

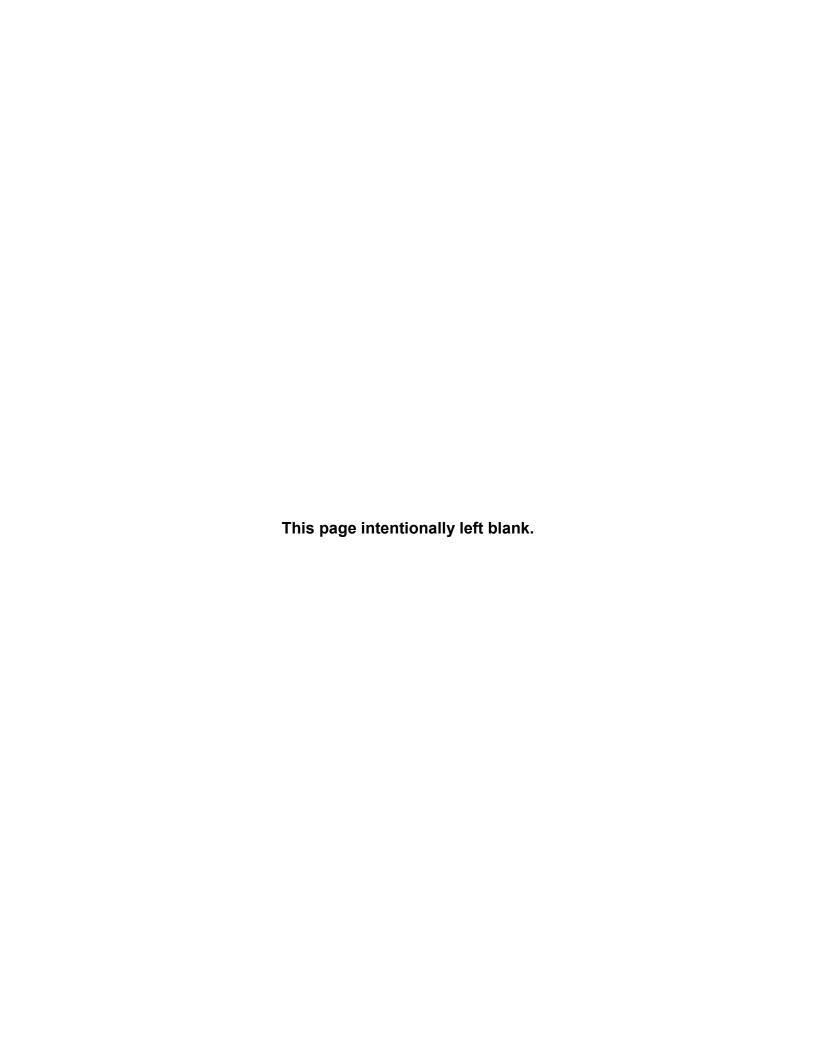


STARK COUNTY DECEMBER 31, 2020

TABLE OF CONTENTS

TITLE	PAGE
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by Government Auditing Standards	1
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	3
Prepared by Management:	
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	7
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	15
Schedule of Findings	17

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report is attached





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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Stark County 110 Central Plaza South Canton, Ohio 44702

To the County Commissioners:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate discretely presented component units and remaining fund information of Stark County, (the County) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated August 26, 2021. We noted the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures which may impact subsequent period of the County. Our report refers to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the Stark County Port Authority, a component unit of the County, as described in our report on the County's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that those auditors separately reported.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinion on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the County's financial statements. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

Efficient • Effective • Transparent

Stark County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Required by Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the financial statements. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the County's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

August 26, 2021



Conference Center, Suite 154 6000 Frank Ave. NW North Canton, OH 44720 EastRegion@ohioauditor.gov (800) 443-9272

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Stark County 110 Central Plaza South Canton, Ohio 44702

To the County Commissioners:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Stark County's (the County) compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect each of Stark County's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2020. The *Summary of Auditor's Results* in the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the County's major federal programs.

Management's Responsibility

The County's Management is responsible for complying with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the County's compliance for each of the County's major federal programs based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). These standards and the Uniform Guidance require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on each of the County's major programs. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance.

Stark County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over
Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance
Page 2

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Stark County complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2020.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The County's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control over compliance tests and the results of this testing based on Uniform Guidance requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Stark County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over
Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance
Page 3

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have also audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate discretely-presented component units and remaining fund information of Stark County (the County) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's financial statements. We issued our unmodified report thereon dated August 26, 2021, wherein we noted the financial statements of the Stark County Port Authority, a component unit of the County, were audited by other auditors. Our opinion also explained that the County included a disclosure regarding the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures. We conducted our audit to opine on the County's financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards presents additional analysis required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the financial statements. The schedule is management's responsibility, and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records management used to prepare the financial statements. We subjected this schedule to the auditing procedures we applied to the financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this schedule directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this schedule is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

August 26, 2021

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	Federal CFDA	Pass Through	Passed Through	
Federal Grantor/SubGrantor/Program Title	Number	Grantor's Number	to Subrecipients	Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY				
Passed through the Ohio Office of Budget and Management COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund (C)	21.019	N/A	\$ 1,030,792	\$ 14,378,593
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY			1,030,792	14,378,593
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SEI	RVICES			
<u>Direct</u> Comprehensive Community Mental Health Services for Children with Serious Emotional Disturbances (D) Comprehensive Community	93.104	1H79SM063425	108,912	828,238
Mental Health Services for Children with Serious Emotional Disturbances (D) Total Comprehensive Community	93.104	1H79SM082978	-	6,667
Mental Health Services for Children with Serious Emotional Disturbances (D)			108,912	834,905
<u>Direct</u> Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Projects of Regional and National Significance (D)	93.243	1H79SP081170	_	16,497
<u>Direct</u> Elder Abuse Prevention Interventions Program (N)	93.747	90EJIG000102		35,204
Medicaid Cluster Passed Through Ohio Department of Job and Family Services Medical Assistance Program - MAC (A) Medical Assistance Program (M) Total Medical Assistance Program/Medicaid Cluster	93.778 93.778	N/A G-2021-11-5993	<u>-</u>	1,085,032 5,348,131 6,433,163
Passed Through Ohio Department of Mental Health and Addiction Services Opioid STR	93.788	FY2019	325,705	325,705
<u>Title XXI - State Children's Insurance Program</u> <u>Passed Through Ohio Department of</u> <u>Job and Family Services</u> Children's Health Insurance Program (M)	93.767	G-2021-11-5993		59,849
Title XX - Social Services Block Grant Passed Through Ohio Department of Job and Family Services Social Services Block Grant (A) Social Services Block Grant (M)	93.667 93.667	FY2020 G-2021-11-5993	- 443,150	249,218 8,791,736
Passed Through Ohio Department of Mental Health and Addiction Services Social Services Block Grant (D) Total Social Services Block Grant	93.667	FY2021	80,610 523,760	80,610 9,121,564

Federal Grantor/SubGrantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Grantor's Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Expenditures
_				
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES (Continued)				
<u>Passed Through Ohio Department of</u> <u>Mental Health and Addiction Services</u>				
COVID-19 Emergency Grants to Address	00.005	11705000000	54.000	04.404
Mental and Substance Use Disorder (D)	93.665	H79FG000202	51,838	94,184
Passed Through Ohio Department of Mental Health and Addiction Services				
Block Grant for Community Mental Health Services (D)	93.958	FY2019	97,539	97,539
Block Grant for Community	93.958	FY2020	129,325	129,325
Mental Health Services (D)			,	,
Block Grant for Community Mental Health Services (D)	93.958	FY2021	143,776	145,956
Total Block Grants for Community				
Mental Health Services			<u>370,640</u>	372,820
Passed Through Ohio Department of				
Job and Family Services				
Promoting Safe and Stable Families (M)	93.556	G-2021-11-5993		280,343
Passed Through Ohio Department of Mental Health and Addiction Services				
Projects for Assistance in Transition	93.150	FY2020	78,185	78,185
from Homeless (D)				
Projects for Assistance in Transition from Homeless (D)	93.150	FY2021	16,212	16,212
Total Projects for Assistance in Transition				
from Homeless			94,397	94,397
Passed Through Ohio Department of				
Mental Health and Addiction Services				
Block Grants for Prevention and Treatment of	93.959	FY2020	956,510	1,225,633
Substance Abuse (D)	00.000	1 12020	000,010	1,220,000
Block Grants for Prevention and Treatment of Substance Abuse (D)	93.959	FY2021	605,989	979,549
Passed Through Drug Free Action Alliance				
Block Grants for Prevention and				0.500
Treatment of Substance Abuse (D)	93.959	FY2020		2,500
Total Block Grants for Prevention and			1 562 400	2 207 692
Treatment of Substance Abuse			<u>1,562,499</u>	2,207,682
TANF Cluster				
Passed Through Ohio Department of				
Job and Family Services				
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	G-2021-11-5993	300,261	6,600,582
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (M) Total Temporary Assistance for	3 3.336	G-2021-11-0880		
Needy Families/TANF Cluster			300,261	6,600,582
.,				

Federal Grantor/SubGrantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Grantor's Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Expenditures
rederal Grantol/SubGrantol/Flogram Title	Number	Grantor's Number	to Subrecipients	Lxperiditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES (Continued)				
CCDF Cluster Passed Through Ohio Department of Job and Family Services Child Care Development Block Grant (M) Total Child Care Development Block Grant/CCDF Cluster	93.575	G-2021-11-5993	<u>-</u>	483,164 483,164
Passed Through Ohio Department of Job and Family Services Child Welfare Services (M)	93.645	G-2021-11-5993		191,834
Passed Through Ohio Department of Job and Family Services Foster Care - Title IV-E (M) Foster Care - Title IV-E (G) Total Foster Care - Title IV-E	93.658 93.658	G-2021-11-5993 G-1819-06-0140	- - -	2,566,935 586,428 3,153,363
Passed Through Ohio Department of Job and Family Services Chaffee Foster Care Program for Successful Transition to Adulthood (M)	93.674	G-2021-11-5993	-	85,854
Passed Through Ohio Department of Job and Family Services Child Support Enforcement Research (M)	93.564	G-2021-11-5993		210,580
Passed Through Ohio Department of Job and Family Services Child Support Enforcement (M)	93.563	G-2021-11-5993		3,655,361
Passed Through Ohio Department of Job and Family Services Adoption Assistance (M)	93.659	G-2021-11-5993		2,054,194
<u>Passed Through Ohio Department of Health</u> Preventive Health and Health Services Block Grant (D)	93.991	FY2020	-	55,674
Preventive Health and Health Services Block Grant (D) Total Preventive Health and Health Services Block Grant	93.991	FY2021	.	3,556 59,230
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES			3,338,012	36,370,475

Federal Grantor/SubGrantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Grantor's Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Expenditures
	- Itamber	Grantor o Hambor	to oubrecipients	Ехропакагоо
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT				
CDBG - Entitlement Grants Cluster Direct				
Community Development Block Grants/ Entitlement Grants (C)	14.218	B17UC390005	-	1,666
Community Development Block Grants/ Entitlement Grants (C)	14.218	B18UC390005	-	54,645
Community Development Block Grants/ Entitlement Grants (C)	14.218	B19UC390005	56,569	679,761
Community Development Block Grants/ Entitlement Grants (C)	14.218	B20UC390005	59,249	101,943
December 17 through the O'ther 1 October			115,819	838,015
Passed Through the City of Canton Community Development Block Grants/ Entitlement Grants (D)	14.218	FY2020	-	47,413
Community Development Block Grants/	14.218	FY2021	_	2,671
Entitlement Grants (D)				50,084
Passed Through the City of Alliance				
Community Development Block Grants/ Entitlement Grants (D)	14.218	SFY 2020	-	4,052
Community Development Block Grants/ Entitlement Grants (D)	14.218	SFY 2021	<u> </u>	4,032
				8,084
Passed Through the City of Massillon Community Development Block Grants/ Entitlement Grants (D)	14.218	SFY 2020	-	4,801
Community Development Block Grants/	14.218	SFY 2021	_	4,018
Entitlement Grants (D)				8,819
Total CDBG Entitlement Grants Cluster			115,819	905,002
Passed Through the City of Canton				
Emergency Solutions Grant Program (D)	14.231	FY2020	-	1,341
Emergency Solutions Grant Program (D)	14.231	FY2021	<u>-</u>	17,297 18,638
Passed Through the Ohio Development Services Agency				
Emergency Solutions Grant Program (D)	14.231	S-L-18-1D1-2	130,724	130,724
Emergency Solutions Grant Program (D)	14.231	S-L-18-1D1-3	<u>144,394</u> 275,118	<u>144,394</u> 275,118
				275,110
Total Emergency Solutions Grant Program			275,118	293,756
<u>Direct</u>				
Supportive Housing Program (D) Supportive Housing Program (D)	14.235 14.235	FY2020 FY2021	-	94,580 15,420
Total Supportive Housing Program Total Supportive Housing Program	14.200	FIZUZI		110,000

	Federal CFDA	Pass Through	Passed Through	
Federal Grantor/SubGrantor/Program Title	Number	Grantor's Number	to Subrecipients	Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT (Continued)				
<u>Direct</u> Continuum of Care Program (D) Continuum of Care Program (D) Total Continuum of Care Program	14.267 14.267	FY2020 FY2021	- - -	73,943 1,623 75,566
Direct HOME Investment Partnerships Program (C) HOME Investment Partnerships Program (C) HOME Investment Partnerships Program (C) Total HOME Investment Partnerships Program TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND	14.239 14.239 14.239	M-17DC390204 M-18DC390204 M-19DC390204	26,151 123,083 19,252 168,486	34,358 349,207 168,946 552,511
URBAN DEVELOPMENT			559,422	<u>1,936,835</u>
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE				
Child Nutrition Cluster Passed Through Ohio Department of Education National School Lunch Program (A) Total National School Lunch Program/ Child Nutrition Cluster	10.555	FY2020	<u>-</u>	26,481 26,481
SNAP Cluster <u>Passed Through Ohio Department of</u> <u>Job and Family Services</u> Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (M) Total Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program/SNAP Cluster	10.561	G-2021-11-5993	<u>-</u>	1,722,869 1,722,869
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			_	1,749,350
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY				
Passed Through Ohio Department of Mental Health and Addiction Services Crisis Counseling (D)	97.032	FY2021	54,638	54,638
Passed Through Ohio Department of Emergency Management Agency Emergency Management Performance Grant (L) Emergency Management Performance Grant (L) Total Emergency Management Performance Grant	97.042 97.042	EMW-2020-EP-00003-S01 EMW-2021-EP-00008-S01		81,544 58,380 139,924
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECUR	ITY		54,638	194,562
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				
Special Education Cluster Passed Through Ohio Department of Education	04.00=	00000107075515		00.400
Special Education - Grants to States (A)	84.027	0663246BSF2019	_	96,162
Special Education - Preschool Grants (A) Total Special Education Cluster	84.173	066324PGS12019	<u> </u>	10,282 106,444
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			-	106,444

	Federal CFDA	Pass Through	Passed Through	
Federal Grantor/SubGrantor/Program Title	Number	Grantor's Number	to Subrecipients	Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE				
Passed Through Ohio Governor's Office of Criminal Justice Services (Justice Assistance Ad	<u>ct)</u>			
Violence Against Women Formula Grants (H)	16.588	2018WFVA28217A	-	29,999
Violence Against Women Formula Grants (H)	16.588	2019WFVA28217	-	19,999
Violence Against Women Formula Grants (E)	16.588	2019WFVA28212	-	27,573
Violence Against Women Formula Grants (E)	16.588	2018WFVA28212A		19,999
Total Violence Against Women Formula Grants				97,570
COVID-19 Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding Program (H)	16.034	2020DJBX0692		16,113
Byrne Memorial Justice				
Assistance Grant Program (H)	16.738	2109JGA016448	-	15,812
Byrne Memorial Justice	16.738	2019DJBX0438	_	4,488
Assistance Grant Program (H)	10.736	2019DJBA0436		+,+00
Total Byrne Memorial Justice			-	20,300
Assistance Grant Program				
Passed Through Ohio State Attorney General				
(Victim of Crime Act)				
Crime Victim Assistance (E)	16.575	2020VOCA132924162	-	216,129
Crime Victim Assistance (E)	16.575	2021VOCA134152266	-	76,705
Crime Victim Assistance (M)	16.575	2020VOCA132924105	-	9,615
Crime Victim Assistance (M)	16.575	2021VOCA134152258	-	1,984
Crime Victim Assistance (G)	16.575	2019VOCA132136868		62,568
Total Crime Victim Assistance			-	<u>367,001</u>
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE			_	500,984
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION				
Highway Planning and Construction Cluster				
Passed Through Office of the				
Governor's Highway Safety Representative	00.005	400005		00.044
Highway Planning and Construction (I) Highway Planning and Construction (I)	20.205 20.205	103225 103288	-	66,911
Highway Planning and Construction (I)	20.205	104113	-	164,251 250,000
Highway Planning and Construction (I)	20.205	104663	- -	162,506
Highway Planning and Construction (I)	20.205	104739	-	129,290
Highway Planning and Construction (I)	20.205	104822	-	661,961
Highway Planning and Construction (I)	20.205	104823	-	371,296
Highway Planning and Construction (I)	20.205	104842	-	803,853
Highway Planning and Construction (I)	20.205	105396	-	150,000
Highway Planning and Construction (I)	20.205	107649	-	62,777
Highway Planning and Construction (I)	20.205	110196	-	325,000
Highway Planning and Construction (I) Highway Planning and Construction (I)	20.205 20.205	110515 89022	-	94,068 11,375
Highway Planning and Construction (I)	20.205	99853	- -	11,375 1,077,440
Highway Planning and Construction (I)	20.205	99948	-	826,497
Total Highway Planning and Construction/				
Highway Planning and Construction Cluster				5,157,225

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Federal Grantor/SubGrantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Grantor's Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Expenditures
redetal Grantor/SubGrantor/Program Title	Number	Grantor's Number	to Subrecipients	Experiorures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION (Contin	<u>ued)</u>			
Highway Safety Cluster				
State and Community Highway Safety (H)	20.600	SC-2021-76-00-00-00452-00	-	2,119
State and Community Highway Safety (H)	20.600	SC-2020-76-00-00-00452-00	-	8,376
State and Community Highway Safety (H)	20.600	ISE-2021-76-00-00-00381-00	-	5,248
State and Community Highway Safety (H)	20.600	ISE-2020-76-00-00-00381-00	-	8,778
State and Community Highway Safety (H)	20.600	GG-2021-76-00-00-00617-00	-	30,727
State and Community Highway Safety (H)	20.600	GG-2020-76-00-00-00617-00		127,982
Total State and Community Highway Safety			<u>-</u>	183,230
National Priority Safety Programs (H)	20.616	OVIT-2021-76-00-00-00488-00	-	8,395
National Priority Safety Programs (H)	20.616	OVIT-2020-76-00-00-00655-00	_	46,397
National Priority Safety Programs (H)	20.616	DDEP-2020-76-00-00-00381-00	_	1,462
National Priority Safety Programs (H)	20.616	DDEP-2021-76-00-00-00381-00	-	1,589
Total National Priority Safety Programs				57,843
Tatal Highway Cafaty Chatay				241,073
Total Highway Safety Cluster			<u>-</u>	241,073
Minimum Penalties for Repeat Offenders for	20.608	ISE-2021-76-00-00-00381-00	_	11,293
Driving While Intoxicated (H)	20.000	132-2021-70-00-00-00301-00	_	11,230
Minimum Penalties for Repeat Offenders for	20.608	ISE-2020-76-00-00-00381-00	_	3,236
Driving While Intoxicated (H)				
Total Minimum Penalties for Repeat Offenders for Driving While Intoxicated				14,529
Driving write intoxicated				
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION				5,412,827
ELECTION ASSISTANCE COMMISSION				
Passed Through Ohio Secretary of State				
HAVA Election Security Grant (K)	90.404	FY2019	-	49,922
HAVA Election Security Grant (K)	90.404	FY2020	-	68,537
COVID-19 HAVA Election Security Grant (K)	90.404	FY2020	-	292,908
HAVA Election Security Grant (K)	90.404	FY2021		14,673
Total HAVA Election Security Grant			<u>-</u>	426,040
TOTAL ELECTION ASSISTANCE COMMISSION				426,040
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR				
Passed Through Office of				
Ohio Department of Natural Resources				
Flood Control Act Lands (B)	15.433	FY2019	_	3,743
, ,	10100	1 12010		
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR			-	3,743
TOTAL FEDERAL ASSISTANCE			\$ 4.982.864	<u>\$ 61.079.853</u>

The accompanying notes to the Schedule are an integral part of this Schedule.

The following represent the recipient departments:

(A) Board of Developmental Disabilities	(H) Sheriff's Office
(B) Auditor	(I) County Engineer
(C) County Commissioners	(J) Court of Common Pleas
(D) Mental Health and Addiction Recovery	(K) Board Of Elections
(E) Prosecuting Attorney	(L) Emergency Preparedness Agency
(F) Sanitary Engineer	(M) Job and Family Services
(G) Family Court	(N) Probate Court

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STARK COUNTY

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Stark County (the County) under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2020. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the County.

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE C - INDIRECT COST RATE

The County has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE D - SUBRECIPIENTS

The County passes certain federal awards received from the Ohio Office of Budget and Management, U.S. Department of Homeland Security, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, the Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, the U.S. Department of Treasury, and the Ohio Department of Mental Health and Addiction Services to other governments or not-for-profit agencies (subrecipients). As Note B describes, the County reports expenditures of Federal awards to subrecipients when paid in cash.

As a subrecipient, the County has certain compliance responsibilities, such as monitoring its subrecipients to help assure they use these subawards as authorized by laws, regulations, and the provisions of contracts or grant agreements, and that subrecipients achieve the award's performance goals.

NOTE E - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The County commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the County assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE F - MATCHING REQUIREMENTS

Certain Federal programs require the County to contribute non-Federal funds (matching funds) to support the Federally-funded programs. The County has met its matching requirements. The Schedule does not include the expenditure of non-Federal matching funds.

Stark County Notes to the Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures Page 2

NOTE G - TRANSFERS BETWEEN PROGRAM YEARS

Federal regulations require entities to obligate certain federal awards by June 30. However, with Ohio Department of Education's consent, entities can transfer unobligated amounts to the subsequent fiscal year's program. The Stark Board of Developmental Disabilities transferred the following amounts from 2020 to 2021 programs:

	<u>CFDA</u>	4	<u>Amt. </u>
Program Title	<u>Number</u>	<u>Trai</u>	nsferred
Special Education - IDEA	84.027	\$	2,233

NOTE H - TRANSFERS BETWEEN FEDERAL PROGRAMS

During fiscal year 2020, the County made allowable transfers of \$7,915,207 from the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) (93.558) program to the Social Services Block Grant (SSBG) (93.667) program. The Schedule shows the County spent approximately \$6,600,582 on the TANF program. The amount reported for the TANF program on the Schedule excludes the amount transferred to the SSBG program. The amount transferred to the SSBG program is included as SSBG expenditures when disbursed. The following table shows the gross amount drawn for the TANF program during fiscal year 2020 and the amount transferred to the Social Services Block Grant program.

Temporary Assistance for Needy Families \$ 14,515,789
Transfer to Social Services Block Grant (7,915,207) **Total Temporary Assistance for Needy Families** \$ 6,600,582

STARK COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 DECEMBER 31, 2020

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund, CFDA #21.019, Medicaid Cluster, CFDA #93.778 and Temporary Assistance for Needy Families, CFDA #93.558
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$1,832,396 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR § 200.520?	Yes

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None

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Stark County, Ohio

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020



Alan HaroldStark County Auditor

Prepared by The Stark County Auditor's Office



STARK COUNTY, OHIOComprehensive Annual Financial Report
For the Year Ended December 31, 2020 Table of Contents

I. INTRODUCTORY SECTION	Page
Title Page	i
Table of Contents	ii
Transmittal Letter	
List of Elected Officials	
Organizational Chart	
GFOA Certificate of Achievement	X1
II. FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditor's Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	17
Statement of Activities	18
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	20
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	24
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -	
Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis)	
General Fund	
Board of Developmental Disabilities Fund	
Mental Health Fund	
Public Assistance Fund	
Justice System Sales Tax Fund.	
Statement of Fund Net Position – Proprietary Funds	
Statement of 1 and Net 1 ostilon – 1 toprictary 1 and 5	54
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position – Proprietary Funds	35
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	36
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds	37
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds	38

STARK COUNTY, OHIOComprehensive Annual Financial Report
For the Year Ended December 31, 2020 Table of Contents

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	39
Required Supplementary Information	
Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	90
Schedule of the County's Contributions - Pension	100
Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	100
Schedule of the County's Contributions – OPEB	
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information.	
Combining Statements and Individual Fund Schedules:	
Combining Statements – Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	
Fund Descriptions.	108
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	120
Tund Datanees – Normajor Governmentar Tunds	120
Combining Statements – Nonmajor Enterprise Funds:	
Fund Descriptions	130
Combining Statement of Net Position – Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in	131
Fund Net Position – Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	132
Combining Statement of Cash Flows – Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	
Combining Statement of Cash Flows – Nominajor Enterprise Funds	133
Combining Statements – Internal Service Funds:	
Fund Descriptions	134
Combining Statement of Net Position – Internal Service Funds	
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in	133
Fund Net Position – Internal Service Funds	126
Combining Statement of Cash Flows – Internal Service Funds	13/
Combining Statements – Fiduciary Funds:	
Fund Descriptions	138
Combining Statement of Net Position – Private Purpose Trust Funds	
Combining Statement of Net Position – Custodial Funds	140
Combining Statement of Changes in Net Position – Private Purpose Trust Funds	141
Combining Statement of Changes in Net Position – Custodial Funds	
Individual Fund Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures/Expenses and Changes in	
Fund Balance/Fund Equity - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis):	
Major Funds	
Nonmajor Funds	152

STARK COUNTY, OHIOComprehensive Annual Financial Report
For the Year Ended December 31, 2020 Table of Contents

III. STATISTICAL SECTION

Table of Contents	.192
Net Position by Component – Last Ten Years	S 1
Changes in Net Position – Primary Government – Last Ten Years	. S2
Fund Balances – Governmental Funds – Last Ten Years	S4
Change in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds – Last Ten Years	S6
Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property – Last Ten Years	S 8
Property Tax Rates – Direct and Overlapping Governments – Last Ten Years	S9
Property Tax Levies and Collections – Real and Public Utility – Last Ten Years	S11
Property Tax Levies and Collections – Tangible Personal – Last Ten Years	S12
Principal Taxpayers – Real Estate Tax – Current and Nine Years Ago	S13
Principal Taxpayers – Public Utility Tangible Personal Property Tax – Current and Nine Years Ago	S14
Sales Tax Revenue by Industry – Current and Previous Year	S15
Special Assessments Billed and Collected – Last Ten Years	S16
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type – Last Ten Years	S17
Computation of Legal Debt Margin – Current Year	S18
Demographic and Economic Statistics – Last Ten Years	S19
Principal Employers – Current and Nine Years Ago	S20
Government Employees by Function – Last Ten Years	S21
Operating Indicators by Function – Last Ten Years	S22
Capital Asset Indicators by Function – Last Ten Years	. S23







Stark County Office Building 110 Central Plaza South, Suite 220 Canton, OH 44702-1410 Phone (330)-451-7357 Fax (330)-451-7630

August 26, 2021

To the Citizens of Stark County and to the Board of Stark County Commissioners

Honorable William Smith, President Honorable Richard Regula, Vice President Honorable Janet Weir-Creighton

Dear Citizens and Commissioners:

I am pleased to present the Stark County Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the year ended December 31, 2020. It is required by State Law that the County publish, within five months of the close of each fiscal year, a complete set of financial statements, which are then required to be audited. This report is the result of those requirements and conforms to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that has been established for this purpose. The objective is to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements, as the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits.

The Auditor of State of Ohio's office has issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on Stark County's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020. The Independent Auditor's Report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the Independent Auditor's Report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complement this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

FORM OF GOVERNMENT AND REPORTING ENTITY

Stark County, established in 1808, is located in Northeastern Ohio and covers an area of 567 square miles and includes 17 townships, 12 villages and 6 cities, the largest of which is the City of Canton, the County Seat, and the ninth largest city in the State.

The County has only those powers conferred upon it by Ohio Statutes. To govern the County, a three-member board of County Commissioners is elected at large in even-numbered years for overlapping four-year terms. The Board of Commissioners serves as the taxing authority, the contracting body, and the chief administrator of public services for the County. The Commissioners create and adopt the annual operating budget and prepare the annual appropriation measure for expenditures of all County funds. In addition to the Board of Commissioners, the offices of County Auditor and County Treasurer, grouped under the category of general government, are of particular importance to the financial affairs of the County.

The County Auditor is elected to a four-year term. One of the Auditor's most important functions is the task of assessing real property for tax purposes. Under State law, a complete reappraisal must be conducted every six years as well as a triennial update between appraisals. The office completed its most recent reappraisal in tax year 2018, and is in the process of completing its 2021 triennial update. This update will reflect a strong real estate market locally, reflective over overall state trends. The Auditor serves as Chief Financial Officer of the County, which includes statutory accounting responsibilities for both Finance and Payroll.

State law requires the Treasurer to collect certain locally assessed taxes. The Treasurer is the distributing agent for expenditures authorized by the Board upon the Auditor's warrant. Other Stark County elected officials are the Prosecuting Attorney, the Clerk of Courts, the Recorder, the Sheriff, the Engineer, nine Common Pleas Judges (five General Division Judges, three Domestic Relations/Juvenile Division Judges, and one Probate Court Judge) and the County Coroner.

The County provides its citizens with a wide range of services including general government (legislative, executive, judicial), public safety, public works, human services, health, conservation and recreation, economic development and water and sewer services. The Ohio Court of Appeals Fifth Appellate District, which resides in Stark County, serves fifteen counties.

All funds, agencies, boards, and commissions making up Stark County (the Primary Government) and its Component Units, in accordance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14 "The Financial Reporting Entity" as amended by GASB statement No. 39 "Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units" and GASB statement No. 61 "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34" are included for financial reporting purposes. The County's primary government includes the financial activities of the Department of Job and Family Services, the Children's Services Advisory and Advocacy Council, the Board of Mental Health and Recovery Services, and all departments and activities that are directly operated by the elected County officials.

Component units are legally separate organizations which are fiscally dependent on the County or for which the County is financially accountable. The Stark County Transportation Improvement District, a discrete component unit, was not considered material. The Stark County Land Reutilization Corporation and the Stark County Port Authority have been included as discretely presented component units.

The County serves as fiscal officer and custodian of funds but is not financially accountable for the Stark Council of Governments, the Stark County District Board of Health, the Stark County Regional Planning Commission, the Multi-County Juvenile Attention System, the Stark County Park District, the Stark Soil and Water Conservation District, and the Stark Regional Community Corrections Center, whose activities are included in this report as custodial funds.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

Local Economy

Over the past 20 years, Stark County has had the same shift in its employment base as many other parts of the country have. Service and education have taken the place of manufacturing, and that is evident from the list of top 10 employers. Aultman Health Foundation tops the list again this year, with Mercy Medical Center (now part of Cleveland Clinic Foundation) in the top 10. Canton City Board of Education and Stark State College remain dominant service side employers as well. In a community with a long and rich history in manufacturing, only Timken Company and TimkenSteel Corporation remain at the top within this sector.

While calendar 2020 was mired in the effects of COVID-19, our local economy bounced back as strong as ever. Revenue declines, though predicted, never appreciably materialized. County departments controlled expenses. These two important facts, along with \$19.3 million in federal CARES Act dollars, contributed to a solid year end and strong balance sheet. Unemployment, at 12.6% in May 2020, returned to a more normalized 5.3% in May 2021.

The County is home to the National Professional Football Hall of Fame, which is located in the City of Canton and attracts more than 225,000 visitors annually and is undergoing an ambitious redevelopment. We are blessed to have this national treasure as the driving force behind our County's vibrant tourism industry. Higher education is an important part of Stark County's economic landscape. Malone University, Walsh University, University of Mount Union, Kent State – Stark, and Stark State College of Technology are important partners in workforce training as they prepare students for meaningful work and fulfilling lives.

Stark County government has a ½% criminal justice sales tax, which was renewed in May 2017 to run through March 31, 2028. We are grateful to the citizens for this critical investment in its county government. The Commissioners continue to invest in restoring services to the public as well as in neglected infrastructure across county-owned property. In preparing the County budget this year, the Commissioners stressed the need for good stewardship of the County's resources. The budget was crafted in a way to keep services sustainable over the next five years. Stark County residents and visitors enjoy the lowest sales tax in the State of Ohio, and together we continue to make Stark County a great place to live and work.

Long Range Planning

Economic development is critical to both the short and long term success of the region. The County is engaged with Carroll and Columbiana counties to study and plan the expansion of Route 30. The County realizes the seriousness of drainage problems across the region and continues in its planning to address these needs. The Stark County Engineer's Office is responsible for maintaining the County roads, bridges, and storm sewers, and its investments in this infrastructure helps prepare our County for future growth and a safer community. The Stark County Land Reutilization Corporation ("land bank") works with each political subdivision to address blight that has been both decades in the making and as a result of the national mortgage crisis.

Improving Accountability

The Stark County Auditor's Office is committed to transparency, accountability, and efficiency not only in the Auditor's Office but across County government. The Auditor and Treasurer continue to hold monthly meetings with the Commissioners in an effort to keep both the board and the public aware of the County's financial condition. The Auditor's Office continues to find ways to streamline its processes and hopes to make significant improvements to its financial and payroll systems within the coming year.

CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT FOR EXCELLENCE IN FINANCIAL REPORTING

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Stark County for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the year ended December 31, 2019.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement Program requirements, and we will submit it to the GFOA this year, as in each year past.

Additionally, the Auditor of State of Ohio presented an audit we are rightly proud of for the ninth consecutive year, inclusive of each year I have had the privilege of serving in this role. It is truly my honor to receive this acknowledgment on behalf of the staff and the fiscal managers around the County for their job well-done.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

I appreciate the cooperation between the various elected officials, County departments, Rea & Associates, and my fiscal and technical staffs in assembling this report. As elected officials, we are honored to accept responsibility as stewards of the public's finances and trust. Every day we must do all we can to earn and to keep the trust of the people of our community, and we are grateful for the opportunity.

Sincerely,

Alan Harold

Stark County Auditor

Elected Officials
December 31, 2020

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS

Janet Weir Creighton

Richard R. Regula Bill C. Smith

COUNTY AUDITOR Alan C. Harold

COUNTY CORONER Anthony P. Bertin

COUNTY ENGINEER Keith A. Bennett

COUNTY PROSECUTOR John D. Ferrero

COUNTY RECORDER Rick M. Campbell

COUNTY SHERIFF George T. Maier

COUNTY TREASURER Alex A. Zumbar

CLERK OF COURTS Louis P. Giavasis

COMMON PLEAS JUDGES Kristin G. Farmer

Frank G. Forchione Chryssa N. Hartnett Natalie R. Haupt Taryn L. Heath

FAMILY COURT JUDGES Rosemarie A. Hall

Jim D. James David R. Nist

PROBATE COURT JUDGE Dixlene N. Park

OHIO COURT OF APPEALS FIFTH APPELLATE DISTRICT

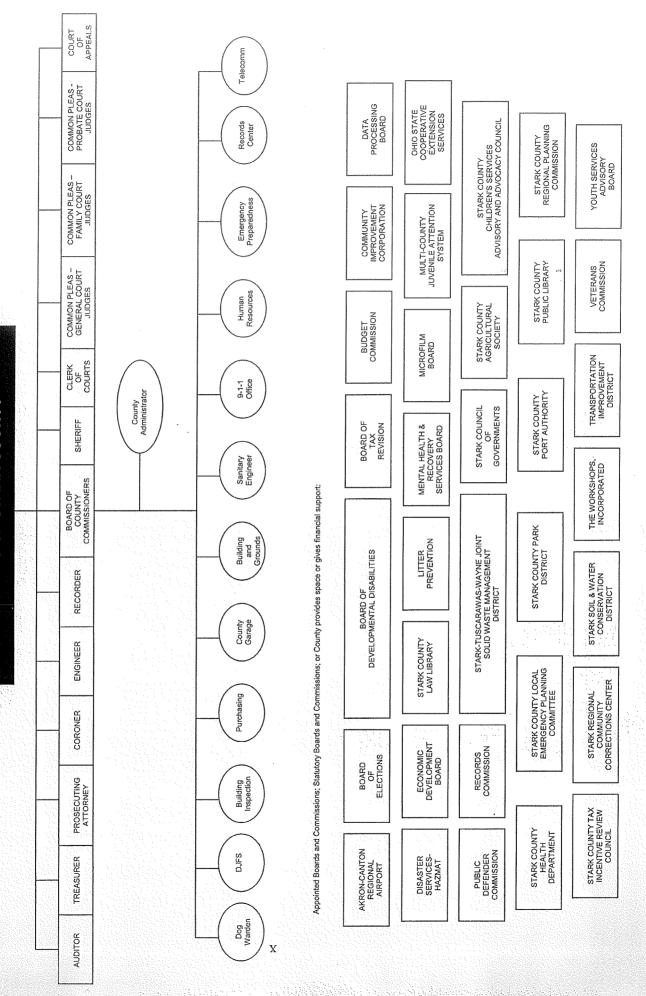
Craig R. Baldwin

Patricia A. Delaney W. Scott Gwin William B. Hoffman

Earle E. Wise, Jr. John W. Wise

STARK COUNTY GOVERNMENT ORGANIZATIONAL CHART

VOTERS OF STARK COUNTY





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Stark County Ohio

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2019

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



Financial Section





Conference Center, Suite 154 6000 Frank Ave. NW North Canton, OH 44720 EastRegion@ohioauditor.gov (800) 443-9272

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Stark County 110 Central Plaza South Canton, Ohio 44702

To the County Commissioners:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate discretely presented component units and the remaining fund information of Stark County, Ohio (the County), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Stark County Port Authority, which represents 12.22 percent, 0.86 percent, and 0.40 percent, respectively, of the assets and deferred outflows, fund balance/net position, and revenues/additions of the aggregate discretely presented component units and remaining fund information. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Stark County Port Authority, is based solely on the report of other auditors. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' Government Auditing Standards. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the County's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Efficient • Effective • Transparent

Stark County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Opinion

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate discretely presented component units and the remaining fund information of Stark County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows, thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General, Board of Developmental Disabilities, Mental Health, Children's Services, Public Assistance and Justice System Sales Tax Funds thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 23 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the County. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *management's discussion and analysis*, and schedules of net pension and other post-employment benefit liabilities and pension and other post-employment benefit contributions listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the County's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The introductory section, the financial section's combining statements, individual fund statements and schedules and the statistical section information present additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The statements and schedules are management's responsibility, and derive from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this information to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

We did not subject the introductory section and statistical section information to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion or any other assurance on them.

Stark County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 26, 2021, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

August 26, 2021

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Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Our discussion and analysis of Stark County's financial performance provides an overview of the County's financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020. Please read it in conjunction with the County's basic financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The County's net position increased by \$24 million as a result of this year's operations. Net position of business-type activities increased by \$4 million, or 3 percent, and net position of governmental activities increased by \$20 million, or 9 percent.
- All revenues related to governmental activities totaled \$280 million. General revenues accounted for \$123 million or 44 percent of the total. Program revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$157 million or 56 percent of the total.
- The County had \$260 million in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$157 million of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues were \$123 million, of which \$103 million was tax revenue with the remaining \$20 million from interest, grants, entitlements, and miscellaneous revenues.

USING THIS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

This annual financial report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the County as a whole and present a longer-term view of the County's finances. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the County's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the County's most financially significant funds.

REPORTING THE COUNTY AS A WHOLE

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

One of the most important questions asked about the County's finances is, "Is the County as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the County as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows using the *accrual basis of accounting*, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. Accrual of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the County's *net position* and changes in them. You can think of the County's net position, the difference between assets, what the citizens own, and liabilities, what the citizens owe, as one way to measure the County's financial health, or *financial position*. Over time, *increases or decreases* in the County's net position are one indicator of whether its *financial health* is improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider other non-financial factors such as changes in the County's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, and the condition of the County's capital assets (land, roads, building, water and sewer lines etc.) to assess the *overall health* of the County.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we divide the County into two types of activities:

Governmental Activities: Most of the County's basic services are reported here, including human services, health, public safety, public works and general government. These services are funded primarily by taxes and intergovernmental revenues including federal and state grants and other shared revenues.

Business-Type Activities: The County charges a fee to customers to help cover all or most of the cost of certain services it provides. The County's water, sewer and Sheriff's webcheck operations are reported here.

REPORTING THE COUNTY'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

Fund Financial Statement

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds, not the County as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law. However, the Board of Commissioners establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money. The County's three kinds of funds, governmental, proprietary and fiduciary use different accounting approaches.

Governmental funds: Most of the County's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the County's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps one determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the County's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliation alongside the fund financial statements.

Proprietary funds: When the County charges customers for the full cost of the services it provides whether to outside customers or to other units of the County, these services are reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. In fact, the County's enterprise funds (a component of proprietary funds) are the same as the business-type activities we report in the government-wide statements but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows, for proprietary funds. We use internal service funds, such as the County's Health Insurance and Workers' Compensation Insurance funds, (the other component of proprietary funds) to report activities that provide insurance to the County's other programs and activities.

Fiduciary funds: Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the County. They are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The County's fiduciary funds are private purpose trust and custodial.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

THE COUNTY AS A WHOLE

The *Statement of Net Position* provides the perspective of the County as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the County's net position for 2020 compared to 2019:

			ble 1			
			Position			
		overnmental Activitie			Business-Type Activiti	
	2020	2019	Change	2020	2019	Change
Assets						
Current & Other Assets	\$ 355,099,803	\$ 310,443,590	\$ 44,656,213	\$ 42,442,086	\$ 40,216,783	\$ 2,225,303
Net Pension/OPEB Asset	449,503	510,000	(60,497)	-	-	(2.5.47.521)
Capital Assets, Net	212,853,788	217,562,304	(4,708,516)	192,032,472	194,579,993	(2,547,521)
Total Assets	568,403,094	528,515,894	39,887,200	234,474,558	234,796,776	(322,218)
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Pension & OPEB	30,067,098	53,433,052	(23,365,954)	1,666,662	3,464,655	(1,797,993)
Total Deferred Outflows of Resource	30,067,098	53,433,052	(23,365,954)	1,666,662	3,464,655	(1,797,993)
Liabilities						
Other Liabilities	19,331,792	14,606,716	4,725,076	2,152,369	2,910,844	(758,475)
Long-Term Liabilities:						, , ,
Due Within One Year	10,604,020	9,878,916	725,104	4,712,382	5,397,905	(685,523)
Due In More Than One Year:	10,007,020	2,070,210	, 20,10,	7,712,502	0,00,7,00	(000,020)
Net Pension Liability	115,917,485	165,005,654	(49,088,169)	6,018,887	8,677,211	(2,658,324)
Net OPEB Liability	75,471,340	74,318,398	1,152,942	4,139,778	4,076,537	63,241
Other Amounts	24,198,104	23,900,216	297,888	53,229,334	57,502,801	(4,273,467)
Total Liabilities	245,522,741	287,709,900	(42,187,159)	70,252,750	78,565,298	(8,312,548)
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Property Taxes and Other	70,472,515	66,072,236	4,400,279	_	-	-
Pension & OPEB	41,403,122	7,184,128	34,218,994	2,182,854	253,697	1,929,157
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	111,875,637	73,256,364	38,619,273	2,182,854	253,697	1,929,157
Net Position						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	194,406,763	198,001,441	(3,594,678)	134,661,699	131,580,604	3,081,095
Restricted for:	,,.	, ,	(-,,,		,,,,,,,,,	-,,
Capital Projects	933,536	1,310,306	(376,770)	-	-	-
Debt Service	557,978	652,970	(94,992)	-	-	-
Special Programs	189,392,245	163,296,211	26,096,034	-	-	-
Unrestricted	(144,218,708)	(142,278,246)	(1,940,462)	29,043,917	27,861,832	1,182,085
Total Net Position	\$ 241,071,814	\$ 220,982,682	\$ 20,089,132	\$ 163,705,616	\$ 159,442,436	\$ 4,263,180

The net pension liability (NPL) is the largest single liability reported by the County at December 31, 2020 and is reported pursuant to GASB Statement 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27. The County adopted GASB Statement 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, which significantly revises accounting for costs and liabilities related to other postemployment benefits (OPEB). For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the County's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB 45) focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's *net pension liability* or *net OPEB liability*. GASB 68 and GASB 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

GASB 68 and GASB 75 require the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to equal the County's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service
- 2 Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the County is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan *as against the public employer*. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, the County's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability and net OPEB liability, respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

The County's net position is reflected in three categories, Net Investment in Capital Assets, Restricted, and Unrestricted.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

The largest portion of the County's net position (81 percent) reflects its net investment in capital assets, (e.g., land, building, machinery, equipment, infrastructure and construction in progress). The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets themselves cannot be used to pay these liabilities.

An additional portion of the County's net position (47 percent) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

There was a significant change in net pension liability for the County. These fluctuations are due to changes in the actuarial liabilities and related accruals that are passed through to the County's financial statements. All components of pension accruals contribute to the fluctuations in deferred outflows/inflows and net pension liability are described in more detail in Notes 11 and 12.

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Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

In order to further understand what makes up the changes in net position for the current year, the following table gives readers further details regarding the results of activities for 2020 and 2019.

Table 2Changes in Net Position

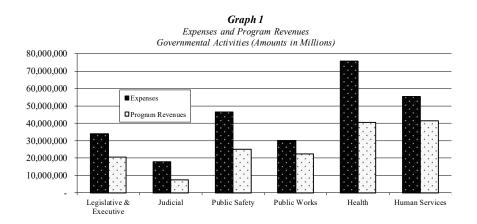
	G	Governmental Activiti	es	B	usiness-Type Activit	ies
	2020	2019	Change	2020	2019	Change
Revenues						
Program Revenues:	0 22 040 017	¢ 22.606.490	0 224.420	¢ 20.066.124	e 20.060.227	¢ 005.007
Charges for Services Operating Grants	\$ 33,840,917 117,889,245	\$ 33,606,489 108,828,246	\$ 234,428 9,060,999	\$ 29,966,124 8.000	\$ 29,060,237	\$ 905,887 8.000
Operating Grants Capital Grants	5,547,883	9,801,237	· · ·	8,000 1,398,121	2 674 201	(1,276,080)
Total Program Revenues	157,278,045	152,235,972	(4,253,354) 5,042,073	31,372,245	2,674,201 31,734,438	(362,193)
Total Program Revenues	137,270,043	132,233,9/2	3,042,073	31,3/2,243	31,/34,430	(302,193)
General Revenues						
Property Taxes	66,948,798	62,853,207	4,095,591	_	=	-
Sales Taxes	34,112,712	34,157,188	(44,476)	-	-	-
Other Local Taxes	1,897,020	3,168,778	(1,271,758)	-	-	-
Grants & Entitlements	11,001,001	11,139,550	(138,549)	-	-	-
Revenue in Lieu of Taxes	213,357	215,917	(2,560)	-	-	-
Gain on Sale of Assets	-	· -	-	14,370	=	14,370
Investment Earnings	2,623,307	5,961,449	(3,338,142)	· -	_	· -
Miscellaneous	6,231,204	4,549,952	1,681,252	190,190	150,763	39,427
Total General Revenues	123,027,399	122,046,041	981.358	204.560	150,763	53.797
Total Revenues	280,305,444	274,282,013	6,023,431	31,576,805	31,885,201	(308,396)
Program Expenses						
General Government						
Legislative and Executive	33,828,974	36,511,382	(2,682,408)	_	_	_
Judicial Systems	18,005,134	20,018,104	(2,012,970)	_	_	_
Public Safety	46,465,310	51,239,774	(4,774,464)	_	_	_
Public Works	30,183,951	24,679,858	5,504,093	_	_	_
Health	75,636,987	83,019,519	(7,382,532)	_	_	-
Human Services	55,577,840	60,829,998	(5,252,158)	_	_	_
Interest and Fiscal Charges	518,116	1,635,757	(1,117,641)	_	_	_
Enterprise Operations	,	-,,,,,,,,	(-,,,-,-)			
Sewer	-	_	-	26,307,182	27,090,947	(783,765)
Water	-	-	-	992,859	1,342,462	(349,603)
Sheriff's Webcheck	-	-	-	13,584	20,461	(6,877)
Total Expenses	260,216,312	277,934,392	(17,718,080)	27,313,625	28,453,870	(1,140,245)
Change in Net Position	20,089,132	(3,652,379)	23,741,511	4,263,180	3,431,331	831,849
Net Position Beginning of Year	220,982,682	224,635,061	(3,652,379)	159,442,436	156,011,105	3,431,331
Net Position End of Year	\$ 241,071,814	\$ 220,982,682	\$ 20,089,132	\$ 163,705,616	\$ 159,442,436	\$ 4,263,180
						

Governmental Activities

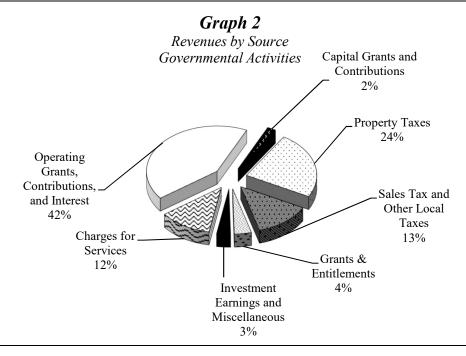
Governmental activities increased the County's net position. Key elements of this change are as follows:

Governmental expenses decreased by \$18 million while revenues increased by \$6 million. The decrease in expenses was primarily the result of a significant change in the County's net pension/OPEB liability as previously discussed.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2020



The largest program function of the governmental activities for the County is the health program. The next largest program was human services.

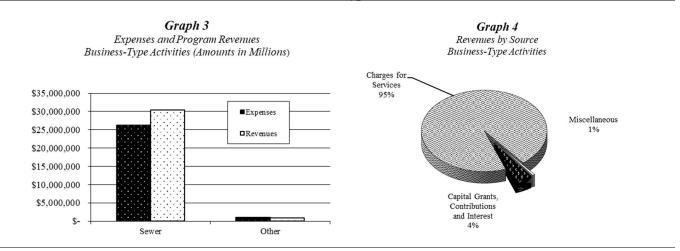


Operating grants were the largest type of program revenue for the County. The large increase in operating grants was primarily the result of CARES Act funding received by the County. The major recipients of intergovernmental program revenues were the Board of DD - \$15 million, Public Assistance - \$24 million, the Children Services Board - \$15 million and the Mental Health and Addiction Recovery Board - \$23 million. Direct charges to users of governmental services, another type of program revenue, made up \$34 million of total governmental program revenues. These charges include fees for real estate transfers, fees associated with the collection of property taxes, fines and forfeitures related to judicial activity, and licenses and permits.

Property tax revenues account for \$67 million total revenues for governmental activities. The major recipients of property tax revenues are the Board of DD - \$33 million, the Children Services Board - \$9 million, the Mental Health and Addiction Recovery Board - \$7 million, Emergency Services - \$1 million and the General Fund - \$17 million.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Business-type Activities



Charges for services remained the main source of revenue, for Business-type activities, at 95 percent.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

Governmental Funds

The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term receipts, disbursements, and balances of resources that are available to be spent. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financial requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a County's net resources available for spending at the end of the calendar year.

Approximately \$20 million of the County's total fund balance constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for appropriation at the government's discretion within certain legal constraints and purpose restrictions. The remainder of the fund balance is nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for new spending.

The General fund is the chief operating fund of the County, which saw a decrease of \$115,967 from 2019. There was a \$2 million decrease in revenue and other financing sources while expenditures and other financing uses increased by \$5 million. The driver of this revenue decrease was due to the \$3.3 million decrease in investment income due to the Covid-19 pandemic. Legislative and Executive spending was up by \$2.3 million. This was due to the reallocation of mandated expenditures from the Justice System Sales Tax fund to the General fund in early 2020 due to uncertainty caused by the pandemic. It is worth noting that of the \$6.6 million in other financing uses, another \$5 million was transferred to the Permanent Improvement fund for future capital projects, and the remaining portion was transferred to the General Obligation Bond Retirement fund to pay the year's debt obligations.

The Stark Board of Developmental Disabilities (DD) fund balance saw a \$4 million increase in 2020. There was a \$5.9 million decrease in revenue and other financing sources. The main cause of the reduction was a \$6.3 million cost report settlement that was not received in 2020 as it had been in 2019. Expenditures fell by \$3.4 million due to a \$3.5 million reduction in waiver-match spending. The waiver-match rate was reduced by the State in 2020 to help alleviate costs during the pandemic.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

The Mental Health and Addiction Recovery Board fund balance increased \$4 million in 2020. The Board continued its trend of reducing spending 2020 by \$1.9 million while revenues rose slightly by \$556,246. The reduction in spending was primarily due to conservative spending in anticipation of fluctuations caused by the pandemic.

The Children's Services fund balance increased \$198,817 during 2020. Revenue decreased slightly while expenditures increased by \$1.5 million. This increase in spending was mainly due the impact of the pandemic.

The Public Assistance fund saw an increase of \$400,572 during 2020. Revenues decreased \$2.2 million in 2020 while expenditures fell by \$1.6 million.

The Justice System Sales Tax fund balance increased \$13 million during 2020. While revenues fell slightly, expenditures were reduced by \$15.2 million due to the reallocation of some personal services and purchased services from the Justice System Sales Tax fund to the General fund due to the uncertainty of how the pandemic would affect sales tax revenue during 2020. There also was a \$10 million reimbursement from the CARES Act grant fund for Sheriff salaries and benefits that fell under the allowable uses within the aforementioned grant's award.

Enterprise Funds

The County's enterprise funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements for the business-type activities, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the sewer fund at the end of the year amounted to \$28 million, which is a slight increase over 2019. As previously mentioned, there was a significant change in net pension which caused a decrease in long-term liabilities on both governmental and enterprise statements of net position. In this case, long-term liabilities decreased by \$6.8 million due to the retirement of \$5.1 million of debt coupled with a \$2.6 million decrease in net pension liability.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETING HIGHLIGHTS

Actual revenues and other financing sources were \$4 million more than final budgeted revenues and other financing sources. This is remarkable due to the fact that there was a global pandemic taking place during 2020. Charges for services continued to be the most noteworthy with a \$2.6 million-dollar positive variance when comparing the actual to the final budgeted amount. Conveyance and settlement fees were the main drivers for the increase. This can continue to be viewed as an indicator of a strengthening housing market within the County.

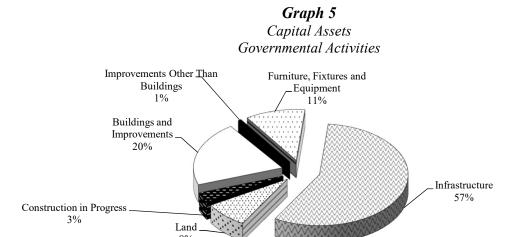
Actual expenditures were \$5 million less than final budgeted expenditures. \$1.0 million was saved in personal services while \$5.5 million in purchased services and capital purchases were rebudgeted in the subsequent year strictly due to the pandemic.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of December 31, 2020 amounts to \$405 million (net of accumulated depreciation). The total decrease in the County's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 2 percent. Infrastructure accounted for 59 percent of the capital assets reported in business-type activities. The following schedule represents the allocation of capital assets in the governmental activities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2020



Major changes in capital assets during the current fiscal year included the following:

- The Engineer's 2020 paving projects included asphalt resurfacing on Shuffel Street, Beeson Street, Columbus Road, Orrville Street, Belden Village Street, Hills & Dales Road and Whipple Avenue. 42.88 miles of roadway received resurfacing or chip and seal as part of the Engineer's annual maintenance of County roads during 2020. Gambrinus Avenue Bridge and Baywood Street Bridge were replaced, and the Everhard Road and Whipple Avenue Intersection project was completed totaling over \$9 million alone.
- The Dog Warden Facility renovation was completed during 2020. The office and hospital were fully renovated as well as a restructure of the outdoor pens. We thank the citizens of Stark County for their generous donations toward this project over the last two years.
- The Data Center renovation was also completed during 2020.
- The Sanitary Engineer's department completed the Moreland Allotment project while also completing the rehabilitation of two pump stations. The Green Village Intercept project was also completed during 2020.

Table 3
Capital Assets at December 31
(Net of Accumulated Depreciation)

	Government	al Activities	Business-Typ	pe Activities		Total
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019
Land	\$ 17,258,090	\$ 17,258,090	\$ 593,566	\$ 593,566	\$ 17,851,656	\$ 17,851,656
Construction in Progress	6,745,828	34,724,285	1,544,828	5,913,994	8,290,656	40,638,279
Buildings and Improvements	43,730,624	43,007,848	8,624,577	7,925,051	52,355,201	50,932,899
Improvements Other Than Buildings	1,167,999	1,061,266	52,706	63,330	1,220,705	1,124,596
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	23,140,798	10,659,507	1,558,871	1,454,484	24,699,669	12,113,991
Sewer Rights	-	-	67,173,430	69,265,091	67,173,430	69,265,091
Infrastructure	120,810,449	110,851,308	112,484,494	109,364,477	233,294,943	220,215,785
Total	\$ 212,853,788	\$ 217,562,304	\$ 192,032,472	\$ 194,579,993	\$ 404,886,260	\$ 412,142,297

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Debt

The following table summarizes the County's long-term obligations outstanding:

Table 4
Outstanding Long-Term Obligations at December 31

	Governmental Activities		Business-Typ	pe Activities	Total			
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019		
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 12,925,000	\$ 14,055,000	\$ 3,364,052	\$ 3,697,098	\$ 16,289,052	\$ 17,752,098		
Special Assessment Bonds	1,730,945	2,057,899	-	-	1,730,945	2,057,899		
OWDA Loans	-	-	1,345,693	1,505,737	1,345,693	1,505,737		
OPWC Loans	5,054,948	4,556,382	368,655	474,820	5,423,603	5,031,202		
Intergovernmental Loans	-	-	52,150,920	56,603,265	52,150,920	56,603,265		
Claims	2,687,000	2,471,085	-	-	2,687,000	2,471,085		
Net Pension Liability	115,917,485	165,005,654	6,018,887	8,677,211	121,936,372	173,682,865		
Net OPEB Liability	75,471,340	74,318,398	4,139,778	4,076,537	79,611,118	78,394,935		
Compensated Absences	12,404,231	10,638,766	712,396	619,786	13,116,627	11,258,552		
Total	\$ 226,190,949	\$ 273,103,184	\$ 68,100,381	\$ 75,654,454	\$ 294,291,330	\$ 348,757,638		

At December 31, 2020, the County had outstanding long-term obligations in the amount of \$226 million for the governmental activities and \$68 million for the business-type activities. The breakout of debt is presented in the following graph.

Graph 6 Total Outstanding Debt by Type \$120,000,000 \$100,000,000 \$80,000,000 \$40,000,000 \$20,000,000 OWDA Loans Net Pension Liability Net OPEB Liability OPWC Loans Intergovernme ntal Loans Claims Assessment Bonds Bonds \$12,925,000 2,687,000 5,054,948 115,917,485 75,471,340 12,404,231 Business-Type Activities 1,345,693 \$3,364,052 368,655 52,150,920 6,018,887 4,139,778 712,396

The County's general obligation bond rating was Aa2 in 2020 from Moody's. Other obligations include pension, OPEB, accrued vacation pay and sick leave. More detailed information about the County's long-term liabilities is presented in Notes 11, 12, 16 and 17 to the basic financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

CONTACTING THE COUNTY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the County's finances and to show the County's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Alan C. Harold, County Auditor, Stark County, 110 Central Plaza South, Suite 220, Canton, Ohio 44702, or visit our website at www.starkcountyohio.gov/auditor.

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Stark County, Ohio Statement of Net Position December 31, 2020

		Primary Government			nent Units
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Stark County Land Reutilization Corporation	Stark County Port Authority
Assets					
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agents	\$ 204,251,951 634,720 310,457	\$ 35,589,863 400,187	\$ 239,841,814 1,034,907 310,457	\$ 3,595,660	\$ 1,325,221 384,864
Cash and Cash Equivalents with Escrow Agents	354,654	223,770	578,424	- -	-
Accounts Receivable Intergovernmental Receivable	1,891,462 52,482,313	5,923,351	7,814,813	2,157 310,354	-
Taxes Receivable	77,715,482	250,000	52,732,313 77,715,482	310,334	-
Sales Taxes Receivable	8,284,144	-	8,284,144	-	-
Revenue in Lieu of Taxes Receivable	224,346	- 22 (10	224,346	-	-
Special Assessments Receivable Loans Receivable	2,097,800 2,954,964	22,619	2,120,419 2,954,964	-	85,937,502
Internal Balances	10,029	(10,029)		-	-
Prepaid Items	1,355,233	36,277	1,391,510	17,692	-
Materials and Supplies Inventory Accrued Interest Receivable	2,154,077	6,048	2,160,125	-	-
Assets Held for Resale	378,171	-	378,171	131,500	-
Land and Construction in Progress	24,003,918	2,138,394	26,142,312	-	-
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	188,849,870	189,894,078	378,743,948	-	-
Net OPEB Asset	449,503		449,503		
Total Assets	568,403,094	234,474,558	802,877,652	4,057,363	87,647,587
Deferred Outflows of Resources					
Pension	18,064,421	972,404	19,036,825	-	-
OPEB	12,002,677	694,258	12,696,935		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	30,067,098	1,666,662	31,733,760		
Liabilities					
Accounts Payable	2,248,467	161,277	2,409,744	13,376	-
Accrued Wages Contracts Payable	5,530,610 2,267,891	266,574 151,411	5,797,184 2,419,302	-	-
Retainage Payable	354,654	223,770	578,424	-	-
Intergovernmental Payable	3,512,745	751,539	4,264,284	113,346	-
Accrued Interest Payable	217.794	597,798	597,798	-	-
Matured Compensated Absences Payable Loans Payable	217,784	-	217,784	-	86,322,366
Unearned Revenue	5,199,641	-	5,199,641	-	-
Long-Term Liabilities:	10 (04 020	4.510.000	15.016.400		
Due Within One Year Due In More Than One Year:	10,604,020	4,712,382	15,316,402	-	-
Net Pension Liability	115,917,485	6,018,887	121,936,372	-	-
Net OPEB Liability	75,471,340	4,139,778	79,611,118	-	-
Other Amounts Due in More Than One Year	24,198,104	53,229,334	77,427,438		
Total Liabilities	245,522,741	70,252,750	315,775,491	126,722	86,322,366
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Property Taxes Levied for the Next Year Pension	70,248,169 27,839,457	1,472,599	70,248,169 29,312,056	-	-
OPEB	13,563,665	710,255	14,273,920	-	-
Revenue in Lieu of Taxes	224,346		224,346		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	111,875,637	2,182,854	114,058,491		
Net Position					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	194,406,763	134,661,699	329,068,462	-	-
Restricted for: Debt Service	557,978	_	557,978	_	_
Capital Projects	933,536	-	933,536	-	-
Road and Bridge Repair and Maintenance	13,653,299	-	13,653,299	-	-
Real Estate Assessment	2,320,333	-	2,320,333	-	-
Community Development Public Safety	7,049,999 39,283,692	-	7,049,999 39,283,692	-	-
Health and Human Services	118,472,881	-	118,472,881	-	-
Special Programs	8,161,220	-	8,161,220	-	-
Other Purposes	450,821	-	450,821	-	367
Unrestricted	(144,218,708)	29,043,917	(115,174,791)	3,930,641	1,324,854
Total Net Position	\$ 241,071,814	\$ 163,705,616	\$ 404,777,430	\$ 3,930,641	\$ 1,325,221

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

			Program Revenues					
	Expenses			Charges for Services and Sales		Operating Grants, Contributions and Interest		Capital Grants and ontributions
Primary Government								
Governmental Activities								
General Government	Φ.	22.020.054	Φ.	10.211.400	ф	2 2 42 002	ф	
Legislative and Executive Judicial Systems	\$	33,828,974 18,005,134	\$	18,211,488 5,208,750	\$	2,242,092 2,276,734	\$	-
Public Safety		46,465,310		6,729,717		18,158,028		-
Public Works		30,183,951		279,268		16,581,325		5,547,883
Health		75,636,987		2,026,276		38,455,244		-
Human Services		55,577,840		1,385,418		40,175,822		-
Interest and Fiscal Charges		518,116		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		
Total Governmental Activities		260,216,312		33,840,917	1	17,889,245		5,547,883
Business-Type Activities								
Sewer		26,307,182		29,061,771		-		1,398,121
Water		992,859		873,248		-		-
Sheriff's Webcheck		13,584		31,105		8,000		
Total Business-Type Activities		27,313,625		29,966,124		8,000		1,398,121
Component Unit								
Stark County Land Reutilization Corporation		943,445		-		417,427		-
Stark County Port Authority		2,656,509		182,430		2,451,106		
Total Component Units		3,599,954	_	182,430		2,868,533		
Total	\$	291,129,891	\$	63,989,471	\$ 1	20,765,778	\$	6,946,004

General Revenues

Property Taxes Levied for:

General Purposes

Developmental Disabilities

Emergency Services

Mental Health

Children's Services

Sales Taxes

Other Local Taxes

Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to Specific Programs

Revenue in Lieu of Taxes

Gain on Sale of Capital Assets

Investment Earnings

Miscellaneous

Total General Revenues

Change in Net Position

Net Position Beginning of Year

Net Position End of Year

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

		in Net Position		
	Primary Government		Compon	ent Units
Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Stark County Land Reutilization Stark Total Corporation Port A	
\$ (13,375,394) (10,519,650) (21,577,565) (7,775,475) (35,155,467) (14,016,600) (518,116) (102,938,267)	\$ - - - - - -	\$ (13,375,394) (10,519,650) (21,577,565) (7,775,475) (35,155,467) (14,016,600) (518,116) (102,938,267)	\$ - - - - - -	\$ - - - - - -
- - - -	4,152,710 (119,611) 25,521 4,058,620	4,152,710 (119,611) 25,521 4,058,620	- - - -	- - - -
(102,938,267)	4,058,620	(98,879,647)	(526,018) (526,018) (526,018)	(22,973) (22,973) (22,973)
17,238,773 33,215,530 637,847 6,606,177 9,250,471 34,112,712 1,897,020 11,001,001	- - - - - -	17,238,773 33,215,530 637,847 6,606,177 9,250,471 34,112,712 1,897,020 11,001,001	- - - - - - 764,170	- - - - - -
213,357 2,623,307 6,231,204 123,027,399 20,089,132	14,370 190,190 204,560 4,263,180	213,357 14,370 2,623,307 6,421,394 123,231,959 24,352,312	14,523 150,837 929,530 403,512	7,353 401 7,754 (15,219)
220,982,682	159,442,436	380,425,118	3,527,129	1,340,440
\$ 241,071,814	\$ 163,705,616	\$ 404,777,430	\$ 3,930,641	\$ 1,325,221

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2020

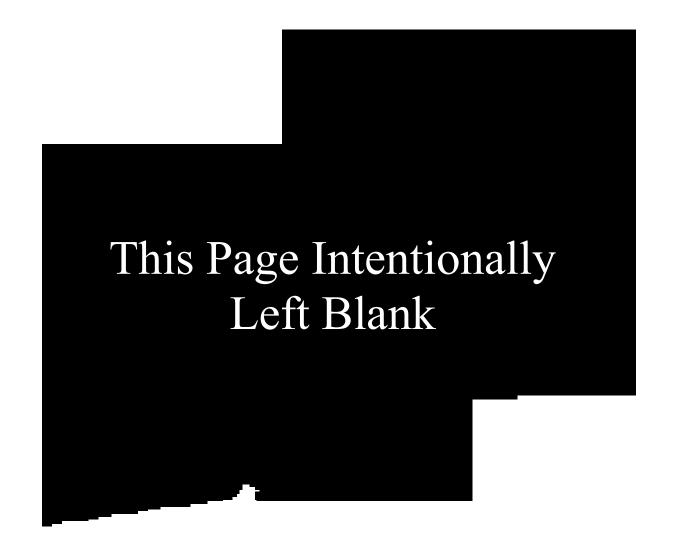
	General	Board of Developmental Disabilities	Mental Health
Assets			
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 31,207,270	\$ 54,845,924	\$ 10,695,906
Cash and Investments in Segregated Accounts	-	-	-
Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agents	-	310,457	-
Cash and Investments with Escrow Agents	7,422	-	-
Accounts Receivable	341,401	358,678	750,489
Intergovernmental Receivable	4,695,059	4,360,330	10,533,664
Taxes Receivable	19,402,953	37,505,438	7,481,335
Sales Taxes Receivable	-	-	-
Special Assessments Receivable	_	-	-
Loans Receivable	_	_	_
Interfund Receivable	_	_	_
Accrued Interest Receivable	378,171	_	_
Prepaid Items	285,713	204,743	15,609
Materials and Supplies Inventory	530,406	188,700	5,025
Revenue in Lieu of Taxes Receivable			
Total Assets	\$ 56,848,395	\$ 97,774,270	\$ 29,482,028
Liabilities			
Accounts Payable	\$ 483,464	\$ 192,455	\$ 252,137
Accrued Wages	1,293,960	941,373	178,506
Contracts Payable	184,595	13,552	2,010
Retainage Payable	7,422	-	-
Intergovernmental Payable Interfund Payable	985,271	861,701	919,796
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	61,850	69,294	-
Unearned Revenue			
Total Liabilities	3,016,562	2,078,375	1,352,449
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Property Taxes Levied for the Next Year Revenue in Lieu of Taxes	17,651,691	34,009,710	6,757,668
Unavailable Revenue	5,108,986	7,261,583	6,020,675
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	22,760,677	41,271,293	12,778,343
Fund Balances			
Nonspendable	2,541,109	393,443	20,634
Restricted	-	54,031,159	15,330,602
Committed	5,273,023	-	-
Assigned	3,116,372	-	-
Unassigned	20,140,652		
Total Fund Balance	31,071,156	54,424,602	15,351,236
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of			
Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 56,848,395	\$ 97,774,270	\$ 29,482,028

		Justice	Other	Total
Children's	Public	System	Governmental	Governmental
Services	Assistance	Sales Tax	Funds	Funds
\$ 20,516,153	\$ 1,963,058	\$ 19,674,769	\$ 49,735,869	\$ 188,638,949
38,519	-	596,201	-	634,720
-	-	-	-	310,457
-	-	-	347,232	354,654
122,620	4,737	-	174,049	1,751,974
4,241,111	14,197,303	-	14,443,124	52,470,591
12,163,946	-	-	1,161,810	77,715,482
-	-	8,284,144	-	8,284,144
-	-	-	2,097,800	2,097,800
-	-	-	2,954,964	2,954,964
-	-	-	87,885	87,885
- 02 007	40.145	12.020	127.072	378,171
82,907	40,145	12,020	127,972	769,109
-	78,705	264,539	1,086,702	2,154,077
			224,346	224,346
\$ 37,165,256	\$ 16,283,948	\$ 28,831,673	\$ 72,441,753	\$ 338,827,323
\$ 45,206	\$ 449,517	\$ 94,247	\$ 714,191	\$ 2,231,217
213,386	1,126,146	1,052,673	709,780	5,515,824
,	-	63,841	2,003,893	2,267,891
-	-	· -	347,232	354,654
37,046	194,396	194,158	317,886	3,510,254
-	-	-	77,856	77,856
-	12,194	74,446	-	217,784
205 628	1,782,253	1 470 265	5,199,641	5,199,641 19,375,121
295,638	1,/82,233	1,479,365	9,370,479	19,3/3,121
11,177,451			651,649	70,248,169
-	_	-	224,346	224,346
4,862,010	9,674,523	3,032,277	11,977,619	47,937,673
16,039,461	9,674,523	3,032,277	12,853,614	118,410,188
82,907	118,850	276,559	1,214,674	4,648,176
20,747,250	4,708,322	24,043,472	36,311,507	155,172,312
20,747,230	¬, / 00,322	2 7 ,0 7 3,772	12,738,602	18,011,625
_	_	_	6,775	3,123,147
-	-	-	(53,898)	20,086,754
20,830,157	4,827,172	24,320,031	50,217,660	201,042,014
	<u> </u>	· ·		· ·
\$ 37,165,256	\$ 16,283,948	\$ 28,831,673	\$ 72,441,753	\$ 338,827,323

Stark County, OhioReconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities December 31, 2020

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$ 201,042,014
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial		242.052.500
resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		212,853,788
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds:		
Special Assessments Receivable	\$ 2,097,800	
Property Taxes Receivable	9,475,033	
Sales Tax Receivable	3,032,277	
Accounts Receivable	744,097	
Intergovernmental Receivable	32,588,466	47,937,673
The assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position. The net pension liability and net OPEB liability are not due and payable in the current period, therefore,		13,048,942
the liability and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in governmental funds.		
Net OPEB Asset	449,503	
Deferred Outflows - Pension (net of internal service)	18,028,261	
Deferred Outflows - OPEB (net of internal service)	11,977,469	
Net Pension Liability (net of internal service)	(115,685,989)	
Net OPEB Liability (net of internal service) Deferred Inflows - Pension (net of internal service)	(75,312,118) (27,701,813)	
Deferred Inflows - Pension (net of internal service) Deferred Inflows - OPEB (net of internal service)	(13,490,265)	(201,734,952)
Deterred liniows - Of EB (net of internal service)	(13,490,203)	(201,/34,932)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Compensated Absences *	(12,364,758)	
Special Assessment Bonds	(1,730,945)	
General Obligation Bonds	(12,925,000)	
OPWC Loans	(5,054,948)	(32,075,651)
Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 241,071,814

^{*}Net of Internal Service



Stark County, OhioStatement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

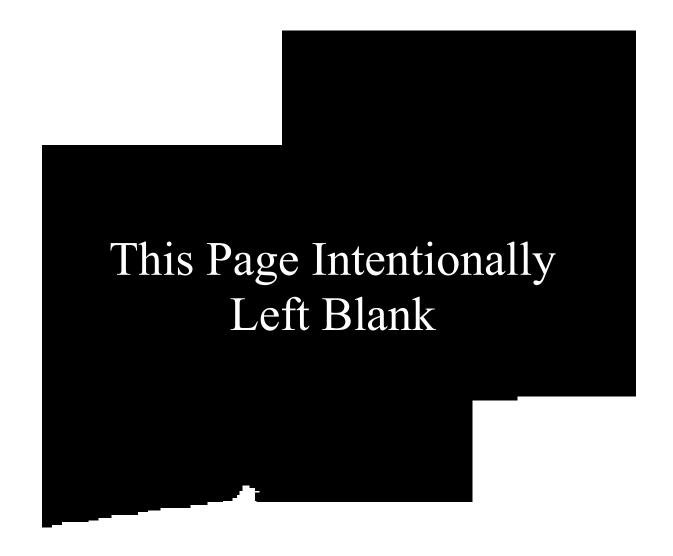
		General	evelopmental Disabilities	 Mental Health	Children's Services
Revenues					
Property Taxes	\$	16,644,504	\$ 32,191,797	\$ 6,397,851	\$ 8,956,986
Sales and Use Taxes Other Local Taxes		-	-	-	-
Revenue in Lieu of Taxes		-	-	-	-
Special Assessments		-	-	-	-
Charges for Services		21,264,959	1,198,646	_	1,385,418
Licenses and Permits		37,230	-	-	-
Fines and Forfeitures		410,087	-	-	-
Intergovernmental		10,986,072	15,070,052	23,154,089	16,087,608
Interest		2,622,985	-	-	-
Rent		749,822	-	-	-
Other		1,319,822	 1,805,177	 1,102,920	 145,653
Total Revenues	_	54,035,481	 50,265,672	 30,654,860	 26,575,665
Expenditures					
Current:					
General Government					
Legislative and Executive		22,214,654	-	-	-
Judicial Systems		14,237,591	-	-	-
Public Safety		9,261,684	-	-	-
Public Works		-	46 212 612	26.704.691	-
Health Human Services		1,791,088	46,312,613	26,794,681	26 276 949
Capital Outlay		1,/91,088	-	-	26,376,848
Debt Service:		-	-	-	-
Principal Retirement		_	_	_	_
Interest and Fiscal Charges		_	_	_	_
Total Expenditures		47,505,017	46,312,613	26,794,681	26,376,848
English of Browning Over (Header) From and its over		6.520.464	2.052.050	2 960 170	100 017
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	_	6,530,464	 3,953,059	 3,860,179	 198,817
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Issuance of OPWC Loans		-	-	-	-
Transfers In		-	-	-	-
Transfers Out		(6,646,431)	 	 	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	(6,646,431)	 	 	
Net Change in Fund Balances		(115,967)	3,953,059	3,860,179	198,817
Fund Balances Beginning of Year		31,187,123	50,471,543	 11,491,057	 20,631,340
Fund Balances End of Year	\$	31,071,156	\$ 54,424,602	\$ 15,351,236	\$ 20,830,157

Public Assistance	Justice System Sales Tax	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ -	\$ - 30,239,724	\$ 617,444 3,925,625	\$ 64,808,582 34,165,349
-	-	1,897,020	1,897,020
=	-	213,357	213,357
-	-	359,636	359,636
-	204,788	7,698,147	31,751,958
-	-	440,267	477,497
-	62,910	388,643	861,640
24,516,989	230	44,495,367	134,310,407
-	-	5,945	2,628,930
-	-	-	749,822
451,288	151,066	886,378	5,862,304
24,968,277	30,658,718	60,927,829	278,086,502
_	1,932,192	8,609,117	32,755,963
_	124,268	3,612,793	17,974,652
_	15,242,627	18,026,261	42,530,572
-	-	18,694,724	18,694,724
_	_	1,093,369	74,200,663
24,567,705	-	784,084	53,519,725
-	-	10,554,360	10,554,360
_	_	1,566,935	1,566,935
-	-	518,116	518,116
24,567,705	17,299,087	63,459,759	252,315,710
24,307,703	17,299,087	03,439,739	232,313,710
400,572	13,359,631	(2,531,930)	25,770,792
		600 547	600.547
-	-	608,547	608,547 6,646,431
-	-	6,646,431	
		-	(6,646,431)
		7,254,978	608,547
400,572	13,359,631	4,723,048	26,379,339
4,426,600	10,960,400	45,494,612	174,662,675
\$ 4,827,172	\$ 24,320,031	\$ 50,217,660	\$ 201,042,014

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ 26,379,339
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activites, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Capital Asset Additions Current Year Depreciation	\$ 11,958,565 (16,526,653)	(4,568,088)
Governmental funds only report the disposal of capital assets to the extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the statement of activities, a gain or loss is reported for each disposal.		(140,428)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Special Assessments Receivable Property Taxes Receivable Sales Tax Receivable Accounts Receivable	(359,636) 2,140,216 (52,637) (16,725)	2.218.942
Intergovernmental Receivable Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. General Obligation Bonds Special Assessment Bonds OPWC Loans	1,130,000 326,954 109,981	1,566,935
Debt proceeds issued in the governmental funds that increase long-term liabilities in the statement of net position are not reported as revenues. OPWC Loans	<u> </u>	(608,547)
Contractually required pension/OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows. Pension OPEB	11,476,401	11,476,401
Except for amount reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB liability are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities. Pension OPEB	(14,853,720) (6,379,266)	(21,232,986)
The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the statement of activities. Governmental expenditures and related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities.		6,755,635
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Compensated Absences*		(1,758,071)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 20,089,132

^{*}Net of Internal Service Fund portion of \$(7,394).



Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) - General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

		Budgeted Amounts Original Final						
				Final		Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
Revenues Property Taxes and Other Local Taxes	\$	16,250,000	\$	16,250,000	\$	16,644,504	\$	394,504
Charges for Services Licenses and Permits		10,515,000 38,000		10,515,000 38,000		13,087,892 37,230		2,572,892 (770)
Fines and Forfeitures		400,000		400,000		37,230		(11,314)
Intergovernmental		10,260,000		10,260,000		10,541,908		281,908
Investment Income		3,500,000		3,500,000		3,667,328		167,328
Rent		400,000		400,000		748,822		348,822
Other		500,000		500,000		979,372		479,372
Total Revenues		41,863,000		41,863,000		46,095,742		4,232,742
Expenditures								
Current:								
General Government								
Legislative and Executive		22,636,175		27,030,989		23,903,025		3,127,964
Judicial Systems		13,600,177		13,279,403		12,567,859		711,544
Public Safety		1,098,436		3,726,129		3,428,895		297,234
Human Services		2,887,142		2,891,212		1,950,087		941,125
Debt Service:								,
Principal Retirement		1,560,000		3,569		-		3,569
Total Expenditures		41,781,930		46,931,302		41,849,866		5,081,436
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures		81,070		(5,068,302)		4,245,876		9,314,178
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Advances Out				(103,293)		-		103,293
Transfers In		500,000		500,000		-		(500,000)
Transfers Out				(6,646,431)		(6,646,431)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		500,000		(6,249,724)		(6,646,431)		(396,707)
Net Change in Fund Balance		581,070		(11,318,026)		(2,400,555)		8,917,471
Fund Balance Beginning of Year		18,107,108		18,107,108		18,107,108		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		761,307		761,307		761,307		-
Fund Balance End of Year	\$	19,449,485	\$	7,550,389	\$	16,467,860	\$	8,917,471

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) - Board of Developmental Disabilities For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts						
	Original Final		Actual		nriance with		
Revenues							
Property Taxes	\$	31,272,268	\$	31,272,268	\$	32,191,797	\$ 919,529
Charges for Services		694,475		694,475		937,388	242,913
Intergovernmental		17,155,528		17,155,528		14,581,402	(2,574,126)
Miscellaneous		1,669,342		1,669,342		1,510,354	(158,988)
Total Revenues		50,791,613		50,791,613		49,220,941	(1,570,672)
Expenditures							
Current:							
Health		51,570,502		51,532,737		46,883,954	4,648,783
Total Expenditures		51,570,502		51,532,737		46,883,954	4,648,783
Net Change in Fund Balance		(778,889)		(741,124)		2,336,987	3,078,111
Fund Balance Beginning of Year		49,428,698		49,428,698		49,428,698	-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		736,037		736,037		736,037	
Fund Balance End of Year	\$	49,385,846	\$	49,423,611	\$	52,501,722	\$ 3,078,111

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) - Mental Health For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts						
		Original Final		Final	Actual		ariance with inal Budget
Revenues							
Property Taxes	\$	6,185,294	\$	6,185,294	\$	6,397,851	\$ 212,557
Intergovernmental		22,633,338		22,633,338		20,099,383	(2,533,955)
Miscellaneous		1,995,389		1,995,389		1,101,920	(893,469)
Total Revenues		30,814,021		30,814,021		27,599,154	(3,214,867)
Expenditures							
Current:							
Health		39,214,476		34,211,811		33,381,006	830,805
Total Expenditures		39,214,476		34,211,811		33,381,006	830,805
Net Change in Fund Balance		(8,400,455)		(3,397,790)		(5,781,852)	(2,384,062)
Fund Balance Beginning of Year		4,648,275		4,648,275		4,648,275	-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		5,853,004		5,853,004		5,853,004	
Fund Balance End of Year	\$	2,100,824	\$	7,103,489	\$	4,719,427	\$ (2,384,062)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) - Children's Services For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts						
		Original Final		Actual		riance with nal Budget	
Revenues							
Property Taxes	\$	9,650,000	\$	9,650,000	\$	8,956,986	\$ (693,014)
Charges for Services		1,185,000		1,185,000		1,351,240	166,240
Intergovernmental		15,330,000		15,330,000		15,932,056	602,056
Miscellaneous		82,000		82,000		139,965	57,965
Total Revenues		26,247,000		26,247,000		26,380,247	133,247
Expenditures Current:							
Human Services		28,643,822		29,248,822		28,854,197	394,625
Total Expenditures		28,643,822		29,248,822		28,854,197	394,625
Net Change in Fund Balance		(2,396,822)		(3,001,822)		(2,473,950)	527,872
Fund Balance Beginning of Year		17,053,604		17,053,604		17,053,604	-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		3,076,822		3,076,822		3,076,822	
Fund Balance End of Year	\$	17,733,604	\$	17,128,604	\$	17,656,476	\$ 527,872

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) - Public Assistance For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts							
	Original			Final		Actual		ariance with inal Budget
Revenues								
Intergovernmental	\$	37,655,000	\$	37,655,000	\$	35,390,497	\$	(2,264,503)
Miscellaneous		470,000		470,000		479,726		9,726
Total Revenues		38,125,000		38,125,000		35,870,223		(2,254,777)
Expenditures Current: Human Services Total Expenditures		38,495,204 38,495,204		38,495,204 38,495,204		37,394,955 37,394,955		1,100,249 1,100,249
Net Change in Fund Balance		(370,204)		(370,204)		(1,524,732)		(1,154,528)
Fund Balance Beginning of Year		469,688		469,688		469,688		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		1,506,065		1,506,065		1,506,065		
Fund Balance End of Year	\$	1,605,549	\$	1,605,549	\$	451,021	\$	(1,154,528)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) - Justice System Sales Tax For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts							
	Original		Final		Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
Revenues								
Sales Taxes	\$	30,000,000	\$	27,000,000	\$	30,126,781	\$	3,126,781
Charges for Services		-		-		99,838		99,838
Intergovernmental		-		-		230		230
Miscellaneous				<u>-</u>		151,066		151,066
Total Revenues		30,000,000		27,000,000		30,377,915		3,377,915
Expenditures								
Current:								
General Government								
Legislative and Executive		4,066,470		3,224,282		3,224,282		-
Judicial Systems		32,379		32,379		28,237		4,142
Public Safety		30,636,730		18,053,901		15,731,737		2,322,164
Total Expenditures		34,735,579		21,310,562		18,984,256		2,326,306
Net Change in Fund Balance		(4,735,579)		5,689,438		11,393,659		5,704,221
Fund Balance Beginning of Year		5,329,795		5,329,795		5,329,795		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		991,650		991,650		991,650		
Fund Balance End of Year	\$	1,585,866	\$	12,010,883	\$	17,715,104	\$	5,704,221

Stark County, Ohio Statement of Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds December 31, 2020

		Enterprise Funds				
		Other				
	Sewer	Enterprise Funds	Total	Internal Service Fund		
Assets						
Current Assets: Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 34,403,984	\$ 1,185,879	\$ 35,589,863	\$ 15,613,002		
Cash and Investments in Segregated Accounts	383,179	17,008	400,187	-		
Cash and Investments with Escrow Agents	223,770	-	223,770	-		
Accounts Receivable	5,850,660	72,691	5,923,351	139,488		
Intergovernmental Receivable	250,000	-	250,000	11,722		
Special Assessments Receivable Prepaid Items	22,619 36,277	-	22,619 36,277	586,124		
Materials and Supplies Inventory	6,048	-	6,048	300,124		
Total Current Assets	41,176,537	1,275,578	42,452,115	16,350,336		
Non-Current Assets:						
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets	2,138,394	-	2,138,394	-		
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	184,204,524	5,689,554	189,894,078			
Total Non-Current Assets	186,342,918	5,689,554	192,032,472			
Total Assets	227,519,455	6,965,132	234,484,587	16,350,336		
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Pension	904,020	68,384	972,404	36,160		
OPEB Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,551,303	46,975 115,359	1,666,662	25,208 61,368		
			1,000,002	01,500		
Liabilities Current Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable	93,999	67,278	161,277	17,250		
Accrued Wages	257,443	9,131	266,574	14,786		
Contracts Payable	151,411	-	151,411	-		
Retainage Payable	223,770	-	223,770	-		
Intergovernmental Payable	747,454	4,085	751,539	2,491		
Accrued Interest Payable	597,798	-	597,798	-		
Interfund Payable Claims Payable	10,029	-	10,029	2,186,949		
Compensated Absences Payable	203,964	7,476	211,440	2,100,545		
Intergovernmental Loans Payable	3,659,089	-	3,659,089	-		
OPWC Loans Payable	86,204	-	86,204	-		
OWDA Loans Payable	414,054	-	414,054	-		
General Obligation Bonds Payable	341,595		341,595			
Total Current Liabilities	6,786,810	87,970	6,874,780	2,221,476		
Long-Term Liabilities:						
Compensated Absences Payable - Net of Current Portion	483,869	17,087	500,956	39,473		
Intergovernmental Loans Payable - Net of Current Portion	48,491,831	-	48,491,831	500.051		
Claims Payable - Net of Current Portion OPWC Loans Payable - Net of Current Portion	282,451	-	282,451	500,051		
OWDA Loans Payable - Net of Current Portion	931,639	-	931,639	-		
General Obligation Bonds Payable - Net of Current Portion	3,022,457	-	3,022,457	-		
Net Pension Liability	5,787,391	231,496	6,018,887	231,496		
Net OPEB Liability	3,980,556	159,222	4,139,778	159,222		
Total Long-Term Liabilities	62,980,194	407,805	63,387,999	930,242		
Total Liabilities	69,767,004	495,775	70,262,779	3,151,718		
Deferred Inflows of Resources	1 417 240	55 250	1 473 500	127 644		
Pension OPEB	1,417,249 683,778	55,350 26,477	1,472,599 710,255	137,644 73,400		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,101,027	81,827	2,182,854	211,044		
Net Position						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 128,972,145	\$ 5,689,554	\$ 134,661,699	\$ -		
Unrestricted	28,230,582	813,335	29,043,917	13,048,942		
Total Net Position	\$ 157,202,727	\$ 6,502,889	\$ 163,705,616	\$ 13,048,942		

Stark County, OhioStatement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Enterprise Other							overnmental Activities
		Sewer		Enterprise Funds		Total	Int	ernal Service Fund
Operating Revenues								
Charges for Services Other	\$	29,061,771 190,190	\$	904,353	\$	29,966,124 190,190	\$	25,916,734 10,009,616
Total Operating Revenues		29,251,961		904,353		30,156,314		35,926,350
Operating Expenses								
Personal Services		7,394,198		341,124		7,735,322		339,410
Contractual Services		9,115,331		437,831		9,553,162		2,321,221
Materials and Supplies		927,888		11,671		939,559		-
Claims		-		-		-		26,638,826
Depreciation		6,831,985		203,348		7,035,333		-
Change in Workers Compensation Estimate		-		-		-		(137,517)
Other		96,635		12,469		109,104		8,775
Total Operating Expenses		24,366,037		1,006,443		25,372,480		29,170,715
Operating Income (Loss)		4,885,924	_	(102,090)		4,783,834		6,755,635
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)								
Intergovernmental		-		8,000		8,000		-
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets		14,370		-		14,370		-
Interest		(1,941,145)		<u>-</u>		(1,941,145)		<u>-</u>
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		(1,926,775)		8,000		(1,918,775)		
Income (Loss) Before Capital Contributions		2,959,149		(94,090)		2,865,059		6,755,635
Capital Contributions		1,398,121	_			1,398,121		
Change in Net Position		4,357,270		(94,090)		4,263,180		6,755,635
Net Position Beginning of Year		152,845,457		6,596,979		159,442,436		6,293,307
Net Position End of Year	\$	157,202,727	\$	6,502,889	\$	163,705,616	\$	13,048,942

Stark County, Ohio Statement of Cash Flows

Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	_		Er	nterprise Funds		G	overnmental Activities
				Other Enterprise		Int	ernal Service
		Sewer		Funds	Total	1110	Fund
							-
Cash Flows from Operating Activities							
Cash Received from Customers	\$	28,112,486	\$	890,710	\$ 29,003,196	\$	-
Cash Received from Interfund Services Provided				-			25,916,734
Cash Received from Other Operating Receipts		203,531		-	203,531		10,403,871
Cash Received for Special Assessments		141,674		(0.662)	141,674		-
Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services		(948,264)		(9,663)	(957,927)		(270, 225)
Cash Payments to Employees for Services and Benefits Cash Payments for Contractual Services		(6,217,333)		(258,790)	(6,476,123)		(379,235)
Cash Payments for Claims		(9,238,723)		(435,553)	(9,674,276)		(2,062,493) (26,285,394)
Other Cash Payments		(87,987)		(11,263)	(99,250)		(8,775)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities		11,965,384		175,441	12,140,825		7,584,708
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities							
Operating Grants Received		-		8,000	8,000		-
Advances Out		(686)			 (686)		
Net Cash Provided by (Used for)							
Noncapital Financing Activities		(686)	_	8,000	 7,314		-
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities		554			55.1		
Capital Grants Proceeds of Intergovernmental Loans		554 88,761		-	554 88,761		-
Payment for Capital Acquisitions		(3,918,895)		-	(3,918,895)		-
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets		16,011			16,011		
Principal Payments on Debt		(5,140,361)			(5,140,361)		
Interest Payments on Debt		(1,929,090)		_	(1,929,090)		_
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Capital and		(): -): /			(): - 1 / 1 - 1 /		_
Related Financing Activities		(10,883,020)			 (10,883,020)		
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Investments		1,081,678		183,441	1,265,119		7,584,708
Cash and Investments Beginning of Year	_	33,705,485		1,019,446	34,724,931		8,028,294
Cash and Investments End of Year	\$	34,787,163	\$	1,202,887	\$ 35,990,050	\$	15,613,002
Note: Cash and Investments does not include Cash and Investments with Escrow A	gents						
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash							
Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities							
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	4,885,924	\$	(102,090)	\$ 4,783,834	\$	6,755,635
Adjustments:		6 921 995		202 249	7.025.222		
Depreciation		6,831,985		203,348	7,035,333		-
(Increase) Decrease in Assets and Deferred Outflows:							
Accounts Receivable		(796,303)		(11,635)	(807,938)		405,977
Intergovernmental Receivable		-		-	-		(11,722)
Prepaid Items		27,308		-	27,308		258,606
Materials and Supplies Inventory		1,240		-	1,240		-
Special Assessments Receivable		2,033		105 651	2,033		104 909
Deferred Outflows - Pension/OPEB Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities and Deferred Inflows:		1,692,342		105,651	1,797,993		104,808
Accounts Payable		14,959		2,278	17,237		122
Accrued Wages		29,031		(774)	28,257		(761)
Intergovernmental Payable		(183,451)		2,345	(181,106)		(91)
Contracts Payable		9,950		-	9,950		`-
Claims Payable		-		-			215,915
Compensated Absences Payable		91,527		1,083	92,610		7,394
Deferred Inflows - Pension/OPEB		1,854,111		75,046	1,929,157		193,900
Net Pension Liability		(2,556,081)		(102,243)	(2,658,324)		(269,112)
Net OPEB Liability	_	60,809		2,432	 63,241		(75,963)
Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities	\$	11,965,384	\$	175,441	\$ 12,140,825	\$	7,584,708

Noncash Capital Financing Activities:
The County purchased \$141,461 and \$718,470 of capital assets on account in 2020 and 2019, respectively.
Developers donated capital assets in the amount of \$1,147,567 and \$1,809,552 to the Sewer fund in 2020 and 2019, respectively.

Stark County, OhioStatement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds December 31, 2020

	Private Purpose Trust			Custodial		
Assets						
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	127,640	\$	31,497,815		
Cash and Investments in Segregated Accounts		-		1,947,518		
Intergovernmental Receivable		-		10,808,177		
Taxes Receivable		-		468,037,859		
Special Assessments Receivable		-		16,999,769		
Total Assets		127,640		529,291,138		
Liabilities						
Intergovernmental Payable		-		30,136,096		
Total Liabilities		-		30,136,096		
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Property Taxes Levied for the Next Year		_		420,629,032		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-		420,629,032		
Net Position						
Held in Trust for Private Purposes		127,640		_		
Restricted Net Position for Individuals, Organizations & Other Governments				78,526,010		
Total Net Position	\$	127,640	\$	78,526,010		
			_			

Stark County, Ohio

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Private T	Custodial Funds		
Additions				
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	51,115,061
Amounts Received as Fiscal Agent		-		41,061,417
Licenses, Permits & Fees for Other Governments		-		58,472,245
Fines & Forfeitures for Other Governments		-		5,741,705
Property Tax Collections for Other Governments		-		386,668,530
Special Assessment Collections for Other Governments		-		6,401,068
Sheriff Sale Collections for Other Governments		-		772,528
Amounts Received for Others		-		2,501,509
Other		<u> </u>		1,703,433
Total Additions		-		554,437,496
Deductions				26,007,416
Distributions as Fiscal Agent		-		36,997,416
Distributions of State Funds to Other Governments		-		48,911,414
Licenses, Permits & Fees Distributions to Other Governments		-		58,668,343
Fines & Forfeitures Distributions to Other Governments		-		7,854,489
Property Tax Distributions to Other Governments		=		381,601,139
Special Assessment Distributions to Other Governments Sheriff Sale Distributions to Other Governments		-		4,423,019
Other Distributions to Other Governments		-		334,910
				3,867,221
Total Deductions				542,657,951
Change in Net Position		-		11,779,545
Net Position Beginning of Year		127,640		66,746,465
Net Position End of Year	\$	127,640	\$	78,526,010

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

NOTE 1. THE COUNTY AND REPORTING ENTITY

Stark County (County) is a political subdivision of the State of Ohio. The County was formed by an act of the Ohio General Assembly in 1808. The three-member Board of County Commissioners is the legislative and executive body of the County. The County Auditor is the chief fiscal officer. In addition, there are seven other elected administrative officials, each of whom is independent as set forth in Ohio law. These officials are the Clerk of Courts, Coroner, Engineer, Prosecuting Attorney, Recorder, Sheriff, and Treasurer. Also elected, to oversee the district's justice system, are five Common Pleas Court Judges, three Domestic Relations Court Judges, and one Probate Court Judge.

Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the County consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the County. For the County, this includes the Department of Job and Family Services, the Children's Services Board, the Board of Developmental Disabilities, the Board of Mental Health and Addiction Recovery Services, and all departments and activities that are directly operated by the elected County officials.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the County is financially accountable. The County is financially accountable for an organization if the County appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the County is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the County is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the County is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the County is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations for which the County approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes.

The following potential component units are not part of the County's reporting entity and are excluded from the accompanying financial statements. All are legally separate from the County. None are fiscally dependent on the County. The County is not financially responsible for any of these entities:

Stark Metropolitan Housing Authority Stark County Educational Service Center Stark Development Board

Discretely Presented Component Units The component unit column in the basic financial statements identifies the financial data of the County's component units: the Stark County Port Authority and the Stark County Land Reutilization Corporation. These organizations are presented in Notes 24 and 25 to the basic financial statements. They are reported separately to emphasize that they are legally separate from the County. The Stark County Transportation Improvement District ("District") was developed in 1997. The District also qualifies as a discretely presented component unit, however has not been presented in the financial statements or note disclosures as it is considered immaterial.

The Stark County Port Authority (Authority) - The Authority promotes economic development within the County. Its board is appointed by the County Commissioners, whom also can remove appointed members at will. The Authority is fiscally dependent on the County. Based on this relationship, the Authority is a component unit of the County. Separately issued financial statements can be obtained from the Stark County Port Authority, 116 Cleveland Ave. NW, Suite 600, Canton, Ohio 44702.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

The Stark County Land Reutilization Corporation (Land Bank) - The Land Bank is a county land reutilization corporation that was formed on March 21, 2012 when the Stark County Board of Commissioners authorized the incorporation of the Land Bank under Chapter 1724 of the Ohio Revised Code through resolution as a not-for-profit corporation under the laws of the State of Ohio. The purpose of the Land Bank is for reclaiming, rehabilitating or reutilizing economically non-productive land throughout the County. The Corporation can potentially address parcels where the fair market value of the property has been greatly exceeded by the delinquent taxes and assessed liens and are therefore not economically feasible to initiate foreclosure actions upon. By establishing the Land Bank, the County can begin to address dilapidated housing issues in communities located in the County and also return properties to productive use. The Land Bank has been designated as the County's agent to further its mission to reclaim, rehabilitate, and reutilize vacant, abandoned, tax foreclosed and other real property in the County by exercising the powers of the County under Chapter 5722 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Board of Directors is primarily made up of elected officials of the County. Separately issued financial statements can be obtained from the Land Bank by contacting Alexander Zumbar, Stark County Treasurer, 110 Central Plaza South, Canton, Ohio 44702.

The County is associated with certain organizations which are defined as joint ventures, jointly governed organizations, or related organizations. These organizations are presented in Notes 19, 20 and 21 to the basic financial statements. These organizations are:

Multi-County Juvenile Attention System
Stark Council of Governments
Stark County Regional Planning Commission
Stark-Tuscarawas-Wayne Joint Solid Waste
Management District
Community Improvement Corporation of Stark
County
Akron-Canton Regional Airport
Stark County Tax Incentive Review Council

Northeast Ohio Four County Regional Planning and Development Organization Stark Area Regional Transit Authority Carroll Columbiana Stark Regional Transportation Project Northeast Ohio Network Stark Regional Community Corrections Center Stark County Public Library Stark County Park District

As the custodian of public funds, the County Treasurer invests all public monies held on deposit in the County Treasury. In the case of the legally separate agencies, boards and commissions listed below, the County serves as fiscal agent, but is not financially accountable for their operations. Accordingly, the activity of the following districts and entities are presented as custodial funds within the basic financial statements:

Stark Council of Governments Stark County District Board of Health Stark County Regional Planning Commission Multi-County Juvenile Attention System Stark County Park District Stark Soil and Water Conservation District Stark Regional Community Corrections Center

Information in the following notes to the basic financial statements relates in general to the primary government. Information related to the operation of the component units is specifically identified.

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the County have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the County's accounting policies are described below.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

A. Basis of Presentation

The County's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the County as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The activities of the internal service funds and other internal activities within "activity" types, are eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation of the government-wide financial statements. The statements distinguish between those activities of the County that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the County at year-end. The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the County's governmental activities and for the business-type activities of the County. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. The policy of the County is to not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the statement of activities. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the County, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental program or business activity is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the County.

Net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on its net position use is either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The net position restricted for special programs result from special revenue funds and the restrictions on their use, along with a restriction in the general fund on unclaimed monies.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> During the year, the County segregates transactions related to certain County functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the County at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The Internal Service Fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

B. Fund Accounting

The County uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

<u>Governmental Funds</u> Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The following are the County's major governmental funds:

General - The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the County for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Board of Developmental Disabilities - The Board of Developmental Disabilities Fund accounts for the operations of a school and the costs of administering a workshop for the developmentally disabled. Revenue sources are a County-wide property tax levy and Federal and State grants.

Mental Health - The Mental Health Fund accounts for a County-wide property tax levy and Federal and State grants that are expended primarily to pay the cost of contracts with local mental health agencies that provide services to the public.

Children's Services - The Children's Services Fund accounts for a County-wide property tax levy, Federal and State grants, support collections, Veteran's Administration and Social Security. Major expenditures are for foster homes, emergency shelters, medical care, school supplies, counseling and parental training.

Public Assistance - The Public Assistance Fund accounts for various Federal and State grants used to provide public assistance to general relief recipients and to pay their providers of medical assistance and certain public social services.

Justice System Sales Tax - The Justice System Sales Tax Fund accounts for revenue from the sales and use tax to be used strictly for criminal justice expenditures.

The other governmental funds of the County account for grants and other resources to which the County is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources.

Proprietary Funds Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position and cash flows. Proprietary funds are classified as either enterprise or internal service.

Enterprise Funds - Enterprise funds may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. Other enterprise funds of the County account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The County has presented the following major proprietary fund:

Sewer - The sewer fund accounts for sanitary sewer services provided to individuals and commercial users in the County. The costs of providing these services are financed primarily through user charges.

The other enterprise funds of the County account for the water services provided to users within the County, along with charges to other entities, and the associated costs, for performing criminal background checks on individuals.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Internal Service Funds - Internal service funds account for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the County on a cost-reimbursement basis. The County's internal service funds report on self-insurance programs which provide medical, dental, and vision benefits and worker's compensation to the employees of the County.

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u> Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and custodial funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the County under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are, therefore, not available to support the County's own programs. The County's fiduciary funds are private-purpose trust funds and custodial funds. The private-purpose trust funds are for monies received in trust by the Board of Developmental Disabilities and George C. Brissel Trust. The County's custodial funds are mainly used for the collection and distribution of taxes, along with the County Park District, Health District, Multi-County Juvenile Attention System, and several other related entities described in Note 1.

C. Measurement Focus

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the County are included on the Statement of Net Position.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and deferred outflows of resources and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, all proprietary and fiduciary fund types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net position. The statement of changes in fund net position presents increases (i.e., revenues/additions) and decreases (i.e., expenses/disbursements) in net position. The statement of cash flows for proprietary funds provides information about how the County finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting, while governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter, to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. For the County, available means expected to be received within sixty days of year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the County receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include sales taxes, property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from sales taxes is recognized in the period in which the sale occurs. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the taxes are levied (see Note 6). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations are recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the County must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the County on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year-end: sales tax (see Note 7), interest, federal and state grants and subsidies, state-levied, locally-shared taxes (including motor vehicle license fees and gasoline taxes), fees and rentals.

<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> In addition to assets, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the County, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the government-wide statement of net position for pension and OPEB. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB are explained in Notes 11 and 12.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the County, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, payments in lieu of taxes, pension, OPEB and unavailable revenue. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of December 31, 2020, but which were levied to finance 2021 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow on both the government-wide statement of net position and governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the County, unavailable revenue may include delinquent property taxes, special assessments, intergovernmental grants, and miscellaneous revenues. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available. The details of these unavailable revenues are identified on the reconciliation of total governmental fund balances to net position of governmental activities. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are reported on the government-wide statement of net position. (See Notes 11 and 12).

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgetary Process

All funds, except custodial funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount the County may appropriate. The appropriations resolution is the Commissioner's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Commissioners. The legal level of control has been established by the Commissioners at the object level for all funds.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the County Commissioners. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the final amended certificate of estimated resources issued during the year.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation resolution for that fund that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Commissioners during the year.

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the County is pooled. Monies for all funds, including proprietary funds, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the County's records. Interest in the pool is presented as "Equity and Pooled Cash and Investments" on the financial statements.

During 2020, investments were limited to federal agency securities, manuscript bonds, money markets, a treasury note, bonds and STAR Ohio. Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts are reported at cost.

During 2020, the County invested in STAR Ohio. STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants. The County measures their investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For 2020, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$25 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$100 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$100 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

The County also invests in STAR Plus, a federally insured cash account powered by the Federally Insured Cash Account (FICA) program. STAR Plus enables political subdivisions to generate a competitive yield on cash deposits in a network of carefully-selected FDIC-insured banks via a single, convenient account. STAR Plus offers attractive yields with no market or credit risk, weekly liquidity and penalty free withdrawals. All deposits with STAR Plus have full FDIC insurance with no term commitment on deposits.

Following Ohio statutes, the County has by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during 2020 amounted to \$2,622,985, which includes \$2,397,109 assigned from other County funds.

The County utilizes a financial institution to service bonded debt as principal and interest payments come due and to hold retainage. The balance in these accounts is presented on the financial statements as "Cash and Investments with Fiscal and Escrow Agents." The County has segregated bank accounts for monies held separate from the County treasury. These depository accounts are presented as "Cash and Investments in Segregated Accounts."

For presentation on financial statements, funds included within the Treasurer's cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less are presented on the financial statements as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments." Investments with an original maturity of more than three months that are not made from the pool are reported as "investments."

G. Inventory

Inventory is valued at cost using the first-in, first-out method. Inventory is recorded as an expenditure/expense when consumed. Inventory consists of expendable supplies.

H. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond December 31, 2020, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method by recording a current asset for the prepaid amount at the time of purchase and reflecting the expenditure/expense in the year in which services are consumed.

I. Capital Assets

General capital assets are capital assets which are associated with and generally arise from governmental activities. They result from expenditures in the governmental funds. General capital assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are depreciated except for land and construction in progress. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Useful lives for infrastructure were estimated based on the County's historical records of necessary improvements and replacement. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Description	Governmental Activities Estimated Lives	Business-Type Activities Estimated Lives
Improvements Other than Buildings	15 years	15 years
Buildings and Improvements	30 - 50 years	30 - 50 years
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	5 - 15 years	5 - 15 years
Sewer Rights	-	40 years
Infrastructure	30 - 50 years	30 - 50 years

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their aquisition values as of the date received. The County maintains a capitalization threshold of five thousand dollars with the exception of land, as land is listed regardless of cost, and a capitalization threshold of one hundred thousand dollars for infrastructure. The County's governmental infrastructure assets consist of roads and bridges. The County's business-type infrastructure assets consist of sanitary sewers and water lines. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. Interest incurred during the construction of proprietary fund capital assets is also capitalized.

J. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, outstanding interfund loans and unpaid amounts for interfund services are reported as "interfund receivables/payables." Repayments from the funds responsible for particular expenditures or expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are reported as "due to/due from other funds." Interfund balance amounts are eliminated in the statement of net position, except for any net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

K. Compensated Absences

The County reports compensated absences in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences as explained by Interpretation No. 6 of the GASB, Recognition and Measurement of Certain Liabilities and Expenditures in Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability, as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered, and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination payment method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is based on the County's past experience of making termination payments.

The entire compensated absences liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

On the governmental fund statements, compensated absences are recognized as a liability and expenditure to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "matured compensated absences payable" in the funds from which the employee will be paid.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

L. Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements; and all payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current fiscal year. Net pension/OPEB liability should be recognized in the governmental funds to the extent that benefit payments are due and payable and the pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is not sufficient for payment of those benefits.

Bonds, loans and lease purchases are recognized as a liability when due, in the fund financial statements.

M. Pensions//Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

N. Fund Balances

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to observe constraints placed on the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of loans receivable, as well as property acquired for resale, unless the use of the proceeds from the collection of those receivables or from the sale of those properties is restricted, committed or assigned.

Restricted Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the County Commissioners. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the County Commissioners remove or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Assigned Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the County for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the County Commissioners. The County Commissioners have by resolution authorized the Auditor to assign fund balance. The County Commissioners may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget.

Unassigned Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed or assigned.

The County applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

O. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The County applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

P. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the County, these revenues represent service charges for County sewer, County water, Sheriff webcheck, workers' compensation and self-insurance programs. Operating expenses are necessary costs that have been incurred in order to provide the good or service that is the primary activity of the fund. Any revenues and expenses not meeting the definitions of operating are reported as nonoperating.

Q. Contributions of Capital

Contributions of capital in proprietary fund financial statements arise from outside contributions of capital assets, tap-in fees to the extent they exceed the cost of the connection to the system, or from grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction, or capital asset transfers from governmental activities.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

R. Interfund Activity

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the government-wide statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after non-operating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

S. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the County Administration and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during 2020.

T. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTE 3. BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) are presented in the basic financial statements for the General Fund and the Major Special Revenue Funds.

The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are:

- a) Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).
- b) Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP).
- c) Encumbrances are treated as expenditures for all funds (budget) rather than as a restricted, assigned or committed fund balance for governmental fund types (GAAP).
- d) Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP), but have separate legally adopted budgets.

Adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations at the end of the year 2020 on the Budget basis to the GAAP basis are as follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	General	Board of Developmental Disabilities	Mental Health	hildren's Services	 Public Assistance	Justice System Sales Tax
GAAP Basis	\$ (115,967)	\$ 3,953,059	\$ 3,860,179	\$ 198,817	\$ 400,572	\$ 13,359,631
Net Adjustment for:						
Revenue Accruals	1,134,298	(1,044,731)	(3,055,706)	(195,418)	10,901,946	(280,803)
Expenditure Accruals	770,278	570,457	(853,980)	16,407	(11,315,218)	274,488
Funds Budgeted Elsewhere *	(116,931)	-	-	-	-	-
Adjustment for Encumbrances	(4,072,233)	(1,141,798)	 (5,732,345)	 (2,493,756)	 (1,512,032)	 (1,959,657)
Budget Basis	\$ (2,400,555)	\$ 2,336,987	\$ (5,781,852)	\$ (2,473,950)	\$ (1,524,732)	\$ 11,393,659

^{*}As part of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting*, certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a GAAP basis. This includes Unclaimed Money, Building Inspection, Sheriffs Policing Rotary, Certificate of Title Administration and Recorder's Equipment funds.

NOTE 4. FUND DEFICIT

At December 31, 2020, the Engineer's Construction capital projects fund had a deficit fund balance of \$53,898 as a result of adjustments for accrued liabilities. The general fund is liable for any deficit in this fund and will provide transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur.

NOTE 5. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Monies held by the County are classified by State Statute into three categories. Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demand upon the County treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the County treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the County has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Protection of the County's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by the financial institutions participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Interim monies can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States treasury notes, bills, bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States; Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the federal national mortgage association, federal home loan bank, federal farm credit bank, federal home loan mortgage corporation, government national mortgage association, and student loan marketing association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities.
- 2. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least 2 percent, be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed 30 days.
- 3. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio or its political subdivisions, provided that such political subdivisions are located wholly or partly within the County.
- 4. Time certificates of deposit, savings or deposit accounts, including but not limited to passbook accounts.
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institution.
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio) and STAR Plus.
- 7. Securities lending agreements in which the County lends securities and the eligible institution agrees to exchange either securities described in section (1) or (2) or cash or both securities and cash, equal value for equal value.
- 8. High grade commercial paper in an amount not to exceed 5 percent of the County total average portfolio.
- 9. Banker's acceptances for a period not to exceed 270 days and in an amount not to exceed 10 percent of the County's total average portfolio.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the County, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Deposits - At year-end, \$26,167,500 of the County's bank balance of \$29,396,559 was exposed to custodial credit risk. Although the securities were held by the pledging financial institutions' trust department in the County's name and all statutory requirements for the investment of money had been followed, noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the County to a successful claim by the FDIC.

Custodial Credit Risk Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the County will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

The County has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or protected by:

- Eligible securities pledged to the County and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose market value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured; or
- Participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities
 deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all
 public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS required the total market value of the
 securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of
 State.

Segregated Cash - Various public safety and municipal court accounts are recorded in fiduciary and governmental funds of the County. The customer deposit accounts of the business-type activities are maintained separately from the County's deposits. The carrying amount of these deposits are reported as "Cash and Investments in Segregated Accounts." As of December 31, 2020, the carrying amount for the fiduciary, governmental and business-type activities of the County were \$1,947,518, \$634,720 and \$400,187, respectively.

Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agents - At December 31, 2020, the County's Board of Development Disabilities special revenue fund had a cash balance of \$310,457 with the Northeast Ohio Network (Network), a jointly governed organization (See Note 20) and is recorded as "Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agents." The money is held by the Network in a pooled account which is representative of numerous entities and therefore cannot be classified by risk under GASB Statement 40. The classification of cash and cash equivalents and investments for the Network as a whole may be obtained from their audit report, which can be obtained by writing to the Northeast Ohio Network, 45 North Road, Niles, Ohio 44446.

Cash and Investments with Escrow Agents – The County's retainage accounts, which are recorded in the General, Permanent Improvement, Motor Vehicle and Gas Tax funds of the governmental activities and the Sewer business-type fund, are maintained separately as from the County's deposits. The carrying amount of these deposits are reported as "Cash and Investments with Escrow Agents." As of December 31, 2020, the bank balances for the governmental activities and business-type activities of the County were \$354,654 and \$223,770, respectively.

Safety of principal shall be the most important objective of the County's investment program. The investment of County money shall be conducted in a manner that seeks to ensure preservation of capital in the portfolio within the context of the following criteria:

<u>Credit Risk (default risk)</u> – Credit risk is the risk of loss due to the failure of a security issuer to pay principal or interest, or the failure of the issuer to make timely payments of principal or interest. Credit risk shall be minimized by (1) diversifying investments by the obligor, (2) ensuring that minimum quality ratings required by the County Depository Law exist prior to the purchase of commercial paper notes, bankers acceptances, no-load money market mutual funds and debt interests issued by foreign nations, (3) ensuring that certificates of deposit and savings or deposit accounts are collateralized as required by law, and (4) obtaining delivery to the Investing Authority or an appropriate custodian of securities purchased subject to a repurchase agreement.

<u>Market risk (interest rate risk)</u> – The fair value of securities in the portfolio will fluctuate as the general level of interest rates changes. The effect of changes in general interest rate levels shall be minimized by (1) maintaining adequate liquidity so that current obligations of the County may be met without selling securities prior to their maturity, and (2) diversification of investments as to maturity, obligor and type.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

With the exception of direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury, direct obligations of U.S. federal agencies and instrumentalities, and interests in STAR Ohio, no more than 40 percent of the total portfolio shall be invested in a single type of security, and with the exception of U.S. Treasury obligations, and STAR Ohio, no more than 40 percent of the total portfolio shall be invested in securities of a single issuer; provided that the foregoing limits shall not apply to temporary balances maintained by the County in depository accounts with a financial institution that serves as a depository for public monies of the County to the extent that the deposits are insured or fully collateralized in accordance with the County Depository Law.

Investments

As of December 31, 2020, the primary government had the following investments (based on quoted market prices) and maturities:

S&P Global		Measurement				Time In Years		
Ratings	Investment Type	Amount		1	ess Than 1	1-2	Over 2	Portfolio %
	Fair Value:							
AA +	FHLB Notes	\$	11,586,583	\$	2,639,653	\$ 515,643	\$ 8,431,287	5.47%
AA+	FFCB Notes		42,032,302		6,682,879	7,051,027	28,298,396	19.84%
AA+	FHLM Notes		48,077,826		1,801,933	2,001,120	44,274,773	22.69%
AA +	FAMC Notes		1,504,899		-	-	1,504,899	0.71%
AA +	FNMA Notes		29,497,111		3,526,799	1,915,617	24,054,695	13.92%
A- I	Commercial Paper		14,856,080		14,856,080	-	-	7.01%
AA +	Treasury Note		5,515,946		2,385,282	-	3,130,664	2.60%
AA-	Bonds		3,299,951		-	200,000	3,099,951	1.56%
A+	Corporate Bonds		8,756,861		5,243,775	2,005,422	1,507,664	4.13%
AA	Municipal Bonds		10,658,642		8,353,464	871,914	1,433,264	5.03%
N/A	Negotiable Certificates of Deposit		3,840,106		-	-	3,840,106	1.81%
	Net Asset Value (NAV):							
AAAm	STAR Ohio		32,275,553		32,275,553			15.23%
	Total Investments	\$	211,901,860	\$	77,765,418	\$ 14,560,743	\$ 119,575,699	100.00%

The County categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs. Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The above table identifies the County's recurring fair value measurements as of December 31, 2020. The County's investments measured at fair value are valued using methodologies that incorporate market inputs such as benchmark yields, reported trades, broker/dealer quotes, issuer spreads, two-sided markets, benchmark securities, bids, offers, and reference data including market research publications. Market indicators and industry and economic events are also monitored which could require the need to acquire further market data (Level 2 inputs).

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u> - The Ohio Revised Code and the Investment and Depository Policy of the County limit purchase of securities to those with a maturity of no more than five years from the date of purchase unless matched to specific obligations or debt of the County.

<u>Credit Risk</u> – The credit risk of the County's investments is in the table above.

STAR Ohio is an investment pool operated by the Ohio State Treasurer. It is unclassified since it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. Ohio law requires STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The weighted average of maturity of the

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

portfolio held by STAR Ohio as of December 31, 2020, is 56 days.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u> – The County's investment policy provides for diversification to avoid undue concentration in securities of one type or securities of one financial institution. This restriction does not apply to obligations guaranteed by the U.S. Government. Refer to the previous table for diversification.

NOTE 6. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the County. Property tax revenue received during 2020 for real and public utility property taxes represents collections of the 2019 taxes.

2020 real property taxes were levied after October 1, 2020 on the assessed value as of January 1, 2020, the lien date. Assessed values are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value. 2020 real property taxes are collected in and intended to finance 2021.

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statue permits later payment dates to be established.

Public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value; public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value. 2020 public utility property taxes which became a lien December 31, 2019, are levied after October 1, 2020, and are collected in 2021 with real property taxes.

The full tax rate for all County operations for the year ended December 31, 2020, was \$11.50 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation. The assessed values of real property and public utility tangible property upon which 2020 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

Real Property	\$ 7,829,168,510
Public Utility Personal Property	859,605,980
Total Assessed Value	\$ 8,688,774,490

The County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts within the County, including the County. The County Auditor periodically remits to the County its portion of the taxes collected. Property taxes receivable represents real and public utility property taxes and outstanding delinquencies which were measurable as of December 31, 2020, and for which there was an enforceable legal claim. In governmental funds, the portion of the receivable not levied to finance 2020 operations is offset to deferred inflows of resources – property taxes levied for the next year. On the accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue while on the modified accrual basis the revenue has been reported as deferred inflows of resources – unavailable revenue.

NOTE 7. SALES AND USE TAX

A .5 percent sales tax was passed in the November 2011 general election and renewed through March 2028. The proceeds of the tax were credited to the Justice System Sales Tax Fund. Sales and use taxes revenue recognized in 2020 on the modified accrual basis totaled \$34,165,349 including monies attributable to state motor vehicle licensing sales that have been recorded in the motor vehicle and gas tax fund. \$30,239,724 of this total was attributable to the County sales and use tax.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

NOTE 8. RECEIVABLES

Receivables at December 31, 2020 consisted of taxes, revenue in lieu of taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services including unbilled utility services), special assessments, interfund, loans and intergovernmental receivables arising from grants, entitlements, and shared revenues. Receivables are considered collectible in full. Utility accounts receivable may be certified and collected as a special assessment, subject to foreclosure for nonpayment. Loans receivable in the amount of \$2,954,964 represent loans granted to citizens of the County for community development.

NOTE 9. RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. These risks are covered by commercial insurance policies purchased from independent third parties. There has not been a significant reduction of coverage from the prior year and settled claims have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the last three years.

The County has elected to provide medical benefits through a self-insured program. Maintenance of these benefits is accounted for in the Self Insurance internal service fund. Incurred but unreported claims of \$2,174,889 as of December 31, 2020 were accrued as a liability.

The County participated in the State Workers' Compensation prospective rating plan during 2020. This plan involves the payment of a minimum premium for administrative services and stop-loss coverage plus the actual claim costs for employees injured. Incurred but not reported claims of \$512,111 have been accrued as a liability at December 31, 2020.

The total claims liability of \$2,687,000 reported in the internal service funds at December 31, 2020, is based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10 which requires that a liability for unpaid claims costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not reported claims, be reported. The estimates were not affected by incremental claims adjustment expenses and do not include other allocated or unallocated claims adjustment expenses.

Changes in the funds' claims liability amounts for 2019 and 2020 were:

	Beginning	Current Year	Claim	Balance at
	of Year	Claims	Payments	End of Year
2019	\$ 3,784,133	\$ 26,519,352	\$ 27,832,400	\$ 2,471,085
2020	2,471,085	26,501,309	26,285,394	2,687,000

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

NOTE 10. CAPITAL ASSETS

Health

Human Services

Total Depreciation Expense

Capital Asset activity for the year ending December 31, 2020 was as follows:

Balance 1/1/2020 Additions Deletions			Balance 12/31/2020
	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 17,258,090
34,724,285	9,889,193	(37,867,650)	6,745,828
51,982,375	9,889,193	(37,867,650)	24,003,918
102,997,012	3,083,391	-	106,080,403
3,239,487	254,264	(112,205)	3,381,546
47,887,080	17,456,465	(66,638)	65,276,907
231,077,049	19,142,902	(649,162)	249,570,789
385,200,628	39,937,022	(828,005)	424,309,645
(59,989,164)	(2,360,615)	-	(62,349,779)
(2,178,221)	(147,531)	112,205	(2,213,547)
(37,227,573)	(4,955,183)	46,647	(42,136,109)
(120,225,741)	(9,063,324)	528,725	(128,760,340)
(219,620,699)	(16,526,653)	687,577	(235,459,775)
165,579,929	23,410,369	(140,428)	188,849,870
3 217,562,304	\$ 33,299,562	\$ (38,008,078)	\$ 212,853,788
	34,724,285 51,982,375 102,997,012 3,239,487 47,887,080 231,077,049 385,200,628 (59,989,164) (2,178,221) (37,227,573) (120,225,741) (219,620,699) 165,579,929	34,724,285 9,889,193 51,982,375 9,889,193 102,997,012 3,083,391 3,239,487 254,264 47,887,080 17,456,465 231,077,049 19,142,902 385,200,628 39,937,022 (59,989,164) (2,360,615) (2,178,221) (147,531) (37,227,573) (4,955,183) (120,225,741) (9,063,324) (219,620,699) (16,526,653) 165,579,929 23,410,369	34,724,285 9,889,193 (37,867,650) 51,982,375 9,889,193 (37,867,650) 102,997,012 3,083,391 - 3,239,487 254,264 (112,205) 47,887,080 17,456,465 (66,638) 231,077,049 19,142,902 (649,162) 385,200,628 39,937,022 (828,005) (59,989,164) (2,360,615) - (2,178,221) (147,531) 112,205 (37,227,573) (4,955,183) 46,647 (120,225,741) (9,063,324) 528,725 (219,620,699) (16,526,653) 687,577 165,579,929 23,410,369 (140,428)

562,420

336,072

\$ 16,526,653

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Capital Asset activity for the year ending December 31, 2020 continued:

	 Balance 1/1/2020		Additions		Deletions	Balance 12/31/2020		
Business-type activities:								
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$ 593,566	\$	-	\$	-	\$	593,566	
Construction in progress	5,913,994		2,733,447		(7,102,613)		1,544,828	
Total capital assets not being depreciated	6,507,560		2,733,447		(7,102,613)		2,138,394	
Other capital assets:								
Buildings and improvements	13,298,243		1,028,665		-		14,326,908	
Improvements other than buildings	1,287,808		-		-		1,287,808	
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	7,583,003		571,569		(154,588)		7,999,984	
Sewer Rights	83,666,474		-		-		83,666,474	
Infrastructure	207,370,209		7,258,385				214,628,594	
Total other capital assets	 313,205,737		8,858,619		(154,588)		321,909,768	
Accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings and improvements	(5,373,192)		(329,139)		-		(5,702,331)	
Improvements other than buildings	(1,224,478)		(10,624)		-		(1,235,102)	
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	(6,128,518)		(465,542)		152,947		(6,441,113)	
Sewer Rights	(14,401,383)		(2,091,661)		-		(16,493,044)	
Infrastructure	(98,005,733)		(4,138,367)				(102,144,100)	
Total accumulated depreciation	(125,133,304)		(7,035,333)		152,947		(132,015,690)	
Other capital assets, net	 188,072,433		1,823,286		(1,641)		189,894,078	
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 194,579,993	\$	4,556,733	\$	(7,104,254)	\$	192,032,472	

NOTE 11. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

Net Pension Liability/Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

Pensions and OPEB are components of exchange transactions - between an employer and its employees - of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions and OPEB are provided to an employee - on a deferred-payment basis - as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) represents the County's proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Ohio Revised Code limits the County's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The County cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the County does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide health care to eligible benefit recipients.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension/OPEB liability* (asset) on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension/OPEB contributions outstanding at the end of the year is included in intergovernmental payable on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

The remainder of this note includes the pension disclosures. See Note 12 for the OPEB disclosures.

Plan Description – Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

County employees participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The traditional pension plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan, and the combined plan is a combination cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit/defined contribution pension plan. While members (e.g. County employees) may elect the member-directed plan and the combined plan, substantially all employee members are in OPERS' traditional plan; therefore, the following disclosure focuses on the traditional pension plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to members of the traditional plan. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about OPERS' fiduciary net position that may be obtained by visiting https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml, by writing to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling 800-222-7377.

Senate Bill (SB) 343 was enacted into law with an effective date of January 7, 2013. In the legislation, members were categorized into three groups with varying provisions of the law applicable to each group. The following table provides age and service requirements for retirement and the retirement formula applied to final average salary (FAS) for the three member groups under the traditional plan as per the reduced benefits adopted by SB 343 (see OPERS CAFR referenced above for additional information, including requirements for reduced and unreduced benefits):

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Group A

Eligible to retire prior to January 7, 2013 or five years after January 7, 2013

Group B

20 years of service credit prior to January 7, 2013 or eligible to retire ten years after January 7, 2013

State and Local

Age 60 with 60 months of service credit

or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit

Age and Service Requirements:

Group C

Members not in other Groups and members hired on or after January 7, 2013

State and Local

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit

Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30

Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30

State and Local

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 57 with 25 years of service credit or Age 62 with 5 years of service credit

Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 35 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 35

Public Safety

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 48 with 25 years of service credit or Age 52 with 15 years of service credit

Public Safety

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 48 with 25 years of service credit or Age 52 with 15 years of service credit

Public Safety

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 52 with 25 years of service credit or Age 56 with 15 years of service credit

Law Enforcement

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 52 with 15 years of service credit

Law Enforcement

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 48 with 25 years of service credit or Age 52 with 15 years of service credit

Law Enforcement

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 48 with 25 years of service credit or Age 56 with 15 years of service credit

Public Safety and Law Enforcement

Formula:

2.5% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 25 years and 2.1% for service years in excess of 25

Public Safety and Law Enforcement

Formula

2.5% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 25 years and 2.1% for service years in excess of 25

Public Safety and Law Enforcement

Formula

2.5% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 25 years and 2.1% for service years in excess of 25

Final average salary (FAS) represents the average of the three highest years of earnings over a member's career for Groups A and B. Group C is based on the average of the five highest years of earnings over a member's career.

Members who retire before meeting the age and years of service credit requirement for unreduced benefits receive a percentage reduction in the benefit amount. The initial amount of a member's pension benefit is vested upon receipt of the initial benefit payment for calculation of an annual cost-of-living adjustment.

When a benefit recipient has received benefits for 12 months, current law provides for an annual cost-of-living adjustment (COLA). This COLA is calculated on the base retirement benefit at the date of retirement and is not compounded. For those who retired prior to January 7, 2013, the cost of living adjustment is 3 percent. For those retiring subsequent to January 7, 2013, beginning in calendar year 2019, current law provides that the COLA will be based on the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, capped at 3 percent.

Beginning in 2022, the Combined Plan will be consolidated under the Traditional Pension Plan (defined benefit plan) and the Combined Plan option will no longer be available for new hires beginning in 2022.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Funding Policy - Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

	State	Public	Law
	and Local	Safety	Enforcement
2020 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates			
Employer	14.00 %	18.10 %	18.10 %
Employee	10.00 %	*	**
2020 Actual Contribution Rates			
Employer:			
Pension	14.00 %	18.10 %	18.10 %
Post-Employment Health Care Benefits	0.00 %	0.00 %	0.00 %
Total Employer	14.00 %	18.10 %	18.10 %
Employee	10.00 %	12.00 %	13.00 %

^{*} This rate is determined by OPERS' Board and has no maximum rate established by ORC.

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The County's contractually required contribution was \$11,898,117 for 2020. Of this amount, \$921,564 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – The County participates in STRS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan, and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

The DB Plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. Effective August 1, 2017 – July 1, 2019, any member could retire with reduced benefits who had (1) five years of service credit and age 60; (2) 27 years of service credit and age 55; or (3) 30 years of service credit regardless of age. Effective August 1, 2019 – July 1, 2021, any member may retire with reduced benefits who has (1) five years of service credit and age 60; (2) 28 years of service credit and age 55; or (3) 30 years of service credit regardless of age. Eligibility changes will continue to be phased through August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60. Eligibility changes for actuarially reduced benefits will be phased in until August 1, 2023, when retirement eligibility will be five years of qualifying service credit and age 60, or 30 years of service credit at any age.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.53 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.47 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit plan unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a monthly retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lump-sum withdrawal.

^{**} This rate is also determined by OPERS' Board, but is limited by ORC to not more than 2 percent greater than the Public Safety rate.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

The Combined plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined plan, 12 percent of the 14 percent member rate is deposited into the member's DC account and the remaining 2 percent is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50 and after termination of employment.

New members who choose the DC Plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. New members must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit to apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. If a member of the DC plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. The statutory employer rate is 14 percent and the statutory member rate is 14 percent of covered payroll effective July 1, 2016. The County was required to contribute 14 percent; the entire 14 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The 2020 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

The County's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$386,708 for 2020. Of this amount, \$23,459 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability for OPERS was measured as of December 31, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. STRS net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the County's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	OPERS		 STRS		Total	
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability:						
Current Measurement Period		0.585600%	0.025576%			
Prior Measurement Period		0.609280%	 0.030810%			
Change in Proportion		-0.023680%	-0.005234%			
Proportionate Share of the Net						
Pension Liability	\$	115,747,813	\$ 6,188,559	\$	121,936,372	
Pension Expense	\$	15,530,767	\$ 475,529	\$	16,006,296	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Other than contributions made subsequent to the measurement date and differences between projected and actual earnings on investments; deferred inflows/outflows of resources are recognized in pension expense beginning in the current period, using a straight line method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining services lives of all employees that are provided with pensions, determined as of the beginning of the measurement period. Net deferred inflows/outflows of resources pertaining to the differences between projected and actual investment earnings are similarly recognized over a closed five year period. At December 31, 2020, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	OPERS		STRS	Total	
Deferred Outflows of Resources					
Net Difference between Projected and Actual					
Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	\$	-	\$ 300,950	\$	300,950
Differences between Expected and					
Actual Experience		-	13,887		13,887
Changes of Assumptions		6,182,288	332,206		6,514,494
Changes in Proportionate Share		32,223	56,372		88,595
County Contributions Subsequent					
to the Measurement Date		11,898,117	 220,782		12,118,899
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	18,112,628	\$ 924,197	\$	19,036,825
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Differences between Expected and					
Actual Experience	\$	1,463,467	\$ 39,572	\$	1,503,039
Net Difference between Projected and Actual					
Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		23,089,087	-		23,089,087
Changes in Proportionate Share		3,824,657	 895,273		4,719,930
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	28,377,211	\$ 934,845	\$	29,312,056

\$12,118,899 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending December 31, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending December 31:	 OPERS		STRS	Total		
2021	\$ (5,379,910)	\$	(22,843)	\$	(5,402,753)	
2022	(8,571,016)		(104,804)		(8,675,820)	
2023	956,114		(25,731)		930,383	
2024	 (9,167,888)		(78,051)		(9,245,939)	
	\$ (22,162,700)	\$	(231,430)	\$	(22,394,130)	

Actuarial Assumptions - OPERS

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the values of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019, using the following key actuarial assumptions and methods applied to all prior periods included in the measurement in accordance with

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

the requirements of GASB 67. Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results, prepared as of December 31, 2019 are presented below.

Actuarial Information	Traditional Pension Plan
Wage Inflation	3.25 percent
Future Salary Increases,	3.25 percent to 10.75 percent
including wage inflation	(including wage inflation)
Investment Rate of Return	
Current Measurement Date	7.20 percent
Prior Measurement Date	7.20 percent
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age
Cost-of-Living	Pre-1/7/2013 Retirees: 3.00 percent Simple
Adjustments	Post-1/7/2013 Retirees: 3.00 percent Simple
	through 2020, then 2.15 percent Simple

In October 2019, the OPERS Board adopted a change in COLA for Post-January 7, 2013 retirees, changing it from three percent simple through 2018 then 2.15 simple to 1.4 percent simple through 2020 then 2.15 percent simple.

Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Employees mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the RP-2014 Disabled mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to all of the above described tables.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended December 31, 2015.

During 2019, OPERS managed investments in three investment portfolios: the Defined Benefit portfolio, the Health Care portfolio, and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Defined Benefit portfolio contains the investment assets of the Traditional Pension Plan, the defined benefit component of the Combined Plan and the annuitized accounts of the Member-Directed Plan. Within the Defined Benefit portfolio, contributions into the plans are all recorded at the same time, and benefit payments all occur on the first of the month. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual money-weighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investment expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Defined Benefit portfolio was 17.2 percent for 2019.

The allocation of investment assets with the Defined Benefit portfolio is approved by the Board of Trustees as outlined in the annual investment plan. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined benefit pension plans. The long-term expected rate of return on defined benefit investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return were provided by the Board's investment consultant. For each major asset class that is included in the Defined Benefit portfolio's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2019, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

		Weighted Average Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real Rate of Return
Asset Class	Allocation	(Arithmetic)
Fixed Income	25.00 %	1.83 %
Domestic Equities	19.00	5.75
Real Estate	10.00	5.20
Private Equity	12.00	10.70
International Equities	21.00	7.66
Other Investments	13.00	4.98
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.20 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following table presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.20 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.20 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.20 percent) than the current rate:

	Current						
	1	1% Decrease Discount Rate			1% Increase		
County's Proportionate Share of the							
Net Pension Liability	\$	190,905,600	\$	115,747,813	\$	48,183,168	

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2020, actuarial valuation, are presented below:

Inflation	2.50 percent
Acturial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal (Level Percent of Payroll)
Projected Salary Increases	12.50 percent at age 20 to 2.50 percent at age 65
Investment Rate of Return	7.45 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Payroll Increases	3.00 percent
Cost-of-Living Adjustments	0.00 percent

Post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation, were based on the results of the latest available actuarial experience study, which is for the period July 1, 2011, through June 30, 2016.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return*
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

^{*}Ten year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25 percent and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.45 percent as of June 30, 2020. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that employer and member contributions will be made at statutory contribution rates of 14 percent each. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2020. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on investments of 7.45 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2020.

Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following table represents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability as of June 30, 2020, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.45 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.45 percent) than the current assumption:

	Current						
	19	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase	
County's Proportionate Share of the							
Net Pension Liability	\$	8,811,431	\$	6,188,559	\$	3,965,894	

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS

See Note 11 for a description of the net OPEB liability (asset).

Plan Description – Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

OPERS administers three separate pension plans: the traditional pension plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; the member-directed plan, a defined contribution plan; and the combined plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

OPERS maintains a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care trust, which funds multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage and deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement to qualifying benefit recipients of both the traditional pension and the combined plans. This trust is also used to fund health care for member-directed plan participants, in the form of a Retiree Medical Account (RMA). At retirement or separation, member directed plan participants may be eligible for reimbursement of qualified medical expenses from their vested RMA balance.

In order to qualify for postemployment health care coverage, age and service retirees under the traditional pension and combined plans must have twenty or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit with a minimum age of 60, or generally 30 years of qualifying service at any age. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by OPERS meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement 75. See OPERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report referenced below for additional information.

The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require OPERS to provide health care to its eligible benefit recipients. Authority to establish and amend health care coverage is provided to the Board in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Disclosures for the health care plan are presented separately in the OPERS financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by visiting https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml, by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling (614) 222-5601 or 800-222-7377.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority allowing public employers to fund postemployment health care through their contributions to OPERS. When funding is approved by OPERS' Board of Trustees, a portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside to fund OPERS health care plans. Beginning in 2018, OPERS no longer allocated a portion of its employer contributions to health care for the traditional plan and the combined plan

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the earnable salary of active members. In 2020, state and local employers contributed at a rate of 14.0 percent of earnable salary and public safety and law enforcement employers contributed at 18.1 percent. These are the maximum employer contribution rates permitted by the Ohio Revised Code. Active member contributions do not fund health care.

Each year, the OPERS Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside to fund health care plans. For 2020, OPERS did not allocate any employer contribution to health care for members in the Traditional Pension Plan and Combined Plan. The OPERS Board is also authorized to establish rules for the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries to pay a portion of the health care provided. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected. The employer contribution as a percentage of covered payroll deposited into the RMA for participants in the member-directed plan for 2020 was 4.0 percent.

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The County's had no contractually required contribution for 2020.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued effective January 1, 2021. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

Net OPEB Liability (Asset), OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability and total OPEB liability for OPERS were determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2019, by incorporating the expected value of health care cost accruals, the actual health care payment, and interest accruals during the year. The net OPEB liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The County's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) was based on the County's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

		OPERS	 STRS	 Total
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset):				
Current Measurement Period		0.576366%	0.025576%	
Prior Measurement Period		0.601297%	 0.030810%	
Change in Proportion	-	-0.024931%	-0.005234%	
Proportionate Share of the Net				
OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	79,611,118	\$ (449,503)	\$ 79,161,615
OPEB Expense	\$	6,983,315	\$ (28,427)	\$ 6,954,888

At December 31, 2020, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	OPERS		STRS		Total	
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Net Difference between Projected and Actual						
Earnings on OPEB Plan Investments	\$	-	\$	15,754	\$	15,754
Differences between Expected and						
Actual Experience		2,134		28,801		30,935
Changes of Assumptions		12,601,594		7,420		12,609,014
Changes in Proportionate Share		38,865		2,367		41,232
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	12,642,593	\$	54,342	\$	12,696,935

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	OPERS		STRS		Total	
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Differences between Expected and						
Actual Experience	\$	7,280,804	\$	89,534	\$	7,370,338
Net Difference between Projected and Actual						
Earnings on OPEB Plan Investments		4,053,775		-		4,053,775
Changes of Assumptions		-		426,955		426,955
Changes in Proportionate Share		2,411,393		11,459		2,422,852
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	13,745,972	\$	527,948	\$	14,273,920

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending December 31:	 OPERS	 STRS	 Total
2021	\$ 452,099	\$ (117,778)	\$ 334,321
2022	173,515	(107,113)	66,402
2023	3,227	(103,380)	(100,153)
2024	(1,732,220)	(101,065)	(1,833,285)
2025	-	(21,288)	(21,288)
Thereafter	 	(22,982)	 (22,982)
	\$ (1,103,379)	\$ (473,606)	\$ (1,576,985)

Actuarial Assumptions - OPERS

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the values of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan and include the types of coverage provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of costs between OPERS and plan members. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2019. The actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions applied to all prior periods included in the measurement in accordance with the requirements of GASB 74:

Wage Inflation	3.25 percent	
Projected Salary Increases,	3.25 percent to 10.75 percent (includes	
Including Inflation	wage inflation at 3.25 percent)	
Single Discount Rate:		
Current Measurement Date	3.16 percent	
Prior Measurement Date	3.96 percent	
Investment Rate of Return		
Current Measurement Date	6.00 percent	
Prior Measurement Date	6.00 percent	
Municipal Bond Rate		
Current Measurement Date	2.75 percent	
Prior Measurement Date	3.71 percent	
Health Care Cost Trend Rate		
Current Measurement Date	10.50 percent, initial, 3.50 percent ultimate in 2030	
Prior Measurement Date	10.00 percent, initial, 3.25 percent ultimate in 2029	
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Employees mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the RP-2014 Disabled mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to all of the above described tables.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended December 31, 2015.

During 2019, OPERS managed investments in three investment portfolios: the Defined Benefit portfolio, the Health Care portfolio and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Health Care portfolio includes the assets for health care expenses for the Traditional Pension Plan, Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan eligible members. Within the Health Care portfolio, if any contribution are made into the plans, the contributions are assumed to be received continuously throughout the year based on the actual payroll payable at the time contributions are made. Health care-related payments are assumed to occur mid-year. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual money-weighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investment expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Health Care portfolio was 19.7 percent for 2019.

The allocation of investment assets within the Health Care portfolio is approved by the Board of Trustees as outlined in the annual investment plan. Assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of continuing to offer a sustainable health care program for current and future retirees. OPERS' primary goal is to achieve and maintain a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined pension plans. Health care is a discretionary benefit. The long-term expected rate of return on health care investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation. For each major asset class that is included in the Health Care's portfolio's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2019, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

	Weighted Average Long-Term		
	Target	Expected Real Rate of Return	
Asset Class	Allocation	(Arithmetic)	
Fixed Income	36.00 %	1.53 %	
Domestic Equities	21.00	5.75	
Real Estate Investment Trusts	6.00	5.69	
International Equities	23.00	7.66	
Other Investments	14.00	4.90	
Total	100.00 %	4.55 %	

Discount Rate A single discount rate of 3.16 percent was used to measure the OPEB liability on the measurement date of December 31, 2019. A single discount rate of 3.96 percent was used to measure the OPEB liability on the measurement date of December 31, 2018. Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present value using a single discount rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments (to the extent that the health care fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate are not met). This single discount rate was based on an expected rate of return on the health care investment portfolio of 6.00 percent and a municipal bond rate of 2.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the health care fiduciary net position and future contributions were sufficient to finance health care costs through 2034. As a result, the long-term expected rate of return on health care investments was applied to projected costs through the year 2034, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all health care costs after that date.

Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following table presents the County's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the single discount rate of 3.16 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (2.16 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (4.16 percent) than the current rate:

				Current		
	1	% Decrease	D	iscount Rate	1	% Increase
County's Proportionate Share of the						
Net OPEB Liability	\$	104,183,918	\$	79,611,118	\$	59,936,300

Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate Changes in the health care cost trend rate may also have a significant impact on the net OPEB liability. The following table presents the net OPEB liability calculated using the assumed trend rates, and the expected net OPEB liability if it were calculated using a health care cost trend rate that is 1.0 percent lower or 1.0 percent higher than the current rate.

Retiree health care valuations use a health care cost-trend assumption that changes over several years built into the assumption. The near-term rates reflect increases in the current cost of health care; the trend starting in 2020 is 10.50 percent. If this trend continues for future years, the projection indicates that years from now virtually all expenditures will be for health care. A more reasonable alternative is that in the not-too-distant future, the health plan cost trend will decrease to a level at, or near, wage inflation. On this basis, the actuaries project premium rate increases will continue to exceed wage inflation for approximately the next decade, but by less each year, until leveling off at an ultimate rate, assumed to be 3.50 percent in the most recent valuation.

			Current		
	1	% Decrease	 Γrend Rate	1	% Increase
County's Proportionate Share of the					
Net OPEB Liability	\$	77,261,862	\$ 79,611,118	\$	81,930,427

Changes between Measurement Date and Reporting Date

On January 15, 2020, the Board approved several changes to the health care plan offered to Medicare and pre-Medicare retirees in efforts to decrease costs and increase the solvency of the health care plan. These changes are effective January 1, 2022, and include changes to base allowances and eligibility for Medicare retirees, as well as replacing OPERS-sponsored medical plans for pre-Medicare retirees with monthly allowances, similar to the program for Medicare retirees. These changes are not reflected in the current year financial statements but are expected to decrease the associated OPEB liability.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Actuarial Assumptions – STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2020, actuarial valuation are presented below:

Inflation 2.50 percent

Projected Salary Increases 12.50 percent at age 20 to 2.50 percent at age 65

Payroll Increases 3.00 percent

Investment Rate of Return 7.45 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation

Discount Rate of Return 7.45 percent

Health Care Cost Trend Rates

Medical	<u>Initial</u>	<u>Ultimate</u>
Pre-Medicare	5.00 percent	4.00 percent
Medicare	-6.69 percent	4.00 percent
Prescription Drug		
Pre-Medicare	6.50 percent	4.00 percent
Medicare	11.87 percent	4.00 percent

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were adopted by the board from the results of an actuarial experience study for July 1, 2011, through June 30, 2016.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

	Target	Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation*	Real Rate of Return**
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

^{*}Ten year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25 percent and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.45 percent as of June 30, 2020. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed STRS continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care plan investments of 7.45 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2020.

Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate and Health Care Cost Trend Rate The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2020, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45 percent, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.45 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.45 percent) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2020, calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower and one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

	Current									
	19	6 Decrease	Dis	scount Rate		1% Increase				
County's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset	\$	(391,097)	(449,503)	\$	(499,059)					
	1%	% Decrease		Current rend Rate		1% Increase				
County's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset	\$	(495,983)	\$	(449,503)	\$	(392,885)				

NOTE 13. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

County employees earn vacation and sick leave at varying rates depending on length of service and department policy. The Ohio Revised Code states up to three years of vacation leave may be accumulated. All accumulated, unused vacation time is paid upon separation if the employee has at least one year of service with the County. The Revised Code also states, the County employees become eligible to receive one-fourth of their accumulated unpaid sick leave time upon retirement after a minimum of ten years of service. However, the Revised Code authorizes the board of commissioners to set modification to these rights for any agencies or departments under their control. By order of any appointing authority of a county office, department, commission or board that is not under the Board of Commissioners control may set modification of said rights. As of December 31, 2020, the liability for unpaid compensated absences was \$13,116,627 for the entire County.

NOTE 14. COMMITMENTS

A. Contractual Commitments

The County had various contractual commitments outstanding at December 31, 2020. The majority of these contracts were for building renovations and road and bridge repair. Significant commitments amounted to \$328,560 for special revenue funds, \$1,537,939 for the capital projects funds and \$494,143 for the enterprise funds.

Based on timing of when contracts are encumbered, contractual commitments identified above may or may not be included in the following outstanding encumbrance commitments disclosed in this note. For the enterprise funds, reasons for this may include timing of when contracts are encumbered and contracts paid from these funds, which are not required to disclose encumbrance commitments.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

B. Other Commitments

The County utilized encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the County's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

Fund	Amount			
General	\$	3,192,513		
Board of Developmental Disabilities		619,854		
Mental Health		5,341,272		
Children's Services		2,448,550		
Public Assistance		1,101,490		
Justice System Sales Tax		1,849,236		
Other Governmental		13,654,404		
	\$	28,207,319		

NOTE 15. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Interfund Transfers

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them. During 2020, the general fund transferred \$5,000,000 to the permanent improvement fund and \$1,556,431 to the general obligation bond retirement fund and \$90,000 to the ditch maintenance fund.

B. Interfund Balances

Interfund balances for the year ended December 31, 2020, consisted of the following amounts and represent charges for services or reimbursable expenses/expenditures. These remaining balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods or services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting records, and (3) payments between funds are made. All are expected to be paid within one year.

	Interfun	d Receivable
Interfund Payable	Other C	Governmental
Sewer Fund	\$	10,029
Other Governmental Funds		77,856
Total	\$	87,885

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

NOTE 16. LONG-TERM DEBT

Changes in the County's long-term obligations during 2020 were as follows:

	Outstanding 1/1/2020	Additions	Reductions	Outstanding 12/31/2020	Due Within One Year
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:	1/1/2020	Auditions	Reductions	12/31/2020	One Teur
SPECIAL ASSESSMENT BONDS:					
2004 - \$3,488,264 - 2.00-5.25%					
Various Sewer & Water Projects	\$ 993,024	\$ -	\$ (230,487)	\$ 762,537	\$ 213,07
2010 - \$1,931,533 - 2.00-4.75%					
Various Sewer Projects	987,304	-	(88,053)	899,251	91,57.
2010 - \$646,539 - 2.00-4.75%					
Various Water Projects	77,571	_	(8,414)	69,157	8,75
TOTAL SPECIAL ASSESSMENT BONDS	2,057,899		(326,954)	1,730,945	313,40
GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS:					
2018 DJFS Acquisition and Improvement Bonds					
Serial Bonds - \$1,310,000 - 3.00-4.00%	1,185,000	_	(120,000)	1,065,000	120,00
Term Bonds - \$4,015,000 - 3.25-5.00%	4,015,000	_	(120,000)	4,015,000	120,00
2018 - \$9,845,000 - 2.00-3.00%	7,013,000			7,013,000	
Communication System Bonds	8,855,000	_	(1,010,000)	7,845,000	1,030,00
TOTAL GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS	14,055,000		(1,130,000)	12,925,000	1,150,00
DIRECT BORDONIALCS		,			
DIRECT BORROWINGS:					
OPWC LOANS:					
2007 - \$250,200 - 0%	112 500		((255)	107 225	12.51
Atwater Avenue Bridge 2008 - \$798,630 - 0%	112,590	-	(6,255)	106,335	12,51
Portage Street & Lutz Avenue	339,416		(19,966)	319,450	39,93
2009 - \$733,800 - 0%	339,410	-	(19,900)	319,430	39,93.
Project #CS03K	489,200	_	(12,230)	476,970	24,46
2009 - \$881,249 - 0%	407,200		(12,230)	470,570	24,40
Walnut Avenue Bridge	602,186	_	(14,687)	587,499	29,37.
2009 - \$433.262 - 0%	002,100		(17,007)	207,777	2>,57.
Third Street NW, Bridge	296,062	_	(7,220)	288,842	14,44
2009 - \$291,190 - 0%					
Various Road Resurfacing	83,785	-	(6,983)	76,802	13,96
2012 - \$431,709 - 0%					
Battlesburg St. Bridge	345,368	-	(7,196)	338,172	14,39
2014 - \$600,000 - 0%					
Baum St. Bridge	510,000	-	(10,000)	500,000	20,00
2017 - \$724,500 - 0%					
Beck Avenue Bridge	496,479	-	(9,026)	487,453	18,05
2017 - \$350,000 - 0%					
Fulton Avenue Storm Sewer	326,666	-	(5,834)	320,832	11,66
2017 - \$655,000 - 0%					
Liberty Church St. Bridge	624,437	-	(10,584)	613,853	21,16
2019 - \$618,320 - 0%	220 102	200 127		(10.220	20.61
Gambrinus Ave. Bridge	330,193	288,127	-	618,320	20,61
2020 - \$320,420 - 0% Grovedell Stree SE Bridge		220 420		320,420	10.60
TOTAL OPWC LOANS	4,556,382	320,420 608,547	(109,981)	5,054,948	251,25
TOTAL OF WE LOANS TOTAL DIRECT BORROWINGS	4,556,382	608,547	(109,981)	5,054,948	251,25
Total Balder Boldonings	1,000,002	000,547	(102,201)	5,057,740	
NET PENSION LIABILITY - OPERS and STRS	165,005,654	-	(49,088,169)	115,917,485	
NET OPEB LIABILITY - OPERS and STRS	74,318,398	1,152,942	-	75,471,340	
CLAIMS	2,471,085	26,501,309	(26,285,394)	2,687,000	2,186,949
COMPENSATED ABSENCES	10,638,766	8,901,624	(7,136,159)	12,404,231	6,702,41
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 273,103,184	\$ 37,164,422	\$ (84,076,657)	\$ 226,190,949	\$ 10,604,02

STARK COUNTY, OHIO
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Outstanding 1/1/2020	Additions	Reductions	Outstanding 12/31/2020	Due Within One Year
BUSINESS TYPE ACTIVITIES	1/1/2020	Additions	Reductions	12/31/2020	One rear
GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS:					
2004 - \$1,586,736 - 2.00 - 5.25%					
Sewer Project 517	\$ 536,974	\$ -	\$ (99,513)	\$ 437,461	\$ 101,921
2010 - \$6,356,928 - 2.00-4.75%					
Sewer Refunding TOTAL GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS	3,160,124 3,697,098	-	(233,533)	2,926,591 3,364,052	239,674 341,595
	3,077,070		(333,040)	3,304,032	341,373
DIRECT BORROWINGS:					
<u>OPWC LOANS:</u> 2013 - \$404,250 - 0%					
Sewer Project #566	135,608	_	(33,896)	101,712	33,902
1992 - \$289,500 - 0%	133,000		(33,070)	101,/12	33,702
Sewer Project #525 Repairs & Replacement	19,971	-	(19,971)	-	-
2014 - \$82,881 - 0%					
Sewer Project #549	33,153	-	(8,286)	24,867	8,288
2015 - \$440,135 - 0%					
Sewer Project #567	286,088		(44,012)	242,076	44,014
TOTAL OPWC LOANS	474,820		(106,165)	368,655	86,204
<u>OWDA LOANS:</u> 2001- \$4,691,450					
Nimishillen 5.27%	1,476,686	_	(130,993)	1,345,693	414,054
2010 - \$403,712	1,470,000	_	(130,773)	1,343,073	717,037
Sewer Project #561 - 3.25%	20,845	_	(20,845)	_	_
2010 - \$226,911			, , ,		
Sewer Project #525-C3 - 3.25%	8,206		(8,206)		
TOTAL OWDA LOANS	1,505,737		(160,044)	1,345,693	414,054
TOTAL DIRECT BORROWINGS:	1,980,557		(266,209)	1,714,348	500,258
INTERGOVERNMENTAL LOANS:					
2005 - \$21,250,000					
Sewer Rights - Massillon City - 1.26%	5,800,757	-	(1,130,385)	4,670,372	1,145,068
2000 - \$732,377					
Sewer Rights - Canton City #P506 - 2190 - 2.81%	25,700	-	(25,700)	-	-
2000 - \$4,469,861					
Sewer Rights - Canton City #P506 - 2717 - 2.64%	154,752	-	(154,752)	-	-
2000 - \$114,760 Source Bioleta Conton City #B506 2200 2 160/	1.055		(4.055)		
Sewer Rights - Canton City #P506 - 3290 - 3.16% 2012 - \$1,380,759	4,055	-	(4,055)	-	-
Sewer Rights - Summit #Q908 - 3.20%	248,340	_	(44,463)	203,877	46,967
2015 - \$32,125	,		(,,,,,,,,		
Sewer Rights - Tuscarwas #6429	26,024	-	-	26,024	-
2017 - \$11,993,558					
Sewer Rights - Canton City - 6556 - 3.39%	11,547,586	-	(850,552)	10,697,034	591,334
2017 - \$25,326,094	22 000 550	00.761	(1.500.764)	21.607.555	1.042.257
Sewer Rights - Canton City - 6699 - 3.38% 2018 - \$2,130,812	23,099,558	88,761	(1,500,764)	21,687,555	1,043,257
Sewer Rights - Massillon City - 6922	1,971,001	_	(106,541)	1,864,460	106,541
2018 - \$14,807,540	1,9/1,001	-	(100,341)	1,004,400	100,541
Sewer Rights - Massillon City - 7206	13,725,492	_	(723,894)	13,001,598	725,922
TOTAL INTERGOVERNMENTAL LOANS	56,603,265	88,761	(4,541,106)	52,150,920	3,659,089
CAPITAL LEASES			<u>-</u>	-	
NET PENSION LIABILITY - OPERS	8,677,211	_	(2,658,324)	6,018,887	-
NET OPEB LIABILITY - OPERS	4,076,537	63,241	-	4,139,778	-
COMPENSATED ABSENCES	619,786	394,897	(302,287)	712,396	211,440
TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	\$ 75,654,454	\$ 546,899	\$ (8,100,972)	\$ 68,100,381	\$ 4,712,382

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Enterprise general obligation bonds will be paid from user charges. The Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA) and Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) loans will be paid from revenues derived by the County from the operation of the water and sewer system, with the exception of the OWDA loan related to the Nimishillen project, which will be paid from special assessments from property owners. Claims are paid from the self-insurance and workers' compensation internal service funds. For more information on claims, see Note 9. Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries are paid, primarily the general, board of developmental disabilities and the public assistance funds, which is the same as in prior years. There are no repayment schedules for the net pension liability and net OPEB liability; however, employer pension and OPEB contributions are paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries are paid. For additional information related to the net pension liability and net OPEB liability see Notes 11 and 12.

The County's voted legal debt margin was \$215,719,362 with an unvoted debt margin of \$86,887,745 at December 31, 2020.

The following is a summary of the County's future annual principal and interest requirements to retire special assessment bonds and OPWC loans.

	Governmental Activities												
Fiscal	Special Asses	ssment Bonds	General Obli	General Obligation Bonds									
Year	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal								
2021	\$ 313,405	\$ 75,564	\$ 1,150,000	\$ 391,331	\$ 251,252								
2022	307,018	62,480	1,190,000	365,931	251,252								
2023	286,071	49,543	1,225,000	334,307	251,251								
2024	281,186	37,323	1,255,000	301,731	251,252								
2025	117,309	25,218	1,290,000	268,407	258,234								
2026-2030	425,956	50,520	3,105,000	877,556	1,087,810								
2031-2035	-	-	860,000	616,006	924,234								
2036-2040	-	-	1,030,000	451,788	912,001								
2041-2045	-	-	1,250,000	251,250	561,261								
2046-2050			570,000	32,250	306,401								
Totals	\$ 1,730,945	\$ 300,648	\$ 12,925,000	\$ 3,890,557	\$ 5,054,948								

During 2010, the County issued bonds of \$9,385,000 for the purpose of refunding three previous bond issuances and paying off bond anticipation notes of \$6,710,000. At the time of the refunding, the three bonds had outstanding balances of \$855,000, \$1,475,000 and \$445,000, net of \$100,000 that the County paid as part of the issuance agreement. At the date of refunding, \$2,798,602 (including premium and after underwriting fees) was deposited in a refunding escrow fund to provide all future payments on the refunded bonds. As of December 31, 2016, the final defeased bonds have been called. The refunding bonds were issued with a premium of \$70,743 and had issuance costs of \$143,350. Due to the immaterial nature of the net effect of the premium and costs in relation to the issuance, both items will not be amortized over the life of the bond. The issuance resulted in a difference between the cash flow required to service the old debt and the cash flows required to service the new debt of \$536,329. The issuance resulted in an economic gain of \$477,505.

In 2018, Stark County issued general obligation bonds to provide resources for acquisition and permanent improvements related to the Job and Family Services Midtown building. The general obligation bonds included \$1,310,000 of serial bonds that will mature on December 1, 2028 and \$4,015,000 of term bonds that will mature on December 1, 2047.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

In 2018, Stark County issued \$9,845,000 of Series 2018 General Obligation Communications System Improvement Bonds. The bonds were issued for the purpose of paying costs of improving the Countywide public safety communications system, by acquiring, constructing, equipping, installing and otherwise improving real and personal property and interests therein, including equipment and structures therefor, together with all related appurtenances and site improvements, and to retire, together with other funds available to the County, the County's outstanding Countywide Public Safety Communications System Improvements Notes, Series 2017. The bonds mature on December 1, 2027.

All of the County's general obligation bonds are backed by the full faith and credit of the County.

The County has entered into contractual agreements for construction loans from the Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA) and the Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC). Under the terms of these agreements, the OWDA and OPWC will reimburse, advance or directly pay the construction costs of approved projects. The OWDA will capitalize administrative costs and construction interest and then add them to the total amount of the final loan.

In the event of default, as defined by each OPWC loan agreement, the amount of default will be subject to 8 percent interest on all amounts due from date of default. Additionally, the Lender may declare all amounts immediately due and payable or require the County Treasurer to pay the amounts due from funds appropriated to the county's undivided local government fund. The lender will also be entitled to collect any cost incurred in the event of default.

In the event of default, as defined by each OWDA loan agreement, the lender may declare the full amount of the unpaid Project Participation Principal amount immediately due and payable and require the County to pay any fines or penalties incurred with interest.

Intergovernmental Loans

In 1995, Stark County entered into a contractual agreement with the City of Canton for the improvement and future maintenance of a wastewater treatment plant that is in Stark County and that Stark County residents are able to tap into. The project was financed by the three OWDA loans issued in 2002 by the City of Canton. The original loan was followed by two supplemental loans to cover change order costs beyond the original loan amount. All proceeds were received by the City of Canton and the City of Canton is responsible for the debt retirement and maintenance. The plant is a capital asset of the City of Canton.

In 2001 and 2016, Stark County entered into contractual agreements with the City of Massillon for the expansion and improvement of existing facilities and processes of a wastewater treatment plant that is in Stark County and that Stark County residents are able to tap into. The projects were financed mainly by OWDA debt issued in 2005 and 2016 by the City of Massillon. All proceeds were received by the City of Massillon and the City of Massillon is responsible for the debt retirement and maintenance. The plant is a capital asset of the City of Massillon.

In 1996 and 2004, Stark County entered into contractual agreements with Summit County for the improvement of the Upper Tuscarawas Wastewater Treatment Plant through upgrades and equipment additions. Stark County residents are able to tap into this facility. The improvements will be financed through General Obligation bonds, OWDA debt and OPWC debt issued in 1996 and 2005 by Summit County. All proceeds were received by Summit County and Summit County is responsible for the debt retirement and maintenance. The plant is a capital asset of Summit County. The annual interest rates of the obligations vary.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

In 2010, Stark County entered into an agreement with the City of Canton for the engineering constructability review of the Water Reclamation Facility. The project was financed by an OWDA design loan issued by the City of Canton in 2012. All proceeds were received by the City of Canton and the City of Canton is responsible for the debt retirement and maintenance. The facility will be a capital asset of the City of Canton. The amount has been recorded on Stark County's books as a long-term liability in the sewer enterprise fund. In 2014, this long-term liability became part of the \$41.7 million obligation to the City of Canton discussed in the following paragraph. This loan has been rolled into the 2013 construction loan for the Water Reclamation Facility.

In 2013, Stark County entered into a contractual agreement with the City of Canton for the construction of the Water Reclamation Facility that is in Stark County and that Stark County residents will be able to tap into. The total project is estimated to cost \$88.6 million, with Stark County's portion estimated to be \$41.7 million. The project was financed by two OWDA loans issued by the City of Canton. The first loan was issued in August 2013 for the acquisition of membrane separators and associated components. In early 2014, the City issued another OWDA loan for the construction, engineering assistance during construction, and the unpaid balance of the design loan (see preceding paragraph). All proceeds will be received by the City of Canton and the City of Canton will be responsible for the debt retirement and maintenance. The plant will be a capital asset of the City of Canton. There is no amortization schedule available at this time. Therefore, it has not been included in the amortization schedule below.

In 2015, Stark County entered into an agreement with Tuscarawas County for the engineering planning for the Tuscarawas County Sandyville wastewater treatment plant improvement project. The project was financed by an OWDA design loan issued by Tuscarawas County. All proceeds were received by Tuscarawas County and Tuscarawas County is responsible for the debt retirement and maintenance. The facility will be a capital asset of Tuscarawas County. There is no amortization schedule available at this time. Therefore, it has not been included in the amortization schedule below.

The total amount owed for these loans has been recorded on Stark County's books as a long-term liability in the sewer enterprise fund. Amounts have been recorded as sewer rights in the Stark County sewer enterprise fund capital assets. These amounts will be amortized over the useful life of the asset to each respective City and County.

The following is a summary of the County's future annual principal and interest requirements to retire general obligation bonds, OWDA Loans, OPWC Loans and Intergovernmental Loans.

	Business-Type Activities														
Fiscal	(General Oblig	gatio	n Bonds		OWDA Loans				WC Loans	Intergoverni	Intergovernmental Loans			
Year	I	Principal	al Interest Principal Interes		Interest	P	Principal	Principal	Interest						
2021	\$	341,595	\$	149,009	\$	414,054	\$	45,690	\$	86,204	\$ 2,933,167	\$ 1,076,836			
2022		357,982		135,562		294,539		34,358		86,204	3,006,404	1,009,995			
2023		373,929		121,092		310,266		22,422		86,205	3,081,898	941,124			
2024		388,814		105,452		326,834		9,847		44,014	3,159,642	869,613			
2025		282,690		88,919		-		-		44,014	1,975,917	800,904			
2026-2030		1,619,042		238,280		-		-		22,014	10,881,063	3,116,585			
2031-2035		-		-		-		-		-	12,771,291	1,440,664			
2036-2039		-		-		-		-		-	2,970,238	61,004			
Totals	\$	3,364,052	\$	838,314	\$	1,345,693	\$	112,317	\$	368,655	\$ 40,779,620	\$ 9,316,725			

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Industrial Development Revenue Bonds In December 1998, the County defeased \$5.38 million in General Obligation Bonds with various interest rates. The County used cash assets of \$5.73 million to purchase U.S. government securities. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the 1990 Series bonds. As a result, the 1990 Series bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the County's financial statements. As of December 31, 2012, the bonds have been repaid and are considered to be defeased. The aggregate principal amount payable for the eight series issued after July 1, 1995, was \$23.865 million. The aggregate principal amount payable for the fifteen series issued prior to July 1, 1995, could not be determined; however, their original issue amounts totaled \$116.310 million. The County is not obligated in any way to pay debt charges on the bonds from any of its funds, and therefore they have been excluded entirely from the County's debt presentation. There has not been and is not any condition of default under the bonds or the related financing documents.

NOTE 17. TRANSACTIONS INVOLVING FUTURE REVENUES

GASB 48 requires certain disclosures regarding transactions involving future revenues. Stark County has pledged the proceeds from special assessments to repay \$1.7 million in bonds outstanding issued during the years 1997 through 2010 to finance various sewer and water projects. These special assessments are levied against benefiting property owners and are projected to produce 100 percent of the debt service requirements. In the event that a property owner would fail to pay the assessment, payment would be made by the County. For 2020, principal and interest paid totaled \$416,460. At December 31, 2020, the outstanding balance for the special assessment bonds was \$1,730,945 and payments were scheduled to be made through the year 2030.

NOTE 18. FUND BALANCES

Fund balance can be classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in governmental funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other funds are presented as follows:

			1	Board of								Justice		Other		
			Developm			Mental	Ch	ildren's		Public		System	G_{ϵ}	overnmental		
		General	D	isabilities		Health	S	ervices	A:	ssistance	ance Sales Tax Fu		Funds	Total		
Nonspendable for:																
Materials & Supplies																
Inventory	\$	530,406	\$	188,700	\$	5,025	\$	-	\$	78,705	\$	264,539	\$	1,086,702	\$	2,154,077
Prepaid Items		285,713		204,743		15,609		82,907		40,145		12,020		127,972		769,109
Unclaimed Monies		1,724,990								-		-				1,724,990
Total Nonspendable		2,541,109		393,443		20,634		82,907		118,850		276,559		1,214,674		4,648,176
Restricted for:																
Debt Service		-		-		-		-		-		-		191,123		191,123
Capital Outlay		-		-		-		-		-		-		914,228		914,228
Road & Bridge Repair		-		-		-		-		-		-		7,693,753		7,693,753
Real Estate Assessment		-		-		-		-		-		-		4,021,541		4,021,541
Community Development		-		-		-		-		-		-		3,513,808		3,513,808
Public Safety*		-		-		-		-		-	2	24,043,472		14,045,881		38,089,353
Health and Human Services		-	3	54,031,159	1	5,330,602	20	0,747,250		4,708,322		-		628,016		95,445,349
Court Operations		-		-		-		-		-		-		3,899,162		3,899,162
Other Purposes		-										-		1,403,995		1,403,995
Total Restricted		-		54,031,159	I	5,330,602	20	0,747,250		4,708,322	2	24,043,472		36,311,507		155,172,312
Committed for:																
Capital Outlay **		-		-		-		-		-		-		12,738,602		12,738,602
Building Inspections		1,543,737		-		-		-		-		-		-		1,543,737
Other Purposes		3,729,286														3,729,286
Total Committed		5,273,023		-		-		-		-		-		12,738,602		18,011,625

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

		Board of				Justice	Other	
		Developmental	Mental	Children's	Public	System	Governmental	
	General	Disabilities	Health	Services	Assistance	Sales Tax	Funds	Total
Assigned for:								
Legislative and Executive	\$ 2,135,256	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,135,256
Judicial - Court Operations	458,541	-	-	-	-	-	-	458,541
Public Safety - Coroner	400,316	-	-	-	-	-	-	400,316
Human Services - Veterans	122,259	-	-	-	-	-	-	122,259
Capital Outlay	-						6,775	6,775
Total Assigned	3,116,372						6,775	3,123,147
							(50.000)	
Unassigned	20,140,652	-					(53,898)	20,086,754
Total Fund Balance	\$ 31,071,156	\$ 54,424,602	\$ 15,351,236	\$ 20,830,157	\$ 4,827,172	\$ 24,320,031	\$ 50,217,660	\$ 201,042,014

^{*} This amount includes, most significantly, amounts restricted for the 911 system and various Sheriff programs including probation, house arrest and juvenile justice programs.

NOTE 19. JOINT VENTURES

Multi-County Juvenile Attention System (System) The System is a statutorily created political subdivision of the State. It is a joint venture operated by Carroll, Columbiana, Holmes, Stark, Tuscarawas, and Wayne Counties for the purpose of providing training, treatment, and rehabilitation to delinquent, dependent, abused, or neglected children. The operation of the System is controlled by a joint board of commissioners consisting of three commissioners from each participating county. The board exercises total control over the operation of the System including budgeting, appropriation, contracting, and designating management. The System is not accumulating significant financial resources or experiencing fiscal stress which would cause additional financial benefit to, or burden on, the County. The System's continued existence is dependent upon the County's participation; however, the County does not have an equity interest in it. In 2020, the County contributed \$3,667,324 to the System, which represents approximately 32 percent of their total receipts. Complete financial statements can be obtained from the Multi-County Juvenile Attention System, Canton, Ohio.

<u>Stark Council of Governments (Council)</u> The County participates in the Council which is a statutorily created political subdivision of the State for the purpose of providing a permanent forum for discussion and study of concerns of the county, cities, villages and townships for development of policies and programs for implementation by one or more of the local governing bodies. The Council is jointly governed among Stark County, municipalities, and townships. Of the 27 members, the County appoints three. Each member's control over the operation of the Council is limited to its representation on the Board. The Board exercises total authority over the operation of the council including budgeting, appropriation, contracting, and designating management. Continued existence of the Council is dependent on the County's continued participation; however, the County does not have an equity interest in the Council. The Council is not accumulating significant financial resources or experiencing fiscal stress which would cause additional financial benefit to or burden on the County. The County contributed \$492,313 to the Council in 2020. Complete financial statements may be obtained from the Stark Council of Governments, Canton, Ohio.

<u>Stark County Regional Planning Commission (Commission)</u> The County participates in the Commission which is a statutorily created political subdivision of the State. The Commission is jointly governed among the County, municipalities, and townships. Of 48 members, the County appoints 12. Each member's control over the operation of the Commission is limited to its representation on the Board. The principal aim of the Commission is to provide comprehensive planning, both long and short range, dealing with the economic and physical environment of Stark County. Continued existence of the Commission is dependent on the County's continued participation; however, the County does not have an equity interest in the Commission. They are not accumulating significant financial resources or experiencing fiscal stress which would cause additional financial benefit to, or burden on, the County. In 2020, the County contributed \$90,000 to the Commission. Complete financial statements may be obtained from the Regional Planning Commission, Stark County, Ohio.

^{**} This amount includes, most significantly, amounts committed for various Commissioners programs.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

NOTE 20. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

<u>Stark-Tuscarawas-Wayne Joint Solid Waste Management District (District)</u> The District is a separate political subdivision governed by a nine-member Board of Directors comprised of the three County Commissioners from each of the three member Counties. The Board exercises total control over the operation of the District including budgeting, appropriating, contracting, and designating management. Each County's degree of control is limited to its representation on the Board. In 2020, the District's revenues were received from tier fees levied on the disposal of solid wastes at landfills located in the District; no monies were received from the County.

<u>Community Improvement Corporation of Stark County (Corporation)</u> The Corporation is designated (by the County Board of Commissioners) for the creation and retainage of jobs and employment in the Stark County area. It is controlled by an eight member Board of Trustees. Of the eight trustees, three are the County Commissioners and one is the County Administrator. The Board employs total control over the operation of the Corporation including budgeting, appropriating, contracting, and designating management. In 2020, no monies were received from the County.

<u>Akron-Canton Regional Airport (Regional Airport)</u> The Regional Airport is jointly governed by Stark and Summit counties. An eight member board of trustees oversees the operation of the Regional Airport. Each county appoints four board members. The Board exercises total authority for the day-to-day operations of the Regional Airport. These include budgeting, appropriating, contracting, and designating management. The County has no financial responsibility for any of the Airport's liabilities. Complete financial statements may be obtained from the Akron-Canton Regional Airport, North Canton, Ohio.

<u>Stark County Tax Incentive Review Council (Council)</u> The Council is a jointly governed organization created as an advisory council by State statute for review of and advising on tax incentives considered within the County. It is controlled by a twenty-four member regional council. Of the twenty-four council members, three are appointed by the County Commissioners and one is appointed by the County Auditor. The Council employs total control over the operation of the Corporation including budgeting, appropriating, contracting, and designating management. There is no cost associated with being a member of this Council.

Northeast Ohio Four County Regional Planning and Development Organization (Organization) The Organization is a jointly governed organization by the Counties of Stark, Portage, Wayne and Summit, and the cities of Canton, Akron, Wooster and Kent. A thirty-six member general policy board oversees the operation of the Organization. Each member appoints board representatives based on population. The County has twelve representatives on the Board at the present time. The Board exercises total authority for the day-to-day operations of the Organization. These include budgeting, appropriating, contracting, and designating management. The County has no financial responsibility for any of the Organization's liabilities. Complete financial statements may be obtained from the Northeast Ohio Four County Regional Planning and Development Organization, Akron, Ohio.

Stark Area Regional Transit Authority (SARTA) SARTA is a jointly governed organization between the County and the cities of Canton, Massillon, and Alliance. A nine member board of trustees oversees the operation of SARTA. Of the nine members, the County appoints three. Each member's control over the operation of SARTA is limited to its representation on the Board. The Board exercises total authority for the day-to-day operations of SARTA, which provides for public transportation in Stark County. These include budgeting, appropriating, contracting, and designating management. The County has no financial responsibility for any of SARTA's liabilities. Complete financial statements may be obtained from the Stark Area Regional Transit Authority, 1600 Gateway Boulevard, SE, Canton, Ohio.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

<u>Carroll Columbiana Stark Regional Transportation Improvement Project, Stark County, (RTIP)</u> RTIP is a jointly governed organization between County and Carroll and Columbiana Counties. Of the six members, the County appoints two. A board-elected chairman directs the RTIP. The Board exercises total authority for the day-to-day operations of RTIP, which seeks to increase opportunities for economic activity and population retention throughout Ohio, stretching from the borders of West Virginia to Indiana. These include budgeting, appropriating, contracting, and designating management. The County has no financial responsibility for any of RTIP's liabilities. Complete financial statements may be obtained from the Carroll Columbiana Stark Regional Transportation Improvement Project, 110 Central Plaza South, Suite 230, Canton, Ohio 44702.

Northeast Ohio Network (Network) The Network is a jointly governed organization formed to provide a regional effort in administrating, managing and operating programs for certain individuals with developmental disabilities. Participating counties include Stark, Ashtabula, Columbiana, Geauga, Lake, Lorain, Mahoning, Medina, Portage, Summit, Trumbull and Wayne. A twelve member regional council oversees the operation of the Network. Of the twelve members, the County appoints one. Each member's control over the operation of the Network is limited to its representation on the Council. The Council exercises total authority for the day-to-day operations of the Network. These include budgeting, appropriating, contracting and designating management. The County has no financial responsibility for any of the Network's liabilities.

<u>Stark Regional Community Corrections Center (SRCCC)</u> SRCCC is a community based corrections facility that provides residents of the facility educational, vocational, substance abuse and support counseling services. The facility is administered by a Facility Governing Board consisting of eleven individuals. The members consist of two judges from Holmes County, three individuals each from Wayne, Tuscarawas and Stark County. The Board adopts its own budget, authorizes expenditures and hires its own staff. Funding comes from the State. Complete financial statements may be obtained from the Stark Regional Community Corrections Center, 4433 Lesh Street NE, Louisville, Ohio, 44641.

NOTE 21. RELATED ORGANIZATIONS

<u>Stark County Public Library (Library)</u> The County appoints the governing board of the Library; however, the County cannot influence the Library's operation nor does the Library represent a potential financial benefit for or burden on the County. The County serves in a ministerial capacity as a taxing authority for the Library. Once the Library Board determines to present a levy to the voters, including the determination of its rate and duration, the County must place the levy on the ballot. The Library may issue its own debt and determines its own budget. The Library did not receive any funding from the County in 2020.

<u>Stark County Park District (Park District)</u> The County appoints the governing Board of the Park District; however, the County's accountability does not extend beyond making appointments. The Park District did not receive any funding from the County during 2020.

NOTE 22. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The County has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies or their designee. These audits could lead to a request for reimbursement to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grant. Based on prior experience, the County Commissioners believe such disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

Several claims and lawsuits are pending against the County. In the opinion of the County Prosecuting Attorney, the outcome of several of these claims and lawsuits is unable to be determined. County management believes that these claims and lawsuits will not have a material effect on the County's financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

NOTE 23. COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the County. The County's investment portfolio fluctuates with market conditions, and due to market volatility, the amount of gains or losses that will be realized in subsequent periods, if any, cannot be determined. In addition, the impact on the County's future operating costs, revenues, and additional recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

During 2020, the County received CARES Act funding. Of the amounts received, \$1,030,792 was sub-granted to other governments and organizations, \$9,929 was returned to the granting agency, and \$731,976 was spent onbehalf of other governments. These amounts are reflected as general government expenditures in the Coronavirus Relief Special Revenue Fund within Other Governmental Funds on the accompanying financial statements. The amounts returned to the granting agency are reflected as a reduction of intergovernmental revenue in the Coronavirus Relief Special Revenue Fund.

NOTE 24. STARK COUNTY PORT AUTHORITY

A. Description of the Entity

The Stark County Port Authority (SCPA) is a body politic and corporate established to promote, develop and advance the general welfare, commerce, and economic development of Stark County and its citizens, and to exercise the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The SCPA is directed by a five-member Board appointed by the Stark County Commissioners.

The SCPA is a component unit of Stark County due to the members of the SCPA's Board being appointed by the Stark County Board of Commissioners and being economically dependent on the County for operating subsidies.

The SCPA's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the SCPA is financially accountable. The SCPA was formed in June 1995 and became independent from Stark County as their fiscal agent in May 1998.

B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of the SCPA have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The SCPA's significant accounting policies are described below.

Basis of Presentation

Enterprise fund accounting is used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent is that the costs (expenses) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or where it has been decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Enterprise fund accounting uses a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources are included on the statement of net position. The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position. Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made. The accrual basis of accounting is used for reporting purposes. Revenues are recognized when they are earned, and expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code Section 4582.13 required that each fund be budgeted annually. This budget includes estimated receipts and appropriations. According to the bylaws of the SCPA, the Board shall adopt an appropriation resolution. The SCPA reserves (encumbers) appropriations when commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are carried over, and are not re-appropriated. GAAP does not require enterprise funds to present budgetary statements; therefore, budgetary statements have not been included.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, cash received by the SCPA is pooled. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the SCPA's records.

During 2020, investments were limited to Star Ohio. Investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices.

STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants. The SCPA measures its investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For 2020, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$25 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$100 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$100 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the SCPA are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the SCPA's investment account at year end is provided in Note 24C.

Capital Assets and Depreciation

Capital assets are capitalized at cost and updated for additions and deletions during the year. At fiscal year end, the SCPA had no capital assets.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the SCPA. For the SCPA these revenues are charges for services for leases, operating grants and loan receipts. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the service that is the primary activity of the SCPA. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the SCPA or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. The SCPA had \$367 of restricted net position as of December 31, 2020.

The SCPA applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

C. Deposits and Investments

State statutes classify monies held by the SCPA into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the SCPA treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Directors has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) and (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio and STAR Plus);
- 8. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days and two hundred seventy days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,

Protection of the SCPA's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. Except as noted above, an investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the SCPA and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

<u>Deposits</u> The carrying amount of the SCPA's deposits was \$283,647 at December 31, 2020 and the bank balance of the SCPA's deposits was \$285,069. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures*, as of December 31, 2020, \$250,000 was covered by the FDIC, \$17,535 was covered by the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS) and \$17,534 was exposed to custodial credit risk because the amount was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the SCPA will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The SCPA has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or protected by: (a) eligible securities pledged to the SCPA and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose market value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured; or (b) participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total market value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State. For 2020 the SCPA's depository institution was approved for a reduced collateral rate of 50 percent through the OPCS. Although all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the SCPA to a successful claim by the FDIC.

Investments As of December 31, 2020, the SCPA had the following investments and maturities:

		Investment Maturities					
Investment Type	Measurement Amount	6 months or less					
Net Asset Value (NAV): STAR Ohio	\$ 1,041,574	\$	1,041,574				

Fair Value Measurements: The SCPA categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by GAAP. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The SCPA had no qualifying investments at December 31, 2020.

Interest Rate Risk: Interest rate risk arises as potential purchasers of debt securities will not agree to pay face value for those securities if interest rates subsequently increase. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the SCPA's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk: STAR Ohio carries a rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's. The SCPA has no investment policy dealing with investment credit risk beyond the requirements in State statutes. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The SCPA's investment policy does not specifically address credit risk beyond requiring the SCPA to only invest in securities authorized by State statute. The weighted average of maturity of the portfolio held by STAR Ohio as of December 31, 2020, is 56 days.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the SCPA will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The SCPA had no investment in repurchase agreements as of December 31, 2020. The entire balance of a repurchase agreement is collateralized by underlying securities that are held by the investment's counterparty, not in the name of the SCPA. Ohio law requires the market value of the securities subject to repurchase agreements must exceed the principal value of securities subject to a repurchase agreement by 2 percent. The federal agency securities are exposed to custodial credit risk in that they are uninsured, unregistered and held by the counterparty's trust department or agency, but not in the SCPA's name. The SCPA has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement of the State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Concentration of Credit Risk: The SCPA places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the SCPA at December 31, 2020:

Investment Type	Fair Value	% of Total
Net Asset Value (NAV):		
STAR Ohio	\$ 1,041,574	100.00%

D. Risk Management

The SCPA has obtained commercial crime and public officials' liability insurance from the Westfield Insurance Company. There has not been a significant reduction of coverage from the prior year and settled claims have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the last three years.

E. Related Party Transactions

The SCPA contracts with the Stark Development Board (SDB) to maintain the SCPA's files and records in addition to providing facilities and related administrative functions. The SCPA paid the SDB \$40,500 in 2020 under the term of the contract.

F. Debt/Loans Payable

At December 31, 2020, debt outstanding totaled \$86,322,366, up from the \$73,474,221 debt outstanding at December 31, 2019. In 2020, SCPA additions increasing debt including: \$6.0 million for Omni, \$3.9 million for Hendrickson, \$4.0 million for the Schroer, and \$384,864 for the ABC Gardens projects.

	Balance 12/31/2019 Additions					Reductions	Balance 12/31/2020		
Ohio Water Development Authority	\$ 3,959,1	52	\$	-	\$	(671,597)	\$	3,287,565	
Timken Steel Project	12,118,5	75		-		-		12,118,575	
Snackhouse/Geis Refinance 2019	27,400,0	90		-		-		27,400,000	
Omni	3,967,2	91		6,032,969		(113,402)		9,886,768	
Hendrickson	18,518,9	96		3,865,434		(639,836)		21,744,594	
Schroer	7,510,2	87		3,989,713		-		11,500,000	
ABC Gardens				384,864				384,864	
Total	\$ 73,474,2	21	\$	14,272,980	\$	(1,424,835)	\$	86,322,366	

OWDA In 2004, the SCPA, in conjunction with Superior Dairy, Inc., entered into an agreement to construct a Pretreatment System. In order to obtain funds for the construction of the project, the SCPA entered into a loan agreement with the Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA). The loan agreement authorized the SCPA to obtain loan funds of \$3,144,739 at a rate of 3 percent for 15 years.

In 2010, the SCPA, in conjunction with Shearers Food Inc., entered into an agreement to assist in construction and expansion of its production facilities. In order to obtain funds for the construction of the project, the SCPA entered into a loan agreement with the Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA). The loan agreement authorized the SCPA to obtain loan funds of \$3,400,000 at a rate of 3.2 percent for 15 years.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

In 2013, the SCPA, in conjunction with Shearers Food Inc., entered into an agreement to assist in construction and expansion of its wastewater treatment facilities. In order to obtain funds for the construction of the project, the SCPA entered into a loan agreement with the Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA). The loan agreement authorized the SCPA to obtain loan funds of \$3,819,522 at a rate of 3 percent for 15 years.

Timken Steel In 2015 the SCPA authorized up to \$17,500,000 through The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company for improving the Gambranus Steel Plant. The loan terms include a 5 percent interest rate with an indefinite length term. Construction was completed in 2017 and no amortization of principal has occurred nor has the length term been adjusted.

Geis In 2018, the SCPA authorized up to \$41,000,000 through The Huntington Bank for the expansion at Shearer facilities in Massillon. In 2019, Geis repaid a portion of the loan and then refinanced the remaining portion. The refinancing included new issuance of \$27,400,000 at a rate of 4.77 percent for 7 years.

Omni In 2019 the SCPA authorized up to \$10,000,000 through The Huntington Bank for the OMNI Orthopaedics facilities project. The loan terms include a variable interest rate for 10 years. Currently, the rate is 3.93 percent.

Hendrickson In 2019 the SCPA authorized up to \$25,000,000 through The Huntington Bank for improving manufacturing facilities. Construction was completed in 2020 for \$22,384,430. The loan terms include a 4 percent interest rate for 11 years.

Schroer In 2019 the SCPA authorized up to \$11,500,000 through PNC Bank for construction of a new corporate headquarters and pharmacy building. The project was completed in 2020. The loan terms include a 4 percent interest rate for 10 years.

ABC Garden In 2020 the SCPA authorized up to \$4,200,000 through Civista Bank. The purpose of the project is to acquire land on the site of the former Tam O' Shanter Golf Course and to develop housing units. The project has requested \$384,864 and is expected to be completed in 2022. The SCPA has not received an amortization schedule for the ABC Gardens.

Amortization of the debt, including interest, is scheduled as follows:

			U.S. Realty	y Advisors	PN	['] C
Year Ending	OW	TDA	Geis 2019	Refinance	Schr	oer
December 31	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2021	\$ 498,503	\$ 102,727	\$ -	\$ 1,306,980	\$ 479,167	\$ 289,717
2022	513,570	87,660	-	1,306,980	575,000	275,052
2023	529,093	72,137	-	1,306,980	575,000	260,284
2024	545,085	56,145	34,347	1,306,980	575,000	245,516
2025	570,288	30,943	422,968	1,296,174	575,000	230,748
2026-2030	631,026	45,387	26,942,685	1,170,067	8,720,833	802,594
	\$ 3,287,565	\$ 394,999	\$ 27,400,000	\$ 7,694,161	\$ 11,500,000	\$ 2,103,911

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Huntington											
Year Ending	On	ıni	Hendrickson									
December 31	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest								
2021	\$ 350,680	\$ 187,481	\$ 1,974,825	\$ 845,175								
2022	367,778	180,524	2,056,420	763,580								
2023	385,709	173,228	2,141,387	678,613								
2024	404,415	165,576	2,228,096	591,904								
2025	424,238	157,551	2,321,925	498,075								
2026-2030	7,953,848	441,405	11,021,941	998,307								
	\$ 9,886,668	\$ 1,305,765	\$ 21,744,594	\$ 4,375,654								

G. Loans Receivable

As of December 31, 2020, the loan receivable amount totaled \$85,937,502 up from the \$73,474,221 loan receivable at December 31, 2019. The increase is the net effect of financing and related expenditures of \$5.9 million for Omni, \$3.2 million for Hendrickson, and \$4.0 million for the Schroer project. These increases were offset slightly by small declines in OWDA project receivables consistent with the corresponding debt repayment schedules. The facilities in all other projects with remaining debt will immediately convey upon repayment, consistent with the terms of their respective project and financing agreement; therefore, the expenses are included as loans receivable as incurred. The revenue will be utilized to retire the corresponding debt related to the projects.

H. Conduit Debt

The SCPA authorized conduit financing of \$2,080,000, for the YMCA, to be used for the purposes of expanding the facilities in its Jackson Township location. This expansion doubles the square footage of the original facility. The financing was completed in 2014. The YMCA refinanced this debt in 2020 thus there was no outstanding loan as of December 31, 2020. In addition to the 2014 YMCA conduit financing, the YMCA refinanced the debt in 2020 related to the construction of a downtown Canton YMCA with financing provided by the SCPA in 2013. Finally, the Pro Football Hall of Fame expansion had \$7,210,000 outstanding as of December 31, 2020, related to conduit financing provided by the SCPA in 2011. The SCPA has no liability attached to any of the outstanding balances related to conduit financing, as such, the SCPA carries no liability impacting its Statement of Net Position.

I. Subsequent Events

The SCPA authorized \$90 million to the Tractor Supply Company (TSC) and \$39 million to the Hall of Fame Village (HOFV) Newco for the development of a project's facility. Neither TSC or HOFV have requested any draws. Geis has made \$762,045 in interest payments, Hendrickson made \$940,000 in principal/interest payments, and ABC Gardens added approximately \$3.8 million in debt for their project.

NOTE 25. STARK COUNTY LAND REUTILIZATION CORPORATION

A. Description of the Entity

The Stark County Land Reutilization Corporation (the "Corporation") is a county land reutilization corporation that was formed on March 21, 2012 when the Stark County Board of Commissioners authorized the incorporation of the Corporation under Chapter 1724 of the Ohio Revised Code through resolution as a not-for-profit corporation under the laws of the State of Ohio. The purpose of the Corporation is for reclaiming, rehabilitating or reutilizing economically non-productive land throughout Stark County (the "County"). The Corporation can potentially address parcels where the fair market value of the property has been greatly exceeded by the delinquent taxes and

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

assessed liens and are therefore not economically feasible to initiate foreclosure actions upon. By establishing the Corporation, the County can begin to address dilapidated housing issues in communities located in the County and also return properties to productive use. The Corporation has been designated as the County's agent to further its mission to reclaim, rehabilitate, and reutilize vacant, abandoned, tax foreclosed and other real property in the County by exercising the powers of the County under Chapter 5722 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Pursuant to Section 1724.03 (B) of the Ohio Revised Code, the Board of Directors of the Corporation shall be composed of five members including, (1) the County Treasurer, (2) at least two members of the County Board of Commissioners, (3) one member who is a representative of the largest municipal corporation, based on the population according to the most recent federal decennial census, that is located in the County, (4) one member who is a representative of a township with a population of at least ten thousand in the unincorporated area of the township according to the most recent federal decennial census, and (5) any remaining members selected by the County Treasurer and the County Commissioners who are members of the Corporation board. The term of office of each ex officio director runs concurrently with the term of office of that elected official. The term of office of each appointed director is two years.

The Corporation is a political subdivision of the State of Ohio. In accordance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity* as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organization Are Component Units* and GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus*, the Corporation's primary government and basic financial statements include components units which are defined as legally separate organizations for which the Corporation is financially accountable. The Corporation is financially accountable for an organization if the Corporation appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the Corporation is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or impose its will over the organization; or (2) the Corporation is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the Corporation is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the Corporation is obligated for the debt of organization. The Corporation does not have any component units and does not include any organizations in its presentation. The Corporation's management believes these basic financial statements present all activities for which the Corporation is financially accountable. The Corporation is a component unit of Stark County, Ohio.

B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of the Corporation have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Basis of Presentation

The Corporation's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Corporation as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government. These statements usually distinguish between those activities of the Corporation that are governmental and those that are business-type. The Corporation, however, does not have any business-type activities or fiduciary funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the Corporation at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the Corporation's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the Corporation, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental program is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the Corporation.

Measurement Focus

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets, all deferred outflows of resources, all liabilities and all deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the Corporation are included on the statement of net position. The statement of activities presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded on the financial records and reported on the financial statements. The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the Corporation receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include grants, entitlements and donations. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the Corporation must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expense requirements, in which the resources are provided to the Corporation on a reimbursement basis.

Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

Budgetary Process

The Corporation is not bound by the budgetary laws prescribed by the Ohio Revised Code for purely governmental entities. The Board of Directors of the Corporation adopts an annual budget prior to the beginning of the fiscal year. Appropriations and subsequent amendments are approved by the Board of Directors during the year as required.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Federal Income Tax

The Corporation is exempt from federal income tax under Section 115(1) of the Internal Revenue Code.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

All monies received by the Corporation are deposited in demand deposit accounts. During 2020, the Corporation invested in STAR Plus, a cash management program set up by the State Treasurer's Office that provides the Corporation with access to multiple Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insured banks via one convenient depository account.

STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants. The SCPA measures its investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For 2020, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$100 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$100 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$100 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents.

Prepayments

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items. These items are reported as assets using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

Assets Held for Resale

Assets held for resale represent properties purchased by or donated to the Corporation. These properties are valued at the estimated net realizable value. The Corporation holds the properties until the home is either sold to a new homeowner, sold to an individual who will rehabilitate the home, or the home on the property is demolished. Properties with demolished homes could be transferred to the city or township they are in after demolition; parcels may be merged with adjacent parcels for development or green space projects; or the Corporation may sell other lots to the owners of adjacent parcels for a nominal cost.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. The Corporation had no restricted net position at December 31, 2020.

Intergovernmental Revenue

The Corporation receives operating income through Stark County. This money represents 5 percent of all collections on current unpaid and delinquent property taxes once these taxes are paid. Pursuant to ORC 321.263, these penalty and interest monies are collected by the County when taxes are paid and then are paid to the Corporation upon the Corporation's written request. In addition, the Corporation receives State grant funding.

Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Corporation Administration and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. The Corporation had no extraordinary or special items during 2020.

C. Accountability and Compliance

Change in Accounting Principles

For 2020, the Corporation has implemented GASB Statement No. 95, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance*. GASB Statement No. 95 provides temporary relief to governments and other stakeholders in light of the COVID-19 pandemic. This objective is accomplished by postponing the effective dates of certain provisions in Statements and Implementation Guides that first became effective or are scheduled to become effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018, and later.

Certain provisions contained in the following pronouncements were scheduled to be implemented for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 95, the effective dates of certain provisions contained in these pronouncements are postponed. The following pronouncement is postponed by one year and the Corporation has elected delaying implementation until the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021:

• Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period

The following pronouncements are postponed by eighteen months and the Corporation has elected delaying implementation until the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022:

- Statement No. 87, *Leases*
- Implementation Guide No. 2019-3, *Leases*

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

D. Deposits and Investments

Deposits with Financial Institutions

At December 31, 2020, the carrying amount of all Corporation deposits was \$1,142,993, including \$6,452 invested in STAR Plus, and the bank balance of all deposits was \$1,156,318. Of the bank balance \$256,452 was covered by FDIC and the remaining was covered by the Ohio Pooled Collateral System.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the Corporation will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Corporation has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or protected by (1) eligible securities pledged to the Corporation's and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose market value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured, or (2) participation in the OPCS, a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total market value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State. Although all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the Corporation to a successful claim by the FDIC.

E. Investments

As of December 31, 2020, the Corporation had the following investments and maturities:

Measurement/Investment Type	Measurement Amount	Investment Maturities 6 months or less
Net Asset Value (NAV): STAR Ohio	\$ 2,452,667	\$ 2,452,667

The Corporation's investments are valued using quoted marked prices (Level 1 inputs).

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the Corporation's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk: Standard & Poor's has assigned STAR Ohio an AAAm money market rating. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized rating agency. The Corporation has no policy dealing with credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. The weighted average of maturity of the portfolio held by STAR Ohio as of December 31, 2020, is 56 days.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Corporation will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Corporation has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The Corporation places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the Corporation at December 31, 2020:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Measurement	
Measurement/Investment Type	Amount	% of Total
Net Asset Value (NAV):		
STAR Ohio	\$ 2,452,667	100.00%

F. Receivables

Receivables at December 31, 2020, consisted of accounts receivable of \$2,157 and intergovernmental grants receivable in the amount of \$310,354 due from the Ohio Housing Finance Agency (OHFA), the City of Alliance and Stark County. These amounts are expected to be collected in the subsequent year.

G. Risk Management

General, Employee, Employers, Public Officials and Employment Practices Liability and Automobile

The Corporation is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft or damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During 2020, the Corporation contracted with Ohio Plan Risk Management, Inc. for various coverages.

The limitations of coverages are as follows:

Crime Coverage	\$	5,000
General Liability:		
Bodily Injury and Property Damage - Each Occurrence		2,000,000
Personal and Advertising Injury - Each Offense		2,000,000
General Aggregate		4,000,000
Products - Completed Operations Limit		4,000,000
Medical Expense - One Person/One Accident	1	0,000/50,000
Employee benefits liability:		
Employee Benefits Liablity/Aggregate	2,000,0	00/4,000,000
Employers Liability:		
Bodily Injury		2,000,000
Malicious Act		1,000,000
Public Officials and Employment Practices Liability:		
Public Officials Errors and Omission Injury/Aggregate	2,000,0	00/4,000,000
Deductible		2,500
Employment Practices Injury/Aggregate	2,000,0	00/4,000,000
Deductible		1,000
Non-monetary Coverage Defense and Back Wages Aggregate		25,000
Deductible		1,000
Back Wages		25,000
Automobile Liability:		
Bodily Injury and Property Damage - Each Occurrence		2,000,000

There has been no reduction in coverage from the prior year and settled claims have not exceeded the Corporation's coverage in any of the past three years and there was no significant change in insurance coverage from the prior year.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

H. Transactions with Stark County

Pursuant to and in accordance with Section 321.261 (B) of the Ohio Revised Code, the Corporation has been authorized by the Stark County Board of Commissioners to receive 5 percent of all collections of delinquent real property, personal property, and manufactured and mobile home taxes that are deposited into the County's Delinquent Tax Assessment and Collection Tax (DTACT) fund and will be available for appropriation by the Corporation to fund operations. At December 31, 2020, the Corporation recognized revenues of \$764,170 for these fees that were collected by the County in 2020.

During 2020, the Corporation also entered into an agreement with the Stark County Regional Planning Commission to provide the necessary services for the overall administration and coordination of the Corporation's Land Reutilization program as well as other County departments for various services. During 2020, the Corporation paid \$327,861 in administration fees to the Stark County Regional Planning Commission and other County departments.

I. Contingencies

The Corporation received financial assistance from State agencies in the form of grants. The disbursements of funds received under these programs generally require compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the Corporation.

J. COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the Corporation. The impact on the Corporation's future operating costs, revenues, and additional recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

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Stark County, Ohio
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
Last Seven Years (1)

	_	2020	_	2019	_	2018	_	2017	_	2016	_	2015	_	2014
Ohio Public Employees' Retirement System (OPERS)														
County's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability		0.585600%		0.609280%		0.621738%		0.633750%		0.653655%		0.680859%		0.680859%
County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	115,747,813	\$	166,869,439	\$	97,538,639	\$	143,913,821	\$	113,221,249	\$	82,119,169	\$	80,264,370
County's Covered Payroll	\$	80,820,734	\$	80,292,820	\$	80,542,246	\$	93,828,971	\$	79,622,309	\$	81,499,839	\$	70,095,959
County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		143.22%		207.83%		121.10%		153.38%		142.20%		100.76%		114.51%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		82.17%		74.70%		84.66%		77.25%		81.08%		86.45%		86.36%
State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)														
County's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability		0.025576%		0.030810%		0.030317%		0.030481%		0.030893%		0.028587%		0.028587%
County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	6,188,559	\$	6,813,426	\$	6,666,010	\$	7,240,882	\$	10,340,895	\$	7,900,666	\$	6,953,396
County's Covered Payroll	\$	3,553,029	\$	3,454,271	\$	3,463,686	\$	3,265,186	\$	3,067,543	\$	2,932,756	\$	2,975,908
County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		174.18%		197.25%		192.45%		221.76%		337.11%		269.39%		233.66%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		75.50%		77.40%		77.30%		75.30%		66.80%		72.10%		74.70%

⁽¹⁾ Although this schedule is intended to reflect information for ten years, information prior to 2014 is not available.

Note: The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date, which is the prior fiscal year.

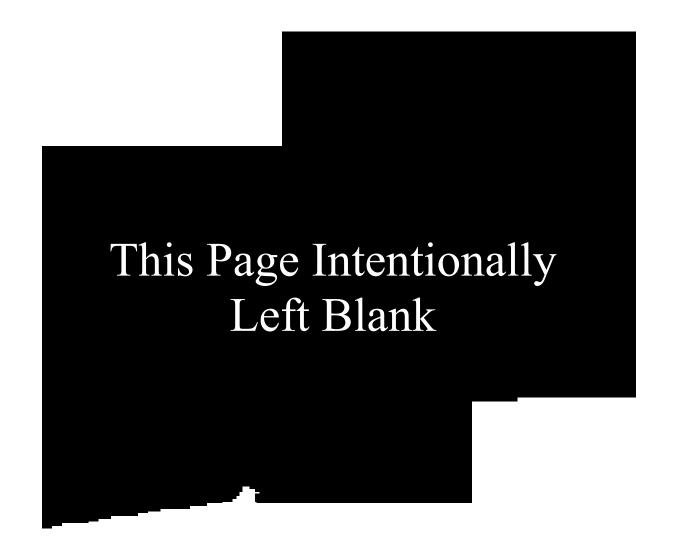
Stark County, Ohio

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the County's Contributions - Pension Last Ten Years

	 2020	 2019	 2018		2017
Ohio Public Employees' Retirement System (OPERS)					
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 11,898,117	\$ 11,599,124	\$ 11,508,139	\$	10,725,645
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	 (11,898,117)	 (11,599,124)	(11,508,139)		(10,725,645)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$	
County's Covered Payroll	\$ 82,877,642	\$ 80,820,734	\$ 80,292,820	\$	80,542,246
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.36%	14.35%	14.33%		13.32%
State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)					
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 386,708	\$ 497,424	\$ 483,598	\$	484,916
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(386,708)	 (497,424)	(483,598)	_	(484,916)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ _	\$	
County's Covered Payroll	\$ 2,762,200	\$ 3,553,029	\$ 3,454,271	\$	3,463,686
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%		14.00%

⁽n/a) Information prior to 2013 is not available.

 2016	 2015	 2014	2013			2012	2011		
\$ 11,551,941	\$ 9,794,726	\$ 10,032,712	\$	\$ 10,025,036		n/a	n/a		
(11,551,941)	 (9,794,726)	 (10,032,712)		(10,025,036)		n/a		n/a	
\$ 	\$ 	\$ _	\$	_		n/a	n/a		
\$ 93,828,971	\$ 79,622,309	\$ 81,499,839	\$	\$ 70,095,959		n/a	n/a		
12.31%	12.30%	12.31%		14.30% n/a			n/a		
\$ 457,126	\$ 429,456	\$ 395,922	\$	386,868	\$ 380,368		\$	385,343	
 (457,126)	 (429,456)	 (395,922)		(386,868)		(380,368)		(385,343)	
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$		\$		
\$ 3,265,186	\$ 3,067,543	\$ 2,932,756	\$	2,975,908	\$	2,925,908	\$	2,964,177	
14.00%	14.00%	13.50%		13.00%		13.00%		13.00%	



Stark County, Ohio

Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)
Last Four Years (1)

	2020			2019		2018		2017	
Ohio Public Employees' Retirement System (OPERS)									
County's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability		0.576366%		0.601297%		0.613583%		0.624151%	
County's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$	79,611,118	\$	78,394,935	\$	66,630,594	\$	63,041,371	
County's Covered Payroll	\$	80,820,734	\$	80,292,820	\$	80,542,246	\$	93,828,971	
County's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		98.50%		97.64%		82.73%		67.19%	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability		47.80%		46.33%		54.14%		54.04%	
State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)									
County's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)		0.025576%		0.030810%		0.030317%		0.030481%	
County's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	(449,503)	\$	(510,000)	\$	(487,163)	\$	1,189,265	
County's Covered Payroll	\$	3,553,029	\$	3,454,271	\$	3,463,686	\$	3,265,186	
County's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		-12.65%		-14.77%		-14.06%		36.42%	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability (Asset)		182.10%		174.70%		176.00%		47.10%	

⁽¹⁾ Although this schedule is intended to reflect information for ten years, information prior to 2017 is not available.

Note: The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date, which is the prior fiscal year.

Stark County, Ohio

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the County's Contributions - OPEB Last Ten Years

	2020			2019		2018		2017	
Ohio Public Employees' Retirement System (OPERS)									
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	805,422	
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution			_	<u>-</u> _	_	- _		(805,422)	
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$		
County's Covered Payroll (1)	\$	82,877,642	\$	80,820,734	\$	80,292,820	\$	80,542,246	
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%			1.00%	
State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)									
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution				<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u>-</u>	
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	_	\$		\$	_	\$		
County's Covered Payroll	\$	2,762,200	\$	3,553,029	\$	3,454,271	\$	3,463,686	
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	

⁽n/a) Beginning in 2016, OPERS used one trust fund as the funding vehicle for all health care plans; therefore, information prior to 2016 is not presented. (1) The OPEB plan includes the members from the traditional plan, the combined plan and the member directed plan.

2016		2015		2014		2013	2012	2011		
\$ 1,876,579		n/a		n/a		n/a	n/a		n/a	
 (1,876,579)		n/a		n/a		n/a	n/a		n/a	
\$ 		n/a		n/a		n/a	n/a		n/a	
\$ 93,828,971		n/a		n/a		n/a	n/a		n/a	
2.00%		n/a		n/a		n/a	n/a		n/a	
\$ -	\$	-	\$	14,664	\$	29,759	\$ 29,259	\$	29,642	
<u> </u>				(14,664)		(29,759)	 (29,259)		(29,642)	
\$ 	\$		\$		\$		\$ 	\$		
\$ 3,265,186	\$	3,067,543	\$	2,932,756	\$	2,975,908	\$ 2,925,908	\$	2,964,177	
0.00%		0.00%		0.50%		1.00%	1.00%		1.00%	

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

NOTE 1 - NET PENSION LIABILITY

Changes in Assumptions - OPERS

For fiscal year 2019, the single discount rate changed from 7.50 percent to 7.20 percent.

Amounts reported in calendar year 2017 reflect an adjustment of the rates of withdrawal, disability, retirement and mortality to more closely reflect actual experience. The expectation of retired life mortality was based on RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table and RP-2014 Disabled mortality table. The following reductions were also made to the actuarial assumptions:

- Discount rate from 8.00 percent to 7.50 percent
- Wage inflation rate from 3.75 percent to 3.25 percent
- Price inflation from 3.00 percent to 2.50 percent

Changes in Benefit Terms - OPERS

In October 2019, the OPERS Board adopted a change in COLA for post-January 7, 2013 retirees, changing it from three percent simple through 2018 then 2.15 simple to 1.4 percent simple through 2020 the 2.15 percent simple.

Changes in Assumptions – STRS

The Retirement Board approved several changes to the actuarial assumptions in 2017. The long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75 percent to 7.45 percent, the inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75 percent to 2.50 percent, the payroll growth assumption was lowered to 3.00 percent, and total salary increases rate was lowered by decreasing the merit component of the individual salary increases, in addition to a decrease of 0.25 percent due to lower inflation. The healthy and disabled mortality assumptions were updated to the RP-2014 mortality tables with generational improvement scale MP-2016. Rates of retirement, termination and disability were modified to better reflect anticipated future experience.

Changes in Benefit Terms - STRS

Effective July 1, 2017, the cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) was reduced to zero.

NOTE 2 - NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET)

Changes in Assumptions - OPERS

For calendar year 2020, the following changes were made to the actuarial assumptions:

- Discount rate from 3.96 percent to 3.16 percent
- Municipal bond rate from 3.71 percent to 2.75 percent
- Health Care Cost Trend Rate from 10.00 percent to 10.50 percent

For calendar year 2019, the following changes were made to the actuarial assumptions:

- Discount rate from 3.85 percent to 3.96 percent
- Investment rate of return from 6.50 percent to 6.00 percent
- Municipal bond rate from 3.31 percent to 3.71 percent
- Health Care Cost Trend Rate from 7.50 percent to 10.00 percent

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

For calendar year 2018, the single discount rate changed from 4.23 percent to 3.85 percent.

Changes in Benefit Terms – OPERS

No significant changes in benefit terms.

Changes in Assumptions – STRS

For 2018, the discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13 percent to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45 percent. Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated. Health care cost trend rates ranged from 6.00 percent to 11 percent initially and a 4.50 percent ultimate rate for 2017 and changed for 2018 to a range of -5.20 percent to 9.60 percent, initially and a 4.00 ultimate rate.

For 2017, the blended discount rate was increased from 3.26 percent to 4.13 percent. Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified. The percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased. The assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal and future health care cost trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs.

Changes in Benefit Terms – STRS

For 2020, there was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were updated to reflect the projected fiscal year 2021 premium based on June 30, 2020 enrollment distribution. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2021 from 1.984 percent to 2.055 percent per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2021. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1 percent for the AMA Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

For 2019, there was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were trended to the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020 to reflect the current price renewals. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2020 from 1.944 percent to 1.984 percent per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1 percent for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021.

For 2018, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was increased from 1.9 percent to 1.944 percent per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2019 and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020.

For 2018, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was reduced from 2.1 percent to 1.9 percent per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 2019.

Fund Descriptions – Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than amounts relating to major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes.

<u>Victim Assistance</u> - To account for the grant received through the Attorney General's office that is expended to assist individuals who are the victims of crime.

<u>Youth Services</u> - To account for grant monies received from the State Department of Youth Services used for placement of children, a juvenile delinquency diversion program, juvenile delinquency prevention and other related activities.

<u>County CARES Act Grant</u> - To account for revenue from the U.S. Treasury to be disbursed to various local governments, agencies, and businesses in order to mitigate the spread of the Covid-19 virus.

<u>Pass Through Grants</u> - To account for revenue from various state and federal agencies to be disbursed to various County agencies.

<u>HOME Program</u> - To account for funds received from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development used to provide housing rehabilitation service for the elderly and low-income residents.

<u>911 System</u> - To account for tax revenue used in establishing, equipping, furnishing, operating and maintaining a County-wide 911 system of safety answering points.

<u>Child Assault Prosecution</u> - To account for revenue received from the Children's Services levy fund to be used for the child sexual assault program.

<u>Community Development</u> - To account for revenue received from the Federal government to be expended for administrative costs of the community development block grant program.

<u>Coroner Laboratory</u> - To account for revenue received from the performance of autopsies for other counties to be used for the improvement of the County morgue.

<u>Computer Technology</u> - To account for monies received from County Recorder and Court fees to be used to computerize the Recorder's office and the Courts.

<u>Delinquent Tax Assessment and Collection</u> - To account for five percent of all collected delinquent real estate taxes, personal property taxes, manufactured home taxes and special assessments used for the purpose of collecting delinquent real estate taxes, personal property taxes, manufactured home taxes and special assessments.

<u>Dog and Kennel</u> - To account for the dog warden's operations, financed by sales of dog tags and kennel permits and by fine collections.

<u>Motel Tax</u> – To account for the collection of lodging taxes that are periodically apportioned to the subdivisions and to the County operating funds.

<u>Immobilization and Impoundment</u> - To account for immobilization fees and charges collected to be used to help defray the costs of the immobilization and impoundment of the vehicle.

In-Home Detention - To account for grant proceeds to be used for a pilot in-home detention program.

Fund Descriptions – Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Motor Vehicle and Gas Tax - To account for revenue derived from motor vehicle license and gasoline taxes and interest. Expenditures in this special revenue fund are restricted by State law to County road and bridge repair/improvement programs.

<u>Municipal Road</u> – To account for revenues received from the motor vehicle gas tax and expenditures made related to the repair and maintenance of municipal roads within County.

<u>Probate Court Conduct Business</u> - To account for court costs expended on specific supplies as stated within the Revised Code.

<u>Real Estate Assessment</u> - To account for State-mandated County-wide real estate reappraisals that are funded by charges to political subdivisions located within the County.

<u>Law Library</u> – To account for revenue derived from fines and penalties collected by the various courts within the County as well as fees for charges for law library services and expenditures made related to the daily operations of the Law Library.

<u>BOE Special Election</u> – To account for special County election revenue and costs in accordance with O.R.C. 2501.17(D).

<u>Probate Court Elder Justice Innovation Grant</u> – To account for Federal revenue that is to be used for the development and advancement of knowledge and approaches about new and emerging issues related to elder abuse prevention and intervention.

<u>Other Public Safety</u> - These funds' monies, comprised of Federal, State and local monies as well as miscellaneous sources, are used for various public safety purposes. These funds are as follows:

Sheriff's Litter Patrol, Adult Probation, Bureau of Justice Assistance Block Grant, Disaster Services-HAZMAT, House Arrest, Enforcement and Education, Violence Prevention, Indigent Drivers, Program for Addiction Rehabilitation, Emergency Preparedness Grants, Juvenile Justice, Sheriff's Law Enforcement Trust, State Probation Supervision Fees, Community Prosecution Program.

Other - Smaller Special Revenue Funds operated by the County and subsidized in part by Federal, State and local monies as well as miscellaneous sources. These funds are as follows:

Computer Justice Information System, Drug Court Planning Grant, Indigent Guardianship, Probate Court Security Grant, Geographic Information Systems, Board of Elections.

The following nonmajor special revenue funds are included with the general fund for GAAP Reporting purposes as they do not have a restricted or committed revenue source.

Certificate of Title Administration, Recorder's Equipment, Unclaimed Money, Building Inspection, Sheriff Rotary, Rotary Abstract Fee, Forfeiture of Subdivision Bond.

Nonmajor Debt Service Funds

The debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of financial resources for and the payment of, principal and interest on general long-term debt and related costs.

Fund Descriptions – Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

<u>Special Assessment Bond Retirement</u> - To account for the collection of special assessments from property owners for the retirement of principal, interest, and related costs on special assessment debt.

<u>General Obligation Bond Retirement</u> - To account for the retirement of principal, interest, and related costs of general obligation debt through transfers from the General Fund.

Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds

The Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds or trust funds).

<u>Jail Capital Improvements</u> - To account for note proceeds and other revenue for new construction and renovation to the County jail.

<u>Board of Developmental Disabilities Capital</u> - To account for transfers from the SCBDD Operating fund for all capital-related expenditures.

<u>Ditch Maintenance</u> - To account for the collection of special assessments to be expended for ditches and retention basins within the County.

<u>Engineer's Construction</u> - To account for Ohio Public Works Commission Issue II grants to be expended for infrastructure.

<u>Permanent Improvement</u> - To account for monies to be used on general County permanent improvements.

<u>Countywide Public Safety Communications System Project</u> - To account for note proceeds for the purchase of the Countywide Public Safety Communications system.

JFS Capital Projects – To account for bond proceeds for the purchase and renovation of JFS buildings.

<u>The Venue TIF Fund</u> – To account for payments in lieu of taxes to be expended on redeveloping areas where improvements are declared to be public purpose.

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds December 31, 2020

Assets	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds			Nonmajor Debt Service Funds		Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds		Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	35,467,785	\$	181,094	\$	14,086,990	\$	49,735,869
Cash and Investments with Escrow Agents	Ψ	248,533	Ψ	-	Ψ	98,699	Ψ	347,232
Accounts Receivable		161,643		_		12,406		174,049
Intergovernmental Receivable		14,157,872		_		285,252		14,443,124
Taxes Receivable		1,161,810		_		-		1,161,810
Special Assessments Receivable		-		2,097,800		-		2,097,800
Loans Receivable		2,954,964		-		-		2,954,964
Interfund Receivable		77,856		10,029		-		87,885
Prepaid Items		127,972		-		-		127,972
Materials and Supplies Inventory		1,086,702		-		-		1,086,702
Revenue in Lieu of Taxes Receivable		-		-		224,346		224,346
Total Assets	\$	55,445,137	\$	2,288,923	\$	14,707,693	\$	72,441,753
Liabilities Accounts Payable Accrued Wages	\$	714,191 709,780	\$	- -	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	714,191 709,780
Contracts Payable		1,252,733		_		751,160		2,003,893
Retainage Payable		248,533		_		98,699		347,232
Intergovernmental Payable		317,886		_		-		317,886
Interfund Payable		77,856		_		_		77,856
Unearned Revenue		5,199,641		_		_		5,199,641
Total Liabilities		8,520,620		_		849,859		9,370,479
Deferred Inflows of Resources Property Taxes Levied for the Next Year Revenue in Lieu of Taxes		651,649		-		224,346		651,649 224,346
Unavailable Revenue		9,852,038		2,097,800		27,781		11,977,619
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		10,503,687		2,097,800		252,127		12,853,614
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable		1,214,674		-		-		1,214,674
Restricted		35,206,156		191,123		914,228		36,311,507
Committed		-		-		12,738,602		12,738,602
Assigned		-		-		6,775		6,775
Unassigned		36,420,830		191,123		(53,898) 13,605,707		(53,898)
Total Fund Balances		30,420,830		191,123		13,003,707		50,217,660
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of								
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	55,445,137	\$	2,288,923	\$	14,707,693	\$	72,441,753

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds December 31, 2020

	Victim Youth C Assistance Services			County CARES Act Grant		Pass Through Grants		HOME Program		
Assets Equity and Pooled Cash and Investments Cash and Investments with Escrow Agents	\$	102,228	\$	1,160,204	\$	5,388,703	\$	40,407	\$	69,833
Accounts Receivable		30,183		26,943		-		4,328		1 020 516
Intergovernmental Receivable Taxes Receivable		30,183		26,943		-		-		1,929,516
Loans Receivable		-		-		-		-		1,544,960
Interfund Receivable		-		-		-		-		-
Prepaid Items Materials and Supplies Inventory		-		-		-		-		-
Total Assets	\$	132,411	\$	1,187,147	\$	5,388,703	\$	44,735	\$	3,544,309
Liabilities										
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	41,855	\$	59,844	\$	40,410	\$	2,476
Accrued Wages Contracts Payable		-		54,419		129,218		-		-
Retainage Payable		-		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental Payable		-		10,678		-		-		-
Interfund Payable Unearned Revenue		-		-		5,199,641		-		-
Total Liabilities				106,952		5,388,703		40,410		2,476
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Property Taxes Levied for the Next Year Unavailable Revenue		3,431		-		-		-		1,893,660
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		3,431		-						1,893,660
Fund Balances										
Nonspendable Restricted		128,980		1,080,195		-		4,325		1,648,173
Total Fund Balances	_	128,980	_	1,080,195	_			4,325	_	1,648,173
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of										
of Resources and Fund Balances	_\$	132,411	\$	1,187,147	\$	5,388,703	\$	44,735	\$	3,544,309

	911 System	Child Assault Prosecuti		ommunity evelopment	Coroner aboratory		Computer echnology	Tax	Delinquent Assessment d Collection	Dog and Kennel		Motel Tax
\$	6,682,827	\$	-	\$ 140,554	\$ 368,404	\$	3,343,405	\$	1,413,719	\$ 513,154	\$	10,121
	2,252 68,522		-	2,212,437	- - -		84,778 4,410		16,492 20,438	25,300		- - -
	721,110		-	1,410,004	-		-		-	-		440,700
	29,833		-	-	-		77,856		-	-		-
\$	7,504,544	\$	_	\$ 3,762,995	\$ 368,404	\$	25,341 3,535,790	\$	1,450,649	\$ 538,454	\$	450,821
\$	44,646 7,417	\$	- - -	\$ 217,655	\$ - 988 -	\$	7,032 39,324	\$	1,715 16,450	\$ 8,000 14,419 14,639	\$	- - -
	1,459		- - -	37,174	195		13,015		2,769	2,360		-
	53,522		<u>-</u>	 254,829	 1,183	_	59,371		20,934	 39,418	_	
	651,649 130,421 782,070		- - -	1,642,531 1,642,531	 - - -		- - -	_	- - -	 - - -		- - -
_	29,833 6,639,119 6,668,952		- - -	 1,865,635 1,865,635	 367,221 367,221		25,341 3,451,078 3,476,419	_	1,429,715 1,429,715	 499,036 499,036		450,821 450,821
\$	7,504,544	\$		\$ 3,762,995	\$ 368,404	\$	3,535,790	\$	1,450,649	\$ 538,454	\$ (c	450,821 ontinued)

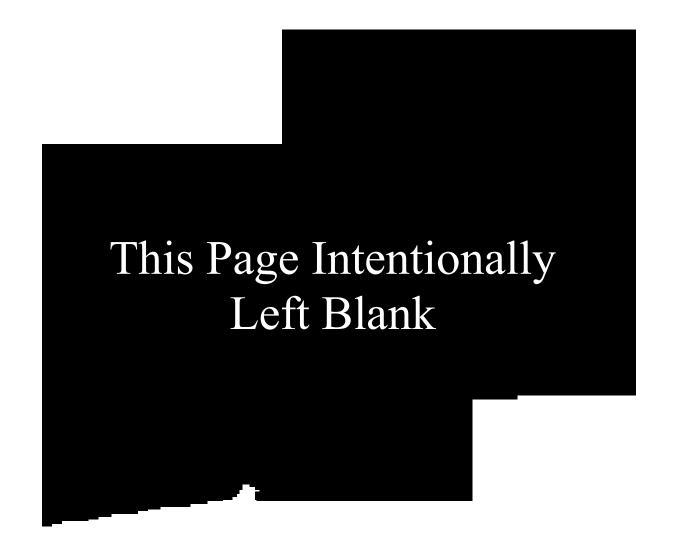
Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds (continued) December 31, 2020

Seguity and Pooled Cash and Investments \$ 51,326			obilization and oundment		-Home tention		Motor /ehicle and Gas Tax		Municipal Road	(Probate Court Conduct Business
Cash and Investments with Escrow Agents 4248,533 - - Accounts Receivable 8,628 - - Intergovernmental Receivable 7,878,652 360,182 - Loans Receivable -		\$	51.326	\$	428	\$	4.294.121	\$	2.426.839	\$	2,423
Accounts Receivable		•	-	-	-			-	-,	•	-,
Loans Receivable			-		-		8,628		-		-
Loans Receivable	Intergovernmental Receivable		-		-		7,878,652		360,182		-
Interfund Receivable			-		-		-		-		-
Prepaid Items	Loans Receivable		-		-		-		-		-
Materials and Supplies Inventory 1,035,559 -			-		-		-		-		-
Stand Assets Standard Stan			-		-		-		-		-
Liabilities Accounts Payable \$ - \$ \$ 221,392 \$ - \$ - \$			-			_		_			
Accounts Payable \$ - \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	Total Assets		51,326	\$	428	\$	13,465,493	\$	2,787,021	\$	2,423
Property Taxes Levied for the Next Year Unavailable Revenue 5,308,796 249,310 - Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 5,308,796 249,310 - Fund Balances Nonspendable Nonspendable Restricted 51,326 428 5,205,896 2,487,857 2,423 Total Fund Balances Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of	Accounts Payable Accrued Wages Contracts Payable Retainage Payable Intergovernmental Payable Interfund Payable Unearned Revenue	\$	- - - - - - -	\$	- - - - - - - -	\$	336,207 1,049,224 248,533 59,886	\$, - - - -	\$	- - - - - -
Unavailable Revenue - - 5,308,796 249,310 - Total Deferred Inflows of Resources - - 5,308,796 249,310 - Fund Balances - - 1,035,559 - - - Restricted 51,326 428 5,205,896 2,487,857 2,423 Total Fund Balances 51,326 428 6,241,455 2,487,857 2,423 Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of	Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Fund Balances - - 5,308,796 249,310 - Fund Balances - - 1,035,559 - - Nonspendable - - - 1,035,559 - - Restricted 51,326 428 5,205,896 2,487,857 2,423 Total Fund Balances 51,326 428 6,241,455 2,487,857 2,423 Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of	Property Taxes Levied for the Next Year		-		-		-		-		-
Fund Balances - 1,035,559 - - Nonspendable - - 1,035,559 - - Restricted 51,326 428 5,205,896 2,487,857 2,423 Total Fund Balances 51,326 428 6,241,455 2,487,857 2,423 Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of	Unavailable Revenue						5,308,796		249,310		
Nonspendable - - 1,035,559 - - Restricted 51,326 428 5,205,896 2,487,857 2,423 Total Fund Balances 51,326 428 6,241,455 2,487,857 2,423 Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-				5,308,796		249,310		-
	Nonspendable Restricted						5,205,896				
		\$	51,326	\$	428	\$	13,465,493	\$	2,787,021	\$	2,423

Real Estate Assessment	 Law Library	OE Special Election Fund	Other Public Safety		Other	 Total
\$ 2,700,512	\$ 414,945	\$ 216,585	\$	5,647,180	\$ 479,867	\$ 35,467,785
-	-	-		-	-	248,533
-	1,025	-		14,080	4,760	161,643
54,007	15,167	-		1,043,006	514,409	14,157,872
-	-	-		-	-	1,161,810
-	-	-		-	-	2,954,964
-	-	-		-	-	77,856
50,111	11,478	-		36,550	-	127,972
-	1,914	-		22,978	910	1,086,702
\$ 2,804,630	\$ 444,529	\$ 216,585	\$	6,763,794	\$ 999,946	\$ 55,445,137
\$ 1,000	\$ 28,217	\$ -	\$	39,949	\$ -	\$ 714,191
135,432	7,809	-		92,257	5,058	709,780
-	-	-		9,798	-	1,252,733
-	-	-		-	-	248,533
26,261	1,204	-		160,591	2,294	317,886
-	-	-		73,425	4,431	77,856
 	-				 	 5,199,641
162,693	37,230			376,020	11,783	8,520,620
-	-	-		-	-	651,649
 	 	 		368,900	 254,989	 9,852,038
		 		368,900	254,989	10,503,687
50,111	13,392	-		59,528	910	1,214,674
 2,591,826	 393,907	 216,585		5,959,346	 732,264	 35,206,156
 2,641,937	 407,299	 216,585		6,018,874	 733,174	 36,420,830
\$ 2,804,630	\$ 444,529	\$ 216,585	\$	6,763,794	\$ 999,946	\$ 55,445,137

STARK COUNTY, OHIO
Combining Balance Sheet
Nonmajor Debt Service Funds December 31, 2020

		Special Assessment Bond Retirement	O	General bligation Bond etirement		Total
Assets						_
Equity and Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	66,094	\$	115,000	\$	181,094
Special Assessments Receivable		2,097,800		-		2,097,800
Interfund Receivable		10,029				10,029
Total Assets	\$	2,173,923	\$	115,000	\$	2,288,923
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable Revenue	_\$_	2,097,800	\$	<u>-</u>	_\$	2,097,800
Fund Balances						
Restricted		76,123		115,000		191,123
Total Deferred Inflows of						
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	2,173,923	\$	115,000	\$	2,288,923



STARK COUNTY, OHIO *Combining Balance Sheet*

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds December 31, 2020

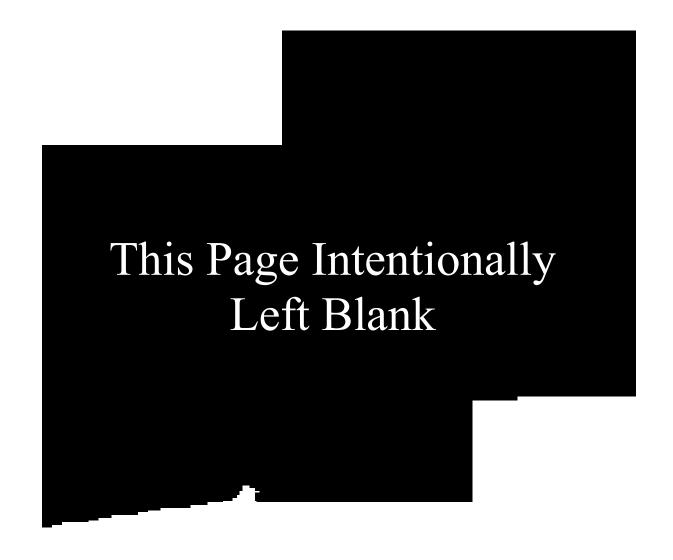
	Jail Capital Improvements			Board of Developmental Disabilities Capital		Ditch Maintenance		ngineer's	Permanent Improvement
Assets Equity and Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	6,775	\$	14,382	\$	5,877	\$		\$ 13,178,393
Cash and Investments with Escrow Agents	Ψ	0,773	Ψ	17,562	Ψ	<i>3,611</i>	Ψ	_	98,699
Accounts Receivable		_		_		12,406		_	-
Intergovernmental Receivable		-		-		-		285,252	-
Revenue in Lieu of Taxes Receivable		-		_		-		-	
Total Assets	\$	6,775	\$	14,382	\$	18,283	\$	285,252	\$ 13,277,092
Liabilities									
Contracts Payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	311,369	\$ 439,791
Retainage Payable								-	98,699
Total Liabilities								311,369	538,490
Deferred Inflows of Resources									
Unavailable Revenue		_		_		_		27,781	-
Revenue in Lieu of Taxes		-				-			
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-		_		-		27,781	
Fund Balances									
Restricted		_		14,382		18,283		_	_
Committed		_		- 1,502		-		_	12,738,602
Assigned		6,775		_		-		_	-
Unassigned		-						(53,898)	
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)		6,775		14,382		18,283		(53,898)	12,738,602
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of	¢	6 775	¢	14 292	¢	10 202	•	205 252	¢ 12 277 002
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	6,775	<u> </u>	14,382		18,283	D	285,252	\$ 13,277,092

JF	'S Capital	T	he Venue				
]	Projects]	TIF Fund		Total		
\$	292,060	\$	589,503	\$	14,086,990		
	-		-		98,699		
	-		-		12,406		
	-		-		285,252		
	-		224,346		224,346		
\$	292,060	\$	813,849	\$	14,707,693		
\$	-	\$	-	\$	751,160		
	-		-		98,699		
	_		_		849,859		
	-		_		27,781		
	-		224,346		224,346		
			224,346		252,127		
			,				
	292,060		589,503		914,228		
	_		_		12,738,602		
	-		-		6,775		
	-		-		(53,898)		
	292,060		589,503		13,605,707		
\$	292,060	\$	813,849	\$	14,707,693		

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds		Nonmajor Debt Service Fund	Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues					
Property Taxes	\$ 617	,444	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 617,444
Sales and Use Taxes	3,925	,625	-	-	3,925,625
Other Local Taxes	1,897	,020	-	-	1,897,020
Revenue in Lieu of Taxes		-	-	213,357	213,357
Special Assessments		-	359,636	-	359,636
Charges for Services	7,685	,741	-	12,406	7,698,147
Licenses and Permits	440	,267	-	-	440,267
Fines and Forfeitures	388	,643	-	-	388,643
Intergovernmental	38,957	,330	-	5,538,037	44,495,367
Interest	5	,623	322	-	5,945
Other	636	,053	-	250,325	886,378
Total Revenues	54,553	,746	359,958	6,014,125	60,927,829
Expenditures					
Current:					
General Government:					
Legislative and Executive	8,605	,488	3,629	-	8,609,117
Judicial	3,612	,793	-	-	3,612,793
Public Safety	18,026	,261	-	-	18,026,261
Public Works	18,694	,724	-	-	18,694,724
Health	1,093	,369	_	-	1,093,369
Human Services		,084	_	-	784,084
Capital Outlay		_	_	10,554,360	10,554,360
Debt Service:					
Principal Retirement	109	,981	1,456,954	_	1,566,935
Interest and Fiscal Charges		-	518,116	-	518,116
Total Expenditures	50,926	,700	1,978,699	10,554,360	63,459,759
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over					
(Under) Expenditures	3,627	,046	(1,618,741)	(4,540,235)	(2,531,930)
Other Financing Sources					
Issuance of OPWC Loans		-	-	608,547	608,547
Transfers In		-	1,556,431	5,090,000	6,646,431
Total Other Financing Sources		_	1,556,431	5,698,547	7,254,978
Net Change in Fund Balances	3,627	,046	(62,310)	1,158,312	4,723,048
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	32,793	,784	253,433	12,447,395	45,494,612
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 36,420	,830	\$ 191,123	\$ 13,605,707	\$ 50,217,660



Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Victim Assistance	Youth Services	County CARES Act Grant	Pass Through Grants	HOME Program	
Revenues						
Property Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Sales and Use Taxes	-	-	-	-	-	
Other Local Taxes	-	_	-	-	-	
Charges for Services	-	_	-	67,285	-	
Licenses and Permits	-	-	-	-	-	
Fines and Forfeitures	-	-	-	-	-	
Intergovernmental	355,407	2,035,371	14,107,097	-	499,009	
Interest	-	_	-	-	-	
Other	-	-	-	-	10,209	
Total Revenues	355,407	2,035,371	14,107,097	67,285	509,218	
Expenditures						
Current:						
General Government:						
Legislative and Executive	-	-	1,588,164	-	-	
Judicial	-	-	652,727	-	-	
Public Safety	-	1,955,744	11,535,356	67,253	-	
Public Works	-	-	27,527	-	530,721	
Health	-	-	222,811	-	-	
Human Services	374,751	-	80,512	-	-	
Debt Service:						
Principal Retirement						
Total Expenditures	374,751	1,955,744	14,107,097	67,253	530,721	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over						
(Under) Expenditures	(19,344)	79,627		32	(21,503)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(19,344)	79,627	-	32	(21,503)	
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	148,324	1,000,568		4,293	1,669,676	
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 128,980	\$ 1,080,195	\$ -	\$ 4,325	\$ 1,648,173	

 911 System	Child Assault Prosecution	Community Development	Coroner Laboratory	Computer Technology	Delinquent Tax Assessment and Collection	Dog and Kennel
\$ 617,444	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	2,000	21,329	1,290,617	800,420	819,680
_	-	2,000	21,329	1,290,017	600,420	619,060
_	_	_	_	_	_	7,950
875,809	328,821	1,499,397	-	249,492	62,626	-
, <u>-</u>	-	1,166	-			-
 2,252		698		115,093	136,267	11,215
1,495,505	328,821	1,503,261	21,329	1,655,202	999,313	838,845
1,038,851	328,821	1,435,621	53,149	1,717,135	835,183	870,558
1,038,851	328,821	1,435,621	53,149	1,717,135	835,183	870,558
 456,654		67,640	(31,820)	(61,933)	164,130	(31,713)
456,654	-	67,640	(31,820)	(61,933)	164,130	(31,713)
6,212,298		1,797,995	399,041	3,538,352	1,265,585	530,749
\$ 6,668,952	\$ -	\$ 1,865,635	\$ 367,221	\$ 3,476,419	\$ 1,429,715	\$ 499,036 (continued)

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds (continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

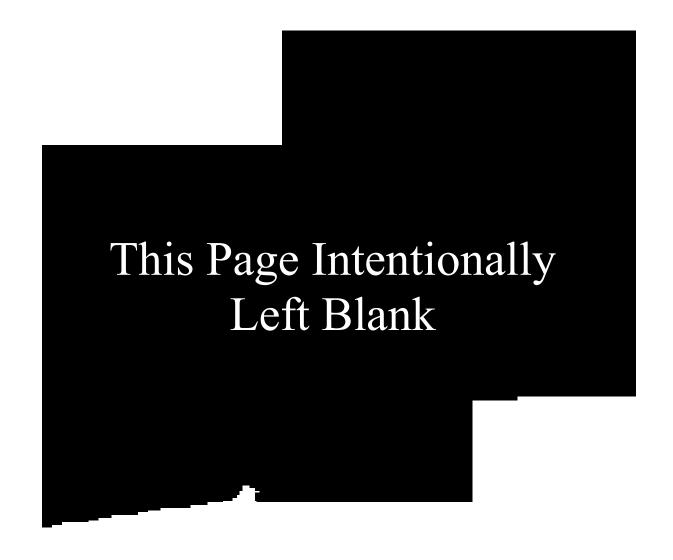
	Motel Tax		Immobilization and Impoundment		In-Home Detention		Motor Vehicle and Gas Tax	Municipal Road
Revenues							•	•
Property Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Sales and Use Taxes		-		-		-	3,925,625	-
Other Local Taxes		1,897,020		-		-		-
Charges for Services		-		300		-	7,150	-
Licenses and Permits		-		-		-	206,753	-
Fines and Forfeitures		-		-		-	50,959	-
Intergovernmental		-		-		-	12,680,647	721,608
Interest		-		-		-	1,951	-
Other							264,157	
Total Revenues		1,897,020		300			17,137,242	721,608
Expenditures Current: General Government: Legislative and Executive Judicial Public Safety Public Works Health Human Services Debt Service: Principal Retirement Total Expenditures		1,467,772 - - - - - - - 1,467,772		- - - - - -		- - - - - -	15,866,811 - 109,981 15,976,792	834,044 - - 834,044
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over								
(Under) Expenditures		429,248		300			1,160,450	(112,436)
Net Change in Fund Balances		429,248		300		-	1,160,450	(112,436)
Fund Balances Beginning of Year		21,573		51,026		428	5,081,005	2,600,293
Fund Balances End of Year	\$	450,821	\$	51,326	\$	428	\$ 6,241,455	\$ 2,487,857

Co	robate Court onduct usiness	Real Estate Assessment	Law Library	BOE Special Election Fund	Probate Court Elder Justice Innovation Grant	Justice Public		Total
\$	_	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 617,444
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,925,625
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,897,020
	3,356	4,407,721	9,667	-	-	176,648	79,568	7,685,741
	-	-	-	-	-	233,514	-	440,267
	-	-	289,807	-	-	22,449	17,478	388,643
	-	4,813	179,083	-	30,203	4,659,297	668,650	38,957,330
	-	-	-	-	-	1,960	546	5,623
		27,935	64,596	-		3,631		636,053
	3,356	4,440,469	543,153	-	30,203	5,097,499	766,242	54,553,746
	1,841 - - - -	4,439,291	511,601	- - - - -	35,203	548,201 3,375,067	275,078 146,085 841	8,605,488 3,612,793 18,026,261 18,694,724 1,093,369 784,084
	- 1.041	- 4 420 201	-	-	- 25.202		- 422.004	109,981
	1,841	4,439,291	511,601	-	35,203	3,923,268	422,004	50,926,700
	1,515 1,515 908	1,178 1,178 2,640,759	31,552 31,552 375,747	216,585	(5,000) (5,000) 5,000	1,174,231 1,174,231 4,844,643	344,238 344,238 388,936	3,627,046 3,627,046 32,793,784
			·	<u> </u>			· ·	
\$	2,423	\$ 2,641,937	\$ 407,299	\$ 216,585	\$ -	\$ 6,018,874	\$ 733,174	\$ 36,420,830

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Debt Service Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Special Assessment Bond Retirement			General bligation Bond	
	Retirement		Re	etirement	 Total
Revenues					
Special Assessments	\$	359,636	\$	-	\$ 359,636
Interest		322			322
Total Revenues		359,958			359,958
Expenditures					
Current:					
General Government:					
Legislative and Executive		3,629		-	3,629
Debt Service:		Ź			,
Principal Retirement		326,954		1,130,000	1,456,954
Interest and Fiscal Charges		91,685		426,431	518,116
Total Expenditures		422,268		1,556,431	1,978,699
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(62,310)		(1,556,431)	(1,618,741)
Other Financing Sources					
Transfers In				1,556,431	1,556,431
Net Change in Fund Balances		(62,310)		-	(62,310)
Fund Balances Beginning of Year		138,433		115,000	253,433
Fund Balances End of Year	\$	76,123	\$	115,000	\$ 191,123



Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Jail Capital Improvements		Deve Dis	oard of clopmental sabilities Capital		Ditch intenance		ngineer's		rmanent rovement
Revenues							Φ.			
Revenue in Lieu of Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-
Charges for Services		-		-		12,406		-		-
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		5,538,037		-
Other										250,325
Total Revenues						12,406		5,538,037		250,325
Expenditures Capital Outlay						89,536		6,182,547	4	-,279,714
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures						(77,130)		(644,510)	(4	.,029,389)
Other Financing Sources										
Issuance of OPWC Loans		_		_		-		608,547		_
Transfers In		_		_		90,000		_	5	,000,000
Total Other Financing Sources						90,000		608,547		,000,000
						,		,		, , ,
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		-		12,870		(35,963)		970,611
Fund Balances (Deficits) Beginning of Year		6,775		14,382		5,413		(17,935)	11	,767,991
Fund Balances (Deficits) End of Year	\$	6,775	\$	14,382	\$	18,283	\$	(53,898)	\$ 12	,738,602

JF	S Capital	T	he Venue					
I	Projects		TIF		Total			
\$	-	\$	213,357	\$	213,357			
	-		-		12,406			
	-		-		5,538,037			
			-		250,325			
	-		213,357		6,014,125			
			_					
			2,563	1	0,554,360			
			210 = 21		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
			210,794	((4,540,235)			
					(00 547			
	-		-		608,547			
					5,090,000			
					5,698,547			
	-		210,794		1,158,312			
	292,060		378,709	1	2,447,395			
			,					
\$	292,060	\$	589,503	\$ 1	3,605,707			

Fund Descriptions – Nonmajor Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

The Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent is that costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or where it has been decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

<u>Water</u> - To account for revenues generated from the charges for distribution of water to the residential and commercial users of the County.

<u>Sheriff's Webcheck</u> - To account for the charges to other entities, and the associated costs, for performing criminal background checks on individuals.

STARK COUNTY, OHIOCombining Statement of Net Position

Combining Statement of Net Position Nonmajor Enterprise Funds December 31, 2020

		Enterprise Funds	
	Water	Sheriff's Webcheck	Total
Assets			
Current Assets	¢ 007.450	e 270.420	ф 1 105 0 7 0
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments Cash and Cash Investments in Segregated Accounts	\$ 907,459	\$ 278,420	\$ 1,185,879
Accounts Receivable	17,008	-	17,008
Total Current Assets	72,691	279 420	72,691
Total Current Assets	997,138	278,420	1,275,578
Noncurrent Assets			
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	5,689,554	_	5,689,554
_F ,			
Total Assets	6,686,712	278,420	6,965,132
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Pension	68,384	-	68,384
OPEB	46,975	-	46,975
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	115,359		115,359
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts Payable	67,278	_	67,278
Accrued Wages	9,131	_	9,131
Intergovernmental Payable	1,673	2,412	4,085
Compensated Absences Payable	7,476	_,	7,476
Total Current Liabilities	85,558	2,412	87,970
I a Trans It I'll'			
Long-Term Liabilities	17.007		17.007
Compensated Absences Payable - Net of Current Portion	17,087	-	17,087
Net Pension Liability Net OPEB Liability	231,496	-	231,496
	159,222		159,222
Total Long-Term Liabilities	407,805		407,805
Total Liabilities	493,363	2,412	495,775
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Pension	55,350	_	55,350
OPEB	26,477	_	26,477
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	81,827		81,827
Net Position			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	5,689,554	-	5,689,554
Unrestricted	537,327	276,008	813,335
Total Net Position	\$ 6,226,881	\$ 276,008	\$ 6,502,889

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Nonmajor Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

		Enterprise Funds							
	Sheriff's Water Webcheck					Total			
Operating Revenues									
Charges for Services		873,248		31,105	_\$_	904,353			
Operating Expenses									
Personal Services		339,918		1,206		341,124			
Contractual Services		437,831		-		437,831			
Materials and Supplies		11,671		-		11,671			
Depreciation		203,348		-		203,348			
Other		91		12,378		12,469			
Total Operating Expenses		992,859		13,584		1,006,443			
Operating Income (Loss)		(119,611)		17,521		(102,090)			
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)									
Intergovernmental				8,000		8,000			
Change in Net Position		(119,611)		25,521		(94,090)			
Net Position Beginning of Year		6,346,492		250,487		6,596,979			
Net Position End of Year	\$	6,226,881	\$	276,008	\$	6,502,889			

STARK COUNTY, OHIO Combining Statement of Cash Flows Nonmajor Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Water		Sheriff's /ebcheck	Total	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities					
Cash Received from Customers	\$ 859,605	\$	31,105	\$	890,710
Cash Payments to Employees for Services and Benefits	(258,790)		_		(258,790)
Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services	(9,663)		_		(9,663)
Cash Payments for Contractual Services	(435,553)		_		(435,553)
Other Cash Payments	(91)		(11,172)		(11,263)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	155,508		19,933		175,441
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities Operating Grants	 		8,000		8,000
Net Increase in Cash and Investments	155,508		27,933		183,441
Cash and Investments Beginning of Year	 768,959		250,487		1,019,446
Cash and Investments End of Year	\$ 924,467	\$	278,420		1,202,887
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities					
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ (119,611)	\$	17,521	_\$_	(102,090)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities					
Depreciation Expense	203,348		-		203,348
(Increase) Decrease in Assets:					
Accounts Receivable	(11,635)		-		(11,635)
Deferred Outflows - Pension/OPEB	105,651		-		105,651
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:					
Accounts Payable	2,278		-		2,278
Accrued Wages	(774)		-		(774)
Compensated Absences Payable	1,083		-		1,083
Intergovernmental Payable	(67)		2,412		2,345
Deferred Inflows - Pension/OPEB	75,046		-		75,046
Net Pension Liability	(102,243)		-		(102,243)
Net OPEB Liability	 2,432	_	10.022	_	2,432
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	 155,508	\$	19,933	\$	175,441

Fund Descriptions – Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Internal Service Funds

Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the County on a cost-reimbursement basis.

<u>Self Insurance</u> - To account for a medical benefits and liability self-insurance program for the County. The primary source of revenue is monthly fees, any balance on hand is held until used.

Workers' Compensation - To account for revenues used to provide workers' compensation benefits to employees.

STARK COUNTY, OHIOCombining Statement of Net Position All Internal Service Funds December 31, 2020

	Internal Service						
	Self Insurance	Workers' Compensation	Total				
Assets							
Current Assets							
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 7,191,209	\$ 8,421,793	\$ 15,613,002				
Accounts Receivable	139,488	_	139,488				
Intergovernmental Receivable	11,722	_	11,722				
Prepaid Items	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	586,124	586,124				
Total Assets	7,342,419	9,007,917	16,350,336				
Deferred Outflows of Resources							
Pension	18,080	18,080	36,160				
OPEB	12,604	12,604	25,208				
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	30,684	30,684	61,368				
Liabilities							
Current Liabilities	0.105	0.105	15.050				
Accounts Payable	8,125	9,125	17,250				
Accrued Wages	7,541	7,245	14,786				
Intergovernmental Payable	1,211	1,280	2,491				
Claims Payable	2,174,889	12,060	2,186,949				
Total Current Liabilities	2,191,766	29,710	2,221,476				
Long-Term Liabilities:							
Compensated Absences Payable - Net of Current Portion	21,773	17,700	39,473				
Claims Payable - Net of Current Portion	-	500,051	500,051				
Net Pension Liability	115,748	115,748	231,496				
Net OPEB Liability	79,611	79,611	159,222				
Total Long-Term Liabilities	217,132	713,110	930,242				
Total Liabilities	2,408,898	742,820	3,151,718				
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Pension	109,296	28,348	137,644				
OPEB	59,697	13,703	73,400				
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	168,993	42,051	211,044				
N. D. W.							
Net Position Unrestricted	\$ 4,795,212	\$ 8,253,730	\$ 13,048,942				

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position All Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Internal Service						
	Self Insurance	Total					
Operating Revenues							
Charges for Services	\$ 25,916,734	\$ -	\$ 25,916,734				
Other	4,070,453	5,939,163	10,009,616				
Total Operating Revenues	29,987,187	5,939,163	35,926,350				
Operating Expenses							
Personal Services	147,539	191,871	339,410				
Contractual Services	1,547,157	774,064	2,321,221				
Claims	26,638,826	-	26,638,826				
Change in Workers Compensation Estimate	-	(137,517)	(137,517)				
Other	8,775		8,775				
Total Operating Expenses	28,342,297	828,418	29,170,715				
Change in Net Position	1,644,890	5,110,745	6,755,635				
Net Position Beginning of Year	3,150,322	3,142,985	6,293,307				
Net Position End of Year	\$ 4,795,212	\$ 8,253,730	\$ 13,048,942				

STARK COUNTY, OHIO Combining Statement of Cash Flows All Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Self		Workers'			
		Insurance	Co	mpensation	Total	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities						
Cash Received from Interfund Services Provided	\$	25,916,734	\$	-	\$ 25,916,734	
Cash Received from Other Operating Receipts		4,445,392		5,958,479	10,403,871	
Cash Payments to Employees for Services and Benefits		(207,726)		(171,509)	(379,235)	
Cash Payments for Contractual Services		(1,556,160)		(506,333)	(2,062,493)	
Cash Payments for Claims		(26,218,922)		(66,472)	(26,285,394)	
Cash Payments for Other Operating Expenses		(8,775)		_	(8,775)	
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		2,370,543		5,214,165	7,584,708	
Net Increase in Cash and Investments		2,370,543		5,214,165	7,584,708	
Cash and Investments Beginning of Year		4,820,666		3,207,628	 8,028,294	
Cash and Investments End of Year	_\$_	7,191,209	\$	8,421,793	\$ 15,613,002	
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities						
Operating Income	_\$_	1,644,890	\$	5,110,745	\$ 6,755,635	
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income						
to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities						
Increase (Decrease) in Assets:						
Accounts Receivable		386,661		19,316	405,977	
Intergovernmental Receivable		(11,722)		-	(11,722)	
Prepaids		-		258,606	258,606	
Deferred Outflows - Pension/OPEB		80,403		24,405	104,808	
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable		(9,003)		9,125	122	
Accrued Wages		(1,953)		1,192	(761)	
Intergovernmental Payable		(294)		203	(91)	
Claims Payable		419,904		(203,989)	215,915	
Compensated Absences Payable		(737)		8,131	7,394	
Deferred Inflows - Pension/OPEB		157,564		36,336	193,900	
Net Pension Liability		(217,991)		(51,121)	(269,112)	
Net OPEB Liability		(77,179)		1,216	 (75,963)	
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	2,370,543	\$	5,214,165	\$ 7,584,708	

Fund Descriptions – Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Private Purpose Trust Funds

Private Purpose Trust Funds are accounted for in essentially the same manner as proprietary funds.

George C. Brissel - To account for the money as set forth in the trust agreement.

SCBDD Gifts & Donations – To account for monies received in trust to be used by the SCBDD board.

Custodial Funds

Custodial funds are purely custodial (assets equal liabilities) and thus do not involve the measurement of results of operations. The following are the County's custodial funds:

<u>Undivided Taxes</u> - To account for the collection of real estate taxes and special assessments that are periodically apportioned to the subdivisions and to the County operating funds, which include Highway Escrow County, Highway Escrow State, Undivided Estate Tax, Undivided Personal Tax, Trailer Tax, Local Government, Subdivision Auto Registration, Cigarette Tax, Subdivision Tax, and Library and Local Government Support.

<u>Fiscal Agent</u> – To account for the receipts and expenditures of various agencies, which include Stark Council of Governments, Stark-Tuscarawas-Wayne Joint Solid Waste District, Special Emergency Planning, Stark County District Board of Health, Stark County Regional Planning Commission, Multi-County Juvenile Attention System, Stark County Park District, Stark Soil and Water Conservation District, and Stark Regional Community Corrections Center, and Regional Transportation Improvement District.

<u>Court and Miscellaneous Safety</u> - To account for auto title fees, County court, juvenile court and probate court related receipts, and other related fees associated with public safety, which include Child Support, Sexual Offender Registry, Sheriff Inmate Services, Indigent Application, and Jail Commissary.

<u>Other Custodial Funds</u> – To account for smaller custodial funds, which do not fall into one of the previous categories:

Real Estate Prepayment
Tax Lien Sale
Recorder Escrow
Ohio Elections Commission
Sumser Trust

STARK COUNTY, OHIOCombining Statement of Net Position

Combining Statement of Net Position Private Purpose Trust Funds December 31, 2020

		George C. Brissel		SCBDD & Donations	 Total
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	2,190	\$	125,450	\$ 127,640
Net Position Held in Trust for Private Purposes	_ \$	2,190	_\$	125,450	\$ 127,640

Stark County, Ohio
Combining Statement of Net Position
Custodial Funds December 31, 2020

	Undivided Taxes	Fiscal Agent	Court and Miscellaneous Safety		Other Custodial		Total
Assets							
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 14,166,300	\$ 14,011,785	\$ 2,216,978	\$	1,102,752	\$	31,497,815
Cash and Investments in Segregated Accounts	-	-	1,947,518		-		1,947,518
Intergovernmental Receivable	10,801,339	6,838	-		-		10,808,177
Taxes Receivable	460,575,320	7,462,539	-		-		468,037,859
Special Assessments Receivable	16,999,769	-	-		-		16,999,769
Total Assets	502,542,728	21,481,162	4,164,496		1,102,752		529,291,138
Liabilities							
Intergovernmental Payable	24,967,639	 -	 4,065,705		1,102,752		30,136,096
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Property Taxes Levied for the Next Year	413,727,179	 6,901,853				_	420,629,032
Net Position							
Restricted for Individuals, Organizations and Other Governments	\$ 63,847,910	\$ 14,579,309	\$ 98,791	\$		\$	78,526,010

STARK COUNTY, OHIOCombining Statement of Changes in Net Position Private Purpose Trust Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	George C. Brissel		SCBDD Gifts & Donations		Total		
Net Position Beginning of Year	\$	2,190	\$	125,450	\$	127,640	
Net Position End of Year	\$	2,190	\$	125,450	\$	127,640	

Stark County, OhioCombining Statement of Changes in Net Position
Custodial Funds December 31, 2020

	Undivided Taxes	Fiscal Agent		Court and Miscellaneous Safety		Other Custodial	Total	
Additions								
Intergovernmental	\$ 51,098,777	\$	6,838	\$	9,446	\$ -	\$	51,115,061
Amounts Received as Fiscal Agent	-		41,061,417		-	-		41,061,417
Licenses, Permits & Fees for Other Governments	-		-		55,653,360	2,818,885		58,472,245
Fines & Forfeitures for Other Governments	-		-		5,741,705	-		5,741,705
Property Tax Collections for Other Governments	386,668,530		-		-	-		386,668,530
Special Assessment Collections For Other Governments	6,401,068		-		-	-		6,401,068
Sheriff Sale Collections for Other Governments	-		-		772,528	-		772,528
Amounts Received for Others	-		-		2,501,400	109		2,501,509
Other					1,703,433			1,703,433
Total Additions	444,168,375		41,068,255		66,381,872	2,818,994		554,437,496
Deductions								
Distributions as Fiscal Agent	-		36,997,416		-	-		36,997,416
Distributions of State Funds to Other Governments	48,901,969				9,445	-		48,911,414
Licenses, Permits & Fee Distributions to Other Governments	-		-		55,801,474	2,866,869		58,668,343
Fines & Forfeitures Distributions to Other Governments	-		-		7,854,489	-		7,854,489
Property Tax Distributions to Other Governments	381,601,139		-		-	-		381,601,139
Special Assessments Distributions to Other Governments	4,423,019		-		-	-		4,423,019
Sheriff Sale Distributions to Other Governments	-		-		334,910	-		334,910
Other Distributions	-		-		3,867,221	-		3,867,221
Total Deductions	434,926,127		36,997,416		67,867,539	2,866,869		542,657,951
Change in Net Position	9,242,248		4,070,839		(1,485,667)	(47,875)		11,779,545
Net Position Beginning of Year	 54,605,662		10,508,470		1,584,458	47,875		66,746,465
Net Position End of Year	\$ 63,847,910	\$	14,579,309	\$	98,791	<u> </u>	\$	78,526,010

STARK COUNTY, OHIOSchedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) - General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
				(**************************************
Revenues				
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$ 16,250,000	\$ 16,250,000	\$ 16,644,504	\$ 394,504
Charges for Services	10,515,000	10,515,000	13,087,892	2,572,892
Licenses and Permits	38,000	38,000	37,230	(770)
Fines and Forfeitures	400,000	400,000	388,686	(11,314)
Intergovernmental Interest	10,260,000	10,260,000 3,500,000	10,541,908	281,908
Rentals	3,500,000	, ,	3,667,328	167,328 348,822
Other	400,000 500,000	400,000 500,000	748,822 979,372	348,822 479,372
Total Revenues	41,863,000	41,863,000	46,095,742	4,232,742
Total Revenues	41,863,000	41,803,000	40,093,742	4,232,742
Expenditures				
Current:				
General Government - Legislative and Executive Commissioners' Office				
Personal Services	2,191,218	2,343,315	2,206,318	136,997
Materials and Supplies	74,735	74,546	43,262	31,284
Contractual Services	5,391,633	8,429,360	7,159,160	1,270,200
Capital Outlay	447,534	308,086	250,249	57,837
Other	3,002,030	2,997,024	2,795,929	201,095
Total Commissioners' Office	11,107,150	14,152,331	12,454,918	1,697,413
County Auditor	4.0=0.054	4 020 600	4 000 004	
Personal Services	1,070,864	1,030,699	1,029,984	715
Materials and Supplies Contractual Services	6,796	7,596	6,675 459,184	921 928
Other	430,612 5,500	460,112	· ·	
Total County Auditor	1,513,772	1,498,907	1,496,254	2,653
,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
County Treasurer				
Personal Services	733,885	732,631	688,189	44,442
Materials and Supplies	12,726	14,660	10,316	4,344
Contractual Services	306,804	349,804	337,462	12,342
Capital Outlay	-	32,273	12,000	20,273
Other	6,380	6,262	6,123	139
Total County Treasurer	1,059,795	1,135,630	1,054,090	81,540
Recorder				
Personal Services	554,183	553,784	544,825	8,959
Materials and Supplies	3,600	3,390	2,402	988
Contractual Services	36,400	24,578	24,578	-
Capital Outlay	-	50	-	50
Other	2,000	822		822
Total Recorder	596,183	582,624	571,805	10,819
Board of Elections				
Personal Services	1,638,604	1,784,181	1,677,303	106,878
Materials and Supplies	123,048	244,672	75,999	168,673
Contractual Services	1,193,973	1,492,546	1,317,657	174,889
Capital Outlay	-	181,592	164,277	17,315
Other	30,707	30,707	15,447	15,260
Total Board of Elections	2,986,332	3,733,698	3,250,683	483,015
Data Processing				
Personal Services	1 627 266	1 627 266	1 521 101	106.075
Materials and Supplies	1,627,266 39,016	1,627,266 39,016	1,521,191	106,075 18,845
Contractual Services	1,162,723	1,162,723	20,171 943,935	218,788
Capital Outlay	1,102,723	510,430	257,345	253,085
Other	29,529	29,529	9,492	20,037
Total Data Processing	2,858,534	3,368,964	2,752,134	616,830
5		-,,-		(continued)

STARK COUNTY, OHIOSchedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) - General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Buildings and Grounds Maintenance				
Personal Services	\$ 703,192	\$ 695,352	\$ 637,094	\$ 58,258
Materials and Supplies	1,085,990	1,079,490	968,626	110,864
Contractual Services	725,027	722,293	712,169	10,124
Capital Outlay	-	61,500	5,252	56,248
Other	200	200		200
Total Buildings and Grounds Maintenance	2,514,409	2,558,835	2,323,141	235,694
Total General Government - Legislative and Executive	22,636,175	27,030,989	23,903,025	3,127,964
General Government - Judicial				
Court of Appeals	00.201	112.027	100.020	2.007
Materials and Supplies	90,381	112,027	109,020	3,007
Contractual Services	227,622	207,622	168,013	39,609
Capital Outlay	18,000	28,500	24,387	4,113
Other Total Court of Appeals	28,681 364,684	26,681 374,830	24,187 325,607	2,494 49,223
**			323,007	47,223
Common Pleas Court				
Personal Services	4,401,097	4,169,773	3,907,281	262,492
Materials and Supplies	152,272	148,305	118,964	29,341
Contractual Services	716,699	668,620	647,119	21,501
Capital Outlay	3,875	96,136	69,786	26,350
Other	73,207	72,607	45,120	27,487
Total Common Pleas Court	5,347,150	5,155,441	4,788,270	367,171
Common Pleas Jury Commission				
Personal Services	151,772	151,772	150,107	1,665
Juvenile Court				
Personal Services	3,485,923	3,300,472	3,288,565	11,907
Materials and Supplies	89,467	79,769	65,019	14,750
Contractual Services	321,920	250,368	228,157	22,211
Capital Outlay	451	67,172	50,729	16,443
Other	29,672	20,672	17,671	3,001
Total Juvenile Court	3,927,433	3,718,453	3,650,141	68,312
Probate Court Personal Services	1,028,385	1,049,985	1,046,109	3,876
				,
Materials and Supplies Contractual Services	13,879 78,743	17,629 103,208	17,569 88,585	60 14,623
Capital Outlay	29,755	21,115	21,115	14,023
Other	19,758	(5,078)	(5,195)	117
Total Probate Court	1,170,520	1,186,859	1,168,183	18,676
Clerk of Courts				
Personal Services	1,878,097	1,850,399	1,820,582	29,817
Materials and Supplies	37,127	55,981	53,464	2,517
Contractual Services	233,196	233,196	231,212	1,984
Capital Outlay	233,170	62,274	231,212	62,274
Other	500	500	_	500
Total Clerk of Courts	2,148,920	2,202,350	2,105,258	97,092
Public Defender				
Other	500	500		500
Municipal Court				
Personal Services	367,751	367,751	278,883	88,868
Contractual Services	121,447	121,447	101,410	20,037
Total Municipal Court	489,198	489,198	380,293	108,905
Total General Government - Judicial	13,600,177	13,279,403	12,567,859	711,544 (continued)
				(continued)

STARK COUNTY, OHIOSchedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) - General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with
Dublic Sufat.	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Public Safety Sheriff				
Materials and Supplies	_	\$ 139,200	\$ 135,991	\$ 3,209
Contractual Services	_	2,489,812	2,269,132	220,680
Total Sheriff		2,629,012	2,405,123	223,889
Coroner				
Personal Services	761,543	760,224	718,096	42,128
Materials and Supplies	32,910	32,910	30,604	2,306
Contractual Services	294,090	294,090	274,957	19,133
Other	9,893	9,893	115	9,778
Total Coroner	1,098,436	1,097,117	1,023,772	73,345
Total Public Safety	1,098,436	3,726,129	3,428,895	297,234
Human Services				
Veteran's Service Commission				
Personal Services	1,328,045	1,415,314	1,352,781	62,533
Materials and Supplies	53,487	53,487	40,236	13,251
Contractual Services	253,540	253,540	171,763	81,777
Capital Outlay	51,839	60,139	59,795	344
Other	1,200,231	1,108,732	325,512	783,220
Total Veteran's Service Commission	2,887,142	2,891,212	1,950,087	941,125
Total Human Services	2,887,142	2,891,212	1,950,087	941,125
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	1,560,000	3,569		3,569
Total Expenditures	41,781,930	46,931,302	41,849,866	5,081,436
Excess(Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	81,070	(5,068,302)	4,245,876	9,314,178
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Advances Out	-	(103,293)	-	103,293
Transfers In	500,000	500,000	-	(500,000)
Transfers Out		(6,646,431)	(6,646,431)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	500,000	(6,249,724)	(6,646,431)	(396,707)
Net Change in Fund Balance	581,070	(11,318,026)	(2,400,555)	8,917,471
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	18,107,108	18,107,108	18,107,108	-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	761,307	761,307	761,307	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 19,449,485	\$ 7,550,389	\$ 16,467,860	\$ 8,917,471

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) - Board of Developmental Disabilities For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts						ariance with	
		Original		Final		Actual		inal Budget Positive Negative)
Revenues								
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$	31,272,268	\$	31,272,268	\$	32,191,797	\$	919,529
Charges for Services	Ψ	694,475	Ψ	694,475	Ψ	937,388	Ψ	242,913
Intergovernmental		17,155,528		17,155,528		14,581,402		(2,574,126)
Other		1,669,342		1,669,342		1,510,354		(158,988)
Total Revenues		50,791,613		50,791,613		49,220,941		(1,570,672)
E Para								
Expenditures								
Current: Health								
Personal Services		23,314,191		23,536,766		23,000,620		536,146
Materials and Supplies		1,288,164		1,340,774		954,775		385,999
Contractual Services		3,714,575		3,765,725		3,150,861		614,864
		1,382,440		1,397,629		837,059		560,570
Capital Outlay Other		, ,		21,491,843		18,940,639		
		21,871,132 51,570,502		51,532,737		46,883,954		2,551,204
Total Expenditures		31,370,302		31,332,737		40,883,934		4,648,783
Net Change in Fund Balance		(778,889)		(741,124)		2,336,987		3,078,111
Fund Balance Beginning of Year		49,428,698		49,428,698		49,428,698		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		736,037		736,037		736,037		
Fund Balance End of Year	\$	49,385,846		49,423,611	\$	52,501,722	\$	3,078,111

	Budgete	ed Amounts		Variance with	
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues					
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$ 6,185,294	\$ 6,185,294	\$ 6,397,851	\$ 212,557	
Intergovernmental	22,633,338	22,633,338	20,099,383	(2,533,955)	
Other	1,995,389	1,995,389	1,101,920	(893,469)	
Total Revenues	30,814,021	30,814,021	27,599,154	(3,214,867)	
Expenditures					
Current:					
Health					
Personal Services	4,324,772	4,174,773	3,979,219	195,554	
Materials and Supplies	94,584	69,584	45,312	24,272	
Contractual Services	31,168,124	26,543,124	26,178,040	365,084	
Capital Outlay	1,100,464	600,464	497,294	103,170	
Other	2,526,532	2,823,866	2,681,141	142,725	
Total Expenditures	39,214,476	34,211,811	33,381,006	830,805	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(8,400,455)	(3,397,790)	(5,781,852)	(2,384,062)	
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	4,648,275	4,648,275	4,648,275	-	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	5,853,005	5,853,005	5,853,005		
Fund Balance End of Year	\$ 2,100,825	\$ 7,103,490	\$ 4,719,428	\$ (2,384,062)	

	Budgete	ed Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$ 9,650,000	\$ 9,650,000	\$ 8,956,986	\$ (693,014)
Charges for Services	1,185,000	1,185,000	1,351,240	166,240
Intergovernmental	15,330,000	15,330,000	15,932,056	602,056
Other	82,000	82,000	139,965	57,965
Total Revenues	26,247,000	26,247,000	26,380,247	133,247
Expenditures				
Current:				
Human Services				
Personal Services	4,822,000	5,347,000	5,297,913	49,087
Materials and Supplies	86,321	86,321	27,514	58,807
Contractual Services	9,356,014	8,638,156	8,425,370	212,786
Capital Outlay	20,435	32,635	16,472	16,163
Other	14,359,052	15,144,710	15,086,928	57,782
Total Expenditures	28,643,822	29,248,822	28,854,197	394,625
Net Change in Fund Balance	(2,396,822)	(3,001,822)	(2,473,950)	527,872
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	17,053,604	17,053,604	17,053,604	-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	3,076,822	3,076,822	3,076,822	
Fund Balance End of Year	\$ 17,733,604	\$ 17,128,604	\$ 17,656,476	\$ 527,872

	Budgeted Amounts						ariance with
		Original	Final		Final Actual		inal Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues							
Intergovernmental	\$	37,655,000	\$	37,655,000	\$	35,390,497	\$ (2,264,503)
Other		470,000		470,000		479,726	 9,726
Total Revenues		38,125,000		38,125,000		35,870,223	 (2,254,777)
Expenditures							
Current:							
Human Services							
Personal Services		28,279,139		28,279,139		27,808,344	470,795
Materials and Supplies		408,924		408,924		312,428	96,496
Contractual Services		7,095,383		8,245,383		8,108,699	136,684
Capital Outlay		161,573		161,573		41,848	119,725
Other		2,550,185		1,400,185		1,123,636	276,549
Total Expenditures		38,495,204		38,495,204		37,394,955	1,100,249
Net Change in Fund Balance		(370,204)		(370,204)		(1,524,732)	(1,154,528)
Fund Balance Beginning of Year		469,688		469,688		469,688	-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		1,506,065		1,506,065		1,506,065	
Fund Balance End of Year		1,605,549	_\$_	1,605,549	\$	451,021	\$ (1,154,528)

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Permissive Sales Tax	\$ 30,000,000	\$ 27,000,000	\$ 30,126,781	\$ 3,126,781
Charges for Services	-	-	99,838	99,838
Intergovernmental	-	=	230	230
Other	30,000,000	27,000,000	151,066 30,377,915	151,066
Total Revenues	30,000,000	27,000,000	30,377,913	3,377,915
Expenditures				
Current:				
General Government - Legislative and Executive	2 700 000	4 000 660	4.000.660	
Contractual Services	3,700,000	1,833,662	1,833,662	-
Capital Outlay Total General Government - Legislative and Executive	366,470 4,066,470	1,390,620 3,224,282	1,390,620 3,224,282	
Total General Government - Legistative and Executive	4,000,470	3,224,262	3,227,202	
General Government - Judicial				
Capital Outlay	29,040	29,040	28,237	803
Probate Court				
Capital Outlay	3,339	3,339	=	3,339
Total General Government - Judicial	32,379	32,379	28,237	4,142
Public Safety				
Prosecuting Attorney Personal Services	4,102,975	4,227,320	4,077,885	149,435
Materials and Supplies	40,000	10,225	9,554	671
Contractual Services	108,000	108,000	36,292	71,708
Capital Outlay	-	49,775	49,775	-
Other	269,236	135,020	135,020	-
Total Prosecuting Attorney	4,520,211	4,530,340	4,308,526	221,814
Public Defender				
Personal Services	2,140,577	2,135,577	2,030,506	105,071
Materials and Supplies	10,380	15,380	11,732	3,648
Contractual Services	14,493	14,493	12,466	2,027
Capital Outlay	4,930	4,930	4,930	-
Other	25,177	25,177	15,511	9,666
Total Public Defender	2,195,557	2,195,557	2,075,145	120,412
Sheriff				
Personal Services	18,280,323	7,240,086	5,426,792	1,813,294
Materials and Supplies	1,320,958	1,000,958	999,334	1,624
Contractual Services	4,103,665	1,786,779	1,712,548	74,231
Capital Outlay	-	1,084,165	1,035,012	49,153
Other	216,016	216,016	174,380	41,636
Total Sheriff	23,920,962	11,328,004	9,348,066	1,979,938
Total Public Safety	30,636,730	18,053,901	15,731,737	2,322,164
Total Expenditures	34,735,579	21,310,562	18,984,256	2,326,306
Net Change in Fund Balance	(4,735,579)	5,689,438	11,393,659	5,704,221
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	5,329,795	5,329,795	5,329,795	-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	991,650	991,650	991,650	
Fund Balance End of Year	\$ 1,585,866	\$ 12,010,883	\$ 17,715,104	\$ 5,704,221

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Equity Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) - Sewer For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Final		Fina	riance with al Budget Positive
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues				
Charges for Services	\$ 28,578,000	\$ 28,106,536	\$	(471,464)
Other Operating Revenues	 	 203,531		203,531
Total Revenues	 28,578,000	 28,310,067		(267,933)
Expenses				
Personal Services	6,353,158	6,217,333		135,825
Contractual Services	17,205,297	12,916,034		4,289,263
Materials and Supplies	1,885,793	1,264,983		620,810
Other Operating Expenses	136,738	114,977		21,761
Capital Outlay	 7,463,198	 6,136,119		1,327,079
Total Expenses	 33,044,184	26,649,446		6,394,738
Operating Income (Loss)	(4,466,184)	1,660,621		6,126,805
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)				
Principal Retirement	(7,697,812)	(5,319,277)		2,378,535
Interest and Fiscal Charges	(689,117)	(1,969,754)		(1,280,637)
Capital Contributions	-	554		554
Special Assessments	75,212	141,674		66,462
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	-	16,011		16,011
Advances Out	 (686)	(686)		
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	 (8,312,403)	 (7,131,478)		1,180,925
Change in Fund Equity	(12,778,587)	(5,470,857)		7,307,730
Fund Equity Beginning of Year	25,129,058	25,129,058		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	 8,199,192	8,199,192		-
Fund Equity End of Year	\$ 20,549,663	\$ 27,857,393	\$	7,307,730

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) - Certificate of Title Administration For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

		Final Budget Actual				
n.						
Revenues Charges for Services	\$	2,600,000	\$	2,352,482	\$	(247,518)
Intergovernmental	Ą	2,000,000	Ф	2,332,482 4,485	Ф	4,485
Total Revenues		2,600,000		2,356,967		(243,033)
Europ ditures						_
Expenditures Current:						
General Government - Judicial						
Personal Services		1,870,362		1,805,246		65,116
Materials and Supplies		81,971		56,942		25,029
Contractual Services		268,039		243,035		25,004
Capital Outlay		30,000		18,400		11,600
Other		7,309		2,902		4,407
Total Expenditures		2,257,681		2,126,525		131,156
Net Change in Fund Balance		342,319		230,442		(111,877)
Fund Balance Beginning of Year		2,475,980		2,475,980		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		18,319		18,319		
Fund Balance End of Year	\$	2,836,618	\$	2,724,741	\$	(111,877)

	Recorder's Equipment						
	Final Budget			Actual	Var Fin I	iance with al Budget Positive Regative)	
Revenues Charges for Services Other Total Revenues	\$	320,000	\$	398,602 664 399,266	\$	78,602 664 79,266	
Expenditures Current:		320,000		399,200		79,200	
General Government - Legislative and Executive Personal Services Materials and Supplies Contractual Services Capital Outlay Total Expenditures		152,357 30,042 234,213 22,000 438,612		132,738 23,626 175,027 11,631 343,022		19,619 6,416 59,186 10,369 95,590	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(118,612)		56,244		174,856	
Fund Balance Beginning of Year		99,735		99,735		-	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		18,920		18,920			
Fund Balance End of Year	\$	43	\$	174,899	\$	174,856	
			Uncl	aimed Money			
		Final Budget		Actual	Fin F	iance with al Budget Positive Jegative)	
Revenues Other	\$		\$	314,448	\$	314,448	
Expenditures Current: General Government - Legislative and Executive							
Other		266,381	-	261,272		5,109	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(266,381)		53,176		319,557	
Fund Balance Beginning of Year		1,585,433		1,585,433		-	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		86,381		86,381			
Fund Balance End of Year		1,405,433	\$	1,724,990	\$	319,557	

	 Final Budget		Actual	Fin	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Revenues					
Charges for Services	\$ 942,000	_\$	862,684	\$	(79,316)
Expenditures Current: Public Safety					
Personal Services	678,000		665,838		12,162
Materials and Supplies	23,987		15,993		7,994
Contractual Services	171,934		169,991		1,943
Capital Outlay	31,657		31,649		8
Other	3,307		2,485		822
Total Expenditures	908,885		885,956		22,929
Net Change in Fund Balance	33,115		(23,272)		(56,387)
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	1,566,081		1,566,081		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	 16,885		16,885		
Fund Balance End of Year	\$ 1,616,081	\$	1,559,694	\$	(56,387)

	Final					Variance with Final Budget Positive	
		Budget		Actual	(]	(Negative)	
Revenues Charges for Services Intergovernmental Other Total Revenues	\$	\$ 4,700,000 618,595 6,000 5,324,595		4,319,792 520,486 24,288 4,864,566	\$	(380,208) (98,109) 18,288 (460,029)	
Expenditures Current: Public Safety Personal Services Materials and Supplies Contractual Services		5,287,410 79,562 621,247		4,939,151 65,827 327,733		348,259 13,735 293,514	
Capital Outlay Other Total Expenditures		65,000 13,761 6,066,980		59,183		5,817 13,761 675,086	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(742,385)		(527,328)		215,057	
Fund Balance Beginning of Year		3,866,037		3,866,037		-	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		143,370		143,370			
Fund Balance End of Year	\$	3,267,022	\$	3,482,079	\$	215,057	

	Rotary Abstract Fee							
		Final Budget Actual				Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	\$	2,493	_\$	2,493	\$			
Fund Balance End of Year	\$	2,493	\$	2,493	\$			
		Forfe	iture of	Subdivision				
					Variance w			
		Final Budget		Actual	Final Budg Positive (Negative			
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	\$	57,811	\$	57,811	\$			
Fund Balance End of Year	\$	57,811	\$	57,811	\$			

	Victim Assistanc					<u>!</u>			
	Final Budget			Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
Revenues Intergovernmental	\$	401,457	\$	352,447	\$	(49,010)			
Expenditures									
Current:									
Human Services									
Personal Services		374,857		374,716		141			
Other		35		35					
Total Expenditures		374,892		374,751		141_			
Net Change in Fund Balance		26,565		(22,304)		(48,869)			
Fund Balance Beginning of Year		124,534		124,534					
Fund Balance End of Year	\$	151,099	\$	102,230	\$	(48,869)			
			Vo	uth Services					
			100	ain Services	Vat	iance with			
						al Budget			
		Final Budget				Positive			
				Actual	(1	legative)			
Revenues	A	2 044 040	•	• • • • • • • •		(2.702)			
Intergovernmental	\$	2,011,010	_\$	2,008,428		(2,582)			
Expenditures									
Current:									
Public Safety									
Personal Services		1,662,473		1,385,798		276,675			
Materials and Supplies		40,575		23,140		17,435			
Contractual Services		1,068,138		870,589		197,549			
Other		109,355		36,006		73,349			
Total Expenditures		2,880,541		2,315,533		565,008			
Deficiency of Revenues Under Expenditures		(869,531)		(307,105)		562,426			
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Advances In		(215,918)		_		215,918			
Advances Out		2,000		_		(2,000)			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(213,918)				213,918			
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,083,449)		(307,105)		776,344			
Fund Balance Beginning of Year		705,534		705,534		-			
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		393,651		393,651					
Fund Balance End of Year	\$	15,736	\$	792,080	\$	776,344			

	Final Budget			Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues						
Intergovernmental	\$	19,306,738	\$	19,306,738	\$	
Expenditures						
Current:						
General Government - Legislative and Executive						
Personal Services		135,503		135,503		_
Materials and Supplies		195,038		195,038		_
Contractual Services		264,763		264,763		_
Capital Outlay		179,556		179,556		_
Other		1,416,756		1,416,756		_
Total General Government - Legislative and Executive		2,191,616		2,191,616		_
General Government - Judicial						
Personal Services		541,135		541,135		
Materials and Supplies		126,086		126,086		-
Contractual Services		167,542		167,542		-
		66,648				-
Capital Outlay Other				66,648		-
Total General Government - Judicial		4,035		4,035	ī	
Total General Government - Judicial		905,446		905,446		
Public Safety						
Personal Services		15,417,185		15,417,185		-
Materials and Supplies		136,588		136,588		-
Contractual Services		78,735		78,735		-
Capital Outlay		117,730		117,730		-
Other		492		492		-
Total Public Safety		15,750,730		15,750,730		
Public Works						
Personal Services		23,303		23,303		_
Materials and Supplies		14,882		14,882		
Total Public Works		38,185		38,185		
20 2		50,100	-	20,100		
Health		27.020		25.020		
Personal Services		27,939		27,939		-
Materials and Supplies		103,063		103,063		-
Contractual Services		96,246		96,246		-
Other		81,829		81,829		
Total Health		309,077		309,077		
Human Services						
Capital Outlay		111,684		111,684		
Total Expenditures		19,306,738		19,306,738		
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		-		-
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		-				
Fund Balance at End of Year			\$		\$	

		Pass Through Gran						
	1	Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
Revenues Charges for Services	\$	65,880	\$	67,253	_\$	1,373		
Expenditures Current Public Safety								
Other		65,880		65,880				
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		1,373		1,373		
Fund Balance Beginning of Year		39,035		39,035				
Fund Balance End of Year	\$	39,035	\$	40,408	\$	1,373		
		Final Budget	НОМ	Actual	Fi	nriance with nal Budget Positive Negative)		
Revenues Intergovernmental Other Total Revenues	\$	2,061,779	\$	552,511 88,154 640,665	\$	(1,509,268) 88,154 (1,421,114)		
Expenditures Current: Public Works Contractual Services		2,187,604		918,233		1,269,371		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(125,825)		(277,568)		(151,743)		
Fund Deficit Beginning of Year		(215,548)		(215,548)		-		
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		341,373		341,373				
Fund Deficit End of Year	\$		\$	(151,743)	\$	(151,743)		

	Final			Variance with Final Budget Positive		
		Budget	Actual		<u>(l)</u>	Negative)
Revenues						
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$	680,516	\$	617,444	\$	(63,072)
Intergovernmental		979,484		875,809		(103,675)
Total Revenues		1,660,000		1,493,253		(166,747)
Expenditures						
Current:						
Public Safety						
Personal Services		720,000		511,883		208,117
Materials and Supplies		75,825		57,471		18,354
Contractual Services		688,047		552,071		135,976
Capital Outlay		1,242,060		868,615		373,445
Other		28,706		11,617		17,089
Total Expenditures		2,754,638		2,001,657		752,981
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,094,638)		(508,404)		586,234
Fund Balance Beginning of Year		5,867,845		5,867,845		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		268,446		268,446		
Fund Balance End of Year	\$	5,041,653	\$	5,627,887	\$	586,234

	Child Assault Prosecution						
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)				
Revenues	¢ 220.021	¢ 220.021	¢.				
Intergovernmental	\$ 328,821	\$ 328,821	\$ -				
Expenditures							
Current: Human Services							
Personal Services	328,821	328,821					
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	-				
Fund Balance Beginning of Year							
Fund Balance End of Year	\$ -	_ \$ -	\$ -				
		Community Developm	ent				
		•	Variance with				
	F:1		Final Budget Positive				
	Final Budget	Actual	(Negative)				
Revenues Charges for Services Intergovernmental Interest Other Total Revenues	\$	\$ 2,000 1,124,123 1,166 84,147 1,211,436	\$ 2,000 (4,884,487) 1,166 84,147 (4,797,174)				
Expenditures Current: Public Works	1255.265	2 247 222	1,000,022				
Contractual Services Capital Outlay	4,255,365 25,000	2,267,333	1,988,032 25,000				
Other	73,000	3,226	69,774				
Total Expenditures	4,353,365	2,270,559	2,082,806				
Net Change in Fund Balance	1,655,245	(1,059,123)	(2,714,368)				
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	(466,382	(466,382)	-				
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	644,382	644,382					
Fund Balance End of Year	\$ 1,833,245	\$ (881,123)	\$ (2,714,368)				

	Final Budget Actual			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues						
Charges for Services	\$	70,000	_\$	22,829	\$	(47,171)
Expenditures						
Current:						
Public Safety						
Personal Services		103,000		56,159		46,841
Materials and Supplies		9,099		399		8,700
Contractual Services		18,000		3,000		15,000
Other		3,000		-		3,000
Total Expenditures		133,099		59,558		73,541
Net Change in Fund Balance		(63,099)		(36,729)		26,370
Fund Balance Beginning of Year		393,023		393,023		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		9,099		9,099		
Fund Balance End of Year	\$	339,023	\$	365,393	\$	26,370

	Final Budget			Actual	Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Revenues						
Charges for Services	\$	1,786,000	\$	1,362,136	\$	(423,864)
Intergovernmental		125,157		248,744		123,587
Other		100,000		115,093		15,093
Total Revenues		2,011,157		1,725,973		(285,184)
Expenditures						
Current:						
General Government - Judicial						
Personal Services		1,245,521		992,637		252,884
Materials and Supplies		61,461		39,602		21,859
Contractual Services		672,822		547,478		125,344
Capital Outlay		314,382		258,112		56,270
Other		224,613		206,620		17,993
Total Expenditures		2,518,799		2,044,449		474,350
Net Change in Fund Balance		(507,642)		(318,476)		189,166
Fund Balance Beginning of Year		2,989,473		2,989,473		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		289,426		289,426		_
11 1				<u> </u>		
Fund Balance End of Year	\$	2,771,257	\$	2,960,423	\$	189,166

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) - Delinquent Tax Assessment and Collection For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Final			Fi	nriance with anal Budget Positive
	Budget		Actual		Negative)
Revenues					
Charges for Services	\$ 534,000) \$	800,420	\$	266,420
Intergovernmental	486,250		42,188		(444,062)
Other	211,000		133,906		(77,094)
Total Revenues	1,231,250		976,514		(254,736)
Expenditures					
Current:					
General Government - Legislative and Executive					
Personal Services	818,600	3	659,228		159,375
Materials and Supplies	10,333	2	4,697		5,635
Contractual Services	335,474	1	175,454		160,020
Capital Outlay	10,000)	-		10,000
Other	1,025,26	3	35,818		989,445
Total Expenditures	2,199,672	2	875,197		1,324,475
Net Change in Fund Balance	(968,422	2)	101,317		1,069,739
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	1,215,34	7	1,215,347		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	54,922	2	54,922		
Fund Balance End of Year	\$ 301,84	<u> </u>	1,371,586	\$	1,069,739

	Dog and Kennel							
		Final	8		Variance with Final Budget Positive			
		Budget		Actual		Negative)		
Revenues								
Charges for Services	\$	840,000	\$	814,703	\$	(25,297)		
Fines and Forfeitures		6,500		7,950		1,450		
Other		3,500		11,215		7,715		
Total Revenues		850,000		833,868		(16,132)		
Expenditures								
Current:								
Health								
Personal Services		353,290		330,982		22,308		
Materials and Supplies		122,714		79,589		43,125		
Contractual Services		249,822		223,614		26,208		
Capital Outlay		275,266		273,390		1,876		
Other		3,510		1,070		2,440		
Total Expenditures		1,004,602		908,645		95,957		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(154,602)	(74,777)			79,825		
Fund Balance Beginning of Year		461,212		461,212		-		
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		62,102		62,102				
Fund Balance End of Year	\$	368,712	\$	448,537	\$	79,825		
			N	Aotel Tax				
						riance with nal Budget		
		Final				Positive		
		Budget		Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues								
Property Taxes	_\$	4,000,000	\$	2,178,153	\$	(1,821,847)		
Expenditures Current:								
General Government - Legislative and Executive Other		4,000,000		2,194,521		1,805,479		
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		(16,368)		(16,368)		
Fund Balance Beginning of Year		26,489		26,489				
Fund Balance End of Year		26,489	\$	10,121	\$	(16,368)		

	Immobilization and Impoundment								
						nce with			
					Final Budget				
	Final					sitive			
	<u>F</u>	Budget		Actual	(Ne	gative)			
Revenues Charges for Services	\$	1,000	\$	300	\$	(700)			
Net Change in Fund Balance		1,000		300		(700)			
Fund Balance Beginning of Year		51,026		51,026					
Fund Balance End of Year	\$	52,026	\$	51,326	\$	(700)			
			L. H.	on a Dadaudia					
	-		in - по	me Detention		nce with			
						Budget			
		Final				sitive			
		Budget		Actual		gative)			
		Judget	-	Actual	(110)	gative			
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	\$	428	\$	428	\$				
Fund Balance End of Year	\$	428	\$	428	\$				

	Final Budget			Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues							
Permissive Sales Tax	\$	3,975,000	\$	3,925,625	\$	(49,375)	
Charges for Services	Ф	5,000	Ф	7,150	Ф	2,150	
Licenses and Permits		80,000		202,953		122,953	
Fines and Forfeitures		70,000		58,309		(11,691)	
Intergovernmental		13,424,000		12,791,666		(632,334)	
Interest		5,000		1,951		(0.52, 0.54) $(3,049)$	
Other		30,000		259,329		229,329	
Total Revenues		17,589,000		17,246,983		(342,017)	
Tom Revenues		17,505,000		17,210,703		(3 12,017)	
Expenditures							
Current:							
Public Works							
Personal Services		6,319,736		6,162,650		157,086	
Materials and Supplies		2,296,660		2,059,893		236,767	
Contractual Services		2,032,770		1,951,004		81,766	
Capital Outlay		8,240,929		8,112,250		128,679	
Other		89,227		87,963		1,264	
Total Public Works		18,979,322		18,373,760		605,562	
Debt Service						<u> </u>	
Principal Retirement		109,981		109,981			
*		19,089,303		18,483,741		605,562	
Total Expenditures		19,089,303		10,403,741		003,302	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,500,303)		(1,236,758)		263,545	
Fund Balance Beginning of Year		439,555		439,555		-	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		1,515,918		1,515,918			
Fund Balance End of Year	\$	455,170	\$	718,715	\$	263,545	

	Final Budget		Municipal Road Actual		Fin F	iance with al Budget Positive Jegative)
Revenues						
Intergovernmental		750,000		736,947	\$	(13,053)
Expenditures						
Current:						
Public Works						
Contractual Services		25,000		21,703		3,297
Capital Outlay		2,781,843		2,482,540		299,303
Total Expenditures		2,806,843		2,504,243		302,600
Net Change in Fund Balance		(2,056,843)		(1,767,296)		289,547
Fund Balance Beginning of Year		1,549,678		1,549,678		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		1,451,843		1,451,843		
Fund Balance End of Year	\$	944,678	\$	1,234,225	\$	289,547
	_	Probate Final Budget	Cour_	t Conduct of B Actual	Var Fin F	iance with al Budget Positive Jegative)
Royanuas		Final	Cour		Var Fin F	iance with al Budget Positive
Revenues Charges for Services	\$	Final			Var Fin F	iance with al Budget Positive
Charges for Services Expenditures Current:		Final Budget		Actual	Var Fin F (N	iance with al Budget Positive Jegative)
Charges for Services Expenditures Current: General Government - Judicial		Final Budget 5,500		Actual 3,356	Var Fin F (N	iance with al Budget Positive legative) (2,144)
Charges for Services Expenditures Current: General Government - Judicial Materials and Supplies		Final Budget 5,500		Actual 3,356	Var Fin F (N	iance with al Budget Positive legative) (2,144)
Charges for Services Expenditures Current: General Government - Judicial Materials and Supplies Contractual Services		Final Budget 5,500 2,000 2,000		Actual 3,356	Var Fin F (N	iance with al Budget Positive legative) (2,144)
Charges for Services Expenditures Current: General Government - Judicial Materials and Supplies Contractual Services Capital Outlay		Final Budget 5,500 2,000 2,000 500		3,356 1,804 200	Var Fin F (N	iance with al Budget Positive legative) (2,144) 196 1,800 500
Charges for Services Expenditures Current: General Government - Judicial Materials and Supplies Contractual Services Capital Outlay Other		Final Budget 5,500 2,000 2,000 500 970		3,356 1,804 200 - 199	Var Fin F (N	iance with al Budget Positive legative) (2,144) 196 1,800 500 771
Charges for Services Expenditures Current: General Government - Judicial Materials and Supplies Contractual Services Capital Outlay Other Total Expenditures		Final Budget 5,500 2,000 2,000 500 970 5,470		3,356 1,804 200 - 199 2,203	Var Fin F (N	196 1,800 500 771 3,267
Charges for Services Expenditures Current: General Government - Judicial Materials and Supplies Contractual Services Capital Outlay Other Total Expenditures Net Change in Fund Balance		Final Budget 5,500 2,000 2,000 500 970 5,470 30		Actual 3,356 1,804 200 - 199 2,203 1,153	Var Fin F (N	iance with al Budget Positive legative) (2,144) 196 1,800 500 771
Charges for Services Expenditures Current: General Government - Judicial Materials and Supplies Contractual Services Capital Outlay Other Total Expenditures		Final Budget 5,500 2,000 2,000 500 970 5,470		3,356 1,804 200 - 199 2,203	Var Fin F (N	196 1,800 500 771 3,267

	Real Estate Assessment							
		Final	Variar Final Pos					
		Budget		Actual		legative)		
Revenues								
Charges for Services	\$	3,975,000	\$	4,353,714	\$	378,714		
Intergovernmental	Ψ	-	Ψ	4,813	4	4,813		
Other		25,000		27,935		2,935		
Total Revenues		4,000,000		4,386,462		386,462		
Expenditures								
Current:								
General Government - Legislative and Executive								
Personal Services		3,296,670		3,266,663		30,007		
Materials and Supplies		56,056		27,374		28,682		
Contractual Services		1,435,176		1,238,350		196,826		
Capital Outlay		36,352		20,647		15,705		
Other		111,680		49,573		62,107		
Total Expenditures		4,935,934		4,602,607		333,327		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(935,934)		(216,145)		719,789		
Fund Balance Beginning of Year		2,666,351		2,666,351		-		
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		136,500		136,500				
Fund Balance End of Year	\$	1,866,917	\$	2,586,706	\$	719,789		
			Shavif	f's Litter Patro	1			
			nierijj	S Litter I utilo		iance with		
						al Budget		
		Final				Positive		
		Budget		Actual	<u>(N</u>	legative)		
Revenues								
Intergovernmental	\$	95,000	\$	95,000	\$			
Expenditures								
Current:								
Public Safety		01.705		01.500		205		
Personal Services		81,785		81,580		205		
Materials and Supplies		22,807		10,185		12,622		
Total Expenditures		104,592		91,765		12,827		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(9,592)		3,235		12,827		
Fund Balance Beginning of Year		3,114		3,114		-		
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		9,592		9,592				
Fund Balance End of Year	\$	3,114	\$	15,941	\$	12,827		

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues					
Charges for Services	\$ 40,000	\$ 52,619	\$	12,619	
Intergovernmental	3,116,057	2,652,952		(463,105)	
Total Revenues	3,156,057	2,705,571		(450,486)	
Expenditures Current:					
Public Safety	2 1 40 001	1.564.006		55.005	
Personal Services	2,140,981	1,564,896		576,085	
Materials and Supplies	326,766	116,977		209,789	
Contractual Services	932,897	564,493		368,404	
Capital Outlay	3,549	3,549		-	
Other	 209,161	 87,266		121,895	
Total Expenditures	 3,613,354	 2,337,181		1,276,173	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(457,297)	368,390		825,687	
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	1,288,166	1,288,166		-	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	55,349	55,349			
Fund Balance End of Year	\$ 886,218	\$ 1,711,905	\$	825,687	

	Day Reporting					
		Final Budget		Actual	Fin P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
Revenues						
Charges for Services		33,000	_\$	29,502	\$	(3,498)
Expenditures						
Current:						
Public Safety						
Materials and Supplies		10,000		-		10,000
Contractual Services		13,000		-		13,000
Other		10,000				10,000
Total Expenditures		33,000				33,000
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		29,502		29,502
Fund Balance Beginning of Year						
Fund Balance End of Year	\$		\$	29,502	\$	29,502

	Bureau of	Justice	Assistance E	nce Block Grant					
	Final udget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)					
Revenues Intergovernmental Interest Total Revenues	\$ 441,499	\$	494,766 320 495,086	\$	53,267 320 53,587				
Expenditures Current: Public Safety Personal Services Materials and Supplies Contractual Services Capital Outlay Other	380,405 14,058 6,000 37,950 1,750		195,081 - - 9,245		185,324 14,058 6,000 28,705 1,750				
Total Expenditures	 440,163		204,326		235,837				
Net Change in Fund Balance	1,336		290,760		289,424				
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	 353,022		353,022						
Fund Balance End of Year	\$ 354,358	\$	643,782	\$	289,424				

	Disaster Services - HAZMAT					
		Final Budget	Actual		Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
Revenues Charges for Services Fines and Forfeitures	\$	5,000	\$	7,530	\$	(5,000) 7,530
Intergovernmental Total Revenues		78,000 83,000		80,000 87,530		2,000 4,530
Expenditures Current: Public Safety						
Materials and Supplies Contractual Services Capital Outlay		21,797 39,658 399		17,714 24,871		4,083 14,787 399
Other Total Expenditures		25,068 86,922		22,921 65,506		2,147 21,416
Net Change in Fund Balance		(3,922)		22,024		25,946
Fund Balance Beginning of Year		89,287		89,287		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		21,672		21,672		
Fund Balance End of Year	\$	107,037	\$	132,983	\$	25,946
			Но	ouse Arrest		
		Final Budget		Actual	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
Revenues Fines and Forfeitures	\$	<u> </u>	\$	2,753	\$	2,753
Expenditures Current: Public Safety						
Contractual Services		31,659		8,500		23,159
Net Change in Fund Balance		(31,659)		(5,747)		25,912
Fund Balance Beginning of Year		233,720		233,720		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated Fund Balance End of Year	•	23,959	•	23,959	•	25.012
r una Datance Ena oj Tear	\$	226,020	\$	251,932	\$	25,912

	State Probation Supervison Fees					
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
Revenues Charges for Services	\$	- \$ 3,9	981 \$ 3,981			
Expenditures Current: Public Safety Materials and Supplies Contractual Services Capital Outlay Other Total Expenditures Net Change in Fund Balance Fund Balance Beginning of Year Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated Fund Balance End of Year	58,202 9,798 1,000 81,400 (81,400 142,184	12,406 7,136 58,202 1,000 9,798 9,798 1,000 1,000 81,406 18,934 (81,406) (14,953) 142,184 142,184 1,406 1,406 \$ 62,184 \$ 128,637				
		Indigent Driv	vers			
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
Revenues Fines and Forfeitures	\$ 6,200) \$ 6,5	\$ 385			
Expenditures Current General Government - Judicial Contractual Services	1,000)	1,000			
Net Change in Fund Balance	5,200) 6,5	1,385			
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	8,453	8,4	453			
Fund Balance End of Year	\$ 13,653	\$ 15,0	38 \$ 1,385			

	Enforcement and Education						
	Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
Revenues Fines and Forfeitures	\$ 4,200)\$_	2,549	\$	(1,651)		
Expenditures Current:							
Public Safety Materials and Supplies	4,000	<u> </u>			4,000		
Net Change in Fund Balance	200)	2,549		2,349		
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	25,049)	25,049		-		
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	2,000		2,000				
Fund Balance End of Year	\$ 27,249	\$	29,598	\$	2,349		
	Final	Viole	nce Prevention	Vari Fina P	iance with al Budget ositive		
	Budget		Actual	(N	egative)		
Revenues Intergovernmental	\$ 154,401		152,277	\$	(2,124)		
Expenditures Current: Public Safety							
Personal Services	166,310	<u> </u>	95,228		71,082		
Net Change in Fund Balance	(11,909))	57,049		68,958		
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	11,909		11,909				
Fund Balance End of Year	_ \$	- \$	68,958	\$	68,958		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) - Program for Addiction Rehabilitation For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

		Final Budget	Actual			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues								
Charges for Services	_\$	175,000	_\$	97,275	\$	(77,725)		
Expenditures Current: Public Safety								
Personal Services Contractual Services		17,500		196 200		17,500		
Total Expenditures		194,400 211,900		186,300 186,300		8,100 25,600		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(36,900)		(89,025)		(52,125)		
Fund Balance Beginning of Year		389,246		389,246		-		
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		36,900		36,900				
Fund Balance End of Year	\$	389,246	\$	337,121	\$	(52,125)		

	Emergency Preparedness Grant					
	Final Budget			Actual	Var Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Revenues						
Intergovernmental	\$	258,000	\$	299,748	\$	41,748
Other Total Revenues		258,000		550 300,298		550 42,298
Total Revenues		238,000		300,298		42,298
Expenditures						
Current:						
Public Safety		212 100		160.050		44.100
Personal Services		212,180		168,072		44,108
Materials and Supplies Contractual Services		22,516 40,602		5,034 33,324		17,482 7,278
Capital Outlay		3,979		3,979		7,276
Other		9,760		445		9,315
Total Expenditures		289,037		210,854		78,183
Net Change in Fund Balance		(31,037)		89,444		120,481
						120,401
Fund Balance Beginning of Year		225,819		225,819		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		13,600		13,600		
Fund Balance End of Year	\$	208,382	\$	328,863	\$	120,481
			Juve	nile Justice		
		Final Budget		Actual	Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Revenues						
Intergovernmental	\$	575,000	\$	340,729	\$	(234,271)
Other		5,500		3,081		(2,419)
Total Revenues		580,500		343,810		(236,690)
Expenditures Current:						
General Government - Judicial Juvenile Justice Grants						
Personal Services		75,000		66,302		8,698
Materials and Supplies		19,448		8,698		10,750
Contractual Services		818,525		774,448		44,077
Other		20,875		10,375		10,500
Total Expenditures		933,848		859,823		74,025
Net Change In Fund Balance		(353,348)		(516,013)		(162,665)
Fund Balance Beginning of Year		774,206		774,206		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		153,848		153,848		
Fund Balance End of Year	\$	574,706	\$	412,041	\$	(162,665)

	Final Budget	Actual	F	Variance avorable Positive Jegative)
Revenues				
Charges for Services	\$ 10,000	\$ 8,642	\$	(1,358)
Fines and Forfeitures	320,000	305,578		(14,422)
Intergovernmental	178,000	179,083		1,083
Other	60,000	64,596		4,596
Total Revenues	568,000	557,899		(10,101)
Expenditures Current: General Government - Judicial Personal Services Materials and Supplies Contractual Services Other Total Expenditures	159,700 272,716 238,927 8,355 679,698	153,413 271,617 238,737 7,355 671,122		6,287 1,099 190 1,000 8,576
Net Change in Fund Balance	(111,698)	(113,223)		(1,525)
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	295,479	295,479		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	 111,698	 111,698		
Fund Balance End of Year	\$ 295,479	\$ 293,954	\$	(1,525)

	Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues						
Charges for Services	\$	14,500	\$	15,212	\$	712
Intergovernmental		57,180		57,180		-
Total Revenues		71,680		72,392		712
Expenditures						
Current:						
General Government - Judicial						
Personal Services		53,595		52,976		619
Materials and Supplies		6,711		-		6,711
Contractual Services		9,358		5,699		3,659
Other		7,321		2,306		5,015
Total Expenditures		76,985		60,981		16,004
Net Change in Fund Balance		(5,305)		11,411		16,716
Fund Balance Beginning of Year		63,120		63,120		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		2,504		2,504		
Fund Balance End of Year	\$	60,319	\$	77,035	\$	16,716

		Indigent Guardianship					
Dayman		Final Budget	Actual		Var Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)	
Revenues Charges for Services	\$	65,000	\$	44,916	\$	(20,084)	
Expenditures Current: General Government - Judicial Personal Services Materials and Supplies Contractual Services Capital Outlay		56,000 1,000 9,768 1,000		37,129 615 5,643		18,871 385 4,125 1,000	
Other Total Expenditures		2,300 70,068		43,387		2,300 26,681	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(5,068)		1,529		6,597	
Fund Balance Beginning of Year		15,661		15,661		-	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		3,068		3,068		-	
Fund Balance End of Year	\$	13,661	\$	20,258	\$	6,597	
-							
		Compute	r Justic	ce Informatio			
		Final Budget		Actual	Fin	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)	
Revenues Fines and Forfeitures Intergovernmental Total Revenues	\$	20,000 19,142 39,142	\$	18,985 19,142 38,127	\$	(1,015)	
Expenditures Current: General Government - Judicial Materials and Supplies Capital Outlay Total Expenditures		20,580 19,142 39,722		12,000 19,142 31,142		8,580 	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(580)		6,985		7,565	
Fund Balance Beginning of Year		57,222		57,222		-	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		1,580		1,580		-	
Fund Balance End of Year	\$	58,222	\$	65,787	\$	7,565	
		Commi	unity P	rosecution P	Var	riance with	
		Final Budget		Actual]	Positive Negative)	
Revenues Intergovernmental	\$	483	\$		\$	(483)	
Net Change in Fund Balance		483				(483)	
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	<u></u>	483		483			
Fund Balance End of Year	\$	966	\$	483	\$	(483)	

	Probate Court Security Grant Variance with							
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)					
Revenues Charges for Services	\$ 20,000	\$ 18,615	\$ (1,385)					
Expenditures Current: General Government - Judicial Contractual Services	23,119	10,655	12,464					
Net Change in Fund Balance	(3,119)	7,960	11,079					
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	159,626	159,626	-					
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	3,119	3,119						
Fund Balance End of Year	\$ 159,626	\$ 170,705	\$ 11,079					
	Final Budget	neriff Law Enforcem Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)					
Revenues Licenses and Permits Fines and Forfeitures Intergovernmental Interest Total Revenues	\$ 150,000 - 275,891 - 425,891	\$ 223,714 959 112,539 1,640 338,852	\$ 73,714 959 (163,352) 1,640 (87,039)					
Expenditures Current: Public Safety Personal Services Materials and Supplies Contractual Services Capital Outlay Other Total Expenditures	321,769 19,766 223,387 59,420 187,113 811,455	107,883 8,000 197,709 51,887 106,479 471,958	213,886 11,766 25,678 7,533 80,634 339,497					
Net Change in Fund Balance	(385,564)		252,458					
Net Change in Funa Balance Fund Balance Beginning of Year	(383,364) 891,430	(133,106) 891,430	-					
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	132,818	132,818						
Fund Balance End of Year	\$ 638,684	\$ 891,142	\$ 252,458					

Fund Balance End of Year

	 Board o	of Elec	tion Special I	Election	ı
	Final Budget A			Fin I	iance with al Budget Positive Vegative)
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	\$ 216,585	\$	216,585	\$	-
Fund Balance End of Year	\$ 216,585	\$	216,585	\$	
	 Probate Cour	rt Elde	r Justice Inno	Var Fin	Grant riance with al Budget Positive
	Budget		Actual		Vegative)
Revenues	 				
Intergovernmental	\$ 80,000	_\$	35,203	\$	(44,797)
Expenditures Current: General Government - Judicial Personal Services	25 000		24.547		10.452
Contractual Services	35,000 30,000		24,547 3,721		10,453 26,279
Other	15,000		6,935		8,065
Total Expenditures	 80,000		35,203		44,797
Net Change in Fund Balance	-		-		-
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	 				-

Fund Balance End of Year

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Geog	raphical Inform	ation Systems	ï
	Final Budget	Actual	Fin F	iance with al Budget Positive Jegative)
Expenditures				
Current				
General Government - Legislative and Executive Materials and Supplies	\$ 144	\$	144 \$	
Capital Outlay	11,128		,128	_
Total Expenditures	11,272		,272	
•		-	<i></i>	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(11,272	2) (11)	,272)	-
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	11,272	. 11	,272	-
Fund Balance End of Year	\$ -	· \$	- \$	_
	Final		Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
	Budget	Actual		legative)
Revenues			200	
Intergovernmental Interest	\$ 332,908 453		,908 \$ 546	93
Total Revenues	333,361		,454	93
Expenditures				
Current:				
General Government - Legislative and Executive				
Personal Services Materials and Supplies	176,570	164	,322	12,248
Contractual Services	206,260		,322 ,949	99,311
Total Expenditures	382,830		,271	111,559
Net Change in Fund Balance	(49,469	9) 62	,183	111,652
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	56,732	56	,732	-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	11,721	11	,721	
	ф. 10.00			

18,984

111,652

130,636 \$

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Special Assessment Bond Retirement							
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)					
Revenues Special Assessments Interest	\$ 450,000	\$ 359,636 322	\$ (90,364) 322					
Total Revenues	450,000	359,958	(90,042)					
Expenditures Current								
Contractual Services	7,500	3,629	3,871					
Principal Retirement	442,500	326,954	115,546					
Interest and Fiscal Charges	450,000	91,685	(91,685)					
Total Expenditures	450,000	422,268	27,732					
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	(62,310)	(62,310)					
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	138,434	138,434						
Fund Balance End of Year	\$ 138,434	\$ 76,124	\$ (62,310)					
	General	Obligation Bond Re						
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)					
Expenditures Debt Service								
Principal Retirement	\$ 1,130,000	\$ 1,130,000	\$ -					
Interest and Fiscal Charges	426,431	426,431						
Total Expenditures	1,556,431	1,556,431						
Other Financing Source Transfers In	1,556,431	1,556,431						
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	-					
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	115,000	115,000						
Fund Balance End of Year	\$ 115,000	\$ 115,000	\$ -					

		Jai	al Improveme			
		Final Budget		Actual	Variance wit Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	\$	6,775	\$	6,775	\$	
Fund Balance End of Year	\$	6,775	\$	6,775	\$	
		В		Development lities Capital	al	
		Final Budget		Actual	Final P	ance with I Budget ositive egative)
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	\$	14,382	\$	14,382	\$	
Fund Balance End of Year	\$	14,382	\$	14,382	\$	
			Ditch 1	Maintenance		
		Final Budget		Actual	Final P	ance with I Budget Positive (egative)
Expenditures Contractual Services	\$	105,000	\$	97,972	\$	7,028
Other Financing Sources Transfers In		105,000		90,000		(15,000)
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		(7,972)		(7,972)
Fund Balance Beginning of Year		5,413		5,413		
Fund Balance End of Year	\$	5,413	\$	(2,559)	\$	(7,972)

		Ei	tion Variance mid-																
	Final Budget Actual		Actual		Actual		Actual		Actual		Actual		Actual		Actual		Actual		riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Revenues Intergovernmental	\$	9,796,094	_\$_	6,174,434	\$	(3,621,660)													
Expenditures Capital Outlay Capital Outlay		10,084,221		6,782,981		3,301,240													
Other Financing Sources Proceeds of OPWC Loans		288,127		608,547		320,420													
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		-		-													
Fund Balance Beginning of Year				<u>-</u>															
Fund Balance End of Year	\$		\$		\$														
		Pe	rman	ent Improveme	Va	riance with													
		Per Final Budget	rman	ent Improveme	Va Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)													
Revenues Other	\$	Final	<u>*************************************</u>	-	Va Fi	nal Budget Positive													
	\$	Final		Actual	Va Fin	nal Budget Positive Negative)													
Other Expenditures Capital Outlay	\$	Final Budget -		Actual 250,325	Va Fin	nal Budget Positive Negative) 250,325													
Other Expenditures Capital Outlay Capital Outlay Other Financing Sources	\$	Final Budget 8,022,923		Actual 250,325 5,995,041	Va Fin	nal Budget Positive Negative) 250,325													
Other Expenditures Capital Outlay Capital Outlay Other Financing Sources Transfers In	\$	Final Budget 8,022,923 5,000,000		Actual 250,325 5,995,041 5,000,000	Va Fin	nal Budget Positive Negative) 250,325 2,027,882													
Other Expenditures Capital Outlay Capital Outlay Other Financing Sources Transfers In Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	Final Budget 8,022,923 5,000,000 (3,022,923)		Actual 250,325 5,995,041 5,000,000 (744,716)	Va Fin	nal Budget Positive Negative) 250,325 2,027,882													

	Countywide Public Safety Communications System Project Fund						
		Final Budget		Actual	Varia Final Po	nce with Budget sitive gative)	
Expenditures Capital Outlay	\$	37,103	\$	37,103	\$		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(37,103)		(37,103)		-	
Fund Balance Beginning of Year		-		-		-	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		37,103		37,103			
Fund Balance End of Year	\$		\$		\$		
		IFS Mi	Itown	Building Proje	oct Fund		
		JI'S MI	uown	Dunuing 1 roje		nce with	
		·				Budget	
		Final Budget		Actual		sitive gative)	
		Duaget		Tetual	(140)	gative	
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	_\$	292,061	_\$	292,061	\$		
Fund Balance End of Year	\$	292,061		292,061	\$		
		7	he Ve	nue - TIF Fun	ıd		
		Final Budget		Actual	Varia Final Po	nce with Budget sitive gative)	
Revenues		Buager		retuur	(110)	<u>garre</u>	
Revenue in Lieu of Taxes		213,357	_\$_	213,357	\$		
Expenditures							
Capital Outlay		3,000		2,563		437	
Net Change in Fund Balance		210,357		210,794		437	
Fund Balance Beginning of Year		378,709		378,709			
Fund Balance End of Year		589,066	\$	589,503	\$	437	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Equity Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) - Water For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	 Final Budget			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues					
Charges for Services	 816,000	\$	859,605	\$	43,605
Expenses					
Personal Services	275,000		258,790		16,210
Contractual Services	531,680		489,192		42,488
Materials and Supplies	30,715		14,553		16,162
Other Operating Expenses	3,500		1,060		2,440
Capital Outlay	 87,500				87,500
Total Expenses	928,395		763,595		164,800
Change in Fund Equity	(112,395)		96,010		208,405
Fund Equity Beginning of Year	701,566		701,566		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	 52,395		52,395		
Fund Equity End of Year	\$ 641,566	\$	849,971	\$	208,405

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Equity Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) - Sheriff Webcheck For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

					ance with I Budget
	Final Budget				ositive
				Budget Actual	
Revenues					
Charges for Services	\$	21,000	\$	31,105	\$ 10,105
Intergovernmental				8,000	8,000
Total Revenues		21,000		39,105	18,105
E					
Expenses Contractual Services		1 000			1 000
		1,000		-	1,000
Materials and Supplies		3,881		-	3,881
Other Operating Expenses		54,807		30,929	23,878
Total Expenses		59,688		30,929	 28,759
Change in Fund Equity		(38,688)		8,176	46,864
Fund Equity Beginning of Year		211,800		211,800	-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		38,688		38,688	
Fund Equity End of Year	\$	211,800	\$	258,664	\$ 46,864

			Se	lf Insurance		
				-		riance with
		Final				nal Budget Positive
		Budget		Actual		Negative)
Revenues		Buager		1100001		i (ogui) (o)
Charges for Services	\$	25,829,472	\$	25,916,734	\$	87,262
Other Operating Revenues		1,173,773		4,445,392		3,271,619
Total Revenues		27,003,245		30,362,126		3,358,881
Expenses						
Personal Services		237,500		207,726		29,774
Contractual Services		1,761,216		1,634,011		127,205
Claims		28,112,011		27,284,643		827,368
Other Operating Expenses		13,500		9,400		4,100
Total Expenses		30,124,227		29,135,780		988,447
Change in Fund Equity		(3,120,982)		1,226,346		4,347,328
Fund Equity Beginning of Year		3,303,183		3,303,183		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		1,517,483		1,517,483		
Fund Equity End of Year	\$	1,699,684	\$	6,047,012		4,347,328
		W	orker	s' Compensatio		
		W	orker	s' Compensatio	Va	riance with
			orker	s' Compensatio	Va Fir	nal Budget
		Final	orker		Va Fir	nal Budget Positive
Revenues	_		orker	s' Compensatio	Va Fir	nal Budget
Revenues Charges for Services	<u> </u>	Final	orker		Va Fir	nal Budget Positive
	\$	Final Budget		Actual - 5,958,479	Va Fir	nal Budget Positive Negative)
Charges for Services	\$	Final Budget		Actual	Va Fir	nal Budget Positive Negative) (250,000)
Charges for Services Other Operating Revenues Total Revenues	\$	Final Budget		Actual - 5,958,479	Va Fir	nal Budget Positive Negative) (250,000) 5,958,479
Charges for Services Other Operating Revenues Total Revenues Expenses	\$	Final Budget 250,000 - 250,000		Actual - 5,958,479 5,958,479	Va Fir	nal Budget Positive Negative) (250,000) 5,958,479 5,708,479
Charges for Services Other Operating Revenues Total Revenues Expenses Personal Services	\$	Final Budget 250,000 - 250,000		Actual 5,958,479 5,958,479 171,509	Va Fir	nal Budget Positive Negative) (250,000) 5,958,479 5,708,479
Charges for Services Other Operating Revenues Total Revenues Expenses Personal Services Contractual Services	\$	Final Budget 250,000 - 250,000 186,548 1,495,206		Actual 5,958,479 5,958,479 171,509 801,593	Va Fir	nal Budget Positive Negative) (250,000) 5,958,479 5,708,479
Charges for Services Other Operating Revenues Total Revenues Expenses Personal Services Contractual Services Claims	\$	Final Budget 250,000 - 250,000		Actual 5,958,479 5,958,479 171,509	Va Fir	nal Budget Positive Negative) (250,000) 5,958,479 5,708,479
Charges for Services Other Operating Revenues Total Revenues Expenses Personal Services Contractual Services Claims Materials and Supplies	\$	Final Budget 250,000 250,000 186,548 1,495,206 66,472 25		Actual 5,958,479 5,958,479 171,509 801,593 66,472	Va Fir	15,039 693,613
Charges for Services Other Operating Revenues Total Revenues Expenses Personal Services Contractual Services Claims	\$	Final Budget 250,000 - 250,000 186,548 1,495,206 66,472		Actual 5,958,479 5,958,479 171,509 801,593	Va Fir	15,039 693,613
Charges for Services Other Operating Revenues Total Revenues Expenses Personal Services Contractual Services Claims Materials and Supplies Other Operating Expenses	\$	Final Budget 250,000 250,000 186,548 1,495,206 66,472 25 3,125		Actual 5,958,479 5,958,479 171,509 801,593 66,472 2,990	Va Fir	15,039 693,613 25 135
Charges for Services Other Operating Revenues Total Revenues Expenses Personal Services Contractual Services Claims Materials and Supplies Other Operating Expenses Total Expenses	\$ 	Final Budget 250,000 250,000 186,548 1,495,206 66,472 25 3,125 1,751,376		Actual 5,958,479 5,958,479 171,509 801,593 66,472 2,990 1,042,564	Va Fir	15,039 693,613 25 708,812
Charges for Services Other Operating Revenues Total Revenues Expenses Personal Services Contractual Services Claims Materials and Supplies Other Operating Expenses Total Expenses Change in Fund Equity	\$ 	Final Budget 250,000 250,000 186,548 1,495,206 66,472 25 3,125 1,751,376 (1,501,376)		Actual 5,958,479 5,958,479 171,509 801,593 66,472 2,990 1,042,564 4,915,915	Va Fir	15,039 693,613 25 708,812

			Georg	e C. Brissel			
	Final Budget			Actual	Final E	itive	
Fund Equity Beginning of Year	\$	2,190	\$	2,190	\$		
Fund Equity End of Year	\$	2,190	\$	2,190	\$		
				Development Gifts & Dona	tions		
						ce with	
	Final				Final Budget Positive		
	1	Budget		Actual	(Nega	ative)	
Fund Equity Beginning of Year	\$	125,450	\$	125,450	\$		
Fund Equity End of Year	\$	125,450	\$	125,450	\$		

Statistical Section

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended December 31, 2020 Table of Contents

III. STATISTICAL SECTION

Financial Trends
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the
County's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Net Position by Component – Last Ten Years	S1
Changes in Net Position – Primary Government- Last Ten Years	S2
Fund Balances – Governmental Funds – Last Ten Years	S4
Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds – Last Ten Years	S6
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the County's most significant local revenue source.	
Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property – Last Ten Years	S8
Property Tax Rates – Direct and Overlapping Governments – Last Ten Years	S9
Property Tax Levies and Collections – Real and Public Utility – Last Ten Years	S11
Property Tax Levies and Collections – Tangible Personal – Last Ten Years	S12
Principal Tax Payers – Real Estate Tax – Current and Nine Years Ago	S13
Principal Tax Payers – Public Utility Tangible Personal Property Tax – Current and	
Nine Years Ago	S14
Sales Tax Revenue by Industry – Current and Previous Year	S15
Special Assessments Billed and Collected – Last Ten Years	S16
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of County's current levels of outstanding debt and the County's ability to issue additidebt in the future.	
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type – Last Ten Years	S17
Computation of Legal Debt Margin – Current Year	S18

192

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended December 31, 2020 Table of Contents

Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding - General bonded debt refers to debt that is supported by taxes. It excludes debt reported in proprietary funds, even if that debt is general obligation in character, as well as debt supported by special assessments. Total debt service for each year should be compared to total expenditures of the general government and expressed as a percentage of that amount. Per the definition, Stark County does not have any general bonded debt and, therefore, is not required to present this statement.

Pledge-Revenue Coverage - Revenue bond indentures often require that enterprise funds set rates sufficient to ensure adequate resources to repay on a timely basis, both principal and interest, on those obligations. Specifically, bond covenants typically mandate that the issuer maintain income at a predetermined multiple of debt service. The multiple is known as the revenue bonds coverage. In most cases, a separate calculation should be reported for each individual debt issue subject to coverage requirements. However, if the same resources may be used for debt service for more than one revenue bond issue, then the coverage for these related issues may be combined in a single presentation. Per the definition, Stark County does not have any revenue bond coverage and, therefore, is not required to present this statement.

Demographic and Economic Information

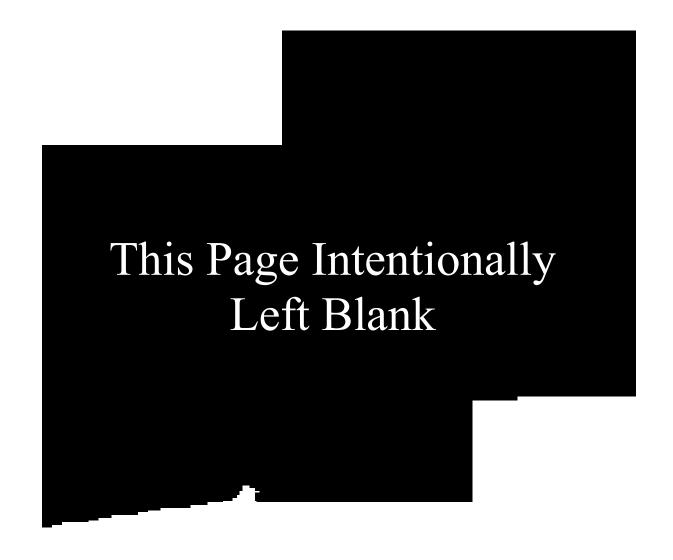
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the County's financial activities take place.

Demographic and Economic Statistics – Last Ten Years	S19
Principal Employers – Current and Nine Years Ago	S20

Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the County's financial report relates to the services the County provides and the activities it performs.

Government Employees by Function – Last Ten Years	S21
Operating Indicators by Function – Last Ten Years	S22
Capital Asset Indicators by Function – Last Ten Years	S23



Net Position By Component Last Ten Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	2018 Restated	2017 Restated	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	2011
Governmental Activities										
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 194,406,763	\$ 198,001,441	\$ 189,470,791	\$ 192,673,550	\$ 191,715,022	\$ 185,091,691	\$ 182,605,662	\$ 180,029,103	\$ 177,078,858	\$ 166,155,990
Restricted										
Capital Projects	933,536	1,310,306	1,239,571	676,768	7,471,923	6,025,095	4,151,556	2,154,475	1,421,349	1,953,786
Debt Service	557,978	652,970	1,193,120	1,721,154	1,939,829	2,164,426	2,016,418	1,872,150	2,516,891	5,668,451
Other Purposes	189,392,245	163,296,211	158,700,624	151,073,369	150,840,605	138,314,223	142,553,390	138,382,551	131,044,509	117,859,466
Unrestricted	(144,218,708)	(142,278,246)	(125,969,045)	(122,361,376)	(55,313,098)	(50,082,364)	(50,641,493)	26,976,357	22,870,631	21,706,774
Total Governmental Activity Net Position	241,071,814	220,982,682	224,635,061	223,783,465	296,654,281	281,513,071	280,685,533	349,414,636	334,932,238	313,344,467
Business-type activities										
Net Investment in Capital Assets	134,661,699	131,580,604	127,251,487	122,294,843	116,729,837	115,107,013	113,564,772	112,729,100	100,316,438	100,562,933
Unrestricted	29,043,917	27,861,832	28,759,618	29,228,099	33,562,456	27,427,800	24,279,638	23,282,172	23,795,764	19,271,750
Total Business-Type Activity Net Position	163,705,616	159,442,436	156,011,105	151,522,942	150,292,293	142,534,813	_137,844,410	136,011,272	124,112,202	119,834,683
Total Primary Government										
Net Investment in Capital Assets	329,068,462	329,582,045	316,722,278	314,968,393	308,444,859	300,198,704	296,170,434	292,758,203	277,395,296	266,718,923
Restricted	190,883,759	165,259,487	161,133,315	153,471,291	160,252,357	146,503,744	148,721,364	142,409,176	134,982,749	125,481,703
Unrestricted	(115,174,791)	(114,416,414)	(97,209,427)	(93,133,277)	(21,750,642)	(22,654,564)	(26,361,855)	50,258,529	46,666,395	40,978,524
Total Primary Government	\$ 404,777,430	\$ 380,425,118	\$ 380,646,166	\$ 375,306,407	\$ 446,946,574	\$ 424,047,884	\$ 418,529,943	<u>\$ 485,425,908</u>	\$ 459,044,440	\$433,179,150

Source: Stark County Auditor

<u>S</u>

Note: Business-type activities were restated as of January 1, 2013 to include intergovernmental loans and sewer rights. 2012 and prior do not reflect this restatement.

Note: GASB 68 was implemented in 2015 and caused a negative unresticted fund balance in governmental activities. 2013 and prior do not reflect the implementation of GASB 68.

Note: GASB 75 was implemented in 2018 and caused a restatement for 2017. 2016 and prior do not reflect the implemenation of GASB 75.

Note: GASB 84 was implemented in 2019 and caused a restatement for 2018. 2017 and prior do not reflect the implemenation of GASB 84.

Program Revenues Primary Government - Governmental Revenues:	2020	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	2017	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	2013	<u>2012</u>	2011
Charges for Services										
General Government: Legislative and Executive	\$ 18,211,488	\$ 16,433.0	3 \$ 16,014,178	\$ 16,172,175	\$ 15.054,999	\$ 13.998.456	\$ 13,698,401	\$ 13.876.703	\$ 14.671.098	\$ 12.886.274
Judicial Judicial	5,208,750	, ,				6,620,890		6,682,698	7,130,497	6,240,407
Public Safety	6,729,717						5,361,434	5,460,231	5,029,504	4,370,523
Public Works	279,268							148,295	114,917	114,353
Health	2,026,276	1,701,58	5 2,222,830	2,653,555	1,729,079	1,902,404		1,791,957	1,387,900	1,331,491
Human Services	1,385,418	1,435,29	1,366,950	1,423,884	1,301,167	1,225,577	1,454,155	1,217,553	1,341,447	1,281,782
Intergovernmental		<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	. <u> </u>	. <u> </u>		78,097	81,672
Total Charges for Services	33,840,917	33,606,48	34,627,721	34,368,456	30,167,581	29,353,922	29,115,425	29,177,437	29,753,460	26,306,502
Operating Grants, Contributions and Interest										
General Government:										
Legislative and Executive	2,242,092	137,18	351,093	247,960	145,065	83,735	111,659	3,980	132,733	-
Judicial	2,276,734							317,483	237,580	259,272
Public Safety	18,158,028					4,574,155		6,063,809	5,177,658	4,301,192
Public Works	16,581,325					15,799,294		11,768,773	15,371,293	19,476,332
Health	38,455,244							48,262,796	51,612,551	51,044,852
Human Services	40,175,822					39,656,298		39,361,546	36,121,824	34,997,044
Total Operating Grants, Contributions & Interest	117,889,245	108,828,24	104,948,885	106,282,989	113,249,517	104,795,827	106,796,520	105,778,387	108,653,639	110,078,692
Capital Grants and Contribution										
Legislative and Executive	-	375,90	687,534	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public Works	5,547,883	9,425,33	5,329,461	1,813,393	9,125,096	5,213,633	5,746,369	9,878,738	9,941,541	8,113,840
Health		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	60,000	<u> </u>					
Total Capital Grants and Contribution	5,547,883	9,801,23	6,016,995	1,873,393	9,125,096	5,213,633	5,746,369	9,878,738	9,941,541	8,113,840
Total Governmental Revenues	\$ 157,278,045	\$ 152,235,97	145,593,601	\$ 142,524,838	\$ 152,542,194	\$ 139,363,382	\$ 141,658,314	\$ 144,834,562	<u>\$ 148,348,640</u>	\$ 144,499,034
Business-Type Program Revenue:										
Charges for Services										
Sewer	29,061,771	28,276,3	9 28,520,971	28,191,617	27,395,569	25,445,985	24,698,405	21,870,301	21,687,158	21,513,105
Water	873,248	756,85	5 695,936	767,729	771,436	706,998	666,661	702,965	685,037	654,627
Sheriff's Webcheck	31,105	27,00	3 44,612	42,246	32,316	29,628	23,087	17,552	17,872	23,072
Auditor's License Bureau			<u>-</u>		<u> </u>		21,235	465,053	432,053	406,387
Total Charges for Services	29,966,124	29,060,2	29,261,519	29,001,592	28,199,321	26,182,611	25,409,388	23,055,871	22,822,120	22,597,191
Operating and Capital Grants and Contribution										
Sewer	1,398,121	2,674,20	1,597,820	2,397,309	951,967	510,000	626,545	4,215,837	611,142	619,256
Water	-				-	-	14,320	=	-	-
Sheriff's Webcheck	8,000		59,272			29,880		4,055		
Total Operating and Capital Grants and Contribution	1,406,121					539,880		4,219,892	611,142	619,256
Total Business-Type Revenues	31,372,245	31,734,43	8 30,918,611	31,438,281	29,151,288	26,722,491	26,064,031	27,275,763	23,433,262	23,216,447
Total Primary Government Program Revenue	\$ 188,650,290	\$ 183,970,4	0 \$ 176,512,212	\$ 173,963,119	\$ 181,693,482	\$ 166,085,873	\$ 167,722,345	\$ 172,110,325	\$ 171,781,902	\$ 167,715,481
(continued)										

S2

STARK COUNTY, OHIO Changes in Net Position - Primary Government Last Ten Years

Expenses	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
Primary Government - Governmental Expenses: General Government:										
Legislative and Executive	\$ 33,828,974	\$ 36,511,382	\$ 30,503,830	\$ 28,296,134	\$ 30,036,781	\$ 28,211,176	\$ 29,878,817	\$ 27,412,703	\$ 23,511,403	\$ 25,502,295
Judicial	18,005,134	20,018,104	18,905,584	19,105,073	17,153,700	16,924,005	16,811,429	16,307,480	16,001,231	15,400,907
Public Safety	46,465,310	51,239,774	44,800,820	43,830,995	38,436,391	33,410,168	28,867,341	28,923,865	25,848,648	24,784,577
Public Works	30,183,951	24,679,858	26,123,487	28,611,333	23,137,045	24,495,192	24,734,079	24,306,962	21,617,023	23,047,381
Health	75,636,987	83,019,519	81,372,905	83,988,790	79,957,016	83,135,296	82,758,053	81,242,868	85,103,577	85,133,253
Human Services	55,577,840	60,829,998	57,787,013	58,793,151	56,939,955	60,254,313	53,343,216	49,962,740	47,451,793	50,187,453
Other	33,377,640	00,829,998	37,767,013	36,793,131	30,939,933	00,234,313	33,343,210	49,902,740	348,355	61,740
Intergovernmental	-	-	_	_		-	_	-	81,216	80,938
Interest and Fiscal Charges	518,116	1,635,757	743,493	150,296	166,944	191,168	211,834	237,871	390,438	314,500
Issuance Costs	510,110	1,033,737	743,473	130,270	100,744	171,100	211,054	257,071	370,430	514,500
Total Governmental Program Expenses	260,216,312	277,934,392	260,237,132	262,775,772	245,827,832	246,621,318	236,604,769	228,394,489	220,353,684	224,513,044
Business-Type Expenses:	200,210,312	277,754,572	200,237,132	202,773,772	243,027,032	240,021,310	250,004,707	220,374,407	220,333,004	224,313,044
**	26 207 102	27 000 047	25 027 515	26 700 716	20.650.200	21.160.525	20.264.721	21 425 575	10.022.055	10 705 520
Sewer	26,307,182 992,859	27,090,947	25,927,515	26,780,716 622,199	20,659,280	21,168,737 871,128	20,264,731 840,246	21,435,575 652,905	19,833,857 766,593	19,795,528 782,066
Water	992,839	1,342,462	697,501	622,199	848,763		233			
Molly Sheriff's Webcheck	13,584	20,461	37,043	39,531	24,670	27,336 11,906	9,693	233 16,060	233 36,721	233 23,249
Auditor's License Bureau	15,384	20,401	37,043	39,331	24,070	11,906	44,565	403,397	357,926	23,249
Total Business-Type Expenses	27,313,625	28,453,870	26,662,059	27,442,446	21,532,713	22,079,107	21,159,468	22,508,170	20,995,330	20,898,338
Total - Primary Government Expenses	\$ 287,529,937	\$ 306,388,262	\$ 286,899,191	\$ 290,218,218	\$ 267,360,545	\$ 268,700,425	\$ 257,764,237	\$ 250,902,659	\$ 241,349,014	\$ 245,411,382
10tal - Frimary Government Expenses	\$ 201,329,931	3 300,388,202	3 200,099,191	\$ 290,210,210	\$ 207,300,343	3 200,700,423	\$ 237,704,237	\$ 230,902,039	3 241,349,014	\$ 245,411,362
N-4 (F)/D										
Net (Expense)/Revenue Governmental Activites	(102,938,267)	(125,698,420)	(114,643,531)	(120,250,934)	(93,285,638)	(107,257,936)	(94,946,455)	(83,559,927)	(72,005,044)	(80,014,010)
Business-Type Activities	4,058,620	3,280,568	4,256,552	3,995,835	7,618,575	4,643,384	4,904,563	4,767,593	2,437,932	2,318,109
Total Primary government net expense	(98,879,647)	(122,417,852)	(110,386,979)	(116,255,099)	(85,667,063)	(102,614,552)	(90,041,892)	(78,792,334)	(69,567,112)	(77,695,901)
Total Trimary government net expense	(70,077,047)	(122,417,632)	(110,360,777)	(110,233,077)	(83,007,003)	(102,014,332)	(20,041,822)	(70,772,334)	(07,307,112)	(77,093,901)
General Revenues Governmental Revenues										
Property Taxes	17 220 772	16 250 050	14.452.010	14 252 540	12.077.004	12 (57 422	12 420 200	12 405 050	12 727 007	12 (20 (22
General Purposes	17,238,773	16,259,050	14,453,018	14,353,549	13,977,904	12,657,423 28,309,379	12,428,299	12,485,950	13,727,907	13,628,623 28,337,364
Developmental Disabilities	33,215,530	31,064,641	30,109,778	29,865,904	29,338,193	- / /	27,770,824	27,722,491	28,808,507	- / /
Emergency Services Mental Health	637,847 6,606,177	600,921 6,202,682	584,757 6,090,752	580,540 6,023,773	571,752 5,915,794	554,030 5,741,567	544,151 5,642,190	543,446 5,675,346	544,844 6,310,013	536,497 6,230,441
Children's Services	9,250,471	8,725,913	8,489,829	8,435,104	8,294,977	8,101,348	7,906,576	7,923,068	8,370,315	8,285,663
Sales and Use Taxes	34,112,712	34,157,188	33,685,014	33,471,814	33,503,984	32,906,197	32,091,842	29,876,377	22,986,301	9,495,492
Other Local Taxes	1,897,020	3,168,778	55,005,014	33,471,014	33,303,704	52,700,177	52,071,042	27,070,377	22,700,301	2,423,422
Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to Specific Programs	11,001,001	11,139,550	10,813,208	9,796,959	9,593,479	8,875,245	8,776,193	7,735,363	7,839,052	8,864,042
Gain on Sale of Capital Asset	11,001,001	-	19,187	2,720,232	,,,,,,,,,,,	0,075,245	0,770,175	7,755,505	3,136	0,00-1,0-12
Revenue in Lieu of Taxes	213,357	215,917	167,389	_	_	_	_	_	-	_
Investment Earnings	2,623,307	5,961,449	2,754,745	1,594,463	1,638,767	1,042,676	931,681	541,889	1,037,341	1,540,817
Miscellaneous	6,231,204	4,549,952	4,935,078	3,867,357	5,591,998	9,897,609	4,515,939	5,538,395	5,775,906	6,722,592
Total Governmental Revenues	123,027,399	122,046,041	112,102,755	107,989,463	108,426,848	108,085,474	100,607,695	98,042,325	95,403,322	83,641,531
										
Business-Type Revenues										
Gain on Capital Assets	14,370	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	190,190	150,763	231,611	128,662	138,905	47,019	42,466	42,805	29,080	66,827
Total Business-Type Revenues	204,560	150,763	231,611	128,662	138,905	47,019	42,466	42,805	29,080	66,827
Transfers		-		(342,174)	-		-		(10)	14,462
				(6.1=,1,1)					(14)	
Total General Revenues	123,231,959	122,196,804	112,334,366	108,118,125	108,565,753	108,132,493	100,650,161	98,085,130	95,432,402	83,708,358
Transfers				342,174	-				10	(14,462)
				3.2,174						(1.,102)
Change in Net Position										
Governmental Activities	\$ 20,089,132	\$ (3,652,379)	\$ (2,540,776)	\$ (11,919,297)	\$ 15,141,210	\$ 827,538	\$ 5,661,240	\$ 14,482,398	\$ 23,398,288	\$ 3,613,059
Business-Type Activities	4,263,180	3,431,331	4,488,163	3,782,323	7,757,480	4,690,403	4,947,029	4,810,398	2,467,002	2,399,398
Total Primary Government	\$ 24,352,312	\$ (221,048)	\$ 1,947,387	\$ (8,136,974)		\$ 5,517,941	\$ 10,608,269	\$ 19,292,796	\$ 25,865,290	\$ 6,012,457
*			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,							

Source: Stark County Auditor

Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Last Ten Years

Fund Balances General Fund		<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>	20	018-Restated		<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Nonspendable	\$	2,541,109	\$	2,347,650	\$	2,006,979	\$	1,880,719	\$ 1,449,912
Committed		5,273,023		5,503,586		4,908,358		3,786,832	3,024,704
Assigned		3,116,372		4,349,668		3,416,602		8,933,840	3,573,713
Unassigned		20,140,652		18,986,219		14,031,137		7,145,025	8,631,302
Total General Fund Balances	\$	31,071,156	\$	31,187,123	\$	24,363,076	\$	21,746,416	\$ 16,679,631
Other Governmental Funds									
Nonspendable	\$	2,107,067	\$	2,117,431	\$	2,267,074	\$	1,957,478	\$ 2,260,794
Restricted		155,172,312		129,601,290		123,469,317		119,238,169	111,194,025
Committed		12,738,602		11,767,991		9,184,182		6,508,123	6,747,674
Assigned		6,775		6,775		6,775		6,775	6,775
Unassigned		(53,898)		(17,935)		(77,775)		(3,141,066)	(185,446)
Total Other Governmental Fund Balances	<u>\$</u>	169,970,858	<u>\$</u>	143,475,552	\$	134,849,573	<u>\$</u>	124,569,479	\$ 120,023,822

(continued)

Source: Stark County Auditor

Note: Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 54, in 2011 - 2020, the Certificate of Title,

Real Estate Prepayment and Recorder's Equipment funds are included with the General fund on a GAAP basis.

<u>2015</u>		<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	2012		<u>2011</u>
\$ 1,254,896	\$	1,317,935	\$ 1,398,036	\$ 2,027,444	\$	3,127,814
2,502,206		1,703,979	1,100,153	772,835		877,069
4,905,509		2,681,124	4,404,094	6,369,772		8,749,254
8,463,295		11,289,505	11,308,056	 8,209,521		3,115,142
\$ 17,125,906	<u>\$</u>	16,992,543	\$ 18,210,339	\$ 17,379,572	<u>\$</u>	15,869,279
\$ 2,163,546	\$	2,676,051	\$ 1,981,377	\$ 2,048,857	\$	1,984,456
104,521,652		107,138,021	101,514,442	95,632,821		89,790,305
5,126,179		3,311,145	2,579,427	1,572,818		2,065,900
6,775		-	6,775	6,775		6,775
 (493,465)		(456,223)	 (193,581)	 (162,244)		
\$ 111,324,687	\$	112,668,994	\$ 105,888,440	\$ 99,099,027	\$	93,847,436

STARK COUNTY, OHIOChange in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Last Ten Years

Revenues	<u>2020</u>	2019	2018-Restated	2017	<u>2016</u>
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$ 64,808,582	\$ 62,957,283	\$ 60,171,117		
Permissive Sales Tax	34,165,349	34,030,056	33,501,421	33,596,246	33,528,718
Other Local Taxes	1,897,020	3,168,778	-	-	-
Revenue in Lieu of Taxes	213,357	215,917	167,389	_	-
Charges for Services	31,751,958	31,911,767	32,669,438	32,656,691	28,639,427
Licenses and Permits	477,497	392,782	377,027	457,098	299,185
Fines and Forfeitures	861,640	868,179	1,129,705	882,709	927,782
Intergovernmental	134,310,407	134,345,652	120,737,449	119,630,628	126,895,115
Special Assessments	359,636	376,573	399,171	454,108	510,596
Interest	2,628,930	5,974,492	2,764,180	1,599,591	1,641,268
Rent	749,822	433,761	451,551	371,971	320,208
Other	5,862,304	4,830,587	4,458,331	3,949,886	5,573,051
Total Revenues	278,086,502	279,505,827	256,826,779	253,109,381	256,579,612
Expenditures Current: General Government:					
Legislative and Executive	32,755,963	33,895,467	29,461,132	30,317,103	31,373,763
Judicial	17,974,652	17,525,270	17,256,118	17,510,744	16,550,976
Public Safety	42,530,572	42,048,835	39,493,419	37,358,004	36,145,293
Public Works	18,694,724	19,539,639	17,400,704	18,407,971	16,712,943
Health	74,200,663	79,110,411	80,353,536	82,787,301	78,843,112
Human Services	53,519,725	53,641,926	53,915,273	53,792,337	56,989,106
Other		-	-	-	-
Capital Outlay	10,554,360	15,305,051	11,972,160	16,099,052	10,979,920
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	-
Debt Service:					
Principal Retirement	1,566,935	1,737,495	12,596,006	569,764	604,615
Interest and Fiscal Charges	518,116	1,635,756	743,493	150,294	166,944
Total Expenditures	252,315,710	264,439,850	263,191,841	256,992,570	248,366,672
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over					
(Under) Expenditures	25,770,792	15,065,977	(6,365,062)	(3,883,189)	8,212,940
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers In	6,646,431	6,831,868	6,886,362	2,734,574	3,500,000
Proceeds from Loans	608,547	347,273	466,066	1,043,489	-
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	-	36,776	37,266	109,968	39,920
Inception of Capital Lease	_	30,770	57,200	107,700	37,720
General Obligation Bonds Issued	_		15,170,000	_	
Transfers Out	(6,646,431)	(6,831,868)		(2,392,400)	(3,500,000)
Proceeds of Bond Anticipation Notes	(0,040,431)	(0,031,000)	(0,000,302)	12,000,000	(3,300,000)
Premium on Debt Issued	<u>-</u>	_	196,112	12,000,000	_
	600 547	294 040		12 405 621	20.020
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	608,547	384,049	15,869,444	13,495,631	39,920
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 26,379,339	<u>\$ 15,450,026</u>	\$ 9,504,382	\$ 9,612,442	\$ 8,252,860
Debt Service as a Percentage of					
Noncapital Expenditures	0.86%	1.41%	5.39%	0.30%	0.34%
Source: Stark County Auditor					(continued)

Φ	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	Φ.	<u>2013</u>	•	<u>2012</u>	Φ.	<u>2011</u>
\$	55,217,131	\$ 54,129,365	\$	53,625,012	\$	57,106,797	\$	56,185,752
	32,751,360	31,979,828		29,680,931		20,403,559		10,733,594
	-	-		-		-		-
	27 720 525	27 192 526		- 27.279.072		20 446 011		24.950.940
	27,730,525	27,182,526		27,278,072		28,446,911		24,859,849
	251,894	233,296		314,850		162,924		121,161
	1,055,664	1,148,721		1,135,947		1,168,340		1,017,551
	119,429,871	122,703,405		121,185,821		123,575,939		135,239,584
	620,236	600,451		618,987		622,740		620,052
	1,043,176	931,834		542,138		1,037,657		1,542,041
	315,833	550,887		467,689		316,080		336,511
	9,902,979	4,300,640	_	5,771,905		5,556,547	-	6,722,589
	248,318,669	243,760,953		240,621,352		238,397,494		237,378,684
	30,944,118	30,002,334		27,254,771		23,405,244		25,045,141
	16,978,858	17,034,234		16,310,522		15,726,755		15,565,920
	31,904,263	28,706,948		27,442,927		26,725,577		24,272,009
	18,567,706	17,767,151		19,500,169		18,091,609		21,663,175
	83,414,868	82,613,279		80,428,676		84,797,155		85,022,929
	59,566,352	54,167,000		49,892,891		46,868,998		50,702,956
	-	238,734		-		348,355		61,740
	7,474,888	7,296,981		10,883,976		12,349,956		8,396,772
	-	-		-		81,216		80,938
	1,220,281	1,046,191		1,298,678		1,328,698		1,357,040
	191,168	211,834		237,871		406,893		315,117
-	250,262,502	239,084,686	_	233,250,481	_	230,130,456	_	232,483,737
_	230,202,302	237,001,000	_	233,230,101		230,130,130	_	232,103,737
	(1,943,833)	4,676,267		7,370,871		8,267,038		4,894,947
	4,070,000	2,350,000		1,880,000		608,954		350,000
	4,070,000	600,000		172,408		259,301		330,000
	136,345	286,491		76,901		46,052		47,806
	523,846	200,471		70,701		40,032		-7,000
	323,040	_		_				_
	(4 070 000)	(2,350,000)		(1,880,000)		(608,944)		(350,000)
	(4,070,000)	(2,330,000)		(1,000,000)		(000,744)		(350,000)
	_	_		_		_		_
	660,191	886,491		249,309		305,363		47,806
\$	(1,283,642)	\$ 5,562,758	\$	7,620,180	\$	<u>8,572,401</u>	\$	4,942,753
	0.60%	0.56%		0.69%		0.80%		0.75%

Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Years

			Real F	Prope	rty	Public Utility Property				Tangible	e Pers	onal Property		To				
					Estimated					Estimated			Estimated		Direct Tax Rate			
	Year	Α	Assessed Value	A	actual Value (1)	Assessed	l Value	Α	ctual Value (1)	Assessed Va	lue	Actual Value (1)	A	ssessed Value		Actual Value	Ratio	(3)
	2020	\$	7,829,168,510	\$	22,369,052,886	\$ 85	9,605,980	\$	3,438,423,920		-	-	\$	8,688,774,490	\$	25,807,476,806	33.7	11.50
	2019		7,763,422,250		22,181,206,429	56	9,538,660		2,278,154,640		-	-		8,332,960,910		24,459,361,069	34.1	11.50
	2018		6,951,967,970 19,862,765,629 504,844,520			2,019,378,080		-	-		7,456,812,490		21,882,143,709	34.1	11.50			
	2017		6,847,653,240		19,564,723,543	47	1,435,540		1,885,742,160		-	-		7,319,088,780		21,450,465,703	34.1	11.50
	2016		6,765,180,760		19,329,087,886	42	2,157,620		1,688,630,480		-	-		7,187,338,380		21,017,718,366	34.2	11.50
SS SS	2015		6,211,234,220		17,746,383,486	35	3,274,020		1,413,096,080		-	-		6,564,508,240		19,159,479,566	34.3	11.50
	2014		6,161,391,460		17,603,975,600	32	2,739,610		1,290,958,440		-	-		6,484,131,070		18,894,934,040	34.3	11.50
	2013		6,102,068,950		17,434,482,714	32	6,437,220		1,169,600,560		-	-		6,428,506,170		18,604,083,274	34.6	11.50
	2012		6,835,116,050 19,528,903,000 272,777,130			1,091,108,520		-	-		7,107,893,180		20,620,011,520	34.5	11.50			
	2011		6,819,977,680		19,485,650,514	25	9,195,100		1,036,780,400		-	-		7,079,172,780		20,522,430,914	34.5	11.50

⁽¹⁾ This amount is calculated by dividing the assessed value by the assessment percentage.

Source: Stark County Auditor

⁽²⁾ The percentage for all real property was 35%, for public utility property was 25%, and for tangible personal property inventory, machinery and equipment, 0%; local telephone company property placed into use after 1995 and all long distance and cellular property, 10%; telephone company legacy property, 10%

⁽³⁾ The total direct tax rate is per \$1,000 of assessed value.

STARK COUNTY, OHIO
Property Tax Rates Direct and Overlapping Governments (Per \$1,000 of Assessed Value) Last Ten Years

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
County Units										
General Fund	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20
Board of Developmental Disabilities	6.80	6.80	6.80	6.80	6.80	6.80	6.80	6.80	6.80	6.80
Mental Health (648 Board)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
9-1-1 System	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10
Children's Services	1.40	1.40	1.40	1.40	1.40	1.40	1.40	1.40	1.40	1.40
Total County Rate	11.50	11.50	11.50	11.50	11.50	11.50	11.50	11.50	11.50	11.50
Townships										
Bethlehem	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00
Bethlehem - Navarre Village	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50
Canton	14.00	14.00	14.00	14.00	14.00	11.10	11.10	8.10	8.10	8.10
Canton - Canton City	9.10	9.10	9.10	9.10	9.10	9.10	9.10	6.10	6.10	6.10
Canton - Meyers Lake Village	9.10	9.10	9.10	9.10	9.10	9.10	9.10	6.10	6.10	6.10
Jackson	20.25	20.25	19.25	19.25	19.25	17.75	16.50	15.50	15.50	15.50
Jackson - Hills & Dales Village	12.80	12.80	11.80	11.80	11.80	10.30	10.30	9.30	9.30	9.30
Lake	10.50	10.50	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00
Lake - Uniontown Police District	21.30	21.30	20.80	20.80	20.80	20.80	20.80	20.80	20.80	20.80
Lake - Hartville Village	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20
Lawrence	17.55	16.05	16.05	16.05	16.05	16.05	15.05	13.80	13.80	13.80
Lawrence - Canal Fulton City	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60
Lexington	11.85	11.85	11.10	11.10	10.10	10.10	10.10	10.10	10.10	10.10
Lexington - Limaville Village		6.95	6.20	6.20	5.20	5.20	5.20	5.20	5.20	5.20
Marlboro	12.30	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	10.25	9.25	9.25	9.25	9.25
Nimishillen	12.00	12.00	12.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	9.00
Nimishillen - Louisville City	11.00	11.00	11.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00
Osnaburg	8.40	8.40	8.40	8.40	8.40	8.40	8.40	8.40	8.40	8.40
Osnaburg - Canton City	6.40	6.40	6.40	6.40	6.40	6.40	6.40	6.40	6.40	6.40
Osnaburg - East Canton Village	6.40	6.40	6.40	6.40	6.40	6.40	6.40	6.40	6.40	6.40
Paris	2.60	4.60	4.60	4.60	4.60	4.60	4.60	5.00	6.50	6.50
Paris - Minerva Village	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	1.20	2.70	2.70
Perry	16.89	16.89	16.89	16.89	16.89	14.89	12.15	12.15	12.15	12.15
Perry - Canton City	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	6.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
Perry - Massillon City	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	6.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
Perry - Navarre Village	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	6.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
Pike	5.60	5.60	5.60	5.60	5.60	5.60	5.60	5.60	5.60	5.60
Pike - East Sparta Village Plain	0.60 17.95	0.60 17.95	0.60 17.95	0.60 17.95	0.60 15.95	0.60 13.95	0.60 12.45	0.60 12.45	0.60 12.45	0.60 12.45
Plain - Canton City	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10
Plain - North Canton City	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10
Plain - Meyers Lake Village	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10
Sandy	2.60	2.60	2.60	2.60	2.60	2.60	2.60	2.60	2.60	2.60
Sandy - Magnolia Village	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60
Sandy - Waynesburg Village	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60
Sugarcreek	7.20	7.20	7.20	7.20	7.20	7.20	7.20	7.20	7.20	7.20
Sugarcreek - Beach City Village	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40
Sugarcreek - Brewster Village	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40
Sugarcreek - Wilmot Village	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40
Tuscarawas	5.70	5.70	5.70	5.70	5.70	5.70	5.70	5.70	5.70	5.70
Washington	5.75	5.75	5.75	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	4.50	4.50
Washington - Alliance City	3.85	3.85	3.85	3.10	3.10	3.10	3.10	3.10	2.60	2.60
g :				2.20				2.20		ntinued)
									`	,

Property Tax Rates
Direct and Overlapping Governments
(Per \$1,000 of Assessed Value)
Last Ten Years

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
School Districts										
Alliance CSD	59.80	60.00	61.10	61.20	61.60	62.20	62.10	62.10	60.60	60.40
Brown LSD	51.50	51.50	51.50	50.80	50.80	50.70	50.70	43.50	43.50	43.50
Canton CSD	72.00	73.20	75.80	75.80	76.40	80.90	77.90	77.90	75.20	66.70
Canton LSD	55.60	55.80	56.10	55.90	55.80	57.90	58.10	50.10	50.10	50.10
Fairless LSD	45.10	46.60	48.60	48.70	49.00	50.70	50.60	50.30	49.90	50.20
Jackson LSD	48.10	49.20	51.40	51.50	52.00	53.10	53.20	53.40	53.10	53.10
Lake LSD	75.90	76.50	77.10	76.90	76.70	71.70	71.70	71.70	71.50	71.50
Louisville CSD	58.40	58.20	58.70	59.50	59.60	60.70	60.70	55.40	53.40	52.90
Marlington LSD	56.90	56.90	56.90	56.90	56.90	56.90	56.90	56.90	56.90	56.90
Massillon CSD	53.50	53.10	55.30	55.80	56.00	57.00	57.10	56.70	45.70	48.70
Minerva LSD	40.00	42.60	43.60	43.70	44.00	44.90	45.20	45.20	45.20	45.30
North Canton CSD	83.10	85.10	78.70	78.70 55.10	78.70 55.20	78.80	78.80	76.40	76.00	76.00 55.00
Northwest LSD	53.30	54.40 62.20	55.00 63.40	63.40		56.00 64.20	56.00	56.10	55.00 63.70	64.40
Osnaburg LSD Perry LSD	61.90 47.00	47.00	47.80	47.90	63.80 48.30	49.10	64.20 49.20	64.20 49.20	48.40	48.40
Plain LSD	62.80	62.80	63.50	63.50	63.50	63.60	63.60	63.40	63.60	63.60
Sandy Valley LSD	46.00	46.80	48.40	48.60	48.90	50.40	50.50	50.80	50.50	50.60
Southeast LSD	46.50	48.25	49.20	49.55	49.95	50.25	51.35	51.35	51.35	51.40
Tuscarawas Valley LSD	35.60	40.30	42.60	42.60	44.00	44.60	35.80	35.90	36.00	36.00
Tuslaw LSD	62.60	62.70	64.30	64.70	65.10	65.80	66.00	66.00	65.50	65.50
Tuolan Bob	02.00	02.70	000	0	00.10	02.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00
Joint Vocational Schools										
Buckeye JVSD	2.80	2.80	2.80	2.80	2.80	2.80	2.80	2.80	2.80	2.80
Stark County Area JVSD	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Wayne County JVSD	4.60	4.60	4.60	4.85	4.85	4.85	4.85	4.85	4.85	4.85
O'.										
Cities	7.00	7.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
Alliance	7.00	7.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
Canal Fulton Canton	4.60	4.60	4.70 8.40	4.60	3.60	3.80 7.40	4.10	3.80 3.40	3.70	3.70
Louisville	8.40 2.80	8.40 2.80	2.80	8.40 2.80	7.40 2.80	2.80	7.40 2.80	2.80	3.40	3.40 2.80
Massillon	5.20	5.20	4.70	4.70	4.70	4.70	4.70	4.70	2.80 4.70	4.70
North Canton	7.40	7.40	7.40	7.40	7.40	7.40	7.40	7.40	7.40	7.40
North Canton	7.40	7.40	7.40	7.40	7.40	7.40	7.40	7.40	7.40	7.40
Villages										
Beach City	14.80	11.80	11.80	11.80	11.80	11.80	11.80	11.80	11.80	11.80
Brewster	6.80	6.80	6.80	6.80	6.80	6.80	6.80	6.80	6.80	6.80
East Canton	8.90	8.90	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30
East Sparta	21.90	21.90	21.90	21.90	18.90	18.90	18.90	18.90	18.90	18.90
Hartville	8.05	7.05	7.05	7.05	7.05	7.05	7.05	7.05	7.05	7.05
Hills & Dales	25.50	25.50	25.50	25.50	25.50	25.50	20.50	20.50	15.50	15.50
Limaville	-	9.90	9.90	9.90	9.90	9.90	9.90	9.90	1.90	9.90
Magnolia	25.90	25.90	25.90	25.90	25.90	20.90	20.90	20.90	20.90	20.90
Meyers Lake	7.80	7.80	7.80	7.80	7.80	7.80	2.80	2.80	2.80	2.80
Minerva	5.50	5.50	5.50	7.30	7.30	6.30	6.30	6.30	6.30	6.30
Navarre	2.70	2.70	2.70	2.70	2.70	2.70	2.70	2.70	2.70	2.70
Waynesburg	15.40	15.40	15.40	15.40	20.40	20.40	20.40	20.40	20.40	20.40
Wilmot	2.80	2.80	2.80	2.80	2.80	2.80	2.80	2.80	2.80	2.80
Special Districts										
Canton Joint Recreational District	_	_	_	_	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
County Parks	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.50	0.50
Canal Fulton Public Library	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Louisville Public Library	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Massillon Public Library	2.90	2.90	2.90	2.90	1.90	1.90	1.90	1.90	1.90	1.90
Mohawk Valley Joint Fire District	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	-	-	-	-	-
Navarre Bethlehem Joint Fire District	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	-	-	-	-	-	-
North Canton Public Library	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50
Rodman Public Library	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50
Stark County District Library	2.00	1.70	1.70	1.70	1.70	1.70	1.70	1.70	1.00	1.00
Quad Ambulance District	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00
Tri-Division Ambulance District	5.50	5.50	5.50	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
Sandy Creek Joint Fire District	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	-	-

Source: Stark County Auditor

Property Tax Levies and Collections Real and Public Utility Taxes Last Ten Years

	Year	Current Tax Levy	Total Adjusted Levy	Current Tax Collections (1)	Percent Collected	Delinquent Tax Collections (2)	Total Tax Collections	Percent of Collections to Adjusted Tax Levy	Outstanding Delinquent Taxes (2)	Percent of Delinquent Taxes to Current Tax Levy
	2020	\$ 74,363,172		\$ 70,617,442	94.96 %	\$ 2,075,464	\$ 72,692,906	95.10 %	\$ 8,756,938	11.78 %
	2019	70,490,177	72,657,786	68,693,313	97.45	2,167,609	70,860,923	97.53	7,484,362	10.62
	2018	67,549,436	69,521,419	66,125,499	97.89	1,971,983	68,097,481	97.95	6,268,843	9.28
S11	2017	66,500,652	68,928,917	65,030,666	97.79	2,428,265	67,458,931	97.87	6,654,717	10.01
	2016	65,268,507	67,496,252	63,830,082	97.80	2,227,745	66,057,827	97.87	6,956,177	10.66
	2015	62,795,838	65,015,657	61,105,609	97.31	2,219,819	63,325,428	97.40	6,980,108	11.12
	2014	62,011,496	64,231,784	59,750,739	96.35	2,220,288	61,971,027	96.48	6,675,713	10.77
	2013	61,145,678	63,431,220	59,399,047	97.14	2,285,542	61,684,589	97.25	6,710,250	10.97
	2012	64,817,286	67,335,082	62,829,528	96.93	2,517,796	65,347,323	97.05	5,975,907	9.22
	2011	64,649,883	66,960,442	62,215,790	96.23	2,310,559	64,526,349	96.36	5,289,029	8.18

⁽¹⁾ State Reimbursement of Rollback and Homestead Exemptions are included.

Source: Stark County Auditor

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⁽²⁾ Penalties and interest are included, since by Ohio Law they become part of the tax obligation as assessment occurs.

Property Tax Levies and Collections Tangible Personal Property Taxes Last Ten Years

	Year 2020	Current Tax Levy	Current Tax Collections	Percent Collected 0.00 %	Delinquent Tax Collections	Total Tax Collections	Percent of Collections to Current Tax Levy 0.00 %	Outstanding Delinquent Taxes \$ 295,597	Percent of Delinquent Taxes to Current Tax Levy 0.00 %
	2019	-	-	0.00	-	-	0.00	295,597	0.00
	2018	-	-	0.00	-	-	0.00	295,597	0.00
	2017	-	-	0.00	-	-	0.00	295,597	0.00
S12	2016	-	-	0.00	-	-	0.00	295,597	0.00
12	2015	-	-	0.00	540	540	0.00	295,597	0.00
	2014	-	-	0.00	25,437	25,437	0.00	295,857	0.00
	2013	-	-	0.00	1,005	1,005	0.00	314,391	0.00
	2012	-	-	0.00	15,769	15,769	0.00	318,139	0.00
	2011	-	-	0.00	11,685	11,685	0.00	319,890	0.00

Source: Stark County Auditor

PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS
REAL ESTATE TAX
CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		202	0
Taxpayer	A	Taxable .ssessed Value	Percentage of Total County Taxable Assessed Value
Belden Park Delaware LLC Strip Delaware LLC Deville Developments LLC Fresh Mark Inc HRM Enterprises Inc Belden Mall LLC Sterilite Corporation of Ohio TimkenSteel Corporation Alliance Ventures Inc Timken Company	\$ 	22,050,030 21,537,090 18,660,340 16,082,780 13,086,210 12,425,780 12,344,790 11,918,290 10,643,480 10,323,900	0.25% 0.25% 0.21% 0.19% 0.15% 0.14% 0.14% 0.12% 0.12%
Total County Assessed Valuation		,688,774,490	1./270
Taxpayer	A	Taxable .ssessed Value	Percentage of Total County Taxable Assessed Value
Strip Delaware LLC Timken Company R L Deville Enterprises LTD DHSC LLC WEA Belden LLC Sterilite Corporation of Ohio Hoover Company I L P Alliance Ventures Inc. American Landfill Inc. HRM Enterprises Inc. Total	\$	20,432,610 16,414,130 10,696,800 9,224,900 8,599,130 7,853,080 7,754,440 7,636,120 7,405,670 5,754,130	0.29% 0.23% 0.15% 0.13% 0.12% 0.11% 0.11% 0.11% 0.10% 0.08%
Total County Assessed Valuation	\$ 7	,079,172,780	
Source: Stark County Auditor			

Source: Stark County Auditor

PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS

PUBLIC UTILITY TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY TAX

CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

	2020
Taxable Assessed Value	Percentage of Total County Taxable Assessed Value
\$ 233,292,000	2.68%
6,684,600	
\$ 854,950,240	9.84%
\$ 8,688,774,490	
Taxable Assessed	Percentage of Total County
T 7 1	Taxable
Value	Assessed Value
\$ 145,430,350	Assessed Value 2.05%
\$ 145,430,350 41,166,240	Assessed Value 2.05% 0.58%
\$ 145,430,350 41,166,240 32,163,680	Assessed Value 2.05% 0.58% 0.45%
\$ 145,430,350 41,166,240 32,163,680 25,000,020	Assessed Value 2.05% 0.58% 0.45% 0.35%
\$ 145,430,350 41,166,240 32,163,680 25,000,020 9,669,050	Assessed Value 2.05% 0.58% 0.45% 0.35% 0.14%
\$ 145,430,350 41,166,240 32,163,680 25,000,020 9,669,050 2,433,590	Assessed Value 2.05% 0.58% 0.45% 0.35% 0.14% 0.03%
\$ 145,430,350 41,166,240 32,163,680 25,000,020 9,669,050 2,433,590 1,757,910	Assessed Value 2.05% 0.58% 0.45% 0.35% 0.14% 0.03% 0.02%
\$ 145,430,350 41,166,240 32,163,680 25,000,020 9,669,050 2,433,590 1,757,910 601,600	Assessed Value 2.05% 0.58% 0.45% 0.35% 0.14% 0.03% 0.002% 0.01%
\$ 145,430,350 41,166,240 32,163,680 25,000,020 9,669,050 2,433,590 1,757,910	Assessed Value 2.05% 0.58% 0.45% 0.35% 0.14% 0.03% 0.002% 0.01%
\$ 145,430,350 41,166,240 32,163,680 25,000,020 9,669,050 2,433,590 1,757,910 601,600 483,640	Assessed Value 2.05% 0.58% 0.45% 0.35% 0.14% 0.03% 0.002% 0.01% 0.01%
	Assessed Value \$ 233,292,000 168,598,930 114,279,390 109,813,050 62,947,490 58,070,950 54,260,680 36,537,190 10,465,960 6,684,600 \$ 854,950,240 \$ 8,688,774,490

SALES TAX REVENUE BY INDUSTRY CURRENT AND PREVIOUS YEAR

Industry	 Tax Liability	Rank	Percentage of Total		Tax Liability	Rank	Percentage of Total
Motor Vehicles	\$ 5,568,010	1	18.41%	\$	5,326,919	1	17.75%
General Merchandise Retailers	3,542,431	2	11.71%		3,420,527	2	11.40%
Building Material and Garden	3,011,954	3	9.96%		2,703,633	3	9.01%
Nonstore Retailers	2,586,739	4	8.55%		-		0.00%
Information	1,685,506	5	5.57%		1,618,353	6	5.39%
Miscellaneous Store Retailers	1,561,935	6	5.17%		1,893,127	5	6.31%
Accommodation and Food Services	1,408,650	7	4.66%		2,152,307	4	7.17%
Real Estate, Rental and Leasing Property	1,214,934	8	4.02%		1,363,501	7	4.54%
Food and Beverage Stores	1,012,652	9	3.35%		1,208,328	8	4.03%
Manufacturing	 922,474	10	3.05%	_	989,190	10	3.30%
Total	 22,515,285				20,675,885		
Total County Sales Tax	\$ 30,239,725		74.46%	\$	30,014,432	. =	68.89%

2020

2019

Source: State Department of Taxation

Special Assessments Billed and Collected Last Ten Years

Year	Assessments Billed		Ass	Special sessments ollected	Percent Collected	Outstanding Delinquent (1)		
2020	\$ 1	,100,188	\$	1,215,185	110.5%	\$ 125,428		
2019	1	,349,730		1,393,879	103.3%	136,823		
2018	1	,499,084		1,507,484	100.6%	146,640		
2017	1	,489,639		1,547,226	103.9%	162,779		
2016	1	,461,689		1,553,303	106.3%	174,818		
2015	1	,634,604		1,678,964	102.7%	168,718		
2014	1	,535,445		1,531,536	99.7%	160,794		
2013	1	,638,722		1,646,672	100.5%	170,601		
2012	1	,616,311		1,629,978	100.8%	170,491		
2011	1	,776,845		1,689,338	95.1%	163,521		

⁽¹⁾ Outstanding delinquent assessments include accrued interest

Source: Stark County Auditor

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Years

Fiscal Year		<u>2020</u>	2019	2018		<u>2017</u>		2016		2015	<u>2014</u>	2013	2012	2011
Governmental Activities														
Special Assessment Bonds	\$	1,730,945	\$ 2,057,899	\$ 2,369,646	\$	2,668,777	\$	2,965,544	\$	3,309,267	\$ 3,728,519	\$ 4,136,158	\$ 4,533,589	\$ 4,932,344
SIB Loan			-	-		-		-		-	504,274	993,753	1,760,317	2,553,391
General Obligation Bonds		12,925,000	14,055,000	15,170,000		-		-		-	-	-	-	-
OPWC Loan		5,054,948	4,556,382	4,418,487		4,151,215		3,285,825		3,454,899	3,613,973	3,163,046	3,125,322	3,000,704
Notes		-	-	-		12,000,000		-		-	-	-	-	-
Capital Leases		-	-	101,370		199,450		294,347		386,185	-	-	-	2,185
Business Type Activities														
General Obligation Bonds		3,364,052	3,697,098	4,010,353		4,307,667		5,797,969		7,571,313	9,269,130	10,888,560	12,463,197	13,992,756
OPWC Loan		368,655	474,820	580,995		687,170		832,198		661,980	616,095	482,717	373,417	452,405
OWDA Loans		1,345,693	1,505,737	2,242,084		3,105,991		4,036,547		5,154,544	6,326,953	7,549,027	8,721,358	9,829,089
Intergovernmental Loans	_	52,150,920	56,603,265	57,981,655	_	41,405,404		10,921,058	_	12,388,433	13,893,672	15,417,236	-	<u>-</u>
Total Primary Government	\$	76,940,213	\$ 82,950,201	\$ 86,874,590	\$	68,525,674	<u>\$</u>	28,133,488	\$	32,926,621	\$ 37,952,616	\$ 42,630,497	\$ 30,977,200	\$ 34,762,874
Percentage of Personal Income (1)		0.46%	0.50%	0.51%		0.41%		0.17%		0.21%	0.25%	0.29%	0.24%	0.28%
Per Capita (2)	\$	207.97	\$ 223.82	\$ 233.80	\$	183.94	\$	74.91	\$	87.77	\$ 101.01	\$ 113.55	\$ 82.63	\$ 92.68
Percentage of actual value of taxable property (3)		0.30%	0.34%	0.40%		0.32%		0.13%		0.17%	0.20%	0.23%	0.15%	0.16%

Note: Business-type activities were restated as of January 1, 2013 to include intergovernmental loans. 2012 and prior do not reflect this restatement.

σ Sources:
 (1) Personal income is from the Demographic Statistics - Bureau of Economic Analysis
 (2) Population is from the Demographic Statistics - U.S. Bureau of the Census and

Ohio Department of Development, Office of Strategic Research

⁽³⁾ Actual value from - Assessed and estimated actual value of taxable property - Stark County Auditor

Computation of Legal Debt Margin - Current Year December 31, 2020

	Total Debt Limit (1)	Total Unvoted Debt Limit (2)
Assessed Value of County, Tax Year '19 Collection Year 2020	\$ 8,688,774,490	\$ 8,688,774,490
Debt Limitation	215,719,362	86,887,745
Total Outstanding Debt:		
General Obligation Bonds	16,289,052	16,289,052
Special Assessment Bonds	1,730,945	1,730,945
OWDA Loans	1,345,693	1,345,693
OPWC Loans	5,423,603	5,423,603
Intergovernmental Loans	52,150,920	52,150,920
Total	76,940,213	76,940,213
Exemptions:		
General Obligation Bonds - Enterprise	16,289,052	16,289,052
Special Assessment Bonds	1,730,945	1,730,945
OWDA Loans	1,345,693	1,345,693
OPWC Loans	5,423,603	5,423,603
Intergovernmental Loans	52,150,920	52,150,920
Total	76,940,213	76,940,213
Net Debt		
Total Legal Debt Margin	\$ 215,719,362	\$ 86,887,745
(Debt Limitation Minus Net Debt)		
(1) The Debt Limitation is calculated as follows:		
Three percent of first \$100,000,000 of assessed value		\$ 3,000,000
1 1/2 percent of next \$200,000,000 of assessed value		3,000,000
2 1/2 percent of amount of assessed value in excess of \$300	0,000,000	209,719,362
		\$ 215,719,362

⁽²⁾ The Debt Limitation equals one percent of the assessed value.

Source: Stark County Auditor

⁽³⁾ The Amount Available in the Debt Service Fund is not listed as an exemption since all debt is exempt and including it would result in negative net debt.

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Years

				Average			
				Unemployment		Pe	r Capita
		Median	School	Rate for	Personal	P	ersonal
Year	Population (1)	Age (1)	Enrollment (2)	Stark County (3)	Income (4)	Inc	ome (4)
2020	369,964	42.1	55,752	8.1	16,698,695,104	\$	45,136
2019	370,606	41.0	59,181	4.5	16,727,672,416		45,136
2018	371,574	41.8	54,817	4.9	17,015,488,182		45,793
2017	372,542	41.0	56,152	5.2	16,601,652,372		44,202
2016	375,586	41.0	56,739	5.4	16,118,273,190		42,915
2015	375,165	41.0	57,558	5.3	15,631,400,132		41,665
2014	375,736	41.0	58,501	4.8	15,184,472,431		40,413
2013	375,432	40.5	59,098	6.8	14,659,117,872		39,046
2012	374,868	41.0	59,273	7.3	13,244,086,440		35,330
2011	375,087	40.6	60,017	9.2	12,531,687,000		33,410

Sources:

- (1) U.S. Bureau of the Census and Ohio Department of Development, Office of Strategic Research
- (2) Stark County Educational Service Center
- (3) Ohio Bureau of Employment Services
- (4) Bureau of Economic Analysis for 2010-2011.

2012 -2019 personal income was calculated by multiplying population and per capita personal income.

2014 per capita personal income was increased by 3.50 percent, 2015 per capita

personal income was increased by 3.10, 2016 per capita income was increased by 3.0 percent, and 2017 per capita income was increased by 2.7 percent consistent with the Bureau of Economic Analysis for 2013 to 2014 and 2014 to 2015 and 2016 to 2017.

3.6 percent increase for 2018.

Ohio percent change due to the unavailability of the local area data.

2019 per capita personal income found on bea.gov (Bureau of Economic Analysis)

2020 per capita personal income not available until November 21, 2021 according to Bureau of Economic Analysis so the 2019 figure was used for 2020.

Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2020			2011	
			Percentage			Percentage
			of Total			of Total
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
Aultman Health Foundations	6,800	1	4.02%	4,860	1	2.52%
TimkenSteel Corporation	2,659	2	1.57%	4,120	2	2.14%
Mercy Medical Center	2,655	3	1.57%	2,560	3	1.33%
County of Stark	2,172	4	1.28%	2,445	4	1.27%
Freshmark, Inc.	1,846	5	1.09%	1,700	7	0.88%
Canton City Board of Education	1,599	6	0.94%	1,899	6	0.99%
Walmart	1,209	7	0.71%	-	-	-
The Timken Company	1,049	8	0.62%	-	-	-
Stark State College	987	9	0.58%	1,123	8	0.58%
Workshops, Inc.	624	10	0.37%	-	-	-
Diebold	-	-	-	1,900	-	0.99%
Alliance Community Hospital	-	-	-	1,013	9	0.53%
Republic Engineered Steels, Inc.	-	-	-	910	10	0.47%
Total	21,600		12.76%	22,530		11.70%
Total Employment within the County	169,300	=		192,511	=	

Source: Human Resources of Listed Companies as of 12/31/2018 due to Covid-19 Pandemic

Note: The Timken Company split into TimkenSteel Corporation and The Timken Company in 2015.

Government Employees by Function Last Ten Years

Primary Government:	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	2012	<u>2011</u>
General Government:										
Legislative and Executive	153	176	176	178	177	175	267	243	216	222
Judicial	320	366	366	369	322	313	277	260	276	250
Public Safety	303	316	318	309	422	403	321	333	279	261
Public Works	76	81	81	85	93	92	96	103	102	104
Health	409	459	457	544	562	621	648	679	668	651
Human Services	497	520	519	519	518	551	535	513	504	488
Proprietary:										
Sewer	79	82	84	79	81	80	75	78	73	75
Water	4	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	4	4
Fiduciary:										
Agency Funds	331	408	408	411	354	338	383	393	377	390
Total - Government Employees	2,172	2,411	2,412	2,497	2,532	2,577	2,606	2,606	2,499	2,445

Note: Poll workers were no longer paid from the payroll system as of 2020. The employee count was derived from the last pay of the fiscal year. Source: Stark County Auditor

STARK COUNTY, OHIO Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Years

Governmental Activities	2020	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	2012	<u>2011</u>
Larielation & Engantina										
Legislative & Executive Commissioners - Number Official Meetings	100	118	127	139	152	143	159	160	170	121
Recorder - number of deeds recorded	15,975	15.324	15,465	13,697	13,005	15,123	12,499	12,979	14.351	12.518
Auditor - number of parcels billed	197,185	197,189	197,170	195,088	194,859	194,573	194,526	196,893	197.148	196,136
Auditor - number of warrants issued	41,207	46,143	43,963	44,988	45,788	45,738	42,961	44,193	45,467	46,189
Judicial	41,207	40,145	43,703	44,700	45,700	45,750	42,701	44,175	45,407	40,100
Probate Court Cases	1.657	1.752	1,658	1.441	1.405	1,545	1,376	1,371	1.926	2,486
Public Safety (Sheriff)	1,007	1,702	1,050	.,	1,105	1,0 .0	1,570	1,071	1,720	2,100
Number of Traffic Stops	3,353	7,061	6,503	5,952	5,156	6,087	8,254	5,471	6,456	6,938
Number of inmates	304	469	484	419	414	492	422	397	290	290
Public Works (Engineer)										
Roads Resurfaced (miles)	43	56	61	59	44	40	34	40	43	30
Bridges Repaired	4	5	5	6	7	5	3	5	7	4
Health										
Mental Health - People Served	22,323	22,536	20,949	20,552	19,316	18,580	16,732	16,294	13,724	15,648
SCBDD - People Served in Clinic	6,753	10,862	16,994	25,387	27,862	16,726	23,599	32,608	33,064	33,064
EMA, HAZMAT AND 911-People Served	369,964	375,586	371,574	375,586	375,586	375,165	375,736	375,432	374,868	375,586
Human Services (SCDJFS)										
Children in programs	350	336	345	391	361	400	513	438	410	473
Support Dollars Collected	\$ 59,062,636	\$ 57,776,997	\$ 59,003,972	\$ 59,960,791	\$ 61,467,540	\$ 62,453,856	\$ 63,045,023	\$ 62,856,349	\$ 62,895,175	\$ 63,588,358
Number of Cases from Reports	2,762	3,129	3,063	3,506	2,892	2,572	2,778	3,135	2,829	2,689
Business Activities										
Sewer										
Connections	48,131	47.916	47,689	47,541	47,504	47,248	46,871	46,487	46,195	45,933
Miles	743	739	735	731	730	728	728	728	723	721
Miles	743	137	155	751	,50	720	720	720	123	121

Source: Stark County Departments

STARK COUNTY, OHIO Capital Asset Indicators by Function Last Ten Years

Governmental Activities	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
Legislative and Executive										
Commissioners Buildings Public Safety	21	21	21	21	20	19	19	19	19	18
Marked Vehicles Public Works	68	68	62	75	74	71	65	67	70	72
State Roads (in miles)	251	251	251	251	251	251	251	251	251	251
County Roads (in miles)	406	406	406	407	407	407	408	408	408	408
Township Roads (in miles)	1,320	1,317	1,317	1,315	1,314	1,313	1,314	1,314	1,311	1,311
Bridges	329	329	329	333	329	329	333	333	333	333
Health										
SCBDD Buildings	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	13	13	13
SCBDD Buses and Vans	72	71	78	87	98	104	107	107	107	101
Business Activities										
Sewer										
Number of Lift Stations	80	79	81	85	84	82	82	82	80	80
Total Lines (in miles) Water	743	739	734	731	730	728	728	728	723	721
Total Lines (in miles)	46	46	46	46	45	45	45	45	45	45

Source: Stark County Departments

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STARK COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 2/22/2022

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370