Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

City of Groveport, Ohio

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021













88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 IPAReport@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

City Council City of Groveport 655 Blacklick St Groveport, OH 43125

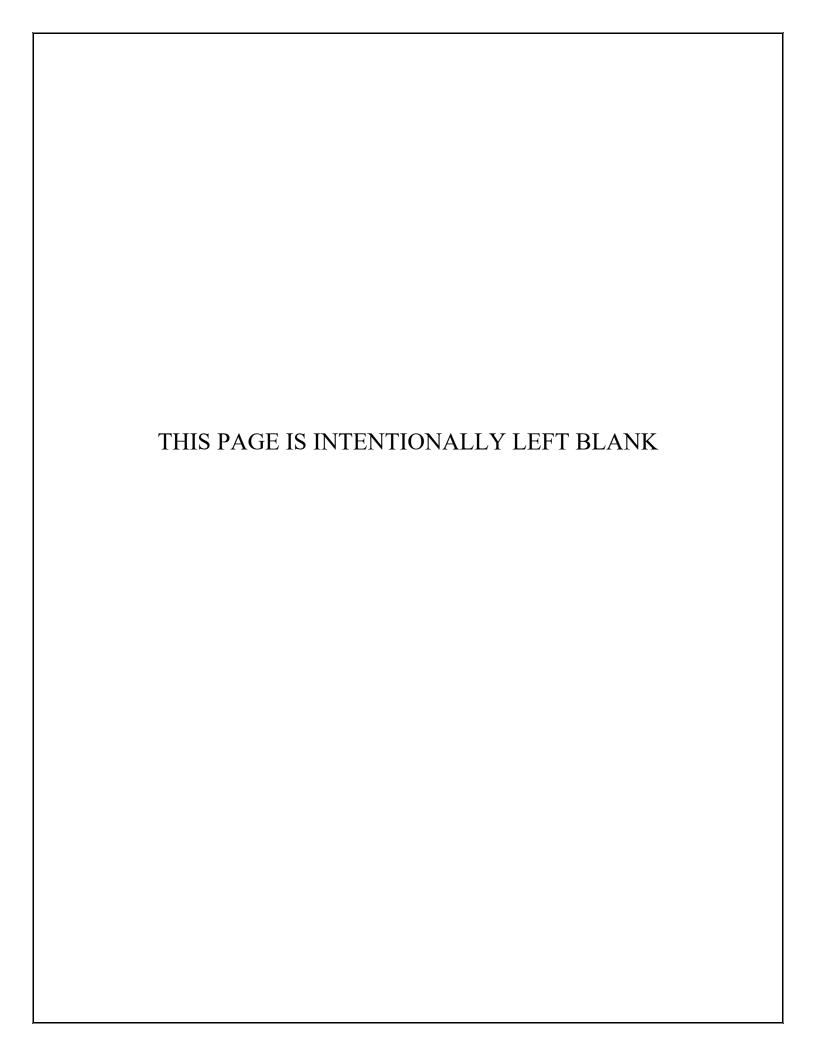
We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the City of Groveport, Franklin County, prepared by Julian & Grube, Inc., for the audit period January 1, 2021 through December 31, 2021. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The City of Groveport is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

June 24, 2022







ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

OF

CITY OF GROVEPORT, OHIO

FOR THE

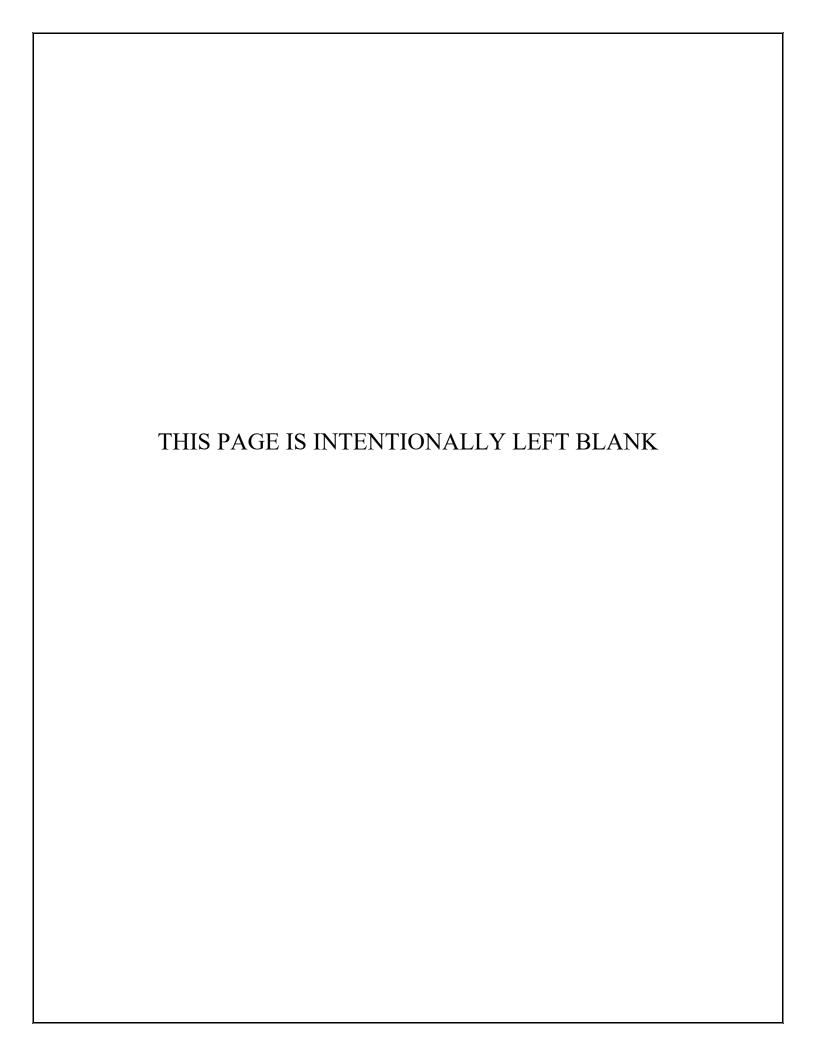
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

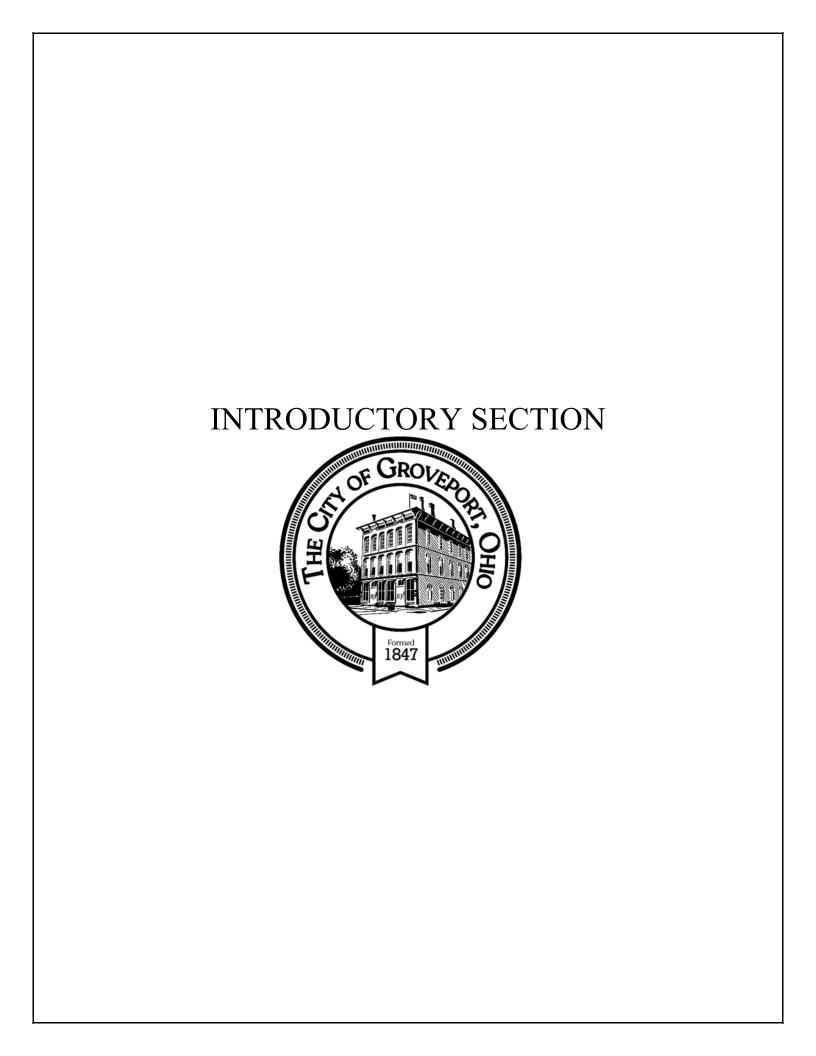


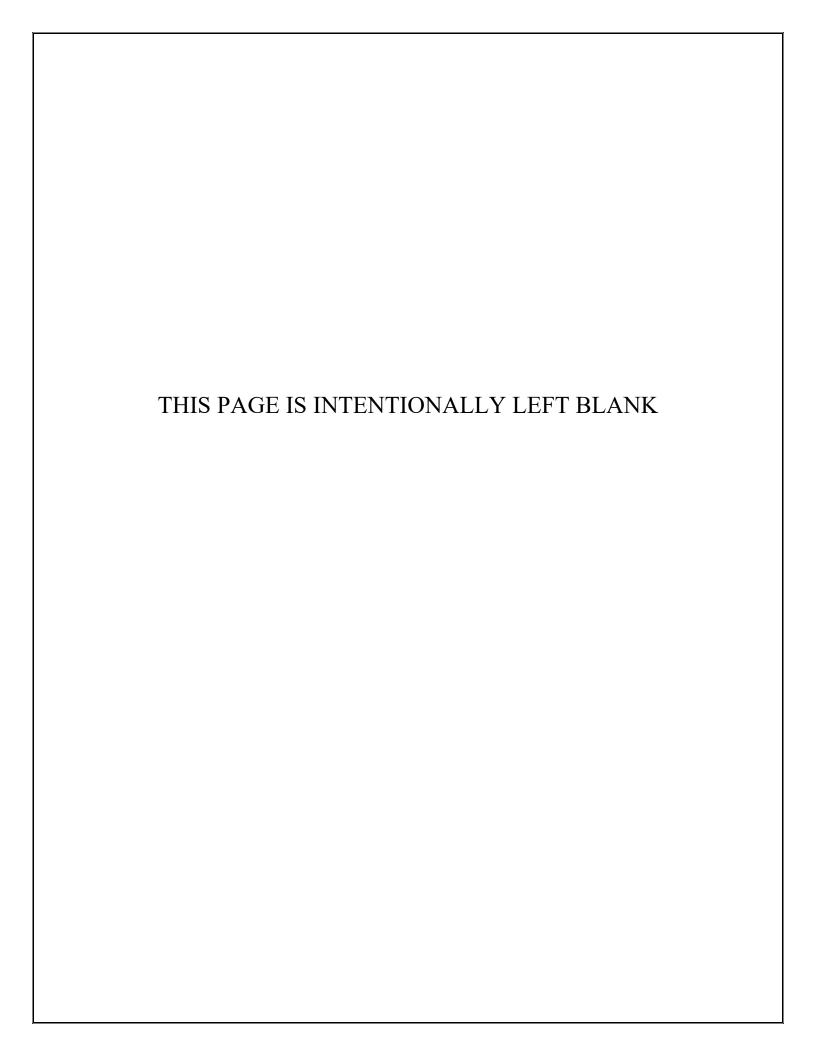
PREPARED BY
FINANCE DIRECTOR'S OFFICE
JASON CARR, CPA, FINANCE DIRECTOR

655 BLACKLICK STREET

GROVEPORT, OHIO 43125







ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

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MUNICIPAL BUILDING 655 Blacklick St. Groveport, OH 43125 614.836.5301 www.groveport.org

May 20, 2022

The Honorable Mayor, Members of City Council, and The Citizens of the City of Groveport, Ohio:

As required by State of Ohio law, general purpose local governments presenting an Annual Comprehensive Financial Report are required to publish within six months of the close of each year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Accordingly, this report has been prepared in accordance with GAAP as set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Pursuant to that requirement, the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of the City of Groveport, Ohio, (the "City") for the year ended December 31, 2021, is hereby presented.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City. Responsibility for the accuracy, reliability, completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with management of the City, and in particular, the City's Finance Department. To provide a reasonable basis for making these assertions, management has established internal controls that are designed both to protect the City's assets from loss, theft, or misuse, and to assure adequate reliable financial information is available for the compilation of the City's financial statements in accordance with GAAP. The costs of internal controls should not outweigh the benefits. Therefore, the City's internal controls have been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed representations are accurate in all material respects and are presented in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and fund operational results of the City. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities and status have been included.

The City's financial statements have been audited by Julian and Grube, Inc. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City for the year ended December 31, 2021, are free from material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures presented in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2021, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The Independent Auditor's Report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

GAAP require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). The letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the Independent Auditor's Report.

Town Hall 648 Main Street, Groveport, OH 43125

Groveport Recreation & Aquatic Center 7370 Groveport Road, Groveport, OH 43125

Public Works Facility 7400 Groveport Road, Groveport, OH 43125

Groveport Municipal Golf Course 1005 Richardson Road, Groveport, OH 43125

Police Department 5690 Clyde Moore Drive, Groveport, OH 43125

PROFILE OF THE CITY

Pioneers first started settling the area that would become Groveport around 1812. By 1831 with the arrival of the Ohio and Erie Canal, two small settlements, Wert's Grove and Rarey's Port, began to form side by side (separated only by College Street) along the canal's banks. A rivalry soon developed between the two towns' founders, Jacob Wert and William Rarey, both of who were successful businessmen and landowners. Wert, who was a postmaster, would change the address from Rarey's Port to Wert's Grove on mail coming to town. Rarey encouraged residents and businesses to list Rarey's Port as their address. Wert's Grove had the Post Office and the main stagecoach stop. Rarey's Port was listed as the landing point on canal boat passenger packet and canal boat shipping timetables. Official street plats for Wert's Grove and Rarey's Port were filed with Franklin County in the 1840s. The two towns merged in 1847 and became Groveport which combines the two suffixes of the formerly competing villages.

The City has always been a crossroads of commerce. Located in Franklin County on the historic Ohio and Erie Canal, connecting the Great Lakes to the Gulf of Mexico, the City was the site of prosperous brick and tile factories, flour mills, sawmills, tanneries, packing companies, and warehouses. On July 19, 1904, the first interurban car ran from Columbus to Canal Winchester. The interurban, or traction line, was powered by a 600 volt electric current that propelled railway cars along standard rails. The interurban moved passengers and freight between regional towns and Groveport's location between Columbus and Lancaster made it logical to run an interurban line through the then Village. The Scioto Valley Traction Line operated passenger service through Groveport until 1930 when automobiles and buses made the electric railway obsolete. Groveport's population nearly doubled between 1900 and 1930 and the Village's accessibility via the interurban played a major role in its growth. Today, the City remains an attractive, quiet mid-American residential community while maintaining its historic role as a center of commerce and industry. A wide range of leading corporations and industries are located here, thriving in the environment of a supportive local government and an unsurpassed geographic location.

The City's 2021 estimated population is approximately 6,009 but during the day we serve more than 15,000 people who come to the City for work and school. The City encompasses 8.9 square miles.

The City provides a wide range of general governmental services to its residents including: police services, community affairs, senior citizens' services, building and zoning regulation and enforcement, water, sewer and stormwater services, road maintenance, leisure time activities including an 18 hole golf course, recreation center, an indoor and outdoor aquatic center, and other administrative support services. The City operates under those powers granted upon it by the City Charter adopted in 1990 which was recently amended on November 3, 2020. The Charter provides for a Mayor-Council-Administration form of government. The six member council is elected at-large in odd-numbered years for overlapping four-year terms. The Council members serve as the legislative authority and the taxing authority. City Council creates and adopt the annual operating budget and approve expenditures of City funds.

Seven higher education facilities are located in Franklin County and are less than a half-hour drive from the City: the Ohio State University, Franklin University, Capital University, Columbus State Community College, Otterbein University, DeVry and the Ohio Dominican College. These facilities bring exceptional higher education opportunities to citizens and employees of the City.

The City Finance Director serves as the chief fiscal officer for the City. As chief fiscal officer, the Finance Director ensures that funds are appropriated, are available for payment or in the process of collection. The Finance Director is also responsible for maintaining a permanent record of all financial matters, depositing and investing of City funds, establishing the City's accounting system and conducting internal auditing.

The City's reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39 "Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units" and GASB Statement No. 61, The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus.

PROFILE OF THE CITY – (CONTINUED)

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the City is financially accountable. The City is financially accountable for an organization if the City appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the City is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the City is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the City is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the City is obligated for the debt of the organization.

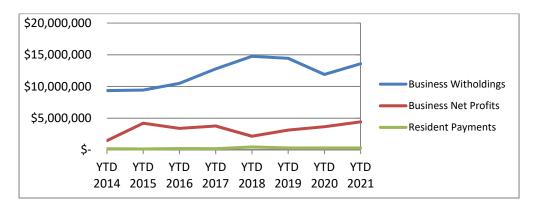
Component units also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the City in that the City approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. The following component unit is included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of its operations and/or financial relationship with the City:

Discretely Presented Component Unit – A 10-member board governs the Groveport Community Improvement Corporation (the CIC). For financial reporting purposes, the CIC is reported separately from the City's operations because its purpose is to assist the City as a whole in the revitalization and enhancement of property within the City and its governing body is not the same as that of the primary government.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

Rickenbacker International Airport, which is located in a Foreign Free Trade Zone, has become a major distribution hub. Access by air, ground and rail transport, Rickenbacker has been and will continue to be an integral part in the economy of the City of Groveport. With six thriving industrial parks, the City boasts more than twenty-five million square feet of warehouse and distribution space, housing distribution centers for many of the largest retail companies in the world, including Eddie Bauer, Gap, Kraft Foods, Cardinal Health, Wal-Mart and Build-A-Bear Workshops. A balance of both commercial and residential development continues to be the focus of the economic development in the future.

The City's corporate park, which includes warehouses of various sizes, generates income tax revenues which are imperative to the services provided City's residents. The chart below provides a snapshot of the City's income tax growth along with the nature of income taxes received:



With continued growth experiences in commercial and residential construction and the City's commitment to focus on the future growth, the financial outlook for the City appears positive even when considering the impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic.

For approximately the last 19 years, the City has taken steps to re-develop the City's historic downtown core along Main Street which included purchasing several dilapidated properties. The historic downtown extends along Main Street approximately from Wirt Road to West Street and evolved differently from other small towns in the 19th century. Most towns of that era were platted and planned out in advance, however, the City formed in the 1800s was one without set plans and instead centered on common economic trading interests.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK - (CONTINUED)

The City grew in the 1800s from the intersection of the Ohio and Eric Canal which traveled the length of Main Street. In 2015, the City developed the "Groveport Town Center" along the northeast corners of Main and Front Streets which included an investment of approximately \$1,000,000 to construct a large municipal parking lot, bike path, landscaping next to Ace Hardware and extending the undeveloped grassy site which has been used for the City's annual farmer's market and other City gatherings. The 2020 budget included the purchase of property located at the northwest corner of Main and College Streets, a Phase I environmental study for this property, preliminary design for the construction of two new commercial buildings located at College and Main and Front and Main Streets, and a contribution to the Groveport Community Improvement Corporation for the purpose of conducting a downtown business development program. In 2021, City Council authorized the 1847 Main Project, or the construction of two commercial buildings located as the northeast corner of Front and Main Street next to the Ace Hardware (known as the Rarey's Port building) and the second at the northwest corner of College and Main streets (known as the Wert's Grove building).

The Rarey's Port building will comprise 14,145 feet while the Wert's Grove building will be 12,184 square feet with the first floor space leased to restaurant tenants and the second floor government use space. Tax-exempt and taxable bonds issued totaling \$7,500,622 were issued to finance this construction. The City has budgeted an additional \$1,200,000 for its proportionate share of interior buildout costs associated with the first floors of each building.

During 2021, City Council approved an amendment to the final development plan originally approved in 2019 for the construction of two industrial buildings located at Alum Creek Drive and Rohr Road allowing for the activation of new public water service and also traffic accessing the retail development.

In accordance with the City's Police vehicle replacement schedule which assigns points for each year of vehicle service, odometer mileage, idle hours and damage/repairs for existing vehicles, the City purchased two Chevrolet Tahoe's totaling \$57,324 to replace existing vehicles which met the established replacement criteria.

The City entered into an intergovernmental agreement with the Franklin County Transportation Improvement District related to the Toy Road and Swisher Road improvement project. This multi-jurisdictional project is necessary to address the poor conditions of these roads and alleviate traffic congestion associated with the many warehouses in the surrounding area. The total cost of the project is \$2.2 million, with the City of Groveport contributing \$97,795.

The West Bixby Road Phase II project was started in 2021 with funding derived from the Ohio Public Works Commission totaling \$1,851,124, comprised of a grant of \$460,930 with the remaining balance derived from a loan. Funding from the Ohio Public Works Commission will be used for road improvements. As part of this project, the City entered into a cooperative agreement with the Franklin County Engineer for culvert and ditch repairs along with improved walking paths.

During 2019, City Council approved a developer's plan to build two warehouses along South Hamilton Road on 44.4 acres. The warehouses would be 324,000 and 252,000 square feet, respectively, and would be subject to the existing 15-year property tax abatement. As a result of this future construction, the City will begin intersection improvements at South Hamilton Road/Higgins Boulevard based on the current and projected traffic this corridor experiences. Phase I of this project was completed in June of 2020 while Phase II modernizing traffic signals, improving and realigning northbound and southbound left turn lanes and adding a pedestrian sidewalk was completed in 2021.

The City's Street Maintenance Program was completed in 2021 which included pavement repair, asphalt resurfacing, crack sealing and new curb ramps and gutters for various streets identified by the City Engineer. Milling and resurfacing of streets included Church Street, Brook Alley, Hickory Alley and Bay Grove Court. Stormwater related repairs and maintenance were also incorporated as part of the 2021 program.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

The City has enacted a 2.0% income tax with full credit for those living within the corporate limits but working in other municipalities which levy an income tax. For 2021, City Council has earmarked \$150,000 toward the City's Rainy Day Fund (until the balance reaches \$3,000,000) with the remaining allocation credited to the General Fund, Debt Service Fund and Capital Improvement Fund of 85% 5% and 10%, respectively.

Based on the general re-opening and transition from the COVID-19 pandemic which significantly impacted operations, the City experienced an increase in income tax collections of \$2,716,360 from \$15,650,467 to \$18,366,827 as reported on the full accrual basis of accounting. This increase is imperative to City operations as income taxes represent approximately 74% of governmental activities total revenues.

As noted prior, income taxes received from the City's corporate park and surrounding warehouses allow the City to provide many of the services to the community.

The General Fund not only provides for general government related services, but also police protection, parks and facilities maintenance, senior transportation services, community affairs (including funding for the July 4th Celebration, Heritage Holiday, Farmer's Market, Apple Butter Day, Arbor Day and Blacklick Haunted Park) economic development and general transportation services.

The City will receive a total of \$589,981 through The American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 which is intended to provide fast and direct economic assistance for American workers, families, small businesses and industries. Identified as a Non-Entitlement Unit by the United States Treasury Department, the City has elected to the standard allowance for assumed revenue losses up to \$10 million. Funds used under the assumed revenue loss category can be used for most general government services, and do not need to tie back to the pandemic or other eligible use allocation toward typical general government expenditures such as road paving, payroll, parks and recreation needs, facility renovations, vehicles equipment, etc. The City intends to use these federal funds toward the purchase of a new front-end loader for the public works department and also needed drainage and improvements toward Hickory Alley which abuts the construction of the Wert's Grove building.

Furthermore, the General Fund provides cash balance transfers to the Recreation and Aquatic Fund (indoor/outdoor pool, recreational facilities), Golf Course Fund (18 hole golf course and banquet facility), Street Maintenance and Repair Fund (road paving and repairs, snow removal, sidewalk repair), Senior Center Fund (senior citizen related services) and Transportation Services Fund (GREAT Program) as the services these funds provide do not generate sufficient revenues to balance their budgets. The impacts of COVID-19 were significant to several of these departments as closures to facilities reduced revenues and provided a significant strain on operating budgets in 2020. However, the re-opening from the COVID-19 pandemic saw a gradual return to normalcy along with an increase in revenues associated with these departments.

In an effort to reduce the subsidy (transfer out) from the General Fund to the Golf Course Fund, credit card convenience fees were levied (2021) as a cost savings measure as well as general increases in green and cart fees (2022). Fee increases still ranked the Groveport Municipal Golf Course rates below other local golf courses in the Central Ohio area.

In consultation with the Mayor and City Council, the Administrator has implemented short and long-term goals for the betterment of the City of which the more significant are listed below:

Economic Development: The City has approximately 22,551,208 square feet of warehouse space that was over 98% occupied for 2021. The City continues to market the pre-1993 Community Reinvestment Areas (CRA's) to attract more businesses to the City corporate park. Access to the Rickenbacker International Airport and U.S. Route 33, 70 and 71 provide various transportation hubs which makes Groveport an attractive investment for businesses wanting to locate to the central Ohio area.

The City has five (5) pre-1994 Community Reinvestment Areas that were all in compliance and were occupied. In addition, the City has three (3) Tax Increment Financing (TIF) districts which are all thirty year non-school district TIF's and take a subordinate positon to existing CRA agreements. Total employment for all Community Reinvestment Areas totaled 5,442 employees for calendar year 2021.

The former Groveport Presbyterian Church was purchased by Mode Architects, a full service architectural design firm including architecture, interior design, space planning, planning, branded environments and wayfinding.

On August 9, 2021 City Council authorized the rezoning of 47.429 acres from rural to a planned industrial park as well as a new income tax sharing agreement with Groveport Madison Local School District. A proposed 641,000 square foot warehouse will be built by CA Ventures with a completion date of mid-2022.

The 2022 budget was prepared from input from elected officials, department directors and staff. Estimated revenues are projected to be 7.9% lower than 2021 driven primarily by lower debt borrowing. For the year ended December 31, 2022, City Council authorized the following capital requests:

Department	Туре	Amount
Police	Equipment/Vehicles	\$70,245
Community Affairs	Buildings Improvements	25,000
Parks	Buildings/Equipment	81,400
Public Works	Infrastructure – Safety Improvements	188,000
Public Works	Infrastructure – Sidewalk/Curb Ramps	130,000
Recreation	Buildings/Equipment	95,100
Senior Transportation	Vehicle	43,889
Transportation	Vehicles	133,202
Golf	Maintenance Building	600,000
Golf	Cart Paths	1,100,000
Water	Buildings/Equipment	40,000
Storm Water	Infrastructure	75,000
Storm Water	Infrastructure – Hickory and Brook Alley	420,000
Public Works - Cemetery	Land Improvements	31,000
Public Works	Two and Half Ton Snow Truck/Front-End Loader	325,000
Public Works	Infrastructure – Streets	300,000
	Total	\$3,657,836

In an effort to streamline the construction contract competitive bidding process, Council approved amendments which provided the Administrator to require contractors and or subcontractors to be pre-qualified with the Ohio Department of Transportation when evaluating construction contract bids submitted. Furthermore, the City solicited requests for proposal from various engineers or engineering firms to submit statements of qualifications, establish a pre-qualified list of engineers for calendar year 2021 and future construction related contracts.

Public Service – Core Services: The City will continue to provide basic and enhanced services to residents and businesses of the community, including:

- Roadway berm replacement;
- Sidewalk repair and replacement;
- Roadway striping;
- Pothole repair and repaving;

- Ditch cleaning and culvert repair/replacement;
- Right-of-way mowing;
- Stream blockage and removal;
- Street light repair and maintenance;
- Snow and ice removal;
- Guardrail control program;
- Mosquito control program;
- Urban forest management;
- Cemetery beautification and upkeep.

A management restructure occurred in 2020 as City Council approved replacing the existing public works superintendent with the position of public service director. The change was reflective of the growing responsibilities of the department as well as specific education, certification and operating requirements required of the position.

The City realized the benefits of these organization changes based on accomplishments by the department in 2021.

Upon the recommendation of the City's Cemetery Committee in 2020, City Council approved rate increases for grave lots, burials, cremations, foundations and weekend opening and closings. The increase in fees were necessary in order to break even on the cost of providing cemetery services and income received. In 2021, improvements were also performed on the City's cemeteries including a new paved entry way which was also widened for proper parking areas.

The City continued with its sidewalk replacement program investing \$48,149 in residential and commercial sidewalks at no expense to the home or business owner.

An analysis of the City's existing tree inventory was performed during 2021 which included the identification and removal of several invasive and dead trees throughout residential properties.

A new asset management software package was purchased in 2021 which will allow the Public Works Department to properly assign job tasks and duties based on information received from the general public was well as internally from City departments. This new process will also tie into the City's existing graphic information system (GIS) mapping software for more timely responses to concerns received.

Community Affairs (Town Hall): The department provides the following events and activities will continue which include:

- Groveport Fourth of July;
- Kidsfest;
- Groveport Apple Butter Day;
- Halloween Haunted Park;
- Heritage Holiday;
- Arbor Dav:
- Farmers Market;
- Town Hall rentals for various activities and events;

Based on the retirement of the Director of Community Affairs and promotion of the Public Relations Coordinator (which abolished the Public Relations Coordinator position), the Administration re-organized the Community Affairs Department to change job responsibilities as well as create the Executive Assistant position with the Community Affairs Department.

The City hosted "Third Thursdays" in 2021 a summer festival series featuring music, food trucks, vendors, and more. These events were held at Cruiser Park and was community success.

The Groveport Heritage Museum is located in the Town Hall and contains photographs, artifacts, and documents about Groveport's history.

Art and education programs will continue to be provided which have become very popular with those in the community. Programs are expected to resume toward the end of 2021.

Groveport Rickenbacker Employee Access Transit (GREAT) Program: This program provides the first-last mile transit connection between the Central Ohio Transit Authority (COTA) and Rickenbacker area employers in Groveport and Obetz. The GREAT program offers 31 additional stops and provides services to 60+ employers allowing them access to and retention of a large labor pool who may choose or need to pursue public transit. This program will continue to provide safe rides to and from work, provide new offering to refine what and how to provide the best transportation and increase efficiency.

In an effort to streamline operations, the City expanded the responsibilities of the Director of Transportation by adding operational and supervision responsibilities related to the Senior Center and Senior Transportation.

Parks and Facilities: The Facilities Department is responsible for maintenance and preventative maintenance for plumbing, carpentry, and electrical systems for all City owned facilities. The Parks Department is responsible for the start-up/shut-down of the Outdoor Aquatic Center as well as maintaining all open spaced and landscaping around all City facilities. The Parks Department is responsible for mowing over 180 acres of grass, including seven soccer fields and eight softball fields, as well as maintenance for the following parks:

- Blacklick Park 21 acres;
- Crusier Park 55 acres:
- Dengenhart Park 3 acres;
- Greenpoint Business Park 25 acres;
- Groveport Park 75 acres;
- Heritage Park 16 acres;
- Veterans Park and various neighborhood parks approximately 117 acres.

The Ohio and Erie Canal lock 22, listed in the National Register of Historic Places, is located in Groveport Park. The Ohio and Erie Canal was completed between 1827-1832 and wound 308 miles through Ohio connecting Lake Erie at Cleveland to the Ohio River in Portsmouth. The canal, a man made waterway that was an engineering marvel, was built to enhance transportation and shipping in the state of Ohio.

Planning considerations began for the City to transform Degenhart Park into a multi-generational park, one that will have accessible play features for younger children with limited mobility and exercises and activity features for older adults. Partnering with the Kiwanis Club of Groveport Madison, it is anticipated that the project would take 18 to 24 months and open by the spring of 2023.

The all abilities park will include equipment that will be accessible by anyone with physical limitations such as those in wheelchairs, walkers and braces. These improvements will be funded by the City of Groveport as well as donations from public and not-for-profit sources.

Updating to the original Master Parks Plan originally completed in 2010 began in 2021 with the goal of seeking public comments and input on the direction regarding use of City parks.

Recreation Department: The Groveport Recreation Center provides over 3,200 people with various fitness and special classes for health and welfare betterment, and includes an indoor pool which provides recreation as well as activities offered by the American Red Cross, Special Olympics and various school swim teams.

The Outdoor Aquatic Center has received the Columbus Parent Magazine's "Best Municipal Pool Award", most recently in 2019, based on the various amenities the pool offers. Aquatic center rates were increased for the 2022 swimming pool season which included changes to the non-resident daily rate as well as seasonal pass rates.

In an effort to streamline operations, the City created the Recreation Manager position which expanded extracurricular programming responsibilities along with other operational duties while abolishing the previous Sports and Fitness Manager position.

Senior Center and Senior Transportation: The Groveport Senior Center re-opened in 2021 after being closed due to the COVID-19 pandemic. At year-end, the Senior Center had 351 members and provided various activities including social activities, art and crafting, weekly congregate lunches, game playing, book club and travel opportunities.

During 2021, the City accepted future grant funding through the Mid-Ohio Regional Planning Commission for the Columbus Urbanized Area Federal Transit Administration (FTA) Funding from the Enhanced Mobility for Older Adults and Individuals. Grant funds are expected to be received in late 2023 early 2024.

Golf: Previously known as the Links at Groveport, the City changed the name of its golf course to "The Groveport Municipal Golf Course" to properly identify the course as publicly owned. Located just minutes from downtown Columbus, the Links at Groveport is one of the area's more mature golf courses. The front nine was built in 1929 with the back nine added in 1971. The course measures 6,591 yards and plays to a par 72. The layout is player friendly enough for beginners with a fair amount of challenges noting the small, fast greens are the golf course's trademark. There is a creek that runs through the entire layout as well as several ponds that come into play. The heavily wooded course has trees strategically positioned along the fairways. In addition to the course, The Groveport Municipal Golf Course boasts a large driving range, an expansive practice tee, a putting green, and a chipping green with a bunker.

Total rounds of golf played increased 44.2% from 2020 which is attributed to the condition of the golf course, competitive rates, and the downward trend of the COVID-19 pandemic.

Utilities: Water, sanitary sewer, and storm water services are managed by the City serving over 1,400 customers. A new water treatment facility was completed in 2015 and the City's 200,000 gallon elevated water storage tank was rehabilitated as well. A remote water meter reading system provides an accurate billing system which reduces overhead and costs for the system.

Police: The mission of the Groveport Police Department is to provide the most efficient and effective police service with fairness, honesty and compassion which enhances the quality of life for all citizens. Community engagement is a priority with the Department, including "Coffee with a Cop", "Cram the Cruiser" food donation, and various community programs including the local Opioid Crisis program and drug disposal kit giveaway.

The City and the Fraternal Order of Police as well as the Ohio Police Benevolent Association –Lieutenants reached on an agreement for a new three year contract that became effective July 1, 2021. Based on the recent and pending retirements of sergeants, the City promoted three patrol officers to the rank of Sergeant during 2021 and hiring two new patrol officers.

Human Resources: Continued to be a partner with all City Departments providing the necessary support and expertise for all of our employees, including employee recruitment and selection, employee relations assistance, safety and workers compensation, training and development, and employment law and regulations compliance. Programs which will continue to be offered include drug free work environment, active shooter and defensive driver training as well as an employee onboarding academy.

Information Technology: In an effort to control costs and gain a better understanding of the City's information technology needs, City Council created the position of Information Technology Director during 2021. It is expected the creation of this new department will provide a more efficient and effective response to the City's ever changing technology needs.

RELEVANT FINANCIAL POLICIES

Basis of Accounting

The City accounting system is organized on a fund basis. Each fund is a distinct, self-balancing accounting entity. Although the City maintains its day-to-day accounting records on the cash basis of accounting, the City has elected to report in accordance with GAAP for the year ended December 31, 2021. The basis of accounting for the City's various funds is fully described in notes to the basic financial statements.

Accounting System and Budgetary Control

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls designed to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP.

The internal controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognized that: 1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived, and 2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

The City utilizes a fully automated accounting system and the legal level of budgetary control (that is, the level which expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations) is established at the fund, department, personal services/all other level. Purchase orders which exceed the available appropriation are denied and returned to the Department head.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. The City complies with the requirements of the Ohio Revised Code in the adoption of the budget. Appropriations for the operation of various City Departments are established through the passage of an Ordinance by City Council. Budgetary control is facilitated through the maintenance of an encumbrance system for requisitions and purchase orders, and through the use of the City's automated financial system. All Departments of the City were required to submit requests for appropriation to the City Administrator on a yearly basis. The City Administrator uses these requests as the starting point for developing a proposed budget.

The Finance Director presents the proposed estimated revenue budget for the City Administrator's review and approval and appropriations are then finalized. The City Administrator and the Finance Director then present the proposed budget to the City Council for review before the end of the current year. Council may elect to hold public hearings on the proposed budget and to adopt the budget by no later than December 31, the close of the City's fiscal year. Failure to do so allows the budget, as presented by the Administrator, to become effective.

The appropriated budget approved by City Council is prepared at the fund, department, personal services/all other object level. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by Ordinance of the City Council. The Finance Director is given the authority to further allocate appropriations within the defined legal level of control. The City Council may pass supplemental appropriations at any time by Ordinance. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted.

RELEVANT FINANCIAL POLICIES – (CONTINUED)

City Council has approved a Purchasing and Financial Policy Manual which provided a tool for the City to better manage and streamline the City's purchasing procedures, budgeting and financial planning, debt management, and investment and deposit of funds to ensure the minimal City resources are utilized to their fullest. A summary of the significant components of the Purchasing and Financial Policy Manual as follows:

Purchasing Procedures - Clarification and direction was provided to all employees governing the use of requisitions, certification of funds, establishing communication channels between Departments receiving goods and the authorization for payment, competitive bidding process, and finally establishing overall standards and ethics.

Budgeting and Financial Planning – The purpose is to identify the major elements of the budgeting/financial planning process to ensure the long-term objectives of the City are met and to recognize that prudent financial planning considers multi-year implications of short-term financial decisions. The major financial planning elements include:

- 1. <u>Capital Improvement Plan</u> This document establishes a policy framework and timelines to guide the expansion of the City and future development and necessary infrastructure and capital equipment needs.
- 2. <u>General Fund Forecast</u> This plan projects the expected fund balances of the General Fund, or main operating fund, and considers the expected funding needs, essential funding sources, and may expand upon the Capital Improvement Plan by estimating the costs and funding for projects and programs that accomplish the long-term goals for the City.
- 3. <u>Annual Operating and Capital Budgets</u> This annual financial plan is prepared by the City Administrator with assistance from the Finance Department and approved by Council. These budgets may be changed throughout the year based upon Departmental needs and changes in estimated revenues.

The City will budget target cash fund balances for various operating funds to provide reserves for unforeseen emergencies or revenue shortfalls and to eliminate the need for short-term borrowings for cash flow needs. City Council has established a Rainy Day fund noting expenditures from this fund require Council authorization and may only be used to off-set budget shortfalls or unforeseen extraordinary items.

Debt Management - Debt will only be used to fund capital projects or the purchase of capital assets that will continue to benefit the community and will not be used to finance operating expenditures. The City will work to obtain and maintain assigned credit from a rating agency consistent with the City's financing objectives. Finally, the City will strive to retire short-term borrowings as considered beneficial to the City in relation to overall cost savings and interest rates.

Investments and Deposits of Funds – All idle funds shall be invested in accordance with the City's investment policy as approved by City Council. The City's investment policy emphasizes safety, preservation of principal, liquidity and yield.

Retirement Budgeting and Planning – A fund created in prior years was funded in 2020 for known and future retirements capturing employees who are eligible to retire within a 5 year period. The City strives to fund known retirements at 100% paid for by the fund for which the employee currently provides services. At December 31, 2021, the cost of known and projected future retirements was funded at approximately 45% of future estimated costs.

Infrastructure and General Asset Improvements: City Council adopts a five-year capital improvement plan prepared by the City Engineer and recommended by the City Manager regarding infrastructure priorities. In addition, upon recommendations for Department Directors, the City Manager may recommend other non-infrastructure investments for future years.

City of Groveport Franklin County Transmittal Letter

AWARDS & ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The City has received the Auditor of State's "Award with Distinction" for outstanding commitment to the highest standards of financial reporting for the years 2013-2020. This award is based on the City filing an Annual Comprehensive Financial Report and having no material audit citations or recommendations.

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report submitted for the year ended December 31, 2020. This was the tenth year the City had filed an Annual Comprehensive Financial Report and received this award.

The City received its 29th Tree City USA Award for the year ended December 31, 2021. This prestigious award recognized the City for its annual program of planting new trees and maintaining and removing old trees.

The presentation of this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report would not have been possible without the continued commitment of City Council, management and all City departments. The accomplishment of this report would not have been possible without the commitment and dedicated service of staff members Anna Krigbaum and Jason Cooper.

Respectfully submitted,

Benjamin King City Administrator Jason Carr, CPA Finance Director



LIST OF ELECTED OFFICIALS, APPOINTED OFFICALS & DEPARTMENT DIRECTORS

ELECTED OFFICIALS

Lance Westcamp Mayor

Jean Ann Hilbert President Pro Tempore

Becky Hutson Vice President Pro Tempore

Ed DildineCouncil MemberShawn ClearyCouncil MemberScott LockettCouncil MemberJohn HoughlandCouncil Member

APPOINTED OFFICIALS

BJ King City Administrator

Kevin ShannonLaw DirectorCasey AdamsChief of PoliceJason Carr, CPAFinance DirectorRuthanne RossClerk of Council

DEPARTMENT DIRECTORS

Jeff Green Economic Development

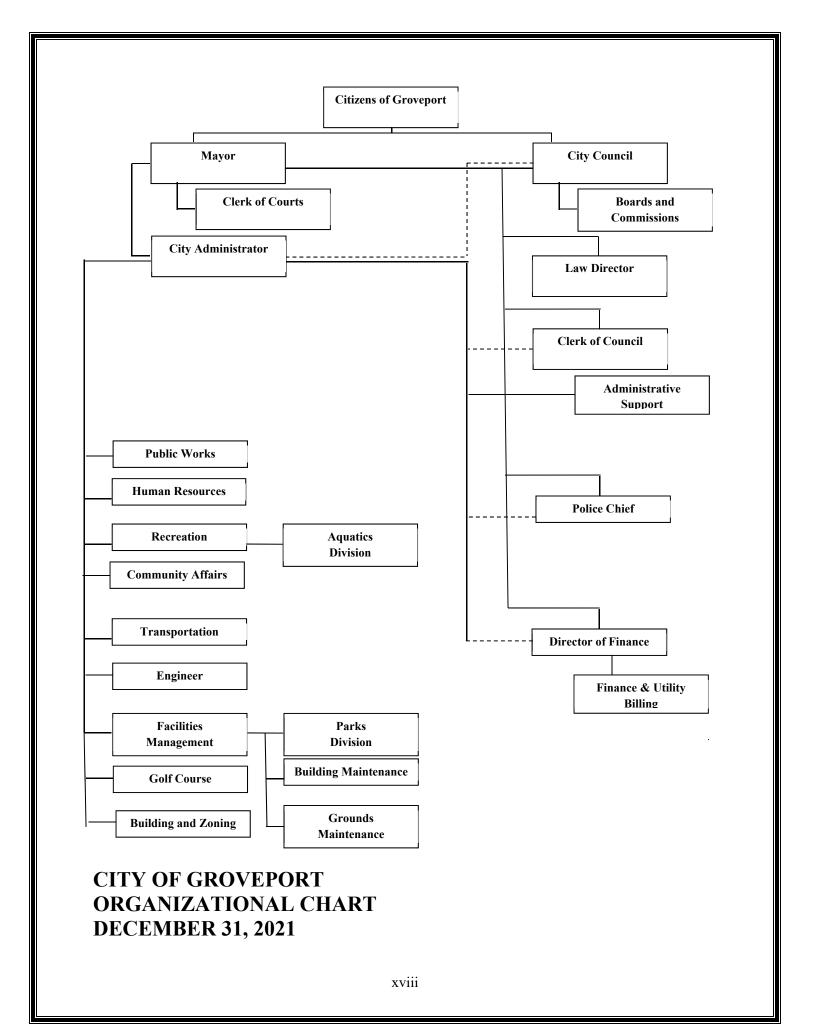
Joyce Myers Personnel Director
Robert Dowler Transportation

Jessica Reeves-Wyke Community Affairs
Tom Byrne Parks and Facilities

Kyle Lund Recreation

Stephen Moore Building and Zoning

Tom Walker Golf





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

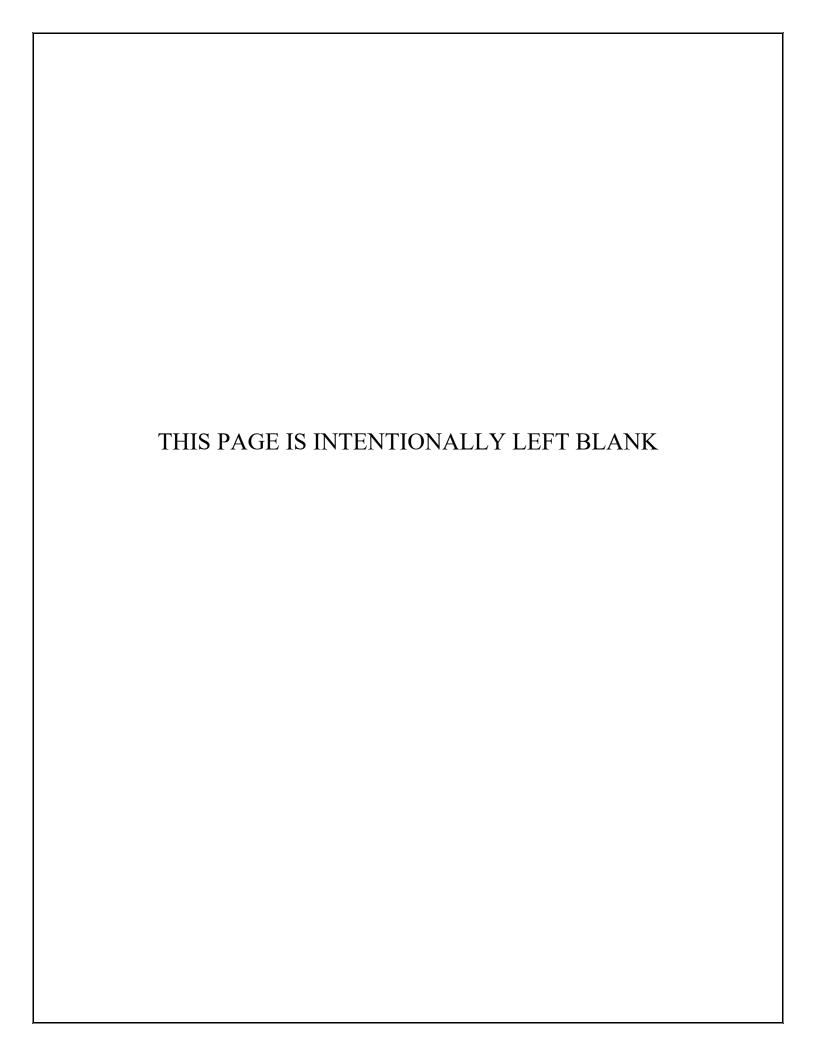
City of Groveport Ohio

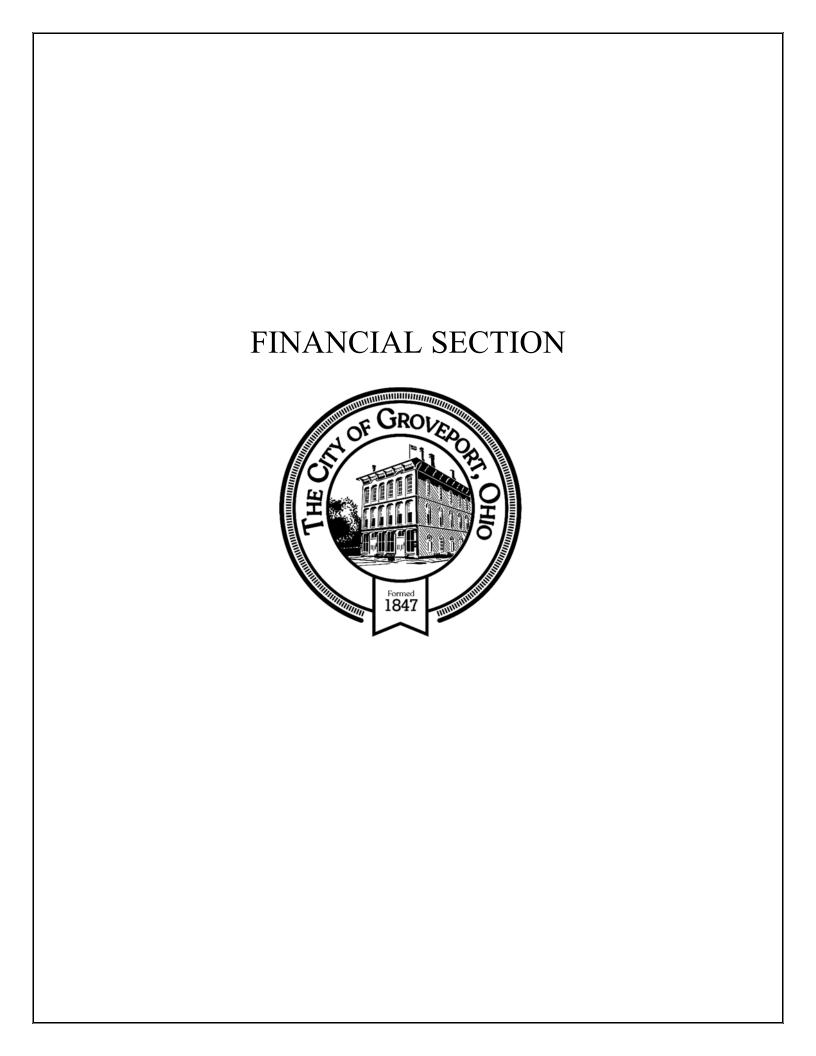
For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

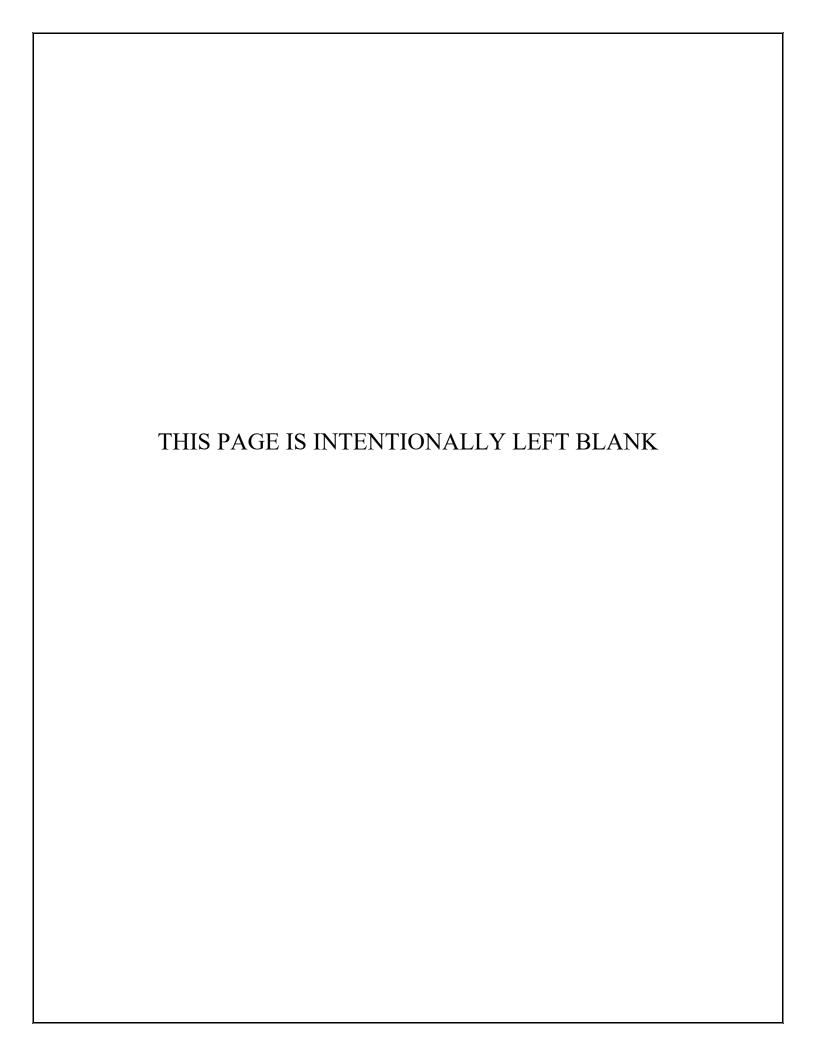
December 31, 2020

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO









333 County Line Road, West Westerville, OH 43082 614-846-1899

jginc.biz

Independent Auditor's Report

City of Groveport Franklin County 655 Blacklick Street Groveport, Ohio 43215

To the Members of the City Council and Mayor:

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Groveport, Franklin County, Ohio, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Groveport's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Groveport, as of December 31, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and the Recreation and Aquatic Center Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Groveport and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 20 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the City of Groveport. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

City of Groveport Franklin County Independent Auditor's Report

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Groveport's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Groveport's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Groveport's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

City of Groveport Franklin County Independent Auditor's Report

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, and schedules of net pension and other postemployment benefit assets and liabilities and pension and other postemployment benefit contributions listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Groveport's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual financial report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

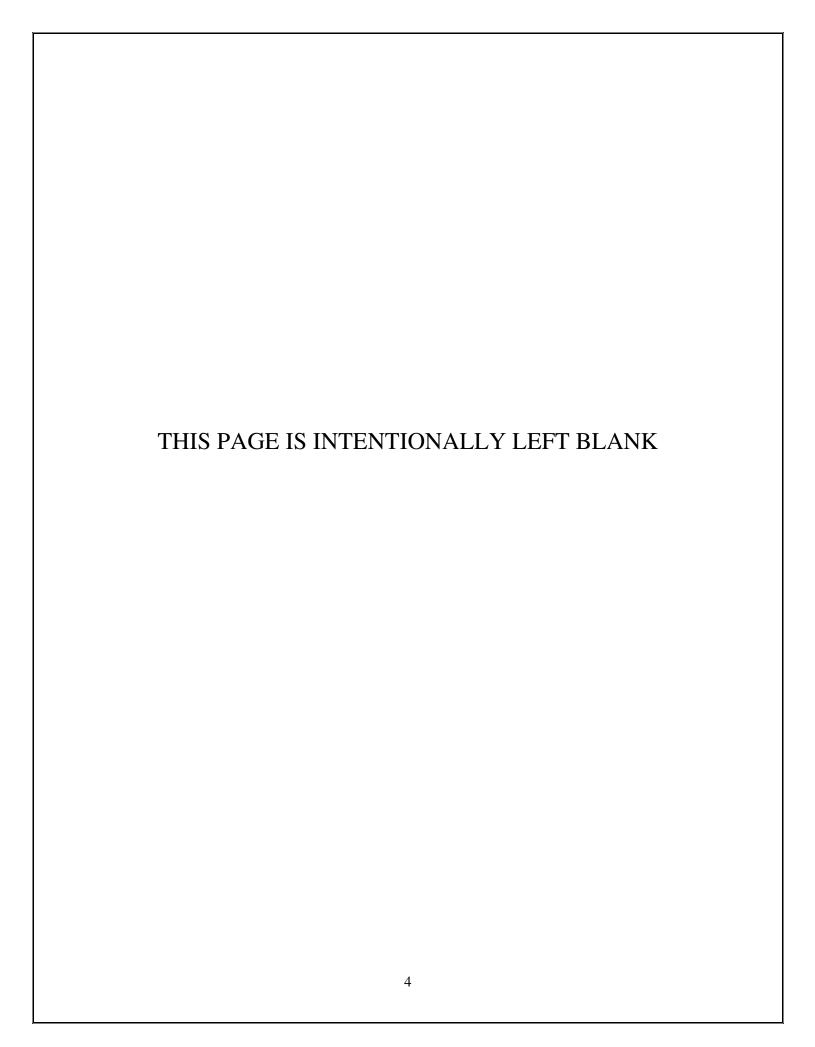
Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated May 20, 2022, on our consideration of the City of Groveport's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Groveport's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City of Groveport's internal control over financial reporting and

Julian & Grube, Inc.

Julian & Sube, the.

May 20, 2022



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

The management's discussion and analysis of the City of Groveport's (the "City") financial performance provides an overall review of the City's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2021. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the City's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the transmittal letter, basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the City's financial performance. The Statistical Section can also provide valuable current and historical information.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2021 are as follows:

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at December 31, 2021 by \$69,605,824 (net position). Of this amount, \$681,133 is restricted in use and \$61,618,558 is the net investment in capital assets. The remaining unrestricted net position is \$7,306,133.
- Total net position increased \$8,133,105 as a result of current year operations. Net position of governmental activities increased \$7,596,744, or 19.46%, while the net position of business-type activities increased \$536,361, or 2.39%.
- ➤ The City had \$17,345,574 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$5,220,101 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. The remaining expenses of the governmental activities of \$12,125,473 were offset by general revenues (primarily property taxes and income taxes) of \$19,722,217.
- At December 31, 2021, unrestricted fund balance (the total of the committed, assigned and unassigned) components of fund balance) for the general fund was \$6,995,964, or 54.01% of total general fund expenditures.
- The general fund had revenues and other financing sources of \$17,286,037 in 2021 and expenditures and other financing uses of \$15,578,706. The fund balance for the general fund increased from \$5,418,130 to \$7,125,461.
- Net position for the business-type activities, which are made up of the water, sewer and storm water enterprise funds, totaled \$22,974,135.

Using this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to these statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the City as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The statement of net position and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the City as a whole, presenting both an aggregate view of the City's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the City's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Reporting the City as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains a large number of funds used by the City to provide programs and activities, the view of the City as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2021?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues and expenses using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the City's *net position* and changes in that position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the City as a whole, the financial position of the City has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the City's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required community programs and other factors.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, the City is divided into two distinct kinds of activities:

Governmental activities - Most of the City's programs and services are reported here including police, street maintenance, capital improvements and general administration. These services are funded primarily by property and income taxes and intergovernmental revenues including federal and state grants and other shared revenues.

Business-type activities - These services are provided on a charge for goods or services basis to recover all or a significant portion of the expenses of the goods or services provided. The City's water, sewer and storm water operations are reported here.

Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the City's major funds. The City uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the City's most significant funds. The analysis of the City's major governmental and proprietary funds begins on page 14.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Because the focus of the governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains a multitude of individual governmental funds. The City has segregated these funds into major funds and nonmajor funds. The City's major governmental funds are the general fund, recreation & aquatic center fund, debt service fund and capital improvement fund. Information for major funds is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

Proprietary Funds

The City maintains one type of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water, sewer and storm water operations; all three funds are considered major funds.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the City. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

The required supplementary information provides detailed information regarding the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability/asset and the net other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability of the retirement systems. It also includes a ten year schedule of the City's contributions to the retirement systems to fund pension and OPEB obligations.

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The table that follows provides a summary of the City's net position for December 31, 2021 and 2020.

	Government	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	
<u>Assets</u>							
Current and other assets	\$ 26,822,249	\$ 18,911,083	\$ 3,768,051	\$ 3,535,186	\$ 30,590,300	\$ 22,446,269	
Capital assets, net	51,185,588	47,121,813	23,802,749	23,811,243	74,988,337	70,933,056	
Total assets	78,007,837	66,032,896	27,570,800	27,346,429	105,578,637	93,379,325	
Deferred outflows of resources							
Unamortized deferred charges	40,167	83,986	-	-	40,167	83,986	
Pension	1,684,875	2,115,857	97,063	170,882	1,781,938	2,286,739	
OPEB	825,274	1,254,196	46,902	109,417	872,176	1,363,613	
Total deferred							
outflows of resources	2,550,316	3,454,039	143,965	280,299	2,694,281	3,734,338	
<u>Liabilities</u>							
Current liabilities	3,608,925	2,318,447	199,693	204,293	3,808,618	2,522,740	
Long-term liabilities:							
Due within one year	2,495,073	2,149,455	173,817	172,523	2,668,890	2,321,978	
Net pension liability	9,825,448	11,243,656	380,423	497,283	10,205,871	11,740,939	
Net OPEB liability	867,854	4,843,701	-	340,737	867,854	5,184,438	
Other amounts	11,937,106	6,438,609	3,646,880	3,726,830	15,583,986	10,165,439	
Total liabilities	28,734,406	26,993,868	4,400,813	4,941,666	33,135,219	31,935,534	
Deferred inflows of resources							
Property taxes	527,669	513,316	-	-	527,669	513,316	
Unamortized deferred charges	16,803	18,925	-	-	16,803	18,925	
Pension	2,678,502	2,050,855	188,398	164,918	2,866,900	2,215,773	
OPEB	1,969,084	875,026	151,419	82,370	2,120,503	957,396	
Total deferred							
inflows of resources	5,192,058	3,458,122	339,817	247,288	5,531,875	3,705,410	
Net position							
Net investment in capital assets	41,572,300	39,665,830	20,046,258	19,964,255	61,618,558	59,630,085	
Restricted	681,133	606,632	-	-	681,133	606,632	
Unrestricted (deficit)	4,378,256	(1,237,517)	2,927,877	2,473,519	7,306,133	1,236,002	
Total net position	\$ 46,631,689	\$ 39,034,945	\$ 22,974,135	\$ 22,437,774	\$ 69,605,824	\$ 61,472,719	

The net pension liability/asset is reported pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27." The net other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability is reported pursuant to GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions." For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the City's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability, and the net OPEB liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB and the net pension/OPEB asset.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB 45) focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's net pension liability/asset or net OPEB liability/asset. GASB 68 and GASB 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

GASB 68 and GASB 75 require the net pension liability/asset and the net OPEB liability/asset to equal the City's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service.
- 2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits.

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the City is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan as against the public employer. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, the City's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability/asset and net OPEB liability/asset, respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

As the preceding table illustrates, some of the most significant changes in net position were related to the City's net pension liability/asset and net OPEB liability/asset, and the related deferred inflows/outflows of resources. These amounts will fluctuate annually based on a number of factors including investment returns, actuarial assumptions used, and the City's proportionate share of the net pension and net OPEB cost. As a result many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the City's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB and the net pension/OPEB asset as follows:

	Government	al Activities	Busines-Type Activities		
	2021	2020	2021	2020	
Net position (with GASB 68 and GASB 75)	\$ 46,631,689	\$ 39,034,945	\$ 22,974,135	\$ 22,437,774	
GASB 68 calculations:					
Add deferred inflows related to pension	2,678,502	2,050,855	188,398	164,918	
Add net pension liability	9,825,448	11,243,656	380,423	497,283	
Less net pension asset	(82,027)	-	(7,357)	-	
Less deferred outflows related to pension	(1,684,875)	(2,115,857)	(97,063)	(170,882)	
GASB 75 calculations:					
Add deferred inflows related to OPEB	1,969,084	875,026	151,419	82,370	
Add net OPEB liability	867,854	4,843,701	-	340,737	
Less net OPEB asset	(498,331)	(55,117)	(44,695)	(4,620)	
Less deferred outflows related to OPEB	(825,274)	(1,254,196)	(46,902)	(109,417)	
Net position (without GASB 68 and GASB 75)	\$ 58,882,070	\$ 54,623,013	\$ 23,498,358	\$ 23,238,163	

Other significant changes in net position are primarily related to the issuance of bonds in 2021. The governmental activities issued \$7,573,000 in bonds for a construction project. This had the effect of increasing current and other assets (cash and investments), as well as capital assets (construction in progress) since the project was underway as of December 31, 2021. Additionally, current liabilities (contracts payable) increased as a result of payments owed to contractors at year-end, and long-term liabilities increased as the City will pay off the bonds over the next several years.

Total net position increased \$8,133,105 or 13.23%. The net investment in capital assets of \$61,618,558 represents the City's net capital assets, less any outstanding borrowings used to acquire those assets. Another \$681,133 represents net position that is subject to external restrictions on its use. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position is \$7,306,133.

Capital assets reported on the government-wide statements represent the largest portion of the City's assets. At year-end, capital assets represented 65.62% and 86.33% of total assets for the governmental activities and business-type activities, respectively. Capital assets include land, construction in progress, easements, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture, fixtures and equipment, vehicles, and infrastructure. The net investment in capital assets at December 31, 2021, was \$41,572,300 and \$20,046,258 in the governmental activities and business-type activities, respectively. These capital assets are used to provide services to citizens and are not available for future spending.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

The following table provides a summary of the revenues and expenses and other changes in the City's net position for 2021 compared to 2020.

Change in Net Position

	Govern Activ		Busine Activ	ss-type vities	Total		
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	
Revenues							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 2,764,112	\$ 1,851,377	\$ 2,516,265	\$ 2,117,365	\$ 5,280,377	\$ 3,968,742	
Operating grants and contributions	1,147,802	1,827,625	-	-	1,147,802	1,827,625	
Capital grants and contributions	1,308,187	797,000	529,542	263,655	1,837,729	1,060,655	
Total program revenues	5,220,101	4,476,002	3,045,807	2,381,020	8,265,908	6,857,022	
General revenues:							
Property taxes	512,576	400,823	-	-	512,576	400,823	
Income taxes	18,366,827	15,650,467	-	-	18,366,827	15,650,467	
Unrestricted grants and entitlements	167,717	129,736	-	-	167,717	129,736	
Investment earnings	(35,778)	229,541	-	-	(35,778)	229,541	
Payment in lieu of taxes	258,389	190,243	-	-	258,389	190,243	
Miscellaneous	452,486	1,092,994	80,241	10,455	532,727	1,103,449	
Total general revenues	19,722,217	17,693,804	80,241	10,455	19,802,458	17,704,259	
Total revenues	24,942,318	22,169,806	3,126,048	2,391,475	28,068,366	24,561,281	
Expenses:							
General government	2,573,712	3,701,615	-	-	2,573,712	3,701,615	
Security of persons and property	4,781,881	4,772,548	-	-	4,781,881	4,772,548	
Public health and welfare	84,302	70,646	-	-	84,302	70,646	
Transportation	2,306,620	3,244,735	-	-	2,306,620	3,244,735	
Community environment	548,912	766,325	-	-	548,912	766,325	
Leisure time activity	4,329,329	6,153,423	-	-	4,329,329	6,153,423	
Economic development	2,337,422	2,077,477	-	-	2,337,422	2,077,477	
Interest and fiscal charges	383,396	277,249	-	-	383,396	277,249	
Water	-	-	672,963	727,187	672,963	727,187	
Sewer	-	-	1,221,628	1,025,795	1,221,628	1,025,795	
Storm water			695,096	924,469	695,096	924,469	
Total expenses	17,345,574	21,064,018	2,589,687	2,677,451	19,935,261	23,741,469	
Transfers		(66,622)		66,622			
Change in net position	7,596,744	1,039,166	536,361	(219,354)	8,133,105	819,812	
Net position at beginning of year	39,034,945	37,995,779	22,437,774	22,657,128	61,472,719	60,652,907	
Net position at end of year	\$ 46,631,689	\$ 39,034,945	\$ 22,974,135	\$ 22,437,774	\$ 69,605,824	\$ 61,472,719	

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Governmental Activities

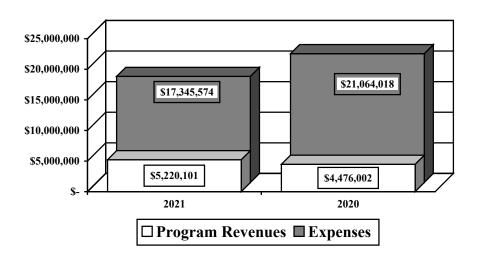
Net position increased \$7,596,744 or 19.46%. Total revenues increased \$2,772,512 or 12.51%, due to an increase in both general revenues and program revenues. Charges for services revenues rebounded in 2021 after a lower than normal year in 2020 due to decreased activity at the City's recreation and aquatic center as a result of COVID-19 restrictions. Conversely, operating grants and contributions declined compared to the prior year due to Federal CARES Act grant money received in 2020. Capital grants and contributions continued to increase in 2021 as a result of grants from the Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) and Franklin County for infrastructure improvement projects.

General revenues totaled \$19,722,217 in 2021, which amounts to 79.07% of total governmental revenues. These revenues primarily consist of income tax revenue of \$18,366,827. The COVID-19 pandemic had a significant negative impact on income tax collections for the City, but these collections recovered in 2021. Other general revenues consist of property taxes, unrestricted grants and entitlements, investment earnings, payments in lieu of taxes and various miscellaneous revenue sources. One notable decrease in general revenues is reflected in the miscellaneous revenues. This was a result of rebates in 2020 from the Ohio Bureau of Workers' Compensation (BWC) and a retainer refund from the Regional Income Tax Agency (RITA) who administers the City's income tax collections. The negative amount for investment earnings is a result of a fair value adjustment for the City's investments since any interest revenue is reported net of changes in fair value.

Total expenses decreased considerably, down \$3,718,444 or 17.65% compared to 2020. This is primarily due to a decrease in OPEB expense for the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). On an accrual basis, the governmental activities reported OPEB expense of (\$2,937,036) in 2021 compared to \$593,185 in 2020. On January 15, 2020, OPERS approved several changes to the health care plan offered to Medicare and non-Medicare retirees in efforts to decrease costs and increase the solvency of the health care plan. These include changes to base allowances and eligibility for Medicare retirees, as well as replacing OPERS-sponsored medical plans for non-Medicare retirees with monthly allowances, similar to the program for Medicare retirees. These changes are reflected in the December 31, 2020 measurement date health care valuation which are reported by the City at December 31, 2021. These changes along with changes in assumptions related to an increase in discount rate from 3.16% to 6.00% significantly decreased the total OPEB liability for the measurement date December 31, 2020.

The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. As can be seen in the following table, the City is highly dependent upon its general revenues to support its governmental activities.

Governmental Activities - Program Revenues vs. Total Expenses



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

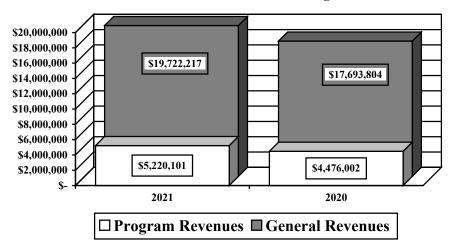
The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services for 2021 and 2020. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by general revenues (such as taxes revenue and unrestricted grants and entitlements).

Governmental Activities

		20	21		2020				
	Total Cost of		N	Net Cost of		otal Cost of	Net Cost of		
		Services	_	Services	_	Services	_	Services	
Program expenses:									
General government	\$	2,573,712	\$	2,368,255	\$	3,701,615	\$	3,346,370	
Security of persons and property		4,781,881		4,670,407		4,772,548		4,631,907	
Public health and welfare		84,302		46,716		70,646		12,991	
Transportation		2,306,620		(329,497)		3,244,735		991,938	
Community environment		548,912		53,190		766,325		391,116	
Leisure time activity		4,329,329		2,595,584		6,153,423		4,862,402	
Economic development		2,337,422		2,337,422		2,077,477		2,074,043	
Interest and fiscal charges	_	383,396		383,396		277,249	_	277,249	
Total	\$	17,345,574	\$	12,125,473	\$	21,064,018	\$	16,588,016	

The dependence upon general revenues for governmental activities is apparent, with 69.91% of expenses supported through taxes and other general revenues. The following chart illustrates the City's program revenues versus general revenues for 2021 and 2020.

Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues



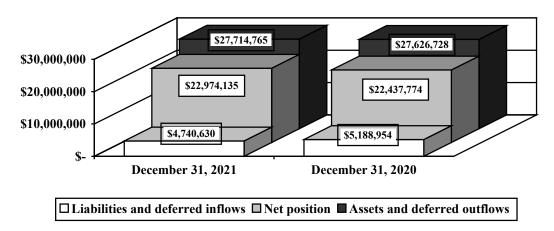
Business-type Activities

Business-type activities include the operations of the water, sewer and storm water enterprise funds. These programs had revenues, primarily charges for services, of \$3,126,048 and expenses of \$2,589,687 in 2021. An increase in revenues combined with a slight decrease in expenses led to an overall increase in net position (\$536,361 or 2.39%). See page 16 for further discussion of the operations of the business-type activities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

The graph below shows the business-type activities assets and deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows, and net position at December 31, 2021 and 2020.

Net Position in Business - Type Activities



Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the City's net resources available for spending at year-end.

The City's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$18,544,445 which is \$6,010,745 more than last year's total balance of \$12,533,700. The schedule that follows indicates the fund balances as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, and the change in fund balances for the governmental funds.

	Fund Balance	Fund Balance	
	12/31/2021	12/31/2020	Change
Major funds:			
General	\$ 7,125,461	\$ 5,418,130	\$ 1,707,331
Recreation & aquatic center	180,954	13,295	167,659
Debt service	3,449,846	4,325,127	(875,281)
Capital improvement	1,715,695	873,071	842,624
Nonmajor governmental funds	6,072,489	1,904,077	4,168,412
Total	\$ 18,544,445	\$ 12,533,700	\$ 6,010,745

General Fund

The City's general fund balance increased \$1,707,331 as revenues and other financing sources continued to outpace expenditures and other financing uses in 2021. The table that follows assists in illustrating the revenues of the general fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	2021	2020	Percentage
	Amount	Amount	Change
Revenues			
Income taxes	\$ 15,597,445	\$ 12,787,794	21.97 %
Property taxes	503,841	418,221	20.47 %
Charges for services	192,525	199,265	(3.38) %
Fines, licenses and permits	468,655	359,389	30.40 %
Intergovernmental	155,927	133,411	16.88 %
Special assessments	4,638	1,871	147.89 %
Investment income	(16,064)	210,309	(107.64) %
Other	305,819	700,319	(56.33) %
Total	\$ 17,212,786	\$ 14,810,579	16.22 %

Income taxes revenue is by far the general fund's largest revenue source, representing 90.62% of total general fund revenues in 2021. Collections declined significantly in the aftermath of the COVID-19 pandemic but recovered in 2021. The most significant decreases in general fund revenues were investment income and other revenue; see page 12 for further discussion of these changes in revenues.

The table that follows assists in illustrating the expenditures of the general fund.

	2021		2020	Percenta	ge
	 Amount	_	Amount	Change	2
Expenditures					
General government	\$ 2,898,537	\$	2,665,452	8.74	%
Security of persons and property	4,531,373		4,157,151	9.00	%
Public health and welfare	53,538		52,040	2.88	%
Transportation	98,350		97,644	0.72	%
Community environment	739,620		648,495	14.05	%
Leisure time activity	1,955,935		1,659,131	17.89	%
Economic development	2,359,099		2,156,058	9.42	%
Debt service	 317,254		193,537	63.92	%
Total	\$ 12,953,706	\$	11,629,508	11.39	%

The main driver of the overall increase in expenditures is employee wages and benefits. Additionally, the City was able to resume certain activities and programs which had been reduced or suspended in 2020 in the wake of the pandemic.

Recreation & Aquatic Center Fund

The recreation & aquatic center fund, a major governmental fund, is used to account for the operations of the recreation and aquatic center. This fund had revenues and other financing sources of \$2,161,694 and expenditures and other financing uses of \$1,994,035. This resulted in an increase in fund balance from \$13,295 to \$180,954. Restrictions resulting from the COVID-19 pandemic had a significant impact on the operations of the recreation and aquatic center, and while rebounding in 2021, this fund was still primarily supported by transfers from the general fund (\$1,400,000).

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Debt Service Fund

The debt service fund is a major governmental fund and is used to accumulate resources (primarily income taxes revenue) for principal and interest payments on the City's outstanding debt obligations. Activity in 2021 for the debt service fund consisted of revenues of \$939,187 and expenditures of \$1,814,468. As a result, fund balance decreased from \$4,325,127 to \$3,449,846. City Council determined that this fund had been building sufficient cash reserves to make the required future debt payments, and therefore effective January 1, 2021 reduced the allocation of income taxes revenue to the debt service fund from 10% to 5%.

Capital Improvement Fund

The capital improvement fund is a major governmental fund and is used to account for resources used for capital improvements. In 2021 this fund had revenues and other financing sources of \$2,971,843 and expenditures of \$2,129,219, both of which represent slight increases compared to the prior year. Effective January 1, 2021, the City began allocating 10% of total income tax collections to this fund to be used for various capital projects. Most of these projects are related to infrastructure improvements which are still in progress as of December 31, 2021. In addition to income taxes, revenues and other financing sources in 2021 consisted of grants and loans from the Ohio Public Works Commission.

Proprietary Funds

The City's enterprise funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements for business-type activities, except in more detail. All three of the City's enterprise funds are reported as major funds; the water fund, sewer fund and storm water fund.

The most significant change in operating revenues or expenses for the enterprise funds was charges for services revenue in the sewer fund. These were considerably higher in 2021 due to additional sewer taps and capacity fees. Operating expenses for contract services, materials and supplies, and depreciation all increased slightly. However, total operating expenses were lower in 2021 due to a decrease in OPEB expense for OPERS as discussed on page 12. Other sources of revenue for 2021 included special assessments for the storm water fund and capital contributions (contributions of capital assets) for all three funds. Overall, the sewer fund had a slight decrease in net position, while net position increased for both the water fund and storm water fund.

Budgeting Highlights

The City's budgeting process is prescribed by the Ohio Revised Code (ORC). Essentially the budget is the City's appropriations which are restricted by the amounts of anticipated revenues certified by the Budget Commission in accordance with the ORC. Therefore, the City's plans or desires cannot be totally reflected in the original budget. If budgeted revenues are adjusted due to actual activity then the appropriations can be adjusted accordingly. Budgetary information is presented for the general fund and major special revenue funds.

In the general fund, original budgeted revenues and other financing sources of \$14,537,992 were increased to \$15,387,992 in the final budget, primarily to reflect higher collections of income taxes. Actual revenues and other financing sources of \$17,121,711 were \$1,733,719 more than the final budgeted amount. Most of this variance came from higher actual income tax collections. The City uses a conservative approach when developing the revenue budget.

The final budget expenditures and other financing uses in the general fund were \$18,232,727, which represents a slight increase from the original budget (\$17,894,067). Actual budget basis expenditures and other financing uses totaled \$15,436,907, or \$2,795,820 less than the final budget. The City routinely over-appropriates resources when adopting its general fund budget in order to cover unforeseen expenditures that may arise during the year. This includes, for example, transfers to subsidize other funds' operations. Actual transfers out amounted to \$2,732,900 in 2021 or \$1,358,636 less than budgeted.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The following table summarizes 2021 balances compared to 2020. Additional detail can be found in Note 10 in the notes to the basic financial statements.

Capital Assets at December 31 (Net of Depreciation)

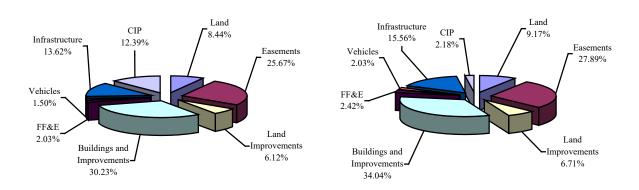
		Governmen	tal A	activities	ctivities Business-Type Activities				Total			
	_	2021	_	2020		2021	_	2020	-	2021	_	2020
Land	\$	4,319,438	\$	4,319,438	\$	503,010	\$	503,010	\$	4,822,448	\$	4,822,448
Easements		13,140,000		13,140,000		-		-		13,140,000		13,140,000
Construction in progress		6,344,181		1,029,405		307,699		79,334		6,651,880		1,108,739
Land improvements		3,132,572		3,162,387		257,325		249,127		3,389,897		3,411,514
Buildings and improvements		15,471,704		16,042,149		2,271,622		2,324,450		17,743,326		18,366,599
FF&E		1,038,600		1,138,957		544,304		556,262		1,582,904		1,695,219
Vehicles		769,445		954,683		17,771		21,750		787,216		976,433
Infrastructure		6,969,648		7,334,794		19,901,018	_	20,077,310		26,870,666	_	27,412,104
Totals	\$	51,185,588	\$	47,121,813	\$	23,802,749	\$	23,811,243	\$	74,988,337	\$	70,933,056

For the governmental activities, the most significant capital asset activity during the year primarily involved various street improvement projects, most of which are still ongoing and reported as construction in progress (CIP). The City also initiated a building construction project in 2021. Total CIP additions in 2021 amounted to \$5,314,776. For the business-type activities, the most significant activity consisted of capital contributions for infrastructure (water, sewer, and storm water lines) and CIP additions for a storm water lines project.

The following graphs show the breakdown of governmental capital assets by category for 2021 and 2020.

Capital Assets - Governmental Activities 2021

Capital Assets - Governmental Activities 2020



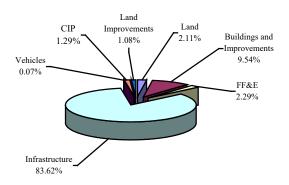
The City's largest governmental capital asset category is buildings and improvements. The net book value of the City's buildings and improvements (cost less accumulated depreciation) represents approximately 30.23% of the City's total governmental capital assets.

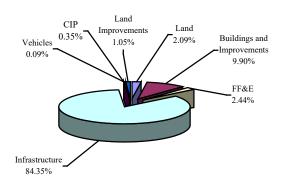
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

The following graphs show the breakdown of business-type capital assets by category for 2021 and 2020.

Capital Assets - Business - Type Activities 2021

Capital Assets - Business - Type Activities 2020





The City's largest business-type capital asset category is infrastructure consisting of water lines and tanks, sewer lines, pumps and chambers, and storm water lines. The net book value of the City's infrastructure (cost less accumulated depreciation) represents approximately 83.62% of the City's total business-type capital assets.

Debt Administration

The City had the following long-term debt outstanding at December 31, 2021 and 2020.

	Governmen	ntal Activities	Business-type Activities				
	2021	2020	2021	2020			
Revenue bonds	\$ 1,125,000	\$ 2,215,000	\$ -	\$ -			
General obligation bonds*	7,308,430	4,018,996	3,173,010	3,306,973			
Special obligation bonds	3,689,000	-	-	-			
OPWC loans	934,411	689,841	576,329	526,028			
Capital lease obligations	345,302	547,009					
Total long-term obligations	\$ 13,402,143	\$ 7,470,846	\$ 3,749,339	\$ 3,833,001			

^{*} Including unamortized premium

The City had several new debt issuances in 2021:

- General obligation bonds and special obligation bonds in the amount of \$3,788,000 and \$3,785,000, respectively, for the purpose of constructing buildings to rent for commercial use and to use for government office space.
- Capital leases in the amount of \$52,313 to acquire a parks mower and law enforcement equipment.
- OPWC loans in the amount of \$274,242 and \$71,587 for governmental activities and business-type activities, respectively, for the purpose of infrastructure improvements.

See Note 12 in the notes to the basic financial statements for detail on the City's long-term obligations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Economic Conditions and Outlook

Based on the general re-opening and transition from the COVID-19 pandemic which significantly impacted operations, the City experienced an increase in income tax collections of \$2,716,360 from \$15,650,467 to \$18,366,827 as reported on the full accrual basis of accounting. This increase is imperative to City operations as income taxes represent approximately 74% of governmental activities total revenues. Furthermore, income taxes are allocated to the General Fund, Rainy Day Fund, Debt Service Fund, and Capital Improvement Fund per City Ordinance. Increases in General Fund income tax revenues allows the City to subsidize several funds which will provide recreational related activities that our citizens may benefit from including a recreation center, outdoor pool, splash pads and slides, an 18 hole golf course, parks and walking trails and transportation programs.

During 2021, the City issued \$7,600,000 in taxable/tax-exempt bonds to bring more recreational amenities to the City. Two commercial buildings will be constructed with the first floor of each building leased to potential restaurants and the second floor of each building used for government office space. Construction of these commercial buildings is expected to be complete mid to late 2022 with the first floor of each space leased to commercial tenants.

The City issued \$1,800,000 in bond anticipation notes for the purpose of reconstructing cart paths at the City's 18 hole golf course as well as constructing a maintenance barn to be used for storing golf course equipment and related chemicals. Finally, proceeds will be used to purchase a new two and half-ton snow truck with related appurtenances for the Public Works Department.

As the City continues to invest throughout the corporate limits, we are cognizant of maintaining conservative budgeting practices. This can be evidenced to City Council increasing our Rainy Day Fund reserve from \$2,000,000 to \$3,000,000 during 2021 as the City was expected to meet the previous limit in 2022.

Contacting the City's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Mr. Jason Carr, CPA, Finance Director, City of Groveport, 655 Blacklick Street, Groveport, Ohio 43215.

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STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2021

	1	Component Unit		
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Groveport CIC
Assets:				
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 20,179,417	\$ 3,046,980	\$ 23,226,397	\$ 4,430
Cash with fiscal agent	32,357	-	32,357	-
Receivables:				
Income taxes	4,519,079	-	4,519,079	-
Property taxes	544,712	-	544,712	-
Accounts	68,013	593,025	661,038	-
Accrued interest	21,248	-	21,248	-
Special assessments	-	29,988	29,988	-
Intergovernmental	530,529		530,529	-
Materials and supplies inventory	98,545	5,130	103,675	-
Prepayments	241,087	40,876	281,963	-
Inventory held for resale	6,904	-	6,904	-
Net pension asset	82,027	7,357	89,384	-
Net OPEB asset	498,331	44,695	543,026	-
Capital assets:	22 002 (10	010 500	24 < 14 22 2	
Nondepreciable capital assets	23,803,619	810,709	24,614,328	-
Depreciable capital assets, net	27,381,969	22,992,040	50,374,009	
Total capital assets, net	51,185,588	23,802,749	74,988,337	
Total assets	78,007,837	27,570,800	105,578,637	4,430
Deferred outflows of resources:				
Unamortized deferred charges on debt refunding.	40,167	-	40,167	-
Pension	1,684,875	97,063	1,781,938	-
OPEB	825,274	46,902	872,176	-
Total deferred outflows of resources	2,550,316	143,965	2,694,281	
X . 1 . 1				
Liabilities:	005.042	10.07/	014.010	
Accounts payable	895,942	18,876	914,818	-
Contracts payable	759,312	7,152	766,464	-
Accrued wages and benefits payable	252,981	10,302	263,283	-
Due to other governments	1,375,561	122,453	1,498,014	-
Accrued interest payable	31,368	9,020	40,388	-
Deposits held and due to others	456	31,890	32,346	-
Unearned revenue	293,305	-	293,305	-
Long-term liabilities:	2 405 052	152.015	2 ((0,000	
Due within one year	2,495,073	173,817	2,668,890	-
Due in more than one year:		200 422	10 20 5 0 5 1	
Net pension liability.	9,825,448	380,423	10,205,871	-
Net OPEB liability	867,854	-	867,854	-
Other amounts due in more than one year	11,937,106	3,646,880	15,583,986	
Total liabilities	28,734,406	4,400,813	33,135,219	
Deferred inflows of resources:				
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year	527,669	-	527,669	-
Unamortized deferred gain on debt refunding	16,803	-	16,803	-
Pension	2,678,502	188,398	2,866,900	-
OPEB	1,969,084	151,419	2,120,503	-
Total deferred inflows of resources	5,192,058	339,817	5,531,875	-
Net position:			<u> </u>	
Net investment in capital assets	41,572,300	20,046,258	61,618,558	-
Capital improvements	3,986	_	3,986	_
State highway program	494,694	-	494,694	-
Public safety programs	24,055	-	24,055	-
Cemetery care	151,647	-	151,647	-
Other purposes	6,751	-	6,751	-
Unrestricted	4,378,256	2,927,877	7,306,133	4,430
Total net position	\$ 46,631,689	\$ 22,974,135	\$ 69,605,824	\$ 4,430

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

		Program Revenues						
	Expenses		harges for ices and Sales	Operating Grants and Contributions			pital Grants Contributions	
Governmental activities:	 							
General government	\$ 2,573,712	\$	205,457	\$	-	\$	-	
Security of persons and property	4,781,881		106,392		5,082		-	
Public health and welfare	84,302		37,586		-		-	
Transportation	2,306,620		198,306		1,129,624		1,308,187	
Community environment	548,912		495,056		666		-	
Leisure time activity	4,329,329		1,721,315		12,430		-	
Economic development	2,337,422		-		-		-	
Interest and fiscal charges	383,396		-		-		-	
Total governmental activities	17,345,574		2,764,112		1,147,802		1,308,187	
Business-type activities:								
Water	672,963		980,762		-		200,967	
Sewer	1,221,628		1,003,752		-		111,492	
Storm water	695,096		531,751		-		217,083	
Total business-type activities	2,589,687		2,516,265		-		529,542	
Total primary government	\$ 19,935,261	\$	5,280,377	\$	1,147,802	\$	1,837,729	
Component unit:								
Groveport CIC	\$ 46,275	\$	3,384	\$	13,356	\$		
		Conc	ral ravanuac					

General revenues:

General revenues.
Property taxes levied for:
General purposes
Income taxes levied for:
General purposes
Debt service
Capital projects
Grants and entitlements not restricted
to specific programs
Investment earnings
Payment in lieu of taxes
Miscellaneous
Total general revenues
Change in net position
Net position at beginning of year
Net position at end of year

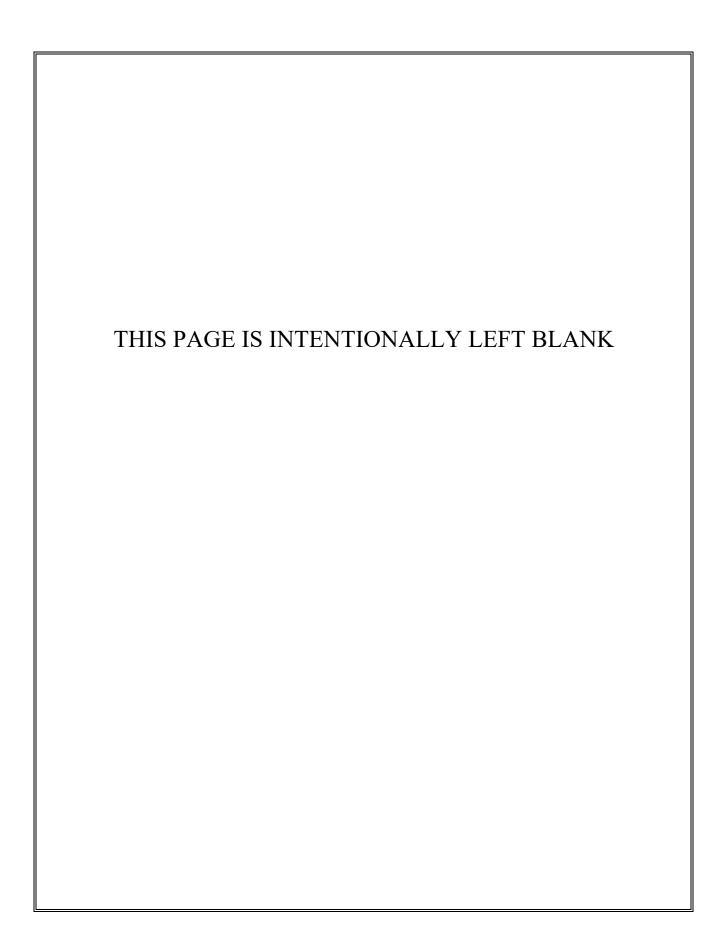
Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

	Primary Government			Component Unit
overnmental Activities	Business-type Activities Total		Total	Groveport CIC
\$ (2,368,255)	\$ -	\$	(2,368,255)	\$ -
(4,670,407)	-		(4,670,407)	-
(46,716)	-		(46,716)	-
329,497	-		329,497	-
(53,190)	-		(53,190)	-
(2,595,584)	-		(2,595,584)	-
(2,337,422)	-		(2,337,422)	-
(383,396)			(383,396)	
(12,125,473)	-		(12,125,473)	-
_	508,766		508,766	_
_	(106,384)		(106,384)	_
_	53,738		53,738	_
-	456,120		456,120	
(12,125,473)	456,120		(11,669,353)	
<u> </u>	<u>-</u> _			(29,535)
512,576	-		512,576	-
15,634,303	_		15,634,303	_
910,842	_		910,842	_
1,821,682	-		1,821,682	-
167,717	-		167,717	-
(35,778)	-		(35,778)	-
258,389	-		258,389	-
452,486	80,241		532,727	
19,722,217	80,241		19,802,458	
7,596,744	536,361		8,133,105	(29,535)
39,034,945	22,437,774		61,472,719	33,965
\$ 46,631,689	\$ 22,974,135	\$	69,605,824	\$ 4,430

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

		General		ereation & atic Center	D	ebt Service	Im	Capital provement
Assets:								
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	8,123,364	\$	203,648	\$	3,378,058	\$	1,646,930
Cash with fiscal agent		-		-		-		-
Receivables:								
Income taxes		3,841,217		-		225,954		451,908
Property taxes		544,712		-		-		-
Accounts		20,603		976		-		-
Accrued interest		21,248		-		-		-
Intergovernmental		69,866		-		-		-
Materials and supplies inventory		-		-		-		-
Prepayments		129,497		33,487		-		-
Inventory held for resale								
Total assets	\$	12,750,507	\$	238,111	\$	3,604,012	\$	2,098,838
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	799,660	\$	25,040	\$		\$	
Contracts payable	Ф	799,000	Φ	23,040	Φ	-	Φ	74,809
Accrued wages and benefits payable		195,024		19,348		_		74,007
Compensated absences payable		66,334		19,540		_		-
Due to other governments		1,340,853		12,769		_		_
Deposits held and due to others		1,540,655		12,707		_		_
Unearned revenue						_		_
Official feverage								
Total liabilities		2,401,871		57,157				74,809
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year		527,669		_		_		_
Delinquent property tax revenue not available.		17,043		_		_		_
Accrued interest not available		9,863		_		-		_
Income tax revenue not available		2,620,836		_		154,166		308,334
Intergovernmental revenue not available		47,764		-		_		, <u>-</u>
Total deferred inflows of resources	-	3,223,175		-		154,166		308,334
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable		129,497		33,487		-		-
Restricted		-		-		-		_
Committed		123,418		147,467		3,449,846		1,715,695
Assigned		3,799,272		-		-		_
Unassigned		3,073,274						
Total fund balances.		7,125,461		180,954		3,449,846		1,715,695
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	12,750,507	\$	238,111	\$	3,604,012	\$	2,098,838

	Nonmajor overnmental	Total Governmental				
Gu	Funds	Funds				
\$	6,827,417	\$ 20,179,417				
	32,357	32,357				
	_	4,519,079				
	-	544,712				
	46,434	68,013				
	-	21,248				
	460,663	530,529				
	98,545	98,545				
	78,103	241,087				
	6,904	6,904				
\$	7,550,423	\$ 26,241,891				
\$	71,242	\$ 895,942				
Ψ	684,503	759,312				
	38,609	252,981				
	-	66,334				
	21,939	1,375,561				
	456	456				
	293,305	293,305				
	1,110,054	3,643,891				
	-	527,669				
	-	17,043				
	-	9,863				
	-	3,083,336				
	367,880	415,644				
	367,880	4,053,555				
	176,648	339,632				
	4,666,604	4,666,604				
	1,229,237	6,665,663				
	-	3,799,272				
		3,073,274				
	6,072,489	18,544,445				
\$	7,550,423	\$ 26,241,891				



RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DECEMBER 31, 2021

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 18,544,445
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		51,185,588
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred inflows in the funds. Income taxes receivable Delinquent property taxes receivable Intergovernmental receivable Accrued interest receivable Total	\$ 3,083,336 17,043 415,644 9,863	3,525,886
On the statement of net position interest is accrued on outstanding capital leases, bonds and loans payable, whereas in governmental funds, interest is accrued when due.		(31,368)
Unamortized deferred amounts on debt refundings are not recognized in governmental funds. Deferred outflows of resources - deferred charges Deferred inflows of resources - deferred gain Total	40,167 (16,803)	23,364
Unamortized premiums on bond issuances are not recognized in governmental funds.		(99,530)
The net pension asset and net pension liability are not available to pay for current period expenditures and are not due and payable in the current period, respectively; therefore, the asset, liability and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in governmental funds. Net pension asset Deferred outflows of resources Deferred inflows of resources Net pension liability Total	82,027 1,684,875 (2,678,502) (9,825,448)	(10,737,048)
The net OPEB asset and net OPEB liability are not available to pay for current period expenditures and are not due and payable in the current period, respectively; therefore, the asset, liability and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in governmental funds. Net OPEB asset Deferred outflows of resources Deferred inflows of resources Net OPEB liability Total	498,331 825,274 (1,969,084) (867,854)	(1,513,333)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in governmental funds. The long-term liabilities are as follows: Income tax revenue bonds payable General obligation bonds payable Special obligation bonds payable OPWC loans payable Capital leases payable Compensated absences payable Total	(1,125,000) (7,208,900) (3,689,000) (934,411) (345,302) (963,702)	(14,266,315)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 46,631,689

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Property taxes. 503,841 - - Payment in lieu of taxes. - - - Charges for services. 192,525 757,224 - Fines, licenses and permits 468,655 - - Intergovernmental. 155,927 - - 850,24 Special assessments 4,638 - - - - Investment income. (16,064) -<		General	Recreation & Aquatic Center	Debt Service	Capital Improvement
Property taxes. 503,841 - - Payment in lieu of taxes. - - - Charges for services. 192,525 757,224 - Fines, licenses and permits 468,655 - - Intergovernmental. 155,927 - - 850,24 Special assessments 4,638 - - - - Investment income. (16,064) -<	Revenues:			_	_
Payment in lieu of taxes. - - - Charges for services. 192,525 757,224 - Fines, licenses and permits 468,655 - - Intergovernmental. 155,927 - - 850,24 Special assessments 4,638 - - - - Investment income. (16,064) -	Income taxes		\$ -	\$ 908,675	\$ 1,817,346
Charges for services. 192,525 757,224 - Fines, licenses and permits 468,655 - - Intergovernmental. 155,927 - - 850,24 Special assessments 4,638 - - - - Investment income. (16,064) - <td< td=""><td></td><td>503,841</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td></td<>		503,841	-	-	-
Fines, licenses and permits 468,655		-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental. 155,927 - - 850,24 Special assessments 4,638 - - Investment income. (16,064) - - Other. 305,819 4,470 30,512 30,012 Total revenues. 17,212,786 761,694 939,187 2,697,60 Expenditures: Current: General government 2,898,537 - 24,988 Security of persons and property 4,531,373 - - -			757,224	-	-
Special assessments 4,638 - - Investment income (16,064) - - Other 305,819 4,470 30,512 30,012 Total revenues 17,212,786 761,694 939,187 2,697,60 Expenditures: Current: Ceneral government 2,898,537 - 24,988 Security of persons and property 4,531,373 - - -			-	-	-
Investment income. (16,064) - - Other. 305,819 4,470 30,512 30,012 Total revenues. 17,212,786 761,694 939,187 2,697,60 Expenditures: Current: Ceneral government 2,898,537 - 24,988 Security of persons and property 4,531,373 - -			-	-	850,243
Other. 305,819 4,470 30,512 30,012 Total revenues. 17,212,786 761,694 939,187 2,697,60 Expenditures: Current: General government 2,898,537 - 24,988 Security of persons and property 4,531,373 - -			-	-	-
Total revenues. 17,212,786 761,694 939,187 2,697,60 Expenditures: Current: General government 2,898,537 - 24,988 Security of persons and property 4,531,373 - -	Investment income	* ' '	-	-	-
Expenditures: Current: General government	Other				30,012
Current: 2,898,537 - 24,988 Security of persons and property 4,531,373 - -	Total revenues	17,212,786	761,694	939,187	2,697,601
General government					
Security of persons and property 4,531,373					
			-	24,988	-
Public health and welfare 53 538			-	-	-
		53,538	-	-	-
Transportation			-	-	-
Community environment			-	-	-
Leisure time activity			1,972,793	-	-
Economic development		2,359,099	-	-	-
Capital outlay		-	-	-	2,129,219
Principal retirement		225 870	6 763	1 558 273	
Interest and fiscal charges	-		,		-
Debt issuance costs	——————————————————————————————————————	01,304	1,379	231,207	-
		12 953 706	1 981 135	1 814 468	2,129,219
•	•	12,755,700		1,011,100	2,123,213
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	over (under) expenditures	4,259,080	(1,219,441)	(875,281)	568,382
Other financing sources (uses):	Other financing sources (uses):				
Bond issuance		-	-	-	-
Proceeds from sale of assets	Proceeds from sale of assets	3,338	-	-	-
Capital lease transaction	Capital lease transaction	52,313	-	-	-
Transfers in	Transfers in	17,600	1,400,000	-	-
Transfers (out)	Transfers (out)	(2,625,000)	(12,900)	-	-
		-	-	-	274,242
		(2,551,749)	1,387,100		274,242
Net change in fund balances	Net change in fund balances	1,707,331	167,659	(875,281)	842,624
Fund balance at beginning of year 5,418,130 13,295 4,325,127 873,07	Fund balance at beginning of year	5,418,130	13,295	4,325,127	873,071
	Fund balance at end of year				

Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ -	\$ 18,323,466
-	503,841
258,389	258,389
1,366,699	2,316,448
3,090	471,745
1,143,163	2,149,333
-	4,638
5,812	(10,252)
81,673	452,486
2,858,826	24,470,094
264,585 53,340	3,188,110 4,584,713
64,569	118,107
1,640,173	1,738,523
34,897	774,517
	5,396,417
1,467,689 526	2,359,625
3,773,319	5,902,538
, ,	3,902,338
107,386	1,908,292
4,852	319,022
72,378	72,378
7,483,714	26,362,242
(4,624,888)	(1,892,148)
7,573,000	7,573,000
-	3,338
-	52,313
1,225,000	2,642,600
(4,700)	(2,642,600)
-	274,242
8,793,300	7,902,893
4,168,412	6,010,745
1,904,077	12,533,700
\$ 6,072,489	\$ 18,544,445

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	6,010,745
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report purchases of capital assets as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Capital asset additions Current year depreciation Total	\$ 6,100,141 (2,006,028)		4,094,113
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, disposals, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net position.			(30,338)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in governmental funds. Income taxes Delinquent property taxes Intergovernmental revenues Special assessments Investment income Total	43,361 8,735 14,603 (28,719) (23,700)		14,280
Issuances of bonds, loans and capital leases are reported as other financing sources in the governmental funds, but they increase liabilities on the statement of net position.			(7,899,555)
Repayment of bond, loan and capital lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position.			1,908,292
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding capital leases, bonds and notes, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. The following items resulted in less interest expense reported in the statement of activities. Increase in accrued interest payable Amortization of bond premiums Amortization of deferred charges on refunding Amortization of deferred gain on refunding Total	(10,265) 59,966 (43,819) 2,122		8,004
Contractually required pension/OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows. Pension OPEB Total	 1,058,917 14,162		1,073,079
Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension asset/liability and net OPEB asset/liability are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities. Pension OPEB Total	(672,428) 2,937,036		2,264,608
Some compensated absences expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			153,516
		•	
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$	7,596,744

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Budgetee	l Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Income taxes	\$ 13,284,280	\$ 14,060,978	\$ 15,351,770	\$ 1,290,792
Property and other taxes	397,209	420,433	503,841	83,408
Charges for services	160,610	170,000	187,156	17,156
Fines, licenses and permits	282,956	299,500	445,975	146,475
Intergovernmental	100,495	106,371	153,331	46,960
Special assessments	2,362	2,500	4,638	2,138
Investment income	80,541	85,250	116,421	31,171
Other	100,145	106,000	302,928	196,928
Total revenues	14,408,598	15,251,032	17,066,060	1,815,028
Expenditures:				
Current:	2 140 512	2 420 222	2.0(2.1(5	477.057
General government	3,140,512	3,439,222	2,962,165	477,057
Security of persons and property	4,698,202	4,704,632	4,443,903	260,729
Public health and welfare	53,537	53,537	53,537	17.710
Transportation	114,612	116,612	98,894	17,718
Community environment	763,217	815,217	712,573	102,644
Leisure time activity	2,343,349	2,364,849	1,966,408	398,441
Economic development	2,225,419	2,235,419	2,149,273	86,146
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	240,867	264,087	235,870	28,217
Interest and fiscal charges	112,816	117,616	81,384	36,232
Debt issuance costs	30,000	30,000		30,000
Total expenditures	13,722,531	14,141,191	12,704,007	1,437,184
Excess of revenues over expenditures	686,067	1,109,841	4,362,053	3,252,212
Other financing sources (uses):				
Proceeds from sale of assets	472	500	3,338	2,838
Capital lease transaction	128,922	136,460	52,313	(84,147)
Transfers (out)	(4,171,536)	(4,091,536)	(2,732,900)	1,358,636
Total other financing sources (uses)	(4,042,142)	(3,954,576)	(2,677,249)	1,277,327
Net change in fund balance	(3,356,075)	(2,844,735)	1,684,804	4,529,539
Fund balance at beginning of year	3,651,266	3,651,266	3,651,266	-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	335,694	335,694	335,694	_
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 630,885	\$ 1,142,225	\$ 5,671,764	\$ 4,529,539

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) RECREATION & AQUATIC CENTER FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

		Budgeted	Amo	unts		Fin	riance with Ial Budget Positive
	(Original		Final	Actual	(I	Negative)
Revenues:							
Charges for services	\$	653,794	\$	653,794	\$ 756,861	\$	103,067
Other		10,000		10,000	4,470		(5,530)
Total revenues		663,794		663,794	761,331		97,537
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Leisure time activity		2,720,458		2,637,586	2,033,901		603,685
Debt service:							
Principal retirement		7,298		7,298	6,763		535
Interest and fiscal charges		1,741		1,741	1,579		162
Total expenditures		2,729,497		2,646,625	 2,042,243	-	604,382
Excess of expenditures over revenues		(2,065,703)		(1,982,831)	 (1,280,912)		701,919
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers in		2,038,924		2,038,924	1,400,000		(638,924)
Transfers (out)		(12,900)		(12,900)	(12,900)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		2,026,024		2,026,024	 1,387,100		(638,924)
Net change in fund balance		(39,679)		43,193	106,188		62,995
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year		(16,762)		(16,762)	(16,762)		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		56,497		56,497	 56,497		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	56	\$	82,928	\$ 145,923	\$	62,995

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

Business-type A	Activities -	Enterprise Funds
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	Dushiess type Neuville			
A4	Water	Sewer	Storm Water	Total
Assets: Current assets:				
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 1,785,404	\$ 898,790	\$ 362,786	\$ 3,046,980
Receivables:	\$ 1,765,404	\$ 696,790	\$ 302,780	\$ 3,040,960
Accounts.	181,538	152,907	258,580	593,025
Special assessments	101,330	132,707	29,988	29,988
Materials and supplies inventory	_	_	5,130	5,130
Prepayments	35,219	4,343	1,314	40,876
Total current assets	2,002,161	1,056,040	657,798	3,715,999
	2,002,101	1,000,010	051,170	3,713,777
Noncurrent assets:	2,457	558	4,342	7,357
Net OPEB asset	14,924	3,393	26,378	44,695
Capital assets:	14,924	3,393	20,378	44,093
Nondepreciable capital assets	18,992	509,268	282,449	810,709
Depreciable capital assets, net	8,952,260	9,910,194	4,129,586	22,992,040
Total capital assets, net	8,971,252	10,419,462	4,412,035	23,802,749
Total capital assets, net	0,771,232	10,417,402	4,412,033	23,002,747
Total noncurrent assets	8,988,633	10,423,413	4,442,755	23,854,801
Total assets	10,990,794	11,479,453	5,100,553	27,570,800
Deferred outflows of resources:				
Pension	19,030	13,802	64,231	97,063
OPEB	7,483	7,803	31,616	46,902
Total deferred outflows of resources	26,513	21,605	95,847	143,965
Liabilities:				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	4,597	309	13,970	18,876
Contracts payable	-	7,152		7,152
Accrued wages and benefits payable	10,302	-	-	10,302
Due to other governments	4,257	118,196	_	122,453
Accrued interest payable	9,020	-	-	9,020
Deposits held and due to others	-	31,890	-	31,890
Compensated absences payable - current	19,131	-	-	19,131
General obligation bonds payable	133,400	-	-	133,400
OPWC loans payable	10,471		10,815	21,286
Total current liabilities	191,178	157,547	24,785	373,510
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Compensated absences payable	52,227	-	-	52,227
General obligation bonds payable	3,039,610	-	_	3,039,610
OPWC loans payable	246,074	-	308,969	555,043
Net pension liability	127,028	28,879	224,516	380,423
Total noncurrent liabilities	3,464,939	28,879	533,485	4,027,303
Total liabilities	3,656,117	186,426	558,270	4,400,813
	3,030,117	100,120	230,270	1,100,015
Deferred inflows of resources:	76 410	12 (41	00 220	100 200
Pension	76,418 50 773	13,641	98,339 80,595	188,398
Total deferred inflows of resources	59,773 136,191	11,051 24,692	80,595 178,934	151,419 339,817
	130,191	24,032	170,734	337,017
Net position:	5.544.60=	10.412.212	4 000 051	20.046.250
Net investment in capital assets	5,541,697	10,412,310	4,092,251	20,046,258
Unrestricted	1,683,302	877,630	366,945	2,927,877
Total net position	\$ 7,224,999	\$ 11,289,940	\$ 4,459,196	\$ 22,974,135

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds

		Water		Sewer	Sto	orm Water		Total
Operating revenues:								
Charges for services	\$	980,762	\$	1,003,752	\$	531,751	\$	2,516,265
Other operating revenues		317		12,709		138		13,164
Total operating revenues		981,079		1,016,461		531,889		2,529,429
Operating expenses:								
Personal services		94,238		62,979		303,378		460,595
Contract services		103,832		754,103		129,757		987,692
Materials and supplies		85,218		75,394		118,716		279,328
Depreciation		278,304		329,152		143,245		750,701
Total operating expenses		561,592		1,221,628		695,096		2,478,316
Operating income (loss)		419,487		(205,167)		(163,207)		51,113
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):								
Interest and fiscal charges		(111,371)		_		-		(111,371)
Special assessments		-		_		67,077		67,077
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(111,371)		-		67,077		(44,294)
Income (loss) before capital contributions		308,116		(205,167)		(96,130)		6,819
Capital contributions		200,967		111,492		217,083		529,542
Change in net position		509,083		(93,675)		120,953		536,361
Net position at beginning of year		6,715,916		11,383,615		4,338,243		22,437,774
Net position at end of year	\$	7,224,999	\$	11,289,940	\$	4,459,196	\$	22,974,135

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds

	-					
		Water	Sewer	Sto	orm Water	Total
Cash flows from operating activities:			 			
Cash received from charges for services	\$	990,315	\$ 1,008,992	\$	519,391	\$ 2,518,698
Cash received from other operations		317	44,599		138	45,054
Cash payments for personal services		(243,746)	(62,789)		(423,403)	(729,938)
Cash payments for contract services		(134,910)	(760,249)		(152,280)	(1,047,439)
Cash payments for materials and supplies		(87,503)	 (75,205)		(98,522)	 (261,230)
Net cash provided by (used in)						
operating activities		524,473	 155,348		(154,676)	 525,145
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:						
Cash received from special assessments			 		37,089	37,089
Net cash provided by noncapital						
financing activities			 		37,089	 37,089
Cash flows from capital and related						
financing activities:						
Acquisition of capital assets		(28,530)	(55,668)		(230,838)	(315,036)
Principal retirement		(143,871)	-		(10,815)	(154,686)
Interest and fiscal charges		(112,158)	-		-	(112,158)
Loan issuance		-	-		71,587	71,587
Cash received from capital contributions			 -		95,536	 95,536
Net cash used in capital						
and related financing activities		(284,559)	 (55,668)		(74,530)	 (414,757)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and investments		239,914	99,680		(192,117)	147,477
Cash and investments at beginning of year		1,545,490	799,110		554,903	2,899,503
Cash and investments at end of year	\$	1,785,404	\$ 898,790	\$	362,786	\$ 3,046,980
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STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds

	 Water	 Sewer	St	orm Water	 Total
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:					
Operating income (loss)	\$ 419,487	\$ (205,167)	\$	(163,207)	\$ 51,113
Adjustments:					
Depreciation	278,304	329,152		143,245	750,701
Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources,					
liabilities and deferred inflows of resources:					
Accounts receivable	9,553	5,240		(12,360)	2,433
Materials and supplies inventory	-	-		28,623	28,623
Prepayments	(33,367)	(4,343)		(1,314)	(39,024)
Net pension asset	(880)	(187)		(1,670)	(2,737)
Net OPEB asset	(14,924)	(3,393)		(26,378)	(44,695)
Deferred outflows of resources - pension	10,614	18,930		44,275	73,819
Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB	13,067	11,554		37,894	62,515
Accounts payable	(2,209)	(7,402)		(29,638)	(39,249)
Accrued wages and benefits	5,533	-		-	5,533
Due to other governments	1,821	5,402		(2,938)	4,285
Compensated absences payable	5,006	-		-	5,006
Deposits held and due to others	-	31,890		-	31,890
Net pension liability	(42,691)	(11,105)		(63,064)	(116,860)
Net OPEB liability	(116,291)	(27,397)		(197,049)	(340,737)
Deferred inflows of resources - pension	(17,909)	5,024		36,365	23,480
Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB	 9,359	 7,150		52,540	 69,049
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 524,473	\$ 155,348	\$	(154,676)	\$ 525,145

Non-cash capital and related financing activities:

During 2021 the Water fund received contributions of capital assets in the amount of \$200,967.

Capital assets purchased on account for the Sewer fund amounted to \$7,152 at December 31, 2021 and \$203 at December 31, 2020.

During 2021 the Sewer fund received contributions of capital assets in the amount of \$111,492.

Capital assets purchased on account for the Storm Water fund amounted to \$13,784 at December 31, 2020.

During 2021 the Storm Water fund received contributions of capital assets in the amount of \$121,547.

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

	C	Custodial Funds			
Assets:					
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	280,703			
Cash in segregated accounts		1,059			
Total assets		281,762			
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable		13,337			
Total liabilities		13,337			
Net position:					
Restricted for individuals and other governments .		268,425			
Total net position	\$	268,425			

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Custodial Funds			
Additions:				
Fines, licenses and permits collected for others	\$	372,406		
Total additions		372,406		
Deductions:				
Fines, licenses and permits distributed to others		228,444		
Total deductions		228,444		
Change in net position		143,962		
Net position at beginning of year		124,463		
Net position at end of year	\$	268,425		

CITY OF GROVEPORT FRANKLIN COUNTY, OHIO

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE CITY

The City of Groveport (the "City") was founded in 1847 and is located in Franklin County. The City is a body corporate and politic established to exercise the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio and the City Charter. The City Charter was adopted in 1990 and provides for a Mayor-Council-Administrator form of government. The six member council is elected at-large in odd-numbered years for overlapping four-year terms. The Council members serve as the legislative authority and the taxing authority. The Council members create and adopt the annual operating budget and approve expenditures of City funds.

The City provides general governmental services to its residents including: police services, community affairs, senior citizens' services, building and zoning regulation and enforcement, water and sewer services, road maintenance, parks, and other administrative support services. Madison Township provides fire protection for the City. The City's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the City is financially accountable.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements (BFS) of the City have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to local governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial principles. The most significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the City consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the City. For the City, these include public safety services, street maintenance and repair, parks, recreation, water, and sewer services. Council and the City Administrator are directly responsible for these activities.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the City is financially accountable. The City is financially accountable for an organization if the City appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the City is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organizations; or (2) the City is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the City is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance deficits of or provide financial support to the organization; or the City is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations for which the City approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion by the primary government would render the primary government's financial statements incomplete or misleading.

Based on the foregoing criteria, the financial activities of the Groveport Community Improvement Corporation (CIC) have been reflected in the accompanying basic financial statements as a discretely presented component unit. Due to the nature and significance of the CIC's relationship with the City it was determined that excluding the CIC would render the City's financial statement incomplete or misleading. The CIC also meets the fiscal dependency and financial burden criteria related to the City. Information relating to the component unit can be found in Note 21. Separately issued financial statements can be obtained by contacting Jeff Green, Executive Director, 655 Blacklick Street, Groveport, Ohio 43125.

CITY OF GROVEPORT FRANKLIN COUNTY, OHIO

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

B. Basis of Presentation

The City's BFS consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-Wide Financial Statements - The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the City as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the City that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the City at year end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the City's governmental activities and for the business-type activities of the City. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the City, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental functions are self-financing or draw from the general revenues of the City.

Fund Financial Statements - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the City. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating transactions from nonoperating transactions. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operation. The principal operating transactions of the City's proprietary funds are charges for sales and services, and include personnel and other expenses related to the operations of the enterprise activity. All other revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as nonoperating transactions.

C. Fund Accounting

The City uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. Fund accounting is a concept developed to meet the needs of governmental entities in which legal or other restraints require the recording of specific receipts and disbursements. The transactions of each fund are reflected in a self-balancing group of accounts. The City classifies each fund as either governmental, proprietary or fiduciary.

Governmental Funds - Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. Governmental fund assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The following are the City's major governmental funds:

<u>General fund</u> - This fund is used to account for and report all financial resources of the City except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the City for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Recreation & aquatic center</u> - This fund receives charges for services for aquatic and recreation center operations.

<u>Debt service</u> - This fund accounts for a portion of the City's income tax collections and other revenue sources used for principal and interest payments associated with the City's outstanding debt.

<u>Capital improvement</u> - This fund accounts for a portion of the City's income tax collections and other revenue sources used for the purchase and construction of capital improvements for the City.

Other governmental funds of the City are used to account for (a) financial resources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets, and (b) specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to an expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

Proprietary Funds - These funds are used to account for activities that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent is that costs of providing services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. The following are the City's major enterprise funds:

<u>Water fund</u> - This fund accounts for the provision of water treatment and distribution to the residents and commercial users located within the City.

<u>Sewer fund</u> - This fund accounts for the provision of sewer services to its residential and commercial users located within the City.

<u>Storm water fund</u> - This fund accounts for the storm drainage runoff services provided to the residents and commercial users of the City.

Fiduciary Funds - Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and custodial funds. The City's only fiduciary funds are custodial funds which account for the City's Mayor's Court and escrow inspections.

D. Measurement Focus

Government-Wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows associated with the operation of the City are included on the statement of net position. The statement of activities presents increases (e.g. revenues) and decreases (e.g. expenses) in total net position.

Fund Financial Statements - All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets, deferred outflows of resources, current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the financial statements for governmental funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Like the government-wide statements, all proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net position. The statement of changes in fund net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the City finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

Fiduciary funds are also accounted for using a flow of economic resources measurement focus.

E. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary funds and fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred inflows and outflows of resources and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions - Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, are recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. For the City, available means expected to be received within sixty days of year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include income taxes, property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from income taxes is recognized in the period in which the income is earned (See Note 8). Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year end: income taxes, State-levied locally shared taxes (including gasoline tax, local government funds and permissive tax), fines and forfeitures and fees.

<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> - In addition to assets, the government-wide statement of net position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. See Notes 14 and 15 for deferred outflows of resources related to the City's net pension liability/asset and net OPEB liability/asset, respectively. In addition, deferred outflows of resources include a deferred charge on debt refunding. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

In addition to liabilities, both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the City, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, deferred charges on debt refunding and unavailable revenue. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of December 31, 2021, but which were levied to finance 2022 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow of resources on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the City, unavailable revenue includes, but is not limited to, income taxes, delinquent property taxes and intergovernmental grants. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available.

See Notes 14 and 15 for deferred inflows of resources related to the City's net pension liability/asset and net OPEB liability/asset, respectively. This deferred inflow of resources is only reported on the government-wide statement of net position.

Expenses/Expenditures - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

F. Budgetary Process

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations ordinance are subject to amendments throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified. All funds, other than custodial funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The legal level of budgetary control (that is, the level which expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations) is established at the fund, department, personal services/all other level. Budgetary modifications outside the legal level of budgetary control may only be made by an ordinance of the City Council.

Tax Budget - A budget of estimated cash receipts and disbursements is submitted to the County Auditor, as secretary of the County Budget Commission, by July 20 of each year, for the period January 1 to December 31 of the following year. The purpose of the tax budget is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.

Estimated Resources - The County Budget Commission determines if the budget substantiates a need to levy all or part of previously authorized taxes and reviews estimated receipts. The Commission certifies its actions to the City by September 1. As part of this certification, the City receives the official certificate of estimated resources, which states the projected receipts of each fund. On or about January 1, the certificate is amended to include unencumbered fund balances at December 31 of the preceding year. Further amendments may be made during the year if the City determined that receipts collected will be greater than or less than the prior estimate and the Budget Commission finds the revised estimate to be reasonable. Prior to January 1, the City must revise its budget so that the total contemplated expenditures from a fund during the ensuing fiscal year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the annual appropriation measure. The amounts reported within the budgetary statements reflect the original and final estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Appropriations - A temporary appropriation ordinance to control expenditures may be passed on or about January 1 of each year for the period January 1 to March 31. An annual appropriation ordinance must be passed by April 1 of each year for the period January 1 to December 31. The appropriation ordinance may be amended during the year as new information becomes available, provided that total fund appropriations do not exceed current estimated resources, as certified. The appropriations at the legal level of control for a fund may only be modified during the year by an ordinance of Council. The amounts on the budgetary statement reflect the final appropriation amounts, including all amendments and modifications legally enacted by Council.

Encumbrances - As part of the formal budgetary control, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded in order to reserve the portions of the applicable appropriation. At the close of each year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriations. Encumbrances are carried forward and are not reappropriated as part of the subsequent year appropriations.

G. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the City is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the City's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and investments" on the financial statements. Cash that is held separately for the Mayor's Court and not held in the City treasury is recorded on the financial statements as "cash in segregated accounts."

For purposes of the statement of cash flows and for presentation on the financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the City are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments. Investments are reported as assets. Accordingly, purchases of investments are not recorded as disbursements, and sales of investments are not recorded as receipts. Gains or losses at the time of sale are recorded as receipts or negative receipts (contra revenue), respectively.

During 2021, investments were limited to negotiable certificates of deposit, federal agency securities, Municipal Bonds, commercial paper, Federal Government Obligation Money Market Mutual Funds, and the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio).

Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts such as nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are reported at cost

STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The City measures its investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For 2021, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, twenty-four hours advance notice is appreciated for deposits and withdrawals of \$100 million or more. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$250 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$250 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Interest income is distributed to the funds according to charter and statutory requirements. There was no interest revenue assigned to other funds during 2021.

An analysis of the City's investments at year-end is provided in Note 4.

H. Inventory

Inventories are presented at cost on a first-in, first-out basis and are expended/expensed when used. Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption and golf course inventory held for resale.

I. Prepayments

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond December 31, 2021, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method by recording a current asset for the prepaid amount at the time of the purchase and the expenditure/expense in the year in which services are consumed.

J. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition cost. The City maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The City's infrastructure consists of streets, street lights, traffic signals, water lines, water tanks, sewer lines, sewer pumps, a sewer chamber and storm lines acquired December 31, 1980 and later. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. Interest incurred during the construction of capital assets is also capitalized for business-type activities.

All reported capital assets are depreciated except for land, construction in progress and easements. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Useful lives for infrastructure were estimated based on the City's historical records of necessary improvements and replacement.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Governmental Activities Estimated Lives	Business-type Activities Estimated Lives
Land improvements	5 - 65 years	20 years
Buildings and improvements	20 - 50 years	50 years
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	5 - 20 years	15 - 30 years
Vehicles	8 years	8 years
Infrastructure:		
Streets	15 - 25 years	n/a
Street lights	12 years	n/a
Traffic signals	20 years	n/a
Water lines	n/a	50 years

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Water tanks	n/a	50 - 75 years
Sewer lines	n/a	50 years
Sewer pumps	n/a	15 years
Sewer chamber	n/a	50 years
Storm lines	n/a	50 years

K. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the City consist of vacation leave and sick leave to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the City and the employee.

In conformity with GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the City will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability is based on accumulated sick leave and employees wage rates at year end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the City's termination policy. The City records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for all employees with at least 10 years of service with the City.

The total liability for compensated absence payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at the balance sheet date, and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus applicable additional salary related payments. City employees are granted vacation leave and sick leave in varying amounts. In the event of termination, an employee is reimbursed for accumulated vacation and sick leave at various rates.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

On governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported. For proprietary funds, the entire amount of compensated absences is reported as a fund liability.

L. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds, notes, loans and capital leases are recognized as a liability on the governmental fund financial statements when due. Net pension/OPEB liability should be recognized in the governmental funds to the extent that benefit payments are due and payable and the pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is not sufficient for payment of those benefits.

M. Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue arises when revenues are received before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. At December 31, 2021 this includes grant revenue received before all eligibility requirements have been met.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

N. Interfund Activity

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the government-wide statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements. Transfers between governmental funds are eliminated on the statement of activities.

O. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (ordinance) of City Council (the highest level of decision making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless City Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes, but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted nor committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. City Council has established fund balance policies that allow the Finance Director to assign fund balance for specific purposes. Council may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's budget.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The City applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

P. Unamortized Bond Premiums/Accounting Gain or Loss/Bond Issuance Costs

Bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bond premiums are presented as an addition to the face amount of the bonds.

For a refunding resulting in the defeasance of debt, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense. This accounting gain or loss is amortized over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter, and is presented as a deferred outflow or inflow of resources.

On the governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums and deferred charges from refunding are recognized in the current period. The reconciliation between the face value of the bonds and the amount reported on the statement of net position is presented in Note 12.

Bond issuance costs are expensed when they occur.

Q. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets plus deferred outflows of resources less liabilities less deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position restricted for other purposes primarily consists of amounts restricted for court computerization.

The City applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

R. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the City Administration and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during 2021.

S. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

T. Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability, net pension asset, net OPEB asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

U. Fair Value Measurements

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

Change in Accounting Principles

For 2021, the City has implemented GASB Statement No. 89, "<u>Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period</u>" and GASB Statement No. 98, "<u>The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report</u>."

GASB Statement No. 89 establishes accounting requirements for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. GASB Statement No. 89 requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. GASB Statement No. 89 also reiterates that financial statements prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period should be recognized as an expenditure on a basis consistent with governmental fund accounting principles. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 89 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the City.

GASB Statement No. 98 establishes the terminology annual comprehensive financial report and its acronym ACFR. The new terminology and acronym replaces instances of comprehensive annual financial report and its acronym in generally accepted accounting principles for state and local governments. These changes were incorporated into the City's 2021 financial statements; however, there was no effect on net position/fund balance.

For 2021, the City has applied GASB Statement No. 95, "Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance" to GASB Statement Nos. 91, 92 and 93, which were originally due to be implemented in 2021 and to GASB Statement No. 87, which was originally due to be implemented in 2020. GASB Statement No. 95 provides temporary relief to governments and other stakeholders in light of the COVID-19 pandemic. This objective is accomplished by postponing the effective dates of certain provisions in Statements and Implementation Guides that first became effective or are scheduled to become effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018, and later.

The following pronouncements are postponed and the City has elected delaying implementation until the year ended December 31, 2022:

- Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations
- Statement No. 92, Omnibus 2020
- Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates
- Statement No. 87, *Leases*
- Implementation Guide No. 2019-3, *Leases*

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the City into three categories:

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the City Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that Council has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits in interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal or interest by the United States;
- Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Government National Mortgage Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio, and with certain limitations including a requirement for maturity within ten years from the date of settlement, bonds and other obligations of political subdivisions of the State of Ohio, if training requirements have been met;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items 1 or 2 above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool, the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio);
- 8. High grade commercial paper for a period not to exceed 270 days in an amount not to exceed forty percent of the City's interim monies available for investment; and,
- 9. Bankers acceptances for a period not to exceed 180 days and in an amount not to exceed forty percent of the City's interim monies available for investment.

The City may also invest any monies not required to be used for a period of six months or more in the following:

1. Bonds of the State of Ohio;

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

2. Bonds of any municipal corporation, City, county, township, or other political subdivision of this State, as to which there is no default of principal, interest or coupons; and,

3. Obligations of the City.

Protection of the deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by the financial institution's participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. Excepted as noted above, an investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the City, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Cash in Segregated Accounts

The City has a depository account outside the City treasury to account for the Mayor's Court operations. The carrying amount for this account at December 31, 2021 was \$1,059. This amount is included in "deposits with financial institutions" below.

B. Cash with Fiscal Agent

At year-end, the City had \$32,357 on deposit with the Franklin County Treasurer for permissive funds collected, but not yet distributed to the City. This amount is not included in the City's "deposits with financial institutions" below.

C. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At December 31, 2021, the carrying amount of all City deposits was \$3,341,047 and the bank balance of all City deposits was \$3,523,921. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by the FDIC, \$2,374,185 was covered by the OPCS and \$899,736 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below because those deposits were uninsured and uncollateralized.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the City will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or protected by (1) eligible securities pledged to the City's and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose market value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured, or (2) participation in the OPCS, a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total market value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State. For 2021, the City's financial institution was approved for a reduced collateral rate of 60 percent through the OPCS. Although all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the City to a successful claim by the FDIC.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

D. Investments

As of December 31, 2021, the City had the following investments and maturities:

			Investment Maturities									
Measurement/	N	1easurement		6 months		7 to 12		13 to 18		19 to 24	G	reater than
Investment type	_	Amount		or less		months		months	_	months	2	4 months
Fair value:												
FHLB Notes	\$	2,960,343	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	748,328	\$	2,212,015
FFCB Notes		342,643		-		-		-		-		342,643
Negotiable CDs		4,478,113		994,158		998,413		499,987		498,190		1,487,365
Municipal Bonds		2,560,060		1,001,335		1,558,725		-		-		-
Commercial Paper		747,338		-		747,338		-		-		-
Amortized cost:												
Federated Government												
Obligation Money Market												
Mutual Funds		1,487,048		1,487,048		-		-		-		-
STAR Ohio		7,591,567	_	7,591,567	_						_	
Total	\$	20,167,112	\$	11,074,108	\$	3,304,476	\$	499,987	\$	1,246,518	\$	4,042,023

The City's investments measured at fair value are valued using quoted prices in markets that are not considered to be active, dealer quotations or alternative pricing sources for similar assets or liabilities for which all significant inputs are available, either directly or indirectly (Level 2 inputs). The weighted average maturity of investments is 1.01 years.

Interest Rate Risk: The Ohio Revised Code generally limits security purchases to those that mature within five years of the settlement date. Interest rate risk arises because potential purchasers of debt securities will not agree to pay face value for those securities if interest rates subsequently increase. The City's investment policy addresses interest rate risk by requiring the consideration of market conditions and cash flow requirements in determining the term of an investment.

Credit Risk: STAR Ohio carries a rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. Investments in Federated Governmental Obligation Money Market Mutual Funds were rated AAAm and Aaa-mf by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services, respectively. The City's investments in federal agency securities were rated AA+ and Aaa by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services, respectively. The commercial paper investments were rated A1 by Moody's. The negotiable CDs are fully FDIC insured. The City's municipal bond investments are not rated. The City's investment policy does not specifically address credit risk beyond requiring the City to only invest in securities authorized by state statute.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the Finance Director or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The City's investment policy addresses concentration of credit risk by requiring investments to be diversified to reduce the risk of loss resulting from over concentration of assets in a specific issue or specific class of securities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the City at December 31, 2021:

Measurement/	Measurement		
<u>Investment type</u>	_	Amount	% of Total
Fair value:			
FHLB Notes	\$	2,960,343	14.68
FFCB Notes		342,643	1.70
Negotiable CDs		4,478,113	22.21
Municipal Bonds		2,560,060	12.69
Commercial Paper		747,338	3.71
Amortized cost:			
Federated Government Obligation			
Money Market Mutual Funds		1,487,048	7.37
STAR Ohio		7,591,567	37.64
Total	\$	20,167,112	100.00

E. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statements of Net Position

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statements of net position as of December 31, 2021:

Cash and investments per note		
Carrying amount of deposits	\$	3,341,047
Investments		20,167,112
Cash with fiscal agent		32,357
Total	\$	23,540,516
Cash and investments per statements of net position Governmental activities	\$	20,211,774
Business type activities		3,046,980
Custodial funds		281,762
Total	Φ	23,540,516

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2021, consisted of the following, as reported in the fund financial statements:

		Recreation & Aquatic	Nonmajor overnmental	
Transfers From	General	Center	Funds	Total
General	\$ -	\$ 1,400,000	\$ 1,225,000	\$ 2,625,000
Recreation & aquatic center Nonmajor governmental funds	 12,900 4,700		 <u>-</u>	12,900 4,700
Total	\$ 17,600	\$ 1,400,000	\$ 1,225,000	\$ 2,642,600

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSFERS - (Continued)

Transfers are made to use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. The transfers to the general fund were made in order to provide resources for future termination payments. All transfers were made in accordance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.14, 5705.15 and 5705.16. Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the City. Taxes collected from real property taxes (other than public utility) in one calendar year are levied in the preceding calendar year on the assessed value as of January 1 of that preceding year, the lien date. Assessed values are established by the County Auditor at 35 percent of appraised market value. All property is required to be revaluated every six years. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits later payment dates to be established.

Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes collected in one calendar year are levied in the preceding calendar year on assessed values determined as of December 31 of the second year preceding the tax collection year, the lien date. Public utility tangible personal property is assessed at varying percentages of true value; public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value. 2021 public utility property taxes became a lien December 31, 2020, are levied after October 1, 2021, and are collected in 2022 with real property taxes. Public utility property taxes are payable on the same dates as real property taxes described previously.

The County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts in the County, including the City of Groveport. The County Auditor periodically remits to the City its portion of the taxes collected. Property taxes receivable represents real property taxes, public utility taxes, tangible personal property taxes and outstanding delinquencies which are measurable as of December 31, 2021 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. In the governmental funds, the current portion receivable has been offset by a deferred inflow since the current taxes were not levied to finance 2021 operations and the collection of delinquent taxes has been offset by a deferred inflow since the collection of the taxes during the available period is not subject to reasonable estimation. On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue while on a modified accrual basis the revenue is reported as a deferred inflow of resources.

The full tax rate for all City operations for the year ended December 31, 2021 was \$1.40 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed values of real and tangible personal property upon which 2021 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

Real property	\$ 341,399,140
Public utility person property	47,200,430
Total assessed value	\$ 388,599,570

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 7 - TAX ABATEMENTS

As of December 31, 2021, the City provides tax abatements through a Community Reinvestment Area (CRA) program. Under the authority of Ohio Revised Code (ORC) Section 3735.67, the CRA program is an economic development tool administered by municipal and county governments that provides real property tax exemptions for property owners who renovate existing or construct new buildings. CRA's are areas of land in which property owners can receive tax incentives for investing in real property improvements. Under the CRA program, local governments petition to the Ohio Development Services Agency (ODSA) for confirmation of a geographical area in which investment in housing is desired. Once an area is confirmed by the ODSA, local governments may offer real property tax exemptions to taxpayers that invest in that area. Property owners in the CRA can receive temporary tax abatements for renovation of existing structures and new construction in these areas. Property owners apply to the local legislative authority for approval to renovate or construct in the CRA. Upon approval and certification of completion, the amount of the abatement is deducted from the individual or entity's property tax bill. During 2021, the total property taxes abated under the City's CRA program amounted to \$224,066.

NOTE 8 - LOCAL INCOME TAX

The City levies and collects an income tax of two percent on all income earned within the City as well as on incomes of residents earned outside the City. In the latter case, the City allows a full credit for the tax paid to other municipalities, not to exceed the amount owed. Employers within the City are required to withhold income tax on employee earnings and remit the tax to the City at least quarterly. Corporations and other individual taxpayers are also required to pay their estimated tax at least quarterly and file a final return annually. The City utilizes the Regional Income Tax Agency (RITA) for the collection of income taxes on its behalf. Income tax revenue for 2021 was \$18,323,466 as reported in the fund financial statements. The allocation of income taxes to different City funds is made by City Council Ordinance. For 2021, City Council has earmarked \$150,000 toward the City's rainy day fund (until the balance reaches \$3,000,000) with the remaining allocation credited to the general fund, debt service fund, and capital improvements fund of 85%, 5%, and 10%, respectively.

NOTE 9 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at December 31, 2021, consisted of taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services), accrued interest, special assessments and intergovernmental receivables arising from grants, entitlements and shared revenue. Receivables have been recorded to the extent that they are measurable at December 31, 2021.

Intergovernmental receivables reported on the statement of net position consist of the following:

Governmental activities:

Local government State and County support	\$ 57,211
Motor vehicle and gas tax	460,663
Homestead and rollback	12,655
Total	\$ 530,529

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected within the subsequent year, except for special assessments which are collected over the life of the assessment.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 10 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A. Governmental Activities

Changes in capital assets for the governmental activities for the year ended December 31, 2021 were as follows.

	Balance			Balance
	12/31/20	Additions	<u>Disposals</u>	12/31/21
Governmental activities:			_	
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 4,319,438	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,319,438
Intangible assets - easements	13,140,000	-	-	13,140,000
Construction in progress	1,029,405	5,314,776		6,344,181
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	18,488,843	5,314,776		23,803,619
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	4,314,302	83,432	-	4,397,734
Buildings and improvements	23,874,294	9,393	(28,958)	23,854,729
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	3,351,395	141,251	(135,866)	3,356,780
Vehicles	2,529,626	57,324	(226,324)	2,360,626
Infrastructure:				
Streets	45,144,355	424,032	-	45,568,387
Street lights	4,459,546	33,912	-	4,493,458
Traffic signals	1,256,318	36,021	(19,735)	1,272,604
Total capital assets, being depreciated	84,929,836	785,365	(410,883)	85,304,318
Less: accumulated depreciation				
Land improvements	(1,151,915)	(113,247)	-	(1,265,162)
Buildings and improvements	(7,832,145)	(553,777)	2,897	(8,383,025)
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	(2,212,438)	(237,331)	131,589	(2,318,180)
Vehicles	(1,574,943)	(242,562)	226,324	(1,591,181)
Infrastructure:				
Streets	(38,557,367)	(772,691)	-	(39,330,058)
Street lights	(4,230,349)	(35,211)	-	(4,265,560)
Traffic signals	(737,709)	(51,209)	19,735	(769,183)
Total accumulated depreciation	(56,296,866)	(2,006,028)	380,545	(57,922,349)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	28,632,970	(1,220,663)	(30,338)	27,381,969
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 47,121,813	\$ 4,094,113	\$ (30,338)	\$ 51,185,588

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the governmental activities as follows:

General government	\$	177,014
Security of persons and property		122,622
Transportation		1,014,268
Leisure time activity		686,731
Community environment		2,683
Economic development	_	2,710
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$	2,006,028

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 10 - CAPITAL ASSETS - (Continued)

B. Business-Type Activities

Changes in capital assets for the business-type activities for the year ended December 31, 2021 were as follows.

	Balance 12/31/20	Additions	<u>Disposals</u>	Balance 12/31/21
Business-type activities:			-	
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 503,010	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 503,010
Construction in progress	79,334	228,365		307,699
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	582,344	228,365		810,709
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	271,602	13,818	-	285,420
Buildings and improvements	2,641,418	-	-	2,641,418
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	791,197	19,783	-	810,980
Vehicles	41,771	-	-	41,771
Infrastructure:				
Water lines	9,687,069	200,967	-	9,888,036
Water tanks	192,349	-	-	192,349
Sewer lines	14,119,673	127,442	-	14,247,115
Sewer pumps	470,169	15,135	=	485,304
Sewer chamber	662,472	15,150	-	677,622
Storm lines	6,517,705	121,547		6,639,252
Total capital assets, being depreciated	35,395,425	513,842		35,909,267
Less: accumulated depreciation				
Land improvements	(22,475)	(5,620)	-	(28,095)
Buildings and improvements	(316,968)	(52,828)	-	(369,796)
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	(234,935)	(31,741)	-	(266,676)
Vehicles	(20,021)	(3,979)	-	(24,000)
Infrastructure:				
Water lines	(3,532,200)	(201,780)	-	(3,733,980)
Water tanks	(71,406)	(5,663)	-	(77,069)
Sewer lines	(5,009,155)	(284,942)	-	(5,294,097)
Sewer pumps	(231,320)	(17,425)	-	(248,745)
Sewer chamber	(145,586)	(13,552)	-	(159,138)
Storm lines	(2,582,460)	(133,171)		(2,715,631)
Total accumulated depreciation	(12,166,526)	(750,701)		(12,917,227)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	23,228,899	(236,859)		22,992,040
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 23,811,243	<u>\$ (8,494)</u>	\$ -	\$ 23,802,749

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 11 - CAPITAL LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

During 2021 and in prior years, the City entered into capital leases for the purchase of equipment and vehicles. These leases meet the criteria of a capital lease as defined by GASB Statement No. 62, which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee.

For governmental activities, capital assets consisting of equipment and vehicles have been capitalized in the amounts of \$1,293,835 and \$1,605,909, respectively. These amounts represent the present value of the minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition. A corresponding liability was recorded in the government-wide financial statements. The net capital assets acquired through the capital leases are as follows:

		Activities
Assets:		
Equipment	\$	1,293,835
Vehicles		1,605,909
Less: accumulated depreciation	_	(1,932,928)
Total	\$	966,816

Principal payments in 2021 totaled \$139,870 and \$6,763 paid from the general fund and recreation & aquatic center fund, respectively. Principal payments made from the nonmajor governmental funds include \$14,983 and \$92,404 paid from the street construction, maintenance and repair fund and golf course fund, respectively.

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments required under the capital leases and the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2021.

Fiscal Year Ending	Gov	vernmental
December 31	A	ctivities
2022	\$	198,987
2023		117,091
2024		32,930
2025		11,725
Total future minimum lease payments		360,733
Less: amount representing interest		(15,431)
Present value of future minimum lease payments	\$	345,302

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 12 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. Governmental Activities

During 2021, the following activity occurred in the governmental activities long-term obligations.

	Balance			Balance	Amounts Due in
Governmental activities:	12/31/20	Additions	Reductions	12/31/21	One Year
Income Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds	\$ 2,215,000	\$ -	\$ (1,090,000)	\$ 1,125,000	\$ 1,125,000
General Obligation Bonds, Series 2013	1,440,000	-	(85,000)	1,355,000	100,000
General Obligation Bonds, Series 2020					
(Direct Borrowing)	2,419,500	-	(251,600)	2,167,900	258,600
General Obligation Bonds, Series 2021A					
(Direct Borrowing)	-	3,788,000	(102,000)	3,686,000	178,000
Special Obligation Bonds, Series 2021B					
(Direct Borrowing)	-	3,785,000	(96,000)	3,689,000	168,000
OPWC Loans (Direct Borrowings):					
Spiegel Drive	112,777	-	(5,935)	106,842	5,936
Hendron Road	522,755	-	(20,500)	502,255	20,500
West Bixby Road	3,835	-	(178)	3,657	178
S.Hamilton Road	50,474	-	(3,059)	47,415	3,059
West Bixby Road, Phase II	-	274,242	-	274,242	-
Capital Lease Obligations	547,009	52,313	(254,020)	345,302	188,283
Compensated Absences	1,117,218	358,851	(446,033)	1,030,036	447,517
Net Pension Liability	11,243,656	272,741	(1,690,949)	9,825,448	-
Net OPEB Liability	4,843,701	89,082	(4,064,929)	867,854	
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 24,515,925	\$ 8,620,229	\$ (8,110,203)	25,025,951	\$ 2,495,073
Add: unamortized premium on bonds				99,530	
Total on the Statement of Net Position				\$ 25,125,481	

The Special Obligation Bonds, Series 2021B will be repaid from the general fund. All other bonds and loans are expected to be paid from the debt service fund. The City liquidates obligations related to employee compensation (such as compensated absences, net pension liability and net OPEB liability) from the fund benefitting from the employee's service. This typically includes the general fund, street maintenance and repair fund, recreation & aquatic center fund and golf course fund. See Note 11 for more detail on the capital lease obligations. See Notes 14 and 15 for more detail on the net pension liability and net OPEB liability, respectively.

On October 1, 2002, the City issued income tax revenue bonds for the purpose of constructing, furnishing and equipping a recreation center with related facilities, site improvements and to advance refund the 1996 general obligation capital facilities bonds.

On March 1, 2012, the City issued \$9,980,000 of income tax revenue refunding bonds in order to advance refund the 2002 revenue bond issue. The City used the issuance proceeds to purchase securities which were placed in an irrevocable trust to provide resources for all future debt service payments on the refunded debt. The refunded debt is considered defeased and the applicable liabilities have been removed from the financial statements. At December 31, 2021, \$1,210,000 of defeased bonds remains outstanding.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 12 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The City has pledged future income tax revenues as the source of payment for the income tax revenue refunding bonds. The bonds are payable solely from income tax revenues and are payable through 2022. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require all available net revenues of the debt service fund. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the income tax revenue refunding bonds is \$1,167,188. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total available income tax revenues were \$1,166,938 and \$914,199, respectively.

On July 25, 2013, the City issued \$1,990,000 of general obligation bonds (Series 2013). The bonds were issued in order to retire the \$950,000 street improvements bond anticipation notes that matured on the same date and to finance the acquisition of land for the construction of site improvements related to the Groveport town center project. The annual interest rates on the bonds range from 2.0-5.0% and the bonds mature December 1, 2033.

On September 16, 2020, the City issued \$3,026,000 of general obligation bonds (Series 2020). This bond issue is a direct borrowing that has terms negotiated directly between the City and the lender and is not offered for public sale. \$2,460,900 was issued to currently refund \$2,440,000 of the Series 2010 general obligation bonds, originally issued for the purchase of a golf course and the construction public infrastructure improvements, and \$565,100 was issued to currently refund the \$560,000 of bond anticipation notes, Series 2020, originally issued for water system improvements. The bonds carry an annual interest rate of 1.44% and mature on December 1, 2029.

The refunded Series 2010 bonds are defeased and the applicable liabilities have been removed from the financial statements. None of the defeased debt is outstanding at December 31, 2021.

On April 30, 2021, the City issued \$3,788,000 of general obligation bonds (Series 2021A) at an interest rate of 2.55% and \$3,785,000 of special obligation bonds (Series 2021B) at an interest rate of 3.19%. These bond issues are both a direct borrowing that have terms negotiated directly between the City and the lender and are not offered for public sale. The bonds were issued for the purpose of constructing two new commercial buildings in the City's historic downtown. Restaurants will occupy the first floor of each building while government use space will be utilized for the second floor. These bonds are scheduled to mature on December 1, 2038. As of December 31, 2021, the Series 2021A general obligation bonds and the Series 2021B special obligation bonds have unspent debt proceeds of \$2,153,914 and \$2,370,889, respectively.

The special obligation bonds are not general obligations of the City, and they are federally taxable, non-tax revenue bonds.

<u>OPWC Loans</u>: The City has five OPWC loans in the governmental activities for various road improvement projects throughout the City. The total original issuance amount of the loans was \$1,661,788. These zero-interest loans are repaid in equal semi-annual installments with a final maturity on July 1, 2046.

OPWC loans are direct borrowings that have terms negotiated directly between the City and the OPWC and are not offered for public sale. In the event of default, the OPWC may (1) charge an 8% default interest rate from the date of the default to the date of the payment and charge the City for all costs incurred by the OPWC in curing the default, (2) in accordance with Ohio Revised Code 164.05, direct the county treasurer of the county in which the City is located to pay the amount of the default from funds that would otherwise be appropriated to the City from such county's undivided local government fund pursuant to ORC 5747.51-5747.53, or (3) at its discretion, declare the entire principal amount of loan then remaining unpaid, together with all accrued interest and other charges, become immediately due and payable.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 12 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

B. Business-Type Activities

During 2021, the following activity occurred in the business-type activities long-term obligations.

					Amounts
	Balance			Balance	Due in
Business-type Activities:	12/31/20	<u>Additions</u>	Reductions	12/31/21	One Year
General Obligation Bonds, Series 2014	\$ 2,740,000	\$ -	\$ (75,000)	\$ 2,665,000	\$ 75,000
General Obligation Bonds, Series 2020					
(Direct Borrowing)	553,500	-	(58,400)	495,100	58,400
OPWC Loans (Direct Borrowings):					
West Bixby Road	90,157	-	(4,193)	85,964	4,193
Hendron Road	435,871	-	(17,093)	418,778	17,093
West Bixby Road, Phase II	-	71,587	-	71,587	-
Compensated Absences	66,352	22,843	(17,837)	71,358	19,131
Net Pension Liability	497,283	-	(116,860)	380,423	-
Net OPEB Liability	340,737		(340,737)		
Total Business-type Activities	\$ 4,723,900	\$ 94,430	\$ (630,120)	4,188,210	\$ 173,817
Add: unamortized premium on bonds				12,910	
Total on the Statement of Net Position				\$ 4,201,120	

See Notes 14 and 15 for details on the net pension liability and net OPEB liability.

On July 24, 2014, the City issued general obligation bonds in the amount of \$3,160,000 (series 2014), comprised of \$350,000 serial bonds maturing December 1, 2019, and term bonds of \$220,000, \$245,000, \$265,000, \$200,000, \$210,000, \$225,000, \$650,000 and \$795,000 maturing each December 1 of 2022, 2025, 2028, 2030, 2032, 2034, 2039 and 2044, respectively. The bond proceeds are being used for improvements to the City's water system. The bonds bear interest rates ranging from 1.00% to 4.00% and have a final stated maturity of December 1, 2044. Principal and interest payments are made from the water fund.

See the previous page for more detail regarding the Series 2020 general obligation bonds.

The City has obtained loan financing from the OPWC for various road improvement projects. See the previous page for more detail on these loans. The business-type activities portion of these interest-free loans will be paid from the water fund and storm water fund in semi-annual installments. The West Bixby Road loan matures on July 1, 2042. The Hendron Road loan matures on July 1, 2046. The West Bixby Road, Phase II loan is not closed out and therefore a repayment schedule is not yet available.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 12 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

C. Future Debt Payments

The following is a summary of the City's future annual debt service principal and interest requirements:

	Gov	nental Activ		Governmental Activities						
Year Ending	Incom	e Ta	x Revenue	Bonds		Gener	ral (Obligation B	ond	S
December 31,	Principal		Interest	Total	F	Principal		Interest		Total
2022	\$ 1,125,000	\$	42,188	1,167,188	\$	536,600	\$	180,992	\$	717,592
2023	-		-	-		542,900		169,449		712,349
2024	-		-	-		553,000		157,751		710,751
2025	-		-	-		559,200		145,381		704,581
2026	-		-	-		569,400		132,860		702,260
2027 - 2031	-		-	-		2,465,800		462,937		2,928,737
2032 - 2036	-		-	-		1,466,000		166,018		1,632,018
2037 - 2038						516,000		16,069		532,069
Total	\$ 1,125,000	\$	42,188	\$ 1,167,188	\$	7,208,900	\$	1,431,457	\$	8,640,357

	Governmental Activities						Business-Type Activities					
Year Ending	Speci	al O	bligation B	onds	5		Gener	ral (Obligation B	ond	S	
December 31,	Principal		Interest		Total	F	Principal	rincipal Interest			Total	
2022	\$ 168,000	\$	111,998	\$	279,998	\$	133,400	\$	109,442	\$	242,842	
2023	174,000		106,812		280,812		139,100		106,726		245,826	
2024	179,000		101,441		280,441		140,000		103,275		243,275	
2025	184,000		95,933		279,933		146,800		99,811		246,611	
2026	190,000		90,257		280,257		147,600		96,158		243,758	
2027 - 2031	1,042,000		359,698		1,401,698		678,200		419,043		1,097,243	
2032 - 2036	1,213,000		188,844		1,401,844		575,000		311,000		886,000	
2037 - 2041	539,000		21,162		560,162		705,000		186,000		891,000	
2042 - 2044	<u>-</u> _		_		_		495,000		40,000		535,000	
Total	\$ 3,689,000	\$	1,076,145	\$	4,765,145	\$	3,160,100	\$	1,471,455	\$	4,631,555	

Governmental Activities								Busi	ness	-Type Acti	vitie	S
Year Ending			OPW	C Loans					OP	WC Loans		
December 31,	Pr	rincipal	Ir	nterest		Total	P	rincipal		Interest		Total
2022	\$	29,673	\$	-	\$	29,673	\$	21,286	\$	-	\$	21,286
2023		29,673		-		29,673		21,286		-		21,286
2024		29,672		-		29,672		21,286		-		21,286
2025		29,673		-		29,673		21,286		-		21,286
2026		29,673		-		29,673		21,286		-		21,286
2027 - 2031		148,363		-		148,363		106,430		-		106,430
2032 - 2036		148,363		-		148,363		106,430		-		106,430
2037 - 2041		122,727		-		122,727		106,430		-		106,430
2042 - 2046		92,352				92,352		79,022		=		79,022
Total	\$	660,169	\$	_	\$	660,169	\$	504,742	\$		\$	504,742

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 12 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

D. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that the net debt of a municipal corporation, whether or not approved by the electors, shall not exceed 10.5% of the total value of all property in the municipal corporation as listed and assessed for taxation. In addition, the unvoted net debt of municipal corporations cannot exceed 5.5% of the total taxation value of property. The assessed valuation used in determining the City's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in calculating the City's legal debt margin calculation excludes tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The statutory limitations on debt are measured by a direct ratio of net debt to tax valuation and expressed in terms of a percentage. At December 31, 2021, the City's total debt margin was \$33,883,801 (including available funds of \$3,449,846) and the unvoted debt margin was \$11,003,976.

NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Health Insurance

During 2021, the City was insured for its health insurance coverage with Medical Mutual of Ohio. The City employees contribute 9.4% towards their health insurance premiums.

B. Workers' Compensation

The City participates in the Ohio Municipal League (OML) public entity insurance purchasing pool for workers' compensation. The Group Rating Plan is administered by CompManagement, Inc. The OML Group Rating Plan is intended to achieve lower workers' compensation premium rates for the participants, and result in the establishment of a safer working environment. There are no additional contributions required by a participant other than their annual fee.

C. Comprehensive

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During 2021, the City was part of the Central Ohio Risk Management Association (CORMA), for general liability, property, auto, crime, forgery, employee liability, public officers liability, and boiler and machinery insurance.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

The City has transferred its risk of loss to the insurance carrier to the extent of the limits shown in the following table.

Type of Coverage	<u>Deductible</u>	Limits of Coverage
Property	\$ 10,000	\$100,000,000
General Liability:		
Per occurrence	100,000	1,000,000
Annual aggregate	100,000	2,000,000
Inland Marine:		
Accounts Receivable	-	100,000
Police and Contractors Equipment	25,000	10,000,000
EDP	25,000	8,200,000
<u>Vehicles:</u>		
Comprehensive	50,000	Actual cash value
Collision	50,000	Actual cash value
Employees:		
Public Officials Liability	100,000	1,000,000
Employee Benefit Liability	100,000	1,000,000
Police Professional Liability	100,000	1,000,000
Cyber Risks - Liability:		
Privacy and Security	10,000	1,000,000
Payment Card Costs	-	1,000,000
Media	10,000	1,000,000
Regulatory Proceedings	10,000	1,000,000
<u>Cyber Risks – Breach Response:</u>		
Privacy Breach Notification	Impacted Parties \$100	1,000,000
Computer and Legal Experts	10,000	1,000,000
Cyber Extortion	10,000	1,000,000
Data Restoration	10,000	1,000,000
Public Relations	10,000	1,000,000
Cyber Risks – Cyber Crime:		
Computer Fraud	10,000	1,000,000
Funds Transfer Fraud	10,000	1,000,000

Claims have not exceeded coverage limitations in any of the past three years.

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

Net Pension Liability/Asset and Net OPEB Liability/Asset

Pensions and OPEB are a component of exchange transactions – between an employer and its employees – of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee – on a deferred-payment basis – as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The net pension liability/asset and the net OPEB liability/asset represent the City's proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability/asset calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost-of-living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the City's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The City cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the City does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability/asset is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires funding to come from these employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes pension costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded pension liabilities within 30 years. If the pension amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide health care to eligible benefit recipients.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term net pension/OPEB liability/asset on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension/OPEB contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in due to other governments on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

The remainder of this note includes the pension disclosures. See Note 15 for the OPEB disclosures.

Plan Description - Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Plan Description - City employees, other than full-time police, participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The traditional pension plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan and the combined plan is a combination cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit/defined contribution pension plan. Participating employers are divided into state, local, law enforcement and public safety divisions. While members in the state and local divisions may participate in all three plans, law enforcement and public safety divisions exist only within the traditional plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits, and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional and combined plans. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about OPERS' fiduciary net position that may be obtained by visiting https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml, by writing to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling 800-222-7377.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Senate Bill (SB) 343 was enacted into law with an effective date of January 7, 2013. In the legislation, members in the traditional and combined plans were categorized into three groups with varying provisions of the law applicable to each group. The following table provides age and service requirements for retirement and the retirement formula applied to final average salary (FAS) for the three member groups under the traditional and combined plans as per the reduced benefits adopted by SB 343 (see OPERS Annual Report referenced above for additional information, including requirements for reduced and unreduced benefits):

Group A
Eligible to retire prior to
uary 7, 2013 or five years
after January 7, 2013

20 years of service credit prior to January 7, 2013 or eligible to retire ten years after January 7, 2013

Group B

Group C Members not in other Groups and members hired on or after January 7, 2013

State and Local

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit

Traditional Plan Formula:

Eligib

January

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30

Combined Plan Formula:

1% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 1.25% for service years in excess of 30

State and Local Age and Service Requirements:

Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit

Traditional Plan Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30

Combined Plan Formula:

1% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 1.25% for service years in excess of 30

State and Local

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 57 with 25 years of service credit or Age 62 with 5 years of service credit

Traditional Plan Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 35 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 35

Combined Plan Formula:

1% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 35 years and 1.25% for service years in excess of 35

Final Average Salary (FAS) represents the average of the three highest years of earnings over a member's career for Groups A and B. Group C is based on the average of the five highest years of earnings over a member's career.

Members who retire before meeting the age and years of service credit requirement for unreduced benefits receive a percentage reduction in the benefit amount. The initial amount of a member's pension benefit is vested upon receipt of the initial benefit payment for calculation of an annual cost-of-living adjustment.

When a traditional plan benefit recipient has received benefits for 12 months, current law provides for an annual cost of living adjustment (COLA). This COLA is calculated on the base retirement benefit at the date of retirement and is not compounded. Members retiring under the combined plan receive a cost-of-living adjustment on the defined benefit portion of their pension benefit. For those who retired prior to January 7, 2013, the cost of living adjustment is 3 percent. For those retiring subsequent to January 7, 2013, beginning in calendar year 2019, current law provides that the COLA will be based on the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, capped at 3.00%.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Defined contribution plan benefits are established in the plan documents, which may be amended by the Board. Member-directed plan and combined plan members who have met the retirement eligibility requirements may apply for retirement benefits. The amount available for defined contribution benefits in the combined plan consists of the member's contributions plus or minus the investment gains or losses resulting from the member's investment selections. The amount available for defined contribution benefits in the combined plan consists of the member's contributions plus or minus the investment gains or losses resulting from the member's investment selections. Combined plan members wishing to receive benefits must meet the requirements for both the defined benefit and defined contribution plans. Member-directed participants must have attained the age of 55, have money on deposit in the defined contribution plan and have terminated public service to apply for retirement benefits. The amount available for defined contribution benefits in the member-directed plan consists of the members' contributions, vested employer contributions and investment gains or losses resulting from the members' investment selections. Employer contributions and associated investment earnings vest over a five-year period, at a rate of 20 percent each year. At retirement, members may select one of several distribution options for payment of the vested balance in their individual OPERS accounts. Options include the annuitization of the benefit (which includes joint and survivor options), partial lump-sum payments (subject to limitations), a rollover of the vested account balance to another financial institution, receipt of entire account balance, net of taxes withheld, or a combination of these options. When members choose to annuitize their defined contribution benefit, the annuitized portion of the benefit is reclassified to a defined benefit.

Beginning in 2022, the Combined Plan will be consolidated under the Traditional Pension Plan (defined benefit plan) and the Combined Plan option will no longer be available for new hires beginning in 2022.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

	State		
	and Loca	al	
2021 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates			
Employer	14.0	%	
Employee *	10.0	%	
2021 Actual Contribution Rates			
Employer:			
Pension	14.0	%	
Post-employment Health Care Benefits **	0.0	%	
Total Employer	14.0	%	
Employee	10.0	%	

- * This rate is determined by OPERS' Board and has no maximum rate established by ORC.
- ** This employer health care rate is for the traditional and combined plans. The employer contribution for the member-directed plan is 4.00%.

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll.

The City's contractually required contribution for the Traditional Pension Plan, the Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan was \$685,258 for 2021. Of this amount, \$80,610 is reported as a liability.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Plan Description - Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund (OP&F)

Plan Description - City full-time police officers participate in Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by OP&F. OP&F provides retirement and disability pension benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information and detailed information about OP&F fiduciary net position. The report that may be obtained by visiting the OP&F website at www.op-f.org or by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Upon attaining a qualifying age with sufficient years of service, a member of OP&F may retire and receive a lifetime monthly pension. OP&F offers four types of service retirement: normal, service commuted, age/service commuted and actuarially reduced. Each type has different eligibility guidelines and is calculated using the member's average annual salary. The following discussion of the pension formula relates to normal service retirement.

For members hired after July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 52 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit. For members hired on or before July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 48 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit.

The annual pension benefit for normal service retirement is equal to a percentage of the allowable average annual salary. The percentage equals 2.5 percent for each of the first 20 years of service credit, 2.00% for each of the next five years of service credit and 1.50% for each year of service credit in excess of 25 years. The maximum pension of 72.00% of the allowable average annual salary is paid after 33 years of service credit (see OP&F Annual Comprehensive Financial Report referenced above for additional information, including requirements for Deferred Retirement Option Plan provisions and reduced and unreduced benefits).

Under normal service retirement, retired members who are at least 55 years old and have been receiving OP&F benefits for at least one year may be eligible for a cost-of-living allowance adjustment. The age 55 provision for receiving a COLA does not apply to those who are receiving a permanent and total disability benefit, surviving beneficiaries, and statutory survivors. Members participating in the DROP program have separate eligibility requirements related to COLA.

The COLA amount for members who have 15 or more years of service credit as of July 1, 2013, and members who are receiving a pension benefit that became effective before July 1, 2013, will be equal to 3.00% of the member's base pension benefit.

The COLA amount for members who have less than 15 years of service credit as of July 1, 2013, and members whose pension benefit became effective on or after July 1, 2013, will be equal to a percentage of the member's base pension benefit where the percentage is the lesser of 3.00% or the percentage increase in the consumer price index, if any, over the twelve-month period that ends on the thirtieth day of September of the immediately preceding year, rounded to the nearest one-tenth of one percent.

Members who retired prior to July 24, 1986, or their surviving beneficiaries under optional plans are entitled to cost-of-living allowance increases. The annual increase is paid on July 1st of each year. The annual COLA increase is \$360 under a Single Life Annuity Plan with proportional reductions for optional payment plans.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

	Police
2021 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates	
Employer	19.50 %
Employee	12.25 %
2021 Actual Contribution Rates	
Employer:	
Pension	19.00 %
Post-employment Health Care Benefits	0.50 %
Total Employer	19.50 %
Employee	12.25 %

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The City's contractually required contribution to OP&F was \$430,061 for 2021. Of this amount, \$61,388 is reported as a liability.

Net Pension Liabilities/Assets, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability and net pension asset for OPERS was measured as of December 31, 2020, and the total pension liability or asset used to calculate the net pension liability or asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. OP&F's total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2020, and was determined by rolling forward the total pension liability as of January 1, 2020, to December 31, 2020. The City's proportion of the net pension liability or asset was based on the City's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

			OPERS -		
	OPERS -	OPERS -	Member-		
	Traditional	Combined	Directed	OP&F	Total
Proportion of the net pension liability/asset prior measurement date	0.03253000%	0.02829400%	0.01948700%	0.07884120%	
Proportion of the net pension liability/asset					
current measurement date	<u>0.03121300</u> %	<u>0.03011600</u> %	<u>0.01344200</u> %	<u>0.08191040</u> %	
Change in proportionate share	- <u>0.00131700</u> %	0.00182200%	- <u>0.00604500</u> %	0.00306920%	
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 4,621,966	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,583,905	\$ 10,205,871
Proportionate share of the net pension asset	-	86,934	2,450	-	89,384
Pension expense	135,022	2,050	(1,758)	571,218	706,532

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

At December 31, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

						OPERS -				
	_	PERS - aditional	_	PERS - ombined	_	Member- Directed		OP&F		Total
Deferred outflows	117	aumonai	<u> </u>	momed		Directed		Orar		Total
of resources										
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1,686	\$	233,427	\$	235,113
Changes of assumptions	Ψ	_	Ψ	5,430	Ψ	72	Ψ	93,644	Ψ	99,146
Changes in employer's proportionate percentage/difference between				2,.22				,		,
employer contributions Contributions		75,690		-		-		256,670		332,360
subsequent to the										
measurement date		658,346		19,162		7,750		430,061		1,115,319
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	734,036	\$	24,592	\$	9,508	\$	1,013,802	\$	1,781,938
outhows of fesources	Ф	/34,030	Ф	24,392	Φ	9,308	Ф	1,015,602	Ф	1,761,936
						OPERS -				
		OPERS -	(OPERS -		Member-				
		raditional		Combined		Directed		OP&F		Total
Deferred inflows		iuditio iidi	- —	omomou.		Breetea		0141	-	10141
of resources										
Differences between										
expected and										
actual experience	\$	193,340	\$	16,395	\$	-	\$	217,532	\$	427,267
Net difference between										
projected and actual earnings		1 001 507		12.027		260		270.050		2.005.5(1
on pension plan investments Changes in employer's		1,801,507		12,927		269		270,858		2,085,561
proportionate percentage/										
difference between										
employer contributions		210,660		-		-		143,412		354,072
Total deferred										
inflows of resources	\$	2,205,507	\$	29,322	\$	269	\$	631,802	\$	2,866,900

^{\$1,115,319} reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability/asset in the year ending December 31, 2022.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

		OPERS -	OPERS - Member-							
	Traditional		Combined		Directed		OP&F		Total	
Year Ending December 31:								_		
2022	\$	(834,282)	\$	(6,225)	\$	188	\$	(18,298)	\$	(858,617)
2023		(315,483)		(3,955)		227		146,981		(172,230)
2024		(734,353)		(6,932)		168		(214,181)		(955,298)
2025		(245,699)		(3,222)		198		7,127		(241,596)
2026		-		(1,378)		215		30,310		29,147
Thereafter				(2,180)		493				(1,687)
Total	\$	(2,129,817)	\$	(23,892)	\$	1,489	\$	(48,061)	\$	(2,200,281)

Actuarial Assumptions - OPERS

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the values of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial-reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020, using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement in accordance with the requirements of GASB 67. Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results, prepared as of December 31, 2020, are presented below.

Wage inflation	3.25%
Future salary increases, including inflation	3.25% to 10.75% including wage inflation
COLA or ad hoc COLA	Pre 1/7/2013 retirees: 3.00%, simple
	Post 1/7/2013 retirees: 0.50%, simple
	through 2021, then 2.15% simple
Investment rate of return	
Current measurement date	7.20%
Prior measurement date	7.20%
Actuarial cost method	Individual entry age

In October 2020, the OPERS Board adopted a change in COLA for Post-January 7, 2013 retirees, changing it from 1.40% simple through 2020 then 2.15% simple to 0.50% simple through 2021 then 2.15% simple.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Employees mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the RP-2014 Disabled mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to all of the above described tables.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2015.

During 2020, OPERS managed investments in three investment portfolios: the Defined Benefit portfolio, the Health Care portfolio, and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Defined Benefit portfolio contains the investment assets for the Traditional Pension Plan, the defined benefit component of the Combined Plan and the annuitized accounts of the Member-Directed Plan. Within the Defined Benefit portfolio, contributions into the plans are all recorded at the same time, and benefit payments all occur on the first of the month. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual money-weighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investment expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Defined Benefit portfolio was 11.70% for 2020.

The allocation of investment assets with the Defined Benefit portfolio is approved by the Board of Trustees as outlined in the annual investment plan. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined benefit pension plans. The long-term expected rate of return on defined benefit investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return were provided by the Board's investment consultant.

For each major asset class that is included in the Defined Benefit portfolio's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2020, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

	Weighted Average				
		Long-Term Expected			
	Target	Real Rate of Return			
Asset Class	Allocation	(Arithmetic)			
Fixed income	25.00 %	1.32 %			
Domestic equities	21.00	5.64			
Real estate	10.00	5.39			
Private equity	12.00	10.42			
International equities	23.00	7.36			
Other investments	9.00	4.75			
Total	100.00 %	5.43 %			

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability/asset was 7.20%, post-experience study results, for the Traditional Pension Plan, the Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan. The discount rate used to measure total pension liability prior to December 31, 2020 was 7.20%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefits payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the Traditional Pension Plan, Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table presents the proportionate share of the net pension liability/asset calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.20%, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability/asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.20%) or one-percentage-point higher (8.20%) than the current rate:

	Current						
		1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase	
City's proportionate share							
of the net pension liability (asset):							
Traditional Pension Plan	\$	8,816,424	\$	4,621,966	\$	1,134,280	
Combined Plan		(60,533)		(86,934)		(106,611)	
Member-Directed Plan		(2,151)		(2,450)		(2,688)	

Actuarial Assumptions - OP&F

OP&F's total pension liability as of December 31, 2020, is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of January 1, 2020, and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The total pension liability is determined by OP&F's actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual valuation. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment mortality, salary increases, disabilities, retirements and employment terminations. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Assumptions considered were: withdrawal rates, disability retirement, service retirement, DROP elections, mortality, percent married and forms of the payment, DROP interest rate, CPI-based COLA, investment returns, salary increases and payroll growth.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of January 1, 2021, are presented below.

Valuation date

Actuarial cost method
Investment rate of return
Projected salary increases
Payroll increases

1/1/20 with actuarial liabilities rolled forward to 12/31/20
Entry age normal (level percent of payroll)

8.00%
3.75% - 10.50%
3.25% per annum, compounded annually, consisting of

inflation rate of 2.75% plus productivity increase rate of 0.50% 2.20% per year simple

Cost of living adjustments

Mortality for non-disabled participants is based on the RP-2014 Total Employee and Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, adjusted and projected with the Buck Modified 2016 Improvement Scale. Rates for surviving beneficiaries are adjusted by 120%.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Age	Police
67 or less	77%
68-77	105%
78 and up	115%

Mortality for disabled retirees is based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, adjusted according to the rates in the following table, and projected with the Buck Modified 2016 Improvement Scale.

Age	Police
59 or less	35%
60-69	60%
70-79	75%
80 and up	100%

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in the Statement of Investment Policy and Guidelines. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expected. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

Best estimates of the long-term expected geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in OP&F's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2020 are summarized below:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return **			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	- %	0.00 %			
Domestic Equity	21.00	4.10			
Non-US Equity	14.00	4.80			
Private Markets	8.00	6.40			
Core Fixed Income *	23.00	0.90			
High Yield Fixed Income	7.00	3.00			
Private Credit	5.00	4.50			
U.S. Inflation					
Linked Bonds *	17.00	0.70			
Midstream Energy Infrastructure	5.00	5.60			
Real Assets	8.00	5.80			
Gold	5.00	1.90			
Private Real Estate	12.00	5.30			
Total	125.00 %				

Note: assumptions are geometric.

^{*} levered 2x

^{**} numbers include inflation

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

OP&F's Board of Trustees has incorporated the risk parity concept into OP&F's asset liability valuation with the goal of reducing equity risk exposure, which reduces overall Total Portfolio risk without sacrificing return and creating a more risk-balanced portfolio based on the relationship between asset classes and economic environments. From the notional portfolio perspective above, the Total Portfolio may be levered up to 1.25 times due to the application of leverage in certain fixed income asset classes.

Discount Rate - The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 8.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the longer-term assumed investment rate of return 8.00%. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 8.00%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (7.00%), or one percentage point higher (9.00%) than the current rate.

		Current					
	1%	Decrease	Discount Rate		1% Increase		
City's proportionate share							
of the net pension liability	\$	7,773,512	\$	5,583,905	\$	3,751,426	

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPER PLANS

Net OPEB Liability/Asset

See Note 14 for a description of the net OPEB liability/asset.

Plan Description - Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Plan Description - The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) administers three separate pension plans: the traditional pension plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; the member-directed plan, a defined contribution plan; and the combined plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

OPERS maintains a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care trust, which funds multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage and deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement to qualifying benefit recipients of both the traditional pension and the combined plans. Currently, Medicare-eligible retirees are able to select medical and prescription drug plans from a range of options and may elect optional vision and dental plans. Retirees and eligible dependents enrolled in Medicare Parts A and B have the option to enroll in a Medicare supplemental plan with the assistance of the OPERS Medicare Connector. The OPERS Medicare Connector is a relationship with a vendor selected by OPERS to assist retirees, spouses and dependents with selecting a medical and pharmacy plan. Monthly allowances, based on years of service and the age at which the retiree first enrolled in OPERS coverage, are deposited into an HRA. For non-Medicare retirees and eligible dependents, OPERS sponsors medical and prescription coverage through a professionally managed self-insured plan. An allowance to offset a portion of the monthly premium is offered to retirees and eligible dependents. The allowance is based on the retiree's years of service and age when they first enrolled in OPERS coverage.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Medicare-eligible retirees who choose to become re-employed or survivors who become employed in an OPERS-covered position are prohibited from participating in an HRA. For this group of retirees, OPERS sponsors secondary coverage through a professionally managed self-insured program. Retirees who enroll in this plan are provided with a monthly allowance to offset a portion of the monthly premium. Medicare-eligible spouses and dependents can also enroll in this plan as long as the retiree is enrolled.

OPERS provides a monthly allowance for health care coverage for eligible retirees and their eligible dependents. The base allowance is determined by OPERS.

The health care trust is also used to fund health care for member-directed plan participants, in the form of a Retiree Medical Account (RMA). At retirement or separation, member directed plan participants may be eligible for reimbursement of qualified medical expenses from their vested RMA balance.

Effective January 1, 2022, OPERS will discontinue the group plans currently offered to non-Medicare retirees and reemployed retirees. Instead, eligible non-Medicare retirees will select an individual medical plan. OPERS will provide a subsidy or allowance via an HRA allowance to those retirees who meet health care eligibility requirements. Retirees will be able to seek reimbursement for plan premiums and other qualified medical expenses.

In order to qualify for postemployment health care coverage, age and service retirees under the traditional pension and combined plans must have twenty or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit with a minimum age of 60, or generally 30 years of qualifying service at any age. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. Current retirees eligible (or who become eligible prior to January 1, 2022) to participate in the OPERS health care program will continue to be eligible after January 1, 2022. Eligibility requirements will change for those retiring after January 1, 2022, with differing eligibility requirements for Medicare retirees and non-Medicare retirees. The health care coverage provided by OPERS meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement 75. See OPERS' Annual Comprehensive Financial Report referenced below for additional information.

The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require OPERS to provide health care to its eligible benefit recipients. Authority to establish and amend health care coverage is provided to the Board in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Disclosures for the health care plan are presented separately in the OPERS financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by visiting https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml, by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling (614) 222-5601 or 800-222-7377.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority allowing public employers to fund postemployment health care through their contributions to OPERS. When funding is approved by OPERS' Board of Trustees, a portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside to fund OPERS health care plans. Beginning in 2018, OPERS no longer allocated a portion of its employer contributions to health care for the traditional plan and the combined plan.

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the earnable salary of active members. In 2021, state and local employers contributed at a rate of 14.00% of earnable salary and public safety and law enforcement employers contributed at 18.10%. These are the maximum employer contribution rates permitted by the Ohio Revised Code. Active member contributions do not fund health care.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Each year, the OPERS Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside to fund health care plans. For 2021, OPERS did not allocate any employer contribution to health care for members in the Traditional Pension Plan and Combined Plan. The OPERS Board is also authorized to establish rules for the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries to pay a portion of the health care provided. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected. The employer contribution as a percentage of covered payroll deposited into the RMA for participants in the Member-Directed Plan for 2021 was 4.00%.

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The City's contractually required contribution was \$3,100 for 2021. Of this amount, \$365 is reported as a liability.

Plan Description - Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund (OP&F)

Plan Description – The City contributes to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F) sponsored healthcare program, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined post-employment health care plan administered by a third-party provider. This program is not guaranteed and is subject to change at any time upon action of the Board of Trustees. On January 1, 2019, OP&F implemented a new model for health care. Under this new model, OP&F provides eligible retirees with a fixed stipend earmarked to pay for health care and Medicare Part B reimbursements.

OP&F contracted with a vendor who assists eligible retirees in choosing health care plans that are available where they live (both Medicare-eligible and pre-65 populations). A stipend funded by OP&F is available to these members through a Health Reimbursement Arrangement and can be used to reimburse retirees for qualified health care expenses.

A retiree is eligible for the OP&F health care stipend unless they have access to any other group coverage including employer and retirement coverage. The eligibility of spouses and dependent children could increase the stipend amount. If the spouse or dependents have access to any other group coverage including employer or retirement coverage, they are not eligible for stipend support from OP&F. Even if an OP&F member or their dependents are not eligible for a stipend, they can use the services of the third-party administrator to select and enroll in a plan. The stipend provided by OP&F meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75.

OP&F maintains funds for health care in two separate accounts: one account for health care benefits and one account for Medicare Part B reimbursements. A separate health care trust accrual account is maintained for health care benefits under IRS Code Section 115 trust. IRS Code Section 401(h) account is maintained for Medicare Part B reimbursements.

The Ohio Revised Code allows, but does not mandate, OP&F to provide OPEB benefits. Authority for the OP&F Board of Trustees to provide health care coverage to eligible participants and to establish and amend benefits is codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code.

OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information for the plan. The report may be obtained by visiting the OP&F website at www.op-f.org or by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Funding Policy – The Ohio Revised Code provides for contribution requirements of the participating employers and of plan members to the OP&F defined benefit pension plan. Participating employers are required to contribute to the pension plan at rates expressed as percentages of the payroll of active pension plan members, currently 19.50% of covered payroll for police. The Ohio Revised Code states that the employer contribution may not exceed 19.50% of covered payroll for police employer units. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB Plan.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

The Board of Trustees is authorized to allocate a portion of the total employer contributions for retiree health care benefits. For 2021, the portion of employer contributions allocated to health care was 0.50% of covered payroll. The amount of employer contributions allocated to the health care plan each year is subject to the Trustees' primary responsibility to ensure that pension benefits are adequately funded.

The OP&F Board of Trustees is also authorized to establish requirements for contributions to the health care plan by retirees and their eligible dependents or their surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected.

The City's contractually required contribution to OP&F was \$11,317 for 2021. Of this amount, \$1,615 is reported as a liability.

Net OPEB Liabilities/Assets, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows or Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability/asset and total OPEB liability for OPERS were determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2020, by incorporating the expected value of health care cost accruals, the actual health care payment, and interest accruals during the year. OP&F's total OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2020, and was determined by rolling forward the total OPEB liability as of January 1, 2020, to December 31, 2020. The City's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the City's share of contributions to the retirement plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

	OPERS OP&F		Total
Proportion of the net OPEB liability prior measurement date Proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset	0.03189600%	0.07884120%	
current measurement date Change in proportionate share	<u>0.03048000</u> % - <u>0.00141600</u> %	0.08191040% 0.00306920%	
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability Proportionate share of the net	\$ -	\$ 867,854	\$ 867,854
OPEB expense	543,026 (3,284,964)	94,315	543,026 (3,190,649)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

At December 31, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	OPERS		OP&F	Total		
Deferred outflows			_			
of resources						
Changes of assumptions	\$ 266,958	\$	479,442	\$	746,400	
Changes in employer's						
proportionate percentage/						
difference between						
employer contributions	39,224		72,135		111,359	
Contributions						
subsequent to the						
measurement date	3,100		11,317		14,417	
Total deferred						
outflows of resources	\$ 309,282	\$	562,894	\$	872,176	
	OPERS	OP&F		Total		
Deferred inflows			_			
of resources						
Differences between						
expected and						
actual experience	\$ 490,077	\$	143,149	\$	633,226	
Net difference between						
projected and actual earnings						
on OPEB plan investments	289,225		32,250		321,475	
Changes of assumptions	879,864		138,352		1,018,216	
Changes in employer's						
proportionate percentage/						
difference between						
employer contributions	140,211		7,375		147,586	
Total deferred						
inflows of resources	\$ 1,799,377	\$	321,126	\$	2,120,503	

\$14,417 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending December 31, 2022.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	OPERS		OP&F		Total		
Year Ending December 31:							
2022	\$	(780,481)	\$	48,534	\$	(731,947)	
2023		(552,949)		56,170		(496,779)	
2024		(125,684)		44,135		(81,549)	
2025		(34,081)		46,509		12,428	
2026		-		16,258		16,258	
Thereafter				18,845		18,845	
Total	\$	(1,493,195)	\$	230,451	\$	(1,262,744)	

Actuarial Assumptions - OPERS

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the values of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of health care costs for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of coverage provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of costs between OPERS and plan members. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2020.

The actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions applied to all prior periods included in the measurement in accordance with the requirements of GASB 74:

Wage Inflation	3.25%
Projected Salary Increases,	3.25 to 10.75%
including inflation	including wage inflation
Single Discount Rate:	
Current measurement date	6.00%
Prior Measurement date	3.16%
Investment Rate of Return	
Current measurement date	6.00%
Prior Measurement date	6.00%
Municipal Bond Rate	
Current measurement date	2.00%
Prior Measurement date	2.75%
Health Care Cost Trend Rate	
Current measurement date	8.50% initial,
	3.50% ultimate in 2035
Prior Measurement date	10.50%, initial
	3.50%, ultimate in 2030
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Employees mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the RP-2014 Disabled mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to all of the above described tables.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on health care investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation.

During 2020, OPERS managed investments in three investment portfolios: the Defined Benefit portfolio, the Health Care portfolio and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Health Care portfolio includes the assets for health care expenses for the Traditional Pension Plan, Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan eligible members. Within the Health Care portfolio, if any contribution are made into the plans, the contributions are assumed to be received continuously throughout the year based on the actual payroll payable at the time contributions are made. Health care-related payments are assumed to occur mid-year. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual money-weighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investment expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Health Care portfolio was 10.50% for 2020.

The allocation of investment assets within the Health Care portfolio is approved by the Board of Trustees as outlined in the annual investment plan. Assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of continuing to offer a sustainable health care program for current and future retirees. OPERS' primary goal is to achieve and maintain a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined pension plans. Health care is a discretionary benefit. The long-term expected rate of return on health care investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation.

For each major asset class that is included in the Health Care's portfolio's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2020, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

		Weighted Average			
		Long-Term Expected			
	Target	Real Rate of Return			
Asset Class	Allocation	(Arithmetic)			
Fixed Income	34.00 %	1.07 %			
Domestic Equities	25.00	5.64			
Real Estate Investment Trust	7.00	6.48			
International Equities	25.00	7.36			
Other investments	9.00	4.02			
Total	100.00 %	4.43 %			

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Discount Rate - A single discount rate of 6.00% was used to measure the total OPEB liability on the measurement date of December 31, 2020. Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present value using a single discount rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments (to the extent that the health care fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and (2) a tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20- year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate are not met). This single discount rate was based on the actuarial assumed rate of return on the health care investment portfolio of 6.00% and a municipal bond rate of 2.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the health care fiduciary net position and future contributions were sufficient to finance health care costs through the year 2120. As a result, the actuarial assumed long-term expected rate of return on health care investments was applied to projected costs through the year 2120, the duration of the projection period through which projected health care payments are fully funded.

Change in Benefit Terms - On January 15, 2020, the Board approved several changes to the health care plan offered to Medicare and non-Medicare retirees in efforts to decrease costs and increase the solvency of the health care Plan. These changes are effective January 1, 2022 and include changes to base allowances and eligibility for Medicare retirees, as well as replacing OPERS-sponsored medical plans for non-Medicare retirees with monthly allowances, similar to the program for Medicare retirees. These changes are reflected in the December 31, 2020 measurement date health care valuation which are reported by the City at December 31, 2021. These changes significantly decreased the total OPEB liability for the measurement date December 31, 2020.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table presents the proportionate share of the net OPEB asset calculated using the single discount rate of 6.00%, as well as what the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (5.00%) or one-percentage-point higher (7.00%) than the current rate:

	Current						
	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase		
City's proportionate share							
of the net OPEB asset	\$	135,026	\$	543,026	\$	878,434	

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate - Changes in the health care cost trend rate may also have a significant impact on the net OPEB asset. The following table presents the net OPEB asset calculated using the assumed trend rates, and the expected net OPEB asset if it were calculated using a health care cost trend rate that is 1.00% lower or 1.00% higher than the current rate.

Retiree health care valuations use a health care cost-trend assumption that changes over several years built into the assumption. The near-term rates reflect increases in the current cost of health care; the trend starting in 2021 is 8.50%. If this trend continues for future years, the projection indicates that years from now virtually all expenditures will be for health care. A more reasonable alternative is that in the not-too-distant future, the health plan cost trend will decrease to a level at, or near, wage inflation. On this basis, the actuaries project premium rate increases will continue to exceed wage inflation for approximately the next decade, but by less each year, until leveling off at an ultimate rate, assumed to be 3.50% in the most recent valuation.

		Current Health						
			Care	Trend Rate				
City's proportionate share		Decrease	Assumption		1% Increase			
of the net OPEB asset	\$	556,260	\$	543,026	\$	528,218		

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - OP&F

OP&F's total OPEB liability as of December 31, 2020, is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of January 1, 2020, and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The total OPEB liability is determined by OP&F's actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual valuation. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, salary increases, disabilities, retirements and employment terminations. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results, are presented below.

Valuation Date	January 1, 2020, with actuarial liabilities					
	rolled forward to December 31, 2020					
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal (Level Percent of Payroll)					
Investment Rate of Return	8.00%					
Projected Salary Increases	3.75% to 10.50%					
Payroll Growth	3.25%					
Single discount rate:						
Current measurement date	2.96%					
Prior measurement date	3.56%					
Cost of Living Adjustments	2.20% simple per year					

Mortality for non-disabled participants is based on the RP-2014 Total Employee and Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, adjusted according to the rates in the following table, and projected with the Conduent Modified 2016 Improvement Scale. Rates for surviving beneficiaries are adjusted by 120%.

Age	Police
67 or less	77%
68-77	105%
78 and up	115%

Mortality for disabled retirees is based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, adjusted according to the rates in the following table, and projected with the Conduent Modified 2016 Improvement Scale.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Age	Police
59 or less	35%
60-69	60%
70-79	75%
80 and up	100%

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in the Statement of Investment Policy. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expected. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

Best estimates of the long-term expected geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in OP&F's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2020, are summarized below:

	Target	Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return **
Cash and Cash Equivalents	- %	0.00 %
Domestic Equity	21.00	4.10
Non-US Equity	14.00	4.80
Private Markets	8.00	6.40
Core Fixed Income *	23.00	0.90
High Yield Fixed Income	7.00	3.00
Private Credit	5.00	4.50
U.S. Inflation		
Linked Bonds *	17.00	0.70
Midstream Energy Infrastructure	5.00	5.60
Real Assets	8.00	5.80
Gold	5.00	1.90
Private Real Estate	12.00	5.30
Total	125.00 %	

Note: assumptions are geometric.

OP&F's Board of Trustees has incorporated the risk parity concept into OP&F's asset liability valuation with the goal of reducing equity risk exposure, which reduces overall Total Portfolio risk without sacrificing return, and creating a more risk-balanced portfolio based on their relationship between asset classes and economic environments. From the notional portfolio perspective above, the Total Portfolio may be levered up to 1.25 times due to the application of leverage in certain fixed income asset classes.

^{*} levered 2.5x

^{**} numbers include inflation

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Discount Rate - For 2020, the total OPEB liability was calculated using the discount rate of 2.96%. For 2019, the total OPEB liability was calculated using the discount rate of 3.56%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contribution from employers and from members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the longer-term assumed investment rate of return of 8.00%. Based on those assumptions, OP&F's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, a municipal bond rate of 2.12% at December 31, 2020 and 2.75% at December 31, 2019, was blended with the long-term rate of 8.00%, which resulted in a blended discount rate of 2.96% for 2020 and 3.56% for 2019. The municipal bond rate was determined using the Bond Buyers General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rate. The OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected OPEB payments until 2034. The long-term expected rate of return on health care investments was applied to projected costs through 2034, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all health care costs after that date.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 2.96%, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (1.96%), or one percentage point higher (3.96%) than the current rate.

	Current							
	1% Decrease			Discount Rate		1% Increase		
City's proportionate share								
of the net OPEB liability	\$	1,082,164	\$	867,854	\$	691,073		

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate - The total OPEB liability is based on a medical benefit that is a flat dollar amount; therefore, it is unaffected by a health care cost trend rate. An increase or decrease in the trend rate would have no effect on the total OPEB liability.

NOTE 16 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the general fund and recreation and aquatic center fund are presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) Investments are reported at fair value (GAAP basis) rather than cost (budget basis);
- (d) Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis); and,
- (e) Outstanding year-end encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget basis) rather than restricted, committed, or assigned fund balance (GAAP basis).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 16 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - (Continued)

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements (as reported in the fund financial statements) to the budgetary basis statements for all governmental funds for which a budgetary basis statement is presented:

Net Change in Fund Balance

		R	ecreation &
	General	Αc	uatic Center
Budget basis	\$ 1,684,804	\$	106,188
Net adjustment for revenue accruals	(34,148)		363
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals	(356,547)		3,383
Net adjustment for other sources/uses	107,900		-
Funds budgeted elsewhere	29,188		-
Adjustment for encumbrances	 276,134		57,725
GAAP basis	\$ 1,707,331	\$	167,659

Certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a GAAP basis. This includes the income tax rainy day fund, termination payment fund, senior center fund, township inspection fund, flexible spending fund, and employee withholding fund.

NOTE 17 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The City receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on any of the financial statements of the individual fund types included herein or on the overall financial position of the City at December 31, 2021.

B. Economic Development Incentives

The City has entered into agreements with various companies which obligate the City to provide economic assistance payments to these companies, contingent upon the respective companies meeting specified minimums of payroll taxes withheld and remitted to the City or net profit tax paid to the City. Economic Development Incentive payments totaling \$732,022 have been paid and are reflected as accounts payable within the accompanying basic financial statements.

C. Litigation

The City is not a party to any legal proceedings that could have a material effect on the financial condition of the City.

NOTE 18 - FUND BALANCE

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of resources in the governmental funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 18 - FUND BALANCE - (Continued)

The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are as follows:

Fund balance	General	Recreation & Aquatic Center	Debt Service	Capital Improvement	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Nonspendable:						
Prepayments	\$ 129,497	\$ 33,487	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 78,103	\$ 241,087
Materials and supplies inventory					98,545	98,545
Total nonspendable	129,497	33,487			176,648	339,632
Restricted:						
Street maintenance and repair	-	-	-	-	202,301	202,301
State highway program	-	-	-	-	437,438	437,438
Public safety programs	-	-	-	-	24,055	24,055
Cemetery care	-	-	-	-	150,675	150,675
Court capital improvements	-	-	-	-	6,751	6,751
Capital improvements					3,845,384	3,845,384
Total restricted					4,666,604	4,666,604
Committed:						
Building inspection	439	=	-	=	-	439
Termination benefits	89,884	=	-	=	-	89,884
Senior center operations	33,095	=	-	=	-	33,095
Debt service	=	=	3,449,846	=	-	3,449,846
Recreation center improvements	=	=	-	=	190,886	190,886
Capital improvements	=	=	=	1,715,695	-	1,715,695
Parks and recreation	=	147,467	=	=	725,522	872,989
Tree care	=	=	=	=	240,534	240,534
Public transportation	-				72,295	72,295
Total committed	123,418	147,467	3,449,846	1,715,695	1,229,237	6,665,663
Assigned:						
Subsequent year appropriations	3,535,969	-	-	-	-	3,535,969
Administrative purposes	41,565	-	-	-	-	41,565
Police operations	31,035	-	-	-	-	31,035
Street maintenance and repair	488	-	-	-	-	488
Recreation programs	188,444	-	-	-	-	188,444
Building and zoning	921	-	-	-	-	921
Economic development	850					850
Total assigned	3,799,272					3,799,272
Unassigned	3,073,274					3,073,274
Total fund balances	\$ 7,125,461	\$ 180,954	\$ 3,449,846	\$ 1,715,695	\$ 6,072,489	\$ 18,544,445

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 19 - OTHER COMMITMENTS

A. Encumbrances

The City utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the City's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Y	ear-End
<u>Fund</u>	Enc	<u>umbrances</u>
General	\$	269,400
Recreation & aquatic center		49,489
Capital improvement		464,344
Nonmajor governmental funds		3,930,641
Total	\$	4,713,874

B. Revenue Sharing Agreement

The City has entered into an agreement with the Groveport-Madison Local School District (the "District") to compensate the District for property tax revenues lost as a result of a tax-exempt enterprise zone established by the City. For each year the exemption is in effect, the City is obligated to pay the District an amount equal to fifty percent of the income taxes collected on new employee payroll reported by employers within the enterprise zone. The City's liability as of December 31, 2021 of \$1,205,682 is reported as due to other governments in the general fund.

C. Contractual Commitments

The City has the following significant contractual commitments related to its outstanding construction in progress projects:

Contract	Vendor	 Contract Amount	xpended at 2/31/2021	Balance at 2/31/2021
West Bixby Road Phase II	Strawser Paving	\$ 1,581,408	\$ 1,150,930	\$ 430,478
Rarey's Port Building Construction	Miller Valentine Group	3,447,991	1,598,792	1,849,199
Wert's Grove Building Construction	Miller Valentine Group	3,527,464	1,547,460	1,980,004
Higgins Blvd. Construction Phase II	Strawser Paving	703,673	639,766	63,907
Town Hall Elevator	Fujite American Inc.	 163,271	 	 163,271
Total		\$ 9,423,807	\$ 4,936,948	\$ 4,486,859

NOTE 20 - COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Ohio's state of emergency ended in June, 2021 while the national state of emergency continues. During 2021, the City received COVID-19 funding. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the City. The impact on the City's future operating costs, revenues, and additional recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

The City's investment portfolio fluctuates with market conditions, and due to market volatility, the amount of gains or losses that will be realized in subsequent periods, if any, cannot be determined.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 21 - GROVEPORT COMMUNITY IMPROVEMENT CORPORATION

A. Description of the Reporting Entity

The Groveport Community Improvement Corporation (the "Corporation") was created in 2002 and incorporated as a not-for-profit corporation under Title XVII, Chapters 1702 and 1724 of the Ohio Revised Code for the purpose to advance, encourage, and promote industrial, economic, commercial and civic development for the City of Groveport (the "City"). The Corporation has been designated as the City's agent for industrial and commercial distributions, research development and community events.

The Board of Trustees is to be comprised of ten members. The Trustees shall be chosen from two categories in accordance with the following:

- A) Trustees who qualify for inclusion in Category A) shall be the following elected or appointed officials of the City of Groveport: Member of Council, Member of the City Planning Commission, Mayor, City Administrator, Law Director, Finance Director or Chief Building Officer.
- B) Those persons who qualify for inclusion in Category B) shall be members of the Corporation who are not elected or appointed officials of the City of Groveport.

There shall always be at least three Trustees selected from persons who qualify for this inclusion in Category A) and four Trustees who qualify for inclusion in Category B).

The election of trustees shall take place at the first meeting of the Trustees in January. The elected and appointed officials of the City shall be elected for one year and shall continue in the office until their successors are elected and qualified. All remaining Trustees shall be elected for two years and shall continue in office until their successors are elected and qualified.

The City is a charter municipal corporation incorporated under the laws of the State of Ohio. In accordance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, and GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus*, the City's primary government and basic financial statements include component units which are defined as legally separate organizations for which the City is financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of the organization's board and either 1) the City's ability to impose its will over the organization, or 2) the possibility that the organization will provide a financial benefit or impose a financial burden to the City. The Corporation is a legally separate entity and is reported by the City as a discretely presented component unit in the City's basic financial statements. The Corporation does not have any component units and does not include any other organizations in its presentation. The Corporation's management believes these basic financial statements present all activities for which the Corporation is financially accountable.

B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of American (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The Corporation's significant accounting policies are described below.

Basis of Accounting - The basic financial statements of the Corporation are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting in conformity with GAAP. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

Basis of Presentation - The Corporation's basic financial statements consist of a statement of net position, a statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, and a statement of cash flows.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 21 - GROVEPORT COMMUNITY IMPROVEMENT CORPORATION - (Continued)

Cash and Cash Equivalents - For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, all cash in the Corporation's checking account is considered to be cash and cash equivalents. All monies received by the Corporation are deposited in a demand deposit account.

Federal Income Tax - The Corporation is exempt from federal income tax under Section 501 (c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.

Net position - Net position represent the difference between assets and liabilities. The Corporation does not report restricted net position.

Operating Revenues & Expenses - Operating revenues consist primarily of fees for providing services and other income. Operating expenses include the cost of providing these services, including administrative expenses.

Nonoperating revenues and expenses are all revenues and expenses not meeting the definition of operating revenues and expenses. Nonoperating revenues include grants or payments made on behalf of the Corporation by other entities. Nonoperating expenses include interest expense and other nonoperating expenses.

C. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

At December 31, 2021, the carrying amount of the Corporation's deposits was \$4,430. Based on criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of December 31, 2021, the entire bank balance was covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. There are no significant statutory restrictions regarding the deposits of funds held by the Corporation.

D. Risk Management

The Corporation is not exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. There have been no claims filed the last three years.

E. Contingent Liabilities

The Corporation is not involved in material litigation as either plaintiff or defendant.

F. Related Party Transactions

The Corporation is a component unit of the City of Groveport. As described in Note 21.A, Trustees of the Corporation shall be the following elected or appointed official of the City of Groveport: Member of Council, Member of the City Planning Commission, City Administrator, Law Director, Finance Director or Chief Building Officer. The Corporation also meets the fiscal dependency and financial burden criteria related to the City of Groveport.

During 2021, the City of Groveport made payments to the Corporation of \$2,699 for purposes consistent with the Corporation's mission statement.

G. Uncertain Tax Positions

Management has determined that the Corporation does not have any uncertain tax positions and associated unrecognized benefits that materially impact the financial statements or related disclosures. As tax matters are subject to some degree of uncertainty, there can be no assurance that the Corporation's tax returns will not be challenged by the taxing authorities and that the Corporation will not be subject to additional tax, penalties, and interest as a result of such challenge.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

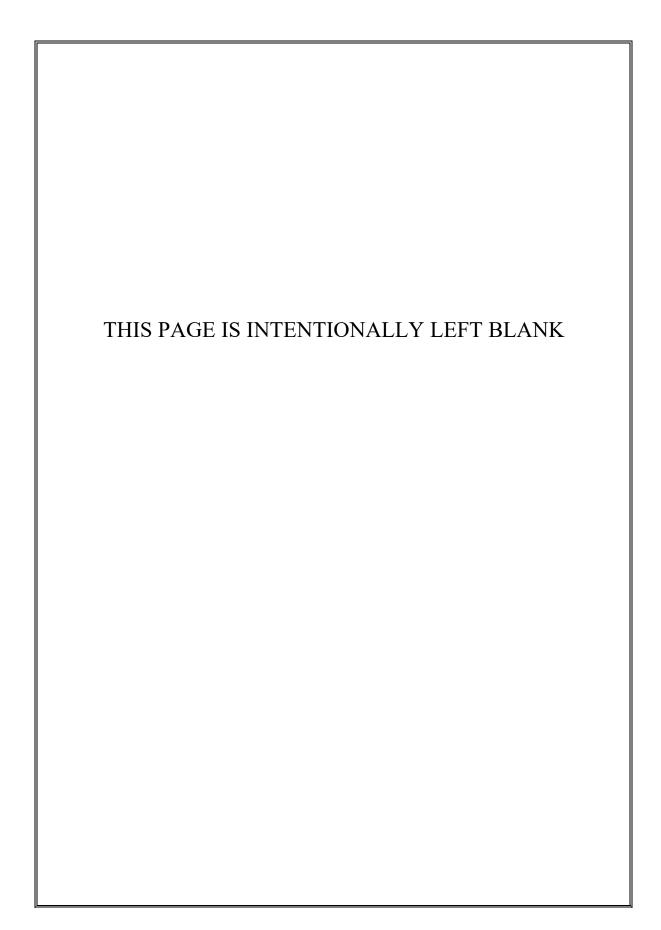
NOTE 21 - GROVEPORT COMMUNITY IMPROVEMENT CORPORATION - (Continued)

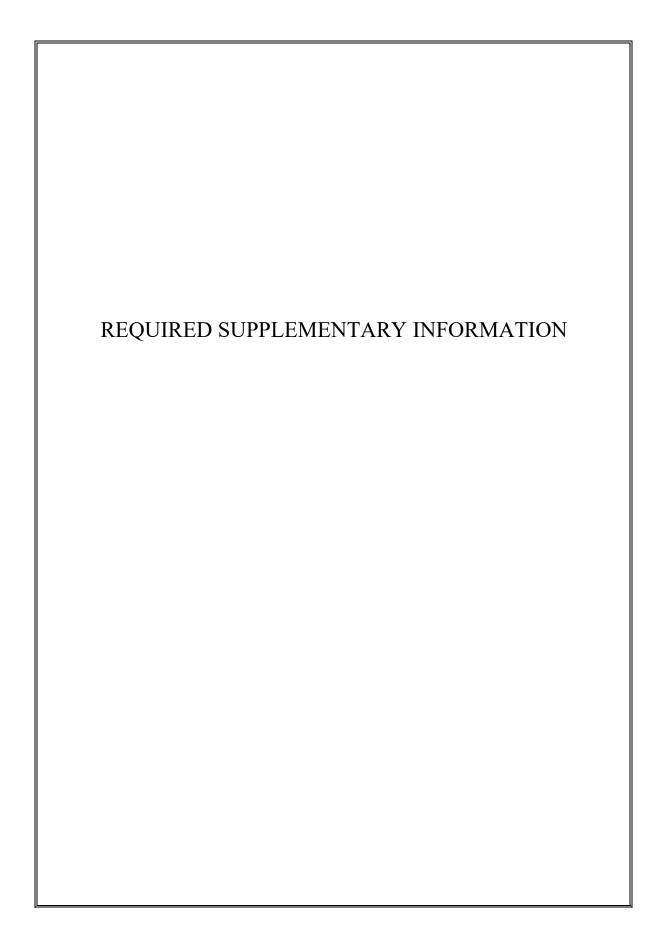
H. COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the Corporation. The impact on the Corporation's future operating costs, revenues, and additional recovery from emergency funding, either federal, state or local, cannot be estimated.

NOTE 22 - SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On April 20, 2022, the City issued \$1,800,000 of general obligation bond anticipation notes for the purpose of golf course improvements and the purchase of a dump truck and chassis. The bond anticipation notes were issued at an interest rate of 2.75% and mature April 20, 2023.





SCHEDULES OF THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY/NET PENSION ASSET OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (OPERS)

LAST EIGHT YEARS

	2021	 2020	 2019	 2018
Traditional Plan:		 	 	
City's proportion of the net pension liability	0.031213%	0.032530%	0.031573%	0.030097%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 4,621,966	\$ 6,429,775	\$ 8,647,205	\$ 4,721,635
City's covered payroll	\$ 4,417,493	\$ 4,615,293	\$ 4,282,743	\$ 4,029,962
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	104.63%	139.31%	201.91%	117.16%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	86.88%	82.17%	74.70%	84.66%
Combined Plan:				
City's proportion of the net pension asset	0.030116%	0.028294%	0.031555%	0.034509%
City's proportionate share of the net pension asset	\$ 86,934	\$ 59,000	\$ 35,286	\$ 46,978
City's covered payroll	\$ 131,986	\$ 126,693	\$ 134,957	\$ 141,338
City's proportionate share of the net pension asset as a percentage of its covered payroll	65.87%	46.57%	26.15%	33.24%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension asset	157.67%	145.28%	126.64%	137.28%
Member Directed Plan:				
City's proportion of the net pension asset	0.013442%	0.019487%	0.022911%	0.021544%
City's proportionate share of the net pension asset	\$ 2,450	\$ 737	\$ 522	\$ 752
City's covered payroll	\$ 80,740	\$ 115,840	\$ 130,970	\$ 107,930
City's proportionate share of the net pension asset as a percentage of its covered payroll	3.03%	0.64%	0.40%	0.70%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension asset	188.21%	118.84%	113.42%	124.46%

Note: Information prior to 2014 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the City's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014
0.030221%	0.030295%	0.030045%	0.030045%
\$ 6,862,675	\$ 5,247,476	\$ 3,623,763	\$ 3,541,914
\$ 3,849,883	\$ 3,727,875	\$ 3,707,625	\$ 3,369,215
178.26%	140.76%	97.74%	105.13%
77.25%	81.08%	86.45%	86.36%
0.035154%	0.033890%	0.033679%	0.033679%
\$ 19,566	\$ 16,492	\$ 12,967	\$ 3,534
\$ 136,842	\$ 118,142	\$ 123,108	\$ 81,377
14.30%	13.96%	10.53%	4.34%
116.55%	116.90%	114.83%	104.56%
0.01256504	0.0122000/	,	,
0.013565%	0.013209%	n/a	n/a
\$ 57	\$ 50	n/a	n/a
\$ 55,750	\$ 66,283	n/a	n/a
0.10%	0.08%	n/a	n/a
103.40%	103.91%	n/a	n/a

SCHEDULES OF THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY OHIO POLICE AND FIRE (OP&F) PENSION FUND

LAST EIGHT YEARS

		2021		2020		2019		2018
City's proportion of the net pension liability	(0.08191040%	(0.07884120%	(0.08022800%	(0.08027400%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	5,583,905	\$	5,311,164	\$	6,548,725	\$	4,926,800
City's covered payroll	\$	2,248,084	\$	1,993,868	\$	2,025,284	\$	1,973,611
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		248.39%		266.37%		323.35%		249.63%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		70.65%		69.89%		63.07%		70.91%

Note: Information prior to 2014 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the City's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

	2017		2016		2015		2014
(0.07799700%	(0.08711700%	(0.06671570%	C	0.06671570%
\$	4,940,241	\$	5,604,277	\$	3,456,151	\$	3,249,264
\$	1,799,458	\$	1,779,405	\$	1,706,889	\$	1,700,487
	274.54%		314.95%		202.48%		191.08%
	68.36%		66.77%		72.20%		73.00%

SCHEDULES OF THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CITY PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (OPERS)

LAST TEN YEARS

	 2021	 2020	2019	 2018
Traditional Plan:			_	
Contractually required contribution	\$ 658,346	\$ 618,449	\$ 646,141	\$ 599,584
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (658,346)	(618,449)	(646,141)	(599,584)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
City's covered payroll	\$ 4,702,471	\$ 4,417,493	\$ 4,615,293	\$ 4,282,743
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%
Combined Plan:				
Contractually required contribution	\$ 19,162	\$ 18,478	\$ 17,737	\$ 18,894
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (19,162)	 (18,478)	 (17,737)	 (18,894)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
City's covered payroll	\$ 136,871	\$ 131,986	\$ 126,693	\$ 134,957
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%
Member Directed Plan:				
Contractually required contribution	\$ 7,750	\$ 8,074	\$ 11,584	\$ 13,097
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (7,750)	(8,074)	(11,584)	 (13,097)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
City's covered payroll	\$ 77,500	\$ 80,740	\$ 115,840	\$ 130,970
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	10.00%	10.00%	10.00%	10.00%

 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013	 2012
\$ 523,895	\$ 461,986	\$ 447,345	\$ 444,915	\$ 437,998	\$ 319,439
(523,895)	(461,986)	(447,345)	(444,915)	(437,998)	(319,439)
\$ 	\$ _	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ -
\$ 4,029,962	\$ 3,849,883	\$ 3,727,875	\$ 3,707,625	\$ 3,369,215	\$ 3,194,390
13.00%	12.00%	12.00%	12.00%	13.00%	10.00%
\$ 18,374	\$ 16,421	\$ 14,177	\$ 14,773	\$ 10,579	\$ 4,005
 (18,374)	(16,421)	 (14,177)	 (14,773)	 (10,579)	 (4,005)
\$ 	\$ _	\$ _	\$ _	\$ 	\$
\$ 141,338	\$ 136,842	\$ 118,142	\$ 123,108	\$ 81,377	\$ 50,377
13.00%	12.00%	12.00%	12.00%	13.00%	7.95%
\$ 10,793	\$ 6,690	\$ 7,954			
 (10,793)	 (6,690)	 (7,954)			
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 			
\$ 107,930	\$ 55,750	\$ 66,283			
10.00%	12.00%	12.00%			

SCHEDULES OF THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CITY PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS OHIO POLICE AND FIRE (OP&F) PENSION FUND

LAST TEN YEARS

Police:	 2021	2020	 2019	 2018
Contractually required contribution	\$ 430,061	\$ 427,136	\$ 378,835	\$ 384,804
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (430,061)	(427,136)	 (378,835)	(384,804)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
City's covered payroll	\$ 2,263,479	\$ 2,248,084	\$ 1,993,868	\$ 2,025,284
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	19.00%	19.00%	19.00%	19.00%

 2017	2016			2015	 2014	2013			2012		
\$ 374,986	\$	341,897	\$	338,087	\$ 324,309	\$	270,094	\$	200,351		
 (374,986)		(341,897)		(338,087)	 (324,309)		(270,094)		(200,351)		
\$ 	\$		\$		\$ 	\$		\$	-		
\$ 1,973,611	\$	1,799,458	\$	1,779,405	\$ 1,706,889	\$	1,700,487	\$	1,571,380		
19.00%		19.00%		19.00%	19.00%		15.88%		12.75%		

SCHEDULES OF THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY/NET OPEB ASSET OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (OPERS)

LAST FIVE YEARS

	 2021	 2020 2019		2018		2017		
City's proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset	0.030480%	0.031896%		0.031234%		0.029910%		0.029663%
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/(asset)	\$ (543,026)	\$ 4,405,666	\$	4,072,177	\$	3,248,006	\$	2,996,062
City's covered payroll	\$ 4,630,219	\$ 4,857,826	\$	4,548,670	\$	4,279,230	\$	4,042,475
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/asset as a percentage of its covered payroll	-11.73%	90.69%		89.52%		75.90%		74.11%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability/asset	115.57%	47.80%		46.33%		54.14%		54.05%

Note: Information prior to 2017 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the City's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

SCHEDULES OF THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY OHIO POLICE AND FIRE (OP&F) PENSION FUND

LAST FIVE YEARS

		2021	2020		2019		2018		2017	
City's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0	0.08191040%		0.07884120%		0.08022800%		0.08027400%).07799700%
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	867,854	\$	788,772	\$	730,599	\$	4,548,235	\$	3,702,342
City's covered payroll	\$	2,248,084	\$	1,993,868	\$	2,025,284	\$	1,973,611	\$	1,799,458
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		38.60%		39.56%		36.07%		230.45%		205.75%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		45.42%		47.08%		46.57%		14.13%		15.96%

Note: Information prior to 2017 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the City's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

SCHEDULES OF THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CITY OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (OPERS)

LAST TEN YEARS

	 2021 2020			 2019	2018	
Contractually required contribution	\$ 3,100	\$	3,229	\$ 4,633	\$	5,240
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (3,100)		(3,229)	 (4,633)		(5,240)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$	
City's covered payroll	\$ 4,916,842	\$	4,630,219	\$ 4,857,826	\$	4,548,670
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.06%		0.07%	0.10%		0.12%

 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014		2013		2012
\$ 46,030	\$ 82,904	\$ 76,920	\$ 79,978	\$	34,506	\$	130,824
 (46,030)	 (82,904)	 (76,920)	(79,978)		(34,506)		(130,824)
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$	
\$ 4,279,230	\$ 4,042,475	\$ 3,912,300	\$ 3,830,733	\$	3,450,592	\$	3,244,767
1.08%	2.05%	1.97%	2.09%		1.00%		4.03%

SCHEDULES OF THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CITY OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS OHIO POLICE AND FIRE (OP&F) PENSION FUND

LAST TEN YEARS

	 2021	 2020	 2019	2018	
Police:					
Contractually required contribution	\$ 11,317	\$ 11,240	\$ 9,969	\$	10,126
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (11,317)	 (11,240)	(9,969)		(10,126)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$	
City's covered payroll	\$ 2,263,479	\$ 2,248,084	\$ 1,993,868	\$	2,025,284
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%		0.50%

 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014		2013		2012
\$ 9,868	\$ 8,997	\$ 9,137	\$ 9,832	\$	61,215	\$	106,068
 (9,868)	 (8,997)	 (9,137)	 (9,832)		(61,215)		(106,068)
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$	
\$ 1,973,611	\$ 1,799,458	\$ 1,779,405	\$ 1,706,889	\$	1,700,487	\$	1,571,380
0.50%	0.50%	0.51%	0.58%		3.60%		6.75%

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

PENSION

OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (OPERS)

Changes in benefit terms:

^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2014-2021.

Changes in assumptions:

- ⁿ There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for 2014-2016.
- For 2017, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) reduction in the actuarially assumed rate of return from 8.00% down to 7.50%, (b) for defined benefit investments, decreasing the wage inflation from 3.75% to 3.25% and (c) changing the future salary increases from a range of 4.25%-10.05% to 3.25%-10.75%.
- ⁿ There were no changes in assumptions for 2018.
- ^a For 2019, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the assumed rate of return and discount rate were reduced from 7.50% down to 7.20%.
- ⁿ There were no changes in assumptions for 2020.
- □ There were no changes in assumptions for 2021.

OHIO POLICE AND FIRE (OP&F) PENSION FUND

Changes in benefit terms:

^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2014-2021.

Changes in assumptions:

- ^a There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for 2014-2017.
- For 2018, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total pension since the prior measurement date: (a) reduction in the actuarially assumed rate of return from 8.50% down to 8.00%, (b) changing the future salary increases from a range of 4.25%-11.00% to 3.75%-10.50%, (c) reduction in payroll increases from 3.75% down to 3.25%, (d) reduction in inflation assumptions from 3.25% down to 2.75% and (e) Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA) were reduced from 2.60% and 3.00% simple to 2.20% and 3.00% simple.
- ⁿ There were no changes in assumptions for 2019.
- ⁿ There were no changes in assumptions for 2020.
- ⁿ There were no changes in assumptions for 2021.

(Continued)

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (OPERS)

Changes in benefit terms:

- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2017-2020.
- For 2021, the following were the most significant changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date: the Board approved several changes to the health care plan offered to Medicare and non-Medicare retirees in efforts to decrease costs and increase the solvency of the health care Plan. These changes are effective January 1, 2022 and include changes to base allowances and eligibility for Medicare retirees, as well as replacing OPERS-sponsored medical plans for non-Medicare retirees with monthly allowances, similar to the program for Medicare retirees. These changes are reflected in the December 31, 2020 measurement date health care valuation. These changes significantly decreased the total OPEB liability for the measurement date December 31, 2020.

Changes in assumptions:

- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for 2017.
- ^a For 2018, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) reduction in the actuarially assumed rate of return from 4.23% down to 3.85%.
- For 2019, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from 3.85% up to 3.96%, (b) The investment rate of return was decreased from 6.50% percent down to 6.00%, (c) the municipal bond rate was increased from 3.31% up to 3.71% and (d) the health care cost trend rate was increased from 7.50%, initial/3.25%, ultimate in 2028 up to 10.00%, initial/3.25% ultimate in 2029.
- ^a For 2020, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was decreased from 3.96% up to 3.16%, (b) the municipal bond rate was decreased from 3.71% up to 2.75% and (c) the health care cost trend rate was increased from 10.50%, initial/3.25%, ultimate in 2029 up to 10.50%, initial/3.50% ultimate in 2030.
- For 2021, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from 3.16% up to 6.00%, (b) the municipal bond rate was decreased from 2.75% up to 2.00% and (c) the health care cost trend rate was decreased from 10.00%, initial/3.50%, ultimate in 2030 down to 8.50%, initial/3.50% ultimate in 2035.

OHIO POLICE AND FIRE (OP&F) PENSION FUND

Changes in benefit terms:

- ⁿ There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2017-2018.
- " For 2019, OP&F changed its retiree health care model from a self-insured health care plan to a stipend-based health care model.
- ⁿ There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2020.
- ⁿ There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2021.

Changes in assumptions:

- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for 2017.
- For 2018, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) DROP interest rate was reduced from 4.50% to 4.00%, (b) CPI-based COLA was reduced from 2.60% to 2.20%, (c) investment rate of return was reduced from 8.25% to 8.00%, (d) salary increases were reduced from 3.75% to 3.25% and (e) payroll growth was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.
- ^a For 2019, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from 3.24% up to 4.66%. For 2020, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was decreased from 4.66% up to 3.56%.
- ^a For 2020, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was decreased from 4.66% up to 3.56%.
- ^a For 2021, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was decreased from 3.56% down to 2.96%.

COMBINING STATEMENTS
AND INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES

INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES FUND DESCRIPTIONS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

GENERAL FUND

The general fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the City for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the charter of the City and/or the general laws of Ohio.

Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis):

Rainy Day Fund

This fund accounts for income tax monies allocated in accordance with City Ordinances for the purpose of providing consistent delivery of public services in the event of a downturn in the City's economy. The maximum fund balance this fund may accumulate is \$1,500,000.

Termination Fund

This fund accumulates cash for the purpose of paying termination benefits upon retirement or separation from the City.

Township Inspection Fund

This fund receives fees for the purpose of inspections conducted by the City's building department.

Flexible Spending Account Fund

Payroll withholding account for employees specific to insurance programs of the City.

Employee Withholding Fund

Payroll withholding account for deductions specifically requested by employees.

Senior Center Fund

This fund receives fees, donations and transfers from the General Fund for senior specific programs.

MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Recreation & Aquatic Center Fund

The City receives charges for services for aquatic and recreation center operations.

MAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUND

Debt Service Fund

The debt service fund receives income tax collections and other revenue sources for the retirement of principal and interest associated with outstanding debt.

MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUND

Capital Improvement Fund

This fund receives transfers and debt proceeds for the purchase and construction of capital improvements for the City.

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

The special revenue funds are used to account for all specific financial resources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted for specified expenditure purposes. The following are the special revenue funds which the City operates:

Street Maintenance & Repair Fund

The street fund accounts for revenues generated froom license and gasoline taxes to be used on local roads within the City.

State Highway Fund

This fund accounts for the portion of state gasoline tax designated for maintenance of state highways within the City.

Cemetery Fund

This fund receives various charges for services associated with the operation of the City's cemetery.

Parks Fund

This fund accounts for fees charged for recreational activities and is used for park and recreation purposes.

Tax Increment Financing Fund

To account for payment in lieu of taxes associated with various business incentive agreements with corporations within the City.

Senior Transportation Fund

This fund receives grant monies for the purpose of providing transportation services to seniors within the community.

Drug Education and Enforcement Fund

This fund had received grant monies for the purpose of assisting with drug enforcement efforts within the City.

Motor Vehicle Fund

This fund receives money from the State of Ohio and the Franklin County Engineer for purposes of infrastructure improvements.

DUI/OMVI Enforcement Fund

This fund receives fines assessed from Mayor's Court for impaired drivers. Money is used for training and education purposes.

INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES FUND DESCRIPTIONS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (Continued)

Court Computer Fund

This fund receives fines assessed from Mayor's Court for improvements to the Court computers and trainings.

Cemetery Perpetual Care Fund

This fund receives interest which may only be used for the beautification of the City's cemetery.

Tree Fund

This fund receives fines, licences and permits from develoers for the replacement and planting of trees within the City.

Transportation Services Fund

This fund receives charges for services and transfers for the operation of the City's corporate park transportation program.

Golf Course Fund

This fund receives charges for services for the operation of the City's golf course.

Local Coronavirus Relief Fund

This fund receives federal grants and investment income to assist with the impact of COVID-19.

Local Fiscal Recovery Fund

This fund receives federal grants associated with the American Rescue Plan Act.

NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Recreation Center Capital Project Fund

This fund receives 5% of total receipts received from the recreation and acquatic center which may only be used for capital improvements to recreational facilities.

Golf Course Recovery Fund

This fund receives 5% of total receipts net of debt proceeds received from the City's golf course which may only be used for capital improvements.

Surety Bond Fund

Money received from contractors for construction projects conducted within the City. For GAAP reporting purposes a portion of this fund's activity is included within business-type activities. This fund is not budgeted by the City and therefore a budgetary schedule is not prepared.

Rarey's Port Building Construction Fund

This fund receives debt proceeds for the purpose of constructing a commercial building at 674 Main Street located in Groveport, Ohio.

Wert's Grove Building Construction Fund

This fund receives debt proceeds for the purpose of constructing a commercial building at 480 Main Street located in Groveport, Ohio.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

		Final		Actual	Fi	riance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	<u> </u>					
Income taxes	\$	14,060,978	\$	15,351,770	\$	1,290,792
Property and other taxes		420,433		503,841		83,408
Charges for services		170,000		187,156		17,156
Fines, licenses and permits		299,500		445,975		146,475
Intergovernmental		106,371		153,331		46,960
Special assessments		2,500		4,638		2,138
Investment income		85,250		116,421		31,171
Other		106,000		302,928		196,928
Total revenues		15,251,032		17,066,060		1,815,028
Expenditures: Current:						
General government						
Mayor						
Personnel services		216,629		206,553		10,076
Contractual services		21,605		22,260		(655)
Materials and supplies		10,360		6,654		3,706
Total mayor		248,594	_	235,467		13,127
Finance						
Personnel services		375,603		346,587		29.016
Contractual services		621,406		494,512		126,894
Materials and supplies		22,560		8,520		14,040
Total finance.		1,019,569		849,619		169,950
Law						
Personnel services		213,779		210.842		2.937
Contractual services		89.810		55,139		34,671
Materials and supplies		5,000		3,164		1,836
Total law		308,589		269,145		39,444
Total law		300,307		207,143	-	32,444
Legislative						
Personnel services		194,395		180,424		13,971
Contractual services		24,253		18,215		6,038
Materials and supplies		63,500		45,433		18,067
Total legislature		282,148		244,072		38,076
Real estate tax collection						
Contractual services		16,200		7,088		9,112
Total real estate tax collection		16,200		7,088		9,112
Audits and elections						
Contractual services		19,000		18,869		131
Total audits and election	-	19,000		18,869		131
		- / *		-,		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Administration Final Actual (Negative) Personnel services. \$ 347,733 \$ 314,658 \$ 33,075 Contractual services. 156,134 1144,446 11,688 Materials and supplies. 25,000 5-2,000 25,000 Total administration 590,909 316,446 74,544 Facilities Management Personnel services. 435,682 421,565 14,117 Contractual services. 118,342 123,811 6,466 Materials and supplies. 22,037 11,314 10,722 Total facilities management. 376,061 556,690 19,371 Engineering 211,488 196,290 21,198 Personnel services. 14,90,21 63,306 85,715 Contractual services. 14,90,21 63,306 85,715 Materials and supplies. 11,562 51,73 6,388 Total general government. 3,439,222 2,962,165 477,057 Security of persons and property 91,362,488 284,173 36,3		Budget	ed Amounts			Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
Personnel services. \$ 347,733 \$ 314,658 \$ 33,075 Contractual services. 156,134 144,446 11,688 Materials and supplies. 62,123 57,342 4,781 Capital. 25,000 - 25,000 Total administration 590,999 516,446 74,544 Facilities Management Personnel services. 435,682 421,565 14,117 Contractual services. 118,342 123,811 63,669 Materials and supplies. 22,037 11,314 10,722 Total facilities management. 576,061 556,690 19,371 Engineering 217,488 196,290 21,198 Personnel services. 149,021 63,306 85,715 Materials and supplies. 11,562 5,173 6,386 Total engineering. 378,071 264,769 113,302 Total engineering. 3,439,222 2,962,165 477,057 Security of persons and property Police 4,070,299 3,892,868 177,433			Final	Actual		_	
Contractual services							
Materials and supplies. 62,123 57,342 4,786 Capital. 25,000 25,000 74,544 Total administration 590,990 516,446 74,544 Facilities Management 435,682 421,565 14,117 Personnel services. 435,682 421,565 14,117 Contractual services. 118,342 123,811 16,266 Materials and supplies. 22,037 11,314 10,722 Total facilities management. 576,061 556,690 19,371 Engineering 8 196,290 21,198 Contractual services. 149,021 63,306 85,715 Materials and supplies. 11,562 5,173 6,386 Total general government. 3,439,222 2,962,165 477,057 Security of persons and property Police 9 3,892,868 177,431 Fersonnel services. 4,070,299 3,892,868 177,431 36,375 Materials and supplies. 193,525 147,878 45,647 Capi		\$,	\$		\$	
Capital. 25,000 - 25,000 Total administration 590,990 516,446 74,544 Facilities Management Personnel services. 435,682 421,565 14,117 Contractual services. 118,342 123,811 65,466 Materials and supplies. 22,037 11,314 10,722 Total facilities management. 576,061 556,690 19,371 Engineering 2 217,488 196,290 21,198 Contractual services. 149,021 63,306 85,715 Materials and supplies. 11,562 5,173 6,388 Total engineering. 378,071 264,769 113,302 Security of persons and property Police 90 3,892,868 177,433 Security of persons and property Police 2962,165 477,057 Personnel services. 320,548 284,173 36,375 Materials and supplies. 193,525 147,878 45,647 Capital outlay 120,260 118,984 1,277							
Total administration 590,990 516,446 74,544 Facilities Management 435,682 421,565 14,117 Personnel services 118,342 123,811 (5,466) Materials and supplies 22,037 11,314 10,722 Total facilities management 576,061 556,690 19,371 Engineering 217,488 196,290 21,198 Contractual services 149,021 63,306 85,715 Materials and supplies 11,562 5,173 6,388 Total engineering 378,071 264,769 113,300 Total general government 3,439,222 2,962,165 477,057 Security of persons and property Police 9 3,892,868 177,431 Security of persons and property Police 193,525 147,878 45,647 Capital outlay 193,525 147,878 45,647 Capital outlay 193,525 147,878 45,647 Capital outlay 1,704,632 4,443,903 260,725			,		57,342		,
Pacilities Management Personnel services							
Personnel services. 435,682 421,565 14,117 Contractual services. 118,342 123,811 (5,466 Materials and supplies. 22,037 11,314 10,722 Total facilities management. 576,061 556,690 19,371 Engineering 217,488 196,290 21,198 Personnel services. 149,021 63,306 85,715 Contractual services. 149,021 63,306 85,715 Materials and supplies. 11,562 5,173 6,388 Total engineering. 378,071 264,769 113,302 Security of persons and property Police 2,962,165 477,057 Security of persons and property 2,052,145 477,057 Security of persons and supplies. 193,525 147,878 45,647 Capital outlay. 193,525 147,878 45,647 Capital outlay. 120,260 118,984 1,276 Total security of persons and property 4,704,632 4,443,903 260,725 Total security of persons and pro	Total administration		590,990		516,446		74,544
Contractual services 118,342 123,811 (5,466) Materials and supplies 22,037 11,314 10,722 Total facilities management 576,061 556,690 19,371 Engineering Personnel services 217,488 196,290 21,198 Contractual services 149,021 63,306 85,715 Materials and supplies 11,562 5,173 6,388 Total engineering 378,071 264,769 113,302 Total general government 3,439,222 2,962,165 477,057 Security of persons and property Police 2 2,962,165 477,057 Security of persons and property Police 8 177,431 36,375 36,375 36,375 36,373 36,373 36,373 36,373 36,373 36,373 36,373 36,373 36,373 36,373 36,373 36,373 36,373 36,373 36,373 36,373 36,373 36,373 36,373 37,373 37,373 37,373 37,373 37,373 37,373	Facilities Management						
Materials and supplies. 22,037 11,314 10,722 Total facilities management. 576,061 556,690 19,371 Engineering 217,488 196,290 21,198 Personnel services. 149,021 63,306 85,715 Materials and supplies. 11,562 5,173 6,388 Total engineering. 378,071 264,769 113,302 Total general government. 3,439,222 2,962,165 477,052 Security of persons and property Police 9 3,892,868 177,431 Personnel services. 4,070,299 3,892,868 177,431 36,372 Materials and supplies. 193,525 147,878 45,644 Capital outlay. 120,260 118,984 12,77 Total police. 4,704,632 4,443,903 260,725 Total security of persons and property 4,704,632 4,443,903 260,725 Total security of persons and property 4,704,632 4,443,903 260,725 Public health and welfare 53,537 53,537			435,682		421,565		14,117
Total facilities management 576,061 556,690 19,371 Engineering Personnel services. 217,488 196,290 21,198 Contractual services 149,021 63,306 85,715 Materials and supplies. 11,562 5,173 6,388 Total engineering. 378,071 264,769 113,302 Total general government. 3,439,222 2,962,165 477,057 Security of persons and property Police 2 Personnel services. 4,070,299 3,892,868 177,431 Contractual services 320,548 284,173 36,372 Materials and supplies. 193,525 147,878 45,647 Capital outlay 120,260 118,984 1,276 Total police. 4,704,632 4,443,903 260,725 Total security of persons and property 4,704,632 4,443,903 260,725 Total security of persons and property 4,704,632 4,443,903 260,725 Total police health and welfare 53,537 53,537 53,537 <td< td=""><td>Contractual services</td><td></td><td>118,342</td><td></td><td>123,811</td><td></td><td>(5,469)</td></td<>	Contractual services		118,342		123,811		(5,469)
Engineering 217,488 196,290 21,198 Contractual services 149,021 63,306 85,715 Materials and supplies 11,562 5,173 6,385 Total engineering 378,071 264,769 113,302 Total general government 3,439,222 2,962,165 477,057 Security of persons and property Police 9 3,892,868 177,431 Personnel services 4,070,299 3,892,868 177,431 36,375 Materials and supplies 193,525 147,878 45,647 Capital outlay 120,260 118,984 1,27 Total police 4,704,632 4,443,903 260,725 Public health and welfare 53,537 53,537 53,537 Total county health district 53,537 53,537 53,537 Total public health and welfare 53,537 53,537 53,537 Total public health and welfare 53,537 53,537 53,537 Economic development 50,60,799 1,985,156 71,822			22,037		11,314		10,723
Personnel services. 217,488 196,290 21,198 Contractual services. 149,021 63,306 85,715 Materials and supplies. 11,562 5,173 63,88 Total engineering. 378,071 264,769 113,302 Total general government. 3,439,222 2,962,165 477,057 Security of persons and property Police 8 177,431 Personnel services. 4,070,299 3,892,868 177,431 Contractual services. 320,548 284,173 36,372 Materials and supplies. 193,525 147,878 45,647 Capital outlay. 120,260 118,984 1,276 Total police. 4,704,632 4,443,903 260,725 Total security of persons and property 4,704,632 4,443,903 260,725 Public health and welfare 53,537 53,537 53,537 Total county health district 53,537 53,537 53,537 Total public health and welfare. 53,537 53,537 53,537 Eco	Total facilities management		576,061		556,690		19,371
Contractual services 149,021 63,306 85,715 Materials and supplies. 11,562 5,173 6,386 Total engineering. 378,071 264,769 113,302 Total general government. 3,439,222 2,962,165 477,057 Security of persons and property Police 9 3,892,868 177,431 Personnel services. 4,070,299 3,892,868 177,431 Contractual services. 320,548 284,173 36,375 Materials and supplies. 193,525 147,878 45,647 Capital outlay. 120,260 118,984 1,277 Total police. 4,704,632 4,443,903 260,725 Public health and welfare 53,537 53,537 53,537 Contractual services 53,537 53,537 53,537 Total county health district 53,537 53,537 53,537 Economic development 53,537 53,537 53,537 Economic development 62,006,979 1,985,156 71,822 Contractual services	Engineering						
Materials and supplies. 11,562 5,173 6,389 Total engineering. 378,071 264,769 113,302 Total general government. 3,439,222 2,962,165 477,057 Security of persons and property Police 8 177,431 Personnel services. 4,070,299 3,892,868 177,431 Contractual services. 320,548 284,173 36,372 Materials and supplies. 193,525 147,878 45,647 Capital outlay. 120,260 118,984 1,276 Total police. 4,704,632 4,443,903 260,725 Total security of persons and property 4,704,632 4,443,903 260,725 Public health and welfare 53,537 53,537 53,537 Total county health district 53,537 53,537 53,537 Total public health and welfare. 53,537 53,537 53,537 Economic development 53,537 53,537 53,537 Economic development 64,633 158,599 9,034 Contra	Personnel services		217,488		196,290		21,198
Total engineering. 378,071 264,769 113,302 Total general government. 3,439,222 2,962,165 477,057 Security of persons and property Police 4,070,299 3,892,868 177,431 Personnel services. 320,548 284,173 36,375 Materials and supplies. 193,525 147,878 45,647 Capital outlay. 120,260 118,984 1,276 Total police. 4,704,632 4,443,903 260,725 Total security of persons and property 4,704,632 4,443,903 260,725 Public health and welfare 53,537 53,537 53,537 Total county health district 53,537 53,537 53,537 Total public health and welfare 53,537 53,537 53,537 Total public health and welfare 53,537 53,537 53,537 Contractual services 167,633 158,599 9,034 Economic development 200,06,979 1,985,156 71,823 Materials and supplies 2,056,979 1,985,156 71,823	Contractual services		149,021		63,306		85,715
Total general government. 3,439,222 2,962,165 477,057 Security of persons and property Police 4,070,299 3,892,868 177,431 Personnel services. 4,070,299 3,892,868 177,431 Contractual services. 320,548 284,173 36,375 Materials and supplies. 193,525 147,878 45,647 Capital outlay. 120,260 118,984 1,276 Total police. 4,704,632 4,443,903 260,725 Total security of persons and property 4,704,632 4,443,903 260,725 Public health and welfare 53,537 53,537 53,537 Total county health district 53,537 53,537 53,537 Total public health and welfare. 53,537 53,537 53,537 Economic development Economic development Economic development Personnel services. 167,633 158,599 9,034 Contractual services. 2,056,979 1,985,156 71,825 Materials and supplies. 10,807 5,518 5,286	Materials and supplies		11,562		5,173		6,389
Security of persons and property Police Personnel services. 4,070,299 3,892,868 177,431 Contractual services 320,548 284,173 36,375 Materials and supplies. 193,525 147,878 45,647 Capital outlay 120,260 118,984 1,276 Total police. 4,704,632 4,443,903 260,725 Total security of persons and property 4,704,632 4,443,903 260,725 Total security of persons and property 4,704,632 4,443,903 260,725 Public health and welfare Country health district Contractual services 53,537 53,537 Total county health district 53,537 53,537 Total public health and welfare 53,537 53,537 Total public health and welfare 53,537 53,537 Total public health and services 167,633 158,599 9,034 Contractual services 2,056,979 1,985,156 71,825 Materials and supplies 10,807 5,518 5,285 Total economic development 2,235,419 2,149,273 86,146 Total economic development 2,235,419 2,149,273 86,146	Total engineering		378,071		264,769		113,302
Police 4,070,299 3,892,868 177,431 Contractual services 320,548 284,173 36,375 Materials and supplies 193,525 147,878 45,647 Capital outlay 120,260 118,984 1,277 Total police 4,704,632 4,443,903 260,725 Public health and welfare County health district 53,537 53,537 53,537 Total county health district 53,537 53,537 53,537 53,537 Total public health and welfare 53,537 53,537 53,537 53,537 Total public health and welfare 53,537 53,537 53,537 53,537 Economic development 53,537	Total general government		3,439,222		2,962,165		477,057
Personnel services. 4,070,299 3,892,868 177,431 Contractual services. 320,548 284,173 36,375 Materials and supplies. 193,525 147,878 45,647 Capital outlay. 120,260 118,984 1,276 Total police. 4,704,632 4,443,903 260,729 Total security of persons and property 4,704,632 4,443,903 260,729 Public health and welfare County health district 53,537 53,537 Total county health district 53,537 53,537 Total public health and welfare. 53,537 53,537 Economic development 53,537 53,537 Economic development 167,633 158,599 9,034 Contractual services 2,056,979 1,985,156 71,822 Materials and supplies 10,807 5,518 5,288 Total economic development 2,235,419 2,149,273 86,146	Security of persons and property						
Contractual services 320,548 284,173 36,375 Materials and supplies. 193,525 147,878 45,647 Capital outlay 120,260 118,984 1,276 Total police. 4,704,632 4,443,903 260,729 Public health and welfare 20,725 4,443,903 260,729 Public health and welfare 53,537 53,537 53,537 Total county health district 53,537 53,537 53,537 Total public health and welfare. 53,537 53,537 53,537 Economic development 53,537 53,537 53,537 Economic development 200,000,000 158,599 9,034 Contractual services 2,056,979 1,985,156 71,822 Contractual services 2,056,979 1,985,156 71,822 Materials and supplies 10,807 5,518 5,288 Total economic development 2,235,419 2,149,273 86,146	Police						
Materials and supplies. 193,525 147,878 45,647 Capital outlay. 120,260 118,984 1,276 Total police. 4,704,632 4,443,903 260,729 Total security of persons and property 4,704,632 4,443,903 260,729 Public health and welfare 53,537 <t< td=""><td>Personnel services</td><td></td><td>4,070,299</td><td></td><td>3,892,868</td><td></td><td>177,431</td></t<>	Personnel services		4,070,299		3,892,868		177,431
Capital outlay 120,260 118,984 1,276 Total police 4,704,632 4,443,903 260,729 Total security of persons and property 4,704,632 4,443,903 260,729 Public health and welfare County health district 53,537 53,537 53,537 Total county health district 53,537 53,537 53,537 53,537 Total public health and welfare 53,537 53,537 53,537 53,537 Economic development Economic development Fersonnel services 167,633 158,599 9,034 Contractual services 2,056,979 1,985,156 71,823 Materials and supplies 10,807 5,518 5,289 Total economic development 2,235,419 2,149,273 86,146			320,548		284,173		36,375
Total police. 4,704,632 4,443,903 260,725 Total security of persons and property 4,704,632 4,443,903 260,725 Public health and welfare County health district Contractual services 53,537 53,537 Total county health district 53,537 53,537 Total public health and welfare 53,537 53,537 Economic development Economic development Personnel services 167,633 158,599 9,034 Contractual services 2,056,979 1,985,156 71,823 Materials and supplies 10,807 5,518 5,286 Total economic development 2,235,419 2,149,273 86,146	Materials and supplies		193,525		147,878		45,647
Total security of persons and property 4,704,632 4,443,903 260,725 Public health and welfare County health district Contractual services 53,537 53,537 53,537 Total county health district 53,537 53,537 53,537 Total public health and welfare 53,537 53,537 53,537 Economic development Economic development 167,633 158,599 9,034 Personnel services 2,056,979 1,985,156 71,823 Contractual services 2,056,979 1,985,156 71,823 Materials and supplies 10,807 5,518 5,286 Total economic development 2,235,419 2,149,273 86,146							1,276
Public health and welfare County health district 53,537 53,537 Contractual services 53,537 53,537 Total county health district 53,537 53,537 Total public health and welfare 53,537 53,537 Economic development Economic development Personnel services 167,633 158,599 9,034 Contractual services 2,056,979 1,985,156 71,822 Materials and supplies 10,807 5,518 5,289 Total economic development 2,235,419 2,149,273 86,146	Total police		4,704,632		4,443,903		260,729
County health district 53,537 53,537 Total county health district 53,537 53,537 Total public health and welfare. 53,537 53,537 Economic development Economic development Fersonnel services. 167,633 158,599 9,034 Contractual services. 2,056,979 1,985,156 71,823 Materials and supplies. 10,807 5,518 5,289 Total economic development. 2,235,419 2,149,273 86,146	Total security of persons and property		4,704,632		4,443,903		260,729
Contractual services 53,537 53,537 Total county health district 53,537 53,537 Total public health and welfare 53,537 53,537 Economic development Economic development Fersonnel services 167,633 158,599 9,034 Contractual services 2,056,979 1,985,156 71,823 Materials and supplies 10,807 5,518 5,289 Total economic development 2,235,419 2,149,273 86,146							
Total county health district 53,537 53,537 Total public health and welfare. 53,537 53,537 Economic development Economic development Personnel services. 167,633 158,599 9,034 Contractual services. 2,056,979 1,985,156 71,823 Materials and supplies. 10,807 5,518 5,289 Total economic development. 2,235,419 2,149,273 86,146							
Total public health and welfare. 53,537 53,537 Economic development Economic development Personnel services. 167,633 158,599 9,034 Contractual services. 2,056,979 1,985,156 71,823 Materials and supplies. 10,807 5,518 5,289 Total economic development. 2,235,419 2,149,273 86,146							-
Economic development 167,633 158,599 9,034 Personnel services. 2,056,979 1,985,156 71,823 Materials and supplies. 10,807 5,518 5,289 Total economic development. 2,235,419 2,149,273 86,146	Total county health district		53,537		53,537		-
Economic development Personnel services. 167,633 158,599 9,034 Contractual services. 2,056,979 1,985,156 71,823 Materials and supplies. 10,807 5,518 5,289 Total economic development. 2,235,419 2,149,273 86,146	Total public health and welfare		53,537		53,537		
Personnel services. 167,633 158,599 9,034 Contractual services. 2,056,979 1,985,156 71,823 Materials and supplies. 10,807 5,518 5,289 Total economic development. 2,235,419 2,149,273 86,146							
Contractual services	*						
Materials and supplies. 10,807 5,518 5,289 Total economic development. 2,235,419 2,149,273 86,146			,				9,034
Total economic development							71,823
·							5,289
Total economic development	Total economic development		2,235,419		2,149,273		86,146
	Total economic development		2,235,419		2,149,273		86,146

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Budgeted A				Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive
T	Fin	al	Ac	tual	(No	egative)
Transportation Services						
Transportation services Personnel services	\$	100 546	¢.	04 169	¢.	14 279
	Ф	108,546	\$	94,168	\$	14,378
Contractual services		4,986		2,184		2,802
Materials and supplies		3,080		2,542		538
Total public service	-	116,612		98,894		17,718
Total transportation		116,612		98,894		17,718
Leisure time activity						
Recreation-parks						
Personnel services		856,597		631,782		224,815
Contractual services		55,590		52,067		3,523
Materials and supplies		89,937		78,242		11,695
Capital Outlay		24,200		24,056		144
Total recreation-parks	-	1,026,324		786,147		240,177
Total recreation-parks		1,020,324		700,147		240,177
Community affairs		400.442		106.060		(6.10.6
Personnel services		400,443		406,869		(6,426)
Contractual services		120,766		76,497		44,269
Materials and supplies		176,175		134,192		41,983
Capital Outlay		144,000		201,892		(57,892)
Total community affairs		841,384		819,450		21,934
Senior transportation						
Personnel services		174,252		88,434		85,818
Contractual services		27,675		18,862		8,813
Materials and supplies		16,373		15,107		1,266
Capital Outlay		10,972		11,665		(693)
Total senior transportation		229,272		134,068		95,204
Administration - human resources						
Personnel services		181,851		157,453		24 209
						24,398
Contractual services		77,008		64,621		12,387
Materials and supplies		9,010		4,669		4,341
Total administration - human resources	·	267,869		226,743		41,126
Total leisure time activity		2,364,849	1	,966,408		398,441
Community Environment						
Building and zoning						
Personnel services		556,839		548,962		7,877
Contractual services		244,803		157,619		87,184
Materials and supplies		13,575		5,992		7,583
Total building and zoning		815,217		712,573		102,644
Total community environment		815,217		712,573		102,644
Debt Service:						
Principal		264,087		235,870		28,217
Interest.		117,616		81,384		36,232
Bond issuance costs		30,000		-		30,000
Total debt service		411,703		317,254		94,449
tal expenditures				<u></u>		1,437,184
un expenditures		14,141,191	12	,704,007		1,437,104
		14,141,191	12	,704,007		1,437,104
cess (deficiency) of revenues ver (under) expenditures		1,109,841		,704,007		3,252,212

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Budg	geted Amounts		Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive
		Final	 Actual		Negative)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Sale of capital assets	\$	500	\$ 3,338	\$	2,838
Capital lease transaction		136,460	52,313		(84,147)
Transfers (out)		(4,091,536)	(2,732,900)		1,358,636
Total other financing sources (uses)		(3,954,576)	(2,677,249)		1,277,327
Net change in fund balance		(2,844,735)	1,684,804		4,529,539
Fund balance at beginning of year		3,651,266	3,651,266		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		335,694	 335,694		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	1,142,225	\$ 5,671,764	\$	4,529,539

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) RAINY DAY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Budg	eted Amount		Final	ice with Budget sitive
		Final	Actual		gative)
Revenues: Income taxes	\$	150,000 150,000	\$ 150,000 150,000	\$	<u>-</u>
Expenditures: Total expenditures			 		
Net change in fund balance		150,000	150,000		-
Fund balance at beginning of year		1,841,667	 1,841,667		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	1,991,667	\$ 1,991,667	\$	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) TERMINATION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Budget	ed Amount		Fina	nnce with l Budget ositive
	F	inal	Actual		egative)
Revenues:					
Total revenues	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Expenditures:					
Security of persons and property:					
Police					
Personal services		111,425	50,449		60,976
Transportation					
Street department					
Personal services		8,089	-		8,089
Leisure time activity					
Recreation-center operations					
Personnel services		42,121	3,757		38,364
Community affairs					
Personnel services		26,000	25,369		631
Administration - human resources					
Personnel services		6,000	5,119		881
Recreation-parks					
Personnel services		20,000	16,164		3,836
Recreation-golf					
Personnel services		-	4,582		(4,582)
Utilities					
Personnel services		43,323	 		43,323
Total expenditures		256,958	 105,440		151,518
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	-	(256,958)	 (105,440)	-	151,518
Other financing sources:					
Transfers in		12,900	 17,600		4,700
Total other financing sources		12,900	 17,600		4,700
Net change in fund balance		(244,058)	(87,840)		156,218
Fund balance at beginning of year		244,058	 244,058		
Fund balance at end of year	\$		\$ 156,218	\$	156,218

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) TOWNSHIP INSPECTION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Budget	ed Amount			Fina	ance with al Budget ositive
]	Final	A	Actual	(N	egative)
Revenues:						
Fines, licenses and permits	\$	27,717	\$	23,623	\$	(4,094)
Total revenues		27,717		23,623		(4,094)
Expenditures:						
Community Environment						
Building and zoning						
Contractual services		37,281		28,969		8,312
Total expenditures		37,281		28,969	-	8,312
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures		(9,564)		(5,346)	-	4,218
Net change in fund balance		(9,564)		(5,346)		4,218
Fund balance at beginning of year		9,564		9,564	_	<u>-</u>
Fund balance at end of year	\$		\$	4,218	\$	4,218

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FLEXIBLE SPENDING FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Bud	geted Amount			Fina	ance with al Budget ositive	
		Final	A	Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues:					<u>, </u>		
Other	\$	50,000	\$	48,989	\$	(1,011)	
Total revenues		50,000		48,989		(1,011)	
Expenditures:							
General Government							
Finance							
Contractual services		51,942		46,838		5,104	
Total expenditures		51,942		46,838		5,104	
Net change in fund balance		(1,942)		2,151		4,093	
Fund balance at beginning of year		26,203		26,203			
Fund balance at end of year	\$	24,261	\$	28,354	\$	4,093	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) EMPLOYEE WITHHOLDING FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Bud	geted Amount Final	F	Actual	Fin H	iance with al Budget Positive (egative)
Revenues:						
Other	\$	82,000	\$	77,755	\$	(4,245)
Total revenues		82,000		77,755	-	(4,245)
Expenditures: General Government Finance						
Contractual services		82,256		77,701		4,555
Total expenditures		82,256		77,701		4,555
Net change in fund balance		(256)		54		310
Fund balance at beginning of year		1,722		1,722		<u>-</u>
Fund balance at end of year	\$	1,466	\$	1,776	\$	310

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) SENIOR CENTER FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Budgeted Amount Final			Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	2,700	\$	5,984	\$	3,284
Contributions and donations		-		1,214		1,214
Other		600		53		(547)
Total revenues		3,300		7,251		3,951
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Leisure time activity						
Recreation-senior center						
Personnel services		81,083		67,029		14,054
Contractual services		22,017		15,171		6,846
Materials and supplies		8,100		5,504		2,596
Total recreation - senior center		111,200		87,704		23,496
Total leisure time activity		111,200		87,704		23,496
Total expenditures		111,200		87,704		23,496
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures		(107,900)		(80,453)		27,447
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in		107,900		107,900		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		107,900		107,900		-
Net change in fund balance		-		27,447		27,447
Fund balance at beginning of year				<u>-</u> _		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	-	\$	27,447	\$	27,447

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) RECREATION & AQUATIC CENTER FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Budg	geted Amount		Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive
		Final	 Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:		_			_
Charges for services	\$	653,794	\$ 756,861	\$	103,067
Other		10,000	 4,470		(5,530)
Total revenues		663,794	 761,331	-	97,537
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Leisure time activity					
Recreation-senior center					
Contractual services		492	196		296
Materials and supplies		1,756	 255		1,501
Total recreation - senior center		2,248	 451		1,797
Recreation-aquatic					
Contractual services		187,210	112,477		74,733
Materials and supplies		96,418	47,405		49,013
Total recreation-aquatic		283,628	159,882		123,746
Recreation-aquatic indoor					
Contractual services		36,152	20,851		15,301
Materials and supplies		58,102	13,995		44,107
Total recreation-aquatic indoor		94,254	34,846		59,408
Recreation-center operations					
Personnel services		629,419	545,837		83,582
Contractual services		309,464	252,048		57,416
Materials and supplies		87,980	38,026		49,954
Total recreation-center operations		1,026,863	835,911		190,952
Recreation-center fitness					
Contractual services		36,431	32,307		4,124
Materials and supplies		22,466	6,147		16,319
Total recreation-center fitness		58,897	38,454		20,443
Recreation-center athletics					
Contractual services		43,297	20,282		23,015
Materials and supplies		17,775	4,576		13,199
Total recreation-center athletics		61,072	 24,858		36,214
Recreation-center programs					
Contractual services		5,346	2,001		3,345
Materials and supplies		6,994	2,335		4,659
Total recreation-center programs	-	12,340	 4,336		8,004
		,0	 .,==0		-,

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) RECREATION & AQUATIC FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

		ted Amount		A -41	Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive
Recreation-center	-	Final		Actual	(l	Negative)
Personnel services	\$	756,138	\$	693,894	\$	62,244
Contractual services	Ψ	13.042	Ψ	2,610	Ψ	10,432
Materials and supplies		6,750		3,339		3,411
Total recreation-center		775,930		699,843		76,087
Recreation-facility management						
Contractual services		322,354		235,320		87,034
Total recreation-facility management		322,354		235,320		87,034
Total leisure time activity		2,637,586		2,033,901		603,685
Debt Service:						
Principal		7,298		6,763		535
Interest		1,741		1,579		162
Total debt service		9,039		8,342		697
Total expenditures		2,646,625		2,042,243		604,382
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures		(1,982,831)		(1,280,912)		701,919
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in		2,038,924		1,400,000		(638,924)
Transfers out		(12,900)		(12,900)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		2,026,024		1,387,100		(638,924)
Net change in fund balance		43,193		106,188		62,995
Fund balance at beginning of year		(16,762)		(16,762)		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		56,497		56,497		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	82,928	\$	145,923	\$	62,995

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Budge	eted Amount		A.41	Fi	ariance with inal Budget Positive
Revenues:		Final		Actual		(Negative)
Income taxes	\$	780,337	\$	903,046	\$	122,709
Other	Ψ	700,557	Ψ	30,512	Ψ	30,512
Total revenues		780,337		933,558		153,221
Expenditures:						
General government:						
Contractual services		3,117,277		24,988		3,092,289
Debt service:						
Principal		1,568,822		1,558,273		10,549
Interest		323,206		231,207		91,999
Issuance costs		30,000		<u>-</u>		30,000
Total expenditures		5,039,305		1,814,468		3,224,837
Net change in fund balance		(4,258,968)		(880,910)		3,378,058
Fund balance at beginning of year		4,258,968		4,258,968		
Fund balance at end of year	\$		\$	3,378,058	\$	3,378,058

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Budgeted Amount				ariance with Tinal Budget Positive
_		Final		Actual	 (Negative)
Revenues:					
Income taxes	\$	1,597,674	\$	1,806,090	\$ 208,416
Intergovernmental		1,005,930		975,458	(30,472)
Other				30,012	 30,012
Total revenues		2,603,604		2,811,560	 207,956
Expenditures:					
Contractual services		871,336		51,164	820,172
Capital outlay		3,816,299		2,620,698	1,195,601
Total expenditures		4,687,635		2,671,862	2,015,773
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures		(2,084,031)		139,698	(1,807,817)
Other financing sources:					
Loan proceeds		1,390,194		274,242	(1,115,952)
Total other financing sources		1,390,194		274,242	 (1,115,952)
Net change in fund balance		(693,837)		413,940	1,107,777
Fund balance at beginning of year		(176,766)		(176,766)	-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		870,603		870,603	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	1,107,777	\$ 1,107,777

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Nonmajor cial Revenue Funds	Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund		al Nonmajor vernmental Funds
Assets:				
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 2,005,479	\$	4,821,938	\$ 6,827,417
Cash with fiscal agent	32,357		-	32,357
Accounts	46,434		-	46,434
Intergovernmental	460,663		-	460,663
Materials and supplies inventory	98,545		-	98,545
Prepayments	78,103		-	78,103
Inventory held for resale	 6,904			 6,904
Total assets	\$ 2,728,485	\$	4,821,938	\$ 7,550,423
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 71,242	\$	-	\$ 71,242
Contracts payable	1,098		683,405	684,503
Accrued wages and benefits	38,609		-	38,609
Due to other governments	21,939		-	21,939
Unearned revenue	293,305		-	293,305
Deposits held and due to others	 		456	 456
Total liabilities	 426,193	-	683,861	 1,110,054
Deferred inflows of resources:				
Intergovernmental revenue not available	 367,880			 367,880
Total deferred inflows of resources	 367,880			 367,880
Fund balances:				
Nonspendable	176,648		-	176,648
Restricted	821,220		3,845,384	4,666,604
Committed	 936,544		292,693	 1,229,237
Total fund balances	 1,934,412		4,138,077	 6,072,489
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of				
resources and fund balances	\$ 2,728,485	\$	4,821,938	\$ 7,550,423

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Jonmajor cial Revenue Funds	onmajor ital Projects Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Revenues:				
Payment in lieu of taxes	\$ 258,389	\$ -	\$	258,389
Charges for services	1,201,725	164,974		1,366,699
Fines, licenses and permits	3,090	-		3,090
Intergovernmental	1,143,163	-		1,143,163
Investment income	1,826	3,986		5,812
Other	 81,673	 		81,673
Total revenues	2,689,866	168,960		2,858,826
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	264,585	-		264,585
Security of persons and property	53,340	-		53,340
Public health and welfare	64,569	-		64,569
Transportation	1,640,173	-		1,640,173
Community environment	34,897	-		34,897
Leisure time activity	1,467,689	-		1,467,689
Economic development	526	-		526
Capital outlay	-	3,773,319		3,773,319
Principal retirement	107,386	-		107,386
Interest and fiscal charges	4,852	-		4,852
Bond issuance costs	 -	 72,378		72,378
Total expenditures	 3,638,017	3,845,697		7,483,714
Excess (deficiency) of revenues under expenditures	(948,151)	(3,676,737)		(4,624,888)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Bonds issued	-	7,573,000		7,573,000
Transfers in	1,225,000	-		1,225,000
Transfers (out)	 (4,700)	 		(4,700)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 1,220,300	7,573,000		8,793,300
Net change in fund balances	272,149	3,896,263		4,168,412
Fund balances at beginning of year	 1,662,263	 241,814		1,904,077
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 1,934,412	\$ 4,138,077	\$	6,072,489

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Ma	Street intenance & Repair	I	State Highway	Cemetery	
Assets:	\$	167,910	\$	190,025	\$	64,322
Equity in pooled cash and investments Cash with fiscal agent	Э	167,910	Ф	190,023	Ф	04,322
Receivables:		-		-		-
Accounts		_		_		864
Intergovernmental		426,113		34,550		-
Materials and supplies inventory		29,498		29,498		_
Prepayments		45,413		167		972
Inventory held for resale						
Total assets	\$	668,934	\$	254,240	\$	66,158
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	15,690	\$	-	\$	-
Contracts payable		-		-		-
Accrued wages and benefits		23,711		-		-
Due to other governments		12,032		-		-
Unearned revenue						
Total liabilities		51,433				
Deferred inflows of resources:						
Intergovernmental revenue not available		340,289		27,591		
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable		74,911		29,665		972
Restricted		202,301		196,984		65,186
Committed						
Total fund balances	-	277,212	-	226,649		66,158
Total liabilities, deferred inflows						
of resources and fund balances	\$	668,934	\$	254,240	\$	66,158

 Parks	Edu	Drug cation & orcement	Motor Vehicle		DUI/OMVI Enforcement		Court Computer		emetery erpetual Care
\$ 423,931	\$	5,728	\$ 208,097 32,357	\$	18,327	\$	6,621	\$	85,489 -
-		-	-		-		130		-
-		-	-		-		-		-
-		-	-		-		-		-
\$ 423,931	\$	5,728	\$ 240,454	\$	18,327	\$	6,751	\$	85,489
\$ 1,282	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
-		-	-		-		-		-
-		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		-
 1,282			 						
-		5,728	- 240,454		- 18,327		- 6,751		- 85,489
 422,649		-	 -		-		-		-
 422,649		5,728	 240,454		18,327		6,751		85,489
\$ 423,931	\$	5,728	\$ 240,454	\$	18,327	\$	6,751	\$	85,489

(Continued)

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Tr	ee Fund	Ac	eation & quatic ter Fund	Go	olf Course Fund		insportation Services Fund	Rec	Local Fiscal overy Fund		Total Nonmajor ccial Revenue Funds
Assets:	_		_				_		_		_	
Equity in pooled cash and investments Cash with fiscal agent	\$	263,784	\$	-	\$	219,809	\$	57,033	\$	294,403	\$	2,005,479 32,357
Accounts		-		-		3,139		42,301		-		46,434 460,663
Materials and supplies inventory		167		-		39,549 26,150 6,904		5,234		-		98,545 78,103
Total assets	\$	263,951	\$		\$	295,551	\$	104,568	\$	294,403	\$	2,728,485
Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$	23,250	\$	-	\$	3,981	\$	27,039	\$	1,098	\$	71,242 1,098
Accrued wages and benefits		-		-		14,898 9,907		-		293,305		38,609 21,939 293,305
Total liabilities		23,250		-		28,786		27,039		294,403		426,193
Deferred inflows of resources: Intergovernmental revenue not available												367,880
Fund balances:		167				65.600		5 22 4				150.040
Nonspendable		167 - 240,534		-		65,699 - 201,066		5,234 - 72,295		-		176,648 821,220 936,544
Total fund balances		240,734		-		266,765		77,529				1,934,412
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	263,951	\$	-	\$	295,551	\$	104,568	\$	294,403	\$	2,728,485

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COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Street Maintenance & Repair	State Highway Fund	Cemetery Fund	Parks Fund
Revenues:				
Payment in lieu of taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Charges for services	-	-	37,586	91,957
Fines, licenses and permits	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	974,973	79,051	-	-
Investment income	-	1,084	-	-
Other	78,411			
Total revenues	1,053,384	80,135	37,586	91,957
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	-	-	-	-
Security of persons and property	-	-	-	-
Public health and welfare	-	-	47,792	-
Transportation	1,286,470	39,158	-	-
Community environment	-	-	-	-
Leisure time activity	-	-	-	45,453
Economic development	-	-	-	-
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	14,982	-	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges	1,213			
Total expenditures	1,302,665	39,158	47,792	45,453
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(249,281)	40,977	(10,206)	46,504
Other financing sources:				
Transfers in	150,000	_	_	75,000
Transfers (out)	-			-
Total other financing sources	150,000	_	_	75,000
				,,,,,,,
Net change in fund balances	(99,281)	40,977	(10,206)	121,504
Fund balances at beginning of year	376,493	185,672	76,364	301,145
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 277,212	\$ 226,649	\$ 66,158	\$ 422,649

Increment	Transp	nior oortation und	Drug Education Enforceme		Motor Vehicle Fund	DUI/OMVI Enforcement Fund		Court Computer Fund		Cemetery Perpetual Care Fund	
\$ 258,389	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
-		-		-	-		250		2,840		7,900
-		12,354		1,392	74,295		-		-		_
-		-		-	-		-		-		75 -
 258,389		12,354		1,392	74,295		250		2,840		7,975
258,389		_		_	-		-		-		-
-		-	1	0,751	-		24,484		-		16,777
-		-		-	-		-		-		10,///
-		-		-	-		-		-		-
-		12,354		-	-		-		-		-
-		-		-	-		-		-		-
 258,389		12,354	1	0,751	-		24,484				16,777
 			(9,359)	74,295		(24,234)		2,840		(8,802)
-		-		_	-		-		-		-
 					-			-			
-		-	(9,359)	74,295		(24,234)		2,840		(8,802)
 			1	5,087	166,159		42,561		3,911		94,291
\$ 	\$		\$	5,728	\$ 240,454	\$	18,327	\$	6,751	\$	85,489

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COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Tree Fund	Golf Course Fund	Transportation Services Fund	Local Coronavirus Relief Fund	Local Fiscal Recovery Fund	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
Revenues:						
Payment in lieu of taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 258,389
Charges for services	164,800	701,176	198,306	-	=	1,201,725
Fines, licenses and permits	-	-	-	-	-	3,090
Intergovernmental		-	-		1,098	1,143,163
Investment income	591	-	-	76	-	1,826
Other		2,607	655			81,673
Total revenues	165,391	703,783	198,961	76	1,098	2,689,866
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government	-	-	-	6,196	-	264,585
Security of persons and property	-	-	-	18,105	-	53,340
Public health and welfare	-	-	-	-	-	64,569
Transportation	-	-	309,532	3,915	1,098	1,640,173
Community environment	34,897	-	-	-	-	34,897
Leisure time activity	-	1,389,989	-	19,893	-	1,467,689
Economic development	-	-	-	526	-	526
Debt service:						
Principal retirement	-	92,404	-	-	=	107,386
Interest and fiscal charges		3,639				4,852
Total expenditures	34,897	1,486,032	309,532	48,635	1,098	3,638,017
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	130,494	(782,249)	(110,571)	(48,559)		(948,151)
Other financing sources:						
Transfers in	-	900,000	100,000	-	-	1,225,000
Transfers (out)		(4,700)				(4,700)
Total other financing sources		895,300	100,000			1,220,300
Net change in fund balances	130,494	113,051	(10,571)	(48,559)	-	272,149
Fund balances at beginning of year	110,207	153,714	88,100	48,559		1,662,263
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 240,701	\$ 266,765	\$ 77,529	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,934,412

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) STREET MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Budge	ted Amounts		Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
		Final	Actual		legative)
Revenues:	<u> </u>				
Intergovernmental	\$	835,000	\$ 972,015	\$	137,015
Other		5,000	 78,411		73,411
Total revenues		840,000	 1,050,426		210,426
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Transportation					
Street department					
Personnel services		977,196	883,847		93,349
Contractual services		209,062	235,460		(26,398)
Materials and supplies		254,083	210,613		43,470
Capital outlay		61,029	24,573		36,456
Debt Service:					
Principal		14,983	14,982		1
Interest		1,214	1,213		1
Total transportation		1,517,567	 1,370,688		146,879
Total expenditures		1,517,567	 1,370,688		146,879
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures		(677,567)	(320,262)		357,305
Other financing sources:					
Transfers in		388,778	150,000		(238,778)
Total other financing sources		388,778	 150,000	-	(238,778)
Net change in fund balance		(288,789)	(170,262)		118,527
Fund balance at beginning of year		257,516	257,516		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		31,273	 31,273	-	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	-	\$ 118,527	\$	118,527

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) STATE HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Budge	ted Amount		Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive
		Final	 Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental	\$	67,500	\$ 78,811	\$	11,311
Investment income		1,000	1,084		84
Total revenues		68,500	 79,895		11,395
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Transportation					
Public service					
Contractual		244,903	105,026		139,877
Capital outlay		5,070	9,059		(3,989)
Total expenditures		249,973	114,085		135,888
Net change in fund balance		(181,473)	(34,190)		147,283
Fund balance at beginning of year		121,051	121,051		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		60,422	 60,422		
Fund balance at end of year	\$		\$ 147,283	\$	147,283

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) CEMETERY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Budge	ted Amounts	_		Fin 1	iance with al Budget Positive
	Final			Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	34,000	\$	36,722	\$	2,722
Other		500				(500)
Total revenues		34,500		36,722	-	2,222
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Public health and welfare						
Public service						
Personnel services		12,567		13,024		(457)
Contractual		1,750		1,084		666
Materials and supplies		84,433		4,790		79,643
Capital outlay		_		28,808		(28,808)
Total public health and welfare		98,750		47,706		51,044
Total expenditures		98,750		47,706		51,044
Net change in fund balance		(64,250)		(10,984)		53,266
Fund balance at beginning of year		72,733		72,733		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	8,483	\$	61,749	\$	53,266

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) PARKS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Budge	eted Amount	_		Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive	
		Final		Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues:							
Charges for services	\$	15,000	\$	91,957	\$	76,957	
Total revenues		15,000		91,957		76,957	
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Leisure time activities							
Park department							
Capital outlay		136,600		75,398		61,202	
Contingency		220,279		-		220,279	
Total leisure time activities		356,879		75,398		281,481	
Total expenditures		356,879	-	75,398		281,481	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures		(341,879)		16,559		358,438	
Other financing sources:							
Transfers in		75,000		75,000		-	
Total other financing sources		75,000		75,000			
Net change in fund balance		(266,879)		91,559		358,438	
		, , ,		,		ŕ	
Fund balance at beginning of year		301,145		301,145			
Fund balance at end of year	\$	34,266	\$	392,704	\$	358,438	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) TAX INCREMENT FINANCING FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Budge	ted Amount			Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive	
		Final		Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues:		_	,	<u> </u>		_	
Payment in lieu of taxes	\$	363,238	\$	258,389	\$	(104,849)	
Total revenues		363,238		258,389		(104,849)	
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government							
Finance							
Contractual services		356,879		258,389		98,490	
Total expenditures		356,879		258,389		98,490	
Net change in fund balance		6,359		-		(6,359)	
Fund balance at beginning of year		<u>-</u>					
Fund balance at end of year	\$	6,359	\$	-	\$	(6,359)	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) SENIOR TRANSPORTATION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Budget	ed Amount		Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
	Final		 Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental	\$	40,000	\$ 12,354	\$	(27,646)
Total revenues		40,000	 12,354		(27,646)
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Leisure time activity					
Transportation					
Personnel services		13,112	12,354		758
Materials and supplies		26,888	-		26,888
Capital outlay			 		<u> </u>
Total expenditures		40,000	 12,354		27,646
Net change in fund balance		-	-		-
Fund balance at beginning of year			 		
Fund balance at end of year	\$		\$ 	\$	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) DRUG EDUCATION AND ENFORCEMENT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Budge	ted Amount			Fina	ance with al Budget ositive
	Final		Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:	_		_		_	
Intergovernmental	\$	10,000	\$	1,492	\$	(8,508)
Total revenues		10,000		1,492		(8,508)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Security of persons and property						
Materials and supplies		23,334		4,251		19,083
Capital outlay				6,500		(6,500)
Total expenditures		23,334		10,751		12,583
Net change in fund balance		(13,334)		(9,259)		4,075
Fund balance at beginning of year		14,987	-	14,987		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	1,653	\$	5,728	\$	4,075

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) MOTOR VEHICLE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Budget	ted Amount			Fin	ance with al Budget Positive
]	1	Actual		egative)	
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental	\$	50,700	\$	54,766	\$	4,066
Total revenues		50,700		54,766		4,066
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Transportation						
Street department						
Contractual services		326		-		326
Capital outlay		113,848		3,845		110,003
Contingency		93,702				93,702
Total expenditures		207,876		3,845		204,031
Net change in fund balance		(157,176)		50,921		208,097
Fund balance at beginning of year		43,003		43,003		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		114,173		114,173		
Fund balance at end of year	\$		\$	208,097	\$	208,097

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) DUI/OMVI ENFORCEMENT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Bud	Budgeted Amount Final Actual			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:		_		_		_	
Fines, licenses and permits	\$	4,500	\$	275	\$	(4,225)	
Intergovernmental		500		-		(500)	
Total revenues	-	5,000		275		(4,725)	
Expenditures:							
Current: Security of persons and property							
Contractual services		45,566		1,411		44,155	
Capital outlay		-		24,868		(24,868)	
Total expenditures		45,566		26,279		19,287	
Net change in fund balance		(40,566)		(26,004)		14,562	
Fund balance at beginning of year		41,644		41,644		_	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		892		892			
Fund balance at end of year	\$	1,970	\$	16,532	\$	14,562	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) COURT COMPUTER FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	 ed Amount			Fina P	ance with I Budget ositive
D	 Final		Actual	(N	egative)
Revenues:					
Fines, licenses and permits	\$ 5,000	\$	3,070	\$	(1,930)
Total revenues	 5,000	-	3,070		(1,930)
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government					
Contractual services	 6,641				6,641
Total expenditures	 6,641				6,641
Net change in fund balance	(1,641)		3,070		4,711
Fund balance at beginning of year	 3,551		3,551		
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 1,910	\$	6,621	\$	4,711

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) TRANSPORTATION SERVICES FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Budge	eted Amounts		Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
		Final	 Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:					
Charges for services	\$	155,000	\$ 156,005	\$	1,005
Other		-	 655		655
Total revenues		155,000	 156,660		1,660
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Transportation					
Contractual services		348,550	337,919		10,631
Materials and supplies		17,200	 12,063		5,137
Total transportation		365,750	 349,982		15,768
Total expenditures		365,750	 349,982		15,768
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures		(210,750)	(193,322)		17,428
Other financing sources:					
Transfers in		179,241	100,000		(79,241)
Total other financing sources		179,241	100,000		(79,241)
Net change in fund balance		(31,509)	(93,322)		(61,813)
Fund balance at beginning of year		81,711	81,711		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		24,500	 24,500		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	74,702	\$ 12,889	\$	(61,813)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) CEMETERY PERPETUAL CARE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Budg	eted Amount Final	ļ	Actual	Fin:	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
Revenues:						egau. c)
Charges for services	\$	5,000	\$	7,900	\$	2,900
Investment income		500		75		(425)
Total revenues		5,500		7,975		2,475
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Public health and welfare						
Public service						
Materials and supplies		-		4,752		(4,752)
Capital outlay		18,800		12,325		6,475
Contingency		80,935				80,935
Total expenditures		99,735		17,077		82,658
Net change in fund balance		(94,235)		(9,102)		85,133
Fund balance at beginning of year		93,011		93,011		_
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		3,800		3,800		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	2,576	\$	87,709	\$	85,133

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) TREE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Budgeted Amount Final			Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:							
Charges for services	\$	5,000	\$	164,800	\$	159,800	
Investment income		500		591		91	
Total revenues		5,500	-	165,391		159,891	
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Public health and welfare							
Public service							
Contractual services		7,000		8,096		(1,096)	
Materials and supplies		38,800		37,772		1,028	
Contingency		69,907				69,907	
Total expenditures		115,707		45,868		69,839	
Net change in fund balance		(110,207)		119,523		229,730	
Fund balance at beginning of year		106,407		106,407		-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		3,800		3,800			
Fund balance at end of year	\$		\$	229,730	\$	229,730	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GOLF COURSE FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Budg	eted Amount Final	Actual	Fin	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Revenues:		250.105	 		221 500
Charges for services	\$	368,106	\$ 699,696	\$	331,590
Other		5,000	2,607		(2,393)
Total revenues	-	373,106	 702,303		329,197
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Leisure time activity					
Recreation-golf					
Personnel services		417,488	336,431		81,057
Contractual services		189,469	168,108		21,361
Materials and supplies		36,329	32,660		3,669
Total recreation-golf		643,286	537,199		106,087
Recreation-golf maintenance					
Personnel services		734,732	600,850		133,882
Contractual services		42,850	41,654		1,196
Materials and supplies		161,918	128,013		33,905
Capital Outlay		124,465	49,465		75,000
Total recreation-golf maintenance		1,063,965	 819,982		243,983
5 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -		-,,,,,,,	,	-	,,
Recreation-golf facilities management					
Contractual services		49,835	38,231		11,604
Total recreation-golf facilities management		49,835	38,231		11,604
Debt Service:		00.406	00.404		
Principal		92,406	92,404		2
Interest		3,642	 3,639		3
Total debt service		96,048	 96,043		5
Total expenditures		1,853,134	 1,491,455		361,679
F (1-f-:) -f					
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(1,480,028)	(789,152)		690,876
over (under) experiatures		(1,400,020)	 (707,132)	-	070,070
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in		1,381,693	900,000		(481,693)
Transfers (out)		-	(4,700)		(4,700)
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,381,693	895,300		(486,393)
Net change in fund balance		(98,335)	106,148		204,483
Fund balance at beginning of year		32,067	32,067		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		67,191	 67,191		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	923	\$ 205,406	\$	204,483

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) LOCAL FISCAL RECOVERY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

		Final		Actual	Fin	riance with aal Budget Positive Negative)
Revenues:	¢	294,403	\$	294,403	\$	
Intergovernmental	3	294,403	Φ	294,403	Ф	<u> </u>
Expenditures: Current: Utilities Storm Water Capital outlay		294,403 294,403		5,100 5,100		289,303 289,303
Total expenditures		294,403		5,100		289,303
Net change in fund balance		-		289,303		289,303
Fund balance at beginning of year		<u>-</u>				
Fund balance at end of year	\$		\$	289,303	\$	289,303

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) LOCAL CORONAVIRUS RELIEF FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

		Final	Ac	etual	Final Pos	nce with Budget itive ative)
Revenues:						-
Intergovernmental	\$	77	\$	-	\$	(77)
Investment income		809		76		(733)
Total revenues		886		76		(810)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government						
Mayor						
Personnel services		1,957		1,957		-
Total mayor		1,957	-	1,957		
Administration						
Personnel services		549		549		-
Contractual services		6,174		6,174		-
Materials and supplies		2,926		2,926		_
Total administration		9,649		9,649		-
Total general government		11,606		11,606		_
•	-					
Security of persons and property						
Police						
Personnel services		14,615		14,615		-
Contractual services		1,060		1,060		-
Materials and supplies		4,860		4,050		810
Total police		20,535		19,725		810
Total security of persons and property		20,535		19,725		810
Economic development						
Economic development						
Personnel services		526		526		
Total economic development		526		526		
Total economic development		526		526		
Transportation						
Transportation services						
Materials and supplies		587		587		_
Total public service.		587		587		-
Public service						
Personnel services		2,735		2,735		_
Total public service		2,735		2,735		-
Total transportation		3,322		3,322		-
Laigura tima activity						
Leisure time activity Recreation-parks						
Personnel services		3,155		3,155		
Total recreation-parks		3,155		3,155		-
Recreation-center operations						
Personnel services		1,463		1,463		_
Materials and supplies		7,682		7,682		_
Total recreation-center operations		9,145		9,145		-
Recreation-center						
Personnel services		4,137		4,137		_
Total recreation-center		4,137		4,137		
		.,				

- - Continued

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) LOCAL CORONAVIRUS RELIEF FUND (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Budgete	d Amounts			Varian Final I Posi	Budget
	F	inal	A	ctual	(Nega	ative)
Recreation-senior center	·					
Materials and supplies	\$	807	\$	807	\$	-
Total recreation-senior center		807		807		-
Community affairs						
Personnel services		2,019		2,019		-
Total community affairs		2,019		2,019		-
Senior transportation						
Personnel services		1,380		1,380		-
Total senior transportation		1,380		1,380		-
Administration - human resources						
Personnel services		2,075		2,075		-
Total administration - human resources		2,075		2,075		-
Total leisure time activity		22,718		22,718		-
otal expenditures		58,707		57,897		810
et change in fund balance		(57,821)		(57,821)		-
and balance at beginning of year		57,821		57,821		-
und balance at end of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

		ecreation ter Capital Projects	Golf Course Recovery		Surety Bond	
Assets:				_		
Equity in pooled						
cash and investments	\$	190,886	\$	101,807	\$	456
Total assets	\$	190,886	\$	101,807	\$	456
Liabilities:						
Deposits held and due to others. Contracts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	456
Total liabilities		-		-		456
Fund balances:						
Restricted		-		-		-
Committed		190,886		101,807		
Total fund balances		190,886		101,807		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of						
resources and fund balances	\$	190,886	\$	101,807	\$	456

Rarey's Port Building Construction		Wert's Grove Building Construction		Tot	al Nonmajor Capital Projects
\$	2,155,867	\$	2,372,922	\$	4,821,938
\$	2,155,867	\$	2,372,922	\$	4,821,938
\$	-	\$	-	\$	456
	446,593		236,812		683,405
	446,593		236,812		683,861
	1,709,274		2,136,110		3,845,384
					292,693
	1,709,274		2,136,110		4,138,077
\$	2,155,867	\$	2,372,922	\$	4,821,938

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Recreation Center Capital Projects	Golf Course Recovery	Rarey's Port Building Construction	Wert's Grove Building Construction	Total Nonmajor Capital Projects
Revenues:					
Charges for services	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$ 50,334		*	\$ 164,974
Investment income			1,953	2,033	3,986
Total revenues	114,640	50,334	1,953	2,033	168,960
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Capital outlay	18,203	95,892	1,963,075	1,696,149	3,773,319
Debt service:					
Bond issuance costs			35,418	36,960	72,378
Total expenditures	18,203	95,892	1,998,493	1,733,109	3,845,697
Excess (deficiency) of					
revenues under expenditures	96,437	(45,558)	(1,996,540)	(1,731,076)	(3,676,737)
Other financing sources (uses):			2 705 914	2 977 197	7.572.000
Bonds issued			3,705,814	3,867,186	7,573,000
Total other financing sources (uses)			3,705,814	3,867,186	7,573,000
Net change in fund balances	96,437	(45,558)	1,709,274	2,136,110	3,896,263
Fund balances at beginning of year	94,449	147,365		-	241,814
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 190,886	\$ 101,807	\$ 1,709,274	\$ 2,136,110	\$ 4,138,077

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) RECREATION CENTER CAPITAL PROJECTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Bud	geted Amount		Fin	iance with al Budget Positive	
		Final	Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues:			 		<u> </u>	
Charges for services	\$	136,206	\$ 114,640	\$	(21,566)	
Total revenues		136,206	 114,640		(21,566)	
Expenditures:						
Capital outlay		152,000	18,203		133,797	
Contingency		78,655	 		78,655	
Total expenditures		230,655	18,203		212,452	
Net change in fund balance		(94,449)	96,437		190,886	
Fund balance at beginning of year		94,449	 94,449			
Fund balance at end of year	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 190,886	\$	190,886	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GOLF COURSE RECOVERY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Budg	eted Amount			Fina	ance with al Budget ositive
		Final		Actual		egative)
Revenues:						, , ,
Charges for services	\$	51,894	\$	50,334	\$	(1,560)
Total revenues		51,894		50,334		(1,560)
Expenditures:						
Contractual services		85,906		6,010		79,896
Materials and supplies		96,505		91,958		4,547
Total expenditures		182,411		97,968		84,443
Net change in fund balance		(130,517)		(47,634)		82,883
Fund balance at beginning of year		147,365		147,365		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	16,848	\$	99,731	\$	82,883

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) RAREY'S PORT BUILDING CONSTRUCTION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

-	Budgeted Amount		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:			
Investment income	\$ 1,936	\$ 1,953	\$ 17
Total revenues	1,936	1,953	17
Expenditures:			
Contractual services	57,751	-	57,751
Materials and supplies	43,605	-	43,605
Capital outlay	3,570,977	3,635,838	(64,861)
Debt service:			
Bond issuance costs	35,418	35,418	-
Total expenditures	3,707,751	3,671,256	36,495
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			
over (under) expenditures	(3,705,815)	(3,669,303)	(36,478)
Other financing sources:			
Sale of bonds	3,705,815	3,705,814	(1)
Total other financing sources	3,705,815	3,705,814	(1)
Net change in fund balance	-	36,511	36,511
Fund balance at beginning of year		<u> </u>	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ -	\$ 36,511	\$ 36,511

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) WERT'S GROVE BUILDING CONSTRUCTION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

_	Budgeted Amount		Variance with Final Budget Positive		
_	Final	Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues:					
Investment income	\$ 2,016	\$ 2,033	\$ 17		
Total revenues	2,016	2,033	17		
Expenditures:					
Contractual services	105,815	-	105,815		
Capital outlay	3,726,427	3,794,326	(67,899)		
Debt service:					
Bond issuance costs		36,960			
Total expenditures	3,869,202	3,831,286	37,916		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	(3,867,186)	(3,829,253)	(37,899)		
Other financing sources:					
Sale of bonds	3,867,186	3,867,186			
Total other financing sources	3,867,186	3,867,186			
Net change in fund balance	-	37,933	37,933		
Fund balance at beginning of year		<u>-</u>			
Fund balance at end of year	\$ -	\$ 37,933	\$ 37,933		

INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES FUND DESCRIPTIONS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

ENTERPRISE FUNDS

To account for the financing of costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis that are financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Water Fund

This fund accounts for the provision of water treatment and distribution to its residential and commercial users located within the City.

Water Capital Fund

To account for capacity fees and debt proceeds used to construction projects and improvements. For GAAP reporting, this activity is reflected in the Water enterprise fund.

Sewer Fund

This fund accounts for the provision of sanitary sewer service to the residents and commercial users located within the City.

Sewer Capital Fund

To account for capacity fees used for construction projects and improvements. For GAAP reporting, this activity is reflected in the Sewer enterprise fund.

Storm Water Fund

This fund accounts for the storm drainage runoff services provided to the residents and commercial users of the City. The costs of providing these services are financed primarily through user charges.

Columbus Usage Surcharge Fund

This fund accounts for charges for services which are payable to the City of Columbus for maintaining infrastructure. For GAAP reporting, this activity is reflected in the Water enterprise fund.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) WATER FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Bud	geted Amount		Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive
		Final	 Actual	[]	Negative)
Operating revenues:					
Charges for services	\$	795,000	\$ 753,044	\$	(41,956)
Other		3,000	 317		(2,683)
Total operating revenues		798,000	 753,361		(44,639)
Operating expenses:					
Personnel services		338,926	243,746		95,180
Materials and supplies		154,876	101,709		53,167
Contractual services		148,493	130,662		17,831
Contingency		309,993	-		309,993
Total operating expenses		952,288	476,117		476,171
Operating income (loss)		(154,288)	277,244		431,532
Nonoperating expenses:					
Principal retirement		(133,400)	(133,400)		-
Interest and fiscal charges		(112,159)	(112,158)		1
Total nonoperating expenses		(245,559)	(245,558)		1
Net change in fund equity		(399,847)	31,686		431,533
Fund equity at beginning of year		358,854	358,854		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		48,414	48,414		
Fund equity at end of year	\$	7,421	\$ 438,954	\$	431,533

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) WATER CAPITAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Budg	geted Amount			Fin	riance with nal Budget Positive
	<u>Final</u>			Actual		Negative)
Operating revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	80,000	\$	123,409	\$	43,409
Total operating revenues		80,000		123,409		43,409
Operating expenses:						
Capital outlay		152,344		35,836		116,508
Contingency		493,382		-		493,382
Total operating expenses		645,726		35,836		609,890
Operating income (loss)		(565,726)		87,573		653,299
Nonoperating revenues:						
Debt service:						
Principal retirement		(15,708)		(10,471)		5,237
Total nonoperating revenues		(15,708)		(10,471)		5,237
Net change in fund equity		(581,434)		77,102		658,536
Fund equity at beginning of year		575,454		575,454		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		13,344		13,344		
Fund equity at end of year	\$	7,364	\$	665,900	\$	658,536

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) SEWER FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Buc	lgeted Amount			Fin	iance with al Budget Positive	
	Final			Actual	(Negative)		
Operating revenues:							
Charges for services	\$	611,400	\$	586,134	\$	(25,266)	
Other				12,409		12,409	
Total operating revenues		611,400		598,543		(12,857)	
Operating expenses:							
Personnel services		82,456		62,790		19,666	
Contractual services		515,296		519,993		(4,697)	
Materials and supplies		136,004		76,226		59,778	
Total operating expenses		733,756		659,009		74,747	
Net change in fund equity		(122,356)		(60,466)		61,890	
Fund equity at beginning of year		113,264		113,264		-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		9,099		9,099			
Fund equity at end of year	\$	7	\$	61,897	\$	61,890	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) SEWER CAPITAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Bu	dgeted Amount		Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive
		Final	Actual		Negative)
Operating revenues:					, , ,
Charges for services	\$	550,000	\$ 422,858	\$	(127,142)
Other		<u>-</u>	 300		300
Total operating revenues		550,000	 423,158		(126,842)
Operating expenses:					
Contractual services		650,000	208,017		441,983
Capital outlay		371,756	147,336		224,420
Contingency		176,021	 -		176,021
Total operating expenses		1,197,777	355,353		842,424
Net change in fund equity		(647,777)	67,805		715,582
Fund equity at beginning of year		649,991	649,991		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		26,756	 26,756		
Fund equity at end of year	\$	28,970	\$ 744,552	\$	715,582

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) STORM WATER FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Bud	geted Amounts			riance with nal Budget Positive
		Final	Actual	(Negative)
Operating revenues:					_
Charges for services	\$	625,000	\$ 519,391	\$	(105,609)
Other			138		138
Total operating revenues		625,000	 519,529		(105,471)
Operating expenses:					
Personnel services		452,741	423,402		29,339
Contractual services		157,741	144,915		12,826
Materials and supplies		148,589	108,759		39,830
Capital outlay		759,712	 405,528		354,184
Total operating expenses		1,518,783	1,082,604		436,179
Operating income (loss)		(893,783)	(563,075)		330,708
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):					
Intergovernmental		95,536	95,536		-
Special assessments		-	37,089		(37,089)
Loans issued		288,142	71,587		(216,555)
Debt service: Principal retirement		(16,224)	(10,815)		5,409
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		367,454	193,397		(248,235)
Net change in fund equity		(526,329)	(369,678)		82,473
Fund equity at beginning of year		418,314	418,314		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		136,589	136,589		
Fund equity at end of year	\$	28,574	\$ 185,225	\$	82,473

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) COLUMBUS USAGE SURCHARGE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Bu	dgeted Amounts		Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive
		Final	Actual		Negative)
Operating revenues:					
Charges for services	\$	60,000	\$ 113,862	\$	53,862
Total operating revenues		60,000	113,862		53,862
Operating expenses:					
Materials and supplies		838	-		838
Contingency		588,782			588,782
Total operating expenses		589,620			589,620
Operating income (loss)		(529,620)	113,862		(535,758)
Net change in fund equity		(529,620)	113,862		643,482
Fund equity at beginning of year		548,586	548,586		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated .		838	838		
Fund equity at end of year	\$	19,804	\$ 663,286	\$	643,482

FUND DESCRIPTIONS - FIDUCIARY FUNDS

CUSTODIAL FUNDS

These funds are utilized to hold funds until ultimate distribution to the applicable individual or

Escrow Inspection Fund

Accounts for allocation of fees collected due to the State of Ohio.

Mayor's Court Fund

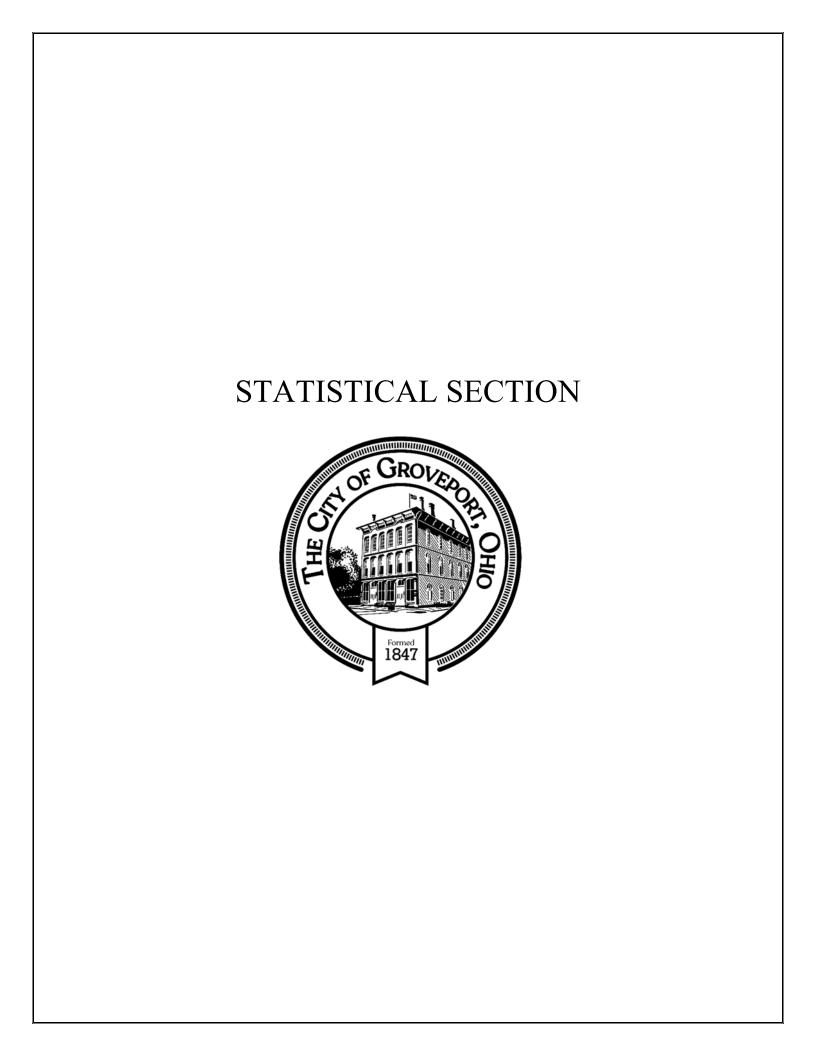
Account for the collection and distribution of court fines and forefeitures through Mayor's Court.

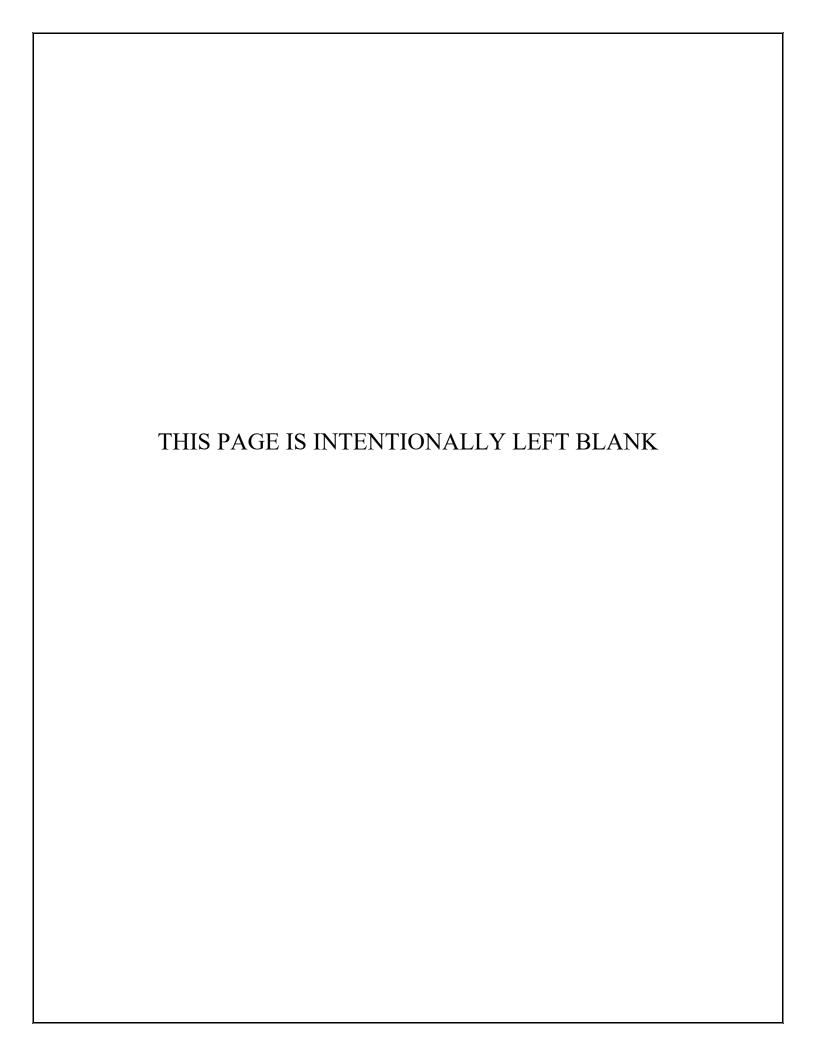
COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Escrow spection	layor's Court	Total Custodial Funds		
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments Cash in segregated accounts	\$ 280,703	\$ 1,059	\$	280,703 1,059	
Total assets	 280,703	 1,059		281,762	
Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$ 13,337	\$ 	\$	13,337	
Total liabilities	 13,337	 -		13,337	
Net position: Restricted for individuals and other governments	267,366	1,059		268,425	
Total net position	\$ 267,366	\$ 1,059	\$	268,425	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Escrow spection	ayor's Court	Total Custodial Funds		
Additions:					
Fines, licenses and permits collected for others	\$ 365,347	\$ 7,059	\$	372,406	
Total additions	365,347	7,059		372,406	
Deductions:					
Fines, licenses and permits distributed to others	 219,794	 8,650		228,444	
Total deductions	 219,794	8,650		228,444	
Change in net position	145,553	(1,591)		143,962	
Net position at beginning of year	121,813	2,650		124,463	
Net position at end of year	\$ 267,366	\$ 1,059	\$	268,425	





STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Groveport's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

the City's overall financial health. Contents **Page** Financial Trends 170-179 These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and wellbeing have changed over time. **Revenue Capacity** 180-187 These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue sources, income and property taxes. Debt Capacity 188-193 These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future. Demographic and Economic Information 194-195 These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place. **Operating Information** 196-200 These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs. Sources: Sources are noted on the individual schedules.

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN YEARS

	2021		2020	2019	2018
Governmental Activities		_	 _		
Net investement in capital assets	\$	41,572,300	\$ 39,665,830	\$ 37,821,509	\$ 37,095,986
Restricted for:					
Capital improvements		3,986	-	_	-
Parks and recreation		-	-	_	-
Street maintenance and repair		-	-	-	-
State highway programs		494,694	374,418	441,398	424,173
Public safety programs		24,055	57,648	50,352	45,815
Cemetery care		151,647	170,655	147,982	135,045
Other purposes		6,751	3,911	2,169	5,527
Unrestricted		4,378,256	 (1,237,517)	 (467,631)	 (5,530,660)
Total governmental activities net position	\$	46,631,689	\$ 39,034,945	\$ 37,995,779	\$ 32,175,886
Business-type Activities					
Net investement in capital assets	\$	20,046,258	\$ 19,964,255	\$ 19,983,594	\$ 20,114,438
Unrestricted		2,927,877	2,473,519	2,673,534	2,911,523
Total business-type activities net position	\$	22,974,135	\$ 22,437,774	\$ 22,657,128	\$ 23,025,961
Total Primary Government					
Net investement in capital assets	\$	61,618,558	\$ 59,630,085	\$ 57,805,103	\$ 57,210,424
Restricted for:					
Capital projects		3,986	-	-	-
Parks and recreation		-	-	_	-
Street maintenance and repair		-	-	-	-
State highway programs		494,694	374,418	441,398	424,173
Public safety programs		24,055	57,648	50,352	45,815
Cemetery care		151,647	170,655	147,982	135,045
Other purposes		6,751	3,911	2,169	5,527
Unrestricted		7,306,133	 1,236,002	 2,205,903	 (2,619,137)
Total primary government net position	\$	69,605,824	\$ 61,472,719	\$ 60,652,907	\$ 55,201,847

2014 has been restated based on the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68. 2017 has been restated based on the implementation of GASB Statement No. 75.

 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014		2013	 2012
\$ 35,081,438	\$ 34,466,299	\$ 33,047,482	\$ 32,762,080	\$	32,755,123	\$ 32,130,816
-	-	-	-		-	-
-	-	-	213		290	2,575
3,744	34,539	53,587	506,855		353,038	365,988
347,078	257,005	177,062	117,325		68,443	347,503
61,071	40,259	37,163	32,266		10,877	9,200
125,179	114,865	106,758	104,376		107,089	110,915
4,738	5,326	2,404	9,981		17,419	19,988
 (5,734,434)	 (2,616,103)	 (1,856,156)	(3,425,080)		5,117,448	 3,975,199
\$ 29,888,814	\$ 32,302,190	\$ 31,568,300	\$ 30,108,016	\$	38,429,727	\$ 36,962,184
\$ 20,285,079	\$ 18,384,032	\$ 17,122,741	\$ 17,633,399	\$	12,887,646	\$ 12,601,278
2,582,932	2,663,781	2,744,275	2,462,301		2,137,787	2,322,619
\$ 22,868,011	\$ 21,047,813	\$ 19,867,016	\$ 20,095,700	\$	15,025,433	\$ 14,923,897
\$ 55,366,517	\$ 52,850,331	\$ 50,170,223	\$ 50,395,479	\$	45,642,769	\$ 44,732,094
-	-	-	-		-	-
-	-	-	213		290	2,575
3,744	34,539	53,587	506,855		353,038	365,988
347,078	257,005	177,062	117,325		68,443	347,503
61,071	40,259	37,163	32,266		10,877	9,200
125,179	114,865	106,758	104,376		107,089	110,915
4,738	5,326	2,404	9,981		17,419	19,988
 (3,151,502)	 47,678	 888,119	 (962,779)		7,255,235	 6,297,818
\$ 52,756,825	\$ 53,350,003	\$ 51,435,316	\$ 50,203,716	\$	53,455,160	\$ 51,886,081

CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN YEARS

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017		
Program Revenues:							
Governmental activities:							
Charges for services:							
General government	\$ 205,457	\$ 164,136	\$ 178,560	\$ 231,199	\$ 163,517		
Security of persons and property	106,392	100,368	96,859	92,215	88,491		
Public health services	37,586	57,655	15,600	8,600	20,400		
Transportation	198,306	116,711	160,123	160,267	198,405		
Community environment	495,056	359,209	298,835	240,030	236,296		
Leisure time activities	1,721,315	1,053,298	2,220,147	2,064,462	1,996,154		
Operating grants and contributions:							
General government	-	40,273	_	_	_		
Security of persons and property	5,082	191,109	10,254	17,984	32,842		
Transportation	· -	1,339,086	1,353,983	522,632	1.006,364		
Community environment	1,129,624	16,000	2,116	1,743	939		
Leisure time activities	666	237,723	46,886	11,585	50,634		
Economic development	12,430	3,434	-	,			
Capital grants and contributions:	,	-,					
Transportation	1,308,187	797,000	330,750	269,244	829,900		
•							
Total governmental activities program revenues	5,220,101	4,476,002	4,714,113	3,619,961	4,623,942		
Business-type activities:							
Charges for services:							
Water	980,762	939,811	903,091	992,726	878,587		
Sewer	1,003,752	711,766	614,328	771,629	648,749		
Clean river	-	-	-	-	-		
Storm water	531,751	465,788	491,957	481,392	482,003		
Capital grants and contributions:							
Water	200,967	263,655	_	60,101	-		
Sewer	111,492	-	378,915	520,386	1,990,035		
Storm water	217,083	-	· -	37,822	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
Total business-type activities program revenues	3,045,807	2,381,020	2,388,291	2,864,056	3,999,374		
Total primary government	\$ 8,265,908	\$ 6,857,022	\$ 7,102,404	\$ 6,484,017	\$ 8,623,316		
Expenses:							
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 2,573,712	\$ 3,701,615	\$ 4,769,781	\$ 5,069,056	\$ 4,868,024		
S	4,781,881	4,772,548	1.139.868	4,583,022	4.050,921		
Security of persons and property Public health services	84,302	70,646	67,858	4,383,022 56,118	61,781		
	2,306,620	3,244,735	3,215,672		2,957,508		
Transportation	2,306,620 548,912	766.325	788.676	3,514,966			
Community environment Leisure time activities		6,153,423	,	695,721 6,456,030	587,778 6,419,855		
	4,329,329		7,174,665				
Economic development	2,337,422	2,077,477	175,162	67,874	18,621		
Interest and fiscal charges	383,396	277,249	362,506	424,565	471,753		
Bond and note issuance costs Transfers	-	66,622	-	298,838	-		
	17 245 574	21,130,640	17 604 199	21,166,190	10 426 241		
Total governmental activities expenses	17,345,574	21,130,040	17,694,188	21,100,190	19,436,241		
Business-type activities:	C#0.005	=== 10=		1 040 400	222 ===		
Water	672,963	727,187	1,071,034	1,018,429	890,758		
Sewer	1,221,628	1,025,795	929,458	1,013,867	971,781		
Storm water	695,096	924,469	768,339	985,189	374,156		
Total business-type activities expenses	2,589,687	2,677,451	2,768,831	3,017,485	2,236,695		
Total primary government	\$ 19,935,261	\$ 23,808,091	\$ 20,463,019	\$ 24,183,675	\$ 21,672,936		
Governmental activities	\$ (12,125,473)	\$ (16,654,638)	\$ (12,980,075)	\$ (17,546,229)	\$ (14,812,299)		
Business-type activities	456,120	(296,431)	(380,540)	(153,429)	1,762,679		
Total primary government net expense	\$ (11,669,353)	\$ (16,951,069)	\$ (13,360,615)	\$ (17,699,658)	\$ (13,049,620)		

	2016		2015		2014 2013		2013		2012
\$	234,445	\$	235,641	\$	286,697	\$	141,275	\$	154,572
	84,393		82,210		353,937		3,605		4,082
	11,800		11,286		12,882		20,410		9,338
	127,172		68,163		-		-		-
	329,689		487,355		383,497		348,474		220,325
	2,329,449		2,182,969		2,182,670		2,039,414		2,245,182
	33,836		25,452		19,013		20,736		_
	1,020,065		952,027		795,664		648,207		655,093
	466		93		28		36,746		68
	11,070		10,830		45,502		10,457		10,302
	-		-		-		-		-
	137,342		42,516		997,712		815,139		
									<u>-</u> _
	4,319,727		4,126,118		5,108,535		4,084,463		3,298,962
	909,529		705,365		910,571		445,795		345,657
	874,924		473,993		801,565		617,354		552,634
	674,924		473,993		801,303		017,334		19,131
	487,581		426,413		459,393		405,112		338,164
	407,301		420,413		739,393		403,112		338,104
	264,878		-		-		-		-
	1,273,211		-		-		-		-
	3,810,123		1,605,771		2,171,529		1,468,261		1,255,586
\$	8,129,850	\$	5,731,889	\$	7,280,064	\$	5,552,724	\$	4,554,548
\$	5,506,850	\$	4,441,906	\$	4,974,212	\$	5,020,595	\$	5,474,235
Ψ	4,062,908	Ψ	3,392,077	Ψ	3,265,720	Ψ	2,996,445	Ψ	1,677,311
	48,301		48,801		48,709		56,381		45,015
	2,700,773		3,822,276		3,130,827		1,966,402		2,881,671
	616,380		527,849		526,652		379,489		382,777
	5,565,906		5,346,401		5,286,335		4,917,793		3,773,213
	13,045		8,980		11,661		-		110,175
	504,392		515,089		528,754		458,651		323,853
	· -		-		· -		111,820		286,931
	<u>-</u>				46,840		20,000		372,000
	19,018,555		18,103,379		17,819,710		15,927,576		15,327,181
	1,220,917		986,122		778,155		594,910		477,484
	956,130		738,949		773,883		735,735		839,159
	472,312		202,070	_	87,188		99,357	_	19,871
_	2,649,359		1,927,141		1,639,226		1,430,002	_	1,336,514
\$	21,667,914	\$	20,030,520	\$	19,458,936	\$	17,357,578	\$	16,663,695
\$	(14,698,828) 1,160,764	\$	(13,977,261)	\$	(12,711,175) 532,303	\$	(11,843,113) 38,259	\$	(12,028,219) (80,928)
\$	(13,538,064)	\$	(321,370) (14,298,631)	\$	(12,178,872)	\$	(11,804,854)	\$	(12,109,147)
_	/ / /	_	, , ,)		, , ,)		, ,,)	_	, , ,-,-,-,

CHANGES IN NET POSITION (Continued) LAST TEN YEARS

	2021			2020	2019		2018	2017
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position:		<u>.</u>						
Governmental activities								
Taxes:								
Property taxes levied for:								
General purposes	\$	512,576	\$	400,823	\$ 406,053	\$	404,132	\$ 345,832
Income taxes levied for:								
General purposes		15,634,303		12,768,532	14,046,279		14,918,020	14,113,107
Debt service		910,842		1,336,984	3,049,775		3,691,785	3,490,776
Capital projects		1,821,682		1,544,951	421,841		-	-
Payments in lieu of taxes		258,389		190,243	175,895		205,044	299,682
Grants and entitlements								
not restricted to specific programs		167,717		129,736	123,152		116,985	105,769
Investment earnings		(35,778)		229,541	240,124		102,314	58,405
Miscellaneous		452,486		1,092,994	 336,849		395,021	 985,079
Total governmental activities		19,722,217		17,693,804	 18,799,968		19,833,301	 19,398,650
Business-type activities								
Grants and entitlements								
not restricted to specific programs		-		-	-		-	-
Miscellaneous		80,241		10,455	11,707		12,541	12,254
Transfers				66,622	 		298,838	
Total business-type activities		80,241		77,077	 11,707		311,379	12,254
Total primary government	\$	19,802,458	\$	17,770,881	\$ 18,811,675	\$	20,144,680	\$ 19,410,904
Change in Net Position:								
Governmental activities	\$	7,596,744	\$	1,039,166	\$ 5,819,893	\$	2,287,072	\$ 4,586,351
Business-type activities		536,361		(219,354)	(368,833)		157,950	1,774,933
Total primary government	\$	8,133,105	\$	819,812	\$ 5,451,060	\$	2,445,022	\$ 6,361,284
			_		 	_		

2016		2015			2014		2013	2012		
e	217.460	e.	222 426	e.	227,000	¢.	270 027	6	275 995	
\$	317,468	\$	233,426	\$	237,980	\$	278,937	\$	275,885	
	12,231,388		12,482,804		8,822,236		10,061,808		7,479,504	
	2,292,398		2,239,585		2,206,118		2,531,468		1,843,347	
	-		-		-		-		-	
	172,065		67,089		96,078		56,015		47,887	
	118,784		148,678		137,229		128,784		297,392	
	44,342		50,920		54,979		(1,095)		53,498	
	256,273		215,043		343,882		254,739		531,232	
	15,432,718	_	15,437,545		11,898,502		13,310,656		10,528,745	
	4.000						20.500			
	4,380		- 02 (0)		11.651		39,690		200	
	15,653		92,686		11,651 46,840		3,587 20,000		200 372,000	
	20,033	-	92,686		58,491		63,277		372,000	
\$	15,452,751	\$	15,530,231	\$	11,956,993	\$	13,373,933	\$	10,900,945	
<u> </u>	13,132,731		13,330,231		11,,500,,555	<u> </u>	13,373,733	<u> </u>	10,500,515	
\$	733,890	\$	1,460,284	\$	(812,673)	\$	1,467,543	\$	(1,499,474)	
	1,180,797		(228,684)		590,794		101,536		291,272	
\$	1,914,687	\$	1,231,600	\$	(221,879)	\$	1,569,079	\$	(1,208,202)	

FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN YEARS

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
General Fund:					
Nonspendable	\$ 129,497	\$ 90,325	\$ 48,111	\$ 116,049	\$ 95,408
Committed	123,418	244,496	6,185	158	-
Assigned	3,799,272	3,222,015	1,521,365	2,918,250	2,741,764
Unassigned	3,073,274	1,861,294	3,099,398		
Total general fund	\$ 7,125,461	\$ 5,418,130	\$ 4,675,059	\$ 3,034,457	\$ 2,837,172
All Other Governmental Funds:					
Nonspendable	\$ 210,135	\$ 148,814	\$ 124,059	\$ 13,695	\$ 12,517
Restricted	4,666,604	954,172	814,177	770,272	610,346
Committed	6,542,245	6,026,883	5,706,961	3,944,209	3,569,036
Assigned	-	-	99,191	2,755	-
Unassigned		(14,299)	<u> </u>		(1,547,611)
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 11,418,984	\$ 7,115,570	\$ 6,744,388	\$ 4,730,931	\$ 2,644,288

2016		 2015		2014		2013		2012	
\$	101,060	\$ 98,841	\$	86,814	\$	64,278	\$	64,013	
	654,353	 182,716		271,691		566,249 1,500,000		1,484,152 1,605,609	
\$	755,413	\$ 281,557	\$	358,505	\$	2,130,527	\$	3,153,774	
\$	10,358 449,377	\$ 8,592 453,658	\$	3,413 300,973	\$	- 291,823	\$	59 569,586	
	2,170,892 (192,604)	2,368,819		1,632,530 (992,531)		1,273,965 86,036		495,237 200,565	
\$	2,438,023	 1,553,476	\$	944,385	\$	1,651,824	\$	1,265,447	

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN YEARS

	2021	2020	2019	2018
Revenues				
Income taxes	\$ 18,323,466	\$ 15,864,542	\$ 17,882,855	\$ 17,379,991
Real and other taxes	503,841	418,221	393,061	396,689
Charges for services	2,316,448	1,481,631	2,600,440	2,424,424
Fines, licenses and permits	471,745	363,533	363,125	369,196
Intergovernmental	2,149,333	2,258,546	1,563,775	1,264,582
Investment income	(10,252)	213,456	249,314	103,428
Payment in lieu of taxes	258,389	190,243	175,895	205,044
Special assessments	4,638	1,871	2,771	2,563
Other	452,486	1,764,779	336,849	395,021
Total revenues	24,470,094	22,556,822	23,568,085	22,540,938
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government	3,188,110	3,065,353	4,176,296	5,231,169
Security of persons and property	4,584,713	4,186,694	4,194,360	4,064,614
Public health services	118,107	92,430	67,858	56,118
Transportation	1,738,523	2,207,327	2,752,130	3,218,646
Community environment	774,517	677,675	671,018	634,608
Leisure time activity	5,396,417	5,059,935	6,045,306	5,762,952
Economic development	2,359,625	2,159,099	157,052	67,874
Capital outlay	5,902,538	1,923,457	8,845	1,151
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	1,908,292	1,776,179	1,793,215	1,660,255
Interest and fiscal charges	319,022	282,903	382,317	444,645
Debt issuance cost	72,378	31,569	10,665	8,764
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		56,859		
Total expenditures	26,362,242	21,519,480	20,259,062	21,150,796
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(1,892,148)	1,037,342	3,309,023	1,390,142
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Loan issued	274,242	33,034	18,969	557,607
Note issued	-	-	-	-
Payment to refunded escrow agent	-	(2,440,000)	=	-
Premium on bonds and notes sold	-	-	-	=
Bond issuance	7,573,000	2,460,900	-	-
Premium on bonds	-	-	-	-
Capital lease obligation	52,313	79,654	325,317	318,179
Proceeds from sale of assets	3,338	-	750	-
Transfers in	2,642,600	2,763,095	3,452,552	5,401,713
Transfers (out)	(2,642,600)	(2,819,772)	(3,452,552)	(5,401,713)
Total other financing sources (uses)	7,902,893	76,911	345,036	875,786
Net change in fund balances	\$ 6,010,745	\$ 1,114,253	\$ 3,654,059	\$ 2,265,928
Capital expenditures	6,100,141	2,311,055	1,559,847	2,014,390
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital				
expenditures.	10.99%	10.72%	11.63%	11.00%

_	2017		2016		2015		2014		2013		2012	
\$	16,752,440	\$	14,538,445	\$	13,795,756	\$	10,999,939	\$	12,490,313	\$	9,296,649	
	346,697		317,970		275,469		271,811		266,507		244,174	
	2,393,402		2,639,615		2,617,146		2,619,191		2,136,851		2,336,011	
	305,211		463,202		452,654		576,459		402,736		257,313	
	1,972,488		1,067,998		1,300,996		1,783,500		1,693,619		940,520	
	57,555		47,963		50,217		58,207		574		57,016	
	299,682		172,065		67,089		96,078		56,015		47,887	
	989		6,439		3,810		17,791		9,854		35,522	
	985,079		256,273		215,043		343,882		254,739		531,232	
	23,113,543		19,509,970		18,778,180		16,766,858		17,311,208		13,746,324	
	4,488,752		5,315,599		4,554,736		5,182,888		4,810,664		5,348,513	
	3,619,575		3,562,260		3,386,204		3,223,249		2,863,058		1,689,203	
	61,781		48,301		48,801		48,709		56,381		45,015	
	2,965,019		2,217,288		2,169,243		2,198,534		2,659,133		793,929	
	518,198		614,731		508,159		518,934		444,468		311,174	
	5,548,054		6,306,997		5,960,055		5,132,509		5,198,660		3,424,300	
	18,621		13,045		8,980		11,661		7,960		108,288	
	34,221		1,019		59,216		1,188,374		1,193,063		745,566	
	3,338,177		1,709,944		1,634,824		1,617,125		2,882,152		2,294,478	
	512,017		503,748		527,977		542,733		498,175		323,873	
	11,145		12,452		11,893		11,941		111,820		286,931	
	21,115,560		20,305,384	-	18,870,088		19,676,657		20,725,534	-	15,371,270	
	21,110,000		20,202,201		10,070,000		15,676,667		20,720,00		10,071,270	
	1,997,983		(795,414)		(91,908)		(2,909,799)		(3,414,326)		(1,624,946)	
	_		-		-		130,718		17,673		-	
	-		1,600,000		_		-		_		1,450,000	
	-		-		-		-		_		(10,304,228)	
	-		11,313		-		-		98,913		-	
	-		-		=		-		1,990,000		9,980,000	
	-		-		-		-		-		613,334	
	289,738		542,504		623,717		341,358		673,870		462,239	
	303		-		334		5,122		17,000		-	
	3,367,388		3,109,348		3,432,607		686,732		809,287		502,000	
	(3,367,388)		(3,109,348)		(3,432,607)		(733,572)		(829,287)		(874,000)	
	290,041		2,153,817		624,051		430,358		2,777,456		1,829,345	
\$	2,288,024	\$	1,358,403	\$	532,143	\$	(2,479,441)	\$	(636,870)	\$	204,399	
	1,954,695		2,333,351		2,316,156		3,286,345		4,826,187		1,013,165	
	20.09%		12.32%		13.07%		13.18%		21.26%		18.24%	

Income Tax Revenue Base and Collections Last Ten Years

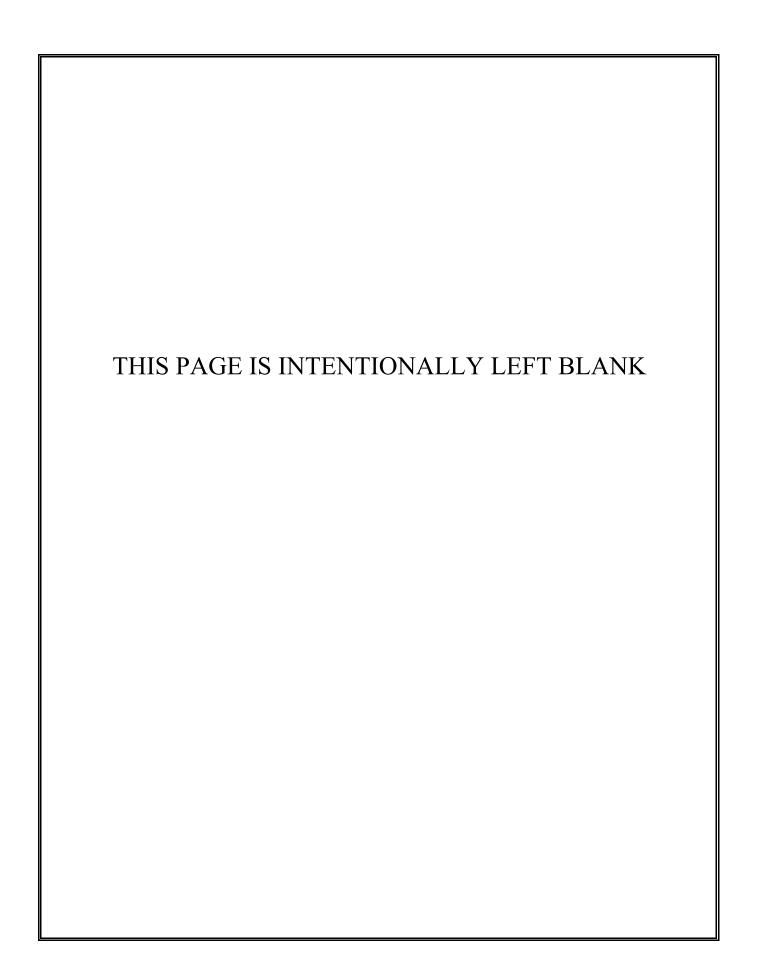
(1) Tax Year	Tax Rate	(2) Total Tax Collected	(3) Taxes from Withholding	Percentage of Taxes from Withholding (4)	(3) Taxes From Net Profits	Percentage of Taxes from Net Profits (4)	Taxes From Individuals	Percentage of Taxes from Individuals (4)
2021	2.00%	\$ 18,323,466	\$13,586,850	74.15%	\$4,426,949	24.16%	\$309,667	1.69%
2020	2.00%	\$ 15,864,542	\$11,890,474	74.95%	\$3,656,777	23.05%	\$317,291	2.00%
2019	2.00%	17,882,855	14,440,405	80.75%	3,133,076	17.52%	309,373	1.73%
2018	2.00%	17,379,991	14,759,088	84.92%	2,162,071	12.44%	458,832	2.64%
2017	2.00%	16,752,440	12,773,736	76.25%	3,776,000	22.54%	202,705	1.21%
2016	2.00%	14,538,445	10,941,634	75.26%	3,387,458	23.30%	209,354	1.44%
2015	2.00%	13,795,756	9,440,436	68.43%	4,209,085	30.51%	146,235	1.06%
2014	2.00%	10,999,939	9,351,048	85.01%	1,457,492	13.25%	191,399	1.74%
2013	2.00%	12,490,313	7,691,535	61.58%	4,647,645	37.21%	151,133	1.22%
2012	2.00%	9,296,649	7,632,549	82.10%	1,434,473	15.43%	229,627	2.47%

Source:

⁽¹⁾ The City of Columbus, Ohio, collected and remitted income taxes for 2012-2018. The Regional Income Tax Agency collected and remitted income taxes beginning in 2019. For purposes of this table, tax year represents the City's calendar year.

⁽²⁾ Presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾ Percentages obtained from the City of Columbus Income Tax Department for 2012-2018 and the Regional Income Tax Agency beginning in 2019.



$ASSESSED\ VALUATION\ AND\ ESTIMATED\ ACTUAL\ VALUE\ OF\ TAXABLE\ PROPERTY\\ LAST\ TEN\ YEARS$

	 Real P	rope	rty	Public Utility Property					
Year	 Assessed Value		Estimated Actual Value (a)		Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value (b)			
2021	\$ 341,399,140	\$	975,426,114	\$	47,200,430	\$	53,636,852		
2020	269,083,830		768,810,943		41,472,930		47,128,330		
2019	271,824,070		776,640,200		37,157,750		42,224,716		
2018	266,293,720		760,839,200		34,398,230		39,088,898		
2017	243,426,410		695,504,029		33,144,010		37,663,648		
2016	225,652,670		644,721,914		23,871,260		27,126,432		
2015	193,139,700		551,827,714		20,113,160		22,855,864		
2014	193,069,690		551,627,686		20,050,820		22,785,023		
2013	191,272,470		546,492,771		19,291,400		21,922,045		
2012	187,421,560		535,490,171		18,828,890		21,396,466		

Source: Franklin County Auditor Office

⁽a) Real property is assessed at 35% of actual value.

⁽b) Public utility is assessed at 88% percent of actual value.

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Assessed Value	 Estimated Actual Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	Ratio
\$ 388,599,570	\$ 1,029,062,967	1.40	37.76%
310,556,760	815,939,272	1.40	38.06%
308,981,820	818,864,916	1.40	37.73%
300,691,950	799,928,098	1.40	37.59%
276,570,420	733,167,676	1.40	37.72%
249,523,930	671,848,346	1.40	37.14%
213,252,860	574,683,578	1.40	37.11%
213,120,510	574,412,709	1.40	37.10%
210,563,870	568,414,816	1.40	37.04%
206,250,450	556,886,637	1.40	37.04%

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES (RATE PER \$1,000 OF ASSESSED VALUE) LAST TEN YEARS

Total Direct Rate

Overlapping Rates

Year	Operating	Franklin County	Groveport-Madison Local School District	Hamilton Local School District	Groveport Madison LSD: Madison Township	Hamilton LSD: Hamilton Township	Columbus Library	Eastland Fairfield Technical & Career Center	Total Overlapping Rates	Total Direct and Overlapping Rates
2021	1.40	19.12	63.48	54.15	26.45	25.55	2.80	2.00	193.55	194.95
2020	1.40	19.12	63.69	54.90	26.45	24.55	2.80	2.00	193.51	194.91
2019	1.40	18.92	64.34	54.90	26.45	24.55	2.80	2.00	193.96	195.36
2018	1.40	18.92	64.34	54.90	26.45	24.55	2.80	2.00	193.96	195.36
2017	1.40	18.92	64.58	55.90	26.45	21.05	2.80	2.00	191.70	193.10
2016	1.40	18.47	65.49	55.90	26.45	21.05	2.80	2.00	192.16	193.56
2015	1.40	18.47	66.28	56.65	26.45	17.05	2.80	2.00	189.70	191.10
2014	1.40	18.47	67.09	56.90	21.20	16.55	2.80	2.00	185.01	186.41
2013	1.40	18.47	57.60	56.90	21.20	16.05	2.80	2.00	175.02	176.42
2012	1.40	18.47	57.65	56.30	21.20	16.05	2.80	2.00	174.47	175.87

Source: Franklin County Auditor's Office

PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS REAL PROPERTY TAX CURRENT YEAR AND TEN YEARS AGO

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Taxpayer	 Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Assessed Value
Duke Secured Financing	\$ 21,050,630	1	6.17%
GPS Consumer Direct Inc.	18,689,910	2	5.47%
Big Box Property Owner E LLC	17,474,070	3	5.12%
LCN EBP Columbus (OH) LLC	12,687,500	4	3.72%
FFIV OH Groveport LLC	11,403,080	5	3.34%
KTR Ohio LLC	9,494,880	6	2.78%
Cardinal Health 112 LLC	6,258,010	7	1.83%
Forward Air Inc.	6,007,090	8	1.76%
Exeter 6500 Port LLC	5,883,650	9	1.72%
STAG Industrial Holdings LLC	 5,670,000	10	1.66%
Total, Top Ten Principal Real Property Taxpayers	\$ 114,618,820		33.57%
Total City Real Property Tax Assessed			
Valuation	\$ 341,399,140		

December 31, 2012

Taxpayer	 Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Assessed Value
Triolgy Real Estate	\$ 17,152,100	1	8.15%
Duke Realty Ohio	9,870,080	2	4.69%
Sears Roebuck & Company	4,602,160	3	2.19%
Kubota Tractor Corporation	3,955,000	4	1.88%
KTR Ohio LLC	3,056,790	5	1.45%
Duke Secured Financing	2,895,960	6	1.38%
Forward Air Technology	2,800,010	7	1.33%
GPS Consumer Direct Inc.	2,722,770	8	1.29%
TCG Buckeye Port LLC	2,450,000	9	1.16%
Griffen Wheel Co. Inc.	 2,340,420	10	1.11%
Total, Top Ten Principal Real Property Taxpayers	\$ 51,845,290		24.63%
Total City Real Property Tax Assessed			
Valuation	\$ 210,563,870		

Source: Franklin County Auditor's Office - Only Information Available Information prior to 2010 is not available.

PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS PUBLIC UTILITY PROPERTY TAX CURRENT YEAR AND TEN YEARS AGO

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Taxpayer	 Taxable Assessed Value	Percentage of Assessed Value			
Ohio Power Company AEP Transmission Ohio	\$ 34,299,150 12,073,860	81.23% 28.59%			
Top Principal Public Utility Property Taxpayer	\$ 46,373,010	109.82%			
Total City Public Utility Property Tax Assessed Valuation	\$ 42,224,716				

December 31, 2012

Taxpayer	 Taxable Assessed Value	Percentage of Assessed Value
Ohio Power Company Dayton Power & Light	\$ 17,318,660 916,890	79.00% 4.18%
Top Principal Public Utility Property Taxpayer	\$ 18,235,550	79.00%
Total City Public Utility Property Tax Assessed Valuation	\$ 21,922,045	

Source: Franklin County Auditor's Office Information prior to 2010 is not available.

REAL AND PUBLIC UTILITY PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN YEARS

<u>Year</u>	Total Levy	Current Collection (1)				Delinquent Total Collections Collections (Percent of Total Collections to Tax Levy	De	ntstanding elinquent Taxes (2)	Taxo	tage of quent es to Levy
2021	\$ 544,039	\$	503,841	92.61%	\$	14,675	\$	518,516	95.31%	\$	17,043		3.13%
2020	434,779		400,823	92.19%		13,964		414,787	95.40%		9,700		2.23%
2019	413,431		371,306	89.81%		25,706		397,012	96.03%		8,750		2.12%
2018	420,969		384,359	91.30%		33,891		418,250	99.35%		12,500		2.97%
2017	387,199		336,653	86.95%		28,149		364,802	94.22%		4,987		1.29%
2016	349,333		332,382	95.15%		6,351		338,733	96.97%		6,136		1.76%
2015	298,714		280,708	93.97%		13,145		293,853	98.37%		36,211		12.12%
2014	300,899		280,688	93.28%		8,130		288,818	95.99%		48,681		16.18%
2013	301,262		278,790	92.54%		6,205		284,995	94.60%		82,512		27.39%
2012	291,103		254,631	87.47%		7,881		262,512	90.18%		70,082		24.07%

Source: Franklin County Auditor's Office

⁽¹⁾ Includes homestead/rollback taxes assessed locally but distributed through the State and reported as intergovernmental revenue.

⁽²⁾ Includes penalties and interest, since by Ohio Law, they become part of tax obligation as assessment occurs.

⁽³⁾ Total collections represent the current collections plus delinquent collections for the year noted. The Franklin County Auditor is unable to identify and match delinquent collections to the year such taxes were originally levied and therefore in certain years the total collections to the tax levy may exceed 100%. The County does not identify delinquent taxes by tax year.

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN YEARS

Business-Type Activities **Governmental Activities Income Tax** General Special General Revenue Obligation Obligation Notes **OPWC** Capital Obligation Bonds Year **Bonds Bonds** Bonds **Payable** Loans Leases \$ 3,689,000 \$ \$ 3,173,010 2021 1,176,255 7,257,175 \$ 934,411 \$ 345,302 \$ 2020 2,322,170 3,911,826 689,841 547,009 3,306,973 2019 3,428,084 684,950 828,991 2,824,037 4,313,657 2018 4,488,999 4,616,005 693,489 974,381 2,894,600 2017 5,519,913 5,079,392 1,600,000 2,965,163 164,283 1,038,056 2016 6,525,828 5,180,701 1,804,242 282,182 1,153,596 3,035,727 2015 7,516,743 5,453,049 400,081 1,008,137 3,106,290 2014 8,482,657 5,720,397 517,982 736,343 3,176,853 2013 9,433,572 5,982,746 499,228 755,146 2012 9,810,000 3,950,000 1,450,000 593,520 356,463

Sources:

⁽a) See notes to the financial statements regarding the City's outstanding debt information.

⁽b) See Schedule "Demographic and Economic Statistics - Last Ten Years" for personal income and population.

Business-Type Activities

apital Leases	OPWC Loans	 Notes Payable	(a) Total Primary Government		(b) Personal Income		Percentage of Personal Income	(b) Population	Outstanding Debt Per Capita	
\$ -	\$ 576,329	\$ -	\$	17,151,482	\$	213,835,770	8.02%	6,009	\$	2,854
-	526,028	-		11,303,847		209,642,912	5.39%	6,154	\$	1,837
-	547,314	660,000		13,287,033		216,415,112	6.14%	5,563	\$	2,388
-	557,958	660,000		14,885,432		212,171,678	7.02%	5,563		2,676
-	51,244	-		16,418,051		208,011,449	7.89%	5,672		2,895
-	-	-		17,982,276		203,932,794	8.82%	5,672		3,170
5,034	-	-		17,489,334		199,934,111	8.75%	5,672		3,083
9,947	-	-		18,644,179		188,617,086	9.88%	5,672		3,287
14,742	-	450,000		17,135,434		177,940,647	9.63%	5,330		3,215
-	-	450,000		16,609,983		172,757,910	9.61%	5,505		3,017

RATIO OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT TO ASSESSED VALUE AND BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA LAST TEN YEARS

Year	Population (1)	Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property (2)	Bonded Debt	Ratio of Bonded Debt to Estimated Actual Value of Property	Ε	Bonded Debt Per Capita
2021	6,009	\$ 1,029,062,967	\$ 11,606,440	1.13%	\$	1,932
2020	6,154	815,939,272	9,540,969	1.17%	\$	1,550
2019	5,563	818,864,916	11,225,778	1.37%	\$	2,018
2018	5,563	799,928,098	12,659,604	1.58%		2,276
2017	5,672	733,167,676	13,564,468	1.85%		2,391
2016	5,672	671,848,346	14,742,256	2.19%		2,599
2015	5,672	574,683,578	16,076,082	2.80%		2,834
2014	5,672	574,412,709	17,379,907	3.03%		3,064
2013	5,330	568,414,816	15,416,318	2.71%		2,892
2012	5,505	556,886,637	13,760,000	2.47%		2,500

Sources:

⁽¹⁾ See Schedule "Demographic and Economic Statistics - Last Ten Years" for population.

⁽²⁾ Franklin County Auditor's Office

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2021

Governmental Unit	Ou	Debt tstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable	Estimated Share of rlapping Debt
Direct: City of Groveport				
Income Tax Revenue Bonds	\$	2,322,170	100.00%	\$ 2,322,170
General Obligation Bonds		3,911,826	100.00%	3,911,826
Special Obligation Bonds		3,689,000	100.00%	3,689,000
Ohio Public Works Commission Loan		689,841	100.00%	689,841
Capital Leases		547,009	100.00%	547,009
Total Direct Debt	\$	11,159,846		\$ 11,159,846
Overlapping debt:				
Eastland-Fairfield Career & Technical Center		350,000	0.04%	150
Franklin County		289,388,000	35.47%	102,636,823
Groveport Madison Local School District		44,609,732	5.47%	2,438,942
Hamilton Local School District		16,047,792	1.97%	315,626
Madison Township		1,403,804	0.17%	2,415
Solid Waste Authority of Central Ohio		67,760,000	8.30%	5,627,156
Total Overlapping Debt		419,559,328		111,021,112
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt	\$	430,719,174		\$ 122,180,958

Source: Franklin County Auditor's Office

Note: The percentage of gross indebtedness of the City's overlapping political subdivisions was determined by dividing each overlapping subdivision's assessed value within the City by the subdivision's total assessed valuation.

COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN LAST TEN YEARS

	2021		 2020	 2019	2018		
Assesed Value (a)	\$	388,599,570	\$ 310,556,760	\$ 308,981,820	\$	300,691,950	
Legal debt margin: Debt limitation - 10.5% of Assesed Value		40,802,955	32,608,460	32,443,091		31,572,655	
Debt Applicable to Limitation: General Obligation Bonds General Obligation Notes		10,369,000	7,153,000	6,985,000		4,465,000	
Gross Indebtedness (Total Voted and Unvoted Debt)		10,369,000	7,153,000	6,985,000		4,465,000	
Less: Debt Outside Limitations General Obligation Notes Total Debt Outside Limitations			 <u>-</u>	 			
Total Debt Applicable to Limitation - Within 10.5% Limitations		(10,369,000)	(7,153,000)	(6,985,000)		(4,465,000)	
Add: Amount Available in Debt Service Fund to pay debt applicable to limitation		3,449,846	 4,325,127	 4,633,472		2,963,513	
Net Debt Within 10.5% Limitation		(6,919,154)	 (2,827,873)	 (2,351,528)		(1,501,487)	
Overall Debt Margin Within 10.5% Limitation	\$	33,883,801	\$ 29,780,587	\$ 30,091,563	\$	30,071,168	
Unvoted Debt Limitation - 5.5% of Assessed Valuation	\$	21,372,976	\$ 17,080,622	\$ 16,994,000	\$	16,538,057	
Total Debt Applicable to Limitation - Within 5.5% Limitations		(10,369,000)	 (7,153,000)	 (6,985,000)		(4,465,000)	
Net Debt Within 5.5% Limitation		11,003,976	 9,927,622	 10,009,000		12,073,057	
Unvoted Debt Margin Within 5.5% Limitation	\$	11,003,976	\$ 9,927,622	\$ 10,009,000	\$	12,073,057	

Source: City of Groveport financial records

2017	2016	 2015	2014	 2013	 2012
\$ 276,570,420	\$ 249,523,930	\$ 213,252,860	\$ 213,120,510	\$ 210,563,870	\$ 206,250,450
29,039,894	26,200,013	22,391,550	22,377,654	22,109,206	21,656,297
4,740,000	5,005,000	5,265,000	5,520,000	5,770,000	3,950,000 1,900,000
 4,740,000	5,005,000	5,265,000	5,520,000	 5,770,000	5,850,000
<u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	 (1,900,000) (1,900,000)
(4,740,000)	(5,005,000)	(5,265,000)	(5,520,000)	(5,770,000)	(3,950,000)
2,878,559	1,569,431	1,723,049	1,520,016	1,193,542	397,882
 (1,861,441)	 (3,435,569)	 (3,541,951)	 (3,999,984)	 (4,576,458)	 (3,552,118)
\$ 27,178,453	\$ 22,764,444	\$ 18,849,599	\$ 18,377,670	\$ 17,532,748	\$ 18,104,179
\$ 15,211,373	\$ 13,723,816	\$ 11,728,907	\$ 11,721,628	\$ 11,581,013	\$ 11,343,775
 (4,740,000)	 (5,005,000)	 (5,265,000)	 (5,520,000)	(5,770,000)	(3,950,000)
 10,471,373	 8,718,816	6,463,907	 6,201,628	5,811,013	 7,393,775
\$ 10,471,373	\$ 8,718,816	\$ 6,463,907	\$ 6,201,628	\$ 5,811,013	\$ 7,393,775

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN YEARS

Year	Population (1)	Total Personal Income (1)(4)	Personal Income Per Capita (1)	Median Household Income (1)	Median Age (1)	Educational Attainment: Bachelor's Degree or Higher (1)	Groveport Madison Local School District Enrollment (2)	Frannklin County Unemployment Rate (3)
2021	6,009	\$213,835,770	\$31,464	\$72,351	40.81	25.4%	6,416	2.90%
2020	6,154	209,642,912	29,737	65,095	41.8	23.0%	5,981	4.90%
2019	5,563	216,415,112	38,338	59,737	42.8	23.4%	6,441	3.20%
2018	5,645	212,171,678	37,586	59,459	42	22.3%	6,441	4.00%
2017	5,672	208,011,449	27,303	58,869	42.9	19.7%	5,872	3.50%
2016	5,672	203,932,794	28,928	57,346	43.3	21.3%	5,609	4.90%
2015	5,672	199,934,111	28,796	58,082	36.4	25.6%	5,623	3.80%
2014	5,672	188,617,086	28,796	58,065	36.6	24.4%	5,499	3.80%
2013	5,330	177,940,647	29,211	65,387	40.2	25.5%	5,758	5.40%
2012	5,505	172,757,910	31,382	70,855	39.9	29.3%	5,883	6.10%

¹⁾ American Community Survey (U. S. Census) 5-Year Estimate 2013-2017; Esri - 2020-2021.

²⁾ Groveport Madison Local School District Audited Basic Financial Statements

³⁾ Bureau of Labor Statistics

⁴⁾ Total Personal Income Estimated based on inflation from 2012-2019; Esri - 2020-2021.

CITY OF GROVEPORT CITY OF GROVEPORT, OHIO

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2012

20	21	
Employer	Employees	Percentage of Total City Employment
		44.070/
GPS Consumer Direct Inc.	1,745	11.95%
Eddie Bauer, LLC	600	4.11%
SK Foods	520	3.56%
Faro Logistics	403	2.76%
Groveport Madison LSD	400	2.74%
Honeywell	381	2.61%
Lowe's Home Centers, LLC	270	1.85%
KDC/TriTech	231	1.58%
Penske Logistics	225	1.54%
Crane Logistics	208	1.42%
Total	4,983	34.13%
Total Employment within the City	14,600	
20	12	
		Percentage of
		Total City
Employer	Employees	Employment
GAP Inc Direct	1,500	21.43%
Trilogy Fulfillment (Eddie Bauer)	750	10.71%
Forward Air	426	6.09%
Cardinal Health	368	5.26%
McGraw Hill	300	4.29%
Exel/ToysRUs	232	3.31%
Groveport Madison Local School District	225	3.21%
Ryder/Phillips	202	2.89%
Union Supply Co.	200	2.86%
Avnet Services	200	2.86%
Total	4,403	62.90%
Total Employment within the City	7,000	

Source: City of Groveport - Only Information Available

$FULL\text{-}TIME\ EQUIVALENT\ CITY\ EMPLOYEES\ BY\ FUNCTION/PROGRAM\\ LAST\ TEN\ YEARS$

CITY OF GROVEPORT, OHIO

Function/Program	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
General Government										
Council	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Finance	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Law	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Administration	1	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3
Court	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Facilities	4	4	4	4	3	3	0	0	0	0
Security of Persons and Property										
Police	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	23	22	20
Police - Auxiliary/Guards	0	0	5	6	2	6	6	6	6	6
Police - Dispatchers/Office/Other	1	1.5	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Leisure Time Activities										
Recreation Center	6	6	9	9	8	9	7	7	7	7
Aquatic Center	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1
Parks	7	7	8	8	7	8	6	6	5	5
Golf	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2
Golf Maintenance	5	6	6	6	5	6	6	6	5	5
Senior Center	1	0.5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Community Affairs	4	4	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Community Development										
Building & Zoning	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	3	3	3
Economic Development	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Transportation										
Service	1	1.5	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Street M&R	10	10	6	6	10	6	6	6	6	6
Basic Utility Services										
Water	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2
Totals:	83	86.5	90	90	85	89	82	77	74	72

Source: City of Groveport Finance Department.

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN YEARS

Function/Program	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
General Government										
Council and Clerk										
Number of Ordinances Passed	67	50	75	67	69	65	91	69	64	67
Number of Resolutions Passed	6	7	4	9	9	5	7	11	9	10
Number of Planning Commission docket items	0	9	10	11	8	3	14	13	7	17
Board of Zoning Appeals Docket Items	0	8	15	25	27	0	18	14	22	32
Finance Department										
Number of checks issued	3,383	5,288	5,219	5,184	5,415	5,279	4,603	11,547	10,675	5,986
Number of automated clearing house (ACH) payments	2,016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Number of vouchers	8,296	8,340	8,231	8,064	7,921	8,188	8,089	5,541	5,370	2,523
Amount of checks and ACH payments	28.870.897	28,154,612	23,591,937	25,186,848	24,119,745	24,033,779	24,750,701	23,546,897	21,388,327	27.144.286
Interest earnings for fiscal year (cash basis)	\$122,158	\$133,960	\$165,896	\$106,019	\$66,074	\$58,072	\$52,022	\$47,322	\$34,326	\$44,913
Number of Reciepts issued	2,706	2,254	2,571	6,161	6,481	6,192	5,227	5,610	4,754	4,495
Number of Budget Adjustments issued	54	62	55	76	184	117	151	154	116	315
Agency Ratings - Moody's Financial Services										
General Obligation	A2	A2	A2	A2	A2	A2	Aa2	Aa2	Aa2	Aa2
Income Tax Bonds	A1	A1	A1	A1	A1	A1	A1	A1	A1	A1
Health Insurance Costs vs General Fund Expenditures %	0.00%	15.23%	8.58%	6.85%	7.32%	7.97%	8.14%	8.61%	7.28%	8.96%
General Fund Receipts	\$17,489,121	\$14,124,729	\$15,912,700	\$15,576,766	\$15,574,254	\$13,948,316	\$12,903,381	\$14,168,600	\$14,330,172	\$11,549,000
General Fund Expenditures	\$15,528,185	\$11,473,046	\$14,977,771	\$15,641,733	\$14,408,296	\$13,282,690	\$13,470,995	\$15,205,340	\$13,239,537	\$11,550,000
General Fund Cash Balances	\$5,947,898	\$3,651,266	\$3,766,104	\$2,831,174	\$2,896,141	\$1,655,890	\$990,264	\$1,538,046	\$2,574,786	\$1,484,000
	55,517,650	93,031,200	\$3,700,101	02,031,171	02,070,111	\$1,055,050	0770,201	\$1,550,0 TO	92,571,700	21,101,000
Engineer Contracted Services	\$2,240,882	\$1,573,644	\$1,243,813	\$2,556,942	\$3,121,082	\$1,729,910	\$2,901,307	\$0	\$1,056,375	80
Dollar amount of Construction overseen by Engineer Dollar amount of Engineering Contracted Services	\$2,240,882 \$141,939	\$250,095	\$62,424	\$173,679	\$264,369	\$422,179	\$2,901,307	NA	\$1,036,373 NA	NA
	\$141,939 26	\$250,095 29	\$62,424 28	\$173,679 14	\$264,369 12	\$422,179 14		NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Number Engineering Plan Reviews							12			
Dollar Amount of Plan Review Fees Received	\$125,485	\$93,555	\$54,365	\$22,950	\$26,413	\$33,650	\$33,950	NA	NA	NA
Dollar Amount of Constr. Inspection overseen by Eng.	\$98,058	\$143,468	\$44,761	\$222,373	\$3,552	\$79,437	\$42,817	NA	NA	NA
Developer Constructed/Public Dedicated Infrastruction	5	6	5	4	1	1	5	NA	NA	NA
Plan Reviews						•				
Dollar Amount of Plan Review Fees Received	\$20,265	\$18,905	\$13,002	\$2,250	\$24,800	\$2,450	\$11,340	NA	NA	NA
Dollar Amount of Constr. Contracted Inspection Fees	\$128,027	\$39,726	\$68,145	\$32,050	\$4,540	\$169,037	\$127,885	NA	NA	NA
Building and Zoning Department										
Residential Building Permits	145	143	78	106	94	120	73	103	67	214
Inspections for Residential	762	330	321	492	829	837	305	515	459	814
Valuation of Residential Construction	9,445,275	2,959,186	1,353,056	2,448,144	5,529,126	7,955,618	1,183,569	3,202,950	2,187,902	4,734,453
Total Residential Permits Issued	467	353	292	305	367	486	232	303	246	904
Commercial Building Permits	96	70	89	82	77	81	96	75	106	188
Inspections for Commercial Buildings	778	490	629	756	533	805	798	784	683	413
Valutation of Commercial Construction	33,324,616	85,683,104	79,016,620	65,937,635	23,821,413	83,936,318	51,383,413	86,352,988	46,111,564	25,143,008
Total Commercial Permits Issued	384	275	301	378	282	352	372	379	368	413
Security of Persons & Property										
Police										
Total Calls for Services	7,469	6,091	7,879	7,118	7,183	9,389	9,725	10,231	9,384	6,310
Number of traffic citations issued	463	561	584	654	636	670	675	1,187	684	557
Number of parking citations issued	44	59	85	152	82	68	66	63	138	208
Number of criminal arrests	118	114	176	163	231	368	370	177	142	384
Number of accident reports completed	189	197	238	216	220	214	191	222	159	159
Part 1 Offenses (major offenses)	583	583	545	581	567	553	679	534	134	111
Police Dept. Auxiliary hours worked	8	0	0	736	217	1,126	891	1,405	3,006	1,927
DUI Arrests	20	22	20	24	22	19	34	32	26	104
Motor Vehicle Accidents	161	154	159	216	150	0	129	199	111	159
Property damage accidents	28	43	77	111	88	58	80	116	48	88
Gasoline costs of fleet	\$42,908	\$40,455	\$50,000	\$70,000	\$85,000	\$85,000	\$65,000	\$74,192	\$56,000	\$47,000
Public Health and Welfare Cemetery burials	12	2	15	6	9	4	3	8	6	4
Cemetery burials Cemetery sale of lots	8	41	26	12	30	11	11	8	12	6
Conferency safe of fors	8	41	20	12	30	11	11	9	12	O

Source: City of Groveport Finance Department.

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN YEARS

Function/Program	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Leisure Time Activities										
Groveport Recreation Center										
Annual Pass Sales/Resident	236	230	413	445	480	511	496	453	541	517
Annual Pass Sales/Corporate	25	80	155	160	162	288	268	296	321	306
Annual Pass Sales/Non-Resident	582	612	1,059	1,144	1,135	1,397	1,293	1,295	2,067	1,609
30 Day Pass Sales/Resident 30 Day Pass Sales/Corporate	133 13	48 5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
30 Day Pass Sales/Corporate 30 Day Pass Sales/Non-Resident	501	196	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Day Pass Sales/Youth	0	0	1,838	2,592	2,937	2,502	2.240	2,205	1,974	1,619
Day Pass Sales/Adult	4,729	3,158	10,950	9,590	8,692	8,327	8,057	8,221	6,846	5,395
Group Rate Passes/10	0	53	343	363	405	334	305	290	262	260
Group Rate Passes/20+	0	0	50	65	92	119	103	90	76	61
Total Annual Visits	134,300	57,314	190,000	195,000	196,748	200,000	188,500	163,227	132,225	145,017
Facility Rentals	0	31	150	151	137	132	109	135	122	113
Birthday Party Packages Child Care Participants	0	29 393	134 1,534	144 2,222	133 1,877	105 2,002	192 2,195	144 2,807	117 245	92 2,444
Climbing Wall Users	0	536	1,341	1,750	1,885	1,760	1,632	1,882	1,554	2, 444 1,690
Silver Sneakers / Optum Enrolled	329	297	529	574	521	534	556	514	618	767
Silver Sneakers / Optum Visits	34,785	26,639	53,441	48,583	48,533	45,064	41,890	35,454	28,907	9,803
		-,			-,		,,,,,	,		.,
Fitness	6 120	4.760	10.040	206	240	226	156	101	127	422
Classes Personal Training Sessions	6,129 590	4,760 477	18,848 1,577	206 1,572	240 2,108	226 2,474	156 2,393	191 2,709	137 2,597	422 2,368
Personal Training Sessions Special Events	150	41/	1,5 / /	1,572	2,108 54	2,474 154	2,393 165	42	2,597 54	2,368 125
Special Events	130	41	121	107	34	1.54	103	42	34	143
Groveport Aquatic Center										
Season Pass Sales/Resident	124	0	98	105	99	92	83	104	69	116
Season Pass Sales/Corporate	0	0	37	32	62	54	35	39	38	38
Season Pass Sales/Non-Resident	181	0	198	206	240	226	156	191	137	422
Day Pass Sales/Individual	11,484	0	26,385	36,459	29,692	38,107 450	28,471	23,424 294	21,446	26,650
Day Pass Sales/Group Total Annual Visits	8,922	0	233 45,000	358 49,359	383 42,164	450 46,941	352 39,342	294	288 24,261	452 27,540
Facility Rentals	1	0	2	5	2	2	39,342	24,113	1	27,340
Birthday Party Packages	0	0	78	75	76	83	68	92	77	76
Programs & Special Events										
Group Swim Lessons	246	328	714	1,022	1,128	1,244	1,319	1,182	737	1,365
Private & Semi-private Swim Lessons	65	239	522	374	639	711	512	505	27	83
Other Programs & Events (Egg hunt, Lifeguard, WSI, ISR, SCUBA)	1,317	1,183	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Athletics/Adult										
All Sports - Team	17	0	165	150	40	127	127	92	105	114
All Sports - Individual	54	101	130	357	620	1,065	0	0	0	0
Youth										
Athletics/All Sports	793	550	1,191	1,005	1,187	1,153	770	1,178	1,393	1,680
Programs/All	198	638	5,722	4,210	4,827	3,002	2,516	2,253	3,052	2,983
Flogranis/All	170	038	3,722	4,210	4,027	3,002	2,310	2,233	3,032	2,763
Revenue										
Recreation Center	\$416,024	\$367,637	\$801,573	\$516,808	\$755,595	\$845,421	\$848,291	\$871,872	\$859,276	\$907,152
Fitness	\$50,672	\$27,117	\$68,405	\$50,112	\$70,243	\$73,493	\$66,023	\$69,166	\$68,720	\$69,087
Athletics/All Sports General Programming	\$47,376 \$12,969	\$22,950 \$5,217	\$101,329 \$18,144	\$77,528 \$21,525	\$103,125 \$29,025	\$106,789 \$30,991	\$123,430 \$29,313	\$116,169 \$31,367	\$107,414 \$47,360	\$109,110 \$31,708
Aquatics/Indoor	\$12,969 \$36,213	\$5,217 \$26,864	\$18,144 \$55,433	\$21,525 \$45,651	\$29,025 \$65,017	\$30,991 \$93,372	\$29,313 \$77,334	\$31,367 \$59,599	\$47,360 \$40,996	\$31,708 \$49,634
Aquatics/Outdoor	\$236,935	-\$2,382	\$442,353	\$389,890	\$364,945	\$430,702	\$321,840	\$299,958	\$264,998	\$367,288
Parks	\$91,957	\$99,520	\$33,620	\$165,600	\$35,426	\$70,260	\$62,110	\$2,020	\$1,180	\$1,260
Silver Sneakers	\$71,311	\$73,274	\$29,142	\$74,515	\$125,548	\$115,863	\$104,037	\$89,049	\$74,379	\$22,221
Crooked Alley KidSpace										
Grow With Me Preschool Program	94	87	2,046	1,976	2,209	1,896	2,335	2,262	1,798	2,281
Children's Programs	78	78	3,172	3,535	4,751	3,935	4,020	2,893	2,537	1,754
Room Rentals	23	29	164	173	129	149	133	161	151	151
Town Hall										
Cultural Arts Center Programs	85	56	2,503	2,969	2,746	2,655	3,020	3,668	6,025	4,375
Room Rentals	12	37	310	291	304	425	327	248	386	444
Senior Center										
General Membership	564	0	517	486	591	597	535	501	486	344
Programs & Events	3,581	0	7,762	6,164	6,119	6,717	7,021	7,646	8,364	7,949
Trips	189	0	461	365	255	273	284	228	256	263

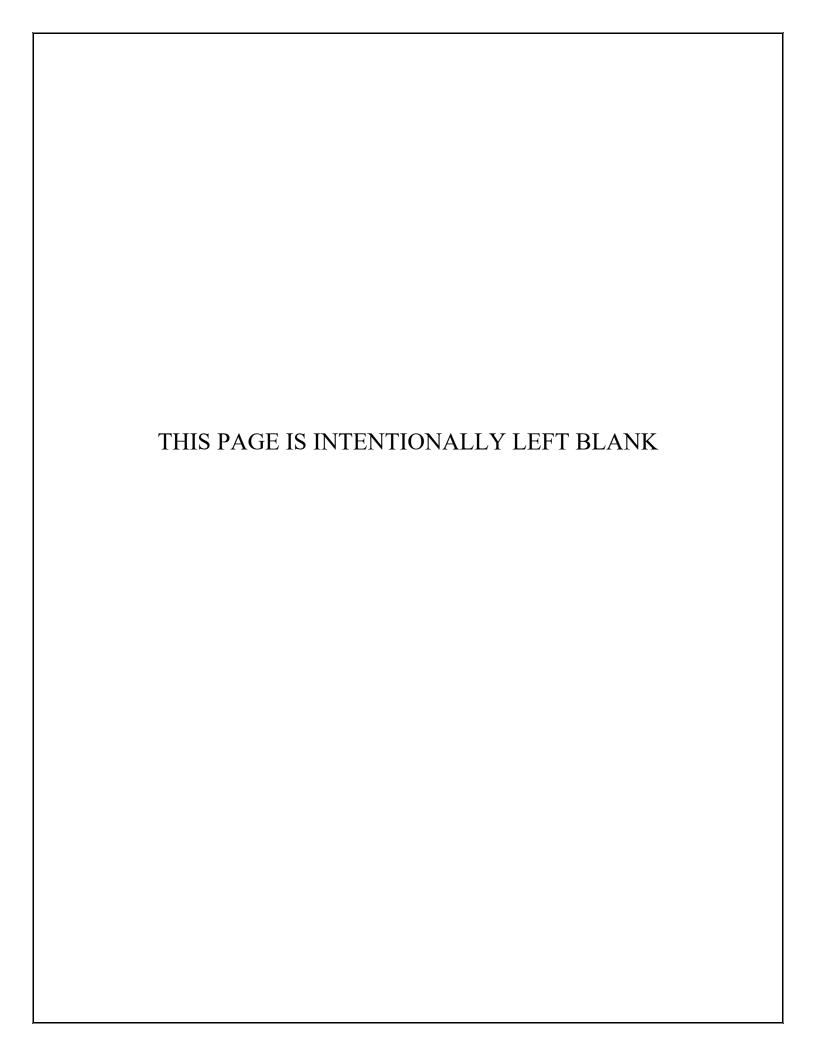
Function/Program	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Senior Transportation										
Registered Clients	248	211	253	234	205	223	215	187	162	161
Trips	2,711	2,486	4,557	4,171	4,684	5,023	4,636	4,543	3,834	3,479
Transport Days	243	229	251	249	251	250	255	237	189	204
Miles Driven	38.112	30,514	49,241	47,678	49,684	53,071	47,281	45,550	36,200	36,845
Vehicles	4	5	5	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Full Time Staff	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Part Time Staff	5	6	7	5	6	5	5	6	5	5
Workforce Transportation (GREAT)										
Trips	13,130	15,082	24,872	26,471	25,030	24,274	NA	NA	NA	NA
Transport Days	363	363	363	363	363	364	NA	NA	NA	NA
Miles Driven	25,263	42,332	69,907	72,885	85,095	87,502	NA	NA	NA	NA
Full-Time Staff	1	1	1	1	1	1	NA	NA	NA	NA
Vehicles	3	3	4	4	4	4	NA	NA	NA	NA
Golf										
Number of Rounds Played (18 Holes)	14,956	11,483	10,539	21,927	10,500	22,138	12,080	13,252	13,492	NA
Number of Rounds Played (9 Holes)	15,585	9,698	14,675	10,524	10,662	10,823	15,188	14,682	15,391	NA
Cart Rentals (18 Holes)	12,786	9,709	9,485	18,199	9,345	18,817	9,543	10,476	11,216	NA
Cart Rentals (9 Holes)	13,167	10,186	13,207	8,734	9,668	9,199	12,302	11,870	12,820	NA
Number of Golf Leagues	17	13	16	17	17	17	18	19	20	NA
Transportation										
Street Improvements - asphalt overlay (miles)	0	0	2	4	4	5	6	16	8	0
Street Repair (Curbs, aprons, berms, asphalt) (hours)	520	580	475	450	350	350	430	140	1,152	952
Guardrail Repair (hours)	0	0	0	6	10	10	7	0	0	4
Street Sweeper (hours)	144	0	64	64	48	48	48	36	30	20
Cold Patch (hours)	180	200	300	64	310	300	280	375	325	286
Snow & Ice Removal regular hours	234	168	340	298	220	103	558	693	432	1,024
Snow & Ice Removal overtime hours	300	242	618	325	586	153	84	738	418	621
Landscaping Stump-Chipper service (hours)	350	320	300	44	60	25	360	160	100	72
Leaf and brush collection (hours)	2,520	2,520	3,300	2,900	2,400	2,300	2,000	1,800	1,675	1,664
Holiday lights setup (hours)	32	32	8	40	40	40	525	508	466	446
Equipment repair/body shop (hours)	1,950	553	2,000	1,800	2,100	2,000	1,500	1,300	1,200	1,056
Sign department (hours)	300	300	500	400	475	450	400	325	300	272 109
Number of Trees Planted per year	33	33 800	59	14	68	78	34	96	19	
Tons of snow melting salt purchased (Nov-Mar) Cost of salt purchased	750 \$45,740	\$56,328	1,200 \$96,000	407 \$70 per ton	0 \$0	0 \$0	1,027 \$81,623	801 \$17,400	780 \$45,606	268 \$15,669
	ψ15,710	930,320	970,000	oro per ton		-	001,023	917,100	w 15,000	W12,002
Water Department								_		
Water Rates per 1st 300 Cu ft of water used	\$10.44	\$10.44	\$10.44	\$10.14	\$10.14	69	9	7	6	6
Sewer rates per 1,000 gallons	\$7.67	\$7.45	\$7.23	\$7.02	\$6.88	48	NA	NA	NA	NA
Avg. number of water accounts billed monthly (Cu. Ft.)	0	1,235	1,200	1,208	1,200	1,200	1,170	1,170	1,150	1,150
Total Water Collections Annually (Including P&I)	\$753,044	\$721,335	\$777,787	\$792,730	\$683,324	\$690,555	\$641,613	\$502,769	\$514,213	\$404,879

GROVEPORT, OHIO

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN YEARS

Function/Program	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
General Government										
Square Footage Occupied	17,216	17,216	17,216	17,216	17,216	17,216	17,216	17,216	17,216	17,216
Inspection Vehicles	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Police										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Square Footage of Building	6,000	6,000	6,000	6,000	6,000	6,000	6,000	6,000	3,089	3,089
Vehicles	19	21	23	23	23	23	22	21	21	21
Transportation										
Vehicles	8	8	7	7	7	7	7	0	0	0
Recreation										
Number of Parks	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Total Developed Park Acreage	207	207	207	207	207	207	207	207	207	207
Number of Pools	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Number of Tennis Courts	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Number of Baseball Diamonds	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Number of Playgrounds	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Number of Soccer Fields	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Number of Picnic Shelters	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Vehicles	6	6	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Streets (miles)	44.66	44.66	44.66	44.66	44.66	44.66	44.66	44.66	44.66	44.66
Number of Streetlights (per light bill)	707	707	707	707	707	707	NA	NA	NA	NA
Service Vehicles	16	16	23	23	23	23	NA	NA	NA	NA
Wastewater										
Sanitary Sewers (miles)	44.63	39.50	39.50	39.50	39.50	39.50	39.50	39.50	39.50	39.50
Storm Sewers (miles)	29.83	27.99	27.99	27.99	27.99	27.99	27.99	27.99	27.99	27.99
Water Department										
Water Lines (miles)	40.38	40.49	40.49	40.49	40.49	40.49	40.49	40.49	40.49	40.49
Vehicles	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Source: City of Groveport Finance Department



CITY OF GROVEPORT

FRANKLIN COUNTY, OHIO

REGULAR AUDIT

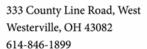
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021



CITY OF GROVEPORT FRANKLIN COUNTY, OHIO

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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

City of Groveport Franklin County 655 Blacklick Street Groveport, Ohio 43215

To the Members of the City Council and Mayor:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Groveport, Franklin County, Ohio, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Groveport's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 20, 2022, wherein we noted as described in Note 20 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Groveport's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Groveport's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Groveport's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City of Groveport's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Groveport's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

City of Groveport Franklin County

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Groveport's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Groveport's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Julian & Grube, Inc.

Julian & Sube, Elne.

May 20, 2022



CITY OF GROVEPORT

FRANKLIN COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 7/7/2022

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370