CITY OF XENIA GREENE COUNTY



SINGLE AUDIT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021





88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 IPAReport@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

Member of Council City of Xenia 107 E. Main Street Xenia, Ohio 45385

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the City of Xenia, Greene County, prepared by Plattenburg & Associates, Inc., for the audit period January 1, 2021 through December 31, 2021. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The City of Xenia is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

June 23, 2022



CITY OF XENIA GREENE COUNTY FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

TABLE OF CONTENTS

TITLE	PAGE
Independent Auditor's Report	Under separate cover
Prepared by Management:	
Annual Comprehensive Financial Report	Under separate cover
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	1
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	1
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required By Government Auditing Standards	2
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance and on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance	4
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	7
Schedule of Prior Audit Findings and Ouestioned Costs	8



	Assistance Listing	Grant or Pass-Through		Total Federal
Federal Grantor/Pass Through Grantor/Program Title	Number	Number	Ехр	enditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT Passed through the State Department of Development: Affordable Housing Development in Main Street Rejuvenation Projects	14.878	OH12CNM45385M15	\$	1,870
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT				1,870
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE Passed through the Ohio Attorney General Crime Victim Assistance Crime Victim Assistance	16.575 16.575	2021-VOCA-132136004 2020-VOCA-132136004		30,884 73,290
Passed through the Ohio Office of Criminal Justice Services				
Violence Against Women Formula Grants	16.588	2020-WF-VA2-8308		44,996
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE				149,170
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION Passed through the Ohio Department of Transportation Highway Planning and Construction Cluster:				
Highway Planning and Construction - Bellbrook Ave Resurfacing	20.205	PID 113320		183,808
Highway Planning and Construction - Columbus St Bridge	20.205	PID 108836		468,014
Total Highway Planning and Construction Cluster				651,822
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION				651,822
NATIONAL TELECOMMUNICATIONS AND INFORMATION ADMINISTATION				
Passed through the Ohio Department of Commerce E-911 Grant Program	20.615	69N37619300000911OH0		246,256
TOTAL NATIONAL TELECOMMUNICATIONS AND INFORMATION ADMINISTATION				246,256
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY Direct Funding Staffing for Adequate Fire and Emergency Response	97.083	EMW-2016-FH-00414		16,595
Assistance to Firefighters Grant	97.044	OMB 4040-0007		12,639
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY				29,234
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Direct Funding				
Provider Relief Fund	93.498	N/A		23,796
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES				23,796
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$	1,102,148

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

NOTE A -- SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is a summary of the activity of the City's federal award programs. The schedule has been prepared using the cash basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). The City did not elect to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor, City Council, and City Manager City of Xenia, Ohio

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Xenia, Ohio (the City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 8, 2022.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Plattenburg & Associates, Inc.

Plattenburg & Associates, Inc. Cincinnati, Ohio June 8, 2022



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE AND ON THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Honorable Mayor, City Council, and City Manager City of Xenia, Ohio

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Xenia, Ohio's (the City) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2021. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the City, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2021.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the City's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the City's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the City's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to
 design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal
 control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance. Accordingly,
 no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.



Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated June 8, 2022, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Plattenburg & Associates, Inc.

Plattenburg & Associates, Cincinnati, Ohio

June 8, 2022



CITY OF XENIA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year Ended December 31, 2021

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

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Type of auditor's report issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP:

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

• Significant Deficiency(s) identified? None reported

Noncompliance material to financial

statements noted?

Federal Awards

Internal control over major federal programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

• Significant Deficiency(s) identified? None reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for

major federal programs: Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CER 200 516/2)?

with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?

Identification of major federal programs:

<u>Highway Planning and Construction Cluster – AL # 20.205</u>

Dollar threshold used to distinguish

between Type A and Type B Programs \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? Yes

Section II – Findings Related to the Financial Statements Required to be reported in Accordance with GAGAS None

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None

CITY OF XENIA SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS December 31, 2021

The City of Xenia had no prior audit findings or questioned costs.

CITY OF XENIA, OHIO



2021

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

PREPARED BY THE FINANCE DEPARTMENT *FISCAL YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 2021

CITY OF XENIA, OHIO

GREENE COUNTY

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Prepared by: Department of Finance

> Ryan Duke Finance Director

Jason Lake
Assistant Finance Director

Denise Estle Finance Technician

Michelle Johnson City Clerk

TABLE OF CONTENTS

City of Xenia Greene County, Ohio

Ι	Introductory Section	
	A Letter of Transmittal	\
	B List of Principal Officals	xi
	C Organizational Chart	xii
	D Finance Department Organizational Chart	xiv
	E Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting	ΧV
II	Financial Section	
	A Independent Auditor's Report	1
	B Management's Discussion and Analysis	5
	C Basic Financial Statements:	
	Government-wide Financial Statements:	
	Statement of Net Position	16
	Statement of Activities	18
	Fund Financial Statements:	
	Governmental Funds:	
	Balance Sheet	20
	Reconciliation of Total Governmentatl Fund Balances to Net Position	
	of Governmental Activities	22
	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	24
	Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and	
	Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the	
	Statement of Activities	26
	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	
	Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis):	
	General Fund	28
	State Gas and Vehicle License Fund	29
	Police and Fire Fund	30
	Local Fiscal Recovery Fund	31
	Towne Square Redevelopment Fund	32

CITY OF XENIA, OHIO

	Proprietary Funas:	
	Statement of Net Position	34
	Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position	38
	Statement of Cash Flows	40
	Fiduciary Funds:	
	Statement of Fiduciary Net Position/Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net	
	Position	44
	Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	45
	Required Supplemental Information:	
	Schedules of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	106
	Schedules of the City's Pension Contributions	108
	Schedules of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	110
	Schedules of the City's OPEB Contributions	112
	Notes to the Required Supplemental Information	114
D	Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules:	
	Nonmajor Governmental Financial Statements:	
	Combining Balance Sheet	122
	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
	Fund Balances	123
	Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	124
	Combining Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
	Fund Balances - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	126
	Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	128
	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
	Fund Balances - Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	129
	Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	130
	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
	Fund Balances - Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	131
	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -	
	Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis):	
	Major Governmental Funds:	
	General Fund	133
	Special Revenue Funds:	
	State Gas and Vehicle License Fund	139
	Police and Fire Fund	140
	Local Fiscal Recovery Fund	142
	Towne Square Redevelopment Fund	143
	Capital Projects Funds:	
	Capital Improvements Fund	144
	Bond Retirement Fund 2021	145

CITY OF XENIA, OHIO

Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	
Special Revenue Funds:	
Indigent Driver Alcohol Treatment Fund	146
Law Enforcement and Education Fund	147
Probation Service Fund	148
State Route Repair Fund	149
City Motor Vehicle License Tax Fund	150
County Motor Vehicle License Tax Fund	151
Special Miscellaneous Improvements Fund	152
Tax Increment Equivalent Fund	153
911 Fund	154
Law Enforcement Fund	155
Drug Law Enforcement Fund	156
Municipal Court Victim Fund	157
Debt Service Funds:	
General Obligation Bond Payment Fund	158
2015 General Obligaton Bond Retirement Fund	159
Capital Projects Funds:	
Municipal Court Capital Improvements Fund	160
Issue II Fund	161
Police/Fire Capital Improvement Fund	162
Bond Construction Fund	163
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds:	
Combining Statement of Net Position	166
Combingin Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position	167
Combining Statement of Cash Flows	168
Internal Service Funds:	
Combining Statement of Net Position	171
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position	172
Combining Statement of Cash Flows	173
Custodial Funds:	
Combining Statement of Net Position/Combining Statement of Changes	
in Net Position	175

III Statistical Section

Net Position by Component - Last Ten Years	S 2
Changes in Net Position - Last Ten Years	S 4
Fund Balances, Governmental Funds - Last Ten Years	S 8
Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds - Last Ten Years	S 10
ncome Tax Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds - Last Ten Years	S 12
ncome Tax Collections - Current and Seven Years Ago	S 14
Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type - Last Ten Years	S 16
Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding - Last Ten Years	S 18
Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt Attributable to	
Governmental Activities - Current Year	S 20
Debt Limitations - Last Ten Years	S 22
Demographic and Economic Statistics - Last Ten Years	S 24
Principal Employers - Current Year and Seven Years Ago	S 26
Principal Property Tax Payers - Current Year and Seven Years Ago	S 27
Full Time Equivalent Employees by Function - Last Ten Years	S 28
Operating Indicators by Function - Last Ten Years	S 30
Capital Asset Statistics by Function - Last Ten Years	S 32
Capital Asset Value by Function - Last Ten Years	S 34





107 E. Main Street Xenia, OH 45385 Phone (937)376-7241 Fax (937) 347-1606

June 8, 2022

President of City Council, Honorable Mayor and Council City of Xenia, Ohio

Dear Ladies and Gentlemen:

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of the City of Xenia, Ohio, for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021, is hereby submitted. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City's Finance Department. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the City. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City of Xenia's financial activities have been included.

Generally Accepted Accounting Principles require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Xenia's MD&A can be found immediately following the independent auditors report.

Management of the City of Xenia is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the government are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these goals are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

Auditor of State

State statutes require an annual audit by the State Auditor's Office or, at the State Auditor's discretion, an independent certified public accounting firm. The City was assigned an independent certified public accounting firm, who will perform the City's audits for the fiscal years 2021-2025. The firm that was awarded the RFP was Plattenburg & Associates, Inc. The auditors' unmodified opinion is included in the Financial Section of this report.



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Single Audit

If \$750,000 or more in federal awards is expended in the fiscal year, the City of Xenia is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the 2 CFR Part 200 (Uniform Guidance). The City's expenditures of federal awards in 2021 did require that a single audit be performed.

As a recipient of federal and state financial assistance, the City is also responsible for ensuring that an adequate internal control structure is in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. This internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation and internal audit by City management.

GOVERNMENT PROFILE

Xenia is a City of just over 27,000 located in southwest Ohio. Xenia was founded in 1803, incorporated in 1817, and became a city in 1834. The legislative authority is comprised of one Mayor and six City Council Members. A City Manager, Finance Director, and Law Director are appointed by the legislative authority and are responsible for day-to-day administration. The City of Xenia provides a full range of services. These services include police and fire protection; ambulance and paramedic services; water, sewer, stormwater, and sanitation services; the construction and maintenance of highways, streets and infrastructure; zoning and planning services; development functions; and recreational activities.

Budget

According to the City Charter, City Council must provide a list of project priorities to the City Manager prior to July 1st of each year. The City Manager must then submit a budget for the ensuing fiscal year on or before October 31st. The Council will then review and discuss the budget with staff and amend the proposed budget. The City must then publish notice that the budget is available for inspection by the public and specify a time and place for a public hearing on the budget. After the hearing has been held Council may make amendments if they desire to do so and adopt the budget. The budget must be adopted prior to April 1st of the fiscal year covered by the budget.

The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established at the level of personnel services, operating expenses, capital outlay, and debt service through an appropriations ordinance passed by City Council. The appropriation ordinance controls expenditures by fund except for the general fund where it is controlled by department. Only City Council may transfer appropriations between those levels established in the appropriation ordinance. Such transfers must be made by amending the ordinance. In addition, the City maintains budgetary controls. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriations budget approved by the City Council. Activities of all the City's funds are included in the appropriations budget. The



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City's budget accounts for transactions on a basis of cash receipts and cash disbursements rather than on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles that measure revenues and expenditures using the accrual or modified accrual basis of accounting. The City also maintains a purchase order and encumbrance accounting system as one technique of accomplishing budgetary control. Encumbered amounts carryover at year-end and are reappropriated as part of the following year's budget.

ECONOMIC CONDITIONS

Local Economy

The City is seeing some improvement in the local economy. Unemployment had been improving over the last few years, but the pandemic in 2020 increased the unemployment everywhere. In 2021 the local economy recovered and the rate decreased to 3.6% from 5.4% in 2020. Attracting higher paying jobs has proven to be difficult. The median household income in the most recent data provided by the US census bureau was \$46,202 in Xenia, which speaks to the need to improve the City's tax base. Despite challenges with the income demographic, the City's financial outlook is stable. The City is meeting its reserve requirements though service levels may need to be altered in future years to continue the attainment of appropriate reserves. Income Tax collections in 2021 rebounded from the pandemic and investment in the community is starting to pickup. Several new housing developments are expected in the coming year, significant commerical investment is occuring on the west end of the City, and the City is engaged in a major effort to redevlop the Xenia Towne Square, which is a large piece of property in the City's downtown.

The City has a continued concern about the State's propensity to seed control from local governments through various pieces of legislation. Several reductions to local government funding and the repeated attempts at undermining local government control of municipal income tax, the City's primary revenue source, create uncertainty about the stability of local government funding into the future. The City holds an A-1 bond rating from Moody's, which has allowed the City access to low interest rate financing options for a variety of purposes. The City's reserve fund balance, quality management strategies, and a low debt ratio helped preserve an attractive bond rating.

Long-Term Financial Planning

While the City seems to have gained some momentum in attracting additional investment in both commercial and residential development, administration recognizes numerous challenges in the coming years. The State has continually tweaked local income tax law and being that income taxes are the City's most important revenue source, there is a certain level of unrest. In part, this has led the City to join the Regional Income Tax Agency (RITA). RITA began collecting for the City of Xenia in the fall of 2020. Other major concerns include the cost and regulation of health care, income demographics, increasing service demands, attracting and retaining quality employees, and improving an aging infrastructure. The City continues to pursue partnerships and joint service ventures in



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which parties can benefit from improved services and reduced costs. The City currently provides dispatching services to multiple agencies throughout the County. The City also provides Fire and EMS services to Central State University. These joint service ventures with the County, other Cities, Townships, and Universities are bringing value to Xenia residents and others throughout the County.

The City continues to focus on economic development specifically areas such as workforce development; quality education and healthcare; marketing, branding, and image enhancement; business retention and expansion; and housing and neighborhood revitalization; just to name a few. The City offers multiple incentives such as an income tax rebate program and has an established Community Reinvestment Area (CRA) program. The City currently utilizes rural enterprise zone agreements, which give partial tax abatement for real property taxes. The City is seeking to increase the availability of suitable sites for economic development. The sites will be developed as environmentally clean industrial/commercial parks. One such park that has been developed is the OVCH South Industrial Park. The City has two certified shovel-ready sites that have spurred significant interest from several companies. Development of these industrial sites would mean job creation and improvements in the tax base that would be very meaningful.

The City's infrastructure is in need of great repair, specifically in the areas of City streets and storm water management. The City has continued to maintain, review, and update yearly a five-year capital improvement program that provides a framework for the maintenance and expansion of the infrastructure to meet current and future needs. The City Council has taken a strong leadership role in this area to ensure that public infrastructures are maintained and will be in place to facilitate continuing economic development. That being said, there is need for additional resources to adequately address many years of deferred maintenance related to infrastructure. The City pursued a 3.5 mill property tax measure to repair City streets in 2018, however the measure failed by a small margin. The Governor approved an increase in gas tax revenues which will help in these endeavors, but the increase will not generate the types of revenues needed to sufficiently address the issues.



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The City will continue to seek grants to offset costs for infrastructure projects. One such program the City has used for many years is the State's Issue 2 and Local Transportation Improvement Program. This grant funding has helped to fund 27 such projects totaling \$8,016,398 since their inception.

Relevant Financial Policies

The City has a policy to maintain at least 17% of annual operating expenses as a reserve in its key operating funds. It is also expected that the key operating funds have a positive cash flow. That is, operating revenues should exceed operating expenses in those funds. To comply with these expectations, management may sometimes need to take action in making tough decisions including the elimination of positions or reductions in service. The City Council approves financial policies each year in conjunction with budget review and approval. These policies have allowed the City to meet all its obligations, maintain a respectable bond rating, and sustain a balance that can be utilized in the case of emergency. The City also has a debt policy, investment policy, and a local preference ordinance. A number of other policies such as those identified in the City's purchasing manual are in place to ensure compliance with the City Charter and State law and to maintain adequate internal controls.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

For 2021

Water Meter Replacement - In 2020 the City began a transition to a new automated meter reading (AMR) system during which all water meters throughout the utility were replaced. The new system is a fixed based system that allows the City to read the meters remotely, saving man hours, and increasing the frequency of the reads which allow for fast detection of leaks. The system allows for readings as frequently as every 15 minutes instead of once every thirty days. A new customer portal will allow customers to see detailed information about their usage patterns, receive notifications for potential leaks or abnormally high usage, and view tutorials on addressing common usage and billing issues. the changeout was completed in 2021 and the customer portal will be available to residents in 2022.

Street & Infrastructure Improvements – In 2021 the City's street rehab program in concert with various grant funded programs the following were completed: Paving of portions of Branch St, E Main St, Allison Ave, Bellbrook Ave, Colorado Dr, Jasper Ave, N. Fair St, and Kinsey Road. A project to repair the S. Columbus St. Bridge was also completed. In addition to transportation improvements ewer slip lining was completed for the following: Portions of N. Columbus St, N. Fair St, Hall St, Rader St, Orchard St, E Market St, and Home Ave.



107 E. Main Street Xenia, OH 45385 Phone (937)376-7241 Fax (937) 347-1606

Xenia Towne Square – The City successfully aquired the leasehold interest and ownership of a couple of buildings in the Xenia Towne Square. The City had previously aquired site control of adjacnt parcels a few years ago. These aquisitions will allow the City to work in partnership with developer's to make major changes and improvements in the heart of the City's downtown. The planning effort began in 2021 which included public engagement and input, market analysis, and concept plans.

Other Items to Note - The City updated its scheduling and timekeeping software in the 4th quarter of 2021. The system will improve reporting, enhance accountability, and ensure better compliance and the consistent application of policy, law, and bargaining contracts. The City Charter Review Commision concluded its multiyear effort to review the City charter and recomend changes. Significant revisions were recomended and are being presented to the electorate in 2022.

For the Future

City Facilities – The City is planning to replace its second fire station within the next five year period. The City is exploring various partnerships that would make the replacement of the station more economically feasible and operationally efficient. The current station lacks bays that fit certain City apparatus and is located to close to the City's main fire station. Much of the City's growth has occurred on its western side and the new station would be better positioned on that end of town.

Software Replacement - With the new Water Meter system in place, the City will be replacing the billing software in order to provide enhanced services to the customers and improve efficiencies. In combination, the City will look at a comprehensive replacement of financial software to allow for better integration and enhanced capabilities of a unified accounting suite that will include modules such as General Ledger, Accounts Receivable, Accounts Payables, Utility Billing, Fixed Assets, and Payroll.

Residential Development - There are currently four new subdivisions in the works for the City of Xenia. Two subdivisions on the north end of the City, one on the west, and one on the south are expected to add nearly 600 new units to the City's housing stock. These homes will exceed but a great deal the median home price in the City and greatly expand the availabity of higher value homes.



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Other Items to Note – The City was awarded a HOPE VI grant several years ago for the rehabilitation of a downtown building into apartment units. The City hopes this will spur residential development in the downtown area. The project has taken some time to begin and has moved slowly, but construction of the units is expected in 2022. The City continues to expand its fiber network and will soon connect each of its water and sewer assets thereby eliminating reliance on third parties for services and increasing the capacity of City resources. The City has begun providing internet access services to some institutional partners and may expand its service offering in the future.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The preparation of the comprehensive annual financial report was made possible by the dedicated service of the entire staff of the Finance Department. I would like to express my appreciation to all members of the Finance Department and especially to the Assistant Finance Director Jason Lake.

In closing, without the leadership and support of the Mayor and City Council and support of the entire City staff, preparation of this report would not have been possible.

Respectfully submitted,

Thyan Owke

Ryan Duke

Finance Director

List of Principal Officials For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

CITY COUNCIL

Wesley Smith President
Levi Dean Vice President
Sarah Mays Mayor

Cody Brannum Rebekah Dean William Urschel Thomas Scrivens

APPOINTED OFFICIALS

Donnette FisherLaw DirectorRyan DukeFinance DirectorBrent W MerrimanCity Manager

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE STAFF

Ryan Duke Finance Director

Jason LakeAssistant Finance DirectorStephanie HallAccounts Receivable ManagerKeith PagettInformation Technology Director

Phil Sorenson Systems Administrator
Matt Lee Network Administrator

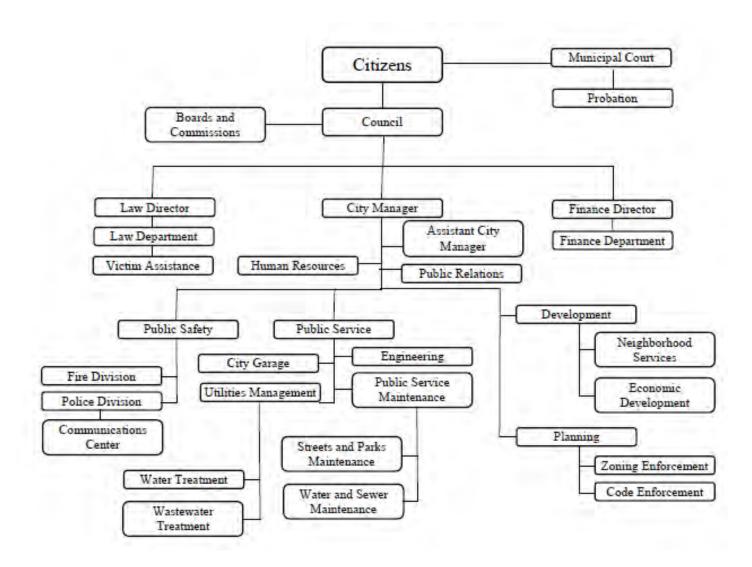
Brandon Board IT Technician Michelle Johnson City Clerk

Denise Estle Finance Technician

Mary Ann Richardson Finance Clerk/Accounts Payable

Bill McCarthy Finance Clerk/Payroll

Angela Ferrero Finance Clerk/Accounts Receivable
Janette Reedy Finance Clerk/Accounts Receivable
Julie Willis Finance Clerk/Accounts Receivable
Kathy Mikesell Finance Clerk/Accounts Receivable



Commissions

Boards

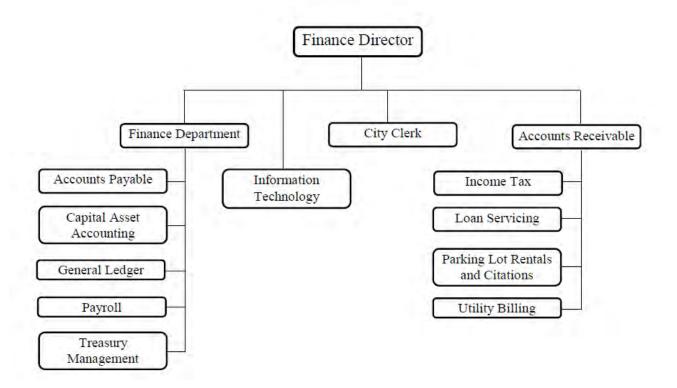
Records Traffic

Civil Service

Planning and Zoning

Loan Trust Tax Appeals Zoning Appeals

Recreation, Arts & Cultural Activities





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Xenia Ohio

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2020

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

II FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor, City Council, and City Manager City of Xenia, Ohio

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Xenia, Ohio (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of December 31, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund, State Gas & Vehicle License Fund, Police & Fire Fund, Local Fiscal Recovery Fund, and Town Square Redevelopment Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, and schedules of pension information and other postemployment information to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.



Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical section but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 8, 2022, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Plattenburg & Associates, Inc.

Plattenburg & Associates, Inc. Cincinnati, Ohio June 8, 2022



Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Unaudited

The discussion and analysis of Xenia City's financial performance provides an overall review of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the City's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the transmittal letter, notes to the basic financial statements, and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the City's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for 2021 are as follows:

The total change in the net position of Xenia City was \$8,421,718. The net position of governmental activities increased \$5,465,092, which represents an 22.2% increase from 2020. The net position of business-type activities increased by \$2,956,626 or 8.8% from 2020.

General revenues accounted for \$18.7 million or 46.3% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$21.7 million or 53.7% of total revenues of \$40.5 million.

The total net position of governmental activities increased by \$5,465,092, due primarily due to increases in nearly every revenue category, reductions in expenses do to 26 pays in 2021 and 27 in 2020, and significant capital grants and contributions. Cash and Cash Equivalents of governmental activities decreased slightly, while Investments increased almost 24%, having a net impact of a increase in total cash, cash equivalents, and investments of \$1,139,593 in comparison to last year. Most of that increase can be attributed to an increase in revenues primarily due to the receipt of ARPA (American Rescue Plan Act) funding. Capital assets increased \$5,620,922, primarily due to the purchase of buildings in the Xenia Towne Square, updates to the 911 system, street improvements and the development of new subdivisions. The City's cash reserve experienced a significant increase in 2021 due to the cash infusion from the above mentioned sources.

The City had \$22.6 million in expenses related to governmental activities; \$9.2 million of these expenses were offset by program-specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues (primarily taxes) of \$18.9 million provided additional support for these programs.

The general fund had \$10.2 million in revenues, \$4.2 million in expenditures and transfers to other funds of \$4.9 million. Due to changes in GASB 54, balances, revenues, and expenses once recorded in a separate recreation fund are now reported in the general fund. Due to chances in GASB 84, balances, revenues, and expenses once recorded in separate imprest cash and insurance deposit funds are now reported in the general fund. The general fund balance increased from \$3,495,047 to \$4,756,700.

The net position for business-type activities increased \$2,956,626. The Water, Sewer, Sanitation, Storm Sewer, Loan, and Parking funds experienced increases in Net Position. The net position of the CDBG & UDAG Revolving Loan and Housing Rehabilitation Loan funds both decreased. The Water, Sewer, Sanitation, and Storm Sewer funds experienced increases of \$764,206, \$1,455,139, \$195,788 and \$518,531 respectively. The Housing Rehabilitation Loan fund decreased by \$52,701 and the parking increased by 27,604. There was relatively little change in the Loan and CDBG & UDAG Revolving Loan funds from the previous year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of four parts – management's discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements, required supplementary information, and an optional section that presents combining statements for nonmajor governmental funds, nonmajor enterprise funds and internal service funds. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the City:

These statements are as follows:

<u>The Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> – These statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall financial status.

<u>The Fund Financial Statements</u> – These statements focus on individual parts of the City, reporting the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements report information about the City as a whole, using accepted methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all the government's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows. All the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide financial statements report the City's net position and how it has changed. Net position is one way to measure the City's financial health or standing.

Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

To assess the overall health of the City, additional non-financial factors, such as property tax base and current property tax laws, as well as diversification in income tax base must be considered.

The government-wide financial statements of the City (primary government) are divided into two categories:

<u>Governmental Activities</u> – Most of the City's programs and services are reported here including public safety, recreation, urban redevelopment and housing, economic development, highways and streets, and general government.

<u>Business-Type Activities</u> – These services are provided on a charge for goods or services basis to recover all of the expenses of the goods or services provided. All of the City's enterprise activities are reported as business-type activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the City's most significant funds, not the City as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the City uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

Governmental Funds – Most of the City's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance City services and programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Proprietary Funds – Proprietary funds use the same basis of accounting as business-type activities; therefore, these statements will essentially match.

Fiduciary Funds — Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. All of the City's fiduciary activities are reported in the separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Position.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

The following table shows a comparison of net position between 2021 and 2020.

	Governmental Bus		Busine	ess-type		
	Activ	vities	Activ	vities	To	otal
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Current and other assets	\$ 21,685,584	\$ 19,847,746	\$ 19,203,758	\$ 18,757,651	\$ 40,889,342	\$ 38,605,397
Capital assets, net	56,107,376	50,486,454	33,172,511	33,850,627	89,279,887	84,337,081
Total assets	77,792,960	70,334,200	52,376,269	52,608,278	130,169,229	122,942,478
Deferred Outlows of Resources	6,086,593	6,856,042	774,250	1,395,052	6,860,843	8,251,094
Net pension liability	25,163,792	26,033,520	3,644,318	4,764,342	28,808,110	30,797,862
Net OPEB liability	3,196,726	7,150,241	15,300	3,324,646	3,212,026	10,474,887
Long-term debt outstanding	13,360,903	10,665,888	9,327,931	10,201,680	22,688,834	20,867,568
Other liabilities	2,755,576	1,231,781	659,147	590,294	3,414,723	1,822,075
Total liabilities	44,476,997	45,081,430	13,646,696	18,880,962	58,123,693	63,962,392
Deferred Inflows of Resources	9,320,173	7,491,521	2,941,252	1,516,423	12,261,425	9,007,944
Net position						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	48,244,075	41,839,512	25,938,405	26,139,794	74,182,480	67,979,306
Restricted	8,689,379	10,186,871	0	0	8,689,379	10,186,871
Unrestricted	(26,851,071)	(27,409,092)	10,624,166	7,466,151	(16,226,905)	(19,942,941)
Total net position	\$ 30,082,383	\$ 24,617,291	\$ 36,562,571	\$ 33,605,945	\$ 66,644,954	\$ 58,223,236

The net pension liability (NPL) and net OPEB liability are the two largest single liabilities reported by the City at December 31, 2021 and is reported pursuant to GASB Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27" and GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions," which

significantly revises accounting for costs and liabilities related to other postemployment benefits (OPEB). For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the City's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB 45) focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's *net pension liability* or *net OBEP liability*. GASB 68 and GASB 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

GASB 68 and GASB 75 require the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to equal the City's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service.
- 2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits.

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the City is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan as against the public employer. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion.

Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, the City's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability and net OPEB liability, respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

For additional information on GASB 68 and GASB 75, see notes 9 and 10.

Change in Net Position – The following table shows the changes in net position for the fiscal year 2021 compared to 2020.

Revenues Program Revenues Program Revenues Program Revenues Program Revenues Program Revenues S			nmental vities		ess-type vities	To	otal
Program Revenues Charges for services and sales \$ 5,681,188 \$ 5,680,563 \$ 11,297,570 \$ 12,289,237 \$ 16,978,758 \$ 17,919,800 Operating grants and contributions 629,786 2,978,453 0 0 629,786 2,978,453 Capital grants and contributions 2,856,145 1,455,161 1,258,585 36,240 4,114,730 1,491,401 General Revenues: 1 1,628,181 13,383,792 0 0 13,628,181 13,383,792 Other local taxes 1,679,662 1,553,890 0 0 104,899 55,064 Property Taxes 1,679,662 1,553,890 0 0 1,679,662 1,553,890 Motor vehicle and gasoline taxes 2,001,297 1,773,148 0 0 0 1,679,662 1,553,890 Investment earnings 36,583 1,849,696 0 0 0 3,683 1,492,399 Investment earnings 36,583 1,849,496 0 0 3,458,344 4,366,120 Total reven		2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Charges for services and sales \$ 5,681,188 \$ 5,630,563 \$ 11,297,570 \$ 12,289,237 \$ 16,978,758 \$ 17,919,800 Operating grants and contributions 629,786 2,978,453 0 0 629,786 2,978,453 General Revenues: Income taxes 13,628,181 13,383,792 0 0 13,628,181 13,383,792 Other local taxes 104,899 55,064 0 0 164,899 55,064 Property Taxes 1,679,662 1,553,890 0 0 1,679,662 1,553,890 Motor vehicle and gasoline taxes 2,001,297 1,773,148 0 0 0 3,658,3 1,793,494 0 0 3,658,3 1,793,494 0 0 3,658,3 1,793,494 0 0 3,658,3 1,793,496 0 0 3,658,3 1,749,496 0 0 3,658,3 1,749,496 0 0 3,658,3 1,4496 0 0 3,658,3 1,4496 0 0 3,458,344 4,366,120 0							
Operating grants and contributions 629,786 2,978,453 0 0 629,786 2,978,453 Capital grants and contributions 2,856,145 1,455,161 1,258,585 36,240 4,114,730 1,491,401 General Revenues: Income taxes 13,628,181 13,383,792 0 0 13,628,181 13,383,792 Other local taxes 1,679,662 1,553,890 0 0 1,679,662 1,553,890 Motor vehicle and gasoline taxes 1,609,662 1,553,890 0 0 1,285,663 1,992,389 Investment earnings 36,583 134,496 0 0 1,285,663 1,992,389 Investment earnings 36,583 134,496 0 0 36,583 134,496 Total revenues 27,903,404 28,056,956 12,556,155 12,325,477 40,459,559 40,382,433 Expenses Program Expenses General government 3,458,344 4,366,120 0 0 3,458,344 4,366,120 Public safety 15,783,245 <td>Program Revenues</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Program Revenues						
Capital grants and contributions 2,856,145 1,455,161 1,258,585 36,240 4,114,730 1,491,401 General Revenues: Income taxes 13,628,181 13,383,792 0 0 13,628,181 13,383,792 Other local taxes 104,899 55,064 0 0 1,679,662 1,553,890 0 0 1,679,662 1,553,890 0 0 2,001,297 1,773,148 0 0 2,001,297 1,773,148 0 0 2,001,297 1,773,148 0 0 2,001,297 1,773,148 0 0 2,001,297 1,773,148 0 0 2,001,297 1,773,148 0 0 2,001,297 1,773,148 0 0 2,001,297 1,773,148 0 0 2,001,297 1,773,148 0 0 0 3,6583 134,496 0 0 0 3,6583 134,496 0 0 3,6583 134,496 0 0 3,583,433 134,496 0 0 3,583,433 134,496 <td>Charges for services and sales</td> <td>\$ 5,681,188</td> <td>\$ 5,630,563</td> <td>\$ 11,297,570</td> <td>\$ 12,289,237</td> <td>\$ 16,978,758</td> <td>\$ 17,919,800</td>	Charges for services and sales	\$ 5,681,188	\$ 5,630,563	\$ 11,297,570	\$ 12,289,237	\$ 16,978,758	\$ 17,919,800
Ceneral Revenues:		629,786	2,978,453	0	0	629,786	2,978,453
Discrime taxes 13,628,181 13,383,792 0 0 13,628,181 13,383,792	Capital grants and contributions	2,856,145	1,455,161	1,258,585	36,240	4,114,730	1,491,401
Other local taxes 104,899 55,064 0 104,899 55,064 Property Taxes 1,679,662 1,553,890 0 0 1,679,662 1,533,890 Motor vehicle and gasoline taxes 2,001,297 1,773,148 0 0 0,001,297 1,773,148 Intergovernmental, unrestricted 1,285,663 1,092,389 0 0 1,285,663 1,092,389 Investment earnings 36,583 134,496 0 0 36,583 134,496 Total revenues 27,903,404 28,056,956 12,556,155 12,325,477 40,459,559 40,382,433 Expenses 7 8 8 1,453,458 1,533,454 4,366,120 0 0 3,458,344 4,366,120 Public safety 15,783,245 17,143,458 0 0 15,783,245 17,143,458 Highways and streets 2,032,179 2,450,307 0 0 86,745 98,637 Economic development & Assistance 475,901 167,114 0 0 475,	General Revenues:						
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Motor vehicle and gasoline taxes Intergovernmental, unrestricted Intergovernmental, unrestricted Intergovernmental, unrestricted Intergovernmental, unrestricted Intergovernmental, unrestricted Intergovernmental, unrestricted Intergovernment Safe, Sas Intergovernment Safe, Sas Intergovernment Safe, Sas Intergovernment Safe,	Other local taxes	104,899	55,064	0	0	104,899	55,064
Intergovernmental, unrestricted 1,285,663 1,092,389 0 0 1,285,663 1,092,389 134,496 0 0 36,583 134,496	Property Taxes	1,679,662	1,553,890	0	0	1,679,662	1,553,890
Investment earnings 36,583 134,496 0 0 36,583 134,496 Total revenues 27,903,404 28,056,956 12,556,155 12,325,477 40,459,559 40,382,433 40,382,434 4,366,120 40,382,434 40,482,434 4,366,120 40,382,434 40,482,434 40,	Motor vehicle and gasoline taxes	2,001,297	1,773,148	0	0	2,001,297	1,773,148
Expenses	Intergovernmental, unrestricted	1,285,663	1,092,389	0	0	1,285,663	1,092,389
Expenses Program Expenses General government 3,458,344 4,366,120 0 0 0 3,458,344 4,366,120 Public safety 15,783,245 17,143,458 0 0 15,783,245 17,143,458 Highways and streets 2,032,179 2,450,307 0 0 2,032,179 2,450,307 Urban Redevlopment & Housing 86,745 98,637 0 0 86,745 98,637 Economic development & Assistance 475,901 167,114 0 0 0 475,901 167,114 Recreation 523,720 499,792 0 0 0 523,720 499,792 Debt service: Interest and fiscal charges 246,358 258,938 0 0 246,358 258,938 Water 0 0 0 3,960,891 4,226,893 Sanitation 0 0 0 3,960,891 4,226,893 3,960,891 4,226,893 Sanitation 0 0 0 2,027,027 1,884,034 2,027,027 1,884,034 Storm Water 0 0 0 281,523 448,104 281,523 448,104 Other enterprise funds 0 0 0,2027,027 1,884,034 2,027,027 1,884,034 Total change in net position before transfers 5,296,912 3,072,590 3,124,806 1,992,322 8,421,718 5,064,912 Transfers 168,180 61,683 (168,180) (61,683) 0 0 Total change in net position 5,465,092 3,134,273 2,956,626 1,930,639 8,421,718 5,064,912	Investment earnings	36,583	134,496	0	0	36,583	134,496
Program Expenses General government 3,458,344 4,366,120 0 0 3,458,344 4,366,120 Public safety 15,783,245 17,143,458 0 0 15,783,245 17,143,458 Highways and streets 2,032,179 2,450,307 0 0 2,032,179 2,450,307 Urban Redevlopment & Housing 86,745 98,637 0 0 86,745 98,637 Economic development & Assistance 475,901 167,114 0 0 475,901 167,114 Recreation 523,720 499,792 0 0 523,720 499,792 Debt service: Interest and fiscal charges 246,358 258,938 0 0 246,358 258,938 Water 0 0 3,991,818 3,537,699 3,091,818 3,537,699 3,091,818 3,537,699 3,091,818 3,537,699 3,091,818 3,537,699 3,091,818 3,537,699 3,091,818 3,537,699 3,091,818 3,537,699 3,091,818 3,537,699 3,091,818 <td>Total revenues</td> <td>27,903,404</td> <td>28,056,956</td> <td>12,556,155</td> <td>12,325,477</td> <td>40,459,559</td> <td>40,382,433</td>	Total revenues	27,903,404	28,056,956	12,556,155	12,325,477	40,459,559	40,382,433
Program Expenses General government 3,458,344 4,366,120 0 0 3,458,344 4,366,120 Public safety 15,783,245 17,143,458 0 0 15,783,245 17,143,458 Highways and streets 2,032,179 2,450,307 0 0 2,032,179 2,450,307 Urban Redevlopment & Housing 86,745 98,637 0 0 86,745 98,637 Economic development & Assistance 475,901 167,114 0 0 475,901 167,114 Recreation 523,720 499,792 0 0 523,720 499,792 Debt service: Interest and fiscal charges 246,358 258,938 0 0 246,358 258,938 Water 0 0 3,991,818 3,537,699 3,091,818 3,537,699 3,091,818 3,537,699 3,091,818 3,537,699 3,960,891 4,226,893 3,960,891 4,226,893 3,960,891 4,226,893 3,960,891 4,226,893 4,816 4,816 4,816 <t< td=""><td>F</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	F						
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Highways and streets 2,032,179 2,450,307 0 0 2,032,179 2,450,307 Urban Redevlopment & Housing 86,745 98,637 0 0 86,745 98,637 Economic development & Assistance 475,901 167,114 0 0 475,901 167,114 Recreation 523,720 499,792 0 0 523,720 499,792 Debt service: Interest and fiscal charges 246,358 258,938 0 0 246,358 258,938 Water 0 0 0 3,91,818 3,537,699 3,091,818 3,537,699 Sewer 0 0 0 3,960,891 4,226,893 3,960,891 4,226,893 Sanitation 0 0 20,27,027 1,884,034 2,027,027 1,884,034 Storm Water 0 0 281,523 448,104 281,523 448,104 Other enterprise funds 0 0 70,090 236,425 70,090 236,425 Total ch							
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Storm Water 0 0 281,523 448,104 281,523 448,104 Other enterprise funds 0 0 70,090 236,425 70,090 236,425 Total expenses 22,606,492 24,984,366 9,431,349 10,333,155 32,037,841 35,317,521 Total change in net position before transfers 5,296,912 3,072,590 3,124,806 1,992,322 8,421,718 5,064,912 Transfers 168,180 61,683 (168,180) (61,683) 0 0 Total change in net position 5,465,092 3,134,273 2,956,626 1,930,639 8,421,718 5,064,912				, ,	, ,		
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Total expenses 22,606,492 24,984,366 9,431,349 10,333,155 32,037,841 35,317,521 Total change in net position before transfers 5,296,912 3,072,590 3,124,806 1,992,322 8,421,718 5,064,912 Transfers 168,180 61,683 (168,180) (61,683) 0 0 Total change in net position 5,465,092 3,134,273 2,956,626 1,930,639 8,421,718 5,064,912						,	
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before transfers 5,296,912 3,072,590 3,124,806 1,992,322 8,421,718 5,064,912 Transfers 168,180 61,683 (168,180) (61,683) 0 0 Total change in net position 5,465,092 3,134,273 2,956,626 1,930,639 8,421,718 5,064,912	Total expenses	22,000,472	24,704,500	7,431,347	10,555,155	32,037,041	33,317,321
Transfers 168,180 61,683 (168,180) (61,683) 0 0 Total change in net position 5,465,092 3,134,273 2,956,626 1,930,639 8,421,718 5,064,912	Total change in net position						
Total change in net position 5,465,092 3,134,273 2,956,626 1,930,639 8,421,718 5,064,912	before transfers	5,296,912	3,072,590	3,124,806	1,992,322	8,421,718	5,064,912
Total change in net position 5,465,092 3,134,273 2,956,626 1,930,639 8,421,718 5,064,912	Transfers	168,180	61,683	(168,180)	(61,683)	0	0
	Total change in net position					8,421,718	5,064,912
	Beginning net position	24,617,291	21,483,018	33,605,945	31,675,306	58,223,236	53,158,324
Ending net position \$ 30,082,383 \$ 24,617,291 \$ 36,562,571 \$ 33,605,945 \$ 66,644,954 \$ 58,223,236	0 0 1						

Governmental Activities

Net position of the City's governmental activities increased by \$5,465,092. Income taxes increased in 2021 by \$244,389 due primarily to higher employment and a recovery from the Covid-19 pandemic. Program revenue saw an increase due to increased grant funding, while all other revenues saw an increase due to recovery from the pandemic, especially motor vehicle and

gasoline taxes which had been harmed by the stay at home mandates during the peak of the pandemic in 2020. The most significant change in revenues was the swing in Program revenue of from operating grants to capital grants due to a number of street improvement grants that the City received. City operating expenses decreased. A large factor in the decrease was the change in the Net OPEB Liability, as well as there being 26 pays during 2021, whereas there were 27 in 2020.

The City receives an income tax, which is based on 2.25% of all salaries, wages, commissions and other compensation and on net profits earned from those living or working within the City.

Property taxes and income taxes made up 6.02% and 48.84% of revenues for governmental activities respectively for the City in fiscal year 2021. The City relies heavily on tax revenue for operations.

		Percent
Revenue Sources	2021	of Total
Municipal income taxes	\$ 13,628,181	48.84%
Other local taxes	104,899	0.38%
Property taxes	1,679,662	6.02%
Motor vehicle and gas taxes	2,001,297	7.17%
Intergovernmental, unrestricted	1,285,663	4.61%
Investment earnings	36,583	0.13%
Program revenues	9,167,119	32.85%
Total Revenue	\$ 27,903,404	100.00%

Business-Type Activities

Net position of the business-type activities increased \$2,956,626. The most substantial changes in net position were in the Water fund and the Sewer Fund. The Water fund increased \$764,206, while the Sewer fund had an increase of \$1,455,139. The Water increase can be attributed to a reduction in contractual services from the prior year, due to no water towers being painted in 2020. There was an increase in the Sewer fund due to a reduction in Net Pension Liability. All other enterprise funds had insignificant changes in net position.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

The City's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$12,074,072, which is a decrease from last year's balance of \$12,441,031. The largest change in the fund balances was in the Police and Fire Fund. There was a large decrease in 2021 due to infusion of CARES funds that were not present in 2021 which had been used to offset Police and Fire expenses in 2020. The State Gas and Vehicle License Fund had minimial change in fund balance, as the fund has yet to fully realize the increase to the gas tax that was passed in 2019, as travel has been reduced the last few years due to the pandemic.

The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of December 31 in 2021 and 2020:

	Fund Balance December 31, 2021	Fund Balance December 31, 2020	Increase (Decrease)
General	\$ 4,756,700	\$ 3,495,047	\$ 1,261,653
State Gas and Vehicle License	668,600	597,879	70,721
Police & Fire Fund	1,918,028	3,667,317	(1,749,289)
Capital Improvements	2,094,703	1,441,855	652,848
Local Fiscal Recovery Fund	(3,473)	0	(3,473)
Towne Square Redevlopment Fund	112,125	0	112,125
Bond Retirement Fund 2021	1,807	0	1,807
Other Governmental Funds	2,525,582	3,238,933	(713,351)
Total	\$ 12,074,072	\$ 12,441,031	\$(366,959)

General Fund – Revenues: General Fund revenues in 2021 increased approximately 6.3% compared to revenues in fiscal year 2020 as shown in the chart below. While municipal income tax, other local taxes, State shared taxes and permits, charges for services, and fines, costs, forfeitures, licenses, permits were up, Intergovernmental Grants and miscellaneous receipts including interest were down.

	2021	2020	Increase
	Revenues	Revenues	(Decrease)
Municipal Income Taxes	\$ 6,191,178	\$ 5,791,940	\$ 399,238
Other Local Taxes	1,439,679	1,277,356	162,323
State Shared taxes and permits	1,174,961	1,143,909	31,052
Intergovernmental grants	0	23,796	(23,796)
Charges for services	150,465	61,217	89,248
Fines, costs, forfeitures,			
Licenses and permits	872,931	774,531	98,400
Miscellaneous receipts			
including interest earnings	381,694	536,932	(155,238)
Total	\$ 10,210,908	\$ 9,609,681	\$ 601,227

General Fund – Expenditures: General Fund expenditures increased \$412,713 from the prior year. The most significant increase is to general government expenses, but this and all other expense fluctuations in the fund were insignificant.

	2021	2020	Increase
	Expenditures	Expenditures	(Decrease)
General Government	\$ 3,322,764	\$ 3,034,606	\$ 288,158
Public Safety	150,773	118,170	32,603
Highways and Streets	240,579	228,686	11,893
Urban Redevelopment & Housing	77,665	69,332	8,333
Economic Development & Assistance	121,098	109,538	11,560
Recreation	299,175	239,009	60,166
Total	\$ 4,212,054	\$ 3,799,341	\$ 412,713

The City's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances.

For the General Fund, final budget basis revenue of \$10.16 million did not vary from the original budget figure. The final budgeted expenditures of \$5.33 million increased \$130,774 compared to original appropriations of \$5.20 million. This was a very minor increase for the fund. The largest variance among revenues between final budget amounts and actual revenues were in State Shared Taxes and Permits. This increase is due to an increase in Local Government/State Undivided funds. When comparing the 2021 budgeted expenses to actual, the variances are a small percentage of what was budgeted and can be attributed to ordinary contingencies budgeted on a regular basis. The General Fund had an adequate fund balance to cover expenditures.

Capital Improvement Fund – The City's Capital Improvement Fund revenues increased by \$149,307 compared to 2020. The increase is not significant.

2021	2020	Increase
Revenues	Revenues	(Decrease)
\$ 1,525,608	\$ 1,473,555	\$ 52,053
104,899	55,064	49,835
1,446,395	1,455,161	(8,766)
231,325	175,140	56,185
\$ 3,308,227	\$ 3,158,920	\$ 149,307
	Revenues \$ 1,525,608 104,899 1,446,395 231,325	Revenues Revenues \$ 1,525,608 \$ 1,473,555 104,899 55,064 1,446,395 1,455,161 231,325 175,140

Capital improvement fund expenditures decreased by \$975,267 in 2021. The major factor was completion of the Innovation Drive and Roundabout projects in 2020. The capital projects undertaken in 2021 were not equivalent in cost to the prior year.

	2021	2020	Increase
	Expenditures	Expenditures	(Decrease)
General Government	\$ 1,648	\$ 5,282	\$(3,634)
Capital Outlay	1,865,092	2,837,127	(972,035)
Debt Service:			
Principal retirement	416,917	412,859	4,058
Interest & Fiscal Charges	38,902	42,558	(3,656)
	\$ 2,322,559	\$ 3,297,826	\$(975,267)

The primary funding sources for the capital improvements fund is income tax revenue. In better rate environments, interest earnings are another significant source of revenue for the fund.

Enterprise Funds – The City's enterprise funds reported a net position balance of \$36,360,274, which is an increase from last year's balance of \$33,445,075. The schedule below indicates the net position balance and the total change in net position by activity as of December 31 in 2021 and 2020. The change in net position in the Enterprise funds was an increase of 8.72%.

	Net Position Balance December 31, 2021	Net Position Balance December 31, 2020	Increase (Decrease)
Water	\$ 12,069,097	\$ 11,304,891	\$ 764,206
Sewer	14,516,194	13,061,055	1,455,139
Sanitation	747,373	551,585	195,788
Storm Sewer	7,725,340	7,206,809	518,531
Other Enterprise	1,302,270	1,320,735	(18,465)
Total	\$ 36,360,274	\$ 33,445,075	\$ 2,915,199

Water and sewer operating and non-operating revenues and expenditures are shown below:

	Water			Sewer	
		Increase			Increase
2021	2020	(Decrease)	2021	2020	(Decrease)
\$ 3,590,561	\$ 3,786,476	\$(195,915)	\$ 4,922,502	\$ 5,082,285	\$(159,783)
2,474,199	3,464,108	(989,909)	3,327,416	4,153,207	(825,791)
(550,062)	270,253	(820,315)	(580,131)	261,773	(841,904)
\$ 566,300	\$ 592,621	\$(26,321)	\$ 1,014,955	\$ 1,190,851	\$(175,896)
	\$ 3,590,561 2,474,199 (550,062)	2021 2020 \$ 3,590,561 \$ 3,786,476 2,474,199 3,464,108 (550,062) 270,253	2021 2020 Increase (Decrease) \$ 3,590,561 \$ 3,786,476 \$(195,915) 2,474,199 3,464,108 (989,909) (550,062) 270,253 (820,315)	2021 2020 (Decrease) 2021 \$ 3,590,561 \$ 3,786,476 \$ (195,915) \$ 4,922,502 2,474,199 3,464,108 (989,909) 3,327,416 (550,062) 270,253 (820,315) (580,131)	2021 2020 (Decrease) 2021 2020 \$ 3,590,561 \$ 3,786,476 \$ (195,915) \$ 4,922,502 \$ 5,082,285 2,474,199 3,464,108 (989,909) 3,327,416 4,153,207 (550,062) 270,253 (820,315) (580,131) 261,773

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The City's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances.

During the year there was a \$130,774 increase in appropriations between the original and final amended budget, for various operating costs, primarily professional and contractual services. The largest variance between the actual and final budget was related to a decrease of \$1,754,692 in transfers out. The additional funds needed to offset public safety expenses was less than that which is normally required. A larger transfer is typically made from the general fund to the Police and Fire Fund to support these functions. The balance in the Police & Fire Fund was improved because of CARES act dollars that offset public safety expenses in the prior year. Transfers were made from the General Fund to several other funds to cover operating costs. The most significant transfer was to the Police and Fire Fund in an amount that equaled \$4.0 million and an additional \$489,143 to the Police and Fire Capital Fund. Transfers were also made to the Probation Services, Victim Witness, and Parking Funds to cover operating costs.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2021, the City had \$89,279,887 net of accumulated depreciation invested in land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure. Of this total, \$56,107,376 was related to governmental activities, and \$33,172,511 was related to business-type activities. The following table shows fiscal year 2021 and 2020 balances:

	Govern	Increase	
_	Activ	rities	(Decrease)
	2021	2020	
Land	\$ 16,879,695	\$ 16,445,808	\$ 433,887
Land Improvements	4,844,204	4,768,274	75,930
Buildings and Improvements	19,636,827	16,292,552	3,344,275
Machinery and Equipment	13,805,958	13,005,073	800,885
Infrastructure	27,067,586	25,123,612	1,943,974
Construction In Progress	2,419,278	1,658,315	760,963
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(28,546,172)	(26,807,180)	(1,738,992)
Total	\$ 56,107,376	\$ 50,486,454	\$ 5,620,922

	Busines Activ	Increase (Decrease)	
	2021	2020	
Land	\$ 791,330	\$ 791,330	\$ 0
Land Improvements	1,017,482	984,235	33,247
Buildings and Improvements	11,113,649	11,113,649	0
Machinery and Equipment	68,849,333	63,011,826	5,837,507
Construction In Progress	2,154,436	7,811,889	(5,657,453)
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(50,753,719)	(49,862,302)	(891,417)
Total	\$ 33,172,511	\$ 33,850,627	\$(678,116)

There was an increase in governmental activities' capital assets. The increase in 2021 can be attributed to the purchase of buildings in the Xenia Towne Square, road improvements, and the dedication of new subdivisions. There was slight decrease in the overall asset value in Business-type activities due to the disposal of meter's across the City that had not been fully depreciated.

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 8.

Debt

At December 31, 2021 the City had \$7,446,130 in bonds outstanding, \$603,732 due within one year. The following table summarizes the City's debt outstanding as of December 31 in 2021 and 2020:

	2021	2020
Governmental Activities:		
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 7,446,130	\$ 8,153,047
Original Issue Premium	297,171	313,680
Capital Leases Payable	0	20,215
Local Government Innovation Fund	120,000	160,000
Special Obligation Notes	3,350,000	0
Compensated Absences	2,147,602	2,018,946
Net Pension Liability	25,163,792	26,033,520
Net OPEB Liability	3,196,726	7,150,241
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 41,721,421	\$ 43,849,649
Business-Type Activities:		
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 0	\$ 13,222
Landfill Liability	1,207,557	1,272,921
Compensated Absences	886,268	808,072
Capital Leases Payable	5,362,490	6,070,164
Loans Payable	1,871,616	2,037,301
Net Pension Liability	3,644,318	4,764,342
Net OPEB Liability	15,300	3,324,646
Total Business-Type Activities	\$ 12,987,549	\$ 18,290,668

Under current State statutes, the City's general obligation bonded debt issues are subject to a legal limitation based on 10.5% of the total assessed value of real and personal property. At December 31, 2021, the City's outstanding debt was below the legal limit. For more detailed information on long-term debt activity, see Note 11.

ECONOMIC FACTORS

The local economy in Xenia bounced back from the pandemic quite quickly in 2021. The national unemployment rate at the end of 2021 was 3.7%. The State had an unemployment rate of 3.6%, the County 2.9%, and the City of Xenia 3.6%, which was an decrease from 5.4% in 2020. One area of concern for management is that there continues to be far too many households with little or no taxable income within the community. There are a very high percentage of households in the City that have a taxable income of less than \$20,000 and small percentage that exceed \$75,000. The median household income in Xenia is \$46,202. Despite some demographic issues that result in lower median household incomes there are some very positive signs here locally. There are four new housing subdivisions scheduled for buildout in the next year or so. These new homes have higher values than the average housing stock in the City thereby increasing the median value of housing units which is currently \$108,800. The City is also seeing a lot of investment on progress drive, one of the City's more active commercial areas. Significant investment is expected in 2022. The redevelopment of the Xenia Towne Square is another huge project which will have a very significant impact on the local economy.

Economic development and job creation continues to be a top priority for Council and City Management. The City is hopeful that an increased focus and investment in economic development will result in job creation and opportunity for City residents and businesses.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Ryan Duke, Finance Director of Xenia City.

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Email: rduke@ci.xenia.oh.us

Phone: (937) 376-7235 Fax: (937) 347-1606

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Primary (
	Governmental	Business-Type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
Assets:	¢ 2010 061	¢ 5 201 545	¢ 0.240.400
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,948,864	\$ 5,391,545	\$ 9,340,409
Cash With Fiscal Agent	7.616.050	28,312	28,312
Investments Receivables:	7,616,050	10,592,647	18,208,697
	5 940 124	0	5,840,134
Taxes, including interest, penalties and liens	5,840,134	0	, ,
Intergovernmental Accounts	2,200,431 1,073,571		2,200,431
	, ,	1,432,293 115,331	2,505,864
Special assessments, including liens	1,092,274		1,207,605
Loans		770,281	770,281
Accrued interest	14,432	21,147	35,579
Grants	316,110	0	316,110
Allowance for uncollectible accounts	(1,265,544)	(6,633)	(1,272,177)
Interfund balances	(108,519)	108,519	0
Inventories	153,627	240,855	394,482
Prepaid items	271,104	77,258	348,362
Net OPEB Asset	533,050	432,203	965,253
Capital Assets Not being depreciated	19,298,973	2,945,766	22,244,739
Capital Assets, net of accumulated depreciation	36,808,403	30,226,745	67,035,148
Total Assets	77,792,960	52,376,269	130,169,229
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Pension	3,915,333	534,835	4,450,168
OPEB	2,171,260	239,415	2,410,675
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	6,086,593	774,250	6,860,843
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	295,464	330,993	626,457
Claims payable	244,741	0	244,741
Accrued payroll	779,289	214,916	994,205
Accrued interest payable	24,719	113,238	137,957
Unearned Revenue	1,411,363	0	1,411,363
Long-term liabilities:			
Amounts due within one year	915,861	1,406,741	2,322,602
Amounts due in more than one year	12,445,042	7,921,190	20,366,232
Net Pension Liability	25,163,792	3,644,318	28,808,110
Net OPEB Liability	3,196,726	15,300	3,212,026
Total Liabilities	44,476,997	13,646,696	58,123,693
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Pension	4,454,829	1,588,828	6,043,657
OPEB	3,183,527	1,352,424	4,535,951
Property Taxes Levied for the Next Fiscal Year	1,681,817	0	1,681,817
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	9,320,173	2,941,252	12,261,425

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Primary Government					
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total			
Net Position:						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	48,244,075	25,938,405	74,182,480			
Restricted For:						
Capital Projects	3,511,158	0	3,511,158			
Debt Service	15,997	0	15,997			
General government programs	381,720	0	381,720			
Safety programs	2,542,177	0	2,542,177			
Street construction/maintenance	2,238,327	0	2,238,327			
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(26,851,071)	10,624,166	(16,226,905)			
Total Net Position	\$ 30,082,383	\$ 36,562,571	\$ 66,644,954			

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

				Pro	gram Revenues						(Expense) Revent hanges in Net Pos				
	Expenses		Expenses		Charges for Services and Sales		rvices and Operating Grants				Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total
Primary Government: Governmental Activities: Current:															
General government	\$ 3,458,344	\$	1,911,691	\$	230,708	\$	1,162,048	\$	(153,897)	\$	0	\$	(153,897)		
Public safety	15,783,245		3,312,895		399,078		75,334		(11,995,938)		0		(11,995,938)		
Highways and streets	2,032,179		48,733		0		1,618,763		(364,683)		0		(364,683)		
Urban Redevelopment & Housing	86,745		0		0		0		(86,745)		0		(86,745)		
Economic Development & Assistance	475,901		377,625		0		0		(98,276)		0		(98,276)		
Recreation	523,720		30,244		0		0		(493,476)		0		(493,476)		
Debt Service:															
Interest on long-term debt	246,358		0		0	_	0	_	(246,358)	_	0	_	(246,358)		
Total Governmental Activities	22,606,492	_	5,681,188		629,786	_	2,856,145	_	(13,439,373)	_	0		(13,439,373)		
Business-Type Activities:															
Water	3,091,818		3,666,344		0		278,505		0		853,031		853,031		
Sewer	3,960,891		4,987,193		0		517,120		0		1,543,422		1,543,422		
Sanitation	2,027,027		2,262,425		0		0		0		235,398		235,398		
Storm Sewer	281,523		346,274		0		461,090		0		525,841		525,841		
Loan	510		7,208		0		0		0		6,698		6,698		
Parking Revenue	14,870		28,126		0		0		0		13,256		13,256		
CDBG and UDAG Revolving Loan	66		0		0		0		0		(66)		(66)		
Housing Rehabilitation Loan	54,644		0		0	_	1,870	_	0	_	(52,774)	_	(52,774)		
Total Business-Type Activities	9,431,349		11,297,570		0	_	1,258,585	_	0	_	3,124,806		3,124,806		
Total primary government	\$ 32,037,841	\$	16,978,758	\$	629,786	\$	4,114,730	\$	(13,439,373)	\$	3,124,806	\$	(10,314,567)		
	General Revenues	s:													
	Income taxes							\$	13,628,181	\$	0	\$	13,628,181		
	Other local taxes								104,899		0		104,899		
	Property taxes								1,679,662		0		1,679,662		
	Motor vehicle an								2,001,297		0		2,001,297		
	Intergovernmenta		restricted						1,285,663		0		1,285,663		
	Investment earning	ıgs							36,583		0		36,583		
	Transfers							_	168,180	_	(168,180)	_	0		
	Total General Reve	enues	and Transfers						18,904,465	_	(168,180)	_	18,736,285		
	Change in Net Pos	ition							5,465,092		2,956,626		8,421,718		
	Net Position Begin	ning	of Year					_	24,617,291	_	33,605,945	_	58,223,236		
	Net Position End o	f Yea	ar					\$	30,082,383	\$	36,562,571	\$	66,644,954		



BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

		General	State Gas and Vehicle License		Police & Fire Fund
Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,137,113	\$ 117,332	\$	474,138
Investments		2,091,881	230,518		931,549
Receivables:					
Taxes, including interest, penalties and liens		3,325,890	0		2,043,668
Intergovernmental		523,237	794,470		16,360
Accounts		11,611	0		872,108
Special assessments, including liens		1,092,274	0		0
Accrued interest		0	425		2,747
Grants		0	0		5,541
Allowance for uncollectible accounts		(957,361)	0		(308,183)
Interfund Receivable		642,019	0		0
Inventories		15,193	78,718		0
Prepaid items		37,706	4,749		85,699
•	-		 	-	
Total Assets	\$	7,919,563	\$ 1,226,212	\$	4,123,627
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$	71,639	\$ 9,689	\$	96,430
Accrued payroll		103,101	37,925		705,509
Unearned Revenue		0	0		0
Interfund payable		0	0		0
			 	-	
Total Liabilities		174,740	 47,614		801,939
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Property Taxes Levied for the Next Fiscal Year		1,470,592	0		211,225
Delinquent Property Tax Revenue Unavailable		24,961	0		2,106
Unavailable Revenue - Other		1,492,570	 509,998		1,190,329
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		2,988,123	 509,998		1,403,660
Fund Balances:					
Nonspendable Fund Balance					
Inventories		15,193	78,718		0
Prepaid items		37,706	4,749		85,699
Restricted Fund Balance		0	585,133		1,832,329
Committed Fund Balance		0	0		0
Assigned Fund Balance		721,051	0		0
Unassigned Fund Balance		3,982,750	 0		0
Total Fund Balances		4,756,700	 668,600		1,918,028
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Fund Balances	\$	7,919,563	\$ 1,226,212	\$	4,123,627

	Capital Improvements	Local Fiscal Recovery Fund	Towne Square Redevelopment Fund		Bond Retirement Fund 2021		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
\$	626,994 1,231,827	\$ 474,890 933,000	\$ 45,377 89,150	\$	609 1,198	\$	870,395 1,710,042	\$	3,746,848 7,219,165
	470,576 0 0 0 7,665 48,998 0 8,901 0 2,011	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		0 866,364 123,894 0 3,280 261,571 0 0		5,840,134 2,200,431 1,007,613 1,092,274 14,117 316,110 (1,265,544) 650,920 93,911 146,032
\$	2,396,972	\$ 1,407,890	\$ 134,527	\$	1,807	\$	3,851,413	\$	21,062,011
\$	21,736 0 0 0 21,736	\$ 0 0 1,411,363 0 1,411,363	\$ 22,402 0 0 0 22,402	\$	0 0 0 0 0	\$	33,465 43,818 0 142,019 219,302	\$	255,361 890,353 1,411,363 142,019 2,699,096
	0 0 280,533 280,533	 0 0 0 0	 0 0 0 0	_	0 0 0 0		0 0 1,106,529 1,106,529		1,681,817 27,067 4,579,959 6,288,843
	0 2,011 2,092,692 0 0	 0 0 0 0 0 (3,473)	 0 0 112,125 0 0		0 0 1,807 0 0		0 15,867 2,311,722 197,993 0		93,911 146,032 6,935,808 197,993 721,051 3,979,277
<u> </u>	2,094,703 2,396,972	\$ (3,473) 1,407,890	\$ 112,125 134,527	\$	1,807 1,807	<u> </u>	2,525,582 3,851,413	<u> </u>	12,074,072 21,062,011

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES December 31, 2021

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$ 12,074,072
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital Assets used in governmental activities are not resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	55,618,306
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are reported as deferred in the funds.	
Delinquent Income Tax Revenue Shared Revenues Delinquent Property Tax Revenue Grant Revenues EMS Revenue Special Assessment Revenue Miscellaneous Revenue	2,265,042 1,690,289 27,067 229,723 166,630 134,913 93,361 4,607,025
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	
General Obligation Bonds Payable Direct Placements General Obligation Bonds Payable Public Offerings Accrued Interest on Long-Term Debt Special Obligation Notes Loans Payable Compensated Absences Payable- Government Activities Net Pension Liability Net OPEB Liability/Asset	(1,441,130) (6,302,171) (24,719) (3,350,000) (120,000) (1,991,086) (25,039,214) (2,678,861) (40,947,181)
Deferred Outflows and Inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds	
Deferred Outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred Outflows of resources related to OPEB Deferred Inflows of resources related to pensions Deferred Inflows of resources related to OPEB	3,897,072 2,163,159 (4,399,458) (3,136,265) (1,475,492)
The Internal Service Fund is used by management to charge the costs of various activities to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund is included in governmental activities in the statement of net position. These balances are recorded in the governmental activities activities.	
City Garage Internal Service Fund Information Technology Internal Service Fund Self Insurance Internal Service Fund	126,386 357,569 (278,302) 205,653
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 30,082,383



STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

		General	_	State Gas and Vehicle License		Police & Fire Fund
Revenues:						
Municipal income tax	\$	6,191,178	\$	0	\$	6,102,434
Other local taxes	*	1,439,679	•	0	•	234,174
State shared taxes and permits		1,174,961		1,468,355		32,719
Intergovernmental grants		0		0		229,585
Charges for services		150,465		1,030		2,448,824
Fines, costs, forfeitures, licenses and permits		872,931		0		0
Miscellaneous receipts and reimbursements,		0,-,,,,		•		•
including interest		381,694		15,460		462,142
Total Revenue		10,210,908	_	1,484,845		9,509,878
Expenditures:				, ,		
Current:						
General government		3,322,764		5,403		43,529
Public safety		150,773		0,403		15,215,638
Highways and streets		240,579		1,218,130		0
Urban redevelopment & Housing		77,665		0		0
Economic Development & Assistance		121,098		0		0
Recreation		299,175		0		0
Capital outlay		0		200,000		0
Debt service:		v		200,000		v
Principal retirement		0		0		0
Interest & fiscal charges		0		0		0
Total Expenditures		4,212,054		1,423,533		15,259,167
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures		5,998,854		61,312		(5,749,289)
•		3,270,034		01,312		(3,747,207)
Other financing sources (uses):						
Issuance of Debt from Special Obligation Notes		0		0		0
Transfers in		119,037		0		4,000,000
Transfers out		(4,859,143)		0		0
Total other financing sources (uses)		(4,740,106)	_	0		4,000,000
Net change in fund balances		1,258,748		61,312		(1,749,289)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		3,495,047		597,879		3,667,317
Increase (decrease) in inventory reserve		2,905		9,409		0
Fund Balances End of Year	\$	4,756,700	\$	668,600	\$	1,918,028

_	Capital Improvements	 Local Fiscal Recovery Fund		Towne Square Redevelopment Fund		Bond Retirement Fund 2021	_	Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
\$	1,525,608	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	13,819,220
	104,899	0		0		0		0		1,778,752
	0	0		0		0		294,920		2,970,955
	1,446,395	0		0		0		501,380		2,177,360
	0	0		0		0		8,711		2,609,030
	0	0		0		0		376,605		1,249,536
	231,325	 (3,473)	_	377,293	_	1,807		133,353		1,599,601
	3,308,227	 (3,473)		377,293		1,807		1,314,969		26,204,454
	1,648	0		0		0		821,630		4,194,974
	0	0		0		0		163,003		15,529,414
	0	0		0		0		79,002		1,537,711
	0	0		0		0		33,878		111,543
	0	0		265,168		0		140,836		527,102
	0	0		0		0		0		299,175
	1,865,092	0		0		3,350,000		1,454,685		6,869,777
	416,917	0		0		0		350,215		767,132
	38,902	 0		0		0		226,177		265,079
	2,322,559	 0	_	265,168		3,350,000		3,269,426		30,101,907
	985,668	(3,473)		112,125		(3,348,193)		(1,954,457)		(3,897,453)
	0	0		0		3,350,000		0		3,350,000
	0	0		0		0,550,000		1,360,143		5,479,180
	(332,820)	 0		0		0		(119,037)	_	(5,311,000)
	(332,820)	 0		0		3,350,000		1,241,106		3,518,180
	652,848	(3,473)		112,125		1,807		(713,351)		(379,273)
	1,441,855	0		0		0		3,238,933		12,441,031
	0	 0		0		0		0		12,314
\$	2,094,703	\$ (3,473)	\$	112,125	\$	1,807	\$	2,525,582	\$	12,074,072

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

(379,273)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation.

Capital Assets used in Governmental Activities	7,853,840
Depreciation Expense	(2,124,572)
	5 729 268

Governmental funds only report the disposal of assets to the extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the statement of activities, a gain or loss is reported for each disposal. This is the amount of the loss on the disposal of capital assets net of proceeds received.

(168,241)

Revenues and transfers in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.

Income Tax Revenue	(191,038)
State Shared Revenue	316,005
Delinquent Property Taxes	5,809
Special Assessment Revenue	62,742
EMS Revenue	106,614
Intergovernmental Grant	169,493
Miscellaneous Revenue	(29,801)
	439 824

Governmental funds report City pension and OPEB contributions as expenditures. However in the Statement of Activites, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension and OPEB expense.

City Pension Contributions	2,271,347
Cost of Benefits earned net of employee pension contributions	(2,464,291)
City OPEB Contributions	39,157
Cost of Benefits earned net of employee OPEB contributions	2,835,190
	2,681,403

Principal and Premium Payments are recognized as an expenditure in the governmental funds but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.

783,641

The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of pincipal of long-term consumes current financial resources of governmental funds, however neither has any effect on net position.

(3,350,000)

In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.

2,209

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.

Compensated Absences Payable	(236,511)
Supplies Inventory	12,314
	(224 107)

The Internal Service Fund is used to charge the cost of services (e.g. insurance) to individual funds and is not included in the statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the City's Internal Service Fund is allocated among the governmental activities.

Garage Internal Service Fund	78,545
Information Technology Internal Service Fund	92,261
Insurance Internal Service Fund	(220,348)
	(49,542)

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

5,465,092



STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

n.	Oı	riginal Budget		Final Budget	 Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	•		Φ.			Φ.	(50.01.0)
Municipal Income Taxes	\$	6,310,862	\$	6,310,862	\$ 6,260,646	\$	(50,216)
Other Local Taxes		1,384,135		1,384,135	1,439,679		55,544
State Shared Taxes and Permits		982,089		982,089	1,252,944		270,855
Charges for Services		104,600		104,600	150,465		45,865
Fines, Costs, Forfeitures, Licenses and Permits		1,006,650		1,006,650	874,290		(132,360)
Miscellaneous Receipts and Reimbursements,		252 (0)		252 (0)	27.20.		2 = 0.0
Including Interest		373,686	_	373,686	 376,386		2,700
Total Revenues		10,162,022	_	10,162,022	 10,354,410		192,388
Expenditures:							
General Government		4,098,417		4,211,477	3,599,144		612,333
Public Safety		213,905		213,905	176,112		37,793
Highways and Streets		286,451		286,451	248,821		37,630
Urban Redevelopment and Housing		109,101		109,101	81,452		27,649
Economic Development & Assistance		145,338		145,338	126,212		19,126
Recreation		348,599		366,313	300,228		66,085
Total Expenditures		5,201,811	_	5,332,585	4,531,969	_	800,616
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures		4,960,211		4,829,437	5,822,441		993,004
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers in		0		0	119,037		119,037
Transfers Out		(6,613,835)		(6,613,835)	(4,859,143)		1,754,692
Advances In		1,053,000		1,053,000	0		(1,053,000)
Advances Out		(1,053,000)		(1,062,019)	 (642,019)		420,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(6,613,835)		(6,622,854)	 (5,382,125)		1,240,729
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,653,624)		(1,793,417)	440,316		2,233,733
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		1,876,138		1,876,138	1,876,138		0
Prior Year Encumbrances		422,512		422,512	 422,512	_	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	645,026	\$	505,233	\$ 2,738,966	\$	2,233,733

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) STATE GAS AND VEHICLE LICENSE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
State Shared Taxes and Permits	\$ 1,520,763	\$ 1,520,763	\$ 1,456,864	\$ (63,899)
Charges for Services	1,000	1,000	1,030	30
Miscellaneous Receipts and Reimbursements,				
Including Interest	17,200	17,200	20,008	2,808
Total Revenues	1,538,963	1,538,963	1,477,902	(61,061)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	14,107	14,107	5,403	8,704
Highways and streets	1,609,884	1,609,884	1,310,711	299,173
Capital outlay	200,000	200,000	200,000	0
Total Expenditures	1,823,991	1,823,991	1,516,114	307,877
Net Change in Fund Balance	(285,028)	(285,028)	(38,212)	246,816
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	139,510	139,510	139,510	0
Prior Year Encumbrances	149,353	149,353	149,353	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 3,835	\$ 3,835	\$ 250,651	\$ 246,816

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) POLICE & FIRE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

							Variance with Final Budget
							Positive
	O	riginal Budget		Final Budget	 Actual		(Negative)
Revenues:							
Municipal Income Taxes	\$	6,313,281	\$	6,313,281	\$ 6,171,902	\$	(141,379)
Other Local Taxes		200,000		200,000	234,174		34,174
State Shared Taxes and Permits		27,000		27,000	32,719		5,719
Intergovernmental Grants		110,000		110,000	234,708		124,708
Charges for Services		2,363,732		2,363,732	2,580,279		216,547
Fines, Costs, Forfeitures, Licenses and Permits		7,400		7,400	100		(7,300)
Miscellaneous Receipts and Reimbursements,							
Including Interest		376,935		376,935	 494,472		117,537
Total Revenues		9,398,348	_	9,398,348	 9,748,354	_	350,006
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government		74,813		74,813	67,234		7,579
Public safety		16,515,460		16,503,060	15,491,707		1,011,353
Capital outlay		500		500	 0		500
Total Expenditures		16,590,773		16,578,373	 15,558,941		1,019,432
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures		(7,192,425)		(7,180,025)	(5,810,587)		1,369,438
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers in		5,500,000		5,500,000	 4,000,000		(1,500,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		5,500,000	_	5,500,000	 4,000,000	_	(1,500,000)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,692,425)		(1,680,025)	(1,810,587)		(130,562)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		2,550,562		2,550,562	2,550,562		0
Prior Year Encumbrances		227,508		227,508	 227,508		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	1,085,645	\$	1,098,045	\$ 967,483	\$	(130,562)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) LOCAL FISCAL RECOVERY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Origi	nal Budget	 Final Budget	 Actual	 Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental Grants	\$	0	\$ 1,411,363	\$ 1,411,363	\$ 0
Total Revenues		0	 1,411,363	 1,411,363	 0
Net Change in Fund Balance		0	1,411,363	1,411,363	0
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		0	0	0	0
Prior Year Encumbrances		0	0	0	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	0	\$ 1,411,363	\$ 1,411,363	\$ 0

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) TOWNE SQUARE REDEVELOPMENT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Original Budge	t_Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Miscellaneous Receipts and Reimbursements,				
Including Interest	\$ 475,00	\$ 475,000	\$ 377,625	\$ (97,375)
Total Revenues	475,000	475,000	377,625	(97,375)
Expenditures:				
Economic Development & Assistance	239,250	389,250	369,149	20,101
Total Expenditures	239,250	389,250	369,149	20,101
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	235,750	85,750	8,476	(77,274)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers in	30,000	,	0	(30,000)
Transfers out	(247,000	(97,000)	0	97,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(217,000	(67,000)	0	67,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	18,75	18,750	8,476	(10,274)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	(0	0	0
Prior Year Encumbrances		<u>, </u>	0	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 18,750	\$ 18,750	\$ 8,476	\$ (10,274)



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Business-type activities - Enterprise Funds					
	Water		Sewer		Sanitation	
Assets:						
Current Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,004	,899 \$	2,420,796	\$	598,195	
Cash With Fiscal Agent	14	,156	14,156		0	
Investments	3,938	,988	4,756,073		1,175,254	
Receivables:						
Accounts	416	,642	850,279		47,230	
Special assessments, including liens	29	,959	68,432		13,953	
Loans		0	0		0	
Accrued interest	8	,143	9,235		2,420	
Allowance for uncollectible accounts	(1	,965)	(4,008)		(408)	
Inventories	220	,605	20,250		0	
Prepaid items	38	,520	20,586		3,208	
Total Current Assets	6,669	,947	8,155,799		1,839,852	
Noncurrent Assets:						
Loans receivable		0	0		0	
Net OPEB Asset	178	,806	193,101		39,799	
Capital Assets not being depreciated	1,618	,392	598,129		631,435	
Capital Assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	10,066	,424	12,619,317		216,275	
Total Noncurrent Assets	11,863	,622	13,410,547		887,509	
Total Assets	18,533	,569	21,566,346		2,727,361	
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Pension	222	,558	239,755		47,869	
OPEB		,810	107,439		21,233	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	322	,368	347,194		69,102	

5	Storm Sewer	Other Enterpris			Total Enterprise Funds		Internal Service Funds
			1 41145		T WHOS		
\$	207,592	\$	134,284	\$	5,365,766	\$	227,795
	0		0		28,312		0
	407,864		263,824		10,542,003		447,529
	72,400		38,109		1,424,660		73,591
	2,987		0		115,331		0
	0		101,460		101,460		0
	826		523		21,147		315
	(83)		(169)		(6,633)		0
	0		0		240,855		59,716
	1,039		403		63,756		138,574
	692,625		538,434		17,896,657		947,520
	0		668,821		668,821		0
	15,915		4,582		432,203		15,185
	0		97,810		2,945,766		210,487
	7,258,683		60,099		30,220,798		284,530
	7,274,598		831,312		34,267,588		510,202
	7,967,223		1,369,746	_	52,164,245	_	1,457,722
	19,142		5,511		534,835		18,261
	8,490		2,443		239,415		8,101
	27,632		7,954		774,250		26,362

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Business-type activities - Enterprise Funds						
		Water		Sewer		Sanitation	
Liabilities:							
Current Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	58,090	\$	112,679	\$	146,292	
Claims payable		0		0		0	
Accrued payroll		88,180		98,315		19,385	
Interfund payable		0		0		0	
Loan payable		0		170,782		0	
Accrued interest payable		59,851		53,387		0	
Compensated absences		31,714		33,984		7,625	
Capital lease payable - Current		462,886		265,171		0	
Landfill liability - Current		0		0		432,065	
Total Current Liabilities		700,721		734,318		605,367	
Noncurrent Liabilities:							
Compensated Absences - Non Current		341,951		373,266		72,704	
Capital lease payable		3,001,800		1,632,633		0	
Loans payable		0		1,700,834		0	
Landfill liability - Non Current		0		0		775,492	
Net Pension Liability		1,516,171		1,633,467		326,526	
Net OPEB Liability		7,649		7,651		0	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		4,867,571		5,347,851		1,174,722	
Total Liabilities		5,568,292		6,082,169		1,780,089	
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Pension		658,417		710,548		145,127	
OPEB		560,131		604,629		123,874	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		1,218,548		1,315,177		269,001	
Net Position:							
Net Investment in Capital Assets		8,220,130		9,448,026		847,710	
Unrestricted		3,848,967		5,068,168		(100,337)	
Total Net Position	\$	12,069,097	\$	14,516,194	\$	747,373	

Adjustments to consolidate Utility Billing Internal Service Fund to Net Position

Adjustment to consolidate the allocated portion of the City Garage Internal Service Fund to Net Position

Adjustment to consolidate the allocated portion of the Information Technology Internal Service Fund to Net Position

Adjustment to consolidate the allocated portion of the Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund to Net Position

Total Net Position per the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position

Storm Sewer		ther Enterprise Funds		Total Enterprise Funds		nternal Service Funds
\$ 3,593	\$	612	\$	321,266	\$	49,831
0		0		0		244,741
7,313		1,723		214,916		7,785
0		0		0		508,901
0		0		170,782		0
0		0		113,238		0
2,207		307		75,837		3,428
0		0		728,057		0
0		0	_	432,065		0
13,113		2,642		2,056,161		814,686
18,270		4,240		810,431		34,239
0		0		4,634,433		0
0		0		1,700,834		0
0		0		775,492		0
130,566		37,588		3,644,318		124,578
0		0		15,300		0
148,836		41,828		11,580,808		158,817
161,949		44,470		13,636,969		973,503
58,033		16,703		1,588,828		55,371
49,533		14,257		1,352,424		47,262
107,566		30,960		2,941,252		102,633
7,258,683		157,909		25,932,458		495,016
466,657		1,144,361		10,427,816		(87,068)
\$ 7,725,340	\$	1,302,270	\$	36,360,274	\$	407,948

93,778

58,069

146,661

(96,211)

\$ 36,562,571

CITY OF XENIA, OHIO

$STATEMENT\ OF\ REVENUES,\ EXPENSES\ AND\ CHANGES\ IN\ FUND\ NET\ POSITION\ PROPRIETARY\ FUNDS$

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Business-type activities - Enterprise Funds					
Water Sewer Sewe	Sanitation					
Operating revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 3,590,	561 \$	4,922,502	\$	2,123,499	
Operating expenses:						
Personnel services	1,030,	454	1,124,526		232,851	
General operating	10,	071	7,363		0	
Claims		0	0		0	
Contractual services	649,	842	1,094,500		1,758,624	
Materials and supplies	81,	390	205,558		2,926	
Depreciation	702,	442	895,469		46,580	
Non-governmental		0	0		0	
Total expenses	2,474,	199	3,327,416		2,040,981	
Operating income (loss)	1,116,	362	1,595,086		82,518	
Non-operating revenues (expenses)						
Interest revenue	(25,3	570)	(24,561)		(7,420)	
Other	101,	353	89,252		146,346	
Interest expense	(144,	570)	(156,333)		(11)	
Loss on disposal	(481,2	275)	(488,489)		0	
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	(550,0	062)	(580,131)		138,915	
Income (loss) before transfers and contributions	566,	300	1,014,955		221,433	
Transfers In	,				0	
Transfers Out	(80,	599)	(76,936)		(25,645)	
Capital Contributions	278,	505	517,120		0	
Change in Net Position	764,	206	1,455,139		195,788	
Net Position, beginning of year	11,304,	891	13,061,055		551,585	
Net Position, end of year	\$ 12,069,0	097 \$	14,516,194	\$	747,373	

Change in Net Position – total enterprise funds

Adjustments to consolidate Utility Billing Internal Service Fund activities

Adjustments to consolidate allocated portion of the City Garage Internal Service Fund activities

Adjustments to consolidate allocated portion of the Information Technology Internal Service Fund activities

Adjustments to consolidate allocated portion of the Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund activities

Total Change in Net Position of Business-Type Activities

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

 Storm Sewer		Other Enterprise Funds		Total Enterprise Funds		Internal Service Funds
\$ 342,156	\$	35,735	\$	11,014,453	\$	4,556,652
62,823		3,813		2,454,467		117,521
0		0		17,434		11,223
0		0		0		2,444,921
0		15,812		3,518,778		1,308,221
21,157		0		311,031		638,888
204,229		5,464		1,854,184		83,948
0		45,224		45,224		0
288,209		70,313		8,201,118		4,604,722
53,947		(34,578)		2,813,335		(48,070)
(2,318)		(1,398)		(61,267)		(4,269)
6,436		641		344,028		44,223
(11)		0		(300,925)		0
(613)		0		(970,377)		0
3,494		(757)		(988,541)		39,954
57,441		(35,335)		1,824,794		(8,116)
0		15,000		15,000		0
0		0		(183,180)		0
461,090		1,870		1,258,585		0
518,531		(18,465)		2,915,199		(8,116)
7,206,809		1,320,735	_	33,445,075		416,064
\$ 7,725,340	\$	1,302,270	\$	36,360,274	\$	407,948

2,915,199

12,941

33,733

71,582

(76,829)

\$ 2,956,626

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Business-Type	e Activities - Ente	rprise Funds
	Water	Sewer	Sanitation
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:			_
Cash Received from Customers	\$ 3,679,600	\$ 4,988,035	\$ 2,087,518
Cash Received from Other Sources	101,353	89,252	146,346
Cash Payments for Goods and Services	(1,081,245)	(1,257,612)	(1,817,277)
Cash Payments to Employees	(2,178,082)	(2,319,948)	(475,005)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	521,626	1,499,727	(58,418)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:			
Transfers in From Other Funds	0	0	0
Transfers Out to Other Funds	(80,599)	(76,936)	(25,645)
Cash used in repayment of interfund loans) O	Ó	Ó
Cash received from interfund loans	0	0	0
Net Cash Provided (Used) by			
Noncapital Financing Activities	(80,599)	(76,936)	(25,645)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:			
Acquisition and Construction of Assets	(218,977)	(390,743)	0
Capital Contributions	Ó	Ó	0
Loss on Disposal of Assets	0	0	0
Intergovernmental Grants	0	0	0
Principal Paid on Loans	0	(165,685)	0
Principal Paid on Bonds	(5,995)	(5,995)	(614)
Interest Paid on All Debt	(99,249)	(106,273)	(13)
Capital Lease Payment	(449,781)	(257,894)	0
Capital Lease Intitiation	0	0	0
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and			
Related Financing Activities	(774,002)	(926,590)	(627)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:			
Sale of Investments	0	0	0
Purchase of Investments	(186,492)	(763,610)	(64,667)
Receipts of Interest	(27,000)	(26,325)	(7,554)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	(213,492)	(789,935)	(72,221)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(546,467)	(293,734)	(156,911)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	2,551,366	2,714,530	755,106
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 2,004,899	\$ 2,420,796	\$ 598,195
-			

	Other	Total	
	Enterprise	Enterprise	Internal
Storm Sewer	Funds	Funds	Service Funds
\$ 334,828	\$ 109,587	\$ 11,199,568	\$ 4,530,089
6,436	641	\$ 344,028	44,222
0	(67,707)	(4,223,841)	(4,542,096)
(169,533)	(49,229)	(5,191,797)	(198,607)
171,731	(6,708)	2,127,958	(166,392)
0	15,000	15,000	0
0	0	(183,180)	0
0	0	0	(5,387)
0	0	0	500,000
0	15,000	(168,180)	494,613
(179,896)	0	(789,616)	(142,355)
0	1,870	1,870	0
0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0
0	0	(165,685)	0
(614)	0	(13,218)	0
(13)	0	(205,548)	0
0	0	(707,675)	0
0	0	0	0
(180,523)	1,870	(1,879,872)	(142,355)
0	4,895	4,895	204
(34,809)	(36,967)	(1,086,545)	(153,711)
(2,446)	(1,379)	(64,704)	(4,480)
(37,255)	(33,451)	(1,146,354)	(157,987)
(46,047)	(23,289)	(1,066,448)	27,879
253,639	157,573	6,432,214	199,916
\$ 207,592	\$ 134,284	\$ 5,365,766	\$ 227,795

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Business-Type	e Activities - Ente	rprise Funds
	Water	Sewer	Sanitation
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash			
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:			
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ 1,116,362	\$ 1,595,086	\$ 82,518
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to			
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:			
Depreciation Expense	702,442	895,469	46,580
Other Revenue	101,353	89,252	146,346
Changes in Assets and Deferred Outflows and			
Liabilities and Deferred Inflows:			
(Increase) Decrease in Loans Receivable	0	0	0
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable	4,729	109,618	(27,702)
(Increase) Decrease in Special Assessments Receivable	4,502	(2,845)	1,258
(Increase) Decrease in Allowance for Doubtful Accounts	(21,794)	(41,240)	(9,536)
(Increase) Decrease in Prepaid Items	(4,018)	(4,896)	(262)
(Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows - Pension	119,149	125,071	25,555
(Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows - OPEB	141,139	149,894	30,804
(Increase) Decrease in Inventory	(126,813)	1,516	0
Increase (Decrease) in Landfill Liability	0	0	(65,364)
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable	(107,509)	53,189	9,899
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Payroll	7,525	10,336	2,225
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows - Pension	236,332	259,648	53,602
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows - OPEB	349,527	379,677	78,301
Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Liability	(474,793)	(492,025)	(100,752)
Increase (Decrease) in Net OPEB Liability	(1,377,233)	(1,472,639)	(303,025)
Increase (Decrease) in Net OPEB Asset	(178,806)	(193,101)	(39,799)
Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences	29,532	37,717	10,934
Total Adjustments	(594,736)	(95,359)	(140,936)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ 521,626	\$ 1,499,727	\$(58,418)

Schedule of Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities:

The fair market value of investments decreased in 2021 by \$75,505, \$82,436, \$22,382, \$7,567, and \$4,739 in the Water, Sewer, Sanitation, Storm Sewer, and Other Enterprise Funds respectfully.

The fair market value of investments decreased in Internal Service Funds by \$6,433

Capital Contributions of \$278,505, \$517,120, and

\$461,090 to the Water, Sewer, and Storm Sewer Funds

Respectively.

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

	Other	Total	
	Enterprise	Enterprise	Internal
Storm Sewer	Funds	Funds	Service Funds
\$ 53,947	\$(34,578)	\$ 2,813,335	\$(48,070)
204,229	5,464	1,854,184	83,948
6,436	641	344,028	44,222
,		,	,
			_
0	66,111	66,111	0
(5,734)	2,425	83,336	(26,564)
774	0	3,689	0
(2,367)	(1,330)	(76,267)	0
(949)	(58)	(10,183)	(32,446)
8,791	4,466	283,032	8,621
11,306	4,627	337,770	10,952
0	0	(125,297)	(11,278)
0	0	(65,364)	0
2,569	33	(41,819)	(95,119)
360	(495)	19,951	995
23,213	4,268	577,063	21,859
32,196	8,065	847,766	30,576
(31,981)	(20,473)	(1,120,024)	(31,868)
(115,278)	(41,171)	(3,309,346)	(110,952)
(15,915)	(4,582)	(432,203)	(15,185)
134	(121)	78,196	3,917
117,784	27,870	(685,377)	(118,322)
\$ 171,731	\$(6,708)	\$ 2,127,958	\$(166,392)

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Custo	odial Funds
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$	71,349
Total Assets		71,349
Liabilities: Accounts payable		47,880
Total Liabilities		47,880
Net Position Restricted for: Individuals, organizations, and other governments Total Net Postion	\$	23,469 23,469

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Custodial Funds
Additions: Court Receipts	\$ 1,449,244
Total Additions	1,449,244
	1,449,244
Deductions:	
Municipal Court Disbursements	1,462,376
Total Deductions	\$ 1,462,376
Net Increase (Decrease)	(13,132)
Net Position - Beginning of Year	36,601
Net Position - End of Year	23,469

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Xenia, Ohio, was incorporated in 1817, became a city in 1834, and operates under a Council-Manager form of government.

The financial statements are presented as of December 31, 2021 and for the year then ended, and have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to local governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (the "GASB") is the standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles, which are primarily set forth in the GASB's Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards (GASB Codification).

A. Reporting Entity

The accompanying basic financial statements comply with the provisions of GASB No. 39 "Determining whether certain organization are component units" and No. 61 "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus - An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34" in that the financial statements include all organizations, activities, functions, and component units for which the City is financially accountable. Generally, component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the City are financially accountable. The City would consider an organization to be a component unit if:

- 1. The City appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body AND (a) is able to impose its will on that organization OR (b) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial burdens on the City; OR
- 2. The organization is fiscally dependent upon the City; OR
- 3. The nature of the relationship between the City and the organization is such that the exclusion from the financial reporting entity would render the financial statements of the City misleading.

The City's financial reporting entity includes all applicable funds, agencies, boards, commissions and jointly governed organizations that include the following services: public safety (police and fire), highways and streets, water, sewer, sanitation, storm sewer, recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services. No component unit is included in fiscal year 2021.

The City is party to three jointly governed organizations. Jointly governed organizations are governed by representatives from various participating organizations where the City has no ongoing financial interest or responsibility. The following jointly governed organizations are described in Note 15.

- 1. Xenia Township City of Xenia JEDD-1 Joint Economic Development District
- 2. Miami Valley Regional Planning Commission
- 3. Greene County Agencies for Combined Enforcement (ACE Task Force)

A. Reporting Entity (Continued)

The City also participates in the Public Entities Pool of Ohio, which is a local government risk sharing pool. The pool is discussed in Note 18.

B. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The accounting system is organized and operated on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets and deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows, fund balance/net position, revenues and expenditures or expenses.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for all financial resources except those accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the City for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio and the limitations of the City Charter.

<u>State Gas and Vehicle License Fund</u> – This fund is required by State law to account for that portion of gasoline tax and motor vehicle license fees designated for maintenance of streets within the City. Revenue sources in the fund include state shared taxes and permits, charges for services, and miscellaneous receipts and reimbursements including interest.

<u>Police and Fire Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for financial resources restricted for the City's Police department, Fire department, and Dispatch center. Certain revenue sources are required by State law or City ordinance to be spent on these functions. Revenue sources in the fund include municipal income tax; other local taxes; state shared taxes and permits; intergovernmental grants; charges for services such as emergency medical services and dispatching services; fines, costs, forfeitures, licenses, and permits; and miscellaneous receipts and reimbursements including interest. This fund also receives a subsidy from the City's general fund.

<u>Capital Improvements Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for financial resources restricted for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities or equipment (other than those financed by proprietary funds or the Municipal Court Capital Improvements Fund). Revenue sources in the fund include municipal income tax, other local taxes, intergovernmental grants, charges for services, and miscellaneous receipts and reimbursements including interest.

<u>Local Fiscal Recovery Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for grants received through the Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds (SLFRF), a part of the American Rescue Plan. Grants are restricted for various purposes designated by the Department of the Treasury.

<u>Towne Square Redevelopment Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for lease proceeds and other revenues related to the operation of the Towne Square property and to make payments for expenses related to the Towne Square property.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

<u>Bond Retirement Fund 2021</u> – This fund is used to account for proceeds from the Special Obligation Bond Anticipation Notes for the Xenia Towne Square Project. It will be used to pay bond issuance costs; and/or to pay debt service related to the issuance of bonds. The Fund may also receive payment from other funds that are also responsible for the repayment of debt service.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

<u>Water Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for revenues and expenses related to providing water service to the City and surrounding areas.

<u>Sewer Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for revenues and expenses related to providing sewer service to the City and surrounding areas.

<u>Sanitation Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for revenues and expenses related to providing sanitation service to the City's residents.

<u>Storm Sewer Fund</u> – This fund is utilized to account for revenues and expenses related to providing storm sewer service to the City's residents.

Additionally, the City reports the following funds types:

<u>Internal Service Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for the financing of services provided for billing for utilities (water, sewer, sanitation, and storm sewer), servicing the vehicles of City departments, providing IT services to City Departments and account for self-insurance health benefits on a cost -reimbursement basis.

<u>Custodial Funds</u> – These funds are used to account for the collection and disbursement of monies by the City on behalf of individuals, private organizations, or other governmental units. This includes primarily moneys collected by the Xenia Municipal Court.

C. Basis of Presentation – Financial Statements

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> – The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the City as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary City, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the City that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

C. <u>Basis of Presentation – Financial Statements</u> (Continued)

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the City and for each function or program of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the City, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the City.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> – Fund financial statements report detailed information about the City. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary and Internal Service funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets, current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, which reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources.

All proprietary and fiduciary fund types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net position. The statement of changes in fund net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the City finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting represents the methodology utilized in the recognition of revenues and expenditures or expenses reported in the financial statements.

The governmental funds follow the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available. The term "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period, which the City considers to be 60 days after year end. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest on general long-term debt and compensated absences, which are recognized when due.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include income taxes, property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. Revenue from income taxes is recognized in the period in which the income is earned and is available. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied and the revenue is available. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specific purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. Revenues considered susceptible to accrual are intergovernmental grants, interest on investments, state shared taxes, fines and forfeitures, and municipal income tax. Other revenues, including licenses, permits, certain charges for services, and miscellaneous revenues are recorded when received in cash, because generally these revenues are not measurable until received.

Property taxes measurable as of December 31, 2021 but which are not intended to finance 2021 operations are recorded as deferred inflows of resources.

The accrual basis of accounting is utilized for reporting purposes by the proprietary and fiduciary funds. Revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

E. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The City follows procedures prescribed by State law in establishing the budgetary data shown in the financial statements, as follows:

- 1. The City must submit a budget of estimated cash receipts and disbursements for all governmental and proprietary funds to the County Budget Commission by July 20 of each year for the following calendar year.
- 2. The County Budget Commission certifies its actions by September 1, and issues a "Certificate of Resources" limiting the maximum amount the City may expend from a given fund during the year.

E. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting (Continued)

- 3. About January 1, this Certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year. The City must prepare its appropriations so that the total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the Certificate of Resources.
- 4. A temporary appropriation measure is typically passed at the second City Council meeting in December. The permanent appropriation measure is passed at a Council meeting and filed at the County prior to March 31. The permanent appropriation may not exceed estimated resources certified by the County Budget Commission.
- 5. Unencumbered and unexpended appropriations lapse at year-end. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are carried forward to the next fiscal year.
- 6. All funds have annual budgets legally adopted by City Council.

The City Manager acts as budget officer for the City and submits a proposed operating budget to the City Council on an annual basis. Public hearings are held to obtain taxpayer comments. The Council enacts the budget through passage of an appropriations ordinance. The appropriations ordinance controls expenditures at the level of personnel services, operating and capital expenditures/expenses by fund except for the general fund where the control is by department within the general fund. Only City Council may transfer appropriations between personnel services and operating expenses, or between operating and capital outlay, or between capital outlay and personnel services. Supplemental appropriations are made to the budget and original appropriations ordinance during the year by Council passage of supplemental appropriations ordinance were made during the year, but were not material in relation to the original appropriations.

While financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balances are reported on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements. The Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances-Budget and Actual - (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) for the general fund and each major special revenue fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are as follows:

- (1) Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget) as opposed to when they are both measurable and available (GAAP).
- (2) Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash or encumbered (budget) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP).
- (3) Advances in and Advances out are operating transactions (budget) as opposed to balance sheet (GAAP).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year ended December 31, 2021 on the GAAP basis to the budget basis are as follows:

(422,512)

440,316 \$

E. <u>Budgets and Budgetary Accounting</u> (Continued)

\$

Net Change in Fund Balances Local Fiscal Towne Square State Gas and Vehicle Police & Fire Redevelopment Recovery General Fund License Fund Fund Fund Fund GAAP Basis (as reported) 1,258,748 \$ \$ (1,749,289) (3,473)112,125 61,312 Revenue Accrual 143,502 (6,943)238,476 1,414,836 332 Expenditure Accrual (539,422)56,772 (103,981)(72,266)

(149,353)

(38,212) \$

(227,508)

(1,810,587)

0

1,411,363

0

8,476

F. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Outstanding Encumbrances

Budget Basis

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from December 31, 2021. The City pools its cash, cash equivalents, and investments for investment and resource management purposes. Each fund's equity in pooled cash and investments represents the balance on hand as if each fund maintains its own cash and investment accounts.

G. Investments

Investment procedures and interest allocations are restricted by provisions of the Ohio Constitution and the Ohio Revised Code. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools", the City reports its investments at fair value, except for nonparticipating investment contracts (certificates of deposit and repurchase agreements) which are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. All investment income, including changes in the fair value of investments, are recognized as revenue in the operating statements. Fair value is determined by quoted market prices. During 2021, the Capital Improvements Fund was allocated approximately \$50,243 of investment earnings in excess of the amount the fund would have received if earnings were based on each fund's share of pooled investment.

H. Inventory

Inventory is valued at cost, using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. The proprietary fund inventories are recorded as expenses when used. Inventory in governmental funds consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are purchased. Governmental inventories are equally offset by a fund balance classification that indicates they and are not in spendable form.

I. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond December 31, 2021, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed. Governmental prepaid items are equally offset by a fund balance classification that indicates they are not in spendable form.

J. Capital Assets and Depreciation

Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000. Estimated historical costs for capital asset values were initially determined by identifying historical costs when such information was available.

Governmental activities capital assets are those not directly related to the business type funds. These generally are acquired or constructed for governmental activities and are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost for assets not purchased in recent years). These assets are reported in the Governmental Activities column of the Government-wide Statement of Net Position, but they are not reported in the Fund Financial Statements.

Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement should be reported at acquisition value rather than fair value. Capital assets include land, land improvements, buildings, building improvements, machinery, equipment, construction in progress, and infrastructure. Infrastructure is defined as long-lived capital assets that normally are stationary in nature and normally can be preserved for a significant number of years. Examples of infrastructure include roads, bridges, curbs and gutters, streets and sidewalks, drainage systems, and lighting systems. In cases where information supporting original cost was not obtainable, estimated historical costs were developed. For certain capital assets, the estimates were arrived at by indexing estimated current costs back to the estimated year of acquisition.

Machinery and equipment acquired by the proprietary funds are stated at cost (or estimated historical cost). These assets are reported in both the Business-Type Activities column of the Government-wide Statement of Net Position and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are depreciated, excluding land and construction in progress. Depreciation has been provided using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives, as follows:

	Governmental and
	Business-Type Activities
Description	Estimated Lives (in years)
Land Improvements	20 - 25
Buildings and Improvements	20 - 40
Machinery and Equipment	1 - 25
Infrastructure	10 - 50

K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences that will be paid from the governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment from current and available resources. Bonds, long-term loans and capital lease obligations are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

L. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences are accrued as they are earned by employees if both of the following conditions are met:

- 1. The employee's rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered.
- 2. It is probable that the employer will compensate the employee for the benefits through paid time off or cash payment.

Compensated absences accumulated by governmental fund type and proprietary fund type employees are reported as an expense when earned in the government-wide financial statements. For governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are only reported if unused reimbursable leave is still outstanding following an employee's resignation or retirement.

M. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets, plus deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources, plus liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. The City applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

N. Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

O. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

P. Fund Balance

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting*, the City classifies its fund balance based on the constraints placed upon the use of resources reported in governmental funds. The following are the five fund balance classifications:

- 1. Nonspendable Fund Balance The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example, inventories and prepaid amounts.
- 2. Restricted Fund Balance The restricted classification is used when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions (City Charter) or enabling legislation.
- 3. Committed Fund Balance The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Xenia City Council. Constraints are imposed on committed amounts by Council through ordinance.

- 4. Assigned Fund Balance Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. City Council may assign certain amounts through a motion but has also delegated authority to the City Manager, Finance Director, and Law Director to conduct City business which may include the assignment of fund balances.
- 5. Unassigned Fund Balance Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from incurred expenses for specific purposes exceeding amounts which had been restricted, committed or assigned for said purposes.

The City applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available. The City considers committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balances, respectively, to be spent when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Q. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the City, these revenues are charges for services for water treatment and distribution, wastewater collection and treatment, maintenance of storm water collection systems and collection of solid waste refuse. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the good or service that is the primary activity of the fund. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

R. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

S. Allocation of Indirect Expenses

The City allocates some personnel expenses over different funds based on City ordinance. These indirect costs have been included as part of program expenses reported for the functional activities.

T. Provision for Loan Losses

Potential losses on specific loans are charged to operations when management determines that there is a loss contingency. This evaluation includes consideration of various factors such as collateral, loan loss experience, lending policies, and current economic conditions.

U. Self-Insurance

As of December 31, 2021, the City is self-insured for employee health care benefits. See Note 16 for additional information

V. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the City, deferred outflows of resources are reported for pension and OPEB amounts (See Note 9 and 10). The amounts are reported in the government-wide and proprietary statements of net position.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. On the government-wide statement of net position and governmental funds balance sheet, property taxes that are intended to finance future fiscal periods are reported as deferred inflows. In addition, the governmental funds balance sheet reports deferred inflows which arise only under a modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, the item, *unavailable revenue - other*, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenue - other for special assessments, grants and miscellaneous receipts, and state levied shared taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB are reported on the government-wide and proprietary funds statement of net position. See Notes 9 and 10.

NOTE 2 – FUND BALANCES

Fund Balances are classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned. The Constraints placed on fund balances for major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below.

Fund Balances	General	State Gas & Vehicle License	Police & Fire	Capital Improvements	Local Fiscal Recovery Fund	Towne Square Redevelopment Fund	Bond Retirement Fund 2021	Other Governmental Funds
Nonspendable:							<u> </u>	-
Inventory	\$ 15,193	\$ 78,718	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Prepaids	37,706	4,749	85,699	2,011	0	0	0	15,867
Total Nonspendable	52,899	83,467	85,699	2,011	0	0	0	15,867
Resricted for:								
General Government	0	0	0	0	0	112,125	1,807	230,289
Public Safety	0	0	1,832,329	0	0	0	0	629,988
Highways & Streets	0	585,133	0	0	0	0	0	385,397
Capital Projects	0	0	0	2,092,692	0	0	0	1,051,862
Debt Service	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	14,186
Total Restricted	0	585,133	1,832,329	2,092,692	0	112,125	1,807	2,311,722
Committed to:								
General Government	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	197,993
Total Committed	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	197,993
Assigned to:								
Subsequent Year Appropriations	312,650	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
General Government	327,438	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Public Safety	17,116	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Highways & Streets	7,722	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Urban Redevelopment &	4,965	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Housing								
Economic Development & Asst	5,573	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Recreation	45,587	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Assigned	721,051	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Unassigned (Deficit)	3,982,750	0	0	0	(3,473)	0	0	0
Total Fund Balance	\$ 4,756,700	\$ 668,600	\$ 1,918,028	\$ 2,094,703	\$(3,473)	\$ 112,125	\$ 1,807	\$ 2,525,582

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Xenia is a charter City and has adopted an investment policy through City ordinance. Ohio Revised Code Section 135 will govern investment policy and procedures when City policies or ordinance do not address an issue. State statute classify monies held by the City into three categories: active deposits, inactive deposits, and interim deposits.

Active deposits are public deposits determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the City's Treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the City Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Council has identified as not required for use within the current five-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies that are not needed for immediate use but will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates or deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit, or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Interim monies held by the City may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

1. Direct Obligations of U.S. Treasury

Treasury Bills

Treasury Notes and Bonds

2. Obligations of Federal Agencies and Instrumentalities

Including but not limited to:

Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA)

Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB)

Federal Farm Credit Bank (FFCB)

Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC)

Government National Mortgage Association (GNMA)

Student Loan Marketing Association (SLMA)

- 3. Nonnegotiable Interest-Bearing Time Certificates of Deposit and Savings Accounts
- 4. Negotiable Interest-Bearing Certificates of Deposit covered by FDIC Insurance
- 5. Bankers Acceptances of banks in the top 100 based on asset size or Ohio-based banks with at least \$2 billion in assets
- 6. The State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio)

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

- 7. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations listed in 1 and 2 above
- 8. Repurchase agreements under terms outlined in Safekeeping and Custody
- 9. NOW accounts (Interest Bearing Negotiable Order of Withdrawal Accounts)
- 10. Obligations of the State of Ohio and its political subdivisions (only insured obligations)

Investments not approved by the City policy are prohibited including stripped principal or interest obligations and reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited.

The City may also invest any monies not required to be used for a period of six months or more in bonds of the State of Ohio, other political subdivisions of the State, or obligations of the City.

At December 31, 2021, the carrying amount of the City cash deposits was \$9,440,070 and the bank balance was \$10,372,204. FDIC Insurance covered \$250,000, per insured bank, for each account ownership category. At fiscal year-end, \$7,528,692 of the City's bank balance was exposed to custodial credit risk, because they were uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution. Custodial risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the City will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or protected by (1) eligible securities pledged to the City and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose market value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured, or (2) participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System, a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total market value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured.

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

The City's investments at December 31, 2021 are summarized below:

	Total			Inv	estment Maturi	ties	
Investment Type	Fair Value	Credit Rating	Less than 6 Months	6 Months to 1 Year	1 - 3 Years	3 - 5 Years	% of Total Investments
FFCB	\$ 781,956	AAA	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 781,956	4.29%
FHLB	5,500,056	AAA	0	0	392,804	5,107,252	30.21%
FHLMC	2,357,256	AAA	0	0	0	2,357,256	12.95%
FNMA	786,068	AAA	0	0	0	786,068	4.32%
Certificate of Deposit	8,783,361	AA3	241,133	2,980,447	4,372,576	1,189,205	48.24%
Total Investments	\$ 18,208,697		\$ 241,133	\$ 2,980,447	\$ 4,765,380	\$ 10,221,737	100.00%

Interest Rate Risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that an interest rate change could adversely affect an investment's fair value. State Regulations and City policy reduce exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the life of investments to five years. The reporting of effective duration in the table above quantifies, to the fullest extent possible, the interest rate risk of the City's fixed income assets. The City does not have a formal policy regarding interest rate risk.

Custodial Credit Risk — Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a failure of a depository institution or counterparty to a transaction, the City will be unable to recover the value of deposits, investments, or collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. All of the City's securities are either insured and registered in the name of the City or at least registered in the name of the City. The City has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investment prior to delivery of securities representing such investment to the Fiscal Officer and qualified trustees.

Credit Risk – The Standard & Poor's or Moody's ratings of the City's investment is listed in the table above. The City's investment policy limits investments to those that are highly rated or issued by U.S. Government sponsored enterprises.

Concentration of Credit Risk – Concentration of credit risk is the risk of inability to recover the value of deposits, investments, or collateral securities in the possession of an outside party caused by a lack of diversification. The City portfolio must be invested in more than one type of financial instrument, in more than one financial institution, and at different maturity lengths according to cash flow needs. The City's investment policy places no limits on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. The percentages that each investment represents to the total investments are listed in the preceding table.

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Fair Value Measurement

The City's investments measured and reported at fair value are classified according to the following hierarchy:

- Level 1 Investments reflect prices quaoted in active markets.
- Level 2 Invesments reflect prices that are based on a similar observable asset either directly, or indirectly, which may include inputs in markets that are not considered to be active.
- Level 3 Investments reflect prices based upon unobservable sources

The categorization of investments with the hierarchy is based upon the transparency of the instrument and should not be perceived as the particular investment's risk. The City had the following reoccurring fair value measurements as of December 31, 2021.

		Identical	U	nobservable	U	nobservable
		Assets		Inputs		Inputs
Investment Type	Total	(Level 1)		(Level 2)		(Level 3)
FFCB	\$ 781,956	\$ 0	\$	781,956	\$	0
FHLB	5,500,056	0		5,500,056		0
FHLMC	2,357,256	0		2,357,256		0
FNMA	786,068	0		786,068		0
Certificate of Deposit	8,783,361	0		8,783,361		0
	\$ 18,208,697	\$ 0	\$	18,208,697	\$	0

Investments classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using pricing sources as provided by the investment managers and advisors. The City's investments in money market funds are measured at amortized cost and therefore are not classified based on the hierarchy above.

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NOTE 4 - TAXES

A. Property Taxes

Property taxes consist of amounts levied against real and tangible property (used in business) located in the City. Real property taxes are levied each January 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1. Assessed values are established by the County Auditor at 35% of appraised market value. Property values are required to be updated every three years and revalued every six years. The last revaluation was completed in 2021.

The property tax calendar is as follows:

Lein date	January 1, 2020
Levy date	January 1, 2021
First installment payment due	February 20, 2021
Second installment payment due	July 24, 2021

The assessed values upon which 2021 tax receipts were based, are as follows:

	Assessed Values
	January 1, 2020
Residential and Agricultural	\$ 351,127,000
Commercial and Industrial	89,086,950
Pulblic Utilities	11,524,670
Total	\$ 451,738,620

The County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of taxing districts in Greene County, including the City of Xenia. Property taxes may be paid in full in February or one-half may be paid in February and the other half in July. The County Auditor remits to the City, in April and August, its portion of taxes collected.

Ohio law prohibits taxation of property in excess of \$10.00 per \$1,000 (10.0 mills) of assessed value without a vote of the citizens. Under current procedures, the City's share is \$3.00 per \$1,000 (3.0 mills) of assessed value. The City also receives an additional .2 mills to pay debt service for our general obligation bonds.

An additional property tax levy of 3.5 mills was renewed by a vote of the citizens of Xenia in May 2019. The additional levy is for five years, to be assessed for tax-duplicate years 2019 to 2023, and collected in the fiscal years 2020 through 2024.

Property taxes receivable represents real and public utility property taxes and outstanding delinquencies that were measurable as of December 31, 2021, and for which there was an enforceable legal claim. In governmental funds, the portion of the receivable not levied to finance 2021 operations is offset to deferred inflows of resources, i.e. property taxes. On the accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on the modified accrual basis, the revenue has been reported as deferred inflows of resources, i.e. unavailable revenue.

NOTE 4 – TAXES (Continued)

B. Income Tax

For the 2021 fiscal year the City collected income taxes at a rate of 2.25%. A 1.5% credit was allowed for those who work in another community and pay taxes to other municipalities on that income. Employers within the City withhold income tax on employee compensation and remit at least quarterly. Corporations and other individual taxpayers pay estimated taxes quarterly and file an annual declaration.

NOTE 5 – RECEIVABLES

Receivables at December 31, 2021, consisted of municipal income tax, property taxes, other local taxes, interfund, accounts, special assessments, loans, accrued interest, and intergovernmental receivables arising from grants, entitlements and shared revenues. All receivables with the exception of loans are considered fully collectible and will be received within one year with the exception of income taxes, property taxes, loans, and special assessments. Income taxes and property taxes, though ultimately collectible, include some portion of delinquents that will not be collected within one year.

A. Intergovernmental Receivable

A summary of intergovernmental receivables follows:

Governmental Activities:	Amount
Local Government	\$ 430,505
Homestead & Rollback	109,092
Motor Vehicle License Tax	945,834
Gasoline Tax	715,000
	\$ 2,200,431

B. Loans Receivable

The City operates two long-term enterprise fund loan programs including the Loan Fund and the Housing Rehabilitation Loan Fund.

Loans receivable at December 31, 2021 were:

		Housing
	Loan	Rehabilitation
Loan Type	Fund	Loan Fund
Down Payment Assistance Loans	\$ 0	\$ 1,253
Rehabilitation Loans	0	176,995
Façade Loans	0	148,877
Homelessness Prevention Loans	0	3,724
Economic Development Loans	233,807	0
Assistance Loans	205,625	0
Total Loans Receivable	\$ 439,432	\$ 330,849

B. Loans Receivable (Continued)

<u>Loan Fund</u> – In 1983, the City assumed the assets, liabilities, and loan commitments of Xenia Environmental Neighborhood Improvement Association, Inc. (X.E.N.I.A., Inc.). X.E.N.I.A., Inc. provided mortgage grants and low or zero interest loans to encourage economic and neighborhood development. The City no longer issues mortgage grants from this fund. The City also assumed the assets, liabilities, and loan commitments of its component unit (Xenia Economic Development Corporation [XEGC]) in 2011 when the corporation was dissolved. Loans previously managed and issued by XEGC are now administered through the Loan Fund.

Housing Rehabilitation Loan Fund – In December 2009, the City received notice that it had been awarded a Tier II Downtown Building and Streetscape Grant. These grant dollars are required to be spent on downtown Xenia. Projects related to these grant dollars include the improvement of downtown buildings through a façade loan program, improvements to two municipal parking lots, curb and sidewalk improvements, the painting of several murals, and wayfinding and gateway signage. The City was also awarded a Tier III CDBG Discretionary Grant that complements the Tier II efforts to improve downtown facades. The first Tier III dollars were spent in 2012. In September 2006, the City was awarded a Community Housing Improvement Program (CHIP) Grant in the amount of \$556,000. The grant includes homelessness prevention, private rehabilitation, home or building repair, private rental rehab, fair housing, and general administration activities. The first expenditures related to this grant were made in 2007. The City was also awarded a \$600,000 CHIP Grant in August 1998, which ended in 2001. The program had similar activities to the 2006 grant as it offered deferred loans, direct low interest loans, or a combination thereof with various payoff dates. Some delinquencies from previous housing rehabilitation programs remain outstanding.

NOTE 6 - TRANSFERS

Following is a summary of transfers in and out for all funds for 2021:

Fund	Transfer In	Transfer Out
Governmental Funds:		
General Fund	\$ 119,037	\$ 4,859,143
Police & Fire Fund	4,000,000	0
Capital Improvement Fund	0	332,820
Other Governmental Funds	1,360,143	119,037
Total Governmental Funds	5,479,180	5,311,000
Enterprise Funds		
Water Fund	0	80,599
Sewer Fund	0	76,936
Sanitation Fund	0	25,645
Storm Sewer	0	0
Other Enterprise Funds	15,000	0
Total Enterprise Funds	15,000	183,180
Total Transfers	\$ 5,494,180	\$ 5,494,180

There were transfers from the General Fund to four Other Governmental Funds. One transfer was to support operations in the Municipal Court Victim Fund, another to support operations in the Probation Services Fund, the third was to the Police/Fire Capital Improvements Fund, and the fourth was to the Police and Fire Fund to support operations related to those public safety functions. The General Fund also made a transfer to a proprietary fund that being the Parking Revenue fund. There was also a transfer from General Obligation Bond Pay Fund that was approved to transfer the remaining fund balance to the General Fund and close that fund. Transfers from the General Capital Improvement Fund and Enterprise Funds were to the 2015 General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund for the debt service payment for the 2015 Building Bonds.

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NOTE 7 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Interfund receivable and payable balances at December 31, 2021 were as follows:

	Interfund	Interfund
	Receivable	Payable
Governmental Funds:		_
General Fund	\$ 642,019	
Capital Improvements Fund	\$ 8,901	
County Motor Vehicle License Tax		133,000
Issue II		9,019
1. 10 · F 1		
Internal Service Funds:		
City Garage Fund		\$ 8,901
Self Insurance Fund		\$ 500,000

Advances to the Garage Fund are for the purpose of acquiring capital assets. The Advance is then paid back to the Capital Improvement Fund as that asset depreciates. There were advances to the County Motor Vehicle License Tax and Issue II funds to aide in paying for grant funded projects that reimbursements had not yet been received prior to the end of the year to pay back the General Fund. The advance to the Self Insurance Fund was to cover large claims at the end of the year that will be reimbursed by stop-loss insurance.

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NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A. Governmental Activities Capital Assets

Summary by category of changes in governmental activities capital assets at December 31, 2021:

Historical Cost:

mistorical cost.	December 31,			December 31,
Class	2020	Additions	Deletions	2021
Capital assets not being				
depreciated:				
Land	\$ 16,445,808	\$ 443,982	\$(10,095)	\$ 16,879,695
Construction in Progress	1,658,315	1,000,943	(239,980)	2,419,278
Subtotal	18,104,123	1,444,925	(250,075)	19,298,973
Capital assets being depreciated:		<u> </u>		
Land improvements	4,768,274	75,930	0	4,844,204
Buildings and improvements	16,292,552	3,365,520	(21,245)	19,636,827
Machinery and Equipment	13,005,073	1,159,240	(358,355)	13,805,958
Infrastructure	25,123,612	2,190,562	(246,588)	27,067,586
Subtotal	59,189,511	6,791,252	(626,188)	65,354,575
Total Cost	77,293,634	8,236,177	(876,263)	84,653,548
Accumulated Depreciation:				
	December 31,			December 31,
Class	2020	Additions	Deletions	2021
Land improvements	(2,046,668)	(193,503)	0	(2,240,171)
Buildings and improvements	(5,760,676)	(507,679)	8,498	(6,259,857)
Machinery and Equipment	(8,997,516)	(723,295)	353,476	(9,367,335)
Infrastructure	(10,002,320)	(782,556)	106,067	(10,678,809)
Total Depreciation	(26,807,180)	(2,207,033)	468,041	(28,546,172)
Total Deplectation	(20,007,100)	(2,207,033)	400,041	(20,340,172)
Net Value:	\$ 50,486,454	\$ 6,029,144	\$(408,222)	\$ 56,107,376

Depreciation Expense was charged to Governmental Functions as Follows:

General Government	\$ 448,708
Public Safety	525,789
Highways and Streets	834,423
Urban Redevelopment & Housing	41,175
Recreation	274,477
Total Depr Exp for Govt Activities	2,124,572
Depr Exp in Internal Service Fund	82,461
Total Additions to Accumulated Depr	\$ 2,207,033

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

B. Business-Type Activities Capital Assets

Summary by Category at December 31, 2021:

Historical Cost:

Class	December 31, 2020	Additions	Deletions	December 31, 2021
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 791,330	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 791,330
Construction in Progress	7,811,889	0	(5,657,453)	2,154,436
Subtotal	8,603,219	0	(5,657,453)	2,945,766
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Land improvements	984,235	50,502	(17,255)	1,017,482
Buildings and improvements	11,113,649	0	0	11,113,649
Machinery and Equipment	63,011,826	7,754,883	(1,917,376)	68,849,333
Total Cost	83,712,929	7,805,385	(7,592,084)	83,926,230
Accumulated Depreciation:				
	December 31,			December 31,
Class	2020	Additions	Deletions	2021
Lond Immovements	(602.700)	(42, 972)	17 255	(629 407)
Land Improvements	(602,790)	(42,872)	17,255	(628,407)
Buildings and Improvements	(6,671,251)	(268,806)	0	(6,940,057)
Machinery and Equipment	(42,588,261)	(1,543,993)	946,999	(43,185,255)
Total Depreciation	\$(49,862,302)	\$(1,855,671)	\$ 964,254	\$(50,753,719)
Net Value:	\$ 33,850,627	\$ 5,949,714	\$(6,627,830)	\$ 33,172,511

Depreciation expenses were charged to business-type activities as follows:

Water Sewer Sanitation Storm Sewer Other Enterprise	\$ 702,442 895,469 46,580 204,229 5,464
Total Depreciation Expense recorded within the Business-Type Activities	1,854,184
Amount of Depreciation Expense recorded in the Internal Service Fund	1,487
Total Additions to Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 1,855,671

NOTE 9 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

Net Pension Liability/Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

Pensions and OPEB are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

The net pension liability and the net OPEB liability represent the City's proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the City's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The City cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the City does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires funding to come from these employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes pension costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees may pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded pension liabilities within 30 years. If the pension amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term net pension/OPEB liability (asset) on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension/OPEB contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in accrued payroll on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

The remainder of this note includes the required pension disclosures. See Note 10 for the required OPEB disclosures.

Plan Description - Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Plan Description

City employees, other than full-time police and firefighters, participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The traditional pension plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a

NOTE 9 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

defined contribution plan and the combined plan is a combination cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit/defined contribution pension plan. Participating employers are divided into state, local, law enforcement and public safety divisions. While members in the state and local divisions may participate in all three plans, law enforcement and public safety divisions exist only within the traditional plan. While employees may elect the member-directed plan or the combined plan, substantially all employees are in the traditional plan; therefore, the following disclosure focuses on the traditional plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits, and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional and combined plans. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about OPERS' fiduciary net position that may be obtained by visiting www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml, by writing to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling 800-222-7377.

Senate Bill (SB) 343 was enacted into law with an effective date of January 7, 2013. In the legislation, members in the traditional and combined plans were categorized into three groups with varying provisions of the law applicable to each group. The following table provides age and service requirements for retirement and the retirement formula applied to final average salary (FAS) for the three member groups under the traditional and combined plans as per the reduced benefits adopted by SB 343 (see OPERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report referenced above for additional information, including requirements for reduced and unreduced benefits):

Group A	Grou	p	A
---------	------	---	---

Eligible to retire prior to January 7, 2013 or five years after January 7, 2013

Group B

20 years of service credit prior to January 7, 2013 or eligible to retire ten years after January 7, 2013

Group C

Members not in other Groups and members hired on or after January 7, 2013

State and Local

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit

Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30

State and Local

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit

Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30

State and Local

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 57 with 25 years of service credit or Age 62 with 5 years of service credit

Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 35 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 35

NOTE 9 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Final average Salary (FAS) represents the average of the three highest years of earnings over a member's career for Groups A and B. Group C is based on the average of the five highest years of earnings over a member's career.

Members who retire before meeting the age and years of service credit requirement for unreduced benefits receive a percentage reduction in the benefit amount. The initial amount of a member's pension benefit is vested upon receipt of the initial benefit payment for calculation of an annual cost-of-living adjustment.

When a traditional plan benefit recipient has received benefits for 12 months, current law provides for an annual cost of living adjustment (COLA). This COLA is calculated on the base retirement benefit at the date of retirement and is not compounded. Members retiring under the combined plan receive a cost—of—living adjustment on the defined benefit portion of their pension benefit. For those who retired prior to January 7, 2013, the cost of living adjustment is 3 percent. For those retiring on or after January 7, 2013, beginning in calendar year 2019, the adjustment is based on the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, capped at 3 percent.

Defined contribution plan benefits are established in the plan documents, which may be amended by the Board. Member-directed plan and combined plan members who have met the retirement eligibility requirements may apply for retirement benefits. The amount available for defined contribution benefits in the combined plan consists of the member's contributions plus or minus the investment gains or losses resulting from the member's investment selections. Combined plan members wishing to receive benefits must meet the requirements for both the defined benefit and defined contribution plans. Member-directed participants must have attained the age of 55, have money on deposit in the defined contribution plan and have terminated public service to apply for retirement benefits. The amount available for defined contribution benefits in the member-directed plan consists of the members' contributions, vested employer contributions and investment gains or losses resulting from the members' investment selections. Employer contributions and associated investment earnings vest over a five-year period, at a rate of 20 percent each year. At retirement, members may select one of several distribution options for payment of the vested balance in their individual OPERS accounts. Options include the annuitization of the benefit (which includes joint and survivor options), partial lump-sum payments (subject to limitations), a rollover of the vested account balance to another financial institution, receipt of entire account balance, net of taxes withheld, or a combination of these options. When members choose to annuitize their defined contribution benefit, the annuitized portion of the benefit is reclassified to a defined benefit.

Beginning in 2022, the Combined Plan will be consolidated under the Traditional Pension Plan (defined benefit plan) and the Combined Plan option will no longer be available for new hires beginning in 2022.

NOTE 9 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

	State
	and Local
2021 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates	
Employer	14.0%
Employee	10.0%
2021 Actual Contribution Rates	
Employer:	
Pension	14.0%
Post-employment Health Care Benefits	0.00%
Total Employer	14.0%
Employee	10.0%

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The City's contractually required contribution was \$1,119,419 for 2021.

Plan Description – Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund (OP&F)

City full-time police and firefighters participate in Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by OP&F. OP&F provides retirement and disability pension benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information and detailed information about OP&F fiduciary net position. The report that may be obtained by visiting the OP&F website at www.op-f.org or by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Upon attaining a qualifying age with sufficient years of service, a member of OP&F may retire and receive a lifetime monthly pension. OP&F offers four types of service retirement: normal, service commuted, age/service commuted and actuarially reduced. Each type has different eligibility guidelines and is calculated using the member's average annual salary. The following discussion of the pension formula relates to normal service retirement.

For members hired after July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 52 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit. For members hired on or before after July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 48 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit.

The annual pension benefit for normal service retirement is equal to a percentage of the allowable average annual salary. The percentage equals 2.5 percent for each of the first 20 years of service credit, 2.0 percent for each of the next five years of service credit and 1.5 percent for each year of service credit in excess of 25 years. The maximum pension of 72 percent of the allowable average annual salary

NOTE 9 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

is paid after 33 years of service credit (see OP&F Annual Comprehensive Financial Report referenced above for additional information, including requirements for Deferred Retirement Option Plan provisions and reduced and unreduced benefits).

Under normal service retirement, retired members who are at least 55 years old and have been receiving OP&F benefits for at least one year may be eligible for a cost-of-living allowance adjustment. The age 55 provision for receiving a COLA does not apply to those who are receiving a permanent and total disability benefit, surviving beneficiaries, and statutory survivors. Members participating in the DROP program have separate eligibility requirements related to COLA.

The COLA amount for members who have 15 or more years of service credit as of July 1, 2013, and members who are receiving a pension benefit that became effective before July 1, 2013, will be equal to 3.0 percent of the member's base pension benefit.

The COLA amount for members who have less than 15 years of service credit as of July 1, 2013, and members whose pension benefit became effective on or after July 1, 2013, will be equal to a percentage of the member's base pension benefit where the percentage is the lesser of 3.0% or the percentage increase in the consumer price index, if any, over the twelve-month period that ends on the thirtieth day of September of the immediately preceding year, rounded to the nearest one-tenth of one percent.

Members who retired prior to July 24, 1986, or their surviving beneficiaries under optional plans are entitled to cost-of-living allowance increases. The annual increase is paid on July 1st of each year. The annual COLA increase is \$360 under a Single Life Annuity Plan with proportional reductions for optional payment plans.

	Police	Firfighters
2021 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates		
Employer	19.50%	24.00%
Employee:		
January 1, 2020 through December 31, 2020	12.25%	12.25%
2021 Actual Contribution Rates		
Employer:		
Pension	19.00%	23.50%
Post-employment Health Care Benefits	0.50%	0.50%
Total Employer	19.50%	24.00%

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The City's contractually required contribution to OPF was \$1,670,580 for 2021.

NOTE 9 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability for OPERS was measured as of December 31, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. OPF's total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2020, and was determined by rolling forward the total pension liability as of January 1, 2020, to December 31, 2020. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	OPERS	OP&F	Total
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 8,043,727	\$ 20,764,383	\$ 28,808,110
Proportion of Net Pension Liability:			
Current Measurement Date	0.054321%	0.304593%	
Prior Measurement Date	0.053590%	0.299937%	
Change in Proportionate Share	0.000731%	0.004656%	
Pension Expense	\$ 517,785	\$ 2,203,840	\$ 2,721,625

At December 31, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	OPERS	OP&F	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$ 0	\$ 868,018	\$ 868,018
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on pension plan investments	0	0	0
Changes of assumptions	0	348,232	348,232
Change in Proportionate Share	59,770	384,149	443,919
City contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	1,119,419	1,670,580	2,789,999
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 1,179,189	\$ 3,270,979	\$ 4,450,168
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$ 325,279	\$ 808,920	\$ 1,134,199
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on pension plan investments	3,135,204	1,007,210	4,142,414
Change in Proportionate Share	114,642	652,402	767,044
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 3,575,125	\$ 2,468,532	\$ 6,043,657

\$2,789,999 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending December 31, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

NOTE 9 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

	OPERS	OP&F	Total
Year Ending December 31:			
2021	(1,328,585)	(153,508)	(1,482,093)
2022	(481,161)	318,571	(162,590)
2023	(1,278,016)	(904,322)	(2,182,338)
2024	(427,593)	(132,178)	(559,771)
2025	0	3,304	3,304
Total	\$(3,515,355)	\$(868,133)	\$(4,383,488)

Actuarial Assumptions - OPERS

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial-reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020, using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement in accordance with the requirements of GASB 67.

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results, prepared as of December 31, 2020, are presented below.

Wage Inflation

Future Salary Increase, including inflation

Cost-of-Living Adjustments:

Pre 1/7/2013 Retirees

Post 1/7/2013 Retirees

Investment Rate of Return

Actuarial Cost Method

3.25 to 10.75 percent including wage inflation

3.26 to 10.75 percent including wage inflation

3.27 percent including wage inflation

3.28 to 10.75 percent including wage inflation

3.29 to 10.75 percent including wage inflation

3.29 to 10.75 percent including wage inflation

3.25 to 10.75 percent including wage inflation

3.29 to 10.75 percent including wage inflation

3.20 to 10.75 percent including wage inflation

In October 2020, the OPERS Board adopted a change in COLA for Post-January 7, 2013 retirees, changing it from 1.4 percent simple through 2020 then 2.15 simple to .5 percent simple through 2021 then 2.15 percent simple.

Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Employees mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the RP-2014 Disabled mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Mortality rates for a

NOTE 9 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to all of the above described tables.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended December 31, 2015.

The allocation of investment assets with the Defined Benefit portfolio is approved by the Board of Trustees as outlined in the annual investment plan. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined benefit pension plans. The long-term expected rate of return on defined benefit investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return were provided by the Board's investment consultant. For each major asset class that is included in the Defined Benefit portfolio's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2020, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

		Weighted Average
		Long-Term Expected
	Target	Real Rate of Return
Asset Class	Allocation	(Arithmetic)
Fixed Income	25.00%	1.32%
Domestic Equities	21.00%	5.64%
Real Estate	10.00%	5.39%
Private Equity	12.00%	10.42%
International Equities	23.00%	7.36%
Other investments	9.00%	4.75%
Total	100.00%	5.43%

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.20% for the Traditional Pension Plan, Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the Traditional Pension Plan, Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTE 9 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.20 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.20 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.20 percent) than the current rate:

	Current			
	1% Decrease Discount Rate 1% Incre			
	6.2%	7.2%	8.2%	
City's proportionate share				
of the net pension liablity	\$ 15,343,423	\$ 8,043,727	\$ 1,974,014	

Changes in Assumptions or Benefit Terms Since the Last Measurement Date, and Changes from the Measurement Date to the Report Date

During 2021, the OPERS Board lowered the investment rate of return from 7.2 percent to 6.9 percent along with certain other changes to assumptions for the actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021. The effects of these changes are unknown.

Actuarial Assumptions – OPF

OPF's total pension liability as of December 31, 2020 is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of January 1, 2020, and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The total pension liability is determined by OPF's actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual valuation. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of reported amounts and assumptions about probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment mortality, salary increases, disabilities, retirements and employment terminations. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Assumptions considered were: withdrawal rates, disability retirement, DROP elections, mortality, percent married and forms of the payment, DROP interest rates, CPI based COLA, investment returns, salary increases, and payroll growth.

NOTE 9 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results, prepared as of January 1, 2020, compared with January 1, 2019, are presented below.

	January 1, 2020	January 1, 2019
Valuation Date	January 1, 2020, with acrual liabilities	January 1, 2019, with acrual liabilities
	rolled forward to December 31, 2020	rolled forward to December 31, 2019
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal
Acturial Assumptions		
Investment Rate of Return	8.00%	8.00%
Payroll Growth	Inflation Rate of 2.75% plus productivity increase rate of .50%	Inflation Rate of 2.75% plus productivity increase rate of .50%
Projected Salary Increases Cost of Living	3.75% to 10.50%	3.75% to 10.5%
Adjustments	3.00% Simple; 2.20% simple for increases based	3.00% Simple; 2.20% simple for increases based
	on the lesser of the increase in CPI and 3.00%	on the lesser of the increase in CPI and 3.00%

For the January 1, 2020, valuation, mortality for non-disabled participants is based on the RP-2014 Total Employee and Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, adjusted according to the rates in the following table, and projected with the Conduent Modified 2016 Improvement Scale. Rates for surviving beneficiaries are adjusted by 120 percent.

Age	Police	Fire
67 or less	77%	68%
68-77	105%	87%
78 and up	115%	120%

For the January 1, 2020, valuation, mortality for disabled retirees is based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, adjusted according to the rates in the following table, and projected with the Conduent Modified 2016 Improvement Scale.

Age	Police	Fire
59 or less	35%	35%
60-69	60%	45%
70-79	75%	70%
80 and up	100%	90%

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended December 31, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in the Statement of Investment Policy. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expected. Various real return

NOTE 9 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes. Best estimates of the long-term expected geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in OP&F's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2020, are summarized below:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	21.00%	4.10%
Non-US Equity	14.00%	4.80%
Private Markets	8.00%	6.40%
Core Fixed Income *	23.00%	0.90%
High Yield Fixed Income	7.00%	3.00%
Private Credit	5.00%	4.50%
US Inflation Linked Bonds*	17.00%	0.70%
Midstream Energy Infrastructure	5.00%	5.60%
Real Assets	8.00%	5.80%
Gold	5.00%	1.90%
Private Real Estate	12.00%	5.30%
	125.00%	

^{*} levered 2.5x

Note: Assumptions are geometric

OP&F's Board of Trustees has incorporated the risk parity concept into OP&F's asset liability valuation with the goal of reducing equity risk exposure, which reduces overall Total Portfolio risk without sacrificing return, and creating a more risk-balanced portfolio based on their relationship between asset classes and economic environments. From the notional portfolio perspective above, the Total Portfolio may be levered up to 1.25 times due to the application of leverage in certain fixed income asset classes.

Discount Rate The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 8.0 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the longer-term assumed investment rate of return 8.0 percent. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

NOTE 9 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 8.0 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (7.0 percent), or one percentage point higher (9.0 percent) than the current rate.

	Current			
	1% Decrease	1% Increase		
7.00%		8.00%	9.00%	
City's proportionate share				
of the net pension liability	\$ 28,906,682	\$ 20,764,383	\$ 13,950,102	

Changes between Measurement Date and Report Date

There have been no OP&F pension plan amendments adopted or changes in assumptions between the measurement date and the report date that have impacted the actuarial valuation studies for the pension plan for the measurement date.

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NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Net OPEB Liability

See Note 9 for a description of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System ("OPERS")

Plan Description - The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) administers three separate pension plans: the traditional pension plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; the member-directed plan, a defined contribution plan; and the combined plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

OPERS maintains a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care trust, which funds multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage and deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement (HRA) to qualifying benefit recipients of both the traditional pension and the combined plans. Currently, Medicare-eligible retirees are able to select medical and prescription drug plans from a range of options and may elect optional vision and dental plans. Retirees and eligible dependents enrolled in Medicare Parts A and B have the option to enroll in a Medicare supplemental plan with the assistance of the OPERS Medicare Connector. The OPERS

Medicare Connector is a relationship with a vendor selected by OPERS to assist retirees, spouses and dependents with selecting a medical and pharmacy plan. Monthly allowances, based on years of service and the age at which the retiree first enrolled in OPERS coverage, are deposited into an HRA. For non-Medicare retirees and eligible dependents, OPERS sponsors medical and prescription coverage through a professionally managed self-insured plan. An allowance to offset a portion of the monthly premium is offered to retirees and eligible dependents. The allowance is based on the retiree's years of service and age when they first enrolled in OPERS coverage.

Medicare-eligible retirees who choose to become re-employed or survivors who become employed in an OPERS-covered position are prohibited from participating in an HRA. For this group of retirees, OPERS sponsors secondary coverage through a professionally managed self-insured program. Retirees who enroll in this plan are provided with a monthly allowance to offset a portion of the monthly premium. Medicare-eligible spouses and dependents can also enroll in this plan as long as the retiree is enrolled.

OPERS provides a monthly allowance for health care coverage for eligible retirees and their eligible dependents. The base allowance is determined by OPERS.

The heath care trust is also used to fund health care for member-directed plan participants, in the form of a Retiree Medical Account (RMA). At retirement or separation, member directed plan participants may be eligible for reimbursement of qualified medical expenses from their vested RMA balance.

Effective January 1, 2022, OPERS will discontinue the group plans currently offered to non-Medicare retirees and re-employed retirees. Instead, eligible non-Medicare retirees will select an individual medical plan. OPERS will provide a subsidy or allowance via an HRA allowance to those retirees who meet health care eligibility requirements. Retirees will be able to seek reimbursement for plan premiums and other qualified medical expenses. These changes are reflected in the December 31, 2020, measurement date health care valuation.

NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

In order to qualify for postemployment health care coverage, age and service retirees under the traditional pension and combined plans must have twenty or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit with a minimum age of 60, or generally 30 years of qualifying service at any age. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. Current retirees eligible (or who become eligible prior to January 1, 2022) to participate in the OPERS health care program will continue to be eligible after January 1, 2022. Eligibility requirements will change for those retiring after January 1, 2022, with differing eligibility requirements for Medicare retirees and non-Medicare retirees. The health care coverage provided by OPERS meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement 75. See OPERS' Annual Comprehensive Financial Report referenced below for additional information.

The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require OPERS to provide health care to its eligible benefit recipients. Authority to establish and amend health care coverage is provided to the Board in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Disclosures for the health care plan are presented separately in the OPERS financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by visiting www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml, by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling (614) 222-5601 or 800-222-7377.

Funding Policy

The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority allowing public employers to fund postemployment health care through their contributions to OPERS. When funding is approved by OPERS' Board of Trustees, a portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside to fund OPERS health care plans. Beginning in 2018, OPERS no longer allocated a portion of its employer contributions to health care for the traditional plan and the combined plan

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the earnable salary of active members. In 2021, state and local employers contributed at a rate of 14.0 percent of earnable salary and public safety and law enforcement employers contributed at 18.1 percent. These are the maximum employer contribution rates permitted by the Ohio Revised Code. Active member contributions do not fund health care

Each year, the OPERS Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside to fund health care plans. For 2021, OPERS did not allocate any employer contribution to health care for members in the Traditional Pension Plan and Combined Plan. The OPERS Board is also authorized to establish rules for the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries to pay a portion of the health care provided. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected. The employer contribution as a percentage of covered payroll deposited into the RMA for participants in the member-directed plan for 2021 was 4.0 percent.

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The City of Xenia's contractually required contribution was \$0 for 2021.

NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund ("OP&F")

Plan Description - The City contributes to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F) sponsored healthcare program, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined post-employment health care plan administered by a third-party provider. This program is not guaranteed and is subject to change at any time upon action of the Board of Trustees. On January 1, 2019, OP&F implemented a new model for health care. Under this new model, OP&F provides eligible retirees with a fixed stipend earmarked to pay for health care and Medicare Part B reimbursements.

OP&F contracted with a vendor who assists eligible retirees in choosing health care plans that are available where they live (both Medicare-eligible and pre-65 populations). A stipend funded by OP&F is available to these members through a Health Reimbursement Arrangement and can be used to reimburse retirees for qualified health care expenses.

A retiree is eligible for the OP&F health care stipend unless they have access to any other group coverage including employer and retirement coverage. The eligibility of spouses and dependent children could increase the stipend amount. If the spouse or dependents have access to any other group coverage including employer or retirement coverage, they are not eligible for stipend support from OP&F. Even if an OP&F member or their dependents are not eligible for a stipend, they can use the services of the third-party administrator to select and enroll in a plan. The stipend provided by OP&F meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75.

OP&F maintains funds for health care in two separate accounts: one account for health care benefits and one account for Medicare Part B reimbursements. A separate health care trust accrual account is maintained for health care benefits under IRS Code Section 115 trust. IRS Code Section 401(h) account is maintained for Medicare Part B reimbursements.

The Ohio Revised Code allows, but does not mandate, OP&F to provide OPEB benefits. Authority for the OP&F Board of Trustees to provide health care coverage to eligible participants and to establish and amend benefits is codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code.

OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information for the plan. The report may be obtained by visiting the OP&F website at www.op-f.org or by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Funding Policy

The Ohio Revised Code provides for contribution requirements of the participating employers and of plan members to the OP&F defined benefit pension plan. Participating employers are required to contribute to the pension plan at rates expressed as percentages of the payroll of active pension plan members, currently 19.5 percent and 24 percent of covered payroll for police and fire employer units, respectively. The Ohio Revised Code states that the employer contribution may not exceed 19.5 percent of covered payroll for police employer units. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB Plan.

NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

The Board of Trustees is authorized to allocate a portion of the total employer contributions for retiree health care benefits. For 2021, the portion of employer contributions allocated to health care was 0.5 percent of covered payroll. The amount of employer contributions allocated to the health care plan each year is subject to the Trustees' primary responsibility to ensure that pension benefits are adequately funded.

The OP&F Board of Trustees is also authorized to establish requirements for contributions to the health care plan by retirees and their eligible dependents or their surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected.

The City of Xenia's contractually required contribution to OP&F was \$39,324 for 2021.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability (asset) and total OPEB liability (asset) for OPERS were determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2020, by incorporating the expected value of health care cost accruals, the actual health care payment, and interest accruals during the year. OP&F's total OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2020, and was determined by rolling forward the total OPEB liability as of January 1, 2020, to December 31, 2020. The City's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) was based on the City's share of contributions to the retirement plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share:

	OPERS	OP&F	Total
Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset	\$(965,253)		\$(965,253)
Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability		\$ 3,212,026	\$ 3,212,026
Proportion of the Net OPEB Asset/Liability:			
Current Measurement Date	0.055032%	0.304593%	
Prior Measurement Date	0.054387%	0.299937%	
Change in Proportionate Share	0.000645%	0.004656%	
OPEB Expense	\$(5,803,896)	\$ 328,252	\$ (5,475,644)

At December 31, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

\$ 0	\$ 0
1,782,859	2,264,851
39,324	39,324
65,429	106,500
\$ 1,887,612	\$ 2,410,675
\$ 119,930	\$ 642,124
545,043	1,429,876
514,477	2,103,076
304,951	360,875
\$ 1,484,401	\$ 4,535,951
	1,782,859 39,324 65,429 \$1,887,612 \$119,930 545,043 514,477 304,951

\$39,324 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending December 31, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	OPERS	OP&F	Total
Year Ending December 31:			
2021	(1,306,140)	64,646	\$(1,241,494)
2022	(933,894)	93,046	\$(840,848)
2023	(226,924)	234,420	\$ 7,496
2024	(61,529)	(119,340)	\$(180,869)
2025	0	44,980	\$ 44,980
2026	0	39,287	\$ 39,287
2027	0	6,848	\$ 6,848
Total	\$(2,528,487)	\$ 363,887	\$(2,164,600)

Actuarial Assumptions - OPERS

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Projections of health care costs for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of coverage provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of costs between OPERS and plan members. The total OPEB asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2020. The actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions applied to all prior periods included in the measurement in accordance with the requirements of GASB 74:

Wage Inflation	3.25%
Projected Salary Increases,	3.25% to 10.75%
including inflation	including wage inflation
Single Discount Rate:	
Current measurement date	6.00%
Prior Measurement date	3.16%
Investment Rate of Return	6.00%
Municipal Bond Rate:	
Current measurement date	2.00%
Prior Measurement date	2.75%
Health Care Cost Trend Rate:	
Current measurement date	8.50%, initial
	3.50%, ultimate in 2035
Prior Measurement date	10.50%, initial
	3.50%, ultimate in 2030
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age

Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Employees mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Postretirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Postretirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the RP-2014 Disabled mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to all of the above described tables.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended December 31, 2015.

The allocation of investment assets within the Health Care portfolio is approved by the Board of Trustees as outlined in the annual investment plan. Assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of continuing to offer a sustainable health care program for current and future retirees. OPERS' primary goal is to achieve and maintain a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined pension plans. Health care is a discretionary benefit. The long-term expected rate of return on health care investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real

NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic rates of return were provided by OPERS investment consultant. For each major asset class that is included in the Health Care's portfolio's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2020, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

		Weighted Average		
		Long-Term Expected		
	Target	Real Rate of Return		
Asset Class	Allocation (Arithmetic)			
Fixed Income	34.00 %	1.07 %		
Domestic Equities	25.00	5.64		
REITs	7.00	6.48		
International Equities	25.00	7.36		
Other investments	9.00	4.02		
Total	100.00 %	4.43 %		

Discount Rate A single discount rate of 6.00% was used to measure the OPEB liability on the measurement date of December 31, 2020. A single discount rate of 3.16 percent was used to measure the OPEB liability on the measurement date of December 31, 2019. Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present value using a single discount rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments (to the extent that the health care fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate are not met). This single discount rate was based on an expected rate of return on the health care investment portfolio of 6.00 percent and a municipal bond rate of 2.00 percent (Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index"). The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the health care fiduciary net position and future contributions were sufficient to finance health care costs through 2120. As a result, the actuarial assumed long-term expected rate of return on health care investments was applied to projected costs through the year 2120, the duration of the projection period through which projected health care payments are fully funded.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following table presents the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB Asset calculated using the single discount rate of 6.00 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (5.00 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (7.00 percent) than the current rate:

	Current						
	1% Decrease	1% Increase					
	5.00%	6.00%	7.00%				
City's proportionate share							
of the net OPEB (asset)	\$(243,791)	\$(965,253)	\$(1,586,016)				

NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate Changes in the health care cost trend rate may also have a significant impact on the net OPEB asset. The following table presents the net OPEB asset calculated using the assumed trend rates, and the expected net OPEB liability if it were calculated using a health care cost trend rate that is 1.0 percent lower or 1.0 percent higher than the current rate.

Retiree health care valuations use a health care cost-trend assumption that changes over several years built into the assumption. The near-term rates reflect increases in the current cost of health care; the trend starting in 2021 is 8.50 percent. If this trend continues for future years, the projection indicates that years from now virtually all expenditures will be for health care. A more reasonable alternative is the health plan cost trend will decrease to a level at, or near, wage inflation. On this basis, the actuaries project premium rate increases will continue to exceed wage inflation for approximately the next decade, but by less each year, until leveling off at an ultimate rate, assumed to be 3.50 percent in the most recent valuation.

	Trend Rate					
	1% Decrease	Assumption	1% Increase			
City's proportionate share						
of the net OPEB (asset)	\$(1,004,330)	\$(965,253)	\$(953,701)			

Changes between Measurement Date and Report Date

During 2021, the OPERS Board made various changes to assumptions for the actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021. The effects of these changes are unknown.

Actuarial Assumptions – OPF

OPF's total OPEB liability as of December 31, 2020 is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of January 1, 2020, and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The total OPEB liability is determined by OP&F's actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual valuation. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, salary increases, disabilities, retirements and employment terminations. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results, are presented below.

Valuation Date	January 1, 2020, with acrual liabilities rolled forward to December 31, 2020
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Acturial Assumptions	
Investment Rate of Return	8.00%
Wage Inflation	3.25%
Projected Salary Increases	3.75% to 10.50%
Single Discount Rate:	
Current Measurement Date	2.96%
Prior Measurement Date	3.56%
Cost of Living Adjustements	2.2% Simple per year

Mortality for non-disabled participants is based on the RP-2014 Total Employee and Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, and projected with the Buck Modified 2016 Improvement Scale. Rates are adjusted as follows, surviving beneficiaries are adjusted by 120%.

Age	Police	Fire		
67 or less	77%	68%		
68-77	105%	87%		
78 and up	115%	120%		

Mortality for disabled retirees is based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, and projected with the Conduent Modified 2016 Improvement Scale. Rates are adjusted as follows.

Age	Police	Fire
59 or less	35%	35%
60-69	60%	45%
70-79	75%	70%
80 and up	100%	90%

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended December 31, 2016.

NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in the Statement of Investment Policy. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expected. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

Best estimates of the long-term expected real rates of return for each major asset class included in OPF's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2020 are summarized below:

	Target	Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash and Cash Equivalents	0.00%	0.00%
Domestic Equity	21.00%	4.10%
Non-US Equity	14.00%	4.80%
Private Markets	8.00%	6.40%
Core Fixed Income*	23.00%	0.90%
High Yield Fixed Income	7.00%	3.00%
Private Credit	5.00%	4.50%
US Inflation Linked Bonds*	17.00%	0.70%
Midstream Energy Infrastructure	5.00%	5.60%
Real Assets	8.00%	5.80%
Gold	5.00%	1.90%
Private Real Estate	12.00%	5.30%
	125.00%	

* levered 2x

Note: Assumptions are geometric

OP&F's Board of Trustees has incorporated the risk parity concept into OP&F's asset liability valuation with the goal of reducing equity risk exposure, which reduces overall Total Portfolio risk without sacrificing return, and creating a more risk-balanced portfolio based on the relationship between asset classes and economic environments. From the notional portfolio perspective above, the Total Portfolio may be levered up to 1.2 times due to the application of leverage in certain fixed income asset classes.

Discount Rate For 2020, the total OPEB liability was calculated using the discount rate of 2.96 percent. For 2019, the total OPEB liability was calculated using the discount rate of 3.56 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contribution from employers and from members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the longer-term assumed investment rate of return of 8 percent. Based on those assumptions, OP&F's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, a municipal bond rate of 2.12 percent at December 31, 2020 and 2.75 percent at December 31, 2019, was blended with the long-term rate of 8 percent, which resulted in a blended discount rate of 2.96 percent for 2020 and 3.56 percent for 2019. The municipal bond rate was determined using the Bond Buyers General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rate. The OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected OPEB payments until 2037. The long-term expected rate of return on

NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

health care investments was applied to projected costs through 2037, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all health care costs after that date.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 2.96 percent, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (1.96 percent), or one percentage point higher (3.96 percent) than the current rate.

	Current						
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase				
	1.96%		3.96%				
City's proportionate share							
of the net OPEB liability	\$ 4,024,151	\$ 3,212,026	\$ 2,569,834				

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate

The total OPEB liability is based on a medical benefit that is a flat dollar amount; therefore, it is unaffected by a health care cost trend rate. An increase or decrease in the trend rate would have no effect on the total OPEB liability.

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM DEBT AND OTHER LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Long-term debt and other long-term obligations of the City at December 31, 2021 were as follows:

			De	Balance ecember 31, 2020	Additions	((Reductions)	D	Balance ecember 31, 2021		Due Within One Year
Business-Typ	ne Activities:			2020	 7 Idditions		reductions		2021		One rear
	Direct Borrowings:										
3.25%	3	2010	\$	1,020,301	\$ 0	\$	(93,287)	\$	927,014	\$	96,344
2.80%	3	2012		1,017,000	 0		(72,398)		944,602		74,439
	Total Loans Pay	able		2,037,301	0		(165,685)		1,871,616		170,783
G.O. Bonds 2.16%	Direct Placements G.O. Bonds Payable			13,222	0		(13,222)		0		0
Net Pension											
	Employees Retirement Syst	tem		4,667,973	0		(1,122,092)		3,545,881		0
Ohio Police	e and Fire Pension System			96,369	 2,068		0 (1.122.022)		98,437		0
	Total Net Pension Liability	T		4,764,342	 2,068		(1,122,092)		3,644,318		0
	iability(Asset):			2 210 515	0		(2.210.515)		0		
	Employees Retirement Syst	tem		3,310,515	1 160		(3,310,515)		15 200		0
Onio Police	e and Fire Pension System Total Net OPEB Liability			14,131 3,324,646	 1,169 1,169		(3,310,515)		15,300 15,300		0
	Total Net OFEB Liability			3,324,040	1,109		(3,310,313)		15,500		U
Capital Leas	es Direct Borrowings			6,070,164	0		(707,674)		5,362,490		728,056
Landfill Liab	oility			1,272,921	14,319		(79,683)		1,207,557		432,065
Compensate				808,072	886,268		(808,072)		886,268		75,837
-	ss Type Activities		•	18,290,668	 \$ 903,824		\$(6,206,943)	•	12,987,549		5 1,406,741
Total Dusine	ss Type Activities		Ψ	10,270,000	 \$ 703,02 1		\$(0,200,743)	Ψ	12,767,547		7,700,771
Governments	al Activities Long-Term De	ht۰									
	Direct Placements	Dt.									
2.16%		2011	\$	104,800	\$ 0	\$	(104,800)	\$	0	\$	0
2.49%		2016		550,000	0		(100,000)		450,000		100,000
2.31%		2017		745,000	0		(100,000)		645,000		100,000
1.44%	•	2020		458,247	 0		(112,117)		346,130		113,732
	Total G.O. Bonds Payable			1,858,047	 0		(416,917)		1,441,130		313,732
	ublic Offerings										
		2015		6,295,000	0		(290,000)		6,005,000		290,000
Premium on	-	2015		313,680	 0		(16,509)		297,171		16,509
	Total G.O. Bonds Payable			6,608,680	 0		(306,509)		6,302,171	_	306,509
Local Gover	nment Innovation Fund	2013		160,000	0		(40,000)		120,000		40,000
Special Obig	gation Notes	2021		0	3,350,000		0		3,350,000		0
Net Pension											
	e Employees Retirement Syst	tem		5,924,538	0		(1,426,696)		4,497,842		0
Ohio Police	e and Fire Pension System			20,108,982	 556,968		0	_	20,665,950		0
	Total Net Pension Liability	7		26,033,520	 556,968		(1,426,696)		25,163,792		0
Net OPEB L											
	Employees Retirement Syst	tem		4,201,680	0		(4,201,680)		0		0
Onio Police	e and Fire Pension System			2,948,561	 248,165		(4.201.690)		3,196,726		0
	Total Net OPEB Liability			7,150,241	248,165		(4,201,680)		3,196,726		
	es Direct Borrowings			20,215	0		(20,215)		0		0
Compensate	d Absences			2,018,946	 2,147,602		(2,018,946)		2,147,602		255,620
Total Govern	nmental Activities		\$	43,849,649	 \$ 6,302,735		\$(8,430,963)	\$	41,721,421		\$ 915,861
						-		_			

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM DEBT AND OTHER LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

A. Principal and Interest Requirements

Principal and Interest requirements to retire long-term obligations outstanding at December 31, 2021 are as follows:

	Governmental Activities							
	General Obligation Bonds		GO Bonds - Direct Placements		Special Obligation Notes		LGIF	
Years	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal*	Interest	Principal	
2022	290,000	220,200	313,732	30,466	3,350,000	29,231	40,000	
2023	310,000	211,350	320,368	24,029	0	0	40,000	
2024	315,000	202,200	322,030	17,452	0	0	40,000	
2025	260,000	192,750	210,000	10,851	0	0	0	
2026	265,000	184,950	160,000	5,820	0	0	0	
2027-2031	1,490,000	757,150	115,000	2,656	0	0	0	
2032-2036	1,815,000	433,950	0	0	0	0	0	
2037-2039	1,260,000	89,250	0	0	0	0	0	
Totals	\$ 6,005,000	\$ 2,291,800	\$ 1,441,130	\$ 91,274	\$ 3,350,000	\$ 29,231	\$ 120,000	

^{*} The \$3,350,000 due in 2022 was not reported as due within one year becuase the notes were refinanced before the issuance of this report.

Business-Type Activities

-				
	Loans from Direct			
	Borrow	rings		
	Principal	Interest		
2022	170,783	55,283		
2023	176,037	50,027		
2024	181,456	44,609		
2025	187,042	39,024		
2026	192,800	33,265		
2027-2031	865,195	76,589		
2032-2036	98,303 2.			
2037-2039	0	0		
T-4-1-	Ф 1 071 <i>(</i> 1 <i>(</i>	# 200 066		
Totals	\$ 1,871,616	\$ 300,866		

B. General Obligation Bond

In 2000, the City issued \$1,400,000 of general obligations bonds to fund street improvements in our Industrial park and to pay off its unfunded police and fire pension liability. The City received a discount from the Police and Fire Pension Fund for paying off the unfunded police and fire pension obligation. The City had an option to call in the bonds after June 1st of 2010 and after carefully evaluating the options decided to do so. The City then in a refunding issued \$920,000 of new bonds at a lower rate for a 10-year period. The last of these bonds matured in 2020. In 2011, the City issued additional general obligation bonds in the amount of \$1,074,000.

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM DEBT AND OTHER LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

In this instance the bonds were privately placed with PNC bank rather than publicly offered. These bonds were issued for the purpose of making improvements to infrastructure at the City's feature park, and to purchase backup generators for City Hall and the Public Service Center.

In 2015, the City issued additional general obligation bonds in the amount of \$8,000,000. This was a public offering, for which the proceeds of the bonds were to be used in the construction of a new City Administration Building, as well as rehab the current City Hall into a Justice Center. In 2016, the City issued additional general obligation bonds in the amount of \$1,000,000, This issuance was a privately placed with Huntington bank. These bonds were issued for the purpose of making improvements to a number of the City's parks. In 2017 the City issued bonds in the amount of \$1,025,000 which were privately placed with Branch Banking and Trust Company (BB&T) Bank. The City used the bond proceeds to lease a portion of a new multiuse facility which will house a new YMCA, a new Senior and Adult Recreation Center, and facilities for Clark State and Central State Universities. The City entered into a lease agreement with the YMCA who will own the new facility for rights to certain space. The City then will sub-lease that space to the Senior and Adult recreation center. In 2020 the City issued Bonds totaling 573,522 to build Innovation Way which connects State Route 68 to a new industrial park. The road also provides access to a new Greene County Career Center on property adjacent to the industrial park. The Career Center will enhance workforce development in the community while the new industrial park should add jobs to the City tax base. This bond was privately placed with Zions Bancorporation, N.A.

C. Special Obligation Notes

The City issued special obligation notes in the amount of \$3,350,000 for the purpose of paying the cost of acquiring leasehold interests of buildings in the Towne Square, for which the City already owned the land, giving the City full site control of the property.

D. Sewer Loans Payable

The City has three loans with the Ohio Water Development Authority. The loans were used to make improvements at each of the City's two wastewater treatment plants. One loan funded improvements made in 2001, this loan was paid in full in 2020 and is no longer outstanding. The two outstanding loans financed more recent improvements which began in 2010 and were completed in 2013.

In the event of default of payment on these sewer loans the lender may:

- (a) declare the full amount of the then unpaid Project Participation Principal Amount to be immediately due and payable;
- (b) to the extent permitted under any judgment, consent order, or agreement affecting the Borrower, require the Borrower to agree to effect the subordination of the payment of any fine or penalties imposed for the violation of any federal, state, or local environmental law or regulation to the payment of the Eligible Project Costs and the interest due thereon.

All costs incurred by the lender in curing such default including, but not limited to, court costs and attorney's fees shall be paid by the Borrower upon demand.

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM DEBT AND OTHER LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

E. Local Government Innovation Fund

In 2013 the City of Xenia acquired a zero interest loan from the State of Ohio as a part of a collaborative agreement with three other local government entities. The loan proceeds were to be used to fund a portion of a capital project to upgrade the dispatch center's radio system. The total loan amount was \$400,000, each entity receiving \$100,000. The loan will be repaid over a ten year period.

In the event of default of Payment of the Local Government Innovation Fund the lender may:

- (a) declare all unpaid principal of and accrued and unpaid interest on the Note and all other amounts payable to the lender under the Loan Documents to be immediately due and payable.
- (b) pursue all remedies the lender may have under the Agreement, the Note and any other Loan Documents or otherwise existing at law or in equity to collect all amounts then due (including by acceleration) and to enforce the performance of any other obligation or agreement of Borrower under the Loan Documents.

F. Liquidation of Personnel Liabilities

Compensated Absences will be paid from the fund from which the person is paid. Historically, this is the General Fund, a Special Revenue Fund, or an Enterprise Fund. The Police and Fire Fund would be responsible to repay the largest portion of the liability, as it has the most employees.

Net Pension Liability and Net OPEB Liability represents the long-term portion of the accrued liability associated with OPERS and OP&F pension liability. These items will be repaid from the funds from which the employees are paid. Historically, this is the General Fund, a Special Revenue Fund, or an Enterprise Fund. The Police and Fire Fund would be responsible to repay the largest portion of the liabilities, as it has the most employees.

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NOTE 12 – LEASES

A. Capital Leases

Under capital lease arrangements the City has pledged several assets as collateral for debt. Those items pledged as collateral include approximately 10,000 water meters and a fixed based meter reading system, a 2016 medic unit, and two water towers. The cost of these capital leases are related to Business Activities capital assets with the exception of the 2016 medic unit which can be attributed to the Governmental Activities. There is a small amount of lease proceeds that are still in escrow which are accounted for on the financials as cash with fiscal agent. In the event of default of payment those lease proceeds on deposit must be paid to the lender immediately. The related liabilities are included in amounts due within one year and amounts due in more than one year. The original cost of the assets acquired under capital lease was \$9,731,259 and the book value at December 31, 2021 was \$8,246,635 The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments under the capital leases together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2021:

Business Type
Activities
\$ 855,047
690,531
690,531
690,531
690,531
2,328,802
5,945,973
(583,483)
\$ 5,362,490

NOTE 12 – LEASES (Continued)

B. Operating Leases

The City leases machinery and equipment, primarily vehicles, under operating agreements that expire at various dates through 2026. Payments on operating leases were \$44,011 during 2021. The following is a schedule of future minimum rental payments of non-cancellable operating leases:

Year Ending December 31,	Amount
2022	\$ 23,921
2023	\$ 38,080
2024	\$ 38,080
2025	\$ 29,932
2026	\$ 20,077

NOTE 13 - SOLID WASTE LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE CARE COSTS

In 1991, the City stopped accepting waste at the City of Xenia Landfill. EPA required the City to place a final cover on the landfill site as well as perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. For the year ended December 31, 2021 the City re-evaluated the outstanding liability related to post closure care costs. The City's new estimated accrued liability (per GASB 18) for post-closure costs related to the closed City landfill is \$1,207,557 These costs are funded by a component of the city Sanitation rate. The estimated costs of postclosure care are subject to changes corresponding to the effects of inflation, revision of laws and other variables.

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NOTE 14 – COMMITMENTS

A. Contractual Commitments

As of December 31, 2021, the City had the following commitments with respect to capital projects:

Project:	Commitment Amount
E Church/N Columbus Intrsection Improvements	\$ 43,042
Citywide GIS Implementation Plan	\$ 24,266
Fairgrounds Rd/Country Club Dr Water Main Design	\$ 7,560
Meter Reading Project	\$ 257,079
Redevelopment-Wells #1/#9	\$ 257,079
2020 Pole Barn Project	\$ 46,283
Sewer Slip Lining Project	\$ 34,222
Wastewater Master Plan	\$ 7,575
Concrete Tank Rehab Project	\$ 70,692
2020 Fiber Project	\$ 161,593

B. Encumbrances

Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to ensure effective budgetary control and accountability, as well as to facilitate effective cash planning and control. At December 31, 2021 the City reported \$363,070 and \$317,267 of encumbrances in the General and Capital Improvement Funds, respectively. The Capital Improvement Fund had an encumbrances of for vehicle replacements and minor amounts remaining on street projects. The remaining governmental funds reported a total of \$1,570,359 in outstanding encumbrances at that date. The largest portion of these funds were encumbered in the Police and Fire Capital Fund, with an encumbrance of \$603,234 for the fund. The fund encumbered \$535,000 by the Fire Division for purchase of a Fire Engine.

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NOTE 15 – JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Xenia Township - City of Xenia JEDD-1 Joint Economic Development District

In 2010, an Economic Development District was created when the City of Xenia and Xenia Township entered into an agreement to create the JEDD, its purpose being to facilitate economic development to create or preserve jobs and employment opportunities and to improve the economic welfare of the District. The district is comprised of two parcels owned by the Xenia Community School District. The Board is comprised of five members: one member being appointed by the City, one member appointed by the Township, one member appointed by the school district, one member representing those who work in the district, and one member appointed by the other four members.

The board was granted the authority to adopt a resolution to levy an income tax with the district in accordance with ORC 715.74. The City entered into an agreement with the board to collect the income tax. The City distributes semi-annually income tax revenue generated from the payroll of Xenia Community schools or contractual services for construction or repair of buildings. Income tax revenues distributed to the JEDD Board, the Township, and the City are to be used to encourage and support the operations of the District, the Township, or the City, including, but not limited to, general governmental services, maintaining and improving infrastructure facilities, providing safety and health services, providing urban and economic development planning, engineering, counseling, consulting, marketing and financing services, and generally improving the environment for those working and residing in the District, the Township, or the City. Financial information can be obtained from JEDD-1 Treasurer Ryan K Duke, 107 E. Main Street, Xenia, Ohio 45385.

Miami Valley Regional Planning Commission

The Miami Valley Regional Planning Commission (the Commission) is a jointly governed organization between Preble, Clark, Clinton, Darke, Greene, Miami, and Montgomery counties, and various cities residing within these counties. The Commission prepares plans, including studies, maps, recommendations, and reports concerning the physical, environmental, social, economic, and governmental characteristics, functions, and services of the region. These reports show recommendations for systems of transportation, highways, parks and recreational facilities, water supply, sewage disposal, garbage disposal, civic centers, and other public improvements and land uses that affect the development of the region.

The degree of control exercised by any participating government is limited to its representation on the Board. Members of the Board are as follows: the officers of the Commission (elected by member representatives), the immediate past Chair of the Commission, the Commission member representing the City of Dayton, the Commission member representing each of the respective member counties, the representatives selected by each county caucus, a nongovernmental member, and two at-large representatives. The Board exercises total control over the operations of the Commission including budgeting, appropriating, contracting and designating management. Payments to the Commission are made from the General Fund. The City contributed \$11,831 for the operation of the Commission during 2021. Financial information may be obtained by writing to Brian Martin, Executive Director, 10 N Ludlow Street, Suite 700, Dayton, Ohio 45402.

NOTE 15 – JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS (Continued)

Greene County Agencies for Combined Enforcement (ACE Task Force)

The Greene County Agencies for Combined Enforcement (ACE Task Force) is a jointly governed organization comprised of the Greene County Sheriff's Office; the Beavercreek, Fairborn, Xenia, Yellow Springs and Sugarcreek Township Police Departments; and Greene County Prosecutor's Office. The ACE Task Force is a multi-jurisdictional, multi-disciplinary partnership to share information and resources in order to target the flow of illegal drugs and organized criminal activity into Ohio communities, ensuring the safety and security of Ohio's citizens. The Board exercises total control over the operations of the Commission including budgeting, appropriating, contracting and designating management. Each member's degree of control is limited to representation on the Board. Payments to the Task Force are made from the Law Enforcement Fund. The City contributed \$20,000 during 2021. Financial information can be obtained from Greene County Agencies for Combined Enforcement (ACE Task Force), Commander Scott J. Anger, 120 E. Main Street, Xenia, Ohio 45385.

NOTE 16 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The City of Xenia is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, and natural disasters for which the City of Xenia participates in the Public Entities Pool of Ohio "PEP" (See Note 18) that provides property and liability coverage to public entities in the state of Ohio. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage in any category of risk over the prior year. The amount of any settlements has not exceeded insurance coverage over the past three years.

The City is also exposed to a risk of loss related to employee health care costs. The City is self-insured for employee health care benefits. The program is administered by Custom Design Benefits., which provides claims review, processing services and maintains contracted rates with certain provider networks. The self-insurance program is accounted for in the Self-Insurance Fund, which is an internal service fund. The City has recorded a liability for incurred by unreported claims at year end based on a Claim Lag Study Report by Custom Design Benefits. The City has purchased stop-loss insurance coverage with a specific deductible of \$100,000 per insured individual, with a plan aggregate limit of \$1,000,000, to limit the City's liability. The liability for unpaid health care claims after December 31, 2021 was \$244,741.

NOTE 17 - CONTINGENCIES

The City is defendant in various court actions, but it is either covered by insurance or the amount involved is not material in relation to the financial statements.

The City participates in several federally assisted programs (principally Community Development Block Grants and Urban Development Action Grants) which are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. The grantor agencies, at their option, may perform economy and efficiency audits, program results audits or conduct monitoring visits. Such audits and visits could lead to reimbursement to the grantor agencies. Management believes such reimbursements, if any, would not be material.

NOTE 18 - PUBLIC ENTITES POOL OF OHIO

The City belongs to the Public Entities Pool of Ohio (PEP), a risk-sharing pool available to Ohio local governments. PEP provides property and casualty coverage for its members. York Insurance Services Group, Inc. (York) functions as the administrator of PEP and provides underwriting, claims, loss control, risk management, and reinsurance services for PEP. PEP is a member of the American Public Entity Excess Pool (APEEP), which is also administered by York. Member governments pay annual contributions to fund PEP. PEP pays judgments, settlements and other expenses resulting from covered claims that exceed the members' deductibles.

Casualty and Property Coverage

APEEP provides PEP with an excess risk-sharing program. Under this arrangement, PEP retains insured risks up to an amount specified in the contracts. At December 31, 2020 (most recent information available), PEP retained \$350,000 for casualty claims and \$100,000 for property claims.

The aforementioned casualty and property reinsurance agreement does not discharge PEP's primary liability for claims payments on covered losses. Claims exceeding coverage limits are the obligation of the respective government.

Financial Position

PEP's financial statements (audited by other auditor's) conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and net position at December 31, 2020 (most recent information available).

	2020
Assets	\$ 57,336,499
Liabilities	(16,156,805)
Net Position	\$ 41,179,694

At December 31, 2020 the liabilities above include approximately \$13.5 million of estimated incurred claims payable. The assets above also include approximately \$14.1 million of unpaid claims to be billed. The Pool's membership increased to 571 members in 2020 (most recent information available). These amounts will be included in future contributions from members when the related claims are due for payment. As of December 31, 2021, the Government's share of these unpaid claims collectible in future years is approximately \$168,872.

Based on discussions with PEP, the expected rates PEP charges to compute member contributions, which are used to pay claims as they become due, are not expected to change significantly from those used to determine the historical contributions detailed below. By contract, the annual liability of each member is limited to the amount of financial contributions required to be made to PEP for each year of membership. The City made a premium payment of \$261,596 to PEP during 2021.

After one year of membership, a member may withdraw on the anniversary of the date of joining PEP, if the member notifies PEP in writing 60 days prior to the anniversary date. Upon withdrawal, members are eligible for a full or partial refund of their capital contributions, minus the subsequent year's contribution. Withdrawing members have no other future obligation to PEP. Also upon withdrawal, payments for all casualty claims and claim expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim occurred or was reported prior to the withdrawal.

NOTE 18 – PUBLIC ENTITES POOL OF OHIO (Continued)

Changes in claims activity for employee health care benefits for 2021 is as follows:

Balance at Beginning of Year	Current Year Claims	Claim Payments	Balance End of Year	
\$ 264,320	\$ 2,165,670	\$ 2,185,249	\$ 244,741	

NOTE 19 - ASSET RETIREMENT OBLIGATION

Ohio Revised Code Section 6111.44 requires the City to submit any changes to their sewage treatment system to the Ohio EPA for approval. Through this permitting process, the City would be responsible to address any public safety issues associated with their sewage treatment facilities and the permit would specify the procedures required to dispose of all or part of the sewage treatment plants. At this time, the City has no approved permit from Ohio EPA, nor does the City have plans to apply for a permit in the foreseeable future related to the disposal of all or part of their sewage treatment plants. Due to the lack of specific legal requirements for retiring the sewage treatment plants, the City has determined that the amount of the Asset Retirement Obligation cannot be reasonably estimated at this time.

NOTE 20 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In February of 2022 the City issued \$3.35 million in special obligation non-tax revenue notes (first renewal) for the purchase of a leasehold interest of property in the downtown. The City has for many decades owned a large portion of land in the downtown but leased the property to various lessees who constructed facilities on the land. The City owned the land but the lessee owned the improvements and had a right to renew the leases indefinitely. Several of the properties had suffered from a lack of reinvestment in the property for some time now. Disinterested building owners had left several properties vacant and others in poor repair. This had a very negative impact on the vibrancy of the downtown. The City was presented an opportunity to acquire the buildings and the leasehold interest for a large portion of the downtown development. The City issued notes for acquisition with the intention of a large redevelopment initiative in the downtown. Lease revenues from current tenants are being used to offset the cost of operating the development until such a time as the property can be repositioned.

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NOTE 21 - CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

For fiscal year 2021, the City implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 89 establishing that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. As a result, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period will not be included in the historical cost of a capital asset reported in a business-type activity or enterprise fund. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 89 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the City.

GASB Statement No. 98 establishes the term annual comprehensive financial report and its acronym ACFR. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 98 affected terminology used in this financial Report

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\underline{R} equired \underline{S} upplementary \underline{I} information

Schedule of City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Last Eight Years

Year	2014	2015	2016	2017
City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.054554%	0.054554%	0.055075%	0.055917%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 6,431,206	\$ 6,579,822	\$ 9,539,641	\$ 12,697,822
City's covered payroll	\$ 6,880,346	\$ 6,687,167	\$ 6,854,608	\$ 7,379,908
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	93.47%	98.39%	139.17%	172.06%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	86.36%	86.45%	81.08%	77.25%

Source: Finance Director's Office and the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

Year	2014	2015	2016	2017
City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.3134450%	0.3134450%	0.307138%	0.305787%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 15,265,754	\$ 16,237,757	\$ 19,758,392	\$ 19,368,247
City's covered payroll	\$ 6,836,505	\$ 6,433,998	\$ 6,562,778	\$ 7,324,395
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	223.30%	252.37%	301.07%	264.43%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	73.00%	72.20%	66.77%	68.36%

Source: Finance Director's Office and the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

Notes: The City implemented GASB Statement 68 in 2015.

Information prior to 2014 is not available.

The schedule is reported as of the measurement date of the Net Pension Liability.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

2018	2019	2020	2021
0.054282%	0.055081%	0.053590%	0.054321%
Φ 0 515 050	Φ 15 005 4 5 0	Ф 10 502 51 4	Ф.О. О.42. 7 2.7
\$ 8,515,852	\$ 15,085,478	\$ 10,592,514	\$ 8,043,727
\$ 7,304,444	\$ 7,681,950	\$ 7,694,843	\$ 7,764,886
116.58%	196.38%	137.66%	103.59%
84.66%	74.70%	82.17%	86.88%
84.00%	/4./0%	82.1 / %	80.88%
2018	2019	2020	2021
0.301725%	0.307293%	0.299937%	0.304593%
ф 10 5 10 22 6	# 25 002 222	# 20 20 5 2 40	\$ 20 5(4.202
\$ 18,518,226	\$ 25,083,232	\$ 20,205,349	\$ 20,764,383
\$ 6,584,452	\$ 6,932,895	\$ 7,098,981	\$ 7,423,686
281.24%	361.80%	284.62%	279.70%
70.91%	63.07%	69.89%	70.65%
/0.9170	03.0770	07.0770	70.0370

Schedule of City's Pension Contributions Last Nine Years

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System					
Year	2013	2014	2015	2016	
Contractually required contribution	\$ 894,445	\$ 802,460	\$ 822,553	\$ 885,589	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	894,445	802,460	822,553	885,589	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	
City's covered payroll	\$ 6,880,346	\$ 6,687,167	\$ 6,854,608	\$ 7,379,908	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	13.00%	12.00%	12.00%	12.00%	

Source: Finance Director's Office and the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

Year	2013	2014	2015	2016
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,167,675	\$ 1,309,962	\$ 1,318,462	\$ 1,391,635
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	1,167,675	1,309,962	1,318,462	1,391,635
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
City's covered payroll	\$ 6,836,505	\$ 6,433,998	\$ 6,562,778	\$ 7,324,395
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	17.08%	20.36%	20.09%	19.00%

Source: Finance Director's Office and the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

Notes: The City implemented GASB Statement 68 in 2015. Information prior to 2013 is not available.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
	\$ 876,533	\$ 1,075,473	\$ 1,077,278	\$ 1,087,084	\$ 1,119,419
	876,533	1,075,473	1,077,278	1,087,084	1,119,419
	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
	\$ 7,304,442	\$ 7,681,950	\$ 7,694,843	\$ 7,764,886	\$ 7,995,854
	12.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%
	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
٠	\$ 1,395,238	\$ 1,470,868	\$ 1,507,011	\$ 1,579,043	\$ 1,670,580
	1,395,238	1,470,868	1,507,011	1,579,043	1,670,580
٠	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
•	\$ 6,584,452	\$ 6,932,895	\$ 7,098,981	\$ 7,423,686	\$ 7,864,716
	21.19%	21.22%	21.23%	21.27%	21.24%

Schedule of City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) Last Five Years

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Year	2017	2018
City's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)	0.056142%	0.054242%
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ 5,670,506	\$ 5,890,273
City's covered payroll	\$ 7,379,908	\$ 7,304,444
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	76.84%	80.64%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	54.04%	54.14%

Source: Finance Director's Office and the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Ohio Police and Fire OPEB Fund

Year	2017	2018
City's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)	0.3057871%	0.3017250%
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ 14,515,024	\$ 17,095,317
City's covered payroll	\$ 7,324,395	\$ 6,584,452
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	198.17%	259.63%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	15.96%	14.13%

Source: Finance Director's Office and the Ohio Police and Fire OPEB Fund

Notes: The City implemented GASB Statement 75 in 2018.

Information prior to 2017 is not available.

The schedule is reported as of the measurement date of the Net OPEB Liability.

See accompany notes to the required supplementary information.

2019	2020	2021					
0.055718%	0.054387%	0.055032%					
\$ 7,264,294	\$ 7,512,192	\$(965,253)					
\$ 7,681,949	\$ 7,694,846	\$ 7,764,883					
94.56%	97.63%	(12.43)%					
46.33%	47.80%	115.57%					
2019	2020	2021					
0.030729%	0.299937%	0.304593%					
\$ 2,798,375	\$ 2,962,695	\$ 3,212,026					
\$ 6,932,895	\$ 7,098,924	\$ 7,423,686					
40.36%	41.73%	43.27%					
46.57%	47.08%	45.42%					

Schedule of City's OPEB Contributions Last Six Years

Ohio Public Employees	Retirement System
------------------------------	--------------------------

Year	 2016	2017			
Contractually required contribution	\$ 147,598	\$ 73,044			
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 147,598	\$ 73,044			
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 0	\$ 0			
City's covered payroll	\$ 7,379,908	\$ 7,304,444			
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	2.00%	1.00%			

Source: Finance Director's Office and the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

Year	2016	2017
Contractually required contribution	\$ 36,622	\$ 32,922
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 36,622	\$ 32,922
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 0	\$ 0
City's covered payroll	\$ 7,324,395	\$ 6,584,452
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.50%	0.50%

Source: Finance Director's Office and the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

Notes: The City implemented GASB Statement 75 in 2018. Information prior to 2016 is not available

See accompany note to the required supplementary information.

2018	2019	2020	2021
\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
\$ 7,681,949	\$ 7,694,846	\$ 7,764,883	\$ 7,995,854
0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
2018	2019	2020	2021
\$ 34,664	\$ 35,495	\$ 37,118	\$ 39,324
\$ 34,664	\$ 35,495	\$ 37,118	\$ 39,324
\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
\$ 6,932,895	\$ 7,098,924	\$ 7,423,686	\$ 7,864,716
0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Note 1 – Net Pension Liability

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System Changes in Assumptions and Benefit Terms Changes in assumptions:

2021-2020: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for this period.

2019: OPERS Board adopted a change in the investment return assumption, reducing it from 7.50% to 7.20%.

2018: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions.

2017: The following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected total pension liability since the prior measurement date

- Reduction in actuarial assumed rate of return from 8.00% to 7.50%
- Decrease in wage inflation from 3.75% to 3.25%
- Change in future salary increases from a range of 4.25%-10.02% to 3.25%-10.75%

2016-2014: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions.

Changes in benefit terms:

2021-2014: There were no changes in benefit terms for this period.

Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund Changes in Assumptions and Benefit Terms

Changes in assumptions:

2021-2019: There have been no OP&F pension plan amendments adopted or changes in assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions.

2018: The following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected total pension liability since the prior measurement date.

- Reduction in actuarial assumed rate of return from 8.25% to 8.00%
- Decrease salary increases from 3.75% to 3.25%
- Change in payroll growth from 3.75% to 3.25%
- Reduce DROP interest rate from 4.5% to 4.0%
- Reduce CPI-based COLA from 2.6% to 2.2%
- Inflation component reduced from 3.25% to 2.75%

2017-2014: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions.

Changes in benefit terms:

2021-2014: There were no changes in benefit terms for the period.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Note 2 - Net OPEB Liability

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System Changes in Assumptions and Benefit Terms Changes in assumptions:

2021: The following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date:

- The single discount rate increased from 3.16 percent to 6.00 percent.
- The municipal bond rate decreased from 2.75 percent to 2.00 percent.
- The initial health care cost trend rate decreased from 10.5 percent to 8.5 percent.

2020: The following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date:

- The single discount rate decreased from 3.96 percent to 3.16 percent.
- The municipal bond rate decreased from 3.71 percent to 2.75 percent.
- The initial health care cost trend rate increased from 10.0 percent to 10.5 percent.

2019: The following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date:

- The single discount rate increased from 3.85 percent to 3.96 percent.
- The investment rate of return decreased from 6.5 percent to 6 percent.
- The municipal bond rate increased from 3.31 percent to 3.71 percent.
- The initial health care cost trend rate increased from 7.5 percent to 10 percent.

2018: The single discount rate changed from 4.23 percent to 3.85 percent.

Changes in Benefit Terms:

2021: There were no changes in benefit terms for the period.

2020: On January 15, 2020, the Board approved several changes to the health care plan offered to Medicare and pre-Medicare retirees in efforts to decrease costs and increase the solvency of the health care plan. These changes are effective January 1, 2022, and include changes to base allowances and eligibility for Medicare retirees, as well as replacing OPERS-sponsored medical plans for pre-Medicare retirees with monthly allowances, similar to the program for Medicare retirees.

2019-2018: There were no changes in benefit terms for the period.

Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund Changes in Assumptions and Benefit Terms Changes in assumptions:

2021: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions. The single discount rate changed from 3.56% to 2.96%.

2020: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions. The single discount rate changed from 4.66% to 3.56%.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Note 2 - Net OPEB Liability (continued)

2019: Beginning January 1, 2019 OP&F changed its retiree health care model and the current self-insured health care plan is no longer offered. In its place will be a stipend-based health care model. OP&F has contracted with a vendor who will assist eligible retirees in choosing health care plans from their marketplace (both Medicare-eligible and pre-Medicare populations). A stipend funded by OP&F will be placed in individual Health Reimbursement Accounts that retirees will use to be reimbursed for health care expenses. As a result of changing from the current health care model to the stipend based health care model, management expects that it will be able to provide stipends to eligible participants for the next 15 years. Beginning in 2020 the Board approved a change to the Deferred Retirement Option Plan. The minimum interest rate accruing will be 2.5%. The single discount rate increased from 3.24% to 4.66% and the municipal bond rate from 3.16% to 4.13%.

2018: The single discount rate changed from 3.79% to 3.24%

Changes in benefit terms:

2021-2020: There were no changes in benefit terms for the period.

2019: See above regarding change to stipend-based model.

2018: There were no changes in benefit terms for the period.

Combining and Individual Fund <u>Statements and Schedules</u>

THE FOLLOWING COMBINING STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES INCLUDE THE MAJOR AND NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS, NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS, INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS, AND FIDUCIARY FUNDS.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

These funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessments, expendable trusts, or major capital projects) that are legally restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes.

Indigent Driver Alcohol Treatment Fund

To account for fine monies collected under DUI and driving under license suspension offenses cited under state law. The purpose of the fund is to provide funding for an indigent driver treatment program.

Law Enforcement and Education Fund

To account for fine monies collected under DUI offenses cited under state law. The purpose of the fund is to fund costs incurred while enforcing DUI laws and educate the public concerning DUI.

Probation Service Fund

To account for grant dollars received and fines and fees collected for probation service functions. Uses are restricted for community based corrections programs.

State Route Repair Fund

To account for the portion of gasoline tax and motor vehicle license fees required by state law to be used for maintenance of state highways within the City.

City Motor Vehicle License Tax Fund

To account for specific local street repairs approved by the City and funded by the permissive municipal motor vehicle license tax.

County Motor Vehicle License Tax Fund

To account for specific major street repairs approved by Greene County, Ohio and funded by the permissive County motor vehicle license tax.

Special Miscellaneous Improvements Fund

To account for revenues from lease of the Xenia Towne Square. Uses are restricted by local ordinance for permanent improvements.

Tax Increment Equivalent Fund

To account for state payments in lieu of property taxes in the Urban Renewal Zone (Xenia Towne Square). Uses are restricted by state law and local ordinance for improvements other than those directly benefiting the Urban Renewal zone.

(Continued)

Special Revenue Funds

911 Fund

To account for 911 surcharges related to wireless communications. Uses are restricted by state law to design, upgrade, purchase, lease, program, install, test, or maintain various aspects of the communication center.

Law Enforcement Fund

To account for the proceeds from sales of contraband seized during arrests on felony charges. To be used for law enforcement functions.

Drug Law Enforcement Fund

To account for proceeds of drug offenses, fines, and bond forfeitures. To be used for law enforcement functions.

Municipal Court Victim Fund

To account for revenues and expenditures related to the special fee assessed and collected by the Court to provide funding for the Victim Advocate Program for Xenia Municipal Court.

Debt Service Fund

General Obligation Bond Payment Fund

To account for the accumulation of resources and payment of general obligation bond principal and interest from governmental resources.

2015 General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund

To account for the accumulation of resources and payment of general obligation bond principal and interest for the 2015 City Administration Building construction and the Justice Center remodel. This fund was established during 2015.

Capital Projects Funds

The Capital Projects Funds are used to account for the financial resources restricted for use for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary or trust funds.

Municipal Court Capital Improvements Fund

To account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities or equipment associated with the Municipal Court. This fund was established during 1991.

Issue II Fund

To account for revenues and expenditures related to Issue II money, which is used for infrastructure projects funded and approved by the State of Ohio Public Works Commission. This fund was established during 1989.

Police/Fire Capital Improvement Fund

To account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities or equipment associated with the Public Safety.

This fund was established during 2015.

Bond Construction Fund

This fund is used to account for financial resources restricted for the construction of a new City Administration Building and rehabilitation of the current City Hall into a Justice Center. Revenue sources in the include proceed from sale of general obligation bonds.

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COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

	1	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds		Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	_	Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$	506,311	\$	4,780	\$	359,304	\$	870,395
Investments Receivables:	Ψ	994,744	Ψ	9,392	Ψ	705,906	Ψ	1,710,042
Intergovernmental		866,364		0		0		866,364
Accounts		33,894		0		90,000		123,894
Accrued interest		1,994		18		1,268		3,280
Grants		261,571		0		0		261,571
Prepaid items		15,741		0	_	126	_	15,867
Total Assets	\$	2,680,619	\$	14,190	\$	1,156,604	\$	3,851,413
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	29,009	\$	0	\$	4,456	\$	33,465
Accrued payroll		42,979		0		839		43,818
Interfund payable		133,000		0	_	9,019	_	142,019
Total Liabilities		204,988	_	0	_	14,314		219,302
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Unavailable Revenue - Other		1,016,223		4	_	90,302	_	1,106,529
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		1,016,223		4	_	90,302		1,106,529
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Fund balance								
Prepaid items		15,741		0		126		15,867
Restricted Fund Balance		1,245,674		14,186		1,051,862		2,311,722
Committed Fund Balance		197,993	_	0	_	0		197,993
Total Fund Balances		1,459,408		14,186	_	1,051,988	_	2,525,582
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Fund Balances	\$	2,680,619	\$	14,190	\$	1,156,604	\$	3,851,413

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues:				
State shared taxes and permits	\$ 294,920	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 294,920
Intergovernmental grants	306,042	0	195,338	501,380
Charges for services	8,711	0	0	8,711
Fines, costs, forfeitures, licenses and permits	301,127	0	75,478	376,605
Miscellaneous receipts and reimbursements,	100.126	170	25.040	122.252
including interest	108,126	179	25,048	133,353
Total Revenue	1,018,926	179	295,864	1,314,969
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	759,478	0	62,152	821,630
Public safety	163,003	0	0	163,003
Highways and streets	79,002	0	0	79,002
Urban redevelopment & Housing	33,878	0	0	33,878
Economic Development & Assistance	140,836	0	0	140,836
Capital outlay	995,404	0	459,281	1,454,685
Debt service:		200.000	60.215	250 215
Principal retirement	0	290,000	60,215	350,215
Interest & fiscal charges		226,000	177	226,177
Total Expenditures	2,171,601	516,000	581,825	3,269,426
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(1,152,675)	(515,821)	(285,961)	(1,954,457)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	355,000	516,000	489,143	1,360,143
Transfers out	0	(119,037)	0	(119,037)
Total other financing sources (uses)	355,000	396,963	489,143	1,241,106
Net change in fund balances	(797,675)	(118,858)	203,182	(713,351)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	2,257,083	133,044	848,806	3,238,933
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 1,459,408	\$ 14,186	\$ 1,051,988	\$ 2,525,582

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

	In	digent Driver Alcohol Treatment	_	Law Enforcement and Education		Probation Service Fund		State Route Repair		City Motor Vehicle License Tax
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$	45,064	\$	4,889	\$	17,584	¢.	126,366	•	19,258
Investments	Ф	88,534	Ф	9,602	Ф	34,545	Ф	248,273	Ф	37,831
Receivables:		00,334		9,002		34,343		246,273		37,631
Intergovernmental		0		0		0		49,677		102,434
Accounts		1,553		0		0		0		0
Accrued interest		176		18		96		454		174
Grants		0		0		73,974		0		0
Prepaid items		0		0		1,449		0		0
Total Assets	\$	135,327	\$	14,509	\$	127,648	\$	424,770	\$	159,697
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	3,300	\$	0	\$	2,264	\$	587	\$	0
Accrued payroll	Ψ	0	Ψ	0	Ψ	28,600	Ψ	1,792	Ψ	0
Interfund payable		0		0		0		0		ő
Total Liabilities		3,300	_	0	_	30,864		2,379		0
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Unavailable Revenue - Other		42		4		29,385		26,711		72,247
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		42	_	4	_	29,385		26,711		72,247
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Fund Balance										
Prepaid items		0		0		1,449		0		0
Restricted Fund Balance		131,985		14,505		65,950		395,680		87,450
Committed Fund Balance		0	_	0		0	_	0	_	0
Total Fund Balances		131,985	_	14,505	_	67,399		395,680		87,450
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Fund Balances	\$	135,327	\$	14,509	\$	127,648	\$	424,770	\$	159,697

_	County Motor Vehicle License Tax	_	Special Miscellaneous Improvements	_	Tax Increment Equivalent		911 Fund		Law Enforcement	_	Drug Law Enforcement		Municipal Court Victim		Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
\$	11,885	\$	74,463	\$	0	\$	114,407	\$	71,530	\$	11,923	\$	8,942	\$	506,311
	23,350		146,301		0		224,774		140,543		23,423		17,568		994,744
	714,253		0		0		0		0		0		0		866,364
	0		0		0		32,341		0		0		0		33,894
	42		0		0		668		278		47		41		1,994
	0		0		0		170,923		1,742		0		14,932		261,571
	0		0		1,394	_	687	_	10,000	_	0	_	2,211	_	15,741
\$	749,530	\$	220,764	\$	1,394	\$	543,800	\$	224,093	\$	35,393	\$	43,694	\$	2,680,619
\$	0	\$	22,771	\$	0	\$	23	\$	0	\$	0	\$	64	\$	29,009
	0		0		0		4,192		0		0		8,395		42,979
	133,000		0		0		0		0		0		0		133,000
	133,000		22,771		0		4,215		0		0		8,459		204,988
_	714,263	_	0		0		171,082	_	1,808	_	11		670	_	1,016,223
_	714,263	_	0	_	0		171,082		1,808	_	11		670	_	1,016,223
	0		0		1,394		687		10,000		0		2,211		15,741
	(97,733)		0		0		367,816		212,285		35,382		32,354		1,245,674
_	0	_	197,993	_	0	_	0	_	0	_	0		0	_	197,993
_	(97,733)	_	197,993	_	1,394		368,503	_	222,285	_	35,382	_	34,565	_	1,459,408
\$	749,530	\$	220,764	\$	1,394	\$	543,800	\$	224,093	\$	35,393	\$	43,694	\$	2,680,619

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Indigent Driver Alcohol Treatment	Law Enforcement and Education	Probation Service Fund	State Route Repair	City Motor Vehicle License Tax
Revenues:					
State shared taxes and permits	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 117,383	\$ 177,537
Intergovernmental grants	0	0	123,068	0	0
Charges for services	0	0	8,711	0	0
Fines, costs, forfeitures, licenses and permits	36,055	1,604	76,021	0	0
Miscellaneous receipts and reimbursements,					(600)
including interest	(525)	(46)	3,742	(745)	(608)
Total Revenue	35,530	1,558	211,542	116,638	176,929
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government	36,907	0	449,914	0	0
Public safety	0	0	0	0	0
Highways and streets	0	0	0	50,202	0
Urban redevelopment & Housing	0	0	0	0	0
Economic Development & Assistance	0	0	0	0	0
Capital outlay	0	0	0	0	342,835
Debt service:			·	· 	
Total Expenditures	36,907	0	449,914	50,202	342,835
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	(1,377)	1,558	(238,372)	66,436	(165,906)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in	0	0	230,000	0	0
Total other financing sources (uses)	0	0	230,000	0	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,377)	1,558	(8,372)	66,436	(165,906)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	133,362	12,947	75,771	329,244	253,356
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 131,985	\$ 14,505	\$ 67,399	\$ 395,680	\$ 87,450

County Motor Vehicle License Tax		Special Miscellaneous Improvements	_	Tax Increment Equivalent		911 Fund		Law Enforcement		Drug Law Enforcement	_	Municipal Court Victim		Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
\$ 0	\$	0	9	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	294,920
0		0		0		75,334		0		0		107,640		306,042
0		0		0		0		0		0		0		8,711
0		0		0		163,498		0		784		23,165		301,127
 130	_	37,576		(50)		34,234	_	32,677		(136)	_	1,877	_	108,126
 130	_	37,576	_	(50)	_	273,066	_	32,677	_	648	_	132,682	_	1,018,926
0		0		0		0		0		0		272,657		759,478
0		0		0		139,010		23,730		263		0		163,003
0		28,800		0		0		0		0		0		79,002
0		33,878		0		0		0		0		0		33,878
0		129,973		10,863		0		0		0		0		140,836
126,615		68,680		0		454,407		2,867		0		0		995,404
126,615	_	261,331	-	10,863		593,417	_	26,597	_	263	_	272,657	_	2,171,601
(126,485)		(223,755)		(10,913)		(320,351)		6,080		385		(139,975)		(1,152,675)
 0		0	_	0		0		0		0		125,000		355,000
 0	_	0		0	_	0	_	0	_	0	_	125,000		355,000
(126,485)		(223,755)		(10,913)		(320,351)		6,080		385		(14,975)		(797,675)
 28,752	_	421,748	_	12,307		688,854	_	216,205	_	34,997	_	49,540	_	2,257,083
\$ (97,733)	\$	197,993		1,394	\$	368,503	\$	222,285	\$	35,382	\$	34,565	\$	1,459,408

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

	 General Obligation Bond Payment		2015 General Obligation Bond Retirement	 Total Debt Service Funds
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables:	\$ 0 0	\$	4,780 9,392	\$ 4,780 9,392
Accrued interest	 0	_	18	 18
Total Assets	\$ 0	\$	14,190	\$ 14,190
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable Revenue - Other	 0	_	4	 4_
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 0	_	4	 4
Fund Balances: Restricted Fund Balance	 0	_	14,186	 14,186
Total Fund Balances	 0		14,186	 14,186
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Fund Balances	\$ 0	\$	14,190	\$ 14,190

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	General Obligation Bond Payment	2015 General Obligation Bond Retirement	Total Debt Service Funds
Revenues:			
Miscellaneous receipts and reimbursements,			450
including interest	\$ (1,244)	\$ 1,423	\$ 179
Total Revenue	(1,244)	1,423	179
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Debt service:			
Principal retirement	0	290,000	290,000
Interest & fiscal charges	0	226,000	226,000
Total Expenditures	0	516,000	516,000
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			
over expenditures	(1,244)	(514,577)	(515,821)
Other financing sources (uses):			
Transfers in	0	516,000	516,000
Transfers out	(119,037)	0	(119,037)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(119,037)	516,000	396,963
Net change in fund balances	(120,281)	1,423	(118,858)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	120,281	12,763	133,044
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 0	\$ 14,186	\$ 14,186

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Municipal Court Capital Improvements	Issue II	Police/Fire Capital	Bond Construction	Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables:	\$ 153,709 301,980	\$ 309 607	\$ 201,014 394,923	\$ 4,272 8,396	\$ 359,304 705,906
Accounts Accrued interest Prepaid items	0 571 126	0 0 0	90,000 676 0	0 21 0	90,000 1,268 126
Total Assets	\$ 456,386	\$ 916	\$ 686,613	\$ 12,689	\$ 1,156,604
Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued payroll Interfund payable Total Liabilities Deferred Inflows of Resources:	\$ 4 839 0 843	9,019	\$ 4,452 0 0 4,452	0 0	\$ 4,456 839 9,019 14,314
Unavailable Revenue - Other Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	136	0	90,161	5	90,302
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Fund balance			70,101		70,302
Prepaid items Restricted Fund Balance	126 455,281	(8,103)	592,000	12,684	126 1,051,862
Total Fund Balances	455,407	(8,103)	592,000	12,684	1,051,988
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Fund Balances	\$ 456,386	\$ 916	\$ 686,613	\$ 12,689	\$ 1,156,604

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Municipal Court Capital Improvements	Issue II	Police/Fire Capital	Bond Construction	Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental grants	\$ 22,970	\$ 172,368	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 195,338
Fines, costs, forfeitures, licenses and permits	75,478	0	0	0	75,478
Miscellaneous receipts and reimbursements,	(1.270)	(11)	26.662	(224)	25.049
including interest	(1,379)	(11)	26,662	(224)	25,048
Total Revenue	97,069	172,357	26,662	(224)	295,864
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government	46,974	0	15,178	0	62,152
Capital outlay	3,951	181,387	267,066	6,877	459,281
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	0	0	60,215	0	60,215
Interest & fiscal charges	0		177	0	177
Total Expenditures	50,925	181,387	342,636	6,877	581,825
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	46,144	(9,030)	(315,974)	(7,101)	(285,961)
		,	, ,	,	, ,
Other financing sources (uses):	0		400 142		400 142
Transfers in	0	0	489,143	0	489,143
Total other financing sources (uses)	0	0	489,143	0	489,143
Net change in fund balances	46,144	(9,030)	173,169	(7,101)	203,182
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	409,263	927	418,831	19,785	848,806
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 455,407	\$ (8,103)	\$ 592,000	\$ 12,684	\$ 1,051,988



Total City Law Department

	GENERAL FUND						Variance with Final Budget	
		Original Budget	_	Final Budget	_	Actual		Positive (Negative)
Revenues:								
Municipal Income Taxes	\$	6,310,862	\$	6,310,862	\$	6,260,646	\$	(50,216)
Other Local Taxes		1,384,135		1,384,135		1,439,679		55,544
State Shared Taxes and Permits		982,089		982,089		1,252,944		270,855
Charges for Services		104,600		104,600		150,465		45,865
Fines, Costs, Forfeitures, Licenses and Permits Miscellaneous Receipts and Reimbursements,		1,006,650		1,006,650		874,290		(132,360)
Including Interest		373,686		373,686		376,386		2,700
Total Revenues		10,162,022		10,162,022		10,354,410	_	192,388
Expenditures:								
General Government:								
City Council and General Government:								
Personnel Services		38,459		38,459		37,286		1,173
General Operating Expenses		16,447		16,447		11,213		5,234
Contractual Services		152,384		152,384		103,010		49,374
Materials and Supplies		4,507		4,507		2,682		1,825
Contributions		90,000		90,000		68,562		21,438
Total City Council and General Government		301,797		301,797		222,753		79,044
Municipal Court:								
Personnel Services		1,081,200		1,081,200		953,243		127,957
General Operating Expenses		34,405		40,634		34,160		6,474
Contractual Services		393,544		387,315		289,601		97,714
Materials and Supplies		19,539		19,539		13,716		5,823
Contributions		31,000		31,000		18,012		12,988
Total Municipal Court		1,559,688		1,559,688		1,308,732		250,956
City Law Department:								
Personnel Services		181,888		181,888		177,716		4,172
General Operating Expenses		5,353		4,962		3,767		1,195
Contractual Services		94,593		95,369		86,266		9,103
Materials and Supplies		4,917		4,532		2,108		2,424
**		-		-	-	-		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

286,751

286,751

269,857

	GENERAL FU	IND		
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
City Manager's Office:				
Personnel Services	153,636	153,636	148,736	4,900
General Operating Expenses	10,700	10,377	6,714	3,663
Contractual Services	21,245	21,569	16,531	5,038
Materials and Supplies	2,728	2,727	2,195	532
Total City Manager's Office	188,309	188,309	174,176	14,133
Personnel Office:				
Personnel Services	29,191	32,154	32,122	32
General Operating Expenses	2,450	2,450	604	1,846
Contractual Services	22,969	23,055	9,957	13,098
Materials and Supplies	5,886	5,800	2,592	3,208
Total Personnel Office	60,496	63,459	45,275	18,184
Finance Office:				
Personnel Services	149,914	149,914	133,840	16,074
General Operating Expenses	1,975	1,975	895	1,080
Contractual Services	59,080	65,881	62,681	3,200
Materials and Supplies	4,310	4,310	3,085	1,225
Total Finance Office	215,279	222,080	200,501	21,579
Income Tax:				
Personnel Services	37,011	38,339	38,329	10
General Operating Expenses	3,550	4,987	4,735	252
Contractual Services	352,627	421,731	401,104	20,627
Materials and Supplies	2,761	2,220	33	2,187
Total Income Tax	395,949	467,277	444,201	23,076
Municipal Building and General Services:				
Personnel Services	18,846	18,846	18,150	696
Contractual Services	284,168	303,912	237,292	66,620
Materials and Supplies	66,861	57,342	34,622	22,720
Total Municipal Building and General Services	369,875	380,100	290,064	90,036

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Deta Brancosia ar				
Data Processing: Personnel Services	177,487	177,487	175,138	2,349
Total Data Processing	177,487	177,487	175,138	2,349
Clerk of City Council:				
Personnel Services	45,268	45,268	30,544	14,724
General Operating Expenses	380	380	204	176
Contractual Services	47,182	47,182	26,993	20,189
Materials and Supplies	2,671	2,671	2,104	567
Total Clerk of City Council	95,501	95,501	59,845	35,656
Public Affairs & CATV:				
General Operating Expenses	3,000	3,000	2,550	450
Contractual Services	61,894	62,774	23,555	39,219
Materials and Supplies	13,450	12,570	9,942	2,628
Total Public Affairs & CATV	78,344	78,344	36,047	42,297
Property Maintenance:				
Personnel Services	48,841	48,883	47,632	1,251
General Operating Expenses	395	405	210	195
Contractual Services	108,116	117,372	112,685	4,687
Materials and Supplies	1,380	2,114	1,792	322
Total Property Maintenance	158,732	168,774	162,319	6,455
Cemetery:				
Contractual Services	26,550	26,550	19,040	7,510
Total Cemetery	26,550	26,550	19,040	7,510

Contractual Services 62,644 67,944 65,481 2,4 Materials and Supplies 2,350 2,150 1,113 1,1 Materials and Supplies 2,350 2,150 1,113 1,1 Materials and Supplies 4,098,417 2,1407 3,591,144 612,2 Materials and Supplies 4,098,417 4,211,477 3,599,144 612,2 Materials and Supplies 5,551 4,211,477 3,599,144 612,2 Materials and Supplies 612,2 Materials and Supplies 5,551 3,515 2,5244 10,4 Materials and Supplies 5,551 5,551 5,162 1 10,4 Materials and Supplies 10,4 Materials and Supplies 5,551 5,551 5,162 1 1 10,4 Materials and Supplies 5,551 5,551 5,162 1 1 1,6 Materials and Supplies 5,551 5,551 5,162 1 1 1,6 Materials and Supplies 5,3081 46,597 6,6 General Operating Expenses 2,000 2,831 2,809 1 1,6 Materials and Supplies 1,6 Materials and Supplies 1,2 Materials and Supplies </th <th></th> <th>Original Budget</th> <th>Final Budget</th> <th>Actual</th> <th>Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)</th>		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
General Operating Expenses 2,558 2,558 1,900 0 Contractual Services 62,644 67,944 65,481 2,9 Materials and Supplies 2,350 2,150 1,113 1,1 Total Planning 1,83,659 1,95,500 1,91,96 4,2 Public Safety: Civil Defense: Contractual Services 35,515 35,515 25,244 10,2 Materials and Supplies 5,551 5,551 5,162 1 Total Civil Defense 41,066 41,066 30,406 10,6 Engineering: Personnel Services 5,581 5,581 2,589 10,6 General Operating Expenses 2,000 2,831 2,809 6 General Operating Expenses 2,000 2,831 2,809 1 Contractual Services 70,123 69,292 60,476 8,3 Materials and Supplies 3,655 3,655 2,193 1,4 Total Engineering 128,859 128,859	Planning:				
Contractual Services 62,644 67,944 65,481 2,4 Materials and Supplies 2,350 2,150 1,113 1,1 Materials and Supplies 2,350 2,150 1,113 1,1 Materials and Supplies 4,098,417 2,1407 3,591,144 612,2 Materials and Supplies 4,098,417 4,211,477 3,599,144 612,2 Materials and Supplies 5,551 4,211,477 3,599,144 612,2 Materials and Supplies 612,2 Materials and Supplies 5,551 3,515 2,5244 10,4 Materials and Supplies 5,551 5,551 5,162 1 10,4 Materials and Supplies 10,4 Materials and Supplies 5,551 5,551 5,162 1 1 10,4 Materials and Supplies 5,551 5,551 5,162 1 1 1,6 Materials and Supplies 5,551 5,551 5,162 1 1 1,6 Materials and Supplies 5,3081 46,597 6,6 General Operating Expenses 2,000 2,831 2,809 1 1,6 Materials and Supplies 1,6 Materials and Supplies 1,2 Materials and Supplies </td <td>Personnel Services</td> <td>116,107</td> <td>122,708</td> <td>122,702</td> <td>6</td>	Personnel Services	116,107	122,708	122,702	6
Materials and Supplies 2,350 2,150 1,113 1,00 Total Planning 183,659 193,360 191,196 4,00 Total General Government 4,098,417 4,211,477 3,599,144 612,20 Public Safety: Contractual Services	General Operating Expenses	2,558	2,558	1,900	658
Total Planning 183,659 195,360 191,196 4,1 Total General Government 4,098,417 4,211,477 3,599,144 612,2 Public Safety: Contractual Services Services Services Services 35,515 35,515 25,244 10,2 Materials and Supplies 5,551 5,551 5,162 3,1 Total Civil Defense 41,066 41,066 30,406 10,0 Engineering: Personnel Services 53,081 53,081 46,597 6,6 General Operating Expenses 20,000 2,831 2,809 2,809 Contractual Services 70,123 69,292 60,476 8,3 Materials and Supplies 3,655 3,655 2,193 1,4 Total Engineering 128,859 128,859 112,075 16,5 Construction Inspection: Personnel Services 34,542 34,542 27,057 7,4 General Operating Expenses 250 250 80	Contractual Services	62,644	67,944	65,481	2,463
Public Safety: Civil Defense: Contractual Services 35,515 35,515 25,244 10,24 Materials and Supplies 5,551 5,551 5,162 5,551 Total Civil Defense 31,066 41,066 30,406 10,66 Engineering: Personnel Services 70,123 69,292 60,476 8,8 Materials and Supplies 3,655 3,655 2,193 1,4 Total Engineering 128,859 128,859 112,075 16,56 Construction Inspection: Personnel Services 34,542 34,542 27,057 7,4 General Operating Expenses 2,500 2,500 1,4 Total Engineering 3,500 3,655 3,655 3,655 3,655 Construction Inspection: Personnel Services 34,542 34,542 27,057 7,4 General Operating Expenses 2,500 2,500 80 1,500 Construction Inspection: 2,500 2,500 80 Materials and Supplies 3,655 3,655 3,655 3,655 Contractual Services 34,542 34,542 27,057 7,4 General Operating Expenses 2,500 2,500 80 1,500 Contractual Services 3,4548 3,448 5,712 1,500 Materials and Supplies 1,740 1,740 7,82 1,500 Total Public Safety 213,905 213,905 176,112 37,7 Economic Development & Assistance: Personnel Services 97,089 97,089 95,655 1,4 General Operating Expenses 9,487 9,487 1,713 7,7 Contractual Services 34,282 34,547 28,459 6,6 Materials and Supplies 4,480 4,215 3,85 3,3 Materials and Supplies 4,480 4,215 3,85 3,3 Materials and Supplies 3,480 4,215 3,85 3,3 Total Public Safety 3,487 28,459 6,6 Materials and Supplies 4,480 4,215 3,85 3,3 Materials and Supplies 4,480 4,215 3,85 3,3 Materials and Supplies 3,480 4,215 3,85 3,3 Materials and Supplies	Materials and Supplies	2,350	2,150	1,113	1,037
Public Safety: Civil Defense: Contractual Services 35,515 35,515 25,244 10,66 Materials and Supplies 5,551 5,551 5,162 3.551 Total Civil Defense 41,066 41,066 30,406 10,06 Engineering: Personnel Services 53,081 53,081 46,597 6,64 General Operating Expenses 2,000 2,831 2,809 Contractual Services 70,123 69,292 60,476 8,3 Materials and Supplies 3,655 3,655 2,193 1,4 Total Engineering 128,859 128,859 112,075 16,7 Construction Inspection: Personnel Services 34,542 34,542 27,057 7,5 General Operating Expenses 250 250 80 1 Contractual Services 7,448 7,448 5,712 1,7 Materials and Supplies 1,740 1,740 782 1,7 Materials and Supplies 1,740 1,740 782 1,7 Materials and Supplies 1,740 1,740 782 1,7 Total Construction Inspection 43,980 43,980 33,631 10,6 Total Public Safety 213,905 213,905 176,112 37,7 Economic Development & Assistance: Personnel Services 97,089 97,089 95,655 1,4 General Operating Expenses 9,487 9,487 1,713 7,7 Contractual Services 9,487 9,487 1,713 7,7 Contractual Services 34,282 34,547 28,459 6,6 Materials and Supplies 4,480 4,215 385 3,3	Total Planning	183,659	195,360	191,196	4,164
Contractual Services 35,515 35,515 25,244 10,000 Materials and Supplies 5,551 5,551 5,162 10,000 Total Civil Defense 41,066 41,066 30,406 10,000 Engineering:	Total General Government	4,098,417	4,211,477	3,599,144	612,333
Materials and Supplies 5,551 5,551 5,162 2 Total Civil Defense 41,066 41,066 30,406 10,0 Engineering: Personnel Services 53,081 53,081 46,597 6,4 General Operating Expenses 2,000 2,831 2,809 2,809 Contractual Services 70,123 69,292 60,476 8,8 Materials and Supplies 3,655 3,655 2,193 1,4 Total Engineering 128,859 128,859 112,075 16,3 Construction Inspection: Personnel Services 34,542 34,542 27,057 7,5 General Operating Expenses 250 250 80 1 Contractual Services 7,448 7,448 5,712 1,7 Materials and Supplies 1,740 1,740 782 9 Total Construction Inspection 43,980 43,980 33,631 10,3 Total Public Safety 213,905 213,905 176,112 37	•				
Total Civil Defense	Contractual Services	35,515	35,515	25,244	10,271
Total Civil Defense	Materials and Supplies	5,551	5,551	5,162	389
Personnel Services 53,081 53,081 23,081 26,090 General Operating Expenses 2,000 2,831 2,809 Contractual Services 70,123 69,292 60,476 8,8 Materials and Supplies 3,655 3,655 2,193 1,2 Total Engineering 128,859 128,859 112,075 16,5 Construction Inspection: Personnel Services 34,542 34,542 27,057 7,4 General Operating Expenses 250 250 80 1 Contractual Services 7,448 7,448 5,712 1,7 Materials and Supplies 1,740 1,740 782 9 Total Construction Inspection 43,980 43,980 33,631 10,5 Total Public Safety 213,905 213,905 176,112 37,7 Economic Development & Assistance: Personnel Services 97,089 97,089 95,655 1,4 General Operating Expenses 9,487 9,487 1,713 7,7 <		41,066	41,066	30,406	10,660
General Operating Expenses 2,000 2,831 2,809 Contractual Services 70,123 69,292 60,476 8,8 Materials and Supplies 3,655 3,655 2,193 1,4 Total Engineering 128,859 128,859 112,075 16,7 Construction Inspection: Personnel Services 34,542 34,542 27,057 7,4 General Operating Expenses 250 250 80 1 Contractual Services 7,448 7,448 5,712 1,7 Materials and Supplies 1,740 1,740 782 9 Total Construction Inspection 43,980 43,980 33,631 10,2 Total Public Safety 213,905 213,905 176,112 37,3 Economic Development & Assistance: Personnel Services 97,089 97,089 95,655 1,6 General Operating Expenses 9,487 9,487 1,713 7,7 Contractual Services 34,282 34,547 28,459 6,6	Engineering:				
Contractual Services 70,123 69,292 60,476 8,8 Materials and Supplies 3,655 3,655 2,193 1,4 Total Engineering 128,859 128,859 112,075 16,7 Construction Inspection: Personnel Services 34,542 34,542 27,057 7,5 General Operating Expenses 250 250 80 1 Contractual Services 7,448 7,448 5,712 1,7 Materials and Supplies 1,740 1,740 782 1,7 Total Construction Inspection 43,980 43,980 33,631 10,3 Total Public Safety 213,905 213,905 176,112 37,3 Economic Development & Assistance: Personnel Services 97,089 97,089 95,655 1,5 General Operating Expenses 9,487 9,487 1,713 7,7 Contractual Services 34,282 34,547 28,459 6,6 Materials and Supplies 4,480 4,215 385 <t< td=""><td>Personnel Services</td><td>53,081</td><td>53,081</td><td>46,597</td><td>6,484</td></t<>	Personnel Services	53,081	53,081	46,597	6,484
Materials and Supplies 3,655 3,655 2,193 1,4 Total Engineering 128,859 128,859 112,075 16,7 Construction Inspection: Personnel Services 34,542 34,542 27,057 7,5 General Operating Expenses 250 250 80 1 Contractual Services 7,448 7,448 5,712 1,7 Materials and Supplies 1,740 1,740 782 9 Total Construction Inspection 43,980 43,980 33,631 10,3 Total Public Safety 213,905 213,905 176,112 37,3 Economic Development & Assistance: Personnel Services 97,089 97,089 95,655 1,4 General Operating Expenses 9,487 9,487 1,713 7,5 Contractual Services 34,282 34,547 28,459 6,6 Materials and Supplies 4,480 4,215 385 3,8	General Operating Expenses	2,000	2,831	2,809	22
Total Engineering 128,859 128,859 112,075 16,7 Construction Inspection: Personnel Services 34,542 34,542 27,057 7,4 General Operating Expenses 250 250 80 1 Contractual Services 7,448 7,448 5,712 1,7 Materials and Supplies 1,740 1,740 782 9 Total Construction Inspection 43,980 43,980 33,631 10,3 Total Public Safety 213,905 213,905 176,112 37,3 Economic Development & Assistance: Personnel Services 97,089 97,089 95,655 1,4 General Operating Expenses 9,487 9,487 1,713 7,5 Contractual Services 34,282 34,547 28,459 6,6 Materials and Supplies 4,480 4,215 385 3,8	Contractual Services	70,123	69,292	60,476	8,816
Construction Inspection: Personnel Services 34,542 34,542 27,057 7,4 General Operating Expenses 250 250 80 1 Contractual Services 7,448 7,448 5,712 1,7 Materials and Supplies 1,740 1,740 782 9 Total Construction Inspection 43,980 43,980 33,631 10,3 Total Public Safety 213,905 213,905 176,112 37,3 Economic Development & Assistance: Personnel Services 97,089 97,089 95,655 1,4 General Operating Expenses 9,487 9,487 1,713 7,7 Contractual Services 34,282 34,547 28,459 6,6 Materials and Supplies 4,480 4,215 385 3,8	Materials and Supplies	3,655	3,655	2,193	1,462
Personnel Services 34,542 34,542 27,057 7,4 General Operating Expenses 250 250 80 1 Contractual Services 7,448 7,448 5,712 1,7 Materials and Supplies 1,740 1,740 782 9 Total Construction Inspection 43,980 43,980 33,631 10,3 Total Public Safety 213,905 213,905 176,112 37,7 Economic Development & Assistance: 97,089 97,089 95,655 1,6 Personnel Services 9,487 9,487 1,713 7,7 Contractual Services 34,282 34,547 28,459 6,6 Materials and Supplies 4,480 4,215 385 3,8	Total Engineering	128,859	128,859	112,075	16,784
General Operating Expenses 250 250 80 Contractual Services 7,448 7,448 5,712 1,7 Materials and Supplies 1,740 1,740 782 9 Total Construction Inspection 43,980 43,980 33,631 10,5 Total Public Safety 213,905 213,905 176,112 37,7 Economic Development & Assistance: Personnel Services 97,089 97,089 95,655 1,6 General Operating Expenses 9,487 9,487 1,713 7,7 Contractual Services 34,282 34,547 28,459 6,6 Materials and Supplies 4,480 4,215 385 3,8	Construction Inspection:				
Contractual Services 7,448 7,448 5,712 1,7 Materials and Supplies 1,740 1,740 782 9 Total Construction Inspection 43,980 43,980 33,631 10,3 Total Public Safety 213,905 213,905 176,112 37,3 Economic Development & Assistance: Personnel Services 97,089 97,089 95,655 1,4 General Operating Expenses 9,487 9,487 1,713 7,5 Contractual Services 34,282 34,547 28,459 6,6 Materials and Supplies 4,480 4,215 385 3,8	Personnel Services	34,542	34,542	27,057	7,485
Materials and Supplies 1,740 1,740 782 9 Total Construction Inspection 43,980 43,980 33,631 10,3 Total Public Safety 213,905 213,905 176,112 37,3 Economic Development & Assistance: Personnel Services 97,089 97,089 95,655 1,4 General Operating Expenses 9,487 9,487 1,713 7,7 Contractual Services 34,282 34,547 28,459 6,6 Materials and Supplies 4,480 4,215 385 3,8	General Operating Expenses	250	250	80	170
Total Construction Inspection 43,980 43,980 33,631 10,3 Total Public Safety 213,905 213,905 176,112 37,7 Economic Development & Assistance: Personnel Services 97,089 97,089 95,655 1,4 General Operating Expenses 9,487 9,487 1,713 7,7 Contractual Services 34,282 34,547 28,459 6,6 Materials and Supplies 4,480 4,215 385 3,8	Contractual Services	7,448	7,448	5,712	1,736
Total Public Safety 213,905 213,905 176,112 37,7 Economic Development & Assistance: Personnel Services 97,089 97,089 95,655 1,4 General Operating Expenses 9,487 9,487 1,713 7,7 Contractual Services 34,282 34,547 28,459 6,6 Materials and Supplies 4,480 4,215 385 3,8	Materials and Supplies	1,740	1,740	782	958
Economic Development & Assistance: Personnel Services 97,089 97,089 95,655 1,4 General Operating Expenses 9,487 9,487 1,713 7,7 Contractual Services 34,282 34,547 28,459 6,6 Materials and Supplies 4,480 4,215 385 3,5	Total Construction Inspection	43,980	43,980	33,631	10,349
Personnel Services 97,089 97,089 95,655 1,4 General Operating Expenses 9,487 9,487 1,713 7,7 Contractual Services 34,282 34,547 28,459 6,6 Materials and Supplies 4,480 4,215 385 3,8	Total Public Safety	213,905	213,905	176,112	37,793
General Operating Expenses 9,487 9,487 1,713 7,7 Contractual Services 34,282 34,547 28,459 6,6 Materials and Supplies 4,480 4,215 385 3,8	Economic Development & Assistance:				
Contractual Services 34,282 34,547 28,459 6,0 Materials and Supplies 4,480 4,215 385 3,8	Personnel Services	97,089	97,089	95,655	1,434
Materials and Supplies 4,480 4,215 385 3,8	General Operating Expenses	9,487	9,487	1,713	7,774
	Contractual Services	34,282	34,547	28,459	6,088
Total Economic Development & Assistance 145,338 145,338 126,212 19,1	Materials and Supplies	4,480	4,215	385	3,830
	Total Economic Development & Assistance	145,338	145,338	126,212	19,126

	GENERAL FU	IND		
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Highways and Streets:				
Street Lighting:				
Contractual Services	286,451	286,451	248,821	37,630
Total Highways and Streets	286,451	286,451	248,821	37,630
Urban Redevelopment and Housing:				
Personnel Services	67,131	67,131	67,063	68
General Operating Expenses	6,301	6,301	3,027	3,274
Contractual Services	32,261	32,261	8,815	23,446
Materials and Supplies	3,408	3,408	2,547	861
Total Urban Redevelopment & Housing	109,101	109,101	81,452	27,649
Recreation:				
Xenia Station:				
Contractual Services	19,083	19,083	13,382	5,701
Materials and Supplies	21,637	21,637	13,033	8,604
Total Xenia Station	40,720	40,720	26,415	14,305
General Park Maintenance:				
Personnel Services	119,552	137,266	137,229	37
General Operating Services	250	393	392	1
Contractual Services	126,386	120,921	96,655	24,266
Materials and Supplies	61,691	67,013	39,537	27,476
Total General Park Maintenance	307,879	325,593	273,813	51,780
Total Recreation	348,599	366,313	300,228	66,085
Total Expenditures	5,201,811	5,332,585	4,531,969	800,616
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	4,960,211	4,829,437	5,822,441	993,004

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers in	0	0	119,037	119,037
Transfers out	(6,613,835)	(6,613,835)	(4,859,143)	1,754,692
Advances In	1,053,000	1,053,000	0	(1,053,000)
Advances Out	(1,053,000)	(1,062,019)	(642,019)	420,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(6,613,835)	(6,622,854)	(5,382,125)	1,240,729
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,653,624)	(1,793,417)	440,316	2,233,733
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	1,876,138	1,876,138	1,876,138	0
Prior Year Encumbrances	422,512	422,512	422,512	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 645,026	\$ 505,233	\$ 2,738,966	\$ 2,233,733

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

STATE GAS AND VEHICLE LICENSE

51	AILG	AS AND VEHIC	-111	LICENSE				
		Priginal Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:								
State Shared Taxes and Permits	\$	1,520,763	\$	1,520,763	\$	1,456,864	\$	(63,899)
Charges for Services		1,000		1,000		1,030		30
Miscellaneous Receipts and Reimbursements,								
Including Interest		17,200		17,200		20,008		2,808
Total Revenues		1,538,963		1,538,963		1,477,902		(61,061)
Expenditures: Highways and Streets - Current:								
Personnel Services		1,008,226		1,008,226		916,410		91,816
General Operating		1,000		1,000		871		129
Contractual Services		279,108		281,633		226,433		55,200
Materials and Supplies		333,657		331,132		172,400		158,732
Non-governmental		2,000		2,000		0		2,000
Capital Improvements		200,000		200,000		200,000		2,000
1 1	-						_	207.977
Total Expenditures		1,823,991	_	1,823,991	_	1,516,114	_	307,877
Net Change in Fund Balance		(285,028)		(285,028)		(38,212)		246,816
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		139,510		139,510		139,510		0
Prior Year Encumbrances		149,353		149,353		149,353		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	3,835	\$	3,835	\$	250,651	\$	246,816

Total Public Safety

Numicipal Income Taxes \$ 6,313,281 \$ 6,313,281 \$ 6,171,902 \$ Cother Local Taxes 200,000 200,000 234,174 \$ State Shared Taxes and Permits 27,000 27,000 32,719 \$ Charges for Services 2,363,732 2,363,732 2,34,708 \$ Charges for Services 2,363,732 2,363,732 2,580,279 \$ Fines, Costs, Forfeitures, Licenses and Permits 7,400 7,400 100 \$ Miscellaneous Receipts and Reimbursements, Including Interest 376,935 376,935 494,472 \$ Total Revenues 9,398,348 9,398,348 9,748,354 \$ Expenditures: Personnel Services 6,501,303 6,449,923 5,970,818 \$ General Operating 49,078 47,078 23,543 \$ Contractual Services 766,946 765,447 630,536 \$ Materials and Supplies 165,751 169,250 156,364 \$ Total Police 7,483,078 7,431,698 6,781,261 \$ Fire: Personnel Services 5,788,814 5,704,067 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) (141,379) 34,174 5,719 124,708 216,547 (7,300) 117,537
Municipal Income Taxes \$ 6,313,281 \$ 6,313,281 \$ 6,171,902 \$ 0ther Local Taxes 200,000 200,000 234,174 State Shared Taxes and Permits 27,000 27,000 32,719 Intergovernmental Grants 110,000 110,000 234,708 Charges for Services 2,363,732 2,363,732 2,580,279 Fines, Costs, Forfeitures, Licenses and Permits 7,400 7,400 100 Miscellaneous Receipts and Reimbursements, Including Interest 376,935 376,935 494,472 Total Revenues 9,398,348 9,398,348 9,748,354 Expenditures: Public Safety - Current: Police: 9,398,348 9,398,348 9,748,354 Expenditures: Public Safety - Current: Police: 9,398,348 9,398,348 9,748,354 Expenditures: Public Safety - Current: Police: 9,078 47,078 23,543 Contractual Services 766,946 765,447 630,536 Materials and Supplies 165,751 169,250 <	34,174 5,719 124,708 216,547 (7,300)
Other Local Taxes 200,000 200,000 234,174 State Shared Taxes and Permits 27,000 27,000 32,719 Intergovernmental Grants 110,000 110,000 234,708 Charges for Services 2,363,732 2,363,732 2,580,279 Fines, Costs, Forfeitures, Licenses and Permits 7,400 7,400 100 Miscellaneous Receipts and Reimbursements, 376,935 376,935 494,472 Including Interest 9,398,348 9,398,348 9,748,354 Expenditures: Public Safety - Current: Police: Personnel Services 6,501,303 6,449,923 5,970,818 General Operating 49,078 47,078 23,543 Contractual Services 766,946 765,447 630,536 Materials and Supplies 165,751 169,250 156,364 Total Police 7,483,078 7,431,698 6,781,261	34,174 5,719 124,708 216,547 (7,300)
State Shared Taxes and Permits 27,000 27,000 32,719 Intergovernmental Grants 110,000 110,000 234,708 Charges for Services 2,363,732 2,363,732 2,580,279 Fines, Costs, Forfeitures, Licenses and Permits 7,400 7,400 100 Miscellaneous Receipts and Reimbursements, Including Interest 376,935 376,935 494,472 Total Revenues 9,398,348 9,398,348 9,748,354 Expenditures: Public Safety - Current: Police: Personnel Services 6,501,303 6,449,923 5,970,818 General Operating 49,078 47,078 23,543 Contractual Services 766,946 765,447 630,536 Materials and Supplies 165,751 169,250 156,364 Total Police 7,483,078 7,431,698 6,781,261	5,719 124,708 216,547 (7,300)
Intergovernmental Grants	124,708 216,547 (7,300)
Charges for Services 2,363,732 2,363,732 2,580,279 Fines, Costs, Forfeitures, Licenses and Permits 7,400 7,400 100 Miscellaneous Receipts and Reimbursements, 376,935 376,935 494,472 Including Interest 9,398,348 9,398,348 9,748,354 Expenditures: Public Safety - Current: Police: Personnel Services 6,501,303 6,449,923 5,970,818 General Operating 49,078 47,078 23,543 Contractual Services 766,946 765,447 630,536 Materials and Supplies 165,751 169,250 156,364 Total Police 7,483,078 7,431,698 6,781,261	216,547 (7,300)
Fines, Costs, Forfeitures, Licenses and Permits 7,400 7,400 100 Miscellaneous Receipts and Reimbursements, 376,935 376,935 494,472 Including Interest 9,398,348 9,398,348 9,748,354 Expenditures: Public Safety - Current: Police: Personnel Services 6,501,303 6,449,923 5,970,818 General Operating 49,078 47,078 23,543 Contractual Services 766,946 765,447 630,536 Materials and Supplies 165,751 169,250 156,364 Total Police 7,483,078 7,431,698 6,781,261	(7,300)
Miscellaneous Receipts and Reimbursements, Including Interest 376,935 376,935 494,472 Total Revenues 9,398,348 9,398,348 9,748,354 Expenditures: Public Safety - Current: Police: Personnel Services 6,501,303 6,449,923 5,970,818 General Operating 49,078 47,078 23,543 Contractual Services 766,946 765,447 630,536 Materials and Supplies 165,751 169,250 156,364 Total Police 7,483,078 7,431,698 6,781,261	,
Including Interest 376,935 376,935 494,472 Total Revenues 9,398,348 9,398,348 9,748,354 Expenditures: Public Safety - Current: Personnel Services 6,501,303 6,449,923 5,970,818 General Operating 49,078 47,078 23,543 Contractual Services 766,946 765,447 630,536 Materials and Supplies 165,751 169,250 156,364 Total Police 7,483,078 7,431,698 6,781,261	117 537
Total Revenues 9,398,348 9,398,348 9,748,354 Expenditures: Public Safety - Current: Police: Personnel Services General Operating General Operating 49,078 47,078 23,543 Contractual Services 766,946 765,447 630,536 Materials and Supplies 165,751 169,250 156,364 Total Police 7,483,078 7,431,698 6,781,261 Fire:	
Expenditures: Public Safety - Current: Police: 6,501,303 6,449,923 5,970,818 Personnel Services 49,078 47,078 23,543 Contractual Services 766,946 765,447 630,536 Materials and Supplies 165,751 169,250 156,364 Total Police 7,483,078 7,431,698 6,781,261	
Public Safety - Current: Police: Personnel Services 6,501,303 6,449,923 5,970,818 General Operating 49,078 47,078 23,543 Contractual Services 766,946 765,447 630,536 Materials and Supplies 165,751 169,250 156,364 Total Police 7,483,078 7,431,698 6,781,261	350,006
Personnel Services 6,501,303 6,449,923 5,970,818 General Operating 49,078 47,078 23,543 Contractual Services 766,946 765,447 630,536 Materials and Supplies 165,751 169,250 156,364 Total Police 7,483,078 7,431,698 6,781,261	
General Operating 49,078 47,078 23,543 Contractual Services 766,946 765,447 630,536 Materials and Supplies 165,751 169,250 156,364 Total Police 7,483,078 7,431,698 6,781,261	479,105
Contractual Services 766,946 765,447 630,536 Materials and Supplies 165,751 169,250 156,364 Total Police 7,483,078 7,431,698 6,781,261	23,535
Materials and Supplies 165,751 169,250 156,364 Total Police 7,483,078 7,431,698 6,781,261	134,911
Total Police 7,483,078 7,431,698 6,781,261 Fire:	12,886
	650,437
Personnel Services 5 788 814 5 788 814 5 704 067	
5,700,011 5,700,011 5,700,017	84,747
General Operating 57,875 66,475 59,343	7,132
Contractual Services 752,974 744,374 614,108	130,266
Materials and Supplies <u>343,976</u> <u>343,976</u> <u>285,874</u>	58,102
Total Fire 6,943,639 6,943,639 6,663,392	280,247
Communications:	
Personnel Services 1,899,219 1,938,199 1,937,779	420
General Operating 9,100 9,100 380	8,720
Contractual Services 230,837 230,837 164,744	66,093
Materials and Supplies 24,400 24,400 11,385	13,015
Total Communications 2,163,556 2,202,536 2,114,288	88,248

16,590,273

16,577,873

15,558,941

1,018,932

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

POI	ICE	AND	FIRE	FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Capital Outlay:				
Capital Improvements	500	500	0	500
Total Expenditures	16,590,773	16,578,373	15,558,941	1,019,432
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(7,192,425)	(7,180,025)	(5,810,587)	1,369,438
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers in	5,500,000	5,500,000	4,000,000	(1,500,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	5,500,000	5,500,000	4,000,000	(1,500,000)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,692,425)	(1,680,025)	(1,810,587)	(130,562)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	2,550,562	2,550,562	2,550,562	0
Prior Year Encumbrances	227,508	227,508	227,508	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 1,085,645	\$ 1,098,045	\$ 967,483	\$ (130,562)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

LOCAL FISCAL RECOVERY FUND

	Origi	nal Budget		Final Budget	 Actual	 Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental Grants	\$	0	\$	1,411,363	\$ 1,411,363	\$ 0
Total Revenues		0	_	1,411,363	1,411,363	0
Net Change in Fund Balance		0		1,411,363	1,411,363	0
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		0		0	0	0
Prior Year Encumbrances		0		0	0	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	0	\$	1,411,363	\$ 1,411,363	\$ 0

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

TOWNE	COLLADE	REDEVEL	ODMENT	FUND
LUWNE	SOUARE	REDEVEL	OPVIENT	FUND

	Or	iginal Budget	 Final Budget	 Actual	 Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:					
Miscellaneous Receipts and Reimbursements,					
Including Interest	\$	475,000	\$ 475,000	\$ 377,625	\$ (97,375)
Total Revenues		475,000	 475,000	377,625	 (97,375)
Expenditures:					
Economic Development & Assistance:					
Contractual Services		239,250	 389,250	 369,149	 20,101
Total Expenditures		239,250	 389,250	 369,149	 20,101
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures		235,750	85,750	8,476	(77,274)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers in		30,000	30,000	0	(30,000)
Transfers out		(247,000)	 (97,000)	 0	 97,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(217,000)	 (67,000)	 0	 67,000
Net Change in Fund Balance		18,750	18,750	8,476	(10,274)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		0	0	0	0
Prior Year Encumbrances		0	 0	 0	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	18,750	\$ 18,750	\$ 8,476	\$ (10,274)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS FUND

	APITA	LIMPROVEM	EN I	ISTUND		
	0	riginal Budget		Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:						
Municipal Income Taxes	\$	1,578,320	\$	1,578,320	\$ 1,542,975	\$ (35,345)
Other Local Taxes		76,000		76,000	95,887	19,887
Intergovernmental Grants		984,000		984,000	1,424,434	440,434
Miscellaneous Receipts and Reimbursements						
Including Interest		870,387		870,387	 249,302	 (621,085)
Total Revenues		3,508,707	_	3,508,707	 3,312,598	 (196,109)
Expenditures: Capital Outlay:						
Contractual Services		293,667		293,667	130,093	163,574
Materials and Supplies		94,693		94,693	35,730	58,963
Capital Improvements		2,552,984		2,552,984	2,006,062	546,922
Debt Service:						
Principal Retirement		416,920		416,920	416,917	3
Interest and Fiscal Charges		39,179		39,179	38,902	277
Total Expenditures		3,397,443		3,397,443	2,627,704	769,739
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		111,264		111,264	684,894	573,630
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers Out		(332,820)		(332,820)	(332,820)	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(332,820)		(332,820)	(332,820)	0
Net Change in Fund Balance		(221,556)		(221,556)	352,074	573,630
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		346,536		346,536	346,536	0
Prior Year Encumbrances		842,292		842,292	 842,292	 0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	967,272	\$	967,272	\$ 1,540,902	\$ 573,630

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

BOND RETIREMENT FUND 2021

	 Original Budget	Final Budget	 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Expenditures:				
Capital Outlay:				
Capital Improvements	\$ 3,350,000	\$ 3,350,000	\$ 3,350,000	\$ 0
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	113,000	113,000	0	113,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	 134,000	 134,000	 29,231	 104,769
Total Expenditures	 3,597,000	 3,597,000	 3,379,231	217,769
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(3,597,000)	(3,597,000)	(3,379,231)	217,769
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Issuance of Debt from Special Obligation Notes	3,350,000	3,350,000	3,351,811	1,811
Transfers in	 247,000	247,000	 0	 (247,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 3,597,000	 3,597,000	 3,351,811	 (245,189)
Net Change in Fund Balance	0	0	(27,420)	(27,420)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	0	0	0	0
Prior Year Encumbrances	0	0	0	 0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ (27,420)	\$ (27,420)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

INDIGENT DRIVER ALCOHOL TREATMENT

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Fines, Costs, Forfeitures, Licenses and Permits Miscellaneous Receipts and Reimbursements,	\$ 36,000	\$ 36,000	\$ 35,213	\$ (787)
Including Interest	2,900	2,900	1,110	(1,790)
Total Revenues	38,900	38,900	36,323	(2,577)
Expenditures: Public Safety - Current:				
Contractual Services	45,530	45,530	34,887	10,643
Contributions	100,000	100,000	50,000	50,000
Total Expenditures	145,530	145,530	84,887	60,643
Net Change in Fund Balance	(106,630)	(106,630)	(48,564)	58,066
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	74,738	74,738	74,738	0
Prior Year Encumbrances	56,420	56,420	56,420	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 24,528	\$ 24,528	\$ 82,594	\$ 58,066

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

LAW ENFORCEMENT AND EDUCATION

LAV	LINION	PERMITTED AT A	ш	DUCATION				
	Orig	ginal Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:								
Fines, Costs, Forfeitures, Licenses and Permits Miscellaneous Receipts and Reimbursements,	\$	700	\$	700	\$	1,529	\$	829
Including Interest		200		200		113		(87)
Total Revenues		900		900		1,642		742
Total Revenues		900	_	900	-	1,042	_	742
Expenditures:								
Public Safety - Current:								
Contractual Services		3,300		3,300		0		3,300
Materials and Supplies		3,000		3,000		0		3,000
Total Expenditures		6,300		6,300		0		6,300
Net Change in Fund Balance		(5,400)		(5,400)		1,642		7,042
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		12,775		12,775		12,775		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	7,375	\$	7,375	\$	14,417	\$	7,042
			_				_	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

PROBATION	SERVICE
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						Variance with Final Budget
						Positive
	Ori	ginal Budget	 Final Budget	 Actual		(Negative)
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental grants	\$	180,510	\$ 180,510	\$ 100,361	\$	(80,149)
Charges for services		12,000	12,000	8,711		(3,289)
Fines, Costs, Forfeitures, Licenses and Permits		70,000	70,000	75,713		5,713
Miscellaneous Receipts and Reimbursements,						
Including Interest		6,500	 6,500	 4,887		(1,613)
Total Revenues		269,010	 269,010	 189,672	_	(79,338)
Expenditures:						
Public Safety - Current:						
Personnel Services		433,642	433,642	415,751		17,891
Contractual Services		103,954	68,675	62,797		5,878
General Operating		3,400	2,750	2,350		400
Materials and Supplies		32,832	68,761	64,028		4,733
Capital Improvements		500	500	0		500
Total Expenditures		574,328	574,328	544,926		29,402
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		(305,318)	(305,318)	(355,254)		(49,936)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in		270,000	270,000	230,000		(40,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		270,000	270,000	230,000	_	(40,000)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(35,318)	(35,318)	(125,254)		(89,936)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		84,412	84,412	84,412		0
Prior Year Encumbrances		11,565	 11,565	 11,565	_	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	60,659	\$ 60,659	\$ (29,277)	\$	(89,936)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

STATE ROUTE REPAIR

	Ori _i	ginal Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	Ф	76.200	Φ	76.200	Φ	110 124	Φ.	41.024
State shared taxes and permits	\$	76,200	\$	76,200	\$	118,124	\$	41,924
Miscellaneous Receipts and Reimbursements,		2 200		2 200		2.050		(2.50)
Including Interest		3,300		3,300		3,050		(250)
Total Revenues		79,500		79,500		121,174		41,674
Expenditures: Highways and Streets - Current:								
Personnel		20,027		20,027		20,017		10
Contractual Services		30,992		30,992		12,412		18,580
Materials and Supplies		96,911		96,911		47,649		49,262
Total Expenditures		147,930		147,930		80,078		67,852
Net Change in Fund Balance		(68,430)		(68,430)		41,096		109,526
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		263,513		263,513		263,513		0
Prior Year Encumbrances		41,315		41,315		41,315		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	236,398	\$	236,398	\$	345,924	\$	109,526

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

CITY MOTOR VEHICLE LICENSE TAX

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				(=
State shared taxes and permits	\$ 175,000	\$ 175,000	\$ 194,743	\$ 19,743
Miscellaneous Receipts and Reimbursements,				
Including Interest	2,200	2,200	1,705	(495)
Total Revenues	177,200	177,200	196,448	19,248
Expenditures:				
Highways and Streets - Current:				
Contractual Services	1,148	1,148	1,148	0
Capital Improvements	345,000	345,000	342,835	2,165
Debt Service:	-			
Total Expenditures	346,148	346,148	343,983	2,165
Net Change in Fund Balance	(168,948)	(168,948)	(147,535)	21,413
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	52,434	52,434	52,434	0
Prior Year Encumbrances	151,148	151,148	151,148	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 34,634	\$ 34,634	\$ 56,047	\$ 21,413

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

COUNTY MOTOR VEHICLE LICENSE TAX

							Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Or	iginal Budget		Final Budget	Actual		(Negative)
Revenues:		8	_		 	_	(======================================
State shared taxes and permits	\$	133,000	\$	133,000	\$ 0	\$	(133,000)
Miscellaneous Receipts and Reimbursements,							
Including Interest		300		300	 487		187
Total Revenues		133,300		133,300	 487	_	(132,813)
Expenditures:							
Highways and Streets - Current:							
Capital Improvements		133,000		133,000	 126,615		6,385
Total Expenditures		133,000		133,000	 126,615	_	6,385
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures		300		300	(126,128)		(126,428)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Advances In		133,000		133,000	133,000		0
Advances Out		(133,000)		(133,000)	 0		133,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		0		0	 133,000	_	133,000
Net Change in Fund Balance		300		300	6,872		6,572
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		28,428		28,428	 28,428		0_
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	28,728	\$	28,728	\$ 35,300	\$	6,572

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

SPECIAL MISCELLANEOUS IMPROVEMENTS

	010.1	F: 1D 1	A 1	Variance with Final Budget Positive
D	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Miscellaneous Receipts and Reimbursements,				
Including Interest	\$ 46,150	\$ 46,150	\$ 42,192	\$ (3,958)
Total Revenues	46,150	46,150	42,192	(3,958)
Expenditures:				
General Government - Current:				
Personnel Services	26,158	26,158	13,782	12,376
Contractual Services	116,368	241,268	198,616	42,652
Materials and Supplies	52,605	77,705	39,754	37,951
Capital Improvements	90,000	115,000	77,353	37,647
Total Expenditures	285,131	460,131	329,505	130,626
Net Change in Fund Balance	(238,981)	(413,981)	(287,313)	126,668
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	366,737	366,737	366,737	0
Prior Year Encumbrances	50,936	50,936	50,936	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 178,692	\$ 3,692	\$ 130,360	\$ 126,668

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

TAX INCREMENT EQUIVALENT

Revenues:	Original Budge	<u>t</u> _	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Miscellaneous Receipts and Reimbursements,						
Including Interest	\$	§	5 100	\$ 0	\$ (100))
Total Revenues	(_ =	100	0	(100))
Expenditures:						
General Government - Current:						
Contractual Services	5,137		5,237	5,137	100)
Total Expenditures	5,137		5,237	5,137	100)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(5,137)	(5,137)	(5,137)	(0
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	14		14	14	(0
Prior Year Encumbrances	5,123		5,123	5,123	()
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 0	\$	0	\$ 0	\$ ()

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

91		JN	

	Ori	ginal Budget	Final Budget	 Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental grants	\$	170,923	\$ 170,923	\$ 75,334	\$	(95,589)
Fines, Costs, Forfeitures, Licenses and Permits		154,000	154,000	153,704		(296)
Miscellaneous Receipts and Reimbursements,						
Including Interest		40,200	 40,200	 41,427		1,227
Total Revenues		365,123	 365,123	 270,465		(94,658)
Expenditures:						
Public Safety - Current:						
Personnel Services		113,148	113,148	112,477		671
Contractual Services		93,908	93,908	34,056		59,852
General Operating		1,000	1,000	494		506
Materials and Supplies		15,000	15,000	13,109		1,891
Capital Improvements		561,182	605,907	499,132		106,775
Debt Service:						
Principal Retirement		38,808	38,808	0		38,808
Interest and Fiscal Charges		12,295	 12,295	 0		12,295
Total Expenditures		835,341	 880,066	 659,268	_	220,798
Net Change in Fund Balance		(470,218)	(514,943)	(388,803)		126,140
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		195,119	195,119	195,119		0
Prior Year Encumbrances		466,034	 466,034	 466,034		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	190,935	\$ 146,210	\$ 272,350	\$	126,140

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

LAW ENFORCEMENT									
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)					
Revenues:									
Miscellaneous Receipts and Reimbursements,									
Including Interest	\$ 26,500	\$ 26,500	\$ 35,193	\$ 8,693					
Total Revenues	26,500	26,500	35,193	8,693					
Expenditures:									
Public Safety - Current:	26.200	20.700	14.105	14.505					
Contractual Services	36,200	28,700	14,105	14,595					
Materials and Supplies	19,143	26,643	25,478	1,165					
Capital Improvements	11,518	11,518	6,158	5,360					
Total Expenditures	66,861	66,861	45,741	21,120					
Net Change in Fund Balance	(40,361)	(40,361)	(10,548)	29,813					
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	200,707	200,707	200,707	0					
Prior Year Encumbrances	3,161	3,161	3,161	0					
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 163,507	\$ 163,507	\$ 193,320	\$ 29,813					

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

DRUG LAW ENFORCEMENT

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Fines, Costs, Forfeitures, Licenses and Permits Miscellaneous Receipts and Reimbursements,	\$ 1,700	\$ 1,700	\$ 784	\$ (916)
Including Interest	700	700	292	(408)
Total Revenues	2,400	2,400	1,076	(1,324)
Expenditures:				
Public Safety - Current:				
Contractual Services	10,000	10,000	262	9,738
General Operating	3,000	3,000	0	3,000
Materials and Supplies	5,000	5,000	0	5,000
Total Expenditures	18,000	18,000	262	17,738
Net Change in Fund Balance	(15,600)	(15,600)	814	16,414
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	34,596	34,596	34,596	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 18,996	\$ 18,996	\$ 35,410	\$ 16,414

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

MUNICIPAL COURT VICTIM

							Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Oı	riginal Budget		Final Budget	Actual		(Negative)
Revenues:				<u> </u>	 	-	<u> </u>
Intergovernmental grants	\$	119,051	\$	119,051	\$ 109,337	\$	(9,714)
Fines, Costs, Forfeitures, Licenses and Permits		30,000		30,000	23,047		(6,953)
Miscellaneous Receipts and Reimbursements,							
Including Interest		3,500		3,500	2,326		(1,174)
Total Revenues		152,551		152,551	134,710	_	(17,841)
Expenditures:							
General Government - Current:							
Personnel Services		269,595		269,595	253,543		16,052
General Operating		8,606		8,606	2,000		6,606
Contractual Services		16,977		18,604	14,325		4,279
Materials and Supplies		15,138		13,511	6,568		6,943
Total Expenditures		310,316		310,316	 276,436	_	33,880
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures		(157,765)		(157,765)	(141,726)		16,039
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers in		125,000		125,000	125,000		0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		125,000	_	125,000	125,000	_	0
Net Change in Fund Balance		(32,765)		(32,765)	(16,726)		16,039
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		27,913		27,913	27,913		0
Prior Year Encumbrances		8,362		8,362	8,362		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	3,510	\$	3,510	\$ 19,549	\$	16,039

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

GENERAL OBLIGATION BOND PAYMENT

n.	Original Budg	et_	Final Budget	_	Actual	 Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:						
Miscellaneous Receipts and Reimbursements, Including Interest	\$	0	\$ 1	\$	0	\$ (1)
Total Revenues		0	1_		0	 (1)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers out		0	(119,038)		(119,037)	1
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		0	(119,038)		(119,037)	1
Net Change in Fund Balance		0	(119,037)		(119,037)	0
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	119,03	7	119,037		119,037	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 119,03	7	\$ 0	\$	0	\$ 0

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

2015 GENERAL OBLIGATION BOND RETIREMENT

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				(1 (oguil (o)
Miscellaneous Receipts and Reimbursements,				
Including Interest	\$ 3,500	\$ 3,500	\$ 1,577	\$ (1,923)
Total Revenues	3,500	3,500	1,577	(1,923)
Total Revenues	3,300	3,300	1,377	(1,923)
Expenditures:				
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	290,000	290,000	290,000	0
Interest and Fiscal Charges	226,000	226,000	226,000	0
ē	516,000	516,000	516,000	0
Total Expenditures	310,000	310,000	310,000	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(512,500)	(512,500)	(514,423)	(1,923)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers in	516,000	516,000	516,000	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	516,000	516,000	516,000	0
5 ()				
Net Change in Fund Balance	3,500	3,500	1,577	(1,923)
Fig. 1 D. 1	12 (22	12 (22	12 (22	^
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	12,622	12,622	12,622	0 (1.022)
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 16,122	\$ 16,122	\$ 14,199	\$ (1,923)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

MUNICIPAL COURT CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS

				Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				(**************************************
Intergovernmental grants	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 22,970	\$ 22,970
Fines, Costs, Forfeitures, Licenses and Permits	86,000	86,000	75,301	(10,699)
Miscellaneous Receipts and Reimbursements,				
Including Interest	6,700	6,700	3,671	(3,029)
Total Revenues	92,700	92,700	101,942	9,242
Expenditures:				
Capital Outlay:				
Personnel Services	19,279	19,279	18,759	520
Contractual Services	106,785	117,010	35,468	81,542
Capital Improvements	8,300	8,300	3,814	4,486
Total Expenditures	134,364	144,589	58,041	86,548
Net Change in Fund Balance	(41,664)	(51,889)	43,901	95,790
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	399,997	399,997	399,997	0
Prior Year Encumbrances	3,819	3,819	3,819	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 362,152	\$ 351,927	\$ 447,717	\$ 95,790

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Net Change in Fund Balance

Fund Balance at Beginning of Year

Fund Balance at End of Year

	ISSUE II			
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental grants	\$ 291,096	\$ 291,096	\$ 172,368	\$ (118,728)
Total Revenues	291,096	291,096	172,368	(118,728)
Expenditures:				
Capital Improvements	291,096	291,096	181,387	109,709
Total Expenditures	291,096	291,096	181,387	109,709
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	0	0	(9,019)	(9,019)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Advances In	0	0	9,019	9,019
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0	0	9,019	9,019

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

POLICE/FIRE CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT

								Variance with Final Budget
	0	· · · · 1 D · 1 · ·		F' 1D 1 4		A . 1		Positive
D.	Or	iginal Budget		Final Budget		Actual		(Negative)
Revenues:	Φ.	405.000	Φ.	405.000	Φ.	0	Ф	(407.000)
Intergovernmental grants	\$	405,000	\$	405,000	\$	0	\$	(405,000)
Miscellaneous Receipts and Reimbursements,		(2.750		(2.750		21.026		(21.024)
Including Interest		63,750		63,750		31,926	_	(31,824)
Total Revenues		468,750		468,750		31,926		(436,824)
Expenditures:								
Capital Outlay:								
Contractual Services		145,652		215,652		122,840		92,812
Capital Improvements		5,862,000		5,862,000		758,186		5,103,814
Debt Service:								
Principal Retirement		108,142		108,142		60,215		47,927
Interest and Fiscal Charges		6,162		6,162		177		5,985
Total Expenditures		6,121,956		6,191,956		941,418		5,250,538
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		(5,653,206)		(5,723,206)		(909,492)		4,813,714
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Other Financing Sources - Capital Leases		500,000		500,000		0		(500,000)
Issuance of Debt from GO Bonds		4,150,000		4,150,000		0		(4,150,000)
Transfers in		663,835		663,835		489,143		(174,692)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		5,313,835		5,313,835		489,143		(4,824,692)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(339,371)		(409,371)		(420,349)		(10,978)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		(120,707)		(120,707)		(120,707)		0
Prior Year Encumbrances		535,000		535,000		535,000		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	74,922	\$	4,922	\$	(6,056)	\$	(10,978)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Ori	ginal Budget	 Final Budget	 Actual	 Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Expenditures:					
Contractual Services	\$	466	\$ 466	\$ 466	\$ 0
Materials and Supplies		19,111	19,111	7,990	11,121
Total Expenditures		19,577	19,577	8,456	11,121
Net Change in Fund Balance		(19,577)	(19,577)	(8,456)	11,121
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		8,607	8,607	8,607	0
Prior Year Encumbrances		10,970	10,970	10,970	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	0	\$ 0	\$ 11,121	\$ 11,121



Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

These funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

Loan Fund

In 1983, the City assumed all assets, liabilities, and loan commitments of Xenia Environmental Neighborhood Improvement Association, Inc. (X.E.N.I.A., Inc.). The City is collecting outstanding loans. Net income and loan repayments are used for similar economic development activities.

Parking Revenue Fund

To account for parking enforcement and the rental of parking lots owned by the City.

CDBG and UDAG Revolving Loan Fund

To account for monies received from the federal government under Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) and Urban Development Action Grant (UDAG) programs. The monies are used for economic development loans. Net income and loan repayments are used for similar economic development activities.

Housing Rehabilitation Loan Fund

To account for monies received from the federal government under Community Development Block Grant program. The monies are used for housing rehabilitation mortgage grants and low interest loans. Net income and loan repayments will be used for similar activities.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

		Loan		Parking Revenue	_	CDBG & UDAG Revolving Loan		Housing Rehabilitation Loan		Fotal Nonmajor Interprise Funds
Assets:										
Current Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$	101,724	\$	531	\$	3,672	\$	28,357	\$	134,284
Investments	Ф	199,858	Ф	1.037	Ф	7,213	Ф	55,716	Ф	263,824
Receivables:		1,5,000		1,007		7,213		55,710		200,02.
Accounts		0		38,109		0		0		38,109
Loans		80,631		0		0		20,829		101,460
Accrued interest		395		8		14		106		523
Allowance for uncollectible accounts Prepaid items		0 176		(169) 227		0		0		(169) 403
Total Current Assets		382,784		39,743	_	10,899	_	105,008		538,434
Total Current Assets		302,704		37,743	_	10,877	_	105,008		330,434
Noncurrent Assets: Unrestricted:										
Loans receivable		358,801		0		0		310,020		668,821
Net OPEB Asset		0		4,121		0		461		4,582
Capital Assets not being depreciated		0		97,810		0		0		97,810
Capital Assets (net of accumulated										
depreciation)		0		60,099	_	0	_	0		60,099
Total Noncurrent Assets Total Assets	\$	358,801 741,585	\$	162,030 201,773	\$	10,899	\$	310,481 415,489	\$	831,312 1,369,746
1 otal Assets	Ф	/41,363	Ф	201,773	Ф	10,899	Ф	413,469	Ф	1,309,740
Deferred Outflows of Resources										
Pension		0		4,957		0		554		5,511
OPEB Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		0		2,199 7,156	_	0	_	798		2,443 7,954
Total Deletted Outflows of Resources		U		7,130		U		790		7,934
Liabilities:										
Current Liabilities:	Φ.	0	Φ.	611	Φ	0	Φ.		Φ.	(12
Accounts payable Accrued payroll	\$	0	\$	611 1,506	\$	0	\$	1 217	\$	612 1,723
Compensated Absences		0		202		0		105		307
Total Current Liabilities		0	-	2,319	_	0	_	323	-	2,642
Total Carrett Zanomines		<u> </u>		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	_					,-
Noncurrent Liabilities:										
Compensated Absences - Non Current		0		2,789		0		1,451		4,240
Net Pension Liability		0		33,818 36,607	_	0	_	3,770 5,221		37,588 41,828
Total Noncurrent Liabilities Total Liabilities		0		38,926	_	0	_	5,221		41,828
Total Liabilities	-	0		38,920	_	<u> </u>	_	3,344		44,470
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Pension		0		15,027		0		1,676		16,703
OPEB		0		12,827	_	0	_	1,430		14,257
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		0		27,854		0		3,106		30,960
Net Position:										
Net Investment in Capital Assets		0		157,909		0		0		157,909
Unrestricted		741,585		(15,760)	_	10,899	_	407,637		1,144,361
Total Net Position	\$	741,585	\$	142,149	\$	10,899	\$	407,637	\$	1,302,270

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Loan	 Parking Revenue	CDBG & UDAG Revolving l		R	Housing ehabilitation Loan		Cotal Nonmajor nterprise Funds
Operating revenues:								
Charges for services	\$ 8,131	\$ 27,604	\$	0	\$	0	\$	35,735
Operating expenses:								
Personnel services	0	1,212		0		2,601		3,813
Contractual services	510	8,846		0		6,456		15,812
Depreciation	0	5,464		0		0		5,464
Non-governmental	 0	0		0		45,224		45,224
Total expenses	 510	 15,522		0		54,281		70,313
Operating income (loss)	7,621	12,082		0		(54,281)		(34,578)
Non-operating revenues (expenses):								
Interest revenue	(923)	(64)		(66)		(345)		(1,398)
Other	 0	586		0		55		641
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	 (923)	 522		(66)		(290)	_	(757)
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS	6,698	12,604		(66)		(54,571)		(35,335)
Transfers In	0	15,000		0		0		15,000
Capital Contributions	0	0		0		1,870		1,870
Change in Net Position	6,698	27,604		(66)		(52,701)		(18,465)
Net Position, beginning of year	 734,887	 114,545	10,	965		460,338		1,320,735
Net Position, end of year	\$ 741,585	\$ 142,149	\$ 10,	899	\$	407,637	\$	1,302,270

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Loan	Parking Revenue	CDBG & UDAG Revolving Loan	Housing Rehabilitation Loan	Total Other Enterprise Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:					
Cash Received from Customers	\$ 60,665	\$ 28,699	\$ 0	\$ 20,223	\$ 109,587
Cash Received from Other Sources	0	586	0	55	\$ 641
Cash Payments for Goods and Services	(50,534) 0	(8,851)	0	(8,322)	(67,707)
Cash Payments to Employees Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	10,131	(43,773) (23,339)		(5,456) 6,500	(49,229) (6,708)
Net Cash Hovided (Osed) by Operating Activities	10,131	(23,339)		0,500	(0,708)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:					
Transfer in From other Funds	0	15,000	0	0	15,000
Transfer Out to Other Funds	0	0	0	0	0
Net Cash Provided (Used) by					
Noncapital Financing Activities	0	15,000	0	0	15,000
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:				^	
Aquisition and Construction of of Assets	0	0	0	0	0
Capital Contributions	0	0	0	1,870	1,870
Intergovernmental Grants		<u> </u>		0	0
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	0	0	0	1,870	1,870
Capital and Related Financing Activities				1,670	1,670
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:					
Sale of Investments	0	4,895	0	0	4,895
Purchase of Investments	(25,771)	0	(708)	(10,488)	(36,967)
Receipts of Interest	(998)	(62)	(44)	(275)	(1,379)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	(26,769)	4,833	(752)	(10,763)	(33,451)
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(16,638)	(3,506)	(752)	(2,393)	(23,289)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	118,362	4,037	4,424	30,750	157,573
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 101,724	\$ 531	\$ 3,672	\$ 28,357	\$ 134,284
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss)	7,621	12,082	0	(54,281)	(34,578)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to					
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:	0	5,464	0	0	5 161
Depreciation Expense Other Revenue	0	586	0	0 55	5,464 641
Changes in Assets and Deferred Outflows and	O	360	O	33	041
Liabilities and Deferred Inflows:					
(Increase) Decrease in Principal Receivable	2,534	0	0	63,577	66,111
(Increase) Decrease in Grant Receivable	0	0	0	0	0
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable	0	2,425	0	0	2,425
(Increase) Decrease in Allowance for Doubtful Accounts	0	(1,330)	0	0	(1,330)
(Increase) Decrease in Prepaid Items	(24)	(36)	0	2	(58)
(Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows - Pension (Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows - OPEB	0	4,169	0	297	4,466
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable	0	4,269 32	0	358 1	4,627 33
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Payroll	0	(519)	0	24	(495)
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows - Pension	0	3,652	0	616	4,268
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows - OPEB	0	7,163	ő	902	8,065
Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Liability	0	(19,296)	0	(1,177)	(20,473)
Increase (Decrease) in Net OPEB Liability	0	(37,664)	0	(3,507)	(41,171)
Increase (Decrease) in Net OPEB Asset	0	(4,121)	0	(461)	(4,582)
Increase (Decrease)in Compensated Absences	0	(215)	0	94	(121)
Total Adjustments	2,510	(35,421)	0	60,781	27,870
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ 10,131	\$(23,339)	\$ 0	\$ 6,500	\$(6,708)

Internal Service Funds

These funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department to other departments in the City on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Utility Billing Fund

To account for utility billing services provided to the water, sewer, stormwater, and sanitation enterprise funds of the City.

City Garage Fund

To account for the monies received from other departments to cover the cost of servicing the vehicles of the City departments.

Information Technology Fund

To account for the monies received from other departments to cover the cost of information technology related expenditures of the City departments.

This fund was established in 2015.

Self-Insurance Fund

To account for the monies received from other departments to cover the cost of health insurance related expenditures of the City departments.

This fund was established in 2015.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

DECEMBER 31, 2021									
	 				Information	_	407		Total Internal
	 tility Billing		City Garage		Technology	S	elf Insurance		Service Funds
Assets:									
Current Assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 25,779	\$	95,192	\$	294	\$	106,530	\$	227,795
Investments	50,644		187,027		562		209,296		447,529
Receivables:									
Accounts	7,633		4,773		7,100		54,085		73,591
Accrued interest	0		0		0		315		315
Inventories	0		59,716		0		0		59,716
Prepaid items	13,502		3,924		121,148		0		138,574
Total Current Assets	 97,558		350,632		129,104		370,226		947,520
Noncurrent Assets:									
Unrestricted:									
Net OPEB Asset	0		15,185		0		0		15,185
Capital Assets not being depreciated	0		5,987		204,500		0		210,487
Capital Assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	5,947		82,530		196,053		0		284,530
Total Noncurrent Assets	 5,947		103,702		400,553		0		510,202
Total Assets	 103,505		454,334		529,657		370,226		1,457,722
Deferred Outflows of Resources									
Pension	0		18,261		0		0		18,261
OPEB	 0		8,101		0		0		8,101
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	0		26,362		0		0		26,362
Liabilities:									
Current Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	9,727		14,677		25,427		0		49,831
Claims payable	0		0		0		244,741		244,741
Accrued payroll	0		7,785		0		0		7,785
Interfund payable	0		8,901		0		500,000		508,901
Compensated absences	 0		3,428		0		0		3,428
Total Current Liabilities	 9,727	_	34,791		25,427		744,741	_	814,686
Noncurrent Liabilities:									
Compensated Absences - Non Current	0		34,239		0		0		34,239
Net Pension Liability	 0		124,578		0		0		124,578
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	 0		158,817		0		0		158,817
Total Liabilities	 9,727		193,608		25,427		744,741		973,503
Deferred Inflows of Resources									
Pension	0		55,371		0		0		55,371
OPEB	 0		47,262		0		0		47,262
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	0		102,633		0		0		102,633
Net Position:			00.50				_		40 - 00 -
Net Investment in Capital Assets	5,947		88,517		400,552		0		495,016
Unrestricted	 87,831	_	95,938	_	103,678		(374,515)	_	(87,068)
Total Net Position	\$ 93,778	\$	184,455	\$	504,230	\$	(374,515)	\$	407,948

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Ut	ility Billing		City Garage	_	Information Technology	Self Insurance		Total Internal Service Funds
Operating revenues:									
Charges for services	\$	152,837	\$	807,130	\$	968,752	\$ 2,627,933	\$	4,556,652
Operating expenses:									
Personnel services		0		117,521		0	0		117,521
General operating		4,437		0		0	6,786		11,223
Claims		0		0		0	2,444,921		2,444,921
Contractual services		131,892		159,122		506,041	511,166		1,308,221
Materials and supplies		1,154		397,754		239,980	0		638,888
Depreciation		1,487		19,251		63,210	0		83,948
Total expenses		138,970	_	693,648		809,231	2,962,873	_	4,604,722
Operating income (loss)		13,867		113,482		159,521	(334,940)		(48,070)
Non-operating revenues (expenses):									
Interest revenue		(926)		(3,208)		(14)	(121)		(4,269)
Other		0		2,004		4,336	37,883		44,223
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)		(926)		(1,204)		4,322	37,762	_	39,954
Change in Net Position		12,941		112,278		163,843	(297,178)		(8,116)
Net Position, beginning of year		80,837		72,177		340,387	(77,337)		416,064
Net Position, end of year	\$	93,778	\$	184,455	\$	504,230	\$ (374,515)	\$	407,948

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Utility Billing	City Garage	Information Technology	Self Insurance	Totals
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	Dining	Garage	тесниотоду	mourance	Totals
Cash Received from Interfund Services Provided	\$ 151,387	\$ 806,903	\$ 967,128	\$ 2,604,671	\$ 4,530,089
Cash Received from Other Sources	0	2,004	4,335	37,883	\$ 44,222
Cash Payments for Goods and Services	(150,370)	(574,591)	(834,683)	(2,982,452)	(4,542,096)
Cash Payments to Employees	0	(198,607)	0	0	(198,607)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	1,017	35,709	136,780	(339,898)	(166,392)
The cush from the costs of operating from the	1,017	20,702	150,700	(227,070)	(100,002)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:					
Cash used in repayment of interfund loans	0	(5,387)	0	0	(5,387)
Cash received from interfun loands	0	0	0	500,000	500,000
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities	0	(5,387)	0	500,000	494,613
The Cush Frontier (Osed) by Proheupital Financing Pretivities		(3,307)		300,000	474,015
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:					
Acquisition and Construction of Assets	0	(5,150)	(137,205)	0	(142,355)
Capital Lease Payment	0	0	0	0	0
Net Cash (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	0	(5,150)	(137,205)	0	(142,355)
Net Cash (Osed) by Capital and Related Philaneing Activities	0	(5,150)	(137,203)		(142,333)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:					
Sale of Investments	0	0	204	0	204
Purchase of Investments	(5,207)	(32,103)	0	(116,401)	(153,711)
Receipts of Interest	(926)	(3,208)	(14)	(332)	(4,480)
-			190		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	(6,133)	(35,311)	190	(116,733)	(157,987)
Not Incurace (Decrease) in Cook and Cook Equivalents	(5.116)	(10.120)	(225)	12 260	27.970
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	(5,116) 30,895	(10,139)	(235)	43,369	27,879
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 25,779	\$ 95,192	\$ 294	\$ 106,530	199,916
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 25,779	\$ 95,192	\$ 294	\$ 100,330	\$ 227,795
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash					
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:	A 12 0 6 7	A 112 102	A 150 501	A(224.040)	A(40.050)
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ 13,867	\$ 113,482	\$ 159,521	\$(334,940)	\$(48,070)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to					
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:					
Depreciation Expense	1,487	19,251	63,210	0	83,948
Other Revenue	0	2,004	4,335	37,883	44,222
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:	(1.450)	(227)	(1.625)	(22.2(2)	(26.564)
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable	(1,450)	(227)	(1,625)	(23,262)	(26,564)
(Increase) Decrease in Prepaid Items	(8,227)	(401)	(23,818)	0	(32,446)
(Increase) in Deferred Outflows - Pension	0	8,621	0	0	8,621
(Increase) in Deferred Outflows - OPEB	0	10,952	0	0	10,952
(Increase) in Inventory	0	(11,278)	0	0	(11,278)
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable	(4,660)	(6,037)	(64,843)	(19,579)	(95,119)
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Payroll	0	995	0	0	995
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows - Pension	0	21,859	0	0	21,859
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows - OPEB	0	30,576	0	0	30,576
Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Liability	0	(31,868)	0	0	(31,868)
Increase (Decrease) in Net OPEB Liability	0	(110,952)	0	0	(110,952)
Increase (Decrease) in Net OPEB Asset	0	(15,185)	0	0	(15,185)
Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences	0	3,917	0	0	3,917
Total Adjustments	(12,850)	(77,773)	(22,741)	(4,958)	(118,322)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ 1,017	\$ 35,709	\$ 136,780	\$(339,898)	\$(166,392)

Fiduciary Funds

Custodial Funds

Municipal Court - Traffic and Criminal Fund

The Municipal Court is considered part of the reporting entity of the City. The Court handles traffic, criminal, civil, and small claims cases for the City of Xenia and certain other cities and townships in Greene County. An elected judge appoints the Clerk of Courts who deposits and controls undistributed receipts (principally posted bonds). The City, however, controls the fiscal operations of the Court, reviews and approves budget requests and amendments, provides space, and owns all property used by the Court. The general fund includes Court operations, which are required by Ohio law to be paid by the City; the custodial fund includes undistributed receipts held for entities and individuals outside the City's reporting entity.

Municipal Court - Civil and Small Claims Fund

The Municipal Court is considered part of the reporting entity of the City. The Court handles traffic, criminal, civil, and small claims cases for the City of Xenia and certain other cities and townships in Greene County. An elected judge appoints the Clerk of Courts who deposits and controls undistributed receipts (principally posted bonds). The City, however, controls the fiscal operations of the Court, reviews and approves budget requests and amendments, provides space, and owns all property used by the Court. The general fund includes Court operations, which are required by Ohio law to be paid by the City; the custodial fund includes undistributed receipts held for entities and individuals outside the City's reporting entity.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Municipal Court Municipal Cocivil and Small Claims Traffic and Cri			•			
Assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,165	\$	67,184	\$	71,349	
Total Assets		4,165		67,184		71,349	
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable		2,942		44,938		47,880	
Total Liabilities		2,942		44,938		47,880	
Net Position							
Restricted for:							
Individuals, organizations, and other		1,223		22.246		22.460	
governments	Φ.		Φ.	22,246	•	23,469	
Total Net Postion	\$	1,223	\$	22,246	\$	23,469	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Civi	icipal Court l and Small Claims		icipal Court and Criminal	Totals
Additions:					
Court Receipts	\$	647,863	\$	801,381	\$ 1,449,244
Total Additions		647,863		801,381	1,449,244
Deductions:			·		
Municipal Court Disbursements		649,875		812,501	1,462,376
Total Deductions	\$	649,875	\$	812,501	\$ 1,462,376
Net Increase (Decrease)		(2,012)		(11,120)	(13,132)
Net Position - Beginning of Year		3,235		33,366	36,601
Net Position - End of Year		1,223		22,246	23,469

STATISTICAL SECTION

Statistical **T**ables

This part of the City's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents

Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial position has changed over time.	S 2 – S 11
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader understand and assess the factors affecting the City's ability to generate its most significant local revenue sources, the income tax.	S 12 – S 15
Debt Capacity	
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	S 16 – S 23
Economic and Demographic Information These schedules offer economic and demographic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place and to provide information that facilitates comparisons of financial information over time and among governments.	S 24 – S 29
Operating Information	
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	S 30 – S 37
Sources Note:	

Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

Net Position by Component Last Ten Years (accrual basis of accounting)

			Restated	Restated
	2012	2013	2014	2015
Governmental Activities:				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 34,504,785	\$ 35,558,378	\$ 36,720,402	\$ 33,130,179
Restricted	5,408,855	5,567,144	5,722,928	11,684,587
Unrestricted	6,160,890	4,775,505	(12,913,033)	(14,077,618)
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$ 46,074,530	\$ 45,901,027	\$ 29,530,297	\$ 30,737,148
Business-type Activities:				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 22,441,680	\$ 22,070,099	\$ 23,035,822	\$ 23,500,079
Restricted	170,077	0	0	0
Unrestricted	10,662,384	12,124,555	9,483,158	10,502,866
Total Business-type Activities Net Position	\$ 33,274,141	\$ 34,194,654	\$ 32,518,980	\$ 34,002,945
Primary Government:				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 56,946,465	\$ 57,628,477	\$ 59,756,224	\$ 56,630,258
Restricted	5,578,932	5,567,144	5,722,928	11,684,587
Unrestricted	16,823,274	16,900,060	(3,429,875)	(3,574,752)
Total Primary Government Net Position	\$ 79,348,671	\$ 80,095,681	\$ 62,049,277	\$ 64,740,093

Source: City Finance Director's Office

	Restated		Restated		
2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
			· ·		
\$ 39,612,767	\$ 38,846,762	\$ 40,040,292	\$ 40,645,856	\$ 41,839,512	\$ 48,244,075
8,580,380	6,196,767	5,455,846	7,578,793	10,186,871	8,689,379
(16,685,367)	(35,152,788)	(37,409,032)	(26,741,631)	(27,409,092)	(26,851,071)
\$ 31,507,780	\$ 9,890,741	\$ 8,087,106	\$ 21,483,018	\$ 24,617,291	\$ 30,082,383
\$ 23,083,209	\$ 23,211,204	\$ 23,139,784	\$ 24,423,738	\$ 26,139,794	\$ 25,938,405
0	0	0	0	0	0
11,038,394	7,940,579	8,728,149	7,251,568	7,466,151	10,624,166
\$ 34,121,603	\$ 31,151,783	\$ 31,867,933	\$ 31,675,306	\$ 33,605,945	\$ 36,562,571
\$ 62,695,976	\$ 62,057,966	\$ 63,180,076	\$ 65,069,594	\$ 67,979,306	\$ 74,182,480
8,580,380	6,196,767	5,455,846	7,578,793	10,186,871	8,689,379
(5,646,973)	(27,212,209)	(28,680,883)	(19,490,063)	(19,942,941)	(16,226,905)
\$ 65,629,383	\$ 41,042,524	\$ 39,955,039	\$ 53,158,324	\$ 58,223,236	\$ 66,644,954

Changes in Net Position
Last Ten Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

	2012	2013	2014	2015
Expenses				
Governmental Activities:				
General Government	\$ 3,567,483	\$ 3,772,609	\$ 2,851,072	\$ 4,742,446
Public Safety	12,526,166	12,688,381	13,208,811	13,736,687
Highways and Streets	2,057,537	1,970,034	1,613,183	2,187,058
Urban Redevelopment & Housing	112,822	106,727	146,771	115,229
Economic Development & Assistance	468,359	2,960,546	2,756,593	548,344
Recreation	527,634	541,390	406,634	474,079
Interest and Fiscal Charges	69,614	62,446	64,913	274,688
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	\$ 19,329,615	\$ 22,102,133	\$ 21,047,977	\$ 22,078,531
Business-type Activities:				
Water	\$ 3,907,856	\$ 3,267,639	\$ 3,750,634	\$ 3,332,480
Sewer	4,030,678	4,340,898	4,310,544	4,036,804
Sanitation	1,674,999	1,474,330	1,569,042	1,405,761
Storm Water	339,906	350,114	442,876	451,434
Other Enterprise Funds	288,049	90,913	143,231	175,944
Total Business-type Activities Expenses	10,241,488	9,523,894	10,216,327	9,402,423
Total Primary Government Expenses	\$ 29,571,103	\$ 31,626,027	\$ 31,264,304	\$ 31,480,954
Program Revenues				
Governmental Activities:				
Charges for Services				
General Government	\$ 1,520,315	\$ 1,497,509	\$ 1,509,582	\$ 1,910,176
Public Safety	2,022,807	2,338,853	2,390,960	2,675,280
Health	9,548	0	0	0
Highways and Streets	0	1,138	172,196	17,293
Urban Redevelopment & Housing	10,335	0	0	9,542
Economic Development & Assistance	0	0	0	18
Recreation	5,493	4,045	5,759	34,271
Operating Grants and Contributions	865,437	542,524	472,764	299,644
Capital Grants and Contributions				
1	261,306	3,786,699	1,689,871	14,585

(continued)

2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
\$ 3,928,893	\$ 7,971,980	\$ 4,950,737	\$ 5,574,834	\$ 4,366,120	\$ 3,458,344
13,911,915	15,069,724	17,396,450	2,774,631	17,143,458	15,783,245
1,968,786	2,329,146	2,376,229	2,632,278	2,450,307	2,032,179
121,281	181,975	126,171	126,800	98,637	86,745
605,816	328,022	162,932	159,117	167,114	475,901
441,493	551,757	504,938	528,063	499,792	523,720
251,308	301,411	296,327	279,036	258,938	246,358
\$ 21,229,492	\$ 26,734,015	\$ 25,813,784	\$ 12,074,759	\$ 24,984,366	\$ 22,606,492
					, , ,
\$ 3,663,222	\$ 3,754,839	\$ 3,956,476	\$ 4,948,509	\$ 3,537,699	\$ 3,091,818
4,044,595	4,491,114	4,180,792	4,833,966	4,226,893	3,960,891
2,655,763	3,204,055	2,486,446	2,256,887	1,884,034	2,027,027
352,149	300,964	416,103	470,227	448,104	281,523
330,380	244,512	213,972	186,843	236,425	70,090
11,046,109	11,995,484	11,253,789	12,696,432	10,333,155	9,431,349
\$ 32,275,601	\$ 38,729,499	\$ 37,067,573	\$ 24,771,191	\$ 35,317,521	\$ 32,037,841
\$ 1,704,695	\$ 1,835,340	\$ 1,969,976	\$ 2,169,374	\$ 1,751,813	\$ 1,911,691
2,716,568	2,559,765	2,809,315	2,981,841	3,753,624	3,312,895
0	0	0	0	0	0
8,233	13,011	24,935	36,814	100,953	48,733
2,388	4,299	0	514	0	0
203	0	0	0	0	377,625
30,013	34,405	30,596	21,609	24,173	30,244
475,852	396,011	514,247	511,458	2,978,453	629,786
93,097	934,178	1,912,600	656,693	1,455,161	2,856,145
\$ 5,031,049	\$ 5,777,009	\$ 7,261,669	\$ 6,378,303	\$ 10,064,177	\$ 9,167,119

Changes in Net Position
Last Ten Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

	2012	2013	2014	2015
Business-type Activities:	_		_	_
Charges for Services				
Water	\$ 3,321,936	\$ 3,533,324	\$ 3,504,940	\$ 3,715,562
Sewer	4,250,051	4,384,154	4,546,060	4,538,119
Sanitation	1,982,788	1,954,056	1,970,172	1,996,550
Storm Water	340,317	337,467	338,546	340,799
Other Enterprise Funds	60,610	161,317	83,972	51,063
Operating Grants and Contributions	490,531	126,156	119,450	174,487
Capital Grants and Contributions	0	11,100	158,801	144,542
Total Business-type Activities Program Revenues	\$ 10,446,233	\$ 10,507,574	\$ 10,721,941	\$ 10,961,122
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	\$ 15,141,474	\$ 18,678,342	\$ 16,963,073	\$ 15,921,931
Net (Expense)/Revenue				
Governmental Activities	(14,634,374)	(13,931,365)	(14,806,845)	(17,117,722)
Business-type Activities	204,745	983,680	505,614	1,558,699
Total Primary Government Net (Expense)/Revenue	\$(14,429,629)	\$(12,947,685)	\$(14,301,231)	\$(15,559,023)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position				
Governmental Activities:				
Income Taxes	\$ 12,276,122	\$ 11,732,328	\$ 11,756,681	\$ 11,952,647
Other Local Taxes	37,308	40,137	40,362	41,395
Property Taxes	1,807,780	986,812	1,524,924	1,324,503
Motor Vehicle and Gas Tax	1,225,059	1,474,430	1,139,791	1,194,461
Inergovernmental, Unrestricted	1,283,809	1,811,934	827,164	1,033,930
Investment Earnings	38,295	27,308	138,931	2,246
Miscellaneous	329,715	367,822	411,511	106
Transfers	(878,636)	63,167	(367,017)	74,734
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 16,119,452	\$ 16,503,938	\$ 15,472,347	\$ 15,624,022
Business-type Activities:				
Investment Earnings	0	0	0	0
Transfers	878,636	(63,167)	367,017	(74,734)
Total Business-type Activities	\$ 878,636	\$(63,167)	\$ 367,017	\$(74,734)
Total Primary Government	\$ 16,998,088	\$ 16,440,771	\$ 15,839,364	\$ 15,549,288
Change in Net Position				
Governmental Activities	1,485,078	2,572,573	665,502	(1,493,700)
Business-type Activities	1,083,381	920,513	872,631	1,483,965
Total Primary Government Change in Net Position	\$ 2,568,459	\$ 3,493,086	\$ 1,538,133	\$(9,735)

2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
\$ 3,961,826	\$ 4,264,396	\$ 4,277,272	\$ 4,190,639	\$ 4,134,780	\$ 3,666,344
4,925,424	4,890,401	5,181,937	5,392,272	5,420,629	4,987,193
1,973,814	2,063,417	2,134,547	2,231,013	2,299,554	2,262,425
342,741	345,445	348,187	362,022	366,888	346,274
53,960	112,478	104,729	105,251	67,386	35,334
75,000	20,000	0	0	0	0
16,000	17,600	54,750	126,822	36,240	1,258,585
\$ 11,348,765	\$ 11,713,737	\$ 12,101,422	\$ 12,408,019	\$ 12,325,477	\$ 12,556,155
\$ 16,379,814	\$ 17,490,746	\$ 19,363,091	\$ 18,786,322	\$ 22,389,654	\$ 21,723,274
(16,198,443)	(20,957,006)	(18,552,115)	(5,696,456)	(14,920,189)	(13,439,373
302,656	(281,747)	847,633	(288,413)	1,992,322	3,124,806
\$(15,895,787)	\$(21,238,753)	\$(17,704,482)	\$(5,984,869)	\$(12,927,867)	\$(10,314,567
\$ 12,728,800	\$ 12,514,453	\$ 12,628,073	\$ 14,530,532	\$ 13,383,792	\$ 13,628,181
41,042	38,289	52,836	102,850	55,064	104,899
1,442,144	1,442,899	1,487,042	1,470,954	1,553,890	1,679,662
1,459,326	1,698,281	1,345,069	1,696,316	1,773,148	2,001,297
1,003,737	940,280	987,330	1,188,070	1,092,389	1,285,663
110,028	93,470	116,647	195,373	134,496	36,583
0	0	0	0	0	0
183,998	183,891	131,483	(93,817)	61,683	168,180
\$ 16,969,075	\$ 16,911,563	\$ 16,748,480	\$ 19,090,278	\$ 18,054,462	\$ 18,904,465
0	0	0	1,969	0	(
(183,998)	(183,891)	(131,483)	93,817	(61,683)	(168,180
\$(183,998)	\$(183,891)	\$(131,483)	\$ 95,786	\$(61,683)	\$(168,180
\$ 16,785,077	\$ 16,727,672	\$ 16,616,997	\$ 19,186,064	\$ 17,992,779	\$ 18,736,285
770,632	(4,045,443)	(1,803,635)	13,393,822	3,134,273	5,465,092
118,658	(465,638)	716,150	(192,627)	1,930,639	2,956,626

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2012	2013	2014	2015
General Fund				
Nonspendable	\$ 53,487	\$ 51,992	\$ 45,190	\$ 28,405
Assigned	\$ 1,662,830	\$ 240,208	\$ 1,649,569	\$ 1,412,584
Unassigned	\$ 1,096,424	\$ 3,509,005	\$ 1,883,547	\$ 1,398,034
Restricted	0	0	0	0
Total General Fund	2,812,741	3,801,205	3,578,306	2,839,023
All Other Governmental Funds				
NonSpendable	209,783	221,393	451,803	219,964
Restricted	5,173,704	5,919,266	4,970,908	11,504,299
Committed	149,778	219,170	154,522	249,694
Assigned	2,130,590	0	0	0
Unassigned	0	0	0	0
Total All Other Governmental Funds	7,663,855	6,359,829	5,577,233	11,973,957
Total Governmental Funds	\$ 10,476,596	\$ 10,161,034	\$ 9,155,539	\$ 14,812,980

2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
\$ 35,628	\$ 36,969	\$ 38,562	\$ 62,657	\$ 53,759	\$ 52,899
\$ 7,001	\$ 1,734,848	\$ 1,707,787	\$ 1,168,972	\$ 1,278,627	\$ 721,051
\$ 3,507,294	\$ 1,763,718	\$ 1,105,903	\$ 1,122,828	\$ 2,162,661	\$ 3,982,750
0	0	0	100,000	0	0
3,549,923	3,535,535	2,852,252	2,454,457	3,495,047	4,756,700
188,205 8,215,198 247,351 0	187,266 5,858,648 290,271	225,380 4,990,214 325,274 0	208,521 6,173,152 325,274 0	193,006 8,427,704 325,274 0	187,044 6,935,808 197,993
0	0	0	0	0	(3,473)
8,650,754	6,336,185	5,540,868	6,706,947	8,945,984	7,317,372
\$ 12,200,677	\$ 9,871,720	\$ 8,393,120	\$ 9,161,404	\$ 12,441,031	\$ 12,074,072

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2012	2013	2014	2015
Revenues:				
Municipal Income Tax	\$ 11,599,673	\$ 11,582,587	\$ 11,716,273	\$ 11,922,714
Other Local Taxes	1,293,188	1,472,542	1,514,437	1,453,040
State Shared Taxes and Permits	2,707,651	3,007,312	2,247,433	2,243,246
Intergovernmental Grants	1,142,233	3,920,886	2,295,026	324,867
Charges for Services	1,635,508	1,918,720	2,038,845	2,337,256
Fines, Costs, Forfeitures, Licenses and Permits	1,435,372	1,358,049	1,364,666	1,314,750
Miscellaneous Receipts and Reimbursements,				
including Interest	808,439	979,786	1,268,957	1,024,070
Total Revenue	20,622,064	24,239,882	22,445,637	20,619,943
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General Government	3,490,798	3,478,462	3,634,660	3,838,344
Public Safety	11,927,807	12,264,065	12,677,453	13,020,511
Highways and Streets	1,290,424	1,365,466	1,590,916	1,231,105
Urban Redevlopment & Housing	91,730	82,763	117,762	92,427
Economic Development & Assistance	153,967	191,046	190,432	173,560
Recreation	166,091	166,868	208,422	259,657
Capital Outlay	2,829,747	8,029,355	4,841,290	3,568,604
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	538,820	402,837	480,251	854,648
Interest and Fiscal Charges	74,378	56,112	68,328	232,664
Total Expenditures	20,563,762	26,036,974	23,809,514	23,271,520
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	58,302	(1,797,092)	(1,363,877)	(2,651,577)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Other Financing Sources - Capital Leases	0	1,371,415	183,486	106
General Obligation Bonds Issued	0	0	0	8,000,000
Premium on General Obligation Bonds	0	0	0	412,736
Issuance of Debt from Special Obligation Notes	0	0	0	0
Transfers In	4,546,000	4,825,000	5,330,000	5,788,051
Transfers Out	(4,569,000)	(4,825,000)	(5,330,000)	(5,713,317)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(23,000)	1,371,415	183,486	8,487,576
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 35,302	\$(425,677)	\$(1,180,391)	\$ 5,835,999
Debt Service as a Percentage				
of Noncapital Expenditures	3.58%	2.09%	2.74%	5.32%

2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
\$ 12,699,537	\$ 12,645,955	\$ 12,753,832	\$ 13,842,805	\$ 13,159,717	\$ 13,819,220
1,505,940	1,470,786	1,552,710	1,593,910	1,612,420	1,778,752
2,395,052	2,318,968	2,228,443	2,727,456	2,860,013	2,970,955
519,051	1,368,595	2,408,747	1,191,537	4,416,274	2,177,360
2,295,450	2,244,851	2,406,610	2,469,990	2,272,973	2,609,030
1,416,278	1,415,318	1,410,304	1,550,191	1,285,682	1,249,536
797,219	918,422	1,085,605	1,376,079	2,145,388	1,599,601
21,628,527	22,382,895	23,846,251	24,751,968	27,752,467	26,204,454
			_		
3,561,137	3,840,056	4,155,182	4,066,157	3,935,743	4,194,974
12,034,571	13,182,470	14,076,339	14,467,538	14,614,008	15,529,414
1,196,747	1,422,035	1,506,142	1,577,824	1,486,312	1,537,711
91,215	94,713	97,359	81,229	69,332	111,543
164,240	135,871	139,337	133,414	136,267	527,102
233,150	248,583	241,755	232,309	239,009	299,175
7,219,724	5,824,533	4,052,721	2,350,671	3,318,182	6,869,777
811,734	846,553	948,664	960,913	1,079,919	767,132
310,623	311,598	316,444	296,958	279,531	265,079
25,623,141	25,906,412	25,533,943	24,167,013	25,158,303	30,101,907
(3,994,614)	(3,523,517)	(1,687,692)	584,955	2,594,164	(3,897,453)
104 470	0	0	0	0	0
194,470 1,000,000	0 1,025,000	0	0	0 573,522	0
1,000,000	1,023,000	0	0	373,322 0	0
0	0	0	0	0	3,350,000
5,444,627	5,942,322	6,425,607	7,001,475	5,252,739	5,479,180
(5,260,629) 1,378,468	(5,758,431) 1,208,891	(6,248,859) 176,748	(6,819,680) 181,795	(5,101,120) 725,141	(5,311,000) 3,518,180
				\$ 3,319,305	
\$(2,616,146)	\$(2,314,626)	\$(1,510,944)	\$ 766,750	\$ 5,519,505	\$(379,273)
6.91%	8.21%	5.86%	6.08%	6.21%	4.72%

Income Tax Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds Last Ten Years

Tax year	2012	2013	2014	2015
Income Tax Rate	2.25%	2.25%	2.25%	2.25%
Total Tax Collected	\$ 11,595,945	\$ 11,634,384	\$ 11,739,338	\$ 11,725,621
Income Tax Receipts				
Withholding	8,533,750	8,310,102	8,486,386	8,537,908
Percentage	73.59%	71.43%	72.29%	72.81%
Direct (Individual & Business)	3,062,195	3,324,282	3,252,952	3,187,713
Percentage	26.41%	28.57%	27.71%	27.19%

Note: Estimated Personal Income and Income Tax by Business Type

is not available for any of these years.

Source: City Income Tax Department

_	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
	2.25%	2.25%	2.25%	2.25%	2.25%	2.25%
	\$ 12,828,479	\$ 13,131,194	\$ 13,269,321	\$ 13,963,322	\$ 13,163,252	\$ 14,612,455
	9,173,973	9,340,086	9,676,406	10,173,322	9,904,468	10,426,901
	71.51%	71.13%	72.92%	72.86%	75.24%	71.36%
	3,654,506	3,791,108	3,592,915	3,790,000	3,258,784	4,185,554
	28.49%	28.87%	27.08%	27.14%	24.76%	28.64%

Income Tax Collections Current Year and Seven Years Ago

			Local	
	Number	Percent of	Taxable	Percent of
Income Level	of Filers	Total	Income	Income
\$0 - \$19,999	2,118	29.41%	\$ 18,883,242	5.66%
20,000 - 49,999	2,520	35.00%	86,539,899	25.89%
50,000 - 74,999	1,170	16.25%	71,256,329	21.32%
75,000 - 99,999	692	9.61%	59,757,686	17.88%
Over 100,000	701	9.73%	97,762,694	29.25%
Total	7,201	100.00%	\$ 334,199,850	100.00%
Local Taxes Paid by Reside	ents		Tax Dollars	
Taxes Paid to the City of X	enia	-	\$ 5,222,384	
Taxes Credited to Other Mu	unicipalities		2,297,113	
		_	\$ 7,519,497	

			Local	
	Number	Percent of	Taxable	Percent of
Income Level	of Filers	Total	Income	Income
\$0 - \$19,999	6,587	21.82%	\$ 38,184,902	6.06%
20,000 - 49,999	3,181	44.17%	105,249,349	31.49%
50,000 - 74,999	1,249	17.34%	76,004,588	22.74%
75,000 - 99,999	639	8.87%	54,886,335	16.42%
Over 100,000	562	7.80%	77,836,463	23.29%
Total	12,218	100.00%	\$ 352,161,637	100.00%
Local Taxes Paid by Resid	lents		Tax Dollars	
Taxes Paid to the City of 2	_	\$ 6,167,505		
Taxes Credited to Other M	Sunicipalities		1,756,132	

\$ 7,923,637

Source: City Finance Director's Office

and Regional Income Tax Agency (RITA) starting Sept. 2020

RITA reports on a Tax Year basis, where Xenia had been reporting on a transaction date basis.



Ratio of Outstanding Debt By Type Last Ten Years

	2012	2013	2014	2015
Governmental Activities (1)				
General Obligation Bonds Payable	\$ 1,642,248	\$ 1,478,916	\$ 1,288,677	\$ 8,756,488
Original Issue Premium	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 396,227
Capital Leases	478,680	1,610,590	1,504,064	1,191,605
Local Government Innovation Fund	0	100,000	100,000	90,000
Special Obligation Notes	0	0	0	0
Business-type Activities (1)				
Ohio Water Development Authority Loans Payable	\$ 6,555,052	\$ 6,006,280	\$ 5,449,918	\$ 4,877,571
General Obligation Bonds Payable	109,383	98,243	86,863	75,236
Capital Leases	1,314,314	1,207,514	1,095,874	979,174
Total Primary Government	\$ 10,099,677	\$ 10,501,543	\$ 9,525,396	\$ 16,366,301
Population (2)				
City of Xenia	25,983	25,879	25,911	25,976
Outstanding Debt Per Capita	\$ 389	\$ 406	\$ 368	\$ 630
Income (3)				
Personal (in thousands)	515,659	514,733	531,383	532,716
Percentage of Personal Income	1.96%	2.04%	1.79%	3.07%

Sources:

- (1) City Finance Director's Office
- (2) US Bureau of Census, Population Division
 - (a) Per Capita Income is only available by County, Total Personal Income is a calculation

2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
\$ 9,247,308	\$ 9,706,094	\$ 9,042,801	\$ 8,372,385	\$ 8,153,047	\$ 7,446,130
\$ 379,718	\$ 363,207	\$ 346,698	\$ 330,189	\$ 313,680	\$ 297,171
1,186,674	893,030	594,363	290,570	20,215	0
80,000	70,000	60,000	50,000	160,000	120,000
0	0	0	0	0	3,350,000
		4.0.0 6.60 2	***	* • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	* 4 0 = 4 <4 <
\$ 4,315,520	\$ 3,709,810	\$ 3,086,693	\$ 2,445,668	\$ 2,037,301	\$ 1,871,616
63,355	51,221	38,824	26,160	13,222	0
857,187	729,671	1,617,931	2,402,050	6,070,164	5,362,490
\$ 16,129,762	\$ 15,523,033	\$ 14,787,310	\$ 13,917,022	\$ 16,767,629	\$ 18,447,407
26,002	26,562	26,193	26,947	26,947	26,751
\$ 620	\$ 584	\$ 565	\$ 516	\$ 622	\$ 690
546,796	580,831	607,835	630,883	654,731	667,865
2.95%	2.67%	2.43%	2.21%	2.56%	2.76%

Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Years

	2012	2013	2014	2015
Population (1)	25,983	25,879	25,911	25,976
Assessed Value (2)	\$ 369,340,160	\$ 371,635,110	\$ 357,886,080	\$ 357,304,480
General Bonded Debt (3) General Obligation Bonds	\$ 1,751,631	\$ 1,577,159	\$ 1,375,540	\$ 8,831,724
Resources Available to Pay Principal (4)	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Net General Bonded Debt	\$ 1,751,631	\$ 1,577,159	\$ 1,375,540	\$ 8,831,724
Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Estimated Actual Value	0.47%	0.42%	0.38%	2.47%
Net Bonded Debt per Capita	\$ 67.41	\$ 60.94	\$ 53.09	\$ 340.00

Source:

- (1) U.S. Bureau of Census of Population
- (2) Greene County Auditor
- (3) Includes all general obligation bonded debt supported by property taxes.
- (4) Includes only Debt Service funds available for general obligation bonded debt supported by property taxes.

2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
26,002	26,562	26,193	26,947	26,947	26,751
\$ 358,938,640	\$ 380,189,780	\$ 387,634,450	\$ 392,643,790	\$ 451,738,620	\$ 466,858,110
\$ 9,310,663	\$ 9,757,315	\$ 9,081,625	\$ 8,398,545	\$ 8,166,269	\$ 7,446,130
\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
\$ 9,310,663	\$ 9,757,315	\$ 9,081,625	\$ 8,398,545	\$ 8,166,269	\$ 7,446,130
2.59%	2.57%	2.34%	2.14%	1.81%	1.59%
\$ 358.07	\$ 367.34	\$ 346.72	\$ 311.67	\$ 303.05	\$ 278.35

Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt Attributable to Governmental Activities December 31, 2021

2021 Jurisdiction	Gross Debt Outstanding	Percentage Applicable to the City of Xenia	Amount Applicable to the City of Xenia
Direct:			
City of Xenia	\$ 7,863,301	100.00%	\$ 7,863,301
Overlapping:			
Greene County	\$ 74,595,760	9.71%	7,245,328
Xenia Community School District	\$ 66,575,000	58.89%	39,203,342
Greene County Career Center	\$ 50,575,000	9.58%	4,844,873
		Subtotal	51,293,543
		Total	\$ 59,156,844

Source: City of Xenia Finance Office

Greene County Auditor Xenia Community Schools Greene County Career Center

The percentage applicable to the City of Xenia is calculated by dividing Xenia's total taxable value by that of each entity.



Debt Limitations Last Ten Years

Collection Year	2012	2013	2014	2015
Total Debt				
Net Assessed Valuation	369,340,160	371,635,110	357,886,080	357,304,480
Legal Debt Limitation (%) (1)	10.50%	10.50%	10.50%	10.50%
Legal Debt Limitation (\$) (1)	38,780,717	39,021,687	37,578,038	37,516,970
City Debt Outstanding (2)	1,751,631	1,577,159	1,375,540	8,831,724
Less: Applicable Debt Service Fund Amounts	0	0	0	0
Net Indebtedness Subject to Limitation	1,751,631	1,577,159	1,375,540	8,831,724
Overall Legal Debt Margin	\$ 37,029,086	\$ 37,444,528	\$ 36,202,498	\$ 28,685,246
Unvoted Debt				
Net Assessed Valuation	369,340,160	371,635,110	357,886,080	357,304,480
Legal Debt Limitation (%) (1)	5.50%	5.50%	5.50%	5.50%
Legal Debt Limitation (\$) (1)	20,313,709	20,439,931	19,683,734	19,651,746
City Debt Outstanding (2)	1,751,631	1,577,159	1,375,540	8,831,724
Less: Applicable Debt Service Fund Amounts	0	0	0	0
Net Indebtedness Subject to Limitation	1,751,631	1,577,159	1,375,540	8,831,724
Overall Legal Debt Margin	\$ 18,562,078	\$ 18,862,772	\$ 18,308,194	\$ 10,820,022

⁽¹⁾ Direct Debt Limitation based upon Section 133, The Uniform Bond Act of the Ohio Revised Code.

(2) City Debt Outstanding includes Non Self-Supporting General Obligation Bonds

2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
358,938,640	380,189,780	387,634,450	392,643,790	451,738,620	466,858,110
10.50%	10.50%	10.50%	10.50%	10.50%	10.50%
37,688,557	39,919,927	40,701,617	41,227,598	47,432,555	49,020,102
9,310,663	9,757,315	9,081,625	8,398,545	8,166,269	7,446,130
0	0	0	0	0	0
9,310,663	9,757,315	9,081,625	8,398,545	8,166,269	7,446,130
\$ 28,377,894	\$ 30,162,612	\$ 31,619,992	\$ 32,829,053	\$ 39,266,286	\$ 41,573,972
358,938,640	380,189,780	387,634,450	392,643,790	451,738,620	466,858,110
5.50%	5.50%	5.50%	5.50%	5.50%	5.50%
19,741,625	20,910,438	21,319,895	21,595,408	24,845,624	25,677,196
9,310,663	9,757,315	9,081,625	8,398,545	8,166,269	7,446,130
0	0	0	0	0	0
9,310,663	9,757,315	9,081,625	8,398,545	8,166,269	7,446,130
\$ 10,430,962	\$ 11,153,123	\$ 12,238,270	\$ 13,196,863	\$ 16,679,355	\$ 18,231,066

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Years

Calendar Year	2012	2013	2014	2015
Population (1) (a)				
City of Xenia	25,983	25,879	25,911	25,976
Greene County	163,852	163,204	163,820	164,427
Income (1) (a)				
Total Personal (in thousands)	515,659	514,733	531,383	532,716
Per Capita	19,846	19,890	20,508	20,508
Unemployment Rate (2)				
Federal	7.6%	6.5%	5.4%	4.8%
State	6.6%	6.6%	4.7%	4.6%
Greene County	6.4%	6.2%	4.2%	4.1%
Civilian Work Force Estimates (2)				
State	5,701,000	5,728,000	5,697,000	5,693,000
Greene County	77,600	76,800	79,500	80,700
Employment Distribution by Occupation (1) (a)				
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, hunting, and mining	66	56	23	23
Construction	566	656	619	619
Manufacturing	1,185	1,004	1,000	1,000
Wholesale trade	174	231	136	136
Retail trade	1,341	1,714	1,725	1,725
Transportation, warehousing, and utilities info.	568	528	479	479
Information	206	197	230	230
Finance, insurance, real estate, rental and leasing	509	410	393	393
Professional, scientific, management, administrative, and waste management	770	742	506	506
Educational, health, and social services	2,954	2,534	2,730	2,730
Arts, Entertainment, recreation, accommodation	1,154	1,020	833	833
and food services	ŕ	1,020	633	633
Other Services	606	603	534	534
Public Administration	748	794	748	748
Daytime Population (1) (a)	22,424	22,424	24,442	24,442

Sources:

⁽¹⁾ US Census Bureau American Fact Finder Website, the City used the latest information available.

⁽a) Daytime Population calculated using date from American Fact Finder starting in 2018. Prior to that the US Bureau of Census of Population was used

⁽²⁾ State Department of Labor Statistics

2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
26,002	26,562	26,193	26,947	26,947	26,751
164,192	166,752	167,995	168,937	168,937	167,966
546,796	580,831	607,835	630,883	654,731	667,865
21,029	21,867	23,206	23,412	24,297	24,966
4.5%	3.9%	3.7%	3.7%	6.5%	3.7%
4.5%	3.9% 4.5%	3.7% 4.8%	3.8%	5.3%	3.6%
4.1%	3.8%	4.3%	3.4%	4.0%	2.9%
4.170	3.670	4.370	J. 4 70	4.070	2.970
5,674,000	5,732,000	5,739,000	5,892,809	5,965,597	5,917,459
80,300	83,100	82,000	82,401	85,246	82,915
10	11	53	52	40	33
604	547	497	411	448	600
1,069	1,092	1,320	1,437	1,454	1,323
143	188	127	235	325	298
1,778	1,934	1,836	1,763	1,748	1,887
416	415	478	503	540	644
198	151	131	103	76	131
405	417	493	452	477	510
556	756	783	744	1,051	1,069
2,942	2,921	2,977	2,967	2,963	2,878
900	933	990	921	992	910
573	460	572	620	674	538
652	689	653	641	657	595
24,442	24,442	20,282	20,996	20,754	24,439

Principal Employers Current Year and Seven Years Ago

Employer	Nature of Business	Amount Withheld	Rank	Percentage of Total Withheld
Greene County	Government	915,080	1	8.78%
Xenia Community School Dist	Education	607,035	2	5.82%
City of Xenia	Government	378,356	3	3.63%
Kettering Med Center Network	Health Care	360,529	4	3.46%
Wal-mart Associates Inc	Retail	255,413	5	2.45%
Onesource Employee Mgmt LLC	Other Services	182,429	6	1.75%
Alliance Physicians	Health Care	164,846	7	1.58%
Greene County Career Center	Education	154,052	8	1.48%
Defense Finance	Government	152,703	9	1.46%
American Buildings Co Illinois	Other Services	147,311	10	1.41%
Total		3,317,754		
Total Withheld for the City		10,426,901		

			2014	
Employer	Nature of Business	Amount Withheld	Rank	Percentage of Total Withheld
Greene County	Government	920,147	1	10.66%
Xenia Community School Dist	Education	552,023	2	6.39%
Kettering Med Center Network	Health Care	507,284	3	5.88%
City of Xenia	Government	348,260	4	4.03%
Wal-mart Associates Inc	Retail	208,915	5	2.42%
Alliance Physicians	Health Care	170,593	6	1.98%
TCN Behavorial Health Services	Health Care	151,594	7	1.76%
Unison Industries LLC	Other Services	144,655	8	1.68%
Onesource Employee Mgmt LLC	Other Services	140,299	9	1.63%
Kroger Limited Ptr	Grocery	117,841	10	1.36%
Total		3,261,611		
Total Withheld for the City		8,633,732		

Sources:

City of Xenia Income Tax Department Regional Income Tax Agency starting Sept 2020 Reported on Amount Withheld starting FY 2021 as RITA does not track employee count from W3's Principal Property Tax Payers Current Year and Seven Years Ago

			2021	
Property Tax Payers	 Assessed Value		Rank	Percentage of Total Assessed Value
DP&L	\$ 8,587,580		1	1.84%
Deer Creek Community LLC	4,996,020		2	1.07%
Vectren Energy Delivery	3,045,350		3	0.65%
City of Xenia	3,488,090		4	0.75%
Ohio Valley Property Management	3,314,900		5	0.71%
Traditions at Xenia	2,757,520		9	0.59%
Wal-Mart Real Estate Business	2,564,850		6	0.55%
Greene Oaks Realty LLC	2,461,570		7	0.53%
Lowes Home Centers Inc	1,975,390		8	0.42%
Wood Xenia Center LLC	1,804,550		10	0.39%
Total Principal Property Tax Payers	 34,995,820	_		
Total Assessed Value	\$ 466,858,110	- =		

			2014	
				Percentage
	Assessed			of Total
Employer	 Value		Rank	Assessed Value
DP&L	\$ 7,252,950		1	1.78%
Deer Creek Community LLC	5,018,580		2	1.23%
City of Xenia	4,191,560		3	1.03%
Wal-Mart Real Estate Business	2,586,540		4	0.63%
Traditions at Xenia	2,325,140		5	0.57%
Lowes Home Centers Inc	1,921,370		6	0.47%
Wood Xenia Center LLC	1,884,050		7	0.46%
Wright Cycle Seniors Limited	1,743,510		8	0.43%
Xenia Bellbrook LLC	1,504,110		9	0.37%
Xenia Nominee LP	1,472,750		10	0.36%
Total Principal Property Tax Payers	 29,900,560	<u>-</u>		
Total Assessed Value	\$ 408,387,363	-		

Sources:

Greene County Auditor's Office

Full Time Equivalent Employees by Function Last Ten Years

	2012	2013	2014	2015
Governmental Activities				
General Government				
Finance	15.00	16.00	16.00	16.00
Legal/Court	30.50	31.00	27.75	27.25
Administration	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.75
Information Technology	2.00	2.00	4.00	4.00
Facilities	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Security of Persons and Property				
Police	68.50	71.00	72.50	72.50
Fire	44.00	44.00	44.50	44.50
Transportation				
Street	6.00	6.00	6.00	7.00
Garage	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Leisure Time Activities				
Recreation/Seniors	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Parks	1.50	2.00	1.00	1.50
Community Environment				
Service	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Development/Planning	6.00	6.00	6.25	6.25
Engineering	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.50
Business-Type Activities				
Utilities				
Water	17.00	16.00	17.00	17.00
Sewer	16.00	16.00	15.00	15.00
Solid Waste	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Storm Water	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Total Employees	220.00	223.50	223.50	225.25

Method: 1.00 for each full-time, 0.50 for each part-time and 0.25

for each seasonal employee

2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
2010	2017	2016	2019	2020	2021
16.00	15.50	15.50	15.50	15.50	12.00
28.25	27.25	27.25	28.25	28.75	28.75
6.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.50	7.50
4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
0.00	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50
73.00	73.00	73.00	73.00	74.00	73.00
44.50	44.50	44.50	44.50	45.00	45.00
6.50	8.00	8.00	8.00	7.00	7.00
2.00	1.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1.50	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
6.25	5.25	5.25	5.25	5.25	5.25
4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	5.50
15.25	15.00	15.00	15.00	15.00	15.00
17.50	19.25	19.00	19.00	19.00	19.00
1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25
2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
228.50	231.25	232.00	233.00	234.50	231.00

Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Years

	2012	2013	2014	2015
Governmental Activities				
General Government				
Court				
Number of Probation Cases	850	775	626	564
Number of Traffic Cases	10,172	8,924	8,831	8,139
Number of Criminal Cases	3,890	3,535	3,137	3,372
Number of Civil Cases	1,402	1,059	1,079	1,358
Licenses and Permits				
Number of Residential Constructions	151	156	169	144
Number of Commercial Constructions	123	189	178	125
Security of Persons and Property				
Police				
Number of Citations Issued	4,174	4,071	3,356	3,368
Number of Arrests	1,879	1,743	1,595	1,908
Number of Accidents	876	434	412	487
Fire				
Number of Fire Calls	943	1,077	1,096	1,135
Number of EMS Runs	3,781	4,110	4,076	3,995
Number of Inspections	344	370	267	281
Transportation				
Street				
Number of Streets Resurfaced	17	21	2	14
Leisure Time Activities				
Recreation/Seniors				
Number of Programs Offered	14	13	13	15
Number of Shelter Rentals	65	60	71	72
Business-Type Activities				
Water				
Number of Metered Accounts	10,185	10,187	10,197	10,235
Daily Average Consumption (millions of gallons)	2.5	2.4	3.0	2.8
Peak Daily Consumption (millions of gallons)	9.0	4.3	4.7	4.4
Sewer				
Number of Metered Accounts	10,065	10,072	10,082	10,123
Daily Average Sewage Treatment (millions of gallons)	3.8	4.0	4.5	4.7
Solid Waste				
Number of Customers Served	9,445	9,432	9,455	9,455
Stormwater				
Number of Customers Served	9,445	9,454	9,488	9,502

2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
648	687	660	672	711	628
8,087	8,363	8,545	7,931	4,998	5,659
3,568	3,077	2,698	2,732	2,397	2,118
1,145	1,623	1,291	1,543	1,112	1,160
212	242	298	337	284	346
80	41	41	35	18	36
2,495	1,646	2,393	2,650	1,064	2,091
1,746	1,843	1,711	2,545	1,434	1,371
506	475	473	469	370	408
1,122	1,114	1,247	1,127	764	1,020
4,422	4,484	4,613	4,986	4,929	4,888
360	225	360	339	339	179
12	10	2	3	1	9
15	15	15	15	15	14
49	100	109	53	13	21
10,288	10,364	10,439	10,429	10,425	10,493
2.8	3.0	3.0	3.1	3.2	3.2
6.0	4.4	4.3	4.4	4.4	4.2
10,177	10,258	10,285	10,317	10,315	10,493
4.1	4.3	5.0	5.4	4.4	4.2
9,678	9,629	9,690	9,812	9,872	9,860
9,551	9,628	9,656	9,689	9,688	9,752

Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Years

	2012	2013	2014	2015
Governmental Activities	2012	2013	2014	2013
General Government				
Land (acres)	7,677	7,677	8,320	8,320
Public Safety	,,,,,	7,077	0,520	5,2 2 5
Police				
Stations	1	1	1	1
Vehicles	23	28	22	20
Fire				
Stations	2	2	2	2
Vehicles	13	14	14	13
Highways and Streets				
Streets (lane miles)	219	219	219	219
Street Lights	2,134	2,145	2,165	2,165
Traffic Signals	40	40	40	40
Recreation				
Land (acres)	117	117	112	112
Buildings/Shelters	11	11	13	13
Parks	13	13	13	13
Playgrounds	11	11	11	11
Tennis Courts	0	0	0	0
Baseball/Softball Diamonds	3	3	6	6
Soccer Fields	0	0	0	0
Business-Type Activities				
Utilities				
Water				
Waterlines (Miles)	142	142	142	142
Pump Stations	1	1	1	1
Average Daily Consumption	2.5 (mgd)	2.4 (mgd)	3.0 (mgd)	2.8 (mgd)
Storage Capacity (thousands of gallons)	9 (mgd)	9 (mgd)	9 (mgd)	9 (mgd)
Sewer	· · · · ·	()	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	()
Sewerlines (Miles)	146	146	146	146

2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
8,320	8,320	8,321	8,321	8,321	8,321
1	1	1	1	1	1
23	24	27	27	31	32
2	2	2	2	2	2
13	13	15	15	15	13
219	219	220	220	220	221
2,165	2,165	2,184	2,184	2,196	2,227
40	41	41	41	40	40
112	112	113	113	113	113
14	14	19	19	19	19
13	13	13	13	13	13
13	13	13	13	13	13
0	0	0	0	0	0
6	6	5	5	5	5
0	0	0	0	0	0
142	142	143	143	145	147
1	1	1	1	1	1
2.8 (mgd)	3.0 (mgd)	3.0 (mgd)	3.1 (mgd)	3.2 (mgd)	3.2 (mgd)
9 (mgd)					
1.46	1.46	1.47	1.45	1.40	1.40
146	146	147	147	148	149

Capital Asset Value by Function Last Ten Years

	2012	2013	2014	2015
Governmental Activities				
General Government				
Land and Improvements	\$ 259,130	\$ 305,264	\$ 305,264	\$ 305,264
Buildings	2,861,096	2,861,096	2,861,097	2,861,096
Equipment	1,420,954	1,574,991	1,614,690	1,753,976
Public Safety				
Land and Improvements	116,874	116,875	116,875	116,875
Buildings	1,304,735	1,393,816	1,417,205	1,656,716
Equipment	5,145,704	5,833,840	7,321,039	7,000,751
City Wide				
Land and Improvements	18,072,603	18,788,576	19,081,815	19,081,815
Buildings	3,729,073	3,729,074	3,785,419	3,823,594
Equipment	2,376,452	2,485,501	2,555,743	2,589,981
Infrastructure	16,285,036	16,743,933	17,662,684	18,114,676
Construction in Progress	752,822	1,583,156	515,011	1,825,904
Business-Type Activities Utilities				
Water				
Land and Improvements	214,794	214,794	311,416	463,764
Buildings and Improvements	2,900,633	2,966,328	2,966,328	3,009,962
Equipment	17,969,700	18,269,692	18,470,603	19,297,374
Construction in Progress	522,622	622,647	1,616,056	1,181,538
Sewer				
Land and Improvements	580,302	626,990	818,483	889,024
Buildings and Improvements	6,857,782	7,427,086	7,452,141	7,485,140
Equipment	26,683,388	26,875,711	27,361,516	27,516,178
Construction in Progress	1,634,109	307,309	242,245	236,292
Sanitation				
Land and Improvements	0	213,688	213,688	213,688
Buildings and Improvements	93,730	93,730	93,730	93,730
Equipment	976,672	992,472	885,782	885,782
Construction in Progress	152,072	0	1,368	176,530
Stormwater				
Land and Improvements	0	0	0	0
Equipment	8,932,711	9,095,673	9,081,454	9,682,973
Construction in Progress	2,340	0	0	1,988

2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
		_		_	
\$ 305,264	\$ 316,651	\$ 316,651	\$ 316,651	\$ 316,651	\$ 316,651
2,861,097	10,484,786	10,611,438	10,621,721	10,585,691	10,585,691
1,776,209	2,198,147	2,523,914	2,534,002	2,557,252	2,574,555
116,875	116,875	116,875	116,875	116,875	116,875
1,656,716	1,845,556	1,845,556	1,853,638	1,853,638	1,858,859
6,944,552	7,219,909	7,365,375	7,816,184	7,629,836	8,041,628
19,944,611	20,330,011	20,358,057	20,780,556	20,780,556	21,290,373
5,706,974	3,853,922	3,853,922	3,853,923	3,853,223	7,192,277
2,616,185	2,721,411	2,724,908	2,798,152	2,817,985	3,189,775
18,803,993	20,347,197	21,686,612	23,463,483	25,123,612	27,067,586
7,392,736	395,096	1,896,062	925,914	1,658,315	2,419,278
463,764	463,764	463,766	463,767	463,767	465,085
3,009,961	3,131,684	3,131,684	3,131,684	3,131,684	3,131,684
19,463,684	19,646,827	19,697,831	21,356,626	21,332,433	23,968,596
1,251,817	1,245,442	1,766,319	1,655,027	4,240,484	1,247,178
710,000	710,000	738,565	776,077	776,077	805,191
7,485,141	7,631,778	7,821,268	7,842,714	7,851,409	7,851,409
27,775,931	27,870,361	28,159,493	28,222,540	29,698,537	32,285,675
327,543	619,772	1,054,702	1,668,602	2,998,051	333,904
213,688	271,768	271,768	271,769	271,769	271,769
93,730	123,130	123,131	123,131	130,556	130,556
908,308	922,064	975,239	976,058	960,087	960,087
209,698	192,817	195,707	225,823	573,354	573,354
0	0	0	0	0	2,815
9,783,177	10,018,935	10,254,928	10,619,904	11,008,874	11,623,080
3,974	0	0	0	0	0

Capital Asset Value by Function Last Ten Years

	2012	2013	2014	2015
Other Enterprise				
Land and Improvements	263,951	263,951	263,951	263,951
Equipment	20,081	20,081	20,081	20,081
Construction in Progress	57,261	0	0	0

2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
263,951	263,951	263,951	263,952	263,952	263,952
20,081	11,895	11,895	11,895	11,895	11,895
0	0	0	0	0	0





CITY OF XENIA

GREENE COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 7/5/2022

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370