



ROLLING HILLS LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT GUERNSEY COUNTY JUNE 30, 2021

TABLE OF CONTENTS

TITLE	PAGE
Independent Auditor's Report	1
Prepared by Management:	
Management's Discussion and Analysis	5
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements: Statement of Net Position	13
Statement of Activities	14
Fund Financial Statements: Balance Sheet Governmental Funds	15
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities	16
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds	17
Reconciliation of the Net Change in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) General Fund	19
Statement of Fund Net Position Medical Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund	20
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Medical Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund	21
Statement of Cash Flows Medical Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund	22
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Private Purpose Trust Fund	23
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Private Purpose Trust Fund and Custodial Fund	24
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	25

ROLLING HILLS LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT GUERNSEY COUNTY JUNE 30, 2021

TABLE OF CONTENTS (Continued)

TITLE	PAGE
Prepared by Management: (Continued)	
Required Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (School Employees Retirement System of Ohio)	66
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio)	68
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (School Employees Retirement System of Ohio)	70
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset) Liability (State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio)	71
Schedule of School District Contributions (School Employees Retirement System of Ohio)	72
Schedule of School District Contributions (State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio)	74
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	77
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	81
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	
Schedule of Findings – 2 CFR § 200.515	
Prepared by Management:	
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	91



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Kandi Raach, Treasurer Rolling Hills Local School District P.O. Box 38 Byesville, Ohio 43723

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Rolling Hills Local School District, Guernsey County, Ohio (the School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the School District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Rolling Hills Local School District Guernsey County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School District, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 21 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the School District. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's Discussion and Analysis*, and Schedules of Net Pension and Other Post-employment Benefit Liabilities and Pension and Other Post-employment Benefit Contributions listed in the Table of Contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the School District's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) presents additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The Schedule is management's responsibility, and derives from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this information to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Rolling Hills Local School District Guernsey County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 28, 2022, on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

talue

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

April 28, 2022

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Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year June 30, 2021 Unaudited

The discussion and analysis of the Rolling Hills Local School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2021 are as follows:

- Net position of governmental activities increased \$510,037.
- General revenues accounted for \$17,147,357 in revenue or 71 percent of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services, operating and capital grants, and contributions accounted for \$7,036,401 or 29 percent of total revenues of \$24,183,758.
- The School District had \$23,673,721 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$7,036,401 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, operating and capital grants, and contributions. General revenues (primarily taxes and intergovernmental) of \$17,147,357 were adequate to cover the remaining expenses.
- Total governmental funds had \$23,489,978 in revenues and \$22,321,233 in expenditures. Total governmental fund balances increased \$1,168,745.

USING THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the Rolling Hills Local School District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities and conditions.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the School District's finances and a longer term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the School District's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column.

Reporting the School District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities

While this document contains information about the large number of funds used by the School District to provide programs and activities for students, the view of the School District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during fiscal year 2021?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include all assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year June 30, 2021 Unaudited

These two statements report the School District's net position and changes in that position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole, the financial position of the School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the School District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs, and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, all of the School District's activities are reported as governmental including instruction, support services, operation of non-instructional services, extracurricular activities, and interest and fiscal charges.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the School District's major fund begins on page 11. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the School District's major fund. The School District uses many funds to account for a multiple of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant funds. The School District's only major governmental fund is the General Fund.

Governmental Funds Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at fiscal year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general governmental operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Proprietary Funds The School District maintains a proprietary fund. Internal service funds are an accounting device to accumulate costs internally among the School District's various functions. The School District's internal service fund accounts for healthcare self-insurance.

Reporting the School District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The School District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for scholarship programs. This activity is presented as a private purpose trust fund. The School District is also the fiduciary for Ohio High School Athletic Association tournaments. This activity is presented as a custodial fund. The School District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. These activities are excluded from the School District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the School District to finance its operations.

Recall that the Statement of Net Position provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net position for 2021 compared to 2020.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year June 30, 2021

Unaudited

	Table 1 Net Position		
	2021	2020	Change
Assets			
Current and Other Assets	\$20,522,645	\$19,087,861	\$1,434,784
Capital Assets	8,697,917	9,248,234	(550,317)
Net OPEB Asset	1,120,579	1,083,258	37,321
Total Assets	30,341,141	29,419,353	921,788
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Pension	3,507,305	3,421,450	85,855
OPEB	505,437	354,700	150,737
Total Deferred Outflows	4,012,742	3,776,150	236,592
Liabilities	· · · · · ·		
Other Liabilities	2,371,976	2,285,337	86,639
Long-Term Liabilities:	2,571,970	2,205,557	00,057
Due Within One Year	164,940	147,105	17,835
Due in More Than One Year:	104,940	147,105	17,055
Net Pension Liability	20,036,230	18,573,147	1,463,083
Net OPEB Liability	1,554,248	1,770,264	(216,016)
Other Amounts	1,174,121	1,270,394	(96,273)
Total Liabilities	25,301,515	24,046,247	1,255,268
			, ,
Deferred Inflows of Resources Property Taxes	5,501,174	5 772 214	(272,140)
Pension	638,311	5,773,314 1,270,083	(272,140) (631,772)
OPEB	2,212,128	1,915,141	296,987
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	8,351,613	8,958,538	(606,925)
Total Deterred lintows of Resources	0,551,015	0,750,550	(000,723)
Net Position			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	8,451,917	8,948,234	(496,317)
Restricted	1,555,872	834,537	721,335
Unrestricted (Deficits)	(9,307,034)	(9,592,053)	285,019
Total Net Position	\$700,755	\$190,718	\$510,037

The net pension liability (NPL) is the largest single liability reported by the School District at June 30, 2021. GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" - that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the School District is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year June 30, 2021 Unaudited

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences, are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the Statement of Net Position.

Total assets increased \$921,788. Current and other assets increased by \$1,434,784 primarily due to an increase in cash and cash equivalents and an increase in intergovernmental receivables. Cash and cash equivalents increased due to increases in property tax revenues and grant awards. The increase in property tax revenues was due to an increase in assessed valuations. The School District received additional grant funding during fiscal year 2021 in the areas of early childhood education, elementary and secondary school relief, broadband connectivity, coronavirus relief funding, student wellness, and bus purchase. These new and additional grant awards resulted in an intergovernmental receivable increase in 2021 compared to 2020.

Total liabilities increased \$1,255,268. The increase in liabilities was mainly due to increases in the net pension liability which represents the School District's share of the pension system's net pension obligations. The increase in the net pension liability was offset by decreases in the School District's share of the net OPEB liability. The School District made principal payments in the amount of \$60,000 during the fiscal year to further reduce its long-term obligations.

Table 2 shows the changes in net position for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, and comparisons to fiscal year 2020.

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Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year June 30, 2021

Unaudited

Table 2 **Changes in Net Position** 2021 2020 Revenues Change Program Revenues: \$1,979,149 Charges for Services \$2,067,622 \$88,473 **Operating Grants and Contributions** 4,928,304 3,597,391 1,330,913 Capital Grants and Contributions 40,475 0 40,475 Total Program Revenues 7,036,401 5,576,540 1,459,861 General Revenues: Property Taxes 7,429,385 6,519,826 909,559 Grants and Entitlements 8,915,083 9,514,817 (599,734)Interest 16,875 141,930 (125,055) Revenue in Lieu of Taxes 316,088 100,000 216,088 Gifts and Donations 22,736 22,736 0 Miscellaneous 447,190 94,358 352,832 **Total General Revenues** 17,147,357 16,370,931 776,426 24,183,758 21,947,471 2,236,287 **Total Revenues Program Expenses** Instruction: Regular 12,393,138 10,948,889 1,444,249 Special 2,718,173 2,415,321 302,852 Vocational 159,182 190,640 (31, 458)Student Intervention Services 12,956 2,169 10,787 Support Services: Pupils 546,307 657,796 (111,489)Instructional Staff 671,208 829,552 (158,344)Board of Education 21,091 19,476 Administration 1,768,555 1,902,815 (134,260) Fiscal 559,458 607,614 (48, 156)Operation and Maintenance of Plant 1,971,903 254,115 1,717,788

1,615

36,728

167,345

(2,580)

(55,665)

(12,697)

1,663,486

572,801

444

Net Position Beginning of Year 190,718 253,482 (62,764) Net Position End of Year \$700,755 \$190,718 \$510,037 Property taxes made up approximately 31 percent of revenues for governmental activities for the Rolling Hills Local School District and increased in the amount of \$909,559 due to an increase in assessed valuations. Operating grants and contributions increased during fiscal year 2021 due to new grant sources discussed earlier on page 7. Of the remaining revenues, the School District receives 57 percent from State foundation payments and federal and State grants; 9 percent from charges for services; and 3 percent from interest, revenue in lieu of taxes, gifts and donations, and miscellaneous revenues.

1,037,405

1,077,520

30,152

572,304

23,673,721

510,037

8,412

125,957

1,000,677

125,513

910,175

32,732

627,969

22,010,235

21,109

(62,764)

Pupil Transportation

Food Service Operations

Extracurricular Activities

Change in Net Position

Interest and Fiscal Charges

Community Services

Total Expenses

Operation of Non-Instructional Services:

Central

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year June 30, 2021 Unaudited

The unique nature of property taxes in Ohio creates the need to routinely seek voter approval for operating funds. As the result of legislation enacted in 1976, the overall revenue generated by a levy will not increase solely as a result of inflation. As an example, a homeowner with a home valued at \$100,000 and taxed at 1.0 mill would pay \$35 annually in taxes. If three years later the home were reappraised and increased to \$200,000 (and this inflationary increase in value is comparable to other property owners) the effective tax rate would become 0.5 mills and the owner would still pay \$35. This legislation helps explain the relatively sizable increase in the School District's taxable value accompanied by the relatively small increase in tax revenue. Additionally, increases in property taxes would only have a nominal effect upon the School District's total revenue. This is due to the funding formula in place in Ohio, any increase in property tax revenue would be offset by a corresponding decrease in State funding the School District would receive.

Approximately 65 percent of the School District's program expenses are for instruction. Support services make up 28 percent of expenses and 7 percent is used for the remaining expenses. The primary reason for the increase in program expenses is due to an increase in the net pension liability.

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services, grants, contributions, and interest earnings offsetting those services. Table 3 shows the total cost of services and the net cost of services. In other words, it identifies the cost of those services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State entitlements.

Table 3 Governmental Activities						
2021 2021 2020 2020						
	Total Cost	Net Cost	Total Cost	Net Cost		
	of Services	of Services	of Services	of Services		
Program Expenses	01 501 11005	01 501 11005	of betvices	01 501 11005		
Instruction:						
Regular	\$12,393,138	\$9,217,468	\$10,948,889	\$8,701,120		
Special	2,718,173	985,530	2,415,321	1,324,970		
Vocational	159,182	20,507	190,640	51,965		
Student Intervention Services	12,956	12,956	2,169	2,169		
Support Services:						
Pupils	546,307	40,835	657,796	124,335		
Instructional Staff	671,208	553,688	829,552	638,890		
Board of Education	21,091	21,091	19,476	19,476		
Administration	1,768,555	1,768,555	1,902,815	1,902,815		
Fiscal	559,458	559,458	607,614	607,614		
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,971,903	1,902,924	1,717,788	1,546,699		
Pupil Transportation	1,037,405	951,858	1,000,677	971,029		
Central	125,957	123,332	125,513	120,464		
Non-Instructional Services:						
Food Service Operations	1,077,520	127,798	910,175	76,379		
Community Services	30,152	(170,365)	32,732	20,544		
Extracurricular Activities	572,304	513,273	627,969	304,117		
Interest and Fiscal Charges	8,412	8,412	21,109	21,109		
Totals	\$23,673,721	\$16,637,320	\$22,010,235	\$16,433,695		

The dependence upon tax revenues and State subsidies for governmental activities is apparent. 70 percent of total expenses are supported through taxes and other general revenues.

Unaudited

THE SCHOOL DISTRICT FUNDS

The School District's major fund is accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total revenues of \$23,489,978 and expenditures of \$22,321,233. The net change in fund balance, including other financing source (use) was \$1,168,745.

The fund balance of the General Fund increased \$218,213. The General Fund's unassigned fund balance of \$7,637,625 represented 41 percent of current year expenditures.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

During the course of fiscal 2021, the School District did not amend its General Fund estimated revenues which were \$18,515,000. Actual revenues were \$1,210,917 over the final estimated revenues. The appropriations were amended from \$19,229,970 (including other financing use) at the beginning of the year, to \$19,529,972 for the final appropriations (including other financing use). The final estimated expenditures including other financing use, were \$51,700 above actual.

The School District's ending unobligated General Fund balance was \$8,376,248.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2021, the School District had \$8,697,917 invested, net of depreciation, in land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture, fixtures, equipment, and vehicles. Table 4 shows fiscal year 2021 balances compared to 2020.

Table 4
Capital Assets at June 30
(Net of Depreciation)

	2021	2020
Land	\$308,112	\$214,502
Construction in Progress	6,000	0
Land Improvements	1,589,883	1,775,246
Buildings and Improvements	6,079,323	6,446,258
Furniture, Fixtures, and		
Equipment	316,024	377,085
Vehicles	398,575	435,143
Totals	\$8,697,917	\$9,248,234

For additional information on capital assets, see Note 10 to the basic financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year June 30, 2021 Unaudited

Debt

At June 30, 2021, the School District had \$240,000 outstanding in energy conservation notes, with \$60,000 due within one year. Table 5 shows fiscal year 2021 balances compared to 2020.

Table 5 Outstanding Debt, at Fiscal Year End

	2021	2020
2010 Energy Conservation Notes		
Term Notes 2.0%-4.15%	\$240,000	\$300,000
Premium	7,753	10,338
Totals	\$247,753	\$310,338

For additional information on debt, see Note 15 to the basic financial statements.

CURRENT ISSUES

The School District ended fiscal year 2021 with an overall increase in net position. Based on the current financial situation, the School District will continue to be proactive in maintaining a balanced budget for fiscal year 2022. The athletic activities are being subsidized in part by donations. However, these activities continue to rely on unrestricted General Fund resources in order to maintain a positive balance. The School District's emergency replacement levy was passed in November of 2016, and generates approximately \$1,400,000 annually. In June of 2021, the Board of Education approved the renewal of the expiring emergency replacement levy which was approved by voters in the November of 2021 election. Based on these factors, the Board of Education and Administration of the School District must maintain careful financial planning and prudent fiscal management in order to ensure the future financial stability of the School District.

CONTACTING THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Kandi Raach, Treasurer/CFO at Rolling Hills Local School District, P.O. Box 38, Byesville, Ohio 43723.

Rolling Hills Local School District, Ohio Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$10,987,431
Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts	23,286
Inventory Held for Resale	9,944
Materials and Supplies Inventory	25,268
Accounts Receivable	305,073
Intergovernmental Receivable	919,688
Prepaid Items	137,501
Property Taxes Receivable	8,114,454
Net OPEB Asset	1,120,579
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	314,112
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	8,383,805
Total Assets	30,341,141
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Pension	3,507,305
OPEB	505,437
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	4,012,742
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	78,967
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	1,587,639
Contracts Payable	6,000
Accrued Interest Payable	830
Intergovernmental Payable	382,391
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	21,468
Payroll Withholdings	16,360
Claims Payable	278,321
Long-Term Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	164,940
Due in More Than One Year:	
Net Pension Liability	20,036,230
Net OPEB Liability	1,554,248
Other Amounts	1,174,121
Total Liabilities	25,301,515
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Property Taxes	5,501,174
Pension	638,311
OPEB	2,212,128
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	8,351,613
Net Position	
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for:	8,451,917
Classroom Facilities Maintenance	36,592
Federal and State Programs	1,401,897
District and Student Managed Activities	95,969
Local Programs	21,414
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(9,307,034)
Total Net Position	\$700,755

Rolling Hills Local School District, Ohio Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June, 30, 2021

			Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
	Expenses	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities					
Instruction:					
Regular	\$12,393,138	\$1,199,851	\$1,975,819	\$0	(\$9,217,468)
Special	2,718,173	446,939	1,285,704	0	(985,530)
Vocational	159,182	0	138,675	0	(20,507)
Student Intervention Services	12,956	0	0	0	(12,956)
Support Services:	546 207	05 105	100 077	0	(40.025)
Pupils Instructional Staff	546,307	85,105	420,367	0 0	(40,835)
Board of Education	671,208 21,091	0 0	117,520	0	(553,688)
Administration	1,768,555	0	0 0	0	(21,091) (1,768,555)
Fiscal	559,458	0	0	0	(1,708,555) (559,458)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,971,903	47,254	21,725	0	(1,902,924)
Pupil Transportation	1,037,405	10,036	35,036	40,475	(1,902,924) (951,858)
Central	125,957	2,625	35,030 0	40,473	(123,332)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:	125,957	2,025	0	0	(125,552)
Food Service Operations	1,077,520	34,290	915,432	0	(127,798)
Community Services	30,152	184,906	15,611	0	170,365
Extracurricular Activities	572,304	56,616	2,415	0	(513,273)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	8,412	0	2,119	0	(8,412)
interest and Fiscal Charges	0,112	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	0	(0,112)
Total Primary Government	\$23,673,721	\$2,067,622	\$4,928,304	\$40,475	(16,637,320)
	General Revenues				7 100 005
	Property Taxes Levie				7,429,385
	Grants and Entitlemen	nts not Restricted to S	pecific Programs		8,915,083
	Interest Revenue in Lieu of T	a Vog			16,875 316,088
	Gifts and Donations	axes			22,736
	Miscellaneous				447,190
	winscentaneous				447,190
	Total General Revent	ies			17,147,357
	Change in Net Positie	on			510,037
	Net Position Beginnin	ng of Year			190,718
	Net Position End of Y	<i>lear</i>			\$700,755

Rolling Hills Local School District, Ohio Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds

June 30, 2021

	General	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets		T und5	T unus
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$8,409,709	\$1,799,482	\$10,209,191
Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts	16,360	3,020	19,380
Receivables:			
Property Taxes	8,114,454	0	8,114,454
Accounts	3,348	7,467	10,815
Intergovernmental	164,106	755,582	919,688
Interfund	376,294	0	376,294
Prepaid Items	131,071	1,630	132,701
Inventory Held for Resale	0	9,944	9,944
Materials and Supplies Inventory	21,507	3,761	25,268
Total Assets	\$17,236,849	\$2,580,886	\$19,817,735
Liabilities			
Accounts Payable	\$39,197	\$39,770	\$78,967
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	1,396,001	191,638	1,587,639
Contracts Payable	0	6,000	6,000
Payroll Withholdings	16,360	0	16,360
Interfund Payable	0	376,294	376,294
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	21,468	0	21,468
Intergovernmental Payable	320,189	62,202	382,391
Total Liabilities	1,793,215	675,904	2,469,119
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Property Taxes	5,501,174	0	5,501,174
Unavailable Revenue	967,404	341,809	1,309,213
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	6,468,578	341,809	6,810,387
Fund Balances			
Nonspendable:			
Inventories	21,507	3,761	25,268
Prepaid Items	131,071	1,630	132,701
Restricted for:			
Classroom Facilities Maintenance	0	36,592	36,592
Federal and State Grant Expenditures	0	1,260,456	1,260,456
District and Student Managed Activities	0	95,969	95,969
Local Programs	0	19,784	19,784
Commited for Capital Projects	0	416,088	416,088
Assigned to:			
Purchases on Order	326,830	0	326,830
Subsequent Year Appropriations	800,000	0	800,000
School Support Services	58,023	0	58,023
Unassigned (Deficit)	7,637,625	(271,107)	7,366,518
Total Fund Balances	8,975,056	1,563,173	10,538,229
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources			
and Fund Balances	\$17,236,849	\$2,580,886	\$19,817,735

Rolling Hills Local School District, Ohio *Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances*

to Net Position of Governmental Activities June 30, 2021

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$10,538,229
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		8,697,917
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds: Delinquent Property Taxes Tuition and Fees Charges for Services Grants	961,895 3,348 7,467 336,503	1,309,213
The net OPEB asset and the net pension/OPEB are not due and payable in the current period and therefore the asset, liability, and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in the governmental funds: Deferred Outflows - Pension Deferred Inflows - Pension Net Pension Liability Deferred Outflows - OPEB Deferred Inflows - OPEB Net OPEB Asset Net OPEB Liability	$\begin{array}{c} 3,507,305\\(638,311)\\(20,036,230)\\505,437\\(2,212,128)\\1,120,579\\(1,554,248)\end{array}$	(19,307,596)
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.		802,883
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds: Energy Conservation Term Notes Term Notes Premium Compensated Absences Accrued Interest Payable	(240,000) (7,753) (1,091,308) (830)	(1,339,891)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	=	\$700,755

Rolling Hills Local School District, Ohio Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Other Governmental	Total Governmental
_	General	Funds	Funds
Revenues		* •	
Property Taxes	\$6,762,267	\$0	\$6,762,267
Intergovernmental	10,153,886	3,696,250	13,850,136
Interest	16,875	0	16,875
Tuition and Fees	1,644,558	0	1,644,558
Charges for Services	0	36,566	36,566
Extracurricular	85,105	257,718	342,823
Rent	0	48,000	48,000
Gifts and Donations	23,060	2,415	25,475
Revenue in Lieu of Taxes	316,088	0	316,088
Miscellaneous	447,190	0	447,190
Total Revenues	19,449,029	4,040,949	23,489,978
Expenditures Current:			
Instruction:			
	10 092 147	1 609 176	11 601 222
Regular	10,083,147	1,608,176	11,691,323
Special	2,265,083	274,957	2,540,040
Vocational	167,494	0	167,494
Student Intervention Services	12,956	0	12,956
Support Services:	156 707	12 107	500 284
Pupils Instructional Staff	456,797	43,487	500,284
	490,642	142,265	632,907
Board of Education	21,091	0	21,091
Administration	1,648,205	0	1,648,205
Fiscal	551,396	0	551,396
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,673,253	81,363	1,754,616
Pupil Transportation	886,461	77,121	963,582
Central	115,739	5,645	121,384
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:	24	1 001 2(2	1 001 207
Food Service Operations	24	1,001,362	1,001,386
Community Services	8,709	21,443	30,152
Extracurricular Activities	51,138	459,018	510,156
Captial Outlay	97,056	6,000	103,056
Debt Service:	0	(0.000	(0.000
Principal Retirement	0	60,000	60,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	0	11,205	11,205
Total Expenditures	18,529,191	3,792,042	22,321,233
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	919,838	248,907	1,168,745
Other Financing Source (Use)			
Transfers In	0	701,625	701,625
Transfers Out	(701,625)	0	(701,625)
Total Other Financing Source (Use)	(701,625)	701,625	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	218,213	950,532	1,168,745
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	8,756,843	612,641	9,369,484
Fund Balances End of Year	\$8,975,056	\$1,563,173	\$10,538,229

Net Change in Fund Balance - Total Governmental Funds		\$1,168,745
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlay: Capital Asset Additions Depreciation Expense	185,066 (735,383)	(550,317)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds: Delinquent Property Taxes Tuition and Fees Charges for Services Grants	667,118 (2,049) (2,276) 30,987	693,780
Repayments of principal are expenditures in the governmental funds, but the repayments reduce long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Energy Conservation Term Notes		60,000
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use for current financial resources, and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds: Accrued Interest Payable Amortization of Term Note Premium	208 2,585	2,793
The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the entity-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net change of the internal service fund is reported with governmental activities.		(242,448)
Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows. Pension OPEB	1,533,722 47,465	1,581,187
Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB liability are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities. Pension OPEB	(2,279,178) 59,622	(2,219,556)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds: Compensated Absences		15,853
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$510,037

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues				
Property Taxes	\$6,780,982	\$6,780,982	\$7,224,471	\$443,489
Intergovernmental	9,437,351	9,437,351	10,054,572	617,221
Interest	15,827	15,827	16,862	1,035
Tuition and Fees	1,543,078	1,543,078	1,643,998	100,920
Revenue in Lieu of Taxes	296,684	296,684	316,088	19,404
Gifts and Donations	21,340	21,340	22,736	1,396
Miscellaneous	419,738	419,738	447,190	27,452
Total Revenues	18,515,000	18,515,000	19,725,917	1,210,917
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	10,191,685	10,350,682	10,323,282	27,400
Special	2,228,052	2,262,811	2,256,821	5,990
Vocational	220,466	223,906	223,313	593
Student Intervention Services	7,876	7,999	7,978	21
Support Services:				
Pupils	375,228	381,082	380,073	1,009
Instructional Staff	510,411	518,374	517,002	1,372
Board of Education	19,598	19,904	19,851	53
Administration	1,596,397	1,621,302	1,617,010	4,292
Fiscal	581,612	590,686	589,122	1,564
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,654,254	1,680,061	1,675,614	4,447
Pupil Transportation	885,647	899,464	897,083	2,381
Central	112,594	114,351	114,048	303
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	8,598	8,732	8,709	23
Extracurricular Activities	49,052	49,817	49,685	132
Capital Outlay	95,819	97,314	97,056	258
Total Expenditures	18,537,289	18,826,485	18,776,647	49,838
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(22,289)	(311,485)	949,270	1,260,755
Other Financing Use				
Transfers Out	(692,681)	(703,487)	(701,625)	1,862
Net Change in Fund Balance	(714,970)	(1,014,972)	247,645	1,262,617
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	7,913,632	7,913,632	7,913,632	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	214,971	214,971	214,971	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$7,413,633	\$7,113,631	\$8,376,248	\$1,262,617

Rolling Hills Local School District, Ohio Statement of Fund Net Position

Statement of Fund Net Position Medical Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund June 30, 2021

Current Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash in Segregated Accounts Accounts Receivable Prepaid Items	\$778,240 3,906 294,258 4,800
Total Assets	1,081,204
Current Liabilities Claims Payable	278,321
Net Position Unrestricted	\$802,883

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position		
Medical Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund		
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021		

Operating Revenues Charges for Services	\$2,405,104
Operating Expenses Purchased Services Claims	493,138 2,154,414
Total Operating Expenses	2,647,552
Operating Loss	(242,448)
Net Position Beginning of Year	1,045,331
Net Position End of Year	\$802,883

Rolling Hills Local School District, Ohio Statement of Cash Flows Medical Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash Flows from Operating Activities Cash Received from Interfund Services Provided Cash Payments for Services Cash Payments for Claims	\$2,405,104 (497,938) (2,395,129)
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	(487,963)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	1,270,109
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$782,146
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Used for Operating Activities Operating Loss	(\$242,448)
Changes in Assets and Liabilities Increase in Accounts Receivable Increase in Prepaids Decrease in Claims Payable	(185,130) (4,800) (55,585)
Total Changes in Assets and Liabilities	(245,515)
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	(\$487,963)

Rolling Hills Local School District, Ohio Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Private Purpose Trust Fund June 30, 2021

	Private Purpose Trust
Assets	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$9,238
Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agents	1,385,012
Total Assets	\$1,394,250
Net Position	
Held in Trust for Scholarships	\$1,394,250

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Private Purpose Trust Fund and Custodial Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Private Purpose Trust	Custodial
Additions	¢ < ₹ 0.00	# 0
Gifts and Contribution	\$65,000	\$0
Interest	21,822	0
Increase in Fair Value of Investments	272,309	0
Charges Received for Ohio High School Athletic Association	0	12,549
Total Additions	359,131	12,549
Deductions		
Payments in Accordance with Trust Agreements	68,853	0
Distributions on Behalf of Ohio High School Athletic Association	0	12,549
Total Deductions	68,853	12,549
Change in Net Position	290,278	0
Net Position Beginning of Year	1,103,972	0
Net Position End of Year	\$1,394,250	\$0

Note 1 - Description of the School District and Reporting Entity

Rolling Hills Local School District is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio.

The School District operates under a locally-elected five-member Board form of government and provides educational services as authorized by State statute and federal guidelines. This Board of Education controls the School District's six instructional/support facilities staffed by 69 classified employees, 33 administrative employees, and 107 certified teaching and administrative personnel who provide services to 1,558 students and other community members.

Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For Rolling Hills Local School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes, and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefit to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. No separate governmental units meet the criteria for inclusion as a component unit.

The School District participates in five jointly governed organizations and two insurance purchasing pools. These organizations are the Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Educational Service Agency Information Technology Center Regional Council of Governments (OME-RESA), the Mid-East Career and Technology Centers, the Metropolitan Educational Technology Association (META) Solutions, the Coalition of Rural and Appalachian Schools, the Ohio Coalition for Equity and Adequacy of School Funding, the Ohio School Plan (OSP), and the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan. Additional information concerning these organizations is presented in Notes 17 and 18.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for the fiduciary funds. The activity of the internal service fund is eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses. The statements usually distinguish between those activities that are governmental (primarily supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues) and those that are considered business-type activities (primarily supported by fees and charges). The School District, however, has no business-type activities.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the School District at fiscal year-end. The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department, and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program; grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program, and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

Fund Financial Statements During the fiscal year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds utilized by the School District: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The General Fund is the only major fund of the School District.

Rolling Hills Local School District, Ohio Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

General Fund The General Fund accounts for and reports all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose, provided it is expended and transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

Proprietary Fund Type Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income/loss, changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows. Proprietary funds are classified as enterprise or internal service; the School District has no enterprise funds.

Medical Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund The internal service fund accounts for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the School District on a cost reimbursement basis. The School District's only internal service fund accounts for the operation of the School District's self-insurance program for employee medical/surgical, dental, and prescription drug claims.

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into the following four classifications: pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, and custodial funds. Trust funds are distinguished from custodial funds by the existence of a trust agreement or equivalent arrangements that has certain characteristics. The School District has a private purpose trust fund which accounts for various college scholarships for students. Custodial Funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in a trust fund.

The School District has one custodial fund. The custodial fund is used to account for assets held by the School District as fiscal agent for Ohio High School Athletic Association tournaments.

Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements are prepared using a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the School District are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities accounts for increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position.

Fund Financial Statements All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and deferred outflows of resources and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the Balance Sheet. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances reports on the sources (revenues and other financing sources) and uses (expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the fund financial statements for governmental funds.

Rolling Hills Local School District, Ohio Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Like the government-wide statements, all proprietary and fiduciary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of these funds are included on the Statement of Fund Net Position. In fiduciary funds, a liability to the beneficiaries of fiduciary activity is recognized when an event has occurred that compels the government to disburse fiduciary resources. Fiduciary fund liabilities other than those to beneficiaries are recognized using the economic resources measurement focus.

For the proprietary fund, the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position. The Statement of Cash Flows provides information about how the School District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activity.

Fiduciary funds present a statement of changes in fiduciary net position which reports additions to and deductions from its private purpose trust fund and its custodial fund.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements and the statements presented for proprietary and fiduciary funds are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recording of deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, revenue in lieu of taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes and revenue in lieu of taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 7). Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis.

On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized. Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, fees, and rentals.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources In addition to assets, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the School District, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the government-wide Statement of Net Position for pension and OPEB plans. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are explained in Notes 12 and 13.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized until that time. For the School District, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, pension, OPEB, and unavailable revenue. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2021, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2022 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow on both the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the School District unavailable revenue. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available. The details of these unavailable revenues are identified on the Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities found on page 15. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are reported on the government-wide Statement of Net Position (See Notes 12 and 13).

Expenses/Expenditures On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The purpose of the measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through School District records. Interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents".

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are presented as equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months not purchased from the pool are reported as investments.

During fiscal year 2021, the School District invested in STAR Ohio. STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, *Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants*. The School District measures their investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

For fiscal year 2021, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, 24 hours advance notice is appreciated for deposits and withdrawals of \$100 million or more. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$250 million per day, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$250 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest is credited to the General Fund. Interest revenue credited to the General Fund during fiscal year 2021 amounted to \$16,875, which includes \$4,105 assigned from other School District funds.

The School District has amounts presented on the financial statements as "Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agents" which represents money held by the Foundation for Appalachian Ohio for scholarship funds.

The School District has segregated bank accounts for monies held separate from the School District's central bank account. These bank accounts are presented on the financial statements as "Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts" for an athletic department account, an employee payroll related account, and a clearing account for the Medical Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund.

Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2021, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the fiscal year in which services are consumed.

Inventory

Inventories are presented at cost on a first-in, first-out basis and are expended/expensed when used. Inventories consist of expendable supplies held for consumption and donated and purchased food.

Capital Assets

All of the School District's capital assets are general capital assets resulting from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide Statement of Net Position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the fiscal year. The School District was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of certain assets by back trending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the asset to be capitalized and using an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year). Donated fixed assets are recorded at their acquisition values as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of five thousand dollars. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All capital assets are depreciated except for land and construction in progress. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Description	Estimated Lives
Land Improvements	10-20 years
Buildings and Improvements	5-50 years
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	5-20 years
Vehicles	10 years

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans and unpaid amounts for interfund services are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated on the Statement of Net Position.

Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the School District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The School District records a liability for vacation time when earned. Vacation can be accumulated for the current year's earnings plus 10 additional days while administration can carry over 15 additional days.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the School District has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at fiscal year-end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the School District's termination policy. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for employees with seventeen or more years of current service with the School District.

The entire compensated absences liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. On the governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "Matured Compensated Absences Payable" in the funds from which these payments will be made.

Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements and all payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

However, claims and judgments and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current fiscal year. Notes are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due. Net pension/OPEB liability should be recognized in the governmental funds to the extent that benefit payments are due and payable and the pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is not sufficient for payment of those benefits.

Internal Activity

Transfers within governmental activities are eliminated on the government-wide statements. Internal allocations of overhead expenses from one function to another or within the same function are eliminated on the Statement of Activities. Payments for interfund services provided and used aren't eliminated.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Note Premiums

On the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Note premiums are deferred and amortized over the term of the notes using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Notes payable are reported net of the applicable note premium or discount.

On the governmental fund financial statements, note premiums are recognized in the period in which the debt is issued. The face amount of the debt issue is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources. Under Ohio law, premiums on the original issuance of debt are to be deposited to the bond retirement fund to be used for debt retirement and are precluded from being applied to the project fund. Ohio law does allow premiums on refunding debt to be used as part of the payment to the bond escrow agent.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes prepaid items for all governmental fund types.

<u>Restricted</u> The restricted fund balance category includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by State constitution or external resource providers. Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or it is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Rolling Hills Local School District, Ohio Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

<u>Committed</u> The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action (resolution) of the Board of Education. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for the use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. These amounts are assigned by the School District's Board of Education. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the School District's Board of Education or a School District official delegated that authority by resolution or by State Statute. State statute authorizes the School District's Treasurer to assign fund balance for purchases on order provided such amounts have been lawfully appropriated. The School District's Board of Education assigned fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in fiscal year 2022's budget. The Board of Educational has also assigned fund balance for school support services.

<u>Unassigned</u> Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report deficit balances.

The School District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first, followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which the amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications can be used.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

The School District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the School District, these revenues are charges for services for services for self-insurance programs. Operating expense are necessary costs' incurred to provide the good or service that is primary activity of the fund. Revenues and expense not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating.

Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Budgetary Process

All funds, except custodial funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution, and the certificate of estimated resources, which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and set annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at the fund level for all funds. The Treasurer has been authorized to allocate Board appropriations to the function and object level within each fund.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the fiscal year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statement reflect the amounts in the amended certificate at the time the permanent appropriations were passed. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statement reflect the final amended certificate approved.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the fiscal year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

Note 3 - Changes in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2021, the School District implemented the Governmental Accounting Standards Board's (GASB) *Implementation Guide No. 2019-1*. These changes were incorporated in the School District's 2021 financial statements; however, there was no effect on beginning net position/fund balance.

Note 4 - Fund Deficits

The following funds had deficit fund balances as of June 30, 2021:

	Deficits
Special Revenue Funds:	
Food Service	\$177,441
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief	6,000
21st Century	4,997
Title I	25,318
Improving Teacher Quality	8,859
Miscellaneous Federal Grants	44,731

Deficite

Rolling Hills Local School District, Ohio Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

These deficits are the result of the recognition of payables in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as well as short-term interfund loans from the General Fund needed for operations until the receipt of grant monies. The General Fund provides transfers to cover deficit balances; however, this is done when cash is needed rather than when accruals occur.

Note 5 - Budgetary Basis of Accounting

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) for the General Fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP (modified accrual) basis are as follows:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
- 3. Unrecorded cash, negative cash interfund advances, and prepaid items are reported on the balance sheet (GAAP basis), but not on the budgetary basis.
- 4. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget basis) rather than committed or assigned fund balance (GAAP basis).
- 5. Budgetary revenues and expenditures of the Public School Support Fund are reclassified to the General Fund for GAAP reporting.

The following tables summarize the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

GAAP Basis Revenue Accruals	\$218,213 378,690
Expenditure Accruals	(204,159)
Beginning of Year:	
Prepaid Items	135,011
Negative Cash Interfund Advances	(140,561)
Ending:	
Unrecorded Cash	(13)
Prepaid Items	(131,071)
Negative Cash Interfund Advances	371,015
Segregated Cash	(16,360)
To reclassify excess of revenues and other sources of	
financial resources over expenditures and other uses	
of financial resources into financial statement fund types	(16,680)
Encumbrances	(346,440)
Budget Basis	\$247,645

Net Change in Fund Balance

Note 6 - Deposits and Investments

Monies held by the School District are classified by State statute into three categories.

Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the School District treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Protection of the School District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by the financial institutions participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Interim monies held by the School District can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;

- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Government National Mortgage Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio, and with certain limitations including a requirement for maturity within ten years from the date of settlement, bonds and other obligations of political subdivisions of the State of Ohio, if training requirements have been met;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio); and
- 8. Certain bankers' acceptances (for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days) and commercial paper notes (for a period not to exceed two hundred seventy days) in an amount not to exceed 40 percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time if training requirements have been met. The investment in commercial paper notes of a single issuer shall not exceed in the aggregate five percent of interim moneys available for investment at the time of purchase.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

At June 30, 2021, the School District's Private Purpose Trust Fund had a balance of \$1,385,012 with fiscal agents, which was held by the Foundation for Appalachian Ohio. The balances were held by in pooled accounts with the Foundation for Appalachian Ohio which are representative of numerous other scholarships and therefore cannot be included in the risk disclosures reported by the School District. Disclosures for the Foundation for Appalachian Ohio as a whole may be obtained from the Foundation for Appalachian Ohio 45764.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Rolling Hills Local School District, Ohio Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Investments As of June 30, 2021, the School District had the following investment:

			Standard
	Measurement		& Poor's
	Amount	Maturity	Rating
Net Asset Value Per Share:			
STAR Ohio	\$3,191,608	Average 54 days	AAAm

Interest Rate Risk: The School District's investment policy addresses interest rate risk to the extent that it allows the Treasurer to invest funds to a maximum maturity of five years, and allows for the withdrawal of funds from approved public depositories or sell negotiable instruments prior to maturity in accord with the law. State statute requires that an investment mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and that an investment must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Credit Risk: STAR Ohio carries a rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The School District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Note 7 - Property Taxes and Abatements

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the School District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the School District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar 2021 represents collections of calendar year 2020 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2021 were levied after April 1, 2020, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2020, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar 2021 represents collections of calendar year 2020 taxes. Public utility taxes received in calendar year 2021 became a lien December 31, 2019, were levied after April 1, 2020, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The School District receives property taxes from Guernsey, Noble, and Muskingum Counties. The County Auditors periodically advance to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the Counties by June 30, 2021, are available to finance fiscal year 2022 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real and public utility taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2021, and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 were levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year-end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflows of resources – property taxes.

The amount available as an advance, and recognized as revenue at June 30, 2021, was \$1,651,385 in the General Fund. At June 30, 2020, \$2,113,589 was available in the General Fund.

On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis the revenue has been reported as deferred inflows of resources – unavailable revenue.

Assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2021 taxes were collected are:

	2020 Second Half Collections		2021 First Half Collections	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Agricultural/Residential Public Utility Personal	\$239,763,820 73,703,420	76.49% 23.51%	\$250,785,240 72,776,490	77.51% 22.49%
Total	\$313,467,240	100.00%	\$323,561,730	100.00%
Tax Rate per \$1,000 of Assessed Valuation	\$24.50		\$24.50	

Abatements

School District property taxes were reduced as follows under county and city agreements entered into by overlapping governments:

Overlapping Governments	2021 Taxes Abated
Community Reinvestment Areas:	
Guernsey County	\$222,074
City of Cambridge	55,878
Enterprise Zones:	
Guernsey County	32,116

Note 8 - Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2021, consisted of property taxes, interfund, accounts, and intergovernmental grants. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current fiscal year guarantee of federal funds. All receivables, except delinquent property taxes, are expected to be collected in one year. Property taxes, although ultimately collectible, include some portion of delinquencies that will not be collected within one year. Delinquent property taxes as of June 30, 2021, were \$961,895.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Governmental Activities	Amounts
Title I	\$183,152
Medicaid	160,053
Elementary and Secondary School Education Relief	153,808
Food Service	142,336
Idea-B	131,203
21st Century	75,157
Title II-A	23,275
Title VI-A	17,499
Early Childhood Special Education	10,682
Early Childhood	8,000
Agriculture Education	6,210
State Foundation	3,493
Broadband Connectivity	2,004
6b Idea Restoration	639
Ohio School Climate	612
Expanding Opportunities	612
Miscellaneous Receivable	560
Title V-B	393
Total	\$919,688

A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

Revenue in Lieu of Taxes

Guernsey Power Station In prior fiscal years, the School District entered into a 30 year Compensation Agreement with Guernsey Power Station. The purpose of the Compensation Agreement was for the construction of the Guernsey Power Station located in an established enterprise zone. The School District received its first payment in fiscal year 2020 in the amount of \$100,000. During fiscal year 2021, a payment of \$316,088 was received. The next payment is scheduled for \$1,000,000. This payment will be received 30 days after the Guernsey Power Station is declared in commercial operations which is not anticipated to be within fiscal year 2022. The agreement states that the School District is guaranteed to receive \$1,000,000 in gross revenues which includes any taxes required to be paid and/or this annual school payment after operations begin. In the remaining years of the agreement, the School District will be guaranteed to receive \$1,416,088 per year in total either through taxes paid and/or the annual school payment. The School District intends to use future receipts to finance a new building project.

Note 9 - Significant Commitments

Encumbrances

The School District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at fiscal yearend may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At fiscal year-end, the School District's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

General	\$346,440
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	189,986
Total	\$536,426

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Contractual Commitments

As of June 30, 2021, the School District had a contractual purchase commitment for the following project:

Project	Fund	Original Contract	Paid to Date	Amount Remaining
School Building Project	Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief	\$400,000	\$6,000	\$394,000

Note 10 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows:

	Balance at 6/30/2020	Additions	Deductions	Balance at 6/30/2021
Capital Assets:	0.0012020			0,00,2021
Nondepreciable Capital Assets:				
Land	\$214,502	\$93,610	\$0	\$308,112
Construction in Progress	0	6,000	0	6,000
Total Nondepreciable Capital Assets	214,502	99,610	0	314,112
Depreciable Capital Assets:				
Land Improvements	3,626,536	0	0	3,626,536
Buildings and Improvements	18,846,660	0	0	18,846,660
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	4,059,211	0	0	4,059,211
Vehicles	2,014,002	85,456	0	2,099,458
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	28,546,409	85,456	0	28,631,865
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Land Improvements	(1,851,290)	(185,363)	0	(2,036,653)
Buildings and Improvements	(12,400,402)	(366,935)	0	(12,767,337)
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	(3,682,126)	(61,061)	0	(3,743,187)
Vehicles	(1,578,859)	(122,024)	0	(1,700,883)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(19,512,677)	(735,383) *	0	(20,248,060)
Total Capital Assets being				
Depreciated, Net	9,033,732	(649,927)	0	8,383,805
Capital Assets, Net	\$9,248,234	(\$550,317)	\$0	\$8,697,917

*Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Rolling Hills Local School District, Ohio *Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Instruction:	
Regular	\$201,883
Special	36,113
Vocational	3,368
Support Services:	
Pupils	17,202
Instructional Staff	18,926
Administration	32,508
Fiscal	8,116
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	199,944
Pupil Transportation	126,220
Central	2,705
Food Service Operations	40,493
Extracurricular Activities	47,905
Total Depreciation Expense	\$735,383

Note 11 - Risk Management

Property and Liability

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. For fiscal year 2021, the School District contracted with the Ohio School Plan (OSP) for the following coverage:

Commercial Property Coverage Blanket Commercial Crime Coverage	\$80,736,684 25,000	\$1,000 deductible 1,000 deductible
Fleet Insurance:		
Liability	3,000,000	any one accident
Auto Medical Payments	5,000	any one accident
Uninsured Motorists	1,000,000	any one accident
Comprehensive	Cash Value	250/1,000 deductible
Collision	Cash Value	500/1,000 deductible
General Liability:		
Educational General Liability	3,000,000	each occurrence
Personal and Advertising Injury	3,000,000	each offense
Medical Expense	10,000	each accident
General Aggregate	5,000,000	
Products Aggregate	3,000,000	
Employee Benefits Liability	3,000,000	2,500 Deductible
Aggregate	5,000,000	
Employers' Liability	3,000,000	
Errors and Ommissions	3,000,000	
Aggregate	5,000,000	
Employment Practices	3,000,000	
Aggregate	5,000,000	

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There has been so significant reduction in insurance coverage from fiscal year 2020.

Workers' Compensation

For fiscal year 2021, the School District participated in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 18). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria.

Employee Medical Benefits

The School District has elected to provide employee medical/surgical, dental, and prescription drug benefits through a self-insured plan. The School District pays 85 to 90 percent of the monthly premium depending on the length of time the employee has been with the School District. The School District pays monthly medical/surgical and prescription drug premiums up to \$2,192 for family coverage and up to \$1,108 for single coverage. The School District pays 90 percent of the monthly dental premium for employees which is up to \$82 for family coverage and up to \$31 for single coverage. Medical Benefits Administrators, Inc. serves as claims servicer for this coverage. The claims liability of \$278,321 reported in the internal service fund at June 30, 2021, is based on an estimate provided by the third party administrator and the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 30, which requires that a liability for unpaid claim costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not reported claims, be reported. The estimate was not affected by incremental claim adjustment expenses and does not include other allocated or unallocated claim adjustment expenses.

Changes in the fund's claims liability amount	in fiscal years 2020 and 2021 were:
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	Balance at	Current Year	Claims	Balance at
	Beginning of Year	Claims	Payments	End of Year
2020	\$328,380	\$1,878,080	\$1,872,554	\$333,906
2021	333,906	2,339,544 (1) 2,395,129	278,321
(1) Claims Expense		\$2,154,414		
Increase in Stop Loss Reimbu	rsement Receivable	185,130		
Current Year Claims		\$2,339,544		

Note 12 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

Net Pension Liability/Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

The net pension liability and the net OPEB liability (asset) reported on the Statement of Net Position represent liabilities to employees for pensions and OPEB, respectively. Pensions/OPEB are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions/OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) represent the School District's proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the School District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The School District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the School District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires funding to come from these employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes pension costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded pension liabilities within 30 years. If the pension amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a *net OPEB asset* or long-term *net pension/OPEB liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension/OPEB contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *intergovernmental payable* on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting. The remainder of this note includes the required pension disclosures. See Note 13 for the required OPEB disclosures.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description – The School District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *	Eligible to Retire on or after August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially Reduced Benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

* Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.2 percent for the first thirty years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

An individual whose benefit effective date is before April 1, 2018, is eligible for a cost of living adjustment (COLA) on the first anniversary date of the benefit. Beginning April 1, 2018, new benefit recipients must wait until the fourth anniversary of their benefit for COLA eligibility. The COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit. A three-year COLA suspension is in effect for all benefit recipients for the years 2018, 2019, and 2020. Upon resumption of the COLA, it will be indexed to the percentage increase in the CPI-W, not to exceed 2.5 percent and with a floor of 0 percent. In 2020, the Board of Trustees approved a 0.5 percent cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) for eligible retirees and beneficiaries in 2021.

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14.0 percent. For fiscal year 2021, the Retirement Board did not allocate any employer contribution to the Health Care Fund.

The School District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$413,847 for fiscal year 2021. Of this amount, \$90,780 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – School District licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a standalone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information, and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan, and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. In April 2017, the Retirement Board made the decision to reduce COLA granted on or after July 1, 2017, to 0 percent to preserve the fiscal integrity of the retirement system. Benefit recipients' base benefit and past cost-of living increases are not affected by this change. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five year of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

Eligibility changes for DB Plan members who retire with actuarially reduced benefits will be phased in until August 1, 2023, when retirement eligibility will be five years of qualifying service credit and age 60, or 30 years of service credit at any age.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.53 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. The member determines how to allocate the member and employer money among various investment choices offered by STRS. The remaining 4.47 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12 percent of the 14 percent member rate is deposited into the member's DC account and the remaining 2 percent is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age fifty and after termination of employment.

New members who choose the DC plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. New members must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit that apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. The fiscal year 2021 employer and employee contribution rate of 14 percent was equal to the statutory maximum rates. For fiscal year 2021, the full employer contribution was allocated to pension.

The School District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$1,119,875 for fiscal year 2021. Of this amount, \$157,504 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Rolling Hills Local School District, Ohio Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on School District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

SERS	STRS	
0.0686811%	0.06540461%	
0.0696774%	0.06375987%	
0.0009963%	-0.00164474%	
		Total
\$4,608,610	\$15,427,620	\$20,036,230
\$518,168	\$1,761,010	\$2,279,178
	0.0686811% 0.0696774% 0.0009963% \$4,608,610	0.0686811% 0.06540461% 0.0696774% 0.06375987% 0.0009963% -0.00164474% \$4,608,610 \$15,427,620

At June 30, 2021, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$8,952	\$34,615	\$43,567
Changes of assumptions	0	828,165	828,165
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on pension plan investments	292,553	750,247	1,042,800
Changes in proportionate Share and difference			
between the School District contributions			
and proportionate share of contributions	36,383	22,668	59,051
School District contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	413,847	1,119,875	1,533,722
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$751,735	\$2,755,570	\$3,507,305
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$0	\$98,649	\$98,649
Changes in Proportionate Share and Difference			
between the School District contributions			
and proportionate share of contributions	34,574	505,088	539,662
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$34,574	\$603,737	\$638,311

\$1,533,722 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from the School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30:	SERS	STRS	Total
2022	(\$12,004)	\$360,717	\$348,713
2023	101,782	117,078	218,860
2024	121,943	287,618	409,561
2025	91,593	266,545	358,138
Total	\$303,314	\$1,031,958	\$1,335,272

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2020, are presented below:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	3.50 percent to 18.20 percent
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA	2.5 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.50 percent net of investment
	expense, including inflation
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
	(Level Percent of Payroll)

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females. Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries were based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates, and 110 percent of female rates. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined by using a buildingblock approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating an arithmetic weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalanced uncorrelated asset classes.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return	
Cash	2.00 %	1.85 %	
US Stocks Non-US Stocks	22.50 22.50	5.75 6.50	
Fixed Income	19.00	2.85	
Private Equity	12.00	7.60	
Real Assets	17.00	6.60	
Multi-Asset Strategies	5.00	6.65	
Total	100.00 %		

Discount Rate The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.50 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.50 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate.

	Current		
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.50%)	(7.50%)	(8.50%)
School District's proportionate			
share of the net pension liability	\$6,313,233	\$4,608,610	\$3,178,399

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the July 1, 2020, actuarial valuation are presented below:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Inflation	2.50 percent
Projected salary increases	12.50 percent at age 20 to
	2.50 percent at age 65
Investment Rate of Return	7.45 percent, net of investment
	expenses, including inflation
Discount Rate of Return	7.45 percent
Payroll Increases	3 percent
Cost-of-Living Adjustments	0.0 percent, effective July 1, 2017
(COLA)	

Post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2020, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011, through June 30, 2016.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return *
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

* 10 year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25 percent, but does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.45 percent as of June 30, 2020. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2020. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.45 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2020.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45 percent, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.45 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.45 percent) than the current rate:

	Current		
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.45%)	(7.45%)	(8.45%)
School District's proportionate			
share of the net pension liability	\$21,966,245	\$15,427,620	\$9,886,680

Note 13 - Defined Benefit OPEB Plans

See Note 12 for a description of the net OPEB liability.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description – the School District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For fiscal year 2021, no allocation was made to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2021, this amount was \$23,000. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2021, the School District's surcharge obligation was \$47,465.

Rolling Hills Local School District, Ohio Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

The surcharge, added to the allocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The School District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$47,465 for fiscal year 2021, all is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued effective January 1, 2021. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. All benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

OPEB Liabilities (Assets), **OPEB** Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) was based on the School District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

	SERS	STRS	
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset):			
Prior Measurement Date	0.0703941%	0.06540461%	
Current Measurement Date	0.0715147%	0.06375987%	
Change in Proportionate Share	0.0011206%	-0.00164474%	
			Total
Proportionate Share of the:			
Net OPEB Liability	\$1,554,248	\$0	\$1,554,248
Net OPEB (Asset)	\$0	(\$1,120,579)	(\$1,120,579)
OPEB Expense	\$8,812	(\$68,434)	(\$59,622)

At June 30, 2021, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	SERS	STRS	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$20,413	\$71,801	\$92,214
Changes of assumptions	264,945	18,498	283,443
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	17,513	39,272	56,785
Changes in proportionate Share and difference			
between the School District contributions			
and proportionate share of contributions	15,251	10,279	25,530
contributions subsequent			
School District contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	47,465	0	47,465
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$365,587	\$139,850	\$505,437
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$790,444	\$223,205	\$1,013,649
Changes of assumptions	39,147	1,064,361	1,103,508
Changes in Proportionate Share and Difference			
between the School District contributions			
and proportionate share of contributions	77,494	17,477	94,971
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$907,085	\$1,305,043	\$2,212,128

\$47,465 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:			
2022	(\$122,676)	(\$291,171)	(\$413,847)
2023	(121,409)	(264,589)	(385,998)
2024	(121,615)	(255,263)	(376,878)
2025	(114,727)	(246,753)	(361,480)
2026	(81,752)	(52,885)	(134,637)
Thereafter	(26,784)	(54,532)	(81,316)
Total	(\$588,963)	(\$1,165,193)	(\$1,754,156)

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2020, are presented below:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Wage Increases	3.50 percent to 18.20 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.50 percent net of investment expense, including inflation
Municipal Bond Index Rate:	
Measurement Date	2.45 percent
Prior Measurement Date	3.13 percent
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense,	
including price inflation	
Measurement Date	2.63 percent
Prior Measurement Date	3.22 percent
Medical Trend Assumption	
Medicare	5.25 to 4.75 percent
Pre-Medicare	7.00 to 4.75 percent

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates and 110 percent of female rates. RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates set back five years.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2010 through 2015, and was adopted by the Board on April 21, 2016. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.50 percent, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The SERS health care plan follows the same asset allocation and long-term expected real rate of return for each major asset class as the pension plan, see Note 12.

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2020 was 2.63 percent. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability at June 30, 2019, was 3.22 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the state statute contribution rate of 2.00 percent of projected covered employee payroll each year, which includes a 1.50 percent payroll surcharge and 0.50 percent of contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make future benefit payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan assets was used to present value the projected benefit payments through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020 (i.e. municipal bond rate), was used to present value the projected benefit payments for the remaining years in the projection. The total present value of projected benefit payments from all years was then used to determine the single rate of return that was used as the discount rate. The projection of future benefit payments for all current plan members was until the benefit payments ran out.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability of SERS, what SERS' net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.63%) and higher (3.63%) than the current discount rate (2.63%). Also shown is what SERS' net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (6.00% decreasing to 3.75%) and higher (8.00% decreasing to 5.75%) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease (1.63%)	Current Discount Rate (2.63%)	1% Increase (3.63%)
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$1,902,362	\$1,554,248	\$1,277,499
		Current	
	1% Decrease	Trend Rate	1% Increase
	(6.00 % decreasing	(7.00 % decreasing	(8.00 % decreasing
	to 3.75%)	to 4.75%)	to 5.75%)
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$1,223,852	\$1,554,248	\$1,996,073

Actuarial Assumptions – STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2020, actuarial valuation are presented below:

Projected salary increases	12.50 percent at age 20 to
	2.50 percent at age 65
Investment Rate of Return	7.45 percent, net of investment
	expenses, including inflation
Payroll Increases	3 percent
Discount Rate of Return	7.45 percent
Health Care Cost Trends	
Medical	
Pre-Medicare	5.00 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate
Medicare	-6.69 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate
Prescription Drug	
Pre-Medicare	6.50 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate
Medicare	11.87 initial, 4 percent ultimate

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

Since the prior measurement date, there was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were updated to reflect the projected fiscal year ending June 30, 2021 premium based on June 30, 2020 enrollment distribution. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2021 from 1.984 percent to 2.055 percent per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2021. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1 percent for the AMA Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

The STRS health care plan follows the same asset allocation and long-term expected real rate of return for each major asset class as the pension plan, see Note 12.

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.45 percent as of June 30, 2020. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes STRS continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2020. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care plan investments of 7.45 percent was used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2020.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2020, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45 percent, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.45 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.45 percent) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

	1% Decrease (6.45%)	Discount Rate (7.45%)	1% Increase (8.45%)
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	(\$974,976)	(\$1,120,579)	(\$1,244,117)
	1% Decrease	Current Trend Rate	1% Increase
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	(\$1,236,449)	(\$1,120,579)	(\$979,432)

Note 14 - Employee Benefits

Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees and administrators who are contracted to work on a twelve month contract, earn ten to thirty days of vacation per year, depending upon length of service. Vacation can be accumulated to one year's worth of accrual plus ten days. Accumulated unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment. Teachers, administrators, and classified employees who are contracted to work less than 260 days per year do not earn vacation time.

Teachers and administrators earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 265 days for classified employees and administrative personnel and 265 days for certified employees for the purpose of calculating severance. Upon retirement, all employees receive payment for one-fourth of their total sick leave accumulation.

Insurance Benefits

The School District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to all fulltime employees through Grady Benefits in the amount of \$50,000.

Note 15 - Long-Term Obligations

Changes in long-term obligations of the School District during fiscal year 2021 were as follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Principal Outstanding 6/30/2020	Additions	Deductions	Principal Outstanding 6/30/2021	Amounts Due in One Year
Governmental Activities:					
2010 Energy Conservation Notes:					
Term Notes 2.0% - 4.15%	\$300,000	\$0	\$60,000	\$240,000	\$60,000
Term Note Premium	10,338	0	2,585	7,753	0
Total Notes	310,338	0	62,585	247,753	60,000
Net Pension Liability:					
STRS	14,463,836	963,784	0	15,427,620	0
SERS	4,109,311	499,299	0	4,608,610	0
Total Net Pension Liability	18,573,147	1,463,083	0	20,036,230	0
Net OPEB Liability:					
SERS	1,770,264	0	216,016	1,554,248	0
Compensated Absences Payable	1,107,161	94,529	110,382	1,091,308	104,940
Total Governmental Activities					
Long-Term Liabilities	\$21,760,910	\$1,557,612	\$388,983	\$22,929,539	\$164,940

2010 Energy Conservation Notes – On March 11, 2010, Rolling Hills Local School District issued \$707,824 of general obligation notes, pursuant to House Bill 264. The notes were issued to finance an energy conservation project. The notes were issued at 2.0 - 4.15 percent interest rate. The issuance of the notes included a \$38,772 premium that will be amortized over the life of the issue, with a final maturity at December 1, 2024. \$2,373 in issuance costs were previously expensed. As part of the note issuance, the School District, pursuant to Section 3317.18, Ohio Revised Code, and Section 3301-8-01, Ohio Administrative Code, participated in the Ohio Credit Enhancement Program, and was assigned a rating of Aa3 from Moody's Investors Service for the note issuance. In the event the School District is unable to make sufficient debt service payments and the payment will not be made by a credit enhancement facility, the Ohio Department of Education will make the sufficient payment.

The Current Interest Term Notes maturing on December 1, 2024, are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price of 100 percent of the principal amount to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, on December 1 in the years and the respective principal amounts as follows:

	Principal Amount
Date	to be Redeemed
2022	\$60,000
2023	60,000
2024	60,000

The remaining principal amount of such Current Interest Term Notes (\$60,000) will be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2024.

The Current Interest Notes maturing on or after December 1, 2020, are subject to redemption at the option of the School District, either in whole or in part, in such order as the School District shall determine, on any date on or after June 1, 2020, at a redemption price equal to 100 percent of the principal amount redeemed plus, in each case, accrued interest to the date fixed for redemption.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Principal and Interest requirements to retire the remaining outstanding notes for the 2010 Energy Conservation Notes outstanding at June 30, 2021, are as follows:

	Term Notes		
Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	
2022	\$60,000	\$8,715	
2023	60,000	11,205	
2024	60,000	3,735	
2025	60,000	1,245	
Totals	\$240,000	\$24,900	

The overall debt margin of the School District as of June 30, 2021, was \$29,116,139, with an unvoted debt margin of \$323,513.

Compensated Absences will be paid from the General Fund and the Food Service Special Revenue Fund. The School District pays obligations related to employee compensation from the fund benefitting from their service. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension/OPEB liability. However, employer pension contributions are made from the following funds: General Fund, Food Service, District Managed Activities, Student Wellness and Success, 21st Century, Title I, and Miscellaneous Federal Grants Special Revenue Funds. For additional information related to the net pension/OPEB liability, see Notes 12 and 13.

Note 16 - Interfund Activity

Transfers

During fiscal year 2021, the General Fund made transfers in the amount of \$15,518 to the Food Service and \$198,814 to the District Managed Activity Special Revenue Funds, \$71,205 to the Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund, and \$416,088 in the Capital Improvements Capital Projects Fund. The transfers were used to move unrestricted revenue collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Interfund Balances

Interfund receivables and payables at June 30, 2021, consist of the following individual balances, representing \$371,015 due to the General Fund from Special Revenue Funds for cash deficits, and \$5,279 due to the General Fund from District Managed Activities Special Revenue Fund for monies advanced to be repaid to the General Fund when grant funds are received.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Interfund Receivable	Interfund Payable
General Fund	\$376,294	\$0
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds:		
Food Service	0	75,303
District Managed Activities	0	5,279
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief	0	146,953
21st Century	0	28,245
Coronavirus Relief Funding	0	2,004
Idea B	0	46,785
Title I	0	52,212
Preschool Special Education	0	10,682
Improving Teacher Quality	0	6,747
Miscellaneous Federal Grants	0	2,084
Total All Funds	\$376,294	\$376,294

Note 17 - Jointly Governed Organizations

Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Educational Service Agency Information Technology Center Regional Council of Governments

The Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Educational Service Agency Information Technology Center Regional Council of Governments (OME-RESA) was created as a separate regional council of governments pursuant to State statutes. OME-RESA operates under the direction of a Board comprising a representative from each participating school district. The Board exercises total control over the operations of OME-RESA including budgeting, appropriating, contracting, and designating management. Each participants control is limited to its representation on the Board. OME-RESA provides information technology and internet access to member districts, as well as cooperative purchasing programs. During fiscal year 2021, the total amount paid to OME-RESA from the School District was \$32,352 for technology services and financial accounting services and educational management information. The Jefferson County Educational Service Center serves as the fiscal agent. To obtain financial information write to Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Educational Service Agency, Treasurer, at 2230 Sunset Blvd., Suite 2, Steubenville, Ohio 43952.

Mid-East Career and Technology Centers

The Mid-East Career and Technology Centers (Center) is a jointly governed organization providing vocational services to its thirteen member school districts. The Center is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of one member from each of the participating school district's boards. The Board exercises total control over the operations of Mid-East Career and Technology Centers including budgeting, appropriating, contracting, and designating management. Each participant's control is limited to its representation on the Board. The continued existence of the Center is not dependent on the School District's continued participation and no equity interest exists. During fiscal year 2021, the School District made no payments to the Center. To obtain financial information write to the Mid-East Career and Technology Centers, Nan Nolder, Treasurer, at 400 Richards Road, Zanesville, Ohio 43701.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Metropolitan Educational Technology Association (META) Solutions

The School District participates in the Metropolitan Educational Technology Association (META), formed from the merger of the Metropolitan Educational Council (MEC) and the Southeastern Ohio Voluntary Education Cooperative (SEOVEC) during fiscal year 2016, which is a jointly governed organization, created as a regional council of governments pursuant to Chapter 167 of the Ohio Revised Code. META operates as, and has all the powers of, a data acquisition site/information technology center pursuant to applicable provisions of the Ohio Revised Code. The organization was formed for the purpose of identifying, developing, and providing to members and nonmembers innovative educational and technological services and products, as well as expanded opportunities for cooperative purchasing. The General Assembly of META consists of one delegate from every member school district. The delegate is the superintendent of the school district or the superintendent's designee. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the General Assembly. The General Assembly exercises total control over the operation of META including budgeting, appropriating, contracting, and designating management. During fiscal year 2021, the School District's membership payment for the purchasing cooperative was waived by META. Financial information can be obtained from Metropolitan Educational Technology Association at 100 Executive Drive, Marion, Ohio 43302.

Coalition of Rural and Appalachian Schools

Coalition of Rural and Appalachian Schools (CORAS) -The Coalition of Rural and Appalachian Schools (CORAS) is a jointly governed organization composed of over 130 school districts and other educational institutions in the 35-county region of Ohio designated as Appalachia. The Coalition is operated by a board which is composed of seventeen members. One elected and one appointed from each of the seven regions into which the 35 Appalachian counties are divided; and three from Ohio University College of Education. The board exercised total control over the operations of CORAS including budgeting, appropriating, contracting, and designing management. Each participant's control is limited to its representation on the board. The Council provides various in-service training programs for school district administrative personnel; gathers data regarding the level of education provided to children in the region; cooperates with other professional groups to assess and develop programs designed to meet the needs of member districts; and provides staff development programs for school District does not maintain an equity interest in or financial responsibility for the Council. The School District's made no payments for fiscal year 2021. To obtain financial information write to the Coalition of Rural and Appalachian Schools, Dr. Richard Murray, Executive Director, at 322 McCraken Hall, Ohio University, Athens, Ohio 45701.

The Ohio Coalition of Equity and Adequacy of School Funding

The Ohio Coalition of Equity and Adequacy of School Funding is organized as a council of governments pursuant to Chapter 167 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Coalition was organized in 1990 to challenge the constitutionally of the Ohio school funding system. The Coalition is governed by a Steering Committee of 90 school district representatives. Though most of the members are superintendents, some treasurers, board members, and administrators also serve. Several persons serve as ex officio members. The membership of the coalition includes over 500 school districts throughout the State of Ohio. The Committee exercises total control over budgeting, appropriating, contracting, and the designation of management. Member school districts and joint vocational schools pay dues of \$.05 per pupil. School districts and educational schools may also pay supplemental dues in the amount of \$.50 per pupil for K-12 districts and educational service centers pay dues of \$.05 per pupil. The Coalition is not dependent on the continued participation of the School District and the School District does not maintain an equity interest or financial responsibility for the Coalition. During fiscal year 2021, the School District made no payments to the Coalition. To obtain financial information write to Ohio Coalition of Equity and Adequacy of School Funding at 100 South Third Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215.

Note 18 - Insurance Purchasing Pools

Ohio School Plan

The School District participates in the Ohio School Plan (OSP), an insurance purchasing pool. The Ohio School Plan (OSP) is created and organized pursuant to and as authorized by Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code. The OSP is an unincorporated, non-profit association of its members and an instrumentality for each member for the purpose of enabling members of the Plan to provide for a formalized, joint insurance purchasing program to maintain adequate insurance protection, risk management programs and other administrative services. The OSP's business and affairs are conducted by a fifteen member Board of directors consisting of school district superintendents and treasurers, as well as the president of Harcum-Hyre Insurance Agency, Inc. and a partner of the Hylant Group, Inc. Hylant Group, Inc. is the Administrator of the OSP and is responsible for processing claims. Harcum-Hyre Insurance Agency, Inc. is the sales and marketing representative, which establishes agreements between OSP and member schools.

Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP)

The School District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect, and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the plan.

Note 19 - Set-Aside Calculations

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the General Fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by fiscal year end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the fiscal year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future fiscal years.

The following cash basis information describes the changes in the fiscal year end set-aside amounts for capital acquisitions. Disclosure of this information is required by the State statute.

	Capital Improvements
Set-Aside Restricted Balance as of	
as of June 30, 2020	\$0
Current Year Set-Aside Requirement	287,230
Current Year Qualifying Expenditures	(305,878)
Totals	(\$18,648)
Set-Aside Balance Carried Forward to Future Fiscal Years	\$0

The School District had qualifying expenditures during the fiscal year that reduced the capital set-aside amount below zero. The excess set-aside may not be carried forward to reduce the set-aside requirement in future fiscal years.

Note 20 - Contingencies

Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, the effect of any such disallowed claims on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2021, if applicable, cannot be determined at this time.

School Foundation

In fiscal year 2021, School District foundation funding was based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. The Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to adjust/reconcile funding as enrollment information is updated by schools throughout the State, which can extend past the fiscal year end.

Litigation

At June 30, 2021, the School District had no pending litigation.

Note 21 - COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Ohio's state of emergency ended in June of 2021 while the national state of emergency continues. During fiscal year 2021, the school district received Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act funding. The School District's investment portfolio and the investments of the pension and other employee benefit plans in which the School District participates fluctuate with market conditions, and due to market volatility, the amount of losses that will be recognized in subsequent periods, if any, cannot be determined. In addition, the impact on the School District's future operating costs, revenues, and any recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated. Additional funding has been made available through the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021, passed by Congress on December 21, 2020, and/or the American Rescue Plan Act, passed by Congress on March 11, 2021.

Note 22 - Subsequent Events

School Foundation

For fiscal year 2022, School District foundation funding received from the state of Ohio will be funded using a direct funding model. Under this new model, community school, STEM school, scholarship, and funding will be directly funded by the State of Ohio to the respective educating schools. For fiscal year 2021 and prior, the amounts related to students who were residents of the School District were funded to the School District who, in turn, made the payment to the educating school. For fiscal year 2021, the School District reported \$336,177 in revenues and expenditures/expenses related to these programs. This new funding system calculates a unique base cost and a unique "per-pupil local capacity amount" for each School District. The School District's state core foundation funding is then calculated. Any change in funding will be subject to a phase in percentage of 16.67 percent for fiscal year 2022 and 33.33 percent for fiscal year 2023.

Debt Issues

On July 7, 2021 the School District issued Certificates of Participation in the amount of \$28,625,000 which were issued with a premium of \$2,323,230 and issuance costs of \$675,111. This Certificate of Participation was issued as part of an Ohio Facilities Construction Commission (OFCC) project to begin in fiscal year 2022. The project consists of the renovation to the Meadowbrook High School and the additional construction of new school facilities to house grades kindergarten through twelfth grade and necessary career tech programs. Final documents were signed with the OFCC on December 9, 2021. No levy was passed by the taxpayers for this building project due to the School District entering in the Compensation Agreement with the Guernsey Power Station. Revenues from the Compensation Agreement will be used to retire the debt associated with the local portion of the project. After the construction of the new facilities, project monies will be used to abate and demolish Brook, Byesville, and Secrest elementary buildings and the Meadowbrook Middle School. The total project is budgeted at \$43,850,215 and the State's share is \$21,486,605.

Levy Approval

In November of 2021, voters within the School District approved the renewal of the emergency replacement levy for 4.9 mills that generates \$1,400,000 annually for five years.

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Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability School Employees Retirement System of Ohio Last Eight Fiscal Years (1)*

	2021	2020	2019	2018
School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.0696774%	0.0686811%	0.0718666%	0.0728085%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$4,608,610	\$4,109,311	\$4,115,933	\$4,350,147
School District's Covered Payroll	\$2,449,336	\$2,432,963	\$2,355,785	\$2,324,107
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	188.16%	168.90%	174.72%	187.17%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	68.55%	70.85%	71.36%	69.50%

(1) Although this schedule is intended to reflect information for ten years, information prior to 2014 is not available. An additional column will be added each fiscal year.

*Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

2017	2016	2015	2014	
0.0693430%	0.0698004%	0.0736600%	0.0736600%	
\$5,075,268	\$3,982,878	\$3,727,891	\$4,380,324	
\$2,149,457	\$2,123,126	\$2,220,260	\$2,125,466	
236.12%	187.59%	167.90%	206.09%	
62.98%	69.16%	71.70%	65.52%	

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Last Eight Fiscal Years (1)*

	2021	2020	2019	2018
School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.06375987%	0.06540461%	0.06685242%	0.06641981%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$15,427,620	\$14,463,836	\$14,699,346	\$15,778,168
School District's Covered Payroll	\$7,714,371	\$7,691,036	\$7,632,271	\$7,363,636
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	199.99%	188.06%	192.59%	214.27%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	75.50%	74.40%	77.30%	75.30%

(1) Although this schedule is intended to reflect information for ten years, information prior to 2014 is not available. An additional column will be added each fiscal year.

*Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

2017	2016	2015	2014
0.06677895%	0.06743390%	0.06928232%	0.06928232%
\$22,352,927	\$18,636,758	\$16,851,858	\$20,073,824
\$7,051,464	\$7,035,600	\$7,026,008	\$7,535,677
317.00%	264.89%	239.85%	266.38%
66.80%	72.10%	74.70%	69.30%

Rolling Hills Local School District, Ohio

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability

School Employees Retirement System of Ohio Last Five Fiscal Years (1) *

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
School District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	0.0715147%	0.0703941%	0.0725685%	0.0736965%	0.0700727%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$1,554,248	\$1,770,264	\$2,013,246	\$1,977,820	\$1,997,331
School District's Covered Payroll	\$2,449,336	\$2,432,963	\$2,355,785	\$2,324,107	\$2,149,457
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	63.46%	72.76%	85.46%	85.10%	92.92%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	18.17%	15.57%	13.57%	12.46%	11.49%

(1) Although this schedule is intended to reflect information for ten years, information prior to 2017 is not available. An additional column will be added each fiscal year.

*Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

Rolling Hills Local School District, Ohio

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset) Liability State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Last Five Fiscal Years (1)*

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
School District's Proportion of the Net OPEB (Asset) Liability	0.06375987%	0.06540461%	0.06685242%	0.06641981%	0.06677895%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset) Liability	(\$1,120,579)	(\$1,083,258)	(\$1,074,250)	\$2,591,456	\$3,571,356
School District's Covered Payroll	\$7,714,371	\$7,691,036	\$7,632,271	\$7,363,636	\$7,051,464
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset) Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	-14.53%	-14.08%	-14.08%	35.19%	50.65%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	182.10%	174.70%	176.00%	47.10%	37.30%

(1) Although this schedule is intended to reflect information for ten years, information prior to 2017 is not available. An additional column will be added each fiscal year.

*Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

Rolling Hills Local School District, Ohio Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School District's Contributions School Employees Retirement System of Ohio Last Ten Fiscal Years					
Net Pension Liability	2021	2020	2019	2018	
Contractually Required Contribution	\$413,847	\$342,907	\$328,450	\$318,031	
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(413,847)	(342,907)	(328,450)	(318,031)	
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	
School District Covered Payroll (1)	\$2,956,050	\$2,449,336	\$2,432,963	\$2,355,785	
Pension Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.00%	14.00%	13.50%	13.50%	
Net OPEB Liability					
Contractually Required Contribution (2)	\$47,465	\$42,209	\$55,176	\$49,473	
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(47,465)	(42,209)	(55,176)	(49,473)	
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	

1.61%

15.61%

1.72%

15.72%

2.27%

15.77%

2.10%

15.60%

(1) The School District's covered payroll is the same for Pension and OPEB. (2) Includes Surcharge

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

OPEB Contributions as a Percentage of

Total Contributions as a Percentage of

Covered Payroll

Covered Payroll (2)

2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
\$325,375	\$300,924	\$279,828	\$307,728	\$294,164	\$296,253
(325,375)	(300,924)	(279,828)	(307,728)	(294,164)	(296,253)
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
\$2,324,107	\$2,149,457	\$2,123,126	\$2,220,260	\$2,125,466	\$2,202,630
14.00%	14.00%	13.18%	13.86%	13.84%	13.45%
\$39,300	\$34,604	\$53,721	\$39,786	\$39,360	\$48,678
(39,300)	(34,604)	(53,721)	(39,786)	(39,360)	(48,678)
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
1.69%	1.61%	2.53%	1.79%	1.85%	2.21%
15.69%	15.61%	15.71%	15.65%	15.69%	15.66%

Rolling Hills Local School District, Ohio *Required Supplementary Information*

Schedule of the School District's Contributions State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Last Ten Fiscal Years

N / D	2021	2020	2019	2018
Net Pension Liability				
Contractually Required Contribution	\$1,119,875	\$1,080,012	\$1,076,745	\$1,068,518
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(1,119,875)	(1,080,012)	(1,076,745)	(1,068,518)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
School District Covered Payroll	\$7,999,107	\$7,714,371	\$7,691,036	\$7,632,271
Pension Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%
Net OPEB Asset/Liability				
Contractually Required Contribution	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	0	0	0	0
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
OPEB Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Total Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

2017		2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
\$1,030	,909	\$987,205	\$984,984	\$913,381	\$979,638	\$942,959
(1,030	,909)	(987,205)	(984,984)	(913,381)	(979,638)	(942,959)
	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
\$7,363	,636	\$7,051,464	\$7,035,600	\$7,026,008	\$7,535,677	\$7,253,531
14	.00%	14.00%	14.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%
	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$70,260	\$75,357	\$72,535
	0	0	0	(70,260)	(75,357)	(72,535)
	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
0	.00%	0.00%	0.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%
14	.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Net Pension Liability

Changes in Assumptions – SERS

Beginning in fiscal year 2018, an assumption of 2.5 percent was used for COLA or Ad Hoc Cola. Prior to 2018, an assumption of 3 percent was used.

Beginning with fiscal year 2017, amounts reported incorporate changes in assumptions used by SERS in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation. These assumptions compared with those used in fiscal year 2016 and prior are presented below:

	Fiscal Year 2017	Fiscal Year 2016 and Prior
Wage Inflation	3.00 percent	3.25 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	3.50 percent to 18.20 percent	4.00 percent to 22.00 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.50 percent net of investments expense, including inflation	7.75 percent net of investments expense, including inflation

Beginning with fiscal year 2017, mortality assumptions use mortality rates that are based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females. Amounts reported for fiscal year 2016 and prior, use mortality assumptions that are based on the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table set back one year for both men and women. Special mortality tables were used for the period after disability retirement.

Changes in Assumptions - STRS

Beginning with fiscal year 2018, amounts reported incorporate changes in assumptions and changes in benefit terms used by STRS in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation. These new assumptions compared with those used in fiscal year 2017 and prior are presented below:

	Fiscal Year 2018	Fiscal Year 2017 and Prior
Inflation	2.50 percent	2.75 percent
Projected salary increases	12.50 percent at age 20 to	12.25 percent at age 20 to
	2.50 percent at age 65	2.75 percent at age 70
Investment Rate of Return	7.45 percent, net of investment	7.75 percent, net of investment
	expenses, including inflation	expenses, including inflation
Payroll Increases	3 percent	3.5 percent
Cost-of-Living Adjustments	0.0 percent, effective July 1, 2017	2 percent simple applied as follows:
(COLA)		for members retiring before
		August 1, 2013, 2 percent per year;
		for members retiring August 1, ,2013,
		or later, 2 percent COLA commences
		on fifth anniversary of retirement date.

Rolling Hills Local School District, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Beginning with fiscal year 2018, post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

For fiscal year 2017 and prior actuarial valuation, mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table (Projection 2022—Scale AA) for Males and Females. Males' ages are set-back two years through age 89 and no set-back for age 90 and above. Females younger than age 80 are set back four years, one year set back from age 80 through 89, and no set back from age 90 and above.

Net OPEB Liability

Changes in Assumptions – SERS

Amounts reported incorporate changes in key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability as presented below:

Municipal Bond Index Rate:	
Fiscal year 2021	2.45 percent
Fiscal year 2020	3.13 percent
Fiscal year 2019	3.62 percent
Fiscal year 2018	3.56 percent
Fiscal year 2017	2.92 percent
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense,	
including price inflation	
Fiscal year 2021	2.63 percent
Fiscal year 2020	3.22 percent
Fiscal year 2019	3.70 percent
Fiscal year 2018	3.63 percent
Fiscal year 2017	2.98 percent

Changes in Assumptions – STRS

For fiscal year 2018, the discount rate was increased from 3.26 percent to 4.13 percent based on the methodology defined under GASB *Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB)* and the long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75 percent to 7.45 percent. Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified. The percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased. The assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal and future health care cost trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs.

For fiscal year 2019, the discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13 percent to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45.

Rolling Hills Local School District, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Changes in Benefit Terms – STRS OPEB

For fiscal year 2018, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was reduced from 2.1 percent to 1.9 percent per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 2020.

For fiscal year 2019, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was increased from 1.9 percent to 1.944 percent per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2019 and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020.

For fiscal year 2020, there was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were trended to the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020 to reflect the current price renewals. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2020 from 1.944 percent to 1.984 percent per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1 percent for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021.

For fiscal year 2021, there was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were updated to reflect the projected fiscal year ending June 30, 2021 premium based on June 30, 2020 enrollment distribution. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2021 from 1.984 percent to 2.055 percent per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2021. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1 percent for the AMA Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

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SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor/	Assistant Listing	Pass Through Entity	Total Federal
Program or Cluster Title	Number	Identifying Number	Expenditures
<u>U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE</u> Passed Through Ohio Department of Education Child Nutrition Cluster: Non-Cash Assistance (Food Distribution):			
National School Lunch Program	10.555	2021	\$57,989
Cash Assistance:			
School Breakfast Program	10.553	2021	187,869
COVID-19 School Breakfast Program	10.553	2021	63,208
National School Lunch Program	10.555	2021	355,962
COVID-19 National School Lunch Program	10.555	2021	105,162
Total Cash Assistance			712,201
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			770,190
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			770,190
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	2020	57,334
		2021	566,087
Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies			623,421
Special Education Cluster (IDEA):			
Special Education Cluster (IDEA). Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	84.027	2020	55,404
	04.021	2020	339,060
Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool)	84.173	2021	10,682
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			405,146
Turenta First Contant Community Longiture Contant	04.007	2020	22.044
Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers	84.287	2020 2021	33,641 157,206
Total Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers		2021	190,847
			100,017
Rural Education	84.358	2020	5,285
		2021	30,866
Total Rural Education			36,151
Supporting Effective Instruction State Create	84.367	2020	8,500
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	04.307	2020	74,270
Total Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants		2021	82.770
			02,110
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	2021	47,646
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund	84.425D	2021	368,061
	04.4200	2021	
Total U.S. Department of Education			1,754,042
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY			
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education			
Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	2021	192,525
Total U.S. Department of the Treasury			192,525
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$2,716,757
			+=,::0,:01

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this Schedule.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE A – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Rolling Hills Local School District (the School District) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2021. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the School District.

NOTE B – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE C – INDIRECT COST RATE

The School District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE D - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The School District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the School District assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE E – FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The School District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the entitlement value. The School District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.

NOTE F - TRANSFERS BETWEEN PROGRAM YEARS

Federal regulations require schools to obligate certain federal awards by June 30. However, with ODE's consent, schools can transfer unobligated amounts to the subsequent fiscal year's program. The School District transferred the following amounts from 2021 to 2022 programs:

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE F - TRANSFERS BETWEEN PROGRAM YEARS (Continued)

	AL	Amount
Program Title	Number	Transferred
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	\$ 63,569.60
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	\$ 20,583.56
Rural Education	84.358	\$ 393.02
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	\$ 5,352.07
Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424	\$ 14,504.06
Expanding Opportunities	84.010	\$ 611.53
ESSER	84.425D	\$137,090.85
21st Century	84.287	\$ 34,518.72

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Rolling Hills Local School District Guernsey County P.O. Box 38 Byesville, Ohio 43723

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Rolling Hills Local School District, Guernsey County, Ohio (the School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated April 28, 2022, wherein we noted the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures which may impact subsequent periods of the School District.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinion on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the School District's financial statements. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the financial statements. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Rolling Hills Local School District Guernsey County Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by Government Auditing Standards Page 2

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

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Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

April 28, 2022



88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 ContactUs@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Rolling Hills Local School District Guernsey County P.O. Box 38 Byesville, Ohio 43723

To the Board of Education:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Rolling Hills Local School District's (the School District) compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect Rolling Hills Local School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. The *Summary of Auditor's Results* in the accompanying Schedule of Findings identifies the School District's major federal programs.

Management's Responsibility

The School District's Management is responsible for complying with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the School District's compliance for the School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). These standards and the Uniform Guidance require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect each major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on the School District's major programs. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Rolling Hills Local School District complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Rolling Hills Local School District Guernsey County Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance Page 2

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The School District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the School District's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control over compliance tests and the results of this testing based on Uniform Guidance requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

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Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

April 28, 2022

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 JUNE 30, 2021

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS				
(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified		
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No		
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No		
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No		
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No		
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No		
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified		
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?	No		
(d)(1)(vii)	 Major Programs (list): Child Nutrition Cluster, AL #10.553, 10.555 Special Education Cluster, AL #84.027, #84.173 			
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 750,000 Type B: all others		
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR § 200.520?	No		

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None.

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None.

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Rolling Hills Local School District

Scott Golec, Local Superintendent Ph: 740-432-5370 Fax: 740-435-8312

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P.O. Box 38 Byesville, Ohio 43723 Kandi Raach, Treasurer Ph: 740-432-7821 Fax: 740-439-5289

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

JUNE 30, 2021

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Status	Additional Information
2020-001	7 CFR Part 245.6(c)(4) – Eligibility calculations on submitted free/reduced applications were not properly performed for 3 out of 60 individuals tested.	Fully Corrected	The School District created a spreadsheet to track every student. Two people check all applications and sign off.

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ROLLING HILLS LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

GUERNSEY COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 5/24/2022

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370