

GROVEPORT MADISON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT FRANKLIN COUNTY SINGLE AUDIT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

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Board of Education Groveport Madison Local School District 4400 Marketing Place Groveport, Ohio 43125

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Groveport Madison Local School District, Franklin County, prepared by Perry & Associates, Certified Public Accountants, A.C., for the audit period July 1, 2020 through June 30, 2021. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Groveport Madison Local School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

January 28, 2022

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

January 3, 2022

Groveport Madison Local School District Franklin County 4400 Marketing Place, Suite B Groveport, Ohio 43125

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of **Groveport Madison Local School District**, Franklin County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

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Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Groveport Madison Local School District, Franklin County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 18 to the financial statements, during 2021, the District adopted new accounting guidance in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's discussion and analysis*, and schedules of net pension and other post-employment benefit liabilities and pension and other post-employment benefit contributions listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the District's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The schedule is management's responsibility, and derives from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected the schedule to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling the schedule directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

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Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 3, 2022, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Perry amountes Con's A. C.

Perry and Associates Certified Public Accountants, A.C. *Marietta, Ohio*

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As management of the Groveport Madison Local School District (the District), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and notes to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the District exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows
 of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$13.9 million, an increase of \$18.3 million
 during the fiscal year.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$48.8 million, an increase of \$23.8 million from the close of the prior fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

All activities of the District are accounted for as governmental activities. These activities include instruction, support services, non-instructional services, co-curricular activities, interest and fiscal charges, and issuance costs.

The reader will also need to consider non-financial factors such as property tax base, current property tax laws, student enrollment growth, and facility conditions in arriving at their conclusion regarding the overall health of the District.

Fund Financial Statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains 25 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, which is considered to be a major fund. Data from the other 24 governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Proprietary Funds. Proprietary funds use the accrual basis of accounting; the same as on the entity-wide statements. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the District's various funds. The District uses an internal service fund to account for health claims and premiums. Because these services predominately benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the governmental-wide financial statements.

Notes to the basic financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents required supplementary information concerning the District's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension and other post-employment benefits to its employees.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceed liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$13.9 million at the close of the current fiscal year.

A comparative analysis of fiscal year 2021 to 2020 follows for the Statement of Net Position:

Governmental Activities

	2021	Restated 2020	Percent Change
Current and Other Assets	\$ 100,164,447	\$ 88,102,918	13.7%
Capital Assets, Net Total Assets	74,483,157 174,647,604	76,694,398 164,797,316	<u>-2.9%</u> 6.0%
Deferred Outflows of Resources	19,950,325	20,181,253	-1.1%
Current Liabilities Long-term Liabilities	10,369,194	9,760,275	6.2%
Other Long-term Liabilities	49,157,411	50,612,897	-2.9%
Net Pension Liability	83,044,799	74,598,537	11.3%
Net OPEB Liability	5,703,989	6,720,579	-15.1%
Total Liabilities	148,275,393	141,692,288	4.6%
Deferred Inflows of Resources	32,412,901	47,662,238	-32.0%
Net Investment in Capital Assets	30,252,106	31,888,452	-5.1%
Restricted	9,499,051	8,242,727	15.2%
Unrestricted	(25,841,522)	(44,507,136)	41.9%
Total Net Position	\$ 13,909,635	\$ (4,375,957)	417.9%

Current and Other Assets increased significantly in comparison with the prior fiscal year-end. This increase is primarily due to increases in cash and cash equivalents and investments, due to revenues in excess of expenses; property taxes receivable, due to an increase in expected property taxes for the subsequent year; and amounts due from other governments, due to significant available balances at year-end for COVID-related funding that were not drawn until after year-end. Capital Assets, Net, and Net Investment in Capital Assets both decreased significantly in comparison with the prior fiscal year-end. These decreases primarily represent current year depreciation on capital assets, which was partially offset by additions.

Current Liabilities increased due to an increase in accounts payable. Other long-term Liabilities decreased due to scheduled principal payments. The net pension and net OPEB liabilities and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources all fluctuated significantly in comparison with the prior fiscal year-end. These fluctuations are primarily the result of changes in benefit terms, changes in actuarial assumptions, and greater than expected returns on pension plan investments.

A portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, furniture and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the District's

net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

A comparative analysis of fiscal year 2021 to 2020 follows for the Changes in Net Position:

Governmental Activities

	2021	Restated 2020	Percent Change
Program Revenues			
Charges for Services	\$ 1,390,741	\$ 1,910,719	-27.2%
Operating Grants and Contributions	14,904,710	9,874,278	50.9%
General Revenues			
Property Taxes	55,898,664	26,199,861	113.4%
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	2,891,510	2,389,616	21.0%
Unrestricted Grants and Entitlements	45,925,750	45,026,505	2.0%
Unrestricted Gifts and Donations	105,016	227,569	-53.9%
Sale of Assets	1,093	8,597	-87.3%
Investment Earnings	69,178	844,428	-91.8%
Miscellaneous	 408,332	 341,065	19.7%
Total Revenues	 121,594,994	 86,822,638	40.0%
Program Expenses			
Instructional	59,658,012	59,225,950	0.7%
Support Services	37,022,670	34,678,713	6.8%
Co-Curricular Activities	1,438,013	1,265,203	13.7%
Non-instructional Services	3,505,988	3,961,679	-11.5%
Interest and Fiscal Charges	1,684,719	1,762,228	-4.4%
Issuance Costs	-	 30,000	-100.0%
Total Expenses	 103,309,402	 100,923,773	2.4%
Change in Net Position	18,285,592	(14,101,135)	-229.7%
Net Position, Beginning of Fiscal Year	(4,375,957)	(4,576,720)	
Restatement, See Note 18	 -	 200,763	
Net Position, End of Fiscal Year	\$ 13,909,635	\$ (4,375,957)	

Charges for services and sales decreased as a result of a reduction of athletics and food service revenues resulting from decreases in attendance at athletic events and in food sales as a consequence of the COVID-19 pandemic. Operating grants and contributions increased primarily due to the recognition of additional funding related to the COVID-19 pandemic. Property taxes increased significantly due to the significant fluctuation of amounts available for advance between 2019, 2020, and 2021, which resulted in significantly lower property tax revenues reported for 2020 as compared to 2019 and 2021. Unrestricted grants and entitlements increased due to an increase in state foundation funding. Investment earnings decreased significantly between years due to the economic downturn related to the pandemic.

Total Expenses increased significantly in comparison with the prior fiscal year due to increases in various costs related to the COVID-19 pandemic, as well as the fluctuation of accruals relating to the net pension and other post-employment benefits liabilities/asset.

The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The table below reflects the costs of program services and the net cost of those services after taking into account program revenues. General revenues including tax revenue, unrestricted State entitlements and investment earnings must support the net cost of program services.

A comparative analysis of fiscal year 2021 to 2020 follows:

	Total Cost of Services 2021		Total Cost of Services 2020		Net Cost of Services 2021		Net Cost of Services 2020	
Program Expenses								
Instructional	\$	59,658,012	\$	59,225,950	\$	52,978,206	\$	54,849,670
Support Services		37,022,670		34,678,713		30,065,323		31,078,825
Non-instructional Services		3,505,988		3,961,679		973,615		400,095
Co-Curricular Activities		1,438,013		1,265,203		1,312,088		1,017,958
Interest and Fiscal Charges		1,684,719		1,762,228		1,684,719		1,762,228
Issuance Costs		-		30,000		-		30,000
Total	\$	103,309,402	\$	100,923,773	\$	87,013,951	\$	89,138,776

General revenues, consisting primarily of local property taxes and unrestricted state entitlements, comprise 87% of the District's total revenues. The net cost of services column highlights the District's reliance upon general revenues reflecting the need for \$87.0 million in support.

The property tax laws in Ohio create the need to periodically seek voter approval for additional operating funds. Tax revenues generated from a levy do not increase as a result of inflation. An operating levy is approved for a fixed millage rate, but the rate is reduced for inflation with the effect of providing the District the same amount of tax dollars as originally approved. Therefore, school districts such as ours that are dependent upon property taxes as a primary source of revenue must periodically return to the ballot and ask voters for additional resources to maintain current programs. Since the District must rely heavily on voter approval of operating tax issues, management of the resources is of paramount concern to the District's administration and the voting public.

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$48.8 million, an increase of \$23.8 million from the prior fiscal year.

The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance for June 30, 2021 and 2020.

	Fund Balance June 30, 2021	Restated Fund Balance June 30, 2020	Change
General Fund	\$ 40,502,748	\$ 16,701,347	\$ 23,801,401
Other Governmental Funds	8,251,227	8,278,361	(27,134)
Total	\$ 48,753,975	\$ 24,979,708	\$ 23,774,267

General Fund

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the District. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance in the General Fund was \$37.2 million, while total fund balance was \$40.5 million.

A comparative analysis of fiscal year 2021 to 2020 General Fund revenues is as follows:

	Fiscal Year 2021	Fiscal Year 2020	Percent Change
Property Taxes	\$ 52,097,343	\$ 23,410,111	122.5%
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	3,261,062	1,858,279	75.5%
Intergovernmental	45,769,592	44,879,965	2.0%
Investment Income	31,177	700,935	-95.6%
Tuition and Fees	1,142,149	1,292,374	-11.6%
Charges for Services	43,072	46,271	-6.9%
Other	416,335	604,532	-31.1%
Total	\$ 102,760,730	\$ 72,792,467	41.2%

Property taxes increased significantly due to the significant fluctuation of amounts available for advance between 2019, 2020, and 2021, which resulted in significantly lower property tax revenues reported for 2020 as compared to 2019 and 2021. Intergovernmental revenue increased due to an increase in state foundation funding. Payments in lieu of taxes increased due to an increase in valuations.

A comparative analysis of fiscal year 2021 to 2020 General Fund expenditures is as follows:

	Fiscal Yea 2021		l	Fiscal Year 2020	Percent Change
Instruction	\$	51,211,895	\$	53,909,985	-5.0%
Support Services		25,187,055		26,273,100	-4.1%
Non-instructional Services		16,059		198,396	-91.9%
Co-curricular Activities		952,549		898,141	6.1%
Capital Outlay		636,473		22,170	2770.9%
Debt Service		-		121,057	-100.0%
Total	\$	78,004,031	\$	81,422,849	-4.2%

Total Expenses decreased in comparison with the prior fiscal year. This decrease is primarily the result of decreases in employee salary and fringe benefit costs allocated to the General Fund as certain expenditures were considered allowable expenditures from grant funds during the COVID-19 pandemic.

General Fund Budget Information

The District's budget is prepared in accordance with Ohio law and is based on the budgetary basis of accounting, utilizing cash receipts and disbursements and encumbrances. Changes are made to the District's budget as changes in revenues and spending patterns are experienced.

The variances between the District's original and final estimated resources were significant, primarily due to fluctuations in estimated property taxes, foundation revenues, and investment income.

The variances between the District's original and final appropriation measures and final appropriation measure and actual budgetary expenditures were both significant. These variances are the result of conservative budgeting practices employed by the District.

Capital Assets

At fiscal year-end, the District had approximately \$74.5 million in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, a \$2.2 million decrease from the previous fiscal year. This decrease represents the amount by which current year depreciation (\$3.3 million) exceeded capital outlays (\$1.1 million). Detailed information regarding capital asset activity can be found in Note 9 to the basic financial statements.

Debt

At fiscal year-end, the District had \$46.3 million in outstanding long-term bonds, notes and certificates of participation, a decrease of \$1.8 million in comparison with the prior fiscal year. This decrease represents the amount in which current year principal payments (\$1.7 million) and amortization (\$76,109) exceeded accretion (\$28,958). Detailed information regarding general long-term obligations can be found in Note 10 to the basic financial statements.

Under current state statutes, the District's general obligation bonded debt issues are subject to a legal limitation based on 9% of the total taxable valuation of real and personal property. At fiscal year-end, the District's general obligation debt was below the legal limit.

Currently Known Facts

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Ohio's state of emergency ended in June of 2021 while the national state of emergency continues. During fiscal year 2021, the District received Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act funding. Additional funding has been made available through the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021, passed by Congress on December 21, 2020 and/or the American Rescue Plan Act, passed by Congress on March 11, 2021.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to reflect the District's accountability for the monies it receives. Questions concerning any of the information in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Treasurer's Office, Groveport Madison Local School District, 4400 Marketing Place, Suite B, Groveport, Ohio 43125.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

	-	vernmental Activities
Assets:	•	00 770 000
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	38,779,038
Investments Prenetty Texas Reseivable		7,460,964
Property Taxes Receivable Payments in Lieu of Taxes Receivable		42,439,385 1,650,170
Accounts Receivable		933
Interest Receivable		38,860
Due From Other Governments		4,986,568
Inventory Held for Resale		29,631
Materials and Supplies Inventory		11,034
Net OPEB Asset		4,767,864
Nondepreciable Capital Assets		2,620,894
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net		71,862,263
Total Assets		174,647,604
Deferred Outflows of Resources:		
Deferred Amount on Refunding		827,390
Pension		16,492,888
OPEB		2,630,047
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		19,950,325
Liabilities: Accounts Payable		1,340,605
Accounts Payable Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable		6,959,114
Due To Other Governments		1,188,408
Accrued Interest Payable		355,067
Claims Payable		526,000
Long-Term Liabilities:		
Due Within One Year		2,119,621
Due in More Than One Year		17 007 700
Other Amounts Due in More Than One Year		47,037,790
Net Pension Liability Net OPEB Liability		83,044,799 5,703,989
Total Liabilities		148,275,393
Deferred Inflows of Resources:		
Property and Other Local Taxes		22,743,769
Pension		709,470
OPEB		8,959,662
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		32,412,901
Net Position:		
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted:		30,252,106
Food Services		38,183
Permanent Improvements		2,002,089
Capital Projects		3,152,004
Scholarships		105,353
Student Activities		85,711
Co-Curricular Activities		133,192
Locally Funded Programs		6,900
State Funded Programs		99,128
Federally Funded Programs		1,223,136
Debt Service		1,774,632
Classroom Facilities Maintenance		878,723
Unrestricted	¢	(25,841,522)
Total Net Position	\$	13,909,635

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

				Program	Revenu	es	Reve	let (Expense) nue and Changes ı Net Position
	Expenses			harges for Services	or Operating Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities	
Governmental Activities							· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Instruction								
Regular	\$	41,996,111	\$	902,726	\$	2,433,692	\$	(38,659,693)
Special		15,994,865		326,858		2,066,521		(13,601,486)
Vocational		678,565		14,089		18,588		(645,888)
Student Intervention		112,193		2,423		112,193		2,423
Other		876,278		16,970		785,746		(73,562)
Support Services Pupils		E 0E7 200				0 640 077		(2.245.002)
Instructional Staff		5,857,380 3,150,198		-		2,642,377 1,037,653		(3,215,003) (2,112,545)
Board of Education		458,959		-		1,037,033		(458,959)
Administration		6,739,625		- 1,905		855,773		(5,881,947)
Fiscal		2,435,289		1,505		-		(2,435,289)
Business		141,222		-		-		(141,222)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		10,989,609		-		1,830,491		(9,159,118)
Pupil Transportation		5,482,483		-		569,348		(4,913,135)
Central		1,767,905		-		19,800		(1,748,105)
Non-instructional Services		3,505,988		7,783		2,524,590		(973,615)
Co-Curricular Activities		1,438,013		117,987		7,938		(1,312,088)
Interest and Fiscal Charges		1,684,719		-		-		(1,684,719)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	103,309,402	\$	1,390,741	\$	14,904,710	·	(87,013,951)
	Prop Ge Bo Pey Unre Unre Sale Inve Miso Total (Chang Net Po	al Revenues: berty Taxes Levie eneral Purposes nd Retirement rmanent Improve ments in Lieu of T estricted Grants a estricted Gifts and of Assets stment Earnings cellaneous General Revenue ge in Net Position position Beginning	ments ^r axes nd Entiti d Donations s of Fisca	ons I Year-Restated				51,331,509 2,925,115 1,642,040 2,891,510 45,925,750 105,016 1,093 69,178 408,332 105,299,543 18,285,592 (4,375,957) 13,000,635
	Net Po	sition End of Fis	cal Year				\$	13,909,635

GROVEPORT MADISON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

FRANKLIN COUNTY

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

	General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Receivables:	\$ 26,754,183 2,220,481	\$ 7,385,401 250,239	\$ 34,139,584 2,470,720
Property Taxes Payments in Lieu of Taxes Accounts	39,154,052 1,650,170 383	3,285,333 - 550	42,439,385 1,650,170 933
Interest Due From Other Governments Interfund Receivable	31,754 517,130 853,401	2,330 4,469,438 -	34,084 4,986,568 853,401
Inventory Held for Resale Materials and Supplies Inventory Total Assets	<u>-</u> <u>-</u> <u>11,034</u> \$ 71,192,588	29,631 - \$ 15,422,922	29,631 11,034 \$ 86,615,510
Liabilities: Current Liablilities:			<u> </u>
Accounts Payable Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable Due to Other Governments Compensated Absences Payable	\$ 333,033 5,901,666 1,030,110 37,516	\$ 1,007,572 1,057,448 158,298	\$ 1,340,605 6,959,114 1,188,408 37,516
Interfund Payable Total Liabilities	7,302,325	853,401 3,076,719	853,401 10,379,044
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable Revenue	2,360,376	2,378,346	4,738,722
Property and Other Local Taxes Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	21,027,139 23,387,515	1,716,630 4,094,976	22,743,769 27,482,491
Fund Balances: Nonspendable:			
Inventory Restricted:	11,034	-	11,034
Food Services Permanent Improvements Capital Projects	-	38,183 1,987,126 3,537,048	38,183 1,987,126 3,537,048
Scholarships Student Activities Co-Curricular Activities	-	105,353 85,711 133,192	105,353 85,711 133,192
Locally Funded Programs State Funded Programs Federally Funded Programs	-	6,900 99,128 107,062	6,900 99,128 107,062
Debt Service Classroom Facilities Maintenance Committed:	-	1,706,160 878,691	1,706,160 878,691
Severance Assigned:	460,752	-	460,752
Public School Support Support Services Future Appropriations	146,006 1,159,825 1,512,487	-	146,006 1,159,825 1,512,487
Unassigned Total Fund Balances	37,212,644 40,502,748	(433,327) 8,251,227	<u>36,779,317</u> 48,753,975
Total Liabilites, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 71,192,588	\$ 15,422,922	\$ 86,615,510

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$ 48,753,975
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	74,483,157
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.	
Property Taxes Receivable	1,077,794
Payments in Lieu of Taxes Receivable	861,985
Intergovernmental Receivable	2,779,671
Accrued Interest Receivable	19,272
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the cost of insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.	9,108,474
The net OPEB asset, net OPEB liability and net pension liability are not due and payable in the current period; therefore, the asset and liabilities and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in governmental funds:	
Deferred Outflows - Pension	16,492,888
Deferred Outflows - OPEB	2,630,047
Deferred Inflows - Pension	(709,470)
Deferred Inflows - OPEB	(8,959,662)
Net Pension Liability	(83,044,799)
Net OPEB Asset	4,767,864
Net OPEB Liability	(5,703,989)
Long-Term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	
Bonds Payable	(31,714,732)
Unamortized Bond Premium	(1,632,828)
Various Purpose Note	(2,725,000)
Deferred Amount on Refunding	827,390
Certificates of Participation Accumulated Accretion	(10,167,923) (85,795)
Accrued Interest Payable	(355,067)
Compensated Absences	 (2,793,617)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 13,909,635

GROVEPORT MADISON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT FRANKLIN COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:			
Property Taxes	\$ 52,097,343	\$ 4,618,547	\$ 56,715,890
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	3,261,062	• .,•.•,•	3,261,062
Intergovernmental	45,769,592	14,434,238	60,203,830
•			
Investment Income	31,177	21,237	52,414
Co-Curricular Activities	1,905	117,987	119,892
Tuition and Fees	1,142,149	311	1,142,460
Charges for Services	43,072	7,783	50,855
Rent	2,970	-	2,970
Donations	82,170	37,942	120,112
Other	329,290	24,493	353,783
Total Revenues	102,760,730	19,262,538	122,023,268
Expenditures: Current:			
Instruction:			
Regular	37,263,724	2,401,893	39,665,617
•	13,312,841		
Special		1,821,119	15,133,960
Vocational	635,330	17,000	652,330
Student Intervention	-	112,193	112,193
Other Support services:	-	785,746	785,746
Pupils	2,874,067	2,693,696	5,567,763
Instructional Staff	2,028,892	950,163	2,979,055
Board of Education	453,731	_	453,731
School Administration	5,594,115	835,415	6,429,530
Fiscal Services	2,328,408	76,940	2,405,348
Business Operations	5,855	135,367	141,222
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	5,295,614	1,860,164	7,155,778
Pupil Transportation			
	4,916,267	566,216	5,482,483
Central Services	1,690,106	37,800	1,727,906
Non-instructional Services	16,059	3,493,949	3,510,008
Co-Curricular Activities	952,549	169,332	1,121,881
Capital Outlay	636,473	855,415	1,491,888
Debt service:			
Principal Retirement	-	1,728,687	1,728,687
Interest and Fiscal Charges	-	1,704,968	1,704,968
Total Expenditures	78,004,031	20,246,063	98,250,094
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	24,756,699	(983,525)	23,773,174
Other Financing Sources/(Uses):			
Sale of Capital Assets	1,093	-	1,093
Transfers In	1,000	956,391	956,391
Transfers Out	- (956,391)	930,391	
		-	(956,391)
Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses)	(955,298)	956,391	1,093
Net Change in Fund Balances	23,801,401	(27,134)	23,774,267
Fund Balance Beginning of Fiscal Year-Restated	16,701,347	8,278,361	24,979,708
Fund Balance End of Fiscal Year	\$ 40,502,748	\$ 8,251,227	\$ 48,753,975

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 23,774,267
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.	
Capital Outlay Depreciation	1,138,301 (3,349,542)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge costs of the employer share of payroll related costs and self insurance to individual funds. The expenditures of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of pet position	1 221 252
statement of net position.	1,331,252
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	
Property Taxes	(817,226)
Payments in Lieu of Taxes Intergovernmental Revenues	(369,552) 686,098
Other Revenues	67,228
Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows.	6,077,266
Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension liability are reported as pension expense in the statement of activities.	(11,825,668)
Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net OPEB asset and net OPEB liability are reported as OPEB expense in the statement of	
activities.	119,178
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position.	
Principal Repayments	1,728,687
Amortization of Premium and Discount and Deferred Amount on Refunding Capital Appreciation Bond Accretion Accrued Interest Payable	40,901 (28,958) 8,306
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the funds. Compensated Absences	 (294,946)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 18,285,592

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Revenues: \$ 35,5433,955 \$ 36,597,367 \$ - Property Taxes 1,709,625 3,190,166 - Intergovermmental 44,801,653 45,798,179 - Investment Income 620,929 172,971 189,501 16,530 Co-Curricular Activities 384 - - - Tuilion and Fees 1,291,597 1,142,706 - - Charges for Services 42,871 43,072 - - Charges for Services 42,971 3,370 - - - Constitutions 67,218 75,012 - - - Other 213,223 322,001 - - - - Total Revenues 84,195,357 87,345,524 87,362,024 845,535 - 3,500 - 3,500 - - - - - - 1,504 - - 1,524 - - 1,524 - - 1,264,335 - 1,513,128<		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over/(Under)
Payments in Lieu of Taxes 1,709,625 3,190,166 - Intergovermmental 44,801,664 45,798,179 45,798,179 - Investment Income 620,929 172,971 189,501 16,530 Co-Curricular Activities 384 - - - Unition and Fees 1,291,937 1,142,706 1,142,706 - Charges for Services 46,271 43,072 43,072 - Donations 67,218 75,012 - - Other 219,328 322,081 322,081 35,206,154 16,530 Expenditures: - 35,048,281 38,523,777 37,678,242 845,535 Special 13,963,024 14,132,234 13,449,815 682,419 Vocational 1,254 11,254 - 11,254 Student Intervention - 3,500 - 3,500 Instructional Staff 14,768 2,777,753 2,029,603 744,120 Business Operations 649,596 5,53,24		* • • • • • • • • • •	* • • • • • • • • • • •	* • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•
Intergovernmental 44, 801,653 45, 798, 179 - Investment Income 620,929 172,971 189,501 16,530 Co-Curricular Activities 384 - - - Tuition and Fees 1,291,597 1,142,706 - - Charges for Services 46,271 43,072 43,072 - Charges for Services 46,271 43,072 43,072 - Other 219,328 322,081 322,081 - Total Revenues 84,196,357 87,345,524 87,362,054 16,530 Expenditures: Current: - - 35,023,077 37,678,242 845,535 Special 13,2963,024 14,132,234 87,342,646 216,646 246,241 Vocational 1,264 35,023,777 37,678,242 845,535 Special 13,3963,024 14,132,234 664,746 216,416 Student Intervention - 3,500 - 3,500 Instructional Staff 1,476,658					\$ -
Investment Income 620.929 172.971 189.501 16,530 Co-Curricular Activities 384 - - - Tuition and Fees 1.291,597 1,142,706 - - Charges for Services 46,271 43,072 43,072 - Denations 67,218 75,012 - - Total Revenues 84,195,357 87,345,524 87,362,054 16,530 Expenditures: Current - 35,248,281 38,523,777 37,678,242 845,535 Special 13,963,024 14,132,234 13,449,815 682,419 Vocational 1,269,435 871,162 654,746 216,416 Student Intervention - 3,500 - 3,500 Other 11,254 11,254 11,254 - 11,264 Pupils 3,511,128 3,118,664 2,969,009 149,655 Pupils 1,547,569 5,533,241 343,434 563,332 144,134,348 Fiscal Services <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>, ,</td> <td>-</td>				, ,	-
Co-Curricular Activities 384 - - - - Tution and Fees 1,291,597 1,142,706 1,142,706 - Charges for Services 4,397 3,970 3,970 - Donations 67,218 75,012 75,012 - Other 219,328 322,081 322,081 - Total Revenues 84,195,357 87,345,524 87,362,054 16,530 Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular 35,248,281 38,523,777 37,678,242 845,535 Special 13,963,024 14,132,234 13,449,815 682,419 Vocational 1,269,435 11,264 - 3,500 Other 11,254 11,254 - 3,500 - 3,500 Pupils 3,511,128 3,511,128 3,511,864 2,969,009 149,655 Support services: 1,254 11,254 - 1,254 Pupils 3,511,128 3,511,76,753 2,029,633 748,125 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td>					-
Tution and Fees 1,291,597 1,142,706 - Charges for Services 4,397 3,970 3,970 - Rent 4,397 3,970 3,970 - Donations 67,218 322,081 322,081 - Total Revenues 84,195,357 87,345,524 87,362,054 16,530 Expenditures: - 13,963,024 14,132,2234 13,449,815 682,419 Current: Instruction: - 3,500,224 11,42,706 - 3,500 Student Intervention 1,269,435 871,162 654,746 216,416 Student Intervention - 3,500 - 3,500 Other 11,254 11,254 - 11,254 Support services: - 11,254 - 11,254 Pupils 3,511,128 3,118,664 2,969,009 149,655 Instructional Staff 1,476,958 2,777,753 2,029,633 748,120 Board of Education 5,887,487 5,667,569<			1/2,9/1	189,501	16,530
Charges for Services 46,271 43,970 43,970 3,970 - Rent 4,397 3,970 3,970 - - Donations 67,218 75,012 75,012 - - Other 219,328 322,081 322,081 - - Total Revenues 84,195,357 87,345,524 87,362,054 16,530 Expenditures: Current: - <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td></td<>			-	-	-
Rent 4.397 3.970 3.970 - Other 219.328 322.081 322.081 - Total Revenues 84.195.357 87.345.524 87.362.054 16.530 Expenditures: Current: Instruction: 84.195.357 87.345.524 87.362.054 16.530 Expenditures: Current: Instruction: 7.678.242 845.535 862.419 Vocational 12.269.435 871.162 654.746 216.416 Student Intervention - 3.500 - 3.500 Other 11.254 11.254 - 11.254 Support services: 11.254 11.254 - 11.254 Pupils 3,511.128 3,118.664 2,069.009 149.655 School Administration 5,887.487 5,667.589 5.533.241 134.348 Pupils 1,712.622 6,091.204 5,483.033 608.171 Pupi Transportation 10.434.062 5,935.032 5.776.375 158.667 Central					-
Donations 67,218 75,012 75,012 - Other 219,328 322,081 322,081 - Total Revenues 84,195,357 87,345,524 87,362,054 16,530 Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular 35,248,281 38,523,777 37,678,242 845,535 Special 13,963,024 14,132,234 13,449,815 662,419 Vocational 1,269,435 871,162 654,746 216,416 Student Intervention - 3,500 - 3,500 - 3,500 Other 11,254 11,254 - 11,254 - 11,254 Support services: - 1476,958 2,777,753 2,029,633 748,120 Board of Education 5,687,467 5,667,589 5,532,241 134,348 Fiscal Services 2,292,626 2,430,235 2,294,323 135,912 Business Operations 49,596 35,501 7,364 281,377 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 7,123,62	-				-
Other 219,328 322,081 322,081 - Total Revenues 84,195,357 87,345,524 87,362,054 16,530 Expenditures: Current: Instruction: 88,195,357 37,678,242 845,535 Special 13,963,024 14,132,234 13,449,815 682,419 Vocational 1,269,435 871,162 654,746 216,416 Student Intervention - 3,500 - 3,500 Other 11,254 11,254 - 11,254 Support services: 9upits 3,511,128 3,118,664 2,969,009 149,655 Instructional Staff 1476,958 2,777,753 2,029,633 748,120 85,355 School Administration 5,887,487 5,667,589 5,533,241 134,348 Fiscal Services 2,292,626 2,430,235 2,294,323 135,912 Business Operation and Maintenance of Plant 7,123,622 6,091,204 5,483,033 608,171 Pupit Transportation 10,444,062 5,935,032					-
Total Revenues 84,195,357 87,345,524 87,362,054 16,530 Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular 35,248,281 38,523,777 37,678,242 845,535 Special 13,963,024 14,132,234 13,449,815 682,419 Vocational 1,259,435 871,162 684,746 216,416 Student Intervention - 3,500 - 3,500 Other 11,254 11,254 - 11,254 Support services: - 3,511,128 3,118,664 2,969,009 149,655 Instructional Staff 1,476,958 2,777,753 2,029,633 748,120 Board of Education 5,687,467 5,667,589 469,324 85,355 School Administration 5,887,487 5,667,589 5,533,241 134,348 Fiscal Services 1,254 1,254 2,294,323 108,171 Pupil Transportation 0,434,062 5,935,032 5,776,375 158,656 Co-Curricular Activities 269,903 1,034,472 963,330 71,1					-
Expenditures: Current: Instruction: 35,248,281 38,523,777 37,678,242 845,535 Regular 35,248,281 38,523,777 37,678,242 845,535 Special 13,963,024 14,132,234 13,449,815 662,416 Student Intervention - 3,500 - 3,500 Other 11,254 11,254 - 11,254 Support services: 11,254 11,254 - 11,254 Pupils 3,511,128 3,118,664 2,969,009 149,655 Instructional Staff 1,476,958 2,777,753 2,029,633 748,120 Board of Education 654,545 554,679 469,324 85,355 School Administration 5,887,487 5,667,589 5,533,241 134,348 Fiscal Services 2,292,626 2,402,355 2,294,323 135,912 Business Operation and Maintenance of Plant 7,123,622 6,091,204 5,483,003 608,171 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 7,123,622 6,091,204 5,483,030 71,142					
Current: Instruction: Instruction: Regular 35,248,281 38,523,777 37,678,242 845,535 Special 13,963,024 14,132,234 13,449,815 682,419 Vocational 1,269,435 871,162 654,746 216,416 Student Intervention - 3,500 - 11,254 Support services: - 11,254 - 11,254 Pupils 3,511,128 3,116,664 2,969,009 149,655 Instructional Staff 1,476,958 2,777,753 2,029,633 748,120 Board of Education 54,545 554,679 469,324 45,355 School Administration 5,887,487 5,667,589 5,533,241 134,348 Fiscal Services 2,292,626 2,430,233 608,171 Pupil Transportation Dyparation and Maintenance of Plant 7,123,622 6,91,204 5,485,033 608,171 Pupil Transportation 10,434,062 5,930,32 5,776,375 158,657 Contricutar Activitities 25	Total Revenues	84,195,357	87,345,524	87,362,054	16,530
Special 13,963,024 14,132,234 13,449,815 682,419 Vocational 1,269,435 871,162 654,746 216,416 Student Intervention - 3,500 - 3,500 Other 11,254 11,254 - 11,254 Support services: 11,254 11,254 - 11,254 Pupils 3,511,128 3,118,664 2,969,009 149,655 Instructional Staff 1,476,958 2,777,753 2,029,633 748,120 Board of Education 654,545 566,7589 5,532,241 134,348 Fiscal Services 2,292,626 2,430,235 2,294,323 135,912 Business Operations 49,596 35,501 7,364 28,137 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 7,123,622 6,091,204 5,483,033 608,171 Pupil Transportation 10,434,062 5,935,032 5,776,375 158,657 Contricular Activities 248,014 125,366 78,033 71,142 Capital Outlay	Current:				
Spēcial 13,963,024 14,132,234 13,449,815 682,419 Vocational 1,269,435 871,162 654,746 216,416 Student Intervention - 3,500 - 3,500 Other 11,254 11,254 - 11,254 Support services: 11,254 11,254 - 11,254 Pupils 3,511,128 3,118,664 2,969,009 149,655 Instructional Staff 1,476,958 2,777,753 2,029,633 748,120 Board of Education 664,545 554,679 499,324 85,355 School Administration 5,887,487 5,667,589 5,533,241 134,348 Fiscal Services 2,292,626 2,430,235 2,294,323 135,912 Business Operations 49,596 35,501 7,364 28,137 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 7,123,622 6,091,204 5,483,033 608,171 Pupil Transportation 10,434,062 5935,032 5,776,375 158,657 Central Services	Regular	35,248,281	38,523,777	37,678,242	845,535
Vocational 1,269,435 871,162 654,746 216,416 Student Intervention - 3,500 - 3,500 Other 11,254 11,254 - 11,254 Support services: - 11,254 - 11,254 Pupils 3,511,128 3,118,664 2,969,009 149,655 Instructional Staff 1,476,958 2,777,753 2,029,633 748,120 Board of Education 5,687,689 5,533,241 134,348 5,555 School Administration 5,887,487 5,667,589 5,533,241 134,348 Fiscal Services 2,292,626 2,430,235 2,294,323 135,912 Business Operations 49,596 35,501 7,364 28,137 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 7,123,622 6,091,204 5,483,033 608,171 Pupil Transportation 10,434,062 5,935,032 7,76,375 158,657 Central Services 248,014 125,366 78,037 47,329 Co-Curicular Activities					
Student Intervention - 3,500 - 3,500 Other 11,254 11,254 - 11,254 Support services: - 11,254 - 11,254 Pupils 3,511,128 3,118,664 2,969,009 149,655 Instructional Staff 1,476,958 2,777,753 2,029,633 748,120 Board of Education 5,687,487 5,667,589 5,533,241 134,348 Fiscal Services 2,292,626 2,430,235 2,294,323 135,912 Business Operations 49,596 355,501 7,364 28,137 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 7,123,622 6,091,204 5,486,303 608,171 Pupil Transportation 10,434,062 5,935,032 5,776,375 158,657 Co-Curricular Activities 559,903 1,034,472 963,330 71,142 Capital Outlay 585,419 831,797 563,908 267,889 Total Expenditures (661,545) 3,382,403 7,723,138 4,340,735 Other Fina	•				
Other 11,254 11,254 - 11,254 Support services: Pupils 3,511,128 3,118,664 2,969,009 149,655 Instructional Staff 1,476,958 2,777,753 2,029,633 748,120 Board of Education 664,545 554,679 469,324 85,355 School Administration 5,887,487 5,667,589 5,533,241 134,348 Fiscal Services 2,292,626 2,430,235 2,294,323 135,912 Business Operations 49,596 35,501 7,364 28,137 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 7,123,622 6,091,204 5,483,033 608,171 Pupil Transportation 10,434,062 5,935,032 5,776,375 158,657 Contrail Services 1,541,548 1,818,902 1,688,536 130,366 Non-instructional Services 248,014 125,366 78,037 47,329 Co-Curricular Activities 559,903 1,034,472 963,330 71,142 Capital Outhay 585,419 831,797 5,0382,403<	Student Intervention	-		-	
Support services: 3,511,128 3,118,664 2,969,009 149,655 Pupils 1,476,958 2,777,753 2,029,633 748,120 Board of Education 654,545 554,679 469,324 85,355 School Administration 5,887,487 5,667,589 5,533,241 134,348 Fiscal Services 2,292,626 2,430,235 2,294,323 135,912 Business Operations 49,596 35,501 7,364 28,137 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 7,123,622 6,091,204 5,483,033 608,171 Pupil Transportation 10,434,062 5,935,032 5,776,375 158,657 Central Services 14,548 1,818,902 1,688,536 130,366 Non-instructional Services 248,014 125,366 78,037 47,329 Co-Curricular Activities 559,903 1,034,472 963,330 71,142 Capital Outlay 585,419 831,797 563,908 267,889 Transfers Nn - 318,325 - - <t< td=""><td></td><td>11.254</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td></t<>		11.254		-	
Pupils 3,511,128 3,118,664 2,969,009 149,655 Instructional Staff 1,476,958 2,777,753 2,029,633 748,120 Board of Education 654,545 554,679 469,324 85,355 School Administration 5,887,487 5,667,589 5,533,241 134,348 Fiscal Services 2,292,626 2,430,235 2,294,323 135,912 Business Operations 49,596 3,501 7,364 28,137 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 7,123,622 6,091,204 5,483,033 608,171 Pupil Transportation 10,434,062 5,935,032 5,776,375 158,657 Central Services 1,541,548 1,818,902 1,688,536 130,366 Non-instructional Services 248,014 125,366 78,037 47,329 Co-Curricular Activities 559,903 1,034,472 963,330 71,142 Capital Outlay 585,419 831,797 563,908 267,889 Total Expenditures (661,545) 3,382,403 7,723,138	Support services:	, -	, -		, -
Instructional Staff 1,476,958 2,777,753 2,029,633 748,120 Board of Education 654,545 554,679 469,324 85,355 School Administration 5,887,487 5,667,589 5,53,241 134,348 Fiscal Services 2,292,626 2,430,235 2,294,323 135,912 Business Operations 49,596 35,501 7,364 28,137 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 7,123,622 6,091,204 5,483,033 608,171 Pupil Transportation 10,434,062 5,935,022 5,776,375 158,657 Central Services 1,541,548 1,818,902 1,688,536 130,366 Non-instructional Services 248,014 125,366 78,037 47,329 Co-Curricular Activities 559,903 1,034,472 963,330 71,142 Capital Outlay 585,419 831,797 563,908 267,889 Total Expenditures (661,545) 3,382,403 7,723,138 4,340,735 Sale of Capital Assets 8,597 1,093 1,093		3.511.128	3.118.664	2,969,009	149.655
Board of Education 654,545 554,679 469,324 85,355 School Administration 5,887,487 5,667,589 5,533,241 134,348 Fiscal Services 2,292,626 2,430,235 2,294,323 135,912 Business Operations 49,596 35,501 7,364 28,137 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 7,123,622 6,091,204 5,488,033 608,171 Pupil Transportation 10,434,062 5,935,032 5,776,375 158,657 Central Services 248,014 125,366 78,037 47,329 Co-Curricular Activities 559,903 1,034,472 963,330 71,142 Capital Outlay 585,419 831,797 563,908 267,889 Total Expenditures (661,545) 3,382,403 7,723,138 4,340,735 Other Financing Sources (Uses): 3 3,82,403 7,723,138 4,340,735 Sale of Capital Assets - 318,325 - - Transfers Out (1,050,269) (1,738,816) - - <					
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Fiscal Services 2,292,626 2,430,235 2,294,323 135,912 Business Operations 49,596 35,501 7,364 28,137 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 7,123,622 6,091,204 5,483,033 608,171 Pupil Transportation 10,434,062 5,935,032 5,776,375 158,657 Central Services 1,541,548 1,818,902 1,688,536 130,366 Non-instructional Services 248,014 125,366 78,037 47,329 Co-Curricular Activities 559,903 1,034,472 963,330 71,142 Capital Outlay 585,419 831,797 563,908 267,889 Total Expenditures (661,545) 3,382,403 7,723,138 4,340,735 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (661,545) 3,382,403 7,723,138 4,340,735 Sale of Capital Assets 8,597 1,093 1,093 - - Transfers Out (1,050,269) (1,738,816) - - - Advances Out - (385,084					
Business Operations 49,596 35,501 7,364 28,137 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 7,123,622 6,091,204 5,483,033 608,171 Pupil Transportation 10,434,062 5,935,032 5,776,375 158,657 Central Services 1,541,548 1,818,902 1,688,536 130,366 Non-instructional Services 248,014 125,366 78,037 47,329 Co-Curricular Activities 559,903 1,034,472 963,330 71,142 Capital Outlay 585,419 831,797 563,908 267,889 Total Expenditures (661,545) 3,382,403 7,723,138 4,340,735 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (661,545) 3,382,403 7,723,138 4,340,735 Sale of Capital Assets 8,597 1,093 1,093 - - 318,325 - Transfers In - 318,325 318,325 - - (385,084) - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (1,041,672) (1,804,482) - - </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
Operation and Maintenance of Plant 7,123,622 6,091,204 5,483,033 608,171 Pupil Transportation 10,434,062 5,935,032 5,776,375 158,657 Central Services 1,541,548 1,818,902 1,688,536 130,366 Non-instructional Services 248,014 125,366 78,037 47,329 Co-Curricular Activities 559,903 1,034,472 963,330 71,142 Capital Outlay 585,419 831,797 563,908 267,889 Total Expenditures (661,545) 3,382,403 7,723,138 4,340,735 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (661,545) 3,382,403 7,723,138 4,340,735 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Sale of Capital Assets 8,597 1,093 1,093 - Transfers In - 318,325 - - 318,325 - Transfers Out (1,050,269) (1,738,816) (1,738,816) - - Advances Out - (385,084) - - - - <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>					
Pupil Transportation 10,434,062 5,935,032 5,776,375 158,657 Central Services 1,541,548 1,818,902 1,688,536 130,366 Non-instructional Services 248,014 125,366 78,037 47,329 Co-Curricular Activities 559,903 1,034,472 963,330 71,142 Capital Outlay 585,419 831,797 563,908 267,889 Total Expenditures 84,856,902 83,963,121 79,638,916 4,324,205 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (661,545) 3,382,403 7,723,138 4,340,735 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Sale of Capital Assets 7,903 1,093 - Sale of Capital Assets 0.1 - 318,325 - - Transfers In - 318,325 - - - (385,084) - - Advances Out - (1,050,269) (1,738,816) - - - - - - - - - - - - <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
Central Services 1,541,548 1,818,902 1,688,536 130,366 Non-instructional Services 248,014 125,366 78,037 47,329 Co-Curricular Activities 559,903 1,034,472 963,330 71,142 Capital Outlay 585,419 831,797 563,908 267,889 Total Expenditures 84,856,902 83,963,121 79,638,916 4,324,205 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (661,545) 3,382,403 7,723,138 4,340,735 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Sale of Capital Assets 8,597 1,093 1,093 - Sale of Capital Assets 0.1,050,269 (1,738,816) (1,738,816) - - Transfers In - 318,325 - - - (385,084) - Advances Out - (1,041,672) (1,804,482) - - Net Change in Fund Balance (1,703,217) 1,577,921 5,918,656 4,340,735 Fund Balances at Beginning of Fiscal Year-Restated 20,570,603 20,570,603 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>					
Non-instructional Services 248,014 125,366 78,037 47,329 Co-Curricular Activities 559,903 1,034,472 963,330 71,142 Capital Outlay 585,419 831,797 563,908 267,889 Total Expenditures 84,856,902 83,963,121 79,638,916 4,324,205 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (661,545) 3,382,403 7,723,138 4,340,735 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Sale of Capital Assets 8,597 1,093 1,093 - Sale of Capital Assets 1,050,269 (1,738,816) (1,738,816) - - Transfers Out (1,041,672) (1,804,482) - - - Advances Out - (385,084) (385,084) - - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (1,041,672) (1,804,482) - - Net Change in Fund Balance (1,703,217) 1,577,921 5,918,656 4,340,735 Fund Balances at Beginning of Fiscal Year-Restated 20,570,603 20,570,603 20,570,603 <					
Co-Curricular Activities 559,903 1,034,472 963,330 71,142 Capital Outlay 585,419 831,797 563,908 267,889 Total Expenditures 84,856,902 83,963,121 79,638,916 4,324,205 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (661,545) 3,382,403 7,723,138 4,340,735 Other Financing Sources (Uses): (661,545) 3,382,403 7,723,138 4,340,735 Sale of Capital Assets 8,597 1,093 1,093 - Transfers In - 318,325 318,325 - Transfers Out (1,050,269) (1,738,816) (1,738,816) - Advances Out - (385,084) - - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (1,041,672) (1,804,482) - - Net Change in Fund Balance (1,703,217) 1,577,921 5,918,656 4,340,735 Fund Balances at Beginning of Fiscal Year-Restated 20,570,603 20,570,603 20,570,603 359,850 - Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated					
Capital Outlay Total Expenditures 585,419 831,797 563,908 267,889 Total Expenditures 84,856,902 83,963,121 79,638,916 4,324,205 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (661,545) 3,382,403 7,723,138 4,340,735 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Sale of Capital Assets 8,597 1,093 1,093 - Transfers In Transfers Out Advances Out - 318,325 318,325 - Other Financing Sources (Uses): (1,050,269) (1,738,816) (1,738,816) - Transfers Out Advances Out - (385,084) (385,084) - - Net Change in Fund Balance (1,703,217) 1,577,921 5,918,656 4,340,735 Fund Balances at Beginning of Fiscal Year-Restated Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated 20,570,603 20,570,603 20,570,603 -					
Total Expenditures 84,856,902 83,963,121 79,638,916 4,324,205 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (661,545) 3,382,403 7,723,138 4,340,735 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Sale of Capital Assets 8,597 1,093 1,093 - Transfers In - 318,325 318,325 - - Transfers Out (1,050,269) (1,738,816) (1,738,816) - Advances Out - (385,084) (385,084) - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (1,041,672) (1,804,482) - Net Change in Fund Balance (1,703,217) 1,577,921 5,918,656 4,340,735 Fund Balances at Beginning of Fiscal Year-Restated 20,570,603 20,570,603 20,570,603 - Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated 359,850 359,850 - - -					
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (661,545) 3,382,403 7,723,138 4,340,735 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Sale of Capital Assets 8,597 1,093 1,093 - Sale of Capital Assets 8,597 1,093 1,093 - <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
Sale of Capital Assets 8,597 1,093 1,093 - Transfers In - 318,325 318,325 - Transfers Out (1,050,269) (1,738,816) (1,738,816) - Advances Out - (385,084) (385,084) - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (1,041,672) (1,804,482) - Net Change in Fund Balance (1,703,217) 1,577,921 5,918,656 4,340,735 Fund Balances at Beginning of Fiscal Year-Restated 20,570,603 20,570,603 20,570,603 - Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated 359,850 359,850 - -	Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(661,545)	3,382,403	7,723,138	4,340,735
Sale of Capital Assets 8,597 1,093 1,093 - Transfers In - 318,325 318,325 - Transfers Out (1,050,269) (1,738,816) (1,738,816) - Advances Out - (385,084) (385,084) - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (1,041,672) (1,804,482) - Net Change in Fund Balance (1,703,217) 1,577,921 5,918,656 4,340,735 Fund Balances at Beginning of Fiscal Year-Restated 20,570,603 20,570,603 20,570,603 - Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated 359,850 359,850 - -	Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers In - 318,325 318,325 - Transfers Out (1,050,269) (1,738,816) (1,738,816) - Advances Out - (385,084) (385,084) - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (1,041,672) (1,804,482) - Net Change in Fund Balance (1,703,217) 1,577,921 5,918,656 4,340,735 Fund Balances at Beginning of Fiscal Year-Restated 20,570,603 20,570,603 20,570,603 - Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated 359,850 359,850 - -	e ()	8 507	1 002	1 002	_
Transfers Out (1,050,269) (1,738,816) (1,738,816) - Advances Out - (385,084) (385,084) - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (1,041,672) (1,804,482) - Net Change in Fund Balance (1,703,217) 1,577,921 5,918,656 4,340,735 Fund Balances at Beginning of Fiscal Year-Restated 20,570,603 20,570,603 20,570,603 - Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated 359,850 359,850 359,850 -		0,597			-
Advances Out - (385,084) (385,084) - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (1,041,672) (1,804,482) (1,804,482) - Net Change in Fund Balance (1,703,217) 1,577,921 5,918,656 4,340,735 Fund Balances at Beginning of Fiscal Year-Restated 20,570,603 20,570,603 20,570,603 - Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated 359,850 359,850 359,850 -		(1 050 260)			-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (1,041,672) (1,804,482) - Net Change in Fund Balance (1,703,217) 1,577,921 5,918,656 4,340,735 Fund Balances at Beginning of Fiscal Year-Restated 20,570,603 20,570,603 20,570,603 - Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated 359,850 359,850 - -		(1,030,209)			-
Net Change in Fund Balance (1,703,217) 1,577,921 5,918,656 4,340,735 Fund Balances at Beginning of Fiscal Year-Restated 20,570,603 20,570,603 20,570,603 - Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated 359,850 359,850 - -		(1 041 670)			
Fund Balances at Beginning of Fiscal Year-Restated20,570,60320,570,60320,570,603-Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated359,850359,850-	Total Other Financing Sources (Oses)	(1,041,072)	(1,004,402)	(1,004,402)	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated 359,850 359,850 -	Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,703,217)	1,577,921	5,918,656	4,340,735
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated 359,850 359,850 -	Fund Balances at Beginning of Fiscal Year-Restated	20,570,603	20,570,603	20,570,603	-
		359,850			-
	Fund Balances at End of Fiscal Year	\$ 19,227,236	\$ 22,508,374	\$ 26,849,109	\$ 4,340,735

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Current Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents\$ 4,639,454 4,990,244Investments4,990,244Receivables: Accrued Interest4,776Total Current Assets9,634,474Total Assets9,634,474Current Liabilities: Claims Payable526,000Total Current Liabilities526,000Total Liabilities526,000Total Liabilities526,000Total Liabilities526,000Total Liabilities526,000Total Liabilities526,000Total Liabilities526,000Total Liabilities526,000Total Liabilities526,000		Activities	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund	
Investments4,990,244Receivables:4,776Accrued Interest4,776Total Current Assets9,634,474Total Assets9,634,474Current Liabilities:9,634,474Claims Payable526,000Total Current Liabilities526,000Total Liabilities526,000Total Liabilities526,000Net Position:9,108,474	Current Assets:			
Receivables: Accrued Interest4,776Total Current Assets9,634,474Total Assets9,634,474Current Liabilities: Claims Payable526,000Total Current Liabilities526,000Total Current Liabilities526,000Total Liabilities526,000Net Position: Unrestricted9,108,474	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 4,63	9,454	
Accrued Interest4,776Total Current Assets9,634,474Total Assets9,634,474Current Liabilities: Claims Payable526,000Total Current Liabilities526,000Total Current Liabilities526,000Total Liabilities526,000Net Position: Unrestricted9,108,474	Investments	4,99	0,244	
Total Current Assets9,634,474Total Assets9,634,474Current Liabilities: Claims Payable526,000Total Current Liabilities526,000Total Liabilities526,000Total Liabilities526,000Net Position: Unrestricted9,108,474	Receivables:			
Total Assets9,634,474Current Liabilities: Claims Payable526,000Total Current Liabilities526,000Total Liabilities526,000Net Position: Unrestricted9,108,474	Accrued Interest		4,776	
Current Liabilities: Claims Payable526,000Total Current Liabilities526,000Total Liabilities526,000Net Position: Unrestricted9,108,474	Total Current Assets	9,63	4,474	
Current Liabilities: Claims Payable526,000Total Current Liabilities526,000Total Liabilities526,000Net Position: Unrestricted9,108,474				
Claims Payable526,000Total Current Liabilities526,000Total Liabilities526,000Net Position: Unrestricted9,108,474	Total Assets	9,63	4,474	
Total Current Liabilities526,000Total Liabilities526,000Net Position: Unrestricted9,108,474			6.000	
Total Liabilities526,000Net Position: Unrestricted9,108,474	•			
Net Position: Unrestricted 9,108,474		52	0,000	
Unrestricted 9,108,474	Total Liabilities	52	6,000	
	Net Position:			
	Unrestricted	9,10	8,474	
Total Net Position \$ 9,108,474	Total Net Position			

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service		
		Fund	
Operating Revenues:			
Charges for Services	\$	12,595,726	
Total Operating Revenues		12,595,726	
Operating Expenses:			
Purchased Services		1,099,611	
Claims		10,166,241	
Other		2,707	
Total Operating Expenses		11,268,559	
Operating Income		1,327,167	
Non-Operating Revenues:			
Interest Revenue		4,085	
Total Non-Operating Revenues		4,085	
Change in Fund Net Position		1,331,252	
Net Position Beginning of Fiscal Year		7,777,222	
Net Position End of Fiscal Year	\$	9,108,474	

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities1,264,167Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Sale of Investments(4,990,244) (691)Interest on Investments(4,990,244) (691)Net Cash Used by Investing Activities(4,990,935)Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents(3,726,768)Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Fiscal Year Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Fiscal Year8,366,222 \$ 4,639,454Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:\$ 1,327,167Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:\$ 1,327,167		overnmental Activities - ernal Service Fund
Sale of Investments(4,990,244)Interest on Investments(691)Net Cash Used by Investing Activities(4,990,935)Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents(3,726,768)Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Fiscal Year8,366,222Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Fiscal Year* 4,639,454Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:\$ 1,327,167Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:\$ 1,327,167	Cash Received from Charges for Services Cash Payments for Contract Services Cash Payments for Claims Cash Payments for Other	\$ (1,099,611) (10,229,241) (2,707)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Fiscal Year 8,366,222 Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Fiscal Year \$ 4,639,454 Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: \$ 1,327,167 Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: \$ 1,327,167	Sale of Investments Interest on Investments	 (691)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Fiscal Year\$ 4,639,454Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:\$ 1,327,167Operating Income\$ 1,327,167Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:	Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(3,726,768)
Provided by Operating Activities: Operating Income \$ 1,327,167 Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:		\$
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:		
Provided by Operating Activities:	Operating Income	\$ 1,327,167
-	Provided by Operating Activities: Changes in Assets and Liabilities:	
Claims Payable(63,000)Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities\$ 1,264,167	•	\$ · /

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

NOTE 1 – REPORTING ENTITY

The Groveport Madison Local School District (the District) is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The District operates under a locally elected five-member Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large staggered four year terms. The first official body designated as the Groveport Madison Board of Education was formed in 1848. The District provides educational services as authorized by state and/or federal guidelines.

The Board controls the District's 11 instructional/support facilities staffed by 229 non-certificated personnel and 498 certificated full time personnel who provide services to 5,936 students and other community members.

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District. The following activities are included within the reporting entity:

Parochial Schools – Within the District Boundaries are Madison Christian and Brice Christian Academy. Current State legislation provides funding to these parochial schools. The monies are received and disbursed on behalf of the parochial schools by the Treasurer of the District, as directed by the parochial schools. The District accounts for these activities in a special revenue fund for financial reporting purposes.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. The District had no component units for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

The following entities which perform activities within the District boundaries for the benefit of its residents are excluded from the accompanying financial statements because the District is not financially accountable for these entities nor are they fiscally dependent on the District.

Parent Teacher Association – The District is not involved in the budgeting or management is not responsible for any debt and has no influence over the organization.

Groveport Community School – The community school began operations in September 2006 and is affiliated with Imagine Schools, a national operator of nonprofit public charter schools. The District is not involved in the budgeting or management of the community school and is not responsible for any debt nor has influence over the community school's operations.

Jointly Governed Organizations

Metropolitan Educational Technology Association – The Metropolitan Educational Technology Association (META), is a jointly governed organization. The organization is composed of over one hundred members including school districts, joint vocational schools, educational service centers, and libraries covering 57 counties in Ohio.

NOTE 1 – REPORTING ENTITY (Continued)

The META helps its members purchase services, insurances, supplies, and other items at a discounted rate. META also provides a variety of services through its data processing center to numerous member districts ("C" sites) around the State of Ohio, with the major emphasis being placed on fiscal services. META also provides services to the District including pupil scheduling, attendance reporting, and grade reporting. The governing board of META is composed of either the superintendent, a designated representative or a member of the board of education for each participating school district in Franklin County (18 school districts) and one representative from each county. META is not dependent upon the continued participation of the District and the District does not maintain an equity interest in or financial responsibility for META. Financial statements for META can be obtained at 2100 City Gate Drive, Columbus, Ohio 43219. The amount paid to META during the fiscal year was \$131,583.

Central Ohio Special Education Regional Resource Center – The Central Ohio Special Education Regional Resource Center (COSERRC) is a jointly governed organization operated by a Governing Board that is composed of superintendents of member school districts in central Ohio which comprise sixty percent of the Board, two parents of children with disabilities, one representative of a chartered nonpublic school, one representative of a county board of Mental Retardation and Developmental Disabilities, representatives of universities and students and persons with disabilities representations. The District participates in the following services of COSERRC: Identification and Program Development Project, Regional Educational Assessment Programming Project, Instructional Resource Center Project, and the Early Childhood Services Project. These projects assist the District in complying with mandates of Public Law 99-456 for educating children with disabilities. There is no financial commitment made by the districts involved in COSERRC. COSERRC is not dependent upon the continued participation of the District and the District does not maintain an equity interest in or financial responsibility for the Council. The amount paid to COSERRC during the fiscal year was \$0.

Eastland-Fairfield Career & Technical Schools – The Eastland-Fairfield Career & Technical Schools is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from each of the participating school districts' elected boards, which possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. To obtain financial information write to the Eastland-Fairfield Career & Technical Schools, Dawn Lemley, who serves as Treasurer, at 4300 Amalgamated Place, P.O. Box 419, Groveport, Ohio 43125-0419. The amount paid to Eastland-Fairfield Career & Technical Schools during the fiscal year was \$0.

Ohio School Plan – The District participates in the Ohio School Plan (Plan), an insurance purchasing pool established under Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Plan is an unincorporated nonprofit association of its members which enables the participants to provide for a formalized joint insurance purchasing program for maintaining adequate insurance protection and provides risk management programs and other administrative services. The Plan's business and affairs are conducted by a fifteen member board consisting of superintendents, treasurers, the president of Harcum-Shuett Insurance Agency, Inc., and a member of the Hylant Group, Inc. The Hylant Group, Inc. is the Plan's administrator and is responsible for processing claims. Harcum-Shuett Insurance Agency serves as the sales and marketing representative which establishes agreements between the Plan and its members. Financial information can be obtained from Harcum-Shuett Insurance Agency, 246 East Sycamore Street, Columbus, Ohio 43206.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

(a) Fund Accounting

The District's accounts are maintained on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to specific District functions or activities. The operation of each fund is accounted for within a separate set of self-balancing accounts.

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund — The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Other Governmental Funds — The other governmental funds account for food services, co-curricular activities, federal and state grants, and other resources whose use is restricted for a particular purpose.

Proprietary Funds

Internal Service Funds – Funds provided to account for money received from other funds as payment for providing medical and prescription insurance. Payments are made to a third-party administrator for claims payments, claims administration and stop-loss coverage.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary Funds — Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds and custodial funds. Trust funds are distinguished from custodial funds by the existence of a trust agreement or equivalent arrangements that has certain characteristics. Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in a trust fund. The District has no fiduciary funds.

(b) Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements – The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government. Internal service fund activity is eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This approach differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities of the District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program, grants, and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type, however the District has no fiduciary funds.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus.

With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financial sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in fund balance.

Like the government-wide statements, the internal service fund is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and liabilities associated with the operation of this fund are included on the statement of net position. The statement of changes in net position presents increases (i.e. revenues) and decreases (i.e. expenses) in total net position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets cash flow needs of its proprietary activity.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operation. The principal operating revenues of the District's internal service fund are charges for services. Operating expenses for the internal service fund include claims and purchased service expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

(c) Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in accounts and reported in the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The fund financial statements are prepared using the modified accrual for governmental funds and the accrual basis for proprietary funds.

Revenue Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenues are recognized in the accounting period when they become both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. The available period of the District is sixty days after fiscal year-end.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, payments in lieu of taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the taxes are levied, provided they have been advanced or are available to be advanced to the District. Otherwise, they are reported as a deferred inflow of resources. Revenue from payments in lieu of taxes, grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been met. On the modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are deemed both measurable and available: property taxes available for advance, payments in lieu of taxes, tuition, grants and student fees. Unearned revenue represents amounts under the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting for which asset recognition criteria have not yet been met because such amounts have not yet been earned.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses/expenditure) until then. For the District, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the government-wide statement of net position for pensions, other postemployment benefits (OPEB), and deferred charges on refundings. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are explained in Notes 12 and 13. In addition, deferred outflows of resources include a deferred charge on debt refunding. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. The amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the District, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, unavailable revenue, pension, and OPEB. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2021, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2022 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow of resources on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental funds balance sheet. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. Unavailable revenue includes delinquent property taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are reported on the government-wide statement of net position and 13).

Expenditures/Expenses

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recorded at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the fiscal year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenditures changes in fund balances as an expenditure with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue. Unused donated commodities are reported as intergovernmental revenue. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on the flow of current financial resources. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred except for (1) principal and interest on general long-term debt, which is recorded when due, and (2) the costs of accumulated unpaid vacation and sick leave are reported as fund liabilities in the period in which they will be liquidated with available financial resources rather than in the period earned by employees. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation, are not recognized in governmental funds.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(d) Budgetary Process

All funds are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates.

The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriations resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of budgetary control selected by the Board is at the fund level. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by the Board of Education.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if the projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the amended certificate of estimated resources in effect at the time the final appropriations were passed by the Board.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation resolution for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior fiscal years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

(e) Cash and Investments

Monies received by the District are pooled in a central bank account, except for certain construction-related funds, with individual fund balance integrity retained throughout. During the fiscal year, investments consisted of STAR Ohio, money market mutual funds, commercial paper, negotiable certificates of deposit, municipal bonds, federal government securities, and federal agency securities.

During fiscal year 2021, the District invested in STAR Ohio. STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The District measures their investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

Investments of the District's cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months that were not purchased from the pool are reported as investments.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of investment earnings. Investment earnings credited to the General Fund during the fiscal year amounted to \$31,177. Other governmental funds were credited \$21,237.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(f) Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond the current fiscal year are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the fiscal year which services are consumed.

(g) Inventory

On government-wide financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market and donated commodities are presented at fair value. Inventories are recorded on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. On fund financial statements, inventories of governmental funds are stated at cost. Cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis. The cost of inventory items is recorded as expenditure when purchased. Inventories of governmental funds consist of donated and purchased food held for resale and materials and supplies inventory.

(h) Capital Assets and Depreciation

General capital assets are reported in the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the fiscal year. Capital assets acquired before July 1, 2003 are capitalized at an estimated cost using computerized reverse-trending techniques applied against the estimate of current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition values as of the date received.

The District follows the policy of not capitalizing assets with a cost of less than \$1,000 and a useful life of less than one year. The District does not possess any infrastructure.

All reported capital assets, with the exception of land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Land Improvements	10 – 40
Buildings and Improvements	10 – 40
Furniture and Equipment	5 – 15
Vehicles	5 – 10

(i) Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditure/expenses in the purchaser funds.

Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. These transfers are eliminated from the statement of activities.

On fund financial statements, short-term interfund loans are classified as due to/from other funds. These amounts are eliminated in the statement of net position.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(j) Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted assets when limitations on their use change the normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments or imposed by enabling legislation. The District's restricted assets balance at fiscal year-end was zero.

(k) Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, compensated absences, and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current fiscal year.

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest rate method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Issuance costs are expensed in the fiscal year of issuance.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

(I) Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits and personal leave are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the District will compensate the employees for benefits through paid time off or some other means. The District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation and personal leave time when earned for all employees.

Compensated absence leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the District has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on the accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at fiscal year-end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the District's termination policy. The District records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for all employees after 15 years of service.

The entire sick leave benefit liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

On the governmental fund financial statements, sick leave benefits are recognized as liabilities and expenditures to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the funds from which these payments will be made.

The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at fiscal year-end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the District's termination policy.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(m) Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB asset, net OPEB liability, net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension systems.

For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

(n) Net Position

Net Position represent the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. At fiscal year-end, none of the District's net position restrictions were the result of enabling legislation.

The District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

(o) Fund Balance

GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting* became effective for years beginning after June 15, 2010. The objective of this Statement is to enhance the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied and by clarifying the existing governmental fund type definitions. This Statement establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds.

In accordance with this guidance, the District classifies its fund balance based on the purpose for which the resources were received and the level of constraint placed on the resources. The District may use the following categories:

Nonspendable - resources that are not in a spendable form (materials and supplies inventory) or have legal or contractual requirements to maintain the balance intact.

Restricted - resources that have external purpose restraints imposed on them by providers, such as creditors, grantors, or other regulators.

Committed – resources that can be used for the specified purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the District Board of Education (the highest level of decision making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assigned - resources that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Although no specific resolution has been made, the District Board of Education authorizes the Treasurer to assign fund balance. The Board may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget.

Unassigned - residual fund balance within the General Fund not classified elsewhere above and all other governmental fund balances which have a negative fund balance.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance/net position are available. The District considers committed, assigned and unassigned fund balances, respectively, to be spent when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

(p) Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the District and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. There were no extraordinary events or special items that occurred during the fiscal year.

(q) Management Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reported period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 3 – BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the District is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balances in accordance with GAAP, the budgetary basis, as provided by law, is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) – for the General Fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are as follows:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget basis) rather than an assignment of fund balance (GAAP basis).
- 4. Advances in and advances out are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis).
- 5. Due to the implementation of GASB 54, some funds were reclassified to the General Fund. These funds are not required to be included in the General Fund Budgetary Statement. Therefore, the activity from these funds is excluded with an adjustment for their change in fund balance.

NOTE 3 – BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (Continued)

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements for the General Fund.

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Net Change in Fund Balance								
GAAP Basis	\$	23,801,401						
Revenues		(15,371,643)						
Expenditures		(345,303)						
Other Sources and Uses		(499,184)						
Encumbrances		(1,490,847)						
Fund Reclassifications:								
Severance Fund		(195,341)						
Public Support Fund		19,573						
Budgetary Basis	\$	5,918,656						

NOTE 4 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The deposit and investment of the District's monies is governed by the provisions of the Ohio Revised Code (ORC). In accordance with these statutes, the District is authorized to invest in United States and State of Ohio bonds, notes, and other obligations; bank certificates of deposit; banker acceptances; commercial paper notes rated prime and issued by United States corporations; repurchase agreements secured by United States obligations; STAR Ohio; no-load money market mutual funds; and under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests. Earnings on investments are credited to various funds at the discretion of the Board which is in compliance with ORC Section 3315.01.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments, to the treasurer, or qualified trustee, or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by the financial institutions participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

NOTE 4 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Deposits

Deposits - Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At fiscal year end, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$4,553,331 and the bank balance was \$4,641,663.

Of the District's bank balance, \$903,060 was covered by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and the remaining balance was uninsured and collateralized. The District has no formal policy concerning custodial credit risk. The District's financial institution was approved for a collateral rate of 50 percent through the Ohio Pooled Collateral System.

Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or be protected by:

- 1. Eligible securities pledged to the District and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose market value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured; or
- Participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total market value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State.

Investments

At fiscal year end, the District had the following investments:

			Investment Maturities				
	Measurement	Percent	Within	1 to 3	3 to 5		
Investment Type	Amount	of Total	1 Year	Years	Years		
Money Market Funds	\$ 4,037,522	9.7%	\$ 4,037,522	\$-	-		
STAR Ohio	8,115,985	19.5%	8,115,985	-	-		
Commercial Paper	4,797,132	11.5%	4,797,132	-	-		
Negotiable CDs	7,983,788	19.2%	2,227,142	4,251,441	1,505,205		
Municipal Bonds	528,331	1.3%	301,182	227,149	-		
FFCB	4,491,720	10.8%	250,000	4,241,720	-		
FHLMC	4,500,810	10.8%	-	4,500,810	-		
FHLB	6,234,043	15.0%	-	499,005	5,735,038		
US Treasury Note	997,340	2.4%	-	997,340	-		
Total	\$ 41,686,671	100.0%	\$ 19,728,963	\$ 14,717,465	\$ 7,240,243		

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 79, the District's investment in STAR Ohio is reported at amortized cost. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, 24 hours advance notice is appreciated for all deposits and withdrawals of \$100 million or more. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$250 million.

NOTE 4 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

All other investments are reported at fair value. The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The District reports its money market investment as a level 1 input and all other District investments as Level 2 inputs.

Credit Risk – Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or counterparty to an investment will be unable to fulfill its obligations. At fiscal year-end, STAR Ohio and money market funds were rated AAAm, while the federal government securities and federal agency securities were rated AA+ by Standard & Poor's and Aaa by Moody's. The District held two municipal bonds, one was rated Aa2 by Moody's and the other was unrated. The District's negotiable certificates of deposit were unrated. The District has no formal policy concerning credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk – Concentration of credit risk is the risk of inability to recover the value of deposits, investments, or collateral securities in the possession of an outside party caused by a lack of diversification. The District places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer, however, state statute limits investments in commercial paper and bankers' acceptances to 25% of the interim monies available for investment at any one time. The District's exposure to concentration risk is noted in the preceding table.

Interest Rate Risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that an interest rate change could adversely affect an investment's fair value. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from interest rates and according to state law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less. The District's exposure to interest rate risk is noted in the preceding table.

The following is a reconciliation of deposits and investments to the Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2021:

Investments (summarized above)	\$	41,686,671
Carrying Amount of District's Deposits		4,553,331
Total Deposits and Investments per Note Disclosure	\$	46,240,002
Governmental Activities - Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	38,779,038
Governmental Activities - Investments		7,460,964
Total Deposits and Investments per Financial Statements	\$	46,240,002
	-	

NOTE 5 – PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District's fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

NOTE 5 – PROPERTY TAXES (Continued)

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility located in the school district. Real property tax revenue received in calendar year 2021 represents collections of calendar year 2020 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2021 were levied after April 1, 2020, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2020, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar year 2021 represents collections of calendar year 2020 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2021 became a lien December 31, 2019, were levied after April 1, 2020 and are collected in 2021 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property and public utility property taxes which are measurable as of fiscal year-end and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year-end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflows of resources.

The District receives its property taxes from Franklin County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2021, are available to finance fiscal year 2021 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent. At fiscal year-end, the amount of property taxes that had been advanced, or was available to advance, to the General Fund, Bond Retirement Fund and Permanent Improvement Fund was \$17,701,188, \$1,218,907 and \$266,361, respectively. On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis the revenue has been deferred inflows of resources.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2021 taxes were collected are:

	2	2020 Second Half Collections			2021 First Half Collections			
		Amount Percent		Aı	mount	Percent		
Agricultural/Residental								
and Other Real Estate	\$	867,608,420	76.7%	\$ 1,05	0,133,820	92.8%		
Public Utility Personal		77,340,670	6.8%	8	1,140,520	7.2%		
Total	\$	944,949,090	83.5%	\$ 1,13	1,274,340	100.0%		
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$	63.69		\$	63.48			

NOTE 6 - TAX ABATEMENTS

Under Community Reinvestment Area (CRA) and other property tax abatements entered into by the Village of Obetz, City of Groveport, and the City of Columbus, the District's property tax revenues were reduced by \$3,178,076, \$7,061,460 and \$49,625 during the fiscal year, respectively. During the fiscal year, the District received \$1,099,050 and \$457,652 from the City of Groveport and Village of Obetz, respectively.

NOTE 7 – RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2021, consisted of property taxes, payments in lieu of taxes, intergovernmental (due from other governments), interest, and accounts. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current fiscal year guarantee of federal funds. All receivable amounts are expected to be received within one year with the exception of the Ohio Facilities Construction Commission Grant, revenue in lieu of taxes and delinquent property taxes. The Ohio Facilities Construction Commission Grant monies will be collected over the life of the construction of the new facilities. Revenue in lieu of taxes is collected over the term of the agreement. Property and income taxes, although ultimately collectible, include some portion of delinquencies that will not be collected within one year.

During fiscal year 2015, the School District was awarded \$28,285,963 for the construction of a High School from the Ohio Facilities Construction Commission. At June 30, 2021, there was \$1,513,686 still recorded as a receivable.

NOTE 8 – INTERFUND ACTIVITY

(a) Interfund Advances - On an as-needed basis, the District advances cash between funds to eliminate cash deficits. All advances are repaid in the following fiscal year. At fiscal year-end, receivables and payables that resulted from those advance transactions were as follows:

Fund	Due to the General Fund
Food Service	\$335,026
Local Grants	50,057
ESSER	185,790
Coronavirus Relief Fund	3,683
IDEA B	40,960
Title III	5,662
Title I Disadvantaged Children	208,561
Improving Teacher Quality	23,287
Miscellaneous Federal Grants	375
	\$853,401

(b) Interfund Transfers - The primary purpose of interfund transfers is to provide supplemental funding other funds in accordance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.14, 5705.15 and 5705.16. During the fiscal year, the District transferred \$921,777 from the general fund to the debt service fund and permanent improvement fund for debt service payments. The District also transferred \$33,614 and \$1,000 from the general fund to the food service fund and scholarships fund, respectively, to subsize operations.

NOTE 9 – CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of capital asset activity for the fiscal year follows:

Governmental Activities

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deductions	Ending Balance
Nondepreciable Capital Assets			2000000	
Land	\$ 1,801,382	\$ -	\$-	\$ 1,801,382
Construction in Process	-	819,512	-	819,512
Total Nondepreciable Assets	1,801,382	819,512	-	2,620,894
Depreciable Capital Assets				
Land Improvements	1,694,095	-	-	1,694,095
Buildings	94,539,451	306,201	-	94,845,652
Furniture and Equipment	9,197,269	12,588	-	9,209,857
Vehicles and Buses	533,286	-	-	533,286
Total Depreciable Assets	105,964,101	318,789	-	106,282,890
Less accumulated depreciation				
Land Improvements	(2,121,024)	(595,638)	-	(2,716,662)
Buildings	(19,677,304)	(2,140,637)	-	(21,817,941)
Furniture and Equipment	(8,985,479)	(600,294)	-	(9,585,773)
Vehicles and Buses	(287,278)	(12,973)	-	(300,251)
Total accumulated depreciation	(31,071,085)	(3,349,542)	-	(34,420,627)
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net				
of accumulated depreciation	74,893,016	(3,030,753)	-	71,862,263
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$ 76,694,398	\$ (2,211,241)	\$-	\$ 74,483,157

Depreciation expense was charged to the governmental functions as follows:

Instruction Regular	\$ 85,195
Instruction Special	17,451
Instruction Vocational	5,669
Pupils	3,518
Instructional staff	5,582
School Administration	84,782
Fiscal Services	2,911
Operations and Maintenance	3,062,041
Noninstructional Services	39,446
Co-Curricular activities	42,947
Total depreciation expense	\$ 3,349,542

NOTE 10 – LONG TERM LIABILITIES

A summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 is as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Series 2014 GO Bonds	\$ 24,065,000	\$-	\$ (325,000)	\$ 23,740,000	\$ 380,000
Series 2014 GO Bonds Premium	474,695	-	(14,606)	460,089	-
Series 2017 Athletic Facility Bond	182,000	-	(182,000)	-	-
Series 2017 UTGO Refunding Bond:					
Term Bonds	7,880,000	-	(75,000)	7,805,000	75,000
Capital Appreciation Bonds	169,732	-	-	169,732	-
CABs Accumulated Accretion	56,837	28,958	-	85,795	-
Term Bonds Premium	505,423	-	(20,629)	484,794	-
CABs Premium	728,450	-	(40,505)	687,945	-
Series 2020 LTGO VP Bond	3,161,687	-	(436,687)	2,725,000	444,000
Total General Obligation Bonds/Notes		28,958	(1,094,427)	36,158,355	899,000
Net Pension Liability					
SERS	15,642,976	1,759,952	-	17,402,928	-
STRS	58,955,561	6,686,310	-	65,641,871	
Total Net Pension Liability	74,598,537	8,446,262		83,044,799	
Net OPEB Liability					
SERS	6,720,579	-	(1,016,590)	5,703,989	-
Total Net OPEB Liability	6,720,579		(1,016,590)	5,703,989	-
Series 2015 COPs:					
School Facilities Construction	8,225,000	-	(405,000)	7,820,000	415,000
School Facilities Discount	(8,687)	-	561	(8,126)	-
Refunding	2,655,000	-	(305,000)	2,350,000	310,000
Refunding Premium	6,979	-	(930)	6,049	-
Total Certificates of Participation	10,878,292	-	(710,369)	10,167,923	725,000
Compensated Absences	2,510,781	746,030	(425,678)	2,831,133	495,621
Total Long Term Liabilities	\$ 131,932,013	\$9,221,250	\$ (3,247,064)	\$ 137,906,199	\$2,119,621
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NOTE 10 – LONG TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

Series 2012 Certificates of Participation - HVAC Lease Purchase Agreement

On May 17, 2012, the District entered into a series of one-year renewable lease-purchase agreements with Huntington National Bank (the Bank), whereas the District leases certain parcels of land to the Bank, and subsequently purchases and installs energy conservation measures at the school facilities located on the land (the Project Facilities), and the Bank, in turn, subleases the land, and leases the Project Facilities to the District. The Bank agreed to pre-pay \$4,445,895 in rental payments to fund the construction project. In turn, the District agreed to pay \$4,445,895 under the sublease at an interest rate of 3.15% maturing June 1, 2027. The lease was refunded in November 2015 paying off balance of the amount outstanding.

Series 2014 School Facilities Improvement Bonds

On August 7, 2014, the District issued \$33,303,594 in general obligation bonds for the purpose of carrying out a School Facilities Commission Project in the District. The bonds were issued for a thirty-eight year period with interest rates ranging from .35% to 5.0% and a final maturity at October 1, 2052. These bonds are a general obligation of the District for which the full faith and credit of the District is pledged for repayment. The bonds were issued at a premium in the amount of \$832,795.

Series 2015 Certificates of Participation

On December 1, 2015, the District entered into a series of one-year renewable lease-purchase agreements with Buckeye Leasing Services (the Bank), whereas the District agrees to finance the acquisition, construction, improvement, furnishing, and equipping of school facilities and lease the school facilities to the Bank, and the Bank, in turn, agrees to sublease the school facilities back to the District. The Bank agreed to pre-pay \$13,575,000 in rental payments. Of this amount, \$9,770,000 will be used to fund the acquisition, construction, improvement, furnishing, and equipping of school facilities and \$3,805,000 was used to refund the Series 2012 HVAC Lease Purchase Agreement. In turn, the District agrees to pay \$13,575,000 under the sublease at interest rates ranging from 2.0% to 4.0% maturing December 31, 2035.

In the event of default, the Bank may (i) request the District to promptly return possession of the school facilities to the Bank; (ii) sublease the school facilities for the account of the District and hold the District liable for all applicable lease payments and other payments due during the then current lease term to the effective date of such subleasing and for the difference between rental and other amounts paid by the sublessee pursuant to such sublease and the amount payable during the then current lease term by the District under the lease; and (iii) exercise any other right, remedy or privilege which may be available to it under the applicable laws of the State or any other applicable law or proceed by appropriate court action to enforce the terms of this lease or to recover damages for the breach of this lease or to rescind this lease as to the school facilities.

Series 2017 Athletic Facility Bond

On June 14, 2017, the District issued \$660,800 in general obligation bonds for the purpose of carrying out a Athletic Facility Project in the District. The bonds were issued for a four year period with an interest rate of 3.45% and a final maturity of February 1, 2021. These bonds are a general obligation of the District for which the full faith and credit of the District is pledged for repayment. The final payment on this bond was made during the fiscal year.

NOTE 10 – LONG TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

Series 2017 UTGO Refunding Bonds

On October 12, 2017, the District issued \$8,229,732 in refunding bond for the purpose of refunding the 2014 School Facilities Improvement Bonds. The bonds were issued for a twenty-seven year period with an interest rate of 3.62% and a final maturity at October 1, 2044. These bonds are a general obligation of the District for which the full faith and credit of the District is pledged for repayment. The bonds were issued at a premium in the amount of \$1,386,709.

Series 2020 Various Purpose Notes

On June 3, 2020, the District issued \$3,161,687 in unvoted general obligation notes for the purpose of refunding Series 2011 Notes and to purchase server equipment. The notes were issued for a seven year period with an interest rate of 1.75% and a final maturity at December 1, 2026. These notes are a general obligation of the District for which the full faith and credit of the District is pledged for repayment.

Principal and interest requirements to retire long-term debt at June 30, 2021, are as follows:

Fiscal Year			
Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	\$ 1,624,000	\$ 1,659,862	\$ 3,283,862
2023	1,507,000	1,622,394	3,129,394
2024	1,550,000	1,583,990	3,133,990
2025	1,717,000	1,534,778	3,251,778
2026	1,752,000	1,481,331	3,233,331
2027-2031	6,860,000	6,661,774	13,521,774
2032-2036	7,235,000	5,369,740	12,604,740
2037-2041	3,354,733	3,610,650	6,965,383
2042-2046	6,645,794	3,859,500	10,505,294
2047-2051	8,475,000	1,676,300	10,151,300
2052-2053	 3,975,000	 160,500	 4,135,500
Total	\$ 44,695,527	\$ 29,220,819	\$ 73,916,346

Debt service relating to the notes and the certificates of participation are recorded as expenditures in the Permanent Improvement Fund. The general obligation bonds will be paid from the Bond Retirement Fund. Obligations related to employee compensation are paid from the fund benefitting from their service. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability and net OPEB liability; however, employer pension and OPEB contributions are made from the fund benefiting from the employee's service. For additional information related to the net pension liability and net OPEB liability see Notes 12 and 13.

The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% and that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the total assessed valuation of the District. At fiscal year-end, the District's voted and unvoted debt limits were \$101,814,691 and \$1,131,274, respectively, and total applicable debt outstanding was within these limits.

NOTE 11 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft or, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. During the fiscal year, the District contracted with the Ohio School Plan for general liability insurance with a \$4,000,000 single occurrence limit and a \$6,000,000 aggregate. Property is also protected by the Ohio School Plan and holds a \$1,000 deductible. The District contracts with Delta Dental for dental coverage and Prudential to provide life insurance coverage for employees. Settled claims have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior fiscal year.

On January 1, 2015, the District became self-insured for workers' compensation in connection with formalized risk management programs in an effort to minimize risk exposure and control claims and premium costs. The District contracts with Hunter Consulting Co. to be the third-party administrator for the insurance program. The District paid claims in the amount of \$0 during the fiscal year from funds benefitting from the employees' service. The District has purchased stop loss coverage for individual employee claim amounts exceeding the contracted threshold.

On January 1, 2018, the District became self-insured for health insurance in an effort to minimize risk exposure and control claims and premium costs. The District contracted with Anthem to be the third party administrator for the program. A claims liability of \$526,000 at fiscal year-end in the self-insurance internal service fund reflects an estimate of incurred but unpaid claims liability. This liability was estimated by a third party based on claims experience. The District has purchased stop loss coverage for individual employee claim amounts exceeding \$175,000. Unpaid claims at fiscal year-end are recorded as current claims payable because they would be due within 60 days from the end of the fiscal year.

A summary of the changes in the self-insurance claims liability for the fiscal year ended June 30 as follows:

	2020	2021
Claims Liability at July 1	\$ 585,000	\$ 589,000
Incurred Claims	9,960,465	10,166,241
Claims Paid	(9,956,465)	(10,229,241)
Claims Liability at June 30	\$ 589,000	\$ 526,000

NOTE 12 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

Net Pension Liability/Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

Pensions and OPEB are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions/OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

NOTE 12 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) represents the District's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities (assets) within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension/OPEB liability (asset)* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *due to other governments* on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

The remainder of this note includes the required pension disclosures. See Note 13 for the required OPEB disclosures.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description – District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a statewide, cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at <u>www.ohsers.org</u> under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

NOTE 12 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

	Eligible to	Eligible to
	Retire on or before	Retire on or after
	August 1, 2017 *	August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or
		Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially Reduced	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or
Benefits	Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

* Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on year of service; 2.2 percent for the first 30 years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

An individual whose benefit effective date is before April 1, 2018, is eligible for a cost of living adjustment (COLA) on the first anniversary date of the benefit. Beginning April 1, 2018, new benefit recipients must wait until the fourth anniversary of their benefit for COLA eligibility. The COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit. A three-year COLA suspension is in effect for all benefit recipients for the years 2018, 2019, and 2020. Upon resumption of the COLA, it will be indexed to the percentage increase in the CPI-W, not to exceed 2.5 percent and with a floor of zero percent.

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14.0 percent. SERS did not allocate employer contributions to the Health Care Fund for fiscal year 2021.

The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$1,264,073 for fiscal year 2021. Of this amount, \$56,848 is reported as due to other governments.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – District licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a costsharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at <u>www.strsoh.org</u>.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan, and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

NOTE 12 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

The DB Plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. Effective August 1, 2017 – July 1, 2019, any member could retire with reduced benefits who had (1) five years of service credit and age 60; (2) 27 years of service credit and age 55; or (3) 30 years of service credit regardless of age. Effective August 1, 2019 – July 1, 2021, any member may retire with reduced benefits who has (1) five years of service credit and age 60; (2) 28 years of service credit and age 55; or (3) 30 years of service credit regardless of age. Eligibility changes will continue to be phased through August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60. Eligibility changes for actuarially reduced benefits will be phased in until August 1, 2023, when retirement eligibility will be five years of qualifying service credit and age 60, or 30 years of service credit at any age.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.53 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.47 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit plan unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a monthly retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lump-sum withdrawal.

The Combined plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined plan, 12 percent of the 14 percent member rate is deposited into the member's DC account and the remaining 2 percent is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50 and after termination of employment.

New members who choose the DC Plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. New members must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit to apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. If a member of the DC plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. The statutory employer rate is 14 percent and the statutory member rate is 14 percent of covered payroll. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; the entire 14 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The 2021 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

The District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$4,666,529 for fiscal year 2021. Of this amount, \$665,187 is reported as due to other governments.

NOTE 12 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an independent actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's share of employer contributions in the pension plan relative to the total employer contributions of all participating employers. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	 SERS	 STRS	 Total
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability:			
Current Measurement Date	0.26311420%	0.27128729%	
Prior Measurement Date	 0.26144940%	 0.26659355%	
Change in Proportionate Share	0.00166480%	 0.00469374%	
Proportionate Share of the Net			
Pension Liability	\$ 17,402,928	\$ 65,641,871	\$ 83,044,799
Pension Expense	\$ 1,869,501	\$ 9,956,167	\$ 11,825,668

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources represent the effect of changes in the net pension liability due to the difference between projected and actual investment earnings, differences between expected and actual actuarial experience, changes in assumptions and changes in the District's proportion of the collective net pension liability. The deferred outflows and deferred inflows are to be included in pension expense over current and future periods. The difference between projected and actual investment earnings is recognized in pension expense using a straight line method over a five year period beginning in the current year. Deferred outflows and deferred inflows resulting from changes in sources other than differences between projected and actual investment earnings are amortized over the average expected remaining service lives of all members (both active and inactive) using the straight line method. Employer contributions to the pension plan subsequent to the measurement date are also required to be reported as a deferred outflow of resources.

At June 30, 2021 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

	SERS	STRS	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between Expected and			
Actual Experience	\$ 33,804	\$ 147,283	\$ 181,087
Net Difference between Projected and			
Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	1,104,732	3,192,170	4,296,902
Changes of Assumptions	-	3,523,699	3,523,699
Changes in Proportion and Differences between			
District Contributions and Proportionate			
Share of Contributions	-	2,560,598	2,560,598
District Contributions Subsequent to the			
Measurement Date	1,264,073	4,666,529	5,930,602
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 2,402,609	\$ 14,090,279	\$ 16,492,888
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between Expected and			
Actual Experience	\$ -	\$ 419,736	\$ 419,736
Changes in Proportion and Differences between			
District Contributions and Proportionate			
Share of Contributions	289,734	-	289,734
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 289,734	\$ 419,736	\$ 709,470

\$5,930,602 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	SERS		STRS		Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:					
2022	\$ (235,177)	\$	3,446,133	\$	3,210,956
2023	277,626		1,722,651		2,000,277
2024	460,478		2,195,797		2,656,275
2025	 345,875		1,639,433		1,985,308
	\$ 848,802	\$	9,004,014	\$	9,852,816

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

NOTE 12 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations. Future benefits for all current plan members were projected through 2130.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2020, are presented below:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal (Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed)
Inflation	3.00 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	3.50 percent to 18.20 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.50 percent, net of investment expense, including inflation
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA	2.50 percent, on and after April 1, 2018, COLA's for future
	retirees will be delayed for three years following
	commencement

For post-retirement mortality, the table used in evaluating allowances to be paid is the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and Scale BB, with 120 percent of male rates and 110 percent of female rates used. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term return expectation for the investments has been determined by using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating an arithmetic weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	1.85 %
US Stocks	22.50	5.75
Non-US Stocks	22.50	6.50
Fixed Income	19.00	2.85
Private Equity	12.00	7.60
Real Assets	17.00	6.60
Multi-Asset Strategies	5.00	6.65
Total	100.00 %	

NOTE 12 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Discount Rate Total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent. The discount rate determination does not use a municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employers would contribute the actuarially determined contribution rate of projected compensation over the remaining 24-year amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.50 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what the District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.50 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate.

				Current		
	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase	
District's Proportionate Share						
of the Net Pension Liability	\$	23,839,886	\$	17,402,928	\$	12,002,197

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2020, actuarial valuation, are presented below:

Inflation	2.50 percent
Acturial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal (Level Percent of Payroll)
Projected Salary Increases	12.50 percent at age 20 to 2.50 percent at age 65
Investment Rate of Return	7.45 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Payroll Increases	3.00 percent
Cost-of-Living Adjustments	0.00 percent

NOTE 12 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation, were based on the results of the latest available actuarial experience study, which is for the period July 1, 2011, through June 30, 2016.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return*
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

*Ten year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25 percent and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.45 percent as of June 30, 2020. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that employer and member contributions will be made at statutory contribution rates of 14 percent each. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2020. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on investments of 7.45 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2020.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table represents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as of June 30, 2020, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.45 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.45 percent) than the current assumption:

NOTE 12 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

	Current					
	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase	
District's Proportionate Share						
of the Net Pension Liability	\$	93,462,597	\$	65,641,871	\$	42,066,124

Social Security System

Effective July, 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by School Employee Retirement System or State Teacher Retirement System have an option to choose Social Security. As of June 30, 2021, three members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The District's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

NOTE 13 – DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS

See Note 12 for a description of the net OPEB liability (asset).

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

NOTE 13 – DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, SERS did not allocate any employer contributions to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, prorated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2021, this amount was \$23,000. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2.0 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2021, the District's surcharge obligation was \$146,664, which is reported as due to other governments.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued effective January 1, 2021. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting <u>www.strsoh.org</u> or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

Net OPEB Liability (Asset), OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) was based on the District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

		SERS		STRS	 Total
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset):					
Current Measurement Date		0.26245400%		0.27128700%	
Prior Measurement Date		0.26724200%		0.26659400%	
Change in Proportionate Share	-0.00478800%		0.00469300%		
Proportionate Share of the Net					
OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	5,703,989	\$	(4,767,864)	
OPEB Expense	\$	64,022	\$	(183,200)	\$ (119,178)

NOTE 13 – DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)

At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		SERS		STRS		Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Differences between Expected and						
Actual Experience	\$	74,917	\$	305,505	\$	380,422
Net Difference between Projected and						
Actual Earnings on OPEB Plan Investments		64,271		167,098		231,369
Changes of Assumptions		972,332		78,704		1,051,036
Changes in Proportion and Differences between						
District Contributions and Proportionate						
Share of Contributions		388,724		431,832		820,556
District Contributions Subsequent to the						
Measurement Date		146,664				146,664
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	1,646,908	\$	983,139	\$	2,630,047
Defensed lefterer of Decourses						
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Differences between Expected and	¢	0.000.074	¢	040 602	¢	2 950 567
Actual Experience	\$	2,900,874	\$	949,693	\$	3,850,567
Changes of Assumptions		143,670		4,528,679		4,672,349
Changes in Proportion and Differences between						
District Contributions and Proportionate		000.014		405 000		100 710
Share of Contributions	<u></u>	300,814		135,932		436,746
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	3,345,358	\$	5,614,304	\$	8,959,662

\$146,664 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	 SERS	 STRS	Total		
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:					
2022	\$ (334,075)	\$ (1,130,908)	\$	(1,464,983)	
2023	(329,427)	(1,017,807)		(1,347,234)	
2024	(330,180)	(978,138)		(1,308,318)	
2025	(391,260)	(1,031,432)		(1,422,692)	
2026	(338,664)	(243,573)		(582,237)	
Thereafter	 (121,508)	 (229,307)		(350,815)	
	\$ (1,845,114)	\$ (4,631,165)	\$	(6,476,279)	

NOTE 13 – DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2020, are presented below:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary Increases, including inflation	3.50 percent to 18.20 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.50 percent net of investment expense, including inflation
Municipal Bond Index Rate	
Measurement Date	2.45 percent
Prior Measurement Date	3.13 percent
Single Equivalent Interest Rate	
Measurement Date	2.63 percent, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation
Prior Measurement Date	3.22 percent, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation
Health Care Cost Trend Rate	
Pre-Medicare	7.00 percent - 4.75 percent
Medicare	5.25 percent - 4.75 percent

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates and 110 percent of female rates. RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates set back five years.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

NOTE 13 – DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2010 through 2015, and was adopted by the Board on April 21, 2016. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.50 percent, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer time frame. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as used in the June 30, 2015 five-year experience study, are summarized as follows:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	1.85 %
US Stocks	22.50	5.75
Non-US Stocks	22.50	6.50
Fixed Income	19.00	2.85
Private Equity	12.00	7.60
Real Assets	17.00	6.60
Multi-Asset Strategies	5.00	6.65
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2020 was 2.63 percent. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2020 was 3.22 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the plan at the contribution rate of 2.00 percent of projected covered payroll each year, which includes a 1.50 percent payroll surcharge and no contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make future benefit payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2034. However, since SERS' actuaries indicate the fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted at a future measurement date, the single equivalent interest rate is determined as the single rate that will generate a present value of benefit payments equal to the sum of the present value determined by the long-term expected rate of return, and the present value determined by discounting those benefits after the date of depletion by the Fidelity General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index rate of 2.45 percent, as of June 30, 2020 (i.e., municipal bond rate).

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability and what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (1.63 percent) and higher (3.63 percent) than the current discount rate (2.63 percent). Also shown is what the net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower (6.00 percent decreasing to 3.75 percent) and higher (8.00 percent decreasing to 5.75 percent) than the current rate.

	Current <u>1% Decrease</u> <u>Discount Rate</u> <u>1% Incre</u>					
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$	6,981,535	\$	5,703,989	\$	4,688,334
	1% Decrease		Current Trend Rate		1% Increase	
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$	4,491,454	\$	5,703,989	\$	7,325,448

Actuarial Assumptions – STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2020, actuarial valuation are presented below:

Inflation Projected Salary Increases Payroll Increases	3.00 percent	20 to 2.50 percent at age 65
Investment Rate of Return	•	investment expenses, including inflation
Discount Rate of Return	7.45 percent	
Health Care Cost Trend Rates		
Medical	Initial	<u>Ultimate</u>
Pre-Medicare	5.00 percent	4.00 percent
Medicare	-6.69 percent	4.00 percent
Prescription Drug		
Pre-Medicare	6.50 percent	4.00 percent
Medicare	11.87 percent	4.00 percent

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

NOTE 13 – DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were adopted by the board from the results of an actuarial experience study for July 1, 2011, through June 30, 2016.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return*
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

*Ten year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25 percent and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.45 percent as of June 30, 2020. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed STRS continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care plan investments of 7.45 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2020.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate and Health Care Cost Trend Rate The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2020, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45 percent, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.45 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.45 percent) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2020, calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower and one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

	Current <u>1% Decrease</u> Discount Rate					1% Increase	
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	(4,148,353)	\$	(4,767,864)	\$	(5,293,498)	
	1% Decrease		Current Trend Rate		1% Increase		
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	(5,260,871)	\$	(4,767,864)	\$	(4,167,310)	

NOTE 13 – DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)

Benefit Term Changes since the Prior Measurement Date There were no changes to the claims costs process. Claim curves were updated to reflect the projected fiscal year 2021 premium based on June 30, 2020 enrollment distribution. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2021 from 1.984 percent to 2.055 percent per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2021. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to .1 percent for the AMA Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

NOTE 14 – CONTINGENCIES

- (a) Grants The District received financial assistance from federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds.
- (b) Foundation Funding District foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. The Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to adjust/reconcile funding as enrollment information is updated by schools throughout the State, which can extend past the fiscal year end. Additional ODE adjustments for fiscal year 2021 have been finalized, resulting in the recognition of a receivable and a payable of \$8,445 and \$34,213, respectively, for the fiscal year 2022 adjustments to funding.
- (c) Litigation The District is not party to any litigation that, in the opinion of management, would have a material effect on the financial statements.

NOTE 15 – ENCUMBRANCES

The District encumbers funds with purchase orders to assign funds for those purchases of goods and services. Encumbrances as of fiscal year end were as follows:

	Encumbrances			
General Fund	\$	1,490,847		
Other Governmental Funds		5,051,096		
Total	\$	6,541,943		

NOTE 16 – SET ASIDES

The District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of an equal amount for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. The following cash basis information describes the change in the year end set-aside amounts for each reserve:

NOTE 16 - SET ASIDES (Continued)

Set-aside cash balance as of June 30, 2020	\$	-
Current fiscal year set-aside requirement	1,0)55,349
Offset: Permanent Improvement Levy	(1,3	383,186)
Offset: Classroom Facilities Maintenance Levy	(1	114,100)
Total	\$ (4	141,937)
Set Aside Restricted Balance June 30, 2021	\$	

Capital acquisition offsets and qualifying disbursements presented in the table were limited to those necessary to reduce the fiscal year-end balance to zero. During fiscal year 2015, the District issued \$33,303,594 in capital related debt based on a building project undertaken by the District. These proceeds may be used as qualifying disbursements to reduce the capital acquisition to zero for future fiscal years. The District still has \$33,238,391 in qualifying disbursements that may be used to reduce the set-aside requirement for future fiscal years.

NOTE 17 - COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Fund Balance Deficits - Fund balances at fiscal year-end included the following individual deficits:

Fund Name		Deficit
Other Governmental Funds		
ESSER	\$	374,510
Coronavirus Relief Fund		2,336
Title VI-B IDEA		48,845
Student Wellness and Success		3,443
Safe and Drug Free Schools		4,193
	\$	433,327

These fund deficits resulted from the application of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The General Fund is liable for the deficits in the Other Governmental Funds and provides operating transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur.

NOTE 18 – IMPLEMENTATION OF NEW ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES AND RESTATEMENT OF NET POSITION/FUND BALANCES

Implementation of New Accounting Principles

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the District has implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, GASB Statement No. 90, *Majority Equity Interests an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61*, certain provisions of GASB Statement No. 93, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates* and GASB Statement No. 98, *The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.*

NOTE 18 – IMPLEMENTATION OF NEW ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES AND RESTATEMENT OF NET POSITION/FUND BALANCES (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 84 establishes specific criteria for identifying activities that should be reported as fiduciary activities and clarifies whether and how business type activities should report their fiduciary activities. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84, the District reviewed its funds for proper classification, and any fund reclassifications resulted in the restatement of the District's financial statements (see below).

GASB Statement No. 90 improves the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and improves the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 90 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School District.

GASB Statement No. 93 addresses accounting and financial reporting effects that result from the replacement of interbank offered rates (IBORs) with other reference rates in order to preserve the reliability, relevance, consistency, and comparability of reported information. The implementation of certain provisions (all except for paragraphs 13 and 14, which are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021), of GASB Statement No. 93 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School District.

GASB Statement No. 98 establishes the term *annual comprehensive financial report* and its acronym *ACFR*. That new term and acronym replace instances of comprehensive annual financial report and its acronym in generally accepted accounting principles for state and local governments. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 98 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School District.

Restatement of Net Position/Fund Balances

The implementation of GASB 84 had the following effect on net position as reported June 30, 2020:

	Governmental Activities			
Net Position, June 30, 2020	:	\$	(4,576,720)	
GASB Statement No. 84			200,763	
Restated Net Position, June 30, 2020		\$	(4,375,957)	

The implementation of GASB 84 had the following effect on fund balance as reported June 30, 2020:

			Other	
	General	Governmental		
	 Fund	Funds		
Fund Balance (Deficit), June 30, 2020	\$ 16,701,340	\$	8,077,605	
GASB Statement No. 84	 7		200,756	
Restated Fund Balance (Deficit), June 30, 2020	\$ 16,701,347	\$	8,278,361	

NOTE 18 – IMPLEMENTATION OF NEW ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES AND RESTATEMENT OF NET POSITION/FUND BALANCES (Continued)

The implementation of GASB 84 had the following effect on fiduciary net position as reported June 30, 2020:

	Priva	Fiduciar te Purpose	y Fur	nds
		Agency		
Net Position, June 30, 2020 GASB Statement No. 84	\$	105,138 (105,138)	\$	-
Adjustments: Assets Liabilities		-		(95,785) 95,785
Restated Net Position, June 30, 2020	\$	-	\$	-

NOTE 19 – COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Ohio's state of emergency ended in June of 2021 while the national state of emergency continues. During fiscal year 2021, the District received Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act funding. Additional funding has been made available through the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021, passed by Congress on December 21, 2020 and/or the American Rescue Plan Act, passed by Congress on March 11, 2021.

During fiscal years 2021, the District received Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act funding. None of the amounts received were sub-granted to other governments or organizations, returned to the granting agency, or spent on-behalf of other governments. The District did not receive significant amounts of donated personal protective equipment as an on-behalf of grant from another government.

NOTE 20 - SUBSEQUENT EVENT

For fiscal year 2022, school district foundation funding received from the State of Ohio will be funded using a direct funding model. Under this new model, community school, STEM school, scholarship, and open enrollment funding will be directly funded by the State of Ohio to the respective educating schools. For fiscal year 2021 and prior, the amounts related to students who were residents of the School District were funded to the School District who, in turn, made the payment to the educating school. For fiscal year 2021, the School District reported \$11,900,263 in revenues and expenditures/expenses related to these programs. Also during fiscal year 2021, the school District as the educating entity in fiscal year 2022. This new funding system calculates a unique base cost and a unique "per-pupil local capacity amount" for each school district. The School District's state core foundation funding is then calculated. Any change in funding will be subject to a phase in percentage of 16.67 percent for fiscal year 2022 and 33.33 percent for fiscal year 2023.

GROVEPORT MADISON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT THE SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF OHIO

LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS (1)

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.2631142%	0.2614494%	0.2682617%	0.242875%	0.247206%	0.240902%	0.229231%	0.229231%
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 17,402,928	\$ 15,642,976	\$ 15,363,844	\$ 14,511,269	\$ 18,093,169	\$ 13,746,085	\$ 11,601,250	\$ 13,631,633
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 6,794,536	\$ 6,500,520	\$ 6,461,607	\$ 7,910,800	\$ 7,780,269	\$ 7,295,735	\$ 6,498,788	\$ 7,258,315
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	256.13%	240.64%	237.77%	183.44%	232.55%	188.41%	178.51%	187.81%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	68.55%	70.85%	71.36%	69.50%	62.98%	69.16%	71.70%	65.52%

(1) Information prior to 2014 is not available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date, which is the prior fiscal year-end.

GROVEPORT MADISON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT THE SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF OHIO

LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS (1)

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.27128729%	0.26659355%	0.26127703%	0.253202%	0.243017%	0.234635%	0.232747%	0.232747%
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 65,641,871	\$ 58,955,561	\$ 57,448,953	\$ 60,148,578	\$ 81,345,088	\$ 64,846,295	\$ 56,612,065	\$ 67,435,921
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 32,978,507	\$ 31,468,727	\$ 29,880,652	\$ 26,371,953	\$ 26,658,538	\$ 25,504,227	\$ 23,047,120	\$ 23,907,742
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	199.04%	187.35%	192.26%	228.08%	305.14%	254.26%	245.64%	282.07%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	75.50%	77.40%	77.30%	75.30%	66.80%	72.10%	74.70%	69.30%

(1) Information prior to 2014 is not available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date, which is the prior fiscal year-end.

GROVEPORT MADISON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2021		2020		2019		2018	
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	1,264,073	\$	951,235	\$	877,570	\$	872,317
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	\$	1,264,073	\$	951,235	\$	877,570	\$	872,317
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	
Covered Payroll	\$	9,029,093	\$	6,794,536	\$	6,500,520	\$	6,461,607
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		14.00%		14.00%		13.50%		13.50%

 2017	2016	 2015	2014		2013		2012	
\$ 1,107,512	\$ 1,089,238	\$ 961,578	\$	900,732	\$	1,004,551	\$	1,006,315
\$ 1,107,512	\$ 1,089,238	\$ 961,578	\$	900,732	\$	1,004,551	\$	1,006,315
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
\$ 7,910,800	\$ 7,780,269	\$ 7,295,735	\$	6,498,788	\$	7,258,315	\$	7,481,899
14.00%	14.00%	13.18%		13.86%		13.84%		13.45%

GROVEPORT MADISON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2021	2020	2019	2018	
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 4,666,529	\$ 4,616,991	\$ 4,405,621	\$ 4,183,291	
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 4,666,529	\$ 4,616,991	\$ 4,405,621	\$ 4,183,291	
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	
Covered Payroll	\$ 33,332,350	\$ 32,978,507	\$ 31,468,727	\$ 29,880,652	
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	

 2017	2016	 2015	 2014	 2013	 2012
\$ 3,692,073	\$ 3,732,195	\$ 3,570,592	\$ 2,996,126	\$ 3,108,006	\$ 3,220,548
\$ 3,692,073	\$ 3,732,195	\$ 3,570,592	\$ 2,996,126	\$ 3,108,006	\$ 3,220,548
\$ -	\$ _	\$ -	\$ -	\$ _	\$ _
\$ 26,371,953	\$ 26,658,538	\$ 25,504,227	\$ 23,047,120	\$ 23,907,742	\$ 24,773,444
14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%

GROVEPORT MADISON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT THE SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF OHIO

LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS (1)

		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017
District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	0	.2624540%	0	.2672420%	0	.2712717%	0	.2464639%	0	.2489323%
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$	5,703,989	\$	6,720,579	\$	7,525,810	\$	6,614,444	\$	7,095,490
District's Covered Payroll	\$	6,794,536	\$	6,500,520	\$	6,461,607	\$	7,910,800	\$	7,780,269
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		83.95%		103.39%		116.47%		83.61%		91.20%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability		18.17%		15.57%		13.57%		12.46%		11.49%

(1) Information prior to 2017 is not available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date, which is the prior fiscal year-end.

GROVEPORT MADISON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT THE SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB (ASSET) LIABILITY STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF OHIO

LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS (1)

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	0.27128700%	0.26659400%	0.26127703%	0.25320158%	0.24301700%
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ (4,767,864)	\$ (4,415,436)	\$ (4,198,455)	\$ 9,878,992	\$ 12,996,612
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 32,978,507	\$ 31,468,727	\$ 29,880,652	\$ 26,371,953	\$ 26,658,538
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	-14.46%	-14.03%	-14.05%	37.46%	48.75%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	182.10%	174.70%	176.00%	47.10%	37.30%

(1) Information prior to 2017 is not available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date, which is the prior fiscal year-end.

GROVEPORT MADISON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	 2021	2020	 2019	 2018
Contractually Required Contribution (1)	\$ 146,664	\$ 118,570	\$ 192,375	\$ 174,952
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 146,664	\$ 118,570	\$ 192,375	\$ 174,952
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered Payroll	\$ 8,924,907	\$ 6,794,536	\$ 6,500,520	\$ 6,461,607
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (1)	1.64%	1.75%	2.96%	2.71%

(1) Includes Surcharge

2017	2016	 2015	 2014	2013	 2012
\$ 134,336	\$ 123,453	\$ 179,765	\$ 91,727	\$ 100,231	\$ 109,765
\$ 134,336	\$ 123,453	\$ 179,765	\$ 91,727	\$ 100,231	\$ 109,765
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$
\$ 7,910,800	\$ 7,780,269	\$ 7,295,735	\$ 6,498,788	\$ 7,258,315	\$ 7,481,899
1.70%	1.59%	2.46%	1.41%	1.38%	1.47%

GROVEPORT MADISON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2021	2020	2019	2018
Contractually Required Contribution	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$ -
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-
Covered Payroll	\$ 31,762,514	\$ 32,978,507	\$ 31,468,727	\$ 29,880,652
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

2	017	2016	 2015	 2014		2013	2012
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 300,953	\$	239,077	\$ 247,734
\$	-	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 300,953	\$	239,077	\$ 247,734
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$		\$ _
\$ 26,3	371,953	\$ 26,658,538	\$ 25,504,227	\$ 23,047,120	\$ 2	23,907,742	\$ 24,773,444
	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	1.31%		1.00%	1.00%

NOTES TO SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 1 – NET PENSION LIABILITY

Changes in Assumptions - SERS

Beginning in fiscal year 2018, an assumption of 2.5 percent was used for COLA or Ad Hoc COLA. Prior to 2018, an assumption of 3.0 percent was used.

For fiscal year 2017, the SERS Board adopted the following assumption changes:

- Assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25 percent to 3.00 percent
- Payroll Growth Assumption was reduced from 4.00 percent to 3.50 percent
- Assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75 percent to 0.50 percent
- Rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience.
- Mortality among active members was updated to RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females.
- Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries was updated to RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates, and 110 percent of female rates.
- Mortality among disabled members was updated to RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

Changes in Assumptions – STRS

For fiscal year 2018, the Retirement Board approved several changes to the actuarial assumptions in 2017. The long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75 percent to 7.45 percent, the inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75 percent to 2.50 percent, the payroll growth assumption was lowered to 3.00 percent, and total salary increases rate was lowered by decreasing the merit component of the individual salary increases, in addition to a decrease of 0.25 percent due to lower inflation. The healthy and disabled mortality assumptions were updated to the RP-2014 mortality tables with generational improvement scale MP-2016. Rates of retirement, termination and disability were modified to better reflect anticipated future experience.

Changes in Benefit Terms - SERS

With the authority granted to the Board under SB 8, the Board enacted a three-year COLA delay for future benefit recipients commencing on or after April 1, 2018.

For fiscal year 2018, the cost-of-living adjustment was changed from a fixed 3.00 percent to a cost-of-living adjustment that is indexed to CPI-W not greater than 2.50 percent with a floor of zero percent beginning January 1, 2018. In addition, with the authority granted the Board under HB 49, the Board has enacted a three-year COLA suspension for benefit recipients in calendar years 2018, 2019 and 2020.

Changes in Benefit Terms - STRS

For fiscal year 2018, the cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) was reduced to zero.

NOTES TO SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 – NET OPEB LIABILITY

Changes in Assumptions – SERS

Amounts reported incorporate changes in key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability as presented as follows:

Municipal Bond Index Rate:	
Fiscal year 2021	2.45 percent
Fiscal year 2020	3.13 percent
Fiscal year 2019	3.62 percent
Fiscal year 2018	3.56 percent
Fiscal year 2017	2.92 percent
Single Equivalent Interest Rate,	net of plan investment expense, including price inflation:
Fiscal year 2021	2.63 percent
Fiscal year 2020	3.22 percent
Fiscal year 2019	3.70 percent
Fiscal year 2018	3.63 percent
Fiscal year 2017	2.98 percent
Pre-Medicare	
Fiscal year 2021	7.00 percent initially, decreasing to 4.75 percent
Fiscal year 2020	7.00 percent initially, decreasing to 4.75 percent
Fiscal year 2019	7.25 percent initially, decreasing to 4.75 percent
Fiscal year 2018	7.50 percent initially, decreasing to 4.00 percent
Medicare	
Fiscal year 2021	5.25 percent initially, decreasing to 4.75 percent
Fiscal year 2020	5.25 percent initially, decreasing to 4.75 percent
Fiscal year 2019	5.375 percent initially, decreasing to 4.75 percent
Fiscal year 2018	5.50 percent initially, decreasing to 5.00 percent

Changes in Assumptions – STRS

For fiscal year 2021, valuation year per capita health care costs were updated. Health care cost trend rates ranged from -5.20 percent to 9.60 percent initially for fiscal year 2020 and changed for fiscal year 2021 to a range of -6.69 percent to 11.87 percent, initially.

For fiscal year 2019, the discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13 percent to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45 percent. Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated. Health care cost trend rates ranged from 6.00 percent to 11 percent initially and a 4.50 percent ultimate rate for fiscal year 2018 and changed for fiscal year 2019 to a range of -5.20 percent to 9.60 percent, initially and a 4.00 ultimate rate.

For fiscal year 2018, the blended discount rate was increased from 3.26 percent to 4.13 percent. Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified. The percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased. The assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal and future health care cost trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs.

NOTES TO SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Changes in Benefit Terms - SERS

There have been no changes to the benefit provisions.

Changes in Benefit Terms – STRS

For fiscal year 2021, there were no changes to the claims costs process. Claim curves were updated to reflect the projected fiscal year 2021 premium based on June 30, 2020 enrollment distribution. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2021 from 1.984 percent to 2.055 percent per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2021. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to .1 percent for the AMA Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

For fiscal year 2020, there was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were trended to the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020 to reflect the current price renewals. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2020 from 1.944 percent to 1.984 percent per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1 percent for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021

For fiscal year 2020, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was increased from 1.9 percent to 1.944 percent per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2019 and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020.

For fiscal year 2019, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was reduced from 2.1 percent to 1.9 percent per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 2019. This was subsequently extended, see above paragraph.

GROVEPORT MADISON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT FRANKLIN COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Federal Grantor/	Federal		
Pass Through Grantor /	AL	Grant	Total Federal
Program/Cluster Title	Number	Year	Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
Passed Through The Ohio Department of Education:			
Child Nutrition Cluster:			
School Breakfast Program (SBP)	10.553	2021	\$ 4,979
Ner Ceck Assistance, National Cakes Lunch Program (NGLD)		2024	205 014
Non-Cash Assistance - National School Lunch Program (NSLP)	10.555	2021	205,614
Summer Food Service Program	10.559	2021	1,015,472
Café Equipment Grant	10.579	2021	1,761
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			1,227,826
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			1,227,826
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY: Passed - Through Franklin County, Ohio			
Local Coronavirus Relief Fund - CARES Act	21.019	2021	347,083
Madison Township COVID-19	21.019	2021	10,000
Broadband Connectivity Grant	21.019	2021	58,163
Total U.S. Department of the Treasury			415,246
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
Passed Through The Ohio Department of Education:			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies (LEAs)	84.010	2020	379,533
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies (LEAs)	84.010	2021	2,523,654
Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies (LEAs)			2,903,187
Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			
Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	84.027	2020	80,736
Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	84.027	2021	1,497,620
Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool)	84.173	2020	4,141
Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool)	84.173	2021	38,231
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			1,620,728
English Language Acquisition Grants	84.365	2021	40,132
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant	84.367	2020	4,472
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant	84.367	2020	345,756
Total Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant	04.307	2021	345,750
Total Supporting Enective instruction State Stant			550,220
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Grants	84.424	2020	18,865
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Grants	84.424	2021	168,010
Total Student Support and Academic Enrichment Grants			186,875
COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund (ESF):			
COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425D	2021	1,614,508
COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425D	2022	1,852,849
Total COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund (ESF)			3,467,357
Total – U.S. Department of Education			8,568,507
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 10,211,579

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Note A – Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Groveport Madison Local School District (the District) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2021. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the District.

Note B – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement.

Note C – Indirect Cost Rate

The District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Note D – Child Nutrition Cluster

The District comingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the District assumes it expends federal monies first.

Note E – Food Donation Program

The District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the fair value. The District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.

313 Second St. Marietta, OH 45750 740.373.0056

1907 Grand Central Ave. Vienna, WV 26105 304.422.2203

150 West Main St. St. Clairsville, OH 43950 740.695.1569

1310 Market Street, Suite 300 Wheeling, WV 26003 304.232.1358

749 Wheeling Ave., Suite 300 Cambridge, OH 43725 740.435.3417

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

January 3, 2022

Groveport Madison Local School District Franklin County 4400 Marketing Place, Suite B Groveport, Ohio 43125

Associates

To the Board of Education:

Certified Public Accountants, A.C.

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of **Groveport Madison Local School District**, Franklin County, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 3, 2022, wherein we noted the District adopted new accounting guidance in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the District's financial statements. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

Tax - Accounting – Audit – Review – Compilation – Agreed Upon Procedure – Consultation – Bookkeeping – Payroll – Litigation Support – Financial Investigations Members: American Institute of Certified Public Accountants • Ohio Society of CPAs • West Virginia Society of CPAs • Association of Certified Fraud Examiners • Association of Certified Anti-Money Laudering Specialists •

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Groveport Madison Local School District Franklin County Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect financial statements. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Perry Amountes CAAJ A.C.

Perry and Associates Certified Public Accountants, A.C. *Marietta, Ohio*

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

January 3, 2022

Groveport Madison Local School District Franklin County 4400 Marketing Place, Suite B Groveport, Ohio 43125

Associates

To the Board of Education:

Certified Public Accountants, A.C.

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Groveport Madison Local School District's (the District) compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement that could directly and materially affect the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. The Summary of Auditor's Results in the accompanying schedule of audit findings identifies the District's major federal programs.

Management's Responsibility

The District's Management is responsible for complying with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the District's compliance for the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' Government Auditing Standards; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principals, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). These standards and the Uniform Guidance require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on the District's major programs. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

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Groveport Madison Local School District Franklin County Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance Page 2

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Groveport Madison Local School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control over compliance tests and the results of this testing based on Uniform Guidance requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Kerry & associates CAN'S A. C.

Perry and Associates Certified Public Accountants, A.C. *Marietta, Ohio*

SCHEDULE OF AUDIT FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		50210
(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Special Education Cluster (IDEA), AL #84.027 and #84.173
		Education Stabilization Fund, COVID-19, AL #84.425D Coronavirus Relief Fund, AL #21.019
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: > \$ 750,000
		Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR § 200.520?	No

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

3. FINDINGS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None

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GROVEPORT MADISON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

FRANKLIN COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 2/10/2022

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370