



## ORANGE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT CUYAHOGA COUNTY

### **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

IIILE	PAGE
Prepared by Management:	
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	1
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	2
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by Government Auditing Standards	3
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to the Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	5
Schedule of Findings	9
Attachment: Annual Comprehensive Financial Report	



## ORANGE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT CUYAHOGA COUNTY

## SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

FEDERAL GRANTOR Pass Through Grantor Program / Cluster Title	Federal AL Number	Total Federal Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE  Passed Through Ohio Department of Education Child Nutrition Cluster		
School breakfast Program	10.553	\$24,685
National School Lunch Program	10.555	211,461
COVID- 19 National School Lunch Program		7,423
National school Lunch Program- Non-Cash Assistance Total- National School Lunch Program		255,678
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture/ Child Nutrition Cluster		280,363
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION		
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education		
Special Education Cluster:		
Special Education Grants to States	84.027	80,310 448,054
Total - Special Education Grants to States		528,364
Special Education Preschool Grants	84.173	1,977
Openial Education (Testino) Grants	04.170	10,181
Total - Special Education Preschool Grants		12,158
Total- Special Education Cluster		540,522
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	21,400
Total- Title I Grant to Local Educational Agencies		133,777 155,177
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	1,608
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	12,719
Total- Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants		51,595 64,314
Human Capital Strategy Grant	84.367	3,394
Total - Human Capital Strategy Grant		7,636 11,030
Total- Supporting Effective Instruction		75,344
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	37,740
COVID-19 Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	02.	3,000
Total- Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program		40,740
Education Stabilization Fund:		
COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund I	84.425D	176,237
COVID-19Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund II Total- Education Stabilization Fund		41,281 217,518
Total U.S. Department of Education		1,030,909
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY		
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education		
COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	116,280
COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund- Broadband Ohio Connectivity Grant Total- Coronavirus Relief Fund		8,244 124,524
Total U.S. Department of Treasury		124,524
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$1,435,796
Total Exposititions of Fountial Affaires		Ψ1,+33,130

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

## ORANGE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT CUYAHOGA COUNTY

### NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

### **NOTE A – BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Orange City School District, Cuyahoga County, Ohio (the District) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2021. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the District.

### NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement.

### **NOTE C - INDIRECT COST RATE**

The District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

### **NOTE D - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER**

The District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the District assumes it expends federal monies first.

### NOTE E - FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the fair value. The District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.



88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 ContactUs@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Orange City School District Cuyahoga County 32000 Chagrin Blvd. Pepper Pike, Ohio 44124

### To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Orange City School District, Cuyahoga County, Ohio (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 22, 2021, wherein we noted the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures which may impact subsequent periods of the District.

### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the District's financial statements. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

Orange City School District
Cuyahoga County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and other Matters
Required by Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the financial statements. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

December 22, 2021



88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 ContactUs@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO THE MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Orange City School District Cuyahoga County 32000 Chagrin Blvd. Pepper Pike, Ohio 44124

To the Board of Education:

### Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

We have audited Orange City School District's (the District) compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect Orange City School District's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2021. The *Summary of Auditor's Results* in the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the District's major federal program.

### Management's Responsibility

The District's Management is responsible for complying with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal program.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the District's compliance for the District's major federal program based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). These standards and the Uniform Guidance require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on the District's major program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Orange City School District
Cuyahoga County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to the Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over
Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance
Page 2

### Opinion on the Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Orange City School District complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2021.

### Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control over compliance tests and the results of this testing based on Uniform Guidance requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Orange City School District
Cuyahoga County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to the Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over
Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance
Page 3

### Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have also audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Orange City School District, Cuyahoga County, Ohio (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. We issued our unmodified report thereon dated December 22, 2021. Wherein we noted the financial impacts of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures which may impact subsequent period of the District. We conducted our audit to opine on the District's basic financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards presents additional analysis required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule is management's responsibility, and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records management used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this schedule to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this schedule directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this schedule is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

December 22, 2021

This page intentionally left blank.

## ORANGE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT CUYAHOGA COUNTY

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 JUNE 30, 2021

### 1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Special Education Cluster, AL 84.027 and 84.173
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 750,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR § 200.520?	Yes

## 2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None.

## 3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None.



Orange City School District Cuyahoga County, Ohio

# Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

## To Learn | To Lead | To Make a Difference









Prepared by: Treasurer's Department | Todd Puster, Treasurer



Orange City School District Cuyahoga County, Ohio

# Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

## To Learn | To Lead | To Make a Difference









Table of Contents	Pag
I. Introductory Section	
Table of Contents  Letter of Transmittal  List of Principal Officials  Organizational Chart  GFOA Certificate of Achievement  ASBO Certificate of Excellence	> X
II. Financial Section	
Independent Auditor's Report	
Management's Discussion and Analysis	
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	
Statement of Activities	
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual – General Fund	
Statement of Fund Net Position – Proprietary Funds	
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position – Proprietary Funds	

Table of Contents (continued)	Page
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	29
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds	30
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds	31
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	32
Required Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	78
Schedule of the School District's Contributions – Pension	80
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	83
Schedule of the School District's Contributions - OPEB	84
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information	86
Combining Statements and Individual Fund Schedules:	
Combining Statements - Nonmajor Funds:	
Description of Funds	91
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	94
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	95
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	96
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	99
Governmental and Proprietary Funds Individual Fund Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures/Expenses and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual:	
Major Funds: General Fund	103
Permanent Improvement Fund	107 108

Table of Contents (continued)	Page
Nonmajor Funds:	
Food Service Fund.	
Memorial Fund	
Scholarship Fund	
Rotary Fund	
Local Grants Fund	
Student Activities Fund	
District Managed Activities Fund	
Auxiliary Services Fund	
Ohio K-12 Network Connectivity Fund	
Student Wellness and Success Fund	
Miscellaneous State Grants Fund	
ESSER Fund	
Coronavirus Relief Fund	
Title VI-B Fund	
Title III Fund	
Title I Fund	
Preschool Disability Fund	
Title II-A Fund	
Miscellaneous Federal Grants Fund	
Unclaimed Monies Fund	
Uniform School Supplies Fund	
Special Education Fund	
Public School Support Fund	
Fringe Benefits Fund	
Termination Benefits Fund	
Bond Retirement Fund	
Internal Service and Fiduciary Funds Individual Fund Schedules of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Fiduciary Fund Statements	
Description of Funds	
Internal Service Fund	
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds	
Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds	
III. Statistical Section	
Net Position by Component - Last Ten Fiscal Years	
(Accrual Basis of Accounting)	
Changes in Net Position - Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)	•••

Table of Contents (continued)	Page
Fund Balances, Governmental Funds - Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)	S-8
Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds - Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)	S-10
Assessed Valuation and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property - Last Ten Collection Years	S-14
Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates (Rate Per \$1,000 of Assessed Valuation) - Last Ten Years	S-16
Principal Taxpayers - Real Estate Tax - December 31, 2020 and December 31, 2011	S-17
Principal Taxpayers - Public Utility Tax - December 31, 2020 and December 31, 2011	S-18
Property Tax Levies and Collections - Last Ten Years	S-19
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type – Last Ten Fiscal Years	S-20
Ratios of Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding – Last Ten Fiscal Years	S-21
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt – As of June 30, 2021	S-22
Legal Debt Margin Information – Last Ten Fiscal Years	S-23
Demographic and Economic Statistics – Last Ten Years	S-24
Principal Employers – December 31, 2020 and December 31, 2011	S-25
Staffing Statistics, Full Time Equivalents (FTE) by Type and Function - Last Ten Fiscal Years	S-26
Operating Indicators by Function – Last Ten Fiscal Years	S-27
Capital Asset Statistics - Last Ten Fiscal Years	S-28
School Building Information - Last Ten Fiscal Years	S-30
Operating Statistics - Last Ten Fiscal Years	S-32
Teacher Statistics – June 30, 2021	S-34



Orange City School District Cuyahoga County, Ohio

# Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

## To Learn | To Lead | To Make a Difference









**Introductory Section** 



32000 Chagrin Blvd, Pepper Pike, OH 44124-5974 - 216.831.8600 - 216-831-5049 FAX

December 22, 2021

Board of Education Members and Residents of the Orange City School District:

We are pleased to present to you the Orange City School District's (the "District") Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR). This report provides full disclosure of the financial operation of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. This ACFR includes an opinion from an independent auditor and conforms to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applicable to governmental entities.

Responsibility for the accuracy of the data presented and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with management of the District. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data are accurate in all material respects and are reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds as well as the District as a whole. This report will provide the taxpayers and other stakeholders of the District with comprehensive financial data in a format that will enable them to gain an understanding of the District's financial affairs.

### The School District

### History

More than 100 years ago, a single room school was built on land donated by the mother of President James A. Garfield. This school and seven other one-room schools located throughout the area were consolidated into what has become the Orange City School District. The land for the first District school building was donated by the Stoneman Family.

The original, two-story school building opened in 1924 on the site of the current Orange High School. A total of 314 children in kindergarten through 12<sup>th</sup> grade were all educated in this one building. Dr. Terry Wickham, former president of Heidelberg College, was the District's first superintendent. The first senior class graduated in 1927 with 11 members.

In the fall of 1954, Pepper Pike Elementary School was completed as the first separate elementary building in the Orange City School District. In 1994, the school was named a National Blue Ribbon School of Excellence by the United States Department of Education. In 1958, Moreland Hills Elementary School opened with all elementary grades housed for the first time in buildings apart from the high school. The original Moreland Hills Elementary School was used to educate students in grades K-2 while the Pepper Pike Elementary School housed grades 3-4. Starting with the 2001-2002 school year, the original Moreland Hills Elementary School building was no longer used for K-12 education, but was replaced by the newly built Moreland Hills Elementary School serving students in grades pre-K-5. In 2003, the new school earned the distinction of becoming an Ohio Hall of Fame School based on its quality efforts. Beginning in the fall of 2009, the school served grades K-5 with the pre-K, the Orange Inclusive Preschool program, moved to the Pepper Pike Learning Center (formerly known as Pepper Pike Elementary School). In 2021, the current Moreland Hills Elementary School received Gold Medal status in the Ohio Positive Behavior Intervention and Supports program for the third consecutive year. The original Moreland Hills Elementary School was converted to a centralized maintenance, receiving and technology facility serving the entire District.

Enrollment from kindergarten through grade 12 increased from 500 students in 1939 to 1,750 in the spring of 1958. Eighty-two students graduated in 1958.

The District then experienced a period of successful expansion as a result of the support of the citizens of the community and long-range planning by the Board of Education, administration and faculty.

Ballard Brady Middle School opened in 1965. It was named for Dr. Ballard Brady, superintendent from 1951 to 1967. Brady Middle School educated children in grades 5-7 through the 2000-2001 school year. Starting with the 2001-2002 school year, the school was reconfigured to educate children in grades 6-8. Grade 5 children attended the then-new Moreland Hills Elementary School starting with the 2001-2002 school year. In 2001, the school was named a National Blue Ribbon School of Excellence by the United States Department of Education. A new gymnasium broke ground in 2009 and was completed in 2011. In 2016, two existing classrooms were converted into the BMS Fab Lab that was open to students and community alike. In 2017, the Board of Education embarked on a phased renovation program for the school. The net total cost of the renovation would be \$7,797,020 paid for through existing funds and without going to the taxpayers for additional monies. Phase one included complete renovation to all restrooms in the summer of 2017. In the spring and summer of 2018, Phase two was completed and included a new entrance, lobby and reception area along with reformation to administrative offices and renovations to the school's original gymnasium into two levels of learning space for music classes. In the spring and summer of 2019, Phase three was completed and included the repurposing of former music rooms, the develop collaborative spaces, a complete media center redesign, classroom upgrades, restroom additions, and the painting of lockers and hallways.

Orange High School was remodeled and expanded many times with the last two major expansions taking place in 2001 and 2007. The library and commons areas were renovated in the years 2006 and 2009, respectively. In the 1990-1991 school year, Orange High School was recognized as a National Blue Ribbon School of Excellence by the United States Department of Education. In 2003, the high school was awarded Tier One status in the Ohio Award for Excellence. In 2018, the high school was recognized as Cleveland Clinic Banner School for its programs designed to promote health and wellness, academic achievement, and career preparedness. The District is also recognized among the best school systems annually by various local and national outlets for its excellence in education. Throughout the District's history, a heavy emphasis has been placed on the development of the whole person with the academic mission at the forefront of the school's attention.

In recent years, the District has made several major commitments to maintain, renovate and modernize its facilities. Nearly \$10 million was spent over a four-year period ending in October 2016 on these efforts. Major improvements include the renovation of the school auditorium and the natatorium. Other investments include installation of an artificial surface at the stadium, renovation of the transportation center and restroom renovations at the high school. Also, technology was updated and roofs repaired.

### Present

The Orange Schools campus is located on 172 beautifully wooded acres in the Chagrin Valley, approximately 15 miles east of Cleveland. The campus setting offers students the advantage of moving between buildings for academic offerings, performances, and sports programs, as well as the opportunity to study the environment in a natural setting. The District encompasses five separate municipalities: Pepper Pike, Moreland Hills, Orange, Hunting Valley and Woodmere; as well as small portions of Solon, Bedford Heights, and Warrensville Heights.

For funding purposes, the District had an average daily membership of 2,044 students for the fiscal year. Most of the District's students are bused daily to the campus consisting of four school buildings: Moreland Hills Elementary School, Brady Middle School, Orange High School and Pepper Pike Learning Center, which houses the Orange Inclusive Preschool program. The District's campus also includes an administration building, centralized maintenance and technology center, a transportation depot and a number of athletic facilities. The District also manages the Orange Community Education and Recreation Department, which encompasses public preschool services, a senior adult center, enrichment programs for students and adults plus a wide variety of sports and summer activities. Effective in the summer of 2016, the District assumed operational control of the Orange Art Center, which is being administered through Orange Community Education and Recreation. The Orange Community Education and Recreation Department utilizes all District facilities in concert with the school system. The District also serves students from the New Directions residential drug treatment facility, which is located within the District's boundaries.

The population within the District is multi-racial and multi-cultural, with many students from other countries. Minority groups comprise approximately 32 percent of the student population in the District. The majority of residents in the District have a bachelor's degree or higher and are involved in professional careers, according to Federal census data. The Federal Adjusted Gross Income of residents ranks first of more than

600 school districts in the State of Ohio, according to Ohio Department of Taxation data. The value of taxable property per pupil ranks in the top 1% of Ohio school districts, according to the Ohio Department of Education.

The population has a very high regard for education and expects an educational program which produces educated, mature, competent, and skilled high school graduates who are able to attend the college of their first or second choice. Approximately 97 percent of the District's graduates pursue post-secondary education. For more than 45 years, residents have passed all school operating levies placed on the ballot for their approval. The most recent general operating levy of 5 mills, which was on the ballot in November 2011, was approved by 60 percent of the voters. In its November 2021 Five Year Forecast, the District has noted the possibility of placing an additional general operating levy before the electorate, possibly in Fiscal Year 2023; however, no official actions have been taken to place such an issue before voters. Other tax issues placed before the voters in the past 20 years include a \$36.5 million bond issue, which was approved in November 1998 by a 68 percent vote, and a 1-mill permanent improvement levy, which was approved in November 2003 by 66 percent of the voters. Also, a 0.95-mill renewal levy for the Orange Community Education and Recreation Department was approved by 77 percent of the voters in April 2020. The District is fortunate to have residents who believe in, and are willing to support with tax dollars, a high quality of education for all children.

Four fiscal years ago, a major energy conservation program was undertaken. This includes retrofitting lighting, upgrading heating and ventilation electronic control systems, and rehabilitating boiler and air handling systems at Orange High School. A portion of the project was financed with federally tax advantaged Qualified Energy Conservation Bonds. Currently, the Board of Education is continuing to explore and implement ways to save costs and energy while helping the environment to operate its physical plant more efficiently.

At the recommendation of the Treasurer, the Board defeased all outstanding voted General Obligation bonds in 2016 and refinanced this debt. The final payment on currently outstanding debt is scheduled for December 1, 2026. The savings achieved through the bond refunding on behalf of taxpayers totals \$1,478,986, or \$1,389,156 on a net present value basis. The net present value savings is 8.96 percent. The weighted average life of the refinanced debt is 3.956 years and the final duration is 3.725 years. The all-in true interest cost outstanding debt is 2.01 percent. Among the activities that occurred during the debt refunding process was that the District affirmed its AAA/Aaa ratings with Moody's Investors Service and Standard & Poor's Corp. Orange City Schools is the only Ohio School District to have top ratings from these agencies and has maintained this top rating for the past 17 years.

### Organizational Structure

The District's Board of Education approved the Superintendent's recommendation for a central office organization plan in January 1998. The plan re-structured central office administrative roles and support for the Superintendent. New job titles and job descriptions for central office administrators were established at that time.

The Superintendent serves as the Chief Administrative Officer of the District, responsible for providing educational and administrative management leadership for the total operation of the District.

The Treasurer/Director of Budget Services is the Chief Financial Officer of the District and is responsible for maintaining records of all financial matters, issuing warrants and paying liabilities incurred by the District. The Treasurer also serves as custodian of all District funds with the responsibility for the investment of funds as specified by law. The Treasurer of the District reports directly to the five member Board of Education that serves as the taxing authority, the contracting body, and the policy developers for the District. The Board adopts the annual operating budget of the District to which the Treasurer ensures adherence.

The remaining administrative team as amended and recommended last year by the Superintendent and appointed by the School Board include the following: Director of Human Resources, Director of Curriculum, Director of Student Support Services, Director of Communications, Director of Community Education and Recreation, Director of Technology, Assistant Treasurer, Supervisor of Transportation Services, Supervisor of Food Services, Director of Operations and Business Services, Campus Supervisor, and Building Principals.

The District has implemented various aspects of Site Based Management with the building principals and supervisors for the purpose of providing site leadership while the central office directors strive to provide the highest quality services and support in order to fulfill the educational needs of the schools.

### The Reporting Entity

The District has reviewed its reporting entity definition in order to ensure conformance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>", as amended by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units</u>" and GASB Statement No. 61, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34</u>". In evaluating how to define the District for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all agencies, departments and organizations making up the District (the primary government) and its potential component units. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has no component units and is not itself a component unit. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government).

The District participates in certain organizations that are defined as jointly governed organizations and public entity risk pools. These organizations include the Northeast Ohio Network for Education Technology (NEOnet), the Ohio Schools Council and the Suburban Health Consortium. These organizations are presented in Notes 14 and 15 to the basic financial statements.

### Major Initiatives

Focus on Authentically Engaging Students in 21st Century Learning

The District will authentically engage students in a positive, supportive, nurturing and safe environment in order to develop critical-thinking and civic-minded citizens who will contribute to the local community and our global society. This system will encourage the support and participation of the community it serves. The mission is based on the following basic beliefs and principles:

- · Public education is a key element of a democratic society.
- All students have the ability and the right to grow intellectually. Thus, the District has a responsibility to provide programs and an environment to stimulate student engagement and growth.
- While the primary focus of the District is K-12 education, community participation and involvement is encouraged. This involvement enhances K-12 education, provides better use of facilities and fosters continued learning for all residents.
- · High expectations promote high performance. All students and staff are expected to work to their highest potential.
- Given the current state of public education funding, financial support from the entire community is vital to a successful program.
- The District will maintain excellence through a continuous improvement process.

The educational plan for the District consists of the following:

- 1. Educational Programs In order to develop students who will think critically to solve problems, acquire and apply knowledge to be life-long learners, communicate effectively, work collaboratively, utilize new technologies and are civic-minded, the District will:
- · Focus all energies on the core business of schools, which is to design engaging work for students.
- Encourage and design professional development for both certified and non-certified staff that focuses on designing engaging and satisfying work for students. This includes, but is not limited to, staff development days, opportunities for collaboration with other schools and community stakeholders, and Higher Education.
- · Create an environment that supports the work of the District in designing work for students that engages them in learning what we know they need to learn in order to be well educated.
- Design the schedule in each building to maximize available instructional and collaboration time to enhance student achievement.
- Incorporate at each grade level curricular experiences that involve students and teachers in using instructional technology.
- Maintain, improve and create programs that involve students from all grade levels in citizenship and school/community service programs.
- Encourage student selection of electives, co-curricular and extra-curricular offerings that will contribute to the development of a well-qualified and well-rounded graduate.
- Encourage involvement of all parties when implementing change or enacting new policies, programs and procedures.
- Provide a learner-centered, innovative experience for all students to help transform the District into one that appropriately reflects the needs of today's children through various initiatives including Social Emotional Learning skills.
- · Value the contributions of all employees while establishing an atmosphere that enhances continuous improvement of both the individual and the system.
- · Establish a complementary and/or extended curriculum through courses offered by the Orange Community Education and Recreation Department.
- Analyze, plan, implement and evaluate strategies which demonstrate a commitment to excellence as measured by student test scores, college admissions, artistic and athletic accomplishments and other indicators of success.
- Encourage all parents to participate in the continuous improvement process.
- · Plan and articulate a systematic approach to curriculum which is consistent and sequential.
- Improve the current parent/teacher communication process regarding student welfare.

- 2. Fiscal Management To enhance the effectiveness and efficiency of fiscal operations, the District will:
  - Provide useful and timely financial information in accordance with recognized standards, including, but not limited to, detailed spending/revenue plans and financial forecasts.
  - · Implement and maintain strong internal controls.
  - Seek out opportunities to increase efficiencies through the use of available technology, when feasible.
  - · Pursue appropriate non-traditional school funding sources.
  - Provide a clear accounting of the revenues and expenditures from school operation, bond retirement, permanent improvement and recreation levies.
  - Revise and implement an on-going marketing plan for the passage of future school tax issues.
  - Complete the appropriation process in a manner that allows the Board of Education to act on a permanent appropriation measure prior to October 1.
- 3. Community Relations To improve interaction with the community, the District will:
  - · Periodically survey residents to determine where further communication is necessary and evaluate the perceptions and the extent of satisfaction or dissatisfaction with the District.
  - Keep the community well-informed by frequently and routinely providing news, information, and features about the District's programs, achievements and facilities. This is accomplished through various communication tools, such as school publications, public meetings, electronic correspondence, District web site, local media, social media, and letters to the community.
  - · Identify and communicate with Orange Alumni.
- 4. Business Services To maintain and improve buildings and facilities, transportation and food service, the District will:
  - Work with the staff to analyze cost effectiveness of present programs and offer recommendations.
  - · Involve support staff in continuous improvement opportunities.
  - Work with representative groups to formulate a plan and recommend solutions to issues of space, programming, and maintenance.
  - Periodically review and update the District's facility and equipment permanent improvement plan in order to effectively use available capital funds for such purposes. This will allow the District to adequately maintain and improve the utilization of its physical plant assets.

- 5. Board of Education Operations To foster greater effectiveness in Board/Administrative operations, the Orange Board of Education has established the following goals:
  - · Maximize achievement for all Orange students.
  - · Maintain fiscally responsible operation of the District.
  - · Evaluate educational programs.
  - · Acknowledge, embrace and address diversity.
  - · Maintain a safe school environment.
  - · Improve District relationships and communications with residents.
  - · Expand community partnerships.
  - · Follow developed guidelines.

Board of Education Vision, Mission, Goals and Strategies

Annually, the Board of Education reviews its vision and mission statements, and adopts goals and strategies related thereto. For the 2021-2022 school year, the Board of Education adopted the following:

### **ORANGE VISION**

The Orange City School District will empower our students, staff and community to be passionate and innovative global citizens committed to excellence in learning, leading and making a difference.

### **ORANGE MISSION**

To authentically engage students in a positive, supportive, nurturing and safe environment in order to develop critical-thinking and civic-minded citizens who will contribute to the local community and our global society.

### 2021-2022 DISTRICT GOALS

- Maximize individual student growth in all areas, including academic and extracurricular, to ensure our students are well prepared for college and careers.
- Ensure a culture of excellence by hiring and developing employees who will foster a collaborative learning environment.
- Build a culture of learning that embraces diversity and a global perspective.
- Provide and maintain safe, innovative facilities and technology to promote learning.
- Conduct all District activities in a fiscally responsible and cost-effective manner with accountability and transparency to district residents.
- Engage the community as active participants and significant partners in support of our vision.

### **2021-2022 DISTRICT STRATEGIES**

1. <u>Academics</u>. Create a challenging academic culture that stimulates exceptional academic growth in all students,

- a. Through the teaching of a rigorous curriculum and maintaining the Orange tradition of innovative programming, achieve the highest performance rating on the state report card and other performance measures.
- b. Continue to strengthen all District academic offerings, with a particular focus on improved sequencing, student placement, and student advancement, to permit all students to meet their potential through challenging curriculum.
- c. Continue to promote excellence in hiring, development, evaluation, and performance management of district employees.
- d. Continue to implement collaborative efforts utilizing grade level and subject teams, building level teams, district level teams, and vertical alignment teams, identifying specific goals to improve growth and achievement for all students.
- e. Advance the District's ongoing commitment to embrace diversity, equity, inclusion, and social justice initiatives in our school buildings and workplace for the benefit of our students, staff, and community.

### 2. Financial.

- a. Maintain and improve fiscal responsibility through the Treasurer's office with support from the Finance Committee ensuring continued economy and efficiency in the use of school district resources.
- b. Reconvene the Citizens Finance Committee to provide additional community perspective on financial matters.

### 3. Facilities.

- a. Continue to monitor permanent improvement needs, work projects, and renovations with respect to quality of work and financial costs.
- b. Continue to assess, evaluate, and improve safety and security needs of the District.

### 4. Community.

- a. Engage the community to support educational and extracurricular programs.
- b. Continue to offer regular and timely district opportunities (including online) for community members to engage in district and Board matters.
- c. Continue to engage district municipal leaders by developing collaborative relationships and through semi-annual meetings with Mayors.
- d. Encourage new programs that foster interaction among community members, students, teachers, administrators, and Board members in valuable activities.
- e. Continue to inform and engage the community through the Quality Profile and the promotion of the District programming in academics, athletics, and the arts.

Major Initiatives and Accomplishments for School Year 2020-2021

Moody's Investors Service and Standard & Poor's Corp. affirmed their highest credit ratings (Aaa/AAA) on the School District. These ratings reflect strong fiscal management and sufficient financial reserves to withstand fiscal shocks. Orange is the only Ohio school district to maintain the highest credit rating with two national agencies.

The Board of Education and the District's administration continue to work to improve the quality of education for all children and to provide prudent financial management to adequately fund this quality education. The Board of Education and the District's administration with better than expected operating results were able to extend the 2004 levy cycle to seven years. In November 2011, the Board did place on the ballot and was successful in passing a new five mill continuing operating levy. When the November 2011 levy was approved, the Board anticipated that it would again have to approach the community in about five years. Through sound fiscal management, that levy cycle has been extended to 11 years so far. The most recent District financial forecast indicates a possible levy in calendar year 2022.

The Orange High School Advanced Placement Program was named first in class in the State of Ohio by the Siemens Corporation for the 2006-2007 school year. During the 2020-2021 school year, 80 percent of the Advanced Placement tests taken by Orange students earned a score of 3 or higher, representing college level achievement. In 2013, Orange was recognized among 367 high schools in the United States which has dramatically expanded access to AP courses while maintaining consistently high performance levels. Orange High School continues to be among the top rated high schools in the State of Ohio. In grades 3-10, student performance met or exceeded State and national standards.

The Orange City School District performed well overall on the 2021 Ohio Department of Education school district report card. Due to the pandemic, the ODE did not give out a final grade or score as in previous years.

The District is advancing several professional development initiatives aimed at ensuring student success in the 21st century. Most notably, the District has been actively engaged in math textbook adoption for students in Kindergarten through 12th grade. At the elementary school, teachers and administrators continued its work with Columbia Teachers College on reading and writing projects. While navigating through the ongoing pandemic in 2020-2021, there was a growth in instructional strategies involving hybrid and distance learning along with the professional development of teachers on how to engage students in online learning across the curriculum.

In January 2012, the District completed the construction and opened a new gymnasium at the Brady Middle School. This 13,600 square foot facility was financed through the use of the Federal Stimulus program and the sale of Qualified School Construction Bonds. Under this program, the Federal Government reimburses the District the amount of interest charged for the life of the loan which is ten years. The final payment to retire this bond issue was made on December 1, 2019.

During the 2013-2014 school year, the District gathered community data regarding the renovation of Brady Middle School and other campus updates through an online survey, interactive page on the district website, and in-person forums. The Board also studied specific renovations to the middle school and work began in the summer of 2017 with building restroom renovations. In 2018, construction of a new building entrance and lobby area along with updates to the office area and renovations to the former gymnasium space for music instruction was completed. In 2019, renovations included the repurposing of former music rooms, the development collaborative spaces, a complete media center redesign, classroom upgrades, restroom additions, and the painting of lockers and hallways.

Also, as part of the campus facilities plan, the Orange High School Natatorium was completely renovated during the 2014-2015 school year due to the need for a new roof and for much needed improvements and repairs to the pool, locker rooms and handicap accesses. Also, work to renovate the Orange High School Auditorium was completed in the fall of 2015.

Near the end of the 2015-2016 school year, the Board of Education was studying approximately \$4 million in energy conservation improvements, related end-of-useful-life equipment replacement and renovations to District facilities. Subsequent to the end of the fiscal year, the Board determined to proceed with the project. Funding sources include drawing down internal cash reserves and outside financing. Financing for the portion of the project to be funded through outside sources was closed in October 2016 and work began in earnest in 2017.

During the 2016-2017 school year, the District received a Straight A Grant from the State of Ohio, which allowed for the installation of a FabLab on the lower level of Brady Middle School, additional 21st Century work areas such as Makers Spaces and equipment throughout the District. The District has partnered with various universities and professional organizations in this endeavor.

During the 2021-2022 school year, the District studied renovation options at Orange High School which included the outdated locker rooms, training areas, and workout spaces for the athletics program. At the same time, the District is also reviewing improvements to the front entrance of the school to improve both safety and efficiency concerns.

### Student Accomplishments and Achievements

Orange students continued to thrive, grow and achieve within the District's curriculum. Some examples of their successes were:

- 1) A four-year graduation rate of nearly 100 percent and a five-year graduation rate of 98 percent in 2021, with more than 97 percent of graduates continuing their education at an institution of higher learning.
- 2) More than 80 percent of all Advanced Placement tests earned scores of 3 or better, placing the District's students among the top in the nation.
- 3) Two Orange High School students were recognized by the National Merit Scholarship Program.
- 4) Average student scores on the ACT are consistently above national and state averages, ranking Orange High School among the top 10 percent of all high schools in Ohio. Orange High School earned a four-year average composite score of 25.3 on the ACT.

The District takes great pride in all of its students' achievements and recognizes the need to both maintain and enhance its curriculum to ensure our students' future academic and intellectual growth.

### Economic Outlook

The boundaries of the District include residential parcels with a small portion of industrial/commercial property near interstate highway systems. Transportation access provides an excellent backdrop for commercial-industrial development. Major nearby highways include Interstate 271, which abuts the District's western boundary; and, Interstate 480, which is about two miles away. All major controlled-access highways serving the Cleveland area are readily accessible to the District, including Interstates 71, 77, 80 and 90. Cleveland-Hopkins International Airport, about thirty minutes travel time to the west, makes the District a great location for all types of businesses. The District is in an ideal suburban location within the metropolitan Cleveland area and has convenient access to major hospitals, retail centers, office parks, cultural institutions, and colleges and universities.

Eighty-five percent of the District's assessed valuation is comprised of residential property. The District has a wide variety of housing choices in a bucolic suburban setting. Communities within the District transition from the dense urban setting of Cleveland's inner-ring suburbs to the more rural environs of surrounding counties within the metropolitan area. Housing choice include apartments, condominiums and single family homes, one of which is the largest private residence in square footage terms in the State of Ohio. The District's assessed valuation has increased approximately 22 percent since 2001.

The current economic climate in the nation for recruiting and retaining businesses has had an effect on the District. The Pinecrest development, which began operating in the fall of 2018, is the subject of a Tax Increment Financing agreement for a 30-year period. Legislative changes in recent years have resulted in a net loss of revenue for the District. Most notably, Amended Substitute House Bill 66, passed in 2005, resulted in the complete phase out of revenues derived from tangible personal property taxes. In July 2011, Amended Substitute House Bill 153 accelerated this phase out in fiscal years 2012 and 2013. Tangible personal property tax reimbursements remained level for fiscal years 2014 and 2015. Amended Substitute House Bill 64 passed in June 2015 resumed the phase-down of tangible personal property taxes. The final phase out payment was

received during fiscal year 2017. The resulting loss of \$860,000 in phase out payments means that unrestricted grants-in-aid to the District will decrease approximately 35 percent effective with fiscal year 2018. This is among the top ten State revenue loses in percentage terms of all Ohio school districts. Property taxes and related State property tax exemption reimbursements comprised more than 90 percent of the District's total general fund revenue in fiscal year 2021. This means the District relies heavily upon the continued electoral support of its residents through the passage of tax levies.

The funding structure of public education in Ohio is such that school districts receive limited revenue growth as a result of inflationary increases in their tax base. Consequently, school districts throughout Ohio must regularly place funding issues on the ballot to receive significant revenue growth. As a result, all of the District's financial abilities will be called upon to meet the challenges the future will bring. It is imperative the District's Board and management team continue to carefully and prudently plan in order to provide the resources required to meet the students' needs over the next several years.

District voters approved a 5-mill, continuing general operating levy in November 2011. The levy generates approximately \$5 million per year for the general fund. The District also passed a 5-mill general operating levy in November 2004. This levy also generates approximately \$5 million annually for the general fund. These levies, along with other operating levies passed prior to 2004, are projected to provide the funds needed to maintain current program levels. District voters over the past approximately 45 years have not defeated an operating levy request. For financial forecasting purposes, the District noted in its October 2021 Five Year Forecast the possibility of placing a 5-mill levy before the electors in calendar year 2022. Further, a \$36.5 million bond issue was passed in November 1998. In addition, a 1-mill, continuing permanent improvement levy was passed in November of 2003. These funds were used for various capital improvements and major equipment purchases (as required by law), including the construction of a new elementary school completed in 2001.

### GASB 68 and 75 Implementation

Starting with fiscal year 2015 and 2018, the District is required to implement Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions" and GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions", respectively. GASB 68 addresses accounting for defined benefit and defined contribution pension plans. The District maintains a strong financial position, and readers are cautioned not to be misled by this accounting standards. In Ohio, the pension and OPEB systems are funded through a combination of required employee and employer contributions. Benefit payments are the responsibility of the pension systems and not the District. Any unfunded pension and OPEB liability is the responsibility of the pension systems and would be mitigated by future increases to the required contribution rate or by reducing future benefit payments to retirees. Please see notes 12 and 13 of the basic financial statements for more information regarding GASB 68 and GASB 75 Ohio's pension systems.

### Financial Information

Internal Accounting and Budgetary Control

The District's accounting system is organized on a "fund" basis. Each fund is a distinct self-balancing accounting entity. Fund financial reports for general governmental operations are presented on the modified accrual basis whereby revenues are recognized when measurable and available, and expenditures are recognized when goods and services are received. Reports of the District's proprietary operations are presented on the accrual basis whereby revenues are recognized when earned and expenses when incurred.

In developing the District's accounting system much consideration was given to the adequacy of internal accounting controls. Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance regarding the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets. The concept of reasonable assurance is based on the assumption that the cost of internal accounting controls should not exceed the benefits expected to be derived from their implementation. Internal control over financial reporting involves limitations dues human diligence and is subject to lapses in judgment and breakdowns resulting from human failures. Because of such limitations, there is a risk that material

misstatements may not be prevented or detected on a timely basis. These inherent limitations are part of the financial reporting process and the District has designed processes to reduce this risk.

The District utilizes a fully automated accounting system as well as an automated system for payroll. These systems, coupled with the manual review of each invoice prior to payment and each receipt, ensure that the financial information generated is both accurate and reliable.

As provided by law, prior to the beginning of each fiscal year, the Board of Education adopts a temporary appropriation measure that remains in effect during the first three months of the ensuing fiscal year. Prior to October 1 of each fiscal year, the Board of Education adopts a permanent appropriation measure, which supersedes the previously passed temporary appropriation measure. Annual appropriations may not exceed the County Budget Commission's official estimate of resources. The County Auditor must certify that the Board of Education's appropriation measures, including any supplements or amendments, do not exceed the amount set forth in the latest of those official estimates.

All disbursements and transfers of cash between funds require appropriation authority from the Board. Budgets are controlled by the Board of Education at the fund level. Within the District's accounting system, a more stringent management budget is controlled at the object level within each function and fund. Budget transfers between and among budget accounts are approved by the Treasurer and Superintendent. All purchase order requests must be approved by the Building Principal or another appropriate Supervisor and certified by the Treasurer. Necessary funds are then encumbered and purchase orders are released to vendors. Those requests that exceed the available appropriation are rejected until additional appropriations are secured.

The accounting system used by the District provides interim financial reports and transaction information that details year-to date expenditures and encumbrances versus the original appropriation plus any supplemental appropriations passed to date.

As an additional safeguard, a blanket bond covers all employees, and a separate, higher limit bond covers certain individuals in policy-making roles.

The basis of accounting and the various funds utilized by the District are fully described in Note 2 of the financial statements. Additional information on the District's budgetary accounting can also be found in Note 2.

### Financial Reporting

The basic financial statements for reporting on the District's financial activities are as follows:

Government-wide financial statements - These statements are prepared on an accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the basis of accounting followed by business enterprises. The government-wide statements distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

Fund financial statements - These statements present information for individual major funds rather than by fund type. Non-major funds are presented in total in one column. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting and include a reconciliation to the governmental activities accrual information presented in the government-wide financial statements. Proprietary and custodial funds use the accrual basis of accounting.

Statement of budgetary comparisons - These statements present comparisons of actual information to the legally adopted budget. The budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances.

This transmittal letter is designed to provide historical information about the District, as well as complement the required Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). The District's MD&A, which focuses on the government-wide statements, can be found immediately following the Independent Auditor's Report and should be read in conjunction with this transmittal letter.

### Awards

GFOA Certificate of Achievement - The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Orange City School District for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The Certificate of Achievement is the highest form of recognition in the area of governmental financial reporting. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that conforms to program standards. Such a report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements and we are submitting it to GFOA.

The Association of School Business Officials International (ASBO) awards a Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting to school districts that publish Annual Comprehensive Financial Reports which substantially conform to the principles and standards of financial reporting as recommended and adopted by the Association of the School Business Officials. The award is granted only after an intensive review of the financial report by an all-expert panel of certified public accountants and practicing school business officials. The District received the Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The District believes that the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for fiscal year June 30, 2021, which will be submitted to ASBO for review, will conform to ASBO's principles and standards.

The District also is a consistent recipient of the Ohio Auditor of State Award with Distinction. This award is for excellence in financial reporting for the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report and is awarded to entities whose exemplary reporting serves as the standard for clean, accountable government, representing the highest level of service to Ohioans.

### Independent Audit

State statute requires the District to be subjected to an annual audit by an independent auditor. An annual audit serves to maintain and strengthen the District's accounting and budgetary controls. The Ohio Auditor of State was selected to render an opinion on the District's financial statements as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021. The opinion appears at the beginning of the financial section of this report. In addition to the financial audit, a single audit was performed as required by the Title 2 U.S. code of federal regulations part 200 uniform administrative requirements, cost principles, and audit requirements for federal awards (Uniform Guidance). The single audit report is not included in the ACFR.

Pursuant to statute, the State prescribes a uniform accounting system to standardize accounting classification and financial reporting for all school districts in Ohio. The District adopted and has been in conformance with that system beginning with its financial report for 1981.

### Acknowledgments

The publication of this report continues in the tradition of providing a high level of accountability of the District's finances to the taxpayers and other internal and external users. This accomplishment would not have been possible without the support and efforts of the entire staff of the Treasurer's office and various administrators and employees of the District. Assistance from the County Auditor's office, surrounding community administrators and other outside agencies made possible the fair presentation of statistical data.

Special appreciation is expressed to the accounting firm of Rea & Associates, Inc., for assistance in preparing this financial report.

Finally, sincere appreciation is extended to the Board of Education for its interest in and ongoing support of this project.

Respectfully submitted,

Dr. Lynn Campbell Todd Puster

Superintendent Treasurer

### Orange City School District List of Principal Officials As of June 30, 2021

### **Board of Education**

Dr. Rebecca Boyle President

Mrs. Melanie Weltman Vice-President

Mr. Scott Bilsky Member

Mr. Jeffrey Leikin Member

Mrs. Beth Wilson-Fish Member

### Treasurer/Chief Financial Officer

### Mr. Todd Puster

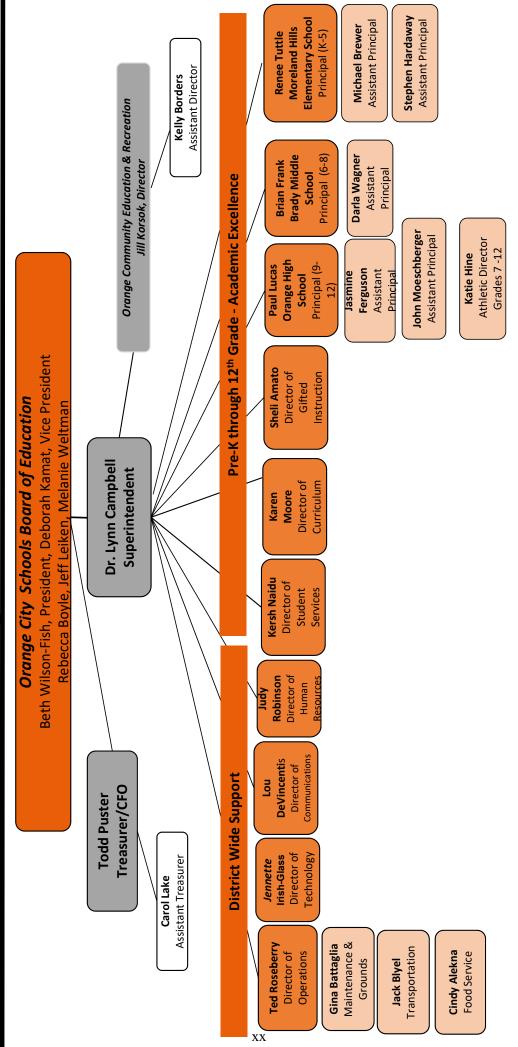
### Administration

Dr. Lynn Campbell	Superintendent
Mrs. Judith Robinson	Director of Human Resources
Mrs. Karen Moore	Co-Director of Curriculum and Director of Support Services
Mrs. Sheli Amato	Co-Director of Curriculum and Director of Gifted Services
Mr. Charles (Ted) Roseberry	Director of Operations and Business Services
Mrs. Jill Korsok	Director of Community Education and Recreation
Mr. Lou DeVincentis	Director of Communications
Ms. Carol Lake	Assistant Treasurer
Mrs. Cindy Alekna	Supervisor of Food Services
Mr. Jack Bleyl	Supervisor of Transportation Services <sup>1</sup>
Mrs. Jennette Irish-Glass	Supervisor of Technology
(Position Vacant)	Supervisor of Facilities <sup>2</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>On August 1, 2021, Ms. Sheila Dikowicz became Supervisor of Transportation Services

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>On August 1, 2021, Mr. Anthony Ugrinic became Supervisor of Facilities

# Administrative Organizational Chart 2020-2021





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

# Orange City School District Ohio

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2020

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



# The Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented to

# **Orange City School District**

for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020.

The report meets the criteria established for ASBO International's Certificate of Excellence.



W. Edward Chabal

President

W. Edward Chabal

David J. Lewis

**Executive Director** 



# Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

# To Learn | To Lead | To Make a Difference









**Financial Section** 



88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 ContactUs@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Orange City School District Cuyahoga County 32000 Chagrin Boulevard Pepper Pike, Ohio 44124

To the Board of Education:

### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Orange City School District, Cuyahoga County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Efficient • Effective • Transparent

Orange City School District Cuyahoga County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 20 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the District. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

### **Other Matters**

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *management's discussion and analysis*, and schedules of net pension and other post-employment benefit liabilities and pension and other post-employment benefit contributions listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

### Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the District's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The introductory section, the financial section's combining statements, individual fund statements and schedules and the statistical section information present additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The statements and schedules are management's responsibility, and derive from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this information to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

We did not subject the introductory section and statistical section information to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion or any other assurance on them.

Orange City School District Cuyahoga County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we will also issue our report dated December 22, 2021, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

December 22, 2021

This page intentionally left blank.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021 (Unaudited)

The discussion and analysis of the Orange City School District's (the "School District") financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole; readers should also review the transmittal letter, the notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

### Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2021 are as follows:

- Net position decreased \$1,602,590 during fiscal year 2021.
- Capital assets decreased \$1,487,073 during fiscal year 2021.
- During the fiscal year, outstanding debt decreased from \$11.9 million to \$9.6 million.
- The School District implemented GASB 84 which increased governmental net position as previously reported by \$171,959.

### Using this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. The statements are organized so the reader can understand the Orange City School District as a whole entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the School District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the School District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the Orange City School District, the general fund, permanent improvement fund, and the recreation fund are the School District's major funds.

### Reporting the School District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While the basic financial statements contain the large number of funds used by the School District to provide programs and activities, the view of the School District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during fiscal year 2021?". The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include all (non-fiduciary) assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021 (Unaudited)

These two statements report the School District's net position and changes in net position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole, the financial position of the School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the School District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio which restrict revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs, and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the School District is divided into two distinct kinds of activities:

Governmental Activities - Most of the School District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities and food service operations.

Business-Type Activities - These services are provided on a charge for goods or services basis to recover all or a significant portion of the expenses of the goods or services provided. The School District's recreation fund is reported as a business-type activity.

### Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

### Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions; however, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant funds. The School District's major governmental funds are the general fund and permanent improvement fund.

Governmental Funds Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

### **Proprietary Funds**

The School District's only proprietary funds are the recreation fund and an internal service fund which was used to account for the School District's workers' compensation fund. Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the School District, or to other governments on a cost-reimbursement basis. For reporting on the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, internal service fund activities are eliminated and consolidated with governmental activities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021 (Unaudited)

### Reporting the School District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The School District acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units and/or other funds. These activities are reported in custodial funds. These activities are excluded from the School District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the School District to finance its operations.

### The School District as a Whole

Recall that the Statement of Net Position provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net position for 2021 compared to 2020:

Table 1 Net Position

	G	overnmental Activiti	ies	Business-Type Activities				
		Restated						
	2021	2020	Change	2021	2020	Change		
Assets								
Current & Other Assets	\$ 86,117,834	\$ 87,578,182	\$ (1,460,348)	\$ 4,703,843	\$ 4,297,190	\$ 406,653		
Net Pension/OPEB Asset	3,404,625	3,222,132	182,493	-	-	-		
Capital Assets	49,875,980	51,163,760	(1,287,780)	3,041,529	3,240,822	(199,293)		
Total Assets	139,398,439	141,964,074	(2,565,635)	7,745,372	7,538,012	207,360		
Deferred Outflows of Resources								
Pension & OPEB	12,734,300	11,379,040	1,355,260	601,104	772,410	(171,306)		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resource	12,734,300	11,379,040	1,355,260	601,104	772,410	(171,306)		
Liabilities								
Current & Other Liabilities	6,863,445	6,121,038	742,407	240,299	196,232	44,067		
Long-Term Liabilities:								
Due Within One Year	2,694,358	2,709,602	(15,244)	9,437	12,515	(3,078)		
Due In More Than One Year:			, , ,			,		
Pension & OPEB	69,920,213	64,699,151	5,221,062	3,751,818	4,128,881	(377,063)		
Other Amounts	12,166,786	14,266,500	(2,099,714)	144,150	126,210	17,940		
Total Liabilities	91,644,802	87,796,291	3,848,511	4,145,704	4,463,838	(318,134)		
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Property Taxes	40,652,290	42,231,747	(1,579,457)	768,383	310,124	458,259		
Pension & OPEB	9,173,481	11,485,653	(2,312,172)	701,129	369,867	331,262		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		53,717,400	(3,891,629)	1,469,512	679,991	789,521		
Net Position								
Net Investment in Capital Assets	40,124,941	39,430,020	694,921	3,041,529	3,240,822	(199,293)		
Restricted	8,425,188	8,863,333	(438,145)	-	-	-		
Unrestricted	(37,887,963)	(36,463,930)	(1,424,033)	(310,269)	(74,229)	(236,040)		
Total Net Position	\$ 10,662,166	\$ 11,829,423	\$ (1,167,257)	\$ 2,731,260	\$ 3,166,593	\$ (435,333)		

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021 (Unaudited)

The net pension liability (NPL) is the largest single liability reported by the School District at June 30, 2021 and is reported pursuant to GASB Statement 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27.* In a prior period, the School District also adopted GASB Statement 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions.* For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the School District's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB and the net OPEB asset.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB 45) focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's *net pension/OPEB liability*. GASB 68 and GASB 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

GASB 68 and GASB 75 require the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to equal the School District's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service.
- 2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits.

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the School District is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these assets/liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan as against the public employer. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. For STRS, the plan's fiduciary net OPEB position was sufficient to cover the plan's total OPEB liability resulting in a net OPEB asset for fiscal year 2021 that is allocated to each school based on its proportionate share. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021 (Unaudited)

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability reported by the retirement boards. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, the School District's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's change in net pension liability and net OPEB asset/liability, respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

At year end, capital assets of the School District represented 36 percent of total assets. Capital assets include land, construction in progress, buildings, land improvements, equipment and vehicles for governmental activities. Net investment in capital assets was \$40.1 million at June 30, 2021. These capital assets are used to provide services to students and are not available for future spending. Although the School District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the School District's net position, \$8.4 million, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The balance of government-wide unrestricted net position is a deficit of \$37.9 million, which is mainly caused by GASB 68 and GASB 75.

For governmental activities, current and other liabilities increased over prior year, partially due to contracts payable for a roof replacement, while principal payments on debt account for the decrease in long-term liabilities due in more than one year.

Within the business-type activities, property taxes receivable and the deferred inflows increased with the increase in valuation.

There were changes in net pension/OPEB liability/asset for the School District. These fluctuations are due to changes in the actuarial liabilities/assets and related accruals that are passed through to the School District's financial statements All components of pension and OPEB accruals contribute to the fluctuations in deferred outflows/inflows and NPL/NOL/NOA and are described in more detail in their respective notes.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021 (Unaudited)

### **Governmental - Net Position**



### **Business-Type - Net Position**



This space intentionally left blank.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021 (Unaudited)

In order to further understand what makes up the changes in net position for the current year, the following table gives readers further details regarding the results of activities for 2021 and 2020:

Table 2 Changes in Net Position

	G	overnmental Activit	ies	Business-Type Activities			
	2021	2020	Change	2021	2020	Change	
Revenues							
Program Revenues							
Charges for Services	\$ 1,737,414	\$ 1,447,250	\$ 290,164	\$ 1,600,075	\$ 1,886,416	\$ (286,341)	
Operating Grants	1,647,480	1,429,419	218,061	102,988	102,434	554	
Capital Grants	64,863	157,573	(92,710)	102,766	102,737	-	
Total Program Revenues	3,449,757	3,034,242	415,515	1,703,063	1,988,850	(285,787)	
General Revenues	45.005.045	44.450.420	4.445.550	000.050	<b>5</b> 40.626	124.445	
Property Taxes	45,305,917	41,158,139	4,147,778	883,053	748,636	134,417	
Grants & Entitlements	6,970,776	7,121,695	(150,919)	-	-	-	
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	-	1,195,752	(1,195,752)	- (2.072	225.002	(1(2,111)	
Miscellaneous	854,537	1,057,723	(203,186)	62,872	225,983	(163,111)	
Total General Revenues	53,131,230	50,533,309	2,597,921	945,925	974,619	(28,694)	
Total Revenues	56,580,987	53,567,551	3,013,436	2,648,988	2,963,469	(314,481)	
Program Expenses							
Instruction:							
Regular	22,835,557	22,513,108	322,449	-	-	-	
Special	9,651,532	9,295,055	356,477	-	-	-	
Vocational	479,194	636,158	(156,964)	-	-	-	
Other	155,632	91,171	64,461	-	-	-	
Support Services:							
Pupils	3,977,989	3,892,369	85,620	-	-	-	
Instructional Staff	1,521,096	1,615,656	(94,560)	-	-	-	
Board of Education	61,636	82,123	(20,487)	-	-	-	
Administration	3,530,716	3,864,081	(333,365)	-	-	-	
Fiscal	1,404,923	1,355,742	49,181	-	-	-	
Business	669,783	663,014	6,769	-	-	-	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	5,132,486	5,128,128	4,358	-	-	-	
Pupil Transportation	3,651,561	4,010,449	(358,888)	-	-	-	
Central	1,348,587	1,225,541	123,046	-	-	-	
Operation of Non-Instructional/Shared Services							
Food Service Operations	644,272	670,892	(26,620)	-	-	-	
Community Services	355,132	414,589	(59,457)	-	-	-	
Extracurricular Activities	2,083,231	2,177,144	(93,913)	-	-	-	
Debt Service:							
Interest and Fiscal Charges	244,917	411,621	(166,704)	-	-	-	
Recreation				3,084,321	4,297,255	(1,212,934)	
Total Expenses	57,748,244	58,046,841	(298,597)	3,084,321	4,297,255	(1,212,934)	
Change in Net Position	(1,167,257)	(4,479,290)	3,312,033	(435,333)	(1,333,786)	898,453	
Net Position Beginning of Year	11,829,423	16,136,754	(4,307,331)	3,166,593	4,500,379	(1,333,786)	
Restatement - See Note 2		171,959	(171,959)				
Net Position End of Year	\$ 10,662,166	\$ 11,829,423	\$ (995,298)	\$ 2,731,260	\$ 3,166,593	\$ (435,333)	

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021 (Unaudited)

### **Governmental Activities**

Charges for services showed a slight increase over prior year as students started to return to the facilities in addition to an increase in taxes due to an increase in valuation.

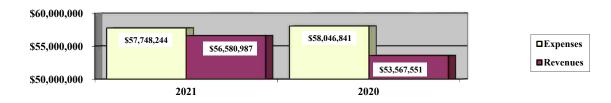
The changes in pension and OPEB accruals from year to year can create fluctuations in instructional and support service expenses.

### **Business-Type Activities**

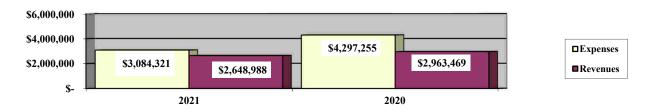
The COVID-19 pandemic continued to affect the recreation activities accounting for decreases in charges for services and expenses in the recreation fund.

The graphs below present the School District's governmental and business-type activities revenues and expenses for fiscal year 2021 and 2020.

### **Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses**



### **Business-Type Activities - Revenues and Expenses**



The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table 3 shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State entitlements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021 (Unaudited)

Table 3
Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of Service			Net Cost of Service			ervice	
		2021		2020		2021		2020
Instruction:								
Regular	\$	22,835,557	\$	22,513,108	\$	21,308,355	\$	21,840,158
Special		9,651,532		9,295,055		9,151,912		8,569,959
Vocational		479,194		636,158		405,494		568,709
Other		155,632		91,171		155,632		91,171
Support Services:								
Pupils		3,977,989		3,892,369		3,726,164		3,580,591
Instructional Staff		1,521,096		1,615,656		1,349,418		1,552,338
Board of Education		61,636		82,123		61,636		82,123
Administration		3,530,716		3,864,081		3,518,392		3,850,475
Fiscal		1,404,923		1,355,742		1,404,217		1,198,169
Business		669,783		663,014		659,223		610,320
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		5,132,486		5,128,128		4,947,558		5,119,171
Pupil Transportation		3,651,561		4,010,449		3,576,367		3,959,360
Central		1,348,587		1,225,541		1,327,072		1,218,341
Operation of Non-Instructional/Shared Services	:							
Food Service Operations		644,272		670,892		353,964		61,874
Community Services		355,132		414,589		118,804		236,802
Extracurricular Activities		2,083,231		2,177,144		1,989,362		2,061,417
Debt Service:								
Interest and Fiscal Charges		244,917		411,621		244,917		411,621
Total Expenses	\$	57,748,244	\$	58,046,841	\$	54,298,487	\$	55,012,599

Note: Table 3 was not updated for the restatement reported.

The dependence upon general revenues for governmental activities is apparent. Approximately 94 percent of governmental activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues; such revenues are 94 percent of total governmental revenues. The community, as a whole, is by far the primary support for the School District students.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021 (Unaudited)

### **Business-Type Activities**

Business-type activities include the recreation operation. During fiscal year 2021, the School District's business-type activities received \$0.9 million in support from tax revenues. The School District renewed a levy in April 2020. The recreation fund had an operating loss of \$1.4 million (prior to non-operating revenues, such as interest revenue, grants and taxes) and a decrease in net position of \$0.4 million caused by the reduction in participation due to the COVID-19 pandemic. As can be seen, the recreation fund is dependent upon the tax levy to help sustain operations. Total net position of the recreation fund at June 30, 2021, was \$2.7 million.

### Governmental Funds

These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The net change in fund balances for the fiscal year was an increase of \$0.3 million for all governmental funds.

The general fund's net change in fund balance for fiscal year 2021 was an increase of \$0.7 million over fiscal year 2020. This is primarily due to the fluctuation in taxes available as an advance compared to the prior year.

The permanent improvement fund's fund balance decreased \$0.1 million from fiscal year 2020. This decrease was primarily due to expenditures for improvement projects completed as compared to the timing of the collection of property taxes.

### General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2021, the School District amended its general fund budget. The School District uses site-based budgeting and budgeting systems are designed to tightly control total site budgets but provide flexibility for site management.

For the general fund, original budget basis revenue was higher than final budget with taxes accounting for most of the difference. Actual budget basis revenue was lower than the final budget basis revenue with most of this underestimation also relating to taxes.

Original expenditure appropriations were slightly higher than final expenditure appropriations and final expenditure appropriations were higher than the actual expenditures due to the School District focusing on cutting costs.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021 (Unaudited)

### Capital Assets and Debt Administration

### **Capital Assets**

At the end of fiscal year 2021, the School District had \$52.9 million invested in capital assets. Table 4 shows fiscal year 2021 balances compared with 2020.

Table 4
Capital Assets at June 30
(Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities		Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	
Land	\$ 6,516,782	\$ 6,516,782	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,516,782	\$ 6,516,782	
Land Improvements	1,687,786	2,034,240	297,017	316,086	1,984,803	2,350,326	
Buildings	38,144,430	39,284,224	2,725,336	2,904,352	40,869,766	42,188,576	
Equipment	1,514,469	1,771,687	19,176	20,384	1,533,645	1,792,071	
Vehicles	1,500,002	1,407,097	-	-	1,500,002	1,407,097	
Construction in Progress	512,511	149,730			512,511	149,730	
Total	\$ 49,875,980	\$ 51,163,760	\$ 3,041,529	\$ 3,240,822	\$ 52,917,509	\$ 54,404,582	

The \$1.3 million decrease in capital assets of governmental activities was attributable to disposals and current depreciation exceeding acquisitions.

Business-type activities capital assets decreased \$0.2 million due to current depreciation.

See Note 8 for more information about the capital assets of the School District.

This space intentionally left blank.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021 (Unaudited)

### **Debt**

At June 30, 2021, the School District had \$9.6 million in debt outstanding. Table 5 summarizes bonds and leases outstanding.

Table 5
Outstanding Debt at Year End

	 Governmental Activities				
	2021		2020		
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 9,390,403	\$	11,710,933		
Lease-Purchase	 162,359		216,100		
Total	\$ 9,552,762	\$	11,927,033		

In fiscal year 2020, the School District made principal payments of \$2.3 million in general obligation bonds. See Note 13 for additional information on the School District's outstanding debt.

### **Current Financial Related Activities**

COVID-19 pandemic has had profound effects on the operations of the Orange City School District and school communities throughout Ohio and the nation. Learning was disrupted when Ohio Gov. Mike DeWine ordered all Ohio schools to close to students effective March 16, 2020, for what would become the remainder of the 2019-2020 school year. Disruption to learning continued into the 2020-2021 school year. At times during the 2020-2021 school year, students learned remotely. At other times, a hybrid approach of in-person and remote learning becoming the norm. Later during that school year, students could opt to return for a full school day or remain in a full remote learning environment. When the 2021-2022 school year began in August, students returned in-person for full-day every-day academic instruction; extracurricular activities largely resumed. The disruption that has occurred since March 2020 has had a profound academic effect for some children and more limited effect for others. Still, it has become incumbent on teachers and administrators to identify pandemic-related learning gaps and develop strategies to overcome them. The Orange City Schools had used a comprehensive team approach to work through all associated issues to minimize deleterious effects on students' academic performance. That essential yet time-consuming and costly work is ongoing. The School District has been allocated more than \$2.5 million in federal COVID-19 relief funding as of October 2021 to address various pandemic-related learning impacts and associated mitigation costs. Additionally, many local financial and human resources have been deployed to ameliorate the effects of the pandemic on learning.

The School District offers students, parents and community members an outstanding and robust educational program on a foundation of excellence. The School District consistently ranks among the best in Ohio with respect to academic performance. Uniquely among Ohio school districts, the School District offers the community at large the ability to participate in a variety of programs through Orange Community Education & Recreation. Local circumstances and national events economically impact the School District and surrounding community. School District leaders review and analyze the impact such activities have on its property tax base as the local real property tax base is the primary source of financial support for the educational program.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021 (Unaudited)

The School District currently is in a strong financial position relative to the more than 600 school districts in the state of Ohio. Two nationally recognized financial ratings services, Moody's Investors Service and Standard & Poor's, affirmed for the School District on March 21, 2017, their highest ratings of Aaa and AAA, respectively. In the years since, the School District has maintained those ratings. In fact, the School District was the first district in the State of Ohio to ever receive Standard & Poor's highest rating. Recent surveillance by the ratings agencies has affirmed the Orange has upheld the credit characteristics to maintain these ratings. In an October 2021 Issuer Comment report, Moody's said the following: "Orange City SD's credit position is exceptional. The Aaa rating is well above the US school district median of Aa3. Key credit factors include a very healthy economy, stable enrollment trend, robust financial position, high leverage and very low fixed costs." The Moody's report notes an average School District resident income of 262% of the U.S. average, a 3-year enrollment trend of a 0.2% increase and full real estate value per capita of \$230,377.

The School District depends heavily on its local property taxpayers for financial support. Approximately 90 percent of day-to-day operating revenue comes from either direct property tax payments or reimbursements for property tax exemptions from the State government. Local fiscal support during the past 20 years can be benchmarked by the following accomplishments: In the fall of 1998 the community authorized a \$36.5 million bond issue, which is the only outstanding voted general obligation debt of the school district. Tax levies approved since then include the following: in November 2000, citizens approved a 9.5-mill operating levy, in November of 2003 they passed a 1-mill permanent improvement levy, in November of 2004 they passed a 5-mill operating levy and in November of 2011, voters approved the passage of a 5-mill operating levy. In April 2020, they renewed a 0.95-mill levy for the School District's recreation operations. Community support for these issues over a long period of time demonstrates the strong belief of parents and community members that their schools are one of the highest priorities and one of the most important public institutions in their communities.

The School District has ongoing communication with community leaders and citizens to advise them of its reliance upon their financial support for the major part of its operations. Semiannually, the Board of Education hosts a public meeting with the mayors of its primary constituent communities—Hunting Valley, Moreland Hills, Orange Village, Pepper Pike and Woodmere—to discuss matters of common concern. This fosters positive working relationships and partnerships.

Among the most vexing issues in Ohio school finance over time has been the adequate and equitable provision of financial resources for the school districts of the State. Since the 1930s, the Ohio General Assembly has appropriated funds for distribution to school districts through various iterations of formulas that allocate funds to school districts according to wealth. As part of the 2021-2023 biennial budget bill, State legislators approved a major package of school funding reforms. While the Ohio Fair School Funding Plan is anticipated to have a positive effect on education funding in the state as a whole, its impact appears to be limited for the Orange City School District. This is largely due to a plethora of wealth indices for the School District that show it has a high ability compared with other school districts to raise revenue locally. Nevertheless, a number of impediments exist with regard to raising local revenue. For a variety of reasons, partially related to tax-reform legislation enacted in the mid-1970s and subsequent State constitutional amendments, the distribution system for funds for schools became somewhat detached from the revenue actually received.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021 (Unaudited)

Financial trends disclosed in the statutorily required Five Year Forecast of the School District show revenues and expenditures to be roughly equal through Fiscal Year 2023. Starting in Fiscal Year 2024, expenditures are forecast to exceed revenues. Current forecast information indicates that growth in revenues is less than 1 percent per year while growth in expenditures is approximately 2 percent per year.

To address forecast future imbalances in revenues and expenditures, the superintendent and treasurer have worked with the Board of Education to consider budget-balancing preferences going forward. These options include significant expenditure reductions and possible revenue enhancements. With respect to revenue enhancement, a 5-mill current expense levy has been considered. The School District is forecast to have sufficient reserves to maintain a minimum cash reserve of 25% of anticipated expenditures through the next several years, but comes close to breaching that reserve level during Fiscal Year 2026. The School District is expected to remain highly dependent on local property taxpayers for funding day-to-day operations for the 5-year period and beyond. Indeed, the local taxpayer burden for funding day-to-day operations is likely to increase. Nevertheless, the School District is in the lower third of the 31 school districts in Cuyahoga County in terms of its tax rates on real property. With respect to nearby districts in eastern Cuyahoga County, it has the second lowest tax rate for day-to-day operations.

As a result of the foregoing, all of the School District's financial abilities and acumen will be called upon to meet the challenges the future may bring. For example, voter approval of a possible future tax levy cannot be assumed. So, it is imperative the School District's Board and management team continue to carefully and prudently plan in order to provide the resources required to sustain one of the most rigorous and robust public educational programs in the State of Ohio.

### **Contacting the School District's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Todd Puster, Treasurer, Orange City School District, 32000 Chagrin Blvd., Pepper Pike, Ohio 44124-5974, or e-mail at tpuster@orangecsd.org.

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Assets			
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 38,545,042	\$ 3,823,326	\$ 42,368,368
Intergovernmental Receivable Taxes Receivable	204,444 46,426,240	880,517	204,444 47,306,757
Payments in Lieu of Taxes Receivable	942,108	-	942,108
Net OPEB Asset	3,404,625	_	3,404,625
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets	7,029,293	-	7,029,293
Depreciable Capital Assets, net	42,846,687	3,041,529	45,888,216
Total Assets	139,398,439	7,745,372	147,143,811
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Pension	10,914,241	411,990	11,326,231
OPEB	1,820,059	189,114	2,009,173
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	12,734,300	601,104	13,335,404
Liabilities			
Accounts Payable	331,517	49,493	381,010
Accrued Wages and Benefits	4,901,186	154,701	5,055,887
Contracts Payable	360,636	-	360,636
Payroll Withholdings Payable	266,738	_	266,738
Intergovernmental Payable	877,820	27,374	905,194
Claims Payable	83,734	0.721	83,734
Matured Compensated Absences Payable Long-Term Liabilities:	41,814	8,731	50,545
Due Within One Year	2,694,358	9,437	2,703,795
Due In More Than One Year:			
Net Pension Liability	64,321,783	2,840,446	67,162,229
Net OPEB Liability Other Amounts Due in More Than One Year	5,598,430	911,372 144,150	6,509,802
Total Liabilities	12,166,786 91,644,802	4,145,704	12,310,936 95,790,506
Deferred Inflows of Resources Property Taxes Levied for the Next Year	40,652,290	768,383	41,420,673
Pension	1,464,069	214,676	1,678,745
OPEB	7,709,412	486,453	8,195,865
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	49,825,771	1,469,512	51,295,283
Net Position			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	40,124,941	3,041,529	43,166,470
Restricted for:			
Capital Outlay	5,501,147	-	5,501,147
Debt Service	2,423,316	-	2,423,316
Locally Funded Programs Student Activities	32,004 214,561	-	32,004 214,561
Federally Funded Programs	14,566	-	14,566
Food Service	131,152	-	131,152
Restricted for Scholarships	62,184	-	62,184
Other Purposes	46,258	-	46,258
Unrestricted	(37,887,963)	(310,269)	(38,198,232)
Total Net Position	\$ 10,662,166	\$ 2,731,260	\$ 13,393,426

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Program Revenues					
	Expenses	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants, Contributions and Interest	Capital Grants and Contributions			
<b>Governmental Activities</b>							
Instruction:							
Regular	\$ 22,835,557	\$ 1,262,690	\$ 264,512	\$ -			
Special	9,651,532	84,966	414,654	-			
Vocational	479,194	68,998	4,702	-			
Other	155,632	-	-	-			
Support Services:							
Pupils	3,977,989	53,341	198,484	-			
Instructional Staff	1,521,096	161,695	9,983	-			
Board of Education	61,636	-	-	-			
Administration	3,530,716	-	12,324	-			
Fiscal	1,404,923	-	-	706			
Business	669,783	10,560	-	-			
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	5,132,486	-	120,771	64,157			
Pupil Transportation	3,651,561	-	75,194	-			
Central	1,348,587	-	21,515	-			
Operation of Non-Instructional/Shared Services:			, in the second of the second				
Food Service Operations	644,272	8,190	282,118	_			
Community Services	355,132	-	236,328	_			
Extracurricular Activities	2,083,231	86,974	6,895	_			
Debt Service:	_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		2,0.2				
Interest and Fiscal Charges	244,917	-	-	-			
Total Governmental Activities	57,748,244	1,737,414	1,647,480	64,863			
<b>Business-Type Activities</b>							
Recreation	3,084,321	1,600,075	102,988				
Total Business-Type Activities	3,084,321	1,600,075	102,988				
Total	\$ 60,832,565	\$ 3,337,489	\$ 1,750,468	\$ 64,863			

### **General Revenues**

Property Taxes Levied for:

General Purposes

Debt Service

Capital Outlay

Recreation

Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to Specific Programs

Investment Earnings

Miscellaneous

Total General Revenues

Change in Net Position

Net Position Beginning of Year (Restated, See Note 2)

Net Position End of Year

### Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities	B	usiness-Type Activities		Total
		_		_	
\$	(21,308,355)	\$	-	\$	(21,308,355)
	(9,151,912)		-		(9,151,912)
	(405,494)		-		(405,494)
	(155,632)		-		(155,632)
	(3,726,164)		-		(3,726,164)
	(1,349,418)		_		(1,349,418)
	(61,636)		-		(61,636)
	(3,518,392)		_		(3,518,392)
	(1,404,217)		_		(1,404,217)
	(659,223)		_		(659,223)
	(4,947,558)		_		(4,947,558)
	(3,576,367)		_		(3,576,367)
	(1,327,072)		_		(1,327,072)
	(1,327,072)				(1,327,072)
	(353,964)		-		(353,964)
	(118,804)		-		(118,804)
	(1,989,362)		-		(1,989,362)
	(244,917)		-		(244,917)
	(54,298,487)				(54,298,487)
	(34,270,407)			-	(34,270,407)
			(1,381,258)		(1,381,258)
			(1,381,258)		(1,381,258)
	(54,298,487)		(1,381,258)		(55,679,745)
	42,255,087		_		42,255,087
	2,237,946		_		2,237,946
	812,884		-		812,884
			883,053		883,053
	6,970,776		-		6,970,776
	123,493		10,846		134,339
	731,044		52,026		783,070
-	53,131,230		945,925		54,077,155
	33,131,230	-	743,723		34,077,133
	(1,167,257)		(435,333)		(1,602,590)
	11,829,423		3,166,593		14,996,016
\$	10,662,166	\$	2,731,260	\$	13,393,426

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

	General	Permanent Improvement Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments Interfund Receivable Intergovernmental Receivable	\$ 28,866,747 88,474	\$ 5,750,901	\$ 2,346,999 - 204,444	\$ 36,964,647 88,474 204,444
Taxes Receivable Payments in Lieu of Taxes Receivable	43,256,685 942,108	877,555	2,292,000	46,426,240 942,108
Total Assets	\$ 73,154,014	\$ 6,628,456	\$ 4,843,443	\$ 84,625,913
Liabilities Accounts Payable Accrued Wages and Benefits Contracts Payable	\$ 291,958 4,770,012	\$ - 360,636	\$ 39,559 131,174	\$ 331,517 4,901,186 360,636
Payroll Withholdings Payable Intergovernmental Payable Interfund Payable Matured Compensated Absences Payable	266,738 862,253 41,814	- - -	15,567 88,474	266,738 877,820 88,474 41,814
Total Liabilities	6,232,775	360,636	274,774	6,868,185
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b> Property Taxes Levied for the Next Year Unavailable Revenue	37,891,664 2,595,165	766,673 39,233	1,993,953 169,850	40,652,290 2,804,248
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	40,486,829	805,906	2,163,803	43,456,538
Fund Balances Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned	1,808,122 4,425,867 20,200,421	5,461,914	2,473,897	7,935,811 1,808,122 4,425,867 20,131,390
Total Fund Balance	26,434,410	5,461,914	2,404,866	34,301,190
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 73,154,014	\$ 6,628,456	\$ 4,843,443	\$ 84,625,913

Orange City School District
Cuyahoga County, Ohio
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to
Net Position of Governmental Activities
June 30, 2021

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$ 34,301,190
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		49,875,980
•		1,5,0,2,500
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds:	\$ 67.381	
Intergovernmental Property Taxes	\$ 67,381 2,075,598	
Revenue in Lieu of Taxes	661,269	2,804,248
Revenue in Lieu of Tunes	001,207	2,004,240
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds.		
The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position		1,496,661
The net pension liability and net OPEB liability are not due and payable in the current period, therefore,		
the liability and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in governmental funds.  Net OPEB Asset	2 404 625	
Deferred Outflows - Pension	3,404,625 10,914,241	
Deferred Outflows - Pension Deferred Outflows - OPEB	1,820,059	
Net Pension Liability	(64,321,783)	
Net OPEB Liability	(5,598,430)	
Deferred Inflows - Pension	(1,464,069)	
Deferred Inflows - OPEB	(7,709,412)	(62,954,769)
		, , , ,
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Serial Tax Exempt Refunding Bonds	(6,985,000)	
Energy Conservation Bonds	(1,505,221)	
Unamortized Bond Premium	(900,182)	
Lease Purchase	(162,359)	
Compensated Absences	(5,308,382)	 (14,861,144)
Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 10,662,166

Orange City School District
Cuyahoga County, Ohio
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	General	Permanent Improvement Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues Property and Other Local Taxes Intergovernmental	\$ 42,418,039 6,766,172	\$ 855,480 101,404	\$ 2,247,143 2,096,134	\$ 45,520,662 8,963,710
Investment Income	118,569	25,631	5,686	149,886
Tuition and Fees	1,565,956	-	12,244	1,578,200
Extracurricular Activities	76,276	-	64,365	140,641
Charges for Services	10,381	-	8,190	18,571
Rent Contributions and Donations	1 470	-	6,895	7,365
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	280.839		0,075	280,839
Miscellaneous	972,852	500	11,337	984,689
Total Revenues	52,209,555	983,015	4,451,994	57,644,564
Expenditures				
Instruction:				
Regular	20,657,077	-	292,005	20,949,082
Special Vocational	8,598,847 451,258	-	538,177	9,137,024 451,258
Other	155,632	-	-	155,632
Support Services:	133,032			155,052
Pupils	3,477,197	-	281,442	3,758,639
Instructional Staff	1,457,132	-	20,120	1,477,252
Board of Education	61,690	-	-	61,690
Administration	3,471,671	11.005	12,464	3,484,135
Fiscal Business	1,296,353 630,706	11,995	32,186	1,340,534 630,706
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	4,705,026	-	120,737	4,825,763
Pupil Transportation	3,729,449	_	4,335	3,733,784
Central	1,309,531	_	21,415	1,330,946
Operation of Non-Instructional/Shared Services:			540.404	540.404
Food Service Operations	42 100	-	540,494	540,494
Community Services Extracurricular Activities	43,198 1,228,466	-	267,872 272,478	311,070 1,500,944
Capital Outlay	1,220,400	1,089,257	272,476	1,089,257
Debt Service		1,000,257		1,000,257
Principal Retirement	53,741	-	2,170,500	2,224,241
Interest and Fiscal Charges	1,301		393,646	394,947
Total Expenditures	51,328,275	1,101,252	4,967,871	57,397,398
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	881,280	(118,237)	(515,877)	247,166
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	6,000	-	-	6,000
Transfers In Transfers Out	(175,000)	-	175,000	175,000 (175,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(169,000)		175,000	6,000
Net Change in Fund Balances	712,280	(118,237)	(340,877)	253,166
Fund Balances Beginning of Year, Restated (See Note 2)	25,722,130	5,580,151	2,745,743	34,048,024
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 26,434,410	\$ 5,461,914	\$ 2,404,866	\$ 34,301,190

Orange City School District
Cuyahoga County, Ohio
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ 253,166
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.  Capital Asset Additions  Current Year Depreciation	\$ 1,721,087 (2,965,361)	(1,244,274)
Governmental funds only report the disposal of capital assets to the extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the statement of activities, a gain or loss is reported for each disposal.		(43,506)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.  Intergovernmental Property Tax Revenue in Lieu of Taxes	 (353,582) (175,512) (534,483)	(1,063,577)
Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.  General Obligation Bonds Energy Conservation Bonds Lease Purchase	 1,930,000 240,500 53,741	2,224,241
Amortization of bond premium on bonds are not reported in the fund but are allocated as an expense over the life of the debt in the statement of activities.		150,030
Contractually required pension/OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows.  Pension OPEB	 4,608,207 70,745	4,678,952
Except for amount reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB liability are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities.  Pension OPEB	(6,538,756) 488,667	(6,050,089)
The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the statement of activities. Governmental expenditures and related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities.		187,113
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.  Compensated Absences		 (259,313)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ (1,167,257)

## Orange City School District

Cuyahoga County, Ohio
Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in
Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts				
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
Revenues					
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$ 43,723,773	\$ 40,652,727	\$ 42,050,569	\$ 1,397,842	
Intergovernmental	7,033,896	6,530,794	6,764,726	233,932	
Investment Income	284,583	243,201	272,693	29,492	
Tuition and Fees	169,039	259,847	162,570	(97,277)	
Charges for Services	10,794	9,992	10,381	389	
Rent	1,000	1,000	1 2	(999)	
Contributions and Donations Miscellaneous	1,000	1,000		(998)	
	999,209	1,268,257	964,953	(303,304)	
Total Revenues	52,223,294	48,966,818	50,225,895	1,259,077	
Expenditures					
Instruction:					
Regular	21,207,479	20,313,710	20,130,706	183,004	
Special	8,395,940	9,714,226	8,614,784	1,099,442	
Vocational	861,561	570,346	467,456	102,890	
Support Services:	2.052.200	2.510.642	2 410 202	100 420	
Pupils Instructional Staff	2,953,289 1,220,904	3,518,642 1,474,164	3,418,203 1,345,897	100,439 128,267	
Board of Education	1,220,904	66,199	62,586	3,613	
Administration	3,929,486	3,953,611	3,624,474	329,137	
Fiscal	1,851,000	1,425,312	1,300,152	125,160	
Business	641,724	592,671	646,861	(54,190)	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	6,110,126	5,203,437	4,891,216	312,221	
Pupil Transportation	4,153,427	4,142,375	3,747,627	394,748	
Central	1,186,241	1,148,430	1,274,082	(125,652)	
Operation of Non-Instructional/Shared Services:					
Community Services	11,292	15,000	43,198	(28,198)	
Extracurricular Activities	789,748	963,403	1,245,837	(282,434)	
Debt Service					
Principal Retirement	53,741	53,741	53,741	-	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	1,301	1,301	1,301		
Total Expenditures	53,484,344	53,156,568	50,868,121	2,288,447	
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,261,050)	(4,189,750)	(642,226)	3,547,524	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	5,775	5,775	6,000	225	
Refund of Prior Year Expenditures	9,743	9,743	6,868	(2,875)	
Refund of Prior Year Receipts	(20,000)	(20,000)	(11,101)	8,899	
Transfers Out	(575,000)	(575,000)	(575,000)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(579,482)	(579,482)	(573,233)	6,249	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,840,532)	(4,769,232)	(1,215,459)	3,553,773	
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	24,936,552	24,936,552	24,936,552	-	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	1,079,345	1,079,345	1,079,345		
Fund Balance End of Year	\$ 24,175,365	\$ 21,246,665	\$ 24,800,438	\$ 3,553,773	

Statement of Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2021

	Enterprise Funds	Governmental Activities	
	Recreation Fund	Internal Service Fund	
Assets			
Current Assets: Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments Taxes Receivable	\$ 3,823,326 880,517	\$ 1,580,395	
Total Current Assets	4,703,843	1,580,395	
Non-Current Assets: Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	3,041,529		
Total Non-Current Assets	3,041,529		
Total Assets	7,745,372	1,580,395	
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Pension	411,990	-	
OPEB	189,114	<del>-</del>	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	601,104		
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable	49,493	-	
Accrued Wages and Benefits Intergovernmental Payable	154,701 27,374	-	
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	8,731	- -	
Compensated Absences Payable	9,437	-	
Claims Payable		83,734	
Total Current Liabilities	249,736	83,734	
I T Linkilition			
Long-Term Liabilities: Compensated Absences Payable - Net of Current Portion	144,150	_	
Net Pension Liability	2,840,446	-	
Net OPEB Liability	911,372		
Total Long-Term Liabilities	3,895,968		
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Property Taxes Levied for the Next Year	768,383	_	
Pension	214,676	-	
OPEB	486,453		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,469,512		
Net Position			
Investment in Capital Assets	3,041,529	_	
Unrestricted	(310,269)	1,496,661	
Total Net Position	\$ 2,731,260	\$ 1,496,661	

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Enterprise	Governmental Activities	
	Recreation Fund	Internal Service Fund	
Operating Revenues Charges for Services Tuition Other	\$ - 1,600,075 52,026	\$ 310,812	
Total Operating Revenues	1,652,101	310,812	
Operating Expenses Salaries Fringe Benefits Purchased Services Materials and Supplies Claims Depreciation Other Total Operating Expenses	1,627,432 757,986 337,511 91,566 199,293 70,533 3,084,321	50,820 86,903 - 137,723	
Operating Income (Loss)	(1,432,220)	173,089	
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses) Federal and State Subsidies Interest Property Taxes  Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	102,988 10,846 883,053 996,887	14,024	
Change in Net Position	(435,333)	187,113	
Net Position Beginning of Year	3,166,593	1,309,548	
Net Position End of Year	\$ 2,731,260	\$ 1,496,661	

Orange City School District Cuyahoga County, Ohio Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Enterprise Funds  Recreation Fund			overnmental Activities
			Internal Service Fund	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities				
Cash Received from Customers	\$	1,600,075	\$	-
Cash Received from Interfund Services Provided		-		310,812
Cash Received from Other Operating Receipts		52,026		-
Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services		(102,091)		-
Cash Payments to Employees for Services and Benefits		(2,219,470)		-
Cash Payments for Contractual Services		(308,500)		(50,820)
Cash Payments for Claims		-		(96,600)
Other Cash Payments		(70,533)		-
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities		(1,048,493)		163,392
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities				
Grants and Subsidies		102,988		-
Property Taxes		854,437		-
Net Cash Provided by (Used for)				
Noncapital Financing Activities		957,425		-
Cash Flows from Investing Activities				
Interest		10,846		14,024
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		10,846		14,024
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Investments		(80,222)		177,416
Cash and Investments Beginning of Year		3,903,548		1,402,979
Cash and Investments End of Year	\$	3,823,326	\$	1,580,395
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities				
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(1,432,220)	\$	173,089
Adjustments:				
Depreciation		199,293		-
(Increase) Decrease in Assets and Deferred Outflows:				
Deferred Outflows - Pension/OPEB		171,306		-
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities and Deferred Inflows:		,		
Accounts Payable		35,078		-
Accrued Wages		53,202		-
Intergovernmental Payable		4,225		-
Contracts Payable		(18,076)		-
Claims Payable		-		(9,697)
Compensated Absences Payable		14,862		-
Matured Compensated Absences Payable		(30,362)		-
Deferred Inflows - Pension/OPEB		331,262		-
Net Pension Liability		(83,130)		-
Net OPEB Liability		(293,933)		-
Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities	\$	(1,048,493)	\$	163,392

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2021

		Custodial
Assets		
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	5,977
Cash and Investments in Segregated Accounts	Ψ 	33,520,730
Total Assets		33,526,707
Liabilities Unearned Revenue		563,264
Total Liabilities		563,264
Net Position Restricted for Individuals, Organizations, and Other Governments		32,963,443
Total Net Position	\$	32,963,443

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Custodial
Additions Amounts Received as Fiscal Agent	\$	103,520,730
Extracurricular Amounts Collected for Other Governments	Ψ	2,390
Total Additions		103,523,120
<b>Deductions</b>		00.047.017
Distributions as Fiscal Agent		98,947,817
Total Deductions		98,947,817
Change in Net Position		4,575,303
Net Position Beginning of Year, Restated (See Note 2)		28,388,140
Net Position End of Year	\$	32,963,443

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### NOTE 1 – DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Orange City School District (the "School District") is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio.

The School District operates under a locally elected five-member Board form of government. Each member is elected to a four year term. The School District provides educational services as mandated by State and federal agencies. The Board of Education controls the School District's three instructional support facilities.

The central administrative offices of the School District are located in Pepper Pike, Cuyahoga County, Ohio. The communities served include Hunting Valley, Moreland Hills, Orange Village, Pepper Pike and Woodmere as well as small portions of Bedford Heights, Solon and Warrensville Heights. The School District operates one elementary school (K-5), one middle school (6-8) and a high school (9-12) on a central campus that spans the Village of Moreland Hills and City of Pepper Pike. It also operates a preschool as part of its Community Education & Recreation program. The School District operates several ancillary facilities, including a transportation center, a maintenance/technology center, a recreation center, an art center and a senior citizens' center.

#### NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to local governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

#### Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity* as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units* and GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34.* The reporting entity is composed of the primary government and component units. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For the School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion by the primary government would render the primary government's

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

financial statements incomplete or misleading. Based upon the application of these criteria, the School District has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the School District (the primary government).

#### Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-Wide Financial Statements The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. Internal service fund activity is eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses. The statements distinguish between those activities of the School District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the School District at fiscal year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities and for the business-type activity of the School District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District, with certain limitations. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business activity or governmental program is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

Fund Financial Statements During the year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Internal service funds are combined and the totals are presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

#### Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

The difference between governmental fund assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance.

The following are the School District's major governmental funds:

**General Fund** - The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

**Permanent Improvement Fund** - The permanent improvement fund is used to account for taxes levied that are restricted for the replacement and updating of equipment and facilities essential for the instruction of students.

Other governmental funds of the School District are used to account for (a) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets and (b) specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to an expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

**Proprietary Fund** - Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position and cash flows. The following are the School District's proprietary funds:

**Enterprise Fund** - An enterprise fund may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. The School District's major enterprise fund is:

**Recreation Fund** - This fund accounts for fees and property taxes for the upkeep of the recreational center and educational opportunities offered to School District residents.

*Internal Service Fund* - The internal service fund is used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the School District, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis. The School District's internal service fund accounts for workers' compensation activities.

**Fiduciary Funds** - Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into the following four classifications: pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and custodial funds. Trust funds are distinguished from custodial funds by the existence of a trust agreement or equivalent arrangements that has certain characteristics. Custodial Funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in a trust fund.

The School District's fiduciary funds are custodial funds. The custodial funds are used to account for assets held by the School District as fiscal agent for the Suburban Health Consortium and athletic tournaments.

#### Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets, all deferred outflows of resources, all liabilities and all deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the School District are included on the statement of net position.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Fund Financial Statements - All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets, current deferred outflows of resources, current liabilities and current deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, all proprietary and fiduciary fund types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets, all deferred outflows of resources, all liabilities and all deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net position. The statement of changes in fund net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the School District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary fund activities.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operation. The principal operating revenues of the School District's enterprise fund are program fees. The principal operating revenue of the School District's internal service fund is charges for services and sales. Operating expenses for the enterprise fund include the cost of sales, personnel and administrative expenses. Operating expenses for the internal service fund included claims and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Fiduciary funds present a statement of changes in fiduciary net position which reports additions to and deductions from custodial funds.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements and the statements presented for the proprietary and fiduciary funds are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred inflows of resources, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

**Revenues-Exchange and NonExchange Transactions** - Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, are recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of the fiscal year end.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

**Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources** In addition to assets, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the School District, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the government-wide statement of net position for pension and OPEB. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are explained in Notes 11 and 12.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized until that time. For the School District, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, pension, OPEB and other unavailable revenue. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2021, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2022 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow on both the government-wide statement of net position and governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the School District, unavailable revenue may include grants, revenue in lieu of taxes, and entitlements. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available. The details of these unavailable revenues are identified on the Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are reported on the government-wide statement of net position. (See Notes 11 and 12).

**Expenses/Expenditures** - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The entitlement value of donated commodities received during the year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances as an expenditure with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### **Budgetary Data**

All funds, other than custodial funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution and the certificate of estimated resources, which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at the fund level for all funds. Although the legal level of budgetary control was established at the fund level of expenditures, the School District has elected to present the budgetary statement comparisons at the fund and function level of expenditures.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statement reflect the amounts in the certificate when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statement reflect the amounts in the amended certificate that was in effect at the time the final appropriations were passed by the Board of Education.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the year.

#### Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, all cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds, including the proprietary fund, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through School District records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and investments" in the basic financial statements.

During fiscal year 2021, investments were limited to Federal Farm Credit Bank (FFCB), Federal Home Loan Mortgage (FHLM) securities, Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA) securities, certificates of deposit, municipal bonds, U.S. treasury notes and bills and the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio), the State Treasurer's Investment Pool.

Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts, such as repurchase agreements and nonnegotiable certificates of deposits, are reported at cost.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

During fiscal year 2021, the School District invested in STAR Ohio. STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants. The School District measures their investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For the fiscal year 2021, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$25 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$100 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$100 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Under existing Ohio statute, interest earnings are allotted to the general fund unless the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2021 amounted to \$118,569 which includes \$10,216 assigned from other School District funds.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows and for presentation on the statement of net position, investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents.

#### Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary fund are reported both in the business-type activity column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective fund.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition value as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets, except land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities
Description	Estimated Lives	Estimated Lives
Land	N/A	N/A
Construction in Progress	N/A	N/A
Land Improvements	20 - 50 Years	20 - 50 Years
Buildings	20 - 50 Years	20 - 50 Years
Equipment	5 - 20 Years	5 - 20 Years
Vehicles	10 Years	10 Years

#### **Interfund Balances**

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivable/payable". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statement of net position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

# Compensated Absences

The School District reports compensated absences in accordance with the provisions of GASB No. 16, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*. Compensated absences include salary related payments related to vacation and sick leave liabilities. Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employee's rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the School District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination (severance) payments. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the "termination payment method". The termination payment method accrues a liability that is based entirely on an estimate of the amount of accumulated sick leave that will be paid as a termination benefit. The estimate is based on past experience. This estimate (ratio) is then applied to employees' sick leave balances and current wages at fiscal year-end.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund.

For governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current fiscal year. Net pension/OPEB liability should be recognized in the governmental funds to the extent that benefit payments are due and payable and the pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is not sufficient for payment of those benefits.

#### Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. At June 30, 2021, there was no net position restricted by enabling legislation.

The School District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

#### Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable - The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of loans receivable.

Restricted - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the School District Board of Education (the highest level of decision making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted nor committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the School District Board of Education, which includes giving the Treasurer the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes.

*Unassigned* - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The School District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

#### **Interfund Activity**

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the government-wide statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues. Transfers between governmental funds are eliminated for reporting of governmental activities on the government-wide financial statements.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in the proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.

# Unamortized Bond Premium and Discount/Unamortized Accounting Gain or Loss

On government-wide financial statements, bond issuance costs are expensed when they occur.

Bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bond premiums are presented as an addition to the face amount of the bonds.

For advance refundings resulting in the defeasance of debt, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense. This accounting gain or loss is amortized over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter, and is presented as a deferred outflow of resources.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB asset/liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense; information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

#### **Estimates**

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal year 2021.

#### Implementation of New Accounting Principles

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the School District has implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities, GASB Statement No. 90, Majority Equity Interests an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61, certain provisions of GASB Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates and GASB Statement No. 98, The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

GASB Statement No. 84 establishes specific criteria for identifying activities that should be reported as fiduciary activities and clarifies whether and how business type activities should report their fiduciary activities. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84, the School District reviewed its funds for proper classification, and any fund reclassifications resulted in the restatement of the School District's financial statements (see below).

GASB Statement No. 90 improves the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and improves the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 90 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School District.

GASB Statement No. 93 addresses accounting and financial reporting effects that result from the replacement of interbank offered rates (IBORs) with other reference rates in order to preserve the reliability, relevance, consistency, and comparability of reported information. The implementation of certain provisions (all except for paragraphs 13 and 14, which are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021), of GASB Statement No. 93 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School District.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

GASB Statement No. 98 establishes the term *annual comprehensive financial report* and its acronym *ACFR*. That new term and acronym replace instances of comprehensive annual financial report and its acronym in generally accepted accounting principles for state and local governments. These changes were incorporated in the School District's fiscal year 2021 financial statements; however, there was no effect on beginning net position/fund balance.

# Restatement of Net Position/Fund Balances

The implementation of GASB 84 had the following effect on net position as reported June 30, 2020:

	Governmental		
		Activities	
Net Position, June 30, 2020	\$	11,657,464	
GASB Statement No. 84		171,959	
Restated Net Position, June 30, 2020	\$	11,829,423	

The implementation of GASB 84 had the following effect on fund balance as reported June 30, 2020:

		Other
	Go	vernmental
	Funds	
Fund Balance, June 30, 2020	\$	2,573,784
GASB Statement No. 84		171,959
Restated Fund Balance, June 30, 2020	\$	2,745,743

The implementation of GASB 84 had the following effect on fiduciary net position as reported June 30, 2020:

	Fiduciary Funds									
	Private Purpose									
	Trust Agency					Custodial				
Net Position, June 30, 2020	\$	67,849	\$	-	\$	-				
GASB Statement No. 84		(67,849)		-		28,388,140				
Adjustments:										
Assets		-		28,667,203		-				
Liabilities				(28,667,203)						
Restated Net Position, June 30, 2020	\$	-	\$	-	\$	28,388,140				

#### **NOTE 3 – FUND BALANCE**

Fund balance can be classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in governmental funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented as follows:

Fund Balance	General Fund	Permanent Improvement Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total
Restricted for:				
Debt Service	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,960,211	\$ 1,960,211
Capital Outlay	-	5,461,914	_	5,461,914
Extracurricular	-	-	214,561	214,561
Non-Public Schools	-	-	7,172	7,172
Special Education	-	-	155	155
Food Service	-	-	157,021	157,021
Scholarships	-	-	62,184	62,184
Other Purposes			72,593	72,593
Total Restricted	_	5,461,914	2,473,897	7,935,811
Committed to:				
Other Purposes	1,808,122			1,808,122
Assigned for:				
Public School Support	143,390	-	-	143,390
Encumbrances:				
Instruction	322,181	-	-	322,181
Support Services	676,327	-		676,327
Extracurricular	6,093	-	-	6,093
Subsequent Year Appropriations	2,948,152	-	-	2,948,152
Other Purposes	329,724			329,724
Total Assigned	4,425,867			4,425,867
Unassigned (Deficit)	20,200,421		(69,031)	*20,131,390
Total Fund Balance	\$ 26,434,410	\$ 5,461,914	\$ 2,404,866	\$ 34,301,190

<sup>\*</sup> The following special revenue funds had a deficit fund balance as of June 30, 2021:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Deficit Fund Balance			
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:				
Rotary	\$ 14,474			
ESSER	13,663			
Title VI-B Fund	27,806			
Title I Fund	9,367			
Preschool Handicapped Fund	192			
Title II-A	 3,529			
Total	\$ 69,031			

#### NOTE 4 – BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual, is presented for the general fund on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are that:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).
- 2. Expenditures/expenses are recorded when paid in cash (budget) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget) rather than as an assignment, commitment or restriction of fund balance (GAAP).
- 4. Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget).

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statement to the budgetary basis statement for the general fund.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### **Net Change in Fund Balance**

	 General Fund			
GAAP Basis	\$ 712,280			
Net Adjustment for Revenue Accruals	(492,085)			
Net Adjustment for Expenditure Accruals	363,812			
Funds Budgeted Elsewhere **	(770,685)			
Adjustment for Encumbrances	(1,028,781)			
Budget Basis	\$ (1,215,459)			

<sup>\*\*</sup> As part of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a GAAP basis. This includes the unclaimed monies fund, uniform school supplies fund, special education fund, public school support fund and the termination benefits fund.

#### **NOTE 5 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

State statutes classify monies held by the School District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current two year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts.

Protection of the School District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by the financial institutions participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Interim monies are to be deposited or invested in the following securities:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the fair value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain bankers acceptances for a period not to exceed one hundred and eighty days and commercial papers not to exceed two hundred seventy days from the purchase date in any amount not to exceed 40% of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

**Deposits** - At year-end, \$3,548,189 of the School District's bank balance of \$3,798,189 was exposed to custodial credit risk. Although the securities were held by the pledging financial institutions' trust department in the School District's name and all statutory requirements for the investment of money had been followed, noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the School District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

**Custodial Credit Risk** Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party.

The School District has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or protected by:

- Eligible securities pledged to the School District and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose fair value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured; or
- Participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS required the total fair value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State.

Cash and Investments in Segregated Accounts: At fiscal year-end, \$33,520,730 was on deposit in the account the School District maintains as fiscal agent for the Suburban Health Consortium (See Note 14) and is included on the fiduciary statement of net position as "cash and investments in segregated accounts."

*Investments:* As of June 30, 2021, the School District had the following investments:

Rating by				Investment														
S & P		Measuren	nent	Maturities in Years				Percent										
Global Ratings	Investment	Amour	it	(<1)		(<1)		(<1)		(<1)		(<1)		(1-3)		) (>3)		of Total
	Cost:																	
N/A	Money Market	\$ 6	,926	\$	6,926	\$	-	\$	-	0.01%								
	Net Asset Value (NAV):																	
AAAm	STAROhio	10,008	,395	10	,008,395		-		-	13.88%								
	Fair Value:																	
N/A	Negotiable CD's	15,692	,899	8	,048,759	7,64	4,140		-	21.70%								
A-1	Commercial Paper	5,986	,406	5	,986,406		-		-	8.28%								
AA+	Municipal Bonds	5,561	,604	2	,400,661	2,04	2,090	1,1	18,853	7.70%								
N/A	US Treasury Note	2,828	,629	1	,106,506	1,72	2,123		-	3.91%								
AAA	FHLMC	8,388	,268		-	7,19	8,094	1,1	90,174	11.61%								
AAA	FNMA	9,507	,266		23,897	6,01	7,577	3,4	65,792	13.15%								
AAA	FFCB	6,915	,319	3	,418,675	2,49	7,731	9	98,913	9.57%								
AAA	FHLB	7,379	,370		-	4,08	3,447	3,2	95,923	10.21%								
		\$ 72,275	,082	\$ 31	,000,225	\$ 31,20	5,202	\$ 10,0	069,655	100.00%								

The School District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs. Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The above table identifies the School District's recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2021. The School District's investments measured at fair value are valued using methodologies that incorporate market inputs such as benchmark yields, reported trades, broker/dealer quotes, issuer spreads, two-sided markets,

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

benchmark securities, bids, offers, and reference data including market research publications. Market indicators and industry and economic events are also monitored which could require the need to acquire further market data (Level 2 inputs).

**Interest Rate Risk:** The Ohio Revised Code generally limits security purchases to those that mature within five years of the settlement date. The School District's policy indicates that the investments must mature within five years, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District.

**Credit Risk:** The School District's investments at June 30, 2021 are rated as shown above by S&P Global Ratings. US Treasury notes and Federal money markets are exempt from ratings since they are explicitly guaranteed by a U.S. Government Agency. The School District's policy on Credit Risk allows only for those investments as stated within the Ohio Revised Code.

STAR Ohio is an investment pool operated by the Ohio State Treasurer. It is unclassified since it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. Ohio law requires STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The weighted average of maturity of the portfolio held by STAR Ohio as of June 30, 2021 is 54 days.

**Concentration of Credit Risk:** The School District places no limit on the amount the School District may invest in any one issuer. The School District's policy is to invest money with financial institutions that are able to abide by the laws governing insurance and collateral of public funds.

#### **NOTE 6 – PROPERTY TAXES**

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the School District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the School District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar year 2021 represents collections of calendar year 2020 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2021 were levied after April 1, 2020, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2020, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar year 2021 represents collections of calendar year 2020 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2021 became a lien December 31, 2019, were levied after April 1, 2020 and are collected in 2021 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

The School District receives property taxes from Cuyahoga County. The County Fiscal Officer periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2021, are available to finance fiscal year 2022 operations. The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and delinquent tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2021, and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year-end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflows of resources.

On the accrual basis of accounting, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis of accounting the revenue has been reported as a deferred inflow of resources.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2021 taxes were collected are:

	2020 Secondary Half Collection		2021 Fi Half Colle	
	Amount	Amount Percent		Percent
Real Estate Public Utility Personal Property	\$ 1,123,764,910 17,176,930	98.49% 1.51%	\$1,134,310,780 17,955,420	98.44% 1.56%
	\$ 1,140,941,840	100.00%	\$1,152,266,200	100.00%
Tax rate per \$1,000 assessed valuation	\$ 91.00		\$ 90.90	

#### **NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES**

Receivables at June 30, 2021, consisted of taxes, revenue in lieu of taxes, interfund, and intergovernmental. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current fiscal year guarantee of federal funds.

All receivables, except property taxes, are expected to be collected within one year. Property taxes, although ultimately collectible, include some portion of delinquencies that will be not collected within one year.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

# **NOTE 8 – CAPITAL ASSETS**

Governmental activities capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows:

	Balance 6/30/20	Additions	Reductions	Balance 6/30/21
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 6,516,782	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,516,782
Construction In Progress	149,730	362,781		512,511
Total Capital Assets, not being depreciated	6,666,512	362,781		7,029,293
Capital Assets, being depreciated:				
Land Improvements	10,799,054	-	-	10,799,054
Buildings	69,558,358	901,275	-	70,459,633
Equipment	5,599,624	64,591	(22,775)	5,641,440
Vehicles	4,770,232	392,440	(438,536)	4,724,136
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated	90,727,268	1,358,306	(461,311)	91,624,263
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Land Improvements	(8,764,814	(346,454)	-	(9,111,268)
Buildings	(30,274,134	(2,041,069)	-	(32,315,203)
Equipment	(3,827,937	(321,809)	22,775	(4,126,971)
Vehicles	(3,363,135	(256,029)	395,030	(3,224,134)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(46,230,020	(2,965,361)	417,805	(48,777,576)
Total Capital Assets being depreciated, net	44,497,248	(1,607,055)	(43,506)	42,846,687
Governmental Activities Capital				
Assets, Net	\$ 51,163,760	\$ (1,244,274)	\$ (43,506)	\$ 49,875,980

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
Instruction:	
Regular	\$ 956,888
Special	247,340
Vocational	21,201
Support Services:	
Pupil	91,870
Administration	95,105
Fiscal	78,646
Business	36,184
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	456,583
Pupil Transportation	268,002
Central	17,318
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:	
Food Service Operations	100,732
Community Services	44,062
Extracurricular Activities	551,430
Total Depreciation	\$ 2,965,361

Business-type capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows:

		Balance						Balance
	6/30/20		Additions		Reductions		6/30/21	
<b>Business-Type Activities</b>								
Capital Assets, being depreciated:								
Land Improvements	\$	462,789	\$	-	\$	-	\$	462,789
Buildings		5,927,625		-		-		5,927,625
Equipment		120,522		-		-		120,522
Vehicles		50,147						50,147
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated		6,561,083						6,561,083
Less Accumulated Depreciation:								
Land Improvements		(146,703)		(19,069)		-		(165,772)
Buildings		(3,023,273)		(179,016)		-		(3,202,289)
Equipment		(100,138)		(1,208)		-		(101,346)
Vehicles		(50,147)						(50,147)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(3,320,261)		(199,293)				(3,519,554)
Total Capital Assets being depreciated, net		3,240,822		(199,293)				3,041,529
Business-Type Activities Capital								
Assets, Net	\$	3,240,822	\$	(199,293)	\$		\$	3,041,529

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### **NOTE 9 – RISK MANAGEMENT**

#### Property and Liability

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2021, the School District maintained comprehensive insurance coverage for liability, violence, property, building contents and vehicles. The School District obtains insurance coverage through The Ohio School Plan. Vehicle policies include liability coverage for bodily injury and property damage. The following is a description of some of the School District's insurance coverage:

Buildings & Contents - Replacement Costs	\$ 124,718,034
Automobile Liability	10,000,000
General Liability:	
Per Occurrence	10,000,000
Aggregate	12,000,000
Employer's Liability	10,000,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years and there have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from last year.

#### Workers' Compensation

During fiscal year 2012, the School District became self-insured for workers' compensation benefits. The School District only pays administrative charges and in turn the School District assumes the responsibility of paying all claims incurred during the policy period. The School District's stop-loss coverage through the plan is limited to \$400,000 per claim stop-loss coverage with an annual aggregate. The School District utilizes Matrix Claims Management, Inc. as its third party administrator to assist in the monitoring and processing of claims filed. During fiscal year 2021, the School District paid administration fees in the amount of \$9,400 for these services.

The School District's Workers' Compensation program is accounted for in the internal service fund which pays for all claims, claim reserves and administrative costs of the program. The internal service fund generates revenues by charging each fund a percentage rate determined by the School District for the payroll during the reporting period. The claims liability of \$83,734 reported in the basic financial statements at June 30, 2021, is based on an estimate provided by the third party administrator and the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues*, as amended by GASB Statement No. 30, *Risk Financing Omnibus*, which requires that a liability for unpaid claims costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred, but not reported claims, be accrued at the estimated ultimate cost of settling the claim.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Changes in claims activity for the fiscal years 2021 and 2020 were as follows:

	В	alance	Current			Claim	Balance		
		July 1	Year Claims		Payments		June 30		
2020	\$	86,894	\$	148,077	\$	141,540	\$	93,431	
2021	\$	93,431	\$	86,903	\$	96,600	\$	83,734	

# **Employee Health Benefits**

The School District participates in the Suburban Health Consortium, a shared risk pool (Note 14) to provide employee medical, prescription, dental and vision benefits. Rates are set annually with the assistance of a consultant. The School District pays a monthly contribution which is placed in a common fund from which claim payments are made for all participating districts. During fiscal year 2021, the School District's Board of Education paid 85 percent of the cost of the monthly medical and prescription premiums for full-time employees and administrators. Additionally, the Board paid 85 percent of the monthly premium for dental and vision coverage. The School District contracts with VSP for vision insurance.

Claims are paid for all participants regardless of claims flow. Upon termination, all School District claims would be paid without regard to the School District's account balance or the Directors have the right to hold monies for an exiting school district subsequent to the settlement of all expenses and claims.

#### **NOTE 10 – OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS**

#### Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn 12 to 22 days of vacation per year, depending upon length of service and hours worked. Teachers do not earn vacation time. Administrators employed to work 225 days per year receive 22 days of vacation annually. Classified employees and administrators who receive vacation are paid for accumulated, unused vacation time upon separation of employment in accordance with Ohio Revised Code Section 3319.084. Teachers, administrators and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Upon retirement, classified OAPSE employees receive payment for one-fourth of total sick leave accumulation up to a maximum accumulation of 270 days. For classified CESSA and certified employees, upon retirement, employees receive one-fourth of total sick leave accumulation up to a maximum accumulation of 336 and 320 days, respectively, plus eight percent of sick leave accumulation over the last five years of service less sick leave used over the last five years of service.

# Life Insurance

The School District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to most employees through American United Life in an amount of up to \$100,000 based on collective bargaining agreements for most non-administrative employees. Full-time confidential employees receive \$100,000 in life insurance and administrators receive \$300,000 in coverage.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### **NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS**

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

# Net Pension Liability/Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

Pensions and OPEB are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions/OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) represents the School District's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the School District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The School District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the School District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities (assets) within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension/OPEB liability (asset)* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *intergovernmental payable* on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

The remainder of this note includes the required pension disclosures. See Note 12 for the required OPEB disclosures.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description – School District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a statewide, cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at <a href="https://www.ohsers.org">www.ohsers.org</a> under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to	Eligible to
	Retire on or before	Retire on or after
	August 1, 2017 *	August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or
		Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially Reduced	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or
Benefits	Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

<sup>\*</sup> Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on year of service; 2.2 percent for the first 30 years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

An individual whose benefit effective date is before April 1, 2018, is eligible for a cost of living adjustment (COLA) on the first anniversary date of the benefit. Beginning April 1, 2018, new benefit recipients must wait until the fourth anniversary of their benefit for COLA eligibility. The COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit. A three-year COLA suspension is in effect for all benefit recipients for the years 2018, 2019, and 2020. Upon resumption of the COLA, it will be indexed to the percentage increase in the CPI-W, not to exceed 2.5 percent and with a floor of zero percent.

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14.0 percent. SERS did not allocate employer contributions to the Health Care Fund for fiscal year 2021.

The School District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$1,441,232 for fiscal year 2021. Of this amount, \$87,816 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – School District licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan, and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

The DB Plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. Effective August 1, 2017 – July 1, 2019, any member could retire with reduced benefits who had (1) five years of service credit and age 60; (2) 27 years of service credit and age 55; or (3) 30 years of service credit regardless of age. Effective August 1, 2019 – July 1, 2021, any member may retire with reduced benefits who has (1) five years of service credit and age 60; (2) 28 years of service credit and age 55; or (3) 30 years of service credit regardless of age. Eligibility changes will continue to be phased through August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60. Eligibility changes for actuarially reduced benefits will be phased in until August 1, 2023, when retirement eligibility will be five years of qualifying service credit and age 60, or 30 years of service credit at any age.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.53 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.47 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit plan unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a monthly retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lump-sum withdrawal.

The Combined plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined plan, 12 percent of the 14 percent member rate is deposited into the member's DC account and the remaining 2 percent is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50 and after termination of employment.

New members who choose the DC Plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. New members must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit to apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. If a member of the DC plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. The statutory employer rate is 14 percent and the statutory member rate is 14 percent of covered payroll. The School District was required to contribute 14 percent; the entire 14 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The 2021 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

The School District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$3,368,747 for fiscal year 2021. Of this amount, \$584,537 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

#### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an independent actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's share of employer contributions in the pension plan relative to the total employer contributions of all participating employers. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	 SERS	 STRS	 Total
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability:			
Current Measurement Period	0.30674710%	0.19371993%	
Prior Measurement Period	0.30539550%	 0.19454532%	
Change in Proportion	0.00135160%	-0.00082539%	
Proportionate Share of the Net			
Pension Liability	\$ 20,288,899	\$ 46,873,330	\$ 67,162,229
Pension Expense	\$ 2,112,001	\$ 4,799,147	\$ 6,911,148

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources represent the effect of changes in the net pension liability due to the difference between projected and actual investment earnings, differences between expected and actual actuarial experience, changes in assumptions and changes in the School District's proportion of the collective net pension liability. The deferred outflows and deferred inflows are to be included in pension expense over current and future periods. The difference between projected and actual investment earnings is recognized in pension expense using a straight line method over a five year period beginning in the current year. Deferred outflows and deferred inflows resulting from changes in sources other than differences between projected and actual investment earnings are amortized over the average expected remaining service lives of all members (both active and inactive) using the straight line method. Employer contributions to the pension plan subsequent to the measurement date are also required to be reported as a deferred outflow of resources.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

At June 30, 2021 the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources		 	
Net Difference between Projected and Actual			
Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	\$ 1,287,934	\$ 2,279,457	\$ 3,567,391
Differences between Expected and			
Actual Experience	39,410	105,173	144,583
Changes of Assumptions	-	2,516,191	2,516,191
Changes in Proportion and Differences between			
School District Contributions and Proportionate			
Share of Contributions	288,087	-	288,087
School District Contributions Subsequent			
to the Measurement Date	1,441,232	3,368,747	4,809,979
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 3,056,663	\$ 8,269,568	\$ 11,326,231
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between Expected and			
Actual Experience	\$ -	\$ 299,723	\$ 299,723
Changes in Proportion and Differences between			
School District Contributions and Proportionate			
Share of Contributions	 294,349	 1,084,673	 1,379,022
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 294,349	\$ 1,384,396	\$ 1,678,745

\$4,809,979 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending December 31:	SERS		STRS	Total		
2022	\$	(25,830)	\$ 858,927	\$	833,097	
2023		406,840	507,335		914,175	
2024		536,838	1,148,881		1,685,719	
2025		403,234	1,001,282		1,404,516	
	\$	1,321,082	\$ 3,516,425	\$	4,837,507	

# Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations. Future benefits for all current plan members were projected through 2130.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2020, are presented below:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal (Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed)

Inflation 3.00 percent

Future Salary Increases, including inflation 3.50 percent to 18.20 percent

Investment Rate of Return 7.50 percent, net of investment expense, including inflation COLA or Ad Hoc COLA 2.50 percent, on and after April 1, 2018, COLA's for future

retirees will be delayed for three years following

commencement

For post-retirement mortality, the table used in evaluating allowances to be paid is the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and Scale BB, with 120 percent of male rates and 110 percent of female rates used. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term return expectation for the investments has been determined by using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating an arithmetic weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	1.85 %
US Stocks	22.50	5.75
Non-US Stocks	22.50	6.50
Fixed Income	19.00	2.85
Private Equity	12.00	7.60
Real Assets	17.00	6.60
Multi-Asset Strategies	5.00	6.65
Total	100.00 %	

**Discount Rate** Total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent. The discount rate determination does not use a municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employers would contribute the actuarially determined contribution rate of projected compensation over the remaining 24-year amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.50 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what the School District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.50 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate.

		Current					
	19	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase	
School District's Proportionate Share of the							
Net Pension Liability	\$	27,793,315	\$	20,288,899	\$	13,992,552	

#### **Actuarial Assumptions - STRS**

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2020, actuarial valuation, are presented below:

Inflation	2.50 percent
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal (Level Percent of Payroll)
Projected Salary Increases	12.50 percent at age 20 to 2.50 percent at age 65
Investment Rate of Return	7.45 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Payroll Increases	3.00 percent
Cost-of-Living Adjustments	0.00 percent

Post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation, were based on the results of the latest available actuarial experience study, which is for the period July 1, 2011, through June 30, 2016.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

	Target	Long-Term Expected			
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return*			
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %			
International Equity	23.00	7.55			
Alternatives	17.00	7.09			
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00			
Real Estate	10.00	6.00			
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25			
Total	100.00 %				

<sup>\*</sup>Ten year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25 percent and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

**Discount Rate**. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.45 percent as of June 30, 2020. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that employer and member contributions will be made at statutory contribution rates of 14 percent each. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2020. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on investments of 7.45 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2020.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table represents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as of June 30, 2020, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45 percent, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.45 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.45 percent) than the current assumption:

	Current						
	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase		
School District's Proportionate Share of the							
Net Pension Liability	\$	66,739,461	\$	46,873,330	\$	30,038,438	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by School Employees Retirement System or State Teachers Retirement System have an option to choose Social Security. The School District's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

#### **NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS**

See Note 11 for a description of the net OPEB liability (asset).

#### Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The School District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, SERS did not allocate any employer contributions to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2021, this amount was \$23,000. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2.0 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2021, the School District's surcharge obligation was \$82,262, which is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued effective January 1, 2021. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

# Net OPEB Liability (Asset), OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) was based on the School District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

	SERS		STRS		Total	
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset):						
Current Measurement Period		0.299532%		0.193720%		
Prior Measurement Period		0.299554%		0.194545%		
Change in Proportion		-0.000022%		-0.000825%		
		_		<u>.</u>		
Proportionate Share of the Net						
OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	6,509,802	\$	(3,404,625)		
OPEB Expense	\$	(245,727)	\$	(276,538)	\$	(522,265)

At June 30, 2021, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	SERS	STRS	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources	 		
Net Difference between Projected and Actual			
Earnings on OPEB Plan Investments	\$ 73,352	\$ 119,319	\$ 192,671
Differences between Expected and			
Actual Experience	85,500	218,154	303,654
Changes of Assumptions	1,109,697	56,201	1,165,898
Changes in Proportion and Differences between			
School District Contributions and Proportionate			
Share of Contributions	264,688	-	264,688
School District Contributions Subsequent			
to the Measurement Date	 82,262	 	 82,262
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 1,615,499	\$ 393,674	\$ 2,009,173
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between Expected and			
Actual Experience	\$ 3,310,694	\$ 678,154	\$ 3,988,848
Changes of Assumptions	163,967	3,233,825	3,397,792
Changes in Proportion and Differences between			
School District Contributions and Proportionate			
Share of Contributions	565,822	 243,403	 809,225
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 4,040,483	\$ 4,155,382	\$ 8,195,865

\$82,262 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending December 31:	SERS			STRS	Total		
2022	\$	(514,211)	\$	(953,278)	\$	(1,467,489)	
2023		(508,902)		(872,513)		(1,381,415)	
2024		(509,766)	(844,180)			(1,353,946)	
2025		(495,649)	(769,008)			(1,264,657)	
2026		(360,674)		(158,017)		(518,691)	
Thereafter		(118,044)		(164,712)		(282,756)	
	\$	(2,507,246)	\$	(3,761,708)	\$	(6,268,954)	

## Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2020, are presented below:

Inflation 3.00 percent

Salary Increases, including inflation 3.50 percent to 18.20 percent

Investment Rate of Return 7.50 percent net of investment expense, including inflation

Municipal Bond Index Rate

Measurement Date 2.45 percent Prior Measurement Date 3.13 percent

Single Equivalent Interest Rate

Measurement Date 2.63 percent, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation Prior Measurement Date 3.22 percent, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation

Health Care Cost Trend Rate

Pre-Medicare 7.00 percent - 4.75 percent Medicare 5.25 percent - 4.75 percent

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates and 110 percent of female rates. RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates set back five years.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2010 through 2015, and was adopted by the Board on April 21, 2016. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.50 percent, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer time frame. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as used in the June 30, 2015 five-year experience study, are summarized as follows:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	1.85 %
US Stocks	22.50	5.75
Non-US Stocks	22.50	6.50
Fixed Income	19.00	2.85
Private Equity	12.00	7.60
Real Assets	17.00	6.60
Multi-Asset Strategies	5.00	6.65
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2020 was 2.63 percent. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2020 was 3.22 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the plan at the contribution rate of 2.00 percent of projected covered payroll each year, which includes a 1.50 percent payroll surcharge and no contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make future benefit payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2034. However, since SERS' actuaries indicate the fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted at a future measurement date, the single equivalent interest rate is determined as the single rate that will generate a present value of benefit payments equal to the sum of the present value determined by the long-term expected rate of return, and the present value determined by discounting those benefits after the date of depletion by the Fidelity General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index rate of 2.45 percent, as of June 30, 2020 (i.e., municipal bond rate).

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability and what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (1.63 percent) and higher (3.63 percent) than the current discount rate (2.63 percent). Also shown is what the net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower (6.00 percent decreasing to 3.75 percent) and higher (8.00 percent decreasing to 5.75 percent) than the current rate.

				Current		
	1%	Decrease	Dis	scount Rate	1% Increase	
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$	7,967,846	\$	6,509,802	\$	5,350,675
	1% Decrease		Current Trend Rate		1% Increase	
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$	5,125,981	\$	6,509,802	\$	8,360,346

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

## Actuarial Assumptions – STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2020, actuarial valuation are presented below:

2.50 percent					
12.50 percent at age 20 to 2.50 percent at age 65					
3.00 percent					
7.45 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation					
7.45 percent					
<u>Initial</u>	<u>Ultimate</u>				
5.00 percent	4.00 percent				
-6.69 percent	4.00 percent				
6.50 percent	4.00 percent				
11.87 percent	4.00 percent				
	12.50 percent at age 20 3.00 percent 7.45 percent, net of inv 7.45 percent  Initial 5.00 percent -6.69 percent 6.50 percent				

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were adopted by the board from the results of an actuarial experience study for July 1, 2011, through June 30, 2016.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return*
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

\*Ten year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25 percent and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

**Discount Rate** The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.45 percent as of June 30, 2020. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed STRS continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care plan investments of 7.45 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2020.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate and Health Care Cost Trend Rate The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2020, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45 percent, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.45 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.45 percent) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2020, calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower and one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

				Current		
	19	6 Decrease	Di	scount Rate	1% Increase	
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset	\$	(2,962,246)	\$	(3,404,625)	\$	(3,779,969)
	1% Decrease		Current Trend Rate		1% Increase	
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset	\$	(3,756,671)	\$	(3,404,625)	\$	(2,975,783)

Benefit Term Changes since the Prior Measurement Date There were no changes to the claims costs process. Claim curves were updated to reflect the projected fiscal year 2021 premium based on June 30, 2020 enrollment distribution. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2021 from 1.984 percent to 2.055 percent per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2021. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to .1 percent for the AMA Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

## **NOTE 13 – LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS**

The changes in the School District's long-term obligations during the year consist of the following:

	Balance 6/30/2020		Additio	ons	<u>I</u>	Reductions		30/2021		Amounts Due in One Year
Governmental Activities:										
General Obligation Bonds:										
2017 Serial Tax Exempt Bonds Refunding Current Interest Bonds	\$ 8,915,000	\$		_	\$	(1,930,000)	\$	6.985.000	\$	2,030,000
Bond Premium	1,050,212	Ψ		_	Φ	(1,930,000)	φ	900,182	φ	2,030,000
2017 Energy Conservation Bonds	1,030,212					(130,030)		700,102		
Current Interest Bonds	1,745,721			-		(240,500)		1,505,221		244,237
Total General Obligation Bonds	11,710,933			-		(2,320,530)		9,390,403		2,274,237
, and the second										
Direct Borrowings:										
Lease- Purchase Agreement	216,100			_		(53,741)		162,359		53,662
Total Direct Borrowings	216,100			-		(53,741)		162,359		53,662
N. D. C. T. LT.	50 271 200		5.05	0 402				(4 221 702		
Net Pension Liability Net OPEB Liability	58,371,300		3,93	0,483		(720.421)		64,321,783		-
Compensated Absences	6,327,851 5,049,069		57	2,549		(729,421) (313,236)		5,598,430 5,308,382		366,459
Compensated Absences	3,049,009		31	2,349		(313,230)		3,300,362		300,439
Total Governmental Activities										
Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 81,675,253	\$	6,52	23,032	\$	(3,416,928)	\$	84,781,357	\$	2,694,358
									,	Amounts
	Outstand	lino					O	outstanding		Due in
	6/30/20	_	Δ	dditions		Reductions		6/30/21	C	one Year
<b>Business-Type Activities:</b>	0/30/2			acinons.	—	reductions		0/30/21		one rear
Net Pension Liability (SERS)	\$ 2,923,	576	\$			\$ (83,130)	\$	2,840,446	\$	
• ` ` /			Ф		-	` ' /			Φ	-
Net OPEB Liability (SERS)	1,205,			20.25	-	(293,933)		911,372		0.427
Compensated Absences	138,	125		28,27		(13,415)		153,587	. —	9,437
Total Business-Type Activities										
Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 4,267,	606	\$	28,27	7	\$ (390,478)	\$	3,905,405	\$	9,437

The general and special obligation bonds will be paid with property tax revenue from the bond retirement fund. Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employee is paid, which for the School District is primarily the general fund. Lease purchase agreements are paid from the general fund. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability and net OPEB liability, however, employer pension and OPEB contributions are primarily made from the general fund and the recreation fund. For additional information related to the net pension liability and net OPEB liability see Notes 12 and 13.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Serial Tax Exempt Refunding Bonds – Series 2017

On April 25, 2017, the School District issued serial tax exempt bonds (Serial Tax Exempt Bonds 2017 Refunding) to currently refund the callable portion of the Series 2004 General Obligation Bonds and Series 2007 General Obligation Bonds Refunding. This refunded debt is considered defeased (in-substance) and accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net position. At June 30, 2021, \$7,655,000 of the defeased debt is outstanding.

The refunding issue has a par value of \$14,505,000 and a premium of \$1,500,302. The interest rates on the serial tax exempt bonds range from 2.00 percent - 5.00 percent. The serial tax exempt bonds mature on December 1, 2026 at a redemption price equal to 100 percent of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The issuance resulted in an economic gain of \$618,466.

Interest payments on the outstanding principal are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is December 1, 2026.

Energy Conservation Bonds – Series 2017

On October 27, 2016, the School District issued energy conservation bonds in the amount of \$2,442,977.

Interest payments on the outstanding principal are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year at rates of 1.554 percent and 3.010 percent. The final maturity stated in the issue is December 1, 2026.

Lease Purchase Agreement – Apple

On August 25, 2019, the School District entered into a lease purchase agreement in the amount of \$270,720 for 250 Macbook laptops. Interest payments on the outstanding principal are due annual at the rate of .85 percent. The final maturity for the lease is August 15, 2023.

In the event of default, as defined by the lease agreements, the Lessor has the right to exercise all rights and remedies, including the rights to declare all sums due during the School District's current fiscal period and/or take possession of the computer equipment.

Principal and interest requirements to retire the general obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2021, are as follows:

Fiscal Year	General Obli	igation Bonds	Energy Cor	servation Bond	Bond Lease-Purchase Agreement		Total		
Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	
2022	\$ 2.030.000	\$ 288,350	\$ 244.237	\$ 36.054	\$ 53.662	\$ 1.380	\$ 2,327,899	\$ 325,784	
2023	2,115,000	194,875	248,033	32,229	54,118	924	2,417,151	228,028	
2024	2,025,000	91,375	251,887	26,605	54,579	464	2,331,466	118,444	
2025	260,000	34,250	252,865	19,102	-	-	512,865	53,352	
2026	270,000	21,000	253,687	11,478	-	-	523,687	32,478	
2027	285,000	7,125	254,512	3,830			539,512	10,955	
Total	\$ 6,985,000	\$ 636,975	\$ 1,505,221	\$ 129,298	\$ 162,359	\$ 2,768	\$ 8,652,580	\$ 769,041	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

## **NOTE 14 – PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOL**

The Suburban Health Consortium (Consortium) is a shared health risk pool created pursuant to State statute for the purpose of administering health care benefits. The Consortium is governed by an assembly which consists of one representative from each participating school district (usually the superintendent or designee). The assembly elects officers for one year terms to serve on the Board of Directors. The assembly exercises control over the operation of the Consortium. All Consortium revenues are generated from charges for services received from the participating school districts, based on the established premiums for the insurance plans. Each school district reserves the right to terminate the plan in whole or in part at any time for their district. If it is terminated, no further contributions will be made, but the benefits under the insurance contract shall be paid in accordance of the terms of the contract. The School District is the fiscal agent for the Consortium.

## NOTE 15 – JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

## Northeast Ohio Network for Educational Technology (NEOnet)

NEOnet was established as a jointly governed organization among sixteen school districts and the Summit County Educational Service Center that was formed July 1, 1995. NEOnet was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology (with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment) to improve administrative and instructional functions of member districts. NEOnet has since been restructured and organized as a council of governments (COG) under Ohio Revised Code 3301.075 and Chapter 167. The new COG is called the Metropolitan Regional Service Council (Council). The Council serves several program functions for its members, such as NEOnet. The ITC also functions and as a collaborative purchasing agent. The Council is self-supporting and conducts its fiscal services in house with a licensed treasurer.

The Council employs an Executive Director who works cooperatively with a nine-member Board of Directors consisting of four superintendents, the Portage Lakes Career Center superintendent, and three members of the treasurers' committee and one member of the technology committee. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the assembly, which elects the board of directors, who exercises total control over the operation of NEOnet including budgeting, appropriating, contracting and designating management. All revenues are generated from State funding and an annual fee per student to participating districts. The Metropolitan Regional Services Council and NEOnet are located at 700 Graham Road, Cuyahoga Falls, Ohio 44221. During the current fiscal year, the School District contributed \$102,813 to NEOnet.

## Ohio Schools Council

The Ohio Schools Council Association (Council) is a jointly governed organization comprised of two hundred member districts. The mission of the Council is to identify, plan and provide services to member districts that can be more effectively achieved by cooperative endeavors of member districts than by an individual district operating on its own. Each district supports the Council by paying an annual participation fee. The Council's Board consists of nine superintendents of the participating districts whose term rotates every year. The degree of control exercised by any school district is limited to its representation on the Board. In fiscal year 2021, the School District paid \$4,399 to the Council for membership and other services. Financial information can be obtained by contacting William Zelei, the Executive Director of the Ohio Schools Council at 6393 Oak Tree Boulevard, Suite 377, Independence, Ohio 44131.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

The School District participates in the natural gas purchase program. This program allows the School District to purchase natural gas at reduced rates. The participants make monthly payments based on estimated usage. Each September, these estimated payments are compared to their actual usage for the year (July to June). Districts that paid more in estimated billings than their actual billings are issued credits on future billings in September until the credits are exhausted and districts that did not pay enough on estimated billings are invoiced for the difference on the September monthly estimated billing.

The School District also participates in the Council's electric purchase program. The Council provides 238 school districts and 11 Developmental Disabilities boards in the First Energy territory (Cleveland Electric Illuminating, Ohio Edison, and Toledo Edison) the ability to purchase electricity at reduced rates. The Council's current program, Power 4 Schools, provides for a fixed per kilowatt-hour for electricity generation until May 2017, converting to a new fixed price or percent off the Price to Compare (PTC), whichever provides the greatest savings.

## **NOTE 16 – INTERFUND**

## **Transfers**

Transfers for the year ended June 30, 2021, consisted of the following:

	7	Γransfer	Transfer		
Fund		In	Out		
General Fund	\$	-	\$	175,000	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		175,000		-	
Total	\$	175,000	\$	175,000	

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the fund collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

General fund transferred \$175,000 to the athletics fund for extracurricular support.

## **Internal Balances**

Interfund balances at June 30, 2021, consisted of the following:

	I	nterfund	Interfund		
	R	eceivable	Payable		
General Fund	\$	88,474	\$	-	
Nonmajor Governmental Fund		_		88,474	
Total	\$	88,474	\$	88,474	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

The general fund advanced monies to the nonmajor governmental funds of Rotary, ESSER, Title I and Title VI-R to cover negative cash balances.

## **NOTE 17 – SET-ASIDES**

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by year-end, or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year, must be held in cash at year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the year end set-aside amounts for capital improvement. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Capital		
	Imj	provement	
	I	Reserve	
Set Aside Restricted Balance June 30, 2020	\$	-	
Current Year Set-Aside Requirement		349,790	
Current Year Offsets		(949,211)	
Total	\$	(599,421)	
Balance Carried Forward to Fiscal Year 2022	\$	-	
Set Aside Balance June 30, 2021	\$	-	

The School District had current year offsets that reduced the capital improvements set-aside amount to below zero. During prior fiscal years, the School District issued a total of \$39,111,196 in capital related school improvement bonds. These proceeds may be used to reduce capital acquisition below zero for future years. The amount is limited to an amount needed to reduce the reserve for capital improvement to zero. The School District is responsible for tracking the amount of the bond proceeds that may be used as an offset in future periods. The full amount of these proceeds is still available to offset the set aside requirement.

## **NOTE 18 - CONTINGENCIES**

## Grants

The School District received financial assistance from Federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, the effect of any such disallowed claims on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2021, if applicable, cannot be determined at this time.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

## School District Foundation

School district foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. The Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to adjust/reconcile funding as enrollment information is updated by schools throughout the State, which can extend past the fiscal year end. As of the date of this report, ODE adjustments for fiscal year 2021 are finalized. As a result, the net impact of the FTE adjustments on the fiscal year 2021 financial statements was a liability of the School District.

## Litigation

The School District is party to a lawsuit that would not, in the School District's opinion, have a material effect of the basic financial statements.

## **NOTE 19 – COMMITMENTS**

## **Encumbrances**

The School District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed or assigned classifications of fund balance. At fiscal year end, the School District's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows

Fund	Amount
General Fund	\$ 1,006,973
Permanent Improvement	961,027
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	101,384
	\$ 2,069,384

## **Contractual Commitments**

As of June 30, 2021 the School District had an outstanding contractual commitment in the amount of \$536,712 for a roof replacement.

Based on timing of when contracts are encumbered, contractual commitments identified above may or may not be included in the outstanding encumbrance commitments previously disclosed in this note.

## **NOTE 20 – COVID-19**

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Ohio's state of emergency ended in June 2021 while the national state of emergency continues. During fiscal year 2021, the School District received Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act funding. Additional funding has been made available through the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021, passed by Congress on December 21, 2020 and/or the American Rescue Plan Act, passed by Congress on March 11, 2021.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

## **NOTE 21 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

For fiscal year 2022, school district foundation funding received from the State of Ohio will be funded using a direct funding model. Under this new model, community school, STEM school, scholarship, and open enrollment funding will be directly funded by the State of Ohio to the respective educating schools. For fiscal year 2021 and prior, the amounts related to students who were residents of the School District were funded to the School District who, in turn, made the payment to the educating school. For fiscal year 2021, the School District reported \$543,731 in revenues and expenditures/expenses related to these programs. Also during fiscal year 2021, the school district reported no tuition and fees from the resident school districts which will be direct funded to the School District as the educating entity in fiscal year 2022. This new funding system calculates a unique base cost and a unique "per-pupil local capacity amount" for each school district. The School District's state core foundation funding is then calculated. Any change in funding will be subject to a phase in percentage of 16.67 percent for fiscal year 2022 and 33.33 percent for fiscal year 2023.

This page intentionally left blank

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Last Eight Fiscal Years (1)

School Employees Retirement System (SERS)	2021	2020	2019	2018
School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.30674710%	0.30539550%	0.31029820%	0.31541300%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 20,288,899	\$ 18,272,348	\$ 17,771,353	\$ 18,845,230
School District's Covered Payroll	\$ 10,884,864	\$ 10,415,393	\$ 10,084,363	\$ 9,870,057
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	186.40%	175.44%	176.23%	190.93%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	68.55%	70.85%	71.36%	69.50%
State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)				
School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.19371993%	0.19454532%	0.19717692%	0.19955955%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 46,873,330	\$ 43,022,528	\$ 43,354,778	\$ 47,405,799
School District's Covered Payroll	\$ 23,482,257	\$ 22,799,221	\$ 22,593,293	\$ 21,777,157
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	199.61%	188.70%	191.89%	217.69%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	75.50%	77.40%	77.31%	75.30%

<sup>(1)</sup> Information prior to 2014 is not available.

Note: The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date, which is the prior fiscal year.

2017	2016	2015	2014
0.32289880%	0.33074570%	0.33313900%	0.33139000%
\$ 23,633,213	\$18,872,670	\$ 16,859,975	\$ 19,810,707
\$ 12,135,043	\$10,576,662	\$ 9,778,146	\$ 9,697,861
194.75%	178.44%	172.43%	204.28%
62.98%	69.16%	71.70%	65.52%
0.20710783%	0.21366175%	0.21549502%	0.21549502%
\$ 69,325,234	\$ 59,049,858	\$ 52,415,847	\$ 62,437,414
\$ 22,889,514	\$22,395,500	\$22,017,638	\$ 22,339,577
302.87%	263.67%	238.06%	279.49%
66.80%	72.10%	74.70%	69.30%

# Orange Local School District

Cuyahoga County, Ohio
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the School District's Contributions - Pension
Last Ten Fiscal Years

School Employees Retirement System (SERS)	2021	 2020	2019	 2018
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 1,441,232	\$ 1,523,881	\$ 1,406,078	\$ 1,361,389
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(1,441,232)	(1,523,881)	(1,406,078)	(1,361,389)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ _	\$ -
School District's Covered Payroll	\$ 10,294,514	\$ 10,884,864	\$ 10,415,393	\$ 10,084,363
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.00%	14.00%	13.50%	13.50%
State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)				
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 3,368,747	\$ 3,287,516	\$ 3,191,891	\$ 3,163,061
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(3,368,747)	 (3,287,516)	(3,191,891)	 (3,163,061)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 
School District's Covered Payroll	\$ 24,062,479	\$ 23,482,257	\$ 22,799,221	\$ 22,593,293
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%

 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013	 2012
\$ 1,381,808	\$ 1,698,906	\$ 1,394,004	\$ 1,355,251	\$ 1,342,184	\$ 1,292,824
 (1,381,808)	 (1,698,906)	 (1,394,004)	 (1,355,251)	 (1,342,184)	 (1,292,824)
\$ _	\$ _	\$ _	\$ 	\$ 	\$ _
\$ 9,870,057	\$ 12,135,043	\$ 10,576,662	\$ 9,778,146	\$ 9,697,861	\$ 9,612,074
14.00%	14.00%	13.18%	13.86%	13.84%	13.45%
\$ 3,048,802	\$ 3,204,532	\$ 3,135,370	\$ 2,862,293	\$ 2,904,145	\$ 2,940,205
(3,048,802)	(3,204,532)	(3,135,370)	(2,862,293)	(2,904,145)	 (2,940,205)
\$ _	\$ 	\$ _	\$ _	\$ 	\$ 
\$ 21,777,157	\$ 22,889,514	\$ 22,395,500	\$ 22,017,638	\$ 22,339,577	\$ 22,616,962
14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%

This page intentionally left blank

Orange City School District
Cuyahoga County, Ohio
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)
Last Five Fiscal Years (1)

School Employees Retirement System (SERS)	_	2021	 2020	 2019	_	2018	 2017
School District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability		0.29953200%	0.29955400%	0.30968860%		0.31223590%	0.32289880%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$	6,509,802	\$ 7,533,156	\$ 8,591,598	\$	8,379,591	\$ 9,203,810
School District's Covered Payroll	\$	10,884,864	\$ 10,415,393	\$ 10,084,363	\$	9,870,057	\$ 12,135,043
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		59.81%	72.33%	85.20%		84.90%	75.84%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability		18.17%	15.57%	13.57%		12.46%	11.49%
State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)							
School District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)		0.19372000%	0.19454532%	0.19176920%		0.19955955%	0.20710783%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	(3,404,625)	\$ (3,222,132)	\$ (3,168,432)	\$	7,786,077	\$ 11,076,181
School District's Covered Payroll	\$	23,482,257	\$ 22,799,221	\$ 22,593,293	\$	21,777,157	\$ 22,889,514
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		-14.50%	-14.13%	-14.02%		35.75%	48.39%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability		182.10%	174.70%	176.00%		47.10%	37.30%

<sup>(1)</sup> Information prior to 2017 is not available.

Note: The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date, which is the prior fiscal year.

# Orange City School District

Cuyahoga County, Ohio Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School District's Contributions - OPEB Last Ten Fiscal Years

School Employees Retirement System (SERS)	 2021	 2020	 2019	2018
Contractually Required Contribution (1)	\$ 82,262	\$ 103,604	\$ 172,040	\$ 195,039
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(82,262)	(103,604)	(172,040)	(195,039)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 	\$ -	\$ 	\$ -
School District's Covered Payroll	\$ 10,294,514	\$ 10,884,864	\$ 10,415,393	\$ 10,084,363
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (1)	0.80%	0.95%	1.65%	1.93%
State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)				
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	 <u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 
School District's Covered Payroll	\$ 24,062,479	\$ 23,482,257	\$ 22,799,221	\$ 22,593,293
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes surcharge

-	2017	 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013	 2012
\$	133,933	\$ 163,500	\$ 81,649	\$ 131,841	\$ 154,606	\$ 195,266
	(133,933)	 (163,500)	 (81,649)	 (131,841)	 (154,606)	 (195,266)
\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 
\$	9,870,057	\$ 12,135,043	\$ 10,576,662	\$ 9,778,146	\$ 9,697,861	\$ 9,612,074
	1.36%	1.35%	0.77%	1.35%	1.59%	2.03%
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 220,176	\$ 223,396	\$ 226,170
		 	 	 (220,176)	 (223,396)	 (226,170)
\$	_	\$ _	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 
\$	21,777,157	\$ 22,889,514	\$ 22,395,500	\$ 22,017,638	\$ 22,339,577	\$ 22,616,962
	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

## **NOTE 1 - NET PENSION LIABILITY**

## Changes in Assumptions - SERS

Beginning in fiscal year 2018, an assumption of 2.5 percent was used for COLA or Ad Hoc COLA. Prior to 2018, an assumption of 3.0 percent was used.

For fiscal year 2017, the SERS Board adopted the following assumption changes:

- Assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25 percent to 3.00 percent
- Payroll Growth Assumption was reduced from 4.00 percent to 3.50 percent
- Assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75 percent to 0.50 percent
- Rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience.
- Mortality among active members was updated to RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females.
- Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries was updated to RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates, and 110 percent of female rates.
- Mortality among disabled members was updated to RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90
  percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates, set back five years is used for the period
  after disability retirement.

## Changes in Assumptions – STRS

For fiscal year 2018, the Retirement Board approved several changes to the actuarial assumptions in 2017. The long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75 percent to 7.45 percent, the inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75 percent to 2.50 percent, the payroll growth assumption was lowered to 3.00 percent, and total salary increases rate was lowered by decreasing the merit component of the individual salary increases, in addition to a decrease of 0.25 percent due to lower inflation. The healthy and disabled mortality assumptions were updated to the RP-2014 mortality tables with generational improvement scale MP-2016. Rates of retirement, termination and disability were modified to better reflect anticipated future experience.

## Changes in Benefit Terms - SERS

With the authority granted to the Board under SB 8, the Board enacted a three-year COLA delay for future benefit recipients commencing on or after April 1, 2018.

For fiscal year 2018, the cost-of-living adjustment was changed from a fixed 3.00 percent to a cost-of-living adjustment that is indexed to CPI-W not greater than 2.50 percent with a floor of zero percent beginning January 1, 2018. In addition, with the authority granted the Board under HB 49, the Board has enacted a three-year COLA suspension for benefit recipients in calendar years 2018, 2019 and 2020.

## Changes in Benefit Terms - STRS

For fiscal year 2018, the cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) was reduced to zero.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

## NOTE 2 - NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET)

## Changes in Assumptions – SERS

Amounts reported incorporate changes in key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability as presented as follows:

Municipal Bond Index Rate:

Fiscal year 2021	2.45 percent
Fiscal year 2020	3.13 percent
Fiscal year 2019	3.62 percent
Fiscal year 2018	3.56 percent
Fiscal year 2017	2.92 percent

Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation:

Fiscal year 2021	2.63 percent
Fiscal year 2020	3.22 percent
Fiscal year 2019	3.70 percent
Fiscal year 2018	3.63 percent
Fiscal year 2017	2.98 percent

## Pre-Medicare

7.00 percent initially, decreasing to 4.75 percent
7.00 percent initially, decreasing to 4.75 percent
7.25 percent initially, decreasing to 4.75 percent
7.50 percent initially, decreasing to 4.00 percent

## Medicare

Fiscal year 2021	5.25 percent initially, decreasing to 4.75 percent
Fiscal year 2020	5.25 percent initially, decreasing to 4.75 percent
Fiscal year 2019	5.375 percent initially, decreasing to 4.75 percent
Fiscal year 2018	5.50 percent initially, decreasing to 5.00 percent

## Changes in Assumptions – STRS

For fiscal year 2021, valuation year per capita health care costs were updated. Health care cost trend rates ranged from -5.20 percent to 9.60 percent initially for fiscal year 2020 and changed for fiscal year 2021 to a range of -6.69 percent to 11.87 percent, initially.

For fiscal year 2019, the discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13 percent to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45 percent. Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated. Health care cost trend rates ranged from 6.00 percent to 11 percent initially and a 4.50 percent ultimate rate for fiscal year 2018 and changed for fiscal year 2019 to a range of -5.20 percent to 9.60 percent, initially and a 4.00 ultimate rate.

For fiscal year 2018, the blended discount rate was increased from 3.26 percent to 4.13 percent. Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified. The percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased. The assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal and future health care cost trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs.

## Changes in Benefit Terms - SERS

There have been no changes to the benefit provisions.

## Changes in Benefit Terms – STRS

For fiscal year 2021, there were no changes to the claims costs process. Claim curves were updated to reflect the projected fiscal year 2021 premium based on June 30, 2020 enrollment distribution. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2021 from 1.984 percent to 2.055 percent per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2021. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to .1 percent for the AMA Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

For fiscal year 2020, there was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were trended to the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020 to reflect the current price renewals. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2020 from 1.944 percent to 1.984 percent per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1 percent for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021.

For fiscal year 2019, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was increased from 1.9 percent to 1.944 percent per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2019 and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020.

For fiscal year 2018, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was reduced from 2.1 percent to 1.9 percent per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 2019. This was subsequently extended, see above paragraph.



# Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

# To Learn | To Lead | To Make a Difference









**Combined Statements & Individual Fund Schedules** 

**Supplementary Information** 

Combining Statements
Nonmajor Funds

## Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific sources (other than amounts relating to expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes. The title of each special revenue fund is descriptive of the activities accounted for therein. The special revenue funds are:

**Food Service Fund** – This fund accounts for monies received that are restricted to the food service operations of the District.

**Memorial Fund** – This fund accounts for monies that are committed for the purchase of library books or other materials for the District.

**Scholarship Fund** – This fund accounts for monies to be set aside for college scholarships for students enrolled in the School District. The income from such a fund may be expended, but the principal must remain intact.

**Rotary Fund** – This fund reflects resources that belong to the student bodies of the various schools and are used for field trips and college entrance exam testing.

**Local Grants Fund** – This fund accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, except for state and federal grants that are legally restricted for specified purposes.

**Student Activities Fund** – This fund reflects resources that belong to the student bodies of the various schools.

**District Managed Activities Fund** – This fund accounts for monies that are restricted to those student activity programs which have student participation in the activity but do not have student management of the programs.

**Auxiliary Services Fund** — This fund accounts for monies which are restricted to provide services and materials to pupils attending non-public schools within the District.

*Ohio K-12 Network Connectivity Fund* – This fund accounts for monies that are restricted for expenditures related to the Ohio Educational Computer Network Connections.

Student Wellness and Success Fund – This fund accounts for State funds used to assist districts in supporting their students' academic achievement through mental health counseling, wraparound services, mentoring and after-school programs.

*Miscellaneous State Grants Fund* – This fund accounts for State monies which support academic and enrichment programs for the student body.

*Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund* – This fund accounts for State funds used to aid districts that have been impacted and continue to be impacted by the COVID-19.

Combining Statements
Nonmajor Funds

*Coronavirus Relief Fund* – A fund used to account for costs that was necessary expenditures incurred due to the public health emergency with respect to the Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19).

*Title VI-B Fund* – This fund accounts for Federal monies that are restricted to assist schools in the identification of handicapped children, development of procedural safeguards, implementation of least restrictive alternative service patterns, and provision of full educational opportunities to handicapped children at the preschool, elementary, and secondary levels.

*Title III Fund* – This fund accounts for Federal monies that are restricted to assist the District in meeting the special needs of children of limited English proficiency.

*Title I Fund* – This fund accounts for Federal monies that are restricted to assist the District in meeting the special needs of educationally deprived children.

**Preschool Disability Fund** – This fund accounts for monies received that are restricted for the improvement and expansion of services for handicapped children ages three through five years.

**Title II-A Fund** – This fund accounts for grant monies that are restricted for the hiring of additional teachers in grades 1-3.

*Miscellaneous Federal Grants Fund* – This fund accounts for Federal monies which support academic and enrichment programs for the student body.

With the implementation of GASB No. 54, the following funds have been classified with the general fund for GAAP reporting purposes. However, these funds have their own legally adopted budgets. As a result, individual Fund Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual have been presented for these funds.

*Unclaimed Monies Fund* - This fund accounts for resources that are unclaimed monies that have not been distributed. The fund balance of this fund is nonspendable.

*Uniform School Supplies Fund* – This fund accounts for the purchase and sale of school supplies for use in the District. Profits derived from such sales are used for school purposes or activities connected with the school.

**Special Education Fund** – This fund accounts for the tuition revenues and other sources received from other school districts that are used for the School District's special education programs.

**Public School Support Fund** – This fund accounts for specific local revenue sources (i.e. profits from vending machines, sales of pictures, etc.) that are restricted to expenditures for specified purposes approved by board resolution. Such expenditures may include curricular and extra-curricular related purchases.

*Fringe Benefits Fund* – This fund accounts for monies withheld from employees' paychecks for the pretax reimbursement of childcare and health services purchased by the employee.

Combining Statements
Nonmajor Funds

Termination Benefits Fund – This fund accounts for money committed for paying termination benefits.

# Nonmajor Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

**Bond Retirement** - This fund is used to account for and report the accumulation of property tax revenues restricted for the retirement of principal and interest on outstanding general obligation bonds.

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

	Jonmajor Special Revenue Funds	]	Bond Retirement Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
Assets:						
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 582,366	\$	1,764,633	\$	2,346,999	
Receivables:						
Intergovernmental	204,444		-		204,444	
Property Taxes	 -		2,292,000		2,292,000	
Total Assets	\$ 786,810	\$	4,056,633	\$	4,843,443	
Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable	\$ 39,559	\$	-	\$	39,559	
Accrued Wages and Benefits	131,174		-		131,174	
Intergovernmental Payable	15,567		-		15,567	
Interfund Payable	 88,474		-		88,474	
Total Liabilities	 274,774		<u>-</u>		274,774	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Property Taxes Levied for the Next Fiscal Year	-		1,993,953		1,993,953	
Other Unavailable Revenue	 67,381		102,469		169,850	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 67,381		2,096,422		2,163,803	
Fund Balances:						
Restricted	513,686		1,960,211		2,473,897	
Unassigned	(69,031)		-		(69,031)	
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)	 444,655		1,960,211		2,404,866	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources						
and Fund Balances	\$ 786,810	\$	4,056,633	\$	4,843,443	

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Sp Rev	major ecial venue unds	 Bond Retirement Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
Revenues:						
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$	-	\$ 2,247,143	\$	2,247,143	
Intergovernmental		1,798,913	297,221		2,096,134	
Investment Income		762	4,924		5,686	
Tuition and Fees		12,244	-		12,244	
Extracurricular Activities		64,365	-		64,365	
Charges for Services		8,190	-		8,190	
Contributions and Donations		6,895	-		6,895	
Miscellaneous		11,337	 		11,337	
Total Revenues		1,902,706	2,549,288		4,451,994	
Expenditures: Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular		292,005	_		292,005	
Special		538,177	_		538,177	
Support Services:					,	
Pupils		281,442	_		281,442	
Instructional Staff		20,120	_		20,120	
Administration		12,464	_		12,464	
Fiscal		, - -	32,186		32,186	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		120,737	-		120,737	
Pupil Transportation		4,335	_		4,335	
Central		21,415	_		21,415	
Extracurricular Activities		272,478	_		272,478	
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:		. ,			. ,	
Food Service Operations		540,494	-		540,494	
Community Services		267,872	_		267,872	
Debt Service:		,				
Principal Retirement		_	2,170,500		2,170,500	
Interest and Fiscal Charges		-	393,646		393,646	
Total Expenditures		2,371,539	2,596,332		4,967,871	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(468,833)	(47,044)		(515,877)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers In		175,000	 <u>-</u>		175,000	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(293,833)	(47,044)		(340,877)	
Fund Balances (Deficit) Beginning of Year, Restated		738,488	 2,007,255		2,745,743	
Fund Balances (Deficit) End of Year	\$	444,655	\$ 1,960,211	\$	2,404,866	

Orange City School District Cuyahoga County, Ohio Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2021

	 Food Service Fund	N	Memorial Fund	Sc	cholarship Fund	 Rotary Fund	 Local Grants Fund	Student Activities Fund	District Managed Activities Fund
Assets: Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments Receivables: Intergovernmental	\$ 203,530	\$	39,086	\$	62,184	\$ -	\$ 33,615	\$ 105,582	\$ 113,641
Total Assets	\$ 203,530	\$	39,086	\$	62,184	\$ -	\$ 33,615	\$ 105,582	\$ 113,641
Liabilities: Accounts Payable Accrued Wages and Benefits Intergovernmental Payable Interfund Payable Total Liabilities	\$ 1,650 38,510 6,349 - 46,509	\$	- - - -	\$	- - - -	\$ 5,560 8,914 14,474	\$ 1,611 - - - 1,611	\$ 1,500 - - - 1,500	\$ 3,057 105 - 3,162
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources:</b> Other Unavailable Revenue	-		-		_	 	 	 	 _
Fund Balances: Restricted Unassigned	 157,021		39,086		62,184	- (14,474)	32,004	 104,082	 110,479
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)	 157,021		39,086		62,184	 (14,474)	32,004	 104,082	 110,479
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances (Deficit)	\$ 203,530	\$	39,086	\$	62,184	\$ 	\$ 33,615	\$ 105,582	\$ 113,641

S	uxiliary Services Fund	Nety Conne	K-12 work ectivity and	Well and St	dent Iness uccess and	S G	ellaneous tate rants 'und	ESSER Fund	ronavirus Relief Fund	Ti	itle VI-B Fund	itle III Fund
\$	13,432	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 1,503	\$	9,093	\$ 155
	-		_		_		_	56,844	_		64,335	_
\$	13,432	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$ 56,844	\$ 1,503	\$		\$ 155
\$	6,260	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 15,563	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -
	-		-		-		-	-	-		65,798	-
	-		-		-		-	-	-		3,023	-
	6,260							 41,281 56,844	 		68,821	 
	0,200		<u> </u>	-				 30,044	 	-	00,021	 
							-	 13,663	 		32,413	 -
	7,172		-		-		-	-	1,503		-	155
							-	 (13,663)	 		(27,806)	 -
	7,172						-	 (13,663)	 1,503		(27,806)	 155
\$	13,432	\$		\$		\$	-	\$ 56,844	\$ 1,503	\$	73,428	\$ 155

(continued)

Orange City School District Cuyahoga County, Ohio Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2021

	 Title I Fund	Di	eschool isability Fund	,	Title II-A Fund	]	cellaneous Federal Grants Fund	Total Nonmajor Special Revenu Funds	
Assets:									
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments Receivables:	\$ -	\$	545	\$	-	\$	-	\$	582,366
Intergovernmental	56,281		3,459		18,697		4,828		204,444
Total Assets	\$ 56,281	\$	4,004	\$	18,697	\$	4,828	\$	786,810
Liabilities:									
Accounts Payable	\$ -	\$	-	\$	5,090	\$	4,828	\$	39,559
Accrued Wages and Benefits	18,806		1,098		6,962		-		131,174
Intergovernmental Payable	273		170		87		-		15,567
Interfund Payable	 37,286				993		-		88,474
Total Liabilities	 56,365		1,268		13,132		4,828		274,774
Deferred Inflows of Resources:									
Other Unavailable Revenue	 9,283		2,928		9,094		-		67,381
Fund Balances:									
Restricted	-		-		-		-		513,686
Unassigned	(9,367)		(192)		(3,529)		-		(69,031)
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)	 (9,367)		(192)		(3,529)		-		444,655
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of									
Resources and Fund Balances (Deficit)	\$ 56,281	\$	4,004	\$	18,697	\$	4,828	\$	786,810

Orange City School District
Cuyahoga County, Ohio
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	 Food Service Fund	Memorial Fund		Scholarship Fund		Rotary Fund		Local Grants Fund		Student Activities Fund	
Revenues:											
Intergovernmental	\$ 282,649	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	9,193	\$	-
Investment Income	(531)		370		589		-		-		-
Tuition and Fees	-		-		-		12,244		-		-
Extracurricular Activities	- 100		-		-		200		-		32,227
Charges for Services	8,190		-		-		-		-		- 505
Contributions and Donations	2.745		-		-		-		-		6,595
Miscellaneous	 2,745		270		500		12 444		0.102	-	20.022
Total Revenues	 293,053		370		589		12,444		9,193		38,822
Expenditures:											
Current:											
Instruction:											
Regular	-		-		-		-		8,496		-
Special	-		-		-		-		-		-
Support Services:											
Pupils	-		-		-		-		-		-
Instructional Staff	-		-		-		-		-		-
Administration	-		-		-		-		-		-
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	-		-		-		-		-		-
Pupil Transportation	-		-		-		-		-		-
Central	-		-		-		-		-		-
Extracurricular Activities	-		-		-		14,994		-		50,774
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:	540 404										
Food Service Operations	540,494		-		-		-		- 200		-
Community Services Total Expenditures	 540,494						14,994		6,299 14,795		50,774
Total Expenditures	 340,494						14,994		14,793		30,774
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(247,441)		370		589		(2,550)		(5,602)		(11,952)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):											
Transfers In	 				-		-				-
Net Change in Fund Balance	(247,441)		370		589		(2,550)		(5,602)		(11,952)
Fund Balances (Deficit) Beginning of Year, Restated	 404,462		38,716		61,595		(11,924)		37,606		116,034
Fund Balances (Deficit) End of Year	\$ 157,021	\$	39,086	\$	62,184	\$	(14,474)	\$	32,004	\$	104,082

Orange City School District
Cuyahoga County, Ohio
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	District Managed Activities Fund	Auxiliary Services Fund	Ohio K-12 Network Connectivity Fund	Student Wellness and Success Fund	Miscellaneous State Grants Fund	ESSER Fund	
Revenues:							
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ 224,431	\$ 13,171	\$ 98,157	\$ 4,335	\$ 219,418	
Investment Income	-	334	-	-	-	-	
Tuition and Fees	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Extracurricular Activities	31,938	-	-	-	-	-	
Charges for Services	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Contributions and Donations	300	-	-	-	-	-	
Miscellaneous	8,592		<del>-</del>				
Total Revenues	40,830	224,765	13,171	98,157	4,335	219,418	
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Instruction:							
Regular	-	-	-	-	-	106,071	
Special	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Support Services:							
Pupils	-	-	-	98,157	-	-	
Instructional Staff	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Administration	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	-	-	-	-	-	120,737	
Pupil Transportation	-	-	-	-	4,335	-	
Central	-	-	13,171	-	-	-	
Extracurricular Activities	206,710	-	-	-	-	-	
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:							
Food Service Operations	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Community Services		252,812	<del>-</del>			6,207	
Total Expenditures	206,710	252,812	13,171	98,157	4,335	233,015	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(165,880)	(28,047)	-	-	-	(13,597)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers In	175,000						
Net Change in Fund Balance	9,120	(28,047)	-	-	-	(13,597)	
Fund Balances (Deficit) Beginning of Year , Restated	101,359	35,219				(66)	
Fund Balances (Deficit) End of Year	\$ 110,479	\$ 7,172	\$ -	\$ -	s -	\$ (13,663)	

ronavirus Relief Fund	tle VI-B Fund	Title III Fund		 Title I Fund	D	reschool isability Fund	e II-A und	F	cellaneous ederal Grants Fund		Total Nonmajor cial Revenue Funds
\$ 126,027	\$ 527,720	\$ 1,	060	\$ 155,190	\$	12,001	\$ 79,993	\$	45,568	\$	1,798,913
-	-		-	-		-	-		-		762
-	-		-	-		-	-		-		12,244
-	-		-	-		-	-		-		64,365
-	-		-	-		-	-		-		8,190
-	-		-	-		-	-		-		6,895
 -	 -		-	 - 155 100		-	 		45.560		11,337
126,027	527,720	1,1	060_	155,190		12,001	79,993		45,568	-	1,902,706
116,280	-	1.	-	-		-	61,158		-		292,005
-	384,525	1,0	508	152,044		-	-		-		538,177
_	140,717			_		_	_		42,568		281,442
-	140,717		_	1,000		_	16,120		3,000		20,120
_	_		_	-		12,464	-		-		12,464
_	_		_	_		-	_		_		120,737
-	-		-	-		-	-		-		4,335
8,244	-		-	-		-	-		-		21,415
-	-		-	-		-	-		-		272,478
-	-		_	-		-	_		-		540,494
-			-	-		-	 2,554		-		267,872
124,524	 525,242	1,	508	 153,044		12,464	79,832		45,568		2,371,539
1,503	2,478	(:	548)	2,146		(463)	161		-		(468,833)
 	 			 			 		-		175,000
1,503	2,478	(:	548)	2,146		(463)	161		-		(293,833)
	(30,284)		703	 (11,513)		271	 (3,690)		-		738,488
\$ 1,503	\$ (27,806)	\$	155	\$ (9,367)	\$	(192)	\$ (3,529)	\$	_	\$	444,655

Individual Fund Schedules of Revenues,

Expenditures/Expenses and Changes

in Fund Balance/Net Position 
Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual

		l Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance
Revenues:				
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$ 43,723,773	\$ 40,652,727	\$ 42,050,569	\$ 1,397,842
Intergovernmental	7,033,896	6,530,794	6,764,726	233,932
Investment Income	284,583	243,201	272,693	29,492
Tuition and Fees	169,039	259,847	162,570	(97,277)
Rentals	1,000	1,000	1	(999)
Charges for Services	10,794	9,992	10,381	389
Contributions and Donations	1,000	1,000	2	(998
Miscellaneous	999,209	1,268,257	964,953	(303,304)
Total Revenues	52,223,294	48,966,818	50,225,895	1,259,077
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular:				
Salaries and Wages	15,292,317	14,178,734	14,188,882	(10,148)
Fringe Benefits	4,402,320	4,603,292	4,656,390	(53,098)
Purchased Services	909,270	908,317	728,724	179,593
Materials and Supplies	463,854	443,330	379,116	64,214
Capital Outlay	139,718	180,037	177,594	2,443
Total Regular	21,207,479	20,313,710	20,130,706	183,004
Special:				
Salaries and Wages	7,335,444	5,482,453	5,572,086	(89,633)
Fringe Benefits	9,930	3,121,449	1,950,997	1,170,452
Purchased Services	990,368	1,046,814	1,036,178	10,636
Materials and Supplies	53,498	58,045	50,146	7,899
Capital Outlay	6,700	5,465	5,377	88
Total Special	8,395,940	9,714,226	8,614,784	1,099,442
Vocational:				
Salaries and Wages	429,361	102,881	102,881	-
Fringe Benefits	-	35,265	34,151	1,114
Purchased Services	425,000	425,000	323,508	101,492
Materials and Supplies	5,800	7,200	6,916	284
Capital Outlay	1,400	=	-	-
Total Vocational	861,561	570,346	467,456	102,890
Total Instruction	30,464,980	30,598,282	29,212,946	1,385,336
Support Services: Pupils:				
Salaries and Wages	2,648,861	2,383,414	2,407,655	(24,241)
Fringe Benefits	9,607	820,507	842,528	(22,021)
Purchased Services	282,776	302,776	160,051	142,725
Materials and Supplies	12,045	11,945	7,969	3,976
Capital Outlay	12,043	11,943	7,909	3,9/0
Total Pupils	2,953,289	3,518,642	3,418,203	100,439
<b></b>		2,010,012	2,.10,203	(continued)

	Budgeted Ar	nounts		
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance
Instructional Staff:				
Salaries and Wages	1,119,762	947,351	927,425	19,926
Fringe Benefits	9,826	448,462	369,090	79,372
Purchased Services	45,600	32,800	4,816	27,984
Materials and Supplies	44,116	43,951	42,971	980
Capital Outlay	1,600	1,600	1,595	500
Total Instructional Staff	1,220,904	1,474,164	1,345,897	128,267
D 4 474				
Board of Education: Salaries and Wages	49,835	15,300	14,625	67:
Fringe Benefits	100	2,590	2,846	(250
Purchased Services	11,000	1,750	643	1,10
Materials and Supplies	1,500	1,500	1,414	80
Capital Outlay	500	500	42.050	500
Other Total Board of Education	54,150 117,085	44,559 66,199	43,058 62,586	1,50 3,613
Total Board of Education	117,083	00,199	02,380	3,013
Administration:				
Salaries and Wages	2,976,309	1,871,087	1,777,858	93,229
Fringe Benefits	20,143	917,065	841,824	75,24
Purchased Services	417,804	642,654	573,368	69,28
Materials and Supplies	21,150	21,056	15,851	5,20
Capital Outlay	6,500	4,500	2,641	1,859
Other	487,580	497,249	412,932	84,317
Total Administration	3,929,486	3,953,611	3,624,474	329,137
Fiscal:				
Salaries and Wages	1,072,986	400,439	403,317	(2,878
Fringe Benefits	, , , , <u>-</u>	210,859	177,188	33,67
Purchased Services	99,464	99,164	71,995	27,16
Materials and Supplies	3,000	3,300	3,063	23'
Other	675,550	711,550	644,589	66,96
Total Fiscal	1,851,000	1,425,312	1,300,152	125,160
Business:				
Salaries and Wages	446,167	274,029	309,190	(35,16
Fringe Benefits	-	149,351	149,501	(150
Purchased Services	60,930	49,095	48,633	462
Materials and Supplies	128,600	113,128	134,939	(21,81
Capital Outlay	3,500	4,541	4,090	45
Other	2,527	2,527	508	2,019
Total Business	641,724	592,671	646,861	(54,190
				(-)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant:	2 017 107	1 605 150	1 602 242	92,816
Salaries and Wages	3,917,187	1,695,158	1,602,342	
Fringe Benefits	10,285	1,011,839	856,562	155,277
Purchased Services	1,905,836	1,915,803	1,864,897	50,90
Materials and Supplies	226,733	273,479	260,906	12,573
Capital Outlay	19,085	287,152	286,503	649
Other	31,000	20,006	20,006	
Total Operation and Maintenance of Plant	6,110,126	5,203,437	4,891,216	312,22
				(continued

	Budgeted An	nounts		
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance
Pupil Transportation:				
Salaries and Wages	3,118,412	1,762,510	2,007,042	(244,532)
Fringe Benefits	15,730	1,360,580	927,032	433,548
Purchased Services	108,700	169,700	82,418	87,282
Materials and Supplies	314,447	262,947	244,353	18,594
Capital Outlay	596,138	586,638	486,782	99,856
Total Pupil Transportation	4,153,427	4,142,375	3,747,627	394,748
				,
Central:	964 547	412 720	412.520	1 100
Salaries and Wages	864,547	413,738	412,539	1,199
Fringe Benefits	206.055	307,417	491,103	(183,686)
Purchased Services	286,075	282,178	235,088	47,090
Materials and Supplies	27,719	34,834	31,787	3,047
Capital Outlay	6,700	109,063	103,565	5,498
Other	1,200	1,200	-	1,200
Total Central	1,186,241	1,148,430	1,274,082	(125,652)
Total Support Services	22,163,282	21,524,841	20,311,098	1,213,743
Extracurricular Activities:				
Academic Oriented Activities:				
Salaries and Wages		10,000	270,380	(260,380)
	-	9,250	43,538	(34,288)
Fringe Benefits				\ / /
Total Academic Oriented Activities		19,250	313,918	(294,668)
Sport Oriented Activities:				
Salaries and Wages	725,257	706,486	712,043	(5,557)
Fringe Benefits	37,765	136,961	136,836	125
Purchased Services	26,726	79,636	79,584	52
Total Sports Oriented Activities	789,748	923,083	928,463	(5,380)
School and Public Service Co-Curricular Activities:				
Salaries and Wages	_	20,300	2,947	17,353
	<del>-</del>		,	,
Fringe Benefits Total School and Public Service Co-Curricular Activities		770	509	261
Total School and Public Service Co-Curricular Activities		21,070	3,456	17,614
Total Extracurricular Activities	789,748	963,403	1,245,837	(282,434)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:				
Community Services:				
Fringe Benefits	11,292	15,000	43,198	(28,198)
Total Operation of Non-Instructional Services	11,292	15,000	43,198	(28,198)
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	53,741	53,741	53,741	-
Interest and Fiscal Charges	1,301	1,301	1,301	_
Total Debt Service	55,042	55,042	55,042	-
Total Expenditures	53,484,344	53,156,568	50,868,121	2,288,447
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,261,050)	(4,189,750)	(642,226)	3,547,524
	(1,201,030)	(.,10),100)	(012,220)	(continued)

	Budgeted	Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	5,775	5,775	6,000	225
Refund of Prior Year Expenditures	9,743	9,743	6,868	(2,875)
Refund of Prior Year Receipts	(20,000)	(20,000)	(11,101)	8,899
Transfers Out	(575,000)	(575,000)	(575,000)	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(579,482)	(579,482)	(573,233)	6,249
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,840,532)	(4,769,232)	(1,215,459)	3,553,773
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	24,936,552	24,936,552	24,936,552	-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	1,079,345	1,079,345	1,079,345	
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$ 24,175,365	\$ 21,246,665	\$ 24,800,438	\$ 3,553,773

		Final Budget	Actual		v	ariance
		Budget		Actual		arrance
Revenues:						
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$	847,807	\$	847,807	\$	-
Intergovernmental		62,694		101,404		38,710
Investment Income		50,000		53,720		3,720
Total Revenues		960,501		1,002,931		42,430
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Support Services:						
Fiscal:		15 000		11 005		2.005
Other Total Support Sarvigas	-	15,000 15,000		11,995 11,995		3,005
Total Support Services		13,000		11,993		3,003
Capital Outlay:						
Site Improvement Services						
Capital Outlay		88,829		88,829		
Architecture and Engineering Services						
Capital Outlay		9,374				9,374
Building Acquisition and Construction Services Capital Outlay		758,976		758,976		
Capital Outlay	-	738,970		738,970		
Building Improvement Services						
Purchased Services		942,703		942,703		-
Capital Outlay		107,536		22,713		84,823
Total Building Improvement Services		1,050,239		965,416		84,823
Other Facilities Acquisition and Construction						
Capital Outlay		50,000				50,000
Total Capital Outlay	<u></u>	1,957,418	-	1,813,221		144,197
Total Expenditures		1,972,418		1,825,216		147,202
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(1,011,917)		(822,285)		189,632
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Refund of Prior Year Expenditures		500		500		<u> </u>
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,011,417)		(821,785)		189,632
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		5,387,705		5,387,705		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		200,039		200,039		<u> </u>
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	4,576,327	\$	4,765,959	\$	189,632
•					-	

# **Orange City School District**

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
Recreation Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	 Final Budget			Variance	
Operating Revenues: Tuition and Fees Charges for Services	\$ 2,078,113 3,500	\$	1,600,075	\$	(478,038) (3,500)
Other	 133,436		52,026		(81,410)
Total Operating Revenues	 2,215,049		1,652,101		(562,948)
Operating Expenses:					
Salaries and Wages	2,184,418		1,619,983		564,435
Fringe Benefits	754,925		599,487		155,438
Purchased Services	1,011,420		378,525		632,895
Materials and Supplies Capital Outlay	176,420 125,000		102,463 13,876		73,957 111,124
Other	 140,531		70,533		69,998
Total Operating Expenses	 4,392,714		2,784,867		1,607,847
Operating Income (Loss)	 (2,177,665)		(1,132,766)		1,044,899
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):					
Investment Earnings	50,000		35,448		(14,552)
Property Taxes	950,000		854,437		(95,563)
Grants and Subsidies	 103,700		102,988	-	(712)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	 1,103,700		992,873		(110,827)
Change in Net Position	(1,073,965)		(139,893)		934,072
Net Position (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	3,754,700		3,754,700		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	 109,391		109,391		
Net Position (Deficit) at End of Year	\$ 2,790,126	\$	3,724,198	\$	934,072

		Final Budget	Actual		\	ariance
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$	252,500	\$	245,855	\$	(6,645)
Investment Income	Ψ	8,500	Ψ	2,593	Ψ	(5,907)
Charges for Services		33,500		8,190		(25,310)
Total Revenues		294,500		256,638		(37,862)
Total Revenues		271,300		250,050		(37,002)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:						
Food Service Operations:						
Salaries and Wages		231,600		224,575		7,025
Fringe Benefits		126,000		103,080		22,920
Purchased Services		4,500		2,793		1,707
Materials and Supplies		187,000		181,293		5,707
Capital Outlay		15,000		11,585		3,415
Other		1,000		298		702
Total Expenditures		565,100		523,624		41,476
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(270,600)		(266,986)		3,614
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Refund of Prior Year Expenditures				2,745		2,745
Net Change in Fund Balance		(270,600)		(264,241)		6,359
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		426,708		426,708		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated						
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	156,108	\$	162,467	\$	6,359

	Final Budget		Actual		Variance	
Revenues: Investment Income	\$ 6	10 \$	370	\$	(240)	
Expenditures: Current:	<u> </u>					
Support Services: Instructional Staff: Materials and Supplies	2;	88			288	
Operation of Non-Instructional Services: Community Services: Other	38,3:	50	<u>-</u>		38,350	
Total Expenditures	38,6	38			38,638	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(38,0	28)	370		38,398	
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	32,40	62	32,462			
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$ (5,5)	66) \$	32,832	\$	38,398	

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
Revenues:			
Investment Income	\$ 1,00	00 \$ 589	9 \$ (411)
Expenditures: Current: Support Services: Operation of Non-Instructional Services: Community Services:			
Other	61,20	00_	- 61,200
Total Expenditures	61,20	00	- 61,200
Net Change in Fund Balance	(60,20	00) 589	9 60,789
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	61,59	03 61,59	
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$ 1,39	93 \$ 62,182	2 \$ 60,789

	Final Budget		Actual		Variance	
Revenues:						
Tuition and Fees	\$	12,300	\$	12,244	\$	(56)
Extracurricular Activities		68,875		200		(68,675)
Total Revenues		81,175		12,444		(68,731)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Extracurricular Activities:						
Academic Oriented Activities:						
Purchased Services		63,575		=		63,575
Materials and Supplies		16,515		14,994		1,521
Other		4,000		-		4,000
Total Extracurricular Activities		84,090		14,994		69,096
Net Change in Fund Balance		(2,915)		(2,550)		365
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		(11,925)		(11,925)		
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	(14,840)	\$	(14,475)	\$	365

	Final Budget	Actual		 Variance
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental	\$ 22,749	\$	9,193	\$ (13,556)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular:				
Materials and Supplies	33,590		7,653	25,937
Capital Outlay	 4,634		845	 3,789
Total Regular	 38,224		8,498	 29,726
Special:				
Materials and Supplies	 199		-	 199
Total Instruction	 38,423		8,498	 29,925
Support Services:				
Pupils: Materials and Supplies	 500			500
Operation of Non-Instructional Services: Community Services:				
Materials and Supplies	 16,611		6,704	 9,907
Total Expenditures	 55,534		15,202	 40,332
Net Change in Fund Balance	(32,785)		(6,009)	26,776
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	37,395		37,395	-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	 211		211	 
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$ 4,821	\$	31,597	\$ 26,776

	Final Budget		Actual		Variance	
Revenues:						
Extracurricular Activities	\$	73,029	\$	32,227	\$	(40,802)
Contributions and Donations		9,000		6,595		(2,405)
Total Revenues		82,029		38,822		(43,207)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Extracurricular Activities:						
Academic Oriented Activities:						
Other		45,318		5,405		39,913
Sport Oriented Activities:						
Other		1,849				1,849
School and Public Service Co-Curricular Activities:						
Other		153,214		49,203		104,011
Total Extracurricular Activities		200,381		54,608		145,773
Net Change in Fund Balance		(118,352)		(15,786)		102,566
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		116,040		116,040		<u>-</u> _
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	(2,312)	\$	100,254	\$	102,566

		Final Budget	 Actual	Variance	
Revenues:					
Extracurricular Activities	\$	55,809	\$ 31,938	\$	(23,871)
Contributions and Donations		6,250	300		(5,950)
Miscellaneous		10,000	 8,592		(1,408)
Total Revenues		72,059	 40,830		(31,229)
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Extracurricular Activities:					
Academic Oriented Activities: Purchased Services		20.044	470		10.566
		20,044	478		19,566
Materials and Supplies Total Academic Oriented Activities		23,874 43,918	 9,778 10,256		14,096
Total Academic Oriented Activities		43,918	 10,230	-	33,662
Sports Oriented Activities:					
Salaries and Wages		22,750	10,815		11,935
Fringe Benefits		2,250	-		2,250
Purchased Services		155,166	126,384		28,782
Materials and Supplies		68,155	64,189		3,966
Capital Outlay		6,457	 2,657		3,800
Total Sports Oriented Activities	-	254,778	 204,045		50,733
Total Extracurricular Activities		298,696	214,301		84,395
Total Expenditures		298,696	214,301		84,395
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(226,637)	(173,471)		53,166
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers In		175,000	175,000		-
Transfers Out		(178)	 		178
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		174,822	 175,000		178
Net Change in Fund Balance		(51,815)	1,529		53,344
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		97,411	97,411		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		5,723	5,723		
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	51,319	\$ 104,663	\$	53,344

	Final Budget			Actual		Variance	
Revenues:							
Intergovernmental	\$	259,516	\$	224,431	\$	(35,085)	
Investment Income		549		549		(25,005)	
Total Revenues		260,065		224,980	-	(35,085)	
Expenditures: Current: Operation of Non-Instructional Services: Community Services: Purchased Services Materials and Supplies Capital Outlay	,	208,435 42,191 19,694		189,505 45,690 24,537		18,930 (3,499) (4,843)	
Total Expenditures		270,320		259,732		10,588	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(10,255)		(34,752)		(24,497)	
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		30,921		30,921		-	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		4,168		4,168			
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	24,834	\$	337	\$	(24,497)	

	Final Budget			Actual	Variance	
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$	13,171	\$	13,171	\$	
Expenditures: Current: Support Services: Central: Purchased Services		13,171		13,171		
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		-		
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year						
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	-	\$		\$	

	Final Budget			Actual	Variance	
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$	98,157	\$	98,157	\$	_
Expenditures: Current: Support Services: Central: Purchased Services		98,157		98,157		
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		-		-
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year						
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	-	\$		\$	

	Final Budget			Actual	Variance	
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental	\$	4,335	\$	4,335	\$	
Expenditures:						
Current: Support Services:						
Pupil Transportation:						
Capital Outlay		4,335		4,335		
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		-		-
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year						
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	

	]	Final Budget Actual		Actual		Variance
Revenues:	•	0=0.40=		454.005		(500.050)
Intergovernmental	\$	879,105	\$	176,237	\$	(702,868)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular:						
Purchased Services		16,600		14,400		2,200
Materials and Supplies	-	373,343		91,671		281,672
Total Instruction		389,943		106,071		283,872
Support Services: Operation and Maintenance of Plant:						
Materials and Supplies		282,955		84,312		198,643
Capital Outlay		200,000		36,491		163,509
Total Support Services		482,955		120,803		362,152
Operation of Non-Instructional Services: Community Services:						
Materials and Supplies		6,207		6,207		-
Total Other Operation of Non-Instructional Services		6,207		6,207		-
Total Expenditures		879,105		233,081		646,024
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		(56,844)		(56,844)
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year						
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	_	\$	(56,844)	\$	(56,844)

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance	
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental	\$ 128,749	\$ 126,027	\$ (2,722)	
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular:				
Materials and Supplies	103,028	101,525	1,503	
Capital Outlay	14,755	14,755		
Total Instruction	117,783	116,280	1,503	
Support Services:				
Central:				
Purchased Services	7,258	7,258	-	
Materials and Supplies	1,200	986	214	
Total Support Services	8,458	8,244	214	
Total Expenditures	126,241	124,524	1,717	
Net Change in Fund Balance	2,508	1,503	(1,005)	
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		<u>-</u> _		
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$ 2,508	\$ 1,503	\$ (1,005)	

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance	
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental	\$ 760,879	\$ 517,239	\$ (243,640)	
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Special:				
Salaries and Wages	335,093	242,506	92,587	
Fringe Benefits	119,282	69,907	49,375	
Purchased Services	61,242	72,650	(11,408)	
Total Instruction	515,617	385,063	130,554	
Support Services:				
Pupils:				
Salaries and Wages	151,901	129,381	22,520	
Fringe Benefits	49,304	13,920	35,384	
Total Pupils	201,205	143,301	57,904	
Total Expenditures	716,822	528,364	188,458	
Net Change in Fund Balance	44,057	(11,125)	(55,182)	
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	4,180	4,180	-	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	16,038	16,038		
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$ 64,275	\$ 9,093	\$ (55,182)	

	Final Budget			Actual	Variance	
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$	1,608	\$	1,060	\$	(548)
mergovernmentar	Ψ	1,000	Φ	1,000	Þ	(346)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Special:		1.600		1 (00		
Materials and Supplies	·	1,608		1,608	-	
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		(548)		(548)
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		703		703		
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	_\$	703	\$	155	\$	(548)

	Final Budget Actual		Actual	Variance	
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental	 322,546	\$	111,592	\$	(210,954)
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Special:					
Salaries and Wages	131,083		112,937		18,146
Fringe Benefits	 41,454		41,241		213
Total Special	 172,537		154,178		18,359
Vocational:					
Purchased Services	 4,427				4,427
Total Instruction	 176,964		154,178		22,786
Support Services:					
Instructional Staff:					
Purchased Services	 70,195		1,000		69,195
Pupil Transportation:					
Purchased Services	 74,713				74,713
Total Support Services	 144,908		1,000		143,908
Total Expenditures	 321,872		155,178		166,694
Net Change in Fund Balance	674		(43,586)		(44,260)
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	 6,297		6,297		
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$ 6,971	\$	(37,289)	\$	(44,260)

	Final Budget			Variance	
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental	\$ 19,024	\$	11,470	\$	(7,554)
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Special:					
Purchased Services	 778				778
Support Services:					
Instructional Staff:					
Purchased Services	 2,025				2,025
Administration:					
Salaries and Wages	8,786		8,526		260
Fringe Benefits	 4,935		3,633		1,302
Total Administration	 13,721		12,159		1,562
Total Support Services	 15,746		12,159		3,587
Total Expenditures	 16,524		12,159		4,365
Net Change in Fund Balance	2,500		(689)		(3,189)
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	 1,234		1,234		
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$ 3,734	\$	545	\$	(3,189)

	Final Budget			Variance	
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$ 99,925	\$	74,649	\$	(25,276)
	 /				( - ) /
Expenditures: Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular:					
Salaries and Wages	30,000		35,751		(5,751)
Fringe Benefits	12,289		7,569		4,720
Purchased Services	13,680		18,440		(4,760)
Total Instruction	 55,969		61,760		(5,791)
Support Services:					
Instructional Staff:					
Purchased Services	 27,140		16,121		11,019
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:					
Community Services:					
Purchased Services	 6,385		2,554		3,831
Total Expenditures	 89,494		80,435		9,059
Net Change in Fund Balance	10,431		(5,786)		(16,217)
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	(6,277)		(6,277)		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	 5,979		5,979		
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$ 10,133	\$	(6,084)	\$	(16,217)

	Final Budget		Actual		Variance	
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental	\$	55,564	\$	40,740	\$	(14,824)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Support Services:						
Pupils:						
Purchased Services		50,183		43,818		6,365
Instructional Staff:						
Materials and Supplies		3,000		3,000		-
••				,		
Total Support Services		53,183		46,818		6,365
Operation of Non-Instructional Services: Community Services:						
Purchased Services		2,381				2,381
Total Expenditures		55,564		46,818		8,746
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		(6,078)		(6,078)
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year						<u>-</u> _
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$		\$	(6,078)	\$	(6,078)

	Final Judget	Act	ual	V	ariance
Revenues: Other	\$ 2,500	\$		\$	(2,500)
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 2,500				(2,500)
Net Change in Fund Balance	2,500		-		(2,500)
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	 				<u>-</u> _
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$ 2,500	\$		\$	(2,500)

	Final Budget		Actual		Variance	
Revenues: Tuition and Fees	\$	165,405	\$	217,620	\$	52,215
Expenditures: Current: Instruction:						
Regular: Purchased Services Materials and Supplies Total Regular		44,380 86,225 130,605		27,200 64,234 91,434		17,180 21,991 39,171
Vocational: Materials and Supplies		13,030		13,019		11_
Total Instruction		143,635		104,453		39,182
Support Services: Business: Materials and Supplies		123,000		10,588		112,412
Total Expenditures		266,635		115,041		151,594
Net Change in Fund Balance		(101,230)		102,579		203,809
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		224,146		224,146		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		3,000		3,000		
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	125,916	\$	329,725	\$	203,809

Final Budget				Actual	Variance	
Revenues:			Φ.	2.546		220
Investment Income	\$	3,208	\$	3,546	\$	338
Tuition and Fees		1,183,825	-	1,183,816		(9)
Total Revenues		1,187,033		1,187,362		329
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular:						
Salaries and Wages		401,500		471,397		(69,897)
Fringe Benefits		139,492		131,181		8,311
Purchased Services		68,630		51,401		17,229
Materials and Supplies		18,670		15,938		2,732
Capital Outlay		10,200		<u>-</u>		10,200
Total Instruction		638,492		669,917		(31,425)
Support Services:						
Instructional Staff:						
Salaries and Wages		44,254		44,044		210
Fringe Benefits		24,570		40,957		(16,387)
Total Support Services		68,824		85,001		(16,177)
Total Expenditures		707,316		754,918		(47,602)
Net Change in Fund Balance		479,717		432,444		(47,273)
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		12,024		12,024		
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	491,741	\$	444,468	\$	(47,273)

# **Orange City School District**

Cuyahoga County, Ohio

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
Public School Support Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Final Budget Actual		Variance
Revenues:			
Tuition and Fees	\$ 7,500	\$ 1,950	\$ (5,550)
Extracurricular Activities	74,810	76,276	1,466
Contributions and Donations	7,495	468	(7,027)
Miscellaneous	4,486	1,031	(3,455)
Total Revenues	94,291	79,725	(14,566)
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Instruction:			
Regular:	10.000	0.016	0.4
Salaries and Wages	10,000	9,916	84
Fringe Benefits	1,640	1,619	21 105
Total Regular	11,640	11,535	103
Special:			
Purchased Services	6,500	1,960	4,540
Materials and Supplies	5,700	2,589	3,111
Total Special	12,200	4,549	7,651
Student Intervention Services:			
Materials and Supplies	500		500
Total Instruction	24,340	16,084	8,256
Support Services:			
Pupils:			
Purchased Services	67,055	48,519	18,536
Materials and Supplies	10,600	6,271	4,329
Other	600		600
Total Pupils	78,255	54,790	23,465
Instructional Staff:			
Purchased Services	3,000	-	3,000
Materials and Supplies	6,900		6,900
Total Instructional Staff	9,900		9,900
Board of Education:			
Materials and Supplies	100		100
Administration:			
Materials and Supplies	1,000		1,000
Total Support Services	89,255	54,790	34,465
Extracurricular Activities:			
School and Public Service Co-Curricular Activities:			
Purchased Services	49,891	9,634	40,257
Materials and Supplies	19,825	289	19,536
Capital Outlay Total Extracurricular Activities	2,000 71,716	9,923	2,000 61,793
Total Extraculticular Activities	/1,/10	7,723	01,773
Total Expenditures	185,311	80,797	104,514
Net Change in Fund Balance	(91,020)	(1,072)	89,948
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	142,221	142,221	-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	2,500	2,500	
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$ 53,701	\$ 143,649	\$ 89,948

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance	
Revenues: Charges for Services	\$ 2,500	\$ -	\$ (2,500)	
Miscellaneous	1,103,891	(2,415)	(1,106,306)	
Total Revenues	1,106,391	(2,415)	(1,108,806)	
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Support Services:				
Central:	1.026.060	(5.060)	1 022 027	
Fringe Benefits Purchased Services	1,026,968 10,000	(5,969)	1,032,937	
Total Central	1,036,968	5,969	4,031 1,036,968	
Total Central	1,030,908		1,030,908	
Total Expenditures	1,036,968		1,036,968	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	69,423	(2,415)	(71,838)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Refund of Prior Year Expenditures	2,415	2,415		
Net Change in Fund Balance	71,838	-	(71,838)	
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	163,028	163,028		
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$ 234,866	\$ 163,028	\$ (71,838)	

		Final Budget	Actua		Variance	
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Other:						
Salaries and Wages	\$	250,000	\$	113,111	\$	136,889
Fringe Benefits		162,500		2,658		159,842
Total Instruction	-	412,500		115,769		296,731
Support Services:						
Central:		15,000		50 477		(25 477)
Salaries and Wages		15,000		50,477		(35,477)
Fringe Benefits		3,000 18,000		1,337 51,814		1,663 (33,814)
Total Support Services	-	18,000	-	31,614		(33,614)
Total Expenditures		430,500	-	167,583		262,917
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(430,500)		(167,583)		262,917
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers In		400,000		400,000		-
Net Change in Fund Balance		(30,500)		232,417		262,917
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		1,575,705		1,575,705		
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	1,545,205	\$	1,808,122	\$	262,917

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance	
Revenues:				
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$ 2,127,359	\$ 2,226,197	\$ 98,838	
Intergovernmental	299,211	297,221	(1,990)	
Investment Income	30,000	17,309	(12,691)	
Total Revenues	2,456,570	2,540,727	84,157	
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Support Services:				
Fiscal:				
Other	40,000	32,186	7,814	
Debt Service:				
Principal	2,170,500	2,170,500	-	
Interest	409,870	393,646	16,224	
Total Debt Service	2,580,370	2,564,146	16,224	
Total Expenditures	2,620,370	2,596,332	24,038	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(163,800)	(55,605)	108,195	
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	1,812,532	1,812,532		
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$ 1,648,732	\$ 1,756,927	\$ 108,195	

# Internal Service and Fiduciary Funds

#### Internal Service Fund

Internal service funds account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency of the School District to other departments or agencies on a cost-reimbursement basis. Charges are intended to recoup the total cost of such services.

*Internal Service Fund* – This fund accounts for a self-insurance program for workers' compensation activities.

#### Custodial Funds

The custodial funds are used to account for assets held by the School District as fiscal agent. The following are the School District's custodial funds:

Suburban Health Consortium Fund – The fund accounts for the activity of the Suburban Health Consortium.

Athletic Tournaments Fund - The fund accounts for the OHSAA tournament monies.

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
Internal Service Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance	
Operating Revenues: Charges for Services	\$ 300,000	\$ 310,812	\$ 10,812	
Gifts and Donations	5,000	-	(5,000)	
Other	1,050,439		(1,050,439)	
Total Operating Revenues	1,355,439	310,812	(1,044,627)	
Operating Expenses:				
Salaries and Wages	4,500	-	(4,500)	
Fringe Benefits	1,022,664	-	1,022,664	
Purchased Services	111,000	50,820	60,180	
Claims	100,000	96,600	3,400	
Total Operating Expenses	1,238,164	147,420	1,090,744	
Operating Income (Loss)	117,275	163,392	46,117	
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):				
Investment Earnings	20,000	14,024	(5,976)	
Refund of Prior Year Expenses	1,160		(1,160)	
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	21,160	14,024	(7,136)	
Change in Net Position	138,435	177,416	38,981	
Net Position (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	1,403,083	1,403,083		
Net Position (Deficit) at End of Year	\$ 1,541,518	\$ 1,580,499	\$ 38,981	

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2021

		thletic	Suburban Health Consortium	Total
Assets				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	5,977	\$ -	\$ 5,977
Cash and Investments in Segregated Accounts		-	33,520,730	33,520,730
Total Assets		5,977	33,520,730	33,526,707
Liabilities Unearned Revenue			563,264	563,264
Official field Revenue	-		 303,204	 303,204
Net Position Restricted for Individuals, Organizations, and Other Governments	\$	5,977	\$ 32,957,466	\$ 32,963,443

Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	nletic	Suburban Health Consortium	Total	
Additions Amounts Received as Fiscal Agent Extracurricular Amounts Collected for Other Governments Total Additions	\$ 2,390 2,390	\$ 103,520,730 - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 103,520,730 2,390 103,523,120	
<b>Deductions</b> Distributions as Fiscal Agent	 	98,947,817	98,947,817	
Change in Net Position	2,390	4,572,913	4,575,303	
Net Position Beginning of Year, Restated	 3,587	28,384,553	28,388,140	
Net Position End of Year	\$ 5,977	\$ 32,957,466	\$ 32,963,443	



# Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

# To Learn | To Lead | To Make a Difference









**Statistical Section** 

#### **Statistical Section**

This part of the Orange City School District's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the School District's overall financial health.

<u>Contents</u>	<u>Pages</u>
Financial Trends  These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the School District's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	S-2 - S13
Revenue Capacity  These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the School District's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	S-14 - S19
<b>Debt Capacity</b> These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the School District's current levels of outstanding debt and the School District's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	S-20 - S-23
<b>Demographic and Economic Information</b> These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the School District's financial activities take place.	S-24 - S-25
Operating Information  These schedules contain service and capital asset data to help the reader understand how the information in the School District's financial report relates to the services the School District provides and the activities it performs.	S-26 - S34

**Sources:** Sources are noted on the individual schedules.

Net Position By Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

		2021		Restated <b>2020 (5)</b>		2019 (4)		2018
Governmental Activities:  Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$	40,124,941 8,425,188 (37,887,963)	\$	39,430,020 8,863,333 (36,463,930)	\$	36,768,291 15,207,672 (35,839,209)	\$	30,733,210 14,443,463 (40,809,257)
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$	10,662,166	\$	11,829,423	\$	16,136,754	\$	4,367,416
Business-Type Activities: Net Investment in Capital Assets Unrestricted	\$	3,041,529 (310,269)	\$	3,240,822 (74,229)	\$	3,227,782 1,272,597	\$	3,202,368 1,512,811
Total Business-Type Activities Net Position	\$	2,731,260	\$	3,166,593	\$	4,500,379	\$	4,715,179
Primary Government: Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$	43,166,470 8,425,188 (38,198,232)	\$	42,670,842 8,863,333 (36,538,159)	\$	39,996,073 15,207,672 (34,566,612)	\$	33,935,578 14,443,463 (39,296,446)
Total Primary Government	¢	12 202 426	e.	14.006.016	e.	20 (27 122	¢.	0.002.505
Net Position	\$	13,393,426	\$	14,996,016	\$	20,637,133	\$	9,082,595

Source: School District financial records.

- (1) Amounts have been restated to reflect a restatement related to GASB Statement No. 65.
- (2) Amounts have been restated to reflect a restatement related to GASB Statement No. 68.
- (3) Amounts have been restated to reflect a restatement related to GASB Statement No. 75.
- (4) Amounts have been restated to reflect a restatement related to revenue in lieu of taxes receivable
- (5) Amounts have been restated to reflect a restatement related to GASB Statement No. 84.

 2017 (3)		2016		2016 2015		2015	2014 (2)			2013	2012 (1)	
\$ 25,808,673 13,113,976 (65,236,368)	\$	26,693,356 11,101,270 (41,069,437)	\$	23,758,405 8,999,104 (43,935,452)	\$	21,803,232 8,712,389 (45,773,604)	\$	20,334,609 7,851,186 28,750,345	\$	20,295,850 9,537,894 24,358,710		
\$ (26,313,719)	\$	(3,274,811)	\$	(11,177,943)	\$	(15,257,983)	\$	56,936,140	\$	54,192,454		
\$ 3,187,220 946,661	\$	3,009,827 2,214,061	\$	3,176,249 2,447,906	\$	3,342,225 1,354,179	\$	3,512,524 4,070,807	\$	3,687,280 3,625,114		
\$ 4,133,881	\$	5,223,888	\$	5,624,155	\$	4,696,404	\$	7,583,331	\$	7,312,394		
\$ 28,995,893 13,113,976 (64,289,707)	\$	29,703,183 11,101,270 (38,855,376)	\$	26,934,654 8,999,104 (41,487,546)	\$	25,145,457 8,712,389 (44,419,425)	\$	23,847,133 7,851,186 32,821,152	\$	23,983,130 9,537,894 27,983,824		
\$ (22,179,838)	\$	1,949,077	\$	(5,553,788)	\$	(10,561,579)	\$	64,519,471	\$	61,504,848		

Orange City School District Cuyahoga County, Ohio Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

		2021	 2020 (2)		2019		2018
Expenses:							
Governmental Activities:							
Regular Instruction	\$	22,835,557	\$ 22,513,108	\$	16,042,839	\$	9,392,159
Special Instruction		9,651,532	9,295,055		7,581,149		5,419,725
Vocational Instruction		479,194	636,158		634,020		856,421
Student Intervention Services		-	-		40,992		(290,660)
Other Instruction		155,632	91,171		119,226		31,273
Pupil Support		3,977,989	3,892,369		2,992,628		1,911,333
Instructional Staff Support		1,521,096	1,615,656		1,388,484		1,238,417
Board of Education		61,636	82,123		88,295		123,916
Administration		3,530,716	3,864,081		2,774,613		2,255,249
Fiscal		1,404,923	1,355,742		1,505,515		(5,384,262)
Business		669,783	663,014		525,562		464,520
Operations and Maintenance of Plant		5,132,486	5,128,128		5,390,749		5,753,117
Pupil Transportation Central		3,651,561	4,010,449		3,339,886		3,510,647
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:		1,348,587	1,225,541		1,132,658		865,907
Food Service Operations		644,272	670,892		719,976		718,502
Other Non-Instructional Services		355,132	414,589		691,462		657,500
Extracurricular Activities		2,083,231	2,177,144		1,402,107		(1,440,928)
Interest and Fiscal Charges		244,917	411,621		565,685		692,096
Total Governmental Activities Expenses		57,748,244	 58,046,841		46,935,846		26,774,932
Total Governmental Activities Expenses		37,740,244	 30,040,041		40,733,640		20,774,732
Business-Type Activities:							
Recreation		3,084,321	4,297,255		4,027,044		2,817,170
Total Business-Type Activities Expenses		3,084,321	4,297,255		4,027,044		2,817,170
Total Primary Government Expenses	\$	60,832,565	\$ 62,344,096	\$	50,962,890	\$	29,592,102
Program Revenues:							
Governmental Activities:							
Charges for Services:							
Instruction:	_			_		_	
Regular Instruction	\$	1,262,690	\$ 571,277	\$	991,034	\$	861,338
Special Instruction		84,966	101,209		56,201		83,451
Vocational Instruction		68,998	62,747		-		-
Student Intervention Services		-	-		66		-
Support Services: Pupil Support		52 241	50 005		51.566		
Instructional Staff		53,341	58,805		54,566		-
Board of Education		161,695	42,169		100,057 119		-
Fiscal		-	-		119		-
Business		10,560	52,694		14,485		_
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		10,300	32,074		14,405		81,841
Pupil Transportation		_	_		_		126,603
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:							120,003
Food Service Operations		8,190	462,432		583,481		559,648
Community Services		0,170	102,132		202,101		-
Extracurricular Activities		86,974	95,917		149,334		204,586
Operating Grants, Contributions and Interest:		00,57.	,,,,,,,		1.5,55		20.,000
Regular Instruction		264,512	101,673		92,950		85,775
Special Instruction		414,654	623,887		618,350		587,611
Vocational Instruction		4,702	4,702		4,702		4,571
Pupil Support		198,484	252,973		177,553		135,848
Instructional Staff		9,983	21,149		57,188		33,445
Administration		12,324	13,606		10,375		9,264
Fiscal		-,	-,		-		-,
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		120,771	8,957		12,742		-
Pupil Transportation		75,194	51,089		153,263		111,242
Central		21,515	7,200		5,400		5,400

	2017		2016	 2015	 2014		2013		2012 (1)
\$	21,425,874	\$	19,720,913	\$ 19,785,171	\$ 20,311,007	\$	18,837,598	\$	19,743,967
	6,264,668		9,733,035	9,565,638	10,248,934		6,493,403		6,766,002
	534,567		502,362	290,087	287,690		365,421		449,711
	2,424,644 1,169,197		47,040	- 764,597	208,427		683,802		-
	3,635,896		3,300,850	3,686,794	3,601,927		3,598,659		3,754,396
	1,841,194		1,547,022	1,534,005	976,339		4,003,460		4,010,079
	87,250		90,284	89,820	78,226		69,029		78,336
	3,970,852		3,698,123	3,600,621	3,665,874		3,428,020		3,483,041
	1,647,527		1,336,285	1,416,262	1,327,247		1,344,401		1,359,152
	583,436		536,906	634,654	605,040		625,460		597,555
	5,628,873		5,206,403	5,374,524	5,088,454		5,256,521		4,628,231
	3,855,852		3,603,081	3,573,419	3,786,870		3,641,934		3,696,464
	1,298,934		912,408	1,054,215	954,363		992,787		1,073,422
	672,600		654,314	632,532	683,835		737,225		742,646
	678,637		593,244	714,736	625,874		575,953		702,122
	1,810,145		1,852,014	1,731,632	1,954,690		1,665,913		1,674,468
	1,109,603 58,639,749		978,827 54,313,111	 1,087,519 55,536,226	 1,186,489 55,591,286		1,277,694 53,597,280		1,573,604 54,333,196
-	38,039,749		34,313,111	 33,330,220	33,391,280	-	55,597,280		54,333,196
	3,187,167		2,866,308	1,585,233	2,462,120		2,493,790		2,423,611
	3,187,167	_	2,866,308	1,585,233	2,462,120		2,493,790		2,423,611
\$	61,826,916	\$	57,179,419	\$ 57,121,459	\$ 58,053,406	\$	56,091,070	\$	56,756,807
\$	3,148,233	\$	923,079	\$ 660,462	\$ 710,686	\$	591,176	\$	608,650
	374,851		3,310,095	3,800,609	2,920,085		2,704,572		2,499,386
	-		111,163	64,148	128,762		190,208		166,943
	-		-	-	-		-		-
	108,184		63,478	50,531	49,955		55,420		47,882
	-		2,729	1,944	3,088		3,600		4,888
	-		-	568	-		-		-
	-		_	308	-		-		_
	_		115	9,031	15,290		3,120		5,540
	-		-	53,983	-		-		-
	520,731		519,625	481,023	505,523		498,277		546,196
	205,144		192,663	184,219	375,754		191,692		540 170,086
	•						,		
	883,364		110,583	127,558	107,175		97,238		104,438
	806,667		612,770	561,187	602,465		273,940		486,835
	3,346 5,602		2,438 177,106	2,483 213,225	1,978 204,407		142,994		135,002
	3,002		4,552	6,968	18,568		227,874		179,819
	19,155		15,791	16,252	14,693		13,337		
	-			60	- 1,000				-
	-		-	-	-		-		26,354
	109,667		134,665	107,313	115,512		97,242		143,695
	5,400		5,400	5,400	9,000		9,000		25,176
								(	(continued)

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2021	2020 (2)	2019	2018
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:				
Food Service Operations	282,118	146,586	182,746	154,272
Community Services	236,328	177,787	695,445	561,237
Extracurricular Activities	6,895	19,810	792	23,380
Interest and Fiscal Charges		-	.,	-
Capital Grants and Contributions:				
Regular Instruction	_	_	_	_
Fiscal	706	157,573	171,380	_
Operations and Maintenance of Plant	64,157	· -	· -	99,670
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:				
Community Services	-	-	250	-
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues	3,449,757	3,034,242	4,132,479	3,729,182
Business-Type Activities:				
Recreation				
Charges for Services	1,600,075	1,886,416	2,597,394	2,097,832
Operating Grants and Contributions	102,988	102,434	102,327	101,225
Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenues	1,703,063	1,988,850	2,699,721	2,199,057
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	\$ 5,152,820	\$ 5,023,092	\$ 6,832,200	\$ 5,928,239
Net (Expense)/Revenue:				
Governmental Activities	(54,298,487)	(55,012,599)	(42,803,367)	(23,045,750)
Business-Type Activities	(1,381,258)	(2,308,405)	(1,327,323)	(618,113)
Total Primary Government Net Expense	\$ (55,679,745)	\$ (57,321,004)	\$ (44,130,690)	\$ (23,663,863)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Posi	tion			
Governmental Activities:				
Property Taxes Levied For:				
General Purposes	42,255,087	38,327,509	42,179,082	42,459,983
Debt Service	2,237,946	2,063,072	2,333,042	2,444,683
Capital Projects	812,884	767,559	855,488	867,527
Grants and Entitlements not Restricted				
to Specific Programs	6,970,776	7,121,695	7,239,786	7,350,589
Revenue in Lieu of Taxes	-	1,195,752	-	-
Investment Earnings	123,493	975,689	1,024,985	467,969
Miscellaneous Transfers	731,044	82,033	185,976	136,134
Total Governmental Activities	53,131,230	50,533,309	53,818,359	53,726,885
Business-Type Activities:				
Property Taxes Levied For:				
Recreation	883,053	748,636	861,955	874,840
Investment Earnings	10,846	121,500	134,261	47,982
Miscellaneous	52,026	104,483	116,307	276,589
Transfers				
Total Business-Type Activities	945,925	974,619	1,112,523	1,199,411
Total Primary Government	\$ 54,077,155	\$ 51,507,928	\$ 54,930,882	\$ 54,926,296
<b>Change in Net Position</b>				
Governmental Activities	(1,167,257)	(4,479,290)	11,014,992	30,681,135
Business-Type Activities	(435,333)	(1,333,786)	(214,800)	581,298
Total Primary Government	\$ (1,602,590)	\$ (5,813,076)	\$ 10,800,192	\$ 31,262,433

Source: School District financial records.

<sup>(1)</sup> Amounts have been restated to reflect a restatement related to GASB Statement No. 65.

<sup>(2)</sup> Amounts have not been restated to reflect a restatement related to GASB Statement No. 84.

	2017		2016		2015	 2014	_	2013		2012 (1)
	139,628		157,840		156,693	154,474		131,722		156,140
	650,824 29,993		589,782 55,567		646,236 81,985	557,650 64,566		563,376 66,235		532,455 30,266
	29,993		33,367 117,454		116,824	116,937		120,542		126,024
			117,434		110,024	110,757		120,542		120,024
	100,120		-		-	14,598		20,060		-
	-		420,213		-	-		-		-
	7,110,909		7,527,108	_	7,348,702	 6,691,166	_	6,001,625		5,996,315
	2,145,492		1,993,171 111,527		1,769,740	1,831,696		1,761,216		1,566,267
	101,686 2,247,178		2,104,698		117,529	 117,952		120,128		129,180 1,695,447
-			_,,		-,,	 -,, .,,,		-,,,,,,,,,,	-	2,022,111
\$	9,358,087	\$	9,631,806	\$	9,235,971	\$ 8,640,814	\$	7,882,969	\$	7,691,762
	(51,528,840)		(46,786,003)		(48,187,524)	(48,900,120)		(47,595,655)		(48,336,881)
	(939,989)		(761,610)		302,036	(512,472)		(612,446)		(728,164)
\$	(52,468,829)	\$	(47,547,613)	\$	(47,885,488)	\$ (49,412,592)	\$	(48,208,101)	\$	(49,065,045)
	36,367,697		42,712,795		40,643,066	39,749,378		39,691,542		37,410,095
	2,091,374		2,455,397		2,242,313	2,301,562		2,359,811		2,178,259
	739,281		877,465		779,788	655,556		608,515		707,148
	7,795,687		7,690,101		8,022,976	7,941,897		7,707,534		8,146,313
	247,922		289,285		257,364	510,822		(74,145)		317,792
	356,409		64,092		45,558	65,853		46,084		17,154
	(33,533) 47,564,837		54,689,135		276,499 52,267,564	 51,225,068		50,339,341		48,776,761
	47,304,037		54,007,133		32,207,304	 31,223,000		30,337,341		40,770,701
	744,714		905,455		825,947	825,721		824,640		795,490
	25,961		42,418		27,407	52,006		(10,286)		25,620
	116,927		13,470		48,860	39,148		69,029		70,110
	33,533 921,135	_	(600,000) 361,343		(276,499) 625,715	 916,875	_	883,383		891,220
						 		<u> </u>		
\$	48,485,972	\$	55,050,478	\$	52,893,279	\$ 52,141,943	\$	51,222,724	\$	49,667,981
	(3,964,003)		7,903,132		4,080,040	2,324,948		2,743,686		439,880
_	(18,854)	_	(400,267)	_	927,751	 404,403		270,937	_	163,056
\$	(3,982,857)	\$	7,502,865	\$	5,007,791	\$ 2,729,351	\$	3,014,623	\$	602,936

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	 2021	 Restated 2020 (1)	 2019	 2018
General Fund				
Nonspendable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 83,798	\$ 114,370
Committed	1,808,122	1,575,705	1,292,639	1,114,997
Assigned	4,425,867	1,377,892	4,705,602	13,293,840
Unassigned	 20,200,421	 22,768,533	 23,787,661	 18,053,566
Total General Fund	 26,434,410	 25,722,130	29,869,700	32,576,773
All Other Governmental Funds				
Nonspendable	-	-	_	-
Restricted	7,935,811	8,338,985	14,355,022	13,433,841
Committed	-	32,462	31,971	31,279
Unassigned (Deficit)	 (69,031)	 (45,553)	 (586)	 (49,702)
Total All Other Governmental Funds	 7,866,780	 8,325,894	14,386,407	13,415,418
Total Governmental Funds	\$ 34,301,190	\$ 34,048,024	\$ 44,256,107	\$ 45,992,191

Source: School District financial records.

<sup>(1)</sup> Amounts have been restated to reflect a restatement related to GASB Statement No. 84.

	2017	17 2016		2016 2015 2014		2014	 2013	2012	
\$	146,910 1,078,635 4,087,736 28,484,619	3,10	21,344 § 85,113 00,147 88,645	5 115,461 432,153 953,807 26,445,365	\$	115,562 881,426 2,515,877 25,950,263	\$ 137,957 683,619 3,851,512 24,805,537	\$	139,411 - 3,405,003 25,694,026
	33,797,900	34,49	95,249	27,946,786		29,463,128	 29,478,625		29,238,440
	12,548,456 30,760 (24,889)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	- 14,568 61,524 -	1,691 10,553,119 4,862,100		9,986,832 2,110,726 (745)	 9,700,263 1,728,501		5,572 9,505,152 51,446 (63,290)
s	12,554,327 46,352,227		76,092 71,341	15,416,910 6 43,363,696	. <u> </u>	12,096,813 41,559,941	 11,428,764	<u> </u>	9,498,880 38,737,320

Change in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2021	2020	2019	2018	
Revenues:					
From Local Sources:					
Property Taxes	\$ 45,520,662	\$ 40,708,164	\$ 45,119,556	\$ 46,035,009	
Intergovernmental	8,963,710	8,105,112	9,185,042	9,096,990	
Investment Earnings	149,886	1,147,947	1,214,670	467,969	
Tuition and Fees	1,578,200	801,683	1,104,888	1,058,556	
Extracurricular	140,641	172,212	230,279	261,845	
Rental Income	1	1	1	495	
Charges for Services	18,571	473,354	614,176	597,066	
Contributions and Donations	7,365	296,771	3,283	25,748	
Revenue in Lieu of Taxes	280,839	754,346	-		
Miscellaneous	984,689	82,033	185,975	135,639	
Total Revenues	57,644,564	52,541,623	57,657,870	57,679,317	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular	20,949,082	21,035,258	19,456,854	20,010,217	
Special	9,137,024	8,767,295	8,769,620	8,606,694	
Vocational	451,258	607,818	630,812	794,401	
Student Intervention Services	· -	-	42,011	44,088	
Other	155,632	92,547	167,954	230,512	
Support Services:	,	,	,	,	
Pupil	3,758,639	3,722,963	3,645,462	3,485,095	
Instructional Staff	1,477,252	1,578,231	1,619,959	1,786,330	
Board of Education	61,690	80,946	91,031	111,139	
Administration	3,484,135	3,708,540	3,882,876	3,518,149	
Fiscal	1,340,534	1,303,359	1,554,113	1,415,007	
Business	630,706	603,557	544,617	435,040	
Operations and Maintenance	4,825,763	4,537,283	4,549,724	4,563,602	
Pupil Transportation	3,733,784	3,612,661	3,687,687	3,644,464	
Central	1,330,946	1,273,223	1,195,852	857,501	
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:	1,550,510	1,273,223	1,175,032	037,301	
Food Service Operations	540,494	672,640	718,304	693,543	
Other Non-Instructional Services	311,070	274,952	700,593	603,128	
Extracurricular Activities	1,500,944	1,568,810	1,578,646	1,619,304	
Capital Outlay	1,089,257	4,225,701	3,704,945	2,489,345	
Debt Service:	1,007,237	7,223,701	3,704,743	2,707,343	
Principal Retirement	2,224,241	4,911,072	2,130,417	2,262,111	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	394,947	615,529	722,477	869,683	
Total Expenditures	57,397,398	63,192,385	59,393,954	58,039,353	
Excess Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	247,166	(10,650,762)	(1,736,084)	(360,036)	

2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
\$ 39,067,015	\$ 46,170,273	\$ 44,079,060	\$ 42,706,426	\$ 42,765,503	\$ 40,698,349
10,365,257	9,731,326	9,998,159	9,776,606	9,373,306	10,081,139
242,973	424,439	275,632	550,868	(115,043)	343,606
4,456,253	4,407,392	4,020,296	3,665,733	3,500,985	3,777,544
309,392	253,743	238,123	427,478	248,088	221,695
-	115	9,031	15,290	3,120	5,540
569,968	556,231	535,006	546,973	526,038	587,011
40,620	357,936	56,271	58,435	67,021	18,886
251 204	-	-	-	74.420	- 22.550
351,384	68,307	76,975	93,855	74,430	33,558
55,402,862	61,969,762	59,288,553	57,841,664	56,443,448	55,767,328
19,675,308	18,779,228	18,953,256	18,561,146	17,961,767	18,675,485
5,937,057	9,634,823	9,219,036	9,678,921	6,305,746	6,300,173
502,313	459,480	257,428	254,227	337,679	420,324
2,408,530		237,426	254,227	337,077	720,327
752,604	47,040	756,683	207,366	685,834	_
702,00	.,,0.0	700,000	207,500	000,00	
3,358,929	3,373,974	3,565,742	3,465,007	3,545,909	3,702,792
1,734,819	1,567,081	1,500,935	1,184,272	3,988,800	3,989,498
85,307	92,969	87,062	78,372	69,126	78,336
3,643,028	3,741,499	3,562,187	3,458,087	3,332,557	3,359,159
1,437,105	1,333,807	1,405,752	1,312,083	1,338,823	1,357,424
539,768	575,979	637,673	589,603	593,970	545,458
4,472,373	4,405,344	4,663,263	4,576,331	4,522,117	4,347,981
3,758,536	3,406,636	3,590,541	3,664,747	3,714,548	3,637,659
1,226,904	917,092	1,017,146	930,580	1,034,998	1,033,121
506 651	506.021	501 221	624 106	675 202	602 617
596,651	596,921	584,234	624,186	675,203	682,617
651,678	589,501	610,355	618,650	462,770	640,367
1,670,821	1,800,901	1,617,961	1,820,502	1,556,513	1,566,991
4,009,124	3,979,504	3,141,259	3,661,442	1,622,291	2,491,781
999,040	1,057,830	1,767,470	1,626,488	1,633,920	1,536,508
1,790,296	1,678,765	847,437	882,357	895,174	936,879
59,250,191	58,038,374	57,785,420	57,194,367	54,277,745	55,302,553
	, <del>, -</del> -	,, •	, - ,- · ·		, , <del>-</del>
(2 947 220)	2 021 200	1,503,133	647.207	2,165,703	464,775
(3,847,329)	3,931,388	1,303,133	647,297	2,103,703	(continued)
					(continued)

Change in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2021		2020		2019		2018
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Issuance of Bonds	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Transfers In		175,000	175,000		3,598,963		2,641,257
Transfers Out		(175,000)	(175,000)		(3,598,963)		(2,641,257)
Sale of Assets		6,000	-		-		-
Inception of Lease (Purchase/Capital)		-	270,720		-		-
Sale of Refunding Bonds		-	-		-		-
Premium on Refunding Bonds Sold		-	-		-		-
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent		-	-		-		-
Premium on Bonds			 				-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		6,000	 270,720				-
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	253,166	\$ (10,380,042)	\$	(1,736,084)	\$	(360,036)
Capital Expenditures	\$	1,721,087	\$ 4,008,223	\$	5,348,315	\$	2,881,677
Debt Service as a Percentage of Total Noncapital Expenditures		4.70%	9.34%		5.28%		5.68%

Source: School District financial records.

2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	
\$ 2,442,977	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
141,918	110,000	5,176,000	3,410,000	2,610,000	110,000	
(141,918)	(110,000)	(5,176,000)	(3,410,000)	(2,610,000)	(531,819)	
-	397	1,119	5,255	4,366	-	
-	275,860	299,503	-	-	-	
14,505,000	-	-	-	-	-	
1,500,302	-	-	-	-	-	
(15,830,067)	-	-	-	-	-	
10,003		<u></u> _				
2,628,215	276,257	300,622	5,255	4,366	(421,819)	
\$ (1,219,114)	\$ 4,207,645	\$ 1,803,755	\$ 652,552	\$ 2,170,069	\$ 42,956	
\$ 4,271,326	\$ 4,445,125	\$ 2,809,831	\$ 2,950,324	\$ 1,792,403	\$ 2,928,806	
5.07%	5.11%	4.76%	4.63%	4.82%	4.72%	

Assessed Valuation and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Collection Years

		Real Pro	(1)	Public Utility (3)				
Collection Year	Assessed Value			Estimated Actual Value		Assessed Value		Estimated Actual Value
2021	\$	1,134,310,780	\$	3,240,887,943	\$	17,955,420	\$	20,403,886
2020		1,123,764,910		3,210,756,886		17,176,930		19,519,239
2019		1,107,779,130		3,165,083,229		15,913,230		18,083,216
2018		1,056,876,750		3,019,647,857		12,565,760		14,279,273
2017		1,053,553,810		3,010,153,743		11,698,940		13,294,250
2016		1,043,260,120		2,980,743,200		11,012,300		12,513,977
2015		1,002,217,530		2,863,478,657		10,763,950		12,231,761
2014		1,001,559,470		2,861,598,486		10,236,390		11,632,261
2013		995,704,210		2,844,869,171		9,282,780		10,548,614
2012		996,924,660		2,848,356,171		8,555,210		9,721,830

**Source:** Cuyahoga County Fiscal Officer's Office - Data is presented on a calendar year basis as this is the manner in which information is maintained by the County Auditor.

- (2) Tangible personal property is assessed at various percentages of actual value.
- (3) Public utility personal property is assessed at various percentages of actual value.
- (4) This amount represents the gross millage.

<sup>(1)</sup> The assessed value of real property is fixed at 35% of true value and is determined pursuant to the State Tax Commissioner.

Total

Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value	Percentage of Assessed Value to Estimated Actual Value	Total Direct Rate (4)
\$ 1,152,266,200	\$ 3,261,291,829	35.33%	\$ 90.90
1,140,941,840	3,230,276,124	35.32%	91.00
1,123,692,360	3,183,166,444	35.30%	91.00
1,069,442,510	3,033,927,130	35.25%	91.20
1,065,252,750	3,023,447,993	35.23%	91.20
1,054,272,420	2,993,257,177	35.22%	91.20
1,012,981,480	2,875,710,419	35.23%	91.10
1,011,795,860	2,873,230,747	35.21%	91.10
1,004,986,990	2,855,417,785	35.20%	91.10
1,005,479,870	2,858,078,001	35.18%	91.10

Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates (Rate Per \$1,000 of Assessed Value) Last Ten Years

TD 37 /	Ove	rlapping	Rates	Direct Rates							
Tax Year/ Collection											
Year	County	City	Library	General	Bond	Permanent Improvement	Recreation	Unvoted	Total		
2020/2021	\$ 22.63	\$7.00	\$ 3.50	\$ 81.55	\$2.20	\$ 1.00	\$ 0.95	\$ 5.20	\$ 90.90		
2019/2020	21.83	7.00	2.50	81.55	2.30	1.00	0.95	5.20	91.00		
2018/2019	21.43	7.00	2.50	81.55	2.30	1.00	0.95	5.20	91.00		
2017/2018	20.93	7.10	2.50	81.55	2.50	1.00	0.95	5.20	91.20		
2016/2017	20.93	7.10	2.50	81.55	2.50	1.00	0.95	5.20	91.20		
2015/2016	20.93	7.10	2.50	81.55	2.50	1.00	0.95	5.20	91.20		
2014/2015	20.93	9.50	2.50	81.55	2.40	1.00	0.95	5.20	91.10		
2013/2014	20.03	9.50	2.50	81.55	2.40	1.00	0.95	5.20	91.10		
2012/2013	18.30	9.50	2.50	81.55	2.40	1.00	0.95	5.20	91.10		
2011/2012	18.30	9.50	2.50	81.55	2.40	1.00	0.95	5.20	91.10		

Principal Taxpayers Real Estate Tax December 31, 2020 and December 31, 2011

	December 31, 2020							
Taxpayer		Taxable Assessed Value	<u>Rank</u>	Percentage of Total District Real Estate Assessed Value				
Pinecrest Project Partners Ltd.	\$	46,355,970	1	4.09%				
Chagrin Retail LLC		22,353,280	2	1.97%				
The Landerwood Consolidated Cos, LLC		7,650,870	3	0.67%				
Village Chagrin Partners		6,722,840	4	0.59%				
Cedar Brainard Townhouses Owner LLC		6,004,810	5	0.53%				
30050 Chagrin Boulevard LLC		5,215,110	6	0.46%				
CY Beachwood Hospitality Partners LLC		4,196,370	7	0.37%				
Raintree Holdings LLC		3,222,950	8	0.28%				
Country Club, Inc.		3,205,380	9	0.28%				
HV Holdings, Inc.		3,044,450	10	0.27%				
Total	\$	107,972,030		9.51%				
Total Assessed Values	\$	1,134,310,780						

#### December 31, 2011 Percentage of **Taxable Total District** Assessed **Real Estate** Taxpayer Value **Assessed Value** Rank Chagrin Retail L.L.C. \$ 17,975,240 1.80% 1 Village Chagrin Partners 6,449,910 2 0.65%HRP Nom LP 4,470,120 3 0.45% Gotham King Fee Owner, L.L.C. 4 4,293,070 0.43% Lander Circle Company 5 3,783,070 0.38% Olympic Steel Inc. 3,571,020 6 0.36% 3,114,340 7 Lowe's Home Center, Inc. 0.31% PWR11 - Beachwood Hotel, LLC 8 3,086,580 0.31% H V Holdings Inc. 3,064,430 9 0.31% A M Castle Co. 10 0.30% 2,975,010 Total 5.30% \$ 52,782,790 Total Assessed Values \$ 996,924,660

Principal Taxpayers
Public Utility Tax
December 31, 2020 and December 31, 2011

	December 31, 2020							
Taxpayer		Taxable Assessed Value	<u>Rank</u>	Percentage of Total District Public Utility Assessed Value				
Cleveland Electric Illuminating Company	\$	12,449,120	1	69.33%				
American Transmission System		3,248,190	2	18.09%				
East Ohio Gas Co		1,473,990	3	8.21%				
Cleveland Commercial Railroad		24,730	4	0.14%				
Columbia Gas of Ohio		5,630	5	0.03%				
Norfolk Southern Combined	-	480	6	0.00%				
Total	\$	17,202,140		95.80%				
Total Assessed Values	\$	17,955,420						
	December 31, 2011							
Taxpayer		Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total District Public Utility Assessed Value				
Cleve Elect Illum Co	\$	7,165,010	1	83.75%				
East Ohio Gas Co	Ψ	805,200	3	9.41%				
American Transmission System		564,690	2	6.60%				
Cleveland Commercial Railroad		15,310	4	0.18%				
Columbia Gas Of Ohio		4,520	5	0.05%				
Norfolk Southern Combined		480	6	0.01%				
Total	\$	8,555,210		100.00%				
Total Assessed Values	\$	8,555,210						

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Years

Tax Year/ Collection Year	Total Levy	Current Collection	Percent of Current Levy Collected	Delinquent Collection (2)	Total Collection	Total Collection As a Percent of Total Levy (2)	Outstanding Delinquent Taxes (1)	Total Delinquent Taxes As a Percent of Total Levy
2020/2021	\$ 53,229,758	\$ 51,471,725	96.70%	\$ 1,535,667	\$ 53,007,392	99.58%	\$ 1,403,171	2.64%
2019/2020	52,322,753	50,586,089	96.68%	1,148,703	51,734,792	98.88%	1,679,073	3.21%
2018/2019	51,829,021	50,342,836	97.13%	1,141,453	51,484,289	99.33%	1,365,445	2.63%
2017/2018	50,967,544	49,859,372	97.83%	1,246,926	51,106,298	100.27%	1,582,798	3.11%
2016/2017	50,560,152	48,931,050	96.78%	1,279,993	50,211,043	99.31%	1,850,540	3.66%
2015/2016	50,243,016	48,679,116	96.89%	1,038,785	49,717,901	98.95%	1,876,375	3.73%
2014/2015	49,338,211	46,399,765	94.04%	1,172,551	47,572,316	96.42%	1,823,292	3.70%
2013/2014	49,115,107	46,933,918	95.56%	1,321,499	48,255,417	98.25%	2,266,057	4.61%
2012/2013	49,115,107	46,933,918	95.56%	1,325,819	48,259,737	98.26%	2,266,057	4.61%
2011/2012	48,471,730	46,663,798	96.27%	1,549,229	48,213,027	99.47%	2,533,593	5.23%

<sup>(1)</sup> This amount cannot be calculated based on other information in this statistical table because of retroactive additions and reductions which are brought on in one lump sum.

<sup>(2)</sup> Delinquent Tax Collections are only available by collection year; therefore the percentage of total tax collections to the current levy may exceed 100 percent in some years. The District will continue to work with the County to get this information in the future.

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

Governn	nental	Activi	ities

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Direct Borrowings		Capital Leases	 (1) Total Primary Government	(2) Per Capita	(2) Per Enrollment	(2) Total Debt as a Percentage of Personal Income
2021	\$ 9,390,403	\$ 162,359	*	\$ -	\$ 9,552,762	(3)	4,852	(3)
2020	11,710,933	216,100	*	-	11,927,033	791	5,878	0.53%
2019	16,617,783	56,297	*	43,335	16,717,415	1,174	8,211	0.76%
2018	18,801,009	-		196,853	18,997,862	1,311	9,073	0.92%
2017	21,128,282	-		291,724	21,420,006	1,485	10,630	1.19%
2016	20,359,366	-		414,204	20,773,570	1,448	10,050	1.01%
2015	22,010,509	-		267,763	22,278,272	1,550	10,262	1.14%
2014	23,530,963	-		5,730	23,536,693	1,638	10,588	1.48%
2013	24,877,957	-		12,218	24,890,175	1,748	11,197	0.86%
2012	26,117,290	-		56,138	26,173,428	1,838	11,659	1.69%

Sources: School District Financial Records

<sup>(1)</sup> See notes to the financial statements regarding the School District's outstanding debt information.

<sup>(2)</sup> See schedule "Demographic and Economic Statistics, Last Ten Years" for population, personal income and enrollment information.

<sup>(3)</sup> Information not readily available for this fiscal year.

<sup>\*</sup> GASB 88 was implemented in 2019 which moved Direct Borrowings (ex Lease Purchase Agreement) out of the Capital Lease column into it's own column. Previous year's have not been changed for this impact.

Ratios of Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

	 Genera	l Bon	ded Debt Outs	tandiı	ng		
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds (1)		Less: stricted for ebt Service	В	let General onded Debt outstanding	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property	Per Capita
2021	\$ 9,390,403	\$	2,423,316	\$	6,967,087	0.21%	(2)
2020	11,710,933		2,141,728		9,569,205	0.30%	634
2019	16,617,783		4,439,028		12,178,755	0.38%	855
2018	18,801,009		4,351,503		14,449,506	0.48%	997
2017	21,128,282		4,504,651		16,623,631	0.55%	1,152
2016	20,359,366		4,430,182		15,929,184	0.53%	1,110
2015	22,010,509		2,685,509		19,325,000	0.67%	1,345
2014	23,530,963		2,828,644		20,702,319	0.72%	1,440
2013	24,877,957		1,831,512		23,046,445	0.81%	1,619
2012	26,117,290		3,728,136		22,389,154	0.78%	1,572

<sup>(1)</sup> See notes to the financial statements regarding the School District's outstanding debt information.

<sup>(2)</sup> Personal income information can be found on the Demographic and Economic Statistics table. The information for 2021 was not readily available.

Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of June 30, 2021

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt		
Orange City School District	\$ 9,390,403	100.00%	\$	9,390,403	
Total Direct Debt	9,390,403			9,390,403	
Overlapping Debt:					
Cuyahoga County	266,495,000	3.73%		9,940,264	
Village Of Orange	586,000	95.58%		560,099	
City Of Bedford Heights	1,000,000	11.48%		114,800	
Village Of Moreland Hills	930,000	79.48%		739,164	
City Of Pepper Pike	1,598,617	99.45%		1,589,825	
City Of Warrensville Heights	7,195,000	3.41%		245,350	
Village Of Woodmere	1,370,000	100.00%		1,370,000	
Total Overlapping Debt	279,174,617			14,559,500	
Total Direct And Overlapping Debt	\$ 288,565,020		\$	23,949,902	

Source: Ohio Municipal Advisory Council

**Note:** Percentages were determined by dividing the assessed valuation of the political subdivision located within the boundaries of the School District by the total assessed valuation of the subdivision. The valuations used were for the 2020 collection year.

Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Assessed Value (2)	Voted Debt Limit (1)	Total Debt Applicable to Limit (3)	Debt Service Available Balance	Voted Legal Debt Margin	Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit as a Percentage of Debt Limit	Unvoted Legal Debt Margin (1)
2021	\$ 1,152,266,200	\$ 103,703,958	\$ 9,390,403	\$ 2,423,316	\$ 96,736,871	6.72%	\$ 1,152,266
2020	1,140,941,840	102,684,766	11,710,933	2,141,728	93,115,561	9.32%	1,140,942
2019	1,123,692,360	101,132,312	16,617,783	4,439,028	88,953,557	12.04%	1,123,692
2018	1,069,442,510	96,249,826	18,801,009	4,351,503	81,800,320	15.01%	1,069,443
2017	1,065,252,750	95,872,748	21,128,282	4,504,651	79,249,117	17.34%	1,065,253
2016	1,054,272,420	94,884,518	20,359,366	4,407,537	78,932,689	16.81%	1,054,272
2015	1,012,981,480	91,168,333	22,010,509	4,191,931	73,349,755	19.54%	1,012,981
2014	1,011,795,860	91,061,627	23,530,963	4,129,608	71,660,272	21.31%	1,011,796
2013	1,004,986,990	90,448,829	24,877,957	3,933,451	69,504,323	23.16%	1,004,987
2012	1,005,479,870	90,493,188	26,117,290	3,711,201	68,087,099	24.76%	1,005,480

Source: Cuyahoga County Fiscal Officer, Ohio Department of Taxation and School District financial records

<sup>(1)</sup> Ohio Bond Law sets a limit of 9% for voted debt and 1/10 of 1% for unvoted debt.

<sup>(2)</sup> The District's total assessed valuation for the respective collection year is not utilized as the base for determining current direct debt limitations. Consistent with House Bill 530, adjustments are made to exclude substantially all tangible personal property values from this calculation. Adjusted values were obtained from the Ohio Department of Taxation.

<sup>(3)</sup> Total Debt applicable to limit excludes accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds and bond premium.

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Years

Year	Population (1)	Average Income by Return (5)	Personal Income (5)	Per Capita Income	Median Age (1)	School Enrollment (3)	Unempl	oyment Rat	es (4)
							Cuyahoga County	Ohio	United States
2021	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	1,969	7.1%	5.2%	5.9%
2020	15,087	\$ 314,114	\$ 2,256,280,246	\$ 190,682	48.8	2,029	15.2%	10.9%	11.1%
2019	14,237	309,107	2,194,349,709	154,130	48.8	2,036	4.9%	4.0%	3.7%
2018	14,496	293,562	2,060,220,869	142,123	48.6	2,094	6.4%	4.5%	4.0%
2017	14,426	256,564	1,804,159,618	125,063	49.2	2,015	6.6%	5.0%	4.4%
2016	14,350	305,772	2,062,128,492	143,702	49.3	2,067	5.6%	5.0%	4.9%
2015	14,372	290,417	1,946,371,921	135,428	51.2	2,171	6.7%	5.2%	5.3%
2014	14,373	228,421	1,588,439,132	110,515	51.1	2,216	7.9%	5.5%	6.1%
2013	14,239	307,155	2,903,570,821	203,917	49.2	2,223	8.0%	7.2%	7.6%
2012	14,239	230,528	1,552,833,536	109,055	49.2	2,245	7.5%	7.2%	8.2%

#### Sources:

<sup>(1)</sup> Information obtained from the U.S. Census Bureau website (www.census.gov). City of Pepper Pike Geographic Area.

<sup>(2)</sup> Information not readily available for this calendar year.

<sup>(3)</sup> Obtained from School District Records.

<sup>(4)</sup> Obtained from the Ohio Department of Job and Family Services.

<sup>(5)</sup> Obtained from the Ohio Department of Taxation.

Principal Employers
December 31, 2020 And Decemer 31, 2011

	December 3	1, 2020
<b>Employer</b>	Employees	Rank
Orange City School District (1)	628	1
Ursuline College	414	2
Jewish Family Services Association	384	3
Whole Foods Market Group, Inc.	279	4
Country Club, Inc.	261	5
Heinen's, Inc.	190	6
Phillips Medical System Cleveland	177	7
Chagrin Valley Country Club, Inc.	175	8
Firebirds of Orange, Inc.	163	9
Apple, Inc.	158	10
Total	2,829	

December 31, 2011 (2)

Employer	Employees	Rank
Orange City School District (1)	636	1
Ursuline College	633	2
G M R, Inc.	342	3
Bravo Brio Restaurant Group	190	4
Whole Foods Market Group, Inc.	188	5
Chagrin Valley Country Club	161	6
Cambridge Home Health Care	129	7
Majestic Steel USA Inc.	125	8
YOS Concept LLC	115	9
Beechmont Inc.	104	10
Total	2,623	

Source: Regional Income Tax Agency

- (1) Includes substitute and seasonal employees.
- (2) Information per Fiscal Year 2012 Orange City School District ACFR

**Note:** The Regional Income Tax Agency was unable to provide statistics on total employment within the School District such that the above totals by employer could be expressed as a percentage of total employment. The School District's boundaries cover 25 square miles and includes all or a portion of 8 different political subdivisions.

Orange City School District
Cuyahoga County, Ohio
Staffing Statistics
Full Time Equivalents (FTE) by Type and Function
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Туре	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Professional Staff:										
Teaching Staff:										
Elementary	76.7	80.2	78.2	78.0	77.3	77.1	82.3	82.3	82.3	82.3
Middle	47.4	49.9	49.9	49.1	48.4	49.3	49.5	49.5	49.5	47.9
High	61.3	59.8	59.8	59.6	66.1	67.5	69.6	69.6	67.6	67.0
Others	7.0	7.1	7.1	7.1	6.0	19.1	19.3	19.3	18.9	17.9
Administration:										
District	19.6	19.6	21.0	20.0	20.0	19.0	20.0	20.0	21.0	20.0
Auxiliary Positions:										
Counselors	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0
Nurses	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Speech	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.6	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.3
Mental Health Specialists	4.0	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.8	4.0	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6
Others	6.6	7.6	7.6	7.6	7.6	6.6	8.6	8.6	8.6	8.6
Support Staff:										
Supervisors	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	8.0	9.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	11.0
Secretarial	25.6	29.6	29.6	31.7	32.0	33.0	33.0	33.0	33.4	33.4
Aides	46.4	48.4	47.4	49.4	48.4	56.5	60.0	59.0	59.0	58.0
Technical	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
Cooks	5.2	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.2	8.1	8.1	8.1	8.1
Custodial	24.6	24.5	26.5	26.5	26.2	26.1	26.0	26.0	26.0	26.0
Maintenance	7.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0
Bus Driver	30.6	31.8	31.8	31.8	31.8	31.2	31.6	31.6	31.6	31.6
Bus Aides	3.6	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Mechanics	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Total	393.2	411.9	412.3	414.2	417.2	436.2	451.9	450.9	449.9	445.7
Function	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Instruction: Regular	153.2	154.0	152.0	151.8	153.6	152.9	158.2	159.2	156.8	154.6
Special	77.4	42.7	42.7	41.7	45.0	54.0	51.6	50.6	50.6	49.6
Vocational	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6
Support Services:	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Pupil	25.2	25.4	25.4	27.5	28.5	28.2	36.9	36.9	36.9	35.9
Instructional staff	16.4	58.3	57.3	59.3	60.6	68.0	65.0	64.0	64.0	64.0
Administration	20.6	21.6	23.0	22.0	21.0	21.0	22.0	22.0	23.0	22.0
Fiscal	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.8	5.8	5.6	5.6	6.0	6.0
Business	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
Operations and maintenance	36.6	37.5	39.5	39.5	39.0	43.1	44.0	44.0	44.0	45.0
Pupil transportation	38.1	43.8	43.8	43.8	40.7	39.6	39.1	39.1	39.1	39.1
Central	6.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	10.9	10.9	10.9	10.9
Food Service Operations	7.1	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	8.7	9.1	9.1	9.1	9.1
Extracurricular activities	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.9	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.9
Total Governmental Activities	393.2	411.9	412.3	414.2	417.2	436.2	451.9	450.9	449.9	445.7

Source: School District records

# **Orange City School District**

Cuyahoga County, Ohio
Operating Indicators by Function
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Instruction:										
Regular and Special										
Enrollment (Students)	1,969	2,029	2,036	2,094	2,015	2,067	2,171	2,216	2,223	2,245
Graduates	147	173	161	173	182	161	159	185	190	181
Support Services:										
Board of Education										
Regular Meetings per Year	22	22	21	23	23	16	21	18	23	22
Special Meetings per Year	22	9	7	13	8	20	17	20	16	12
Administration										
Student Attendance Rate	96.5%	96.4%	95.1%	95.3%	95.6%	95.8%	95.6%	95.0%	95.6%	95.6%
Fiscal										
Nonpayroll Checks										
Issued	3,380	4,737	4,975	5,111	5,111	5,278	5,589	5,511	5,538	5,389
Operations and Maintenance										
Work Orders Completed	445	480	564	454	223	411	397	390	573	438
Square Footage										
Maintained	548,700	548,700	548,700	548,700	548,700	548,700	548,700	548,700	548,700	548,700
Pupil Transportation										
Avg. Students Transported										
Daily (1)	**	1,247	1,474	1,541	1,488	1,293	1,382	1,391	1,391	1,381
Food Service Operations										
Meals Served to Students	63,376	94,228	195,886	206,296	178,166	186,851	168,969	182,556	182,590	184,677
Number of Students With										
Free or Reduced Lunches	225	254	236	226	268	257	284	278	251	282

Source: School District Records

Note: Some data in Fiscal Years 2020 and 2021 may be skewed due to COVID-19.

<sup>(1)</sup> Figure includes public and nonpublic riders.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Data not available due to COVID-19.

Capital Asset Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Governmental Activities											
	2021			2020		2019		2018				
Land	\$	6,516,782	\$	6,516,782	\$	6,315,782	\$	6,315,782				
Construction in Progress		512,511		149,730		6,149,312		1,482,519				
Land Improvements		1,687,786		2,034,240		2,545,055		3,032,208				
Buildings		38,144,430		39,284,224		32,638,066		34,373,896				
Equipment		1,514,469		1,771,687		980,231		951,593				
Vehicles		1,500,002		1,407,097		1,609,147		1,552,231				
Total Governmental Activities												
Capital Assets, Net	\$	49,875,980	\$	51,163,760	\$	50,237,593	\$	47,708,229				

		Business-T	ype A	ctivities	
	 2021	 2020		2019	2018
Construction in Progress	\$ -	\$ -	\$	24,950	\$ -
Land Improvements	297,017	316,086		335,155	13,704
Buildings	2,725,336	2,904,352		2,990,134	3,162,979
Equipment	 19,176	 20,384		22,763	 25,686
Total Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 3,041,529	\$ 3,240,822	\$	3,373,002	\$ 3,202,369

Source: School District financial records.

Note: Amounts above are presented net of accumulated depreciation.

	2017		2016		2015		2014		2013		2012
\$	6,315,782 2,944,444	\$	6,315,782	\$	6,315,782 645,323	\$	6,315,782 1,148,798	\$	6,370,150 330,459	\$	6,370,150 80,263
	3,462,975		3,669,484		4,021,647		4,379,666		3,881,682		4,138,845
	32,288,278		33,663,785		30,289,257		28,916,233		29,429,013		30,349,086
	1,107,522		1,068,447		1,309,712		1,233,820		1,390,872		914,936
	1,495,750		1,356,142		1,607,377		1,545,465		1,580,642		1,665,297
¢	A7 61A 751	•	46 072 640	¢	44 190 009	¢	12 520 761	\$	42 002 010	¢	12 510 577
\$	47,614,751	\$	46,073,640	\$	44,189,098	\$	43,539,764	\$	42,982,818	\$	43,518,

 2017	 2016	2015		2014		2013		2012	
\$ 322,313 16,517 2,891,956 28,608	\$ 19,330 2,984,180 6,317	\$	22,143 3,149,210 4,896	\$	24,956 3,317,269	\$	27,769 3,484,755	\$	30,582 3,654,394 2,304
\$ 3,259,394	\$ 3,009,827	\$	3,176,249	\$	3,342,225	\$	3,512,524	\$	3,687,280

School Building Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2021	2020	2019	2018
Orange High School (1973)				
Square feet	215,886	215,886	215,886	215,886
Capacity (All)	960	960	960	960
Enrollment	681	681	681	681
Brady Middle School (1965)				
Square feet	99,760	99,760	99,760	99,760
Capacity (All)	720	720	720	720
Enrollment	500	500	500	500
Moreland Hills Elementary (2001)				
Square feet	124,875	124,875	124,875	124,875
Capacity (All)	1,440	1,440	1,440	1,440
Enrollment	883	883	883	883
Gund School (1978) *				
Square feet	0	0	0	0
Capacity (All)	0	0	0	0
Enrollment	0	0	0	0
New Directions (1989)				
Square feet	26,400	26,400	26,400	26,400
Capacity (All)	38	38	38	38
Enrollment	26	26	26	26

Source: School District records

**Note:** Year of original construction is in parentheses. Increases in square footage and capacity are the result of renovations and additions.

<sup>\*</sup> Property sold in 2016

2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
215,886	215,886	215,886	215,886	215,886	215,886
960	960	960	960	960	960
681	681	681	698	712	701
99,760	99,760	99,760	99,760	99,760	99,760
720	720	720	720	720	720
500	500	500	498	473	516
124,875	124,875	124,875	124,875	124,875	124,875
1,440	1,440	1,440	1,440	1,440	1,440
883	883	883	917	943	947
0	6,000	6,000	6,000	6,000	6,000
0	84	84	84	84	84
0	81	81	70	67	60
26,400	26,400	26,400	26,400	26,400	26,400
38	38	38	38	38	38
26	26	26	33	28	21

Operating Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Т	Total Governme	ental	Funds	ds Governmental Activities					
Fiscal Year	Ex	penditures (1)	(	Cost per Pupil	E	xpenses (1)	(	Cost per Pupil	Enrollment (2)	Percent Change of Enrollment
2021		54,778,210	\$	27,820	\$	57,503,327	\$	29,204	1,969	-2.96%
2020		57,665,784		28,421		57,635,220		28,406	2,029	-0.34%
2019		56,541,060		27,771		46,370,161		22,775	2,036	-2.77%
2018		54,907,559		26,221		26,082,836		12,456	2,094	3.92%
2017		56,460,855		28,020		57,530,146		28,551	2,015	-2.52%
2016		55,301,779		26,755		53,334,284		25,803	2,067	-4.79%
2015		55,170,513		25,412		54,448,707		25,080	2,171	-2.03%
2014		54,685,522		24,678		54,404,797		24,551	2,216	-0.31%
2013		51,748,651		23,279		52,319,586		23,536	2,223	-0.98%
2012		52,829,166		23,532		52,759,592		23,501	2,245	-1.97%

Source: School District records

Note: The significant decrease in expenses from 2017 to 2018 is related to a decrease in net pension liability and net OPEB liability

<sup>(1)</sup> Debt Service totals have been excluded.

<sup>(2)</sup> Enrollment derived from School District attendance records.

<sup>(3)</sup> Teaching staff headcount represents full-time equivalents.

Teaching Staff (3)	Pupil/Teacher Ratio	Student Attendance Percentage		
192.4	10.23	96.5%		
197.0	10.30	96.4%		
195.0	10.44	95.1%		
193.8	10.80	95.3%		
197.8	10.19	95.6%		
220.7	9.37	95.6%		
220.7	9.84	95.6%		
220.7	10.04	95.6%		
239.0	9.30	95.6%		
227.3	9.88	95.6%		

Teacher Statistics June 30, 2021

Degree	Number of Teachers	Percentage of Total	Pay Range
Associate's Degree	(1)	n/a	(1)
Bachelor's Degree	19.00	8.60%	\$48,076 - \$92,551
Master's Degree	200.00	90.50%	\$53,339 - \$113,839
Ph.D.	2.00	0.90%	\$56,339 - \$114,839
	221.00	100.00%	
Years of Experience	Number of Teachers	Percentage of Total	
0 - 5	11.00	4.98%	
6 - 10	36.00	16.29%	
11 and over	174.00	78.73%	
	221.00	100.00%	

Source: School District Personnel Records

<sup>(1)</sup> The salary schedule contained in the current teachers' union collective bargaining agreement does not recognize degrees less than a bachelor's.



## ORANGE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

#### **CUYAHOGA COUNTY**

#### **AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 1/11/2022

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370