



LAKEVIEW LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT TRUMBULL COUNTY JUNE 30, 2021

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Lakeview Local School District Trumbull County 300 Hillman Drive Cortland. Ohio 44410

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lakeview Local School District, Trumbull County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

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Lakeview Local School District Trumbull County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund and thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 23 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the District. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *management's discussion and analysis*, and schedules of net pension and other post-employment benefit liabilities and pension and other post-employment benefit contributions listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the District's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The schedules are management's responsibility, and derives from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this information to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Lakeview Local School District Trumbull County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 27, 2022, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

May 27, 2022

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Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021 Unaudited

It is a pleasure to present to you the financial picture of Lakeview Local School District (the "School District"). Included in these first few paragraphs and tables is the management's view of how our School District is currently performing. It is intended that this presentation be an objective and easily read analysis of the overall financial condition of our School District. Please consider our comments along with the financial statements and notes to fully understand our School District's finances.

Financial Highlights

- Net position decreased in fiscal year 2021 due mainly to changes in the net pension liability
 offset by the deferred outflows and inflows of resources associated with these. The School
 District's total net position also decreased from current year depreciation reducing overall
 capital assets.
- Capital asset additions for fiscal year 2021 consisted of a new bus purchase.
- The School District's enrollment decreased from 1,670 students in fiscal year 2020 to 1,625 students in fiscal year 2021.
- The School District's outstanding long-term obligations consist of the unlimited tax general obligation bonds and capital leases for buses.

Using This Annual Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. The *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities* provide information about the activities of the School District as a whole and present a longer-term view of the School District's finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the School District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the School District's most significant funds. In the case of Lakeview Local School District, the general fund and the bond retirement debt service fund are the most significant funds.

Reporting the School District as a Whole (District-Wide)

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The only two reports that display School District-wide finances are the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. Within these statements, we show the School District divided into two kinds of activities:

• Governmental Activities – All of the School District's instructional activities are reported here. Property Taxes, State and Federal Grants and fees finance the majority of activity in this group.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021 Unaudited

Business-Type Activities – If the Board of Education sets a fee designed to offset the cost of
operating a program, then this defines a business-type activity. The School District does not
have any of this type of activity.

Analysis of the School District as a whole begins with table 1. While this document contains all of the funds used by the School District to provide programs and activities, the view of the School District as a whole considers all financial transactions. One of the most important issues when analyzing any business enterprise is "How did we do financially during 2021 and are we better off today than we were one year ago?" The two School District-wide documents try to provide and support the answer to these particular questions. These statements include all assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting, similar to the accounting method used by most private-sector companies. The most important aspect of accrual accounting is that it takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid out.

These statements also display the net position of the School District and note any changes that occurred during the year. Net position is the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and they tend to be the lead indicator of financial health. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader whether, for the School District as a whole, the financial position has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial and some not. Financial factors to consider may include changes in property tax values, tax levies and renewals or State funding issues before reaching a final conclusion about our School District's financial status. Non-financial factors may include the School District's performance, demographic and socioeconomic factors and willingness of the community to support the School District. It could prove helpful in making the analysis to look at the individual fund conditions to show the composition of the changes.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

Analysis of the School District's major funds begins with the discussion of the balance sheet and provides detailed information about each significant fund in contrast to the previously described School District-wide reporting. Most of the funds are required to be established by State law.

Governmental Funds — All of the School District's funds are reported as governmental funds. These reports focus on how resources flow into and out of these funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending in future periods. These reports are done on a modified accrual basis. Modified accrual accounting measures cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted into cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed, short-term view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. There are differences between governmental funds (as reported in this section on a modified accrual basis) and governmental activities as reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are reported on a full accrual basis. These differences are reconciled in the financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021 Unaudited

The School District as a Whole

Recall that the *Statement of Net Position* provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of net position as of June 30, 2021 as compared to June 30, 2020.

(Table 1) Net Position Governmental Activities

	2021	2020	Change
Assets			
Current and Other Assets	\$15,952,913	\$16,008,794	(\$55,881)
Net OPEB Asset	1,138,974	1,078,024	60,950
Capital Assets	29,589,732	30,330,469	(740,737)
Total Assets	46,681,619	47,417,287	(735,668)
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Pension	3,416,742	3,410,519	6,223
OPEB	472,184	327,771	144,413
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	3,888,926	3,738,290	150,636
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities	2,231,946	2,201,073	(30,873)
Long-Term Liabilities			
Due within One Year	469,568	442,024	(27,544)
Due in More than One Year:			
Net Pension Liability	19,989,495	18,312,413	(1,677,082)
Net OPEB Liability	1,424,689	1,672,924	248,235
Other Amounts	23,581,602	23,781,597	199,995
Total Liabilities	47,697,300	46,410,031	(1,287,269)
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Property Taxes	9,513,900	9,374,511	(139,389)
Pension	305,475	1,285,083	979,608
OPEB	2,205,501	1,899,234	(306,267)
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	12,024,876	12,558,828	533,952
Net Position			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	7,216,009	7,597,772	(381,763)
Restricted for:			
Capital Projects	1,755,907	1,696,487	59,420
Debt Service	88,333	5,936	82,397
Other Purposes	633,495	603,381	30,114
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(18,845,375)	(17,716,858)	(1,128,517)
Total Net Position	(\$9,151,631)	(\$7,813,282)	(\$1,338,349)

The net pension liability (NPL) is one of the largest single liabilities reported by the School District at June 30, 2021. GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021 Unaudited

received the benefit of the exchange. However, the School District is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. For the School District, total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceed total assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$9,151,631 in fiscal year 2021 and \$7,813,282 in fiscal year 2020.

A large portion of the School District's net position reflects "Net Investment in Capital Assets" (i.e. land, buildings, improvements, furniture, fixtures and vehicles) less any related debt to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The School District uses these capital assets to provide services to its students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the School District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The School District continues to provide the services that the School District residents expect while maintaining the costs of providing those services. The most dramatic changes were decreases capital assets and the changes from net pension/OPEB changes noted above. Capital assets decreased from another year of depreciation outpacing the one addition of the bus for fiscal year 2021. Other long-term liabilities decreased by principal payments on debt obligations during the fiscal year.

In order to further understand what makes up the changes in net position for the current year, the following table gives readers further details regarding the results of activities for fiscal years 2021 and 2020.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021 Unaudited

(Table 2) Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities

Governmental Activities					
	2021	2020	Change		
Program Revenues					
Charges for Services	\$626,794	\$1,059,753	(\$432,959)		
Operating Grants and Contributions	2,667,008	1,715,431	951,577		
Total Program Revenues	3,293,802	2,775,184	518,618		
General Revenues					
Property Taxes	9,398,422	9,286,415	112,007		
Grants and Entitlements	7,608,161	6,995,884	612,277		
Unrestricted Contributions	9,515	24,861	(15,346)		
Investment Earnings	13,299	82,926	(69,627)		
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets	3,075	0	3,075		
Miscellaneous	51,723	8,265	43,458		
Total General Revenues	17,084,195	16,398,351	685,844		
Total Revenues	20,377,997	19,173,535	1,204,462		
Program Expenses					
Instruction	12,892,637	11,727,458	(1,165,179)		
Support Services			, , , ,		
Pupils	996,317	1,048,748	52,431		
Instructional Staff	334,244	421,758	87,514		
Board of Education	10,587	19,214	8,627		
Administration	1,986,335	1,860,839	(125,496)		
Fiscal	477,962	487,828	9,866		
Business	49,643	56,061	6,418		
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,712,090	1,786,413	74,323		
Pupil Transportation	966,835	952,275	(14,560)		
Central	330,232	380,501	50,269		
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	500	21,645	21,145		
Operation of Food Service	494,863	590,878	96,015		
Extracurricular Activities	589,787	703,074	113,287		
Interest and Fiscal Charges	874,314	885,901	11,587		
Total Program Expenses	21,716,346	20,942,593	(773,753)		
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	(1,338,349)	(1,769,058)	430,709		
Net Position Beginning of Year	(7,813,282)	(6,044,224)	(1,769,058)		
Net Position End of Year	(\$9,151,631)	(\$7,813,282)	(\$1,338,349)		

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021 Unaudited

Governmental Activities

The unique nature of property taxes in Ohio creates the need to routinely seek voter approval for operating funds. The overall revenue generated by a voted levy does not increase solely as a result of inflation. It increases as a result of new construction or collection from a new voted levy. Although school districts experience inflationary growth in expenses, tax revenue does not keep pace with the increased expenses due to House Bill 920. As an example, a homeowner with a home valued at \$100,000 and taxed at 1.0 mill would pay \$35.00 annually in taxes. If three years later the home were reappraised and increased to \$200,000 (and this inflationary increase in value is comparable to other property owners) the effective tax rate would become .5 mills and the owner would still pay \$35.00 and the School District would collect the same dollar value the levy generated in the year it passed. The 10 percent rollback on all residential/agricultural property and the 2.5 percent rollback on all owner occupied homes would reduce the amount of taxes paid.

Thus school districts dependent upon property taxes are hampered by a lack of revenue growth and must regularly return to the voters to maintain a constant level of service.

Revenue is divided into two major components: program revenues and general revenues. Program revenues are defined as fees, restricted grants and charges for services that are program specific. General revenues include taxes and unrestricted grants such as State Foundation support.

Program revenues increased for governmental activities in fiscal year 2021. Operating grants increased due to the School District seeking out restricted grant monies as additional sources of operating revenues along with a new grants specific to the COVID pandemic. General revenues increased in fiscal year 2021 resulting from an increase in property taxes coupled with an increase in grants not restricted to operations. The increase in property taxes is from the increase in assessed valuation of property values in the School District. The increase in grants and entitlements for fiscal year 2021 was due to a change in the State funding formula.

Instruction composes the most significant portion of governmental program expenses. The largest component of change in program expenses results from variances in pension and OPEB expenses. The increase in the net pension liability for fiscal year 2021 directly affected the increase in instructional and administrative expenses.

The *Statement of Activities* shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table 3 shows the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State entitlements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021 Unaudited

(Table 3) Total and Net Cost of Program Services Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of Services 2021	Net Cost of Services 2021	Total Cost of Services 2020	Net Cost of Services 2020
Instruction	\$12,892,637	\$10,502,232	\$11,727,458	\$9,914,096
Support Services:				
Pupils and Instructional Staff	1,330,561	1,024,944	1,470,506	1,285,574
Board of Education and Administration	1,996,922	1,996,922	1,880,053	1,880,053
Fiscal and Business	527,605	527,605	543,889	543,889
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,712,090	1,651,428	1,786,413	1,745,170
Pupil Transportation	966,835	950,500	952,275	951,425
Central	330,232	267,807	380,501	375,101
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	500	500	21,645	21,484
Operation of Food Service	494,863	134,922	590,878	123,879
Extracurricular Activities	589,787	491,370	703,074	440,837
Interest and Fiscal Charges	874,314	874,314	885,901	885,901
Total Expenses	\$21,716,346	\$18,422,544	\$20,942,593	\$18,167,409

The School District's dependence upon general revenues for governmental activities is apparent from Table 3. The majority of expenses are supported through taxes and other general revenues.

The School District's Funds

Information about the School District's major funds, the general fund and bond retirement debt service fund, starts with the balance sheet. These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The general fund balance decreased from increases to expenditures consisting of changes to salaries made up of base and step increases along with increasing healthcare costs. The bond retirement fund saw an increase in fund balance as the levy proceeds and corresponding homestead and rollback collections were greater than the annual payment of principal and interest for the fiscal year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances.

The forecasted budget presented to the Lakeview Local Board of Education in September was amended throughout the year. For the general fund, the School District made amendments to the original estimated revenue with the final estimated revenue being greater than the original and lower than actual revenues. The change was attributed to adjustments for property taxes and intergovernmental as a clearer picture of trends became apparent.

Final budgeted appropriations exceeded the original budgeted appropriations of the general fund as the Administration made needed adjustments to the spending plan. Actual expenditures were under final budgeted appropriations. This change was the result of careful monitoring and budgeting on the School District's part to keep expenditures down.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021 Unaudited

Capital Assets and Debt

Capital Assets

For fiscal year 2021, the decrease in capital assets consisted of an additional year of depreciation offset by a new bus purchase. For more information about the School District's capital assets, see Note 11 to the basic financial statements.

Debt

For fiscal year 2021, the School District's debt obligations consisted of the 2015 unlimited tax bonds (maturing in fiscal year 2053) and capital leases maturing in fiscal year 2022. See Notes 12 and 17 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the School District's long-term obligations and leases.

Current Issues

The Community The Lakeview Local School District is a suburban residential community; it encompasses more than twenty-five square miles and serves the City of Cortland and Bazetta Township, located in Trumbull County, Ohio, which is in the northeast area of the State. Lakeview Local School District is in transition; our demographics are changing, and we are experiencing a shrinking economic base. Approximately thirty percent of our students are on free/reduced lunch. This is a significant increase over the past few years. School District facilities include Lakeview High School (grades 9-12) the Lakeview PK-8 School (grades PK-8), athletic fields (baseball, soccer, football), two running tracks (one of which is all weather), a maintenance garage, a transportation garage, and an outdoor land laboratory. Lakeview High School has been recognized by U.S. News and World Report's High Schools of Distinction as a Silver Level for academic achievement. Lakeview High School is a comprehensive high school enrolling approximately 600 students in grades nine through twelve. The high school opened in the fall of 1961 and an addition was added to the south end of the building in 1971. The 1995 additions and renovations include a media/technology complex, auditorium, art complex, and student parking lot.

College Attendance History and Scholarship Awards 130 students graduated in the Class of 2021. 106 students continued their education after high school. Of those students, 64 percent indicated pursuing a Bachelor's degree, 4 percent indicated an Associate's degree or certificate/diploma program, and 2 percent went on to military service. They were awarded over \$1.6 million in scholarships, \$66,050 were given from local scholarship donors. These figures only include scholarship monies that were accepted, and do not include any awards based on financial need. Students have attended schools such as: US Merchant Marine Academy, Miami University, University of Pittsburgh, Ohio State University, University of Toledo, University of Cincinnati, Cleveland State University, among other quality public, private, career and technical schools.

Athletic Programs With 18 varsity sports, Lakeview High School is a member of the NE-8 Conference. Lakeview has won 40+ league titles (NE-8, AAC, & TAC-8) and OHSAA District titles in Boys/Girls Soccer, Boys Cross Country, and Boys/Girls Track and Field. Lakeview High School has sent scholarship athletes on to bowling, cross-country, football, basketball, volleyball, soccer, softball, swimming, and track teams. Of our alumni, one is also a professional women's golfer on the LPGA and another is a former NFL football player.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021 Unaudited

Fine Arts Programs Lakeview High School also has award-winning instrumental, visual, and vocal music programs. Both our Choir and Band have won several Superior ratings at the Ohio Music Educators' Association District, Regional, and State Music Contests. Our Marching Band has been featured at Youngstown State University and has performed in Chicago and Disney World. Lakeview has also produced many music majors, band, and choir teachers over the years. In August 2011, one of our grads was a technical theater assistant at Julliard. Our visual arts program competes in various local and regional art shows throughout the school year. Several of our art students win college scholarships and our Drama Club has also worked on several musicals and plays, each performance entertaining parents and community members alike.

Our Staff and Students Our staff is committed to excellence, as they work to prepare our students to achieve their future educational and career goals. 86 percent of our staff has a Master's degree and 100 percent of our courses are taught by teachers who are certified in the subject area. Our students are encouraged to strive for excellence every day: in the classroom, on the athletic fields, and in the community. As our students work to begin their future, they leave Lakeview ready to face the 21st century economy.

College Credit Plus Program We offer several college courses taught by college faculty based in our high school. We partner with Youngstown State University, Eastern Gateway Community College, and Kent State Trumbull.

The School District ranked 33rd out of 611 school districts State-wide in gifted performance.

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

These financial reports and discussions are designed to provide our students, citizens, taxpayers, and creditors with a complete disclosure of the School District's finances and to demonstrate a high degree of accountability for the public dollars entrusted to us. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, please write Sean Miller, Treasurer, Lakeview Local School District, 300 Hillman Drive, Cortland, Ohio 44410 or call (330) 638-1060 or email Sean.Miller@neomin.org.

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

	Governmental Activities
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$5,206,318
With Fiscal Agents	38,390
Intergovernmental Receivable	553,949
Prepaid Items	32,813
Inventory Held for Resale	9,199
Materials and Supplies Inventory	35,958
Taxes Receivable	10,076,286
Net OPEB Asset (See Note 16)	1,138,974
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	510,300
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	29,079,432
Total Assets	46,681,619
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Pension	3,416,742
OPEB	472,184
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	3,888,926
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	78,964
Contracts Payable	58,789
Accrued Wages Payable	1,252,922
Intergovernmental Payable	639,983
Accrued Interest Payable	147,282
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	44,506
Special Termination Benefits Payable	9,500
Long-Term Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	469,568
Due In More Than One Year:	10.000.405
Net Pension Liability (See Note 15)	19,989,495
Net OPEB Liability (See Note 16)	1,424,689
Other Amounts	23,581,602
Total Liabilities	47,697,300
Deferred Inflows of Resources Property Toyes	0.512.000
Property Taxes Pension	9,513,900 305,475
OPEB	2,205,501
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	12,024,876
	12,024,070
Net Position Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for:	7,216,009
Capital Projects	1,755,907
Debt Service	88,333
Other Purposes	633,495
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(18,845,375)
Total Net Position	(\$9,151,631)
See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements	

Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Program l	Revenues	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
	Expenses	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants Contributions and Interest	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities:				
Instruction:	#0.00 3 .005	#401.254	\$666 740	(#0.014.000)
Regular	\$9,903,005	\$421,354	\$666,742	(\$8,814,909)
Special Student Intervention Services	2,988,438 1,194	112,425 0	1,189,884 0	(1,686,129) (1,194)
Support Services:	1,194	U	U	(1,194)
Pupils	996,317	0	262,298	(734,019)
Instructional Staff	334,244	$\overset{\circ}{0}$	43,319	(290,925)
Board of Education	10,587	0	0	(10,587)
Administration	1,986,335	0	0	(1,986,335)
Fiscal	477,962	0	0	(477,962)
Business	49,643	0	0	(49,643)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,712,090	4,000	56,662	(1,651,428)
Pupil Transportation	966,835	0	16,335	(950,500)
Central	330,232	0	62,425	(267,807)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	500	0	0	(500)
Operation of Food Services	494,863	7,137	352,804	(134,922)
Extracurricular Activities	589,787	81,878	16,539	(491,370)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	874,314	0	0	(874,314)
Totals	\$21,716,346	\$626,794	\$2,667,008	(18,422,544)
		General Revenues Property Taxes Levie	d for:	
		General Purposes		7,766,674
		Classroom Facilitie	es Maintenance	129,949
		Debt Service		1,244,274
		Capital Outlay Grants and Entitleme	nts not Restricted	257,525
		to Specific Programs		7,608,161
		Unrestricted Contribu		9,515
		Investment Earnings		13,299
		Gain on Sale of Capit	al Assets	3,075
		Miscellaneous		51,723
		Total General Revent	ies	17,084,195
		Change in Net Position	on	(1,338,349)
		Net Position Beginnin	ng of Year	(7,813,282)
		Net Position End of Y	Tear	(\$9,151,631)

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

	General	Bond Retirement	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets				
Equity in Pooled Cash and				
Cash Equivalents	\$2,292,823	\$502,979	\$2,410,516	\$5,206,318
Cash and Cash Equivalents with	+-,-,-,-,	400-,515	+- ,, -	** ,=**,=**
Fiscal Agents	0	0	38,390	38,390
Taxes Receivable	8,303,339	1,360,406	412,541	10,076,286
Intergovernmental Receivable	104,564	0	449,385	553,949
Interfund Receivable	417,153	0	0	417,153
Prepaid Items	32,008	0	805	32,813
Inventory Held for Resale	0	0	9,199	9,199
Materials and Supplies Inventory	34,889	0	1,069	35,958
Total Assets	\$11,184,776	\$1,863,385	\$3,321,905	\$16,370,066
11.199				
Liabilities	¢50 100	¢ο	¢10.055	¢70.064
Accounts Payable	\$59,109	\$0	\$19,855	\$78,964
Contracts Payable Accrued Wages Payable	572 1,077,663	$0 \\ 0$	58,217 175,259	58,789 1,252,922
Interfund Payable	1,077,003	0	417,153	417,153
Interfulid Fayable Intergovernmental Payable	600,273	0	39,710	639,983
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	44,506	0	0	44,506
1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.	,,,,,			,,,,,
Total Liabilities	1,782,123	0	710,194	2,492,317
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Property Taxes	7,838,943	1,285,610	389,347	9,513,900
Unavailable Revenue	537,782	69,774	471,022	1,078,578
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	8,376,725	1,355,384	860,369	10,592,478
Fund Balances	66 00 -	_		60 == 1
Nonspendable	66,897	0	1,874	68,771
Restricted	0	508,001	2,368,226	2,876,227
Assigned	959,031	0	((19.759)	959,031
Unassigned (Deficit)	0	0	(618,758)	(618,758)
Total Fund Balances	1,025,928	508,001	1,751,342	3,285,271
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of				
Resources and Fund Balances	\$11,184,776	\$1,863,385	\$3,321,905	\$16,370,066

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities June 30, 2021

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$3,285,271
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not fresources and therefore are not reported in the funds		29,589,732
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for curr and therefore are reported as unavailable revenue in Delinquent Property Taxes Intergovernmental Tuition and Fees		
Total		1,078,578
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on out in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is rep	•	(147,282)
Special termination benefits payable is not expected to available financial resources and therefore is not rep		(9,500)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the cur therefore are not reported in the funds. General Obligation Bonds Capital Leases Compensated Absences	(22,682,621) (33,723) (1,334,826)	
Total		(24,051,170)
The net pension liability and net OPEB asset/liability is the current period; therefore, the asset/liability and reinflows/outflows are not reported in governmental for Net OPEB Asset Deferred Outflows - Pension Deferred Outflows - OPEB Net Pension Liability Net OPEB Liability Deferred Inflows - Pension Deferred Inflows - OPEB	elated deferred	
Total	_	(18,897,260)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	=	(\$9,151,631)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	General	Bond Retirement	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues				
Property Taxes	\$7,765,781	\$1,251,844	\$387,621	\$9,405,246
Intergovernmental	8,041,189	42,688	1,737,829	9,821,706
Interest	11,048	0	2,255	13,303
Tuition and Fees	536,087	0	0	536,087
Extracurricular Activities	19,542	0	62,336	81,878
Contributions and Donations	9,515	0	2,275	11,790
Charges for Services	0	0	7,137	7,137
Rentals	4,000	0	0	4,000
Miscellaneous	51,723	0	0	51,723
Total Revenues	16,438,885	1,294,532	2,199,453	19,932,870
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	8,233,415	0	673,826	8,907,241
Special	2,202,759	0	689,673	2,892,432
Student Intervention Services	1,194	0	0	1,194
Support Services:				
Pupils	685,707	0	269,231	954,938
Instructional Staff	281,918	0	43,319	325,237
Board of Education	10,587	0	0	10,587
Administration	1,855,741	0	0	1,855,741
Fiscal	456,326	22,884	6,320	485,530
Business	49,643	0	0	49,643
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,467,268	0	285,001	1,752,269
Pupil Transportation	838,337	0	16,335	854,672
Central	244,653	0	62,425	307,078
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	500	0	0	500
Operation of Food Services	0	0	470,831	470,831
Extracurricular Activities	400,027	0	96,946	496,973
Debt Service:		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	40.0=4	
Principal Retirement	0	310,000	48,974	358,974
Interest and Fiscal Charges	0	884,025	3,399	887,424
Total Expenditures	16,728,075	1,216,909	2,666,280	20,611,264
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(289,190)	77,623	(466,827)	(678,394)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Sale of Capital Assets	3,400	0	0	3,400
Net Change in Fund Balances	(285,790)	77,623	(466,827)	(674,994)
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	1,311,718	430,378	2,218,169	3,960,265
Fund Balances End of Year	\$1,025,928	\$508,001	\$1,751,342	\$3,285,271
I and Dalances End of Teal	ψ1,023,320	ψ500,001	Ψ1,/31,342	Ψυ,20υ,211

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Govern	nmental Funds	(\$674,994)
Amounts reported for governmental activities statement of activities are different because		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as exstatement of activities, the cost of those asso useful lives as depreciation expense. This is exceeded capital outlay in the current period Capital Asset Additions Current Year Depreciation	ets is allocated over their estimated s the amount by which depreciation	
Total		(740,412)
Governmental funds only report the disposal of proceeds are received from the sale. In the gain or loss is reported for each disposal.		(325)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do resources are not reported as revenues in the Delinquent Property Taxes Intergovernmental Tuition and Fees	=	
Total		442,052
Repayment of long-term obligations are expended but the repayment reduces long-term liability		358,974
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued in governmental funds, an interest expenditured Accrued Interest Amortization of Premium	<u> </u>	
Total		13,110
Some expenses reported in the statement of act of current financial resources and therefore in governmental funds. Compensated Absences Special Termination Benefits		
Total		(192,834)
Contractually required contributions are reported however, the statement of net position reported Pension OPEB		5;
Total		1,482,594
Except for amounts reported deferred inflows/or liability (asset) are reported as pension/OPE Pension OPEB		
Total	_	(2,026,514)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activi	ities	(\$1,338,349)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Property Taxes	\$7,621,536	\$7,736,536	\$7,747,843	\$11,307
Intergovernmental	7,549,351	8,010,292	8,040,942	30,650
Interest	71,186	11,186	11,048	(138)
Tuition and Fees	594,894	508,953	526,433	17,480
Extracurricular Activities	38,824	38,824	19,542	(19,282)
Contributions and Donations	13,015	13,015	2,175	(10,840)
Charges for Services	161	161	0	(161)
Rentals	0	0	4,000	4,000
Miscellaneous	34,338	34,338	47,679	13,341
Total Revenues	15,923,305	16,353,305	16,399,662	46,357
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	8,258,517	8,558,517	8,415,386	143,131
Special	2,092,281	2,092,281	2,092,281	0
Student Intervention Services	1,810	1,810	1,194	616
Support Services:	741 100	741 100	741 102	0
Pupils	741,192	741,192	741,192	0
Instructional Staff	361,982	361,982	330,361	31,621
Board of Education	10,587	10,587	10,587	0
Administration Fiscal	1,895,500	1,895,500	1,826,492	69,008
Business	469,165	469,165 58,000	443,051 56,857	26,114 1,143
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	58,000 1,710,073	1,710,073	1,500,739	209,334
Pupil Transportation	929,000	929,000	808,713	120,287
Central	386,000	386,000	299,850	86,150
Extracurricular Activities	402,943	402,943	402,943	0
Total Expenditures	17,317,050	17,617,050	16,929,646	687,404
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,393,745)	(1,263,745)	(529,984)	733,761
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Sale of Capital Assets	13,074	13,074	3,400	(9,674)
Advances In	25,000	0	0	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	38,074	13,074	3,400	(9,674)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,355,671)	(1,250,671)	(526,584)	724,087
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	2,952,165	2,952,165	2,952,165	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	117,050	117,050	117,050	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$1,713,544	\$1,818,544	\$2,542,631	\$724,087

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Note 1 - Description of the School District and Reporting Entity

Lakeview Local School District (the "School District") is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The School District operates under a locally elected five-member Board form of government and provides educational services as mandated by State and federal agencies. The Board of Education controls the School District's two instructional/support facilities staffed by 68 classified employees, 115 certificated full and part-time employees, and 10 administrators who provide services to 1,625 students and other community members.

Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the School District consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For Lakeview Local School District, this includes the agencies and departments that provide the following services: general operations, food service and student related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes, and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. The School District has no component units.

The School District participates in two public entity pools and two jointly governed organizations. These organizations are the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program, the Trumbull County School Employees Insurance Benefits Consortium, the Trumbull Career and Technical Center and the Northeast Ohio Management Information Network. These organizations are presented in Notes 13 and 14 to the basic financial statements.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Government-wide Financial Statements The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government. These statements usually distinguish between those activities of the School District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type. The School District however, has no business-type activities.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the School District at fiscal year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

Fund Financial Statements During the year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. The School District has governmental funds

Governmental Funds Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The following are the School District's major governmental funds:

General Fund The general fund is the operating fund of the School District and is used to account for and report all financial resources except those required to be accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Bond Retirement Fund The bond retirement fund accounts for and reports property tax revenues that are restricted for payment of principal and interest and fiscal charges on general obligation debt.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources, whose use is restricted, committed or assigned to a particular purpose.

Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the School District are included on the statement of net position. The statement of activities presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position.

Fund Financial Statements All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and deferred outflows of resources and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (e.g., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (e.g., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 10). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, fees and rentals.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources In addition to assets, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the School District, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the government-wide statement of net position for pension and OPEB plans. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are explained in Notes 15 and 16.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized until that time. For the School District, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, pension, OPEB plans and unavailable revenue. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2021, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2022 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow on both the government-wide statement of net position and governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the School District, unavailable revenue includes delinquent property taxes, intergovernmental revenues and tuition and fees. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available. The details of these unavailable revenues are identified on the Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities fund on page 17. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are reported on the government-wide statement of net position. (See Notes 15 and 16)

Expenses/Expenditures On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the School District's records. Interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents". The School District had no investments during the fiscal year or at fiscal year-end.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

The School District utilizes a financial institution to service lease debt as principal and interest payments come due. The balances in these accounts are presented on the statement of fund net position as "Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agents."

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2021 amounted to \$11,048, which includes \$5,232 assigned from other School District funds.

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents.

Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2021, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method by recording a current asset for the prepaid amount and reflecting the expenditure/expense in the year in which the services are consumed.

Inventory

Inventories are presented at cost on a first-in, first-out basis and are expended/expensed when used. Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption and donated and purchased food held for resale.

Capital Assets

The School District's only capital assets are general capital assets. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition values as of the date received. The School District's capitalization threshold is \$5,000. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets except land are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental	
	Activities	
Description	Estimated Lives	
Land Improvements	20 years	
Buildings and Improvements	50 years	
Furniture and Fixtures	5 - 30 years	
Vehicles	8 years	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the School District has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at fiscal year end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the School District's termination policy. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for all employees with more than one year of service.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

On the governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as a liability and expenditure to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "Matured Compensated Absences Payable" in the funds from which the employee who has accumulated unpaid leave is paid.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current fiscal year. Bonds are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due. Net pension/OPEB liability (asset) should be recognized in the governmental funds to the extent that benefit payments are due and payable and the pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is not sufficient for payment of those benefits.

Bond Premiums

On the government-wide financial statements, bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight line method. Bond premiums are presented as an increase of the face amount of the general obligation bonds payable. On the fund financial statements, bond premiums are receipted in the year the bonds are issued. Under Ohio law, premiums on the original issuance of debt are to be deposited to the bond retirement fund to be used for debt retirement and are precluded from being applied to the project fund.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the School is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

Restricted Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the School District Board of Education. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance includes the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. These assigned balances are established by the School District Board of Education. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the School District Board of Education or by State statute. State statute authorizes the Treasurer to assign fund balances for purchases on order provided such amounts have been lawfully appropriated. The Board of Education assigned fund balance for school support and to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the fiscal year 2022 budget.

Unassigned Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The School District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between all other elements in a statement of financial position. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position restricted for other purposes include resources restricted for food service operations, instruction, support services, and extracurricular activities.

The School District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column of the Statement of Net Position.

Budgetary Data

All funds are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution and the certificate of estimated resources, which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and set annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at the fund level. Budgetary modifications at this level require a resolution of the Board of Education. Budgetary allocations at the function and object level are made by the Treasurer.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original and final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the certificate when the original and final appropriations were adopted.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Note 3 – Fund Balances

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the government funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

			Other	
		Bond	Governmental	
Fund Balances	General	Retirement	Funds	Total
Nonspendable				
Prepaid Items	\$32,008	\$0	\$805	\$32,813
Materials and Supplies Inventory	34,889	0	1,069	35,958
Total Nonspendable	66,897	0	1,874	68,771
Restricted for				
Athletics and Music	0	0	41,886	41,886
College Scholarships	0	0	15,787	15,787
Student Wellness	0	0	79,538	79,538
Student Activities	0	0	68,175	68,175
Debt Service Payments	0	508,001	0	508,001
Capital Improvements	0	0	2,162,840	2,162,840
Total Restricted	0	508,001	2,368,226	2,876,227
Assigned to				
School Support	30,046	0	0	30,046
Fiscal Year 2022 Operations	928,985	0	0	928,985
Total Assigned	959,031	0	0	959,031
Unassigned (Deficit)	0	0	(618,758)	(618,758)
Total Fund Balances	\$1,025,928	\$508,001	\$1,751,342	\$3,285,271

Note 4 - Budgetary Basis of Accounting

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget basis) rather than as a restricted, committed or assigned fund balance.
- 4. Budgetary revenues and expenditures of the uniform school supplies and public school support funds are classified to the general fund for GAAP reporting.

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements for the general fund.

Net Change in Fund Balance

GAAP Basis	(\$285,790)
Net Adjustment for Revenue Accruals	(27,107)
Net Adjustment for Expenditure Accruals	(92,440)
Perspective Differences:	
Uniform School Supplies	(732)
Public School Support	(2,499)
Encumbrances	(118,016)
Budget Basis	(\$526,584)

Note 5 – Accountability

At June 30, 2021, the following funds had deficit fund balances:

	Amount	
Other Governmental Funds:		
Food Service	\$90,427	
ESSER	416,290	
Title VI-B	44,560	
Title I	52,170	
Title II-A	5,296	
Miscellaneous Federal Grants	8,141	

These deficits are the result of the recognition of payables in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as well as short-term interfund loans from the general fund needed for operations until the receipt of grant monies. The general fund provides transfers to cover deficit balances; however, this is done when cash is needed rather than when accruals occur.

Note 6 - Deposits and Investments

Monies held by the School District are classified into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the School District treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidence by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Protection of the School District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by the financial institutions participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Interim monies held by the School District can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Government National Mortgage Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio, and with certain limitations including a requirement for maturity within ten years from the date of settlement, bonds and other obligations of political subdivisions of the State of Ohio, if training requirements have been met;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio).
- 8. Certain bankers' acceptances for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days) and commercial paper notes (for a period not to exceed two hundred seventy days) in an amount not to exceed 40 percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time if training requirements have been met. The investment in commercial paper notes of a single issuer shall not exceed in the aggregate five percent of interim moneys available for investment at the time of purchase.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Note 7 - Interfund Balances

The interfund receivable and payable between the general fund and the other governmental funds of \$417,153 is due to the timing of the receipt of grant monies and monies collected for some programs received by various funds. The general fund provides money to operate the programs until grants and other monies are received and the advances can be repaid. These loans are expected to be repaid in one year.

Note 8 – Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2021, consisted of taxes, accounts and intergovernmental grants. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current year guarantee of federal funds. All receivables, except for delinquent property taxes, are expected to be collected within one year. Property taxes, although ultimately collectible include some portion of delinquencies that will not be collected within one year.

A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

	Amount
ESSER Grant	\$416,290
Foundation Adjustments	70,329
School Employees Retirement System	34,235
Title I Grant	29,862
Title II-A Grant	2,449
Part B IDEA Grant	693
Miscellaneous Federal Grant	91
Total Governmental Activities	\$553,949

Note 9 - Contingencies

Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2021.

School Foundation

In fiscal year 2021, School District foundation funding was based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. The Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to adjust/reconcile funding as enrollment information is updated by schools throughout the State, which can extend past the fiscal year end. As of the date of this report, additional ODE adjustments for fiscal year 2021 are finalized.

Litigation

The School District is not a party to any legal proceedings for fiscal year 2021.

Note 10 - Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the School District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the School District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar year 2021 represents collections of calendar year 2020 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2021 were levied after April 1, 2020, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2020, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2021 represent the collection of calendar year 2020 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2021 became a lien on December 31, 2019, were levied after April 1, 2020, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The School District receives property taxes from Trumbull County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2021, are available to finance fiscal year 2022 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property and public utility property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2021 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 were levied to finance current fiscal year operations are reported as revenue at fiscal year-end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflows of resources – property taxes. On the accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue while on the modified accrual basis the revenue has been reported as deferred inflows of resources – unavailable revenue.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2021 was \$31,178 in the general fund, \$524 in the classroom facilities maintenance fund, \$5,022 in the bond retirement fund and \$1,033 in the permanent improvement fund. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2020 was \$13,240 in the general fund, \$236 in the classroom facilities maintenance fund, \$2,369 in the bond retirement fund and \$431 in the permanent improvement fund.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2021 taxes were collected are:

	2020 Second		2021 First	
	Half Colle	Half Collections		ctions
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Residential/Agricultural				
and Other Real Estate	\$268,773,570	96.15 %	\$292,534,300	96.23 %
Public Utility Personal	10,760,430	3.85	11,459,060	3.77
Total	\$279,534,000	100.00 %	\$303,993,360	100.00 %
Tax rate per \$1,000 of				
assessed valuation	\$49.95		\$49.25	

Note 11 – Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2020	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2021
Nondepreciable Capital Assets				
Land	\$510,300	\$0	\$0	\$510,300
Depreciable Capital Assets				
Land Improvements	2,878,286	0	0	2,878,286
Buildings and Improvements	33,381,083	0	0	33,381,083
Furniture and Fixtures	635,384	0	0	635,384
Vehicles	1,383,039	82,743	(5,200)	1,460,582
Total at Historical Cost	38,277,792	82,743	(5,200)	38,355,335
Less: Accumulated Depreciation				
Land Improvements	(1,328,999)	(101,049)	0	(1,430,048)
Buildings and Improvements	(5,693,765)	(610,181)	0	(6,303,946)
Furniture and Fixtures	(346,607)	(24,114)	0	(370,721)
Vehicles	(1,088,252)	(87,811)	4,875	(1,171,188)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(8,457,623)	(823,155) *	4,875	(9,275,903)
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net				
of Accumulated Depreciation	29,820,169	(740,412)	(325)	29,079,432
Governmental Activities Capital				
Assets, Net	\$30,330,469	(\$740,412)	(\$325)	\$29,589,732

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

^{*} Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction	
Regular	\$614,872
Support Services	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,927
Pupil Transportation	92,458
Operation of Food Services	20,084
Extracurricular Activities	92,814
Total Depreciation Expense	\$823,155

Note 12 – Long-Term Obligations

Changes in long-term obligations of the School District during fiscal year 2021 were as follows:

	Principal			Principal	Amount
	Outstanding			Outstanding	Due in
Governmental Activities	June 30, 2020	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2021	One Year
General Obligation Bonds					
2015 Unlimited Tax Bonds					
Serial Bonds - 1.00 to 4.00%	\$7,225,000	\$0	\$310,000	\$6,915,000	\$335,000
Current Interest Term Bonds - 3.625 to 5.00%	15,425,000	0	0	15,425,000	0
Premium	353,932	0	11,311	342,621	0
Total General Obligation Bonds	23,003,932	0	321,311	22,682,621	335,000
Other Long-Term Obligations					
Net Pension Liability:					
SERS	3,918,448	390,168	0	4,308,616	0
STRS	14,393,965	1,286,914	0	15,680,879	0
Total Net Pension Liability	18,312,413	1,677,082	0	19,989,495	0
Net OPEB Liability:					
SERS	1,672,924	0	248,235	1,424,689	0
Capital Leases Payable	82,697	0	48,974	33,723	33,723
Compensated Absences	1,136,992	280,884	83,050	1,334,826	100,845
Total Other Long-Term Obligations	21,205,026	1,957,966	380,259	22,782,733	134,568
TotalGovernmental Activites					
Long-Term Liabilities	\$44,208,958	\$1,957,966	\$701,570	\$45,465,354	\$469,568

In 2015, the School District issued \$23,815,000 in voted general obligation bonds for the purpose of constructing a new elementary/middle school to replace two existing ones. The bonds were issued for a thirty-seven year period with a final maturity at December 1, 2052.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

General obligation bonds will be paid from the debt service fund. Compensated absences will be paid from the general fund and food service special revenue fund. There are no repayment schedules for the net pension liability and net OPEB liability. However, employer pension and OPEB contributions are made from following funds: the general fund and the food service, title VI-B and title I special revenue funds. For additional information related to the net pension and net OBEB liabilities see Notes 15 and 16. The capital leases are paid from the permanent improvement fund.

The overall debt margin of the School District as of June 30, 2021 was \$5,527,403 with an unvoted debt margin of \$303,993. Principal and interest requirements to retire the general obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2021 are as follows:

	General Obligation Bonds			
	2015 Unlii	2015 Unlimited Tax		
	Principal	Interest		
2022	\$335,000	\$877,575		
2023	340,000	869,975		
2024	350,000	861,350		
2025	375,000	849,475		
2026	390,000	836,125		
2027 - 2031	2,260,000	3,941,825		
2032 - 3036	2,865,000	3,462,844		
2037 - 2041	3,470,000	2,880,531		
2042 - 2046	4,255,000	2,050,300		
2047 - 2051	5,280,000	1,028,400		
2052 - 2053	2,420,000	97,800		
Total	\$22,340,000	\$17,756,200		

Note 13 – Public Entity Pools

Insurance Purchasing Pool

Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program The School District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect and the Immediate Post President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

Shared Risk Pool

Trumbull County School Employees Insurance Benefits Consortium. The School District participates in the Trumbull County School Employees Insurance Benefits Consortium. This is a shared risk pool comprised of sixteen Trumbull County School Districts. The Consortium is governed by an assembly which consists of one representative from each participating school district (usually the superintendent or designee). The assembly elects officers for one year terms to serve as the Board of Directors. The assembly exercises control over the operation of the Consortium. Each member's control over the budgeting and financing of the pool is limited to its voting authority and any representation it may have on the Board of Directors. Consortium revenues are generated from charges for services.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Note 14 - Jointly Governed Organizations

Trumbull Career and Technical Center The Trumbull Career and Technical Center is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio providing vocational needs of the students. The center is operated under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from each of the nineteen participating school districts' elected boards, which possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. The Board exercises total control over the operations of the Trumbull Career and Technical Center including budgeting, appropriating, contracting and designating management. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Governing Board. To obtain financial information write to the Trumbull Career and Technical Center, Cody Holecko, who serves as Treasurer, at 528 Educational Highway, Warren, Ohio 44483.

Northeast Ohio Management Information Network (NEOMIN) NEOMIN is a jointly governed organization among twenty-nine school districts and two educational service centers in Trumbull and Ashtabula Counties. The jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member districts. Each of the districts supports NEOMIN based upon a per pupil charge. Lakeview Local School District paid \$80,245 to NEOMIN during fiscal year 2021.

The Governing board consists of ten members: The Trumbull and Ashtabula County superintendents (permanent members), three superintendents from Ashtabula County participating school districts, three superintendents from Trumbull County participating school districts, the fiscal agent (or NEOMIN). The Board exercises total control over the operations of NEOMIN including budgeting, appropriating, contracting and designating management. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Governing Board. To obtain a copy of NEOMIN's financial statements, write to the Trumbull County Educational Service Center, 6000 Youngstown Warren Road, Niles, Ohio 44446.

Note 15 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

Net Pension Liability/Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

The net pension liability and the net OPEB liability (asset) reported on the statement of net position represent liabilities to employees for pensions and OPEB, respectively. Pensions/OPEB are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions/OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) represent the School District's proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Ohio Revised Code limits the School District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The School District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the School District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires funding to come from these employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes pension costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded pension liabilities within 30 years. If the pension amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a *net OPEB asset* or long-term *net pension/OPEB liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension/OPEB contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *intergovernmental payable* on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting. The remainder of this note includes the required pension disclosures. See Note 16 for the required OPEB disclosures.

School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description – School District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *	Eligible to Retire on or after August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially Reduced Benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

^{*} Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.2 percent for the first thirty years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

An individual whose benefit effective date is before April 1, 2018, is eligible for a cost of living adjustment (COLA) on the first anniversary date of the benefit. Beginning April 1, 2018, new benefit recipients must wait until the fourth anniversary of their benefit for COLA eligibility. The COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit. A three-year COLA suspension is in effect for all benefit recipients for the years 2018, 2019, and 2020. Upon resumption of the COLA, it will be indexed to the percentage increase in the CPI-W, not to exceed 2.5 percent and with a floor of 0 percent. In 2020, the Board of Trustees approved a 0.5 percent cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) for eligible retirees and beneficiaries in 2021

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14.0 percent. For fiscal year 2021, the Retirement Board did not allocate any employer contribution to the Health Care Fund.

The School District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$319,279 for fiscal year 2021. Of this amount \$25,851 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – School District licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information, and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan, and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. In April 2017, the Retirement Board made the decision to reduce COLA granted on or after July 1, 2017, to 0 percent to preserve the fiscal integrity of the retirement system. Benefit recipients' base benefit and past cost-of living increases are not affected by this change. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five year of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

Eligibility changes for DB Plan members who retire with actuarially reduced benefits will be phased in until August 1, 2023, when retirement eligibility will be five years of qualifying service credit and age 60, or 30 years of service credit at any age.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.53 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. The member determines how to allocate the member and employer money among various investment choices offered by STRS. The remaining 4.47 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12 percent of the 14 percent member rate is deposited into the member's DC account and the remaining 2 percent is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age fifty and after termination of employment.

New members who choose the DC Plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. New members must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit that apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. The fiscal year 2021 employer and employee contribution rate of 14 percent was equal to the statutory maximum rates. For fiscal year 2021, the full employer contribution was allocated to pension.

The School District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$1,119,841 for fiscal year 2021. Of this amount \$127,708 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the School District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability:			
Current Measurement Date	0.06514180%	0.06480655%	
Prior Measurement Date	0.06549110%	0.06508865%	
Change in Proportionate Share	-0.00034930%	-0.00028210%	
Proportionate Share of the Net			
Pension Liability	\$4,308,616	\$15,680,879	\$19,989,495
Pension Expense	\$429,109	\$1,701,262	\$2,130,371

At June 30, 2021, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$8,369	\$35,184	\$43,553
Changes of assumptions	0	841,761	841,761
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on pension plan investments	273,510	762,563	1,036,073
Changes in proportionate Share and			
difference between School District contributions			
and proportionate share of contributions	0	56,235	56,235
School District contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	319,279	1,119,841	1,439,120
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$601,158	\$2,815,584	\$3,416,742
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$0	\$100,269	\$100,269
Changes in Proportionate Share and			
Difference between School District contributions			
and proportionate share of contributions	26,544	178,662	205,206
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$26,544	\$278,931	\$305,475

\$1,439,120 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:	_	_	
2022	(\$22,175)	\$417,402	\$395,227
2023	77,874	255,345	333,219
2024	114,005	415,715	529,720
2025	85,631	328,350	413,981
Total	\$255,335	\$1,416,812	\$1,672,147

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2020, are presented below:

Inflation
Future Salary Increases, including inflation
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA
Investment Rate of Return

Actuarial Cost Method

3.00 percent
3.50 percent to 18.20 percent
2.5 percent
7.50 percent net of investment expense, including inflation
Entry Age Normal
(Level Percent of Payroll)

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females. Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries were based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates, and 110 percent of female rates. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined by using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating an arithmetic weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalanced uncorrelated asset classes.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Asset Class	TargetAllocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	1.85 %
US Stocks	22.50	5.75
Non-US Stocks	22.50	6.50
Fixed Income	19.00	2.85
Private Equity	12.00	7.60
Real Assets	17.00	6.60
Multi-Asset Strategies	5.00	6.65
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.50 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.50 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate.

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.50%)	(7.50%)	(8.50%)
School District's proportionate share			
of the net pension liability	\$5,902,278	\$4,308,616	\$2,971,503

Actuarial Assumptions – STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the July 1, 2020, actuarial valuation are presented below:

Inflation	2.50 percent
Projected salary increases	12.50 percent at age 20 to
	2.50 percent at age 65
Investment Rate of Return	7.45 percent, net of investment
	expenses, including inflation
Discount Rate of Return	7.45 percent
Payroll Increases	3 percent
Cost-of-Living Adjustments	0.0 percent, effective July 1, 2017
(COLA)	

Post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the July 1 2020, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return *
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

^{* 10} year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25 percent, but does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.45 percent as of June 30, 2020. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2020. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.45 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2020.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45 percent, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.45 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.45 percent) than the current rate:

	Current		
	1% Decrease Discount Rate 1% Incre		
	(6.45%)	(7.45%)	(8.45%)
School District's proportionate share			
of the net pension liability	\$22,326,842	\$15,680,879	\$10,048,979

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Note 16 - Defined Benefit OPEB Plans

See note 15 for a description of the net OPEB liability (asset).

School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The School District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For fiscal year 2021, no allocation was made to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2021, this amount was \$23,000. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2021, the School District's surcharge obligation was \$43,474.

The surcharge, added to the allocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The School District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$43,474 for fiscal year 2021. Of this amount \$43,474 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. All benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) was based on the School District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability:			
Current Measurement Date	0.06555330%	0.06480655%	
Prior Measurement Date	0.06652340%	0.06508865%	
Change in Proportionate Share	-0.00097010%	-0.00028210%	
Proportionate Share of the:			
Net OPEB Liability	\$1,424,689	\$0	\$1,424,689
Net OPEB (Asset)	\$0	(\$1,138,974)	(\$1,138,974)
OPEB Expense	(\$27,244)	(\$76,613)	(\$103,857)

At June 30, 2021, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	SERS	STRS	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$18,712	\$72,980	\$91,692
Changes of assumptions	242,860	18,802	261,662
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	16,053	39,916	55,969
Changes in proportionate Share and			
difference between School District contributions			
and proportionate share of contributions	0	19,387	19,387
School District contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	43,474	0	43,474
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$321,099	\$151,085	\$472,184
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$724,553	\$226,867	\$951,420
Changes of assumptions	35,885	1,081,834	1,117,719
Changes in Proportionate Share and			
Difference between School District contributions			
and proportionate share of contributions	94,693	41,669	136,362
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$855,131	\$1,350,370	\$2,205,501

\$43,474 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability or an increase to the net OPEB asset in the year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:	_		
2022	(\$118,131)	(\$303,008)	(\$421,139)
2023	(116,970)	(275,989)	(392,959)
2024	(117,159)	(266,513)	(383,672)
2025	(111,872)	(246,892)	(358,764)
2026	(83,762)	(51,782)	(135,544)
Thereafter	(29,612)	(55,101)	(84,713)
Total	(\$577,506)	(\$1,199,285)	(\$1,776,791)

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2020, are presented below:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Wage Increases	3.50 percent to 18.20 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.50 percent net of investment expense, including inflation
Municipal Bond Index Rate:	
Measurement Date	2.45 percent
Prior Measurement Date	3.13 percent
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense,	
including price inflation	
Measurement Date	2.63 percent
Prior Measurement Date	3.22 percent
Medical Trend Assumption	
Medicare	5.25 to 4.75 percent
Pre-Medicare	7.00 to 4.75 percent

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates and 110 percent of female rates. RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates set back five years.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2010 through 2015, and was adopted by the Board on April 21, 2016. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.50 percent, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

The SERS health care plan follows the same asset allocation and long-term expected real rate of return for each major asset class as the pension plan, see Note 15.

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2020 was 2.63 percent. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability at June 30, 2019, was 3.22 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the state statute contribution rate of 2.00 percent of projected covered employee payroll each year, which includes a 1.50 percent payroll surcharge and 0.50 percent of contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make future benefit payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan assets was used to present value the projected benefit payments through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024, and the Fidelity General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index rate of 2.45 percent, as of June 30, 2020 (i.e. municipal bond rate), was used to present value the projected benefit payments for the remaining years in the projection. The total present value of projected benefit payments from all years was then used to determine the single rate of return that was used as the discount rate. The projection of future benefit payments for all current plan members was until the benefit payments ran out.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability of SERS, what SERS' net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.63%) and higher (3.63%) than the current discount rate (2.63%). Also shown is what SERS' net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (6.00% decreasing to 3.75%) and higher (8.00% decreasing to 5.75%) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(1.63%)	(2.63%)	(3.63%)
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$1,743,782	\$1,424,689	\$1,171,008
		Current	
	1% Decrease	Trend Rate	1% Increase
	(6.00 % decreasing	(7.00 % decreasing	(8.00 % decreasing
	to 3.75%)	to 4.75%)	to 5.75%)
School District's proportionate share			
of the net OPEB liability	\$1,121,833	\$1,424,689	\$1,829,682

Actuarial Assumptions – STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2020, actuarial valuation are presented below:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Projected salary increases 12.50 percent at age 20 to 2.50 percent at age 65

Investment Rate of Return 7.45 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation

Payroll Increases 3 percent
Discount Rate of Return 7.45 percent
Health Care Cost Trends

Medical

Pre-Medicare 5.00 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate Medicare -6.69 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate

Prescription Drug

Pre-Medicare 6.50 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate Medicare 11.87 initial, 4 percent ultimate

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

Since the prior measurement date, there was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were updated to reflect the projected fiscal year ending June 30, 2021 premium based on June 30, 2020 enrollment distribution. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2021 from 1.984 percent to 2.055 percent per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2021. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1 percent for the AMA Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

The STRS health care plan follows the same asset allocation and long-term expected real rate of return for each major asset class as the pension plan, see Note 15.

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.45 percent as of June 30, 2020. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes STRS continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2020. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care plan investments of 7.45 percent was used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2020.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Sensitivity of the School Distrit's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2020, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45 percent, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.45 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.45 percent) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

		Current	
	1% Decrease (6.45%)	Discount Rate (7.45%)	1% Increase (8.45%)
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	(\$990,982)	(\$1,138,974)	(\$1,264,540)
		Current	
	1% Decrease	Trend Rate	1% Increase
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	(\$1,256,746)	(\$1,138,974)	(\$995,510)

Note 17 – Capital Leases

In fiscal years 2017 and 2018, the School District entered into capital leases for the purchase of school buses. The lease obligation meets the criteria of a capital lease and has been recorded on the government-wide statements. The original amounts capitalized for the capital lease and the book value as of June 30, 2021 follows:

	Amounts
Asset:	
Vehicles	\$161,911
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(70,836)
Current Book Value	\$91,075

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the capital lease and present value of the minimum lease payments is as follows:

	Capital
Year ending June 30,	Lease
2022	\$35,188
Less: Amount Representing Interest	(1,465)
Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments	\$33,723

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Note 18 - Other Employee Benefits

Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn ten to twenty days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time. Teachers, administrators and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated to a maximum of 320 days for all personnel. Upon retirement, payment is made for one-fourth of accrued, but unused sick leave credit to a maximum of 85 days for classified employees, teachers and administrators. Employees are given three days of personal leave at the beginning of the fiscal year. Upon retirement, all unused personal leave is converted to sick leave.

Life Insurance Benefits

The School District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance of \$50,000 to all full time employees through the ReliaStar Life Insurance Company.

Retirement Incentives

Per the negotiated agreement, employees who are eligible to retire under STRS or a comparable retirement system shall receive a \$2,500 bonus provided the employee submits a letter of retirement by October 1. The bonus will be reduced to \$2,000 if the employee submits a letter of retirement between October 2 and November 1. The bonus will be reduced to \$1,000 for any employee who submits a letter of retirement after November 1. Employees retiring during the fiscal year 2018 - 2021 agreement will receive a \$15,000 bonus instead of the aforementioned amounts should the employee elect to retire the first year in which he or she is eligible under STRS or a comparable retirement system. A limit of twenty percent of the bargaining unit employees during each year of this contract shall be eligible for this bonus. The retirement incentive bonus will be placed in the mutually agreed upon 403(b). In fiscal year 2021, three employees qualified for the \$2,500 bonus and two employees qualified for the \$1,000 bonus with all five employees remaining to be paid after fiscal year end.

Note 19 - Risk Management

Employee Health Benefits

The School District has contracted with the Trumbull County School Employees Insurance Benefits Consortium to provide employee medical/surgical, dental, and prescription drug benefits. The Trumbull County School Employees Insurance Benefits Consortium is a shared risk pool comprised of sixteen Trumbull County school districts. Rates are set through an annual calculation process. The Lakeview Local School District pays a monthly contribution which is placed in a common fund from which claim payments are made for all participating school districts. Claims are paid for all participants regardless of claims flow. The board of directors has the right to return monies to an exiting district subsequent to the settlement of all expenses and claims. The School District pays medical/surgical/prescription drug premiums of \$1,903.95 for family coverage, \$1,155.97 for employee/children, \$1,427.96 for employee/spouse coverage, and \$679.98 for single coverage per employee per month for the PPO Plan #1, and premiums of \$1,709.74 for family coverage, \$1,038.06 for employee/children coverage, \$1,282.31 for employee/spouse coverage, and \$610.62 for single coverage per employee per month for the PPO Plan #2. Full time employees are responsible for 10 percent of the cost. Employees that work

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

less than twenty hours per week are responsible for 50 percent of the cost. Premiums for dental coverage are \$70.82 monthly for family coverage and \$22.54 monthly for single coverage. Premiums for vision coverage are \$4.36 for family coverage and \$1.65 for single coverage. The plan utilizes a \$10.00 prescription deductible. If the School District were to withdraw from the consortium, there would be no liability because premium levels fund a reserve for subsequent claim payments.

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There have been no significant reductions in coverage from last year.

Worker's Compensation

For fiscal year 2021, the School District participated in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 13). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP.

A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Comp Management, Inc. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

Property and Liability

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2021, the School District contracted for the following insurance coverage:

Coverage	Amount
Coverage provided by Ohio School Plan	
Building and Contents - replacement cost (\$2,500 deductible)	\$68,168,621
Boiler and Machinery (\$2,500 deductible)	No limit
Automobile Liability (\$1,000 deductible on comprehensive)	3,000,000
(\$1,000 deductible on Bus Collision)	
(\$500 deductible on Other Collision)	
Auto Medical Payments - Per occurrence	5,000
General Liability	
Per occurrence (\$0 deductible)	3,000,000
Total per year	5,000,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There have been no significant reductions in coverage from last year.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Note 20 - Set Asides

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the fiscal year end set aside amount for capital acquisition. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Capital
	Improvements
Set-Aside Balance as of June 30, 2020	\$0
Current Year Set-aside Requirement	307,874
Current Year Offsets	(1,484,554)
Qualifying Disbursements	(13,463)
Total	(\$1,190,143)
Set-aside Balance Carried	
Forward to Future Fiscal Years	\$0
Set-aside Balance as of June 30, 2021	\$0

While the offsets during the fiscal year reduced the capital improvement set-aside amount to below zero, this amount may not be used to reduce the set-aside requirements of future fiscal years.

Note 21 – Encumbrances

Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. At fiscal year end the amount of encumbrances expected to be honored upon performance by the vendor in the next fiscal year were as follows:

General	\$118,016
Other Governmental Funds	80,599
Total Governmental	\$198,615

Note 22 – Change in Accounting Principle

For fiscal year 2021, the School District implemented the Governmental Accounting Standards Board's (GASB) *Implementation Guide No. 2019-1*. These changes were incorporated in the School District's 2021 financial statements; however, there was no effect on beginning net position/fund balance.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Note 23 -COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Ohio's state of emergency ended in June of 2021 while the national state of emergency continues. During fiscal year 2021, the school district received Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act funding. The School District's investment portfolio and the investments of the pension and other employee benefit plans in which the School District participates fluctuate with market conditions, and due to market volatility, the amount of losses that will be recognized in subsequent periods, if any, cannot be determined. In addition, the impact on the School District's future operating costs, revenues, and any recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated. Additional funding has been made available through the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021, passed by Congress on December 21, 2020 and/or the American Rescue Plan Act, passed by Congress on March 11, 2021.

Note 24 – Subsequent Event

For fiscal year 2022, School District foundation funding received from the state of Ohio will be funded using a direct funding model. Under this new model, community school, STEM school, scholarship, and open enrollment funding will be directly funded by the State of Ohio to the respective educating schools. For fiscal year 2021 and prior, the amounts related to students who were residents of the School District were funded to the School District who, in turn, made the payment to the educating school. For fiscal year 2021, the School District reported \$1,128,740 in revenues and expenditures/expenses related to these programs. Also during fiscal year 2021, the school district reported \$354,205 in tuition and fees from the resident school districts which will be direct funded to the School District as the educating entity in fiscal year 2022. This new funding system calculates a unique base cost and a unique "per-pupil local capacity amount" for each School District. The School District's state core foundation funding is then calculated. Any change in funding will be subject to a phase in percentage of 16.67 percent for fiscal year 2022 and 33.33 percent for fiscal year 2023.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

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Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
School Employees Retirement System of Ohio
Last Eight Fiscal Years (1)

	2021	2020	2019
School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.06514180%	0.06549110%	0.06679290%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$4,308,616	\$3,918,448	\$3,825,352
School District's Covered Payroll	\$2,286,700	\$2,254,519	\$2,235,267
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	188.42%	173.80%	171.14%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension			
Liability	68.55%	70.85%	71.36%

⁽¹⁾ Information prior to 2014 is not available.

^{*}Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
0.06742240%	0.06947550%	0.07147740%	0.07126700%	0.07126700%
\$4,028,339	\$5,084,964	\$4,078,571	\$3,606,783	\$4,238,020
\$2,177,029	\$2,156,543	\$2,147,147	\$2,031,962	\$1,936,382
185.04%	235.79%	189.95%	177.50%	218.86%
69.50%	62.98%	69.16%	71.70%	65.52%

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability School Employees Retirement System of Ohio Last Five Fiscal Years (1)

	2021	2020	2019
School District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	0.06555330%	0.06652340%	0.06786300%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$1,424,689	\$1,672,924	\$1,882,703
School District's Covered Payroll	\$2,286,700	\$2,254,519	\$2,235,267
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	62.30%	74.20%	84.23%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	18.17%	15.57%	13.57%

⁽¹⁾ Information prior to 2017 is not available.

^{*}Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

2018	2017
0.06856330%	0.07043380%
\$1,840,059	\$2,007,624
\$2,177,029	\$2,156,543
84.52%	93.09%
12.46%	11.49%

Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio
Last Eight Fiscal Years (1)

	2021	2020	2019
School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.06480655%	0.06508865%	0.06484567%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$15,680,879	\$14,393,965	\$14,258,108
School District's Covered Payroll	\$7,855,950	\$7,669,143	\$7,423,314
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	199.61%	187.69%	192.07%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension			
Liability	75.50%	77.40%	77.30%

⁽¹⁾ Information prior to 2014 is not available.

^{*}Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
0.06407871%	0.06587952%	0.06898838%	0.06920340%	0.06920340%
\$15,222,034	\$22,051,860	\$19,066,372	\$16,832,663	\$20,050,957
\$7,056,936	\$6,924,043	\$7,023,329	\$7,066,138	\$7,620,100
215.70%	318.48%	271.47%	238.22%	263.13%

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset) Liability State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio Last Five Fiscal Years (1)

	2021	2020	2019
School District's Proportion of the Net OPEB (Asset) Liability	0.06480655%	0.06508865%	0.06484567%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset) Liability	(\$1,138,974)	(\$1,078,024)	(\$1,042,003)
School District's Covered Payroll	\$7,855,950	\$7,669,143	\$7,423,314
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset) Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	-14.50%	-14.06%	-14.04%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB (Asset) Liability	182.10%	174.70%	176.00%

⁽¹⁾ Information prior to 2017 is not available.

^{*}Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

2018	2017
0.06407871%	0.06587952%
\$2,500,115	\$3,523,254
\$7,056,936	\$6,924,043
35.43%	50.88%
47.10%	37.30%

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School District's Contributions School Employees Retirement System of Ohio Last Ten Fiscal Years

Not Describe Links and American	2021	2020	2019	2018
Net Pension Liability				
Contractually Required Contribution	\$319,279	\$320,138	\$304,360	\$301,761
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(319,279)	(320,138)	(304,360)	(301,761)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
School District Covered Payroll (1)	\$2,280,564	\$2,286,700	\$2,254,519	\$2,235,267
Pension Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.00%	14.00%	13.50%	13.50%
Net OPEB Liability				
Contractually Required Contribution (2)	43,474	32,444	49,102	48,291
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(43,474)	(32,444)	(49,102)	(48,291)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
OPEB Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	1.91%	1.42%	2.18%	2.16%
Total Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (1)	15.91%	15.42%	15.68%	15.66%

⁽¹⁾ The School District's covered payroll is the same for Pension and OPEB.

⁽²⁾ Includes Surcharge

2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
\$304,784	\$301,916	\$282,994	\$281,630	\$267,995	\$274,390
(304,784)	(301,916)	(282,994)	(281,630)	(267,995)	(274,390)
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
\$2,177,029	\$2,156,543	\$2,147,147	\$2,031,962	\$1,936,382	\$2,040,071
14.00%	14.00%	13.18%	13.86%	13.84%	13.45%
38,040	35,760	55,418	38,799	33,304	39,702
(38,040)	(35,760)	(55,418)	(38,799)	(33,304)	(39,702)
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
1.75%	1.66%	2.58%	1.91%	1.72%	1.95%
15.75%	15.66%	15.76%	15.77%	15.56%	15.40%

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School District's Contributions State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2021	2020	2019	2018
Net Pension Liability			_	
Contractually Required Contribution	\$1,119,841	\$1,099,833	\$1,073,680	\$1,039,264
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(1,119,841)	(1,099,833)	(1,073,680)	(1,039,264)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
School District Covered Payroll (1)	\$7,998,864	\$7,855,950	\$7,669,143	\$7,423,314
Pension Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%
Net OPEB Liability				
Contractually Required Contribution	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	0	0	0	0
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
OPEB Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Total Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%

⁽¹⁾ The School District's covered payroll is the same for Pension and OPEB.

2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
\$987,971	\$969,366	\$983,266	\$918,598	\$990,613	\$902,393
(987,971)	(969,366)	(983,266)	(918,598)	(990,613)	(902,393)
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
\$7,056,936	\$6,924,043	\$7,023,329	\$7,066,138	\$7,620,100	\$6,941,485
14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$70,661	\$76,201	\$69,415
0	0	0	(70,661)	(76,201)	(69,415)
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%
14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%

Lakeview Local School District, Ohio

Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Net Pension Liability

Changes in Assumptions – SERS

Beginning in fiscal year 2018, an assumption of 2.5 percent was used for COLA or Ad Hoc Cola. Prior to 2018, an assumption of 3 percent was used.

Beginning with fiscal year 2017, amounts reported incorporate changes in assumptions used by SERS in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation. These assumptions compared with those used in fiscal year 2016 and prior are presented below:

	Fiscal Year 2017	Fiscal Year 2016 and Prior	
Wage Inflation	3.00 percent	3.25 percent	
Future Salary Increases,			
including inflation	3.50 percent to 18.20 percent	4.00 percent to 22.00 percent	
Investment Rate of Return	7.50 percent net of investments expense, including inflation	7.75 percent net of investments expense, including inflation	

Beginning with fiscal year 2017, mortality assumptions use mortality rates that are based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females. Amounts reported for fiscal year 2016 and prior, use mortality assumptions that are based on the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table set back one year for both men and women. Special mortality tables were used for the period after disability retirement.

Changes in Assumptions - STRS

Beginning with fiscal year 2018, amounts reported incorporate changes in assumptions and changes in benefit terms used by STRS in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation. These new assumptions compared with those used in fiscal year 2017 and prior are presented below:

	Fiscal Year 2018	Fiscal Year 2017 and Prior
Inflation	2.50 percent	2.75 percent
Projected salary increases	12.50 percent at age 20 to	12.25 percent at age 20 to
	2.50 percent at age 65	2.75 percent at age 70
Investment Rate of Return	7.45 percent, net of investment	7.75 percent, net of investment
	expenses, including inflation	expenses, including inflation
Payroll Increases	3 percent	3.5 percent
Cost-of-Living Adjustments	0.0 percent, effective July 1, 2017	2 percent simple applied as follows:
(COLA)		for members retiring before
		August 1, 2013, 2 percent per year;
		for members retiring August 1, ,2013,
		or later, 2 percent COLA commences
		on fifth anniversary of retirement date.

Beginning with fiscal year 2018, post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward

Lakeview Local School District, Ohio

Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

For fiscal year 2017 and prior actuarial valuation, mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table (Projection 2022—Scale AA) for Males and Females. Males' ages are set-back two years through age 89 and no set-back for age 90 and above. Females younger than age 80 are set back four years, one year set back from age 80 through 89, and no set back from age 90 and above.

Net OPEB Liability

Changes in Assumptions – SERS

Amounts reported incorporate changes in key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability as presented below:

Municipal Bond Index Rate:	
Fiscal year 2021	2.45 percent
Fiscal year 2020	3.13 percent
Fiscal year 2019	3.62 percent
Fiscal year 2018	3.56 percent
Fiscal year 2017	2.92 percent
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense,	
including price inflation	
Fiscal year 2021	2.63 percent
Fiscal year 2020	3.22 percent
Fiscal year 2019	3.70 percent
Fiscal year 2018	3.63 percent
Fiscal year 2017	2.98 percent

Changes in Assumptions – STRS

For fiscal year 2018, the discount rate was increased from 3.26 percent to 4.13 percent based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB) and the long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75 percent to 7.45 percent. Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified. The percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased. The assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal and future health care cost trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs.

For fiscal year 2019, the discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13 percent to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45.

Lakeview Local School District, Ohio

Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Changes in Benefit Terms - STRS

For fiscal year 2018, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was reduced from 2.1 percent to 1.9 percent per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 2020.

For fiscal year 2019, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was increased from 1.9 percent to 1.944 percent per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2019 and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020.

For fiscal year 2020, there was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were trended to the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020 to reflect the current price renewals. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2020 from 1.944 percent to 1.984 percent per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1 percent for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021.

For fiscal year 2021, there was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were updated to reflect the projected fiscal year ending June 30, 2021 premium based on June 30, 2020 enrollment distribution. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2021 from 1.984 percent to 2.055 percent per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2021. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1 percent for the AMA Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

LAKEVIEW LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT TRUMBULL COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

FEDERAL GRANTOR Pass Through Grantor Program / Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Entity Identifying Number	Total Federal Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed Through Ohio Department of Education: Child Nutrition Cluster			
School Breakfast Program COVID-19 - School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program COVID-19 - National School Lunch Program	10.553 10.553 10.555 10.555	104111-3L70-2021 104111-3L70-2021 104111-3L60-2021 104111-3L60-2021	\$ 102,495 11,081 168,956 12,604
Non-Cash Assistance: National School Lunch Program	10.555	N/A	53,884
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			349,020
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			349,020
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed Through Ohio Department of Education: Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies	84.010 84.010	104111-3M00-9020 104111-3M00-9021	32,192 318,529
Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies			350,721
Special Education Cluster: Special Education Grants to States, IDEA, Part B Special Education Grants to States, IDEA, Part B	84.027 84.027	104111-3M20-2020 104111-3M20-2021	6,764 327,815
Total Special Education Cluster			334,579
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant	84.367 84.367	104111-3Y60-2020 104111-3Y60-2021	6,002 57,458
Total Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant			63,460
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424 84.424	104111-3H10-2020 104111-3H10-2021	7,766 31,541
Total Student Support and Enrichment Program			39,307
COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425D	103926-3HS0-9021	242,018
COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425D	103926-3HS0-9022	334,131
Total Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund			576,149
Total U.S. Department of Education			1,364,216
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY Passed Through Ohio Department of Education: COVID-19 - Coronavirus Relief Fund - Rural and Small Town SD Total U.S. Department of Treasury	21.019	104111-5CV1-9021	81,740 81,740
INSTITUTE OF MUSEUM AND LIBRARY SERVICES Passed Through the State Library of Ohio COVID-19 Library Services and Technology Act, Grants to States Total Institute of Museum and Library Services	45.310	3130	3,000 \$ 3,000
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 1,797,976

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

LAKEVIEW LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT TRUMBULL COUNTY

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Lakeview Local School District (the District's) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2021. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the District.

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE C - INDIRECT COST RATE

The District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE D - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the District assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE E - FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the entitlement value. The District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.

NOTE F - TRANSFERS BETWEEN PROGRAM YEARS

Federal regulations require schools to obligate certain federal awards by June 30. However, with ODE's consent, schools can transfer unobligated amounts to the subsequent fiscal year's program. The District transferred the following amounts from 2021 to 2022 programs:

CEDA

	CFDA		
Program Title	<u>Number</u>	Amt.	Transferred
Title I Improving Basic Programs	84.010	\$	23,172
Expanding Opportunities for Each Child	84.010A	\$	6,690
Title II-A Supporting Effective Instruction	84.367	\$	2,449
Title IV-A SSAE	84.424	\$	91
IDEA-B Special Education	84.027	\$	693
COVID-19 ESSER	84.425D	\$	35,034



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Lakeview Local School District Trumbull County 300 Hillman Drive Cortland, Ohio 44410

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lakeview Local School District, Trumbull County, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated May 27, 2022. We also noted the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures which may impact subsequent periods of the District.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the District's financial statements. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

Lakeview Local School District
Trumbull County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Required by Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the financial statement. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*, which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2021-001.

District's Response to Finding

The District's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying corrective action plan. We did not subject the District's responses to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

May 27, 2022



88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 ContactUs@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO THE MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Lakeview Local School District Trumbull County 300 Hillman Drive Cortland, Ohio 44410

To the Board of Education:

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

We have audited the Lakeview Local School District's (the District) compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect the Lakeview Local School District's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2021. The *Summary of Auditor's Results* in the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the District's major federal program.

Management's Responsibility

The District's Management is responsible for complying with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal program.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the District's compliance for the District's major federal program based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). These standards and the Uniform Guidance require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on the District's major program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

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Lakeview Local School District
Trumbull County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to the Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over
Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance
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Opinion on the Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Lakeview Local School District complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2021.

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed an instance of noncompliance which Uniform Guidance requires us to report, described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2021-002. Our opinion on the major federal program is not modified with respect to this matter.

The District's response to our noncompliance finding is described in the accompanying corrective action plan. We did not subject the District's response to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Therefore, we cannot assure we have identified all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over compliance that we consider to be a significant deficiency, described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2021-002.

The District's response to our internal control over compliance finding is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and / or corrective action plan. We did not subject the District's response to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Lakeview Local School District
Trumbull County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to the Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over
Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance
Page 3

This report only describes the scope of our tests of internal control over compliance and the results of this testing based on the Uniform Guidance requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

May 27, 2022

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LAKEVIEW LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT TRUMBULL COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 JUNE 30, 2021

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	Yes
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?	Yes
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	84.425D COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 750,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR § 200.520?	Yes

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

1. Negative Fund Balances

FINDING NUMBER 2021-001

NONCOMPLIANCE

Ohio Rev. Code § 3315.20 provides a school district may have a deficit in any special fund of the school district only if all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- The school district has a request for payment pending with the state sufficient to cover the amount of the deficit;
- There is a reasonable likelihood that the payment will be made; and
- The unspent and unencumbered balance in the school district's general fund is greater than the aggregate of deficit amounts in all of the school district's special funds.

The District's fiscal year 2021 ledgers had the following negative fund balances during year, after taking into consideration the conditions above:

Fund #	Fund Name	November	February	April	June
006	Food Service	(\$72,624)	(\$68,724)	-	-
507	ESSER	(16,590)	(96,328)	(\$94,222)	(\$369,343)
516	IDEA-B Special Ed	(17,262)	(17,337)	(33,109)	-
572	Title I	(15,673)	(15,927)	(33,164)	(7,206)
590	Improving Teacher Quality	(11,785)	(7,077)	(8,250)	-
599	Title IV-A	(3,426)	-	-	(91)
	Total	(\$137,360)	(\$205,393)	(\$168,745)	(\$376,640)

The District did not have adequate controls in place to help prevent the negative fund balances.

Advances or transfers should be made for these funds or appropriations modified to prevent a negative cash balance. The District should refer to Ohio Compliance Supplement (OCS) Chapter 1 and/or Auditor of State Bulletin 97-003 for information regarding the accounting treatment and approval process for advances.

Official's Response: See Corrective Action Plan.

Lakeview Local School District Trumbull County Schedule of Findings Page 3

3. FINDINGS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

1. Federal Schedule

Finding Number: 2021-002

AL Number and Title: AL 45.310 COVID-19 Library Services

and Technology Act; AL 10.555 National School Lunch Program; AL 84.425D COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief

Fund

Federal Award Identification Number / Year: 3130: 104111-3L60-2021: 103926-3HS0-

9021; 103926-3HS0-9022

Federal Agency: Institute of Museum and Library

Services; U.S Dept of Agriculture; U.S.

Dept of Education

Compliance Requirement: Reporting

Pass-Through Entity: State Library of Ohio; Ohio Dept of

Education

NONCOMPLIANCE AND SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY

Management acknowledged its responsibility to establish and maintain effective internal controls to reasonable assure compliance with federal statutes, regulations and terms of conditions of federal awards and controls relating to preparing the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule), as required by Uniform Guidance (2 CFR § 200.303(a)), in the audit engagement letter.

Furthermore, Uniform Guidance (2 CFR Subpart F § 200.510(b)) requires the auditee prepare the Schedule for the period covered by the District's financial statements which much include the total federal awards expended as determined in accordance with §200.502.

At a minimum, the schedule must:

- 1. List individual Federal programs by Federal agency.
- 2. For Federal awards received as a subrecipient, the name of the pass-through entity and identifying number assigned by the pass-through entity must be included.
- 3. Provide total Federal awards expended for each individual Federal program and the AL number or other identifying number when the AL information is not available.
- 4. Include the total amount provided to subrecipients from each Federal program.
- 5. For loan or loan guarantee programs described in § 200.502 Basis for determining Federal awards expended, paragraph (b), identify in the notes to the schedule the balances outstanding at the end of the audit period.
- 6. Include notes that describe the significant accounting policies used in preparing the schedule, and note whether or not the auditee has elected to use the 10 percent de minimis cost rate as covered in §200.414 Indirect (F&A) costs.

Lakeview Local School District Trumbull County Schedule of Findings Page 4

The Schedule provided by the District was overstated in total in the amount of \$43,514 due to the following:

- The District received a Library Services and Technology Act (LSTA) grant in the amount of \$3,000. This grant was federal monies passed through the State of Ohio and needed to be included.
- National School Lunch expenditures were overstated by \$3,749.
- ESSER I expenditures were overstated by \$42,765, since the District reallocated these expenditures to the ESSER II Federal program in fiscal year 2022.

In addition to NSLP funding, the District also received COVID-19 Federal Funding. Per 2 CFR 200 Appendix XI and per the Office of Management and Budget Memo dated June 18, 2020, Covid related funding must be identified on a separate line item with a designation identifying them as COVID-19.

Adjustments, to which management has agreed, are reflected in the accompanying Schedule.

Ineffective internal controls related to federal grants could lead to noncompliance with program requirements. Errors and omissions to the Schedule could have an adverse effect on future grant awards by the awarding agency or agencies in addition to an inaccurate assessment of major federal programs that would be subjected to audit.

District management should implement a system to review the Schedule for errors and omissions as well as a method to monitor the related internal controls over compliance with federal grant requirements. This may help ensure the Schedule is complete and accurate, major federal programs are accurately identified for audit, and internal controls over compliance requirements are implemented and operating effectively.

Official's Response: See Corrective Action Plan.



Lakeview Local Schools

"A Past to Cherish...A Future to Fulfill"

300 Hillman Drive • Cortland • OH • 44410 • (330) 637-8741 • Fax (330) 282-4260

Sean A. Miller Treasurer

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN 2 CFR § 200.511(c) June 30, 2021

Finding Number: 2021-001

Planned Corrective Action: Advances or transfers will be made at regular Board Meetings for these funds or appropriations modified to prevent a negative cash balance.

Anticipated Completion Date: 07/01/2022

Responsible Contact Person: Sean A. Miller

F Finding Number: 2021-002

Planned Corrective Action: District management will implement a system to review the Schedule for errors and omissions as well as a method to monitor the related internal controls over compliance with federal grant requirements prior to the submission of the schedule to the Auditor of States Office.

Anticipated Completion Date: 07/01/2022

Responsible Contact Person: Sean A. Miller

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LAKEVIEW LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

TRUMBULL COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 7/12/2022

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370