# HOPE ACADEMY NORTHCOAST CAMPUS

# CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO

SINGLE AUDIT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021





88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 IPAReport@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

Board of Directors Hope Academy Northcoast Campus 4310 East 71st Street Cleveland, Ohio 44105

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Hope Academy Northcoast Campus, Cuyahoga County, prepared by Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2020 through June 30, 2021. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Hope Academy Northcoast Campus is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

February 22, 2022

This page intentionally left blank.

# HOPE ACADEMY NORTHCOAST CAMPUS CUYAHOGA COUNTY SINGLE AUDIT For the year ended June 30, 2021

# Table of Contents

| <u>Title</u>  | <u>Page</u> |
|---|-------------|
| Independent Auditor's Report  | 1-2         |
| Management's Discussion and Analysis  | 3-7         |
| Statement of Net Position   |             |
| Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position   | 9           |
| Statement of Cash Flows   |             |
| Notes to the Basic Financial Statements   | 12-37       |
| Schedules of the School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability:   |             |
| School Employees Retirement System (SERS)   |             |
| School Teachers Retirement System (STRS)  | 39          |
| Schedules of the School's Pension Contributions:  |             |
| School Employees Retirement System (SERS)   | 40          |
| School Teachers Retirement System (STRS)  | 41          |
| Schedules of the School's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability/(Asset):  |             |
| School Employees Retirement System (SERS)   | 42          |
| School Teachers Retirement System (STRS)  | 43          |
| Schedules of the School's OPEB Contributions:   |             |
| School Employees Retirement System (SERS)   | 44          |
| School Teachers Retirement System (STRS)  | 45          |
| Notes to Schedule of Requirement Supplementary Information  | 46          |
| Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards  | 49          |
| Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards   | 50          |
| Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on<br>Compliance and Other Matters Required by <i>Government Auditing Standards</i> |             |

# HOPE ACADEMY NORTHCOAST CAMPUS CUYAHOGA COUNTY SINGLE AUDIT For the year ended June 30, 2021

| Title  | <u>Page</u> |
|--|-------------|
| Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to the Major Federal Programs and Internal Control Over Compliance |             |
| Required by the Uniform Guidance   | 53          |
| Schedule of Findings   | 55          |

# Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc.

Certified Public Accountants

5510 Pearl Road Ste 102 Parma OH 44129-2527 Phone - (216) 575-1630 Fax - (216) 436-2411

# **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

Hope Academy Northcoast Campus Cuyahoga County 4310 East 71st Street Cleveland, Ohio 44105

To the Board of Directors:

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Hope Academy Northcoast Campus, Cuyahoga County, Ohio (the School), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the School's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Hope Academy Northcoast Campus, Cuyahoga County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2021, and the changes in financial position and cash flows thereof, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Hope Academy Northcoast Campus Cuyahoga County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

As discussed in Note 15 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the School. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

#### **Other Matters**

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, and schedules of net pension liabilities, other postemployment benefit liabilities/assets, and pension and other postemployment benefit contributions listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Hope Academy Northcoast Campus, Cuyahoga County, Ohio's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Schedule) presents additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, *Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements of Federal Awards* and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The Schedule is management's responsibility, and derives from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this information to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements do the records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 10, 2022, on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Charlen E Having Association

*Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc.* January 10, 2022

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (Unaudited)

The discussion and analysis of the Hope Academy Northcoast Campus' (the School) financial performance provides an overall review of the School's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School's financial performance.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is an element of the reporting model adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in their Statement No. 34 Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments issued June 1999. Certain comparative information between the current year and the prior year is required to be presented in the MD&A.

# **Financial Highlights**

- In total, net position increased \$47,604, which represents a 3% percent increase from 2020. The increase is primarily due to increase in grant receivables and current assets.
- Total assets increased \$325,479, which represents an 85% percent increase from 2020. This was primarily due to the increase in grants receivables.
- Liabilities increased \$423,989, which represents a 20% percent increase from 2020. The increase in liabilities is primarily due to a increase in accounts payable and GASB 68 and 75 pension/OPEB accruals.

#### **USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT**

This report consists of three parts: the basic financial statements, notes to those statements, and required supplemental information. The basic financial statements include a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position, and a Statement of Cash Flows.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Change in Net Position reflect how the School did financially during fiscal year 2021. These statements include all assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting includes all of the current year revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These statements report the School's Net Position and change in the Net Position. This change in Net Position is important because it tells the reader whether the financial position of the School has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the School's student enrollment, per-pupil funding as determined by the State of Ohio, changes in technology, required educational programs and other factors.

The School uses enterprise presentation for all of its activities.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (Unaudited)

#### **Statement of Net Position**

The Statement of Net Position answers the question of how the School did financially during 2021. This statement includes all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term using the accrual basis of accounting and economic resources focus, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when the cash is received or paid.

Table 1 provides a summary of the School's Net Position for fiscal years 2021 and 2020.

| Assets   | 2021                                    | 2020                             |
|--|---|----------------------------------|
| Current Assets<br>Non-Current Assets<br>Total Assets   | \$ 581,492<br><u>125,218</u><br>706,710 | \$ 259,328<br>121,903<br>381,231 |
| <b>Deferred Outflows</b><br>Pension Requirements<br>OPEB<br>Total Deferred Outflows of Resources | 603,434<br>73,887<br>677,321            | 705,453<br>60,711<br>766,164     |
| Liabilities  |   |                                  |
| Current Liabilities<br>Long Term Liabilities<br>Total Liabilities                                | 326,374<br>2,219,444<br>2,545,818       | 14,732<br>2,107,097<br>2,121,829 |
| <b>Deferred Inflows</b><br>Pension Requirements<br>OPEB<br>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources   | 169,748<br>283,778<br>453,526           | 408,230<br>280,253<br>688,483    |
| Net Position<br>Unrestricted   | \$ (1,615,313)                          | \$ (1,662,917)                   |

# (Table 1) Statement of Net Position

Total assets increased \$325,479, which represents an 85% percent increase from 2020. This was primarily due to the increases in cash and cash equivalents and grants receivables. Liabilities increased \$423,989, which represents a 20% percent increase from 2020. The increase in liabilities is primarily due to an increase in accounts payable and GASB 68 and 75 pension/OPEB accruals. In total, net position increased \$47,604, which represents a 3% percent increase from 2020 net position. The increase is primarily due increases in state aid from the increases in student enrollments and increases in grant revenues.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (Unaudited)

#### Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

Table 2 shows the changes in Net Position for fiscal years 2021 and 2020, as well as a listing of revenues and expenses. This change in Net Position is important because it tells the reader that, for the School as a whole, the financial position of the School has improved or diminished. The cause of this may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the current laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

Table 2 shows the changes in net position for the year ended June 30, 2021, as compared to changes reported for fiscal year 2020.

|                                     | 2021         | 2020         |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| OPERATING REVENUES                  |              |              |
| State Aid                           | \$ 2,578,489 | \$ 2,295,757 |
| Casino Aid                          | 11,866       | 14,982       |
| NON-OPERATING REVENUE               |              |              |
| Grants                              | 1,220,911    | 687,169      |
| Other Revenue                       | 15,001       | -            |
| Interest Income                     | 506          | 374          |
| Total Revenues                      | 3,826,773    | 2,998,282    |
| OPERATING EXPENSES                  |              |              |
| Purchased Services: Management Fees | 2,377,685    | 2,061,903    |
| Purchased Services: Grant Programs  | 1,123,477    | 610,373      |
| Pension and OPEB Expense            | 127,785      | 108,935      |
| Sponsorship Fees                    | 75,133       | 66,825       |
| Legal                               | 19,657       | 25,745       |
| Auditing and Accounting             | 24,226       | 24,882       |
| Insurance                           | 8,234        | 7,665        |
| Board of Education                  | 20,525       | 11,156       |
| Miscellaneous                       | 2,447        | 18,612       |
| Total Expenses                      | 3,779,169    | 2,936,096    |
| Change in Net Position              | \$ 47,604    | \$ 62,186    |

# (Table 2) Change in Net Position

The primary reason for the increase in overall revenues from 2020 was the increase in state aid due to an increase in FTE of 33. The School's most significant expense, "Purchased Services: Management Fees" increased because of the management agreement in place between the School and Accel. The agreement provides that specific percentages of the revenues received by the School will be paid to Accel to fund operations. (See Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Note 7).

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (Unaudited)

The School has adopted GASB Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27," and GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions," which significantly revises accounting for costs and liabilities related to other postemployment benefits (OPEB). For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the School's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability and the net OPEB asset/liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB 45) focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's *net pension liability* or *net OPEB liability*. GASB 68 and GASB 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

GASB 68 and GASB 75 require the net pension liability and the net OPEB asset/liability to equal the School's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service
- 2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the School is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan *as against the public employer*. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (Unaudited)

are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, the School's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset, respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

Over time, net position can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2021, the School's net position totaled (\$1,615,313).

#### **Capital Assets**

At the end of fiscal year 2021 the School had \$0, invested in capital assets as capital assets are fully depreciated. For more information on capital assets, see Note 5 in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

#### Current Financial Issues

The Hope Academy Northcoast Campus received revenue for 301 students in 2021 (an increase from 2020 of 33) and continues to enroll students on a daily basis. State law governing community schools allows for the School to have open enrollment across traditional school district boundaries. The School receives its support almost entirely from State Aid. Per pupil revenue from State Aid for the School averaged \$8,566 in fiscal year 2021. The School receives additional revenues from grant subsidies. The School continually evaluates the extent of the impact that changes in State funding will have on current year operations.

#### **Contacting the School's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our readers with a general overview of the School's finances and to show the School's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact Dave Massa, Fiscal Officer for the Hope Academy Northcoast Campus, 4310 E. 71<sup>st</sup> St, Cleveland, Ohio 44105 or e-mail at <u>dave@massasolutionsllc.com</u>.

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

# ASSETS

| Current Assets                       |       |           |
|--------------------------------------|-------|-----------|
| Cash and Cash Equivalents            | \$    | 298,450   |
| Grants Receivable                    | Ŧ     | 276,568   |
| Intergovernmental Receivable         |       | 1,415     |
| Other Receivable                     |       | 5,059     |
| Total Current Assets                 |       | 581,492   |
|                                      |       | 301,432   |
| Nonsurrent Assots                    |       |           |
| Noncurrent Assets Net OPEB Asset     |       | 105 010   |
| Nel OPED Assel                       |       | 125,218   |
| Total Assets                         |       | 706,710   |
|                                      |       | 700,710   |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS                    |       |           |
| Pension Requirements                 |       | 603,434   |
| OPEB                                 |       | 73,887    |
|                                      |       | 15,001    |
| Total Deferred Outflows of Resources |       | 677,321   |
|                                      |       | 011,021   |
| LIABILITIES                          |       |           |
| Current Liabilities                  |       |           |
| Accounts Payable                     |       | 325,002   |
| Accrued Expense                      |       | 1,372     |
| Total Current Liabilities            |       | 326,374   |
|                                      |       | 520,574   |
| Long-Term Liabilities:               |       |           |
| Net Pension Liability                |       | 2,092,871 |
| Net OPEB Liability                   |       | 126,573   |
|                                      |       | 120,010   |
| Total Long-Term Liabilities          |       | 2,219,444 |
|                                      | ·     | 2,210,111 |
| Total Liabilities                    |       | 2,545,818 |
|                                      |       | , , ,     |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS                     |       |           |
| Pension Requirements                 |       | 169,748   |
| OPEB                                 |       | 283,778   |
|                                      |       | ·         |
| Total Deferred Inflows of Resources  |       | 453,526   |
|                                      |       | · · · · · |
| NET POSITION                         |       |           |
| Unrestricted                         | (1    | ,615,313) |
| Total Net Position                   | \$ (1 | ,615,313) |
|                                      | `     |           |

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

| OPERATING REVENUES State Aid        | \$ | 2,578,489   |
|-------------------------------------|----|-------------|
| Casino Aid                          | Ψ  | 2,378,489   |
|                                     |    |             |
| Total Operating Revenues            |    | 2,590,355   |
| OPERATING EXPENSES                  |    |             |
| Purchased Services: Management Fees |    | 2,377,685   |
| Purchased Services: Grant Programs  |    | 1,123,477   |
| Pension and OPEB Expense            |    | 127,785     |
| Sponsorship Fees                    |    | 75,133      |
| Legal                               |    | 19,657      |
| Auditing and Accounting             |    | 24,226      |
| Insurance                           |    | 8,234       |
| Board of Education                  |    | 20,525      |
| Miscellaneous                       |    | 2,447       |
| Total Operating Expenses            |    | 3,779,169   |
| Operating Loss                      |    | (1,188,814) |
| NON-OPERATING REVENUE               |    |             |
| Grants                              |    | 1,220,911   |
| Other Revenues                      |    | 15,001      |
| Interest Income                     |    | 506         |
| Total Non-Operating Revenue         |    | 1,236,418   |
| Change in Net Position              |    | 47,604      |
| Net Position Beginning of Year      |    | (1,662,917) |
| Net Position End of Year            | \$ | (1,615,313) |

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

# INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

| <b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b><br>Cash Received from State of Ohio<br>Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services  | \$ 2,607,294<br>(3,504,609)  |
|---|--|
| Net Cash Used For Operating Activities  | (897,315)  |
| CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES<br>Cash Received from Grants  | 965,179  |
| Net Cash Provided by Non-Capital Financing Activities   | 965,179  |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES<br>Cash Received from Interest on Investments  | 506  |
| Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents   | 68,370   |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents Beginning of Year   | 230,080  |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents End of Year   | \$ 298,450   |
| RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET<br>CASH USED FOR OPERATING ACTIVITIES<br>Operating Loss<br>ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE OPERATING LOSS TO NET   | \$ (1,188,814)   |
| CASH USED FOR OPERATING ACTIVITIES  |  |
| Changes in Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources:<br>Intergovernmental Receivable<br>Other Receivable<br>Accounts Payable<br>Accrued Expense<br>Net OPEB Asset<br>Net Pension/OPEB Liability<br>Deferred Outflows – Pension/OPEB<br>Deferred Inflows – Pension/OPEB | (901)<br>17,840<br>310,768<br>874<br>(3,315)<br>112,347<br>88,843<br>(234,957) |
| Net Cash Used For Operating Activities  | \$ (897,315)   |

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

This page intentionally left blank.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (Continued)

# 1. DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL AND REPORTING ENTITY

Hope Academy Northcoast Campus (the School) is a state nonprofit corporation established pursuant to Ohio Rev. Code Chapters 3314 and 1702 to maintain and provide a school exclusively for any educational, literary, scientific and related teaching service. The School, which is part of the State's education program, is independent of any school district. The School may sue and be sued, acquire facilities as needed, and contract for any services necessary for the operation of the School. The School contracts with HA Northcoast, LLC, for most of its functions (see note 7). HA Northcoast, LLC is under the ownership of ACCEL Schools of Ohio, LLC.

The School originally signed a contract with a sponsor, Saint Aloysius Orphanage (Sponsor), effective July 1, 2005. The School has renewed its agreements with the Sponsor through June 30, 2024. The School may terminate the agreement by sending notice 180 days prior to June 30. The Sponsor can terminate by sending notice by February 1st of the termination year.

The School operates under a self-appointing, five-member Board of Directors (the Board). The School's Code of Regulations specify that vacancies that arise on the Board will be filled by the appointment of a successor director by a majority vote of the then existing directors. The Board is responsible for carrying out the provisions of the contract with the Sponsor, which include, but are not limited to, state-mandated provisions regarding student population, curriculum, academic goals, performance standards, admission standards, and qualifications of teachers. The facility is staffed with teaching personnel employed by HA Northcoast, LLC, who provide services to 301 students. The board members also serve on the Board of Randall Park High School.

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the School have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles as applied to governmental nonprofit organizations. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the School's accounting policies are described below.

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The School's basic financial statements consist of a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position, and a Statement of Cash Flows. Enterprise fund reporting focuses on the determination of the change in Net Position, financial position and cash flows.

The Government Accounting Standards Board identifies the presentation of all financial activity to be reported within one enterprise fund for year-ending reporting purposes. Enterprise accounting is used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprise where the intent is that the cost (expense) of providing goods and services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (Continued)

### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting**

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Enterprise accounting uses a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets, deferred outflows of resources, all liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources are included on the Statement of Net Position. Operating statements present increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in Net Position. The accrual basis of accounting is utilized for reporting purposes. Revenues are recognized when they are earned, and expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

#### Budgetary Process

Community Schools are statutorily required to adopt a budget by Ohio Revised Code 3314.032(C). Unlike traditional public schools located in the State of Ohio, community schools are not required to follow budgetary provisions set forth in Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705, unless specifically provided in the School's contract with its Sponsor. The contract between the School and its Sponsor requires a detailed school budget for each year of the contract. In addition, the Board adopted an operating budget at the beginning of fiscal year 2021. However, the budget does not have to follow the provisions of Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705, except for section 5705.391 as it relates to five-year forecasts, therefore no budgetary statements are presented.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

All cash received by the School is maintained in a demand deposit account, and money market account. For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows and for presentation on the Statement of Net Position, investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased are considered to be cash equivalents.

#### **Intergovernmental Revenues**

The School currently participates in the State Foundation Program, the State Disadvantaged Pupil Impact Aid (DPIA) Program, and the State Special Education Program, which are reflected under "State Aid" on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position. Revenues received from these programs are recognized as operating revenues in the accounting period in which all eligibility requirements have been met.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the School receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include grants, entitlements, and contributions. Grants, entitlements, and contributions are recognized as non-operating revenues in the accounting period in which all eligibility requirements have been met.

Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the School must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School on a reimbursement basis. Amounts awarded under the above programs for the 2021 school year totaled \$3,799,400.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (Continued)

# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Capital Assets and Depreciation**

For purposes of recording capital assets, the Board has a capitalization threshold of \$5,000.

The capital assets are recorded on the accompanying Statement of Net Position at cost, net of accumulated depreciation at \$0. Depreciation is computed by the straight-line method over five years for "Equipment," three years for "Computers and Software," and five to twenty years for "Leasehold Improvements".

Aside from those mentioned above, the School has no other capital assets, as the School operates under a management agreement with HA Northcoast, LLC. (See Note 7).

#### Use of Estimates

In preparing the financial statements, management is sometimes required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

# Net Position

Net Position represents the difference between (all assets plus deferred outflows of resources) less (all liabilities, plus deferred inflows of resources). Net Position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use, either through enabling legislation adopted by the School or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or contracts. The School applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted Net Position are available.

#### **Operating Revenues and Expenses**

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the School's primary activities. For the School, these revenues are primarily State, Facility Aid, Casino Aid and facilities payments. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the goods and services that are the primary activities of the School. Revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating.

#### Pensions and Other Post Employment Benefits

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability, net OPEB asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense; information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (Continued)

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources**

In addition to assets, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the School, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the statement of net position for pension/OPEB. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension/OPEB are explained in Note 9 and 10.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension/OPEB are reported on the statement of net position (see Note 9 and 10).

# 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

At June 30, 2021, the carrying amount of all School deposits was \$298,450, and its bank balance was \$298,450. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "<u>Deposits and Investment</u> <u>Risk Disclosures</u>", as of June 30, 2021, all of the School's bank balance of was covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

#### 4. RECEIVABLE/PAYABLE

The School has recorded "Grants Receivable" in the amount of \$276,568, other receivables of \$5,059 and intergovernmental receivable of \$1,415, earned but not received as of June 30, 2021.

Accounts Payable consists of obligations totaling \$325,002 at June 30, 2021, incurred during the normal course of conducting operations

#### 5. CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the School's capital assets consisted of the following:

|                                | Balance          |   |                     | Balance          |
|--------------------------------|------------------|---|---------------------|------------------|
| Capital Assets                 | 6/30/2020        | Additions                                     | Additions Deletions |                  |
| Equipment                      | \$ 45,570        | \$ -  | \$ -                | \$ 45,570        |
| Computers and Software         | 7,250            | -   | -                   | 7,250            |
| Leasehold Improvements         | 307,164          |   |                     | 307,164          |
| Total Capital Assets           | 359,984          |   |                     | 359,984          |
| Less: Accumulated Depreciation |                  |   |                     |                  |
| Equipment                      | (45,570)         | -   | -                   | (45,570)         |
| Computers and Software         | (7,250)          | -   | -                   | (7,250)          |
| Leasehold Improvements         | <u>(307,164)</u> |   |                     | <u>(307,164)</u> |
| Total Accumulated Depreciated  | <u>(359,984)</u> |   |                     | <u>(359,984)</u> |
| CAPITAL ASSETS, NET            | <u>\$</u> -      | <u>\$                                    </u> | <u> </u>            | <u>\$</u> -      |

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (Continued)

#### 6. RISK MANAGEMENT

**Property and Liability** - The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft or damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. As part of its management agreement with HA Northcoast, LLC, HA Northcoast, LLC, has contracted with an insurance company for property and general liability insurance pursuant to the Management Agreement (see Note 7). There was no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior year and claims have not exceeded insurance coverage over the past three years.

**Director and Officer** - Coverage has been purchased by the School with a \$1,000,000 aggregate limit and a \$2,500 deductible.

# 7. AGREEMENT WITH HA NORTHCOAST, LLC

Effective November 1, 2005, the School entered into a multi-year Management Agreement (Agreement) with WHLS (through its subsidiary HA Northcoast, LLC), which is an educational consulting and management company. In July 2014, the school signed an amended and restated agreement by and between the EMO, HA Northcoast, LLC (the EMO) and the governing authority. The EMO is responsible and accountable to the School's Board of Directors for the administration and day-to-day operations. As part of the terms of this agreement, the "Continuing Fee" percentage of the School is 94 percent of Qualified Gross Revenues for up to 270 students and 96% of Qualified Gross Revenues for the 271<sup>st</sup> student and above. "Qualified Gross Revenues" are defined in the Agreement as, "...the revenue per student received by the School from the State pursuant to the Ohio Revised Code...". With regard to grant funding, the agreement reads as follows: "Federal Title Programs, lunch programs revenue, and other such federal, state and local government grant funding designated to compensate the School for the education of its students shall be fully paid to the Manager." As such, EMO receives 94 to 96 percent of "State Aid" (see note 2) and 100 percent of all other federal, state, and local grants. In May 2015, Accel Schools Ohio, LLC acquired HA Northcoast LLC from WHLS and assumed the management agreement.

The School had purchased service expenses for the year ended June 30, 2021, to EMO of \$3,501,162 and payables to EMO at June 30, 2021 aggregating \$323,376. EMO is responsible for all costs incurred in providing the educational program at the School, which include but are not limited to, salaries and benefits of all personnel, curriculum materials, textbooks, library books, computers and other equipment, software, supplies, building payments, maintenance, capital, and insurance.

#### 8. MANAGEMENT COMPANY EXPENSES

For the year ended June 30, 2021, HA Northcoast, LLC and its affiliates incurred the following expenses on- behalf of the School:

Overhead charges are assigned to the School based on a percentage of revenue. These charges represent the indirect cost of services provided in the operation of the School. Such services include, but are not limited to facilities management, equipment, operational support services, management and management consulting, board relations, human resources management, training and orientation, financial reporting and compliance, purchasing and procurement, education services, technology support, and marketing and communications.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (Continued)

# 8. MANAGEMENT COMPANY EXPENSES (continued)

|   | Regular<br>Instruction<br>(1100 Function<br>Codes) |           | Instruction Instr<br>(1100 Function (1200 I |         | tion Services<br>nction (2000 Function |           | Non-<br>Instructional<br>(3000 through<br>7000 Function<br>Codes) | Total           |
|---|--|-----------|---|---------|--|-----------|---|-----------------|
| Direct Expenses:                                      |  |           |   |         |  |           |   |                 |
| Salaries & Wages (100 Object Codes)                   | \$   | 898,812   | \$  | 139,844 | \$                                     | 152,428   | \$ -  | \$<br>1,191,084 |
| Employees' Benefits (200 Object Codes)                |  | 246,230   |   | 27,691  |  | 69,910    | -   | 343,831         |
| Professional & Technical Services (410 Object Codes)  |  | 167,378   |   | 142,320 |  | 137,623   | -   | 447,321         |
| Property Services (420 Object Codes)                  |  | -         |   | -       |  | 328,638   | -   | 328,638         |
| Utilities (450 Object Codes)                          |  | -         |   | -       |  | 52,228    | -   | 52,228          |
| Contracted Craft or Trade Services (460 Object Codes) |  | -         |   | -       |  | -         | 97,754  | 97,754          |
| Transportation (480 Object Codes)                     |  | -         |   | -       |  | 760       | -   | 760             |
| Other Direct Costs (All Other Object Codes)           |  | 21,158    |   | 429     |  | 349,474   | -   | 371,061         |
| Indirect Expenses:                                    |  |           |   |         |  |           |   |                 |
| Overhead  |  | -         |   | -       |  | 354,546   | -   | 354,546         |
| Total Expenses  | \$   | 1,333,578 | \$  | 310,284 | \$                                     | 1,445,607 | \$ 97,754   | \$<br>3,187,223 |

#### 9. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

#### Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability represents the School's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the School obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The School cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the School does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (Continued)

# 9. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in accounts payable.

#### Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description – the School non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a statewide, cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, standalone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at <a href="http://www.ohsers.org">www.ohsers.org</a> under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

|                     | Eligible to Retire before               | Eligible to Retire on or after             |
|---------------------|---|--|
|                     | August 1, 2017*                         | August 1, 2017                             |
| Full Benefits       | Any age with 30 years of service credit | Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or |
|                     | Age 65 with 5 years of service credit   | Age 57 with 30 years of service credit     |
| Actuarially Reduced | Age 60 with 5 years of service credit   | Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or |
| Benefits            | Age 55 with 25 years of service credit  | Age 60 with 25 years of service credit     |

\*Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on year of service; 2.2 percent for the first 30 years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

An individual whose benefit effective date is before April 1, 2018, is eligible for a cost of living adjustment (COLA) on the first anniversary date of the benefit. Beginning April 1, 2018, new benefit recipients must wait until the fourth anniversary of their benefit for COLA eligibility. The COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit. A three-year COLA suspension is in effect for all benefit recipients for the years 2018, 2019, and 2020. Upon resumption of the COLA, it will be indexed to the percentage increase in the CPI-W, not to exceed 2.5% and with a floor of 0.0%.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (Continued)

# 9. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14.0 percent.

The School's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$33,803 for fiscal year 2021.

#### Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – The School's licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation will be 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60. Eligibility changes for DB plan members who retire with actuarially reduced benefits will be phased in until August 1, 2023 when retirement eligibility will be five years of genvice credit and age 60, or 30 years or service credit at any age.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.53 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.47 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12 percent of the 14 percent member rate goes to the DC Plan and the remaining 2 percent is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity after termination of employment at age 50 or later.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (Continued)

# 9. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

New members who choose the DC plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit to apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, plan members were required to contribute 14 percent of their annual covered salary. The School was required to contribute 14 percent; the entire 14 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The fiscal year 2021 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

The School's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$126,746 for fiscal year 2021.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an independent actuarial valuation as of that date. The School's employer allocation percentage of the net pension liability was based on the employer's share of employer contributions in the pension plan relative to the total employer contributions of all participating employers. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

|  |             | SERS              |          | STRS                 |          | Total                |
|--|-------------|-------------------|----------|----------------------|----------|----------------------|
| Proportion of the Net Pension Liability<br>Prior Measurement Date<br>Proportion of the Net Pension Liability | C           | 0.0056981%        | C        | 0.00736022%          |          |                      |
| Current Measurement Date   | 0.0055777%  |                   |          | .00712481%           |          |                      |
| Change in Proportionate Share  | -0.0001204% |                   |          | 0.00023541%          |          |                      |
| Proportionate Share of the Net Pension<br>Liability<br>Pension Expense                                       | \$<br>\$    | 368,921<br>28,717 | \$<br>\$ | 1,723,950<br>119,645 | \$<br>\$ | 2,092,871<br>148,362 |

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (Continued)

# 9. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

At June 30, 2021 the School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

|   | <br>SERS     | STRS |         |    | Total   |
|---|--------------|------|---------|----|---------|
| Deferred Outflows of Resources              |              |      |         |    |         |
| Differences between expected and            |              |      |         |    |         |
| actual experience                           | \$<br>717    | \$   | 3,869   | \$ | 4,586   |
| Changes of assumptions                      | -            |      | 92,542  |    | 92,542  |
| Net difference between projected and        |              |      |         |    |         |
| actual earnings on pension plan investments | 23,420       |      | 83,837  |    | 107,257 |
| Changes in proportion and differences       |              |      |         |    |         |
| between contributions and proportionate     |              |      |         |    |         |
| share of contributions                      | -            |      | 238,500 |    | 238,500 |
| School contributions subsequent to the      |              |      |         |    |         |
| measurement date                            | 33,803       |      | 126,746 | 1  | 160,549 |
| Total Deferred Outflows of Resources        | \$<br>57,940 | \$   | 545,494 | \$ | 603,434 |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources               |              |      |         |    |         |
| Differences between expected and            |              |      |         |    |         |
| actual experience                           | \$<br>-      | \$   | 11,025  | \$ | 11,025  |
| Changes in proportion and differences       |              |      |         |    |         |
| between contributions and proportionate     |              |      |         |    |         |
| share of contributions                      | <br>10,605   |      | 148,118 |    | 158,723 |
|   |              |      |         |    |         |
| Total Deferred Inflows of Resources         | \$<br>10,605 | \$   | 159,143 | \$ | 169,748 |

\$160,549 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from the School contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (Continued)

# 9. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

|                             | SERS     |                  |          | STRS    | Total |         |
|-----------------------------|----------|------------------|----------|---------|-------|---------|
| Fiscal Year Ending June 30: |          |                  |          |         |       |         |
| 2022                        | <u>,</u> | (0.000)          | <u>,</u> |         | 4     | 45 700  |
| 2022                        | \$       | (8 <i>,</i> 933) | \$       | 24,633  | \$    | 15,700  |
| 2023                        |          | 5,369            |          | 103,567 |       | 108,936 |
| 2024                        |          | 17,096           |          | 103,241 |       | 120,337 |
| 2025                        |          | -                |          | 28,164  |       | 28,164  |
|                             |          |                  |          |         |       |         |
| Total                       | \$       | 13,532           | \$       | 259,605 | \$    | 273,137 |

#### Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2020, are presented below:

| Wage Inflation<br>Future Salary Increases, including | 3.00 percent  |
|--|---|
| inflation  | 3.50 percent to 18.20 percent   |
|  | 2.5 percent, on and after April 1, 2018, COLA's for future retirees will be delayed for three years following |
| COLA or Ad Hoc COLA                                  | commencement  |
|  | 7.50 percent net of investment expense, including   |
| Investment Rate of Return                            | inflation   |
| Actuarial Cost Method                                | Entry Age Normal  |

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (Continued)

# 9. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

Mortality rates among active members were based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females. Mortality among service retired members and beneficiaries were based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates and 110 percent of female rates. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed June 30, 2015.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined by using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating an arithmetic weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major assets class are summarized in the following table:

| Asset Class            | Target<br>Allocation | n | Long Term Expected<br>Real Rate of Return |
|------------------------|----------------------|---|---|
| Cash                   | 2.00                 |   |   |
| Cash                   | 2.00                 | % | 1.85 %                                    |
| US Stocks              | 22.50                |   | 5.75                                      |
| Non-US Stocks          | 22.50                |   | 6.50                                      |
| Fixed Income           | 19.00                |   | 2.85                                      |
| Private Equity         | 12.00                |   | 7.60                                      |
| Real Assets            | 17.00                |   | 6.60                                      |
| Multi-Asset Strategies | 5.00                 |   | 6.65                                      |
|                        |                      |   |   |
|                        | 100.00               | % |   |

**Discount Rate** The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.50 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (Continued)

### 9. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

Sensitivity of the School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the School proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.50 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate.

|                              | Current |                  |               |         |             |         |  |
|------------------------------|---------|------------------|---------------|---------|-------------|---------|--|
|                              | 1%      | 5 Decrease       | Discount Rate |         | 1% Increase |         |  |
|                              | (6.50%) |                  | (7.50%)       |         | (8.50%)     |         |  |
| School's proportionate share |         |                  |               |         |             |         |  |
| of the net pension liability | \$      | 505 <i>,</i> 376 | \$            | 368,921 | \$          | 254,432 |  |

**Changes since measurement date** The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of SERS, including the fair value of SERS' investment portfolio. However, because the values of individual investments fluctuate with market conditions, and due to market volatility, the amount of losses that may be recognized in subsequent periods cannot be determined with half of the fiscal year remaining. In addition, the impact on SERS' future operating costs, revenues, and any recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

At its September meeting 2020, the Board unanimously voted to approve a 0.5% cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) increase for eligible retirees and beneficiaries in 2021. Previously, COLAs were suspended from 2018 through 2020.

#### Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2020, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

| Inflation                  | 2.50 percent  |
|----------------------------|---|
| Projected salary increases | 12.50 percent at age 20 to 2.50 percent at age 65             |
| Investment Rate of Return  | 7.45 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation |
| Discount Rate of Return    | 7.45 percent  |
| Payroll Increases          | 3.00 percent  |
| Cost-of-Living Adjustments | 0.00 percent  |

Post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2014.

Actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2020 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (Continued)

# 9. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

|                      | Target     | Long Term Expected   |
|----------------------|------------|----------------------|
| Asset Class          | Allocation | Real Rate of Return* |
| Domestic Equity      | 28.00 %    | 7.35 %               |
| International Equity | 23.00      | 7.55                 |
| Alternatives         | 17.00      | 7.09                 |
| Fixed Income         | 21.00      | 3.00                 |
| Real Estate          | 10.00      | 6.00                 |
| Liquidity Reserves   | 1.00       | 2.25                 |
|                      |            |                      |
| Total                | 100.00 %   |                      |

\*Ten year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25 percent and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

**Discount Rate** The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.45 percent as of June 30, 2020. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2020. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.45 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2020.

Sensitivity of the School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents the School proportionate share of the net pension liability as of June 30, 2020, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45 percent, as well as what the School proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.45 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.45 percent) than the current assumption:

|                              | Current                |           |    |                          |    |                        |  |
|------------------------------|------------------------|-----------|----|--------------------------|----|------------------------|--|
|                              | 1% Decrease<br>(6.45%) |           | Di | Discount Rate<br>(7.45%) |    | 1% Increase<br>(8.45%) |  |
| School's proportionate share |                        |           |    |                          |    |                        |  |
| of the net pension liability | \$                     | 2,454,605 | \$ | 1,723,950                | \$ | 1,104,781              |  |

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (Continued)

#### 10. DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS

#### Net OPEB Liability/Asset

The net OPEB liability and net OPEB asset reported on the statement of net position represents a liability or asset to employees for OPEB. OPEB is a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for OPEB is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net OPEB liability and net OPEB asset represents the School's proportionate share of each OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net OPEB liability and net OPEB asset calculations are dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the School's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The School cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which OPEB are financed; however, the School does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including OPEB.

GASB 75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because they benefit from employee services. OPEB contributions come from these employers and health care plan enrollees which pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. Any change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net OPEB liability and net OPEB asset. Resulting adjustments to the net OPEB liability and net OPEB asset would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net OPEB liability* / *(asset)* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required OPEB contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in accounts payable.

# Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The School contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (Continued)

### 10. DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (continued)

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For fiscal year 2021, there was no contribution made to health care. A health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2021, this amount was \$23,000. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge.

The surcharge is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The School contractually required contribution to SERS was \$4,318 for fiscal year 2021.

#### Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued effective January 1, 2020. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting <u>www.strsoh.org</u> or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (Continued)

### 10. DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (continued)

# **OPEB** Liabilities, **OPEB** Assets, **OPEB** Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability and net OPEB asset were measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total OPEB liability and asset used to calculate the net OPEB liability and net OPEB asset were determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School's proportion of the net OPEB liability and net OPEB asset were based on the School's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

|                                   | SERS   |                        | STRS         |           | <br>Total      |
|-----------------------------------|--------|------------------------|--------------|-----------|----------------|
| Proportion of the Net OPEB Liabil | ity/as | set                    |              |           |                |
| Prior Measurement Date            |        | 0.0055075%             | 0.           | 00736022% |                |
| Proportion of the Net OPEB Liabil | ity/as | set                    |              |           |                |
| Current Measurement Date          |        | 0.0058239% 0.00712481% |              |           |                |
|                                   |        |                        |              |           |                |
| Change in Proportionate Share     |        | 0.0003164%             | -0.00023541% |           |                |
|                                   |        |                        |              |           |                |
| Proportionate Share of the Net O  | PEB    |                        |              |           |                |
| Liability/(asset)                 | \$     | 126,573                | \$           | (125,218) |                |
| OPEB Expense                      | \$     | (3,942)                | \$           | (16,635)  | \$<br>(20,577) |

At June 30, 2021, the School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Space left blank intentionally

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (Continued)

# 10. DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (continued)

# **OPEB** Liabilities, **OPEB** Assets, **OPEB** Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

|  |          | SERS   |          | STRS    |          | Total   |
|--|----------|--------|----------|---------|----------|---------|
| Deferred Outflows of Resources           |          |        |          |         |          |         |
| Differences between expected and         |          |        |          |         |          |         |
| actual experience                        | \$       | 1,661  | \$       | 8,025   | \$       | 9,686   |
| Changes of assumptions                   |          | 21,576 |          | 2,068   |          | 23,644  |
| Net difference between projected and     |          |        |          |         |          |         |
| actual earnings on OPEB plan investments |          | 1,424  |          | 4,387   |          | 5,811   |
| Changes in proportion and differences    |          |        |          |         |          |         |
| between contributions and proportionate  |          |        |          |         |          |         |
| share of contributions                   |          | 8,917  |          | 21,511  |          | 30,428  |
| School contributions subsequent to the   |          |        |          |         |          |         |
| measurement date                         |          | 4,318  |          | -       |          | 4,318   |
| Total Deferred Outflows of Resources     | ć        | 37,896 | ¢        | 35,991  | ¢        | 73,887  |
| Total Deferred Outhows of Resources      | <u>ې</u> | 37,890 | <u>ې</u> | 33,991  | <u>ې</u> | 73,007  |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources            |          |        |          |         |          |         |
| Differences between expected and         |          |        |          |         |          |         |
| actual experience                        | \$       | 64,371 | \$       | 24,941  | \$       | 89,312  |
| Changes of assumptions                   |          | 3,188  |          | 118,937 |          | 122,125 |
| Changes in proportion and differences    |          |        |          |         |          |         |
| between contributions and proportionate  |          |        |          |         |          |         |
| share of contributions                   |          | 29,687 |          | 42,654  |          | 72,341  |
|  |          |        |          |         |          |         |
| Total Deferred Inflows of Resources      | \$       | 97,246 | \$       | 186,532 | \$       | 283,778 |

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (Continued)

# 10. DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (continued)

\$4,318 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from the School's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability and net OPEB asset in the year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

|                             | SERS |          |    | STRS              | Total |                  |  |
|-----------------------------|------|----------|----|-------------------|-------|------------------|--|
| Fiscal Year Ending June 30: |      |          |    |                   |       |                  |  |
| 2022                        | \$   | (15,444) | \$ | (41,523)          | \$    | (56,967)         |  |
| -                           | Ļ    |          | Ļ  |                   | Ļ     |                  |  |
| 2023                        |      | (25,973) |    | (38,551)          |       | (64,524)         |  |
| 2024                        |      | (9,126)  |    | (37 <i>,</i> 508) |       | (46,634)         |  |
| 2025                        |      | (6,795)  |    | (22,748)          |       | (29,543)         |  |
| 2026                        |      | (4,846)  |    | (4,109)           |       | (8 <i>,</i> 955) |  |
| Thereafter                  |      | (1,484)  |    | (6,102)           |       | (7,586)          |  |
|                             |      |          |    |                   |       |                  |  |
| Total                       | \$   | (63,668) | \$ | (150,541)         | \$    | (214,209)        |  |

#### Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (Continued)

### 10. DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (continued)

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2020, are presented below:

| Wage Inflation<br>Future Salary Increases, including inflation<br>Investment Rate of Return | 3.00 percent<br>3.50 percent to 18.20 percent<br>7.50 percent net of investments<br>expense, including inflation |
|---|--|
| Municipal Bond Index Rate:  |  |
| Measurement Date  | 2.45 percent   |
| Pri or Measurement Date   | 3.13 percent   |
| Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense,                            |  |
| including price inflation   |  |
| Measurement Date  | 2.63 percent   |
| Pri or Measurement Date   | 3.22 percent   |
| Medical Trend Assumption  |  |
| Medicare  | 5.25 to 4.75 percent   |
| Pre-Medicare  | 7.00 to 4.75 percent   |

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates and 110 percent of female rates. RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates set back five years.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2010 through 2015, and was adopted by the Board on April 21, 2016. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.50 percent, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (Continued)

### 10. DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (continued)

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as used in the June 30, 2015 five-year experience study, are summarized as follows:

| Asset Class            | Target<br>Allocation | Long-Term Expected<br>Real Rate of Return |
|------------------------|----------------------|---|
| Cash                   | 2.00 %               | 1.85 %                                    |
| US Stocks              | 22.50                | 5.75                                      |
| Non-US Stocks          | 22.50                | 6.50                                      |
| Fixed Income           | 19.00                | 2.85                                      |
| Private Equity         | 12.00                | 7.60                                      |
| Real Assets            | 17.00                | 6.60                                      |
| Multi-Asset Strategies | 5.00                 | 6.65                                      |
| Total                  | 100.00 %             |   |

**Discount Rate** The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2020 was 2.63 percent. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2020 was 3.22 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the state statute contribution rate of 2.00 percent of projected covered employee payroll each year, which includes a 1.50 percent payroll surcharge and 0.50 percent of contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make future benefit payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan assets was used to present value the projected benefit payments through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024 and the Fidelity General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index rate of 2.45 percent, as of June 30, 2020 (i.e. municipal bond rate), was used to present value the projected benefit payments for the remaining years in the projection. The total present value of projected benefit payments from all years was then used to determine the single rate of return that was used as the discount rate. The projection of future benefit payments for all current plan members was until the benefit payments ran out.

Sensitivity of the School's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability of SERS, what SERS' net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.63%) and higher (3.63%) than the current discount rate (2.63%). Also shown is what SERS' net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (6.00% decreasing to 3.75%) and higher (8.00% decreasing to 5.75%) than the current rate.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (Continued)

### 10. DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (continued)

|  |         |                 |       | Current      |             |              |  |  |
|--|---------|-----------------|-------|--------------|-------------|--------------|--|--|
|  | 1%      | Decrease        | Dis   | count Rate   | 19          | 6 Increase   |  |  |
|  |         | (1.63%)         |       | (2.63%)      | (3.63%)     |              |  |  |
| School's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability | \$      | 154,921         | \$    | 126,573      | \$          | 104,035      |  |  |
|  |         |                 |       | Current      |             |              |  |  |
|  | 1%      | Decrease        | Tr    | end Rate     | 1% Increase |              |  |  |
|  | (6.00 % | 6 decreasing    | (7.00 | % decreasing | (8.00 9     | % decreasing |  |  |
|  | t       | o 3.75%)        | t     | o 4.75%)     | t           | o 5.75%)     |  |  |
| School's proportionate share                           |         |                 |       |              |             |              |  |  |
| of the net OPEB liability                              | \$      | 99 <i>,</i> 666 | \$    | 126,573      | \$          | 162,553      |  |  |

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of SERS, including the fair value of SERS' investment portfolio. However, because the values of individual investments fluctuate with market conditions, and due to market volatility, the amount of losses that may be recognized in subsequent periods cannot be determined with half of the fiscal year remaining. In addition, the impact on SERS' future operating costs, revenues, and any recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

### Actuarial Assumptions – STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2020, actuarial valuation are presented below:

| Projected salary increases           | 12.50 percent at age 20 to<br>2.50 percent at age 65             |              |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--------------------------------------|--|--------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Investment Rate of Return            | 7.45 percent, net of investment<br>expenses, including inflation |              |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Payroll Increases                    | 3 percent  |              |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cost-of-Living Adjustments<br>(COLA) | 0.0 percent, effective July 1, 2017                              |              |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Discount Rate of Return              | 7.45 percent   | Ultimate     |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Health Care Cost Trends              |  |              |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Medical                              |  |              |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pre-Medicare                         | 5.00 percent   | 4.00 percent |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Medicare                             | (6.69) percent   | 4.00 percent |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Prescription Drug                    |  |              |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pre-Medicare                         | 6.50 percent   |              |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Medicare                             | 11.87 percent  | 4.00 percent |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                                      |  |              |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (Continued)

### 10. DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (continued)

Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

| Asset Class          | Target<br>Allocation | Long Term Expected<br>Real Rate of Return* |
|----------------------|----------------------|--|
| Domestic Equity      | 28.00 %              | 7.35 %                                     |
| International Equity | 23.00                | 7.55                                       |
| Alternatives         | 17.00                | 7.09                                       |
| Fixed Income         | 21.00                | 3.00                                       |
| Real Estate          | 10.00                | 6.00                                       |
| Liquidity Reserves   | 1.00                 | 2.25                                       |
|                      |                      |  |
| Total                | 100.00 %             |  |

\*Ten year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25 percent and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

**Discount Rate** The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB asset was 7.45 percent as of June 30, 2020. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes STRS Ohio continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care plan investments of 7.45 percent was used to measure the total OPEB asset as of June 30, 2020.

Sensitivity of the School's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2020, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45 percent, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.45 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.45 percent) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (Continued)

### 10. DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (continued)

|  |    | Decrease<br>(6.45%) | Dis | Current<br>count Rate<br>(7.45%) | 1% Increase<br>(8.45%) |            |  |  |  |
|--|----|---------------------|-----|----------------------------------|------------------------|------------|--|--|--|
| School's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset | \$ | 108,948             | \$  | 125,218                          | \$                     | 139,023    |  |  |  |
|  | 1% | Decrease            |     | Current<br>rend Rate             | 1%                     | 6 Increase |  |  |  |
| School's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset | \$ | 138,166             | \$  | 125,218                          | \$                     | 109,446    |  |  |  |

**Benefit Term Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date** There was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were updated to reflect the projected FYE 2021 premium based on June 30, 2020 enrollment distribution. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2021 from 1.984% to 2.055% per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2021. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the AMA Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

### 11. CONTINGENCIES

### Grants

Amounts received from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor. Any disallowed costs may require refunding to the grantor. Amounts which may be disallowed, if any, are not presently determinable. However, in the opinion of the School, any such adjustments will not have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the School.

### **Full Time Equivalency**

Foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. However, there is an important nexus between attendance and enrollment for Foundation funding purposes. Community schools must provide documentation that clearly demonstrates students have participated in learning opportunities. The Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to adjust/reconcile funding as enrollment information is updated by schools throughout the State, which can extend past the fiscal year end.

Under Ohio Rev. Code Section 3314.08, ODE may also perform a FTE Review subsequent to the fiscal year end that may result in an additional adjustment to the enrollment information as well as claw backs of Foundation funding due to a lack of evidence to support student participation and other matters of noncompliance. ODE performed such a review on the School for fiscal year 2021.

As of the date of this report, all ODE adjustments through fiscal year 2021 have been completed.

In addition, the School's contracts with their Sponsor and Management Company require payment based on revenues received from the State. As discussed above, all ODE adjustments through fiscal year 2021 have been completed. A reconciliation between payments previously made and the FTE adjustments has taken place with these contracts.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (Continued)

#### 11. CONTINGENCIES (continued)

#### Litigation

The School is not a party to legal proceedings that, in the opinion of management, would have a material adverse effect on the financial statements.

### 12. FEDERAL TAX STATUS

The School was approved under § 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code as a tax exempt organization.

### 13. SPONSORSHIP FEES

On July 1, 2005, the School contracted with the Saint Aloysius Orphanage (SAO) as its sponsor. State law allows sponsors to assess the schools up to 3 percent of State revenues as an oversight fee. In June 2017, the School and the Sponsor signed a new agreement for a term of three (3) years through June 30, 2020. In June 2020, the School and Sponsor signed a new agreement for a term of four (4) years through June 30, 2024. Total fees for fiscal year 2021 were \$75,133.

### 14. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the School has implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities,* GASB Statement No. 90, *Majority Equity Interests and amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61,* and certain provisions of GASB Statement No. 93, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates.* 

GASB Statement No. 84 establishes specific criteria for identifying activities that should be reported as fiduciary activities and clarifies whether and how business type activities should report their fiduciary activities. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 84 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School.

GASB Statement No. 90 improves consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and improves the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 90 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School.

GASB Statement No. 93 addresses accounting and financial reporting effects that result from the replacement of interbank offered rates (IBORs) with other reference rates in order to preserve the reliability, relevance, consistency, and comparability of reported information. The implementation of certain provisions (all except for paragraphs 13 and 14, which are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021), of GASB Statement No. 93 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (Continued)

### 15. COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Ohio's state of emergency ended in June of 2021 while the national state of emergency continues. During fiscal year 2021, the School received Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act funding. Additional funding has been made available through the Consolidation Appropriations Act, 2021, passed by Congress on December 21, 2020 and/or the American Rescue Plan Act, passed by Congress on March 11, 2021.

### 16. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

For fiscal year 2022, community school foundation funding received from the state of Ohio will be funded using a direct funding model. For fiscal year 2021 and prior, the amounts related to students who were residents of a particular school district were funded to the school district who, in turn, made the payment to the respective community school. For fiscal year 2021, the Community School reported \$2,578,489 in revenue and expenditures/expense related to these programs. This new funding system calculates a unique base cost for each community school. Any change in funding will be subject to a phase in percentage of 16.67 percent for fiscal year 2022 and 33.33 percent for fiscal year 2023.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability School Employees Retirement System (SERS) Last Eight Fiscal Years (1)

|  |    | 2021     |    | 2020     |    | 2019     |    | 2018     |    | 2017      |    | 2016      |    | 2015      | 2014 |           |  |
|--|----|----------|----|----------|----|----------|----|----------|----|-----------|----|-----------|----|-----------|------|-----------|--|
| School's Proportion of the Net Pension<br>Liability  | 0. | 0055777% | 0. | 0056981% | 0. | 0062470% | 0. | 0079164% | 0. | .0062493% | 0. | .0093211% | (  | 0.009827% | (    | ).009827% |  |
| School's Proportionate Share of the Net<br>Pension Liability   | \$ | 368,921  | \$ | 340,927  | \$ | 357,777  | \$ | 472,987  | \$ | 457,391   | \$ | 531,871   | \$ | 497,339   | \$   | 584,380   |  |
| School's Covered Payroll   | \$ | 193,493  | \$ | 190,193  | \$ | 210,644  | \$ | 241,921  | \$ | 216,086   | \$ | 691,184   | \$ | 330,988   | \$   | 266,098   |  |
| School's Proportionate Share of the Net<br>Pension Liability as a Percentage<br>of its Covered Payroll |    | 190.66%  |    | 179.25%  |    | 169.85%  |    | 195.51%  |    | 211.67%   |    | 76.95%    |    | 150.26%   |      | 219.61%   |  |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a<br>Percentage of the Total Pension<br>Liability                       |    | 68.55%   |    | 70.85%   |    | 71.36%   |    | 69.50%   |    | 62.98%    |    | 69.16%    |    | 71.70%    |      | 65.52%    |  |

(1) Information prior to 2014 is not available. Schedule is intended to show ten years of information, and additional information will be displayed as it becomes available.

Amounts presented as of the School's measurement date which is the prior fiscal period end.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability School Teachers Retirement System (STRS) Last Eight Fiscal Years (1)

|  | 2021         | 2020         | 2019         | 2018         | 2017         | 2016         | 2015         | 2014         |
|--|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| School's Proportion of the Net Pension<br>Liability  | 0.00712481%  | 0.00736022%  | 0.00563584%  | 0.00507897%  | 0.00692570%  | 0.00805572%  | 0.00778626%  | 0.00778626%  |
| School's Proportionate Share of the Net<br>Pension Liability   | \$ 1,723,950 | \$ 1,627,668 | \$ 1,239,195 | \$ 1,206,520 | \$ 2,318,241 | \$ 2,226,365 | \$ 1,893,888 | \$ 2,255,987 |
| School's Covered Payroll   | \$ 859,850   | \$ 864,121   | \$ 637,557   | \$ 558,364   | \$ 762,557   | \$ 808,629   | \$ 855,138   | \$ 596,062   |
| School's Proportionate Share of the Net<br>Pension Liability as a Percentage<br>of its Covered Payroll | 200.49%      | 188.36%      | 194.37%      | 216.08%      | 304.01%      | 275.33%      | 221.47%      | 378.48%      |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a<br>Percentage of the Total Pension<br>Liability                       | 75.50%       | 77.40%       | 77.31%       | 75.29%       | 66.80%       | 72.10%       | 74.70%       | 69.30%       |

(1) Information prior to 2014 is not available. Schedule is intended to show ten years of information, and additional information will be displayed as it becomes available.

Amounts presented as of the School's measurement date which is the prior fiscal period end.

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of School Contributions - Pension

School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

### Last Ten Fiscal Years

|   | <br>2021      |            | 2020     | <br>2019      | <br>2018      | <br>2017      | <br>2016      | <br>2015      | <br>2014      | <br>2013      |          | 2012     |
|---|---------------|------------|----------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|----------|----------|
| Contractually Required Contribution                                     | \$<br>33,803  | \$         | 27,089   | \$<br>25,676  | \$<br>28,437  | \$<br>33,869  | \$<br>30,252  | \$<br>91,098  | \$<br>45,875  | \$<br>36,828  | \$       | 36,459   |
| Contributions in Relation to the<br>Contractually Required Contribution | <br>(33,803)  | . <u> </u> | (27,089) | <br>(25,676)  | <br>(28,437)  | <br>(33,869)  | <br>(30,252)  | <br>(91,098)  | <br>(45,875)  | <br>(36,828)  | <u> </u> | (36,459) |
| Contribution Deficiency (Excess)  | \$<br>_       | \$         | -        | \$<br>_       | \$<br>-       | \$<br>-       | \$<br>-       | \$<br>-       | \$<br>-       | \$<br>_       | \$       | -        |
| School Covered Payroll  | \$<br>241,450 | \$         | 193,493  | \$<br>190,193 | \$<br>210,644 | \$<br>241,921 | \$<br>216,086 | \$<br>691,184 | \$<br>330,988 | \$<br>266,098 | \$       | 271,071  |
| Contributions as a Percentage of<br>Covered Payroll                     | 14.00%        |            | 14.00%   | 13.50%        | 13.50%        | 14.00%        | 14.00%        | 13.18%        | 13.86%        | 13.84%        |          | 13.45%   |

(1) Information prior to 2014 is not available. Schedule is intended to show ten years of information, and additional information will be displayed as it becomes available.

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of School Contributions - Pension

School Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

## Last Ten Fiscal Years

|   | <br>2021      | <br>2020      | <br>2019      | <br>2018      | <br>2017      | <br>2016      | <br>2015      | <br>2014      | <br>2013      | <br>2012      |
|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Contractually Required Contribution                                     | \$<br>126,746 | \$<br>120,379 | \$<br>120,977 | \$<br>89,258  | \$<br>78,171  | \$<br>106,758 | \$<br>113,208 | \$<br>111,168 | \$<br>77,488  | \$<br>78,632  |
| Contributions in Relation to the<br>Contractually Required Contribution | <br>(126,746) | <br>(120,379) | <br>(120,977) | <br>(89,258)  | <br>(78,171)  | <br>(106,758) | <br>(113,208) | <br>(111,168) | <br>(77,488)  | <br>(78,632)  |
| Contribution Deficiency (Excess)  | \$<br>-       | \$<br>-       | \$<br>_       | \$<br>-       | \$<br>-       | \$<br>-       | \$<br>-       | \$<br>-       | \$<br>_       | \$<br>-       |
| School Covered Payroll  | \$<br>905,329 | \$<br>859,850 | \$<br>864,121 | \$<br>637,557 | \$<br>558,364 | \$<br>762,557 | \$<br>808,629 | \$<br>855,138 | \$<br>596,062 | \$<br>604,862 |
| Contributions as a Percentage of<br>Covered Payroll                     | 14.00%        | 14.00%        | 14.00%        | 14.00%        | 14.00%        | 14.00%        | 14.00%        | 13.00%        | 13.00%        | 13.00%        |

(1) Information prior to 2014 is not available. Schedule is intended to show ten years of information, and additional information will be displayed as it becomes available.

# Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability School Employees Retirement System (SERS) Last Five Fiscal Years (1)

|   |    | 2021     |    | 2020      |    | 2019      |    | 2018      | 2017       |         |  |  |
|---|----|----------|----|-----------|----|-----------|----|-----------|------------|---------|--|--|
| School's Proportion of the Net OPEB<br>Liability  | 0. | 0058239% | 0. | .0055075% | 0  | .0056709% | 0  | .0072339% | 0.0067104% |         |  |  |
| School's Proportionate Share of the Net<br>OPEB Liability   | \$ | 126,573  | \$ | 138,502   | \$ | 157,327   | \$ | 194,139   | \$         | 191,271 |  |  |
| School's Covered Payroll  | \$ | 193,493  | \$ | 190,193   | \$ | 210,643   | \$ | 241,921   | \$         | 216,086 |  |  |
| School's Proportionate Share of the Net<br>OPEB Liability as a Percentage<br>of its Covered Payroll |    | 65.41%   |    | 72.82%    |    | 74.69%    |    | 80.25%    |            | 88.52%  |  |  |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a<br>Percentage of the Total OPEB<br>Liability                       |    | 18.17%   |    | 15.57%    |    | 13.57%    |    | 12.46%    |            | 11.49%  |  |  |

(1) Information prior to 2017 is not available. Schedule is intended to show ten years of information, and additional information will be displayed as it becomes available.

Amounts presented as of the School's measurement date, which is the prior fiscal year end.

# Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability/(Asset) School Teachers Retirement System (STRS) Last Five Fiscal Years (1)

|   |    | 2021      |    | 2020      |     | 2019      |     | 2018      | 2017        |         |  |
|---|----|-----------|----|-----------|-----|-----------|-----|-----------|-------------|---------|--|
| School's Proportion of the Net OPEB<br>Liability/Asset  | 0. | 00712481% | 0. | 00736022% | 0.0 | 00563584% | 0.0 | 00507897% | 0.00692570% |         |  |
| School's Proportionate Share of the Net<br>OPEB Liability/(Asset)   | \$ | (125,218) | \$ | (121,903) | \$  | (90,562)  | \$  | 198,163   | \$          | 370,388 |  |
| School's Covered Payroll  | \$ | 859,850   | \$ | 864,121   | \$  | 640,700   | \$  | 558,364   | \$          | 762,557 |  |
| School's Proportionate Share of the Net<br>OPEB Liability/Asset as a Percentage<br>of its Covered Payroll |    | -14.56%   |    | -14.11%   |     | -14.13%   |     | 35.49%    |             | 48.57%  |  |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a<br>Percentage of the Total OPEB<br>Liability/Asset                       |    | 182.13%   |    | 174.74%   |     | 176.00%   |     | 47.11%    |             | 37.30%  |  |

(1) Information prior to 2017 is not available. Schedule is intended to show ten years of information, and additional information will be displayed as it becomes available.

Amounts presented as of the School's measurement date, which is the prior fiscal year end.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School's Contributions - OPEB School Employees Retirement System (SERS) Last Ten Fiscal Years

|   | <br>2021      | <br>2020      | <br>2019      | <br>2018      | <br>2017      | <br>2016      | 2015          | <br>2014      | <br>2013      | <br>2012      |
|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Contractually Required Contribution (1)                                 | \$<br>4,318   | \$<br>3,911   | \$<br>2,757   | \$<br>1,303   | \$<br>3,463   | \$<br>5,015   | \$<br>9,725   | \$<br>13,127  | \$<br>13,414  | \$<br>7,947   |
| Contributions in Relation to the<br>Contractually Required Contribution | <br>(4,318)   | <br>(3,911)   | <br>(2,757)   | <br>(1,303)   | <br>(3,463)   | <br>(5,015)   | <br>(9,725)   | <br>(13,127)  | <br>(13,414)  | <br>(7,947)   |
| Contribution Deficiency (Excess)  | <br>-         |
| School Covered Payroll  | \$<br>241,450 | \$<br>193,493 | \$<br>190,193 | \$<br>210,643 | \$<br>241,921 | \$<br>216,086 | \$<br>590,099 | \$<br>657,273 | \$<br>331,467 | \$<br>273,814 |
| OPEB Contributions as a Percentage of<br>Covered Payroll (1)            | 1.79%         | 2.02%         | 1.45%         | 0.62%         | 1.43%         | 2.32%         | 1.65%         | 2.00%         | 4.05%         | 2.90%         |

(1) Includes Surcharge

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School's Contributions - OPEB School Teachers Retirement System (STRS) Last Ten Fiscal Years

|   | <br>2021      | <br>2020      | <br>2019      | <br>2018      | <br>2017      | <br>2016      | <br>2015      | <br>2014      | <br>2013      | <br>2012      |
|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Contractually Required Contribution                                     | \$<br>-       | \$<br>8,551   | \$<br>5,961   | \$<br>6,049   |
| Contributions in Relation to the<br>Contractually Required Contribution | <br>-         | <br>          | <br>          | <br>-         | <br>-         | <br>-         | <br>          | <br>(8,551)   | <br>(5,961)   | <br>(6,049)   |
| Contribution Deficiency (Excess)  | \$<br>_       | \$<br>-       |
| School Covered Payroll  | \$<br>905,329 | \$<br>859,850 | \$<br>864,121 | \$<br>640,700 | \$<br>558,364 | \$<br>762,557 | \$<br>808,629 | \$<br>855,138 | \$<br>596,062 | \$<br>604,862 |
| Contributions as a Percentage of<br>Covered Payroll                     | 0.00%         | 0.00%         | 0.00%         | 0.00%         | 0.00%         | 0.00%         | 0.00%         | 1.00%         | 1.00%         | 1.00%         |

## Hope Academy Northcoast Campus Cuyahoga County, Ohio Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

### **NET PENSION LIABILITY / (ASSET)**

### SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

**Changes of benefit terms:** There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal years 2014-2017 and 2019-2021.

The following changes were made to the benefit terms in 2018 as identified: The COLA was changed from a fixed 3.00% to a COLA that is indexed to CPI-W not greater than 2.5% with a floor of 0% beginning January 1, 2018. In addition, with the authority granted the Board under HB 49, the Board has enacted a three-year COLA suspension for benefit recipients in calendar years 2018-2020.

**Changes in assumptions:** There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2014-2016 and 2018-2021. For fiscal year 2017, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%, (b) payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%, (c) assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%, (d) Rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality among active members was updated to RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females, (f) mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries was updated to the following RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates and (g) mortality among disable member was updated to RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement (h) change in discount rate from 7.75% to 7.5%.

### STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

**Changes in benefit terms:** There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal years 2014-2021.

**Changes in assumptions:** There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2014-2017 and 2019-2021. For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) inflation assumption lowered from 2.75% to 2.50%, (b) investment return assumption lowered from 7.75% to 7.45%, (c) total salary increases rates lowered by decreasing the merit component of the individual salary increases, as well as by 0.25% due to lower inflation, (d) payroll growth assumption lowered to 3.00%, (e) updated the healthy and disable mortality assumption to the "RP-2014" mortality tables with generational improvement scale MP-2016, (f) rates of retirement, termination and disability were modified to better reflect anticipated future experience.

### NET OPEB LIABILITY/(ASSET)

### SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

**Changes of benefit terms:** There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal years 2018-2020.

**Changes in Assumptions:** Amounts reported for fiscal years 2018-2021 incorporate changes in key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability as presented below:

Municipal Bond Index Rate: Fiscal year 2021 2.45 percent Fiscal year 2020 3.13 percent Fiscal year 2019 3.62 percent Fiscal year 2018 3.56 percent Fiscal year 2017 2.92 percent Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation Fiscal year 2021 2.63 percent Fiscal year 2020 3.22 percent Fiscal year 2019 3.70 percent 3.63 percent Fiscal year 2018 Fiscal year 2017 2.98 percent Medicare Trend Assumption Medicare Fiscal year 2020 5.25 percent decreasing to 4.75 percent Fiscal year 2019 5.375 percent decreasing to 4.75 percent Fiscal year 2018 5.50 percent decreasing to 5.00 percent Pre - Medicare Fiscal year 2020 7.00 percent decreasing to 4.75 percent Fiscal year 2019 7.25 percent decreasing to 4.75 percent Fiscal year 2018 7.50 percent decreasing to 5.00 percent

### STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

**Changes in Assumptions:** For fiscal year 2018, the discount rate was increased from 3.26 percent to 4.13 percent based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB) and the long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75 percent to 7.45 percent. Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified. The percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased. The assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal and future health care cost trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs.

For fiscal year 2019, the discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13 percent to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45.

For fiscal year 2020 and 2021, the health care cost trend rates were modified.

**Changes in Benefit Terms:** For fiscal year 2018, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was reduced from 2.1 percent to 1.9 percent per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements

# Hope Academy Northcoast Campus Cuyahoga County, Ohio Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 2020.

For fiscal year 2019, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was increased from 1.9 percent to 1.944 percent per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2019 and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020.

For fiscal year 2020, claims curves were trended to the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020 to reflect the current price renewals. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2020 from 1.944% to 1.984 per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1,2021 to 2.1% for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021.

For fiscal year 2021, Claim curves were updated to reflect the projected fiscal year end 2021 premium based on June 30, 2020 enrollment distribution. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2021 from 1.984% to 2.055% per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2021. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the AMA Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

## HOPE ACADEMY NORTHCOAST CAMPUS CUYAHOGA COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021

|  | Federal<br>ALN |               |
|--|----------------|---------------|
| Federal Grantor/Pass Through Grantor/ Program Title                          | Number         | Disbursements |
|  |                |               |
| U.S. Department of Education<br>Passed Through Ohio Department of Education: |                |               |
| Passed Through Onio Department of Education.                                 |                |               |
| Title I, Part A of the ESEA - 2020   | 84.010         | \$ 10,805     |
| Title I, Part A of the ESEA - 2021   | 84.010         | 368,565       |
| Total Title I, Part A of the ESEA  |                | 379,370       |
| School Quality Improvement   | 84.010A        | 109,985       |
| IDEAPart B - Special Education   | 84.027         | 82,732        |
| Title IV-A Student Support and Academy Enrichment Grant                      | 84.424A        | 29,000        |
| Title II-A - Improving Teacher Quality Grant                                 | 84.367         | 26,855        |
| ESSER - CARES Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund          | 84.425D        | 347,666       |
| Total U.S. Department of Education   |                | 975,608       |
| United States Department of Treasury   |                |               |
| Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:                                 |                |               |
| BroadBand Ohio Connectivity  | 21.019         | 15,256        |
| CRF-Coronavirus Relief Fund  | 21.019         | 14,749        |
| Total U.S. Department of Treasury  |                | 30,005        |
| U.S. Department of Agriculture   |                |               |
| Passed Through the Ohio Department of Education                              |                |               |
| Child Nutrition Cluster:   |                |               |
| Cash Assistance  |                |               |
| School Breakfast Program   | 10.553         | 35,518        |
| National School Lunch Program  | 10.555         | 77,620        |
| Total Child Nutrition Cluster  |                | 113,138       |
| Total U.S. Department of Agriculture   |                | 113,138       |
| TOTAL FEDERAL FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE   |                | \$ 1,118,751  |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this Schedule.

#### NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

### NOTE A – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal awards activity of Hope Academy Northcoast Campus (Academy) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2021. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Academy, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Academy.

### NOTE B – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement.

### NOTE C – INDIRECT COSTS

The Academy has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

### NOTE D - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The Academy commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the Academy assumes it expends federal monies first.

5510 Pearl Road, Ste 102 Parma, Ohio 44129 Office phone - (216) 575-1630 Fax - (216) 436-2411

### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH <u>GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS</u>

Hope Academy Northcoast Campus Cuyahoga County 4310 East 71st Street Cleveland, Ohio 44105

To the Board of Directors:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Hope Academy Northcoast Campus, Cuyahoga, County, Ohio (the Academy) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Academy's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 10, 2022, wherein we noted the financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the Academy.

### **Internal Controls Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Academy's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Academy's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Academy's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Academy's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiency in internal control that we consider a material weakness. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Hope Academy Northcoast Campus Cuyahoga County Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Others Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Academy's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instance of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Academy's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Academy's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Charles Having Association

*Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc.* January 10, 2022

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR THE MAJOR PROGRAMS AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE <u>REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE</u>

Hope Academy Northcoast Campus Cuyahoga County 4310 East 71st Street Cleveland, Ohio 44105

To the Board of Directors:

### Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Programs

We have audited the Hope Academy Northcoast, Cuyahoga County, Ohio's, (the Academy) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on the Academy's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. The Academy's major federal programs are identified in the Summary of Auditor's Results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings.

### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for the Academy's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Academy's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major programs. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Academy's compliance. Hope Academy Northcoast Campus Cuyahoga County Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for the Major Programs and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance Page 2

### **Opinion on the Major Federal Programs**

In our opinion, the Hope Academy Northcoast Campus, Cuyahoga County, Ohio, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of the Academy is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Academy's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the major federal programs to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for the major federal programs and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Academy's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Charles Having Association

*Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc.* January 10, 2022

## SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 June 30, 2021

# **1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS**

| (d)(1)(i)    | Type of Financial Statement<br>Opinion   | Unmodified  |
|--------------|--|---|
| (d)(1)(ii)   | Were there any material control<br>weaknesses reported at<br>the financial statement level       | No  |
|              | (GAGAS)?   |   |
| (d)(1)(ii)   | Were there any significant<br>deficiencies reported at the<br>financial statement level (GAGAS)? | No  |
| (d)(1)(iii)  | Was there any reported material<br>non-compliance at the financial<br>statement level (GAGAS)?   | No  |
| (d)(1)(iv)   | Were there any material internal<br>control weaknesses reported<br>for major federal programs?   | No  |
| (d)(1)(iv)   | Were there any significant<br>deficiencies reported for<br>major federal programs?               | No  |
| (d)(1)(v)    | Type of Major Programs'<br>Compliance Opinion  | Unmodified  |
| (d)(1)(vi)   | Are there any reportable findings<br>under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)                                    | No  |
| (d)(1)(vii)  | Major Programs:  | Title 1 Grant (ALN #84.010)<br>ESSER-Cares (ALN #84.425D) |
| (d)(1)(viii) | Dollar Threshold: Type A\B<br>Programs   | Type A:>\$750,000<br>Type B: All Others                   |
| (d)(1)(ix)   | Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR § 200.520?  | No  |

This page intentionally left blank.



### HOPE ACADEMY NORTHCOAST CAMPUS

## **CUYAHOGA COUNTY**

### AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 3/8/2022

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370