938
\$	30,117,602	\$ 29,559,295	\$ 32,687,339	\$ 33,872,033	\$ 34,202,129	\$ 32,980,718
\$	18,415,277	\$ 18,352,520	\$ 18,492,927	\$ 19,184,215	\$ 19,446,170	\$ 19,289,106
	37,998,932	27,841,519	26,065,206	22,133,592	15,722,242	17,609,626
	(32,933,931)	 (22,336,519)	 (23,415,201)	 (19,343,587)	 (12,762,237)	 (13,764,621)
	5,065,001	 5,505,000	 2,650,005	 2,790,005	 2,960,005	 3,845,005
\$	13,350,276	\$ 12,847,520	\$ 15,842,922	\$ 16,394,210	\$ 16,486,165	\$ 15,444,101

### PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE - SEWER FUND LAST TEN YEARS

### **SEWER OWDA LOANS:**

			Net Revenue	Debt			
Year	Operating Revenue	Operating Expenses (a)	Available for Debt Service	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage
2021	\$ 5,435,079	\$ 2,716,878	\$ 2,718,201	\$ 528,641	\$ 217,764	\$ 746,405	3.64
2020	5,271,080	4,706,057	565,023	475,635	228,624	704,259	0.80
2019	5,208,600	5,132,306	76,294	438,860	235,436	674,296	0.11
2018	5,116,047	4,477,043	639,004	358,757	201,508	560,265	1.14
2017	4,896,099	4,510,779	385,320	257,819	169,495	427,314	0.90
2016	4,594,015	4,161,604	432,411	296,872	182,586	479,458	0.90
2015	4,394,532	3,931,004	463,528	220,257	130,181	350,438	1.32
2014	4,398,424	3,688,653	709,771	103,333	44,636	147,969	4.80
2013	4,013,972	3,572,626	441,346	149,480	50,840	200,320	2.20
2012	4,120,440	3,731,016	389,424	100,406	49,804	150,210	2.59

<sup>(</sup>a) Total operating expenses are exclusive of depreciation.(b) Includes principal and interest of the loans only.

### PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE - WATER FUND LAST TEN YEARS

### **WATER REVENUE BONDS:**

				Net Revenu	1e	Debt Service Requirements (b)			)		
-	Year	Operating Revenue	Operating Expenses (a)	Available for Debt Service		Principal	I	nterest		Total	Coverage
	2021	\$ 7,257,071	\$ 3,065,249	\$ 4,191,	822 \$	575,000	\$	85,607	\$	660,607	6.35
	2020	6,828,484	5,233,857	1,594,	627	565,000		98,722		663,722	2.40
	2019	6,551,805	6,227,382	324,	423	550,000		111,700		661,700	0.49
	2018	6,331,265	4,884,080	1,447,	185	535,000		124,220		659,220	2.20
	2017	6,477,367	5,137,712	1,339,	655	525,000		136,472		661,472	2.03
	2016	6,192,521	4,192,110	2,000,	411	515,000		148,558		663,558	3.01
	2015	6,297,660	4,048,668	2,248,9	992	500,000		159,845		659,845	3.41
	2014	5,867,401	3,238,984	2,628,	417	390,000		300,816		690,816	3.80
	2013	5,797,344	3,365,022	2,432,	322	375,000		314,879		689,879	3.53
	2012	5,658,203	3,439,033	2,219,	170	360,000		328,379		688,379	3.22

### WATER OWDA LOANS:

	Net Revenue	Debt Service			Service Requireme		
Year	Available for Debt Service	Required for Revenue Bonds	Available for OWDA Loans	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage
2021	\$ 4,191,822	\$ 660,607	\$ 3,531,215	\$ 501,733	\$ 305,788	\$ 807,521	4.37
2020	1,594,627	663,722	930,905	290,622	77,870	368,492	2.53
2019	324,423	661,700	(337,277)	107,013	103,220	210,233	-1.60
2018	1,447,185	659,220	787,965	133,987	67,460	201,447	3.91
2017	1,339,655	661,472	678,183	288,807	96,440	385,247	1.76
2016	2,000,411	663,558	1,336,853	203,926	103,870	307,796	4.34
2015	2,248,992	659,845	1,589,147	199,908	107,888	307,796	5.16
2014	2,628,417	690,816	1,937,601	136,750	61,847	198,597	9.76
2013 (c)	2,432,322	689,879	1,742,443	134,055	64,542	198,597	8.77

<sup>(</sup>a) Total operating expenses are exclusive of depreciation.

<sup>(</sup>b) Includes principal and interest of the bonds and loans only.

<sup>(</sup>c) The Water OWDA loans were issued during 2013; therefore information prior to 2013 is not presented.

### $\begin{array}{c} \textit{DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS} \\ \textit{LAST TEN YEARS} \end{array}$

**Annual Average Unemployment Rates (d)** Per Capita Personal Personal City of Summit United Year Population (a) Income (c) Income (b) Barberton County Ohio States 2021 24,983 \$ 634,518,234 25,398 5.9% 5.4% 5.1% 5.3% 2020 25,815 579,495,120 22,448 9.3% 8.2% 8.1% 8.1% 2019 25,953 582,774,615 22,455 4.8% 4.3% 4.1% 3.7% 26,043 3.9% 2018 561,330,822 21,554 5.2% 4.6% 4.5% 552,671,745 2017 26,115 21,163 5.9% 5.1% 5.0% 4.4% 4.9% 2016 26,156 540,906,080 20,680 6.0%5.1% 5.0% 2015 26,252 20,208 5.4% 5.0% 4.9% 5.3% 530,500,416 2014 26,334 540,005,004 20,506 6.3% 5.9% 5.8% 6.2%2013 26,355 513,869,790 19,498 8.3% 7.6% 7.5% 7.4% 8.5% 7.5% 8.1% 2012 26,321 505,915,941 19,221 7.4%

#### Sources:

<sup>(</sup>a) U.S. Census Bureau; census.gov, annual population estimates.

<sup>(</sup>b) U.S. Census Bureau; census.gov. Per capita personal income for 2021 is in 2020 dollars, the latest available.

<sup>(</sup>c) Estimate; calculated as population times per capital personal income.

<sup>(</sup>d) Ohio Job & Family Services, Ohio Labor Market Information; ohiolmi.com.

#### PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2015 (d)			2012	
Employer	Employees (a)	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment	Employees (a)	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment
Babcock and Wilcox Companies (c)	1,888	1	15.87%	1,925	2, 3, 5	16.18%
Summa Health Systems	1,694	2	14.24%	1,512	1	12.71%
Barberton Board of Education	747	3	6.28%	759	4	6.38%
B&C Companies/Industries & Research	659	4	5.54%	451	6	3.79%
City of Barberton	340	5	2.86%	336	7	2.82%
Malco Products, Inc.	179	6	1.50%	173	9	1.45%
Preferred Compounding Corp Deronde Acq. Corp.	166	7	1.39%	129	10	1.08%
Reiter Dairy Corp	139	8	1.17%			
Wright Tool Company	121	9	1.02%	127	8	1.07%
PPG Industries, Inc.	108	10	0.91%			
Total	6,041		50.76%	5,412		45.49%
Total City Employment (b)	11,900			11,900		

Source: CCA Division of Taxation.

<sup>(</sup>a) Based on W-2's reported.

<sup>(</sup>b) Ohio Labor Market Information (OhioLMI.com).

<sup>(</sup>c) Babcock and Wilcox reported divisions separately in 2012.

<sup>(</sup>d) 2015 is the latest information currently available. In subsequent years, the City had been showing principal employers based on withholding taxes paid since W-2 counts had proven to be inaccurate. However, after discussing with legal counsel the City has decided not to include withholding taxes since it would be disclosing the businesses' tax information without their consent. The City is currently working on a way to obtain accurate employee counts so this table can be completed in the future.

### AVE FOLUND FAMILIANT CUTA FLAN OVERS BY FUNCTION/DBOOD IN

### $FULL\mbox{-}TIME\mbox{-}EQUIVALENT\mbox{ }CITY\mbox{ }EMPLOYEES\mbox{ }BY\mbox{ }FUNCTION\mbox{/}PROGRAM\\ LAST\mbox{ }TEN\mbox{ }YEARS$

CITY OF BARBERTON, OHIO

Function/Program	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
General Government								
Clerk of Council	_	_	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Municipal Court - Judges	7.00	6.00	5.00	7.00	8.00	8.00	6.78	7.40
Municipal Clerk of Courts	12.00	12.00	10.00	11.00	11.00	12.00	12.22	13.23
Probation	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.12	3.00	3.38
Mayor	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	0.51	0.51	0.51
Service Director	1.00	2.00	1.00	1.00	2.00	0.20	0.20	0.20
Finance	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	3.68	2.68	4.00
Law	6.00	5.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
Safety Director	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.34	0.34	0.34
Human Resources	1.00	1.00	1.00	-	1.00	0.27	0.34	0.27
Information Systems	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.50	0.50	0.50
Other	-	-	-	1.00	1.00	0.07	1.00	1.00
Public Safety								
Police/Dispatch (a)	43.00	42.00	40.00	44.00	44.00	44.00	38.00	41.00
Fire	41.00	43.00	41.00	43.00	44.00	46.00	43.00	44.00
Transportation								
Signal	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Streets	18.00	16.00	15.00	16.00	18.00	11.00	10.00	12.00
Community Environment								
Engineering/Building	6.00	7.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	3.94	4.07	3.53
Planning	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	2.00	2.60	3.00	2.89
Leisure Time Activity								
Parks Administration	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	1.75	2.50	2.25
Parks Maintenance	2.00	2.00	2.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	5.00	6.00
Beautification	-	-	-	-	-	1.00	0.50	0.50
Utility Services								
Water	30.00	29.00	29.00	29.00	29.00	32.82	34.82	29.25
Sewer	27.00	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00	28.12	25.46	23.37
Storm Water	1.00	-	1.00	1.00	1.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
Solid Waste						3.10	1.10	1.35
Total	219.00	214.00	204.00	216.00	221.00	219.00	206.02	207.97

<sup>(</sup>a) At January 1, 2014 the City formed a Council of Governments with Copley Township and the City of Norton to provide dispatch services. Source: City of Barberton payroll records.

2013	2012		
1.00	1.00		
7.40	7.21		
12.23	10.58		
3.24	2.74		
0.84	0.84		
0.34	0.34		
4.00	4.00		
4.00	4.00		
0.34	0.34		
0.27	0.27		
0.50	0.89		
4.45	3.81		
47.00	50.00		
45.00	41.00		
1.00	2.00		
12.00	10.00		
6.06	5.76		
3.00	3.00		
3.00	2.00		
2.00	2.00		
6.00	6.00		
1.00	1.00		
1.00	1.00		
30.32	31.65		
26.46	26.80		
5.00	4.00		
0.80	0.80		
0.00	0.00		
224.25	220.03		

### OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN YEARS

Function	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
General Government							
Positions Filled	19	20	11	10	15	43	34
<b>Building Permits Issued</b>	1,925	1,460	1,216	1,407	1,263	717	693
<b>Building Inspections Performed</b>	1,712	711	618	2,386	2,637	2,762	6,876
Ordinances & Resolutions	149	164	152	159	174	162	205
Public Safety							
Police:							
Physical Arrests	1,472	1,191	1,429	1,461	1,389	1,266	1,571
Parking Violations	612	1,045	949	1,045	1,452	1,223	1,809
Traffic Violations	1,282	2,300	2,497	1,997	2,406	1,845	1,457
Fire:							
Emergency Responses	898	3,873	4,757	3,679	3,782	3,636	3,660
Fire Responses	1,402	894	1,297	1,199	1,268	1,107	1,006
Inspections conducted	397	328	197	210	365	280	300
Leisure Time Activities							
Recreation Center Attendance	730	2,637	12,070	11,169	8,595	8,226	9,974
Recreation Center Memberships	325	324	388	312	318	231	836
Transportation							
Street Resurfacing (miles)	9	0.91	5.25	3.77	N/A	N/A	N/A
Tons of salt used	2,630	2,990	3,014	2,920	3,567	3,660	4,965
Water							
New Connections	83	13	13	1	7	5	11
Water Main Breaks	89	82	62	92	70	65	111

Source: City of Barberton Departments.

N/A- Not available

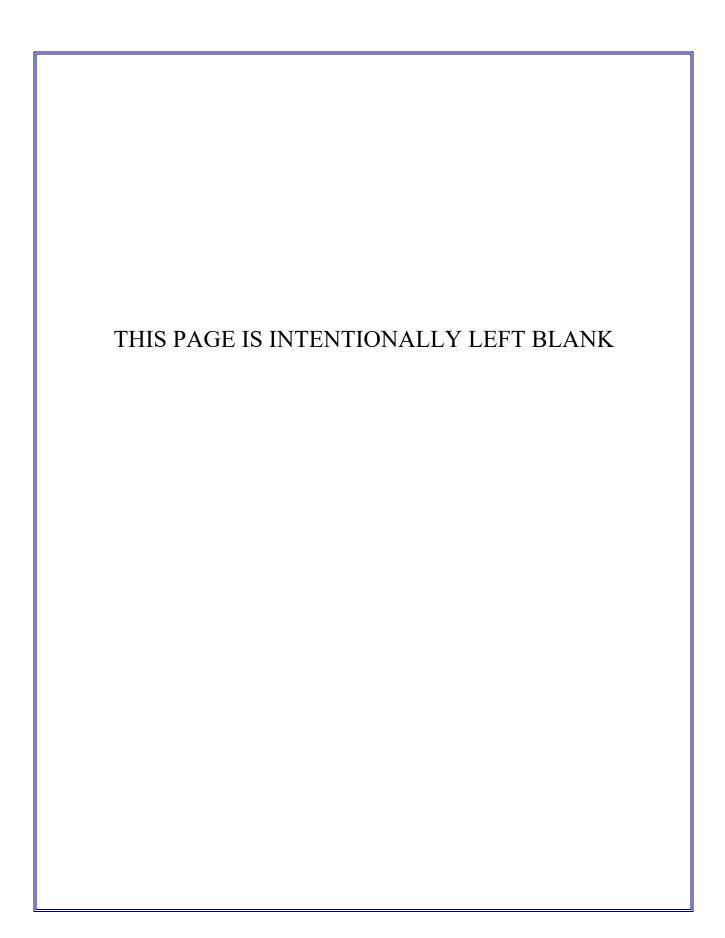
2014	2013	2012
7	22	13
742	830	805
7,196	7,792	7,880
179	217	232
2,101	1,885	2,128
1,833	2,091	1,389
1,792	1,443	1,833
3,272	3,820	3,854
1,113	621	661
368	180	280
12,320	8,036	7,036
1,032	1,232	1,159
N/A	1.91	1.80
5,436	3,404	3,206
54	19	40
121	67	127
121	0,	12/

### $\begin{array}{c} \textit{CAPITAL ASSETS STATISTICS BY FUNCTION} \\ \textit{LAST TEN YEARS} \end{array}$

Function	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Public Safety							
Police Stations	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Fire Stations	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Leisure Time Activities							
Parks	16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00
Park Acreage	161.00	161.00	161.00	161.00	161.00	161.00	161.00
Tennis Courts	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00
Baseball Diamonds	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00
Softball Fields	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00
Transportation							
Streets (paved miles)	130.99	130.99	130.99	130.99	130.99	130.99	130.99
<b>Utility Services</b>							
Water Mains (miles)	142.20	131.50	130.00	130.00	130.00	130.00	130.00
Sanitary Sewers (miles)	144.35	144.35	143.35	141.58	134.92	134.92	110.00

Source: City of Barberton Departments.

2014	2013	2012
1.00	1.00	1.00
2.00	2.00	2.00
16.00	16.00	16.00
161.00	161.00	161.00
6.00	6.00	6.00
11.00	11.00	11.00
7.00	7.00	7.00
130.99	130.99	130.99
130.00	137.50	137.50
110.00	92.50	92.50





### **CITY OF BARBERTON**

#### **SUMMIT COUNTY**

#### **AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 9/6/2022

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370