



FRANKLIN COUNTY

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Attachment: Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

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| | | | | | Expenditures |
|--|--|------------------|----------------------|--------------------|----------------------|
| S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE ass through Ohio Department of Education: Child Nutrition Cluster: | | | | | |
| School Breakfast Program | N/A | 10.553 | \$ 7,506 | s - | \$ 7,506 |
| School Breakfast Program School Breakfast Program | N/A N/A | 10.553 10.553 | 60,693 68,199 | - | 60,693 68,199 |
| COVID-19 School Breakfast Program | N/A | 10.553 | 877 | - | 877 |
| Total for AL# 10.553 | 1071 | 10.555 | 69,076 | - | 69,076 |
| National School Lunch Program | N/A | 10.555 | 18,953 | - | 18,953 |
| National School Lunch Program Total for AL# 10.555 | N/A | 10.555 | 100,034 118,987 | - | 89,815 108,768 |
| Total Child Nutrition Cluster | | | 188,063 | _ | 177,844 |
| ass through Ohio Department of Job and Family Services: | | | 100,005 | | 177,011 |
| Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Cluster: | | | | | |
| State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program | JFSCF521 JFSCFP21 | 10.561 10.561 | 347,616 43,651 | - | 386,452 41,651 |
| State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program | JFSCFP22 | 10.561 | 15,727 | - | 26,088 |
| State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program | JFSCF121 JFSCF122 | 10.561 10.561 | 249,863 173,148 | - | 151,253 220,574 |
| State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program | JFSCFB21 | 10.561 | 7,848,778 | - | 7,202,955 |
| State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program COVID-19 SNAP American Rescue Plan Act | JFSCFB22 JFSCFJ21 | 10.561 10.561 | 2,048,095 326,354 | - | 2,744,917 326,354 |
| COVID-19 Stimulus Food Assistance | JFSCFA21 | 10.561 | 292,561 | 118,414 | 292,561 |
| Total for AL# 10.561 | | | 11,345,793 | 118,414 | 11,392,805 |
| Total Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Cluster | | | 11,345,793 | 118,414 | 11,392,805 |
| otal U.S. Department of Agriculture | | | 11,533,856 | 118,414 | 11,570,649 |
| .S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT irect: | | | | | |
| Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants Cluster: | N/A | 14 219 | 1 059 657 | 2 062 570 | 2,063,570 |
| Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants | N/A | 14.218 | 1,058,657 | 2,063,570 | · · · |
| Total Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants Cluster | | | 1,058,657 | 2,063,570 | 2,063,570 |
| Emergency Solutions Grants Program | N/A | 14.231 | 1,015,692 | - | 1,167,741 |
| Home Investment Partnerships Program | N/A | 14.239 | 765,258 | - | 764,989 |
| otal U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development | | | 2,839,607 | 2,063,570 | 3,996,300 |
| LS. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE irrect: | | | | | |
| COVID-19 Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding Program | 2020-VD-BX-0367 | 16.034 | - | 534,359 | 567,595 |
| Grants to Encourage Arrest Policies and Enforcement of Protection Orders Program | 2020-WE-AX-0016 | 16.590 | 43,248 | 87,868 | 107,894 |
| Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program | N/A N/A | 16.738 16.738 | - | 243,482 190,788 | 349,857 210,954 |
| Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program | N/A N/A | 16.738 | 412,577 | 20,840 | 210,934 20,840 |
| Total for AL# 16.738 | | | 412,577 | 455,110 | 581,651 |
| Children of Incarcerated Parents | 2019-IG-BX-0004 | 16.831 | 91,088 | - | 85,864 |
| Total Direct | | | 546,913 | 1,077,337 | 1,343,004 |
| ass through Ohio Office of Criminal Justice Services: Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program | 2018-JG-D01-6308A | 16 729 | 17,420 | | |
| Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program | 2018-JG-D01-6308A 2020-JG-D01-6308E | 16.738 16.738 | 5,918 | - | 40,117 |
| Total for AL# 16.738 | | | 23,338 | - | 40,117 |
| ass through Ohio Department of Youth Services: Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention - Allocation to States | 2018-JJ-RPU-0895 | 16.540 | 28,652 | 18,903 | 18,903 |
| Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention - Allocation to States | 2019-JJ-RPU-0895 | 16.540 | 94,052 | 110,000 | 110,000 |
| Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention - Allocation to States Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention - Allocation to States | 2019-JJ-DMC-0191 2020-JJ-RPU-0895 | 16.540 16.540 | 725 69,908 | 110,000 | 110,000 |
| Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention - Allocation to States | 2020-JJ-DMC-0191 | 16.540 | 10,000 | | 11,543 |
| Total for AL# 16.540 | | | 203,337 | 238,903 | 250,446 |
| ass through Ohio Attorney General's Office: Crime Victim Assistance | 2021-VOCA-1339068 | 16.575 | 152,778 | - | 116,997 |
| Crime Victim Assistance Crime Victim Assistance | 2021-VOCA-1339243 2022-VOCA-1347153 | 16.575 16.575 | 111,364 | - | 108,970 27,139 |
| Crime Victim Assistance | 2022-VOCA-1347153 | 16.575 | - | - | 39,353 |
| Total for AL# 16.575 | | | 264,142 | - | 292,459 |
| ass through Ohio Office of Criminal Justice Services: Violence Against Women Formula Grants | 2019-WF-RPU-0898 | 16.588 | 503,303 | 202,014 | 202,014 |
| Violence Against Women Formula Grants | 2019-WF-ADM-8752 | 16.588 | 6,308 | - | - |
| Violence Against Women Formula Grants Violence Against Women Formula Grants | 2020-WF-RPU-0898 | 16.588 | 298,784 8,520 | 486,389 | 486,389 28,389 |
| Violence Against Women Formula Grants Total for AL# 16.588 | 2020-WF-ADM-8752 | 16.588 | 8,520 816,915 | 688,403 | 28,389 |
| | 2012 13 | 16.020 | | | |
| Comprehensive Opioid Abuse Site-Based Program Comprehensive Opioid Abuse Site-Based Program | 2017-AR-BX-K027 2018-AR-BX-K026 | 16.838 16.838 | 123,816 382,147 | - | 328,345 |
| | | | | | |
| Comprehensive Opioid Abuse Site-Based Program | 2020-AR-BX-0040 | 16.838 | 58,854 | - | 112,257 |
| | | 16.838 | 58,854 564,817 | - | 112,257 440,602 |

| Federal Grantor Agency/ | Pass-Through | Federal | | Passed | Total |
|--|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|
| Pass-Through Agency/ Program/Cluster Title | Entity Identifying Number | Assistance Listing Number | Receipts | Through to Subrecipients | Federal Expenditures |
| 0 | Number | Nulliber | Receipts | Subrecipients | Expenditures |
| U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION Pass through the Ohio Department of Transportation: | | | | | |
| Highway Planning and Construction Cluster: | | | | | |
| Highway Planning and Construction - Trabue over the Railroad | PID 101543 | 20.205 | - | - | 1,054,887 |
| Highway Planning and Construction - Dublin-Granville 12.90 o/ Rocky Fork | PID 103810 | 20.205 | 448,201 | - | 50,623 |
| Highway Planning and Construction - RNA at Clark State | PID 104708 | 20.205 | 1,400,000 | - | 438,135 |
| Highway Planning and Construction - Agler Road 1.52 o/ Alum Creek | PID 105741 | 20.205 | - | - | 320,521 |
| Highway Planning and Construction - Trabue Road 10.77 o/ Scioto River | PID 105759 | 20.205 | - | - | 175,277 |
| Highway Planning and Construction - Winchester Pike 0.87 o/ Georges Creek Highway Planning and Construction - Rohr Road at SR 317 | PID 105761 PID 109493 | 20.205 20.205 | - | - | 114,624 232,968 |
| Highway Planning and Construction - Morse Road at Babbitt Road | PID 109493 PID 109494 | 20.205 | - | - | 643,840 |
| Highway Planning and Construction - SR 317 at Lockbourne Road | PID 109581 | 20.205 | - | - | 200,105 |
| Highway Planning and Construction - Alum Creek Drive @ Bixby Road | PID 113949 | 20.205 | 51,100 | - | - |
| Highway Planning and Construction - Cleveland Avenue Corridor | PID 113718 | 20.205 | 7,914 | - | 149,363 |
| Highway Planning and Construction - Ferris at Walford | PID 113730 | 20.205 | - | - | 171,515 |
| Total for AL# 20.205 | | | 1,907,215 | - | 3,551,858 |
| Total Highway Planning and Construction Cluster | | | 1,907,215 | - | 3,551,858 |
| Pass through the Ohio Department of Public Safety: | | | | | |
| Highway Safety Cluster: | | | | | |
| State and Community Highway Safety - DUI Enforcement | IDEP/STEP-2021-FCS-00053 | 20.600 | 78,884 | - | 64,546 |
| State and Community Highway Safety - DUI Enforcement | IDEP/STEP-2022-FCS-00020 | 20.600 | - | - | 16,243 |
| Total for AL# 20.600 | | | 78,884 | - | 80,789 |
| National Priority Safety Programs | OVI-2021-FCS-0001 | 20.616 | 74,117 | - | 77,696 |
| Total Highway Safety Cluster | | | 153,001 | - | 158,485 |
| Fotal U. S. Department of Transportation | | | 2,060,216 | - | 3,710,343 |
| U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY | | | | | |
| Direct: | | | | | |
| Equitable Sharing | N/A | 21.016 | 1 | - | - |
| COVID-19 CARES Act - Coronavirus Relief Fund Local Government Assistance Program | N/A | 21.019 | - | 114,863 | 3,438,856 |
| COVID-19 Emergency Rental Assistance Program | N/A | 21.023 | 17,192,419 | 2,884,467 | 6,942,097 |
| COVID-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds | N/A | 21.027 | 127,882,209 | 11,791,705 | 17,572,075 |
| Total U. S. Department of the Treasury | | • | 145,074,629 | 14,791,035 | 27,953,028 |
| | | | | | |
| U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION | | | | | |
| Pass through Ohio Department of Education: Special Education Cluster (IDEA): | | | | | |
| Special Education Cluster (IDEA). | 065979-6BSF-2021 | 84.027 | - | - | 99,986 |
| Special Education - Grants to States | 065979-6BSF-2022 | 84.027 | 199,770 | - | 99,885 |
| Total for AL# 84.027 | | | 199,770 | - | 199,871 |
| | 065979-PGS1-2021 | 04.152 | | | 42 501 |
| Special Education - Preschool Grants Special Education - Preschool Grants | 065979-PGS1-2021 065979-PGS1-2022 | 84.173 84.173 | 87,005 | - | 43,501 43,502 |
| Total for AL# 84.173 | 005979-F031-2022 | 04.175 | 87,005 | | 87,003 |
| | | | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | | |
| Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA) | | | 286,775 | - | 286,874 |
| COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund (ESF) - Governor's Emergency Education Relief (GE | ER) N/A | 84.425C | 110,751 | - | 60,751 |
| Fotal U.S. Department of Education | | | 397,526 | - | 347,625 |
| CENTERS FOR DISEASE CONTROL AND PREVENTION | | | | | |
| Direct: Public Health Crisis Response | 21-CDC-RFA-CE19-19 | 93.354 | 323,139 | - | 319,061 |
| Total Centers for Disease Control and Prevention | | | 323,139 | - | 319,061 |
| | | | | | |

| U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Pass through City of Columbus: National Family Caregiver Support, Title III, Part E Pass through Ohio Department of Job and Family Services: Promoting Safe and Stable Families Promoting Safe and Stable Families Promoting Safe and Stable Families Promoting Safe and Stable Families Total for AL# 93.556 | N/A JFSCMC21 JFSCMC22 | 93.052 | 410,590 | - | 410,590 |
|--|----------------------------------|------------------|------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|
| National Family Caregiver Support, Title III, Part E Pass through Ohio Department of Job and Family Services: Promoting Safe and Stable Families Promoting Safe and Stable Families Promoting Safe and Stable Families Promoting Safe and Stable Families | JFSCMC21 | | 410,590 | - | 410,590 |
| Promoting Safe and Stable Families Promoting Safe and Stable Families Promoting Safe and Stable Families Promoting Safe and Stable Families | | | | | |
| Promoting Safe and Stable Families Promoting Safe and Stable Families Promoting Safe and Stable Families | | | | | |
| Promoting Safe and Stable Families Promoting Safe and Stable Families | JI SCIVIC22 | 93.556 | 113,761 | - | 113,157 |
| Promoting Safe and Stable Families | JFSCPF21 | 93.556 93.556 | 467,025 | - | 32,518 1,119,999 |
| Total for AL# 93.556 | JFSCPF22 | 93.556 | | | 483,524 |
| | | _ | 580,786 | - | 1,749,198 |
| TANF Cluster: Temporary Assistance for Needy Families | JFSCTF20 | 93.558 | 2,584,252 | 656,789 | 1,029,523 |
| Temporary Assistance for Needy Families | JFSCTF21 | 93.558 | 33,470,659 | 20,341,946 | 35,790,280 |
| Temporary Assistance for Needy Families | JFSCTF22 | 93.558 | 557,026 | 411,656 | 411,656 |
| Temporary Assistance for Needy Families | JFSSTF20B | 93.558 | 16,039 | - | |
| Temporary Assistance for Needy Families Temporary Assistance for Needy Families | JFSSTF21B JFSCTF20 | 93.558 93.558 | 528,879 | - | 22,499 656,862 |
| Total for AL# 93.558 TANF Cluster | 31301120 | | 37,156,855 | 21,410,391 | 37,910,820 |
| Child Support Enforcement - Child Support Awareness | JFSFCS20I | 93.563 | 130 | - | |
| Child Support Enforcement - Child Support Awareness | JFSFCS211 | 93.563 | 709 | - | 709 |
| Child Support Enforcement - Child Support Training | JFSFCS211 | 93.563 | 4,800 | - | 12,880 |
| Child Support Enforcement - CSEA Incentive Bump Child Support Enforcement - CY21 Child Support Incentives | JFSCCS19I JFSCCS21I | 93.563 93.563 | 288,284 2,224,418 | - | - |
| Child Support Enforcement - Family Forward Demonstration-Kellogg | JFSCCS21 | 93.563 | 54,331 | _ | 54,241 |
| Child Support Enforcement - Federal Child Support | JFSCCS21 | 93.563 | 7,643,421 | - | 7,618,015 |
| Child Support Enforcement - Federal Child Support | JFSCCS22 | 93.563 | 2,666,799 | - | 2,651,830 |
| Child Support Enforcement - Procedural Justice (PJAC) Total for AL# 93.563 | JFSCCS21 | 93.563 | <u>337,764</u> 13,220,656 | | 318,475 |
| | Wagging a | 00.544 | | | |
| Child Support Enforcement Research - Procedural Justice (PJAC) Total for AL# 93.564 | JFSCCI20 | 93.564 | 174,000 174,000 | | 164,063 164,063 |
| Refugee and Entrant Assistance - State Administered Programs | JFSCRC21 | 93.566 | 1,323,216 | 1,101,833 | 1,109,055 |
| Total for AL# 93.566 | | | 1,323,216 | 1,101,833 | 1,109,055 |
| CCDF Cluster: | | | | | |
| Child Care and Development Block Grant | JFSCCD21 | 93.575 | 1,434,501 | - | 1,131,034 |
| Child Care and Development Block Grant Total for AL# 93.575 CCDF Cluster | JFSCCD22 | 93.575 | 1,259,346 2,693,847 | | 1,621,529 2,752,563 |
| | | | | | |
| Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program | JFSCCW21 | 93.645 | 569,694 | - | |
| Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program Total for AL# 93.645 | JFSCCW22 | 93.645 | 109,815 679,509 | | <u>694,962</u> 694,962 |
| Foster Care Title IV-E | JFSCFC20 | 93.658 | 4,529,345 | | 1 (72 200 |
| Foster Care Title IV-E | JFSCFC20 JFSCFC21 | 93.658 | 23,199,805 | - | 1,672,300 22,380,394 |
| Foster Care Title IV-E | JFSCFC22 | 93.658 | | - | 1,637,615 |
| Funding Certainty Grant Total for AL# 93.658 | JFSOLS22 | 93.658 | 13,940,409 41,669,559 | - | 8,000,000 |
| | | | | | 55,050,505 |
| Adoption Assistance Adoption Assistance | JFSCAA20 | 93.659 | 2,793,781 | - | 0 752 444 |
| Adoption Assistance Adoption Assistance | JFSCAA21 JFSCAA22 | 93.659 93.659 | 9,141,325 345,517 | - | 8,753,444 3,397,322 |
| Total for AL# 93.659 | 31 5071122 | | 12,280,623 | | 12,150,766 |
| ss through Ohio Department of Job and Family Services: | | | | | |
| Social Services Block Grant | JFSCSS20 | 93.667 | 367,333 | - | |
| Social Services Block Grant Social Services Block Grant | JFSCSS21 JFSCSS22 | 93.667 93.667 | 2,576,442 325,407 | 2,361,122 84,495 | 2,575,582 148,224 |
| Social Services Block Grant | JFSCTX20 | 93.667 | 15,271 | - | 140,22- |
| Social Services Block Grant | JFSCTX21 | 93.667 | 372,652 | 347,044 | 378,566 |
| Social Services Block Grant | JFSCTX21 | 93.667 | - | | 53,456 |
| Social Services Block Grant Social Services Block Grant | G-2021-06-0192 G-2223-06-0104 | 93.667 93.667 | 251 2,479 | - | 3,703 |
| ass through Ohio Department of Developmental Disabilities: | | | | | |
| Social Services Block Grant Total for AL# 93.667 | MR-25 | 93.667 | 773,296 4,433,131 | 2,792,661 | 773,296 |
| John H. Chafee Foster Care Program for Successful Transition to Adulthood | JFSCIL21 | 93.674 | 696,526 | - | 474,199 |
| John H. Chafee Foster Care Program for Successful Transition to Adulthood | JFSCIL22 | 93.674 | - | - | 414,006 |
| COVID-19 John H. Chafee Foster Care Program Stimulus Total for AL# 93.674 | JFSCIL21S | 93.674 | 2,034,769 2,731,295 | | 2,252,861 3,141,066 |
| | N OD DOLLA | | | | |
| Children's Health Insurance Program Children's Health Insurance Program | MCDFSH21 MCDFSH21CV | 93.767 93.767 | 25,548 1,488 | - | 18,800 1,095 |
| Total for AL# 93.767 | | - | 27,036 | - | 19,895 |
| Medicaid Cluster: | | | | | |
| ass through Ohio Department of Job and Family Services: Medical Assistance Program | MCDFMT21 | 93.778 | 11,578,717 | 209,355 | 10,416,532 |
| Medical Assistance Program | MCDFMT21 MCDFMT22 | 93.778 | 2,646,182 | 188,421 | 3,241,595 |
| Medical Assistance Program | MCDSMT21 | 93.778 | 6,414 | - | 5,955 |
| | MCDFMP21 | 93.778 | 354 | - | |
| Medical Assistance Program | MCDFMP22 | 93.778 | 137 | - | 1,095,387 |
| Medical Assistance Program | | 02 770 | | | 1.095.387 |
| | MCDFMP22 MCDFMT21 MCDFMT22 | 93.778 93.778 | 1,461,111 1,511 | - | 607,300 |
| Medical Assistance Program Medical Assistance Program Medical Assistance Program ass through Ohio Department of Developmental Disabilities: | MCDFMT21 MCDFMT22 | 93.778 | 1,511 | - | 607,300 |
| Medical Assistance Program Medical Assistance Program Medical Assistance Program | MCDFMT21 | | | 397,776 | |

| Federal Grantor Agency/ Pass-Through Agency/ Program/Cluster Title | Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number | Federal Assistance Listing Number | Receipts | Passed Through to Subrecipients | Total Federal Expenditures |
|---|--|---|----------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| | | | • | * | * |
| SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION Direct: | | | | | |
| Disability Insruance/SSI Cluster: | | | | | |
| Social Security - Disability Insurance | N/A | 96.001 | 537,620 | - | 537,620 |
| Supplemental Social Security Income | N/A | 96.006 | 359,691 | - | 359,691 |
| Total Disability Insurance/SSI Cluster | | | 897,311 | - | 897,311 |
| Total Social Security Administration | | | 897,311 | - | 897,311 |
| U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY | | | | | |
| Direct: Preparing for Emerging Threats and Hazards | EMW-2016-GR-00207-S01 | 97.133 | 677,766 | 54,576 | 677,766 |
| Pass through Ohio Emergency Management Agency | | | | | |
| Emergency Management Performance Grants | EMC-2020-EP-00014-S01 | 97.042 | 21,853 | - | 28,331 |
| Emergency Management Performance Grants | EMC-2021-EP-00002-S01 | 97.042 | - | - | 604,816 |
| Total for AL# 97.042 | | | 21,853 | - | 633,147 |
| Homeland Security Grant Program - State Homeland Security Program | EMW-2018-SS-00038-S01 | 97.067 | 253.651 | 224.672 | 253.651 |
| Homeland Security Grant Program - State Homeland Security Program | EMW-2019-SS-00024-S01 | 97.067 | 452,817 | 354,981 | 452,817 |
| Homeland Security Grant Program - State Homeland Security Program | EMW-2020-SS-00037-S01 | 97.067 | 6,135 | 4,934 | 6,135 |
| Homeland Security Grant Program - State Homeland Security Program - Law Enforcement | EMW-2018-SS-00038-S01 | 97.067 | 59,206 | 58,938 | 59,206 |
| Homeland Security Grant Program - State Homeland Security Program - Law Enforcement | EMW-2020-SS-00037-S01 | 97.067 | 48,793 | 22,065 | 22,065 |
| Total for AL# 97.067 | | | 820,602 | 665,590 | 793,874 |
| Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security | | | 1,520,221 | 720,166 | 2,104,787 |
| TOTAL FEDERAL FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE | | | \$ 302,363,354 | \$ 45,400,489 | \$ 179,953,415 |

The accompnaying notes to this schedule are an integral part of this schedule.

FRANKLIN COUNTY, OHIO

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(B)(6) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

1) General

The accompanying Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of Franklin County, Ohio (the County) under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2021. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). The Schedule only reflects the federal awards of the primary government except for the Alcohol, Drug and Mental Health Board of Franklin County as this board was audited separately. See Note 7 to the Schedule. It is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows for the County.

2) Basis of Accounting

The accompanying Schedule is presented using the cash basis of accounting in which revenues are recognized when received and expenditures are recognized when paid. Therefore, some amounts presented in the Schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements. Such expenditures are recognized following as applicable, either the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principle, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement. Amounts reported may also differ from other federal award reports the County submits directly to federal granting agencies or pass-through entities because the award reports may be presented for a different fiscal period, and/or may include cumulative (from prior years) data rather than data for the current year only. The County has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

3) <u>Subrecipients</u>

The County passes-through to local governments or not-for-profit agencies (subrecipients) certain federal assistance received by the County directly from the federal awarding agency or from a pass-through entity. As described in Note 2, the County records expenditures of federal awards to subrecipients when paid in cash.

The subrecipients have certain compliance responsibilities related to administering these federal programs. Under 2 CFR 200, the County is responsible for monitoring subrecipients to help assure that federal awards are expended for authorized purposes in compliance with laws, regulations, and the provisions of contracts or grant agreements, and that performance goals are achieved. The total amounts of federal assistance provided to subrecipients by the County for each federal program is included in the Schedule.

4) <u>Child Nutrition Cluster</u>

The County commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the County assumes it expends federal monies first.

FRANKLIN COUNTY, OHIO

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(B)(6) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

5) Loan Programs

The County has established a revolving loan program to provide low-interest loans to rehabilitate homes for persons from low-moderate income households and to businesses to create jobs. The Federal Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) grants money for these loans to the County. The initial loan of this money is recorded as a disbursement on the accompanying Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule). Loans repaid, including interest, are used to make additional loans. Such subsequent loans are subject to certain compliance requirements imposed by HUD but are not included as disbursements on the Schedule. The County had the following loan balances outstanding at December 31, 2021, \$7,673,345, including delinquent or deferred loans of \$992,934 for the Community Development Block Grant and \$4,349,569 for the Home Investment in Affordable Housing.

| Program Title | Federal CFDA Number | Loan Balances Outstanding |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|
| Community Development Block Grant | 14.218 | \$ 1,872,313 |
| Home Investment in Affordable Housing | 14.239 | \$ 5,801,032 |

6) Matching Requirements

Certain federal programs require the County to contribute non-federal funds (matching funds) to support the federally funded programs. The County has complied with the matching requirements (if applicable) for the major federal programs identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings. Expenditures of matching funds are not included in the Schedule.

7) Alcohol, Drug and Mental Health Board of Franklin County

The Schedule does not include the Alcohol, Drug and Mental Health Board of Franklin County (ADAMH) federal grant receipts and expenditures as they engaged another auditor to perform an audit in accordance with 2 CFR 200. The amounts of ADAMH federal receipts and expenditures for 2021 are summarized below:

| Program Title | Federal CFDA Number | Disbursements Passed Through to Subrecipients | Cash Federal Disbursements |
|--|---------------------------|--|-------------------------------|
| Criminal and Juvenile Justice and Mental Health Collaboration Program | 16.745 | \$ 202,501 | \$ 202,501 |
| COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund (CARES Act) | 21.019 | 0 | 1,624,500 |
| Projects for Assistance in Transition from Homelessness | 93.150 | 404,438 | 404,438 |
| Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Projects of Regional and National Significance | 93.243 | 281,621 | 281,621 |
| Social Services Block Grant | 93.667 | 785,208 | 785,208 |
| Opioid STR | 93.788 | 3,669,703 | 3,669,703 |

FRANKLIN COUNTY, OHIO

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(B)(6) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

| Block Grants for Community Mental Health Services | 93.958 | 735,356 | 735,356 |
|---|--------|---------------|---------------|
| Block Grants for Prevention and Treatment of Substance Abuse | 93.959 | 5,696,128 | 5,696,128 |
| Mental Health Disaster Assistance and Emergency Mental Health | 93.982 | 919,169 | 919,169 |
| Crisis Counseling | 97.032 | 10,369 | 10,369 |
| Total | | \$ 12,704,493 | \$ 14,328,993 |

8) <u>Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)</u>

The Schedule shows the County spent \$37,910,820 on the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) (93.558) program. The amount reported for the TANF program on the Schedule excludes allowable TANF expenditures of \$432,022 that are included as Social Services Block Grant (SSBG) (93.667) program expenditures. The following table shows the gross amount drawn for the TANF program during fiscal year 2021 and the allowable TANF expenditures for the Social Services Block Grant program.

| Temporary Assistance for Needy Families | \$ 37,910,820 |
|---|----------------------|
| Social Services Block Grant (TANF Allowable) | <u>432,022</u> |
| Total Temporary Assistance for Needy Families | <u>\$ 38,342,842</u> |

9) <u>Medicaid</u>

During the calendar year, the Franklin County Board of Developmental Disabilities received a notice of liability for the 2017 and 2018 Cost Report MAC settlements owed to the Ohio Department of Developmental Disabilities for the Medicaid Program (CFDA #93.778) in the amount of \$73,927.52 and \$72,656.47 respectively. The Cost Report MAC settlement liability was for settlement of the difference between the statewide payment rate and the rate calculated based upon actual expenditures for Medicaid services. This liability is not listed on the County's Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal Awards since the underlying expenses occurred in prior reporting periods and the liability was invoiced by the Ohio Department of Developmental Disabilities.

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88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 ContactUs@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Franklin County 373 South High Street, 26th Floor Columbus, Ohio 43215

To the Board of County Commissioners:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate discretely presented component units and remaining fund information of Franklin County, Ohio, (the County) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 30, 2022, wherein we noted the financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the County. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the Franklin County Stadium, Inc. and Columbus Baseball Team, Inc., as described in our report on the County's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purposes of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the County's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Franklin County Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by Government Auditing Standards Page 2

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

June 30, 2022



88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 ContactUs@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE AND ON THE SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Franklin County 373 South High Street, 26th Floor Columbus, Ohio 43215

To the Board of County Commissioners:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Franklin County's (the County) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Franklin County's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2021. Franklin County's major federal programs are identified in the *Summary of Auditor's Results* section of the accompanying schedule of findings.

In our opinion, Franklin County complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2021.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Franklin County Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance and on the Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance Page 2

Other Matter – Federal Expenditures Not Included in the Compliance Audit

The County's basic financial statements include the operations of the Alcohol, Drug and Mental Health Board of Franklin County (ADAMH), which expended \$14,328,993 in federal awards which is not included in the County's Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards during the year ended December 31, 2021. Our audit, described in the "Opinion on Each Major Federal Program," does not include the operations of ADAMH because the department engaged other auditors perform an audit of compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

The County's Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the County's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the County's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
 test basis, evidence regarding the County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred
 to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the County's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in
 order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report
 on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the
 purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over
 compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Franklin County Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance and on the Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance Page 3

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control other compliance with a type of compliance is a network deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance* section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of this testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate discretely presented component units and remaining fund information of Franklin County (the County) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. We issued our unmodified report thereon dated June 30, 2022, wherein we noted the financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the County and the financial statements of the Franklin County Stadium, Inc. and Columbus Baseball Team, Inc., were audited by other auditors. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. We have not performed any procedures on the audited financial statements subsequent to June 30, 2022. The accompanying schedule of receipts and expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records management used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this schedule to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this schedule directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of receipts and expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Franklin County Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance and on the Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance Page 4

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Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

September 26, 2022

FRANKLIN COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 December 31, 2021

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

| (d)(1)(i) | Type of Financial Statement Opinion | Unmodified |
|--------------|--|---|
| (d)(1)(ii) | Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)? | No |
| (d)(1)(ii) | Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)? | No |
| (d)(1)(iii) | Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)? | No |
| (d)(1)(iv) | Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs? | No |
| (d)(1)(iv) | Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs? | No |
| (d)(1)(v) | Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion | Unmodified |
| (d)(1)(vi) | Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)? | No |
| (d)(1)(vii) | Major Programs (list): | SNAP Cluster CARES Act – Coronavirus Relief Fund Local Government Assistance Program AL # 21.019 ARPA – Emergency Rental Assistance AL # 21.023 ARPA – State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund AL # 21.027 TANF Cluster Social Services Block Grant AL # 93.667 John H. Chafee Foster Care Program for successful Transition to Adulthood AL # 93.674 |
| (d)(1)(viii) | Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs | Type A: > \$ 3,000,000 Type B: all others |
| | | Type D: all othere |

FRANKLIN COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 December 31, 2021 (Continued)

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

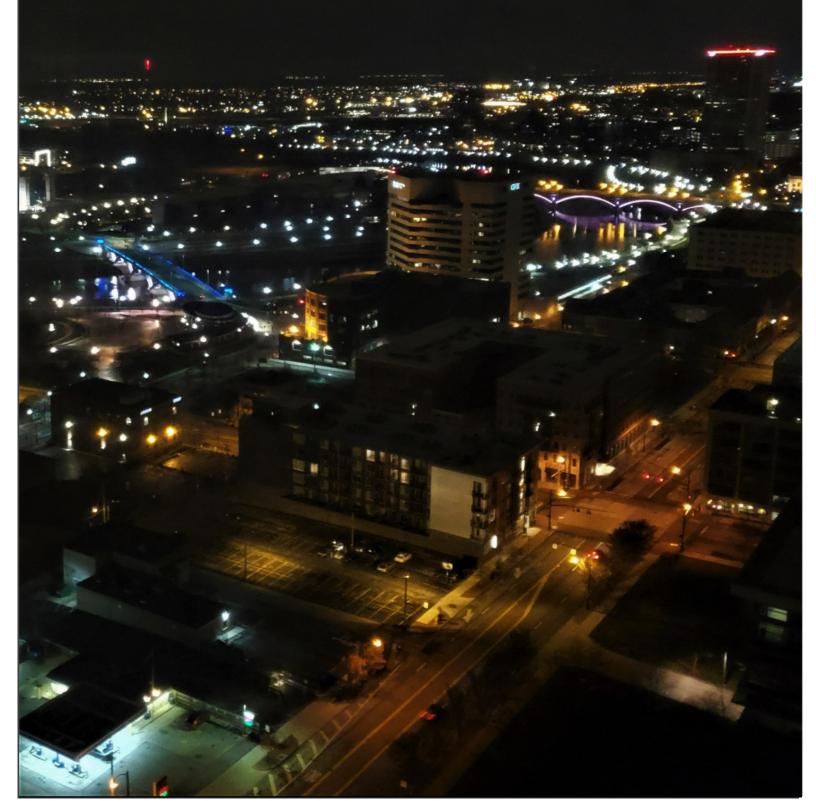
3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None

Franklin County, Ohio

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021





Columbus After Dark

This photo is looking Northwest over Downtown Columbus during the early morning hours in January. In the foreground is an apartment complex and several office buildings including the CBRE Office Tower and the AEP Office Tower. In the lower right center of the photo is the intersection of Front Street and Main Street. Beyond the office towers is the Scioto River with two of its downtown bridges, the Discovery Bridge, with purple lighting, and the Rich Street Bridge, with blue lighting. On the west bank is the Center of Science and Industry (COSI) and Genoa Park. Visible in the distance to the left is the red light on the top of the WBNS broadcast tower and to the right of it, not visible in the darkness, is the MAPFRE Stadium, home of the Columbus Crew Soccer Team.

Cover photo submitted by Royce Chesser

Royce has been an employee of the Franklin Auditor's Office since 2012 and a Franklin County employee since 1996. He serves as the Supervisor of Financial Reporting.

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Year Ended December 31, 2021



Michael Stinziano Franklin County Auditor

Prepared by the Fiscal Services Division

Robert L. Caldwell, CPA - Chief Financial Officer

Matthew H. Jackson - Deputy Financial Officer

Financial Reporting:

K. Royce Chesser, CPA – Supervisor Ernest R. Francis Phillip K. Banks Tiwuan Atchley Sean Shon

Accounts Payable:

Payroll:

Melissa A. Belhorn Janet L. Jones Slavica Damceski Cinda C. Stuhr Joseph M. Whittaker – Supervisor Charlene Schultheus Edward D. O'Block Anna E. Pindell

Financial Services: Jacalyn E. Federer Kerri L. Ritchie Elizabeth B. Ondrey Kelly A. Wagenbrenner



373 South High Street, 21st Floor Columbus, Ohio 43215-6310 (614) 525-HOME (4663)

http://www.FranklinCountyAuditor.com

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June 30, 2022

Dear Neighbors:

As Franklin County Auditor, I am pleased to present the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the year ended December 31, 2021. This Annual Comprehensive Financial Report conforms to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) as applicable to local government entities. The report has been filed with the Auditor of State pursuant to Ohio Revised Code (ORC) Section 117.38. Responsibility for the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation rests with the County's management. The Franklin County Auditor's Office believes the data is accurate in all material respects and fairly reflects the County's financial position and the results of its operations. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the County's financial activities have been included.

Uniform Guidance requires an independent audit to be conducted annually. The audit, which includes procedures to fulfill federal Single Audit requirements, serves to maintain and strengthen the integrity of the County's accounting and budgetary controls. Included in this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report is the report of Keith Faber, Auditor of State. The State Auditor has issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the County's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2021. The Single Audit, which meets the Uniform Guidance requirements, is published under separate cover and can be obtained by visiting <u>https://ohioauditor.gov/audits</u> or by sending a written request to the Franklin County Auditor, Fiscal Services Division, 373 South High Street, 21st Floor, Columbus, Ohio 43215-6310.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) provides a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements. This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The MD&A begins on page 5, immediately following the Independent Auditor's Report.

Each year we also publish the Franklin County Popular Annual Financial Report that provides significant financial information in a reader-friendly format. Unlike this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, the Popular Annual Financial Report does not conform to GAAP and should be used as a supplement to, not in place of, the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. Both the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report and the Popular Annual Financial Report can be accessed through the Internet on our web site at http://www.FranklinCountyAuditor.com.

Acknowledgements The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the dedicated effort of the entire Franklin County Auditor Fiscal Services Division. I especially want to thank the Financial Reporting Department who worked diligently to continue to comply with the precise guidelines established by the Government Finance Officers Association's (GFOA) award programs. Their commitment to excellence in financial reporting added to the quality of this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. I would also like to express my appreciation to each of the County's elected officials and the various County agencies for their cooperation in the preparation of this report.

Sincerely,

Michael Stinziano Franklin County Auditor

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Overview

In implementing the County's integrated, automated accounting system, consideration was given to incorporating sound internal controls. Internal controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance regarding the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and the reliability and accuracy of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets. The concept of reasonable assurance is based on the assumption that the cost of the controls should not outweigh their benefits. The accounting system encompasses appropriations, encumbrances, expenditures, revenues, payroll and capital assets and ensures the financial information generated is both accurate and reliable.

In County government, internal controls are enhanced through the separation of powers. The Commissioners, the Auditor and the Treasurer share the management and administration of the County's financial resources, providing an inherent system of checks and balances. Each of the County's elected officials and agency directors is responsible for internal controls over the cash collection function within their office. Some County offices and agencies hold money in bank accounts outside the County treasury. The individual offices and agencies are responsible for the transaction activity through and reconciliation of those accounts.

Profile of Franklin County Government

Formed in 1803, Franklin County is a political subdivision of the State of Ohio and has only those powers conferred upon it by state law. The following offices respectively hold the primary responsibility for budgeting, accounting and cash management in Franklin County. Each officeholder is elected to a four-year term.

The three-member Board of Commissioners (the Commissioners) serves as the taxing authority, the contracting body and the chief administrator of public services. The Commissioners adopt and oversee the annual operating budget, approve expenditures and issue debt.

As the County's chief fiscal officer, the Auditor is responsible for maintaining accurate records of all money received by or paid out of the County treasury. As the tax assessor for all political subdivisions within the County, the Auditor is responsible for computing the taxing rates for real estate and manufactured homes as determined by proper taxing authorities and popular vote.

As the County's banker, the Treasurer serves as custodian and investment officer for County funds. The Treasurer collects real estate and manufactured homes taxes.

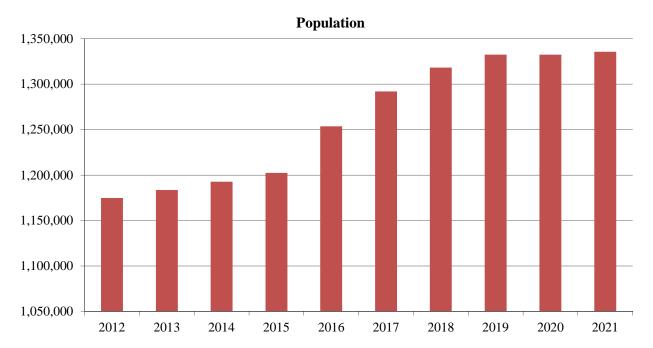
The financial statements contained within this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report include all funds, agencies, boards and commissions that are not legally separate and for which Franklin County (the primary government and reporting entity) is financially accountable. The County provides many services to its citizens including tax collection and distribution, civil and criminal justice systems, public safety, health assistance, human services, and road and bridge maintenance. The County also operates two public parking garages and several water supply and sewage treatment systems. The County does not operate schools or hospitals, nor is it responsible for refuse collection or fire safety services.

Organizations that are legally separate from the County are included as component units if the County's elected officials appoint a voting majority of the organization's governing body and (1) the County has the ability to impose its will on that organization or (2) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the County. Franklin County Transportation Improvement District and Franklin County Stadium, Inc. and Columbus Baseball Team, Inc. are included in the financial statements as component units. A complete discussion of the reporting entity is provided in Note 1 to the basic financial statements.

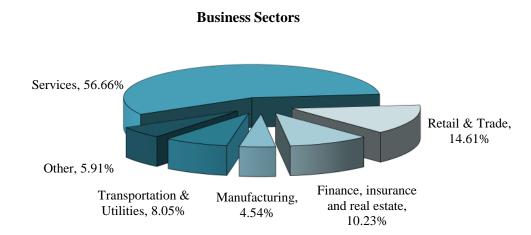
Note 20 to the basic financial statements presents information about joint ventures with the City of Columbus, including the Columbus/Franklin County Affordable Housing Trust Corporation, the Franklin Park Conservatory Joint Recreation District and the Columbus-Franklin County Finance Port Authority. Other related organizations are discussed in Note 21, including the Central Ohio Community Improvement Corporation, the Columbus and Franklin County Metropolitan Park District, the Columbus Metropolitan Housing Authority, the Columbus Metropolitan Library, the Franklin County Convention Facilities Authority, the Franklin County Family and Children First Council, the Franklin County Healthier Buckeye Council, Friends of the Shelter, Housing of City Prisoners, Rise Together Innovation Center and the Workforce Development Board of Central Ohio.

Economic Condition and Outlook

Franklin County is located in central Ohio, within 500 miles of half the nation's population. The County's population is estimated to be 1,335,550 at December 31, 2021, an increase of 0.2 percent for the year and an increase of 13.7 percent in the last ten years. Columbus, the largest city in the County, serves as the state capital and the county seat. Franklin County encompasses 16 cities, 17 townships and 10 villages.



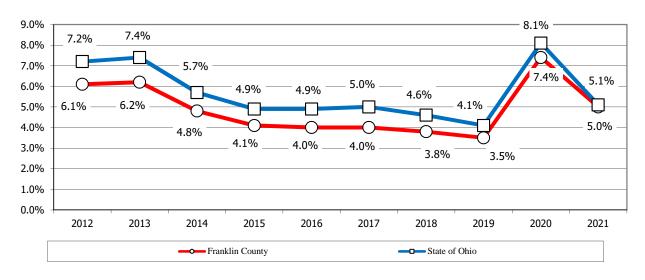
Local Economy Central Ohio is among the more economically stable metropolitan areas in the United States. The area has shown resiliency during recessions. The economy is broad-based, with no single industry dominating it. Nationwide and Ohio Health have located their corporate headquarters and home offices in Franklin County. Other large employers include the Kroger Company, Amazon, Nationwide Children's Hospital, Mount Carmel Health Systems and JP Morgan Chase. The chart below shows the proportionate number of employees in the various industries (excluding government), as reported by the U.S. Census Bureau, County Business Patterns for 2020 (the most recent data available).



Government and education are also major employers. Franklin County is home to several colleges and universities, including The Ohio State University. Together, the State of Ohio, City of Columbus and Franklin County employ 39,382 people. An additional 43,618 people are employed by either The Ohio State University or Columbus City Schools.

The diversity of business sectors helps the region weather the economic fluctuations experienced on a larger scale elsewhere. The County's average unemployment rate decreased from 7.4 percent to 5.0 percent in 2021 as a result of recovery from the global Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) pandemic. The County's unemployment rate is lower than the state average, which is 5.1 percent, and higher than the national average of 3.7 percent.

A factor contributing to the lower unemployment rate is the County's well-educated workforce. Based on 2020 educational attainment data published by the U. S. Census Bureau (the most recent data available), 91.1 percent of County residents ages 25 and older have graduated from high school, and 40.4 percent have completed four or more years of college.

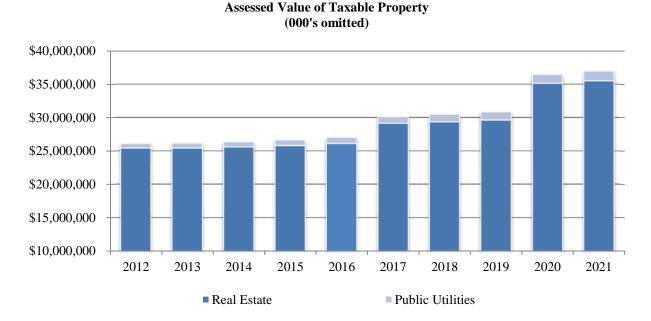


Unemployment Rates

During 2021, a sales tax of 7.50 percent was collected by the State of Ohio on sales made in Franklin County. The tax was split as follows: 5.75 percent for the State of Ohio; 1.25 percent for the County's General Fund; and 0.50 percent for the Central Ohio Transit Authority. The County receives no direct funding through income taxes.

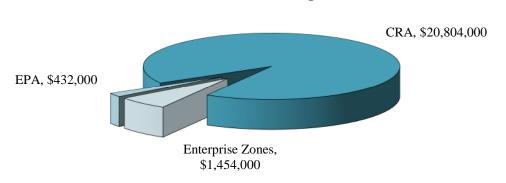
Property taxes are a significant revenue source for the General Fund and these County agencies: Board of Developmental Disabilities, Children Services Board, the Alcohol, Drug and Mental Health Board and the Office on Aging.

The total value of new construction was \$1.5 billion in 2021, with \$652 million in residential/agricultural and \$845 million in commercial/industrial construction. In comparison, 2020 total new construction was \$1.2 billion. Overall, real property values are trending upward throughout the County as growth continues. The appraisal cycle is six years, with an update performed at the mid-point. The reappraisal performed in 2017 resulted in an increase in real property tax values. The next reappraisal will be performed in 2023. Additional information can be found in Note 6 to the basic financial statements and in the statistical tables.



Tax Abatements Property tax abatements are used by state and local governments throughout the United States to attract business investment, create jobs, eliminate blight or pursue other goals. A tax abatement is a reduction in tax revenues that results from an agreement between one or more governments and an individual or entity in which (a) one or more governments promise to forgo tax revenues to which they are otherwise entitled and (b) the individual or entity promises to take a specific action after the agreement has been entered into that contributes to economic development or otherwise benefits the County or the citizens of the County.

Three tax abatement programs are utilized within Franklin County: Community Reinvestment Areas (CRA), Enterprise Zones and Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) programs. As reported in Note 17, the property taxes forgone by the County for abatement programs within the County for the year ended December 31, 2021 totaled \$22.7 million.



Tax Abatement Programs

Local governments are required to file annually all abatement information with the State of Ohio. This applies to each individual abatement contract and overall statistics of the programs related to the abatements granted. Information such as number of jobs created, retained employment, the amount of payroll related to increased jobs and real estate improvement dollars invested.

The Tax Incentive Review Council (TIRC) is organized by Section 5709.85(A)(1) of the Ohio Revised Code and annually reviews tax abatement agreements in August. While some agreements are falling short of their targets in one or more categories, other agreements are significantly exceeding their targets. Below is the performance of these agreements within the County as a whole for 2021.

| Performance Measure | Promised | Realized | <u>%</u> |
|-------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------|
| New full time jobs | 15,920 | 19,841 | 125 |
| Retained full time jobs | 6,079 | 7,393 | 122 |
| New payroll | \$ 785,001,000 | \$ 971,084,000 | 124 |
| Investment | \$2,429,995,000 | \$2,503,930,000 | 103 |

For the county as a whole, the number of retained full-time jobs, new payroll and investment exceeds the number promised. For the individual agreements that are falling behind on their promises, TIRCs can recommend that they be modified to adjust the terms of the agreement by either changing the duration or abatement percentage that the individual or entity are eligible for, or by changing the jobs, payroll or investment targets the individual or entity must reach.

Financial Policies The budget must be structurally balanced so that continuing revenues support continuing expenditures. One-time surpluses may not be used to expand continuing expenditures. Rather, they may be used for one-time expenditures, such as capital projects. County agencies are encouraged to maximize the use of state and federal revenues so as to help preserve general revenues for other needs.

Budgetary appropriations may not exceed estimated resources, with a balanced budget maintained in each fund. Department and agency budget requests are submitted in a program-based format in conjunction with strategic business plans that outline each program's performance goals for the following year. Actual performance data related to the demands, outputs, results and efficiencies of each program are part of the budget presentation. Some special revenue funds are required to maintain a balance necessary to cover operational needs for the first several pay periods of the following year in the event that a revenue stream is delayed. Agencies funded through tax levies are required to show that the expenditures forecast over the life of the levy do not exceed the estimated revenue collections.

The budget may be amended or supplemented at any time during the year upon formal action of the Commissioners. Transfers of cash between funds require the Commissioners' authorization. Appropriations lapse at the end of the year. The Commissioners adopted the County's 2021 operating budget on December 15, 2020. Additional information on the County's budgetary process can be found in Note 3 to the basic financial statements.

ORC § 5705.13 and ORC § 5705.29 permit the taxing authority of a political subdivision to establish reserve balance accounts and to estimate contingent expenses. In accordance with actions taken by the Commissioners, the following set-asides are in place:

- General Fund Contingency up to three percent of the General Fund budget may be set aside for unanticipated critical needs. In 2021, \$5.0 million was set aside for this purpose.
- Economic Stabilization five percent of the preceding year's General Fund revenue or one-sixth of the previous year's General Fund expenditures may be reserved to stabilize the budget against cyclical changes in revenue and expenditures. This account had a balance of \$81.9 million as of December 31, 2021 and is shown as unassigned within the General Fund.
- Risk Management funds may be reserved for self-insurance. Liability claims arising from automobile accidents, litigation settlements and judgment awards are paid from agency budgets or from the amount designated for risk management within the General Fund. The actual claims paid during 2021 totaled \$147,000. As of December 31, 2021, \$2.5 million was recorded as payable related to known claims, and \$4.4 million is shown as committed in the General Fund for unasserted claims.
- Workers' Compensation funds may be reserved for the payment of claims under a self-insured program or a retrospective ratings plan for workers' compensation. As of December 31, 2021, the County has \$6.3 million recorded as committed in the General Fund for these future claims.
- 27th Pay Period established in 1995, this reserve gradually collects the funds necessary to meet the payroll requirements of a 27th pay period for General Fund employees which occurred in 2020. The next year with twenty-seven pay days will be 2032. The balance at December 31, 2021, was \$4.5 million and is shown as committed in the General Fund in the financial statements.

In addition to the reserve balances and contingencies permitted by state law, the Commissioners have pledged \$15.9 million in debt service on the lease revenue anticipation bonds issued by the Franklin County Convention Facilities Authority to finance a full-service convention center hotel and \$3.6 million for debt service on the special obligation bonds and notes issued by the County for the construction of Huntington Park that has been leased to Franklin County Stadium, Inc. and Columbus Baseball Team, Inc. The entities have made their respective debt service payments and the pledges have not been required to meet the obligations. These amounts are shown as committed in the General Fund.

The Treasurer is responsible for the investment of funds in accordance with the County's investment policy as authorized by the Investment Advisory Committee and in keeping with ORC § 135.35. Specific requirements and limitations are described in Note 4 to the basic financial statements. To maximize the County's return on investment, the Treasurer's Office employs a cash management program and contracts with an investment advisory firm that systematically coordinates cash management, bank relations and the investment of surplus cash. Communication with other County agencies is integral in this process. At December 31, 2021, the County had \$389.8 million unrestricted cash and investments in its General Fund and \$1.6 billion for the entire reporting entity. The cash and investments balance includes the designated monies previously described.

It is the County's policy to issue long-term, fixed-rate debt as a supplement to current tax revenues and fund balances for financing infrastructure and capital projects. Consistent with Ohio law, long-term debt is not issued to support current operations. The County sells bond anticipation notes instead of bonds only when market conditions dictate, or as part of a multi-step construction program. The County will consider using either a competitive process or a negotiated process when issuing bonds. Debt capacity is benchmarked against means and medians for other triple-A rated counties of similar size and complexity as published by Moody's Investor Services and Standard & Poor's. The County's capital plan, debt obligations and debt capacity are evaluated together in an integrated manner, on an annual basis.

Long-term Financial Planning The capital budgeting process utilizes a detailed five-year capital plan. A multi-year linkage between operating and capital budgets aids in determining the impact on future spending. Particular attention is focused on extending an asset's life. A thorough preventive maintenance program is required on each project, helping to avert major or emergency repairs.

The County normally relies on the strength of its triple-A ratings, conservative fiscal practices, substantial revenue capacity, and reasonable debt ratios to access capital markets for financing projects. When beneficial in view of interest rates and the general economic picture, the County pays for capital improvements from current tax revenues and available cash balances. Franklin County's triple-A credit rating was reaffirmed by Moody's Investors Service (June 2021) and Standard & Poor's (June 2021).

Major Initiatives The County has undertaken projects for construction of key community assets, including:

- Several infrastructure improvements were completed in 2021, including Bixby Road over Holton Ditch, totaling \$558,000; Borror Road over Tributary of Strader Ditch, totaling \$34,000; Eureka Avenue, Valley View Drive, Highland Drive, and Harper Road improvement project, totaling \$783,000; Hoover Road over Tributary of Grant Run and Olentangy River Road over Turkey Run, totaling \$198,000; Refugee Road over Big Walnut Creek, totaling \$2,608,000; Smothers Road at Harlem Road Detention Pond, totaling \$135,000; Ormond Avenue Drainage Improvement Projects Phase 2, totaling \$381,000; Franklin County Resurfacing totaling \$2,997,000; and Franklin County Township Resurfacing, totaling \$3,320,000. In addition, the following Drainage Engineer Projects were completed, Copley Ditch, Krebs Petitioned System (North Branch), Morris Ditch (from Walker Road to Davis Road). The Ormond Avenue Drainage project was completed in partnership with Clinton Township. The Troy Road, Swisher Road, Saltzaber Road, and Groveport Road project was completed in partnership with Madison Township, the City of Groveport, and the Franklin County Transportation Improvement District.
- With respect to future capital improvements, the County anticipates that additional Corrections Center space will be needed based on the condition of the current facilities and forecasted population growth for the County over the next several years. At this time, the estimated costs for planning and construction of the new Corrections Center is projected at approximately \$360 million. Planning, design and construction for the initial section of the building was completed in 2021 and is anticipated to be occupied in 2022. The continuation phase of the project is under way and construction is scheduled to be competed in 2023. Additionally, the new Forensic Science Center houses the County Coroner's morgue and laboratory facilities was completed in May 2020 at an estimated cost of \$37 million. The County is using the proceeds from the temporary increase in the County's sales tax rate of one quarter of one percent. The County issued bonds in 2018 in the amount of \$200 million for the completion of the Corrections Center.

• The County received bond proceeds in 2018 in the amount of \$50 million to support Facility Renovation projects. In 2021, the Franklin County Domestic Relations and Juvenile Court Renovation Project and the multi-year elevator modernization project in the Franklin County Office Tower were completed. Additionally in 2021, several sizable roof replacements including at the Franklin County Office Tower, Memorial Hall, and Franklin County Corrections Center II were completed. Other facility preservation projects in 2021 included a generator replacement at Franklin County Corrections Center II; HVAC replacement at the Jobs and Family Services East Opportunity Center: replacement of exhaust fans original to the Office Tower; controls upgrades and fire alarm updates at Memorial Hall; and corrosion inspection of sprinkler systems at various facilities. To further enhance security, projects to replace existing analog cameras with state-of-the-art IP cameras commended at various County facilities including at the Office Tower, Memorial Hall, Corrections Center II, Common Pleas Court, Fulton Street Building, and the Jobs and Family Services West Opportunity Center.

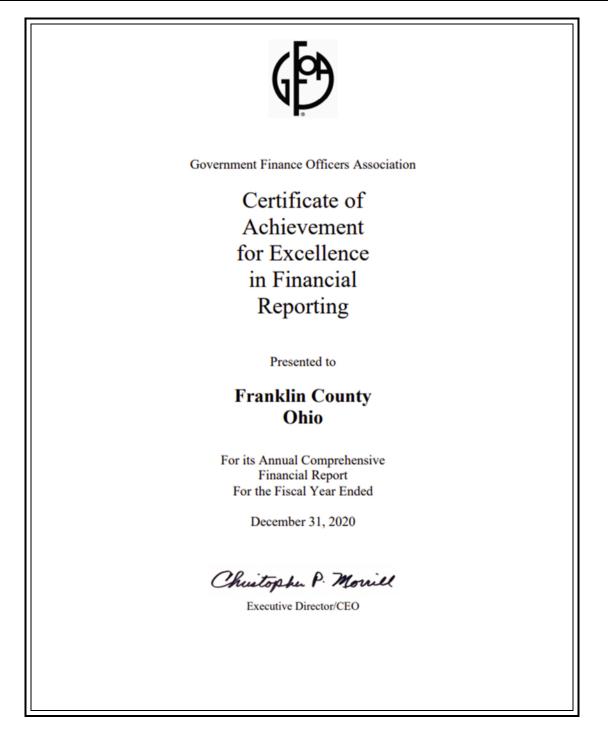
Awards The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) has awarded Franklin County the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting for the year ended December 31, 2020. The County has received this prestigious award for thirty-eight consecutive years. The Certificate of Achievement is the highest form of recognition for excellence in state and local government financial reporting. To earn the Certificate of Achievement, the County published a readable and well-organized Annual Comprehensive Financial Report whose contents conformed to program standards and satisfied GAAP and applicable legal requirements. The Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA.

The GFOA has also presented us an Award for Outstanding Achievement in Popular Annual Financial Reporting for the year ended December 31, 2020. This will be our twenty-sixth consecutive Award. To earn the Award, the Auditor's Office published the Franklin County Annual Financial Report to provide taxpayers and other interested parties with an overview of the County's financial condition and results of its operations. The 2021 Annual Report will be submitted to the GFOA for award consideration.

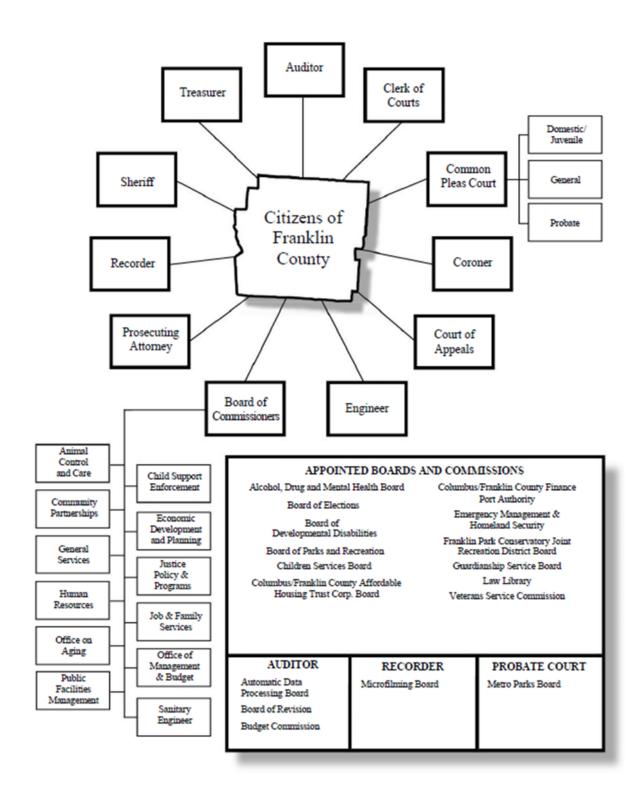
Contact Questions regarding the Franklin County Auditor's Office and this report can be directed to Auditor Michael Stinziano, 373 S. High Street, 21st Floor, Columbus, Ohio 43215, auditorstinziano@franklincountyohio.gov, or 614-525-HOME (4663).



Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting



County Organizational Chart For the Year Ended December 31, 2021



List of Elected Officials For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

AUDITOR

373 S. High Street, 21st Floor Columbus, Ohio 43215 614.525.3200

Michael Stinziano

BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS

373 S. High Street, 26th Floor Columbus, Ohio 43215 614.525.3322

> Kevin Boyce Erica C. Crawley John O'Grady

CLERK OF COURTS

373 S. High Street, 23rd Floor Columbus, Ohio 43215 614.525.3600

Maryellen O'Shaughnessy

COMMON PLEAS COURT DOMESTIC/JUVENILE

373 S. High Street, 6th Floor Columbus, Ohio 43215 614.525.6320

> James W. Brown Kim A. Browne Elizabeth Gill Monica Hawkins George W. Leach Dana S. Preisse Lasheyl Stroud

COMMON PLEAS COURT GENERAL

345 S. High Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 614.525.3454

Carl Aveni Christopher Brown Jeffrey Brown Kimberly J. Brown Kimberly Cocroft Richard A. Frye Dan Hawkins Michael J. Holbrook Julie M. Lvnch Stephen L. McIntosh Andy Miller Sheryl Munson Jaiza Page Karen Phipps Colleen O'Donnell Mark Serrott David Young

COMMON PLEAS COURT PROBATE

373 S. High Street, 22nd Floor Columbus, Ohio 43215 614.525.3894

Jeffrey D. Mackey

CORONER

520 King Avenue Columbus, Ohio 43201 614.525.5290

Anahi M. Ortiz. M.D.

COURT OF APPEALS TENTH DISTRICT

373 S. High Street, 24th Floor Columbus, Ohio 43215 614.525.3580

> Laurel Beatty Blunt Susan Brown Julia L. Dorrian Terri Jamison William A. Klatt Michael C. Mentel Lisa L. Sadler Betsy Luper Schuster - XVIII -

ENGINEER

970 Dublin Road Columbus, Ohio 43215 614.525.3030

Cornell R. Robertson

PROSECUTING ATTORNEY

373 S. High Street, 14th Floor Columbus, Ohio 43215 614.525.3555

Gary Tyack

RECORDER

373 S. High Street, 18th Floor Columbus, Ohio 43215 614.525.3930

Daniel O'Connor

SHERIFF

410 S. High Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 614.525.3360

Dallas Baldwin

TREASURER

373 S. High Street, 17th Floor Columbus, Ohio 43215 614.525.3438

Cheryl Brooks Sullivan









88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 ContactUs@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Franklin County 373 South High Street, 26th Floor Columbus, Ohio 43215

To the Board of County Commissioners:

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate discretely presented component units and remaining fund information of Franklin County, Ohio (the County), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate discretely presented component units and remaining fund information of the County, as of December 31, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, cash flows, thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General, Board of Developmental Disabilities, Children Services Board, Alcohol, Drug and Mental Health Board and Coronavirus Local Fiscal Recovery funds for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of the Franklin County Stadium, Inc. and Columbus Baseball Team, Inc. which represent 0.97 percent, 5.35 percent, and 0.39 percent, respectively, of the assets, net position, and revenues of the of the aggregate discretely presented component units and remaining fund information as of December 31, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, cash flows, thereof for the year then ended. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinions, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Franklin County Stadium, Inc. and Columbus Baseball Team, Inc. are based solely on the report of other auditors.

Franklin County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards,* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the County, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 22 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the County. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Franklin County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

• conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the *management's discussion and analysis*, and schedules of net pension and other post-employment benefit liabilities and pension and other post-employment benefit contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with evidence sufficient to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements as a whole. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual financial report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

Franklin County Independent Auditor's Report Page 4

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we will also issue our report dated June 30, 2022, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting over financial reporting and compliance.

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Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

June 30, 2022

Unaudited

As management of Franklin County (the County), we offer readers this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County as a whole for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with our letter of transmittal, which can be found at the front of this report, and the financial statements, which follow this section and provide more specific detail. All amounts, unless otherwise indicated, are expressed in thousands of dollars.

Financial Highlights

- The County's assets and deferred outflows exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the year by \$1.510 billion. Of this amount, \$76.9 million is considered unrestricted. Unrestricted net position may be used to meet ongoing obligations. The unrestricted net position of the County's governmental activities and business-type activities are \$62.8 million and \$14.1 million, respectively.
- The County's total net position increased by \$454.3 million for the year, an increase of 43.0 percent. Net position of the governmental activities increased \$450.9 million, or 45.6 percent. Net position of the business-type activities increased \$3.4 million, or 5.1 percent.
- Total revenues for the year were \$1.508 billion. General revenues (taxes, investment earnings, unrestricted grants) accounted for \$884.5 million, or 58.7 percent of all revenues. Program revenues (charges for services, program-specific grants and contributions) were \$623.4 million, or 41.3 percent.
- The County's expenses related to governmental activities were \$1.042 billion. Of this amount, \$611.2 million, or 58.7 percent of the total expenses were offset by program revenues. General revenues, primarily taxes, provided for the remaining amount.
- At the close of the year, the County's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$1.306 billion, an increase of \$48.6 million in comparison with the prior year. Of the combined fund balance, \$252.5 million was considered unassigned and available for spending at the County's discretion.
- At the end of the current year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$252.7 million, or 48.6 percent of total General Fund expenditures (including transfers out). Unassigned fund balance for the General Fund increased by \$33.0 million, or 15.0 percent, when compared to the prior year's General Fund unassigned fund balance.
- The County's net investment in capital assets of \$648.9 million increased by \$95.2 million, representing a 19.0 percent increase related to governmental activities and a 0.7 percent increase related to business-type activities.
- The County's total long-term debt (bonds, notes, loans and leases) of \$522.7 million decreased by \$19.5 million, representing a 4.1 percent decrease in debt related to governmental activities and a 3.5 percent increase in debt related to business-type activities.

Unaudited

Overview of the Financial Statements

Management's discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements, which are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information.

Government-wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements provide a broad overview of the County's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business and can be found on pages 20 and 23 of this report.

The statement of net position presents information on all the County's assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, the change in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the County's financial position is improving or declining.

The statement of activities shows how the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The County's governmental activities include general government, judicial, public safety, human services, health, public works, conservation and recreation, and community development functions. The County's business-type activities include water and sewer, and parking facilities operations.

The government-wide financial statements include not only Franklin County itself (known as the primary government), but also certain organizations for which the County is financially accountable. Financial information for these component units is reported separately. The County's component units include the Franklin County Transportation Improvement District (FCTID) and Franklin County Stadium, Inc. and Columbus Baseball Team, Inc. (Stadium and Team). Notes 1 and 19 to the basic financial statements contain more information about the component units.

Fund Financial Statements A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The County's funds can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds: Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions that are reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on current sources and uses of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's short-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements so as to understand the long-term impact of the County's short-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide reconciliations to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. See pages 26 and 30 of this report.

The County maintains many individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for those funds considered to be major funds. For Franklin County, these are the General Fund, Board of Developmental Disabilities (FCBDD) fund, Children Services Board fund, Alcohol, Drug and Mental Health (ADAMH) Board fund, and Coronavirus Local Fiscal Recovery fund. Data from the other governmental funds is aggregated for presentation as a single column. Individual fund data for each of the nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the combining statements.

The County adopts a budget resolution annually. Financial statements for the major funds have been prepared on a budgetary basis that does not conform with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and are provided on pages 32 - 36 to demonstrate budgetary compliance.

Proprietary Funds: The County maintains two types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Enterprise funds are used to account for water and sewer, and parking facilities operations. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally across the County's various functions. Internal service funds are used to account for in the internal service funds predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

The proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements show the Water and Sewer fund and the Parking Facilities fund separately; the internal service funds are aggregated. The basic proprietary fund financial statements are on pages 38 - 42

Fiduciary Funds: Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the County. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because those resources are not available to support the County's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The fiduciary statements can be found on pages 43 - 44.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements The notes provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 45 - 118.

Other Information The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds, proprietary funds, fiduciary funds and component units are presented immediately following the notes. Individual fund schedules prepared on a non-GAAP, budgetary basis are also presented. Combining nonmajor fund statements and individual fund schedules can be found on pages 136 - 205 of this report.

Unaudited

Government-wide Financial Analysis

The following table provides a summary of the County's net position compared to the prior year:

| | | | t Position ants in 000's) | | | | | |
|--------------------------|-----------------|--------------|------------------------------|-----------|--------------|--------------|--|--|
| | Govern Activ | mental | Busines | V 1 | Total | | | |
| | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 2021 | | 2020 | | |
| Assets: | | | | | | | | |
| Current and other assets | \$ 2,236,094 | \$ 1,994,096 | \$ 18,247 | \$ 16,497 | \$ 2,254,341 | \$ 2,010,593 | | |
| Capital assets | 1,059,876 | 991,645 | 90,350 | 89,255 | 1,150,226 | 1,080,900 | | |
| Total assets | 3,295,970 | 2,985,741 | 108,597 | 105,752 | 3,404,567 | 3,091,493 | | |
| Total deferred outflows | | | | | | | | |
| of resources | 134,873 | 139,834 | 827 | 614 | 135,700 | 140,448 | | |
| Liabilities: | | | | | | | | |
| Long-term debt | 486,979 | 507,697 | 35,756 | 34,551 | 522,735 | 542,248 | | |
| Other long-term liab. | 460,593 | 879,648 | 1,402 | 3,177 | 461,995 | 882,825 | | |
| Other liabilities | 226,810 | 117,284 | 1,805 | 2,023 | 228,615 | 119,307 | | |
| Total liabilities | 1,174,382 | 1,504,629 | 38,963 | 39,751 | 1,213,345 | 1,544,380 | | |
| Total deferred inflows | | | | | | | | |
| of resources | 816,051 | 631,420 | 1,213 | 754 | 817,264 | 632,174 | | |
| Net position: | | | | | | | | |
| Net investment in | | | | | | | | |
| capital assets | 593,694 | 498,859 | 55,178 | 54,773 | 648,872 | 553,632 | | |
| Restricted | 783,896 | 711,281 | - | - | 783,896 | 711,281 | | |
| Unrestricted | 62,820 | (220,614) | 14,070 | 11,088 | 76,890 | (209,526) | | |
| Total net position | \$ 1,440,410 | \$ 989,526 | \$ 69,248 | \$ 65,861 | \$ 1,509,658 | \$ 1,055,387 | | |

For 2021, the County adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources and outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The implementation of this pronouncement had the effect of restating net position at December 31, 2020, from \$988,897,000 to \$989,526,000 for governmental activities.

| Management's Discussion and Analysis | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------|
| For the Year Ended December 31, 2021 | Unaudited |

As noted earlier, net position may serve as a useful indicator of the County's financial position. The County's assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$1.510 billion (\$1.44 billion in governmental activities and \$69.2 million in business-type activities) at the close of the year. The County as a whole, and its separate governmental and business-type activities, had positive balances in all categories of net position, other than unrestricted, in the prior fiscal year.

A large portion of the County's net position, 43.0 percent, reflects its net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings and improvements, infrastructure, machinery and equipment, and construction in progress) less accumulated depreciation and any related outstanding debt that had been used to acquire those assets. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the County's net position, 51.9 percent, represents resources that are subject to external or legal restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of net position, \$76.9 million is unrestricted and may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens, employees and creditors. It is important to note, however, that the unrestricted net position of the County's business-type activities, \$14.1 million, may not be used to fund governmental activities. The net investment in capital assets increased by \$95.2 million or 17.2 percent, primarily related to facility renovations, construction projects, building improvements, various infrastructure improvements and purchases of machinery and equipment. Restricted net position increased by \$72.6 million when compared with the prior year.

Unaudited

The County's total net position increased by \$454.3 million during the current year: \$450.9 million increase for governmental activities and \$3.4 million increase for business-type activities. The following table shows the changes in net position compared with the prior year:

| | | (Anounts) | in 000's) | | | |
|-----------------------------|--------------|---------------|-----------|-----------|--------------|---------------|
| | Govern | | Busines | • • | | |
| <u>.</u> | Activ | | Activ | | To | |
| | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 |
| Program revenues: | | | | | | |
| Charges for services | \$ 138,297 | \$ 130,778 | \$ 11,880 | \$ 10,764 | \$ 150,177 | \$ 141,542 |
| Operating grants | 459,983 | 410,828 | - | 17 | 459,983 | 410,845 |
| Capital grants | 12,955 | 14,447 | 336 | 4,027 | 13,291 | 18,474 |
| General revenues: | | | | | | |
| Property taxes | 496,620 | 470,225 | - | - | 496,620 | 470,225 |
| Sales taxes | 366,616 | 310,481 | - | - | 366,616 | 310,481 |
| Grants not restricted | | | | | | |
| to specific programs | 32,212 | 25,169 | - | - | 32,212 | 25,169 |
| Unrestricted investment | | | | | | |
| earnings | (10,543) | 30,687 | - | - | (10,543) | 30,687 |
| Gain on sale of capital | | | | | | |
| assets | (386) | - | 3 | 3 | (383) | 3 |
| Total revenues | 1,495,754 | 1,392,615 | 12,219 | 14,811 | 1,507,973 | 1,407,426 |
| Expenses: | | , , | , | , | , , | |
| General government | 172,533 | 177,194 | - | - | 172,533 | 177,194 |
| Judicial | 61,313 | 103,141 | - | - | 61,313 | 103,141 |
| Public safety | 135,046 | 254,590 | - | - | 135,046 | 254,590 |
| Human services | 268,155 | 377,403 | - | - | 268,155 | 377,403 |
| Health | 302,373 | 313,037 | - | - | 302,373 | 313,037 |
| Public works | 30,679 | 44,757 | - | - | 30,679 | 44,757 |
| Conservation and recreation | 21,161 | 20,680 | - | - | 21,161 | 20,680 |
| Community development | 33,274 | 34,972 | - | - | 33,274 | 34,972 |
| Interest and fiscal charges | 17.883 | 19,029 | - | - | 17,883 | 19,029 |
| Water and sewer | | | 8,595 | 10,900 | 8,595 | 10,900 |
| Parking facilities | - | _ | 2,690 | 2,335 | 2,690 | 2,335 |
| Total expenses | 1,042,417 | 1,344,803 | 11,285 | 13,235 | 1,053,702 | 1,358,038 |
| Change in net position | 1,012,117 | 1,511,005 | 11,200 | 10,200 | 1,000,702 | 1,556,656 |
| before transfers | 453,337 | 47,812 | 934 | 1,576 | 454,271 | 49,388 |
| Transfers | (2,453) | (5,319) | 2.453 | 5,319 | | |
| Change in net position | 450,884 | 42,493 | 3,387 | 6,895 | 454,271 | 49,388 |
| Net position – beginning | 989,526 | 42,493 n/a | 65,861 | 58,966 | 1,055,387 | 4),588 n/a |
| Net position – ending | \$ 1,440,410 | \$ 989,526 | \$ 69,248 | \$ 65,861 | \$ 1,509,658 | \$ 1,055,387 |

The information necessary to restate the 2020 beginning balances and the 2020 expense amounts for the effects of the initial implementation of GASB Statement No. 87 is not available.

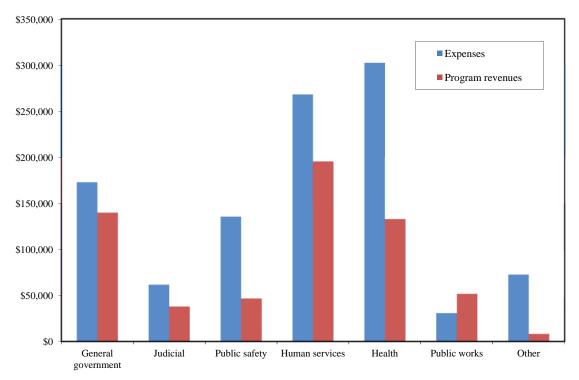
FRANKLIN COUNTY, OHIO

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Unaudited

Governmental Activities Governmental activities added to the County's net position by \$450.9 million. Key elements of this change are as follows:

- Property taxes increased by \$26.4 million or 5.6 percent due to changes in taxable values and development.
- Capital grants and contributions decreased \$1.5 million due to decreases in grant funding.
- Sales taxes increased by \$56.1 million over sales tax revenue of the prior year primarily due to recovery from the Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) pandemic.
- Operating grants and contributions increased by \$49.2 million resulting from increases in federal funding, specifically the Coronavirus Local Fiscal Recovery Fund in the amount of \$17.6 million.
- Expenses for most general government functions decreased from the prior year. In total, governmental activities expenses decreased \$302.4 million, the majority of which were in health \$10.7 million, human services \$109.2 million, public safety \$119.5 million, judicial \$41.8 million, public works \$14.1 million and general services \$4.7 million.



Expenses and Program Revenues – Governmental Activities (Amounts in 000's)

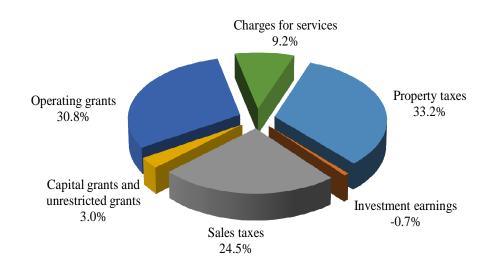
Unaudited

For governmental activities, total revenues exceeded expenses, resulting in a \$450.9 million increase in net position during the current year.

Operating grants were the largest type of program revenue, accounting for \$460.0 million or 30.8 percent of total governmental revenues. The major recipients of operating grant revenue were FCBDD, the Children Services Board, the ADAMH Board, and the Department of Jobs and Family Services.

Property taxes accounted for \$496.6 million or 33.2 percent of total revenues for governmental activities. The major recipients of property tax revenues were FCBDD, the Children Services Board, the ADAMH Board and the General Fund. Another major component of general revenues was sales tax, which totaled \$366.6 million. Sales tax was the largest revenue source for the General Fund.

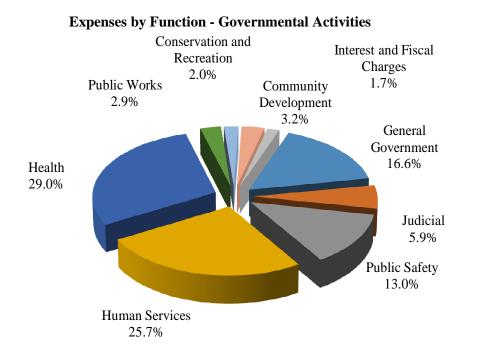
Charges to users of governmental services, another type of program revenue, made up \$138.3 million or 9.2 percent of total governmental revenues. These charges included fees for conveyance of real estate, fees associated with the collection of property taxes, fines and forfeitures related to judicial activity, and licenses and permits.



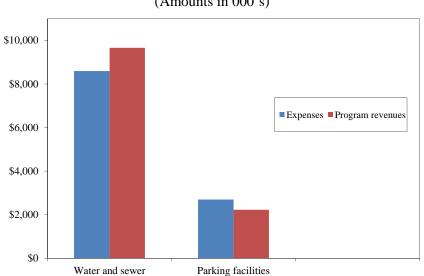
Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities

On the expense side, the largest activity in the current year was health, accounting for \$302.4 million or 29.0 percent of the total expenses for governmental activities. The major providers of health activities are FCBDD and ADAMH Board. The human services program accounted for \$268.2 million or 25.7 percent of total governmental expenses. The major providers of human services activities are Children Services and Jobs and Family Services. The general government function represents activities related to the governing body as well as activities that directly support other County programs that serve the County's residents. In the current year, this represented 16.6 percent of the County's total governmental expenses. General government expenses for the current year decreased by \$4.7 million or 2.6 percent from the prior year.

Unaudited



Business-type Activities The County's net position for business-type activities increased by \$3.4 million. Capital grants and contributions totaling \$0.3 million were received for water and sewer.



Expenses and Program Revenues - Business-type Activities (Amounts in 000's)

Unaudited

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements.

Governmental Funds The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on nearterm inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. This information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a measure of the County's net resources available for spending at the end of the year.

At the end of the year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$1.306 billion, an increase of \$48.6 million in comparison with the prior year balances. Approximately \$252.5 million of this amount constitutes unassigned fund balance, available for spending at the County's discretion. The remainder is nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it is related to notes receivable, advances to other funds or inventories of consumable supplies, none of which can easily be converted into cash; restricted by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations; and committed or assigned by the Board of County Commissioners.

General Fund The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County. The net change in the fund balance of the General Fund was an increase of \$58.6 million during the current years, primarily as a result of increased sales tax revenue due to recovery from the COVID-19 pandemic. At the end of the year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$252.7 million, while total fund balance was \$431.6 million. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 48.6 percent of total General Fund expenditures (including transfers out), while total fund balance represents 83.0 percent of that same amount.

Major Special Revenue Funds The Board of Developmental Disabilities, Children Services Board, ADAMH Board, and the Coronavirus Local Fiscal Recovery funds are major special revenue funds used to account for specific governmental revenues and the associated expenditures are restricted to specified purposes because of legal or regulatory provisions or administrative action. The Board of Commissioners must approve tax levy requests before they are placed on the ballot.

The Board of Developmental Disabilities fund accounts for property taxes and federal and state grants restricted to expenditures for those services that benefit the developmentally disabled. Property tax revenue increased by \$5.0 million and intergovernmental revenue increased by \$28.4 million when compared to the prior year. Expenditures for social service contracts, medical providers, and the maintenance and operation of buildings and buses increased by \$13.6 million or 6.4 percent when compared with the prior year. The net change in fund balance for the current year was an increase of \$31.0 million or 8.9 percent, which is primarily a result of the enhanced federal medical assistance percentage that was authorized by the federal American Rescue Plan Act.

The Children Services Board fund accounts for property taxes and federal funds restricted for programs designed to help abused, neglected, dependent, and troubled children and their families. Property tax revenue increased by \$3.4 million and intergovernmental revenue increased by \$9.8 million when compared to the prior year. Expenditures for social service contracts and other costs decreased by \$6.7 million or 3.4 percent when compared with the prior year. The net change in fund balance for the current year was an increase of \$26.9 million or 20.6 percent, primarily resulting from increased federal reimbursement and lower placement costs.

Unaudited

The ADAMH Board fund accounts for alcohol and drug addiction treatment programs and mental health services to the public, generally through contracts with local health care providers. The largest revenue sources are property taxes and state funding. Property tax revenue increased by \$2.2 million and intergovernmental revenue increased by \$8.5 million when compared to the prior year. Expenditures increased by \$12.9 million or 14.0 percent when compared with the prior year. The net change in fund balance for the current year was an increase of \$3.9 million or 8.3 percent, which is due to the planned draw down of fund balance in the latter half of the current levy cycle.

The Coronavirus Local Fiscal Recovery fund accounts for the Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds (SLFRF) program, a part of the American Rescue Plan, to deliver moneys to state, local, and Tribal governments across the county to support their response to and recovery from the COVID-19 public health emergency. Intergovernmental revenue provided \$17.6 million for expenditures for intergovernmental grants.

Other Governmental Funds Other Governmental Funds represents all nonmajor special revenue funds, nonmajor capital projects funds and nonmajor debt service funds. The largest revenue sources are intergovernmental revenues from the state (primarily related to road and bridge construction and collection of court-ordered child support) and property taxes for the zoo and for senior services. The net change in fund balance for the current year was a decrease of \$71.8 million or 20.0 percent, primarily resulting from capital outlays.

Proprietary Funds The County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of Water and Sewer at the end of the year amounted to \$13.3 million and those for Parking Facilities amounted to \$0.8 million. The total change in net position for the funds was an increase of \$3.9 million and a decrease of \$0.5 million, respectively. Other factors concerning the finances of these two funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the County's business-type activities.

Budgetary Highlights

The County's budget is prepared according to Ohio law. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund. For the current year, the total original appropriations for the General Fund, including those for advances and transfers out, were \$531.2 million, while the final appropriations were \$604.5 million, resulting in a net increase of \$73.3 million or 13.8 percent. While the total general fund budget did not change significantly between original and final budget, there were some significant changes to the functional classifications. The originally budgeted amount of \$5.0 million within the Board of Commissioners budget as a contingency item was reclassified to other functional areas as needs were evident. Major adjustments included commitments to certain construction and permanent improvement projects, support for human services and support of community partnerships.

Final General Fund appropriations for the current year were higher than the final appropriations of the prior year by \$22.6 million or 3.9 percent, and 15.7 percent higher than actual current year budgetary basis expenditures. Significant variances between the final budget and actual results for the General Fund are described as follows:

• Actual general government expenditures were \$3.2 million or 2.9 percent lower than budgeted. While all the general government agencies had positive variances, the most significant variance was due to commissioners' expenditures \$0.9 million lower than budget and general services expenditures \$0.7 million lower than final budget.

| Management's Discussion and Analysis | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------|
| For the Year Ended December 31, 2021 | Unaudited |

- Actual judicial expenditures were \$3.9 million or 3.3 percent lower than budgeted. Spending by the clerk of courts was \$1.4 million lower than budgeted, public defender was \$0.9 million lower than budgeted and the common pleas court, \$0.7 million lower than budgeted.
- Actual public safety expenditures were \$0.6 million or 0.4 percent lower than budgeted, primarily due to Sheriff expenditures being \$0.5 million lower than final budget.
- Actual human services expenditures were \$1.2 million or 16.5 percent lower than budgeted, due to the veterans' service commission expenditures being \$1.2 million lower than final budget.
- Actual community development expenditures were \$10.7 million or 29.1 percent lower than budgeted primarily due to lower than budgeted grant awards.
- Actual capital outlay expenditures were \$6.8 million or 89.9 percent lower than budgeted due to permanent improvement projects which were paid for from capital project funds.
- Actual transfers out of the General Fund were \$55.5 million lower than final budget due to the lack of the need to transfer monies from pledged amounts.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities at the end of the current year amounts to \$1.15 billion. The increase in the County's net investment in capital assets for the current year was 17.2 percent when compared to the prior year's activity. The amount reported for capital assets in the financial statements increased by \$69.3 million as detailed in the table below:

| | | C | apita | l Assets, N | | | lon | | | | | |
|----------------------------|------------|----------|-------|-------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-----------|----|-----------|
| | | | | (Amount | s in (| 00's) | | | | | | |
| | | Govern | ment | tal | | Busine | ess-ty | pe | | | | |
| | Activities | | | | | Acti | vities | _ | Total | | | |
| | | 2021 | | 2020 | | 2021 | | 2020 | | 2021 | | 2020 |
| Land | \$ | 72,509 | \$ | 68,699 | \$ | 487 | \$ | 487 | \$ | 72,996 | \$ | 69,186 |
| Construction in progress | | 328,777 | | 287,246 | | 18,842 | | 17,471 | | 347,619 | | 304,717 |
| Buildings and improvements | | 437,269 | | 409,731 | | 9,325 | | 9,966 | | 446,594 | | 419,697 |
| Infrastructure | | 189,647 | | 187,779 | | 60,530 | | 59,922 | | 250,177 | | 247,701 |
| Machinery and equipment | | 31,674 | | 38,190 | | 1,166 | | 1,409 | | 32,840 | | 39,599 |
| | \$ 1 | ,059,876 | \$ | 991,645 | \$ | 90,350 | \$ | 89,255 | \$ | 1,150,226 | \$ | 1,080,900 |

The major capital asset expenditures during the current year involved construction projects: construction of the Corrections Center, construction of the Forensic Science Center, facility renovations, infrastructure improvements and purchases of machinery and equipment. More information regarding the County's capital assets can be found in Note 9 on pages 73 - 76.

Unaudited

Long-term Debt At the end of the current year, the County had total long-term debt outstanding of \$522.7 million. All the County's debt is unvoted. General obligation debt as shown in the table below includes bonds, notes, loans and leases.

| Outstanding Debt (Amounts in 000's) | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|------------|------------|-----------|--------------------|------------|------------|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Acti | vities | | ess-type vities | Total | | | | | |
| | 2020 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 | | | | |
| General obligation debt | \$ 184,356 | \$ 193,112 | \$ 8,585 | \$ 8,610 | \$ 192,941 | \$ 201,722 | | | | |
| Special obligation debt | 233,943 | 242,510 | 26,936 | 25,697 | 260,879 | 268,207 | | | | |
| Unamortized bond premiums | 47,499 | 49,538 | 235 | 244 | 47,734 | 49,782 | | | | |
| Lease liability | 21,181 | 17,328 | - | - | 21,181 | 17,328 | | | | |
| , | \$ 486,979 | \$ 502,488 | \$ 35,756 | \$ 34,551 | \$ 522,735 | \$ 537,039 | | | | |

The County's total long-term debt decreased by \$14.3 million, or 2.7 percent during the current year. During the current year, \$13.0 million was received for governmental activity and \$0.3 million was received for business-type activity construction projects.

Both Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services have given Franklin County a "triple-A" credit rating, the highest rating possible. The County's rating is based on the County's financial management and debt burden, and the strength of the local economy. The County is within all its legal debt limitations. As of the end of the year, the County's non-exempt debt was \$174.9 million. The County's limit for total voted and unvoted non-exempt debt was \$923.1 million, leaving a borrowing capacity of \$748.2 million. Unvoted, non-exempt debt is limited to one percent of total assessed property value. For the current year, that limit was \$369.9 million, leaving a borrowing capacity of \$194.9 million. The aggregate amount of the County's unvoted debt is also subject to overlapping debt restrictions with other political subdivisions. At year-end, the County's total net bonded debt amounted to 0.5 percent of the total assessed value of all property within the County.

In addition to the bonded debt, notes, loans and leases, the County's long-term obligations include compensated absences, workers' compensation and net pension liability. More information regarding the County's long-term obligations can be found in Note 10 on pages 77 - 84

Unaudited

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

Franklin County has experienced significant growth in the past thirty years, both in population and in tax base. The County's financial condition remains strong. The County's General Fund unrestricted cash balance at the end of the current year was \$389.8 million, an amount sufficient to cover General Fund expenditures for approximately 10.3 months.

When preparing the budget for the following year, the following factors were taken into consideration:

- Franklin County's unemployment rate for current year was 5.0 percent, a decrease from the previous year due to the recovery from the global Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) pandemic. However, effects of the pandemic continue and as a result, the demand for health and human services provided by County agencies is expected to continue.
- Sales tax revenues are projected to remain steady following recovery from COVID-19 and remain a significant revenue source. Another major revenue source, the local government fund, is expected to be significantly reduced in future years.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the County's finances, and to demonstrate accountability for the money the County receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Franklin County Auditor, Fiscal Services Division, 373 South High Street, 21st Floor, Columbus, Ohio 43215-6310. This report is also available on-line at www.franklincountyauditor.com/fiscal/financial-reports.

Basic Financial Statements

Statement of Net Position December 31, 2021

(Amounts in 000's)

| | | Primary Government | | |
|---|------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|------------|
| | Governmental | Business-type | | Component |
| | Activities | Activities | Total | Units |
| Assets: | ф <u>1 4 4 7 4 4 7</u> | ¢ 15.050 | ф <u>1 462 415</u> | ¢ |
| Equity with County Treasurer (notes 1 & 4) | \$ 1,447,447 | \$ 15,968 | \$ 1,463,415 | \$ - |
| Cash, cash equivalents, and investments in | 2 457 | 2 | 2.460 | 10 702 |
| segregated accounts (notes 1 & 4) | 3,457 | 3 | 3,460 | 10,793 |
| Property taxes receivable, net (note 6) | 479,833 | - | 479,833 | - |
| Accounts receivable | 4,002 | 1,988 | 5,990 | 227 |
| Accrued interest receivable | 70 | - | 70 | - |
| Sales taxes receivable | 97,354 | - | 97,354 | - |
| Internal balances (notes 1 & 5) | 13 | (13) | - | - |
| Due from component unit (note 5 & 19) | 250 | - | 250 | - |
| Due from other governments | 114,778 | - | 114,778 | - |
| Notes receivable (note 7) | 1,591 | - | 1,591 | - |
| Leases receivable (note 8) | 18,379 | - | 18,379 | - |
| Loans receivable, net (note 1) | 7,349 | - | 7,349 | - |
| Inventories (note 1) | 6,133 | 151 | 6,284 | 87 |
| Prepaid items (note 1) | - | - | - | 16,418 |
| Restricted cash (notes 1 & 4) | 2,833 | - | 2,833 | - |
| Net OPEB asset (note 15) | 46,612 | 150 | 46,762 | - |
| Right to use leased assets, net of amortization | 5,993 | - | 5,993 | - |
| Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation | : | | | |
| Nondepreciable (notes 1 & 9) | 401,286 | 19,329 | 420,615 | 28 |
| Depreciable (notes 1 & 9) | 658,590 | 71,021 | 729,611 | 3,370 |
| Other non-current assets | - | - | - | 18 |
| Total assets | 3,295,970 | 108,597 | 3,404,567 | 30,941 |
| Deferred outflows of resources: | | | | |
| Deferred charge on refunding | 14,804 | 584 | 15,388 | - |
| Pension (note 14) | 85,183 | 168 | 85,351 | _ |
| OPEB (note 15) | 34,886 | 75 | 34,961 | - |
| | | | | |
| Total deferred outflows of resources | 134,873 | 827 | 135,700 | - |
| Liabilities: | | | | |
| Accrued wages | 18,325 | 61 | 18,386 | - |
| Accrued interest | 1,455 | 16 | 1,471 | - |
| Accounts payable and other current liabilities | 76,081 | 1,728 | 77,809 | 955 |
| Retainage pay able | 11,246 | - | 11,246 | - |
| Matured bonds and interest payable | 661 | - | 661 | - |
| Due to primary government (note 5) | - | - | - | 250 |
| Unearned revenue (note 1) | 115,726 | - | 115,726 | 907 |
| Liabilities payable from restricted assets | 3,316 | - | 3,316 | - |
| Long-term liabilities: (notes 1 & 10) | | | | |
| Due within one year | 30,415 | 2,558 | 32,973 | 583 |
| | | | | |
| - | | | | |
| Due in more than one year: | 392,181 | 1.275 | 393,456 | - |
| • | 392,181 524,976 | 1,275 33,325 | 393,456 558,301 | - 4,399 |

(Continued on next page)

Statement of Net Position December 31, 2021

(Amounts in 000's)

| | |] | Primary | Government | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|----|-------------|---------|-------------|-----------------|----|---------|--|
| | G | overnmental | | siness-type | | Co | mponent | |
| | | Activities | | Activities | Total | | Units | |
| Deferred inflows of resources: | | | | | | | | |
| Property taxes (note 1) | | 476,816 | | - | 476,816 | | - | |
| Leases | | 17,984 | | - | 17,984 | | - | |
| Pension (note 14) | | 180,070 | | 667 | 180,737 | | - | |
| OPEB (note 15) | | 141,181 | | 546 | 141,727 | | - | |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | | 816,051 | | 1,213 | 817,264 | | - | |
| Net Position: | | | | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | | 593,694 | | 55,178 | 648,872 | | 3,148 | |
| Restricted for: | | | | | | | | |
| Judicial | | 5,122 | | - | 5,122 | | - | |
| Public safety | | 9,447 | | - | 9,447 | | - | |
| Human services | | 260,500 | | - | 260,500 | | - | |
| Health | | 459,612 | | - | 459,612 | | - | |
| Public works | | 32,141 | | - | 32,141 | | - | |
| Real estate assessment | | 13,338 | | - | 13,338 | | - | |
| Debt service (note 10) | | 665 | | - | 665 | | - | |
| Capital projects | | 1,858 | | - | 1,858 | | - | |
| Other purposes | | 1,213 | | - | 1,213 | | 1,035 | |
| Unrestricted (deficit) | | 62,820 | | 14,070 | 76,890 | | 19,664 | |
| Total net position | \$ | 1,440,410 | \$ | 69,248 | \$ 1,509,658 | \$ | 23,847 | |

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.



Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

(Amounts in 000's)

| | | | Program Revenues Net (Expense) Revenue Changes in Net Position | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|-----------------|--|-------|---|----|---|-----------|---|----|--|----|--|
| | | | | 0 | perating | (| Capital | | l | Primary (| Government | | | | |
| | Expenses | (| Charges for Services | | Grants and Contributions | | Grants, Contributions and Interest | | Governmental Activities | | Business-type Activities | | Total | | mponent Units |
| Primary government: Governmental activities: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| General government Judicial Public safety Human services Health Public works Conservation and recreation Community development Interest and fiscal charges | \$ 172,53 61,31 135,04 268,15 302,37 30,67 21,16 33,27 17,88 | 3 6 5 3 9 1 4 | 78,809 15,431 20,335 5,654 13,225 3,807 - 1,036 | \$ | 60,550 22,339 26,115 189,687 108,304 45,780 1,771 5,437 | \$ | 8 11,000 1,947 | \$ | (33,174) (23,543) (88,588) (72,814) (169,844) 20,855 (19,390) (26,801) (17,883) | \$ | - | \$ | (33,174) (23,543) (88,588) (72,814) (169,844) 20,855 (19,390) (26,801) (17,883) | \$ | |
| Total governmental activities | 1,042,41 | | 138,297 | | 459,983 | | 12,955 | | (431,182) | | - | | (431,182) | | |
| Business-type activities: Water and sewer Parking facilities Total business-type activities Total primary government Component units (notes 1 & 19) | 8,59 2,69 11,28 \$ 1,053,70 \$ 11,08 | 0 5 2 \$ | 9,656 2,224 11,880 150,177 10,692 | <u>\$</u> \$ | - - - 459,983 - 3,000 | \$\$ | 336 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - | | (431,182) | | 1,397 (466) 931 931 | \$ | 1,397 (466) 931 (430,251) | | 3.245 |
| • · · · | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Sales ta Grants Unrestr Gain or Transfers Total Char Net positi | ty taxes (r ixes and contr ricted inve n sale of ca (note 5) general re- age in net j on - begin | butions not re stment earning upital assets venues and tran position ning, restated | ţ\$ | o specific pro | grams | | | 496,620 366,616 32,212 (10,543) (386) (2,453) 882,066 450,884 989,526 | | - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - | | 496,620 366,616 32,212 (10,543) (383) - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - | | - 47 585 - - 632 3,877 19,970 23 847 |
| | Net positi | on - endin | g | | | | | \$ | 1,440,410 | \$ | 69,248 | \$ | 1,509,658 | \$ | 23,847 |

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2021

(Amounts in 000's)

| | General | Dev | Board of velopmental Disabilities | Children Services Board | | |
|---|---------------|-----|---|----------------------------|---------|--|
| Assets: | | | | | | |
| Equity with County Treasurer (notes 1 & 4) | \$ 389,832 | \$ | 391,468 | \$ | 161,237 | |
| Cash and investments in | | | | | | |
| segregated accounts (notes 1 & 4) | 6 | | - | | - | |
| Property taxes receivable, net (note 6) | 48,985 | | 181,815 | | 127,585 | |
| Accounts receivable | 1,068 | | 756 | | 26 | |
| Accrued interest receivable | 70 | | - | | - | |
| Sales taxes receivable | 97,354 | | - | | - | |
| Due from other funds (note 5) | 870 | | - | | 11 | |
| Due from component unit (notes 1 & 5) | - | | - | | - | |
| Due from other governments | 19,253 | | 18,885 | | 20,746 | |
| Notes receivable (note 7) | 1,591 | | - | | - | |
| Leases receivable (note 8) | - | | - | | - | |
| Loans receivable, net (note 1) | 4,607 | | - | | - | |
| Inventories (note 1) | 3,325 | | 208 | | 120 | |
| Advances to other funds (notes 1 & 5) | 11,438 | | - | | - | |
| Restricted cash (notes 1 & 4) | 2,833 | | - | | - | |
| Total assets | \$ 581,232 | \$ | 593,132 | \$ | 309,725 | |
| Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, | | | | | | |
| and fund balances: | | | | | | |
| Liabilities: | | | | | | |
| Accrued wages | \$ 10,519 | \$ | 1,891 | \$ | 2,112 | |
| Accounts payable | 26,779 | | 9,005 | | 5,884 | |
| Retainage p ay able | 11,246 | | - | | - | |
| Matured bonds and interest payable | - | | - | | - | |
| Due to other funds (note 5) | 15 | | 9 | | 143 | |
| Unearned revenue (note 1) | - | | - | | - | |
| Advances from other funds (notes 1 & 5) | - | | - | | - | |
| Liabilities payable from restricted assets | 3,316 | | - | | - | |
| Total liabilities | 51,875 | | 10,905 | | 8,139 | |
| Deferred inflows of resources: | | | | | | |
| Property taxes (note 1) | 48,636 | | 180,362 | | 126,547 | |
| Leases | - | | - | | - | |
| Unavailable revenue (note 1) | 49,105 | | 22,209 | | 17,453 | |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | 97,741 | | 202,571 | | 144,000 | |
| Fund balances: (notes 1 & 18) | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | 4,798 | | 208 | | 120 | |
| Restricted | 4,078 | | 379,448 | | 157,466 | |
| Committed | 144,232 | | | | - | |
| Assigned | 25,817 | | - | | - | |
| Unassigned | 252,691 | | - | | - | |
| Total fund balances | 431,616 | | 379,656 | | 157,586 | |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, | _ | | _ | | | |
| and fund balances | \$ 581,232 | \$ | 593,132 | \$ | 309,725 | |

(Continued on next page)

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2021

(Amounts in 000's)

| | ADA | AMH Board | Lo | oronavirus ocal Fiscal Recovery | Go | Other wernmental Funds | Total | Governmental Funds |
|---|----------|-----------|----------|---------------------------------------|----|------------------------------|----------|-----------------------|
| Assets: | | | | | | | | |
| Equity with County Treasurer (notes 1 & 4) | \$ | 67,382 | \$ | 110,310 | \$ | 289,406 | \$ | 1,409,635 |
| Cash and investments in | | | | | | o 171 | | o 175 |
| segregated accounts (notes 1 & 4) | | - | | - | | 3,451 | | 3,457 |
| Property taxes receivable, net (note 6) | | 56,343 | | - | | 65,105 | | 479,833 |
| Accounts receivable | | 567 | | - | | 978 | | 3,395 |
| Accrued interest receivable | | - | | - | | - | | 70 |
| Sales taxes receivable | | - | | - | | - | | 97,354 |
| Due from other funds (note 5) | | - | | - | | 231 | | 1,112 |
| Due from component unit (notes 1 & 5) | | - | | - | | 250 | | 250 |
| Due from other governments | | 15,527 | | - | | 40,367 | | 114,778 |
| Notes receivable (note 7) | | - | | - | | - | | 1,591 |
| Leases receivable (note 8) | | - | | - | | 18,379 | | 18,379 |
| Loans receivable, net (note 1) | | - | | - | | 2,742 | | 7,349 |
| Inventories (note 1) | | - | | - | | 2,480 | | 6,133 |
| Advances to other funds (notes 1 & 5) | | - | | - | | - | | 11,438 |
| Restricted cash (notes 1 & 4) | | - | | - | | - | | 2,833 |
| Total assets | \$ | 139,819 | \$ | 110,310 | \$ | 423,389 | \$ | 2,157,607 |
| Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, | | | | | | | | |
| and fund balances: | | | | | | | | |
| Liabilities: | | | | | | | | |
| Accrued wages | \$ | 196 | \$ | - | \$ | 3,563 | \$ | 18,281 |
| Accounts payable | | 6,448 | | - | | 13,553 | | 61,669 |
| Retainage payable | | - | | - | | - | | 11,246 |
| Matured bonds and interest payable | | - | | - | | 661 | | 661 |
| Due to other funds (note 5) | | - | | - | | 904 | | 1,071 |
| Unearned revenue (note 1) | | - | | 110,310 | | 5,416 | | 115,726 |
| Advances from other funds (notes 1 & 5) | | 10,000 | | - | | 1,438 | | 11,438 |
| Liabilities payable from restricted assets | | - | | - | | - | | 3,316 |
| Total liabilities | | 16,644 | | 110,310 | | 25,535 | | 223,408 |
| Deferred inflows of resources: | | | | | | | | |
| Property taxes (note 1) | | 56,685 | | - | | 64,586 | | 476,816 |
| Leases | | | | - | | 17,984 | | 17,984 |
| Unavailable revenue (note 1) | | 15,594 | | - | | 28,943 | | 133,304 |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | | 72,279 | | - | | 111,513 | | 628,104 |
| Fund balances: (notes 1 & 18) | | | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | | _ | | | | 2,480 | | 7,606 |
| Restricted | | 50,896 | | | | 178,326 | | 770,214 |
| Committed | | | | - | | 178,520 | | 249,849 |
| Assigned | | - | | - | | 105,017 97 | | 249,849 |
| Unassigned | | - | | - | | | | 252,512 |
| Total fund balances | | 50.906 | | - | | (179) | | |
| i otai iunu baiances | | 50,896 | | - | | 286,341 | | 1,306,095 |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, | <i>.</i> | | <i>•</i> | | ¢ | | <i>.</i> | |
| and fund balances | \$ | 139,819 | \$ | 110,310 | \$ | 423,389 | \$ | 2,157,607 |

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

FRANKLIN COUNTY, OHIO

| Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to |
|--|
| Net Position of Governmental Activities |
| December 31, 2021 |

| osition of Governmental Activities aber 31, 2021 | (An | (Amounts in 000's | | |
|--|-----------|-------------------|-----------|--|
| otal fund balances - governmental funds (page 25) | | \$ | 1,306,095 | |
| A mounte reported for governmental activities in | | | | |
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in | | | | |
| the statement of net position (page21) are different because: | | | | |
| Capital assets and right to use assets used in governmental activities are not | | | | |
| financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. | | | 1,065,869 | |
| Other assets are not available to pay for current period | | | | |
| expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds: | | | | |
| Accrued interest receivable | 51 | | | |
| | | | | |
| Sales taxes receivable | 36,037 | | | |
| Accounts receivable | 663 | | | |
| Due from other funds | 189 | | | |
| Due from other governments | 88,826 | | | |
| Property taxes receivable | 7,538 | | | |
| | | | 133,304 | |
| Internal service funds are used by management to charge the | | | | |
| costs of employee benefits and telecommunications | | | | |
| | | | | |
| to individual funds. The assets, liabilities and deferrals of the | | | | |
| internal service funds are included in governmental activities | | | | |
| in the statement of net position. | | | 23,935 | |
| Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period | | | | |
| and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: | | | | |
| Accrued interest | (1,455) | | | |
| General obligation bonds and notes | (184,356) | | | |
| | | | | |
| Taxable special obligation bonds and notes | (231,620) | | | |
| Unamortized bond premiums, discounts, and charges | (32,695) | | | |
| Loans | (2,323) | | | |
| Compensated absences | (66,765) | | | |
| Workers' compensation | (1,647) | | | |
| Capital leases | (21,181) | | | |
| | | | (542,042) | |
| The net pension liability is not due and payable in the current | | | | |
| period; therefore, the liability and related deferred outflows | | | | |
| | | | | |
| and deferred inflows are not reported in governmental funds: | 05 102 | | | |
| Deferred outflows of resources - pension | 85,183 | | | |
| Deferred inflows of resources - pension | (180,070) | | | |
| Net pension liability | (392,181) | | | |
| | | | (487,068) | |
| The net OPEB asset is not due and receivable in the current | | | | |
| period; therefore, the asset and related deferred outflows | | | | |
| and deferred inflows are not reported in governmental funds: | | | | |
| Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB | 34,886 | | | |
| | , | | | |
| Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB | (141,181) | | | |
| Net OPEB asset | 46,612 | | | |
| | - | | (59,683) | |
| Net position of governmental activities (page 21) | | \$ | 1,440,410 | |
| | = | | . / | |

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.



Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

(Amounts in 000's)

| | General | Board of velopmental Disabilities | en Services Board |
|--|---------------|---|----------------------|
| Revenues: | | | |
| Sales tax | \$ 362,169 | \$ - | \$ - |
| Property taxes (note 6) | 69,851 | 180,315 | 126,207 |
| Licenses and permits | 909 | - | - |
| Fees and charges for services | 66,360 | 1,973 | 2,644 |
| Fines and forfeitures | 1,850 | - | - |
| Intergovernmental | 76,405 | 66,334 | 85,389 |
| Investment income | (9,916) | - | - |
| Other | 5,544 | 7,567 | 720 |
| Total revenues | 573,172 | 256,189 | 214,960 |
| Expenditures: | | | |
| Current: | | | |
| General government | 110,727 | - | - |
| Judicial | 89,771 | - | - |
| Public safety | 205,103 | - | - |
| Human services | 5,774 | - | 188,049 |
| Health | - | 225,211 | - |
| Public works | 1.414 | - | - |
| Conservation and recreation | - | - | - |
| Community development | 27,520 | - | - |
| Capital outlays | 3,299 | - | - |
| Debt service: (note 10) | -,_,, | | |
| Principal retirement | 49 | - | _ |
| Interest charges | 7 | | |
| Debt issuance cost | - | | |
| Intergovernmental grants | 9,239 | | |
| Total expenditures | 452,903 | 225,211 | 188,049 |
| Europe (definion out) of revenues | | | |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures | 120,269 | 30,978 | 26,911 |
| - | | | |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | |
| Transfers in (notes 1 & 5) | 5,071 | - | - |
| Transfers out (notes 1 & 5) | (67,096) | - | - |
| Refunding bonds issued (note 10) | - | - | - |
| Premium on issuance of debt (note 10) | - | - | - |
| Payment to refunded bond escrow agent | - | - | - |
| Sale of capital assets | 317 | 27 | 5 |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | (61,708) | 27 | 5 |
| Net change in fund balances | 58,561 | 31,005 | 26,916 |
| Fund balances - beginning | 373,055 | 348,651 | 130,670 |
| Fund balances - ending | \$ 431,616 | \$ 379,656 | \$ 157,586 |

(Continued on next page)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

(Amounts in 000's)

| | ADAMH Board | Coronavirus Local Fiscal Recovery | Other Governmental Funds | Total Governmental Funds | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------|---|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Revenues: | | | | | |
| Sales tax | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 362,169 | |
| Property taxes (note 6) | 57,167 | - | 64,725 | 498,265 | |
| Licenses and permits | - | - | 2,379 | 3,288 | |
| Fees and charges for services | - | - | 36,204 | 107,181 | |
| Fines and forfeitures | - | - | 2,019 | 3,869 | |
| Intergovernmental | 40,935 | 17,572 | 193,737 | 480,372 | |
| Investment income | - | - | 893 | (9,023) | |
| Other | 10,817 | - | 12,715 | 37,363 | |
| Total revenues | 108,919 | 17,572 | 312,672 | 1,483,484 | |
| Expenditures: Current: | | | | | |
| General government | - | - | 25,692 | 136,419 | |
| Judicial | - | - | 5,362 | 95,133 | |
| Public safety | - | - | 28,095 | 233,198 | |
| Human services | - | - | 156,459 | 350,282 | |
| Health | 105,290 | - | 265 | 330,766 | |
| Public works | - | - | 47,837 | 49,251 | |
| Conservation and recreation | - | - | 20,188 | 20,188 | |
| Community development | - | - | 3,439 | 30,959 | |
| Capital outlays | - | - | 95,812 | 99,111 | |
| Debt service: (note 10) | | | | | |
| Principal retirement | - | - | 24,241 | 24,290 | |
| Interest charges | - | - | 19,539 | 19,546 | |
| Debt issuance cost | - | - | 572 | 572 | |
| Intergovernmental grants | - | 17,572 | 17,583 | 44,394 | |
| Total expenditures | 105,290 | 17,572 | 445,084 | 1,434,109 | |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | | | | |
| over (under) expenditures | 3,629 | - | (132,412) | 49,375 | |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | | |
| Transfers in (notes 1 & 5) | 250 | - | 65,378 | 70,699 | |
| Transfers out (notes 1 & 5) | - | - | (5,343) | (72,439) | |
| Refunding bonds issued (note 10) | - | - | 72,705 | 72,705 | |
| Premium on issuance of debt (note 10) | - | - | 954 | 954 | |
| Payment to refunded bond escrow agent | - | - | (73,089) | (73,089) | |
| Sale of capital assets | - | - | 24 | 373 | |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | 250 | - | 60,629 | (797) | |
| Net change in fund balances | 3,879 | - | (71,783) | 48,578 | |
| Fund balances - beginning | 47,017 | - | 358,124 | 1,257,517 | |
| Fund balances - ending | \$ 50,896 | \$ - | \$ 286,341 | \$ 1,306,095 | |

| Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in | | | | | |
|--|--------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities | | | | | |
| For the Year Ended December 31, 2021 | (Amounts in 000's) | | | | |

| tor me real linaca December 51, 2021 | Inou | 000 5) |
|--|------------------|--------------|
| Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (page 29) | | \$ 48,578 |
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of | | |
| activities (page 23) are different because: | | |
| Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. | | |
| However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets | | |
| is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation | | |
| expense. The effect on the change in net position is calculated | | |
| as follows: | | |
| Per statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances: | | |
| Capital outlay expenditures | 99,111 | |
| Capitalized expenditures reported in functional areas | 11,559 | |
| Per statement of activities: | | |
| Depreciation expense (Note 9) | (36,516) | |
| | | 74,154 |
| The net effect of transactions involving sales and retirements of capital | | , |
| assets decreased net position (Note 9) | | (6,297) |
| | | |
| Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current | | |
| financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. The amount | | |
| is the net effect of the prior year items against current year accruals. | | 12,656 |
| Proceeds of debt provide current financial resources to governmental | | |
| funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the | | |
| statement of net position. Repayment of principal is an expenditure | | |
| in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term | | |
| liabilities in the statement of net position. The effect on the change in | | |
| net position is as follows: | | |
| Per statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances: | | |
| Issuance of debt, including refunding bonds and capital leases | (72,705) | |
| Principal retirement, including leases | 24,290 | |
| Payment to bond agent for current refunding | 24,290 73,089 | |
| Payment to bond agent for current ferunding | 75,089 | 04 (74 |
| | | 24,674 |
| Governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and deferred charges | | |
| when the debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred to future | | |
| periods and amortized in the statement of activities. The effect | | |
| on the change in net position is as follows: | | |
| Per statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances: | | |
| Premiums/discounts on issuance of debt (Note 10) | (954) | |
| Per statement of activities: | | |
| Amortization of bond premiums and discounts (Note 10) | 2,993 | |
| Amortization of deferred charges | (972) | |
| | | 1,067 |
| | | |

(Continued on next page)

| Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in | | | | | | |
|--|--------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities | | | | | | |
| For the Year Ended December 31, 2021 | (Amounts in 000's) | | | | | |

| Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports | |
|---|------------|
| these amounts as deferred outflows. | 51,070 |
| Except for amounts reported as deferred outflows or deferred inflows, | |
| changes in the net pension/OPEB liability are reported as pension/OPEB | |
| expense in the statement of activities. | 302,383 |
| Some expenses are reported in the statement of activities but do | |
| not require the use of current financial resources and therefore | |
| are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. The amount | |
| is the net effect of prior year items against current year accruals. | (45,873) |
| Internal service funds are used by management to charge the | |
| costs of employee benefits and telecommunications to individual | |
| funds. The net revenue of the internal service funds is | |
| reported with governmental activities. | (11,528) |
| ange in net position of governmental activities (page 23) | \$ 450,884 |

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

(Amounts in 000's)

| | Budgeted | Amounts | | |
|--------------------------------------|------------|------------|------------------|---|
| | Original | Final | Actual Amounts | Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) |
| Revenues: | ¢ 202.500 | ¢ 252.465 | ¢ 252.465 | ¢ |
| Sales tax | \$ 303,500 | \$ 353,465 | \$ 353,465 | \$ - |
| Property taxes | 53,686 | 61,863 | 69,355 | 7,492 |
| Licenses and permits | 817 | 817 | 911 | 94 |
| Fees and charges for services | 48,970 | 53,797 | 57,403 | 3,606 |
| Fines and forfeitures | 1,865 | 1,865 | 1,725 | (140) |
| Intergovernmental | 47,878 | 79,779 | 77,063 | (2,716) |
| Investment income | 14,427 | 14,457 | 14,254 | (203) |
| Other Total revenues | 8,598 | 6,734 | 6,468 580,644 | (266) |
| Expenditures: | | | | |
| Current: | | | | |
| General government | 100,560 | 108,086 | 104,932 | 3,154 |
| Judicial | 121,204 | 117,143 | 113,265 | 3,878 |
| Public safety | 173,834 | 184,405 | 183,765 | 640 |
| Human services | 7,155 | 7,168 | 5,987 | 1,181 |
| Public works | 1,415 | 1,457 | 1,417 | 40 |
| Community development | 24,212 | 36,813 | 26,092 | 10,721 |
| Capital outlays | 1,525 | 7,568 | 767 | 6,801 |
| Intergovernmental grants | 9,239 | 9,239 | 9,239 | - |
| Total expenditures | 439,144 | 471,879 | 445,464 | 26,415 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | | | |
| over (under) expenditures | 40,597 | 100,898 | 135,180 | 34,282 |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | |
| Transfers in | 121 | 4,586 | 5,071 | 485 |
| Transfers out | (92,085) | (122,587) | (67,096) | 55,491 |
| Advances in | - | 571 | 571 | - |
| Advances out | - | (10,000) | (10,000) | - |
| Proceeds from sale of capital assets | 17 | 17 | 31 | 14 |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | (91,947) | (127,413) | (71,423) | 55,990 |
| Net change in fund balance | (51,350) | (26,515) | 63,757 | 90,272 |
| Fund balance - beginning | 299,762 | 299,762 | 299,762 | |
| Fund balance - ending | \$ 248,412 | \$ 273,247 | \$ 363,519 | \$ 90,272 |

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Special Revenue Fund – Board of Developmental Disabilities Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

(Amounts in 000's)

| | Budgeted | Amou | nts | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|------|------------|------|------------|-----|--|
| | Original | Fi | nal Budget | Actu | al Amounts | Fin | iance with al Budget Positive Jegative) |
| Revenues: | | | | | | | |
| Property taxes | \$ 172,891 | \$ | 173,912 | \$ | 178,441 | \$ | 4,529 |
| Fees and charges for services | 2,099 | | 2,099 | | 2,138 | | 39 |
| Intergovernmental | 34,522 | | 34,158 | | 66,497 | | 32,339 |
| Other | 4,376 | | 4,376 | | 7,557 | | 3,181 |
| Total revenues | 213,888 | | 214,545 | | 254,633 | | 40,088 |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | | |
| Health | 243,961 | | 244,871 | | 226,131 | | 18,740 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | | | | | | |
| over (under) expenditures | (30,073) | | (30,326) | | 28,502 | | 58,828 |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | | | | |
| Proceeds from sale of capital assets | 20 | | 20 | | 27 | | 7 |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | 20 | | 20 | | 27 | | 7 |
| Net change in fund balance | (30,053) | | (30,306) | | 28,529 | | 58,835 |
| Fund balance - beginning | 356,231 | | 356,231 | | 356,231 | | |
| Fund balance - ending | \$ 326,178 | \$ | 325,925 | \$ | 384,760 | \$ | 58,835 |

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Special Revenue Fund – Children Services Board Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

(Amounts in 000's)

| | | Budgeted | Amou | nts | | | | |
|---|----|----------|------|----------|------|------------|----------|---|
| | (| Original | | Final | Actu | al Amounts | Fin P | ance with al Budget Positive regative) |
| Revenues: | | | | | | | | |
| Property taxes | \$ | 121,208 | \$ | 121,920 | \$ | 124,884 | \$ | 2,964 |
| Fees and charges for services | | 2,425 | | 2,425 | | 2,622 | | 197 |
| Intergovernmental | | 74,637 | | 74,384 | | 85,672 | | 11,288 |
| Other | | 580 | | 580 | | 739 | | 159 |
| Total revenues | | 198,850 | | 199,309 | | 213,917 | | 14,608 |
| Expenditures: Current: | | | | | | | | |
| Human services | | 214,802 | | 215,201 | | 189,323 | | 25,878 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures | | (15,952) | | (15,892) | | 24,594 | | 40,486 |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | | | | | |
| Proceeds from sale of capital assets | | - | | - | | 5 | | 5 |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | - | | - | | 5 | | 5 |
| Net change in fund balance | | (15,952) | | (15,892) | | 24,599 | | 40,491 |
| Fund balance - beginning | | 131,924 | | 131,924 | | 131,924 | | - |
| Fund balance - ending | \$ | 115,972 | \$ | 116,032 | \$ | 156,523 | \$ | 40,491 |

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Special Revenue Fund – Alcohol, Drug and Mental Health Board Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2021 (Am

(Amounts in 000's)

| | | Budgeted | Amou | nts | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|----|----------|------|----------|------|------------|----------|--|
| | (| Original | | Final | Actu | al Amounts | Fin F | iance with al Budget Positive legative) |
| Revenues: | | | | | | | | |
| Property taxes | \$ | 54,244 | \$ | 54,565 | \$ | 55,931 | \$ | 1,366 |
| Intergovernmental | | 25,776 | | 40,294 | | 41,922 | | 1,628 |
| Other | | 5,105 | | 5,105 | | 12,269 | | 7,164 |
| Total revenues | | 85,125 | | 99,964 | | 110,122 | | 10,158 |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | | | |
| Health | | 108,444 | | 130,267 | | 105,981 | | 24,286 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | | | | | | | |
| over (under) expenditures | | (23,319) | | (30,303) | | 4,141 | | 34,444 |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | | - | | - | | 250 | | 250 |
| Advances in | | - | | 10,000 | | 10,000 | | - |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | - | | 10,000 | | 10,250 | | 250 |
| Net change in fund balance | | (23,319) | | (20,303) | | 14,391 | | 34,694 |
| Fund balance - beginning | | 50,084 | | 50,084 | | 50,084 | | - |
| Fund balance - ending | \$ | 26,765 | \$ | 29,781 | \$ | 64,475 | \$ | 34,694 |

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Special Revenue Fund – Coronavirus Local Fiscal Recovery Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

(Amounts in 000's)

| | I | Budgeted | Amour | nts | | | | |
|---|-------|----------|-------|-----------|----------------|---------|-------------------------------------|----------------|
| | Origi | Original | | al Budget | Actual Amounts | | Varianc Final B Posi (Nega | Budget tive |
| Revenues: | | | | | | | | |
| Intergovernmental | \$ | - | \$ | 127,882 | \$ | 127,882 | \$ | - |
| Total revenues | | - | | 127,882 | | 127,882 | | - |
| Expenditures: Intergovernmental grants | | - | | 17,572 | | 17,572 | | - |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures | | - | | 110,310 | | 110,310 | | - |
| Other financing sources (uses): Total other financing sources (uses) | | - | | | | | | - |
| Net change in fund balance | | - | | 110,310 | | 110,310 | | - |
| Fund balance - beginning | | - | | | | - | | - |
| Fund balance - ending | \$ | - | \$ | 110,310 | \$ | 110,310 | \$ | - |



Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds December 31, 2021

(Amounts in 000's)

| | Bu | Governmental | | |
|--|--------------------|-----------------------|------------|---------------------------|
| | | Enterprise Funds | Activities | |
| | Water and Sewer | Parking Facilities | Total | Internal Service Funds |
| Assets: | | | | |
| Current assets: | | | | |
| Equity with County Treasurer (notes 1 & 4) | \$ 13,787 | \$ 2,181 | \$ 15,968 | \$ 37,812 |
| Cash, cash equivalents and investments in | | | | |
| segregated accounts (notes 1 &4) | - | 3 | 3 | - |
| Accounts receivable, net | 1,988 | - | 1,988 | 607 |
| Due from other funds (note 5) | - | 3 | 3 | - |
| Inventories (note 1) | 151 | - | 151 | - |
| Total current assets | 15,926 | 2,187 | 18,113 | 38,419 |
| Noncurrent assets: | | | | |
| Net OPEB Asset | 93 | 57 | 150 | 112 |
| Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation: | | | | |
| Nondepreciable (notes 1 & 9) | 19,329 | - | 19,329 | - |
| Depreciable (notes 1 & 9) | 60,950 | 10,071 | 71,021 | - |
| Total noncurrent assets | 80,372 | 10,128 | 90,500 | 112 |
| Total assets | 96,298 | 12,315 | 108,613 | 38,531 |
| Deferred outflows of resources: | | | | |
| Deferred charge on refunding | 584 | - | 584 | - |
| Pension | 104 | 64 | 168 | 277 |
| OPEB | 46 | 29 | 75 | 132 |
| Total deferred outflows of resources | 734 | 93 | 827 | 409 |
| Liabilities: | | | | |
| Current liabilities: | | | | |
| Accrued wages | 38 | 23 | 61 | 44 |
| Compensated absences payable (notes 1 & 10) | 20 | 5 | 25 | 4 |
| Accounts payable | 1,235 | 493 | 1,728 | 14,412 |
| Accrued interest | 8 | 8 | 16 | - |
| Due to other funds (note 5) | 5 | 11 | 16 | 28 |
| General obligation bonds (note 10) | 340 | 400 | 740 | - |
| Loans payable (note 10) | 1,793 | - | 1,793 | - |
| Total current liabilities | 3,439 | 940 | 4,379 | 14,488 |

(Continued on next page)

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds December 31, 2021

(Amounts in 000's)

| | Business-type Activities | | | | Governmental | | | | |
|--|--------------------------|--------|------------|----------|--------------|--------|---------------|--------|--|
| | Enterprise Funds | | | | | | Activities | | |
| | Wat | er and | nd Parking | | | Int | ernal Service | | |
| | Se | ewer | Fa | cilities | | Total | | Funds | |
| Noncurrent liabilities: | | | | | | | | | |
| Compensated absences payable (notes 1 & 10) | | 51 | | 51 | | 102 | | 88 | |
| General obligation bonds, net of unamortized | | | | | | | | | |
| premiums (note 10) | | 6,302 | | 1,778 | | 8,080 | | - | |
| Loans payable (note 10) | | 25,143 | | - | | 25,143 | | - | |
| Net pension liability | | 787 | | 488 | | 1,275 | | 954 | |
| Total noncurrent liabilities | , | 32,283 | | 2,317 | | 34,600 | | 1,042 | |
| Total liabilities | | 35,722 | | 3,257 | | 38,979 | | 15,530 | |
| Deferred inflows of resources: | | | | | | | | | |
| Pension | | 430 | | 237 | | 667 | | 427 | |
| OPEB | | 349 | | 197 | | 546 | | 349 | |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | | 779 | | 434 | | 1,213 | | 776 | |
| Net position: | | | | | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | | 47,285 | | 7,893 | | 55,178 | | - | |
| Unrestricted | | 13,246 | | 824 | | 14,070 | | 22,634 | |
| Total net position | \$ | 60,531 | \$ | 8,717 | \$ | 69,248 | \$ | 22,634 | |

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

(Amounts in 000's)

| | E | Business-type Activities | | Governmental |
|--|-----------------|---------------------------------------|-----------|---------------------------|
| | | Enterprise Funds | | Activities |
| | Water and Sewer | er and Sewer Parking Facilities Total | | Internal Service Funds |
| Operating revenues: | | | | |
| Fees and charges for services | \$ 9,326 | \$ 2,224 | \$ 11,550 | \$ 132,459 |
| Other | 330 | - | 330 | 292 |
| Total operating revenues | 9,656 | 2,224 | 11,880 | 132,751 |
| Operating expenses: | | | | |
| Personal services | 1,188 | 772 | 1,960 | 1,482 |
| Cost of sales and services | 5,752 | 1,074 | 6,826 | 142,084 |
| Depreciation (note 9) | 1,147 | 743 | 1,890 | 25 |
| Total operating expenses | 8,087 | 2,589 | 10,676 | 143,591 |
| Operating income (loss) | 1,569 | (365) | 1,204 | (10,840) |
| Nonoperating revenues (expenses): | | | | |
| Gain on disposal of capital assets | 3 | - | 3 | - |
| Interest expense | (464) | (101) | (565) | - |
| Debt issuance costs | (44) | - | (44) | - |
| Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) | (505) | (101) | (606) | - |
| Income (loss) before contributions and transfers | 1,064 | (466) | 598 | (10,840) |
| Capital grant contributions | 336 | - | 336 | - |
| Transfers in | 2,453 | - | 2,453 | - |
| Transfers out (note 5) | | | | (1,090) |
| Change in net position | 3,853 | (466) | 3,387 | (11,930) |
| Net position - beginning | 56,678 | 9,183 | 65,861 | 34,564 |
| Net position - ending | \$ 60,531 | \$ 8,717 | \$ 69,248 | \$ 22,634 |

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

(Amounts in 000's)

| | Bu | siness-type Activi Enterprise Funds | Governmental Activities | |
|--|--------------------|--|----------------------------|---|
| | Water and Sewer | Parking Facilities | Total | Internal Service Funds |
| Cash flows from operating activities: | * • • • • • | | • • • • • • • • | * · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| Cash collections from customers | \$ 9,547 | \$ 2,240 | \$ 11,787 | \$ 132,758 |
| Cash payments to suppliers | (7,162) | (1,025) | (8,187) | (140,810) |
| Cash payments for salaries | (1,182) | (757) | (1,939) | (1,459) |
| Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities | 1,203 | 458 | 1,661 | (9,511) |
| Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: | | | | |
| Subsidy from intergovernmental grant | 322 | - | 322 | - |
| Transfers from other funds | 2,453 | - | 2,453 | - |
| Transfers to other funds | - | - | - | (713) |
| Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital | | | | |
| and related financing activities | 2,775 | - | 2,775 | (713) |
| Cash flows from capital and | | | | |
| related financing activities: | | | | |
| Proceeds from sale of capital assets | 8 | - | 8 | - |
| Construction and acquisition of capital assets | (2,597) | 5 | (2,592) | - |
| Issuance of debt for capital purposes | 2,768 | - | 2,768 | - |
| Premium on issuance of debt | 18 | - | 18 | - |
| Debt issuance costs | (44) | - | (44) | - |
| Issuance of debt for refunding | 5,990 | - | 5,990 | - |
| Payment made to bond agent | (5,961) | - | (5,961) | - |
| Principal payments on debt | (2,134) | (390) | (2,524) | - |
| Interest payments on debt | (485) | (106) | (591) | |
| Net cash provided by (used for) capital | | | | |
| and related financing activities | (2,437) | (491) | (2,928) | - |
| Increase (decrease) in cash for the year | 1,541 | (33) | 1,508 | (10,224) |
| | 1,041 | (55) | 1,000 | (10,224) |
| Cash and cash equivalents - beginning | 12,246 | 2,217 | 14,463 | 48,036 |
| Cash and cash equivalents - ending | \$ 13,787 | \$ 2,184 | \$ 15,971 | \$ 37,812 |

(Continued on next page)

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

(Amounts in 000's)

| | Business-type Activities Enterprise Funds | | | | Governmental Activities | | | |
|---|--|-------------------|----|--------------------|----------------------------|---------|----|-----------------------|
| | | ater and Sewer | | arking cilities | | Total | | rnal Service Funds |
| Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net | | | | | | | | |
| cash provided by (used for) operating activities: | | | | | | | | |
| Operating income (loss) | \$ | 1,569 | \$ | (365) | \$ | 1,204 | \$ | (10,840) |
| Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to | | | | | | | | |
| net cash provided by (used for) operating activities: | | | | | | | | |
| Depreciation | | 1,147 | | 743 | | 1,890 | | 25 |
| (Increase) decrease in assets: | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts receivable | | (109) | | 17 | | (92) | | (8) |
| Due from other funds | | - | | (1) | | (1) | | 15 |
| Inventories | | (13) | | - | | (13) | | - |
| Net OPEB asset | | (93) | | (57) | | (150) | | (112) |
| (Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources - pension | | 95 | | 59 | | 154 | | (65) |
| (Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources - OPEB | | 92 | | 56 | | 148 | | 16 |
| Increase (decrease) in liabilities: | | | | | | | | |
| Accrued wages | | 2 | | - | | 2 | | 3 |
| Accounts payable | | (641) | | 481 | | (160) | | 2,028 |
| Due to other funds | | 2 | | (7) | | (5) | | (3) |
| Compensated absences | | 4 | | 15 | | 19 | | 20 |
| Net pension liability | | (345) | | (180) | | (525) | | (168) |
| Net OPEB liability | | (798) | | (471) | | (1,269) | | (792) |
| Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources - pension | | 96 | | 54 | | 150 | | 146 |
| Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources - OPEB | | 195 | | 114 | | 309 | | 224 |
| Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities | \$ | 1,203 | \$ | 458 | \$ | 1,661 | \$ | (9,511) |
| Schedule of non-cash capital and related financing activities: Capital grant contributions | \$ | 336 | \$ | | \$ | 336 | \$ | |
| Capital grant contributions | Ф | 550 | ф | - | Ф | 330 | Ф | - |

Statement of Net Position Fiduciary Funds December 31, 2021

(Amounts in 000's)

| | Private Purpose Trust Funds | | Custodial Funds | | |
|---|--------------------------------|----|--------------------|-----------|--|
| Assets: | | | | | |
| Equity with County Treasurer (notes 1 & 4) | \$ | - | \$ | 144,884 | |
| Cash in segregated accounts (notes 1 & 4) | | 21 | | 26,241 | |
| Property taxes receivable, net (note 6) | | - | | 2,255,138 | |
| Total assets | | 21 | | 2,426,263 | |
| Liabilities: | | | | | |
| Due to other governments | | - | | 106,638 | |
| Total liabilities | | - | | 106,638 | |
| Deferred inflows of resources: | | | | | |
| Property taxes | | - | | 2,238,615 | |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | | - | | 2,238,615 | |
| Net position: | | | | | |
| Restricted for individuals, organizations and other governments | | 21 | | 81,010 | |
| Total net position | \$ | 21 | \$ | 81,010 | |

Statement of Changes in Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

(Amounts in 000's)

| | rpose Trust nds | Custodial Funds | | |
|---|--------------------|-----------------|-----------|--|
| Additions: | | | | |
| Property and other taxes | \$ - | \$ | 2,785,519 | |
| Licenses and permits | - | | 2,698 | |
| Fees and charges for services | - | | 245,917 | |
| Fines and forfeitures | - | | 35,488 | |
| Intergovernmental | - | | 22,389 | |
| Other | - | | 749 | |
| Total additions | - | | 3,092,760 | |
| Deductions: | | | | |
| Taxes distributed to other governments | - | | 2,752,984 | |
| Payments made to other governments | - | | 8,799 | |
| Payments made on behalf of other governments | 1 | | 320,551 | |
| Total deductions | 1 | | 3,082,334 | |
| Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position | (1) | | 10,426 | |
| Net position - beginning | 22 | | 70,584 | |
| Net position - ending | \$ 21 | \$ | 81,010 | |

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Franklin County (the County and the primary government) follows GASB guidance as applicable to its governmental and business-type activities. The most significant of the County's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

Franklin County was formed in 1803 and is a political subdivision of the State of Ohio. The three Commissioners serve as the County's budgeting, taxing and contracting authority. The Auditor serves as the chief fiscal officer. The Treasurer serves as the custodian of funds. All are elected positions.

The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government and other organizations (component units) that are included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the County and for which the Commissioners are financially accountable.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the County is financially accountable. Financial accountability exists in situations where the Commissioners appoint a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the County is able to significantly influence the programs or services provided by the organization; or (2) the County is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the County is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the County is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations for which the County approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes if there is also the potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the County.

The component units column on the government-wide financial statements includes the financial data of the County's discretely presented component units. They are reported in a separate column to emphasize their legal separation from the County. Condensed financial information for each component unit is provided in Note 19.

Franklin County Stadium, Inc. and Columbus Baseball Team, Inc. (Stadium and Team) These two interrelated nonprofit corporations were organized under Ohio Revised Code (ORC) Chapter 1702 to provide entertainment and recreation in the stadium for the benefit and general welfare of the County. Upon dissolution of the corporations, their assets become the property of the Commissioners. The Franklin County Board of Parks and Recreation directs both the stadium and the team. While appointed by the Commissioners, the board operates autonomously and selects its own management.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The County owns the franchise for the team, entitling the County to field a team in the International League but without the authority to determine which team plays in the stadium. During 2007, the County issued special obligation bonds and notes for the construction of a new stadium (Huntington Park) and has pledged non-tax General Fund revenue for the related annual debt service, placing a financial burden on the County. The County owns the ballpark, and leases it to Stadium and Team through a lease agreement expiring in December 2033. See Note 8 for more information about the lease.

Franklin County Transportation Improvement District (FCTID) On March 12, 2019, the County created a transportation improvement district pursuant to Section 5540.02(A) of the Ohio Revised Code for the purpose of financing, constructing, maintaining, repairing and operating selected transportation projects. This FCTID includes all of the territory within the boundaries of Franklin County, Ohio, including all or portions of all of the political subdivisions within Franklin County.

The FCTID board of trustees are constituted, pursuant to ORC Sections 5540.02(A) and (C)(2) and are governed by a board of trustees consisting of five voting members appointed by and who serve at the pleasure of the Board of the Franklin County Commissioners, as well as, two nonvoting members appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President of the Senate of the Ohio General Assembly.

Complete financial statements for each of the individual component units may be obtained from the unit's administrative office.

Franklin County Transportation Improvement District 111 Liberty Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 Franklin County Stadium 330 Huntington Park Lane Columbus, Ohio 43215-9988

In the case of the entities listed below, the County serves as fiscal agent but is not financially accountable for their operations. Accordingly, the activities of these entities are presented as custodial funds within the basic financial statements.

Franklin County Public Health Franklin County Soil and Water Conservation District Mid-Ohio Regional Planning Commission Franklin County Community Based Correctional Facility

The County's joint ventures and related organizations are listed below. A joint venture is a legal entity or other organization that results from a contractual arrangement, and that is owned, operated or governed by two or more participants as a separate and specific activity subject to joint control, in which the participants retain an ongoing financial interest or responsibility. For the related organizations, the County either appoints or acts as a member on the board, but the County's accountability for the organizations does not extend beyond the board membership, or the County receives financial benefit from the organization. See Notes 20 and 21, respectively, for more detail.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Joint Ventures

Columbus/Franklin County Affordable Housing Trust Corporation Columbus-Franklin County Finance Port Authority Franklin Park Conservatory Joint Recreation District

Related Organizations and Other Agreements

Central Ohio Community Improvement Corporation Columbus and Franklin County Metropolitan Park District Columbus Metropolitan Housing Authority Columbus Metropolitan Library Franklin County Convention Facilities Authority Franklin County Family and Children First Council Franklin County Healthier Buckeye Council Friends of the Shelter Housing of City Prisoners Rise Together Innovation Center Workforce Development Board of Central Ohio

B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

Measurement Focus Measurement focus refers to *what* is expressed in reporting an entity's financial performance and position. A particular measurement focus is accomplished by considering *which* resources are measured. Changes in the economic resources are reflected as changes in net position (total assets and deferred outflows less total liabilities and deferred inflows). This focus is used in the government-wide, the proprietary fund and the fiduciary fund financial statements. Changes in the current financial resources focuses on the transactions or events that have increased or decreased the resources available for spending in the near future. This focus is used in the governmental fund financial statements.

Basis of Accounting Basis of accounting determines when transactions are reported on the financial statements. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the timing of recognition of revenue and the recording of unavailable revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures. The government-wide, the proprietary fund and the fiduciary fund financial statements report transactions on the accrual basis. The governmental fund financial statements utilize the modified accrual method. On the modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. "Available" means that the resources will be collected soon enough to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. The County considers revenues to be available if collected within sixty days of year-end. Under the non-GAAP budgetary basis, transactions are recorded when cash is received or disbursed.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Revenues: Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the County receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include sales taxes, property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On the accrual basis, revenue from sales taxes is recognized in the period in which the taxable sale takes place.

On the modified accrual basis, revenue from transactions must also be available before it can be recognized. Under this basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year-end: sales taxes, interest, federal and state grants and subsidies, state-levied locally shared taxes (including motor vehicle license fees and gasoline taxes), fees and rentals.

Unearned Revenue Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as unearned revenue.

Unavailable Revenue Resource inflows that do not qualify for recognition as revenue in a governmental fund because they are not yet considered to be available. Sales taxes collected by the State as of December 31, 2021 and due to the County have been recorded as unavailable revenue. Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of December 31, 2021, but were levied to finance year 2022 operations, have been recorded as unavailable revenue. Also, grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as unavailable revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. On the modified accrual basis, expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable, provided current financial resources are to be used. As a result, compensated absences and most claims and judgments are not recorded as expenditures or liabilities until current financial resources are required. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

Financial Statement Presentation The County's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements displaying information about the County as a whole, and fund financial statements that provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Government-wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The statement of net position and the statement of activities include the non-fiduciary financial activities of the primary government and its component units. The statements distinguish between those primary government activities that are governmental (financed primarily by taxes and grants) and those that are business-type (relying significantly on user fees and charges). Component units are aggregated and shown in a single column, regardless of the type of underlying activity.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the County and its component units at year-end. All assets, liabilities and deferrals associated with the operation of the County are included. Interfund receivables and payables within governmental activities and within business-type activities have been eliminated to minimize the duplicating effect on assets and liabilities within the governmental and business-type activities total columns. The balances of the internal service funds have been eliminated against the expenses and program revenues shown in governmental activities on the statement of activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses are offset by program revenues for each function of the County's governmental activities, for each segment of the business-type activities of the County and for activities of the County's component units. This comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each segment or function is self-financing or draws from the County's general revenues. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the County. The activities of the internal service funds and interfund activity within the same function have been eliminated to avoid duplicating revenues and expenses. However, interfund services provided and used between functions are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. The County does not allocate indirect expenses to functions or segments in the statement of activities.

Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (see Note 6). Revenues from grants, entitlements and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements that specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted; matching requirements in which the County must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements in which the resources are provided to the County on a reimbursement basis.

Fund Financial Statements The County uses funds to segregate transactions related to certain functions or activities in order to aid financial management and demonstrate legal compliance. Separate financial statements present financial information at a more detailed level for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. The governmental and enterprise fund financial statements focus on major funds, with each major fund presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The County also maintains two internal service funds. Custodial funds, a type of fiduciary fund, are used to account for assets held by the government as agent for individuals, private organizations and other governments.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Governmental Funds Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions are financed. All governmental funds are reported using the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets, current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for use. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Reconciliation with brief explanations is included so as to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The following are the County's major governmental funds:

General Fund The General Fund is the primary operating fund and is available for any purpose, provided it is expended or transferred in accordance with state law. It accounts for all financial resources of the primary government not recorded elsewhere.

Board of Developmental Disabilities (FCBDD) Fund The FCBDD fund accounts for property taxes and federal and state grants restricted to expenditures for those services that benefit its clients. Expenditures include those for social service contracts, medical providers and the maintenance and operation of buildings and buses.

Children Services Board Fund The Children Services Board fund accounts for property taxes and federal and state funds restricted for programs designed to help abused, neglected, dependent and troubled children and their families.

Alcohol, Drug and Mental Health Board (ADAMH Board) Fund The ADAMH Board fund accounts for the provision of alcohol, drug addiction and mental health services to the public, generally through contracts with local mental health agencies. The largest revenue sources are property taxes, and federal and state funding.

Coronavirus Local Fiscal Recovery Fund The Coronavirus Local Fiscal Recovery fund accounts for the Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds (SLFRF) program, a part of the American Rescue Plan, to deliver moneys to state, local, and Tribal governments across the county to support their response to and recovery from the COVID-19 public health emergency.

The County's nonmajor governmental funds account for (1) grants and other resources where use is restricted to a particular purpose; (2) the accumulation of resources for, and payment of, the principal, interest and related costs for the County's long-term debt; and (3) financial resources used for the acquisition, construction or renovation of facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Proprietary Funds Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position and cash flows. Proprietary funds are classified as either enterprise or internal service. Like the government-wide statements, all proprietary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. All assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net position. The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the County finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The County intends that the cost of providing services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. The County's enterprise funds are listed below:

Water and Sewer Fund The Water and Sewer fund accounts for the provision of water and sewer services to some parts of the County not serviced by others.

Parking Facilities Fund The Parking Facilities fund accounts for the fees and operations of parking facilities near County offices that serve County employees and the general public.

Internal service funds account for the financing of services provided by one agency to other agencies of the government on a cost-reimbursement basis. The County has an internal service fund to account for employee benefits and one for telecommunication charges to other funds.

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and custodial funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the County under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the County's own programs. Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, or private-purpose trust funds. The County uses custodial funds to account for assets held in a purely custodial capacity as fiscal agent for other entities and for various taxes, state-shared revenues, and fines and forfeitures collected on behalf of and distributed to other local governments. Custodial fund transactions typically involve only the receipt, temporary investment and distribution of these resources.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

Cash resources of the majority of individual funds are combined to form a pool of cash and investments managed by the County Treasurer. Interest earned on investments is accrued as earned. Under existing Ohio law, all investment earnings are assigned to the General Fund unless contractually required to be credited to a specific fund. Distribution is made utilizing a formula based on the average monthly balance of cash and cash equivalents of all funds. Interest revenue credited to the General Fund (non-GAAP budgetary basis) during the year amounted to \$14,254,000 which includes \$11,073,000 assigned from other County Funds.

For reporting purposes, "Equity with County Treasurer" is defined as cash on hand, demand deposits and investments held in the County treasury. "Cash, cash equivalents and investments in segregated accounts" is defined as cash, deposits and investments not held in the treasury. "Restricted cash" is defined as cash, deposits and investments held either in the treasury or in an outside account, and which is separate from the County's assets (e.g., customer deposits or unclaimed moneys).

For cash flow reporting purposes, the County's proprietary funds consider cash and cash equivalents to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. "Equity with County Treasurer" is considered to be cash and cash equivalents since these assets are available on demand.

The County's investment in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio) is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company and is recognized as an external investment pool by the County. The County measures their investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides a NAV per share that approximates fair value. For 2021, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given twenty-four hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$25 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$50 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$50 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes. Note 4 provides details regarding cash, cash equivalents and investments held by the County.

Investments held by the component units are considered available for sale and are stated at fair value. The component units use the specific identification cost method when calculating realized gains and losses on sales of investments.

D. Loans Receivable

"Loans receivable" consists of long-term revolving loans for housing and community development projects. The programs are primarily funded by a federal block grant, with a local match from the County. "Loans receivable" is offset by a credit to "Unearned revenue." The expenditure is recorded when the loan is made. The loans for which there is some doubt of collection are not included in the receivable.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Inventories

Inventories consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. Inventories are valued at cost using the first in/first out (FIFO) method and recorded as expenditures/expenses when used rather than when purchased.

F. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond the year end are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The consumption method is used, recording a current asset for the prepaid amount and reflecting the expenditure/expense in the year in which services are consumed.

G. Right to Use Leased Assets

A right to use leased asset is a lessee's right to use an asset over the life of a lease. The asset is calculated as the initial amount of the lease liability, plus any lease payments made to the lessor before the lease commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred, minus any lease incentives received. The amortization period of the right of use asset is from the lease commencement date to the earlier of the end of the lease term or the end of the useful life of the asset. At the termination of a lease, the right to use asset and associated lease liability are removed from the books of the lessee. The difference between the two amounts is accounted for as a gain or loss at that time.

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds and generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective fund financial statements.

Capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are recorded at their acquisition value. For assets other than infrastructure, the County maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000 (amount not rounded), an estimated life of five or more years and a salvage value equal to 10 percent of the original cost for certain assets. The County's infrastructure consists of roads, bridges, water lines and sewer lines, with a capitalization threshold of \$100,000. The costs of improvements and major renovations that extend the asset's useful life are capitalized. Normal maintenance and repair costs that do not add to the value of the asset nor materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Capital assets are depreciated except for land and construction in progress. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Useful lives for infrastructure have been estimated based on the County's historical records of necessary improvements and replacement. Capital assets are shown net of accumulated depreciation. Depreciation and amortization of capitalized interest are computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

| Buildings | 30-50 years |
|-------------------------|-------------|
| Building improvements | 10-25 years |
| Roads and bridges | 37-50 years |
| Sewer and water lines | 20-70 years |
| Machinery and equipment | 5-20 years |

I. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the County, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the government-wide statement of net position for deferred charges on refunding, pension and for other postemployment benefits (OPEB). A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunding debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The deferred outflows of resources resources related to pension and OPEB are explained in Notes 14 and 15.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the County, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, pension, OPEB and unavailable revenue. On the government-wide statement of net position and governmental funds balance sheet, property taxes that are intended to finance future fiscal periods are reported as deferred inflows. In addition, the governmental funds balance sheet reports deferred inflows which arise only under a modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, the item, *unavailable revenue*, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB are reported on the government-wide statement of net position explained in Notes 14 and 15.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

J. Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension and net OPEB liability/asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB, and pension and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension and OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension and OPEB systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension and OPEB systems report investments at fair value. Each year's net pension and net OPEB liability/asset liquidation are proportionately funded by the governmental and enterprise funds containing payroll expenditures (see Notes 14 and 15).

K. Interfund Balances

Activity between funds that represents lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding, and unpaid interfund services at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "Due to/from other funds" or "Advances to/from other funds." Interfund receivables and payables within governmental activities and within business-type activities have been eliminated in the government-wide statement of net position; any residual outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported as "Internal balances."

L. Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported on the government-wide statement of net position, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method.

Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Debt issuance costs, except any portion related to prepaid insurance costs, are recognized as an expense in the period incurred.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, compensated absences, net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds, loans and capital leases are recognized as liabilities on the fund financial statements when due.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

M. Self-insurance

The Commissioners have formed the Franklin County Cooperative Health Benefits Program (the Program) to provide multiple employee health care benefit plans. Approximately 5,000 County employees and 560 employees of other political subdivisions are covered by the Program. Premiums are established based on an independent actuarial evaluation and are designed to be sufficient to cover all incurred claims and build a reserve for this joint self-insurance arrangement. If the reserve is insufficient at any point in time to cover catastrophic losses, the losses will be covered by the County's General Fund with adjustments made to future premium rates. The County is the predominant participant, and activities related to the Program are reported in the Employee Benefits internal service fund. The County has recorded a liability at year-end in the Employee Benefits fund for pending claims and incurred but unreported claims.

Beginning in 2012 the County began to self-insure its workers' compensation costs. Charges are established based on an independent actuarial evaluation and are designed to be sufficient to cover all incurred claims and maintain a reserve for this self-insurance arrangement. If the reserve is insufficient at any point in time to cover claims, the claims will be covered by the County's General Fund with adjustments made to future charge rates. The County is the only participant and activities related to the program are reported in the Employee Benefits internal service fund.

The County maintains comprehensive insurance coverage with private carriers for real property, building contents and vehicles in a maximum amount of \$500 million (blanket limit) with a \$100,000 deductible clause. In addition, the County self-insures its general liability coverage, except for medical malpractice insurance for the Sheriff's Inmate Medical Care Program, which covers the doctors, nurses, and the County's various liability with respect thereto. The commercial coverage for this medical malpractice insurance has a \$1 million per occurrence limit with a \$3 million per year aggregate limit and a \$6 million maximum policy limit.

N. Compensated Absences

The County permits employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick leave benefits. Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements when the benefits are earned if (1) the vacation leave is related to services already rendered and (2) it is probable that the employee will be compensated through time off or some other means in a future period. Sick leave benefits are accrued in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements using the vesting method. The sick leave liability is based on accumulated sick leave and employee wage rates at December 31 for those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the County has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. A liability for compensated absences is recorded in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example as a result of employee resignation or retirement.

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave liabilities are based on Commissioners' policies for compensated absences. The policies set by negotiated agreements and by other appointing authorities may vary slightly. Vacation and sick leave are accumulated based on hours worked. Vacation pay is fully vested after one year of full-time service. By Ohio law, accumulated vacation cannot exceed three times the annual accumulation rate for an employee. There is no limit for the accumulation of sick leave.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Employees with eight to eighteen years of service at time of separation or retirement receive payment for one-fourth of their accumulated sick leave. Employees with eighteen or more years of service receive payment for one-half of their accumulated sick leave. All payments are made at the employee's current wage rate.

O. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable – The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of loans receivable, as well as property acquired for resale, unless the use of the proceeds from the collection of those receivables or from the sale of those properties is restricted, committed, or assigned.

Restricted – Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Enabling legislation authorizes the County to assess, levy, charge, or otherwise mandate payment of resources (from external resource providers) and includes a legally enforceable requirement that those resources be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation. Legal enforceability means that the County can be compelled by an external party-such as citizens, public interest groups, or the judiciary to use resources created by enabling legislation only for the purposes specified by the legislation.

Committed – The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by formal action (resolution) of the Board of County Commissioners. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of County Commissioners removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. In contrast to fund balance that is restricted by enabling legislation, committed fund balance classification may be redeployed for other purposes with appropriate due process. Constraints imposed on the use of committed amounts are imposed by the Board of County Commissioners, separate from the authorization to raise the underlying revenue; therefore, compliance with these constraints are not considered to be legally enforceable. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Assigned – Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the County for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. The Board of County Commissioners may assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the Board of County Commissioners. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily and additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment.

Unassigned – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The County applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

P. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows. Net investment in capital assets consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use through external restrictions imposed by creditors or grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Restricted resources are applied when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

Q. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the County, these revenues are charges for water and sewer services and for use of the parking facilities. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the services that are the primary activities of the fund. Revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

R. Capital Contributions

Capital contributions are made from the federal, state, and other participating local governments to the governmental funds for construction projects. For business-type activities, capital contributions arise from contributions of capital assets, tap-in fees to the extent they exceed the cost of the connection to the system, or from grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction.

S. Interfund Activity

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the government-wide statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues. Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after non-operating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds.

T. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

U. Fair Value

The County categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Note 2 – Changes in Accounting Principles and Restatement of Net Position

During the year, the County adopted the GASB Statements listed below.

Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources and outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The implementation of this pronouncement had the following effect on net position as reported December 31, 2020:

| | ernmental ctivities |
|---|-------------------------|
| Net position December 31, 2020 | \$ 988,897 |
| Adjustments: | |
| Lease liability | (5,209) |
| Right to use leased assets, net of accumulated amortization | 5,838 |
| Restated net position December 31, 2020 | \$ 989,526 |

Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*. The objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during the implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This Statement addresses a variety of topics and includes specific provisions about the following:

- The effective date of Statement No.87, *Leases*, and Implementation Guide No. 2019-3, *Leases*, for interim financial reports
- Reporting of intra-entity transfers of assets between a primary government employer and a component unit defined benefit pension plan or defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan
- The applicability of Statements No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68, as amended, and No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, as amended, to reporting assets accumulated for postemployment benefits
- The applicability of certain requirements of Statement No. 87, *Fiduciary Activities*, to postemployment benefit arrangements

Note 2 – Changes in Accounting Principles and Restatement of Net Position (Continued)

- Measurement of liabilities (and assets, if any) related to asset retirement obligations (AROs) in a government acquisition
- Reporting by public entity risk pools for amounts that are recoverable from reinsurers or excess insurers
- Reference to nonrecurring fair value measurements of assets or liabilities in authoritative literature
- Terminology used to refer to derivative instruments.

Statement No. 98, *The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report*. This Statement establishes the term *annual comprehensive financial report* and its acronym *ACFR*. That new term and acronym replace instances of *comprehensive annual financial report* and its acronym in generally accepted accounting principles for state and local governments. This Statement was developed in response to concerns raised by stakeholders that the common pronunciation of the acronym for comprehensive annual financial report sounds like a profoundly objectionable racial slur. This Statement's introduction of the new term is founded on a commitment to promoting inclusiveness.

The adoption of Statements No. 92 and No. 98 had no impact on these financial statements.

Other pronouncements (listed below) have been issued by the GASB. The County intends to adopt these pronouncements at the required time. The County has not determined the effect that adoption of these statements will have on its financial statements.

- GASB Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations* effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2021.
- GASB Statement No. 93 *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates* effective primarily for reporting periods beginning after December 31, 2021.
- GASB Statement No. 94 *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements* effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022.
- GASB Statement No. 96 *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements* effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022.
- GASB Statement No. 97 Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 14 and No. 84, and a Supersession of GASB Statement No. 32 effective primarily for fiscal periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

Note 3 – Budgetary Information and Compliance

In accordance with Ohio law, annual budgets are adopted for the General Fund, special revenue funds, debt service funds, capital projects funds, and proprietary funds. The Franklin County Budget Commission, composed of the Auditor, Treasurer and Prosecutor, approves tax budgets and certificates of estimated resources for the County itself and for schools, municipalities, townships and other agencies that are funded by tax dollars. The certificate of estimated resources issued by the Budget Commission states the projected revenue of each fund and establishes a limit on the amount the County may appropriate. The County's total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the fiscal year cannot exceed the amount available as stated in the certificate of estimated resources. On or about January 1, the certificate of estimated resources is amended to include any unencumbered fund balances from the preceding year. During the year, as actual revenues vary from the estimates, the certificate may be amended further if an estimate needs either to be increased or decreased. Such amendments were made during 2021. The amounts reported as the original budget reflect the amounts in the amended certificate of estimated resources in place on the date the operating budget is adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the final amended certificate issued during 2021.

The appropriations resolution is the Commissioners' authorization to spend resources. The resolution sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at the major object level within a fund, thereby establishing the legal level of control. The Commissioners passed the 2021 appropriation resolution on December 15, 2020. Revisions to the original budget require a resolution signed by at least two Commissioners. Supplemental appropriations were made during 2021. Under Ohio law, budgetary appropriations may not exceed estimated resources, with a balanced budget maintained in each fund. At the end of the year, all encumbrances are canceled and all appropriations lapse, reverting to the respective funds from which they were appropriated.

One nonmajor governmental fund had a negative fund balance on the GAAP basis (Economic Development and Planning \$84,000). The deficit was due to the timing of intergovernmental revenue and temporary financing through transfers from the General Fund.

The County reports financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance based on GAAP. State law also requires the County to account for transactions on a non-GAAP budgetary basis of cash receipts, cash disbursements and encumbrances. The major differences between the non-GAAP budgetary basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).
- 2. Expenditures/expenses are recorded when paid in cash (budget) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP).
- 3. Borrowing arrangements between funds are treated as revenues and expenditures (budget) as opposed to increases and decreases in assets and liabilities (GAAP).

Note 3 – Budgetary Information and Compliance (Continued)

The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances – budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) is presented in the basic financial statements for the General Fund and major special revenue funds. Adjustments necessary to reconcile the results of operations at the end of the year between the GAAP basis and the non-GAAP budgetary basis are as follows:

| | | ige in Fund l Major Sp (Amounts | ecial | Revenue F | | 8 | | | |
|---|----|---------------------------------------|-------|-----------|----|-------------------------------|-------------------|----|------------------------------------|
| | (| General | F | CBDD | S | Children Services Board | DAMH Board | Lo | ronavirus cal Fiscal ecovery |
| GAAP basis | \$ | 58,561 | \$ | 31,005 | \$ | 26,916 | \$ 3,779 | \$ | - |
| Net adjustment for revenue accruals | | 15,966 | | (1,556) | | (1,043) | 1,203 | | 110,310 |
| Net adjustment for expenditure accruals | | 91 | | (920) | | (1,274) | (591) | | - |
| Differences in reporting for interfund balances | | (9,429) | | - | | - | 10,000 | | - |
| Funds budgeted as Special Revenue Funds | | (1,432) | | - | | - | - | | - |
| Non-GAAP budgetary basis | \$ | 63,757 | \$ | 28,529 | \$ | 24,599 | \$ 14,391 | \$ | 110,310 |

Note 4 – Cash, Deposits and Investments

Moneys held by the County are classified by state statute into two categories. Active moneys are public moneys determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the County treasury. Active moneys must be maintained either as cash in the County treasury, in commercial accounts payable or able to be withdrawn on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts. Moneys held by the County that are not considered active are classified as inactive. Inactive moneys may be deposited or invested in authorized securities in accordance with the Franklin County Treasurer Investment and Depository Policy, as adopted by majority vote of the Investment Advisory Committee.

Primary Government

Deposits: Deposits include amounts held in demand accounts and savings accounts. At year-end, the carrying amount of the County's deposits was \$49,270,000. The bank balances totaled \$69,652,000.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned. Public depositories must give security for all public funds on deposit. These limitations may either specifically collateralize individual accounts in addition to amounts insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), or may pledge a single pool of collateral for the benefit of every depositor via the Ohio Pooled Collateral Program administered by the Treasurer of State. Specific collateral must equal or exceed 105 percent of the carrying value of assets, whereas pooled collateral must equal or exceed 102 percent or lesser amount as determined by the Treasurer of State. Although all statutory and policy requirements for the deposit of money have been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the County to a successful claim by the FDIC.

Note 4 – Cash, Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Investments: The following securities are authorized investments under both the County's policy and the ORC:

- 1. United States Treasury notes, bills, bonds, or other obligation or security issued by the Treasury, any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States, or any book entry, zero-coupon security that is a direct obligation of the United States.
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued directly by any federal government agency or instrumentality.
- 3. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio or its political subdivisions, provided that such political subdivisions are located wholly or partly within the County.
- 4. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio).
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that the investments are made only through eligible institutions.
- 6. Up to fifteen percent of the County's total average portfolio in notes issued by corporations that are incorporated under the laws of the United States and that are operating within the United States, or by depository institutions that are doing business under authority granted by the United States or any state and that are operating within the United States, provided both of the following apply:
 - a. The notes are rated in the three highest categories by at least two nationally recognized standard rating services at the time of purchase.
 - b. The notes mature not later than three years after purchase.
- 7. Up to forty percent of the County's total average portfolio in either of the following:
 - a. High grade commercial paper when the aggregate value of the notes does not exceed ten percent of the aggregate value of the outstanding commercial paper of the issuing corporation, and the notes mature no later than 270 days after purchase.
 - b. Bankers acceptances of banks insured by the FDIC when the obligations are eligible for purchase by the Federal Reserve System and mature no later than 180 days after purchase.
- 8. High-grade debt interests issued by foreign nations diplomatically recognized by the U.S. government. All interest and principal shall be denominated and payable in U.S. funds. In the aggregate, this investment shall not exceed two percent of a two-year rolling average of the County's portfolio and shall mature no later than five years after purchase.
- 9. Written repurchase agreements in the securities described in (1) or (2) provided that the market value of the agreement be at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days.

Note 4 – Cash, Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Investments in derivative securities, reverse repurchase agreements and collateralized mortgage obligations are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and purchases on margin or short sale are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific County obligation or debt.

The County categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markers for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

As of December 31, 2021, the primary government had the following investments (based on quoted market prices) and maturities:

| | | Less | | | | % of |
|-------------------|----------------------------|------------|------------|------------|-----------|-----------|
| Investment Type | Investment Type Fair Value | | 1 - 2 | 2-5 | 5 – 9 | Portfolio |
| U.S. Treasuries | \$ 163,700 | \$- | \$ 46,565 | \$ 117,135 | \$- | 10.29% |
| FAMC notes | 45,552 | - | 40,628 | 4,924 | - | 2.86% |
| FFCB notes | 364,164 | 32,307 | 82,818 | 249,039 | - | 22.88% |
| FHLB notes | 189,814 | 10,043 | 8,020 | 171,751 | - | 11.93% |
| FHLMC notes | 205,214 | 3,027 | 77,032 | 125,155 | - | 12.89% |
| FNMA notes | 166,658 | 8,051 | 29,973 | 128,634 | - | 10.47% |
| Foreign bonds | 25,002 | 6,505 | 6,502 | 11,995 | - | 1.57% |
| Municipal bonds | 102,372 | 27,228 | 29,360 | 14,686 | 31,098 | 6.43% |
| Commercial paper | 250,951 | 209,260 | 14,080 | 27,611 | - | 15.77% |
| Corporate notes | 33,738 | - | 8,455 | 25,283 | - | 2.12% |
| Money markets | 3,001 | 3,001 | - | - | - | 0.19% |
| STAR Ohio | 41,418 | 41,418 | - | - | - | 2.60% |
| Total investments | \$ 1,591,584 | \$ 340,840 | \$ 343,433 | \$ 876,213 | \$ 31,098 | 100.00% |

Interest rate risk: Interest rate risk arises because potential purchasers of debt securities will not agree to pay face value for those securities if interest rates subsequently increase. The ORC and the Investment and Depository Policy of the County limit the purchase of securities to those with a maturity of no more than five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the County.

Credit risk: Credit risk is the risk of loss due to the failure of the security issuer to pay principal or interest, or the failure of the issuer to make timely payments of principal or interest. The ORC limits investments in commercial paper, corporate bonds, municipal bonds and mutual bond funds to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations at the time of purchase. All U.S. Treasuries and federal agency notes had a rating of AA+ from Standard & Poor's, and Aaa from Moody's. All municipal bonds had a rating of AAA from Standard & Poor's, and Aa2 from Moody's. Investments in commercial paper were rated A1 by Standard & Poor's and P1 by Moody's. The ORC limits investments in foreign bonds to the top three ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations at the time of purchase. The State of Israel Bonds were rated A+ by Standard & Poor's, and A1 by Moody's. Standard & Poor's has assigned STAR Ohio an AAAm money market rating. The County had investments in two other money market accounts at year-end, each rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's and Aaa by Moody's.

Note 4 – Cash, Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Concentration of credit risk: The County's investment policy provides for diversification to avoid undue concentration in securities of one type or securities of one issuer. This restriction does not apply to obligations guaranteed by the U.S. government. Of the County's total investments, 11.93 percent are FHLB notes, 12.89 percent are FHLMC notes, 10.47 percent are FNMA notes, 22.88 percent are FFCB notes, 2.86 percent are FAMC notes, 10.29 percent are U.S. Treasuries and 15.77 percent are commercial paper. All other investment types are less than thirteen percent of the County's total investments.

Custodial credit risk: For an investment, the custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the County will not be able to recover the value of the investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. In order to mitigate custodial risk, the County purchases its investments only through an approved broker/dealer or institution. Further, payment for investments is made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Component Units

Deposits: All monies are deposited into banks or investment companies designated by each component unit's governing board. Funds not needed for immediate expenditure may be deposited in interest bearing or non-interest-bearing accounts, or U.S. government obligations. Security shall be furnished for all deposits, whether interest bearing or non-interest bearing, except that no such security is required for U.S. government obligations.

Custodial risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the deposits of the component unit might not be recovered. At December 31, 2021, discretely presented component units held demand deposits with a carrying value of \$3,471,000. The bank balances totaled \$3,315,000.

Investments: As of December 31, 2021, the component units had the following investments (based on quoted market prices) and maturities (where applicable):

| Investment Type | Fair | r Value | - | Less 1an 1 | % of Portfolio |
|--|------|---------|----|---------------|-------------------|
| Managed equity account Cash surrender value | \$ | 6,214 | \$ | 6,214 | 84.87% |
| of life insurance | | 1,108 | | 1,108 | 15.13% |
| Total investments | \$ | 7,322 | \$ | 7,322 | 100.00% |

Interest rate risk: The component units do not have policies limiting investment maturities as a means of managing exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit risk: Component units do not place a limit on the ratings of their securities other than the ORC requirements.

Note 4 – Cash, Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Concentration of credit risk: The component units do not place a limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer.

Custodial credit risk: For an investment, the custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the component unit will not be able to recover the value of the investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. In order to mitigate custodial risk, the component units purchase their investments only through an approved broker/dealer or institution.

Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position

The deposits and investments reconcile to the statements of net position as follows:

| | , | Dunts in 000's) | Ca | manant | | | |
|--|----|-----------------|----|-----------|----|-----------|--|
| | | Primary | | Component | | TT (1 | |
| | G | overnment | | Units | | Total | |
| Deposits and investments: | | | | | | | |
| Carrying amount of deposits | \$ | 49,270 | \$ | 3,471 | \$ | 52,741 | |
| Fair value of investments | | 1,591,584 | | 7,322 | | 1,598,906 | |
| Total deposits and investments | \$ | 1,640,854 | \$ | 10,793 | \$ | 1,651,647 | |
| Per statement of net position: | | | | | | | |
| Equity with County Treasurer | \$ | 1,463,415 | \$ | - | \$ | 1,463,415 | |
| Cash and investments | | | | | | | |
| in segregated accounts | | 3,460 | | 10,793 | | 14,253 | |
| Restricted cash | | 2,833 | | - | | 2,833 | |
| | | 1,469,708 | | 10,793 | | 1,480,501 | |
| Per statement of fiduciary net position: | | | | | | | |
| Equity with County Treasurer | | 144,884 | | - | | 144,884 | |
| Cash and investments | | , | | | | | |
| in segregated accounts | | 26,262 | | - | | 26,262 | |
| 6 - 6 | | 171,146 | | _ | | 171,146 | |
| Total per statements of net position | \$ | 1,640,854 | \$ | 10.793 | \$ | 1,651,647 | |

Note 5 – Interfund Balances and Transfers

Interfund balances consisted of the following:

A. Due to/from Other Funds

These balances resulted primarily from the time lag between the dates that interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur and payments between funds are made.

| Receivable Fund | Payable Fund | An | nount |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|----|-------|
| General | Board of Developmental Disabilities | \$ | 9 |
| | Children Services Board | | 143 |
| | Nonmajor governmental funds | | 674 |
| | Enterprise funds | | 16 |
| | Internal service fund | | 28 |
| | | | 870 |
| Children Services Board | Nonmajor governmental funds | | 11 |
| Nonmajor governmental funds | General Fund | | 12 |
| | Nonmajor governmental funds | | 219 |
| | | | 231 |
| Enterprise | General Fund | | 3 |
| | | \$ | 1,115 |

B. Advances to/from Other Funds

The following loans between funds, in anticipation of grant revenue, are long-term in nature and are classified as advances. The amounts payable to the General Fund relate to working capital loans made to several nonmajor governmental funds. The advances at December 31, 2021 are as follows:

| | (Amounts in 000's) | | |
|-----------------|-----------------------------|----|--------|
| Receivable Fund | Payable Fund | Α | mount |
| General | Nonmajor governmental funds | \$ | 11,438 |

Note 5 - Interfund Balances and Transfers (Continued

C. Interfund Transfers

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that collects them in accordance with statute or budget to the fund that is required to expend them in accordance with statute or budget; to segregate money for anticipated capital projects; to provide resources for current operations; or to service debt.

| | | | (Am | ounts i | n 000's] Tr |) ansfer in | | | | |
|-----------------------------|---------------|-------|-----------------------|---------|----------------|----------------|----|-------|----|--------|
| | | | | | | nmajor | | | | |
| | | | ADAMH Governernmental | | | | | | | |
| Transfer Out | General Board | | F | Funds | | Enterprise | | Total | | |
| General | \$ | - | \$ | 250 | \$ | 64,393 | \$ | 2,453 | \$ | 67,090 |
| Nonmajor governmental funds | | 5,071 | | - | | 272 | | - | | 5,343 |
| Internal service fund | | 377 | | - | | 713 | | - | | 1,090 |
| | \$ | 5,448 | \$ | 250 | \$ | 65,378 | \$ | 2,453 | \$ | 73,529 |

D. Due from/to Component Unit

The following balances occurred between the primary government and component unit due to services provided, reimbursable expenditures and short-term loans:

| | (Amounts in 000's) | | |
|----------------------|--------------------|----|----------|
| | Payable | | <u> </u> |
| Receivable Fund | Component Unit | Am | ount |
| Stadium Debt Service | Stadium and Team | \$ | 250 |

Note 6 – Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied against all real and public utility property in Franklin County.

Real property taxes for 2021 are levied after October 1, 2021. The lien date is as of January 1, 2021. The tax is based on the assessed value of the property and is established by state law at thirty-five percent of the appraised value. Real property taxes for 2020 are collected in 2021 and are intended to finance 2021 expenditures. The total assessed value upon which the 2021 real estate tax collection was based was \$35,136,690,000. The full tax rate for the 2021 collection applied to real property for all County units was \$18.17 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation.

Public utility real property is subject to tax. The total assessed value upon which the 2020 tax collection was based was \$1,357,640,000.

The County Treasurer bills and collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts within Franklin County. The Auditor periodically remits to the taxing districts their portion of the taxes collected. Collection of the taxes and remittance to the taxing districts are accounted for in various County custodial funds.

"Property taxes receivable" represents delinquent real property and public utility taxes outstanding as of the last settlement, and current real property and public utility taxes that were measurable at year-end for which there is an enforceable legal claim. In the fund financial statements, receivables are offset by deferred inflows of resources since these taxes were not levied to finance 2021 operations. In the full accrual government-wide financial statements, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as revenue while the remainder of the receivable is a deferred inflow of resources.

The County uses actual billings to estimate taxes receivable by using an estimate based on the tax rate multiplied by property value. The collection of substantially all real property and public utility taxes both current and delinquent is reasonably assured because of the County's ability to force foreclosure of the properties on which the taxes are levied.

Note 7 – Notes Receivable

In 2009, the County authorized an interest free economic development loan to the Community Improvement Corporation of Gahanna (Gahanna CIC) for \$2,600,000. At December 31, 2021, the County recorded a note receivable in the amount of \$1,467,000, with a similar commitment of the fund balance in the General Fund.

In 2020, the County executed an additional modification of the lease/purchase agreement with the Franklin County Agricultural Society (the Fair Board) for the purchase of land used for the Franklin County Fair. The initial loan amount was \$299,000 with the Fair Board making an initial payment in the amount of \$150,000. The note calls for the Fair Board to make the remaining payments annually on the anniversary date of the note. As part of the note, the Fair Board and the County agreed that if the Fair Board pays one-half of the annual payment on a timely basis, the remaining one-half of the payment due shall be forgiven by the County and the total payment due shall be deemed satisfied in full.

The following is a summary of the future payments to be received by the County for the notes:

| | Gahai | nna CIC | Cour | nklin ity Fair oard | eneral Fund |
|------------------------------------|-------|---------|------|---------------------------|--------------------|
| 2022 | \$ | 93 | \$ | 25 | \$ 118 |
| 2023 | | 93 | | 25 | 118 |
| 2024 | | 93 | | 25 | 118 |
| 2025 | | 93 | | 25 | 118 |
| 2026 | | 93 | | 24 | 117 |
| 2027-2031 | | 464 | | - | 464 |
| 2032-2036 | | 464 | | - | 464 |
| 2037 | | 74 | | - | 74 |
| Total payments to be received | | 1,467 | | 124 | 1,591 |
| Less: Amount representing interest | | - | | - | - |
| Notes receivable | \$ | 1,467 | \$ | 124 | \$ 1,591 |

Note 8 – Leases - Lessor Disclosure

During 2009, the County completed construction on Huntington Park, which has been leased to the Stadium and Team, a component unit of the County. The lease was initiated in April 2009 and expires December 2033. The terms of the lease agreement require the Stadium and Team to pay for operating expenses and leasehold improvements of the stadium. In addition, the Stadium and Team shall pay, as rent, an amount equal to the debt service of the financing package issued under the County's name for the construction of Huntington Park. Minimum annual rent may vary between years as a result of the anticipated debt service payments, and is subject to change as a portion of the financing consists of bond anticipation notes. The asset is recorded as a capital asset of the County as follows:

| (Amounts in 000 | 's) | |
|--------------------------------|-----|----------|
| Acquisition cost | \$ | 64,114 |
| Less: accumulated depreciation | | (12,567) |
| Carrying amount | \$ | 51,547 |

During the current year, the County recognized \$1,635,000 of deferred inflows as revenue associated with this leasing arrangement. The Stadium and Team may renew the lease for two consecutive ten year terms under similar terms upon thirty days written notice prior to the end of the lease term. Future payments under the non-cancellable operating lease are as follows:

| | Huntington Park (Amounts in 000's) | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------|---------------------------------------|---|----|-------|----|--------|--|--|--|--|
| | Pri | <u>Principal</u> <u>Interest</u> <u>Total</u> | | | | | | | | |
| 2022 | \$ | 1,290 | \$ | 781 | \$ | 2,071 | | | | |
| 2023 | | 1,347 | | 727 | | 2,074 | | | | |
| 2024 | | 1,474 | | 669 | | 2,143 | | | | |
| 2025 | | 1,533 | | 606 | | 2,139 | | | | |
| 2026 | | 1,601 | | 541 | | 2,142 | | | | |
| 2027-2031 | | 9,078 | | 1,627 | | 10,705 | | | | |
| 2032 | | 2,056 | | 87 | | 2,143 | | | | |
| | \$ | 18,379 | \$ | 5,038 | \$ | 23,417 | | | | |

Note 9 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity of the primary government for the year ended December 31, 2021, is shown below:

| | | (Amounts in | 000 s) | | | | | |
|--|----------------------|-------------|--------|----------|------------|----------|-------------------|--|
| | Beginning Balance | | - | | Reductions | | Ending Balance | |
| Capital assets, not being depreciated: | | | | | | | | |
| Land | \$ | 68,699 | \$ | 4,495 | \$ | (685) | \$ 72,509 | |
| Construction in progress | | 287,246 | | 99,648 | | (58,117) | 328,777 | |
| Total nondepreciable capital assets | | 355,945 | | 104,143 | | (58,802) | 401,286 | |
| Capital assets, being depreciated: | | | | | | | | |
| Buildings and improvements | | 672,686 | | 49,767 | | (15) | 722,438 | |
| Infrastructure | | 303,809 | | 7,597 | | (163) | 311,243 | |
| Machinery and equipment | | 109,030 | | 7,654 | | (11,868) | 104,816 | |
| | | 1,085,525 | | 65,018 | | (12,046) | 1,138,497 | |
| Less accumulated depreciation for: | | | | | | | | |
| Buildings and improvements | | (262,955) | | (22,227) | | 13 | (285,169 | |
| Infrastructure | | (116,030) | | (5,697) | | 131 | (121,596 | |
| Machinery and equipment | | (70,840) | | (8,592) | | 6,290 | (73,142 | |
| | | (449,825) | | (36,516) | | 6,434 | (479,907 | |
| Total depreciable capital assets, net | | 635,700 | | 28,502 | | (5,612) | 658,590 | |
| Total capital assets, net | \$ | 991,645 | \$ | 132,645 | \$ | (64,414) | \$ 1,059,876 | |

Note 9 - Capital Assets (Continued)

| | | (Amounts in | n 000's |) | | | | |
|--|----|-------------|---------|----------|------|--------|----|---------|
| | Be | ginning | | | | | E | Ending |
| | B | alance | Ac | lditions | Redu | ctions | B | alance |
| Capital assets, not being depreciated: | | | | | | | | |
| Land | \$ | 487 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 487 |
| Construction in progress | | 17,471 | | 1,376 | | (5) | | 18,842 |
| Total nondepreciable capital assets | | 17,958 | | 1,376 | | (5) | | 19,329 |
| Capital assets, being depreciated: | | | | | | | | |
| Buildings and improvements | | 19,165 | | - | | - | | 19,165 |
| Infrastructure | | 71,858 | | 1,619 | | - | | 73,477 |
| Machinery and equipment | | 3,001 | | - | | (34) | | 2,967 |
| | | 94,024 | | 1,619 | | (34) | | 95,609 |
| Less accumulated depreciation for: | | | | | | | | |
| Buildings and improvements | | (9,199) | | (641) | | - | | (9,840 |
| Infrastructure | | (11,936) | | (1,011) | | - | | (12,947 |
| Machinery and equipment | | (1,592) | | (238) | | 29 | | (1,801 |
| · · · · | | (22,727) | | (1,890) | | 29 | | (24,588 |
| Total depreciable capital assets, net | - | 71,297 | | (271) | | (5) | | 71,021 |
| Total capital assets, net | \$ | 89,255 | \$ | 1,105 | \$ | (10) | \$ | 90,350 |

Depreciation expense was charged to functional programs of the primary government as follows:

| Governmental activities: | |
|------------------------------------|--------------|
| General government | \$ 14,287 |
| Judicial | 3,167 |
| Public safety | 5,460 |
| Human services | 2,384 |
| Health | 3,199 |
| Public works | 7,036 |
| Conservation and recreation | 973 |
| Community and economic development | 10 |
| | \$ 36,516 |
| Business-type activities: | |
| Water and sewer | \$ 1,147 |
| Parking facilities | 743 |
| | \$ 1,890 |

Note 9 - Capital Assets (Continued)

Capital asset activity of the component units for the year ended December 31, 2021, was as follows:

| | | | | (Amounts i | in 000's) | | | |
|--|----|---------|-----|------------|-----------|---------|----|--------|
| | Be | ginning | | | | | I | Ending |
| | B | alance | Ado | litions | Red | uctions | В | alance |
| Capital assets, not being depreciated: | | | | | | | | |
| Construction in progress | \$ | 249 | \$ | 34 | \$ | (255) | \$ | 28 |
| Total nondepreciable capital assets | | 249 | | 34 | | (255) | | 28 |
| Capital assets, being depreciated: | | | | | | | | |
| Buildings and improvements | | 3,975 | | 8 | | - | | 3,983 |
| Machinery and equipment | | 3,582 | 271 | | | (13) | | 3,840 |
| | | 7,557 | | 279 | | (13) | | 7,823 |
| Less accumulated depreciation for: | | | | | | | | |
| Buildings and improvements | | (801) | | (209) | | - | | (1,010 |
| Machinery and equipment | | (3,401) | | (55) | | 13 | | (3,443 |
| | | (4,202) | | (264) | | 13 | | (4,453 |
| Total depreciable capital assets, net | | 3,355 | | 15 | | - | | 3,370 |
| Total capital assets, net | \$ | 3,604 | \$ | 49 | \$ | (255) | \$ | 3,398 |

Depreciation expense reported by component units was as follows:

| (Amo | ounts in 000's) | |
|------------------|-----------------|-----|
| Stadium and Team | \$ | 264 |

Note 9 - Capital Assets (Continued)

Net Investment in Capital Assets

The composition of net investment in capital assets as of December 31, 2021, is shown below:

| | (Am | Primary Government | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|----------------------------|--------------------|------|-----------|----|-----------|-------------------|-------|--|--|--|--|
| | Governmental Activities | | Bysi | ness-type | | Total | Compnent Units | | | | | |
| Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Nondepreciable | \$ | 401,286 | \$ | 19,329 | \$ | 420,615 | \$ | 28 | | | | |
| Depreciable | | 658,590 | | 71,021 | | 729,611 | | 3,370 | | | | |
| Lease assets, net of accumulated amortization | | 5,993 | | - | | 5,993 | | - | | | | |
| Capital related deferred outflows of resources: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Deferred charges | | 14,804 | | 584 | | 15,388 | | - | | | | |
| Capital related debt: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| General obligation bonds | | (180,205) | | (8,585) | | (188,790) | | - | | | | |
| Special obligation bonds | | (231,620) | | - | | (231,620) | | - | | | | |
| General obligation notes | | (4,151) | | - | | (4,151) | | - | | | | |
| Special obligation loans | | (2,323) | | (26,936) | | (29,259) | | (250) | | | | |
| Lease liability | | (21,181) | | - | | (21,181) | | - | | | | |
| Unamortized bond premiums and discounts | | (47,499) | | (235) | | (47,734) | | - | | | | |
| Total net investment in capital assets | \$ | 593,694 | \$ | 55,178 | \$ | 648,872 | \$ | 3.148 | | | | |

Note 10 – Long-term Liabilities

A. Long-term Debt Summary

The original issue date, final maturity date, interest rate and original issuance amount for the County's long-term bonds, notes, and loans currently outstanding follows:

| Long-term Deb | (Amounts in 000 | rnmental Activities | | | |
|--|-----------------|---------------------|---------------|------|-----------|
| | Original | 8) | | 0 | riginal |
| | Issue Date | Final Maturity | Interest Rate | | e Amount |
| General obligation bonds and notes: | Issue Date | T mar Watarity | Interest Rate | 1550 | c / inoun |
| Bonds: | | | | | |
| Series 2013 Hall of Justice | 08/06/2013 | 12/01/2038 | 1.75 to 5.00% | \$ | 37,50 |
| Series 2013 Government Facilities | 08/06/2013 | 12/01/2023 | 4.35% | Ψ | 3,50 |
| Series 2013 Sheriff's Training Facility | 08/06/2013 | 12/01/2025 | 4.50% | | 5,00 |
| Series 2014 Refunding FCCS Building | 03/11/2014 | 06/01/2025 | 1.00 to 5.00% | | 6,47 |
| Series 2014 Refunding Courthouse Project | 03/11/2014 | 12/01/2031 | 1.00 to 5.00% | | 34,42 |
| Series 2014 Refunding Animal Shelter Project | 03/11/2014 | 12/01/2031 | 1.00 to 5.00% | | 2,98 |
| Series 2014 Refunding Energy Conservation | 03/11/2014 | 06/01/2027 | 1.00 to 5.00% | | 20,59 |
| Series 2014 Refunding Animal Shelter | 03/11/2014 | 12/01/2035 | 1.00 to 5.00% | | 5,83 |
| Series 2014 Refunding Government Center | 03/11/2014 | 12/01/2034 | 1.00 to 5.00% | | 7,77 |
| Series 2014 Refunding Road Improvements | 03/11/2014 | 06/01/2030 | 1.00 to 5.00% | | 2,37 |
| Series 2014 Refunding Hall of Justice | 03/11/2014 | 06/01/2030 | 1.00 to 5.00% | | 5,41 |
| Series 2015 Refunding Animal Shelter Project | 05/13/2015 | 12/01/2031 | 3.25 to 5.00% | | 4,97 |
| Series 2015 Refunding Courthouse Project | 05/13/2015 | 12/01/2031 | 3.25 to 5.00% | | 63,21 |
| Series 2016 Refunding Government Center | 12/28/2016 | 12/01/2028 | 2.00 to 5.00% | | 10,93 |
| Series 2016 Board of Elections Facility | 12/28/2016 | 12/01/2031 | 2.00 to 5.00% | | 7,50 |
| Series 2019 Refunding | 11/26/2019 | 12/01/2029 | 1.93% | | 8,72 |
| Series 2021A Refunding | 07/07/2021 | 12/01/2038 | 0.95 to 4.00% | | 32,06 |
| Series 2021B Refunding | 07/07/2021 | 06/01/2033 | 0.35 to 5.00% | | 40,64 |
| Notes: | | | | | |
| Series 2013A Energy Conservation | 05/23/2013 | 12/01/2022 | 1.51% | | 4,99 |
| Series 2013B Energy Conservation | 05/23/2013 | 12/01/2028 | 3.32% | | 3,80 |
| | | | | | 308,69 |
| Special obligation bonds, notes and loans: | | | | | |
| Taxable | | | | | |
| Series 2007 Stadium Facility Project Bonds | 09/26/2007 | 12/01/2032 | 5.00 to 5.58% | | 27,50 |
| Series 2016 Stadium Facility Project Bonds | 12/28/2016 | 12/01/2023 | 1.20 to 2.95% | | 6,99 |
| Tax-Exempt | | | | | |
| Series 2018 Sales Tax Revenue Bonds | 06/05/2018 | 06/01/2048 | 3.09 to 5.00% | | 250,00 |
| | | | | | 284,49 |
| Loans: | | | | | |
| Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) | | | | | |
| Scioto-Darby Creek Road | 08/01/2005 | 01/01/2027 | 0.00% | | 1,63 |
| Havens Corners Rd at Reynoldsburg-New | 07/01/2008 | 07/01/2028 | 0.00% | | 47 |
| Tuttle Crossing Boulevard | 01/01/2010 | 01/01/2030 | 0.00% | | 3,63 |
| | | | | | 5,74 |
| | | | | \$ | 598,92 |

Note 10 – Long-term Liabilities (Continued)

| | Original | Final Maturity | Interest Rate | Original |
|---|------------|----------------|---------------|--------------|
| | Issue Date | | Interest Rute | Issue Amount |
| General obligation bonds: | | | | |
| Series 2014 Refunding Sanitary Sewer | 03/11/2014 | 06/01/2033 | 1.00 to 5.00% | \$ 4,76 |
| Series 2014 Refunding Sanitary Sewer | 03/11/2014 | 06/01/2030 | 1.00 to 5.00% | 2,08 |
| Series 2016 Parking Facilities | 12/28/2016 | 12/01/2026 | 2.00 to 5.00% | 4,00 |
| Series 2021B Refunding Sanitary Sewer | 07/07/2021 | 06/01/2033 | 0.35 to 5.00% | 5,99 |
| Special obligation loans: | | | | 10,83 |
| Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA) loans: | | | | |
| Darbydale Sewer | 08/10/2005 | 07/01/2025 | 3.98% | 1,15 |
| Timberlake Water Treatment | 09/28/2006 | 07/01/2031 | 0.00 to 3.25% | 2,72 |
| Timberlake Wastewater | 12/10/2009 | 07/01/2031 | 2.62 to 3.25% | 2,57 |
| Mon-E-Bak Sewer | 01/27/2011 | 01/01/2033 | 3.77% | 1,95 |
| Oakhurst Knolls Wastewater | 08/29/2013 | 07/01/2034 | 3.42% | 28 |
| Eureka Park Sanitary Sewer | 05/28/2015 | 07/01/2035 | 2.26% | 95 |
| Darbydale Wastewater Upgrades | 06/29/2017 | 01/01/2040 | 0.89% | 4,29 |
| Oakhurst Knolls Wastewater | 05/31/2018 | 07/01/2040 | 2.15% | 68 |
| Century Acres Wastewater Treatment | 10/25/2018 | 01/01/2025 | 0.00% | 33 |
| Little Farms Subdivision Waterline Replace | 01/01/2022 | 07/01/2041 | 0.72% | 3,16 |
| Mon-E-Bak & Brown Rd E Sanitary Sewer | 01/01/2022 | 07/01/2031 | 0.00% | 1,36 |
| Little Farms Waterline Replace Phase 2 | 01/01/2023 | 07/01/2042 | 0.37% | 1,61 |
| Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) loans: | | | | |
| Emmit/Mix Avenue Sanitary Sewer | 07/01/1997 | 07/01/2021 | 3.00% | 48 |
| Water Quality Wastewater | 07/01/2005 | 07/01/2026 | 0.00% | 3,71 |
| Darbydale Wastewater | 01/01/2008 | 01/01/2028 | 0.00% | 1,88 |
| Eureka Park Sanitary Sewer | 07/01/2011 | 07/01/2043 | 0.00% | 69 |
| Leonard Park Waterline Extension | 07/01/2013 | 01/01/2045 | 0.00% | 2,43 |
| Darbydale Wastewater Upgrades | 07/01/2016 | 07/01/2049 | 0.00% | 5,00 |
| Oakhurst Knolls Wastewater Treatment | 07/01/2017 | 07/01/2050 | 0.00% | 4,73 |
| Little Farms Subdivision Waterline Replace | 07/01/2019 | 07/01/2049 | 0.00% | 1,25 |
| North Hague Avenue Sanitary Sewer | 07/06/2021 | 07/01/2051 | 0.00% | 1,68 |
| Farris Road Sanitary Sewer | 07/06/2021 | 07/01/2051 | 0.00% | 82 |
| Ohio Department of Transportation (ODOT) loans: | | | | |
| West Broad Street Water | 03/01/2013 | 03/01/2023 | 3.00% | 40 |

For bonds, interest rates vary over the term of the bond per a set schedule and none are demand bonds.

Note 10 – Long-term Liabilities (Continued)

B. New Issues

July, 2021 Various Purpose Refunding Bonds (*\$32,065,000*) In July 2021, the County issued Series 2021A Various Purpose Refunding Bonds in the amount of *\$32,065,000* with an interest rate of 0.95 to 4.0% (maturing December 1, 2038) for the purposes of (i) providing funds to taxably advance refund all the callable outstanding maturities of the County's Various Purpose General Obligation Bonds, Series 2013 (Limited Tax), dated August 20, 2013; and (ii) to pay certain costs related to the issuance of the Bonds. The transaction achieved net present value savings of *\$4,171,000*, or *13.78%*, of the refunded par.

July, 2021 Various Purpose Refunding Bonds (\$46,630,000) In July 2021, the County issued Series 2021B Various Purpose Refunding Bonds in the amount of \$46,630,000 with an interest rate of 0.35 to 5.0% (maturing June 1, 2033) for the purposes of (i) providing funds to taxably advance refund all the callable outstanding maturities of the County's Various Purpose Limited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2014 (General Obligation), dated March 11, 2014; and (ii) to pay certain costs related to the issuance of the Bonds. The transaction achieved net present value savings of \$2,804,000, or 6.65%, of the refunded par.

July 2021 Ohio Public Works Commission Loan (\$1,682,000) In July 2021, the County entered into a loan agreement with the Ohio Public Works Commission for the North Hague Avenue Sanitary Sewer Collections System Improvements project. The term of the loan is thirty (30) years with an interest rate of 0.0%.

July 2021 Ohio Public Works Commission Loan (\$824,000) In July 2021, the County entered into a loan agreement with the Ohio Public Works Commission for the Ferris Road Sanitary Sewer Collections System Improvements project. The term of the loan is thirty (30) years with an interest rate of 0.0%.

Note 10 – Long-term Liabilities (Continued)

C. Changes in Long-term Liabilities

Primary Government Changes in governmental activity long-term obligations during the year, including new issuances, consisted of the following:

| Ch | anges in Lo | - | | - Governmer | ntal Act | tivities | | | | |
|--|-------------|-------------------|----------|-------------|----------|---------------|----------|---------|----|---------|
| | | | ounts in | 000's) | | | | | | |
| | Begin | - | | | | | | Ending | | Due in |
| | Bala | ince | A | dditions | R | eductions | <u> </u> | Balance | 0 | ne Year |
| General obligation bonds and notes: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Bonds: | ¢ | 20.245 | ¢ | | ¢ | (07 (05) | ¢ | 1 (50 | ¢ | 1.650 |
| Series 2013 Hall of Justice | \$ | 29,345 | \$ | - | \$ | (27,695) | \$ | 1,650 | \$ | 1,650 |
| Series 2013 Government Facilities | | 1,050 | | - | | (700) | | 350 | | 350 |
| Series 2013 Sheriff's Training Facility | | 4,105 | | - | | (3,950) | | 155 | | 15 |
| Series 2014 Refunding | | 66,170 | | - | | (46,075) | | 20,095 | | 9,79 |
| Series 2015 Refunding | | 63,235 | | - | | - | | 63,235 | | |
| Series 2016 Refunding | | 9,060 | | - | | (995) | | 8,065 | | 1,01 |
| Series 2016 Board of Elections Facility | | 7,500 | | - | | (555) | | 6,945 | | 56 |
| Series 2019 Refunding | | 7,920 | | - | | (815) | | 7,105 | | 83 |
| Series 2021A Refunding | | - | | 32,065 | | (100) | | 31,965 | | 23 |
| Series 2021B Refunding | | - | | 40,640 | | - | | 40,640 | | 88 |
| Notes: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Series 2013 Energy Conservation | | 4,727 | | - | | (576) | | 4,151 | | 58 |
| | 1 | 93,112 | | 72,705 | | (81,461) | | 184,356 | | 16,06 |
| Unamortized amounts: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Bond premiums and discounts | | 49,538 | | 954 | | (2,993) | | 47,499 | | |
| | 2 | 242,650 | | 73,659 | | (84,454) | | 231,855 | | 16,06 |
| Special obligation bonds, notes and loans: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Taxable | | | | | | | | | | |
| Series 2007 Stadium Facility Project Bonds | | 14,835 | | - | | - | | 14,835 | | |
| Series 2016 Stadium Facility Project Bonds | | 3,535 | | - | | (1,150) | | 2,385 | | 1,17 |
| Series 2018 Sales Tax Revenue Bonds | 2 | 221,530 | | - | | (7,130) | | 214,400 | | 4,05 |
| | - | 239,900 | | - | | (8,280) | | 231,620 | | 5,22 |
| Ohio Public Works Commission loans: | | , | | | | ()) | | , | | , |
| Havens Corners Road at | | | | | | | | | | |
| Reynoldsburg-New Albany Road | | 190 | | - | | (24) | | 166 | | 3 |
| Scioto-Darby Creek Road | | 693 | | - | | (81) | | 612 | | 12 |
| Tuttle Crossing Boulevard | | 1,727 | | - | | (182) | | 1,545 | | 27 |
| | | 2,610 | | - | | (287) | | 2,323 | | 43 |
| | | 242,510 | | | | (8,567) | | 233,943 | | 5,65 |
| Other long-term obligations: | - | ,010 | | | | (0,007) | | 200,910 | | 0,00 |
| Compensated absences | | 64,527 | | 8,508 | | (6,270) | | 66,765 | | 5,48 |
| Workers compensation | | 1,890 | | - | | (0,270) (243) | | 1,647 | | 14 |
| Lease liability | | 22,537 | | 1,785 | | (3,141) | | 21,181 | | 3,072 |
| Net pension liability | | 22,337 184,033 | | 1,705 | | (91,852) | | 392,181 | | 5,07. |
| Net OPEB liability | | 329,198 | | - | | (329,198) | | 572,101 | | |
| INCOLED HAUTINY | | 029,198 | | 10,293 | | (430,704) | | 481,774 | | 8,69 |
| | | 387,345 | \$ | 83,952 | \$ | (523,725) | \$ | 947,572 | \$ | 30,415 |

Note 10 – Long-term Liabilities (Continued)

Changes in business-type long-term obligations during the year, including new issuances, consisted of the following.

| | (| mounts in 000's) | | D 1 | D : 0 |
|---|----------------------|------------------|------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| | Beginning Balance | Additions | Reductions | Ending Balance | Due in One Year |
| General obligation bonds and notes: | Dalaliee | Additions | Reductions | Dalaliee | I cai |
| Series 2014 Refunding Sanitary Sewer | \$ 6.060 | \$ - | \$ (5,625) | \$ 435 | \$ 210 |
| Series 2016 Parking Facilities | 2,550 | - | (390) | 2,160 | 400 ¢ |
| Series 2021B Refunding Sanitary Sewer | -, | 5,990 | - | 5,990 | 130 |
| | 8,610 | 5,990 | (6,015) | 8,585 | 740 |
| Unamortized amounts: | - 7 | - , | | - , | |
| Bond premiums and discounts | 244 | 17 | (26) | 235 | - |
| | 8,854 | 6,007 | (6,041) | 8,820 | 740 |
| Special obligation loans: | | -, | | - , | |
| OWDA loans: | | | | | |
| Darbydale Sewer | 377 | - | (105) | 272 | 74 |
| Timberlake Water Treatment | 1,214 | - | (164) | 1,050 | 110 |
| Timberlake Wastewater | 887 | - | (103) | 784 | 72 |
| Mon-E-Bak Sewer | 1,364 | - | (132) | 1,232 | 92 |
| Oakhurst Knolls Wastewater | 200 | - | (17) | 183 | 12 |
| Eureka Park Sanitary Sewer Line | 664 | - | (57) | 607 | 39 |
| Darbydale Wastewater | 3,308 | | (215) | 3,093 | 298 |
| Oakhurst Knolls Wastewater | 39 | 29 | (18) | 50 | 3 |
| Century Acres Wastewater | 263 | - | (85) | 178 | 66 |
| Little Farms Subdivision Waterline | 2,529 | 9 | (74) | 2,464 | 126 |
| Mon-E-Bak & Brown Rd Sanitary | 864 | 55 | (46) | 873 | 92 |
| Little Farms Waterline Phase 2 OPWC loans: | 1,261 | 271 | - | 1,532 | 38 |
| Emmit/Mix Avenue Sewer | 47 | - | (47) | - | - |
| Water Quality Wastewater | 2,809 | - | (241) | 2,568 | 161 |
| Darbydale Wastewater | 753 | - | (141) | 612 | 94 |
| Eureka Park Sanitary Sewer | 568 | - | (32) | 536 | 21 |
| Leonard Park Waterline Extension | 896 | - | (52) | 844 | 35 |
| Darbydale Wastewater | 4,833 | - | (250) | 4,583 | 167 |
| Oakhurst Knolls Wastewater | 2,531 | 1,405 | - | 3,936 | 131 |
| Little Farms Subdivision Waterline | - | 1,363 | - | 1,363 | 45 |
| ODOT loans: | | , | | , | |
| West Broad Street Water | 290 | - | (114) | 176 | 117 |
| | 25,697 | 3,132 | (1,893) | 26,936 | 1,793 |
| Other long-term obligations: | | | | | |
| Compensated absences | 108 | 22 | (3) | 127 | 25 |
| Net pension liability | 1,800 | - | (525) | 1,275 | - |
| Net OPEB liability | 1,269 | | (1,269) | | |
| | \$ 37,728 | \$ 9,161 | \$ (9,731) | \$ 37,158 | \$ 2,558 |

Note 10 – Long-term Liabilities (Continued)

Component Units The component units have no bonded debt. At December 31, 2021, long-term liabilities consisted of \$0 in notes payable, \$955,000 in compensated absences and \$3,444,000 in unearned revenue.

D. Future Debt Service Requirements

The following is a summary of the County's estimated future annual debt service requirements:

| | | | | | | ental Activit ints in 000's) | | | | | | |
|-----------|------|--------------------|--------|---------|------|---------------------------------|---------|----------|------|-----------|------------|-------|
| | | | | В | onds | | | | | | ans | |
| | | General (| Obliga | tion | | Special C | Obligat | tion | | Special C | Obligation | 1 |
| | Pri | ncipal | I | nterest | F | Principal | | Interest | Prir | ncipal | Inte | erest |
| 2022 | \$ | 15,475 | \$ | 5,873 | \$ | 5,225 | \$ | 11,083 | \$ | 431 | \$ | - |
| 2023 | | 16,115 | | 5,155 | | 5,465 | | 10,843 | | 287 | | - |
| 2024 | | 15,350 | | 4,660 | | 5,790 | | 10,589 | | 287 | | - |
| 2025 | | 16,340 | | 4,438 | | 6,090 | | 10,286 | | 287 | | - |
| 2026 | | 16,305 | | 3,857 | | 6,410 | | 9,967 | | 287 | | - |
| 2027-2031 | | 78,710 | | 10,605 | | 37,165 | | 44,720 | | 744 | | - |
| 2032-2036 | | 17,425 | | 1,237 | | 37,005 | | 36,310 | | - | | - |
| 2037-2041 | | 4,485 | | 148 | | 44,380 | | 26,791 | | - | | - |
| 2042-2046 | | - | | - | | 56,990 | | 14,183 | | - | | - |
| 2047-2048 | | - | | - | | 27,100 | | 1,372 | | - | | |
| | \$ 1 | 80,205 | \$ | 35,973 | \$ | 231,620 | \$ | 176,144 | \$ | 2,323 | \$ | - |
| | | | otes | | | | | | | | | |
| | | General Obligation | | | | To | otal | | | | | |
| | Pri | ncipal | I | nterest | F | Principal | | Interest | | | | |
| 2022 | \$ | 585 | \$ | 132 | \$ | 21,716 | \$ | 17,088 | | | | |
| 2023 | | 591 | | 118 | | 22,458 | | 16,116 | | | | |
| 2024 | | 592 | | 99 | | 22,019 | | 15,348 | | | | |
| 2025 | | 594 | | 79 | | 23,311 | | 14,803 | | | | |
| 2026 | | 595 | | 59 | | 23,597 | | 13,883 | | | | |
| 2027-2031 | | 1,194 | | 60 | | 117,813 | | 55,385 | | | | |
| 2032-2036 | | - | | - | | 54,430 | | 37,547 | | | | |
| 2037-2041 | | - | | - | | 48,865 | | 26,939 | | | | |
| 2042-2046 | | - | | - | | 56,990 | | 14,183 | | | | |
| 2047-2048 | | - | | - | | 27,100 | | 1,372 | | | | |
| | \$ | 4,151 | \$ | 547 | \$ | 418,299 | \$ | 212,664 | | | | |

| | | | | | (Amou | nts in 000's) | | | | | | |
|-----------|------|-------------|-----------|-----|-------|--------------------|-----|-------|-----|--------|-----|-------|
| | | Bonds Loans | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (| General C | Obligatio | on | | Special Obligation | | | | Tot | tal | |
| | Prir | ncipal | Interes | st | Pri | ncipal | Int | erest | Pri | ncipal | Int | erest |
| 2022 | \$ | 740 | \$ | 184 | \$ | 1,793 | \$ | 152 | \$ | 2,533 | \$ | 330 |
| 2023 | | 765 | | 157 | | 1,685 | | 141 | | 2,450 | | 293 |
| 2024 | | 1,990 | | 125 | | 1,615 | | 126 | | 3,605 | | 25 |
| 2025 | | 1,075 | | 99 | | 1,538 | | 112 | | 2,613 | | 21 |
| 2026 | | 935 | | 73 | | 1,505 | | 100 | | 2,440 | | 17 |
| 2026-2031 | | 2,015 | | 164 | | 7,179 | | 324 | | 9,194 | | 488 |
| 2032-2036 | | 1,065 | | 19 | | 5,171 | | 88 | | 6,236 | | 10′ |
| 2037-2041 | | - | | - | | 3,133 | | 18 | | 3,133 | | 13 |
| 2042-2046 | | - | | - | | 2,017 | | - | | 2,017 | | |
| 2047-2051 | | - | | - | | 1,300 | | - | | 1,300 | | |
| | \$ | 8,585 | \$ | 821 | \$ | 26,936 | \$ | 1,061 | \$ | 35,521 | \$ | 1,882 |

Note 10 – Long-term Liabilities (Continued)

E. Funds Used to Retire Long-term Liabilities

All general obligation bonds are supported by the full faith and credit of the County. General obligation bonds will be paid with \$180,205,000 from taxes and lease revenues (Notes 6 and 8). Compensated absences liabilities will be paid from the fund from which the employee's salary is paid. Typically, the General Fund and the Board of Developmental Disabilities Fund have been used in prior years to liquidate the liability for compensated absences. Net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset will be paid from the employee is paid which in prior years has been the General Fund and the Board of Developmental Disabilities Fund. Capital lease obligations will be paid from the fund that supports the department using the underlying asset, also typical of past treatment.

The taxable special obligations (the "Stadium Facility Bonds") in the amount of \$17,220,000 are not general obligations of the County, but are payable solely from the proceeds derived from the operation, lease, sale, or other disposition of a County park and recreation facility, including a baseball stadium and from the following non-tax revenue sources that are deposited in the County's General Fund: (i) fines and forfeitures, (ii) fees imposed from licenses and permits, (iii) investment earning on any fund or account of the County, including the County's General Fund, that are credited to the County's General Fund, (iv) proceeds from the sale of capital assets, (v) charges for services, and (vi) other revenues, including but not limited to, rental income, gifts and donations and payments received as reimbursement (the "Pledged Revenues"). Annual principal and interest payments on the special obligations are expected to require less than 28.9 percent of the pledged revenues within the County's General Fund. There were principal payments of \$1,150,000 in 2021. Interest charges amounted to \$921,000, while pledged revenue amounted to \$64,747,000. The County has covenanted to appropriate each year a sufficient amount of the Pledged Revenues to pay the debt service required in such year.

Note 10 – Long-term Liabilities (Continued)

From the original proceeds of the Stadium Facility Bonds and Notes, \$4,100,000 was deposited in the Stadium Debt Service fund to be applied to the payment of interest during the construction phase of the project. As of December 31, 2021, the fund balance of the Stadium Debt Service fund was \$173,000. In addition, the Commissioners have designated \$3,644,000 of the fund balance in the General Fund to secure the pledge for the payment of the debt service on the special obligations from the County's Pledged Revenues.

The obligations of business-type activities are payable in part from the proceeds derived from water and sewer fees and charges for services and the operations of parking facilities. In addition, amounts may be paid from other non-tax revenue sources that are deposited in the County's General Fund.

F. Debt Limitations

The ORC provides that the net general obligation debt of the County, exclusive of certain exempt debt, issued without a vote of the electors should not exceed one percent of the total assessed valuation of the County. The ORC further provides that the total voted and unvoted net debt of the County less the same exempt debt should not exceed a sum equal to three percent of the first \$100,000,000 of the assessed valuation, plus one and one-half percent of such valuation in excess of \$100,000,000 and not in excess of \$300,000,000, plus two and one-half percent of such valuation in excess of \$300,000,000. The effects of the debt limitations at December 31, 2021, are an overall debt margin of \$748,212,000 and an unvoted debt margin of \$194,930,000.

G. Optional Redemption

Certain bonds issued by the County are subject to redemption at the County's option. When partial redemption of any of the following bonds is authorized, the bond registrar will select bonds or portions thereof by lot within a maturity in such manner as the bond registrar may determine, provided, however, that the portion of any bond so selected will be in the amount of \$5,000 or an integral multiple thereof. In each case, accrued interest will be paid to the date fixed for redemption. The following schedule summarizes the bond issues subject to optional redemption, the relevant maturity dates, the redemption dates and the redemption rates:

| Bonds | Maturity Date | Redemption Dates (Dates Inclusive) | Redemption Prices |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------|
| Series 2013 Various Purpose | after 12/01/2022 | 06/01/2023 and thereafter | 100% |
| Series 2014 Refunding | after 06/01/2023 | 12/01/2023 and thereafter | 100% |
| Series 2015 Refunding | after 12/01/2026 | 12/01/2025 and thereafter | 100% |
| Series 2016 Refunding & BOE Facility | after 12/01/2026 | 12/01/2026 and thereafter | 100% |
| Series 2018 Various Purpose | on or after 06/01/2029 | 06/01/2028 and thereafter | 100% |
| Series 2021A Refunding | after 12/01/2030 | 06/01/2031 and thereafter | 100% |
| Series 2021B Refunding | on or after 06/01/2032 | 06/01/2031 and thereafter | 100% |

Note 11 – Leases - Lessee Disclosure and Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements

A. Lease Liability - Capital Assets

The County leases buildings and various equipment through lease arrangements. Some of the lease agreements qualify as financed purchase arrangements for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of their future minimum lease payments as of the inception date. Payments are made from the funds that purchase the assets. The assets acquired through financed purchase arrangements are as follows:

| |] | Primary |
|-------------------------------|----|-----------|
| | Go | overnment |
| Buildings and improvements | \$ | 23,798 |
| Machinery and equipment | | 248 |
| Less accumulated depreciation | | (10,331) |
| | \$ | 13,715 |

The following table represents the principal and interest requirements to maturity:

| | P | Principal | | nterest |
|-----------|----|-----------|----|---------|
| 2022 | \$ | 1,335 | \$ | 831 |
| 2023 | | 1,402 | | 757 |
| 2024 | | 1,442 | | 681 |
| 2025 | | 1,522 | | 601 |
| 2026 | | 1,606 | | 517 |
| 2027-2031 | | 8,744 | | 1,163 |
| | \$ | 16,051 | \$ | 4,550 |

Note 11 – Leases - Lessee Disclosure and Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (Continued)

B. Lease Liability – Lease Assets

The County has entered into various contracts for land and office space that conveys control of the right to use another entity's nonfinancial asset (the underlying asset) as specified in the contract for a period of time. The basis and terms of these contracts vary and range from five to fifty years. The lease assets and related accumulated amortization of the lease assets are as follows:

| | F | Primary |
|-------------------------------|----|----------|
| | Go | vernment |
| Land | \$ | 1,281 |
| Buildings | | 11,259 |
| Less accumulated amortization | | (6,547) |
| | \$ | 5,993 |

During the period there were no outflows of resources recognized for variable payments not previously included in the measurement of the lease liability. During the period there were also no outflows of resources recognized for other payments, such as residual value guarantees or termination penalties, not previously included in the measurement of the lease liability. There were no commitments under leases before the commencement of the lease term.

The following table represents the principal and interest requirements to maturity:

| | Pri | Principal | | erest |
|-----------|-----|-----------|----|-------|
| 2022 | \$ | 1,737 | \$ | 185 |
| 2023 | | 956 | | 126 |
| 2024 | | 827 | | 86 |
| 2025 | | 433 | | 59 |
| 2026 | | 242 | | 45 |
| 2027-2031 | | 935 | | 84 |
| | \$ | 5,130 | \$ | 585 |

Note 12 – Contingencies and Commitments

A. Contingent Liabilities

The County has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies or their designee. At December 31, 2021, the audits of certain programs had not been completed. These audits could lead to a request for reimbursement to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grant. Based on prior experience, the County believes such disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

There are claims and lawsuits pending against the County. The Prosecuting Attorney has used his best judgment as legal counsel for the County to estimate the possible liability that the County could incur. The Prosecuting Attorney estimates approximately \$2,524,000 to be accrued to offset expected liability and/or settlements arising from the current pending lawsuits.

By resolution, the Commissioners have designated amounts in the fund balance of the General Fund to be used for expenditures in future years. The Commissioners set aside \$81,900,000 for "rainy day" purposes. In addition, the Commissioners have committed \$3,644,000 to secure the pledge for the payment of debt service on the Stadium Facility Bonds and Note.

B. Commitments

The County had several outstanding capital projects as of December 31, 2021, including software development projects and various construction projects. The projects include the following major commitments:

| Project | Phase | pent to Date | nmitment maining |
|--------------------------|--------------|---------------------|-------------------------|
| Road and bridge projects | Construction | \$ 17,398 | \$ 4,859 |
| Facility renovations | Construction | 11,037 | 21,350 |
| Public Safety Center | Construction | 6,051 | 252 |
| Corrections Center | Construction | 293,572 | 68,002 |
| Crisis Center | Construction | 718 | 52,416 |
| | | \$ 328,776 | \$ 146,879 |

In 2019 the County approved the Intergovernmental Agreement and Development Agreement between Franklin County, the City of Columbus, Crew SC Stadium Company, Crew SC Development Company, and the Confluence Community Authority, a public body which assumes ownership of the Crew Stadium and sports park development. The resolution certifies Franklin County's agreement to make, subject to appropriation, an annual County Economic Development Payment (CAEDP) to the Confluence Community Authority to be used for economic development purposes by the Authority, including but not limited to debt service payments on the Authority's \$45,415,000 Special Revenue Bonds, Series 2019 (Stadium and Sports Park Project), dated December 19, 2019, to finance the Crew Stadium and sports park. The CAEDP's are \$2.5 million annually from calendar years 2019 to 2048.

Note 13 – Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts and general liability; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; natural disasters; errors and omissions; health care claims for employees and their eligible dependents; and injuries to employees. Insurance policies are procured for commercial crime, flood, buildings and contents, equipment, boilers and machinery. In addition, a Commercial Crime and Public Employees Dishonesty policy is in effect for certain agencies that deal with large amounts of cash, and a Faithful Performance Blanket bond is in place for all County employees. Medical malpractice insurance is purchased for claims involving inmate medical care. Settled claims have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has not been a significant reduction in coverage from the prior year. The County has elected to retain risk for losses related to torts, general and excess liability, and automobile casualty rather than insuring those risks through a third-party. Employee health care claims are self-insured, with purchased stop-loss coverage of \$1,000,000 per individual for the calendar year. The County purchases workers' compensation insurance from the State of Ohio to cover employees and auxiliary staff.

A. Self-insurance for General Liability

The County's General Fund provides unlimited coverage for court judgments resulting from tort and general liability claims of County officials and employees. The County does not use actuaries to determine possible claims liability, nor are any interfund premiums charged. However, the County incorporates non-incremental claims adjustments when setting the annual budget amount for claims, judgments and settlements. The Commissioners appropriated \$1,000,000 within the General Fund in 2021 to satisfy court-ordered judgments, self-insured claims or other settlements. The actual claims paid during 2021 totaled \$147,000. It is estimated that \$2,524,000 claims and judgments will be due within one year, while \$4,357,000 of the General Fund's fund balance has been committed for unasserted claims.

B. Self-insurance for Health Benefits

The County provides multiple health care benefit plans that cover approximately 5,000 County employees. Approximately 560 employees of other political subdivisions are also in the County's insurance program. Coverage is extended to eligible dependents. Costs are allocated to the fund that pays the salary of the enrolled employee. These payments are accounted for as expenditures in the paying funds and as fees and charges for services in the Employee Benefits internal service fund from which the claims are paid. An estimate of amounts to be paid for claims incurred but not reported (IBNR) as of year-end has been developed by the County in conjunction with an actuary, based on appropriate standards of practice promulgated by the Actuarial Standards Board. At December 31, 2021, accounts payable balances included \$3,697,000 of reported, unpaid County claims and \$10,738,000 as an estimate for IBNR. Actual claims experience may differ from the estimate. Given the nature of health benefits, the County predicts that the entire liability will be paid within one year. As such, the entire claims liability is a current liability.

The Comprehensive Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1986 requires the County to offer terminated or retired employees continued participation in the County's employee health care benefits program, provided that the employees pay the rate established by the plan administrator.

Note 13 – Risk Management (Continued)

C. Workers' Compensation

Prior to 2012, the County solely reimbursed the Ohio Bureau of Workers' Compensation for the cost of injured workers' claims. All County agencies participate in the program and make payments for prior and current year claims. Because the plan is retrospectively rated, payments will be made in future periods for injuries sustained during 2012 and prior years. Beginning in 2012 the County began to self-insure its workers' compensation costs. Charges are established based on an independent actuarial evaluation and are designed to be sufficient to cover all incurred claims and maintain a reserve for this self-insurance arrangement. If the reserve is insufficient at any point in time to cover claims, the claims will be covered by the County's General Fund with adjustments made to future charge rates. The County is the only participant and activities related to the program are reported in the Employee Benefits internal service fund. At December 31, 2021, the long-term liability for Workers' Compensation claims was estimated to be \$1,647,000, a net decrease of \$243,000 from the estimate as of December 31, 2020. The County has committed \$6,310,000 of the General Fund's fund balance for these future payments.

D. Summary

When it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated, the liability is reported in the fund. The result of the process to estimate the claims liability is not an exact amount as it depends on many complex factors. Accordingly, claims liabilities are reevaluated periodically to consider the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends (including frequency and amount of pay-outs) and other economic and social factors. The estimate of the claims liabilities includes amounts for incremental claim adjustment expenses related to specific claims and other claim adjustment expenses regardless of whether allocated to specific claims. Liabilities also include an amount for estimated IBNR claims. Changes in claims liabilities for the various plans during 2020 and 2021 were as follows:

| | - | eneral ability | - | Health Benefits | orkers' pensation | 1 | Total |
|------------------------------------|----|-------------------|----|--------------------|--------------------------|----|---------|
| Unpaid claims at January 1, 2020 | \$ | 51 | \$ | 10,091 | \$ 3,113 | \$ | 13,255 |
| 2020 net change in claims estimate | | - | | - | (1,223) | | (1,223) |
| 2020 incurred claims and IBNR | | 2,776 | | 31,455 | 239 | | 34,470 |
| 2020 paid claims | | (99) | | (29,136) | (239) | | (29,474 |
| Unpaid claims at December 31, 2020 | | 2,728 | | 12,410 | 1,890 | | 17,028 |
| 2021 net change in claims estimate | | - | | - | (243) | | (243 |
| 2021 incurred claims and IBNR | | (57) | | 31,902 | 147 | | 31,992 |
| 2021 paid claims | | (147) | | (29,877) | (147) | | (30,171 |
| Unpaid claims at December 31, 2021 | \$ | 2,524 | \$ | 14,435 | \$ 1,647 | \$ | 18,606 |

The County analyzes all outstanding and potential claims that have arisen or could arise due to the occurrence of a loss contingency on or before December 31, 2021. Those claims that are judged to have a high probability of requiring a settlement and for which the amount required to settle the claim is reasonably estimable are shown as liabilities. Those claims for which the liability cannot be reasonably estimated, or which are judged not to have a high probability of settlement are not displayed as liabilities on the balance sheet, but are discussed in Note 12.

Note 14 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

Net Pension Liability and Net OPEB Liability/Asset

Pensions and OPEB are a component of exchange transactions – between an employer and its employees – of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee – on a deferred-payment basis – as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

The net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset represent the County's proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension and net OPEB liability/asset calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the County's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The County cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the County does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires funding to come from these employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes pension costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded liabilities within thirty years. If the pension amortization period exceeds thirty years, each retirement system's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension or net OPEB liability/asset. Resulting adjustments to the net pension or net OPEB liability/asset would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio Revised Code permits but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

The remainder of this note includes the pension disclosures. See Note 15 for the OPEB disclosures.

Plan Description – Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Plan Description – County employees participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system comprised of three separate pension plans: the Traditional Pension Plan, a defined benefit pension plan; the Combined Plan, a combination defined benefit/defined contribution plan; and the Member-Directed Plan, a defined contribution plan. While members (i.e. County employees) may elect the Member-Directed Plan or the Combined Plan, substantially all employee members are in OPERS' Traditional Plan; therefore, the following disclosure focuses on the Traditional Pension Plan.

Note 14 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits, and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional and combined plans. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about OPERS' fiduciary net position that may be obtained by visiting <u>https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml</u>, by writing to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling 800-222-7377.

Senate Bill (SB) 343 was enacted into law with an effective date of January 7, 2013. In the legislation, members in the traditional and combined plans were categorized into three groups with varying provisions of the law applicable to each group. The following table provides age and service requirements for retirement and the retirement formula applied to final average salary (FAS) for the three member groups under the traditional and combined plans as per the reduced benefits adopted by SB 343 (see OPERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report referenced above for additional information, including requirements for reduced and unreduced benefits):

| Group A | Group B | Group C |
|---|--|--|
| Eligible to retire prior to | 20 years of service credit prior to | Members not in other Groups |
| January 7, 2013 or five years | January 7, 2013 or eligible to retire | and members hired on or after |
| after January 7, 2013 | ten years after January 7, 2013 | January 7, 2013 |
| State and Local | State and Local | State and Local |
| Age and Service Requirements: | Age and Service Requirements: | Age and Service Requirements: |
| Age 60 with 60 months of service credit | Age 60 with 60 months of service credit | Age 57 with 25 years of service credit |
| or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit | or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit | or Age 62 with 5 years of service credit |
| Formula: | Formula: | Formula: |
| 2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of | 2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of | 2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of |
| service for the first 30 years and 2.5% | service for the first 30 years and 2.5% | service for the first 35 years and 2.5% |
| for service years in excess of 30 | for service years in excess of 30 | for service years in excess of 35 |
| Public Safety | Public Safety | Public Safety |
| Age and Service Requirements: | Age and Service Requirements: | Age and Service Requirements: |
| Age 48 with 25 years of service credit | Age 48 with 25 years of service credit | Age 52 with 25 years of service credit |
| or Age 52 with 15 years of service credit | or Age 52 with 15 years of service credit | or Age 56 with 15 years of service credit |
| Law Enforcement | Law Enforcement | Law Enforcement |
| Age and Service Requirements: Age 52 with 15 years of service credit | Age and Service Requirements: Age 48 with 25 years of service credit or Age 52 with 15 years of service credit | Age and Service Requirements: Age 48 with 25 years of service credit or Age 56 with 15 years of service credit |
| Public Safety and Law Enforcement | Public Safety and Law Enforcement | Public Safety and Law Enforcement |
| Formula: | Formula: | Formula: |
| 2.5% of FAS multiplied by years of | 2.5% of FAS multiplied by years of | 2.5% of FAS multiplied by years of |
| service for the first 25 years and 2.1% | service for the first 25 years and 2.1% | service for the first 25 years and 2.1% |
| for service years in excess of 25 | for service years in excess of 25 | for service years in excess of 25 |

Note 14 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)

Final average salary (FAS) represents the average of the three highest years of earnings over a member's career for Groups A and B. Group C is based on the average of the five highest years of earnings over a member's career.

Members who retire before meeting the age and years of service credit requirement for unreduced benefits receive a percentage reduction in the benefit amount.

When a Traditional Plan benefit recipient has received benefits for twelve months, an annual cost-ofliving adjustment (COLA) is provided. This COLA is calculated on the member's original base retirement benefit at the date of retirement and is not compounded. Members retiring under the Combined Plan receive a cost-of-living adjustment of the defined benefit portion of their retirement benefit. For those who retired prior to January 7, 2013, the cost-of-living adjustment is 3.0 percent. For those retiring on or after January 7, 2013, beginning in 2019, the adjustment is based on the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, capped at 3.0 percent.

Funding Policy – The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

| | State and Local | Public Safety | Law Enforcement |
|---|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|
| 2021 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates | | | |
| Employer | 14.0% | 18.1% | 18.1% |
| Employee * | 10.0% | ** | *** |
| 2021 Actual Contribution Rates | | | |
| Employer: | | | |
| Pension **** | 14.0% | 18.1% | 18.1% |
| Post-employment health care benefits **** | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| Total Employer | 14.0% | 18.1% | 18.1% |
| Employee | 10.0% | 12.0% | 13.0% |

* Member contributions within the combined plan are not used to fund the defined benefit retirement allowance.

** This rate is determined by OPERS' Board and has no maximum rate established by ORC.

*** This rate is also determined by OPERS' Board, but is limited by ORC to not more than 2.0 percent greater than the Public Safety rate.

**** These pension and employer health care rates are for the traditional and combined plans. The employer contributions rate for the member-directed plan is allocated 4.0 percent for health care with the remainder going to pension.

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. For 2021, the County's contractually required contribution was \$50,696,000. None of this amount is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Note 14 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)

Plan Description – State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – STRS Ohio is a cost-sharing multiple employer statewide retirement plan for licensed teachers and other faculty members employed in the public schools of Ohio (the state) or any school, college, university, institution or other agency controlled, managed and supported, in whole or part, by the state or any political subdivision thereof. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS Ohio's fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to State Teachers Retirement System, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, Ohio 43215-3771, or by visiting the STRS Ohio website at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined (CO) Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307. The DB Plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation was 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age sixty-five, or thirty-five years of service credit and at least age sixty.

Eligibility changes for DB Plan members who retire with actuarially reduced benefits will be phased in until August 1, 2026 when retirement eligibility will be five years of qualifying service credit and age sixty, or thirty years of service credit at any age.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.53 percent of the 14.0 percent employer contributions into an investment account. The member determines how to allocate the member and employer money among the various investment choices offered by STRS Ohio. The remaining 4.47 percent of the 14.0 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age fifty and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The CO Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the CO Plan, 12.0 percent of the 14.0 percent member rate is deposited into the member's DC account and the remaining 2.0 percent is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the CO Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age sixty with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age fifty and after termination of employment.

Note 14 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)

New members who choose the DC Plan or CO Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS Ohio plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's CO Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS Ohio bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS Ohio therefore has included all three plan options in the GASB 68 schedules of employer allocations and pension amounts by employer.

A DB or CO Plan member with five or more years of credited service, who is determined to be disabled, may qualify for a disability benefit. New members on or after July 1, 2013 must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit to apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance.

Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the employer rate was 14.0 percent and the member rate was 14.0 percent of covered payroll. These contributions rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

The County's contractually required contribution to STRS Ohio was \$1,247,000 for 2021. None of this amount is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability for OPERS was measured as of December 31, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. STRS Ohio's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The County's portion of the net pension liability was based on the County's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

| (A | mounts in 000' | s) | | | |
|--|----------------|--------|--------|--------|---------------|
| | OPE | RS | ST | RS | Total |
| Proportionate share of the net pension liability | \$ 3 | 84,320 | \$ | 9,136 | \$ 393,456 |
| Proportion of the net pension liability | 2.5953 | 8251% | 0.0714 | 45594% | |
| Pension expense | \$ | 16,504 | \$ | (597) | \$ 15,907 |

Note 14 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)

At December 31, 2021, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

| | (| OPERS | S | TRS | Total |
|---|----|---------|----|-------|---------------|
| Deferred Outflows of Resources | | JI EKS | 6 | IKS | Totai |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ | - | \$ | 282 | \$ 282 |
| Assumption changes | | - | | 2,535 | 2,535 |
| Change in proportionate share | | 31,171 | | - | 31,171 |
| County contributions subsequent to the measurement date | | 50,696 | | 667 | 51,363 |
| Total deferred outflows of resources | \$ | 81,867 | \$ | 3,484 | \$ 85,351 |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources | | | | | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ | 16,076 | \$ | 57 | \$ 16,133 |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments | | 149,797 | | 7,874 | 157,671 |
| Change in proportionate share | | 6,074 | | 859 | 6,933 |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | \$ | 171,947 | \$ | 8,790 | \$ 180,737 |

Of the amount reported as deferred outflows of resources, \$51,363,000 related to pension resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending December 31, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

| | | (Amounts in | 000' | s) | |
|--------------------------|----|-------------|------|---------|-----------------|
| | | OPERS | | STRS | Total |
| Year ending December 31: | | | | | |
| 2022 | \$ | (48,611) | \$ | (1,674) | \$ (50,285) |
| 2023 | | (10,673) | | (1,365) | (12,038) |
| 2024 | | (61,062) | | (1,350) | (62,412) |
| 2025 | _ | (20,430) | | (1,584) | (22,014) |
| Total | \$ | (140,776) | \$ | (5,973) | \$ (146,749) |
| | | | | | |

Note 14 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions - OPERS

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial-reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020, using the following actuarial assumptions and methods applied to all prior periods included in the measurement in accordance with the requirements of GASB 67.

| Experience Study | 5 – year period ended December 31, 2015 |
|---|--|
| Actuarial Cost Method | Individual entry age |
| Investment Rate of Return | 7.2 percent |
| Wage Inflation | 3.25 percent |
| Projected Salary Increases, including inflation | 3.25 to 10.75 percent includes wage inflation at |
| | 3.25 percent |
| Cost-of-living Adjustments: | |
| Pre-January 7, 2013 Retirees | 3.0 percent simple |
| Post-January 7, 2013 Retirees | 0.5 percent simple through 2021, then 2.15 |
| | percent, simple |

Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Employees mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for disabled retirees are based on the RP-2014 Disabled mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for disabled retirees are based on the RP-2014 Disabled mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to all of the above described tables.

Note 14 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)

The allocation of investment assets with the Defined Benefit portfolio is approved by the Board as outlined in the annual investment plan. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined benefit pension plans. The long-term expected rate of return on defined benefit investment assets was determined using the building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return were provided by the Board's investment consultant. For each major asset class that is included in the Defined Benefit portfolio's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2020, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

| Asset Class | Target Allocation | Weighted Average Long- Term Expected Real Rate of Return (Arithmetic) |
|------------------------|-------------------|---|
| Fixed Income | 25.00 % | 1.32 % |
| Domestic Equities | 21.00 | 5.64 |
| Real Estate | 10.00 | 5.39 |
| Private Equity | 12.00 | 10.42 |
| International Equities | 23.00 | 7.36 |
| Other Investments | 9.00 | 4.75 |
| Total | 100.00 % | 5.43 % |

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.2 percent for the Traditional Pension Plan, Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the Traditional Pension Plan, Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Note 14 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)

Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.2 percent, and the County's proportionate share of the expected net pension liability if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1.0 percent lower or 1.0 percent higher than the current rate.

| | (Amounts in 0 | 000's) | | | | |
|---|---------------------|---------|-----------------------|---------|---------------------|--------|
| | | Current | | | | |
| | 1% Decrease 6.2% | | Discount Rate 7.2% | | 1% Increase 8.2% | |
| County's proportionate share of the net pension liability | \$ | 733,092 | \$ | 384,320 | \$ | 94,316 |

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation are presented below.

| Inflation | 2.5 percent | |
|----------------------------|--|--|
| Projected Salary Increases | 12.5 percent at age 20 to 2.5 percent at age 65 | |
| Payroll Increases | 3.0 percent | |
| Investment Rate of Return | 7.0 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation | |
| Discount rate of return | 7.0 percent | |
| Cost-of-living Adjustments | 0.0 percent | |

Post-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Tables with 50 percent of rates through age sixty-nine, 70 percent of rates between ages seventy and seventy-nine, 90 percent of rates between ages eighty and eighty-four, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation are based on the results of the latest available actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

Note 14 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)

STRS Ohio's investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

| Asset Class | Target Allocation | Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return * |
|----------------------|----------------------|---|
| Domestic Equity | 28.00 % | 7.35 % |
| International Equity | 23.00 | 7.55 |
| Alternatives | 17.00 | 7.09 |
| Fixed Income | 21.00 | 3.00 |
| Real Estate | 10.00 | 6.00 |
| Liquidity Reserves | 1.00 | 2.25 |
| Total | 100.00 % | |

* Ten year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25 percent and does not include investment expenses. Over a thirty-year period, STRS Ohio's investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.0 percent as of June 30, 2021. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with the rates described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, STRS Ohio's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2021. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.0 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2021.

Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount *Rate* The following table presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability as of June 30, 2021, calculated using the discount rate of 7.0 percent, and the County's proportionate share of the expected net pension liability if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1.0 percent lower or 1.0 percent higher than the current rate.

| | (Amounts in 0 | 00's) | | | | |
|---|---------------|------------------|-------|-----------------------------|-------|------------------|
| | - / * · | Decrease 5.0% | Disco | urrent ount Rate 7.0% | - / - | Increase 8.0% |
| County's proportionate share of the net pension liability | \$ | 17,109 | \$ | 9,136 | \$ | 2,399 |

Note 15 – Postemployment Benefits

Net OPEB Liability/Asset

Plan Description - Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Plan Description – County employees participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system comprised of three separate pension plans: the Traditional Pension Plan, a defined benefit pension plan; the Combined Plan, a combination defined benefit/defined contribution plan; and the Member-Directed Plan, a defined contribution plan. While members (i.e. County employees) may elect the Member-Directed Plan or the Combined Plan, substantially all employee members are in OPERS' Traditional Plan; therefore, the following disclosure focuses on the Traditional Pension Plan.

OPERS maintains a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care trust, which funds multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage and deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement to qualifying benefit recipients of both the traditional pension and the combined plans. This trust is also used to fund health care for member-directed plan participants, in the form of a Retiree Medical Account (RMA). At retirement or refund, member-directed plan participants may be eligible for reimbursement of qualified medical expenses from their vested RMA balance.

In order to qualify for postemployment health care coverage, age and service retirees under the traditional pension and combined plans must have twenty or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by OPERS meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement No. 75. See OPERS' financial report referenced below for additional information.

The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, OPERS to offer post-employment health care coverage to its eligible benefit recipients. Authority to establish and amend health care coverage is provided to the OPERS Board in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Disclosures for the health care plan are presented separately in the OPERS financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by visiting <u>https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml</u>, or by writing to Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling 800-222-7377.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority requiring public employers to fund postemployment health care through their contributions to OPERS. When funding is approved by OPERS' Board, a portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside to fund OPERS health care plans. Beginning in 2018, health care is not being funded.

Note 15 – Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the earnable salary of active members. In 2021, state and local government employers contributed at a rate of 14.0 percent of earnable salary and public safety and law enforcement employers contributed at 18.1 percent. These are the maximum employer contribution rates permitted by the Ohio Revised Code. Active member contributions do not fund health care.

Each year, the OPERS' Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside to fund health care plans. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for members in the traditional plan and combined plan was 0.0 percent during calendar year 2021. As recommended by OPERS' actuary, the portion of employer contributions allocated to health care beginning January 1, 2022 remained at 0.0 percent for both plans. The OPERS Board is also authorized to establish rules for the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries to pay a portion of the health care provided. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected. The employer contribution as a percentage of covered payroll deposited into the RMA for participants in the Member-Directed Plan for 2020 was 4.0 percent.

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. For 2021, the County had no contractually required contribution.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – The State Teachers Retirement System (STRS) of Ohio administers a cost-sharing, multiple-employer health care plan for eligible retirees who participated in the Defined Benefit or Combined Pension Plans offered by STRS Ohio. Ohio law authorizes the State Teachers Retirement Board to offer this plan. Coverage under the current program includes hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Pursuant to the Ohio Revised Code, the Retirement Board has discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the associated health care costs will be absorbed by the plan. All benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care costs of prescription drugs for Medicare beneficiaries. This program allows STRS Ohio to recover part of the cost for providing prescription coverage since all eligible STRS Ohio health care plans include creditable prescription drug coverage. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which can be obtained by writing to State Teachers Retirement System, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus Ohio 43215-3771, or by visiting the STRS Ohio website at www.strsoh.org.

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. The employer and member contribution rates are 14.0 percent of covered payroll. Under Ohio law, funds to pay health care costs may be deducted from employer contributions. For the year ended June 30, 2021, no employer allocation was made to the health care fund.

Note 15 – Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

Net OPEB Liability/Asset

The net OPEB liability/asset and total OPEB liability/asset for OPERS were determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2020, by incorporating the expected value of health care cost accruals, the actual health care payments, and interest accruals during the year for the defined benefit health care plans. STRS Ohio total OPEB liability/asset was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total net OPEB liability/asset used to calculate the net OPEB liability/asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The County's proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset was based on the County's share of contributions to the retirement plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share:

| | (Amounts in 0 | 000's) | | | |
|---|---------------|-----------|------|---------|-----------------|
| | C | OPERS | S | TRS | Total |
| Proportionate share of the net OPEB asset | \$ | 45,255 | \$ | 1,507 | \$ 46,762 |
| Proportion of the net OPEB asset | 2.54 | 4016065% | 0.07 | 145594% | |
| OPEB expense | \$ | (268,815) | \$ | (127) | \$ (268,942) |

At December 31, 2021, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

| (Amo | unts in (| 000's) | | | |
|--|-----------|---------|----|-------|---------------|
| | | OPERS | S | TRS | Total |
| Deferred Outflows of Resources | | | | | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ | - | \$ | 54 | \$ 54 |
| Assumption changes | | 22,248 | | 96 | 22,344 |
| Change in proportionate share | | 12,563 | | - | 12,563 |
| Total deferred outflows of resources | \$ | 34,811 | \$ | 150 | \$ 34,961 |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources | | | | | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ | 40,842 | \$ | 276 | \$ 41,118 |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments | | 24,104 | | 417 | 24,521 |
| Assumption changes | | 73,327 | | 899 | 74,226 |
| Change in proportionate share | | 1,796 | | 66 | 1,862 |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | \$ | 140,069 | \$ | 1,658 | \$ 141,727 |

Note 15 – Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

Of the amount reported as deferred outflows of resources, none related to OPEB's resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability/asset in the year ending December 31, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

| | (Amounts in | . 000´s |) | |
|--------------------------|-----------------|---------|---------|-----------------|
| | OPERS | | STRS | Total |
| Year ending December 31: | | | | |
| 2022 | \$ (54,654) | \$ | (433) | \$ (55,087) |
| 2023 | (37,289) | | (422) | (37,711) |
| 2024 | (10,475) | | (415) | (10,890) |
| 2025 | (2,840) | | (179) | (3,019) |
| 2026 | - | | (60) | (60) |
| 2027 | - | | 1 | 1 |
| Total | \$ (105,258) | \$ | (1,508) | \$ (106,766) |

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions - OPERS

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of health care costs for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of coverage provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of costs between OPERS and plan members. The total net OPEB liability/asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2020. The actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions and methods applied to all prior periods included in the measurement in accordance with the requirements of GASB 74:

| Single Discount Rate | 6.0 percent |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Investment Rate of Return | 6.0 percent |
| Municipal Bond Rate | 2.0 percent |
| Wage Inflation | 3.25 percent |
| Projected Salary Increases | 3.25 to 10.75 percent (includes wage inflation at |
| | 3.25 percent) |
| Health Care Cost Trend Rate | 8.5 percent initial, 3.5 percent ultimate in 2035 |
| Experience Study | 5 – year period ended December 31, 2015 |
| Actuarial Cost Method | Individual entry age |
| | |

Note 15 – Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Employees mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for disabled retirees are based on the RP-2014 Disabled mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the RP-2014 Disabled mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to all of the above described tables.

The allocation of investment assets within the OPERS Health Care portfolio is approved by the Board as outlined in the annual investment plan. Assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of continuing to offer a sustainable health care program for current and future retirees. OPERS' primary goal is to achieve and maintain a fully funded status for benefits provided through the defined pension plans. Health care is a discretionary benefit. The long-term expected rate of return on health care investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return were provided by the Board's investment consultant. For each major asset class that is included in the Health Care portfolio's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2020, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

| Asset Class | Target Allocation | Weighted Average Long- Term Expected Real Rate of Return (Arithmetic) |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|---|
| Fixed Income | 34.00 % | 1.07 % |
| Domestic Equities | 25.00 | 5.64 |
| Real Estate Investment Trusts | 7.00 | 6.48 |
| International Equities | 25.00 | 7.36 |
| Other Investments | 9.00 | 4.02 |
| Total | 100.00 % | 4.43 % |

Note 15 – Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

Discount Rate A single discount rate of 6.0 percent was used to measure the net OPEB liability/asset on the measurement date of December 31, 2020. Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present value using a single discount rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments (to the extent that the health care fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and (2) a tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of twenty-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate are not met). This single discount rate was based on the actuarial assumed rate of return on the health care investment portfolio of 6.0 percent and a municipal bond rate of 2.0 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contributions were sufficient to finance health care costs through the year 2120. As a result, the actuarial assumed long-term expected rate of return on health care investments was applied to projected costs through the year 2120, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all health care costs after that date.

Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability/Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents the County's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/asset calculated using the single discount rate of 6.0 percent, and the County's proportionate share of the expected net OPEB liability/asset if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1.0 percent lower or 1.0 percent higher than the current rate.

| | (Amounts in 0 | 00's) | | | | |
|--|---------------|------------------|------|-----------------------------|-------|------------------|
| | -,. | Decrease 5.0% | Disc | urrent ount Rate 6.0% | - / 0 | Increase 7.0% |
| County's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset | \$ | 11,253 | \$ | 45,255 | \$ | 73,207 |

Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability/Asset to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate Changes in the health care cost trend rate may also have a significant impact on the net OPEB liability/asset. The following table presents the County's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/asset calculated using the assumed trend rates, and the County's proportionate share of the expected net OPEB liability/asset if it were calculated using a health care cost trend rate that is 1.0 percent lower or 1.0 percent higher than the current rate.

| | (Amounts | in 000's) | | | |
|--|----------|------------------|--------|-------------------|------------------|
| | | | Curre | nt Health | |
| | | | Care C | Cost Trend | |
| | | Decrease 7.5% | | ssumption 3.5% | Increase 9.5% |
| County's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset | \$ | 46,358 | \$ | 45,255 | \$ 44,021 |

Note 15 – Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

Retiree health care valuations use a health care cost-trend assumption that changes over several years built into that assumption. The near-term rates reflect increases in the current cost of health care; the trend starting in 2021 is 8.5 percent. If this trend continues for future years, the projection indicates that years from now virtually all expenditures will be for health care. A more reasonable alternative is the health plan cost trend will decrease to a level at, or near, wage inflation. On this basis, the actuaries project premium rate increases will continue to exceed wage inflation for approximately the next decade, but by less each year, until leveling off at an ultimate rate, assumed to be 3.5 percent in the most recent valuation.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation are presented below.

| Projected Salary Increases | 12.5 percent at age 20 to 2.5 percent at age 65 |
|----------------------------|--|
| Payroll Increases | 3.0 percent |
| Investment Rate of Return | 7.0 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation |
| Discount Rate of Return | 7.0 percent |
| Health Care Cost Trends | 5.0 to 6.5 percent initial, 4.0 percent ultimate |

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Tables with 50 percent of rates through age sixty-nine, 70 percent of rates between ages seventy and seventy-nine, 90 percent of rates between ages eighty and eighty-four, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation are based on the results of the latest available actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

The STRS Ohio health care plan follows the same asset allocation and long-term expected real rate of return for each major asset class as the pension plan, see Note 14.

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability/asset was 7.0 percent as of June 30, 2021. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes STRS Ohio continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2021. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care plan investments of 7.0 percent was applied to all periods of projected health care costs to determine the total OPEB liability/asset as of June 30, 2021.

Note 15 – Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability/Asset to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate The following table presents the County's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/asset as of June 30, 2021, calculated using the discount rate of 7.0 percent, and the County's proportionate share of the expected net OPEB liability/asset if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1.0 percent lower or 1.0 percent higher than the current rate. Also shown is the County's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/asset as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are 1.0 percent lower or 1.0 percent higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

| | | | С | urrent | | |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------|----------------------|---------------------|------|-----------------|
| | 19 | 6 Decreas | e Disco | ount Rate | 1% | Increase |
| | | 6.0% | | 7.0% | 8 | .0% |
| County's proportionate share of the | | | | | | |
| net OPEB asset | \$ | 1,2 | 71 \$ | 1,507 | \$ | 1,703 |
| | (Amounts in | 000's) | | | | |
| | (Amounts in | 000's) | Current | Health | | |
| | (Amounts in | 000's) | Current Care Cos | | | |
| | (Amounts in 1% De | | | st Trend | 1%] | Increase |
| | · | crease | Care Cos | st Trend umption | | Increase 3.0 |
| County's proportionate share of the | 1% De | crease | Care Cos Rate Ass | st Trend umption | | |

Note 16 – Conduit Debt Obligations

From time to time, the County has issued Hospital, Housing and Industrial Revenue Bonds to provide financial assistance to private sector entities for the acquisition and construction of facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the financed property and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the facility transfers to the private-sector entity served by the bond issuance. The County is not obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. As of December 31, 2021, there were 136 series of bonds outstanding. The aggregate principal amount payable of these series was \$3,767,780,000.

Note 17 – Tax Abatements

Pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures*, the County is required to disclose certain information about tax abatements as defined in the Statement. For purposes of GASB Statement 77, a tax abatement is a reduction in tax revenues that results from an agreement between one or more governments and an individual or entity in which (a) one or more governments promise to forgo tax revenues to which they are otherwise entitled and (b) the individual or entity promises to take a specific action after the agreement has been entered into that contributes to economic development or otherwise benefits the local government or its citizens. A description of each of the abatement programs utilized in the County follows.

Community Reinvestment Area (CRA) Program

The Ohio Community Reinvestment Area program is an economic development tool administered by municipal and county governments that provides real property tax exemptions for property owners who renovate existing or construct new buildings. Community Reinvestment Areas (CRA) are areas of land in which property owners can receive tax incentives for investing in real property improvements. In order to use the Community Reinvestment program, a city, village, or county petitions to the Ohio Development Services Agency (ODSA) for confirmation of a geographical area in which investment in housing has traditionally been discouraged. Once the area is confirmed by the Director of ODSA, communities may offer real property tax exemptions to taxpayers that invest in that area.

The type of development is determined by specifying the eligibility of residential, commercial and/or industrial projects. The local governments negotiate property tax exemptions on new property tax from investment for up to one hundred percent for up to fifteen years based on the amount of investments made to renovate or construct buildings within a CRA. Taxes are abated as the increase in assessed value resulting from the investment is not included (or included at a lesser amount) in the assessed value used for property tax computation for the taxpayer. For commercial projects, job retention and/or creation is also required. Agreements must be in place before the project begins. Provisions for recapturing property tax exemptions, which can be used at the discretions of the local governments, are pursuant to ORC Section 9.66(C)(1) and 9.66(C)(2).

Note 17 – Tax Abatements (Continued)

Enterprise Zone Program

The Ohio Enterprise Zone Program is an economic development tool administered by municipal and county governments that provides real property tax exemptions to businesses making investments in Ohio. Enterprise zones are designated areas of land in which businesses can receive tax incentives in the form of tax exemptions on eligible new investment. The Enterprise Zone Program can provide tax exemptions for a portion of the value of new real property investment when the investment is made in conjunction with a project that includes job creation. Existing land values and existing building values are not eligible. The zone's geographic area is identified by the local communities involved in the creation of the zone. Once a zone is defined, the local legislative authority participating in the creation must petition the Director of ODSA. The Director must then certify the area for it to become an active Enterprise Zone. Local communities may offer tax incentives for non-retail projects that are establishing or expanding operations in the State of Ohio. Tax incentives are negotiated at the local level, and an enterprise zone agreement must be in place before the project begins.

Businesses located in an Enterprise Zone may negotiate exemptions on new property tax from investment for up to seventy-five percent for ten years. For commercial projects, job retention and/or creation is also required. Taxes are abated as the increase in assessed value resulting from the investment is not included (or included at a lesser amount) in the assessed value used for property tax computation for the taxpayer. Agreements must be in place before the project begins. Pursuant to the terms of such agreements, if the actual number of employee positions created or retained by the business in any three-year period during which the agreement is in effect is not equal to or greater than seventy-five percent of the number of employee positions estimated to be created or retained under the agreement, the business shall repay the amount of taxes on property that would have been payable had the property not been exempted. In addition, the local governments may terminate or modify the exemptions from taxation granted under the agreement if the terms of the agreement are not met.

Note 17 – Tax Abatements (Continued)

Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Program

The air and noise pollution control tax exemption program was originally established by legislation in 1963. The program allows property owners to receive tax exemptions for the installation of air or noise pollution control property and is administered by the Ohio Department of Taxation. As part of the tax exemption application process, the Ohio EPA is required to provide a technical evaluation and review of any property sought for tax exemption status.

A summary of the property taxes foregone by the County for abatement programs within the County for the year ended December 31, 2021 follows:

| (Amounts in 000's) | | |
|------------------------------|----|--------|
| Program | A | mount |
| Community Reinvestment Areas | \$ | 20,804 |
| Enterprise Zones | | 1,454 |
| EPA | | 432 |
| | \$ | 22,690 |

Abated property taxes by County agency:

| Agency | A | mount | | |
|-------------------------------------|----|-------|--|--|
| General | \$ | 2,305 | | |
| Board of Developmental Disabilities | | 8,952 | | |
| Children Services Board | | 6,370 | | |
| ADAMH Board | | 2,814 | | |
| Senior Services | | 2,249 | | |
| Senior Services | \$ | 2,24 | | |

Note 18 – Fund Balances

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented on the below.

| | General | FCBDD | Children Services Board | ADAMH Board | Other Governmental Funds | Total Governmental Funds |
|------------------------|------------|------------|-------------------------------|----------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Nonspendable | | | | | | |
| Inventories | \$ 3,325 | \$ 208 | \$ 120 | \$ - | \$ 2,480 | \$ 6,133 |
| Long term receivables | 1,473 | | - | | - | 1,473 |
| Total nonspendable | 4,798 | 208 | 120 | - | 2,480 | 7,606 |
| Restricted for: | | | | | | |
| Judicial | - | - | - | - | 18,879 | 18,879 |
| Public safety | 3,111 | - | - | - | 23,336 | 26,447 |
| Human services | - | - | 157,466 | - | 88,081 | 245,547 |
| Health | - | 379,448 | - | 50,896 | - | 430,344 |
| Public works | - | - | - | - | 18,485 | 18,485 |
| Community development | - | - | - | - | 3 | 3 |
| Real estate assessment | - | - | - | - | 13,320 | 13,320 |
| Capital improvements | - | - | - | - | 2,715 | 2,715 |
| Debt service payments | - | - | - | - | 568 | 568 |
| Other | 967 | - | - | - | 12,939 | 13,906 |
| Total restricted | 4,078 | 379,448 | 157,466 | 50,896 | 178,326 | 770,214 |
| Committed to: | | | | | | |
| Debt service payments | 15,872 | - | - | - | - | 15,872 |
| Claims | 10,667 | - | - | - | - | 10,667 |
| Pledges | 3,644 | - | - | - | - | 3,644 |
| Capital improvements | 87,838 | - | - | - | 105,493 | 193,331 |
| 27th Pay | 4,500 | - | - | - | - | 4,500 |
| Other purposes | 21,711 | - | - | - | 124 | 21,835 |
| Total committed | 144,232 | - | - | - | 105,617 | 249,849 |
| Assigned to: | | | | | | |
| Debt service payments | - | - | - | - | 97 | 97 |
| Other purposes | 25,817 | - | - | - | - | 25,817 |
| Total assigned | 25,817 | - | - | - | 97 | 25,914 |
| Unassigned (deficit) | 252,691 | | | | (179) | 252,512 |
| Total fund balance | \$ 431,616 | \$ 379,656 | \$ 157,586 | \$ 50,896 | \$ 286,341 | \$ 1,306,095 |

Note 19 – Component Units

Two discretely presented component units are included within the reporting entity of the County. Condensed financial statements follow:

| | F | CTID | stadium nd Team | Total | | |
|----------------------------------|----|-------|--------------------|-------|--------|--|
| Assets: | | | | | | |
| Current and other assets | \$ | 2,620 | \$ 24,923 | \$ | 27,543 | |
| Capital assets, net | | - | 3,398 | | 3,398 | |
| Total assets | | 2,620 | 28,321 | | 30,941 | |
| Liabilities: | | | | | | |
| Current and other liabilities | | 907 | 1,538 | | 2,445 | |
| Due to primary government | | - | 250 | | 250 | |
| Long-term liabilities | | - | 4,399 | | 4,399 | |
| Total liabilities | | 907 | 6,187 | | 7,094 | |
| Net position: | | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | | - | 3,148 | | 3,148 | |
| Restricted | | 1,035 | - | | 1,035 | |
| Unrestricted (deficit) | | 678 | 18,986 | | 19,664 | |
| Total net position | \$ | 1,713 | \$ 22,134 | \$ | 23,847 | |

Condensed Statement of Activities (Amounts in 000's)

| | F | CTID | tadium d Team | Total | | |
|------------------------------------|----|-------|------------------|-------|--------|--|
| Expenses: | \$ | 1,236 | \$ 9,844 | \$ | 11,080 | |
| Program revenues: | | | | | | |
| Charges for services | | - | 10,692 | | 10,692 | |
| Operating grants and contributions | | - | 3,000 | | 3,000 | |
| Capital grants and contributions | | 633 | - | | 633 | |
| | | 633 | 13,692 | | 14,325 | |
| Net program revenues (expenses) | | (603) | 3,848 | | 3,245 | |
| Other general revenues | | 47 | 585 | | 632 | |
| Change in net position | | (556) | 4,433 | | 3,877 | |
| Net position - beginning | | 2,269 | 17,701 | | 19,970 | |
| Net position - ending | \$ | 1,713 | \$ 22,134 | \$ | 23,847 | |

Note 20 – Joint Ventures

Franklin County and the City of Columbus (the City) participate in the following three joint ventures.

Columbus/Franklin County Affordable Housing Trust Corporation (AHT) The AHT is a nonprofit corporation created in 2000 to promote home ownership and affordable rental housing opportunities in the County and City. The AHT Board is appointed jointly by the Franklin County Board of Commissioners and the Mayor of the City of Columbus, and receives annual support from the County and City, including \$5,200,065 from the County in 2021. AHT will receive annual funding from the County as long as the current agreement continues. Complete financial statements may be obtained from AHT at 110 North 17th Street, Columbus, Ohio 43203.

Franklin Park Conservatory Joint Recreation District (Conservatory District) The Conservatory District was created in 1990 pursuant to the authority contained in ORC Section 755.14 (B), and is dedicated to the promotion of environmental appreciation and ecological awareness. There is an ongoing financial responsibility on the part of the County and the City, whereby both the County and the City provide annual operating subsidies. The County provided \$88,800 in 2021. Complete financial statements can be obtained from Franklin Park Conservatory Joint Recreation District, 1777 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43203.

Columbus-Franklin County Finance Port Authority (Finance Authority) The Finance Authority was created in 2006 pursuant to the authority contained in ORC Sections 4582.21 through 4582.59, to serve economic development needs. The County and City have committed to provide subsidies to the Finance Authority. The County provided an operating subsidy of \$1,000,000 in 2021 for energy improvement projects. Audited financial statements for the Finance Authority may be obtained from The Columbus-Franklin County Finance Authority, 350 East First Avenue, Suite 120, Columbus, Ohio 43201.

Note 20 – Joint Ventures (Continued)

A summary of the financial position for the AHT, the Conservatory District and the Finance Authority follows:

| | AHT | nservatory District | Finance authority |
|---|--------------|------------------------|----------------------|
| Assets: | | | lutionity |
| Cash, cash equivalents, and investments | \$ 33,215 | \$ 3,762 | \$ 63,261 |
| Other assets | 73,277 | 2,280 | 124,594 |
| Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation | 12 | 27,208 | 16 |
| Total assets | 106,504 | 33,250 | 187,871 |
| Total deferred outflows of resources | - | 762 | 255 |
| Liabilities: | | | |
| Current liabilities | 420 | 2,366 | 135 |
| Noncurrent liabilities | 18,078 | 4,702 | 150,228 |
| Total liabilities | 18,498 | 7,068 | 150,363 |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | - | 5,291 | 328 |
| Net position: | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | 12 | 25,717 | 16 |
| Restricted | 77,529 | 1,010 | 25,811 |
| Unrestricted | 10,465 | (5,074) | 11,608 |
| Total net position | \$ 88,006 | \$ 21,653 | \$ 37,435 |

Note 21 – Related Organizations and Other Agreements

Central Ohio Community Improvement Corporation The Commissioners are responsible for the appointments of two of the seven trustees for the Central Ohio Community Improvement Corporation; the Treasurer makes one appointment. The County has no further accountability for this organization.

Columbus and Franklin County Metropolitan Park District The Columbus and Franklin County Metropolitan Park District (Metro Parks) was organized under ORC Chapter 1545. Metro Parks is a separate political subdivision and is governed by a three-member Board of Park Commissioners, appointed in a non-authoritative manner by the Franklin County Probate Judge. The Board of Park Commissioners adopts the annual budget. Metro Parks' operations are autonomous.

Columbus Metropolitan Housing Authority The County and the City of Columbus jointly formed the Columbus Metropolitan Housing Authority (CMHA). CMHA is a separate body from the City and the County, with no oversight or accountability by the County for CMHA's management or operations.

Columbus Metropolitan Library The Commissioners are responsible for a majority of the board appointments for the Columbus Metropolitan Library. The County has no further accountability or oversight for the library's operation.

Note 21 – Related Organizations and Other Agreements (Continued)

Franklin County Convention Facilities Authority The Commissioners appoint a majority of the board members of the Franklin County Convention Facilities Authority (CFA) but have no further accountability for it. The CFA is a separate and distinct legal entity. Neither the County nor the City of Columbus is responsible for the operation of CFA or of the Greater Columbus Convention Center (Convention Center).

Franklin County Convention Facilities Authority bonds outstanding as of December 31, 2021, are as follows:

| | • | Convetion Fa | | • | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------|----------------|-------|-----|----------|----------|---------|
| | (An | nounts in 00 | 0's) | | | | | |
| | Beginning Balance Additions Re | | | - | | | Ending | |
| | E | Balance | Addi | tions | Rec | luctions | <u> </u> | Balance |
| Convention Center Fund | ¢ | 11.000 | <i></i> | | ¢ | | ٠ | |
| Series 2010 Parking Garage | \$ | 14,633 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 14,63 |
| Series 2014 Parking Garage | | 15,000 | | - | | - | | 15,00 |
| Series 2014 Renovation and Refunding | | 25,305 | | - | | - | | 25,30 |
| Series 2015 Refudning | | 22,725 | | - | | - | | 22,72 |
| Series 2017 Refunding | | 1,430 | | - | | - | | 1,43 |
| Series 2018 Parking Garage | | 18,000 | | - | | - | | 18,00 |
| Series 2019 Parking Garage | | 6,000 | | - | | - | | 6,00 |
| Series 2020A Refunding | | 6,700 | | - | | - | | 6,70 |
| Series 2020B Refunding | | 196,005 | | - | | - | | 196,00 |
| | | 305,798 | | - | | - | | 305,79 |
| Unamortized premiums | | 3,274 | | - | | (361) | - | 2,91 |
| Total Convention Center Fund | | 309,072 | | - | | (361) | | 308,71 |
| Hotel Fund | | | | | | | | |
| Series 2010 Lease Revenue | | 146,495 | | - | | (3,250) | | 143,24 |
| Series 2019 Hotel Revenue | | 151,815 | | - | | - | | 151,81 |
| Series 2019 Lease Appropriation | | 91,765 | | - | | - | | 91,76 |
| | | 390,075 | | - | | (3,250) | | 386,82 |
| Unamortized premiums | | 42,740 | | - | | (1,383) | | 41,35 |
| Total Hotel Fund | | 432,815 | | - | | (4,633) | | 428,18 |
| Arena Fund | | | | | | | | |
| First Lien Lease Revenue | | 5,293 | | - | | (900) | | 4,39 |
| Series 2020 Refunding | | 51,500 | | - | | - | | 51,50 |
| Total Arena Fund | - | 56,793 | | - | | (900) | | 55,89 |
| | \$ | 798,680 | \$ | _ | \$ | (5,894) | \$ | 792,78 |

In conjunction with the 2010 bond issue, the CFA has agreed to lease the project to the County and the County has agreed to sublease the project back to the CFA. The lease requires the County to pay rent to the CFA equal to the aggregate principal and interest required to be paid on the Series 2010 bonds. Under the sublease, the CFA has agreed to make rental payments to the County for the same amount.

Note 21 – Related Organizations and Other Agreements (Continued)

In December 2011, the County authorized the execution and delivery of a lease and a sub-lease agreement with the CFA and the City for the purpose of financing the purchase of Nationwide Arena and future improvements thereto and to approve loan agreements with the State of Ohio, and the issuance of Arena Lease Revenue Anticipation Bonds by CFA for such purposes. Pursuant to the lease, the County will make a rental payment in an amount equal to a percentage of the revenue it receives from the casino tax collected by the State and distributed to the County. The percentage of casino tax receipts to be paid as rent is 31 percent in 2021 and 32 percent in 2022 and thereafter. These tax collections are used to fund operations, land lease payments, real estate taxes and capital improvements of the arena. Once these obligations have been satisfied, any remaining collections will be applied to debt service. If casino tax revenues were insufficient to pay debt service, Nationwide had agreed to defer payments until revenues are available. There is no obligation on the part of the Authority to cover outstanding debt for the arena if casino tax collections prove inadequate.

In January 2018, the Authority amended the first lien arena lease revenue bonds agreement, dated March 28, 2012, with the Ohio Development Services Agency. In accordance with the amendment, \$5,000,000 in principal of the bonds, together with all servicing fees and all interest accruing on the bonds, originally having \$1,000,000 annual payments due December 31, 2017-2021, will be satisfied and replaced by: (1) \$1,000,000 payable in five annual cash payments; and (2) at least \$4,000,000 in payments in cash or in-kind in the form of advertising. The annual cash payment of \$200,000 per year for five years shall be due on or before December 31 of each year beginning in calendar year 2017, except for calendar year 2017, for which payment shall be due 30 days after receipt of a written invoice from the Ohio Development Services Agency. The additional \$4,000,000 in payments in cash or in-kind in the form of advertising shall be due on or before December 31 of each year in calendar years 2018 through 2030 in amounts ranging from \$32,000 to \$389,000 per year. During the year, the Authority's principal balance was reduced by \$0 for in-kind advertising.

In May 2020, in order to address a shortfall in parking revenues resulting from the COVID-19 pandemic, the Authority entered into an investment modification agreement with the Franklin County Treasurer to modify the terms of the remaining Series 2011, Series 2014, Series 2018 and Series 2019 Parking Garage bonds, which were purchased by the Franklin County Treasurer. As a result of this modification the maturity dates were deferred, and the interest rates were reduced by 1.0 percent.

Franklin County Family and Children First Council The operation of the Franklin County Family and Children First Council is controlled by an oversight committee. The chair of the County Commissioners serves on the committee. The Educational Service Center of Central Ohio is the administrative and fiscal agent for the Council.

Franklin County Healthier Buckeye Council The Commissioners established this organization which generally shall promote cooperation and coordination to maximize opportunities for individuals and families to achieve and maintain optimal health in all aspects, thereby achieving greater productivity and reducing reliance on publicly funded assistance programs. The council will institute programs to demonstrate success in moving individuals and families towards self-sufficiency and to promote care coordination among physical and behavioral health, social, employment, education and housing service providers.

Note 21 – Related Organizations and Other Agreements (Continued)

Friends of the Shelter Friends of the Shelter is a not-for-profit organization with a self-appointing board. Money raised by Friends of the Shelter supports various programs at the Franklin County Animal Shelter. The amount of funding is immaterial to the Dog and Kennel special revenue fund. The County is not financially accountable for the organization, nor does the County approve the organization's budget.

Housing of City Prisoners Under the terms of an agreement between the County and the City of Columbus, the County provides housing and medical treatment to persons incarcerated under City ordinances. For this service, the City has agreed to pay its proportionate share of the jail's costs. During 2021, the General Fund realized revenue of \$1,839,000 under this agreement.

Rise Together Innovation Center The Rise Together Innovation Center is a not-for-profit organization established to carry of the Rise Together Blueprint for Reducing Poverty in Franklin County. Its mission is to find paths toward economic sustainability for the citizens of the County who live at or below 200 percent of the federal poverty levels. The United Way of Central Ohio is acting as fiscal sponsor of the innovation center for the purpose of soliciting and receiving funds, grants contributions and other revenues in support of its programs and ongoing work.

Workforce Development Board of Central Ohio The Workforce Development Board (WDB) of Central Ohio, Inc., located in Columbus, Ohio was incorporated in January 2016 and empowered by the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (WIOA). Members of the Board are appointed by the Mayor of Columbus and the Franklin County Board of Commissioners and serve as the local-policy making entity tasked with supporting local businesses through the education and training of the Central Ohio workforce.

Note 22 – Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19)

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in early March 2020 due to the global Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) pandemic. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the County. The County's investment portfolio and the investments of the pension and other employee benefit plans in which the County participates fluctuate with market conditions, and due to market volatility, the amount of gains or losses that will be recognized in subsequent periods, if any, cannot be determined. In addition, the impact on the County's future operating costs, revenues, and any recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

During 2021 the County received \$127.9 million in Coronavirus Local Fiscal Recovery Funds resulting from the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 (ARPA). The payment represents the first half of the total allocation of \$255.8 million to be received. The County expects to receive an additional \$127.9 million representing the balance of the funding in May 2022. Funds may be used to cover eligible costs incurred between March 3, 2021 and December 31, 2024, so long as the funds are obligated by December 31, 2024 and expended by December 31, 2026. Eligible costs include providing assistance to households, small businesses, and nonprofits to respond to the public health emergency or negative economic impacts of the pandemic; providing premium pay for essential workers; providing government services up to the amount of revenue lost due to the pandemic; and investments in water, sewer, and broadband infrastructure.

Note 23 – Subsequent Events

On May 23, 2022, the County received \$127.9 million from the U.S. Department of Treasury through the Coronavirus Local Fiscal Recovery Fund that was authorized by the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021. The payment represents the second half of the total allocation of \$255.8 million received by the County.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY **I**NFORMATION

Schedule of County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

| Ohio Public Employees Retirement System | | | | | | |
|--|-------------|--------------------|------------------------|--------------------|------------|------------------------------|
| Year | | 2013 | | <u>2014</u> | | <u>2015</u> |
| County's proportion of the net pension liability | | n/a | 2.4 | 2865826% | 2.42 | 286582 |
| County's proportionate share of the net pension liability | | n/a | \$ | 286,308 | \$ | 292,9 |
| County's covered payroll | | n/a | \$ | 295,585 | \$ | 298,5 |
| County's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll | | n/a | | 96.9% | | 98 |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | | n/a | | 86.4% | | 86 |
| Source: County Auditor's Office and the Ohio Public Employee | s Retiremer | nt System | | | | |
| State Teachers Retirement System | | | | | | |
| Fiscal year | <u>2013</u> | | <u>013</u> <u>2014</u> | | 2015 | |
| Fiscal year | | 0.09224655% | | | | |
| County's proportion of the net pension liability | 0.09 | 9224655% | 0.0 | 9224655% | 0.09 | 922465 |
| | 0.09 \$ | 9224655% 26,727 | 0.0 \$ | 9224655% 22,438 | 0.09 \$ | |
| County's proportion of the net pension liability | | | | | | 25,4 |
| County's proportion of the net pension liability County's proportionate share of the net pension liability | \$ | 26,727 | \$ | 22,438 | \$ | 922465 25,4 9,3 272 |
| County's proportion of the net pension liability County's proportionate share of the net pension liability County's covered payroll County's proportionate share of the net pension liability | \$ | 26,727 10,453 | \$ | 22,438 10,302 | \$ | 25,4 9,3 |

The County implemented GASB Statement 68 in 2015.

Information prior to 2013 is not available. Schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. The schedule is reported as of the measurement date of the net pension liability.

Last Nine Years (Amounts in 000's) **Ohio Public Employees Retirement System** Year 2016 2017 2018 2.46590123% 2.48054550% County's proportion of the net pension liability 2.46223573% County's proportionate share of the net pension liability 426,491 559,966 389,150 \$ \$ \$ County's covered payroll 307,250 319,751 327,989 \$ \$ \$ County's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll 138.8% 175.1% 118.6% Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability 81.1% 77.3% 84.7% Source: County Auditor's Office and the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System State Teachers Retirement System Fiscal year 2016 2017 2018 County's proportion of the net pension liability 0.08304827% 0.08127122% 0.07844498% County's proportionate share of the net pension liability 27,799 \$ 19,306 \$ 17,248 \$ \$ 8,940 County's covered payroll 8,946 \$ 9,056 \$ County's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll 310.7% 213.2% 192.9% Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability 66.8% 75.3% 77.3% Source: County Auditor's Office and the State Teachers Retirement System

FRANKLIN COUNTY, OHIO

Schedule of County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

(Continued on next page)

Schedule of County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

| t Nine Years | | | (Amounts in 000's) | | | | | | |
|---|----------|-------------|--------------------|-------------|-------------|----------|--|--|--|
| Ohio Public Employees Retirement System | | | | | | | | | |
| Year | 2019 | | | <u>2020</u> | 2021 1 | | | | |
| County's proportion of the net pension liability | 2.4 | 9746040% | 2.3 | 6983304% | 2.5 | 9538251% | | | |
| County's proportionate share of the net pension liability | \$ | 684,007 | \$ | 468,414 | \$ | 384,320 | | | |
| County's covered payroll | \$ | 339,336 | \$ | 333,708 | \$ | 357,614 | | | |
| County's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll | | 201.6% | | 140.4% | | 107.5% | | | |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | | 74.7% | | 82.2% | | 86.9% | | | |
| Source: County Auditor's Office and the Ohio Public Employees F | Retireme | nt System | | | | | | | |
| State Teachers Retirement System | | | | | | | | | |
| Fiscal year | | <u>2019</u> | | <u>2020</u> | <u>2021</u> | | | | |
| County's proportion of the net pension liability | 0.0 | 7557992% | 0.0 | 7198992% | 0.0 | 7145594% | | | |
| County's proportionate share of the net pension liability | \$ | 16,714 | \$ | 17,419 | \$ | 9,136 | | | |
| County's covered payroll | \$ | 8,873 | \$ | 8,688 | \$ | 8,817 | | | |
| County's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll | | 188.4% | | 200.5% | | 103.6% | | | |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | | 77.4% | | 75.5% | | 87.8% | | | |

Source: County Auditor's Office and the State Teachers Retirement System



Schedule of County Pension Contributions Last Ten Years

| Last Ten Years | 101110 | 115 | | | | | (An | nounts | i n 0 (| 00's) |
|--|---------------|-------------|-------|-------------|--------|---------|------|-------------|----------------|--------|
| Ohio Public Employees Retirement S | System | | | | | | | | | |
| Year | , - | 2012 | | <u>2013</u> | , | 2014 | | <u>2015</u> | 4 | 2016 |
| Contractually required contributions | \$ | 42,494 | \$ | 38,426 | \$ | 35,824 | \$ | 36,870 | \$ | 38,370 |
| Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution | | 42,494 | | 38,426 | | 35,824 | | 36,870 | | 38,370 |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | \$ | _ | \$ | - | \$ | _ | \$ | _ | \$ | - |
| County's covered payroll | \$ 3 | 303,526 | \$ 2 | 295,585 | \$ 2 | 298,533 | \$. | 307,250 | \$3 | 19,751 |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll | | 14.0% | | 13.0% | | 12.0% | | 12.0% | | 12.0% |
| Source: County Auditor's Office and the Ohio Put | olic Emplo | oyees Retir | ement | System | | | | | | |
| State Teachers Retirement System | | | | | | | | | | |
| Fiscal year | , <u>-</u> | 2012 | | 2013 | , - | 2014 | | <u>2015</u> | 4 | 2016 |
| Contractually required contributions | \$ | 1,293 | \$ | 1,250 | \$ | 1,233 | \$ | 1,265 | \$ | 1,263 |
| Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution | | 1,293 | | 1,250 | | 1,233 | | 1,265 | | 1,263 |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| County's covered payroll | \$ | 9,946 | \$ | 9,615 | \$ | 9,485 | \$ | 9,035 | \$ | 9,021 |
| Contributions as a percentage of | | | | | | | | | | |

Source: County Auditor's Office and the State Teachers Retirement System

covered payroll

Notes: The County implemented GASB Statement 68 in 2015. The schedule is reported as of the measurement date of the net pension liability.

13.0%

13.0%

13.0%

14.0%

14.0%

Schedule of County Pension Contributions Last Ten Years

| Last Ten Years | | (Amounts in 000's) | | | | | | |
|--|------------------|--------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--|--|--|
| Ohio Public Employees Retirement S | ystem | | | | | | | |
| Year | 2017 | <u>2018</u> | <u>2019</u> | <u>2020</u> | <u>2021</u> | | | |
| Contractually required contributions | \$ 42,639 | \$ 47,507 | \$ 46,719 | \$ 50,065 | \$ 50,696 | | | |
| Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution | 42,639 | 47,507 | 46,719 | 50,065 | 50,696 | | | |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | | | |
| County's covered payroll | \$327,989 | \$339,336 | \$333,708 | \$357,614 | \$ 362,118 | | | |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll | 13.0% | 14.0% | 14.0% | 14.0% | 14.0% | | | |
| Source: County Auditor's Office and the Ohio Publ | ic Employees Ret | irement System | | | | | | |
| State Teachers Retirement System | | | | | | | | |
| Fiscal year | 2017 | <u>2018</u> | <u>2019</u> | 2020 | <u>2021</u> | | | |
| Contractually required contributions | \$ 1,262 | \$ 1,250 | \$ 1,224 | \$ 1,266 | \$ 1,247 | | | |
| Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution | 1,262 | 1,250 | 1,224 | 1,266 | 1,247 | | | |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | | | |
| County's covered payroll | \$ 9,014 | \$ 8,930 | \$ 8,743 | \$ 9,043 | \$ 8,907 | | | |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll | 14.0% | 14.0% | 14.0% | 14.0% | 14.0% | | | |

Source: County Auditor's Office and the State Teachers Retirement System

| Liability (Asset) Last Five Years | | | (Ar | nounts ir | ı 00 | 0's) | |
|--|------------|-------------|-------------|-----------|-------------|----------|--|
| Ohio Public Employees Retirement System | | | | | | | |
| Year | | <u>2017</u> | 2018 | | | 2019 | |
| County's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) | 2.4 | 1868185% | 2.43166342% | | 2.448588649 | | |
| County's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) | \$ | 244,295 | \$ | 264,060 | \$ | 319,238 | |
| County's covered payroll | \$ | 319,751 | \$ | 327,989 | \$ | 339,336 | |
| County's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll | | 76.4% | | 80.5% | | 94.1% | |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability | | 54.5% | | 54.1% | | 46.3% | |
| Source: County Auditor's Office and the Ohio Public Employees Retirer | nent Syste | m | | | | | |
| State Teachers Retirement System | | | | | | | |
| Fiscal year | | 2017 | | 2018 | | 2019 | |
| County's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) | 0.0 | 8127122% | 0.0 | 7844498% | 0.0 | 7557992% | |
| County's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) | \$ | 3,171 | \$ | (1,261) | \$ | (1,252) | |
| County's covered payroll | \$ | 9,056 | \$ | 8,939 | \$ | 8,873 | |
| County's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll | | 35.0% | | -14.1% | | -14.1% | |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability (asset) | | 47.1% | | 176.0% | | 174.7% | |
| Source: County Auditor's Office and the State Teachers Retirement Syst | em | | | | | | |

Notes: ¹Last measurement date for Ohio Public Employees Retirement System is 2020.

for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. The schedule is reported as of the measurement date of the net pension liability.

Information prior to 2017 is not available. Schedule is intended to show information

The County implemented GASB Statement 75 in 2018.

Schedule of County's Proportionate Share of the Net Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)Liability (Asset)Last Five Years(Amounts in 000's)

| Ohio Public Employees Retirement System | | | | |
|--|-------|-------------|-----|--------------------------|
| Year | | <u>2020</u> | | <u>2021</u> ¹ |
| County's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) | 2.3 | 9250225% | 2.5 | 4016065% |
| County's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) | \$ | 330,467 | \$ | (45,255) |
| County's covered payroll | \$ | 333,708 | \$ | 357,614 |
| County's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll | | 99.0% | | -12.7% |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability | | 47.8% | | 115.6% |
| Source: County Auditor's Office and the Ohio Public Employees Retirement | Syste | em | | |

State Teachers Retirement System

| Fiscal year | - | 2020 | | 2021 |
|--|------|---------|------|---------|
| County's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) | 0.07 | 198992% | 0.07 | 145594% |
| County's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) | \$ | (1,265) | \$ | (1,507) |
| County's covered payroll | \$ | 8,688 | \$ | 8,817 |
| County's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll | | -14.6% | | -17.1% |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability (asset) | | 182.1% | | 174.7% |

Source: County Auditor's Office and the State Teachers Retirement System

| Schedule of County's Other Poster Last Ten Years | 1 7 | | 5 | `` | , - | | (Amounts in 000's) | | | |
|---|----------|-------------|-------------|----------|-------------|---------|--------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Ohio Public Employees Retirement | Syster | n | | | | | | | | |
| Year | | 2012 | , | 2013 | | 2014 | - | <u>2015</u> | | <u>2016</u> |
| Contractually required contributions | \$ | - | \$ | 2,956 | \$ | 5,971 | \$ | 6,145 | \$ | 6,395 |
| Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution | | | | 2,956 | | 5,971 | | 6,145 | | 6,395 |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | \$ | _ | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | | \$ | _ |
| County's covered payroll | \$. | 303,526 | \$ 2 | 295,585 | \$ 2 | 298,533 | \$ 3 | 307,250 | \$ | 319,751 |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll | | 0.0% | | 1.0% | | 2.0% | | 2.0% | | 2.0% |
| Source: County Auditor's Office and the Ohio Pu | blic Emp | oloyees Ret | iremen | t System | | | | | | |
| State Teachers Retirement System | | | | | | | | | | |
| Fiscal year | 2012 | | <u>2013</u> | | <u>2014</u> | | <u>2015</u> | | <u>2016</u> | |
| Contractually required contributions | \$ | 99 | \$ | 96 | \$ | 95 | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution | | 99 | | 96 | | 95 | | | | - |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | \$ | | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | | \$ | - |
| County's covered payroll | \$ | 9,946 | \$ | 9,615 | \$ | 9,485 | \$ | 9,035 | \$ | 9,021 |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll | | 1.0% | | 1.0% | | 1.0% | | 0.0% | | 0.0% |

Schedule of County's Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Contributions

Source: County Auditor's Office and the State Teachers Retirement System

Notes: The County implemented GASB Statement 75 in 2018. The schedule is reported as of the measurement date of the net OPEB liability.

| ist Ten Years | | | | | | | (Amounts in 000's) | | | |
|---|-------------|-------------|-------------|-----------|-------------|--------|--------------------|---------|-------------|---------|
| Ohio Public Employees Retirement S | Syster | n | | | | | | | | |
| Year | 2017 | | <u>2018</u> | | <u>2019</u> | | <u>2020</u> | | <u>2021</u> | |
| Contractually required contributions | \$ | 3,280 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution | | 3,280 | | - | | | | - | | - |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | \$ | _ | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | _ |
| County's covered payroll | \$ 3 | 327,989 | \$3 | 39,336 | \$3 | 33,708 | \$3 | 357,614 | \$. | 362,118 |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll | | 1.0% | | 0.0% | | 0.0% | | 0.0% | | 0.0% |
| Source: County Auditor's Office and the Ohio Pul | olic Emp | ployees Ret | ireme | nt System | | | | | | |
| State Teachers Retirement System | | | | | | | | | | |
| Fiscal year | <u>2017</u> | | <u>2018</u> | | <u>2019</u> | | 2020 | | <u>2021</u> | |
| Contractually required contributions | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution | | _ | | - | | | | - | | - |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | \$ | _ | \$ | _ | \$ | _ | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| County's covered payroll | \$ | 9,014 | \$ | 8,930 | \$ | 8,743 | \$ | 9,043 | \$ | 8,907 |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll | | 0.0% | | 0.0% | | 0.0% | | 0.0% | | 0.0% |

Schedule of County's Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Contributions

Source: County Auditor's Office and the State Teachers Retirement System

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Net Pension Liability

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Net Pension Liability

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms for the period 2014 – 2021.

Changes in assumptions:

2014 - 2016: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions.

2017: The following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected total pension liability since the prior measurement date

- Reduction in actuarial assumed rate of return from 8.0% to 7.5%
- Decrease in wage inflation from 3.75% to 7.5%
- Change in future salary increases from a range of 4.25% 10.02% to 3.25% 10.75%

2018: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions.

2019: Reduction in actuarial assumed rate of return from 7.5% to 7.2%

2020: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions.

2021: The cost-of-living adjustment for post-January 7, 2013 retirees changed from 1.4% to 0.5%.

Net OPEB Liability/Asset

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms for the period 2018 – 2021.

Changes in assumptions:

2018: The single discount rate changed from 4.23% to 3.85%.

2019: The following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected total pension liability since the prior measurement date

- Single discount rate changed from 3.85% to 3.96%
- Actuarial assumed rate of return was reduced from 6.5% to 6.0%
- Municipal bond rate increased from 3.31% to 3.71%
- Health care cost trend rate increased from 7.5% to 10.0%

2020: The following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected total pension liability since the prior measurement date

- Single discount rate changed from 3.96% to 3.16%
- Municipal bond rate decreased from 3.71% to 2.75%
- Health care cost trend rate increased from 10.0% to 10.5%

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Net OPEB Liability/Asset

2021: The following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected total pension liability since the prior measurement date

- The single discount rate changed from 3.16% to 6.0%
- The municipal bond rages changed from 2.75% to 2.0%
- The health care cost trend rate changed from 10.5 percent initial to 8.5% initial with 3.5% ultimate extended to 2035

State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Net Pension Liability

Changes in assumptions:

2021: The investment and discount rate of return changed from 7.45% to 7.0%.

Net OPEB Liability/Asset

Changes in assumptions:

2021: The investment and discount rate of return changed from 7.45% to 7.0%.



Combining and Individual Fund

Statements and Schedules

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

The special revenue funds are used to account for proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than debt service, capital projects, or enterprise funds) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. A description of the nonmajor special revenue funds follows:

<u>Public Assistance</u> – This fund accounts for public assistance funding. Expenditures are restricted to provide job training and public assistance to qualified clients to pay their medical assistance providers and for certain public social services.

<u>Motor Vehicle and Gasoline Tax</u> – This fund accounts for revenue derived from taxes on gasoline and motor vehicle licenses. State law restricts expenditure of these funds to road and bridge maintenance and construction.

<u>Senior Services</u> – This fund accounts for the property taxes and grants spent for programs benefiting senior citizens.

Zoological Park – This fund accounts for the property taxes for the Columbus Zoo.

<u>Child Support Enforcement</u> – This fund accounts for the administration of the collection and distribution of voluntary and court-ordered child support payments.

<u>Real Estate Assessment</u> – This fund accounts for activities related to the appraisal of real property for tax purposes, and periodic county-wide revaluation. Funding is provided through charges to the various political subdivisions during the distribution of their property tax revenue.

Additional special revenue funds are listed below:

- Convention Center Lease (The Balance Sheet is not presented because there are no assets or liabilities at year end.)
- Justice Policy and Programs
- Economic Development and Planning
- Dog and Kennel
- Certificate of Title Administration (Budgetary only)
- Wireless Enhanced 9-1-1

- Domestic and Juvenile Court Grants
- Adult Probation and Community Corrections
- Emergency Management Agency
- Recorder Equipment (Budgetary only)
- Other Special Revenue Funds

Nonmajor Debt Service Funds

The debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of governmental resources and payment of principal and interest on long-term debt. Debt service funds are as follows:

- General Bond Retirement
- Stadium Debt Service
- Sales Tax Debt Service

Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds

The capital projects funds are used to account for the financial resources used for the acquisition, construction or renovation of facilities (other than those financed by the enterprise funds). Following are descriptions of the nonmajor capital project funds:

<u>County Justice Information System</u> – This fund accounts for costs associated with providing a case management system that will allow attorneys to file petitions and other documents electronically through the internet.

<u>Network Infrastructure</u> – This fund accounts for costs associated with capital expenditures for purchases and improvements to network related initiatives.

<u>Public Safety Center</u> – This fund accounts for costs associated with the design and construction of the Public Safety Center facility.

<u>Corrections Center</u> – This fund accounts for costs associated with the design and construction of the Corrections Center facility.

<u>Other Capital Projects</u> – This fund accounts for miscellaneous capital projects including facility renovations.

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds December 31, 2021

| | | Ionmajor cial Revenue Funds | | najor Debt rice Funds | | Ionmajor ital Projects Funds | | Total |
|---|----|-----------------------------------|----|--------------------------|----|------------------------------------|----|---------|
| Assets: Equity with County Treasurer | \$ | 179,080 | \$ | 930 | \$ | 109,396 | \$ | 289,406 |
| Cash and investments in segregated accounts | Ψ | 3,450 | Ψ | 1 | Ψ | | Ψ | 3,451 |
| Property taxes receivable, net | | 65,105 | | - | | _ | | 65,105 |
| Accounts receivable | | 978 | | _ | | _ | | 978 |
| Due from other funds | | 231 | | _ | | _ | | 231 |
| Due from component unit | | | | 250 | | _ | | 251 |
| Due from other governments | | 40,367 | | - | | _ | | 40,367 |
| Leases receivable | | | | 18,379 | | _ | | 18,379 |
| Loans receivable, net | | 2,742 | | 10,577 | | _ | | 2,742 |
| Inventories | | 2,742 | | | | | | 2,742 |
| Total assets | \$ | 2,480 | \$ | 19,560 | \$ | 109,396 | \$ | 423,389 |
| | Ψ | 274,435 | Ψ | 19,500 | ψ | 109,390 | ψ | 423,307 |
| Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances: Liabilities: | | | | | | | | |
| Accrued wages | \$ | 3,563 | \$ | _ | \$ | _ | \$ | 3,563 |
| Accounts payable | Ψ | 12,405 | Ψ | _ | Ψ | 1,148 | Ψ | 13,553 |
| Matured bonds and interest payable | | - | | 661 | | - | | 661 |
| Due to other funds | | 904 | | - | | _ | | 904 |
| Unearned revenue | | 5,416 | | _ | | _ | | 5,416 |
| Advances from other funds | | 1,053 | | 250 | | 135 | | 1,438 |
| Total liabilities | | 23,341 | | 911 | | 1,283 | | 25,535 |
| Deferred inflows of resources: | | | | | | | | |
| Property taxes | | 64,586 | | - | | - | | 64,586 |
| Leases | | - | | 17,984 | | - | | 17,984 |
| Unavailable revenue | | 28,943 | | - | | - | | 28,943 |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | | 93,529 | | 17,984 | | - | | 111,513 |
| Fund balances: | | | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | | 2,480 | | - | | - | | 2,480 |
| Restricted | | 175,043 | | 568 | | 2,715 | | 178,326 |
| Committed | | 124 | | - | | 105,493 | | 105,617 |
| Assigned | | - | | 97 | | - | | 97 |
| Unassigned | | (84) | | - | | (95) | | (179) |
| Total fund balances | | 177,563 | | 665 | | 108,113 | | 286,341 |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances | \$ | 294,433 | \$ | 19,560 | \$ | 109,396 | \$ | 423,389 |

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds December 31, 2021

(Amounts in 000's)

| | | Public ssistance | | tor Vehicle asoline Tax | Sen | ior Services | Zool | ogical Park |
|---|----|---------------------|----------|----------------------------|----------|--------------|----------|-------------|
| Assets: | ÷ | == | . | | . | | <i>.</i> | |
| Equity with County Treasurer | \$ | 16,477 | \$ | 14,071 | \$ | 72,561 | \$ | 1,612 |
| Cash and investments in segregated accounts | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Property taxes receivable, net | | - | | - | | 46,467 | | 18,638 |
| Accounts receivable | | - | | 617 | | 64 | | - |
| Due from other funds | | - | | 183 | | 3 | | - |
| Due from other governments | | 12,455 | | 20,649 | | 1,724 | | 887 |
| Loans receivable, net | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Inventories | | 50 | | 1,999 | | 2 | | - |
| Total assets | \$ | 28,982 | \$ | 37,519 | \$ | 120,821 | \$ | 21,137 |
| Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, | | | | | | | | |
| and fund balances: | | | | | | | | |
| Liabilities: | | | | | | | | |
| Accrued wages | \$ | 1,213 | \$ | 686 | \$ | 245 | \$ | - |
| Accounts payable | | 4,796 | | 906 | | 2,009 | | 1,441 |
| Due to other funds | | 5 | | 306 | | 6 | | - |
| Unearned revenue | | 2 | | - | | - | | - |
| Advances from other funds | | 165 | | - | | - | | - |
| Total liabilities | | 6,181 | | 1,898 | | 2,260 | | 1,441 |
| Deferred inflows of resources: | | | | | | | | |
| Property taxes | | - | | - | | 46,103 | | 18,483 |
| Unavailable revenue | | 6,963 | | 15,425 | | 2,483 | | 1,213 |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | | 6,963 | | 15,425 | | 48,586 | | 19,696 |
| Fund balances: | | | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | | 50 | | 1,999 | | 2 | | - |
| Restricted | | 15,788 | | 18,197 | | 69,973 | | - |
| Committed | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Unassigned | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Total fund balances | | 15,838 | | 20,196 | | 69,975 | | - |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, | | | | | | | | |
| and fund balances | \$ | 28,982 | \$ | 37,519 | \$ | 120,821 | \$ | 21,137 |

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds December 31, 2021

(Amounts in 000's)

| | Child Support Enforcement | | Real Estate Assessment | | Justice Policy and Programs | | Economic Develop ment and Planning | |
|---|------------------------------|-----------|---------------------------|--------|-----------------------------|-------|--|-------|
| Assets: | | • • • • • | . | | * | | . | |
| Equity with County Treasurer | \$ | 2,991 | \$ | 14,567 | \$ | 3,257 | \$ | 17 |
| Cash and investments in segregated accounts | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Property taxes receivable, net | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Accounts receivable | | - | | - | | 4 | | - |
| Due from other funds | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Due from other governments | | - | | - | | 667 | | 101 |
| Loans receivable, net | | - | | - | | - | | 2,742 |
| Inventories | | 8 | | 18 | | 38 | | - |
| Total assets | \$ | 2,999 | \$ | 14,585 | \$ | 3,966 | \$ | 2,860 |
| Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances: | | | | | | | | |
| Liabilities: | | | | | | | | |
| Accrued wages | \$ | 494 | \$ | 314 | \$ | 58 | \$ | 10 |
| Accounts payable | - | (98) | Ŧ | 854 | - | 451 | Ŧ | 91 |
| Due to other funds | | 300 | | 79 | | - | | - |
| Unearned revenue | | - | | - | | 1,381 | | 2,742 |
| Advances from other funds | | - | | - | | -, | | _, |
| Total liabilities | | 696 | | 1,247 | | 1,890 | | 2,843 |
| Deferred inflows of resources: | | | | | | | | |
| Property taxes | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Unavailable revenue | | - | | - | | 339 | | 101 |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | | - | | - | | 339 | | 101 |
| Fund balances: | | | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | | 8 | | 18 | | 38 | | - |
| Restricted | | 2,295 | | 13,320 | | 1,699 | | - |
| Committed | | ,_,_,_ | | - , | | - | | - |
| Unassigned | | - | | - | | - | | (84) |
| Total fund balances | | 2,303 | | 13,338 | | 1,737 | | (84) |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, | | | | | | | | |
| and fund balances | \$ | 2,999 | \$ | 14,585 | \$ | 3,966 | \$ | 2,860 |

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds December 31, 2021

(Amounts in 000's)

| | Doga | nd Kennel | | /ireless nced 9-1-1 | Juve | nestic and nile Court Grants | and C | Probation ommunity rections |
|---|----------|-----------|----|------------------------|------|------------------------------------|----------|-----------------------------------|
| Assets: | ¢ | 4 200 | ¢ | 1764 | ¢ | 6 072 | ¢ | 1 (1) |
| Equity with County Treasurer | \$ | 4,299 | \$ | 1,764 | \$ | 6,973 | \$ | 1,616 |
| Cash and investments in segregated accounts | | 1 | | - | | - | | - |
| Property taxes receivable, net | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Accounts receivable | | 3 | | - | | - | | - |
| Due from other funds | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Due from other governments | | - | | 416 | | 1,739 | | 925 |
| Loans receivable, net | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Inventories | | 83 | | - | | - | | - |
| Total assets | \$ | 4,386 | \$ | 2,180 | \$ | 8,712 | \$ | 2,541 |
| Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, | | | | | | | | |
| and fund balances: | | | | | | | | |
| Liabilities: | | | | | | | | |
| Accrued wages | \$ | 139 | \$ | - | \$ | 51 | \$ | 83 |
| Accounts payable | | 96 | | 9 | | 253 | | 102 |
| Due to other funds | | 1 | | - | | 11 | | - |
| Unearned revenue | | 1,291 | | - | | - | | - |
| Advances from other funds | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Total liabilities | | 1,527 | | 9 | | 315 | | 185 |
| Deferred inflows of resources: | | | | | | | | |
| Property taxes | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Unavailable revenue | | - | | 222 | | 1,739 | | - |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | | - | | 222 | | 1,739 | | - |
| Fund balances: | | | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | | 83 | | _ | | _ | | - |
| Restricted | | 2,776 | | 1,949 | | 6,658 | | 2,356 |
| Committed | | | | | | - | | |
| Unassigned | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ |
| Total fund balances | | 2,859 | | 1,949 | | 6,658 | | 2,356 |
| i otai tuna balances | | 2,037 | | 1,747 | | 0,000 | | 2,330 |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, | <i>ф</i> | 1.000 | ٠ | | ¢ | 0.512 | • | |
| and fund balances | \$ | 4,386 | \$ | 2,180 | \$ | 8,712 | \$ | 2,541 |

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds December 31, 2021

| | Ma | nergency nagement Agency | Other Special Revenue | | Total | |
|---|----------|--------------------------------|--------------------------|--------|----------|---------|
| Assets: | . | | ÷ | | . | 1=0.000 |
| Equity with County Treasurer | \$ | 5,220 | \$ | 33,655 | \$ | 179,080 |
| Cash and investments in segregated accounts | | - | | 3,449 | | 3,450 |
| Property taxes receivable, net | | - | | - | | 65,105 |
| Accounts receivable | | 3 | | 287 | | 978 |
| Due from other funds | | 2 | | 43 | | 231 |
| Due from other governments | | 461 | | 343 | | 40,367 |
| Loans receivable, net | | - | | - | | 2,742 |
| Inventories | | 207 | | 75 | | 2,480 |
| Total assets | \$ | 5,893 | \$ | 37,852 | \$ | 294,433 |
| Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances: | | | | | | |
| Liabilities: | | | | | | |
| Accrued wages | \$ | 37 | \$ | 233 | \$ | 3,563 |
| Accounts payable | | 776 | | 719 | | 12,405 |
| Due to other funds | | 3 | | 193 | | 904 |
| Unearned revenue | | - | | - | | 5,416 |
| Advances from other funds | | - | | 888 | | 1,053 |
| Total liabilities | | 816 | | 2,033 | | 23,341 |
| Deferred inflows of resources: | | | | | | |
| Property taxes | | - | | - | | 64,586 |
| Unavailable revenue | | 458 | | - | | 28,943 |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | | 458 | | - | | 93,529 |
| Fund balances: | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | | 207 | | 75 | | 2,480 |
| Restricted | | 4,412 | | 35,620 | | 175,043 |
| Committed | | - | | 124 | | 124 |
| Unassigned | | - | | | | (84) |
| Total fund balances | | 4,619 | | 35,819 | | 177,563 |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, | | | | | | |
| and fund balances | \$ | 5,893 | \$ | 37,852 | \$ | 294,433 |

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Debt Service Funds December 31, 2021

| | | ral Bond irement | | lium Debt Service | | ax Debt | | Total |
|---|----|---------------------|----------|----------------------|----------|---------|------------|--------|
| Assets: | ¢ | | <i>•</i> | 150 | <i>•</i> | | . | 0.20 |
| Equity with County Treasurer | \$ | 757 | \$ | 173 | \$ | - | \$ | 930 |
| Cash and investments in segregated accounts | | - | | - | | 1 | | 1 |
| Due from component unit | | - | | 250 | | - | | 250 |
| Leases receivable | | - | | 18,379 | | - | | 18,379 |
| Total assets | \$ | 757 | \$ | 18,802 | \$ | 1 | \$ | 19,560 |
| Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances: Liabilities: | | | | | | | | |
| Matured bonds and interest payable | \$ | 661 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 661 |
| Advances from other funds | | - | | 250 | | - | | 250 |
| Total liabilities | | 661 | | 250 | | - | . <u> </u> | 911 |
| Deferred inflows of resources: | | | | | | | | |
| Leases | | - | | 17,984 | | - | | 17,984 |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | | - | | 17,984 | | - | | 17,984 |
| Fund balances: | | | | | | | | |
| Restricted | | - | | 568 | | - | | 568 |
| Assigned | | 96 | | - | | 1 | | 97 |
| Total fund balance | | 96 | | 568 | | 1 | | 665 |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, | | | | | | | | |
| and fund balance | \$ | 757 | \$ | 18,802 | \$ | 1 | \$ | 19,560 |

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds December 31, 2021

(Amounts in 000's)

| | Info | nty Justice formation system | Network Infrastructure | | Public Safety Center | |
|--|------|------------------------------------|---------------------------|-------|-------------------------|--------|
| Assets: | | | | | | |
| Equity with County Treasurer | \$ | 9,588 | \$ | 3,525 | \$ | 68,969 |
| Total assets | \$ | 9,588 | \$ | 3,525 | \$ | 68,969 |
| Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances: | | | | | | |
| Liabilities: | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ | 162 | \$ | - | \$ | 986 |
| Advances from other funds | | - | | - | | - |
| Total liabilities | | 162 | | - | | 986 |
| Deferred inflows of resources: | | | | | | |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | | - | | - | | - |
| Fund balances: | | | | | | |
| Restricted | | - | | - | | - |
| Committed | | 9,426 | | 3,525 | | 67,983 |
| Unassigned | | - | | - | | - |
| Total fund balances | | 9,426 | | 3,525 | | 67,983 |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, | | | | | | |
| and fund balances | \$ | 9,588 | \$ | 3,525 | \$ | 68,969 |

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds December 31, 2021

| | Corrections Center | | Other Capital Projects | | Total | |
|--|-----------------------|-------|---------------------------|--------|-------|---------|
| Assets: | | | | | | |
| Equity with County Treasurer | \$ | 2,715 | \$ | 24,599 | \$ | 109,396 |
| Total assets | \$ | 2,715 | \$ | 24,599 | \$ | 109,396 |
| Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances: | | | | | | |
| Liabilities: | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 1,148 |
| Advances from other funds | | - | | 135 | | 135 |
| Total liabilities | | - | | 135 | | 1,283 |
| Deferred inflows of resources: | | | | | | |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | | - | | - | | - |
| Fund balances: | | | | | | |
| Restricted | | 2,715 | | - | | 2,715 |
| Committed | | - | | 24,559 | | 105,493 |
| Unassigned | | - | | (95) | | (95) |
| Total fund balances | | 2,715 | | 24,464 | | 108,113 |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, | | | | | | |
| and fund balances | \$ | 2,715 | \$ | 24,599 | \$ | 109,396 |

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Nonmajor Governmental Funds For The Year Ended December 31, 2021 (Amounts in 000's)

| Revenues: | Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds | Nonmajor Debt Service Funds | Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds | Total |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Property taxes | \$ 64,725 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 64,725 |
| Licenses and permits | \$ 04,725 2,379 | φ - | φ - | ³ 04,725 2,379 |
| Fees and charges for services | 36,204 | - | - | 36,204 |
| Fines and forfeitures | 2,019 | - | - | 2,019 |
| | | - | - | |
| Intergovernmental | 193,737 | - | - | 193,737 |
| Investment income | 27 | 836 | 30 | 893 |
| Other | 10,007 | 2,675 | 33 | 12,715 |
| Total revenues | 309,098 | 3,511 | 63 | 312,672 |
| Expenditures: Current: | | | | |
| General government | 25,692 | - | - | 25,692 |
| Judicial | 5,362 | - | - | 5,362 |
| Public safety | 28,095 | - | - | 28,095 |
| Human services | 156,459 | - | - | 156,459 |
| Health | 265 | - | - | 265 |
| Public works | 47,837 | - | - | 47,837 |
| Conservation and recreation | 20,188 | - | - | 20,188 |
| Community development | 3,439 | - | - | 3,439 |
| Capital outlays | - | - | 95,812 | 95,812 |
| Debt service: | | | | , |
| Princip al retirement | 1,515 | 22,726 | - | 24,241 |
| Interest charges | 894 | 18,645 | - | 19,539 |
| Debt issuance cost | - | 572 | - | 572 |
| Intergovernmental grants | 17,583 | - | - | 17,583 |
| Total expenditures | 307,329 | 41,943 | 95,812 | 445,084 |
| - | | | | |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | | | |
| over (under) expenditures | 1,769 | (38,432) | (95,749) | (132,412) |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | |
| Transfers in | 27,952 | 34,264 | 3,162 | 65,378 |
| Transfers out | (5,343) | - | - | (5,343) |
| Refunding bonds issued | - | 72,705 | - | 72,705 |
| Premium on issuance of debt | - | 954 | - | 954 |
| Payment to refunded bond escrow agent | - | (73,089) | - | (73,089) |
| Sale of capital assets | 24 | - | - | 24 |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | 22,633 | 34,834 | 3,162 | 60,629 |
| Net change in fund balances | 24,402 | (3,598) | (92,587) | (71,783) |
| Fund balances - beginning | 153,161 | 4,263 | 200,700 | 358,124 |
| Fund balances - ending | \$ 177,563 | \$ 665 | \$ 108,113 | \$ 286,341 |

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021 (Amounts in 000's)

Public Motor Vehicle Assistance and Gasoline Tax Senior Services Zoological Park Revenues: Property taxes \$ \$ \$ 46,304 \$ 18,421 _ Licenses and permits 105 Fees and charges for services 896 233 Fines and forfeitures 275 41,939 Intergovernmental 81,322 5,287 1,767 Investment income 16 337 Other 833 3,786 Total revenues 82,155 46,354 52,824 20,188 Expenditures: Current: General government Judicial Public safety Human services 91,446 39,297 Health Public works 46,068 Conservation and recreation 20,188 Community development Debt service: Principal retirement 1,228 287 Interest charges 894 _ Intergovernmental grants 369 Total expenditures 93,568 46,355 39,666 20,188 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (11, 413)(1)13,158 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in 8,597 Transfers out (172)Sale of capital assets 24 Total other financing sources (uses) 8,597 (148)(149)13,158 Net change in fund balances (2,816) Fund balances - beginning 18,654 20,345 56,817 Fund balances - ending 20,196 15,838 69,975 S \$ S

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021 (Amound

(Amounts in 000's)

| | Child Support Enforcement | Real Estate Assessment | Convention Center Lease | Justice Policy and Programs | |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Revenues: | | | | | |
| Property taxes | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | |
| Licenses and permits | - | - | - | - | |
| Fees and charges for services | 2,446 | 17,318 | - | 500 | |
| Fines and forfeitures | - | - | - | - | |
| Intergovernmental | 15,270 | - | - | 3,977 | |
| Investment income | - | - | - | 2 | |
| Other | 30 | 55 | 3,969 | 134 | |
| Total revenues | 17,746 | 17,373 | 3,969 | 4,613 | |
| Expenditures: | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | |
| General government | - | 16,449 | 3,969 | - | |
| Judicial | - | - | - | - | |
| Public safety | - | - | - | 2,562 | |
| Human services | 21,644 | - | - | 853 | |
| Health | - | - | - | - | |
| Public works | - | - | - | - | |
| Conservation and recreation | - | - | - | - | |
| Community development | - | - | - | - | |
| Debt service: | | | | | |
| Principal retirement | - | - | - | - | |
| Interest charges | - | - | - | - | |
| Intergovernmental grants | - | - | - | 1,949 | |
| Total expenditures | 21,644 | 16,449 | 3,969 | 5,364 | |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | | | | |
| over (under) expenditures | (3,898) | 924 | - | (751) | |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | | |
| Transfers in | 4,722 | - | - | 1,235 | |
| Transfers out | - | - | - | - | |
| Sale of capital assets | - | - | - | - | |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | 4,722 | - | - | 1,235 | |
| Net change in fund balances | 824 | 924 | - | 484 | |
| Fund balances - beginning | 1,479 | 12,414 | - | 1,253 | |
| Fund balances - ending | \$ 2,303 | \$ 13,338 | \$ - | \$ 1,737 | |

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021 (Amounts in 000's)

Economic Domestic and Wireless Juvenile Court Development Dog and Kennel and Planning Enhanced 9-1-1 Grants Revenues: Property taxes \$ \$ \$ \$ _ Licenses and permits 1,705 Fees and charges for services 384 _ _ Fines and forfeitures 146 Intergovernmental 2,452 2,423 3,982 _ Investment income 155 Other Total revenues 2,390 2,423 2,452 3,982 Expenditures: Current: General government _ _ Judicial Public safety 5,928 108 3,920 Human services Health Public works Conservation and recreation Community development 3,439 Debt service: Principal retirement _ _ Interest charges Intergovernmental grants 577 2,190 Total expenditures 4,016 5,928 2,298 3,920 Excess (deficiency) of revenues 125 over (under) expenditures (1,564)(3,538)62 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in 2,000 1,250 5,440 Transfers out Sale of capital assets 1,250 Total other financing sources (uses) 5,440 2,000 1,902 125 Net change in fund balances (314)2,062 957 Fund balances - beginning 230 1,824 4,596 Fund balances - ending (84) 2,859 1,949 6,658 S \$ \$ \$

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021 (Amounts in 000's)

| P | Adult Probation and Community Corrections | Emergency M anagement Agency | Other Special Revenue | Total |
|--------------------------------------|---|------------------------------------|--------------------------|------------|
| Revenues: | ¢ | ¢ | ¢ | ¢ (1.705 |
| Property taxes | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 64,725 |
| Licenses and permits | - | - | 569 | 2,379 |
| Fees and charges for services | 47 | 1,807 | 12,573 | 36,204 |
| Fines and forfeitures | - | - | 1,598 | 2,019 |
| Intergovernmental | 4,493 | 1,743 | 29,082 | 193,737 |
| Investment income | - | - | 9 | 27 |
| Other | - | 134 | 574 | 10,007 |
| Total revenues | 4,540 | 3,684 | 44,405 | 309,098 |
| Expenditures: | | | | |
| Current: | | | | |
| General government | - | - | 5,274 | 25,692 |
| Judicial | - | - | 5,362 | 5,362 |
| Public safety | 3,702 | 5,376 | 6,499 | 28,095 |
| Human services | - | - | 3,219 | 156,459 |
| Health | - | - | 265 | 265 |
| Public works | - | - | 1,769 | 47,837 |
| Conservation and recreation | - | - | - | 20,188 |
| Community development | - | - | - | 3,439 |
| Debt service: | | | | |
| Principal retirement | - | - | - | 1,515 |
| Interest charges | - | - | - | 894 |
| Intergovernmental grants | - | 1,344 | 11,154 | 17,583 |
| Total expenditures | 3,702 | 6,720 | 33,542 | 307,329 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | | | |
| over (under) expenditures | 838 | (3,036) | 10,863 | 1,769 |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | |
| Transfers in | - | 2,338 | 2,370 | 27,952 |
| Transfers out | - | - | (5,171) | (5,343) |
| Sale of capital assets | - | - | - | 24 |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | - | 2,338 | (2,801) | 22,633 |
| Net change in fund balances | 838 | (698) | 8,062 | 24,402 |
| Fund balances - beginning | 1,518 | 5,317 | 27,757 | 153,161 |
| Fund balances - ending | \$ 2,356 | \$ 4,619 | \$ 35,819 | \$ 177,563 |

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Nonmajor Debt Service Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021 (Amour

| | General Bond Retirement | Stadium Debt Service | Sales Tax Debt Service | Total |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|----------|
| Revenues: | | | | |
| Investment income | \$ - | \$ 834 | \$ 2 | \$ 836 |
| Other | 838 | 1,837 | - | 2,675 |
| Total revenues | 838 | 2,671 | 2 | 3,511 |
| Expenditures: | | | | |
| Debt service: | | | | |
| Principal retirement | 14,446 | 1,150 | 7,130 | 22,726 |
| Interest charges | 7,227 | 953 | 10,465 | 18,645 |
| Debt issuance costs | 569 | - | 3 | 572 |
| Total expenditures | 22,242 | 2,103 | 17,598 | 41,943 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | | | |
| over (under) expenditures | (21,404) | 568 | (17,596) | (38,432) |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | |
| Transfers in | 20,945 | - | 13,319 | 34,264 |
| Refunding bonds issued | 72,705 | - | - | 72,705 |
| Premium on issuance of debt | 954 | - | - | 954 |
| Payment to refunded bond escrow agent | (73,089) | - | - | (73,089) |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | 21,515 | | 13,319 | 34,834 |
| Net change in fund balance | 111 | 568 | (4,277) | (3,598) |
| Fund balance - beginning | (15) | - | 4,278 | 4,263 |
| Fund balance - ending | \$ 96 | \$ 568 | \$ 1 | \$ 665 |

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021 (Amounts in 000's)

County Justice Information Public Safety Network System Infrastructure Center Revenues: Investment income \$ \$ \$ _ _ _ 8 Other 8 Total revenues Expenditures: Capital outlays 1,659 67,597 2,411 Total expenditures 2,411 1,659 67,597 Excess (deficiency) of revenues (1,659) over (under) expenditures (2,411) (67,589) Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in 2,162 2,162 Total other financing sources (uses) _ Net change in fund balances (2,411)503 (67,589) Fund balances - beginning 11,837 3,022 135,572 Fund balances - ending 9,426 \$ 3,525 \$ 67,983 \$

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021 (Amoun

| | rections Center | er Capital Projects | Total | | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|-------|----------|--|
| Revenues: | | | | | |
| Investment income | \$ (33) | \$ 63 | \$ | 30 | |
| Other | - | 25 | | 33 | |
| Total revenues | (33) | 88 | | 63 | |
| Expenditures: | | | | | |
| Capital outlays | 15,058 | 9,087 | | 95,812 | |
| Total expenditures | 15,058 | 9,087 | | 95,812 | |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | | | | |
| over (under) expenditures | (15,091) | (8,999) | | (95,749) | |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | | |
| Transfers in | - | 1,000 | | 3,162 | |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | - | 1,000 | | 3,162 | |
| Net change in fund balances | (15,091) | (7,999) | | (92,587) | |
| Fund balances - beginning | 17,806 | 32,463 | | 200,700 | |
| Fund balances - ending | \$ 2,715 | \$ 24,464 | \$ | 108,113 | |

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Major Funds – General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

(Amounts in 000's)

| | Budgeted Amounts | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|------------------|---------|-------|---------|----------------|---------------|----------|---|
| | Original | | Final | | Actual Amounts | | Fin P | ance with al Budget Positive legative) |
| Revenues: | ¢ | 202 500 | ¢ | 252 465 | ¢ | 252 465 | ¢ | |
| Sales tax | \$ | 303,500 | \$ | 353,465 | \$ | 353,465 | \$ | - |
| Property taxes | | 53,686 | | 61,863 | | 69,355 | | 7,492 |
| Licenses and permits | | 817 | | 817 | | 911 57.402 | | 94 |
| Fees and charges for services | | 48,970 | | 53,797 | | 57,403 | | 3,606 |
| Fines and forfeitures | | 1,865 | | 1,865 | | 1,725 | | (140) |
| Intergovernmental | | 47,878 | | 79,779 | | 77,063 | | (2,716) |
| Investment income | | 14,427 | | 14,457 | | 14,254 | | (203) |
| Other Total annual | | 8,598 | | 6,734 | | 6,468 | | (266) |
| Total revenues | | 479,741 | | 572,777 | | 580,644 | | 7,867 |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | | | |
| General government | | | | | | | | |
| Commissioners | | | | | | | | |
| Personal services | | 6,074 | | 3,332 | | 3,205 | | 127 |
| Fringe benefits | | 1,763 | | 1,273 | | 1,196 | | 77 |
| Materials and services | | 8,147 | | 12,655 | | 12,607 | | 48 |
| Capital outlays | | 98 | | - | | - | | - |
| Contingencies | | 5,000 | | - | | - | | - |
| Total commissioners | | 21,082 | | 17,260 | | 17,008 | | 252 |
| General services | | | | | | | | |
| Personal services | | 1,837 | | 1,853 | | 1,724 | | 129 |
| Fringe benefits | | 931 | | 934 | | 817 | | 117 |
| Materials and services | | 3,701 | | 3,981 | | 3,611 | | 370 |
| Capital outlays | | 113 | | 113 | | 44 | | 69 |
| Total general services | | 6,582 | | 6,881 | | 6,196 | | 685 |
| Public facilities management | | | | | | | | |
| Personal services | | 6,253 | | 6,188 | | 6,092 | | 96 |
| Fringe benefits | | 3,650 | | 3,415 | | 3,318 | | 97 |
| Materials and services | | 14,723 | | 15,759 | | 15,726 | | 33 |
| Capital outlays | | 35 | | 35 | | 9 | | 26 |
| Total public facilities management | | 24,661 | | 25,397 | | 25,145 | | 252 |
| Fleet management | | | | | | | | |
| Capital outlays | | 777 | | 777 | | 581 | | 196 |
| Total fleet management | | 777 | | 777 | | 581 | | 196 |

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Major Funds – General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

(Amounts in 000's)

| | Budgeted Amounts | | | |
|------------------------------|------------------|--------|----------------|---|
| | Original | Final | Actual Amounts | Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) |
| Human resources | | | | |
| Personal services | 849 | 866 | 840 | 26 |
| Fringe benefits | 423 | 426 | 391 | 35 |
| Materials and services | 811 | 811 | 619 | 192 |
| Total human resources | 2,083 | 2,103 | 1,850 | 253 |
| Community partnerships | | | | |
| Personal services | 123 | 126 | 86 | 40 |
| Fringe benefits | 54 | 55 | 32 | 23 |
| M aterials and services | 3 | 3 | - | 3 |
| Grants | 8,375 | 12,841 | 12,706 | 135 |
| Total community partnerships | 8,555 | 13,025 | 12,824 | 201 |
| Auditor | | | | |
| Personal services | 1,700 | 1,799 | 1,798 | 1 |
| Fringe benefits | 768 | 800 | 765 | 35 |
| M aterials and services | 1,101 | 1,101 | 992 | 109 |
| Capital outlays | 15 | - | - | - |
| Total auditor | 3,584 | 3,700 | 3,555 | 145 |
| Data center | | | | |
| Personal services | 5,677 | 6,101 | 6,099 | 2 |
| Fringe benefits | 2,156 | 2,292 | 2,290 | 2 |
| Materials and services | 9,002 | 8,863 | 8,863 | - |
| Capital outlays | | 1 | | 1 |
| Total data center | 16,835 | 17,257 | 17,252 | 5 |
| Recorder | | | | |
| Personal services | 2,161 | 2,205 | 2,162 | 43 |
| Fringe benefits | 1,175 | 1,182 | 1,116 | 66 |
| M aterials and services | 111 | 111 | 74 | 37 |
| Total recorder | 3,447 | 3,498 | 3,352 | 146 |
| Treasurer | | | | |
| Personal services | 1,410 | 1,514 | 1,462 | 52 |
| Fringe benefits | 702 | 712 | 673 | 39 |
| Materials and services | 583 | 583 | 502 | 81 |
| Capital outlays | 6 | 6 | 6 | |
| Total treasurer | 2,701 | 2,815 | 2,643 | 172 |
| Board of elections | | | | |
| Personal services | 5,017 | 5,799 | 5,645 | 154 |
| Fringe benefits | 1,582 | 1,635 | 1,584 | 51 |
| Materials and services | 2,654 | 2,654 | 2,654 | |
| Total board of elections | 9,253 | 10,088 | 9,883 | 205 |

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Major Funds – General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

(Amounts in 000's)

| | Budgeted Ar | nounts | | |
|---|-------------|---------|----------------|---|
| | Original | Final | Actual Amounts | Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) |
| Commissioners - risk management | | | | |
| Materials and services | 1,000 | 1,000 | 358 | 642 |
| Total commissioners-risk management | 1,000 | 1,000 | 358 | 642 |
| American Rescue Plan Act - payroll reimbursme | ent | | | |
| Personal services-vaccine incentive | - | 4,285 | 4,285 | - |
| Total American Rescue Plan Act - | | · | i | |
| payroll reimbursement | - | 4,285 | 4,285 | - |
| Total general government | 100,560 | 108,086 | 104,932 | 3,154 |
| Judicial | | | | |
| Prosecuting attorney | | | | |
| Personal services | 13,708 | 14,860 | 14,711 | 149 |
| Fringe benefits | 5,278 | 5,507 | 5,495 | 149 |
| M aterials and services | 738 | 834 | 666 | 168 |
| Total prosecuting attorney | 19,724 | 21,201 | 20,872 | 329 |
| Court of appeals | | | | |
| Materials and services | 273 | 273 | 250 | 23 |
| Total court of appeals | 273 | 273 | 250 | 23 |
| Common pleas court | | | | |
| Personal services | 13,671 | 13,878 | 13,869 | 9 |
| Fringe benefits | 6,512 | 6,263 | 6,238 | 25 |
| Materials and services | 5,412 | 3,812 | 3,733 | |
| Capital outlays | 1,776 | 2,060 | 1,496 | 564 |
| Total common pleas court | 27,371 | 26,013 | 25,336 | 677 |
| Domestic and juvenile court | | | | |
| Personal services | 18,987 | 18,374 | 18,259 | 115 |
| Fringe benefits | 10,124 | 8,787 | 8,740 | 47 |
| Materials and services | 11,313 | 8,713 | 8,643 | 70 |
| Capital outlays | 149 | 149 | 127 | 22 |
| Total domestic and juvenile court | 40,573 | 36,023 | 35,769 | 254 |
| Probate court | | | | |
| Personal services | 3,046 | 3,143 | 3,138 | 5 |
| Fringe benefits | 1,484 | 1,494 | 1,434 | 60 |
| Materials and services | 560 | 525 | 451 | 74 |
| Capital outlays | 12 | 12 | 12 | - |
| Total probate court | 5,102 | 5,174 | 5,035 | 139 |

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Major Funds – General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

(Amounts in 000's)

| | Budgeted Ar | | | |
|----------------------------------|-------------|---------|----------------|---|
| | Original | Final | Actual Amounts | Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) |
| Clerk of courts | | | | |
| Personal services | 6,011 | 6,072 | 5,684 | 388 |
| Fringe benefits | 3,490 | 3,500 | 2,905 | 595 |
| Materials and services | 922 | 922 | 521 | 401 |
| Total clerk of courts | 10,423 | 10,494 | 9,110 | 1,384 |
| Municipal court | | | | |
| Personal services | 651 | 656 | 637 | 19 |
| Fringe benefits | 200 | 201 | 195 | 6 |
| Materials and services | 1,186 | 1,186 | 1,033 | 153 |
| Total municipal court | 2,037 | 2,043 | 1,865 | 178 |
| Municipal court clerk | | | | |
| Personal services | 49 | 49 | 49 | - |
| Fringe benefits | 14 | 14 | 14 | - |
| Materials and services | 57 | 57 | 21 | 36 |
| Total municipal court clerk | 120 | 120 | 84 | 36 |
| Public defender | | | | |
| Personal services | 9,510 | 9,700 | 9,490 | 210 |
| Fringe benefits | 4,245 | 4,276 | 3,962 | 314 |
| Materials and services | 1,826 | 1,815 | 1,481 | 334 |
| Capital outlays | - | 11 | 11 | - |
| Total public defender | 15,581 | 15,802 | 14,944 | 858 |
| Total judicial | 121,204 | 117,143 | 113,265 | 3,878 |
| Public safety | | | | |
| Coroner | | | | |
| Personal services | 3,782 | 4,398 | 4,340 | 58 |
| Fringe benefits | 1,393 | 1,476 | 1,437 | 39 |
| Materials and services | 1,065 | 1,347 | 1,304 | 43 |
| Capital outlays | 22 | 22 | 19 | 3 |
| Total coroner | 6,262 | 7,243 | 7,100 | 143 |
| Sheriff | | | | |
| Personal services | 97,853 | 104,747 | 104,610 | 137 |
| Fringe benefits | 39,205 | 41,099 | 41,023 | 76 |
| Materials and services | 24,801 | 25,558 | 25,532 | 26 |
| | | | | |
| Capital outlays | 140 | 335 | 325 | 10 |
| Capital outlays Contingencies | 140 150 | 335 | 325 | 10 |

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Major Funds – General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

(Amounts in 000's)

| | Budgeted An | | | |
|--|-------------|---------|----------------|---|
| | Original | Final | Actual Amounts | Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) |
| Sheriff - rotary | 2 (77 | 0.677 | 2.626 | 5 1 |
| Personal services | 3,677 | 3,677 | 3,626 | 51 |
| Fringe benefits | 1,476 | 1,476 | 1,424 | 52 |
| Materials and services | 214 | 214 | 108 | 106 |
| Capital outlays | 56 | 56 | 17 | 39 |
| Total sheriff - rotary | 5,423 | 5,423 | 5,175 | 248 |
| Total public safety | 173,834 | 184,405 | 183,765 | 640 |
| Human services | | | | |
| Veterans' service commission | | | | |
| Personal services | 1,469 | 1,480 | 1,451 | 29 |
| Fringe benefits | 726 | 728 | 698 | 30 |
| Materials and services | 1,611 | 1,611 | 1,259 | 352 |
| Grants | 3,349 | 3,349 | 2,579 | 770 |
| Total human services | 7,155 | 7,168 | 5,987 | 1,181 |
| Public works | | | | |
| Engineer | | | | |
| Personal services | 574 | 587 | 587 | - |
| Fringe benefits | 215 | 244 | 241 | 3 |
| Materials and services | 601 | 601 | 589 | 12 |
| Capital outlays | 25 | 25 | - | 25 |
| Total public works | 1,415 | 1,457 | 1,417 | 40 |
| Community development | | | | |
| Economic development and planning | | | | |
| Personal services | 1,214 | 1,232 | 1,125 | 107 |
| Fringe benefits | 550 | 553 | 453 | 100 |
| Materials and services | 553 | 553 | 448 | 105 |
| Grants | 21,895 | 34,475 | 24,066 | 10,409 |
| Total community development | 24,212 | 36,813 | 26,092 | 10,721 |
| Capital outlays | | | | |
| | | | | |
| Public facilities management - permanent | | | | |
| improvement projects | 1.505 | 7.540 | | C 001 |
| Capital outlays | 1,525 | 7,568 | 767 | 6,801 |
| Total capital outlays | 1,525 | 7,568 | 767 | 6,801 |

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Major Funds – General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

| | | Budgeted | Amour | its | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|----|----------|-------|-----------|------|------------|----|---|
| | (| Driginal | | Final | Actu | al Amounts | Fi | iance with nal Budget Positive Negative) |
| Intergovernmental grants | | | | | | | | |
| Community partnerships | | | | | | | | |
| Intergovernmental grants | | 4,125 | | 4,125 | | 4,125 | | - |
| Economic development and planning | | | | | | | | |
| Intergovernmental grants | | 2,614 | | 2,614 | | 2,614 | | - |
| Grants - community authority | | 2,500 | | 2,500 | | 2,500 | | - |
| Total intergovernmental grants | | 9,239 | | 9,239 | | 9,239 | | - |
| Total expenditures | | 439,144 | | 471,879 | | 445,464 | | 26,415 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | | | | | | | |
| over (under) expenditures | | 40,597 | | 100,898 | | 135,180 | | 34,282 |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | | 121 | | 4,586 | | 5,071 | | 485 |
| Transfers out | | (92,085) | | (122,587) | | (67,096) | | 55,491 |
| Advances in | | - | | 571 | | 571 | | - |
| Advances out | | - | | (10,000) | | (10,000) | | - |
| Proceeds from sale of capital assets | | 17 | | 17 | | 31 | | 14 |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | (91,947) | | (127,413) | | (71,423) | | 55,990 |
| Net change in fund balance | | (51,350) | | (26,515) | | 63,757 | | 90,272 |
| Fund balance - beginning | | 299,762 | | 299,762 | | 299,762 | | |
| Fund balance - ending | \$ | 248,412 | \$ | 273,247 | \$ | 363,519 | \$ | 90,272 |

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Major Funds – Special Revenue Fund – Board of Developmental Disabilities Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2021 (Amounts in 000's)

| | Budgeted | Amour | its | | | | |
|--|---------------|--------------|----------|------|------------|----|--|
| | Original | Final Budget | | Actu | al Amounts | Fi | riance with nal Budget Positive Negative) |
| Revenues: | | | | + | | | |
| Property taxes | \$ 172,891 | \$ | 173,912 | \$ | 178,441 | \$ | 4,529 |
| Fees and charges for services | 2,099 | | 2,099 | | 2,138 | | 39 |
| Intergovernmental | 34,522 | | 34,158 | | 66,497 | | 32,339 |
| Other | 4,376 | | 4,376 | | 7,557 | | 3,181 |
| Total revenues | 213,888 | | 214,545 | | 254,633 | | 40,088 |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | | |
| Health | | | | | | | |
| Program for developmental disabilities | | | | | | | |
| Personal services | 39,906 | | 40,688 | | 39,053 | | 1,635 |
| Fringe benefits | 23,791 | | 23,919 | | 20,575 | | 3,344 |
| Materials and services | 15,074 | | 15,074 | | 10,759 | | 4,315 |
| Social services | 164,547 | | 164,547 | | 155,633 | | 8,914 |
| Capital outlays | 643 | | 643 | | 111 | | 532 |
| Total expenditures | 243,961 | | 244,871 | | 226,131 | | 18,740 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | | | | | | |
| over (under) expenditures | (30,073) | | (30,326) | | 28,502 | | 58,828 |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | | | | |
| Proceeds from sale of capital assets | 20 | | 20 | | 27 | | 7 |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | 20 | | 20 | | 27 | | 7 |
| Net change in fund balance | (30,053) | | (30,306) | | 28,529 | | 58,835 |
| Fund balance - beginning | 356,231 | | 356,231 | | 356,231 | | - |
| Fund balance - ending | \$ 326,178 | \$ | 325,925 | \$ | 384,760 | \$ | 58,835 |

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Major Funds – Special Revenue Fund – Children Services Board Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

| | Budgeted Amounts | | | | | | | |
|--|------------------|----------|----|----------|----|------------|----------|--|
| | | Original | | Final | | al Amounts | Fin F | iance with al Budget Positive legative) |
| Revenues: | | | | | | | | |
| Property taxes | \$ | 121,208 | \$ | 121,920 | \$ | 124,884 | \$ | 2,964 |
| Fees and charges for services | | 2,425 | | 2,425 | | 2,622 | | 197 |
| Intergovernmental | | 74,637 | | 74,384 | | 85,672 | | 11,288 |
| Other | | 580 | | 580 | | 739 | | 159 |
| Total revenues | | 198,850 | | 199,309 | | 213,917 | | 14,608 |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | | | |
| Human services | | | | | | | | |
| Children services board - special levy | | | | | | | | |
| Personal services | | 45,481 | | 45,954 | | 45,452 | | 502 |
| Fringe benefits | | 27,092 | | 27,318 | | 26,871 | | 447 |
| Materials and services | | 18,664 | | 18,664 | | 15,943 | | 2,721 |
| Social services | | 123,010 | | 122,710 | | 100,948 | | 21,762 |
| Capital outlays | | 555 | | 555 | | 109 | | 446 |
| Total expenditures | | 214,802 | | 215,201 | | 189,323 | | 25,878 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | | | | | | | |
| over (under) expenditures | | (15,952) | | (15,892) | | 24,594 | | 40,486 |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | | | | | |
| Proceeds from sale of capital assets | | - | | - | | 5 | | 5 |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | - | | - | | 5 | | 5 |
| Net change in fund balance | | (15,952) | | (15,892) | | 24,599 | | 40,491 |
| Fund balance - beginning | | 131,924 | | 131,924 | | 131,924 | | - |
| Fund balance - ending | \$ | 115,972 | \$ | 116,032 | \$ | 156,523 | \$ | 40,491 |

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Major Funds – Special Revenue Fund – Alcohol, Drug and Mental Health Board Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2021 (Amounts in 000's)

| | Budgeted Amounts | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------------|---------|----------|---|
| | Original | | Final | | Actual Amounts | | Fin P | ance with al Budget ositive egative) |
| Revenues: | • | | <i>.</i> | | * | | * | |
| Property taxes | \$ | 54,244 | \$ | 54,565 | \$ | 55,931 | \$ | 1,366 |
| Intergovernmental | | 25,776 | | 40,294 | | 41,922 | | 1,628 |
| Other | | 5,105 | | 5,105 | | 12,269 | | 7,164 |
| Total revenues | | 85,125 | | 99,964 | | 110,122 | | 10,158 |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | | | |
| Health | | | | | | | | |
| ADAMH Board | | | | | | | | |
| Personal services | | 4,413 | | 4,503 | | 4,182 | | 321 |
| Fringe benefits | | 1,886 | | 1,901 | | 1,620 | | 281 |
| Materials and services | | 3,008 | | 3,008 | | 2,284 | | 724 |
| Social services | | 99,031 | | 110,749 | | 97,142 | | 13,607 |
| Grants | | 50 | | 50 | | - | | 50 |
| Capital outlays | | 56 | | 10,056 | | 753 | | 9,303 |
| Total expenditures | | 108,444 | | 130,267 | | 105,981 | | 24,286 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | | | | | | | |
| over (under) expenditures | | (23,319) | | (30,303) | | 4,141 | | 34,444 |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | | - | | - | | 250 | | 250 |
| Advances in | | - | | 10,000 | | 10,000 | | - |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | - | | 10,000 | | 10,250 | | 250 |
| Net change in fund balance | | (23,319) | | (20,303) | | 14,391 | | 34,694 |
| Fund balance - beginning | | 50,084 | | 50,084 | | 50,084 | | - |
| Fund balance - ending | \$ | 26,765 | \$ | 29,781 | \$ | 64,475 | \$ | 34,694 |

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Major Funds – Special Revenue Fund – Coronavirus Local Fiscal Recovery Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2021 (Amounts in 000's)

| | | Budgeted | Amou | nts | | | | |
|--|------|----------|------------|-----------|------|------------|-----------|--------------------------------------|
| | Oriį | ginal | Fir | al Budget | Actu | al Amounts | Final Pos | ce with Budget itive ative) |
| Revenues: | | | | | | | | |
| Intergovernmental | \$ | - | \$ | 127,882 | \$ | 127,882 | \$ | - |
| Total revenues | | - | | 127,882 | | 127,882 | | - |
| Expenditures: Intergovernmental grants Commissioners Intergovernmental grants | | | | 17,572 | | 17,572 | | |
| | | - | | | | | | - |
| Total expenditures | | - | | 17,572 | | 17,572 | | - |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures | | - | | 110,310 | | 110,310 | | - |
| Other financing sources (uses): Total other financing sources (uses) | | - | . <u> </u> | | | | | - |
| Net change in fund balance | | - | | 110,310 | | 110,310 | | - |
| Fund balance - beginning | | - | | - | | | | - |
| Fund balance - ending | \$ | - | \$ | 110,310 | \$ | 110,310 | \$ | - |

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

(Amounts in 000's)

Public Assistance Fund

| | | Final | Actu | al Amounts | Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) | |
|--------------------------------------|----------|---------|----------|------------|---|-----------|
| Revenues: | . | | . | | . | (2.0.0.0) |
| Intergovernmental | \$ | 95,840 | \$ | 86,914 | \$ | (8,926) |
| Other | | 952 | | 834 | | (118) |
| Total revenues | | 96,792 | | 87,748 | | (9,044) |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | |
| Human services | | | | | | |
| Job and family services | | | | | | |
| Personal services | | 29,895 | | 29,113 | | 782 |
| Fringe benefits | | 16,624 | | 16,195 | | 429 |
| Materials and services | | 6,699 | | 5,795 | | 904 |
| Social services | | 50,866 | | 41,153 | | 9,713 |
| Capital outlays | | 2,123 | | 2,122 | | 1 |
| Total expenditures | | 106,207 | | 94,378 | | 11,829 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | | | | | |
| over (under) expenditures | | (9,415) | | (6,630) | | 2,785 |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | | 5,871 | | 8,597 | | 2,726 |
| Advances out | | (71) | | (71) | | - |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | 5,800 | | 8,526 | | 2,726 |
| Net change in fund balance | | (3,615) | | 1,896 | | 5,511 |
| Fund balance - beginning | | 14,581 | | 14,581 | | - |
| Fund balance - ending | \$ | 10,966 | \$ | 16,477 | \$ | 5,511 |

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

(Amounts in 000's)

| | Final Budget | Actual Amounts | Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|----------------|---|--|
| Revenues: | | | | |
| Licenses and permits | \$ 84 | \$ 104 | \$ 20 | |
| Fees and charges for services | 3,621 | 49 | (3,572) | |
| Fines and forfeitures | 304 | 267 | (37) | |
| Intergovernmental | 41,414 | 43,348 | 1,934 | |
| Investment income | 273 | 16 | (257) | |
| Other | 3,915 | 3,786 | (129) | |
| Total revenues | 49,611 | 47,570 | (2,041) | |
| Expenditures: | | | | |
| Current: | | | | |
| Public works | | | | |
| Engineer | | | | |
| Personal services | 13,957 | 13,721 | 236 | |
| Fringe benefits | 5,465 | 5,291 | 174 | |
| Materials and services | 16,357 | 12,055 | 4,302 | |
| Capital outlays | 27,165 | 16,085 | 11,080 | |
| Total public works | 62,944 | 47,152 | 15,792 | |
| Debt service | | | | |
| Principal retirement | 287 | 287 | - | |
| Total expenditures | 63,231 | 47,439 | 15,792 | |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | | | |
| over (under) expenditures | (13,620) | 131 | 13,751 | |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | |
| Transfers out | (287) | (172) | 115 | |
| Proceeds from sale of capital assets | 84 | 24 | (60) | |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | (203) | (148) | 55 | |
| Net change in fund balance | (13,823) | (17) | 13,806 | |
| Fund balance - beginning | 14,088 | 14,088 | | |
| Fund balance - ending | \$ 265 | \$ 14,071 | \$ 13,806 | |

Motor Vehicle and Gasoline Tax Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

(Amounts in 000's)

Senior Services Fund

| | Fin | al Budget | Actual Amounts | | Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) | |
|--------------------------------------|-----|-----------|----------------|--------|---|-------|
| Revenues: | - | | | | | |
| Property taxes | \$ | 44,570 | \$ | 45,832 | \$ | 1,262 |
| Fees and charges for services | | 1,418 | | 883 | | (535) |
| Intergovernmental | | 5,547 | | 5,399 | | (148) |
| Other | | 198 | | 352 | | 154 |
| Total revenues | | 51,733 | | 52,466 | | 733 |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | |
| Human services | | | | | | |
| Office on aging | | | | | | |
| Personal services | | 5,397 | | 5,192 | | 205 |
| Fringe benefits | | 2,758 | | 2,552 | | 206 |
| Materials and services | | 1,792 | | 1,144 | | 648 |
| Social services | | 32,815 | | 26,871 | | 5,944 |
| Grants | | 3,385 | | 3,364 | | 21 |
| Capital outlays | | 148 | | 93 | | 55 |
| Total human services | | 46,295 | | 39,216 | | 7,079 |
| Intergovernmental grants | | | | | | |
| Office on aging | | | | | | |
| Intergovernmental grants | | 369 | | 369 | | - |
| Total expenditures | | 46,664 | | 39,585 | | 7,079 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | | | | | |
| over (under) expenditures | | 5,069 | | 12,881 | | 7,812 |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | | | |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | - | | - | | - |
| Net change in fund balance | | 5,069 | | 12,881 | | 7,812 |
| Fund balance - beginning | | 58,003 | | 58,003 | | - |
| Fund balance - ending | \$ | 63,072 | \$ | 70,884 | \$ | 7,812 |

Zoological Park Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

| | Fin | al Budget | Actua | al Amounts | Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) | |
|--------------------------------------|----------|-----------|----------|------------|---|-----|
| Revenues: | . | | <i>.</i> | | . | |
| Property taxes | \$ | 17,778 | \$ | 18,226 | \$ | 448 |
| Intergovernmental | | 1,764 | 1 | 1,767 | | 3 |
| Total revenues | | 19,542 | | 19,993 | | 451 |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | |
| Conservation and recreation | | | | | | |
| Zoological Park | | | | | | |
| Materials and services | | 381 | | 242 | | 139 |
| Grants | | 19,090 | | 18,854 | | 236 |
| Total expenditures | | 19,471 | | 19,096 | | 375 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | | | | | |
| over (under) expenditures | | 71 | | 897 | | 826 |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | | | |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | _ | | - | | - |
| Net change in fund balance | | 71 | | 897 | | 826 |
| Fund balance - beginning | | 25 | | 25 | | - |
| Fund balance - ending | \$ | 96 | \$ | 922 | \$ | 826 |

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

(Amounts in 000's)

| | Fin | al Budget | Actu | al Amounts | Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) | |
|--------------------------------------|-----|-----------|----------|------------|---|---------|
| Revenues: | | | <i>.</i> | | * | (10.5) |
| Fees and charges for services | \$ | 2,820 | \$ | 2,715 | \$ | (105) |
| Intergovernmental | | 18,566 | | 15,270 | | (3,296) |
| Other | | 45 | | 30 | | (15) |
| Total revenues | | 21,431 | | 18,015 | | (3,416) |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | |
| Human services | | | | | | |
| Child support enforcement agency | | | | | | |
| Personal services | | 11,121 | | 10,536 | | 585 |
| Fringe benefits | | 6,281 | | 5,763 | | 518 |
| Materials and services | | 5,440 | | 4,518 | | 922 |
| Grants | | 1,170 | | 1,057 | | 113 |
| Total expenditures | | 24,012 | | 21,874 | | 2,138 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | | | | | |
| over (under) expenditures | | (2,581) | | (3,859) | | (1,278) |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | | 3,324 | | 4,722 | | 1,398 |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | 3,324 | | 4,722 | | 1,398 |
| Net change in fund balance | | 743 | | 863 | | 120 |
| Fund balance - beginning | | 2,128 | | 2,128 | | - |
| Fund balance - ending | \$ | 2,871 | \$ | 2,991 | \$ | 120 |

Child Support Enforcement Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

(Amounts in 000's)

| | Fina | ll Budget | Actu | al Amounts | Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) | |
|--------------------------------------|------|-----------|------|------------|---|---------|
| Revenues: | | | | | | |
| Fees and charges for services | \$ | 19,068 | \$ | 17,318 | \$ | (1,750) |
| Other | | 30 | | 59 | | 29 |
| Total revenues | | 19,098 | | 17,377 | | (1,721) |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | |
| General government | | | | | | |
| Auditor - real estate assessment | | | | | | |
| Personal services | | 6,529 | | 6,468 | | 61 |
| Fringe benefits | | 2,820 | | 2,780 | | 40 |
| Materials and services | | 12,552 | | 7,026 | | 5,526 |
| Capital outlays | | 1,635 | | 68 | | 1,567 |
| Total expenditures | | 23,536 | | 16,342 | | 7,194 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | | | | | |
| over (under) expenditures | | (4,438) | | 1,035 | | 5,473 |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | | | |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | - | | - | | - |
| Net change in fund balance | | (4,438) | | 1,035 | | 5,473 |
| Fund balance - beginning | | 13,532 | | 13,532 | | - |
| Fund balance - ending | \$ | 9,094 | \$ | 14,567 | \$ | 5,473 |

Real Estate Assessment Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

(Amounts in 000's)

| | Fina | l Budget | Actua | l Amounts | Varianc Final B Posi (Nega | Budget tive |
|--------------------------------------|------|----------|-------|-----------|-------------------------------------|----------------|
| Revenues: | | | | | | |
| Other | \$ | 3,969 | \$ | 3,969 | \$ | - |
| Total revenues | | 3,969 | | 3,969 | | - |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | |
| General government | | | | | | |
| Commissioners - convention center | | | | | | |
| Materials and services | | 3,969 | | 3,969 | | - |
| Total expenditures | | 3,969 | | 3,969 | | - |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | | | | | |
| over (under) expenditures | | - | | - | | - |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | | | |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | - | | - | | - |
| Net change in fund balance | | - | | - | | - |
| Fund balance - beginning | | - | | - | | - |
| Fund balance - ending | \$ | _ | \$ | - | \$ | - |

Convention Center Lease Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

(Amounts in 000's)

Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) Final Budget Actual Amounts Revenues: \$ 410 \$ \$ 90 Fees and charges for services 500 Intergovernmental 3,833 3,437 (396) Investment income 34 2 (32) Other 75 130 55 Total revenues 4,352 4,069 (283)Expenditures: Current: Public safety Homeland security and justice programs Personal services 1,289 1.149 140 Fringe benefits 630 552 78 Materials and services 234 121 113 Grants 3,134 1,734 1,400 Total public safety 1,731 5,287 3,556 Intergovernmental grants Homeland security and justice programs Intergovernmental grants 1,934 2,013 (79) Total expenditures 7,221 5,569 1,652 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (2,869)(1,500)1,369 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in 1,333 1,235 (98) Total other financing sources (uses) 1,235 (98) 1,333 (265) 1,271 Net change in fund balance (1,536)Fund balance - beginning 3,522 3,522 Fund balance - ending \$ 1,986 \$ 3,257 \$ 1,271

Justice Policy and Programs Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

(Amounts in 000's)

| | Fina | l Budget | Actua | ll Amounts | Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) | |
|--|------|----------|-------|------------|---|---------|
| Revenues: | \$ | 100 | \$ | | \$ | (100) |
| Fees and charges for services Intergovernmental | Ф | 8,761 | Ф | 2,840 | Ф | (5,921) |
| Total revenues | | 8,861 | | 2,840 | | (6,021) |
| i otul revenues | | 0,001 | | 2,040 | | (0,021) |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | |
| Community development | | | | | | |
| Economic development and planning | | | | | | |
| Personal services | | 221 | | 220 | | 1 |
| Fringe benefits | | 74 | | 73 | | 1 |
| Materials and services | | 88 | | 14 | | 74 |
| Grants | | 3,858 | | 3,419 | | 439 |
| Total community development | | 4,241 | | 3,726 | | 515 |
| Intergovernmental grants | | | | | | |
| Community and economic development | | | | | | |
| Intergovernmental grants | | 577 | | 577 | | - |
| Total expenditures | | 4,818 | | 4,303 | | 515 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | | | | | |
| over (under) expenditures | | 4,043 | | (1,463) | | (5,506) |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | | 100 | | 1,250 | | 1,150 |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | 100 | | 1,250 | | 1,150 |
| Net change in fund balance | | 4,143 | | (213) | | (4,356) |
| Fund balance - beginning | | 230 | | 230 | | - |
| Fund balance - ending | \$ | 4,373 | \$ | 17 | \$ | (4,356) |

Economic Development and Planning Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

(Amounts in 000's)

Dog and Kennel Fund

| | Fina | al Budget | Actual Amounts | | Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) | |
|--------------------------------------|------|-----------|----------------|---------|---|-------|
| Revenues: | ¢ | 2.000 | ¢ | 1 000 | ¢ | |
| Licenses and permits | \$ | 2,069 | \$ | 1,800 | \$ | (269) |
| Fees and charges for services | | 393 | | 384 | | (9) |
| Fines and forfeitures | | 307 | | 146 | | (161) |
| Other | | 148 | | 155 | | 7 |
| Total revenues | | 2,917 | | 2,485 | | (432) |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | |
| Public safety | | | | | | |
| Animal control | | | | | | |
| Personal services | | 2,647 | | 2,574 | | 73 |
| Fringe benefits | | 1,645 | | 1,518 | | 127 |
| Materials and services | | 1,974 | | 1,603 | | 371 |
| Capital outlays | | 30 | | 7 | | 23 |
| Total animal control | | 6,296 | | 5,702 | | 594 |
| Auditor - dog & kennel | | | | | | |
| Materials and services | | 341 | | 255 | | 86 |
| Total expenditures | | 6,637 | | 5,957 | | 680 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | | | | | |
| over (under) expenditures | | (3,720) | | (3,472) | | 248 |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | | 3,470 | | 5,440 | | 1,970 |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | 3,470 | | 5,440 | | 1,970 |
| Net change in fund balance | | (250) | | 1,968 | | 2,218 |
| Fund balance - beginning | | 2,332 | | 2,332 | | - |
| Fund balance - ending | \$ | 2,082 | \$ | 4,300 | \$ | 2,218 |

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

(Amounts in 000's)

| | Fina | al Budget | Actual Amounts | | Variance wir Final Budge Positive tts (Negative) | |
|---|------|-----------|----------------|-------|---|-------|
| Revenues: | | | | | | |
| Fees and charges for services | \$ | 7,200 | \$ | 7,865 | \$ | 665 |
| Other | | - | | 11 | | 11 |
| Total revenues | | 7,200 | | 7,876 | | 676 |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | |
| General government | | | | | | |
| Clerk of courts - certificate of title administration | | | | | | |
| Personal services | | 3,986 | | 3,635 | | 351 |
| Fringe benefits | | 2,395 | | 1,999 | | 396 |
| Materials and services | | 1,519 | | 1,168 | | 351 |
| Total expenditures | | 7,900 | | 6,802 | | 1,098 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | | | | | |
| over (under) expenditures | | (700) | | 1,074 | | 1,774 |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | | | |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | - | | - | | - |
| Net change in fund balance | | (700) | | 1,074 | | 1,774 |
| Fund balance - beginning | | 8,395 | | 8,395 | | - |
| Fund balance - ending | \$ | 7,695 | \$ | 9,469 | \$ | 1,774 |

Certificate of Title Administration Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

(Amounts in 000's)

| | Fina | al Budget | Actual Amounts | | Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) | |
|--------------------------------------|------|-----------|-------------------|---------|---|---------|
| Revenues: | ¢ | 2 402 | ¢ | 2 7 4 2 | ¢ | 250 |
| Intergovernmental | \$ | 2,492 | \$ | 2,742 | \$ | 250 |
| Total revenues | | 2,492 | | 2,742 | | 250 |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | |
| Public Safety | | | | | | |
| Wireless enhanced 9-1-1 | | | | | | |
| Materials and services | | 182 | | 108 | | 74 |
| Grants | | - | | (2,190) | | 2,190 |
| Total public safety | | 182 | | (2,082) | | 2,264 |
| Intergovernmental grants | | | | | | |
| Wireless enhanced 9-1-1 | | | | | | |
| Intergovernmental grants | | 2,352 | | 4,380 | | (2,028) |
| Total expenditures | | 2,534 | | 2,298 | | 236 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | | | | | |
| over (under) expenditures | | (42) | | 444 | | 486 |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | | | |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | - | | - | | - |
| Net change in fund balance | | (42) | | 444 | | 486 |
| Fund balance - beginning | | 1,320 | | 1,320 | | - |
| Fund balance - ending | \$ | 1,278 | \$ | 1,764 | \$ | 486 |

Wireless Enhanced 9-1-1 Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

(Amounts in 000's)

| | Fin | al Budget | Actual A | Amounts | Fina Po | nce with l Budget ositive egative) |
|--------------------------------------|-----|-----------|----------|---------|------------|---|
| Revenues: | | | | | | 8 |
| Intergovernmental | \$ | 4,355 | \$ | 3,982 | \$ | (373) |
| Total revenues | | 4,355 | | 3,982 | | (373) |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | |
| Public safety | | | | | | |
| Domestic and juvenile court - felony | | | | | | |
| delinquent care and custody | | | | | | |
| Personal services | | 1,670 | | 988 | | 682 |
| Fringe benefits | | 851 | | 579 | | 272 |
| Materials and services | | 4,069 | | 2,396 | | 1,673 |
| Total expenditures | | 6,590 | | 3,963 | | 2,627 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | | | | | |
| over (under) expenditures | | (2,235) | | 19 | | 2,254 |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | | - | | 2,000 | | 2,000 |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | - | | 2,000 | | 2,000 |
| Net change in fund balance | | (2,235) | | 2,019 | | 4,254 |
| Fund balance - beginning | | 4,954 | | 4,954 | | - |
| Fund balance - ending | \$ | 2,719 | \$ | 6,973 | \$ | 4,254 |

Domestic and Juvenile Court Grants Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

(Amounts in 000's)

| | Fina | ll Budget | Actua | Actual Amounts | | Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) | |
|--------------------------------------|------------|-----------|-------|----------------|----|---|--|
| Revenues: | | | | | | | |
| Fees and charges for services | \$ | 43 | \$ | 47 | \$ | 4 | |
| Intergovernmental | , | 3,669 | | 3,568 | | (101) | |
| Total revenues | | 3,712 | | 3,615 | | (97) | |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | | |
| Public safety | | | | | | | |
| Common pleas court | | | | | | | |
| Personal services | | 1,794 | | 1,730 | | 64 | |
| Fringe benefits | | 826 | | 813 | | 13 | |
| Materials and services | | 1,609 | | 1,154 | | 455 | |
| Capital outlays | | 54 | | 17 | | 37 | |
| Total expenditures | | 4,283 | , | 3,714 | | 569 | |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | | | | | | |
| over (under) expenditures | | (571) | | (99) | | 472 | |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | | | | |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | . <u> </u> | | | - | | - | |
| Net change in fund balance | | (571) | | (99) | | 472 | |
| Fund balance - beginning | | 1,715 | | 1,715 | | - | |
| Fund balance - ending | \$ | 1,144 | \$ | 1,616 | \$ | 472 | |

Adult Probation and Community Corrections Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

(Amounts in 000's)

| | Final Budget | | Actual Amounts | | Fina P | ance with al Budget ositive egative) |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|---------|----------------|---------|-----------|---|
| Revenues: | . | 1 | | 1 0 - 1 | <u></u> | (2.0) |
| Fees and charges for services | \$ | 1,906 | \$ | 1,876 | \$ | (30) |
| Intergovernmental | | 2,659 | | 1,801 | | (858) |
| Other | | 198 | | 134 | | (64) |
| Total revenues | | 4,763 | | 3,811 | | (952) |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | |
| Public safety | | | | | | |
| EMA - emergency management | | | | | | |
| Personal services | | 1,066 | | 1,005 | | 61 |
| Fringe benefits | | 427 | | 391 | | 36 |
| Materials and services | | 3,890 | | 1,507 | | 2,383 |
| Grants | | 309 | | 54 | | 255 |
| Capital outlays | | 2,593 | | 1,643 | | 950 |
| Total EMA - emergency management | | 8,285 | | 4,600 | | 3,685 |
| EMA - warning | | | | | | |
| Materials and services | | 170 | | 133 | | 37 |
| Total public safety | | 8,455 | | 4,733 | | 3,722 |
| Intergovernmental grants | | | | | | |
| EMA - emergency management | | | | | | |
| Intergovernmental grants | | 1,491 | | 1,374 | | 117 |
| Total expenditures | | 9,946 | | 6,107 | | 3,839 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | | | | | |
| over (under) expenditures | | (5,183) | | (2,296) | | 2,887 |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | | 1,935 | | 2,338 | | 403 |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | 1,935 | | 2,338 | | 403 |
| Net change in fund balance | | (3,248) | | 42 | | 3,290 |
| Fund balance - beginning | | 5,178 | | 5,178 | | - |
| Fund balance - ending | \$ | 1,930 | \$ | 5,220 | \$ | 3,290 |

Emergency Management Agency Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

(Amounts in 000's)

| | Final | Budget | Actua | l Amounts | Fina Po | nce with l Budget ositive gative) |
|--------------------------------------|-------|--------|-------|-----------|------------|--|
| Revenues: | | | | | | 8 |
| Fees and charges for services | \$ | 670 | \$ | 904 | \$ | 234 |
| Total revenues | | 670 | | 904 | | 234 |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | |
| General government | | | | | | |
| Recorder - equipment | | | | | | |
| Personal services | | 212 | | 207 | | 5 |
| Fringe benefits | | 102 | | 100 | | 2 |
| Materials and services | | 381 | | 229 | | 152 |
| Capital outlays | | 33 | | 10 | | 23 |
| Total expenditures | | 728 | | 546 | | 182 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | | | | | |
| over (under) expenditures | | (58) | | 358 | | 416 |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | | | |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | - | | - | | - |
| Net change in fund balance | | (58) | | 358 | | 416 |
| Fund balance - beginning | | 650 | | 650 | | - |
| Fund balance - ending | \$ | 592 | \$ | 1,008 | \$ | 416 |

Recorder Equipment Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

(Amounts in 000's)

| | Final Budget | Actual Amounts | Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) |
|-------------------------------|--------------|----------------|---|
| Revenues: | | | |
| Licenses and permits | \$ 465 | \$ 584 | \$ 119 |
| Fees and charges for services | 10,325 | 12,673 | 2,348 |
| Fines and forfeitures | 889 | 784 | (105) |
| Intergovernmental | 24,394 | 25,565 | 1,171 |
| Investment income | 237 | 9 | (228) |
| Other | 246 | 320 | 74 |
| Total revenues | 36,556 | 39,935 | 3,379 |
| Expenditures: | | | |
| Current: | | | |
| General government | | | |
| Personal services | 1,351 | 1,238 | 113 |
| Fringe benefits | 613 | 545 | 68 |
| Materials and services | 1,059 | 744 | 315 |
| Capital outlays | 62 | 28 | 34 |
| Grants | 2,770 | 2,770 | - |
| Total general government | 5,855 | 5,325 | 530 |
| Judicial | | | |
| Personal services | 2,736 | 2,451 | 285 |
| Fringe benefits | 1,255 | 1,046 | 209 |
| Materials and services | 2,897 | 1,874 | 1,023 |
| Total judicial | 6,888 | 5,371 | 1,517 |
| Public safety | | | |
| Personal services | 1,427 | 1,278 | 149 |
| Fringe benefits | 616 | 556 | 60 |
| Materials and services | 3,387 | 1,984 | 1,403 |
| Capital outlays | 825 | 383 | 442 |
| Grants | 997 | 812 | 185 |
| Total public safety | 7,252 | 5,013 | 2,239 |
| Health | | | |
| Grants | 315 | 272 | 43 |
| Total health | 315 | 272 | 43 |

Other Special Revenue Funds

(Continued on next page)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

(Amounts in 000's)

Variance with Final Budget Positive

(Negative)

23

2

Final BudgetActual AmountsPublic works243220Personal services243220Fringe benefits8381Materials and services2,8681,309To be blic works2,1041,101

Other Special Revenue Funds

| Materials and services | 2,868 | | 1,309 | 1,559 |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|------------|---------|-------------|
| Total public works | 3,194 | · | 1,610 | 1,584 |
| Intergovernmental grants | | | | |
| Intergovernmental grants | 11,748 | | 11,728 | 20 |
| Total expenditures | 35,252 | . <u> </u> | 29,319 | 5,933 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | | | |
| over (under) expenditures | 1,304 | | 10,616 | 9,312 |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | |
| Transfers in | 2,175 | | 2,370 | 195 |
| Transfers out | (5,171) | | (5,171) | - |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | (2,996) | | (2,801) | 195 |
| Net change in fund balance | (1,692) | | 7,815 | 9,507 |
| Fund balance - beginning | 25,840 | | 25,840 | - |
| Fund balance - ending | \$ 24,148 | \$ | 33,655 | \$ 9,507 |

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Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Debt Service Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

(Amounts in 000's)

| | Final | Budget | Actu | al Amounts | Fina Po | nce with l Budget ositive egative) |
|---------------------------------------|-------|---------|------|------------|------------|---|
| Revenues: | | | | | | |
| Other | \$ | 787 | \$ | 838 | \$ | 51 |
| Total revenues | | 787 | | 838 | | 51 |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | |
| Debt service | | | | | | |
| Commissioners - bond retirement | | | | | | |
| Principal retirement | | 14,446 | | 14,446 | | - |
| Interest charges | | 7,983 | | 7,227 | | 756 |
| Debt issuance costs | | 569 | | 569 | | - |
| Total expenditures | | 22,998 | | 22,242 | , | 756 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | | | | | |
| over (under) expenditures | (| 22,211) | | (21,404) | | 807 |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | | 21,786 | | 20,945 | | (841) |
| Refunding bonds issued | | 72,705 | | 72,705 | | - |
| Premium on issuance of bonds | | 954 | | 954 | | - |
| Payment to refunded bond escrow agent | (| 73,089) | | (73,089) | | - |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | 22,356 | | 21,515 | | (841) |
| Net change in fund balance | | 145 | | 111 | | (34) |
| Fund balance - beginning | | 646 | | 646 | | - |
| Fund balance - ending | \$ | 791 | \$ | 757 | \$ | (34) |

General Bond Retirement Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Debt Service Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

(Amounts in 000's)

| | Fina | al Budget | Actua | Actual Amounts | | nce with l Budget ositive egative) |
|--------------------------------------|------|-----------|-------|----------------|----|---|
| Revenues: | | | | | | |
| Other | \$ | 2,603 | \$ | 2,776 | \$ | 173 |
| Total revenues | | 2,603 | | 2,776 | | 173 |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | |
| Debt service | | | | | | |
| Commissioners -stadium debt service | | | | | | |
| Principal retirement | | 1,150 | | 1,150 | | - |
| Interest charges | | 953 | | 953 | | - |
| Total expenditures | | 2,103 | | 2,103 | | - |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | | | | | |
| over (under) expenditures | | 500 | | 673 | | 173 |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | | | |
| Advances Out | | (500) | | (500) | | - |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | (500) | | (500) | | - |
| Net change in fund balance | | - | | 173 | | 173 |
| Fund balance - beginning | | - | | - | | - |
| Fund balance - ending | \$ | - | \$ | 173 | \$ | 173 |

Stadium Debt Service Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Debt Service Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

(Amounts in 000's)

| | Final Budget A | | Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|----------|---|
| Revenues: | | | |
| Investment income | \$ - | \$ 2 | \$ 2 |
| Total revenues | - | 2 | 2 |
| Expenditures: | | | |
| Debt service | | | |
| Commissioners -sales tax debt service | | | |
| Principal retirement | 7,130 | 7,130 | - |
| Interest charges | 10,467 | 10,465 | 2 |
| Bond issuance costs | 3 | 3 | - |
| Total expenditures | 17,600 | 17,598 | 2 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | | |
| over (under) expenditures | (17,600) | (17,596) | 4 |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | |
| Transfer in | 14,235 | 13,319 | (916) |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | 14,235 | 13,319 | (916) |
| Net change in fund balance | (3,365) | (4,277) | (912) |
| Fund balance - beginning | 4,278 | 4,278 | |
| Fund balance - ending | \$ 913 | \$ 1 | \$ (912) |

Sales Tax Debt Service Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

(Amounts in 000's)

| | Final Budget Actual | | | al Amounts | Fina Po | ariance with inal Budget Positive (Negative) | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------|---------|----|------------|------------|---|--|
| Revenues: | | | | | - | | |
| Total revenues | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | | |
| Capital outlays | | | | | | | |
| Capital outlays | | 3,331 | | 2,307 | | 1,024 | |
| Total expenditures | | 3,331 | | 2,307 | | 1,024 | |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | | | | | | |
| over (under) expenditures | | (3,331) | | (2,307) | | 1,024 | |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | | | | |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | - | | - | | - | |
| Net change in fund balance | | (3,331) | | (2,307) | | 1,024 | |
| Fund balance - beginning | | 11,895 | | 11,895 | | - | |
| Fund balance - ending | \$ | 8,564 | \$ | 9,588 | \$ | 1,024 | |

County Justice Information System Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

(Amounts in 000's)

| | Final Budget | Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) | | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|---|----------|--|
| Revenues: | | | | |
| Total revenues | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | |
| Expenditures: | | | | |
| Capital outlays | | | | |
| Capital outlays | 2,499 | 1,659 | 840 | |
| Total expenditures | 2,499 | 1,659 | 840 | |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | | | |
| over (under) expenditures | (2,499) | (1,659) | 840 | |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | |
| Transfers in | 878 | 2,162 | 1,284 | |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | 878 | 2,162 | 1,284 | |
| Net change in fund balance | (1,621) | 503 | 2,124 | |
| Fund balance - beginning | 3,022 | 3,022 | | |
| Fund balance - ending | \$ 1,401 | \$ 3,525 | \$ 2,124 | |

Network Infrastructure Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

(Amounts in 000's)

| | Final Budget | Actual Amounts | Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|----------------|---|
| Revenues: | | | |
| Other | \$ - | \$ 8 | \$ 8 |
| Total revenues | - | 8 | 8 |
| Expenditures: | | | |
| Capital outlays | | | |
| Capital outlays | 117,434 | 67,261 | 50,173 |
| Total expenditures | 117,434 | 67,261 | 50,173 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | | |
| over (under) expenditures | (117,434) | (67,253) | 50,181 |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | | - |
| Net change in fund balance | (117,434) | (67,253) | 50,181 |
| Fund balance - beginning | 136,222 | 136,222 | |
| Fund balance - ending | \$ 18,788 | \$ 68,969 | \$ 50,181 |

Public Safety Center Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

(Amounts in 000's)

| | Fina | l Budget | Actual Amounts | | Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) | |
|---|------|----------|----------------|----------|---|-------|
| Revenues: | | | | | | |
| Total revenues | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | |
| Capital outlays | | | | | | |
| Public facilities management - corrections center | | | | | | |
| Capital outlays | | 17,467 | | 15,059 | | 2,408 |
| Total expenditures | | 17,467 | | 15,059 | | 2,408 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | | | | | |
| over (under) expenditures | | (17,467) | | (15,059) | | 2,408 |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | | | |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | - | | - | | - |
| Net change in fund balance | | (17,467) | | (15,059) | | 2,408 |
| Fund balance - beginning | | 17,763 | | 17,763 | | - |
| Fund balance - ending | \$ | 296 | \$ | 2,704 | \$ | 2,408 |

Corrections Center Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

(Amounts in 000's)

| | Final Budget | Actual Amounts | Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|----------------|---|
| Revenues: | | | |
| Other | \$ - | \$ 25 | \$ 25 |
| Total revenues | - | 25 | 25 |
| Expenditures: | | | |
| Capital outlays | | | |
| Public facilities management- | | | |
| other capital projects | | | |
| Capital outlays | 27,833 | 9,527 | 18,306 |
| Total expenditures | 27,833 | 9,527 | 18,306 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | | |
| over (under) expenditures | (27,833) | (9,502) | 18,331 |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | |
| Transfers in | - | 1,000 | 1,000 |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | 1,000 | 1,000 |
| Net change in fund balance | (27,833) | (8,502) | 19,331 |
| Fund balance - beginning | 33,030 | 33,030 | |
| Fund balance - ending | \$ 5,197 | \$ 24,528 | \$ 19,331 |

Other Capital Projects Funds

Enterprise Funds

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to a private business enterprise. The County intends that the cost of providing services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. Following are descriptions of the enterprise funds:

<u>Water and Sewer</u> – This fund accounts for the provision of water and sewer services to a relatively small area of the County not serviced by other local water and sewer operations. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund.

<u>Parking Facilities</u> – This fund accounts for the fees and operations of the County-owned parking facilities. The facilities serve both County employees and the general public.

Since the Statement of Net Position, the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position and the Statement of Cash Flows for each of the enterprise funds are presented in the basic financial statements, they are not repeated in this section.

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Equity – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Major Enterprise Funds December 31, 2021

(Amounts in 000's)

Water and Sewer Fund

| | Final Budget | Actual Amounts | Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) |
|--|--------------|----------------|---|
| Operating revenues: | | | |
| Fees and charges for services | \$ 8,817 | \$ 9,217 | \$ 400 |
| Other | 310 | 330 | 20 |
| Total operating revenues | 9,127 | 9,547 | 420 |
| Operating expenses: | | | |
| Personal services | 999 | 785 | 214 |
| Fringe benefits | 514 | 397 | 117 |
| Materials and services | 6,140 | 5,144 | 996 |
| Capital outlays | 6,062 | 4,615 | 1,447 |
| Total operating expenses | 13,715 | 10,941 | 2,774 |
| Operating income (loss) | (4,588) | (1,394) | 3,194 |
| Nonoperating revenues (expenses): | | | |
| Intergovernmental | - | 322 | 322 |
| Issuance of debt | 4,402 | 2,768 | (1,634) |
| Refunding bonds issued | 5,990 | 5,990 | - |
| Premium on issuance of debt | 18 | 18 | - |
| Payment to bond agent | (5,961) | (5,961) | - |
| Proceeds from sale of capital assets | - | 8 | 8 |
| Debt service: | | | |
| Principal retirement | (2,155) | (2,134) | 21 |
| Interest charges | (527) | (485) | 42 |
| Debt issuance costs | (44) | (44) | - |
| Total debt service | (2,726) | (2,663) | 63 |
| Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) | 1,723 | 482 | (1,241) |
| Income (loss) before operating transfers | (2,865) | (912) | 1,953 |
| Transfers in | 5,826 | 2,453 | (3,373) |
| Transfers out | (16) | - | 16 |
| Total transfers | 5,810 | 2,453 | (3,357) |
| Net change in fund equity | 2,945 | 1,541 | (1,404) |
| Fund equity - beginning | 12,246 | 12,246 | - |
| Fund equity - ending | \$ 15,191 | \$ 13,787 | \$ (1,404) |

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Equity – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Major Enterprise Funds December 31, 2021

(Amounts in 000's)

Parking Facilities Enterprise Fund

| | Fin | al Budget | Actual Amoun | | Fina Po | nce with l Budget ositive egative) |
|--|-----|-----------|--------------|-------|------------|---|
| Operating revenues: | | | | | | |
| Fees and charges for services | \$ | 2,620 | \$ | 2,240 | \$ | (380) |
| Total operating revenues | | 2,620 | | 2,240 | | (380) |
| Operating expenses: | | | | | | |
| Personal services | | 559 | | 488 | | 71 |
| Fringe benefits | | 337 | | 269 | | 68 |
| Materials and services | | 1,373 | | 1,020 | | 353 |
| Total operating expenses | | 2,269 | | 1,777 | | 492 |
| Operating income (loss) | | 351 | | 463 | | 112 |
| Nonoperating revenues (expenses): | | | | | | |
| Debt service: | | | | | | |
| Principal retirement | | (390) | | (390) | | - |
| Interest charges | | (106) | | (106) | | - |
| Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) | | (496) | | (496) | | - |
| Net change in fund equity | | (145) | | (33) | | 112 |
| Fund equity - beginning | | 2,217 | | 2,217 | | - |
| Fund equity - ending | \$ | 2,072 | \$ | 2,184 | \$ | 112 |

Internal Service Funds

The internal service funds report activities provided to the departments and agencies on a costreimbursement basis. The County has two internal service funds:

<u>Employee Benefits</u> – This fund accounts for the provision of medical, dental, optical, prescription, life and mental health insurance to departments and agencies.

 $\underline{\text{Telecommunications}}$ – This fund accounts for the provision of telecommunication services, primarily voicemail. (The Balance Sheet is not presented because the fund was closed and there are no assets or liabilities at year end.)

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021 (2)

(Amounts in 000's)

| | Employee Benefits | | Telecommunications | | Total | |
|--|-------------------|----------|--------------------|------|-------|----------|
| Operating revenues: | | | | | | |
| Fees and charges for services | \$ | 132,314 | \$ 1 | 45 | \$ | 132,459 |
| Other | | 292 | | - | | 292 |
| Total operating revenues | | 132,606 | 1 | 45 | | 132,751 |
| Operating expenses: | | | | | | |
| Personal services | | 1,443 | | 39 | | 1,482 |
| Cost of sales and services | | 142,189 | (1 | 05) | | 142,084 |
| Depreciation | | - | | 25 | | 25 |
| Total operating expenses | | 143,632 | (| (41) | | 143,591 |
| Operating income (loss) | | (11,026) | 1 | 86 | | (10,840) |
| Nonoperating revenues (expenses): | | | | | | |
| Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) | | - | | - | | - |
| Income (loss) before transfers | | (11,026) | 1 | 86 | | (10,840) |
| Transfers out | | - | (1,0 |)90) | | (1,090) |
| Change in net position | | (11,026) | (9 | 904) | | (11,930) |
| Net position - beginning | | 33,660 | 9 | 904 | | 34,564 |
| Net position - ending | \$ | 22,634 | \$ | - | \$ | 22,634 |

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

(Amounts in 000's)

| | Employee Benefits | | Telecom- munications | | Total |
|--|----------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|-------------|--------------------------|
| Cash flows from operating activities: Cash collections from customers | \$ | 132,598 | \$ | 160 | \$ 132,758 |
| Cash payments to suppliers Cash payments for salaries | | (140,806) (1,418) | | (4) (41) | (140,810) (1,459) |
| Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities | | (9,626) | | 115 | (9,511) |
| Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Transfers out | | | | (713) | (713) |
| Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital and related financing activities | | - | | (713) | (713) |
| Increase (decrease) in cash for the year | | (9,626) | | (598) | (10,224) |
| Cash and cash equivalents - beginning | | 47,438 | | 598 | 48,036 |
| Cash and cash equivalents - ending | \$ | 37,812 | \$ | - | \$ 37,812 |
| Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net | | | | | |
| cash provided by (used in) operating activities: | | | | | |
| Operating income (loss) | \$ | (11,026) | \$ | 186 | \$ (10,840) |
| Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to | | | | | |
| net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: | | | | 27 | 25 |
| Depreciation | | - | | 25 | 25 |
| (Increase) decrease in assets: Accounts receivable | | (9) | | | (9) |
| Due from other funds | | (8) | | - 15 | (8) 15 |
| Net OPEB asset | | (112) | | - | |
| (Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources - pension | | (112) (79) | | - 14 | (112) (65) |
| (Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources - OPEB | | 5 | | 14 | 16 |
| Increase (decrease) in liabilities: | | 5 | | 11 | 10 |
| Accrued wages | | 5 | | (2) | 3 |
| Accounts payable | | 2.028 | | - | 2,028 |
| Due to other funds | | (3) | | - | (3) |
| Compensated absences | | 20 | | - | 20 |
| Net pension liability | | (102) | | (66) | (168) |
| Net OPEB liability | | (745) | | (47) | (792) |
| Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources - pension | | 160 | | (14) | 146 |
| Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources - OPEB | | 231 | | (7) | 224 |
| Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities | \$ | (9,626) | \$ | 115 | \$ (9,511) |

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Equity – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

(Amounts in 000's)

Employee Benefits Fund

| | Final Budget | Actual Amounts | Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) |
|--|--------------|----------------|---|
| Operating revenues: | | | (= 8) |
| Fees and charges for services | \$ 133,150 | \$ 132,325 | \$ (825) |
| Other | 168 | 273 | 105 |
| Total operating revenues | 133,318 | 132,598 | (720) |
| Operating expenses: | | | |
| Personal services | 978 | 956 | 22 |
| Fringe benefits | 500 | 462 | 38 |
| Materials and services | 142,301 | 140,806 | 1,495 |
| Total operating expenses | 143,779 | 142,224 | 1,555 |
| Operating income (loss) | (10,461) | (9,626) | 835 |
| Nonoperating revenues (expenses): | | | |
| Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) | | | |
| Net change in fund equity | (10,461) | (9,626) | 835 |
| Fund equity - beginning | 47,438 | 47,438 | |
| Fund equity - ending | \$ 36,977 | \$ 37,812 | \$ 835 |

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Equity – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

(Amounts in 000's)

Telecommunications Fund

| | | | | | Final Po | nce with Budget ositive |
|--|---------|-------|--------|---------|-------------|-------------------------------|
| | Final B | udget | Actual | Amounts | (Ne | gative) |
| Operating revenues: | | | | | | |
| Fees and charges for services | \$ | 183 | \$ | 160 | \$ | (23) |
| Total operating revenues | | 183 | | 160 | | (23) |
| Operating expenses: | | | | | | |
| Personal services | | 26 | | 26 | | - |
| Fringe benefits | | 15 | | 15 | | - |
| Materials and services | | 4 | | 4 | | - |
| Total operating expenses | | 45 | | 45 | | - |
| Operating income (loss) | | 138 | | 115 | | (23) |
| Nonoperating revenues (expenses): | | | | | | |
| Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) | | - | | - | | - |
| Income (loss) before transfers | | 138 | | 115 | | (23) |
| Transfers out | | (713) | | (713) | | - |
| Total transfers | | (713) | | (713) | | - |
| Net change in fund equity | | (575) | | (598) | | (23) |
| Fund equity - beginning | | 598 | | 598 | | |
| Fund equity - ending | \$ | 23 | \$ | - | \$ | (23) |

Fiduciary Funds

Custodial Funds

Custodial funds are used to account for assets held by the County for individuals, private organizations or other governments. Assets held for other governments mainly include property taxes, other local government taxes and fees and charges for services collected by the County on behalf of other governments. A description of the custodial funds follows:

<u>Property taxes</u> – These funds account for property taxes collected and are due to be paid to other governments.

<u>Local Government</u> – These funds account for local government tax revenue collected and are due to be paid to local governments local government funding, motor vehicle license taxes, public library funding and motor vehicle gas taxes.

Custodial funds also include funds used to account for activities of agencies who use the services of the County for the collection of revenue, payment of expenditures and processing of payroll. These entities include the following:

- Metro Parks Board
- Mid-Ohio Regional Planning Commission
- Franklin County Public Health
- Community Based Correctional Facility
- Franklin County Soil and Water
- Franklin County Finance Port Authority
- Chemical Emergency Preparedness Advisory Council (CEPAC)
- Other (including Clerk of Courts Auto Title Division)

Combining Statement of Net Position Custodial Funds December 31, 2021

(Amounts in 000's)

| | Property <u>Taxes</u> | Local <u>Government</u> | Metro Parks <u>Board</u> | Mid-Ohio Regional Planning <u>Commission</u> |
|---|--------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|---|
| Assets: | ф 100 7 <i>с</i> г | ф 7 .(10 | ф 41 | ф <u>4512</u> |
| Equity with County Treasurer | \$ 122,765 | \$ 7,619 | \$ 41 | \$ 4,513 |
| Cash in segregated accounts | - | - | - | - |
| Property taxes receivable, net | 2,255,138 | - | | - |
| Total assets | 2,377,903 | 7,619 | 41 | 4,513 |
| Liabilities: Intergovernmental payable Total liabilities | <u> </u> | 7,619 7,619 | | |
| Deferred inflows of resources: Property taxes Total deferred inflows of resources | 2,238,615 2,238,615 | | | |
| Net position: Restricted for individuals, organizations and other governments | 42,335 | | 41 | 4,513 |
| Total net position | \$ 42,335 | \$ - | \$ 41 | \$ 4,513 |

(Continued on next page)

Combining Statement of Net Position Custodial Funds December 31, 2021

(Amounts in 000's)

| Acceta | Public <u>Health</u> | | | | ~ | oil and <u>Vater</u> | P | ance ort <u>hority</u> |
|---|-------------------------|--------|----|-------|----|-------------------------|----|------------------------------|
| Assets: Equity with County Treasurer | \$ | 4,433 | \$ | 1,634 | \$ | 1,319 | \$ | 16 |
| Cash in segregated accounts | Ŷ | - | Ŷ | - | 4 | - | Ŷ | - |
| Property taxes receivable, net | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Total assets | | 4,433 | | 1,634 | | 1,319 | | 16 |
| Liabilities: Intergovernmental payable Total liabilities | | | | | | | | - |
| Deferred inflows of resources: | | | | | | | | |
| Property taxes | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Net position: Restricted for individuals, organizations and other governments | | 4,433 | | 1,634 | | 1,319 | | 16 |
| und outer governments | | т,т.55 | | 1,054 | | 1,517 | | 10 |
| Total net position | \$ | 4,433 | \$ | 1,634 | \$ | 1,319 | \$ | 16 |

(Continued on next page)

(Amounts in 000's)

| | <u>CEPAC</u> | | Other | <u>Total</u> | | |
|---|--------------|-----|--------------|--------------|-----------|--|
| Assets: | | | | | | |
| Equity with County Treasurer | \$ | 157 | \$ 2,387 | \$ | 144,884 | |
| Cash in segregated accounts | | - | 26,241 | | 26,241 | |
| Property taxes receivable, net | | - | - | | 2,255,138 | |
| Total assets | | 157 | 28,628 | | 2,426,263 | |
| Liabilities: | | | | | | |
| Intergovernmental payable | | - | 2,066 | | 106,638 | |
| Total liabilities | | - | 2,066 | | 106,638 | |
| Deferred inflows of resources: | | | | | | |
| Property taxes | | - | - | | 2,238,615 | |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | | - | - | | 2,238,615 | |
| Net position: | | | | | | |
| Restricted for individuals, organizations | | | | | | |
| and other governments | | 157 | 26,562 | | 81,010 | |
| Total net position | \$ | 157 | \$ 26,562 | \$ | 81,010 | |

Combining Statement of Changes in Net Position Custodial Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

(Amounts in 000's)

| | Property <u>Taxes</u> | | | Mid-Ohio Regional Planning <u>Commission</u> |
|---|--------------------------|------------|-----------|---|
| Additions: | ¢ 2 (01 724 | ¢ 162.247 | \$ 16.604 | ¢ |
| Property and other taxes | \$ 2,601,724 | \$ 163,347 | \$ 16,604 | \$ - |
| Licenses and permits | - | - | - | - |
| Fees and charges for services | - | - | - | 8,499 |
| Fines and forfeitures | - | - | - | - |
| Intergovernmental | - | - | - | 5,690 |
| Other | | | | 65 |
| Total additions | 2,601,724 | 163,347 | 16,604 | 14,254 |
| Deductions: | | | | |
| Taxes distributed to other governments | 2,589,637 | 163,347 | - | - |
| Payments made to other governments | - | - | - | - |
| Payments made on behalf of other governments | - | - | 16,750 | 13,639 |
| Total deductions | 2,589,637 | 163,347 | 16,750 | 13,639 |
| Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position | 12,087 | - | (146) | 615 |
| Net position - beginning | 30,248 | | 187 | 3,898 |
| Net position - ending | \$ 42,335 | \$ - | \$ 41 | \$ 4,513 |

(Continued on next page)

Combining Statement of Changes in Net Position Custodial Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

(Amounts in 000's)

| Additions: | | Community Based Public Correctional Soil and <u>Health Facility Water</u> | | | | | Finance Port <u>Authority</u> | | |
|---|----|--|----|-------|----|-------|-------------------------------------|-----|--|
| Property and other taxes | \$ | 3,844 | \$ | _ | \$ | _ | \$ | _ | |
| Licenses and permits | Ψ | 2,698 | Ψ | - | Ψ | - | Ψ | _ | |
| Fees and charges for services | | 1,668 | | - | | _ | | 681 | |
| Fines and forfeitures | | 1 | | - | | - | | _ | |
| Intergovernmental | | 8,989 | | 6,015 | | 1,459 | | - | |
| Other | | 914 | | 5 | | - | | - | |
| Total additions | | 18,114 | | 6,020 | | 1,459 | · | 681 | |
| Deductions: | | | | | | | | | |
| Taxes distributed to other governments | | - | | - | | - | | - | |
| Payments made to other governments | | 430 | | - | | - | | - | |
| Payments made on behalf of other governments | | 17,238 | | 6,456 | | 838 | | 666 | |
| Total deductions | | 17,668 | | 6,456 | | 838 | | 666 | |
| Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position | | 446 | | (436) | | 621 | | 15 | |
| Net position - beginning | | 3,987 | | 2,070 | | 698 | | 1 | |
| Net position - ending | \$ | 4,433 | \$ | 1,634 | \$ | 1,319 | \$ | 16 | |

(Continued on next page)

Combining Statement of Changes in Net Position Custodial Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

(Amounts in 000's)

| | CE | PAC | Other | Total | | |
|---|----|------|--------------|--------------|--|--|
| Additions: | | | | | | |
| Property and other taxes | \$ | - | \$ - | \$ 2,785,519 | | |
| Licenses and permits | | - | - | 2,698 | | |
| Fees and charges for services | | - | 235,069 | 245,917 | | |
| Fines and forfeitures | | - | 35,487 | 35,488 | | |
| Intergovernmental | | 119 | 117 | 22,389 | | |
| Other | | - | (235) | 749 | | |
| Total additions | | 119 | 270,438 | 3,092,760 | | |
| Deductions: | | | | | | |
| Taxes distributed to other governments | | - | - | 2,752,984 | | |
| Payments made to other governments | | - | 8,369 | 8,799 | | |
| Payments made on behalf of other governments | | 130 | 264,834 | 320,551 | | |
| Total deductions | | 130 | 273,203 | 3,082,334 | | |
| Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position | | (11) | (2,765) | 10,426 | | |
| Net position - beginning | | 168 | 29,327 | 70,584 | | |
| Net position - ending | \$ | 157 | \$ 26,562 | \$ 81,010 | | |

Component Units

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the County is financially accountable.

<u>FCTID</u> – The Franklin County Transportation Improvement District (FCTID) was created pursuant to Section 5540.02(A) of the Ohio Revised Code for the purpose of financing, constructing, maintaining, repairing and operating selected transportation projects.

<u>Franklin County Stadium, Inc. and Columbus Baseball Team, Inc. (Stadium and Team)</u> – These two interrelated nonprofit corporations were organized under ORC Chapter 1702 to provide entertainment and recreation in the stadium for the benefit and general welfare of the County.

Combining Statement of Net Position Discretely Presented Component Units December 31, 2021

(Amounts in 000's)

| | F | | ~ | tadium | | T 1 | | |
|--|----|-------|----|---------|-------|------------|--|--|
| | F | CTID | ar | nd Team | Total | | | |
| Assets: | | | | | | | | |
| Cash, cash equivalents and investments in | | | | | | | | |
| segregated accounts | \$ | 2,574 | \$ | 8,219 | \$ | 10,793 | | |
| Accounts receivable | | 46 | | 181 | | 227 | | |
| Inventories | | - | | 87 | | 87 | | |
| Prepaid items | | - | | 16,418 | | 16,418 | | |
| Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation: | | | | | | | | |
| Nondepreciable | | - | | 28 | | 28 | | |
| Depreciable | | - | | 3,370 | | 3,370 | | |
| Other non-current assets | | - | | 18 | | | | |
| Total assets | | 2,620 | | 28,321 | | 30,941 | | |
| Liabilities: | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable and other current liabilities | | 907 | | 48 | | 955 | | |
| Due to primary government | | - | | 250 | | 250 | | |
| Unearned revenue | | - | | 907 | | 907 | | |
| Long term liabilities: | | | | | | | | |
| Due within one year | | - | | 583 | | 583 | | |
| Due in more than one year | | - | | 4,399 | | 4,399 | | |
| Total liabilities | | 907 | | 6,187 | | 7,094 | | |
| Net Position: | | | | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | | - | | 3,148 | | 3,148 | | |
| Restricted for other purposes | | 1,035 | | - | | 1,035 | | |
| Unrestricted (deficit) | | 678 | | 18,986 | | 19,664 | | |
| Total net position | \$ | 1,713 | \$ | 22,134 | \$ | 23,847 | | |

Combining Statement of Activities Discretely Presented Component Units For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

(Amounts in 000's)

| | | | Program Revenues | | | | | | | Net | (Expense) Revenue and | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|-----|---------------|------------------|----------------------|----------|------------|-----------|----------|-------|--------|-----------------------|----------|----|--------|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | Operating Capital | | | | | Cł | nanges | in Net Posit | ition | | | | | | |
| | | | Ch | Charges for Grants a | | ants and | Grar | nts and | | | Sta | dium and | | | | | | |
| | Ez | xpenses | S | ervices | Cont | ributions | Contr | ibutions | FCTID | | Team | | | Total | | | | |
| Component units: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FCTID: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| General government | \$ | 1,236 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 633 | \$ | (603) | \$ | - | \$ | (603) | | | | |
| Stadium and Team: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Conservation and recreation | | 9,844 | | 10,692 | | 3,000 | | - | | | | 3,848 | | 3,848 | | | | |
| Total component units | \$ | 11,080 | \$ | 10,692 | \$ | 3,000 | \$ | 633 | | (603) | | 3,848 | | 3,245 | | | | |
| | Ger | neral revenu | ies: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (| Grants and | contrib | outions not | restrict | ed to spec | ific prog | rams | | 47 | | - | | 47 | | | | |
| | τ | Unrestricted | l inves | tment earni | ngs | | | | | - | | 585 | | 585 | | | | |
| | | Total gen | eral re | venues | | | | | | 47 | | 585 | | 632 | | | | |
| | | Change | in net j | position | | | | | | (556) | | 4,433 | | 3,877 | | | | |
| | Ne | et position - | - begin | ning | | | | | | 2,269 | | 17,701 | | 19,970 | | | | |
| | Ne | et position - | - endin | g | | | | | \$ | 1,713 | \$ | 22,134 | \$ | 23,847 | | | | |









Statistical Section

This part of the County's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the County's overall financial health.

| Contents | Tables |
|---|---------|
| <i>Financial Trends</i> These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the County's financial position has changed over time. | 1 - 4 |
| Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader understand and assess the factors' effect on the County's ability to generate its most significant local revenue sources, the property tax and the sales tax. | 5 - 13 |
| Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current levels of outstanding debt and the County's ability to issue additional debt in the future. | 14 - 19 |
| <i>Economic and Demographic Information</i> These schedules offer economic and demographic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the County's financial activities take place and to provide information that facilitates comparisons of financial information over time and among governments. | 20 - 21 |
| <i>Operating Information</i> These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the County's financial report relates to the services the County provides and the activities it performs. | 22 - 23 |
| <i>Compliance Information</i> This schedule provides the continuing disclosures required by Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12. | 24 |

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual comprehensive financial reports for the relevant year.



Net Position by Component (Accrual Basis of Accounting) Last Ten Years (Amounts in 000's)

| | _ | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
|---|----|-----------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|----|-----------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Governmental activities: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | \$ | 400,608 | \$ 418,761 | \$ 456,610 | \$ 463,248 | \$ 490,065 | \$ | 498,493 | \$ 485,268 | \$ 408,094 | \$ 498,859 | \$ 593,694 |
| Restricted | | 598,881 | 623,507 | 629,550 | 668,974 | 692,036 | | 756,780 | 690,474 | 760,276 | 711,281 | 783,896 |
| Unrestricted (deficit) | | 230,103 | 201,226 | (18,997) | 4,340 | (3,753) | | (284,656) | (175,969) | (221,966) | (220,614) | 62,820 |
| Total governmental activities net position | \$ | 1,229,592 | \$ 1,243,494 | \$ 1,067,163 | \$ 1,136,562 | \$ 1,178,348 | \$ | 970,617 | \$ 999,773 | \$ 946,404 | \$ 989,526 | \$ 1,440,410 |
| Business-type activities: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | \$ | 25,809 | \$ 26,096 | \$ 29,636 | \$ 35,060 | \$ 41,397 | \$ | 41,654 | \$ 49,819 | \$ 48,067 | \$ 54,773 | \$ 55,178 |
| Unrestricted | | 5,257 | 5,600 | 4,475 | 2,194 | 2,841 | | 6,380 | 6,678 | 10,899 | 11,088 | 14,070 |
| Total business-type activities net position | \$ | 31,066 | \$ 31,696 | \$ 34,111 | \$ 37,254 | \$ 44,238 | \$ | 48,034 | \$ 56,497 | \$ 58,966 | \$ 65,861 | \$ 69,248 |
| Primary government: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | \$ | 426,417 | \$ 444,857 | \$ 486,246 | \$ 498,308 | \$ 531,462 | \$ | 540,147 | \$ 535,087 | \$ 456,161 | \$ 553,632 | \$ 648,872 |
| Restricted | | 598,881 | 623,507 | 629,550 | 668,974 | 692,036 | | 756,780 | 690,474 | 760,276 | 711,281 | 783,896 |
| Unrestricted (deficit) | _ | 235,360 | 206,826 | (14,522) | 6,534 | (912) | _ | (278,276) | (169,291) | (211,067) | (209,526) | 76,890 |
| Total primary government net position | \$ | 1,260,658 | \$ 1,275,190 | \$ 1,101,274 | \$ 1,173,816 | \$ 1,222,586 | \$ | 1,018,651 | \$ 1,056,270 | \$ 1,005,370 | \$ 1,055,387 | \$ 1,509,658 |

Note: The County implemented GASB Statement No. 68 in 2015. Unrestricted net position for 2014 has been restated. The County implemented GASB Statement No. 75 in 2018. Unrestricted net position for 2017 has been restated. The County implemented GASB Statement No. 84 in 2019. Unrestricted net position for 2018 has been restated. The County implemented GASB Statement No. 87 in 2021. Unrestricted net position for 2020 has been restated.

- S 3 -

Table 1

FRANKLIN COUNTY, OHIO Changes in Net Position (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

| | Last Ten Years (Amounts in 000's) | |
|--|--------------------------------------|--|
| | | |

| | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
|---|------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Expenses: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Governmental activities: | | | | | | | | | | |
| General government | \$ 113,596 | \$ 120,709 | \$ 126,650 | \$ 140,297 | \$ 159,341 | \$ 147,052 | \$ 147,608 | \$ 159,037 | \$ 177,194 | \$ 172,533 |
| Judicial | 69,273 | 76,702 | 78,734 | 82,822 | 89,992 | 101,206 | 99,378 | 111,580 | 103,141 | 61,313 |
| Public safety | 143,605 | 148,650 | 164,064 | 173,302 | 192,569 | 222,627 | 225,664 | 264,978 | 254,590 | 135,046 |
| Human services | 278,076 | 286,395 | 298,571 | 315,824 | 329,445 | 358,759 | 360,047 | 401,968 | 377,403 | 268,155 |
| Health | 285,762 | 296,879 | 304,418 | 307,967 | 327,823 | 320,021 | 327,351 | 342,092 | 313,037 | 302,373 |
| Public works | 40,191 | 32,028 | 37,299 | 34,546 | 49,468 | 43,627 | 38,286 | 47,196 | 44,757 | 30,679 |
| Conservation and recreation | 19,044 | 19,173 | 19,215 | 19,275 | 19,731 | 20,097 | 20,376 | 20,463 | 20,680 | 21,161 |
| Community development | 10,446 | 7,485 | 9,425 | 9,729 | 11,334 | 8,162 | 8,557 | 8,898 | 34,972 | 33,274 |
| Interest and fiscal charges | 14,934 | 16,208 | 14,194 | 13,568 | 12,507 | 12,012 | 19,526 | 20,467 | 19,029 | 17,883 |
| Total government activities expenses | 974,927 | 1,004,229 | 1,052,570 | 1,097,330 | 1,192,210 | 1,233,563 | 1,246,793 | 1,376,679 | 1,344,803 | 1,042,417 |
| Business-type activities: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Water and sewer | 6,732 | 6,589 | 6,726 | 8,240 | 6,392 | 8,041 | 9,097 | 11,231 | 10,900 | 8,595 |
| Parking facilities | 2,671 | 3,037 | 2,739 | 2,878 | 2,498 | 2,339 | 2,867 | 2,856 | 2,335 | 2,690 |
| Total business-type activities expenses | 9,403 | 9,626 | 9,465 | 11,118 | 8,890 | 10,380 | 11,964 | 14,087 | 13,235 | 11,285 |
| Total primary government expenses | \$ 984,330 | \$ 1,013,855 | \$ 1,062,035 | \$ 1,108,448 | \$ 1,201,100 | \$ 1,243,943 | \$ 1,258,757 | \$ 1,390,766 | \$ 1,358,038 | \$ 1,053,702 |
| Program revenues: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Governmental activities: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Charges for services: | | | | | | | | | | |
| ✤ General government | \$ 63,553 | \$ 70,466 | \$ 62,808 | \$ 69,238 | \$ 79,035 | \$ 91,035 | \$ 69,000 | \$ 71,351 | \$ 80,266 | \$ 78,809 |
| Judicial | 12,516 | 12,641 | 12,489 | 12,494 | 11,654 | 12,736 | 12,272 | 12,854 | 10,698 | 15,431 |
| Public safety | 20,643 | 22,423 | 25,102 | 24,566 | 24,792 | 24,547 | 26,778 | 21,740 | 19,120 | 20,335 |
| Human services | 6,257 | 7,433 | 7,465 | 6,592 | 7,356 | 6,403 | 5,300 | 4,439 | 5,491 | 5,654 |
| Health | 12,348 | 10,583 | 15,324 | 12,195 | 13,073 | 10,246 | 11,767 | 11,194 | 9,139 | 13,225 |
| Public works | 4,827 | 3,855 | 4,555 | 3,490 | 4,675 | 3,345 | 3,468 | 5,119 | 5,122 | 3,807 |
| Community development | 550 | 589 | 960 | 1,143 | 1,033 | 1,376 | 1,065 | 980 | 942 | 1,036 |
| Operating grants and contributions | 289,042 | 288,180 | 283,859 | 294,968 | 314,570 | 316,964 | 306,694 | 310,831 | 410,828 | 459,983 |
| Capital grants and contributions | 21,293 | 11,084 | 26,644 | 10,245 | 15,272 | 34,611 | 31,316 | 35,285 | 14,447 | 12,955 |
| Total governmental activities program revenues | 431,029 | 427,254 | 439,206 | 434,931 | 471,460 | 501,263 | 467,660 | 473,793 | 556,053 | 611,235 |
| Business-type activities: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Charges for services: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Water and sewer | 8,002 | 7,358 | 7,535 | 8,112 | 8,633 | 9,068 | 9,249 | 9,172 | 9,253 | 9,656 |
| Parking facilities | 2,389 | 2,575 | 2,671 | 2,667 | 2,673 | 2,760 | 2,559 | 2,977 | 1,511 | 2,224 |
| Operating Grants and Contributions | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 17 | - |
| Capital grants, contributions and interest | 19 | 375 | 147 | 835 | 2,116 | 394 | 253 | 1,541 | 4,027 | 336 |
| Total business-type activities program revenues | 10,410 | 10,308 | 10,353 | 11,614 | 13,422 | 12,222 | 12,061 | 13,690 | 14,808 | 12,216 |
| Total primary government program revenues | \$ 441,439 | \$ 437,562 | \$ 449,559 | \$ 446,545 | \$ 484,882 | \$ 513,485 | \$ 479,721 | \$ 487,483 | \$ 570,861 | \$ 623,451 |

(Continued on next page)

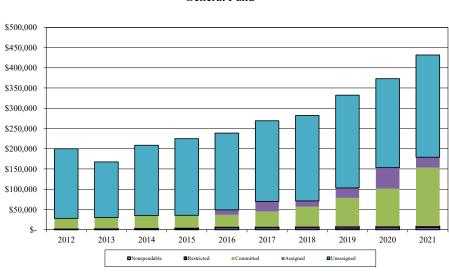
| | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
|--|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Net program revenue (expense): | | | | | | | | | | |
| Governmental activities net program expense | \$ (543,898) | \$ (576,975) | \$ (613,364) | \$ (662,399) | \$ (720,750) | \$ (732,300) | \$ (779,133) | \$ (902,886) | \$ (788,750) | \$ (431,182) |
| Business-type activities net program revenue | 1,007 | 682 | 888 | 496 | 4,532 | 1,842 | 97 | (397) | 1,573 | 931 |
| Total primary government net program expense | \$ (542,891) | \$ (576,293) | \$ (612,476) | \$ (661,903) | \$ (716,218) | \$ (730,458) | \$ (779,036) | \$ (903,283) | \$ (787,177) | \$ (430,251) |
| General revenues and other changes in net position: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Governmental activities: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Property taxes | \$ 382,667 | \$ 408,138 | \$ 409,469 | \$ 404,519 | \$ 420,199 | \$ 432,415 | \$ 455,256 | \$ 459,833 | \$ 470,225 | \$ 496,620 |
| Sales taxes | 148,245 | 155,758 | 272,497 | 293,785 | 308,532 | 301,223 | 304,956 | 314,049 | 310,481 | 366,616 |
| Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs | 19,859 | 24,862 | 24,261 | 26,318 | 27,930 | 23,328 | 27,264 | 28,385 | 25,169 | 32,212 |
| Unrestricted investment earnings | 8,966 | 2,066 | 8,583 | 9,821 | 8,324 | 13,578 | 28,129 | 50,116 | 30,687 | (10,543) |
| Loss on sale of capital assets | - | - | - | - | - | (1) | - | - | - | (386) |
| Transfers in (out) | 53 | 53 | (2,560) | (2,645) | (2,449) | (2,876) | (8,366) | (2,866) | (5,319) | (2,453) |
| Total governmental activities general revenues | | | | | | | | | | |
| and other changes in net position | 559,790 | 590,877 | 712,250 | 731,798 | 762,536 | 767,667 | 807,239 | 849,517 | 831,243 | 882,066 |
| Business-type activities: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Gain on sale of capital assets | - | 1 | 7 | 2 | 3 | - | - | - | 3 | 3 |
| Transfers in (out) | (53) | (53) | 2,560 | 2,645 | 2,449 | 2,876 | 8,366 | 2,866 | 5,319 | 2,453 |
| Total business-type activities general revenues | | | | | | | | | | |
| and other changes in net position | (53) | (52) | 2,567 | 2,647 | 2,452 | 2,876 | 8,366 | 2,866 | 5,322 | 2,456 |
| Total primary government general revenues | | | | | | | | | | |
| and other changes in net position | \$ 559,737 | \$ 590,825 | \$ 714,817 | \$ 734,445 | \$ 764,988 | \$ 770,543 | \$ 815,605 | \$ 852,383 | \$ 836,565 | \$ 884,522 |
| Total change in net position: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Governmental activities change in net position | \$ 15,892 | \$ 13,902 | \$ 98,886 | \$ 69,399 | \$ 41,786 | \$ 35,367 | \$ 28,106 | \$ (53,369) | \$ 42,493 | \$ 450,884 |
| Business-type activities change in net position | 954 | 630 | 3,455 | 3,143 | 6,984 | 4,718 | 8,463 | 2,469 | 6,895 | 3,387 |
| Total primary government change in net position | \$ 16,846 | \$ 14,532 | \$ 102,341 | \$ 72,542 | \$ 48,770 | \$ 40,085 | \$ 36,569 | \$ (50,900) | \$ 49,388 | \$ 454,271 |

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting) Last Ten Years

(Amounts in 000's)

| | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
|------------------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| General fund: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | \$ 1,959 | \$ 2,177 | \$ 2,251 | \$ 2,562 | \$ 4,601 | \$ 4,306 | \$ 4,015 | \$ 3,828 | \$ 4,493 | \$ 4,798 |
| Restricted | 736 | 853 | 1,545 | 1,772 | 2,312 | 2,565 | 3,111 | 4,031 | 3,729 | 4,078 |
| Committed | 25,256 | 26,850 | 30,690 | 30,892 | 29,478 | 38,065 | 49,574 | 70,415 | 93,083 | 144,232 |
| Assigned | - | - | - | - | 12,208 | 24,666 | 14,078 | 24,891 | 52,054 | 25,817 |
| Unassigned | 172,074 | 137,720 | 174,084 | 189,450 | 190,171 | 199,499 | 211,282 | 229,366 | 219,696 | 252,691 |
| Total general fund | 200,025 | 167,600 | 208,570 | 224,676 | 238,770 | 269,101 | 282,060 | 332,531 | 373,055 | 431,616 |
| All other governmental funds: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | 1,385 | 1,228 | 1,749 | 1,759 | 1,353 | 1,419 | 2,612 | 1,885 | 2,274 | 2,808 |
| Restricted | 538,262 | 602,014 | 587,015 | 632,067 | 665,984 | 717,351 | 806,147 | 721,675 | 695,029 | 766,136 |
| Committed | 15,015 | 2,492 | 294 | 2,399 | 5,115 | 5,398 | 177,135 | 174,223 | 182,986 | 105,617 |
| Assigned | 7,000 | 5,750 | 4,425 | 3,030 | 1,455 | 4,849 | 26,425 | 15,310 | 4,278 | 97 |
| Unassigned | (7,403) | (1,461) | (1, 148) | (1,602) | (2,098) | (1,907) | (1,652) | (689) | (105) | (179) |
| Total all other governmental funds | 554,259 | 610,023 | 592,335 | 637,653 | 671,809 | 727,110 | 1,010,667 | 912,404 | 884,462 | 874,479 |
| Total governmental funds | \$ 754,284 | \$ 777,623 | \$ 800,905 | \$ 862,329 | \$ 910,579 | \$ 996,211 | \$ 1,292,727 | \$ 1,244,935 | \$ 1,257,517 | \$ 1,306,095 |

- S 6 -



General Fund

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting) Last Ten Years

(Amounts in 000's)

| | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|------------|---|---|------------|------------|------------|-------------|------------|------------|
| Revenues: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sales tax | \$ 148,386 | \$ 155,560 | \$ 260,193 | \$ 291,575 | \$ 306,992 | \$ 302,935 | \$ 303,269 | \$ 313,008 | \$ 311,493 | \$ 362,169 |
| Property taxes | 387,842 | 410,865 | 409,467 | 411,084 | 421,996 | 432,379 | 455,621 | 460,844 | 470,740 | 498,265 |
| Licenses and permits | 1,978 | 2,315 | 2,910 | 2,717 | 3,202 | 3,357 | 3,438 | 3,239 | 3,375 | 3,288 |
| Fees and charges for services | 92,463 | 100,356 | 94,731 | 100,558 | 107,652 | 106,610 | 98,236 | 101,209 | 105,627 | 107,181 |
| Fines and forfeitures | 4,342 | 4,596 | 5,534 | 6,003 | 4,278 | 4,548 | 6,595 | 4,756 | 3,696 | 3,869 |
| Intergovernmental | 328,514 | 322,108 | 334,031 | 332,891 | 342,646 | 377,957 | 365,829 | 388,429 | 451,079 | 480,372 |
| Investment income | 9,247 | 2,140 | 8,570 | 9,601 | 8,149 | 13,414 | 27,497 | 50,451 | 32,392 | (9,023) |
| Other | 27,508 | 25,431 | 29,756 | 24,418 | 31,648 | 40,727 | 27,525 | 26,256 | 25,329 | 37,363 |
| Total revenues | 1,000,280 | 1,023,371 | 1,145,192 | 1,178,847 | 1,226,563 | 1,281,927 | 1,288,010 | 1,348,192 | 1,403,731 | 1,483,484 |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | | | | | |
| General government | 103,508 | 107,788 | 116,846 | 119,018 | 136,937 | 124,681 | 128,309 | 129,369 | 151,693 | 136,419 |
| Judicial | 71,249 | 74,104 | 77,080 | 79,771 | 82,017 | 87,621 | 89,491 | 92,730 | 92,421 | 95,133 |
| Public safety | 134,647 | 147,106 | 159,073 | 170,799 | 177,059 | 190,274 | 203,724 | 212,508 | 227,097 | 233,198 |
| Human services | 281,024 | 287,070 | 299,140 | 316,435 | 321,579 | 338,758 | 347,013 | 366,382 | 362,134 | 350,282 |
| Health | 285,926 | 295,122 | 303,275 | 307,757 | 318,840 | 316,500 | 320,664 | 325,209 | 304,244 | 330,766 |
| Public works | 56,406 | 43,692 | 46,930 | 39,244 | 54,200 | 46,087 | 37,835 | 49,459 | 56,405 | 49,251 |
| Conservation and recreation | 18,067 | 18,200 | 18,242 | 18,302 | 18,758 | 19,124 | 19,403 | 19,490 | 19,707 | 20,188 |
| Community development | 6,727 | 6,579 | 7,886 | 9,261 | 10,207 | 7,255 | 7,507 | 5,088 | 29,075 | 30,959 |
| Capital outlays | 18,291 | 32,706 | 48,826 | 10,647 | 21,003 | 20,986 | 57,178 | 132,587 | 83,004 | 99,111 |
| Debt service: | , | , | , i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i | , i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i | , | , | , | , | , | , |
| Principal retirement | 25,741 | 23,807 | 25,551 | 22,990 | 23,088 | 16,362 | 28,122 | 25,509 | 26,554 | 24,290 |
| Interest and fiscal charges | 16,114 | 16,262 | 14,820 | 14,577 | 13,880 | 13,423 | 18,490 | 23,048 | 21,638 | 19,546 |
| Debt issuance cost | 24 | 921 | 592 | 432 | 253 | - | 1,521 | 61 | - | 572 |
| Intergovernmental grants | 18,798 | 12,630 | 7,954 | 10,849 | 7,673 | 12,648 | 7,968 | 13,154 | 13,480 | 44.394 |
| Total expenditures | 1,036,522 | 1,065,987 | 1,126,215 | 1,120,082 | 1,185,494 | 1,193,719 | 1,267,225 | 1,394,594 | 1,387,452 | 1,434,109 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | | | | | | | | | |
| over (under) expenditures | (36,242) | (42,616) | 18,977 | 58,765 | 41,069 | 88,208 | 20,785 | (46,402) | 16,279 | 49,375 |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | 50,990 | 48,062 | 48,732 | 84,331 | 84,592 | 93,245 | 104,681 | 69,935 | 71,230 | 70,699 |
| Transfers out | (50,937) | (48,009) | (51,292) | (86,976) | (87,041) | (96,121) | (113,047) | (72,801) | (76,549) | (72,439) |
| Proceeds of debt ¹ | 13,446 | 65,643 | 6,623 | 4,440 | 9,223 | - | 283,500 | 74 | - | 570 |
| Leases | 2,227 | 176 | 87 | 203 | - | 56 | 314 | - | - | - |
| Sale of capital assets | 3,545 | 83 | 155 | 661 | 407 | 244 | 283 | 352 | 1,622 | 373 |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | 19,271 | 65,955 | 4,305 | 2,659 | 7,181 | (2,576) | 275,731 | (2,440) | (3,697) | (797) |
| Net change in fund balances | \$ (16,971) | \$ 23,339 | \$ 23,282 | \$ 61,424 | \$ 48,250 | \$ 85,632 | \$ 296,516 | \$ (48,842) | \$ 12,582 | \$ 48,578 |
| Debt service as a percentage of | | | | | | | | | | |
| noncapital expenditures | 4.24% | 3.96% | 3.82% | 3.38% | 3.20% | 2.58% | 3.89% | 3.89% | 3.74% | 3.31% |

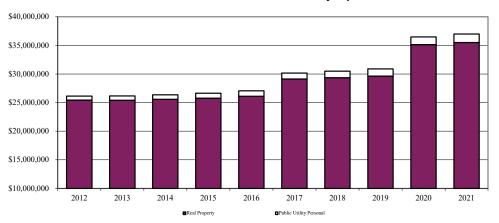
Notes: ¹Includes bonds, notes, loans, related premiums and discounts, refunding bonds and payment to escrow.

Table 4

Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property

Last Ten Years (Amounts in 000's)

Real Property Public Utility Personal Total Total Tax Estimated Estimated Direct Assessed Estimated Assessed Assessed Value¹ Value¹ Value¹ Year Actual Value Actual Value Actual Value Ratio Tax Rate 2012 \$ 25,436,731 \$ 72,676,374 \$ 687,307 \$ 1,963,734 \$ 26,124,038 \$ 74,640,109 35.0% 17.72 2013 25,423,633 72,638,951 737,076 2,105,931 26,160,709 74,744,883 35.0% 17.72 2014 25,570,751 73,059,289 787,932 2,251,234 26,358,683 75,310,523 35.0% 17.72 2015 25,779,673 73,656,209 862,772 2,465,063 26,642,445 76,121,272 35.0% 17.72 77,336,637 2016 26,115,763 74,616,466 952,060 2,720,171 27,067,823 35.0% 17.72 2017 29,122,982 83,208,520 1,032,175 2,949,071 30,155,157 86,157,591 35.0% 18.17 2018 29,358,662 1,147,355 35.0% 18.17 83,881,891 3,278,157 30,506,017 87,160,048 2019 35.0% 29,622,129 84,634,654 1,260,089 3,600,254 30,882,218 88,234,908 18.17 2020 35,136,690 100,390,543 1,357,640 3,878,971 35.0% 18.17 36,494,330 104,269,514 2021 35,517,649 101,478,997 1,467,833 4,193,809 36,985,482 105,672,806 35.0% 18.82





Source: Franklin County Auditor's Office

Notes: 1 Assessed value = 35% of estimated actual value.

FRANKLIN COUNTY, OHIO Assessed Valuation of the County by Classification Last Ten Years (Amounts in 000's)

| | | | Real | Estate Clas | sification | | | | Personal | Property | | |
|--------------------|------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|--------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| | Residentia Agricultur | | Commer Industr | | Public V Real E | 2 | Total Real Est | | Public Perso | 2 | Total Ass Valuat | |
| Tax <u>Year</u> | <u>Amount</u> | Percent of Total | Amount | Percent of Total | <u>Amount</u> | Percent of Total | Amount | Percent of Total | <u>Amount</u> | Percent of Total | <u>Amount</u> | Percent of Total |
| 2012 | \$ 17,833,617 | 68.27% | \$ 7,589,803 | 29.05% | \$ 13,311 | 0.05% | \$ 25,436,731 | 97.37% | \$ 687,307 | 2.63% | \$ 26,124,038 | 100.00% |
| 2013 | 17,833,272 | 68.17% | 7,576,188 | 28.96% | 14,173 | 0.05% | 25,423,633 | 97.18% | 737,076 | 2.82% | 26,160,709 | 100.00% |
| 2014 | 17,963,102 | 68.15% | 7,592,805 | 28.81% | 14,844 | 0.06% | 25,570,751 | 97.01% | 787,932 | 2.99% | 26,358,683 | 100.00% |
| 2015 | 18,044,048 | 67.73% | 7,721,400 | 28.98% | 14,225 | 0.05% | 25,779,673 | 96.76% | 862,772 | 3.24% | 26,642,445 | 100.00% |
| 2016 | 18,137,195 | 67.01% | 7,965,543 | 29.43% | 13,025 | 0.05% | 26,115,763 | 96.48% | 952,060 | 3.52% | 27,067,823 | 100.00% |
| 2017 | 20,424,400 | 67.73% | 8,685,920 | 28.80% | 12,662 | 0.04% | 29,122,982 | 96.58% | 1,032,175 | 3.42% | 30,155,157 | 100.00% |
| 2018 | 20,518,382 | 67.26% | 8,828,123 | 28.94% | 12,157 | 0.04% | 29,358,662 | 96.24% | 1,147,355 | 3.76% | 30,506,017 | 100.00% |
| 2019 | 20,748,350 | 67.19% | 8,861,435 | 28.69% | 12,344 | 0.04% | 29,622,129 | 95.92% | 1,260,089 | 4.08% | 30,882,218 | 100.00% |
| 2020 | 25,065,955 | 68.69% | 10,058,187 | 27.56% | 12,548 | 0.03% | 35,136,690 | 96.28% | 1,357,640 | 3.72% | 36,494,330 | 100.00% |
| 2021 | 25,350,726 | 68.54% | 10,154,557 | 27.46% | 12,366 | 0.03% | 35,517,649 | 96.03% | 1,467,833 | 3.97% | 36,985,482 | 100.00% |

Source: Franklin County Auditor's Office.

Table 6

FRANKLIN COUNTY, OHIO Real Property Value and Construction Last Ten Years

(Amounts in 000's)

| | | New C | onstruction | | | Property Value | | |
|-------------|--------------------|-------|-----------------------|---------------|---|--|----|------------------------|
| Tax Year | ential/ ultural | | nmercial/ dustrial | Total New | Residential/ Agricultural ¹ | Commercial/ Industrial/ Iblic Utility ¹ | T | ax-Exempt ² |
| 2012 | \$ 200,294 | \$ | 197,423 | \$ 397,717 | \$ 50,953,190 | \$ 21,723,184 | \$ | 23,761,327 |
| 2013 | 209,512 | | 569,128 | 778,640 | 50,952,206 | 21,686,746 | | 24,757,932 |
| 2014 | 245,452 | | 416,053 | 661,505 | 51,323,149 | 21,736,140 | | 25,293,626 |
| 2015 | 273,063 | | 558,864 | 831,927 | 51,554,422 | 22,101,787 | | 27,200,865 |
| 2016 | 284,640 | | 746,653 | 1,031,293 | 51,820,556 | 22,795,907 | | 27,766,536 |
| 2017 | 328,305 | | 585,174 | 913,479 | 58,355,428 | 24,853,092 | | 32,004,914 |
| 2018 | 383,705 | | 723,025 | 1,106,730 | 58,623,948 | 25,257,942 | | 33,506,254 |
| 2019 | 491,989 | | 721,570 | 1,213,559 | 59,281,000 | 25,353,653 | | 35,513,300 |
| 2020 | 609,420 | | 602,548 | 1,211,968 | 71,617,016 | 28,773,528 | | 42,126,390 |
| 2021 | 652,210 | | 844,730 | 1,496,940 | 72,430,645 | 29,048,352 | | 43,300,239 |

Source: Franklin County Auditor's Office.

Notes: All are appraised values.

¹Includes value and or class adjustments (e.g., homestead, current agricultural use valuation). ²Includes abated values.

FRANKLIN COUNTY, OHIO Property Taxes on a \$100,000 Owner-Occupied Home or a Business City of Columbus / Columbus School District December 31, 2021

Real estate taxes help finance your school district, your city, village or township, your public library, your parks and zoo, and various County services. In the example below, if your home or business has an appraised value of \$100,000 located in the City of Columbus and the Columbus City School District for tax year 2021, this is how the taxes will be distributed in calendar year 2022.

| Tax Recipient | Home | Business |
|-------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Columbus City Schools | \$ 1,314.67 | \$ 1,834.92 |
| Board of Developmental Disabilities | 181.25 | 204.82 |
| Children Services | 125.79 | 146.30 |
| City of Columbus | 109.90 | 109.90 |
| ADAMH Board | 79.66 | 87.12 |
| Columbus Public Library | 72.44 | 82.01 |
| County General Fund | 51.45 | 51.45 |
| Office on Aging | 45.35 | 51.21 |
| Metro Parks | 27.63 | 29.88 |
| Zoological Park | 18.06 | 21.95 |
| Total | \$ 2,026.20 | \$ 2,619.56 |

Source: Franklin County Auditor's Office.

| (Per \$1,000 of Assessed | Valu | e) |
|--------------------------|------|----|

Last Ten Years

| | | 2012 | 2013 | | 2014 | 2015 | | 2016 | | 2017 | | 2018 | | 2019 | | 2020 | | 2021 |
|------------------------------------|----------|--------|--------------|----|--------|--------------|----|--------|----------|--------|----|--------|----|--------|----|--------|----|--------|
| County direct rate: | <u> </u> | 1.45 | | _ | 1.45 | 1.45 | ¢ | 1.45 | <i>.</i> | 1.45 | ¢ | | _ | 1.47 | ¢ | 1.45 | ¢ | 1.45 |
| General Fund | \$ | 1.47 | \$ 1.47 | \$ | 1.47 | \$ 1.47 | \$ | 1.47 | \$ | 1.47 | \$ | 1.47 | \$ | 1.47 | \$ | 1.47 | \$ | 1.47 |
| Children Services | | 5.00 | 5.00 | | 5.00 | 5.00 | | 5.00 | | 5.00 | | 5.00 | | 5.00 | | 5.00 | | 5.00 |
| ADAMH Board | | 2.20 | 2.20 | | 2.20 | 2.20 | | 2.20 | | 2.20 | | 2.20 | | 2.20 | | 2.20 | | 2.85 |
| FCBDD | | 7.00 | 7.00 | | 7.00 | 7.00 | | 7.00 | | 7.00 | | 7.00 | | 7.00 | | 7.00 | | 7.00 |
| Zoological Park | | 0.75 | 0.75 | | 0.75 | 0.75 | | 0.75 | | 0.75 | | 0.75 | | 0.75 | | 0.75 | | 0.75 |
| Office on Aging | | 1.30 | 1.30 | | 1.30 | 1.30 | · | 1.30 | | 1.75 | | 1.75 | | 1.75 | | 1.75 | | 1.75 |
| Total direct rate | \$ | 17.72 | \$ 17.72 | \$ | 17.72 | \$ 17.72 | \$ | 17.72 | \$ | 18.17 | \$ | 18.17 | \$ | 18.17 | \$ | 18.17 | \$ | 18.82 |
| Overlapping rates | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| School districts: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Bexley | \$ | 113.60 | \$ 113.60 | \$ | 113.40 | \$ 112.95 | \$ | 112.53 | \$ | 112.28 | \$ | 111.93 | \$ | 120.73 | \$ | 120.73 | \$ | 120.73 |
| Canal Winchester | | 79.45 | 78.70 | | 78.90 | 78.91 | | 79.00 | | 77.50 | | 77.19 | | 79.68 | | 73.67 | | 73.27 |
| Columbus | | 76.15 | 76.00 | | 76.10 | 75.90 | | 81.88 | | 82.33 | | 82.18 | | 82.08 | | 81.63 | | 81.03 |
| Dublin | | 87.34 | 88.59 | | 88.59 | 88.59 | | 88.59 | | 88.09 | | 93.70 | | 93.49 | | 92.09 | | 92.09 |
| Gahanna-Jefferson | | 72.10 | 72.10 | | 72.61 | 73.26 | | 73.26 | | 73.01 | | 78.29 | | 78.69 | | 87.96 | | 87.96 |
| Grandview Heights | | 104.30 | 104.30 | | 110.30 | 110.05 | | 110.05 | | 109.05 | | 112.85 | | 112.60 | | 112.15 | | 111.85 |
| Groveport-Madison | | 57.65 | 57.60 | | 67.09 | 66.28 | | 65.49 | | 64.58 | | 64.34 | | 63.69 | | 63.48 | | 62.86 |
| Hamilton | | 56.30 | 56.90 | | 56.90 | 56.65 | | 55.90 | | 55.90 | | 54.90 | | 54.90 | | 54.15 | | 52.40 |
| Hilliard | | 89.45 | 89.45 | | 89.55 | 89.55 | | 94.35 | | 93.75 | | 93.75 | | 93.75 | | 91.90 | | 91.55 |
| New Albany-Plain | | 75.20 | 74.99 | | 74.74 | 74.34 | | 74.09 | | 72.34 | | 71.09 | | 72.09 | | 72.09 | | 72.09 |
| Reynoldsburg | | 73.10 | 73.90 | | 74.90 | 74.45 | | 74.45 | | 71.85 | | 71.85 | | 71.55 | | 70.05 | | 68.80 |
| South-Western | | 73.25 | 73.25 | | 73.25 | 73.15 | | 73.15 | | 73.15 | | 73.15 | | 73.15 | | 73.15 | | 72.85 |
| Upper Arlington | | 102.08 | 106.08 | | 106.08 | 105.96 | | 106.01 | | 114.76 | | 114.76 | | 114.76 | | 114.36 | | 114.36 |
| Westerville | | 80.10 | 80.05 | | 80.60 | 80.50 | | 80.35 | | 79.20 | | 78.95 | | 80.06 | | 85.06 | | 84.86 |
| Whitehall | | 73.25 | 73.25 | | 73.80 | 73.80 | | 73.10 | | 72.85 | | 75.95 | | 74.35 | | 73.85 | | 73.85 |
| Worthington | | 94.94 | 95.94 | | 96.94 | 96.94 | | 96.94 | | 96.94 | | 102.09 | | 104.09 | | 105.64 | | 107.64 |
| School districts (out-of-County): | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Jonathan Alder | \$ | 38.30 | \$ 37.60 | \$ | 37.60 | \$ 36.60 | \$ | 36.10 | \$ | 35.60 | \$ | 35.35 | \$ | 35.35 | \$ | 35.35 | \$ | 34.85 |
| Licking Heights | - | 50.87 | 60.31 | | 60.54 | 59.59 | | 60.89 | | 62.88 | | 60.29 | | 59.59 | | 56.94 | | 56.74 |
| Madison-Plains | | 48.45 | 48.45 | | 48.45 | 48.45 | | 48.45 | | 48.45 | | 48.45 | | 48.45 | | 48.45 | | 48.45 |
| Olentangy | | 78.62 | 78.62 | | 78.62 | 78.62 | | 85.44 | | 84.30 | | 84.30 | | 84.30 | | 92.20 | | 92.20 |
| Pickerington | | 85.50 | 84.70 | | 84.70 | 83.60 | | 83.20 | | 82.70 | | 82.70 | | 80.30 | | 79.70 | | 79.70 |
| Teays Valley | | 31.80 | 31.80 | | 31.00 | 31.00 | | 31.00 | | 31.00 | | 30.00 | | 30.00 | | 30.00 | | 28.60 |
| Joint vocational school districts: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Central Ohio | \$ | 1.60 | \$ 1.60 | \$ | 1.60 | \$ 1.60 | \$ | 1.60 | \$ | 1.60 | \$ | 1.60 | \$ | 1.60 | \$ | 1.60 | \$ | 1.60 |
| Delaware County | | 3.20 | 3.20 | | 3.20 | 3.20 | | 1.50 | | 3.20 | | 3.20 | | 3.20 | | 3.20 | | 3.20 |
| Eastland | | 2.00 | 2.00 | | 2.00 | 2.00 | | 2.00 | | 2.00 | | 2.00 | | 2.00 | | 2.00 | | 2.00 |
| Licking County | | 2.48 | 2.56 | | 2.54 | 2.58 | | 2.57 | | 2.55 | | 2.55 | | 2.55 | | 2.50 | | 2.50 |
| Corporations: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Bexley | \$ | 7.85 | \$ 7.85 | \$ | 7.85 | \$ 7.85 | \$ | 7.85 | \$ | 7.85 | \$ | 5.45 | \$ | 5.45 | \$ | 5.45 | \$ | 5.45 |
| Brice | | 3.20 | 3.20 | | 3.20 | 3.20 | | 3.20 | | 3.20 | | 3.20 | | 3.20 | | 3.20 | | 3.20 |
| Canal Winchester | | 2.00 | 2.00 | | 2.00 | 2.00 | | 2.00 | | 2.00 | | 2.00 | | 2.00 | | 2.00 | | 2.00 |
| Columbus | | 3.14 | 3.14 | | 3.14 | 3.14 | | 3.14 | | 3.14 | | 3.14 | | 3.14 | | 3.14 | | 3.14 |
| Dublin | | 2.95 | 2.95 | | 2.95 | 2.95 | | 2.95 | | 2.95 | | 2.95 | | 2.95 | | 2.95 | | 2.95 |
| Gahanna | | 2.40 | 2.40 | | 2.40 | 2.40 | | 2.40 | | 2.40 | | 2.40 | | 2.40 | | 2.40 | | 2.40 |

(Continued on next page)

Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments

(Per \$1,000 of Assessed Value) Last Ten Years

| | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
|----------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| Grandview Heights | 10.15 | 10.15 | 10.15 | 10.15 | 10.15 | 10.15 | 10.15 | 10.15 | 10.15 | 10.15 |
| Grove City | 3.50 | 3.50 | 3.50 | 3.50 | 3.50 | 3.50 | 3.50 | 3.50 | 3.50 | 3.50 |
| Groveport | 1.40 | 1.40 | 1.40 | 1.40 | 1.40 | 1.40 | 1.40 | 1.40 | 1.40 | 1.40 |
| Harrisburg | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Hilliard | 1.60 | 1.60 | 1.60 | 1.60 | 1.60 | 1.60 | 1.60 | 1.60 | 1.60 | 1.60 |
| Lithopolis | 5.90 | 5.90 | 1.90 | 1.90 | 1.90 | 1.90 | 1.90 | 1.90 | 1.90 | 1.90 |
| Lockbourne | 2.50 | 2.50 | 2.50 | 2.50 | 2.50 | 2.50 | 2.50 | 2.50 | 2.50 | 2.50 |
| Marble Cliff | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 0.35 | 0.35 | 0.35 | 0.35 | 0.35 | 0.35 | 0.35 |
| Minerva Park | 16.05 | 15.85 | 15.70 | 15.10 | 15.10 | 15.10 | 15.10 | 15.10 | 13.20 | 13.20 |
| New Albany | 1.94 | 1.94 | 1.94 | 1.94 | 1.94 | 1.94 | 1.94 | 1.94 | 1.94 | 1.94 |
| Obetz | 1.70 | 1.70 | 1.70 | 1.70 | 1.70 | 1.70 | 1.70 | 1.70 | 1.70 | 1.70 |
| Pickerington | 7.80 | 7.80 | 7.80 | 7.80 | 7.80 | 7.80 | 7.80 | 7.80 | 7.80 | 7.80 |
| Reynoldsburg | 0.70 | 0.70 | 0.70 | 0.70 | 0.70 | 0.70 | 0.70 | 0.70 | 0.70 | 0.70 |
| Riverlea | 7.65 | 7.65 | 7.65 | 25.66 | 25.90 | 23.01 | 20.25 | 20.25 | 19.00 | 19.15 |
| Upper Arlington | 6.62 | 6.62 | 6.58 | 6.58 | 6.58 | 6.22 | 6.17 | 6.17 | 5.97 | 5.97 |
| Urbancrest | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.60 |
| Valleyview | 22.53 | 22.53 | 22.53 | 22.53 | 22.53 | 34.53 | 34.53 | 34.53 | 34.53 | 33.53 |
| Westerville | 20.30 | 20.30 | 20.30 | 20.30 | 23.10 | 23.06 | 23.00 | 23.02 | 23.45 | 23.45 |
| Whitehall | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 |
| Worthington | 5.00 | 5.00 | 5.00 | 5.00 | 5.00 | 5.00 | 5.00 | 5.00 | 5.00 | 5.00 |
| Townships: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Blendon | \$ 30.65 | \$ 30.65 | \$ 32.51 | \$ 32.51 | \$ 37.11 | \$ 37.20 | \$ 37.15 | \$ 38.40 | \$ 38.40 | \$ 38.26 |
| Brown | 12.80 | 12.80 | 17.92 | 17.92 | 17.92 | 17.92 | 17.92 | 17.92 | 17.92 | 17.92 |
| Clinton | 29.74 | 29.74 | 29.74 | 29.74 | 34.74 | 34.74 | 34.74 | 34.74 | 42.24 | 42.24 |
| Franklin | 25.20 | 25.20 | 25.20 | 25.20 | 31.09 | 35.19 | 35.19 | 35.19 | 37.53 | 37.34 |
| Hamilton | 16.05 | 16.05 | 16.55 | 17.05 | 21.05 | 21.05 | 24.55 | 25.55 | 25.55 | 25.55 |
| Jackson | 20.20 | 20.20 | 23.95 | 23.95 | 23.95 | 23.95 | 23.95 | 23.95 | 27.95 | 27.95 |
| Jefferson | 9.20 | 12.20 | 13.20 | 15.00 | 14.90 | 14.90 | 14.85 | 14.85 | 14.78 | 14.65 |
| Madison | 21.80 | 21.80 | 21.80 | 27.05 | 27.05 | 27.05 | 27.05 | 27.05 | 27.05 | 27.05 |
| Mifflin | 37.40 | 37.40 | 37.40 | 37.40 | 37.40 | 37.40 | 40.40 | 40.40 | 44.00 | 46.34 |
| Norwich | 21.60 | 25.72 | 25.72 | 25.72 | 25.72 | 25.72 | 25.72 | 25.72 | 25.72 | 25.72 |
| Perry | 21.60 | 21.60 | 21.60 | 25.10 | 25.10 | 25.10 | 25.10 | 25.02 | 25.10 | 25.10 |
| Plain | 15.35 | 15.35 | 15.35 | 15.25 | 15.25 | 15.25 | 15.25 | 15.25 | 15.25 | 15.25 |
| Pleasant | 21.20 | 21.20 | 21.20 | 21.20 | 21.20 | 21.20 | 21.20 | 21.20 | 21.20 | 21.20 |
| Prairie | 18.20 | 18.20 | 18.20 | 18.20 | 18.20 | 18.20 | 21.81 | 21.81 | 21.81 | 21.81 |
| Sharon | 23.50 | 23.50 | 23.50 | 23.50 | 23.50 | 27.50 | 27.50 | 27.50 | 27.50 | 27.50 |
| Truro | 20.50 | 20.50 | 20.50 | 20.50 | 23.00 | 23.00 | 23.00 | 23.00 | 27.00 | 26.00 |
| Washington | 15.45 | 15.45 | 15.45 | 15.45 | 15.45 | 15.45 | 15.45 | 15.45 | 15.45 | 8.75 |
| Other units: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Bexley Public Library | \$ 1.50 | \$ 2.80 | \$ 2.80 | \$ 2.80 | \$ 2.80 | \$ 2.80 | \$ 2.80 | \$ 2.80 | \$ 2.80 | \$ 2.80 |
| Columbus Metropolitan Library | 2.80 | 2.80 | 2.80 | 2.80 | 2.80 | 2.80 | 2.80 | 2.80 | 2.80 | 2.80 |
| Columbus State Community College | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0.52 | 0.47 |
| Grandview Heights Public Library | 4.70 | 4.70 | 4.70 | 4.70 | 4.70 | 6.70 | 6.70 | 6.70 | 6.70 | 6.70 |
| Delaware County District Library | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Metropolitan Park District | 0.75 | 0.75 | 0.75 | 0.75 | 0.75 | 0.75 | 0.75 | 0.95 | 0.95 | 0.95 |
| New Albany-Plain Park District | 1.79 | 1.59 | 1.59 | 1.59 | 1.59 | 1.59 | 1.54 | 1.54 | 1.44 | 1.44 |
| Pickerington Public Library | 0.75 | 0.75 | 0.75 | 0.75 | 0.75 | 0.75 | 0.75 | 1.25 | 1.25 | 1.25 |
| Plain City Public Library | 0.75 | 0.75 | 0.75 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 |
| Southwest Public Library | | | | | | | | 1.00 | | 1.00 |
| • | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Upper Arlington Public Library | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

Source: Franklin County Auditor's Office.

Table 9

FRANKLIN COUNTY, OHIO Principal Property Taxpayers As of December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2012 (Amounts in 000's)

| | 202 | 21 | | | | | 2012 | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|------------|------|---------------------|--------------|-------------------------------------|------|-----------------------|------|---------------------|
| Taxpayer | Assessed Valuation | | Rank | Percent of Total | Rank in 2012 | Taxpayer | | Assessed Valuation | Rank | Percent of Total |
| Public utilities: | | | | | | Public utilities: | | | | |
| Ohio Power Company | \$ | 972,297 | 1 | 2.63% | 1 | Ohio Power Company | \$ | 538,817 | 1 | 2.06% |
| AEP Ohio Transmission | | 228,795 | 2 | 0.62% | - | Columbia Gas of Ohio Inc. | | 87,426 | 2 | 0.33% |
| Columbia Gas of Ohio Inc. | | 191,666 | 3 | 0.52% | 2 | American Electric Power | | 23,986 | 3 | 0.09% |
| American Electric Power Service | | 20,625 | 4 | 0.06% | 3 | | | | | |
| Real estate: | | | | | | Real estate: | | | | |
| Nationwide Mutual Insurance Company | | 73,720 | 1 | 0.20% | 1 | Nationwide Mutual Insurance Company | | 74,849 | 1 | 0.29% |
| GLP Capital LP | | 53,960 | 2 | 0.15% | - | Ohio Health Corp. | | 57,272 | 2 | 0.22% |
| Distribution Land Company LLC | | 45,817 | 3 | 0.12% | 3 | Distribution Land Corp. | | 56,924 | 3 | 0.22% |
| Huntington Center Owner LLC | | 39,411 | 4 | 0.11% | 4 | Huntington Center | | 39,830 | 4 | 0.15% |
| Scioto Downs Inc. | | 26,093 | 5 | 0.07% | - | BRE/COH OH LLC | | 28,007 | 5 | 0.119 |
| The HUB XO LLC | | 25,655 | 6 | 0.07% | - | New Albany Company LLC | | 22,180 | 6 | 0.08% |
| STAG Industrial Holdings LLC | | 22,840 | 7 | 0.06% | - | Huntington National Bank | | 20,371 | 7 | 0.08% |
| Quarry Owner 1 LLC | | 21,904 | 8 | 0.06% | - | Columbus Industrial | | 19,387 | 8 | 0.07% |
| Aschinger OH Partners LLC | | 21,875 | 9 | 0.06% | - | Anheuser Busch, Inc. | | 19,202 | 9 | 0.07% |
| Big Box Property Owner LLC | | 21,779 | 10 | 0.06% | - | IS-CAN Ohio LP | | 19,051 | 10 | 0.07% |
| All others | | 35,219,045 | | 95.21% | | All others | | 25,116,736 | | 96.16% |
| Total | \$ | 36,985,482 | | 100.00% | | Total | \$ | 26,124,038 | | 100.00% |

Source: Franklin County Auditor's Office.

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Years (Amounts in 000's)

| 2013487,303436,32289.5%16,182014462,852434,54093.9%15,62 | ions Collections ³ to Levy Taxes Taxes to Levy |
|---|---|
| 2014 462,852 434,540 93.9% 15,62 2015 462,751 439,284 94.9% 13,24 | 5,138 \$ 424,810 91.9% \$ 40,221 8.7% |
| 2015 462,751 439,284 94.9% 13,24 | 5,188 452,510 92.9% 36,098 7.4% |
| | 5,628 450,168 97.3% 30,821 6.7% |
| 2016 467,787 450,068 96.2% 13,09 | 3,248 452,532 97.8% 27,574 6.0% |
| | 8,094 463,162 99.0% 23,438 5.0% |
| 2017 475,311 459,202 96.6% 12,17 | 2,176 471,378 99.2% 23,288 4.9% |
| 2018 496,580 481,905 97.0% 11,71 | 1,718493,62399.4%22,5214.5% |
| 2019 502,800 483,996 96.3% 11,76 | 1,767 495,763 98.6% 20,137 4.0% |
| 2020 508,554 491,460 96.6% 11,87 | 1,872503,33299.0%17,6963.5% |
| 2021 522,556 506,204 96.9% 9,92 | 0,922516,12698.8%21,5224.1% |

Source: Franklin County Auditor's Office.

Notes: ¹Levy before adjustment for exempt valuation.

²Current tax collections include state reimbursement for homestead/roll-back.

³Total tax collections include state reimbursement for homestead/roll-back.

Property Tax Levies - Voted and Unvoted (Per \$1,000 of Assessed Value) As of December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2012

| | | | 20 | 21 | | |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| | ull Tax Rate | Effective Rate Res/Agr | Effective Rate Com/Ind | Year of Election | Beginning Year of Collection | Final Year of Collection |
| General Fund | \$ 1.47 | \$ 1.470000 | \$ 1.470000 | Unvoted | | |
| Children Services | 1.90 | 1.300561 | 1.588407 | 2014 | 2015 | 2024 |
| Children Services | 3.10 | 2.293401 | 2.591612 | 2019 | 2020 | 2029 |
| ADAMH Board ¹ | 2.20 | 1.627575 | 1.839208 | 2015 | 2017 | 2021 |
| ADAMH Board | 0.65 | 0.648365 | 0.650000 | 2020 | 2022 | 2026 |
| Board of Developmental Disabilities | 3.50 | 2.589324 | 2.926014 | 2008 | 2009 | IND |
| Board of Developmental Disabilities | 3.50 | 2.589324 | 2.926014 | 2017 | 2019 | 2028 |
| Zoological Park | 0.75 | 0.516062 | 0.627003 | 2015 | 2016 | 2025 |
| Office on Aging | 0.45 | 0.333828 | 0.376201 | 2017 | 2018 | 2022 |
| Office on Aging | 1.30 | 0.961749 | 1.086805 | 2017 | 2018 | 2022 |
| Total | \$ 18.82 | \$ 14.330189 | \$ 16.081264 | | | |

| | | | | | | 20 | 2012 | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|------|---------|------|-----------|----|-----------|----------|------------|------------|--|--|--|
| | | | | Effective | | Effective | | Beginning | Final | | | |
| | F | ull Tax | Rate | | | Rate | Year of | Year of | Year of | | | |
| | Rate | | | Res/Agr | | Com/Ind | Election | Collection | Collection | | | |
| General Fund | \$ | 1.47 | \$ | 1.470000 | \$ | 1.470000 | | | | | | |
| Children Services | | 1.90 | | 1.751746 | | 1.863248 | 2004 | 2005 | 2014 | | | |
| Children Services | | 3.10 | | 3.100000 | | 3.100000 | 2009 | 2010 | 2019 | | | |
| ADAMH Board | | 2.20 | | 2.200000 | | 2.200000 | 2005 | 2007 | 2016 | | | |
| Board of Developmental Disabilities | | 3.50 | | 3.500000 | | 3.500000 | 2011 | 2013 | 2022 | | | |
| Board of Developmental Disabilities | | 3.50 | | 3.500000 | | 3.500000 | 2008 | 2009 | IND | | | |
| Zoological Park | | 0.75 | | 0.695091 | | 0.735492 | 2004 | 2006 | 2015 | | | |
| Office on Aging | | 1.30 | | 1.300000 | | 1.300000 | 2012 | 2013 | 2017 | | | |
| Total | \$ | 17.72 | \$ | 17.516837 | \$ | 17.668740 | | | | | | |

Source: Franklin County Auditor's Office

Notes: Tax rates displayed are for tax years 2021 and 2012, to be collected in 2022 and 2013 respectively. IND - Indefinite ¹At the November 2020 election, this levy was renewed with an increase at a full tax rate of 2.85 beginning collection in 2022 and ending in 2026.

FRANKLIN COUNTY, OHIO Other Major General Fund Revenue Sources Last Ten Years (Amounts in 000's)

County sales tax:

The County imposed a one-half percent sales tax increase effective September 1, 1985, an additional one-fourth percent effective October 1, 2005 and an additional one-fourth percent effective January 1, 2014. A temporary one-fourth percent sales tax became effective October 1, 2005, and expired December 31, 2007. A temporary one-fourth percent sales tax became effective January 1, 2014 and was due to expire on December 31, 2018. However, the County Commissioners passed a resolution on December 19, 2017 that this tax shall not expire on December 31, 2018 but shall continue for an unspecified, continuing period of time. The sales tax may be repealed if a majority of voters approve the repeal at a general election. The question of repeal must be placed on the ballot by a petition signed by qualified voters equal to 10% of those voting for governor in the last gubernatorial election. No such petition has been filed with the County Board of Elections. In March of 2018, the County Commissioners authorized the issuance of \$250 million Various Purpose Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2018 (the "Bonds"), which were issued on June 5, 2018. The County Commissioners may not repeal, rescind or reduce any portion of either of the County sales taxes, and no portion of either of the County sales tax is subject to repeal or reduction by the electorate of the County, while the Bonds, or any additional bonds that may be authorized and issued, remain outstanding.

Local Government fund:

The Ohio local government fund was created by statute and is comprised of designated state revenues, which are distributed to each county and then allocated among the county and cities, villages and townships in the county on the basis of statutory formulas.

The following table shows sales taxes and local government fund revenue for the County:

| Fiscal | | Sales Tax | | Local Government |
|--------|-------|-------------|---------------|---------------------|
| Year | Levy | Cash Basis* | Accrual Basis | Fund |
| 2012 | 0.75% | \$ 144,760 | \$ 148,245 | \$ 11,491 |
| 2013 | 0.75% | 152,492 | 155,758 | 12,073 |
| 2014 | 1.25% | 237,688 | 272,497 | 11,372 |
| 2015 | 1.25% | 285,942 | 293,785 | 13,390 |
| 2016 | 1.25% | 302,531 | 308,532 | 12,281 |
| 2017 | 1.25% | 302,081 | 301,223 | 12,738 |
| 2018 | 1.25% | 297,065 | 304,956 | 13,563 |
| 2019 | 1.25% | 310,227 | 314,049 | 14,461 |
| 2020 | 1.25% | 305,185 | 310,481 | 12,716 |
| 2021 | 1.25% | 349,930 | 366,616 | 17,830 |
| | | | | |

Source: Franklin County Auditor's Office.

* - Excludes 1% administration fee

FRANKLIN COUNTY, OHIO Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Years (Amounts in 000's, Except Per Capita)

| | | Governmental Activities | | | | | | | | Business-typ | pe Activities | | Personal I | | | | |
|------|------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|-----------|-----------|------------|----------|--------------|---------------|-----------|------------------|--------------------|------------|-------------------------|-----------|
| | | General Obligation | General Obligation | Special | Special Obligation | | Lease | | | | | | Total Primary | | | Debt Per | |
| F | iscal Year | Bonds | Notes | Obligation Bonds | Notes | Loans | Liability | Total | Bonds | Notes | Loans | Total | Government | Total ¹ | Percentage | Population ² | Capita |
| | 2012 | \$ 254,660 | \$ - | \$ 25,495 | \$ 10,000 | \$ 10,428 | \$ 24,626 | \$ 325,209 | \$ 8,770 | \$ - | \$ 8,266 | \$ 17,036 | \$ 342,245 | \$ 48,714,000 | 0.70% | 1,174,835 | \$ 291.31 |
| | 2013 | 288,955 | 8,527 | 24,755 | 8,000 | 11,550 | 24,055 | 365,842 | 8,770 | - | 11,318 | 20,088 | 385,930 | 49,947,000 | 0.77% | 1,183,593 | 326.07 |
| | 2014 | 290,158 | 8,009 | 23,980 | 6,000 | 4,188 | 23,409 | 355,744 | 8,862 | - | 11,438 | 20,300 | 376,044 | 54,675,000 | 0.69% | 1,192,653 | 315.30 |
| | 2015 | 281,118 | 7,482 | 23,165 | 4,000 | 3,902 | 22,837 | 342,504 | 8,780 | - | 13,056 | 21,836 | 364,340 | 57,238,000 | 0.64% | 1,202,423 | 303.00 |
| | 2016 | 271,773 | 6,947 | 22,730 | - | 3,615 | 21,866 | 326,931 | 12,761 | 6,500 | 13,204 | 32,465 | 359,396 | 61,792,000 | 0.58% | 1,253,522 | 286.71 |
| | 2017 | 256,138 | 6,405 | 21,680 | - | 3,327 | 20,648 | 308,198 | 12,259 | 6,500 | 12,332 | 31,091 | 339,289 | 64,449,000 | 0.53% | 1,291,981 | 262.61 |
| | 2018 | 262,196 | 5,854 | 270,595 | - | 3,040 | 19,813 | 561,498 | 11,674 | - | 16,645 | 28,319 | 589,817 | 67,389,000 | 0.88% | 1,318,164 | 447.45 |
| S 18 | 2019 | 250,637 | 5,295 | 255,260 | - | 2,753 | 18,595 | 532,540 | 9,409 | - | 22,321 | 31,730 | 564,270 | 70,307,000 | 0.80% | 1,332,352 | 423.51 |
| š | 2020 | 237,923 | 4,727 | 239,900 | - | 2,610 | 17,328 | 502,488 | 8,854 | - | 25,697 | 34,551 | 537,039 | 71,294,000 | 0.75% | 1,332,352 | 403.08 |
| | 2021 | 227,704 | 4,151 | 231,620 | - | 2,323 | 21,181 | 486,979 | 8,820 | - | 26,936 | 35,756 | 522,735 | 74,194,000 | 0.70% | 1,335,550 | 391.40 |

Source: Franklin County Auditor's Office.

Notes: ¹Estimated based on information provided by Woods & Poole Economics.

² Estimates by Mid-Ohio Regional Planning Commission and information provided by Woods & Poole Economics.

Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding

Last Ten Years

(Amounts in 000's)

| Tax Year | Population ^{1,2} | Assessed Value | Gross Bonded Debt ³ | Less Assigned Debt Service Funds ⁴ | Net General Bonded Debt | Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value | Net General Bonded Debt per Capita ² |
|----------|---------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|---|---|
| 2012 | 1,174,835 | \$ 26,303,009 | \$ 299,239 | \$ 7,000 | \$ 292,239 | 1.111% | \$ 248.75 |
| 2013 | 1,183,593 | 26,160,709 | 322,480 | 5,750 | 316,730 | 1.211% | 267.60 |
| 2014 | 1,192,653 | 26,358,683 | 323,000 | 4,425 | 318,575 | 1.209% | 267.11 |
| 2015 | 1,202,423 | 26,642,445 | 313,063 | 3,030 | 310,033 | 1.164% | 257.84 |
| 2016 | 1,253,522 | 27,067,823 | 307,264 | 1,455 | 305,809 | 1.130% | 243.96 |
| 2017 | 1,291,981 | 30,155,157 | 290,077 | 4,849 | 285,228 | 0.946% | 220.77 |
| 2018 | 1,318,164 | 30,506,017 | 544,465 | 26,425 | 518,040 | 1.698% | 393.00 |
| 2019 | 1,332,352 | 30,882,218 | 515,306 | 15,310 | 499,996 | 1.619% | 375.27 |
| 2020 | 1,332,352 | 36,494,330 | 486,677 | 4,278 | 482,399 | 1.322% | 362.07 |
| 2021 | 1,335,550 | 36,985,482 | 468,144 | 97 | 468,047 | 1.265% | 350.45 |

Sources:

¹ Estimates by Mid-Ohio Regional Planning Commission and Woods & Poole Economics.

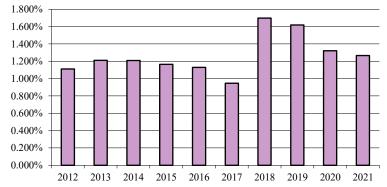
² Population and Net Bonded Debt per Capita amounts are not in thousands.

³ Gross Bonded Debt and is calculated as follows for 2021:

| General obligation bonds | \$ 227,704 |
|--|---------------|
| Special obligation bonds | 231,620 |
| Bonds supported by enterprise revenues | 8,820 |
| | \$ 468,144 |

⁴ Resources available in the General Bond Retirment and Sales Tax Debt Service funds to pay principal of outstanding debt.

Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value



ı.

Computation of Legal Debt Margin

Last Ten Years

(Amounts in 000's)

| | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Total assessed property value | \$ 26,124,038 | \$ 26,160,709 | \$ 26,358,683 | \$ 26,642,445 | \$ 27,067,823 | \$ 30,155,157 | \$ 30,506,017 | \$ 30,882,218 | \$ 36,484,330 | \$ 36,985,482 |
| Total debt limit: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Debt limit of assessed value ¹ | \$ 651,601 | \$ 652,518 | \$ 657,467 | \$ 664,561 | \$ 675,196 | \$ 752,379 | \$ 761,150 | \$ 770,555 | \$ 910,608 | \$ 923,137 |
| Amount of debt applicable to limit: General obligation bonds and notes | 213,695 | 251,245 | 240,085 | 227,465 | 223,500 | 211,705 | 186,775 | 178,865 | 169,765 | 174,925 |
| Amount of debt subject to limit | 213,695 | 251,245 | 240,085 | 227,465 | 223,500 | 211,705 | 186,775 | 178,865 | 169,765 | 174,925 |
| Legal debt margin | \$ 437,906 | \$ 401,273 | \$ 417,382 | \$ 437,096 | \$ 451,696 | \$ 540,674 | \$ 574,375 | \$ 591,690 | \$ 740,843 | \$ 748,212 |
| Legal debt margin as a percentage of the debt limit | 67.20% | 61.50% | 63.48% | 65.77% | 66.90% | 71.86% | 75.46% | 76.79% | 81.36% | 81.05% |
| Unvoted debt limit: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Unvoted debt limit of assessed value ² Amount of debt subject to limit | \$ 261,240 213,695 | \$ 261,607 251,245 | \$ 263,587 240,085 | \$ 266,424 227,465 | \$ 270,678 223,500 | \$ 301,552 211,705 | \$ 305,060 186,775 | \$ 308,822 178,865 | \$ 364,843 169,765 | \$ 369,855 174,925 |
| ∽ NUnvoted legal debt margin | \$ 47,545 | \$ 10,362 | \$ 23,502 | \$ 38,959 | \$ 47,178 | \$ 89,847 | \$ 118,285 | \$ 129,957 | \$ 195,078 | \$ 194,930 |
| Unvoted legal debt margin as a percentage of the unvoted debt limit | 18.20% | 3.96% | 8.92% | 14.62% | 17.43% | 29.79% | 38.77% | 42.08% | 53.47% | 52.70% |

Notes: 1 Debt limit is a total of a sum equal to three percent of the firs General obligation bonds, notes and loans subject to debt limit calculations:

plus one and one-half percent of such valuation in excess of \$100,000,000 and not in excess

of \$300,000,000 plus two and one-half percent of such valuation in excess of \$300,000,000.

² Debt limit is one percent of total assessed valuation.

| 38.77% | 42.08% | 53.47% | 52.70% |
|--------------------|------------------|--------|---------------|
| Governmental acti | vities: | | |
| General obligati | on bonds | | \$ 180,205 |
| General obligati | on notes | | 4,151 |
| Taxable special | obligation bonds | | 231,620 |
| Loans | | | 2,323 |
| | | - | 418,299 |
| Business-type acti | vities: | | |
| General obligati | on bonds | | 8,585 |
| Loans | | | 26,936 |

35,521

453,820

52,741

214,400

278,895 174,925

\$

9,146 2,608

Exemptions: Self-supported debt

Net debt

Total outstanding debt

Total exemptions

Used for construction of facilities

Used for energy conservation measures

Used for road or bridge construction

| Table | 16 |
|-------|----|
|-------|----|

Outstanding Debt

As of December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2012

(Amounts in 000's)

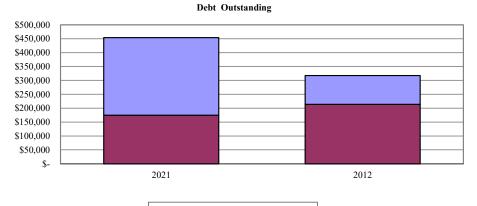
| 2021 | | | 2012 | |
|---|---------|---------|--|------------|
| Total debt outstanding: | \$ | 453,820 | Total debt outstanding: | \$ 317,618 |
| Exempt debt: | | | Exempt debt: | |
| Series 2007 stadium facility project bonds | 14,835 | | Series 2005 road improvements bonds | 1,755 |
| Series 2013 energy conservation notes | 4,151 | | Series 2005 refunding bonds | 10,735 |
| Series 2014 energy conservation bonds | 4,995 | | Series 2007 road improvements bonds | 2,945 |
| Series 2014 road improvements bonds | 285 | | Stadium facility project bonds | 25,495 |
| Series 2014 sanitary sewer bonds | 435 | | Stadium facility project notes | 10,000 |
| Series 2016 parking facilities bonds | 2,160 | | Energy conservation bonds | 22,755 |
| Series 2016 stadium facility project bonds | 2,385 | | Series 2010 Sanitary sewer bonds | 8,770 |
| Series 2018 sales tax revenue bonds | 214,400 | | Series 2010 County engineer building | 2,775 |
| Series 2021B refunding sanitary sewer bonds | 5,990 | | Governmental activities - OPWC/ODOD loans | 10,428 |
| Governmental activities - OPWC loans | 2,323 | | Business-type activities - OPWC/OWDA loans | 8,265 |
| Business-type activities - OPWC/OWDA/ODOT loans | 26,936 | | | |
| Total exempt debt | | 278,895 | Total exempt debt | 103,923 |
| Total non-exempt debt ¹ | \$ | 174,925 | Total non-exempt debt ¹ | \$ 213,695 |

- S 21 -

Source: Franklin County Auditor's Office.

Notes:

¹All of the County's outstanding non-exempt debt is in the form of bonds.



■NON-EXEMPT ■EXEMPT

Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt As of December 31, 2021

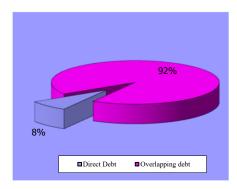
(Amounts in 000's)

| Political Subdivision | Oı | Debt utstanding | Estimated Percentage Applicable ¹ | mated Share Overlapping Debt ¹ |
|-----------------------------------|----|--------------------|--|---|
| Direct debt: | | | | |
| Franklin County ² | \$ | 486,979 | 100.0% | \$ 486,979 |
| Entities wholly within County: | | | | |
| Cities | | 290,451 | 100.0% | 290,451 |
| Villages | | 39,869 | 100.0% | 39,869 |
| Townships | | 40,331 | 100.0% | 40,331 |
| School districts | | 1,139,939 | 100.0% | 1,139,939 |
| Other | | 84,185 | 100.0% | 84,185 |
| Entities partially within County: | | | | |
| Cities | | 3,644,506 | 90.9% | 3,312,856 |
| School districts | | 1,431,886 | 57.2% | 819,039 |
| Special district | | 72,550 | 60.1% | 43,603 |
| Total overlapping debt | | 6,743,717 | | 5,770,273 |
| Total direct and overlapping debt | \$ | 7,230,696 | | \$ 6,257,252 |

Source: Debt schedules submitted by political subdivisions to the Franklin County Budget Commission and Settlement Division and the Ohio Municipal Advisory Council.

Note: ¹Some political subdivisions are not wholly located within the legal boundaries of Franklin County. For those entities, the amount applicable to Franklin County is determined by dividing the assessed valuation of the Franklin County portion of the subdivision by the total assessed valuation. 2021 tax year valuations were used. Major entities partially within Franklin County include the cities of Columbus, Dublin, Pickerington, Reynoldsburg, Westerville, Canal Winchester and New Albany.

| ² Direct debt of Franklin County includes the following: | |
|---|---------------|
| Governmental activities: | |
| General obligation bonds | \$ 227,704 |
| General obligation notes | 4,151 |
| Special obligation bonds | 231,620 |
| Special obligation loans | 2,323 |
| Lease liability | 21,181 |
| | \$ 486,979 |



Pledged Revenue Coverage for Special Obligations

Last Ten Years

(Amounts in 000's)

| - | Tax Year | enses Permits | C | ees and harges Services | nes and feitures | estment acome | other venues | C | ales of Capital Assets | Net vailable levenue | Pri | Debt S | Service In | iterest | Coverage | |
|---|-------------|------------------|----|-------------------------------|---------------------|------------------|-----------------|----|------------------------------|----------------------------|-----|--------|---------------|---------|----------|--|
| | 2012 | \$ 378 | \$ | 54,588 | \$ 1,079 | \$ 9,220 | \$ 4,054 | \$ | 10 | \$ 69,329 | \$ | 2,700 | \$ | 1,570 | 16.2 | |
| | 2013 | 397 | | 53,561 | 1,194 | 2,098 | 2,949 | | 22 | 60,221 | | 2,740 | | 1,489 | 14.2 | |
| | 2014 | 496 | | 57,069 | 999 | 8,494 | 2,600 | | 29 | 69,687 | | 2,775 | | 1,431 | 16.6 | |
| | 2015 | 510 | | 53,001 | 1,079 | 9,572 | 2,563 | | 26 | 66,751 | | 2,815 | | 1,373 | 15.9 | |
| | 2016 | 596 | | 59,870 | 1,063 | 8,055 | 4,300 | | 245 | 74,129 | | 4,860 | | 1,336 | 12.0 | |
| | 2017 | 781 | | 60,272 | 1,063 | 13,146 | 13,278 | | 41 | 88,581 | | 1,050 | | 1,033 | 42.5 | |
| 2 | 2018 | 782 | | 62,257 | 1,021 | 23,615 | 4,118 | | 31 | 91,824 | | 1,085 | | 986 | 44.3 | |
|) | 2019 | 872 | | 59,611 | 1,816 | 45,083 | 2,006 | | 61 | 109,449 | | 1,100 | | 986 | 52.5 | |
| | 2020 | 813 | | 60,686 | 1,845 | 31,521 | 2,637 | | 60 | 97,562 | | 1,125 | | 948 | 47.1 | |
| | 2021 | 909 | | 66,360 | 1,850 | (9,916) | 5,544 | | 317 | 65,064 | | 1,150 | | 953 | 30.9 | |

Source: Franklin County Auditor's Office.

Note: The County issued no taxable special obligation bonds in 2021 for the purpose of retiring previously issued bonds used to pay a portion of the cost of acquiring, constructing, installing, and equipping a county park and recreation facility, including a baseball stadium. The special obligation bonds do not represent general obligation debt or a pledge of the full faith and credit or taxing power of the County. The special obligations are payable solely from, and secured by, a pledge of project revenues and the above non-tax General Fund revenues of the County. As of December 31, 2021, \$17,220,000 of the bonds remain outstanding.

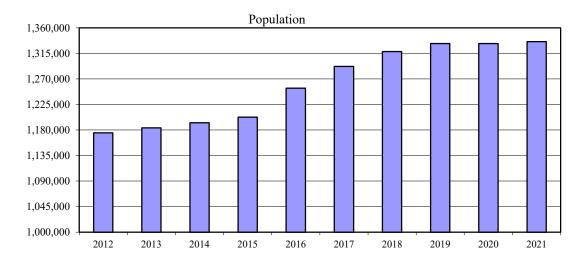
¹ Does not include principal payments due to refinancing of bond anticipation notes.

Table 19

Demographic and Economic Statistics

Last Ten Years

| | | Demograp | | Average Unemployment Rates ⁴ | | | | | |
|------|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|---|--------------------|------------------|------------------|--|--|
| Year | Population ¹ | Per Capita Income ² | Median Age ² | K-12 School Enrollment ³ | Franklin County | State of Ohio | United States | | |
| 2012 | 1,174,835 | \$ 40,981 | 33.6 | 202,388 | 6.1% | 7.2% | 8.1% | | |
| 2013 | 1,183,593 | 41,666 | 33.6 | 220,998 | 6.2% | 7.4% | 7.4% | | |
| 2014 | 1,192,653 | 44,723 | 33.9 | 220,998 | 4.8% | 5.7% | 6.2% | | |
| 2015 | 1,202,423 | 46,104 | 34.0 | 217,511 | 4.1% | 4.9% | 5.3% | | |
| 2016 | 1,253,522 | 48,941 | 34.1 | 217,822 | 4.0% | 4.9% | 4.9% | | |
| 2017 | 1,291,981 | 50,514 | 34.0 | 217,022 | 4.0% | 5.0% | 4.4% | | |
| 2018 | 1,318,164 | 52,315 | 34.1 | 205,392 | 3.8% | 4.6% | 3.9% | | |
| 2019 | 1,332,352 | 53,519 | 34.2 | 209,218 | 3.5% | 4.1% | 3.6% | | |
| 2020 | 1,332,352 | 53,595 | 34.3 | 210,024 | 7.4% | 8.1% | 6.9% | | |
| 2021 | 1,335,550 | 55,552 | 34.0 | 210,532 | 5.0% | 5.1% | 3.7% | | |



Source: ¹ Estimates by Mid-Ohio Regional Planning Commission and Woods & Poole Economics, Inc.

² Provided by Woods & Poole Economics, Inc.

³ Ohio Department of Education, Division of Information Management Services.

⁴ Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, Ohio Labor Market Information.

Principal Employers

As of December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2012

| | | | 2021 | | |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|------|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Employer | Principal Business | Number of Employees | Rank | Percentage of Total Employment | Rank in 2012 |
| The Ohio State University | Education | 35,210 | 1 | 5.22% | 1 |
| State of Ohio | Government | 24,897 | 2 | 3.69% | 2 |
| Ohio Health | Health Care | 24,512 | 3 | 3.64% | 4 |
| JP Morgan Chase & Co. | Finance | 17,480 | 4 | 2.59% | 3 |
| Nationwide | Insurance | 16,000 | 5 | 2.37% | 5 |
| Nationwide Children's Hospital | Health Care | 13,161 | 6 | 1.95% | - |
| Kroger Co. | Retail | 12,018 | 7 | 1.78% | 6 |
| Amazon | Retail | 9,200 | 8 | 1.36% | - |
| City of Columbus | Government | 8,705 | 9 | 1.29% | 8 |
| Mount Carmel Health System | Health Care | 8,182 | 10 | 1.21% | 9 |
| Total principal employers | | 169,365 | | 25.10% | |
| Total employment within the County | | 674,000 | | 100.00% | |

| | | | 2012 | | |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|------|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Employer | Principal Business | Number of Employees | Rank | Percentage of Total Employment | Rank in 2021 |
| The Ohio State University | Education | 27,404 | 1 | 4.76% | 1 |
| State of Ohio | Government | 24,748 | 2 | 4.30% | 2 |
| JP Morgan Chase | Finance | 19,200 | 3 | 3.34% | 4 |
| Ohio Health | Health Care | 14,025 | 4 | 2.44% | 3 |
| Nationwide Mutual Insurance Co. | Finance | 11,316 | 5 | 1.97% | 5 |
| Kroger Company | Retail | 10,031 | 6 | 1.74% | 7 |
| Columbus City School District | Education | 9,753 | 7 | 1.69% | - |
| City of Columbus | Government | 8,455 | 8 | 1.47% | 9 |
| Mount Carmel Health System | Health Care | 7,961 | 9 | 1.38% | 10 |
| Limited Brands, Inc. | Retail | 7,800 | 10 | 1.36% | - |
| Total principal employers | | 140,693 | | 24.45% | |
| Total employment within the County | | 575,600 | | 100.00% | |

т

Source: Business First, Book of Lists, 2021. Franklin County adjusted to reflect reporting entity.

County Government Employees by Function/Activity Last Ten Years

| | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
|--|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| General government: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Commissioners | 28.0 | 28.5 | 28.5 | 26.0 | 30.0 | 31.5 | 35.5 | 35.5 | 34.5 | 38.5 |
| Purchasing | 17.0 | 17.0 | 17.0 | 20.0 | 20.0 | 19.0 | 19.0 | 16.0 | 15.0 | 23.0 |
| Public facilities management ¹ | 211.5 | 210.5 | 213.0 | 142.0 | 137.5 | 141.0 | 133.0 | 136.0 | 135.0 | 132.0 |
| Fleet management | 8.0 | 9.0 | 9.0 | 9.0 | 10.0 | 9.0 | 11.0 | 9.0 | 9.0 | 12.0 |
| Human resources | 24.5 | 22.0 | 22.0 | 27.0 | 25.0 | 26.0 | 25.0 | 27.0 | 27.0 | 33.0 |
| Auditor | 118.5 | 129.0 | 132.0 | 127.5 | 113.5 | 115.5 | 119.0 | 127.0 | 123.5 | 125.0 |
| Data center | 62.5 | 63.0 | 63.0 | 60.0 | 49.0 | 53.0 | 46.0 | 57.0 | 70.0 | 74.0 |
| Recorder | 44.0 | 49.0 | 50.0 | 65.0 | 51.5 | 48.5 | 48.5 | 48.5 | 48.0 | 45.0 |
| Treasurer | 48.5 | 47.5 | 47.0 | 47.0 | 43.5 | 44.5 | 47.0 | 44.0 | 45.0 | 45.5 |
| Board of elections | 64.5 | 62.0 | 63.0 | 85.0 | 47.5 | 49.0 | 55.0 | 70.5 | 67.0 | 56.5 |
| Clerk of courts | 203.0 | 201.5 | 205.0 | 204.0 | 205.0 | 192.0 | 185.0 | 198.0 | 198.0 | 194.5 |
| Judicial: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Prosecuting attorney | 178.0 | 191.5 | 184.0 | 200.0 | 195.0 | 196.5 | 198.5 | 195.0 | 192.5 | 206.5 |
| Public defender | 144.5 | 145.0 | 143.5 | 146.5 | 140.5 | 144.5 | 143.0 | 143.0 | 169.0 | 147.5 |
| Court of appeals | 37.0 | 40.0 | 37.0 | 37.0 | 37.0 | 38.0 | 36.0 | 35.0 | 31.0 | 39.0 |
| Common pleas court | 228.0 | 229.5 | 227.5 | 231.5 | 233.0 | 227.5 | 226.5 | 247.0 | 237.0 | 234.5 |
| Domestic and juvenile court | 338.5 | 339.5 | 333.5 | 348.5 | 350.5 | 353.5 | 371.5 | 379.0 | 333.0 | 326.0 |
| Probate court | 53.0 | 56.5 | 54.5 | 62.0 | 61.5 | 59.0 | 61.0 | 59.0 | 59.0 | 67.0 |
| Municipal court ² | 23.0 | 24.5 | 24.5 | 21.5 | 27.0 | 25.0 | 26.5 | 26.0 | 25.0 | 22.5 |
| Law library | 3.0 | 5.0 | 4.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 6.0 | 6.0 | 6.0 | 5.5 | 4.5 |
| Public safety: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Coroner | 29.5 | 27.5 | 27.5 | 33.5 | 35.5 | 32.5 | 37.0 | 40.0 | 44.0 | 54.5 |
| Sheriff | 779.5 | 827.5 | 831.5 | 1,107.0 | 1,152.0 | 1,159.0 | 1,166.0 | 1,179.5 | 1,211.5 | 1,175.0 |
| Emergency management agency | 12.5 | 12.0 | 10.5 | 12.0 | 10.0 | 9.5 | 11.0 | 12.0 | 13.0 | 11.0 |
| Animal care and control | 55.5 | 57.0 | 57.5 | 45.0 | 56.5 | 59.5 | 51.5 | 59.0 | 56.0 | 60.0 |
| Justice policy and programs | 6.0 | 6.0 | 6.0 | 7.5 | 9.5 | 10.5 | 12.0 | 6.0 | 15.5 | 22.0 |
| Human services: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Veterans service commission | 22.5 | 22.5 | 22.5 | 24.0 | 23.5 | 23.0 | 26.0 | 29.5 | 29.5 | 26.5 |
| Office on aging | 80.0 | 84.0 | 85.0 | 86.0 | 89.0 | 92.0 | 93.0 | 88.0 | 93.0 | 91.0 |
| Job and family services | 588.0 | 564.5 | 576.0 | 561.5 | 586.0 | 615.0 | 597.0 | 609.0 | 626.0 | 566.0 |
| Children services board | 692.5 | 719.5 | 716.0 | 730.5 | 740.0 | 801.5 | 816.0 | 838.5 | 843.0 | 803.0 |
| Child support enforcement agency | 238.0 | 250.0 | 250.0 | 239.5 | 252.0 | 243.0 | 248.0 | 232.5 | 226.0 | 224.0 |
| Guardianship service board | - | - | - | 6.0 | 9.0 | 10.5 | 13.0 | 17.0 | 21.0 | 22.0 |
| Health: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Board of developmental disabilities ³ | 1,164.0 | 1,160.0 | 1,127.5 | 1,091.0 | 1,068.5 | 1,044.5 | 614.5 | 627.5 | 620.5 | 616.0 |
| ADAMH board | 46.0 | 44.0 | 46.5 | 46.5 | 47.5 | 45.5 | 45.5 | 41.5 | 47.0 | 49.5 |
| Public works: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Engineer | 184.5 | 184.5 | 182.0 | 185.5 | 178.0 | 175.5 | 175.0 | 187.0 | 177.5 | 195.0 |
| Community and economic development: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Economic development and planning | 21.5 | 17.5 | 18.5 | 21.5 | 19.5 | 20.0 | 21.5 | 18.0 | 18.5 | 17.5 |
| Water and sewer operations: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sanitary engineer | 12.0 | 13.0 | 13.0 | 14.5 | 17.5 | 16.5 | 15.5 | 14.5 | 12.0 | 14.0 |
| Parking facilities operations: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Public facilities management | 8.0 | 8.0 | 8.0 | 8.0 | 7.0 | 6.0 | 7.0 | 6.0 | 6.0 | 6.0 |
| Total | 5,775.0 | 5,868.0 | 5,836.0 | 6,084.0 | 6,083.0 | 6,143.0 | 5,742.5 | 5,864.0 | 5,884.0 | 5,779.5 |

Source: Franklin County Auditor's Office.

Notes:

Method: 1.0 for each full time and .5 for each part-time employee. Includes 5,659 full-time employees and 120.5 full-time equivalents for part-time employees as of December 31, 2021.

¹ Total employment declined from 2014 to 2015 due to security employees being transferred from Public Facilities Management to the Sheriff.

² The County pays a portion of the salaries for judges and magistrates; in general, municipal court employees are paid by the City of Columbus.

³ Total employment declined from 2017 to 2018 due to employees being transferred from the Board of Developmental Disabilities to ARC Industries.

Operating Indicators and Capital Asset Statistics

Last Ten Years

| | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
|----------------------------------|---|----------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|----------|---------|-----------|
| General government: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Commissioners: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of resolutions presented | 894 | 962 | 913 | 947 | 924 | 919 | 899 | 935 | 925 | 1,02 |
| Purchasing: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of purchase orders issued | 8,089 | 7,947 | 7,368 | 7,192 | 7,261 | 7,032 | 7,863 | 7,907 | 6,645 | 6,494 |
| Public facilities management: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of buildings maintained | | | | | | | | | | |
| County owned | 22 | 20 | 28 | 25 | 25 | 26 | 26 | 26 | 26 | 2 |
| Non-county owned | 8 | 8 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 13 | 13 | 13 | 13 | 1 |
| Fleet management: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of titled vehicles | 352 | 369 | 371 | 390 | 402 | 406 | 426 | 406 | 396 | 409 |
| Human resources: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of workers compensation | | | | | | | | | | |
| claims filed | 303 | 281 | 257 | 283 | 242 | 275 | 275 | 243 | 187 | 160 |
| Auditor: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Real estate | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of parcels on file | 442,378 | 443,851 | 445,854 | 427,096 | 428,311 | 429,687 | 430,891 | 432,388 | 434,001 | 435,77 |
| Fiscal services | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of payment requests | | | | | | | | | | |
| processed | 361,806 | 346,715 | 352,647 | 352,398 | 362,806 | 348,768 | 347,797 | 335,797 | 332,571 | 348,493 |
| Data center: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of users supported | 3,654 | 3,692 | 3,692 | 3,469 | 3,500 | 3,512 | 4,820 | 4,900 | 5,420 | 5,570 |
| Recorder: | , i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i | , | , | , | , | , | <i>.</i> | <i>.</i> | , | · · · · · |
| Number of deeds recorded | 42,690 | 48,289 | 46,907 | 34,939 | 36,208 | 37,206 | 38,158 | 37,410 | 34,866 | 56,89 |
| Number of mortgages recorded | 55,813 | 57,120 | 42,036 | 41,020 | 45,440 | 44,635 | 41,980 | 46.409 | 46,031 | 74,649 |
| Board of elections: | | | , | , | , | , | , | | , | , ,,, ,, |
| Number of registered voters | 809,374 | 794,288 | 803,863 | 831,277 | 843,432 | 853,888 | 881,797 | 840,564 | 882,623 | 865,220 |
| Number of voters last general | , | .,, | , | | , | , | , | , | , | , |
| election | 574,610 | 156,561 | 199,146 | 305,255 | 593,435 | 202,511 | 491,311 | 185,766 | 636,056 | 203,658 |
| Percentage of registered voters | , | | | | , | , | ., ., | | | , |
| that voted | 71.0% | 19.8% | 37.2% | 36.7% | 70.4% | 23.7% | 55.7% | 22.10% | 72.06% | 23.54% |
| Clerk of courts: | , | | | | , | | | | | |
| Number of titles processed | 517,584 | 548,939 | 586,811 | 569,470 | 570,245 | 551,142 | 556,921 | 565,027 | 489,313 | 561,88 |
| Tranicer of the processed | 011,001 | 0.10,000 | 000,011 | 50,170 | 0,0,210 | 001,112 | 000,021 | 000,027 | 105,515 | 201,00 |
| Judicial: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Prosecuting attorney: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of criminal cases | | | | | | | | | | |
| set for trial | 46,745 | 39,029 | 38,084 | 38,752 | 37,806 | 33,598 | 30,268 | 36,731 | 23,044 | 43,890 |
| Number of civil cases opened | 664 | 619 | 640 | 938 | 992 | 782 | 712 | 594 | 820 | 1,773 |
| Public defender: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of cases filed | 59,553 | 58,225 | 54,038 | 51,221 | 53,171 | 54,586 | 53,729 | 50,913 | 26,975 | 33,27 |
| Court of appeals: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of cases filed | 1,093 | 1,099 | 1,068 | 1,239 | 895 | 921 | 1,005 | 884 | 603 | 70 |
| Common pleas court: | , | , | , | , | | | , | | | |
| Number of civil cases filed | 67,879 | 76,646 | 78,073 | 69,071 | 56,101 | 84,334 | 70,112 | 68,575 | 135,337 | 116,16 |
| Number of criminal cases filed | 8,284 | 8,541 | 8,198 | 8,144 | 8,984 | 8,575 | 6,376 | 6,731 | 7,630 | 7,51 |
| Number of court rooms | 24 | 24 | 24 | 32 | 32 | 32 | 32 | 32 | 32 | 3 |
| Domestic and juvenile court: | 21 | - 1 | - 1 | 52 | 52 | 22 | 52 | 22 | 52 | 5 |
| Number of cases filed | 19,924 | 20,538 | 26,447 | 25,431 | 25,013 | 25,132 | 24,667 | 24,642 | 18,127 | 21,58 |

(Continued on next page)

FRANKLIN COUNTY, OHIO Operating Indicators and Capital Asset Statistics Last Ten Years

| | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
|--|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Probate court: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of civil cases filed | 263 | 339 | 326 | 316 | 270 | 280 | 271 | 265 | 270 | 247 |
| Number of court rooms | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Municipal court: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of civil cases filed | 48,771 | 42,393 | 44,257 | 36,783 | 36,074 | 40,417 | 43,497 | 46,650 | 32,092 | 36,362 |
| Number of criminal cases filed | 146,343 | 143,147 | 144,517 | 138,283 | 134,829 | 133,748 | 131,689 | 121,720 | 68,380 | 66,007 |
| Number of small claims cases filed | 6,721 | 6,273 | 6,849 | 5,995 | 5,911 | 5,827 | 5,707 | 4,946 | 2,746 | 2,313 |
| Number of court rooms | 23 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 23 |
| Public safety: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Coroner: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of autopsies performed | 1,139 | 1,092 | 1,147 | 1,242 | 1,236 | 1,375 | 1,406 | 1,317 | 1,538 | 1,762 |
| Sheriff: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Jail operation | | | | | | | | | | |
| Average daily jail census | 1,881 | 1,855 | 1,903 | 1,876 | 1,925 | 1,957 | 1,997 | 1,916 | 1,659 | 1,677 |
| Prisoners booked | 32,268 | 30,556 | 28,862 | 26,767 | 28,366 | 28,953 | 27,140 | 26,407 | 17,741 | 18,369 |
| Prisoners released | 32,322 | 30,134 | 29,089 | 26,714 | 28,246 | 28,889 | 27,251 | 26,404 | 18,086 | 18,336 |
| Enforcement | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of incidents reported | 149,533 | 133,519 | 129,711 | 129,666 | 130,389 | 144,046 | 120,014 | 108,652 | 96,264 | 86,307 |
| Number of enforcement actions | 32,709 | 28,742 | 35,539 | 31,861 | 31,436 | 29,697 | 30,792 | 20,730 | 15,253 | 13,463 |
| Number of civil papers served | 105,809 | 101,733 | 107,838 | 100,048 | 97,790 | 92,398 | 80,171 | 80,773 | 53,797 | 55,991 |
| Number of runs dispatched | 329,340 | 307,863 | 326,733 | 335,638 | 350,953 | 345,984 | 322,151 | 368,235 | 335,693 | 347,119 |
| Number of Sheriff's vehicles | 227 | 236 | 249 | 266 | 279 | 264 | 247 | 275 | 269 | 258 |
| Emergency management agency: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of emergency responses | 14 | 16 | 19 | 22 | 20 | 22 | 27 | 7 | 34 | 15 |
| Animal care and control: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of dogs impounded | 11,697 | 11,727 | 10,918 | 10,347 | 10,174 | 9,991 | 9,262 | 4,845 | 4,540 | 4,115 |
| Number of dogs adopted/returned to | | | | | | | | | | |
| owner | 6,709 | 6,388 | 5,530 | 6,621 | 7,098 | 6,824 | 6,396 | 6,494 | 5,048 | 5,526 |
| Human services: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Veterans service commission: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of veterans entering office | 5,687 | 6,105 | 5,850 | 5,848 | 5,846 | 5,601 | 5,642 | 5,841 | 4,801 | 3,747 |
| Number of financial claims filed | 4,305 | 4,802 | 3,890 | 3,485 | 3,312 | 3,014 | 3,437 | 4,195 | 2,562 | 3,188 |
| Number of veterans receiving | | | | | | | | | | |
| financial assistance | 3,999 | 4,522 | 3,474 | 3,204 | 3,171 | 2,882 | 3,283 | 3,979 | 2,456 | 3,095 |
| Office on aging: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of seniors served | 7,669 | 8,045 | 8,687 | 9,015 | 9,069 | 9,254 | 9,171 | 9,334 | 10,007 | 10,926 |
| Home delivered meals provided | 494,630 | 522,404 | 585,950 | 645,488 | 651,907 | 673,446 | 689,886 | 719,264 | 922,055 | 1,036,632 |
| Miles of transportation provided | 1,443,588 | 1,515,720 | 1,900,947 | 2,076,831 | 2,115,654 | 2,036,021 | 2,011,720 | 1,955,211 | 1,237,120 | 1,178,294 |
| Job and family services: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of clients - child care | 18,653 | 21,111 | 33,258 | 32,891 | 33,467 | 22,932 | 24,751 | 28,176 | 27,969 | 22,278 |
| Number of clients - food stamps | 223,322 | 225,805 | 280,729 | 272,165 | 268,293 | 171,377 | 154,235 | 146,303 | 166,134 | 173,783 |
| Number of clients - cash assistance | 22,050 | 20,216 | 29,127 | 25,327 | 23,989 | 11,572 | 10,465 | 9,864 | 11,551 | 9,578 |
| Number of clients - medicaid | 252,849 | 259,848 | 329,804 | 339,419 | 351,699 | 349,058 | 333,849 | 323,374 | 346,349 | 396,672 |
| Number of clients - career or job services | 14,747 | 8,612 | 8,500 | 1,653 | 3,724 | 8,150 | 2,202 | 7,496 | 7,424 | 898 |
| Number of clients - job placement | 1,538 | 1,832 | 1,114 | 1,107 | 1,410 | 1,340 | 1,131 | 1,796 | 1,023 | 983 |

Table 23

(Continued on next page)

FRANKLIN COUNTY, OHIO Operating Indicators and Capital Asset Statistics

Last Ten Years

| | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
|--|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|----------------|----------------|----------------|-------|
| Children services: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of children helped through | | | | | | | | | | |
| direct services | 12,188 | 10,805 | 10,948 | 12,216 | 12,860 | 14,378 | 11,900 | 12,192 | 10,148 | 9,59 |
| Number of children adopted | 142 | 153 | 152 | 152 | 170 | 176 | 158 | 176 | 130 | 15 |
| Number of referrals for investigations | 11,742 | 12,381 | 12,444 | 12,647 | 11,818 | 11,771 | 13,770 | 14,804 | 12,827 | 13,43 |
| Number of children served in foster | | | | | | | | | | |
| home care | 2,349 | 2,347 | 2,261 | 2,277 | 2,383 | 2,440 | 2,375 | 2,348 | 1,959 | 1,70 |
| Number of children served in all | | | | | | | | | | |
| paid placement | 3,065 | 3,106 | 3,146 | 3,170 | 3,320 | 3,238 | 3,137 | 3,212 | 2,819 | 2,42 |
| Child support enforcement agency: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of active support orders | 62,956 | 64,505 | 64,607 | 75,561 | 65,976 | 66,133 | 68,715 | 64,997 | 54,884 | 62,44 |
| Percentage collected-level of service | 82.7% | 82.1% | 81.1% | 80.7% | 80.7% | 69.5% | 81.0% | 81.4% | 68.0% | 68.49 |
| Health: | | | | | | | | | | |
| FCBDD: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number served | | | | | | | | | | |
| Early intervention/education program | 5,363 | 5,255 | 5,436 | 4,560 | 5,149 | 5,462 | 5,547 | 5,639 | 5,461 | 5,55 |
| Sheltered workshop/community | | | | | | | | | | |
| employment program | 2,300 | 2,266 | 2,198 | 2,375 | 2,965 | 2,800 | 2,875 | 2,731 | 1,727 | 1,1 |
| Habilitation | 662 | 664 | 699 | 612 | 630 | 625 | 505 | 557 | 284 | 2 |
| Number of facilities | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 12 | |
| Number of buses | 152 | 149 | 155 | 137 | 135 | 115 | 100 | 63 | 57 | |
| ADAMH Board: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of adults treated | 27,822 | 18,616 | 18,380 | 16,551 | 16,600 | 17,069 | 16,325 | 18,551 | 15,350 | 13,8 |
| Number of children and adolescents treated ¹ | 12,480 | 3,153 | 4,136 | 3,794 | 3,800 | 3,449 | 3,091 | 3,722 | 3,110 | 2,9 |
| Number of adults receiving prevention | | | | | | | | | | |
| services ² | 21,063 | 23,661 | 35,898 | 47,157 | 47,200 | 29,033 | 24,735 | 34,013 | 59,491 | |
| Number of children and adolescents | | | | | | | | | | |
| receiving prevention services ² | 16,215 | 19,600 | 20,060 | 32,442 | 32,400 | 34,422 | 34,459 | 63,265 | 27,401 | |
| Public works: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Engineer: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Miles of road maintained | 271 | 271 | 270 | 267 | 263 | 262 | 261 | 260 | 260 | 2 |
| Miles of road resurfaced | 13 | 11 | 16 | 13 | 12 | 13 | 13 | 15 | 11.14 | 19. |
| Number of County maintained bridges | 351 | 353 | 355 | 355 | 346 | 357 | 366 | 359 | 360 | 3 |
| Vater and sewer operations ³ : | | | | | | | | | | |
| Miles of water mains | 62 | 62 | 62 | 60 | 75 | 75 | 75 | 75 | 75 | |
| Miles of sanitary sewer lines | 96 | 96 | 96 | 100 | 146 | 146 | 148 | 148 | 148 | 1 |
| Number of sewer and water treatment | 20 | 20 | 20 | 100 | 140 | 140 | 170 | 140 | 140 | 1 |
| facilities | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 4 | |
| Number of pumping stations | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 15 | 15 | 15 | |
| Number of water customers | 3,818 | 3,671 | 4,588 | 4,379 | 4,450 | 4,350 | 4,522 | 4,506 | 4,503 | 4,5 |
| Number of sewer customers | 5,685 | 5,341 | 6,462 | 6,335 | 6,436 | 6,352 | 4,522 6,508 | 4,500 6,505 | 4,503 6,502 | 4,5 |
| Parking facilities | | | | | | | | | | |
| arking facilities: Number of parking facilities managed | 4 | 4 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | |
| number of parking facilities managed | 4 | 4 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | |

Source: Various Franklin County agencies.

¹ ADAMH Board no longer managed the Medicaid program on the local level after 2012.

² ADAMH Board implemented new data system in 2021 and was unable to provide the number of adults and children receiving prevention services in 2021.

³ The Sanitary Engineer was not able to provide updated information for 2021.

The following description of significant events is provided in compliance with the Rule for existing obligations outstanding at December 31, 2021.

- 1. There were no delinquencies of principal and/or interest payments.
- 2. There were no non-payment related defaults.
- 3. There have been no modifications to rights of the holders of the County's obligations.

4. In July 2021, the County issued Series 2021A Various Purpose Refunding Bonds in the amount of \$32,065,000 with an interest rate of 0.95 to 4.0% (maturing December 1, 2038) for the purposes of (i) providing funds to taxably advance refund all the callable outstanding maturities of the County's Various Purpose General Obligation Bonds, Series 2013 (Limited Tax), dated August 20, 2013; and (ii) to pay certain costs related to the issuance of the Bonds. The transaction achieved net present value savings of \$4,171,000, or 13.78%, of the refunded par. In July 2021, the County issued Series 2021B Various Purpose Refunding Bonds in the amount of \$46,630,000 with an interest rate of 0.35 to 5.0% (maturing June 1, 2033) for the purposes of 9i) providing funds to taxably advance refund all the callable outstanding maturities of the County's Various Purpose Limited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2014 (General Obligation), dated March 11, 2014; and (ii) to pay certain costs related to the issuance of the Bonds. The transaction achieved net present value savings of \$2,804,000, or 6.65%, of the refunding par.

5. There were no calls of the County's obligations outstanding during 2021, nor did the County defease any other bonds during 2021.

6. There were no rating changes during 2021. The County maintains the highest long-term bond rating given by both Moody's Investor Services (Aaa) and Standard & Poor's (AAA) for its general obligation debt.

- 7. There have been no adverse tax opinions or events affecting the tax-exempt status of any of the County's outstanding obligations.
- 8. There were no unscheduled draws on debt service reserves reflecting financial difficulties.
- 9. There were no unscheduled draws on credit enhancements reflecting financial difficulties.
- 10. There was no substitution of credit or liquidity providers, nor was there a failure to perform.
- 11. The County did not release, substitute or sell any property securing repayment of its obligations.
- 12. The County will continue to provide all necessary annual information by filing its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report with the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board through the use of the MSRB's electronic portal "EMMA," short for Electronic Municipal Market Access.



FRANKLIN COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 9/29/2022

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370