



LIBERTY CENTER LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT HENRY COUNTY JUNE 30, 2021

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Liberty Center Local School District Henry County 100 Tiger Trail Liberty Center, Ohio 43532-0434

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Liberty Center Local School District, Henry County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

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Liberty Center Local School District Henry County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 23 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the District. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include management's discussion and analysis and schedules of net pension and other post-employment benefit liabilities and pension and other post-employment benefit contributions listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the District's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The schedule is management's responsibility, and derives from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this information to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

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Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 27, 2022, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

January 27, 2022

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

The management's discussion and analysis of the Liberty Center Local School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2021 are as follows:

- In total, net position of governmental activities decreased \$1,683,778 which represents a 8.17% decrease from the 2020 net position.
- General revenues accounted for \$13,054,741 in revenue or 74.42% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, operating grants and contributions, and capital grants and contributions accounted for \$4,486,810 or 25.58% of total revenues of \$17,541,551.
- The District had \$19,225,329 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$4,486,810 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$13,054,741 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District's major governmental funds are the general fund and the bond retirement fund. The general fund had \$15,240,313 in revenues and \$15,124,523 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2021, the general fund's fund balance increased \$115,790 from a balance of \$7,671,457 to \$7,787,247.
- The bond retirement fund had \$20,209,361 in revenues and other financing sources and \$19,987,161 in expenditures and other financing uses. During fiscal year 2021, the debt service fund's fund balance increased \$222,200 from a balance of \$1,213,053 to \$1,435,253.

Using the Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The statement of net position and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, the general fund is by far the most significant fund. The District's major funds are the general fund and the bond retirement fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2021?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, revenues and expenses using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in that position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the financial position of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, the governmental activities include the District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, and food service operations.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental funds are the general fund and the bond retirement fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets than can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the basic financial statements.

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals or other entities. These activities are reported in a custodial fund. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the District's net pension liability and OPEB asset/liability and a ten year schedule of the District's contributions to the retirement systems to fund pension and OPEB obligations.

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

The District as a Whole

The statement of net position provides the perspective of the District as a whole. The table below provides a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020.

Net Position

	Governmental Activities 2021	Governmental Activities 2020
Assets		
Current and other assets	\$ 22,819,006	\$ 21,252,502
Capital assets, net	43,575,259	44,073,827
Total assets	66,394,265	65,326,329
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Unamortized deferred charges on debt refunding	484,009	-
Pension	3,086,982	3,329,279
OPEB	509,519	424,417
Total deferred outflows of resources	4,080,510	3,753,696
Liabilities		
Current liabilities	2,259,801	2,146,973
Long-term liabilities:	604.500	464.202
Due within one year	684,509	464,283
Due in more than one year: Net pension liability	16,839,682	15,888,174
Net OPEB liability	1,226,243	1,427,143
Other amounts	20,911,436	19,702,927
Total liabilities	41,921,671	39,629,500
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year	7,390,105	6,545,430
Payment in lieu of taxes levied for the next fiscal year	3,590	5,441
Pension	445,570	748,404
OPEB	1,780,179	1,533,812
Total deferred inflows of resources	9,619,444	8,833,087
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	23,424,235	24,711,704
Restricted	4,290,054	3,121,452
Unrestricted (deficit)	(8,780,629)	(7,215,718)
Total net position	\$ 18,933,660	\$ 20,617,438

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

The net pension liability is reported pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27." The net other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability/asset is reported pursuant to GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions." For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the District's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability, and the net OPEB liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB and the net OPEB asset.

GASB standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB 45) focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's net pension liability or net OPEB liability. GASB 68 and GASB 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

GASB 68 and GASB 75 require the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to equal the District's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service
- 2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits.

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the District is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan as against the public employer. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Over time, net position can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2021, the District's assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$18,933,660. Of this total, \$4,290,054 is restricted in use.

At year-end, capital assets represented 65.63% of total assets. Capital assets include land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, permanent fixtures, equipment, computers, musical instruments, vehicles and construction-in-progress. Net investment in capital assets at June 30, 2021, was \$23,424,235. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The net pension liability and net OPEB liability are outside of the control of the District. The District contributes its statutorily required contributions to the pension systems; however, it's the pension systems that collect, hold and distribute pensions and OPEB to District employees, not the District.

A portion of the District's net position, \$4,290,054, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position is a deficit of \$8,780,629.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities liabilities and deferred inflows, net position and assets and deferred outflows as of June 30, 2021, and June 30, 2020.

\$75,000,000 \$60,000,000 \$45,000,000 \$30,000,000 \$15,000,000 \$ 2021 2020 Solution Liabilities and Deferred Inflows Net Position Assets and Deferred Outflows

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

The table below shows the change in net position for fiscal years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020.

Change in Net Position

	Governmental	Governmental
	Activities	Activities
n.	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Revenues		
Program revenues:		A. A. T OO (CO
Charges for services and sales	\$ 2,614,382	\$ 2,700,622
Operating grants and contributions	1,830,540	1,300,076
Capital grants and contributions	41,888	-
General revenues:		
Property taxes	3,919,755	5,260,514
Income taxes	2,984,710	2,419,262
Grants and entitlements	5,756,366	5,672,124
Investment earnings	42,870	288,481
Miscellaneous	351,040	22,148
Total revenues	17,541,551	17,663,227
Expenses		
Program expenses:		
Instruction:		
Regular	7,119,632	7,261,992
Special	2,867,395	2,673,802
Vocational	258,113	266,064
Other	385,809	409,614
Support services:		
Pupil	821,498	818,836
Instructional staff	697,901	489,723
Board of education	86,189	70,641
Administration	1,109,248	1,152,106
Fiscal	468,771	438,357
Operations and maintenance	1,980,919	1,081,537
Pupil transportation	592,460	651,667
Central	81,838	65,337
Operations of non-instructional services		
Food service operations	478,091	379,284
Other non-instructional services	516,092	549,959
Extracurricular activities	928,522	1,082,612
Interest and fiscal charges	832,851	707,070
Total expenses	19,225,329	18,098,601
Change in net position	(1,683,778)	(435,374)
Net position at beginning of year	20,617,438	21,052,812
Net position at end of year	\$ 18,933,660	\$ 20,617,438

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Governmental Activities

Net position of the District's governmental activities decreased \$1,683,778. Total governmental expenses of \$19,225,329 were offset by program revenues of \$4,486,810 and general revenues of \$13,054,741. Program revenues supported 23.34% of the total governmental expenses.

Overall, expenses of the governmental activities increased \$1,126,728 or 6.23%. This increase is primarily the result of fluctuations in the pension and OPEB expense, making it difficult to compare financial information between years. Pension and OPEB expense are components of program expenses reported on the statement of activities.

The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property taxes, income taxes, and unrestricted grants and entitlements. These revenue sources represent 72.18% of total governmental revenue.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue and expenses for fiscal years' ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020.

Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses



The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements.

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

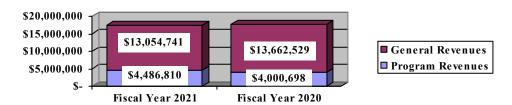
Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of Services 2021		Ì	Net Cost of Services 2021	Т	Cotal Cost of Services 2020	Net Cost of Services 2020	
Program expenses								
Instruction:								
Regular	\$	7,119,632	\$	5,549,752	\$	7,261,992	\$	5,743,207
Special		2,867,395		1,113,944		2,673,802		1,072,114
Vocational		258,113		192,375		266,064		200,326
Other		385,809		385,809		409,614		409,614
Support services:								
Pupil		821,498		724,252		818,836		773,354
Instructional staff		697,901		653,632		489,723		460,651
Board of education		86,189		84,498		70,641		70,641
Administration		1,109,248		1,104,729		1,152,106		1,120,672
Fiscal		468,771		468,771		438,357		438,357
Operations and maintenance		1,980,919		1,852,703		1,081,537		1,054,574
Pupil transportation		592,460		538,982		651,667		634,934
Central		81,838		76,438		65,337		59,937
Operations of non-instructional services								
Food service operations		478,091		1,846		379,284		66,702
Other non-instructional services		516,092		516,092		549,959		549,959
Extracurricular activities		928,522		641,845		1,082,612		735,791
Interest and fiscal charges	_	832,851		832,851		707,070		707,070
Total expenses	\$	19,225,329	\$	14,738,519	\$	18,098,601	\$	14,097,903

The dependence upon tax and other general revenues for governmental activities is apparent; 68.12% of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. For all governmental activities, general revenue support is 76.66%.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue for fiscal years' ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020.

Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$11,912,487, which is \$1,267,336 more than last year's total of \$10,645,151. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020.

	and Balance ane 30, 2021	Fund Balance June 30, 2020 Change			Percentage Change		
General	\$ 7,787,247	\$	7,671,457	\$	115,790	1.51	%
Bond Retirement	1,435,253		1,213,053		222,200	18.32	%
Nonmajor Governmental	 2,689,987		1,760,641		929,346	52.78	%
Total	\$ 11,912,487	\$	10,645,151	\$	1,267,336	11.91	%

An analysis of the major governmental funds revenues and expenditures is provided below.

General Fund

The District's general fund balance increased \$115,790. The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities and fund balance of the general fund.

	2021	2020	Increase/	Percentage
	Amount	Amount	(Decrease)	Change
Revenues				
Property taxes	\$ 3,275,821	\$ 3,423,590	\$ (147,769)	(4.32) %
Income taxes	2,926,602	2,420,501	506,101	20.91 %
Intergovernmental	6,335,298	6,239,391	95,907	1.54 %
Investment earnings	33,998	262,678	(228,680)	(87.06) %
Tuition and fees	1,783,706	1,720,391	63,315	3.68 %
Charges for services	520,975	492,425	28,550	5.80 %
Other revenues	363,913	69,201	294,712	425.88 %
Total	\$ 15,240,313	\$ 14,628,177	\$ 612,136	4.18 %
Expenditures				
Instruction	\$ 9,478,697	\$ 8,922,095	\$ 556,602	6.24 %
Support services	4,439,262	4,076,502	362,760	8.90 %
Extracurricular activities	553,098	535,206	17,892	3.34 %
Operation of non-instructional services	483,774	476,092	7,682	1.61 %
Facilities acquisition and construction	107,274	8,283	98,991	1,195.11 %
Debt service	62,418	85,493	(23,075)	(26.99) %
Total	\$ 15,124,523	\$ 14,103,671	\$ 1,020,852	7.24 %

Revenues remained relatively stable with an increase of 4.18%. The increase in other revenues weas primarily a result of increased contributions and donations in fiscal year 2021 compared to fiscal year 2020.

Expenditures remained stable with an increase of 7.24% due to the District's cost containment efforts. Facilities acquisition and construction expenditures increased due to the District's ongoing construction projects.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

For the general fund, original and final budgeted revenues were \$13,821,672 and \$13,951,672, respectively. Actual revenues and other financing sources for fiscal year 2021 were \$15,443,937. This represents a \$1,492,265 increase from final budgeted revenues.

General fund original appropriations (appropriated expenditures) and other financing uses of \$15,614,914 were increased to \$15,754,914 in the final appropriations. The actual budget basis expenditures for fiscal year 2021 totaled \$15,162,789, which was \$592,125 less than the final budget appropriations.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2021, the District had \$43,575,259 invested in land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, permanent fixtures, equipment, musical instruments, vehicles, and construction-in-progress. This entire amount is reported in governmental activities. The following table shows fiscal year 2021 balances compared to fiscal year 2020:

Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities					
	<u>2021</u>			<u>2020</u>		
Land	\$	1,335,207	\$	1,335,207		
Land improvements		179,601		195,986		
Building and improvements		40,886,557		41,040,898		
Permanent fixtures		49,870		64,040		
Equipment		269,904		290,870		
Musical instruments		10,434		11,015		
Vehicles		528,616		561,207		
Construction-in-progress	_	315,070	_	574,604		
Total	\$	43,575,259	\$	44,073,827		

The overall decrease in capital assets of \$498,568 is due to depreciation expense of \$1,051,259 exceeding capital outlays of \$552,691 in the fiscal year. See Note 9 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's capital assets.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2021, the District had \$19,358,494 in general obligation bonds, energy conservation notes, tax anticipation notes, and capital lease obligations outstanding. Of this total, \$596,293 is due within one year and \$18,762,201 is due in greater than one year.

The following table summarizes the bonds, notes and lease purchase agreements outstanding:

Outstanding Debt, at Year End

	Governmental Activities 2021	Governmental Activities 2020
General obligation bonds	\$ 18,098,394	\$ 18,424,436
Energy conservation notes	187,254	249,672
Tax anticipation notes	1,042,000	-
Capital leases	30,846	82,884
Total	\$ 19,358,494	\$ 18,756,992

At June 30, 2021, the District's overall legal debt margin was \$17,221,468, and an unvoted debt margin of \$178,736. See Note 11 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's debt administration.

Current Financial Related Activities

Liberty Center is a small rural community of 1,180 people in Northwest Ohio. It has a number of small and medium businesses with agriculture having a major influence on the economy.

The District's budget basis fund balance in the general fund increased \$281,148 to an ending balance of \$7,988,010. The cash balance of the District on June 30 is \$12,365,003, which includes the fair market value adjustment related to investments.

In September 2014, the District approved an agreement with the Ohio Facilities Construction Commission (OFCC) to build a new school building which will include an elementary, middle, and high school. The total cost of the project is \$41,895,350, which includes a state share of \$23,385,350, local share of \$13,154,260, and the locally funded initiative share of \$5,355,740. The new school building opened in January of 2018.

The uncertainty of state funding is a challenge the District faces, as do many other local school districts. A significant source of the operating revenue that is received by the District is from state funding. State foundation is set as part of the State's biennial budget for FY2020 and FY2021. Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, the State made a cut in State funding. If there are any changes to our foundation payments at the conclusion of the current biennial budget, it will have a material effect on the District. In FY21, the State did not reduce our Foundation payment as it did the year before.

The Board of Education and Administration continue to plan carefully to provide the resources and education required to meet student needs.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact: Ms. Jenell Buenger, Treasurer, Liberty Center Local School District, 100 Tiger Trail, Liberty Center, Ohio 43532-0434.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

		rnmental tivities
Assets:		12 2 6 7 002
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$	12,365,003
Property taxes		7,877,259
Income taxes		1,211,683
Payment in lieu of taxes		3,590
Accounts		271,305
Accrued interest		21,306 52,186
Intergovernmental Prepayments		34,623
Materials and supplies inventory		13,220
Inventory held for resale		5,875
Net OPEB asset		962,956
Capital assets:		,
Nondepreciable capital assets		1,650,277
Depreciable capital assets, net		41,924,982
Capital assets, net		43,575,259
Total assets		66,394,265
Deferred outflows of resources:		
Unamortized deferred charges on debt refunding		484,009
Pension		3,086,982
OPEB		509,519
Total deferred outflows of resources		4,080,510
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable		29,266
Contracts payable		195,463
Accrued wages and benefits payable		1,603,718
Intergovernmental payable		82,506
Pension obligation payable		247,954
Accrued interest payable		100,894
Long-term liabilities:		
Due within one year		684,509
Due in more than one year:		
Net pension liability		16,839,682
Net OPEB liability		1,226,243
Other amounts due in more than one year Total liabilities	-	20,911,436 41,921,671
Total habilities	-	41,921,071
Deferred inflows of resources:		- 200 10 -
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year		7,390,105
Payment in lieu of taxes levied for the next fiscal year		3,590
Pension OPEB		445,570
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,780,179 9,619,444
Total deferred fillions of resources		5,015,111
Net position:		22 424 225
Net investment in capital assets		23,424,235
Restricted for:		2.054.010
Capital projects Classroom facilities maintenance		2,054,910
Debt service		381,384 1,599,226
State funded programs		1,399,220
Federally funded programs		25,964
Food service operations		38,472
Extracurricular activities		175,608
Other purposes		2,373
Unrestricted (deficit)		(8,780,629)
Total net position	\$	18,933,660

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Net (Expense)

				Progr	am Revenues			(evenue and Changes in et Position
		C	harges for		Operating Grants Capital Grants		ital Grants	Governmental	
	 Expenses		ices and Sales	and C	<u>Contributions</u>	and C	ontributions		Activities
Governmental activities:									
Instruction:									
Regular	\$ 7,119,632	\$	1,512,922	\$	56,958	\$	=	\$	(5,549,752)
Special	2,867,395		794,871		958,580		-		(1,113,944)
Vocational	258,113		-		65,738		-		(192,375)
Other	385,809		-		-		-		(385,809)
Support services:									
Pupil	821,498		-		97,246		-		(724,252)
Instructional staff	697,901		-		44,269		-		(653,632)
Board of education	86,189		-		1,691		-		(84,498)
Administration	1,109,248		4,519		-		-		(1,104,729)
Fiscal	468,771		=		=		=		(468,771)
Operations and maintenance	1,980,919		8,354		119,862		-		(1,852,703)
Pupil transportation	592,460		=		11,590		41,888		(538,982)
Central	81,838		=		5,400		=		(76,438)
Operation of non-instructional									
services:									
Food service operations	478,091		72,158		404,087		-		(1,846)
Other non-instructional services	516,092		-		-		-		(516,092)
Extracurricular activities	928,522		221,558		65,119		-		(641,845)
Interest and fiscal charges	 832,851								(832,851)
Totals	\$ 19,225,329	\$	2,614,382	\$	1,830,540	\$	41,888		(14,738,519)
					eral revenues: erty taxes levie	d for:			
				Gei	neral purposes				2,661,939
				Del	bt service				975,666
				Ca	oital outlay				204,227
				Cla	ssroom faciliti	es maint	enance		77,923
				Incor	ne taxes levied	for:			
				Gen	eral purposes				2,984,710
					ts and entitlem		restricted		
				to s	pecific progran	ns			5,756,366
				Inves	tment earnings				42,870
					ellaneous				351,040
				Total	general revenu	ies			13,054,741
				Chan	ge in net positi	on			(1,683,778)
				Net p	oosition at beg	inning	of year		20,617,438
				Net p	oosition at end	l of year	•	\$	18,933,660

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

		General	R	Bond etirement		Nonmajor vernmental Funds	Ge	Total overnmental Funds
Assets:								
Equity in pooled cash								
and cash equivalents	\$	8,249,642	\$	1,353,788	\$	2,761,573	\$	12,365,003
Receivables:								
Property taxes		6,480,983		1,132,146		264,130		7,877,259
Income taxes		1,211,683		-		-		1,211,683
Payment in lieu of taxes Accounts		3,590		-		- 56		3,590 271,305
Accounts Accrued interest		271,249 21,306		-		30		21,305
Intergovernmental		900		-		51,286		52,186
Prepayments		13,251		_		21,372		34,623
Materials and supplies inventory		11,348		_		1,872		13,220
Inventory held for resale				_		5,875		5,875
Total assets	\$	16,263,952	\$	2,485,934	\$	3,106,164	\$	21,856,050
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	19,090	\$	_	\$	10,176	\$	29,266
Contracts payable	-	63,484	-	_	*	131,979	•	195,463
Accrued wages and benefits payable		1,541,115		_		62,603		1,603,718
Compensated absences payable		25,091		_		-		25,091
Early retirement incentive payable		16,000		-		_		16,000
Intergovernmental payable		81,751		-		755		82,506
Pension obligation payable		238,478				9,476		247,954
Total liabilities		1,985,009		-		214,989		2,199,998
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year		6,171,665		1,033,067		185,373		7,390,105
Payment in lieu of taxes levied for the next fiscal year		3,590		-		-		3,590
Delinquent property tax revenue not available		57,399		17,614		4,674		79,687
Income tax revenue not available		247,253		-		-		247,253
Intergovernmental revenue not available		-		-		11,141		11,141
Accrued interest not available		8,677		-		-		8,677
Miscellaneous revenue not available		3,112		1.050.601		201 100		3,112
Total deferred inflows of resources		6,491,696		1,050,681		201,188		7,743,565
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable:		11 240				1.072		12 220
Materials and supplies inventory		11,348		-		1,872		13,220
Prepaids Restricted:		13,251		-		21,372		34,623
Debt service				1,435,253				1,435,253
Capital improvements		_		1,433,233		2,033,233		2,033,233
Classroom facilities maintenance		_		_		380,275		380,275
Food service operations		_		_		51,314		51,314
State funded programs		_		_		12,117		12,117
Federally funded programs		_		_		11,823		11,823
Extracurricular activities		_		_		175,608		175,608
Other purposes		-		_		2,373		2,373
Committed:								
Student and staff support		3,500		-		-		3,500
Facilities acquisition and construction		63,611		-		-		63,611
Assigned:								
Student instruction		13,748		-		-		13,748
Student and staff support		38,310		-		-		38,310
Extracurricular activities		2,325		-		-		2,325
Subsequent year's appropriations		1,209,882		-		-		1,209,882
Unassigned		6,431,272		-				6,431,272
Total fund balances		7,787,247		1,435,253		2,689,987		11,912,487
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$	16,263,952	\$	2,485,934	\$	3,106,164	\$	21,856,050

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES ${\tt JUNE~30,2021}$

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 11,912,487
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		43,575,259
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred inflows in the funds. Property taxes receivable Income taxes receivable Accounts receivable Accrued interest receivable Intergovernmental receivable Total	\$ 79,687 247,253 3,112 8,677 11,141	349,870
Unamortized premiums on bonds issued are not recognized in the funds.		(1,256,599)
Unamortized amounts on refundings are not recognized in the funds.		484,009
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the funds.		(100,894)
The net pension/OPEB assets & liabilities are not due and payable in the current period; therefore, the assets, liabilities and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in governmental funds. Deferred outflows - pension Deferred inflows - pension Net pension liability Deferred outflows - OPEB Deferred inflows - OPEB Net OPEB asset Net OPEB liability Total	3,086,982 (445,570) (16,839,682) 509,519 (1,780,179) 962,956 (1,226,243)	(15,732,217)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. General obligation bonds Energy conservation bonds Tax anticipation notes Capital lease obligations Compensated absences Total	(18,098,394) (187,254) (1,042,000) (30,846) (939,761)	(20,298,255)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 18,933,660

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Property taxes			General	F	Bond Retirement	Nonmajor vernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Income taxes	Revenues:							
Intergovermental 6,335.298	Property taxes	\$	3,275,821	\$	1,071,306	\$ 303,665	\$	4,650,792
Investment earnings 33,998 - 1,029 35,027 Tution and fees 1,783,706 - 1,783,706 Extracurricular 4,519 - 221,553 226,072 Extracurricular 4,519 - 221,553 226,072 Extracurricular 52,0975 - 72,163 593,138 Contributions and donations 174,240 - 55,906 182,010 Total revenues 176,800 - 10,92,474 1,874,146 182,06,933 Expenditures:	Income taxes		2,926,602		-	-		2,926,602
Investment earnings 33,998 - 1,029 35,027 Tution and fees 1,783,706 - 1,783,706 Extracurricular 4,519 - 221,553 226,072 Extracurricular 4,519 - 221,553 226,072 Extracurricular 52,0975 - 72,163 593,138 Contributions and donations 174,240 - 55,906 182,010 Total revenues 176,800 - 10,92,474 1,874,146 182,06,933 Expenditures:	Intergovernmental		6,335,298		21,168	1,210,839		7,567,305
Tuiton and fees	_							
Restal income	ě				_	-		
Rental income 8,354 - 2,16 8,354 Charges for services 50,975 2,16 593,18 593,18 Contributions and donations 174,240 - 59,596 233,836 Miscellancous 50,904 53,010 182,101 Total revenues 5,301 182,101 Total revenues 1,874,146 182,003 330 182,003 330 182,003 330 182,003 234,028 - 55,712 6,570,284 58,621 234,628 -					_	221.553		
Charges for services 520,975 - 72,163 593,38 6 23,385 Miscellaneous 174,240 - 5,501 182,101 Total revenues 1,5240,313 1,092,474 1,874,146 182,0033 Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular 6,514,572 - 55,712 6,502,84 Spocial 2,345,636 - 390,855 2,736,491 Vocational 234,628 - - 234,628 Support services: Pupil 686,598 - 97,246 783,841 Instructional staff 644,189 - 97,246 783,844 Instructional staff 644,189 - 97,246 783,844 Instructional staff 644,189 - 97,246 783,844 Instructional staff 644,17,823 21,201					_	-		
Contributions and donations 174,240 - 59,596 233,836 182,101 Total revenues 176,800 - 5,301 182,101 Total revenues 15,240,313 1,092,474 1,874,146 18,206,933 Expenditures: Current: Instruction: 8 5 55,712 6,570,284 Regular 6,514,572 - 55,712 6,570,284 Special 2,34,628 - - 234,628 Other 383,861 - - 234,628 Other 383,861 - - 7,83,84 Use port services: 8 - 97,246 788,846 Budinstration 85,397 - - 88,856 Board of education 85,397 - - 88,856 Board of education 85,397 - - 8,297 Pupit transportation 505,296 - 4,888 545,184 Central 7,839					_	72 163		
Niceal Income					_			
Total revenues					_			
Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular 6,514,572 - 55,712 6,570,284 Special 2,345,636 - 390,855 2,736,491 Special 234,628 3234,628 Other 383,861 383,861 Support services: Pupil 686,598 - 97,246 783,844 Instructional staff 644,189 - 44,667 688,856 Board of education 85,397 1257 1,020,424 Fiscal 417,823 21,201 41,888 545,184 Fiscal 417,823 21,201 41,888 545,184 Fiscal 417,823 21,201 41,888 545,184 Central 72,839 - 200,270 1,210,223 Pupil transportation 503,296 - 41,888 545,184 Central 72,839 - 200,270 1,210,223 Operation of non-instructional services: Food service operations 483,774 - 449,375 Food service operations 553,098 - 278,655 831,735 Extilizate acquisition and construction 107,274 - 357,748 465,022 Debt service: Principal retirement 62,418 386,562 52,038 501,018 Interest and fiscal charges 337,091 3,087 340,178 Bond issuance costs 62,418 386,562 52,038 501,018 Interest and fiscal charges 15,124,523 1,153,719 1,984,346 18,262,588 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 115,790 (61,245) (110,200) (55,655) Other financing sources (uses): 7,283,445 1,039,546 1,322,991 Other financing sources (uses): 7,283,445 1,039,546 1,322,991 Net change in fund balances 115,790 222,200 929,346 1,267,336 Fund balances at beginning of year 7,671,457 1,213,053 1,760,641 10,645,151 Fund balances at beginning of year 7,671,457 1,213,053 1,760,641 10,645,151 Fund balances at beginning of year 7,671,457 1,213,053 1,760,641 10,645,151 Fund balances at beginning of year 7,671,457 1,213,053 1,760,641 10,645,151 Fund balances at beginning of year 7,671,457 1,213,053 1,760,641 10,645,151 Fund balances at beginning of year 7,671,457 1,213,053 1,760,641 10,645,151 Fund bal					1 002 474			
Current Instruction: Regular Company	Total revenues		13,240,313		1,092,474	 1,0/4,140		16,200,933
Instruction: Regular Special 2,345,636 - 390,855 2,736,491 Special 2,345,636 - 390,855 2,736,491 Vocational 383,861 -								
Regular 6,514,572 - 55,712 6,570,284 Special 2,345,636 - 390,855 2,736,491 Vocational 234,628 - - 234,628 Other 383,861 - - 234,628 Support services: - - 383,861 Support services: - - 78,3844 Instructional staff 646,189 - 97,246 783,844 Instructional staff 644,189 - 44,667 688,856 Board of education 85,397 - - 85,397 Administration 1,019,167 - 1,257 1,202,424 Fiscal 417,823 21,201 6,148 445,172 Operations and maintenance 1,009,953 - 200,270 1,210,223 Poperation of non-instructional services - 449,375 449,375 449,375 Ober and service operations - - 449,375 449,375 449,375 Exit a	Current:							
Special 2,345,636 - 390,855 2,736,491 Vocational 234,628 - - 234,628 Other 383,861 - - 234,628 Support services: - - 383,861 Pupil 686,598 - 97,246 783,844 Instructional staff 644,189 - 97,246 783,844 Instructional staff 644,189 - 97,246 783,844 Instructional staff 644,189 - 1,257 1,020,424 Fiscal 417,823 21,201 6,148 445,172 Operations and maintenance 1,009,953 - 200,270 12,120,23 Pupil transportation 503,296 - 41,888 545,184 Central 7,2839 - 5,400 78,239 Operations and maintenance 1,009,953 - 2,002,70 12,10,223 Operations and maintenance 1,009,953 - 2,002,70 12,10,223 Operati	Instruction:							
Vocational Other 234,628 383,861 Other 383,861 383,861 Support services: Pupil 686,598	Regular		6,514,572		-	55,712		6,570,284
Other 383,861 - - 383,861 Support services: 1991 686,598 - 97,246 783,844 Instructional staff 644,189 - 44,667 688,856 Board of education 85,397 - - - 85,397 Administration 1,019,167 - 1,257 1,020,424 Fiscal 417,823 21,201 6,148 445,172 Operations and maintenance 1,009,953 - 200,270 1,210,223 Pupil transportation 503,296 - 41,888 545,184 Central 72,839 - 5,400 78,239 Operation of non-instructional services 483,774 - - 449,375 449,375 449,375 Offer non-instructional services 483,774 - - 483,774 - - 483,774 - - 483,774 - - 278,655 831,753 Facilities acquisition and construction 107,274 - 278,655	Special		2,345,636		-	390,855		2,736,491
Support services: Pupil	Vocational		234,628		-	-		234,628
Pupil 686,598 - 97,246 783,844 Instructional staff 644,189 - 44,667 688,856 Board of education 88,397 - 12.57 1,020,424 Fiscal 417,823 21,201 6,148 445,172 Operations and maintenance 1,009,953 - 200,270 1,210,223 Pupil transportation 503,296 - 41,888 545,184 Central 72,839 - 5,400 78,239 Operation of non-instructional services: Food service operations 483,774 - 5,400 493,775 493,775 Administration 107,274 - 357,748 465,022 Obert service: Fiscal service operations 62,418 386,562 52,038 501,018 Interest and fiscal charges - 280,991 - 280,991 Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds - 127,874 - 127,874 - 127,874 Cate spenditures 15,124,523 1,153,719 1,984,346 18,262,588 Other financing sources (uses) - 12,89,958 - 1,289,95	Other		383,861		-	-		383,861
Pupil	Support services:							
Instructional staff 644,189 - 44,667 688,856 Board of education 85,397 - - 85,397 Administration 1,019,167 - 1,257 1,020,424 Fiscal 417,823 21,201 6,148 445,172 Operations and maintenance 1,009,953 - 200,270 1,210,223 Pupil transportation 503,296 - 44,888 545,184 Central 72,839 - 5,400 78,239 Operation of non-instructional services: - - 449,375 5,400 78,239 Obter non-instructional services 483,774 - - 483,774 Extracurricular activities 553,098 - 278,655 831,753 Extracurricular activities 553,098 - 278,655 831,753 Eacilities acquisition and construction 107,274 - 357,748 465,022 Debt service: Principal retirement 62,418 386,562 52,038 501,018			686,598		-	97,246		783,844
Board of education 85,397 - - 85,397 Administration 1,019,167 - 1,257 1,020,424 Fiscal 417,823 21,201 6,148 445,172 Operations and maintenance 1,009,953 - 200,270 1,210,223 Pupil transportation 503,296 - 41,888 545,184 Central 72,839 - 5,400 78,239 Operation of non-instructional services: Total central - - 449,375 449,375 Other non-instructional services 483,774 - - 483,774 Extracurricular activities 553,098 - 278,655 831,753 Extracurricular activities 553,098 - 278,655 831,774 Extracurricular activities 553,098 - 278,655 831,774 Extracurricular activities 62,418 386,562 52,038 501,018 Interest and fiscal charges - 280,991 3,073 340,178 Bond issu	1				_			
Administration 1,019,167 issal - 1,257 issal 1,020,424 issal Fiscal 417,823 issal 21,201 issal 6,148 issal 445,172 issal Operations and maintenance 1,009,953 issal - 200,270 issal 1,210,223 issal Pupil transportation 503,296 issal - 41,888 issal 545,184 issal Central 72,839 issal - 5,400 issal 78,239 issal Operation of non-instructional services: - - 449,375 issal 465,022 issal 52,028 issal </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td>					_	-		
Fiscal 417,823 21,201 6,148 445,172 Operations and maintenance 1,009,953 - 200,270 1,210,223 Pupil transportation 503,296 - 41,888 545,184 Central 72,839 - 5,400 78,239 Operation of non-instructional services: - - 449,375 449,375 Other non-instructional services 483,774 - - 483,774 Extracurricular activities 553,098 - 278,655 831,753 Facilities acquisition and construction 107,274 - 357,748 465,022 Debt service: - - 337,748 465,022 Debt service: - - 337,748 465,022 Debt service: - - 280,991 30,87 340,178 Principal retirement 62,418 386,562 52,038 501,018 Interest and fiscal charges - 280,991 - 280,991 Accreted interest on capital appreciation bon	Administration				_	1.257		
Operations and maintenance 1,009,953 - 200,270 1,210,223 Pupit transportation 503,296 - 41,888 545,184 Central 72,839 - 5,400 78,239 Operation of non-instructional services: - 5,400 78,239 Operation of non-instructional services: - - 449,375 449,375 Other non-instructional services 483,774 - - 483,774 Extracurricular activities 553,098 - 278,655 831,753 Facilities acquisition and construction 107,274 - 357,748 465,022 Debt service: - - 337,091 3,087 340,178 Interest and fiscal charges - 280,991 - 280,991 Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds - 127,874 - 127,874 Total expenditures 15,124,523 1,153,719 1,984,346 18,262,588 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 115,790 (61,245) (110,200)<					21 201	/		
Pupil transportation 503,296 - 41,888 545,184 Central 72,839 - 5,400 78,239 Operation of non-instructional services: - - 449,375 449,375 Food service operations - - - 449,375 449,375 Other non-instructional services 483,774 - - 483,778 Extracurricular activities 553,098 - 278,655 831,753 Facilities acquisition and construction 107,274 - 357,748 465,022 Debt service: - 337,091 3,087 340,178 Bond issuance costs - 280,991 - 280,991 Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds - 127,874 - 127,874 Total expenditures 15,124,523 1,153,719 1,984,346 18,262,588 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 115,790 (61,245) (110,200) (55,655) Other financing sources (uses): Premi					21,201			*
Central 72,839 - 5,400 78,239 Operation of non-instructional services: 3 - 449,375 449,375 Food service operations - - 449,375 449,375 Other non-instructional services 483,774 - - 483,774 Extracurricular activities 553,098 - 278,655 831,753 Facilities acquisition and construction 107,274 - 357,748 465,022 Debt service: Principal retirement 62,418 386,562 52,038 501,018 Interest and fiscal charges - 337,091 3,087 340,178 Bond issuance costs - 280,991 - 280,991 Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds - 127,874 - 127,874 Total expenditures 15,124,523 1,153,719 1,984,346 18,262,588 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures - 1,289,958 - 1,289,958 Sale of bonds - 1,828,958					_			
Operation of non-instructional services: - - 449,375 449,375 Food service operations - - 449,375 - 483,774 Other non-instructional services 483,774 - 278,655 831,753 Extracurricular activities 553,098 - 278,655 831,753 Facilities acquisition and construction 107,274 - 357,748 465,022 Debt service: - 337,091 3,087 340,178 Interest and fiscal charges - 337,091 3,087 340,178 Bond issuance costs - 280,991 - 280,991 Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds - 127,874 - 127,874 Total expenditures 15,124,523 1,153,719 1,884,346 18,262,588 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 115,790 (61,245) (110,200) (55,655) Other financing sources (uses): Premium on bonds and notes - 1,289,958 - 1,289,					=			
Food service operations Other non-instructional services 483,774 Extracurricular activities 553,098 - 278,655 831,753 Facilities acquisition and construction 107,274 - 357,748 465,022 Debt service: Principal retirement 62,418 Interest and fiscal charges 1- 337,091 Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds 1- 280,991 Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds 1- 127,874 Total expenditures Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 115,790 Other financing sources (uses): Premium on bonds and notes Sale of bonds 1- 1,289,958 Sale of notes 1- 2,454 Transfers in 1- 2,454 Transfers (out) 1- 2,454 Total other financing sources (uses) Fund balances at beginning of year 7,671,457 1,213,053 1,760,641 10,645,151			12,639		-	3,400		10,239
Other non-instructional services 483,774 - - 483,774 Extracurricular activities 553,098 - 278,655 831,753 Facilities acquisition and construction 107,274 - 357,748 465,022 Debt service: Trincipal retirement 62,418 386,562 52,038 501,018 Interest and fiscal charges - 337,091 3,087 340,178 Bond issuance costs - 280,991 - 280,991 Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds - 127,874 - 127,874 Total expenditures 15,124,523 1,153,719 1,984,346 18,262,588 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 115,790 (61,245) (110,200) (55,655) Other financing sources (uses): - 1,289,958 - 1,289,958 Sale of bonds - 1,7824,475 - 17,824,475 Sale of notes - - 1,042,000 1,042,000 Transfers in - 2,454<						440 275		440 275
Extracurricular activities 553,098 - 278,655 831,753 Facilities acquisition and construction 107,274 - 357,748 465,022 Debt service: *** *** 357,748 465,022 Principal retirement 62,418 386,562 52,038 501,018 Interest and fiscal charges - 337,091 3,087 340,178 Bond issuance costs - 280,991 - 280,991 Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds - 127,874 - 127,874 Total expenditures 15,124,523 1,153,719 1,984,346 18,262,588 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 115,790 (61,245) (110,200) (55,655) Other financing sources (uses): Premium on bonds and notes - 1,289,958 - 1,289,958 Sale of bonds - 17,824,475 - 17,824,475 Sale of notes - - 1,042,000 1,042,000 Transfers (out)	1		102 771		-	449,373		*
Facilities acquisition and construction 107,274 - 357,748 465,022 Debt service: Principal retirement 62,418 386,562 52,038 501,018 Interest and fiscal charges - 337,091 3,087 340,178 Bond issuance costs - 280,991 - 280,991 Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds - 127,874 - 127,874 Total expenditures 15,124,523 1,153,719 1,984,346 18,262,588 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (110,200) (55,655) Other financing sources (uses): - 1,289,958 - 1,289,958 Sale of bonds - 17,824,475 - 17,824,475 Sale of bonds - 17,824,475 - 17,824,475 Sale of notes - 2,454 - 2,454 Transfers (out) - 2,454 - 2,454 Payment to refunding bond escrow agent - 2,83,445 1,039,546 1,322,991 <			,		-	279 655		
Debt service: Principal retirement 62,418 386,562 52,038 501,018 Interest and fiscal charges - 337,091 3,087 340,178 Bond issuance costs - 280,991 - 280,991 Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds - 127,874 - 127,874 Total expenditures 15,124,523 1,153,719 1,984,346 18,262,588 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 115,790 (61,245) (110,200) (55,655) Other financing sources (uses): - 1,289,958 - 1,289,958 Sale of bonds - 17,824,475 - 17,824,475 Sale of bonds - 17,824,475 - 17,824,475 Sale of notes - 2,454 - 2,454 Transfers (out) - 2,454 - 2,454 Payment to refunding bond escrow agent - (18,833,442) - (18,833,442) Total other financing sources (uses) - 283,445					-			
Principal retirement 62,418 386,562 52,038 501,018 Interest and fiscal charges - 337,091 3,087 340,178 Bond issuance costs - 280,991 - 280,991 Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds - 127,874 - 127,874 Total expenditures 15,124,523 1,153,719 1,984,346 18,262,588 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 115,790 (61,245) (110,200) (55,655) Other financing sources (uses): - 1,289,958 - 1,289,958 Sale of bonds - 17,824,475 - 17,824,475 Sale of bonds - 17,824,475 - 17,824,475 Sale of notes - - 1,042,000 1,042,000 Transfers (out) - 2,454 - 2,454 Payment to refunding bond escrow agent - (18,833,442) - (18,833,442) Total other financing sources (uses) - 283,445 1,039,546 1,322,991			107,274		-	357,748		465,022
Interest and fiscal charges - 337,091 3,087 340,178 Bond issuance costs - 280,991 - 280,991 Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds - 127,874 - 127,874 Total expenditures 15,124,523 1,153,719 1,984,346 18,262,588 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 115,790 (61,245) (110,200) (55,655) Other financing sources (uses): Premium on bonds and notes - 1,289,958 - 1,289,958 Sale of bonds - 17,824,475 - 17,824,475 Sale of notes - - - 1,042,000 1,042,000 Transfers in - 2,454 - 2,454 Transfers (out) - - (2,454) (2,454) Payment to refunding bond escrow agent - (18,833,442) - (18,833,442) Total other financing sources (uses) - 283,445 1,039,546 1,322,991 Net change in fund balances <td></td> <td></td> <td>62 418</td> <td></td> <td>386 562</td> <td>52 038</td> <td></td> <td>501.018</td>			62 418		386 562	52 038		501.018
Bond issuance costs			02,110					*
Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds Total expenditures 15,124,523	ϵ		_		,	3,007		
Total expenditures 15,124,523 1,153,719 1,984,346 18,262,588 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 115,790 (61,245) (110,200) (55,655) Other financing sources (uses): Premium on bonds and notes - 1,289,958 - 1,289,958 Sale of bonds - 17,824,475 - 17,824,475 Sale of notes - - 1,042,000 1,042,000 1,042,000 Transfers in - 2,454 - 2,454 Transfers (out) - - (2,454) (2,454) Payment to refunding bond escrow agent - (18,833,442) - (18,833,442) Total other financing sources (uses) - 283,445 1,039,546 1,322,991 Net change in fund balances 115,790 222,200 929,346 1,267,336 Fund balances at beginning of year 7,671,457 1,213,053 1,760,641 10,645,151								,
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 115,790 (61,245) (110,200) (55,655) Other financing sources (uses): Premium on bonds and notes - 1,289,958 Sale of bonds - 17,824,475 Sale of notes - 1,042,000 Transfers in - 2,454 Transfers (out) - 2,454 Transfers (out) - (2,454) Payment to refunding bond escrow agent - (18,833,442) Total other financing sources (uses) Net change in fund balances 115,790 222,200 929,346 1,267,336 Fund balances at beginning of year 7,671,457 1,213,053 1,760,641 10,645,151		-	15,124,523			 1.984.346		
Other financing sources (uses): Incompany of the product	-					 <u> </u>		
Other financing sources (uses): Premium on bonds and notes - 1,289,958 - 1,289,958 Sale of bonds - 17,824,475 - 17,824,475 Sale of notes 1,042,000 1,042,000 Transfers in - 2,454 - 2,454 Transfers (out) (2,454) (2,454) Payment to refunding bond escrow agent - (18,833,442) - (18,833,442) Total other financing sources (uses) - 283,445 1,039,546 1,322,991 Net change in fund balances 115,790 222,200 929,346 1,267,336 Fund balances at beginning of year 7,671,457 1,213,053 1,760,641 10,645,151								
Premium on bonds and notes - 1,289,958 - 1,289,958 Sale of bonds - 17,824,475 - 17,824,475 Sale of notes - - - 1,042,000 1,042,000 Transfers in - 2,454 - 2,454 Transfers (out) - - - (2,454) (2,454) Payment to refunding bond escrow agent - (18,833,442) - (18,833,442) Total other financing sources (uses) - 283,445 1,039,546 1,322,991 Net change in fund balances 115,790 222,200 929,346 1,267,336 Fund balances at beginning of year 7,671,457 1,213,053 1,760,641 10,645,151	(under) expenditures		115,790		(61,245)	 (110,200)		(55,655)
Premium on bonds and notes - 1,289,958 - 1,289,958 Sale of bonds - 17,824,475 - 17,824,475 Sale of notes - - - 1,042,000 1,042,000 Transfers in - 2,454 - 2,454 Transfers (out) - - - (2,454) (2,454) Payment to refunding bond escrow agent - (18,833,442) - (18,833,442) Total other financing sources (uses) - 283,445 1,039,546 1,322,991 Net change in fund balances 115,790 222,200 929,346 1,267,336 Fund balances at beginning of year 7,671,457 1,213,053 1,760,641 10,645,151	Other financing sources (uses)							
Sale of bonds - 17,824,475 - 17,824,475 Sale of notes - - - 1,042,000 1,042,000 Transfers in - 2,454 - 2,454 Transfers (out) - - - (2,454) (2,454) Payment to refunding bond escrow agent - (18,833,442) - (18,833,442) Total other financing sources (uses) - 283,445 1,039,546 1,322,991 Net change in fund balances 115,790 222,200 929,346 1,267,336 Fund balances at beginning of year 7,671,457 1,213,053 1,760,641 10,645,151			-		1 289 958	_		1 289 958
Sale of notes - - 1,042,000 1,042,000 Transfers in - 2,454 - 2,454 Transfers (out) - - (2,454) (2,454) Payment to refunding bond escrow agent - (18,833,442) - (18,833,442) Total other financing sources (uses) - 283,445 1,039,546 1,322,991 Net change in fund balances 115,790 222,200 929,346 1,267,336 Fund balances at beginning of year 7,671,457 1,213,053 1,760,641 10,645,151			_					
Transfers in - 2,454 - 2,454 Transfers (out) - - - (2,454) (2,454) Payment to refunding bond escrow agent - (18,833,442) - (18,833,442) Total other financing sources (uses) - 283,445 1,039,546 1,322,991 Net change in fund balances 115,790 222,200 929,346 1,267,336 Fund balances at beginning of year 7,671,457 1,213,053 1,760,641 10,645,151			_		17,024,473	1 042 000		
Transfers (out) - - (2,454) (2,454) Payment to refunding bond escrow agent - (18,833,442) - (18,833,442) Total other financing sources (uses) - 283,445 1,039,546 1,322,991 Net change in fund balances 115,790 222,200 929,346 1,267,336 Fund balances at beginning of year 7,671,457 1,213,053 1,760,641 10,645,151			-		2 454	1,042,000		
Payment to refunding bond escrow agent - (18,833,442) - (18,833,442) Total other financing sources (uses) - 283,445 1,039,546 1,322,991 Net change in fund balances 115,790 222,200 929,346 1,267,336 Fund balances at beginning of year 7,671,457 1,213,053 1,760,641 10,645,151			-		2,434	(2.454)		
Total other financing sources (uses) - 283,445 1,039,546 1,322,991 Net change in fund balances 115,790 222,200 929,346 1,267,336 Fund balances at beginning of year 7,671,457 1,213,053 1,760,641 10,645,151			-		(10 022 442)	(2,434)		(/ /
Net change in fund balances 115,790 222,200 929,346 1,267,336 Fund balances at beginning of year 7,671,457 1,213,053 1,760,641 10,645,151			-			 1.020.546		
Fund balances at beginning of year 7,671,457 1,213,053 1,760,641 10,645,151	rotal other financing sources (uses)				283,445	 1,039,546		1,322,991
	Net change in fund balances		115,790		222,200	929,346		1,267,336
	Fund balances at beginning of year		7,671,457		1,213,053	1,760,641		10,645,151
		\$		\$	1,435,253	\$ 2,689,987	\$	

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	1,267,336
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Capital asset additions Current year depreciation Total	\$ 552,691 (1,051,259)	-	(498,568)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.			
Property taxes Income taxes Earnings on investments Classroom materials and fees Intergovernmental Total	(731,037) 58,108 (5,447) 3,112 806		(674,458)
Repayment of bond and capital lease principal is an expenditure in the			(074,430)
governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position.			628,892
Issuance of bonds and tax anticipation notes are recorded as other financing sources in the funds; however, in the statement of activities, they are not reported as other financing sources as they increase liabilities			
on the statement of net position.			(18,866,475)
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent for the retirement of bonds is an other financing use in the governmental funds but the payment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position. Deferred charges related to bond refundings are amortized over the life of the issuance in the statement of activities. The following refunding transactions occurred during the year:			
Bonds refunded Deferred charges on refundings Total	18,335,471 497,971	=	18,833,442
Premiums on bonds are amortized over the life of the issuance in the			-0,000,112
statement of activities			(1,289,958)
		-	- Continued

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. The following items resulted in additional interest being reported in the statement of activities: (Increase) in accrued interest payable Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds Amortization of bond premiums Amortization of deferred charges Total	\$ (42,777) (193,919) 38,975 (13,962)	\$ (211,683)
Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows.		
Pension OPEB	1,271,334	
Total	38,282	1,309,616
Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB liability/asset are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities. Pension OPEB Total	(2,162,305) 23,320	(2,138,985)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		(42,937)
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ (1,683,778)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts					Variance with Final Budget Positive		
		Original		Final		Actual	(.	Negative)
Revenues:		2.522.245	Φ.	2 522 24 5		2 520 450		
Property taxes	\$	3,723,215	\$	3,723,215	\$	3,728,170	\$	4,955
Income taxes		2,444,572		2,444,572		2,622,739		178,167
Intergovernmental		5,641,970		5,641,970		6,328,957		686,987
Investment earnings		84,915		84,915		106,579		21,664
Tuition and fees		1,439,000		1,439,000		1,782,533		343,533
Rental income		20,250		20,250		8,354		(11,896)
Charges for services Contributions and donations		460,000		460,000		515,527		55,527
		7,250		137,250		170,441		33,191
Payment in lieu of taxes		500		500		5,441		5,441
Miscellaneous		500		500		170,726		170,226
Total revenues	-	13,821,672		13,951,672		15,439,467		1,487,795
Expenditures: Current:								
Instruction:								
Regular		6,724,162		6,699,052		6,446,653		252,399
Special		2,197,652		2,222,652		2,318,812		(96,160)
Vocational		242,983		242,983		2,310,612		10,756
Other		469,717		469,717		396,946		72,771
Support services:		402,717		402,717		370,740		72,771
Pupil		802,892		802,892		680,898		121,994
Instructional staff		546,208		545,318		657,474		(112,156)
Board of education		97,789		97,789		87,562		10,227
Administration		1,068,005		1,068,005		1,034,362		33,643
Fiscal		442,210		442,210		414,264		27,946
Operations and maintenance		1,102,393		1,103,393		1,010,513		92,880
Pupil transportation		590,750		590,750		503,228		87,522
Central		102,130		102,130		98,129		4,001
Operation of non-instructional services:		102,100		102,100		, 0,12,		.,001
Other non-instructional services		505,140		505,140		493,121		12,019
Extracurricular activities		588,465		588,465		555,297		33,168
Facilities acquisition and construction		52,000		192,000		170,885		21,115
Debt service:		,,,,,,		,,,,,,		,		, -
Principal		62,418		62,418		62,418		_
Total expenditures		15,594,914		15,734,914		15,162,789		572,125
Evaces (deficiency) of revenues ever								
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over		(1,773,242)		(1,783,242)		276,678		2,059,920
(under) expenditures		(1,773,242)	-	(1,765,242)	-	270,078		2,039,920
Other financing sources (uses):								
Refund of prior year's expenditures		-		-		220		220
Contingencies		(20,000)		(20,000)		-		20,000
Sale of capital assets						4,250		4,250
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	(20,000)		(20,000)		4,470		24,470
Net change in fund balance		(1,793,242)		(1,803,242)		281,148		2,084,390
Fund balance at beginning of year		7,672,954		7,672,954		7,672,954		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		33,908		33,908		33,908		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	5,913,620	\$	5,903,620	\$	7,988,010	\$	2,084,390

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Custodial		
Additions: Extracurricular collections for OHSAA	\$	5,452	
Deductions: Extracurricular distributions to OHSAA		5,452	
Change in net position		-	
Net position at beginning of year			
Net position at end of year	\$	_	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

Liberty Center Local School District (the "District") is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. Liberty Center Local School District is a local school district as defined by §3311.22 of the Ohio Revised Code. The District operates under an elected Board of Education (5 members) and is responsible for the provision of public education to residents of the District. The Board oversees the operations of the District's four instructional/support facilities staffed by 48 non-certified, 84 certified full-time teaching personnel and 8 administrators, who provide services to 1,084 students and other community members.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Following are the more significant of the District's accounting policies.

A. The Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>" and GASB Statement No. 61, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>: <u>Omnibus an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34</u>". The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements of the District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. This includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. The District does not have any component units. The District is associated with organizations, which are defined as jointly governed organizations, a related organization and group purchasing pools.

The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District.

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Northwest Ohio Computer Association

The District is a participant in the Northwest Ohio Computer Association (NWOCA). NWOCA is an association of public school districts within the boundaries of Defiance, Fulton, Henry, and Williams counties. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. NWOCA is governed by the Northern Buckeye Education Council and its participating members. Total fees paid by the District to NWOCA during this fiscal year were \$88,063. Financial information can be obtained from Tammy Butler, who serves as Treasurer, at 22-900 State Route 34, Archbold, Ohio 43502.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Northern Buckeye Education Council

The Northern Buckeye Education Council (NBEC) was established in 1979 to foster cooperation among various educational entities located in Defiance, Fulton, Henry, and Williams counties. NBEC is organized under Ohio laws as a regional council of governments pursuant to a written agreement entered into by its member educational entities and bylaws adopted by the representatives of the member educational entities. NBEC is governed by an elected Board consisting of two representatives from each of the four counties in which the member educational entities are located. The Board is elected from an Assembly consisting of a representative from each participating educational entity. To obtain financial information write to the Northern Buckeye Education Council, Tammy Butler, who serves as Treasurer, at 22-900 State Route 34, Archbold, Ohio 43502.

Four County Career Center

The Four County Career Center is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of five representatives from the Northwest Ohio Educational Service Center - one each from the counties of Defiance, Fulton, Henry, and Williams and one additional representative; one representative from each of the city school districts; one representative from each of the exempted village school districts. The Four County Career Center possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. To obtain financial information write to the Four County Career Center, Connie Nicely, who serves as Treasurer, at 22-900 State Route 34, Archbold, Ohio 43502.

Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Inc.

The Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Inc. (NOERC) is a jointly governed organization formed to bring educational entities into a better understanding of their common educational problems, facilitate and conduct practical educational research, coordinate educational research among members, provide a means for evaluating and disseminating the results of research, serve as a repository for research and legislative materials and provide opportunities for training. The NOERC serves a twenty-five county area of Northwest Ohio. The Board of Directors consists of superintendents from two educational service centers, two exempted village school districts, five local school districts, and five city school districts, as well as representatives from two private or parochial schools and three institutions of higher education. Each active member is entitled to one vote on all issues addressed by the Board of Directors. Financial information can be obtained from the Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Inc., P.O. Box 456, Ashland, Ohio 44805.

GROUP PURCHASING POOLS

Employee Insurance Benefits Program - The District participates in the Northern Buckeye Health Plan – Northwest Division of the Optimal Health Initiative Consortium (OHI), a public entity shared risk pool consisting of educational entities throughout the state. The Pool is governed by OHI and its participating members. The District contributed a total of \$1,873,493 to Northern Buckeye Health Plan, Northwest Division of OHI for all four plans. Financial information for the period can be obtained from Charlie Leboeuf, Treasurer, at 201 East 5th Street, Suite 1200, Cincinnati, Ohio 45202.

Northern Buckeye Education Council's Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan - The District participates in a group rating plan for workers' compensation as established under § 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Northern Buckeye Health Plan's (NBHP) Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (WCGRP) was established through NBHP as a group purchasing pool. The group was formed to create a workers' compensation group rating plan which would allow employers to group together to achieve a potentially lower premium rate than they may otherwise be able to acquire as individual employers. NBHP has created a workers' compensation group rating and risk management program which will potentially reduce the workers' compensation premiums for the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

NBHP has retained Sheakley UniService as the servicing agent to perform administrative, actuarial, cost control, claims, and safety consulting services and unemployment claims services for program participants. During this fiscal year, the District paid an enrollment fee of \$256 to WCGRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority - The District participates in the Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority (SORSA), which was established in 2002 pursuant to Articles of Incorporation filed under Chapter 1702 of the Ohio Revised Code - Non-Profit Corporations and functioning under authority granted by Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code. SORSA's purpose is to provide a joint self-insurance pool and to assist member school districts in preventing and reducing losses and injuries to property and persons, which might result in claims being made against members of SORSA, their employees or officers. The District paid \$76,868 for these services to SORSA in fiscal year 2021.

A nine-person Board of Directors manages the business and affairs of SORSA and is elected annually by the members of the pool. The Board of Directors consists of superintendents, treasurers, or business managers from the participating school districts. SORSA employs an Executive Director and a Member Services Coordinator to administer the pool while claims are processed by Avizent. Financial information can be obtained from SORSA at 8050 North High Street, Suite 160, Columbus, Ohio 43235-6483 or by calling 866-767-7299.

RELATED ORGANIZATION

<u>Liberty Center Public Library</u> - The Liberty Center Public Library is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio created under Chapter 3375 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Library is governed by a Board of Trustees appointed by the Liberty Center Local School District Board of Education. The Board of Trustees possesses its own contracting and budgeting authority, hires, and fires personnel, and does not depend on the District for operational subsidies. Although the District does serve as the taxing authority and may issue tax related debt on behalf of the Library, its role is limited to a ministerial function. The determination to request approval of a tax, the rate and the purpose are discretionary decisions made solely by the Board of Trustees. Financial information can be obtained from the Liberty Center Public Library, at 111 East Street, Liberty Center, Ohio 43532-0066.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to certain District functions or activities. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The various funds of the District are grouped into the categories governmental and fiduciary.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds focus on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. Following are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund is available to the District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Bond Retirement Fund</u> - The bond retirement fund is used to account for property tax revenues to pay the principal and related interest on the school improvement bonds.

The other governmental funds of the District account for grants and other resources, and capital projects of the District whose uses are restricted to a particular purpose.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and custodial funds. Trust funds are distinguished from custodial funds by the existence of a trust agreement or equivalent arrangements that have certain characteristics. Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in a trust fund.

C. Basis of Presentation

The District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

<u>Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the District at yearend. The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues, which are not classified as program revenues, are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - During the year, the District segregates transactions related to certain District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

D. Measurement Focus

<u>Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> - The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net position. The statement of activities presents increases (e.g. revenues) and decreases (e.g. expenses) of total net position.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Fiduciary funds present a statement of changes in fiduciary net position which reports additions to and deductions from custodial funds.

E. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

<u>Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions</u> - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined, and "available" means collectible within the current fiscal year or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, income taxes, grants, investment earnings, tuition, and student fees.

<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> - In addition to assets, the government-wide statement of net position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the District, see Notes 15 and 16 for deferred outflows of resources related the District's net pension liability and OPEB liability/asset.

In addition to liabilities, both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the District, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, payments in lieu of taxes and unavailable revenue. Property taxes and payments in lieu of taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2021, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2022 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow of resources on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the District unavailable revenue includes, but is not limited to, delinquent property taxes and intergovernmental grants. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available.

For the District, see Notes 15 and 16 for deferred inflows of resources related to the District's net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset. This deferred inflow of resources is only reported on the government-wide statement of net position.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Expenditures/Expense</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

F. Budgetary Process

The District is required by State statute to adopt an annual appropriated cash basis budget for all funds, except custodial funds. The specific timetable for fiscal year 2021 is as follows:

- 1. The Treasurer submits an annual tax budget for the following fiscal year to the Board by January 15, for consideration and passage. The adopted budget is submitted to the County Auditor, as Secretary of the Council Budget Commission, by January 20 of each year for the period July 1 to June 30 of the following year.
- 2. Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's Certificate of Estimated Resources, which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to June 30, the District must revise its budget so that the total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the Certificate of Estimated Resources. The revised budget then serves as a basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the Certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year as reported by the District Treasurer. The Certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budget in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the certificate when the Board adopted the original appropriations. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amount in the budgetary statement reflect the amounts set forth in the final Amended Certificate issued for fiscal year 2021.
- 3. By July 1, the annual appropriation resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education. (State statute permits temporary appropriation to be effective until no later than October 1 of each year.)
 - The Board adopted appropriations by fund must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed appropriations at the legal level of control. The legal level of control selected by the Board is at the fund level.
- 4. Any revisions that alter the total of any object appropriation for any fund must be approved by the Board of Education.
 - The amounts reported as the original budget reflect the first appropriation for a fund covering the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budget represent the final appropriation the Board passed during the year.
- 5. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated. Cash disbursements plus encumbrances may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level, function and/or object level.

As part of formal budgetary control, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures on the non-GAAP budgetary basis in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation and to determine and maintain legal compliance. On fund financial statements, encumbrances outstanding at year-end (not already recorded in accounts payable) are reported as a reservation of fund balance for subsequent-year expenditures for governmental funds. A reserve for encumbrances is not reported on the government-wide financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

G. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the financial statements.

During fiscal year 2021, investments were limited to STAR Ohio, federal agency securities, negotiable certificates of deposit, U.S. government money markets, and nonnegotiable certificates of deposits. Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts such as repurchase agreements and nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are reported at cost.

STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio) is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The School District measures their investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAB per share that approximates fair value.

For the fiscal year 2021, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$100 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$250 million, requiring the excess amount be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$250 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

As authorized by Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2021 amounted to \$33,998, which included \$9.835 from other District funds.

For presentation on the financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months that are not purchased from the pool are reported as investments.

H. Inventory

On the government-wide financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used.

On the fund financial statements, inventories of governmental funds are stated at cost. Cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis. Donated commodities are presented at their entitlement value. The cost of inventory items is recorded as an expenditure when purchased.

I. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported on the fund financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and reductions during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their acquisition cost. The District's capitalization threshold is five thousand dollars. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

All reported capital assets, other than land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	vernmental
<u>Description</u> <u>Esti</u>	Activities
	mated Lives
Land improvements 5	- 30 years
Buildings 30	- 50 years
Building Improvement 10	- 40 years
Furniture, fixtures and equipment 5	- 20 years
Vehicles 5	- 15 years

J. Prepayments

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed. On the fund financial statements, reported prepayments are equally offset by a nonspendable fund balance.

K. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and sick leave to the extent that payment to the employee for these absences is attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination (severance) payments. A liability for sick leave is accrued using the vesting method and is based on the sick leave accumulated at the balance sheet date by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future. For purposes of establishing a liability for sick leave on employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, all employees age fifty or greater with at least ten years of service and all employees with at least 15 years of service regardless of their age were considered expected to become eligible in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

The total liability for vacation and sick leave payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at the balance sheet date, and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any applicable additional salary related payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

For governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements.

These amounts are recorded in the account "matured compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported.

L. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources and are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Long-term loans are recognized as a liability on the governmental fund financial statements when due.

M. Fund Balance

Fund Balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon use of the resources in governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the Board of Education. The committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds, other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the Board of Education.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District first applies restricted resources when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications can be used.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

N. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources. Net investment capital assets consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws, or regulations of other governments.

The District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

O. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

P. Interfund Transactions

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Q. Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability, net OPEB asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

R. Unamortized Bond Premium

Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bond premiums and discounts are presented as an addition or reduction to the face amount of the bonds.

On fund financial statements and the government wide financial statements, issuance costs are expensed in the fiscal year they occur.

On the governmental fund financial statements, bond issuance costs, bond premiums and bond discounts are recognized in the current period. A reconciliation between the bonds face value and the amount reported on the statement of net position is presented in Note 11.A.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

S. Fair Value

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

T. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the District and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during 2021.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2021, the District has applied GASB Statement No. 95, "<u>Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance.</u>" GASB Statement No. 95 provides temporary relief to governments and other stakeholders in light of the COVID-19 pandemic. This objective is accomplished by postponing the effective dates of certain provisions in Statements and Implementation Guides that first became effective or are scheduled to become effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018, and later.

Certain provisions contained in the following pronouncements were scheduled to be implemented for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 95, the effective dates of certain provisions contained in these pronouncements are postponed until the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022:

- Statement No. 87, *Leases*
- Implementation Guide No. 2019-3, Leases
- Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period
- Statement No. 92, Omnibus 2020
- Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Monies held by the District are classified by State statute into three categories.

Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the District Treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim monies are those monies, which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts. Interim monies held by the District can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

- 1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Government National Mortgage Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and to be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio or Ohio local governments, and with certain limitations including a requirement for maturity within ten years from the date of settlement, bonds and other obligations of political subdivisions of the State of Ohio, if training requirements have been met;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool, the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio);
- 8. Certain bankers' acceptances (for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days) and commercial paper notes (for a period not to exceed two hundred seventy days) in an amount not to exceed 40 percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time if training requirements have been met

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by the financial institutions participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. Except as noted above, an investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2021, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$5,314,700 and the bank balance of all District deposits was \$5,404,452. Of the bank balance, \$761,686 was covered by the FDIC, \$4,142,766 was covered by the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), and \$500,000 was exposed to credit risk.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of the State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or protected by (1) eligible securities pledged to the District and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose market value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured, or (2) participation in the OPCS, a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total market value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a reduced rate set by the Treasurer of State.

B. Investments

As of June 30, 2021, the District had the following investments:

			Investment Maturities									
Measurement/	M	Measurement		months or		7 to 12		13 to 18		19 to 24	Gı	eater than
Investment type		Value	_	less	_	months	_	months	_	months	2	4 months
Fair Value:												
US Government												
Money Market	\$	308,292	\$	308,292	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
FFCB		259,575		-		-		-		259,575		-
FHLB		690,123		-		-		-		-		690,123
Negotiable CD's		4,193,242		823,339		897,588		662,886		260,198		1,549,231
Amortized Cost:												
STAR Ohio		1,599,071		1,599,071				<u>-</u>			_	
Total	\$	7,050,303	\$	2,730,702	\$	897,588	\$	662,886	\$	519,773	\$	2,239,354

The weighted average maturity of investments is 1.40 years.

The District's investments in U.S. Government money market mutual funds are valued using quoted market prices in active markets (Level 1 inputs). The District's investments in negotiable certificates of deposit and federal agency securities are valued using quoted market prices that are not considered to be active, dealer quotations or alternative pricing sources for similar assets or liabilities for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly (Level 2 inputs).

Interest Rate Risk - The District has no investment policy that addresses interest rate risk. State statute requires that an investment mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and that an investment must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. State statute limits investments in commercial paper to a maximum maturity of 180 days from the date of purchase.

Credit Risk - The District's investment in the federal agency securities and U.S. Government obligations were rated AA+ and Aaa by Standard and Poor's and Moody's Investor Services, respectively. STAR Ohio carries a rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's. Ohio law requires STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The negotiable certificates of deposit were not rated. The District has no investment policy dealing with investment credit risk beyond the requirements in state statutes.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2021:

Measurement/	Me	asurement Value	0/ of Total
Investment type Fair Value:	_	value	% of Total
US Government			
Money Market	\$	308,292	4.37
FFCB		259,575	3.68
FHLB		690,123	9.79
Negotiable CD's		4,193,242	59.48
Amortized Cost:			
STAR Ohio		1,599,071	22.68
Total	\$	7,050,303	100.00

D. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Position

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net position as of June 30, 2021:

Cash and	investments	per note

Carrying amount of deposits	\$ 5,314,700
Investments	 7,050,303
Total	\$ 12,365,003

Cash and investments per statement of net position

Governmental activities	\$ 12,365,003
Total	\$ 12,365,003

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2021 consisted of the following, as reported on the fund financial statements:

Transfers from nonmajor governmental funds to:	Amount		
Bond retirement fund	\$	2,454	

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget required to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated for reporting in the statement of activities. All transfers during fiscal year 2021 were made in compliance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.14, 5705.15 and 5705.16.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis, while the District's fiscal year runs from July through June. First-half tax distributions are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second-half tax distributions are received in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility, and tangible personal (used in business) property located in the District. Real and public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2021 represent the collection of calendar year 2020 taxes. Real property taxes for 2021 were levied after April 1, 2020, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2020, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes for 2021 were levied after April 1, 2020, on the assessed values as of December 31, 2019, the lien date. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value. Public utility property taxes are payable on the same dates as real property taxes described previously.

The District receives property taxes from Henry and Fulton counties. The County Auditors periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2021, are available to finance fiscal year 2021 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable represents delinquent taxes outstanding and real property, public utility property, and tangible personal property taxes, which were measurable as of June 30, 2021 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, amounts to be received during the available period are not subject to reasonable estimation at June 30, nor were they levied to finance fiscal year 2020 operations. For the governmental fund financial statements, the receivable is therefore offset by a credit to deferred inflow for that portion not intended to finance current year operations.

The amount available as an advance was recognized as revenue.

The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2021 was \$251,919 in the general fund, \$81,465 in the bond retirement fund, \$20,524 in the classroom facilities maintenance fund (a nonmajor governmental fund), and \$53,559 in the permanent improvement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2020 was \$704,268 in the general fund, \$136,405 in the bond retirement fund, \$8,976 in the classroom facilities fund (a nonmajor governmental fund, and \$23,093 in the permanent improvement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2021 taxes were collected are:

	2020 Second				2021 First	it .	
		Half Collections			Half Collecti	ons	
		Amount	Percent		Amount	Percent	
Agricultural/residential							
and other real estate	\$	136,182,160	78.75	\$	137,548,780	76.96	
Public utility personal		36,741,560	21.25		41,186,940	23.04	
Total	\$	172,923,720	100.00	\$	178,735,720	100.00	
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation		\$48.90			\$48.90		

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 7 - INCOME TAX

In 1995, the voters of the Liberty Center Local School District passed a 1 percent school income tax on wages earned by residents of the District. The taxes are collected by the State Department of Taxation in the same manner as the state income tax. In the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021, the District recorded income tax revenue of \$2,926,602 in the general fund, of which \$1,211,683 is recorded as a receivable at June 30, 2021.

In May 2006, the voters approved an additional .75 percent income tax for general operations. The levy was effective January 1, 2007 and is applicable for a continuing period of time.

NOTE 8 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2021 consisted of property taxes, income taxes, payments in lieu of taxes, accounts, accrued interest, and intergovernmental. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs and the current year guarantee of Federal funds.

A summary of the principal items of receivables reported on the statement of net position follows:

	٠,	overnmental activities
Property taxes	\$	7,877,259
Income taxes		1,211,683
Payments in lieu of taxes		3,590
Accounts		271,305
Accrued interest		21,306
Intergovernmental		52,186
Total	\$	9,437,329

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected within the subsequent year.

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows:

	Balance 06/30/20		Additions		<u>Deductions</u>		Balance 06/30/21	
Governmental activities:								
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	1,335,207	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,335,207
Construction in progress		574,604		456,231		(715,765)	_	315,070
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		1,909,811		456,231		(715,765)	_	1,650,277
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Land improvements		570,127		-		-		570,127
Buildings and improvements	4	9,669,001		738,980		-		50,407,981
Permanent fixtures		588,708		-		-		588,708
Equipment		672,292		31,355		-		703,647
Computers		101,762		-		-		101,762
Musical instruments		22,995		-		-		22,995
Vehicles		1,383,922		41,890		(105,008)		1,320,804
Total capital assets, being depreciated	5	53,008,807		812,225		(105,008)	_	53,716,024
Less: accumulated depreciation:								
Land improvements		(374,141)		(16,385)		-		(390,526)
Buildings and improvements	((8,628,103)		(893,321)		-		(9,521,424)
Permanent fixtures		(524,668)		(14,170)		-		(538,838)
Equipment		(381,422)		(52,321)		-		(433,743)
Computers		(101,762)		-		-		(101,762)
Musical instruments		(11,980)		(580)		-		(12,560)
Vehicles		(822,715)		(74,482)		105,008		(792,189)
Total accumulated depreciation	(1	0,844,791)		(1,051,259)		105,008		(11,791,042)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 4	4,073,827	\$	217,197	\$	(715,765)	\$	43,575,259

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL ASSETS - (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

<u>Instruction</u> :	
Regular	\$ 106,178
Special	18,896
Vocational	8,509
Support services:	
Pupil	5,421
Instructional staff	6,680
Administration	8,118
Fiscal	2,850
Operations and maintenance	764,938
Pupil transportation	69,096
Central	1,495
Operation of non-instructional:	
Food service operations	10,019
Extracurricular	 49,059
Total depreciation expense	\$ 1,051,259

NOTE 10 - CAPITALIZED LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

The District has entered into capitalized leases for the acquisition of two buses.

The terms of the agreement provide an option to purchase the buses. The lease meets the criteria of a capital lease which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee at the conclusion of the lease term. These expenditures are reflected as program/function expenditures on the accompanying financial statements.

Capital assets acquired by the leases have been capitalized in an amount equal to the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inception. Principal payments in the 2021 fiscal year totaled \$52,038.

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments required under the capital lease and the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2021:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	A	mount_
Total Minimum lease payments Less: amount representing interest	\$	32,050 (1,204)
Total	\$	30,846

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. During fiscal year 2021, the following changes occurred in the governmental activities long-term obligations:

	Balance 06/30/20	Additions	Reductions	Balance 06/30/21	Amounts Due in One Year
Series 2014 Bonds					
General obligation bonds	\$ 18,305,000	\$ -	\$ (18,005,000)	\$ 300,000	\$ 300,000
Capital appreciation bonds	9,958	-	(9,958)	-	-
Accreted interest on CABs	109,478	-	(109,478)	-	-
Series 2020 Refunding Bonds					
General obligation bonds	-	17,100,000	-	17,100,000	-
Capital appreciation bonds	-	724,475	(201,604)	522,871	101,266
Accreted interest on CABs	-	193,919	(18,396)	175,523	33,763
Energy Conservation Improvement					
Bonds, Series 2009	249,672	-	(62,418)	187,254	62,418
Tax anticipation notes	-	1,042,000	-	1,042,000	68,000
Capital leases	82,884	-	(52,038)	30,846	30,846
Net pension liability	15,888,174	951,508	-	16,839,682	-
Net OPEB liability	1,427,143	-	(200,900)	1,226,243	-
Early retirement incentive	-	16,000	-	16,000	16,000
Compensated absences	899,130	130,877	(65,155)	964,852	72,216
Total governmental activities					
long-term liabilities	\$ 36,971,439	\$ 20,158,779	\$ (18,724,947)	38,405,271	\$ 684,509
Add: unamortized bond premiums				1,256,599	
Total on statement of net position				\$ 39,661,870	

<u>Compensated Absences</u>: Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employee's salaries are paid, which for the District, is primarily the general fund and food service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

Early retirement incentive: See Note 12 for detail.

<u>Capital lease obligation:</u> See Note 10 for detail.

<u>Net Pension Liability</u>: See Note 15 for detail. The District pays obligations related to employee compensation from the fund benefitting from their service.

<u>Net OPEB Liability/Asset</u>: See Note 16 for detail. The District pays obligations related to employee compensation from the fund benefitting from their service.

B. Ohio School Facilities Commission Project Bonds, Series 2014

The bonds were used for the purpose of constructing, adding to, and renovating and improving school facilities under the State of Ohio Classroom Facilities Assistance Program and locally funded initiatives, furnishing and equipping the same, and improving the sites thereof. These bonds were issued on August 21, 2014. The bonds consisted of \$2,705,000 in serial bonds; \$16,330,000 in term bonds \$100,000 in capital appreciation bonds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

Proceeds from the outstanding bonds were used for the purpose of refunding general obligation bonds, dated March 1, 1994, which were issued for the purpose of financing school permanent improvements. The bonds were issued on September 1, 2003. The bonds consisted of \$2,985,000 in Current Interest bonds and \$139,998 in Capital Appreciation bonds. In fiscal year 2015, these bonds were retired with the 2014 refunding bond proceeds.

During fiscal year 2021, the District issued General Obligation Classroom Facilities and School Improvement Refunding Bonds (Series 2020) to refund \$17,830,000 of the Series 2014 bonds.

C. Classroom Facilities and School Improvement Refunding Bonds, Series 2020

On August 18, 2020, the District issued classroom facilities and school improvements refunding bonds to advance refund \$17,830,000 of the series 2014 Ohio school facilities commission project bonds.

The refunding issue is comprised of current interest bonds, par value \$17,100,000 and capital appreciation bonds, par value \$724,475. The interest rates on the current interest bonds range from 1.277% to 2.249%. The capital appreciation bonds mature annually on November 1, 2020, November 1, 2021, November 1, 2022, November 1, 2023, November 1, 2024, and November 1, 2025 (interest rate 45.00%), at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bonds is \$1,865,000. Total accreted interest of \$175,523 has been included on the statement of net position. Interest payments of the current interest bonds are due on May 1 and November 1 of each year. The final maturity date stated on the issue is November 1, 2051.

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$497,971. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt.

The serial bonds shall bear interest at the rates per year and will mature in the principal amounts and on the following dates:

Maturity Date	Principal	Interest
(November 1)	Amount	Rate
2026	405,000	1.28%
2027	455,000	1.38%
2028	455,000	1.53%
2029	450,000	1.68%
2030	495,000	1.78%
2031	490,000	1.88%
2032	495,000	2.00%
2033	540,000	2.10%
2034	545,000	2.20%
2035	545,000	2.25%

The interest payment dates for the bonds shall be May 1 and November 1, commencing on November 1, 2020. The serial bonds shall be those bonds scheduled to mature on November 1, 2026 through 2035.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The capital appreciation bonds outstanding mature on November 1, 2020 and, have the original principal amounts and mature with the accreted value at maturity, as follows:

	Original	Accreted
Maturity Date	Principal	Value at
(November 1)	Amount	<u>Maturity</u>
2020	\$ 201,604	\$ 220,000
2021	101,265	165,000
2022	177,906	435,000
2023	117,192	430,000
2024	76,280	420,000
2025	50,228	415,000

Capital Appreciation Bonds are not subject to redemption prior to maturity.

The term bonds which mature on November 1, 2040, have an interest rate of 2.685 percent per year, and are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption in part by lot pursuant to the terms of the mandatory sinking fund redemption requirements of the Authorizing Legislation, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount redeemed, plus interest accrued to the redemption date, on November 1 of the years shown in, and according to, the following schedule:

	Principal					
	Amount to					
Year	be Redeemed					
November 1, 2036	\$ 590,000					
November 1, 2037	595,000					
November 2, 2038	605,000					
November 3, 2039	655,000					
November 4, 2040	665,000					

The term bonds which mature on November 1, 2045, have an interest rate of 2.935 percent per year, and are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption in part by lot pursuant to the terms of the mandatory sinking fund redemption requirements of the Authorizing Legislation, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount redeemed, plus interest accrued to the redemption date, on November 1 of the years shown in, and according to, the following schedule:

	Principal				
	Amount to				
Year	be Redeemed				
November 1, 2041	\$ 670,000				
November 1, 2042	730,000				
November 1, 2043	740,000				
November 1, 2044	750,000				
November 1, 2045	810,000				

The term bonds which mature on November 1, 2051, have an interest rate of 3.205 percent per year, and are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption in part by lot pursuant to the terms of the mandatory sinking fund redemption requirements of the Authorizing Legislation, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount redeemed, plus interest accrued to the redemption date, on November 1 of the years shown in, and according to, the following schedule:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

	Principal
	Amount to
Year	be Redeemed
November 1, 2046	\$ 820,000
November 1, 2047	835,000
November 1, 2048	905,000
November 1, 2049	920,000
November 1, 2050	935,000
November 1, 2051	1,000,000

Total expenditures for interest for the above debt for the period ended June 30, 2021 was \$338,218, including \$18,396 of accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds.

C. Energy Conservation Bonds

The Energy Conservation Bonds were issued in July 2009 for \$936,270. The interest rate on the notes is 0 percent. The final maturity of this issuance is December 1, 2023.

D. Tax Anticipation Notes

On March 31, 2021, the District issued \$1,042,000 in tax anticipation notes in order to provide funds for school improvements. The tax anticipation note bears an interest rate of 1.39%. The notes mature on December 1, 2030. Payments are due semi-annually on June 1 and December 1 from the permanent improvement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

E. Principal and Interest Outstanding

The scheduled payments of principal and interest on debt outstanding at June 30, 2021 are as follows:

Fiscal	Current Interest Bonds						Current Interest Bonds					
Year Ending		G.O	. Bor	nds (Series 2	014)	G.O. Bonds (Series 2020)					
June 30,	P	rincipal		Interest		Total	<u>Principal</u>		al Interest		-	Total
2022	\$	300,000	\$	691,906	\$	991,906	\$	-	\$	455,084	\$	455,084
2023		-		-		-		-		455,083		455,083
2024		-		-		-		-		455,083		455,083
2025		-		-		-		-		455,083		455,083
2026		-		-		-		-		455,083		455,083
2027 - 2031		-		-		-		2,260,000		2,197,088		4,457,088
2032 - 2036		-		-		-		2,615,000		1,973,131		4,588,131
2037 - 2041		-		-		-		3,110,000		1,625,127		4,735,127
2042 - 2046		-		-		-		3,700,000		1,148,046		4,848,046
2047 - 2051		-		-		-		4,415,000		524,096		4,939,096
2052						<u>-</u>		1,000,000		16,025	_	1,016,025
Total	\$	300,000	\$	691,906	\$	991,906	\$	17,100,000	\$	9,758,929	\$	26,858,929

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

Fiscal		Capital Appreciation						Energy Conservation						
Year Ending		G.O	. Bo	onds (Series 2	020)	Improvement Bonds (Series 2009)							
June 30,	I	Principal	_	Interest	_	Total	P	rincipal		Interest		_	Total	
2022	\$	101,266	\$	63,734	\$	165,000	\$	62,418	\$		-	\$	62,418	
2023		177,906		257,094		435,000		62,418			-		62,418	
2024		117,192		312,808		430,000		62,418			-		62,418	
2025		76,280		343,720		420,000		-			-		-	
2026		50,227		364,773		415,000			_		_			
Total	\$	522,871	\$	1,342,129	\$	1,865,000	\$	187,254	\$		_	\$	187,254	
Fiscal			Tax	Anticipation	l									

Fiscal			Tax	Anticipation	l	
Year Ending				Notes		
June 30,	_	Principal	_	Interest	_	Total
2022	\$	68,000	\$	14,011	\$	82,011
2023		102,000		12,830		114,830
2024		104,000		11,398		115,398
2025		105,000		9,946		114,946
2026		107,000		8,472		115,472
2027 - 2031		556,000		19,530		575,530
Total	\$	1,042,000	\$	76,187	\$	1,118,187

F. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The assessed valuation used in determining the District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2021, are a voted debt margin of \$17,221,468 (including available funds of \$1,435,253), an unvoted debt margin of \$178,736.

NOTE 12 – RETIREMENT INCENTIVE PLAN

During fiscal year 2021, the District implemented a retirement incentive plan for certified employees. Certified employees who are eligible to retire under the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) either by attaining 30 year of service or by reaching 60 years of age and elects to retire, shall receive an incentive of \$15,000. Certified employees who wish to participate in this option must notify the District of their intent in writing by March 1st in the year of eligibility, with notice of working through the end of the school year. Additionally, employees who are eligible to retire and notify the District of their intent to retire by February 1st in the year of eligibility, shall receive an incentive of \$1,000. This incentive benefit plan option is in addition to the severance pay. The District had \$16,000 in early retirement incentive liability at June 30, 2021 as presented on the fund financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 13 - COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Employees earn vacation at rates specified under State of Ohio law, negotiated agreements, and board policy, and based on credited service. Clerical, Technical, and Maintenance and Operation employees with one or more years of service are entitled to vacation ranging from 10 to 20 days. Employees with less than one year of service earn no vacation. Twelve-month Administrative employees are entitled to vacation based on board policy and individual contracts. Certain employees are permitted to carry over vacation leave if approved by the Superintendent.

All employees are entitled to a sick leave credit equal to one and one-quarter days for each month of service (earned on a pro rata basis for less than full-time employees). This sick leave will either be absorbed by time off due to illness or injury or, within certain limitations, be paid to the employee upon retirement. The amount paid to an employee upon retirement is limited to one-fourth of the accumulated sick leave to a maximum of 60 days for non-union employees, 55 days for certified and 60 days for classified union employees.

NOTE 14 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District participates in the Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority, Inc. for insurance coverage. Coverages provided are as follows:

Property Insurance	\$54,238,351
Equipment Breakdown	250,000
Crime Coverage	1,000,000
General Liability:	
Per Occurrence	15,000,000
Total Per Year	17,000,000
Educators' Legal Liability -	15,000,000
Wrongful Acts	13,000,000
Automobile Liability	15,000,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years, and there has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from last year.

B. Employee Insurance Benefits Program

The District participates in the Northern Buckeye Health Plan (NBHP), Northwest Division of OHI, a self-insurance pool, for insurance benefits to employees. The District pays monthly premiums to NBHP for the benefits offered to its employees, which includes health, dental, and life insurance. NBHP is responsible for the management and operations of the program. The agreement with NBHP provides for additional assessment to participants if the premiums are insufficient to pay the program costs for the fiscal year. Upon withdrawal from NBHP, a participant is responsible for any claims not processed and paid and any related administrative costs.

C. Workers' Compensation Group Program

The District participates in the Northern Buckeye Education Council Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (the Plan), an insurance purchasing pool. The Plan is intended to reduce premiums for the participants. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the Plan. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the Plan rather than its individual rate.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 14 - RISK MANAGEMENT – (Continued)

Participation in the Plan is limited to educational entities that can meet the Plan's selection criteria. Each participant must apply annually. The Plan provides the participants with a centralized program for the processing, analysis and management of workers' compensation claims and a risk management program to assist in developing safer work environments. Each participant must pay its premiums, enrollment or other fees, and perform its obligations in accordance with the terms of the agreement.

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

Net Pension Liability/Net OPEB Liability/Asset

Pensions and OPEB are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions/OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) represent the District's proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires funding to come from these employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes pension costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded pension liabilities within 30 years. If the pension amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

The remainder of this note includes the required pension disclosures. See Note 16 for the required OPEB disclosures.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension/OPEB liability (asset)* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in pension and postemployment benefits payable on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description - The District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *	Eligible to Retire after August 1, 2017				
Full benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit				
Actuarially reduced benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit; or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit				

^{*} Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017 will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.2% for the first thirty years of service and 2.5% for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

Effective January 1, 2018, SERS cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) changed from a fixed 3% annual increase to one based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI-W) with a cap of 2.5% and a floor of 0%. SERS also has the authority to award or suspend the COLA, or to adjust the COLA above or below CPI-W. SERS suspended the COLA increases for 2018, 2019 and 2020 for current retirees, and confirmed their intent to implement a four-year waiting period for the start of a COLA for future retirees. For 2021, the COLA was 0.5%.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10% of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10% for plan members and 14% for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14.0%.

The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$306,583 for fiscal year 2021. Of this amount, \$31,059 is reported as pension and postemployment benefits payable.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description - Licensed teachers participate in STRS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS website at www.strsoh.org.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

New members have a choice of three retirement plans: a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined (CO) Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307. The DB Plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation will be 2.2% of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. Effective July 1, 2017, the cost-of-living adjustment was reduced to zero. Members are eligible to retire at age 60 with five years of qualifying service credit, or age 55 with 28 years of service, or 33 years of service regardless of age. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

The DC Plan allows members to place all of their member contributions and 9.53% of the 14% employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.47% of the 14% employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12% of the 14% member rate goes to the DC Plan and the remaining 2% is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity after termination of employment at age 50 and after termination of employment.

New members who choose the DC Plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit to apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. For fiscal year 2021, plan members were required to contribute 14% of their annual covered salary. The District was required to contribute 14%; the entire 14% was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The fiscal year 2021 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

The District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$964,751 for fiscal year 2021. Of this amount, \$168,672 is reported as pension and postemployment benefits payable.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

		SERS		STRS		Total
Proportion of the net pension						
liability prior measurement date	0	0.05555460%	(
Proportion of the net pension						
liability current measurement date	0	0.05415830%	(0.05479127%		
Change in proportionate share	- <u>0.00139630</u> %		- <u>0.00202350</u> %			
Proportionate share of the net	_		_	<u> </u>		
pension liability	\$	3,582,144	\$	13,257,538	\$	16,839,682
Pension expense	\$	408,254	\$	1,754,051	\$	2,162,305

At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	SERS		 STRS		Total	
Deferred outflows of resources			 			
Differences between expected and						
actual experience	\$	6,957	\$ 29,750	\$	36,707	
Net difference between projected and						
actual earnings on pension plan investments		227,395	644,715		872,110	
Changes of assumptions		-	711,673		711,673	
Difference between employer contributions						
and proportionate share of contributions/						
change in proportionate share		5,016	190,142		195,158	
Contributions subsequent to the						
measurement date		306,583	 964,751		1,271,334	
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	545,951	\$ 2,541,031	\$.	3,086,982	
		SERS	STRS		Total	
Deferred inflows of resources						
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$ 84,771	\$	84,771	
Difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions/						
change in proportionate share		51,111	 309,688		360,799	
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	51,111	\$ 394,459	\$	445,570	

\$1,271,334 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	SERS	STRS		Total	
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:					
2022	\$ (27,370)	\$	435,471	\$	408,101
2023	49,653		224,489		274,142
2024	94,783		302,400		397,183
2025	71,191		219,460		290,651
2026	 _		1		1
Total	\$ 188,257	\$	1,181,821	\$	1,370,078

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2020, are presented below:

Wage inflation 3.00%
Future salary increases, including inflation 3.50% to 18.20%
COLA or ad hoc COLA 2.50%
Investment rate of return 7.50% net of investment expense, including inflation

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal (level percent of payroll)

For 2020, the mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age set-back for both males and females. Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries were based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates. Mortality among disabled members was based upon the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	1.85 %
US Equity	22.50	5.75
International Equity	22.50	6.50
Fixed Income	19.00	2.85
Private Equity	12.00	7.60
Real Assets	17.00	6.60
Multi-Asset Strategies	5.00	6.65
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.50%). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.50%), or one percentage point higher (8.50%) than the current rate.

		Current						
	19	1% Decrease		count Rate	1% Increase			
District's proportionate share		_						
of the net pension liability	\$	4,907,100	\$	3,582,144	\$	2,470,481		

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the July 1, 2020, actuarial valuation are presented below:

	July 1, 2020				
Inflation	2.50%				
Projected salary increases	12.50% at age 20 to				
	2.50% at age 65				
Investment rate of return	7.45%, net of investment expenses, including inflation				
Payroll increases	3.00%				
Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA)	0.00%				

For the July 1, 2020, actuarial valuation, post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2020 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

STRS Ohio's investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return *
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

^{*10-}Year geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.45% as of June 30, 2020. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2020. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.45% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2020.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.45%) or one-percentage-point higher (8.45%) than the current rate:

		Current						
	19	1% Decrease Discount Rate			1% Increase			
District's proportionate share								
of the net pension liability	\$	18,876,426	\$	13,257,538	\$	8,495,998		

NOTE 16 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS

Net OPEB Liability/Asset

See Note 15 for a description of the net OPEB liability (asset).

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 16 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14% of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, SERS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2021, this amount was \$23,000. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2% of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5% of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2021, the District's surcharge obligation was \$38,282.

The surcharge added to the allocated portion of the 14% employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$38,282 for fiscal year 2021. Of this amount, \$38,282 is reported as pension and postemployment benefits payable.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued effective January 1, 2021. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14% of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

OPEB Liabilities/Assets, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability/asset was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total OPEB liability/asset used to calculate the net OPEB liability/asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset was based on the District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 16 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

	SERS			STRS	 Total
Proportion of the net OPEB					
liability/asset prior measurement date	0	0.05675000%	0	.05681477%	
Proportion of the net OPEB					
liability/asset current measurement date	0	0.05642240%	0	.05479127%	
Change in proportionate share	-0	.00032760%	-0	.00202350%	
Proportionate share of the net	_		_		
OPEB liability	\$	1,226,243	\$	-	\$ 1,226,243
Proportionate share of the net					
OPEB asset	\$	-	\$	(962,956)	\$ (962,956)
OPEB expense	\$	18,572	\$	(41,892)	\$ (23,320)

At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	SERS		STRS		Total	
Deferred outflows of resources		_			 	
Differences between expected and						
actual experience	\$	16,105	\$	61,704	\$ 77,809	
Net difference between projected and						
actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		13,818		33,746	47,564	
Changes of assumptions		209,032		15,896	224,928	
Difference between employer contributions						
and proportionate share of contributions/						
change in proportionate share		55,779		65,157	120,936	
Contributions subsequent to the						
measurement date		38,282			 38,282	
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	333,016	\$	176,503	\$ 509,519	
		SERS		STRS	 Total	
Deferred inflows of resources						
Differences between expected and						
actual experience	\$	623,630	\$	191,807	\$ 815,437	
Changes of assumptions		30,885		914,645	945,530	
Difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions/						
change in proportionate share		15,153		4,059	 19,212	
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	669,668	\$	1,110,511	\$ 1,780,179	

\$38,282 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability/asset in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 16 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	 SERS	ERS STRS		Total	
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:	_		_		
2022	\$ (72,013)	\$	(233,294)	\$	(305,307)
2023	(71,017)		(210,452)		(281,469)
2024	(71,178)		(202,438)		(273,616)
2025	(74,677)		(197,072)		(271,749)
2026	(62,444)		(43,748)		(106,192)
Thereafter	 (23,605)		(47,004)		(70,609)
Total	\$ (374,934)	\$	(934,008)	\$	(1,308,942)

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 16 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2020 are presented below:

Wage inflation	3.00%
Future salary increases, including inflation	3.50% to 18.20%
Investment rate of return	7.50% net of investment
	expense, including inflation
Municipal bond index rate:	
Measurement date	2.45%
Prior measurement date	3.13%
Single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense,	
including price inflation:	
Measurement date	2.63%
Prior measurement date	3.22%
Medical trend assumption:	
Measurement date	
Medicare	5.25 to 4.75%
Pre-Medicare	7.00 to 4.75%
Prior measurement date	
Medicare	5.25 to 4.75%
Pre-Medicare	7.00 to 4.75%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and Scale BB, 120% of male rates and 110% of female rates. RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates set back five years.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2010 through 2015, and was adopted by the Board on April 21, 2016. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.50%, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as used in the June 30, 2015 five-year experience study, are summarized as follows:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 16 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	1.85 %
US Equity	22.50	5.75
International Equity	22.50	6.50
Fixed Income	19.00	2.85
Private Equity	12.00	7.60
Real Assets	17.00	6.60
Multi-Asset Strategies	5.00	6.65
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2020 was 2.63%. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2019 was 3.22%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the state statute contribution rate of 2.00% of projected covered employee payroll each year, which includes a 1.50% payroll surcharge and 0.50% of contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make future benefit payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan assets was used to present value the projected benefit payments through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024 and the Fidelity General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index rate of 2.45%, as of June 30, 2020 (i.e. municipal bond rate), was used to present value the projected benefit payments for the remaining years in the projection. A municipal bond rate of 3.13% was used as of June 30, 2019. The total present value of projected benefit payments from all years was then used to determine the single rate of return that was used as the discount rate. The projection of future benefit payments for all current plan members was until the benefit payments ran out.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates - The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability of SERS, what SERS' net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.63%) and higher (3.63%) than the current discount rate (2.63%). Also shown is what SERS' net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (6.00% decreasing to 3.75%) and higher (8.00% decreasing to 5.75%) than the current rate (7.00% decreasing to 4.75%).

				Current		
	1%	6 Decrease	Dis	scount Rate	19	% Increase
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	1,500,891	\$	1,226,243	\$	1,007,899
	1%	6 Decrease	Т	Current Trend Rate	1	% Increase
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	965,573	\$	1,226,243	\$	1,574,826

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 16 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the July 1, 2020, actuarial valuation, compared with July 1, 2019, are presented below:

	July 1, 2020		July 1, 2019	
Inflation	2.50%		2.50%	
Projected salary increases	12.50% at age 20) to	12.50% at age 20	0 to
, , ,	2.50% at age 65		2.50% at age 65	
Investment rate of return	7.45%, net of investment expenses, including inflation		7.45%, net of investment expenses, including inflation	
Payroll increases	3.00%		3.00%	
Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA)	0.00%		0.00%	
Discount rate of return	7.45%		7.45%	
Blended discount rate of return	N/A		N/A	
Health care cost trends				
	Initial	Ultimate	Initial	Ultimate
Medical				
Pre-Medicare	5.00%	4.00%	5.87%	4.00%
Medicare	-6.69%	4.00%	4.93%	4.00%
Prescription Drug				
Pre-Medicare	6.50%	4.00%	7.73%	4.00%
Medicare	11.87%	4.00%	9.62%	4.00%

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

Assumption Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - There were no changes in assumptions since the prior measurement date of June 30, 2019.

Benefit Term Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - There was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were updated to reflect the projected fiscal year end 2021 premium based on June 30, 2020 enrollment distribution. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2021 from 1.984% to 2.055% per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2021. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the AMA Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 16 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return **
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

^{**10-}Year geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB asset was 7.45% as of June 30, 2020. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes STRS Ohio continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care plan investments of 7.45% was used to measure the total OPEB asset as of June 30, 2020.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate - The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2020, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45%, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.45%) or one percentage point higher (8.45%) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

			(Current		
	1%	Decrease	Disc	count Rate	19	% Increase
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$	837,834	\$	962,956	\$	1,069,117
	1%	Decrease		Current rend Rate	19	% Increase
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$	1,062,527	\$	962,956	\$	841,663

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 17 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to assigned or committed fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis);
- (d) Investments are reported at fair value (GAAP basis) as opposed to cost (budget basis); and,
- (e) Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

. .

	Ge	eneral fund
Budget basis	\$	281,148
Net adjustment for revenue accruals		(209,340)
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals		(129,340)
Net adjustment for other sources/uses		(4,470)
Funds budgeted elsewhere		(2,527)
Adjustment for encumbrances	_	180,319
GAAP basis	\$	115,790

Certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a GAAP basis. This includes the public school support fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 18 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Federal and State Grants

The District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2021.

B. Litigation

The District is involved in no material litigation as either plaintiff or defendant.

C. Foundation funding

Foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. Traditional districts must comply with minimum hours of instruction, instead of a minimum number of school days each year. The funding formula the Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to follow will continue to adjust as enrollment information is updated by the District, which can extend past the fiscal year-end. The District's September 3 and November 12, 2021 foundation settlement receipts included the FTE adjustments for fiscal year 2021. The September 3, 2021 adjustment was a decrease of \$1,746, and the November 12, 2021 adjustment was a decrease of \$9,719. Both amounts are not material to the financial statements and were not included in the financial statements as an intergovernmental payable as of June 30, 2021.

NOTE 19 - SET-ASIDE CALCULATIONS

The District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the year-end set-aside amounts for capital acquisition. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Capital	
	<u>Imp</u>	rovements
Set-aside balance June 30, 2020	\$	-
Current year set-aside requirement		186,726
Current year offsets		(215,009)
Total	\$	(28,283)
Balance carried forward to fiscal year 2022	\$	_
Set-aside balance June 30, 2021	\$	_

The District had current year offsets during the fiscal year that reduced the capital improvements set-aside amount below zero. However, this amount may not be used to reduce the set-aside requirements of future years.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 20 - OTHER COMMITMENTS

The District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the District's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Z	ear-End
<u>Fund</u>	Enc	umbrances
General	\$	100,161
Nonmajor governmental		1,554,589
Total	\$	1,654,750

NOTE 21 - CONTRACTUAL COMMITMENTS

As of June 30, 2021, the District had the following contractual commitments outstanding:

			Remaining	
	Total	Amount	Commitment	
Vendor	Contract	<u>Paid</u>	June 30, 2021	
Rupp Rosebrock Inc	\$ 1,456,894	\$ 74,282	\$ 1,382,612	

NOTE 22 – TAX ABATEMENTS ENTERED INTO BY OTHER GOVERNMENTS

Henry County provides tax abatements through Community Reinvestment Areas (CRAs) and Enterprise Zones (EZones).

<u>CRA</u> - Under the authority of Ohio Revised Code (ORC) Section 3735.67, the CRA program is an economic development tool administered by municipal and county governments that provides real property tax exemptions for property owners who renovate existing or construct new buildings. CRA's are areas of land in which property owners can receive tax incentives for investing in real property improvements. Under the CRA program, local governments petition to the Ohio Development Services Agency (ODSA) for confirmation of a geographical area in which investment in housing is desired. Once an area is confirmed by the ODSA, local governments may offer real property tax exemptions to taxpayers that invest in that area. Property owners in the CRA can receive temporary tax abatements for renovation of existing structures and new construction in these areas. Property owners apply to the local legislative authority for approval to renovate or construct in the CRA. Upon approval and certification of completion, the amount of the abatement is deducted from the individual or entity's property tax bill.

<u>EZone</u> - Under the authority of ORC Sections 5709.62 and 5709.63, the Ezone program is an economic development tool administered by municipal and county governments that provides real and personal property tax exemptions to businesses making investments in Ohio. An Ezone is a designated area of land in which businesses can receive tax incentives in the form of tax exemptions on qualifying new investment. An Ezone's geographic area is identified by the local government involved in the creation of the zone. Once the zone is defined, the local legislative authority participating in the creation must petition the OSDA. The OSDA must then certify the area for it to become an active Enterprise Zone. The local legislative authority negotiates the terms of the Enterprise Zone Agreement (the "Agreement") with the business, which may include tax sharing with the Board of Education. Legislation must then be passed to approve the Agreement. All Agreements must be finalized before the project begins and may contain provisions for the recoupment of taxes should the individual or entity fail to perform. The amount of the abatement is deducted from the business's property tax bill.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 22 - TAX ABATEMENTS ENTERED INTO BY OTHER GOVERNMENTS - (Continued)

The CRA and EZone agreements affect the property tax receipts collected and distributed to the District. During fiscal year 2021, the District's property tax revenues were reduced as a result of these agreements as follows:

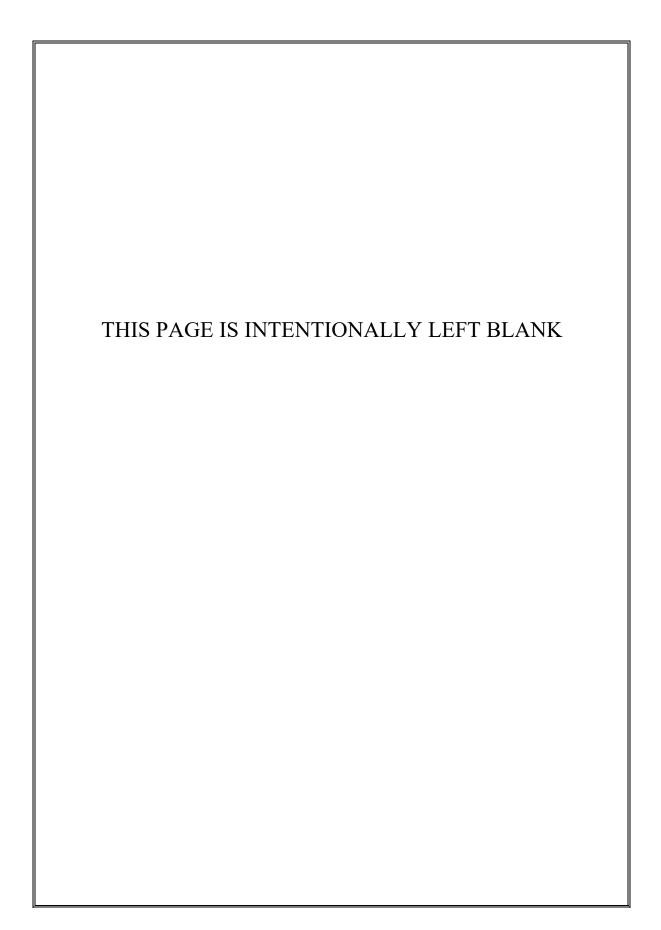
Tax Abatement Program	Taxe	es Abated
CRA	\$	1,791
EZone		3,649
Total	\$	5,440

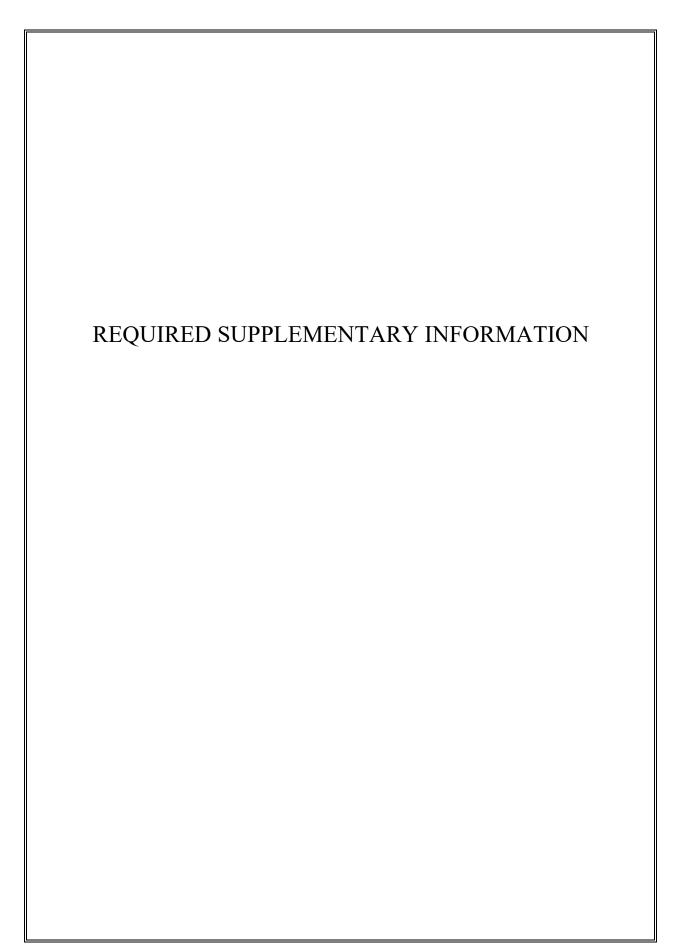
NOTE 23 - COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the District. The District's investment portfolio and the pension and other employee benefits plan in which the District participate fluctuates with market conditions, and due to market volatility, the amount of gains or losses that will be realized in subsequent periods, if any, cannot be determined. In addition, the impact on the District's future operating costs, revenues, and additional recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

NOTE 24 - SUBSEQUENT EVENT

For fiscal year 2022, District foundation funding received from the state of Ohio will be funded using a direct funding model. Under this new model, community school, STEM school and scholarship funding will be directly funded by the State of Ohio to the respective schools. For fiscal year 2021 and prior, the amounts related to students who were residents of the District were funded to the District who, in turn, made the payment to the respective school. For fiscal year 2021, the District reported \$125,326 in revenue and expenditures/expense related to these programs. This new funding system calculates a unique base cost and a unique "per-pupil local capacity amount" for each District. The District's state core foundation funding is then calculated. Any change in funding will be subject to a phase in percentage of 16.67 percent for fiscal year 2022 and 33.33 percent for fiscal year 2023.





SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS

	2021 2020			2020		2019		2018
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.05415830%		0.05555460%		0.05432182%		C	0.05273271%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	3,582,144	\$	3,323,929	\$	3,111,110	\$	3,150,662
District's covered payroll	\$	1,896,143	\$	1,604,059	\$	1,833,467	\$	1,680,250
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		188.92%		207.22%		169.68%		187.51%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		68.55%		70.85%		71.36%		69.50%

Note: Information prior to 2014 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

	2017	2016			2015	2014			
(0.05290717%	C	0.05355787%	0	0.05052379%	C	0.08544700%		
\$	3,872,319	\$	3,056,066	\$	2,556,991	\$	5,081,259		
\$	1,624,000	\$	1,712,686	\$	1,809,618	\$	1,738,866		
	238.44%		178.44%		141.30%		292.22%		
	62.98%		69.16%		71.70%		65.52%		

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS

	 2021	 2020		2019		2018
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.05479127%	0.05681477%		0.05614184%	,	0.05353513%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 13,257,538	\$ 12,564,245	\$	12,344,330	\$	12,717,385
District's covered payroll	\$ 7,180,479	\$ 6,388,864	\$	5,885,529	\$	5,412,671
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	184.63%	196.66%		209.74%		234.96%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	75.48%	77.40%		77.31%		75.30%

Note: Information prior to 2014 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

 2017	2016			2015		2014
0.05366880%	(0.05221670%	(0.05067302%	(0.08244441%
\$ 17,930,449	\$	14,431,169	\$	12,325,432	\$	23,887,397
\$ 5,890,650	\$	5,567,171	\$	5,597,008	\$	5,154,585
304.39%		259.22%		220.21%		463.42%
66.80%		72.10%		74.70%		69.30%

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	 2021	 2020	 2019	2018		
Contractually required contribution	\$ 306,583	\$ 265,460	\$ 216,548	\$	247,518	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (306,583)	 (265,460)	 (216,548)		(247,518)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 	\$		
District's covered payroll	\$ 2,189,879	\$ 1,896,143	\$ 1,604,059	\$	1,833,467	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	14.00%	14.00%	13.50%		13.50%	

 2017	2016		2015		2015		2014		2013		2014		2012		
\$ 235,235	\$	227,360	\$	225,732	\$	250,813	\$	240,659	\$	157,341					
 (235,235)		(227,360)		(225,732)		(250,813)		(240,659)		(157,341)					
\$ -	\$	_	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	_					
\$ 1,680,250	\$	1,624,000	\$	1,712,686	\$	1,809,618	\$	1,738,866	\$	1,169,822					
14.00%		14.00%		13.18%		13.86%		13.84%		13.45%					

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2021			2020	 2019	2018		
Contractually required contribution	\$	\$ 964,751		1,005,267	\$ 894,441	\$	823,974	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(964,751)		(1,005,267)	(894,441)		(823,974)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$ 	\$		
District's covered payroll	\$	6,891,079	\$	7,180,479	\$ 6,388,864	\$	5,885,529	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		14.00%		14.00%	14.00%		14.00%	

 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014		2013		2012
\$ 757,774	\$ 824,691	\$ 779,404	\$ 727,611	\$	670,096	\$	611,912
 (757,774)	 (824,691)	(779,404)	(727,611)		(670,096)		(611,912)
\$ _	\$ _	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	_
\$ 5,412,671	\$ 5,890,650	\$ 5,567,171	\$ 5,597,008	\$	5,154,585	\$	4,707,015
14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	13.00%		13.00%		13.00%

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS

		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.05642240%		(0.05675000%		0.05524088%	0.05345232%		(0.05290717%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	1,226,243	\$	1,427,143	\$	1,532,532	\$	1,434,519	\$	1,523,588
District's covered payroll	\$	1,896,143	\$	1,604,059	\$	1,833,467	\$	1,680,250	\$	1,624,000
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		64.67%		88.97%		83.59%		85.38%		93.82%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		18.17%		15.57%		13.57%		12.46%		11.49%

Note: Information prior to 2017 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY/ASSET STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS

		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset	0.05479127%		0.05681477%		0.05614184%		0.05353513%		(0.05356688%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/(asset)	\$	(962,956)	\$	(940,989)	\$	(902,142)	\$	2,088,743	\$	2,863,073
District's covered payroll	\$	7,180,479	\$	6,388,864	\$	5,885,529	\$	5,412,671	\$	5,890,650
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/asset as a percentage of its covered payroll		-13.41%		-14.73%		-15.33%		38.59%		48.60%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability/asset		182.10%		174.70%		176.00%		47.10%		37.30%

Note: Information prior to 2017 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2021			2020	 2019	2018		
Contractually required contribution	\$	38,282	\$	37,299	\$ 33,783	\$	26,201	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(38,282)		(37,299)	 (33,783)		(26,201)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$ 	\$		
District's covered payroll	\$	2,189,879	\$	1,896,143	\$ 1,604,059	\$	1,833,467	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		1.75%		1.97%	2.11%		1.43%	

 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013	 2012
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 38,696	\$ 26,554	\$ 26,814	\$ 6,814
 	 	 (38,696)	 (26,554)	 (26,814)	 (6,814)
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
\$ 1,680,250	\$ 1,624,000	\$ 1,712,686	\$ 1,809,618	\$ 1,738,866	\$ 1,169,822
0.00%	0.00%	2.26%	1.47%	1.54%	0.58%

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	 2021	 2020	 2019	 2018
Contractually required contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 <u> </u>	 	 <u> </u>	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
District's covered payroll	\$ 6,891,079	\$ 7,180,479	\$ 6,388,864	\$ 5,885,529
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013	 2012
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 55,970	\$ 51,546	\$ 47,070
 	 	 	 (55,970)	 (51,546)	 (47,070)
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ -	\$ -	\$ _
\$ 5,412,671	\$ 5,890,650	\$ 5,567,171	\$ 5,597,008	\$ 5,154,585	\$ 4,707,015
0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

PENSION

SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal years 2014-2017. For fiscal year 2018, SERS changed from a fixed 3% annual increase to a Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) based on the changes in the Consumer Price Index (CPI-W), with a cap of 2.5% and a floor of 0%. There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal years 2019-2021.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2014-2016. For fiscal year 2017, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%, (b) payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%, (c) assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%, (d) rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality among active members was updated to RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females, (f) mortality among service retired members and beneficiaries was updated to the following RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates and 110% of female rates, (g) mortality among disabled members was updated to RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement and (h) the discount rate was reduced from 7.75% to 7.50%. There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2018-2021.

STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal years 2014-2017. For fiscal year 2018, STRS decreased the Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) to zero. There were no changes in benefit terms from amounts previously reported for fiscal years 2019-2021.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2014-2017. For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumption affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the long-term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75% to 7.45%, (b) the inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75% to 2.50%, (c) the payroll growth assumption was lowered to 3.00%, (d) total salary increases rate was lowered by decreasing the merit component of the individual salary increases, in addition to a decrease of 0.25% due to lower inflation, (e) the healthy and disabled mortality assumptions were updated to the RP-2014 mortality tables with generational improvement scale MP-2016 and (f) rates of retirement, termination and disability were modified to better reflect anticipated future experience. There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2019-2021.

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal years 2017-2021.

(Continued)

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,2021

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2017. For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%, (b) payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%, (c) assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%, (d) rates of withdrawal, retirement, and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality among active members was updated to the following: RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age set-back for both males and females, (f) mortality among service retired members and beneficiaries was updated to the following: RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates, (g) mortality among disabled members was updated to the following: RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement, (h) the municipal bond index rate increased from 2.92% to 3.56% and (i) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation increased from 2.98% to 3.63%. For fiscal year 2019, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate increased from 3.63% to 3.70%, (b) the health care cost trend rates for Medicare were changed from a range of 5.50%-5.00% to a range of 5.375%-4.75% and Pre-Medicare were changed from a range of 7.50%-5.00% to a range of 7.25%-4.75%, (c) the municipal bond index rate increased from 3.56% to 3.62% and (d) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation increased from 3.63% to 3.70%. For fiscal year 2020, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate decreased from 3.70% to 3.22%, (b) the health care cost trend rates for Medicare were changed from a range of 5.375%-4.75% to a range of 5.25%-4.75% and Pre-Medicare were changed from a range of 7.25%-4.75% to a range of 7.00%-4.75%, (c) the municipal bond index rate decreased from 3.62% to 3.13% and (d) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation decreased from 3.70% to 3.22%. For fiscal year 2021, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate decreased from 3.22% to 2.63% and (b) the municipal bond index rate decreased from 3.13% to 2.45%.

STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2017. For fiscal year 2018, STRS reduced the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients from 2.1% to 1.9% per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 2019. For fiscal year 2019, STRS increased the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients from 1.9% to 1.944% per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased January 1, 2019 and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020. For fiscal year 2020, STRS increased the subsidy percentage from 1.944% to 1.984% effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021. For fiscal year 2021, the non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2021 from 1.984% to 2.055% per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2021. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the AMA Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2017. For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from 3.26% to 4.13% based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB), (b) the long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75% to 7.45%, (c) valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified, (d) the percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased and (e) the assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal and future health care cost trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs. For fiscal year 2019, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability/asset since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13% to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45% based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB) and (b) decrease in health care cost trend rates from 6.00%-11.00% initial; 4.50% ultimate down to Medical Pre-Medicare 6.00% and Medicare 5.00% initial; 4.00% ultimate and Prescription Drug Pre-Medicare 8.00% and Medicare (5.23%) initial; 4.00% ultimate. For fiscal year 2020, health care cost trend rates were changed to the following: medical pre-Medicare from 6.00% initial - 4.00% ultimate down to 5.87% initial -4.00% ultimate; medical Medicare from 5.00% initial - 4.00% ultimate down to 4.93% initial - 4.00% ultimate; prescription drug pre-Medicare from 8.00% initial - 4.00% ultimate down to 7.73% initial - 4.00% ultimate and (5.23%) initial - 4.00% ultimate up to 9.62% initial - 4.00% ultimate. For fiscal year 2021, health care cost trend rates were changed to the following: medical pre-Medicare from 5.87% initial - 4.00% ultimate down to 5.00% initial - 4.00% ultimate; medical Medicare from 4.93% initial - 4.00% ultimate down to 9.62% initial - 4.00% ultimate up to 11.87% initial - 4.00% ultimate.

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Child Nutrition Cluster: School Breakfast Program 10.553 248,902 COVID-19 Cash Assistance 10.553 249,902 COVID-19 Rural and Small Town School District 21.019 24.500 25.262 25.26	FEDERAL GRANTOR Pass Through Grantor Program / Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Provided Through to Subrecipients	Total Federal Expenditures
School Breakfast Program				
COVID-19 School Breakfast Program 10.553 2.140 51.042	Child Nutrition Cluster:			
Total School Breakfast Program 51,042	School Breakfast Program	10.553		\$48,902
National School Lunch Program: 10.555 299.271 Cash Assistance 10.555 24,693 Non-Cash Assistance (Food Distribution) 10.555 24,693 Non-Cash Assistance (Food Distribution) 353.038 Total National School Lunch Program 353.038 Total Child Nutrition Cluster 404,080 Total U.S. Department of Agriculture 404,080 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY 404,080 Passed Through Ohio Department of Education 21.019 4,500 COVID-19 BroadbandOhio Connectivity 21.019 54,782 Total Coronavirus Relief Fund 21.019 54,782 Total U.S. Department of Treasury 59,282 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION 25,282 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION 28,282 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION 28,282 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION 225,308 Passed Through Ohio Department of Education 59,282 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION 225,308 Special Education Cluster: 39,261 Special Education Cluster: 39,261 Special Education Crants to	COVID-19 School Breakfast Program	10.553		2,140
Cash Assistance 10.555 299.271 COVID-19 Cash Assistance (Food Distribution) 10.555 24,693 Non-Cash Assistance (Food Distribution) 10.555 29,074 Total National School Lunch Program 353,038 Total Child Nutrition Cluster 404,080 U.S. Department of Agriculture 404,080 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY Passed Through Ohio Department of Education 21.019 4,500 COVID-19 BroadbandOhio Connectivity 21.019 4,500 COVID-19 BroadbandOhio Connectivity 21.019 54,782 Total U.S. Department of Treasury 59,282 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed Through Ohio Department of Education 59,282 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed Through Ohio Department of Education 152,419 Special Education Cluster: Special Education Cluster: Special Education Cluster: 84.027 225,308 Special Education Cluster 5,563 5,563 Total Special Education Cluster 5,563 230,871 Improving Teacher Quality State Grants 84.367 44,391 Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program 84.	Total School Breakfast Program			51,042
COVID-19 Cash Assistance 10.555 24,693 Non-Cash Assistance (Food Distribution) 10.555 22,0774 Total National School Lunch Program 353,038	National School Lunch Program:			
Non-Cash Assistance (Food Distribution) 10.555 29,074 Total National School Lunch Program 353,038 353,038 Total Child Nutrition Cluster 404,080 404,	Cash Assistance	10.555		299,271
Total National School Lunch Program 353,038 Total Child Nutrition Cluster 404,080 Total U.S. Department of Agriculture 404,080 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY Passed Through Ohio Department of Education 4,500 Coronavirus Relief Fund COVID-19 BroadbandOhio Connectivity 21.019 4,500 COVID-19 Rural and Small Town School District 21.019 54,782 Total Coronavirus Relief Fund 59,282 Total U.S. Department of Treasury 59,282 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed Through Ohio Department of Education 152,419 Special Education Cluster: Special Education Cluster Special Education Clu	COVID-19 Cash Assistance	10.555		24,693
Total Child Nutrition Cluster 404,080 Total U.S. Department of Agriculture 404,080 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY Passed Through Ohio Department of Education 404,080 Coronavirus Relief Fund COVID-19 BroadbandOhio Connectivity 21.019 Squal and Small Town School District 21.019 54,782 4,500 54,782 Total Coronavirus Relief Fund 59,282 59,282 Total U.S. Department of Treasury 59,282 59,282 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed Through Ohio Department of Education 84.010 152,419 Special Education Cluster: Special Education Cluster: Special Education Cluster: Special Education Cluster: 84.027 \$25,308 \$25,663 225,308 \$25,663 5,563 Total Special Education Cluster 84.173 \$5,563 \$5,563 5,563 230,871 Improving Teacher Quality State Grants 84.367 \$44,391 44,391 Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program 84.424 \$12,831 12,831 COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund 84.425 \$81,484 81,484 Total U.S. Department of Education 5,563 \$81,277	Non-Cash Assistance (Food Distribution)	10.555		29,074
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture	Total National School Lunch Program			353,038
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY Passed Through Ohio Department of Education Coronavirus Relief Fund 21.019 4,500 COVID-19 Rural and Small Town School District 21.019 54,782 Total Coronavirus Relief Fund 59,282 Total U.S. Department of Treasury 59,282 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed Through Ohio Department of Education Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies 84.010 152,419 Special Education Cluster: Special Education Cluster: 225,308 Special Education_Grants to States 84.027 \$5,563 5,563 Total Special Education Cluster 5,563 230,871 Improving Teacher Quality State Grants 84.367 44,391 Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program 84.424 12,831 COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund 84.425 81,484 Total U.S. Department of Education	Total Child Nutrition Cluster			404,080
Coronavirus Relief Fund	Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			404,080
COVID-19 BroadbandOhio Connectivity 21.019 4,500 COVID-19 Rural and Small Town School District 21.019 54,782 Total Coronavirus Relief Fund 59,282 Total U.S. Department of Treasury 59,282 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed Through Ohio Department of Education 84.010 152,419 Special Education Cluster: Special Education Cluster: 225,308 Special Education_Grants to States 84.027 225,308 Special Education_Preschool Grants 84.173 \$5,563 5,563 Total Special Education Cluster 5,563 230,871 Improving Teacher Quality State Grants 84.367 44,391 Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program 84.424 12,831 COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund 84.425 81,484 Total U.S. Department of Education 5,563 581,277				
COVID-19 Rural and Small Town School District 21.019 54,782 Total Coronavirus Relief Fund 59,282 Total U.S. Department of Treasury 59,282 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed Through Ohio Department of Education 59,282 Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies 84.010 152,419 Special Education Cluster:	Coronavirus Relief Fund			
Total Coronavirus Relief Fund 59,282 Total U.S. Department of Treasury 59,282 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed Through Ohio Department of Education Second Education Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies 84.010 152,419 Special Education Cluster:	COVID-19 BroadbandOhio Connectivity	21.019		4,500
Total U.S. Department of Treasury 59,282 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed Through Ohio Department of Education Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies 84.010 152,419 Special Education Cluster: Special Education Grants to States Special Education_Preschool Grants 84.027 84.173 225,308 \$5,563 25,563 Total Special Education Cluster 5,563 230,871 Improving Teacher Quality State Grants 84.367 44,391 Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program 84.424 12,831 COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund 84.425 81,484 Total U.S. Department of Education 5,563 581,277	COVID-19 Rural and Small Town School District	21.019		54,782
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed Through Ohio Department of Education Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies 84.010 152,419 Special Education Cluster: 225,308 Special Education_Grants to States 84.027 225,308 Special Education_Preschool Grants 84.173 \$5,563 5,563 Total Special Education Cluster 5,563 230,871 Improving Teacher Quality State Grants 84.367 44,391 Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program 84.424 12,831 COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund 84.425 81,484 Total U.S. Department of Education 5,563 581,277	Total Coronavirus Relief Fund			59,282
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies 84.010 152,419 Special Education Cluster: 225,308 Special Education_Grants to States 84.027 225,308 Special Education_Preschool Grants 84.173 \$5,563 5,563 Total Special Education Cluster 5,563 230,871 Improving Teacher Quality State Grants 84.367 44,391 Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program 84.424 12,831 COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund 84.425 81,484 Total U.S. Department of Education 5,563 581,277	Total U.S. Department of Treasury			59,282
Special Education Cluster: 84.027 225,308 Special Education_Grants to States 84.027 5,563 25,308 Special Education_Preschool Grants 84.173 \$5,563 5,563 Total Special Education Cluster 5,563 230,871 Improving Teacher Quality State Grants 84.367 44,391 Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program 84.424 12,831 COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund 84.425 81,484 Total U.S. Department of Education 5,563 581,277				
Special Education_Grants to States 84.027 225,308 Special Education_Preschool Grants 84.173 \$5,563 5,563 Total Special Education Cluster 5,563 230,871 Improving Teacher Quality State Grants 84.367 44,391 Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program 84.424 12,831 COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund 84.425 81,484 Total U.S. Department of Education 5,563 581,277	Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies	84.010		152,419
Special Education_Preschool Grants 84.173 \$5,563 5,563 Total Special Education Cluster 5,563 230,871 Improving Teacher Quality State Grants 84.367 44,391 Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program 84.424 12,831 COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund 84.425 81,484 Total U.S. Department of Education 5,563 581,277	Special Education Cluster:			
Total Special Education Cluster 5,563 230,871 Improving Teacher Quality State Grants 84.367 44,391 Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program 84.424 12,831 COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund 84.425 81,484 Total U.S. Department of Education 5,563 581,277	•	84.027		225,308
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants 84.367 44,391 Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program 84.424 12,831 COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund 84.425 81,484 Total U.S. Department of Education 55,563 581,277	Special Education_Preschool Grants	84.173	\$5,563	5,563
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program 84.424 COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund 84.425 81,484 Total U.S. Department of Education 5,563 581,277	Total Special Education Cluster		5,563	230,871
COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund 84.425 81,484 Total U.S. Department of Education 5,563 581,277	Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367		44,391
Total U.S. Department of Education 5,563 581,277	Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424		12,831
·	COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund	84.425		81,484
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards \$5,563 \$985,358	Total U.S. Department of Education		5,563	581,277
	Total Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$5,563	\$985,358

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Liberty Center Local School District, Henry County, Ohio (the District) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2021. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the District.

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE C - INDIRECT COST RATE

The District has elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE D - SUBRECIPIENTS

The District passes certain federal awards received from the Ohio Department of Education (ODE) to other governments or not-for-profit agencies (subrecipients). As Note B describes, the District reports expenditures of Federal awards to subrecipients when paid in cash.

As a subrecipient, the District has certain compliance responsibilities, such as monitoring its subrecipients to help assure they use these subawards as authorized by laws, regulations, and the provisions of contracts or grant agreements, and that subrecipients achieve the award's performance goals.

NOTE E - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the District assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE F - FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the entitlement value. The District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.

NOTE G - TRANSFERS BETWEEN PROGRAM YEARS

Federal regulations require schools to obligate certain federal awards by June 30. However, with Ohio Department of Education's consent, schools can transfer unobligated amounts to the subsequent fiscal year's program. The District transferred the following amounts from 2021 to 2022 programs:

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE G - TRANSFERS BETWEEN PROGRAM YEARS - (Continued)

	<u>CFDA</u>		<u>Amt.</u>
Program Title	<u>Number</u>	<u>Tra</u>	nsferred
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	\$	18,651
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	\$	2,916
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	\$	2,034



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Liberty Center Local School District Henry County 100 Tiger Trail Liberty Center, Ohio 43532-0434

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Liberty Center Local School District, Henry County, Ohio (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 27, 2022, wherein we noted the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures which may impact subsequent periods of the District.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the District's financial statements. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

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Liberty Center Local School District
Henry County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
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Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the financial statements. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

January 27, 2022



88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 ContactUs@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO THE MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Liberty Center Local School District Henry County 100 Tiger Trail Liberty Center, Ohio 43532-0434

To the Board of Education:

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

We have audited Liberty Center Local School District, Henry County, Ohio's (the District) compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect Liberty Center Local School District's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2021. The *Summary of Auditor's Results* in the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the District's major federal program.

Management's Responsibility

The District's Management is responsible for complying with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the District's compliance for the District's major federal program based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). These standards and the Uniform Guidance require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on the District's major program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

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Liberty Center Local School District
Henry County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to the Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over
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Opinion on the Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Liberty Center Local School District complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control over compliance tests and the results of this testing based on Uniform Guidance requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

January 27, 2022

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 JUNE 30, 2021

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Child Nutrition Cluster
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 750,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR § 200.520?	No

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

3. FINDINGS FOR FEDERAL	VINVEDE
	AWANDO

None

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LIBERTY CENTER LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

HENRY COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 2/10/2022

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370