MUSKINGUM WATERSHED CONSERVANCY DISTRICT TUSCARAWAS COUNTY, OHIO

REGULAR AUDIT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021





88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 IPAReport@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

Board of Directors Muskingum Watershed Conservancy District 1319 3rd Street NW New Philadelphia, Ohio 44663

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Muskingum Watershed Conservancy District, Tuscarawas County, prepared by Rea & Associates, Inc., for the audit period January 1, 2021 through December 31, 2021. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Muskingum Watershed Conservancy District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

May 09, 2022



Muskingum Watershed Conservancy District Tuscarawas County, Ohio Table of Contents

December 31, 2021

Independent Auditor's Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4
Basic Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Fund	14
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position –	
Proprietary Fund	15
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Fund	17
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	18
Required Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of the Conservancy District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	54
Schedule of the Conservancy District's Contributions - Pension	55
Schedule of the Conservancy District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability/ (Asset)	56
Schedule of the Conservancy District's Contributions - OPEB	57
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information	58
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed	
in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	60





Independent Auditor's Report

Muskingum Watershed Conservancy District Tuscarawas County 1319 3rd Street NW New Philadelphia, OH 44663

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Muskingum Watershed Conservancy District (the Conservancy District), Tuscarawas County, Ohio, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Conservancy District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the Muskingum Watershed Conservancy District, Tuscarawas County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2021, and the changes in financial position and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* (Government Auditing Standards) issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Conservancy District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Conservancy District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Muskingum Watershed Conservancy District Independent Auditor's Report Page 2 of 3

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Conservancy District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant
 accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the
 financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Conservancy District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and pension and other post-employment benefit schedules, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied

Muskingum Watershed Conservancy District Independent Auditor's Report Page 3 of 3

certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 22, 2022 on our consideration of the Conservancy District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Conservancy District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Conservancy District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Lea & Associates, Inc.

Rea & Associates, Inc. New Philadelphia, Ohio April 22, 2022

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

The discussion and analysis of the Muskingum Watershed Conservancy District's (the "Conservancy District") financial performance provides an overall review of the Conservancy District's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2021. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Conservancy District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the Conservancy District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for 2021 are as follows:

- Net position increased \$14,450,764 as a result of current year operations.
- Outstanding debt decreased from \$580,745 to \$503,326 through principal payments.
- Capital Assets increased \$5,619,787 as a result of an increase in park master planning projects.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts – required supplementary information, the basic financial statements, and notes to the basic financial statements. These statements are organized so that the reader can understand the financial position of the Conservancy District. The statement of net position represents the basic statement of position for the Conservancy District. The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position present increases (e.g. revenues) and decreases (e.g. expenses) in net total position. The statement of cash flows reflects how the Conservancy District finances and meets its cash flow needs. Finally, the notes to the basic financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided on the basic financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CONSERVANCY DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

The Conservancy District is not required to present government-wide financial statements as the Conservancy District is engaged in only business-type activities. Therefore, no condensed financial information derived from government-wide financial statements is included in the discussion and analysis.

The following tables represent the Conservancy District's condensed financial information for 2021 and 2020 derived from the statement of net position and the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position.

	2021	2020
Assets		
Current and Other Assets	78,361,525	75,848,891
Capital Assets, Net	189,769,396	184,149,609
Total Assets	268,130,921	259,998,500
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
OPEB	469,894	1,195,451
Pensions	1,059,038	1,658,426
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,528,932	2,853,877
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities	2,988,466	3,165,887
Long-Term Liabilities	9,610,667	19,848,231
	12,599,133	23,014,118
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
OPEB	3,004,508	1,231,635
Pensions	3,625,569	2,626,745
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	6,630,077	3,858,380
Net Position		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	188,328,636	182,228,174
Restricted	14,608,605	11,557,807
Unrestricted	47,493,402	42,193,898
Total Net Position	250,430,643	235,979,879

The net pension liability (NPL) is the largest single liability reported by the Conservancy District at December 31, 2021 and is reported pursuant to GASB Statement 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27*. The net other postemployment benefits (OPEB) asset is reported pursuant to GASB Statement 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the Conservancy District's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability and the net OPEB asset to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB 45) focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's *net pension liability* or *net OBEP liability*. GASB 68 and GASB 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

GASB 68 and GASB 75 require the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability/asset to equal the Conservancy District's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service
- 2 Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the Conservancy District is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio Revised Code permits but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan as against the public employer. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

liability is satisfied, this liability is separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, the Conservancy District's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset, respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

During 2021, net position increased \$14,450,764 which is attributable to increases in the capital assets resulting from the park master plan implementation and significant decreases in the net OPEB liability.

Capital assets increased due to many ongoing and completed construction projects. 50 projects were completed during 2021, the largest of which were Tappan Marina Renovations, Atwood Campground Phase II, Seneca Marina Campground Phase II, Pleasant Hill Campground Phase III, and Charles Mill Campground Phase III. As the final stages of the Park Master Plan are underway and more of the extensive park projects have been completed, there was a significant decrease in construction in progress in 2021. At December 31, 2021, construction in progress was approximately \$7.07 million.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

In order to further understand what makes up the changes in net position for the current year, the following table gives readers further details regarding the results of activities for 2021 and 2020.

	2021	2020
Operating Revenues		
Timber Sales	\$ 302,842	\$ 301,058
Pine-Pulpwood Sales	71,949	104,765
Mineral Rights and Royalties	11,829,151	9,357,536
Share Crop Lease	148,227	164,483
Cottage Sites	3,152,455	3,081,380
Marina Operations	2,651,088	2,636,003
Fishing Rights	62,647	62,646
Marina Camping	552,421	476,289
Water Sales	200,519	288,074
Beach Facilities	198,886	172,433
Water and Sewer Systems	107,476	111,498
Vacation Cabin	860,779	629,099
Park Camping	8,710,757	6,412,511
Admissions - park facilities	233,085	275,180
Special Events	204,610	9,814
Miscellaneous Income	220,809	401,695
Total Operating Revenues	\$29,507,701	\$24,484,464

Muskingum Watershed Conservancy District Tuscarawas County, Ohio Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	2021	2020
Operating Expenses		
Water Sales	\$ -	\$ 67,500
Water quality	631,539	581,772
Water Resources/Flood Control	586,894	-
Vehicles and equipment	597,504	361,898
Dam Safety/Upgrades	524,900	490,610
Boundary survey	25,838	93,196
Conservation	96,449	174,259
Reservior Maintenance	51,001	43,830
Information Systems/Technology	493,796	703,375
Shoreline Protection	33,300	263,646
Share crop	38,680	42,556
Mineral operation	86,733	284,627
Watershed management	568,394	525,043
Beach facilities	110,087	127,688
Office building	213,953	253,557
Administrative and finance	1,527,159	2,762,078
Engineering	336,478	300,079
Planning and development	83,142	220,195
GIS and Parcel Development	9,934	240,954
Forestry maintenance	114,520	265,449
Park camping	2,009,319	2,904,894
Park Master Planning	1,448,908	2,177,095
Cottage sites and clubs	780,204	1,444,585
General park facilities	1,945,441	3,951,472
Vacation cabin	344,171	215,686
Marina operation	1,397,430	1,954,931
Water and sewer system	395,250	760,595
Lake patrol operation	456,870	716,404
Education and public information	195,190	109,942
Safety	121,950	181,558
Recreation maintenance	36,696	16,899
Parks - special events	148,388	53,354
Partners in Watershed Management	511,243	1,968,247
Sediment Removal	-	67,968
Depreciation	8,761,900	7,480,891
Total Operating Expenses	24,683,261	31,806,833
- p	,	
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ 4,824,440	\$(7,322,369)

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	2021	2020
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		
Captial Contributions	\$ 936,000	\$ -
Maintenance assessments	6,184,214	5,986,634
Grants	2,835,368	4,379,378
Interest on investments	(292,117)	2,029,896
Debt retirement - Interest	(37,141)	(46,860)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	9,626,324	12,349,048
Change in Net Position	\$ 14,450,764	\$ 5,026,679

The overall increase in operating revenue is a combination of increases in oil and gas activity and park camping activity. Due to various global factors, there was an easement of COVID restrictions during 2021 which resulted in economic growth and development and a greater demand for oil compared to 2020. Though commodity prices have not returned to their pre-COVID prices, the rise in the current year led to approximately \$2.4 million increase of mineral rights and oil revenues in 2021. Activity in the parks and marinas remained strong. There was record attendance for park camping and with the easement of COVID restrictions, special events such as the Fall Festival and Alive were held again during 2021.

Most operating expenses trended down in 2021:

- Many accounts decreased due to the significant fluctuation in the OPEB liability.
 Administrative and finance, park master planning, and general park facilities expenses had the most impact. Of the approximate \$3.9 million change in those accounts between 2021 and 2020, about \$3.02 million was due to the decrease in the OPEB liability.
- Partners in Watershed Management (PWM) decreased approximately \$1.4 million or 74% during 2021 and is a result of the timing of requests for reimbursement through this program and a reduction in the amount of grants awarded. PWM grants are typically funded at approximately \$500,000 \$750,000 per year, however, in 2020 grant awards were \$1.1 million due to budget availability and project requests received. Grant awards in 2021 were \$770,000.
- Depreciation expense increased approximately \$1.2 million in 2021 due to the completion of several large park master planning projects totaling about \$30 million.

Grant revenue decreased \$1.5 million due to the receipt of \$2,000,000 from a Clean Ohio grant for the purchase of land at Wills Creek in 2021 compared to the \$4,000,000 Clean Ohio grant received in 2020. Interest on investments fluctuated due to a fair market value adjustment to properly reflect market conditions.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of 2021 the Conservancy District had \$189,769,396 of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation. The following table shows 2021 balances compared with 2020:

	2021	 2020
Land	\$ 12,273,475	\$ 8,797,691
Capitalized Development Costs	1,189,495	1,189,495
Construction in Progress	7,075,336	27,540,660
Land Improvements	69,529,705	60,532,284
Buildings	38,547,725	29,643,262
Building Improvements	2,943,617	2,983,201
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	2,765,456	2,797,752
Vehicles	257,587	293,234
Infrastructure	55,187,000	 50,372,030
Totals	\$ 189,769,396	\$ 184,149,609

Additional information on the Conservancy District's capital assets can be found in Note 5.

Debt

The outstanding debt for the Conservancy District as of December 31, 2021 was \$503,326 with \$80,457 due within one year. The following table summarizes the Conservancy District's debt outstanding as of December 31, 2021 and 2020:

	2021	2020
OWDA #2162 - 5.56%	\$ 94,559	\$ 128,898
OWDA #5413 - 0%	75,556	85,000
OWDA #5575 - 3.25%	318,829	350,914
OWDA #5558 - 3.25%	14,382	15,933
Totals	\$ 503,326	\$ 580,745

Additional information on the Conservancy District's long-term debt can be found in Note 10.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

CURRENT ISSUES

The Utica shale activity in Ohio has presented the Conservancy District with opportunities to utilize its natural resources. As of December 31, 2021, the Conservancy District received royalties from ninety-two (92) producing Utica wells and further income in the form of delay rental payments for non-producing acreage. Oil and gas leases covering Leesville, Clendening, and Seneca reservoirs currently have producing wells and development around these reservoirs is expected to continue into 2022 and beyond. With over 15,000 additional acres available for lease in key areas of the Utica Shale, the Conservancy District will continue to evaluate and analyze future opportunities to participate in responsible development and recovery of its resources.

The Utica shale activity has allowed the Conservancy District to fund significant upgrades to the parks and marinas it owns and operates. Phase 1 of the park master plan is complete as of December 31, 2021, which featured major upgrades to its campgrounds and related infrastructure. The 2021 season was the first since the master plan began where there were no significant construction projects impacting the recreation season at the parks, and the Conservancy District received over \$13.8 million in revenue, which was a record setting year. The Conservancy District is looking to build on that in 2022. As of December 31, 2021, the Conservancy District has received over \$1 million in reservations for the 2022 season. Phase II of the park master plan is underway which had an allocation of an additional \$65 million. Phase II of the master plan will include additional marina and campground improvements with an emphasis on amenities within our facilities. Phase II of the master plan will continue for the next several years. The master plan budget for 2022 is over \$13 million.

In 2022, the Conservancy District will be embarking on an update to its strategic plan which will set the course for the next three to five years. As the park master planning projects begin to wind down over the next several years, the Conservancy District has looked to add an emphasis to its conservation efforts. During 2021, the Conservancy District broke out conservation to its own department and hired a Chief of Conservation. A separate strategic plan will be completed in 2022 focusing on conservation which will be worked into the overall strategic plan.

Trails in and around our facilities are another area of focus for the Conservancy District in 2021 and moving forward. Two new trails will be available for public use, the Atwood North Shore trail, which was completed in 2021 and allows trail access from the Atwood North Shore Cottage area to the park and the Atwood Cemetery Bay trail, which will be complete in the first quarter of 2022. The Atwood Cemetery Bay trail connects the park to State Route 542. The Conservancy District also hired a Trails Coordinator and a Trails Technician in 2021, and the focus will be to grow and maintain the network of trails in and around the Conservancy District. The Board of Directors approved an allocation of \$1.5 million of the 2022 Utica Shale royalty dollars to fund trail initiatives.

In 2021, the Conservancy District acquired an additional 934 acres of land at the Wills Creek reservoir that are contiguous with the previous acquisition of 1,827 acres in 2020. This land was acquired through a partnership with the Western Reserve Land Conservancy and was funded through the Clean Ohio Funding Green Space Conservation Program administered through the Ohio Public Works Commission. This land will continue to be used for numerous conservation, recreation and public use benefits.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Beginning with the 2015 collection year, the Board of Directors approved a 50% reduction in the maintenance assessment collections. This continued again for the 2021 collection year and into 2022. This assessment generates nearly \$6 million to be reinvested into projects and initiatives outlined in the Amendment to the Official Plan. Projects of significance in 2021 were a continuation of the dredge project at Seneca Reservoir. Over \$1.5 million was spent in 2021, this project removed over 85,000 cubic yards from Seneca reservoir. The Conservancy District continued its support for local community projects through the Partners in Watershed Management program. In 2021, over \$680,000 was spent through this program and the budget for 2022 is \$1.4 million. For fiscal year 2022, \$7.7 million has been allocated in the budget in the Maintenance Assessment fund.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, investors and creditors with a general overview of the Conservancy District's finances and to show the Conservancy District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact James Crandall of the Muskingum Watershed Conservancy District.

Muskingum Watershed Conservancy District Tuscarawas County, Ohio Statement of Net Position

Statement of Net Positior Proprietary Fund December 31, 2021

Assets	
Current Assets:	Ф 7 0 5 00 000
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments Cash with Fiscal Agent	\$ 70,502,232 5,000,543
Accrued Interest	2,180
Accounts Receivable	776,062
Prepaids	30,421
Maintenance Assessments Receivable	1,095,392
Total Current Assets	77,406,830
Non-Current Assets:	
Net OPEB Asset	954,695
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets	20,538,306
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	169,231,090
Total Non-Current Assets	190,724,091
Total Assets	268,130,921
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
OPEB	469,894
Pension	1,059,038
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,528,932
1.51.990	
Liabilities Current Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable	269,315
Contracts Payable	435,260
Retainage Payable	373,049
Performance Bond Payable	106,698
Due to Other Governments	83,802
Accrued Wages and Benefits	169,969
Accrued Interest Payable	100
Accrued Life Insurance	18,903
Claims Payable	209,000
Advances	1,010,216
Compensated Absences Capital Leases Payable	150,754 80,943
OWDA Loans Payable	80,457
Total Current Liabilities	2,988,466
Total Current Elabilities	2,000,400
Long-Term Liabilities:	
Compensated Absences - net of current portion	1,057,572
Capital Leases Payable - net of current portion	151,771
OWDA Loans Payable - net of current portion	422,869
Net Pension Liability	7,978,455
Total Long-Term Liabilities	9,610,667
Total Liabilities	12,599,133
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
OPEB	3,004,508
Pension	3,625,569
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	6,630,077
Net Position	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	188,328,636
Restricted for Maintenance Assessment	14,608,605
Unrestricted	47,493,402
Total Net Position	\$ 250,430,643

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Muskingum Watershed Conservancy District Tuscarawas County, Ohio Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Operating Revenues	
Water Sales	\$ 200,519
Water and sewer systems	107,476
Timber sales	302,842
Pine/pulpwood sales	71,949
Mineral rights and royalties	11,829,151
Share crop lease	148,227
Cottage sites	3,152,455
Marina operations	2,651,088
Marina camping	552,421
Fishing rights	62,647
Beach facilities	198,886
Vacation cabin	860,779
Park camping	8,710,757
Parks - Special events	204,610
Admissions - park facilities	233,085
Miscellaneous income	 220,809
Total Operating Revenues	29,507,701
Outside Superior	
Operating Expenses	004 500
Water Quality	631,539
Water Resources/Flood Control	586,894
Vehicles and equipment	597,504
Dam safety/upgrades	524,900
Boundary survey	25,838
Conservation	96,449
Reservior Maintenance	51,001
Information Systems/Technology	493,796
Shoreline Protection	33,300
Share crop	38,680
Mineral operation	86,733
Watershed management	568,394
Beach facilities	110,087
Office building	213,953
Administrative and finance	1,527,159
Engineering	336,478
Planning and development	83,142
GIS and Parcel Development	9,934
Forestry maintenance	114,520
Park camping expense	2,009,319
Park Master Planning	1,448,908
Contage sites and clubs	780,204
General park facilities	1,945,441
Vacation cabin	344,171
Marina operation	1,397,430

Muskingum Watershed Conservancy District Tuscarawas County, Ohio Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Water and sewer system Lake patrol operation Education and public information Safety Recreation maintenance Parks - special events Partners in Watershed Management (PWM)	\$ (Continued) 395,250 456,870 195,190 121,950 36,696 148,388 511,243
Depreciation	8,761,900
Total Operating Expenses	24,683,261
Operating Income	4,824,440
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses) Capital Contributions Maintenance assessments Grants Interest on investments Debt retirement - Interest	 936,000 6,184,214 2,835,368 (292,117) (37,141)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	9,626,324
Change in Net Position	14,450,764
Net Position - Beginning of Year	 235,979,879
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 250,430,643

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Muskingum Watershed Conservancy District Tuscarawas County, Ohio Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Cash flows from Operating Activities: Cash Received from Customers	\$ 30,020,318
Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services	(12,313,067
Cash Payments for Employees Services and Benefits	(10,213,263
Net Cash Provided (Used) For Operating Activities	7,493,988
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:	
Principal Payments on OWDA Loans	(10,995
ntergovernmental Grants	19,681
Maintenance Assessments	3,962,994
Interest Paid on Debt	(466
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities	3,971,214
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:	(40.705.00)
Acquisition of Capital Assets	(13,735,291
Maintenance Assessments	2,215,265
Intergovernmental Grants Principal Payments on OWDA Loans	2,815,687 (66,424
Principal Payments on Capital Leases	(104,583
Interest Paid on Debt	(36,675
Net Cash Provided (Used) for Capital and Related Financing Activities	(8,912,021
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:	
Receipts of Interest	946,963
Payments for purchase of investments	(43,918,80
Proceeds from Sale of Investments	40,690,699
Net Cash Provided (Used) for Investing Activities	(2,281,13
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	272,042
Cash and Cash Equivalents Beginning of Year	6,969,11
Cash and Cash Equivalents End of Year	\$ 7,241,159
Reconciliation of Operating Gain To Net	
Cash Used by Operating Activities:	
Operating Income	\$ 4,824,440
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to	
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:	
Depreciation	8,761,900
(Increase) Decrease in Assets and Deferred Outflows:	507.00
Capitalized Costs	587,28
Accounts Receivable	101,260
Prepaids Net OPEB Asset	9,679 (954,699
Deferred Outflows	1,324,94
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities and Deferred Inflows:	1,024,040
Accounts Payable	(207,68
Performance Bond Payable	(16,35
Escrow Funds Payable	7,89
Advances	411,350
Claims Payable	(27,00
Accrued Wages and Benefits	36,38
Accrued Life Insurance	14,64
Compensated Absences	80,560
Due to Other Governments	2,658
Net OPEB Liability	(7,432,83
Net Pension Liability	(2,802,14
Deferred Inflows	2,771,69
25.5.154 11.116415	\$ 7,493,988
Net Cash Provided (Used) for Operating Activities	
Net Cash Provided (Used) for Operating Activities Reconciliation of cash and investments reported on the	
Net Cash Provided (Used) for Operating Activities	
Net Cash Provided (Used) for Operating Activities Reconciliation of cash and investments reported on the Statement of Net Position to cash and cash equivalents reported on the Statement of Cash Flows:	\$ 75 502 77
Net Cash Provided (Used) for Operating Activities Reconciliation of cash and investments reported on the Statement of Net Position to cash and cash equivalents	\$ 75,502,77: (68,261,61

Noncash Capital Financing Activities:
During 2021, \$149,288 of capital assets were acquired on capital leases.
During 2021, \$936,000 of capital assets were acquired through capital contributions.

At December 31, 2021, the Conservancy District purchased \$808,309 in capital assets on account.

At December 31, 2020, the Conservancy District purchased \$1,236,966 in capital assets on account.

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE 1: NATURE OF BASIC OPERATIONS AND DESCRIPTION OF ENTITY

The Muskingum Watershed Conservancy District was created as a separate political subdivision by the Ohio Legislature in 1933. The Muskingum Watershed Conservancy District (the "Conservancy District") was created in accordance with Chapter 6101 of the Ohio Revised Code which is concerned with the formation and governing of conservancy districts. The Conservancy District operates under an elected conservancy court consisting of eighteen court of common pleas judges, with one judge serving on the court from each county. Muskingum Watershed Conservancy District had a five-member Board of Directors in 2021 appointed by the court. All other officers and employees are hired in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 6101 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Conservancy District is a separate governmental entity within the eighteen county area served by the Conservancy District.

2021 Board of Directors:

Gordon Maupin – President
 Clark Sprang – Vice President
 James Gresh – Member
 Joanne Limbach – Member
 Robert Moorehead – Member
 Term Expires July 2022
 Term Expires July 2022
 Term Expires June 2023
 Term Expires August 2026

2021 Officers:

- Craig Butler Executive Director/Secretary
- James L. Crandall Chief Financial Officer/Treasurer

Services provided by the Conservancy District are defined in detail in the Ohio Conservancy District Act and Chapter 6101.04 of the Ohio Revised Code and include among other duties the following:

- (A) Preventing Floods
- (B) Regulating stream channels by changing, widening, and deepening the same
- (C) Providing a water supply for domestic, industrial, and public use
- (D) Providing for the collection and disposal of sewage and other liquid waste
- (E) Regulating the flow of streams and conserving their waters

The Conservancy District manages fourteen reservoirs and receives income from the following operations and other sources:

- (A) Park camping
- (B) Rental of sites for cottages
- (C) Sale of crops
- (D) Sale of timber and pulpwood
- (E) Boat marina rentals and docking
- (F) Assessment
- (G) Oil and Gas royalties
- (H) Water Sales

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE 1: NATURE OF BASIC OPERATIONS AND DESCRIPTION OF ENTITY (continued)

Subdistricts:

Chippewa Subdistrict, Black Fork Subdistrict, Buffalo Subdistrict, and Duck Creek Subdistrict are blended component units of Muskingum Watershed Conservancy District. Each subdistrict was formed in accordance with Chapter 6101.71 of the Ohio Revised Code; Organization of subdistricts. They were put into action as a result of petitions of the owners of real property within their areas. To date the only active subdistricts are the Chippewa Subdistrict, Black Fork Subdistrict, and the Clear Fork Subdistrict. The current status of the Chippewa Subdistrict is to maintain and upgrade the dams and channels. In May of 2011, with work beginning in 2012, the Conservancy District Board of Directors, at the request of Shelby City officials, re-activated the Black Fork Subdistrict for the purpose of preparing an Official Plan, as required by the Ohio Revised Code, to address flooding within the Black Fork watershed. During 2018, a plan was developed that met the cost/benefit requirements contained in the ORC and significantly reduced the impacts of the 100-year flood, however. Shelby officials requested that the project be halted due to lack of public support and the project is currently suspended. In June of 2014, the Conservancy Court established the Clear Fork Subdistrict based on the request by several municipalities and stakeholders along the Clear Fork, in order to address localized frequent flooding. Based on the analysis and work performed the cost of the strategies exceeded the benefits and the Subdistrict will not move forward. Buffalo Creek Subdistrict, Clear Fork Subdistrict, and Duck Creek Subdistrict are inactive.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Conservancy District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to local governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the Conservancy District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Basis of Presentation

The Conservancy District uses the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

The Conservancy District operates as a self-supporting governmental enterprise and uses accounting polices applicable to governmental enterprise funds.

B. Measurement Focus

The enterprise fund is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets, deferred outflows of resources, all liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the Conservancy District are included on the statement of net position. The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the Conservancy District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its enterprise activity.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

C. Budgetary Process

Budget:

The Conservancy District's annual budget of revenues, expenses, and capital expenditures is prepared under the cash basis of accounting. The budget is adopted by resolution of the Board of Directors. The Conservancy District utilizes such budget and related budgetary accounting to ensure that: (1) service objectives are attained, (2) expenditures are properly controlled; and (3) adequate resources will be available to finance current operations and meet capital outlay requirements.

Because the Conservancy District's revenues and expenses may fluctuate, a flexible-rather than fixed-dollar budget is utilized to permit budgetary revision. Actual results of operations are compared to the final revised budget of the Conservancy District for the year.

Appropriations:

The annual appropriation measure is passed on or before the last meeting of the year in December, for the period January 1 to December 31 of the following year. The appropriation measure may be amended or supplemented by the board. The total amount appropriated from any fund for any year shall not exceed the sum of the unencumbered balance in the fund at the beginning of the year and the amounts to be received during such year from bonds authorized, and special assessments imposed prior to their appropriation, together with all other moneys estimated to be received by the fund during the year. At the close of each calendar year, all unencumbered balance of appropriations shall revert to the funds from which they were made and shall be subject to re-appropriation.

Encumbrances:

The Conservancy District is required to use the encumbrance method of accounting by virtue of Ohio Law. Under this system, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded in order to reserve the portion of the applicable appropriation. At the close of the calendar year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriations. The encumbered appropriation balance is carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be re-appropriated.

D. Property Assets/Depreciation

Capital Assets are defined by the Conservancy District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000. The capitalization threshold for building improvements is \$10,000 and for infrastructure and land improvements is \$25,000.

Property, plant and equipment acquired by the Conservancy District are stated at cost (or estimated historical cost), including architectural and engineering fees where applicable. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition value as of the date received.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

All reported capital assets are required to be depreciated except for land, construction in progress, and capitalized development costs. Depreciation has been provided using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives
Land Improvements	20 - 25 Years
Buildings	30 - 50 Years
Building Improvements	10 - 20 Years
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	3 - 15 Years
Vehicles	3 - 5 Years
Infrastructure	20 - 50 Years
Land	N/A
Construction in Progress	N/A
Capitalized Development Costs	N/A

E. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The Conservancy District records a liability for all accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is an estimate based on the Conservancy District's past experience of making termination payments.

F. Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability/asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB systems report investments at fair value.

G. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Restricted for maintenance assessment represents the net position of the maintenance assessment fund, which are restricted by the official plan as to how it can be used.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

The Conservancy District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

H. Revenue & Expenses

Operating revenues consist primarily of fees for services, rents and charges for use of Conservancy District facilities, oil and gas royalties, and other income. Operating expenses include the cost of providing these services, including administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets.

Non-operating revenues and expenses are all revenues and expenses not meeting the definition of operating revenues and expenses. Non-operating revenues include intergovernmental grants, interest from investments, capital contributions, and maintenance assessment. Non-operating expenses include interest expense on long-term debt.

I. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. The Conservancy District has deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB. See notes 7 and 8 for additional information.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Conservancy District has deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB. See notes 7 and 8 for additional information.

J. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Directors and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. During 2021, the Conservancy District had no extraordinary or special items.

K. Implementation of New Accounting Policies

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the Conservancy District has implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 93, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates* and GASB Statement No. 98, *The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report*.

GASB Statement No. 93 addresses accounting and financial reporting effects that result from the replacement of interbank offered rates (IBORs) with other reference rates in order to preserve the reliability, relevance, consistency, and comparability of reported information. The implementation of certain provisions (all except for paragraphs 13 and 14, which are effective for fiscal years

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

beginning after June 15, 2021), of GASB Statement No. 93 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Conservancy District.

GASB Statement No. 98 establishes the term annual comprehensive financial report and its acronym ACFR. That new term and acronym replace instances of comprehensive annual financial report and its acronym in generally accepted accounting principles for state and local governments. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 98 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Conservancy District.

L. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, all cash received by the district is pooled except for funds received in the maintenance assessment fund. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the Conservancy District records. For financial statement purposes, this is presented as Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments.

The Conservancy District established a partnership with the Ohio Water Development Authority by establishing an Interest Subsidy Program. This program will buy down interest for communities within the jurisdictional boundary of the Conservancy District and will contribute to improved water quality throughout the region and promote economic development. The monies are held separate from the Conservancy District's central bank account and are reflected in the financial statements as Cash with Fiscal Agent.

M. Statement of Cash Flows

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents are defined as cash and any investment with an original maturity of 3 months or less. As of December 31, 2021, none of the Conservancy District's investments qualified as a cash equivalent.

N. Advances

The Conservancy District records unearned revenue when it has received moneys prior to having earned the revenue, or before all grant requirements have been met (other than time). At December 31, 2021 unearned revenue consisted of \$1,010,216 of moneys received in advance for reservations in our parks and marinas for 2022.

O. Reserve Account Balances

As part of the Conservancy District's strategic plan, there was an initiative to optimize fiscal balance. Therefore, in 2017, the Board of Directors approved a Deep Shale Royalty Revenue distribution plan which was renewed in 2021 and called for the creation of two reserve funds. One operational reserve fund which has a balance of approx. \$15.7 million, and a capital reserve fund which has a balance of approx. \$18.1 million as of December 31, 2021.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE 3: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the Conservancy District into three categories:

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the Conservancy District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Conservancy District has identified as not required for use within the current five-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Protection of the Conservancy District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), or by the financial institutions participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States treasury notes, bills, bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal or interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 4. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions; and
- 5. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAROhio and Star Plus).

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE 3: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

6. Certain bankers' acceptances for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed two hundred and seventy days in an amount not to exceed 40 percent of the interim moneys available for investment at any time, provided no more than 5% of interim deposits available for investment are invested in any one issuer.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the Conservancy District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Deposits with Financial Institutions

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Conservancy District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At December 31, 2021, \$1,861,295 of the Conservancy District's total bank balance of \$4,483,502 was exposed to custodial credit risk because those deposits were uninsured and uncollateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the government's name. The Conservancy District's financial institutions participate in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS) and one institution was approved for a reduced collateral floor of 50 percent resulting in the uninsured and uncollateralized balance.

The Conservancy District has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits be insured or be protected by: Eligible securities specifically pledged to the Conservancy District and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose market value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of deposits being secured; or

Participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the local market value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State.

Cash on Hand

As of December 31, 2021, the Conservancy District had \$10,292 of cash on hand.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE 3: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Investments

As of December 31, 2021, the Conservancy District had the following investments and maturities:

		Investment Maturities			
	Measurement	6 Months	7 to 12	13 to 24	More than
Investment Type	Value	or Less	Months	Months	24 Months
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	\$ 4,405,097	\$ 3,035,200	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,369,897
Federal National Mortgage Association	1,716,744	-	-	-	1,716,744
Federal Home Loan Bank	11,705,172	-	2,026,190	-	9,678,982
Federal Farm Credit Bank	7,057,816	-	508,058	1,037,224	5,512,534
Farmer Mac	2,023,566	2,023,566	-	-	-
Municipal Bonds	16,265,757	4,543,499	1,812,944	3,428,552	6,480,762
Money Market	708,158	708,158	-	-	-
Treasury Bonds	11,862,754	2,962,638	1,557,996	2,329,512	5,012,608
Negotiable CDs	10,016,605	1,733,304	1,711,498	2,215,240	4,356,563
Commercial Paper	2,499,947	2,499,947	-	-	<u>-</u>
	\$68,261,616	\$17,506,312	\$7,616,686	\$9,010,528	\$34,128,090

The Conservancy District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs. Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The above table identifies the Conservancy District's recurring fair value measurements as of December 31, 2021. All investments of the Conservancy District are valued using quoted market prices (Level 2 inputs).

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to state law, the Conservancy District's investment policy limits portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk: The FHLMC, FNMA, FHLB, FFCB, Farmer Mac and Treasuries all have Aaa or AA+ ratings from Moody's and S&P respectively. Nearly all of the securities carry the Aaa rating, which is the highest on the respective scales from Moody's. The Commercial paper is rated A-1, which is the highest rating on the scale for short term debt. Most of the municipal bond anticipation notes, and the money market funds are not rated by Moody's. The CDs are not rated by Moody's but are covered under the issuing bank FDIC.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE 3: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of failure of the counterparty, the Conservancy District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Conservancy District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in the State statute that prohibits payment for the investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The Conservancy District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage to total of each investment type as of December 31, 2021.

	Fair		Percent of
Investment Type		Value	Total
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation		4,405,097	6%
Federal National Mortgage Association		1,716,744	3%
Federal Home Loan Bank		11,705,172	17%
Federal Farm Credit Bank		7,057,816	10%
Farmer Mac		2,023,566	3%
Municipal Bonds		16,265,758	24%
Money Market	708,157		1%
Treasury Bonds		11,862,754	17%
Negotiable CDs		10,016,605	15%
Commercial Paper		2,499,947	4%
	\$	68,261,616	100%

The following is the net increase in the fair value of investments during for year ending December 31, 2021.

Fair Value of Investments December 31, 2021	\$ 68,261,616
Add: Proceeds of investments sold in 2021	40,690,699
Less: Cost of investments purchased in 2021	(43,918,801)
Less: Fair value at December 31, 2020	(66,272,346)
Change in fair value of investments	\$ (1,238,832)

NOTE 4: RECEIVABLES

Receivables at December 31, 2021 consisted of accounts (billed user charged services) and delinquent maintenance assessments. All receivables are deemed collectible in full.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE 5: CAPITAL ASSETS

Proprietary capital assets – summary by category at December 31, 2021:

	12/31/2020	Adds	Deletions	12/31/2021
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated				
Land	\$ 8,797,691	\$ 3,475,784	\$ -	\$ 12,273,475
CIP	27,540,660	9,829,535	(30,294,859)	7,075,336
Capitalized Development Costs	1,189,495			1,189,495
Total Capital Assets Not Depreciated	37,527,846	13,305,319	(30,294,859)	20,538,306
Capital Assets Being Depreciated				
Land Improvements	69,386,369	12,471,090	-	81,857,459
Buildings	36,712,415	9,778,862	-	46,491,277
Building Improvements	4,715,899	147,024	-	4,862,923
FFE	10,364,889	956,445	(107,053)	11,214,281
Vehicles	2,529,207	108,294	(77,754)	2,559,747
Infrastructure	60,665,926	7,935,773	<u> </u>	68,601,699
Total Capital Assets being				
depreciated	184,374,705	31,397,488	(184,807)	215,587,386
Less Accumulated Depreciation				
Land Improvements	(8,854,085)	(3,473,669)	_	(12,327,754)
Buildings	(7,069,153)	(874,399)	_	(7,943,552)
Building Improvements	(1,732,698)	(186,608)	_ _	(1,919,306)
FFE	(7,567,137)	(968,293)	86,605	(8,448,825)
Vehicles	(2,235,973)	(138,130)	71,943	(2,302,160)
Infrastructure	(10,293,896)	(3,120,803)	-	(13,414,699)
	(10,200,000)	(0,120,000)		(10,111,000)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(37,752,942)	(8,761,902)	158,548	(46,356,296)
Total Capital Assets being depreciated,				
net	146,621,763	22,635,586	(26,259)	169,231,090
Captial Assets, net	\$ 184,149,609	\$ 35,940,905	\$ (30,321,118)	\$ 189,769,396

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE 6: RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Comprehensive Liability Insurance

The Conservancy District belongs to the Ohio Plan Risk Management, Inc. (OPRM) (the "Plan"), a non-assessable, unincorporated non-profit association providing a formalized, jointly administered self-insurance risk management program and other administrative services to Ohio governments ("Members"). The Plan is legally separate from its member governments.

Pursuant to Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code, the plan provides property, liability, errors and omissions, law enforcement, automobile, excess liability, crime, surety and bond, inland marine and other coverages to its members sold through fourteen appointed independent agents in the State of Ohio.

OPRM coverage programs are developed specific to each member's risk management needs and the related premiums for coverage are determined through the application of uniform underwriting criteria addressing the member's exposure to loss. Effective November 1, 2017, the OPRM retained 47% of the premium losses on the first \$250,000 casualty treaty and 30% of the first \$1,000,000 property treaty. The OPRM is also participating in a property primary excess of loss treaty. This treaty reimburses the OPRM 30% for losses between \$200,000 and \$1,000,000. The reimbursement is based on the amount of loss between \$200,000 and \$1,000,000. Effective November 1, 2018, the OPRM's property retention remained unchanged, however, the Plan assumed 100% of the first \$250,000 casualty treaty. Effective November 1, 2019, the OPRM's property retention increased from 30% to 33%, while the casualty treaty remains unchanged and still assumes 100% of the first \$250,000 casualty treaty. Effective November 1, 2020, the OPRM's property retention increased from 33% to 55%, while the casualty treaty remains unchanged and still assumes 100% of the first \$250,000 casualty treaty. Members are only responsible for their self-retention (deductible) amounts, which vary from member to member. OPRM had 771 members as of December 31, 2020.

Plan members are responsible to notify the Plan of their intent to renew coverage by their renewal date. If a member chooses not to renew with the Plan, they have no other financial obligation to the Plan, but still need to promptly notify the Plan of any potential claims occurring during their membership period. The former member's covered claims, which occurred during their membership period, remain the responsibility of the Plan.

Settlement amounts did not exceed insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years. There has been no significant reductions in coverage from the prior year.

The Pool's audited financial statements conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and equity at December 31, 2020 (the latest information available).

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE 6: RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

2020

Assets \$18,826,974

Liabilities <u>(13,530,267)</u>

Members' Equity \$ 5,296,707

You can read the complete audited financial statements for OPRM at the Plan's website, www.ohioplan.org.

B. Self-insurance

Muskingum Watershed Conservancy District has a self-funded health insurance plan administered by third party administrator Aultcare. The 2020 plan year runs June 1, 2020 through May 31, 2021. The 2021 plan period runs June 1, 2021 through December 31, 2021. The Conservancy District has two plan options, the traditional (Plan A) and one with a higher deductible (Plan B).

The monthly premiums for 2020 and 2021 for the traditional plan (Plan A) for a single employee are \$599.39, \$1,249.06 for an employee plus 1, and for the family of an employee is \$1,933.08. The monthly premium for Plan B for a single employee is \$462.09, \$959.29 for an employee plus one, and for the family of an employee is \$1,483.43.

The overall stop loss for the plan year 2020 is \$1,851,405 and for plan year 2021 is \$1,043,439.

The specific stop loss per occurrence was \$65,000 for plan years 2020 and 2021. In plan years 2020 and 2021 there were two instances with a special specific deductible in the amount of \$555,000 and \$80,000. There was one claim exceeding the limit for plan year 2020. When the Conservancy District pays claims or reimburses employees for medical bills in excess of the limits they are reimbursed by Aultcare Insurance Company for both 2020 and 2021 plan years.

The claims liability of \$209,000 at December 31, 2021, is based on an estimate provided by the third party administrator and the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 30 which requires that a liability for unpaid claim costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not reported claims, be reported. The estimate was not affected by incremental claim adjustment expenses and does not include other allocated or unallocated claim adjustment expenses. Changes in claims liability for 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE 6: RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

	Balance nning of Year	Y	Current ear Claims	Claims S Payments		Balance End of Year	
2020	\$ 194,802	\$	1,817,019	\$	1,775,821	\$	236,000
2021	\$ 236,000	\$	1,799,212	\$	1,826,212	\$	209,000

NOTE 7- DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

Net Pension Liability/Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

Pensions and OPEB are components of exchange transactions - between an employer and its employees - of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions and OPEB are provided to an employee - on a deferred-payment basis - as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

The net pension liability and the net OPEB liability (asset) represent the Conservancy District's proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the Conservancy District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The Conservancy District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the Conservancy District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio Revised Code

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE 7- DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide health care to eligible benefit recipients.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension liability* and *net OPEB liability* (asset). Any liability for the contractually-required pension/OPEB contributions outstanding at the end of the year is included in due to other governments.

The remainder of this note includes the pension disclosures. See Note 8 for the OPEB disclosures.

Plan Description – Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Conservancy District employees participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The traditional pension plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan, and the combined plan is a combination cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit/defined contribution pension plan. While members (e.g. Conservancy District employees) may elect the member-directed plan and the combined plan, substantially all employee members are in OPERS' traditional plan; therefore, the following disclosure focuses on the traditional pension plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to members of the traditional plan. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about OPERS' fiduciary net position that may be obtained by visiting https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml, by writing to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling 800-222-7377.

Senate Bill (SB) 343 was enacted into law with an effective date of January 7, 2013. In the legislation, members were categorized into three groups with varying provisions of the law applicable to each group. The following table provides age and service requirements for retirement and the retirement formula applied to final average salary (FAS) for the three member groups under the traditional plan as per the reduced benefits adopted by SB 343 (see OPERS ACFR referenced above for additional information, including requirements for reduced and unreduced benefits):

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE 7- DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

Group A

Eligible to retire prior to January 7, 2013 or five years after January 7, 2013

State and Local

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit

Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30

Public Safety

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 48 with 25 years of service credit or Age 52 with 15 years of service credit

Law Enforcement

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 52 with 15 years of service credit

Public Safety and Law Enforcement

Formula

2.5% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 25 years and 2.1% for service years in excess of 25

Group B

20 years of service credit prior to January 7, 2013 or eligible to retire ten years after January 7, 2013

State and Local

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit

Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30

Public Safety

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 48 with 25 years of service credit or Age 52 with 15 years of service credit

Law Enforcement

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 48 with 25 years of service credit or Age 52 with 15 years of service credit

Public Safety and Law Enforcement

Formula

2.5% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 25 years and 2.1% for service years in excess of 25

Group C

Members not in other Groups and members hired on or after January 7, 2013

State and Local

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 57 with 25 years of service credit or Age 62 with 5 years of service credit

Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 35 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 35

Public Safety

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 52 with 25 years of service credit or Age 56 with 15 years of service credit

Law Enforcement

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 48 with 25 years of service credit or Age 56 with 15 years of service credit

Public Safety and Law Enforcement

Formula:

2.5% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 25 years and 2.1% for service years in excess of 25

Final average salary (FAS) represents the average of the three highest years of earnings over a member's career for Groups A and B. Group C is based on the average of the five highest years of earnings over a member's career.

Members who retire before meeting the age and years of service credit requirement for unreduced benefits receive a percentage reduction in the benefit amount. The initial amount of a member's pension benefit is vested upon receipt of the initial benefit payment for calculation of an annual cost-of-living adjustment.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE 7- DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

When a benefit recipient has received benefits for 12 months, current law provides for an annual cost-of-living adjustment (COLA). This COLA is calculated on the original base retirement benefit at the date of retirement and is not compounded. For those who retired prior to January 7, 2013, the COLA is 3 percent. For those retiring on or after January 7, 2013, beginning in calendar year 2019, current law provides that the COLA will be based on the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index (CPI), capped at 3 percent.

Beginning in 2022, the Combined Plan will be consolidated under the Traditional Pension Plan (defined benefit plan) and the Combined Plan option will no longer be available for new hires beginning in 2022.

Funding Policy - Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

	State and Local		Public Safety		Law Enforcement
2021 Statutory Maximum Contribution Ra	tes				
Employer	14.00	%	18.10	%	18.10 %
Employee	10.00	%	*		**
2021 Actual Contribution Rates					
Employer: Pension	14.00	0/_	18.10	0/_	18.10 %
Post-Employment Health Care Benefits		% <u>%</u>	0.00	% %	0.00 %
Total Employer	14.00	<u>%</u>	18.10	%	<u>18.10 %</u>
Employee	10.00	<u>%</u>	12.00	%	13.00 %

^{*} This rate is determined by OPERS' Board and has no maximum rate established by ORC.

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The Conservancy District's contractually required contribution was \$1,059,038 for 2021. Of this amount, \$82,082 is reported as due to other governments.

^{**} This rate is also determined by OPERS' Board, but is limited by ORC to not more than 2 percent greater than the Public Safety rate.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE 7- DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability for OPERS was measured as of December 31, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Conservancy District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the Conservancy District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	 OPERS
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability:	 _
Current Measurement Period	0.053880%
Prior Measurement Period	 0.054542%
Change in Proportion	-0.000662%
Proportionate Share of the Net	
Pension Liability	\$ 7,978,455
Pension Expense	\$ (144,891)

Other than contributions made subsequent to the measurement date and differences between projected and actual earnings on investments; deferred inflows/outflows of resources are recognized in pension expense beginning in the current period, using a straight line method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining services lives of all employees that are provided with pensions, determined as of the beginning of the measurement period. Net deferred inflows/outflows of resources pertaining to the differences between projected and actual investment earnings are similarly recognized over a closed five year period. At December 31, 2021, the Conservancy District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE 7- DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

	OPERS
Deferred Outflows of Resources	_
Conservancy District Contributions Subsequent	
to the Measurement Date	\$ 1,059,038
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 1,059,038
Deferred Inflows of Resources Differences between Expected and	
Actual Experience	\$ 333,745
Net Difference between Projected and Actual	
Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	3,109,770
Changes in Proportionate Share and	
Differences in Contributions	 182,054
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 3,625,569

\$1,059,038 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from Conservancy District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending December 31, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending December 31:			OPERS
2022	\$	5	(1,464,134)
2023			(469,663)
2024			(1,267,647)
2025			(424,125)
	9	}	(3,625,569)

Actuarial Assumptions - OPERS

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the values of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020, using the following key actuarial assumptions and methods applied to all prior periods included in the measurement in accordance with the requirements of GASB 67.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE 7- DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results, prepared as of December 31, 2020 are presented below.

Actuarial Information	Traditional Pension Plan
Wage Inflation	3.25 percent
Future Salary Increases, including wage inflation	3.25 percent to 10.75 percent (including wage inflation)
Investment Rate of Return	
Current Measurement Date	7.20 percent
Prior Measurement Date	7.20 percent
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age
Cost-of-Living	Pre-1/7/2013 Retirees: 3.00 percent Simple
Adjustments	Post-1/7/2013 Retirees: 0.50 percent Simple through 2021, then 2.15 percent Simple

In October 2020, the OPERS Board adopted a change in COLA for post-January 7, 2013 retirees, changing it from 1.4 percent simple through 2020 then 2.15 simple to 0.5 percent simple through 2021 then 2.15 percent simple.

Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Employees mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the RP-2014 Disabled mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to all of the above described tables.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended December 31, 2015.

The allocation of investment assets with the Defined Benefit portfolio is approved by the Board of Trustees as outlined in the annual investment plan. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined benefit pension plans. The long-term expected rate of return on defined benefit investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE 7- DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return were provided by the Board's investment consultant. For each major asset class that is included in the Defined Benefit portfolio's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2020, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

		Weighted Average Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real Rate of Return
Asset Class	Allocation	(Arithmetic)
Fixed Income	25.00 %	1.32 %
Domestic Equities	21.00	5.64
Real Estate	10.00	5.39
Private Equity	12.00	10.42
International Equities	23.00	7.36
Other Investments	9.00	4.75
Total	100.00 %	<u>5.43</u> %

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.20 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Conservancy District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents the Conservancy District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.20 percent and the Conservancy District's proportionate share of the net pension liability if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower (6.20 percent) or one percent higher (8.20 percent) than the current rate:

	Current					
	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase	
Conservancy District's Proportionate Share of the	<u> </u>			_		_
Net Pension Liability	\$	15,218,945	\$	7,978,455	\$	1,957,999

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE 7- DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

Changes between Measurement Date and Report Date During 2021, the OPERS Board lowered the investment rate of return from 7.2 percent to 6.9 percent along with certain other changes to assumptions for the actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021. The effects of these changes are unknown.

NOTE 8 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS

See Note 7 for a description of the net OPEB liability (asset).

Plan Description – Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

OPERS administers three separate pension plans: the traditional pension plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; the member-directed plan, a defined contribution plan; and the combined plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

OPERS maintains a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care trust, which funds multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage and deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement (HRA) to qualifying benefit recipients of both the traditional pension and the combined plans. Currently, Medicare-eligible retirees are able to select medical and prescription drug plans from a range of options and may elect optional vision and dental plans. Retirees and eligible dependents enrolled in Medicare Parts A and B have the option to enroll in a Medicare supplemental plan with the assistance of the OPERS Medicare Connector. The OPERS Medicare Connector is a relationship with a vendor selected by OPERS to assist retirees, spouses and dependents with selecting a medical and pharmacy plan. Monthly allowances, based on years of service and the age at which the retiree first enrolled in OPERS coverage, are deposited into an HRA. For non-Medicare retirees and eligible dependents, OPERS sponsors medical and prescription coverage through a professionally managed self-insured plan. An allowance to offset a portion of the monthly premium is offered to retirees and eligible dependents. The allowance is based on the retiree's years of service and age when they first enrolled in OPERS coverage.

Medicare-eligible retirees who choose to become re-employed or survivors who become employed in an OPERS-covered position are prohibited from participating in an HRA. For this group of retirees, OPERS sponsors secondary coverage through a professionally managed self-insured program. Retirees who enroll in this plan are provided with a monthly allowance to offset a portion of the monthly premium. Medicare-eligible spouses and dependents can also enroll in this plan as long as the retiree is enrolled.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE 8 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (continued)

OPERS provides a monthly allowance for health care coverage for eligible retirees and their eligible dependents. The base allowance is determined by OPERS.

The heath care trust is also used to fund health care for member-directed plan participants, in the form of a Retiree Medical Account (RMA). At retirement or separation, member directed plan participants may be eligible for reimbursement of qualified medical expenses from their vested RMA balance.

Effective January 1, 2022, OPERS will discontinue the group plans currently offered to non-Medicare retirees and re-employed retirees. Instead, eligible non-Medicare retirees will select an individual medical plan. OPERS will provide a subsidy or allowance via an HRA allowance to those retirees who meet health care eligibility requirements. Retirees will be able to seek reimbursement for plan premiums and other qualified medical expenses. These changes are reflected in the December 31, 2020, measurement date health care valuation.

In order to qualify for postemployment health care coverage, age and service retirees under the traditional pension and combined plans must have twenty or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit with a minimum age of 60, or generally 30 years of qualifying service at any age. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. Current retirees eligible (or who become eligible prior to January 1, 2022) to participate in the OPERS health care program will continue to be eligible after January 1, 2022. Eligibility requirements will change for those retiring after January 1, 2022, with differing eligibility requirements for Medicare retirees and non-Medicare retirees. The health care coverage provided by OPERS meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement 75. See OPERS' Annual Comprehensive Financial Report referenced below for additional information.

The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require OPERS to provide health care to its eligible benefit recipients. Authority to establish and amend health care coverage is provided to the Board in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Disclosures for the health care plan are presented separately in the OPERS financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by visiting https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml, by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling (614) 222-5601 or 800-222-7377.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority allowing public employers to fund postemployment health care through their contributions to OPERS. When funding is approved by OPERS' Board of Trustees, a portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside to fund OPERS health care plans. Beginning in 2018, OPERS no longer allocated a portion of its employer contributions to health care for the traditional plan and the combined plan.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE 8 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (continued)

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the earnable salary of active members. In 2021, state and local employers contributed at a rate of 14.0 percent of earnable salary and public safety and law enforcement employers contributed at 18.1 percent. These are the maximum employer contribution rates permitted by the Ohio Revised Code. Active member contributions do not fund health care.

Each year, the OPERS Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside to fund health care plans. For 2021, OPERS did not allocate any employer contribution to health care for members in the Traditional Pension Plan and Combined Plan. The OPERS Board is also authorized to establish rules for the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries to pay a portion of the health care provided. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected. The employer contribution as a percentage of covered payroll deposited into the RMA for participants in the member-directed plan for 2021 was 4.0 percent.

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The Conservancy District's contractually required contribution was \$0 for 2021.

OPEB Liability (Asset), OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability (asset) and total OPEB liability for OPERS were determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2020, by incorporating the expected value of health care cost accruals, the actual health care payment, and interest accruals during the year. The Conservancy District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) was based on the Conservancy District's share of contributions to the retirement plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

	OPERS
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset):	 _
Current Measurement Period	0.053587%
Prior Measurement Period	 0.053812%
Change in Proportion	 -0.000225%
Proportionate Share of the Net	
•	
OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ (954,695)
OPEB Expense	\$ (5,889,100)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE 8 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (continued)

At December 31, 2021, the Conservancy District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		OPERS
Deferred Outflows of Resources	'	
Changes of Assumptions	\$	469,341
Changes in Proportionate Share and		
Differences in Contributions		553
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	469,894
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between Expected and		
Actual Experience	\$	861,606
Net Difference between Projected and Actual		
Earnings on OPEB Plan Investments		508,484
Changes of Assumptions		1,546,892
Changes in Proportionate Share and		
Differences in Contributions		87,526
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	3,004,508

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending December 31:	OPERS
2022	\$ (1,357,512)
2023	(896,219)
2024	(220,967)
2025	(59,916)
	\$ (2,534,614)

Actuarial Assumptions - OPERS

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the values of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of coverage provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of costs between OPERS and plan members. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2020. The

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE 8 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (continued)

actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions applied to all prior periods included in the measurement in accordance with the requirements of GASB 74:

Wage Inflation 3.25 percent

Projected Salary Increases, 3.25 percent to 10.75 percent (includes

Including Inflation wage inflation at 3.25 percent)

Single Discount Rate:

Current Measurement Date 6.00 percent Prior Measurement Date 3.16 percent

Investment Rate of Return

Current Measurement Date 6.00 percent Prior Measurement Date 6.00 percent

Municipal Bond Rate

Current Measurement Date 2.00 percent Prior Measurement Date 2.75 percent

Health Care Cost Trend Rate

Current Measurement Date 8.50 percent, initial, 3.50 percent ultimate in 2035 Prior Measurement Date 10.50 percent, initial, 3.50 percent ultimate in 2030

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal

Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Employees mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Postretirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Postretirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the RP-2014 Disabled mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to all of the above described tables.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended December 31, 2015.

The allocation of investment assets within the Health Care portfolio is approved by the Board of Trustees as outlined in the annual investment plan. Assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of continuing to offer a sustainable health care program for current and future retirees. OPERS' primary goal is to achieve and maintain a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined pension plans. Health care is a discretionary benefit. The

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE 8 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (continued)

long-term expected rate of return on health care investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic rates of return were provided by OPERS investment consultant.

For each major asset class that is included in the Health Care's portfolio's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2020, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

		Weighted Average Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real Rate of Return
Asset Class	Allocation	(Arithmetic)
Fixed Income	34.00 %	1.07 %
Domestic Equities	25.00	5.64
Real Estate Investment Trusts	7.00	6.48
International Equities	25.00	7.36
Other Investments	9.00	4.02
Total	100.00 %	<u>4.43</u> %

Discount Rate A single discount rate of 6.00 percent was used to measure the total OPEB liability on the measurement date of December 31, 2020. A single discount rate of 3.16 percent was used to measure the total OPEB liability on the measurement date of December 31, 2019. Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present value using a single discount rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments (to the extent that the health care fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate are not met). This single discount rate was based on an expected rate of return on the health care investment portfolio of 6.00 percent and a municipal bond rate of 2.00 percent (Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index"). The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the health care fiduciary net position and future contributions were sufficient to finance health care costs through 2120. As a result, the actuarial assumed long-term expected rate of return on health care investments was applied to projected costs through the year 2120, the duration of the projection period through which projected health care payments are fully funded.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE 8 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (continued)

Sensitivity of the Conservancy District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents the Conservancy District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) calculated using the single discount rate of 6.00 percent and the Conservancy District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower (5.00 percent) or one percent higher (7.00 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Decrease	Dis	count Rate	1	% Increase
Conservancy District's Proportionate Share of the		_				
Net OPEB (Asset)	\$	(237,390)	\$	(954,695)	\$	(1,544,377)

Sensitivity of the Conservancy District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate Changes in the health care cost trend rate may also have a significant impact on the net OPEB liability (asset). The following table presents the net OPEB liability (asset) calculated using the assumed trend rates, and the expected net OPEB liability (asset) if it were calculated using a health care cost trend rate that is 1.0 percent lower or 1.0 percent higher than the current rate.

Retiree health care valuations use a health care cost-trend assumption that changes over several years built into the assumption. The near-term rates reflect increases in the current cost of health care; the trend starting in 2021 is 8.50 percent. If this trend continues for future years, the projection indicates that years from now virtually all expenditures will be for health care. A more reasonable alternative is that in the not-too-distant future, the health plan cost trend will decrease to a level at, or near, wage inflation. On this basis, the actuaries project premium rate increases will continue to exceed wage inflation for approximately the next decade, but by less each year, until leveling off at an ultimate rate, assumed to be 3.50 percent in the most recent valuation.

				Current					
	1%	Decrease	Т	rend Rate	19	6 Increase			
Conservancy District's Proportionate Share of the		_		_		_			
Net OPEB (Asset)	\$	(977,963)	\$	(954,695)	\$	(928,663)			

Changes between Measurement Date and Report Date During 2021, the OPERS Board made various changes to assumptions for the actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021. The effects of these changes are unknown.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE 9: LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

The Conservancy District is involved in litigation in the normal course of business. Although the eventual outcome of these matters cannot be predicted, it is the opinion of management that the ultimate liability is not expected to have a material effect on the Conservancy District's financial position.

NOTE 10: LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The changes in the Conservancy District's long-term obligations during the fiscal year 2021 were as follows:

OWDA #2162 - 5.56%	\$ 128,898	\$ 0	\$ (34,339)	\$ 94,559	\$ 36,275
OWDA #5413 - 0%	85,000	0	(9,444)	75,556	9,444
OWDA #5575 - 3.25%	350,914	0	(32,085)	318,829	33,136
OWDA #5558 - 3.25%	15,933	0	(1,551)	14,382	1,602
Total	580,745	-	(77,419)	503,326	80,457
Other Long Term Obligations:					
Capital Leases	204,656	149,288	(121,230)	232,714	80,943
Net OPEB Liability - See note 8	7,432,835	0	(7,432,835)	-	0
Net Pension Liability - See note 7	10,780,596	0	(2,802,141)	7,978,455	0
Compensated Absences	1,127,766	223,524	(142,964)	1,208,326	150,754
Total other long-term obligations	19,545,853	372,812	(10,499,170)	9,419,495	231,697
					·
Total Long-Term Liabilities:	\$ 20,126,598	\$ 372,812	\$(10,576,589)	\$ 9,922,821	\$312,154

Ohio Water Development Authority Loans

In 1999, the Conservancy District was awarded a loan (#2162) from the Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA) in the amount of \$550,692. The proceeds of this loan are for the construction of a 75,000 and 10,000 gallon water tank. Also, a 3,807 linear feet of 6" water line and 3,676 linear feet of 4" water line are being constructed with these proceeds. All construction is at Tappan Lake Park. This loan agreement has a term of twenty-five years and matures July 1, 2024. Principal and interest payments are due January 1 and July 1, annually.

In 2009 the Conservancy District was awarded a loan (#5413) from OWDA in the amount of \$188,884. The proceeds of this loan were used for painting of a water tower. The loan is interest-free and matures on January 1, 2030.

In 2010, the Conservancy District was awarded a loan (#5575) from OWDA in the amount of \$637,001 for improvements to the Sites Lake Cottage Area wastewater treatment plant. The loan has an interest rate of 3.25 percent and matures on July 1, 2030.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE 10: LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

The Conservancy District was awarded a \$30,065 loan from OWDA (#5558) in 2010 for an abandoned water well capping project. The loan has an interest rate of 3.25 percent and matures on January 1, 2030.

The annual requirements to retire debt are as follows:

	Ohio Water												
	De	velopment A	∖utho	ority Loans									
	I	Principal		Interest									
2022		80,457		15,310									
2023		83,640		12,126									
2024		66,458		8,791									
2025		47,709		7,022									
2026		48,963		5,768									
2027-2030		176,099		9,710									
	\$	503,326	\$	58,727									

In the event of default, as defined by each OWDA loan agreement, the lender may declare the full amount of the unpaid Project Participation Principal amount immediately due and payable and require the Conservancy District to pay any fines or penalties with accrued interest. The Conservancy District loans with OWDA are not collateralized.

NOTE 11: CAPITAL LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

The Conservancy District has entered into capitalized leases for the acquisition of vehicles and equipment. These leases meet the criteria of a capital lease as they transfer benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee.

The assets acquired by the leases have been capitalized in the amount of \$621,399, which is equal to the present value of the future minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition. Accumulated depreciation was \$329,772 as of December 31, 2021, leaving a current book value of \$291,627. A corresponding liability is recorded and is reduced for each required principal payment.

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the capital leases and the present value of the minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2021:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE 11: CAPITAL LEASES – LESSEE DISCLOSURE (continued)

		Cap	oital Leases
Fiscal Year Ending December 31:	2022	\$	102,148
	2023		75,145
	2024		56,030
	2025		29,917
	2026		18,330
Less: amount representing interest at the Conse District's incremental borrowing rate of interest	rvancy		(48,856)
District of more manual soft owning rate of microst			(10,000)
Present Value of minimum lease payments		\$	232,714

NOTE 12: OPERATING LEASE

On June 17, 2011, the Conservancy District (as "Lessor") entered into a lease agreement with Gulfport Energy Corporation (as "Lessee") containing approximately 6,468 acres of land at Clendening Lake. A few months later on February 24, 2012 another lease was signed covering an additional forty-two acres (42.00 acres) of unleased "mineral" rights that were discovered through title. The total leasehold currently includes several producing wells paying royalties at rates of sixteen percent (16%) and eighteen percent (18%) with additional yearly delay rental payments for non-producing acreage.

On May 7, 2012, the Conservancy District (as "Lessor") entered into a lease agreement with Chesapeake Exploration, L.L.C. (as "Lessee") containing 3,700 acres at Leesville Lake. This leasehold currently includes several producing wells paying royalties at a rate of twenty percent (20%).

On October 19, 2012, the Conservancy District (as "Lessor") entered into a lease agreement with Gulfport Energy (as "Lessee") for an initial term of 5 years covering 1.3 acres of land at the north end of the Piedmont Reservoir. Two wells have been drilled to date under the terms of this lease agreement that are currently paying monthly royalties at a rate of twenty percent (20%).

On February 21, 2013, the Conservancy District (as "Lessor") entered into a lease with Antero Resources (as "Lessee") for an initial term of 5 years covering approximately 2,900 acres. Several producing wells were drilled under this lease and are currently paying monthly royalties at a rate of twenty percent (20%).

On April 22, 2014, the Conservancy District (as "Lessor") entered into a lease with Antero Resources (as "Lessee") for an initial term of 5 years covering 6,300 acres of land at Piedmont Reservoir. One well has been drilled under this lease and has since been plugged and abandoned. 933 acres of the original leasehold will be held until released by Antero.

On April 1, 2018, the Conservancy District (as "Lessor") entered into a lease with Antero (as "Lessee") Resources at Seneca Lake for an initial term of 3 years with the option to extend an

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE 12: OPERATING LEASE (continued)

additional one-year term thereafter. On May 1, 2021, Antero exercised its option to extend this lease one additional year. This leasehold covers approximately 1,700 acres of land at Seneca Lake.

NOTE 13: CONTRACTUAL COMMITMENTS

As of December 31, 2021, the Conservancy District had contractual commitments for the following projects:

		Contractual		Balance				
Project	C	Commitments	Expended	Expended				
Mohawk Dam USACE	\$	2,124,663.00	\$ 1,676,761.48	\$	447,901.52			
Zoar Levee USACE	\$	3,051,532.00	\$ 2,265,004.48	\$	786,527.52			
Atwood Cemetery Bay Connector Trail	\$	633,217.53	\$ 424,214.22	\$	209,003.31			
Atwood West Marina Shower House Rehab.	\$	528,907.00	\$ 101,933.92	\$	426,973.08			
Atwood Park Area 1/Pines Cottage Area Shoreline	\$	697,755.80	\$ -	\$	697,755.80			
Pleasant Hill RV/Boat Storage Lot	\$	509,591.44	\$ 244,728.47	\$	264,862.97			
Seneca Lake Dredging	\$	4,232,380.87	\$ 3,977,574.33	\$	254,806.54			
Seneca Marina Shoreline and Site Improvements	\$	1,113,735.00	\$ -	\$	1,113,735.00			
Tappan Marina Renovation	\$	4,534,020.43	\$ 4,289,195.91	\$	244,824.52			
Tappan Marina Parking and Waterfront Improvements	\$	905,256.10	\$ -	\$	905,256.10			

NOTE 14: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

At the March 18, 2022, Board of Directors Meeting, the Board authorized staff to bid and award a construction contract for the Tappan Lake Park Welcome Center. The engineer's estimate for this project is \$2,600,000.

NOTE 15: BLENDED COMPONENT UNITS

Black Fork, Buffalo Creek, Chippewa and Duck Creek Subdivisions are blended component units under criteria of GASB Statement 61. The following represents combining financial statements for the year ended 2021.

Muskingum Watershed Conservancy District Tuscarawas County, Ohio Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE 15: BLENDED COMPONENT UNITS (continued)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

	Muskingum Watershed		Cui				
	Convservancy	Black	Buffalo	bdistricts	Duck	Eliminating	
	District	Fork	Creek	Chippewa	Creek	Entries	Total
Assets Current Assets:							
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 69,855,962	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 637,893	\$8,377	\$ 0	\$ 70,502,232
Cash with Fiscal Agent	5,000,543	0	0	0	0	0	5,000,543
Accrued Interest Accounts Receivable	2,180 832,130	0 0	0 0	0	0 0	0 (56,068)	2,180 776,062
Prepaids	30,421	0	0	0	0	(50,000)	30,421
Maintenance Assessments Receivable	1,081,376	0	0	14,016	0	0	1,095,392
Total Current Assets	76,802,612	0	0	651,909	8,377	(56,068)	77,406,830
Non-Current Assets:							
Net OPEB Asset Non-Depreciable Capital Assets	954,695	0 1,822	0 27,593	0 1,154,681	0 5,400	0	954,695
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	19,348,810 169,154,949	0	27,393	76,141	0,400	0	20,538,306 169,231,090
Total Non-Current Assets	189,458,454	1,822	27,593	1,230,822	5,400	0	190,724,091
Total Assets	266,261,066	1,822	27,593	1,882,731	13,777	(56,068)	268,130,921
Deferred Outflows of Resources							
OPEB	469,894	0	0	0	0	0	469,894
Pension	1,059,038	0	0	0	0	0	1,059,038
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,528,932	0	0	0	0	0	1,528,932
Liabilities							
Current Liabilities:							
Accounts Payable	248,105	1,822	27,593	41,826	6,037	(56,068)	269,315
Contracts Payable Retainage Payable	435,260 373.049	0 0	0 0	0	0 0	0	435,260 373,049
Performance Bond Payable	106,698	0	0	0	0	ő	106,698
Due to Other Governments	83,802	0	0	0	0	0	83,802
Accrued Wages and Benefits	169,969	0	0	0	0	0	169,969
Accrued Interest Payable Accrued Life Insurance	100 18,903	0 0	0 0	0	0 0	0	100 18.903
Claims Payable	209,000	0	0	0	0	0	209,000
Advances	1,010,216	Ő	0	0	0	Ö	1,010,216
Compensated Absences	150,754	0	0	0	0	0	150,754
Capital Leases Payable	80,943	0	0	0	0	0	80,943
OWDA Loans Payable	80,457	0	0	0	0	0	80,457
Total Current Liabilities	2,967,256	1,822	27,593	41,826	6,037	(56,068)	2,988,466
Long-Term Liabilities: Compensated Absences - net of current portion	1,057,572	0	0	0	0	0	1,057,572
Capital Leases Payable - net of current portion	151,771	0	0	0	0	0	151,771
OWDA Loans Payable - net of current portion	422,869	0	0	0	Ö	Ö	422,869
Net OPEB Liability	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Net Pension Liability	7,978,455	0	0	0	0	0	7,978,455
Total Long-Term Liabilities	9,610,667	0	0	0	0	0	9,610,667
Total Liabilities	12,577,923	1,822	27,593	41,826	6,037	(56,068)	12,599,133
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
OPEB	3,004,508	0	0	0	0	0	3,004,508
Pension	3,625,569	0	0	0	0	0	3,625,569
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	6,630,077	0	0	0	0	0	6,630,077
	3,000,011						3,000,011
Net Position	407.040.040	4 000	07.500	4.044.476	F 400	•	400 000 000
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for Maintenance Assessment	187,049,348 14,012,173	1,822 0	27,593 0	1,244,473 596,432	5,400 0	0	188,328,636 14,608,605
Unrestricted	47,520,477	(1,822)	(27,593)	0	2,340	0	47,493,402
Total Net Position	\$ 248,581,998	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$1,840,905	\$7,740	\$ 0	\$ 250,430,643
	7 = .0,001,000		<u> </u>	ψ .,c .o,ooo	Ψ.,,	- 5	Ţ <u></u>

Muskingum Watershed Conservancy District Tuscarawas County, Ohio Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE 15: BLENDED COMPONENT UNITS (continued)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	Muskingum Watershed						
	Convservancy District	Black Fork	Buffalo Creek	Chippewa	Duck Creek	Eliminating Entries	Total
Operating Revenues	A 000 5 40	•	•	•	•	•	
Water Sales	\$ 200,519	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 200,519
Water and sewer systems	107,476	0	0	0	0	0	107,476
Timber Sales	302,842	0	0 0	0	0	0	302,842
Pine/Pulpwood Sales	71,949	0	0	0	0		71,949
Mineral rights and royalties	11,829,151	0	0	0	0	0	11,829,151
Share Crop	148,227	0	0	0	0	0	148,227 3.152.455
Cottage Sites and Clubs	3,152,455	0	0	0	0	0	-, - ,
Marina operations	2,651,088 552,421	0	0	0	0	0	2,651,088
Marina camping Fishing rights	62.647	0	0	0	0	0	552,421 62.647
Beach facilities	198,886	0	0	0	0	0	198,886
Vacation cabin	860,779	0	0	0	0	0	860,779
Park camping	8,710,757	0	0	0	0	0	8,710,757
Parks - Special Events	204,610	0	0	0	0	0	204,610
Admissions - park facilities	233,085	0	0	0	0	0	233,085
Miscellaneous income	220,809	0	0	0	0	0	220,809
Miscellarieous income	220,009						220,009
Total Operating Revenues	29,507,701	0	0	0	0	0	29,507,701
Operating Expenses							
Water Quality	631,539	0	0	0	0	0	631,539
Water Resources/Flood Control	586.894	0	0	0	ő	0	586,894
Vehicles and equipment	597,504	0	0	0	0	Õ	597,504
Dam safety/upgrades	181,459	0	0	343,441	ő	Ő	524,900
Boundary survey	25.838	0	0	0	0	Õ	25.838
Conservation	96,449	Ö	ő	0	0	ő	96,449
Reservior Maintenance	51,001	0	0	0	0	0	51,001
Information Systems/Technology	493,796	0	0	0	0	0	493,796
Shoreline Protection	33.300	0	0	0	0	0	33,300
Share crop	38,680	0	Ō	0	Ö	0	38,680
Mineral operation	86,733	0	0	0	0	0	86,733
Watershed management	568,394	0	0	0	0	0	568,394
Beach facilities	110,087	0	0	0	0	0	110,087
Office building	213,953	0	0	0	0	0	213,953
Administrative and finance	1,527,159	0	0	0	0	0	1,527,159
Engineering	336,478	0	0	0	0	0	336,478
Planning and development	83,142	0	0	0	0	0	83,142
GIS and Parcel Development	9,934	0	0	0	0	0	9,934
Forestry maintenance	114,520	0	0	0	0	0	114,520
Park camping	2,009,319	0	0	0	0	0	2,009,319
Park Master Planning	1,448,908	0	0	0	0	0	1,448,908
Cottage sites and clubs	780,204	0	0	0	0	0	780,204
General park facilities	1,945,441	0	0	0	0	0	1,945,441
Vacation cabin	344,171	0	0	0	0	0	344,171
Marina operation	1,397,430	0	0	0	0	0	1,397,430

Muskingum Watershed Conservancy District Tuscarawas County, Ohio Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE 15: BLENDED COMPONENT UNITS (continued)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	W Cor	uskingum /atershed nvservancy District	Blac		Subo falo eek	districts Chir	pewa	Duck Creek	Elimir Enti			Total
												(Continued)
Water and sewer system	\$	395,250	\$	0	\$ 0	\$	0	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	395,250
Lake patrol operation		456,870		0	0		0	0		0		456,870
Education and public information		195,190		0	0		0	0		0		195,190
Safety expenses		121,950		0	0		0	0		0		121,950
Recreation maintenance		36,696		0	0		0	0		0		36,696
Parks - special events		148,388		0	0		0	0		0		148,388
Partners in Watershed Management (PWM)		511,243		0	0		0	0		0		511,243
Depreciation		8,721,509		0	 0		40,391	 0		0		8,761,900
Total Operating Expenses	:	24,299,429		0	 0	3	83,832	 0		0		24,683,261
Operating Gain (Loss)		5,208,272		0	0	(3	83,832)	0		0		4,824,440
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)												
Capital Contributions		936,000		0	0		0	0		0		936,000
Maintenance assessments		5,852,269		0	0	3	31,945	0		0		6,184,214
Grants		2,835,368		0	0		0	0		0		2,835,368
Interest on investments		(292,117)		0	0		0	0		0		(292,117)
Debt retirement - Interest		`(37,141)		0	 0		0	 0		0		(37,141)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		9,294,379		0	 0	3	31,945	 0		0		9,626,324
Change in Net Positon		14,502,651		0	0	(51,887)	0		0		14,450,764
Net Position - Beginning of Year	2	34,079,347		0	 0	1,8	92,792	7,740		0		235,979,879
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 24	48,581,998	\$	0	\$ 0	\$ 1,8	40,905	\$ 7,740	\$	0	\$ 2	250,430,643

NOTE 15: BLENDED COMPONENT UNITS (continued)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

		Muskingum Watershed				Subo	districts						
	C	onvservancy District	Bla Fo		Buff Cre		Chippewa		Duck Creek	Elimina Entri			Total
Cash flows from Operating Activities: Cash Received from Customers	\$	20 020 218	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	30,020,318
Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services	Ф	30,020,318 (12,120,741)	ф	0	Ф	0	(192,326)	Ф	0	Ф	0	Ф	(12,313,067)
Cash Payments for Employees Services and Benefits		(10,066,083)		0		0	(147,180)		0		0		(10,213,263)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities		7,833,494		0		0	(339,506)		0		0	_	7,493,988
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:													
Principal Payments on OWDA Loans		(10,995)		0		0	0		0		0		(10,995)
Intergovernmental Grants		19,681		0		0	0		0		0		19,681
Maintenance Assessments		3,660,539		0		0	302,455		0		0		3,962,994
Interest Paid on Debt		(466)		0		0	0		0		0		(466)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Noncapital Financing Activities		3,668,759		0		0	302,455		0		0	_	3,971,214
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:													
Acquisition of Capital Assets		(13,708,551)		0		0	(26,740)		0		0		(13,735,291)
Maintenance Assessments		2,188,525		0		0	26,740		0		0		2,215,265
Intergovernmental Grants		2,815,687		0		0	0		0		0		2,815,687
Principal Payments on OWDA Loans Principal Payments on Capital Leases		(66,424)		0		0	0		0		0		(66,424)
Interest Paid on Debt		(104,583) (36,675)		0		0	0		0		0		(104,583) (36,675)
								_				_	
Net Cash Provided by (Used) for Capital and Related Financing Activities		(8,912,021)		0		0	0		0		0		(8,912,021)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Receipts of Interest		946,963		0		0	0		0		0		946,963
Payments for Purchase of Investments		(43,918,801)		0		0	0		0		0		(43,918,801)
Proceeds from Sale of Investments		40,690,699		0		0	0		0		0		40,690,699
				0		0	0		0		0		
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Investing Activities	-	(2,281,139)											(2,281,139)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		309,093		0		0	(37,051)		0		0		272,042
Cash and Cash Equivalents Beginning of Year		6,285,796		0	-	0	674,944	_	8,377		0		6,969,117
Cash and Cash Equivalents End of Year	\$	6,594,889	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 637,893	\$	8,377	\$	0	\$	7,241,159
Reconciliation of Operating Gain (Loss) To Net													
Cash Used by Operating Activities:													
Operating Gain (Loss)	\$	5,208,272	\$	0	\$	0	\$ (383,832)	\$	0	\$	0	\$	4,824,440
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:													
Depreciation		8,721,509		0		0	40,391		0		0		8,761,900
(Increase) Decrease in Assets and Deferred Outflows:													
Capitalized Costs		587,285		0		0	0		0		0		587,285
Accounts Receivable Prepaids		101,266		0		0	0		0		0		101,266
Net OPEB Asset		9,679 (954,695)		0		0	0		0		0		9,679 (954,695)
Deferred Outflows		1,324,945		0		0	0		0		0		1,324,945
		1,02 1,0 10		Ů		ŭ	ŭ		Ü		Ü		1,02 1,0 10
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities and Deferred Inflows:		(0.1.1.000)		_			0.005		•		•		(007.007)
Accounts Payable		(211,622)		0		0	3,935 0		0 0		0		(207,687)
Performance Bonds payable Escrow Funds Payable		(16,359) 7,894		0		0	0		0		0		(16,359) 7,894
Advances		411,350		0		0	0		0		0		411,350
Claims Payable		(27,001)		0		0	0		0		0		(27,001)
Accrued Wages and Benefits		36,387		0		0	0		0		0		36,387
Accrued Life Insurance		14,645		0		0	0		0		0		14,645
Compensated Absences		80,560		0		0	0		0		0		80,560
Due to other governments		2,658		0		0	0		0		0		2,658
Net OPEB Liability		(7,432,835)		0		0	0		0		0		(7,432,835)
Net Pension Liability		(2,802,141)		0		0	0		0		0		(2,802,141)
Deferred Inflows		2,771,697		0	-	0	0		0		0		2,771,697
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	\$	7,833,494	\$	0	\$	0	\$ (339,506)	\$	0	\$	0	\$	7,493,988
Reconciliation of cash and investments reported on the													
Statement of Net Position to cash and cash equivalents reported on the Statement of Cash Flows:													
·	•	74.050.505	¢	0	¢	0	£ 607.000	•	0 277	•	0	e	75 500 775
Statement of Net Position cash and cash equivalents and investments Investments included in balances above that are not cash equivalents	\$	74,856,505 (68,261,616)	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 637,893 0	\$	8,377	\$	0	\$	75,502,775 (68,261,616)
Cash and Cash equivalents reported on Statement of Cash Flows	\$	6,594,889	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 637,893	\$	8,377	\$	0	\$	7,241,159
	•	-,,	•	-	•	-	,	-	-,	•	-	•	, ,,,,,,,

Noncash Capital Financing Activities:

During 2021, \$149,288 of capital assets were acquired on capital leases.

During 2021, \$936,000 of capital assets were acquired through capital contributions.

At December 31, 2021, the Conservancy District purchased \$808,309 in capital assets on account.

At December 31, 2020, the Conservancy District purchased \$1,236,966 in capital assets on account.

Muskingum Watershed Conservancy District
Tuscarawas County, Ohio
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the Conservancy Districts Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
Last Eight Years (1)

		2021	_	2020	 2019	_	2018	 2017	2016	 2015	 2014
Ohio Public Employees' Retirement System (OPERS)											
Conservancy District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	(0.0538800%		0.0545420%	0.0564740%		0.0560926%	0.0578391%	0.0569800%	0.0513470%	0.0513470%
Conservancy District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	7,978,455	\$	10,780,596	\$ 15,467,084	\$	8,799,841	\$ 13,134,266	\$ 9,869,654	\$ 6,193,022	\$ 6,053,142
Conservancy District's Covered Payroll	\$	7,310,197	\$	7,382,564	\$ 7,281,401	\$	7,040,696	\$ 6,398,882	\$ 6,759,620	\$ 6,022,398	\$ 5,379,079
Conservancy District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		109.14%		146.03%	212.42%		124.99%	205.26%	146.01%	102.83%	112.53%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		86.88%		82.17%	74.70%		84.66%	77.25%	81.08%	86.45%	86.36%

⁽¹⁾ Although this schedule is intended to reflect information for ten years, information prior to 2014 is not available.

Note: The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date, which is the prior fiscal year.

Muskingum Watershed Conservancy District Tuscarawas County, Ohio Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the Conservancy Districts Contributions - Pension Last Nine Years (1)

		2021	2020		2020 2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014		_	2013
Ohio Public Employees' Retirement System (OPERS)																		
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	1,059,038	\$	1,062,024	\$	1,073,949	\$	1,067,396	\$	964,697	\$	811,542	\$	857,447	\$	763,117	\$	736,558
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	-	(1,059,038)	_	(1,062,024)		(1,073,949)		(1,067,396)		(964,697)	_	(811,542)		(857,447)	_	(763,117)		(736,558)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
Conservancy District's Covered Payroll	\$	7,278,365	\$	7,310,197	\$	7,382,564	\$	7,281,401	\$	7,040,696	\$	6,398,882	\$	6,759,620	\$	6,022,398	\$	5,379,079
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		14.55%		14.53%		14.55%		14.66%		13.70%		12.68%		12.68%		12.67%		13.69%

⁽¹⁾ Information prior to 2013 is not available.

Muskingum Watershed Conservancy District

Tuscarawas County, Ohio
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the Conservancy District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)
Last Five Years (1)

	 2021	2020			2019	 2018	 2017
Ohio Public Employees' Retirement System (OPERS)							
Conservancy District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)	0.0535870%		0.0538120%		0.0560330%	0.0555267%	0.0572980%
Conservancy District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)	\$ (954,695)	\$	7,432,835	\$	7,305,380	\$ 6,029,787	\$ 5,787,293
Conservancy District's Covered Payroll	\$ 7,310,197	\$	7,382,564	\$	7,281,401	\$ 7,040,696	\$ 6,398,882
Conservancy District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)	42.00%		400.000/		400 220/	0F C40/	00.440/
as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	-13.06%		100.68%		100.33%	85.64%	90.44%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability/(Asset)	115.57%		47.80%		46.33%	54.14%	54.04%

⁽¹⁾ Although this schedule is intended to reflect information for ten years, information prior to 2017 is not available.

Note: The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date, which is the prior fiscal year.

Muskingum Watershed Conservancy District Tuscarawas County, Ohio Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the Conservancy District's Contributions - OPEB Last Six Years (1)

	 2021		2020	2019		2018		2017		2016	
Ohio Public Employees' Retirement System (OPERS)											
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	70,407	\$	131,851
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	 0		0		0		0		(70,407)		(131,851)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
Conservancy District's Covered Payroll (2)	\$ 7,278,365	\$	7,310,197	\$	7,382,564	\$	7,281,401	\$	7,040,696	\$	6,398,882
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		1.00%		2.06%

⁽¹⁾ Beginning in 2016, OPERS used one trust fund as the funding vehicle for all health care plans; therefore, information prior to 2016 is not presented.

⁽²⁾ The OPEB plan includes the members from the traditional plan, the combined plan and the member directed plan.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE 1 - NET PENSION LIABILITY

Changes in Assumptions – OPERS

For fiscal year 2021, the OPERS Board lowered the investment rate of return from 7.2 percent to 6.9 percent along with certain other changes to assumptions for the actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021.

For fiscal year 2019, the single discount rate changed from 7.50 percent to 7.20 percent.

Amounts reported in calendar year 2017 reflect an adjustment of the rates of withdrawal, disability, retirement and mortality to more closely reflect actual experience. The expectation of retired life mortality was based on RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table and RP-2014 Disabled mortality table. The following reductions were also made to the actuarial assumptions:

- Discount rate from 8.00 percent to 7.50 percent
- Wage inflation rate from 3.75 percent to 3.25 percent
- Price inflation from 3.00 percent to 2.50 percent

Changes in Benefit Terms - OPERS

In October 2019, the OPERS Board adopted a change in COLA for post-January 7, 2013 retirees, changing it from three percent simple through 2018 then 2.15 simple to 1.4 percent simple through 2020 then 2.15 percent simple.

NOTE 2 - NET OPEB LIABILITY

Changes in Assumptions - OPERS

For calendar year 2021, the following changes were made to the actuarial assumptions:

- Discount rate from 3.16 percent to 6.00 percent
- Municipal bond rate from 2.75 percent to 2.00 percent
- Health Care Cost Trend Rate from 10.50 percent to 8.50 percent

For calendar year 2020, the following changes were made to the actuarial assumptions:

- Discount rate from 3.96 percent to 3.16 percent
- Municipal bond rate from 3.71 percent to 2.75 percent
- Health Care Cost Trend Rate from 10.00 percent to 10.50 percent

For calendar year 2019, the following changes were made to the actuarial assumptions:

- Discount rate from 3.85 percent to 3.96 percent
- Investment rate of return from 6.50 percent to 6.00 percent
- Municipal bond rate from 3.31 percent to 3.71 percent
- Health Care Cost Trend Rate from 7.50 percent to 10.00 percent

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

For calendar year 2018, the single discount rate changed from 4.23 percent to 3.85 percent.

Changes in Benefit Terms - OPERS

No significant changes in benefit terms.

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Muskingum Watershed Conservancy District Tuscarawas County 1319 3rd Street NW New Philadelphia, OH 44663

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Muskingum Watershed Conservancy District (the Conservancy District), Tuscarawas County, Ohio as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Conservancy District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 22, 2022.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Conservancy District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Conservancy District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Conservancy District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Muskingum Watershed Conservancy District Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards Page 2 of 2

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Conservancy District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Lea & Associates, Inc.

Rea & Associates, Inc. New Philadelphia, Ohio April 22, 2022





MUSKINGUM WATERSHED CONSERVANCY DISTRICT

TUSCARAWAS COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 5/19/2022

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370