



CITY OF GREEN SUMMIT COUNTY DECEMBER 31, 2021

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CITY OF GREEN SUMMIT COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor/ Program Title	Pass Through Entity Number	Federal AL Number	Ex	penditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION				
Passed Through Ohio Department of Transportation				
Highway Planning and Construction				
Massillon Road North	90415	20.205	\$	445,087
Moore Rd Sidewalkts	99728	20.205	,	122,618
Massillon/Corp Woods	103172	20.205		971,272
Massillon/Boettler Rd	103173	20.205		370,890
Total U.S. Department of Transportation				1,909,867
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY				
Passed Through the Federal Emergency Management Age	псу			
Assistance to Firefighters Grant		07.044		4 707
Station #2 Exhaust System	EMW-2018-FR-02261	97.044		1,767
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security				1,767
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY				
Passed Through Ohio Office of Budget and Management				
COVID-19 Coronavirus State and				
Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	N/A	21.027		95,000
Total U.S. Department of Treasury				95,000
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICE	e			
Direct Program	<u>5</u>			
COVID-19 Provider Relief Fund	N/A	93.498		16,803
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services	IN/ <i>I</i> A	30.430		16,803
Total 0.5. Department of nearth and nullian Services				10,003
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$	2,023,437

The accompanying notes to this schedule are an integral part of this schedule.

CITY OF GREEN SUMMIT COUNTY

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE A – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of City of Green (the City) under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2021. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position of the City.

NOTE B – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE C – INDIRECT COST RATE

The City has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE D – MATCHING REQUIREMENTS

Certain Federal programs require the City to contribute non-Federal funds (matching funds) to support the Federally funded programs. The City has met its matching requirements. The Schedule does not include the expenditure of non-Federal matching funds.



88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 ContactUs@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

City of Green Summit County 1755 Town Park Blvd. P.O. Box 278 Green, Ohio 44232

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Green, Summit County, (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 23, 2022, wherein we noted the City referred to the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures which may impact subsequent periods of the City.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purposes of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

City of Green Summit County Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

June 23, 2022



88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 ContactUs@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO THE MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

City of Green Summit County 1755 Town Park Blvd. P.O. Box 278 Green, Ohio 44232

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council:

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

We have audited City of Green's (the City) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on City of Green's major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2021. City of Green's major federal program is identified in the *Summary of Auditor's Results* section of the accompanying schedule of findings.

In our opinion, City of Green complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2021.

Basis for Opinion on the Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

The City's Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the City's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the City's compliance with the requirements of the major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
 test basis, evidence regarding the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to
 above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the City's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control other compliance with a type of compliance is a network deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

City of Green Summit County Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to the Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance Page 3

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance* section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we fit to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of this testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

June 23, 2022

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CITY OF GREEN SUMMIT COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 DECEMBER 31, 2021

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Highway Planning and Construction Cluster - AL #20.205
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 750,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR § 200.520?	Yes

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None noted.

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None noted.

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Finance Department

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SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS 2 CFR 200.511(b) DECEMBER 31, 2021

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Status	Additional Information
2020-001	Financial Reporting Presentation – The City adjusted its financial report after filing in the Hinkle System to reflect the proper amounts.	Corrective Action Taken and Finding is Fully Corrected	None

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City of Green, Ohio

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021



CITY OF GREEN, OHIO ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021



PREPARED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE

STEVEN SCHMIDT DIRECTOR OF FINANCE

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

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Introductory Section





Finance Department

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June 23, 2022

Citizens of Green and Members of Green City Council:

This Annual Comprehensive Financial Report enables the City of Green (the City) to comply with the Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (B), which requires reporting on a GAAP (Generally Accepted Accounting Principles) basis, and Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 which requires cities reporting on a GAAP basis to file an unaudited annual report with the Auditor of State within 150 days of year end.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

The Auditor of State has issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the City's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2021. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

Profile of the Government

First surveyed in 1797, Green was originally part of Stark County. The Green Township government was organized in 1811 and in March of 1840, the Ohio General Assembly voted to assign Green Township to the newly formed Summit County. At that time, the Township was made up of five distinct communities with a population of 1,536 residents.

To preserve the integrity of geographic boundaries, in 1987 Green Township residents petitioned the Summit County Council for the creation of a small village within the boundaries of the township. The Summit County Council then unanimously ordered the incorporation of the Village of Green effective April 6, 1988. On November 11, 1989, electors in both the Village of Green and Green Township voted to approve the merger of the two entities back to the original township boundaries. The new Village of Green then replaced the two entities on January 1, 1991. Effective April 5, 1992, the Secretary of State declared Green one of Ohio's newest cities. Since then, the City has come a long way to the progressive, promising and prosperous City it is today. In April of 2017, the City celebrated its 25th anniversary as a city.

The City, with a total of 33.5 square miles, is conveniently located in the southeast corner of Summit County, Ohio, between the cities of Akron and Canton. The City's population, according to the 2020 census, was 27,475. The City's location affords residential and commercial travelers three interchanges on Interstate 77, access via State Routes 241 and 619, as well as air transportation. The City is home to the Akron-Canton Regional Airport (CAK), which has the designation of a foreign trade zone. This designation allows imported and exported goods to be received and delivered without any tariffs or taxes. Furthermore, many areas of Green are located in a State of Ohio Enterprise Zone further enabling businesses to qualify for tax abatements and other local incentives. Green's proximity to the interstate system and airport continues to promulgate both commercial and residential growth.

Green residents adopted a City Charter, effective January 1, 1993, allowing for more control by local officials. In 1998, the Charter was amended for the first time. The Charter provides for a "Mayor- Council" form of government and establishes the qualifications for elected officials, as well as their respective duties and powers. The Charter requires the City be divided into four wards, as nearly equal in population as practicable.

According to the City Charter the Mayor is elected for a four year term, beginning on the first day of January following the November election. The City Charter states the Mayor may serve for two successive four year terms, after which he will be ineligible for re-election until a period of four years has elapsed. The Mayor is the chief executive officer of the City, responsible for carrying out and fulfilling the intent and purpose of all legislation passed by Council. The Mayor appoints all directors of the City administrative departments, upon approval of a two-thirds vote of the members of Council. In 2018, residents voted to have an elected law director to serve a four year term. Residents voted for several Charter changes and elected their first new law director in November of 2019.

The Charter notes the City Council is composed of seven members. The electors of each of the four wards elect one council member and the other three members are elected at-large by the registered voters of the City. Following the November election, the term of each council member is four years beginning in January. Council terms are staggered. A council member may serve for two successive four year terms, after which he or she will be ineligible for re-election until a period of four years has elapsed. During the annual organizational meeting in January, council members elect a president and a vice-president. The Council President is the presiding officer at Council meetings and acts as Mayor of the City in the Mayor's absence.

Local Economy

The City's diverse residential growth continues to offer many opportunities for quality living accommodations. The City continues to offer several new single-family residential subdivisions, giving buyers the option of new construction or purchasing an existing home. Green' s housing options also include private communities, as well as condominium and apartment-style living.

The City has recognized the need for housing styles to accommodate the growing number of seniors. Green is currently home to nine facilities that offer various levels of senior care or living options. The services include two facilities offering skilled nursing and rehabilitation care, three offering memory care, three offering assisted living and three offering independent living. Two of the facilities have age restricted living and one is an apartment style building aimed toward seniors. Green continues to be an attractive market for this growing demographic.

The City ranks as one of the communities showing the strongest levels of housing growth and commercial development in the country, as seen by the value of new construction. Both commercial and residential construction continue to increase, with 109 new construction permits being issued during 2021. The City expects to continue to see housing and commercial development in 2022, in addition to maintaining low vacancy rates.

The City actively promotes economic development for the community by offering business retention and expansion support, general business assistance, and various tax incentive programs. The City's multiple tax incentive programs allow qualified companies who demonstrate sound financial responsibility and business investment to receive incentives through real property abatement. These programs are designed to help bridge the gap when financing a new location, or expansion project. The City has two designated Community Reinvestment Areas. The City also uses the tax increment financing (TIF) program, which captures the increase in tax value resulting from real property investment, to finance public infrastructure projects. The City has been utilizing this tool to make significant investments in the City's public infrastructure since 2004.

While having a positive impact, this growth also presents significant challenges. It is the City's goal to create and maintain a strong, diversified economic base, which will continue to benefit and sustain the community in the future.

Long-Term Financial Planning

The City's income tax rate was raised by a vote of the people in 2004, from one percent to two percent. Also with this voted change was the removal of a five mill fire operating levy against real estate. The increase in the City's income tax revenues more than offset this levy reduction. The City's income tax ordinance provides for seven percent of all revenues to be used for park capital improvements. The remaining 93 percent of collections are used for the general operations of the City. Additionally, the City recognizes four separate TIF areas; however, each parcel within these separate areas has a specific TIF agreement to pay for the debt service on capital improvements in these specific areas. The agreements run for thirty years and will ultimately pay for the continuing improvements in these respective areas.

Relevant Financial Policies

During 2004, the City entered into an agreement with Green Local Schools to allow the schools to use the Community Learning Center improvements whereby the City would pay an annual maximum amount of \$1,000,000 against the outstanding revenue bonds issued to construct the improvement and the schools would pay the remaining annual debt service balance. The terms of the agreement are continuing.

In 2006, the City agreed to charge for ambulance usage by citizens; however, if no insurance, or other means of payment was available, City residents could have the charges forgiven. All proceeds from ambulance billings are deposited and used by that specifically named fund. No changes to this policy have been implemented in 2021.

Major Initiatives

Current Projects: The City continues its commitment to support services throughout the community and to fund infrastructure needs. Several accomplishments were made during the year:

In 2021, the City completed a sidewalk project a on Shriver Road, round the Portage Lakes Career Center, for a total cost of \$100,570 to provide safe pedestrian movement and connection for the school and the residential neighborhood.

The purchase of a new a new Pierce 100' aerial platform fire truck as purchased, in the amount of \$1,264,278, to replace a 1996 75', which was beyond the end of its safe service life. A 2022 Braun F450 ambulance was also purchased.

Future Projects: 2022 will see ongoing attention to the City's infrastructure needs. Major projects that will be addressed in 2022 include the following:

With the continuation of the reconstruction of the "Massillon Road Hub", consisting of four intersections: Massillon and Boettler, Massillon and Corporate Woods Circle, Corporate Woods Circle and Corporate Woods Parkway, and Corporate Woods Parkway and Boettler Road, in 2022, \$7,397,639 was budgeted for the Massillon/Boettler and Massillon/Corporate Woods Circle portion of the "Hub" reconstruction. The construction phase of this project is likely to span over the next two years.

Another long-awaited project to begin is the Arlington Rd/Greensburg Rd Intersection Improvement at an estimate cost of \$2,566,000. Currently, northbound Arlington Road traffic experiences excessive delay in the morning and afternoon. This will improve the traffic flow operation by constructing a roundabout rather than the current traffic congestion caused by the present stop sign.

Green stays committed to providing community and quality of life through people, parks and programs. With more than 700 acres in ten parks, the City has plans to spend almost \$2,243,000 in 2022 for equipment and park land improvements to assure its commitment to providing the best overall experience in each of these parks.

As the economy continues an upward trend, and borrowing costs remain low, the budget constraints of the past will be eased to better address the infrastructure needs of the community. The City will, however, continue to explore grant availability and other collaborative opportunities to improve the City's roads, parks, and overall infrastructure needs.

Awards and Acknowledgements

Awards: The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, whose contents conform to program standards. The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is only valid for one year. The City of Green has received a certificate for the past 27 years. The City believes our current report continues to conform to Certificate of Achievement program requirements and has submitted it to the Government Finance Officers Association to determine eligibility for another Certificate of Achievement.

Acknowledgments: This Annual Comprehensive Financial Report was prepared by the Finance Department in conjunction with the Julian & Grube, Inc. could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire department staff. I would like to express my appreciation to Leah Knotts, Kris Ledford, Penny Tichon, and Sharon Salem for their direct involvement with this report. The Finance staff would also like to thank Julian & Grube, Inc. for their assistance in helping the City prepare this report in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, the GASB Statement No. 34 reporting model, and the requirements of the Government Finance Officers Association.

In addition, our sincere appreciation goes out to the City Council for their commitment to responsible fiscal reporting. In closing, we would like to thank the residents and taxpayers of the City for entrusting us with the administration of their local government.

Sincerely,

IT / lit

Steve Schmidt Director of Finance

Hundahap

Gerard Neugebauer Mayor

Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

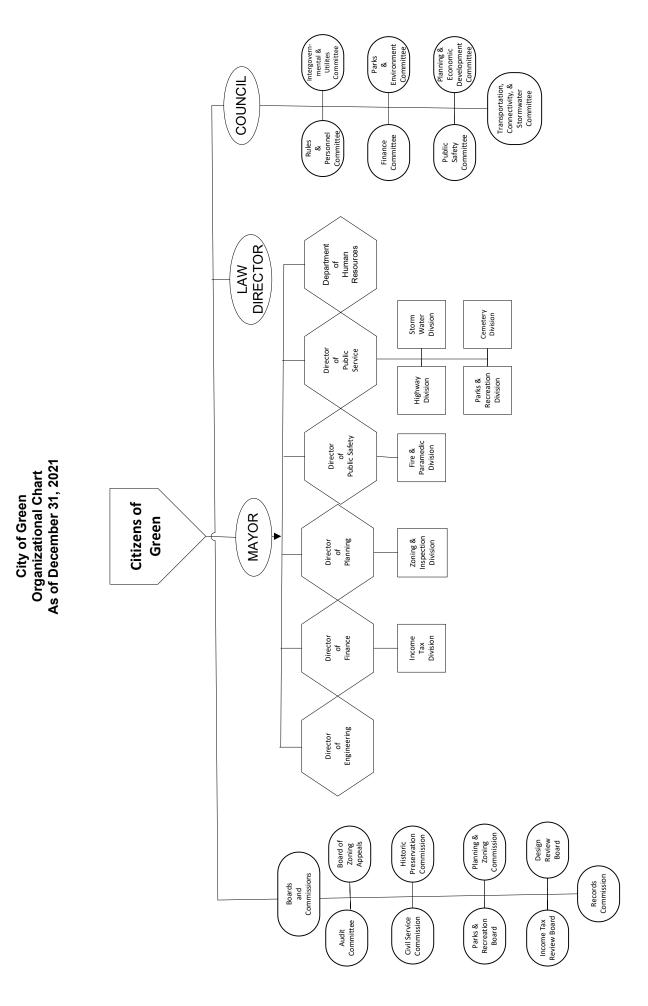
City of Green Ohio

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2020

Christophen P. Monill

Executive Director/CEO



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City of Green, Ohio *City Officials As of December 31, 2021*

ELECTED OFFICIALS

Mayor	Gerard Neugebauer
Director of Law	Lisa Carey Dean
President of Council	Rocco Yeargin
Council Member	
Council Member	Richard Brandenburg
Council Member	Clark DeVitis
Council Member	David France
Council Member	CJ Meager
Council Member	Matthew Shaughnessy

APPOINTED OFFICIALS

Director of Engineering	Paul Pickett
Director of Finance	Steven Schmidt
Human Resources Manager	Pamela Serina
Director of Service	Valerie Wax Carr
Director of Planning	Wayne Wiethe
Clerk of Council	Nichole Messner

City of Green, Ohio

City Employees as of 12/31/2021

Ronald M. Adams **Richard Anderson** Kevin Atkinson John Bagozzi Shiloh Bailey Aaron Baker Brandon Beeson Erin Bickett Doyle Bohaychyk John Boling Gareld Britton, Jr. Dean Brumbaugh Jasen Bryan David Burbridge, Jr. Keith Burch Nicholas Burnley Jerry Burroughs Jeremy Chambers James Chapman Joshua Chrapowicki **Douglas** Cincurak Paul Ciocca Corv Clark Kelly Clark Joshua Compton Judy Copen **Duane** Covington Matthew Craddock Irene Cramer Jay Davis III John Davis Vincent DeLuca Joseph Dies Thomas DiTirro Mitchell Eatinger Daniel Edwards Stephen Eldridge Michael Elkins Robert Evans Thomas Fazio Brandyn Feld Kenneth Ferguson Alexander Fluke Wendy Foust Thomas Frank Jeffrev Funai Theodore Ganoe Jaimy Garrett Keith Geiger

Kristopher Gent Kim Goodhart Trent Green Mary Groen Kevin Guilmette Tyler Guyton Gerald Halman, Jr. Devon Halvorson Christopher Hardesty Sarah Haring Brad Hemphill Pamela Howdyshell Aaron Hoxworth Joseph Huntley Bryce Huth Daniel Hymes Jean Jorgensen Zachary Kaufman Olen Kinsley Douglas Kisamore Brian Klinger Leah Knotts Matthew Kress Kelly Lavaco Malinda Lawrence Kris Ledford Richard Lewis Brian Lloyd Larry Lott Denise Lushes Doris Maines Andrew Marchand Jason Marzilli **Douglas May** Christopher McDaniel **Tommy McGuire** Troy Meredith Robert Messner Matthew Micozzi Michael Mohr David Montgomery **Steven Pennington** David Perrine Jon Peters **Timothy Pipes** David Plum Benjamin Poole Randy Porter

Justin Pratt Michael Props Debra Pyles Vicki Raymond Joseph Reiter Adam Resanovich Scott Robbins Jaret Rockich Scott Rohler Matthew Russ Darryl Ruth Daniel Saiben Sharon Salem Matt Sample **Richard Sanderson** Virgil Schlabach Jacob Scott Amy Sehm Lisa Sexton Jason Slaughter Samuel Sprankle Patricia Stahl Todd Staten Joshua Stiles Melinda Svenson Debra Talkington Nicholas Thompson Penny Tichon Steven Tichon Michael Tompkins John Walch Jason Wells Kevin White Matthew White Renee Wilcox Alec Williamson Valerie Wolford Louis Yankovich

Financial Section





88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 ContactUs@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

City of Green Summit County 1755 Town Park Blvd. P.O. Box 278 Green, Ohio 44232

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council:

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Green, Summit County, Ohio (the City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Green, Summit County, Ohio as of December 31, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and the Street, Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards,* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 22 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the City. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

City of Green Summit County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
 include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

City of Green Summit County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the *management's discussion and analysis*, and schedules of net pension and other post-employment benefit liabilities and pension and other post-employment benefit contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining statements and individual fund schedules and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements the mselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining statements and individual fund schedules and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual financial report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

City of Green Summit County Independent Auditor's Report Page 4

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 23, 2022, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance.

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Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

June 23, 2022

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 (UNAUDITED)

The discussion and analysis for the City of Green's (the "City") financial statements provides an overall review of the financial activity of the City for the twelve months ended December 31, 2021. The intent of this discussion is to provide a narrative that describes the City's performance. To obtain a more detailed understanding regarding the City's financial performance, one should also review the transmittal letter as well as the basic financial statements.

Financial Highlights

Financial Highlights for 2021 are as follows:

- ▶ Net position of governmental activities increased \$8,748,927 or 7.97% over December 31, 2020's net position.
- General revenues accounted for \$36,352,844 or 80.43% of total governmental activities revenue. Program specific revenues accounted for \$8,843,081 or 19.57% of total governmental activities revenue.
- The City had \$35,593,633 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$8,843,081 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. The remaining expenses of the governmental activities of \$26,750,552 were offset by general revenues (primarily property taxes, income taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$36,352,844.
- The general fund had revenues and other financing sources of \$43,855,808 in 2021. The expenditures and other financing uses of the general fund totaled \$42,928,071 in 2021. The net increase in the fund balance for the general fund was \$927,737 from \$30,721,393 to \$31,649,130.
- The street construction, maintenance and repair fund had revenues and other financing sources of \$6,965,573 in 2021. The street construction, maintenance and repair fund had expenditures of \$7,541,073. The fund balance of the street construction, maintenance and repair fund decreased \$575,500 from \$7,184,053 to \$6,608,553.
- The parks capital projects reserve fund had revenues and other financing sources of \$2,020,114 in 2021. The parks capital projects reserve fund had expenditures of \$764,461. The fund balance of the parks capital projects reserve fund increased \$1,255,653 from (\$887,306) to \$368,347.
- The TIF Projects fund had revenues and other financing sources of \$4,779,208 in 2021. The TIF projects fund had expenditures of \$10,093,621. The fund balance of the TIF projects fund decreased \$5,314,413 from \$7,353,880 to \$2,039,467.
- The City had various ongoing construction projects in 2021, including the completed installation of the PLCC/Shriver multipurpose trail, Massillon Road North construction phases continued while Massillon Road South reached its right of way acquisition phase. Other road resurfacing projects and park improvement were also completed during the year. All these projects, along with the acquisition of equipment for the Fire and Parks Department, have increased capital assets during 2021.
- During 2021, the City issued \$13,330,000 in Community Learning Center Income Tax Revenue Refunding bonds as well as, \$7,980,000 in Various Purpose General Obligation Refunding Bonds. The bonds provided for the refunding of general obligation bonds issued in 2013 and 2015, while the Income Tax bonds were issued in 2012. These bonds had an overall effect of providing stable debt service payments for the future.

Using this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

As an introduction to the City's financial status this annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are prepared and organized so the reader can understand the City as a whole or as an entire operating entity. The statements will provide a detailed look at specific financial conditions. This report also contains required and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 (UNAUDITED)

The statement of net position and statement of activities provide information from a summary perspective showing the effects of the operations for the year 2021 and how they affected the City's operations. Major fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short term as well as what dollars remain for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the City's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column.

Reporting the City of Green as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

This financial view of the City as a whole considers all transactions and answers the question of how the City performed financially during 2021. The statement of net position and the statement of activities provide summary information concerning the financial position and operations of the City as an entity, as well as the overall evaluation of the City's financial status. These statements include all non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting. This method takes into account all revenues when they are earned and all expenses when they are incurred.

Transactions are booked when they occur and not when actual cash is received for revenues or when invoices are paid.

These two statements report the City's net position and any changes in that position, which is an important method to use to inform the reader whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating. To evaluate the overall position of the City, particular items must be taken into consideration. These items include the current economic situation, the current tax base for the City and the age and condition of City buildings and infrastructure.

The statement of net position and the statement of activities for the City are divided into the following categories:

- Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources
- Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources
- Net Position
- Program Expenses and Revenues
- General Revenues
- Net Position Beginning of Year and End of Year

Reporting the City of Green's Most Significant Funds Fund Financial Statements

Fund Financial Statements

The presentation of the City's major funds begins on page 11. Fund financial reports give detailed information of activities within these funds. The City currently has twenty-seven funds, which have been established to account for the multitude of services provided to residents, for employee health care and the operation of facilities, as well as for infrastructure and capital purchases. These fund financial statements focus on the City's four major funds: the general fund; the street construction, maintenance and repair fund; the parks capital projects reserve fund; and the TIF projects fund.

Governmental Funds – The City's major activities are reported in the governmental funds, which focus on cash flows and yearend balances available for future spending. The accounting method used to report this activity is the modified accrual method, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can be converted into cash. These services include fire and safety protection, as well as maintaining and improving streets and roads, storm sewers, parks and other facilities. The relationship between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and the governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Proprietary Fund – The City's only proprietary fund is an internal service fund which accounts for a self - insurance program for employee vision claims.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 (UNAUDITED)

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The Statement of Net Position provides the perspective of the City as a whole.

The table below provides a summary of the City's net position at December 31, 2021 compared to December 31, 2020.

	Governmental Activities				
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>			
<u>Assets</u> Current assets Capital assets, net	\$ 64,501,899 134,157,200	\$ 67,522,467 126,089,645			
Total assets	198,659,099	193,612,112			
Deferred outflows of resources					
Unamortized deferred charges Pension	1,963,570 4,058,794	1,985,774 3,122,767			
OPEB	1,773,030	1,927,130			
Total deferred outflows of resources	7,795,394	7,035,671			
<u>Liabilities</u> Current liabilities Long-term liabilities:	4,791,931	2,897,400			
Due within one year	3,727,429	3,423,807			
Net pension liability	19,121,374	19,247,836			
Net OPEB liability	2,089,207	6,852,877			
Other amounts	46,960,019	49,207,336			
Total liabilities	76,689,960	81,629,256			
Deferred inflows of resources					
Property taxes	2,082,803	2,070,594			
PILOTs	2,215,014	2,369,626			
Unamortized deferred gain	33,880	36,486			
Pension	3,896,118	3,159,373			
OPEB	3,028,742	1,623,399			
Total deferred inflows of resources	11,256,557	9,259,478			
<u>Net Position</u> Net investment	11,250,557	2,232,478			
in capital assets	93,287,350	90,628,427			
Restricted	7,150,872	10,418,423			
Unrestricted	18,069,754	8,712,199			
Total net position	\$ 118,507,976	<u>\$ 109,759,049</u>			

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 (UNAUDITED)

The net pension liability/asset is reported pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27." The net other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability is reported pursuant to GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions." For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the City's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability, and the net OPEB liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB and the net pension asset.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB 45) focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's *net pension liability/asset* or *net OPEB liability*. GASB 68 and GASB 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

GASB 68 and GASB 75 require the net pension liability/asset and the net OPEB liability to equal the City's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service.
- 2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits.

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the City is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan *as against the public employer*. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, the City's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability/asset and net OPEB liability, respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

Over time, net position can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At December 31, 2021, the City's assets plus deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources by \$118,507,976.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 (UNAUDITED)

Capital assets reported on the government-wide statements represent the largest portion of the City's assets. At December 31, 2021, capital assets represented 67.53% of total assets. Capital assets include land, construction in progress (CIP), land improvements, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, vehicles, Right to Use the Community Learning Center (CLC) and various infrastructure. Net investment in capital assets at December 31, 2021, was \$93,287,350 from governmental activities. These capital assets are used to provide services to citizens and are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Assets of governmental activities increased \$5,046,987 or 2.61%. This increase can mainly be attributed to an increase in income tax receivable and capital assets. The increase in capital assets is the result of the City constructing various projects. Liabilities of the governmental activities decreased by \$4,939,296 or 6.05% which is due primarily to a decrease in net OPEB liability. The decrease in net OPEB liability was the result of changes made by the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS).

As of December 31, 2021, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position.

A portion of the City's governmental net position, \$7,150,872, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. This is a decrease of \$3,267,551 from 2020. In the governmental activities, the remaining balance of unrestricted net position of \$18,069,754 may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Statement of Activities

The table below shows the changes in net position for years 2021 and 2020.

Change in Net Position

	Governmental Activities <u>2021</u>		0	overnmental Activities <u>2020</u>	
Revenues					
Program revenues:					
Charges for services	\$	1,785,175	\$	1,614,532	
Operating grants and contributions		4,981,748		10,237,519	
Capital grants and contributions		2,076,158		205,663	
Total program revenues		8,843,081	12,057,714		
General revenues:					
Taxes		31,426,566		25,068,658	
Grants and entitlements		1,055,407		1,320,579	
Payments in lieu of taxes		3,624,082		2,977,024	
Investment earnings		(172,485)		666,223	
Miscellaneous		419,274		2,262,464	
Total general revenues		36,352,844		32,294,948	
Total revenues		45,195,925		44,352,662	

(Continued)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 (UNAUDITED)

	Change in Net I osition - (Continue			
	Governmental Activities	Governmental Activities		
	2021	2020		
Expenses:				
General government	7,215,956	10,899,047		
Security of persons and property	12,441,407	10,331,675		
Public health and welfare	345,079	514,744		
Transportation	11,977,908	14,650,726		
Community environment	552,602	1,155,192		
Leisure time activities	1,338,859	1,685,042		
Interest and fiscal charges	1,721,822	1,655,223		
Total expenses	35,593,633	40,891,649		
Special items	(853,365)			
Change in net position	8,748,927	3,461,013		
Net position at beginning of year	109,759,049	106,298,036		
Net position at end of year	\$ 118,507,976	\$ 109,759,049		

Change in Net Position - (Continued)

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities net position increased \$8,748,927 in 2021.

Expenses of the governmental activities decreased \$5,298,016 or 12.96%. This decrease is primarily the result of the decrease in OPEB expense for the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). On an accrual basis, the City had OPEB expense of (\$3,843,499) in 2021 compared to \$759,413 in 2020. On January 15, 2020, OPERS approved several changes to the health care plan offered to Medicare and non-Medicare retirees in efforts to decrease costs and increase the solvency of the health care plan. These changes are effective January 1, 2022 and include changes to base allowances and eligibility for Medicare retirees, as well as replacing OPERS-sponsored medical plans for non-Medicare retirees with monthly allowances, similar to the program for Medicare retirees. These changes are reflected in the December 31, 2020 measurement date health care valuation which are reported by the City at December 31, 2021. These changes along with changes in assumptions related to an increase in discount rate from 3.16% to 6.00% significantly decreased the total OPEB liability for the measurement date December 31, 2020.

The State and federal government contributed to the City a total of \$4,981,748 in operating grants and contributions. The decrease in operating grants and contributions was due to the City receiving money from the Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Stimulus (CARES) Act due to the pandemic in 2020. Capital grants and contributions increased due to an increase in sidewalks and roadways donated by residents and developers.

General revenues totaled \$36,352,844 and amounted to 80.43% of total governmental revenues. These revenues primarily consist of property and income tax revenue of \$31,426,566. This increase was the result of an increase in income taxes which increased approximately \$6,357,908 from the prior year due to new businesses in the City and an increase from lowered taxes due to the pandemic. The investment earnings decreased to lowered interest rates and a decrease in fair value on investments.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 (UNAUDITED)

The City's Funds

The City's governmental funds are accounted for by using the modified accrual method of accounting. Various funds are restricted for purposes that may affect the available of fund resources to be used for general City purposes. The City's governmental funds reflected an increase in fund balance due primarily to unspent proceeds related to the issuance of street improvement tax increment general obligation bonds.

The general fund reported an increase in fund balance. This was primarily due to an increase in income tax revenues. The largest general fund transfer out of funds was incurred for the support of the street construction, maintenance, and repair fund. The street construction, maintenance and repair fund had expenditures that far exceeded revenues, due to many maintenance and repair projects in the City. This fund received a transfer of income tax to offset a portion of these costs but still reported a decrease in fund balance. The parks capital projects reserve fund had an increase in fund balance due to income tax revenues exceeding capital outlays for park projects. In the TIF projects fund, expenditures plus other financing uses outweighed revenues plus other financing sources, leading to a decrease in fund balance. This was due to an increase in costs related to various road projects.

Budgeting Highlights – General Fund

The City's budgeting process is prescribed by the Ohio Revised Code (ORC). Essentially the budget is the City's appropriations which are restricted by the amounts of anticipated revenues certified by the Budget Commission in accordance with the ORC. Therefore, the City's plans or desires cannot be totally reflected in the original budget. If budgeted revenues are adjusted due to actual activity then the appropriations can be adjusted accordingly.

Budgetary information is presented for the general fund. In the general fund, the actual revenues and other financing sources of \$43,844,009 were higher than the final budget amount by \$3,383,592. This increase is primarily due to actual income taxes exceeding estimates and capital lease transactions that were not budgeted. Final budgeted revenues were higher than original budgeted amounts by approximately \$16.6 million. This increase was due to an increase in income tax revenue and a budget for refunding bonds issued by the City for the income tax revenue bond refunding.

Actual expenditures and other financing uses of \$41,756,174 were lower than the final budget amount by \$684,411. This decrease was primarily due to conservative spending in the various departments. Final appropriations were approximately \$16.1 million higher than original appropriations. The City budgeted for payment to refunded bond escrow agent for the bond refunding. The City also increase budgeted amounts for various departments once anticipated revenues were increased.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At December 31, 2021, the City had \$134,157,200 (net of accumulated depreciation) invested in land, construction in progress (CIP), land improvements, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, vehicles, right to use, and infrastructure.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 (UNAUDITED)

The table below shows December 31, 2021 balances compared to December 31, 2020.

Capital Assets at December 31 (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities					
		<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>		
Land	\$	11,215,586	\$	10,517,878		
Construction in progress		28,544,241		26,152,068		
Land improvements		6,482,483		6,572,605		
Buildings and improvements		23,840,431		19,239,406		
Machinery and equipment		2,750,391		2,837,126		
Vehicles		5,963,418		4,837,160		
Right to Use		6,550,299		7,145,778		
Infrastructure		48,810,351	_	48,787,624		
Totals	\$	134,157,200	\$	126,089,645		

See Note 11 for details on capital assets.

Debt

The City had the following long-term obligations outstanding at December 31, 2021 and 2020.

	Governmental Activities 2021	Governmental Activities 2020
General obligation bonds	\$ 33,448,312	\$ 35,773,811
Income tax revenue bonds	14,246,291	14,945,498
OPWC loans	199,775	256,853
Capital leases	1,276,241	193,336
Total governmental activities long-term obligations	\$ 49,170,619	<u>\$ 51,169,498</u>

See Note 14 in the basic financial statements for additional disclosures and detail regarding the City's debt activity.

Current Financial Related Issues

The income tax collections for the City demonstrated by a noticeable increase in tax collections of \$3,476,721 during 2021 on a cash basis. This increase exceeds pre COVID-19 pandemic collections. The City of Green welcomed many businesses throughout the year. These businesses include Tradefull, Greenbridge, B-Squared, Papa's Brick Oven Pub, Jersey Mike's, and many more. Projects to look forward to in 2022 include the completion of other local small business projects throughout the community.

This continuing business and development expansion will continue to add to both the income tax and real estate tax base. The administrative goal of maintaining our workforce with a six-month operating cash reserve, along with no reductions in service, is expected to continue throughout 2022.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 (UNAUDITED)

The Administration and City Council continue to develop and update a five-year capital improvement plan to identify current and future infrastructure needs of the City. In 2022, projects totaling \$16,144,750 were identified from the capital improvement plan listing and are currently in various stages of the construction process. Included with the 2022 appropriations is various park equipment, Ariss Park Improvements, Arlington Rd/Greensburg Intersection Improvements, and various road resurfacings.

Contacting the City of Green's Finance Department

The intent of this financial report is to provide Green citizens, taxpayers, creditors and investors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the public funds it receives, spends, and invests. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Director of Finance, Steven Schmidt, at the City of Green, P. O. Box 278, Green, Ohio 44232- 0278, (330) 896-6603, or email to Finance@cityofgreen.org, or visit our website at www.cityofgreen.org.

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STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2021

	G	overnmental Activities
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	46,828,394
Receivables:	Ψ	10,020,051
Income taxes		4,968,374
Property taxes		2,262,371
Accounts		338,170
Special assessments		127,510
Accrued interest		50,421
Intergovernmental Payment in lieu of taxes (PILOTs)		1,557,409 2,215,014
Loans receivable		175,000
Intergovernmental - due from Green LSD		4,231,133
Materials and supplies inventory		571,541
Prepayments		400,804
Equity interest in joint venture		52,062
Net pension asset		46,749
Net OPEB asset		676,947
Capital assets:		
Nondepreciable capital assets		39,759,827
Depreciable capital assets, net		94,397,373
Total capital assets, net		134,157,200
Total assets		198,659,099
Deferred outflows of resources:		
Unamortized deferred charges on debt refunding		1,963,570
Pension		4,058,794
OPEB		1,773,030
Total deferred outflows of resources		7,795,394
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable		819,970
Contracts payable		576,595
Retainage payable		656,679
Accrued wages and benefits payable		217,700
Compensated absences payable		7,658
Intergovernmental payable		385,963
Payroll withholdings payable		110,583
Accrued interest payable		108,111
Deposits held and due to others		123,063
Vacation benefits payable Unearned revenue		594,821 1,190,788
Long-term liabilities:		1,190,788
Due within one year		3,727,429
Due greater than one year:		5,727,129
Net pension liability		19,121,374
Net OPEB liability		2,089,207
Other amounts due in more than one year		46,960,019
Total liabilities		76,689,960
		, ,
Deferred inflows of resources:		
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year		2,082,803
PILOTs levied for the next fiscal year		2,215,014
Unamortized deferred gain on refunding		33,880
Pension		3,896,118
OPEB		3,028,742
Total deferred inflows of resources		11,256,557
Net position:		
Net investment in capital assets		93,287,350
Restricted for:		
Capital projects		1,221,130
Street, construction, maintenance and repair		5,217,342
Drug enforcement		46,696
Lighting		100,890
Recycle		127,793
Grant project Telecommunications		18,588 405.015
Unclaimed monies		405,015
Unrestricted		13,418 18,069,754
Total net position	\$	118,507,976

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	-		harges for	Oper	am Revenues ating Grants		pital Grants	R 	et (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position overnmental
	 Expenses	Servi	ices and Sales	and C	Contributions	and	Contributions		Activities
Governmental activities: General government Security of persons and property Transportation Public health and welfare Leisure time activity Community environment Interest and fiscal charges	\$ 7,215,956 12,441,407 11,977,908 345,079 1,338,859 552,602 1,721,822	\$	358,424 983,508 77,161 51,168 127,680 187,234	\$	220,987 43,740 4,679,655 	\$	1,899,227 - 176,931	\$	$\begin{array}{c} (6,636,545) \\ (11,414,159) \\ (5,321,865) \\ (293,911) \\ (1,022,629) \\ (339,621) \\ (1,721,822) \end{array}$
Total governmental activities	\$ 35,593,633	\$	1,785,175	\$	4,981,748	\$	2,076,158		(26,750,552)
	General revenues: Property taxes levied for: General purposes Debt service Income taxes levied for: General purposes Parks capital project reserve Hotel taxes Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs Payments in lieu of taxes Investment earnings Miscellaneous					1,936,233 168,859 26,905,999 1,962,365 453,110 1,055,407 3,624,082 (172,485) 419,274 36,352,844			
			l general revenu ial item - loss or		ion in intergove	ernmen	tal receivable		(853,365)
		-	l general revenu		-				35,499,479
		Char	nge in net positio	on					8,748,927
		Net	position at begi	nning o	f year				109,759,049
		Net	position at end	of year				\$	118,507,976

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BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

		General	Μ	Street onstruction, aintenance nd Repair	Car	Parks pital Projects Reserve		TIF Projects
Assets:								
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$	27,723,308	\$	6,435,234	\$	2,003,950	\$	2,671,749
Income taxes		4,620,617		-		347,757		-
Property taxes		2,083,267		-		-		-
Accounts		195,912		1,194		-		-
Special assessments		2,276		75,423		-		-
Accrued interest		50,421		-		-		-
Intergovernmental		460,067		925,154		-		-
Payment in lieu of taxes (PILOTs)		-		-		-		2,215,014
Loans receivable		175,000		-		-		-
Intergovernmental - due from Green LSD		-		-		-		-
Interfund loans		1,500,000		-		-		-
Materials and supplies inventory		12,459		559,082		-		-
Prepayments		371,095		18,368		-		-
Restricted assets:		0,1,000		10,200				
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents		29,483		_		-		_
Total assets	\$	37,223,905	\$	8,014,455	\$	2,351,707	\$	4,886,763
10141 455015	Ψ	51,225,705	Ψ	0,014,435	ψ	2,331,707	Ψ	4,000,705
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	308,827	\$	216,111	\$	57,136	\$	_
Contracts payable	Φ	500,027	φ	253,895	φ	169,880	φ	120,786
Retainage payable		-		60,084		85,099		511,496
Accrued wages and benefits payable		178,086				85,099		511,490
Compensated absences payable		7,658		36,875		-		-
Interfund loans payable		7,058		-		-		-
		- 252,804		-		1,500,000		-
Intergovernmental payable				131,053		-		-
Payroll withholdings payable Unearned revenue		93,848		15,691		-		-
		-		-		-		-
Deposits held and due to others		16,065	·	-		-		-
Total liabilities		857,288	·	713,709		1,812,115		632,282
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year		1,917,914		-		-		-
PILOTs levied for the next fiscal year		-		-		-		2,215,014
Delinquent property tax revenue not available		165,353		-		-		-
Accrued interest not available		28,389		-		-		-
Special assessments revenue not available		2,276		75,423		-		-
Income tax revenue not available		2,275,117		-		171,245		-
Intergovernmental revenue not available		328,438		616,770		-		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		4,717,487		692,193		171,245		2,215,014
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable		1,446,972		577,450		-		-
Restricted		-		6,031,103		368,347		2,039,467
Committed		-		-		-		-
Assigned		6,156,521		-		-		-
Unassigned		24,045,637		-		-		-
Total fund balances		31,649,130		6,608,553		368,347		2,039,467
Total liabilities, deferred inflows		51,0.9,100						_,,
of resources and fund balances	\$	37,223,905	\$	8,014,455	\$	2,351,707	\$	4,886,763

	Other	Total			
G	overnmental	Governmenta			
	Funds		Funds		
\$	7,701,978	\$	46,536,219		
			1069 274		
	-		4,968,374		
	179,104		2,262,371		
	141,064		338,170		
	49,811		127,510		
	-		50,421		
	172,188		1,557,409		
	-		2,215,014		
	-		175,000		
	4,231,133		4,231,133		
	-		1,500,000		
	-		571,541		
	11,341		400,804		
	106,998		136,481		
\$	12,593,617	\$	65,070,447		
\$	237,896	\$	819,970		
Φ	32,034	ψ	576,595		
	52,054		656,679		
	2 720		217,700		
	2,739				
	-		7,658		
	-		1,500,000		
	2,106		385,963		
	1,044		110,583		
	1,190,788		1,190,788		
	106,998		123,063		
	1,573,605		5,588,999		
	164,889		2,082,803		
	-		2,215,014		
	14,215		179,568		
	-		28,389		
	49,811		127,510		
	-		2,446,362		
	83,073		1,028,281		
	311,988		8,107,927		
	011,900		0,107,927		
	11,341		2,035,763		
	5,510,291		13,949,208		
	2,058,725		2,058,725		
	3,127,667		9,284,188		
	-		24,045,637		
	10,708,024		51,373,521		
\$	12,593,617	\$	65,070,447		

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RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DECEMBER 31, 2021

otal governmental fund balances		\$ 51,373,521
mounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		134,157,200
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred inflows in the funds.		
Income taxes receivable	\$ 2,446,362	
Property taxes receivable	179,568	
Special assessments receivable Accrued interest receivable	127,510	
Intergovernmental receivable	28,389 1,028,281	
Total	1,020,201	3,810,110
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the		
costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities		
of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities on the statement of net position.		155,694
The equity interest in the South Summit COG is not a financial		
resource and therefore is not reported in funds.		52,062
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the funds.		(108,111)
		(106,111)
Unamortized deferred amounts on refundings are not recognized		
in the governmental funds.	1 062 570	
Unamortized deferred charges Unamortized deferred gains	1,963,570 (33,880)	
Total	(55,880)	1,929,690
		-,
Unamortized premiums (discounts) on bond issuances are not recognized in the funds.		
Unamortized premiums	(2,170,708)	
Unamortized discounts	1,105	
Total		(2,169,603)
Vacation is accrued for leave accrued on the statement of net		
position, whereas in the funds, vacation leave expenditures		
are reported when taken.		(594,821)
The net pension/OPEB liability is not due and payable in the current perio the liability and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in gov		
Net pension asset	46,749	
Net OPEB asset	676,947	
Deferred outflows - pension	4,058,794	
Deferred outflows - OPEB	1,773,030	
Net pension liability	(19,121,374)	
Net OPEB liability	(2,089,207)	
Deferred inflows - pension	(3,896,118)	
Deferred inflows - OPEB	(3,028,742)	
Total		(21,579,921)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and		
payable in the current period and therefore are not reported		
in the funds.		
General obligation bonds	(31,330,000)	
Community learning center bonds	(14,195,000)	
OPWC loans	(199,775)	
Capital leases	(1,276,241)	
Compensated absences payable	(1,516,829)	(10 517 045)
Total		 (48,517,845)
et position of governmental activities		\$ 118,507,976

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	General	Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair	Parks Capital Projects Reserve	TIF Projects
Revenues:				
Income taxes	\$ 25,322,578	\$ -	\$ 1,843,183	\$ -
Property taxes	1,820,732	-	-	-
Hotel taxes	453,110	-	-	-
Payment in lieu of taxes	-	-	-	3,624,082
Special assessments	1,445	79,843	-	-
Intergovernmental	941,122	2,792,591	176,931	-
Interest	(222,917)	-	-	-
Licenses and permits	306,842	8,210	-	-
Fines and forfeitures	43,236	-	-	-
Rentals	97,299	-	-	-
Charges for services	265,155	-	-	-
Contributions and donations	11,013	-	-	-
Other	310,987	54,903		126
Total revenues	29,350,602	2,935,547	2,020,114	3,624,208
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	7,494,195	-	-	1,472,645
Security of persons and property	11,816,385	-	-	-
Transportation	-	7,541,073	-	-
Public health and welfare	272,711	-	-	-
Leisure time activity	2,026,538	-	-	-
Community environment	902,403	-	-	-
Capital outlay	166,907	-	764,461	6,494,666
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	834,560	-	-	1,633,168
Interest and fiscal charges	239,372	-	-	493,142
Bond issuance costs	202,663	-		
Total expenditures	23,955,734	7,541,073	764,461	10,093,621
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	5,394,868	(4,605,526)	1,255,653	(6,469,413)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Refunding bonds issued	13,330,000	-	-	-
Premium on refunding bonds issued	-	-	-	-
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	(13,127,337)	-	-	-
Capital lease transaction	1,149,211	-	-	-
Sale of capital assets	1,301	30,026	-	-
Transfers in	24,694	4,000,000	-	1,155,000
Transfers out	(5,845,000)	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	(4,467,131)	4,030,026	-	1,155,000
Special item - loss				
on reduction in intergovernmental receivable				
Net change in fund balances	927,737	(575,500)	1,255,653	(5,314,413)
Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year Fund balances at end of year	30,721,393	7,184,053	(887,306)	7,353,880
Kund balanaas at and at year	\$ 31,649,130	\$ 6,608,553	\$ 368,347	\$ 2,039,467

Other	Total
Governmental Funds	Governmental Funds
	- I unus
\$ -	\$ 27,165,761
158,930	1,979,662
-	453,110
-	3,624,082
64,982	146,270
2,165,243	6,075,887
32,587	(190,330)
79,983	395,035
-	43,236
-	97,299
852,237	1,117,392
68,891	79,904
53,258	419,274
3,476,111	41,406,582
316,883	9,283,723
1,973,045	13,789,430
2,829,108	10,370,181
172,044	444,755
	2,026,538
39,262	941,665
786	7,426,820
700	7,420,020
1,065,656	3,533,384
618,024	1,350,538
157,439	360,102
7,172,247	49,527,136
	i
(3,696,136)	(8,120,554)
7,980,000	21,310,000
762,107	762,107
(8,584,668)	(21,712,005)
-	1,149,211
-	31,327
690,000	5,869,694
(24,694)	(5,869,694)
822,745	1,540,640
(853,365)	(853,365)
(3,726,756)	(7,433,279)
14,434,780	58,806,800
\$ 10,708,024	\$ 51,373,521
,/00,021	

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds			\$ (7,433,279)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.			
Capital asset additions	\$	12,811,671	
Current year depreciation	*	(6,376,696)	
Total			6,434,975
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, disposals, trade-ins, and donations) is to increase net position. The City recorded disposals of (\$266,647) and capital contributions of \$1,899,227.			1,632,580
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.			
Income taxes		1,702,603	
		125,430	
Property taxes Special assessments		(25,070)	
Intergovernmental revenues		58,764	
Interest		28,389	
Total			1,890,116
Repayment of bond, principal and lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term			
liabilities on the statement of net position.			3,533,384
			-,,
Proceeds of bonds premiums and capital leases are reported as an other financing source in the governmental funds, however, in the statement of activities, they are not reported as revenues as they increase the liabilities on the statement of net position.			
Bonds issued		(21,310,000)	
Premiums issued		(762,107)	
Capital leases		(1,149,211)	
Total		(-,;)	(23,221,318)
Payments to refunding bond escrow agents are an other financing use in the government funds, but the payment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position. Bonds refunded Premiums refunded Unamortized deferred charges refunded	tal	20,820,000 702,457 (1,387,567)	
Deferred charges on refunding		1,577,115	21 712 005
Total			21,712,005
			(Continued)

(Continued)

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

bonds and loans, whereas in governmental funds, an interest		
expenditure is reported when due.		
Change in accrued interest payable	\$ 33,608	
Amortization of bond premiums	165,361	
Amortization of bond discounts	(1,005)	
Amortization of deferred charges on refunding	(211,752)	
Amortization of deferred gains on refunding	 2,606	
Total		\$ (11,182)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, do not require the		
use of current financial resources and there are not reported as expenditures		
in governmental funds.		
Compensated absences	(55,184)	
Vacation benefits payable	18,243	
		(36,941)
Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental		
funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred		
inflows.		
Pension		1,867,109
OPEB		37,675
Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net		
pension/OPEB liability/asset are reported as pension/OPEB expense in		
the statement of activities.		
Pension		(1,527,664)
OPEB		3,843,499
The equity interest in the South Summit COG does not provide current financial		
resources and is not reported in the funds.		52,062
The internal service fund used by management to charge		
the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in		
the government-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund		
expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues		
are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal		
service fund is allocated among the governmental activities.		 (24,094)
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 8,748,927

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Budgetee	l Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Income taxes	\$ 20,000,000	\$ 23,000,000	\$ 25,092,015	\$ 2,092,015
Property taxes	1,707,735	1,970,158	1,848,611	(121,547)
Hotel taxes	382,500	382,500	415,561	33,061
Intergovernmental	552,541	549,991	863,869	313,878
Interest	318,750	318,750	269,075	(49,675)
Licenses and permits	153,000	153,000	197,643	44,643
Charges for services	17,680	17,680	15,690	(1,990)
Fines and forfeitures	17,000	17,000	41,394	24,394
Rentals	8,075	8,075	18,000	9,925
Other	82,652	113,263	168,546	55,283
Total revenues	23,239,933	26,530,417	28,930,404	2,399,987
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	7,444,739	9,340,019	8,683,432	656,587
Security of persons and property	3,037,854	3,037,854	3,010,031	27,823
Public health and welfare	272,712	272,712	272,711	1
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	600,721	768,254	768,254	-
Interest and fiscal charges	399,279	231,746	231,746	-
Bond issuance costs	-	202,663	202,663	-
Total expenditures	11,755,305	13,853,248	13,168,837	684,411
Excess of revenues				
over expenditures	11,484,628	12,677,169	15,761,567	3,084,398
Other financing sources (uses):				
Refunding bonds issued	-	13,330,000	13,330,000	-
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	-	(13,127,337)	(13,127,337)	-
Sale of capital assets	-	-	1,301	1,301
Advances in	600,000	600,000	600,000	-
Capital lease transaction	-	-	982,304	982,304
Transfers out	(14,525,000)	(15,460,000)	(15,460,000)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	(13,925,000)	(14,657,337)	(13,673,732)	983,605
Net change in fund balances	(2,440,372)	(1,980,168)	2,087,835	4,068,003
Fund balances at beginning of year	21,348,225	21,348,225	21,348,225	-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	479,901	479,901	479,901	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 19,387,754	\$ 19,847,958	\$ 23,915,961	\$ 4,068,003

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) STREET CONSTRUCTION, MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

		Budgeted	Amo	unts		Fir	iance with al Budget Positive
	Or	iginal		Final	Actual	(1	Negative)
Revenues:		-					
Special assessments	\$	45,000	\$	45,000	\$ 79,843	\$	34,843
Intergovernmental	,	2,310,000		2,760,000	2,783,375		23,375
Licenses and permits		8,000		8,000	7,810		(190)
Other		30,000		30,000	84,998		54,998
Total revenues		2,393,000		2,843,000	 2,956,026		113,026
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Transportation	(6,269,996		10,168,948	 8,732,326		1,436,622
Excess of expenditures							
over revenues	Ű	3,876,996)		(7,325,948)	(5,776,300)		1,549,648
		-,,- <u>-</u>		(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	 (0,),, 0,0 0 0)		-,,,
Other financing sources:							
Sale of capital assets		-		-	30,026		30,026
Transfers in	4	4,000,000		4,000,000	4,000,000		-
Total other financing sources	-	4,000,000		4,000,000	4,030,026		30,026
-							
Net change in fund balances		123,004		(3,325,948)	(1,746,274)		1,579,674
Fund balances at beginning of year		5,156,332		5,156,332	5,156,332		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		1,372,795		1,372,795	 1,372,795		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	6,652,131	\$	3,203,179	\$ 4,782,853	\$	1,579,674

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUND DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund	
Assets:		
Current assets:		
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	155,694
Net position:		
Unrestricted	\$	155,694

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Act In	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund	
Operating revenues:			
Charges for services	\$	33,925	
Operating expenses:			
Claims		57,379	
Other		640	
Total operating expenses		58,019	
Change in net position		(24,094)	
Net position at beginning of year		179,788	
Net position at end of year	\$	155,694	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund	
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Cash received from sales/charges for services	\$	33,925
Cash payments for claims		(59,769)
Cash payments for other expenses		(640)
Net cash used in		
operating activities		(26,484)
Net change in cash and		
cash equivalents		(26,484)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		182,178
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	155,694
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
Operating loss	\$	(24,094)
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Claims payable		(2,390)
Net cash used in operating activities	\$	(26,484)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE CITY AND REPORTING ENTITY

The City of Green, Ohio, (the City) is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by its Charter and the Constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The City government was formed in 1992.

The City is a municipality of the State of Ohio operating under the direction of an elected mayor and seven- member council. Council exercises budget and taxing authority, adopts its own appropriations and approves its own expenditures.

Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the City consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the City. The primary government provides the following services to its citizens: fire protection, emergency medical service, parks and recreation, street construction, maintenance and repair and general administrative services. The City contracts with the Summit County Sheriff's Office to provide security of persons and property.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the City is financially accountable. The City is financially accountable for an organization if the City appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the City is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the City is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or the City is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance deficits of or provide financial support to the organization; or the City is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations for which the City approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes, and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burden on, the primary government. The City has no component units.

The City participates in one jointly governed organization, the Southern Summit County Tax Incentive Review Council and one joint venture, the South Summit Council of Government. These organizations are described in Note 19 and 20, respectively, of the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described as follows.

Basis of Presentation

The City's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements - The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the City as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The activity of the internal service fund is eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses. These statements usually distinguish between those activities of the City that are governmental and those that are considered business-type. The City, however, has no business-type activities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the City at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the City, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental program is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the City.

Fund Financial Statements - During the year, the City segregates transactions related to certain City functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the City at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements.

Fund Accounting

The City uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts, the City's funds are classified as either governmental or proprietary.

Governmental Funds - Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The following are the City's major governmental funds:

General Fund - The general fund accounts for and reports all financial resources except those required to be accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the City for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the Charter of the City of Green and/or the general laws of Ohio.

Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund - The street construction, maintenance and repair special revenue fund accounts for and reports the portion of State gasoline tax and motor vehicle registration fees restricted for the maintenance of the streets within the City.

Parks Capital Projects Reserve Fund - The parks capital projects reserve capital projects fund accounts for income taxes restricted for the purpose of improving existing park and recreation facilities.

Tax Increment Financing Projects Fund - The tax increment financing projects capital projects fund accounts for and reports payments in lieu of taxes restricted for the purpose of improving City of Green roads, utilities, and other infrastructure improvements in the defined benefit areas of Arlington Road and Massillon Road.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The other governmental funds of the City account for (a) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest, (b) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets and (c) proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

Proprietary Funds - Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position and cash flows. Proprietary funds are classified as either enterprise or internal service. The City has no enterprise funds.

Internal Service Fund - The internal service fund accounts for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City on a cost reimbursement basis. The City's only internal service fund accounts for a self-insurance program for employee vision claims.

Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the City are included on the statement of net position. The statement of activities presents increases (e.g. revenues) and decreases (e.g. expenses) in total net position.

Fund Financial Statements - All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and deferred outflows of resources and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government- wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, the internal service fund is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of this fund are included on the statement of net position. The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the City finances and meets the cash flow needs of its internal service activity.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting; proprietary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. For the City, available means expected to be received within sixty days of year-end.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Non-exchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include income taxes, property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from income taxes is recognized in the period in which the income is earned. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 8). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year-end: income tax, state-levied locally shared taxes (including gasoline tax and motor vehicle registration fees), interest, grants and rentals.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources - In addition to assets, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the City, deferred outflows of resources are reported in the government-wide statement of net position for deferred charges on refunding, pension, and OPEB. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are explained in Notes 15 and 16.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the City, deferred inflows of resources include a deferred gain on refunding, property taxes, payments in lieu of taxes, pension, OPEB, and unavailable revenue. A deferred gain on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. Property taxes and payments in lieu of taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of December 31, 2021, but which were levied to finance 2022 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet, and represents receivables, which will not be collected within the available period. For the City unavailable revenue includes delinquent property taxes, income taxes, intergovernmental grants and special assessments. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available. The details of these unavailable revenues are identified on the Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities found on page 21. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are reported on the government-wide statement of net position of Governmental Activities found on page 21. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are reported on the government-wide statement of net position (see Notes 15 and 16).

Expenses/Expenditures - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Budgetary Process

All funds, except custodial funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget (or the alternative tax budget as permitted by law), the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount Council may appropriate. The appropriations resolution is Council's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by Council. The legal level of control has been established by Council at the personal services and other object level within each department for each fund for the operating budget. For the personal service object level, the Finance Director has been authorized to allocate and maintain appropriations within each department. For the other object level, the Finance Director has been authorized to allocate appropriations within each department and any object level which he maintains on his books, other than personal services. A separate capital appropriations resolution adopted by Council is established at the individual project level within funds that make capital expenditures.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the Director of Finance. The amounts reported as the original and final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the amended certificate of estimated resources in effect at the time original and final appropriations were passed by Council.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation resolution for that fund that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by Council during the year.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, cash received by the City is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through City records. Interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents".

During 2021, investments were limited to Farm Federal Credit Bank (FFCB) securities, Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB) securities, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC), Federal Mortgage Association Corporation (FMAC) securities, Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA) securities, negotiable certificates of deposit, U.S. Treasury notes, a U.S. government money market account, STAR Ohio and nonnegotiable certificates of deposit.

STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants. The City measures their investment in STAR Ohio at the net as set value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For 2021, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, twenty-four hours advance notice is appreciated for deposits and withdrawals of \$100 million or more. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transactions to \$250 million per day, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$250 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Investment are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices or, in the case of mutual funds, current share price.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Investment procedures are restricted by the provisions of the Ohio Revised Code. Interest revenue, including a decrease in the fair value of investments, credited to the general fund during 2021 amounted to (\$222,917), which includes (\$132,028) assigned from other City funds.

Investments with an original maturity of three months or less and investments of the cash management pool are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents.

Materials and Supplies Inventory

Inventories are presented at cost on a first-in, first-out basis and are expended/expensed when used. Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption.

Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond December 31, 2021, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method by recording a current asset for the prepaid amount at the time of the purchase and the expenditure/expense in the year in which services are consumed.

Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change in nature or normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either externally imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Restricted assets in the general fund and fire demolition deposits and electric aggregation program special revenue funds represent money set aside for unclaimed monies and deposits held for individuals and organizations.

Capital Assets

All capital assets of the City are classified as general capital assets. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. The City was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of infrastructure by backtrending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the infrastructure to be capitalized and using an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year). Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition values as of the date received. The City maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

All reported capital assets, except land and construction in progress, are depreciated and amortized. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Useful lives for infrastructure were estimated based on the City's historical records or necessary improvements and replacement. Depreciation and amortization are computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental
	Activities
Description	Estimated Lives
Land Improvements	20 - 50 years
Buildings and Improvements	20 - 50 years
Machinery and Equipment	5 - 30 years
Vehicles	10 - 30 years
Right to Use CLC	26 years
Infrastructure	15 - 40 years

The City's infrastructure consists of bridges, streets, storm sewers, sidewalks, waterlines, street lights, and a traffic signals system including infrastructure acquired before December 31, 1980.

During 2005, the City acquired an intangible asset through the agreement with the Green Local School District for the right to use the Community Learning Center, which was completed in 2006, with a value of \$15,482,500. At December 31, 2021, the amount of the asset is \$6,550,299. Amortization is computed using the straight-line method over the term of the agreement, which has 11 years remaining.

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, outstanding interfund loans and unpaid amounts for interfund services are reported as "interfund loans receivables/payables". Interfund loans, which do not represent available expendable resources, are classified as nonspendable fund balance. Interfund balance amounts are eliminated in the statement of net position.

Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employee's rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the City will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The City records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service. Since the City's policy limits the accrual of vacation time to the end of the calendar year following the calendar year in which the leave was accrued, the outstanding liability is recorded as "vacation benefits payable" on the statement of net position rather than as a long-term liability.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the City has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at year end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the City's termination policy. The City records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for employees after one year of service with the City.

On the governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as a liability and expenditure to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "Compensated Absences Payable" in the funds from which the employee who has accumulated unpaid leave is paid.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Debt issuances are recognized as a liability on the governmental funds financial statements when due. Net pension/OPEB liabilities should be recognized in the governmental funds to the extent that benefit payments are due and payable and the pension/OPEB plans' fiduciary net position is not sufficient for payment of those benefits.

Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB asset/liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable - The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also include the long-term amount of interfund loans.

Restricted - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation (City ordinances).

Enabling legislation authorizes the City to assess, levy, charge, or otherwise mandate payment of resources (from external resource providers) and includes a legally enforceable requirement that those resources be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation. Legal enforceability means that the City can be compelled by an external party-such as citizens, public interest groups, or the judiciary to use resources created by enabling legislation only for the purposes specified by the legislation.

Committed - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by the highest level formal action (ordinance or resolution, as both are equally legally binding) of City Council. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless City Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. In contrast to fund balance that is restricted by enabling legislation, the committed fund balance classification may be redeployed for other purposes with appropriate due process. Constraints imposed on the use of committed amounts are imposed by City Council, separate from the authorization to raise the underlying revenue; therefore, compliance with these constraints is not considered to be legally enforceable. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Assigned - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. These amounts are assigned by City Council. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by City Council or a City official delegated that authority by City Charter or ordinance or by State statute. State statute authorizes the Finance Director to assign fund balance for purchases on order provided such amounts have been lawfully appropriated. City Council assigned fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the 2022 appropriated budget. City Council also assigned fund balance for fire/paramedic service, parks and recreation, zoning, and planning.

Unassigned - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The City applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between all other elements in the statement of net position. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The City applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the City, these revenues are for self-insurance programs. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the goods or services that are the primary activity of the funds. All revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as non-operating.

Internal Activity

Transfers between governmental activities are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements. Internal allocations of overhead expenses from one function to another or within the same function are eliminated on the statement of activities. Interfund payments for services provided and used are not eliminated.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in the internal service fund. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Premiums and Discounts

On the government-wide financial statements, premiums and discounts are amortized over the term of the debt issuance using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Debt issuance payable are reported net of the applicable premium or discount. On the governmental fund financial statements premiums and discounts are recognized in the period in which the debt issuances are issued. Under Ohio law, premiums on the original issuance of debt are to be deposited to the bond retirement fund to be used for debt retirement and are precluded from being applied to the project fund. Ohio law does allow premiums on refunding debt to be used as part of the payment to the bond escrow agent.

Deferred Charge/Gain on Refunding

On the government-wide financial statements, the difference between the reacquisition price (funds required to refund the old debt) and the net carrying amount of the old debt, the gain/loss on the refunding, is being amortized as a component of interest expense. This deferred amount is amortized over the life of the old or new debt, whichever is shorter, using the straight-line method and is presented as deferred outflows/inflows of resources on the statement of net position.

Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Fair Value Measurements

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs, like quoted prices in markets that are not considered to be active, dealer quotations or alternative pricing sources for similar assets or liabilities for which significant inputs are observable; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the City and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. During 2021, the City refunded a portion of 2012 Refunding Community Learning Center Bonds causing a decrease in future debt service requirements. The City records a receivable due from Green Local School District for its portion of the debt service. Due to a decrease in overall debt service, the City is reporting a special item of (\$853,365) for a loss on reduction in intergovernmental receivable.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

Change in Accounting Principles

For 2021, the City has implemented GASB Statement No. 89, "<u>Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of</u> <u>a Construction Period</u>."

GASB Statement No. 89 establishes accounting requirements for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. GASB Statement No. 89 requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. GASB Statement No. 89 also reiterates that financial statements prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period should be recognized as an expenditure on a basis consistent with governmental fund accounting principles. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 89 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the City.

For 2021, the City has applied GASB Statement No. 95, "<u>Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative</u> <u>Guidance</u>" to GASB Statement Nos. 91, 92 and 93, which were originally due to be implemented in 2021 and to GASB Statement No. 87, which was originally due to be implemented in 2020. GASB Statement No. 95 provides temporary relief to governments and other stakeholders in light of the COVID-19 pandemic. This objective is accomplished by postponing the effective dates of certain provisions in Statements and Implementation Guides that first became effective or are scheduled to become effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018, and later.

The following pronouncements are postponed by one year and the City has elected delaying implementation until the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022:

- Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations
- Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*
- Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates

The following pronouncements are postponed by eighteen months and the City has elected delaying implementation until the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022:

- Statement No. 87, Leases
- Implementation Guide No. 2019-3, Leases

Compliance

Contrary to Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.39, the grant project fund had total appropriations in excess of the estimated revenue available in the final budget by \$78,241. Management has indicated that appropriations will be closely monitored to ensure no further violations.

NOTE 4 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the City is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual presented for the general fund and major special revenue fund are presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget.

The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are as follows:

1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 4 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - (Continued)

- 2. Advances In are operating transactions (budget) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP).
- 3. Investments are reported at fair value (GAAP) rather than cost (budget).
- 4. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP).

5. Budgetary revenues and expenditures of the fire/paramedic, parks and recreation, zoning, and planning funds are reclassified to the general fund for GAAP reporting.

6. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget) rather than as assigned, committed, or restricted fund balance (GAAP).

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements for the general fund and major special revenue funds.

Net Change in Fund Balance

5		Street
		Sileet
		Construction,
		Maintenance
	General Fund	and Repair
Budget Basis	\$ 2,087,835	\$ (1,746,274)
Adjustment for revenue accruals	(1,114,844)	(20,479)
Adjustment for expenditure accruals	(105,272)	(445,437)
Adjustment for other financing sources (uses)	549,211	-
Funds budgeted elsewhere	(1,542,863)	-
Adjustment for Encumbrances	1,053,670	1,636,690
GAAP Basis	\$ 927,737	\$ (575,500)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 5 - FUND BALANCES

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented as follows:

Fund balance	General	Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair	Parks Capital Projects Reserve	TIF Projects	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Nonspendable:						
Materials and supplies						
Inventory	\$ 12,459	\$ 559,082	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 571,541
Prepayments	371,095	18,368	-	-	11,341	400,804
Interfund loans	900,000	-	-	-	-	900,000
Loans receivable	150,000	-	-	-	-	150,000
Unclaimed monies	13,418					13,418
Total nonspendable	1,446,972	577,450			11,341	2,035,763
Restricted:						
Capital projects	-	-	368,347	2,039,467	-	2,407,814
Debt service	-	-	-	-	4,320,061	4,320,061
Street repair and						
Maintenance	-	6,031,103	-	-	403,636	6,434,739
Cemetery maintenance	-	-	-	-	128,645	128,645
Lighting	-	-	-	-	51,079	51,079
Recycling	-	-	-	-	136,571	136,571
Grant project	-	-	-	-	18,588	18,588
Drug enforcement	-	-	-	-	46,696	46,696
Telecommunications			-		405,015	405,015
Total restricted		6,031,103	368,347	2,039,467	5,510,291	13,949,208
Committed:						
Ambulance service	-	-	-	-	1,056,375	1,056,375
Pipeline safety	-	-	-	-	963,592	963,592
Donations	-	-	-	-	13,201	13,201
Keeping Green						
Beautiful					25,557	25,557
Total committed					2,058,725	2,058,725
Assigned:						
Capital projects	-	-	-	-	3,127,667	3,127,667
Fire/paramedic	702,897	-	-	-	-	702,897
Parks and recreation	997,405	-	-	-	-	997,405
Zoning	81,744	-	-	-	-	81,744
Planning	691,400	-	-	-	-	691,400
Next year appropriations	2,700,632	-	-	-	-	2,700,632
Purchases on order	982,443					982,443
Total assigned	6,156,521				3,127,667	9,284,188
Unassigned	24,045,637					24,045,637
Total fund balances	\$ 31,649,130	\$ 6,608,553	\$ 368,347	\$ 2,039,467	\$10,708,024	\$ 51,373,521

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 6 - SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS

Encumbrances

Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. At year end the amount of encumbrances expected to be honored upon performance by the vendor in the next year were as follows:

General	\$ 955,997
Street Construction, Maintenance, and Repair	1,127,017
Parks Capital Projects Reserve	81,626
TIF Projects	1,154,957
Other Governmental Funds	 922,794
Total	\$ 4,242,391

Contractual Commitments

The City had the following contractual commitments outstanding at December 31, 2021:

	Contract	Amount	Amount
Vendor	Amount	Expended	Outstanding
Various general projects	\$ 1,164,842	\$ (512,781)	\$ 652,061
Various road improvements	9,803,647	(9,056,541)	747,106
Various parks projects	381,956	(252,419)	129,537
Various TIF projects	21,131,518	(19,274,470)	1,857,048
Total Contractual Commitments	\$ 32,481,963	<u>\$ (29,096,211)</u>	<u>\$ 3,385,752</u>

NOTE 7 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The City is a charter City and has adopted an investment policy through City Ordinance. The City has elected to follow the provisions of State statute. State statutes classify monies held by the City into three categories.

Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the City treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the City treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Council has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies held by the City can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 7 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Government National Mortgage Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;

3. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;

4. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;

5. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio, and, with certain limitations, including a requirement for maturity within ten years from the date of settlement, bonds and other obligations of political subdivisions of the State of Ohio, if training requirements have been met;

6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);

7. Certain bankers' acceptances (for a period not to exceed one hundred-eighty days) and commercial paper notes (for a period not to exceed two hundred seventy days) in an amount not to exceed 40 percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time if training requirements have been met; and

8. Written repurchase agreements in the securities described in (1) or (2) provided the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. Except as noted above, an investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the City, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Cash on Hand

At December 31, 2021, the City had \$782 in cash on hand.

Deposits with Financial Institutions

At December 31, 2021, the carrying amount of all City deposits, including \$6,000,000 in nonnegotiable certificates of deposit, was \$17,823,973. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of December 31, 2021, \$765,367 of the City's bank balance of \$18,422,304 was covered by FDIC, \$8,608,843 was covered by the Ohio Pooled Collateral System and \$9,048,094 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the City will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or protected by (1) eligible securities pledged to the City's and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose market value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured, or (2) participation in the OPCS, a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total market value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State. For 2021, the City's financial institutions were approved for a reduced collateral rate of 50 percent through the OPCS. Although all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the City to a successful claim by the FDIC.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 7 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Investments

As of December 31, 2021, the City had the following investments and maturities:

			Investment Maturities								
Measurement/	N	leasurement	6	months or		7 to 12		13 to 18	19 to 24	C	reater than
Investment type	_	Value		less		months	-	months	 months		24 months
Fair value:											
FFCB	\$	1,730,838	\$	-	9	- 5	\$	-	\$ 1,238,688	\$	492,150
FHLB		5,178,781		-		1,083,952		-	-		4,094,829
FHLMC		280,788		-		-		-	-		280,788
FMAC		513,335		-		-		513,335	-		-
FNMA		1,257,976		-		-		-	248,740		1,009,236
Negotiable CDs		16,683,174		2,266,281		3,024,508		1,875,690	2,750,186		6,766,509
U.S. Treasury Notes		2,160,992		-		-		247,274	247,970		1,665,748
U.S. Government money market		1,090,263		1,090,263		-		-	-		-
Amortized cost:											
STAR Ohio		107,492		107,492	_	-		-	 -		-
Total	\$	29,003,639	\$	3,464,036	9	\$ 4,108,460	\$	2,636,299	\$ 4,485,584	\$	14,309,260

The weighted average of maturity of investments is 2.16 years.

The City's investments in U.S. Government money market mutual funds are valued using quoted market prices in active markets (Level 1 inputs). The City's investments in federal agency securities (FFCB, FHLB, FHLMC, FMAC, FNMA), negotiable CDs and U.S. Treasury notes are valued using quoted prices in markets that are not considered to be active, dealer quotations or alternative pricing sources for similar assets or liabilities for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly (Level 2 inputs).

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the City's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk: The City's investments in federal agency securities, were rated AA+ and Aaa by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services, respectively. Standards & Poor's has assigned the U.S. Government money market and STAR Ohio an AAAm rating. The City limits its investments to those authorized by State statute.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The federal agency securities are exposed to custodial credit risk in that they are uninsured, unregistered and held by the counterparty's trust department or agent, but not in the City's name. The City has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the Director of Finance or qualified trustee.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 7 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk: The City places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the City at December 31, 2021:

Measurement/ Investment type	N	leasurement Value	% of Total
<u>investment type</u>		value	<u>70 01 10tai</u>
Fair value:			
FFCB	\$	1,730,838	5.97%
FHLB		5,178,781	17.86%
FHLMC	\$	280,788	0.97%
FMAC		513,335	1.77%
FNMA		1,257,976	4.34%
Negotiable CDs		16,683,174	57.51%
U.S. Treasury Notes		2,160,992	7.45%
U.S. Government money market		1,090,263	3.76%
Amortized cost:		,,	
STAR Ohio		107,492	<u>0.37</u> %
Total	\$	29,003,639	<u>100.00</u> %

Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Position

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the Statement of Net Position as of December 31, 2021:

Cash and investments per note	
Cash on hand	\$ 782
Carrying amount of deposits	17,823,973
Investments	 29,003,639
Total	\$ 46,828,394
Cash and investments per Statement of Net Position	
Governmental activities	\$ 46,828,394

NOTE 8 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at December 31, 2021, consisted primarily of intergovernmental, municipal income taxes, payments in lieu of taxes, property taxes, accrued interest, loans, accounts, and special assessment receivables. All receivables are deemed collectible in full.

All receivables except for delinquent property taxes, payments in lieu of taxes, and the Community Learning Center receivable from Green Local School District (See Note 12) are expected to be collected in one year. Property taxes and payments in lieu of taxes, although ultimately collectible, include some portions of delinquencies that will not be collected within one year. The \$4,231,133 of intergovernmental receivable is the School District's portion of the Community Learning Centers agreement and \$3,871,990 will not be collected within one year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 8 - RECEIVABLES - (Continued)

Property Taxes

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the City. Property tax revenue received during 2021 for real and public utility property taxes represents collections of 2020 taxes.

2021 real property taxes are levied after October 1, 2021 on the assessed value as of January 1, 2021, the lien date. Assessed values are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value. 2021 real property taxes are collected in and intended to finance 2022.

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statue permits later payment dates to be established.

Public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value; public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value. 2021 public utility property taxes which became a lien December 31, 2020, are levied after October 1, 2021, and collected in 2022 with real property taxes.

The full tax rate for all City operations for the year ended December 31, 2021, was \$ 2.40 per \$ 1,000 of assessed value. The assessed values of real and tangible personal property upon which 2021 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

Real property:	
Residential/agricultural	\$ 709,993,310
Commercial/industrial/public utility	182,963,750
Public utility property	75,594,210
Total assessed value	\$ 968,551,270

The County Fiscal Officer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts in the County, including the City of Green. The County Fiscal Officer periodically remits to the City its portion of the taxes collected. Property taxes receivable represents real and tangible personal property taxes, public utility taxes and outstanding delinquencies which were measurable as of December 31, 2021, and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. In governmental funds, the portion of the receivable not levied to finance 2021 operations is offset to deferred inflows of resources – property taxes. On the accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue while on the modified accrual basis the revenue has been reported as deferred inflows of resources – unavailable revenue.

Municipal Income Taxes

The City levies a two percent income tax on substantially all income earned within the City. In November 2003, Green voters increased the income tax from one percent to two percent. In addition, City residents employed in other municipalities having an income tax of less than two percent must pay the difference to the City of Green. Employers within the City withhold income tax on employee compensation and remit at least quarterly. Corporations and other individual taxpayers pay estimated taxes quarterly and file an annual declaration.

The City's income tax ordinance requires seven percent of the income tax revenues to be used to finance park capital improvements. As a result, this portion of the revenue is allocated into the parks capital project reserve capital projects fund each year. The remaining income tax proceeds are to be used to pay the cost of administering the tax, general fund operations, capital improvements, debt service and other governmental functions when needed, as determined by Council.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 8 - RECEIVABLES - (Continued)

In March of 2020, Ohio's General Assembly passed House Bill 197, which addressed various topics, including income tax collection. This legislation indicated that for the period of the state of emergency related to COVID-19 declared on March 9, 2020, and for thirty days after the conclusion of that period, any day on which an employee performs personal services at a location, including the employee's home, to which the employee is required to report for employment duties because of the declaration shall be deemed to be a day performing personal services at the employee's principal place of work. The City's income tax receivable/revenue has been calculated consistent with the provisions of House Bill 197. The provisions of this legislation are being challenged in court, and the ultimate disposition is not known.

Intergovernmental Receivable

A summary of intergovernmental receivables follows:

Governmental activities:	
Community learning center	\$ 4,231,133
Cents per gallon, gasoline excise tax, MVL	1,000,116
ODOT grant	26,567
Local government state support	327,389
Homestead and rollback	119,650
Permissive motor vehicle license	35,390
Recycling	25,747
Other	22,550
Total governmental activities	\$ 5,788,542

Loans Receivable

During 2018, the City purchased a golf course which included buildings and over 147 acres of land. Subsequently, the City entered into an agreement with Raintree Golf Management, LLC (RGM), which will allow the company to operate the golf course using the capital assets purchased by the City. As part of the agreement, the City loaned \$50,000 to RGM. During 2019, the City loaned an additional \$125,000 to RGM. The full \$175,000 loans receivable remains unpaid as of December 31, 2021, as the COVID-19 pandemic delayed the repayment of the monies. These amounts are not anticipated to be repaid within one year.

Payments in Lieu of Taxes

According to State law, the City has established several tax increment financing districts within the City under which the City has granted property tax exemptions and agreed to construct certain infrastructure improvements. The property owners have agreed to make payments to the City to help pay the costs of the infrastructure improvements. The amount of those payments generally reflects all or a portion of the property taxes which the property owners would have paid if the property had not been declared exempt. The property owners' contractual promise to make these payments in lieu of taxes generally continues until the costs of the improvement have been paid or the agreement expires, whichever occurs first. Future development by these owners or others may result in subsequent agreements to make payments in lieu of taxes and may therefore spread the costs of the improvements to a larger number of property owners.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 9 - TAX ABATEMENTS

As of December 31, 2021, the City provides tax abatements through two Community Reinvestment Area (CRA) Tax Abatement programs. Pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Chapter 5709, the City established the CRAs to provide property tax abatements to encourage investment in the community. Abatements are obtained through application by the property owner and require approval of City Council. Only commercial property is eligible. The approval of the abatement is determined by the City based on the need and strength of the investment, as well as proof that suitable community investment has been made. The City performs an assessment to determine if awarding the abatement is in the best interest of the City. If it is found that suitable community investment has not been made according to the agreements, the City may terminate or modify the agreements and/or require the repayment of abated amounts. The abatement is applied through a reduction in assessed valuation, made by the Summit County Fiscal Office. Property taxes abated under this program for collection year 2021, tax year 2020, were \$378,298.

NOTE 10 - INTERFUND ACTIVITY

Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2021, consisted of the following:

		_			
		Street			
		Construction,		Other	
		Maintenance	TIF	Governmental	
Transfer from	<u>General</u>	and Repair	Projects	<u>Funds</u>	Total
General	\$ -	\$ 4,000,000	\$ 1,155,000	\$ 690,000	\$ 5,845,000
Other					
governmental fund	24,694				24,694
Total	\$ 24,694	\$ 4,000,000	\$ 1,155,000	\$ 690,000	\$ 5,869,694

In order to provide sufficient cash necessary to support various Council approved appropriations for the City's special revenue and capital projects funds, Council approved cash transfers from the general fund to support these various operating and capital expenditures in the street construction, maintenance and repair, TIF projects, and recycle funds. Cash transfers were also approved to provide sufficient cash for debt service in the general obligation bond retirement fund. The \$24,694 transfer from the fire demolition fund (an other governmental fund) to the general fund was a residual equity transfer.

Interfund Balances

The interfund balance in the general fund to the parks capital projects reserve capital projects fund in the amount of \$1,500,000 was made to support capital projects and operations, respectively. The advance will be repaid over a period of three years, with \$600,000 being repaid within one year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 11 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2021, was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
Governmental activities:	12/31/20	Additions	Deductions	12/31/21
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 10,517,878	\$ 697,708	\$ -	\$ 11,215,586
Construction in progress	26,152,068	9,778,987	(7,386,814)	28,544,241
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	36,669,946	10,476,695	(7,386,814)	39,759,827
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	12,474,499	442,209	-	12,916,708
Buildings and improvements	25,603,511	5,251,566	(42,590)	30,812,487
Machinery and equipment	6,389,297	265,107	(7,482)	6,646,922
Vehicles	8,359,615	1,585,653	(51,818)	9,893,450
Right to Use CLC	15,482,500	-	-	15,482,500
Infrastructure:				
Bridges	121,344	-	-	121,344
Streets	87,221,527	3,052,759	-	90,274,286
Sidewalks	7,498,057	194,083	-	7,692,140
Stormsewers	11,477,876	465,620	-	11,943,496
Traffic signals	2,198,120	18,455	(280,322)	1,936,253
Street lights	1,479,827	230,482	-	1,710,309
Waterlines	376,156	<u> </u>		376,156
Total capital assets, being depreciated	178,682,329	11,505,934	(382,212)	189,806,051
Less: accumulated depreciation:				
Land improvements	(5,901,894)	(532,331)	-	(6,434,225)
Buildings and improvements	(6,364,105)	(607,951)	-	(6,972,056)
Machinery and equipment	(3,552,171)	(351,842)	7,482	(3,896,531)
Vehicles	(3,522,455)	(445,150)	37,573	(3,930,032)
Right to Use CLC	(8,336,722)	(595,479)	-	(8,932,201)
Infrastructure:				
Bridges	(15,008)	(7,504)	-	(22,512)
Streets	(55,764,786)	(3,154,762)	-	(58,919,548)
Sidewalks	(2,340,227)	(260,094)	-	(2,600,321)
Storm sewers	(1,687,983)	(238,870)	-	(1,926,853)
Traffic signals	(1,289,075)	(89,675)	185,593	(1,193,157)
Street lights	(392,733)	(85,515)	-	(478,248)
Waterlines	(95,471)	(7,523)		(102,994)
Total accumulated depreciation	(89,262,630)	(6,376,696)	230,648	(95,408,678)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	89,419,699	5,129,238	(151,564)	94,397,373
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 126,089,645	\$ 15,605,933	<u>\$ (7,538,378)</u>	\$ 134,157,200

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 11 - CAPITAL ASSETS - (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

\$ 940,672
424,815
4,248,390
3,449
745,399
 13,971
\$ 6,376,696
\$ \$

\$93,513 of sidewalks were donated to the City by homeowners and \$1,805,714 of roads were donated by developers. The City has recorded these amounts as a capital contribution.

During 2005, the City acquired an intangible asset due to the agreement with the Green Local School District. Per this agreement, the City has the right to use the Community Learning Center, which was jointly constructed, but is owned by the School District. The construction of the Community Learning Center (CLC) was completed in 2006. The entire asset value was capitalized as of December 31, 2006.

The amortization schedule is as follows:

	Go	Governmental		
		Activities		
2022	\$	595,481		
2023		595,481		
2024		595,481		
2025		595,481		
2026		595,481		
2027-2031		2,977,405		
2032		595,489		
Total	\$	6,550,299		

For additional information, see Note 12.

NOTE 12 - COMMUNITY LEARNING CENTER

On September 20, 2004, the City entered into a cooperative agreement for the acquisition, construction, financing, operation and maintenance and use of the Community Learning Centers (the Facilities) with the Board of Education of the Green Local School District (the School District). The initial term of this agreement commenced on the date of the agreement and terminates on December 31, 2032. Both parties also entered into a Joint Use Agreement on November 7, 2003. The Joint Use Agreement gives the City the right to use the Facilities after school hours. The City does not need the permission of the School District to use the Facilities. The Joint Use Agreement shall remain in effect for 28 years commencing on the month, day and year in which the Facilities are ready for occupancy. It is not the City's intention to renew the Joint Use Agreement at the end of this 28 year period.

The School District shall be the record owner of the Facilities. The City will report its right to use the Facilities as an intangible asset in capital assets. Upon completion of the construction and payment of the debt, the School District will be the owner of the Facilities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 12 - COMMUNITY LEARNING CENTER - (Continued)

On November 1, 2004, the City issued \$25,000,000 in revenue bonds which includes both the City's and School District's share of the project cost. The City is responsible for all bond payments. The City's share of the payment is \$1,000,000 per year. The School District will pay the difference between the City's contribution and the annual bond payment. The City had an additional one percent income tax approved by voters on November 4, 2003 to pay for the City's part of the Facilities. On July 11, 2012 and October 19, 2021, the City retired a portion of the bonds with refunding bonds, but this did not change the terms of the cooperative agreement. The City and the School District will continue to share the cost of repaying the debt in the same manner.

The School District will continue to levy its 4.8 mills for the purpose of permanent improvements and to contribute and transfer an amount equal to the difference between debt charges due on the City securities in that calendar year and \$1,000,000 from that levy each year from 2005 through 2032 or until the securities are fully paid.

The proceeds from the revenue bonds were given to the School District and the City's portion is shown as an Intangible Asset called Right to Use CLC. The City has also recorded an intergovernmental receivable for the portion of the bonds to be paid by the School District. Construction was completed in 2006.

NOTE 13 - LEASES

Capital Leases

During 2019 and 2021, the City entered into lease agreements for various service equipment located at the Raintree Golf & Event Center. During 2021, the City entered into lease agreements for a pump and energy upgrades. The leases meet the criteria for capital leases and have been recorded on the government-wide statements. The assets acquired through the capital leases were capitalized at the present value of the minimum lease payments at the time the assets are under construction or placed in service.

The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

	 ernmental ctivities
Asset:	
Construction in progress	\$ 393,230
Equipment	 294,575
Less: accumulated depreciation	 (25,793)
Total	\$ 662,012

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 13 - LEASES - (Continued)

The leases provide for minimum, annual lease payments as follows:

Year ending December 31,	Amount
2022	\$ 167,581
2023	221,075
2024	147,145
2025	137,284
2026	137,285
2027-2031	534,950
2032	 106,986
Total minimum lease payments	1,452,306
Less: amount representing interest	 (176,065)
Total	\$ 1,276,241

Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service in the fund financial statements for the general fund. These expenditures are reflected as program expenditures on a budgetary basis.

Operating Lease

The City, as a lessor, has entered into an operating lease agreement with Troon, formerly known as Billy Casper Golf, LLC (BCG) related to the Raintree Golf & Event Center. In order to do business in the State of Ohio, BCG formed a wholly-owned, single-purpose subsidiary entity, Raintree Golf Management, LLC (RGM). The lease term commenced on January 1, 2019, and will expire in five years on December 31, 2023. Upon written mutual agreement, there is the possibility for two successive extension terms of three years each, which must be approved no later than 120 days prior to the expiration date of the term immediately preceding. The City will receive the net operating revenue from operations annually as rental revenue. Minimum future rentals are not disclosed as this rental revenue is variable in nature.

The following schedule provides an analysis of the leased property at December 31, 2021:

	Raintree Golf & Event Center	
Land	\$	1,075,042
Buildings		2,172,064
Leased property, total value		3,247,106
Less: accumulated depreciation		(130,323)
Leased property, net of depreciation	\$	3,116,783

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 14 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The changes in long-term obligations during the year were as follows:

	Balance 12/31/2020	Issued	Retired	Balance 12/31/2021	Amounts Due in One Year
Governmental activities:					
General obligation bonds					
2011 Street Improvement Bonds:					
Serial Bonds	\$ 685,000	\$ -	\$ (335,000)	\$ 350,000	\$ 350,00
Discount on Street Improvement Bonds	(2,110)	-	1,005	(1,105)	
2013 Various Purpose Refunding Bonds:					
Serial Bonds	3,200,000	-	(3,200,000)	-	
Term Bonds	665,000	-	(665,000)	-	
Premium on Various Purpose Refunding Bonds	43,462	-	(43,462)	-	
2014 Various Purpose Refunding Bonds:					
Serial Bonds	300,000	-	(300,000)	-	
Premium on Various Purpose Refunding Bonds	6,264	-	(6,264)	-	
2015 Various Purpose Refunding Bonds:					
Serial Bonds	4,290,000	-	(4,290,000)	-	
Term Bonds	295,000	-	(295,000)	-	
Premium on Various Purpose Refunding Bonds	146,076	-	(146,076)	-	
2016 Various Purpose Refunding Bonds:					
Serial Bonds	7,385,000	-	-	7,385,000	
Term Bonds	150,000	-	(75,000)	75,000	75,00
Premium on Various Purpose Refunding Bonds	183,474	-	(16,678)	166,796	
2019 Various Purpose Tax Increment Refunding Bonds:					
Serial Bonds	8,300,000	-	(575,000)	7,725,000	885,00
Premium on Various Purpose Refunding Bonds	351,896	-	(25,135)	326,761	
2020 Street Improvement Tax Increment Bonds:					
Serial Bonds	6,345,000	-	(310,000)	6,035,000	325,00
Term Bonds	2,500,000	-	-	2,500,000	
Premium on Street Improvement Bonds	929,749	-	(48,934)	880,815	
2021 Various Purpose Refunding Bonds:					
Serial Bonds	-	7,980,000	(720,000)	7,260,000	640,00
Premium on Street Improvement Bonds		762,107	(17,062)	745,045	
Total General Obligation Bonds	35,773,811	8,742,107	(11,067,606)	33,448,312	2,275,00
Community Learning Center:					
2012 Refunding Community Learning Center					
Income Tax Revenue Bonds:					
Serial Bonds	4,025,000	-	(3,035,000)	990,000	990,00
Term Bonds	10,305,000	-	(10,305,000)	-	
Premium on Income Tax Revenue Bonds	615,498	-	(564,207)	51,291	
2021 Refunding Community Learning Center					
Income Tax Revenue Bonds:	-	13,330,000	(125,000)	13,205,000	215,00
Total CLC Income Tax Revenue Bonds	14,945,498	13,330,000	(14,029,207)	14,246,291	1,205,00
OPWC Loan from Direct Borrowing - Steese Road	256,853		(57,078)	199,775	57,07
Capital Leases	193,336	1,149,211	(66,306)	1,276,241	126,86
Compensated Absences	1,461,645	110,841	(55,657)	1,516,829	63,48
Net Pension Liability	19,247,836	1,552,019	(1,678,481)	19,121,374	05,40
	6,852,877	345,747	(5,109,417)	2,089,207	
Net OPEB Liability	0,052,077	545,747	(3,109,417)	2,009,207	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 14 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

2011 Street Improvement Bonds

On June 30, 2011, the City issued \$7,200,000 of Street Improvement General Obligation Bonds to retire a portion of the 2010 various purpose notes. The bonds were issued for a twenty year period with a final maturity of December 1, 2031 and at interest rates of 1.0 to 4.5 percent. The bonds will be paid f rom the TIF projects capital projects fund. The bonds were issued at a discount of \$21,096. The general obligation bonds were partially refunded in 2016.

2013 Street Improvement Bonds

On July 30, 2013, the City issued \$5,480,000 of Various Purpose General Obligation Refunding Bonds for the purpose of retiring a portion of the 2008 Various Purpose General Obligation Bonds. The bonds were issued for a period of 20 years at interest rates varying from 1 to 4 percent. The bond issue was comprised of \$4,815,000 in serial bonds and \$665,000 in term bonds. Term bonds are subject to optional redemption and mandatory sinking fund redemption before maturity. Interest payments, at rates ranging from 1 percent to 4 percent per year, are payable on June 1 and December 1 of each year, until the principal amount is paid. The proceeds of the new bonds were placed in an irrevocable trust to provide f or all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and liabilities f or the defeased bonds are not included in the City's financial statements. During 2021, \$3,865,000 of the bonds were refunded by the 2021 Various Purpose Refunding Bonds.

2014 Various Purpose Refunding Bonds

On June 17, 2014, the City issued \$6,970,000 of Various Purpose General Obligation Bonds. The bonds were issued at a premium of \$125,272 and will be paid over 20 years. The bonds have interest rates of 1.00 to 3.50 percent and will be retired from the TIF projects capital projects fund. The general obligation bonds were partially refunded in 2019. At December 31, 2021, there were no further obligations outstanding.

2015 Various Purpose Refunding Bonds

On July 16, 2015, the City issued \$8,890,000 of Various Purpose General Obligation Refunding Bonds for the purpose of retiring the 2014 Street Improvement Bond Anticipation Notes, the 2010 Recovery Zone Economic Development Bonds, a portion of the 2009 Various Purpose General Obligation Bonds, and a portion of the 2007 Sanitary Sewer Improvement General Obligation bonds. The bonds were issued for a period of 17 years at an interest rate varying from 1 to 4 percent. The bond issue was comprised of \$8,245,000 in serial bonds and \$645,000 in term bonds. During 2021, \$4,585,000 of the bonds were refunded by the 2021 Various Purpose Refunding Bonds.

2016 Various Purpose Refunding Bonds

On December 28, 2016, the City issued \$7,845,000 of Various Purpose General Obligation Refunding Bonds for the purpose of retiring a portion of the 2010 Various Purpose Improvement Bonds, a portion of the 2011 Street Improvement Bonds, and a portion of the 2014 Various Purpose Bonds. The bonds were issued for a period of 15 years at an interest rate varying from 1.7 to 3.5 percent. The bond issue was comprised of \$7,545,000 in serial bonds and \$300,000 in term bonds. Term bonds are subject to optional redemption and mandatory sinking fund redemption before maturity. Interest payments, at rates ranging from 1.7 percent to 3.5 percent per year, are payable on June 1 and December 1 of each year, until the principal amount is paid. The proceeds of the new bonds were placed in an irrevocable trust to provide f or all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and liabilities for the defeased bonds are not included in the City's financial statements. On December 31, 2021, \$7,415,000 of the defeased bonds are still outstanding.

Optional Redemption - The 2016 Various Purpose Refunding Bonds maturing on or after December 1, 2027, are subject to redemption before maturity on or after December 1, 2026 by and at the option of the City, either in whole or in part on any date, in the integral multiples of \$5,000, at the redemption price of 100 percent of principal amount to be redeemed, plus interest accrued to the redemption date.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 14 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

Mandatory Sinking Fund Redemption - The term bonds maturing on December 1, 2022, shall be term bonds subject to mandatory sinking redemption requirements on the following mandatory redemption date in the principal amount set forth opposite that date. The remaining principal amount of the term bonds \$75,000 will mature at the stated maturity.

2019 Various Purpose Tax Increment Refunding Bonds

On December 30, 2019, the City issued \$8,685,000 of Various Purpose General Obligations Tax Increment Refunding Bonds for the purpose of retiring the 2010 Various Purpose Improvement Bonds, as well as portions of the 2012 Street Improvement Tax Incremental Financing Refunding Bonds and the 2014 Various Purpose General Obligation Bonds. The bonds were issued for a period of 15 years at an interest rate varying from 2 to 3 percent. The bond issue was comprised of serial bonds. Interest payments are payable on June 1 and December 1 of each year, until the principal amount is paid. The proceeds of the new bonds were placed in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and liabilities for the defeased bonds are not included in the City's financial statements. On December 31, 2021, \$7,930,000 of the defeased bonds are still outstanding.

2020 Street Improvement Tax Increment Bonds

On April 21, 2020, the City issued \$9,020,000 of Street Improvement General Obligation Tax Increment Bonds, consisting of \$6,520,000 in serial bonds and \$2,500,000 in term bonds, for the purpose of construction of three new roundabouts and related street improvements to Massillon Road North. The bonds were issued for a twenty year period with a final maturity of December 1, 2039 and at interest rates of 2.375 - 5 percent. The bonds will be paid from the general obligation bond retirement fund. The bonds were issued at a premium of \$978,683. At December 31, 2021, there was \$2,166,753 in unspent proceeds.

Mandatory Sinking Fund Redemption - The term bonds maturing on December 1, 2039, shall be term bonds subject to mandatory sinking redemption requirements on the following mandatory redemption date in the principal amount set forth opposite that date:

	Issue			
Year	\$	500,000	\$ 2	2,000,000
2036	\$	100,000	\$	500,000
2037		115,000		500,000
2038		135,000		500,000
	\$	350,000	\$	1,500,000
Stated Maturity	1	2/1/2039	1.	2/1/2039

The remaining principal amount of the term bonds (\$150,000 and \$500,000) will mature at the stated maturity.

2021 Various Purpose Refunding Bonds

On October 19, 2021, the City issued a total of \$7,980,000 of 2021 Various Purpose Refunding Bonds to advance refund \$3,865,000 of the callable Series 2013 Various Purpose Refunding Bonds and \$4,585,000 of the callable Series 2015 Various Purpose Refunding Bonds. This refunded debt is considered defeased (in-substance) and accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net position. At December 31, 2021, the balance of the refunded bonds outstanding was \$7,765,000.

The original refunding issue is comprised of both current interest bonds, par value \$7,980,000. The interest rates on the current interest bonds range from 3-4 percent. Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issue for the remaining bonds after the refunding is December 1, 2032.

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$500,241. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is equal to the life of the new debt issued. This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce the combined total debt service payments by \$749,033 and resulted in an economic gain of \$760,906.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 14 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

2012 and 2021 Refunding Community Learning Center Income Tax Refunding Bonds

On July 11, 2012, the City issued \$20,805,000 of Community Learning Center (CLC) Income Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds for the purpose of retiring a portion of the 2004 CLC Income Tax Revenue Bonds. The bonds were issued for a period of 20 years at interest rates varying from 1.5 to 4 percent. The bond issue was comprised of \$10,500,000 in serial bonds and \$10,305,000 in term bonds. During 2021, \$12,370,000 of the 2012 bonds were refunded by the 2021 Refunding Community Learning Center Income Tax Refunding Bonds.

On October 19, 2021, the City issued a total of \$13,330,000 of 2021 Refunding Community Learning Center Income Tax Refunding Bonds to advance refund \$12,370,000 of the callable 2012 Refunding Community Learning Center Income Tax Refunding Bonds. This refunded debt is considered defeased (in-substance) and accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net position. At December 31, 2021, the balance of the refunded bonds outstanding was \$12,370,000.

The original refunding issue is comprised of both current interest bonds, par value \$13,330,000. The interest rates on the current interest bonds range from 0.30-2.14 percent. Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issue for the remaining bonds after the refunding is December 1, 2032.

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$1,076,874. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is equal to the life of the new debt issued. This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce the combined total debt service payments by \$1,195,459 and resulted in an economic gain of \$1,199,370.

The City does not pledge their full faith and credit on these bonds. The bonds are paid only from income taxes collections out of the general fund and money to be received from the School District.

In 2021, the School District's portion of the principal and interest was \$425,310. The proceeds of the new bonds were placed in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and liabilities for the defeased bonds are not included in the City's financial statements.

The City has pledged future revenues to repay the Refunding Community Learning Center Income Tax Revenue Bonds. The bonds are payable solely from the City's 2.00 percent municipal income tax. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require less than 5 percent of revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$14,651,598. Principal and interest paid for the current year were \$1,000,000, and income tax revenue in the general fund was \$25,322,578.

OPWC Loans

The City received a no interest loan from Ohio Public Works Commission in the amount of \$570,785. The loan was entered into for the reconstruction of Steese Road and will mature in 2024.

The City's outstanding OPWC loans from direct borrowings related to governmental activities contain provisions that in the event of default (1) OPWC may apply late fees of 8 percent per year, (2) loans more than 60 days late will be turned over to the Attorney General's office for collection, and, as provided by law, OPWC may require that such payment be taken from the City's share of the county undivided local government fund, and (3) the outstanding amounts shall, at OPWC's option, become immediately due and payable.

Capital Leases, Compensated Absences and Net Pension/OPEB Liabilities

The capital leases will be paid from the general fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 14 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The City pays obligations related to employee compensation from the fund benefitting from their service. The compensated absences liability will be paid out of the general fund and the street construction, maintenance and repair and cemetery special revenue funds.

There is no repayment schedule for the net pension and OPEB liabilities; however, employer pension contributions are from the following funds: general fund and street construction, maintenance and repair, recycle, and cemetery special revenue funds. For additional information related to these liabilities see Notes 15 and 16.

Legal Debt Margin

The City's overall legal debt margin was \$74,488,169 at December 31, 2021. Principal and interest requirements to retire the outstanding debt at December 31, 2021, are as follows:

			General Obl	igation Bonds		
Year Ending	Se	erial	Ter	m	То	tal
December 31,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2022	\$ 2,200,000	\$ 832,375	\$ 75,000	\$ 219,231	\$ 2,275,000	\$ 1,051,606
2023	2,325,000	981,556	-	-	2,325,000	981,556
2024	2,405,000	915,056	-	-	2,405,000	915,056
2025	2,475,000	831,475	-	-	2,475,000	831,475
2026	2,550,000	752,625	-	-	2,550,000	752,625
2027-2031	12,730,000	2,383,850	-	-	12,730,000	2,383,850
2032-2036	4,070,000	653,650	600,000	71,875	4,670,000	725,525
2037-2039			1,900,000	109,832	1,900,000	109,832
Total	\$ 28,755,000	\$ 7,350,587	\$ 2,575,000	\$ 400,938	\$ 31,330,000	\$ 7,751,525

	Community Learning Center			
Year Ending	Income Tax R	evenue Bonds		
December 31,	Principal	Interest		
2022	\$ 1,205,000	\$ 219,590		
2023	1,235,000	189,138		
2024	1,240,000	183,580		
2025	1,250,000	174,900		
2026	1,265,000	161,526		
2027-2031	6,605,000	517,710		
2032-2036	1,395,000	29,854		
Total	\$ 14,195,000	\$ 1,476,298		

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 14 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

	(OPWC Loan		
Year Ending	From	From Direct Borrowing		
December 31,		Principal		
2022	\$	57,078		
2023		57,078		
2024		57,078		
2025		28,541		
Total	\$	199,775		

_ _ _ _ _ _

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

Net Pension Liability/Asset and Net OPEB Liability/Asset

Pensions and OPEB are a component of exchange transactions – between an employer and its employees – of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee – on a deferred-payment basis – as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

The net pension liability/asset and the net OPEB liability/asset represent the City's proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability/asset calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost-of-living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the City's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The City cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the City does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability/asset is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires funding to come from these employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes pension costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded pension liabilities within 30 years. If the pension amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide health care to eligible benefit recipients.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term net pension/OPEB liability/asset on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension/OPEB contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in intergovernmental payable on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

The remainder of this note includes the pension disclosures. See Note 16 for the OPEB disclosures.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Plan Description - Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Plan Description - City employees, other than full-time firefighters, participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The traditional pension plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan and the combined plan is a combination cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit/defined contribution plan. Participating employers are divided into state, local, law enforcement and public safety divisions. While members in the state and local divisions may participate in all three plans, law enforcement and public safety divisions exist only within the traditional plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits, and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional and combined plans. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about OPERS' fiduciary net position that may be obtained by visiting <u>https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml</u>, by writing to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling 800-222-7377.

Senate Bill (SB) 343 was enacted into law with an effective date of January 7, 2013. In the legislation, members in the traditional and combined plans were categorized into three groups with varying provisions of the law applicable to each group. The following table provides age and service requirements for retirement and the retirement formula applied to final average salary (FAS) for the three member groups under the traditional and combined plans as per the reduced benefits adopted by SB 343 (see OPERS Annual Report referenced above for additional information, including requirements for reduced and unreduced benefits):

Group A	Group B	Group C
Eligible to retire prior to	20 years of service credit prior to	Members not in other Groups
January 7, 2013 or five years	January 7, 2013 or eligible to retire	and members hired on or after
after January 7, 2013	ten years after January 7, 2013	January 7, 2013
State and Local	State and Local	State and Local
Age and Service Requirements:	Age and Service Requirements:	Age and Service Requirements:
Age 60 with 60 months of service credit	Age 60 with 60 months of service credit	Age 57 with 25 years of service credit
or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	or Age 62 with 5 years of service credit
 Traditional Plan Formula: 2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30 Combined Plan Formula: 1% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 1.25% for service years in excess of 30 	 Traditional Plan Formula: 2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30 Combined Plan Formula: 1% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 1.25% for service years in excess of 30 	 Traditional Plan Formula: 2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 35 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 35 Combined Plan Formula: 1% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 35 years and 1.25% for service years in excess of 35

Final Average Salary (FAS) represents the average of the three highest years of earnings over a member's career for Groups A and B. Group C is based on the average of the five highest years of earnings over a member's career.

Members who retire before meeting the age and years of service credit requirement for unreduced benefits receive a percentage reduction in the benefit amount. The initial amount of a member's pension benefit is vested upon receipt of the initial benefit payment for calculation of an annual cost-of-living adjustment.

When a traditional plan benefit recipient has received benefits for 12 months, current law provides for an annual cost of living adjustment (COLA). This COLA is calculated on the base retirement benefit at the date of retirement and is not compounded. Members retiring under the combined plan receive a cost–of–living adjustment on the defined benefit portion of their pension benefit. For those who retired prior to January 7, 2013, the cost of living adjustment is 3 percent.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

For those retiring subsequent to January 7, 2013, beginning in calendar year 2019, current law provides that the COLA will be based on the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, capped at 3.00%.

Defined contribution plan benefits are established in the plan documents, which may be amended by the Board. Memberdirected plan and combined plan members who have met the retirement eligibility requirements may apply for retirement benefits. The amount available for defined contribution benefits in the combined plan consists of the member's contributions plus or minus the investment gains or losses resulting from the member's investment selections. The amount available for defined contribution benefits in the combined plan consists of the member's contributions plus or minus the investment gains or losses resulting from the member's investment selections. Combined plan members wishing to receive benefits must meet the requirements for both the defined benefit and defined contribution plans. Member-directed participants must have attained the age of 55, have money on deposit in the defined contribution plan and have terminated public service to apply for retirement benefits. The amount available for defined contribution benefits in the member-directed plan consists of the members' contributions, vested employer contributions and investment gains or losses resulting from the members' investment selections. Employer contributions and associated investment earnings vest over a five-year period, at a rate of 20 percent each year. At retirement, members may select one of several distribution options for payment of the vested balance in their individual OPERS accounts. Options include the annuitization of the benefit (which includes joint and survivor options), partial lump-sum payments (subject to limitations), a rollover of the vested account balance to another financial institution, receipt of entire account balance, net of taxes withheld, or a combination of these options. When members choose to annuitize their defined contribution benefit, the annuitized portion of the benefit is reclassified to a defined benefit.

Beginning in 2022, the Combined Plan will be consolidated under the Traditional Pension Plan (defined benefit plan) and the Combined Plan option will no longer be available for new hires beginning in 2022.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

	State	
	and Local	
2021 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates		
Employer	14.0	%
Employee *	10.0	%
2021 Actual Contribution Rates		
Employer:		
Pension	14.0	%
Post-employment Health Care Benefits **	0.0	%
Total Employer	14.0	%
Employee	10.0	%

* This rate is determined by OPERS' Board and has no maximum rate established by ORC.

** This employer health care rate is for the traditional and combined plans. The employer contribution for the member-directed plan is 4.00%.

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll.

The City's contractually required contribution for the Traditional Pension Plan and the Combined Plan was \$733,760 for 2021 and \$33,903 for the Member Directed Plan. Of this amount, \$81,579 is reported as intergovernmental payable.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Plan Description - Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund (OP&F)

Plan Description - City full-time firefighters participate in Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by OP&F. OP&F provides retirement and disability pension benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information and detailed information about OP&F fiduciary net position. The report may be obtained by visiting the OP&F website at www.op-f.org or by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Upon attaining a qualifying age with sufficient years of service, a member of OP&F may retire and receive a lifetime monthly pension. OP&F offers four types of service retirement: normal, service commuted, age/service commuted and actuarially reduced. Each type has different eligibility guidelines and is calculated using the member's average annual salary. The following discussion of the pension formula relates to normal service retirement.

For members hired after July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 52 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit. For members hired on or before July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 48 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit.

The annual pension benefit for normal service retirement is equal to a percentage of the allowable average annual salary. The percentage equals 2.5 percent for each of the first 20 years of service credit, 2.00% for each of the next five years of service credit and 1.50% for each year of service credit in excess of 25 years. The maximum pension of 72.00% of the allowable average annual salary is paid after 33 years of service credit (see OP&F Annual Comprehensive Financial Report referenced above for additional information, including requirements for Deferred Retirement Option Plan provisions and reduced and unreduced benefits).

Under normal service retirement, retired members who are at least 55 years old and have been receiving OP&F benefits for at least one year may be eligible for a cost-of-living allowance adjustment. The age 55 provision for receiving a COLA does not apply to those who are receiving a permanent and total disability benefit, surviving beneficiaries, and statutory survivors. Members participating in the DROP program have separate eligibility requirements related to COLA.

The COLA amount for members who have 15 or more years of service credit as of July 1, 2013, and members who are receiving a pension benefit that became effective before July 1, 2013, will be equal to 3.00% of the member's base pension benefit.

The COLA amount for members who have less than 15 years of service credit as of July 1, 2013, and members whose pension benefit became effective on or after July 1, 2013, will be equal to a percentage of the member's base pension benefit where the percentage is the lesser of 3.00% or the percentage increase in the consumer price index, if any, over the twelve-month period that ends on the thirtieth day of September of the immediately preceding year, rounded to the nearest one-tenth of one percent.

Members who retired prior to July 24, 1986, or their surviving beneficiaries under optional plans are entitled to cost-ofliving allowance increases. The annual increase is paid on July 1st of each year. The annual COLA increase is \$360 under a Single Life Annuity Plan with proportional reductions for optional payment plans.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

	Firefighters
2021 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates	
Employer	24.00 %
Employee	12.25 %
2021 Actual Contribution Rates	
Employer:	
Pension	23.50 %
Post-employment Health Care Benefits	0.50 %
Total Employer	24.00 %
Employee	12.25 %

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The City's contractually required contribution to OP&F was \$1,133,349 for 2021. Of this amount, \$122,272 is reported as intergovernmental payable.

Net Pension Liabilities/Assets, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability and net pension asset for OPERS was measured as of December 31, 2020, and the total pension liability or asset used to calculate the net pension liability or asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. OP&F's total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2020, and was determined by rolling forward the total pension liability as of January 1, 2020, to December 31, 2020. The City's proportion of the net pension liability or asset was based on the City's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	OPERS - Traditional	OPERS - Combined	OP&F	Total
Proportion of the net pension liability/asset prior measurement date Proportion of the net	0.03722400%	0.01584800%	0.17650410%	
pension liability/asset current measurement date Change in proportionate share	0.03835200% 0.00112800%	0.01619500% 0.00034700%	0.19718500% 0.02068090%	
Proportionate share of the net pension liability Proportionate share of the net	\$ 5,679,096	\$ -	\$ 13,442,278	\$ 19,121,374
pension asset Pension expense	335,118	(46,749) 1,102	- 1,191,444	(46,749) 1,527,664

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

At December 31, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		OPERS - raditional		PERS - mbined		OP&F		Total
Deferred outflows		aunonai		monicu		orær		10tai
of resources								
Differences between								
expected and								
actual experience	\$	-	\$	_	\$	561,934	\$	561,934
Changes of assumptions	Ψ	-	Ψ	2,922	Ψ	225,434	Ψ	228,356
Changes in employer's				_,>		,		
proportionate percentage/								
difference between								
employer contributions		216,529		-		1,184,866		1,401,395
Contributions								
subsequent to the								
measurement date		722,559		11,201		1,133,349		1,867,109
Total deferred								
outflows of resources	\$	939,088	\$	14,123	\$	3,105,583	\$	4,058,794
	C	OPERS -	OI	PERS -				
	Tı	raditional	Co	mbined		OP&F		Total
Deferred inflows								
of resources								
Differences between								
expected and								
actual experience	\$	237,561	\$	8,822	\$	523,672	\$	770,055
Net difference between								
projected and actual earnings								
on pension plan investments		2,213,545		6,956		652,040		2,872,541
Changes in employer's								
proportionate percentage/								
difference between						252 522		252 522
employer contributions		-		-		253,522		253,522
								,
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	2,451,106	\$	15,778	\$	1,429,234	\$	3,896,118

\$1,867,109 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability/asset in the year ending December 31, 2022.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

		OPERS -		OPERS -		
	Т	Traditional	(Combined	OP&F	 Total
Year Ending December 31:						
2022	\$	(769,749)	\$	(3,347)	\$ 108,463	\$ (664,633)
2023		(260,615)		(2,129)	437,407	174,663
2024		(902,316)		(3,732)	(354,267)	(1,260,315)
2025		(301,897)		(1,738)	192,804	(110,831)
2026		-		(739)	158,593	157,854
Thereafter		-		(1,171)	 _	 (1,171)
Total	\$	(2,234,577)	\$	(12,856)	\$ 543,000	\$ (1,704,433)

Actuarial Assumptions - OPERS

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the values of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial-reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020, using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement in accordance with the requirements of GASB 67. Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results, prepared as of December 31, 2020, are presented below.

Wage inflation	3.25%
Future salary increases, including inflation	3.25% to 10.75% including wage inflation
COLA or ad hoc COLA	Pre 1/7/2013 retirees: 3.00%, simple
	Post 1/7/2013 retirees: 0.50%, simple
	through 2021, then 2.15% simple
Investment rate of return	
Current measurement date	7.20%
Prior measurement date	7.20%
Actuarial cost method	Individual entry age

In October 2020, the OPERS Board adopted a change in COLA for Post-January 7, 2013 retirees, changing it from 1.40% simple through 2020 then 2.15% simple to 0.50% simple through 2021 then 2.15% simple.

Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Employees mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the RP-2014 Disabled mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for disabled retirees are based on the RP-2014 Disabled mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to all of the above described tables.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2015.

During 2020, OPERS managed investments in three investment portfolios: the Defined Benefit portfolio, the Health Care portfolio, and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Defined Benefit portfolio contains the investment assets for the Traditional Pension Plan, the defined benefit component of the Combined Plan and the annuitized accounts of the Member-Directed Plan. Within the Defined Benefit portfolio, contributions into the plans are all recorded at the same time, and benefit payments all occur on the first of the month. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual money-weighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investment expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Defined Benefit portfolio was 11.70% for 2020.

The allocation of investment assets with the Defined Benefit portfolio is approved by the Board of Trustees as outlined in the annual investment plan. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined benefit pension plans. The longterm expected rate of return on defined benefit investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return were provided by the Board's investment consultant.

For each major asset class that is included in the Defined Benefit portfolio's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2020, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

___

		Weighted Average
		Long-Term Expected
	Target	Real Rate of Return
Asset Class	Allocation	(Arithmetic)
Fixed income	25.00 %	1.32 %
Domestic equities	21.00	5.64
Realestate	10.00	5.39
Private equity	12.00	10.42
International equities	23.00	7.36
Other investments	9.00	4.75
Total	100.00 %	5.43 %

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability/asset was 7.20%, post-experience study results, for the Traditional Pension Plan, the Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan. The discount rate used to measure total pension liability prior to December 31, 2020 was 7.20%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefits payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the Traditional Pension Plan, Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate -The following table presents the proportionate share of the net pension liability/asset calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.20%, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability/asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.20%) or one-percentage-point higher (8.20%) than the current rate:

	Current						
		% Decrease	Dis	scount Rate	e 1% Incre		
City's proportionate share							
of the net pension liability (asset):							
Traditional Pension Plan	\$	10,832,906	\$	5,679,096	\$	13,937,112	
Combined Plan		(32,552)		(46,749)		(57,330)	

Actuarial Assumptions - OP&F

OP&F's total pension liability as of December 31, 2020, is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of January 1, 2020, and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The total pension liability is determined by OP&F's actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual valuation. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment mortality, salary increases, disabilities, retirements and employment terminations. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Assumptions considered were: withdrawal rates, disability retirement, service retirement, DROP elections, mortality, percent married and forms of the payment, DROP interest rate, CPI-based COLA, investment returns, salary increases and payroll growth.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of January 1, 2021, are presented below.

Valuation date	1/1/20 with actuarial liabilities rolled forward to 12/31/20
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal (level percent of payroll)
Investment rate of return	8.00%
Projected salary increases	3.75% - 10.50%
Payroll increases	3.25% per annum, compounded annually, consisting of
	inflation rate of 2.75% plus productivity increase rate of 0.50%
Cost of living adjustments	2.20% per year simple

Mortality for non-disabled participants is based on the RP-2014 Total Employee and Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, adjusted and projected with the Buck Modified 2016 Improvement Scale. Rates for surviving beneficiaries are adjusted by 120%.

Age	Fire
67 or less	68%
68-77	87%
78 and up	120%

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Mortality for disabled retirees is based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, adjusted according to the rates in the following table, and projected with the Buck Modified 2016 Improvement Scale.

Age	Fire
59 or less	35%
60-69	45%
70-79	70%
80 and up	90%

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in the Statement of Investment Policy and Guidelines. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expected. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

Best estimates of the long-term expected geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in OP&F's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2020 are summarized below:

	Target	Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return **
Cash and Cash Equivalents	- %	0.00 %
Domestic Equity	21.00	4.10
Non-US Equity	14.00	4.80
Private Markets	8.00	6.40
Core Fixed Income *	23.00	0.90
High Yield Fixed Income	7.00	3.00
Private Credit	5.00	4.50
U.S. Inflation		
Linked Bonds *	17.00	0.70
Midstream Energy Infrastructure	5.00	5.60
Real Assets	8.00	5.80
Gold	5.00	1.90
Private Real Estate	12.00	5.30
Total	125.00 %	
NT (

Note: assumptions are geometric.

* levered 2x

** numbers include inflation

OP&F's Board of Trustees has incorporated the risk parity concept into OP&F's asset liability valuation with the goal of reducing equity risk exposure, which reduces overall Total Portfolio risk without sacrificing return and creating a more risk-balanced portfolio based on the relationship between asset classes and economic environments. From the notional portfolio perspective above, the Total Portfolio may be levered up to 1.25 times due to the application of leverage in certain fixed income asset classes.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Discount Rate - The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 8.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the longer-term assumed investment rate of return 8.00%. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 8.00%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (7.00%), or one percentage point higher (9.00%) than the current rate.

		Current						
	10	% Decrease	Dis	scount Rate	19	% Increase		
City's proportionate share	¢	10 712 274	¢	12 442 279	¢	0.020.004		
of the net pension liability	\$	18,713,374	\$	13,442,278	\$	9,030,904		

NOTE 16 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS

Net OPEB Liability/Asset

See Note 15 for a description of the net OPEB liability/asset.

Plan Description - Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Plan Description - The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) administers three separate pension plans: the traditional pension plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; the member-directed plan, a defined contribution plan; and the combined plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

OPERS maintains a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care trust, which funds multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage and deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement to qualifying benefit recipients of both the traditional pension and the combined plans. Currently, Medicare-eligible retirees are able to select medical and prescription drug plans from a range of options and may elect optional vision and dental plans. Retirees and eligible dependents enrolled in Medicare Parts A and B have the option to enroll in a Medicare supplemental plan with the assistance of the OPERS Medicare Connector. The OPERS Medicare Connector is a relationship with a vendor selected by OPERS to assist retirees, spouses and dependents with selecting a medical and pharmacy plan. Monthly allowances, based on years of service and the age at which the retiree first enrolled in OPERS coverage, are deposited into an HRA. For non-Medicare retirees and eligible dependents, OPERS sponsors medical and prescription coverage through a professionally managed self-insured plan. An allowance to offset a portion of the monthly premium is offered to retirees and eligible dependents. The allowance is based on the retiree's years of service and age when they first enrolled in OPERS coverage.

Medicare-eligible retirees who choose to become re-employed or survivors who become employed in an OPERScovered position are prohibited from participating in an HRA. For this group of retirees, OPERS sponsors secondary coverage through a professionally managed self-insured program. Retirees who enroll in this plan are provided with a monthly allowance to offset a portion of the monthly premium. Medicare-eligible spouses and dependents can also enroll in this plan as long as the retiree is enrolled.

OPERS provides a monthly allowance for health care coverage for eligible retirees and their eligible dependents. The base allowance is determined by OPERS.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 16 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

The health care trust is also used to fund health care for member-directed plan participants, in the form of a Retiree Medical Account (RMA). At retirement or separation, member directed plan participants may be eligible for reimbursement of qualified medical expenses from their vested RMA balance.

Effective January 1, 2022, OPERS will discontinue the group plans currently offered to non-Medicare retirees and reemployed retirees. Instead, eligible non-Medicare retirees will select an individual medical plan. OPERS will provide a subsidy or allowance via an HRA allowance to those retirees who meet health care eligibility requirements. Retirees will be able to seek reimbursement for plan premiums and other qualified medical expenses.

In order to qualify for postemployment health care coverage, age and service retirees under the traditional pension and combined plans must have twenty or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit with a minimum age of 60, or generally 30 years of qualifying service at any age. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. Current retirees eligible (or who become eligible prior to January 1, 2022) to participate in the OPERS health care program will continue to be eligible after January 1, 2022. Eligibility requirements will change for those retiring after January 1, 2022, with differing eligibility requirements for Medicare retirees and non-Medicare retirees. The health care coverage provided by OPERS meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement 75. See OPERS' Annual Comprehensive Financial Report referenced below for additional information.

The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require OPERS to provide health care to its eligible benefit recipients. Authority to establish and amend health care coverage is provided to the Board in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Disclosures for the health care plan are presented separately in the OPERS financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by visiting <u>https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml</u>, by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling (614) 222-5601 or 800-222-7377.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority allowing public employers to fund postemployment health care through their contributions to OPERS. When funding is approved by OPERS' Board of Trustees, a portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside to fund OPERS health care plans. Beginning in 2018, OPERS no longer allocated a portion of its employer contributions to health care for the traditional plan and the combined plan.

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the earnable salary of active members. In 2021, state and local employers contributed at a rate of 14.00% of earnable salary and public safety and law enforcement employers contributed at 18.10%. These are the maximum employer contribution rates permitted by the Ohio Revised Code. Active member contributions do not fund health care.

Each year, the OPERS Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside to fund health care plans. For 2021, OPERS did not allocate any employer contribution to health care for members in the Traditional Pension Plan and Combined Plan. The OPERS Board is also authorized to establish rules for the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries to pay a portion of the health care provided. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected. The employer contribution as a percentage of covered payroll deposited into the RMA for participants in the Member-Directed Plan for 2021 was 4.00%.

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The City's contractually required contribution was \$13,561 for 2021. Of this amount, \$1,508 is reported as intergovernmental payable.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 16 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Plan Description - Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund (OP&F)

Plan Description – The City contributes to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F) sponsored healthcare program, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined post-employment health care plan administered by a third-party provider. This program is not guaranteed and is subject to change at any time upon action of the Board of Trustees. On January 1, 2019, OP&F implemented a new model for health care. Under this new model, OP&F provides eligible retirees with a fixed stipend earmarked to pay for health care and Medicare Part B reimbursements.

OP&F contracted with a vendor who assists eligible retirees in choosing health care plans that are available where they live (both Medicare-eligible and pre-65 populations). A stipend funded by OP&F is available to these members through a Health Reimbursement Arrangement and can be used to reimburse retirees for qualified health care expenses.

A retiree is eligible for the OP&F health care stipend unless they have access to any other group coverage including employer and retirement coverage. The eligibility of spouses and dependent children could increase the stipend amount. If the spouse or dependents have access to any other group coverage including employer or retirement coverage, they are not eligible for stipend support from OP&F. Even if an OP&F member or their dependents are not eligible for a stipend, they can use the services of the third-party administrator to select and enroll in a plan. The stipend provided by OP&F meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75.

OP&F maintains funds for health care in two separate accounts: one account for health care benefits and one account for Medicare Part B reimbursements. A separate health care trust accrual account is maintained for health care benefits under IRS Code Section 115 trust. IRS Code Section 401(h) account is maintained for Medicare Part B reimbursements.

The Ohio Revised Code allows, but does not mandate, OP&F to provide OPEB benefits. Authority for the OP&F Board of Trustees to provide health care coverage to eligible participants and to establish and amend benefits is codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code.

OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information for the plan. The report may be obtained by visiting the OP&F website at <u>www.op-f.org</u> or by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Funding Policy – The Ohio Revised Code provides for contribution requirements of the participating employers and of plan members to the OP&F defined benefit pension plan. Participating employers are required to contribute to the pension plan at rates expressed as percentages of the payroll of active pension plan members, currently 19.50% and 24.00% of covered payroll for police and fire employer units, respectively. The Ohio Revised Code states that the employer contribution may not exceed 19.50% of covered payroll for police employer units. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB Plan.

The Board of Trustees is authorized to allocate a portion of the total employer contributions for retiree health care benefits. For 2021, the portion of employer contributions allocated to health care was 0.50% of covered payroll. The amount of employer contributions allocated to the health care plan each year is subject to the Trustees' primary responsibility to ensure that pension benefits are adequately funded.

The OP&F Board of Trustees is also authorized to establish requirements for contributions to the health care plan by retirees and their eligible dependents or their surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected.

The City's contractually required contribution to OP&F was \$24,114 for 2021. Of this amount, \$2,602 is reported as intergovernmental payable.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 16 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Net OPEB Liabilities/Assets, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows or Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability/asset and total OPEB liability for OPERS were determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2020, by incorporating the expected value of health care cost accruals, the actual health care payment, and interest accruals during the year. OP&F's total OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2020, and was determined by rolling forward the total OPEB liability as of January 1, 2020, to December 31, 2020. The City's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the City's share of contributions to the retirement plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

	OPERS	OP&F	 Total
Proportion of the net			
OPEB liability			
prior measurement date	0.03699100%	0.17650410%	
Proportion of the net			
OPEB liability/asset			
current measurement date	0.03799700%	<u>0.19718500</u> %	
Change in proportionate share	0.00100600%	0.02068090%	
Proportionate share of the net			
OPEB liability	\$ -	\$ 2,089,207	\$ 2,089,207
Proportionate share of the net			
OPEB asset	(676,947)	-	(676,947)
OPEB expense	(4,003,171)	159,672	(3,843,499)

At December 31, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	 OPERS	OP&F		Total
Deferred outflows				
of resources				
Changes of assumptions	\$ 332,794	\$	1,154,171	\$ 1,486,965
Changes in employer's				
proportionate percentage/				
difference between				
employer contributions	110,953		137,437	248,390
Contributions				
subsequent to the				
measurement date	13,561		24,114	37,675
Total deferred				
outflows of resources	\$ 457,308	\$	1,315,722	\$ 1,773,030

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 16 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

	OPERS		OP&F		Total
Deferred inflows					
of resources					
Differences between					
expected and					
actual experience	\$	610,941	\$	344,608	\$ 955,549
Net difference between					
projected and actual earnings					
on OPEB plan investments		360,553		77,639	438,192
Changes of assumptions		1,096,857		333,059	1,429,916
Changes in employer's					
proportionate percentage/					
difference between					
employer contributions		-		205,085	205,085
Total deferred					
inflows of resources	\$	2,068,351	\$	960,391	\$ 3,028,742

\$37,675 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending December 31, 2022.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	OPERS		OP&F		Total	
Year Ending December 31:						
2022	\$	(817,192)	\$	49,468	\$	(767,724)
2023		(608,248)		67,852		(540,396)
2024		(156,680)		38,869		(117,811)
2025		(42,484)		54,446		11,962
2026		-		51,736		51,736
Thereafter				68,846		68,846
Total	\$	(1,624,604)	\$	331,217	\$	(1,293,387)

Actuarial Assumptions - OPERS

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the values of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of health care costs for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of coverage provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of costs between OPERS and plan members. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2020.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 16 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

The actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions applied to all prior periods included in the measurement in accordance with the requirements of GASB 74:

Wage Inflation	3.25%
Projected Salary Increases,	3.25 to 10.75%
including inflation	including wage inflation
Single Discount Rate:	
Current measurement date	6.00%
Prior Measurement date	3.16%
Investment Rate of Return	
Current measurement date	6.00%
Prior Measurement date	6.00%
Municipal Bond Rate	
Current measurement date	2.00%
Prior Measurement date	2.75%
Health Care Cost Trend Rate	
Current measurement date	8.50% initial,
	3.50% ultimate in 2035
Prior Measurement date	10.50%, initial
	3.50%, ultimate in 2030
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal

Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Employees mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year of 2006. The base year for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females are based on the RP-2014 Disabled mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to all of the above described tables.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on health care investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation.

During 2020, OPERS managed investments in three investment portfolios: the Defined Benefit portfolio, the Health Care portfolio and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Health Care portfolio includes the assets for health care expenses for the Traditional Pension Plan, Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan eligible members. Within the Health Care portfolio, if any contribution are made into the plans, the contributions are assumed to be received continuously throughout the year based on the actual payroll payable at the time contributions are made. Health care-related payments are assumed to occur mid-year. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual money-weighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investment expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Health Care portfolio was 10.50% for 2020.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 16 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

The allocation of investment assets within the Health Care portfolio is approved by the Board of Trustees as outlined in the annual investment plan. Assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of continuing to offer a sustainable health care program for current and future retirees. OPERS' primary goal is to achieve and maintain a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined pension plans. Health care is a discretionary benefit. The long-term expected rate of return on health care investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation.

For each major asset class that is included in the Health Care's portfolio's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2020, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

		Weighted Average
		Long-Term Expected
	Target	Real Rate of Return
Asset Class	Allocation	(Arithmetic)
Fixed Income	34.00 %	1.07 %
Domestic Equities	25.00	5.64
Real Estate Investment Trust	7.00	6.48
International Equities	25.00	7.36
Other investments	9.00	4.02
Total	100.00 %	4.43 %

Discount Rate - A single discount rate of 6.00% was used to measure the total OPEB liability on the measurement date of December 31, 2020. Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present value using a single discount rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments (to the extent that the health care fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and (2) a tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20- year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate are not met). This single discount rate was based on the actuarial assumed rate of return on the health care investment portfolio of 6.00% and a municipal bond rate of 2.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate. Based on these assumptions, the health care fiduciary net position and future contributions were sufficient to finance health care costs through the year 2120. As a result, the actuarial assumed long-term expected rate of return on health care investments was applied to projected costs through the year 2120, the duration of the projection period through which projected health care payments are fully funded.

Change in Benefit Terms - On January 15, 2020, the Board approved several changes to the health care plan offered to Medicare and non-Medicare retirees in efforts to decrease costs and increase the solvency of the health care Plan. These changes are effective January 1, 2022 and include changes to base allowances and eligibility for Medicare retirees, as well as replacing OPERS-sponsored medical plans for non-Medicare retirees with monthly allowances, similar to the program for Medicare retirees. These changes are reflected in the December 31, 2020 measurement date health care valuation which are reported by the City at December 31, 2021. These changes significantly decreased the total OPEB liability for the measurement date December 31, 2020.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 16 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table presents the proportionate share of the net OPEB asset calculated using the single discount rate of 6.00%, as well as what the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (5.00%) or one-percentage-point higher (7.00%) than the current rate:

		Current				
	1%	Decrease	Dise	count Rate	1%	6 Increase
City's proportionate share						
of the net OPEB asset	\$	168,327	\$	676,947	\$	1,095,074

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate - Changes in the health care cost trend rate may also have a significant impact on the net OPEB asset. The following table presents the net OPEB asset calculated using the assumed trend rates, and the expected net OPEB asset if it were calculated using a health care cost trend rate that is 1.00% lower or 1.00% higher than the current rate.

Retiree health care valuations use a health care cost-trend assumption that changes over several years built into the assumption. The near-term rates reflect increases in the current cost of health care; the trend starting in 2021 is 8.50%. If this trend continues for future years, the projection indicates that years from now virtually all expenditures will be for health care. A more reasonable alternative is that in the not-too-distant future, the health plan cost trend will decrease to a level at, or near, wage inflation. On this basis, the actuaries project premium rate increases will continue to exceed wage inflation for approximately the next decade, but by less each year, until leveling off at an ultimate rate, assumed to be 3.50% in the most recent valuation.

	Current Health					
	Care Trend Rate					
	1%	Decrease	As	sumption	1%	Increase
City's proportionate share						
of the net OPEB asset	\$	693,445	\$	676,947	\$	658,488

Actuarial Assumptions - OP&F

OP&F's total OPEB liability as of December 31, 2020, is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of January 1, 2020, and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The total OPEB liability is determined by OP&F's actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual valuation. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, salary increases, disabilities, retirements and employment terminations. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 16 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results, are presented below.

Valuation Date	January 1, 2020, with actuarial liabilities rolled forward to December 31, 2020
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal (Level Percent of Payroll)
Investment Rate of Return	8.00%
Projected Salary Increases	3.75% to 10.50%
Payroll Growth	3.25%
Single discount rate:	
Current measurement date	2.96%
Prior measurement date	3.56%
Cost of Living Adjustments	2.20% simple per year

Mortality for non-disabled participants is based on the RP-2014 Total Employee and Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, adjusted according to the rates in the following table, and projected with the Buck Modified 2016 Improvement Scale. Rates for surviving beneficiaries are adjusted by 120%.

Age	Fire
67 or less	68%
68-77	87%
78 and up	120%

Mortality for disabled retirees is based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, adjusted according to the rates in the following table, and projected with the Buck Modified 2016 Improvement Scale.

Age	Fire
59 or less	35%
60-69	45%
70-79	70%
80 and up	90%

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in the Statement of Investment Policy. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expected. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 16 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Best estimates of the long-term expected geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in OP&F's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2020, are summarized below:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return **
Cash and Cash Equivalents	- %	0.00 %
Domestic Equity	21.00	4.10
Non-US Equity	14.00	4.80
Private Markets	8.00	6.40
Core Fixed Income *	23.00	0.90
High Yield Fixed Income	7.00	3.00
Private Credit	5.00	4.50
U.S. Inflation		
Linked Bonds *	17.00	0.70
Midstream Energy Infrastructure	5.00	5.60
RealAssets	8.00	5.80
Gold	5.00	1.90
Private Real Estate	12.00	5.30
Total	125.00 %	

Note: assumptions are geometric.

* levered 2.5x

** numbers include inflation

OP&F's Board of Trustees has incorporated the risk parity concept into OP&F's asset liability valuation with the goal of reducing equity risk exposure, which reduces overall Total Portfolio risk without sacrificing return, and creating a more risk-balanced portfolio based on their relationship between asset classes and economic environments. From the notional portfolio perspective above, the Total Portfolio may be levered up to 1.25 times due to the application of leverage in certain fixed income asset classes.

Discount Rate - For 2020, the total OPEB liability was calculated using the discount rate of 2.96%. For 2019, the total OPEB liability was calculated using the discount rate of 3.56%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contribution from employers and from members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the longer-term assumed investment rate of return of 8.00%. Based on those assumptions, OP&F's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, a municipal bond rate of 2.12% at December 31, 2020 and 2.75% at December 31, 2019, was blended with the long-term rate of 8.00%, which resulted in a blended discount rate of 2.96% for 2020 and 3.56% for 2019. The municipal bond rate was determined using the Bond Buyers General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rate. The OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected OPEB payments until 2034. The long-term expected rate of return on health care investments was applied to projected costs through 2034, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all health care costs after that date.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 16 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 2.96%, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (1.96%), or one percentage point higher (3.96%) than the current rate.

				Current		
	1%	6 Decrease	Dis	count Rate	1%	6 Increase
City's proportionate share						
of the net OPEB liability	\$	2,605,122	\$	2,089,207	\$	1,663,638

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate - The total OPEB liability is based on a medical benefit that is a flat dollar amount; therefore, it is unaffected by a health care cost trend rate. An increase or decrease in the trend rate would have no effect on the total OPEB liability.

NOTE 17 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. During 2021, the City contracted with Selective Insurance Group, Incorporated for various types of insurance as follows:

Type of Coverage	Deductible	Coverage
General Liability	\$ 1,000	\$ 1,000,000
Auto Liability	1,000	1,000,000
Uninsured Motorists	0	1,000,000
Commercial Inland Marine	1,000	4,059,769
Buildings and Personal Property	5,000	51,851,956
Umbrella Liability	10,000	5,000,000
Public Official Liability	10,000	1,000,000
Professional Liability	10,000	1,000,000
Firemen's Errors and Omissions	0	1,000,000
Cyber Liability	5,000	1,000,000
Crime Policy	10,000	2,000,000
Employee Benefits Liability	1,000	1,000,000
Employee Related Practices	10,000	1,000,000

There has been no material change in this coverage from the prior year. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years.

Workers' Compensation - The City pays the Ohio Bureau of Workers' Compensation a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs.

Health Insurance - During 2021, the City provided employee vision benefits through a self-insured program through August of 2021. In September, the vision benefits became a fully-insured program. The City provided employee medical benefits through the Summit County Regionalization Program offering its employees the choice of a PPO Health Plan or a high deductible HSA Plan. Each plan is a 4-tier rate structure with a choice for single, employee & spouse, employee & children, or family coverage. The PPO monthly cost ranges from \$721.89 up to \$2,165.67. The HSA monthly cost ranges from \$606.77 up to \$1,802.33. Employees electing to participate in the City's health insurance contribute 10 percent of the monthly premium. Those employees electing the high deductible HSA receive their 10 percent monthly premium back into their individual HSA account.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 17 - RISK MANAGEMENT – (Continued)

There was no claims liability at December 31, 2021. The City was no longer self-insured for vision benefits. The claims liability of \$2,390 reported in the internal service fund at December 31, 2020, was estimated by a third party administrator and is based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 30 which requires that a liability for unpaid claims costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not reported claims, be reported. The estimate was not affected by incremental claim adjustment expenses and does not include other allocated or unallocated claim adjustment expenses. Changes in the fund's claims liability amounts in 2020 and 2021 are:

	Balanc	e at					Ba	alance		
	Beginn	ning	Cur	rent Year	Claims	at End				
	of Ye	ear	C	laims	P	ayments	of	Year		
2021	\$2,	390	\$	57,379	\$	(59,769)	\$	-		
2020	4,	025		67,629		(69,264)		2,390		

NOTE 18 - CONTINGENCIES

Litigation

The City of Green is a party to legal proceedings. The City management is of the opinion that ultimate disposition of these claims and legal proceedings will not have a material effect, if any, on the financial condition of the City.

Grants

The City received financial assistance from Federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such additional disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the City at December 31, 2021.

NOTE 19 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION

Southern Summit County Tax Incentive Review Council (TIRC) - The City is a member of the Southern Summit County Tax Incentive Review Council (TIRC), a jointly governed organization created as a regional council of governments pursuant to State statutes. Members include the City of Green, Summit County and Green Local School District. The TIRC Board has seven members, consisting of three members appointed by the County Executive, subject to confirmation by County Council; two members appointed by the Mayor of the City of Green, with concurrence of City Council; the County Fiscal Officer, or his or her designee; and one member of the Green Local Schools Board of Education. The Board exercises total authority over the operation of the Council, including budgeting, appropriating, contracting, and designating management. Each member's degree of control is limited to its representation on the Board. Annually, the TIRC reviews and evaluates the performance of each Enterprise Zone Agreement. This body is advisory in nature and cannot directly affect an existing Enterprise Zone Agreement; however, the TIRC can make written recommendations to the legislative authority that approved the agreement. There is no cost associated with being a member of the Council and the City did not contribute to the Council during 2021. The continued existence of the TIRC is not dependent upon the City's continued participation and no measurable equity interest exists. Financial information can be obtained from the South Summit County Tax Incentive Review Council, 175 South Main Street, Room 207, Akron, Ohio 44308.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 20 - JOINT VENTURE WITH EQUITY INTEREST

During 2020, the City entered into an agreement with the City of New Franklin to form the South Summit Council of Governments (the "Council") to share services, promote cooperative arrangements and coordinate action amount its members in matters relating to public safety dispatch operations and at its discretion, promote cooperative agreements and contracts among its members or other governmental agencies and private persons, corporations or agencies and exercises all other powers and authorities available to the Council as set forth in Chapter 167 of the Ohio Revised Code. Under the agreement, the mayors of each city make up the executive board and hold joint control. The Council held an organizational meeting in January 2021 and launched the dispatch operations in May 2021. Each city has an ongoing financial interest where each city's contributions to fund the Council are made on a quarterly basis to pay salaries and benefits and other operating costs of the Council. The equity interest for the City is currently 59.20% which resulted in an equity interest in a joint venture of \$52,062 at December 31, 2021. The Council is not accumulating significant financial resources and is not experiencing fiscal stress that may cause an additional financial benefit to or burden on the City in the future. Financial information can be obtained from the South Summit Council of Governments, 4200 Massillon Road, Suite 100, North Canton, Ohio 44720.

NOTE 21 - OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Compensated Absences

Vacation leave is earned at rates which vary depending upon length of service. Current policy allows full- time employees to accumulate vacation credits for each paid hour they are in active pay status (overtime excluded). Each covered employee's hourly accumulation rate per paid hour is adjusted to a higher accrual rate upon his/her fifth, tenth, and fifteenth anniversary. Employees can carryover one year's accrual plus 40 hours into the next calendar year, except for response shift firefighters, who may carryover one year's accrual plus 48 hours. Any vacation leave left at the end of the year that is in excess of the maximum permitted carryover is forfeited. Upon termination of City employment (retirement of any kind, resignation, discharge, death), the employee or the employee's estate/designated beneficiary will be paid 100% of the employee's accrued but unused vacation.

Sick leave is earned for all full time employees, except response shift firefighters, at the rate of 10.5 hours per month. Sick leave for response shift firefighters receive 0.07988166 hours of sick leave for each hour in active pay status. At the time of retirement, fire personnel are paid 50 percent of their accumulated sick leave up to a maximum of 960 hours for 40 hour week employees and up to 1,248 hours for employees assigned to a 52 hour work week. All other City employees are paid for 50 percent of their accumulated sick leave up to the maximum accumulation of 960 hours.

Life Insurance

The City of Green provides group life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment benefit for all full-time employees at the City's expense in the amount of \$50,000.

NOTE 22 - COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Ohio's state of emergency ended in June, 2021 while the national state of emergency continues. During 2021, the City received COVID-19 funding. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the City. The impact on the City's future operating costs, revenues, and additional recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULES OF THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY/NET PENSION ASSET OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (OPERS)

LAST EIGHT YEARS (1)

		2021		2020	 2019	2018	
Traditional Plan:							
City's proportion of the net pension liability		0.038352%		0.037224%	0.035941%		0.035631%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	5,679,096	679,096 \$ 7,357,577		\$ 9,843,512	\$	5,589,813
City's covered payroll	\$	5,401,807	\$	5,237,236	\$ 4,854,514	\$	4,708,654
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		105.13%		140.49%	202.77%		118.71%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		86.88%		82.17%	74.70%		84.66%
Combined Plan:							
City's proportion of the net pension asset		0.016195%		0.015848%	0.021826%		0.017903%
City's proportionate share of the net pension asset	\$	46,749	\$	33,048	\$ 24,405	\$	24,371
City's covered payroll	\$	71,371	\$	70,543	\$ 93,350	\$	73,323
City's proportionate share of the net pension asset as a percentage of its covered payroll		65.50%		46.85%	26.14%		33.24%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension asset		157.67%		145.28%	126.64%		137.28%

Note: Information prior to 2014 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

(1) Information for the Combined Plan was only available for the last four years.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the City's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014			
0.036465%	0.035538%	0.034447%	0.034447%			
\$ 8,280,582	\$ 6,155,631	\$ 4,154,694	\$ 4,060,853			
\$ 4,713,825	\$ 4,423,093	\$ 4,223,267	\$ 4,060,385			
175.67%	139.17%	98.38%	100.01%			
77.25%	81.08%	86.45%	86.36%			
n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a			
n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a			
n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a			
n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a			
n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a			

SCHEDULES OF THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY OHIO POLICE AND FIRE (OP&F) PENSION FUND

LAST EIGHT YEARS

	 2021	 2020	 2019	 2018
City's proportion of the net pension liability	0.19718500%	0.17650410%	0.17786000%	0.18055900%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 13,442,278	\$ 11,890,259	\$ 14,518,567	\$ 11,081,721
City's covered payroll	\$ 4,359,400	\$ 3,782,170	\$ 3,630,940	\$ 3,540,698
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	308.35%	314.38%	399.86%	312.98%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	70.65%	69.89%	63.07%	70.91%

Note: Information prior to 2014 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the City's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

 2017	2016		 2015	 2014
0.18518100%		0.18931000%	0.19181800%	0.19181800%
\$ 11,729,179	\$	12,178,444	\$ 9,936,971	\$ 9,342,138
\$ 3,193,328	\$	3,753,767	\$ 3,415,940	\$ 3,374,570
367.30%		324.43%	290.90%	276.84%
68.36%		66.77%	71.71%	73.00%

SCHEDULES OF THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CITY PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (OPERS)

LAST NINE YEARS

	 2021	 2020	 2019	2018		
Traditional Plan:						
Contractually required contribution	\$ 722,559	\$ 756,253	\$ 733,213	\$	679,632	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (722,559)	 (756,253)	 (733,213)		(679,632)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$		
City's covered payroll	\$ 5,161,136	\$ 5,401,807	\$ 5,237,236	\$	4,854,514	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%		14.00%	
Combined Plan:						
Contractually required contribution	\$ 11,201	\$ 9,992	\$ 9,876	\$	13,069	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (11,201)	 (9,992)	 (9,876)		(13,069)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	
City's covered payroll	\$ 80,007	\$ 71,371	\$ 70,543	\$	93,350	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%		14.00%	

Although this schedule is intended to show information for ten years, information prior to 2013 is not available. An additional column will be added each year.

The member directed pension plan is a defined contribution pension plan; therefore, the pension side is not included above.

 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013
\$ 612,125	\$ 565,659	\$ 530,771	\$ 506,792	\$ 527,850
 (612,125)	 (565,659)	 (530,771)	 (506,792)	 (527,850)
\$ -	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ -
\$ 4,708,654	\$ 4,713,825	\$ 4,423,092	\$ 4,223,267	\$ 4,060,385
13.00%	12.00%	12.00%	12.00%	13.00%
\$ 9,532	\$ 10,695	\$ 7,955	\$ 6,007	\$ 5,483
 (9,532)	 (10,695)	 (7,955)	 (6,007)	 (5,483)
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
\$ 73,323	\$ 89,125	\$ 66,292	\$ 50,058	\$ 42,177
13.00%	12.00%	12.00%	12.00%	13.00%

SCHEDULES OF THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CITY PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS OHIO POLICE AND FIRE (OP&F) PENSION FUND

LAST TEN YEARS

Fire:	2021			2020		2019		2018
Contractually required contribution	\$	1,133,349	\$	1,024,459	\$	\$ 888,810		853,271
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(1,133,349)		(1,024,459)		(888,810)		(853,271)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$	_	\$		\$	
City's covered payroll	\$	4,822,762	\$ 4,359,400		\$ 3,782,170		\$	3,630,940
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		23.50%		23.50%		23.50%		23.50%

 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013	 2012
\$ 832,064	\$ 750,732	\$ 882,135	\$ 802,746	\$ 687,852	\$ 595,347
 (832,064)	 (750,732)	 (882,135)	 (802,746)	 (687,852)	 (595,347)
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
\$ 3,540,698	\$ 3,194,604	\$ 3,753,766	\$ 3,415,940	\$ 3,374,581	\$ 3,451,287
23.50%	23.50%	23.50%	23.50%	20.38%	17.25%

SCHEDULES OF THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY/ASSET OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (OPERS)

LAST FIVE YEARS

	2021			2020	 2019	 2018	 2017
City's proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset		0.037997%		0.036991%	0.036181%	0.036080%	0.035690%
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$	(676,947)	\$	5,109,417	\$ 4,717,149	\$ 3,918,024	\$ 3,604,811
City's covered payroll	\$	5,473,178	\$	5,588,329	\$ 5,247,889	\$ 5,110,527	\$ 4,932,000
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/asset as a percentage of its covered payroll		12.37%		91.43%	89.89%	76.67%	73.09%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability/asset		115.57%		47.80%	46.33%	54.14%	54.04%

Note: Information prior to 2017 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the City's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

SCHEDULES OF THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY OHIO POLICE AND FIRE (OP&F) PENSION FUND

LAST FIVE YEARS

	 2021		2020		2019		2018		2017	
City's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.19718500%		0.17650410%		0.17786600%		0.18055900%		0.18518100%	
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 2,089,207	\$	1,743,460	\$	1,619,742	\$	10,230,220	\$	8,790,126	
City's covered payroll	\$ 4,359,400	\$	3,782,170	\$	3,630,940	\$	3,540,698	\$	3,193,328	
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	47.92%		46.10%		44.61%		288.93%		275.27%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	45.42%		47.08%		46.57%		14.13%		15.96%	

Note: Information prior to 2017 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the City's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

SCHEDULES OF THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CITY OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (OPERS)

LAST NINE YEARS

	2021		 2020	 2019	2018	
Contractually required contribution	\$	13,561	\$ 10,395	\$ 11,222	\$	12,001
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(13,561)	 (10,395)	 (11,222)		(12,001)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$ 	\$ 	\$	
City's covered payroll	\$	5,241,143	\$ 5,473,178	\$ 5,307,779	\$	4,947,864
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.26%	0.19%	0.21%		0.24%

Although this schedule is intended to show information for ten years, information prior to 2013 is not available. An additional column will be added each year.

 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013
\$ 60,962	\$ 101,221	\$ 92,831	\$ 88,598	\$ 43,940
 (60,962)	 (101,221)	 (92,831)	 (88,598)	 (43,940)
\$ 	\$ 	\$ -	\$ 	\$ -
\$ 4,781,977	\$ 4,802,950	\$ 4,489,384	\$ 4,273,325	\$ 4,102,562
1.27%	2.11%	2.07%	2.07%	1.07%

SCHEDULES OF THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CITY OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS OHIO POLICE AND FIRE (OP&F) PENSION FUND

LAST TEN YEARS

Fire:	 2021	 2020	 2019	 2018
Contractually required contribution	\$ 24,114	\$ 21,797	\$ 18,911	\$ 18,155
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (24,114)	 (21,797)	 (18,911)	 (18,155)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ 	\$ 	\$ _
City's covered payroll	\$ 4,822,762	\$ 4,359,400	\$ 3,782,170	\$ 3,630,940
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%

 2017	 2016	 2015	2014		2014 2013		2012	
\$ 17,703	\$ 15,967	\$ 18,769	\$	17,080	\$	122,047	\$	232,962
 (17,703)	 (15,967)	 (18,769)		(17,080)		(122,047)		(232,962)
\$ 	\$ -	\$ -	\$		\$	-	\$	
\$ 3,540,698	\$ 3,194,604	\$ 3,753,766	\$	3,415,940	\$	3,374,581	\$	3,451,287
0.50%	0.50%	0.50%		0.50%		3.62%		6.75%

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

PENSION

OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (OPERS)

Changes in benefit terms :

• There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2014-2021.

Changes in assumptions :

- ^a There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for 2014-2016.
- ^D For 2017, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) reduction in the actuarially assumed rate of return from 8.00% down to 7.50%, (b) for defined benefit investments, decreasing the wage inflation from 3.75% to 3.25% and (c) changing the future salary increases from a range of 4.25%-10.05% to 3.25%-10.75%.
- There were no changes in assumptions for 2018.
- ^a For 2019, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the assumed rate of return and discount rate were reduced from 7.50% down to 7.20%.
- [•] There were no changes in assumptions for 2020.
- There were no changes in assumptions for 2021.

OHIO POLICE AND FIRE (OP&F) PENSION FUND

Changes in benefit terms:

^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2014-2021.

Changes in assumptions :

- ^a There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for 2014-2017.
- For 2018, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total pension since the prior measurement date: (a) reduction in the actuarially assumed rate of return from 8.50% down to 8.00%, (b) changing the future salary increases from a range of 4.25%-11.00% to 3.75%-10.50%, (c) reduction in payroll increases from 3.75% down to 3.25%, (d) reduction in inflation assumptions from 3.25% down to 2.75% and (e) Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA) were reduced from 2.60% and 3.00% simple to 2.20% and 3.00% simple.
- There were no changes in assumptions for 2019.
- ^a There were no changes in assumptions for 2020.
- ^D There were no changes in assumptions for 2021.

(Continued)

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (OPERS)

Changes in benefit terms:

- ^D There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2017-2020.

For 2021, the following were the most significant changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date: the Board approved several changes to the health care plan offered to Medicare and non-Medicare retirees in efforts to decrease costs and increase the solvency of the health care Plan. These changes are effective January 1, 2022 and include changes to base allowances and eligibility for Medicare retirees, as well as replacing OPERS-sponsored medical plans for non-Medicare retirees with monthly allowances, similar to the program for Medicare retirees. These changes are reflected in the December 31, 2020 measurement date health care valuation. These changes significantly decreased the total OPEB liability for the measurement date December 31, 2020.

Changes in assumptions :

- ^a There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for 2017.
- ^a For 2018, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) reduction in the actuarially assumed rate of return from 4.23% down to 3.85%.
- ^a For 2019, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from 3.85% up to 3.96%, (b) The investment rate of return was decreased from 6.50% percent down to 6.00%, (c) the municipal bond rate was increased from 3.31% up to 3.71% and (d) the health care cost trend rate was increased from 7.50%, initial/3.25%, ultimate in 2028 up to 10.00%, initial/3.25% ultimate in 2029.
- ^a For 2020, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was decreased from 3.96% up to 3.16%, (b) the municipal bond rate was decreased from 3.71% up to 2.75% and (c) the health care cost trend rate was increased from 10.50%, initial/3.25%, ultimate in 2029 up to 10.50%, initial/3.50% ultimate in 2030.
- ^a For 2021, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from 3.16% up to 6.00%, (b) the municipal bond rate was decreased from 2.75% up to 2.00% and (c) the health care cost trend rate was decreased from 10.50%, initial/3.50%, ultimate in 2030 down to 8.50%, initial/3.50% ultimate in 2035.

OHIO POLICE AND FIRE (OP&F) PENSION FUND

Changes in benefit terms:

- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2017-2018.
- For 2019, OP&F changed its retiree health care model from a self-insured health care plan to a stipend-based health care model.
- [•] There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2020.
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2021.

Changes in assumptions :

- ^a There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for 2017.
- ^D For 2018, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) DROP interest rate was reduced from 4.50% to 4.00%, (b) CPI-based COLA was reduced from 2.60% to 2.20%, (c) investment rate of return was reduced from 8.25% to 8.00%, (d) salary increases were reduced from 3.75% to 3.25% and (e) payroll growth was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.
- [•] For 2019, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from 3.24% up to 4.66%.
- ^a For 2020, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was decreased from 4.66% up to 3.56%.
- ^a For 2021, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was decreased from 3.56% down to 2.96%.

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COMBINING STATEMENTS AND INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES

INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES FUND DESCRIPTIONS - MAJOR FUNDS

GENERAL FUND

The general fund accounts for and reports all financial resources except those required to be accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the City for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the Charter of the City of Green and/or the general laws of Ohio.

Major Special Revenue Fund

Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund

The street construction, maintenance and repair special revenue fund accounts for and reports the portion of State gasoline tax and motor vehicle registration fees restricted for the maintenance of the streets within the City.

Major Capital Projects Fund

Parks Capital Projects Reserve Fund

The parks capital projects reserve capital projects fund accounts for income taxes restricted for the purpose of improving existing park and recreation facilities.

Tax Increment Financing (TIF) Projects Fund

The tax increment financing projects capital projects fund accounts for and reports payments in lieu of taxes restricted for the purpose of improving City of Green roads, utilities, and other infrastructure improvements in the defined benefit areas of Arlington Road and Massillon Road.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget	
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:					
Income taxes	\$ 20,000,000	\$ 23,000,000	\$ 25,092,015	\$ 2,092,015	
Property taxes	1,707,735	1,970,158	1,848,611	(121,547)	
Hotel taxes	382,500	382,500	415,561	33,061	
Intergovernmental	552,541	549,991	863,869	313,878	
Interest	318,750	318,750	269,075	(49,675)	
Licenses and permits	153,000	153,000	197,643	44,643	
Charges for services	17,680	17,680	15,690	(1,990)	
Fines and forfeitures	17,000	17,000	41,394	24,394	
Rentals	8,075	8,075	18,000	9,925	
Other	82,652	113,263	168,546	55,283	
Total revenues	23,239,933	26,530,417	28,930,404	2,399,987	
Expenditures: Current:					
General Government:					
City Council:					
Personal services	285,174	286,498	275,101	11,397	
Other	66,559	58,277	56,429	1,848	
Total City Council	351,733	344,775	331,530	13,245	
Mayor's Office:					
Personal services	249,229	248,598	243,065	5,533	
Other	96,945	94,361	60,871	33,490	
Total Mayor's Office	346,174	342,959	303,936	39,023	
Finance Department:					
Personal services	452,895	451,795	447,713	4,082	
Other	1,264,520	2,379,319	2,317,935	61,384	
Total Finance Department	1,717,415	2,831,114	2,765,648	65,466	
Communications					
Personal services	183,677	183,677	173,184	10,493	
Other	90,900	90,900	68,787	22,113	
Total Communications Department	274,577	274,577	241,971	32,606	
Law Department:					
Personal services	154,744	154,998	154,476	522	
Other Tatal Law Department	244,059	259,746	222,425	37,321	
Total Law Department	398,803	414,744	376,901	37,843	
Service Department:					
Personal services	287,977	287,477	201,938	85,539	
Other	71,350	64,443	54,593	9,850	
Total Service Department	359,327	351,920	256,531	95,389	
Civil Service:					
Personal services	4,500	4,500	4,500	-	
Other	42,500	42,500	41,500	1,000	
Total Civil Service	47,000	47,000	46,000	1,000	
Human Resources:					
Personal services	276,433	282,744	262,407	20,337	
Other	212,557	184,241	116,941	67,300	
Total Human Resources	488,990	466,985	379,348	87,637	

Continued

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) **GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED)** FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Budget	ed Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Historic Preservation Commission:				
Other	\$ 97,736	\$ 96,984	\$ 45,717	\$ 51,267
Total Historic Preservation Commission	97,736	96,984	45,717	51,267
Engineering:				
Personal services	619,373	619,373	585,647	33,726
Other	243,415	228,217	210,736	17,481
Total Engineering	862,788	847,590	796,383	51,207
Other:				
Other	3,310		662,857	2,971
Total Other	3,310	665,828	662,857	2,971
Central Administration Building:				
Other	377,141	350,874	309,961	40,913
Total Central Administration Building	377,141	350,874	309,961	40,913
Park Maintenance Garage:				
Other	14,990	15,554	12,467	3,087
Total Park Maintenance Garage	14,990	15,554	12,467	3,087
Administration Building/Highway Building:				
Other	226,206	185,066	174,904	10,162
Total Administration Building/Highway Building	226,206	185,066	174,904	10,162
Utility and Asset Management:				
Personal services	222,112	235,518	211,259	24,259
Other	22,915	39,977	39,868	109
Total Utility and Asset Management	245,027	275,495	251,127	24,368
Fire Station #1:				
Other	143,345	184,014	159,425	24,589
Total Fire Station #1	143,345		159,425	24,589
Fire Station #2:				
Other	103,445	119,222	80,196	39,026
Total Fire Station #2	103,445	119,222	80,196	39,026
Fire Station #3:				
Other	85,579	81,000	70,091	10,909
Total Fire Station #3	85,579	81,000	70,091	10,909

Continued

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) **GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED)** FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Budgeted	l Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
	Original	Final	Actual		
Radio Building:					
Other	\$ 15,517	\$ 14,436	\$ 11,856	\$ 2,580	
Total Radio Building	15,517	14,436	11,856	2,580	
Income Tax:					
Personal services	379,704	379,704	377,839	1,865	
Other	905,932	1,050,178	1,028,744	21,434	
Total Income Tax	1,285,636	1,429,882	1,406,583	23,299	
Total General Government	7,444,739	9,340,019	8,683,432	656,587	
Security of Persons and Property:					
Other	3,037,854	3,037,854	3,010,031	27,823	
Total Security of Persons and Property	3,037,854	3,037,854	3,010,031	27,823	
Public Health and Welfare:					
Other	272,712	272,712	272,711	1	
Total Public Health and Welfare	272,712	272,712	272,711	1	
Debt Service:					
Principal retirement	600,721	768,254	768,254	-	
Interest and fiscal charges	399,279	231,746	231,746	-	
Bond issuance costs	-	202,663	202,663	-	
Total Debt Service	1,000,000	1,202,663	1,202,663	-	
Total expenditures	11,755,305	13,853,248	13,168,837	684,411	
Excess of revenues					
over expenditures	11,484,628	12,677,169	15,761,567	3,084,398	
Other financing sources (uses):					
Sale of capital assets	-	-	1,301	1,301	
Refunding bonds issued	-	13,330,000	13,330,000	-	
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	-	(13,127,337)	(13,127,337)	-	
Advances in	600,000	600,000	600,000	-	
Capital lease transaction	-	-	982,304	982,304	
Transfers out	(14,525,000)	(15,460,000)	(15,460,000)	-	
Total other financing (sources) uses	(13,925,000)	(14,657,337)	(13,673,732)	983,605	
Net change in fund balance	(2,440,372)	(1,980,168)	2,087,835	4,068,003	
Fund balance at beginning of year	21,348,225	21,348,225	21,348,225	-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	479,901	479,901	479,901		
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 19,387,754	\$ 19,847,958	\$ 23,915,961	\$ 4,068,003	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) STREET CONSTRUCTION, MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts							Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Origin	al		Final		Actual		Negative)	
Revenues:									
Special assessments	\$ 45	5,000	\$	45,000	\$	79,843	\$	34,843	
Intergovernmental	2,310			2,760,000		2,783,375		23,375	
Licenses and permits		3,000		8,000		7,810		(190)	
Other),000	. <u> </u>	30,000	. <u> </u>	84,998		54,998	
Total revenues	2,393	3,000		2,843,000		2,956,026		113,026	
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Transportation:									
Street Construction:	1 502	502		1 (12 (22		1 429 070		192 ((2	
Personal services Other	1,583			1,612,632		1,428,970		183,662	
Total Street Construction	2,730	1,227	·	6,615,876 8,228,508		5,523,765 6,952,735		1,092,111 1,275,773	
Total Street Construction	,J1-	<u>,227</u>		0,220,300		0,752,755		1,275,775	
Street Cleaning/Snow/Ice:									
Other		5,084		355,017		355,017		-	
Total Street Cleaning/Snow/Ice	355	5,084		355,017		355,017		-	
Traffic Signs and Signals:									
Personal services		-		500		-		500	
Other		3,651		253,853		222,838		31,015	
Total Traffic Signs and Signals	303	3,651		254,353		222,838		31,515	
Storm Sewer and Drains:									
Personal services	815	5,202		814,622		756,813		57,809	
Other		1,832		516,448		444,923		71,525	
Total Storm Sewer and Drains	1,297	7,034		1,331,070		1,201,736		129,334	
Total Transportation	6,269	9,996		10,168,948		8,732,326		1,436,622	
Total expenditures	6,269	9,996		10,168,948		8,732,326		1,436,622	
Excess of expenditures									
over revenues	(3,876	5,996)		(7,325,948)		(5,776,300)		1,549,648	
Other financing sources:									
Sale of capital assets		-		-		30,026		30,026	
Transfers in	4,000			4,000,000		4,000,000		-	
Total other financing sources	4,000),000		4,000,000		4,030,026		30,026	
Net change in fund balance	123	3,004		(3,325,948)		(1,746,274)		1,579,674	
Fund balance at beginning of year	5,156	5,332		5,156,332		5,156,332		-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		2,795		1,372,795		1,372,795		-	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 6,652	2,131	\$	3,203,179	\$	4,782,853	\$	1,579,674	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) **PARKS CAPITAL PROJECTS RESERVE FUND** FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Original Final Actual (Negurity) Revenues: neore tases 5 1.275,000 5 1.825,860 5 125,800 Integrovemmental 1.275,000 5 1.700,000 2.002,791 302,791 Expenditures: 1.275,000 1.700,000 2.002,791 302,891 Current: 0ther 54,670 407,866 305,481 102,385 Other - 141,941 135,633 6,308 Other - 141,941 135,633 6,308 John Torok Senior/Community Center: 95,693 154,132 94,132 60,000 PLCC/Shriver Walking Trait: 22,220 3,699 3,699 - - Other 9,950 225,296 225,286 10 - - Other - 11,468 11,468 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Income taxes Intergovernmental Total revenues \$ 1,275,000 \$ 1,275,000 \$ 1,282,860 \$ 1,276,931 \$ 1,76,931 \$ 1,76,931 \$ 1,76,931 \$ 1,76,931 \$ 1,76,931 \$ 1,76,931 \$ 302,791 \$		Original	Final	Actual		
Intergovermmental 176,931 176,931 176,931 176,931 176,931 176,931 1302,791 302,81 407,866 305,481 102,385 60000 60000 60000 60000 60000 60000 60000 60000 60000 60000 60000 60000 60000 60000 60000 600000 60000 600000 <						
Total revenues 1.275.000 1.700.000 2.002.791 302.791 Expenditures: Carrent: Capital Outlay: Parks and Recreation 54.670 407.866 305.481 102.385 Other 54.670 407.866 305.481 102.385 Central Park: Other - 141.941 135.633 6.308 John Torok Senior/Community Center: Other - 141.941 135.633 6.308 John Torok Senior/Community Center: 95.693 154.132 94.132 60.000 PLCCShriver Walking Trail: 22.220 3.699 3.699 - Total Eventure Park Property: 9.950 225.296 225.286 100 Other 11.468 11.468 11.468 - Total Boettler Park Property: 9.950 225.296 225.286 100 Southgate Park Property: 01.468 11.468 - - Other 11.468 11.468 11.468 - - Total Boettler Park Property 11.468 11.468 - -		\$ 1,275,000	\$ 1,700,000	*))		
$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$		1,275,000	1,700,000			
Parks and Recreation: 54.670 407.866 305.481 102.385 Total Park: $006r$ -141.941 135.633 6.308 Other -141.941 135.633 6.308 John Torok Senior/Community Center: $006r$ -141.941 135.633 6.308 John Torok Senior/Community Center: 05.693 154.132 94.132 60.000 Other $016r$ 0162 0.4132 60.000 0.000 Other 0162 0.222200 3.699 3.699 -1622220 3.699 -1622220 3.699 -1622220 3.699 -1622220 3.699 -1622220 3.699 -1622220 -1622220 -16222220 -16222220 -16222220 -16222220 -16222220 -16222220 -16222220 -16222220 -16222220 -16222220 -16222220 -16222220 -16222220 -16222220 -16222220 -16222220 -162222220 -112277 -162272 -162272222626 -1622727 -162272						
Total Parks and Recreation $54,670$ $407,866$ $305,481$ $102,385$ Central Park - $141,941$ $135,633$ $6,308$ Other - $141,941$ $135,633$ $6,308$ John Torek Senior/Community Center: - $141,941$ $135,633$ $6,308$ Other - $95,693$ $154,132$ $94,132$ $60,000$ Other - $95,693$ $252,596$ $225,286$ 10 Other - $9,950$ $225,296$ $225,286$ 10 Other - $11,468$ $11,468$ $11,468$ $11,468$ Other - $26,263$ $116,42$						
Central Park: Image: Central Park Image: Central Park						
Other - 141.941 135.633 6.308 Total Central Park - 141.941 135.633 6.308 John Torek Senior/Community Center: 95.693 154.132 94.132 60.000 Other 95.693 154.132 94.132 60.000 Other 95.693 154.132 94.132 60.000 Other 22.220 3.699 3.699 - Total John Torek Senior/Community Center 9.550 225.296 225.286 10 Other 9.950 225.296 225.286 10 Southgate Park Property: 9.950 225.296 225.286 10 Southgate Park Property: 11.468 11.468 11.468 - Total Southgate Park Property: 11.468 11.468 - - Other 26.263 116.423 106.277 10.146 Total Southgate Park Property 11.468 - - - - - - - - - - <td< td=""><td>Total Parks and Recreation</td><td>54,670</td><td>407,866</td><td>305,481</td><td>102,385</td></td<>	Total Parks and Recreation	54,670	407,866	305,481	102,385	
Total Central Park - $141,941$ $135,633$ $6,308$ John Torok Senior/Community Center: $95,693$ $154,132$ $94,132$ $60,000$ Total John Torok Senior/Community Center: $95,693$ $154,132$ $94,132$ $60,000$ PLCC/Shriver Walking Trail: $22,220$ $3,699$ $3,699$ $-$ Total PLCC/Shriver Walking Trail $22,220$ $3,699$ $ 0000$ Boettler Park Property: $9,950$ $225,296$ $225,286$ 10 Other Total Boettler Park Property $9,950$ $225,296$ $225,286$ 10 Southgate Park Property $9,950$ $225,296$ $225,286$ 10 Southgate Park Property $11,468$ $11,468$ $11,468$ $-$ Ariss Park: $000r$ $11,6423$ $106,277$ $10,146$ Other $ 27,000$ $9,570$ $17,430$ Other $ 27,000$ $9,570$ $17,430$ Other $ 20,002$ $24,754$ $2,148$ Total Ariss Park: $ 26,902$			141 041	125 622	6 208	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		-				
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	John Torok Senior/Community Center:					
PLCC/Shriver Walking Trail 22,220 3,699 3,699 - Total PLCC/Shriver Walking Trail 22,220 3,699 - - Boettler Park Property: 0.11 22,220 3,699 - Other 9,950 225,296 225,286 10 Southgate Park Property: 0.11468 11,468 11,468 - Other 11,468 11,468 11,468 - - Other 11,468 11,468 11,468 - - Other 26,263 116,423 106,277 10,146 Total Ariss Park: 0 - 27,000 9,570 17,430 Other - 27,000 9,570 17,430 - 1,000 - 1,000 Total East Liberty Park - 27,000 9,570 17,430 - 1,000 - 1,000 - 1,000 - 1,000 - 1,000 - 1,000 - 1,000 - 1,000		95,693	154,132	94,132	60,000	
Other $22,220$ $3,699$ $3,699$ $-$ Boettler Park Property: $22,220$ $3,699$ $ -$ Boettler Park Property: $9,950$ $225,296$ $225,286$ 10 Southgate Park Property: $9,950$ $225,296$ $225,286$ 10 Southgate Park Property: $9,950$ $225,296$ $225,286$ 10 Southgate Park Property: $11,468$ $11,468$ $11,468$ $11,468$ Other Total Southgate Park Property $11,468$ $11,468$ $11,468$ $11,468$ Other $26,263$ $116,423$ $106,277$ $10,146$ Other $26,263$ $116,423$ $106,277$ $10,146$ Total Ariss Park $26,263$ $116,423$ $106,277$ $10,146$ Other $ 27,000$ $9,570$ $17,430$ Total East Liberty Park $ 27,000$ $9,570$ $17,430$ Other $ 1,000$ $ 1,000$ $-$ <t< td=""><td>Total John Torok Senior/Community Center</td><td></td><td></td><td>94,132</td><td></td></t<>	Total John Torok Senior/Community Center			94,132		
Total PLCC/Shriver Walking Trail $22,220$ $3,699$ 2 Boettler Park Property: $9,950$ $225,296$ $225,286$ 10 Total Boettler Park Property: $9,950$ $225,296$ $225,286$ 10 Southgate Park Property: $9,950$ $225,296$ $225,286$ 10 Southgate Park Property: $11,468$ $11,468$ $11,468$ $11,468$ -1 Ariss Park: $26,263$ $116,423$ $106,277$ $10,146$ Other $26,263$ $116,423$ $106,277$ $10,146$ Total Ariss Park $26,263$ $116,423$ $106,277$ $10,146$ Difter $27,000$ $9,570$ $17,430$ $17,430$ Green Youth Sports Complex: $-1,000$ $-1,000$ $-1,000$ $1,000$ Total Green Youth Sports Complex $-26,902$ $24,754$ $2,148$ $21,48$ Total Checkner Baseball Fields: $-26,902$ $24,754$ $2,148$ $21,48$ $20,264$ $1,115,727$ $916,300$ $199,427$ Total Capital Outlay $220,264$ $1,115,727$ $916,300$ <		-				
Boettler Park Property: Other 9,950 225,296 225,286 10 Total Boettler Park Property 9,950 225,296 225,286 10 Southgate Park Property: 11,468 11,468 11,468 11,468 11,468 Total Southgate Park Property: 11,468 11,468 11,468 11,468 - Ariss Park: Other 26,263 116,423 106,277 10,146 Total Southgate Park Property 26,263 116,423 106,277 10,146 Total Ariss Park: 26,263 116,423 106,277 10,146 Colter - 27,000 9,570 17,430 Green Youth Sports Complex: - 1,000 - 1,000 Other - 1,000 - 1,000 1,000 Total Green Youth Sports Complex - 1,000 - 1,000 1,000 Kleckner Baseball Fields: - 26,902 24,754 2,148 2148 Total Capital Outlay 220,264 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>						
Other 9.950 $225,296$ $225,286$ 10 Total Boettler Park Property 9.950 $225,296$ $225,286$ 10 Southgate Park Property: 11.468 11.468 11.468 11.468 Total Southgate Park Property 11.468 11.468 11.468 - Ariss Park: 0ther 26.263 116.423 106.277 10.146 Other 26.263 116.423 106.277 10.146 Total Ariss Park 26.263 116.423 106.277 10.146 Conter - 27.000 9.570 17.430 Other - 27.000 9.570 17.430 Green Youth Sports Complex: - 1.000 - 1.000 Other - 1.000 - 1.000 - Total Green Youth Sports Complex: - 1.000 - 1.000 Other - 26.902 24.754 2.148 Total Kleckner Baseball Fields: - 26.902 24.754	5	22,220				
Total Boettler Park Property 9,950 $225,296$ $225,286$ 10 Southgate Park Property: 11,468 11,468 11,468 11,468 - Ariss Park: 11,468 11,468 11,468 - - Other 26,263 116,423 106,277 10,146 Total Ariss Park 26,263 116,423 106,277 10,146 East Liberty Park: - 27,000 9,570 17,430 Other - 27,000 9,570 17,430 Total East Liberty Park: - - 27,000 9,570 17,430 Other - 27,000 9,570 17,430 10,000 - 1,		0.050	225 206	225 286	10	
Other 11,468 11,468 11,468 11,468 $11,468$ $11,4$						
Other 11,468 11,468 11,468 11,468 $11,468$ $11,4$	Southgate Park Property:					
Ariss Park: 26,263 116,423 106,277 10,146 Other 26,263 116,423 106,277 10,146 East Liberty Park: 0 - 27,000 9,570 17,430 Other - 27,000 9,570 17,430 Total East Liberty Park: - 27,000 9,570 17,430 Green Youth Sports Complex: - 1,000 - 1,000 Other - 1,000 - 1,000 Total Green Youth Sports Complex: - 1,000 - 1,000 Other - 26,902 24,754 2,148 Total Green Youth Sports Complex - 26,902 24,754 2,148 Total Capital Outlay 220,264 1,115,727 916,300 199,427 Total Capital Outlay 220,264 1,115,727 916,300 199,427 Excess of revenues - - 1,227 1,227 Other financing sources (uses): - - 1,227 1,227 Sale of capital assets - - - 1,227<					-	
Other $26,263$ $116,423$ $106,277$ $10,146$ Total Ariss Park $26,263$ $116,423$ $106,277$ $10,146$ East Liberty Park: 0 $0,570$ $17,430$ Other $ 27,000$ $9,570$ $17,430$ Total East Liberty Park $ 27,000$ $9,570$ $17,430$ Green Youth Sports Complex: $ 1,000$ $ 1,000$ Other $ 1,000$ $ 1,000$ Total Green Youth Sports Complex: $ 1,000$ $ 1,000$ Other $ 26,902$ $24,754$ $2,148$ Total Capital Outlay $220,264$ $1,115,727$ $916,300$ $199,427$ Total expenditures $20,264$ $1,115,727$ $916,300$ $199,427$ Excess of revenues over expenditures $1,054,736$ $584,273$ $1,086,491$ $502,218$ Other financing sources (uses): $ 1,227$ $1,227$ Advances out	Total Southgate Park Property	11,468	11,468	11,468		
Total Ariss Park $26,263$ $116,423$ $106,277$ $10,146$ East Liberty Park: 0 $27,000$ $9,570$ $17,430$ Other $ 27,000$ $9,570$ $17,430$ Green Youth Sports Complex: $ 27,000$ $9,570$ $17,430$ Green Youth Sports Complex: $ 1,000$ $ 1,000$ Total Green Youth Sports Complex $ 1,000$ $ 1,000$ Kleckner Baseball Fields: $ 26,902$ $24,754$ $2,148$ Total Capital Outlay $220,264$ $1,115,727$ $916,300$ $199,427$ Total expenditures $220,264$ $1,115,727$ $916,300$ $199,427$ Excess of revenues $0ver$ expenditures $1,054,736$ $584,273$ $1,086,491$ $502,218$ Other financing sources (uses): $ 1,227$ $1,227$ Advances out $ 1,227$ $1,227$ Advances out $ -$						
East Liberty Park: - $27,000$ $9,570$ $17,430$ Other - $27,000$ $9,570$ $17,430$ Green Youth Sports Complex: - $27,000$ $9,570$ $17,430$ Other - $1,000$ - $1,000$ Total Green Youth Sports Complex: - $1,000$ - $1,000$ Kleckner Baseball Fields: - $1,000$ - $1,000$ Other - $26,902$ $24,754$ $2,148$ Total Capital Outlay $220,264$ $1,115,727$ $916,300$ $199,427$ Total expenditures $220,264$ $1,115,727$ $916,300$ $199,427$ Excess of revenues $20,264$ $1,115,727$ $916,300$ $199,427$ Excess of revenues $1.054,736$ $584,273$ $1,086,491$ $502,218$ Other financing sources (uses): - $ 1,227$ $1,227$ Advances out (600,000) (600,000) (600,000) $ 1,227$ $1,227$ Net change in fund balance $454,736$ (15,727) $487,718$ <						
Other $ 27,000$ $9,570$ $17,430$ Total East Liberty Park $ 27,000$ $9,570$ $17,430$ Green Youth Sports Complex: $ 1,000$ $ 1,000$ Total Green Youth Sports Complex $ 1,000$ $ 1,000$ Total Green Youth Sports Complex $ 1,000$ $ 1,000$ Kleckner Baseball Fields: $ 26,902$ $24,754$ $2,148$ Total Capital Outlay $220,264$ $1,115,727$ $916,300$ $199,427$ Total expenditures $220,264$ $1,115,727$ $916,300$ $199,427$ Excess of revenues $1,054,736$ $584,273$ $1,086,491$ $502,218$ Other financing sources (uses): $ 1,227$ $1,227$ Sale of capital assets $ 1,227$ $1,227$ Advances out (600,000) (600,000) $ 1,227$ Net change in fund balance $454,736$ (15,727) $487,718$ 50		20,205	110,125	100,277	10,110	
Total East Liberty Park - $27,000$ $9,570$ $17,430$ Green Youth Sports Complex: - $1,000$ - $1,000$ Other - $1,000$ - $1,000$ Total Green Youth Sports Complex - $1,000$ - $1,000$ Kleckner Baseball Fields: - $26,902$ $24,754$ $2,148$ Total Capital Outlay $220,264$ $1,115,727$ $916,300$ $199,427$ Total expenditures $220,264$ $1,115,727$ $916,300$ $199,427$ Excess of revenues $220,264$ $1,115,727$ $916,300$ $199,427$ Excess of revenues $1,054,736$ $584,273$ $1,086,491$ $502,218$ Other financing sources (uses): - $ 1,227$ $1,227$ Advances out ($600,000$) ($600,000$) ($600,000$) $ 1,227$ Net change in fund balance $454,736$ $(15,727)$ $487,718$ $503,445$ Fund balance at beginning of year $913,121$ $913,121$ $913,121$ $-$ Prior year encumbrances appropriated			27.000	9 570	17 430	
Other - 1,000 - 1,000 Total Green Youth Sports Complex - 1,000 - 1,000 Kleckner Baseball Fields: - 26,902 24,754 2,148 Total Capital Outlay - 26,902 24,754 2,148 Total Capital Outlay 220,264 1,115,727 916,300 199,427 Total expenditures 220,264 1,115,727 916,300 199,427 Excess of revenues 0ver expenditures 1,054,736 584,273 1,086,491 502,218 Other financing sources (uses): - - 1,227 1,227 Advances out (600,000) (600,000) - - Total other financing sources (uses) (600,000) (600,000) - - Net change in fund balance 454,736 (15,727) 487,718 503,445 Fund balance at beginning of year 913,121 913,121 - - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 220,264 220,264 220,264 -						
Total Green Youth Sports Complex - 1,000 - 1,000 Kleckner Baseball Fields:	Green Youth Sports Complex:					
Kleckner Baseball Fields: - 26,902 24,754 2,148 Total Kleckner Baseball Fields - 26,902 24,754 2,148 Total Capital Outlay 220,264 1,115,727 916,300 199,427 Total expenditures 220,264 1,115,727 916,300 199,427 Excess of revenues 220,264 1,115,727 916,300 199,427 Other financing sources (uses): 1,054,736 584,273 1,086,491 502,218 Other financing sources (uses): - - 1,227 1,227 Advances out - - 1,227 1,227 Net change in fund balance 454,736 (15,727) 487,718 503,445 Fund balance at beginning of year 913,121 913,121 - - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 220,264 220,264 220,264 - -						
Other - 26,902 24,754 2,148 Total Kleckner Baseball Fields - 26,902 24,754 2,148 Total Capital Outlay 220,264 1,115,727 916,300 199,427 Total expenditures 220,264 1,115,727 916,300 199,427 Excess of revenues over expenditures 220,264 1,115,727 916,300 199,427 Excess of revenues over expenditures 1,054,736 584,273 1,086,491 502,218 Other financing sources (uses): 1,054,736 584,273 1,086,491 502,218 Sale of capital assets - - 1,227 1,227 Advances out (600,000) (600,000) - - Total other financing sources (uses) (600,000) (600,000) - - Net change in fund balance 454,736 (15,727) 487,718 503,445 Fund balance at beginning of year 913,121 913,121 913,121 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 220,264 220,264 220,264 -	Total Green Youth Sports Complex		1,000		1,000	
Total Kleckner Baseball Fields - 26,902 24,754 2,148 Total Capital Outlay 220,264 1,115,727 916,300 199,427 Total expenditures 220,264 1,115,727 916,300 199,427 Excess of revenues over expenditures 220,264 1,115,727 916,300 199,427 Excess of revenues over expenditures 1,054,736 584,273 1,086,491 502,218 Other financing sources (uses): Sale of capital assets - - 1,227 1,227 Advances out Total other financing sources (uses) (600,000) (600,000) - - Net change in fund balance 454,736 (15,727) 487,718 503,445 Fund balance at beginning of year 913,121 913,121 - - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 220,264 220,264 - -		_	26 902	24 754	2 148	
Total expenditures 220,264 1,115,727 916,300 199,427 Excess of revenues over expenditures 1,054,736 584,273 1,086,491 502,218 Other financing sources (uses): Sale of capital assets - - 1,227 1,227 Advances out - - - 1,227 1,227 Advances out - - - 1,227 Total other financing sources (uses) (600,000) (600,000) (600,000) Net change in fund balance 454,736 (15,727) 487,718 503,445 Fund balance at beginning of year 913,121 913,121 913,121 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 220,264 220,264 - -						
Excess of revenues over expenditures 1,054,736 584,273 1,086,491 502,218 Other financing sources (uses): Sale of capital assets Advances out Total other financing sources (uses) - 1,227 1,227 Net change in fund balance 454,736 (15,727) 487,718 503,445 Fund balance at beginning of year Prior year encumbrances appropriated 913,121 913,121 913,121 -	Total Capital Outlay	220,264	1,115,727	916,300	199,427	
over expenditures 1,054,736 584,273 1,086,491 502,218 Other financing sources (uses): Sale of capital assets - - 1,227 1,227 Advances out (600,000) (600,000) (600,000) (600,000) - - Total other financing sources (uses) (600,000) (600,000) (600,000) - - Net change in fund balance 454,736 (15,727) 487,718 503,445 Fund balance at beginning of year 913,121 913,121 913,121 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 220,264 220,264 220,264 -	Total expenditures	220,264	1,115,727	916,300	199,427	
over expenditures 1,054,736 584,273 1,086,491 502,218 Other financing sources (uses): Sale of capital assets - - 1,227 1,227 Advances out (600,000) (600,000) (600,000) (600,000) - - Total other financing sources (uses) (600,000) (600,000) (600,000) - - Net change in fund balance 454,736 (15,727) 487,718 503,445 Fund balance at beginning of year 913,121 913,121 913,121 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 220,264 220,264 220,264 -	Excess of revenues					
Sale of capital assets - - 1,227 1,227 Advances out (600,000) (600,000) (600,000) - Total other financing sources (uses) (600,000) (600,000) - - Net change in fund balance 454,736 (15,727) 487,718 503,445 Fund balance at beginning of year 913,121 913,121 913,121 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 220,264 220,264 220,264 -		1,054,736	584,273	1,086,491	502,218	
Sale of capital assets - - 1,227 1,227 Advances out (600,000) (600,000) (600,000) - Total other financing sources (uses) (600,000) (600,000) - - Net change in fund balance 454,736 (15,727) 487,718 503,445 Fund balance at beginning of year 913,121 913,121 913,121 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 220,264 220,264 220,264 -	Other financing sources (uses):					
Total other financing sources (uses) (600,000) (600,000) (598,773) 1,227 Net change in fund balance 454,736 (15,727) 487,718 503,445 Fund balance at beginning of year 913,121 913,121 913,121 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 220,264 220,264 220,264 -	Sale of capital assets	-	-		1,227	
Net change in fund balance 454,736 (15,727) 487,718 503,445 Fund balance at beginning of year 913,121 913,121 913,121 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 220,264 220,264 220,264 -					1,227	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated 220,264 220,264 -		<u>.</u>	· · · · ·	. <u></u>		
Prior year encumbrances appropriated 220,264 220,264 -	Fund balance at beginning of year	913 121	913 121	913 121	-	
Fund balance at end of year \$ 1,588,121 \$ 1,117,658 \$ 1,621,103 \$ 503,445						
	Fund balance at end of year	\$ 1,588,121	\$ 1,117,658	\$ 1,621,103	\$ 503,445	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) **TIF PROJECTS FUND** FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:					
Payment in lieu of taxes Other	\$ 2,465,000	\$ 3,643,042 244,296	\$ 3,624,082 168,948	\$ (18,960) (75,348)	
Total revenues	2,465,000	3,887,338	3,793,030	(94,308)	
Expenditures: Current: General Government:					
Other:					
Other	1,300,000	1,475,000	1,472,645	2,355	
Total General Government	1,300,000	1,475,000	1,472,645	2,355	
Capital Outlay: Massillon Road TIF:					
Other	8,048,981	7,888,619	7,884,072	4,547	
Total Massillon Road TIF	8,048,981	7,888,619	7,884,072	4,547	
Arlington Road TIF: Other	1.846.060	22.000	20.000	2.040	
Other Total Arlington Road TIF	1,846,969	23,000	20,960	2,040	
Total Allington Road Th	1,040,909	25,000	20,700	2,040	
Akron General Medical TIF:	254 144				
Other Total Akron General Medical TIF	254,144				
Town Park Extension TIF: Other		7 500	4 277	2 1 2 2	
Total Park Extension TIF		7,500 7,500	4,377 4,377	3,123 3,123	
Heritage Crossing TIF: Other	707,500	722,500	720,221	2,279	
Total Heritage Crossing TIF	707,500	722,500	720,221	2,279	
Total Capital Outlay	10,857,594	8,641,619	8,629,630	11,989	
Debt Service:					
Principal retirement	-	1,633,170	1,633,168	2	
Interest and fiscal charges	-	500,523	493,142	7,381	
Total Debt Service	-	2,133,693	2,126,310	7,383	
Total expenditures	12,157,594	12,250,312	12,228,585	21,727	
Excess of expenditures					
over revenues	(9,692,594)	(8,362,974)	(8,435,555)	(72,581)	
Other financing sources:					
Transfers in	250,000	1,155,000	1,155,000	-	
Total other financing sources	250,000	1,155,000	1,155,000		
Net change in fund balance	(9,442,594)	(7,207,974)	(7,280,555)	(72,581)	
Fund balance at beginning of year	118,354	118,354	118,354	-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	7,976,902	7,976,902	7,976,902		
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$ (1,347,338)	\$ 887,282	\$ 814,701	\$ (72,581)	

INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES FUND DESCRIPTIONS - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The term *proceeds of specific revenue sources* establishes that one or more specific restricted or committed revenues should be the foundation for a special revenue fund. The following are the special revenue funds which the City operates:

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

State Highway Fund

To account for and report State gasoline tax and motor vehicle registration fees restricted for maintenance of State highways within the City.

Permissive Tax Fund

To account for and report the motor vehicle license tax levied by the City that is restructed for the maintenance of the streets within the City.

Drug Task Force Fund

To account for and report grants restricted for educational purposes.

American Rescue Plan Fund

To account for and report revenues from the federal government that are restricted for programs outlined in the American Rescue Plan Act.

Electronic Aggregation Program Fund

To account for and report subsidies restricted to the governmental electricity aggregation program provided by FirstEnergy, Incorporated.

Lighting Assessment Fund

To account for and report the collection of special assessments restricted for street lighting in the City.

Ambulance Revenue Fund

To account for and report revenue received from ambulance transportation services that is committed for the purchase of ambulances and related equipment.

Recycle Fund

To account for and report grants and other revenues restricted for special recycling projects for City residents.

Grants Projects Fund

To account for and report grants received and restricted for various projects throughout the City.

Cemetery Fund

To account for and report monies received for cemetery services and the sale of cemetery lots which are restricted for the operation of the cemetery.

Green Community Telecommunications Fund

To account for and report cable television franchise fees restricted to develop the telecommunications program of the Green Local Schools and to promote and produce information programs beneficial to the Green community.

Pipeline Settlement Fund

The pipeline settlement special revenue fund accounts for and reports lawsuit settlement receipts committed to the implementation and enforcement of settlement agreement terms, to safety forces to protect the City and its residents from impacts resulting from the pipeline construction, and to expenditures directly or indirectly related to impacts resulting from the pipeline in the City.

Keep Green Beautiful Fund

To account for and report donations committed for the seasonal floral beautification of the City.

INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES FUND DESCRIPTIONS - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Green Auto Mile Fund

To account for and report donations committed for the local auto dealers along the Green Auto Mile in order to procure the services of a marketing and strategic communications firm to provide certain marketing and branding to enhance the Green Auto Mile as the destination in the region to purchase an automobile.

Fire/Paramedic Donations Fund

To account for and report donations committed for the fire/paramedic department.

Fire Demolition Deposits Fund

To account for and report insurance recoveries restricted for the demolition of buildings/homes lost to fire damage.

Fire/Paramedic Fund

To account for and report charges for services assigned to provide and maintain firefighting equipment, appliances, buildings, sources of water supply, ambulance service and emergency medical service, and other operating costs of the fire department. This fund is included with the general fund for GAAP reporting as it does not have a restricted or committed revenue source.

Parks and Recreation Fund

To account for and report revenue received from program and user fees and donations which are assigned to support recreational programs in the City. This fund is included with the general fund for GAAP reporting as it does not have a restricted or committed revenue source.

Zoning Fund

To account for and report zoning permit fees and variance applications fees. This fund is included with the general fund for GAAP reporting as it does not have a restricted or committed revenue source.

Planning Fund

To account for and report revenue received from building permit fees and fees charged to review development plans. This fund is included with the general fund for GAAP reporting as it does not have a restricted or committed revenue source.

NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUND

General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund

The general obligation bond retirement debt service fund accounts for and reports property taxes that are restricted for the payment of principle, interest and other fiscal charges on general obligation debt.

NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

Capital Projects Reserve Fund

To account for monies assigned for the purpose of capital projects.

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COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

		Nonmajor ial Revenue Funds	D	Nonmajor ebt Service Fund - General Obligation Bond Retirement		Nonmajor pital Projects Fund - Capital Project Reserve		al Nonmajor wernmental Funds
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,485,383	\$	88,928	\$	3,127,667	\$	7,701,978
Receivables:	Ψ	1,105,505	Ψ	00,720	Ψ	5,127,007	Ψ	7,701,970
Property taxes		-		179,104		-		179,104
Accounts		141,064		-		-		141,064
Special assessments		49,811		-		-		49,811
Intergovernmental		162,716		9,472		-		172,188
Intergovernmental - due from Green LSD		-		4,231,133		-		4,231,133
Prepayments		11,341		-		-		11,341
Restricted assets:								
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents		106,998		-		-		106,998
Total assets	\$	4,957,313	\$	4,508,637	\$	3,127,667	\$	12,593,617
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	237,896	\$	-	\$	-	\$	237,896
Contracts payable		32,034		-		-		32,034
Accrued wages and benefits payable		2,739		-		-		2,739
Intergovernmental payable		2,106		-		-		2,106
Payroll withholdings payable		1,044		-		-		1,044
Unearned revenue		1,190,788		-		-		1,190,788
Deposits held and due to others		106,998		-		-		106,998
Total liabilities		1,573,605		-		-		1,573,605
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year		-		164,889		-		164,889
Delinquent property tax revenue not available		-		14,215		-		14,215
Special assessments revenue not available		49,811		-		-		49,811
Intergovernmental revenues not available		73,601		9,472		-		83,073
Total deferred inflows of resources		123,412		188,576		-		311,988
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable		11,341		-		-		11,341
Restricted		1,190,230		4,320,061		-		5,510,291
Committed		2,058,725		-		-		2,058,725
Assigned				-		3,127,667		3,127,667
Total fund balances		3,260,296		4,320,061		3,127,667		10,708,024
Total liabilities, deferred inflows	÷		<i>c</i>				¢.	
of resources and fund balance	\$	4,957,313	\$	4,508,637	\$	3,127,667	\$	12,593,617

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

P	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Nonmajor Debt Service Fund - General Obligation Bond Retirement	Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund - Capital Project Reserve	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues:	¢	¢ 150.020	¢	¢ 150.020
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ 158,930	\$ -	\$ 158,930 (4.082
Special assessments	64,982	-	-	64,982
Intergovernmental Interest	2,047,742	117,501	22,043	2,165,243
Licenses and permits	10,544 79,983	-	22,045	32,587 79,983
	852,237	-	-	
Charges for services		-	-	852,237
Contributions and donations Other	68,891 27,475	-	-	68,891
Other	37,475	15,783		53,258
Total revenues	3,161,854	292,214	22,043	3,476,111
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	313,206	3,677	-	316,883
Security of persons and property	1,973,045	-	-	1,973,045
Transportation	2,829,108	-	-	2,829,108
Public health and welfare	172,044	-	-	172,044
Community environment	39,262	-	-	39,262
Capital outlay	-	-	786	786
Debt service:		1.005.050		1.065.656
Principal retirement	-	1,065,656	-	1,065,656
Interest and fiscal charges	-	618,024	-	618,024
Bond issuance costs	<u> </u>	157,439		157,439
Total expenditures	5,326,665	1,844,796	786	7,172,247
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(2,164,811)	(1,552,582)	21,257	(3,696,136)
× / •			<u>,</u> _	
Other financing sources (uses): Refunding bonds issued	-	7,980,000	_	7,980,000
Premium on refunding bonds issued	-	762,107	_	762,107
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	-	(8,584,668)	-	(8,584,668)
Transfers in	40,000	650,000	-	690,000
Transfers out	(24,694)			(24,694)
Total other financing sources (uses)	15,306	807,439		822,745
Special item - loss				
on reduction in intergovernmental receivable		(853,365)		(853,365)
Net change in fund balances	(2,149,505)	(1,598,508)	21,257	(3,726,756)
Fund balances at beginning of year	5,409,801	5,918,569	3,106,410	14,434,780
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 3,260,296	\$ 4,320,061	\$ 3,127,667	\$ 10,708,024
·····				

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

	ł	State Iighway	Permissive Auto		Та	Drug sk Force	American Rescue Plan		
Assets:									
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$	232,416	\$	206,866	\$	46,696	\$	1,253,775	
Accounts		-		-		-		-	
Special assessments		-		-		-		-	
Intergovernmental		75,012		35,390		-		-	
Prepayments		-		-		-		-	
Restricted assets:									
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents		-		-		-		-	
Total assets	\$	307,428	\$	242,256	\$	46,696	\$	1,253,775	
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$	72,447	\$	-	\$	-	\$	30,953	
Contracts payable		-		-		-		32,034	
Accrued wages and benefits Intergovernmental payable		-		-		_		-	
Payroll withholdings payable		-		-		-		-	
Unearned revenue		-		-		-		1,190,788	
Deposits held and due to others		-				-		-	
Total liabilities		72,447				-		1,253,775	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:									
Special assessments revenue not available		-		-		-		-	
Intergovernmental revenue not available		50,008		23,593		-		-	
Total deferred inflows of resources		50,008		23,593				-	
Fund Balances:									
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-	
Restricted		184,973		218,663		46,696		-	
Committed		-				-		-	
Total fund balances		184,973		218,663		46,696		-	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows	¢.		¢	0.10.05	¢	14.40.5	<i>•</i>		
of resources and fund balance	\$	307,428	\$	242,256	\$	46,696	\$	1,253,775	

ighting sessment	lectronic gregation	mbulance Revenue]	Recycle	Grants Project	C	emetery
\$ 53,044	\$ -	\$ 997,426	\$	111,190	\$ 51,601	\$	134,306
-	-	124,754		-	-		-
49,811	-	-		-	-		-
-	-	- 9,207		25,747 133	26,567		2,001
	 106,998	 _			 		-
\$ 102,855	\$ 106,998	\$ 1,131,387	\$	137,070	\$ 78,168	\$	136,307
\$ 1,965	\$ -	\$ 65,805	\$	-	\$ 59,580	\$	138
-	-	-		- 297	-		- 2,442
-	-	-		69	-		2,037
-	-	-		-	-		1,044
-	 - 106,998	 -		-	 -		-
1,965	 106,998	 65,805		366	 59,580		5,661
49,811	-	-		-	-		-
49,811	 -	 -		-	 -		-
		0.207		122			2 001
51,079	-	9,207		133 136,571	- 18,588		2,001 128,645
-	 -	 1,056,375		-	 -		-
51,079	 	 1,065,582		136,704	 18,588		130,646
\$ 102,855	\$ 106,998	\$ 1,131,387	\$	137,070	\$ 78,168	\$	136,307

- - Continued

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Green Community Telecommuni- cations		Pipeline Settlement Agreement			Keep Green eautiful	Green Auto Mile		
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	390,713	\$	963,592	\$	25,557	\$	10,250	
Receivables:	·		·)	·	-)		-,	
Accounts		16,310		-		-		-	
Special assessments		-		-		-		-	
Intergovernmental Prepayments		-		-		-		-	
Restricted assets:		-		-		-		-	
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents		-		-		-		-	
Total assets	\$	407,023	\$	963,592	\$	25,557	\$	10,250	
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$	2,008	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,000	
Contracts payable		-		-		-		-	
Accrued wages and benefits Intergovernmental payable		-		-		-		-	
Payroll withholdings payable		-		-		-			
Unearned revenue		-		-		-		-	
Deposits held and due to others		-		-		-		-	
Total liabilities		2,008		<u> </u>				5,000	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:									
Special assessments revenue not available		-		-		-		-	
Intergovernmental revenue not available		-		-		-		-	
Total deferred inflows of resources				-		-			
Fund Balances:									
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-	
Restricted		405,015		-		-		-	
Committed		405.015		963,592		25,557		5,250	
Total fund balances		405,015		963,592		25,557		5,250	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows									
of resources and fund balance	\$	407,023	\$	963,592	\$	25,557	\$	10,250	

	Paramedic Dnation	Fi Demo		Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds				
\$	7,951	\$	-	\$	4,485,383			
	-		-		141,064			
	-		-		49,811			
	-		-		162,716			
	-		-		11,341			
	-				106,998			
\$	7,951	\$	-	\$	4,957,313			
\$	-	\$	-	\$	237,896			
	-		-		32,034			
	-		-		2,739			
	-		-		2,106			
	-		-		1,044			
	-		-		1,190,788			
	-		-		106,998			
					1,573,605			
	_		_		49,811			
	-		-		73,601			
			-		123,412			
	-		-		11,341			
	-		-		1,190,230			
	7,951		-		2,058,725			
	7,951				3,260,296			
\$	7,951	\$		\$	4,957,313			
ψ	1,731	Ψ		ψ	С1,01,010			

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	State Highway	Permissive Auto	Drug Task Force	American Rescue Plan		
Revenues:	.	<u>.</u>	¢	.		
Special assessments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Intergovernmental	220,220	76,132	-	157,987		
Interest	2,540	136	-	-		
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	-		
Charges for services	-	-	-	-		
Contributions and donations	-	-	5,891	-		
Other	12,175	-	-	-		
Total revenues	234,935	76,268	5,891	157,987		
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government	-	-	-	157,987		
Security of persons and property	-	-	5,891	-		
Transportation	823,253	-	-	-		
Public health and welfare	-	-	-	-		
Community environment						
Total expenditures	823,253		5,891	157,987		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	(588,318)	76,268				
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in	-	-	-	-		
Transfers out		-	-	-		
Total other financing sources (uses)				<u> </u>		
Net change in fund balances	(588,318)	76,268	-	-		
Fund balances at beginning of						
year	773,291	142,395	46,696			
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 184,973	\$ 218,663	\$ 46,696	\$		

ghting sessment	Electi Aggre		Ambulance Revenue		Recycle		Grants Project	Cemetery		
\$ 64,982	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
-		-	-		25,747		1,567,656		-	
-		-	-		-		-		-	
-		-	-		-		-		-	
-		-	801,069		-		-		51,168	
-		-	- 606		-		-		-	
 64,982			 801,675		25,747		1,567,656		51,168	
-		-	-		-		-		-	
53,077		-	1,492,617		-		-		-	
-		-	-		-		2,005,855		-	
-		-	-		-		-		172,044	
 53,077			 1,492,617		29,264 29,264		2,005,855		172,044	
 55,077			 1,492,017		27,204		2,005,855		172,044	
 11,905		-	 (690,942)		(3,517)		(438,199)		(120,876)	
-		-	-		25,000		-		-	
-		-	-		-		-		-	
 -		-	 -		25,000		-		-	
11,905		-	(690,942)		21,483		(438,199)		(120,876)	
 39,174			 1,756,524		115,221		456,787		251,522	
\$ 51,079	\$	-	\$ 1,065,582	\$	136,704	\$	18,588	\$	130,646	

- - Continued

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	G Con Telecc ca	S	Pipeline ettlement greement	(Keep Green eautiful	Green Auto Mile		
Revenues:	.		.		<i>•</i>		<i>•</i>	
Special assessments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Intergovernmental Interest		-		-		-		-
Licenses and permits		- 79,983		7,868		-		-
Charges for services		79,985		-		-		-
Contributions and donations		-		-		-		- 63,000
Other		-		-		-		03,000
Total revenues		79,983		7,868				63,000
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government		95,219		-		-		60,000
Security of persons and property		-		421,460		-		-
Transportation		-		-		-		-
Public health and welfare		-		-		-		-
Community environment		-		-		9,998		-
Total expenditures		95,219		421,460		9,998		60,000
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(15,236)		(413,592)		(9,998)		3,000
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in		-		-		15,000		-
Transfers out		-		-		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-		15,000		
Net change in fund balances		(15,236)		(413,592)		5,002		3,000
Fund balances at beginning of year		420,251		1,377,184		20,555		2,250
Fund balances at end of year	\$	405,015	\$	963,592	\$	25,557	\$	5,250

	aramedic nation	De	Fire emolition	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds				
\$	-	\$	-	\$	64,982			
•	-	•	-	•	2,047,742			
	-		-		10,544			
	-		-		79,983			
	-		-		852,237			
	-		-		68,891			
	-		24,694		37,475			
	-		24,694		3,161,854			
	- - - -		- - - - -		313,206 1,973,045 2,829,108 172,044 39,262			
					5,326,665			
			24,694		(2,164,811)			
	-		-		40,000			
	-	. <u> </u>	(24,694)		(24,694)			
	-		(24,694)		15,306			
	-		-		(2,149,505)			
	7,951				5,409,801			
\$	7,951	\$		\$	3,260,296			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) STATE HIGHWAY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

		Budgeted	l Amou	nts			Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	(Original		Final	Actual		(Negative)		
Revenues:									
Intergovernmental	\$	176,800	\$	176,800	\$	219,473	\$	42,673	
Interest		255		255		2,540		2,285	
Other		-		-		12,175		12,175	
Total revenues		177,055		177,055		234,188		57,133	
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Transportation:									
Street Maintenance:									
Personal services		60,000		60,000		60,000		-	
Total Street Maintenance		60,000		60,000		60,000		-	
Street Cleaning/Snow/Ice:									
Other		20,000		20,000		19,647		353	
Total Street Cleaning/Snow/Ice		20,000		20,000		19,647		353	
Street Construction:									
Personal services								-	
Other		64,920		819,534		819,313		221	
Total Street Construction		64,920		819,534		819,313		221	
Total Transportation		144,920		899,534		898,960		574	
Total expenditures		144,920		899,534		898,960		574	
Net change in fund balance		32,135		(722,479)		(664,772)		57,707	
Fund balance at beginning of year		696,308		696,308		696,308		-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		64,920		64,920		64,920		-	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	793,363	\$	38,749	\$	96,456	\$	57,707	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) **PERMISSIVE TAX FUND** FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

		Budgeted	l Amou	nts			Variance with Final Budget		
	Original		Final		Actual		Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:									
Intergovernmental	\$	59,485	\$	59,585	\$	75,907	\$	16,322	
Interest		100		-		136		136	
Total revenues		59,585		59,585		76,043		16,458	
Net change in fund balance		59,585		59,585		76,043		16,458	
Fund balance at beginning of year		130,823		130,823		130,823		-	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	190,408	\$	190,408	\$	206,866	\$	16,458	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) **DRUG TASK FORCE FUND** FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

		Budgeted	Amoun	ts			Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Original		Final		Actual			egative	
Revenues: Contributions and donations	\$	_	\$	_	\$	5,891	\$	5,891	
Total revenues	ψ	-	ψ	-	ψ	5,891	ψ	5,891	
Expenditures: Current:									
Security of Persons and Property: Drug Task Force:									
Other		25,000		25,000		5,890		19,110	
Total Drug Task Force		25,000		25,000		5,890		19,110	
Total Security of Persons and Property		25,000		25,000		5,890		19,110	
Total expenditures		25,000		25,000		5,890		19,110	
Net change in fund balance		(25,000)		(25,000)		1		25,001	
Fund balance at beginning of year		46,695		46,695		46,695		-	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	21,695	\$	21,695	\$	46,696	\$	25,001	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) **AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN FUND** FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

		Budgeted	Amou	ınts		Variance with Final Budget		
	Original			Final	 Actual	Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	2,500,000	\$ 1,348,775	\$	(1,151,225)	
Total revenues		-		2,500,000	 1,348,775		(1,151,225)	
Expenditures:								
Current: Security of Persons and Property:								
Other:								
Other		-		157,987	 157,987		-	
Total Other		-		157,987	 157,987		-	
Total Security of Persons and Property		-		157,987	 157,987		-	
Total expenditures				157,987	 157,987		-	
Net change in fund balance		-		2,342,013	1,190,788		(1,151,225)	
Fund balance at beginning of year		-			 		-	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	-	\$	2,342,013	\$ 1,190,788	\$	(1,151,225)	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) LIGHTING ASSESSMENT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

		Budgeted		Fina	ance with al Budget ositive			
	Original		Final		Actual			egative)
Revenues:								
Special assessments	\$	38,250	\$	38,250	\$	64,982	\$	26,732
Total revenues		38,250		38,250		64,982		26,732
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Security of Persons and Property:								
Street Lighting:								
Other		63,783		60,320		57,967		2,353
Total Street Lighting		63,783		60,320		57,967		2,353
Total Security of Persons and Property		63,783		60,320		57,967		2,353
Total expenditures		63,783		60,320		57,967		2,353
Net change in fund balance		(25,533)		(22,070)		7,015		29,085
Fund balance at beginning of year		34,246		34,246		34,246		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		11,783		11,783		11,783		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	20,496	\$	23,959	\$	53,044	\$	29,085

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) ELECTRONIC AGGREGATION PROGRAM FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Budgetee	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues:						
Other	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 34,100	\$ 34,100		
Total revenues			34,100	34,100		
Expenditures:						
Current: General Government:						
Other	72 000	72 000		72 909		
Total General Government	72,898	72,898		72,898		
Total General Government	12,070	72,070		72,070		
Total General Government	72,898	72,898		72,898		
Total expenditures	72,898	72,898		72,898		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	(72,898)	(72,898)	34,100	106,998		
Other financing sources:						
Transfers in	72,898	72,898	-	(72,898)		
Total other financing sources	72,898	72,898	-	(72,898)		
Net change in fund balance	-	-	34,100	34,100		
Fund balance at beginning of year	72,898	72,898	72,898			
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 72,898	\$ 72,898	\$ 106,998	\$ 34,100		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) **AMBULANCE REVENUE FUND** FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

		Budgeted	Amo	unts			Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:								
Charges for services	\$	600,000	\$	600,000	\$	791,676	\$	191,676
Other		-		-		606		606
Total revenues		600,000		600,000		792,282		192,282
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Security of Persons and Property:								
Ambulance Transportation Service:								
Other		391,414		1,707,147		1,505,373		201,774
Total Ambulance Transportation Service		391,414		1,707,147		1,505,373		201,774
Total Security of Persons and Property		391,414		1,707,147		1,505,373		201,774
Total expenditures		391,414		1,707,147		1,505,373		201,774
Net change in fund balance		208,586		(1,107,147)		(713,091)		394,056
Fund balance at beginning of year		1,593,888		1,593,888		1,593,888		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		35,389		35,389		35,389		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	1,837,863	\$	522,130	\$	916,186	\$	394,056

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) **RECYCLE FUND** FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

		Budgeted	Amoun			Variance with Final Budget Positive			
		Driginal		Final	Actual		(Negative)		
Revenues:									
Intergovernmental	\$	21,250	\$	21,250	\$	25,699	\$	4,449	
Total revenues		21,250		21,250		25,699		4,449	
Expenditures:									
Current: Community Environment:									
Refuse Collection and Disposal:									
Personal services		21,626		21,626		6,361		15,265	
Other		61,819		53,365		28,965		24,400	
Total City Council		83,445		74,991		35,326		39,665	
Total Community Environment		83,445		74,991		35,326		39,665	
Total expenditures		83,445		74,991		35,326		39,665	
Excess of expenditures									
over revenues		(62,195)		(53,741)		(9,627)		44,114	
Other financing sources:									
Transfers in		25,000		25,000		25,000		-	
Total other financing sources		25,000		25,000		25,000		-	
Net change in fund balance		(37,195)		(28,741)		15,373		44,114	
Fund balance at beginning of year		81,330		81,330		81,330		-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		8,819		8,819		8,819		-	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	52,954	\$	61,408	\$	105,522	\$	44,114	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) **GRANT PROJECT FUND** FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	 Budgeted	Amou	ints			Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	 Original		Final		Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,000,000	\$	2,498,130	\$	1,911,634	\$	(586,496)	
Total revenues	 1,000,000		2,498,130		1,911,634		(586,496)	
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General Government:								
Other	 -		20,374		-		20,374	
Total General Government	 -	. <u> </u>	20,374		-		20,374	
Security of Persons and Property:								
Other	1,767		57,045		57,045		-	
Total Security of Persons and Property	 1,767		57,045		57,045		-	
Transportation:								
Other	556,768		2,585,856		2,532,992		52,864	
Total Transportation	 556,768		2,585,856		2,532,992		52,864	
Total expenditures	 558,535		2,663,275	. <u> </u>	2,590,037		73,238	
Net change in fund balance	441,465		(165,145)		(678,403)		(513,258)	
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year	(469,472)		(469,472)		(469,472)		-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	 558,535	. <u> </u>	558,535		558,535		-	
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$ 530,528	\$	(76,082)	\$	(589,340)	\$	(513,258)	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) CEMETERY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

		Budgeted	Amou			Fina	ance with Il Budget	
	Original			Final	Actual		Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:								
Charges for services	\$	42,500	\$	42,500	\$	51,168	\$	8,668
Total revenues		42,500		42,500		51,168		8,668
Expenditures:								
Current: Public Health and Welfare:								
Cemetery:								
Personal services		177,223		177,163		152,201		24,962
Other		44,965		29,260		23,501		5,759
Total Cemetery		222,188		206,423		175,702		30,721
Total Public Health and Welfare		222,188		206,423		175,702		30,721
Total expenditures		222,188		206,423		175,702		30,721
Net change in fund balance		(179,688)		(163,923)		(124,534)		39,389
Fund balance at beginning of year		235,050		235,050		235,050		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		18,782		18,782		18,782		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	74,144	\$	89,909	\$	129,298	\$	39,389

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) **GREEN COMMUNITY TELECOMMUNICATIONS FUND** FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

		Fina	ance with Il Budget ositive					
	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:								
Licenses and permits	\$	46,750	\$	46,750	\$	65,881	\$	19,131
Total revenues		46,750		46,750		65,881		19,131
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General Government:								
Communication:								
Other		39,840		113,823		112,684		1,139
Total Communication Services		39,840		113,823		112,684		1,139
Total General Government		39,840		113,823		112,684		1,139
Total expenditures		39,840		113,823		112,684		1,139
Net change in fund balance		6,910		(67,073)		(46,803)		20,270
Fund balance at beginning of year		412,153		412,153		412,153		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		8,340		8,340		8,340		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	427,403	\$	353,420	\$	373,690	\$	20,270

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) **PIPELINE SETTLEMENT FUND** FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts								
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)					
Revenues:									
Interest	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,868	\$ 7,868					
Total revenues			7,868	7,868					
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Security of Persons and Property:									
Pipeline Settlement:									
Other	7,474	500,000	421,460	78,540					
Total Pipeline Settlement	7,474	500,000	421,460	78,540					
Total Security of Persons and Property	7,474	500,000	421,460	78,540					
Total expenditures	7,474	500,000	421,460	78,540					
Total expenditures		500,000	421,400	70,540					
Net change in fund balance	(7,474)	(500,000)	(413,592)	86,408					
Fund balance at beginning of year	1,369,710	1,369,710	1,369,710	-					
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	7,474	7,474	7,474						
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 1,369,710	\$ 877,184	\$ 963,592	\$ 86,408					

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) **KEEP GREEN BEAUTIFUL FUND** FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

		Budgeted	Amour			Fina	nce with Budget sitive		
	Original			Final		Actual	(Negative)		
Expenditures:									
Current: Community Environment:									
Beautification:									
Other	\$	18,673	\$	18,500	\$	10,261	\$	8,239	
Total Beautification		18,673		18,500		10,261		8,239	
Total Community Environment		18,673		18,500		10,261		8,239	
Total expenditures		18,673		18,500		10,261		8,239	
Excess of expenditures									
over revenues		(18,673)		(18,500)		(10,261)		8,239	
Other financing sources:									
Transfers in		-		15,000		15,000		-	
Total other financing sources		-		15,000		15,000			
Net change in fund balance		(18,673)		(3,500)		4,739		8,239	
Fund balance at beginning of year		20,382		20,382		20,382		-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		173		173		173		-	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	1,882	\$	17,055	\$	25,294	\$	8,239	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) **GREEN AUTO MILE FUND** FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

		Budgeted	Amoun			Fina	nce with I Budget	
	Original		Final		Actual		Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:								
Contributions and donations Total revenues	\$	-	\$	<u>63,000</u> <u>63,000</u>	\$	<u>63,000</u> <u>63,000</u>	\$	-
Expenditures:								
Current: General Government:								
Other:								
Other		23,375		68,000		66,125		1,875
Total Other		23,375		68,000		66,125		1,875
Total General Government		23,375		68,000		66,125		1,875
Total expenditures		23,375		68,000		66,125		1,875
Net change in fund balance		(23,375)		(5,000)		(3,125)		1,875
Fund balance at beginning of year		1,875		1,875		1,875		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		5,375		5,375		5,375		
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$	(16,125)	\$	2,250	\$	4,125	\$	1,875

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) **FIRE/PARAMEDICS DONATIONS FUND** FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts						Final 1	ce with Budget itive
	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)	
Fund balance at beginning of year	\$	7,951	\$	7,951	\$	7,951	\$	-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	7,951	\$	7,951	\$	7,951	\$	-

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) **FIRE DEMOLITION DEPOSITS FUND** FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget		
	Original		Final		Actual		Positive (Negative)		
Other financing uses:									
Transfers out	\$	(24,694)	\$	(24,694)	\$	(24,694)	\$	-	
Total other financing uses		(24,694)		(24,694)		(24,694)		-	
Net change in fund balance		(24,694)		(24,694)		(24,694)		-	
Fund balance at beginning of year		24,694		24,694		24,694		-	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FIRE/PARAMEDIC FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Budgete	ed Amounts		Variance with Final Budget	
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:					
Charges for services	\$ 149,600	\$ 149,600	\$ 168,793	\$ 19,193	
Intergovernmental	-	-	51,667	51,667	
Contributions and donations	-	-	100	100	
Other	-	- 149.600	74,480	74,480	
Total revenues	149,600	149,000	295,040	145,440	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Security of Persons and Property:					
Fire/Paramedic Services: Personal services	7 470 199	7 912 092	7 457 (52	255 220	
Other	7,479,188 590,862	7,812,983 704,318	7,457,653 601,466	355,330 102,852	
Total Fire/Paramedic Services	8,070,050	8,517,301	8,059,119	458,182	
			0,000,110	100,102	
Dispatch:					
Personal services	681,509	247,689	246,997	692	
Other	97,877	634,066	634,066	-	
Total Dispatch	779,386	881,755	881,063	692	
Total Security of Persons and Property	8,849,436	9,399,056	8,940,182	458,874	
Total expenditures	8,849,436	9,399,056	8,940,182	458,874	
Excess of expenditures					
over revenues	(8,699,836)	(9,249,456)	(8,645,142)	604,314	
Other financing sources:					
Transfers in	7,024,694	7,024,694	7,024,694	-	
Total other financing sources	7,024,694	7,024,694	7,024,694	-	
Net change in fund balance	(1,675,142)	(2,224,762)	(1,620,448)	604,314	
Fund balance at beginning of year	2,436,664	2,436,664	2,436,664	-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	89,350	89,350	89,350		
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 850,872	\$ 301,252	\$ 905,566	\$ 604,314	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) **PARKS AND RECREATION FUND** FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:					
Charges for services	\$ 32,725	\$ 32,725	\$ 38,268	\$ 5,543	
Rentals	42,500	42,500	78,499	35,999	
Contributions and donations	850	850	10,913	10,063	
Other	12,750	162,750	173,133	10,383	
Total revenues	88,825	238,825	300,813	61,988	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Leisure Time:					
Parks and Recreation:					
Personal services	1,453,911	1,473,743	1,283,612	190,131	
Other	243,461	275,462	247,461	28,001	
Total Parks and Recreation	1,697,372	1,749,205	1,531,073	218,132	
Lands and Buildings:					
Central Park:					
Other	80,150	80,489	75,124	5,365	
Total Central Park	80,150	80,489	75,124	5,365	
John Torok Senior/Community Center:					
Other	40,661	37,436	32,065	5,371	
Total John Torok Senior/Community Center	40,661	37,436	32,065	5,371	
Veterans Park:					
Other	10,000	12,700	12,607	93	
Total Veterans Park	10,000	12,700	12,607	93	
Boettler Park Property:					
Other	66,560	65,415	63,376	2,039	
Total Boettler Park Property	66,560	65,415	63,376	2,039	
Southgate Park Property:					
Other	26,276	22,902	21,825	1,077	
Total Southgate Park Property	26,276	22,902	21,825	1,077	
East Liberty Park Property:					
Other	62,252	57,967	39,106	18,861	
Total East Liberty Park Property	62,252	57,967	39,106	18,861	
Green Youth Sports Complex:					
Other	8,181	7,722	6,284	1,438	
Total Green Youth Sports Complex	8,181	7,722	6,284	1,438	
Kreighbaum Park:					
Other	15,850	13,275	10,848	2,427	
Total Kreighbaum Park	15,850	13,275	10,848	2,427	
Spring Hill Sports Complex:					
Other	30,587	33,556	24,602	8,954	
Total Spring Hill Sports Complex	30,587	33,556	24,602	8,954	

(Continued)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) (CONTINUED) **PARKS AND RECREATION FUND** FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Budgetee	l Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Kleckner Baseball Fields:					
Other	\$ 22,844	\$ 21,904	\$ 16,404	\$ 5,500	
Total Kleckner Baseball Fields	22,844	21,904	16,404	5,500	
Raintree Golf Course:					
Other	208,431	200,000	191,844	8,156	
Total Raintree Golf Course	208,431	200,000	191,844	8,156	
Ariss Park:					
Other	21,362	26,870	24,564	2,306	
Total Ariss Park	21,362	26,870	24,564	2,306	
Rayle Park:					
Other	2,500	2,500	2,500	-	
Total Rayle Park	2,500	2,500	2,500		
Greensburg Park Property:					
Other	51,869	58,692	43,876	14,816	
Total Greensburg Park Property	51,869	58,692	43,876	14,816	
Total Lands and Buildings	647,523	641,428	565,025	76,403	
Total expenditures	2,344,895	2,390,633	2,096,098	294,535	
Excess of expenditures					
over revenues	(2,256,070)	(2,151,808)	(1,795,285)	356,523	
Other financing sources:					
Transfers in	1,750,000	1,750,000	1,750,000	-	
Total other financing sources	1,750,000	1,750,000	1,750,000	-	
Net change in fund balance	(506,070)	(401,808)	(45,285)	356,523	
Fund balance at beginning of year	881,251	881,251	881,251	-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	139,624	139,624	139,624		
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 514,805	\$ 619,067	\$ 975,590	\$ 356,523	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) **ZONING FUND** FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	0	Driginal		Final		Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues:									
Special Assessments	\$	3,000	\$	3,000	\$	1,445	\$	(1,555)	
Licenses and permits		42,050		42,050		67,638		25,588	
Total revenues		45,050		45,050		69,083		24,033	
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Community Environment:									
Zoning Department:									
Personal services		215,898		236,038		197,555		38,483	
Other		21,384		23,885		19,273		4,612	
Total Zoning Department		237,282		259,923		216,828		43,095	
Zoning Board of Appeals:									
Other		7,500		7,500		7,500		-	
Total Zoning Board of Appeals		7,500		7,500		7,500		-	
Total Community Environment		244,782		267,423		224,328		43,095	
Total expenditures		244,782		267,423		224,328		43,095	
Excess of expenditures									
over revenues		(199,732)		(222,373)		(155,245)	. <u> </u>	67,128	
Other financing sources:									
Transfers in		100,000		115,000		115,000		-	
Total other financing sources		100,000		115,000		115,000		-	
Net change in fund balance		(99,732)		(107,373)		(40,245)		67,128	
Fund balance at beginning of year		122,350		122,350		122,350		-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		834		834		834		-	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	23,452	\$	15,811	\$	82,939	\$	67,128	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) **PLANNING FUND** FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts					Variance with Final Budget	
	Original		Final		 Actual	Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:							
Charges for services	\$	59,500	\$	59,500	\$ 101,689	\$	42,189
Intergovernmental		-		-	11,619		11,619
Other		-		-	 11,500		11,500
Total revenues		59,500		59,500	 124,808		65,308
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Community Environment:							
Planning Development:		(05.572		(1(041	502 564		112 277
Personal services		605,572 246,612		616,941 220,953	503,564		113,377 85,492
Other Total Planning Development	. <u> </u>	852,184		837,894	 135,461 639,025		198,869
Total Planning Development		632,164		037,094	 039,023		198,809
Engineering:							
Other		136,500		175,541	 168,486		7,055
Total Engineering		136,500		175,541	 168,486		7,055
Planning Commission:							
Personal services		13,500		13,500	13,500		-
Total Planning Commission		13,500		13,500	 13,500		-
Total Community Environment		1,002,184		1,026,935	 821,011		205,924
Total expenditures		1,002,184		1,026,935	 821,011		205,924
Excess of expenditures							
over revenues		(942,684)		(967,435)	 (696,203)		271,232
Other financing sources:							
Transfers in		750,000		750,000	750,000		-
Total other financing sources		750,000		750,000	 750,000		-
Net change in fund balance		(192,684)		(217,435)	53,797		271,232
Fund balance at beginning of year		480,223		480,223	480,223		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		76,912		76,912	 76,912		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	364,451	\$	339,700	\$ 610,932	\$	271,232

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) **GENERAL OBLIGATION BOND RETIREMENT FUND** FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original			Final		Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:								
Property taxes	\$	148,546	\$	170,888	\$	158,930	\$	(11,958)
Intergovernmental	Ψ	12,945	Ψ	12,945	Ψ	18,937	Ψ	5,992
Other		12,300		6,215		15,783		9,568
Total revenues		173,791		190,048		193,650		3,602
Expenditures: Current: General Government:								
Other		-		4,025		3,677		348
Total General Government		-		4,025		3,677		348
Debt Service:								
Principal retirement		738,910		738,910		738,910		-
Interest and fiscal charges		596,038		592,613		519,460		73,153
Issuance costs		-		157,439		157,439		-
Total Debt Service Office		1,334,948		1,488,962		1,415,809		73,153
Total expenditures		1,334,948		1,492,987		1,419,486		73,501
Excess of expenditures								
over revenues		(1,161,157)		(1,302,939)		(1,225,836)		77,103
Other financing sources (uses):								
Bonds issued		-		7,980,000		7,980,000		-
Premiums issued		-		762,108		762,107		(1)
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		-		(8,584,668)		(8,584,668)		
Transfers in		650,000		650,000		650,000		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		650,000		807,440		807,439		(1)
Net change in fund balance		(511,157)		(495,499)		(418,397)		77,102
Fund balance at beginning of year		507,325		507,325		507,325		
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$	(3,832)	\$	11,826	\$	88,928	\$	77,102

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) CAPITAL PROJECTS RESERVE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:	\$	_	\$	_	\$	22,043	\$	22,043
Total revenues	φ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	22,043	ψ	22,043
Expenditures: Current: Capital Outlay: Fire/Paramedic Services:								
Other		88,141		51,899		51,899		-
Total Fire/Paramedic Services		88,141		51,899		51,899		-
Total expenditures		88,141		51,899		51,899		
Net change in fund balance		(88,141)		(51,899)		(29,856)		22,043
Fund balance at beginning of year Prior year encumbrances appropriated		3,069,382 88,141		3,069,382 88,141		3,069,382 88,141		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	3,069,382	\$	3,105,624	\$	3,127,667	\$	22,043

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) SELF INSURANCE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

		Budgeted	Amou	nts		Fina	ance with al Budget
	(Driginal		Final	 Actual		ositive egative)
Operating Revenues:							
Charges for services	\$	41,000	\$	41,000	\$ 33,925	\$	(7,075)
Total operating revenues		41,000		41,000	 33,925		(7,075)
Operating Expenses:							
Claims		90,000		90,000	59,769		30,231
Other		1,000		1,000	640		
Total operating expenses		91,000		91,000	 60,409		30,231
Operating loss/							
change in fund equity		(50,000)		(50,000)	(26,484)		23,156
Fund equity at beginning of year		182,178		182,178	 182,178		-
Fund equity at end of year	\$	132,178	\$	132,178	\$ 155,694	\$	23,156

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Statistical Section



STATISTICAL SECTION TABLE OF CONTENTS

This part of the City of Green's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

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These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue sources, the property tax and the income tax.	156-163
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	164-169
Demographic and Economic Information	
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place and to provide information that facilitates comparisons of financial information over time and among governments.	170-173
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	174-181

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Annual Comprehensive Financial Reports for the relevant year.

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2021	2020	2019	2018
Governmental Activities		 		
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 93,287,350	\$ 90,628,427	\$ 80,130,356	\$ 73,013,656
Restricted for:				
Capital projects	1,221,130	362,670	920,028	722,813
Debt service	-	-	55,977	202,379
Street construction, maintenance and repair	5,217,342	8,661,493	7,660,748	8,755,608
Cemetery maintenance	-	238,658	372,372	510,842
Lighting	100,890	103,059	226,577	232,075
Recycling	127,793	115,221	85,362	104,377
Grant project	18,588	456,787	220,315	76,340
Telecommunications	405,015	420,251	423,573	398,021
Drug enforcement	46,696	46,695	47,957	28,493
Unclaimed monies	13,418	13,589	8,963	6,339
Unrestricted	18,069,754	8,712,199	16,145,808	10,892,386
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 118,507,976	\$ 109,759,049	\$ 106,298,036	\$ 94,943,329

Source: City financial records.

Notes: The City reported the impact of GASB Statement No. 68 beginning in 2014.

The City reported the impact of GASB Statement No. 75 beginning in 2017 The City implemented GASB Statement No. 84 in 2019. Net position for 2018 has been restated in accordance with the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84

 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013	 2012
\$ 67,869,752	\$ 64,386,389	\$ 55,788,543	\$ 54,229,200	\$ 50,273,610	\$ 48,748,204
1,205,327	1,044,582	4,631,059	5,890,112	7,236,526	6,434,239
478,192	195,882	434,947	152,320	82,896	-
10,509,611	9,210,400	7,481,265	10,149,652	10,656,058	12,082,693
583,515	587,608	517,936	464,376	444,511	415,169
249,288	175,172	152,711	140,130	128,594	115,599
123,073	58,865	65,535	67,519	87,648	66,490
201,246	173,052	229,002	119,521	164,102	119,522
330,930	358,607	323,218	303,071	302,457	273,981
26,954	10,000	-	-	-	-
7,141	4,902	5,732	4,416	3,505	19,100
4,127,044	21,267,705	25,617,688	22,800,632	30,490,126	32,051,991
\$ 85,712,073	\$ 97,473,164	\$ 95,247,636	\$ 94,320,949	\$ 99,870,033	\$ 100,326,988

CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2021	2020	2019	2018
Program Revenues:				
Governmental activities				
Charges for services:	¢ 259.424	¢ 250.452	e 252 540	¢ 292,122
General government	\$ 358,424	\$ 350,453	\$ 252,549	\$ 283,133
Security of persons and property Transportation	983,508 77,161	880,635 95,711	941,022 68,517	936,547 98,443
Public health and welfare	51,168	66,310	93,955	98,443 97,486
Leisure time activity	127,680	37,702	122,542	110,788
Community environment	127,080	183,721	146,489	169,141
Subtotal - charges for services	1,785,175	1,614,532	1,625,074	1,695,538
Operating grants and contributions				
General government	220,987	47,250	-	-
Security of persons and property	43,740	2,282,350	67,500	455,557
Transportation	4,679,655	7,872,958	6,232,981	3,034,564
Leisure time activity	11,619	9,262	169,735	3,496
Community environment	25,747	25,699	22,716	7,679
Subtotal - operating grants and contributions	4,981,748	10,237,519	6,492,932	3,501,296
Capital grants and contributions			115 000	
General government	-	26,000	115,882	-
Security of persons and property Transportation	1,899,227	26,000 164,288	135,050 512,727	875,845
Leisure time activity	1,899,227		,	875,845
Community environment	170,931	15,375	89,248	10.000
Subtotal - capital grants and contributions	2,076,158	205,663	852,907	885,845
Total governmental activities program revenues	8,843,081	12,057,714	8,970,913	6,082,679
Expenses:				
Governmental Activities				
General government	7,215,956	10,899,047	8,754,679	8,458,121
Security of persons and property	12,441,407	10,331,675	2,925,646	12,040,274
Transportation	11,977,908	14,650,726	13,072,489	10,659,661
Public health and welfare	345,079	514,744	527,225	427,046
Leisure time activities	1,338,859	1,685,042	2,614,614	2,785,032
Community environment	552,602	1,155,192	1,284,020	1,257,954
Interest and fiscal charges	1,721,822	1,655,223	1,592,425	1,677,932
Total governmental activities expenses	35,593,633	40,891,649	30,771,098	37,306,020
Net (Expense) Revenue				
Governmental activities	\$ (26,750,552)	\$ (28,833,935)	\$ (21,800,185)	\$ (31,223,341)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental activities Taxes: Property and other local taxes levied for:				
General purposes	\$ 1,936,233	\$ 1,641,815	\$ 1,596,898	\$ 1,558,376
Debt service	168,859	136,327	142,115	134,008
Municipal income taxes levied for:	100,009	100,027		15 .,000
General purposes	26,905,999	21,479,663	23,223,182	22,368,357
Parks capital project reserve	1,962,365	1,559,336	1,700,460	1,636,596
Hotel taxes	453,110	251,517	419,598	452,885
Grants and entitlements not restricted to	, -	- ,	- ,	- ,
Specific programs	1,055,407	1,320,579	875,098	3,531,296
Payment in lieu of taxes	3,624,082	2,977,024	3,151,584	2,152,151
Investment earnings	(172,485)	666,223	1,339,025	530,061
Other	419,274	2,262,464	706,932	588,519
Total governmental activities	36,352,844	32,294,948	33,154,892	32,952,249
Special item - Pipeline statement	-	-	-	7,500,000
Special item - Loss on reduction in intergov. receivable	(853,365)			
Change in Net Position				
Governmental activities	\$ 8,748,927	\$ 3,461,013	\$ 11,354,707	\$ 9,228,908

Source: City financial records.

Notes: Expenses are first impacted by the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68 beginning in 2015. Expenses are first impacted by the implementation of GASB Statement No. 75 beginning in 2018. 2018 has been restated in accordance with the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84. 150

 2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
\$ 227,593 958,544 101,150 111,014 101,046 206,868 1,706,215	\$ 211,627 935,317 57,370 111,082 84,962 238,059 1,638,417	\$ 253,030 920,298 8,480 71,990 78,920 220,382 1,553,100	\$ 258,738 797,822 62,763 71,116 58,849 142,097 1,391,385	\$ 279,672 881,513 40,581 64,115 63,867 171,736 1,501,484	\$ 271,595 1,007,761 11,595 91,489 69,879 137,695 1,590,014
 1,009,031 2,757,923 2,002 22,567 3,791,523	12,186 2,456,571 8,168 23,958 2,500,883	3,215,601 17,525 21,301 3,254,427	22,457 2,226,430 24,515 44,349 2,317,751	19,713 2,942,835 25,735 57,926 3,046,209	1,998,395 34,450 20,137 2,052,982
 1,704,067 479,040 11,420 2,194,527 7,692,265	3,658,547 14,562 3,673,109 7,812,409	1,913,962 1,500 1,915,462 6.722,989	2,358,257 24,028 2,382,285 6,091,421	2,134,627	1,511,632 14,623 1,526,255 5,169,251
 9,775,539 8,958,075 12,605,357 387,721 1,179,599 1,163,820 1,813,369 35,883,480	9,039,383 10,294,104 10,300,474 425,448 769,667 1,169,788 1,846,015 33,844,879	7,953,282 8,746,086 10,751,470 1,442,324 552,066 1,102,861 2,077,460 32,625,549	8,684,210 8,177,327 5,536,830 298,414 732,476 977,486 2,027,596 26,434,339	8,557,964 8,350,769 11,182,293 283,418 1,533,162 952,537 2,005,347 32,865,490	6,981,504 8,387,897 6,342,789 277,901 979,196 1,097,711 2,022,298 26,089,296
\$ (28,191,215)	\$ (26,032,470)	\$ (25,902,560)	\$ (20,342,918)	\$ (26,183,170)	\$ (20,920,045)
\$ 1,315,034 113,057 21,256,561 1,536,451 454,910	\$ 1,393,206 119,778 21,133,431 1,526,849 472,412	\$ 1,380,947 118,723 20,231,473 1,485,897 538,082	\$ 1,396,727 120,080 19,781,935 1,446,415 541,982	\$ 1,242,475 106,819 18,890,905 1,368,841 500,013	\$ 1,245,770 107,103 17,808,651 1,316,905 481,020
 880,306 2,102,228 356,944 730,905 28,746,396	865,805 2,077,245 159,781 509,491 28,257,998	873,399 1,502,268 392,402 306,056 26,829,247	1,336,699 1,434,443 425,018 403,988 26,887,287	2,271,009 1,165,737 (43,457) 674,137 26,176,479	1,113,888 1,239,598 400,454 287,613 24,001,002
 - -		-	-	- 	
\$ 555,181	\$ 2,225,528	\$ 926,687	\$ 6,544,369	\$ (6,691)	\$ 3,080,957

FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	 2021	 2020	 2019	 2018
General Fund				
Nonspendable	\$ 1,446,972	\$ 1,809,658	\$ 2,295,854	\$ 192,611
Committed	-	2,348	2,348	2,348
Assigned	6,156,521	6,293,885	7,672,163	8,478,352
Unassigned	 24,045,637	 22,615,502	 21,446,184	 24,062,920
Total general fund	\$ 31,649,130	\$ 30,721,393	\$ 31,416,549	\$ 32,736,231
All Other Governmental Funds				
Nonspendable	\$ 588,791	\$ 582,249	\$ 549,714	\$ 597,525
Restricted	13,949,208	22,138,784	14,064,635	15,819,589
Committed	2,058,725	3,145,270	2,746,901	8,692,115
Assigned	3,127,667	3,106,410	5,546,951	441,637
Unassigned (deficit)	 -	 (887,306)	 (1,132,714)	 (2,129,752)
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 19,724,391	\$ 28,085,407	\$ 21,775,487	\$ 23,421,114
Total governmental funds	\$ 51,373,521	\$ 58,806,800	\$ 53,192,036	\$ 56,157,345

Source: City financial records.

Notes: 2018 has been restated in accordance with the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84

 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013	 2012
\$ 180,570	\$ 1,889,769	\$ 2,574,127	\$ 2,574,825	\$ 124,157	\$ 117,127
 6,721,122 24,749,363	 - 8,554,567 24,631,907	 5,751,679 29,104,095	 5,557,034 27,312,763	 - 7,429,083 22,964,874	 9,572,968 22,739,764
\$ 31,651,055	\$ 35,076,243	\$ 37,429,901	\$ 35,444,622	\$ 30,518,114	\$ 32,429,859
\$ 577,035 19,031,662 1,109,353 507,659	\$ 624,194 15,335,363 1,010,483 7,659 (1,296,146)	\$ 611,102 19,429,769 637,303 7,659	\$ 359,660 21,799,039 281,503 7,659	\$ 416,912 20,793,197 628,809 7,659	\$ 618,728 24,001,017 930,009 7,659
\$ 21,225,709	\$ 15,681,553	\$ 20,685,833	\$ 22,447,861	\$ 21,846,577	\$ 25,557,413
\$ 52,876,764	\$ 50,757,796	\$ 58,115,734	\$ 57,892,483	\$ 52,364,691	\$ 57,987,272

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2021	 2020	 2019	 2018
Revenues				
Income taxes	\$ 27,165,761	\$ 23,912,242	\$ 24,689,853	\$ 24,183,712
Property taxes	1,979,662	1,774,551	1,712,635	1,695,579
Hotel taxes	453,110	251,517	419,598	452,885
Payment in lieu of taxes	3,624,082	2,977,024	3,151,584	2,152,151
Special assessments	146,270	109,872	114,374	113,259
Intergovernmental	6,075,887	11,662,822	7,077,120	4,321,545
Interest	(190,330)	666,223	1,339,025	530,061
Licenses and permits	395,035	346,627	294,806	592,294
Fines and forfeitures	43,236	57,126	26,779	20,883
Rentals	97,299	30,562	75,253	67,370
Charges for services	1,117,392	1,025,951	1,120,352	898,890
Contributions and donations	79,904	83,439	50,679	2,625,986
Other	419,274	2,262,464	706,932	588,519
Total revenues	41,406,582	 45,160,420	 40,778,990	 38,243,134
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government	9,283,723	9,608,323	7,386,576	6,743,602
Security of persons and property	13,789,430	11,367,168	10,526,648	11,118,595
Transportation	10,370,181	13,286,182	13,445,720	9,861,291
Public health and welfare	444,755	481,373	495,271	418,454
Leisure time activities	2,026,538	1,785,706	2,299,635	1,677,431
Community environment	941,665	1,080,848	1,114,403	1,160,258
Capital outlay	7,426,820	7,023,871	4,430,592	4,387,937
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	3,533,384	3,152,710	2,971,506	2,857,079
Interest and fiscal charges	1,350,538	1,599,253	1,542,752	1,643,109
Issuance costs	 360,102	 163,870	 -	 -
Total expenditures	49,527,136	 49,549,304	 44,213,103	 39,867,756
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(8,120,554)	 (4,388,884)	 (3,434,113)	 (1,624,622)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Sale of capital assets	31,327	4,965	18,053	25,345
Inception of capital leases	1,149,211	-	291,934	- -
OPWC loan issued	-	-	-	-
General obligation bonds issued	-	9,020,000	-	-
Premium on bonds	762,107	978,683	377,031	-
Notes issued	-	-	-	-
Premium on notes	-	-	-	-
Refunding bonds issued	21,310,000	-	8,685,000	-
Payment to refunded bond escrow account	(21,712,005)	-	(8,903,214)	(2,622,490)
Discount on bonds	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	5,869,694	7,675,000	15,553,700	5,625,000
Transfers out	(5,869,694)	 (7,675,000)	 (15,553,700)	 (5,625,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,540,640	 10,003,648	 468,804	 (2,597,145)
Special item - Pipeline Settlement	_	_	_	7,500,000
Special item - Loss on reduction in intergov. receivable	(853,365)	 -	 -	
Net change in fund balances	\$ (7,433,279)	\$ 5,614,764	\$ (2,965,309)	\$ 3,278,233
Capital expenditures	\$ 12,811,671	\$ 14,505,153	\$ 11,852,080	\$ 8,714,319
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital				
expenditures	13.30%	13.56%	13.95%	14.45%

Source: City financial records.

	2017		2016		2015		2014		2013		2012
¢	22.024.205	¢	22 542 105	¢		¢	21 250 051	¢	10.052.005	¢	10.006 742
\$	22,924,305	\$	22,542,185	\$	21,543,565 1,500,963	\$	21,350,051	\$	19,973,897	\$	19,086,743
	1,526,173 454,910		1,531,277 472,412		<i>, ,</i>		1,450,868		1,437,364		1,403,516
	2,102,228		2,077,245		538,082 1,502,268		541,982 1,434,443		500,013 1,165,737		481,020 1,239,598
	108,405		118,436		68,512		1,434,443 65,944		95,613		47,316
	,		3,443,990				· · · · ·				,
	6,121,650				4,118,495		6,937,291		5,478,102		3,189,399
	356,944		160,450		392,402		425,018		(43,457)		400,454
	538,440		542,566		569,377		477,380		508,759		493,184
	18,492		19,854		20,952		24,814		30,302		32,713
	58,422		38,154		27,870		31,315		31,832		29,502
	870,622		919,407		866,389		791,932		834,978		987,299
	102,742		25,846		17,525		26,315		28,735		35,880
	730,905		395,804		228,999		637,587		308,308		231,647
	35,914,238		32,287,626		31,395,399		34,194,940		30,350,183		27,658,271
	8,481,272		7,487,853		6,938,141		7,624,511		8,852,915		5,836,313
	10,490,153		9,043,864		8,394,823		7,948,786		8,099,496		7,867,756
	6,846,473		10,756,846		8,984,926		7,988,848		10,101,510		4,570,088
	365,920		291,928		259,280		291,763		275,844		270,597
	878,276		795,811		915,749		753,002		721,989		778,079
	1,039,219		1,079,773		1,046,246		943,100		923,396		1,063,785
	802,066		4,299,944		3,206,795		1,216,952		2,754,507		1,662,677
	3,152,078		5,027,078		2,807,079		6,275,000		6,210,000		2,005,000
	1,739,813		1,862,471		2,075,438		1,956,255		2,021,698		1,630,226
			148,748		199,775		202,256		138,048		432,214
	33,795,270		40,794,316		34,828,252		35,200,473		40,099,403		26,116,735
	2,118,968		(8,506,690)		(3,432,853)		(1,005,533)		(9,749,220)		1,541,536
									502 11(
	-		-		-		-		592,116		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		46,928		88,053		-		-
	-		-		8,890,000		6,970,000		5,480,000		25,165,000
	-		250,191		346,736		125,272		72,437		1,077,120
	-		-		2,000,000		-		3,910,000		3,910,000
	-		-		24,800		-		-		-
	-		7,845,000 (7,946,439)		(6,992,360)		-		(5,427,914)		(21,558,154)
	-		-		-		-		-		(30,068)
	9,658,125 (9,658,125)		10,485,000 (9,485,000)		4,000,000 (4,660,000)		3,825,000 (4,475,000)		5,155,000 (5,655,000)		6,980,500 (7,405,500)
			1,148,752		3,656,104		6,533,325		4,126,639		8,138,898
	-		-		-		-		-		-
									-		
\$	2,118,968	\$	(7,357,938)	\$	223,251	\$	5,527,792	\$	(5,622,581)	\$	9,680,434
\$	2,642,214	\$	9,428,824	\$	4,957,409	\$	7,464,456	\$	6,900,820	\$	3,250,502
	15.70%		21.97%		16.35%		29.68%		24.80%		15.90%

ASSESSED VALUATION AND ESTIMATED TRUE VALUES OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN YEARS

						Tangible Pers	sonal l	Property
		R	eal Property			Public	Utilit	у
	 Assesse	ed Va	lue					
Collection Year	 Residential/ Agricultural		Commercial ndustrial/PU	Estimated actual value	As	ssessed value	Est	imated actual value
2021	\$ 709,993,310	\$	182,963,750	\$ 2,551,305,886	\$	75,594,210	\$	85,902,511
2020	622,064,190		159,920,500	2,234,241,971		68,052,160		77,332,000
2019	612,213,020		159,852,340	2,205,901,029		25,547,560		29,031,318
2018	605,054,830		159,840,300	2,185,414,657		23,855,330		27,108,330
2017	539,247,390		154,053,480	1,980,859,629		22,776,130		25,881,966
2016	533,196,240		150,878,790	1,954,500,086		21,229,800		24,124,773
2015	527,864,280		150,946,250	1,939,458,657		19,409,670		22,056,443
2014	525,353,050		134,350,820	1,884,868,200		17,939,410		20,385,693
2013	521,834,240		134,381,700	1,874,902,686		16,718,240		18,998,000
2012	517,893,750		132,792,770	1,859,104,343		15,577,700		17,701,932

Source: Summit County Fiscal Officer.

Real property is reappraised every six years with a State mandated update of the current market value in the third year following each appraisal.

The assessed value of real property (including public utility real property) is 35 percent of estimated true value. The assessed value of public utility personal property ranges from 25 percent of true value for railroad property to 88 percent for electric transmission and distribution property.

The tangible personal property values associated with each year are the values that, when multiplied by the applicable rates, generated the property tax revenue billed in that year. For real property, the amounts generated by multiplying the assessed values by the applicable rates would be reduced by the 10 percent, 2 1/2 percent and homestead exemptions before being billed.

A	ssessed value	Estimated actual value	Ratio	Total Direct Tax Rate			
\$	968,551,270	\$ 2,637,208,397	36.73%	\$	2.40		
	850,036,850	2,311,573,971	36.77%		2.40		
	797,612,920	2,234,932,347	35.69%		2.40		
	788,750,460	2,212,522,987	35.65%		2.40		
	716,077,000	2,006,741,594	35.68%		2.40		
	705,304,830	1,978,624,858	35.65%		2.40		
	698,220,200	1,961,515,100	35.60%		2.40		
	677,643,280	1,905,253,893	35.57%		2.40		
	672,934,180	1,893,900,686	35.53%		2.40		
	666,264,220	1,876,806,275	35.50%		2.40		

Total

PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS (PER \$1,000 OF ASSESSED VALUATION) LAST TEN YEARS

		2021	2020	2019	2018
Unvoted Millage	<u></u>	2 2 1 0 0	 	 	
Operating	\$	2.2100	\$ 2.2100	\$ 2.2100	\$ 2.2100
Debt		0.1900	 0.1900	 0.1900	 0.1900
Total Millage	\$	2.4000	\$ 2.4000	\$ 2.4000	\$ 2.4000
Overlapping Rates By Taxing District					
Green Local School District					
Residential/Agricultural Real	\$	54.2981	\$ 35.3311	\$ 36.7819	\$ 39.1906
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real		55.3366	35.3609	37.8841	40.4698
General Business and Public Utility		39.5900	41.0400	42.3600	44.7700
Jackson Local School District					
Residential/Agricultural Real		49.2614	31,9000	32.2000	33.7000
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real		50.1167	31.9000	32.2091	33.7000
General Business and Public Utility		45.0969	47.4000	47.7000	49.2000
Portage Lakes JVSD					
Residential/Agricultural Real		2.0513	2.0000	2.0513	2.0516
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real		2.2318	2.0147	2.2319	2.2478
General Business and Public Utility		4.3500	4.3500	4.3500	4.3500
Summit County Residential/Agricultural Real		12.1414	11.7668	12.9177	11.9164
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real		12.9903	12.5392	13.5472	12.5857
General Business and Public Utility		14.1000	13.7000	13.7000	12.7000
-					
Akron Summit Library District					
Residential/Agricultural Real		1.5893	1.5888	2.4024	2.4419
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real		1.7159	1.7100	2.4926	2.5413
General Business and Public Utility		1.9000	1.9000	2.5200	2.5600

Source: Ohio Department of Taxation

Notes: The rates presented for a particular calendar year are the rates that, when applied to the assessed values presented in the Assessed Value Table, generated the property tax revenue billed in that year.

The City's basic property tax rate may be increased only by a majority vote of the City's residents.

Voted real property tax rates are reduced so that inflationary increases in value do not generate additional taxes.

Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the City.

 2017	 2016	. <u> </u>	2015	 2014	 2013	 2012
\$ 2.2100 0.1900	\$ 2.2100 0.1900	\$	2.2100 0.1900	\$ 2.2100 0.1900	\$ 2.2100 0.1900	\$ 2.2100 0.1900
\$ 2.4000	\$ 2.4000	\$	2.4000	\$ 2.4000	\$ 2.4000	\$ 2.4000
\$ 41.7103	\$ 41.7103	\$	41.9997	\$ 42.1770	\$ 42.4954	\$ 42.7808
40.9969	40.9969		41.4263	41.6469	44.0993	44.4384
45.3900	45.3900		45.6300	45.8000	46.2200	46.5400
36.1405	35.7405		36.7684	38.9268	39.1154	39.3760
37.1854	36.7854		37.8271	39.7780	39.9221	40.6420
51.5000	51.1000		52.0000	52.7000	52.8000	53.0000
2.2440	2.2440		2.2452	2.2441	2.2113	2.2078
2.2132	2.2132		2.2261	2.2214	2.3835	2.3972
4.3500	4.3500		4.3500	4.3500	4.3500	4.3500
12.6367	12.6367		12.6392	12.6389	12.6216	12.6205
12.4514	12.4514		12.4764	12.4472	12.6974	12.6934
12.7000	12.7000		12.7000	12.7000	12.7000	12.7000
2.6000	2.6000		2.6200	2.1000	2.1100	2.1400
2.5529	2.5529		2.5854	2.0610	2.1100	2.1400
2.6000	2.6000		2.6200	2.1000	2.1100	2.1400

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN YEARS

Year]	Fotal Tax Levy	urrent Tax llections (1)	Percent of Current Tax Collections To Tax Levy	nquent Tax ollections	Fotal Tax Collections
2021	\$	2,325,100	\$ 2,131,959	91.69%	\$ 193,142	\$ 2,325,101
2020		2,041,299	1,922,186	94.16%	119,114	2,041,300
2019		1,913,660	1,883,721	98.44%	29,938	1,913,659
2018		1,893,435	1,852,085	97.82%	41,350	1,893,435
2017		1,719,244	1,677,498	97.57%	41,746	1,719,244
2016		1,693,221	1,657,353	97.88%	35,868	1,693,221
2015		1,675,751	1,637,670	97.73%	38,081	1,675,751
2014		1,626,441	1,586,039	97.52%	40,401	1,626,440
2013		1,615,044	1,569,198	97.16%	133,916	1,703,114
2012		1,599,831	1,542,724	96.43%	107,751	1,650,475

Source: Summit County Fiscal Officer

(1) State reimbursements of rollback and homestead exemptions are included.

Note: The County's current reporting system does not track delinquency tax collections by tax year. Outstanding delinquencies are tracked in total by the date the parcel is first certified delinquent. Penalties and interest are applied to the total outstanding delinquent balance. The presentation will be updated as new information becomes available.

Percent of Total Tax Collections To Tax Levy	Οι	cumulated itstanding iquent Taxes	Percentage of Delinquent Taxes to Total Tax Levy
100.00%	\$	332,952	14.32%
100.00%		136,156	6.67%
100.00%		45,723	2.39%
100.00%		65,519	3.46%
100.00%		68,082	3.96%
100.00%		62,516	3.69%
100.00%		56,929	3.40%
100.00%		58,222	3.58%
105.45%		79,093	4.90%
103.17%		167,163	10.45%

PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS REAL ESTATE TAX CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

	2021								
Taxpayer		Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total District Real Estate Assessed Value					
ARC Fegrnoh001, LLC	\$	10,064,910	1	1.13%					
Spring Hill Senior Living LLC		7,292,250	2	0.82%					
A&M Green Properties, LLC		6,483,430	3	0.73%					
North Canton Mayfair LLC		5,263,100	4	0.59%					
1475 Place, LTD		5,113,080	5	0.57%					
Akron Canton Regional Airport Authority		4,785,470	6	0.54%					
Serra Works of Akron, LLC		4,451,400	7	0.50%					
Terraces on the Green, LTD		3,457,510	8	0.39%					
Green One, LLC		2,539,620	9	0.28%					
ASC Manufacturing, LTD JJ & W XI Ltd.		2,491,500	10	0.28%					
Total	\$	51,942,270	-	5.83%					
Total Assessed Valuation	\$	892,957,060							

2012

	R	eal Property		Percentage of Total Real
Тахрауег	Asse	essed Valuation	Rank	Property Assessed Valuation
Diebold Incorporated	\$	6,233,790	1	0.96%
A & M Green Properties LLC		5,916,690	2	0.91%
ARC Fegrnoh001 LLC		5,686,800	3	0.87%
Terraces on the Green LTD		3,816,540	4	0.59%
Akron Canton Regional Airport Authority		3,119,620	5	0.48%
Raintree Golf LLC		2,600,700	6	0.40%
ASC Manufacturing LTD		2,284,900	7	0.35%
2210 International Parkway, LLC		2,121,780	8	0.33%
Hankook Tire Manufacturing Corporation		2,045,270	9	0.31%
UTF Green LLC		1,987,470	10	0.31%
Total	\$	35,813,560		5.51%
Total Assessed Valuation	\$	650,686,520		

Source: Summit County Fiscal Officer

INCOME TAX REVENUE BASE AND COLLECTIONS (CASH BASIS) LAST TEN YEARS

Tax Year (1)	Tax Rate	Total Tax Collected	Taxes from Withholding	Percentage of Taxes from Withholdings	Taxes from Net Profits	Percentage of Taxes from Net Profits	Taxes from Individuals	Percentage of Taxes from Individuals
2021	2.00%	\$ 26,899,843	\$ 18,671,181	69.41%	\$ 4,223,275	15.70%	\$ 4,005,387	14.89%
2020	2.00%	23,912,242	17,790,708	74.40%	3,443,363	14.40%	2,678,171	11.20%
2019	2.00%	24,689,853	17,949,523	72.70%	3,254,123	13.18%	3,486,207	14.12%
2018	2.00%	24,183,712	17,726,661	73.30%	3,506,638	14.50%	2,950,413	12.20%
2017	2.00%	22,924,305	16,551,348	72.20%	3,346,949	14.60%	3,026,008	13.20%
2016	2.00%	22,542,185	16,162,747	71.70%	3,313,701	14.70%	3,065,737	13.60%
2015	2.00%	21,543,565	15,899,151	73.80%	2,649,858	12.30%	2,994,556	13.90%
2014	2.00%	21,350,051	15,478,787	72.50%	3,159,808	14.80%	2,711,456	12.70%
2013	2.00%	19,973,897	14,740,736	73.80%	2,436,815	12.20%	2,796,346	14.00%
2012	2.00%	19,086,743	14,353,231	75.20%	2,137,715	11.20%	2,595,797	13.60%

(1) All collections are based on Modified Accrual

Note: The City is prohibited by statute from presenting information regarding individual taxpayers.

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN LAST TEN YEARS

	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total Assessed Property Value	\$ 968,551,270	\$ 850,036,850	\$ 797,612,920	\$ 788,750,460
Overall Legal Debt Limit (10 1/2 % of assessed valuation)	101,697,883	89,253,869	83,749,357	82,818,798
Debt Outstanding Various Purpose General Obligation Bonds Community Learning Center Income Tax Revenue Bonds Sanity Sewer Improvement General Obligation Bonds Various Purpose Notes OPWC Loans	31,330,000 14,195,000 - - 199,775	34,115,000 14,330,000 	27,210,000 15,280,000 - 	29,330,000 16,215,000 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Total gross indebtedness	45,724,775	48,701,853	42,775,393	45,887,471
Less: Community Learning Center Income Tax Revenue Bonds Amount Available in Debt Service	(14,195,000) (4,320,061)	(14,330,000) (5,918,570)	(15,280,000) (5,914,810)	(16,215,000) (6,453,552)
Total net debt applicable to debt limit	27,209,714	28,453,283	21,580,583	23,218,919
Legal debt margin within 10 1/2 % limitation	\$ 74,488,169	\$ 60,800,586	\$ 62,168,774	\$ 59,599,879
Legal debt margin as a percentage of the debt limit	73.24%	68.12%	74.23%	71.96%
Unvoted Debt Limitation (5 1/2 % of assessed valuation)	53,270,320	46,752,027	43,868,711	43,381,275
Total gross indebtedness Less: Community Learning Center Income Tax Revenue Bonds Amount Available in Debt Service	45,724,775 (14,195,000) (4,320,061)	48,701,853 (14,330,000) (5,918,570)	42,775,393 (15,280,000) (5,914,810)	45,887,471 (16,215,000) (6,453,552)
Net debt within 5 1/2 % limitations	27,209,714	28,453,283	21,580,583	23,218,919
Unvoted legal debt margin within 5 1/2 % limitations	\$ 26,060,606	\$ 18,298,744	\$ 22,288,128	\$ 20,162,356
Unvoted legal debt margin as a percentage of the unvoted debt limitation	48.92%	39.14%	50.81%	46.48%

Source: City financial records.

2017		2016	 2015	 2014	 2013	 2012
\$ 716,077	,000 5	5 705,304,830	\$ 698,220,200	\$ 677,643,280	\$ 672,934,180	\$ 666,264,220
75,188	,085	74,057,007	 73,313,121	 71,152,544	 70,658,089	 69,957,743
	,000 - - ,550	35,970,000 18,015,000 2,000,000 456,628	 37,560,000 18,875,000 90,000 2,000,000 513,706	 34,800,000 19,720,000 2,345,000 2,020,000 523,857	 29,285,000 20,550,000 2,425,000 6,910,000 435,804	 30,070,000 21,355,000 2,505,000 6,209,000
51,289	,550	56,441,628	 59,038,706	 59,408,857	 59,605,804	 60,139,000
(17,125 (7,093	. ,	(18,015,000) (7,514,247)	 (18,875,000) (7,791,779)	 (19,720,000) (7,977,766)	 (20,550,000) (8,218,338)	 (21,355,000) (8,229,016)
27,071	,388	30,912,381	 32,371,927	 31,711,091	 30,837,466	 30,554,984
\$ 48,116	,697 5	\$ 43,144,626	\$ 40,941,194	\$ 39,441,453	\$ 39,820,623	\$ 39,402,759
64 39,384	.00% ,235	58.26% 38,791,766	55.84% 38,402,111	55.43% 37,270,380	56.36% 37,011,380	56.32% 36,644,532
51,289	, ,	56,441,628	 59,038,706	59,408,857	 59,605,804	 60,139,000
(17,125 (7,093	, ,	(18,015,000) (7,514,247)	 (18,875,000) (7,791,779)	 (19,720,000) (7,977,766)	 (20,550,000) (8,218,338)	 (21,355,000) (8,229,016)
27,071	,388	30,912,381	 32,371,927	 31,711,091	 30,837,466	 30,554,984
\$ 12,312	,847 5	\$ 7,879,385	\$ 6,030,184	\$ 5,559,289	\$ 6,173,914	\$ 6,089,548
31	.26%	20.31%	15.70%	14.92%	16.68%	16.62%

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN YEARS

			Government	al Activities					
Year	General Obligation Bonds	Community Learning Center Income Tax Revenue Bonds	Sanitary Sewer Improvement General Obligation Bonds	Various Purpose Notes	OPWC Loans	Capital Leases	Total Debt	Percentage of Personal Income	Per apita
2021	\$33,448,312	\$ 14,246,291	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 199,775	\$ 1,276,241	\$ 49,170,619	3.83%	\$ 1,790
2020	35,773,811	14,945,498	-	-	256,853	193,336	51,169,498	3.98%	1,862
2019	28,000,377	15,946,789	-	-	285,393	252,506	44,485,065	5.42%	1,731
2018	29,862,122	16,933,080	-	-	342,471	-	47,137,673	5.75%	1,834
2017	34,444,944	17,894,372	-	-	399,550	-	52,738,866	6.43%	2,052
2016	36,707,422	18,835,663	-	-	456,628	-	55,999,713	6.83%	2,179
2015	38,122,803	19,746,956	90,000	2,010,333	513,706	-	60,483,798	7.37%	2,354
2014	35,167,352	20,643,247	2,345,000	-	523,857	-	58,679,456	7.15%	2,283
2013	29,545,815	21,524,538	2,425,000	3,910,000	435,804	-	57,841,157	7.05%	2,251
2012	30,335,960	22,380,829	2,505,000	3,910,000	-	-	59,131,789	7.21%	2,301

Source: City financial records.

Note: Population and personal income data are presented on the demographic and economic statistics table later in the ACFR.

RATIO OF GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT TO ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE AND BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA LAST TEN YEARS

Year	Population	Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property (2)	 Gross Bonded Debt (3)	Ratio of Bonded Debt to Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	D	onded ebt Per Capita
2021	27,475	\$2,637,208,397	\$ 33,448,312	1.27%	\$	1,217
2020	27,475	2,311,573,971	35,773,811	1.55%		1,302
2019	25,699	2,234,932,347	28,000,377	1.25%		1,090
2018	25,699	2,212,522,987	29,862,122	1.35%		1,162
2017	25,699	2,006,741,594	34,444,944	1.72%		1,340
2016	25,699	1,978,624,858	36,707,422	1.86%		1,428
2015	25,699	1,961,515,100	38,122,803	1.94%		1,483
2014	25,699	1,905,253,893	35,167,352	1.85%		1,368
2013	25,699	1,893,900,686	29,545,815	1.56%		1,150
2012	25,699	1,876,806,275	30,335,960	1.62%		1,180

(1) U.S. Bureau of Census, Census of Population. 2012-2019 from 2010 Federal Census; 2020-2021 from 2020 Federal Census.

(2) Summit County Fiscal Officer

(3) Although the general obligation bond retirement fund is restricted for debt service, it is not specifically restricted to the payment of principal. Therefore, these resources are not shown as a deduction from general obligation bonded debt.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2021

Jurisdiction	Ac	overnmental ctivities Debt Dutstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable (1)	Amount Applicable to City
Direct - City of Green				
General obligation bonds	\$	33,448,312	100.00%	\$ 33,448,312
Community learning center bonds		14,246,291	100.00%	14,246,291
OPWC loans		199,775	100.00%	199,775
Capital leases		1,276,241	100.00%	1,276,241
		49,170,619		 49,170,619
Overlapping debt:				
Green Local School District		1,105,000	99.41%	1,098,481
Summit County		51,233,830	6.72%	3,442,913
Jackson Local School District		30,300,000	0.86%	260,580
		82,638,830		 4,801,974
Total direct and overlapping debt	\$	131,809,449		\$ 53,972,593

Source: Ohio Municipal Advisory Council (OMAC)

(1) Percentages were determined by dividing each overlapping subdivision's assessed valuation within the City by its total valuation.

PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE COMMUNITY LEARNING CENTER INCOME TAX REVENUE BONDS LAST TEN YEARS

Income Tax					Debt Service R			
	Year	Revenues (1)]	Principal			Coverage
	2021	\$	25,322,578	\$	768,254	\$	231,746	25.32
	2020		22,291,779		588,335		411,665	22.29
	2019		23,005,758		579,046		420,954	23.01
	2018		22,534,603		563,563		436,437	22.53
	2017		21,378,663		551,177		448,823	21.38
	2016		21,023,603		532,598		467,402	21.02
	2015		20,069,834		523,308		476,692	20.07
	2014		19,895,118		514,019		485,981	19.90
	2013		18,625,065		498,537		501,463	18.63
	2012		17,772,555		700,599		299,401	17.77

(1) Income Tax Revenues consist of the General Fund's income tax revenues on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds.

(2) Includes City's portion of principal and interest of revenue bonds only.

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS BY NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES 2021 AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2021	
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment
Diebold/Nixdorf	1,043	1	3.88%
Green Local School District	618	2	2.30%
Summa Health System	533	3	1.98%
FedEx Custom Critical	519	4	1.93%
American Medical Personnel Inc	474	5	1.76%
Tamarkin Company	447	6	1.66%
Fannie May Confection	444	7	1.65%
Minute Men, Incorporated	440	8	1.64%
Crossroads Hospice of Northeast Ohio Inc	383	9	1.42%
Group Management Services	381	10	1.42%
Total	5,282		19.64%
Total City Employment	26,893		

		2012	
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment
Diebold, Incorporated	2,159	1	7.70%
1-800 Flowers	1,100	2	3.92%
Info Cision Management	1,095	3	3.91%
Minute Men, Inc.	1,078	4	3.85%
YMCA	380	5	1.36%
OHNH Emp LLC	334	6	1.19%
Crossroads Hospice NE Ohio Inc	275	7	0.98%
Target	272	8	0.97%
Comdoc	223	9	0.80%
ASC Industries	208	10	0.74%
Total	7,124		25.41%
Total City Employment	28,031		

Source: Number of employees obtained from the W2's from the City Tax Department.

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DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN YEARS

Year	Population (1)	-	Fotal Personal Income (5)	I	ersonal ncome Capita (1)	Ho	fedian ousehold come (1)	Median Age (1)
2021	27,475	\$	1,284,291,400	\$	46,744	\$	75,556	42.0
2020	27,475		1,284,291,400		46,744		75,556	42.0
2019	25,699		820,491,973		31,927		64,298	42.0
2018	25,699		820,491,973		31,927		64,298	42.0
2017	25,699		820,491,973		31,927		64,298	42.0
2016	25,699		820,491,973		31,927		64,298	42.0
2015	25,699		820,491,973		31,927		64,298	42.0
2014	25,699		820,491,973		31,927		64,298	42.0
2013	25,699		820,491,973		31,927		64,298	42.0
2012	25,699		820,491,973		31,927		64,298	42.0

(1) Source: U.S. Census - 2012-2019 from 2010 Census; 2020-2021 from 2020 Census

(2) Source: Ohio Department of Education Website: "http://www.ode.state.oh.us/data/"

(3) Source: County Planning Commission

(4) Source: Summit County Fiscal Officer

(5) Computation of per capita personal income multiplied by population

Educational Attainment: Bachelor's Degree or Higher (1)	School Enrollment (2)	Summit County Unemployment Rate (3)	Average Sales Price of Residential Property (4)	1	Fotal Assessed Property Value
39.8%	4,048	3.7%	\$ 295,637	\$	968,551,270
39.8	4,057	5.5	295,637		850,036,850
34.4	4,253	4.0	238,540		797,612,920
34.4	4,057	4.8	236,236		788,750,460
34.4	4,079	4.8	225,196		716,077,000
34.4	4,582	4.5	221,371		705,304,830
34.4	3,972	4.7	206,229		698,220,200
34.4	4,095	4.9	207,152		677,643,280
34.4	4,246	7.2	183,464		672,934,180
34.4	4,227	5.6	195,584		666,264,220

FULL-TIME-EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENTAL EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN YEARS

Function/Program	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
General Government										
Council	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	5.00
Mayor	2.00	4.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	1.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Communications	2.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Finance	10.00	10.00	10.00	8.50	9.50	9.50	9.50	9.50	10.00	9.50
Law	1.50	1.50	1.00	1.00	2.00	2.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Engineering	6.00	6.00	5.00	6.00	6.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
Service Administration	1.80	1.80	1.80	2.00	2.00	2.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
Civil Service	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.50	0.50
Human Resources	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.50	3.00	4.00	3.50	4.00	3.00
Security of Persons and Property										
Fire	59.00	56.00	48.00	47.50	47.50	44.50	44.50	44.50	46.50	46.00
Dispatchers	0.00	9.50	10.00	10.00	10.50	11.00	10.00	11.00	10.50	10.00
Leisure Time Activities										
Recreation and Parks	15.58	14.83	14.58	14.25	4.50	4.00	5.00	5.00	4.50	4.50
Community Environment										
Zoning	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	2.00	3.00	3.00	2.00	3.00	3.00
Planning	6.00	5.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00
Health & Welfare										
Cemeteries	1.95	1.70	1.95	1.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Transportation										
Highway	26.67	25.67	25.67	25.00	23.50	23.00	20.50	17.50	17.00	17.00
Recycling	0.00	0.50	0.00	0.50	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Utility and Asset Maintenance	2.00	2.00	2.00	1.50	11.50	11.50	11.00	12.50	15.00	14.00
Total	145.00	149.00	139.50	137.50	136.00	130.00	129.00	127.00	132.50	129.50

Source: City Payroll Department W2 Audit Listing **Note:** Using 1.0 for each full-time employee and 0.50 for each part-time employee on staff at year-end

Some employees work in more than one department. Does not include seasonal employees

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OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN YEARS

Function/Program	2021	2020	2019	2018
Date of Incorporation as a City 1992				
General Government				
Council and Clerk				
Number of Ordinances Passed	26	8	24	26
Number of Resolutions Passed	80	84	115	96
Planning Commission/Zoning Board of Appeals				
Number of Planning Commission docket items	63	53	36	42
Zoning Board of Appeals docket items	46	38	43	36
Finance Department				
Amount of checks written	\$27,100,435	\$27,533,136	\$25,781,926	\$20,619,536
Interest earnings for fiscal year (cash basis)	\$301,662	\$678,003	\$799,717	\$565,559
Number of Receipts issued	1,860	1,811	1,789	2,985
Agency Ratings - Standard and Poor's	AA+	AA+	AA+	AA+
General Fund Receipts (cash basis in thousands)	\$29,914	\$26,897	\$27,202	\$26,175
General Fund Expenditures (cash basis in thousands)	\$11,913	\$13,029	\$11,362	\$11,120
General Fund Cash Balances including Income Tax (in thousands)	\$24,931	\$21,348	\$21,776	\$23,418
Income Tax Department				
Number of Annual withholding forms processed	27,064	25,154	23,452	21,630
Number of Business net profit forms processed	2,174	2,175	3,275	3,521
Number of Individual forms processed	16,063	12,204	13,589	13,221
Amount of Penalties and Interest Collected	\$126,569	\$101,484	\$51,128	\$42,104
Annual number of balance due/estimated payment forms processed	12,327	12,204	11,699	11,348
Annual number of reconciliations of withholdings processed	2,502	2,343	2,343	2,185
Engineer Contracted Services				
Dollar amount of Construction overseen by Engineer	7,807,477	\$10,541,172	\$9,344,421	\$8,868,070
Civil Service				
Number of fire entry tests administered	0	0	1	1
Number of fire promotional tests administered	1	0	0	2
Number of hires of Fire/Medics from certified lists	5	8	2	3
Number of promotions from fire certified lists	0	3	1	3

			2014	2013	2012
27	14	14	20	20	23
79	75	65	66	70	73
40	61	80	58	69	53
30	40	43	32	34	26
\$17,843,312	\$22,868,821	\$17,988,736	\$16,281,244	\$17,811,773	\$13,634,818
\$314,776	\$330,573	\$354,978	\$267,860	\$320,265	\$391,203
1,827	2,199	1,708	2,226	4,973	2,453
AA+	AA+	AA+	AA+	AA+	AA+
\$24,718	\$24,708	\$23,406	\$25,891	\$21,792	\$21,479
\$10,608	\$10,357	\$9,803	\$11,242	\$11,187	\$8,434
\$24,150	\$26,178	\$21,218	\$25,410	\$18,698	\$22,684
21,068	21,109	18,367	17,218	16,311	15,792
3,463	2,702	3,533	3,621	3,235	3,212
13,617	13,758	14,013	14,268	12,777	12,733
\$56,812	\$48,953	\$104,461	\$124,342	\$106,300	\$90,967
11,209	12,131	14,192	14,589	13,931	13,112
2,274	2,331	2,248	2,177	2,199	1,983
\$4,038,884	\$2,640,616	\$6,007,171	\$6,262,681	\$6,121,156	\$21,282,037
() 1	0	1	0	1
(3	0	1	1
2		3	0	0	0
1		3	0	1	1

(Continued)

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM (CONTINUED) LAST TEN YEARS

Function/Program	2021	2020	2019	2018
Zoning Division Indicators				
Single Family Zoning Permits Issued (new construction)	99	45	27	66
Commercial Zoning Permits Issued (new construction)	10	6	7	18
Estimated Value of Commercial Construction (1)	N/A	\$6,401,370	\$21,892,005	\$54,362,875
Estimated Value of Residential Construction (1)	N/A	\$15,683,725	\$16,550,410	\$43,352,715
Number of permits issued (all types)	773	741	616	687
Amount of Revenue generated from permits	\$67,638	\$54,520	\$57,776	\$83,179
Security of Persons and Property				
Fire				
EMS Calls	3,820	3,343	3,318	3,120
Ambulance Billing Collections	\$791,685	\$657,938	\$633,622	\$660,833
Fires with Loss	49	98	37	20
Fire Losses	\$1,112,825	\$1,416,535	\$509,250	\$1,020,900
Fire Safety Inspection	505	1,005	611	684
Public Health and Welfare				
Cemetery burials	25	37	38	26
Cemetery cremations	24	21	24	20
Cemetery sale of lots	2	11	23,625	54
Cemetery receipts	\$51,168	\$98,560	\$93,955	\$88,982
Leisure Time Activities				
Recreation				
Recreation - adult fitness receipts	\$23,285	\$13,602	\$26,220	\$27,499
Recreation total activity receipts	\$104,394	\$2,338	\$30,669	\$25,134
Transportation				
Street improvements - asphalt overlay (linear feet)	\$77,084	\$17,306	\$15,840	\$19,747
Crackseal Coating Program (gallons)	44,594	77,636	0	6,610
Street Repair (curbs, aprons, berms, asphalt) (hours)	1,035	8,395	812	2,64
Guardrail Repair (hours)	157	40	0	(
Paint Stripping (contracted out)	\$166,379	\$52,366	\$101,961	\$16,418
Snow and Ice Removal regular hours	2,678	1,713	2,636	3,72
Snow and Ice Removal overtime hours	1,459	1,443	2,645	1,43
Tons of snow melting salt purchased (Nov-May - winter season)	4,539	4,295	3,692	6,680
Cost of salt purchased	\$466,130	\$338,261	\$306,668	\$397,932

Source: City Records (unless otherwise noted)
(1) Information from Summit County Building Department N/A - Information not available

2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
65	78	35	68	51	52
5	3	8	8	9	4
\$47,127,257	\$32,991,750	\$15,351,460	\$28,405,154	\$28,291,610	\$23,619,268
\$45,667,331	\$24,287,786	\$10,265,248	\$39,797,770	\$14,762,635	\$14,351,686
940	667	649	648	629	493
\$63,967	\$83,676	\$744,453	\$47,685	\$61,523	\$59,048
3,060	2,943	2,670	2,500	2,902	2,498
\$616,806	\$624,259	\$608,466	\$540,286	\$605,058	\$755,866
34	41	50	42	31	12
\$593,430	\$770,905	\$1,152,750	\$1,098,760	\$229,150	\$2,859,150
418	271	331	423	104	241
41	64	52	53	40	53
26	19	19	10	7	10
80	104	38	20	21	15
\$104,876	\$105,155	\$64,364	\$64,308	\$57,866	\$82,254
\$19,125	\$15,316	\$18,971	\$11,176	\$20,484	\$16,604
\$34,751	\$43,017	\$53,831	\$40,353	\$32,443	\$32,065
\$31,175	\$26,005	\$35,693	\$15,777	\$181,210	\$4,013
2,085	6,171	8,000	79,000	60	0
5,042	5,241	2,339	1,616	1,564	515
0	14	40	0	4	21
\$208,118	\$975	\$133,807	\$104,210	\$0	\$254,484
2,613	2,433	1,853	1,291	2,038	1,020
1,480	2,528	1,540	1,144	2,143	2,141
5,008	4,735	5,530	6,275	5,400	2,150
\$279,789	\$235,263	\$733,850	\$351,226	\$241,974	\$106,140

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN YEARS

Function/Program	2021	2020	2019	2018
General Government				
Buildings	7	5	4	4
Vehicles	14	14	14	13
Security of Persons and Property				
Fire				
Stations	3	2	2	2
Vehicles	24	23	23	24
Leisure Time Activities				
Recreation				
Buildings	22	22	21	21
Vehicles	10	10	6	3
Transportation				
Service				
Buildings	8	8	8	8
Service Vehicles	45	45	44	39

Source: City of Green departments

2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
4	4	4	4	4	4
11	11	11	12	13	10
2	2	2	2	2	2
23	22	22	21	22	24
20	17	17	17	17	16
3	3	3	3	4	8
8	8	8	8	8	8
42	41	39	32	42	44

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CITY OF GREEN

SUMMIT COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 7/12/2022

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370